

New South Wales.



ANNO QUARTO DECIMO

GEORGII V REGIS.

Act No. 33, 1923.

An Act to constitute a Police Appeal Board and to make provision for the reference to such board of appeals by members of the police force; to amend the Police Regulation Act, 1899, and certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 21st December, 1923.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923," and shall be read with the Police Regulation Act, 1899. Short title.
(2)

Police Regulation (Appeals).

(2) This Act shall come into force upon a date to be proclaimed by the Governor in the Gazette.

Interpreta-
tion.

2. In this Act, unless the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires,—

“Board” means Police Appeal Board as constituted by this Act.

“Inspector-General” means Inspector-General of Police.

“Prescribed” means prescribed by this Act or by regulation made thereunder.

“Secretary” means person appointed by the Minister to act as secretary of the board.

Constitution
of board.

3. (1) The Governor may for the purposes of this Act constitute a Police Appeal Board. The board shall consist of a judge of a District Court (who is hereinafter referred to as “the chairman”) and shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of seven years :

Provided that any party to an appeal before the board may require the appeal to be heard before the chairman and two assessors, in which case the board for the purpose of hearing such appeal shall consist of the chairman and two assessors.

(2) Such assessors shall be members of the police force to be appointed by the Governor for a term of three years, and one of such assessors shall be nominated by the Inspector-General, and the other shall be nominated by the police force in manner prescribed.

(3) The chairman and assessors shall be paid such salary, fees, and allowances as may be prescribed.

Absence of
chairman or
assessor.

4. (1) In the case of and during the absence from whatever cause of the chairman, the Governor may appoint a deputy who shall have similar qualifications to that of the chairman, who, during such absence, shall have the powers of the chairman.

(2) In the case of and during the absence from whatever cause of an assessor, another assessor who has been nominated in the manner prescribed shall, during such absence, act in the place of such assessor.

Secretary to
convene
meetings and
keep records.

5. The Minister shall appoint a secretary of the board whose duty it shall be to convene all meetings of the board, and to keep a record of all proceedings and decisions of the board.

6.

Police Regulation (Appeals).

6. (1) Any person who, at the time of the decision of the Inspector-General hereinafter in this subsection referred to, is a member of the police force, if dissatisfied with any decision of the Inspector-General, made or given after the commencement of this Act, in regard to the granting or refusal of promotion to him or the imposition upon him, of any punishment where such punishment consists of the infliction of a fine, suspension, or reduction, whether in rank or pay, dismissal, discharge, or transfer, may give notice of appeal from such decision in the prescribed manner: Such notice of appeal shall be given within thirty days after such decision becomes known to him.

Appeal to
board and
procedure
thereon.

(2) The secretary shall refer any such appeal to the board, and the board shall hear and consider any appeal so referred to it.

(3) Upon any such appeal being referred to the board the chairman shall fix a date and place for the hearing thereof, and shall give at least seven days' notice to the parties of the date and place of such hearing.

Hearing of
appeal.

(4) The board may, upon the application of either party, by summons under the hand of the secretary require any person to appear before the board and give evidence or require any person to produce to the board any books, documents, or writings in his possession or under his control.

(5) Upon the hearing of any appeal the board may take evidence upon oath and the chairman may admit in evidence any statement or document which in his opinion is relevant whether or not such statement or document is legal evidence.

(6) Any person summoned as aforesaid who without reasonable excuse fails to appear before the board or to produce to the board any books, documents, or writings, or refuses to give evidence, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

(7) The Inspector-General shall be entitled to be represented before the board upon the hearing of any appeal.

(8) The appellant may appear before the board in person, or may nominate any person to appear on his behalf, and any person appearing before the board may call and examine witnesses.

Police Regulation (Appeals).

Decision of
the board.

7. (1) The chairman shall forward to the Inspector-General a copy, certified under the hand of the chairman, of the evidence taken, together with a statement of the decision of the board, or of a majority of the board, where an appeal is heard before the chairman and two assessors. If the chairman or any assessor does not agree with such decision he may forward a separate report stating his reasons for dissenting therefrom and making such recommendation as he may think fit.

(2) The Inspector-General shall transmit such decision, evidence, recommendations, and reports, together with his report and recommendation thereon, to the Minister.

