

Sessional Papers

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 1.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

FRIDAY, 21 JANUARY, 1881.

No. 1.

AD EUNDEM DEGREES BILL.

Clause 2. The said Senate shall have power to confer without examination the degree of Master of Arts upon such persons as shall at least two years previously have taken the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the University of Sydney in the ordinary course. (*Read.*)

The Clause having been amended as indicated,—

Motion made (*Dr. Renwick*), That the Clause as amended stand part of the Bill.

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 19.

Mr. Davies,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. Hoskins,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. McCulloch,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Edmund Barton.
Mr. Tarrant,	
Mr. Burdekin,	
Mr. Foster,	
Mr. Fremlin,	
Mr. Poole,	
Mr. Ryrie,	
Mr. Bcyers,	
Mr. John Brown,	
Mr. Garrard,	
Mr. Myers,	
Mr. Purves,	
Mr. Abigail,	

Noes, 29.

Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Henson,	Mr. Garvan,
Mr. Proctor,	Mr. William Clarke,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Tecece,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Brodribb,
Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Luckey,	Mr. Byrnes,
Mr. Martin,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Copland,
Mr. Stuart,	Mr. R. P. Abbott,
Mr. See,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. Murray,	Mr. Fullford.
Mr. Douglas,	
Mr. Burns,	

On motion of Dr. Renwick, the Chairman left the Chair, to report the Bill with Amendments.

No. 2.

(*Same Bill.*)(*Bill recommitted, and Committee instructed to consider new Clause.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Slattery*), and Question put,—That the following new Clause stand Clause 3 of the Bill:—

From and after the passing of this Act every Bachelor of Arts of three years standing in the University of Sydney and of the full age of twenty-one years shall have all the rights and privileges of a Master of Arts in the Convocation of the University of Sydney. (*Read.*)

Extension of
powers of B.A.
Degree.

Committee

Committee divided.

Ayes, 26.

Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Abigail,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Carter,
Dr. Renwick,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Edmund Barton,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Slattery,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Garvan,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Beyers,
Mr. McLaughlin,	Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Burdekin,
Mr. Garrard,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Copeland,	Mr. See,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Proctor.
Mr. Withers,	

Noes, 12.

Mr. Davies,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. William Clarke,
Mr. Farnell,
Mr. R. P. Abbott,
Mr. Levin,
Mr. Foster,
Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. Hay,
Mr. Teece,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Douglas,
Mr. McCulloch.

The Preamble and Title having been amended, the Chairman left the Chair, to report the Bill 2^o, with a new Clause, a further Amendment, and an Amendment in the Title.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 2.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

FRIDAY, 28 JANUARY, 1881.

No. 1.

NO-LIABILITY MINING COMPANIES BILL.

Clause 8. Any share upon which a call shall at the expiration of ~~fourteen~~ **twenty-eight** days ^{Forfeiture of share.} after the day for its payment be unpaid shall thereupon be absolutely forfeited without any resolution of directors or other proceeding. The share when forfeited shall be sold by public auction "advertised in the *Government Gazette* and twice in a local and metropolitan newspaper" not less than ~~twenty-one~~ **fourteen** nor more than ~~forty-six~~ **twenty-eight** days before the day appointed for the sale and every such advertisement shall state the number in the Company's share-list of each share so forfeited and the proceeds shall be applied in payment of the call unpaid thereon and of any expenses necessarily-incurred in respect of the forfeiture and the balance (if any) shall be retained for the benefit of the remaining shareholders and shall become the property of the Company and new scrip may be issued by the directors for such forfeited shares in place of the scrip forfeited and cancelled by the sale aforesaid. (*Read.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Copeland*),—To omit the words, "advertised in the *Government Gazette* and "twice in a local and metropolitan newspaper," lines 4 and 5, with a view to insert the words,— "after being advertised in two issues of a newspaper circulating in the district "where the Company's mine is situated and twice in a daily newspaper published in Sydney."

Question put,—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the Clause.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 33.

Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Beyers,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Garrott,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Leven,	Mr. H. H. Brown,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Burns,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Cramsie,
Mr. Melville,	Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Terry,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Roseby,	Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. Martin,	Mr. Henson,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Fullford,	Mr. Lackey,
Mr. Russell Barton,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Levin,	Mr. Edmund Barton.
Mr. Murray,	
Mr. McCulloch,	

Noes, 7.

Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Copeland,
Mr. Garvan,
Mr. Jacob,
Mr. Garrard,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Trickett.

No. 2.

No. 2.

(Same Clause.)

Motion made (*Mr. Pigott*),—To add to the Clause,—“ But the directors of the Company may if they shall deem the same advisable pay to the shareholder whose share or shares shall have been forfeited the money realized by such sale after deduction of such unpaid calls and expenses.”

Question put,—That the words proposed to be added be there added.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 4.
Mr. Copeland,
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Tellers,
Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Garvan.

Noes, 34.
Mr. Hoskins,
Mr. Lackey,
Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Baker,
Mr. Burns,
Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Trickett,
Mr. Davies,
Mr. Cooke,
Mr. Martin,
Mr. Foster,
Mr. Burdekin,
Mr. Myers,
Mr. Beyers,
Mr. Russell Barton,
Mr. Levin,
Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. Bodel,
Mr. H. H. Brown,
Mr. Fullford,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Cramsie,
Mr. Hay,
Mr. Henson,
Mr. Jacob,
Mr. Garrard,
Mr. Melville,
Mr. Proctor,
Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Farnell,
Tellers,
Mr. Terry,
Mr. Murray.

Clause as amended agreed to.

No. 3.

(Same Bill.—New Clause.)

Motion made (*Mr. Foster*), and Question put,—That the following new Clause stand Clause 15 of the Bill :—

Company to
have a registered
office.

Every Company registered under this Act shall have a registered office situate in this Colony to which all communications and notices may be addressed and service of any notice or of any writ declaration plaint Judge's order or other proceeding or process whatsoever in any action suit or proceeding at such office shall be deemed to be service upon the Company and any Company which shall carry on business without having such an office shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds for every day during which business shall be so carried on. (*Read.*)

Committee divided:

Ayes, 32.
Mr. Hoskins,
Mr. James Watson,
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Baker,
Mr. Terry,
Mr. Martin,
Mr. Garvan,
Mr. Cooke,
Mr. Combes,
Mr. Foster,
Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. Burns,
Mr. Levin,
Mr. Cramsie,
Mr. Dillon,
Mr. Russell Barton,
Mr. Murray,
Mr. Bodel,
Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Withers,
Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. Myers,
Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. Davies,
Mr. Lackey,
Mr. Farnell,
Tellers,
Mr. Garrard,
Mr. Trickett.

Noes, 2.
Tellers,
Mr. Beyers,
Mr. Copeland.

Clause agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Terry, the Chairman left the Chair, to report the Bill with Amendments.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 3.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

WEDNESDAY, 9 FEBRUARY, 1881.

No. 1.

FISHERIES BILL.

Clause 11. No marine fish of any of the kinds enumerated in the First Schedule hereto shall be caught or taken by nets of any kind whatsoever in any river inlet estuary lake lagoon or arm of the sea in any year during the months of "April" May June July August "or September" in any year (hereinafter referred to as "close months") unless in places specially exempted by proclamation in the *Gazette* from the operation of this section as hereinafter provided and in such places only in accordance with Regulations to be made under this Act And if any person shall in any place not so exempted place shoot cast or haul any fishing-net or stake fix or set any such net for the purpose of catching taking or enclosing any such fish or in such a manner that any such fish might be caught or taken thereby every such person shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding *fifty* pounds and not less than *ten* pounds And every person aiding or assisting in the shooting or casting of any such net or being in any boat from which any such net shall be shot or cast in contravention of the provisions of this section shall incur a like penalty Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Governor by Proclamation in the *Gazette* to declare that any specified estuary bay river creek inlet or place shall be exempted from the operation of this section Provided also that nothing in this section contained shall apply to *bonâ fide* prawn nets or nets used *bonâ fide* for the purpose of catching gar-fish where any such net shall if a prawn net not exceed *fifteen* fathoms in length or if used for the purpose of catching gar-fish shall not have a greater length of net than *thirty* fathoms in the bunt or have in the bunt a smaller mesh than *one-and-a-half-inch* measured diagonally in accordance with the Regulations But in any proceedings under this section the burden of proving that any place is exempted or that any net is a *bonâ fide* prawn or gar-fish net or had been or was intended to have been used for catching prawns or gar-fish (as the case may be) shall lie with the accused. (*Read.*)

Motion made (*Mr. H. C. Dangar*) to omit the word "April," line 3.

Question put,—That the word proposed to be omitted stand part of the Clause.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 26.

Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Bodel,
*Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Carter,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Halborow,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Henry Clarke,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. W. J. Watson,	Mr. Baker,
Mr. Garratt,	Mr. Stephen Brown,
Mr. Kidd,	*Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Poole,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. H. H. Brown,
Mr. Lynch,	Dr. Renwick.
Mr. Slattery,	

Noes, 25.

Mr. O'Connor,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Stuart,	Mr. Garvan,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Turner,
Mr. Copeland,	Mr. Hay,
Mr. Reid,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Levin,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. Byrnes,
Mr. Foster,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Murray,	Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. H. C. Dangar.
Mr. Ryrie,	
Mr. McCulloch,	

* So in Tellers List.

No. 2.

(Same Clause.)

Motion made (*Mr. H. C. Dangar*), to omit the words, "or September," line 4.
 Question put,—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the Clause.
 Committee divided.

Ayes, 29.

Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. H. H. Brown,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Eckford,
Mr. Wisdom,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Carter,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Henry Clarke,
Mr. W. J. Watson,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Slattery,	Mr. Baker,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Kidd,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Poole,	Mr. Holborow,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	Mr. Bodel.
Mr. Douglas,	
Mr. Wilkinson,	

Noes, 21.

Mr. Martin,	Mr. Hay,
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Sir Patrick Jennings,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Burns,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Stuart,	Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Garvan.
Mr. Copeland,	
Mr. Jacob,	
Mr. Levin,	
Mr. McCulloch,	
Mr. Murray,	
Mr. Reid,	
Mr. Fergusson,	
Mr. Fremlin,	
Mr. Turner,	
Mr. Rylie,	

And the Clause having been amended as indicated,—
Clause, as amended, agreed to.

No. 3.

(Same Bill.)

Length and size
of mesh for fixed
or set nets.

Seines not to be
hauled on shore.

Clause 13. No net shall be staked fixed set cast or shot so as to enclose a space measuring more than ~~four hundred~~ **three hundred** yards (along the corks) from one end of such net to the other and no net shall be staked fixed or set the mesh of which when measured in accordance with the regulations shall be less than *four* inches or ~~shall (whatever the size of the mesh) be staked fixed or set completely across any bay inlet river or creek whether in tidal waters or elsewhere~~ And all seines or hauling-nets containing fish shall be emptied in the water and shall not be dragged if there be any fish in them on to the beach shore or bank in such a manner as to destroy or injure any small fry or fish under the respective sizes prescribed by the Second Schedule hereto or by the Regulations And any person who shall offend against the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty for the first offence of not more than *ten* nor less than *two* pounds and for a second or subsequent offence to a penalty of not more than *thirty* and not less than *ten* pounds "And the convicting Justices shall in the case of a second or subsequent conviction order the net used by the offender to be" ~~destroyed~~ **forfeited to Her Majesty.** (*Read.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Garvan*), to omit the words,—“And the convicting Justices shall in the case of a second or subsequent conviction order the net used by the offender to be” lines 12 and 13.

Question put,—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the Clause.
 Committee divided.

Ayes, 28.

Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Davies,
Mr. James Watson,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Martin,	Mr. Eckford,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Holborow,
Mr. Proctor,	Mr. Burdekin,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Baker,
Mr. Poole,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. Fawcett.
Mr. Lynch,	

Noes, 15.

Mr. O'Connor,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Slattery,	Mr. Fremlin.
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	
Mr. Stuart,	
Mr. Copeland,	
Mr. Garvan,	
Mr. Turner,	
Mr. Jacob,	
Mr. Carter,	
Mr. Fletcher,	
Mr. Levin,	
Mr. Bodel,	

And the Clause having been amended as indicated,—
Clause as amended agreed to.

No. 4.

(Same Bill.)

Licensing of
fishing-boats

Clause 18. Every boat used or intended to be used ~~in any waters in New South Wales~~ for catching for sale any of the varieties of fish **whether marine or fresh-water** enumerated in the ~~Second~~ **First** Schedule hereto by net "or line" shall be licensed The fee for every such boat license shall be ~~two~~ **one** pound which shall be paid annually to the Colonial Treasurer or some officer authorized by him to receive license fees under this Act and payment of such fee shall cover the interval from the date of payment to the thirty-first day of December of the same year or if made on the last-mentioned day and month shall give the license a duration extending to the corresponding day and month of the year next following Provided that after the thirtieth day of June in any year one moiety only of such fee shall be payable Every boat licensed under this section shall have painted in legible letters in such conspicuous place as may be prescribed by the Regulations the name of her owner **and the words "Licensed fishing-boat."** (*Read.*)

Motion

Motion made (*Mr. Foster*) to omit the words "or line" line 3.

Question put,—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the Clause.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 23.		Noes, 21.	
Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Proctor,	Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Garrard,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Fremlin,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Poole,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Martin,	Mr. Garvan,	Mr. Burns,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Davies,	Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Baker,	Mr. Foster,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. Copeland,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	Mr. Levin,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Purves,	Mr. Bodel,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Burdekin,	<i>Tellers,</i>	Mr. Myers,	Mr. Turner.
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. W. J. Watson,	Mr. Douglas,	
Mr. Holborow,	Mr. Roseby.	Mr. Carter,	
Mr. Murray,		Mr. Campbell,	
Dr. Renwick,		Mr. Slattery,	

And the Clause having been amended as indicated,—

No. 5.

(*Same Clause.*)

Question put,—That the Clause as amended stand part of the Bill.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 23.		Noes, 17.	
Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Stuart,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Murray,	Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Davies,	Mr. Burns,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Proctor,	Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Garrard.
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Poole,	
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Carter,	Mr. Myers,	
Mr. Garvan,	Mr. Martin,	Mr. Bodel,	
Mr. Roseby,	<i>Tellers,</i>	Mr. Levin,	
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Copeland,	Mr. Garrett,	
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Burdekin.	Mr. Combes,	
Mr. Farnell,		Mr. Foster,	
Dr. Renwick,		Mr. Campbell,	

Clause, as amended, agreed to.

No. 6.

(*Same Bill.*)

Clause 19. Every person employed in catching for sale fish lobsters or prawns ~~by means of a net in or upon any tidal waters in New South Wales or within one league of the coast thereof~~ ^{Licenses to be taken out by fishermen.} shall "pay an annual license fee of ten shillings to" the Colonial Treasurer or some officer authorized by him to receive license fees under this Act. Such fee shall be payable on the dates and according to the provisions expressed in the last preceding section. (*Read.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Reid*) to omit the words "pay an annual license fee of ten shillings to" line 3, and insert the words, "register his name with"

Question put,—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the Clause.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 22.		Noes, 12.	
Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Jacob,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Purves,	Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Davies,	Mr. Levin,	Mr. Slattery.
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Murray,	Mr. Campbell,	
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Proctor,	Mr. Myers,	
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Reid,	
Mr. Garvan,	Dr. Renwick,	Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	
Mr. Roseby,	<i>Tellers,</i>	Mr. Garrett,	
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Withers,	
Mr. Copeland,	Mr. Fletcher.	Mr. Burns,	
Mr. Baker,			
Mr. Martin,			
Mr. Carter,			

And the Clause having been amended, as indicated,—

Clause, as amended, agreed to.

On motion of Sir Henry Parkes, the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress and ask leave to sit again to-morrow.

THURSDAY,

THURSDAY, 10 FEBRUARY, 1881.

No. 7.

FISHERIES BILL.

Leases of Crown
Lands for oyster
beds or layings.

Clause 28. Crown Lands lying below the mean line of high-water mark in any bay river estuary inlet lake or creek in New South Wales or in any tidal waters may be leased by the Governor for the purpose of enabling the lessees to form or plant oyster-beds or layings. All such leases shall be subject to the conditions and provisions following:—

- (1.) No natural oyster-bed or portion of any such bed shall be included in any such lease.
- (2.) The term for which any such lease may be granted shall "not exceed *thirty* or be less than *fourteen* years."
- (3.) The annual rent to be reserved on any such lease shall be *five* shillings per acre for the first seven *four* years and *twenty* shillings per acre for the remainder of the term.
- (4.) No lease shall include an area exceeding ~~one hundred~~ *twenty-five* acres.
- (5.) Every such lease shall contain and be issued subject to such conditions and provisions as may be prescribed by the Regulations or approved by the Governor.
- (6.) Every such lease may be renewed on its expiration for a further term not exceeding *thirty* years at such rent and subject to such conditions and provisions as may be prescribed by the Regulations or approved by the Governor but only in case the Governor shall be satisfied at the end of the original term that the area leased is fairly stocked with oysters and has been during the term of the lease properly worked in accordance with the conditions of the lease.
- (7.) Occupation under any such lease shall not give ~~an exclusive right or title to the lessee to occupy the shore except for the purposes of the lease~~ any right or title to the lessee to form or plant oyster beds or layings between mean high-water mark and low-water mark nor to occupy the shore fronting land alienated from the Crown nor to use the shore in any case except temporarily for the carrying or storing purposes of his calling under his lease.
- (8.) Every such lease shall be in writing or partly printed and partly written and shall by reference to a plan or tracing endorsed thereon or annexed thereto define as nearly as practicable the position and boundaries of the land intended to be leased.
- (9.) Every such lease shall vest in the lessee his executors administrators and assigns the exclusive right during the currency of the lease of laying and planting oysters and of dredging and taking oysters in and from the oyster-bed or laying authorized to be formed by the terms of such lease but subject always to the right of any Inspector or authorized Officer to enter upon any land included in such lease and to test the condition of the layings by dredging or otherwise or for any other authorized purpose.
(Read.)

Motion made (*Mr. Stuart*) to omit the words "not exceed *thirty* or be less than *fourteen* years," lines 6 and 7, and insert "be fifteen years renewable as hereinafter provided."

Question put,—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the clause.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 40.

Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Beyers,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Burdekin,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Andrews,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. See,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Abigail,
Mr. Garvan,	Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. T. G. Dangar,
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. Myers,
Dr. Renwick,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Holborow,
Mr. Murray,	Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. Trickett,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Joseph Abbott,
Mr. Fremlin,	
Mr. Tooth,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. Terry,	Mr. Byrnes.

Noes, 12.

Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Jacob,
Mr. Foster,
Mr. Reid,
Mr. Bodel,
Mr. Burns,
Mr. Garrard,
Mr. Melville,
Mr. Martin,
<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Copeland,
Mr. Turner.

And the Clause having been amended, as indicated,—

Clause, as amended, agreed to.

On motion of Sir Henry Parkes, the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress, and ask leave to sit again on Wednesday next.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 4.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

WEDNESDAY, 23 FEBRUARY, 1881.

No. 1.

SUPPLY—GENERAL ESTIMATES FOR 1881.

(His Excellency the Governor.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty a sum not exceeding £2,060 to defray salaries and contingencies of the Establishment of His Excellency the Governor, for the year 1881. (*Sir Henry Parkes.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Roseby*) and Question put,—That item £173, allowance in lieu of lodging to Aide-de-camp, be omitted.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 18.

Mr. Fitzpatrick,
Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Turner,
Mr. Lyne,
Mr. Poole,
Mr. Day,
Mr. Stephen Brown,
Mr. Cass,
Mr. M'Calloch,
Mr. Beyers,
Mr. Henson,
Mr. Young,
Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Garrard,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. R. P. Abbott,
Tellers.
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Roseby.

Nocs, 45.

Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Lackey,
Mr. Hoskins,
Mr. Badgery,
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. Baker,
Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Brodribb,
Mr. Suttor,
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Fullford,
Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. Murray,
Mr. Burdekin,
Mr. Fremlin,
Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Andrews,
Mr. Cransie,
Mr. Russell Barton,
Mr. Holborow,
Mr. Kerr,
Mr. Bodel,
Mr. Hazlet,
Mr. Teeco,
Mr. Webb,
Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Douglas,
Mr. See,
Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. Martin,
Mr. Vaughn,
Sir Patrick Jennings,
Mr. Wilson,
Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Pilcher,
Mr. Combes,
Mr. Davies,
Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,
Mr. Purves,
Mr. Wisdom,
Tellers.
Mr. Henry Clarke,
Mr. Edmund Barton.

No. 2.

(Same Estimate.)

Motion made (*Mr. McCulloch*) and Question put,—That the item £173 be reduced by £120.
Committee divided.

Ayes, 9.

Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Turnor,
Mr. Cass,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Beyers,

Tellers.

Mr. Buchanan,
Mr. Garrard.

Noes, 45.

Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. James Watson, Mr. Wisdom, Mr. Badgery, Mr. Baker, Mr. Suttor, Mr. Hoskins, Mr. G. A. Lloyd, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Andrews, Mr. Young, Mr. Murray, Mr. Day, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Levin, Mr. Wilkinson, Mr. Cramsie, Mr. Burdekin, Mr. Lackey, Mr. Davies, Mr. Fawcett, Mr. Brunker, Mr. Slattery, Mr. R. B. Smith,	Mr. Purves, Mr. McLaughlin, Mr. Joseph P. Abbott, Mr. Fullford, Mr. Vaughn, Mr. Garvan, Mr. Fergusson, Mr. Rutledge, Mr. Russell Barton, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Kerr, Mr. Copeland, Mr. Douglas, Mr. H. H. Brown, Mr. Bodel, Mr. Webb, Mr. Ryrie, Mr. Terry, Mr. Holborow, Tellers. Mr. See, Mr. Fletcher.
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No. 3.

(Same Estimate.)

Motion made (*Mr. McElhone*), and Question put,—That item £50, Incidental Expenses, be omitted.
Committee divided.

Ayes, 15.

Mr. Fitzpatrick,
Mr. Cass,
Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Beyers,
Mr. Poole,
Mr. Honson,
Mr. Garrard,
Mr. Young,
Mr. Turner,
Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Buchanan,

Tellers.

Mr. Stephen Brown,
Mr. Garvan.

Noes, 45.

Mr. Wisdom, Mr. Hoskins, Mr. James Watson, Mr. Baker, Mr. Suttor, Mr. Lackey, Mr. G. A. Lloyd, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Andrews, Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. Day, Mr. Rutledge, Mr. See, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Russell Barton, Mr. Burdekin, Mr. Murray, Mr. Fremlin, Mr. Ryrie, Mr. Webb, Mr. H. H. Brown, Mr. Fletcher, Mr. Eckford, Mr. Cramsie,	Mr. Tecce, Mr. Hezlett, Mr. Burns, Mr. Henry Clarke, Mr. Douglas, Mr. Levin, Mr. Bodel, Mr. Vaughn, Mr. Fullford, Mr. Reid, Mr. Joseph P. Abbott, Mr. R. B. Smith, Mr. Slattery, Mr. Purves, Mr. Brunker, Mr. Fawcett, Mr. Holborow, Mr. Terry, Mr. Badgery, Tellers. Mr. O'Connor, Mr. McLaughlin.
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Original Estimate (£2,060) agreed to.

No. 4.

(General Staff—Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, a sum not exceeding £2,995, to defray salaries and contingencies of the General Staff, Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces, for the year 1881. (*Sir Henry Parkes*.)

Motion made (*Mr. Roseby*), and Question put,—That the Estimate be reduced by £1,000.

And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

THURSDAY, 24 FEBRUARY, 1881, A.M.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 6.

Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Melville,
Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. William Clarke,

Tellers.

Mr. Poole,
Mr. Roseby.

Noes, 36.

Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. James Watson, Mr. Wisdom, Mr. Joseph P. Abbott, Mr. Lackey, Mr. McLaughlin, Mr. Suttor, Mr. Stephen Brown, Mr. Davies, Mr. Fullford, Mr. Baker, Mr. Beyers, Mr. Burns, Mr. Combes, Mr. Burdekin, Mr. See, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Henry Clarke, Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Wilson, Mr. Withers, Mr. Douglas, Mr. Fergusson, Mr. Webb, Mr. G. A. Lloyd, Mr. R. B. Smith, Mr. Martin, Mr. O'Connor, Mr. Carter, Mr. Slattery, Mr. Fawcett, Mr. Holborow, Mr. Brunker, Mr. Purves, Tellers. Mr. Hezlett, Dr. Renwick.
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Original Estimate (£2,995) agreed to.

No. 5.

No. 5.

(Volunteer Force—Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty a sum not exceeding £37,515, to defray salaries and contingencies of the Volunteer Force for the year 1881. (*Sir Henry Parkes.*)

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 29.

Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Beyers,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Eckford,
Mr. Wisdom,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Holborow,
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	Mr. Davies,
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Bruncker,
Mr. Martin,	Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. R. B. Smith,	Mr. See,
Mr. Slattery,	Mr. Henry Clarke,
Mr. O'Connor,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Fullford,
Mr. Wilson,	Mr. Carter.
Mr. Douglas,	
Mr. Burdekin,	

Noes, 10.

Mr. William Clarke,
Mr. Melville,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Webb,
Mr. Andrews,
Mr. Poole,
Mr. Withers,
<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. Roseby.

Original Estimate (£37,515) agreed to.

On motion of Sir Henry Parkes the Chairman left the Chair to report progress and ask leave to sit again.

THURSDAY, 24 FEBRUARY, 1881.

No. 6.

SUPPLY—GENERAL ESTIMATES FOR 1881.

(Ordnance and Barrack Department.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty a sum not exceeding £9,021, to defray salaries and contingencies of the Ordnance and Barrack Department, for the year 1881. (*Mr. James Watson.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Melville*) and Question put,—That item £50, salary of Supervising Officer be omitted.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 10.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. Turner,
Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Garrard,
Mr. William Clarke,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. John Brown,
<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Melville,
Mr. Abigail.

Noes, 54.

Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Day,
Mr. Kerr,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Cass,	Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Fletcher,
Sir Patrick Jennings,	Mr. Fullford,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,	Mr. Douglas,
Mr. See,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Bodel,
Mr. Young,	Mr. H. H. Brown,
Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Poole,	Mr. Davies,
Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. Garvan,	Mr. Eckford,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Vaughn,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Wilson,	Mr. Baker,
Mr. Levin,	Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Bruncker,
Mr. Cransie,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Carter,
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. T. G. Dangar,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Reid,	Mr. Hoskins,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Burns,	Dr. Renwick.
Mr. Tarrant,	

Original Estimate (£9,021) agreed to.

And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

FRIDAY, 25 FEBRUARY, 1881, A.M.

On motion of Mr. James Watson, the Chairman left the Chair to report progress and ask leave to sit again.

FRIDAY,

FRIDAY, 25 FEBRUARY, 1881.

No. 7.

WAGGA WAGGA GAS BILL.

Authority to
erect gasometers
break up streets
roads &c.

Clause 1. The promoters are hereby fully authorized and empowered themselves or by their servants contractors agents workmen and others from time to time to make erect sink lay place fit maintain and repair such retorts gasometers meters receivers cisterns engines machines cuts drains sewers watercourses pipes reservoirs buildings and other works and devices of such construction and in such manner as the promoters shall think necessary or proper for the purpose of carrying out the operations of the promoters in respect of and incidental to the making and supplying of gas in conformity with this Act and also for all such purposes to open and break up the soil and pavement of the several streets and bridges within the limits of the borough and suburbs aforesaid and to open and break up any sewers drains or tunnels within or under such streets and bridges and to erect posts pillars lamps lamp-irons and other apparatus in or upon the same streets and bridges or against any wall or walls erected on or adjoining to any of them and to dig and sink trenches and drains and to lay mains and pipes and put stop-cocks siphons plugs or branches from such mains or pipes in under across or along such streets and bridges and also with such consent as hereinafter mentioned to do the like in under across or along any private roads ways lanes passages buildings and places and from time to time to cut stop remove alter repair replace and relay such main-pipes stop-cocks siphons plugs branches or other apparatus Provided always that nothing in this section contained shall be deemed to authorize the promoters their servants contractors agents or workmen to enter into or upon any private lands buildings or places for any of the purposes aforesaid or thereon to carry out any of the operations of the promoters without the previous consent in writing of the occupiers thereof except that the promoters may at any reasonable time by themselves their servants agents or workmen enter upon any land or place wherein any pipe hath already been lawfully laid down or placed in pursuance of this Act and repair or alter the existing pipe or lay or place any new pipe in the stead thereof And provided also that the promoters shall give forty-eight hours notice in writing to the Council Clerk of the Municipality prior to the opening or breaking up as aforesaid of any street road pavement sewer drain or tunnel within the said Municipality. (*Read.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Foster*),—That the following words be added to the Clause :—

“ nor for the like purposes to enter into or upon break up or disturb any highway street
“ road or other public place or thoroughfare or place dedicated or used as aforesaid without
“ the consent of any Municipality Trust Commission or other body officer or person having
“ the care management or control thereof.”

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 30.

Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Teece,
Mr. Pigott,	Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Brunker,
Mr. Trickett,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. McLaughlin,	Mr. Badgery,
Mr. Fulford,	Mr. Sec.
Mr. Frenlin,	
Mr. Vanghn,	
Mr. Lyne,	
Mr. Beyers,	
Mr. Hezlet,	
Mr. Tooth,	
Mr. Garrard,	
Mr. Abigail,	
Mr. Henson,	
Mr. Sutherland,	
Mr. Combes,	
Mr. Murray,	
Mr. Myers,	

Noes, 41.

Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. R. B. Smith,	Mr. Jacob,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Stephen Brown,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Douglas,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Kidd,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Henry Clarke,
Mr. Turner,	Mr. Day,
Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Pilcher,
Mr. Brodrigg,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. Roseby,	Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. Slattery,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Young,
Mr. T. R. Smith,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Tarrant,	Mr. Cramaic,
Mr. Copeland,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Levin,	Mr. Russell Barton,
Mr. M'Culloch,	Mr. Edmund Barton.
Mr. R. P. Abbott,	
Mr. Holborow,	

Proposed amendment negatived.

No. 8.

(*Same Clause.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Farnell*),—That the following words be added to the Clause :—

“ And provided also that the promoters shall give forty-eight hours notice in writing to the
“ Council Clerk of the Municipality prior to the opening or breaking up as aforesaid of any
“ street road pavement sewer drain or tunnel within the said Municipality.”

Question

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 46.

Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Day,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Lyne,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Bodel,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. See,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Henson,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. Eckford,
Mr. Pigott,	Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Trickett,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. McLaughlin,	Mr. Fawcett,
Mr. H. H. Brown,	Mr. Fulford,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. T. G. Dangar,
Mr. Kidd,	M. Levien,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Brunker,
Mr. Wilkinson,	Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Combes,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Rynie,	Mr. Hoskins,
Mr. Young,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Holborow,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Fremlin.
Mr. Tooth,	

Noes, 16.

Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Cramsie,
Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Douglas,
Mr. Burns,
Mr. William Clarke,
Mr. Stephen Brown,
Mr. Levin,
Mr. Poole,
Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Copeland,
Mr. Edmund Barton,
Mr. Badgery,
<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. M'Culloch,
Mr. Pilcher.

Words added.

No. 9.

(Same Clause.)

Motion made (*Mr. Trickett*),—That the following words be added to the Clause:—

“All such works to be subject to any by-laws that the Borough Council of Wagga Wagga
“may from time to time pass.”

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 27.

Mr. Purves,	Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Brunker,	Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Trickett,
Mr. Fawcett,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. R. B. Smith,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Fullford.
Mr. Henson,	
Mr. Abigail,	
Mr. Day,	
Mr. Tooth,	
Mr. Hezlet,	
Mr. Bodel,	
Mr. Young,	
Mr. Beyers,	
Mr. Terry,	
Mr. Rynie,	
Mr. Lyne,	
Mr. Combes,	
Mr. Murray,	
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	
Mr. Foster,	
Mr. Brodribb,	

Noes, 41.

Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Eckford,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Cramsie,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Copeland,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Badgery,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Levin,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	Mr. Edmund Barton,
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. M'Culloch,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Jacob,
Mr. Pilcher,	Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Wilson,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Garrett,
Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. Carter,
Mr. Vaughn,	Mr. Teece,
Mr. See,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Levin,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. H. H. Brown,
Mr. Garvan,	Mr. Slattery.
Mr. Kidd,	
Mr. Holborow,	

Proposed amendment negatived.

Clause, as amended, agreed to.

No. 10.

(Same Bill.)

Clause 3. No pipe burner lamp meter or other apparatus of the promoters being set up in any building tenement or place shall be subject to distress for rent or shall be taken in execution under any process or proceeding of any Court of Law or Equity or under any proceedings in bankruptcy or insolvency save so far as any process or proceedings against the promoters are concerned. (*Read.*)

Apparatus not liable for distress execution &c.

Motion made (*Mr. Myers*),—That the following words be added to the Clause:—

“That all meters supplied to consumers of gas shall be subject to the periodical investigation of the Inspectors of Weights and Measures.”

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 2.

Tellers.

Mr. Meyers;
Mr. Pilcher.

Noes, 63.

Sir Henry Parkes,	Mr. Fremlin,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. Suttor,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Edmund Barton,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	Mr. Levien,
Mr. Wisdom,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Cramsie,
Mr. Pigott,	Mr. Eckford,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Henson,	Mr. Beyers,
Mr. James Watson,	Mr. Holborow,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Copeland,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Garvan,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Russell Barton,
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. Badgery,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. John Brown,	Mr. Kidd,
Mr. R. B. Smith,	Mr. Abigail,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Bodel,
Mr. See,	Mr. T. G. Dangar,
Mr. Slattery,	Mr. H. H. Brown,
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Jacob,
Mr. Wilson,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Rytic,	Mr. Bruner,
Mr. Fullford,	Mr. Lyne,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. Henson,	Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. Fawcett,	
Mr. Young,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Trickett,
Mr. Day,	Mr. H. C. Dangar.
Mr. Levin,	

Proposed amendment negatived.

Clause, as read, agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Douglas the Chairman left the Chair to report the Bill with Amendments.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 5.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

THURSDAY, 3 MARCH, 1881.

No. 1.

SUPPLY—GENERAL ESTIMATES FOR 1881.

*(Master in Equity.)*Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty a sum not exceeding £1,924, for Department of Master in Equity, for the year 1881. (*Mr. Wisdom.*)Motion made (*Mr. Slattery*) and Question put,—That item £1,000, salary of Master in Equity, be omitted.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 6.

Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Levien,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. O'Connor,*Tellers.*Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. Slattery.

Noes, 59.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Hay,
Mr. R. P. Abbott,	Mr. Henson,
Mr. Abigail,	Mr. Hezlet,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Holborow,
Mr. Edmund Barton,	Mr. Hoskins,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. Kidd,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Lackey,
Mr. Bodel,	Mr. Levin,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Buchanan,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Burdekin,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Cass,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. See,
Mr. Combes,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Turner,
Mr. Davics,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Day,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Young,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,	<i>Tellers.</i>
Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. Trickett,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. M'Culloch.
Mr. Garrett,	
Mr. Garvan,	

Original Estimate (£1,924) agreed to.

And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

FRIDAY, 4 MARCH, 1881, A.M.

On motion of Mr. Baker the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress and ask leave to sit again on Tuesday next.

1880-81.

—
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

—
No. 6.
 —

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

***COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.**

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

—
 WEDNESDAY, 9 MARCH, 1881.

No. 1.

SUPPLY—GENERAL ESTIMATES FOR 1881.

(Secretary for Mines—Milburn Creek Copper-mining Company.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty a sum not exceeding £17,749, under the head "Miscellaneous"—Secretary for Mines—for the year 1881.

Motion made (*Mr. Stephen Brown*),—That item £17,199, amount payable to the Milburn Creek Copper-mining Company, under the award of the Arbitrators, dated 6th October, 1880, be omitted.

—
 And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

THURSDAY, 10 MARCH, 1881, A.M.

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 7.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
 Mr. Garvan,
 Mr. O'Connor,
 Mr. Reid,
 Mr. Withers,
 Tellers,
 Mr. Bowman,
 Mr. Slattery.

Noes, 35.

Mr. R. P. Abbott,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Bodell,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Brunker,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Burdakin,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Carter,	Dr. Renwick
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. See,
Mr. Combes,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Teeco,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Fullford,	Tellers,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Edmund Barton.
Mr. Kerr,	
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	

No. 2.

(Same Item.)

Motion made (*Mr. Garvan*) and Question put,—That the item be reduced by £11,373.

Committee

Committee divided.

Ayes, 5.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. Bowman,
Mr. Withers,

Tellers,

Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. Garvan.

Noes, 35.

Mr. R. P. Abbott,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Bodell,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Brunker,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Burns,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Carter,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. William Clarke,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Combes,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Tecece,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Fletcher,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Fullford,	
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. See,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Henry Clarke.
Mr. Kerr,	

Original Estimate (£17,749) agreed to.

On motion of Sir Henry Parkes the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress and ask leave to sit again.

THURSDAY, 10 MARCH, 1881.

No. 3.

SUPPLY—GENERAL ESTIMATES FOR 1881.

(*Immigration—Postponed Estimate.*)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty a sum not exceeding £51,086 for Immigration, for the year 1881. (*Sir Henry Parkes.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Fletcher*),—That item £50,000 for Immigration Generally be omitted.

And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

FRIDAY, 11 MARCH, 1881, A.M.

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 10.

Mr. Abigail,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Beyers,	
Mr. Bowman,	Mr. Garrard,
Mr. John Brown,	Mr. Melville.
Mr. Davies,	
Mr. Fergusson,	
Mr. Fletcher,	
Mr. Turner,	

Noes, 20.

Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Kidd,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Lackey,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Burns,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Eckford,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Fawcett,	
Mr. Hay,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Brunker.

And the item having been reduced by £10,000, on motion of Sir Henry Parkes,—
Estimate as reduced (£41,086) agreed to.

No. 4.

(*Conditional Land Sales—Field Staff—Postponed Item.*)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty a sum not exceeding £6,350 for the Field Staff, Conditional Land Sales Department, for the year 1881. (*Mr. Hoskins.*)

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 21.

Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Kidd,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Lackey,
Mr. John Brown,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Burns,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Davies,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Eckford,	
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Brunker,
Mr. Hay,	Mr. Burdekin.
Mr. Hoskins,	

Noes, 8.

Mr. Beyers,
Mr. Bowman,
Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Garrard,
Mr. Melville,
Mr. Roseby,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Turner.

Item agreed to.

On motion of Mr. James Watson, the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress, ask leave to sit again on Tuesday next, and to report certain Resolutions.

FRIDAY,

FRIDAY, 11 MARCH, 1881.

No. 5.

ANATOMY BILL.

Clause 8. It shall be lawful for any executor or other person having lawful possession of the body of any deceased person and not being an undertaker or other person entrusted with the body for the purpose only of interment to permit the body of such deceased person to undergo anatomical examination unless to the knowledge of such executor or other person such deceased person shall have expressed his desire either in writing at any time during his life or verbally in the presence of two or more witnesses during the illness whereof he died that his body after death might not undergo such examination or unless the surviving husband or wife or any known relative of the deceased person shall require the body to be interred without such examination For the purposes of this Act the surgeon of any hospital the keeper of any lunatic asylum and the keeper of any gaol shall respectively be persons having the lawful possession of the body of any person who shall die in such hospital asylum or gaol respectively. (*Read.*)

Persons having lawful custody of bodies may permit them to undergo anatomical examination in certain cases.

And the Clause having been amended, as indicated,—

Question put,—That the Clause as amended stand part of the Bill.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 30.

Mr. Abigail,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Andrews,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Edmund Barton,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. Rosby,
Mr. Brodribb,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Brunner,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Combes,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Wisdom.
Mr. Garrett,	
Mr. Hazlet,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Jacob,	Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. Lackey,	Dr. Renwick.

Noes, 25.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. R. P. Abbott,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	Mr. See,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Tecce,
Mr. Cooke,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Copeland,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Henson.
Mr. Eckford,	
Mr. Fawcett,	
Mr. Foster,	
Mr. Hay,	
Mr. Hoskins,	
Mr. Lyne,	

Clause, as amended, agreed to.

On motion of Dr. Renwick the Chairman left the Chair, to report the Bill with Amendments.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 7.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

WEDNESDAY, 16 MARCH, 1881.

No. 1.

SUPPLY—ESTIMATE, SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty a sum not exceeding £150,000, for expenditure on account of Services to be defrayed out of the Surplus Revenue Account.
(*Sir Henry Parkes.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Fitzpatrick*),—That the Estimate be reduced by £100,000.

Question put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 4.

Mr. Beyers,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,
Tellers,
Mr. Garvan.
Mr. McEllhone.

Noes, 65.

Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Lackey,
Mr. Badgery,	Mr. Leving,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Bodel,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. John Brown,	Mr. Murrny,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Burns,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Byrnes,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Cass,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Copeland,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Cramsie,	Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Rynie,
Mr. Dillon,	Mr. See,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Sutor,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Teece,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. Trickett,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Hay,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Henson,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Young,
Mr. Holborow,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. H. C. Dangar.
Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Brunker.
Mr. Kerr,	
Mr. Kidd,	

Original Estimate (£150,000) agreed to.

No. 2.

No. 2.

LOAN ESTIMATE FOR 1881.

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £8,762,500, on account of Public Works. (*Sir Henry Parkes*.)

Debate ensued.

Motion made (*Sir Henry Parkes*) and Question put,—That the Chairman leave the Chair, to report progress, ask leave to sit again on Tuesday next, and to report a Resolution.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 47.

Mr. R. P. Abbott,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Bodel,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Bowman,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. Carter,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. William Clarke,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Copeland,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. Cramsie,	Mr. See,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. Young,
Mr. Garrett,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Garvan,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Proctor.
Mr. Kerr,	
Mr. Lackey,	

Noes, 10.

Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Brunner,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,
Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. Molville,
Mr. Murray,
Mr. Myers,
Mr. Sutherland,

Tellers,

Mr. Poole,
Mr. Purves.

Chairman left Chair to report accordingly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 8.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

TUESDAY, 22 MARCH, 1881.

No. 1.

SUPPLY—LOAN ESTIMATE FOR 1881.

(Southern and Northern Junction Railway.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £8,762,500, on account of Public Works. (Mr Lackey.)

And the Committee requiring that the items be put *seriatim*.—

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £2,755,000, for construction of Southern and Northern Junction Railway, from Homebush to Waratah (double line), 95 miles. (Mr Lackey.)

Motion made (Mr Dillon).—That item be reduced by £755,000.

And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

WEDNESDAY, 23 MARCH, 1881, A.M.

Question put.—That item be reduced by £755,000.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 56.

Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. Lyne,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Bodel,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Burdckin,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Cooke,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Cramsie,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. See,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Beckford,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. Fromlin,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Fullford,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Hay,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Henson,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. Kerr,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. Badgery,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. O'Connor.
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	

Item reduced.

304—A

Noes, 10.

Mr. Bowman,
Mr. Brunker,
Mr. Burns,
Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Levien,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Melville,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. McLaughlin.

No. 2.

No. 2.

(Same Item.)

Question then put,—That £2,000,000, amount of item as reduced, be granted.
Committee divided.

Ayes, 59.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Levien,
Mr. Andrews,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Badgery,	Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. Lyne,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Bowman,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. William Clarke,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. Cramsie,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Fullford,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Hay,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. Henson,	
Mr. Hoskins,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Kerr,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. Carter.
Mr. Lackey,	

Noes, 6.

Mr. Henry Clarke
Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Sec,
Mr. Young,
Tellers,
Mr. Brunker,
Mr. McElhone.

Item as reduced (£2,000,000) agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Lackey, the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress and ask leave to sit again to-morrow.

WEDNESDAY, 23 MARCH, 1881.

No. 3.

SUPPLY—LOAN ESTIMATE FOR 1881.

(Railway, Sydney to Wollongong and Kiama.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £1,020,000, for Railway, Sydney to Wollongong and Kiama, 63 miles. *(Mr. Lackey.)*

Motion made *(Mr. H. C. Dangar)* and Question put,—That item be reduced by £800,000.
Committee divided.

Ayes, 18.

Mr. R. P. Abbott,
Mr. Stephen Brown,
Mr. Cass,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Dillon,
Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,
Mr. Holborow,
Mr. Lyne,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Murray,
Mr. Reid,
Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. See,
Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Webb,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. Myers.

Noes, 56.

Mr. Abigail,	Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Badgery,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. M'Culloch,
Mr. Edmund Barton,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. Bodell,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Burdokin,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Burus,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Carter,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Turner,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Hay,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Henson,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Kerr,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Kidd,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. William Clarke,
Mr. Levin,	Mr. Foster.
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	

Proposed reduction negatived.

No. 4.

(Same Item.)

Question then put,—That £1,020,000, amount of item as proposed, be granted.

And.

And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

THURSDAY, 24 MARCH, 1881, A.M.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 55.

Mr. Abigail,	Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Badgery,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. M'Culloch,
Mr. Edmund Barton,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. Bodel,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Burns,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Turner,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Garrott,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Hay,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Hoskins,	
Mr. Kerr,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Henson.
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	

Noes, 17.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. R. P. Abbott,
Mr. Stephen Brown,
Mr. Cass,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Dillon,
Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,
Mr. Holborow,
Mr. Levin,
Mr. Lyne,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Murray,
Mr. Reid,
Mr. Rutledge,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Webb.

Item as proposed (£1,020,000) agreed to.

On motion of Sir Henry Parkes the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress and ask leave to sit again to-morrow.

THURSDAY, 24 MARCH, 1881.

No. 5.

SUPPLY—LOAN ESTIMATE FOR 1881.

(*Railway, Albury to River Murray.*)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £80,000, for Railway, Albury to the River Murray (double line), including moiety of cost of constructing the Bridge, 1½ mile. (*Mr. Lackey.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Fletcher*), and Question put,—That item be reduced by £75,000.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 4.

Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Fergusson,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Fletcher,
Mr. M'Culloch.

Noes, 73.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Lyne,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Bodel,	Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. Brodribb,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. Brunker,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Carter,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Cass,	Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. See,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Slatery,
Mr. Cramsic,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Dillon,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Tecce,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Forster,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Turner,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Garvan,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Henson,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Holborow,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Young,
Mr. Kerr,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. Levin,
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Day.
Mr. G. A. Lloyd,	
Mr. Loughnan,	

Item as proposed (£80,000) agreed to.

No. 6.

No. 6.

(Railway—Orange to near Forbes, via Molong.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £705,500, for Railway, Orange to near Forbes, *via* Molong, 83 miles. (*Mr. Lackey.*)

Committee divided.

Ayes, 74.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Lyne,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. Bodel,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. John Brown,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Brunker,	Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. Burdekin,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. Campbell, §	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Cass,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. William Clarke,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Cooke,	Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Cransie,	Mr. See,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. T. R. Smith,
Mr. Day,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Tooth,
Mr. Forster,	Mr. Turner,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Garvan,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Hay,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Young,
Mr. Kerr,	
Mr. Kidd,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Levin,	Mr. Ryrie.

Noes, 2.

Tellers,
Mr. Dillon,
Mr. M'Culloch.

Item as proposed (£705,500) agreed to.

No. 7.

(Railway—Narrandera to Jerilderie.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £518,000, for Railway, Narrandera to Jerilderie, 63 miles. (*Mr. Lackey.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Lyne*), and Question put,—That item be reduced by £118,000.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 22.

Mr. Edmund Barton,
Mr. Brodribb,
Mr. Burns,
Mr. Campbell,
Mr. Cass,
Mr. Cransie,
Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Forster,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. Kidd,
Mr. Levin,
Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Lyne,
Mr. M'Culloch,
Mr. Murray,
Mr. Poole,
Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Teeco,
Mr. Withers,
Mr. Young,
Tellers,
Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Kerr.

Noes, 49.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott, Mr. Melville,
Mr. Andrews, Mr. Myers,
Mr. Baker, Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Russell Barton, Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Beyers, Mr. Purves,
Mr. Bodel, Mr. Reid,
Mr. John Brown, Dr. Ross,
Mr. Stephen Brown, Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Carter, Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. Henry Clarke, Mr. See,
Mr. T. G. Dangar, Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Davies, Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Day, Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Douglas, Mr. Turner,
Mr. Eckford, Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Fawcett, Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Fergusson, Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Fletcher, Mr. Webb,
Mr. Foster, Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Hay, Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Hoskins, Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Lackey, *Tellers,*
Mr. Levin, Mr. Brunker,
Mr. Lynch, Mr. Burdekin,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. McLaughlin,

Proposed reduction negatived.

No. 8.

No. 8.

(Same Item.)

Question then put,—That £518,000, amount of item as proposed, be granted.
Committee divided.

Ayes, 56.

Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Lyne,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Russell Barton,	Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Bodel,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Brunker,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Burns,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Rylie,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. See,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Cramsie,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Tarrant,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Turner,
Mr. Day,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. W. J. Watson
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Fergusson,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Hay,	Mr. Young,
Mr. Hoskins,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Lackey,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. Levien,	Mr. Withers.
Mr. Levin,	

Noes, 9.

Mr. Brodribb,
Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Forster,
Mr. Kerr,
Mr. Kidd,
Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Rutledge,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Poole,
Mr. M'Culloch.

And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

FRIDAY, 25 MARCH, 1881, A.M.

Item as proposed (£518,000) agreed to.

No. 9.

(Railway, Murrumburrah to Blayney.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £1,260,000, for Railway, Murrumburrah to Blayney, 108 miles.
(Mr. Lackey.)

Committee divided.

Ayes, 35.

Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Campbell,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Carter,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. William Clarke,	Mr. Rylie,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Day,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Turner,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Webb,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Hay,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Joseph P. Abbott,
Mr. Kerr,	Mr. Burdekin.
Mr. Kidd,	
Mr. Lackey,	

Noes, 17.

Mr. Russell Barton,
Mr. Bodel,
Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Brunker,
Mr. Cramsie,
Mr. Levin,
Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Lyne,
Mr. M'Culloch,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. Poole,
Mr. Reid,
Mr. Rutledge,
Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Young,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Fergusson.

Item as proposed (£1,260,000) agreed to.

On motion of Mr. James Watson the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress and ask leave to sit again to-morrow.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 9.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

WEDNESDAY, 30 MARCH, 1881.

No. 1.

SUPPLY—LOAN ESTIMATE FOR 1881.

(Southern Breakwater, Newcastle.)

Question proposed,—That there be granted to Her Majesty, for the year 1881, to be raised by Loan, a sum not exceeding £20,000, towards construction of Southern Breakwater, Newcastle, further sum. (*Mr. James Watson.*)

Committee divided.

Ayes, 59.*

Mr. Abigail,	Mr. Levin,
Mr. Andrews,	Mr. Levin,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Bodel,	Mr. Lyne,
Mr. Stephen Brown,	Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. Brunker,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Burdckin,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. Burns,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. Combes,	Mr. Reid,
Mr. Copeland,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Crausie,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. See,
Mr. Day,	Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Tecce,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Terry,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Fremlin,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Fullford,	Mr. Wilson,
Mr. Garrett,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Young,
Mr. Holborow,	
Mr. Hoskins,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Jacob,	Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Kidd,	Mr. Trickett.

Noes, 8.
Mr. R. P. Abbott,
Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,
Mr. Forster,
Mr. M'Culloch,
Mr. Stuart,
Tellers,
Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. Garvan.

Hem as proposed (£20,000) agreed to.

* So in Tellers' Lists.

And the Committee continuing to sit after Midnight,—

THURSDAY, 31 MARCH, 1881, A.M.

On motion of Mr. James Watson the Chairman left the Chair, to report progress, ask leave to sit again, and report certain Resolutions.

THURSDAY,

THURSDAY, 31 MARCH, 1881.

No. 2.

APPROPRIATION BILL.

Clause 11. Secretary for Mines:—Any sum or sums of money not exceeding “eighty-nine” thousand five hundred and seventeen pounds to defray the salaries contingencies and other expenses of the Establishments and Services following:—

564. Department of Mines	£26,599	0	0
565. Minor Roads	4,800	0	0
566. Occupation of Lands	17,881	0	0
567. Prevention of Scab in Sheep	14,330	0	0
568. Imported Stock... ..	1,045	0	0
569. Registration of Brands... ..	2,175	0	0
570. Public Tanks and Wells	4,938	0	0
Miscellaneous:—			
571. For the erection of Public Pounds	300	0	0
572. Amount payable to the Milburn Creek Copper Company under the award of the Arbitrators dated 6th October 1880	17,199	0	0
573. Expenses of Arbitration in that case	250	0	0
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	17,749	0	0
		89,517	0
		0	0

(Read.)

Motion made (*Mr. Stephen Brown*), to omit the words “eighty-nine” line 1, and insert “eighty-one”

Question put,—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the Clause.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 43.

Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Kidd,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. H. H. Brown,	Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. John Brown,	Mr. Lynch,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Melville,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Myers,
Mr. William Clarke,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Combes,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Davies,	Dr. Ross,
Mr. Douglas,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Tece,
Mr. Farnell,	Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Fletcher,	Mr. W. J. Watson,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Garrett,	
Mr. Henson,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Sec,
Mr. Holborrow,	Mr. Pilcher.
Mr. Hoskins,	

Noes, 14.

Mr. Burns,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,
Mr. Garvan,
Mr. Jacob,
Mr. McCulloch,
Mr. McElhone,
Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. O'Connor,
Mr. Reid,
Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Wilson,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Stephen Brown,
Mr. Copeland.

Clause, as read, agreed to.

On motion of Mr. James Watson, the Chairman left the Chair, to report the Bill without amendment.

FRIDAY, 1 APRIL, 1881.

No. 3.

JEANNERET'S TRAMWAY BILL.

Level

Clause 4. The Tramway shall throughout its course be laid at about the general level of “George-street” with rails subject to the approval of the Borough Council of Parramatta but and the said Charles Edward Jeanneret his heirs executors administrators or assigns may with the consent of or by mutual agreement with the Borough of Parramatta the said Council alter and improve the levels thereof of the said street Provided that all reasonable expenses incurred in the re-formation of the said street so altered and improved shall be borne by the said Charles Edward Jeanneret his heirs executors administrators or assigns unless otherwise agreed upon. (Read.)

Motion made (*Mr. Jacob*), to insert after the words “George-street,” line 2, the words “with rails subject to the approval of the Borough Council of Parramatta”

Question

Question put,—That the words proposed to be inserted be so inserted.
Committee divided.

Ayes, 35.

Mr. Abigail,	Mr. Levin,
Mr. Baker,	Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. H. H. Brown,	Mr. Martin,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. M'Culloch,
Mr. Burns,	Mr. Murray,
Mr. Campbell,	Mr. Poole,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. Copeland,	Mr. Purves,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. Ryrie,
Mr. Day,	Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Suttor,
Mr. Fitzpatrick,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Withers,
Mr. Henson,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Hezlet,	Mr. Garrard,
Mr. Hoskins,	Mr. Fletcher.
Mr. Jacob,	
Mr. Kidd,	

Noes, 12.

Mr. Beyers,
Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. Garvan,
Mr. McLaughlin,
Mr. Sutherland,
Mr. Vaughn,
Mr. Young,
<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Pigott,
Mr. Levien.

And the Clause having been further amended, as indicated,—

Clause as amended agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Farnell, the Chairman left the Chair, to report the Bill with amendments.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 10.

WEEKLY REPORT OF DIVISIONS

IN

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

(EXTRACTED FROM THE MINUTES.)

TUESDAY, 5 APRIL, 1881.

No. 1.

FISHERIES BILL.

(Consideration of Legislative Council's Amendments.)

Question proposed,—That the Committee agree to the Amendments made by the Legislative Council in this Bill. (*Sir Henry Parkes.*)

Motion made (*Mr. Melville*),—That the Question be amended by adding thereto the words "except the amendments in clause 28 27, to which it disagrees."

Question put,—That the words proposed to be added be so added.
Committee divided.

Ayes, 14.

Mr. John Brown,
Mr. Burns,
Mr. Cass,
Mr. Copeland,
Mr. Farnell,
Mr. Fergusson,
Mr. Garrett,
Mr. Jacob,
Mr. Poole,
Mr. Stuart,
Mr. Turner,
Mr. Withers,

Tellers,

Mr. Melville,
Mr. McElhone.

Noes, 37.

Mr. Baker,	Mr. Lackey,
Mr. Beyers,	Mr. Loughnan,
Mr. Bowman,	Sir Henry Parkes,
Mr. Brodribb,	Mr. Proctor,
Mr. H. H. Brown,	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Burdekin,	Mr. Roseby,
Mr. Carter,	Mr. See,
Mr. Henry Clarke,	Mr. Slattery,
Mr. Combes,	Mr. R. B. Smith,
Mr. H. C. Dangar,	Mr. Sutter,
Mr. T. G. Dangar,	Mr. Teece,
Mr. Davies,	Mr. James Watson,
Mr. Dillon,	Mr. Wilkinson,
Mr. Eckford,	Mr. Wisdom,
Mr. Fawcett,	Mr. Young,
Mr. Fletcher,	<i>Tellers,</i>
Mr. Foster,	Mr. Douglas,
Mr. Garrard,	Mr. Day.
Mr. Hezlet,	
Mr. Hoskins,	

Original Question put and agreed to.

On motion of Sir Henry Parkes the Chairman left the Chair, to report that the Committee had agreed to the Legislative Council's Amendments.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 1.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881.				
Jan. 11 ...	The Right Reverend Frederick Barker, D.D., Bishop of Sydney and Metropolitan	One	Mr. Stuart	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to enable the Bishop of Sydney to sell two portions of land situated respectively at Kurrajong, county of Cook, and Surry Hills, near Sydney, and to provide for the application of the proceeds of sale thereof.
„ 11 ...	Alexander Henry Brown, Barbara Patten, Francis George Patten, and William Patten	Four	Mr. Stephen Brown	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to enable persons carrying on business under the name of the Balmain Cemetery Company to inter the dead in any part of the land near the Balmain Road belonging to them, and now used as a cemetery.
„ 14 ...	James Morrison	One	Mr. Beyers	{ Alleging that a conditional purchase of land made by him had been cancelled, whereby he had suffered pecuniary loss; and praying the House to take the matter into consideration, with a view to relief.
„ 14 ...	Settlers of Argyle and Inhabitants of Goulburn	Seven hundred and twenty-one	Mr. Myers	{ Expressing their opinion that the present Railway rates are unequal and excessive, and injurious to the whole Colony; and praying that the rates may be altered and equalized.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 14 January, 1881.STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 2.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881.				
Jan. 19 ...	Ebenezer Vickery, Gustavus John Waterhouse, and John Hardy, Directors of the Mount Kembla Coal and Oil Company (Limited)	Three	Mr. Burns.....	Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to enable the Mount Kembla Coal and Oil Company (Limited) to construct two lines of Railway from land near Mount Kembla belonging to the said Company, and to connect the same with the sea-coast at Red Point and Wollongong respectively.
„ 19 ...	Miners and others interested in mining pursuits	Two hundred and seventy-three ...	Mr. Buchanan	Alleging that, in mining for gold or other minerals, costly and vexatious obstruction is caused by the insufficient marking of the boundaries of private property; and praying that regulations may be framed for remedying the grievance complained of.
„ 21 ...	William Wark and John Anderson Wark, of Bathurst	Two	Mr. Douglas.....	Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to enable William Wark and John Anderson Wark to construct Gas-works within the Borough and Suburbs of Wagga Wagga.

Legislative Assembly Offices, Sydney, 21 January, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES, Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 3.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881. Jan. 25...	Residents of the Municipal District of Leichhardt and the Boroughs of Petersham and Balmain and elsewhere	Four hundred and forty	Mr. Stephen Brown	{ Praying the House to pass the Balmain Cemetery Bill.
„ 25...	Do. do. ...	{ Nine hundred and fifty-two	do	Similar prayer.
„ 25...	William Pitt Wilshire	One	Mr. Edmund Barton	{ Offering certain suggestions for increasing the supply of Water to the City of Sydney, and praying that steps may be taken to ensure a proper investigation of the sources and means of supply indicated by him.
„ 25...	William Davies, of Goulburn, Chairman of the Berrima Coal-mining and Railway Company	One	Mr. Garrett	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to enable a Company called "The Berrima Coal-mining and Railway Company (Limited)" to construct a Railway from the Berrima Coal Mine to the Great Southern Railway.
„ 25...	The Very Reverend William Macquario Cowper, Dean of Sydney.....	One	Mr. Stuart	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to provide for the creation within the Dioceses of Sydney, Bathurst, and Grafton and Armidale, respectively, of corporate bodies of Trustees, in which property belonging to the Church of England in such Dioceses may be vested, and to make further provision in reference thereto.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 25 January, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 4.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WITNESS PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881.				
Feb. 8 ...	Sarah Hall, Clara Hall, and others	Six	Mr. Burns	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to authorize the sale of certain lands devised by the will of the late George Hall, and the disposal and investment of the proceeds thereof.
" " ...	Miners and others resident in and near Araluen	One hundred and sixty-eight	Mr. Ryrie	{ Praying the House to pass the No-liability Mining Companies Bill.
" 9 ...	Electors of the City of Newcastle and County of Northumberland	Seven hundred and six	Mr. Cameron	{ Praying for an amendment of the law regulating Oyster Fisheries.
" " ...	Residents of Sydney and Suburbs	Twelve thousand two hundred and sixteen	Mr. Farnell	{ Representing the necessity for more easy means of communication between Sydney and the North Shore, and suggesting the construction of a Bridge for that purpose; and praying the House to take the matter into serious consideration.
" 10 ...	Oyster-dealers residing in the City of Sydney and its Suburbs	Twenty-eight	Mr. Slattery	{ Praying that certain amendments may be made in the Fisheries Bill.
" " ...	Fishermen of Sydney and its Suburbs	Ninety-four	Mr. H. C. Dangar ...	Similar prayer.
" " ...	Residents of Cargo and the surrounding neighbourhood }	One hundred and sixty-two	Dr. Ross	{ Praying that a reservoir may be constructed for storing water during the rainy months for their use.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 11 February, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 5.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881.				
Feb. 16 ...	Prawn-fishers residing on the river Hunter	Five	Sir Henry Parkes...	{ Praying that a clause may be inserted in the Fisheries Bill providing that prawn-fishing shall not commence before the 1st day of October in each year, and terminate on the 1st day of May in each year following.
" 17 ...	The Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Sydney	Two	Mr. Davies	{ Praying the House to favourably consider a measure to be introduced empowering the City Council to acquire lands or other properties situate beyond their present jurisdiction, for such purposes as they may consider will be advantageous to the public.
" 18 ...	The Mayor and others of the Municipal District of Leichhardt	Ten	{ Mr. McCulloch, for Mr. Edmund Barton	{ Alleging that certain provisions of the Balmain Cemetery Bill contravene By-laws made by the said Municipality; and praying that leave be granted to them to appear by Counsel in support of their allegations, before the Select Committee to which the Bill has been referred, or at the Bar of the House.
" " ...	H. Polson	One	Mr. Foster	{ Representing that a road has been surveyed through his property, known as "Pigeon Grove," and that such road would damage his property; and praying the House not to sanction the opening of the said road.
" " ...	Citizens of Sydney	{ Three hundred and forty-eight	Mr. Poole	{ In favour of submitting the rival schemes for supplying Sydney and the Suburbs with Water to some competent and impartial professional authority; and praying the House to take the necessary steps for securing such an inquiry.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 18 February, 1881.STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 6.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881. Feb. 25 ...	Citizens of Sydney	{ Four thousand one hundred and twenty	Mr. Withers	{ In favour of submitting the rival schemes for supplying Sydney and Suburbs with Water to some competent and impartial professional authority, and praying the House to take the necessary steps for securing such an inquiry.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 25 February, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 7.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF
PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881.				
Mar. 1 ...	Residents of Gunning, Gundaroo, Ginninderra, Westangara, and Canberra	Three hundred and thirty-three.....	Mr. Fitzpatrick ...	{ In favour of the Railway to Cooma being constructed <i>via</i> Gunning, Gundaroo, and Ginninderra to Qucanbeyan, and praying that the route suggested may be adopted by the House.
„ 1 ...	The Directors and Acting Manager of the Australasian Steam Navigation Company }	Four	Mr. Reid	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to enable the Australasian Steam Navigation Company to trade in coal.
„ 1 ...	Citizens of Sydney and Suburbs	Five hundred and seven	Mr. Henson	{ In favour of submitting the rival schemes for supplying Sydney and Suburbs with Water to some competent and impartial professional authority; and praying the House to take the necessary steps for securing such an inquiry.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 3 March, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 8.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881.				
Mar. 8 ...	Citizens of Sydney and Suburbs.....	Four hundred and ninety-six	Mr. Withers	{ In favour of submitting the rival schemes for supplying Sydney and Suburbs with Water to some competent and impartial professional authority, and praying the House to take the necessary steps for securing such an inquiry.
„ 9 ...	The President, Vice-Presidents, Honorary Treasurer and Secretary of the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary }	Five	Dr. Renwick.....	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to incorporate the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary.
„ 11 ...	Henry Hill Osborne, Patrick Hill Osborne, and others... }	Nine	Mr. Reid	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to enable Henry Hill Osborne, of Bowral, formerly of the District of Illawarra, in the Colony of New South Wales, Esquire, Patrick Hill Osborne, of Currandooley, Lake George, in the said Colony, Esquire, Alick Osborne, of May Brook, Moss Vale, in the said Colony, Esquire, and Ben Marshall Osborne, of Berrima, in the said Colony, Esquire, Trustees of the Will of Henry Osborne, late of Marshall Mount, in the District of Illawarra, Esquire, deceased, or other the Trustees for the time being of the Will of the said Henry Osborne, deceased, to grant building and mining leases of certain lands devised by the said Will to the said Henry Hill Osborne, Patrick Hill Osborne, Alick Osborne, and Ben Marshall Osborne.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 11 March, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 9.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881. Mar. 15...	Francis Howard Potts	One	Mr. Trickett, for Mr. Edmund Barton.	Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to authorize the sale, mortgage, and leasing of certain lands and hereditaments devised by the will of Mary Ann Bates, deceased, and for other purposes.
" " ...	Walter Hayes, of Croydon, near Sydney, Trustee and Executor of the last will and testament of Thomas Chapman, of Kiama	One	Mr. Garrett	Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to enable the Trustees of the will of the lato Thomas Chapman to grant leases for any term not exceeding fifty years from the passing of this Act of certain portions of the real estate devised by the said will, and to make roads, streets, and ways over, upon, and adjacent to the said lands, and for other purposes in the said Act to be mentioned.
" " ...	William Collins	One	Mr. Terry	Representing that he was arrested and charged with being of unsound mind, and incarcerated in the Lunatic Asylum at Gladesville, whereby he sustained severe injuries and great losses; and praying the House to take his case into favourable consideration.
" 16 ...	Charles Edward Jeanneret.....	One	Mr. Farnell	Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to authorize the construction and maintenance of a Tramway along George-street, Parramatta.
" 18 ...	Residents in the District of Cooma	Eight hundred and twenty-eight.....	Mr. Tooth.....	Praying the House to take measures for the immediate adoption of the line of Railway proposed by the Government, with a view to the opening a Railway to Cooma from the Great Southern Line.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 18 March, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 10.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881. Mar. 22	Luke Kingsmill and others ...	Two hundred and three	Mr. Joseph P. Abbott.	{ Representing that they have learned that Judge Meymott had been dismissed from the roll of Judges, and suggesting that the case was a hard one, and praying the House to take into consideration the length of Mr. Meymott's services, and his great age, with a view to relief being afforded to him.
" "	Residents of Meranburn and surrounding district }	Six hundred and seventy	Dr. Ross	{ In favour of constructing the Railway from Orange to Wilcannia, via Molong, Meranburn, Parkes, &c., and praying the House to take the matter into consideration.
" "	Residents in the towns of Bombala, Delegate, Cathcart, and Bibbenlute, in the Electoral District of Monaro	Six hundred and eight	Mr. Badgery	{ Praying the House to take measures for the immediate adoption of the line of Railway proposed by the Government, with a view to opening a Railway to Cooma from the Great Southern Line.
" "	Householders, Landholders, Ratepayers, and Residents of Parramatta and its immediate vicinity	One hundred and fifty-five	Mr. Farnell	{ In favour of the passing of Jeanneret's Tramway Bill.
" "	Residents of Parkes and surrounding districts	Three hundred and eight	Mr. Cooke	{ In favour of extending the Railway westerly from the town of Orange, via Meranburn, Bumbury, and Parkes, and on to the Darling, and praying the House to take the subject into consideration.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 25 March, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 11.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881.				
Mar. 29 ...	The Chairman, and others, at a public meeting held in the Protestant Hall, Sydney	Twenty-one	Mr. Melville	Representing that Petitioners have learned with satisfaction that a Resolution is now before the House declaring that it is undesirable that the Museum and Free Public Library should be open to the public on Sundays; and praying the House to sustain the said Resolution.
" " ...	The Congregation of St. Peter's Church, Woolloomooloo	Thirty-six	Mr. Melville .....		Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Wesleyan Church, York-street	Seventy-nine	Mr. Melville	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of St. Stephen's Presbyterian Church, Phillip-street ...	Thirty-nine	Mr. Melville	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Presbyterian Church, Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo ...	Thirty-six	Dr. Renwick	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Chalmer's Presbyterian Church, Castlereagh-street, South	Forty-nine	Mr. Roseby	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Congregational Church, Redfern	Seventy	Mr. Sutherland ...	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Baptist Church, Bathurst-street	Thirty-six	Mr. Abigail	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Wesleyan Church, Bourke-street	Sixty	Mr. Davies	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Committee of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of New South Wales on Religion and Morals	Five	Mr. Garrard	Similar Prayer

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881.				
Mar., 29 ...	The Congregation of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Balmain	Thirty-one	Mr. Garrard	{ Representing that Petitioners have learned with satisfaction that a Resolution is now before the House declaring that it is undesirable that the Museum and Free Public Library should be open to the public on Sundays; and praying the House to sustain the said Resolution.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Wesleyan Church, Glebe }	Thirty-six	Mr. Garrard	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Minister, Office-bearers, and Members of the Presbyterian Church, Campbell-street, Balmain }	Forty-five.....	Mr. Garrard	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Presbyterian Church, Pymont	Sixty	Mr. Davies	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Crown-street Primitive Methodist Church	Forty-four	Mr. Davies	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Rev. George Woolnough, President of the Wesleyan Conference of New South Wales and Queensland, on behalf of the Members of the Committee of Privileges of the Wesleyan Methodist Church of New South Wales	One	Mr. Henson	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	Members of the Congregational Church, Croydon...	Eleven	Mr. Fremlin	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of St. Barnabas Church, Glebe }	One hundred and Twelve	Mr. Foster	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Congregational Church, Petersham	Sixty-five	Mr. Foster	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Presbyterian Congregation, Glebe	Sixty-two	Mr. Foster	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of the Presbyterian Church, Liverpool Road, Ashfield }	Ninety-five	Mr. Henson.....	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	The Congregation of St. George's Presbyterian Church, Castlereagh-street }	Twenty-six	Mr. Martin	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	Members of the Wesleyan Church and Congregation, Newtown	One hundred and eight	Mr. Melville	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	Members of the Wesleyan Congregation at Botany...	Fifteen	Mr. Melville	Similar Prayer.
" " ...	Householders, Landowners, and Ratepayers of property situated in George-street, Parramatta	Forty-six	Mr. Cameron for Mr. Byrnes	{ Praying the House to reject Jeanneret's Tramway Bill.
" " ...	Richard Sadleir, R.N.	One	Mr. Farnell	{ Praying the House to consider the facility afforded of carrying out Railways and other Public Works by English and United States capitalists now ready to embark in such undertakings.
" " ...	Citizens interested in the progress and welfare of the city of Sydney	Nine hundred and Fifty-six	Mr. Garrett	{ Stating that they view with alarm the proposal to extend the Great Northern Railway southward to Homebush, and suggesting the desirableness of continuing the line from the head of the Lane Cove District to the waters of Port Jackson at Berry's Bay or Milson's Point; and praying that the House will, before committing itself to the proposed project of crossing the Parramatta and Lane Cove Rivers, cause their statements to receive full and careful consideration.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881. Mar. 30 ...	Merchants, Traders, and others, residents of Wagga Wagga and district	Five hundred and nine	Mr. Douglas	{ Praying the House to defer the consideration of the line Narrandera to Jerilderie, until trial surveys of a line from Hanging Rock, or from Wagga Wagga to Urana and Jerilderie be made, and laid upon the Table of the House.
„ 31 ...	Mary Kell, widow, residing in George-street, Parramatta	One	<i>Mr. Burns for Mr. Sutherland</i>	{ Representing that she applied to the Bench of Magistrates at Parramatta for a Publican's License, which was granted, but that the operation of the Liquor Licenses Suspensory Act prevented the Colonial Treasurer from issuing the License; and praying the House to take her case into consideration when the Liquor Licenses Suspensory Act Continuation Bill is passing through the House.
„ „ ...	Thomas Saywell and others...	Three	Mr. Foster	{ Praying for leave to bring in a Bill to incorporate the Vale of Clwydd and Lithgow Valley Coal-mining and Copper Smelting Company, Limited.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 1 April, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 12.

WEEKLY ABSTRACT

OF

PETITIONS RECEIVED

BY THE

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

WHEN RECEIVED.	FROM WHOM AND WHENCE PRESENTED.	NUMBER OF SIGNATURES.	BY WHOM PRESENTED.	ABSTRACT OF PRAYER.
1881. April 4 ...	Residents of Urana, Jerilderie, and District	One hundred and twenty	Mr. Loughnan	Praying the House to take steps for causing the line of Railway to Jerilderie to be constructed from the Hanging Rock <i>via</i> Urana, in lieu of the proposed route <i>via</i> Narrandera.
" " ...	Edward Townsend Foley, of the Domain, Sydney	One	Mr. Garrett	Representing that he is the lessee of the public baths for gentlemen, and that he has suffered inconvenience and loss through the action of the Government in closing the Macquarie-street entrance to the Domain during a part of the year 1879 and a part of the year 1880; and praying the House to cause inquiry to be made into the matter, with a view to relief.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 6 April, 1881.

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of Legislative Assembly.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

No. 1.

REGISTER OF PUBLIC BILLS ORIGINATED IN THE ASSEMBLY, DURING THE SESSION OF 1880-81.

SHORT TITLES.	BY WHOM INITIATED.	Originated in Committee of the Whole.	Message from Governor recommending provision for.	Ordered.	Presented and read 1 ^o .	Negated on Motion for 2 ^o .	Read 2 ^o and Committed.	Reported.	Recommitted.	Reported 2 ^o .	Report adopted.	Read 3 ^o , passed, and sent to Council for concurrence.	Agreed to by Council without Amendment.	Agreed to by Council with Amendments.	Council's Amendments agreed to.	Order of the Day discharged and Bill withdrawn.	Bill dropped or laid aside.	Assent.	No. of Act.	Remarks.
Ad Eundem Degrees	Dr. Renwick	1881.	1881.	1881. 14 Jan.	1881. 14 Jan.	.....	1881. 21 Jan.	1881. 21 Jan.	1881. 21 Jan.	1881. 21 Jan.	1881. 25 Jan.	1881. 29 Jan.	1881. 29 Jan.	1881. 24 Feb.	1881. 11 Mar.	1881.	1881.	1881. 23 Mar.	22	Instruction to Committee of the Whole to consider a new clause, 21 January.
Anatomy	Dr. Renwick	25 Jan.	10 Mar. A.M.	25 Jan.	25 Jan.	.....	11 Mar. A.M.	11 Mar. A.M.	.....	.....	11 Mar. 15 Mar.	15 Mar.	30 Mar.	30 Mar. A.M.	11 Mar. A.M.	.....	.....	5 April	25	Address to His Excellency the Governor, 25 January.
Appropriation	Sir Henry Parkes	.....	.....	16 Mar.	16 Mar.	.....	31 Mar. A.M.	31 Mar. A.M.	.....	.....	31 Mar.	31 Mar.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	27	Founded on Resolutions of Ways and Means, Nos. 4, 5, and 6. Leave given to Mr. Speaker to present Bill for Royal Assent, 6 April.
Challenge in Misdemeanour	Mr. Buchanan	.....	.....	17 Dec.	17 Dec.	11 Feb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Consolidated Revenue Fund	Mr. James Watson	19 Jan.	19 Jan.	19 Jan.	19 Jan.	.....	20 Jan.	20 Jan.	.....	.....	20 Jan.	21 Jan.	0 Feb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 Feb. A.M.	20	Founded on Resolution of Ways and Means, No. 1.
Consolidated Revenue Fund (No. 2)	Mr. James Watson	17 Feb.	16 Feb.	17 Feb.	17 Feb.	.....	17 Feb.	17 Feb.	.....	.....	17 Feb.	17 Feb.	24 Feb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	29 Feb. A.M.	21	Do. do. No. 8. Standing Orders suspended, 17 February, 1881.
Contempt's Punishment	Mr. Buchanan	.....	.....	17 Dec.	17 Dec.	11 Feb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
District Courts Act Further Amendment	Mr. McLaughlin	.....	.....	15 Mar.	15 Mar.	.....	1 April	1 April	.....	.....	1 April	4 April	6 April	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	.....
Electoral Act Amendment	Mr. R. B. Smith	.....	.....	15 Mar.	15 Mar.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fire Brigades	Sir Henry Parkes	20 Jan.	18 Jan.	20 Jan.	20 Jan.	.....	27 Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fisheries	Sir Henry Parkes	13 Jan.	13 Jan.	13 Jan.	13 Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26	.....
Imprisoned Debtors Support	Mr. Buchanan	.....	.....	12 Jan.	12 Jan.	11 Feb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Land Titles Registration	Sir Henry Parkes	13 Jan.	13 Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Liquor Licenses Suspensory Act Continuation	Sir Henry Parkes	10 Mar.	10 Mar.	10 Mar.	10 Mar.	.....	1 April A.M.	4 April A.M.	.....	.....	4 April	4 April	6 April	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Local Government	Sir Henry Parkes	13 Jan.	13 Jan.	13 Jan.	13 Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Matrimonial Causes Act Amendment	Mr. Buchanan	.....	.....	17 Dec.	17 Dec.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Municipal Baths Site Acquisition	Mr. O'Connor	.....	.....	18 Feb.	24 Feb. A.M.	.....	11 Mar. A.M.	1 April A.M.	.....	.....	18 Jan. A.M.	20 Jan. A.M.	6 April	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Navigation Law Amendment	Mr. James Watson	12 Jan.	19 Jan.	12 Jan.	12 Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
No-liability Mining Companies	Mr. Terry	.....	.....	11 Jan.	11 Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ordnance Land Act Amendment	Sir Henry Parkes	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Press	Mr. Garrett	.....	.....	3 Feb.	3 Feb.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Public Works Loan	Mr. James Watson	.....	.....	31 Mar. A.M.	31 Mar. A.M.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
State Children Relief	Sir Henry Parkes	20 Jan.	18 Jan.	20 Jan.	20 Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

* These Bills were passed, but the Assent not reported to Parliament.

No. 2.

REGISTER OF PRIVATE BILLS INTRODUCED UPON PETITION TO THE ASSEMBLY DURING THE SESSION OF 1880-81.

SHORT TITLES.	By whom and when Petition presented.	Ordered.	Presented and read 1 st .	Referred to Select Committee.	Reported by Select Committee.	Read 2 nd and Committed.	Reported.	Report adopted.	Read 3 rd and sent to Council for concurrence.	Agreed to by Council without Amendment.	Agreed to by Council with Amendments.	Council's Amendments agreed to.	Assent.	REMARKS.
Australasian Steam Navigation Company's Act Amendment.	Mr. Reid 1 March 1881.	9 March 1881.	9 March 1881.	10 March 1881.	17 March 1881.	22 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	24 March 1881.	1881.	30 March 1881.	1 April 1881.	5 April 1881.	Leave given for Mayor of Leichhardt and others to be heard by Council against the Bill, 8 March. Stopped by Prorogation. Not returned by Legislative Council.
Badmain Cemetery	Mr. Stephen Brown 11 January 1881.	12 January 1881.	12 January 1881.	13 January 1881.	20 March 1881.	1 April 1881.	1 April 1881.	1 April 1881.	4 April 1881.	1881.	1881.	1 April 1881.	31 March 1881.	
Rates's Estate	Mr. Edmund Barton 15 March 1881.	16 March 1881.	22 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	29 March 1881.	1 April 1881.	1 April 1881.	1 April 1881.	15 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	6 April 1881.	
Berrima Coal Mine Railway	Mr. Carruth 25 January 1881.	27 January 1881.	8 February 1881.	10 February 1881.	17 February 1881.	11 March 1881.	11 March 1881.	11 March 1881.	15 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	31 March 1881.	
Chapman's Estate Leasing	Mr. Garrett 15 March 1881.	16 March 1881.	16 March 1881.	13 March 1881.	23 March 1881.	25 March 1881.	26 March 1881.	26 March 1881.	29 March 1881.	4 April 1881.	4 April 1881.	4 April 1881.	6 April 1881.	
Church of England Trust Property Incorporation	Mr. Stuart 25 January 1881.	27 January 1881.	27 January 1881.	23 January 1881.	22 February 1881.	9 March 1881.	9 March 1881.	9 March 1881.	9 March 1881.	17 March 1881.	17 March 1881.	25 March 1881.	31 March 1881.	
Hall's Estate	Mr. Burns 8 February 1881.	9 February 1881.	9 February 1881.	11 February 1881.	18 March 1881.	1 April 1881.	1 April 1881.	1 April 1881.	5 April 1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	Stopped by Prorogation.
Jeanerol's Tramway	Mr. Farnell 16 March 1881.	17 March 1881.	17 March 1881.	18 March 1881.	29 March 1881.	1 April 1881.	1 April 1881.	4 April 1881.	5 April 1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	Not returned by Legislative Council.
Kurrung Land and Riley-street Surry Hills Land Sales	Mr. Stuart 11 January 1881.	12 January 1881.	12 January 1881.	13 January 1881.	21 January 1881.	9 March 1881.	9 March 1881.	9 March 1881.	9 March 1881.	17 March 1881.	17 March 1881.	17 March 1881.	4 April 1881.	
Mount Kembla Coal and Oil Company's Railway	Mr. Burns 10 January 1881.	20 January 1881.	20 January 1881.	25 January 1881.	28 January 1881.	11 February 1881.	11 February 1881.	11 February 1881.	15 February 1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	23 March 1881.	
Osborne's Leasing	Mr. Reid 11 March 1881.	15 March 1881.	16 March 1881.	22 March 1881.	16 March 1881.	25 March 1881.	25 March 1881.	25 March 1881.	29 March 1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	Stopped by Prorogation.
Sydney Hospital	Dr. Renwick 9 March 1881.	10 March 1881.	10 March 1881.	11 March 1881.	16 March 1881.	25 March 1881.	26 March 1881.	26 March 1881.	29 March 1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	Not returned by Legislative Council.
Vale of Clwyd and Lithgow Valley Company's Incorporation	Mr. Foster 31 March 1881.	1 April 1881.	1 April 1881.	4 April 1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	Stopped by Prorogation.
Wagga Wagga Gas	Mr. Douglas 21 January 1881.	25 January 1881.	25 January 1881.	27 January 1881.	11 February 1881.	26 February 1881.	25 February 1881.	25 February 1881.	1 March 1881.	1881.	1881.	1881.	4 April 1881.	

RECAPITULATION.

Number of Public Bills originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, as per Register No. 1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23
Number of Private Bills	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	14
Number of Public Bills brought from the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0
Number of Private Bills	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	do.	0
Passed and Assented to	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11
Reserved	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
Pro forma Bill	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0
Negatived on motion for second reading	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Not introduced	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	0
Discharged and withdrawn	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
Not returned by Legislative Council	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
Stopped by Prorogation	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
															5
															37

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

ALPHABETICAL REGISTERS

OF

ADDRESSES AND ORDERS FOR PAPERS,

AND OF

ADDRESSES

(NOT BEING FOR PAPERS).

SESSION 1880-81.

REGISTER OF ADDRESSES, &c.—continued.

No. of ADDRESS OR ORDER.	WHEN PASSED.		ON WHOSE MOTION.	PAPERS APPLIED FOR.		RETURN TO ADDRESS OR ORDER.	REGISTER NUMBER.	IF TO BE PRINTED.	
	VOTES.			By Address.	By Order.			Date of Order.	When delivered for Printing.
	No.	Date.								Entry.
35	34	1881.	Mr. Terry	.....	Land taken up by the late N. P. Eayly	1881.	81/272	1881.	1881.
47	43	15 March	Mr. Buchanan	.....	Leave of absence to Public Officers	24 March	.....	24 March	25 March
16	19	30 March	Mr. Murray	.....	Mineral Leases of Tin Lands	.....	.....	.....	.....
10	15	15 February	Mr. Kerr	.....	Mr. John Smith's Application to purchase Land at Molong	18 March	81/252	18 March	18 March
5	38	8 February	Mr. Forster	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
15	19	22 March	Mr. Reid	.....	Mr. Mason, late Engineer for Existing Railway Lines	.....	.....	.....	.....
37	34	15 February	Mr. Reid	.....	Pier at Manly	3 March	81/183	3 March	4 March
4	38	15 March	Mr. Slatery	.....	Police Magistrate for Burrows	18 March	81/250	18 March	18 March
54	47	22 March	Mr. Jacob	.....	.....	30 March	81/311	30 March	31 March
50	44	5 April	Mr. Fawcett	.....	Police Quarters at Woodburn	.....	.....	.....	.....
6	8	31 March	Mr. Forster	.....	Postal Services	.....	.....	.....	.....
34	34	18 January	Mr. William Clarke	.....	Public Banking Accounts of the Colony	.....	.....	.....	.....
26	26	6	Mr. Abigail	.....	Public Works performed without being tendered for	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	30	25 February	Mr. Abigail	.....	Pymont Bridge	.....	81/360	5 April	6 April
31	30	8 March	Mr. McElhone	.....	Rebate on Carriage of Stock by Railway	.....	.....	.....	.....
44	42	29 March	Mr. Fawcett	.....	Records of Births, Marriages, and Deaths	.....	.....	.....	.....
13	16	10	Mr. W. J. Watson	.....	Religious Instruction in Public and Denominational Schools	.....	.....	.....	.....
8	8	9 February	Mr. Poole	.....	Roads, Bridges, and Ferries	.....	81/163	24 February	25 February
23	23	18 January	Mr. Joseph P. Abbott	.....	Roads from Gunnedah to Barraba	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	3	22 February	Mr. Burns	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18	22	1880.	Mr. Burns	.....	Road through Burke's Grant, Mulbring	11 January	81/20	11 January	12 January
17	22	17 December	Mr. Young	.....	Road through Mr. Polson's Land, known as "Pigeon Grove."	5 April	81/346	5 April	6 April
2	3	18 February	Mr. Fletcher	.....	Salaries of Officers and Teachers under the Public Instruction Act.	29 March	81/281	29 March	30 March
12	15	18 February	Mr. Fletcher	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
48	43	5	Mr. Roseby	.....	Sale of Intoxicating Liquors on Railway Works	3 March	81/182	3 March	4 March
51	44	15	Mr. Farnell	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1	3	8 February	Mr. W. J. Watson	.....	Site for a Public School at St. Leonards	24 February	81/164	24 February	25 February
39	37	18 February	Mr. Garrard	.....	Site for Public School at Bulla Creek	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	27	30 March	Mr. R. B. Smith	.....	Springs for Railway Engines and Carriages	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	11	1 a.m.	Mr. R. B. Smith	.....	Sydney Infirmary	.....	.....	.....	.....
55	48	1 April	Mr. Poole	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	39	1 April	Mr. Poole	.....	Sydney Water Supply (in part)	10 February	81/122	10 February	11 February
43	39	1880.	Mr. Abigail	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
27	27	17 December	Mr. W. J. Watson	.....	Temora Gold Fields	.....	.....	.....	.....
9	11	1881.	Mr. W. J. Watson	.....	The Temora Run	4 April	81/334	4 April	5 April
55	48	1 March	Mr. Abigail	.....	Tramway Rails	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	39	21 January	Mr. Buchanan	.....	Transfer of Hugh Martin's Land at Dungaree	.....	.....	.....	.....
43	39	6 April	Mr. Buchanan	.....	Wharfage Rates on Coal at Newcastle	5 April	81/359	5 April	6 April

4

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

STANDING AND SELECT COMMITTEES APPOINTED DURING THE SESSION OF 1880-81.

No. of COMMITTEE	DESIGNATION OF COMMITTEE.	WHEN AND HOW APPOINTED.	MEMBERS.	CHAIRMAN.	No. of MEETINGS.		No. of WITNESSES EXAMINED.	WHEN REPORTED.
					Called.	Held.		
1	The Governor's Opening Speech ...	16 December, 1880. Votes No. 2, Entry 9. (On motion of Mr. Pigott.)	{ Mr. Pigott, Mr. Brunker, Mr. Combes, Mr. Douglas, Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. Reid, Dr. Renwick, Mr. Terry.	Mr. Pigott.....	1	1	None	16 December, 1880.
2	* Library	17 December, 1880. Votes No. 3, Entry 27 (On motion of Sir Henry Parkes.)	{ Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. Speaker, Mr. Edmund Barton, Mr. Stephen Brown, Mr. Burns, Mr. Combes, Mr. H. C. Dangar, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. R. B. Smith, Mr. Wisdom.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
3	† Standing Orders	17 December, 1880. Votes No. 3, Entry 28 (On motion of Sir Henry Parkes.)	{ Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. Speaker, Mr. Stephen Brown, Mr. Burns, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Farnell, Sir Patrick Jennings, Mr. Reid, Dr. Renwick, Mr. James Watson.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
4	* Refreshment.....	17 December, 1880. Votes No. 3, Entry 29 (On motion of Sir Henry Parkes.)	{ Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. Cameron, Mr. G. A. Lloyd, Mr. Webb, Mr. Burns, Mr. Stuart, Mr. James Watson, Sir Patrick Jennings, Mr. Farnell, Mr. R. B. Smith.	Mr. Farnell	2	1	.....	.....
5	Balmain Cemetery Bill	13 January, 1881. Votes No. 6, Entry 3 (On motion of Mr. Davies, for Mr. Stephen Brown.)	{ Mr. Stephen Brown, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Terry, Mr. Abigail, Mr. Henson, Mr. Hazlet, Mr. Poole, Mr. Fremlin.	Mr. Stephen Brown	2	1	None .....	.....
6	Kurrajong Land and Riley-street Surry Hills Land Sales Bill.	13 January, 1881. Votes No. 6, Entry 4 (On motion of Mr. Stuart.)	{ Mr. Stuart, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Burns, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Foster, Mr. Reid, Mr. Tooth, Mr. W. J. Watson, Mr. Kidd, Mr. Jacob.	Mr. Stuart.....	1	1	2	21 January, 1881.

* These Committees act in conjunction with similar Committees appointed by the Legislative Council. † Confers on subjects of mutual concernment with a similar Committee appointed by the Legislative Council.

STANDING AND SELECT COMMITTEES—continued.

No. OF COMMITTEE	DESIGNATION OF COMMITTEE.	WHEN AND HOW APPOINTED.	MEMBERS.	CHAIRMAN.	No. OF MEETINGS.		No. OF WITNESSES EXAMINED.	WHEN REPORTED.
					Called.	Held.		
7	Elections and Qualifications	17 December, 1880. Votes No. 8, Entry 32 ... (By Speaker's Warrant taking effect 14 January, 1881.)	{ Robert Palmer Abbott, Esquire, Edward Combes, Esquire, C.M.G., Henry Carey Daugar, Esquire, John Dillon, Esquire, William John Foster, Esquire, Arthur Henwick, Esquire, M.D., Alexander Stuart, Esquire.	Mr. Foster	8	7	9	9 March, 1881. (Hart and others v. Jacob.) 15 March, 1881. (Seat of William Hitler Holborow.)
8	Assisted Immigration	18 January, 1881. Votes No. 8, Entry 10 ... (On motion of Mr. Burns.)	{ Mr. Burns, Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. Cameron, Mr. Garroth, Mr. Jacob, Mr. Day, Mr. Reid, Mr. Poole, Mr. Fletcher, Mr. H. C. Daugar.	Mr. Burns	8	7	4	5 April, 1881.
9	Mount Kembla Coal and Oil Com- pany's Railway Bill.	25 January, 1881. Votes No. 12, Entry 10 ... (On motion of Mr. Burns.)	{ Mr. Burns, Mr. Lackey, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Tarrant, Mr. Poole, Mr. Terry, Mr. Jacob, Mr. G. A. Lloyd, Mr. Fremlin, Mr. Burdekin.	Mr. Burns	1	1	2	28 January, 1881.
10	Wagga Wagga Gas Bill	27 January, 1881. Votes No. 13, Entry 4 ... (On motion of Mr. Douglas.)	{ Mr. Douglas, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Burns, Mr. Cransie, Mr. H. C. Daugar, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Hay, Mr. Loughman, Mr. McCulloch, Mr. Wilkinson.	Mr. Douglas	1	1	2	11 February, 1881.
11	Church of England Trust Property Incorporation Bill.	28 January, 1881. Votes No. 14, Entry 4 ... (On motion of Mr. Stuart.)	{ Mr. Stuart, Mr. Edmund Barton, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Burns, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Garrett, Mr. McCulloch, Mr. Slatery, Mr. Trickett.	Mr. Stuart	3	2	2	22 February, 1881.
12	Berrima Coal Mine Railway Bill ...	10 February, 1881. Votes No. 17, Entry 7 ... (On motion of Mr. Garrett.)	{ Mr. Garrett, Mr. Myers, Mr. Kidd, Mr. Fawcett, Mr. Teace, Mr. Holborow.	Mr. Garrett	1	1	2	17 February, 1881.
13	Hall's Estate Bill	11 February, 1881. Votes No. 18, Entry 5 ... (On motion of Mr. Burns.)	{ Mr. Burns, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Burdekin, Mr. Copeland, Mr. Fawcett, Mr. Jacob, Mr. McElhone, Mr. Poole, Mr. Turry, Mr. Kidd.	Mr. Burns	1	1	3	
14	Australian Steam Navigation Act Amendment Bill.	10 March, 1881. Votes No. 32, Entry 4 ... (On motion of Dr. Renwick for Mr. Reid.)	{ Mr. Reid, Sir Patrick Jennings, Mr. Combes, Mr. Copeland, Mr. H. C. Daugar,	Mr. Reid	1	1	2	17 March, 1881.

STANDING AND SELECT COMMITTEES—continued.

No. OF COMMITTEE.	DESIGNATION OF COMMITTEE.	WHEN AND HOW APPOINTED.	MEMBERS.	CHAIRMAN.	No. OF MEETINGS.		No. OF WITNESSES EXAMINED.	WHEN REPORTED.
					Called.	Held.		
15	Sydney Hospital Bill	11 March, 1881. Votes No. 33, Entry 5..... (On motion of Dr. Renwick.)	{ Dr. Renwick, Mr. Abigail, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Burdekin, Mr. H. C. Dangar, Mr. Hezlett, Mr. Poole, Mr. Roseby, Mr. R. B. Smith.	Dr. Renwick.....	1	1	2	16 March, 1881.
16	Chapman's Estate Leasing Bill.....	18 March, 1881. Votes No. 37, Entry 8..... (On motion of Mr. Garrett.)	{ Mr. Garrett, Mr. Tarrant, Mr. Burdekin, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Fremelin, Mr. Douglas, Mr. Withers, Mr. Roseby.	Mr. Garrett	1	1	4	23 March, 1881.
17	Jeanneret's Tramway Bill	18 March, 1881. Votes No. 37, Entry 9.....	{ Mr. Farnell, Mr. See, Mr. Hezlet, Mr. Byrnes, Mr. Lackey, Mr. Jacob, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. McCulloch, Mr. Withers, Mr. Burns.	Mr. Farnell	3	2	7	29 March, 1881.
18	Osborne's Leasing Bill	22 March, 1881. Votes No. 38, Entry 13..... (On motion of Mr. Reid.)	{ Mr. Reid, Mr. Edmund Barton, Mr. Russell Barton, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Cass, Mr. H. C. Dangar, Mr. Fremelin, Mr. Hezlet, Mr. Jacob.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
19	Bates's Estate Bill	23 March, 1881. Votes No. 39, Entry 5..... (On motion of Mr. Garrett, for Mr. Edmund Barton.)	{ Mr. Edmund Barton, Mr. Brodribb, Mr. Burdekin, Mr. Burns, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Purves, Mr. Reid, Mr. Trickett, Mr. Teece.	Mr. Edmund Barton	1	1	7	29 March, 1881.
20	Transfer of Land at North Shore to John William Haynes.	24 March, 1881, a.m. Votes No. 39, Entry 11 (On motion of Mr. Farnell.)	{ Mr. Farnell, Mr. Jacob, Mr. Terry, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Stephen Brown, Sir Henry Parkes, Mr. Lync, Mr. Burns, Mr. Davies, Mr. Copeland.	Mr. Farnell	3	3	7	5 April, 1881.
21	Vale of Olwydd and Lithgow Valley Company's Incorporation Bill.	4 April, 1881. Votes No. 46, Entry 14..... (On motion of Mr. Foster.)	{ Mr. Foster, Mr. Burdekin, Mr. Burns, Mr. Fremelin, Mr. Garrard, Mr. Martin, Mr. Cass, Mr. Terry, Mr. Withers.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

STEPHEN W. JONES,
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly.

Legislative Assembly Offices,
Sydney, 6 April, 1881.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

MATRIMONIAL CAUSES ACT AMENDMENT ACT.

(DESPATCH DISALLOWING.)

Presented to Parliament by Command.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies to His Excellency the Governor.

(No. 18.)

My Lord,

Downing-street, 22 June, 1880.

The question of the advice to be tendered to Her Majesty with respect to the Bill passed by the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales and reserved by you for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure, entitled An Act to amend the law relating to Divorce and Matrimonial Causes, a transcript of which accompanied your despatch, No. 62, of the 4th of December last, has been under the consideration of Her Majesty's Government; and, after careful examination of the very grave issues raised by this measure, they have arrived at the decision which I have now the honor to convey to your Lordship.

2. Her Majesty's Government are fully sensible of the force of the reasons which induced their predecessors to advise Her Majesty to withhold Her assent from two Bills previously passed by the Colonial Legislature, identical with the Bill now in question, viz. :—(1) the inexpediency of introducing conflict and divergence on a most important subject affecting family and social relations, between the law of New South Wales and that of England and every other part (except Scotland) of the British Empire (including the other Australian Colonies, between which and New South Wales there is a constant interchange of population); and (2) the confusion and uncertainty as to the validity of subsequent marriages, the status of children, and rights of succession to property, which would ensue if sentences of dissolution of marriage were pronounced by the Court of New South Wales the validity of which was not recognized in other countries. But, whilst on the general ground that it is much to be lamented that a different marriage law should prevail in different parts of the Empire, Her Majesty's Government very greatly regret that the New South Wales Legislature has determined to persevere in this measure, they have come to the conclusion that it is not their duty any longer to resist the principle of a Bill which has now been passed for the third time, and with full knowledge of the objections to which I have referred; provided certain modifications are introduced into it, which I will now proceed to explain.

3. Her Majesty's Government understand the object of those who introduced and supported the Bill in the Council and Assembly to be, that a sentence for dissolution of marriage on the ground of the husband's adultery, may be pronounced by the Matrimonial Court of the Colony, when, and only when, the parties are domiciled in New South Wales. In order effectually to secure this object, they are of opinion that it should be made a condition, by express words in the Act, that any Judge pronouncing such a sentence should first be satisfied by sufficient evidence in the suit that the married parties were so domiciled. Of all questions of fact which may require incidental determination for the purpose of ascertaining rights of status, succession or inheritance, it would be impossible to suggest one more frequently involving difficult and complicated inquiries and voluminous evidence than that of domicile; and it is most important that it should be clearly laid down by law as the duty of a tribunal on which it is proposed to confer a new matrimonial jurisdiction, dependent for its effect on domicile, to require proof of that domicile as the foundation of its jurisdiction, and to afford easy means of obviating, by the judgment and evidence on record, the questions which might otherwise be liable to arise in neighbouring Colonies, or in Great Britain or elsewhere, at a distance of time, and after the re-marriage or death of either of the parties. The proof of domicile, when both parties are living, will generally be much more easy and simple than after their deaths, and (in the absence of collusion) even an admission of the fact of domicile by a husband defendant upon the record, so made as to satisfy the Judge, might often be held conclusive if an attempt were afterwards made to raise the same question.

4. Her Majesty's Government are confident that the Colonial Legislature will not object to such an amendment of the Bill as may secure that the fact of domicile should in all cases be substantiated, as a necessary condition of the exercise of the jurisdiction; and if this should be done they will be prepared to advise Her Majesty to give Her assent to a Bill passed in that form.

5. But in the absence of such an express condition, they think that there would be a very serious risk of suits being instituted and sentences of dissolution of marriage pronounced under the proposed law in cases in which there was no real colonial domicile, and of the consequent confusion and uncertainty above adverted to. I am therefore unable to submit the Bill in its present shape for Her Majesty's assent.

I have, &c.,

KIMBERLEY.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

MATRIMONIAL CAUSES ACT AMENDMENT ACT.

(FURTHER DESPATCH RESPECTING DISALLOWANCE OF.)

Presented to Parliament by Command.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies to His Excellency the Governor.

(No. 66.)

My Lord,

Downing-street, 15 November, 1880.

As I understand that some doubt has been raised as to the precise meaning on one point of my despatch No. 18 of the 22nd June last, on the subject of the Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Bill, passed by the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, I have the honor to inform you that the time at which it is intended that the domicile of the parties should be established by proof is the time of the commencement of the suit.

I have, &c.,

KIMBERLEY.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

CONSTITUTIONALITY OF AN EXPIRING PARLIAMENT VOTING
SUPPLIES FOR A PERIOD WHOLLY SUBSEQUENT TO THE LEGAL
TERM OF ITS OWN EXISTENCE.

(CORRESPONDENCE.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 9 March, 1881.

The Colonial Secretary, New South Wales, to Alpheus Todd, Esquire.

My dear Sir,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 14 July, 1880.

I am desirous of obtaining your opinion on the following case. If you wish it, I will of course consider your opinion as private.

The Legislative Assembly of New South Wales is elected for three years. The return of the Writs for the present House was the 26th November, 1877, and it consequently expires by effluxion of time on the 26th November next.

Parliament after the third Session was prorogued yesterday. The annual Appropriation Acts for the three years ending on the 31st December next have been passed and assented to respectively on the 21st May, 1878, the 24th July, 1879, and the 2nd July, 1880. Would it be constitutionally competent for the present House* to vote the supplies for the financial year 1881, commencing on the 1st January, more than a month after it has itself ceased to exist?

I may mention that, among the measures of the Session just closed, a new Electoral Act has been passed, under the provisions of which the Elections to the next Assembly must take place, probably in October next.

Yours very truly,
HENRY PARKES.

Alpheus Todd, Esquire, to The Colonial Secretary, New South Wales.

My dear Sir Henry,

Ottawa, 16 September, 1880.

Your letter of 14th July only reached me yesterday, owing to the fact that I had just returned from a holiday trip to England, for rest, after the publication of my last book.

You inquire of me as to the constitutionality of a vote of money to defray the ordinary expenses of Government for a period wholly subsequent to that of the legal existence of the Parliament itself—in other words, whether it would be constitutionally competent for a Parliament which would expire by effluxion of time on 26th November, 1880, to vote, in a Session ending in July, 1880, supplies for the service of the fiscal year commencing on 1st January following.

Such a proceeding would undoubtedly be highly irregular. Parliament may vote money for a limited and specific purpose, to be applied out of the Consolidated Fund, "from time to time," for an indefinite period, as in the case of the grant for fortifying the English coast. (See Todd, *Parl. Gov.*, v. 1, ff. 494-496, Act 28 and 29 Vict. c. 61.) Even in such a case there is a reserved right in Parliament to redistribute such an appropriation. (See *Imp. Act* 30 Vict. c. 24.)

But when Parliament is about to be dissolved, or to expire, under whatever circumstances, it is customary and proper "to restrict the grant of supplies (*i.e.*, the ordinary supplies for the support of Government) to an amount sufficient to defray the indispensable requirements of the Public Service until the new Parliament can be assembled." (Todd, *P.G.*, v. 2, p. 404.)

This rule, however, must not be so strongly urged or insisted upon as to debar the Legislature, at its discretion, from voting supplies for the whole of the current financial year, albeit but one quarter of the same should have expired before the close of the existing Parliament. In 1868, by common consent, and for reasons of public convenience, notwithstanding that a dissolution of Parliament was agreed upon in the month of June (which took place in November, the new Parliament meeting in December), the supplies for the whole fiscal year ending March 31, 1869, were actually granted before the prorogation of Parliament in July, 1868.

But

* This sentence should have contained, after the word House, the words "in another Session." For want of some such specific explanation Mr. Todd has assumed that the Session ending in July was meant. This does not, however, affect the question of principle.

But it would be undoubtedly irregular, and contrary to the first principles of constitutional practice, for an existing Parliament to assume the right of appropriating the annual supplies for the ordinary expenses of the Public Service for a period of time which should *commence* subsequent to the date of its own legal existence.

The only circumstances under which an exception could properly be allowed to the operation of this constitutional rule would be, in the event of the close of the financial year being about to occur within a very short period of the anticipated, or actual dissolution of Parliament. In such an event it would be allowable to vote *a portion* of the supplies for the service of the ensuing year; but such an amount should be strictly limited to the actual necessity of the case, and should in no wise fetter or restrict the discretion of the new Parliament (or, possibly, of the new Administration) in dealing with the bulk of supply required to be voted for the service of the future year.