(3) The decision of the board, together with the report and recommendation (if any) of any member of the board disagreeing with such decision, and the report and recommendation of the Inspector-General, shall be considered by the Minister, whose decision shall be final.

No appeal
from Appeal
Board, &c.
cf. Q'land
Act, 1921,
12 Geo. V,
No. 4.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Act, no appeal from a decision, either of the Appeal Board or of the Minister (or, save as hereinbefore provided, from the Inspector-General), with respect to any member of the police force shall lie or be permitted to any court or tribunal whatsoever, and no writ of prohibition or mandamus or certiorari shall lie in respect thereof.

Regulations.

9. The Governor may make regulations—

- (a) providing for the nomination of assessors ;
- (b) prescribing the method of appealing and the procedure of the board ;
- (c) providing for the payment of salary, fees, and allowances to the chairman, assessors, and secretary ;
- (d) generally to carry out the purposes and provisions of and to prescribe the procedure under this Act.

Such

Police Regulation (Appeals).

Such regulations shall—

- (i) be published in the Gazette ;
- (ii) take effect from the date of such publication, or from a later date to be specified in the regulations ;
- (iii) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen days after publication, if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen days after the commencement of the next session. If either House of Parliament passes a resolution, of which notice has been given, at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

By Authority :

ALFRED JAMES KENT, Government Printer, Sydney, 1923.

[3d.]

B

Police Regulation (Amendment)

Such regulations shall—

(i) be published in the Gazette;

(ii) take effect from the date of such publication or from a later date to be specified in the regulations;

(iii) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen days after publication if Parliament is in session, and if not then within fourteen days after the commencement of the next session. If either House of Parliament passes a resolution of which notice has been given, at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House, disallowing any regulation or part thereof, termination or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

and any regulation so made shall be deemed to have effect from the date of its publication in the Gazette.

Section 5 of the Police Regulation Act, 1933, shall be amended as follows—

(a) in sub-section (1) the words "and the regulations made thereunder" shall be deleted;

(b) in sub-section (2) the words "and the regulations made thereunder" shall be deleted;

(c) in sub-section (3) the words "and the regulations made thereunder" shall be deleted.

Section 6 of the Police Regulation Act, 1933, shall be amended as follows—

(a) in sub-section (1) the words "and the regulations made thereunder" shall be deleted;

(b) in sub-section (2) the words "and the regulations made thereunder" shall be deleted;

(c) in sub-section (3) the words "and the regulations made thereunder" shall be deleted.

I certify that this PUBLIC BILL, which originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, has finally passed the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY of NEW SOUTH WALES.

W. S. MOWLE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 18 December, 1923.

New South Wales.



ANNO QUARTO DECIMO

GEORGII V REGIS.

Act No. 33, 1923.

An Act to constitute a Police Appeal Board and to make provision for the reference to such board of appeals by members of the police force; to amend the Police Regulation Act, 1899, and certain other Acts; and for purposes connected therewith. [Assented to, 21st December, 1923.]

BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Police Regu- Short title.
lation (Appeals) Act, 1923," and shall be read with the
Police Regulation Act, 1899. (2)

I have examined this Bill, and find it to correspond in all respects with the Bill as finally passed by both Houses.

R. B. WALKER,
Chairman of Committees of the Legislative Assembly.

Police Regulation (Appeals).

(2) This Act shall come into force upon a date to be proclaimed by the Governor in the Gazette.

Interpreta-
tion.

2. In this Act, unless the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires,—

“Board” means Police Appeal Board as constituted by this Act.

“Inspector-General” means Inspector-General of Police.

“Prescribed” means prescribed by this Act or by regulation made thereunder.

“Secretary” means person appointed by the Minister to act as secretary of the board.

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of board.

3. (1) The Governor may for the purposes of this Act constitute a Police Appeal Board. The board shall consist of a judge of a District Court (who is hereinafter referred to as “the chairman”) and shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of seven years:

Provided that any party to an appeal before the board may require the appeal to be heard before the chairman and two assessors, in which case the board for the purpose of hearing such appeal shall consist of the chairman and two assessors.

(2) Such assessors shall be members of the police force to be appointed by the Governor for a term of three years, and one of such assessors shall be nominated by the Inspector-General, and the other shall be nominated by the police force in manner prescribed.

(3) The chairman and assessors shall be paid such salary, fees, and allowances as may be prescribed.

Absence of
chairman or
assessor.

4. (1) In the case of and during the absence from whatever cause of the chairman, the Governor may appoint a deputy who shall have similar qualifications to that of the chairman, who, during such absence, shall have the powers of the chairman.

(2) In the case of and during the absence from whatever cause of an assessor, another assessor who has been nominated in the manner prescribed shall, during such absence, act in the place of such assessor.

Secretary to
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keep records.

5. The Minister shall appoint a secretary of the board whose duty it shall be to convene all meetings of the board, and to keep a record of all proceedings and decisions of the board.

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Police Regulation (Appeals).

6. (1) Any person who, at the time of the decision of the Inspector-General hereinafter in this subsection referred to, is a member of the police force, if dissatisfied with any decision of the Inspector-General, made or given after the commencement of this Act, in regard to the granting or refusal of promotion to him or the imposition upon him, of any punishment where such punishment consists of the infliction of a fine, suspension, or reduction, whether in rank or pay, dismissal, discharge, or transfer, may give notice of appeal from such decision in the prescribed manner: Such notice of appeal shall be given within thirty days after such decision becomes known to him.

Appeal to board and procedure thereon.

(2) The secretary shall refer any such appeal to the board, and the board shall hear and consider any appeal so referred to it.

(3) Upon any such appeal being referred to the board the chairman shall fix a date and place for the hearing thereof, and shall give at least seven days' notice to the parties of the date and place of such hearing.

Hearing of appeal.

(4) The board may, upon the application of either party, by summons under the hand of the secretary require any person to appear before the board and give evidence or require any person to produce to the board any books, documents, or writings in his possession or under his control.

(5) Upon the hearing of any appeal the board may take evidence upon oath and the chairman may admit in evidence any statement or document which in his opinion is relevant whether or not such statement or document is legal evidence.

(6) Any person summoned as aforesaid who without reasonable excuse fails to appear before the board or to produce to the board any books, documents, or writings, or refuses to give evidence, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

(7) The Inspector-General shall be entitled to be represented before the board upon the hearing of any appeal.

(8) The appellant may appear before the board in person, or may nominate any person to appear on his behalf, and any person appearing before the board may call and examine witnesses.

Police Regulation (Appeals).

Decision of
the board.

7. (1) The chairman shall forward to the Inspector-General a copy, certified under the hand of the chairman, of the evidence taken, together with a statement of the decision of the board, or of a majority of the board, where an appeal is heard before the chairman and two assessors. If the chairman or any assessor does not agree with such decision he may forward a separate report stating his reasons for dissenting therefrom and making such recommendation as he may think fit.

(2) The Inspector-General shall transmit such decision, evidence, recommendations, and reports, together with his report and recommendation thereon, to the Minister.

(3) The decision of the board, together with the report and recommendation (if any) of any member of the board disagreeing with such decision, and the report and recommendation of the Inspector-General, shall be considered by the Minister, whose decision shall be final.

No appeal
from Appeal
Board, &c.
cf. Q'land
Act, 1921,
12 Geo. V,
No. 4.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Act, no appeal from a decision, either of the Appeal Board or of the Minister (or, save as hereinbefore provided, from the Inspector-General), with respect to any member of the police force shall lie or be permitted to any court or tribunal whatsoever, and no writ of prohibition or mandamus or certiorari shall lie in respect thereof.

Regulations.

9. The Governor may make regulations—

- (a) providing for the nomination of assessors ;
- (b) prescribing the method of appealing and the procedure of the board ;
- (c) providing for the payment of salary, fees, and allowances to the chairman, assessors, and secretary ;
- (d) generally to carry out the purposes and provisions of and to prescribe the procedure under this Act.

Such

Police Regulation (Appeals).

Such regulations shall—

- (i) be published in the Gazette ;
- (ii) take effect from the date of such publication, or from a later date to be specified in the regulations ;
- (iii) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen days after publication, if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen days after the commencement of the next session. If either House of Parliament passes a resolution, of which notice has been given, at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

In the name and on behalf of His Majesty I assent to this Act.