This, however, is outside of the question you ask, which deals with the propriety of voting in July for the service of a whole fiscal year *beginning* on the 1st of January *following*, and voting, not merely a small sum, in anticipation, to consist of ordinary unopposed items for the service of the State, until the usual time for the regular annual Session, but voting, as I understand you to suggest, the entire bulk of the year's supply. This, I have no hesitation in saying, would be a highly irregular and unconstitutional proceeding.

Hoping you will find this explanation sufficiently clear and satisfactory,—

I remain,

Dear Sir Henry,

Truly yours,

ALPHEUS TODD.

P.S.—You are at liberty to make what use you please of this communication.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

ELECTION PETITION—HART AND OTHERS v. JACOB—GLOUCESTER.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE

OF

ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS;

TOGETHER WITH THE

MINUTES OF THE PROCEEDINGS

AND

EVIDENCE.

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,
9 *March*, 1881.

SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

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1880-81.

EXTRACTS FROM THE VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS.

ELECTION PETITION—HART AND OTHERS v. JACOB—GLOUCESTER.

VOTES No. 3. FRIDAY, 17 DECEMBER, 1880.

32. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS :—Mr. Speaker, pursuant to the requirement of the Electoral Act of 1880, laid upon the Table his Warrant appointing the Committee of Elections and Qualifications for the present Session, of which the following is a copy :—

*By the Honorable the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly
of New South Wales.*

“Pursuant to the power in that behalf vested in me, as Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, by the Electoral Act of 1880, I do hereby appoint

“Robert Palmer Abbott, Esquire,
“Edward Combes, Esq., C.M.G.,
“Henry Carey Dangar, Esquire,
“John Dillon, Esquire,

“William John Foster, Esquire,
“Arthur Renwick, Esquire, M.D.,
“Alexander Stuart, Esquire,

“being Members of the said Assombly, to be Members of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications in the said Act referred to, during the present Session of the Assembly aforesaid.

“Given under my hand, at the Legislative Assombly Chamber, Macquarie-street,
“Sydney, this seventeenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one
“thousand eight hundred and eighty.

“G. WIGRAM ALLEN,
“Speaker.”

VOTES No. 7. FRIDAY, 14 JANUARY, 1881.

7. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS :—

(1.) *Maturity of Warrant reported*:—Mr. Speaker reported that his Warrant appointing the Committee of Elections and Qualifications for the present Session, laid upon the Table on Friday, 17th December, 1880, not having been disapproved by the Assembly in the course of the three next sitting days on which the Assembly met for the despatch of business, had now taken effect as an appointment of such Committee; and intimated that it was therefore open to Members of the Committee to be sworn at the Table by the Clerk, in accordance with the 59th section of the Electoral Act of 1880.

(2.) *Members of Committee sworn*:—Whereupon Henry Carey Dangar, Esquire, William John Foster, Esquire, and Arthur Renwick, Esq., came to the Table, and were severally sworn by the Clerk as Members of the said Committee.

VOTES No. 8. TUESDAY, 18 JANUARY, 1881.

4. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS :—Edward Combes, Esquire, and Alexander Stuart, Esquire, came to the Table, and were sworn by the Clerk as Members of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications.

VOTES No. 9. WEDNESDAY, 19 JANUARY, 1881.

8. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS :—John Dillon, Esquire, and Robert Palmer Abbott, Esquire, came to the Table, and were sworn by the Clerk as Members of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications.

VOTES No. 12. TUESDAY, 25 JANUARY, 1881.

ELECTION PETITION (*Gloucester*) :—Sir Henry Parkes, *by Command*, laid upon the Table an Election Petition which had been addressed to His Excellency the Governor from John S. Hart and others, protesting against the election to the Legislative Assembly of Archibald Hamilton Jacob as the Member for the Electoral District of Gloucester; and praying that the Petition may be dealt with according to law, and that the return of the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob may be declared null and void; and that Charles Wood Readett may be declared as duly elected as the Member for the said Electoral District.

Ordered, on motion of Sir Henry Parkes, to be referred to the Committee of Elections and Qualifications.

9. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS :—Pursuant to the requirement of the 59th section of the Electoral Act of 1880, Mr. Speaker appointed the first meeting of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications to take place at Eleven o'clock a.m., on Tuesday, 1st February, 1881, in Committee Room No. 2,

VOTES

VOTES No. 15. TUESDAY, 8 FEBRUARY, 1881.

2. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS:—Pursuant to the requirement of the 59th section of the Electoral Act of 1880, Mr. Speaker appointed the first meeting of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications to take place at 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, 10th February, 1881, in Committee Room No. 2 the meeting appointed for Tuesday, 1st February, having lapsed in consequence of an adjournment of the House.

VOTES No. 31. WEDNESDAY, 9 MARCH, 1881.

3. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS.—(*Hart and others v. Jacob*):—Dr. Renwick, as Chairman *pro tem.*, brought up the Report from, and laid upon the Table the Minutes of Proceedings of, and Evidence taken before, the Committee of Elections and Qualifications, relative to the Petition of John S. Hart and others against the return of Archibald Hamilton Jacob as the Member for the Electoral District of Gloucester, which was referred to the said Committee on 25th January last.

And the said Report having been read by the Clerk, by direction of Mr. Speaker, as follows:—

“The Committee of Elections and Qualifications duly appointed on the 17th December, 1880, to whom was referred on the 25th January, 1881, a Petition from John S. Hart and others, against the return of Archibald Hamilton Jacob, Esquire, as Member for the Electoral District of Gloucester, have determined and do hereby accordingly declare,—

“That Archibald Hamilton Jacob, Esquire, has been duly elected as Member for the Electoral District of Gloucester.

“No. 2 Committee Room,
“9th March, 1881,—

“ARTHUR RENWICK,
“Chairman *pro tem.*”

Ordered, on motion of Dr. Renwick, that the Report and Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence be printed.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

ELECTION PETITION—HART AND OTHERS v. JACOB—GLOUCESTER.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE

OF

ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS.

THE COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS, duly appointed on the 17th December, 1880, to whom was referred on the 25th January, 1881, a Petition from John S. Hart and others, against the return of Archibald Hamilton Jacob, Esquire, as Member for the Electoral District of Gloucester, have determined and do hereby accordingly declare,—

That Archibald Hamilton Jacob, Esquire, has been duly elected as Member for the Electoral District of Gloucester.

ARTHUR RENWICK,

Chairman *pro tem.*

No. 2 Committee Room,

9th March, 1881.

1880-81.

**MINUTES OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND
QUALIFICATIONS.**

In the matter of the Petition which has been addressed to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Augustus William Frederick Spencer Loftus, Governor, from John S. Hart, John Riddell Fenwick, J.P., James Hill, George Gale Street, R. D. M'Pherson, James Thorn, Thomas Adam, junior, Peter Markey, James M'Pherson, and Red. Mayo, alleging that, for the reasons therein stated, Charles Wood Readett was the duly and legally elected Member for the Electoral District of Gloucester, and not Archibald Hamilton Jacob, the sitting Member.

THURSDAY, 10 FEBRUARY, 1881.

MEMBERS PRESENT :—

Mr. Foster,	|	Dr. Renwick,
Mr. Stuart,	|	Mr. R. P. Abbott,
	|	Mr. Combes.

In attendance,—

The Second Clerk Assistant.

1. On motion of Mr. Stuart, Mr. Foster was elected Chairman.
2. The Clerk, by direction of the Chairman, read the extract from the Votes and Proceedings referring to the appointment of the Committee,—the extract by which the Petition of John S. Hart and others was referred to the Committee,—and the extracts appointing the first meeting of the Committee. (*Vide* Extracts pages 3 and 4).
3. The Clerk then, by direction of the Chairman, read the Petition of John S. Hart and others, to which the Bank deposit receipt was attached, as follows :—

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Augustus William Frederick Spencer Loftus, Knight Grand Cross of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of New South Wales and its Dependencies,—

The humble Petition of John S. Hart, John Riddell Fenwick, James Hill, George Gale Street, R. D. M'Pherson, James Thorn, Thomas Adam, junior, Peter Markey, James M'Pherson, Red. Mayo, Voters and Electors for the Electoral District of Gloucester, in the Colony of New South Wales,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH :—

1. That an Election took place at and for the said Electoral District of Gloucester on the 27th day of November, 1880, for a Member to sit and serve in the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for the said Electorate.
2. That two candidates were duly nominated for the said Seat, namely, Archibald Hamilton Jacob, and Charles Wood Readett, Esquires.
3. That the Returning Officer, on the day of the declaration of the poll for the said Electorate, declared the numbers of the votes polled for the respective candidates as follows, namely,—for the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob, 471, and for the said Charles Wood Readett, 468; and thereupon declared the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob to be duly elected as a Member of the said Assembly for the said Electorate of Gloucester by a majority of three votes; and the said Returning Officer afterwards endorsed on the said Writ for the said Election the name of the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob as the person so elected, and returned the said Writ to the Honorable the Speaker of the said Legislative Assembly.
4. That your Petitioners, who are duly qualified electors, and whose names are on the Electoral Roll of the Gloucester Electorate aforesaid, and who attended and voted at the said Election on the said Polling Day, do respectfully object and protest against the Election of the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob as a Member for the said Electorate at the said Election.
5. And we respectfully submit that the said Election of the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob is illegal and void, upon the grounds and for the reasons following, namely—
 - 1st. That the polling booth at Copeland was closed during a portion of the Polling Day, whereby several voters were prevented from recording their votes, as they otherwise might and would have done.
 - 2nd. That several ballot-papers received on behalf of the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob at different polling booths were informal, as your Petitioners are informed and verily believe, and they pray a scrutiny of the ballot-papers now in the hands of the Clerk of the Assembly.
 - 3rd. That several ballot-papers containing votes in favour of the said Charles Wood Readett were wrongly rejected, as informal by the Returning Officer and Presiding Officers at different polling booths.
 - 4th. That your Petitioners respectfully submit that the foregoing objections, or some or one of them, are fatal to the return of the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob as a Member for the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, and that the said Charles Wood Readett was the duly and legally elected Member at the said Election, and not the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob.
 - 5th. That your Petitioners, pursuant to the Electoral Act of 1880, have caused the sum of £100 to be paid into the Bank of New South Wales to the credit of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly in relation to this Petition, and the Bank deposit receipt for such payment is hereto annexed.

Your

Your Petitioners therefore humbly pray that this Petition may be dealt with according to law, and that the said return of the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob as a Member of the said Legislative Assembly for the said Electoral District of Gloucester may be declared null and void for the reasons aforesaid, or for any or one of them ; and that it may be declared and determined that the said Archibald Hamilton Jacob, for the reasons aforesaid, was not lawfully elected, and is not such Member of the said Legislative Assembly for the said Electoral District of Gloucester.

And that it may be declared and determined that the said Charles Wood Readett was duly elected at the said Election to serve and be a Member of the said Assembly for the said Electoral District of Gloucester, and is entitled to take his Seat in the said Legislative Assembly as such Member.

And that such further order and determination may be made in the premises as shall be just and lawful. And your Petitioners will, as in duty bound, ever pray.

JOHN S. HART.
JOHN RIDDELL FENWICK, J.P.
JAMES HILL.
GEORGE GALE STREET.
R. D. M'PHERSON.
JAMES THORN.
THOMAS ADAM, JUNIOR.
PETER MARKEY.
JAMES M'PHERSON.
RCD. MAYO.

Newcastle, 21 January, 1881.

PAID into the Bank of New South Wales the sum of one hundred pounds, to be placed to the credit of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, by the hands of

JNO. S. HART,
Per C. W. READETT.

£100.

Duplicate—

H. B. COTTON, Manager.

- The Clerk submitted a letter from the Honorable the Speaker to the Committee, enclosing a certified copy of a letter he had received from Archibald Hamilton Jacob, Esquire, giving notice of his intention to defend his Seat, which the Clerk read, by direction of the Chairman, as follows :—

“ Legislative Assembly Chamber, Sydney, 27 January, 1881.

“ The Committee of Elections and Qualifications,—

“ Gentlemen,

“ I have the honor to transmit to you herewith, a copy of a letter received by me this day from Archibald Hamilton Jacob, Esquire, the sitting Member for Gloucester, giving notice of his intention to defend his return, against which a Petition is now under your consideration.

“ I have, &c.,

“ G. WIGRAM ALLEN,
“ Speaker.”

[Enclosure.]

“ The Hon. the Speaker,—

“ Sir,

“ Sydney, 27 January, 1881.

“ I beg to inform you that it is my intention to defend the Seat I occupy as Member for Gloucester against the Petition of Messrs. Hart, Fenwick, and others.

“ I have, &c.,

“ ARCHD. H. JACOB.”

A true copy.—G.W.A.

- Room cleared.
- Committee deliberated,—and ordered that Archibald H. Jacob, Esquire, the Sitting Member ; Charles W. Readett, Esquire ; and the parties to the Petition, be informed of the date of the next meeting of the Committee.

Committee adjourned until Thursday next, at half-past Eleven o'clock.

JOHN A. VIVIAN,
Second Clerk Assistant.

THURSDAY, 17 FEBRUARY, 1881.

MEMBERS PRESENT :—

Mr. Foster, in the Chair.

Dr. Renwick,	Mr. Combes,
Mr. R. P. Abbott,	Mr. Stuart.

In attendance,—

The Second Clerk Assistant.

Present :—

Mr. Archibald H. Jacob (*the Sitting Member.*)
Mr. Charles W. Readett (*Solicitor for the Petitioners.*)
Mr. Charles G. Heydon (*Counsel for the Petitioners.*)

- The Clerk, by direction of the Chairman, read the Minutes of the previous meeting, which were confirmed.
- Room cleared.
- Committee deliberated.
- Parties called in.
- Mr. Heydon addressed the Committee for the Petitioners ; and objection being taken to certain statements in his address,—
- Room cleared.
- Committee deliberated ; and decided that Counsel should confine his case to the reasons stated in the Petition against the return of Mr. Jacob.
- Parties called in ; and Mr. Heydon concluded his address.
- Mr. Jacob addressed the Committee on his own behalf.

10. Ordered, That Mr. William Massey, Mr. Frederick Wrathers, Mr. Benjamin Benjamin, Mr. Williams, Mr. Charles De Boos, and Mr. Denis M. Daly be summoned to give evidence at the next meeting. Committee adjourned until Thursday next, at half-past Eleven o'clock.

JOHN A. VIVIAN,
Second Clerk Assistant.

THURSDAY, 24 FEBRUARY, 1881.

MEMBERS PRESENT :—

Mr. Foster,
Dr. Renwick,

Mr. Combes,
Mr. R. P. Abbott.

In attendance,—
The Second Clerk Assistant.

Present,—

- Mr. Archibald H. Jacob (*the Sitting Member*).
Mr. Charles W. Readett (*Solicitor for the Petitioners*).
Mr. Charles A. Coghlan (*Counsel for the Petitioners, in the absence of Mr. Heydon*).

There not being a Quorum present one hour after the time appointed for the meeting, the Members present adjourned until Wednesday next, at half-past Eleven o'clock.

JOHN A. VIVIAN,
Second Clerk Assistant.

WEDNESDAY, 2 MARCH, 1881.

MEMBERS PRESENT :—

Mr. Foster, in the Chair.

Mr. Combes,
Mr. R. P. Abbott,

Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Stuart.

In attendance,—
The Second Clerk Assistant.

Present,—

- Mr. Archibald H. Jacob (*the Sitting Member*).
Mr. Charles W. Readett (*Solicitor for the Petitioners*).
Mr. Charles A. Coghlan (*Counsel for the Petitioners*).

1. The Clerk, by direction of the Chairman, read the Minutes of the two previous meetings, which were confirmed.
2. Mr. Coghlan proceeded to open the case for the Petitioners, and addressed the Committee on their behalf.
3. Stephen W. Jones, Esq., Clerk of the Legislative Assembly, sworn and examined. Witness produced the Writ certifying to the return of Archibald Hamilton Jacob, Esquire, as Member for Gloucester, and also the Ballot-papers, &c., used at the late General Election for Gloucester.
4. Mr. John Richardson, Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Gloucester, called in, sworn, and examined. Witness withdrew.
5. Mr. Coghlan asked for a scrutiny of the Ballot-papers, which request was acceded to, but the Committee decided to proceed at once with the examination of the other witnesses.
6. Mr. John Williams, Presiding Officer at Copeland, called in, sworn, and examined. Witness withdrew.
7. Mr. Benjamin Benjamin, Poll Clerk at Copeland, called in, sworn, and examined. Witness withdrew.
8. Mr. Charles De Boos, Police Magistrate, Temora, formerly Police Magistrate at Copeland, called in, sworn, and examined. Witness withdrew.
9. Mr. William Massey called in, sworn, and examined. The packet containing the Electoral Rolls used at the late election for Gloucester was opened, and the witness identified his name on the Roll as an Elector. Witness withdrew.
10. Mr. Denis M. Daly, called in, sworn, and examined. Witness withdrew.
11. Mr. John Richardson, Returning Officer, recalled, and again examined. Committee proceeded to a scrutiny of the Ballot-papers.
12. Mr. Coghlan addressed the Committee on behalf of the Petitioners.
13. Mr. Jacob addressed the Committee on his own behalf.
14. Room cleared.
15. Committee deliberated. Committee adjourned until Friday next, at half-past Ten o'clock.

JOHN A. VIVIAN,
Second Clerk Assistant.

FRIDAY, 4 MARCH, 1881.

MEMBERS PRESENT :—

Mr. Foster in the Chair.

Mr. Stuart,
Mr. R. P. Abbott,

Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Combes.

In attendance,—
The Second Clerk Assistant.

Present,—

Present—

Mr. Archibald H. Jacob (*the Sitting Member*).

The Committee, after deliberation, unanimously agreed to proceed, notwithstanding an adjournment of the House over this day, and without having special leave.

1. The Clerk, by direction of the Chairman, read the Minutes of the previous meeting, which were confirmed.
2. Room cleared,—and the Committee proceeded to a further scrutiny of the Ballot-papers, which resulted as follows:—

Mr. Jacob, 473.	|	Mr. Readett, 468.
Informal, 21.		

3. Committee deliberated, and agreed that neither of the objections set forth in the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd paragraphs of the Petition against the return of Mr. Jacob had been sustained.
4. The Clerk submitted applications made for the expenses of Witnesses.

Committee deliberated.
Mr. Abbott moved,—

That the Chairman be authorized to sign certificates for the Witnesses called by the Petitioners, as follows:—

Mr. John Richardson	...	...	...	...	...	...	£8	8	0
Mr. Frederick Wrathers	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	0
Mr. Denis M. Daly	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	0
Mr. William Massey	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	0
Mr. Charles De Boos	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	10	0
Mr. Benjamin Benjamin	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	0
Mr. John Williams	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	15	0
								£68	5	0

Question put and agreed to.

Ordered, that the Petitioners be liable for the payment of the expenses of the Witnesses.

Committee adjourned until Wednesday next, at half-past Eleven o'clock.

JOHN A. VIVIAN,
Second Clerk Assistant.

WEDNESDAY, 9 MARCH, 1881.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Mr. Stuart,	|	Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Combes,		Dr. Renwick,
Mr. R. P. Abbott.		

In attendance,—

The Second Clerk Assistant.

In the absence of the Chairman, Dr. Renwick was elected Chairman *pro tem*.

1. The Clerk, by direction of the Chairman, read the Minutes of the previous meeting, which were confirmed.
2. Committee deliberated as to Report.

Mr. Abbott moved,—that the following be the Report of the Committee:—

“That Archibald Hamilton Jacob, Esquire, has been duly elected as Member for the Electoral District of Gloucester.”

Mr. Dangar moved, That the Question be amended by the addition of the words,—That the Committee make no award as to costs.

Question put,—That the words proposed to be added be so added.

Committee divided.

Aye, 1.	|	Noes, 4.
Mr. H. C. Dangar.		Mr. Combes,
		Mr. Stuart,
		Mr. R. P. Abbott,
		Dr. Renwick.

Original Question then put and agreed to.

Chairman to report to the House accordingly.

3. Mr. Dangar moved,—

That before bringing up the Report, the Chairman report to the House, that a point had been raised and considered, whether they were justified in proceeding upon a day during the whole of which the House stood adjourned.

Question put.

Committee divided.

Aye, 1.	|	Noes, 4.
Mr. H. C. Dangar.		Mr. Combes,
		Mr. Stuart,
		Mr. R. P. Abbott,
		Dr. Renwick.

The Committee then proceeded with Mr. Holborow's case,—and adjourned until Tuesday next, at half-past Eleven o'clock.

JOHN A. VIVIAN,
Second Clerk Assistant.

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COMMITTEE
OF
ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS.

ELECTION PETITION—HART AND OTHERS V. JACOB—GLOUCESTER.

WEDNESDAY, 2 MARCH, 1881

Present :—

R. P. Abbott, Esq., E. Combes, Esq., C.M.G.,	|	H. C. Dangar, Esq., A. Stuart, Esq.
W. J. Foster, Esq., in the Chair.		

A. H. Jacob, Esq. (the sitting Member), appeared on his own behalf.

C. A. Coghlan, Esq., appeared as Counsel on behalf of the Petitioners.

Stephen W. Jones, Esq., having been sworn, was examined :—

1. *Mr. Coghlan.*] You are Clerk of the Legislative Assembly? I am.
2. Do you produce the writ for the Gloucester election? I do.
3. What name is returned in that writ? Archibald Hamilton Jacob. (*The witness produced the same.*)
4. Has Mr. Jacob taken his Seat? He has.
5. And is now the sitting Member for Gloucester? He is.
6. Does it show the respective number of votes upon the return? No; I have no such information.
7. Do you produce the ballot-papers? I produce a packet endorsed by the Returning Officer as containing the ballot-papers. (*The witness produced the same.*)
8. Do you also produce the electoral rolls? I produce a second packet endorsed as containing the electoral rolls—I am not aware of the contents. (*The witness produced the same.*)
9. *Mr. Stuart.*] These packets have not been opened? They have not been opened.
10. They are in the same state as when you received them? They are
11. *Chairman.*] They are sealed as you received them? They are sealed as I received them.
12. *Mr. Dangar.*] You do not know what these packets contain I suppose? I do not.
13. You believe them to contain the ballot-papers and electoral rolls? I accept them for what they are endorsed, and in acknowledging their receipt I specially state that to the Returning Officer; I acknowledge the receipt of packets "endorsed as containing."
14. *Chairman.*] These were sent in to you by the Returning Officer? They were. There is a certificate of mine to that effect on the parcel. I have placed this endorsement on the package :—"I certify that this package, endorsed as containing ballot-papers, Gloucester electorate, was transmitted to me in due course by the Returning Officer of the Electoral District of Gloucester. Received by me, this 8th day of December, 1880."
15. That certificate is correct? Yes, in accordance with the Electoral Act. The Act requires that.

S. W. Jones,
Esq.
2 March, 1881.

John Richardson, Esquire, having been sworn, was examined :—

16. *Mr. Coghlan.*] You were Returning Officer for the electorate of Gloucester at the last election? I was.
17. Under what authority did you act? Of the Governor, endorsed by Sir Henry Parkes.
18. Was that addressed to you? (*Handing the writ.*) Yes; that is my signature.
19. You are the person named? Yes.
20. What return was made to that writ? That Mr. Jacob was returned as duly elected for Gloucester.
21. Do you know the number of votes polled for each candidate? From memory, I think Mr. Jacob 471, and Mr. Readett 468.
22. Have you any means of fixing it? I sent the returns to the Colonial Secretary.
23. Look at those ballot-papers. (*Referring to package marked B.*) Were they fastened and in the same state as they are now? Yes, in the same state.
24. What does that package contain? Ballot-papers.
25. How made up? Sealed.
26. Of how many packets? Eighteen separate packets.
27. Are the votes polled for Jacob and Readett mixed together or separate? I suppose so—they are just as I received them.
28. From the various polling-places? From the various polling-places.
29. *Mr. Dangar.*] Do I understand you that the votes from the different polling-places are in separate packets? Yes; each in separate packets—eighteen packets.

J. Richardson,
Esq.
2 March, 1881.

- J. Richardson,
Esq.
2 March, 1881.
30. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Did you appoint presiding officers at the different polling-places? I did.
31. Did you appoint the officer at Copeland? I did.
32. Do you remember the name? John Williams, junior.
33. Did you appoint the places where the poll was to be taken? I instructed them to procure rooms for booths.
34. Did you mention the rooms in particular cases—in any instances? I think I did in one or two instances. I told them to get the Court-house where it was possible to do so.
35. You say in one or two instances you gave special instructions? Yes.
36. Did you give these instructions to Mr. Williams? I think I said it would be better to get the Court-house, and he objected to it as not being central, I think.
37. What was the order you gave Mr. Williams? I told him it would be better if he could get the Court-house at Copeland, and in fact I knew he could get it.
38. At what polling-place did you preside? At Stroud.
39. Do you remember rejecting any votes as informal? Yes.
40. Will you describe to the Committee the general style of votes you considered informal? I could hardly remember all of them; some of them I can. One in particular had a signature to it, and in another the word "ballot-paper" was struck out.
41. *Chairman.*] Were the informal votes put by themselves? In my case they were; I cannot say about the others.
42. *Mr. Dangar.*] To the best of your belief, is that parcel (*marked B*) in the same condition as when you sent it in? Exactly; I am quite sure.
43. Do you know whether it is the practice to put the regular ballot-papers by themselves, and the informal by themselves? I do not know.
44. *Mr. Combes.*] You did not examine any of the voting papers of the outlying districts? No; only my own.
45. *Chairman.*] Are the papers marked as set aside as informal? Yes; they all have my initials upon them.

Mr. John Williams, having been sworn, was examined.

- Mr. J.
Williams.
2 March, 1881.
46. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Did you act as Presiding Officer at Copeland at the last election? Yes.
47. Copeland is one of the polling-places for the electorate of Gloucester? Yes.
48. In what place was the polling held? In an empty cottage in or about the centre of Copeland North.
49. How many rooms were there in this cottage? To the best of my belief there were two.
50. Was it a substantially built cottage, or a dilapidated temporary place? It seemed pretty substantial. It was a wooden building—a slab building I should term it.
51. What directions did you receive from the Returning Officer as to the place where you should hold this poll? I can hardly just say. I think something was mentioned about the Court-house. It has really escaped my memory now. I think we were supposed not to take a booth when there was a Court-house in the vicinity. I had the use of this cottage free of cost, and as it was centrally situated I thought it was more convenient for the public than the Court-house, which was some little distance away.
52. *Mr. Dangar.*] Had you written instructions from the Returning Officer? Rules to go by?
53. Did the Returning Officer, when he appointed you, give you written instructions as to how you were to act—what you were to do? I do not think so; I am not certain. All the papers I received I returned back to the Returning Officer.
54. When the Returning Officer appointed you, did you get any written instructions from him as to how you should act? No.
55. Was your appointment simply a verbal one? Well, there was a paper with some writing upon it—extracts—but I cannot say whether it was instructions or a rule to go by—extracts; it was written extracts, I think.
56. How were you appointed—were you appointed verbally—did you see the Returning Officer? I saw him personally, in Stroud.
57. *Mr. Stuart.*] Did he just say, "Go and be the Presiding Officer," or did he give you a written appointment?
58. *Mr. Dangar.*] Surely you can recollect whether you got a written appointment or not? I had no written appointment; all the writing I got was a set of rules, as it were, on a sheet of paper—quotations, I think, from the Electoral Act, to go by.
59. Instructions for your guidance? Yes.
60. *Mr. Coghlan.*] At what time did you open the polling-place? I cannot exactly say the time—somewhere about 8; it might be a little before or it might be a little after.
61. It might have been after? It might have been a few minutes. I had to hasten to get a few chairs and a table and the ballot-box at one of the country stores. I really did not take notice of the time.
62. When did you finally close the poll? At 4 o'clock precisely, by the telegraph time. I corrected my time on going to the poll at the Telegraph Office clock.
63. *Chairman.*] Did you sign the declaration before a Justice of the Peace, as required in the Act, before you accepted the office of Presiding Officer? I signed it before Mr. De Boos.
64. In the form given in the Act? Yes.
65. *Mr. Coghlan.*] What became of the declaration you signed—to whom did you give it? I left it with Mr. De Boos.
66. You do not know what Mr. De Boos did with it? I do not. It has just occurred to me—my memory is not very good—that I had instructions from the Returning Officer. Did I say I had not, or did I say I had?
67. You said you were not certain about the mode of your appointment? I got an appointment in writing; it has occurred to me since—I am very forgetful.
68. Between 8 and 4 o'clock, do you remember leaving the polling-place? Yes.
69. On the 27th November? Yes.
70. You left the polling-place? Yes, for a short time.
71. At what time did you leave it? I think, to the best of my recollection, between 12 noon and 1 p.m.
72. Can you fix the time more particularly? I cannot just exactly.

73. What was the object of your leaving the booth? I went across the street to get a little refreshment and returned back.

74. *Chairman.*] For how long? A few minutes; I might have been ten minutes, or I might have been a quarter of an hour.

75. *Mr. Coghlan.*] You might have been a quarter of an hour? I might have been, but I hardly think so, for I was very hasty in the matter.

76. You say you went away for some lunch? Yes.

77. Was it a dinner you had, a full dinner? I sat down to a table where some other gentlemen were having dinner; I had a very hasty meal indeed.

78. At what place was it? Williams's Dining-room, "Williams's Hotel."

79. Not your place? No; an hotel keeper by the name of Williams.

80. *Chairman.*] About how far from the polling-place was that? About just the width of the road; it might be 60 or 70 feet, it might be 80.

81. Just opposite? Precisely opposite.

82. *Mr. Coghlan.*] In what state did you leave the polling-booth? I left the poll clerk and two scrutineers within for the time. The polling-booth had been empty for some time before, and there were no electors about at the time.

83. Was there anything to compel the poll clerk and scrutineers to remain there? I did not read in my regulations it said—

84. Never mind about your regulations? Well, not to my knowledge.

85. There was nothing to keep them—they might have left too? I instructed my clerk not to leave on any account.

86. When you left the booth, were there any ballot-papers lying about initialled? To the best of my belief there were not. I am very particular upon that point.

87. *Mr. Dangar.*] Was there a scrutineer representing each of the parties in the polling-booth? Yes.

88. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Could any person vote while you were away? No; I do not think they could—not very well, because in the instructions I had it was stated that a vote should not be taken in the absence of the Presiding Officer, nor by the Presiding Officer during the absence of his clerk.

89. *Mr. Jacob.*] You say you left the poll clerk with instructions not to leave while you were away? Yes.

90. You have stated that there were no persons polling or about when you left? No.

91. Did you shut up the place? No.

92. If anybody had come to vote, could you have been got at immediately? Yes; I was just across the road.

93. You could have been called? I could have been called in a moment.

94. Did the poll clerk tell you when you came back that any one had come in to vote? I asked him that question, and he said no.

95. *Mr. Coghlan.*] If anybody had come, would not some one have had to leave the booth to call you? I do not know.

96. *Mr. Jacob.*] Was there not a constable in attendance? Not immediately at the door. I believe there was one constable in the township.

97. *Chairman.*] Could you have been called to from the booth by a person standing in the doorway? Not very well, because the dining-room was at the back of the main building, but a messenger could have been sent.

98. Some one would have had to come across? Yes.

99. *Mr. Dangar.*] As a matter of fact, were you, while having your meal, summoned to go across to receive a vote? No.

100. *Mr. Stuart.*] How many votes did you record altogether? I just cannot say just now, but something under 200. I forget whether it was 180 odd or 190 odd.

101. *Mr. Combes.*] As a matter of fact, you do not think if there had been anybody to vote there would have been any difficulty in making it known to you by some of the people hanging about? In the space of half a minute.

102. *Mr. Jacob.*] My scrutineer could have gone for you; he was not bound to remain there? Yes.

103. *Chairman.*] Were the scrutineers aware where you were gone to? I think so. I cannot just remember whether I mentioned to them personally; I did to the poll clerk; they were just sitting together.

104. *Mr. Jacob.*] The poll clerk was Mr. Benjamin? Yes.

105. *Mr. Dangar.*] Can you remember the number of votes recorded after your return from dinner? No; I cannot.

106. Can you say about how many? I think the greater portion were recorded after; for it happened on a Saturday, and most of the diggers leave their work at mid-day, and there was a great rush from 2 to half-past 3.

107. *Mr. Jacob.*] That was after you returned? Yes; a long time after.

108. *Mr. Abbott.*] At what time did you leave the booth to go to dinner? It was between 12 and 1—I think nearer 1 than 12.

109. *Mr. Dangar.*] Were any voters waiting to record their votes when you got back to the polling-booth? No; none came in for some time after.

110. *Mr. Abbott.*] Was the booth at Copeland closed during any part of the polling day between the hours of 8 and 4—closed altogether? No; I was never absent.

111. Until you finally closed the booth, was it closed at all? It was not closed to the public only this once when I went to lunch.

112. The booth was not closed then? I will give you to understand. Sometimes there was a rush of several coming in, and as I was sitting by the door I would say, "Gentlemen, please stand back," and of course they would have to stand back. At another time a voter, not able to record his own vote, I had to do it, and then I had partially to close the door so as to prevent others from seeing.

113. The booth was not actually closed to the public? No; only just partly closed while I was taking the vote.

114. *Chairman.*] It was closed only in cases of open voting? Yes; when I had to record the vote in the presence of the scrutineers.

Mr. J.
Williams.

2 March, 1881.

Mr. J.
Williams.
2 March, 1881.

115. *Mr. Dangar.*] Did anybody make any complaint to you of having been prevented from voting at any time? At that day or any time thereafter?
116. Did any voter complain of being prevented by any reason from voting on that day? One elector came in to vote, and I found he had already voted, or a person of that name.
117. I do not mean that at all—I wish to know if any voter complained of having been prevented voting by your absence? One Massey came in to vote during the time the poll clerk was just gone out. He had a call out—I cannot say for what; and he had not yet returned when Massey came in. I said, "My good man, if you will wait a minute or two till my clerk comes in; I cannot record your vote until he comes." He then turned round and went out. That was about half-past 1 in the day, or a little after 1.
118. Did he afterwards record his vote? No, he did not; I saw him from the window in the street till we finally closed the poll.
119. Do you know whether his name was on the Electoral Roll? I could not say; he did not give me time to ask him his name.
120. You asked him to wait a little? I said, "My good man, if you wait a minute or two till my clerk returns, as I cannot record your vote till he returns." He said, "That will do for me," or words to that effect, went out, and did not return.
121. *Mr. Jacob.*] Could he have returned if he had liked? Yes.
122. Were there any other instances of voters coming forward to vote who did not actually vote? Only one or two who were not on the roll. There might be two or three who were not on the roll.
123. The instances you have now stated are the only instances you are aware of where any persons wished to vote who did not actually vote? Yes.

Mr. Benjamin Benjamin, having been sworn, was examined:—

Mr. B.
Benjamin.
2 March, 1881.

124. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Do you remember acting as poll clerk at the election for Gloucester last November? Yes.
125. At what poll-booth was it? Copeland polling-booth.
126. Who was the presiding officer? Mr. Williams.
127. Do you remember Mr. Williams leaving the polling-booth at any time during the day? I do.
128. About what time did he leave? As near 1 o'clock as I can remember—at noon.
129. Do you know where he went at that time? To lunch, I understood him to say.
130. He did not tell you where? No, but I knew where he went.
131. Did you know at the time? He did not say, but I knew where he was going.
132. How long did Mr. Williams remain away? As nearly as I can remember, about ten minutes.
133. What was done at the polling-booth during the absence of Mr. Williams? There was no business done.
134. Did any electors come to record their votes? Not during the time I was there.
135. Were you there during the whole time of the absence of Mr. Williams? Yes.
136. When Mr. Williams left the booth, do you remember seeing any voting papers lying about the table? Yes.
137. Initialled? I think so; to the best of my knowledge they were initialled.
138. Were these lying in a place accessible to any one coming to the booth? They were lying on the window-ledge. I was sitting near the window, and it would have been difficult for anyone unseen to myself to have taken them; still they were accessible. They were lying on the window-ledge, and there was a verandah in front. Anyone on the verandah might have taken them.
139. Were you absent at any hour during the day? Yes.
140. How long did you remain absent? About three minutes.
141. Not longer? No—from three to four minutes. I merely went across to the hotel, where I usually get it, to order my lunch to be sent over. It is just opposite, about 60 feet across, and I then returned.
142. Do you know a man named Massey? Yes.
143. Did he record a vote that day? I think not—no.
144. You did not see him there at all? Not in the booth. I saw him outside the poll-booth during the day—not inside.
145. That was when you were outside? No; I could see everything outside from the window.
146. What sort of cottage was this in which the poll was held? A long building, about 40 feet long.
147. What was the nature of the building, substantial or otherwise? No, it was not. It was what I should call a rookery.
148. *Mr. Jacob.*] When did you see Massey? I saw him during the afternoon—during the morning and afternoon.
149. If he had wanted to vote, could he have voted during the afternoon? Yes.
150. Had he plenty of time to do so? I think so.
151. *Mr. Coghlan.*] You do not know whether he had any other business to do? I do not.
152. Still he might have had business out there? It is possible.
153. *Mr. Dangar.*] With reference to these polling-papers which you have said were lying on the window-ledge, do you know whether they were initialled by the Presiding Officer? I think they were, because previous to going to lunch he initialled seven or eight, and there were only three or four votes recorded from the time of his initialling them until he went to lunch, and the four or five that were left were placed on the window-ledge, with a weight on them to keep them down.
154. You say three or four were used—when were they used? Previous to Mr. Williams going to lunch.
155. As a matter of fact, during the day did he keep the voting papers initialled in advance? Yes, he initialled several, in order that in case of a rush he might have them ready to hand to electors.
156. Do you know what number of votes were recorded at Copeland that day? I could not call to mind from memory. I think I recollect Mr. Readett had a majority of eighty-three; however, I cannot be certain of the numbers voted from memory.
157. Was there any examination made of the number of voting papers in the ballot-box and the number of names marked on the electoral roll? No, there was not.
158. After the polling had taken place? No. The papers were counted and separated; those for Mr. Jacob were put on one side, those for Mr. Readett on another, and the informal votes by themselves; but they were not compared with the electoral roll.

159. Did you hear of any complaints during the day, or after the election, that any electors had been prevented from voting? Mr. Massey complained that he could not record his vote, in consequence of the polling-booth being closed. Now, I account for that in this way, that when he came, Mr. Williams, the Presiding Officer, said that as the poll clerk was away, had gone to his dinner, that he could not record any vote till he came back—that was myself. On my return—as I stated before, I was away three or four minutes—Mr. Massey appeared to be coming out of the room as I went in. I saw him about the place for an hour or an hour and a half, during the afternoon, outside. It was only from report that I heard Mr. Massey had complained that he could not record his vote in consequence of the poll clerk being away.
160. Do you know whether his name was on the electoral roll? I do not.
161. Did you hear of any other complaints? I do not remember.
162. *Mr. Combes.*] As a matter of fact, Massey could have returned with you and voted? There would have been no difficulty at all.

Mr. B.
Benjamin.
2 March, 1881.

Charles De Boos, Esq., J.P., having been sworn, was examined :

163. *Mr. Coghlan.*] You are a Justice of the Peace? I am.
164. Were you at Copeland on the day of election, the 27th November last? I was.
165. Did you pass the polling-booth about 1 o'clock, or shortly afterwards? I took my meals at "Williams's Hotel," the entrance to which is exactly opposite the polling-booth. I noticed that the door was closed or shut, and I asked some of the men who were standing by what was the matter. In consequence of what they answered, I said, "Well, it is a very free and easy style of carrying on an election."
166. The polling-booth was in fact closed? Yes.
167. Not open for the polling at all? Not open for the poll.
168. What time was this? A little after 1. I heard the bell ring for dinner and was going there.
169. While you were there did you see a gentleman named Benjamin? Yes.
170. Was he having dinner there too? No, I do not think he was having dinner. He came in and was asked if he would have dinner, and he said no, he could not get away. Mr. Benjamin was the poll clerk, but I saw the Deputy Returning Officer in the passage of "Williams's Hotel" passing along through the passage as if he had been leaving the dining-room—that was the public dining-room.
171. At what time was this? Just as I went in.
172. *Mr. Stuart.*] About 1 o'clock? About 1 o'clock. We dined in a private room, but there was a public table, and I saw Mr. Williams coming from that direction, as if he had been there.
173. *Mr. Coghlan.*] You are certain the booth was shut? I am positive of that.
174. During the time Mr. Williams was away? I presume must have been away, for I saw him immediately afterwards.
175. *Mr. Jacob.*] What do you mean by the door being closed—do you know of your own knowledge that if a person wanted to vote he could not gain admittance in consequence of the door being closed? If you understand, the street is here (*describing*), and you have to ascend some seven or eight steps to the door, and from where I stood the door seemed to me to be shut altogether—there was nobody standing there.
176. You say nobody could enter to record his vote? No, I could not say that; I did not see anybody about upon the verandah. One side of the street is cut into the hill, and the other side is built up to make both sides level, and you have to ascend seven or eight steps to the door, so that you could not see into the door from where I stood.
177. As the Returning Officer has stated that he had occasionally to partly close the door when he had to record the vote of anyone who could not read, could it have been an occasion of that kind when you saw? I think not, for I saw —.
178. A person could have gone in if he had chosen? As far as I understood the matter, if I had gone to vote I should have been prevented, by what I saw, as I fancied the place was shut up.
179. *Mr. Dangar.*] Did you endeavour to discover whether any one was there or not? No; I was Police Magistrate, and as such had nothing to do with the election; but I made inquiry upon seeing the door shut, as it struck me as being a strange proceeding.
180. *Chairman.*] Do you know whether the windows were open, or were there any windows? There is a window, closed by a shutter, I think, but I could not tax my memory.
181. *Mr. Dangar.*] I do not think you answered my question positively as to whether you ascertained whether there was anybody in the room at the time? No; I did not make any inquiry for the purpose of ascertaining; I thought it best to keep out of the way of the election as much as possible.
182. *Mr. Coghlan.*] You did not see any one sitting at the window? No; nor could I say whether the window was open or shut.
183. *Mr. Dangar.*] You say that you formed the impression, from the fact of the door being closed, that the balloting had been suspended? Yes.
184. Do you know how long the door was closed? I do not. I went into my dinner, and wished to keep as clear of the election as possible.
185. *Mr. Jacob.*] What do you mean by the door being closed—do you mean that it was shut or that it was ajar? It struck me as being closed; it might have been ajar.
186. It might have been ajar? It might have been ajar, certainly.
187. *Mr. Stuart.*] You said if you had been going to record your vote, the fact of seeing that the door was shut would have prevented your going? I should have assumed that the place was shut up.
188. Would you not have gone to the door to try whether it was shut or not? If I had been very anxious to record my vote, in the first place I should have knocked to see whether any one was within.
189. You did not try? I did not; I had no vote to record, and did not go there.

Chas. De Boos,
Esq., J.P.
2 March, 1881.

Mr. William Massey, having been sworn, was examined :—

190. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Are you an elector of the Electoral District of Gloucester? Yes.
191. Look at that (*handing witness the Electoral Roll*)—are you the William Massey named there, No. 717, residing at Back Creek? I know nothing of the number—I reside at Back Creek.
192. That is your name? Yes, that is my name.

Mr.
W. Massey.
2 March, 1881.

- Mr. W. Massey.
2 March, 1881.
193. You are the person referred to there? Well, I believe so.
194. Do you remember going to the polling-booth at Copeland on the day of the election, 27th November last? I do.
195. At what time did you get there? I think, to the best of my knowledge, somewhere about twenty-five minutes to 1.
196. At what time did you enter the booth to record your vote? I never entered the booth at all—I was not allowed to.
197. Did you make the attempt? I made the attempt, but was stopped at the door.
198. Who prevented you? I believe it was one of the scrutineers of the name of Collins.
199. What reason did he give you for not allowing you to enter? He told me I could not record my vote as the officials were gone to dinner.
200. What did you do? I simply turned away from the booth.
201. Did you return there again? I did not.
202. You say this was about twenty-five minutes to 1? To the best of my knowledge; in fact, by referring I could tell the exact time, because there was a person who took a note of the exact time when the occurrence took place.
203. Did you make any complaint about being prevented from voting? I did. I sent a telegram to the Returning Officer for the Gloucester Electorate on the afternoon of the election; I received no answer, and then I forwarded a letter to him, reporting it to him in his official capacity.
204. Did I understand you to say that the polling-place was closed when you went there? No, I did not say anything of the kind.
205. You were met at the door by this scrutineer? Yes, I was met at the door. I presume he was the scrutineer.
206. Did you return again and vote that afternoon? I did not.
207. For whom did you intend to vote? I am not in a position to say whom I intended to vote for.
208. *Chairman.*] Do you know Mr. Williams, the Presiding Officer? Well, to say I know him, I really cannot say I do.
209. Have you seen him to-day here? I have seen a man I presume was Mr. Williams.
210. Is that the man you spoke to when you were at the door? No—Mr. Collins.
211. Did Mr. Williams speak to you and ask you to wait, as his clerk was out for a few minutes? He did not.
212. *Mr. Stuart.*] Had you an opportunity of voting in the afternoon if you had liked? Well, I might have done if I had put myself to inconvenience.
213. *Chairman.*] Where did you send a telegram from? From Copeland North.
214. Where did you write the letter from that you wrote to the Returning Officer? From Copeland South I believe, but I could not say positively.
215. Do you remember at what time you sent your telegram from Copeland North? I think it was somewhere in the afternoon—I could not say exactly; it was on the afternoon of the polling day.
216. How far is the Telegraph Office from the polling-booth? It would be, I suppose, about a quarter of a mile.
217. *Mr. Stuart.*] Were you in the neighbourhood of the polling-booth in the afternoon? I was.
218. *Mr. Dangar.*] Were you prevented by any other cause than that you have stated from voting? I was not; I thought that was sufficient for it myself.
219. Is there any other William Massey at Back Creek? Not that I am aware of.
220. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Is Copeland the nearest polling-place to Back Creek? Yes; it is the polling-booth for Back Creek.
221. I understand you to say that you did not record your vote at all? I did not.
222. *Mr. Jacob.*] During the time it took you to go to the Telegraph Office and to come back again, could you have recorded your vote? Yes.
223. While you were there did you see others who recorded their votes? I did not notice. I was refused, and I thought that was enough for me.
224. Did you say a scrutineer of the name of Collins refused you? To the best of my belief.
225. Do you happen to know the name of Mr. Readett's scrutineer? I do not know him or your scrutineer. I believe his name is Mr. Dickson.
226. If there was another scrutineer there it must have been Mr. Readett's? Yes.
227. Did Mr. Readett's scrutineer stop you? I believe it was your scrutineer.
228. Had you a watch with you at the time? I had not; but I might state that there was a person who accompanied me who took the exact time of the occurrence.
229. Do you know whether that watch tallied with the watch of the Deputy Returning Officer? That I cannot say.
230. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Who was the person who took the time? Mr. Sullivan.

Mr. Denis Mitchell Daly, having been sworn, was examined:—

- Mr. D. M. Daly.
2 March, 1881.
231. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Do you remember the 27th November last—the day of the election? Yes.
232. Were you in Copeland on that day? Yes.
233. Did you pass by or see the polling-booth at Copeland about 1 o'clock? Yes, at ten minutes past 12, or somewhere about ten minutes, by the time I saw round. We do not always keep the correct time at Copeland.
234. Did you notice the polling-booth particularly? Yes.
235. Were you going to vote at this time? I had voted before.
236. Did you notice the polling-booth? Yes.
237. Was it open or shut? It was shut—the front door was shut.
238. Is there a window in the front of the polling-place? Yes, there was, but I did not notice whether the window was open or shut.
239. Did you see anybody sitting at the window? No, I did not.
240. Do you know Mr. Williams, the Presiding Officer? Yes.
241. Did you see him about that time? I did not know him at that time.

Mr.
D. M. Daly.
2 March, 1881.

242. You may have seen him without knowing him? No doubt I saw him when I recorded my own vote.

243. You did not see him when you saw the door shut? I did not.

244. Was the door shut long, to your knowledge? To my knowledge it was not shut. I could only say for five or ten minutes, but I had occasion to report the circumstance to the public press, and I saw Mr. Massey after going to the booth, when he came back, and I reported the circumstance of his being refused a vote in the *Maitland Mercury*.

245. Did you see Mr. Massey return from the booth? I did.

246. Was that about the time you noticed that the door was shut? Directly after I had seen that the door was shut.

247. What occupation do you follow? I am a shorthand writer by profession.

248. A reporter? Yes.

249. You report for different papers? Yes.

250. You are positive about the door being shut? Yes, I am positive.

251. *Mr. Jacob.*] What do you mean by the door being shut. Can you say whether it was fastened or whether it was only ajar. Did you notice it sufficiently to be able to say whether it was ajar or whether it was fastened? It was shut; I could not say whether it was fastened.

252. What do you mean by its being shut—that it was not wide open, but partly shut to? It was not wide open. I could not say whether it was locked or not; I only say that Mr. Massey returned from it, and he told me it was locked.

253. *Mr. Dangar.*] He told you it was locked? Yes.

254. *Mr. Jacob.*] Can you say whether the Presiding Officer was inside at the time? No, I cannot.

255. But that was possible? That was possible; he might be.

256. Was it possible, as the Presiding Officer has stated, that the door was partly closed while he recorded the vote of a voter unable to read or write? It might be as far as I am aware; it might be or it might not.

257. You say you saw Massey leave the booth? Returning from the booth he met me, about 100 yards from the booth, and reported the circumstance.

258. He said the door was locked? He said the door was shut against him.

259. *Mr. Stuart.*] Which did he say, the door was locked or was shut? He said he could not get in, the door was shut and the officers had gone to lunch—that somebody told him the officers had gone to lunch.

260. Did he say that an officer had opened the door and told him so? No; he said he spoke through the window.

261. Then there must have been someone inside? Yes; somebody spoke through the window and said the officers had retired to lunch.

262. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Do you know who were the scrutineers there on that day? On one side, Mr. Dickson.

263. Scrutineer for Mr. Jacob? Yes.

264. Who was the other? I do not know who was the scrutineer for the other, but I saw one of the scrutineers carrying water myself during the time the door was shut.

265. You saw him away? Yes, I saw Mr. Dickson away about 500 yards carrying water from my own well to his own house for his own use.

266. *Mr. Dangar.*] At what time was that? During the time I saw the door shut.

267. *Mr. Coghlan.*] Do you know anyone of the name of Collins? Yes.

268. Do you know if he was one of the scrutineers? I have heard he was, but I would not be positive.

269. You do not know that he was? No.

John Richardson, Esq., having been recalled, identified the several packages of ballot-papers contained in parcel marked B, and the ballot-papers rejected by him as informal at Stroud.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

SEAT OF WILLIAM HILLIER HOLBOROW, ESQUIRE, ONE OF THE MEMBERS
FOR ARGYLE.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE

OF

ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS;

TOGETHER WITH THE

MINUTES OF THE PROCEEDINGS

AND

EVIDENCE.

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,
15 *March*, 1881.

SYDNEY : THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

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1880-81.

EXTRACTS FROM THE VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS.

SEAT OF WILLIAM HILLIER HOLBOROW, ESQUIRE, ONE OF THE MEMBERS
FOR ARGYLE.

VOTES No. 3. FRIDAY, 17 DECEMBER, 1880.

32. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS:—Mr. Speaker, pursuant to the requirement of the Electoral Act of 1880, laid upon the Table his Warrant appointing the Committee of Elections and Qualifications for the present Session, of which the following is a copy:—

“ By the Honorable the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly
of New South Wales.

“ Pursuant to the power in that behalf vested in me, as Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of
New South Wales, by the Electoral Act of 1880, I do hereby appoint

“ Robert Palmer Abbott, Esquire,
“ Edward Combes, Esquire, C.M.G.,
“ Henry Carey Dangar, Esquire,
“ John Dillon, Esquire,

“ William John Foster, Esquire,
“ Arthur Renwick, Esquire, M.D.,
“ Alexander Stuart, Esquire,

“ being Members of the said Assembly, to be Members of the Committee of Elections and
Qualifications in the said Act referred to, during the present Session of the Assembly aforesaid.

“ Given under my hand, at the Legislative Assembly Chamber, Macquarie-street,
Sydney, this seventeenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one
thousand eight hundred and eighty.

“ G. WIGRAM ALLEN,
“ Speaker.”

VOTES No. 7. FRIDAY, 14 JANUARY, 1881.

7. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS:—

(1.) *Maturity of Warrant reported*:—Mr. Speaker reported that his Warrant appointing the Committee of Elections and Qualifications for the present Session, laid upon the Table on Friday, 17th December, 1880, not having been disapproved by the Assembly in the course of the three next sitting days on which the Assembly met for the despatch of business, had now taken effect as an appointment of such Committee; and intimated that it was therefore open to Members of the Committee to be sworn at the Table by the Clerk, in accordance with the 59th section of the Electoral Act of 1880.

(2.) *Members of Committee sworn*:—Whereupon Henry Carey Dangar, Esquire, William John Foster, Esquire, and Arthur Renwick, Esquire, came to the Table, and were severally sworn by the Clerk as Members of the said Committee.

VOTES No. 8. TUESDAY, 18 JANUARY, 1881.

4. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS:—Edward Combes, Esquire, and Alexander Stuart, Esquire, came to the Table, and were sworn by the Clerk as Members of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications.

VOTES No. 9. WEDNESDAY, 19 JANUARY, 1881.

8. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS:—John Dillon, Esquire, and Robert Palmer Abbott, Esquire, came to the Table, and were sworn by the Clerk as Members of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications.

VOTES No. 12. TUESDAY, 25 JANUARY, 1881.

9. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS:—Pursuant to the requirement of the 59th section of the Electoral Act of 1880, Mr. Speaker appointed the first meeting of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications to take place at Eleven o'clock a.m. on Tuesday, 1st February, 1881, in Committee Room No. 2.

VOTES

VOTES NO. 15. TUESDAY, 8 FEBRUARY, 1881.

2. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS:—Pursuant to the requirement of the 59th section of the Electoral Act of 1880, Mr. Speaker appointed the first meeting of the Committee of Elections and Qualifications to take place at Twelve o'clock noon on Thursday, 10th February, 1881, in Committee Room No. 2, the meeting appointed for Tuesday, 1st February, having lapsed in consequence of an adjournment of the House.

VOTES NO. 26. FRIDAY, 25 FEBRUARY, 1881.

2. PRIVILEGE:—Mr. Joseph P. Abbott moved, without notice, That it be referred to the Committee of Elections and Qualifications to inquire and report to this House whether William Hillier Holborow, the Honorable Member for Argyle, was not at the time of his election as Member for Argyle, and is not at the present time, disqualified from sitting or voting as a Member of the Legislative Assembly by reason of his holding an office of profit under the Crown at the date of such election and at the present time.
Debate ensued.
Question put and passed.

VOTES NO. 34. TUESDAY, 15 MARCH, 1881.

4. COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS:—
(1.) *Seat of William Hillier Holborow, Esquire*:—Dr. Renwick, as Chairman *pro tem.*, brought up the Report from, and laid upon the Table the Minutes of Proceedings of, and Evidence taken before, the Committee of Elections and Qualifications with reference to the question submitted to them on the 25th February last regarding the Seat of William Hillier Holborow, Esquire.

And the said Report having been read by the Clerk, by direction of Mr. Speaker, as follows:—

“The Committee of Elections and Qualifications, duly appointed on the 17th December, 1880, to whom was referred on the 25th February, 1881, the question whether William Hillier Holborow, one of the Members for Argyle, was not at the time of his election as one of the Members for Argyle, and is not at the present time, disqualified from sitting or voting as a Member of the Legislative Assembly, by reason of his holding an office of profit under the Crown at the date of such election, and at the present time, have determined and do hereby accordingly declare,—

“That William Hillier Holborow, one of the sitting Members for Argyle, was not at the time of his election as a Member for Argyle, and is not at the present time, disqualified from sitting or voting as a Member of the Legislative Assembly, although he then held, and now holds, an office of profit under the Crown as an officer in the Volunteer Force.

“No. 2 Committee Room,
“15th March, 1881.

“ARTHUR RENWICK,
“Chairman *pro tem.*”

Ordered, on motion of Dr. Renwick, That the Report and Minutes of Proceedings and Evidence be printed.

- (2.) *Adjournment of the Committee*:—Dr. Renwick moved, That the Committee of Elections and Qualifications have leave to adjourn *sine die*, the matters referred to them having been disposed of.
Question put and passed.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

SEAT OF WILLIAM HILLIER HOLBOROW, ESQUIRE, ONE OF THE MEMBERS
FOR ARGYLE.

REPORT FROM THE COMMITTEE
OF
ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS.

THE COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS, duly appointed on the 17th December, 1880, to whom was referred on the 25th February, 1881, the question whether William Hillier Holborow, one of the Members for Argyle, was not at the time of his election as one of the Members for Argyle, and is not at the present time, disqualified from sitting or voting as a Member of the Legislative Assembly by reason of his holding an office of profit under the Crown at the date of such election, and at the present time, have determined and do hereby accordingly declare:—

That William Hillier Holborow, one of the sitting Members for Argyle, was not at the time of his election as a Member for Argyle, and is not at the present time, disqualified from sitting or voting as a Member of the Legislative Assembly, although he then held, and now holds, an office of profit under the Crown as an officer in the Volunteer Force.

ARTHUR RENWICK,
Chairman *pro tem.*

No. 2 Committee Room,
15th March, 1881.

1880-81.

**MINUTES OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE OF ELECTIONS AND
QUALIFICATIONS.**

In the matter of a question referred by the House on the 25th February, 1881, as to whether William Hillier Holborow, one of the Members for Argyle, is disqualified from sitting and voting, by reason of his holding an office of profit under the Crown.

*
WEDNESDAY, 9 MARCH, 1881.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Mr. Stuart,	|	Mr. R. P. Abbott,
Mr. Combes,		Mr. H. C. Dangar,
	Dr. Renwick.	

In attendance,—
The Second Clerk Assistant.

1. In the absence of the Chairman, Dr. Renwick was elected Chairman *pro tem*.
2. The Clerk, by direction of the Chairman, read the extract from the Votes and Proceedings referring the question to the Committee. (*Vide* Extract page 4).
3. *Present*,—
Mr. Salamons (*Counsel for Mr. Holborow, the sitting Member*).
Mr. Parkinson (*Solicitor, instructing Mr. Salamons*), from the office of Mr. Salter.
4. Mr. Salamons addressed the Committee on behalf of Mr. Holborow, and quoted from the Constitution Act, the Electoral Act of 1880, the Volunteer Force Regulation Act of 1867, and Dwarries on Statutes, in support of his argument.
5. Mr. Salamons and Mr. Parkinson having withdrawn,—
Committee deliberated.
6. Ordered, That Colonel Richardson, Commandant of the Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces, and Mr. Holborow, be summoned to give evidence at the next meeting.
Committee adjourned until Tuesday next, at half-past Eleven o'clock.

JOHN A. VIVIAN,
Second Clerk Assistant.

TUESDAY, 15 MARCH, 1881.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Dr. Renwick,	|	Mr. H. C. Dangar,
Mr. Stuart,		Mr. Combes,
	Mr. R. P. Abbott.	

In attendance,—
The Second Clerk Assistant.

1. In the absence of the Chairman, Dr. Renwick was elected Chairman *pro tem*.
2. The Clerk, by direction of the Chairman, read the Minutes of the previous meeting, which were confirmed.
3. *Present*,—
Mr. Holborow (*the Sitting Member*).
4. Colonel Richardson, Commandant of the Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces, called in, sworn, and examined.
Witness withdrew.
5. Mr. Holborow, the Sitting Member, called in, sworn, and examined.
Witness withdrew.
6. Committee deliberated as to Report.
Mr. Stuart moved, That the following be the Report of the Committee:—

“ That William Hillier Holborow, one of the Sitting Members for Argyle, was not at the
“ time of his election as a Member for Argyle, and is not at the present time, disqualified from
“ sitting and voting as a Member of the Legislative Assembly, although he then held, and now
“ holds, an office of profit under the Crown as an officer in the Volunteer Force.”

Question put and agreed to.

The Chairman to report to the House accordingly, and to move for leave for the Committee to adjourn *sine die*.

JOHN A. VIVIAN,
Second Clerk Assistant.

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COMMITTEE
OF
ELECTIONS AND QUALIFICATIONS.

SEAT OF WILLIAM HILLIER HOLBOROW, ESQUIRE, ONE OF THE MEMBERS
FOR ARGYLE.

TUESDAY, 15 MARCH, 1881.

Present :—

R. P. Abbot, Esq.,	|	H. C. Dangar, Esq.,
E. Combes, Esq., C.M.G.,		A. Renwick, Esq., M.D.
	A. Stuart, Esq.	

A. Renwick, Esq., M.D., in the Chair.

Colonel John Soame Richardson, having been sworn, was examined :—

1. *Chairman.*] What is the precise position you hold in regard to the forces in this Colony? I am Colonel J. S.
Richardson.
Commandant of the Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces in this Colony.
2. The Committee are anxious to ascertain the precise character of the position Lieutenant-Colonel Holborow occupies in the force—perhaps you will kindly explain it? He is the commanding officer of 15 Mar., 1881.
the 3rd Regiment of Volunteer Infantry.
3. What emoluments does he receive from the Government for his services? He receives, as do all other officers, emoluments from the Government.
4. All other Volunteers generally? Yes.
5. What are those emoluments in his position as Lieutenant-Colonel? As Lieutenant-Colonel, £100 a year, and £40 as forage allowance.
6. In your opinion, is he a member of the Permanent Staff? Certainly not; he is a regimental officer; an officer of the Permanent Staff is one who makes the service his profession, and is what may be termed a fully-paid officer.
7. Lieutenant-Colonel Holborow does not occupy that position? No; he is merely a regimental officer.
8. And is not so regarded by you? Certainly not.
9. *Mr. Dangar.*] Lieutenant-Colonel Holborow is, to all intents and purposes, a Volunteer officer? He is, to all intents and purposes, a Volunteer officer.
10. Entirely distinct from the Permanent Staff? Yes.
11. Not connected with the Permanent Force in any way? Neither with the Permanent Force, nor with the Volunteer Permanent Staff. I might explain that the Volunteer Permanent Staff are composed of officers and non-commissioned officers, who are virtually instructors to the force—professional military men, and who are not permitted to enter into civil avocations.
12. But there is no Permanent Volunteer Staff of the same nature as the Permanent Staff, who have the entire control and management of both services? There is first the General Staff—that manages matters connected with both the Regulars and the Volunteers; and again, there is the Volunteer Permanent Staff, which has to do simply with the Volunteer Force.
13. Lieutenant-Colonel Holborow, has he anything to do with the Volunteer Permanent Staff? Nothing at all; he is simply a regimental officer.
14. *Mr. Stuart.*] Lieutenant-Colonel Holborow has recently been promoted from the rank of Major, has he not? Yes.
15. How is the appointment made and determined? It is made by the Governor in Council, on the recommendation of myself.
16. So that the Government exercise a control, and either grant or withhold the promotion? No doubt the Government have a voice in the matter.
17. Did not the Volunteers at one time choose their own officers? They are permitted to elect their officers to rank not higher than Captain.
18. *Mr. Combes.*] Are they not elected now? Up to the rank of captain sometimes; not as a matter of course.
19. I thought that applied only to the first captain of a corps? I think not.
20. *Mr. Stuart.*] Is that an absolute election, or only a recommendation to the Governor and Executive Council? It practically comes to a recommendation. If I did not approve of it, I should say so.
21. *Mr. Abbott.*] Do you recollect the date of the recommendation? It must have been, I dare say, two years ago.
22. Since you recommended Colonel Holborow's appointment? Yes.
23. *Mr. Dangar.*] As Colonel? As Lieutenant-Colonel.
24. *Mr. Abbott.*] Do you recollect the date of the appointment? It was recently—the 22nd of February last.
25. Are there any other emoluments attached to the office of Lieutenant-Colonel beyond the £100 and the £40 forage allowance. Is there nothing for uniform? No.
- 26.

- Colonel J. S. Richardson. 26. I see there is a sum down upon the Estimates? That is for the men; the officers provide their own uniform.
- 15 Mar., 1881. 27. *Mr. Combes.*] Then Colonel Holborow is connected neither with the General nor Volunteer Staff? Nor Volunteer Permanent Staff.
28. He is the officer commanding a regiment? Yes.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Hillier Holborow (*the sitting Member*), having been sworn, was examined:—

- Lieut.-Colonel Holborow. 29. *Chairman.*] You are a Member of the Legislative Assembly? I am senior member for Argyle.
30. You were elected at the last general election? Yes.
- 15 Mar., 1881. 31. You also hold some position in the Volunteer Force of the Colony? Yes; I hold the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, commanding the 3rd Regiment of Volunteer Infantry.
32. You were Major at the time of your election as Member of the Legislative Assembly? Yes.
33. When did you receive your Commission as Lieutenant-Colonel? On the 24th February of this year.
34. What are the emoluments you receive? As Major I received £50 a year, and £40 forage allowance; as Lieutenant-Colonel I receive £100 a year, and £40 for forage.
35. During the time you were canvassing in your electorate, and prior to your election, was any objection made to your candidature on the ground of your holding this position? Not at all, though it was generally known, as I was commonly called Major.
36. And no objection was raised? No objection at all.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE.

MINUTES OF PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE HELD AT MELBOURNE,

NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER, 1880.

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,
17 *December*, 1880.

SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1880.

MINUTES OF PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE HELD AT MELBOURNE.

FRIDAY, 26TH NOVEMBER, 1880.

FIRST DAY.

The following gentlemen appeared to represent the different Colonies :—

Victoria.

The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P., Chief Secretary.
The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P., Attorney General.

New South Wales.

The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P., Colonial Secretary.
The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P., Colonial Treasurer.

South Australia.

The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P., Treasurer.
GEORGE SWAN FOWLER, Esq., M.P.

On the motion of Sir HENRY PARKES, seconded by Mr. MANN, the Honorable GRAHAM BERRY was called to the Chair.

Sir HENRY PARKES and Mr. WATSON presented their Commissions appointing them to represent New South Wales at this Conference, and to execute any agreement on behalf of the Government of that Colony.

Mr. MANN and Mr. FOWLER presented their Commissions in like manner.

A preliminary objection was taken that Mr. FOWLER was not a Member of the Government of South Australia, but it was subsequently withdrawn, with the expression of the opinion that it would have been better if all the members of the Conference had been Members of their respective Governments.

The following subjects were agreed upon for consideration by the Conference, Mr. MANN desiring that note should be taken that he was under the impression that the Chinese question was to have been excluded from the consideration of the Conference :—

- Federation.
- Military and Naval Defences.
- Border Customs Duties.
- Intercolonial Free Trade.
- Court of Appeal.
- Intercolonial Legislation.
- Railway Extension.
- Railway Tariffs.
- Telegraphs.
- Postal Matters.
- Patents.
- Chinese.
- Vine Diseases.
- Diseases of Stock.

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow at ten o'clock.

GRAHAM BERRY,
Chairman.

November 27th, 1880.

SATURDAY, 27TH NOVEMBER, 1880.

SECOND DAY.

Members present:—

Victoria.

The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P., in the Chair,
The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.

New South Wales.

The Honorable Sir HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P.,
The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.

South Australia.

The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
GEORGE SWAN FOWLER, Esq., M.P.

Minutes of yesterday's proceedings read and confirmed.

The Commissions issued to the Honorable the Chairman and the Honorable the Attorney General of Victoria, authorising them to represent and act in behalf of the Government of Victoria in and at this Conference, were laid upon the table, the Chairman intimating that they were couched in the same terms as those embodied in the Commissions issued to the other honorable members of the Conference.

The following memorandum was submitted by the Representatives of New South Wales, as forming the basis of a possible agreement in respect of Border Customs Duties:—

Memorandum handed in on behalf of New South Wales by Sir Henry Parkes.

The following proposals are submitted towards forming a basis of agreement between Victoria, South Australia, and New South Wales, for the discontinuance of the collection of Customs Duties on the Borders of the three Colonies:—

- 1st. That the duty on imported spirits shall be uniform in the three Colonies, and at the highest rate now levied in any one of them.
- 2nd. That the duty on spirits distilled in the three Colonies shall be also uniform, and at the highest rate now levied.
- 3rd. That the duty on tobacco and cigars imported into the three Colonies shall be uniform, and at the highest rate now levied in any one of them.
- 4th. That the duty on tobacco and cigars manufactured in the three Colonies shall be uniform.
- 5th. That the duty on ale and porter imported into the three Colonies shall be uniform; and that there be also a uniform Excise duty on all ale and porter made in the said Colonies.
- 6th. That no duty of Customs or tax shall be levied or collected in any part of the three Colonies other than at their respective seaports.
- 7th. That in order to arrive at the amount equitably due to any one of the three Colonies from the duties collectable on the Border trade, the Customs revenue derivable therefrom, whether actually collected or represented by payments under any convention, shall be taken for the years 1878, 1879, and 1880, and the annual average balance so shown to be due, with a percentage added for prospective increase of population and trade, shall be the annual sum payable to the Colony entitled to receive the same.

The Colony of New South Wales is prepared to execute a convention for three or for five years on the basis now submitted.

HENRY PARKES.

November 27th, 1880.

It was then agreed to postpone the further consideration of the subject of Border Duties until the next sitting of the Conference.

A lengthy conversation then took place on the questions of Federation, Military and Naval Defences, the expediency of establishing a Court of Appeal, and other questions proper to be considered at the Conference.

MR. VALE undertook to draw up resolutions effecting certain modifications in legal practice between the different Colonies, in the way of establishing a uniform and concurrent jurisdiction.

The Conference then adjourned until Monday next at ten o'clock.

GRAHAM BERRY,
Chairman.

November 29th, 1880.

MONDAY, 29TH NOVEMBER, 1880.

THIRD DAY.

Members present :

Victoria.

The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P., in the Chair,
The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.

New South Wales.

The Honorable Sir HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P.,
The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.

South Australia.

The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.,
• GEORGE SWAN FOWLER, Esq., M.P.

Minutes of Saturday's proceedings read and confirmed.

Mr. MANN intimated that the Representatives of South Australia had considered the memorandum submitted by Sir Henry Parkes on Saturday last in the matter of the Border Customs Duties, and that they had agreed to the expression of the following opinions on the subject:—

We observe on the memo. submitted by Sir Henry Parkes as follows:—

1. We prefer not altering our Tariff; but, in order to enable us to arrive at an agreement, are willing to make the Customs duties on spirits, ale, and porter, and unmanufactured tobacco uniform at the present highest rates. We suggest, however, that the duty on manufactured tobacco should be 2s., as in New South Wales and South Australia at present.
2. We cannot agree to making the Excise duty on colonial spirit the same as the duty on imported, but are willing to make it two-thirds.
3. We have no Excise duty on ale, &c., and do not wish to impose one; but, sooner than jeopardise the chances of arriving at an understanding, will agree to impose such a duty as suggested.
4. We prefer naming a fixed sum to be paid by South Australia to New South Wales, and suggest £45,000 as a fair amount, taking into account the rapid extension of the railways in New South Wales, which must necessarily have the effect of diverting a considerable amount of the trade. If an average is to be taken, it should be for four years instead of three, the former being the period for which reliable statistics are available. If the amount is to be fixed by taking an average, no further amount should be allowed for the increase in the population, as, in our opinion, that will be more than counterbalanced by the effect of the extension of the New South Wales railways.
5. We are of opinion that, if an agreement is entered into, New South Wales should undertake not to carry goods on her railways under a minimum rate to be arranged.

C. MANN.
G. S. FOWLER.

The CHAIRMAN then read the following memorandum, first expressing his anxiety that this Conference might bring about some basis of agreement on the subject of the Border Duties:—

We do not think that the question of the Border Duties can be dealt with by a definite proposition, but we submit the following paper, the consideration of which may possibly advance the question so far as to permit of some common ground of agreement.

The only satisfactory solution of the Border question is a uniform Tariff for the three Colonies of New South Wales, Victoria, and South Australia, which would probably be promptly adopted by the other Colonies.

The proposal of making uniform the Customs duties on spirits, tobacco, and beer would by itself intensify the difficulty at present existing, so far at least as Victoria and probably South Australia are concerned.

Changes in the Tariff of Victoria are imminent, the adoption of which by the Legislature might abrogate any treaty entered into at present.

On the other hand, these contemplated changes might be utilised in the direction of uniformity of Tariff, if the Colonies of New South Wales and South Australia would follow a similar course, of appointing Royal Commissions to investigate and report.

Whilst the main features or policy of the present Victorian Tariff would have to be recognized as a basis, large concessions could, and probably would, be made on behalf of this Colony, in the direction of simplification and brevity, to meet the views and desires of the other Colonies interested.

The present would appear an exceptionally good opportunity for a sincere attempt in this direction.

New South Wales and Victoria have both invited competitive exhibitions from all countries in matters of production, skill, and enterprise, and the results in both instances are highly instructive, and if dealt with at once, in a practical manner, should aid in the work of uniformity of Tariffs.

At the present moment, although it is the custom to speak of New South Wales as a Free-trade Colony, as a matter of fact the policy of Protection still exists as a reality. It is only necessary to mention sugar, which pays no excise, but is subject to £5 per ton on importation—even from the sister colony of Queensland; and tobacco, the leaf of which imported is charged 1s. per lb., but when grown in the Colony is free, and manufactured tobacco, the Customs duty on which is 2s. per lb., and the Excise on home-made only half that rate. Other articles in the Tariff of New

South Wales display the protective idea as the duty is increased in proportion to the amount of human labour expended on articles which can be produced within the Colony itself; and further, at the late election, many so-called free-trade candidates made an exception in favour of Government expenditure, which was to be increased in favour of colonial production in competition with foreign.

This reference to the state of the question in New South Wales is not made for any other purpose than to show that no principle would be violated by the Legislature of that Colony in accepting—for the many obvious benefits involved—a Tariff uniform with that of Victoria amended in the directions already indicated.

If it is said in answer to this that Victoria might quite as well accept the existing Tariff of New South Wales as a basis, the answer is that Victoria openly avows a policy of protecting through the Custom House the industries of its own people, and repeated elections have proved that a majority of the electors are definitely in its favour. Therefore, so far from violating no principle, the request would involve a violation of the settled policy of the Colony on one of the leading questions of the day.

Thus, whilst New South Wales, in assimilating her Tariff to that of Victoria for what might be regarded as good and sufficient reasons, even in the interests of ultimate Free Trade, would simply increase her revenue from new sources, Victoria, in taking a similar step, would run counter to the public opinion of the Colony, and the attempt, if any statesman were sufficiently hardy to make it, would probably soon be reversed.

New South Wales and South Australia best know whether their respective Colonies—from the ulterior benefits to be reaped—would sanction a step in the direction we have named; but, as it appears to us the only road by which the various Colonies can approach the position of one nation, we at least take the responsibility of pointing it out.

If this course is entered upon in good faith, and in the spirit of these remarks, we pledge the Government of Victoria to do all in its power to remove every difficulty out of the way, and to advise large concessions of local ideas to secure the co-operation of all the Colonies in a national fiscal policy.

If, however, unfortunately the representatives of the other Colonies consider the foregoing proposals impossible of achievement, we will proceed to make another, which, although not so comprehensive or satisfactory, may yet prove more feasible:

1. Arrange some mode of calculating the sum which would be due from Victoria and South Australia to New South Wales, and agree to pay the same on the following conditions—
2. That New South Wales withdraws her Customs officers from the Border, and allows free importation from South Australia and Victoria.
3. That Victoria, and, if she choose, South Australia, shall have full liberty to impose and collect on the Border of Victoria and New South Wales, and of course South Australia, any duty, charge, or impost upon the importations from New South Wales for the purpose of carrying out the protective principle of the Colony.
4. Railway convention with New South Wales, fixing the rates of carriage for goods and merchandise, so far as regards lines competing with Victoria on the one hand and South Australia on the other.
5. Wahgunyah Bridge to be purchased by the Governments of Victoria and New South Wales, and made free of tolls. The same course with respect to any other bridge now or hereafter to be erected across the Murray.
6. No wharfage rates to be imposed by either Colony.

GRAHAM BERRY.

SIR HENRY PARKES proposed that the further consideration of the Border Customs Duties should be postponed until Wednesday next.

INTERCOLONIAL LEGISLATION.

MR. VALE moved the following resolutions upon this subject:—

1. That this Conference concurs in the opinion that there should be an Australian Court of Final Appeal, open to suitors who are dissatisfied with the decisions of their respective Supreme Courts, and that all the Australian Colonies be invited to join in the establishment of such Court.
2. That the Representatives present undertake to prepare the necessary measures for the establishment of an Australian Court of Final Appeal.

MR. VALE moved the following further resolutions:—

1. That this Conference is of opinion that warrants for the arrest of offenders issued in one Colony should have effect in all, and that provision should be made for anticipating by telegram the effect of such warrants.
2. That this Conference concurs in the opinion that all process for the recovery of debts or damages originating in any one Colony should have full effect in all the Colonies.
3. That this Conference concurs in the opinion that warrants for the apprehension of men who have deserted wife or child, or both, should have force and effect in all the Colonies.
4. The Conference is of opinion that Patents granted or Trade-marks registered in one Colony should be valid in all.
5. That the representatives present undertake to prepare the necessary measure of Legislation for giving effect to the foregoing resolutions.

Read and agreed to.

The Conference then adjourned until Wednesday next at ten o'clock.

GRAHAM BERRY,
Chairman.

December 1st, 1880.

WEDNESDAY, 1st DECEMBER, 1880.

FOURTH DAY.

Members Present :

Victoria.

The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P., in the Chair,
The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.

New South Wales.

The Honorable Sir HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P.,
The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.

South Australia.

The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.,
GEORGE SWAN FOWLER, Esq., M.P.

Minutes of Monday's proceedings read and confirmed.

A lengthened discussion took place on the several proposals submitted in respect to the Border Trade, in the course of which the question was raised as to the desirability of each Colony issuing a Commission to inquire into and report on its Tariff, each such separate Commission to be followed by a Joint Commission to inquire how far one uniform Tariff can be framed which will meet the circumstances of the several Colonies. The consideration of the subject was then further postponed.

FEDERATION.

Sir HENRY PARKES submitted an outline of a plan for the construction of a Federal Council which should have authority, by local legislation, to deal with a limited number of questions, and undertook to draw up a more complete scheme on the subject.

RAILWAYS.

Mr. MANN proposed the following resolution :—That this Conference is of opinion that Sydney, Melbourne, and Adelaide should be connected by Railway, with a common junction at Wentworth ; and with this view the Representatives agree to endeavour to have the following proposed extension of Railways carried out as soon as possible—viz., New South Wales to Wentworth, and thence to the boundary of New South Wales and South Australia ; Victoria to Wentworth ; South Australia, from Morgan to eastern boundary, meeting New South Wales.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved :—That the further consideration of this resolution be postponed until the adjourned sitting of the Conference after Christmas.—*Agreed to.*

INTERCOLONIAL FREE TRADE.

Mr. MANN moved the following resolution :—With a view of practically testing to some extent the feasibility of Intercolonial Free Trade, this Conference agrees that all wines the product of Victoria, New South Wales, and South Australia shall be admitted into each of those Colonies free of duty. This arrangement to be subject to determination on three months' notice by any of the Colonies interested.

Mr. VALE moved (seconded by Sir HENRY PARKES) :—That the further consideration of this resolution be postponed until the sitting of the Conference after Christmas.—*Agreed to.*

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow at ten o'clock.

December 2nd, 1880.

GRAHAM BERRY,
Chairman.

THURSDAY, 2ND DECEMBER, 1880.

FIFTH DAY.

Members present :

Victoria.

The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P., in the Chair ;
The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.

New South Wales.

The Honorable Sir HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P.,
The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.

South Australia.

The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.,
GEORGE SWANN FOWLER, Esq., M.P.

Minutes of yesterday's proceedings read and confirmed.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved the following resolutions :—

- (1.) That the Conference, at its rising to-morrow, adjourn until Thursday, the 13th January next, and that it then meet in Sydney.
- (2.) That the Honorable Graham Berry, as Chairman, be requested to invite the Governments of Queensland, Tasmania, Western Australia, and New Zealand to join in the deliberations of the Conference at its adjourned sitting.

MR. MANN seconded the resolution.—*Agreed to.*

Sir HENRY PARKES stated, on behalf of the Representatives of New South Wales, that he wished to hand in the following memorandum, as a further expression of their views on the subject of the Border Duties :—

The Colony of New South Wales is prepared to execute a convention for the non-collection of Customs Duties along the Borders, on the basis submitted in the memorandum of Sir Henry Parkes, as modified by the further memorandum of Mr. Mann, with such amendments as may be mutually assented to in respect to details. It is urged that there really is no insurmountable obstacle arising out of her fiscal legislation (the tax on live stock excepted) to Victoria joining in such convention, at least no obstacle which would not present itself with equal force in almost any possible proposal for relieving the Border trade from the actual interference of the Custom House. It may be fairly doubted whether a uniform Tariff for the three Colonies would be a "satisfactory solution" of the Border difficulty if the "main features of the present Victorian Tariff were recognized as a basis." If the Custom House officers were withdrawn from the Border, high duties on any article entering largely into consumption would be just as likely under a uniform Tariff as under the convention now proposed to lead to speculative Border traffic, when the markets of one Colony were attractive, and the circumstances of another Colony were favourable to overland exportation. But, as a matter of fact, no serious inconvenience or injury of this character was experienced under former conventions, and it is contended that there is no reasonable ground for anticipating any such inconvenience or injury in the future, if all parties to an agreement would do their best, as it is believed they would do, to carry it out in good faith.

The second scheme submitted by Victoria appears to be open to fatal objections. Admittedly, it would not effect the main object contemplated—The removal of the Border Custom Houses. Any plan which failed of this object would practically be of no value.

In any view of the primary question, the construction of a uniform Tariff, under present circumstances, would be the work of years, subject to all the political vicissitudes which are inseparable from the course of Parliamentary Government in the Colonies, and therefore can hardly be accepted in any endeavour to afford immediate relief to the settlers and traders along the Borders of the three Colonies.

HENRY PARKES.

FEDERAL COUNCIL.

Sir HENRY PARKES moved the following resolution (seconded by Mr. MANN) :—

- (1.) That in the opinion of this Conference the time has arrived when a Federal Council should be constituted to deal with questions affecting all the colonies in Common.
- (2.) That such Council might be constituted with limited powers, by separate Acts of the several Parliaments, each Colony being represented by an equal number of members.
- (3.) That in the constitution of such Council the authority of each Colony over its own revenues should be preserved intact.
- (4.) That New South Wales be requested to prepare a Bill to carry out the foregoing resolutions, to be submitted to the Conference at its adjourned sitting after Christmas.

Agreed to.

CHINESE.

Sir HENRY PARKES (seconded by Mr. VALE) moved :—That in the opinion of this Conference the grave consequences which must follow the influx of large numbers of Chinese call in a special manner for the concerted action of all the Colonies, both in representations to the Imperial Government and in local legislation.—*Carried.*

The Representatives of South Australia desired it to be understood that they did not express any opinion on this subject at this stage of the proceedings of the Conference.

PHYLLOXERA VASTATRIX.

Mr. MANN moved the following resolution :—That this Conference considers that the alarming extension of the vine disease, *phylloxera vastatrix*, in Victoria is a matter of more than local importance, seriously affecting as it may all the Colonies where wine is made, and in that view agrees that it is desirable that prompt and thorough measures should be taken to eradicate the disease, and the Colonies represented will contribute equally to the necessary expenses, not exceeding in the first instance £20,000. This principle of joint contribution is to be applied to any Colony where the disease may hereafter break out.

Seconded by Sir HENRY PARKES.—*Agreed to.*

RABBITS.

Mr. MANN moved :—That joint action being necessary for the suppression of the Rabbits on the Border between Victoria and South Australia, the Representatives of those Colonies agree to prompt, decisive, and simultaneous action for the suppression of the nuisance.

Seconded by Mr. VALE.—*Agreed to.*

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow at eleven o'clock.

GRAHAM BERRY,
Chairman.

December 3rd, 1880.

FRIDAY, 3RD DECEMBER, 1880.

SIXTH DAY.

Members present :

Victoria.

The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P., in the Chair,
The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.

New South Wales.

The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P.,
The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.

South Australia.

The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.,
GEORGE SWAN FOWLER, Esq., M.P.

The following memorandum was read by Mr. MANN, viz. :—

That the Representatives of Victoria and South Australia agree not to collect duties on the Border between those Colonies, but to institute a system of permits in accordance with the draft agreement submitted by the Victorian Government and printed as a South Australian Parliamentary Paper, No. 130 of 1880.—*Agreed to.*

Mr. WATSON handed in the following memorandum, viz. :—

The Representatives of New South Wales and South Australia at this Conference agree, that the convention entered into between these Colonies, dated the 30th day of October, 1878, and which was terminated on the 30th June last, shall be brought into operation, and continued for a period of three years from the 1st day of January, 1881, subject to the following modifications, viz. :—That the Colony of South Australia shall increase her duties on imported wines and spirits and on unmanufactured tobacco to the rate now levied in New South Wales, and shall also increase the duty payable on spirits distilled in the Colony to two-thirds of that now levied on imported spirits in New South Wales; and that the yearly sum to be received by New South Wales, in lieu of the collection of the duties, shall be £47,500, payable quarterly.—*Agreed to.*

The following resolution was moved by Sir HENRY PARKES and seconded by Mr. VALE :—

This Conference, impressed with the great importance of the establishment of a uniform Tariff for the Australian Colonies, recommends the further consideration of the question at the adjourned meeting of the Conference, on the 13th January, at Sydney.—*Agreed to.*

Mr. WATSON moved the following resolution :—

“That it is desirable for continuity of action that the present Secretary to the Conference should continue so to act at the further sittings of the Conference appointed to commence in Sydney on the 13th of January next, if not incompatible with his other duties.”

Seconded by Mr. MANN, and carried.

The Conference then adjourned, pursuant to former resolution, until Thursday, the 13th of January, 1881.

December 3rd, 1880.

GRAHAM BERRY,
Chairman.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE.

MINUTES OF PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE HELD AT SYDNEY,

JANUARY, 1881.

Presented to Parliament by Command.

SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

MINUTES OF PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE HELD AT SYDNEY.

THURSDAY, 13 JANUARY, 1881.

FIRST DAY.

Present:—

- New South Wales* The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P., Colonial Secretary.
The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P., Colonial Treasurer.
- Victoria* The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P., Chief Secretary.
The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P., Attorney General.
- South Australia* The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C., Chief Secretary.
The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P., Treasurer.
- Queensland* The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P., Colonial Secretary.
The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C., Postmaster General.
- Tasmania* The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P., Colonial Treasurer.
The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C., Colonial Secretary.
- Western Australia* The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY, Member of Executive Council.

On the motion of Mr. BERRY, seconded by Mr. MORGAN, SIR HENRY PARKES was called to the Chair.

The Conference concurred in the resolution passed in Melbourne that Mr. WEBB should continue to act as Secretary to the Conference.

The Representatives of the several Colonies laid on the Table their Commissions of appointment.

Letters were read—

1. From Baron von Müeller, on the subject of a further search for Leichhardt's remains.
2. From Dr. G. A. Tucker, Sydney, in the matter of his visits to Kew and Sunbury Lunatic Asylums.
3. From the Colonial Secretary, Queensland, in the matter of Examinations for Imperial Military Commissions being held at Sydney.
4. From the Chief Inspector of Stock of Victoria, recommending that regulations for dealing with sheep coming from other Colonies by sea be not altered.

Ordered that these letters be dealt with when the respective subjects they refer to are brought under the consideration of the Conference.

SIR HENRY PARKES mentioned that a memorial had been addressed to himself and Mr. Watson, from a large number of fruit-growers, desiring them to bring under the notice of the Conference the hardship they sustained from the imposition of Custom Duties on fruit in its natural state.

Mr. VALE mentioned that a memorial had been addressed to him by members of the Bar of Victoria, asking him to bring before the Conference the question of reciprocity between the Bars of New South Wales and Victoria; but before taking action in the matter he would consult Mr. Wisdom, the Attorney General for New South Wales, and mention the matter at a further meeting of the Conference.

The Conference deliberated as to the business to be entered upon and the course of future proceedings.

The Conference then adjourned until Friday, January 14, at half-past 10 o'clock a.m.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

FRIDAY, 14 JANUARY, 1881.

SECOND DAY.

Present:—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.

The minutes of Thursday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

Mr. BERRY stated that he had this morning received the following letter:—

“ Western Australia,

“ Colonial Secretary's Office,

Perth, 27 December, 1880.

“ Sir,

“ In reply to your letter, No. 7,571, of the 8th instant, notifying that the proceedings of the Intercolonial Conference recently held in Melbourne by Representatives of New South Wales, Victoria, and South Australia have been postponed until the 13th January next, then to be resumed at Sydney, I am directed by His Excellency Sir William Robinson, K.C.M.G., to express to you his thanks for the invitation to send a Representative of this Government to the Conference.

“ 2. The Constitution of Western Australia would render it inconvenient to send a Representative with full powers to pledge either Her Majesty's Government, which exercises a control over the policy of this Colony, or the local Legislature, to abide by the decision of the Conference; but His Excellency, feeling the deepest interest in the important subjects proposed for discussion, will appoint a Representative to watch the proceedings on behalf of this Colony, and to express an opinion on such points as are proper for consideration by this Government, subject, of course, to the approval of the Home and Colonial Governments.

“ Should this proposal meet with the views of the Conference, His Excellency will appoint His Honor Chief Justice Wrenfordsley, who is now on a visit to Melbourne, to join in its further deliberations on all subjects applicable to this Colony other than the Chinese question, which is one that the Representative of this Government would not be in a position to discuss.

“ I have, &c.,

“ GIFFORD,

“ Colonial Secretary.”

“ The Honorable the Chief Secretary,
“ Melbourne, Victoria.

The letter was considered, and the Conference, having in view the exceptional position in which Mr. Chief Justice Wrenfordsley was placed, determined to leave it to his own discretion as to the course he would pursue in any vote arrived at by the Conference.

INTERCOLONIAL LEGISLATION.

Mr. VALE brought under consideration the Bill which, at a meeting of the Conference held in Melbourne, he had undertaken to have drawn in reference to the establishment of an Australian Court of Final Appeal.

Mr. MORGAN moved (seconded by Mr. WATSON):—That a despatch from Lord Kimberley, dated 8th August, 1871, in relation to a “ proposed High Court of Appeals,” be read.—*Agreed to.*

The despatch was read accordingly.

Mr. GIBLIN moved (seconded by Mr. PALMER):—That this Conference, having had under consideration the resolutions moved by Mr. Vale on the 29th of November, in favour of the establishment of an Australian Court of Final Appeal, and also the draft of a Bill submitted for that purpose, concurs in the said resolutions, and agrees to consider a Bill to give effect to the same.—*Agreed to.*

Mr. MANN moved (seconded by Mr. BERRY):—That such Bill be framed so as to carry out the following modification—Any party dissatisfied with the decision of any Supreme Court, where the amount exceeds £500, may appeal therefrom to the Privy Council or the Australian Court of Appeal: Provided that if the party so dissatisfied desires to appeal to the Australian Court of Appeal, the other party may, on application to the Court whose decision is appealed against, at the discretion of such Court, obtain leave to have such appeal determined by the Privy Council and not by the Australian Court of Appeal.—*Agreed to.*

Mr. MOORE moved (seconded by Mr. MOREHEAD):—That this Conference concurs in the resolution moved by Mr. Vale on 29th November:—

“ That this Conference is of opinion that warrants for the arrest of offenders issued in one Colony should have effect in all, and that provision should be made for anticipating by telegram the effect of such warrants.”—*Agreed to.*

Mr.

Mr. GIBLIN moved (seconded by Mr. WATSON):—That this Conference having had under its consideration the following resolution, also moved by Mr. Vale, on the 29th November:—

“That this Conference concurs in the opinion that all process for the recovery of debts or damages originating in any one Colony should have full effect in all the Colonies,” concurs in the object sought to be obtained by that resolution and agrees to consider a Bill to give effect thereto.—*Agreed to.*

Mr. PALMER moved (seconded by Mr. MOORE):—That this Conference agrees with the following resolution moved by Mr. Vale on the 29th of November:—

“That this Conference concurs in the opinion that warrants for the apprehension of men who have deserted wife or child, or both, should have force and effect in all the Colonies.”—*Agreed to.*

Mr. PALMER moved (seconded by Mr. WATSON):—That the consideration of the following resolution; also moved by Mr. VALE on the 29th November (on the Notice Paper No. 4), relative to Patents, be postponed until the 18th instant.—*Agreed to.*

RAILWAYS AND INTERCOLONIAL FREE TRADE.

Mr. MORGAN moved (seconded by Mr. WATSON):—That the consideration of the resolutions standing in the name of Mr. Mann, in respect to Railways and Intercolonial Free Trade, be postponed until the 20th instant.—*Agreed to.*

The Conference then adjourned until Monday, the 17th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

MONDAY, 17 JANUARY, 1881.

THIRD DAY.

Present:—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.

The minutes of proceedings of Friday last were read and confirmed.

DRAFT BILLS.

Mr. VALE submitted to the Conference draft Bills to provide—

- I. For the validity of Letters Patent for Inventions granted and Trade Marks registered.
- II. For the execution of Warrants of Apprehension.
- III. To increase the remedies of Creditors against persons in the Australian Colonies.

AUSTRALIAN COURT OF FINAL APPEAL.

Moved by Mr. WATSON (seconded by Mr. MORGAN):—That Messrs. Vale, Mann, and Giblin, and Mr. Chief Justice Wrenfordsley be appointed a Committee to revise Draft Bill to establish an Australian Court of Final Appeal.—*Agreed to.*

The Bills submitted by Mr. VALE were also referred for the consideration of the Committee.

SIR HENRY PARKES undertook to place the services of the Parliamentary Draftsman of New South Wales at the disposal of the Committee.

RAILWAYS AND INTERCOLONIAL FREE TRADE.

Moved by Mr. MORGAN (seconded by Mr. WATSON):—That the resolutions arrived at on the 14th instant, postponing Mr. Mann's resolutions with respect to Railways and Intercolonial Free Trade, be rescinded, and that the said resolutions be now proceeded with.—*Agreed to.*

After some discussion on this motion, Mr. PALMER moved (seconded by Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY):—That in future the Conference meet at 10 o'clock A.M.—*Agreed to.*

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

TUESDAY,

TUESDAY, 18 JANUARY, 1881.

FOURTH DAY.

Present:—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland,</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

CHINESE.

Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY stated that he had received a communication from the Governor of Western Australia, who had called his attention to the position of Western Australia as a Crown Colony; and also to the impossibility of his being a party to a vote which might be opposed to Imperial policy.

NAVAL AND MILITARY DEFENCES.

Mr. MORGAN moved,—seconded by Mr. PALMER (who stated that he only did so for the purpose of raising discussion):—

THAT, in the opinion of this Conference, the time has arrived when joint action should be taken for the more efficient Naval Defence of the Australian Colonies and New Zealand, and for the protection of the large number of valuable vessels now engaged in the Australian carrying trade.

With this view, united representations should be made to the Imperial Government requesting that a sufficient Naval Force should be maintained in Australian waters, to be used exclusively for the defence and protection of the Australian Colonies and New Zealand.

Subject, as in the last paragraph mentioned, the Naval Force, as so employed, to be under the exclusive control of the Admiralty.

Any scheme of Naval Defence should also include the Naval Defence of the harbours of the capitals of the different Colonies, and the fortifications of King George's Sound or some other port in Western Australia, and the maintenance of a sufficient force for holding the same.

In view of the present and daily increasing wealth and importance of the Australian Colonies and New Zealand, and the magnitude of the interests involved, this Conference is of opinion that it would be unreasonable to expect the Imperial Government to bear the whole expense of the largely increased force which it will become necessary to maintain if the above scheme is carried out; but as Imperial interests are also largely involved, the Imperial Government should contribute to the extent of one moiety.

The Representatives assembled at this Conference undertake to recommend to their respective Governors to make representation to the Imperial Government on the basis of the foregoing resolution, and to request the concurrence of the Imperial Authorities therein.

They (with the exception of Western Australia) agree to the payment of one moiety of the expense of carrying out such a scheme as is here suggested, including the building and maintenance of the fortifications at King George's Sound. Such moiety to be contributed ratably by all the Colonies and New Zealand (except Western Australia) on the basis of population.

The adoption of these resolutions does not in any way affect the question of the land fortification and defence of particular ports, which will be left as now to the discretion of the Colonies interested.

After considerable discussion Mr. GIBLIN moved, as an amendment (seconded by Mr. PALMER):—That all the words after the word "Conference" in the first line be omitted, with a view to inserting the following words:—

CONSIDERING the large Imperial interests involved, the Naval Defence of these Colonies should continue to be the exclusive charge of the Imperial Government, and that the strength of the Australian Squadron should be increased.

That the Members of this Conference pledge themselves to use all legitimate endeavours to procure the efficient fortifications and land defence of the several ports of the Australian Colonies, at the cost of the several Colonies interested.

Motion

Motion put,—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the question.

Aye.
South Australia.

Noes.
New South Wales,
Queensland,
Victoria,
Tasmania.

Western Australia declined to vote.

Further motion put,—That the words proposed to be inserted be inserted.—*Carried unanimously.*

The amended resolution was then put as follows:—That in the opinion of this Conference, considering the large Imperial interests involved, the Naval Defence of these Colonies should continue to be the exclusive charge of the Imperial Government, and that the strength of the Australian Squadron should be increased. That the Members of this Conference pledge themselves to use all legitimate endeavours to procure the efficient fortifications and land defence of the several ports of the Australian Colonies, at the cost of the several Colonies interested.—*Agreed to unanimously.*

Memo.—The Representatives of South Australia wished it to be understood that, although not voting against the amended motion, they were of opinion that—in order more effectually to secure the employment of an Australian Squadron for the exclusive defence of Australian Ports—the Colonies ought to contribute to the cost of maintaining such Squadron.

CHINESE IMMIGRANTS.

The CHAIRMAN called the attention of the Conference to a copy of the Government Gazette Extraordinary for Western Australia, dated 28th December, 1880, in which there was a notice headed "Chinese Immigrants."

The same was read.

Mr. BERRY moved (seconded by Mr. MORGAN):—That the Gazette notice, as read by the Secretary, be entered on the Minutes.—*Agreed to.*

CHINESE IMMIGRANTS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 28th December, 1880.

THE Legislature having sanctioned the introduction of Chinese immigrants into the Colony at the public expense, the Government is prepared to receive applications from settlers who may be desirous of employing such immigrants as farm labourers, shepherds, gardeners, mechanics, or domestic servants; application to be made in writing on the following form, copies of which may be obtained at the Offices of the Colonial Secretary and the various resident Magistrates. Fifty immigrants must be applied for before action can be taken by Government. The immigrants to be taken over from the Government Immigration Agent immediately on arrival free of expense to the Government.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,

Colonial Secretary.

Name, Occupation, and Address of Person requiring Immigrants.	Number of persons required of each description of trade &c.	Where to be employed.	Period for which employment is guaranteed, if immigrant is qualified.	Wages per month offered, in addition to food and lodgings, to the satisfaction of Government.	Remarks.
John Smith, farmer, Albany.	1 rough carpenter. 2 shepherds. 1 house servant.	Kojonup. Do. Albany.	One year, certain.	£2 5 0* 2 0 0 1 15 0	

* These rates are imaginary.

Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY stated that up to the present time he had been unaware of any such Government notice.

UNIFORM TARIFF.

Mr. MORGAN moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN):—That this Conference is prepared to consider a uniform Tariff for the whole of the Australian Colonies, based on the present Tariff of New South Wales. After discussion, Mr. BERRY moved (Mr. MOORE seconded):—That the further consideration of this matter be postponed until after the conclusion of all other business.—*Agreed to.*

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow, at 10 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

WEDNESDAY, 19 JANUARY, 1881.

FIFTH DAY.

Present:—

- New South Wales* The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P.
The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
- Victoria* The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P.
The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
- South Australia* The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C.
The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
- Queensland* The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P.
The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
- Tasmania* The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P.
The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
- Western Australia* The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

The CHAIRMAN laid before the Conference a letter which had been addressed to him by the Chairman of the Chamber of Commerce.

Mr. VALE moved (seconded by Mr. PALMER):—That this letter be entered upon the Minutes of the Conference.—*Agreed to.*

"Sydney,

“Sydney, 18 January, 1881.

To the Honorable Sir Henry Parkes, K.C.M.G.

“Sir,

“The Chamber of Commerce desire to bring under your notice, with a view to its being considered by the Members of the Intercolonial Conference, the expediency of the Australasian Colonies adopting the cental of 100 lbs. as the standard in sale of grain and other agricultural produce, instead of the present complicated system of weights and measures.

“The Melbourne Chamber of Commerce have brought the matter under the notice of the Chief Secretary of Victoria; and it is hoped, if the Representatives of these two Colonies view the proposed change favourably, that the Representatives of the other Colonies (in some of which the matter has already been favourably entertained) will concur in its adoption.

“The several Governments might easily pave the way to the general introduction of the cental, by using it as the standard in Government contracts, railway carriage and Custom-house returns.

“The proposed change is not a new idea—it has repeatedly been discussed by the several Chambers of Commerce, and I forward copy of Sydney Chamber Report of 1869, where at page 4 you will find a resolution on the subject arrived at by delegates from the Chambers of Commerce of Melbourne, Adelaide, and Sydney, at a Conference held in Sydney in June, 1869, and the matter was referred to in a report of last year, page 6 of copy enclosed.

“The Board of Trade in London has a cental standard of 100 lbs. to test private weights. The cental as a grain standard is now in use in England, in the cities of Liverpool, York, and Crewe, in Belfast, in some parts of Scotland, and in the county of Cornwall, and in Victoria, in levying duties on corn and flour. I need hardly say it is in use in America—North and South, and the metric system generally is now solely in use in France, Germany, Italy, Belgium, Switzerland, and in the British Colony of Mauritius.

“The Chamber of Commerce take this opportunity of suggesting that the decimal system of coinage should, with the cental standard be taught in the State Schools, as well as the present more complicated systems of money, weights and measures, and so familiarise the rising generation with these systems, and enable them to judge of the relative merits of the proposed change as compared with those of the present systems; and, in bringing this within the range of practical legislation, they hope to have the sympathy and aid of the Minister of Education and the Ministry generally as well as your own.

“I have, &c.,

“JOHN B. WATT,

“Chairman, Chamber of Commerce.”

Extract from *Chambers's Encyclopædia*, last edition.

“THE French plan of decimal gradation in weights and measures is the only rational one, because it is in accordance with the universally adopted decimal notation. If thoroughly carried out, the facilities it would afford in every department of life are scarcely calculable.

“For one thing, it is not too much to say that *one-half the time now spent in Great Britain in learning arithmetic might be saved.*

“That study might in addition be made an effective means of intellectual discipline, whereas at present the time must be spent in acquiring something like a ready but blind application of complicated rules.”

ADMISSION OF MEMBERS TO THE BAR.

Mr. VALE moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN):—That, in the opinion of this Conference, it is desirable that there should be complete reciprocity between the several Australian Colonies and New Zealand, as to the admission of members to the Bar in such Colonies.—*Agreed to.*

ISLANDS IN THE PACIFIC.

Mr. PALMER moved (seconded by Mr. MOREHEAD):—That, in the opinion of this Conference, it is desirable that a representation be made to Her Majesty the Queen, calling her attention to the lamentable state of affairs existing between the natives of many of the Islands in the Pacific and the subjects of Her Majesty trading in those seas, more particularly since the appointment of a High Commissioner for the Pacific; and praying that Her Majesty will cause such action to be taken as will prevent the recurrence of such outrages against life and property as have lately prevailed.

After discussion, Mr. PALMER's motion was postponed, and Mr. WATSON moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN):—That a Committee be appointed, consisting of Messrs. Palmer, Dick, Berry, and Moore, to consider the matters involved in Mr. Palmer's resolution, and to examine the papers relating to the appointment of the High Commissioner, and to report to this Conference.—*Agreed to.*

RAILWAY EXTENSION.

Mr. MORGAN moved (seconded by Mr. MANN):—That this Conference is of opinion that it is desirable that the capitals of the four Colonies of New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, and Queensland should be connected by Railway; and with this view the Representatives of New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, and Queensland agree to endeavour to have the Railways in those Colonies extended as follows:—New South Wales—Sydney to Wentworth, and thence to the boundary between New South Wales and South Australia; Sydney to Queensland Border. Victoria:—Melbourne to Wentworth. South Australia:—Adelaide to Morgan, thence to eastern boundary meeting New South Wales. Queensland:—Brisbane to Border, meeting New South Wales.

After discussion, Mr. WATSON moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN):—That the further consideration of Mr. Morgan's resolution on Railway extension be postponed until to-morrow.—*Agreed to.*

CHINESE.

CHINESE.

Mr. BERRY moved (seconded by Mr. WATSON) :—That this Conference resolves that the introduction of Chinese into any of the Colonies of Australia, New Zealand, and Tasmania is highly undesirable, and further resolves to consider a joint representation to the Imperial Government, and recommends uniform legislation on the part of all the Colonies to restrict the influx of Chinese into these Colonies.

After considerable discussion, Mr. PALMER moved, as an amendment (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN) :—That this Conference resolves that the introduction of Chinese in large numbers into any of the Colonies of Australia, New Zealand, and Tasmania is highly undesirable, and recommends uniform legislation on the part of all the Colonies to discourage any large influx of Chinese into these Colonies.

Question put,—That Mr. BERRY's resolution be amended, by introducing after the word "Chinese," in the second line, the words "in large numbers."

Ayes.
Queensland,
South Australia,
Tasmania.

Noes.
Victoria,
New South Wales.

Western Australia declined to vote.

Question put,—That the words "and further resolves to consider a joint representation to the Imperial Government" be omitted.

Ayes.
Queensland,
South Australia,
Tasmania.

Noes.
Victoria,
New South Wales.

Question put,—That the words "joint and" after the word "recommends" be omitted.
Agreed to unanimously.

Question put,—"That this Conference resolves that the introduction of Chinese in large numbers into any of the Colonies of Australia is highly undesirable, and recommends uniform legislation on the part of all the Colonies to restrict the influx of Chinese into these Colonies."—*Agreed to.*

ISLANDS IN THE PACIFIC.

It was arranged that Mr. A. C. Budge, Clerk to the Executive Council, act as Secretary to the Committee appointed to inquire into and report upon certain matters in relation to the Pacific Islands.

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow at 9 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

THURSDAY, 20 JANUARY, 1881.

SIXTH DAY.

Present:—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOF MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIRLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.
<i>New Zealand</i>	The Honorable THOMAS DICK, M.H.R., Colonial Secretary.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

The Commission issued by Sir Arthur Gordon, Governor of New Zealand, to the Hon. Thomas Dick, appointing him to be the Representative for the Colony of New Zealand, to appear and act at this Conference for and on behalf of the said Colony, was laid before the Conference.

CHINESE.

Mr. BERRY moved, pursuant to notice (seconded by Mr. WATSON) :—That this Conference learns with surprise and regret that the Legislature of Western Australia has sanctioned the introduction of Chinese into that part of Australia at the public expense.

After

After a lengthened discussion, Mr. Berry (consented to by Mr. Watson), by leave of the Conference, withdrew the foregoing resolution and substituted the following in lieu of it:—

That, in the opinion of this Conference, it is highly prejudicial to the best interests of the Australian Colonies that Chinese should be introduced into any of the Colonies at the public expense, as is the case in Western Australia. And this Conference unanimously agree to a joint representation to the Imperial Government on the subject, with a view to procuring a reversal of the action of that Colony.—*Agreed to.*

Mr. Chief Justice Wrenfordsley declined to vote.

Moved by Mr. BERRY (seconded by Mr. PALMER):—That a Committee be appointed to prepare the form of representation to the Imperial Government on Chinese Immigration, and submit the same for the consideration of the Conference. Such Committee to consist of Mr. Morgan, Sir Henry Parkes, and Mr. Berry.—*Agreed to.*

Mr. Chief Justice Wrenfordsley declined to vote.

TARIFF.

Mr. WATSON moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN):—That, in the opinion of this Conference, a joint Commission of all the Australasian Colonies (excepting Western Australia) should be appointed to consider and construct a common Tariff for the group, and that in the constitution of such Commission

Victoria should appoint	3 Members.
New South Wales	2 Members.
New Zealand	2 Members.
South Australia	2 Members.
Queensland	2 Members.
Tasmania	1 Member.

After some discussion this motion was postponed, to be considered with other motions on the Tariff question.

INTERCOLONIAL FREE TRADE.

Mr. MANN moved (seconded by Mr. MORGAN):—That with a view of practically testing to some extent the feasibility of Intercolonial Free Trade, this Conference agrees that all wines, the product of Victoria, New South Wales, and South Australia, shall be admitted into each of those Colonies free of duty. This arrangement to be subject to determination on three months' notice by any of the Colonies interested.

After discussion it was resolved, on the motion of Mr. GIBLIN, seconded by Mr. DICK, that the further consideration of this motion be postponed until to-morrow.

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

FRIDAY, 21 JANUARY, 1881.

SEVENTH DAY.

Present:—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.
<i>New Zealand</i>	The Honorable THOMAS DICK, M.H.R.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

A letter from Mr. Julian Thomas, on the subject of "South Sea Massacres," was read and handed to the CHAIRMAN of the Committee appointed to consider the matters involved in Mr. PALMER'S resolution and to examine papers on the subject.

A letter was read from Hugh McColl, Esq., M.L.A. (Victoria), on the subject of "Canalization for Irrigation," &c.—Noted.

FEDERAL COUNCIL OF AUSTRALIA BILL.

The CHAIRMAN read a memorandum on the subject of "A Bill to establish a Federal Council of Australia."

It was moved by Mr. BERRY (seconded by Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY):—That the memorandum now read be inserted in the Minutes of Proceedings of the Conference.—*Agreed to.*

MEMORANDUM.

MEMORANDUM.—In respect to the Federal Council Bill now submitted, the following positions are assumed as hardly open to debate:—

1. That the time is not come for the construction of a Federal Constitution with an Australian Federal Parliament.

2. That the time is come when a number of matters of much concern to all the Colonies might be dealt with more effectively by some Federal authority than by the Colonies separately.

3. That an organization which would lead men to think in the direction of Federation, and accustom the public mind to Federal ideas, would be the best preparation for the foundation of Federal Government.

The Bill has been prepared to carry out the idea of a mixed body, partly Legislative and partly Administrative, as the forerunner of a more matured system of Federal Government. Care has been taken throughout to give effective power to the proposed Federal Council within prescribed limits without impairing the authority of the Colonies represented in that body.

No attempt has been made to constitute the proposed Council on any historical model, but the object has been to meet the circumstances of the present Australian situation, and to pave the way to a complete Federal organization hereafter.

HENRY PARKES.

January 21, 1881.

The CHAIRMAN handed to each Member of the Conference Draft "Bill to establish a Federal Council of Australia," and explained its several objects.

The Bill having been read to the Conference by the Secretary, a conversational discussion ensued on its general scope and principles; after which, Mr. BERRY moved (seconded by Mr. DICK):—That the further consideration of the Federal Council Bill be postponed until Monday next.—*Agreed to.*

ISLANDS IN THE PACIFIC.

The CHAIRMAN stated that he had received a letter from Lord Augustus Loftus, enclosing various telegrams in relation to the inquiry instituted by the Conference into the powers of the High Commissioner for the Pacific

The same were read by the Chairman.

It was moved by Mr. BERRY (seconded by Mr. MORGAN):—That the letter of Lord Augustus Loftus, covering telegrams which had passed between His Excellency and Sir Arthur Gordon, as read by the CHAIRMAN, be entered upon the Minutes.—*Agreed to.*

"Dear Sir Henry,

Government House, Sydney, N.S.W., 21/1/81.

"I send you herewith copies of two telegrams which I have received from Sir A. Gordon, which he wishes should be communicated to the Conference.

"I also enclose copy of the reply I sent yesterday to his first telegram.

"Yours truly,

"The Hon. Sir Henry Parkes, K.C.M.G.

"AUGUSTUS LOFTUS."

Telegram from Sir A. Gordon to Lord Augustus Loftus.

20/1/81.

"I have been informed by telegram that the Conference proposes to investigate my powers. They can hardly do this courteously without communicating with me, or to much purpose without information from me, which I will furnish if asked for through you."

Telegram from Lord Augustus Loftus to Sir A. Gordon.

20/1/81.

"Shall I communicate substance of your telegram to New Zealand Representative? Resolution moved was, that a representation should be made to the Queen, calling attention to late massacres in South Seas since appointment of High Commissioner, and praying action against their recurrence. Resolution postponed, and Committee appointed to consider action to be taken in regard to it."

Telegram from Sir A. Gordon to Lord Augustus Loftus.

21/1/81.

"Should wish substance of telegram communicated to Conference, but have, as High Commissioner, no more special relations with Delegate from New Zealand than with those from other Colonies."

It was moved by Mr. BERRY (seconded by Mr. MOREHEAD):—That the enclosed extract from the Minutes of the Conference be forwarded to His Excellency the Governor of New South Wales, with a respectful request that the said extract be forwarded by telegraph to Sir A. Gordon, with an intimation that the Conference will willingly receive any information Sir A. Gordon may desire to communicate by telegraph.—*Agreed to.*

RAILWAY EXTENSION.

Mr. MORGAN moved (seconded by Mr. MANN):—That this Conference is of opinion that it is desirable that the capitals of the four Colonies of New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, and Queensland should be connected by Railway; and with this view the Representatives of New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, and Queensland agree to endeavour to have the Railways in those Colonies extended as follows:—New South Wales—Sydney to Wentworth, and thence to the boundary between New South Wales and South Australia; Sydney to Queensland Border. Victoria—Melbourne to Wentworth. South Australia—Adelaide to Morgan, thence to eastern boundary meeting New South Wales. Queensland—Brisbane to Border, meeting New South Wales.

After discussion, Mr. WATSON moved, seconded by Mr. BERRY:—“That in the absence of the necessary detailed surveys and other information, it is undesirable to adopt the proposal of Mr. MORGAN at the present time; but the Government of New South Wales will be prepared to consider it when the necessary information is obtained.”

The Conference then adjourned until Monday next, at 10 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

MONDAY, 24 JANUARY, 1881.

EIGHTH DAY.

Present:—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.
<i>New Zealand</i>	The Honorable THOMAS DICK, M.H.R.

The minutes of Friday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

ISLANDS OF THE PACIFIC.

The CHAIRMAN stated that he had addressed a letter as instructed to Lord Augustus Loftus, enclosing Mr. Palmer's resolution respecting the High Commissioner for the Pacific and the extracts therein referred to, and requesting His Excellency to transmit them by wire to Sir A. Gordon, and that he had received a letter from His Excellency in reply thereto, and a second letter inclosing copy of telegram from Sir A. Gordon.

Mr. Palmer moved (seconded by Mr. MOREHEAD):—That the correspondence handed in by the Chairman be read and entered upon the Minutes of the Conference.—*Agreed to.*

“Council Room, Public Offices, Sydney, 21 January, 1881.

“My Lord,

“I have the honor to acknowledge your letter of this date, enclosing copies of telegrams which have passed between His Excellency Sir Arthur Gordon and your Lordship, in respect to the proceedings of this Conference.

“I am desired by the Conference to transmit to you a copy of a resolution passed by the Conference, in respect to your Lordship's communication, with extracts from the printed proceedings, and to request that you will be good enough to communicate the same to Sir Arthur Gordon.

“I have, &c.,

“HENRY PARKES,
“Chairman of Conference.”

“To His Excellency The Right Honorable Lord Augustus Loftus, G.C.B.

RESOLUTION OF CONFERENCE.

Moved by Mr. BERRY (seconded by Mr. MOREHEAD):—That the enclosed extract from the Minutes of the Conference be forwarded to His Excellency the Governor of New South Wales, with a respectful request that the said extract be forwarded by telegraph to Sir A. Gordon, with an intimation that the Conference will willingly receive any information Sir Arthur Gordon may desire to communicate by telegraph.

Extracts referred to.

ISLANDS IN THE PACIFIC.

Mr. PALMER moved (seconded by Mr. MOREHEAD):—That, in the opinion of this Conference, it is desirable that a representation be made to Her Majesty the Queen, calling her attention to the lamentable state of affairs existing between the natives of many of the Islands in the Pacific and the subjects of Her Majesty trading in those seas, more particularly since the appointment of a High Commissioner for the Pacific; and praying that Her Majesty will cause such action to be taken as will prevent the recurrence of such outrages against life and property as have lately prevailed.

After discussion, Mr. PALMER's motion was postponed, and Mr. WATSON moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN):—That a Committee be appointed, consisting of Messrs. Palmer, Dick, Berry, and Moore, to consider the matters involved in Mr. Palmer's resolution, and to examine the papers relating to the appointment of the High Commissioner, and to report to this Conference.—*Agreed to.*

Sir,

Sir, Government House, Sydney, 22 January, 1881.
 I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday's date, transmitting to me, by desire of the Conference, a copy of a resolution passed by the Conference, with extracts from the printed proceedings relative to the High Commission. These resolutions and proceedings I have telegraphed to Sir Arthur Gordon as requested.
 I have, &c.,
 AUGUSTUS LOFTUS.
 The Honorable Sir Henry Parkes, K.C.M.G., &c., &c., &c.

Sir, Government House, Sydney, 22 January, 1881.
 I have the honor to enclose a copy of a telegram from Sir A. Gordon, which I have to request you will be good enough to lay before the Conference.
 I have, &c.,
 AUGUSTUS LOFTUS.
 The Honorable Sir Henry Parkes, K.C.M.G., &c., &c., &c.

Government House, Sydney, 22 January, 1881.
 Copy of Telegram from Sir A. Gordon to Lord Augustus Loftus.
 Please thank the Conference for the communication of the extract from the Minutes, and inform them that I shall be happy to afford them any assistance and information they may desire in the prosecution of this inquiry.
 Dated from Cambridge, N.Z., 22nd January, 1881.
 Chairman of the Intercolonial Conference.—A.L., 22/1/81.

Mr. PALMER brought up the following report from the Committee appointed "to consider the matters involved in Mr. PALMER's resolution, and to examine the papers relating to the appointment of the High Commissioner, and to report to this Conference."

REPORT of the Committee appointed by the Intercolonial Conference "to consider the matters involved in Mr. PALMER's resolution, and to examine the papers relating to the appointment of the High Commissioner, and to report to this Conference":—

The Committee have to report to the Conference that, after careful consideration of the Imperial Acts on the subject of the protection of Natives in the Pacific Islands, and having before them the Commission to Sir Arthur Gordon, the High Commissioner and Consul-General of the said Islands, they are impressed with the opinion that the powers conferred under the said Acts and Commission are ineffectual for the protection of the lives and property of the whites as against the natives, mainly owing to the absence of sufficient authority for the punishment of the latter for outrages committed by them.

The Committee are further of opinion that the numerous massacres and outrages in the Pacific Islands of late years have arisen from the lax measures taken to punish the natives, and the absence of Her Majesty's ships of war for long periods.

The Committee having fully deliberated on the subject, have arrived at the following conclusions, which they earnestly recommend for adoption by the Conference:—

- (1.) That it is not desirable the office of High Commissioner of the Pacific Islands should be vested in the Governor of any of the Australasian Colonies.
- (2.) That the High Commissioner should reside in Fiji or one of the Islands of Polynesia.
- (3.) That extended powers should be conferred upon the High Commissioner for the punishment of Natives of the said Islands for any crimes or offences committed by them against British subjects.
- (4.) That in the case of convictions for Felony, by the High Commissioner, appeal should be allowed to the Supreme Court of some one of the Australasian Colonies, selected at the discretion of the High Commissioner.
- (5.) That the powers now exercised by the High Commissioner should be transferred, at an early date, to some Federal Court to be established in Australasia.
- (6.) That the more frequent visits of Her Majesty's ships among the Islands would have a beneficial effect upon the natives, and tend to lessen in a great degree the crimes now so prevalent.

Mr. DICK, Colonial Secretary of New Zealand, dissented from resolutions Nos. 1 and 2.

The Committee submitted certain papers bearing upon the subject of outrages in the Islands of the Pacific, which were ordered to be inserted in the Appendix.

Mr. PALMER moved (seconded by Mr. BERRY):—That the report of the Committee now read be adopted.

Moved by Mr. GIBLIN (seconded by Mr. PALMER):—"That the further discussion of this matter be postponed until to-morrow."

Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY stated that this being an Imperial question he declined to vote upon it.

CHINESE.

Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY stated that, with respect to the Chinese question, he had received from His Excellency the Governor of Western Australia permission to inform the Conference, unofficially, that "the action *re* Chinese immigration is not new, a batch having been introduced in 1878, on the recommendation of the Legislature, approved by the Secretary of State."

FEDERAL

FEDERAL COUNCIL BILL.

After further discussion,—

Mr. MANN moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN):—That this Conference agrees generally with the provisions of the Bill submitted by Sir HENRY PARKES, subject to the following modifications:—

1. The Council should consist of a number, not more than three Ministers of the Crown, appointed by the Governor of each represented Colony, who, on ceasing to be Ministers, should also vacate their seats in the Council—whereupon other three or less number of Ministers should be appointed in their place.

2. The allowance (if any) to Members should be left to the discretion of each Colony.

3. Provision should be made that, in case any represented Colony withdraws by repealing the Act authorizing the appointment of Members to the Council, such Colony should, notwithstanding such repeal, be bound by all engagements of the Federal Council entered into anterior to the date of the repealing Act; also, that all Acts passed by the Federal Council shall continue to have the force of law within the Colony so withdrawing until the same shall be repealed or amended by the Parliament of such Colony.

Subject to the above and some few minor alterations which can be effected by the Draftsman, the Conference agrees to the Bill submitted, and requests that same may as soon as convenient be introduced into the Parliament of New South Wales, the Representatives of the Colonies present (except Western Australia) undertaking to introduce a similar Bill as early as possible into their respective Parliaments.

Further discussion ensued, after which Mr. MANN's resolution (as seconded by Mr. GIBLIN) was put.

Ayes.	Noes.
New South Wales, South Australia, Tasmania.	Victoria, Queensland, New Zealand.

Western Australia declined to vote.

Mr. BERRY moved (seconded by Mr. MANN for the sake of taking the vote of the Conference):—That inasmuch as a Federal Council should be endowed with some certain source of revenue, this Conference affirms the desirability of transferring all revenues from the sale and occupation of public lands situate in each and all the Colonies to such Federal Council.

Aye.	Noes.
Victoria.	New South Wales, South Australia, Queensland, Tasmania, New Zealand.

Western Australia declined to vote.

PATENTS AND TRADE-MARKS.

Mr. VALE moved (seconded by Mr. MORGAN):—That this Conference is of opinion that Patents granted, or Trade-marks registered, in one Colony should be valid in all.

Motion put.

Ayes.	Noes.
Victoria, South Australia, New Zealand.	New South Wales, Tasmania, Western Australia, Queensland.

TARIFF.

Mr. MORGAN, after some discussion, withdrew his resolution in favour of a uniform Tariff on the basis of the Tariff of New South Wales, in order to allow Mr. WATSON's motion to be considered.

The consideration of the resolution moved by Mr. WATSON was then resumed, viz.:—That, in the opinion of this Conference, a joint Commission of all the Australasian Colonies (excepting Western Australia) should be appointed to consider and construct a common Tariff for the group, and that in the constitution of such Commission—

Victoria should appoint...	3 Members.
New South Wales	2 "
New Zealand	2 "
South Australia	2 "
Queensland	2 "
Tasmania	1 Member.

Mr. VALE moved that Mr. Watson's resolution be amended, by inserting in the first line after the word "Conference" the words "That any proposed Intercolonial Tariff, to command the sanction of all the Colonies, must recognise fairly the interests and special circumstances of each."

Motion put,—That the resolution be amended by the insertion of these words.

Ayes.	Noes.
Victoria, Western Australia.	New South Wales, South Australia, Queensland, Tasmania, New Zealand.

The Hon. Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY moved (seconded by Mr. PALMER):—That the words "excepting Western Australia" in the second line be omitted.—*Agreed to.*

The Hon. Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY moved (seconded by Mr. PALMER):—That after the words "Tasmania, 1 Member," there be added the words "Western Australia, 1 Member."—*Agreed to.*

The

The motion, as amended, was put as follows:—That, in the opinion of this Conference, a joint Commission of all the Australian Colonies should be appointed to consider and construct a common Tariff for the group, and that in the constitution of such Commission—

Victoria should appoint	3 Members.
New South Wales	2 „
New Zealand	2 „
South Australia	2 „
Queensland	2 „
Tasmania	1 Member.
Western Australia	1 „

Ayes.	Noes.
New South Wales, South Australia, New Zealand, Queensland, Tasmania, Western Australia.	Victoria.

Mr. PALMER moved (seconded by Mr. MANN):—That it be an express instruction to such Commission that any common Tariff must recognize fairly the interests and special circumstances of each Colony.

Ayes.	No.
New South Wales, South Australia, New Zealand, Queensland, Tasmania, Western Australia.	Victoria.

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

TUESDAY, 25 JANUARY, 1881.

NINTH DAY.

Present:—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.
<i>New Zealand</i>	The Honorable THOMAS DICK, M.H.R.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

Mr. DICK handed in the following memorandum:—

“Having been asked by the Chairman whether I agree to the decisions of the Conference, as recorded in the Minutes prior to my arrival, I have to state that I see no reason for non-agreement, except with the concluding clause of the resolution come to on January 18th, as to Defences, respecting which I think it is desirable that New Zealand should be left unfettered.”

“Sydney, 25 January, 1881.

“THOMAS DICK.”

ISLANDS IN THE PACIFIC.

The Report of the Committee appointed to consider the matters involved in Mr. Palmer's resolution, and to examine the papers relating to the appointment of the High Commissioner, and to report to the Conference, was further considered. The following amendments were made in the same:—

In line 3 of the preamble the word “said” was omitted, and the words “Western Pacific” inserted instead.

The remainder of the preamble from the word “said” was omitted, and the words “report as follows” inserted instead.

In clause 1 before the word “Pacific” the word “Western” inserted.

Clause 2 struck out.

In

In clause 3 the words "extended powers should be conferred upon the High Commissioner" omitted, with a view to the insertion of the words "more effectual means should be devised."

In clause 4, line 1, before the word "convictions" the word "capital" inserted. In same line the words "for felony" omitted. In same line the words "By the High Commissioner" altered by inserting in their place the words "High Commissioner's Court." In the second line, after the word "Colonies" the words "to be" inserted, the words "at the direction of" omitted, and the word "by" inserted.

Clause 5 omitted.

In clause 6, lines 1 and 2, the words "have a beneficial effect upon the natives and" omitted.

The Report, as amended as follows, was adopted by the Conference:—

REPORT of the Committee appointed by the Intercolonial Conference "to consider the matters involved in Mr. PALMER's resolution, and to examine the papers relating to the appointment of the High Commissioner, and to report to this Conference":—

The Committee have to report to the Conference that, after careful consideration of the Imperial Acts on the subject of the protection of Natives in the Pacific Islands, and having had before them the Commission to Sir Arthur Gordon, the High Commissioner and Consul-General of the Western Pacific Islands, they have agreed to the following resolutions:—

- (1.) That it is not desirable that the office of High Commissioner of the Western Pacific Islands should be vested in the Governor of any of the Australasian Colonies.
- (2.) That more effectual means should be devised for the punishment of Natives of the said Islands for any crimes or offences committed by them against British subjects.
- (3.) That in the case of capital convictions by the High Commissioner's Court, appeals should be allowed to the Supreme Court of some one of the Australasian Colonies, to be selected by the High Commissioner.
- (4.) That the more frequent visits of Her Majesty's ships among the Islands would tend to lessen in a great degree the crimes now so prevalent.

Mr. DICE, Colonial Secretary of New Zealand, dissented from the first resolution.

Mr. PALMER moved (seconded by Mr. Moore),—That Her Majesty's Government be moved to take the necessary measures to give effect to the foregoing resolutions.

Western Australia declined to vote, except on No. 2, which the Representative of that Colony voted for.

At the request of the Conference the Chairman undertook to move His Excellency the Governor to communicate with Her Majesty's Government on the subject, and to forward the resolutions as agreed upon.

INTERCOLONIAL FREE TRADE.

Mr. MANN moved (seconded by Mr. MORGAN):—That with a view of practically testing to some extent the feasibility of Intercolonial Free Trade, this Conference agrees that all wines, the product of Victoria, New South Wales, and South Australia, shall be admitted into each of those Colonies free of duty. This arrangement to be subject to determination on three months' notice by any of the Colonies interested.

Before this motion was put, Mr. WATSON moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN):—That it is undesirable to deal with the question involved in Mr. Mann's resolution until all the products of all the Colonies are included.

Mr. BERRY then moved, as an amendment,—That after the word "products" there be inserted "and manufactures."

Question put,—That the words proposed be inserted.

Ayes.
Victoria,
Queensland.

Noes.
New South Wales,
South Australia,
Tasmania,
New Zealand.

Western Australia declined to vote.

Mr. WATSON's motion was then put and negatived.

Ayes.
New South Wales,
Tasmania.

Noes.
Victoria,
Queensland,
South Australia,
New Zealand.

Western Australia declined to vote.

Original question put,—That with a view of practically testing to some extent the feasibility of Intercolonial Free Trade, this Conference agrees that all wines, the product of Victoria, New South Wales, and South Australia, shall be admitted into each of those Colonies free of duty. This arrangement to be subject to determination on three months' notice by any of the Colonies interested.

Aye.
South Australia.

Noes.
Victoria,
New South Wales.

The other Representatives declined to vote.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

The Chairman brought up a Draft Bill which he had undertaken to have prepared to restrict the influx of Chinese.

Mr. PALMER also submitted a copy of the Queensland Act "To regulate the Immigration of Chinese and to make provision against their becoming a charge upon the Colony."

After

After consideration, it was agreed that South Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand would confer with the Representatives of Queensland, in order to adopt the legislation of that Colony; and that Victoria would confer with the Representatives of New South Wales, in order to adopt uniform legislation on the basis of the Bill submitted by Sir Henry Parkes—Western Australia not assenting to either course.

The Report of the Committee appointed to prepare a form of Representation to the Imperial Government, on the subject of Chinese Immigration into Western Australia, was read to the Conference by the Secretary, as follows:—

“To The Right Honorable the Earl of Kimberley, &c., &c., &c., &c.

“The undersigned, Members of a Conference of all the Australasian Governments, now sitting in Sydney, and the duly accredited Representatives of the Colonies named after our respective signatures, have the honor to respectfully approach Your Lordship as Her Most Gracious Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies, and to represent to Your Lordship certain transactions now taking place in Western Australia, which we consider highly prejudicial to the best interests of Her Majesty's free and loyal subjects in this part of the world.

“As a preliminary explanation, we desire to point out that the computed population of the six Colonies we represent is over 2,500,000, while the population of the Crown Colony of Western Australia is under 30,000 souls. In all the six Colonies a strong feeling prevails in opposition to the unrestricted introduction of Chinese, this opposition arising principally from a desire to preserve and perpetuate the British type in the various populations. In several of the Colonies stringent measures have been passed at different times to restrict the influx of Chinese immigrants even at their own expense. In Queensland, a law of this restrictive character exists at the present time; in New South Wales a similar Bill was passed by the Legislative Assembly not two years ago, though it was subsequently lost in the Legislative Council; and in South Australia a similar measure was twice passed by the House of Assembly last year. The present Conference has been convened to consider, amongst other things, the subject of Chinese immigration, and a resolution has been agreed to “recommending uniform legislation on the part of all the Colonies to restrict the influx of Chinese into these Colonies.”

“It is while sitting in Conference that we learn for the first time that the small and remote Colony of Western Australia is introducing Chinese at the public expense. In the Government Gazette of that Colony of the 28th December last, the following notice was published:—

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 28th December, 1880.

CHINESE IMMIGRANTS.

THE Legislature having sanctioned the introduction of Chinese immigrants into the Colony at the public expense, the Government is prepared to receive applications from settlers who may be desirous of employing such immigrants as farm labourers, shepherds, gardeners, mechanics, or domestic servants; application to be made in writing on the following form, copies of which may be obtained at the Offices of the Colonial Secretary and the various resident Magistrates. Fifty immigrants must be applied for before action can be taken by Government. The immigrants to be taken over from the Government Immigration Agent immediately on arrival free of expense to the Government.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Name, Occupation, and Address of Persons requiring Immigrants.	Number of persons required of each description of trade, &c.	Where to be employed.	Period for which employment is guaranteed if Immigrant is qualified.	Wages per month offered, in addition to food and lodgings, to the satisfaction of Government.	Remarks.
John Smith, farmer, Albany.	1 rough carpenter. 2 shepherds. 1 house servant.	Kojonup. Do. Albany.	One year, certain.	£2 5 0 2 0 0 1 15 0	

“We are satisfied that the publication of the fact that the Government of Western Australia is employing the public revenue for the introduction of natives of China to occupy the various avenues of labour—a course never at any time adopted by any of the Colonies under Parliamentary Government—will create throughout the rest of Australasia a strong feeling of public disapprobation. The objection to the Chinese is not altogether one of prejudice of colour or race, but is founded in a rational view of the dangers to these British communities which might in the course of time flow from a people numbering more than 400,000,000, whose language, laws, religion, and habits of life are alien to those of Her Majesty's subjects in Australasia, and whose geographical position makes the danger more imminent.

“If Western Australia persists in her policy it cannot fail to engender among the people of the other Colonies a sense of public injury and of resentment, and it is almost certain to lead to the enactment of laws imposing restrictions on communication between her ports and the other Australasian ports. It cannot be expected that the people who object to receiving Chinese immigrants direct from China will submit to their arrival by way of Western Australia. At a time when a disposition is growing up in the Colonies to draw more closely together the ties of political relationship, it is a matter for deep regret that the smallest Colony of the group should take a course so calculated to cut her off from popular sympathy and to isolate her in her colonizing progress.

“We

"We desire to urge upon your Lordship that the action of the Government of Western Australia cannot be regarded as other than opposed to the common interest in the social advancement of these Colonies, and that, if it be continued, it must be attended by consequences which it is highly desirable to avoid; and we join in an earnest hope that Her Majesty's Government will take such steps as may be deemed expedient to procure its reversal.

"We have the honor to remain
"Your Lordship's
"Faithful and obedient Servants,"

It was agreed upon that SIR HENRY PARKES should sign this document as Chairman of the Conference, and that the Representatives present should afterwards sign according to the population of their respective Colonies.

INTERCOLONIAL LEGISLATION.

Mr. VALE brought up the following Reports of the Legal Committee appointed to revise certain draft Bills which had been laid before the Conference, viz. :—

COURT OF APPEAL.

Report.—The Legal Committee having had under consideration "A Bill intituled an Act to provide for the establishment of an Australasian Court of Appeal" have revised the same, and recommend the revised Draft for adoption by the Conference.

Mr. VALE moved (seconded by Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY) :—That the Report be adopted.—Postponed for further consideration, in order to have the Bill printed and circulated.—*Agreed to.*

EXECUTION OF WARRANTS BILL.

Mr. VALE brought up the following Report on this Bill, and (seconded by Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY) moved its adoption.

The Legal Committee having had under consideration a Bill intituled "A Bill to provide for the Execution (in Victoria) of Warrants of Apprehension issued in other Colonies," have revised the same, and recommend the revised draft for adoption by the Conference.—*Agreed to.*

RECOVERY OF DEBTS BILL.

Mr. VALE brought up the following Report :—The Legal Committee having had this Bill under consideration, recommend that it be not further proceeded with.

FUTURE CIRCULATION OF ACTS AND BILLS.

Mr. VALE moved (seconded by Mr. BERRY) :—That, in the opinion of this Conference, the several Governments should forward three copies of each public Act and three copies of each public Bill to the Law Officers and Colonial Secretaries of each Colony.—*Agreed to.*

PETITION OF FRUIT-GROWERS.

The CHAIRMAN called attention to the Memorial from Fruit-growers of New South Wales, as to the injurious effects of certain import duties in some of the Colonies. After some discussion the matter was dropped, as one which could not be entertained by the Conference.

The Conference then adjourned till to-morrow, at 9 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

WEDNESDAY, 26 JANUARY, 1881.

TENTH DAY.

Present :—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.
<i>New Zealand</i>	The Honorable THOMAS DICK, M.H.R.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

AUSTRALASIAN

AUSTRALASIAN COURT OF APPEAL BILL.

Mr. VALE moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN) :—That this Conference approves of the provisions of the Draft Bill for the establishment of an Australasian Court of Appeal, as revised by the Legal Committee, and recommends that the several Australasian Parliaments do memorialise the Crown to procure the passing of such a Bill by the Imperial Parliament.—*Agreed to.*

EXECUTION OF WARRANTS BILL.

Mr. VALE moved (seconded by Mr. DICK) :—That the Members of Conference undertake to endeavour to pass into law in their several Colonies the Execution of Warrants Bill.—*Agreed to.*

The Conference then adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

THURSDAY, 27 JANUARY, 1881.

ELEVENTH DAY.

Present :—

<i>New South Wales</i>	The Honorable SIR HENRY PARKES, K.C.M.G., M.P. The Honorable JAMES WATSON, M.P.
<i>Victoria</i>	The Honorable GRAHAM BERRY, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM M. K. VALE, M.P.
<i>South Australia</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM MORGAN, M.L.C. The Honorable CHARLES MANN, Q.C., M.P.
<i>Queensland</i>	The Honorable ARTHUR HUNTER PALMER, M.P. The Honorable BOYD DUNLOP MOREHEAD, M.L.C.
<i>Tasmania</i>	The Honorable WILLIAM ROBERT GIBLIN, M.P. The Honorable WILLIAM MOORE, M.L.C.
<i>Western Australia</i>	The Honorable Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY.
<i>New Zealand</i>	The Honorable THOMAS DICK, M.H.R.

The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and confirmed.

PACIFIC ISLANDS.

The CHAIRMAN read the following draft letter to Lord Augustus Loftus :—

“My Lord,

“As Chairman of the Intercolonial Conference now sitting in Sydney, I have the honor to inform you that a Committee of the Conference was appointed, on the 19th instant, to examine the Acts and Papers relating to the appointment of High Commissioner for the Western Pacific Islands, and to consider generally the state of increasing insecurity to life and property in the Islands. The enclosed Report from the Committee, after consideration and amendment, has been adopted by the Conference.

“The Conference respectfully requests that Your Lordship will be good enough to transmit the enclosed copy of this Report to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

“I have the honor to be,

“Your Lordship's most obedient Servant,

“HENRY PARKES.”

Western Australia declined to concur.

CHAIRMAN instructed to forward letter as above, with enclosure.

Mr. MOORE moved (seconded by Mr. GIBLIN) :—That, in the opinion of this Conference, the present restrictions on Sheep introduced by sea into any of the Australasian Colonies and New Zealand should be modified so far as to uniformly extend the period of detention in quarantine before dipping to twenty-one days.

After discussion the motion was withdrawn.

UNIFORMITY OF WEIGHT IN SALE OF MERCHANDISE.

Mr. WATSON moved (seconded by Mr. MOORE) :—That, in the opinion of this Conference, a great improvement in the mode of conducting business would be effected and transactions simplified if all descriptions of merchandise to which the resolution can apply were sold at one uniform weight, and that this desirable reform could conveniently be accomplished by the introduction of the system of selling per cental of 100 pounds.—*Agreed to.*

DUPLICATION OF TELEGRAPH CABLE.

Mr. MORGAN moved (seconded by Mr. BERRY) :—That the duplication of the Telegraph Cable being a matter of great importance to all the Colonies, the large subsidy of £32,400 now paid by Victoria, New South Wales, South Australia, and Western Australia, to the Cable Company, as a guarantee fund for the construction of such Cable, should be borne by all the Colonies interested, on the basis of population.

After discussion, question put.

Ayes.
Victoria,
New South Wales,
South Australia,
Western Australia.

Noes.
Queensland,
Tasmania,
New Zealand.

LIGHT-HOUSE AT CAPE LEEUWIN.

Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY moved :—That, in the opinion of this Conference, a Light-house is urgently required at Cape Leeuwin in Western Australia; and, having regard to the general interests of navigation and the increasing carrying trade of all the Australian Colonies, the several Representatives are prepared to recommend that the expense of building and maintaining such an establishment should be jointly undertaken and provided for by their respective Governments.

After discussion, motion withdrawn; Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY undertaking to give further information on the subject to the different Colonies.

POSTAL SERVICE.

Mr. BERRY having given notice that he would call attention to certain matters connected with the Postal Service, read a memorandum he had received on this subject from Mr. Jackson, the Deputy Postmaster General of Victoria. *Ordered*, that this memorandum be inserted in the Appendix.

Mr. MANN moved (seconded by Mr. Chief Justice WRENFORDSLEY) :—That this Conference agrees that executions on final process for debt or damage issued in any Colony shall be of force in all, and Victoria is requested to prepare a Bill to be introduced into the Parliament of each Colony to carry out this Resolution, such Bill to be first submitted to the Law Officers of each Colony.

PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

Moved by Mr. MORGAN (seconded by Mr. DICK) :—That, in the opinion of this Conference, joint action should be taken by all the Colonies for the more effectual eradication and future prevention of the cattle disease known as pleuro-pneumonia.

Ayes.	No.
Victoria,	Queensland.
New Zealand,	
Tasmania,	
New South Wales,	
South Australia,	
Western Australia.	

VOTE OF THANKS.

Moved by Mr. MORGAN (seconded by Mr. PALMER) :—That the thanks of the Conference be given to the Honorable Sir Henry Parkes for the services rendered by him as President of the Conference.—*Agreed to unanimously.*

The Conference then adjourned *sine die*.

HENRY PARKES,
Chairman.

INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX A.

BILLS AGREED TO BY THE CONFERENCE.

44^o VICTORIÆ, 1881.

A BILL

INTITULED

An Act to provide for the establishment of an Australasian
Court of Appeal.

WHEREAS the Colonies of New South Wales—Victoria—South Preamble.
Australia—Queensland—Western Australia—New Zealand and
Tasmania have expressed their desire that a Court should be established
as hereinafter provided for the hearing of Appeals from the Supreme
Court of each such Colony And whereas the sanction of the Imperial
Parliament is necessary in order that such Court may be duly
established and be invested with the necessary powers and authorities
in that behalf And whereas the said Colonies have through their
respective Legislatures consented to the constitution of the said Court
by an Act of the Imperial Parliament upon the basis with the authority
and subject to the provisions hereinafter declared and expressed Be it
enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the
advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons
in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same
as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as "The Australasian Court of Short title.
Appeal Act."

3.

Interpretation of terms.

2. In this Act and any general rules and orders made in pursuance hereof unless the context otherwise requires—

“The Court of Appeal” means the Australasian Court of Appeal.

“Colony” means any one of the Colonies of New South Wales Victoria South Australia Queensland Western Australia New Zealand or Tasmania.

“Supreme Court” means the Supreme Court Appellate Court or other Court of last resort in any Colony.

The “Registrar” means the Registrar of the Court of Appeal and includes any person who may be appointed by the Court to perform any of the duties of the Registrar.

“Judgment” includes any rule order decision decree decretal order sentence or determination of any Supreme Court.

“Governor” means the Governor (or officer administering the Government) in Council or the Governor (or such officer) with the advice of the Executive Council.

“Prescribed” means prescribed by any General Rule or Order made by the Court of Appeal under the provisions of this Act.

Court of Appeal constituted.

3. A Court of Appeal to be called the Australasian Court of Appeal shall be constituted in and for New South Wales Victoria South Australia Queensland Western Australia New Zealand and Tasmania which shall have and exercise appellate civil jurisdiction within and throughout each and all of the said Colonies.

To be a Court of record and have a seal.

4. Such Court of Appeal shall be a Superior Court of Record and shall have and use as occasion may require a seal of office having inscribed thereon the words “The Australasian Court of Appeal.”

Judges of Court.

5. The Governor of every Colony shall by Commission under the Great Seal of the Colony under his Government appoint for any term not exceeding one year the Chief Justice or any Puisne Judge of each such Colony to be one of the Judges of the Court of Appeal constituted by this Act. The senior Chief Justice or in the event of no Chief Justice of any Colony being present at any sitting of the Court the senior Puisne Judge then present shall be the President. The Court may lawfully be held by and before any three or more Judges and shall be held to be lawfully constituted for all purposes notwithstanding any vacancy in the office of any Judge thereof provided that three members of the Court at least shall have been appointed and have taken the Judicial Oath hereinafter prescribed.

Judges to take oath of office.

6. Every Judge of the Court of Appeal shall before acting judicially take the following oath:—

“I do swear that I will well and truly serve our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria in the office of Judge of the Australasian Court of Appeal and I will do right to all manner of people according to law without fear or favour affection or ill-will So help me God.”

The said oath shall be administered to every Judge before the Governor of the Colony in which the first sitting of the Court of Appeal shall be held during the term of the Commission of such Judge.

Tenure of office &c.

7. The appointment of the Chief or Puisne Judge of any Colony to be a Judge of the Court of Appeal constituted by this Act shall not vacate or otherwise affect the Commission under which such Judge holds his Commission in and for such Colony but any Judge of the said Court of Appeal may resign his Commission as a Judge of such Court by writing addressed to the Governor of the Colony by whom he was appointed. Every Judge shall hold his office as Judge of the Court of Appeal for the term of his Commission on the same tenure and conditions as he holds his office of Chief or Puisne Judge.

8. The Court of Appeal shall have power to appoint some fit and proper person being a barrister attorney or practitioner of the Supreme Court of any Colony of at least five years' standing to be the Registrar of the Australasian Court of Appeal and such other persons as may be necessary to be clerks and servants of the said Court. Such Registrar clerks and servants may be dismissed by the Court. Registrar and officers.

9. The Court of Appeal shall sit at such times and places as may be prescribed. The determination of the place and time for holding any sitting of the Court shall so far as possible be governed by the preponderance of the appeals set down for hearing before the Court as between any one Colony and any other as well as by the condition of the appellate business of the Court. In appointing the sitting of such Court provision shall be made as far as practicable for hearing appeals at least once a year in the Colony in which the judgment appealed from shall have been given. The first sitting of the Court shall be held within twelve months after the passing of this Act at Sydney in the Colony of New South Wales. Sitting of Court.

10. Any person may appeal to the Court of Appeal from any final judgment of the Supreme Court of any Colony pronounced made or given in any civil suit or proceeding in such manner within such time and under and subject to such rules regulations and limitations as this Act directs. Provided that nothing in this Act shall abridge or affect the right of any person to appeal to Her Majesty in Council pursuant to the provisions of the several Imperial Statutes regulating appeals to be heard by the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council and Her Majesty's Orders in Council made thereunder. Provided further that if any person entitled under the next succeeding section of this Act to appeal to the Court of Appeal constituted by this Act shall desire so to appeal he shall give the prescribed notice of such his intention to the other party and thereupon it shall be lawful for such other party to apply to the Court from whose judgment it is intended to appeal for an order directing that such appeal shall be preferred to Her Majesty in Council pursuant to the said firstly-mentioned Statutes and Orders in Council and the said Court so appealed from may in its discretion grant or refuse such order upon such terms as to costs and otherwise as the said Court shall think just. Power to appeal in civil matters from final judgment &c.

11. In case any such judgment shall be given or pronounced in the Supreme Court in any Colony for or in respect of any sum or matter at issue above the amount or value of five hundred pounds sterling or in case such judgment shall involve directly or indirectly any claim demand or question to or respecting property or any civil right amounting to or of the value of five hundred pounds sterling the person or persons feeling aggrieved by any such judgment may within fourteen days next after the same shall have been pronounced made or given and after service of the prescribed notice of his intention so to do on the other party apply to the said Supreme Court by motion or petition for leave to appeal therefrom to the Court of Appeal. In what cases leave to appeal may be asked.

12. In case such leave to appeal shall be prayed by the party or parties who is or are directed to pay any such sum of money or perform any duty the said Supreme Court shall be and is hereby empowered either to direct that the judgment appealed from shall be carried into execution or that the execution thereof shall be suspended pending the said appeal as to the said Court may appear to be most consistent with real and substantial justice. Effect of appeal on judgment.

13. In case the Supreme Court shall direct such judgment to be carried into execution the person or persons in whose favour the same shall be given shall before the execution thereof enter into good and sufficient security to be approved by the said Supreme Court for the due performance of such judgment as the Court of Appeal shall think fit to make thereupon. Security when required.

Nature of security.

14. In all cases security to the satisfaction of the Court appealed from shall be given by the party or parties appellant of not less than the value of five hundred pounds sterling for the prosecution of the appeal and the payment of all such costs as may be awarded by the Court of Appeal to the party or parties respondent.

Granting of leave to appeal.

15. If such last-mentioned security shall be given within two months from the date of such motion or petition for leave to appeal then and not otherwise the Supreme Court shall allow the appeal and the party or parties appellant shall be at liberty to prefer and prosecute his her or their appeal in such manner and under such general rules and orders as are or may be observed in appeals made to such Court of Appeal.

Appeal from interlocutory judgment.

16. The Supreme Court may at its discretion on the petition of any party who considers himself aggrieved by any preliminary or interlocutory judgment of the said Supreme Court grant permission to such party to appeal against the same to the Court of Appeal subject to the same rules regulations and limitations as apply to appeals from final judgments.

Court of Appeal may remit causes for re-hearing.

17. It shall be lawful for the Court of Appeal upon any appeal to remit the matter which shall be the subject of such appeal to the Court from the decision of which such appeal shall have been made and at the same time to direct that such Court shall re-hear such matter in such form and either generally or upon certain points only and upon such re-hearing take such additional evidence though before rejected or reject such evidence before admitted as the Court of Appeal shall direct and further on any such remitting or otherwise it shall be lawful for the Court of Appeal to direct that one or more feigned issues shall be tried in the Supreme Court at such sitting of that Court and in such manner as the Court of Appeal may direct either by general rule or by order in the particular case.

And may direct new trials of issues.

18. It shall be lawful for the said Court of Appeal to direct one or more new trial or new trials of any issue either generally or upon certain points only and that in case any witness examined at a former trial of the same issue shall have died or have through bodily or mental disease or infirmity become incapable to repeat his testimony it shall be lawful for the said Court of Appeal to direct that parol evidence of the testimony of such witness shall be received.

For purposes of appeal final judgment may be entered *pro formá* in Supreme Court.

19. If in any action suit or other proceeding it shall so happen that no final judgment can be duly given in consequence of a disagreement of opinion between the Judges of the Supreme Court then and in such case the final judgment may be entered *pro formá* on the petition of any of the parties to the action suit or other proceedings according to the opinion of the Chief Justice or in his absence of the senior puisne Judge of the Supreme Court provided that such judgment shall be deemed a judgment of the Court for the purpose of an appeal against the same but not for any other purpose.

Appeal may be heard on petition of aggrieved person.

20. The Court of Appeal may upon the petition of any person or persons aggrieved by any judgment of the Supreme Court admit his her or their appeal therefrom upon such terms and upon such securities limitations restrictions and regulations as the Court of Appeal shall think fit and shall have power to confirm reverse or vary such judgment as to the Court of Appeal shall seem meet.

Copy proceedings to be furnished to Court of Appeal.

21. In all cases of appeal allowed by the Supreme Court or Court of Appeal the Supreme Court shall certify and transmit to the Court of Appeal a true and exact copy of all evidence proceedings judgments had or made in such cases appealed against so far as the same have relation to the matters of appeal such copies to be certified under the seal of the said Court and the Supreme Court shall also certify and transmit to the Court of Appeal a copy of the reasons
given

given by the Judges of such Supreme Court or by any of such Judges for or against the judgment appealed against where such reasons shall have been given in writing and where such reasons shall have been given orally then a statement in writing of the reasons given by the Judges of such Supreme Court or by any of such Judges for or against the judgment appealed against.

22. The Supreme Court shall in all cases of appeal to the Court of Appeal conform to and execute or cause to be executed such judgments as the Court of Appeal shall think fit to make in the premises in such manner as any original judgment of the said Supreme Court should or might have been executed. Judgments of Court of Appeal to be executed by Supreme Court.

23. Whenever it shall be found that the decision of a matter on appeal is likely to turn exclusively on a matter of law such question may with the sanction of the registrar be submitted to such Court in the form of a special case in the prescribed manner. Special case for questions of law. Order in Council.

24. The judgment of the Court of Appeal in any matter shall be enrolled for safe custody in such manner and the same may be inspected and copies thereof taken under such general rule or order as the Court shall direct. Judgment to be enrolled.

25. The judgment of the Court of Appeal shall in all cases be final and conclusive and no appeal shall be brought from any judgment of such Court saving any right which Her Majesty may be graciously pleased to exercise by virtue of Her Royal Prerogative. Judgment to be final and without appeal. Saving Royal Prerogative.

26. Proceedings in appeals shall when not otherwise provided for by this Act or by the general rules and orders to be made in pursuance hereof be as nearly as possible in conformity with the practice for the time being regulating Appeals before the Judicial Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council. Privy Council Practice.

27. The Court of Appeal may make alter or rescind any general rule or order requiring the Judges' notes of the evidence taken before such Court on any cause appealed from which notes of evidence shall by such Court be transmitted to the registrar of the Court of Appeal within one month next after the leave given by such Supreme Court to prosecute any appeal to the Court of Appeal and such rule or order shall be binding upon all Judges of such Courts in each Colony. Judges' notes &c.

28. The costs incurred in the prosecution of any appeal and of such issues as the Court of Appeal may direct shall be paid by such party or parties person or persons and be taxed by the registrar and in such manner as the Court shall direct. Provided however that an appellant who shall succeed in obtaining a reversal or material alteration of any judgment appealed from shall be entitled to recover the costs of the appeal from the respondent except in cases in which the Court of Appeal may think fit otherwise to direct. Costs of appeal.

29. All persons being barristers or advocates in any Colony shall have the right to practice as such in the Court of Appeal. Legal practitioners in Court.

All persons being attorneys solicitors or proctors of the Supreme Court in any Colony shall have the right to practice as such in the Court of Appeal.

And all persons who may practice as attorneys solicitors or proctors in the Court of Appeal shall be officers of such Court.

30. All persons appointed or authorized to administer affidavits in the Supreme Court in any Colony may administer affidavits to be used in the Court of Appeal. Commissioners for taking affidavits.

31. The process of the Court of Appeal shall run throughout every colony and shall be tested in the name of the President for the time being. Process of Court.

32. All fees received by the officers of the Court of Appeal shall be appropriated towards defraying the expense and cost of maintaining such Court and if such fees are not sufficient to defray all such expense and Fees and expense maintenance of Court.

and

and cost the amount of the deficiency shall be made up from time to time by a contribution from each Colony calculated proportionately as nearly as may be according to the population of each Colony.

General rules and orders.

33. Any four Judges of the Court of Appeal may from time to time make alter or rescind such general rules and orders as the Court may think fit—

For regulating the places and times of the sitting of the Court of Appeal and the place and mode of keeping the records books documents and papers of or in the custody of such Court

For regulating the mode form and time of appealing to the Court of Appeal and the procedure in all matters

For preventing delays in the making or hearing of such appeals

As to the expenses attending appeals the fees payable to the Court and the taxation of costs

As to conduct and duties of all officers and practitioners in the Court of Appeal

And generally for carrying out the intention and objects of this Act

And all such rules and orders not being inconsistent with the express provisions of this Act shall have force and effect in each Colony as if herein enacted and copies thereof shall be laid before the Parliament and be published in the *Government Gazette* of each Colony.

44^o VICTORIÆ, 1881.

A BILL

To provide for the execution in [Victoria] of Warrants of Apprehension issued in other Colonies.

WHEREAS it is expedient to facilitate the apprehension of offenders in and their removal from the colonies of [Victoria] Preamble.
 New South Wales *New Zealand* Queensland South Australia *Tasmania* (If it is intended to authorize removals by land only omit colonies in italics.)
 and Western Australia and to amend the law relating to such offenders
 Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of [Victoria] in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say) :—

1. This Act may be cited as "The Intercolonial Warrants Act Short title.
 1881."

2. In this Act unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.
 "Colony" means and includes the colonies of New South Wales *New Zealand* Queensland South Australia *Tasmania* and (See note to preamble.)
 Western Australia or any of them.

"Justice" means Justice of the Peace.

"Constable" or "constables" means and includes any person or persons charged with or acting in the execution of any warrant or process indorsed as herein mentioned or with the custody of the person apprehended or to be apprehended under such warrant or process and the assistants of such constable or constables.

And "accused" means the person apprehended or to be apprehended by virtue of any warrant or process indorsed under the provisions hereof.

Warrants issued in other Colonies may be indorsed in [Victoria].

11 & 12 Vic. c. 42 ss. 11 12 13 14 & 15. Schedule.

3. If any person against whom a warrant shall be issued in any Colony by any Justice or other person having authority to issue it for any offence against or purporting to be against the laws of that colony shall escape therefrom or go into reside or be or be supposed or suspected to be in [Victoria] any Justice having jurisdiction in any part of [Victoria] may indorse such warrant which indorsement may be to the effect of the form of the Schedule hereto and such warrant so endorsed shall be a sufficient authority to the constable and all others to whom it was originally addressed or by whom it may lawfully be executed or acted on and their and every of their assistants to execute the said warant in any part of [Victoria] by apprehending or receiving into his custody the accused and (if so directed by such Justice) to remove him in custody to the Colony in which the said warrant may have been issued and to convey him before the Justice or Justices who granted such warrant or before some other Justices in and for the same Colony to be there dealt with as if he had been apprehended in such Colony.

Issue of warrant *prima facie* evidence of jurisdiction &c. and indorsement protection of Justice and constable.

4. The issue of any warrant in any Colony against any accused person shall be *prima facie* evidence that the offence alleged therein was an offence against the laws of the Colony in which such warrant was issued and the production of any such warrant shall be *prima facie* evidence of its having been duly issued and of its having been signed by the Justice by whom the same purports to be signed and the indorsement thereon to the effect of the form in the said first Schedule shall be a full indemnity to any Justice indorsing and any constable or other person executing or acting on such warrant for any want of jurisdiction or irregularity in the issue of or on the part of the person issuing such warrant and this Act may be pleaded in bar to any suit or proceeding against such Justice constable or other person for any such want of jurisdiction or irregularity.

Effect in [Victoria] of indorsement made elsewhere.

Any warrant issued in [Victoria] and executed in any Colony by virtue of any indorsement thereon to the effect of the form in the First Schedule hereunto made by any Justice or other person having authority so to indorse such warrant in such Colony shall be deemed to have been duly and regularly executed and the accused shall be dealt with in [Victoria] as if he had been apprehended in [Victoria].

Arrest and detention for telegram. days on

5. A telegram from the Attorney General of any Colony to the Attorney General of this Colony stating that a warrant has been issued for the arrest of any accused person shall be a sufficient authority to all officers and constables in [Victoria] for the arrest and detention of such person in any part of [Victoria] until a sufficient time not in any case exceeding thirty days has elapsed to allow of the transmission of such warrant to the place where such person shall have been arrested and detained unless the discharge of such person shall be previously ordered by a Judge of the Supreme Court.

Wife desertion &c. an offence within the meaning of this Act.

6. This Act shall be deemed to extend and apply to all warrants issued in any Colony for the apprehension of any man on the ground that he has deserted or is about to desert his wife child or children (whether legitimate or not) or any of them or leave her or them or any of them without adequate means of support or on the ground that he has not complied with any order of any Court Justice or Justices to maintain or contribute to the maintenance of any such wife child or children or on any ground which is of a like kind in the opinion of the Justice indorsing any such warrant in [Victoria].

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF INDORSEMENT ON A WARRANT.

To wit. }

WHEREAS the within Warrant has this day been produced to me one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the bailiwick in the Colony of [Victoria] I do therefore hereby authorize [W.S.] who bringeth to me this warrant and the constable and also all persons to whom this warrant was originally directed or by whom it may lawfully be executed or acted on and their and every of their assistants to execute the same within the said Colony of [Victoria].

Given under my hand this day of A.D. 18 .
GEO. V., J.P.

Additional Indorsements.

I do direct the constable or other person executing this warrant to bring the within-named C.D. before me or some Justice having jurisdiction where any person likely to give evidence for the prosecution of the said C.D. resides to be dealt with according to law.

Given under my hand this day of A.D. 18 .
GEO. V., J.P.

I do direct the constable or other person executing this warrant to remove the within-named C.D. to the Colony in which this warrant was issued and convey him before the Justice or Justices who issued this warrant or before some other Justice or Justices in and for the same Colony to be there dealt with as if he had been apprehended in such Colony.

Given under my hand this day of A.D. 18 .
GEO. V., J.P.

(Victoria and New South Wales agree to this Bill with an
Amendment in the 3rd clause.)

44^o VICTORIA, 1881.

A BILL

To restrict the Influx of Chinese.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate and restrict the Immigration of Chinese into the Colony of New South Wales Preamble. Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative
5 Assembly of New South Wales in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—

1. For the purposes of this Act the following words in inverted commas shall unless the context otherwise indicate bear the meanings set against them respectively:— Interpretation.

10 "Chinese"—Any person of the Chinese race.

"Vessel"—Any ship or other sea-going vessel of whatsoever kind or description.

"Master"—The person other than a pilot for the time being in actual command of any such vessel.

15 2. The master of every vessel having Chinese on board shall immediately on his arrival from beyond this Colony in any port of this Colony and before making any entry at the Customs deliver to the
Master on arrival to give list of Chinese on board.
Collector

- Collector or other principal officer of Customs a list of such Chinese specifying the name the place of birth the apparent age the ordinary place of residence the place and date of shipment and the calling or occupation of each such Chinese And for each default herein such master shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding *two* hundred pounds. 5
- Number of Chinese ships may carry.
3. If any vessel shall arrive in any port in this Colony having on board a greater number of Chinese passengers than in the proportion of one to every one hundred tons of the tonnage of such vessel according to the registry thereof if British and if not then according to the measurement prescribed by the Act of the Imperial 10 Legislature seventeenth and eighteenth Victoria chapter one hundred and four being the "Merchant Shipping Act of 1854" the owner master or charterer of such vessel shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding *ten* pounds for each Chinese passenger so carried in excess. 15
- Penalty.
- Ten pounds to be paid for each Chinese arriving by vessel.
4. Before any Chinese arriving from beyond this Colony shall be permitted to land therein from any vessel and before making any entry at the Customs the master of the vessel shall pay to such Collector or other principal officer the sum of ten pounds for every such Chinese to be applied in manner hereinafter provided and no entry 20 shall be deemed to have been legally made or to have any legal effect until such payment shall have been made And if any master shall neglect to pay any such sum or shall land or permit to land any Chinese at any port or place in this Colony before such sum shall have been paid for or by him or before such list shall have been delivered 25 such master shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding *fifty* pounds for each Chinese so landed or permitted to land in addition to the amount of such sum.
- Penalty.
- Like sum for Chinese arriving otherwise.
5. Every Chinese arriving in this Colony after the passing of this Act otherwise than by any vessel shall pay or have paid for him 30 to some officer whom the Governor with the advice of the Executive Council may appoint at any places on or near the borders of the Colony or otherwise conveniently situate for that purpose a like sum of *ten* pounds.
- Certificate of sum paid to be given to Chinese and to be evidence.
6. The Collector or other officer receiving such sum from or for 35 any Chinese shall without demand forthwith give him a certificate in writing under his hand of the payment of such sum which certificate shall be in a form to be prescribed by the Governor as aforesaid And such certificate whensoever and wheresoever produced by such Chinese shall be conclusive evidence on behalf of himself and of any other 40 person who may have paid such sum for him that such sum has been duly paid.
- Penalty on not paying or having had paid fee for entrance to the Colony.
7. If any Chinese shall enter or attempt to enter this Colony without paying or having paid for him the sum of *ten* pounds aforesaid he shall besides such sum be liable to a penalty not exceeding *ten* 45 pounds and shall be liable to imprisonment for twelve months in default of payment thereof unless sooner paid and may be apprehended and taken before any Justice of the Peace who may take bail in a sum of not less than *twenty* pounds for his appearance at the next Court of Petty Sessions or remand him to such Court as to such Justice shall 50 seem fit.
8. All sums paid by or on behalf of any Chinese and all penalties for neglect of payment thereof shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue.
- Evidence of person being a Chinese.
9. At the hearing of any prosecution under this Act the Justices 55 may decide upon their own view and judgment whether any person charged or produced before them is a Chinese within the meaning of this Act.

10. It shall be lawful for the Colonial Treasurer or any person authorized by him upon the application of any Chinese and upon being satisfied that such Chinese was at the passing of this Act a *bond fide* resident of this Colony and that he desires to be absent therefrom for a temporary purpose only to grant to such Chinese a certificate that he is exempt from the provisions of this Act for a time to be specified in such certificate. And during the time so specified the holder of such certificate shall be exempt from all payments under this Act. Certificate of exemption may be granted in certain cases.
11. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary any person arriving in the Colony as a Chinese who produces evidence to the Collector of Customs that he is a British subject shall be wholly exempt from the operation of this Act and the certificate in this respect of the Governor of any British Colony or of a British Consul resident in any foreign country shall be the evidence giving him such exemption. Exemption of British subjects.
12. All Chinese within the Colony of New South Wales shall on or before the thirtieth day of September one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one apply to the nearest Clerk of Petty Sessions or Warden for a certificate and such Clerk of Petty Sessions or Warden shall deliver to any Chinese so applying a parchment certificate which shall bear on the face of it the name of the Chinese applying and the signature of the Clerk of Petty Sessions or Warden granting such certificate and all other matters which the Government may deem necessary and the holder of such certificate shall be exempt from payments under this Act. Certificate of exemption from payment.
13. The sum of ten pounds aforesaid shall not be payable by any Chinese duly accredited to the Colony by the Government of China or by any public body on any special mission or in respect of any Chinese who is one of the crew of any vessel unless he shall land from such vessel for other than the temporary and necessary purposes of such vessel. Exemption of crews of vessels in certain cases.
14. All penalties and sums of money under this Act shall be sued for and recovered in the name of some officer of Customs thereunto authorized by the Colonial Treasurer before any two or more Justices of the Peace in accordance with the provisions of the Acts regulating procedure on summary conviction before Justices. And it shall be lawful for the Colonial Treasurer by writing under his hand to authorize any such officer to detain any vessel the master whereof shall in the opinion of the said Treasurer have committed an offence under section four of this Act. And such detention may be either at the port or place where such vessel is found or at any port or place to which the said Treasurer may order such vessel to be brought. And thereupon any such officer so authorized shall be entitled to obtain in the customary manner such writ of assistance or other aid and assistance in and about the detention of or other lawful dealing with such vessel as are by law provided under the Act or Acts regulating the Customs with reference to seizure of vessels or goods. But such detention shall be for safe custody only and shall cease and be discontinued if a bond with two sufficient sureties be given by such master for the payment of the amount of such penalty and other sums as may be adjudged to be paid by the Justices as hereinafter provided. Provided that if default be made in payment of any penalty incurred by such master in terms of any conviction adjudging the payment thereof which conviction may be in the form in the Schedule hereto it shall be lawful for such officer of Customs to seize such vessel and to take all proper proceedings in the Vice-Admiralty Court of this Colony for the purpose of procuring the condemnation and sale of such vessel as for a breach of the Customs or Revenue Laws of the said Colony. And the said Court shall and may upon any such proceedings being taken have and exercise the jurisdiction

jurisdiction powers and authorities given by the Imperial Acts twenty-six Victoria chapter twenty-four and thirty and thirty-one Victoria chapter forty-five and any Acts amending the same and by any of Her Majesty's Orders in Council made under the authority of the said first cited Act. Provided lastly that the proceeds of sale of any such vessel sold under the sentence of the said Court shall after payment of the amount of such penalty and of all costs incurred (including the proceedings in the Vice-Admiralty Court) be held by the Colonial Treasurer in trust for the owners of or other persons lawfully entitled to the vessel so condemned and sold.

Incapacity in respect
of real estate.

15. No Chinese immigrant arriving in this Colony after the passing of this Act (other than a naturalized or British subject) shall acquire hold or enjoy real estate any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Short title.

16. This Act may be cited as the "Influx of Chinese Restriction Act of 1881."

SCHEDULE.

Form of Conviction.

New South Wales }
To wit. }

BE it remembered that on the day of in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and at in the said Colony A.B. the master of the vessel " " is convicted before the undersigned two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony for that he the said A.B. [*&c. stating the offence and the time and place when and where committed*] and we adjudge the said A.B. for his said offence to forfeit and pay the sum of [*stating the penalty*] to be paid and applied according to law and also to pay the sum of for costs and we order that the said A.B. do pay within seven days from the date of this conviction the said several sums.

Given under our hand and seals the day and year first abovementioned
at in the Colony aforesaid.

Y.Z. (L.S.)
L.M. (L.S.)

30

(New Zealand, South Australia, and Tasmania agree to a Bill
copied from the Queensland Act.)

Queensland.



ANNO QUADRAGESIMO PRIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. 8.

**An Act to regulate the Immigration of Chinese and to make provision
against their becoming a charge upon the Colony.**

[ASSENTED TO 20TH AUGUST, 1877.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate the Immigration of Preamble.
Chinese into the colony of Queensland and to obtain security
for the payment of any expenses that may be incurred in respect of
such Immigrants and of any fines or penalties imposed upon them
Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and
with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative
Assembly of Queensland in Parliament assembled and by the authority
of the same as follows—

1. For the purposes of this Act the following words in inverted Interpretation.
commas shall unless the context otherwise indicate bear the meanings
set against them respectively—

“Chinese”—Any native of the Chinese Empire or its depen-
dencies not born of British parents

“Vessel”—Any ship or other sea-going vessel of whatsoever
kind or description

“Master”—The person other than a pilot for the time being
in actual command of any such vessel.

2. The master of every vessel having Chinese on board shall Master on arrival to
give list of Chinese
onboard.
immediately on his arrival from beyond the colony in any port of the
colony and before making any entry at the Customs deliver to the
Collector

Chinese Immigrants Regulation Act.

Collector or other Principal Officer of Customs a list of such Chinese specifying the name the place of birth the apparent age the ordinary place of residence the place and date of shipment and the calling or occupation of each such Chinese And for each default herein such master shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred pounds.

Number of Chinese ships may carry. Penalty.

3. If any vessel shall arrive in any port in Queensland having on board a greater number of Chinese passengers than in the proportion of one to every ten tons of the tonnage of such vessel according to the registry thereof if British and if not then according to the measurement defined by "*The Merchant Shipping Act 1854*" the owner charterer or master of such vessel shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds for each Chinese passenger so carried in excess.

£10 to be paid for each Chinese arriving by vessel.

4. Before any Chinese arriving from beyond the colony shall be permitted to land from any vessel and before making any entry at the Customs the master of the vessel shall pay to such Collector or other principal officer the sum of ten pounds for every such Chinese to be applied in manner hereinafter provided and no entry shall be deemed to have been legally made or to have any legal effect until such payment shall have been made.

Penalty.

And if any master shall neglect to pay any such sum or shall land or permit to land any Chinese at any place in the colony before such sum shall have been paid for or by him or before such list shall have been delivered such master shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for each Chinese so landed or permitted to land in addition to the amount of such sum

Vessel forfeited.

And in every such case in addition to any such penalty the vessel shall be forfeited and may be seized condemned and disposed of in like manner as ships forfeited for a breach of any law relating to the Customs.

Like sum for Chinese arriving otherwise.

5. Every Chinese arriving in the colony after the passing of this Act otherwise than by any vessel shall pay or have paid for him to some officer whom the Governor in Council may appoint at any places on or near the borders of the colony or otherwise conveniently situate for that purpose a like sum of ten pounds.

Certificate of sum paid to be given to Chinese and to be evidence.

6. The Collector or other officer receiving such sum from or for any Chinese shall without demand forthwith give him a certificate in writing under his hand of the payment of such sum which certificate shall be in a form to be prescribed by the Governor in Council And such certificate whensoever and wheresoever produced by such Chinese shall be conclusive evidence on behalf of himself and of any other person who may have paid such sum for him that such sum has been duly paid.

Mode of application of payments.

7. All sums so paid by or on behalf of any Chinese shall be paid over to the Colonial Treasurer and be by him applied in manner following that is to say—

If at any time within three years from the date of the landing or arrival of any Chinese in respect of whom such sums shall have been paid such Chinese shall depart from the colony to parts beyond the seas and shall before his departure prove to the satisfaction of the Colonial Treasurer that during his residence in the colony he has not been confined in any gaol or lock-up after conviction of any offence and that he has paid all fines and penalties imposed upon him under the provisions of any Act in force in the colony and that he has paid all expenses incurred in respect of his confinement or medical treatment in any public hospital benevolent asylum lunatic asylum or other

Chinese Immigrants Regulation Act.

other place for the care treatment or cure of the sick poor or insane and that no expense or charge has fallen upon the revenue for his support then upon production to the Collector or other Principal Officer of Customs at the port of embarkation of the certificate given to such Chinese on his arrival the amount so paid in respect of such Chinese shall be repaid to him on board of the ship by which he shall so depart. But if he shall fail to make such proof within the period aforesaid the amount shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue.

8. If any Chinese shall enter or attempt to enter the colony without paying or having paid for him the sum of ten pounds aforesaid he shall besides such sum be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds and may be apprehended and taken before any Justice of the peace who may take sufficient bail for his appearance at the next court of petty sessions or remand him to such court as to such Justice shall seem fit unless and until such Chinese shall produce a certificate of payment as aforesaid.

Penalty on not paying or having had paid fee for entrance to the colony.

9. At the hearing of any prosecution under this Act the Justices may decide upon their own view and judgment whether any person charged or produced before them is a Chinese within the meaning of this Act.

Evidence of person being a Chinese.

10. It shall be lawful for the Colonial Treasurer or any person authorised by him upon the application of any Chinese and upon being satisfied that such Chinese was at the time of the passing of this Act a *bona fide* resident of the colony and that he desires to be absent therefrom for a temporary purpose only to grant to such Chinese a certificate that he is exempt from the provisions of this Act for a time to be specified in such certificate. And during the time so specified the holder of such certificate shall be exempt from all payments under this Act.

Certificate of exemption may be granted in certain cases.

11. The sum of ten pounds aforesaid shall not be payable by or in respect of any Chinese who is one of the crew of any vessel unless he shall land from such vessel.

Act not to apply to crew.

12. All penalties and forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be sued for prosecuted and recovered in the name of some officer of Customs or other person thereunto authorised by the Governor in Council.

Penalties how recovered.

13. This Act shall be styled and may be cited as "*The Chinese Immigrants Regulation Act of 1877.*"

Short title

APPENDIX B.

BILLS CONSIDERED BUT NOT AGREED TO BY THE
CONFERENCE.

(Draft Bill intended to be submitted
to the Parliament of each Colony
agreeing with its object.)

44^o VICTORIÆ, 1881.

A BILL

To establish a Federal Council of Australia.

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish a Federal Council of Aus- Preamble.
tralia to be constituted by the separate appointment of three
Members to represent each of any two or more of the Australian
Colonies Be it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by
and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Legis-
lative Assembly of *New South Wales* [or *Victoria as the case may be*]
in Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Governor of *New South Wales* [or The Governor may
appoint three Mem-
bers of the Federal
Council.
Victoria as the case may be] to appoint three Members of the Legisla-
tive Council or of the Legislative Assembly to be Members of any such
Federal Council.

2. The acts and proceedings of any such Federal Council Effect of Council's
acts and proceedings.
representing two or more of the Australian Colonies shall have the
full effect and authority of law within the territory of *New South
Wales* [or *Victoria as the case may be*].

3. On the appointment of any Member of the Legislative Seat in Legislative
Council or Assembly
to become vacant.
Council or Legislative Assembly to be a Member of the Federal
Council of Australia his seat in the said Council or Assembly shall
become and shall be declared in the usual manner to be vacant and a
writ shall forthwith issue for the election of another Member in his
stead.

Royal assent to Act and Regulations.

4. The Federal Council so created and constituted shall have legislative and administrative authority in respect to the subjects and services and the matters and things set forth in the Schedule hereto and any Act or Regulation of such Federal Council on receiving the assent in the name of Her Majesty of the Governor of the Colony in which the said Council shall then be sitting shall have the effect and force of law within the territories and jurisdiction of the several Colonies represented in such Council for the time-being Provided that all such Acts and Regulations of any one Session except such as the Governor may reserve for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure thereon shall be assented to before the prorogation of the said Council Provided further that no Act or regulation shall be in conflict or inconsistent with the laws of the represented Colonies.

Manner of convening and proroguing Council.

5. The Federal Council shall be assembled in the manner and order herein prescribed for the despatch of business at least once in every year by one of the Governors of the several Colonies represented in such Council The Colonies so represented shall for this purpose rank according to their amount of population as ascertained by the last preceding census and the Governor of the Colony with the largest population shall convene and prorogue the Council during the first year of its existence and the Governor of the Colony with the next largest population shall convene and prorogue the Council during the second year and so on until the number of Colonies has been exhausted when the order of procedure shall be repeated *ad infinitum*.

Place of meeting.

6. The Federal Council shall be convened and prorogued by proclamation published in the *Government Gazette* of each of the represented Colonies and it shall assemble in the Colony presided over by the Governor issuing such proclamation.

Term of appointment.

7. The Members of the Federal Council shall be appointed for the term of five years and shall be eligible for re-appointment on the expiration of their term of office Provided that in each case of the first appointments one of the three Members of each Colony shall be appointed for three years only Provided further that any Member may resign his seat in such Council by letter addressed under his hand to the Governor by whom he was appointed.

President to be elected.

8. At the first meeting of the Federal Council the Members present shall by open vote elect one of their number to be President and at any time afterwards when the chair may become vacant by death resignation or other cause no other business shall be proceeded with until by election in like manner the vacancy shall have been filled.

Quorum.

9. It shall not be competent for the Federal Council to proceed to the consideration of business unless two-thirds of the Members shall be present including at least one representative of each Colony.

Penalties for absence from meeting.

10. No Member of the Federal Council shall absent himself from its meetings without leave obtained by resolution passed by the said Council and any Member absenting himself from a meeting without leave shall forfeit a sum equal to one-third of his allowance for one month to be deducted therefrom and any Member absenting himself from three consecutive meetings shall thereby cease to be a Member of such Council and his seat shall become and shall be declared vacant And every case of absence shall be reported by the President to the Governor of the Colony where the Council is then sitting.

Allowance to Members.

11. Each Member of the Federal Council appointed by the Governor of *New South Wales* [or *Victoria as the case may be*] shall be entitled to receive out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Colony an allowance of *six* hundred pounds per annum which shall be held to cover and include all travelling and other expenses incurred by him in the performance of his duties.

12. If any Member of the Federal Council shall take any oath or make declaration or acknowledgment of allegiance obedience or adherence to any Foreign Prince or Power or do or concur in or adopt any act whereby he may become a subject or citizen of any Foreign State or Power or become entitled to the rights privileges or immunities of a subject of any Foreign State or Power or shall become bankrupt or an insolvent debtor within the meaning of the laws in force within the said Colony relating to bankrupts or insolvent debtors or shall become a public defaulter or be attainted of treason or be convicted of felony or any infamous crime his seat in such Council shall thereby become vacant.

Vacating seats of Members in certain cases.

13. Any person who shall directly or indirectly himself or by any other person whatsoever in trust for him or for his use or benefit or on his account undertake execute hold or enjoy in whole or in part any contract or agreement for or on account of the Public Service shall be incapable of being appointed or of sitting as a Member of the Federal Council during the time he shall execute hold or enjoy any such contract or any part thereof or any benefit arising therefrom Provided that nothing herein contained shall extend to the legitimate operations of any Incorporated or Trading Company consisting of more than twenty persons.

Disqualifying contractors &c.

14. If any person appointed by the Governor of *New South Wales* [or *Victoria as the case may be*] and who at the time is under any of the disqualifications mentioned in this Act shall while so disqualified presume to sit or vote as a Member of the Federal Council such person shall forfeit the sum of *two* hundred pounds to be recovered by any person who shall sue for the same in the Supreme Court of the said Colony.

Penalty on disqualified persons sitting or voting.

15. No Member of the Federal Council shall sit or vote as such until he shall have taken and subscribed the following oath before the Governor of one of the Colonies represented in such Council :—

Oath of allegiance to be taken.

I do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria Her Heirs and Successors according to law So help me God.

Taken and subscribed before me this day of
one thousand eight hundred and

And whensoever the demise of her present Majesty (whom may God long preserve) or of any of her successors to the Crown of the said United Kingdom shall be notified by the Governor of the Colony to the said Council the Members of the said Council shall before they shall be permitted to sit and vote therein take and subscribe the like oath of allegiance to the successor for the time-being to the said Crown Provided that every person authorized by law to make an affirmation instead of taking an oath may make such affirmation in every case in which an oath is hereinbefore required to be taken.

16. It shall be competent for the Federal Council from time to time as occasion may require to make and adopt by open voting such standing rules and orders as may appear to be necessary for the orderly conduct of its business and all such rules and orders shall be binding on all the Members of such Council.

Standing rules and orders.

17. The Federal Council may appoint one of its Members to take the chair in place of the President in any case of emergency and may appoint Committees of its Members to perform special services and do anything whatsoever which may be necessary for the effective conduct of its business.

Provision for absence of President.

Committees may be appointed.

18.

Limited operation of Acts and Regulations.

18. The Acts and Regulations of the Federal Council shall in every case be directed to the furtherance of the purpose function or object or the matter or thing with the promotion or performance of which the Council has been or may be specially charged as set forth in the Schedule hereto or which may be expressed and set forth in any Address from the Parliament of any one of the represented Colonies as hereinafter provided.

New matters may be remitted to the Council.

19. The Parliament of any one of the represented Colonies by Address of both Houses directed to the Federal Council may at any time remit for its consideration and administrative treatment any subject or service or any matter or thing not expressly set forth in the Schedule hereto and the said Council shall be charged with such subject or service or matter or thing accordingly. Provided always that any such Address shall be first approved by resolution of both Houses of the Parliaments of the other represented Colonies. In like manner any subject or service or matter or thing may be withdrawn from the said Council.

Matter may be withdrawn from the Council.

Annual Report.

20. The Federal Council shall at the close of its labours in every year prepare a General report embracing a statement of its proceedings and a summary of the enactments of the several Parliaments of the represented Colonies explaining the scope and objects of such enactments but not expressing any opinion upon their policy. Such Report shall be presented to the Governor of the Colony where the Federal Council is then sitting and twenty copies of the same shall by him be sent forthwith to the Governor of each of the represented Colonies who shall without delay cause it to be laid before both Houses of the Parliament of such Colony.

Public works may be specially placed under the supervision of the Council.

21. The Governor of any one of the represented Colonies may with the approval by resolution of the Legislative Assembly of such Colony place under the supervision direction and control of the Federal Council the construction of any light-house fortification or other public work within the territory or jurisdiction of such Colony and the expenditure sanctioned by Parliament in connection therewith or any part thereof. Provided that in every such case a detailed statement of expenditure shall be presented as an appendix to the Council's Annual General Report.

Officers and servants to be employed.

22. The Federal Council may appoint and employ such officers and servants as may be necessary for the proper conduct of its business not exceeding the appropriations made for that purpose by the several Parliaments of the represented Colonies.

Interpretation and short title.

23. Throughout the provisions of this Act the term "Governor" shall mean "The Governor with the advice of the Executive Council" except in section fifteen where the term shall mean the individual Governor for the time being and throughout the term "Governor" shall mean and include any Administrator of the Government. And this Act may for all purposes be styled and cited as the "Federal Council Act of *New South Wales*" [or *Victoria as the case may be*].

SCHEDULE.

THE Marine Lighting of the Australian Coasts.

The Navigation of the Australian Coastal Waters.

The construction of Fortifications and works of Defence subject in the case of each represented Colony to special instructions from the Government and to the withdrawal of the works altogether by the Parliament.

The relations of the represented Colonies with the Islands of the Pacific Ocean.

The Immigration of African or Asiatic races.

Ocean Mail Services.

Ocean Telegraph Lines.

Pilot Services.

TASMANIA.

1878.

ANNO QUADRAGESIMO-SECUNDO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

No. 8.

An Act to render Judgments which have been obtained in the Supreme Court of any of the other Australian Colonies effectual in Tasmania. [9 November, 1878.]

A.D. 1878.

BE it enacted by His Excellency the Governor of Tasmania by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and House of Assembly in Parliament assembled as follows:—

- 1. In this Act unless the context otherwise determines—
 "Judgment" shall include any judgment decree rule or order at Interpretation. law or in equity of the Supreme Court of any of the Australian Colonies other than Tasmania for the payment of money.
 "Australian Colonies" shall include the Colonies of New South Wales New Zealand Queensland South Australia Victoria and Western Australia.

2. Where judgment shall hereafter be obtained in the Supreme Court of any Australian Colony other than Tasmania the Registrar of the Supreme Court of Tasmania shall on the production to him of a certificate of such judgment in the form or to the effect in the Schedule purporting to be signed by the proper officer of the Court where such judgment has been obtained register such certificate in a register to be kept in the Supreme Court of Tasmania and to be called "The Register for Australian Judgments."

Intercolonial Judgments.

A.D. 1878.
On registration
certificate to have
effect of judgment in
Tasmania.

3. Such certificate shall from the date of such registration be of the same force and effect and all proceedings may be had and taken on such certificate as if the judgment of which it is a certificate had been a judgment originally obtained on the date of such registration in the Supreme Court of *Tasmania* and all the reasonable costs and charges attendant upon obtaining and registering such certificate shall be recovered in like manner as if the same were part of the original judgment.

Certificate to be
registered within
twelve months after
judgment.

4. No certificate of any such judgment shall be registered as aforesaid more than twelve months after the date of such judgment unless application shall have been first made to and leave obtained from the Supreme Court of *Tasmania*.

Court to have control
over certificate so
registered.

5. The Supreme Court of *Tasmania* shall have and exercise the same control and jurisdiction over any judgment and over any certificate of such judgment registered under this Act as it now has and exercises over any of its own judgments but in so far only as relates to execution under this Act.

No security for costs
where person regis-
tering certificate
resides out of
Tasmania.

6. It shall not be necessary for any person resident in any of the other Australian Colonies in any proceeding had and taken on such certificate to find security for costs in respect of such residence unless on special grounds the Supreme Court or a Judge thereof shall otherwise order.

No costs in action on
judgments.

7. In any action brought on any judgment which might be registered under this Act the party bringing such action shall not recover or be entitled to any costs or expenses of suit unless the Supreme Court or a Judge thereof shall otherwise order.

Judges to make
rules.

8. The Judges of the Supreme Court may make rules and orders to regulate the practice to be observed in the execution of this Act or in any matter relating thereto including the scale of fees to be charged.

Repeal of 21 Vic.
No. 20.

9. The Act of the Parliament of *Tasmania* of the twenty-first Victoria number twenty is hereby repealed.

Short title.

10. In citing this Act it shall be sufficient to use the expression "The Intercolonial Judgments Act of 18 ."

SCHEDULE.

I certify that [insert name of person entitled to judgment with his title trade or profession and usual or last known place of abode] on the day of 18 obtained judgment [or as the case may be] before the Supreme Court of for the payment of the sum of on account of [here state shortly the nature of claim and amount of costs].

44^o VICTORIÆ, 1881.

A BILL

To provide for the validity within [Victoria] of Letters Patent for Inventions granted and Trade-marks registered in the other Australian Colonies.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of in this present Parliament assembled and by the authority of the same as follows (that is to say) :—

1. This Act shall be called and may be cited as "The Inter-Short title.
colonial Patents and Trade-marks Act 1881."

2. In this Act unless the context otherwise requires—"Colony" Interpretation of
means and includes such of the colonies of Australia Tasmania and terms.
New Zealand as shall enact a law similar in effect to this Act and comprising [Victoria].

Letters Patent for Inventions.

3. With respect to letters patent for inventions granted in any colony it shall be lawful for the upon the application
of the patentee named in any such letters patent or his agent Canada Act.
(hereinafter called the applicant) if the subject-matter of such patent 35 Vic. c. 26 s. 2.
has not been known patented nor with the consent of the patentee Registration of
sold in [Victoria] to register such letters patent in a book to be called patents granted in
the Register of Intercolonial Letters Patent for Inventions and there- other colonies.
upon and during the remainder of the term for which the patent was
granted

granted in any colony as aforesaid such patentee shall subject to the provisions of this Act have the like powers rights and privileges as if such letters patent had been actually granted in and for [Victoria].

Applicant to pay fee and deposit letters patent and specifications.

4. No such letters patent shall be registered until the applicant shall pay a fee of _____ and shall deposit at the office of the _____ the letters patent granted to him in any colony and also an instrument in writing in such form and of such size as the _____ may require under his hand and seal particularly describing and ascertaining the nature of the said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed and also a copy of such instrument and of the drawings accompanying the same (if any).

Endorsement of letters patent.

5. The letters patent so deposited shall when registered be endorsed by the _____ to the effect of the form in the Schedule hereto and shall be then returned to the applicant and every such instrument and the drawings and models accompanying the same (if any) shall be transferred to and kept in such office as the Governor in Council may from time to time appoint for that purpose.

Canada Act.
35 Vic. c. 26 s. 28.

6. Every registration of letters patent effected pursuant to this Act shall be subject to the conditions that all the powers rights and privileges thereby conferred shall cease and determine and that the letters patent shall be null and void in [Victoria] at the end of two years from the date thereof unless the patentee or his assignee shall within that period have commenced and after such commencement continuously carry on in [Victoria] the construction and manufacture of the invention or discovery patented in such a manner that any person desiring to use it may obtain it or cause it to be made for him at a reasonable price at some manufactory or establishment for making and constructing it in [Victoria] and also that such patent shall be void within [Victoria] if after the expiration of twelve months from the endorsement thereof in [Victoria] the patentee or his assignee for the whole or part of his interest in the patent imports or causes to be imported into [Victoria] the invention or discovery for which such patent is granted. In case disputes arise as to whether a patent has or has not become null and void under this section such disputes shall be settled by _____ whose decision shall be final.

Trade-marks.

How owner of trade-mark in other Australian colonies may acquire right in [Victoria].

7. Any person who is registered in any colony as the first proprietor or owner of any trade-mark and who shall give notice by advertisement in the [Victorian] *Government Gazette* of the fact of such registration of such trade-mark and who shall in such notice clearly describe such trade-mark and specify the particular goods or classes of goods to which such mark is registered as belonging shall be entitled from the date of the publication of such advertisement to the same privileges in respect of such trade-mark as if the same had been actually registered in [Victoria] on such date in pursuance of any Act for the time being in force in [Victoria] relating to the registration of trade-marks.

Saving as to similar mark already registered.

8. Nothing in this Act contained shall confer on any person any right or privilege whatsoever as to any trade-mark in respect of any specified goods or classes of goods if such trade-mark is identical with any trade-mark registered in [Victoria] before the publication of such advertisement as belonging to such goods or classes of goods or if such trade-mark so nearly resembles any trade-mark so registered as to be calculated to deceive.

Application.

9. This Act shall not apply to any trade-mark registered in any colony before the coming into operation of this Act.

SCHEDULE.

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF ENDORSEMENT ON LETTERS PATENT.

Intercolonial Patents and Trade-marks 1881.

Pursuant to the provisions of the abovenamed Act I have this day registered the within letters patent and on and after this date the within-named patentee shall subject to the provisions of the said Act have the like powers rights and privileges in [Victoria] for the remainder of the term for which such letters patent were granted and issued in as if such letters patent had been actually granted in and for Victoria. Provided however that all the powers rights and privileges hereby conferred shall cease and determine and that these letters patent shall be null and void in [Victoria] at the end of two years from the date of this endorsement unless the patentee or his assignee shall within that period have commenced and after such commencement continuously carry on in [Victoria] the construction and manufacture of the invention or discovery patented in such manner that any person desiring to use it may obtain it or cause it to be made for him at a reasonable price at some manufactory or establishment for making and constructing it in [Victoria] and also that such patent shall be void within [Victoria] if after the expiration of twelve months from this endorsement the patentee or his assignee for the whole or part of his interest in the patents imports or causes to be imported into [Victoria] the invention or discovery for which such patent is granted. And provided further that in case disputes arise as to whether a patent has or has not become null and void under this section such disputes shall be settled by whose decision shall be final.

Given under my hand and seal at [Melbourne] in the Colony of [Victoria] this
day of 188 .

A.B.

(L.S.)

44^o VICTORIÆ, 1881.

A BILL

To increase the Remedies of Creditors against Persons in other Australasian Colonies and also to enable Judgments of the Courts of those Colonies to be enforced in

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the laws in force in [South Preamble. Australia] relating to the rights of persons in who have causes of action against persons who have removed into or are resident in other Australasian Colonies by increasing such rights and the remedies established by law for enforcing the same and it is also expedient to increase the rights of creditors in the other Australasian Colonies against persons who may remove into the said [province] or be resident therein Be it therefore enacted in this present Parliament &c. &c.

1. This Act shall be called and may be cited as "The Australasian Creditors Relief Act 1881." Short title.

2. In this Act unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation.

"Colony" means and includes the Colonies of New South Wales Victoria Tasmania Queensland Western Australia and New Zealand.

"Court summons" shall mean any summons issued out of any local Court in

3. From and after the coming into operation of this Act any [] Court Court summons may be issued for service upon the defendant at summons may be served in any any place in any colony Every such summons shall contain in addition Australasian Colony. to

to any other endorsements thereon required by law the following endorsement—"This summons is issued out of the Court in the of for service out of " and the time for appearance by the defendant to such summons shall be as set forth in the First Schedule hereunto annexed or such extended time as any of such Court may order.

Omission of endorsement to be irregularity only

4. In case any such summons shall not have all the endorsements required by this Act such omission shall not render such summons void but the same may be set aside as irregular or be amended upon application to some of and such amendment may be made upon an application to set aside such summons upon such terms as to the may seem just.

Service of summons.

5. Every such summons may be served by delivering a copy thereof to a defendant or be delivering the same at the house or place of business of the defendant to a member of his family (such member being of the apparent age of not less than fourteen years) or to a servant of the defendant of not less than the said age and the affidavit of service of such summons may be sworn before a Commissioner appointed for taking affidavits in the Supreme Court of or of any colony or before any Justice of the Peace for or for any colony.

Summons issued pursuant to this Act may be served within this [province].

6. Any such summons may if occasion shall require be served upon the defendant within but service shall in such case be effected personally and not otherwise and proceedings may thereafter be taken under such summons in the like manner as if the same had been issued for service within.

Where defendant appears in person address to be given.

7. Every appearance by the defendant in person to any summons issued pursuant to this Act shall give an address in the city of or at some place within ten miles of the Court out of which such summons was issued at which address it shall be lawful to leave all proceedings and notices and if such address be not given the appearance shall not be received and if an address so given be fictitious the appearance shall be irregular and may be set aside by a Provided always that any such summons shall contain in addition to other endorsements the following endorsement—"Take notice that your appearance to this summons must give an address in the city of or at some place within ten miles of the Court out of which this summons was issued at which address proceedings and notices for you can be left."

Proceedings in default of appearance.

8. No proceedings in default of appearance shall be taken under any summons issued pursuant to this Act unless an affidavit shall have been first filed in the Court out of which such summons was issued stating that the cause of action in respect of which such summons was issued arose within or that such cause of action arose in respect of the breach of a contract made within.

Proceedings to be regulated by Court Acts.

9. Subject to the provisions of this Act all proceedings under any Court summons issued pursuant to this Act shall be regulated by the laws in force in regulating the proceedings under Court summonses issued for service within

Officer of Court to give certificate of judgment decree rule or order.

10. Any person to whom any sum of money is made payable by any judgment decree rule or order of any Court of Record in may obtain from the chief clerk registrar or other officer of such Court a certificate of such judgment decree rule or order in the form set forth in the Second Schedule hereto which certificate such chief clerk registrar or other officer is hereby required to grant under his hand and the seal of such Court of Record.

Second Schedule.

Certificate of judgment of Court of record in any colony to operate as a judgment

11. It shall be lawful for any person in whose favour any judgment decree rule or order whereby any sum of money exceeding the sum of pounds is made payable shall have been obtained in

in any Court of record in any colony to produce to the Supreme Court of [] a certificate of such judgment decree rule or order in the form in the Second Schedule hereunto annexed or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit purporting to be signed by the chief clerk registrar or other officer of [] and sealed with the seal of such Court and upon production of any such certificate the same shall be filed by the [] of the Supreme Court and shall forthwith be registered by him by entering the particulars thereof in a book belonging to the Supreme Court to be called the "Register of Australasian Judgments" and from the date of such registration such certificate shall have the same force and effect and be to all intents and purposes a judgment of the Supreme Court of [] and execution may issue thereon against the person land and effects of the person against whom such judgment decree rule or order was obtained and the like proceedings may be had and taken under and upon such certificate as upon a judgment originally obtained and entered up in the said Supreme Court and the costs and charges attendant upon the obtaining and registering any such certificate in accordance with the scale set forth in the Third Schedule hereto shall and may be recovered in like manner as if the same were part of the original judgment decree rule or order Provided always that no certificate of any such judgment decree rule or order shall be registered as aforesaid after the lapse of twelve months from the date of such judgment decree rule or order unless leave shall have been first obtained from the Supreme Court of [] or some Judge thereof for that purpose.

of the
ment of Supreme
Court when same is
produced and
registered.

Ss. 307 & 308 of the
Victorian Act
No. 274 are similar
in effect to this
clause.

Second Schedule.

Third Schedule.

12. It shall be lawful for any person in whose favour any judgment decree rule or order whereby any sum of money not exceeding the sum of [one] hundred pounds is made payable shall have been obtained in any Court of Record in any Colony to produce to the [clerk] of any [local] Court in [] a certificate of such judgment decree rule or order in the form in the Second Schedule hereunto annexed or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will permit purporting to be signed by the chief clerk registrar clerk or other officer of and sealed with the seal of such Court of Record and upon production of any such certificate the same shall be filed by the clerk of such Court and shall forthwith be registered by him by entering the particulars thereof in a book belonging to such [] Court to be called the "Register of Australasian Judgments" a book for which purpose shall be kept at the office of every [] Court in [] and from the date of such registration such certificate shall have the same force and effect as and shall be a judgment of such [] Court and execution or other proceedings may issue thereon as upon an ordinary judgment of such [] Court and the costs and charges attendant upon the obtaining and registering any such certificate in accordance with the scale set forth in the Third Schedule hereto shall and may be recovered in like manner as if the same were part of the original judgment decree rule or order Provided always that no such certificate shall be registered as aforesaid after the lapse of twelve months from the date of such judgment decree rule or order unless leave shall have been first obtained from a [special Magistrate] of [] for that purpose.

Certificate of judgment of Courts of Record in any Australasian Colony not exceeding £100 to operate as a judgment of any local Court when same is produced and registered.

Second Schedule.

13. When the amount of any judgment obtained in any [local] Court in [] under the provision of section twelve of this Act shall exceed the sum of [] pounds it shall be lawful for the judgment creditor to cause a writ of *certiorari* to be issued to remove such judgment into the Supreme Court of [] and when removed such judgment shall have the same force and effect and the same proceedings may be had thereon as in the case of judgment of the said Supreme Court and the return to any such writ of *certiorari* shall be made by the [] of such [] Court by transmitting a true copy

Judgments may be removed into Supreme Court by writ of *certiorari*.

copy of so much of the "Register of Australasian Judgments" of such Court as relates to such judgment certified under the seal of such local Court and the hand of the _____ and in all other respects the issuing of such writ of *certiorari* and all proceedings connected therewith and consequent thereto shall be regulated by Act No. [] intituled [" _____ "]

Costs of action not to be recovered when proceedings might be taken under this Act.

14. In any action brought in any Court in upon any judgment decree rule or order of any Court of record in any colony a certificate of which might be registered under the provisions of this Act the party bringing such action shall not recover or be entitled to any costs of suit unless the Court in in which such action shall be brought or a Judge or thereof as the case may be shall otherwise order.

Execution not to issue without affidavit of debt.

15. Execution shall in no case be issued upon the certificate of any judgment decree rule or order of any Court or Record of any Australasian Colony registered pursuant to this Act or upon any judgment obtained in any [local] Court of _____ where the summons has been served out of _____ unless an affidavit which shall be filed in the Court out of which it is intended to issue execution shall be made by the person in whose favour such judgment decree rule or order was obtained or by some person cognizant of the facts of the case stating that the amount for which execution is proposed to be issued is actually due and unpaid and no execution shall be issued for a larger amount than the amount so sworn to and all affidavits so to be filed in the Supreme Court of _____ shall be sworn before a Commissioner appointed to take affidavits therein and all affidavits so to be filed in any _____ Court of _____ may be sworn before such Commissioner or before a Justice of the Peace for _____ or for any Colony.

Proceedings under judgment to be subject to control of Court.

16. Every Court in _____ in which any certificate of any judgment decree rule or order shall have been registered pursuant to the provisions of this Act shall have and exercise the same control and jurisdiction over any such judgment decree rule or order and over any such certificate in so far only as relates to execution thereon and to enforcing the same as such Courts now have and exercise over any judgment originally obtained in such Court.

Judges to make rule.

17. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the Supreme Court of _____ from time to time to make alter or repeal all such rules as to them shall seem necessary for the effectual execution and carrying out of this Act and the intention and objects thereof.

Commencement of Act.

18. This Act shall come into operation on a day to be named by the Governor in Council and to be published in the *Government Gazette* with respect only to any such Colony as shall from time to time be named in such proclamation.

APPENDIX C.

REMONSTRANCE addressed to the Secretary of State against the introduction of Chinese by the Government of Western Australia at the public expense, as executed by Members of Conference.

To The Right Honourable THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY, P.C.,
&c., &c., &c.

THE undersigned, Members of a Conference of all the Australasian Governments, now sitting in Sydney, and the duly accredited Representatives of the Colonies named after our respective signatures, have the honour to respectfully approach Your Lordship as Her Most Gracious Majesty's Secretary of State for the Colonies, and to represent to Your Lordship certain transactions now taking place in Western Australia, which we consider highly prejudicial to the best interests of Her Majesty's free and loyal subjects in this part of the world.

As a preliminary explanation, we desire to point out that the computed population of the six Colonies we represent is over 2,500,000, while the population of the Crown Colony of Western Australia is under 30,000 souls. In all the six Colonies a strong feeling prevails in opposition to the unrestricted introduction of Chinese, this opposition arising principally from a desire to preserve and perpetuate the British type in the various populations. In several of the Colonies stringent measures have been passed at different times to restrict the influx of Chinese immigrants even at their own expense. In Queensland, a law of this restrictive character exists at the present time, in New South Wales a similar Bill was passed by the Legislative Assembly not two years ago, though it was subsequently lost in the Legislative Council, and in South Australia a similar measure was twice passed by the House of Assembly last year. The present Conference has been convened to consider, amongst other things, the subject of Chinese immigration, and a resolution has been agreed to "recommending uniform legislation on the part of all the Colonies to restrict the influx of Chinese into these Colonies."

It

It is while sitting in Conference that we learn for the first time that the small and remote Colony of Western Australia is introducing Chinese at the public expense. In the *Government Gazette* of that Colony of the 28th December last the following notice was published :—

CHINESE IMMIGRANTS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Perth, 28th December, 1880.

THE Legislature having sanctioned the introduction of Chinese immigrants into the Colony at the public expense, the Government is prepared to receive applications from settlers who may be desirous of employing such immigrants as farm labourers, shepherds, gardeners, mechanics, or domestic servants; application to be made in writing on the following form, copies of which may be obtained at the Offices of the Colonial Secretary and the various resident Magistrates. Fifty immigrants must be applied for before action can be taken by Government. The immigrants to be taken over from the Government Immigration Agent immediately on arrival free of expense to the Government.

By His Excellency's Command,
GIFFORD,
Colonial Secretary.

Name, Occupation, and Address of Person requiring Immigrants.	Number of persons required of each description of trade, &c.	Where to be employed.	Period for which employment is guaranteed if Immigrant is qualified.	Wages per month offered, in addition to food and lodgings, to the satisfaction of Government.	Remarks.
John Smith, farmer, Albany.	1 rough carpenter. 2 shepherds. 1 house servant.	Kojonup. Do. Albany.	One year, certain.	£2 5 0 2 0 0 1 15 0	

We are satisfied that the publication of the fact that the Government of Western Australia is employing the public revenue for the introduction of natives of China to occupy the various avenues of labour—a course never at any time adopted by any of the Colonies under Parliamentary Government—will create throughout the rest of Australasia a strong feeling of public disapprobation. The objection to the Chinese is not altogether one of prejudice of colour or race, but is founded in a rational view of the dangers to these British communities which might in the course of time flow from a people numbering more than 400,000,000, whose language, laws, religion, and habits of life are alien to those of Her Majesty's subjects in Australasia, and whose geographical position makes the danger more imminent.

If Western Australia persists in her policy it cannot fail to engender among the people of the other Colonies a sense of public injury and of resentment, and it is almost certain to lead to the enactment of laws imposing restrictions on communication between her ports and the other Australasian ports. It cannot be expected that the people who object to receiving Chinese immigrants direct from China will submit to their arrival by way of Western Australia. At a time when a disposition is growing up in the Colonies to draw more closely together the ties of political relationship, it is a matter for deep regret that the smallest Colony of the group should take a course so calculated to cut her off from popular sympathy and to isolate her in her colonizing progress.

We

We desire to urge upon Your Lordship that the action of the Government of Western Australia cannot be regarded as other than opposed to the common interest in the social advancement of these Colonies, and that, if it be continued, it must be attended by consequences which it is highly desirable to avoid; and we join in an earnest hope that Her Majesty's Government will take such steps as may be deemed expedient to procure its reversal.

We have the honour to remain

Your Lordship's

Faithful and obedient Servants,

HENRY PARKES,
COLONIAL SECRETARY OF NEW SOUTH WALES,
Chairman of Conference.

GRAHAM BERRY, CHIEF SECRETARY,	}	Victoria.
WILLIAM M. K. VALE, ATTORNEY GENERAL,		
JAMES WATSON, COLONIAL TREASURER,	}	New South Wales.
THOMAS DICK, COLONIAL SECRETARY,		
WILLIAM MORGAN, CHIEF SECRETARY,	}	South Australia.
C. MANN, TREASURER,		
A. H. PALMER, COLONIAL SECRETARY,	}	Queensland.
BOYD D. MOREHEAD, POSTMASTER GENERAL,		
W. R. GIBLIN, COLONIAL TREASURER,	}	Tasmania.
W. MOORE, COLONIAL SECRETARY,		

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Sydney, 25th January, 1881.

PETITION OF FRUIT-GROWERS.

To the Honorable Sir Henry Parkes, K.C.M.G., Colonial Secretary, and the Honorable James Watson, Esquire, Colonial Treasurer, the Representatives in the Intercolonial Conference for the Colony of New South Wales.

The Petition of the undersigned persons interested in the growing of and dealing in fruit,—

SHOWETH :—

That your Petitioners desire to bring under your notice the following facts connected with the Intercolonial Fruit Trade and respectfully request that you will place the same before the Conference.

The trade in fruit between the Colonies of New South Wales and Victoria is a very large and increasing one, and owing to the difference in the latitude of the two central markets, Sydney and Melbourne, there is but little actual competition between the local growers for the respective markets, the summer fruit being ready for use in the vicinity of Sydney quite a month earlier than it is in Melbourne.

The fruit itself being very perishable it is desirable that every facility should be given for its rapid delivery.

The rapidly changing value of fruit from a very high price in the commencement to a very low one in the height, and back to a high price at the end of the season, together with the fluctuation of price dependent upon weather, render it particularly unsuitable as a commodity from which to obtain revenue.

The duty charged upon fruit going to Victoria from Sydney is a very serious interference with the intercolonial trade, while the amount raised is really but small; being fixed at one shilling per case it frequently amounts to 25% or 30% upon the fruit consumed by the poorer classes, while at other times, when it is not so plentiful, and owing to the price, it can only be used by the wealthier classes, the duty is only 5 or 10 per cent.

Your Petitioners submit that fruit is an article the consumption of which should be encouraged as much as possible, and that its supply at the cheapest possible price should be assisted to the utmost extent, as it is not merely a luxury but possesses many health-giving properties, and your Petitioners therefore respectfully urge that whatever may be the result of the deliberations of the Conference, efforts should be made to induce the representatives of the Colony of Victoria to recommend their Government to abolish the duties upon fruit, at all events in its natural state.

And your Petitioners will ever pray, &c.

CHAS. CARROLL, grower, Hunter's Hill
J. LYONS, shipper, Elizabeth-street
CRAWFORD & JESSEP, shippers, 9, Market-street
SAMUEL SMALL, grower, Ryde

[Here follow 168 other Signatures.]

MEMORANDUM.

THE new arrangement entered into with the United Kingdom from the 1st March, 1880, for division of postage on correspondence transmitted *via Brindisi* was as follows :—

Postage to be—

Letters	6d.
Newspapers	1d.
Packets	1d. per 1 oz.

Upon outward correspondence United Kingdom to account to Victoria for 2½d. per letter, retaining 3½d.* per letter, as well as the whole of the packet and newspaper postage.

Upon homeward correspondence Victoria to retain postage collected on letters, and account for half the postage on packets and newspapers.

Continental transit of packets and newspapers as well as letters, *both ways*, to be paid by United Kingdom.

To remove objections raised by New South Wales and New Zealand it was agreed that United Kingdom should continue to account to other Colonies 4d. out of 6d. on each letter and half newspaper and packet postage, the difference (1½d. per letter and ½d. per newspaper) being *debited against Victoria*.

This was upon the understanding that the homeward as well as the outward letter postage would in all cases be reduced to 6d.

However, New South Wales, New Zealand, South Australia, and Tasmania, still continue to charge 8d. on letters *via Brindisi*, and a large portion of the homeward correspondence previously sent *via Southampton* was now forwarded at the 6d. rate *via Southampton* or by Orient steamers and was thus diverted from the Galle contract steamers.