W. P. CULLEN,
Lieutenant-Governor.

*Government House,
Sydney, 21st December, 1923.*

POLICE REGULATION (APPEALS) BILL.

SCHEDULE of the Amendments referred to in Message of 13th December, 1923

Page 2, clause 3. *Omit* subclause (2) and *insert* new subclause (2).

Page 3, clause 6, lines 13 and 14. *Omit* "first day of January, one thousand nine
"hundred and twenty," *insert* "**commencement of this Act**"

Page 3, clause 6, line 22. *Omit* all words after "him" to end of subclause (1).

Page 4, clause 6, line 1. *After* "who" *insert* "**without reasonable excuse**"

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

W. S. MOWLE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 6 December, 1923.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with Amendments.

W. L. S. COOPER,
Clerk of the Parliaments.

Legislative Council Chamber,
Sydney, 13th December, 1923.

New South Wales.



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GEORGII V REGIS.

Act No. , 1923.

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BE it enacted by the King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be cited as the "Police Regulation (Appeals) Act, 1923," and shall be read with the Police Regulation Act, 1899. Short title,

23691

268—A

(2)

NOTE.—The words to be omitted are ruled through; those to be inserted are printed in black letter.

Police Regulation (Appeals).

(2) This Act shall come into force upon a date to be proclaimed by the Governor in the Gazette.

2. In this Act, unless the context or subject-matter otherwise indicates or requires,— Interpretation.

5 "Board" means Police Appeal Board as constituted by this Act.

"Inspector-General" means Inspector-General of Police.

10 "Prescribed" means prescribed by this Act or by regulation made thereunder.

"Secretary" means person appointed by the Minister to act as secretary of the board.

3. (1) The Governor may for the purposes of this Act constitute a Police Appeal Board. The board shall consist of a judge of a District Court (who is hereinafter referred to as "the chairman") and shall be appointed by the Governor for a term of seven years: Constitution of board.

15 Provided that any party to an appeal before the board may require the appeal to be heard before the chairman and two assessors, in which case the board for the purpose of hearing such appeal shall consist of the chairman and two assessors.

(2) One of such assessors shall be such officer of the police force as the Inspector-General may from time to time authorise to act as an assessor to deal with the hearing of any particular appeal or class of appeals. The other assessor shall be a member of the police force who is nominated in the manner prescribed by a party to an appeal other than the Inspector-General.

25 **(2)** Such assessors shall be members of the police force to be appointed by the Governor for a term of three years, and one of such assessors shall be nominated by the Inspector-General, and the other shall be nominated by the police force in manner prescribed.

30 **(3)** The chairman and assessors shall be paid such salary, fees, and allowances as may be prescribed.

4. (1) In the case of and during the absence from whatever cause of the chairman, the Governor may appoint a deputy who shall have similar qualifications to that of the chairman, who, during such absence, shall have the powers of the chairman. Absence of chairman or assessor.

Police Regulation (Appeals).

(2) In the case of and during the absence from whatever cause of an assessor, another assessor who has been nominated in the manner prescribed shall, during such absence, act in the place of such assessor.

5 **5.** The Minister shall appoint a secretary of the board whose duty it shall be to convene all meetings of the board, and to keep a record of all proceedings and decisions of the board. Secretary to convene meetings and keep records.

10 **6.** (1) Any person who, at the time of the decision of the Inspector-General hereinafter in this subsection referred to, is a member of the police force, if dissatisfied with any decision of the Inspector-General, made or given after the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and twenty, commencement of this Act, in regard to the granting or refusal of promotion to him or the imposition upon him, of any punishment where such punishment consists of the infliction of a fine, suspension, or reduction, whether in rank or pay, dismissal, discharge, or transfer, may give notice of appeal from such decision 15 in the prescribed manner: Such notice of appeal shall be given within thirty days after such decision becomes known to him, or in respect of a decision given before the commencement of this Act, within three calendar months from the commencement of this Act.

25 (2) The secretary shall refer any such appeal to the board, and the board shall hear and consider any appeal so referred to it.