In July, 1880, the above Colonies were addressed upon the subject and strongly urged to reduce homeward letter rates to a uniform charge of 6d. by all routes, in order that a due proportion of their mails may be sent *via Brindisi* and a larger contribution paid by them to the Galle contract, for which Victoria is responsible to the extent of £85,000 per annum.

They have, however, declined to make the change.

It is a matter of great importance to Victoria that, as anticipated when the contract was entered into, the bulk of the mails from the neighbouring Colonies should be forwarded *via Galle and Brindisi*, the most regular and expeditious postal route, but this can only be secured by a general reduction of the homeward postage to 6d. as proposed.

The average loss to Victoria on previous contract was £13,500.

The loss under the present contract is estimated to be about £24,000, the increase being due to the causes previously stated.

F. W. JACKSON,
G. P. O., 11/1/81.

NEW

* 2d. of this being to cover continental transit charges both ways, viz., 1d. each way.

Copy of communication at Chief Secretary's office.

NEW EXPEDITION FOR DR. LEICHHARDT'S PARTY.

Baron von Mueller asks that proposal for new expedition for Dr. Leichhardt's party be brought before Intercolonial Conference.

To the Honorable Graham Berry, M.L.A., Chief Secretary of Victoria.

Sir,

Melbourne, 12/12/80.

The Intercolonial Conference affording an opportunity to discuss questions and to devise measures in which all the Australian Colonies unitedly are concerned, I venture to beg of you, as Premier of this Colony, that you will be pleased to submit for the consideration of the Conference, whether a new effort ought to be made to clear up the fate of Dr. Leichhardt's party. The comparatively recent intelligence obtained of a supposed member of the Leichhardt Expedition having died only three years ago on the Mulligan River, and, furthermore, traditions among the aborigines of North-western Australia that a survivor of that ill-starred party was still living among the tribes of an eastern branch of the Victoria River, hold out some hope that by a methodical search along these water-courses, and by frequent interrogations of the native tribes of the vicinity, at last the actual fate of the lost small band of geographic pioneers could be ascertained, that possibly even some one of them might be rescued, and perhaps documents of the expedition be discovered, while most certainly a vast extent of new country would become mapped.

It is far from me to ask for large means to accomplish this nationally Australian object; a few hundred pounds from each of the four most populated Colonies, with a small subsidy from the two others, would suffice to send out an efficient party for following up the new traces of the lost explorers, especially as the tried services of Mr. Ernest Giles as leader of a search party could be rendered available at the present time, and as the Honorable Sir Thomas Elder would be almost sure to lend for so noble a purpose a limited number of dromedaries (otherwise purchasable). Leichhardt has high claims on the universal gratitude of Australia; he traversed through the territory of Queensland on exploring lines of fully 1,500 miles, the whole of this extent of country taken up from his maps, and now all along occupied by flourishing settlements, from which annually large revenues are derived. He advanced through South Australian dominions already in his first expedition to the extent of 750 miles length, and is supposed to have perished in the northern portion of the South Australian territory; the greater part of the country explored by him there is now also occupied along his track by pastoral settlers, near convenient harbours (as on his Queensland lines) for commerce, and throughout well-watered and fertile regions. He was sent out by New South Wales, of which Victoria was then an integral portion. The modest expenditure now solicited in the cause of humanity, and simultaneously also for the further advancement of geography, would be sure to bear results of practical importance to rural pursuits and trade, and therewith also to the further enrichment of these Colonies. I need not remind you, honored sir, that Mr. Giles had, as gold medalist of the Royal Geographic Society of London, this year for his only colleague the distinguished Commander of the "Vega," who, with Baron Nordenskiöld, accomplished the eastern arctic passage, for which was striven several hundred years in vain. It is also unnecessary to call to your recollection that the efforts of obtaining tidings of Sir John Franklin's party have culminated this year in an heroic search in the polar regions, not merely through the summer season, but incessantly through a whole arctic winter, and event of bravery also unparalleled and unexampled in the world's history before. Ships like the "Erebus" and "Terror" may founder and leave no vestiges, but no land party, such as Leichhardt's, can go out of existence without leaving remnants behind for a very long series of years; thus to clear up the fate of Leichhardt's party is merely a matter of skill, perseverance, and monetary means; and through the chance of now using dromedaries, the search will neither be impeded by deserts nor seasons of drought.

I therefore humbly trust that the distinguished statesmen who represent in the present Melbourne Conference all the Australian Colonies will grant the funds sufficient to keep a small party for one year in the field on this high-minded errand, especially as now the eyes of the whole world are more particularly directed to Australia through the International Exhibition. Besides, while fulfilling our duties to a martyr of Australian geography, justice would be done to a leading living explorer, in utilizing his talents and experiences, while still available, by which means unflinchingly new additions will be made to the geography of our continent, in which all the Australian Colonies are interested, and from which they will all derive in time large, substantial, and continuous benefit.

I have, &c.,

FERD. VON MUELLER.

To the Honorable Graham Berry, M.L.A., Premier of Victoria, &c.

Melbourne, 11/1/81.

I DEEM it but right, honored sir, to mention, after the enlightened interest which you evince in the question of Leichhardt's fate, that the telegraphic intelligence just received concerning the identification of Classen's remains does only account, as yet, for the end of one of a party of eight, while rumours are afloat that another survivor still exists at the source of the River Victoria (much nearer to Western Australia.) I hope, therefore, that your kind intention to bring this subject before the Intercolonial Conference, in Sydney, will not be hindered by the telegram just published, especially as the new search will have an important geographic bearing also. Allow me yet to remark that, in the event of the other Colonies responding to your call of taking joint action in this new enterprise, it would simplify and expedite the arrangements very much if the funds were made available in one place; and as I have followed up since fully thirty years all investigations regarding Leichhardt's party, the several Australian Governments might have sufficient faith and confidence in me for entrusting to me the final agreement with Mr. Giles, and for effecting the disbursements under such arrangements as the Conference may deem fit.

I have this day received a letter from Mr. Giles, expressing his eagerness to conduct this new search expedition, and I am sure he is not led in this by monetary considerations.

An early organization of the party is desirable, for the full benefit of the approaching cool season.

Respectfully yours,

FERD. VON MULLER.

THE following is the text of the Anti-Chinese Bill lately passed in California :—

Any officer director manager member stockholder clerk agent servant attorney employé assignee or contractor of any corporation now existing or hereafter formed under the laws of this State who shall employ in any manner or capacity upon any work or business of such corporation any Chinese or Mongolian is guilty of a misdemeanor and is punishable by a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars or by imprisonment in the county gaol of not less than fifty nor more than five hundred days or by such fine or imprisonment. Provided that no director of a corporation shall be deemed guilty under this section who refuses to assent to such employment and has such dissent recorded in the minutes of the board of directors

- (1.) Every person who has been convicted for violating the provisions of this section committing any subsequent violation thereof after such conviction is punishable as follows :
- (2.) For each subsequent conviction such person shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars or by imprisonment not less than two hundred and fifty days nor more than two years or by both such fine and imprisonment any corporation now existing or hereafter formed under the laws of the State that shall employ directly or indirectly in any capacity any Chinese or Mongolian shall be guilty of misdemeanor and upon conviction therefor shall for the first offence be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars and upon the second conviction shall in addition to said penalty forfeit its charter and franchise and all its corporate rights and it shall be the duty of the Attorney General to take the necessary steps to enforce such forfeiture.

Secretary, Chamber of Commerce, asks that desirability of adopting Decimal System of Weights, &c., for selling Grain and Produce be considered by Conference.

The Honorable the Chief Secretary,—

Sir,

Melbourne, Chamber of Commerce, 10 January, 1881.

I have the honor, by desire of the Committee of the Melbourne Chamber of Commerce, to ask that you will be good enough, if you find it practicable, to bring under the notice of the Intercolonial Conference at Sydney, the desirableness of a general adoption by the several Colonies of the cental system of selling grain and produce.

You are probably aware, sir, that when last a movement was made in this and some of the other Colonies to initiate a less complicated system of weights and measures, the then Victorian Government regarded the attempt very favourably, and the cental was adopted at the Custom House in levying the duties on grain and flour, and has continued to be so used to the present time.

Some untoward circumstances prevented, at that time, the general adoption of the cental system on the part of auctioneers and grain and flour merchants, but it is thought that the present is a favourable time for making another effort in the direction indicated.

During the discussion of the general question of a decimal system of weights and measures at the late Social Science Congress, it was suggested that the Legislatures of the several Colonies should be appealed to, not only to sanction the adoption of the decimal system (by such denominations as might be approved) but to make the same compulsory after a lapse of two years. That in the meantime the several Governments should be asked to levy duties by these denominations, and to use them in Government contracts and railway freights; also that the metric system should be taught in the State Schools, and should form one of the subjects in the competitive examinations of the Civil Service.

I am therefore respectfully to express the hope that the assistance of yourself and your honorable colleague will be given to this further effort to effect so desirable a reform as the simplification of our present complicated denominations of weights and measures.

I have, &c.,

B. COWDEROY,

Secretary.

To the Secretary of the Intercolonial Conference, Sydney,—

Sir,

Melbourne, 17 January, 1881.

As the Conference for the consideration of Intercolonial matters of national importance is now sitting, we respectfully take the opportunity of bringing before the Honorable Members the great and pressing importance of canalization for irrigation, &c., as the only sure means of securing for the plains of these Colonies agricultural certainty of remuneration.

Australia presents to the world a most anomalous appearance; that with a regular and plenteous rainfall, a splendid soil and climate, her farmers and graziers should suffer so severely from the periodical droughts which occur.

The necessity for the establishment of a special bureau in each Colony to specially supervise the conservation and distribution of rainfall, the canalization, irrigation, and drainage of the country, and regulation of rivers, so that no water should be allowed to enter the ocean until every reasonable means had been used to turn it to account for the benefit of the State. In carrying out national canalization in the respective Colonies, provision should be made to harmonize the several systems, so that the main arteries of distribution should be constructed with a view to the great continental features of the several States, so that the surplus waters of one Colony may be made available, if necessary, to supplement the deficiencies of another. But we need not go into particulars; the necessities of the case are patent to all the Colonies, and it is a subject in which all are equally interested, and if possible should receive the special notice of the Conference.

We have before us the whole of the facts relating to irrigation and drainage in California, whose climate, soil, and plains are nearly all-fours with our own, and whose wheat crops alone have increased since 1871, chiefly from irrigation, from one-and-a-half million bushels to forty-one-and-a-half million bushels in 1878.

All the facts we have from Colorado and California fully justify us in earnestly calling your attention to this momentous subject.

We have, &c.,

H. BENJAMIN H. DODS, C.E.,

and self,

HUGH M'COLL, M.L.A.

OUTRAGES IN THE ISLANDS OF THE PACIFIC.

APPENDIX TO REPORT OF COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO EXAMINE THE ACTS AND PAPERS RELATING TO THE APPOINTMENT OF HIGH COMMISSIONER.

SCHEDULE.

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No. 1.

Telegram to Hon. A. H. Palmer.

CREW of schooner "Prosperity," owned by myself, murdered and vessel and cargo burnt at Leonadie Island, near South Cape, New Guinea, October or November last; Captain alone supposed has escaped; value property destroyed, thirteen hundred; eight men murdered, making during last six months thirty-one men murdered from Cooktown alone, and five thousand property destroyed; no action appears contemplated by Imperial Government protect the trade; our men dare not effect reprisals or attack beforehand, which is often the only way of preventing massacres. What can be done? As Mr. Palmer is in Sydney, please get him use influence to have murderers of "Annie Brooks" and "Prosperity's" crew properly punished; no provocation this time alleged for either massacre.—WILLIAM J. HARTLEY.

No. 2.

Mr. Julian Thomas to The Secretary, Intercolonial Conference.

Sir,

169, Victoria-street, Jany, 19.

As *amicus curiæ*, I have the honor to submit the following to the Sub-committee appointed to inquire into the South Sea massacres. I do so as, having lately returned from Fiji, I have seen the pernicious results of the "Exeter Hall" policy of Sir Arthur Gordon and Judge Gorrie, the High and Judicial Commissioners of Polynesia; and also as the only journalist who has persistently advocated the necessity of the Colonies interfering in this matter for the better protection of the lives and properties of their citizens.

I would respectfully suggest that any resolution to the Imperial Government will be incomplete if it does not draw special attention to the powers possessed by Judge Gorrie. I draw attention to two articles written under my *nom de plume* in the *Sydney Daily Telegraph* of December 11 and January 17, and to the fact that Judge Gorrie has decided in the case of the native, Aratuga, one of the murderers of the boat's crew of the Queensland ship "Mystery," that he has "*no jurisdiction*"; whereas any white man charged with any offence against the natives may be tried *without a Jury* before Judge Gorrie, and convicted on native evidence alone. Such things are on record in the judicial annals of the High Commissioner's Court at Fiji.

I was myself a witness in Fiji of the supineness and indifference of the High Commissioner at the outrages committed. I saw both the "Dauntless" and "Borealis" when they returned after their white officers being massacred. In the latter case, still fresh in the public mind, the savages held possession of the ship for two days and thoroughly looted it, yet no instructions were issued by Sir Arthur Gordon to the Commodore to take any steps to demand reparation for this outrage. To this day it remains unavenged, for the man-of-war sent to the Solomons by the Commodore was to avenge the massacre of naval seamen only. One could multiply instances of this kind, which with the fact that in the Fijian Islands *native* policeman have power to, and *do*, arrest *white men* on most frivolous charges, and the insolence of the whole aboriginal race of the South Seas, proves Sir Arthur Gordon's public statement that these are not the countries for white men.

I have, &c.,

JULIAN THOMAS.

Papers communicated by "The Vagabond," Julian Thomas, to the *Sydney Daily Telegraph*.

[Extract from the *Sydney Daily Telegraph*, December 11, 1880.]

SOUTH SEA MASSACRES.

By "The Vagabond."

Is the Caucasian played out in the South Seas? As far as British subjects are concerned it would seem so. During the last few months outrage upon outrage, massacre upon massacre have been committed by the natives. Englishmen have died slow and lingering deaths; English vessels have been captured and pillaged. The savages of the Solomon Islands have been enjoying a saturnalia of bloodshed and robbery. With impunity they have followed up their misdeeds. Sir Arthur Gordon, High Commissioner of Polynesia, at Levuka, has prated about the "colour blindness" of the white race. Judge Gorrie, Judicial Commissioner, has from the bench enunciated most startling theories as to the inhumanity displayed towards the "poor natives." Both these officials have for years been playing to the gallery of Exeter Hall, and no doubt have acquired in Great Britain a great reputation for philanthropy—earned, as results show, at the cost of the blood of their countrymen. Now, the savages have culminated their outrages by the murder of a naval officer and four seamen. Vengeance is loudly called for, and no doubt the call will be answered; but the public mind is largely exercised as to the reason of these continued massacres. Various theories have been started. One that they are in retaliation for "atrocities" generally committed by white men; another that they are acts of revenge for the kidnapping which takes place in the labour trade; a third, with more reason, because British men-of-war have not meted out retribution for past offences. In this last argument, however, an injustice, as I shall show, is done to the naval commanders on this station.

In giving my contribution to this discussion, I speak as one having some slight authority. I know many of the Pacific Islands; I have seen the working of the "labour trade" in Queensland, New Caledonia, and Fiji. During a late three months' sojourn in the latter Colony I saw the survivors of many of the massacres of which we have lately heard. I acquired extensive information on this subject, and had evidence of the administration of justice in the High Commissioner's Court. We must discuss this subject on present issues. It is needless to go to the records of the past when white men were guilty of rapine and bloodshed in the South Seas. Little use to rake up the records of the Carl affair, nor even Bishop Patterson's opinions on the labour traffic. Kidnapping, no doubt, there was in the old days; deeds done which, to think of, makes our blood boil with indignation. What we want to know is the reason of these things now, when missionary influence has spread; when trade and commerce has penetrated to every island in the Pacific; when the natives are protected by a High Commissioner and many deputy Commissioners, costing Great Britain some £20,000 annually. To put it down to the labour traffic is absurd. Both Fijian and Queensland "recruiting" vessels carry responsible Government agents, whose presence is sufficient now to prevent any of the abuses which have been alleged. There is no doubt that the chief of a tribe may, on consideration of a present which he values, make a number of his followers "enlist," but as far as the Colonial officers are concerned these come away willingly. I have seen in Queensland, Noumea, and Levuka many labour vessels arrive. The "recruits" all seemed happy; there would be sure to be one amongst them who had been in the port before who would explain the many strange objects they saw, and at which they would all be amazed and amused. During their term of labour these islanders are well fed, supplied with tobacco and clothes; not too hardily worked, and, except in isolated cases, generally well used. When their three years of service is over they invest the money then paid to them in beads, hatchets, and firearms, and return to their island homes rich as one who in the old days had shook the pagoda tree. The custom, I believe, is that there is a free fight and scramble amongst the tribe for this plunder, and that the returned emigrant is generally left with nothing but the satisfaction that he has been a public benefactor. But many of the island tribes live in communities, as in Australia. "What's yours is mine" is the doctrine, and if the result of the Kanaka's labour is not much to himself, at least he has done more good to the world working on a plantation than idling away his time in a state of semi-starvation on his native island. I defend the labour trade therefore. The French vessels are, I believe, a little less particular in "recruiting," and their mode of apportioning "hands" to the highest bidder is more like slavery. But we seldom hear of a Frenchman being killed. Why? Because France protects her citizens. If anything should happen to one of them in the South Seas a man-of-war will visit the spot, and the chief of the offending tribe will be hung. How differently has England's representative in the Pacific acted?

I charge Sir Arthur Gordon, Governor of New Zealand and High Commissioner of the Pacific, and John Gorrie, Chief Justice of Fiji, and Judicial Commissioner, with being morally responsible for the bloodshed which has occurred during the last twelve months. I will give facts to support this charge! It must be remembered that Sir Arthur Gordon is the pet, not only of the Court, but of that powerful party known in England as "Exeter Hall." Judge Gorrie is more, he is the *protégé* of the Aborigines Protection Society. In all their public acts and words they follow out the theory that the natives of the Pacific are mild, innocent savages, and all white traders and sailors in the seas murdering wretches. The poor natives must be protected. By various Acts of Council and Orders in Council Sir Arthur Gordon has absolute and arbitrary power in the Western Pacific, his jurisdiction extending over the eastern half of New Guinea. Any British subject can be "deported" from one island to another; may, without any cause but the will of the High Commissioner, be ordered to leave his business or occupation in any native island; if he refuses to comply may be taken to Fiji and imprisoned for contempt. Any Colonial or British vessel may be seized and taken to Fiji. Any British subject, for any alleged offences against the natives, may be tried before the Judicial Commissioner at Fiji—and tried, be it remembered, without a jury. All the powers of the High Commissioner have been exerted against the white and in favour of the native race, and the men-of-war in this portion of the Pacific being under his orders and instructions, the officers are not to blame for the apathy shown with regard to the loss of valuable lives.

Truly the natives have been protected well! Rehearse the events of the past two years. Early in 1879 the boat's crew of the Queensland recruiting vessel "Mystery" were murdered at Aoba in the New Hebrides. Commodore Wilson went down to get satisfaction, and on the 24th May he levied a fine of pigs, yams,

yams, and taro, with which he fed his ship's company. I wonder if any of the gallant tars felt any repugnance at feasting on the price of blood! Some few months after this the same natives murdered an American named Johnston, and they sent word that they had got the pigs ready as soon as the man-of-war wanted them. It is for this murder that we learn by cablegram the United States are determined to have satisfaction. On the next voyage of the "Mystery" on April 21, 1879, Captain Kilgour recovered his boat, which was stolen by the natives when they murdered the crew. The natives endeavoured to retain it, and shots were fired, and for this Captain Kilgour was tried at Levuka and fined £100! For recovering his own property! On the 13th July, 1879, the mate of the "Agnes M'Donald" was murdered at Pentecost, New Hebrides, but the murderer was not punished. In April, 1879, Charley Halget was murdered in the Solomon Islands, also one Robert Provost. The "Dana" burnt villages in revenge. This year the mate and Government agent of the "Dauntless" were murdered in the New Hebrides. The "Wolverene" burnt some grass huts in exchange. Then followed the massacre of the crew of the "Esperanza" and the capture of the "Borealis." Nothing has been done to avenge these outrages. Sir Arthur Gordon had a man-of-war to take him about the islands and convey him to Auckland, but he would not send it to capture the murderers. And the Commodore can take no steps in the Western Pacific without authority from the High Commissioner. From the murder of Captain Ferguson, of the "Ripple," to that of the boat's crew of the "Sandfly," every week has brought us intelligence of a fresh outrage. And it is only now that the "Emerald" is ordered to the scenes of all these massacres. Who can doubt that this long list of victims is the result of Sir Arthur Gordon's Exeter Hall policy in ordering the lives of white men to be assessed in pork. And not this only, but through Governor Gordon and Judge Gorrie, the status of the Anglo-Saxon race in the Pacific has been lowered. The former has publicly said that Fiji itself is "not a white man's country," and the latter tries to make it unbearable for them. An Englishman scarcely dare to protect his life and property in the Pacific. Besides the case of Captain Kilgour, who, being a Queenslander, got off lightly, there is that of Captain Waite, of the "Marion Renny," who, in the end of 1878, received *nine months' imprisonment* in Levuka for having fired over the heads of some presumed hostile natives. He was convicted on native evidence only. In 1879, Captain Daly, owner of the brig "Heather Bell," was sentenced to six months' imprisonment and a fine of £150 for detaining a native on board without his consent, a judgment which every one says was most arbitrary. On the other hand, when Commodore Wilson took a prisoner named Aratuga, one of the murderers of the boat's crew of the "Mystery," to Fiji for trial, Judge Gorrie said he had no jurisdiction—that the man was but acting as a soldier under the commands of his chief. In his own words, as reported in the *Fiji Times* of 14th April, 1880:—"I can, therefore, find no grounds upon which to found jurisdiction against this man in his individual capacity, or to hold him responsible for any offence committed against British law." So according to this decision the murdering native commits no offence against British law, but the merchant captain who endeavours to recover his lost property must be fined £100.

In Fiji itself the white race is perpetually degraded. To keep up a reputation at Exeter Hall, charges of cruelty, manslaughter, and murder are continually being brought against the planters, whom it is the fiction of philanthropists to endow with all the inhumanity before attributed to Legree & Co., of the Southern States. Now, the imported labourers, natives of a hundred different isles, know all these things. They all learn Fijian, which is now the *lingua franca* of the Western Pacific. They know that no retribution has been exacted for outrages committed on whites. They know that a native, if brought to Levuka on any charge, will be acquitted. They know that the law is administered by Judge Gorrie entirely in their favour and against the white race. So when they return to their homes with the news that the white man's power of hurting them is gone, all the family or tribe take an early opportunity of having a little safe sport. Thus suddenly from many different quarters in the Pacific we hear news of massacres. I remember well when in September last the "Borealis" with her bloodstained decks came into Levuka, how in half an hour there was a knot of Solomon Islanders, New Hebrideans and others, imported labourers, who were excitedly canvassing the affair in the street. I thought then that the news that unavenged, six men had been massacred and the vessel looted, would not increase their own feelings of respect for their masters. The memory of a savage is short, justice must strike him quickly and speedily, *lex talionis* is the only law he knows. To try cases in Fiji before Judge Gorrie is a mockery. The colonies should join together to protest that the property and lives of their citizens shall no longer be at the mercy of the High Commissioner or his judicial assistant. If they were abolished altogether it would be a public benefit. Till this done will not one of our new and shining lights move in Parliament—"That an address be sent to Her Majesty praying that the powers of the High Commissioner in the Pacific shall not extend over Australian vessels nor citizens, but that the latter shall be tried for alleged offences in the South Seas in the Colonial courts. Also that the men-of-war on the Sydney station shall receive instructions to obtain atonement for the murder of Australian sailors other than by payment of pigs from the native chiefs or the burning of a few huts." It becomes now a necessity for the colonies to make a firm stand if the supremacy of the white race is to be sustained in the South Seas.

[Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, January 17, 1881.]

SOUTH SEA MASSACRES.

By "The Vagabond."

IN reply to Mr. Combes' question, Sir Henry Parkes said that he did not see what the Government could do in the matter of the South Sea massacres, but that the strongest representations would be made to the Home authorities on the subject. I am sure that the Premier recognizes the gravity of the position, of the fact that the properties and lives of Australian citizens have been sacrificed during the last twelve months without redress or compensation, and that a reign of terror for the white race exists in the Pacific. All the Colonies are concerned in this, but especially New South Wales. Here in Sydney now there are widowed wives and fatherless children appealing to our sympathy and our pockets. But however strong the representation from our Government, would it have the same weight as a resolution of the Inter-colonial Conference now sitting? And no resolution, no representation respecting the need of increased protection to Australian citizens in the South Seas, will have any effect, unless it goes to the root of the matter,

matter, the powers delegated to the High Commissioner and Judicial Commissioner of Polynesia. If the Colonies could fully realise the extent to which these control their commerce in the Pacific, the arbitrary style of the judicial proceedings, and the hopelessness of redress, they would make common cause for a modification or abolition of their powers. It is greatly to be feared that at present any representation from any single Colony would either be put into a pigeon-hole, or sent to Sir Arthur Gordon to report upon. He, no doubt, would consider any interference with, or criticism of, his prerogative, a great impertinence, and in due course our Colonial Secretary would receive a snubbing letter from Downing-street, intimating that Sir Arthur Gordon was doing all in his power to stop the outrages in question. We may look in vain for any redress from the High Commissioner. He will never depart from his theory that all the poor natives of the Pacific are innocent and peaceful, and require protection from the white planters and traders.

But a resolution of the Intercolonial Conference, I think, would do good. The Imperial authorities could not disregard the joint appeal of the Colonies. And it should be fully set forth what glaring disadvantages before the law an English subject suffers in Polynesia. He is liable to be "deported" at the will of the High Commissioner, and he may have his property confiscated, and his life attempted by the natives. If he endeavours to defend these he will very possibly be tried without a jury by Judge Gorrie. If a native is charged with an offence against a European, the Judge holds that he has no jurisdiction. These things are on record, and if forcibly brought before the attention of the Imperial authorities by action of the Conference must have effect. It requires powerful action to counteract the evil results of Sir Arthur Gordon's rule in the Pacific. He possesses considerable influence in England, and has sworn admirers, who loudly assert that he is a wise and brilliant statesman. None but those who have lived in Fiji, or have had evidence of Imperial misrule there, as I have, would, until these recent massacres, have believed that Sir Arthur Gordon was anything but a Christian governor. His Christianity has all been displayed on one side however. Even the missionaries have given him up. The Rev. William Moore, an ex-Wesleyan missionary, in Fiji, and a large landed proprietor there, writing in a contemporary says, "You will see that we have no confidence in the office of 'High Commissioner' ever meeting this case." The pampering of the natives has caused them everywhere to assume a most insolent tone. Even within the last two months, since I left Fiji, this has increased. There have been many cases of assaults by natives on white men. The imported labourers care so little for their masters or the laws that they are resorting to their own customs and amusements. One of my correspondents writes:—"The Santo and Solomon boys had a pitched battle two Sundays since, at Vagadace, right by the judicial residence. Judge Gorrie happened to be out, however, teaching a Sunday class of coolies. There were several severely injured, and one man died a few day afterwards in the hospital. There is no mistaking the marked change in the demeanour of the foreign labourers, and the insolent tone they are assuming."

The Church and the London and the Wesleyan Missionary Societies are planted in nearly every island in the Pacific. Ordinary commerce and the "labour trade" have for some years brought the majority of islanders within the influence of civilization—at least they have a knowledge of other countries, and other conditions of life but their own. Is it that familiarity has bred contempt, or that the knowledge that they can commit outrages unscathed, which makes the islanders so insolent now? The massacres which have taken place during the last six months must be avenged, and the causes investigated. I, and every white man who knows the Pacific, believe that the reason is to be found in the action of professional philanthropists, who have before now trailed the honour of England in the gutter. Sir Arthur Gordon and Judge Gorrie represent these. A strong resolution of the Intercolonial Conference, or a demand for a Royal Commission to inquire into the causes and circumstances of these massacres, will alone meet the merits of the case.

No. 4.

[*Extract from Sydney Morning Herald, August 21, 1880.*]

MURDEROUS OUTRAGE BY SOLOMON ISLANDERS.

ANOTHER barbarous outrage by Solomon Island natives on a peaceable trading schooner has to be recorded. It was supposed that after the castigation given to the natives near Marau, and other places, by H.M.S. "Danaë," that for some time to come we should hear little or nothing of native outrages. This, unhappily, is not to be the case; for we already learn that the schooner "Esparanza," of Sydney, has been taken, the crew murdered, and the vessel plundered and destroyed by fire. Captain Haddock, of the "Queen," which arrived yesterday, spoke the "Esparanza" some time before the affair at Cimbo, or Eddystone Island, and had an interview with the master, James M'Intosh; also with the mate, Peter Gaffney. They had just come from Rubiana, where they had discharged a cargo of copra, that being the head-quarters of the fleet of Messrs. Cowlshaw, Brothers, and Captain Ferguson, to whom the "Esparanza" belonged. The "Queen" again called at Cimbo early in June, when the chief of that place and other natives came off, and reported that the "Esparanza" had put into a place known by the native name of Collolanghangra, where a dispute, it is alleged, arose between the chief of that place and Captain M'Intosh. It was stated that the natives, who were allowed on the vessel for trading purposes, came on board in swarms. One of them seized Captain M'Intosh round the neck, whilst another struck him with a tomahawk, and he died almost at once. The mate, Peter Gaffney, who was related to the master, was butchered in a similar manner, and the rest of the crew, four hands, made up of natives from various islands, were also killed in the native fashion. The schooner's trade, and everything the natives could relieve her of, were stolen, and the vessel was fired as she lay in the harbour, and was quickly consumed, with the object, it is said, of destroying all traces of the affair. The chief who reported the outrage to Captain Haddock came from the locality of the massacre. Other natives had heard of it, and the news had been received at Rubiana. The victims of this massacre—James M'Intosh and Peter Gaffney—were well known and much respected in shipping circles in Sydney. The former was once fourth mate on board the mail steamship "Australia," and leaves a widow and child in this city. Mr. Gaffney was a single man, aged 22, and he has several relatives in Sydney.

[Extract from Sydney Morning Herald of September 30, 1880.]

MASSACRE IN THE SOUTH SEAS.

THE Rev. George Brown, of Port Hunter, Duke of York Island, furnishes the following particulars of an attack on the trading steamer "Ripple," in which Captain A. M. Ferguson and five of his native crew were murdered by the natives of the Bougainville Island, in the Solomon Group, on the 9th September:—

"Captain Ferguson left Port Wesley (Mesko) in this group, at midnight, July 18, for his regular cruise in the Solomons. As he intended to call at Metlik (Likiliki) on his way down channel, I availed myself of his kind offer to tow my whaleboat as far as the settlement at Metlik (Likiliki); so that I was able to visit the colonists, and also our mission stations on New Ireland, with comparative ease. We arrived at Metlik on the 9th, and found the colonists still in great distress, and very anxious to be removed. Captain M'Laughlin and Captain Ferguson, I believe, made some arrangements for their removal, and as Captain M'Laughlin and I said good bye to our old friend, as the "Ripple" was steaming out, we received again his assurance to tell the poor fellows on shore that in three weeks' time he would be back again and would take them all to Sydney. It was in hastening back to fulfil this promise that he was killed. The "Ripple" arrived off Port Hunter at 1 p.m. on Thursday last, 12th instant, and we were at once in joyous expectation of seeing again our old friend, and of receiving our letters from home. As she steamed into port we saw her flag at half-mast, but we thought that she was probably bringing up some of the colonists who had died, as we left one or two very unwell. I sent a note down, but the chief soon came running back crying bitterly, "O, Mr. Brown, Alick! Alick!" the name by which he is known here. He would say no more, but just sat and cried. I got the mate's note, and at once hurried on board. I shall never forget that day. The mate and men could not speak, but just led me into the cabin and pointed to the blood-stained sides and roof, and to the cuts made by the tomahawks, and then we all wept together. Then, by degrees, we heard the story. The "Ripple" called at a place near Cape de Gros, on the east side of Bougainville Island, on her way up here. Captain Ferguson had never been in that place before. On the 8th they bought several bags of bêche-de-mer and shells, and found the natives all friendly and apparently quiet. On the 9th they commenced trading again early in the morning. At 8:30 a.m. a large fleet of canoes came off with bêche-de-mer and shells, and the mate computes that altogether there were about 300 natives in and around the ship. At about 8:45 a.m. the attack commenced. It is supposed that Captain Ferguson was in his cabin looking out on the deck when he was struck down by a blow across the side of the head. The man who struck him must have been hiding by the side of the door, as the blow was a left-handed one, and the tomahawk in descending cut a deep mark on the upper side of the doorway. The steward was down the after hold, engaged in handing up some stores by the captain's orders. He heard the captain call out, "I'm killed!" and immediately received himself a dreadful wound in the neck from a tomahawk. He fell back, but recovered, and, with his revolver, shot the two men who were standing over the hatchway, one of whom, it is pretty certain, was the man who struck down the captain. The mate, who was on the main hatch, was struck by a tomahawk, fell, and received several severe cuts when down, but his assailant was engaged by one of the native crew, and he soon recovered consciousness and helped in the fight. The engineer, Barnard Watt (Barney), first fell; the blood and brains of a poor native lad, who was at the wheel, splattered in his face, and then was fired the first shot. He was protected by the boat, and so was able to fire until his ammunition was out. He then went to the cabin for more, and there found Captain Ferguson quite dead on the floor, and a native woman, who was a passenger, also dead. The natives fought hard, and when driven off the ship's deck still kept up the fight from their canoes, discharging arrows from a comparatively short distance. This fight, however, was too unequal to last long, and, as the bullets from the rifles began to tell, they gave up the attack and pulled away for the shore. It was then found that four were killed, viz., Captain Ferguson, a native woman, and two natives, one of whom was taken away by the natives. The mate (Mr. Davis), the engineer; Mr. W. Pense (a passenger), and five of the crew were wounded, some of them very severely. Steam was got up, and at half-past 10 a.m. the vessel was steamed through the passage, and stood away for Duke of York. All seem to have done their best to save their lives and the ship. The steward (a Japanese) is praised by all for his bravery; though wounded in the most dreadful manner in several places, he fought until the ship was clear and the natives driven away, when he fainted from loss of blood; and now the poor fellow wins the respect and love of us all by his care of the poor men who are fellow-sufferers with him. As soon as I got the account of the affair we got the wounded men on shore, and I then sent away my boat to New Britain to inform Mr. Stevens, one of Messrs. Cowlshaw, Brothers' agents, of the affair. I also sent a note to Captain Izar, H.M.S. "Conflict," and he at once came on board with Captain Hemsheim, and kindly offered us all the help he could give us in attending to the wounded men, or in any other way. All the poor men who were landed were dreadfully mutilated, and from the length of time which had elapsed the work of sewing up and dressing the wide-gaping wounds was made both very difficult and and unpleasant. One poor fellow, who had no less than eight deep gashes, lingered until to-day (17th), when he died. Another one cannot possibly recover, I think, unless the leg is amputated, as his left leg is almost cut through at the knee. The white man, William Pense, has both arms broken, and received also some very severe wounds on the neck. The Japanese steward has, in addition to some smaller ones, a dreadful gash in the neck, which has laid open the whole of his neck from near the ear to the collar-bone. I hope he will recover. The excitement amongst the natives here was very great indeed, and I am very certain that very few mourned more sincerely for Captain Ferguson's death than did Torogood, a chief of this island. I never saw a native express such deep feeling. On entering the cabin he burst into tears, threw himself down on the floor, knocked his head against the side, and fairly howled in his sorrow and anger. He was very anxious then to know how far the place was, and if he and his people could be taken there to fight. Next day he destroyed his plantations, and burnt and destroyed all the clothing and other presents which had been given him, blackened his face, divided out native money, and observed every form of mourning according to native custom for a very near relative. All the natives here feel that they have lost a good friend by this said calamity."—30/9/80.

No. 6.

[*Extract from the Sydney Morning Herald of December 2, 1880.*]

ANOTHER MASSACRE IN THE SOUTH SEAS.

CAPTAIN VRIER, late of the schooner "Vibilia," of Sydney, arrived at Cooktown on November 22, and reports the loss of his vessel on September 2, at the Louisiade Archipelago. All hands were saved. The vessel was beached at Kolumna Island. The captain and five men proceeded in an open boat, and arrived on October 18 at Teste Island, where the native missionary informed him that Captain Foreman and the crew of the "Annie Brooks," schooner, from Cooktown, were murdered by Brooke Islanders at Newstone Island, early in September. The vessel and a valuable cargo of bêche-de-mer, the proceeds of five months' fishing, were entirely destroyed. He also reports that a party of French naturalists, all residents of Cooktown, had been murdered at Jannes Bay, Morseby Island, early in October. Their boat and collection was destroyed without any provocation. Captain Vrier proceeded to Kerepuna mission station, and bought the wreck of a Chinese junk taken by the Aroma natives in July last. The Rev. Mr. Chalmers supplied the necessaries for repairing the vessel, which started for Kolumna; but making too much leeway, she bore away for Cooktown. The names of the Annie Brooks' party were—Captain Foreman, Purdie, M'Rae, Campbell, Hastings, Jeffries, two other Europeans, and three Chinese. The French party consisted of Auguste Naudan, John Chambord, and three other Europeans. Captain Foreman's family reside in Sydney.

No. 7.

[*Leader in Sydney Morning Herald of November 30, 1880.*]

THE disaster which has befallen the commander and five seamen of H.M.S. "Sandfly" is the saddest that has reached us since the massacre of Commodore Goodenough. There seems to be too much reason to believe that this catastrophe has also been the outcome, if not of a want of forethought, of an excess of confidence in a treacherous and savage race. We know that it is always easy to be wise after the event. The fact must not be overlooked that those who would hold intercourse with native races must, to a certain extent, put their trust in them. It cannot be forgotten, however, that the Solomon Islanders have acquired for themselves a savage pre-eminence. Even if that were not the case, the stories of massacre which have reached us from the Islands of late ought to be sufficient to teach Europeans the folly of placing themselves at the mercy of the natives. The account of the "Sandfly" disaster is a short one, and circumstances besides those which are reported may be necessary to a complete knowledge of the case. But if the statement made by the sole survivor be correct—and of that there can be little doubt—the unfortunate commander of the "Sandfly" seems to have acted with less prudence than might have been expected from an officer in his situation. It is stated, for example, that on reaching Nogu Island the company from the "Sandfly" hauled the boat up and had tea there. This being done, two of the men went to bathe, two others with the captain went along the beach, the sixth man being left to look after the boat, the firearms which the party had brought with them being left in the boat. The result was pretty much what might have been expected. The party were surprised. A crowd of about fifty natives surrounded the boat, a second set of savages attacked the men on the beach, and a third the two men who had gone into the water. The commander fled to the branches of a tree, and there found a refuge for the night, but was shot down in the morning by means of his own firearms. The lesson from all this is a sufficiently simple one, and it is to be hoped that it will not be lost upon those who may find it necessary to visit the group where the unfortunate captain and men of the "Sandfly" met their fate. The case supplies us with another illustration of the fact that the policy of venturing upon an island of bloodthirsty savages without arms, and even without suspicion, may be carried too far.

But it is evident that, if commercial intercourse is to be carried on between these colonies and the South Sea Islands, something besides prudential measures will have to be adopted. There has hardly been a month or a fortnight of late without its story of a South Sea Island massacre. The natives are discovering that they can murder white men with impunity, and, thus encouraged, it is not surprising that they murder them whenever an opportunity is offered. The evil is becoming a little too common and too serious. There is no evidence that it has given much concern to the authorities at home, but it is possible that the attack which has been made upon the British flag will produce the conviction that it is one which calls for both a prompt inquiry and for an effectual remedy. There is a growing feeling to the effect that sufficient protection is not afforded to ordinary traders in the South Sea Islands, and atrocities like the one we report to-day will serve to show that there is insufficient protection for the officers of justice themselves. It ought not to be too much to expect that in a well-ordered nation like ours there should be ample means either for preventing these massacres or for punishing the perpetrators of them; but in reply to this the naval authorities in England would say that they have a great deal else to think about just now, and that the South Sea Islands are a long way off. It must be confessed that it is much easier to complain of these South Sea Island atrocities than it is to divine the cause of them, or to put a stop to them. There are those who tell us that there is a common law of retaliation in the South Seas; and that, if the facts were known, all the misdeeds of the islanders might be traced to misdeeds on the part of traders. Others, however, who claim to understand the South Sea islanders tell us that there are sections of them who perpetrate atrocities for no other reason than that they delight in blood, and those who read such reports as the one which we publish this morning will have no difficulty in coming to this conclusion. The effectual cure for these atrocities is, of course, to be found in civilization or in Christianity. But civilization is a slow process everywhere, and it is especially slow among savages like those of the South Seas. We have been trying to civilize these races for half a century past, but the area of our operations is still comparatively small. Civilization in regions like these is more easily talked about than accomplished. The same, to some extent at least, may be said of punishment. It is easy enough to throw a few shells into such a group as the one which has been the scene of this outrage; but if the shells do any execution at all they are as likely to reach the wrong parties as the right ones. They may do mischief to the

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savages who inhabit the coast, but this is no lesson to those who fly to the interior. The whole subject is surrounded by difficulties; but for that reason it is worthy of more attention than it generally receives in England. The philanthropists of the mother country are generally ready with a protest when the blacks receive injuries from the whites, but, as a rule, they do not show any great concern when the injuries are in the other direction. There is a good deal that is defective in this one-sided philanthropy. It is not desirable that we should have one law for civilised races and another for savages. If we punish the whites for the wrongs they do, we are bound to see that the blacks are punished likewise. But this is not what we are doing. Savages, like those who people the Solomon group, have for some time past been showing the world that they can kill and eat white men, and go unpunished.

No. 8.

[*Extract from the Sydney Morning Herald, September 29, 1880.*]

For the sake of natives, as well as of traders, the Solomon Islanders who so savagely murdered Captain Ferguson and the three or four brave men who perished with him, ought to be promptly and severely punished. It will be a serious calamity if atrocities like this are allowed to be perpetrated with impunity. Savages have but one way of regarding immunity from punishment, they look upon it as an indication of weakness on the part of the whites whom they delight to illtreat, and from it they naturally draw encouragement to continue their sanguinary courses. That the natives of some of the islands of the South Seas are taking this view of the license which they enjoy may be inferred from the increasing prevalence of massacres in Polynesia. In the Solomon Islands especially, murders by the natives have been painfully numerous of late, and there seems to be too much reason to fear that, unless a wholesome lesson is administered to these cannibals, a reign of terror will be established before very long.

The massacre of Captain Ferguson and his comrades is one of the saddest that we have had to record for some years. It is difficult to account for an outrage which, so far as we are able to learn, was wholly unprovoked. The theory has been that such acts of hostility to white men have a cause of some kind or other. It has been said that they cannot be accounted for merely by an inborn love of cruelty, or by a natural hostility to strangers, but are inflicted in return for wrongs that have been inflicted upon the natives. The law of retaliation we are told is common law among the natives of the South Seas; by virtue of it one man is punished for the crimes of another, and a whole people are held responsible for the misdeeds of an individual. It was said, as our readers will remember, that the inflicting of five wounds and no more on the body of Bishop Pattison, made it certain that he had been murdered in revenge for the death of five islanders. Another notion has been that the atrocities in the South Seas are usually originated by some two or three ringleaders, who stir up the islanders for the purposes of their own profit or revenge. It is now becoming clear that these explanations of Polynesian massacres will have to be modified or given up. The "Ripple" was attacked by no less than three hundred natives, and the only conclusion to be drawn from the sad story which has reached us is that this murderous horde was moved only by a savage thirst for blood. In former times, when abuses by traders were doubtless too frequent, there was some reason for the belief that massacres were committed in revenge for wrongs received.

These abuses, however, have now for the most part ceased to exist. The great majority of the traders in the South Sea are men of character and respectability, and the trade itself has for some years past been under strict Government control. Captain Ferguson especially was known throughout the islands not only as an honest trader but as a philanthropic man. On many occasions he distinguished himself by his courage and self-denial, and was the means of saving a large number of lives. From the Solomon Group he was to sail on a mission of benevolence to the unhappy island where the remnant of the colonists of the Marquis De Ray were in a state of destitution, and, from the evidence which has reached us, it would seem that he was detained at Bougainville Island as much in the interest and desire of the natives as for purposes of his own. Under these circumstances his murder was marked by peculiar features of atrocity, and it will be an ill omen for the future if such an outrage as the one in question is allowed to go unpunished.

It is easy to see how a massacre like that of Captain Ferguson might have been avoided. It is said that the captain ought to have been on his guard; that traders should on all occasions treat South Sea Island natives as potential murderers; and that it was a fatal mistake to allow so large a number of islanders to board the vessel at all. This may be all true. The policy of trusting a set of bloodthirsty savages may be most ill-advised; but after the event it is generally easy to see what ought to have been avoided. Successful traders find it necessary to trust the natives up to a certain point, as well as to watch them. It is also said that those who trust their lives among savages must take the consequences. As long, however, as British subjects are engaged in legitimate trade, they are working for the benefit, and are entitled to the protection of their country. These Colonies reap no small advantage from the South Sea Island trade, and they expect to reap larger advantages hereafter. In a remoter way the trade of the islands is as necessary to the mother country as to the Colonies. Where we push our trade we should have some legal machinery for protecting our interests. In the South Seas this machinery is at present a most imperfect one. In some parts of the islands, indeed, it does not exist. We may go farther and say that the protection to life and property is smaller in some parts of the South Seas than it used to be. In a general way it is the business of the High Commissioner to protect the natives against outrages from the whites, and also to see that the whites are protected from outrages by the natives. But events have shown that even the first of these functions has been very imperfectly carried out, and in too many instances the second has been found to be inconvenient or impossible. A year or two since we had to report the cases of several whites who were in custody on the charge of having perpetrated crimes in the islands, but who had to be liberated because the Court before which they were brought had no jurisdiction. British subjects have in too many instances had to take the law in their own hands or to place themselves at the mercy of lawless savages. Formerly it was understood that it was the business of Her Majesty's ships of war to be travelling police stations, and it may be that they are still looked upon in this light; but by the authorities at home any such action on the part of Her Majesty's ships is regarded with grave suspicion. Last year the First Lord of the Admiralty, although declining to censure a lieutenant who tried and hanged a native for murdering a British subject, expressed his regret that such a procedure had
been

been resorted to. An English journal, commenting on this matter at the time, remarked that there could be no greater error in policy than to convert Her Majesty's ships into travelling police stations with power by a drum-head Court-Martial to condemn the natives of the Pacific Islands to death.

It will thus be seen that not only is there no machinery of justice for British subjects in many parts of the islands, but that there is extreme unwillingness to sanction the only machinery that can be sent there. What, then, is to be done? We all remember the outcry that was made a year or two since when a missionary at New Britain, in the absence of the protection of the law, became his own protector; and the outcry was not an unnatural one. The authorities have found that the action of the missionary concerned was not unjustifiable under the circumstances, but we should none of us like to see a sort of Lynch law set up in the islands either by missionaries or by traders. It is evident, however, that unless British subjects who trade with, or reside at, some parts of the islands, protect themselves, they must remain without protection. This is not a satisfactory state of things. Such British subjects as Captain Ferguson are not invaders, for the stations at which they trade are usually formed with the consent of the natives. They have, therefore, a right to judicial protection against the excesses of the islanders as the islanders have against their excesses. As matters stand at present there is insufficient protection on either side, and neither the Home authorities nor those authorities of the Colonies are greatly concerned about increasing it. In a recent debate in the House of Commons strong words were spoken against supposed severities inflicted by British subjects on the natives of barbarous countries, but nothing was said as to the necessity of the Imperial Government doing something to take this responsibility out of their hands. In England politicians have too much to do to allow of their concerning themselves very greatly about what may become of British subjects in the South Seas. This is one of the matters on which the English Press maintains a studied indifference. Colonial Government have not begun to consider it a part of their duty to protect the traders of the South Seas; but the subject is one which they might conveniently consider, and which they might press upon the attention of the authorities in Downing-street.

No. 9.

[Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December 3, 1880.]

It is gratifying to learn that the Naval authorities have awakened to the demand for retribution against the Solomon Island savages who committed the atrocious outrage on the Commander of "Sandfly" and his boat's crew. It appears that H.M.S. "Emerald" is to be despatched immediately for the scene of the outrage, with orders to make an example of the guilty islanders. We must confess to a sentiment of hope, that the Captain of the "Emerald" will not neglect to fulfil his instructions to the letter. There are many people who regard these Polynesians much as mere children, and who are ever ready to produce excuses for the most cunning and cruel murders committed by the islanders. The point is, however, as to how the Pacific islands are to be made available for civilised man if crimes such as the last one committed by the Solomon Islanders are allowed to go unpunished. Gentle means have been tried, and have signally failed. The only course now open is to bring the teaching of fire and sword to bear upon the minds of the barbarians. Moral suasion and rosewater arguments have clearly no application here; and the sooner the Imperial Government come to appreciate this feature of the situation the better for the advancement of civilization in the Pacific. Adventurous Englishmen are bound to find their way to the various archipelagos that besprinkle this ocean. If they are not efficiently protected against the savagery of the aborigines, in the end it will be the old story of innumerable cruel murders and the staving off of utilisation of these oceanic patches of fertile soil to some remote date.

[Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December 4, 1880.]

It is assuredly not too soon for the "Emerald" to be moving towards the Solomon Islands. The cruiser "Beagle" has brought intelligence of another massacre by the inhuman inhabitants of this archipelago. Captain Murray, of the schooner "Loelia," two white men, and a native, on this occasion, were the victims. The necessity for inflicting severe chastisement on these savages is now too obviously imperative to need further enforcement. The only question to be considered is as to what punishment would be condign in the circumstances. Clearly the old programme of shelling a few forsaken villages must be discarded. The savages must be hunted down somewhat and made to feel that British reprisals do not always consist in quasi-pyrotechnic displays. The shelling of villages customarily involves merely the destruction of a few miserable habitations that can be rebuilt in a day, and the excitement of some evanescent emotions of terror in the minds of the savages who witness the process from afar off. This method of dealing out sharp justice to the Solomon Islanders must on this occasion be abandoned; else there will be no end to the horrors of which we are constantly hearing. The course that the captain of the "Emerald" is called upon to pursue certainly does not form part of a civilised programme, and no doubt that gallant officer would fain be relieved of the unpleasant duty that is thrust upon him, for it is nothing less than the execution of the *lex talionis* to the very letter. Our people have been cruelly and relentlessly massacred, and the Solomon Islanders must be dealt with in like fashion. All ideas founded on Exeter Hallism must be thrown to the winds. If they are not, the "Emerald" might as well remain at Farm Cove. The crew of the "Sandfly" will for the time-being join the "Emerald," and they will be in a position to recognise and point out the offending tribes. In this way the uncomfortable impression will be removed that the innocent are being punished for the guilty. Those who are responsible for the massacre will be made to pay the penalty, and their punishment, it is to be hoped, will be such as to deter other savages from similar acts.

[Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December 6, 1880.]

We wonder what the authorities in England will think of the conduct of the High Commissioner of the Western Pacific, and of the Commodore of the Naval Squadron in these seas, when they hear of the savage atrocities that have been committed by the natives of several of the islands in the South Seas during the past few months, without any attempt having been made to interfere for the protection of the lives of Her Majesty's subjects. If the Imperial Government is not thoroughly demoralized by the cant of Exeter Hall, these officials with high-sounding titles, whose neglect of duty is so painfully apparent, should hear something, if not to their advantage, at all events to the advantage of those whose lives are at the mercy of their interesting *protégés*. There have been some seven or eight massacres within the last three

three or four months, and we have not heard that the slightest effort has been made to check the series of slaughters. No remonstrance has been made with any of the chiefs of the Cannibal Islands, and not even a missionary has been sent to convert these people from the error of their ways. The High Commissioner might just as well have been in London with his friends at Court, or at Timbuctoo, as at Fiji or New Zealand. This gentleman, who has been recently appointed Governor of New Zealand, has taken the natives of the South Sea Islands under his special protection, so that the whites find their colour to be a disadvantage. The gravest complaints have been made in Fiji of the effect of the policy of the High Commissioner, who is virtually Dictator in these islands. The results of that policy we have seen in the repeated murders that have taken place, without apparently any provocation having been given. The impunity with which the treacherous savages of the South Seas have committed atrocities has of course had the effect of increasing their audacity. They evidently think either that the British Government is careless of the lives of its subjects or is powerless to punish. A few weeks ago a message appeared in the Sydney papers, purporting to emanate from Hailey, the chief of the island Coolangbangara, describing in exulting terms the massacre of the crew of the "Esperanza." The shrewd savage laughed at the idea of his being punished for what he had done by a man-of-war, which only fired big guns, made a great noise, and smashed cocoanut-trees. He recounted all the vessels that had been taken and their crews murdered, and yet no one punished; and why, he asks, should he be punished? Whitefellow was, in his opinion, only like a woman as far as fighting went, and he wished the man-of-war to come so that he could get more heads. This miscreant's boasting is the practical commentary upon the British policy in the South Seas as exhibited by Sir Arthur Gordon and the Commodore of the squadron. A man-of-war did go to one of the Solomon Islands—the unfortunate "Sandfly"—and the boast of Hailey was realised. More men were murdered, and more heads taken to hang up alongside of those that had already been obtained. The "Sandfly," forsooth, was among the islands surveying, as if among peaceable islanders, instead of among the murderers of so many white men.

The particulars of the horrible massacre of the crew of the "Esperanza" appeared in the Sydney papers two months ago; and what has been done to teach Hailey and those like him that white men are not to be murdered with impunity? Positively nothing. We would have thought that this massacre and the insolent defiance of the chief who could be identified would have induced some action on the part of the High Commissioner or Commodore Wilson, even if they thought the previous atrocities unworthy of their serious notice. Yet, so far as the public are aware, the news of this massacre, like that of those which preceded it, was received with perfect indifference. The "Wolverene" and three or four other vessels of the squadron of course put in an appearance in Hobson's Bay, and the crews took part in the formalities of the Exhibition opening on the 2nd of October. Their participation in these idle pageants, when they should have been doing their best to preserve the lives of their fellow subjects at the Islands, was bad enough; but what are we to think of their subsequent proceedings, after the news of the "Esperanza" tragedy had been received, and the taunting message of chief Hailey had been made public? Why, the Commodore takes his vessel off to Adelaide! What did he mean by turning his ship's bow to the west, when he should have gone to the east? Recent telegrams have kept us informed of the gallant uses to which the officers and crew of the "Wolverene" have been put in Adelaide. The officers have been attending balls at Government House, and they and the crew have been playing in cricket matches! Here are nomad heroes with a vengeance, deliberately forsaking their plain duty and leaving their countrymen to be murdered at the Solomon Islands. That these last murders of the captain and several of the crew of the "Sandfly" would have been averted if the High Commissioner and Commodore Wilson had done their duty in the case of the "Esperanza" and the other vessels whose crews were massacred is plain enough. What that inflated gentleman who is dubbed High Commissioner was doing we do not know, but we know how the Commodore and his crew were employing their time. What the "Emerald" and the other vessels of the squadron have been doing we do not know. For some time recently the "Emerald" has been lying snugly in Farm Cove, and now the "Cormorant" has come in to follow suit. We do not grudge the officers and men of these vessels a well-earned leisure, but what on earth do they mean idling their time here when the blood of British subjects cries up from the ground at the Solomon Islands, and every new arrival brings us intelligence of fresh atrocities? The people of Great Britain pay a heavy bill for their navy, and this is how that portion of it in the South Seas earns its wages. When these matters come under the notice of the House of Commons, as of course they will in due course, strict account will be required of the conduct of those concerned.

The "Emerald" is to leave to-day, we understand, for the scene of the massacre of the "Sandfly's" captain and crew. If it is only to repeat the old farce she had much better remain where she is. To sail round an island and shell villages is a proceeding worthy of all the contempt with which "big fellow King Hailey" speaks of it. A great deal of nonsense has been written about the "difficulty" of dealing with these massacres. If they occurred on the coast of a continent or large island we could understand it, but on small islands the case is quite different. Of course it will be difficult so long as the captain of the man-of-war will not stay to do his work effectually, but is always so anxious to get back to the capitals of the colonies. The captain of the "Emerald" can do the work well enough if he is allowed and if he will take the trouble. He must have as many of the "Sandfly" men with him as possible, and especially Savage, the man who had such a marvellous escape. He can easily obtain sufficient evidence from the friendly chief who saved Savage's life to identify the tribe which took part in the massacre. He must at all cost and hazard get hold of the murderers, so that they may be dealt with as they deserve. The other murderers, Hailey included, must be looked after, and the natives taught that they can no longer indulge in these murderous outrages with impunity.

[Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December, 7 1880.]

In another column appears a letter from the Rev. A. N. Murray, missionary, in reference to the recent massacres by the natives of the Solomon Islands. Mr. Murray's high character and his experience among the savage tribes of the South Sea Islands entitle his remarks to consideration and respect. He charges us with overlooking the other side of the question in our remarks, whilst dwelling on the necessity of inflicting such punishment upon the perpetrators of the recent outrages as will deter the natives of these islands from committing any such atrocities in future. We may with truth reply that the missionary is not the most impartial judge in these cases—that he is too prone to regard the natives as his *protégés*, and to find excuses for their conduct. The missionary's sacred character appeals to the superstitious

superstitious reverence of the natives, and, except when the passions of the latter are aroused, or when among strange natives, they have very little to fear. With the traders and the crews of vessels the case is very different. They find that they must be constantly on the watch against attack, and that even when they have given no provocation the natives may be covetous of the goods they see and bent on plunder, or bloodthirsty, or they may be excited by the injustice and the violence of white men previously. Among savages, as amongst civilized people, there are numbers whose evil passions can only be restrained by a fear of the consequences. Among our own population unfortunately there are too many who, under similar circumstances, would act just as the savages of the Solomon Islands have acted, and it would be just as absurd in their case to raise the plea that they were provoked by wrong-doing into bloody retaliation.

We quite agree with Mr. Murray that many of the atrocities committed by the natives of the South Sea Islands are simply acts of retaliation, and that in the infliction of punishment we should bear this in mind. We did not refer to this fact, because it was not essential to the view we took. The object of our notice of these massacres was not to induce an indiscriminate slaughter of the natives in revenge for the cruel murders committed by them, but to rouse up the authorities to a sense of their duty. If crime was rampant in the Colony, and allowed to go unpunished until impunity engendered greater audacity, we should call the police to account. There is a very expensive system of police provided for the Pacific, and yet the natives are constantly robbing and murdering the white men who go to the islands. We say, where are the police, and what are they about to allow this state of things? It may be that some of these atrocities have been perpetrated in retaliation for grievous wrongs inflicted by the white man. All the more reason say we why the police should be at their posts doing their duty. All the more disgraceful, we contend, that Her Majesty's men-of-war should be absent from the localities where they are wanted, and that the High Commissioner did not issue orders months ago for one or more of these cruisers to visit the islands and restore peace and order. When they should have been at the islands they were enjoying themselves at festivities in the capitals of the Colonies—a modern illustration of Nero fiddling while Rome was burning. We want the authorities to do their duty and to do it properly. We do not counsel an indiscriminate attack upon villages and men, women and children, but a patient and intelligent hunting-out of the murderers, and a certain and speedy punishment. Speedy action may do some good for the wretched savages themselves, for we observe that these *protégés* of Mr. Murray's have taken to wholesale massacre among themselves.

[Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December 8, 1880.]

THE SOLOMON ISLANDS MASSACRES.

To the Editor of the Sydney Daily Telegraph.

Sir,

We have had scarcely time to recover our equanimity when our feelings are again shocked in hearing of a renewed atrocity in the islands of the Pacific. In giving vent to your feeling on the subject your indignation exclaimed—"What are H.M.S. "Emerald" and others doing in Sydney Harbour while such outrages as these are being perpetrated on the British subject and against the British flag?" Was the subject so shocking in its surroundings that you did not care to dive into the moral filth that surrounds it? You exclaim—"Why is it that the British flag is thus reviled and singled out amongst the savages of the Solomon Islands?" I assert that the reason can be assigned to one cause only, and I look upon it as the foulest blot resting on the British flag. It is the abominable practice of slave-stealing carried on under the name of trade. These islands are the favourite recruiting grounds, and so pernicious has the trade become that it is not safe for a vessel flying the English flag to frequent the places. I have been an observer of events in those islands, so far as information can be obtained through the Press, and no observer of such can be at all surprised to hear of these massacres, the most unfortunate part of which is, that it is not the wretches who have decoyed their men and boys, kidnapped their women, violated all that is as dear to the savage—and in many cases more jealously guarded and prized as to the highly boasted and civilised white men, that have suffered in these massacres. Sir, the subject is a moral cesspool; why should it be tolerated? Why should valuable lives be endangered through the abuse of this infernal traffic in human flesh? Stay! I may be told such things are not possible, the thing generously guarded from abuse by Act of Parliament, greater the reproach to us that an Act of Parliament is necessary to do so. I believe that none but those who are directly interested in this cursed traffic can for one moment conceive the terrible abuses that are perpetrated, and the subterfuges adopted to deceive and wrong these unfortunate islanders. I do not say that they are angels in all their transactions with others. I think the same may be safely said of those who have traded with them. They are no better than the class of white men they have had to deal with has made them; they have been treated and dealt with as savages, as beasts of the field, and they have been only true to nature. Nothing belonging to them has been held sacred; on every opportunity their wives have been violated and abused. The account of Savage, the hero of the day, goes to confirm the above, that their women were guarded with jealous care. From New Guinea we have a confirming report, that it is almost impossible to induce the natives of these isles to leave by fair means. At the present time the mate and charterer of a vessel just returned from a labour cruise are under charge for malpractice in connection with this revolting traffic in human flesh. I can hear some say they are only niggers, and are not fit to be at large, save as slaves. That idea is exploded. We need not leave the islands of the Pacific to find facts to rebut this. Since writing the above I learn that a man-of-war is to be despatched to these unfortunate islands to wreak vengeance on those benighted savages; and this is just what, in your wisdom, you desired should take place. I cannot agree with you that it will have the effect of accomplishing what you desire, while black-birding is made lawful by the British nation, and she allows vessels to carry slaves in the Pacific Ocean, flying the Union Jack, whilst on the coast of Africa and the Indian Ocean the same flag boasts of being a terror to slave-traders. This is why the British flag has lost its respect with the savages of the isles of the Pacific. It will scarcely be necessary to make out a case to go through the long list of massacres on both sides, from the atrocious brig "Carl" butchery. It makes one's blood curdle to think that men go there in the guise of bishops to enable them to accomplish their villainous purpose for the sake of lucre. I do not say that the foregoing will supply a full justification on behalf of the islanders for committing the late disastrous outrage, but I think it has furnished a means whereby they have been educated up to their present unenviable notoriety.

Noble

Noble lives have already been sacrificed, and will continue to be so while things are *in statu quo*. I have no doubt but that retribution will be dealt out unsparingly by the shipmates of those unfortunate men; but I question whether it will make the natives any more friendly once they have received their chastisement. This, sir, is our boasted civilization in a land where men and women read and pray.

Illawarra, December 6th.

Yours, &c.,
J.G.K.

[Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December 9, 1880.]

In our issue of yesterday appeared a letter signed "J.G.K.," in reference to the recent massacre at the Solomon Islands, the writer of which is evidently a strong sympathiser with those interesting savages who treacherously attack their victims, mutilate their bodies and eat portions of them. He thinks that the "cursed labour traffic" is at the bottom of these massacres, which are committed in retaliation for the forcible abduction of the natives and interference with the women. He adduces no proof whatever of his statements, but is clearly under the impression that the abuses of several years ago are the causes of the atrocities committed by the Solomon Islanders now! An article in another column gives us the experience and the opinions of Captain Woodhouse, of the schooner "Ripple," on this subject. He states that since the Labour Act was passed six or seven years ago the unlawful trade that was then carried on has ceased. So far from the natives of the Solomon Islands having any distrust of the British flag, they show the utmost confidence in its protecting power for themselves, for they venture on board English vessels without any hesitation. The Rev. Mr. A. W. Murray states that the British flag is held in higher respect than that of any other nation, because of the confidence that is felt by the natives in British justice and fair consideration. It is very clear then that it cannot be true that the abuses of the labour traffic have so exasperated the natives that they commit these murders in retaliation, for they would naturally take care not to trust themselves on board British vessels, and they would hardly respect a flag associated with such disgraceful practices as are referred to by "J.G.K." The latter, misquoting some of our remarks, states that the abominable practice of slave-stealing is the cause of the British flag being "reviled" and hated by the natives. He quite misunderstands us. What we said was that the British flag had ceased to command the same respect as the flags of other nations, because the natives found that they could commit crimes with impunity upon British subjects. In fact, under the *régime* of Sir Arthur Gordon things are quite reversed. The white man is rigorously punished for any wrongdoing to the brown man, but the latter is never punished at all, no matter what he does. If the white man attempts to resent any action of the natives he knows he will be called to strict account, and even if he defends his life he is running a risk of putting his head into the halter. The British flag may be regarded with "respect" in the sense in which Mr. Murray uses the word, although "J.G.K." thinks differently, but it is not the respect with which any fear is mingled. It is now the flag which invites attack, because no punishment follows. The unfortunates who sail under it are practically in the position of men whose hands are tied behind them, because some of their countrymen have put their hands to a bad use. Our correspondent says we are "desirous of wreaking vengeance upon these benighted islanders." If he means by this that we wish to see the perpetrators of the murders brought to punishment, and hung up as a warning and terror to other savages, then he is right. But this is no more vengeance than hanging Scott or Ned Kelly was. The suggestion that these savages are so benighted that they are not murderers in the ordinary sense is ridiculous. They are perfectly well aware of the crimes they have committed, and of the penalty which white men exact for them, and any plea of ignorance is absurd. If they have had any provocation or were first attacked the case would be different. A judicious officer will take care not to act until he knows for certain that there is no mistake. Let the guilty be punished when their guilt is clearly established. We hope there is nobody prepared to waste any sympathy upon these murderers, though nothing should surprise us after the exhibition in Melbourne in favour of relieving Ned Kelly.

British subjects have a right to protection in the South Sea Islands just as much as in South Africa, or on the Gold Coast, or in Afghanistan. The outrages committed by King Coffee of Ashantee were very properly punished by a body of British troops under Sir Garnet Wolseley, in 1874, and Coomassie, his capital, was burned. These outrages were not more flagrant than the South Sea massacres. It will be a bad thing for the loyalty and devotion of the colonists if they are compelled to the conclusion that there is less consideration shown to them than there was to the traders on the Gold Coast of Africa. If the British connection means that the trade of New South Wales with the South Sea Islands is to be abandoned or only carried on at the risk of life, then we say the people of this Colony will have to consider how best to protect their trade themselves. We do not know what action the Government are taking in this matter, or whether they are taking any action at all; but we do trust that they will probably represent the interest of New South Wales, and that the Governor will make such representations as will cause the High Commissioner to realize the necessity of his teaching his *protégés* to behave themselves. The statements of Captain Woodhouse in another column, to which we have already referred, show very clearly that there has been gross exaggeration as to the alleged provocation to the natives of the Solomon Islands. The slave trade of several years ago has ceased, and the islanders are thoroughly protected against any such abuses as were rife some years ago. The traders find it to their interest to keep on friendly terms with the natives who trade with them. No doubt there may be instances of white men on these trading vessels misconducting themselves, but as a rule, care is taken not to give the natives any offence.

Whatever may be the real truth as regards these atrocities, it is very clear that one of Her Majesty's vessels should long ago have been sent to the scenes of the massacres that have so shocked the public, to ascertain the true state of the case and punish the guilty. We hope it will not be forgotten or overlooked, when the news of these repeated atrocities reaches England, that three or four months ago several massacres had taken place of the captains and crews of peaceable traders, and that it has only been since the captain and a portion of the crew of the "Saudfly," a war schooner, were murdered that the High Commissioner and the Commodore have seen the necessity of sending a war ship to the scenes of the massacres. Of course they may have had very good reasons for this inaction; but we wish the British Press and the Members of the House of Commons to know the facts, so that they may be prepared to discuss them

them properly. During the past two or three months, when massacre after massacre has taken place, the men-of-war on the station have for the most part been comfortably anchored in the harbours of the colonial capitals, and the men belonging to them have been taking part in the ceremonials attending the opening of the Melbourne Exhibition. Not a solitary man-of-war has been despatched to the islands until the "Emerald" received orders to go. She was to have gone on Monday, but she did not leave until yesterday. We trust that her visit may be more effective than that of the "Cormorant" was.

[*Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December 10, 1880.*]

H.M.S. "Emerald" left Sydney on Wednesday for the Solomon Islands, and last evening the "Wolverene," Commodore Wilson, arrived from Adelaide. It certainly does seem, when so very little extra time would have been wasted, that it would have been better had the "Emerald" remained until the arrival of the "Wolverene." A personal interview with the Commodore, and a consultation upon the best means to be employed in dealing with the natives of the Solomon Islands, would certainly have been advantageous to Captain Maxwell of the "Emerald." The question is one that should have been carefully considered and discussed, for it is surrounded with difficulties. As it is, we understand that the captain of the Emerald has been left by the Commodore very much to his own discretion in dealing with the natives of the Solomon Islands—the worst position in which he could possibly have been placed. Whatever he does will be found fault with. If he is prompt in finding out the murderers and executing summary punishment upon them, he is sure to be assailed with a chorus of groans by the friends and the apologists of the natives. On the other hand, if the visit of the "Emerald" be as little good as the visit of the "Cormorant," then Captain Maxwell will incur the censure of public opinion.

The fact that the Commodore and the captain did not meet before the departure of the latter would not be a matter of much moment if the "Wolverene" were to follow the "Emerald" speedily to the scenes of the late massacre. We certainly understood that the Commodore in hurrying on to Sydney did so with the intention of proceeding to the Solomon Islands. We now learn with mingled astonishment and regret that the Commodore has no such intentions—unless his presence is urgently required. Well, we should have thought that his presence was urgently required at the scenes of the late massacres. We should have thought if ever there was a time for an imposing demonstration of the British vessels of war at these islands that time was the present. There have been seven or eight massacres at these islands, and obviously it will take the "Emerald" a very long time to inquire into all the circumstances, and find out and punish the guilty parties. In the meantime the "Wolverene" and the "Cormorant" will be really doing nothing but increasing the piles of bones under them at their anchorage at Farm Cove. What earthly useful purpose are they serving here? Can any one tell us? That the "Wolverene" at such a time should come to Sydney just late enough to miss meeting the "Emerald," and with no intention of going to the South Seas, is something we cannot understand. There is plenty of work for these three war vessels, and why are they not sent to do it? What enemy have they to watch in Sydney harbour? What can the public think of this inaction of the Commodore, which must bring a blush into the faces of his men? The idea is so outrageous that we refuse to believe it. The Commodore must have some good reason for remaining for a short time in Sydney harbour. Probably he is waiting for specific orders from Home, and expects to receive them in a day or two, when he will follow the "Emerald." It could never have been intended that only one man-of-war should go to the various islands where the massacres were committed. The advantages of going in force are so many and so palpable that common sense refuses to believe that British captains are so dull as not to see them. Why, in the cause of humanity itself, the force sent down to punish the perpetrators of the cruel outrages should be such a one as to overawe the turbulent natives and to strengthen the hands of those peaceably disposed. With the three men-of-war at the Solomon Islands the great object of the expedition would be speedily attained. The friends of the whites would be strengthened and their enemies would be overawed. The savages would not soon forget so memorable an occasion, and in future there would be less trouble with them.

In judging of the conduct of the Commodore and the captains of the men-of-war it should be borne in mind that according to recent regulations that have been issued they are precluded from taking the law into their own hands. They must send home to England for instructions. If this is so, one need not wonder that the British flag is regarded with indifference, if not with contempt, in the Western Pacific. But is this the case? Has Sir Arthur Gordon, the High Commissioner, no powers entrusted to him to instruct vessels of war to suppress outrages and punish the guilty, whether white or black? Have the captains of war vessels no discretion at all allowed them to take measures for the preservation of the lives of British subjects engaged in lawful trade? We refuse to believe any such absurdity. Mr. Gladstone's administration of affairs in Ireland has not been a success, and the policy of his Government in the South Seas has been disastrous. The coincidence is curious, and is suggestive of some radical defect. In the latter case a policy of kindness and consideration for the natives has without vigour and firmness in repressing outrage proved anything but a kind and considerate policy for the white traders.

[*Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December, 13 1880.*]

THE subject of the late frequent massacres at the South Sea Islands has formed the subject of comment by the Melbourne *Argus*, and our contemporary cannot understand why these atrocities are tolerated, without any effort being made to punish the perpetrators. The interest of our Victorian neighbours in this subject is, of course, much less than our own, seeing that the massacres have almost all been of the crews of Sydney vessels. Melbourne does very little, if any, trade at all with the Solomon Islands, and the public there feel less keenly on the subject than do the public of Sydney; but they cannot avoid condemning the miserable policy which permits murders of white traders without any attempt to interfere even, far less to punish. The *Argus* quotes from a letter published in its columns, written by Mr. Walter Coote, who has recently visited the islands, "and is acquainted with the feelings prevailing amongst their inhabitants." Mr. Coote says that the natives of many of the islands consider white men "all same woman," and that the boasted men-of-war are "myths." After hearing a great deal about these formidable men-of-war, they view with contempt such an insignificant little vessel as the "Sandfly," and her class of vessels. Mr. Coote goes on to remark—"I admit that the so-called 'Exeter Hall' feeling is very strong with a certain section of the authorities in these matters, but I know that it is really a mistaken policy, for the only lesson these people will understand is the lesson that superior force

force can teach. Had our men-of-war been even moderately active in their island cruises, had they merely hovered about now and again in the neighbourhood of these places, their presence would have been known everywhere, and their power felt." Mr. Coote seems to have forgotten the visit of the "Cormorant," and the feats performed by her captain and crew in shelling some villages, and the terrible retribution exacted by Commodore Wilson in the "Wolverene," for the massacre of the crew of the "Mystery," in the shape of pigs and yams. The natives have seen English men-of-war, and "big fellow King Hailey" expressed his contemptuous opinion of them by challenging them to come, so that more heads could be obtained. Men-of-war whose fighting men would not venture on shore, but which kept off at a safe distance, and fired big guns with little injury to anything, or anybody, were not likely to inspire respect. If the natives of the Solomon Islands have any burlesque poets, they have had a capital chance of amusing their brown brethren with the valorous deeds of the whites. The captain of the naval force will figure as a kind of General Boom, exclaiming, "The enemy, the enemy, let me get at the enemy!" but expending all his valour in a harmless cannonade—all sound and fury, signifying nothing.

The remarks of Mr. Coote about the pernicious effects of the Exeter-Hall policy bear us out in our strictures upon it. That policy has left the white man at the mercy of the natives of the South Sea Islands. He dares not resent any injustice or an attack upon him, for fear of the consequences. He carries his life in his hands when he goes to these islands. If he is not the victim of a massacre, he may be tried for his life because he defended himself against attack. There is no attempt made to punish the perpetrators of any atrocity upon him. Repeated massacres of traders have not caused any effort to be made to punish those concerned in them. It was only when the captain and some of the crew of one of Her Majesty's war schooners were treacherously murdered that the apathy and indifference of the High Commissioner and of the Commodore were dispelled. The interesting savages of the Solomon Islands might have gone on for an indefinite period in their career of atrocity had they not been so silly as to interfere with the crew of one of the lilliputian men-of-war. On the principle that, as Sydney Smith observed, it required the sacrifice of a bishop to get rid of a crying evil, so nothing less than the massacre of an officer and several men of Her Majesty's navy was sufficient to rouse up the authorities to action. But who are the authorities? It is difficult to find out. It has generally been understood that the High Commissioner, subject to the British Government, was the chief authority, and that the Commodore received instructions from him, or in cases of emergency, acted on his own discretion. We have been under the impression, too, that His Excellency the Governor of New South Wales had some voice in the matter, when the persons massacred were citizens of New South Wales, and their vessels were Sydney traders. But we have no certainty who are the responsible authorities in this case, or if there are any at all. There certainly seems to be no system at all. We understand that the "Emerald" has been ordered to the Solomon Islands by the Commodore on his own responsibility. In this case, therefore, the High Commissioner has taken no action any more than he took in reference to the previous massacres. Is it his duty to preserve order at the islands, and has he neglected his duty, or is it nobody's duty? We understand that the Commodore must send to England for instructions in any given case; but we think there must be some mistake here. Once on a time authorities in England have attempted to carry out a campaign by orders from the Foreign Office. But surely that era of stupidity is past, and the policy is not repeated at this time of day in reference to the South Sea Islands. The instructions from the authorities in England can surely never authorize the extraordinary apathy and indifference of the Commanders of Her Majesty's vessels in these seas. They no doubt are expected to give a strict account of their conduct, and it is proper that this should be so. But because the British Government is strict in looking after the conduct of its officers, that is no reason why the latter should altogether neglect their duty. Do the instructions from Home authorize captains of Her Majesty's ships-of-war to keep aloof from the localities where their services are required? Do they warrant them in lending a deaf ear to the news of repeated murderous outrages, and in idling their time in the harbours of the capitals when their countrymen are being butchered at the South Sea Islands? It is impossible that this can be so. We cannot believe that the authorities in England are guilty of such insensate folly as to paralyse justice in the South Seas by any such policy. We may depend upon it that the British Government will demand a full explanation of the conduct of those national defenders who have neglected their duty; and if the Government is lax in doing so, there are men in the Imperial Parliament who will see that their conduct is inquired into, and justice done to the colonists.

[Extract from the Sydney Daily Telegraph, December, 16 1880.]

MASSACRES IN THE SOUTH SEAS.

To the Editor of the Sydney Daily Telegraph.

Sir,

Sydney, 15 December, 1880.

I have read with considerable interest, and not a little surprise, the letters of your correspondents, "J. G. K." and "A. N. Murray," on the above subject. That "J. G. K." knows very little of the subject upon which he writes must be evident to any impartial observer of recent events in these islands. He makes a number of assertions which have not even a basis of truth. For instance, he asserts that the cause of the continued atrocities "is the abominable practice of slave-stealing, carried on under the name of trade," and further, that "these islands are the favourite recruiting grounds." The natives were kidnapped in the Solomons years ago no one will deny; but that anything approaching kidnapping has taken place during the past seven years I do not believe. As a matter of fact, the Solomons are not, and never have been, the "favourite recruiting grounds." Natives are principally recruited from the Banks, Hebrides, and adjacent groups, and a recruiting vessel in the Solomons is somewhat of a rarity. Recruiting labour for Fiji and Queensland is carried out under such stringent regulations that it is well nigh impossible for natives to be taken away against their wills. Not only has the Government agent accompanying each vessel to be satisfied that the "recruit" comes voluntarily, but on arrival in the colony the immigration agent of the port of arrival examines him as to terms of his agreement, rate of wages, &c. "J. G. K." proceeds to say that the islanders guard their women "with jealous care," and that the traders have much to answer for in this respect. If "J. G. K." will ask anyone who has been amongst them—traders or naval officers, I care not which—he will learn that for laxity of morals in this respect the South Sea Islander is without a rival. Both of your correspondents agree in insulting the men engaged in trading in the labour traffic in these islands. Speaking from personal knowledge of very many of them, I

can say that on the whole they are as respectable and honourable a body of men as can be found in any trade. Does "J. G. K." mean to say that men like the late Captains Ferguson and Murray, and others whom I could name, and who have been ruthlessly butchered by these savages—men who throughout the islands bear honoured and respected names—that these men are no better than the savages? At Mr. Murray's letter I am hardly surprised; in all new countries the missionary and the trader have ever been antagonistic. But if the labour trade is, as Mr. Murray would wish to make out, the principal cause of the continued atrocities, how comes it that we never hear of the crews of French vessels being attacked? Perhaps Mr. Murray can answer. Hundreds of natives are recruited yearly for New Caledonia, under much less stringent regulations than those of Queensland and Fiji, yet no Frenchmen are murdered. Since the rule of Commodore Goodenough commenced in the South Seas we have heard of nothing but atrocities; and so long as the policy initiated and carried out by him is continued we can expect to hear of nothing else. Years ago the very name "man-of-war" was dreaded by the islanders; now it is laughed at contemptuously. With them forbearance is weakness, and until a man-of-war inflicts summary chastisement on some band of murderers we may expect to hear of more valuable lives and property being sacrificed, and more skulls being taken to adorn the "big canoe" house. News travels amongst the natives as it does amongst white men, and if an example had been made of the murderers of Lieut. Bower and his men at the time it would by this time have been known throughout the group, and would have done more to quell further outrages than the visits of a fleet of men-of-war and their paltry fines of pigs. In conclusion, I hope that, despite the wail of the missionary and the power of the Exeter-Hallites, the "poor nigger" will soon be taught that he cannot longer be allowed to plunder and murder as he pleases.

I am, &c.,

QUEENSLANDER.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE.

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING CERTAIN RESOLUTIONS, &c., PUBLISHED IN THE MINUTES OF PROCEEDINGS.)

Presented to Parliament by Command.

His Excellency the Governor to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

Government House, Sydney, 8 March, 1881.

I have the honor to enclose to you copy of an official letter which Commodore Wilson has addressed to me referring to certain resolutions published in the "Minutes of the Proceedings of the Intercolonial Conference" lately held in this capital, as also to certain documents annexed thereto which reflect disparagingly on him as the Naval Officer in command of this Station, and on the duty of the Navy generally in these seas.

I consider that it is due to the Commodore that the same publicity should be given to his letter as was given to the resolutions of the Intercolonial Conference and to the documents to which I have referred.

I have, &c.,
AUGUSTUS LOFTUS.

[Enclosure.]

Commodore Wilson to His Excellency the Governor.

My Lord,

H.M.S. "Wolverene," at Hobart, 16 February, 1881.

At the termination of the sittings of the Intercolonial Conference you were good enough to send me the Blue Book containing the minutes of its proceedings and the resolutions which the Conference arrived at on the various subjects investigated by it. Amongst these resolutions was one which both touched my functions as the Naval Officer in command of this Station and the duty of the Navy generally in these seas.

2. On the merits or demerits of this resolution I do not propose to comment, and only refer to it as leading up to the point to which I most decidedly take exception.

3. Appended at the end of the book are certain scurrilous documents, being either anonymous letters from an individual signing himself "The Vagabond," or taken from a second-class Sydney newspaper. These productions, which not only reflect on myself and the Royal Navy, also animadvert on an Imperial officer of the highest rank.

4. Without exception those documents, which I must suppose form the principal groundwork upon which the Conference founded its resolution touching the Navy, are scurrilous libels, devoid of truth either in tenor or in facts, and are quite unworthy of a place amongst State papers, probably the most important these Colonies have ever printed.

5. I was quite aware that these miserable productions were appearing in the *Sydney Daily Telegraph* before I left there, in December last, but the opinions expressed therein were to me of no importance or interest. I cannot say I read any of them before they were placed in the conspicuous position they now hold, and were forwarded to me by your Excellency as part of important official documents.

6. I feel certain that when the enlightened statesmen who now hold office under your Lordship realize that such unworthy matter has found its way into the "Minutes of the Proceedings of the Intercolonial Conference" they will be much annoyed, feeling as they must that the importance given to such incorrect and irresponsible effusions must detract from the value of other better digested measures, and depreciate the entire Blue Book in proportion.

I have, &c.,
J. C. WILSON,
Commodore.

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1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE.

CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING CERTAIN PORTIONS OF THE APPENDIX TO THE MINUTES OF PROCEEDINGS.)

Presented to Parliament by Command.

His Excellency the Governor to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

Government House, Sydney, 8 March, 1881.

In compliance with a request from His Excellency Sir Arthur Gordon, High Commissioner of the Western Pacific, I have the honor to enclose to you copy of a letter he has addressed to me with a memorandum containing his observations with regard to certain portions of the Appendix to the Minutes of the Proceedings of the Intercolonial Conference lately held in this capital.

I have to request that the letter of Sir A. Gordon, with his memorandum, may be submitted to Parliament in the same manner as the Minutes of the Conference.

I have, &c.,
AUGUSTUS LOFTUS.

[Enclosure.]

The High Commissioner of the Western Pacific to His Excellency the Governor.

Western Pacific High Commission.

Wellington, New Zealand, 28 February, 1881.

My Lord,

On the 21st instant I had the honor of thanking your Lordship for the communication to me of Minutes of the Intercolonial Conference lately held at Sydney.

I have read with attention the Appendix (pp. 41 to 54) to the Report of the Committee appointed to consider a resolution proposed by Mr. Palmer, and to examine the papers relating to the appointment of the High Commissioner for the Western Pacific (pp. 11-14). The memorandum of which I have now the honor to enclose a copy, for your Lordship's information, contains some observations which I have felt compelled to make with regard to certain portions of its contents.

I have also transmitted copies of this memorandum to the Governors of the other Colonies represented at the Conference.

I observe that the Minutes of the Conference have been presented to the Parliament of New South Wales by your Lordship's command, and I have the honor to request that your Lordship will have the goodness to direct that my present letter and its enclosure may also be laid before the Legislature of that Colony.

I have, &c.,
ARTHUR GORDON.

[Sub-enclosure.]

MEMORANDUM by the High Commissioner for the Western Pacific.

I HAVE received from the Governor of New South Wales a copy of the Minutes of the Proceedings of the Intercolonial Conference lately held at Sydney. Among them will be found (p. 11, pp. 13-14) the Report of a Committee chosen to consider a Resolution calling attention to the state of affairs in Polynesia, proposed by the Hon. A. H. Palmer, and to examine the papers relating to the appointment of a High Commissioner for the Western Pacific.

On hearing that the Conference was about to enter on such an inquiry, I conveyed to Lord Augustus Loftus the expression of my opinion that some communication should be addressed to me upon the subject, and stated my willingness to afford any information which the Conference might require, and without which it was, I thought, improbable that the members of the Committee could attain an accurate knowledge of the matters on which it was directed to report. My telegram was communicated to the Conference by Lord Augustus Loftus, who was, in reply, desired to inform me of the appointment of the Committee, and that the Conference would willingly receive any information which I might desire to communicate to it. Though very ready to furnish the Conference with papers or statements of fact asked for by it, it was of course impossible for me to submit, unsought for, anything like defence or explanation

of my own proceedings or conduct, to a body to which I was in no way responsible, and with which I had no official relation. I therefore replied by desiring Lord Augustus Loftus to thank the Conference for its communication, and inform it that I should be happy to afford any assistance or information which might be desired. Of this offer no advantage was taken by the Conference; and on the same day on which it was made, the Committee presented their Report, in the preamble to which it is stated to have been prepared, "having before them the Commission to Sir A. Gordon, the High Commissioner and Consul-General for the Western Pacific"—a statement in which it appears to me that some error must be involved.* The Resolutions recommended by the Committee were, with some modifications, adopted by the Conference.

These Resolutions have been submitted to the consideration of the Imperial Government, from which they will no doubt receive that respectful attention which is due to any recommendation emanating from such a source. It would be out of place here to discuss them; but the Appendix to the Report of the Committee contains matter which may with advantage receive some immediate comment from me.

The contents of that Appendix are somewhat singular. No statistical table is given from which information could be drawn as to the comparative frequency of murders among Europeans in the Pacific at different times, or the proportions which such murders bore to the number of European residents in those seas now and formerly,—official or authentic accounts of massacres recently perpetrated are altogether wanting, and other evidence in support of the Resolutions of the Committee will be as vainly looked for. All the information given with regard to outrages recently committed is contained in a telegram without date, and addressed to some unnamed individual,† reporting the murder of the crew‡ of the "Prosperity," and four newspaper paragraphs containing details of other murders. These paragraphs are undoubtedly written in good faith, and no doubt contain the best account obtainable by the editor of the transactions to which they refer; but it is often found on subsequent examination that such narratives are, owing to very obvious causes, not always to be relied on as strictly accurate.

The Appendix further contains two leading articles from the *Sydney Morning Herald* (pp. 46, 47), which, though based on erroneous assumptions, are fairly and temperately written; and no fewer than eleven extracts from the *Sydney Daily Telegraph* (pp. 41 to 44, and 48 to 54), censuring in strong terms the High Commissioner, the Commodore commanding the Australian squadron, the Chief Judicial Commissioner, and the Government of the Colony of Fiji. There is also a letter in a similar strain addressed to the Secretary of the Conference by a person of the name of Thomas, the avowed author of two of the extracts taken from the *Sydney Daily Telegraph*, with which newspaper I am informed he is closely connected,—a statement which the internal evidence afforded by the remainder of the extracts from that journal would incline me to believe to be well founded.

It is not easy to understand the object of the Conference in reprinting and giving official circulation to these articles. It is certainly not to convey information as to facts, for they contain none. It cannot be to exhibit the state of popular opinion in Australia, for the extracts are almost exclusively taken from a single Sydney journal; and even in the choice of these extracts care has been taken to limit them to such as reflect but one opinion; the anonymous letter of "A Queenslander" (p. 53) containing little but invective, being inserted, whilst that of a man so competent to speak on the subject as the Rev. Mr. Murray, referred to at p. 49, is omitted. I am not well acquainted with Australian journals, but I know that some of them entertain different views from those advocated by the *Sydney Daily Telegraph*.

Yet it would be inconsistent with the respect due to a Conference consisting of the leading officials of the Australian Colonies to suppose that they intended to imply their own adoption of statements they have had no means of verifying, their concurrence in recommendations that the Solomon Islanders should be "cruelly and relentlessly massacred,"§ or their participation in attacks on officers of the Imperial Government, on high judicial authorities, and on the Government of a Colony unrepresented at the meeting of the Conference.

But, whatever the motive of the publication, the fact remains that grave charges against the High Commissioner for the Western Pacific, the Commodore commanding on the Australian Station, the Chief Justice of Fiji, and the Government of that Colony generally, have been reprinted at the public expense by order of the Conference, and have been presented by command of the Governor to the Parliament of New South Wales, and probably to the Legislatures of other Colonies, thus giving to them a wide-spread official circulation. These facts, and the deduction which will inevitably, if erroneously, be in many quarters drawn from them, that the Conference adopts the charges made, render it, I think, desirable that their want of foundation should at once be made apparent.

The charge preferred against the High Commissioner is twofold. It is alleged that he has, on the one hand, shown undue leniency towards the misdeeds of natives, and, on the other, has shown equally undue harshness in the punishment of British subjects when charged before him with offences against natives.

The jurisdiction of the High Commissioner extends over all British subjects in the Western Pacific, but over British subjects exclusively. He has no authority whatever to deal, whether judicially or in his executive capacity, with the offences of natives of islands not under the dominion of the Crown.

The High Commissioner has on more than one occasion pointed out to the Imperial Government that, unless a jurisdiction were created competent to take cognizance of offences committed against British subjects in the Pacific beyond Her Majesty's possessions, the infliction of punishment on British subjects for outrages against natives in the same regions, when such cases came before the High Commissioner's Court, was sure to excite on their part not unnatural irritation, and a sense of being treated with injustice; for it is hardly to be expected that men of the class to which most British subjects in the Pacific belong should

* My commission as Consul-General, and my full powers under the Great Seal, have never been published or communicated to any Colonial Government; nor am I aware that my commission as High Commissioner has been so, though such may be the case.

† This telegram is said, but evidently erroneously, to be addressed to the Hon. A. H. Palmer, who is referred to in it as a third party. "As Mr. Palmer is in Sydney, please get him to use influence." This is not the language of a telegram addressed to Mr. Palmer himself.

‡ Not British subjects.

§ "The course that the captain of H.M.S. 'Emerald' is called upon to pursue certainly does not form part of a civilized programme. * * * Our people have been cruelly and relentlessly massacred, and the Solomon Islanders must be dealt with in like fashion. All ideas founded on Exeter-Hallism must be thrown to the winds. If they are not, the 'Emerald' might as well remain at Farm Cove" (p. 48).

should understand that Great Britain has an interest in their good conduct and the maintenance of legal restraint over their actions, quite apart from any sympathy with natives or care for their protection. The reply returned to such representations has invariably been that, in the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, insuperable obstacles exist to any assumption of jurisdiction by Her Majesty over others than British subjects, beyond the limits of Her Majesty's dominions. Nevertheless, although Her Majesty's Government does not see its way to overcome the real as well as the formal and technical difficulties with which any such exercise of authority is undoubtedly surrounded, the necessity for exceptional dealing with exceptional circumstances is not, I think, unrecognized. Meanwhile, however, the High Commissioner is absolutely powerless to take judicial cognizance of any offence committed by a Polynesian native not also a subject of Her Majesty.

Should the proceedings of any native community be such as can be deemed acts of war, they can be dealt with as such by Her Majesty's Naval Force on the station. Until a few months since, the Commodore acted in such matters entirely independently of the High Commissioner, and on his own responsibility alone. Lately he has been instructed, wherever possible, to consult the High Commissioner before proceeding to active hostilities; but no proposal made by him has ever been objected to by the High Commissioner, between whom and the Commodore there exist the most entire confidence and agreement. Although, however, his concert is in certain cases required, the High Commissioner has no control whatever over the movements of the Australian squadron, nor can he direct the course or hasten or retard the sailing of a single vessel.

It is therefore manifest that the High Commissioner has had no opportunity of showing either leniency or severity towards natives, and that it has been made a matter of reproach to him that he has not exercised a jurisdiction which he has been strictly forbidden to assume, and that he has abstained from issuing orders which he has no right to give, and to which he could neither enforce nor claim obedience.

The charge of undue harshness towards whites has next to be considered.

The whole of the cases referred to at pp. 42-43 were tried during my absence in England, and, even assuming them to be accurately described (which it will presently be shown they are not), they would not in any way affect the High Commissioner. Since my return to Fiji, in 1879, the cases brought to the cognizance of the Court* have been but four, in only one of which a white man was concerned. That white man was the Rev. George Brown, who has certainly no reason to complain of undue severity on the part of the High Commissioner's Court. Two of the other parties tried before the Chief Judicial Commissioner since September, 1879, were coloured subjects of Her Majesty: of these, one was convicted of murder and sentenced to death; the other, charged with theft, was acquitted, the only evidence against him (his own confession) being shown to have been extorted by threats and torture inflicted by Europeans. The fourth case was that of Aratuga, a Polynesian, concerned in the murder of the mate and labour-agent of the "Mystery," who was brought to Fiji as a prisoner by Her Majesty's ship "Conflict," and was put on his trial before the High Commissioner's Court, in the hope that some ground for claiming jurisdiction over him would be discovered. But no escape could be found from the conclusion that he was beyond the authority of the Court, a view the correctness of which has been emphatically confirmed by the highest legal authorities in England. Another case, that of a half-caste Tongan, charged with the murder of another half-caste, and of the captain of a German vessel, was never brought before the Court at all, it being clear that it was equally out of its jurisdiction, and the man was handed over to the Tongan authorities to be dealt with by them.

It hence appears that, whilst a harsh exercise of the judicial powers he undoubtedly does possess over British subjects is imputed to the High Commissioner, but one white man has been judicially before his Court since the return of the High Commissioner to the Pacific, and that he was treated with marked indulgence. This branch of the accusation, therefore, fails like the other, being as destitute of evidence to support it.

I should wish to believe these charges to proceed from the levity of ignorance rather than from conscious malice; and it may be well here to note that the objects of the Western Pacific Orders in Council, and of the institution of the High Commissioner's Court, appear to have been frequently much misunderstood. It was not by any means "to see that whites were protected from outrages by natives," p. (47), and but in a secondary sense "to protect natives from outrages by whites" (p. 47), that that Court was formed. It was principally designed to provide means for the settlement of disputes between white men themselves, and to prevent Her Majesty's subjects from breaking Her Majesty's laws. It was found that in Samoa, in Tonga, in the New Hebrides, and in other places, small communities of British subjects were springing up, over which no Court had jurisdiction and no law had force. Debts were incurred, and the debtor could at pleasure evade his creditor's claim; contracts were entered into, the performance of which could not be enforced; wills were made which could not be proved; disputes arose as to successions which could not be settled; crimes were committed, which either escaped punishment altogether or were dealt with by a lynch law demoralizing to those engaged in it. It was primarily to remedy this state of things that the Deputy-Commissioners' Courts under the High Commissioner were established at Apia and Nukualofa. It was no doubt also an object that the letter and spirit of the Western Pacific Acts should be carried out by Her Majesty's subjects, and that the Court should enforce their strict observance; but no one who looks carefully at the Orders in Council can fail to perceive what was their primary object—the establishment of a Court to which British subjects who had no *locus standi* before any other judicial tribunal might resort.

It may be said, and truly, that large executive and quasi-legislative powers have been lodged in the hands of the High Commissioner, distinct from his judicial authority. Their grant was prompted by the belief that the State would fail in its duty if it neglected to claim and to exercise control over British subjects who had escaped from the restraints of all constituted authority, and few will say that such action was uncalled for.

The same charges of over-leniency on the one hand and over-severity on the other that are brought against the High Commissioner are also preferred against Chief Justice Gorrie. Of these, the former may be met by the same simple and complete answer that, as regards other than British subjects, he has

no.

* I do not take into account petty cases between British subjects themselves, heard before the Deputy-Commissioners' Courts at Apia and Nukualofa.

no jurisdiction. He has, in the case of Aratuga, endeavoured to establish such a jurisdiction, and has failed to do so. The charge of over-severity can only be properly appreciated after a careful examination of the various cases tried before the Court, an examination the want of which is certainly not supplied by the misleading paragraphs to be found on pages 42 and 43 of the Blue Book containing the Minutes of the Conference. Captain Kilgour was punished, not for "recovering a boat which the natives endeavoured to retain" (p. 42), but for destroying villages belonging to a tribe which, as it turned out, had committed no offence, and for levying war on his own account while one of Her Majesty's ships was in his immediate vicinity. Captain Waite's case is also gravely misstated. Captain Daly, whose treatment is termed "arbitrary," but against whom two previous sentences are recorded in the Supreme Court of New South Wales, was convicted of what is euphemistically styled "detaining a native on board without his consent" (p. 43), or, in other and plainer words, kidnapping him,—an offence which may not appear to unprejudiced persons one of so venial and trifling a character as it does to "every one" of the clique to the passions and prejudices of which expression is given by the article in question.

It is not my intention to enter into an examination of Chief Justice Gorrie's proceedings, or to attempt to review, extrajudicially, the sentences deliberately pronounced after full and careful inquiry by a competent Court, presided over by a fearless and enlightened Judge; but I think it only right to record my own grateful appreciation of the services he has rendered as Chief Judicial Commissioner, and my entire conviction of the correctness of the judgments he has pronounced. I am, moreover, confident that most men will concur with me in regretting the official circulation of anonymous attacks on the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of an Australasian Colony. Had reflections upon the conduct on the Bench of a Chief Justice of any one of the older Colonies, whether great or small,—New South Wales or Victoria,—Tasmania or Western Australia,—been published in a similar manner, the impropriety of the act would have met with universal reprobation, and that the more emphatic, if the Colony, the chief judicial authority of which was thus assailed, had happened to be unrepresented at the meeting of the Conference.

The charge of culpable indifference to the lives of Englishmen, which is that brought against Commodore Wilson in the articles of the *Sydney Daily Telegraph* selected for republication, is one which that distinguished officer may well afford to treat as lightly as that of cowardice preferred against him in the same journal, but which the Committee has not included in its collection of extracts. Notwithstanding the contempt with which he must regard such slanders, the gravity unfortunately given to them by their official publication may not possibly induce him to take some public notice of the attack. I will not attempt to anticipate the observations he may think proper to make, should he do so, but will content myself with the remark that there appears to be nearly as much misapprehension as to the degree of protection which British subjects are entitled to anticipate in savage regions as with regard to the functions of the High Commissioner. Strictly speaking, none but those who are employed on public duty are entitled to such protection. Where, as in the recent case of the "Sandfly," men, not of their own free will, but in the service of the State, and in obedience to the command of its constituted authorities, are placed in situations of peril, the Government they serve may be said to be bound to protect them, and to punish injury done them whilst employed in its service; but where men for their own personal objects, and in defiance of warning, withdraw themselves from the operation of the institutions of their own country, they take their lives in their hands, and have no right to expect to receive the forcible support of the State whose sheltering protection they have left. Private parties cannot be allowed thus at their own will to force the hand (if such an expression may be used) of their Government. This is clearly understood in other parts of the world, and I know not why different maxims should prevail in Polynesia. The doctrine that wherever a trader thrusts his way he is to be followed by a man-of-war for his protection, and that if he loses his life in the pursuit of his enterprise, the Naval Force of the Country is to be employed to avenge his death on the countrymen of those who have killed him, is an altogether novel one.

When in Melbourne, in 1878, I explained this at some length to the promoters of an association for an expedition to New Guinea, then contemplated, and stated that it was "my duty formally and emphatically to declare that the British Government disclaim all obligation to protect or interfere on behalf of persons voluntarily placing themselves in positions of danger in a savage country, and that those who enter on such enterprises do so at their own risk and peril." I subsequently received official intimation that the language I then used was entirely approved by the Imperial Government, of which it correctly expressed the views.

Such also has most emphatically been the language of the United States Government, and of the jurists of that country, who have very clearly laid down that those engaged in such adventures forfeit all right to claim the protection of the State. But, though such protection cannot be claimed as a right, there are no doubt many cases in which it ought to be, and practically would be given. Each case must, however, depend on its own merits, and those merits it is often no easy task to ascertain. It by no means follows that, in every instance where a white man's life has been taken, a *casus belli* has been established. It is often difficult to assign any immediate cause for the act, and there is too frequently an entire absence of reliable evidence as to the attendant circumstances.

In many cases I have no doubt that massacres are perpetrated to gratify a mere savage thirst of blood, or to satisfy the cupidity excited by a display of tempting goods; but this is not always so. The murder may have taken place in some tribal broil—it may have been the result of previous quarrels—it may even be the just punishment of a grave offence, or the natural result of serious provocation—it may have resulted from a breach of customs having the force of law, of the consequences of breaking which the murdered man may have been himself well aware. The punishment of death is naturally and indeed necessarily often resorted to by barbarous nations, who have no means of carrying out long sentences of imprisonment or other secondary punishments. It is true that in England murder and treason are now the only capital offences, and that we are apt to regard the infliction of death for other crimes as unjustifiable; but it can hardly be a subject for wonder or complaint if among savage tribes punishments should be as sanguinary as among ourselves fifty or sixty years ago. Where a white man is put to death by savages for an offence which, if committed by one of themselves, would, with the general assent of the community, have entailed a similar penalty, it would generally (though not always) be difficult to say that an "act of war" had been committed.

The questions thus raised are numerous and intricate, nor is it my object now to follow them up in detail, but merely to point out that the apparently popular notion that, whenever an English trader or traveller is killed in Polynesia (though not if he be killed in any other savage region of the world out of the

the Queen's dominions), it is the duty of Her Majesty's Government to despatch an armed force to avenge his death, is not altogether a sound one, and that the expediency and propriety of such action entirely depend on the special circumstances of each particular case.

The graver charges of neglect of duty, and misuse of power, on the part of the High Commissioner, the Commodore, and the Chief Judicial Commissioner, being disposed of, the loose and inaccurate assertions on particular points scattered through this Appendix are in themselves little worthy of notice; but it may perhaps not be amiss to correct a statement so easily susceptible of correction as that on page 42, where we are told that "the natives are protected* by a High Commissioner and *many* Deputy-Commissioners, costing Great Britain some £20,000 annually." Now, the fact is that there are but *two* Deputy-Commissioners, one of whom receives a salary of £450, and the other a salary of £100, in addition to his pay as Her Majesty's Consul at Samoa. The Chief Judicial Commissioner receives £300 a year in addition to his salary as Chief Justice. The High Commissioner and Assistant High Commissioner draw no salary; and the whole cost of the working of the High Commission, including the expenditure incurred in the employment of Her Majesty's ships in passages, &c., has not in any year since its establishment amounted to £3,000, the amount annually voted for the purpose by the House of Commons.

Though not very closely connected with the subject of these outrages, the extracts from the *Sydney Daily Telegraph*, and acknowledged letters of Mr. Thomas, which the Conference has deemed worthy of reprinting, will be found to contain a good deal of severe censure on the Government of Fiji in respect of the policy it has pursued in the internal administration of that Colony. It is a policy which in India, as well as in Fiji, is misunderstood and misrepresented by those who, arrogating on the score of their colour an unlimited deference and obedience from their darker fellow-subjects, condemn institutions and chafe under restraints which are fortunately maintained with unimpaired rigidity by those to whom the destinies of that empire are confided. India is a great continent containing many millions of inhabitants; Fiji, a small group of islands inhabited by less than 120,000 people; but the same principles of government apply to both. The circumstances of the acquisition of Fiji, like those which have attended the rise of English power in India, impose a moral obligation to govern in the interests of its people. Fiji, like India, is no mere colony of white men planted on an empty waste, or for the first time cultivating a land hitherto only roamed over by nomadic savages. It is the home of a large and industrious settled population, who own and till the soil, and possess a social and political organization, by means of which the country is easily, peaceably, and cheaply governed. In Fiji, as in India, policy teaches the same lesson as justice, and proclaims, in tones not to be mistaken, that, when a native population outnumbers by more than fifty to one the strangers dwelling among them, it is not safe, even if it be practicable, to take out of their hands large powers of local self-government, and that to do so would inevitably cause widespread discontent, and in the end, armed collision.

Both in India and in Fiji, however, there are those who would grant to every white man, however irresponsible, the privileges belonging to the members of a ruling caste, who regard as "insolence" any independence of action on the part of the native landholders of the country, and as treason to white supremacy the retention in native hands of executive or judicial power,—who would rather see crime committed with impunity than permit the sacredness of the "dominant race" to be profaned by the touch of a native constable (p. 41).

It is not surprising that to such men the policy pursued with marked success in Fiji should be distasteful, or that they should express their disapproval loudly; but it is, I think, to be deplored that their reflections on the Government of a Colony not represented at the Conference should be republished under the auspices of that body. What would be thought of the good taste or propriety of the conduct of this Government, if it had reprinted and laid before the Legislature newspaper attacks on the internal administration of an Australian Colony:—the letters, for instance, which have lately appeared in a Sydney journal as to the alleged systematic and wholesale murder of natives in Queensland; or the attacks upon members of this or that Cabinet which might be gathered from the Victorian Press during the heat of an election contest? Yet what has been done in this instance is practically very similar; and Fiji, as an Australasian Colony not less sensitive to her rights and dignity than those of larger area and some years' longer history, has a right to ask why, if her affairs were to be a topic of discussion, she was not herself invited to take part in the Conference; and is entitled to protest against a course calculated to excite popular prejudice against the highest officials of her Government, especially those occupying the Bench of justice.

I cannot conclude this memorandum without expressing my regret that the Conference should not have availed itself of my offer, at least so far as to make some inquiry of me into the nature of the powers possessed by the High Commissioner. Had this been done, I do not think its members would have collected, and thought worthy of republication, allegations which they would then have known to be based on misapprehension. But I still more regret that, if it was originally intended that the subject of those powers should be discussed at the Conference, it should not have been mentioned in the circular sent to the different Governments, as a matter to which attention was to be invited, and that no intimation should have been given to the High Commissioner himself. The subject was certainly one of sufficient importance to warrant such mention if its introduction was contemplated. If, on the other hand, the question was raised without previous concert, it is, I think, still more unfortunate that the Conference should not have declined to enter into its consideration without previous communication with those from whom alone it could obtain accurate information on, at all events, some of the points raised, and that it should have allowed itself to be made a medium for the dissemination of slanders on men holding high and responsible situations, who had received no intimation of the intention of the Conference to investigate the nature of the functions committed to them by the Crown.

A. H. G.

Wellington, 26th February, 1881.

* That the protection of natives is not the primary object of the High Commission I have already shown.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

STATUS OF AGENT GENERAL.

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING THE APPOINTMENT OF CANADIAN REPRESENTATIVE
IN LONDON, &c.)*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 14 January, 1881.*

SCHEDULE.

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No. 1.

The Acting Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

5, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 2 July, 1880.

I have the honor to forward for your information an Imperial Parliamentary paper, having reference to the correspondence between the Imperial and Canadian Governments, relative to the appointment of Sir Alexander T. Galt as High Commissioner to represent Canada in England, and to reside in London.

The other Agents-General in London, with the exception of Mr. Macalister, who was unavoidably prevented, and myself, have met together to consider the question of the status of Agents-General in England, and we each undertook to forward, for the information of our respective Governments, a copy of the document herewith, and to direct attention to the action taken by Canadian Government in passing an Act which doubtless improves the status of her representative in England.

I have, &c.,

DANIEL COOPER.

[Enclosure.]

CORRESPONDENCE between the Imperial and Canadian Governments relative to the Appointment of Sir A. T. Galt as High Commissioner to represent Canada in England, and to reside in London.

No. 1.

The Right Hon. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Bart., to the Marquis of Lorne, K.T.

My Lord,

Downing-street, 1 November, 1879.

I received from your Ministers, during their recent visit to England, a confidential memorandum, of which I enclose a printed copy, urging the necessity of providing further means for constant and confidential communication between Her Majesty's Government and the Government of Canada, and recommending that a representative of the latter Government should be appointed to reside permanently in London, and that he should be granted a quasi-diplomatic position.

2. Her Majesty's Government are very sensible of the advantage which might result from the appointment by the Dominion Government of a gentleman who, residing in this country, would be fully empowered to explain their views on the various important questions connected with Canada, which, from time to time, demand consideration, and which might often be more satisfactorily, as well as more expeditiously, dealt with, if such means of oral communication were provided. Looking, however, to the position of Canada as an integral portion of the empire, the relations of such a person with Her Majesty's Government would not be correctly defined as being of a diplomatic character, and while Her Majesty's Government would readily accord to him a status in every way worthy of his important functions, his position would necessarily be more analogous to that of an officer in the Home service, than to that of a Minister at a Foreign Court.

3.

3. He would therefore primarily communicate with this Department on the various subjects which might be entrusted to him, and while Her Majesty's Government would readily avail themselves of any information he might afford, and give the fullest consideration to any representations he might make on behalf of the Canadian Government, it would, of course, rest with the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to determine in each case in what precise capacity his services might best be rendered in the event of any negotiations with a Foreign Court, on subjects affecting the interests of the Dominion. In some instances, for example, it might be desirable for him to remain in London and advise with Her Majesty's Government there, while in other cases he might, in accordance with the precedents which have been quoted, be more usefully engaged in assisting Her Majesty's representatives abroad.

4. I have deemed it necessary to refer to these details because it is desirable that there should be no misunderstanding as to the precise position which could be accorded by Her Majesty's Governments to an officer holding an appointment which the Government of Canada propose to establish, but I do not anticipate that the views which I have expressed will be felt by your Ministers as placing any insuperable difficulty in the way of the practical realization of their wishes; and I would only add that if such an appointment should be decided upon, it would seem, for the reasons I have stated, more appropriate that the officer should be designated by the title of "Dominion" or "Canadian Commissioner" than by any title implying a diplomatic status or position.

I have, &c.,

M. E. HICKS-BEACH.

[Sub-enclosure in No. 1.]

MEMORANDUM.

The policy of the Empire having devolved upon Canada the administration of the whole of British North America, and the care and protection of British interests therein, experience is daily showing the necessity of providing the means of constant and confidential communication between Her Majesty's Government and her local advisers in Canada, in extension of the more formal relations subsisting through the correspondence of the Secretary of State for the Colonies with the Governor General.

Canada has ceased to occupy the position of an ordinary possession of the Crown. She exists in the form of a powerful central Government, having already no less than seven subordinate local, executive and legislative systems, soon to be largely augmented by the development of the vast regions lying between Lake Superior and the Rocky Mountains. Her central Government is becoming even more responsible than the Imperial Government for the maintenance of international relations towards the United States, a subject which will yearly require greater prudence and care, as the populations of the two countries extend along and mingle across the vast frontier line, 3,000 miles in length.

The Canadian Government has, in short, become the trustee for the Empire at large, or half the continent of North America, and is bound to administer the trust not only for the benefit of the present limited population, but with the intention and policy of making the great resources of the Dominion in the highest measure promotive of the interests of the British people and the dignity of the Crown.

The organization, government, and settlement of the vast regions of British North America are all subjects which the Canadian Government must desire to deal with in the common interest of all, while in trade and commerce it is daily becoming more evident that advantage would arise in definitely settling such arrangements between the United Kingdom and her vast dependency as may produce more thorough identity of interest and more uniform policy towards each other, and towards foreign nations.

It appears to the Canadian Government eminently desirable to provide for the fullest and most frank interchange of views with Her Majesty's Government, and for the thorough appreciation of the policy of Canada on all points of general interest. Otherwise there appears to be danger of a feeling growing up of indifference, if not of actual antagonism and irritation on both sides. The idea must be avoided that the connection of Canada with the British Empire is only temporary and unabiding, instead of being designed to strengthen and confirm the maintenance of British influence and power.

It is now being found in practice that there are constantly questions arising, connected with the administration of affairs in Canada, requiring discussions in a mode, and to an extent wholly impracticable by the ordinary channel of correspondence through the Governor General; and periodical visits have to be made to London for this purpose by the important members of the Canadian Government, entailing serious inconvenience. At this moment the following subjects are thus under consideration: The Pacific Railway, and important collateral subjects—Treaties of Commerce with France and Spain—Esquimaux Graving Dock—Military defence of Canada generally, and of British Columbia more especially—while the fishery and commercial clauses of the Washington Treaty may, at any moment, be re-opened by the United States; with many other matters of importance connected with the better organisation of the military force of the Dominion.

It is manifestly impossible that the views of the Canadian Government on such subjects can be submitted for the intelligent consideration of Her Majesty's Government in any other mode than that of personal communication; and as the subjects themselves relate to different departments of administration, the necessity arises for the absence from their posts at this moment of not less than three Ministers.

It is further submitted that the very large and rapidly augmenting commerce of Canada, and the increasing extent of her trade with foreign nations, is proving the absolute need of direct negotiations with them for the proper protection of her interests. In most of the treaties of commerce entered into by England, reference has only been had to their effect on the United Kingdom; and the Colonies are excluded from their operation, a fact which has been attended with most unfortunate results to Canada, as relates to France. This is, to a certain extent, unavoidable, in consequence of the control of all customs having been granted to Canada; but a necessity has thus arisen for providing separate and distinct trade conventions with all foreign powers with whom Canada has distinct trade. With the different views held by the Parliament of Canada on such subjects, from those of Her Majesty's Government, there is a manifest difficulty in asking the latter to become responsible for the representations required to be made, and foreign governments find it difficult to understand our present system. The Canadian Government therefore submits that when occasion requires such negotiations to be undertaken, Her Majesty's Government should advise Her Majesty specially to accredit the representative of Canada to the Foreign Court, by association for the special object, with the resident Minister or other Imperial negotiator.

The suggestion is merely asking Her Majesty's Government to establish as a rule the precedent which was created in 1871, when Sir John A. Macdonald was made a member of the Joint High Commission

Commission to Washington, and later, in 1874, when Mr. George Brown was officially associated with Sir Edward Thornton at the instance of the Canadian Government for the purpose of negotiating a Treaty of Commerce between Canada and the United States.

With the view of giving effect to the foregoing policy, the Government of Canada suggests that Her Majesty's Government should consent to receive an official representative from Canada for the purpose of securing the most early and confidential communication of their views on all subjects; and that, when so requested, the proposed Minister should be duly accredited to Foreign Courts in the manner above mentioned.

The Canadian Government desires to surround the proposed appointment with all the importance which should attach to an official charged with such high duties. He should, therefore, be selected from the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, and specially entrusted with the general supervision of all the political, material, and financial interests of Canada in England, subject to instructions from his Government.

The dignity of the office, and the advantage of its proper recognition, especially at Foreign Courts, appear to require a more expressive title than that of Agent-General; it is therefore suggested that the designation should be Resident Minister, or such other name of equal import as Her Majesty's Government may suggest.

The Canadian Government attaches great importance to this matter, and hopes that Her Majesty's Government will see no insuperable difficulty in giving the Canadian Representative a quasi-diplomatic position at the Court of St. James, with the social advantages of such a rank and position.

JOHN A. MACDONALD.

S. L. TILLEY.

CHARLES TUPPER.

No. 2.

Governor General The Marquis of Lorne, K.T., to The Right Honorable Sir M. E. Hicks-Beach, Bart.

Sir,

Government House, Ottawa, 24th December, 1879.

I have the honor to transmit herewith, for your consideration, a copy of an approved report of a Committee of the Privy Council respecting the appointment of a Canadian Representative to reside in England, to be styled "High Commissioner of Canada" to confer with Her Majesty's Government on all important matters affecting the Dominion, which formed the subject of your despatch of the 1st November last, No. 1.

I have, &c.,

LORNE.

[Sub-enclosure in No. 2.]

Copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council for Canada, approved by His Excellency the Governor General, on the 22nd December, 1879.

THE Committee of Council have had under consideration the despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, dated 1st November last, upon the confidential memorandum of Sir John Macdonald, Sir Leonard Tilley, and Sir Charles Tupper, urging the necessity of providing further means for constant and confidential communication with Her Majesty's Government, and also for the representation of Canada in the future negotiation of Treaties of Commerce with foreign nations.

The Committee desire to express their gratification at the manner in which their views have been met by Her Majesty's Government, and they share in the conviction of Sir Michael Hicks Beach that no insuperable difficulty exists in the realization of their wishes.

The Committee recognize the fact that Canada cannot, as an integral portion of the Empire, maintain relations of a strictly diplomatic character. But they respectfully submit that while this is true as respects foreign nations, it does not accurately represent the actual state of facts in regard to the United Kingdom. Her Majesty's Government is unquestionably the supreme governing power of the Empire, but under the British North America Act, self-governing powers have been conferred upon Canada in many most important respects, and Her Majesty's Government may on these points be more correctly defined as representing the United Kingdom than the Empire at large. In considering many questions of the highest importance, such as the commercial and fiscal policy of the Dominion as affecting the United Kingdom, the promotion of Imperial interests in the administration and settlement of the interior of the Continent, and on many other subjects indeed on all matters of internal concern, the Imperial Government and Parliament have so far transferred to Canada an independent control that their discussion and settlement have become subjects for mutual assent and concert, and thereby have it is thought assumed a quasi-diplomatic character as between Her Majesty's Government representing the United Kingdom *per se* and the Dominion, without in any manner derogating from their general authority as rulers of the entire Empire.

The Committee would further respectfully submit, in elucidation of the views contained in the memorandum, that the Government of Canada, in respect of negotiations with foreign powers, in no respect desire to be placed in the position of independent negotiators. On the contrary, they are fully convinced that it is through the influence and support of Her Majesty's Government, and by the effective use of their carefully trained and thorough diplomatic service that they can alone look for any measure of success. And it is with the view most thoroughly to satisfy foreign governments of the identity of interests of Her Majesty with themselves that they have so strongly sought the most official recognition possible for their representative. And in making their suggestion on this point, the Committee have had in mind the position assigned to the delegates from Canada in 1865 and 1866, which was that of belonging to the diplomatic corps, taking precedence after the foreign Ministers.

As the representative of Governor General and Executive Government of Canada, and especially when dealing with negotiations with any foreign powers, the duties of the proposed officer will, the Committee consider, be of a nature more analogous to diplomatic than to home service, but they confidently leave

leave this subject in the hands of Her Majesty's Government, resting on the assurances conveyed in the despatch under consideration that Her Majesty's Government will accord to their representative a status in every way worthy of his important functions.

The officer will certainly primarily communicate with the Secretary of State for the Colonies on the various subjects on which he may receive instructions to address Her Majesty's Government, and the Committee do not doubt that every consideration will be given to such representations as he may make on behalf of the Canadian Government.

The Committee entirely agree that it will rest with the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs to determine in each case in what precise capacity the services of the Canadian Officer can be best rendered in the event of negotiations with Foreign Courts on subjects affecting the interests of the Dominion. Manifestly it would not be the desire of the Canadian Government that in every case their representative should be personally associated with the British Minister at the Foreign Courts, but only in such cases as might from their importance require it. On this point the Committee are fully assured that the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs will meet their reasonable wishes as has been done in the cases cited.

The Committee understand, however, that in all cases of commercial treaties Her Majesty's Government will direct early communication to be made to the Canadian representative so as to permit him to take the instructions of his Government, and to make such representations as may be called for to Her Majesty's Government.

With reference to the designation of the proposed officer the Committee desire to accept the suggestion of Her Majesty's Government. As, however, Commissioners are very frequently appointed for special services of minor importance, it is considered desirable to make the appointment to London distinctive by styling the officer "High Commissioner of Canada in London," the Committee on this point being convinced that in reference especially to Foreign Governments the designation and status are of real importance.

It is intended to create the office under statute at the next Session of the Canadian Parliament; but should the Public Service require an earlier appointment, the Committee confidently rely on Her Majesty's Government giving immediate effect to the views expressed in the despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, which, it is believed, are correctly understood by the Canadian Government.

(Certified). J. O. COTE,
Clerk, Principal Council, Canada.

No. 3.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies to Governor General, Canada.

(Telegraphic.)

London, February 7, 1880.

HER MAJESTY'S Government will recognize Sir A. T. Galt as High Commissioner under the Great Seal of Canada.

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

No. 4.

(Received 25th May, 1880.)

Governor General the Marquis of Lorne, K.T., to The Right Hon. the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Sir,

Canada, Government House, Ottawa, May 12, 1880.

I have the honor to transmit herewith attested copies of an Act passed during the last Session of the Dominion Parliament, intituled, "An Act for the appointment of a Resident Representative Agent for Canada in the United Kingdom."

I have, &c.,
LORNE.

[Sub-enclosure in No. 4.]

Ottawa, May 12, 1880.

I, ROBERT LE MOINE, Esquire, Clerk of the Parliaments, and Custodian of the Statutes of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, certify the subjoined to be a true copy of the original enactment passed by the Senate and House of Commons in the second Session of the fourth Parliament, held in the forty-third year of Her Majesty's Reign, and assented to in the Queen's name, by the Governor General, on Friday, the 7th day of May, 1880.

ROBERT LE MOINE, Clerk of the Parliaments.

Cap. 11.

An Act for the Appointment of a Resident Representative Agent for Canada in the United Kingdom.

WHEREAS the growing and varied interests of the Dominion render it expedient that Canada should appoint a Representative Agent in the United Kingdom to watch over those interests, who shall be duly accredited to Her Majesty's Imperial Government: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:—

1. The Governor may, under the Great Seal of Canada, from time to time appoint an officer to be called "The High Commissioner for Canada," who shall hold office during pleasure.

2. It shall be the duty of the High Commissioner:

- (1.) To act as Representative and Resident Agent of the Dominion in the United Kingdom, and in that capacity to execute such powers and to perform such duties as may from time to time be conferred upon and assigned to him by the Governor in Council.
- (2.) To take the charge, supervision, and control of the immigration offices and agencies in the United Kingdom, under the Minister of Agriculture.

(3.)

5

(3.) To carry out such instructions as he may from time to time receive from the Governor in Council respecting the commercial, financial, and general interests of the Dominion in the United Kingdom and elsewhere.

3. The High Commissioner shall receive a salary of not more than \$10,000 per annum, and the same shall be payable out of any unappropriated moneys forming part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada.

No. 5.

Governor General the Marquis of Lorne, K.T., to The Right Hon. the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

(Received May 25, 1880.)

Sir,

Canada, Government House, Ottawa, May 12, 1880.

With my despatch of this date I had the honor of forwarding to you attested copies of "An Act for the appointment of a Resident Representative Agent for Canada in the United Kingdom." I now enclose a copy of an approved Report of the Committee of the Privy Council, recommending that Sir Alexander Tilloch Galt, G.C.M.G., be appointed "The High Commissioner for Canada" under the Act above cited.

I have, &c.,
LORNE.

[Sub-enclosure in No. 5.]

Copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council for Canada, approved by His Excellency the Governor General on the 11th day of May, 1880.

On the recommendation of the Right Honorable Sir John A. Macdonald, the Committee advise that the Honorable Sir Alexander Tilloch Galt, G.C.M.G., be appointed "The High Commissioner for Canada" under the Act passed during the last Session of Parliament, intituled "An Act for the appointment of a Resident Representative Agent for Canada in the United Kingdom."

J. O. COTÉ, Clerk, Privy Council, Canada.

No. 6.

The Earl of Kimberley to Governor General the Marquis of Lorne, K.T.

My Lord,

Downing-street, May 27, 1880.

I have the honor to inform you that Her Majesty will not be advised to exercise her power of disallowance with respect to the Act of the Legislature of Canada, entitled "An Act for the appointment of a Resident Representative Agent for Canada in the United Kingdom," a transcript of which accompanied your despatch of the 12th instant.

I have, &c.,
KIMBERLEY.

No. 7.

Governor General the Marquis of Lorne, K.T., to The Earl of Kimberley.

(Received June 2, 1880.)

My Lord,

Citadel, Quebec, May 21, 1880.

I have the honor to transmit herewith a copy of an approved report of a Committee of the Privy Council, recommending that I should inform you that an Act had passed the Dominion Legislature authorizing the appointment of a Resident Representative Agent for Canada, and that Sir Alexander Tilloch Galt had been appointed to that office, and further that copies of the Act and the Commission should be transmitted to you.

In my despatches of the 12th May, I forwarded attested copies of the Act in question, and a copy of a report of Council appointing Sir Alexander Galt to the office of High Commissioner, and in my telegram of the 17th instant* I informed you that the Commission had been sent to Sir Alexander * Not printed. by the mail of the 14th instant.

I have, &c.,
LORNE.

[Sub-enclosure in No. 7.]

Copy of a Report of a Committee of the Honorable the Privy Council for Canada, approved by His Excellency the Governor General on the 18th May 1880.

On a memorandum dated 15th May, 1880, from the Right Honorable Sir John A. Macdonald, submitting for your Excellency's consideration that it is expedient, now that the Act appointing a High Commissioner for Canada has been passed and a Commission under the Great Seal issued, appointing Sir Alexander T. Galt, G.C.M.G., to that office, that the Colonial Minister should be informed of the fact of such appointment, and Sir Alexander Galt duly accredited to Her Majesty's Government as such High Commissioner; further, that copies of the Act and Commission should be transmitted with your Excellency's despatch on the subject.

The Committee concur in the foregoing memorandum, and recommend that the same be approved and carried out.

JOHN J. MCGEE, Assistant Clerk, Privy Council, Canada.

APPENDIX.

Commission appointing the Honorable Sir Alexander Tilloch Galt, G.C.M.G., to be High Commissioner, for Canada.

Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To the Honorable Sir Alexander Tilloch Galt, Knight, Grand Cross of our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George.

Greeting:

Whereas it is in and by an Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the forty-third year of our reign, chaptered eleven, and intituled "An Act for the appointment of a Resident Representative Agent for

for Canada in the United Kingdom," amongst other things, in effect enacted that the Governor may under the Great Seal of Canada from time to time appoint an officer to be called "The High Commissioner for Canada," who shall hold office during pleasure. And further, that it shall be the duty of the High Commissioner to act as representative and Resident Agent of the Dominion in the United Kingdom, and in that capacity to execute such powers and to perform such duties as may from time to time be conferred upon and assigned to him by the Governor in Council. To take the charge, supervision, and control of the Immigration Offices and Agencies in the United Kingdom, under the Minister of Agriculture. To carry out such instructions as he may from time to time receive from the Governor in Council respecting the commercial, financial, and general interests of the Dominion in the United Kingdom and elsewhere.

Know you, that reposing trust and confidence in the loyalty, integrity, and ability of you the said Sir Alexander Tilloch Galt, we do hereby nominate and appoint you the said Sir Alexander Tilloch Galt to be the High Commissioner for Canada:

To have, hold, exercise, and enjoy the said office unto you the said Sir Alexander Tilloch Galt, with all and every the duties, powers, rights, authority, privileges, emoluments, and advantages unto the said office of right and by law appertaining during pleasure.

In testimony whereof we have caused these our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness our right trusty and well-beloved Councillor, Sir John Douglas Sutherland Campbell (commonly called the Marquis of Lorne), Knight of our Most Ancient and Most Noble Order of the Thistle, Knight Grand Cross of our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor General of Canada, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

At our Government House in our City of Ottawa, this eleventh day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty, and in the forty-third year of our reign.

By Command,

J. C. AIKINS,

Secretary of State.

No. 2.

The Colonial Secretary, New South Wales to The Acting Agent-General, London.

Sir,

Sydney, 25 August, 1880.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 7th July, transmitting to this Government a copy of a Parliamentary paper containing the Act of the Dominion Parliament and the correspondence respecting the appointment of Sir A. T. Galt as High Commissioner of Canada, in England.

1. I have read this correspondence with much interest. It marks a material advance in the relations between Great Britain and the British possessions under separate Parliamentary Government.

2. The position of the Canadian Dominion is, however, very different from that of the Australian Colonies, and whatever changes may take place in the form and character of our representation in England, it is scarcely possible that the creation of the office of the Canadian High Commissioner will be closely followed. Canada is a Power uniting several political systems of long growth under one central governing authority, which derives national homogeneity from the threatening presence of a great foreign power as her immediate neighbour. These Colonies have not yet approached each other in any federal bond; and they have no foreign neighbour to awaken feelings of a common danger.

3. As at present advised, I do not think the proceedings of the Dominion Government in their new appointment can intimately affect the position of Agent General of this Colony, though I am anxious that the office of our representative should be invested with every importance befitting the large interest with which it is charged.

I have, &c.,

HENRY PARKES.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

AGENT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.
(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING INCREASES OF SALARY.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 9 February, 1881.

SCHEDULE.

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AGENT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

No. 1.

No. 75/87.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

London, 3 Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 6 August, 1875.

With reference to paragraph 3 of your letter, *No. 75-1,664, of the 16th April last, and to the concluding paragraph of Treasury paper B enclosed therewith, I have the honor to explain that the £500 drawn for 1873, and the £450 drawn for 1874 (for which £500 was originally drawn, but the excess of £50 was repaid to the Bank of New South Wales on the 24th February, 1875), is not on account of office rent and incidental expenses only, but is also on account of clerical assistance to the extent provided for in the Estimates. In 1873 this was shown in the Estimates in a lump sum of £500; but in 1874 it was subdivided into £200 for clerk, £50 for junior clerk, and £200 for office rent and incidental expenses, making £450 in all. It has not been found possible, however, to divide the allowance in these exact proportions; and therefore the practice adopted prior to 1874, when a lump sum was voted, has since been adhered to, and the proportion due for office and clerks has been drawn quarterly (now half-yearly) in advance, paid into an account in my name in the Imperial Bank, Westminster, and disbursed as required, as explained in paragraph 3 of Capt. Jopp's letter to the Treasurer, No. 12-75, of the 19th February last. It has been devoted to the payment of the office rent and incidental expenses, and to clerks (Mr. Robinson and Mr. Wade) to the extent shown in the return forwarded to you for the Blue Book with my letter of 11th June last (£209 4s.). Since its reduction by £50, the allowance, as hitherto apportioned, has been insufficient; but as in the 1874 Estimates no provision appears to be made for stationery (which was included in the detail provided for in 1873), I have drawn against the general account for the stationery bought in 1874 to the amount of £35 14s. 3d., vouchers being attached to the cheque, and I trust that this course will be approved. It will enable me to go through this year in the same proportion of payment as before, without any excess, which I could not otherwise have done on the reduced allowance.

I am now anxious, with a view to a more satisfactory arrangement in future years, to submit a revised scale, which I trust may meet with your approval. As explained in my letter of the 8th August, 1873, the present inadequate allowance has been supplemented from the Emigration vote; and if you approve of a continuance of this principle, the following is the scale which I would suggest. I do not include in it the Despatching Officer and his two clerks, who are entirely paid on the Emigration vote, but only my Secretary and the clerks in the General Department of my Office, whose share of Emigration work is roughly estimated at the proportion which I propose to pay to them out of the Emigration vote, the annual Estimates being thereby relieved to that extent.

Proposed revised Scale.

	Estimates.	Emigration.	Total.
Secretary	500 0 0	100 0 0	600 0 0
Accountant and Chief Clerk	200 0 0	50 0 0	250 0 0
Second Clerk	120 0 0	30 0 0	150 0 0
Third Clerk	80 0 0	20 0 0	100 0 0
Office rent, stationery, and incidental expenses (not including Emigration Office or expenses thereof)	250 0 0	.....	250 0 0
Total	£1,150 0 0	200 0 0	1,350 0 0

For purposes of comparison I now annex the

Former Scale.

	Estimates.	Emigration.	Total.
Secretary	300 0 0	100 0 0	400 0 0
Accountant and Chief Clerk	*109 4 0	80 0 0	189 4 0
Second Clerk	*100 0 0	20 0 0	120 0 0
Third Clerk .....	.....	60 0 0	60 0 0
Office rent and incidental expenses (not including Emigration Office or expenses thereof)	*240 16 0	.....	240 16 0
Total	£750 0 0	260 0 0	1,010 0 0

*(making up the total of £450 provided for clerks and office expenses.)

In comparing these two scales, you will observe that I have taken the opportunity of recommending an increase in the rates now paid to my clerks. You have already been pleased to accede to my recommendations in favour of my Secretary; and I now recommend the clerks for the following reasons—

1. The Accountant and Chief Clerk, Mr. William Robinson, has been in the service of the Agency for upwards of thirteen years: his duties are most onerous and important, and I cannot speak too highly of his zeal, integrity, and unremitting devotion to his work. He now receives in all £212 13s. 6d. per annum (being £23 9s. 6d. for extra time, in addition to the £189 4s. shown in the scale—this extra time payment I propose to discontinue in the event of your sanctioning the increased rate of £250), I trust that the proposed increase of £37 per annum will now be sanctioned in recognition of Mr. Robinson's long and faithful services up to this time.

2. Mr. John Alfred Wade has now been in the Office for three years; and I consider that the proposed increase of £30 (from £120 to £150) has been fairly earned by his zeal and attention to his work.

3. Mr. Henry Clive Croskey has been in the Office for two years, and has hitherto been paid entirely out of the Emigration vote, though his work only embraces a small proportion of Emigration duties. He received, first, £30, then £40, and now £60, as he is young, and has heretofore been regarded as to some extent on probation. He does all his work very well, and I recommend the increased rate of £100 for him as a more adequate remuneration.

With

* The letter, No. 75/1,664, relates only to payment of additional expenses and arrears of pay to the late Sir C. Cowper.

With regard to the Office allowance of £250, which I would propose in future to keep in a separate account (apart from the clerks, who would draw monthly the exact proportion of the amounts voted and authorized), it will be apportioned, in our present somewhat limited accommodation, as follows:—

Rent	£180	0	0
Housekeeper, for cleaning, lighting fires, &c....	20	0	0
Coals and gas	15	0	0
Sundries, including insurance, books, stationery, &c., say	35	0	0
Total	£250	0	0

Of these, the three first items are the amounts actually expended; and the last item, £35, is a very moderate estimate of what is likely to be required. The above £250 is an increase of £50 on the amount now voted; for this year, however, the amount already authorized will with the £35 explained above be sufficient.

I trust that these rates as detailed in the above proposed revised scale, will for the reasons stated recommend themselves to your approval, and I am assured that in point of economy they will compare favourably with those of the other Agencies. It would be a great satisfaction to me to be able to put them in force at once; and I would therefore request that, in the event of your being disposed to sanction the revised scale, I may receive your approval for this year, and your permission to make up the salaries for 1875 to the total shown in the revised scale, by drawing for the difference on the Emigration grant. For future years, I think that the proportion shown in the revised scale would be fair and adequate, and the partial charge against Emigration would obviate the necessity for asking for a largely increased sum in the annual Estimates.

I have, &c.,
CHARLES COWPER.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade, B.C., 24/9/75.—H.H. Accountant.—G.E., 25/9/75.

Memo.—Perhaps this letter may now be returned to the Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, as the Estimates are in course of preparation.—F.K., 4/11/75. The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade. The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department.—G.E., B.C., 4/11/75.

No. 2.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir, London, 3 Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 7 January, 1876.

With reference to Sir Charles Cowper's despatches to you, Nos. 86* and 87, of the 6th August, 1875, relative to his own salary and to his Office establishment, I have the honor to enclose herewith copy of three minutes which I directed Captain Jopp to submit to me on these subjects, to which I have appended minutes, in which you will observe that I recommend—

1. That a balance of £212 still due to Sir Charles Cowper should be provided and paid to his representatives. The deficient funds, which prevented full payment, are £250, as explained, but only £212 is due.
2. That the Clerk's salaries and office expenses allowance, as provided in the Estimates, be increased from an aggregate of £450 to £650, as detailed in the revised scale in Sir Charles Cowper's letter, and that for 1876 an additional £100 be paid to the three clerks in the proportions detailed, from the Emigration vote; but that after 1876 this additional amount be included in the Estimates, making £500 for clerks (£250, £150, and £100), and £250 for the Office, being £750 in all. I also recommend a bonus to each clerk for 1875 (£35, £30, and £20).
3. That Captain Jopp's increased salary of £500, as provided in the Estimates, continue for this year to be supplemented as before by an additional payment of £100 from the Emigration vote; but that after 1876 it be provided entirely on Estimates at the total rate of £600.

In making these recommendations, I have felt that the system which has recently been adopted of supplementing insufficient salaries from the Emigration grant is one which it is not desirable to continue, but that the full rates ought to be distinctly set forth in the Estimates and adhered to. This is the more desirable, inasmuch as a discontinuance of the Emigration grant would not enable us to alter the present permanent establishment (Agent General, Secretary, and three clerks), whose general duties would still be of such an extent as to be an argument against any reduction.

The above remarks do not apply to the proper Emigration Branch of the Office (Despatching Officer and two clerks), who will, of course, continue to be paid entirely from the Emigration grant as heretofore.

I have also much pleasure in enclosing a minute (No. 4) in which I recommend that Captain Jopp should, in consideration of the extraordinary duties which he has been called upon to perform, receive a bonus of £100 from the Agent General's salary, which has accumulated since the death of Sir Charles Cowper.

(With reference to a portion of the above, I telegraphed to you on the 30th ult. as follows:—“Cowper's despatches to you, 6th August last, 86. Shall I pay representatives here 212 pounds clearly due? 87. I recommend revised scale, and that Estimates, 1876, provide 650 pounds, as detailed in scale for clerks and Office.”)

I have, &c.,
WILLIAM FORSTER.

[Enclosures

*The letter number 86 relates only to arrears of pay to the late Sir Charles Cowper, as also the telegram alluded to in the latter part of this letter.

[Enclosures to No. 2.]

No. 1.—Sir Charles Cowper's Salary.

Minute for the Treasurer.

THE amount of salary due to Sir Charles Cowper, and not yet paid, as explained in my letter to the Treasurer, No. 12, of 19/2/75, and in Sir Charles' letter to the Chief Secretary, No. 86, of 6/8/75, is £212 0s. 2d. No reply has as yet been received to the latter letter.

The Treasury papers sent with Chief Secretary's letter, No. 1,664 of 16/4/75, show that £150 paid on 1st August, 1873, to Major Roberts, as Secretary, has been debited against Sir Charles' salary. And it is admitted (see my letter of 19/2/75) that £100 was overdrawn for office expenses in 1871 and 1872. But I do not think that it can be intended that this £250 was to be permanently debited against Sir Charles, though certainly the sums in question have never been provided in the Estimates. The Secretary took up his work in the beginning of 1873, but was not taken in the Estimates until 1874. His appointment was reported by Sir Charles on 24/1/73, approved by Chief Secretary on 22/4/73, and again referred to by Sir Charles on 8/8/73, when the payment to him of the £150 now in question was reported.

The excess of the £100 for the office in 1871 and 1872 is explained in my letter of 19/2/75. The expenses during the period in question appear to have rendered this excess unavoidable; the item of postages alone, which were paid from the Office funds instead of being recovered monthly as now, would fully account for the excess.—A.A.J., 29/12/75.

I RECOMMEND that the excess in question (£100) be provided for upon Estimates. It is obvious that the Government are also bound to repay to Sir Charles Cowper's representatives the other amount (£150) paid to Major Roberts by Sir Charles himself out of his own pocket.—W.F., 30/12/75.

No. 2.—Clerks Salaries and Office Expenses.

Minute for the Treasurer.

THE following shows the amounts paid to the clerks in 1875, and the amount recommended for 1876 in Sir Charles Cowper's letter to Chief Secretary, No. 87 of 6/8/75;—

	1875.	1876.	Difference.
Mr. Robinson	£212 13 6	£250 0 0—(£200 Est., £50 Emigration)	£37 6 6
Mr. Wade.....	120 0 0	150 0 0—(£120 Est., £30 Emigration)	30 0 0
Mr. Croskey.....	60 0 0	100 0 0—(£80 Est., £20 Emigration)	40 0 0
Total recommended for clerks for 1876, £500; being £400 Estimates and £100 Emigration.			

Sir Charles in his despatch recommended that the salaries for 1875 should be made up to the rates recommended for 1876, by paying out of the Emigration grant the difference as shown above.

The total for clerks for 1876, as shown above, would be £500, of which it was proposed that £400 should be placed on the Estimates, and that the remaining £100 should be paid out of the Emigration grant.

Adding to the £400 for clerks the amount of £250 recommended to be placed on the Estimates for Office expenses, would give £650 to be provided in the Estimates for 1876, being an increase of £200 on the £450 provided in the Estimates for clerks and Office expenses in 1875. (But £60 less would be charged to Emigration, as the clerks would only receive £100 from it, instead of £160 as in 1875.)—A.A.J., 29/12/75.

I RECOMMEND the above estimate to be adopted for 1876. It is probable that a simpler form, involving no charge upon Emigration, may be submitted when next the question comes up for consideration. I also recommend that the differences between this year and the next may be made up by the following payments, namely—

Mr. Robinson	£35	} From Emigration vote.
Mr. Wade.....	30	
Mr. Croskey.....	20	

W.F., 30/12/75.

No. 3.—Captain Jopp's Salary.

Minute for the Treasurer.

My salary on taking up my duties in February, 1874, was £400, being £300 provided in the Estimates and £100 paid from the Emigration grant. This was reported by Sir Charles Cowper in his despatch to the Chief Secretary, No. 325 of 20-374, and was approved by the Chief Secretary on 13/10/74.

After I had been for a little time under Sir Charles, he spoke of recommending me for an increase of salary. I had been disappointed in not continuing to receive a part of my military pay, about £200, which when I took up the appointment I thought that I should have drawn for a year; and Sir Charles named this sum as the amount of increase for which he would recommend me. After his recovery from the attack which kept him from work during the winter of 1874-5, he telegraphed on 24/2/75, recommending me to the new Government for £500 in the Estimates in place of £300. He did not then make any communication to Sydney about the £100 which I received from the Emigration grant, but he expressed his intention of continuing it, unless an intimation to the contrary was received from Sydney; and this, with the £300 in the Estimates increased to £500, would have raised my total salary from £400 to £600.

The increased amount of £500 in the Estimates was notified privately to Sir Charles in March, 1875, and he then spoke of my salary as increased by £200; but I did not at once draw the increase, as there was then no written authority. When however, in July, 1875, Treasury letter No. 487 of 14/5/75 was received, authorizing the salaries, &c., for 1875, only the amounts provided in the Estimates were mentioned, and no reference was made to the payments from Emigration; and Sir Charles Cowper therefore hesitated about continuing the payment of the £100 to me from that fund. I therefore suggested that I should cease to draw this £100 until a reply was received to his letter of 6/8/75 to the Chief Secretary, in which the revised scale for salaries and Office expenses is submitted, and I am shown for £600 (£500 Estimates and £100 Emigration); and I have accordingly drawn nothing from Emigration since June last.

Although I have stated the above on the basis of what has passed, I would prefer, under the circumstances, that your decision should rather be based on the actual merits of the case as they now present themselves to you, independently of promises or wishes on the part of Sir Charles Cowper. If, therefore, you think that £500 is a fair rate of salary, in view of the actual extent of my duties and responsibility, I should then consider that I had perhaps been too sanguine about the £600, which may have been determined by Sir Charles Cowper in view of an extent of responsibility on my part which was increased in consequence of his illness, and which may not devolve upon me so heavily in future.—A. A. JOPP, Capt. R.E., 29/12/75.

On due consideration of all the circumstances above stated by Captain Jopp, it appears to me that he is entitled to regard himself as having been promised, in one form or other, an actual increase of £200 upon his former salary, or in other words, a salary of £600, from the period when the change was to operate, that is to say, from the beginning of the year 1875. Moreover, upon further consideration of the merits of the case, as suggested by Captain Jopp, I am decidedly of opinion, in view of the increasing labour and responsibilities of the Office, that the salary, in one form or other, ought not to be less than £600 per annum. This of course includes payment for work connected with the Emigration Department, which has been hitherto always remunerated from the funds of that department. I have therefore no hesitation in directing that the above amount be made up from the Emigration vote. The course I take in this instance is of course subject to be modified or altered by the Government when submitted for their approval. And in future, with a view to simplify these payments, I recommend that the total amount of salary to each officer, now made up partly of money voted for the Office and partly of contributions from the Emigration vote, should, in the case of the Secretary, as of the other officers, be entirely borne upon the Estimates, and that the Emigration fund should thus be relieved of the payment of any portion of these salaries.—W.F., 30/12/75.

No. 4.

WHAT amount of salary for Agent General has accumulated since Sir Charles Cowper's death? Is the sum available or payable here or in Sydney.—W.F., 29/12/78.

Salary has been paid to date of Sir Charles Cowper's death, 19/10/75; the amount accumulated to 31/12/75 is £300. It is payable here.—A.A.J., 29/12/75.

It is obvious that if the Government contemplates submitting to Parliament any provision for the widow and family of Sir Charles Cowper, the above amount is too small to be taken into consideration. I have consulted Sir Daniel Cooper and Mr. Donald Larnach as to the advisability of recommending that some of the balance be paid to Captain Jopp, in acknowledgment of the extraordinary and responsible duties he was called upon to perform during and in consequence of Sir Charles Cowper's illness and since his death. I have much pleasure in obtaining their fullest concurrence in the recommendation I now make, subject of course to the approval of the Government and the subsequent sanction of Parliament, namely, that a bonus of £100 be paid out of the said balance to Captain Jopp accordingly.—W.F., 7/1/76.

Minute by the Colonial Secretary.

Were the matters referred to in this letter ever dealt with?—9/1. The money, £212, was paid to Sir Charles Cowper's representatives long ago. The proposed increase of salaries of officers appears in proposed Estimates for 1878.—10/1/78. Seen.—M.F. Put by.—10/1/78.

No. 3.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir, London, 3, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 24 November, 1876.

I have the honor to submit herewith for your favourable consideration an application from Mr. Andrews, in charge of the Emigration Department of this Office, for an increase of salary, which I have had pleasure in recommending in a minute on Mr. Andrews's letter.

I have, &c.,
WILLIAM FORSTER.

[Enclosure to No. 3.]

Mr. H. H. Speed-Andrews to The Agent General.

Sir, 3, Westminster Chambers, S.W., 23 November, 1876.

In consequence of the increased responsibility and labour devolving on me by the new scheme for the regulation of Emigration, and taking into consideration I have held my present appointment over twelve months, I now beg most respectfully to make application for an increment to my salary.

The work in this office during the present year has much increased, the register showing that over 1,500 letters have been received up to the present date,—more than were registered during the whole of last year; and in the past twelve months 1,542 statute adults have been dispatched, against 1,100 during the previous thirteen months.

Trusting my services have been such as to meet with your approbation, and to warrant my making this application,—

I have, &c.,
H. H. SPEED-ANDREWS, R.N.

Minute by Captain Jopp.

Agent General,—Mr. Andrews was appointed Emigration Officer on the 6th September, 1875, at a salary of £300, in succession to Mr. Chant, who had received £500. (Sir Charles Cowper considered Mr. Chant's salary to be very high; but Mr. Chant was an old and experienced officer, and we had the benefit of his experience in initiating our system of emigration).

The results of Mr. Andrews' work most certainly compare very favourably with those of his predecessor's.

When Sir Charles Cowper appointed Mr. Andrews, he spoke of a probable increase of salary in the event of the work being conducted satisfactorily; the present time, when under the new Emigration regulations his duties and responsibility are greatly enlarged, seems a reasonable one for considering favourably the application which he now makes.—A. A. Jopp, Capt., R.E., Secy., 24/11/76.

Minute by Agent General.

Regarding this application—partly as tending towards fulfilment of a species of understanding not strictly binding upon the Government, but as entitled to some weight, and partly justified by the undoubted increase of labour and responsibility arising out of the new regulations—I should be greatly disposed, were no other course open, to exercise the power vested in me to appropriate a certain portion of the Emigration funds in order to comply with the application; but as this mode of increase to any salary is obviously inconvenient, and certain steps have been lately taken in this Office with which it would be inconsistent, I prefer recommending to the Government that the increase of £50 per annum from Jan. 1, 1877, shall be made in the manner above adverted to, and thus giving myself an opportunity of obtaining their sanction for the course proposed.—W.F., 24/11/76.

Submitted, 10/1/77.

Minutes by the Colonial Secretary.

Mr. Andrews receives £300 per annum; his predecessor received £500 per annum.—10/1/77. Consultation.—JOHN R., 13/1/77. Bring up when Additional Estimates are under consideration.—JOHN R., 13/2/77.

No. 4.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir, London, 3, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 16 February, 1877.

I have the honor to submit for your favourable consideration what appear to me the claims of this Office to participate in the benefits of the Civil Service Regulation Bill lately introduced, in the event of that measure becoming law. Not that I have any reason to think that you would not, in the absence of any such communication from me, concede the propriety of recognizing the Agent General's Office, which is annually dealt with and provided for in detail by the Appropriation Act, in common with other branches of your department, as one which, from its conditions as well as from its importance, may fairly claim recognition under the proposed Bill; but there are certain points in connection therewith to which I think it my duty to direct your attention.

As you are aware, this Office is at present divided into two departments or branches, one general and the other specially for Emigration, the former permanent, the latter in some degree temporary. The former consists at present of an Accountant and Chief Clerk, with two clerks under him; the latter of an emigration officer, and, at present, five clerks. The staff in the Emigration Branch varies with the requirements

requirements of the time; that in the General Branch (which embraces the Emigration accounts) is permanent, and could not, in my opinion, so long as the duties of the Agency, apart from Emigration, continue on their present footing, be reduced without inconvenience and disadvantage. In my supervision of both branches I am assisted by the Secretary, whose duties are more immediately in connection with the General Branch, but who also exercises control, under me, over the Emigration Branch, and investigates all Emigration questions previously to their submission to me. The Secretary thus is, or ought to be, capable, on an emergency, and at least for a time, of taking the place of the Agent General; and his authority by delegation from myself making it necessary that he should be familiar with every detail of the very varied subjects which pass through the Office, renders his duties onerous as well as important. (In the latter part of the memorandum of Messrs. Mackrell & Co., enclosed under cover of my despatch No. 25 of the 9th March last, the propriety of legalizing this delegation, under certain circumstances where a legal power is necessary, has been already set forth.)

None of the above officers, except myself, hold any commission or appointment from the Governor in Council. I submit that it is desirable, as it probably may also be necessary for the purposes of the Bill in question, that the Secretary should hold a commission (as is the case in the South Australian Agency, where the Secretary, under the title of Assistant Agent General, has his delegated duties clearly authorized and defined); and perhaps even that the appointments of the three clerks in the General Branch, who appear with myself and the Secretary in the Appropriation Act, should be duly notified in the Government Gazette. It may be also a question whether the "Emigration Officer" (a term I consider preferable to that of "Emigration Agent," or merely "Despatching Officer"), should not hold a commission, or at least be nominated in the Gazette. His position, and that of the Emigration clerks, is however different from that of the General Branch, inasmuch as the Emigration Branch does not appear in the Appropriation Act, being paid directly from the Emigration grant. The benefits of increased salary under the Bill in question might however be extended to the Emigration Branch by my being authorized to augment their salaries under the scale in the Bill; but I presume that they would not benefit from the Superannuation clauses unless their appointments were of a sufficiently permanent character to justify their being gazetted.

I now desire again to invite your attention to an important point in connection with the salaries of the General Branch, which I brought to your notice in my despatch (written when I was Colonial Treasurer) of 7th January, 1876, and minutes enclosed therewith. I then, in recommending increased salaries for the three clerks, which Parliament has since ratified upon Estimates, proposed that after 1876 these salaries, as well as that of the Secretary, should not be paid, as had previously been the practice, partly on Estimates and partly from the Emigration vote; but that in 1877, and in future years, the full amounts should be provided on Estimates. I need not now repeat the reasons for this recommendation, into which I fully entered in the despatch and minutes above quoted; but it is obvious that the existence of the proposed Civil Service Regulation Bill would be an additional argument in favour of the actual salaries sanctioned and paid being provided on the Appropriation Act. If it be not so, the officers in question, while their general value is in other respects recognized by the full amount of their salaries, would for the purposes of the Bill only receive the benefit of a portion of their salaries; they would therefore fail to obtain full recognition of their qualifications and merits, except in so far as these are measured by a portion of their salaries. I therefore trust that if it be not too late my recommendation may be adopted for the current year, in order that the class of each officer under the Bill may be fixed by the amount of salary. All payments from the Emigration vote would then be discontinued to the officers of the General Department of this office.

The clerks' salaries would then stand in the Estimates as follows:—

Accountant and Chief Clerk (William Robinson)	... ..	£250	0	0
Second Clerk (John Alfred Wade)	... ..	150	0	0
Third Clerk (Henry Clive Croskey)	... ..	100	0	0

The above are the total amounts actually paid for 1876 (as per return forwarded under cover of my despatch No. 24^A, of 16 November last), being £200 on Estimates and £50 from Emigration for Mr. Robinson, £120 on Estimates and £20 from Emigration for Mr. Wade, and £80 on Estimates and £20 from Emigration for Mr. Croskey. The changes proposed would involve a slight increase in the Estimates, but no actual increase of expenditure, as the payments from Emigration would cease.

Mr. Robinson would thus be placed in the fifth, and Mr. Wade and Mr. Croskey in the sixth class under the Bill; and I consider that each of them is worthy of the benefits which he would thereby derive.

In the case of the Secretary, his salary would, if my former recommendation were adopted, appear in the Estimates for 1877 as £600 (for 1876 Captain Jopp has received £500 on Estimates and £100 from Emigration Fund). This would place the Secretary in the third class, the salaries in which range from £500 to £650: but as the salaries in 1877 are to fix the class to be permanently occupied under the Bill, I think it right to take this opportunity of submitting for your consideration my opinion as to the position and emoluments which I think ought to attach to the office of the second responsible officer in this department, by whatever name he be called. His present salary, £600, would place him in the third class, of which the highest limit is £650, to be reached by annual increments of £25. But considering the arduous duties and high responsibilities, liable at times to be, if not always, equivalent to those of the Agent General himself, and the high qualifications accordingly required for this office, I cannot but think that it would tend to the efficiency of the Service, and to secure a suitable class of men, if by a slight increase of salary in 1877, say to £650—the lowest limit admissible for the purpose—he were to be placed by the Bill in the second class, and thus be entitled to look forward to attaining at some future period the maximum salary of £800 by annual increments of £30,—a result however which could not be arrived at by Captain Jopp before 1882, after eight years service in the department.

I also trust that the recommendation in my despatch No. 22^B of the 24th November last, in favour of Mr. Andrews, may meet with your approval; the Emigration Officer would then receive £350 for 1877, and would thereby be placed in the fourth class, with the prospect of eventual increase to £500, which latter sum was the amount paid to Mr. Andrews' more experienced predecessor, but which under the Bill could only be reached by Mr. Andrews in the year 1885, after upwards of nine years service in the Emigration Branch of the department.

In conclusion I desire to express my earnest hope that the above recommendations, which are forwarded to you by the first mail after my receipt of the Civil Service Regulation Bill, may not receive

less favourable consideration on account of the somewhat late period at which they must necessarily come before you. The importance of some action this year has appeared to me to be so great that I am most anxious to submit the above questions—which are of such interest to the staff of this Office—at the earliest possible date.

I have, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER.

The Bill has not yet been passed.—6/4/77. Submitted for perusal.—6/4/77.

Minute by Colonial Secretary.

Put by for the present, but resubmit if any new Civil Service Bill is introduced.—H.P. 9/4/77.

No. 5.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

London, 3, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 13 April, 1877.

I have the honor to request your favourable consideration of Minute No. 4, enclosed under cover of my despatch of the 7th January, 1876 (written when I was Colonial Treasurer), in which, with the concurrence of Sir Daniel Cooper and Mr. Larnach, I had the pleasure of recommending that some of the balance of the Agent General's salary which had accumulated since Sir Charles Cowper's death should be paid to Captain Jopp, in acknowledgment of the extraordinary and responsible duties which he was called upon to perform during and in consequence of Sir Charles Cowper's illness and after his death. The amount suggested was £100; for which there was then available a balance on the Agent General's salary for 1875 of £296 18s. 4d., in addition to which there has since accrued the sum of £159 11s. 9d., being the unexpended portion for 1876 prior to my appointment as Agent General on the 7th February, 1876.

Submitted.—
30/5/77.

How can this money voted by Parliament as salary to an officer now dead be so applied to another: it would be illegal. Legally falls back into the Consolidated Revenue.

It was duly submitted, but appeared impossible.

As no reply has been received to the above recommendation, I fear that it may have been overlooked, and I therefore now think it right, as upwards of a year has elapsed, again to submit it for your most favourable consideration.

Under cover of the same despatch I had also the pleasure of confirming, in Minute No. 2, a recommendation made by Sir Charles Cowper on the 6th of August, 1875, for an increase of salaries to the three clerks on the permanent establishment of this Office. The Estimates for 1876 provided this increase for 1876; but in the latter part of my minute, following the recommendation in the latter part of Sir Charles Cowper's above quoted letter, I recommended that the salaries for 1875 be increased by the following payments from the Emigration grant:—

Mr. Robinson, Accountant and Chief Clerk	... ..	£35
„ Wade, Second Clerk	... ..	30
„ Croskey, Third Clerk	... ..	20

Obviously illegal, and should not be allowed.—
15/1/78.

As no sanction of the above has as yet been received, I beg also again to recommend it for favourable consideration.

The other recommendations contained in my despatch and minutes above referred to have been carried out, except the suggestion that the salaries of the permanent establishment should be paid entirely on Estimates, instead of partly on Estimates and partly from the Emigration grant as has hitherto been the custom. I need not repeat the objections which I thought it right to urge against the existing system; but I would again recommend that the payments from the Emigration grant towards the salary of the above officers (Captain Jopp, £100; Mr. Robinson, £50; Mr. Wade, £30; and Mr. Croskey, £20) be replaced by a vote on Estimates for the total of their salaries as now sanctioned, subject to the increase of £50 to Captain Jopp recommended in my despatch, No. 47, of the 16th February last. The amounts would then stand as follows:—

I am not aware of any authority for enlarging voted salaries by additions from the Immigration vote, nor should it be allowed.—
15/1/78.

Captain Jopp	... ..	£650
Mr. Robinson	... ..	250
„ Wade	... ..	150
„ Croskey	... ..	100

May be placed on Estimates for 1878 for consideration.—JOHN R.,
23/11/77.

This would of course involve no actual increase of expenditure, except the £50 for Captain Jopp.

I have, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER.

No. 6.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

London, 3 Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 26 July, 1877.

I have the honor to request your favourable consideration of my despatch, No. 220/76, of the 24th November last—to which no reply has as yet been received—recommending that the salary of Mr. H. H. Speed-Andrews, Immigration Officer, be increased from £300 to £350 per annum from the 1st January, 1877.

I also mentioned my above recommendation in my despatch, No. 77/39, of the 16th February last; but as this despatch made reference to the Civil Service Regulation Bill, which has since been withdrawn, the suggestions contained therein may not have been considered. I am anxious however, apart from the connection of my despatch with the Bill in question, to invite your favourable consideration of that part of it which deals with the provision on Estimates of the full salaries of the permanent establishment of this Office, and of the recommendations which I have therein submitted respecting the duties, position, and salary of Captain Jopp.

I have, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER.

Minute by Colonial Secretary.

For consideration when dealing with the Estimates for 1878. In the mean time to go on.—
JOHN R. No. 7.

No. 7.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir, London, 3 Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 15 November, 1877.

I have the honor to invite your early and favourable consideration of my enclosed minute of this date on a Schedule of despatches, &c., respecting the establishment of this Office, to which as yet no reply has been received, and also of my minute on a report from Captain Jopp as to the amount for office rent and incidental expenses.

I have, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER.

Submitted, 10/1/78.

[Enclosure.]

London, 3 Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W.

SCHEDULE of despatches, &c., from Mr. Forster to Chief Secretary, respecting the establishment of the Agent General's Office, to which as yet no reply has been received.

No. 1. Recommendation by Mr. Forster, as Colonial Treasurer, in Minute No. 2, under cover of his despatch of 7/1/76, that Mr. Robinson should receive £35, Mr. Wade £30, and Mr. Croskey £20, from Emigration vote, by way of increase of salary for 1875, towards making up differences for that year which has since been authorized and paid for subsequent years.

This was a recommendation of an increase for a past period on salaries voted by Parliament, and illegal.—10/1/78.
Voted salaries cannot be supplemented in this way from funds intended for other purposes.—10/1/78.

No. 2. Recommendation by Mr. Forster, as Colonial Treasurer, in Minute No. 4, under cover of same despatch of 7/1/76, that Captain Jopp should receive, out of £300 Agent General's salary, undrawn from Sir Charles Cowper's death on 19/10/75 to 31/12/75 (in addition to which a further undrawn sum of £159 has since accrued, from 1/1/76 to Mr. Forster's appointment on 7/2/76), the sum of £100, "in acknowledgment of the extraordinary and responsible duties he was called upon to perform during and in consequence of Sir Charles Cowper's illness and since his death"; in which Sir Daniel Cooper and Mr. Larnach, having been consulted by Mr. Forster, fully concurred.

No. 3. Same despatch (Mr. Forster as Colonial Treasurer) of 7/1/76, recommending that salaries of permanent establishments should be provided in full on Estimates, and not in part only from Estimates, with difference made up from Emigration vote as at present. Permanent establishment, and salaries attaching thereto, could not be reduced if immigration were discontinued.

No. 4. Agent General's despatch, No. 76/220 of 24/11/76, recommending that the salary of Mr. Andrews, Emigration Officer, be increased from £300 to £350, from 1st January, 1877, for reasons fully stated in the despatch and enclosures.

The Civil Service Bill did not pass.—10/1/78.

No. 5. Despatch No. 77/39 of 16/2/77, submitting claims of Agent General's Department to participate in benefits of Civil Service Regulation Bill, then lately introduced. Explaining nature of Office arrangements, more particularly duties of Secretary. Referring to despatch No. 76/37 of 9/3/76, as to provision for delegation to Secretary, under certain circumstances, of the Agent General's powers. Suggested that Secretary should hold commission from Governor in Council, with improved position, under some such title as Assistant Agent General (as in South Australian Agency). That appointments of three clerks on permanent establishment, and perhaps also of Emigration Officer, be notified in Government Gazette. Repeating recommendation in despatch of 7/1/76 (No. 3 above) as to provision on Estimates of full amount of salaries of permanent establishment. That Captain Jopp's salary should rise to £300; and that in order to place him in this class under the Bill, £650 be put on Estimates as his salary for 1877, being an increase of £50 on his present salary of £600 (£500 on Estimates and £100 from Emigration vote)—the reasons being fully set forth in the despatch. Repeating recommendation previously made in despatch No. 76/270 of 24/11/76 (No. 4 above), that Mr. Andrews' salary be raised from £300 to £350.

The salary voted for the Agent General could not be appropriated.—10/1/78.

No. 6. Despatch No. 77/185 of 13/4/77, requesting consideration of despatch of 7/1/76 (No. 2 above) as to payment to Captain Jopp of portion of Agent General's unexpended salary for special services during Sir Charles Cowper's illness and after his death; and also as to increase of salaries for 1875 of clerks on permanent establishment (No. 1 above). Again urging provision on Estimates of full salaries of permanent establishment (No. 3 and No. 5 above), being, for 1877, Captain Jopp £650, Mr. Robinson £250, Mr. Wade £150, and Mr. Croskey £100 (involving no actual increase of expenditure, except £50 for Captain Jopp as recommended in No. 5).

No. 7. No. 77/272 of 26/7/77, again requesting consideration of recommendation of £50 increase of salary for Mr. Andrews (No. 4 and No. 5 above); and urging that withdrawal of Civil Service Regulation Bill should not prevent favourable consideration of recommendation as to provision on Estimates of full salaries of permanent establishment (No. 3, No. 5, and No. 6 above), and as to position and salary of Captain Jopp (No. 5 and No. 6 above).—W. F.

Nos. 1, 2, and 3.—These recommendations were first made by me in my capacity of Colonial Treasurer, and it is not improbable that this very circumstance, which should have given and was intended to give them additional weight, has led to their being overlooked, under some possible impression that they had been carried into effect as a mere matter of course. However this may be, the fact remains that they have not been, so far as I am aware, attended to in any way. I therefore consider this a fitting opportunity, pending or subsequent to a general election and the inauguration of a new Parliament, to again bring the recommendations and the subjects they involve under the notice of the Government, and to renew the recommendations contained and specified in paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4. It is obviously just to the parties concerned that whatever claims they have or consider themselves to have should be settled one way or other with the least possible delay, and they certainly have some reason to complain that these claims should have been so long held in suspense, and the matter so strangely overlooked for a period of about twenty-two months. Whatever may be thought of all the other recommendations, the one contained in paragraph No. 3, for placing the salaries of the clerks in this Office not connected specially with emigration in full upon general Estimates, is too manifestly expedient and convenient to require any support from argument. In regard to the increase of salary to Mr. Andrews, as this salary is entirely paid from the Emigration Fund, I need scarcely point out that I might assume the assent of the Government to my recommendation, in the absence of any evidence or intimation of the contrary.

In regard to paragraph No. 5, as there appears no immediate prospect of a Civil Service Regulation Bill, such as proposed, becoming law, of course such recommendations as depended upon that Bill are of no effect. But I desire the others to remain in force, especially those relating to "delegation to Secretary, under certain circumstances, of the Agent General's powers"; as also "that Secretary should hold commission from Governor in Council, with improved position, under some such title as Assistant Agent General, as in South Australian Agency." And as the failure of the Bill in question must deprive the Secretary of any benefits he might derive from my recommendations in favour of systematic increase of salary, it may not be considered unreasonable, and I recommend accordingly, that his salary should be permanently increased to the rate of £750 per annum, and that provision be made on Estimates for such amount.—W. F., 15/11/77.

Office rent and incidental expenses.

Agent General,—

The sum of £250 per annum, allowed for office rent and incidental expenses, from 1876 inclusive, as recommended by Sir Charles Cowper, in his despatch No. 76/87, of 6/8/75, was very modestly estimated, and has proved insufficient for 1877.

A reference to the above-quoted despatch will show that for rent, coals, and gas, £215 was explained to be required, leaving a margin of £35 only for books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, for which this year there will be a deficiency of about £15, in spite of the very great care which is exercised in order to avoid all unnecessary expenditure.

A fourth clerk—much required, and now paid, objectionably it must be admitted, from the Emigration grant—costs £25 to £40; and our increasing work and confined accommodation render it most desirable that we should if possible have a larger office, of course at a higher rent. To meet all this, another £100 will not be more than sufficient, and I therefore suggest that you ask for £350, in lieu of £250, for the office rent and incidental expenses item for 1878.

A. A. JOPP, Capt. R.E.,
Secy., 12/11/77.

Such a recommendation as the above can surprise no one who considers the probable, or who is in the least acquainted with the actual, increase of business of this department, corresponding as it necessarily must with the progress and increasing necessities of the Colony I represent. This appears to me a convenient time to submit the proposal at the commencement of a new Parliament. But in fact the necessity for such increase arose much earlier, and has been pressing upon the action and availability of the various offices concerned with more or less of public inconvenience for a considerable time. I have some reason to believe that the original Estimate was framed with some expectation and intention of supplementing it in cases of emergency from the Emigration Fund. But it is obvious that this course, both for constitutional and official reasons, is undesirable in any case, and if possible ought to be avoided in all. I have been unable to avoid it in the employment of the extra clerk, which may be now regarded as permanent. And it is obvious that the necessity for increased office accommodation, which is becoming daily more inevitable, cannot be met from such a source. I have in repeated despatches, which are being made the subject of another memorandum, ventured to recommend not only additions to the salaries of the officers under me, but that the total amounts of these salaries—at present partly defrayed from the Emigration Fund—should be permanently provided for upon the general Estimates. If at any time the Emigration Fund should be exhausted or discontinued, the supplementary amounts certainly could not now be withdrawn without injustice to the officers employed, or indeed with much prospect of retaining or procuring efficient service in future. Under all the circumstances, I consider Captain Jopp's suggestions rather within the mark, and therefore recommend that in future a sum of £400 be asked from the Legislature for the office expenses of the Agent General, and I trust that the subject may receive from the Government the earliest possible attention and consideration.

It must be understood that the office expenses above alluded to do not include Emigration Office Expenses, which are defrayed from the Emigration vote—the Emigration Offices and all the clerks specially appertaining thereto being quite distinct and in a separate part of the building.

W. F., 15/11/77.

Minutes by Colonial Secretary.

Noted herein.—It will be necessary, as the Agent General presses, to tell him that his recommendations cannot be entertained, and why.—M F., 10/1/78.

Inform Mr. Forster that, under the hurried circumstances in which the Estimates for this year were prepared, the Government had to fall back on the common expedient of refusing all increases.—M.F., 21/1/78.

No. 8.

The Colonial Secretary to The Agent General.

Sir,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 28 January, 1878.

In reply to your letter of the 15th of November last, inviting an early and favourable consideration of your minute transmitted therewith on a schedule of unanswered despatches from you respecting the establishment of your Office, and of your minute on a report from Captain Jopp as to the amount for office rent and incidental expenses, I have the honor to inform you that, under the hurried circumstances in which the Estimates for the current year were prepared, the Government had to fall back on the common expedient of refusing all increases.

2. As regards the proposed allowances to Captain Jopp from the salary of the Agent General, which was withdrawn from the 19th October, 1875, to the 7th February, 1876, and to Messrs. Robinson, Wade, and Croskey for 1875, from the Emigration vote, it is regretted that your recommendation cannot be acceded to.

I have, &c.,

MICHL. FITZPATRICK.

No. 9.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

London, 3, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 28 March, 1878.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch of the 28th January last, No. 78/26, in reply to mine of the 15th November last, relative to the establishment and expenses of this Office.

I have further the honor to express respectfully my regret and disappointment at the course the Government have felt it their duty to take in dealing with the increases and expenditure proposed. To the parties directly concerned, that is to say, to the officers under me who were intended to and would have benefited by my recommendations, of course the disappointment natural under the circumstances has been greatly aggravated by the unusual delay in disposing of the recommendations in question; but I have no reason to suppose that their zeal or industry in the performance of their duties has been or will be in any degree lessened by the course taken. As from the terms of your despatch I gather that the consideration of my proposal in regard to the increase of salary to Captain Jopp and of the office expenses has been only postponed, I have no difficulty whatever upon public grounds, and upon further reflection, in renewing my recommendations to the same effect, for which the same reasons which then existed appear to me still to exist even more strongly than before. I have the honor, moreover, to submit that such recommendations from an officer in my position can scarcely be regarded as upon precisely the same footing with similar recommendations from heads of departments in the Colony, but must necessarily be considered as less subject to adverse comment or objection and as entitled to greater weight, from the circumstance of the officer making the recommendations being unable to enforce them by personal or immediate explanations, and the consequent difficulty of making the Government fully conversant

conversant with all the circumstances, motives, and reasons, which if fully understood might reasonably or even imperatively influence them in arriving at a favourable conclusion. To this consideration must be added that of the possibly greater inconvenience which may ensue should the recommendations be refused, in consequence of the absence of any immediate remedy by such an appeal to, and by such an interposition of, executive authority, as is resorted to in cases of emergency at times when a strictly authorized expenditure is not practicable, or when Parliamentary ratification is not available. In the present case I trust the inconvenience may not be serious; but as regards the office expenditure, I venture to remark that, if I had not anticipated that great inconvenience would occur from the inadequacy of the funds provided, I should not have made the recommendation which I felt it my duty to make. It is obvious that if the funds in this or any other such case should be inadequate, I shall hardly be able to escape the dilemma of either suffering the public service to suffer from probable want or inefficiency of machinery, or of expending public money without authority, Parliamentary or otherwise, as the case may be.

The obvious advantage of placing the entire salaries of the permanent establishment upon Estimates, instead of as at present paying them partly from the special fund so provided, and partly from Emigration funds, and the inconvenience of the existing practice, scarcely require to be insisted on.

As regards the proposed allowance of £100 to Captain Jopp, and the bonus to Messrs. Robinson, Wade, and Croskey, for 1875, as the decision of the Government appears final, however much I regret it, it does not appear to me that I am called upon to make any further representations.

With regard, however, to Captain Jopp's duties, I think it right that I should again point out that they require far more than ordinary intelligence, ability, and integrity; and I am bound to add that they have been performed by Captain Jopp with a devotion and assiduity which could not be easily found elsewhere or immediately replaced, involving, moreover, as they do, much of the same sort of personal attention and responsibility as are imposed upon myself, and sometimes even more in matters of detail. I have therefore again the honor to submit, for public reasons before adverted to, it is most desirable that they be recognized and confirmed by the issue to Captain Jopp of a commission from the Governor in Council, appointing him Assistant Agent General as well as Secretary of the Agency, with powers under the Agent General, and by delegation from him when necessary.

With regard to the salary of the Emigration Officer, Mr. Andrews, as his salary and those of his branch of the Office, are properly provided entirely from the Emigration grant, the disposal of which is entrusted to me, I have now sanctioned an increase to Mr. Andrews of £50 per annum from January, 1877, inclusive. I am encouraged to this course by the fact that I remarked, in the minute of 15th November last, to which your despatch of the 28th January is a reply, that "in regard to the increase of salary to Mr. Andrews, as this salary is entirely paid from the Emigration Fund, I need scarcely point out that I might assume the assent of the Government to my recommendation, in the absence of any evidence or intimation of the contrary," and that in your despatch of the 28th January no reference whatever to Mr. Andrews is made.

It may be convenient in conclusion that I should summarize the recommendations which, in the hope that at an early date they may receive favourable consideration, I now desire to renew, and for such arguments in their favour as may not have been repeated in this despatch, I have again the honor to invite a reference to the papers submitted under cover of my above quoted despatch of the 15th November last, and to the other despatches, &c., therein specified,

1. That having regard to the circumstances set forth in my despatches No. 76/37, of the 9th March, 1876, and No. 78/15, of the 18th January, 1878, the position and powers of the Agent General be defined by Colonial legislation, clothing him with authority to do all acts necessary to be done in England on behalf of the Government or any of its incorporated officers, and that in such legislation there should be provision for delegation by the Agent General of his powers and authority in case of necessity, for special purposes, to the next officer in his department.
2. That the said next officer receive a commission from the Governor in Council, appointing him Assistant Agent General, as well as Secretary of the Agency, with properly constituted powers under the Agent General, and by delegation from him when necessary, as recommended in No. 1; that the salary of this Office be £750 per annum, in lieu of £600 only as now paid to the Secretary; and that a commission as above be forthwith issued to Captain Jopp, who has for upwards of four years most zealously and efficiently performed the duties proposed to be recognized and confirmed as above recommended.
3. That the Assistant Agent General's salary of £750, as recommended in No. 2, and also the salaries of the three clerks on the permanent establishment of this Office, be provided in full on Estimates, and not in part from the Emigration vote, the said provision, including the amount for office rent and incidental expenses, being as follows:—

Assistant Agent General and Secretary to the Agency (Captain Jopp)...	£750
Accountant and Chief Clerk (Mr. Robinson)	250
Second Clerk (Mr. Wade)	150
Third Clerk (Mr. Croskey)	100
Office rent and incidental expenses	400

It is to be observed that the above amounts, although they apparently involve an increase of £500 on the amounts now provided on Estimates, imply an actual increase of £300 only (Capt. Jopp £150, and office expenses £150), as the payments now made to the permanent establishment from the Emigration grant—Capt. Jopp £100, Mr. Robinson £50, Mr. Wade £30, and Mr. Croskey £20; total £200—would be discontinued, in consequence of the rates tabulated above being provided on Estimates.

I have, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER.

11

No. 10.

Minute by Colonial Secretary.

INFORM Mr. Forster that, whilst the Government are prepared to admit that there is much force in the argument that his position entitles his recommendations to peculiar weight, and whilst they will as a rule be prepared to endorse his action in any unforeseen matter, they cannot divest themselves of their responsibility to Parliament for the permanent staff of his department. And it is with unfeigned regret I have to inform him that my colleagues do not concur in the propriety of appointing an Assistant Agent General at a salary of £750 per annum. Agreeing fully with him that all the salaries should be voted instead of a portion being paid from Immigration funds, Captain Jopp's salary will be placed on the Estimates at £600 per annum and the rest of the salaries as proposed by Mr. Forster.—M.F., 15/6/78.

No. 11.

The Colonial Secretary to The Agent General.

Sir,

Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 19 June, 1878.

In reply to your letter of the 28th of March, in answer to mine of the 28th of January last, concerning your proposals with regard to the establishment and expenses of your Office, I have the honor to inform you that, whilst the Government are prepared to admit that there is much force in the argument that your position entitles your recommendations to peculiar weight, and whilst they will as a rule be prepared to endorse your action in any unforeseen matter, they cannot divest themselves of their responsibility to Parliament for the permanent staff of your department.

2. And it is with unfeigned regret that I have to inform you that my colleagues do not concur in the propriety of appointing an Assistant Agent General at a salary of £750 per annum.

3. Agreeing fully with you that all the salaries should be voted instead of being paid in part from Immigration funds, I have the honor to inform you that Captain Jopp's salary will be placed on the Estimates for next year at £600 per annum, and the rest of the salaries as proposed by you.

I have, &c.,

MICHL. FITZPATRICK.

No. 12.

Telegram from Agent General to Colonial Secretary.

London, 23 December, 1878.

EARNESTLY request you reconsider my letter 28th March recommending increase 1879 Jopp's salary and office expenses.

No. 13.

Telegram from Agent General to Colonial Secretary.

London, 24 December, 1878.

ESTIMATES received. Secretary, Accountant, Second Clerk, Emigration Officer, virtually no increase. Again earnestly recommend Jopp £750. Presume remainder Emigration staff paid from Emigration. See Blue Book.

No. 14.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir,

London, 3, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 27 December, 1878.

I have the honor to inform you that the telegram which I addressed to you on the 23rd instant,—

“ Earnestly request you reconsider my letter 28th March, recommending increase 1879 Jopp's salary and office expenses,”

was suggested by, and despatched after, my receipt on that day of your telegram of the 21st instant announcing the formation of a new Administration. I thought that I might, on such an occasion, which must necessarily more or less involve a reconsideration of public expenditure, including that of this office, properly submit a renewal of the recommendations embodied in my letter of the 28th March last, to which the late Government had replied, on the 19th June last, by a letter taking generally the form of an objection to the alteration proposed by me of the title of Secretary to that of Assistant Agent General (under commission from the Governor and Executive Council), with a salary increased from £600 to £750 per annum—such alteration and increase of salary having been intended to be in some respects a recognition of, and as appropriate to, the onerous and important duties attached to the office of Secretary, and performed so satisfactorily by Captain Jopp—and thereupon informing me that “ Captain Jopp's salary will be placed on the Estimates for next year at £600 per annum, and the rest of the salaries as proposed by me.” A reference to my letter of the 28th March will show that while *my proposal* involved an increase of salary to Captain Jopp of £150, no actual increase, on the other hand, was involved by the placing of Captain Jopp's salary at £600, and the rest of the salaries as proposed by me, upon the Estimates. In fact, the proposal, when thus limited, will be seen, on reference to my letter, to have simply had the effect of making an adjustment of votes and accounts, which was obviously desirable and proper, by charging to the vote for the permanent establishment of this Office a portion of the salaries (Secretary, £100; Accountant and Chief Clerk, £50; Second Clerk, £30; and Third Clerk, £20—£200 in all), which had hitherto been borne by the Emigration vote. However, the Chief Secretary's letter of the 19th June embodied practically an objection to increased expenditure; and in that sense it was loyally, though with natural disappointment, accepted by Captain Jopp. But, as already suggested, it may not now be amiss to return to the subject, both from a general point of view and in due recognition of the services of Captain Jopp.

It

It is now necessary for me to explain my second telegram, of the following day (24th instant), on this subject,—

“ Estimates received. Secretary, Accountant, Second Clerk, Emigration Officer virtually no increase. Again earnestly recommend Jopp £750. Presume remainder Emigration staff paid from Emigration. See Blue Book.”

On that day I received the San Francisco mail of the 7th ultimo, and with it the Estimates of the late Government, from which it appeared that, while the salary proposed for myself was, without the least suggestion or solicitation on my part, increased from £1,500 to £2,000, which so far as I am personally concerned I have the honor gratefully to acknowledge, the salaries of the Secretary, of the Accountant and Chief Clerk, and of the Second Clerk, virtually remained at their former rates; but that from the absence of any explanation regarding the former practice of part payments from Emigration referred to above, which were now replaced by a vote in full on Estimates, an appearance of a real increase, wholly contrary to the fact, was, no doubt unintentionally, conveyed. And misconception on this point was rendered still more probable by the insertion of an explanatory note, which, while it appeared to have reference only to the apparent increase of £350 on account of the Emigration Officer's salary,—now introduced for the first time as part of the permanent establishment of this Office, instead of being as before a charge against the current Emigration vote,—ought properly to have extended its purport to the salaries for 1879 of the Secretary, Accountant and Chief Clerk, and Second Clerk, in such a way as to show, as explained above, that their salaries had not actually been increased at all. I therefore felt it my duty to endeavour, in my second telegram, at once to prevent any possibility of misapprehension on this point. And since I telegraphed, I have observed, in the *Sydney Morning Herald* of the 7th November, that the erroneous deduction which I had regarded as possible has actually been drawn in the Colony, inasmuch as it is stated that “ each of the four officers under the Agent General come in for an increase of salary.”

Having thus explained my two telegrams, I have the honour again to invite attention to the circumstances urged in my letter of the 28th March last, and other correspondence therein referred to, in favour of the alterations affecting the Secretary which I then recommended, and which may now commend themselves to your own knowledge of the duties appertaining to the office, and of Captain Jopp's services to the Colony, as both appropriate and well deserved. And I trust that, apart from the question of alteration of title, and irrespective of general considerations, the increase of salary, from £600 to £750 or £800, on original or supplementary Estimates for 1879, will appear to you to be a suitable recognition of the arduous and responsible services rendered by Captain Jopp, during a period extending over nearly five years. From February 1874 until Sir Charles Cowper's death in October 1875, Captain Jopp had a very onerous share, and for many months practically the entire responsibility, of the duties of the Agency, to his satisfactory and efficient performance of which I have had the highest testimony, which I have no doubt you will be able to supplement from your own knowledge and experience of the time in question. And since my arrival in England in December 1875, and assumption of my present duties in February 1876, I have had such close and intimate personal experience of Captain Jopp's ability and diligence in the performance of his arduous duties, that I feel that I cannot express myself too strongly in favour of his claims to any special recognition which it may be in the power of the Government to offer. I am quite aware that the personal merits of any public officer, however fitly they may be made the subject of special rewards, do not properly furnish the best or strongest reasons for permanent increase of his salary, the amount and character of which are more properly affected and determined by considerations of a more general nature; but it seems to me that, as I could not justly suffer the representations which I formerly thought it my duty to make to the same purport to be altogether lost sight of, without a further effort to give them practical effect, my present recurrence to the subject might not improperly strengthen the more direct arguments for an increase of official expenses and remuneration derived from the constant and very large increase,—naturally and inevitably caused by and corresponding with the increased importance of the Colony,—of the labours and responsibilities of this department. In the case of my own office and duties, these considerations appear to have had their due weight, without personal reference to or from myself; and as regards the office and duties of Secretary, considered from the same point of view, I think that they may fairly be regarded as analogous, and perhaps equal in labour and responsibility, to those of an Under Secretary of a Public Department in Sydney; and that when to this consideration is added that of the great expense of living in London, about £800 a year will be admitted to be not more than adequate remuneration.

I may also perhaps with propriety take this opportunity of recommending a slight increase to the salaries of the Accountant and Chief Clerk, and of the Second Clerk. I observe that in the Estimates for 1879 the salary of the Third Clerk has been raised from £100 (£80 on Estimates and £20 from Emigration in 1878) to £125; and I am glad to be able to recognise this increase as not more than has been fully deserved by Mr. Croskey, whose share of the clerical duties of the office is very important, and whose work is always done in a most efficient and satisfactory manner. But similar increases for Mr. Robinson and Mr. Wade are also well deserved. Mr. Robinson has been in the service of the Government for nearly seventeen years, and I cannot speak too highly of his zeal, integrity, and attention. And while I am unwilling to institute comparisons between his work and that of other servants of the Government in similar or analogous capacities, I cannot refrain from observing that, on the same page of the Estimates on which the name of the “ Accountant and Chief Clerk” in my department appears, there also appears this year, for the first time, that of a “ Chief Clerk and Accountant” in the Immigration Department in Sydney; and that while to the former office, the importance of which may be in some degree measured by the amount and importance of the Government accounts which pass through my department, the sum of only £250 is allotted, there is proposed for the latter, which I cannot but think must be inferior in importance and responsibility, a salary of £300. But apart from this comparison, I think it right to recommend, on the merits of the case, that Mr. Robinson's salary be raised from £250 (£200 on Estimates and £50 from Emigration in 1878) to £300; and that of the Second Clerk, Mr. Wade, from £150 (£120 on Estimates and £30 from Emigration in 1878) to £180. It will be remembered that the clerks in my Office are in a great measure debarred from the opportunities of promotion in their own or into other departments which are as a rule open to other deserving officers in the service of the Government; and this consideration, in addition to those already urged, will I think be regarded as an argument in favour of an increase of salary in recognition of long and faithful service. It would then of course be my duty, in the event of such an increase being

being sanctioned, to bear in mind that a part of the salary thus determined was in recognition of past service; and I therefore should not necessarily, on the occurrence of a vacancy, allot to the new holder of the office the augmented salary which had been provided on Estimates for his predecessor.

I observe with satisfaction that the amount for office rent and incidental expenses has been increased by £150 (from £250 to £400) as recommended by me; and that it further includes the sum of £53, in addition to £83 6s. provided on Supplementary Estimates for 1878 and previous years, in reimbursement, as promised in Chief Secretary's letters No. 78-3,645 of the 13th May and No. 78-5,906 of the 27th August last, of the income tax paid in England by myself and by certain officers of my establishment on account of our colonial salaries.

I have, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER.

Submitted.—19/2/79.

No. 15.

The Agent General to The Colonial Secretary.

Sir, London, 3, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 14 August, 1879.

I have the honor to forward for your consideration an appeal which has been addressed to me by the clerks of this department in regard to their salaries, to which I have appended my own remarks, and I have the honor to invite your careful attention to the request preferred to me.

I have, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER.

[Enclosures to No. 15.]

Messrs. William Robinson, John Alfred Wade, and H. Clive Croskey to The Agent General.

Sir, London, 3, Westminster Chambers, Victoria-street, S.W., 14 August, 1879.

We reluctantly, but very respectfully, venture to appeal to you again on behalf of an increase to our respective salaries. We are not unmindful of your kind efforts to further our interests; and in again asking this favour at your hands, we hope you will not consider that we have forgotten your kindness in regard to our former applications; but the difficulty we experience in maintaining ourselves upon the limited income we receive compels us once more to seek your kind intercession with the Government on our behalf.

It will be within your recollection that it is close upon four years since either of us received any increase. We submit that our salaries, when compared with those paid to clerks of other similar departments, will be found very low indeed; and when it is recollected that the cost of rent and living in London increases yearly, it will be admitted, we trust, that our application is neither unreasonable nor unworthy of your earnest support, and we hope recommendation for the special consideration of the Colonial Government.

We also desire to place on record the fact that, although we are repeatedly compelled by press of business, and by reason of the limited staff of this Office, to work "overtime," not unfrequently writing the whole night long, we have never received any payment for so doing, nor have we ever made any application for it. We do not, however, make this statement to indicate discontent, but simply for the purpose of making known the facts to the authorities in Sydney. We feel assured that if the Government were to take into consideration the large output of work performed by the three clerks at your disposal, they would, apart from other considerations, need no other proof to justify them in paying us adequate remuneration that should relieve us of undue anxiety.

We venture to suggest your telegraphing to the Colony requesting that the increases, which you have already been good enough to recommend for this year, be placed on the Supplementary Estimates, and that due provision be made in the Estimates for 1880 for such further amounts as you may think we deserve. We have been prompted to make this suggestion by the fact that, in the *Sydney Morning Herald* of 3rd May last, Sir Henry Parkes proposed to the Legislative Assembly that the Estimates for 1880 should, if possible, be passed before Christmas. It is therefore obvious that no time should be lost.

We have, &c.,

WILLIAM ROBINSON, Accountant and Chief Clerk.
JOHN ALFRED WADE.
H. CLIVE CROSKEY.

Minute by Agent General.

THE course taken by the Government in this matter seems to me to imply refusal to grant the increase asked, and accordingly precludes me from taking any such course in opposition to their intentions as would obviously be involved by paying such increase out of the Emigration grant; nor, under the circumstances, as the Legislature is not sitting, and will not sit for some months, can I see any advantage in telegraphing to Sydney. All that is open to me, therefore, is to forward the letter with the least possible delay, and re-submit the question to the Government, with an expression of my complete adhesion to my former recommendation in favour of the increase.—W.F., 14/8/79.

SCHEDULE of Salaries paid in Office of Agent General for New South Wales.

	Present Salary.	Amount of Increase recommended.	Total Salary for 1879.
William Robinson, accountant and chief clerk	£250	£50	£300
John Alfred Wade, second clerk	150	30	180
Henry Clive Croskey, third clerk	100	50	150

Minute by Colonial Secretary.

Submitted, 30/9/79. Re-submit when Estimates are under consideration by Cabinet.—H.P.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

CIVIL SERVICE.

(PARTICULARS RESPECTING PERSONS EMPLOYED IN THE.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 8 March, 1881.

RETURN (*in part*) to an *Order* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 25th of March, 1880, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“(1.) A Return showing the number of persons employed in the Public Service of the age of sixty-five years and upwards; also their names, salaries, dates of appointment, and the Departments in which they are employed.

“(2.) A like Return of all persons who have been thirty-five years or upwards in the Public Service.”

(*Mr. Farnell.*)

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

Name.	Salary.	Date of Appointment.	Department.	Age.	Length of Service.
		Nil.			

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

CIVIL SERVICE.

(PARTICULARS RESPECTING PERSONS EMPLOYED IN THE.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 9 March, 1881.

FINAL RETURN to an *Order* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated the 25th March, 1880, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“(1.) A Return showing the number of persons employed in the Public Service of the age of sixty-five years and upwards; also, their names, salaries, dates of appointment, and the Departments in which they are employed.

“(2.) A like Return of all persons who have been thirty-five years or upwards in the Public Service.”

(*Mr. Farnell.*)

CIVIL SERVICE.

No. 1.

RETURN showing the number of persons employed in the Departments of the Colonial Secretary of the age of sixty-five years and upwards.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
<i>Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces</i>				
1	Major Thomas Baynes...	£365 per annum	20 June, 1861	Brigade, Pay, and Quarter Master.
<i>Police.</i>				
2	Henry Zouch ...	£500 per annum	1 October, 1834...	} Superintendents of Police.
3	James Garland ...	£450 "	1 March, 1862...	
<i>Prisons.</i>				
4	Matthew Walker ...	£175 per annum	— July, 1838	
5	Samuel Caldwell ...	£160 "	— June, 1863	
6	James Fitzgerald ...	£160 "	— October, 1859	
7	R. Godson ...	£200 "	— November, 1859	
8	Mary Gourlay ...	£ 55 "	— September, 1864	
9	Thomas Brown ...	7/- per diem	— April, 1858	
10	C. Armstrong ...	3/7½ "	— December, 1847	
11	William Callinan ...	6/- "	— May, 1862	
12	C. Rispen ...	9/- "	— 1842	
13	A. McInnes ...	7/3 "	— August, 1855	
14	William Boon ...	7/- "	— May, 1863	
15	C. Murphy ...	7/- "	— December, 1864	
16	G. L. Hunt ...	7/- "	— June, 1854	
17	S. Shannon ...	7/- "	— March, 1863	
18	A. Witts ...	7/- "	— August, 1863	
19	William Money ...	7/- "	— May, 1858	
20	William Riordan ...	7/- "	— November, 1863	
21	John Ryan ...	7/- "	— January, 1864	
<i>Lunacy.</i>				
22	James Cranny ...	£78 per annum...	1 June, 1869	
<i>Immigration.</i>				
23	George Foster Wise ...	£500 per annum	— February, 1851	Agent for Immigration.
<i>Government Asylums.</i>				
24	R. C. Rutter ...	£350 per annum	21 February, 1873	Surgeon of Erysipelas Hospital and Government Asylum, Parramatta.

No. 2.

RETURN showing the number of persons employed in the Departments of the Colonial Secretary, who have been thirty-five years and upwards in the Public Service.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
<i>Legislative Assembly.</i>				
1	Stephen Wilson Jones...	£800 per annum	2 November, 1843...	Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Shorthand Writer, Legislative Assembly.
2	James Hugh Palmer ...	£600 "	1 January, 1844...	
<i>Prisons.</i>				
3	Christopher Rispen ...	9/- per diem	— 1842...	
<i>Audit.</i>				
4	Christopher Rolleston ...	£900 per annum	1 January, 1843	Auditor General.

RETURN—so far as regards the Departments under the control of the Colonial Treasurer—to an Order of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 25th March, 1880, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

"(1.) A Return showing the number of persons employed in the Public Service, of the age of sixty-five years and upwards; also their names, salaries, dates of appointment, and the Departments in which they are employed.

"(2.) A like Return of all persons who have been thirty-five years or upwards in the Public Service."

(Mr. Farnell.)

No. of Persons employed.	Names.	Salaries.	Dates of Appointment.	Departments in which employed.
RETURN No. 1.				
1	Thomas Bain	£275 per annum	9 June, 1860	Treasury Department.
	W. A. Duncan	£1,000 "	14 May, 1846	
5	T. Godfrey	£415 "	8 February, 1858	Customs Department.
	S. Levy	£365 "	5 March, 1860	
	T. Brooks	£275 "	16 July, 1862	
	J. Halloran	£225 "	17 November, 1865	
1	George Donaldson	£110 "		Stores Department.
2	Haynes Gibbes Alleyne M.D.	£600 "	11 May, 1848	Health & Emigration Officer's Department.
	Michael Farrelly	£175 " *	1 July, 1855	
5	A. Hinton	£250 "	14 May, "	Marine Board Department.
	H. Hoadley	£180 "	1 March, 1859	
	T. Birkenshaw	£200 "	15 April, 1872	
	J. Pennington	£100 "	1 June, 1874	
	W. Lee	£96 "	1 " 1877	
1	Joseph Jager	£150 " †	8 April, 1867	Glebe Island Abattoir.
RETURN No. 2.				
2	W. N. Llewellyn	£530 per annum	6 January, 1842	Customs Department.
	J. H. Maddocks	£530 "	15 February, 1843	
1	R. Blake	£450 "	1 " 1840	Distilleries Department.
1	William Tipping	£200 "	3 October, 1842	Government Printing Office.
1	John Carroll	£150 "	16 November, 1841	Health and Emigration Dept.

20 persons.

* Services not continuous.

† Allowed a residence.

No. 1.

RETURN showing the number of persons employed in the Departments of the Attorney General of the age of sixty-five years and upwards.

No.	Name.	Salary.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
1	Frederick William Meymott.	£1,000 per annum	28 August, 1856 ...	District Court Judges and Chairmen of Quarter Sessions.
2	Joshua Frey Josephson..	£1,000 "	27 October, 1868 ...	

No. 2.

RETURN showing the number of persons employed in the Departments of the Attorney General who have been thirty-five years and upwards in the Public Service.

Nil.

No. 1.

No. 1.

RETURN showing the number of persons employed in the Departments under the control of the Postmaster General of the age of sixty-five years and upwards; also, their names, salaries, and dates of appointment.

Name.	Office held.	Annual Salary.	Date of Appointment.
William Doolan... ..	Stamper and Sorter, Head Office ...	£175	22 May, 1853.
Francis Isaac	Official Postmaster, Scone	£150	1 October, 1860.
Thomas Rushforth	Letter-carrier, Goulburn	£132	13 January, 1857.
James Scowcroft	Official Postmaster, Redfern	£150	7 September, 1861.
William Edwd. Shaw	Post and Telegraph Master, Raymond Terrace.	£195	16 April, 1868.
Henry Wheeler	Official Postmaster, Muswellbrook ...	£125	1 August, 1856.

No. 2.

RETURN showing the number of persons employed in the Departments under the control of the Postmaster General who have been thirty-five years or upwards in the Public Service.

Nil.

[3d.]

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE FOR 1881, AND SUPPLEMENTARY
ESTIMATES FOR 1880 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

(MESSAGE No. 8.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 8 February, 1881.

AUGUSTUS LOFTUS,
Governor.

Message No. 8.

In accordance with the provisions contained in the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends to the consideration of the Legislative Assembly the accompanying Estimates of the Expenditure of the Government of New South Wales for the year 1881, together with Supplementary Estimates for the year 1880 and previous years.

*Government House, -
Sydney, 8 February, 1881.*

ESTIMATES
OF THE
PROBABLE EXPENDITURE
OF THE
GOVERNMENT
OF
NEW SOUTH WALES,
FOR THE YEAR
1881.

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,
8 FEBRUARY, 1881.



SYDNEY : THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

[3s. 6d.]

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Do. Minister of Justice	87		
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Do. Railways	114		
Do. Secretary for Lands.. .. .	99		
Do. Secretary for Public Works	110		
Do. Secretary for Mines	126		
Do. Attorney General	91		
Money Order and Government Savings Bank Department	118		
Museum—Curator	56		
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Museum—Australian Endowment	1		
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N			
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		Do. Runs	124 & 125
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		“Vernon”—Nautical School Ship	55
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ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE.

ABSTRACT of the ESTIMATES of the PROBABLE EXPENDITURE of the
GOVERNMENT of NEW SOUTH WALES, for the Year 1881.

Page.	GENERAL HEADS OF SERVICE.	Appropriated for 1880.	Required for 1881.
	I. SCHEDULES A, B, AND C, TO SCHEDULE 1, OF 18 & 19 VICTORIA, CAP. 54:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
5	Provided by the Constitution Act	40,086 17 10	39,461 7 0
5	Provided by Colonial Acts	5,850 0 0	5,850 0 0
		45,886 17 10	45,311 7 0
5	Additional Expenditure	2,135 0 0	1,929 0 0
9	II. EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE	21,423 0 0	22,170 0 0
13	III. THE COLONIAL SECRETARY	607,584 5 8	611,266 0 0
35	IV. THE TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE	301,072 0 0	308,315 0 0
51	V. MINISTER OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION	418,040 0 0	583,822 0 0
61	VI. MINISTER OF JUSTICE	186,478 0 0	199,206 0 0
89	VII. THE ATTORNEY GENERAL	28,820 0 0	32,639 0 0
93	VIII. THE SECRETARY FOR LANDS	359,747 10 0	354,691 0 0
	IX. THE SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS—		
101	PUBLIC WORKS GENERALLY	893,510 0 0	806,347 0 0
111	RAILWAYS	751,374 0 0	796,450 0 0
115	X. THE POSTMASTER GENERAL	421,636 0 0	443,433 0 0
121	XI. THE SECRETARY FOR MINES	76,714 0 0	75,187 0 0
		4,068,533 15 8	4,235,455 0 0
		4,114,420 13 6	4,280,766 7 0
	SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.	1880.	1881.
	Interest on Debentures and Funded Stock	650,000 0 0	650,000 0 0
	Towards the payment of Interest and Extinction of the Railway Loan of 1867 (£1,000,000), 31 Vic. No. 11	70,000 0 0	70,000 0 0
	Drawbacks and Refund of Duties	40,000 0 0	40,000 0 0
	Revenue and Receipts returned	100,000 0 0	100,000 0 0
	Charges on Collections	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0
	Endowment of the University of Sydney	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0
	Endowment of the Australian Museum	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
	Endowment of the Sydney Grammar School	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0
	Endowment of the Affiliated Colleges	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0
	Endowments under the Municipalities Act	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0
	Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
	Judges under the District Courts Act	7,000 0 0	7,000 0 0
	Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0
	Pensions under the Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873	8,600 0 0	8,600 0 0
	Endowment of the Municipal Council of Sydney, 43 Vic. No. 3	25,000 0 0	25,000 0 0
	International Exhibition—Appropriation of Fees, 43 Vic. No. 8	20,000 0 0	.....
	Commissioners of Customs, 42 Vic. No. 19	600 0 0	600 0 0
	TOTAL SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS	972,200 0 0	952,200 0 0
	GRAND TOTAL... ..	£ 5,086,620 13 6	5,232,966 7 0

NEW SOUTH WALES.

—◆—

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE

1881,

DETAILED.

I.

Schedules A, B, and C, to Schedule 1,

OF ACTS 18 & 19 VICTORIA, CAPUT 54.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	REQUIRED FOR 1881.
		£ s. d.
	SCHEDULE A:—	
6	Provided by the Schedule 18,050 0 0	
6	Provided by Colonial Acts 5,850 0 0	
	————— 23,900 0 0	
6-7	SCHEDULE B AND SUPPLEMENT 8,524 19 0	
	Chargeable on the Schedule 6,595 19 0	
	—————	1,929 0 0
	SCHEDULE C:—	
7	Public Worship 14,815 8 0	
	—————	
	ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURE £	1,929 0 0
		—————

The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. I.—SCHEDULES.			PROVIDED IN SCHEDULE.	PROVIDED BY COLONIAL ACTS.
SCHEDULE A.			£	£
His Excellency the Governor			7,000	.....
The Chief Justice			2,000	600
Three Puisne Judges, at £2,000			3,000	3,000
One Temporary Judge ... ..			.....	2,000
The Colonial Secretary			2,000	.....
The Colonial Treasurer			1,250	250
The Auditor General			900	.....
The Attorney General			1,500	.....
The Governor's Private Secretary			400	.....
TOTAL		£	18,050	5,850
SCHEDULE B.			AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
Pensions.				
To JUDGES, who have retired from office:—				
Sir Alfred Stephen, C.B., K.C.M.G., late Chief Justice			1,400	
Sir John Nodes Dickinson, late Puisne Judge			1,050	
				2,450
To OFFICERS OF THE GOVERNMENT who, on political grounds, retired, or were released from office, viz.:—				
Francis Lewis Shaw Merewether, formerly Auditor General			900	
				900
To THE UNDERMENTIONED PENSIONERS, according to the Scale and Rates fixed by the Superannuation Act of the Imperial Parliament, 4 & 5 Gul. IV., cap. 24, viz.:—				
James Larmer, late Surveyor			167 0 0	
John James Galloway, do.			143 19 9	
James Warner, late Assistant Surveyor			70 0 0	
Colin Mackenzie, late Clerk in Supreme Court			35 10 0	
Mrs. Susannah Mileham, Widow of Surgeon Mileham			100 0 0	
Thomas Bevan, late Trooper, Mounted Police			9 2 6	
Carried forward		£	525 12 3	3,350

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

7

No. I.—SCHEDULES.

		AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
SCHEDULE B—continued.			
Brought forward	... ..	.....	3,850 0 0
Pensions—continued.			
Brought forward	... ..	525 12 3	
Bryan Naughton, late Turnkey, Parramatta Gaol	... ..	12 10 0	
Edward Wilson, late Constable, Penrith Police	... ..	14 18 3	
John Bramwell, late Landing Waiter, Customs	... ..	25 3 0	
Thomas Reilly, late Sergeant to Governor General's Orderlies	... ..	32 13 4	
William Wedge Darke, late Assistant Surveyor	... ..	153 0 11	
James Bean, late Messenger, Survey Department	... ..	29 7 3	
David Moores, late Foreman, Colonial Stores	... ..	48 12 2	
John Hayes, late Storehouseman, Colonial Stores	... ..	44 8 0	
Hannah Pope, late Housekeeper in the Colonial Secretary's Office	... ..	22 17 6	
Ellen Delprado, late Housekeeper, Audit Office	... ..	39 11 8	
Hugh Roland Labatt, late Assistant Surveyor and Assistant Engineer, Harbours and Rivers Department	... ..	53 12 7	
J. S. Adam, late Chief Draftsman, Surveyor General's Department	... ..	228 11 5	
Henry Halloran, late Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department	... ..	800 0 0	
William Wilton, late Visiting Surgeon, Maitland Gaol	... ..	27 10 0	
J. R. Myhill, late Harbour Master, Sydney	... ..	125 0 0	
W. Goodman, late Chief Clerk, Colonial Secretary's Department	... ..	350 0 0	
C. A. Thurlow, late Clerk, Lands Department	... ..	108 6 8	
R. T. Hall, late Assistant Inspector, Audit Department	... ..	166 0 0	
T. C. Battley, late Clerk of Petty Sessions, Gosford	... ..	118 12 0	
L. I. Brennand, late Superintendent of Stores	... ..	142 17 0	
Chas. Nightingale, late Accountant, General Post Office	... ..	176 15 0	
			3,245 19 0
			6,595 19 0
SUPPLEMENT TO SCHEDULE B.			
Lady Forbes, Widow of the late Sir Francis Forbes, Chief Justice	... ..	200 0 0	
Lady Dowling, Widow of the late Sir James Dowling, Chief Justice	... ..	200 0 0	
Lady Mitchell, Widow of the late Sir Thomas Mitchell, Surveyor General	... ..	200 0 0	
Mrs. Anne Petric, Daughter of the late Captain Flinders, R.N.	... ..	100 0 0	
Mrs. Catherine Lovett, Widow of the late J. Lovett, Pilot, Newcastle	... ..	100 0 0	
Mrs. Maria Bate Wise, Widow of the late Mr. Justice Wise	... ..	200 0 0	
Mrs. Margaret Edwards, Widow of the late Pilot Edwards...	... ..	50 0 0	
Mrs. Julia Robinson, Widow of the late Pilot Robinson	... ..	150 0 0	
Mrs. Jane Reader, Widow of the late Pilot Reader	... ..	75 0 0	
Mrs. Shanks, Widow of the late Pilot Shanks	... ..	50 0 0	
Mrs. Petersen, Widow of the late Pilot Petersen	... ..	30 0 0	
Mrs. Wickham, late Postmistress, Parramatta	... ..	84 0 0	
Mr. Thomas Scott, of Brisbane Water	... ..	240 0 0	
Mr. E. H. Hargraves, of Brisbane Water	... ..	250 0 0	
To BE VOTED	... ..	£	1,929 0 0
TOTAL	... ..	... .. £	8,524 19 0
SCHEDULE C.			
Public Worship—			
Church of England	... ..	7,790 17 6	
Presbyterian Church	... ..	1,702 0 0	
Wesleyan Methodist Church	... ..	1,372 10 6	
Roman Catholic Church	... ..	3,950 0 0	
			14,815 8 0

II.

Executive and Legislative.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
10	His Excellency the Governor	1,837	2,060
10	Executive Council	928	928
10	Legislative Council	6,103	6,375
11	Legislative Assembly	8,985	9,037
11	Legislative Council and Assembly	2,050	2,250
11	Parliamentary Library	1,520	1,520
	TOTAL	£ 21,423	22,170

*The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.*

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. II.—EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			His Excellency the Governor.				
			PRIVATE SECRETARY.				
	1	1	Private Secretary. (Provided in Schedule.)	£		£	
	1	1	Clerk to Private Secretary	370		370	
	1	1	Messenger	150		150	
	1	1	Office-cleaner	55		55	
			AIDE-DE-CAMP.				
	1	1	Aide-de-Camp	358		358	
					933		933
			MOUNTED ORDERLIES.				
	1	1	Sergeant, at 10s. per diem	183		183	
	1	1	Orderly, at 7s. 6d. do.	138		138	
	2	2	Orderlies, at 7s. do.	257		257	
					578		578
			Allowance in lieu of Forage to Aide-de-Camp	146		146	
			Allowance in lieu of Lodging to ditto			173	
			Forage for four Horses for Orderlies	120		120	
			Remounts for Orderlies	60		60	
			Incidental Expenses			50	
					326		549
			TOTAL	£	1,837		2,060
	9	9					
			Executive Council.				
	1	1	Clerk of the Executive Council	600		600	
	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
	1	1	Messenger	150		150	
	1	1	Office-keeper	18		18	
					918		918
			Incidental Expenses	10		10	
					10		10
			TOTAL	£	928		928
	4	4					
			Legislative Council.				
	1	1	President	1,200		1,200	
	1	1	Chairman of Committees	500		500	
	1	1	Clerk of the Parliaments	700		800	
	1	1	Clerk Assistant	500		600	
	1	1	Usher of the Black Rod	400		400	
	1	1	Short-hand Writer	550		550	
	1	1	First Clerk	400		400	
	1	1	Second Clerk	300		350	
	1	1	Third Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Fourth Clerk	200		200	
	1	1	Chief Messenger	153		175	
	1	1	Doorkeeper	140		140	
	4	4	Assistant Messengers, at £125	500		500	
					5,793		6,065
			Stores, including Sperm Candles	30		30	
			Gas-light	30		30	
			Incidental Expenses	75		75	
			Stationery, &c.	40		40	
			Postage	35		35	
			Expenses in connection with Select Committees	100		100	
					310		310
			TOTAL	£	6,103		6,375
	16	16					

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

11

NO. II.—EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.