(3) Upon any such appeal being referred to the board the chairman shall fix a date and place for the hearing thereof, and shall give at least seven days' notice to the parties of the date and place of such hearing. Hearing of appeal.

30 (4) The board may, upon the application of either party, by summons under the hand of the secretary require any person to appear before the board and give evidence or require any person to produce to the board any books, documents, or writings in his possession or under his control.

40 (5) Upon the hearing of any appeal the board may take evidence upon oath and the chairman may admit in evidence any statement or document which in his opinion is relevant whether or not such statement or document is legal evidence. (6)

Police Regulation (Appeals).

(6) Any person summoned as aforesaid who without reasonable excuse fails to appear before the board or to produce to the board any books, documents, or writings, or refuses to give evidence, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

(7) The Inspector-General shall be entitled to be represented before the board upon the hearing of any appeal.

(8) The appellant may appear before the board in person, or may nominate any person to appear on his behalf, and any person appearing before the board may call and examine witnesses.

7. (1) The chairman shall forward to the Inspector-General a copy, certified under the hand of the chairman, of the evidence taken, together with a statement of the decision of the board, or of a majority of the board, where an appeal is heard before the chairman and two assessors. If the chairman or any assessor does not agree with such decision he may forward a separate report stating his reasons for dissenting therefrom and making such recommendation as he may think fit.

Decision of the board.

(2) The Inspector-General shall transmit such decision, evidence, recommendations, and reports, together with his report and recommendation thereon, to the Minister.

(3) The decision of the board, together with the report and recommendation (if any) of any member of the board disagreeing with such decision, and the report and recommendation of the Inspector-General, shall be considered by the Minister, whose decision shall be final.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in any other Act, no appeal from a decision, either of the Appeal Board or of the Minister (or, save as hereinbefore provided, from the Inspector-General), with respect to any member of the police force shall lie or be permitted to any court or tribunal whatsoever, and no writ of prohibition or mandamus or certiorari shall lie in respect thereof.

No appeal from Appeal Board, &c. cf. Q'land Act, 1921 12 Geo. V, No. 4.

Police Regulation (Appeals).

9. The Governor may make regulations— Regulations.

- 5 (a) providing for the nomination of assessors ;
(b) prescribing the method of appealing and the procedure of the board ;
5 (c) providing for the payment of salary, fees, and allowances to the chairman, assessors, and secretary ;
(d) generally to carry out the purposes and provisions of and to prescribe the procedure under
10 this Act.

Such regulations shall—

- (i) be published in the Gazette ;
15 (ii) take effect from the date of such publication, or from a later date to be specified in the regulations ;
20 (iii) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen days after publication, if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen days after the commencement of the next session. If either House of Parliament passes a resolution, of which notice has been given, at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House
25 disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

[7d.]

Sydney: Alfred James Kent, Government Printer—1923.

This PUBLIC BILL originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

W. S. MOWLE,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.
Legislative Assembly Chamber,
Sydney, 6 December, 1923.

New South Wales.



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30 (3) The chairman and assessors shall be paid such salary, fees, and allowances as may be prescribed.

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10 nine hundred and twenty, in regard to the granting or refusal of promotion to him or the imposition upon him, of any punishment where such punishment consists of the infliction of a fine, suspension, or reduction, whether
15 in rank or pay, dismissal, discharge, or transfer, may give notice of appeal from such decision in the prescribed manner: Such notice of appeal shall be given within
20 thirty days after such decision becomes known to him, or in respect of a decision given before the commencement of this Act, within three calendar months from the commencement of this Act.

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Police Regulation (Appeals).

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Such regulations shall—

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15 (iii) be laid before both Houses of Parliament within fourteen days after publication, if Parliament is in session, and if not, then within fourteen days after the commencement of the next session. If either House of Parliament passes a resolution, of which notice has been given, at any time within fifteen sitting days after such regulations have been laid before such House
20 disallowing any regulation or part thereof, such regulation or part shall thereupon cease to have effect.

The first part of the report deals with the general conditions of the country, and the second part with the details of the various districts. The first part is divided into two sections, the first of which deals with the general conditions of the country, and the second with the details of the various districts. The second part is divided into three sections, the first of which deals with the details of the various districts, the second with the details of the various districts, and the third with the details of the various districts.

Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office

1901