Page in Schedule.	No of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Legislative Assembly.				
3	1	1	Speaker	£ 1,200		£ 1,200	
	1	1	Chairman of Committees	500		500	
	1	1	Clerk of Assembly	800		800	
	1	1	Clerk Assistant	600		600	
	1	1	Second Clerk Assistant	500		500	
	1	1	Sergeant-at-Arms	400		400	
	1	1	Short-hand Writer	600		600	
	1	1	Clerk of Records	400		400	
	1	1	Do. Select Committees	350		350	
	1	1	Do. Printing Branch	300		300	
	1	1	Clerk in charge of Printed Papers	250		250	
	3	3	Clerks—1 at £250, 1 at £200, and 1 at £150	600		600	
	1	1	Principal Messenger	200		200	
	1	1	Do. Doorkeeper	150		150	
	2	3	Assistant Messengers, at £140, £125, and £52	265		317	
					7,115		7,167
			Sessional Short-hand Writers	300		300	
			6 Extra Messengers, at £125	750		750	
			Gas-light	450		450	
			Sperm Candles	30		30	
			Expenses of Witnesses summoned before Select Com- mittees	100		100	
			Stationery, Stores, &c.	60		60	
			Postage	75		75	
			Telegrams	5		5	
			Incidental Expenses	100		100	
					1,870		1,870
	18	19	TOTAL	£	8,985	.....	9,037
			Legislative Council and Assembly.				
	1	1	Steward and Housekeeper	225		225	
	1	1	Assistant Housekeeper	75		75	
	1	1	Watchman	125		125	
	1	1	House Servant	125		125	
	1	1	Stableman	125		125	
	1	1	Out-door Servant	125		125	
	3	3	Female Servants, at £65	195		195	
	1	1	Cook	150		150	
	3	3	Waiters, 2 at £125, 1 at £140	390		390	
	1	1	Scullery-maid	65		65	
					1,600		1,600
			Gas-light	125		125	
			For occasional assistance during the Session	150		350	
			Watering Approaches to Parliamentary Buildings	50		50	
			Incidental Expenses	125		125	
					450		650
	14	14	TOTAL	£	2,050	.....	2,250
			Parliamentary Library.				
3	1	1	Librarian	350		350	
	2	2	Attendants, 1st £250, 2nd £200	450		450	
					800		800
			Books and Periodicals	450		450	
			Periodicals, Newspapers, &c., for Council Reading-room	100		100	
			Do. do. for Assembly Reading-room	100		100	
			Insurance of Books	45		45	
			Incidental Expenses	25		25	
					720		720
	3	3	TOTAL	£	1,520	.....	1,520

III.

Colonial Secretary.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
14	Colonial Secretary	4,971	4,971
14	Parliamentary Reporting Staff	3,050	3,050
	Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces—		
15	The General Staff	2,999	2,995
15-16	Artillery Force	31,108	31,186
16	Works of Defence	706	6,706
17-19	Volunteer Force	37,851	37,515
20	Naval Brigade	5,817	5,815
20-21	Police	213,271	219,680
22-25	Lunacy	71,118	68,994
25	Master in Lunacy	1,150	1,150
25	Medical Board	44	100
26	Medical Adviser, Vaccination, Medical Officers, &c.	7,740	7,870
27	Department of Audit	7,175	7,175
28	Registrar General	17,170	17,995
29	Agent General for the Colony	3,750	3,750
29	Immigration	76,086	51,086
29	City of Sydney Improvement Board	360	360
29	Charitable Institutions—Inspector of Public Charities	650	650
30	Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute	19,455	19,730
30	Erysipelas Hospital and Branch Asylum for the Infirm and Destitute	3,562	3,612
31	Botanic Gardens	5,230	4,900
31	Government Domains	2,513	3,530
31	Garden Palace Grounds ... ..	.....	1,147
32-33	Charitable Allowances	68,453	62,591
34	Miscellaneous Services	23,355	44,708
	TOTAL	£ 607,584	611,266

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.									
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.			
			Colonial Secretary.						
	1	1	Colonial Secretary. (Provided in Schedule.)			£		£	
	1	1	Principal Under Secretary			800		800	
	1	1	Chief Clerk... ..			600		600	
	1	1	First Clerk (in charge of Long Room)			450		450	
	1	1	Second Clerk			400		400	
	1	1	Third Clerk (in charge of Records)			325		325	
	1	1	Fourth Clerk			300		300	
	1	1	Fifth Clerk			225		225	
	1	1	Sixth Clerk... ..			200		200	
	1	1	Seventh Clerk			175		175	
	1	1	Eighth Clerk			125		125	
	1	1	Junior Clerk			100		100	
	1	1	Do.			75		75	
	1	1	Messenger			153		153	
3	1	1	Messenger Attendant and Housekeeper... ..			150		150	
	1	1	Messenger			92		92	
	1	1	Additional Messenger			90		90	
3	1	1	Office-keeper, at 3s. 4d. per diem... ..			61		61	
							4,321		4,321
			Extra Clerical Assistance, as required			450		450	
			Incidental Expenses			200		200	
							650		650
	18	18	TOTAL... ..			£	4,971		4,971
Parliamentary Reporting Staff.									
	1	1	Principal Shorthand Writer			700		700	
	1	1	Second Shorthand Writer			550		550	
	4	4	Shorthand Writers, at £450			1,800		1,800	
							3,050		3,050
	6	6	TOTAL... ..			£	3,050		3,050

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

15

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces.				
			THE GENERAL STAFF.	£		£	
3	1	1	Commandant	600		600	
3	1	1	Brigade-Major	400		400	
3	1	1	Brigade Pay and Quartermaster	366		365	
3	1	1	Officer Instructor of Musketry	300		300	
	1	1	Brigade Clerk, at 9s. 6d. per diem	174		174	
	1	1	Assistant do., at 7s. per diem	129		128	
	1	1	Pay and Quartermaster's Clerk, at 8s. per diem	147		146	
	1	1	Assistant do., at 7s.	129		128	
	1	1	Brigade Quartermaster-sergeant, at 9s. 6d. per diem	174		174	
					2,419		2,415
			CONTINGENCIES.				
3			Forage Allowance for Commandant, for two horses, Brigade-Major, Pay and Quartermaster, and Instructor of Musketry	260		260	
3			Allowance in lieu of Quarters for Commandant... ..	175		175	
3			Do. Major of Brigade	120		120	
			Compensation to Staff Sergeants in lieu of Uniforms	25		25	
					580		580
	9	9	TOTAL	£	2,999		2,995
			ARTILLERY FORCE.				
			REGIMENTAL OFFICERS.				
4	1	1	Colonel Commanding	500		500	
4	3	3	Majors, at £385 (21s. per diem each)	1,155		1,155	
4	3	3	Captains, at £256 (14s. per diem each)	768		768	
4 & 5	6	6	Lieutenants, at £238 (13s. per diem each)	1,428		1,428	
5	1	1	Staff Surgeon, Sydney	274		274	
	1	1	Do. Newcastle	75		75	
	15	15			4,200		4,200
			NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, TRUMPETERS, AND GUNNERS.				
	1	1	Brigade Sergeant-Major, at 7s. per diem	129		128	
	1	1	Do. Quartermaster Sergeant, at 6s. per diem	110		110	
	1	1	Orderly Room Clerk, at 4s. 6d. per diem	83		83	
	1	1	District Clerk, at 3s. 6d. per diem	65		64	
	1	1	Band Sergeant, at 4s. per diem	74		73	
	1	1	Trumpet Corporal, at 3s. 4d. per diem	61		61	
	3	3	Battery Sergeant-Majors, at 5s. 6d. per diem each	302		302	
	18	18	Sergeants, at 4s. per diem each	1,318		1,314	
	1	1	Hospital Sergeant, at 4s. per diem	74		73	
	1	1	Provost Sergeant, at 4s. per diem	74		73	
	1	1	Assistant to ditto, at 6d. per diem	10		10	
	15	15	Corporals, at 3s. 4d. per diem each	915		913	
	12	12	Bombardiers, at 3s. 2d. per diem each	696		694	
	9	9	Trumpeters, at 2s. 3d. per diem each	371		370	
	1	1	Master Gunner, at 7s.	129		128	
	240	240	Gunners, at 2s. 3d. per diem each	9,882		9,855	
					14,293		14,251
	307	307					
	322	322	Carried forward... ..	£	18,493		18,451

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

17

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces—continued.				
			VOLUNTEER FORCE.				
			<i>Volunteer Permanent Staff, unattached.</i>				
	1	1	Brigade Sergeant-Major, at 10s. per diem	183		183	
	1	1	Sergeant Instructor of Musketry, at 8s. 6d. per diem ...	156		156	
	2	2	Sergeant Instructor, at 8s. per diem	294		292	
	1	1	Armourer-Sergeant, at 8s. per diem	147		146	
	1	1	Assistant, 6s. per diem	110		110	
	1	1	Bugle-Major and Messenger, 8s. per diem	147		146	
	1	1	Sergeant in charge of Paddington Rifle Range and Government Properties, at 8s. per diem	147		146	
			Compensation to Staff-Sergeants, in lieu of Uniform ...	30		30	
	8	8			1,214		1,209
			<i>Artillery.</i>				
42	1	1	Lieut.-Colonel	100		100	
	1	1	Major	50		50	
	6	6	Captains, at £40	240		240	
	6	6	1st Lieutenants, at £30	180		180	
	6	6	2nd Lieutenants, at £25	150		150	
5	1	1	*Adjutant Pay and Quarter-master	250		250	
	1	1	*Regimental Sergeant-Major, at 10s. per diem	183		183	
	1	1	*Regimental Quarter-Master Sergeant, at 8s. per diem ...	147		146	
	1	1	Trumpet-Major	17		17	
	6	6	Battery Sergeant-Majors, at £17	102		102	
	12	12	Sergeants, at £15	180		180	
	18	18	Corporals, at £14	252		252	
	6	6	Trumpeters, at £10	60		60	
	234	234	Gunners, at £12	2,808		2,808	
			Uniforms	360		360	
			Forage Allowance for Commanding Officer and Adjutant, at £40 per annum each	80		80	
5			Horse Allowance for Major	25		25	
5			Horse Allowance for the 3 Officers of the Field Battery Allowances in lieu of Quarters to Adjutant, at £90 per annum, if of rank of Captain; £60, if Lieutenant	75		75	
			Compensation to 2 Staff-Sergeants, in lieu of Uniform ...	90		90	
	2	1	Labourers in Charge of Artillery Stores, at 6s. per diem each	10		10	
	302	301			220		110
						860	750
			<i>Engineers.</i>				
	1	1	Major Commanding	70		70	
	1	1	Captain	40		40	
	1	1	Lieutenant	30		30	
	1	1	Colour Sergeant (Staff Instructor), at 8s. per diem ...	147		146	
	1	1	Quartermaster-Sergeant	17		17	
	2	2	Sergeants, at £15	30		30	
	3	3	First Corporals, at £14	42		42	
	3	3	Second Corporals, at £13	39		39	
	2	2	Buglers, at £10	20		20	
	45	45	Sappers, at £12	540		540	
			Uniform	72		72	
			Compensation to Staff Sergeant, in lieu of uniform ...	5		5	
	60	60			77		77
	370	369	Carried forward	£	7,845	.....	7,728

* Volunteer Permanent Staff Instructors.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces—continued.							
VOLUNTEER FORCE—continued.				£		£	
	370	369	Brought forward ... ..	.....	7,845	.....	7,728
<i>Torpedo and Signalling Corps.</i>							
56	1	1	Major Commanding	200		200	
56	1	1	Captain	100		100	
56	2	2	Lieutenants (1st), at £60	120		120	
56	2	- 2	Do. (2nd), at £40	80		80	
	1	1	Sergeant-Major Staff Instructor and Storekeeper, at 8s. 6d. per diem	156		156	
56	1	1	Colour-Sergeant	30		30	
56-72	5	5	Sergeants, at £25	125		125	
56	5	5	Corporals (1st), at £20	100		100	
56-72	5	5	Do. (2nd), at £15	75		75	
56-72	2	2	Buglers, at £10	20		20	
56	75	75	Privates, at £12	900		900	
					1,906		1,906
			Rent of Store	110		110	
			Uniform for the Corps	100		100	
			Compensation in lieu of uniform for 1 Staff Sergeant ...	5		5	
			Stores for experimental and instructional purposes ...	100		300	
	100	100			315		515
<i>Infantry.</i>							
	3	3	Lieutenant-Colonels, at £100	300		300	
	4	4	Majors, at £50	200		200	
23	15	15	Captains, at £40	600		600	
	15	15	1st Lieutenants, at £30	450		450	
42	15	15	2nd Lieutenants, at £25	375		375	
5	3	3	*Adjutants Pay and Quartermasters, at £250	750		750	
	4	4	*Regimental Sergeant-Majors, at 8s. 6d. per diem ...	623		621	
	4	4	*Quarter-master Sergeants, at 8s. per diem	586		584	
	3	3	Bugle-Majors, at £17	51		51	
	15	15	Colour-Sergeants, at £17	255		255	
	46	46	Sergeants, at £15	690		690	
	61	61	Corporals, at £14	854		854	
	30	30	Buglers, at £10	300		300	
23	1096	1096	Privates, at £12	13,152		13,152	
					19,186		19,182
			Uniforms	1,504		1,504	
5			Forage Allowance for 3 Commanding Officers and 3 Adjutants, at £40	240		240	
			Horse Allowances, 4 Majors, at £25	100		100	
5			Allowance in lieu of Quarters for 3 Adjutants; if rank of Captain, £90; if Lieutenant, £60	240		240	
			Compensation to 8 Staff Sergeants in lieu of uniform, at £5	40		40	
	1314	1314			2,124		2,124
	1784	1783	Carried forward	£	31,376	.....	31,455

* Volunteer Permanent Staff Instructors.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces—continued.							
<i>VOLUNTEER FORCE—continued.</i>							
	1784	1788	Brought forward ... ..	.....	31,376	.....	31,455
<i>Medical Staff.</i>							
	1	1	Principal Medical Officer	60		60	
	3	2	Surgeons, at £40	120		80	
			Horse allowance at £25 each per annum		180		140
			Inspection of Recruits in Country Districts by local Practitioners	100		75	
				75		75	
	4	3			175		150
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>							
			2 Markers, Rifle Range, 6s. per diem each	220		220	
			Badges for Marksmen	160		160	
			Hire of Horses for Field Guns and Mounted Officers	200		200	
			Instructor, Brigade Band	46		46	
			Contribution to Band	150		150	
			Rifle Association, for Prizes, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private subscription	500		500	
			Armoury Repairs and Materials, Freight and Cartage of Ammunition, and Incidental Expenses	400		400	
			Constructing New Butts, and keeping in repair the several Rifle Ranges of Corps	200		200	
			Travelling Expenses for Officers and Non-commissioned Officers on duty	500		500	
			Encampment and Expenses incidental to Training and Exercise	2,000		2,000	
			Rent of Brigade Office	250		250	
			Rent of Regimental Offices, Head Quarters	125		125	
			Hire of 2 Offices for Country Corps	30		30	
			Office-keeper, Brigade Office	32		32	
			Do. Regimental Offices	16		16	
			2 Labourers at Victoria Barracks, at 6s. per diem each	220		220	
			Forage allowance for water-cart horses, at 2s. 6d. per diem	46		46	
			Small Armouries for Country Corps	125		125	
			For the purchase of 50 Martini-Henri Rifles for the use of the Riflemen of this Colony in Intercolonial Rifle Matches	350		.....
					5,570		5,220
<i>Public School Cadet Corps.</i>							
5	1	1	Officer in charge of Public School Cadet Corps	250		250	
	1	1	Instructor to Artillery Cadet Corps	46		46	
					296		296
5			Allowance in lieu of Forage for Officer in Charge	64		64	
			Incidental Expenses, Cartage, &c.	100		100	
			Allowance in lieu of Quarters for Officer in Charge	90		90	
					254		254
	1790	1788	TOTAL	£	37,851	.....	37,515

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Naval Brigade.							
5&19	1	1	Captain Commanding, at 5s. per diem	92		92	
5&19	1	1	Clerk and Accountant, at 3s. 6d. do.	64		64	
5	1	1	Gunnery Instructor, Sydney	201		201	
5&20	1	1	Do. Newcastle	52		52	
5&19	8	8	Commanders and Lieutenants, at 4s. per diem	586		584	
	5	5	Sub-Lieutenants, at 2s. per diem... ..	183		183	
	7	7	Midshipmen, at 1s. per diem	128		128	
	1	1	Bugler and Bandmaster	75		75	
	10	10	Warrant Officers, at £18 each per annum	180		180	
	10	10	Petty Officers, at £15 each do.	150		150	
	230	230	A.B.'s, at £12 each do.	2,760		2,760	
	53	53	Additional Company of Naval Brigade	746		746	
					5,217		5,215
			Uniforms for Warrant and Petty Officers and A.B.'s of the Brigade	350		350	
			Incidental Expenses	250		250	
					600		600
	328	328	TOTAL	£	5,817	.....	5,815
Police.							
GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.							
6	1	1	Inspector General	800		800	
	1	1	Chief Clerk and Accountant	350		350	
	1	1	First Clerk, Account Branch	225		225	
	1	1	Clerk in charge of Correspondence and Records	225		225	
	1	1	Clerk	135		175	
	1	1	Do.	125		125	
	1	1	Do.	125		125	
	1	1	Office-keeper	25		25	
	8	8			2,010		2,050
CONSTABULARY.							
	3	3	Superintendents, at £500	1,500		1,500	
6	2	3	Do. at £450	900		1,350	
6	3	2	Do. at £400	1,200		800	
6	5	5	Inspectors, at £300	1,500		1,500	
6	9	9	Sub-inspectors, at £250	2,250		2,250	
7	11	11	Do. at £225	2,475		2,475	
7&8	1	1	Sergeant-major or Drill Instructor, at 11s. per diem	202		201	
	43	45	Sergeants, 1st Class, at 10s. per diem				
	55	70	Sergeants, 2nd Class, at 8s. 9d. do.				
	170	190	Senior Constables, at 7s. 6d. do.				
16	292	332	Constables, 1st Class, at 7s. do.	128,251		147,907	
16	342	412	Ordinary Constables, at 6s. 6d. do.				
	90	90	Probationary Constables, at 5s. 6d. do.				
	20	40	Trackers, at 3s. do.				
	1	1	Police Storekeeper... ..	250		250	
	1047	1214			138,528		158,233
	1055	1222	Carried forward	£	140,538	.....	160,283

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
Lunacy.							
OFFICIAL VISITORS.							
20			Allowances	£ 450		£ 450	
			Clerical Assistance	50		50	
					500		500
HOSPITALS FOR THE INSANE GENERALLY.							
10	1	1	Inspector General	1,000		1,000	
10	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
	1	1	Junior Clerk	150		150	
	1	1	Messenger and Boatman	96		96	
					1,396		1,396
			Travelling Expenses	150		150	
			Incidental Expenses	60		60	
	4	4			210		210
HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, GLADESVILLE.							
9	1	1	Medical Superintendent	600		600	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	50		50	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	50		50	
9	1	1	Assistant Medical Officer	300		300	
9	1	1	Assistant Superintendent	300		300	
9	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
9	1	1	Dispenser	130		130	
9	1	1	Matron	120		120	
9	1	1	Chief Attendant	120		120	
	3	2	Artisan Attendants—1 at 7s. and 1 at 6s. 6d. per diem	320		247	
	1	1	Needlewoman	60		60	
	1	1	Grounds Attendant	84		84	
	8	8	Senior Male Attendants, at £96	768		768	
	10	8	Do. do. at £84	840		672	
	8	8	Junior do. at £78	624		624	
	5	7	Do. do. at £72	360		504	
	6	6	Senior Nurses, at £60	360		360	
	4	5	Do. do. at £50	200		250	
	14	14	Junior do. at £46	644		644	
	14	14	Servants—1 at £96, 1 at £90, 1 at £84, 1 at £78, 4 at £72, 2 at £50, and 4 at £46	910		920	
	83	83		6,990		6,953	
9			Allowance in lieu of Provisions, Fuel, and Light, to the Medical Superintendent, Assistant Medical Officer, and Assistant Superintendent, at £45 each	180		135	
9			Allowance in lieu of Provisions, Fuel, and Light, to Junior Officers, at £25 each	125		125	
			Allowance towards House Rent to Married Attendants— 18 at £6 each			108	
			Engine-drivers and Fuel	700		700	
			Provisions, Medical Comforts, Fuel, Light, Forage, Medicines and Surgical Instruments	11,000		10,000	
			For the maintenance of Steam-launch "Mabel"	500		500	
			Books and Periodicals and to provide Amusement for Inmates	200		200	
			Incidental Expenses	400		400	
			For purchase of Timber, Paint, and Materials, for employment of Patients, &c., upon minor repairs	400		400	
				13,505		12,568	
					20,495		19,521
	87	87	Carried forward	£	22,601	.....	21,627

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	87	87		£		£	
			Lunacy—continued.				
			Brought forward		22,601		21,627
			HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, PARRAMATTA.				
			Medical Superintendent	600		600	
9	1	1	Assistant Medical Officer	300		300	
9	1	1	Assistant Superintendent	270		270	
10	...	...	Medical Visitor ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
10	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
10	1	1	Assistant Clerk	100		100	
10	1	1	Matron	120		120	
10	1	1	Dispenser	140		140	
10	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	50		50	
10	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	50		50	
10	1	1	Chief Attendant	150		150	
21	21	21	Senior Attendants—9 at £96, and 12 at £84	1,872		1,872	
28	28	28	Junior Attendants—18 at £78, and 10 at £72	2,124		2,124	
6	6	6	Senior Nurses—3 at £60, and 3 at £50	330		330	
10	10	10	Junior Nurses, at £46	460		460	
14	14	14	Servants—2 at £84, 2 at £78, 2 at £72, 2 at £66; 1 at £50, 5 at £46 per annum	872		880	
	3	3	Artisan Attendants, 1 at 7s. and 2 at 6s. 6d. per diem	302		365	
	1	1	Needlewoman	60		60	
	1	1	Grounds Attendant	80		84	
	1	1	Engine-driver, at 8s. per diem	146		146	
				8,176		8,251	
10			Allowance in lieu of Provisions, Fuel, and Light, to the Medical Superintendent, Assistant Medical Officer, and Assistant Superintendent, at £45 each	135		135	
			Allowance to Junior Officers in lieu of Provisions, Fuel, and Light, at £25 each	100		100	
			Allowance towards House Rent to married Attendants, 39 at £6 each ... ..	.....		234	
			Allowance to Patients for Special Services in the Wards Books, Periodicals, and Newspapers, and to provide Amusement for Inmates	140		100	
			Provisions, Medical Comforts, Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Fuel and Light, and Forage	12,500		12,000	
			Materials, &c., for employment of Patients, &c., upon minor repairs	400		400	
			Incidental Expenses	400		400	
	95	95		13,875		13,569	
					22,051		21,820
			RECEPTION-HOUSE FOR THE INSANE, DARLINGHURST.				
10	1	1	Superintendent	140		180	
10	1	1	Matron	60		60	
	...	...	Medical Visitor ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
	2	2	Senior Attendants, at £90	168		180	
	1	1	Junior Attendant	78		84	
	1	1	Senior Nurse	56		56	
	2	2	Nurses at £50.	100		100	
				602		660	
			Clerical Assistance	50		50	
			Occasional additional Attendants when required, at 5s. per diem	75		60	
10			Provisions for Patients and Attendants	300		300	
			Medicine and Medical Comforts, and Fuel and Light	50		50	
			Transferring Patients to Asylums	40		40	
			Fees for certifying Sanity of Patients ... ..	.....		18	
			Allowance towards House Rent to married Attendants, 3 at £6 each	12		12	
			Allowance to Gael Messenger employed as Messenger... Incidental Expenses	20		20	
				547		550	
	8	8			1,149		1,210
	190	190	Carried forward	£	45,801		44,657

^a See Medical Vote.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Lunacy—continued.				
			Brought forward ... ..	.....	45,801	.....	44,657
	190	190					
			HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, NEWCASTLE.				
10	1	1	Superintendent	175		175	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	20		20	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	20		20	
	...	...	Visiting Medical Officer ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
10	1	1	Storekeeper and Chief Attendant	120		120	
10	1	1	Matron	75		75	
	1	1	Senior Attendant	96		96	
	1	1	Do. do.	90		90	
	3	3	Junior Attendants, 2 at £78 and 1 at £84	240		240	
	2	2	Do. £72	144		144	
	1	1	Senior Nurse	60		60	
	4	4	Do. Nurses, at £50	200		200	
	4	4	Junior Nurses, at £46	184		184	
	1	1	Do. £40	40		40	
	2	2	Artisan Attendants—1 at 7s., and 1 at 6s. 6d. per diem	220		247	
	1	1	Needlewoman	50		50	
	7	7	Servants—1 at £84, 2 at £72, 1 at £66, 2 at £50, and 1 at £46	434		440	
				2,168		2,201	
10			Allowance towards House Rent to Married Attendants—3 at £6 ... ..	.....		18	
			Provisions, Medical Comforts, Fuel, Light, Medicines, Surgical Instruments, and Forage	3,400		3,400	
			Amusements, Books, Periodicals, Newspapers, &c.	100		100	
			For the purchase of Timber, Paints, and Materials, &c., for the employment of Patients upon minor Repairs	200		150	
			Incidental Expenses	200		200	
	32	32		3,900		3,868	
					6,068		6,069
			HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, CALLAN PARK.				
10	1	1	Medical Superintendent	450		450	
10	1	1	Clerk	100		100	
11	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	30		30	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	30		30	
10	1	1	Chief Attendant	120		120	
	6	6	Senior Attendants—3 at £96, and 3 at £84	540		540	
	6	6	Junior Attendants—3 at £78, and 3 at £72	450		450	
	1	2	Artisan Attendant, 1 at 7s., and 1 at 6s. 6d. per diem	120		248	
	5	5	Servants—1 at £78, 1 at £72, 1 at £60, 1 at £50, and 1 at £46	306		306	
				2,146		2,274	
10			Allowance in lieu of Provisions, Fuel, and Light, to the Medical Superintendent	45		45	
			Do. do. do. Junior Officers, £25 each	50		50	
			Allowance towards House Rent to Married Attendants—3 at £6 ... ..	.....		18	
			Provisions, Medical Comforts, Fuel and Light, Forage, Medicines, and Surgical Instruments	3,000		2,000	
			Books and Periodicals and to provide amusements for Patients	100		100	
			For purchase of Timber, Paint, and Materials for employment of Patients, &c., upon minor repairs	200		200	
			Incidental Expenses	200		150	
	23	24		3,595		2,563	
	245	246			5,741		4,837
			Carried forward	£	57,610	.....	55,563

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Lunacy—continued.				
	245	246	Brought forward	£	57,610	£	55,563
			TEMPORARY HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, COOMA.				
11	1	1	Superintendent	250		250	
	1	1	Church of England Chaplain	26		26	
	1	1	Roman Catholic Chaplain	26		26	
	...	...	Visiting Medical Officer ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
11	1	1	Chief Attendant	120		120	
	1	1	Senior Attendant	96		96	
	3	3	Senior Attendants, at £84	252		252	
	2	2	Junior Attendants, at £78	156		156	
	2	2	Servants, at £56 each	112		112	
	12	12		1,038		1,038	
11			Allowance to Attendants and Servants	120		100	
			Provisions, Medical Comforts, Fuel, Light, Forage, and Medicines	1,800		1,800	
			Amusements, Books, and Periodicals	50		50	
			For purchase of Timber, Paint, and Materials for employment of Patients, &c., upon minor Repairs	100		75	
			Incidental Expenses	100		50	
			Allowance towards House Rent to married attendants, 3 at £6 ... ..	.....		18	
				2,170		2,093	
					3,208		3,131
			LUNATIC PATIENTS.				
			For maintenance of Patients transferred to Licensed Houses or maintained in temporary or Branch Establishments, for the supply of Furniture and minor fittings thereto, and to supplement the Votes for the existing Asylums in the event of the increase of Patients, pending erection of new Establishments	10,000		10,000	
			For maintenance of Patients in Public Hospitals and under the care of friends, under sections 48 and 57 of the Lunacy Act	300		300	
					10,300		10,300
	257	258	TOTAL	£	71,118	£	68,994
			Master in Lunacy.				
23	1	1	Master in Lunacy	250		250	
	1	1	Chief Clerk	400		400	
	1	1	Second Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Third Clerk and Messenger	150		150	
				1,050		1,050	
	4	4	Contingencies	100		100	
					1,150		1,150
			Medical Board.				
	1	1	Clerk to Board ... ..	.....	44	.....	100

^a See Medical Vote.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.					
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.
			Medical Adviser, Vaccination, Medical Officers, &c.	£	£
	1	1	Vaccinator, Sydney... ..	240	240
	1	1	Office-keeper, Sydney	20	20
				260	260
			Fees to Vaccinators (say for 20,000) at the respective rates of 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each	2,500	2,500
			Incidental Expenses	40	40
	2	2		2,540	2,540
				2,800	2,800
	1	1	Police Surgeon	200	200
	1	1	Medical Visitor to Hospital for the Insane, Parramatta	50	50
	1	1	Do. Temporary Hospital for the Insane, Cooma	50	50
10	1	1	Do. Hospital for the Insane, Newcastle ...	75	75
	1	1	Visiting Surgeon, N.S.S. "Vernon"	50	50
	1	1	Do. Industrial School and Reformatory, Biloela	50	50
12	1	1	Surgeon and Dispenser, Hyde Park Asylum	150	150
	1	1	Dispenser at Asylum for Infirm and Destitute, Parra- matta	50	50
	1	1	*Visiting Surgeon, Sydney Gaol	350	350
	1	1	Dispenser, Sydney Gaol	150	150
10	1	1	†Visiting Surgeon, Parramatta Gaol	250	250
	1	1	Parramatta Gaol—Dispenser	100	100
	1	1	Bathurst Gaol—Visiting Surgeon	50	50
	1	1	Maitland Gaol— do.	70	70
	1	1	Goulburn Gaol— do.	50	50
	1	1	Berrima Gaol— do. and Dispenser... ..	200	200
	1	1	Albury Gaol—Visiting Surgeon	40	40
	1	1	Mudgee Gaol— do.	40	40
	1	1	Armidale Gaol— do.	40	40
	1	1	Wagga Wagga Gaol— do.	40	40
	1	1	Yass Gaol— do.	40	40
	1	1	Deniliquin Gaol— do.	40	40
	1	1	Young— do.	40	40
	1	1	Grafton do.	40	40
	...	1	Hay Gaol— do. ... ..	.....	40
	...	1	Tamworth Gaol— do. ... ..	.....	40
	...	1	‡Visiting Surgeon, Reformatory, Shaftesbury ... ..	.....	50
			For payment to Medical Adviser,—Fees to Medical Officers, Country Districts, for attendance on Police,—Fees to Medical Practitioners in Lunacy Cases and Coroners' Inquests,—and for attendance on Aborigines... ..	2,725	2,725
	24	27		4,940	5,070
	26	29	TOTAL	£ 7,740	..... 7,870

* Also Visiting Surgeon to Lunatic Reception House.

† Also Visiting Surgeon to Asylum for Infirm and Destitute, Parramatta and Orphan Schools.

‡ Also Visiting Surgeon to Industrial School.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.						
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.				
				£		£				
Department of Audit.										
11	1	1	Auditor General. (Provided for in Schedule.)							
	1	1	Inspector of Accounts	600		600				
	1	1	Assistant Inspector	450		450				
					1,050		1,050			
			1. APPROPRIATION AUDIT.							
	1	1	Principal Ledger-keeper	350		350				
	1	1	Assistant do.	300		300				
	2	2	Clerks at £200	400		400				
	1	1	Do.	150		150				
	1	1	Do.	75		75				
	1	1	Do.	50		50				
					1,325		1,325			
			2. REVENUE AUDIT.							
	1	1	Examiner, in charge of Branch	350		350				
	1	1	Assistant Examiner—Land Branch	325		325				
	1	1	Do. Customs Branch	275		275				
	3	3	Clerks, at £225	675		675				
	1	1	Do.	175		175				
	1	1	Do.	150		150				
	1	1	Do.	75		75				
					2,025		2,025			
			3. EXPENDITURE AUDIT.							
	1	1	Examiner, in charge of Branch	350		350				
	1	1	Assistant Examiner	275		275				
	1	1	Clerk	175		175				
	1	1	Do.	100		100				
					900		900			
			4. RECORDS AND CORRESPONDENCE.							
	1	1	Clerk	200		200				
	1	1	Messenger	125		125				
	1	1	Housekeeper	75		75				
					400		400			
			Extra Clerical Assistance for Parliamentary and other Returns, and to carry out the provisions of the "Audit Act of 1870"	1,050		1,050				
			Rent of Offices	400		400				
			Incidental Expenses	25		25				
					1,475		1,475			
	26	26	TOTAL	£	7,175	.....	7,175		

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.									
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.			Amount Required for 1881.		
				£		£			
			Registrar General.						
11	1	1	Registrar General ... ..	.....	700	.....	700		
			STATISTICAL BRANCH.						
	1	1	Compiler of General Statistics	350		350			
	1	1	Examiner and Compiler of Vital Statistics	250		250			
	1	1	Corresponding and Record Clerk... ..	200		250			
	1	1	Clerk (Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages)	175		175			
	1	1	Do.	150		150			
	1	1	Do.	150		150			
	1	1	Do.	75		75			
	1	1	Do.	50		50			
	1	1	Messenger	100		100			
					1,500		1,550		
			DEEDS BRANCH.						
11	1	1	Deputy Registrar General	300		300			
	1	1	Chief Clerk... ..	200		200			
	1	1	Cashier	175		250			
	1	1	Clerk	150		150			
	1	1	Do.	100		100			
	...	1	Do. ... ..	.....		100			
	1	1	Do.	50		50			
	1	1	Book Porter	120		120			
					1,095		1,270		
			LAND TITLES BRANCH.						
	3	3	Examiners of Titles, at £800 each	2,400		2,400			
	1	1	Deputy Registrar General	450		450			
	1	1	Principal Draftsman	500		500			
	1	1	Assistant Draftsman	300		300			
	1	1	Do.	250		250			
	3	4	Junior Assistant Draftsmen, 1 at £200,* 1 at £175, 1 at £150, and 1 at £125	450		650			
	...	1	Draftsman ... ..	.....		150			
	1	1	Junior Assistant Draftsman	75		75			
	1	1	Clerk to Examiners	300		300			
	1	1	Clerk	100		100			
	1	1	Senior Counter Clerk	250		250			
	1	1	Corresponding Clerk	225		225			
	1	1	Do.	200		200			
	3	3	Clerks, at £150 each	450		450			
	1	1	Clerk	125		125			
	3	3	Clerks, 1 at £100, and 2 at £75	250		250			
	1	1	Clerk	50		50			
	1	1	Messenger	100		100			
	1	1	Book Porter	50		50			
11	1	1	Officekeeper	50		100			
					6,575		6,975		
			Allowances to District Registrars	4,800		5,200			
			Cost of Binding	350		450			
			Preparation of General Indexes of Births, Marriages, and Deaths	250		250			
			Incidental Expenses	600		700			
			Incidental Expenses, Land Titles Branch	50		50			
			Expenses connected with the preparation of Agricultural and Live Stock Returns	250		250			
			Remodelling Real Property Index	400		400			
			Copying Index, Land Titles Branch	400		.....		
			Extra Clerical Assistance	200		200			
					7,300		7,500		
	44	47	TOTAL	£	17,170	.....	17,995		

* Paid from 2nd September, 1880, from Treasurer's Advance Account, pending a Vote being obtained.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Agent General for the Colony.				
	1	1	Agent General to represent the Colony, resident in London	£		£	
			Extra Official Expenses incidental to the Office	2,000		2,000	
	1	1	Secretary	250		250	
	1	1	Accountant and Chief Clerk	500		500	
	1	1	Second Clerk	200		200	
	1	1	Third Clerk... ..	120		120	
	1	1	Emigration Officer... ..	80		80	
	1	1	Office-rent and Incidental Expenses	350		350	
				250		250	
	6	6	TOTAL ... ..	£	.....	3,750	.....
							3,750
			Immigration.				
			IMMIGRATION GENERALLY ... ..	.....	75,000	.....	50,000
11	1	1	Agent for Immigration	500		500	
	1	1	Chief Clerk and Accountant	300		300	
	1	1	Clerk	100		100	
	1	1	Clerk	100		100	
11	1	1	Matron	50		50	
	1	1	Office Cleaner	36		36	
					1,086		1,086
	6	6	TOTAL ... ..	£	.....	76,086	.....
							51,086
			City of Sydney Improvement Board.				
	1	1	Secretary	200		200	
			Rent of Offices	110		110	
			Incidental Expenses	50		50	
	...	1	TOTAL ... ..	£	.....	360	.....
							360
			Charitable Institutions.				
	1	1	Inspector of Public Charities	500		500	
			Travelling Expenses	150		150	
	1	1	TOTAL ... ..	£	.....	650	.....
							650

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.									
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.			Amount Required for 1881.		
			Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute.						
			SYDNEY.			£		£	
	1	1	Manager			500		500	
	1	1	Clerk			50		50	
	...	...	Surgeon and Dispenser ... ..			.....^a		.....^a	
11	1	1	Matron			200		200	
11	1	1	Sub-Matron			75		75	
	1	1	Office-cleaner			30		60	
							855		885
	...	...	PARRAMATTA.			.....^a		.....^a	
	...	...	Surgeon ... ..			.....^a		.....^a	
12	1	1	Matron			150		150	
12	1	1	Sub-Matron			50		50	
							200		200
			LIVERPOOL.						
12	1	1	Surgeon-Superintendent			400		400	
12	1	1	Matron			200		200	
	...	1	Sub-Matron ... ..			.....		75	
							600		675
	1	1	Messenger and Office-keeper			100		70	
			Wardsmen, Cooks, Nurses, Laundresses, and other Servants			1,200		1,400	
12			Rations, Clothing, Medical Comforts, Medicines, and other Contingencies			16,500		16,500	
							17,800		17,970
	10	11	TOTAL ... ..		£	.....	19,455	.....	19,730
			Erysipelas Hospital and Branch Asylum for the Infirm and Destitute.						
12	1	1	Surgeon			200		200	
	...	1	Dispenser ... ..			.....		50	
12	1	1	Matron			130		130	
12	1	1	Nurse			32		32	
			Allowances to Wardsmen, Cooks, Nurses, &c.			200		200	
			Food, Clothing, Medicines, Medical Comforts, &c.			2,500		2,500	
			For treatment of cases other than Paupers			500		500	
	3	4	TOTAL ... ..		£	.....	3,562	.....	3,612

^a See Medical Vote.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Botanic Gardens.				
	1	1	Director	450		450	
	1	1	Overseer	200		200	
	1	1	Clerk and Librarian	175		175	
	1	1	Bailiff	120		120	
					945		945
			Wages to Gardeners and Labourers	2,450		2,650	
			Travelling and other Expenses of collecting	100		100	
			Forage for one Horse	50		50	
			Cases for Plants, and expenses of transmission... ..	40		40	
			Towards the formation of a Public Botanical Library... ..	25		25	
			Coals and Manure... ..	50		50	
			Preparing Ground for New Plantations... ..	100		100	
			Cost of Aviary	300		300	
			Painting and additional Seats	100		50	
			Labelling the Plants and Shrubs	30		50	
			Towards new Plantation—reclaimed ground, Lower Gardens	100		.....
			Additional Plant Frames	100		.....
			Pots for Plants	40		40	
			Fencing and making Ground about new Buildings	100		.....
			Incidental Expenses	100		100	
			Monkey House	100		.....
			To complete the Expense of Trenching, Forming, Planting, and Laying out that portion of the Garden intervening between the Upper Garden and Main Entrance	500		350	
			Timber for Repairs ... ..	.....		50	
					4,285		3,955
	4	4	TOTAL ... £	.....	5,230	.....	4,900
			Government Domains.				
	1	1	General Overseer	150		150	
	1	1	Bailiff	120		120	
					270		270
			Wages to Labourers	1,363		1,363	
			Forage for one Horse	50		50	
			Material to keep in repair Roads and Paths	250		250	
			Repair of Gates and Fences	125		50	
			To trench and fence in Ground for additional Planta- tions	150		150	
			Soil and Manure	25		25	
			To keep in order Plantations at Court House, Darling- hurst, and at other Public Buildings in Sydney	230		230	
			For a stone and iron palisading Fence to bound the Inner Domain from the Tarpeian Stairs to the western entrance to Botanic Gardens, Farm Cove			792	
			Asphalting Paths			150	
			For a Gate and for altering the Kerbing and Guttering of that part of the street adjoining the western entrance to Botanic Gardens			150	
			Incidental Expenses	50		50	
					2,243		3,260
	2	2	TOTAL ... £	.....	2,513	.....	3,530
			Garden Palace Grounds.				
			Wages to Gardener and Labourers ... ..	.....		667	
			Forage for one horse ... ..	.....		50	
			Tools and Incidental Expenses ... ..	.....		50	
			For trenching, planting, and making Flower-beds in that portion of ground opposite the Colonial Secretary's Office ... ..	.....		50	
			For a stone and iron palisading Fence between the Garden Palace Grounds and the Botanic Gardens .....	.....		330	
							1,147
			TOTAL ... £	.....	.....	.....	1,147

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	£		£	
Charitable Allowances.				
For the support of Paupers in the Sydney Infirmary and Hospitals ...	7,000		7,000	
Salaries of Lady Superintendent and five Nursing Sisters ...	600		600	
In aid of the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions ...	3,500		3,500	
Second instalment of a proposed contribution of £25,000 towards the re-building of the Sydney Infirmary on the same conditions ...	12,500		12,500	
Sydney Infirmary—to enable the Directors to purchase from the exhibits in Garden Palace a full and complete stock of the best and latest designed Surgical Instruments and appliances ...	500		500	
For the support of Women and Children in the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney ...	4,208		4,208	
In aid of the Funds of the Benevolent Society, Sydney, on condition of an equal amount being raised by voluntary contributions ...	500		500	
In aid of the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick, on condition of £2,000 being raised by private contributions ...	4,000		4,000	
For the support of Infants removed from the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney, to the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick ...	5,000		5,000	
In aid of the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Institution, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions ...	450		450	
Prince Albert Memorial Hospital at Tenterfield, for improvements and additions to the building ...	600		600	
In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, on condition that an equal amount be raised by private contributions, and also that the Government, through Police Magistrates or other approved Officers, have the right of admission of Patients, viz. :—				
Industrial Blind Institution, Sydney ...	1,000		1,000	
Albury Hospital and Benevolent Society ...	500		500	
Bega Hospital and Benevolent Society ...	50		50	
Gundagai Benevolent Society ...	100		100	
Maitland (West) Benevolent Society ...	300		300	
Narrabri Benevolent Asylum and Hospital ...	400		400	
Parramatta Benevolent Society ...	175		175	
Singleton and Patrick's Plains Benevolent Society ...	500		500	
Tamworth Benevolent Society ...	300		300	
In aid of the undermentioned Hospitals, on same conditions, viz. :—				
Adelong ...	75		75	
Araluen ...	100		100	
Armidale and New England ...	300		300	
Back Creek ...	400		400	
Balranald ...	300		300	
Bathurst ...	750		750	
Braidwood ...	100		100	
Bourke ...	413		413	
Carcoar ...	200		200	
Cooma ...	300		300	
Coonamble ...	200		300	
Deniliquin ...	600		600	
Dubbo ...	400		400	
Forbes ...	500		500	
Glen Innes ...	400		400	
Goulburn ...	300		300	
Cobar ...	.....		320	
Carried forward ...	£ 47,521		47,941	

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

33

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Charitable Allowances—continued.	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	£		£	
Brought forward	47,521		47,941	
In aid of the undermentioned Hospitals, on same conditions, viz. :—				
Grafton	500		500	
Grenfell	200		200	
Gulgong	500		500	
Gundagai	100		100	
Hay	1,000		1,000	
Hill End	250		250	
Hillston	500		500	
Inverell	500		500	
Kiandra	100		100	
Maitland	600		600	
Menindie	250		250	
Mudgee	300		300	
Murrurundi	400		400	
Muswellbrook	200		200	
Newcastle	750		750	
Orange	500		500	
Parkes	500		500	
Parramatta... ..	250		250	
Port Stephens	100		100	
Queanbeyan	100		100	
Scone	200		200	
Sofala	100		100	
Tenterfield	250		250	
Urana Hospital ... ..	.....		500	
Warialda	250		250	
Wagga Wagga	600		1,000	
Walgett	200		200	
Wellington	200		200	
Wilcannia	200		200	
Windsor	400		400	
Wollongong	200		200	
Yass	100		100	
Young	300		300	
Infants' Home, Ashfield—aid, on the usual conditions	1,000		1,000	
Hospital for Sick Children, Sydney—on the usual conditions	1,000		1,000	
Gunnedah Hospital—in aid of erection, on the usual conditions	500		500	
Lismore Hospital—towards the erection of, on the usual conditions	150		150	
Singleton and Patrick's Plains Benevolent Society, further sum, on the usual conditions	500		500	
Other Votes of 1880	7,182		.....
TOTAL	£	68,453	.....	62,591

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				
	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	£		£	
Miscellaneous Services.				
For defraying Expenses of the Returning Officers of the several Electoral Districts	600		600	
Expense of compiling and printing Electoral Lists and Electoral Rolls	1,700		1,700	
To defray the Expense of Taking the Census in April, 1881, and for Tabulating and Printing the information contained in the Returns	.....		20,000	
Newspapers and Almanacs	300		300	
Burial of destitute persons in cases where inquests are not held	500		500	
Maintenance of deserted children, paupers taken charge of for protection, expenses of transmission, &c....	500		500	
Fees for examination, care, &c., of Lunatics (under section 6 of the new Lunacy Act)	450		450	
Rewards for apprehension of Offenders	500		500	
Rent of furnished House for the Commodore commanding the Naval Squadron on this Station	500		500	
In aid of the Agricultural Societies of the Colony, to be distributed in proportion to amounts raised by private annual subscriptions from the members of such Societies	5,000		5,000	
Goodenough Royal Naval House	200		200	
In aid of the funds of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions	150		150	
In aid of the funds of the New South Wales Zoological Society, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private subscriptions	.....		500	
Resident Magistrate at Lord Howe Island	180		180	
To pay Municipal Rates on Government Buildings	10,000		12,000	
Towards trying the system of Boarding-out Destitute Children	400		400	
For preparing and planting ground round Public Buildings	800		800	
Towards publication of work on Orchids	100		100	
Wages for Gardener for East Maitland Gaol Reserve	128		128	
For improving the Rifle Range at Paddington	200		200	
Other Services, 1880...	1,147		.....
TOTAL	£	.....	23,355	.....
				44,708

IV.

Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
36	Treasury	16,470	17,095
37	Stamp Duties	2,130	2,505
37-40	Customs	50,151	50,425
41	Colonial Distilleries and Refineries	4,325	4,325
41	Gold Receivers	295	295
41	Gold and Escort	3,000	2,000
42	Government Printer's Department	42,118	43,991
43	Stores and Stationery	83,135	77,806
43-44	Ordnance and Barrack Department	6,778	9,021
44	Health and Emigration Officers	1,055	1,055
44	Quarantine	1,241	1,241
44	Board of Pharmacy	100	100
45	Shipping Masters	2,275	2,275
45	Glebe Island Abattoir	2,895	2,340
45-49	Marine Board of New South Wales	37,841	37,319
49	Life-boats	700	700
50	Miscellaneous Services	46,563	55,322
50	Advance to Treasurer	100,000	100,000
	Deduct Advances to Treasurer which do not form permanent charges	401,072 100,000	408,315 100,000
	TOTAL	£ 301,072	308,315

The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.					
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.
			Treasury.		
	1	1	Secretary for Finance and Trade. (Provided in Schedule.)	£	£
	1	1	Under Secretary ... ..	..... 800	..... 800
			ACCOUNT BRANCH.		
	1	1	Accountant	600	600
	1	1	Sub-Accountant	350	350
	2	2	Principal Book-keepers (Revenue and Loans), at £300.	600	600
	1	1	Cash Book-keeper	250	250
	4	4	Ledger-keepers—1 at £250, 2 at £200, and 1 at £190...	840	840
	5	5	Clerks—2 at £175, 1 at £165, and 2 at £100	715	715
	2	2	Probationers—1 at £75, and 1 at £50	125	125
				3,480	3,480
			REVENUE BRANCH.		
	1	1	Receiver	600	600
	1	1	First Clerk	350	350
	1	1	Clerk	275	275
	1	1	Clerk (in charge of Conditional Purchases)	235	235
	4	4	Clerks—2 at £200, 1 at £190, and 1 at £165	755	755
	5	5	Clerks—1 at £150, 1 at £125, and 3 at £100	575	575
	1	1	Probationer	50	50
	1	1	Collector and Depositor of Public Moneys	200	200
				3,040	3,040
			PAY BRANCH.		
	1	1	Paymaster	600	600
	1	1	First Clerk	300	300
	3	3	Clerks, 1 at £225, and 2 at £200	625	625
	1	1	Probationer... ..	50	50
				1,575	1,575
			EXAMINING BRANCH.		
	1	1	Examiner of Accounts	400	400
	1	1	Assistant Examiner	250	250
				650	650
			CORRESPONDENCE AND CONTRACTS.		
13	1	1	Clerk of Correspondence	400	400
	...	1	Clerk (Contracts) ... ..	.....	200
	1	1	Clerk	150	150
	1	1	Probationer	75	75
				625	825
			RECORDS.		
	1	1	Registrar	350	350
	2	2	Clerks—1 at £250, and 1 at £175	425	425
				775	775
			MISCELLANEOUS.		
	2	2	Clerks—1 at £275, and 1 at £200	475	475
				475	475
			MESSENGERS, &c.		
13	1	1	Chief Messenger	150	150
	2	2	Messengers... ..	200	200
13	2	2	Housekeepers—1 at £75, and 1 at £50... ..	125	125
				475	475
	54	55	Extra Clerical Assistance	500	500
			Allowance to Clerk of Tender Board	50	50
			Incidental Expenses	250	250
				800	800
			INSPECTING BRANCH.		
13	1	1	Chief Inspector of Public Revenue Collectors' Accounts and Consulting Accountant to the Treasury	700	700
	4	4	Inspectors of Public Revenue Collectors' Accounts, at £550 (1 from 1st July 1880)	1,925	2,200
			Travelling Expenses (irrespective of date of Service), including equipment allowances	1,150	1,300
				3,775	4,200
	59	60	TOTAL	£ 16,470	..... 17,095

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Stamp.							
STAMP DUTIES.							
13	1	1	Commissioner	500		500	
	1	1	Accountant and Cashier	250		250	
	1	1	Entry and Issue Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Corresponding Clerk	150		150	
	...	1	Clerk ... ..	.....		150	
	...	1	Clerk ... ..	.....		100	
	...	1	Junior Clerk ... ..	.....		50	
13	1	1	Foreman of Stampers	200		200	
	1	1	Stamper	150		150	
	3	...	Assistant Stampers, £50, £75, and £100	225		.....
	...	3	Do. 2 at £90, and 1 at £120 ... ..	.....		300	
13	1	1	Messenger	120		120	
	1	1	Officekeeper	45		45	
				1,890		2,265	
Rent of Office				220		220	
Incidental Expenses				20		20	
				240		240	
	11	14	TOTAL,	£	2,130	.....	2,505
Customs.							
<i>Sydney.</i>							
13	1	1	Collector ... ..	.....	1,000	.....	1,000
INDOOR BRANCH.							
	1	1	Chief Clerk... ..	530		530	
	1	1	Cashier	530		530	
	1	1	Clerk (Registrar)	375		375	
	1	1	Do. (Clearing Clerk)	400		400	
13	1	1	Do. (Clearing Steamers)	375		375	
13	1	1	Do.	250		250	
	1	1	Do.	225		225	
	1	1	Do.	205		205	
13	2	2	Clerks, at £200	400		400	
13	9	9	Do. at £175	1,575		1,575	
LANDING BRANCH.				4,865		4,865	
13	1	1	First Landing Surveyor	620		620	
	1	1	Second do.	500		500	
	1	1	First Landing Waiter	415		415	
	1	1	Second do.	415		415	
	1	1	Third do.	390		390	
	1	1	Fourth do.	365		365	
	1	1	Fifth do.	365		365	
	1	1	Sixth do.	365		365	
	1	1	Seventh do.	315		315	
	1	1	Eighth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Ninth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Tenth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Eleventh do.	315		315	
	1	1	Twelfth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Thirteenth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Fourteenth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Fifteenth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Sixteenth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Seventeenth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Eighteenth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Nineteenth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Twentieth do.	315		315	
	1	1	Twenty-first do.	315		315	
TIDE BRANCH.				8,160		8,160	
	1	1	First Tide Surveyor	375		375	
	1	1	Second do.	375		375	
	1	...	Third do.	325		.....
				1,075		750	
	46	45	Carried forward	£	15,100	.....	14,775

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Customs—continued.				
	46	45	Brought forward	£	15,100	£	14,775
			WAREHOUSE BRANCH.				
	1	1	Warehousekeeper	450		450	
	1	1	First Locker	275		275	
	1	1	Second do.	275		275	
	1	1	Third do.	275		275	
	1	1	Fourth do.	275		275	
13	1	1	Fifth do.	275		275	
	1	1	Sixth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Seventh do.	250		250	
	1	1	Eighth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Ninth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Tenth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Eleventh do.	250		250	
	1	1	Twelfth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Thirteenth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Fourteenth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Fifteenth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Sixteenth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Seventeenth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Locker at Queen's Warehouse	225		225	
					5,050		5,050
			MISCELLANEOUS.				
	1	1	Secretary to the Commissioners of Customs	50		50	
14	3	3	Warrant Officers—2 at £130, and 1 at £110	370		370	
	1	1	Messenger	150		150	
	1	1	Do.	135		135	
	6	...	Boy Messengers—2 at £75, and 4 at £50	350		.....
	...	5	2 at £75, and 3 at £50	.....		300	
	1	1	Watchman	114		114	
	1	1	Housekeeper	70		70	
	3	2	Coxswains, at £120	360		240	
	9	6	Boatmen, at £108	972		648	
					2,571		2,077
			OUTPORT BRANCH.				
			<i>Botany Bay.</i>				
14	1	1	Coast Waiter	250		250	
	4	4	Boatmen, at £108	432		432	
			<i>Broken Bay.</i>				
14	1	1	Coast Waiter	250		250	
	4	4	Boatmen, at £108	432		432	
			<i>Newcastle.</i>				
14	1	1	Sub-Collector	450		450	
	1	1	Tide Surveyor	300		300	
	1	2	Landing Waiters at £275	275		550	
	1	1	Locker	250		250	
14	1	1	Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Do.	200		200	
	1	1	Warrant Officer	170		170	
	1	1	Messenger	108		108	
	1	1	Coxswain	144		144	
	3	3	Boatmen, at £108	324		324	
			<i>Morpeth.</i>				
14	1	1	Sub-Collector	300		300	
	1	1	Assistant Customs Officer	75		75	
			Carried forward	£	4,210	£	4,485
	113	111	* Carried forward	£	.....	.....	21,902

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Customs—continued.				
	113	111	Brought forward ... ..	.....	22,721	.....	21,902
			<i>OUTPORT BRANCH—continued.</i>				
			Brought forward	4,210		4,485	
			<i>Grafton.</i>				
14	1	1	Sub-Collector	275		275	
14	1	1	Landing Waiter (Yamba)	200		200	
	2	2	Boatmen, at £108	216		216	
	1	1	Messenger	65		65	
			<i>Eden.</i>				
14	1	...	Sub-Collector	300		.....
	...	1	Acting Customs' Officer ... ..	.....		52	
	1	...	Coxswain	132		.....
			<i>Richmond River.</i>				
14	1	1	Sub-Collector	200		200	
	2	2	Boatmen, at £108	216		216	
			<i>Tweed River.</i>				
14	1	1	Sub-Collector	250		250	
			<i>Wollongong and Bellambi.</i>				
	1	1	Sub-Collector	200		200	
	2	2	Boatmen, at £108	216		216	
			<i>Kiama.</i>				
14	1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	52		52	
			<i>Shoalhaven.</i>				
16 & 24	1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	52		52	
			<i>Port Stephens.</i>				
	1	...	Acting Customs' Officer	52		.....
	1	1	Coast Waiter	200		200	
	1	1	Coxswain	120		120	
	3	3	Boatmen, at £108	324		324	
			<i>M'Leay River.</i>				
14	1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	25		25	
			<i>Bateman's Bay.</i>				
14	1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	52		52	
			<i>Tathra.</i>				
	...	1	Acting Customs' Officer ... ..	.....		25	
					7,357		7,225
			BORDER BRANCH.				
			<i>Moama.</i>				
14	1	1	Sub-Collector	450		450	
14	2	2	Assistant Officers of Customs, at £250	500		500	
	1	1	Clerk	175		175	
	1	1	Messenger	96		96	
	1	1	Watchman	120		120	
			<i>Albury.</i>				
15	1	1	Sub-Collector	350		350	
15	2	2	Assistant Officers of Customs—1 at £250, and 1 at £200	450		450	
			Assistant Officer of Customs (Walleragang)	200		200	
	1	1	Acting Officer	25		25	
15	1	1	Watchman for Night and Day work	120		120	
			<i>Wentworth.</i>				
15	1	1	Sub-Collector	350		350	
	1	...	Assistant Officer of Customs	175		.....
	1	1	Messenger	96		125	
			<i>Swan Hill.</i>				
15	1	1	Sub-Collector	250		250	
			<i>Euston.</i>				
15	1	1	Sub-Collector	250		250	
			<i>Howlong.</i>				
15	1	1	Sub-Collector	200		200	
			Carried forward... ..	£ 3,807		3,661	
	155	151	Carried forward	£	30,078	.....	29,127

NO. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Customs—continued.				
	155	151	Brought forward ... ..	.....	30,078	.....	29,127
			<i>BORDER BRANCH—continued.</i>				
			Brought forward... ..	3,807		3,661	
			<i>Corowa.</i>				
15	1	1	Sub-Collector	300		300	
15	1	...	Assistant Officer	200		.....
	1	1	Bridge-keeper	104		175	
			<i>Tocumwall.</i>				
15	1	1	Sub-Collector	250		250	
			<i>Queensland Border.</i>				
15	1	1	Sub-Collector (<i>Maryland</i>)... ..	250		250	
15	1	1	Do. (<i>Bogabilla</i>)... ..	225		225	
	...	1	Do. (<i>Currawillinghi</i>) ... ..	.....		250	
					5,136		5,111
			INLAND BONDED WAREHOUSES.				
			<i>Bourke.</i>				
16	1	1	Acting Sub-Collector	52		52	
16	1	1	Locker	250		250	
			<i>Deniliquin.</i>				
16	1	1	Locker	250		250	
16	1	...	Assistant Officer of Customs	200		.....
			<i>Wilcannia.</i>				
16	1	1	Sub-Collector	250		250	
			<i>Hay.</i>				
16	1	1	Sub-Collector	250		250	
16	1	1	Assistant Locker	200		200	
			<i>Brewarrina.</i>				
16	1	1	Sub-Collector	250		250	
			<i>Cobar.</i>				
	...	1	Locker ... ..	.....		250	
			<i>Tenterfield.</i>				
	...	1	Locker ... ..	.....		250	
			<i>Barrington.</i>				
	...	1	Locker ... ..	.....		250	
			<i>Hungerford.</i>				
	...	1	Locker ... ..	.....		250	
			<i>Mungindi.</i>				
	...	1	Sub-Collector ... ..	.....		250	
					1,702		2,752
14			Allowances to extra Tide Waiters, and for occasional Clerical Assistance	10,000	36,916	10,000	36,990
14			Rent	334		334	
14			Allowance in lieu of Quarters	1,176		1,326	
			Allowance for Forage for 15 horses (14 in 1880)	700		750	
			Allowance for Travelling Expenses to Officer of Customs, Howlong	25		25	
			New Boats	150		150	
			Gauging Instruments, &c.	100		100	
			Rewards to Seizing Officers in lieu of share of proceeds of goods seized	200		200	
			Allowance for Analytical Chemist	150		150	
			Incidental Expenses	400		400	
					13,235		13,485
	169	169	TOTAL	£	50,151	50,425

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Colonial Distilleries and Refineries.							
DISTILLERIES.							
16	1	1	Chief Inspector of Distilleries and Refineries	675		675	
16	2	2	Senior Inspectors of Distilleries, at £450	900		900	
16	1	1	Inspector	400		400	
16	1	1	Do.	350		350	
	1	1	Boatman for Harwood Island Distillery	108		108	
	6	6			2,433		2,433
REFINERIES.							
	1	1	Senior Inspector	300		300	
	1	1	Inspector	250		250	
	1	1	Watchman	108		108	
	1	1	Gatekeeper	108		108	
	4	4			766		766
GENERAL SERVICE.							
	1	1	Clerk and Acting Inspector	150		150	
	1	1	Messenger	80		80	
	2	2			230		230
			Occasional Assistance	200		200	
			Instruments and Books	40		40	
			Cleaning Offices	96		96	
			Porterage	10		10	
			Incidental Expenses	100		100	
			Rent of Office	120		120	
			Expense of procuring information in regard to Illicit Distillation	60		60	
			Allowance in lieu of Quarters to Inspectors	150		150	
			Travelling Expenses (irrespective of date of service)	120		120	
					896		896
	12	12	TOTAL	£	4,325	£	* 4,325
Gold Receivers.							
25	25		Receivers at Goulburn, Orange, Mudgee, Gulgong, Gundagai, Tamworth, Yass, Araluen, Forbes, Tumut, Armidale, Scone, Adelong, Stony Creek, Young, Sofala, Hargraves, Uralla, Nundle, Tambaroora, Braidwood, Grenfell, Carcoar, and Wagga Wagga, at £10 each, and 1 at Bathurst, at £15, and to meet new appointments, as required, £40 ... ..	.....	295	.....	295
Gold and Escort.							
			Freight and Conveyance of Gold and Escorts ... ..	.....	3,000	.....	† 2,000

* To meet the expenditure in connection with the Refineries Branch the Colonial Sugar Company are assessed at the rate of £1,500 per annum on the working capabilities of their Refinery. † This expenditure will be reimbursed in part by the Gold Escort charges.

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	1880	1881		£		£	
Government Printer's Department.							
16	1	1	Government Printer and Inspector of Stamps ...	600		600	
	1	1	Superintendent ...	450		450	
					1,050		1,050
CLERICAL AND ACCOUNT BRANCH.							
	1	1	Chief Clerk and Cashier ...	275		325	
	1	1	Accountant ...	250		250	
16	1	1	Clerk of Records ...	200		200	
	1	1	Receiving and Sales Clerk ...	200		200	
	1	1	Clerk ...	150		150	
					1,075		1,125
PRINTING, BOOKBINDING, AND PUBLISHING.							
2	2		Overseers, at £300 each (Night and Day) ...	600		600	
1	1		Foreman of Bookbinding Branch ...	300		300	
1	1		Overseer of Machine Branch ...	300		300	
1	1		Publisher ...	240		240	
178	213		Sub-Overseers, Readers, Compositors, Machinists, Pressmen, Bookbinders, Assistants, and others ...	20,408		21,935	
			Extra Hands and Overtime ...	3,700		3,700	
93	94		Improvers, Apprentices, Folders and Sewers, and others ...	5,414		5,643	
					30,962		32,718
POSTAGE STAMPS.							
1	1		Foreman ...	300		300	
6	6		Printers and Assistants ...	827		944	
					1,127		1,244
RAILWAY TICKETS.							
1	1		Foreman ...	275		275	
1	1		Ticket Printer ...	150		150	
2	2		Assistants ...	150		230	
					575		655
14	...		PHOTO-LITHOGRAPHY AND PHOTOGRAPHY ...	1,753		.....
4	...		WOODBURY AND OTHER PHOTO-MECHANICAL PROCESSES ...	545		.....
					2,298		.....
PHOTO-LITHOGRAPHY, PHOTOGRAPHY, AND PHOTO-TYPE PRINTING.							
...	1		Manager of the Branch ...	.....		350	
...	1		First Photographic Operator ...	.....		250	
...	1		Second do. do. ...	.....		150	
...	1		Photographic Printer ...	.....		175	
...	1		Photo-lithographic Operator ...	.....		225	
...	1		Photo-mechanical Operator ...	.....		160	
...	12		Assistants and Apprentices ...	.....		1,213	
							2,523
1	1		LITHOGRAPHIC DRAFTSMAN ...	.....	250	.....	250
LITHOGRAPHING Drawings connected with Patents							
Do. Plans and Illustrations connected with							
Parliamentary and other printed Public Documents							
				150		150	
				350		350	
					500		500
ENGRAVING, ELECTRO', STEREO', TYPE-FOUNDING, AND MECHANICAL BRANCH.							
1	1		Foreman ...	275		275	
5	9		Assistants ...	706		1,051	
					981		1,326
PARLIAMENTARY REPORTS.							
Printing Weekly Reports of Debates of Parliament ...							
				.....	2,500	.....	1,800
MISCELLANEOUS.							
Repairs to Machinery, and Incidental Expenses ...							
				350		350	
Binding for Free Public Library ...							
				200		200	
Rent of Store for Printed Public Documents, &c. ...							
				250		250	
					800		800
319	358		TOTAL ...	£	42,118	.....	43,991

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Stores and Stationery.							
17	1	1	Superintendent and Inspector of Stores...	400		400	
	1	...	Inspector of Stores	350		.....
			<i>Account Branch.</i>		750		400
	1	1	Accountant...	300		300	
	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
	3	...	Clerks at £140, £130, and £120	390		.....
	...	2	Clerks at £140	.....	840	280	730
			<i>Clerical Branch.</i>				
	1	1	Chief Clerk...	175		175	
	1	1	Record Clerk	150		150	
	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
					475		475
			<i>Store Branch.</i>				
	1	1	Stationer	175		175	
	1	1	Foreman	125		125	
	1	1	Messenger	110		110	
	1	2	Carters at £130 and £110...	130		240	
	3	3	Labourers, at £117	330		351	
					870		1,001
					2,985		2,606
			Stores and Stationery for the Public Service generally...	75,000		70,000	
			Fuel and Light for Departments within the District of Sydney...	3,500		3,500	
			Conveyance of Stores	1,500		1,500	
			Packing and other Expenses	200		200	
					80,200		75,200
17	16		TOTAL	£	83,135	.....	77,806
Ordnance and Barrack Department.							
<i>Sydney—</i>							
17	1	1	Ordnance Storekeeper and Barrack Master	350		350	
	1	1	Assistant do.	225		225	
17	1	1	Inspector of Magazines	200		200	
	1	1	Armourer	150		150	
	1	1	Visiting Surgeon	50		50	
	2	2	Clerks, at £150 and £100...	250		250	
	1	1	Junior Clerk	75		75	
17	2	2	Foremen of Magazines, at £175	350		350	
17	1	...	Foreman of Ordnance Stores	140		.....
17	1	1	Master of Steam Launch	150		150	
17	1	1	Engineer and Driver of do...	150		150	
17	1	1	Cooper, at 7s. per diem	128		128	
	...	1	Overseer of Stores...	.....		110	
17	10	10	Magazine Warders, at 6s. per diem	1,098		1,095	
17	8	7	Ordnance and Barrack Labourers, at 6s. per diem	879		767	
	1	1	Messenger	50		50	
	1	1	Lamp-lighter, Victoria Barracks, at 1s. per diem	19		19	
	2	2	Boatmen for Powder Barges, at 7s. per diem	257		256	
					4,521		4,375
<i>Newcastle—Floating Magazine—</i>							
17-19	...	...	Supervising Officer...	50		50	
17	2	2	Warders, at 6s. per diem	220		219	
					270		269
38	38		Carried forward	£	4,791	.....	4,644

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Ordnance and Barrack Department—continued.				
	38	38	Brought forward ... ..	.....	4,791	.....	4,644
18			Rations, Fuel, Light, Medicines for Island Residents, and Forage for horses	600		600	
			Extra Labour and Incidental Expenses	140		140	
			Allowance of 1s. per diem, to two Boatmen at Newcastle, for conveying Powder to and from the Magazine ...	37		37	
			Allowance for Clerical duties, Floating Magazine, New- castle	25		25	
			Allowance for Quarters to the Magazine Warders at Newcastle	50		50	
18			Allowance in lieu of Quarters to Inspector of Magazines	50		50	
			Do. do. to Master of Steam Launch... ..	25		25	
			Travelling Expenses of Inspector... ..	200		200	
			Hire of Lighters and Horses for conveyance of Powder	150		150	
			Fuel, Oil, Repairs, &c., for Steam Launch	200		200	
			For the maintenance of a Powder Magazine, Grafton...	400		400	
			Gratuity of one month's pay for each year of service to Edward Newman, late Foreman, Ordnance Stores, on his retirement from office in consequence of old age...	110		.....
					1,987		1,877
			Warlike Stores—Special Supply ... ..	.....		.....	2,500
	38	38	TOTAL	£	6,778	.....	9,021
			Health and Emigration Officers.				
18	1	1	Health and Emigration Officer, Port Jackson	600		600	
18	1	1	Health Officer, Newcastle... ..	200		200	
	1	1	Clerk to Emigration Officer, Port Jackson	175		175	
					975		975
			Rent of Office	75		75	
			Incidental Expenses	5		5	
					80		80
	3	3	TOTAL	£	1,055	.....	1,055
			Quarantine.				
18	1	1	Resident Medical Officer in Charge	300		300	
	1	1	Overseer of Stores	150		150	
18	2	2	Boatmen, at £108	216		216	
18	1	1	Caretaker of the Hospital Ship "Faraway"	75		75	
					741		741
			Expenses of Vessels in Quarantine ... ..	.....	500	.....	500
	5	5	TOTAL	£	1,241	.....	1,241
			Board of Pharmacy.				
	1	1	Secretary ... ..	.....	100	.....	100

NO. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Shipping Masters.				
			<i>Sydney.</i>	£		£	
	1	1	Shipping Master	400		400	
	1	1	Chief Clerk and Deputy Shipping Master	250		250	
	1	1	First Clerk and Accountant	175		175	
	2	2	Clerks at £150	300		300	
	1	1	Clerk	100		100	
	1	1	Assistant Clerk	150		150	
	...	1	Cadet	50		50	
	1	1	Messenger	150		150	
	1	1	Office-keeper	30		30	
			<i>Newcastle.</i>		1,605		1,605
	1	1	Shipping Master	300		300	
	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
	1	1	Boy Messenger	50		50	
			Rent of Office	150	500	150	500
			Incidental Expenses	20		20	
					170		170
	13	13	TOTAL	£	2,275	£	2,275
			Glebe Island Abattoir.				
19	1	1	Inspector	300		300	
19	1	1	Assistant Inspector	150		150	
19	1	1	Overseer, &c.	120		120	
19	4	4	Labourers—2 at £100, and 2 at £80	360		360	
19	1	1	Jobbing Carpenter... ..	110		110	
			Forage Allowance for Inspector	50	1,040	50	1,040
			Coals	40		60	
			Forage for Cart Horse	40		40	
			Fresh Water supply for the Abattoirs	200		250	
			Incidental Expenses	200		250	
					530		650
	1	...	Deodorizing Blood—				
			Salary of Officer charged with this duty	250		.....
			Wages and other Expenses connected therewith	1,075		.....
					1,325		.....
			Wages for labour of a temporary character, in connection with the Improvements ... ..		.....		650
	9	8	TOTAL	£	2,895	£	2,340
			Marine Board of New South Wales.				
			MARINE BOARD, SYDNEY.				
19	1	1	President	650		650	
	6	6	Fees to the Wardens	656		656	
19	1	1	Secretary	400		400	
19	1	1	Clerk and Accountant	250		250	
	1	1	Engineer Surveyor, Inspector, and Examiner	500		500	
	1	1	Assistant Engineer Surveyor	300		300	
	1	1	Shipwright Surveyor and Inspector	300		300	
	1	1	Examiner in Navigation and Pilotage	200		200	
	1	1	Examiner in Seamanship and Pilotage	200		200	
	1	1	Inspector	50		50	
	1	1	Water Bailiff	200		200	
	1	1	Messenger	100		100	
	...	...	Surveyors at the Outports	150		150	
					3,956		3,956
	17	17	Carried forward	£	3,956	£	3,956

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Marine Board of New South Wales—continued.				
	17	17	Brought forward	£	3,956	£	3,956
			LOCAL MARINE BOARD, NEWCASTLE.				
19	1	1	Harbour Master and Chairman	450		450	
	4	4	Fees to Members	250		250	
19	1	1	Secretary and Inspector	250		250	
19	1	1	Inspector	50		50	
	1	1	Inspector and Surveyor	200		200	
	1	1	Boatman	108		108	
	1	1	Messenger and Office-keeper	108		108	
	10	10			1,416		1,416
			HARBOUR MASTERS.				
19	1	1	Harbour Master, Sydney	350		350	
	1	1	Do. Twofold Bay	250		250	
19	1	1	Assistant Harbour Master, Newcastle	250		250	
19	1	1	Clerk, Sydney	200		200	
	4	4			1,050		1,050
			COLONIAL LIGHT-HOUSES.				
			<i>Principal Light-keepers.</i>				
19	1	1	Port Jackson—Macquarie Light... ..	180		180	
19	1	1	Do. Hornby Light	180		180	
19	1	1	Newcastle (acting also as Signal Master)	250		250	
19	1	1	Cape St. George	180		180	
19	1	1	Port Stephens	180		180	
19	1	1	Seal Rock Point	180		180	
20	1	1	Solitary Islands	180		180	
20	1	1	Broken Bay—Stewart's Light	144		180	
20	1	1	Light-ship "Bramble"	180		180	
20	1	1	Fort Denison Light	120		120	
	1	1	Ulladulla	144		144	
20	1	1	Nelson's Bay, Port Stephens	108		108	
			<i>First Assistant Light-keepers.</i>				
20	1	1	Port Jackson—Macquarie Light	108		108	
20	1	1	Do. Hornby Light	108		108	
20	1	1	Newcastle	108		108	
20	1	1	Cape St. George	108		108	
20	1	1	Port Stephens	108		108	
20	1	1	Seal Rock Point	108		108	
20	1	1	Solitary Islands	108		108	
20	1	1	Light-ship "Bramble,"—Mate	108		108	
20	1	1	Broken Bay—Stewart's Light	108		108	
20	2	2	Wollongong (also to perform the duties of Boatmen to the Pilot), at £108	216		216	
			<i>Second Assistant Light-keepers.</i>				
20	1	1	Port Jackson—Macquarie Light... ..	96		96	
20	1	1	Do. Hornby Light	96		96	
20	1	1	Newcastle	96		96	
20	1	1	Cape St. George	96		96	
20	1	1	Port Stephens	96		96	
20	1	1	Seal Rock Point	96		96	
20	1	1	Solitary Islands	96		96	
	...	1	Broken Bay ... ..	.....		96	
20	3	3	Light-ship "Bramble,"—Crew at £96	288		288	
	33	34			4,174		4,306
	64	65	Carried forward	£	10,596	.....	10,728

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.		MARINE BOARD OF NEW SOUTH WALES—continued.	SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	64	65		£		£	
			Brought forward ... ..	.....	10,596	.....	10,728
			SEA AND RIVER PILOTS.				
			<i>Port Jackson.</i>				
21	2	2	Assistant Harbour Masters—1 at £250, and 1 at £300...	550		550	
	4	4	Crew for do., at £108	432		432	
					982		982
			<i>Pilot Service of Port Jackson—</i>				
			Pilot Steamer "Captain Cook"				
	1	1	Master	400		400	
	1	1	Mate	200		200	
	1	1	2nd Mate	150		150	
	1	1	1st Engineer	240		240	
	1	1	2nd Engineer	168		168	
	4	4	Firemen, at £132	528		528	
	6	6	A. B. Seamen, at £108	648		648	
	4	4	Boatmen, at £108	432		432	
	2	2	Look-out-men, at £108... ..	216		216	
	1	1	Cook and Provodore	108		108	
	5	5	Sea Pilots, at £350	1,750		1,750	
					4,840		4,840
20	6	6	<i>Newcastle.</i>				
			Pilots, at £250	1,500		1,500	
20	1	1	<i>Manning River.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>M'Leay River.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Clarence River.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Richmond River.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Port Macquarie.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Moruya.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Bellinger River.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Tweed River.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Shoalhaven.</i>				
			Pilot... ..	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Wollongong.</i>				
			Pilot (and Light-keeper)	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Nambucca.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
20	1	1	<i>Camden Haven.</i>				
			Pilot	175		175	
	1	1	<i>Kiama.</i>				
			Pilot, in charge of the Port and Moorings	50		50	
	1	1	<i>Jerringong.</i>				
			Pilot, in charge of the Port and Moorings	25		25	
	1	1	<i>Shellharbour.</i>				
			Person in charge of Port and Moorings	25		25	
	1	1	<i>Tathra.</i>				
			Person in charge of Moorings	25		25	
	55	55			3,725		3,725
119	120		Carried forward ... ..	.....	20,143	.....	20,275

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Marine Board of New South Wales—continued.				
	119	120	Brought forward ... ..	.....	20,143	.....	20,275
			BOATMEN.				
			<i>Port Jackson. (Boatswain's Yard.)</i>				
	1	1	a Boatswain in charge		150		150
	4	4	Coxswains, at £120		480		480
	10	10	b Boatmen, at £108		1,080		1,080
			<i>Newcastle.</i>				
	20	20	Boatmen, at £108		2,160		2,160
	1	1	Carpenter		140		140
			<i>Manning River.</i>				
	5	5	Boatmen, at £108		540		540
			<i>M'Leay River.</i>				
	4	4	Boatmen, at £108		432		432
			<i>Clarence River.</i>				
	5	5	Boatmen, at £108		540		540
			<i>Richmond River.</i>				
	1	1	Coxswain		120		120
	5	5	Boatmen, at £108		540		540
			<i>Port Macquarie.</i>				
	5	5	Boatmen, at £108		540		540
			<i>Moruya.</i>				
	2	2	Boatmen, at £108		216		216
			<i>Bellinger River.</i>				
	4	4	Boatmen, at £108		432		432
			<i>Tweed River.</i>				
	5	5	Boatmen, at £108		540		540
			<i>Shoalhaven.</i>				
	4	4	Boatmen, at £108		432		432
			<i>Twofold Bay.</i>				
	4	4	Boatmen, at £108		432		432
			<i>Nambucca.</i>				
	2	2	Boatmen, at £108		216		216
			<i>Camden Haven.</i>				
	2	2	Boatmen, at £108		216		216
	84	84				9,206	9,206
			TELEGRAPH STATIONS.				
20	1	1	Signal Master, Fort Phillip		200		200
20	1	1	Signal Master's Assistant		108		108
20	1	1	Signal Master, South Head		200		200
	1	1	Signal Master, Cape Hawke		100		100
	1	1	Night Look-out-man, Signal Hill, Newcastle		120		120
	1	1	Signal Man, Newcastle		108		108
	1	1	Signal Man, Brunswick River		52		52
20	1	1	Junior Operating Clerk, South Head		100		100
20	1	1	Operator, Nelson's Bay		52		52
20	1	1	Do. Port Stephens		26		26
20	1	1	Do. Port Office, Sydney		52		52
	11	11				1,118	1,118
	214	215	Carried forward ... ..	£	.....	30,467	30,599

a Provided with Quarters. b To provide for the services of the Marine Board, Health and Emigration Officer, Post Office, and Government Stores.

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	1880	1881		£		£	
			Marine Board of New South Wales—continued.				
214	215		Brought forward ... ..	.....	30,467	.....	30,599
			AUSTRALIAN COAST LIGHT-HOUSES.				
			Contribution towards the maintenance of Lights on Gabo Island, Wilson's Promontory, King's Island, Kent's Group, and Lady Elliott's Island ... ..	.....	2,500	.....	2,500
			MISCELLANEOUS.				
			Travelling Expenses	150		150	
			New Boats and repairs, and repairs to Boat-sheds and Pilot Stations	500		500	
			Forage and Farricry	100		100	
			Expense of Communication	100		100	
			For the maintenance of the four Leading Lights on the Beacons erected in the Port of Newcastle... ..	48		48	
			For the maintenance of the Breakwater and Tide Lights, Newcastle	72		72	
			For the purchase of Buoys, Beacons, and Moorings for the Department generally	500		500	
			Coals and other contingent Expenses connected with the Steam Pilot Service	1,500		1,500	
			To erect Boatmen's Quarters at Newcastle and other Outports	300		300	
			Allowance in lieu of Quarters to Harbour Master and Pilots, Newcastle	250		250	
			Gratuity to the Widow of Robert Lambert, late Principal Light-keeper of the Light-ship "Bramble"	150		.....
			Incidental Expenses	1,204		1,200	
					4,874		4,720
214	221		TOTAL ... £	.....	37,841	.....	37,819
			Life-boats.				
			Gratuities to Coxswains and Crews of Life-boats ... ..	.....	700	.....	700

No. IV.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.				
	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	£		£	
Miscellaneous Services.				
Postage of Public Departments	10,000		12,000	
Advertising for the Public Service	5,000		7,500	
For the transmission of Telegraphic Messages	9,000		12,000	
Commission on Payments in England, by the Government Financial Agents	4,500		4,500	
Exchange on Remittances within and beyond the Colony	6,000		6,000	
Allowance for Postage and Stationery to Clerks of Petty Sessions, Land Agents, and Registrars of District Courts	3,000		2,000	
For the relief and conveyance of distressed Seamen belonging to the Colony from Foreign Ports, or from Wrecked Vessels, &c.	550		550	
Contribution towards the maintenance of the Settlement at Somerset, or other place fixed upon by the Queensland Government, according to an assessment made, under instructions from the Imperial Government, by the late Commodore Goodenough, then commanding the Australian Station	1,283		.....
To subsidize a Tug-boat, at the rate of £155 per month, for the Richmond River	1,860		1,860	
To subsidize a Tug-boat for the Macleay, Bellinger, and Nambuccra Rivers	250		828	
To subsidize a Tug-boat for Port Macquarie and Camden Haven ... ..	.....		600	
To subsidize a Tug-boat at the rate of £50 per month for the Manning River	600		600	
To subsidize a Tug-boat at the rate of £60 per month for Wollongong	720		720	
Aborigines—Special grant in aid of	400		400	
Retiring Allowance, on account of old age and bodily infirmity, to William Thomson, First Assistant, Light-ship "Bramble," at the rate of one month's pay for each year of service ... ..	.....		180	
Retiring Allowance, on account of old age, to Henry Daniel, Foreman, Stores Department, at the rate of one month's pay for each year of service ... ..	.....		209	
To meet Unforeseen Expenses, to be hereafter accounted for	3,000		3,000	
For purchase of land at Barrenjucy for Light-house, and for land and buildings for Custom-house and Boatmen ... ..	.....		1,250	
For Rent, and Interest thereon, since 1868 ... ..	.....		800	
To meet the following expenses connected with payment of Imperial Military and Naval Pensioners in the Colony:—		46,163		54,997
Clerk in Charge	300		300	
Clerk	75		.....
Incidental expenses	25		25	
		400		*325
TOTAL ... .. £	.....	46,563		55,322
Advance to Treasurer.				
To enable the Treasurer to make Advances to Public Officers, and on account of other Governments, and to pay expenses of an unforeseen nature, which will afterwards be submitted for Parliamentary appropriation. The whole amount to be adjusted not later than the 31st December, 1882 ... ..	.....	100,000	.....	100,000

* This expenditure will be covered by the Commission allowed by the Imperial Government to the Colonial Government for this particular Service.

V.

Public Instruction.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
52-54	Public Instruction	368,088	*525,865
54	Public Scholarships	1,500	1,500
55	Industrial Schools	6,139	7,039
55	Orphan Schools, Parranatta	7,500	7,500
56	Observatory	3,305	3,305
56	Museum	4,600	7,550
57	Free Public Library	6,312	5,812
58-59	Grants in aid of Public Institutions	20,651	25,251
	TOTAL	£ 418,040	583,822

* See note on page 54.

*The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.*

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. V.—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Public Instruction, under the Act 43 Vic. No. 23—continued.				
	55		Brought forward ...		368,033		12,615
			CHIEF INSPECTOR'S BRANCH.				
	1		Chief Inspector ...			700	
	1		Chief Clerk ...			500	
	1		Clerk ...			250	
	1		Do. ...			225	
	1		Do. ...			200	
	1		Do. ...			100	
	2		Junior Clerks, at £60 ...			120	
	2		Do. at £50 ...			100	
	1		Metropolitan District Inspector ...			600	
	6		District Inspectors, at £550 ...			3,300	
	3		Inspectors, at £500 ...			1,500	
	5		Do. at £475 ...			2,375	
	8		Inspectors, Second-class, at £450 ...			3,600	
							13,570
			ARCHITECT'S BRANCH.				
	1		Architect for Public Schools ...			600	
	1		Principal Draftsman ...			300	
	2		Draftsmen, at £200 ...			400	
	1		Draftsman ...			150	
	1		Clerk ...			300	
	1		Do. ...			150	
	4		Junior Clerks, at £50 ...			200	
	2		Clerks of Works, at £300 ...			600	
	1		Clerk of Works ...			275	
	2		Clerks of Works, at £250 ...			500	
	2		Do. at £200 ...			400	
							3,875
			SCHOOL ATTENDANCE BRANCH.				
	1		Principal School Attendance and Payments Officer ...			400	
	15		School Attendance and Payments Officers, at £200 ...			3,000	
	15		Do. do. at £200 (six months) ...			1,500	
							4,900
			MISCELLANEOUS.				
	1		Late Architect for completion of works in his hands ...			250	
	1		Superintendent of Drill ...			100	
	1		Drill Instructor ...			144	
	1		Assistant Singing Master ...			150	
	1		Messenger (including Office-keeper) Fort-street ...			140	
							784
			TEACHERS' SALARIES.				
	10		Teachers—1st Class Schools, at £400 ...			4,000	
	15		Do. 2nd do. at £336 ...			5,040	
	12		Do. 3rd do. at £252 ...			3,024	
	43		Do. 4th do. at £240 ...			10,320	
	88		Do. 5th do. at £228 ...			20,064	
	213		Do. 6th do. at £216 ...			46,008	
	130		Do. 7th do. at £180 ...			23,400	
	221		Do. 8th do. at £156 ...			34,476	
	277		Do. 9th do. at £132 ...			36,564	
	40		Do. 10th do. at £108 ...			4,320	
	20		Mistresses 1st do. at £300 ...			6,000	
	24		Do. 2nd do. at £252 ...			6,048	
	14		Do. 3rd do. at £204 ...			2,856	
	43		Do. 4th do. at £192 ...			8,256	
	21		Do. 5th do. at £180 ...			3,780	
			Assistant Teachers ...			27,316	
			Probationers ...			19,908	
			Pupil Teachers ...			18,396	
			Sewing Mistresses ...			4,820	
			For additional Teachers, as may be found necessary ...			5,000	
							289,596
	1,313		Carried forward ...	£	368,033		325,340

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

55

No. V.—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.
			Industrial Schools.		
			NAUTICAL SCHOOL SHIP "VERNON."	£	£
12	1	1	Commander and Superintendent	250	250
...	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....^a	.....^a
12	1	1	Mate and Clerk	150	150
12	1	1	Schoolmaster	150	150
12	1	1	Second Mate	130	130
12	1	1	Carpenter	120	120
13	1	1	Boatswain	100	100
...	...	...	Gardener	72	72
13	3	3	Seamen, at £72	216	216
13	1	1	Musician and Barber	72	84
13	1	1	Cook and Steward	120	120
...	...	...	Tailor	157	157
...	...	...	Shoemaker	157	157
...	...	...	Blacksmith	120	120
...	...	...	Bandmaster	50	50
	16	16		1,864	1,876
			Clothing for 180 Boys, at £2 15s. each	330	495
			Rations for 180 Boys, at 6d. each per diem	1,007	1,643
			Rations for 15 (Ship's Company), at 6d. each per diem... ..	138	160
			Fuel for cooking purposes	} 75	75
			Oil for Lamps		
			School Books	30	30
			Ship's Stores, including a new boat	100	125
			Gratuities to Good Conduct Boys, and for recreative purposes	20	40
			Incidental Expenses, including Medicines and Con- tingencies generally	100	100
			Water	100	100
				1,900	2,768
			BILOELA INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, PARRAMATTA RIVER.		
13	1	1	Superintendent	200	200
13	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....^a	.....^a
13	1	1	Teacher	100	100
13	1	1	House Matron	100	100
13	2	2	Assistant Matrons, at £60	100	120
13	1	1	Laundress	30	30
13	1	1	Messenger and Carter	75	75
				605	625
			Rations, Fuel, and Light (Officers)	} 1,700	1,700
			Do. do. (Girls)		
			Clothing and Boots	} 30	30
			Medicine and Medical Comforts		
			Stores, Ironmongery, Crockery, &c.		
			School Books, Stationery, and Stamps		
			Incidental Expenses	40	40
	7	7		1,770	1,770
				2,375	2,395
	23	23	TOTAL	£ 6,139	7,039
			Orphan Schools, Parramatta.		
			Maintenance of Orphan Schools, Parramatta (pending decision as to their future organization)	7,500	7,500

a See Medical Vote.

No. V.—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.											
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.							
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.			Amount Required for 1881.				
			Observatory.								
37	1	1	Astronomer			£	600	£	600		
37	1	1	Astronomical Assistant				300		300		
	1	1	Meteorological Assistant				200		200		
	1	1	Meteorological Observer				100		100		
	1	1	Extra Observer (Astronomical)				200		200		
	1	1	Compositor				150		150		
	1	1	Additional Compositor				130		130		
	1	1	Instrument-maker				200		200		
	25	25	Meteorological Observers—25 at £12				300		300		
	1	1	Messenger				100		100		
								2,280		2,280	
			Purchase of Books... ..				50		50		
			Expenses of Magnetical Survey				150		150		
			Purchase and maintenance of Instruments				300		300		
			Incidental Expenses				150		150		
21			Person in charge of Newcastle Time Ball				75		75		
			Extra Clerical assistance as required				100		100		
			Expense of erecting new Telescope				200		200		
								1,025		1,025	
	34	34	TOTAL			£		3,305	3,305
			Museum.								
	1	1	Curator				500		500		
	1	1	Assistant Taxidermist				150		150		
			To meet the expense of opening the Museum on Sundays				200		200		
	1	1	Collector of Specimens of Natural History				300		300		
			For purchase of Specimens				500		500		
			For purchase of Books				100		500		
			Towards the formation of a Technological and Industrial Collection				1,000		2,000		
			Towards the cost of Teachers (in addition to fees) and for Classes ... ..				.....		500	
			Scientific descriptive Catalogues of the collections in the Museum				300		500		
			Additional Endowment for General purposes				300		500		
			Purchase of Cabinets ... ..				.....		1,000	
			Travelling Expenses ... ..				.....		200	
			Exploration of Caves and Rivers... ..				.....		600	
			Furniture		100		
			Other items, 1880				1,250			
	3	3	TOTAL			£		4,600	7,550

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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No. V.—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Free Public Library.				
			<i>Reference Library.</i>	£		£	
	1	1	<i>a</i> Principal Librarian	450		450	
	1	1	Assistant Librarian and Compiler	300		300	
	2	2	Chief Attendant (<i>Night</i>), at £130, and 1 at £75 ...	205		205	
	2	2	Attendants (<i>Day</i>), 1 at £104, and 1 at £100	204		204	
	1	1	Cleaner and Messenger	112		112	
	1	1	Additional Attendant	120		120	
			Allowance for Rent in lieu of Quarters for Cleaner and Messenger	1,391 26		1,391 26	
	8	8			1,417		1,417
			Books, Periodicals, &c.	1,500		1,000	
			Gas, Fuel, &c.	240		240	
			Incidental Expenses	150		150	
			Fire Insurance	20		20	
			To meet expense of opening the Library on Sundays ...	229		229	
					2,139		1,639
			<i>Lending Branch.</i>				
	1	1	Librarian	350		350	
	1	1	Assistant Librarian	200		200	
	1	1	Entry Clerk	180		180	
	1	1	Attendant	100		100	
	...	2	Additional Attendants—1 at £120, and 1 at £75 ...	195		195	
	4	6			1,025		1,025
			Books, &c.	1,500		1,000	
			Gas, Fuel, &c.	58		58	
			Furniture... ..	.....		500	
			Incidental Expenses, including Occasional Assistance (as required), Freight, and Insurances, &c.	100		100	
			To meet the expense of opening the Library on Sundays	73		73	
					1,731		1,731
	12	14	TOTAL ... .. £	.....	6,312	.....	5,812

a Allowed quarters, fuel, and light.

No. V.—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.		Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.
Grants in aid of Public Institutions.		£	£
For Additional Lecturers, Sydney University .....		.....	1,000
New South Wales Academy of Art		1,000	.....
For the purchase of Works of Art... ..		5,000	1,000
Towards the establishment of an Art Gallery .....		.....	5,000
Royal Society—Amount in proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions		250	350
Towards the support of a Zoological Station near Sydney, on condition of an equal amount being subscribed by the Public (Re-vote of vote of 1879)... ..		.....	300
Technical Instruction :—			
In connection with Schools of Arts and Evening Public Schools			
Towards the cost of Teachers in connection with Schools of Arts and Evening Public Schools (in addition to fees) and for classes		1,000	1,000
For Apparatus .....		.....	500
For the purchase of a Site for a School of Arts and Working Men's College at Parramatta Junction and for the purchase of scientific apparatus on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contribution		100	300
In aid of certain Educational Institutions, in the proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions, viz. :—			
Adelong Literary Institute... ..		50	50
Albury School of Arts		75	75
Anvil Creek		75	75
Armidale Literary Institute		75	75
Ballina School of Arts		25	25
Balmain Working Men's Institute... ..		38	38
Bathurst School of Arts		200	200
Bega School of Arts... ..		75	75
Boat Harbour School of Arts		50	50
Braidwood Literary Institute		75	75
Branxton Mechanics' Institute		25	25
Brewarrina School of Arts'		40	40
Bombala School of Arts and Mechanics' Institute		150	150
Botany		75	75
Bourke Mechanics' Institute		75	75
Burwood School of Arts		100	100
Cambewarra School of Arts... ..		50	50
Camden School of Arts		38	38
Carcoar School of Arts		25	25
Casino School of Arts		50	50
Charlestown Literary Institute		50	50
Clarence Town School of Arts		50	50
Clifton School of Arts .....		.....	50
Cooma School of Arts		38	38
Coonabarabran School of Arts		50	50
Corowa School of Arts		75	75
Cowra School of Arts		50	50
Deniliquin School of Arts		150	150
Denman School of Arts		50	50
Dubbo Mechanics' Institute		75	75
Dungog School of Arts		50	50
East Maitland School of Arts		75	75
East Maitland Mechanics' Institute		200	200
Frederickton School of Arts		38	38
Forbes School of Arts		250	250
Gladstone School of Arts		100	100
Gosford Literary Institute		20	20
Goulburn School of Arts		75	75
Grafton School of Arts		75	75
Gronfell School of Arts		50	50
Greta School of Arts		75	75
Gulgong School of Arts		100	100
Gundagai Literary Institute		50	50
Guntawang School of Arts		30	30
Hay Athenæum		200	200
Hamilton School of Arts		50	50
Hill End School of Arts		100	100
Hinton School of Arts		20	20
Lambton Mechanics' and Miners' Institute		38	38
Largs School of Arts		50	50
Lismore .....		.....	100
Merriwa		75	75
Carried forward	£	12,525	16,775

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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NO. V.—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Grants in aid of Public Institutions—continued.	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	£		£	
In aid of Educational Institutions, in the proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions, viz. :—	12,525	.....	16,775	
Brought forward				
Milton School of Arts... ..	30		30	
Minmi Mechanics' School of Arts	500		500	
Molong School of Arts... ..	150		150	
Morpeth School of Arts	30		30	
Mudgee School of Arts	75		75	
Murrurundi Mechanics' Institute and School of Arts	150		150	
Musclebrook School of Arts	40		40	
Narrabri Mechanics' Institute	50		50	
Newcastle School of Arts	200		200	
North Willoughby School of Arts	25		25	
Orange Mechanics' Institute and School of Arts	150		150	
Parramatta School of Arts	100		100	
Paterson School of Arts	25		25	
Petersham Working Men's Institute... ..	50		50	
Plattsburg Mechanics' Institute	100		100	
Queanbeyan Literary Institute	50		50	
Raymond Terrace School of Arts	25		25	
Richmond School of Arts	50		50	
Rocky Mouth Mechanics' Institute	50		50	
St. Leonards School of Arts	75		75	
Scone School of Arts	50		50	
Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts	200		200	
Singleton Mechanics' Institute	115		115	
South Grafton School of Arts	30		30	
Stroud School of Arts	38		38	
Tamworth Mechanics' Institute	28		38	
Tenterfield School of Arts	100		100	
Tumut Mechanics' Institute	100		100	
Uralla Literary Institute	75		75	
Walcha School of Arts	25		25	
Wallsend School of Arts	150		150	
Wagga Wagga Mechanics' Institute... ..	150		150	
Waratah School of Arts	50		50	
Warialda Mechanics' Institute	150		150	
West Maitland School of Arts	150		150	
Windsor School of Arts	75		75	
Wingham School of Arts	50		50	
Wollongong School of Arts	75		75	
Woodville School of Arts	50		50	
Woodford School of Arts	100		100	
Wyrallah School of Arts	25		25	
Yass Mechanics' Institute	75		75	
Young Mechanics' Institute	500		500	
Wentworth Mechanics' Institute ... ..	.....		30	
Ulmara School of Arts ... ..	.....		50	
In aid of the erection of the following buildings on same condition :—				
Royal Society ... ..	.....		500	
Ashfield School of Arts ... ..	.....		750	
Alstonville ... ..	.....		50	
Bega ... ..	.....		300	
Ballina ... ..	.....		50	
Bingera Mechanics' Institute... ..	.....		150	
Clifton School of Arts... ..	.....		150	
Cooma School of Arts... ..	.....		300	
Moruya Mechanics' Institute... ..	.....		200	
Murwillumbah... ..	.....		50	
Lismore School of Arts ... ..	.....		100	
Grafton, North, School of Arts ... ..	.....		500	
Grafton, South, School of Arts ... ..	.....		300	
Cudal School of Arts ... ..	.....		100	
Ulmara School of Arts ... ..	.....		100	
Ulmara School of Arts—Purchase of Site... ..	.....		50	
Waratah School of Arts ... ..	.....		200	
Wollombi School of Arts ... ..	.....		100	
Wentworth Mechanics' Institute ... ..	.....		150	
Other Services of 1880	3,830		.....
TOTAL	£	20,651	.....	25,251

VI.

Administration of Justice.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
62	Department of Justice...	4,865	4,890
63	Master in Equity's Department	1,924	1,924
63	Prothonotary ...	12,759	13,759
64	Sheriff ...	17,432	17,882
64	Insolvency Court	1,420	1,508
65-68	District Courts ...	10,914	11,159
68	Coroners' Inquests	3,200	3,260
69-81	Petty Sessions ...	53,928	55,578
82-86	Prisons ...	77,874	86,936
87	Reformatory for Girls ...	483	633
87	Registrar of Copyright...	250	220
87	Miscellaneous Services ...	1,205	1,457
	TOTAL ...	£ 186,254	199,206

The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.													
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.									SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881								Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
										£.		£	
Department of Justice.													
	1	1	Minister of Justice	...	...	...	...	...	1,500		1,500	
	1	1	Under Secretary	...	...	...	...	...	800		800	
	1	1	Chief Clerk...	...	...	...	...	...	400		400	
23	1	1	First Clerk (in charge of Records)	..	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	1	Second do.	...	...	...	...	...	250		250	
	1	1	Third do. (Account Clerk)	...	...	...	...	...	215		215	
	1	1	Fourth do.	...	...	...	...	...	175		175	
	1	1	Fifth do.	...	...	...	...	...	165		165	
	1	1	Sixth do.	...	...	...	...	...	165		165	
	1	1	Seventh do...	...	...	...	...	...	150		150	
	1	1	Eighth do.	...	...	...	...	...	100		100	
	1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	...	...	120		120	
	1	1	Assistant Messenger	...	...	...	...	...	75		75	
23	1	1	Housekeeper	...	...	...	...	...	75		75	
										4,540		4,540	
			Extra Clerical Assistance, as required	...	...	...	...	...	200		200	
			Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	...	...	125		150	
										325		350	
	14	14	TOTAL...	...	...	...	...	...	£ .....	4,865	.....	4,890

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

63

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Their Honors the Judges.							
	1	1	The Chief Justice				
	3	3	The Puisne Judges				
	1	1	Temporary Judge				
	5	5					
Master in Equity.							
	1	1	<i>a</i> Master in Equity	1,000		1,000	
	1	1	Chief Clerk	400		400	
	1	1	Second Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Third Clerk	160		160	
	1	1	Messenger	114		114	
	5	5	TOTAL	£ 1,924		£ 1,924	
Prothonotary.							
	1	1	<i>b</i> Prothonotary and Curator of Intestate Estates	700		700	
	1	1	<i>c</i> Chief Clerk	400		400	
	1	1	Sub-Curator			350	
	1	1	Second Clerk	325		325	
	1	1	<i>d</i> Third Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Fourth Clerk	140		140	
	1	1	Fifth Clerk	100		100	
	1	1	Clerk in charge, Ecclesiastical Branch	300		300	
	1	1	Cashier and Accountant	300		300	
	...	1	Extra Clerk (at £200 for six months) to superintend removal of old Records, &c., and to prepare proper Index to same			100	
	1	1	Custodian of Wills	50		50	
	5	5	Clerks to the Judges—1 at £275, 1 at £260, 1 at £245, and 2 at £200	1,180		1,180	
	1	1	French, German, and Italian Interpreter (including Minor Courts)	150		150	
	1	1	Oriental Interpreter (including Minor Courts)	150		150	
	1	1	Messenger	114		114	
					4,159		4,609
			Travelling Expenses of the Judges	2,000		2,000	
			Allowance to Witnesses attending the Supreme and Circuit Courts	6,400		6,400	
			*Incidental Expenses	100		100	
			Towards the formation of a Law Library for the use of the Supreme Court	100		100	
			Towards copying of Wills into Books of Reference for public use			500	
					8,600		9,100
Divorce Court.							
	...	1	Clerk of the Court				50
	17	20	TOTAL	£ 12,759		£ 13,759	

a.—The Master in Equity acts also as Master in Lunacy, with salary of £250 per annum, provided on Estimates of Colonial Secretary.

b, c, d.—The Prothonotary of the Supreme Court acts also as Registrar, the Chief Clerk as Deputy Registrar, and the Third Clerk as Clerk of the Divorce Court.

* An allowance of £25 to be paid from this vote to a Charwoman for Equity Office.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.		
				£		£		
Sheriff.								
23	1	1	Sheriff	700		700		
	1	1	Under Sheriff	450		450		
	1	1	Chief Clerk	300		300		
	1	1	Clerk and Accountant	250		250		
	1	1	Record Clerk	200		200		
	1	1	Fourth Clerk	150		150		
	...	2	Jury Clerks, at £75 ... ..	.....		150	
23	1	1	Bailiff	250		250		
23	3	3	Bailiffs, at £200	600		600		
23	1	1	Bailiff	175		175		
23	27	29	Bailiffs, at £150	4,050		4,350		
	1	1	Messenger and Caretaker, Darlington	68		68		
	1	1	Office-cleaner	52		52		
	1	1	Crier and Tipstaff	132		132		
	4	4	Tipstaves to Supreme Court Judges at £120	480		480		
23 & 24	1	1	Court-keeper, King-street... ..	114		114		
	1	1	Court-cleaner, do.	130		130		
23 & 24	1	1	Court-keeper, Darlington	114		114		
	1	1	Court-cleaner, do.	72		72		
	1	1	Watchman, do.	20		20		
23 & 24	1	1	Court-keepers, Circuit Towns	600		600		
					8,907		9,357	
			Travelling Expenses of the Sheriff or Under Sheriff	150		150		
			Allowances to Jurors attending the Supreme and Circuit Courts, and for Contingencies	6,000		6,000		
			Forage Allowance	25		25		
			Allowances for preparing and serving Jury Summonses, and for Assistant Bailiffs; travelling and other Contingent Expenses... ..	1,300		1,300		
			For planting and improving the grounds around Court Houses... ..	1,000		1,000		
			Incidental Expenses	50		50		
					8,525		8,525	
	50	54	TOTAL	£	17,432	.....	17,882
Insolvency Court.								
	...	...	Chief Commissioner (Provided for by Act 24 Vic. No. 20.)				
	1	1	Registrar and Accountant... ..	400		400		
	1	1	Chief Clerk... ..	300		300		
	1	1	Second Clerk	225		225		
	1	1	Third Clerk... ..	175		175		
	...	1	Extra Clerk (at £175 for 6 months) ... ..	.....		88	
	1	1	Bailiff and Messenger	180		180		
	1	1	Court-keeper, Crier, and Attendant	114		114		
	1	1	Court-cleaner	26		26		
					1,420		1,508	
	7	8	TOTAL	£	1,420	.....	1,508

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

65

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.
District Courts.					
METROPOLITAN AND HUNTER DISTRICT.					
Judges (provided for by Act 22 Vic., No. 18).					
	1	1	Registrar, Sydney	500	500
	1	1	Clerk, do.	350	350
	1	1	Do. do.	275	275
	1	1	Do. do.	250	250
	1	1	Do. do.	200	200
24	1	1	Head Bailiff and Crier, Sydney	200	200
24	3	3	Assistant Bailiffs, Sydney, at £104	312	312
	1	1	Messenger, do.	120	120
24	1	1	Office-keeper, do.	50	50
	1	1	Assistant, do. do.	50	50
32	1	1	Registrar, Newcastle	75	75
32	1	1	Do. Parramatta	78	78
36	1	1	Do. Windsor	78	78
33	1	1	Do. Penrith	78	78
27	1	1	Do. Campbelltown	78	78
31	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Maitland	75	75
33	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Singleton	50	50
32	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Muswellbrook	30	30
34	1	1	Do. Scone	30	30
24	1	1	Bailiff, Parramatta	35	35
24	1	1	Do. Windsor	35	35
24	1	1	Do. Penrith	35	35
24	1	1	Do. Campbelltown	60	60
24	1	1	Do. Newcastle	50	50
24	1	1	<i>b</i> Do. Maitland	100	100
24	1	1	Do. Singleton	40	40
	1	1	Do. Muswellbrook	40	40
	1	1	Do. Scone	30	30
	29	30		3,254	3,304
SOUTHERN DISTRICT.					
Judge (provided for by Act 22 Vic. No. 18).					
30	1	1	Registrar, Kiama	60	60
34	1	1	Do. Nowra	60	60
31	1	1	Do. Milton	60	60
26	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Bega	35	35
26	1	1	Do. Bombala	50	50
26	1	1	Do. Berrima	50	50
	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Goulburn	75	75
37	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Yass	60	60
33	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Queanbeyan	50	50
27	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Cooma	60	60
26	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Braidwood	65	65
31	1	1	Do. Moruya	30	30
28	1	1	Do. Eden	30	30
36	1	1	Do. Wollongong	60	60
	1	1	Bailiff, Kiama	30	30
	1	1	Do. Nowra	30	30
	1	1	Do. Milton	30	30
	1	1	Do. Bega	30	30
	1	1	Do. Bombala	45	45
	1	1	Do. Berrima	30	30
	1	1	Do. Goulburn	80	80
	1	1	Do. Yass	60	60
	1	1	Do. Queanbeyan	30	30
	1	1	Do. Cooma	40	40
	1	1	Do. Braidwood	40	40
	1	1	Do. Moruya	20	20
	1	1	Do. Eden	20	20
	1	1	Do. Wollongong	35	35
	28	28		1,265	1,265
	57	58	Carried forward	£ 4,519	£ 4,569

a Also Deputy Clerk of the Peace.*b* Allowance of £25 per annum for Forage, &c.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.									
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.			
	57	58		£		£			
District Courts—continued.									
Brought forward				.....	4,519	.....	4,569		
SOUTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.									
Judge (provided for by Act 22 Vic. No. 18).									
26	1	1	Registrar, Burrowa	30		30			
37	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Young	50		50			
29	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Gundagai	50		50			
35	1	1	Do. Tumut	30		30			
36	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Wagga Wagga	50		50			
25	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Albury	75		55			
28	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Deniliquin	50		50			
28	1	1	Do. Corowa	25		25			
29	1	1	Do. Grenfell	30		30			
29	1	1	Do. Wingham	30		30			
25	1	1	Do. Port Macquarie	40		40			
36	1	1	Do. Kempsey	30		30			
	1	1	Do. Moama	40		30			
		1	Do. Cootamundra	.....		30			
	1	1	Bailiff, Burrowa	25		25			
	1	1	Do. Young	40		40			
	1	1	Do. Gundagai	40		35			
	1	1	Do. Tumut	40		25			
	1	1	Do. Wagga Wagga	50		50			
	1	1	Do. Albury	40		50			
	1	1	Do. Deniliquin	50		50			
	1	1	Do. Corowa	20		20			
	1	1	Do. Grenfell	25		25			
	1	1	Do. Wingham	30		25			
	1	1	Do. Port Macquarie	40		40			
	1	1	Do. Kempsey	30		25			
	1	1	Do. Moama	40		40			
		1	Do. Cootamundra	.....		25			
	26	28			1,000		1,005		
WESTERN DISTRICT.									
Judge (provided for by Act 22 Vic. No. 18).									
29	1	1	<i>a</i> Registrar, Hartley	30		25			
26	1	1	Do. Bathurst	75		75			
30	1	1	Do. Carcoar	25		25			
28	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Orange	30		30			
31	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Forbes	30		30			
32	1	1	Do. Molong	40		20			
28	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Wellington	40		40			
32	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Dubbo	30		40			
30	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Mudgee	60		60			
	1	1	Do. Hill End	40		40			
	1	1	Bailiff, Hartley	30		30			
	1	1	Do. Bathurst	50		50			
	1	1	Do. Carcoar	25		25			
	1	1	Do. Orange	45		45			
	1	1	Do. Forbes	45		45			
	1	1	Do. Molong	40		40			
	1	1	Do. Wellington	40		40			
	1	1	Do. Dubbo	30		30			
	1	1	Do. Mudgee	40		40			
	1	1	Do. Hill End	40		40			
	20	20			785		770		
103	103	106	Carried forward	£	6,304	.....	6,344		

a Also Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

67

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
	103	106	District Courts—continued.				
			Brought forward ...	.....	6,304	.....	6,344
			NORTH-WESTERN AND EASTERN DISTRICT.				
			Judge (Provided for by Act 22 Vic. No. 18.)				
36	1	1	Registrar, Wilcannia ...	40		40	
25	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Bourke ...	30		30	
35	1	1	Do. Walgett ...	40		40	
27	1	1	Do. Coonabarabran ...	40		40	
27	1	1	Do. Coonamble ...	40		40	
36	1	1	Do. Wentworth ...	30		30	
33	1	1	Do. Hay ...	40		50	
30	1	1	Do. Balranald ...	20		20	
29	1	1	Do. Grafton ...	50		50	
27	1	1	Do. Casino ...	30		30	
	1	1	Do. Maclean ...	30		30	
	...	1	Do. Lismore ...	.....		30	
	1	1	Bailiff, Wilcannia ...	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Bourke ...	60		50	
	1	1	Do. Walgett ...	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Coonabarabran ...	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Coonamble ...	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Wentworth ...	25		40	
	1	1	Do. Hay ...	40		50	
	1	1	Do. Balranald ...	20		40	
	1	1	Do. Grafton ...	45		45	
	1	1	Do. Casino ...	30		30	
	1	1	Do. Maclean ...	30		30	
	...	1	Do. Lismore ...	.....		30	
	22	24			800		905
			NORTHERN DISTRICT.				
			Judge (Provided for by Act 22 Vic. No. 18.)				
30	1	1	Registrar, Inverell ...	40		40	
31	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Murrurundi ...	30		30	
34	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Tamworth ...	50		50	
25	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Armidale ...	75		75	
28	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Glen Innes ...	40		40	
35	1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Tenterfield ...	40		40	
25	1	1	Do. Bingera ...	40		40	
32	1	1	Do. Narrabri ...	40		40	
29	1	1	Do. Gunnedah ...	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Warialda ...	40		40	
35	1	1	Do. Vegetable Creek ...	40		40	
	11	11	Carried forward ...	£ 475	.....	475	
	125	130	Carried forward ...	£	7,104	.....	7,249

a Also Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			District Courts—continued.				
	125	130	Brought forward... ..	£	7,104	£	7,249
			NORTHERN DISTRICT—continued.				
	11	11	Brought forward	475		475	
	1	1	Bailiff, Inverell	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Murrurundi	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Tamworth	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Armidale	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Glen Innes... ..	45		45	
	1	1	Do. Tenterfield	30		30	
	1	1	Do. Bingera	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Narrabri	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Gunnedah	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Warialda	40		40	
	1	1	Do. Vegetable Creek	40		40	
					910		910
			Travelling Expenses of Judges	2,000		2,000	
			Allowances to Jurors, and Mileage to Bailiffs	550		550	
			Incidental and Unforeseen Expenses	300		* 400	
			Towards the formation of a Law Library for Sydney District Court... ..	50		50	
	22	22			2,900		3,000
	147	152	TOTAL	£	10,914	£	11,159
			Coroners' Inquests.				
24	1	1	Coroner, Sydney	450		450	
	1	1	Clerk, do.	175		175	
	1	1	Office-cleaner	25		25	
					650		650
25-37			Fees to Coroners and Magistrates for Inquests and Inquiries, at 20s. each	1,500		1,500	
24			Travelling Expenses of Coroners and Magistrates	400		400	
			Burials and Incidental Expenses... ..	500		500	
			Jurors' Fees attending Murder and Manslaughter Inquests	50		50	
			Jurors' and Witnesses' Fees attending Inquests on Fires	100		100	
			Purchase of Post-mortem Instruments, &c., for New Morgue, South Sydney ... ..	.....		60	
					2,550		2,610
	3	3	TOTAL	£	3,200	£	3,260

* £25 payable from this item for Forage Allowance to District Court Bailiff, Maitland.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.		Petty Sessions.	SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			POLICE MAGISTRATES, CLERKS OF PETTY SESSIONS, &c.				
			<i>Sydney.</i>				
			<i>Central Police Office.</i>				
34	1	1	Police Magistrate	£ 600		£ 600	
	1	1	Assistant Police Magistrate, and Clerk of Petty Sessions	600		500	
	1	1	Second Clerk and Accountant	350		350	
	1	1	Third do.	250		250	
	1	1	Fourth do.	200		200	
	1	1	Fifth do.	175		175	
	1	1	Sixth do. and Collector of Fees, &c.	125		125	
	1	1	Seventh do.	105		105	
	1	1	Eighth do.	104		104	
	1	1	Ninth do.	104		104	
	1	1	Tenth do. from 1st July in 1880	50		100	
	1	1	Messenger	115		115	
	1	1	Office-keeper	50		50	
					2,728		2,778
			<i>Water Police Office.</i>				
	1	1	Police Magistrate	600		600	
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	500		500	
	1	1	Second Clerk	350		350	
	1	1	Third do.	250		250	
	1	1	Fourth do.	185		185	
	1	1	Fifth do.	175		175	
	1	1	Sixth do.	150		150	
	1	1	Seventh do.	100		100	
	1	1	Messenger	100		100	
	1	1	Court and Office-keeper	50		50	
					2,460		2,460
			<i>Adelong.</i>				
			(See Tumut.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Albury.</i>				
25	1	1	Police Magistrate (visits Howlong and Germanton) ...	450		450	
25	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					625		625
			<i>Armidale.</i>				
25-71	1	1	Police Magistrate (visits Bendemeer, Uralla, and Walcha)	500		500	
25	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
	1	1	Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		100	
					775		775
			<i>Araluen.</i>				
25	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	375		375	
					375		375
			<i>Ashford.</i>				
			(See Inverell.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Back Creek (Barrington River).</i>				
25	1	1	Police Magistrate	400	†	
25	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175	†	
					575		
			<i>Baradine.</i>				
			(See Coonabarabran.)				
			Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....*
			<i>Bathurst.</i>				
26	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Oberon and Rockley)	500		500	
26	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	225		225	
26	1	1	Assistant do.	100		100	
					825		825
			<i>Balranald.</i>				
25	1	1	c Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Euston and Moulamein)	275		275	
					275		275
			<i>Ballina.</i>				
			(See Lismore.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Barraba.</i>				
			(See Bingera.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
	35	35	Carried forward	£	8,638	.....	8,113

* Allowances of £10. See Contingencies.

† Now voted under head of Copland.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	35	35	Brought forward	£	8,638	£	8,118
			<i>Bateman's Bay.</i> (See Moruya.)				
14	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Berrima.</i>				
26	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Moss Vale)	275		275	
	1	1	Assistant Clerk	75		75	
			<i>Bendemeer.</i> (See Armidale.)		850		350
26	1	1	Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	100		100	
			<i>Bega.</i>		100		100
26	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
			<i>Binalong.</i> (See Yass.)		175		175
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Binda.</i> (See Crookwell.)				
	...	...	Clerk of Petty Sessions from Crookwell attends ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Blackville.</i>				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Blayney.</i> (See Carcoar.)				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Boat Harbour—(Bellinger River.)</i>				
26	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Nambucca)	225		225	
					225		225
			<i>Boggabri.</i> (See Gunnedah.)				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Bourke.</i>				
18	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Eringunna)	500		500	
25	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					675		675
			<i>Bombala.</i>				
26	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Booligal.</i> (See Hay.)				
	...	...	Police acting as Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Braidwood.</i> (See Queanbeyan.)				
26	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Branxton.</i> (See Singleton.)				
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		150	
					100		150
			<i>Breewarrina.</i> (See Bourke.)				
27	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		300	
					175		300
			<i>Broke.</i> (See Singleton.)				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....*
			<i>Broughton Creek.</i>				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
	46	46	Carried forward	£	10,788	£	10,438

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Pago in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	46	46	Brought forward	£	10,788	£	10,438
			<i>Bundarra.</i>				
			(See Inverell.)				
26	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	125		150	
			<i>Burrowa.</i>		125		150
	1	...	Police Magistrate (visiting Binalong and Frogmore) ...	100		...	
25	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
			<i>Bungendore.</i>		275		175
			(See Queanbeyan.)				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Bingera.</i>				
25	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Barraba)	350		350	
					350		350
			<i>Bulladelah.</i>				
26	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Stroud and Forster, Cape Hawke)	225		225	
					225		225
			<i>Bulli.</i>				
			(See Wollongong.)				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....*
			<i>Buckley's Crossing.</i>				
			(See Cooma.)				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Cannonbar.</i>				
			(See Dubbo.)				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Canowindra.</i>				
			(See Carcoar)				
27	...	...	Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Carcoar.</i>				
27	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Blayney and Canowindra)	450		450	
					450		450
			<i>Casino.</i>				
			(See Lismore.)				
27	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Camden.</i>				
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (also acting C.P.S at Picton)	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Cassilis.</i>				
			(See Merriwa.)				
27	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Campbelltown.</i>				
27	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Camden Haven.</i>				
			(See Port Macquarie.)				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Cessnock.</i>				
			(See Wollombi.)				
	...	...	Police acting as Clerk of Petty Sessions.*	*	
			<i>Clarence Town.</i>				
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Cooma.</i>				
27	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Nimitybelle, Seymour, and Buckley's Crossing)	450		450	
27	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					625		625
	58	57	Carried forward	£	13,538		13,113

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.		
				£		£		
			Petty Sessions—continued.					
	58	57	Brought forward	£	13,538	£	13,113	
	...	1	<i>Cobar.</i>					
	1	1	Police Magistrate ... ..	.....		450	
			Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175		
					175		625	
			<i>Corowa.</i>					
28	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	300		300		
			<i>Cowra.</i>					
			(See Young.)					
28	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175		
					175		175	
			<i>Coonabarabran.</i>					
27	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Denison Town and Baradine)	275		275		
					275		275	
			<i>Coonamble.</i>					
27	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	275		275		
					275		275	
			<i>Collector.</i>					
			(See Goulburn.)					
28	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		100		
					100		100	
			<i>Coolah.</i>					
			(See Coonabarabran.)					
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*		
			<i>Cootamundra.</i>					
			(See Gundagai.)					
27	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175		
					175		175	
			<i>Cooranbong.</i>					
			(See Gosford.)					
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*		
			<i>Condobolin.</i>					
			(See Forbes.)					
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175		
					175		175	
			<i>Copeland (Barrington River).</i>					
	...	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate, and acts as Warden)	.....		†250	
							250	
			<i>Crookwell.</i>					
			(See Goulburn.)					
27	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (attends also at Binda)	175		175		
					175		175	
			<i>Cudgen.</i>					
			(See Tweed River.)					
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*		
			<i>Cundletown.</i>					
			(See Wingham.)					
	...	...	Clerk of Petty Sessions, Wingham, attends ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Dandaloo.</i>					
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*		
			<i>Deniliquin.</i>					
28	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Jerilderie)	450		450		
28	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175		
					625		625	
			<i>Denison Town.</i>					
			(See Coonabarabran.)					
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*		
			<i>Denman.</i>					
			(See Merriwa.)					
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	50		125		
					50		125	
			<i>Drake.</i>					
	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*		
			<i>Dungog.</i>					
28	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175		
					175		175	
	71	72	Carried forward	£	16,213	.....	16,563

* Allowance of £10. † Voted for 1880 under the head of Back Creek. Designation of Gold Field since altered.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	71	72	Brought forward	£	16,213	£	16,568
			<i>Dubbo.</i>				
28	1	1	Police Magistrate (Visiting Cannonbar, Obley, and Warren)	450		450	
28	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					625		625
			<i>Eden.</i>				
14 & 28	1	1	Police Magistrate	150		150	
28	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					325		325
			<i>Ellalong.</i> (See Wollombi.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	*		*	
			<i>Euabalong.</i> (See Hillston.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	*		*	
			<i>Euston.</i> (See Balranald.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	*		*	
			<i>Forbes.</i>				
28	1	1	Police Magistrate visiting Condobolin, Grenfell, and Parkes	500		450	
28	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					675		625
			<i>Forster.</i> (See Bulladelah.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	*		*	
			† <i>Germanton.</i> (See Albury.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	*		*	
			<i>Gladstone.</i> (See Kempsey West.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	*		*	
			<i>Glen Innes.</i>				
28	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Vegetable Creek)	300		300	
			<i>Gloucester.</i> (See Back Creek.)		300		300
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	*		*	
			<i>Goodooga.</i> (See Walgett.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	†		†	
			<i>Goulburn.</i>				
28	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Collector, Gunning, and Crookwell)	500		500	
29	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175		175	
	1	1	Do. Assistant	100		100	
					775		775
			<i>Gosford.</i>				
29	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Cooranbong)	300		300	
29	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					475		475
			<i>Grenfell.</i> (See Forbes.)				
29	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Grafton.</i>				
29	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Lawrence and Maclean)	450		450	
29	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	200		200	
	1	1	Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		100	
					750		750
			<i>Grata.</i> (See Singleton.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	*		*	
	87	88	Carried forward	£	20,313	£	20,613

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies. † Allowance of £15. See Contingencies. ‡ Formerly voted for "Ten-mile Creek."

NO. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	87	88	Brought forward	£	20,313	£	20,613
			<i>Gulgong.</i>				
29	1	1	Police Magistrate	500		400	
29	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175		175	
					675		575
			<i>Gundagai.</i>				
29	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Cootamundry)	450		450	
29	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					625		625
			<i>Gunnedah.</i>				
29	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Boggabri and Tamba Springs)	300		300	
					300		300
			<i>Gunning.</i> (See Goulburn.)				
29	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Gundaroo.</i> (See Queanbeyan.)				
...	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Hartley.</i>				
30	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Rydal, Lithgow, and Wallerawang)	325		325	
					325		325
			<i>Hargraves.</i> (See Hill End.)				
...	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Hay.</i>				
30	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Booligal)	450		450	
30	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	200		200	
					650		650
			<i>Hill End.</i>				
30	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Tambaroora and Hargraves)	450		450	
30	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	125		125	
					575		575
			<i>Hillston.</i>				
	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Euabalong and Mossiel)	300		300	
					300		300
			<i>Howlong.</i> (See Albury.)				
...	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Inverell.</i>				
30	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Tingha, Ashford and Bundarra)	400		400	
30	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					575		575
			<i>Jerilderie.</i> (See Deniliquin.)				
...	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Kempsey (West).</i>				
30	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate—visiting Gladstone)	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Jerry's Plains.</i> (See Singleton.)				
...	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Kiama.</i>				
30	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Shellharbour)	250		250	
					250		250
			<i>Lachlan.</i> (See Forbes)				
			<i>Lambton.</i> (See Waratah)				
			<i>Lawrence.</i> (See Grafton.)				
...	...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions†	†	
	103	104	Carried forward	£	24,938		25,138

* Allowance of £10 from Contingencies.

† £15 allowance.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	103	104	Brought forward ... ..	.....	24,938	.....	25,138
31	1	1	<i>Lismore.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Casino, Ballina, Woodburn, and Wardell)	450		450	
31	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					625		625
			<i>Lithgow.</i> (See Hartley.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Liverpool.</i> Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			† <i>Lord Howe Island.</i> <i>Louth.</i> Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Macquarie.</i> (See Bathurst) ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Maitland.</i> Police Magistrate, East and West Maitland, Morpeth, and Paterson	500		500	
31	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	225		225	
	1	1	Assistant do.	100		100	
	1	1	Messenger	50		50	
					875		875
			<i>Manilla.</i> (See Tamworth.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Maclean.</i> (See Grafton.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Macleay.</i> (See Kempsey) ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Marsden's.</i> (See Young) ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Mathoura (Redbank).</i> (See Moama.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
	1	1	<i>Menindie.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	350		350	
					350		350
31	1	1	<i>Merrivale.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Cassilis and Denman)	350		350	
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					525		525
			<i>Micalago.</i> (See Queanbeyan.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
31	1	1	<i>Milton.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
			<i>Mogil Mogil.</i> (See Walgett.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Moree.</i> (See Warialda.) Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*		175	
			<i>Morpeth.</i> (See Maitland) ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Moruya.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Nelligen, Bateman's Bay, and Montreal)	450		450	
31	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					625		625
31	1	1	<i>Moama.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Mathoura)	275		275	
	1	1	Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		100	
					375		375
	117	118	Carried forward	£	28,488	.....	28,863

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Salary of Resident Magistrate provided on Estimates of Colonial Secretary's Department.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.									
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.			
				£		£			
			Petty Sessions—continued.						
	117	118	Brought forward ... ..	.....	28,488	.....	28,863		
			<i>Molong.</i> (See Orange.)						
31	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175		175	
			† <i>Montreal (Bermagui).</i> (See Moruya.)		175				175
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....*
			<i>Morangarell.</i>						
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*			
			<i>Mossiel.</i> (See Hillston.)						
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*			
			<i>Moss Vale.</i> (See Berrima.)						
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	50		150			
			<i>Moulamein.</i> (See Balranald.)		50				150
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*			
			<i>Mount Gipps.</i>						
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Mudgee.</i>						
32	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Wollar)	450		450			
32	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175			
			<i>Mulwala.</i>		625				625
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*			
			<i>Muswellbrook.</i> (See Scone.)						
32	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175			
			<i>Murrurundi.</i> (See Scone.)		175				175
31	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175		175			
			<i>Murrumburrah.</i> (See Young.)		175				175
32	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175			
			<i>Murwillumbah.</i> (See Tweed River)		175				175
			<i>Nambucca.</i> (See Boat Harbour.)						
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*			
			<i>Narrandera.</i> (See Wagga Wagga.)						
32	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175			
			<i>Narrabri.</i>		175				175
32	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Wee Waa)	370		370			
			<i>Nelligen.</i> (See Moruya.)		370				370
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*			
			<i>Newcastle.</i>						
32	1	1	Police Magistrate	600		600			
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	250		250			
32	1	1	Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions	150		150			
	1	1	Messenger	60		60			
			<i>New England.</i> (See Armidale)		1,060				1,060
			Carried forward... ..	£	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	130	131			31,468		31,943		

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Established in place of Nerrigundah, cancelled as a place of Petty Sessions.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	130	131	Brought forward	£	31,468	£	31,943
	1	1	<i>Newtown.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions	175	175	175	175
	...	...	<i>Nimitybelle.</i> (See Cooma.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....	.....*	.....
34	1	1	<i>Nowra (Shoalhaven.)</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions	175	175	175	175
	1	1	<i>Nundle.</i> (See Tamworth.) Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175	175	175	175
	...	...	<i>Oberon.</i> (See Bathurst.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....	.....*	.....
32	1	1	<i>Orange.</i> Police Magistrate—(visiting Molong and Toogong)	450		450	
32	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
	1	1	Assistant do.	100		100	
					725		725
	...	...	<i>Obley.</i> (See Dubbo.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....	.....*	.....
	...	...	<i>Pandula.</i> Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....	.....*	.....
33	1	1	<i>Parkes.</i> (See Forbes.) Clerk of Petty Sessions	175	175	175	175
33	1	1	<i>Paterson.</i> (See Maitland.) Clerk of Petty Sessions	175	175	175	175
32	1	1	<i>Parramatta.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
	1	1	Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		100	
					275		275
33	1	1	<i>Penrith.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions	175	175	175	175
	1	1	<i>Picton.</i> (See Camden.) Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	10	10	10	10
	...	...	<i>Pilliga.</i> Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....	.....*	.....
	...	...	<i>Plattsburg (Wallsend.)</i> (See Waratah) ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....
33	1	1	<i>Port Macquarie.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions, visiting Camden Haven	175	175	175	175
	...	...	<i>Pooncaira.</i> (See Wentworth.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....	.....†	.....
	143	144	Carried forward	£	33,703	£	34,178

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Allowance of £15. See Contingencies.

		No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	1880	1881		£		£	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	143	144	Brought forward	£	33,703	£	34,178
33	1	1	<i>Queanbeyan.</i> Police Magistrate, visiting Braidwood, Bungendore, and Gundaroo and Micalago	450		450	
33	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					625		625
			<i>Quirindi.</i> (See Scone.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
33	1	1	<i>Raymond Terrace.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	275		275	
					275		275
			<i>Richmond.</i> (See Windsor.) Clerk of Petty Sessions from Windsor attends	50		50	
					50		50
			<i>Richmond River.</i> (See Lismore) ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Rockley.</i> (See Bathurst.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
33	1	1	<i>Rylstone.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
33	1	1	<i>Ryde.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Rydal.</i> (See Hartley.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
34	1	1	<i>Scone.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Muswellbrook and Murrur- undi)	450		450	
34	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					625		625
			<i>Seymour.</i> (See Cooma.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Shellharbour.</i> (See Kiama) ... ..	.....		.....
33	1	1	<i>Singleton.</i> Police Magistrate (visits St. Alban's, Branxton, Greta, Broke, and Jerry's Plains)	450		450	
33	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175		175	
					625		625
33	1	1	<i>Sofala.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	350		350	
					350		350
			<i>St. Alban's (Macdonald River).</i> (See Wollombi) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Stony Creek.</i> (See Wellington.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
34	1	1	<i>Stroud.</i> (See Bulladelah.) Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
			<i>Talbragar.</i> (See Denison Town)*	*	
			<i>Tamba Springs.</i> (See Gunnedah.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
	154	155	Carried forward	£	36,778	£	37,253

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

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No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.		Petty Sessions—continued.	SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
	154	155	Brought forward ... ..	.....	36,778	.....	37,253
34	1	1	<i>Tamworth.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Nundle, Wallabadah, and Manilla)	450		450	
34	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
	1	1	Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions	75		75	
			<i>Tambaroora.</i> (See Hill End) ... ..	.....	700	.....	700
			<i>Taralga.</i> Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Taree.</i> (See Wingham.) Clerk of Petty Sessions, Wingham, attends ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Temora.</i> Police Magistrate ... ..	.....		450	
			Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		175	
			<i>Tenterfield.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Wilson's Downfall)	450		450	625
34	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
35	1	1			625		625
			<i>Tingha.</i> (See Inverell.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Tinonee.</i> (See Wingham.) Clerk of Petty Sessions, Wingham, attends ... ..	.....		.....
			<i>Tocumical.</i> Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Toogong.</i> (See Orange.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Tuena.</i> (See Trunkey Creek.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
35 & 71	1	1	<i>Trunkey Creek.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Tuena)	275		275	
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
					275		275
35	1	1	<i>Tumut.</i> (a) Police Magistrate (visiting Adelong and Tumberumba)	450		450	
			Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		150	
					450		600
35	1	1	<i>Tumberumba.</i> (See Tumut.) Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
35	1	1	<i>Tweed River.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Cudgen and Murwillumbah)	225		225	
					225		225
			<i>Upper Hunter.</i> (See Scone) ... ..	.....		.....
25 & 71	1	1	<i>Uralla.</i> (See Armidale.) Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175	
					175		175
35	1	1	<i>Urana.</i> (See Wagga Wagga.) Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		100	
					100		100
	165	169	Carried forward	£	39,503	.....	40,753

(a) Acts also as Warden, without salary. * Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	165	169	Brought forward	£	39,503	£	40,753
			<i>Vegetable Creek.</i> (See Glen Innes.)				
35	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	100	100	150	150
			<i>Wagga Wagga.</i>				
36	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Urana and Narrandera) ...	450		450	
36	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175	625	175	625
			<i>Warialda.</i>				
35	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Moree and Yetman) ...	400		400	
35	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175	575	175	575
			<i>Wardell (Richmond River)</i> (See Lismore)				
			<i>Walgett.</i>				
35	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Goodooga and Mogil Mogil)	350	350	350	350
			<i>Walcha.</i> (See New England.)				
36	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175	175	175	175
			<i>Wallerawang.</i> (See Hartley.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Waratah.</i>				
	1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Lambton, Wallsend, and Plattsburg)	450		450	
	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	150	600	150	600
			<i>Warren.</i> (See Cannonbar.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Wallabadah.</i> (See Tamworth.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Wallsend (Plattsburg.)</i> (See Waratah)				
			<i>Wee Waa.</i> (See Narrabri.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Wellington.</i>				
36	1	1	Police Magistrate to visit Stony Creek	450		450	
36	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)	175	625	175	625
			<i>Wentworth.</i>				
36	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Pooncaira)	400	400	400	400
			<i>Wingham.</i>				
36	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)—acts also at Taree, Cundletown, and Tiuonee	175	175	175	175
			<i>Wilson's Downfall.</i> (See Tenterfield.)				
			Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions*	*	
			<i>Windsor.</i>				
36	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate—visiting Rich- mond)	175	175	175	175
			<i>Wilcannia.</i>				
36	1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions	350	350	350	350
	180	184	Carried forward	£	43,653	£	44,953

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

81.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Petty Sessions—continued.				
	180	184	Brought forward	£	43,653	£	44,953
	...	...	<i>Wollar.</i> (See Mudgee.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....	.....*	.....
36	1	1	<i>Wollombi.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Cessnock, Ellalong, and St. Alban's)	300	300	300	300
36	1	1	<i>Wollongong.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Bulli)	225	225	225	225
	...	...	<i>Woodburn.</i> (See Lismore.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....	.....*	.....
37	1	1	<i>Yass.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Binalong)	300	300	300	300
	...	...	<i>Yetman.</i> (See Warialda.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....	.....*	.....
37	1	1	<i>Young.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Burrowa, Murrumburrah, and Cowra)	500		500	
37	1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions	200		200	
					700		700
					45,178		46,478
25-37			Travelling Expenses of Police Magistrates	3,600		3,600	
			Inspector of Weights and Measures, Central Police Office	200		200	
			Allowances to Court House Keepers	1,500		1,300	
			Fees to Interpreters	150		150	
			Rent of Court Houses	750		900	
			Fuel, Light, and Water	500		500	
			Bailiffs, Small Debts Courts	300		300	
			Allowances to Police acting as Clerks of Petty Sessions	900		1,000	
			Incidental Expenses	800		1,100	
			Allowance for Forage to the Police Magistrate, Waratah, for visiting Lambton and Wallsend ...	50		50	
					8,750		9,100
	185	189	TOTAL	£	53,928	£	55,578

* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
- Prisons.							
	1	1	Comptroller General	800		800	
	1	1	Deputy Comptroller and Chief Clerk	350		350	
	1	1	Accountant	200		200	
	1	1	Clerk	175		175	
	1	1	Do.	125		125	
	1	1	Do.	110		110	
	1	1	Do.	75		75	
	1	1	Messenger	120		120	
	...	1	Housekeeper ... ..	.....		25	
			Travelling Expenses ... ..	.....*	1,955	.....*	1,980
			****
	8	9			1,955		1,980
SYDNEY GAOL.							
8	1	1	Principal Gaoler	450		450	
	1	1	Visiting Justice	200		200	
	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....a		.....a	
	...	...	Dispenser ... ..	.....a		.....a	
8	1	1	Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Do.	120		120	
	1	1	Schoolmaster	200		200	
8	...	...	Chief Warder*	*	
	...	...	Senior Warder*	*	
	...	...	Warders in charge...*	*	
	...	...	Warders*	*	
	...	...	Do.*	*	
	...	...	Overseer*	*	
	...	...	Do.*	*	
	...	...	Messenger*	*	
8	1	1	Matron	125		125	
	...	...	Female Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	120		120	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic... ..	120		120	
	1	1	Do. Presbyterian	50		50	
					1,635		1,635
PARRAMATTA GAOL.							
8	1	1	Visiting Justice	100		100	
	1	1	Gaoler	275		275	
8	1	1	Matron	20		20	
11	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....a		.....a	
	1	1	Schoolmaster and Storekeeper	200		200	
	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
8	...	...	Dispenser ... ..	.....a		.....a	
8	...	...	Chief Warder*	*	
	...	...	Senior Warder*	*	
	...	...	Warders*	*	
	...	...	Trade Overseers*	*	
10	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	60		60	
	1	1	Do. Presbyterian	40		40	
10	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	60		60	
	...	...	Messenger*	*	
	...	...	Carter*	*	
					905		905
	25	26	Carried forward	£	4,495	.....	4,520

* See Gaols generally.

a See Medical Vote.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	25	26		£		£	
			Brought forward...	.....	4,495	.....	4,520
			BATHURST GAOL.				
8	1	1	Gaoler	175		175	
8	1	1	Matron	42		42	
			Visiting Surgeon .....	.....^a		.....^a	
8	1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster	140		140	
			Chief Warder*	*	
			Warders*	*	
			Female Warder*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	30		30	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic...	30		30	
					417		417
	5	5					
			MAITLAND GAOL.				
9	1	1	Gaoler	200		200	
9	1	1	Matron	60		60	
			Visiting Surgeon .....	.....^a		.....^a	
	1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster	160		160	
			Chief Warder*	*	
			Senior Warder*	*	
			Warders*	*	
			Female Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	30		30	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic...	30		30	
					480		480
	5	5					
			GOULBURN GAOL.				
8	1	1	Gaoler	175		175	
8	1	1	Matron	42		42	
			Visiting Surgeon .....	.....^a		.....^a	
	1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster	140		140	
			Chief Warder*	*	
			Warders*	*	
			Female Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	30		30	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic...	30		30	
					417		417
	5	5					
			BERRIMA GAOL.				
26	1	1	Visiting Justice	75		75	
9	1	1	Gaoler	250		250	
9	1	1	Matron	42		42	
			Visiting Surgeon and Dispenser .....	.....^a		.....^a	
	1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster	140		140	
			Chief Warder*	*	
			Senior Warder*	*	
			Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	100		100	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic...	100		100	
					707		707
	6	6					
	46	47	Carried forward	£	6,516	.....	6,541

* See Gaols generally.

^a See Medical Vote.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
	46	47	Prisons—continued.				
			Brought forward ... ..	.....	6,516	.....	6,541
			ALBURY GAOL.				
9	1	1	Gaoler	160		160	
9	1	1	Matron	20		20	
	...	...	Warders*	*	
	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	10		10	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	10		10	
	4	4			200		200
			GRAFTON GAOL.				
	1	1	Gaoler	175		175	
	1	1	Matron	20		20	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	10		10	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	10		10	
	4	4			215		215
			MUDGEES GAOL.				
9	1	1	Gaoler	175		175	
9	1	1	Matron	42		42	
	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
	...	...	Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	10		20	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	10		20	
	4	4			237		257
			ARMIDALE GAOL.				
9	1	1	Gaoler	160		160	
	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
9	1	1	Matron	42		42	
	...	...	Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	10		20	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	10		20	
	4	4			222		242
			WAGGA WAGGA GAOL.				
9	1	1	Gaoler	160		160	
	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
9	1	1	Matron	20		20	
	...	...	Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	10		10	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	10		10	
	4	4			200		200
			YASS GAOL.				
9	1	1	Gaoler	160		160	
	...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	.....^a		.....^a	
9	1	1	Matron	30		30	
	...	...	Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	10		10	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	10		10	
	4	4			210		210
	70	71	Carried forward	£	7,800	.....	7,865

* See Gaols generally.

^a See Medical Vote.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

85

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	70	71	Brought forward	£	7,800	£	7,865
			DENILQUIN GAOL.				
9	1	1	Gaoler	160		160	
9	1	1	Visiting Surgeon	.....^a		.....^a	
	1	1	Matron	20		20	
	1	1	Warders*	*	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	10		10	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	10		10	
	4	4			200		200
			YOUNG GAOL.				
9	1	1	Gaoler	175		175	
9	1	1	Matron	42		42	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	10		20	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	10		20	
	4	4			237		257
			TAMWORTH GAOL.				
	1	1	Gaoler	.....		200	
	1	1	Matron	.....		42	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	.....		20	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	.....		20	
	4	4			.....		282
			HAY GAOL.				
	1	1	Gaoler	.....		200	
	1	1	Matron	.....		42	
	1	1	Chaplain, Church of England	.....		20	
	1	1	Do. Roman Catholic	.....		20	
	4	4			.....		282
			POLICE GAOLS, COUNTRY DISTRICTS.				
36	36		Acting Gaolers—6 at £20, 30 at £15	570		570	
36	36		Acting Matrons—24 at £10, 12 at £5 per annum	300		300	
6	6		Chaplains, Church of England, at £10 each	60		60	
6	6		Do. Roman Catholic, at £10 each	60		60	
	84	84			990		990
			GAOLS GENERALLY.				
8	1	1	Chief Warder	225		225	
	1	1	Do.	175		175	
	2	2	Chief Warders, at 9s. per diem	330		329	
	2	2	Do. at 8s. 6d. do.	312		311	
	2	3	Senior Warders, 1st Class, 1 at 9s., 1 at 8s. 9d. (in lieu of 8s. 6d.), and 1 at 8s. 6d. per diem	321		480	
	8	9	Senior Warders, 2nd Class, at 8s. 3d. do.	1,208		1,356	
17	20		Warders, 1st Class, at 8s. do.	2,489		2,920	
15	18		Do. 2nd Class, at 7s. 3d. do.	1,991		2,382	
166	182		Do. 3rd Class, at 7s. do.	21,261		23,251	
	1	1	Principal Female Warder	94		94	
14	19		Female Warders—1 at £64, and 18 at £65 (in lieu of 13 at £55)	779		1,234	
	1	1	Overseer in charge	225		225	
	2	2	Overseers, at £200 each	400		400	
	2	2	Do. at £159 do.	318		318	
	8	8	Do. at 10s. 6d. per diem	1,538		1,538	
	5	5	Foremen, at 8s. do.	732		730	
	1	1	Messenger, at 7s. do.	129		128	
	1	1	Do. at 6s. do.	110		110	
	2	2	Carters, at 6s. do.	220		219	
	2	2	Extra Warders, at 7s. do.	250		350	
	251	280			38,107		36,770
	413	451	Carried forward	£	42,334	£	46,646

* See Gaols generally. ^a See Medical Vote.

No. VI.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			The Shaftesbury Reformatory for Girls.	£		£	
13	1	1	Matron	129		129	
13	1	1	Sub-Matron	50		50	
			Visiting Surgeon ... ..			.....^a	
	1	1	Gardener and Caretaker	104		104	
					283		283
			Clothing, Rations, Medical Comforts, Fuel, Light, and Incidental Expenses ... ..	.....	200	.....	350
	3	3	TOTAL ... ..	£	.....	.....	633
			Registrar of Copyright.				
	1	1	Registrar	150		150	
	1	1	Assistant Registrar	50		50	
			Incidental Expenses	50		20	
					250		220
	2	2	TOTAL ... ..	£	.....	.....	220
			Miscellaneous Services.				
			Almanacs for Country Benches of Magistrates	50		50	
			New Circuit Courts—Fees to Presiding Judges	900		900	
			Allowances to Clerks to same	100		100	
			Rent of Chambers for Mr. Justice Windeyer	75		75	
			Charge and preparation of Books for binding in Law Library generally	30		30	
			For the preparation of a Manual for Clerks of Petty Sessions	100		100	
			In aid of Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society	50		50	
			Subscription for 1881 to New South Wales Law Reports for the Circuit Courts of the Colony	24		24	
			For purchase of 50 copies of Wilkinson's Australian Magistrate (enlarged edition), at £3 per copy, less 15 per cent. discount ... ..	.....		128	
			Other Services	100		.....
					1,429		1,457
			TOTAL ... ..	£	.....	.....	1,457

^a See Medical Vote.

VII.

The Attorney General.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
90	The Attorney General	4,435	4,935
90	Parliamentary Draftsman	1,276	1,289
91	Crown Solicitor	3,145	3,451
91	Quarter Sessions	19,764	22,764
91	Miscellaneous Services... ..	200	200
	TOTAL	£ 28,820	32,639

No. VII.—ATTORNEY GENERAL.										
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.						
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.			Amount Required for 1881.			
			The Attorney General.							
37	1	1	Attorney General. (Provided for in Schedule A.)							
	1	1	Secretary to the Attorney General	500			500			
	1	1	Clerk	156			156			
	1	1	Messenger	104			104			
						760			760	
			Fees to Prosecuting Barristers	2,500			2,500			
			Travelling Expenses of Prosecuting Officers, &c. ...	650			650			
			To meet Incidental Expenses of Prosecutions and of Actions by, or against, or taken up by, the Government	250			250			
			To provide fees for Counsel employed in the defence of Aborigines	75			75			
			Towards the formation of a Law Library	50			50			
			Incidental Expenses	50			50			
			Extra Clerical Assistance	100			100			
			Purchase of various series of Law Reports and Law Books				500			
						3,675			4,175	
	4	4	TOTAL	£		4,435			4,985	
			Parliamentary Draftsman.							
37	1	1	Parliamentary Draftsman... ..	1,000			1,000			
	1	1	Clerk	200			200			
	1	1	Messenger	26			39			
						1,226			1,239	
			Rent of Chambers... ..							
			Incidental Expenses, Law Books, &c., including Office cleaning	50			50			
						50			50	
	3	3	TOTAL	£		1,276			1,289	

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

91

No. VII.—ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for * 1881.	
				£		£	
			Crown Solicitor.				
87	1	1	Crown Solicitor.	1,000		1,000	
	1	1	First Clerk	500		500	
	1	1	Second do.	350		350	
	1	1	Third do.	300		300	
	1	1	Fourth do.	250		250	
	1	1	Fifth do.	200		200	
	1	1	Sixth do.	125		125	
	...	1	Conveyancing Clerk ... ..	.....		300	
	...	1	Second Clerk (Engrossing) ... ..	.....		156	
	1	1	Messenger	120		120	
			Extra Clerical Assistance as required	100	2,845	100	3,301
			Conveyancing Clerk, for six months	150		.....
			Incidental Expenses	50		50	
					300		150
	8	10	TOTAL	£	3,145	.....	3,451
			Quarter Sessions.				
87	1	1	Clerk of the Peace—				
	1	1	Clerk of the Peace for the Colony	650		650	
	1	1	First Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Second do.	200		200	
	1	1	Third do.	175		175	
	1	1	Fourth Clerk	175		175	
	1	1	Messenger	114		114	
	7	7	Crown Prosecutors, at £500 each ... ..	.....	1,564 3,500	.....	1,564 3,500
			Contingencies—				
			Travelling Expenses	1,850		1,850	
			Allowances to Witnesses and Jurors	12,500		15,500	
			Incidental and Unforeseen Expenses	350		350	
					14,700		17,700
	13	13	TOTAL	£	19,764	.....	22,764
			Miscellaneous Services.				
			Allowance to Law Reporters ... ..	.....	200	.....	200

VIII.

Secretary for Lands.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
94-95	Department of Lands	18,713	18,638
95	Conditional Land Sales Branch	29,850	29,800
96	Land Agents, Appraisers, and others	17,125	18,075
96	Oyster Beds	582	582
96-98	Survey of Lands	257,134	250,334
98-99	Triangulation and General Survey of the Colony	15,874	15,874
99	Miscellaneous Services	20,469	21,388
	TOTAL	£ 359,747	354,691

*The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.*

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. VIII.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.													
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.									SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881								Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Department of Lands.							£		£	
39	1	1	Secretary for Lands	...	...	...	...	...	1,500		1,500	
	1	1	Under Secretary	...	...	...	...	...	800		800	
	2	2								2,300		2,300	
	1	1	MINISTERIAL BRANCH.										
	...	1	Clerk in Charge	...	...	...	...	...	400		400	
	2	2	Clerks, at £250	...	...	...	...	...	500		500	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	200		200	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	100		100	
	5	6								1,200		1,600	
	1	1	MISCELLANEOUS BRANCH.										
	3	3	Clerks, at £250	...	...	...	...	...	750		750	
	2	2	Do. at £200	...	...	...	...	...	400		400	
	5	5	Do. at £150	...	...	...	...	...	750		750	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	100		100	
	12	12								2,400		2,400	
	1	1	DEEDS BRANCH.										
	1	...	Clerk in Charge	...	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	300		.....	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	275		275	
	3	2								925		625	
	1	1	PRE-EMPTIVE AND AUCTION LEASE BRANCH.										
39	1	1	Clerk in Charge	...	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	300		300	
	2	2	Clerks, at £200	...	...	...	...	...	400		400	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	150		150	
	5	5								1,200		1,200	
	1	1	AUCTION AND STATISTICAL BRANCH.										
39	...	1	Clerk in Charge	...	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	...	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	200		275*	
	2	2	Clerks, at £100	...	...	...	...	...	200		200	
	4	4								750		825	
	1	1	RECORD BRANCH.										
	1	1	Clerk in Charge	...	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	2	2	Clerks, at £250	...	...	...	...	...	500		500	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	200		200	
	2	3	Clerks, at £150	...	...	...	...	...	300		450	
	7	8								1,650		1,800	
38	39		Carried forward...	£	10,425	10,750

* Formerly paid from extra clerical assistance.

No. VIII.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Department of Lands—continued.				
	38	39	Brought forward	£	10,425	£	10,750
	1	1	ACCOUNTS. Clerk and Accountant		300	300	300
	1	1	MESSENGERS, &c. Principal Messenger		150	150	
	4	4	Messengers at £125		500	500	
	1	1	Messenger		100	100	
	4	4	Office-keepers—1 at £75, and 3 at £46		213	213	
	1	1	Watchman		125	125	
	11	11			1,088		1,088
			Preparation of Deeds		1,200	1,000	
			Extra Clerical Assistance when necessary		4,000	5,000	
			Incidental and Unforeseen Expenses		1,000	500	
					6,200		6,500
			Inspection of Land Offices.				
	1	...	Inspector		400	.....
			Travelling Expenses, &c.		300	.....
					700	.....
	51	51	TOTAL	£	18,713	.....	18,638
			Conditional Land Sales.				
	1	1	Chief Commissioner		800	800	
	1	1	CLERICAL STAFF. Clerk in charge		450	450	
	3	3	Clerks, at £350		1,050	1,050	
	2	3	Clerks, at £300		600	900	
	2	2	Clerks, at £250		500	500	
	7	8	Clerks, at £200		1,400	1,600	
	15	14	Do. at £150		2,250	2,100	
	2	2	Do. at £100		200	200	
	33	34			7,250		7,600
			TEMPORARY STAFF, &c. Clerical Staff		1,500	.....
			Temporary Extra Clerical Assistance ... ..		.....	5,000	
			Incidental		200	200	
					1,700		5,200
	9	9	FIELD STAFF. Commissioners of Inquiry under Lands Acts Amendment Act, 1875, at £500		4,500	4,500	
			Travelling and Witnesses' Expenses, Service of Notices, and Incidental Expenditure		3,500	1,850	
					8,000		6,350
	14	14	Inspectors of Conditional Purchases, at £350		4,900	4,900	
			Expenses of Inspection, &c., under Amended Land Act		1,000	.....
			Travelling and Incidental Expenses		4,000	3,600	
			Temporary Staff (Inspectors)		3,000	2,150	
	23	23			12,900		10,650
	56	57	TOTAL	£	29,850	.....	29,800

* Transferred to Vote for Miscellaneous Services.

No. VIII.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.									
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.			
				£		£			
Land Agents, Appraisers, and others.									
Salaries, Commission, and Travelling Expenses of Land Agents, Appraisers, and others									
25 to 37	2	2	Land Agents—1 at £500, and 1 at £350	12,000		12,000			
	10	14	Land Agents, at £300	850		850			
	3	2	Assistant Land Agents, 1 at £225 and 1 at £200	3,000		4,200			
			Rents of Offices, Fittings, &c.	675		425			
				600		600			
	15	18	TOTAL	£	17,125	.....	18,075		
Oyster Beds.									
	1	1	Inspector	200		200			
	1	1	Boatman	132		132			
			Travelling Expenses	150		150			
			Contingencies	100		100			
	2	2	TOTAL	£	582	.....	582		
Survey of Lands:									
SURVEY STAFF.									
39	1	1	Surveyor General	1,000		1,000			
39	1	1	Deputy Surveyor General	900		900			
39-40	13	13	<i>a</i> District Surveyors, at £730 each... ..	9,490		9,490			
40	11	11	<i>a</i> First Class do., at £630 each	6,930		6,930			
40	13	13	<i>a</i> Second Class do., at £530 each	6,890		6,890			
24	24	24	Field Assistants, at 6s. each per diem	2,640		2,640			
144	144	144	Wages and Provisions to Surveying Parties, at 5s. and 5s. 6d. each per diem... ..	13,496		13,496			
	207	207			41,346		41,346		
DRAWING AND LITHOGRAPHIC STAFF.									
	1	1	Chief Draftsman	600		600			
40	23	23	1st Class Draftsmen—1 at £550, 2 at £500, 1 at £450, 9 at £400, and 10 at £350	9,100		9,100			
	29	35	2nd Class Draftsmen—5 at £300, and 30 at £250 <i>b</i>	7,500		9,000			
	23	34	3rd Class Draftsmen—26 at £200, and 8 at £150 <i>c</i>	5,200		6,400			
	18	18	Supernumerary Draftsmen, at £75	1,350		1,350			
	9	9	Lithographic Draftsmen—1 Chief Lithographer at £400, 5 Lithographic Draftsmen at £300, 1 at £200, 1 at £150, and 1 at £125	2,375		2,375			
	108	120	Carried forward	£ 26,125		28,825			
	207	207	Carried forward	£	41,346	.....	41,346		

a Including £230 Equipment Allowance. *b* Six transferred from Temporary Staff. *c* Six transferred from Temporary Staff.

No. VIII.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Survey of Lands—continued.				
	207	207	Brought forward	£	41,346	£	41,346
			DRAWING AND LITHOGRAPHIC STAFF—continued.				
			Brought forward		26,125		28,825
40	108	120	Lithographic Printers—1 at £285, 1 at £235, 1 at £175, and 1 at £150... ..		845		845
	4	4	Engraver		300		300
	1	1	Engraver		200		200
	1	1	Clerks in Compiling Branch, at £150 each		300		300
	2	2	Examiner of Diagrams on Crown Grants		250		250
	1	1	Assistant do. do.		250		250
	1	1	Description Writers—1 at £300, 1 at £250, 1 at £200, 1 at £150, and 1 Clerk at £150		1,050		1,050
	5	5	Assistant Draftsman, Auction Branch		150		150
	1	1	Additional Clerk, Auction Branch		150		150
	2	2	Plan Moulder, at £200, and 1 Assistant do., at £150		350		350
	2	2	Custodians of Plans—1 at £200, and 1 at £100		300		300
	2	2	Clerks in Charting Branch—1 at £200, and 1 at £150... ..		350		350
	1	1	Exhibitor and Salesman of Public Maps		200		200
	1	1	Examiner of Conditional Purchase Tracings		250		250
					31,070		33,770
	133	145	CLERICAL STAFF.				
36	1	1	Secretary and Cashier		450		450
	1	1	First Clerk		400		400
40	1	1	Accountant... ..		400		400
	1	1	Examiner of Accounts		300		300
	1	1	Clerk		300		300
	1	1	Pay Clerk		200		200
	2	2	Clerks, at £200		400		400
	3	3	Do. at £175		525		525
	4	4	Do. at £150		600		600
	1	1	Clerk		110		110
	2	2	Clerks, at £100		200		200
					3,885		3,885
	18	18	MESSENGERS, &c.				
40	2	2	Messengers, at £125		250		250
40	1	1	Messenger		110		110
	1	1	Boy Messenger		75		75
	3	3	Office-keepers—2 at £46 each, and 1 at £26		118		118
					553		553
	7	7	TOTAL SALARIES £		76,854		79,554
			CONTINGENCIES.				
			Allowance to Surveyor General for the maintenance of two horses and Travelling Equipment		100		100
			Measurements under Volunteer Land Orders		1,500		1,500
			Fees to Licensed Surveyors, during 1881 (irrespective of the particular date of survey)		130,000		110,000
			To cover cost of Temporary Increase in Charting, Auction, and Compiling Branches, and for preparation of Parish Maps		30,000		42,300
			Passage and Freight		600		800
			Extra Forage Allowance in special cases		750		750
			Surveying and Drawing Instruments, Materials, and Books		2,500		2,000
			Lithographic Drawing, Printing, and Materials... ..		1,000		1,000
			Photo-lithography		500		500
			Drawing Tracings by piece-work		2,500		2,000
			Miscellaneous Drawings under Contract		500		700
			Rent of Rooms for deposit of Records by Surveyors in Country Towns		850		850
			Carried forward £		170,800		162,500
	365	377	Carried forward £		76,854		79,554

No. VIII.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
			Survey of Lands—continued.				
	365	377	Brought forward ... ..	.....	76,854	.....	79,554
			<i>CONTINGENCIES—continued.</i>				
			Brought forward	170,800		162,500	
			Work performed for Other Departments of the Public Service,—not strictly chargeable to Vote for Survey—inadvertently omitted from Estimates for 1878	500		500	
			Fees to Draftsmen for drawing Diagrams on Deeds ...	2,300		1,500	
			Rent of Branch Survey Offices	3,000		3,000	
			Preparation of Descriptions of Crown Grants and of descriptions under the Amended Land Act ...	500		1,500	
			Allowance in lieu of Quarters to Messengers (2 in 1879)	1,500		30	
			Allowance to Chief Lithographic Printer, for use of his patent process for the production of duplicate copies of maps and other documents	30		50	
			Half cost of running Boundary Line between New South Wales and Queensland.	50		50	
			Special allowance to Surveyor Cameron, to cover extra personal expenses in surveying Queensland boundary-line	1,000		1,000	
			Allowance to Surveyor in Charge of the District west of the Darling ... ..	.....		100	
			Incidental Expenses	100		100	
			Incidental Expenses	500		500	
					180,280		170,780
	365	377	TOTAL, SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES	£	257,134	.....	250,334
			Triangulation and General Survey of the Colony.				
			<i>Triangulation of the Colony.</i>				
			FIELD STAFF.				
	...	1	Superintendent of Trigonometrical Survey ... ..	.....		550	
	1	...	First Class Surveyor	500		.....
	2	2	Do. at £400	800		800	
	1	1	Field Assistant, at 6s. per diem	110		110	
	1	1	Overseer of Piling Parties	200		200	
					1,610		1,660
			OFFICE STAFF.				
	1	...	Draftsman and Computer... ..	400		.....
	...	1	Chief Computer ... ..	.....		400	
	1	1	Computer	250		250	
	2	2	Assistant Computers, 1 at £200, and 1 at £150 ...	350		350	
					1,000		1,000
			CONTINGENCIES.				
			Equipment, Horses and Forage and Wages and Provisions for Three Surveying Parties	3,650		3,650	
			Three Piling Parties, with Wages, Rations, Horses, Forage, &c.	3,000		3,000	
			Allowance to Government Astronomer for special services in connection with the Triangulation of the Colony	100		100	
			For the purchase of Instruments	250		250	
			Miscellaneous Contingencies	400		400	
					7,400		7,400
	9	9	Carried forward	£	10,010	.....	10,060

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

99

No. VIII.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Survey of Lands—continued.				
	9	9	Brought forward	£	10,010	£	10,060
			<i>General Survey of the Colony.</i>				
			FIELD STAFF.				
	1	1	1st Class Surveyor...	400		400	
	2	2	2nd Class Surveyor at £300	600		600	
	2	2	Field Assistants, at 6s. per diem...	219		219	
					1,219		1,219
			OFFICE STAFF.				
	1	1	Computer and Draftsman...	500		.....
	...	...	Draftsman in Charge	.....		450	
	5	5	Draftsmen and Computers—1 at £350; 3 at £300; and 1 at £200	1,450		1,450	
	1	1	Volunteer Draftsman	75		75	
					2,025		1,975
			CONTINGENCIES.				
			Equipment—Horses and Forage, and Wages and Pro- visions for three Surveying Parties...	1,820		1,820	
			Miscellaneous Contingencies	200		200	
			Temporary Assistance in Drafting	600		600	
					2,620		2,620
	21	21	TOTAL	£	15,874	.....	15,874
			Miscellaneous Services.				
			Cemeteries—For fencing Public	1,200		1,500	
			Compensation to Henry G. Spencer for removal of fencing on land within travelling stock reserve, No. 1,111	.....		37	
			Compensation to Mary Keenan for fencing on land found on resurvey not to be available for conditional purchase...	.....		16	
			Compensation to P. M. and D. M. M'Callum for the removal of fencing on land found on resurvey not available for conditional purchase...	.....		27	
			Compensation to Jeremiah M'Auliffe for fencing on land originally granted to him as a conditional purchase, but found on resurvey to be contained in R. Johnston's conditional purchase	.....		23	
			Compensation for land resumed by the Crown under the 27th clause of the "Lands Act Further Amendment Act of 1880"	2,000		1,000	
			Fees to Commissioners of the Court of Claims, for hearing and report- ing on Claims to Grants of Land, in terms of the Act 5 Wm. IV, No. 21	125		125	
			Fitzroy Water Falls—Clearing road and erection of ladder	.....		100	
			Hyde, Cook, and Phillip Parks—Improvement	*1,000		2,000	
			Legal Expenses—In cases instituted by or against the Government under Crown Lands Act	800		800	
			National Park at Port Hacking—Improving	.....		3,500	
			Necropolis—For improving, draining, trenching, and planting	1,000		1,000	
			Necropolis—Travelling expenses of General Committee	.....		10	
			Pamphlets—Towards completion of Land Reserve	150		150	
			Recreation Grounds—For fencing, laying out, and improving Public	10,425		10,000	
			Rent of Offices, Gresham-street, £300; Exchange, £325; Pitt-street, £250; Bligh-street, £225	1,050		1,100	
			Other Votes, 1880	2,719		.....
					20,469		21,388
			TOTAL	£	20,469	.....	21,388

* Voted under Government Domains and Parks in 1880.

IX.

Secretary for Public Works.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
102	Department of Public Works	6,429	5,647
	Harbours and Rivers Navigation:—		
102	Engineer's Department	4,076	4,024
102	Fitz Roy Dock	3,861	4,500
103	Dredge Service	55,324	55,324
104	Public Works	69,358	60,033
104	Miscellaneous	207	207
105	Colonial Architect	13,103	13,103
106	Public Works and Buildings	175,213	141,746
	Roads and Bridges:—		
107	General Establishment	6,025	5,975
107	Superintendents in Field	16,878	16,878
108-110	Construction and Maintenance	542,606	497,778
110	Miscellaneous	430	1,132
	TOTAL	£ 893,510	806,347

The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

		No. of Persons.		No. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.				
Page in Schedule.					SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881			Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£		
Department of Public Works.								
	1	1	Secretary for Public Works	1,500		1,500		
	1	1	Under Secretary	800		800		
	1	1	Chief Clerk and Clerk to Tender Board...	550		550		
	1	1	Corresponding Clerk	400		400		
41	1	1	Record Clerk	300		300		
	1	1	Assistant do.	225		225		
			† Clerical Duties in connection with Acquisition of Land Act				100	
	1	1	Clerk	100		120		
	1	1	Do.	75		75		
41	1	1	Principal Messenger	150		150		
	1	1	Messenger	125		125		
	1	1	Boy do.	52		52		
	1	1	Housekeeper	52				
			Wages of Male and Female Servants employed cleaning Public Works Department				400	
			Rent	2,000	4,329	750	4,797	
			Incidental Expenses, including Allowance, Principal Messenger, for Quarters	100		100		
					2,100		850	
	12	12	TOTAL	£	6,429		5,647	
Harbours and Rivers Navigation.								
ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.								
41	1	1	Engineer-in-Chief	1,100		1,100		
41	1	1	Assistant Engineer	600		600		
	1	1	Draftsman	400		400		
	1	1	Do.	325		325		
	1	1	Chief Clerk and Accountant	500		500		
	1	1	Clerk and Book-keeper	300		300		
	1	1	Clerk	275		275		
41	2	2	Cadets, at £100 and £75	175		175		
41	2	2	Cadets, at £52	104		104		
41	1	1	Messenger	100		100		
41	1	...	Office-keeper	52				
			Travelling Expenses	120	3,931	120	3,879	
			Incidental Expenses	25		25		
					145		145	
	13	12	TOTAL	£	4,076		4,024	
FITZ ROY DOCK.								
41	1	1	Shipwright Foreman	275		*350		
	1	1	Engineer Foreman	350		350		
41	1	1	Engineer Mechanic	200		*220		
41	1	1	Fireman	108		*120		
41	1	1	Watchman	110		110		
			Contingencies (irrespective of date of claims)		1,043		1,150	
					2,818		†3,350	
	5	5	TOTAL	£	3,861		4,500	

* Specific allowances in lieu of overtime included in the above to the Shipwright Foreman, Engineer Mechanic, and Fireman.

† The sum of £532 was accidentally omitted from the Vote for 1880.

‡ To be carried out by the Department.

No. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Harbours and Rivers Navigation—continued.

DREDGE SERVICE.

Salaries, Wages, and Contingencies, (irrespective so far as contingencies are concerned, of date of claims)

TOTAL £

SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.

£	£
55,324	55,324
55,324	55,324

SCHEDULE TO DREDGE SERVICE ESTIMATE, SHOWING PROBABLE EXPENDITURE OF VOTE.

NOTE.—Any alterations from the arrangements of 1880 are shown in the notes below. Where there are no references to notes, the rates, &c., for 1880 have been adhered to for 1881.

Designation of Office.	"Newcastle" working 2 ladders.	"Samson" working 2 ladders.	"Vulcan"	"Hunter"	"Hercules"	"Archimedes"	"Titan"	"Fitzroy"	"Pluto"	"Clarence"	"Charon"	Total											
WAGES OF CREWS OF DREDGES.																							
Inspector of Dredges.	1											400											
Master and Chief Engineer.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	275											
Mates	1 at 168 } 312	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	1 at 168 } 168	156											
Coxswains	2 at 120—240	3 at 120—360	2 at 120—240	1 at 120	1 at 120	1 at 120	2 at 120—240	2 at 120—240															
Seamen	2 at 104—208	2 at 104—208	3 at 104—312	2 at 104—208	5 at 104—520	2 at 104—208	2 at 104—208	2 at 104—208	1 at 104	1 at 104	3 at 104—312	2 at 104—208											
Engineers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	144											
Firemen	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	120											
Blacksmiths	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	144											
Strikers	2 at 120—240	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	120											
Carpenters	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	144											
Painters	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	120											
Winchmen	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	104											
Brakemen	2 at 104—208	2 at 104—208										104											
Oilers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	104											
Cooks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	104											
Watchmen	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	104											
Boys	2 at 75—150	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	50											
Boilermakers	2 at 168—336																						
Boilermakers and Engineer's Assis.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	120											
	26	3327	17	2259	14	1948	14	1938	15	1892	11	1451	12	1572	13	1684	9	1299	10	2067	11	1401	20838
WAGES OF CREWS OF TUGS.																							
Masters	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	144											
Leading Seamen	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	120											
Seamen	3 at 104—312	3 at 104—312	2 at 104—208	2 at 104—208	3 at 104—312	1	104	1	104	1	104	2 at 104—208											
Engineers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	144											
Leading Firemen	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	120											
Firemen	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	120											
Cooks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	104											
Boys	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	50											
	9	1298	8	1164	6	832	6	760	7	984	5	683	4	536	4	596	4	500	6	790	2	288	8400

Contingencies of Dredges and Tugs.

	"Newcastle" and Tug.	"Samson" and Tug.	"Vulcan" and Tug.	"Hunter" and Tug.	"Hercules" and Tug.	"Archimedes" and Tug.	"Titan" and Tug.	"Fitzroy" and Tug.	"Pluto" and Tug.	"Clarence" and Tug.	"Charon" and Tug.	Total
Coals, stores, repairs, renewals, and all other incidental expenses	£ 3,394	£ 4,000	£ 2,000	£ 2,000	£ 2,000	£ 2,000	£ 1,500	£ 2,000	£ 1,500	£ 2,000	£ 2,000	24394
To provide for emergencies and fitting out new Dredges which will be completed towards the end of 1881.												1292
												£55324

The Dredges are at present stationed as under:—

- "Pluto"—Shoalhaven River.
- "Samson" } Newcastle.
- "Hercules" } Sydney.
- "Archimedes" } Sydney.
- "Charon" } Sydney.
- "Titan"—Myall River.
- "Newcastle"—Newcastle.
- "Hunter"—Newcastle.
- "Vulcan"—Hunter River.
- "Fitzroy"—Macleay River.
- "Clarence"—Clarence River.

* Inspector appointed to this office, and at this salary from 15 May, 1880.

† New Dredge and Tug not scheduled in the estimate of 1880.

‡ "Vulcan," reduction in number of coxswains from 3 to 2.

§ "Hunter," reduction in number of seamen from 3 to 2.

¶ "Hercules," boy substituted for a seaman.

‡ "Archimedes," 1 carpenter dispensed with.

§ "Titan," reduction in number of seamen from 8 to 2.

¶ "Fitzroy," boy substituted for a seaman.

‡ "Pluto," engineer no longer required; fireman's salary increased to £182,

acting as engineer and fireman; striker's salary increased from £104 to £120, acting also as seaman; cook's salary increased to £104, for doing

deck and other duties in addition to his own.

‡ "Clarence," reduction in number of seamen from 4 to 3.

§ "Achilles," boy substituted for a second fireman.

¶ "Cyclops," boy substituted for a cook.

‡ "Little Nell," boy substituted for a cook.

§ To carry out the system of gradation as far as possible the salaries of the masters of the two largest dredges working double ladders have been increased by £25.

¶ The boiler-makers, boiler-maker's assistant, and two boys on board "Newcastle," forming the repairing staff, were previously paid out of Contingencies; the Contingent Vote is therefore correspondingly reduced.

‡ Wages of boys increased from £50 to £75.

NO. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Harbours and Rivers Navigation—continued.							
PUBLIC WORKS.							
42	2	2	Assistant Engineers employed in superintending the construction of Public Works	1,100		1,100	
			Professional and other Extra Assistance, formerly paid from Contingent and other Votes	2,150		2,150	
	1	1	Ballast Master, Newcastle	200		200	
	1	1	Boatman	108		108	
					3,558		3,558
			Preliminary Harbour and River Surveys (irrespective of the date of claims)	2,000		2,000	
			Landing Silt from Dredge, and forming Ground (do.) ...	5,000		5,000	
			Incidental Expenses, &c., in connection with Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works (do.)	15,000		15,000	
			Towards extending and maintaining Main Road through Bullock Island, Newcastle	200		200	
			Improving Moruya River, further sum (irrespective of date of claims)	5,000		5,000	
			Towards Additional Shipping Facilities, Wollongong, to meet payments also of 1880	8,000		10,000	
			Towards reclamation of Rushcutters' Bay, further sum	5,000		5,000	
			Improving Richmond River (irrespective of date of claims)	2,000		1,000	
			Repairs, Newcastle Wharf			2,000	
			Macquarie Street Extension and Sea Wall, further sum			1,000	
			Towards construction of Wharf, North Willoughby, on condition that an equal amount be subscribed by the Municipality			300	
			Wharf, Hen and Chicken Bay			500	
			Snagging Crookhaven River, further sum			300	
			Wharfs at Grafton			2,000	
			Wharf, Ulmara			1,000	
			Wharf, &c., Darlington Point, Murrumbidgee River			1,000	
			Wharf, Laurieton			400	
			Wharf, Coraki			1,000	
			Jetty, Cook's River Dam			300	
			Towards removing obstructions, Bellinger River			100	
			For purchase of land, and construction of a small Dock, Macleay River, for facilitating the repairs of the Dredging Plant stationed there			600	
			Improving Navigation, Bellinger River			1,000	
			Towards enlarging and improving Copmanhurst Wharf, and erection of Shed in connection therewith			800	
			Towards removal of obstructions, Nambucca River			500	
			Dawes' Point, Wall and Boat Harbour, further sum, being unexpended balance of Vote of 1878 which has lapsed			475	
			Other Votes, 1880... ..	23,600			
					65,800		56,475
	4	4	TOTAL £		69,358		60,033
Miscellaneous.							
			Lighting Lamps, Newcastle Wharf		207		207

No. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Page in Schedule	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Colonial Architect.							
42	1	1	Colonial Architect	1,000		1,000	
42	1	1	First Clerk of Works	600		600	
	1	1	Clerk of Works	500		500	
	1	1	Do.	450		450	
	1	1	Do.	425		425	
	1	1	Do.	400		400	
	1	1	Do.	350		350	
	1	1	Do.	350		350	
	1	1	Do.	350		350	
	1	1	Do.	300		300	
	1	1	Foreman of Works	300		300	
	1	1	Do.	275		275	
	1	1	Do.	250		250	
	1	1	Chief Draftsman and Instructor of Cadets	400		400	
	1	1	Do.	300		300	
	1	1	Do.	200		200	
	1	1	Do.	175		175	
	1	1	Do.	150		150	
	1	1	Cadet	100		100	
	1	1	Do.	75		75	
	2	2	Cadets, at £52 each	104		104	
	1	1	Chief Clerk... ..	500		500	
42	1	1	Clerk	350		350	
	1	1	Do.	300		300	
	1	1	Do.	275		275	
	1	1	Do.	250		250	
	1	1	Do.	200		200	
	1	1	Do.	200		200	
	1	1	Do.	150		150	
	1	1	Do.	100		100	
	1	1	Do.	100		100	
	1	1	Boatman	108		108	
	1	1	Messenger	108		108	
42	1	1	Office-keeper	60		60	
					9,755		9,755
			Forage allowance for the horses of the Colonial Architect and the First Clerk of Works	98		98	
			Travelling Expenses of the Colonial Architect and Officers of the Department, when proceeding to inspect Public Works and Buildings	1,200		1,200	
			Incidental Expenses	50		50	
			Professional and other Extra Assistance... ..	2,000		2,000	
					3,848		3,848
	35	35	TOTAL	£	13,103	.....	13,103

No. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.		
	Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.
	£	£
Public Works and Buildings.		
Repairs, Alterations, and Additions to Public Buildings generally (irrespective of the date of claims)	20,000	20,000
Furniture and Fittings for Public Offices generally (do.)	12,000	12,000
Repairs to Military and Volunteer Buildings (do.)	1,500	1,500
Lighting Lamps, sweeping Chimneys, &c., Victoria Barracks (do.)	400	400
Lighting Government Lamps in streets of Sydney, the Domain, Hyde Park, and Victoria Park (do.)	1,450	1,600
To provide Building and other Materials for completion or repair of Gaols and other Public Buildings, by the labour of Prisoners in Gaol (do.)	6,500	6,500
Police Buildings (do.)	6,000	6,000
Supply of Coffins for Paupers (do.)	177	250
Repairs and Furniture for Telegraph Stations (do.)	5,000	5,000
Gaols, Court-houses, and Lock-ups (do.)	25,000	25,000
Newcastle Custom-house, Gas and lighting Turret Clock		150
Gosford Post and Telegraph Office, erection of, further sum		550
Bathurst Public Buildings, iron railing, stables, wash-house, &c.		2,579
Police Buildings, Officers Quarters, Lock-ups, &c., erection, &c.		10,000
Solitary Island Light-house, erection of, further sum		4,862
Boggabri Post and Telegraph Office, erection of, further sum		198
Blayney Post and Telegraph Office, erection of, further sum		355
Brewarrina Post and Telegraph Office, purchase of site		40
Wollongong Post and Telegraph Station—Additions		1,050
Supreme Court—Additions, &c.		750
Wollongong Court-house—Purchase of Site and erection of Building		2,500
Yass Public Buildings—Wall and Railing		750
Murrurundi Gaol—Repairs, Wall, &c.		800
Walgett Gaol—Erection of—Further sum		3,500
Ballina—Court, Watch-house, and Police Quarters—Erection, Alteration, &c.		3,750
Euston Post and Telegraph Office—Repairs, &c.		650
Grafton—Watch-house—Erection of		1,700
Louth—Police Station—Erection of		1,500
Newcastle Lock-up, brick walls, paving yards, &c.		875
Coonabarabran Police Station, erection of		1,000
Lismore Court-house, purchase of site		500
Temora Court-house, Watch-house, and Police Station, erection of, &c.		3,937
Bombala Court-house, erection of, further sum		300
Walgett Post and Telegraph Offices, erection of, further sum		700
Walcha Post and Telegraph Office		1,000
Barraba Post and Telegraph Office		1,000
Cobar Post and Telegraph Office		1,000
Grenfell—Additions to Post and Telegraph Office		500
South Grafton Post and Telegraph Office		1,000
Furniture and Fittings for the new Offices for the Colonial Secretary and the Public Works Departments, inclusive of payments made in 1880		6,000
For the purchase of land and erecting thereon additions to the Government Printing Office		10,000
Other Works, &c., 1880	97,186	
TOTAL	£ 175,213	141,746

No. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
Roads and Bridges.							
GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.				£		£	
42	1	1	Commissioner and Engineer-in-Chief	1,000		1,000	
42	1	1	Assistant Engineer	550		550	
	1	1	Draftsman	250		250	
	1	1	Chief Clerk and Cashier	400		400	
42	1	1	Supervisor of Accounts and Accountant... ..	400		400	
	1	1	Assistant Accountant	325		325	
	1	1	2nd Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Clerk	250		250	
	4	4	Clerks—1 at £225, and 3 at £100	525		525	
	2	2	Cadets, at £75 each	150		150	
	1	1	Messenger	75		75	
	1	...	Housekeeper	50		.....
					4,225		4,175
42			Equipment Allowance to Commissioner and Engineer- in-Chief	100		100	
			Travelling Expenses, Instruments, Books, and other Incidental Expenses	700		700	
					800		800
			Assistance in Office and Field ... ..	.....	1,000	.....	1,000
	16	15	TOTAL	£	6,025	.....	5,975
SUPERINTENDENTS IN FIELD.							
42	5	5	Assistant Engineers, at £500	2,500		2,500	
42-43	5	5	Superintendents, 1st class, at £400	2,000		2,000	
42-43	7	7	Do. do. at £375	2,625		2,625	
42-43	2	2	Do. do. at £340	680		680	
42-43	6	6	Do. 2nd class, at £300	1,800		1,800	
43-44	3	3	Do. do. at £250	750		750	
44	4	4	Do. 3rd class, at £200	800		800	
44	4	4	Cadets, at £156	624		624	
44	4	4	Cadets—2 at £100, and 2 at £52	304		304	
					12,083		12,083
			Travelling Allowance to 5 Assistant Engineers and 14 Superintendents, 1st class, at £150	2,850		2,850	
			Do. 13 Superintendents, 2nd and 3rd class, at £125	1,625		1,625	
			Do. 4 Cadets, at £80	320		320	
					4,795		4,795
	40	40	TOTAL... ..	£	16,878	.....	16,878
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE.							
<i>Main North Road.</i>							
			West Maitland to Tamworth—Subsidy within Railway Termini, 170 miles, at £25	4,250		4,250	
			Tamworth to Armidale, 75 miles, at £75... ..	5,625		.....
			Tamworth to Armidale, 75 miles, £50 per mile... ..	.....		3,750	
			In lieu of Tolls from Morpeth to West Maitland, to be divided ratably between the Municipalities of Morpeth and East and West Maitland	968		.....
			Tolls, Morpeth to West Maitland, to be divided ratably between the Municipalities of Morpeth and East and West Maitland	43		1,000	
					10,886		9,000
			Carried forward	£	10,886	.....	9,000

NO. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	£		£	
Roads and Bridges—continued.				
Brought forward	10,886	.....	9,000
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE—continued.				
<i>Main South Road.</i>				
Sydney to Bowning—Subsidy within Railway Termini, 210 miles, at £25	5,250	.....
Bowning to Albury, 175 miles, at £50	8,750	.....
Sydney to Albury—Subsidy within Railway Termini, 385 miles, at £25		9,625	
Tolls, to be expended where collected	1,485	1,680	
		15,485		11,305
<i>Main Western Road.</i>				
Sydney to Orange, including Mountain Road subsidy within Railway Termini, 170 miles, at £25	4,250	.....
Orange to Warren, 194 miles, at £50	9,700	.....
Sydney to Dubbo—Subsidy within Railway Termini, 253 miles, at £25		6,325	
Dubbo to Warren, 85 miles, at £50		4,250	
Tolls, to be expended where collected	2,340	2,390	
		16,290		12,965
<i>Other Main Roads.</i>				
Grafton, via Glen Innes to Inverell, 145 miles, at £75	10,875	10,875	
Grafton to Glen Innes—Tolls from Grafton Punt	1,300	1,400	
Armidale to Maryland, 165 miles, at £50	8,250	8,250	
Wallerawang to Mudgee, 75 miles, at £75	5,625	5,625	
Mudgee Road—Tolls	1,500	1,500	
Bombala <i>via</i> Tantawangalo to Merimbula, 54 miles, at £75	4,050	4,050	
Orange by Boree to Forbes, 81 miles, at £75	6,075	6,075	
Goulburn to Cooma, 123 miles, at £50	6,150	6,150	
Tarago to Braidwood, 36 miles, at £50	1,800	1,800	
Bathurst to Blayney, 22 miles, at £25	550	550	
Blayney <i>via</i> Cowra to Grenfell, 75 miles, at £50	3,750	3,750	
Port Jackson to Peat's Ferry	2,000	2,000	
Amount in lieu of Tolls for repair of undermentioned Roads:—				
Sydney <i>via</i> the Dam at Cook's River to Half-way House			
Rocky Point Road from Tom Ugly's Point to Burwood Railway Station	3,000	4,252	
Stanmore Road from the Enmore Road to the Canterbury Trust Road			
Newtown Railway Bridge to the Undercliffe Bridge			
Roads transferred from South Head Roads Trust	3,300	.....
Main South Coast Road, 100 miles, at £50	5,000	5,000	
		63,225		61,277
Carried forward	£	105,886	.....	94,547

No. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	£		£	
Roads and Bridges—continued.				
Brought forward	105,886	.....	94,547
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE—continued.				
<i>Roads and Bridges generally.</i>				
Contingent Works on Roads under Department	12,000	.....	12,000
Expenses of working Punts and maintaining Approaches, &c.	5,000	.....	5,000
Repair and painting of Bridges	10,000	.....	10,000
Conveyance of Officers, Equipment, and Materials by Railway	3,000	.....	3,000
Minor Roads under Department, as per Schedule	250,000	.....	250,000
Approaches to Railway Stations	10,000	.....	10,000
South Head Roads—Sum in lieu of unexpended balances of Votes, to be handed to Trust to discharge Mortgage on Tolls	5,500
Construction and Repair of Toll-bars	500
Bridge over North Arm of Tweed River, at Kynumboon	1,300
Bridge over Dumbible Creek, further sum	196
Terrania Creek Bridge, further sum	700
Bridge on Kempsey and Armidale Road	1,000
Bridge over Manilla River at Barraba, further sum	443
Bridge over Pint Pot Creek, Road Armidale to Rockvale	250
Bridge over Ghinni Ghinni Creek	2,000
Bridge (foot) at Gresford	600
Bridge over Black Creek, on Great North Road	1,000
Bridge over Big River, near Morce	2,000
Bridge over Dubbo Creek, Road Turrawan to Walgett	900
Bridge over Lagoon, at Wee Waa	800
Bridge over Cumbledoon Creek	900
Bridge over the Lower Barwon	4,000
Bridge at Gunnedah	4,000
Bridge over Namoi River at Walgett, further sum	823
Bridge, Buckimbah Creek	800
Bridge over Balleroy Creek, Road Condobolin to Cudgellico	900
Bridge over Cudgellico Lake Creek	500
Bridge, Carwell Creek, Road Ilford to Rylstone	400
Bridge over Tarrion Creek, Road Brewarrina to Gongolgan	1,500
Bridge over Bogan River at Gongolgan	1,000
Bridge, Sooly Ponds, Road Peelwood to Wayo	1,200
Bridges on Road, Goulburn to Bathurst	3,000
Bridges, "Booberoi Creeks," Hillston Road	1,000
Bridge, Menindie at Woytchugga, further sum	400
Bridges, Beubula Creek (Costello's-lane) and Combing Creek, Road Blayney to No. 1 Swamp	700
Bridge over Vale Creek, Road Bathurst to Gorman's Hill and Campbell's River	900
Bridge over Wheeney Creek, Road up Moran's Rock	520
Bridge, &c., Emu Valley Creek, Road Tarana and Oberon Road to the Meadows	300
Bridge, Fish River at O'Connell, further sum	500
Bridge, Kangaroo Creek, Road Binda to Bigga	250
Bridge, Pudman Creek, Road Burrowa to Yass	250
Bridge, Billabong Creek, near Carabolla	1,500
Bridge over Yanko Creek	1,000
Bridge, South Ceeek, Luddenham Road to St. Mary's	250
Bridge, Burrill Creek	1,000
Bridge and Bank, Narrabeen Lagoon, Road Manly to Pittwater	2,000
Bridge at Cobargo	1,000
Bridge over Saumarez Creek	450
Carried forward	£ 290,000	.....	338,232
Carried forward	£ 105,886	.....	94,547

No. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	£		£	
Roads and Bridges—continued.				
Brought forward ... ..	.....	105,886	.....	94,547
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE—continued.				
Brought forward	290,000		338,232	
<i>Roads and Bridges generally—continued.</i>				
Road, Belmore River to Forest Land ... ..	.....		1,000	
Rockvale Road ... ..	.....		250	
Metalling Main Road through Mudgee ... ..	.....		1,000	
Iron Bridge, Penrith, further sum for re-flooring ... ..	.....		115	
Road, Inverell to Vegetable Creek ... ..	.....		1,000	
Road, Nattai up the Wollondilly River ... ..	.....		200	
Roads through Cobar... ..	.....		300	
Road, Coal Cliff, <i>via</i> Stanwell Park to Illawarra Road at Blue Gum Forest, further sum ... ..	.....		1,200	
Road, East Maitland to Mount Vincent ... ..	.....		2,000	
Road, Wallsend to Cemetery ... ..	.....		434	
Roads in the vicinity of Newcastle ... ..	.....		1,500	
Roads in Field of Mars Common ... ..	.....		2,000	
Roads from Balmain and Iron Cove Creek to Parramatta River... ..	.....		2,300	
Long Bay Road ... ..	.....		500	
Tanks, 60-mile Track, Bagott's to Narran ... ..	.....		1,000	
Tanks and Bridges between Cobar and Hillston ... ..	.....		2,000	
Tanks between Cobar and Louth ... ..	.....		1,000	
Tanks between Louth and the Paroo ... ..	.....		1,000	
Tank at Curraweena, Bourke to Cobar ... ..	.....		1,000	
Tank at Bulgar Road, Walgett to Coonabarabran ... ..	.....		1,000	
Hay Bridge Tolls—To be expended in maintenance of Bridge, &c., balance to be handed to Municipal Council ... ..	.....		600	
Punt, &c., Wardell, Richmond River ... ..	.....		400	
Punt, &c., Bulladelah, Myall River ... ..	.....		400	
Punt, George's River ... ..	.....		1,500	
Other Services of 1880	99,370		.....
		389,370		361,931
<i>Roads under Trustees.</i>				
Clerk in charge	350		300	
Minor Roads under Trustees, as per Schedule	30,000		26,000	
Unclassified Roads	16,000		14,000	
Cost of obtaining Reports and other Contingent Expenses	1,000		1,000	
		47,350		41,300
TOTAL	£	542,606	.....	497,778
Miscellaneous Services.				
Attending to the Lighting and Extinguishing of Gas in the Parliamentary Buildings	70		70	
Lighting Belmore Bridge	60		60	
Making Approaches to the Wombeian Caves	300		.....
Retiring allowance on account of old age to Mr. J. M'Cracken, Clerk of Works, Colonial Architect's Department, at the rate of one month's pay for each year of service ... ..	.....		750	
Retiring allowance on account of old age to Mr. A. Howitt, master of Dredge "Pluto," at the rate of one month's pay for each year of service ... ..	.....		252	
		430		1,132
TOTAL	£	430	.....	1,132

IX.

Railways:

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
	Railways :—	£	£
112	General Establishment	7,120	7,120
113	Engineering Establishment—Works in Progress	12,991	12,991
113-114	Existing Lines—Working Expenses	658,713	775,773
114	Miscellaneous	72,550	566
	TOTAL	£ 751,374	796,450

*The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.*

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

		No. IX.—RAILWAYS.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.								Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	1880	1881							£		£	
Railways:												
GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.												
								£		£		
	1	1	Commissioner	...	...	...	...	1,000		1,000	
	1	1	Secretary	...	...	...	...	600		600	
	1	1	Chief Clerk	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	1	Clerk in charge of Records	...	...	...	...	275		275	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	250		250	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	200		200	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	150		150	
	1	1	Junior Clerk	...	...	...	...	100		100	
	1	1	Messenger and Housekeeper	...	...	...	...	125		125	
								3,050		3,050		
			Travelling and Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	...	200		200	
									3,250		3,250	
<i>Account Branch.</i>												
	1	1	Accountant...	...	...	...	...	450		450	
	1	1	Paymaster and Chief Cashier	...	...	...	...	400		400	
	1	1	Cashier, South and West	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	1	Do. North	...	...	...	...	200		200	
	1	1	Principal Bookkeeper	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	1	Assistant do.	...	...	...	...	300		300	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	225		225	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	200		200	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	200		200	
									2,675		2,675	
<i>Examining Branch—(Wages and Accounts.)</i>												
	1	1	First Clerk...	...	...	...	...	375		375	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	225		225	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	200		200	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	175		175	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	110		110	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	110		110	
									1,195		1,195	
	24	24						£				
			TOTAL	...	...	...	...		7,120		7,120

No. IX.—RAILWAYS.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Engineering Establishment.				
			WORKS IN PROGRESS.				
45	1	1	Engineer-in-Chief	£ 1,800		£ 1,800	
	1	1	Assistant Engineer—Office Staff...	600		600	
	1	1	Chief Clerk...	450		450	
	1	1	Draftsman	425		425	
	1	1	Do.	400		400	
	1	1	Do.	350		350	
	1	1	Do.	300		300	
	1	1	Do.	300		300	
	1	1	Do.	250		250	
	1	1	Do.	200		200	
	1	1	Clerk	175		175	
	1	1	Do.	150		150	
	1	1	Do.	150		150	
	1	1	Do.	120		120	
	1	1	Messenger	75		75	
					5,745		5,745
			Travelling Expenses	600		600	
			Forage and Equipment Allowance to Engineer-in-Chief	146		146	
			Contingent sum to provide such further Assistance as may be required	4,000		4,000	
			Incidental Expenses	250		250	
					4,996		4,996
			<i>Valuation of Land.</i>		10,741		10,741
48	1	1	Valuator	600		600	
	1	1	Do.	550		550	
	1	1	Surveyor and Draftsman	350		350	
	1	1	Draftsman	250		250	
	1	1	Clerk	200		200	
	1	1	Travelling Expenses	300		300	
					2,250		2,250
	20	20	TOTAL	£	12,991	£	12,991
			Existing Lines—Working Expenses.				
			PERMANENT WAY AND LOCOMOTIVE BRANCHES.				
			<i>Permanent Way Branch.</i>				
	1	1	Engineer for Existing Lines	1,000		1,000	
	1	1	Assistant Engineer	600		600	
	1	1	Draftsman	400		400	
	1	1	First Clerk	350		350	
	1	1	Clerk	150		150	
	1	1	Messenger and Housekeeper	100		100	
					2,600		2,600
	1	1	Superintendent of Permanent Way Branch, Great Northern Railway	450		450	
	1	1	Inspector, South and West	300		300	
	1	1	Do. North	300		300	
			Repairs and Renewals of Ways and Works (Schedule C)	160,000		180,000	
					161,050		181,050
			<i>Locomotive Branch.</i>				
	1	1	Locomotive Engineer	1,000		1,000	
	1	1	General Overseer	500		500	
	1	1	Locomotive Foreman, Newcastle	400		400	
			Running Expenses and Repairs, and Renewal of Engines (Schedule A)	222,000		250,000	
			Repairs and Renewals of Carriages and Waggon (Schedule B)	40,000		45,000	
					263,900		296,900
	12	12	Carried forward	£	427,550	£	480,550

		No. IX.—RAILWAYS.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	1880	1881		£		£	
			Existing Lines—Working Expenses—continued.				
	12	12	Brought forward ... ..	.....	427,550	.....	480,550
			TRAFFIC BRANCH.				
48	1	1	Traffic Manager, Southern and Western Lines	600		600	
47	1	1	Traffic Manager, Northern Line	500		500	
45	2	2	Superintendents—Goods and Coaching South and West, at £350	700		700	
45	2	5	Inspectors, South and West, at £300	600		1,500	
45	1	2	Do. North	300		600	
45	1	1	First Clerk	225		225	
45-48	84	...	Station-masters— 1 at £275, 11 at £250, 5 at £225, 12 at £200, 17 at £175, 25 at £150, 13 at £140	15,095		.....
	...	90	1 at £275, 10 at £250, 5 at £225, 15 at £200, 19 at £175, 27 at £150, 13 at £140 ... ..	.....		16,095	
			Allowance to Station-masters, &c., for House-rent ...	1,007		1,022	
47	1	1	Wharfinger, Newcastle	300		300	
	1	1	Assistant do.	200		200	
					19,527		21,742
			TRAMWAYS.				
	1	1	Superintendent	400		400	
	1	1	Clerk	225		225	
	2	2	Messenger and Housekeeper	100		100	
			Rent	260		560	
			Contingencies	150		.....
			Stores and Incidental Expenses	1,445		3,820	
			Running expenses and repairs and renewals of Motors and Carriages... ..	3,774		12,000	
			Maintenance of Way and Works... ..	1,185		6,000	
			Traffic Branch—Wages of employes ... ..	.....	7,539	12,000	
							35,105
			TRAFFIC AUDIT.				
48	1	1	Traffic Auditor	400		400	
48	1	1	Assistant Auditor, Northern Line	250		250	
48	2	2	Inspectors of Station Accounts, at £275	550		550	
			Other Clerical Assistance— 2 at £250, 1 at £225, 1 at £200, 1 at £190, 1 at £170, 1 at £156, 1 at £125, 1 at £120, 1 at £90, 1 at £75, 2 at £52, 1 at 26	1,981		.....
	14	...	1 at £275, 1 at £250, 1 at £225, 1 at £200, 1 at £190, 1 at £170, 1 at £160, 1 at £125, 1 at £120, 1 at £90, 1 at £75, 2 at £52, 1 at £26 ... ..	.....		2,010	
	...	14			3,181		3,210
			STORE.				
	1	1	Storekeeper... ..	350		350	
	1	1	Assistant do., Northern Line	275		275	
	1	1	Clerk	200		200	
			Clerks— 2 at £200, 1 at £175, 1 at £150, 1 at £140, 1 at £130, 1 at £109, 1 at £52	1,156		.....
	8	...	3 at £200, 1 at £175, 3 at £150, 1 at £140, 2 at £125	.....		1,615	
	...	10	Wages of Store Labourers	2,035		3,376	
					4,016		5,816
			Traffic Branch—Wages of Employes, including £6,111 for Shipping Coal, which is recouped by Traffic charges	166,400		194,850	
			Stores and Incidental Expenses	30,500		34,500	
					196,900		229,350
	139	151	TOTAL ... .. £	.....	658,713	.....	775,773
			Miscellaneous.				
			For construction of Foot-bridge to connect Wickham with Bullock Island ... ..	.....		500	
			Compensation to representatives of the late W. Simons for land taken for railway purposes. (Resolution of Assembly) ... ..	.....		66	
			Other Votes of 1880	72,550		.....
					72,550		566

X.

The Postmaster General.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
116-117	Post Office	276,703	287,911
118	Money Order and Government Savings Bank Department	10,070	10,770
120	Electric Telegraphs	122,747	130,409
120	British and Australian Cable Subsidy	9,616	11,843
120	New Zealand Cable Subsidy	2,500	2,500
	TOTAL	£ 421,636	443,433

*The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.*

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer,

No. X.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.					
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.
			Post Office.	£	£
	1	1	Postmaster General	1,500	1,500
	1	1	Secretary	800	800
	1	1	Chief Clerk	500	500
50	1	1	Superintendent, Mails	500	500
	1	1	Accountant	450	450
	1	1	Cashier	400	400
50	1	1	Clerk in charge of Mail Despatch Room	400	400
50	1	1	Clerk in charge of Mail Receiving Room	400	400
	1	1	Clerk	350	350
50	1	1	Clerk in charge of Record Branch	350	350
	1	1	Clerk in charge of Correspondence Branch	300	300
50	1	1	Clerk in charge of Inland Mail Contracts	300	300
	1	1	Clerk in charge of Missing Letter Branch	300	300
50	4	4	Clerks, at £300	1,200	1,200
50	16	16	Do. 7 at £250, 3 at £225, and 6 at £200	3,625	3,625
50	2	2	Ledger-keepers, at £200	400	400
51	11	11	Clerks, at £175	1,925	1,925
51	35	37	Do. 6 at £150, 13 at £132, and 18 at £100	4,152	4,416
	3	3	Constables, at 7s. per diem	383	383
52	6	6	Stampers and Sorters, at £175	1,050	1,050
52	10	10	Do. at £150	1,500	1,500
52	11	11	Do. at £132	1,452	1,452
	...	2	Do. at £120	240	240
52	11	11	Letter Carriers (1st Class), at £156	1,716	1,716
52	8	10	Do. do. (2nd Class), at £144	1,152	1,440
52	27	27	Do. do. (3rd Class), at £132	3,564	3,564
52	42	42	Do. do. (4th Class), at £120	5,040	5,040
52	28	30	Do. do. (5th Class), at £108	3,024	3,240
52	3	3	Mail Cart Drivers, at £108	324	324
51	1	1	Shipping Clerk	200	200
	1	1	Shipping Clerk's Assistant	150	150
52	1	1	Messenger	150	150
52	5	5	Messengers—2 at £120, and 3 at £108	564	564
52	2	2	Boy Messengers, at £75	150	150
52	1	1	Groom	104	104
52	6	6	Mail Boys, at £78	468	468
52	16	16	Do. at £50	800	800
	1	1	Storeman	108	108
52	1	1	Office-keeper	61	61
52	1	1	Mechanic	175	175
52	6	6	Mail Guards (senior), at £175	1,050	1,050
52	7	7	Do. at £150	1,050	1,050
53	6	6	Railway Sorters (senior), at £175	1,050	1,050
53	7	8	Do. at £150	1,050	1,200
	2	2	Gate-keepers, at 5s. per diem (Sundays excepted)	156	156
	1	1	1st Class Detective, at 11s. 6d. per diem	210	210
50	4	4	Postal Inspectors, at £450	1,800	1,800
				46,353	47,511
16 53-72			COUNTRY AND BRANCH POSTMASTERS	35,000	37,000
	299	308	Carried forward	£ 81,353	84,511

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

117

No. X.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
	1880	1881		£	£		
			Post Office—continued.				
	299	308	Brought forward ... ..	.....	81,353	.....	84,511
			MISCELLANEOUS.				
			Fuel and Light for Country Offices	600		700	
			Rent of Country and Branch Offices	3,200		3,500	
			Furniture and Fittings, Country Offices... ..	650		700	
			Forage Allowances to Country Letter Carriers and Postal Inspectors when in town	2,000		2,000	
			Forage and Fariery, Sydney Horses	700		700	
			New Mail Carts ... ..	.....		50	
			Additional Horses	150		150	
			Overtime, Sorting English Mails	1,100		1,200	
			Uniforms for Letter Carriers and Mail Guards ...	1,200		1,200	
			Postal Inspectors' Travelling Expenses	1,700		1,700	
			New Stamps and Seals	400		400	
52			Iron Letter and Newspaper Receivers	400		200	
			Extra Clerical Assistance	850		1,000	
53			Incidental and Unforeseen Expenses	3,200		3,200	
			Travelling Allowance to Mail Guards and Sorters on Railway	500		600	
			Wages of Male and Female Servants employed in cleaning General Post Office	300		300	
					16,950		17,600
			CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.				
			Inland, including Portage	105,000 3,800	}	114,000	
			Gratuities to Ships' Mails, Foreign and Coastwise ...	9,800		11,000	
			Postal Communication <i>via</i> San Francisco	41,700		41,700	
			To meet payments to Victoria and Queensland of the postage on letters, packets, and newspapers conveyed <i>via</i> Galle and <i>via</i> Singapore and Torres Straits, amount to be recouped (less the Imperial rates on letters, &c., <i>from</i> England) by postage collected on outward mail matter, and by amount allowed by London on correspondence forwarded to this Colony... ..	15,500		16,500	
			Government of Fiji—Contribution towards Mail Service between Sydney and Levuka, at £200 per lunar monthly voyage	2,600		2,600	
					178,400		185,800
	299	308	TOTAL	£	276,703	.....	287,911

No. X.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.									
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.			Amount Required for 1881.		
				£		£			
Money Order and Government Savings Bank Department.									
	1	1	Superintendent of Money Order Office, and Controller of Government Savings' Bank	800		800			
	1	1	Chief Clerk and Examiner	500		500			
	1	1	Teller	450		450			
	1	1	Principal Ledger-keeper	400		400			
	1	1	Ledger-keeper	275		275			
	2	2	Ledger-keepers, at £250	500		500			
	5	5	Ledger-keepers, at £200	1,000		1,000			
	7	7	Clerks, at £150	1,050		1,050			
	2	2	Do. at £100	200		200			
	1	1	Messenger	125		125			
	1	1	Do.	100		100			
	1	1	Office-keeper	20		20			
					5,420			5,420	
CONTINGENCIES.									
			Extra Clerical Assistance	500		500			
			Travelling Expenses	100		100			
			United Kingdom and Intercolonial Commission and Commission to Postmasters	3,500		4,000			
			Commission to Postmasters for transacting Savings' Bank business	500		700			
			Incidental Expenses	50		50			
					4,650			5,350	
	24	24	TOTAL	£	10,070			10,770	

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1881.

119

No. X.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
Electric Telegraphs.							
				£		£	
56	1	1	Superintendent	800		800	
56	1	1	Assistant Superintendent...	500		575	
	1	1	Accountant...	400		400	
55	1	1	Ledger-keeper	275		275	
	1	...	Assistant Accountant	200		.....
56	1	1	Cashier	250		250	
58	1	1	Record Clerk,	250		250	
56	2	3	Clerks, at £200	400		600	
56	3	3	Clerks, at £150	450		450	
	1	1	Clerk	104		104	
56	1	1	Receiving Clerk	250		250	
56	1	1	Do.	200		200	
56	1	1	Booking Clerk	300		300	
56	1	1	Do.	200		200	
	1	1	Do.	175		175	
	6	6	Booking Clerks, at £150	900		900	
	...	2	Do. 1 at £132 and 1 at £104 ... ..	.....		286	
	2	1	Do. at £100	200		100	
	...	2	Do. at £75 ... ..	.....		150	
	1	1	Booking Clerk	52		52	
	1	1	Instrument Mechanician	350		400	
55	2	2	Instrument Fitters, at £200	400		400	
	2	2	Do. at £150	300		300	
56	1	1	Battery Man	150		175	
	...	1	Do. ... ..	.....		75	
	1	1	Office-keeper	200		200	
56	1	1	Stable-keeper	104		104	
	1	1	Assistant do.	75		75	
56	1	1	Clerk in charge of Stores	200		200	
56	1	1	Clerk (Store)	150		150	
56	1	1	Messenger Overseer... ..	175		175	
56	1	1	Do. do.	150		150	
56	1	1	Inspector of Lines and Stations... ..	350		350	
57	2	2	Inspectors of Lines and Stations, at £300	600		600	
57	2	2	Do. do. at £250	500		500	
	45	49			9,610		10,121
56	2	2	Station Managers—at £350	700		700	
	1	1	Cable Clerk	300		300	
	1	1	Continental Clerk	300		300	
56	1	1	Telegraph Instructor	250		250	
	5	5			1,550		1,550
57-61	6	6	Station-masters, at £300	1,800		1,800	
57-62	5	5	Do. at £250	1,250		1,250	
57-65	12	11	Do. at £200	2,400		2,200	
58-65	40	45	Do. at £180	7,200		8,100	
57-65	63	72	Do. at £150	9,450		10,800	
	1	...	Station-master	135		.....
	...	1	Do. ... ..	.....		180	
58-65	11	10	Station-masters, at £120	1,320		1,200	
58-65	58	59	Do. at £104	6,082		6,186	
65	1	1	Station-master	100		100	
	3	7	Do. at £75... ..	225		525	
	1	...	Do.	65		.....
	1	1	Do.	60		60	
	...	2	Do. at £52 ... ..	.....		104	
	1	1	Line Repairer	250		250	
56	1	1	Do.	200		200	
59-72	10	12	Line Repairers, at £150	1,500		1,800	
54-59	15	16	Do. at £120	1,800		1,920	
	229	250			33,787		36,575
	279	304	Carried forward	£	44,947	.....	48,246

No. X.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.							
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
Electric Telegraphs—continued.							
	279	304	Brought forward...	.....	44,947	.....	48,246
	1	1	Check Clerk	250		250	
	1	1	Do.	150		150	
57	4	5	Operators, at £250	1,000		1,250	
57-72	13	15	Do. at £200	2,600		3,000	
57	2	4	Operator, at £175	350		700	
57-72	48	55	Operators, at £150	7,200		8,250	
	7	8	Do. at £120	840		960	
57-71	76	80	Do. at £104	7,904		8,320	
58-71	26	36	Do. at £75	1,950		2,700	
58-60	48	48	Do. at £52	2,496		2,496	
69	14	17	Operators, at £26	364		442	
57-72	105	126	Messengers, at £52	5,460		6,552	
	15	24	Do. at £39	585		936	
59	88	82	Do. at £26	2,288		2,132	
			To provide for Operators at New Stations	2,500		2,500	
	448	502			35,937		40,638
					80,884		88,884
CONTINGENCIES.							
			Horse Equipment, Forage Allowance, and Farriery, for horses for use of Line Repairers	4,500		5,000	
			Forage for Messengers' ponies	1,000		1,000	
			Travelling Expenses of Line Repairers and Officers of the Department generally	4,000		4,000	
			Rent of Temporary Offices	4,500		4,000	
			Allowance to Officers for working overtime	300		300	
			Messengers' Uniforms	350		400	
			Working Expenses of 13,000 miles of Line (12,000 in 1879)	10,000		10,000	
			To replace Instruments, and for Unforeseen Expenses	6,000		6,000	
			Repairs to Lines generally	10,000		10,000	
			Fuel and Light for Stations	600		600	
			Allowance in lieu of Quarters to Assistant Superintendent	75		75	
			Do. do. Managers of Sydney Office	100		100	
			Telegraph Books	50		50	
			Proportion for the erection of a Building for a Telegraph Station at Salt Creek, on the South Australian boundary	300		.....
			Erection of Building for Telegraph Office purposes at Lochinvar	88		.....
					41,863		41,525
	727	806	TOTAL	£	122,747	.....	130,409
BRITISH AND AUSTRALIAN CABLE SUBSIDY.							
			Proportion payable by New South Wales of Guaranteed Annual Subsidy of £32,400 for twenty years, from 1st November, 1879, for the duplication of the British Australian Cable	.....	9,616	.....	11,843
NEW ZEALAND CABLE SUBSIDY.							
			Guaranteed Annual Subscription for ten years, towards the Electric Cable between New Zealand and New South Wales (Resolution of Assembly)	.....	2,500	.....	2,500

XI.

Secretary for Mines.

SUMMARY.

Page.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Voted for 1880.	Required for 1881.
		£	£
122-123	Department of Mines	27,624	26,599
124	Minor Roads	5,275	4,800
124-125	Occupation of Lands	24,655	17,881
125	Prevention of Scab in Sheep	12,180	14,330
126	Imported Stock	1,155	1,045
126	Registration of Brands	2,175	2,175
126	Public Tanks and Wells	2,500	4,938
126	Miscellaneous	1,150	17,749
		76,714	89,517
	<i>Deduct</i> Prevention of Scab in Sheep estimate, as the amount is payable out of moneys at the credit of the Sheep Account Trust Fund ... ..	.....	14,330
	TOTAL	£ 76,714	75,187

*The Treasury, New South Wales,
8th February, 1881.*

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. XI.—SECRETARY FOR MINES.													
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.									SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881								Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			Department of Mines.							£		£	
	1	1	Secretary for Mines	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,500		1,500	
	1	1	Under Secretary	...	...	...	...	...	...	800		800	
											2,300		2,300
	2	2											
			CLERICAL STAFF.										
	1	1	Chief Clerk...	...	...	...	...	...	...	500		500	
	1	1	Registrar	...	...	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	...	300		300	
	2	2	Clerks, at £250	...	...	...	...	...	...	500		500	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	...	225		225	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	200		200	
	2	2	Clerks, at £175	...	...	...	...	...	...	350		350	
	1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	...	150		150	
	2	2	Clerks, at £125	...	...	...	...	...	...	250		250	
											2,825		2,825
73	1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	...	...	...	150		130	
73	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	100		100	
	2	2	Housekeepers—1 at £66, and 1. at £30. (£46 and £30 in 1879)	...	...	...	...	...	...	76		96	
											326		326
	16	16											
			SURVEY STAFF.										
	1	1	Chief Draftsman	...	...	...	...	...	...	500		500	
	1	1	Draftsman	...	...	...	...	...	...	300		300	
	1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	250		250	
	2	2	Do., at £250	...	...	...	...	...	...	500		500	
	3	3	Draftsmen, at £200	...	...	...	...	...	...	600		600	
	1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	...	...	...	110		110	
											2,260		2,260
	9	9											
	1	1	Inspector of Mines (other than coal)	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	300	.....	300
			GOLD FIELDS.										
73	1	1	Warden	...	...	...	...	...	...	400		400	
73	1	1	Warden	...	...	...	...	...	...	75		75	
73	2	2	Clerks, at £200	...	...	...	...	...	...	400		400	
	4	4	Carried forward...	...	...	...	...	...	£	875		875	
	32	32	Carried forward	...	...	...	...	...	£	.....	8,011	.....	8,011

No. XI.—SECRETARY FOR MINES.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881	Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
			£		£	
Department of Mines—continued.						
	32	32	Brought forward			8,011
			GOLD FIELDS—continued.			
			Brought forward			875
	3	3	Clerks, at £50	150	150	
	2	2	Do. at £40	80	80	
	3	6	Do. at £30	90	180	
	4	3	Do. at £25	100	75	
	28	19	Do. at £20	560	380	
	...	3	Do. at £15	...	45	
	20	23	Do. at £10	200	230	
	3	3	Mining Registrars, at £10	30	30	
	5	1	Bailiff, at £30	150	30	
	...	2	Do. at £25	...	50	
	17	14	Do. at £20	340	280	
	3	8	Do. at £15	45	120	
	15	18	Do. at £10	150	180	
				2,770		2,705
	103	105	GEOLOGICAL SURVEYOR.			
			Surveyor in Charge	600	600	
			Do.	400	400	
			Do.	300	300	
			Curator, &c.	225	225	
			Assistant	110	150	
				1,635		1,675
	5	5	COAL FIELDS.			
			Examiner of Coal Fields	600	600	
			Inspector	300	300	
				900		900
			TOTAL SALARIES	£	12,316	12,291
			CONTINGENCIES.			
			Preparation of Leases	300	300	
			Preparation of Diagrams	250	250	
			Allowance to Mining Surveyors to supplement applicants' fees	2,500	2,500	
			Allowance for Surveys, Reports, Locality Maps, &c.	800	800	
			Rent of Offices	793	793	
			Plan Mounting	50	50	
			Travelling Expenses of Officers of the Department when specially sanctioned	1,500	1,500	
			Equipment Allowance to Geological Surveyor	690	690	
			Men's Wages, Provisions, &c.	525	525	
			Commission on Sale of Miners' Rights, &c., and to Land Agents on Deposits of Rents	500	500	
			Incidental Expenses	1,250	1,250	
				9,158		9,158
			Reward for the discovery of Gold in payable quantities in quartz veins, lodes, or reefs, between certain depths...	1,000	1,000	
			Rewards for the discovery of new Gold Fields	3,000	3,000	
			For the establishment of a School of Mines	1,000	.....
			Preservation of Caves	150	150	
				5,150		4,150
	142	144	TOTAL	£	27,624	26,599

No. XI.—SECRETARY FOR MINES.

Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.		Amount Required for 1881.	
				£		£	
	50	25	Occupation of Lands—continued.				
			Brought forward ...	.....	10,530	.....	4,860
			FOREST CONSERVANCY.				
	...	1	Inspector of Forests ...	.....		350	
73	1	1	Forest Ranger—Head Office ...	200		200	
	17	17	Forest Rangers, at £200 ...	3,400		3,400	
	2	1	Do. at £100 ...	200		100	
					3,800		4,050
	20	20					
			Appraisal Fees and Travelling Expenses ...	4,500		3,000	
			Commissioners' Offices and Quarters ...	400		.....
			Conservancy of Forests ...	3,000		3,000	
			Rent of Office, Head Quarters ...	500		500	
			To assist Run Surveys, and for connection of features irrespectively of the year in which the service has been performed ...	1,500		1,500	
			New compilation of Colony Map and preparation of Special Diagrams ...	.....		546	
			Lithographic Drawing and Printing Branch ...	300		300	
			Mounting Plans ...	25		25	
			Incidental Expenses ...	100		100	
					10,325		8,971
	70	45	TOTAL ... £	.....	24,655	.....	17,881
			Prevention of Scab in Sheep.				
74	1	1	Chief Inspector ...	500		500	
	1	1	Clerk ...	200		200	
74-76	6	6	Inspectors, at £350 ...	2,100		2,100	
	2	2	Do. at £300 ...	600		600	
	26	28	Do. at £250 ...	6,500		7,000	
	2	2	Do. at £150 ...	300		300	
	2	2	Do. at £50 ...	100		100	
	...	6	Six additional Inspectors to carry out the "Pastures and Stock Protection Act, 1880," at £300 ...	.....		1,800	
	2	1	Boundary Riders on the Murray, at £150 ...	300		150	
	1	1	Quarantine-keeper, Canterbury ...	78		78	
74	1	1	Messenger ...	125		125	
	1	1	Officekeeper ...	48		48	
					10,851		13,001
			Travelling Expenses of Inspectors (when specially sanctioned) ...	200		200	
			Travelling Expenses of Sheep Directors ...	200		200	
			Allowance to Inspectors for Stationery ...	185		185	
			Forage for Sheep in Quarantine ...	350		350	
			Medicaments for dressing Sheep ...	30		30	
			Keeping Quarantine Yards, Sydney ...	50		50	
			Rent of Offices ...	54		54	
			Rent of Quarantine at Canterbury Estate ...	50		50	
			Incidental Expenses, including Law Costs and Charges ...	210		210	
					1,329		1,329
	45	52	TOTAL ... £	.....	12,180	.....	14,330

No. XI.—SECRETARY FOR MINES.					
Page in Schedule.	No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
	1880	1881		Amount Voted for 1880.	Amount Required for 1881.
			Imported Stock.	£	£
	3	2	Quarantine Keepers, at £110	330	220
			Forage for Stock in Quarantine	500	500
			Transport of Stock and Forage	75	75
			Veterinary Inspection	100	100
			Incidental Expenses	150	150
				825	825
	3	2	TOTAL	1,155	1,045
			Registration of Brands.		
	1	...	Registrar of Brands	50	...
	1	1	Deputy Registrar	250	250
	1	1	Clerk	200	200
74	37	39	Deputy Registrars in Country Towns, at £25 each	925	975
				1,425	1,425
			Extra Clerical Assistance, Printing, and Incidental Expenses	650	650
			Rent of Offices	100	100
				750	750
	40	41	TOTAL	2,175	2,175
			Public Tanks and Wells.		
			Management and repair of Tanks and Wells constructed by the Government	*2,500	
	...	1	Inspector		400
	...	2	Overseers, at £312... ..		624
	...	6	Caretakers, at £84 each		504
	...	1	Chainman		52
					1,580
			Repairs and alterations to existing Works		2,508
			Travelling Expenses		600
			Advertising... ..		150
			Incidental Expenses		100
					3,358
	...	10	TOTAL	*2,500	4,938
			Miscellaneous.		
			For the erection of Public Pounds	300	300
			Amount payable to the Milburn Creek Copper-mining Company, under the award of the Arbitrators, dated 6th October, 1880		17,199
			Expenses of Arbitration in that case		250
			Other Services, 1880	850	
				1,150	17,749
			TOTAL	1,150	17,749

* Voted under head of Occupation of Lands in 1880.

SCHEDULE

TO THE

ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881,

SHOWING THE

TOTAL REMUNERATION RECEIVED BY ALL PUBLIC OFFICERS

WHO HOLD MORE THAN ONE OFFICE,

OR WHO HAVE ANY SPECIAL ALLOWANCE, QUARTERS, FUEL, OR LIGHT, IN ADDITION
TO THEIR FIXED ANNUAL SALARIES.

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,
9 FEBRUARY, 1881.



SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

[2s. 6d.]

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

3

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. II.—Executive and Legislative.			£	£	
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.					
10	J. J. Calvert...	Clerk of the Parliaments ... Domain Trustee ...	700 Nil.	700	
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.					
11	The Hon. Sir G. Wigram Allen.	Speaker ... Member of the Senate of the Sydney University ... Trustee of the Sydney Grammar School ...	1,200 Nil. Nil.	1,200	
PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY.					
11	Robert Rogers	Parliamentary Librarian ... Member of Board to act on behalf of the Government in the matter of International Exchanges of Literary and Scientific Works, Official Publications, &c.	350 Nil.	350	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary.					
COLONIAL SECRETARY.					
14	John O'Loughlin	Messenger Attendant and House-keeper ... Value of quarters, &c. ...	150 30	180	
14 10	Catherino O'Loughlin	Office-keeper ... Do. to the Clerk of the Executive Council ...	61 18	79	
PERMANENT AND VOLUNTEER MILITARY FORCES.					
<i>General Staff.</i>					
15	Colonel Richardson	Commandant ...	600		The allowance for forage cannot properly be said to form a source of emolument, as keeping horses for the Public Service entails expenses in no way covered by the forage allowance. These expenses include purchase and replacement of horses, food, clothing, shoeing, veterinary charges, provision of appropriate appointments, grooms' wages, &c., which in point of fact reduce the amount of income. These remarks apply to all officers to whom forage allowance is granted.
15		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	175		
15		Forage allowance ...	104		
15		Single ration, fuel, and light, valued at ...	36		
		President of Defence Commission ...	Nil.		
		President of Warlike Stores Board	Nil.	915	
15	Major Christie	Major of Brigade ...	400		
15		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	120		
15		Forage allowance ...	52		
15		Single ration, fuel, and light, valued at ...	28	600	
15	Major Baynes	Brigade Pay and Quartermaster ...	365		
15		Quarters, valued at ...	120		
15		Forage allowance ...	52		
15		Single ration, fuel, and light, valued at ...	28	565	
15	Captain Compton	Instructor of Musketry ...	300		
15		Officer in charge of Small Arms ...	Nil.		
15		Quarters, valued at ...	60		
15		Forage allowance ...	52		
15		Single ration, fuel, and light, valued at ...	24	436	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.					
PERMANENT AND VOLUNTEER MILITARY FORCES—continued.					
			£	£	
		<i>Artillery Force.</i>			
15	Colonel Roberts	Commanding Permanent and Volunteer Artillery Forces ...	500		Allowance for the provision of uniform after the expiration of five years, £50.
		Member, Defence Commission ...	Nil.		
16		Member, Warlike Stores Board ...	Nil.		
16		Forage (2 horses) ...	80		
16		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	175		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	36	791	Do. do.
15	Major Spalding	Commanding No. 2 Battery ...	388		Do. do. (Single; occupies three rooms.)
16		Command pay ...	27		
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	120		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	27	597	
15	Major Murphy	Commanding No. 3 Battery ...	388		Allowance for the provision of uniform after the expiration of five years, £50.
16		Command pay ...	27		
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	60		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	27	537	
15	Major Airey	Commanding No. 1 Battery ...	388		Do. do. (Single; occupies three rooms.)
16		Command pay ...	27		
16		Member, Warlike Stores Board ...	Nil.		
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	120		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	27	597	Do. do.
15	Captain Murray	Captain, N. S. Wales Artillery ...	256		Do. do.
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	90		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
				407	
15	Captain M'Kenzie	Captain, N. S. Wales Artillery ...	256		Do. do.
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	90		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
16		Allowance—Acting Adjutant ...	27	484	
15	Lieutenant H. Le Patourel.	Lieutenant, N. S. Wales Artillery ...	238		Do. do.
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	60		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
				359	
15	Lieutenant A. Le Patourel.	Lieutenant, N. S. Wales Artillery ...	238		Do. for uniform do. (Single; occupies two rooms.)
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	60		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
				359	
15	Lieutenant Baynes	Lieutenant, N. S. Wales Artillery ...	238		Do. do. (Single; occupies two rooms.)
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	45		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
				344	
15	Lieutenant Nathan	Lieutenant, N. S. Wales Artillery ...	238		Do. do. (Single; occupies two rooms.)
16		Forage (1 horse) ...	40		
16		Value of quarters ...	45		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
				344	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

5

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.					
PERMANENT AND VOLUNTEER MILITARY FORCES—continued.					
<i>Artillery Force—continued.</i>					
15	Lieutenant Bouverie.	Lieutenant, N. S. Wales Artillery...	238		Allowance for the provision of uniform after the expiration of five years, £50. Do. do.
16		Forage (1 horse)	40		
		Value of quarters	60		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
				359	
15	Lieutenant H. P. Airey	Lieutenant, N. S. Wales Artillery...	238		
16		Forage (1 horse)	40		
		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	60		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
				359	
15	Lieutenant Savage ...	Lieutenant, N. S. Wales Artillery...	238		
16		Forage (1 horse)	40		
		Value of quarters	45		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	21		
				344	
15	Staff-Surgeon Bedford	Surgeon, N. S. Wales Artillery ...	274		
16		Forage (1 horse)	64		
		Value of quarters	90		
16		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	24		
				452	
<i>Volunteer Artillery Force.</i>					
17	Captain Taunton ...	Adjutant, Pay, and Quartermaster...	250		
17		Forage	40		
17		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	90		
				380	
<i>Volunteer Infantry Corps.</i>					
18	Captain Wilson ...	Adjutant, Pay, and Quartermaster...	250		
18		Forage	40		
18		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	90		
				380	
18	Captain Norris ...	Adjutant, Pay, and Quartermaster...	250		
18		Forage	40		
18		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	90		
				380	
18	Lieutenant Hill ...	Adjutant, Pay, and Quartermaster...	250		
18		Forage	40		
18		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	60		
				350	
<i>Public School Cadet Corps.</i>					
19	Captain Strong ...	Officer-in-charge, Public School Cadet Corps	250		
19		Allowance in lieu of forage ...	64		
19		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	90		
				404	
NAVAL BRIGADE.					
20	F. Hixson ...	Captain Commanding		92	See page 19.
20	A. Hinton ...	Clerk and Accountant		64	See page 19.
20	J. Reeve ...	Gunnery Instructor	201		
		Quarters, valued at	50		
				251	
20	J. Dagwell ...	Instructor, Newcastle		52	See page 20.
20	E. Jones ...	Commander		73	See page 13.
20	D. T. Allan ...	Commander		73	See page 19.
20	G. S. Lindeman ...	Commander		73	
20	H. Cross ...	Lieutenant	73		
46		Member of Marine Board, Newcastle	54		
				127	
20	C. Cope ...	Sub-Lieutenant	37		
94		Clerk, Lands Office	200		
				237	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
			£	£	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.					
INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE.					
20	Edmund Fosbery ...	Inspector General of Police ...	800		With an allowance of 30s. per diem when travelling. £2 fee per meeting—once a week only. Not drawn during absence on inspection.
		Trustee of Savings' Bank ...	Nil.		
		Member of Board for issue of Railway Passes to unemployed ...	Nil.		
		Metropolitan Transit Commissioner Quarters, valued at ...	100	900	
20	Henry Zouch ...	Superintendent of Police ...	500		With an allowance of 20s. per diem when travelling.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	90	590	
20	Edric V. Morisset ...	Superintendent of Police ...	500		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	90	590	
20	C. J. P. Lydiard ...	Superintendent of Police ...	500		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	90	590	
20	James Garland ...	Superintendent of Police ...	450		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	90	540	
20	John W. Orridge ...	Superintendent of Police ...	450		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	90	540	
20	E. M. Battye ...	Superintendent of Police ...	400		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	90	490	
20	George Read ...	Superintendent of Police ...	400		Do. do.
21		Fuel and light ...	10		
21		Quarters rented at ...	150	560	
20	John D. Brown ...	Superintendent of Police ...	400		Do. do.
		Quarters ...	90		
21		Fuel and light estimated at ...	10	500	
20	J. D. Meares ...	Inspector of Police ...	300		With an allowance of 12s. per diem when travelling.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	80	380	
20	Charles Sanderson ...	Inspector of Police ...	300		With an allowance of 20s. per diem when travelling.
21		Special travelling allowance as officer in charge of district Quarters ...	75		
21		Fuel and light estimated at ...	10	465	
20	James Ryeland ...	Inspector of Police ...	300		Do. do.
21		Special travelling allowance as officer in charge of Central District ...	50		
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	35	385	
20	W. Camphin... ..	Sub-Inspector of Police ...	250		300
21		Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	50		

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

7

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.			£	£	
INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE—continued.					
20 21	Patrick Brennan ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	250 70	320	With an allowance of 12s. per diem when travelling.
20 21	James Stephenson ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	250 50	300	Do. do.
20 21	John B. Medley ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	250 70	320	Do. do.
20 21	Charles Thorpe ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	250 70	320	Do. do.
20 21	Richard F. Creaghe...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	250 70	320	Do. do.
20 21	George Waters ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	250 70	320	Do. do.
20 21 21	Robert Anderson ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters rented ... Fuel and light, estimated at ...	250 78 10	338	Do. do.
20 21	Charles E. Harrison...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	250 70	320	Do. do.
20 21	James Keegan ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	225 70	295	Do. do.
20 21	William Wright ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel and light, estimated at ...	225 60	285	Do. do.
20 21	Edward Grainger ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	225 60	285	Do. do.
20 21	George C. Carter ...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	225 70	295	Do. do.
20 21	Samuel D. Johnston...	Sub-Inspector of Police ... Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at ...	225 50	275	Do. do.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.			£	£	
INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE—continued.					
20	Alexander B. Walker	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		With an allowance of 12s. per diem when travelling.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	50	275	
20	Thomas Kerrigan ...	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	40	265	
20	Thomas Garvin ...	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	70	295	
20	William T. Baker ...	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	70	295	
20	Francis Duffy ...	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		Do. do.
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	50	275	
20	J. Donohoe	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	60	285	
20	A. M'Kay	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	60	285	
20	N. Larkins	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	70	295	
20	M. Brennan	Sub-Inspector of Police	225		
21		Quarters, fuel, and light, estimated at... ..	60	285	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.			£	£	
LUNACY DEPARTMENT.					
<i>Hospital for the Insane, Gladesville.</i>					
22	T. M. Joseph	Medical Superintendent, Gladesville	600		
22		Allowance in lieu of rations, fuel, and light	45		
		Quarters, valued at ...	50		
				695	
22	Herbert Blaxland	Assistant Medical Officer	300		
22		Allowance in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	45		
		Quarters, valued at ...	30		
				375	
22	E. M. Betts	Assistant Superintendent	300		
22		Allowance in lieu of rations, fuel, and light	45		
		Quarters, valued at ...	60		
				405	
22	J. E. Moore	Clerk	150		
22		Allowance in lieu of quarters, rations, fuel, and light	55		
				205	
22	A. Dalglish	Dispenser	130		
22		Allowance in lieu of rations, fuel, and light	25		
		Quarters, valued at ...	26		
				181	
22	T. Folkard	Chief Attendant	120		
22		Allowances in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	25		
		Quarters, valued at ...	26		
				171	
22	Mary Bland	Matron	120		
22		Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at	20		
22		Allowance in lieu of provisions	25		
				165	
<i>Hospital for the Insane, Parramatta.</i>					
23	Charles Taylor	Medical Superintendent	600		
23		Allowance in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	45		
		Quarters, valued at ...	90		
				735	
23	J. A. Beattie	Assistant Medical Officer	300		
23		Allowance in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	45		
		Quarters, valued at ...	30		
				375	
23	Henry Colley	Assistant Superintendent	270		
23		Allowance in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	45		
		Quarters, valued at ...	40		
				355	

The Attendants, Nurses, and Servants, are allowed quarters, rations, fuel, light, and uniform clothing.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.					
LUNACY DEPARTMENT—continued.					
<i>Hospital for the Insane, Parramatta—continued.</i>					
23	Walter Brown	Medical Visitor	50		
26		Visiting Surgeon, Parramatta Gaol	100		
				150	
23	Ethelred Bennett	Clerk	150		
23		Allowance in lieu of quarters, provisions, fuel, and light	51		
				201	
23	Jane Burn	Matron	120		
23		Allowance in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	25		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				171	The Attendants, Nurses, and Servants are allowed quarters, rations, fuel, light, and uniform clothing.
23	A. H. Simms	Dispenser	140		
23		Allowance in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	25		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				191	
23	James Wharf	Chief Attendant	150		
23		Allowance in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	25		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				201	
23	The Rev. J. R. Blomfield.	Church of England Chaplain	50		
82		Do. do. Parramatta Gaol	60		
				110	
23	The Rev. Archdeacon Rigney.	Roman Catholic Chaplain	50		
82		Do. do. Parramatta Gaol	60		
				110	
<i>Reception House for the Insane, Darlinghurst.</i>					
23	Frederick Fowler	Superintendent	140		
		Value of quarters, rations, fuel, and light	50		
		Allowance in lieu of provisions	20		
				210	The Attendants and Nurses are allowed quarters, uniform clothing, rations, fuel, and light.
23	Eliza Fowler	Matron	60		
23		Allowance in lieu of provisions	20		
				80	
<i>Hospital for the Insane, Newcastle.</i>					
24	Frederick Cane	Superintendent	175		
24		Allowance in lieu of provisions	30		
		Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at	60		
				265	
24	Elizabeth Cane	Matron	75		
24		Allowance in lieu of provisions	30		
				105	The Attendants, Nurses, and Servants are allowed quarters, rations, fuel, light, and uniform clothing.
24	Edwin Waller	Storekeeper and Chief Attendant	120		
24		Quarters, rations, fuel and light, valued at	56		
				176	
<i>Hospital for the Insane, Callan Park.</i>					
24	Richard B. Scholes	Medical Superintendent	450		
24		Allowance in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light	45		
		Value of quarters	50		
				545	
24	A. Whitling	Clerk	100		
22		Clerk to the Inspector of the Insane	150		
24		Allowance in lieu of rations, fuel, and light	25		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				301	The Attendants and Servants are allowed quarters, rations, fuel, light, and uniform clothing.
24	W. Little	Chief Attendant	120		
24		Allowance in lieu of rations, fuel, and light	25		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				171	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.			£	£	
LUNACY DEPARTMENT—continued.					
<i>Temporary Hospital for Insane, Cooma.</i>					
25	J. McGeorge	Superintendent	250		
25		Quarters, rations, fuel, and light, valued at...	60	310	
25	D. Meppom	Chief Attendant	120		
25		Quarters, rations, fuel, and light	56	176	The Attendants and Servants are allowed quarters, rations, fuel, light, and uniform clothing.
AUDITOR GENERAL.					
27	C. Rolleston	Auditor-General	900		
		Vice-President of the New South Wales Savings Bank	Nil.		
		Trustee of Australian Museum	Nil.		
		Member of Senate, Sydney University	Nil.	900	
27	Buth Styles	Housekeeper	75		
		Quarters, fuel and light, valued at...	40	115	
REGISTRAR GENERAL.					
28	E. G. Ward	Registrar-General	700		
		Fees received in 1879, under the Registration of Public Companies Act, 37 Vic. No. 19	66	766	
28	J. B. Duff	Deputy Registrar of Deeds	300		
		Fees received in 1879, under the Registration of Public Companies Act, 37 Vic. No. 19	66	366	
28	George Lilly	Office-keeper	50		
		Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at...	40	90	
IMMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.					
29	George F. Wise	Immigration Agent	500		
		Member of the Immigration Board	Nil.		
		Chief Officer under the Agreements Validating Act	Nil.		
		Member of Board to grant Free Railway Passes to the unemployed	Nil.	500	
ASYLUMS FOR THE INFIRM AND DESTITUTE.					
30	L. H. Hicks	Matron, Hyde Park Asylum	200		
29		Do. Immigration Department	50		
30		Value of quarters, rations, fuel, and light	50	300	
30	M. Applewhaite	Sub-Matron, Hyde Park Asylum	75		
30		Value of quarters, rations, &c.	40	115	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.			£	£	
ASYLUMS FOR THE INFIRM AND DESTITUTE—					
<i>continued.</i>					
30	C. H. M. Dennis ...	Matron, Parramatta Asylum ...	150		
30		Value of quarters, rations, fuel, and light	72		
					222
30	Helen Dennis ...	Sub-Matron, Parramatta Asylum ...	50		
30		Value of rations	20		
					70
30	W. E. Strong ...	Surgeon Superintendent, Liverpool Asylum	400		
30		Value of rations, fuel, and light ...	88		
					488
30	Mary Burnside ...	Matron, Liverpool Asylum... ..	200		
30		Value of quarters, rations, fuel, and light... ..	70		
					270
ERYSIPELAS HOSPITAL, PARRAMATTA.					
30	R. C. Rutter... ..	Surgeon	200		
26		Surgeon to the Government Asylum and the Orphan Schools ...	150		
					350
30	S. Cunningham ...	Matron	80		
30		Value of quarters, rations, &c. ...	50		
					130
30	S. Drew	Nurse	32		
30		Value of quarters, rations, &c. ...	25		
					57

IV.

Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.	
			Amount	Total.		
TREASURY.						
36	James Thomson ...	Chief Inspector and Consulting Accountant	£ 700	£	The Inspectors of Public Revenue Collectors' Accounts receive 30s. per diem when travelling, and a forage allowance of 2s. 6d. per diem when in town.	
36		Allowance for attending the Treasurer at the Legislative Assembly when required	25	725		
36	R. M. Ross	Clerk of Correspondence	400	450		
		Allowance as Clerk of Tender Board	50			
36	Thomas Geary ...	Chief Messenger	150	200		
36		Value of quarters, fuel, and light ...	50			
36	Elizabeth Crimston ...	Assistant Housekeeper	50	90		
36		Value of quarters, fuel, and light ...	40			
STAMP DUTIES.						
37	Victor Cohen ...	Accountant	250	286		
20		Sub-Lieutenant, Naval Brigade ...	36			
37	William Foskett ...	Foreman of Stampers	200	215		
18		Sergeant, 1st Regiment Volunteer Infantry	15			
37	A. T. Coupland ...	Messenger	120	170		
37		Value of quarters, fuel, and light ...	50			
CUSTOMS.						
37	W. A. Duncan ...	Collector of Customs	1,000	1,000		
		Trustee of Australian Museum ...	Nil.			
		Trustee of Free Public Library ...	Nil.			
37	R. Small	Fifth Clerk (clears steamers)	375	Receives a fee of 10s. for each steamer berthed by him after office hours. Receives £25 per annum paid by importers for return of spices. Receives a fee of 10s. for each vessel cleared by him after office hours.	
38	C. C. Pope	Sixth Clerk ... ..	.....	250	
38	F. A. Eagar	Eighth Clerk (clears ships) ...	.....	205	
38	W. H. Burton ...	Ninth Clerk	200	250		
38		Secretary to Commissioners of Customs	50			
38	W. Bethune	Sixteenth Clerk	175	175		
		Deputy Registrar of Births, Marriages, and Deaths, Randwick ...	.....		
37	Edmund Jones ...	Second Landing Surveyor	500	573		
20		Commander, Naval Brigade	73			
38	C. Warburton ...	Fifth Locker... ..	275	275		
28		Deputy Registrar of Births, Marriages and Deaths, Redfern ...	.....		

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.		
			Amount.	Total.			
No. IV.— Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.			£	£			
CUSTOMS—continued.							
38 40	W. Wilkins ...	Messenger ... Value of quarters, fuel, and light ...	150 40	190	The following officers when required to attend after the usual hours of business receive remuneration from the applicants at the following rates, viz.: Warehouse-keepers, 3s. 6d. p hour; Landing Waiters, 3s. p hour; Lockers, 2s. p hour; Tide Waiters, 1s. 6d. p hour.		
38 40	M. MacDermott ...	Coast Waiter, Botany ... Value of quarters ...	250 50	300			
38 119 116	A. T. Black ...	Coast Waiter, Broken Bay ... Telegraph Station-master ... Postmaster ...	250 104 11	415			
38		Justice of the Peace ... Value of quarters, &c. ... Inspector of Distilleries ...	Nil. 50 Nil.				
38 40	W. R. Logan ...	Sub-Collector, Newcastle ... Allowance for quarters ...	450 50				
38	W. H. Whyte ...	Clerk ...	.....			
38 40	F. W. Twine ...	Sub-Collector, Morpeth ... Allowance for office-rent ...	300 20	500 275		Receives 1st Class Season Railway Ticket Hexham to Newcastle, about £14.	
39 40	W. J. Browne ...	Sub-Collector, Grafton ... Allowance for quarters ... Shipping Master ...	275 50 Nil.	320			
39 40	A. H. Pegus ...	Landing Waiter, Yamba ... Allowance for quarters ... Assistant to Postmistress ...	200 60 Nil.	325			
39 73 40 125 50	G. F. Keon ...	Sub-Collector, Eden ... Police Magistrate ... Value of quarters ... Inspector of Sheep ... Postage allowance ...	300 150 50 25 3	260			
39 40	W. Cahill ...	Sub-Collector, Richmond River ... Value of quarters ... Member of Public School Board, Ballina ...	200 50 Nil.	528			
39 40	A. Green ...	Sub-Collector, Tweed River ... Allowance for quarters ...	250 36	250			
39	Henry Connell ...	Acting Customs Officer, Kiama	286 52			See Petty Sessions, page 30 of Schedule.
39 & 73	William Lovegrove ...	Acting Customs Officer, Shoalhaven.	52				See Petty Sessions, page 34 of Schedule.
39 20 70 81	J. M'Carthy ...	Acting Customs Officer, Bateman's Bay ... Senior Constable of Police ... Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... Registrar of Small Debts Court ... Inspector of Slaughter-houses ... Crown Lands Bailiff ...	52 137 10 Nil.	199	Remunerated by fees. Remunerated by fees, about £1 p annum.		
39 & 74	J. B. Casey ...	Acting Customs Officer, Macleay River	25			See Petty Sessions, page 30 of Schedule.
39 40 40	C. E. Gordon ...	Sub-Collector, Moama ... Allowance for forage ... Value of quarters ...	450 50 40	540	Receives about £25, paid by Railway Co., for Saturdays and holidays.		
39 40	John Kennedy ...	Assistant Officer of Customs, Moama ... Allowance for quarters ...	250 50	300			

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IV.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.					
CUSTOMS—continued.					
			£	£	
39	W. Davies ...	Assistant Officer of Customs, Moama	250		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners, for Saturdays and holidays.
40		Allowance for quarters ...	50		
				300	
39	J. M. Duncan ...	Clerk, Moama ...	175		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for quarters ...	50		
				225	
39	John Swyny ...	Sub-Collector, Albury ...	350		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Value of quarters ...	50		
				450	
39	Patrick Joyce ...	Assistant Officer, Albury ...	250		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. quarters ...	50		
				350	
39	W. Whitehand ...	2nd Assistant Officer, Albury ...	200		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. quarters ...	50		
				300	
39	F. S. Farnell...	Assistant Officer of Customs, Wallerangang ...	200		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. quarters ...	25		
				275	
95	H. Ringwood ...	Watchman, Albury Bridge...	.....	120	Receives £5 per year from Lands Dept. for fuel.
15	D. J. M'Kenry ...	Sub-Collector, Wentworth ...	350		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. quarters ...	50		
		Member of the Public School Board	Nil.		
				450	
39	J. Wyse ...	Sub-Collector, Swan Hill ...	250		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. quarters ...	20		
				320	
39	J. M. Walshe ...	Sub-Collector, Euston ...	250		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. office-rent ...	20		
				320	
39	W. A. Hunt ...	Officer of Customs, Howlong ...	200		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. office-rent ...	20		
40		Do. quarters ...	25		
40		Do. travelling expenses ...	25		
				320	
40	P. Nihill ...	Sub-Collector, Corowa ...	300		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. quarters ...	50		
40		Do. office-rent ...	20		
				420	
40	J. Bruton ...	Sub-Collector, Tocumwall ...	250		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for forage ...	50		
40		Do. quarters ...	25		
		Justice of the Peace	Nil.		
		Chairman and Secretary of Public School Committee	Nil.		
				325	
40	George L. Hill ...	Sub-Collector, Maryland ...	250		Receives about £18, paid by steamboat owners.
40		Allowance for quarters ...	78		
40		Do. forage ...	50		
40		Justice of the Peace	Nil.		
				378	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IV.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.			£	£	
CUSTOMS—continued.					
40	H. T. Capper	Sub-Collector, Bogabilla	225		
40		Allowance for forage	50		
40		Do. quarters	25		
					300
40	M. Scrymgour	Locker, Bourke	250		
40		Allowance for quarters	50		
					300
46	A. O. Grant, P.M.	Acting Sub-Collector, Bourke	52		
70		Police Magistrate, do.	500		
		Visiting Justice of Gaol	Nil.		
		Warden, Mines Department	Nil.		
					552
40	T. T. Faris	Locker, Deniliquin	250		
40		Allowance for quarters	50		
					300
40	M. J. D'Arcy	Locker, Wilcannia	250		
40		Allowance for quarters	50		
40		Do. forage	50		
					350
40	L. H. Walford	Sub-Collector, Hay	250		
40		Allowance for quarters	50		
					300
40	T. H. Dawson	Assistant Officer, Hay	200		
40		Allowance for quarters	50		
					250
40	John Swift	Locker, Brewarrina	250		
40		Allowance for quarters	52		
					302
COLONIAL DISTILLERIES AND REFINERIES.					
41	Robert Blake	Senior Inspector of Distilleries	450		
41		Allowance for quarters	50		
		Customs Officer, Clarence River	Nil.		
					500
41	J. W. Weekes	Inspector of Distilleries	400		
41		Allowance for quarters	50		
		Customs Officer, Clarence River	Nil.		
					450
41	D. Bell	Inspector of Distilleries	350		
41		Allowance for quarters	50		
		Customs Officer, Clarence River	Nil.		
					400
GOVERNMENT PRINTER'S DEPARTMENT.					
42	Thomas Richards	Government Printer	600		
		Inspector of Postage Stamps	Nil.		
		Registrar of Copyright	150		
42		Major, 1st Regiment, Volunteer Rifles	50		
					800
42	Gilbert Johnston	Record Clerk	200		
84		Extra work in connection with Electoral Lists and Electoral Rolls	50		
					250
					Allowance for horse hire, £25 per annum.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IV.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.			£	£	
STORES AND STATIONERY DEPARTMENT.					
43	W. O. Hopkins	Superintendent of Stores Quarters, &c., valued at	400 80		
43	P. A. Benson	Labourer and Watchman Quarters, &c., valued at	102 30	480	
				132	
ORDNANCE AND BARRACK DEPARTMENT.					
43	J. T. Blanchard	Ordnance Storekeeper and Barrack-Master Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at Allowance for forage Member of the Warlike Stores Board	350 104 64 Nil.		
	C. F. B. Thirkell	Assistant Ordnance Storekeeper Secretary, Warlike Store Board	225 Nil.	518	
43	T. Rodgers	Inspector of Magazines	200		
44		Allowance for quarters	50	225	
43	T. J. Brady	Foreman of Magazines, Spectacle Island	175		
44		Value of quarters, fuel, and light Ration allowance	62 18	255	
43	William Weldon	Acting Foreman of Magazine, Goat Island	175		
44		Value of quarters, fuel, and light Ration allowance	62 18	255	
43	D. Reilly	Overscer of Ordnance Stores	110		
44		Value of quarters, fuel, and light Ration allowance	47 18	175	
43	S. Small	Master of Steam Launch	150		
44		Ration allowance Value of fuel and light Allowance for quarters	18 10 25	203	
43	T. Crowley	Engineer and Driver of Steam Launch	150		
44		Value of quarters, fuel, and light	30	180	
43	J. Williams	Cooper	128		
44		Value of quarters, fuel, and light	30		
44		Ration allowance	18	176	
44	Various	5 Warders, each	110		
44		Value of quarters, fuel, and light Ration allowance	20 18	148	

The Foreman, Warders, and Boatmen at the Magazines on Spectacle and Goat Islands, and the Master and Engineer of the Steam Launch, receive Medical Attendance and Medicine free of charge. The Warders and Boatmen also receive clothing to work in in the Magazines. All Warders and Labourers receive 1s. each per hour when engaged after the usual hours of business, and the two Labourers engaged in the delivery of powder in town receive clothing from the Government. The Inspector of Magazines draws travelling allowance at the rate of 12s. per diem with cost of conveyance when travelling.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IV.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.					
ORDNANCE AND BARRACK DEPARTMENT— continued.					
			£	£	
44	Various ...	5 Warders, each ...	110		
44		Value of quarters, fuel, and light...	30		
44		Ration allowance ...	18		
				158	
44	Various ...	7 Labourers, each ...	110		
44		Fuel and light allowance ...	5		
				115	
44	T. Mahoney ...	Barrack Labourer ...	110		
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light...	20		
				130	
44	C. Dunn ...	Warder at Newcastle ...	110		
44		Fuel and light allowance ...	5		
44		Ration allowance ...	18		
44		Allowance for performing clerical duties ...	25		
44		Allowance for quarters ...	25		
				183	
43	M. Hickey ...	Warder at Newcastle ...	110		
44		Ration allowance ...	18		
44		Fuel and Light allowance ...	5		
44		Allowance for quarters ...	25		
				158	
HEALTH AND EMIGRATION OFFICER.					
44	H. G. Alleyne ...	Health and Emigration Officer ...	600		
22		Member of Board of Visitors to Lunatic Asylums ...	150		
44		Chairman of Immigration Board ...	.....		10s. for each meeting attended.
		Medical Adviser to the Government Examiner in Medicine, University of Sydney ...	Nil.		
		President of Board of Pharmacy ...	Nil.		
		President of Medical Board ...	Nil.		
				750	
44	Richard Harris ...	Health Officer, Newcastle ...	200		
24		Visiting Medical Officer, Hospital for the Insane, Newcastle ...	75		
				275	
QUARANTINE.					
44	John Carroll...	Overseer of Stores ...	150		
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light...	40		
				190	
44	Various ...	2 Boatmen, each ...	108		
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light ...	20		
				128	
44	John Carroll...	Ship-keeper ("Faraway") ...	75		
		Value of quarters on board ...	20		
				95	
					With 2s. 6d. per diem for each vessel detained in Quarantine.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IV.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.			£	£	
GLEBE ISLAND ABATTOIRS.					
45	Frederic Oatley ...	Inspector	300		
45		Allowance for forage	50		
					350
45	Joseph Jager ...	Assistant Inspector	150		
45		Value of quarters	50		
					200
45	Alexander Gilchrist...	Engine-driver	120		
45		Value of quarters	80		
					150
45	Various	2 Labourers, each	80		
45		Value of quarters to each	20		
					100
MARINE BOARD.					
45	Francis Hixson ...	President, Marine Board	650		
20		Captain Commanding Naval Brigade	92		
45		Quarters and gas, valued at	120		
					862
45	G. S. Lindeman ...	Secretary	400		
20		Commander, Naval Brigade	78		
					473
46	D. T. Allan	Harbour Master, Newcastle	450		
20		Commander, Naval Brigade	78		
43		Superintendent, Floating Magazine	50		
44		Quarters, valued at	58		
					631
46	W. J. Weatherill ..	Secretary, Local Marine Board, New-	250		
46		castle	50		
		Time Ball-keeper, Newcastle			300
46	A. Collins	Inspector, Marine Board, Newcastle	50		
46		Assistant Harbour Master, do.	250		
49		Quarters, valued at	45		
					345
45	A. Hinton	Clerk and Accountant, Marine Board	250		
20		Do. do. Naval Brigade	64		
					314
46	J. Lawrence	Clerk to Harbour Master	200		
120		Telegraph Operator... ..	52		
					252
46	J. Siddons	Superintendent, Macquarie Light-	180		
49		house	70		
		Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at			250
46	W. May	Superintendent, Hornby Light ...	180		
49		Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at	70		
					250
46	J. Hannell	Superintendent, Light-house, New-	250		
		castle	50		
		Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at			300
46	H. Gibson	Superintendent of Light-house, Cape	180		
49		George	30		
		Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at			210
46	J. Priest	Superintendent of Light-house, Port	180		
49		Stephens	30		
120		Quarters, &c., valued at	26		
		Electric Telegraph Operator			236
46	D. Watson	Superintendent of Light-house, Seal	180		
49		Rocks	30		
		Quarters, &c., valued at			210

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IV.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.			£	£	
MARINE BOARD—continued.					
46	G. Mulhall ...	Superintendent of Light-house, Broken Bay ...	144		
49		Fuel and light, valued at ...	10		
					154
46	H. Hoadley ...	Superintendent of Light-ship "Bramble" ...	180		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	30		
					210
46	J. Wren ...	Fort Denison Light-keeper... ..	120		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	30		
					150
46	W. Gambell ...	Superintendent of Light-house, Ulladulla... ..	144		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	30		
					174
46	J. Leddra ...	Superintendent of Light-house, Solitary Island	180		
49		Quarters, valued at ...	30		
					210
46	W. Glover ...	Light-house Keeper, Nelson's Bay... ..	96		
120		Telegraph Operator... ..	52		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	30		
					178
46	Various ...	Ten 1st Assistant Light-keepers, each	108		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	20		
					128
46	Various ...	Nine 2nd Assistant Light-keepers, each	96		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	20		
					116
47	J. H. Dagwell ...	Pilot, Newcastle	250		
20		Instructor of Naval Brigade	52		
49		Quarters, valued at... ..	41		
					343
47	G. Melville ...	Pilot, Newcastle	250		
49		Quarters, valued at ...	41		
					291
47	D. Powell ...	Pilot, Newcastle	250		
49		Quarters, valued at ...	41		
					291
47	J. Taylor ...	Pilot, Newcastle	250		
49		Quarters, valued at ...	52		
					302
47	H. Newton ...	Pilot, Newcastle	250		
49		Quarters, valued at ...	32		
					282
47	J. Bain ...	Pilot, Newcastle	250		
49		Quarters, valued at ...	30		
					280
47	Various ...	Twelve Pilots at Out-stations, each	175		
					175
48	G. J. Moffitt... ..	Signal-Master, Fort Phillip... ..	200		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	70		
					270
48	C. Hanson ...	Assistant Signal-Master	108		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	50		
					158
48	J. Graham ...	Signal-Master, South Head... ..	200		
49		Quarters, &c., valued at ...	70		
					270
120	J. Francis ...	Junior Operator, South Head	100		
120		Quarters, valued at ...	25		
					125

The Pilots and Boatmen at the out-stations, also the Boatmen at Newcastle, reside in quarters, which they have themselves erected, with material found by the Government. It is impracticable to estimate the exact value of the rent of these habitations.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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V.

Public Instruction.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Percent fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
			£	£	
		NAUTICAL SCHOOL SHIP "VERNON."			
55	F. W. Neitenstein ...	Superintendent	250		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	100		350
55	W. H. Mason ...	Mate and Clerk	150		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	50		200
55	W. Plummer... ..	Schoolmaster	150		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	50		200
55	J. Gorman	Second Mate... ..	130		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	40		170
55	W. Shaw	Carpenter	120		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	40		160
	J. Threving	Blacksmith	120		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	40		160
55	A. Robilliard ...	Boatswain	100		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	40		140
55	E. Smith	Cook and Steward	120		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	40		160
55	J. Kemp	Musician and Barber	72		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	35		107
55	Various	3 Seamen, each	72		
		Quarters and rations, valued at ...	35		107
		INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS, BILOELA.			
55	Selina G. Walker ...	Superintendent, Industrial School...	200		
55		Rations and quarters, valued at ...	100		300
55	Marian Rowland ...	House-matron	100		
55		Rations and quarters, valued at ...	50		150
55	Margaret P. Kelly ...	Teacher	100		
55		Rations and quarters, valued at ...	50		150
55	Caroline Brackenreg..	Assistant Matron	50		
		For extra services	12		
55		Rations and quarters, valued at ...	50		112
55	Mary Ann Dunn ...	Assistant Matron	50		
		For extra services	12		
55		Rations and quarters, valued at ...	50		112
55	Margaret A. Page ...	Laundress	30		
		For extra services	15		
55		Rations and quarters, valued at ...	50		95
55	William Saunders ...	Carter and Messenger	75		
55		Rations and quarters, valued at ...	50		125

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
			£	£	
No. V.—Public Instruction—continued.					
OBSERVATORY.					
56	H. C. Russell	Astronomer	600		
		Astronomical work for Trigonometrical Survey	100		
		Quarters valued at	100		
				800	
56	H. A. Lenehan	Astronomical Assistant	300		
		Allowance for quarters	50		
				350	
FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY.					
57	R. C. Walker	Principal Librarian	450		
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light...	100		
				550	

VI.

Administration of Justice.

Reference to Estimates.	Name.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.			£	£	
62	H. J. Chisholm ...	Clerk of Records	350		
18		Captain, N. S. W. Infantry ...	40		
				890	
62	J. W. Reilly ...	Messenger	120		
87		Allowance for care of Books, Law Library	30		
18		Private New South Wales Volunteer Infantry	12		
				162	
62	A. M. Martin ...	Housekeeper	75		
		Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at ...	48		
				123	
MASTER IN EQUITY.					
63	Arthur Todd Holroyd	Master in Equity	1,000		
25		Master in Lunacy	250		
		Commissioner of Court of Claims		1,250	
					Paid by fees, amount uncertain.
THE SHERIFF.					
64	Charles Cowper ...	Sheriff	700		
		Quarters valued at	80		
				780	
64		*1 Bailiff	250		
				250	And usual fees.
64		*3 Bailiffs each	200		
				200	Do.
64		*1 Bailiff	175		
				175	Do.
64		*29 Bailiffs each	150		
				150	Do.
64	J. G. Plumb ...	Court-keeper, King-street	114		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				140	
64	Bridget Callaghan ...	Court-keeper, Darlinghurst	114		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				140	
64	George & Mary Kean	Court-keeper, Albury	65		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				91	
64	Edward Goldrick ...	Court-keeper, Tamworth	52		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				78	
64	Charles Mitchell ...	Court-keeper, Maitland	52		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				78	
64	James and Mary Thompson.	Court-keeper, Bathurst	152		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				178	
64	Timothy Sullivan ...	Court-keeper, Mudgee	52		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				78	
64	Elizabeth Fleming ...	Court-keeper, Wagga Wagga	52		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				78	
64	Ellen O'Brien ...	Court-keeper, Goulburn	39		
		Quarters valued at	26		
				65	

* No estimate can be formed as to the amount received for fees by Bailiffs.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
THE SHERIFF—continued.					
64	Elizabeth Jane White	Court-keeper, Deniliquin ... Quarters valued at ...	52 26		78
64	Martha M. Clark ...	Court-keeper, Armidale ... Quarters in Lock-up valued at ...	25 26		51
64	Wm. Edward Burton	Court-keeper, Yass ... In lieu of quarters at rate of ...	52 25		77
64	J. V. Scott ...	Court-keeper, Dubbo ... In lieu of quarters at rate of ...	52 26		78
64	John Hussy ...	Court-keeper, Grafton ... In lieu of quarters at rate of ...	52 25		77
DISTRICT COURTS.					
65	J. Mackinlay ...	Head Bailiff, Sydney ... Fees of office ...	200 25		225
65	J. Mayhew ...	Bailiff, Sydney ... Fees of office ...	104 25		129
65	S. Withers ...	Bailiff, Sydney ... Fees of office ...	104 25		129
65	R. Shepherd ...	Bailiff, Sydney ... Fees of office ...	104 25		129
65	M. Lynch ...	Office-keeper, Sydney ... Quarters, fuel, &c. ...	50 30		80
65	W. S. Collins ...	Bailiff, Newcastle ... Fees of office ...	50 36		86
65	C. Atkinson ...	Bailiff, Maitland ... Fees of office ... Forage ...	100 66 25		191
65	C. Poppenhagen ...	Bailiff, Singleton ... Fees of office ...	40 6		46
65	John Bowers ...	Bailiff, Parramatta ... Fees of office ...	35 16		51
65	J. J. Winton ...	Bailiff, Campbelltown ... Fees of office ...	60 20		80
65	J. Price ...	Bailiff, Penrith ... Fees of office ...	35 10		45
65	J. Smith ...	Bailiff, Windsor ... Fees of office ...	35 14		49
65	J. Dodds ...	Bailiff, Scone ... Fees of office ...	30 5		35
65	Isaac Moses ...	Bailiff, Muswellbrook ... Fees of office ...	40 9		49
CORONER'S INQUESTS.					
68	Henry Shiell...	Coroner, Sydney ...	450		
68		Allowance in lieu of travelling expenses ...	50		
					500

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amounts
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.					
69	Albury (visiting How-long and Ten-mile Creek).	Police Magistrate	450		
68		Mining Warden ... ..	.....	
		Coroner—Estimated Fees	18		468
69		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
63		Curator's Agent	12		
66		Registrar of District Court	75		
81	Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	35			
		Allowance for Stationery	16		313
69	Armidale (visiting Bendemcer, Uralla, and Walcha).	Police Magistrate	500		
		District Commissioner of Insolvent Estates ... ..	.....	
		Commissioner of Affidavits... ..	.....	
		Visiting Justice, Armidale Gaol ... ..	.....	
		Deputy Sheriff ... ..	.....	
		Warden in charge of Northern District ... ..	.....		500
69		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary... ..	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	250		
67		Registrar of District Court... ..	75		
	Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10			
	District Registrar	21		581	
69	Araluen	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	375		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		380
69	Balranald (visiting Moulamein).	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	275		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary... ..	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	250		
67		Registrar of District Court... ..	20		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	4		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	16		
68		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	5		
		Visiting allowance to Moulamein	25		645
70	Bourke (visiting Brewarrina and Eringunna).	Police Magistrate	500		
40		Sub-Collector of Customs	52		552
70		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary... ..	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	11		
67		Registrar of District Court... ..	30		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	18		
	District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	34		318	
71	Bingera (visiting Barraba).	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	350		
68		Coroner—20s. each Inquest, for 1879	5		
67		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Travelling Expenses about... ..	55		450
71	Bulladelah (Port Stephens, visiting Stroud and Foster, Cape Hawke).	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	225		
68		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	8		
		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	7		240
71	Burrowa (visiting Binalong).	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary... ..	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	250		
66		Registrar of District Court	30		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
	District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	30		545	
70	Boat Harbour, Bellinger River.	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	225		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	1		
68		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	7		
	Coroner—20s. for each Inquest ... ..	.....		233	

Police Magistrates receive travelling expenses when absent from head-quarters (at night) visiting minor Courts in district, 25s. per diem on the road, and 20s. per diem, with forage and stabling, when at Police Stations. Police Magistrates, who are also Mining Wardens without salary, receive travelling expenses at same rate while engaged on duty. Coroners receive 20s. each inquest, and 9d. a mile (one way) travelling expenses. District Commissioners of Insolvent Estates receive 20s. in respect of each meeting. Commissioners of Affidavits receive fees—usually 2s. each affidavit.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.					
69	Bathurst (visiting Oberon and Rockley)	Police Magistrate	500		
		District Commissioner of Insolvent Estates	20		
		Visiting Justice of Gaol			
				520	
69		Clerk of Petty Sessions	225		
		Mines—Warden's Clerk	30		
		Mining Registrar—Estimated fees	3		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	42		
				300	
69		Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions...	100		
66		Registrar of District Court	75		
				175	
70	Bega	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	125		
65		Registrar of District Court	35		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	20		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	35		
				440	
70	Bendemeer	Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	2		
				102	
70	Berrima (visiting Moss Vale).	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	275		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	22		
65		Registrar of District Court	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	4		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	31		
		Visiting Justice at Gaol	75		
		Visiting Moss Vale			
				507	
70	Bombala	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	190		
65		Registrar of District Court	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	31		
				506	
71	Bundarra	Clerk of Petty Sessions	125		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
				130	
70	Braidwood	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	53		
65		Registrar of District Court	65		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	12		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	38		
		Warden's Clerk	20		
				413	
70	Branxton	Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		
		Attending Greta Police Office	10		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
				115	
70	Brewarrina	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	175		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
				185	
72	Copeland, Barrington River (visiting Gloucester).	Police Magistrate	400		
		Mining Warden			
				400	
72		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
		Warden's Clerk	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated Fees	10		
		District Registrar of Births, &c.	10		
		Mining Registrar—Estimated Fees	50		
				295	

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.— <i>continued.</i>					
72	Coonabarabran (visiting Coolah and Denison Town).	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	275		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary ...	50		
		Do. Commission ...	30		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	3		
68		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	24		
67		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest ...	4		
		Registrar, D.C.	40		
		Commissioner of Affidavits ...	1		
				427	
71	Carcoar (visiting Blayney, Canowindra, and Cowra).	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	450		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary ...	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879 ...	188		
				688	
71	Cooma (visiting Nimitybelle, Seymour, and Buckley's Crossing).	Police Magistrate ...	450		
		District Commissioner in Insolvency	8		
		Commissioner of Affidavits ...	4		
					462
71		Clerk of Petty Sessions ...	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary ...	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879 ...	250		
65		Registrar of District Court	60		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	19		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	38		
				592	
71	Campbelltown	Clerk of Petty Sessions ...	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary ...	50		
65		Registrar of District Court ...	78		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	3		
				311	
71	Casino	Clerk of Petty Sessions ...	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary ...	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879 ...	245		
67		Registrar of District Court	30		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	6		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	31		
				537	
71	Cassilis	Clerk of Petty Sessions ...	175		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	1		
96		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	20		
		Crown Lands Agent ...	180		
				376	
72	Cootamundra	Clerk of Petty Sessions ...	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary ...	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879 ...	250		
		Registrar of S.D.C. ...	10		
		District Registrar ...	25		
				510	
72	Coonamble	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions ...	275		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	12		
67		Registrar of District Court ...	40		
		District Registrar of Births, Marriages, and Deaths ...	22		
68		Coroner's fees ...	5		
63		Curator's Agent ...	5		
				359	
71	Camden (attends also at Picton)	Clerk of Petty Sessions ...	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary ...	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	6		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	29		
		Attending at Picton ...	10		
		Travelling Allowance ...	40		
				310	
72	Crookwell (attends also at Binda)	Clerk of Petty Sessions ...	175		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
				185	

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.					
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.			£	£	
72 96	Cowra	Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary Do. Commission, 1879 Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees Warden's Clerk	175 50 100 8 20	353	
72 66 68	Corowa	Police Magistrate and C.P.S. Registrar of District Court... .. Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	300 25 10 4	339	
72	Collector	Clerk of Petty Sessions Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees Allowance for Stationery	100 4 3	107	
72	Condobolin	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175	175	
72	Cobar	Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions Warden's Clerk	175 10	185	
73 66	Dubbo (visiting Cannonba, Obley, and Warren)	Police Magistrate Clerk of Petty Sessions Registrar of District Court... .. Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	450 175 30 5 40	450 250	
72 66	Deniliquin (visiting Jerilderie)	Police Magistrate District Commissioner in Insolvency Clerk of Petty Sessions Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	450 10 175 50 8	460 233	
72 96 68	Denman Duugog	Clerk of Petty Sessions Commissioner for Affidavits Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees Police Magistrate and C.P.S. Land Agent—Fixed salary Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 Coroner Warden's Clerk	50 2 5 175 50 3 15 3 15	57 261	
73 39	Eden	Police Magistrate Sub-Collector of Customs	150 300	450	
73 96 65		Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary... .. Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	175 50 30 1 12	268	
73 96 66	Forbes (visiting Condobolin, Grenfell, and Parkes)	Police Magistrate Mining Warden District Commissioner of Insolvent Estates. Commissioner of Affidavits... .. Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary Do. Commission, 1879 Registrar of District Court... .. Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	500 20 5 175 50 50 30 15 40	525 360	

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.					
73 67	Glen Innes (visiting Vegetable Creek)	Police Magistrate and C.P.S. ... Registrar of District Court ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ...	300 40 20		
				360	
73	Goulburn (visiting Collector, Gunning, and Crookwell)	Police Magistrate ... All other fees about ...	500 40		
				540	
73 96		Clerk of Petty Sessions ... Land Agent—Fixed salary ... Do. Commission, 1879 ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ... District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 ...	175 50 247 33 92		
				597	
74 68	Gulgong ...	Police Magistrate ... Mining Warden ... Coroner for District ...	500		
				500	
74		Clerk of Petty Sessions ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ... District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 ...	175 20 40		
				235	
74 96	Gunning ...	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... Land Agent—Fixed salary ... Do. Commission, 1879 ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ... District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 ...	175 50 126 8 20		
				379	
74 67	Gunnedah (visiting Boggabri and Tamba Springs.)	Police Magistrate and C.P.S. ... Registrar of District Court ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ...	300 40 5		
				345	
73 68	Gosford (visiting Cooranbong)	Police Magistrate ... Coroner ...	300		
				300	
73 96		Clerk of Petty Sessions ... Land Agent—Fixed salary ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ... District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 ...	175 50 5 20		
				250	
73	Grafton (visiting Lawrence and Maclean)	Police Magistrate ... Commissioner in Insolvency ...	450 38		
				488	
73 96		Clerk of Petty Sessions ... Land Agent—Fixed salary ... Do. Commission, 1879 ...	200 50 147		
67		Registrar of District Court ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ... District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 ...	50 35 66		
				548	
73 96	Grenfell ...	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... Land Agent—Fixed salary ... Do. Commission, 1879 ...	175 50 250		
66		Registrar of District Court ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ... District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 ... Mining Registrar ...	30 3 27 20		
				535	
74	Gundagai (visiting Cootamundra)	Police Magistrate ...	450		
				450	
74 96		Clerk of Petty Sessions ... Land Agent—Fixed salary ... Do. Commission, 1879 ...	175 50 250		
66		Registrar of District Court ... Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees ...	50 10		
68		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest ... Warden's Clerk ...	10 20		
				565	

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Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.					
74	Hay (visiting Booligal)	Police Magistrate	450		
81		Allowance for house rent	75		
68		District Coroner	25		
		Commissioner in Insolvency	10		
				560	
74	Hay	Clerk of Petty Sessions	200		
67		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	12		
		Registration Fees	28		
				280	
74	Hartley	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	325		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	40		
66		Registrar of District Court	30		
68		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
	Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	5			
				455	
74	Hill End (visiting Tambaroora and Hargraves)	Police Magistrate	450		
68		Mining Warden ... ..	.....	
		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest ... ..	.....	
				450	
74		Clerk of Petty Sessions	125		
66		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	3		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	12		
		Mining Registrar	10		
		Commissioner for Affidavits	1		
		Warden's Clerk	40		
					291
74	Hillston	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	300		
		Registrar S.D.C.—Estimated fees... ..	5		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	20		
68		Coroner	18		
				343	
74	Inverell (visiting Tingha, Ashford, and Bundarra).	Police Magistrate	400		
68		District Coroner—Estimated fees... ..	7		
		Warden (Peel and Uralla Mining District) ... ..	.....	
		Deputy Sheriff ... ..	.....	
		Visiting Justice, Inverell Gaol ... ..	.....	
				407	
74		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	158		
67		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	40		
				473	
74	Kempsey, West	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	37		
66		Registrar of District Court	30		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	4		
39		Customs' Officer	25		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	41		
		Mining Registrar	10		
		Visiting Justice—25s. per diem	30		
				402	
74	Kiama	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	250		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
65		Registrar of District Court	60		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	18		
39		Salary as Customs' Officer	52		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	35		
68	Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	3			
				468	

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.					
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.			£	£	
75	Lismore (visiting Casino, Ballina, and Woodburn).	Police Magistrate District Commissioner, Insolvent Estates	450		
75		Clerk of Petty Sessions Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees Assistant Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages Warden's Clerk, &c. Registrar of District Court	175 20 30 10 30		450
67					265
75	Menindie	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	350		350
75 96 65	Milton	Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	175 50 60 4 12		301
75 68	Moruya (visiting Nelligen, Nerrigundah, and Bateman's Bay).	Police Magistrate Coroner—20s. each Inquest Inspecting Reserves	450 10 3		463
75 96 65		Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary... .. Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 Warden's Clerk and Mining Registrar	175 50 30 3 24 20		302
75 96	Moama	Police Magistrate and C.P.S. Land Agent—Fixed salary Do. Commission Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 Coroner—20s. for each Inquest Registrar of District Court... ..	275 50 110 3 16 2 40		496
68 66					496
75	Maitland	Police Magistrate (East and West Maitland, Morpeth, and Paterson) Forage allowance	500 50		550
75 96 65		Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary... .. Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 Forage allowance visiting minor Courts	225 50 75 20 70 50		490
75 68	Merriwa (visiting Cassilis and Denman.)	Police Magistrate District Coroner	350 8		358
76 96 66	Molong	Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary Do. Commission, 1879 Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	175 50 250 40 11 40		566
76 96	Murrurundi	Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary... .. Do. Commission, 1879	175 50 200		
67		Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C. District-Registrar, 1879	30 5 35		495

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Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.					
76	Mudgee (visiting Wollar).	Police Magistrate	450		
		Travelling Expenses	10		
68		District Coroner	14		
		District Commissioner of Insolvent Estates	10		
		Commissioner for Affidavits, about	25		509
76		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	56		
66		Registrar of District Court	60		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	12		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	54		
		Mining Registrar	20		427
76	Murrumburrah ...	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	15		
		District Registrar	18		208
76	Muswellbrook ...	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	22		
65		Registrar of District Court	30		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	6		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	27		310
76	Mossvale	Clerk of Petty Sessions	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	17		
		Commissioner for Affidavits	8		75
76	Newcastle	Clerk of Petty Sessions	250		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	18		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	56		374
76		Assistant C.P.S.	150		
65		Registrar of District Court	75		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	2		227
76	Narandera	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	250		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
		Assistant Registrar of Births, &c.	15		500
76	Narrabri (visiting Wee Waa).	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	370		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	149		
67		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	8		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	33		
68		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest ...	5		655
77	Nundle	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		175
77	Newtown	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	55		230
77	Orange (visiting Molong and Too-gong).	Police Magistrate	450		
		Visiting Justice of Gaol		
		Deputy Sheriff		450

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

33

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.— <i>continued.</i>					
77	Orange	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	32		
66		Registrar of District Court	30		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	24		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	66		
		Warden's Clerk	20		
				397	
77	Parramatta	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	30		
65		Registrar of District Court	78		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	40		
		District Registrar	90		
				413	
77	Parkes	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
		Warden's Clerk, &c.	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	20		
96		Crown Lands Agent—Salary	50		
	Do. Commission, estimated	50			
				345	
77	Penrith	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Commission	120		
65		Registrar of District Court	78		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	6		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	36		
				415	
77	Port Macquarie	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
66		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	17		
				287	
77	Paterson	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
				230	
78	Queanbeyan (visiting Braidwood, Bundagore, Gundaroo, and Michalago).	Police Magistrate	450		
		District Registrar of Births, Marriages, and Deaths	40		
		District Commissioner of Insolvent Estates	3		
		Commissioner of Affidavits	2		
					495
78		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	100		
65		Registrar of District Court	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
		Salary as Warden's Clerk	10		
				395	
78	Raymond Terrace	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	275		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
				330	
78	Ryde	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	30		
				215	
78	Rylstone	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	18		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	1		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	23		
68		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	4		
				271	

Police Magistrates receive travelling expenses when absent from head-quarters (at night) visiting minor Courts in district, 25s. per diem on the road, and 20s. per diem, with forage and stabling, when at Police Stations. Police Magistrates, who are also Mining Wardens without salary, receive travelling expenses at same rate while engaged on duty. Coroners receive 20s. each inquest, and 9d. a mile (one way) travelling expenses. District Commissioners of Insolvent Estates receive 20s. in respect of each meeting. Commissioners of Affidavits receive fees—usually 2s. each affidavit.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
		No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.	£	£	
		PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.			
78 68	Singleton (visiting Jerry's Plains, Broke, Branxton, and Greta).	Police Magistrate Coroner	450 10	460	
78 96		Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent	175 50		
65		Commission Registrar of District Court... .. Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	75 50 4	354	
78 68	Sofala	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees Coroner's fees	350 5 1	356	
77 96 65	Shoalhaven (Nowra)	Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	175 50 60 7		
39		Customs Officer District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879 Mining Registrar Commissioner, Affidavits and Insolvency	52 41 20 12	417	
78 96	Stroud	Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary Do. Commission, 1879 Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	175 50 26 3 29	283	
78	Scone (visiting Muskebrook and Murrundi).	Police Magistrate Warden Postage and Stationery allowance as Warden	450 4	454	
78 96		Clerk of Petty Sessions Land Agent—Fixed salary Do. Commission, 1879	175 50 82		
65		Registrar of District Court Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees Warden's Clerk District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	30 3 10 30	380	
69	Sydney	Assistant Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions, Central Police Office Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees Commissioner of Affidavits...	500 120 5	625	
69		Police Magistrate, Water Police Office Superintendent of Water Police Member of Immigration Board Member of the Police Reward Fund Board	600	600	
69		Clerk of Petty Sessions, Water Police Court Registrar, S.D.C.—Estimated fees	500 80	580	
79 68	Tamworth (visiting Nundle, Wallabadah, and Manilla).	Police Magistrate Warden, Peel River and Uralla District Coroner District Commissioner of Insolvent Estates Commissioner of Affidavits, &c.	450 17 40 10	517	

Police Magistrates receive travelling expenses when absent from head-quarters (at night) visiting minor Courts in district, 25s. per diem on the road, and 20s. per diem, with forage and stabling, when at Police Stations. Police Magistrates, who are also Mining Wardens without salary, receive travelling expenses at same rate while engaged on duty. Coroners receive 20s. each inquest, and 9d. a mile (one way) travelling expenses. District Commissioners of Insolvent Estates receive 20s. in respect of each meeting. Commissioners of Affidavits receive fees—usually 2s. each affidavit.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.					
79	Tamworth	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	231		
67		Registrar of District Court	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	15		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	62		
				583	
79	Tenterfield (visiting Wilson's Downfall).	Police Magistrate	450		
68		Mining Warden ... ..	.....	
		Coroner ... ..	.....	
		District Commissioner of Insolvent Estates ... ..	.....	
				450	
79		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	52		
		Do. Commission, 1879	40		
67		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	30		
		Mining Registrar	20		
				362	
79	Trunkey (visiting Tuena).	Police Magistrate	275		
68		Warden, at Rockley, Oberon, Bathurst, Trunkey, and Tuena... ..	75		
		District Coroner	6		
				356	
79	Tweed River	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	225		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	4		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	5		
				284	
79	Tumberumba	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	16		
				191	
79	Tumut	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	450		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	75		
66		Registrar of District Court	30		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	12		
68		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	5		
				622	
79	Uralla	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
		Warden's Clerk	25		
				200	
79	Urana	Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	300		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
		Mining Registrar ... ..	.....	
		Registrar Births	8		
				413	
80	Vegetable Creek	Clerk of Petty Sessions	100		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
67		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Warden's Clerk	50		
				200	
80	Walgett	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	350		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	250		
67		Registrar of District Court	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	3		
68		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	3		
				696	

Police Magistrates receive travelling expenses when absent from head-quarters (at night) visiting minor Courts in district, 25s. per diem on the road, and 20s. per diem, with forage and stabling, when at Police Stations. Police Magistrates, who are also Mining Wardens without salary, receive travelling expenses at same rate while engaged on duty. Coroners receive 20s. each inquest, and 9d. a mile (one way) travelling expenses. District Commissioners of Insolvent Estates receive 20s. in respect of each meeting. Commissioners of Affidavits receive fees—usually 2s. each affidavit.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	District.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.	
			Amount.	Total.		
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£		
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.— <i>continued.</i>						
80	Warialda (visiting Moree and Yetman)	Police Magistrate	400			
		District Coroner ... ..	.....		
		Deputy Sheriff ... ..	.....		
		Value of quarters	30			
				430		
80	Wagga Wagga (visiting Urana and Narrandera).	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175			
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50			
		Do. Commission, 1879	250			
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	3			
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	38			
67		Registrar of District Court... ..	40			
					556	
80			Police Magistrate	450		
					450	
80			Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
66		Registrar of District Court	50			
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	24			
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	58			
				307		
80	Walcha	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175			
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50			
		Do. Commission	210			
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	4			
		District Registrar—Estimated fees	23			
		Mining Registrar	12			
				474		
80	Waratah	Police Magistrate	450			
		(Visiting Lambton and Wallsend)	50			
					500	
80		Clerk of Petty Sessions	150			
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10			
		Allowed 5s. for each attendance at Lambton and Wallsend... ..	.....		
				160		
80	Wingham	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175			
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50			
		Do. Commission, 1879	39			
66		Registrar of District Court... ..	30			
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	9			
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	41			
		Allowance for visiting Cundletown, Taree, and Tinonee	45			
				389		
80	Wilcannia	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	350			
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50			
		Do. Commission, 1879	11			
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5			
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	24			
68		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest ... ..	.....		
67		Registrar of District Court... ..	40			
				480		
80	Wentworth	Police Magistrate and C.P.S.	400			
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50			
		Do. Commission, 1879	250			
67		Registrar of District Court	30			
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	2			
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	18			
68		Coroner—20s. for each Inquest	8			
				758		
80	Windsor (visiting Richmond).	Clerk of Petty Sessions	175			
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50			
65		Registrar of District Court... ..	78			
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	15			
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	39			
		Allowance for visiting Richmond	50			
				407		

Police Magistrates receive travelling expenses when absent from head-quarters (at night) visiting minor Courts in district, 25s. per diem on the road, and 20s. per diem, with forage and stabling, when at Police Stations. Police Magistrates, who are also Mining Wardens without salary, receive travelling expenses at same rate while engaged on duty. Coroners receive 20s. each inquest, and 9d. a mile (one way) travelling expenses. District Commissioners of Insolvent Estates receive 20s. in respect of each meeting. Commissioners of Affidavits receive fees—usually 2s. each affidavit.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£	
PETTY SESSIONS, &c., &c.—continued.					
81	Wollombi	Police Magistrate and C.P.S. ...	300		Police Magistrates receive travelling expenses when absent from head-quarters (at night) visiting minor Courts in district, 26s. per diem on the road, and 20s. per diem, with forage and stabling, when at Police Stations. Police Magistrates, who are also Mining Wardens without salary, receive travelling expenses at same rate while engaged on duty. Coroners receive 20s. each inquest, and 9d. a mile (one way) travelling expenses. District Commissioners of Insolvent Estates receive 20s. in respect of each meeting. Commissioners of Affidavits receive fees—usually 2s. each affidavit.
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	5		
				355	
80	Wellington	Police Magistrate	450		
	(visiting Stony Creek)			450	
80		Clerk of Petty Sessions	175		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	93		
66		Registrar of District Court... ..	40		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	42		
				410	
81	Wollongong	Police Magistrate and C.P.S. ...	225		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	30		
65		Registrar of District Court... ..	60		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	18		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	46		
		Commissioner of Affidavits and Insolvency	9		
				388	
81	Yass	Police Magistrate and C.P.S. ...	300		
96		Land Agent—Fixed salary	50		
		Do. Commission, 1879	89		
65		Registrar of District Court... ..	60		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	7		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	37		
		Travelling allowance to Binalong ...	32		
				575	
81	Young	Police Magistrate	500		
	(visiting Burrowa,	Warden			
68	Murrumburrah and Cowra).	District Coroner	20		
		District Commissioner for Insolvent Estates	16		
				536	
81		Clerk of Petty Sessions	200		
66		Registrar of District Court... ..	50		
		Registrar of S.D.C.—Estimated fees	10		
		District Registrar—Fees paid in 1879	45		
		Warden's Clerk	25		
				380	
PRISONS.					
<i>Sydney Gaol.</i>					
82	J. C. Read	Principal Gaoler	450		Officers receive travelling allowances at rate of 12s., or 7s. 6d. per diem, according to rank, when absent on duty.
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	200		
				650	
82	Frances Challis ...	Matron	125		
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	50		
				175	
82	T. Stapleton	Dispenser	150		
		Lodging allowance	52		
				202	
82	M. Burke	Chief Warder	225		
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	55		
				280	
<i>Parramatta Gaol.</i>					
82	J. G. Hussey... ..	Gaoler	275		
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	100		
				375	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual Amount.	
			Amount.	Total.		
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.			£	£		
PRISONS—continued.						
<i>Parramatta Gaol—continued.</i>						
82	G. Cunningham ...	Dispenser	100		Officers receive travelling allowances at rate of 12s. or 7s. 6d. per diem, according to rank, when absent on duty.	
80		Dispenser to Asylum for Infirm and Destitute... ..	50			
		Allowance for forage	26			
				176		
82	A. Watt	Chief Warder	175			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	85			
				260		
<i>Bathurst Gaol.</i>						
83	A. Forbes	Gaoler	175			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light	75			
				250		
83	Alice Forbes... ..	Matron ... ..	.....	42	
<i>Goulburn Gaol.</i>						
83	M. Walker	Gaoler	175.			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	75			
				250		
83	J. Walker	Matron ... ..	.....	42	
<i>Maitland Gaol.</i>						
83	G. H. Stace	Gaoler	200			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	85			
				285		
83	H. K. Stace	Matron ... ..	.....	60	
<i>Berrima Gaol.</i>						
83	W. Small	Gaoler	250			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	85			
				335		
83	S. Small	Matron ... ..	.....	42	
<i>Albury Gaol.</i>						
84	T. Allen	Gaoler	160			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	50			
				210		
84	M. Allen	Matron ... ..	.....	20	
<i>Mudgee Gaol.</i>						
84	J. Dick	Gaoler	175			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	50			
				225		
84	M. Dick	Matron ... ..	.....	42	
<i>Armidale Gaol.</i>						
84	S. Caldwell	Gaoler	160			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	50			
				210		
84	M. Caldwell	Matron ... ..	.....	42	
<i>Wagga Wagga Gaol.</i>						
84	T. Rankin	Gaoler	160			
		Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	50			
				210		
84	M. Rankin	Matron ... ..	.....	20	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

39

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.	
			Amount.	Total.		
No. VI.—Administration of Justice—continued.						
PRISONS—continued.			£	£		
84	J. Fitzgerald...	<i>Yass Gaol.</i> Gaoler Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	160 50			
84	E. Fitzgerald	Matron ... ..	.....	210 30	Officers receive travelling allowances at the rate of 12s. or 7s. 6d. per diem, according to rank, when absent on duty.
84	J. Paton, V.C.	<i>Deniliquin Gaol.</i> Gaoler Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	160 50			
84	A. M. Paton...	Matron ... ..	.....	210 20	
85	J. Gates	<i>Young Gaol.</i> Gaoler Value of quarters, fuel, and light, and Servants	175 50			
85	Mary Gates	Matron ... ..	.....	225 42	
84	J. Frewin	<i>Grafton Gaol.</i> Gaoler Value of quarters, fuel, light, and Servants	175 50			
84	M. Frewin	Matron ... ..	.....	225 20	
87	A. King	<i>Shaftesbury Reformatory for Girls.</i> Matron-Superintendent Quarters, fuel, and light	129 25			
87	M. Barton	Sub-matron ... ..	.....	154 50	
No. VII.—Attorney General.						
SECRETARY TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.						
90	W. W. Stephen	Secretary Patent Fees, November and December, 1880... ..	500 7			
CROWN SOLICITOR.						
91	John Williams	Crown Solicitor Patent Fees, 1880	1,000 450		Allowed 30s. per diem when travelling on duty.	
PARLIAMENTARY DRAFTSMAN.				1,450		
90	Alex. Oliver	Parliamentary Draftsman Fees as Registrar of Friendly Societies	1,000 125			
CLERK OF THE PEACE.						
91	A. C. Fraser...	Clerk of the Peace ... ..	.....	650	Allowed 30s. per diem when travelling on duty.

VII.

Secretary for Lands.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
DEPARTMENT OF LANDS.			£	£	
94	Charles Oliver ...	Under Secretary ... Member of Board for opening and reporting on Tenders for Runs...	800 Nil.	800	
94	John G. Blaxland ..	Auction Branch ... Metropolitan Land Agent ...	350 Nil.	350	
95	William Lavender ...	Principal Messenger ... Quarters, fuel, and light, valued at	150 52	202	
SURVEY OF LANDS.					
96	P. F. Adams... ..	Surveyor General ... President of the Board for Examination of Candidates for Licenses to Survey ... Member of the Board for opening Tenders for Runs ... Member of Sewage and Health Board ... Forage allowance ...	1,000 20 Nil. 100	1,120	Allowed 30s. per diem when travelling on duty, and £2 per diem when travelling with extra equipment. Remunerated by fees.
96	R. D. Fitzgerald ...	Deputy Surveyor General ... Chief Mining Surveyor ... Officer for supervision of professional matters, Church and School Estate ... Member of the Board of Examiners of Candidates for Licenses to Survey ... Member of the Board for Examination of Cadets ...	900 Nil. 100 20 12	1,032.	Remunerated by fees at the rate of 10s. per Candidate.
96	E. Fisher	District Surveyor ... Extra forage allowance ...	730 50	780	
96	J. H. Wood	District Surveyor ... Extra forage allowance ...	730 25	755	
96	A. C. Betts	District Surveyor ... Extra forage allowance ... Member of the Board of Examiners of Candidates for Licenses to Survey ...	730 50 10	790	
96	P. R. Donaldson ...	District Surveyor ... Extra forage allowance ...	730 25	755	
96	F. G. Finley	First-class Surveyor... Extra forage allowance ...	630 50	680	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VII.—Secretary for Lands—continued.			£	£	
SURVEY OF LANDS—continued.					
96	A. J. Stopps ...	First-class Draftsman ... Member of the Board for examination of Cadets ...	400 12	412	Remunerated by fees at the rate of 10s. per Candidate. Draftsmen appointed to examine Candidates for temporary Draftsmanship receive a fee of two guineas for each Candidate examined. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do. Do. do.
96	W. D. Armstrong ...	First-class Draftsman ...	400	400	
96	W. Freeman ...	Do. ...	400	400	
96	F. W. Watt ...	Do. ...	350	350	
96	D. H. Chisholm ...	Do. ...	350	350	
96	T. F. Callachor ...	Do. ...	350	350	
96	H. Wickham ...	Do. ...	350	350	
96	W. Houston ...	Do. ...	350	350	
96	S. L. Peyton ...	Do. ...	350	350	
96	G. R. Parker ...	Second-class Draftsman ...	300	300	
96	J. D. Reece ...	Do. ...	250	250	
97	J. Eccles ...	Lithographic Printer ... Allowance for use of patent litho. process ...	285 50	335	
97	J. F. Landers ...	Chief Clerk and Accountant ... Allowance for extra duties performed in certifying to accounts and signing cheques ...	450 50	500	
97	T. Kelly ...	Messenger ... Value of quarters, &c. ...	125 40	165	
97	J. Killian ...	Messenger ... Value of quarters ...	125 40	165	
97	J. Meads ...	Messenger ... Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	110 15	125	
97	E. Goodson ...	Messenger ... Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	110 15	125	
TRIANGULATION AND GENERAL SURVEY OF THE COLONY.					
98	W. J. Conder	First-class Surveyor ... Member of the Board of Examiners of Candidates for Licenses to Survey ...	500 10	510	
99	J. M. Spry ...	Draftsman ... Member of the Board of Examiners of Candidates for Licenses to Survey ...	300 10	310	

VIII.

Secretary for Public Works.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
			£	£	
		DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.			
102 17	C. B. Airey ...	Clerk ... 2nd Lieutenant, Volunteer Artillery	300 25	325	
102	Thomas Collins ...	Head Messenger ... Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	150 50	200	
		HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.			
		<i>Engineer's Department.</i>			
102 102	E. O. Moriarty ...	Engineer-in-Chief ... Forage allowance ... Additional allowance as Engineer of Water Supply ...	1,100 100 300	1,500	Travelling expenses at the rate of 30s. per diem.
102 102	John Skinner ...	Assistant Engineer ... House allowance ...	600 50	650	Do. do.
102	D. F. Campbell ...	Cadet ...		75	With camp allowance of 6s. per diem.
102	P. Makinson ...	Do. ...		52	Do. do.
102	T. E. Burrows ...	Do. ...		52	When in camp 6s. per diem; when at hotel
102	Messenger ...	Salary ... House allowance ...	100 25	125	7s. 6d. per diem.
		<i>Fitzroy Dock.</i>			
102	S. Hayes ...	Shipwright Foreman ... Quarters, &c., valued at ...	275 50	325	
102	John Doran ...	Engineer Mechanic ... Quarters, &c., valued at ...	200 30	230	
102	M. Haggerty ...	Fireman ... Quarters, &c., valued at ...	108 30	138	
102	H. Spinks ...	Watchman ... Quarters, &c., valued at ...	110 30	140	
		<i>Public Works.</i>			
102 102	M. H. Moriarty ...	Assistant Engineer ... Allowance for House ...	550 50	600	Travelling expenses at rate of 20s. per diem.
102	C. W. Darley ...	Assistant Engineer ... Forage allowance ...	550 73	623	Do. do.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VIII.—Secretary for Public Works—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF THE COLONIAL ARCHITECT.					
105	James Barnet	Colonial Architect	1,000		
105		Forage for horse	74		
				1,074	
105	William Coles	First Clerk of Works	600		
105		Forage for horse	74		
				674	
105	George B. Stack	Clerk	300		
18		Second Lieutenant, Volunteer Infantry	25		
				325	
105	Mrs. A. Hobbs	Office-keeper	60		
		Allowance for assistance in cleaning offices	31		
		Quarters	40		
		Fuel and light	10		
				141	
ROADS AND BRIDGES.					
107	William C. Bennett	Commissioner and Engineer-in-Chief for Roads	1,000		Allowed 15s. per diem with cost of conveyance. 30s. per diem without cost of conveyance when travelling.
		Equipment allowance	100		
		Member of Tender Board	Nil.		
		Member of Board reporting on Botany Water Supply	Nil.		
		Engineer-in-Chief of Sydney Drainage	Nil.		
		Engineer reporting on Country Drainage	Nil.		
				1,100	
107	Frederick Wells	Assistant Engineer for Roads in Field	500		Allowed 30s. per diem without cost of conveyance when travelling.
		Travelling allowance	150		
17		Major, Volunteer Artillery, say	33		
				683	
107	E. J. Statham	Assistant Engineer for Roads	500		Allowed 20s. per diem when engaged out of own district.
		Travelling allowance	150		
		House valued at	50		
				700	
107	A. P. Wood	Assistant Engineer for Roads	500		Do. do.
		Travelling allowance	150		
				650	
107	E. A. Nardin	Assistant Engineer for Roads	500		Do. do.
		Travelling allowance	150		
				650	
107	P. Dooner	Assistant Engineer for Roads	500		Do. do.
		Travelling allowance	150		
				650	
107	Jas. B. Meldrum	Road Superintendent	400		Do. do.
		Travelling allowance	150		
				550	
107	P. Scarr	Road Superintendent	400		Do. do.
		Travelling allowance	150		
				550	
107	E. T. Whiteside	Road Superintendent	400		Do. do.
		Travelling allowance	150		
				550	
107	J. Gordon	Road Superintendent	400		Do. do.
		Travelling allowance	150		
				550	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VIII.—Secretary for Public Works—continued.			£	£	
ROADS AND BRIDGES—continued.					
107	Jas. J. Duffy	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	400 150	550	Allowed 20s. per diem when engaged out of District.
107	S. A. Donnelly	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	375 150	525	Do. do.
107	George Philben	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	375 150	525	Do. do.
107	Peter Doyle	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	375 150	525	Do. do.
107	P. Murray	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	375 150	525	Do. do.
107	W. F. Bundock	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	375 150	525	Do. do.
107	R. Donaldson	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	375 150	525	Do. do.
107	G. M. L. Matheson	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	375 150	525	Do. do.
107	A. Weber	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	340 150	490	Do. do.
107	George Earngey	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	340 150	490	Do. do.
107	M. E. Wikner	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	300 125	425	Do. do.
107	W. Pagan	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	300 125	425	Do. do.
107	A. W. Stilwell	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	300 125	425	Allowed 20s. per diem when engaged out of district & 6d. per mile extra when employed beyond Narrabri.
107	H. Cambridge	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	300 125	425	Allowed 20s. per diem when engaged out of district & 6d. per mile travelled on duty.
107	J. E. Williamson	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	300 125	425	Allowed 20s. per diem when engaged out of District.
107	H. Miller	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	250 125	375	Do. do.
107	E. M. Allman	Road Superintendent Travelling allowance	250 125	375	Do. do.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VIII.—Secretary for Public Works—continued.			£	£	
ROADS AND BRIDGES—continued.					
107	A. J. C. Single ...	Road Superintendent ... Travelling allowance ...	250 125	375	Allowed 20s. per diem when engaged out of District.
107	Carl Weber ...	Road Superintendent ... Travelling allowance ...	200 125	325	Do. do.
107	E. D. Dyson ...	Road Superintendent ... Travelling allowance ...	200 125	325	Do. do.
107	A. Blackett ...	Road Superintendent ... Travelling allowance ...	200 125	325	Do. do.
107	J. Coleman ...	Road Superintendent ... Travelling allowance ...	200 125	325	Do. do.
107	F. M. Baker ...	Cadet in Field ... Travelling allowance ...	156 80	236	Allowed 12s. per diem when engaged out of District.
107	J. J. Burns ...	Cadet in Field ... Travelling allowance ...	156 80	236	Do. do.
107	J. H. Crummer ...	Cadet in Field ... Travelling allowance ...	156 80	236	Do. do.
107	F. Arnheim ...	Cadet in Field ... Travelling allowance ...	156 80	236	Do. do.
107	George Hurley ...	Cadet in Field ... Travelling allowance ...	156 80	236	

VIII.

Railways.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS.			£	£	
113	John Whitton	Engineer-in-Chief Forage allowance	1,800 146	1,946	Allowed 40s. per diem when travelling.
114	D. Kirkcaldie	Chief Clerk, Traffic Manager's Office House allowance	225 75		
114	G. T. Evans	Goods Superintendent House allowance	350 50	300	
114	J. B. Goold	Coaching Superintendent House allowance	350 50	400	
114	A. Crawford	Inspector, Southern Line	300	400	
114	E. Higgs	Inspector, Western Line House allowance	300 50	300	Allowed 8s. 6d. per day when travelling. House.
114	H. Richardson	Inspector, Sydney House allowance	300 50	350	Allowed 8s. 6d. per day when travelling.
114	M. A. Hornidge	Inspector, Western Line House allowance	300 50	350	
114	J. Collins	Station-master, Sydney House	275 100	375	
114	F. Johnston	Station-master House allowance	200 50	250	
114	McVey Falconer	Station-master, Newtown ... ..	.....	225	House.
114	G. R. Henson	Do. Petersham ... ..	.....	200	Do.
114	J. G. Bissett, junr.	Do. Ashfield ... ..	.....	200	Do.
114	W. J. Titterton	Station-master, Burwood ... ..	.....	200	Do.
114	W. Simpson	Do. Homebush ... ..	.....	200	Do.
114	Joseph Drew	Do. Rookwood	150		
116		Postmaster, do.	31		
		Commission on Stamps, Money Orders, &c.	2		
				183	Do.
114	Jas. Higgs	Station-master, Parramatta Junction ... ..	.....	250	Do.
114	E. Fielding	Do. Fairfield ... ..	.....	140	Do.
114	J. Stafford	Do. Liverpool ... ..	.....	200	Do.
114	P. Dwyer	Do. Campbelltown ... ..	.....	200	Do.
114	J. Beeston	Do. Menangle ... ..	.....	150	Do.
114	W. Badcock	Station-master, Picton ... ..	.....	175	Do.
114	T. Ward	Do. Mittagong	175		Do.
116		Postmaster, do.	16		
		Commission on Stamps	24		
				215	

NOTE.—The estimated value of each house occupied by Station-masters is £50 per annum.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VIII.—Secretary for Public Works—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS—continued.					
114	C. Bennett ...	Station-master, Bowral ...	150		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	47		
		Commission on Stamps ...	11		
				208	House.
114	F. Richardson ...	Station-master, Moss Vale ...	.....	175	Do.
114	A. Moodie ...	Do. Marulan ...	175		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	45		
		Commission on Stamps, Money Orders, &c. ...	12		
				232	Do.
114	J. Watsford ...	Station-master, Goulburn ...	.....	200	Do.
114	T. Brain ...	Do. Gunning ...	150		
		Telegraph Operator... ..	25		
				175	Do.
114	C. Burge ...	Station-master, Yass ...	.....	150	Do.
116	C. Little ...	Do. Bowning ...	150		
		Postmaster	48		
		Commission on Stamps ...	9		
				207	Do.
114	J. McRoberts ...	Station-master, Binalong ...	150		
116		Postmaster	25		
		Commission on Stamps ...	18		
				188	Do.
114	J. Tweedy ...	Station-master, Murrumburrah ...	.....	175	Do.
114	F. J. Rae ...	Do. Cootamundra ...	.....	150	Do.
114	W. Gibbs ...	Do. Bethungra... ..	150		
116		Postmaster	30		
		Commission on Stamps ...	10		
				190	Do.
114	C. Horn ...	Station-master, Junee ...	.....	140	Do.
114	G. Roberts ...	Do. Wagga	250		
		Inspector	25		
				275	Do.
114	J. J. Pettingale ...	Station-master, Hanging Rock ...	.....	144	
114	H. Ludford ...	Do. Culcarin	140		
		House allowance	50		
				190	
114	W. M'Kee ...	Station-master, Gerogery ...	.....	135	
114	J. R. Thomson ...	Station-master, Parramatta ...	225		
		House allowance	50		
				275	
114	J. Williams ...	Station-master, Seven Hills ...	140		
		Postmaster, do.	20		
		Commission on Stamps ...	1		
				161	Do.
114	T. M'Coy ...	Station-master, Blacktown ...	200		
116		Inspector, Richmond Line ...	25		
		Postmaster, do.	50		
		Commission on Stamps ...	2		
				277	Do.
114	James Rowe... ..	Station-master, Rooty Hill ...	.....	140	Do.
114	S. Crook ...	Do. South Creek ... ..	.....	175	Do.
114	J. S. Bell ...	Do. Penrith ... ..	.....	200	Do.
114	J. Walker ...	Do. Emu	140		
116		Postmaster, do.	24		
		Commission on Stamps ...	2		
				166	Do.
114	J. Muir ...	Station-master, Blue Mountain ...	.....	150	Do.
114	S. Pass ...	Do. Mount Victoria ... ..	.....	200	Do.
114	R. Crawford ...	Do. Lithgow	200		
		House allowance	50		
				250	
114	W. Lenehan ...	Station-master, Bowenfells... ..	150		
116		Postmaster, do.	54		
		Commission on Stamps, &c....	3		
				207	Do.

NOTE—The estimated value of each house is £50 per annum.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VIII.—Secretary for Public Works—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS—continued.					
114	G. Farquhar ...	Station-master, Wallerawang ...		225	House.
114	J. McNab ...	Do. Rydal ...	175		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	57		
		Commission on Stamps, Money Orders, &c. ...	9		
				241	Do.
114	G. Woodall ...	Station-master, Tarana ...	150		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	36		
		Commission on Stamps, Money Orders, &c. ...	4		
				190	Do.
114	J. G. Bissett, junr. ...	Station-master, Brewongle ...	150		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	38		
		Commission on Stamps ...	5		
				193	Do.
	H. Campion ...	Station-master, Raglan ...		140	
114	J. Muir ...	Do. Kelso ...		150	Do.
114	G. Bonamy ...	Do. Bathurst ...	225		
		House allowance ...	50		
				275	
114	H. Addison ...	Station-master, Riverstone ...	140		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	20		
		Commission on Stamps, &c. ...	1		
				161	Do.
114	Thomas Cavanough ...	Station-master, Mulgrave ...	140		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	10		
		Commission on Stamps, &c. ...	1		
				151	Do.
114	D. Scotland ...	Station-master, Windsor ...		225	Do.
114	W. Lackey ...	Do. Richmond ...		175	Do.
114	C. Paull ...	Do. Darling Harbour ...		250	
114	G. Parsons ...	Do. George's Plains ...	140		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	10		
		Commission on Stamps ...	3		
				153	Do.
114	H. Giddy ...	Station-master, Newbridge ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	35		
		Commission on Stamps, &c. ...	5		
				190	
114	H. Morris ...	Station-master, Blayney ...		175	Do.
114	J. G. Cavanough ...	Do. Spring Grove ...	140		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	31		
		Commission on Stamps ...	3		
				174	Do.
114	W. Sydenham ...	Station-master, Spring Hill ...	150		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	20		
		Commission on Stamps, &c. ...	2		
				172	Do.
114	E. Woodgate ...	Station-master, Orange ...	250		
		House allowance ...	30		
				280	
114	T. J. Foley ...	Station-master, Wellington ...		175	
114	John Higgs ...	Traffic Manager, Newcastle ...	500		
		House allowance ...	50		
				550	Allowed 10s. per day or 15s. per night when travelling.
114	E. Herald ...	Traffic Inspector ...	300		
		House allowance ...	50		
				350	Allowed 8s. 6d. per day when travelling.
114	H. T. Sheppey ...	Wharfinger ...	300		
		House allowance ...	50		
				350	
114	F. W. Cox ...	Station-master, Newcastle ...	250		
		House allowance ...	50		
				300	

NOTE.—The estimated value of each house is £50 per annum.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. VIII.—Secretary for Public Works—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS—continued.					
114	W. Morse ...	Station-master, Honeysuckle ...	.....	175	
114	H. W. L. Holt ...	Do. Waratah ...	.....	175	House.
114	A. Carpenter... ..	Do. Hexham ...	.....	150	Do.
114	J. Wallace ...	Do. East Maitland ...	.....	175	Do.
114	D. Garvan ...	Do. High-street ...	.....	175	Do.
114	G. Ferris ...	Do. West Maitland ...	250		
		House allowance ...	42		
				292	
114	T. Crowthers... ..	Station-master, Wollombi ...	.....	140	Do.
114	J. Humphries ...	Do. Lochinvar ...	.....	150	Do.
114	S. C. Drewe ...	Station-master, Greta ...	150		
116		Postmaster, do. ...	25		
		Commission on Stamps, Money Orders, &c. ...	13		
				188	House.
114	G. Wise ...	Station-master, Branxton ...	.....	150	Do.
114	G. Dowling ...	Do. Singleton ...	200		
		House allowance ...	50		
				250	
114	J. Edwards ...	Station-master, Ravensworth ...	140		
		House allowance ...	25		
116		Postmaster ...	20		
		Commission on Stamps ...	3		
				188	
114	W. B. Smith... ..	Station-master, Musclebrook ...	175		
		House allowance ...	40		
				215	
114	J. McLean ...	Station-master, Aberdeen ...	.....	140	Do.
114	J. Burns ...	Do. Seone ...	.....	175	Do.
114	J. Moxham ...	Do. Murrurundi ...	175		
		House allowance ...	35		
				210	
114	J. Terry ...	Station-master, Willow-tree ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	20		
		Commission on Stamps ...	5		
				175	Do.
114	G. Beal ...	Do. Quirindi ...	.....	150	Do.
114	G. Mattingly ...	Do. Morpeth ...	.....	250	Do.
114	J. H. Walker ...	Do. Wallsend ...	150		
		House allowance ...	25		
				175	
114	W. Verdon ...	Station-master, Werris Creek ...	.....	175	Do.
114	B. Haslam ...	Do. Breeza ...	.....	140	Do.
114	J. Robertson... ..	Do. Tamworth ...	.....	250	Do.
114	F. Robinson... ..	Do. Gunnedah ...	.....	250	Do.
113	James Byrnes ...	Land Valuer... ..	.....	600	Allowed 15s. per diem when travelling.
113	H. Robertson ...	Do. ...	.....	550	Do. do.
114	W. V. Read ...	Traffic Manager ...	.....	600	Do. do.
114	T. Carlisle ...	Do. Auditor ...	.....	400	Do. do.
114	W. R. Rowe ...	Inspector of Station Accounts, South ...	.....	275	Allowed actual expenses when travelling.
114	S. D. Hancox ...	Travelling Audit Clerk, North ...	.....	225	Do. do.

NOTE.—The estimated value of each house is £50 per annum.

IX.

The Postmaster General.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.	
			Amount.	Total.		
		POST OFFICE.	£	£		
116 117	A. A. Day ...	Superintendent of Mails ...	500			
		*Overtime allowance for sorting English and Foreign Mails ...	24			
				524		
116	W. Buchanan ...	Postal Inspectors, each ...			30/- per diem travelling allowance whilst absent from Sydney. 3/6 per diem for each horse (not to exceed two), when in town.	
	G. De Milhau ...					
	V. Moyse ...					
	W. J. Davies ...					450
116 117	G. P. Unwin...	Clerk in charge of Despatch Room..	400			
		*Overtime ...	24			
				424		
116 117	J. T. M'Mahon	Clerk in charge of Receiving Room	400			
		*Overtime	24			
				424		
116 117	J. Clarke ...	Clerk in charge of Inland Mails ...	300		£1 for each occasion overland English Mails.	
	G. J. Ward ...	Clerk ...	300			
		*Overtime ...	12			
				312		
116 117	B. C. Bradshaw	Clerk ...	300			
		*Overtime ...	7			
				307		
116 117	A. C. Button...	Clerk ...	300			
		*Overtime ...	12			
				312		
116 117	C. J. Booty ...	Clerk ...	250			
		*Overtime ...	9			
				259		
116 117	C. Clarke ...	Clerk ...	300			
		*Overtime ...	18			
				318		
116 117	W. B. Forster	Clerks ...	250			
	R. R. Iredale	*Overtime ...	15			
				265	each.	
116 117	F. G. Davies...	Clerk ...	250			
		*Overtime ...	12			
				262		
116 117	R. B. Edwards	Clerk ...	250			
		*Overtime ...	8			
				258		
116 117	A. Porter ...	Clerk ...	225			
		*Overtime ...	8			
				233		
116 117	E. B. Seymour	Clerks ...	200			
	R. L. Russell	*Overtime ...	7			
				207	each.	
116 117	A. C. M'Dermott	Clerk ...	175			
		*Overtime ...	5			
				180		
116 117	G. L. Little ...	Clerk ...	175			
		Overtime ...	5			
				180		

* These overtime allowances are granted to the officials of the Mail Branch of this Office, in consideration of giving their attendance whenever called upon either during day or night to sort English and Foreign Mails received and despatched.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
POST OFFICE— <i>continued.</i>					
116 117	J. M'Neilly ...	Clerk ...	175		
		*Overtime ...	9		
				184	
116 117	H. Holmes ...	Clerk ...	175		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				182	
116 117	J. Gibbons ...	Clerk ...	175		
		*Overtime ...	5		
				180	
116 117	H. Davies ...	Clerk ...	175		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				182	
116 117	F. Butler ...	Clerk ...	175		
		*Overtime ...	8		
				183	
116 117	C. Brady ...	Clerk ...	150		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				157	
116 117	G. M'Gibbon ...	Clerk ...	150		
		*Overtime ...	5		
				155	
116 117	J. A. Fry ...	Clerk ...	150		
		Allowance as Shorthand Writer ...	50		
				200	
116 117	C. Haynes ...	Clerk ...	150		
		*Overtime ...	5		
				155	
116 117	J. Doherty ...	Clerk ...	132		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				139	
116 117	F. Quirk ...	} Clerks ...	132		
	J. Robinson ...		*Overtime ...	5	
				137	each.
116 117	W. Ryan ...	Clerk ...	132		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				139	
116 117	C. Forsyth ...	Clerk ...	132		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				139	
116 117	P. J. Heally ...	Clerk ...	132		
		*Overtime ...	5		
				137	
116 117	J. Kenny ...	Clerk ...	132		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				139	
116 117	H. Swire ...	Clerk ...	100		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				107	
116 117	J. Byram ...	Clerk ...	100		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				107	
116 117	J. Bell ...	Clerk ...	100		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				107	
116 117	A. M'Neilly ...	Clerk ...	100		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				107	
116 117	S. B. Hilton ...	Clerk ...	100		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				107	
116 117	H. Gale ...	Clerk ...	100		
		*Overtime ...	7		
				107	
116 117	J. F. Steel ...	Clerk ...	100		
		*Overtime ...	5		
				105	
116 117	W. T. Cosgrove ...	Clerk ...	100		
		*Overtime ...	5		
				105	
116 117	M. M'Donnell ...	Shipping Clerk	200		
		Rent allowance ...	60		
		*Overtime ...	15		
				275	

*These overtime allowances are granted to the officials of the Mail Branch of this Office, in consideration of giving their attendance whenever called upon either during day or night to sort English or Foreign mails received and despatched.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
POST OFFICE—continued.					
116	J. C. Green ...	†Stampers and Sorters ...	175		
117	W. Barker ...	*Overtime ...	6		
				181	
116	W. Doolan ...	Stamper and Sorter ...	175		
117		*Overtime ...	9		
				184	
116	J. S. Vogan ...	Stampers and Sorters ...	175		
117	L. Butler ...	*Overtime ...	6		
				181	
116	P. Crowe ...	Stamper and Sorter ...	175		
117		*Overtime ...	9		
				184	
116-117	J. McDonald ...				
	H. Sims ...				
	W. Bruton ...				
	E. Donelon ...				
116	R. Mathers ...	Stampers and Sorters ...	150		
	W. Mathews ...	*Overtime ...	6		
	C. J. Souter ...			156	each.
	J. Bourke ...				
	E. Robinson ...				
	J. Merrick ...				
116-117	W. Mason ...	Stamper and Sorter ...	132		
		*Overtime ...	9		
				141	
	J. West ...				
	T. J. M'Cormack ...				
	R. Lees ...				
	Jas. Middleton ...	Stampers and Sorters ...	132		
	Robt. L. Ward ...	*Overtime ...	6		
	A. Duffy ...			138	each.
	R. Leck ...				
	F. Donelan ...				
	D. Lynch ...				
116	B. Dewson ...	Letter Carrier ...	156		
117		*Overtime ...	9		
				165	
116	T. Hogg ...	Mail Cart Drivers ...	108		
117	C. Aubisson ...	*Overtime ...	6		
				114	each.
116	R. Byrne ...	Groom ...	104		
117		*Overtime ...	6		
				110	Quarters, valued at £30.
116	*Ten 1st-class...	Letter Carriers, each		156	Letter Carriers who attend the office regularly upon the arrival of the English Mails receive at the rate of £6 a year for overtime.
116	†Eight 2nd-class	Do. do.		144	
116	†Twenty-seven 3rd-class	Do. do.		132	
116	¶Forty-two 4th-class	Do. do.		120	
116	¶¶Twenty-six 5th-class...	Do. do.		108	
116	W. Cummings ...	Messenger ...	150		
117		Rent allowance ...	12		
				162	
116	J. Howard ...	Shipping Messenger ...	150		
117		*Overtime ...	9		
				159	
116	Six ...	Mail Boys, each		78	Receive at the rate of £3 per annum overtime for attendance on arrival of English Mails. Quarters, valued at £25 per annum.
116	Fifteen ...	Do. do.		50	
116	C. Wells ...	Office-keeper ...		61	
116	O. Sheridan ...	Mechanic ...	175		
117		Overtime ...	6		
				181	
116	One ...	Mail Guard ...		175	£26 travelling allowance.
116	Five ...	Do. Guards, each ...		175	{ Travelling allowance of 2s. per diem when from home.
116	Two ...	Do. do. ...		150	£26 travelling allowance.

† Stampers and sorters who are required to work overtime despatching the weekly newspapers are allowed overtime at the rate of £5 per annum.

* These overtime allowances are granted to the officials of the Mail Branch of this office, in consideration of giving their attendance whenever called upon either during day or night to sort English and Foreign Mails received and despatched. † One on this grade receives a forage allowance of 2s. per diem. ‡ Eight on this grade receive a forage allowance of 2s. per diem; one 4s.; one 3s.; one £25 per annum; one £62 10s.; one £31 4s.; one £72 16s.; and one £20 per annum. ¶ Fourteen on this grade receive 2s. per diem; two 4s.; one £62 10s. per annum; one a rent allowance of £25 per annum; and one £20 per annum. ¶¶ Eight on this grade receive a forage allowance of 2s. per diem, one 4s., and one 3s. per diem.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

53

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer, and where stationed.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
POST OFFICE—continued.					
116	Three... ..	Mail Guards, each	150	£39 per annum travelling and rent allowance. 2s. per diem when from home. } Allowance of 2s. per diem when absent from home. } £39 per annum rent and travelling allowance.
116	One	Do. do. do. ... ..	.....	150
116	Five	Railway Sorters, do. ... ..	.....	175
116	Three... ..	Do. do. ... ..	.....	150
116	One	Do. do. ... ..	.....	175
116	One	Do. do. ... ..	.....	150
116	One	Do. do.	132		
117		*Overtime	6		
<i>Extra Clerical aid.</i>				138	
117	H. M'Mullen	Clerk	90	Receives at the rate of £4 10s. per annum for attendance on arrival of English Mails. 6s. per diem.
117	W. Stevenson	Do. ... ..	.....	52
117	W. Morling	Do. ... ..	.....	50
117	F. Rush	Do. ... ..	.....	50
117	J. Buckley	Do. ... ..	.....	25
117	W. du Bedat... ..	Do. ... ..	.....	.....
SUBURBAN AND COUNTRY OFFICIAL POSTMASTERS.					
116	C. Chape (<i>Balmain</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	150 15 21 11 50	247	Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.
116	W. H. Hunt... .. (<i>Haymarket</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	190 88 49 49 50	426	
116	W. C. Denshire (<i>King-street</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	175 56 12 4 50	297	
116	Joseph Lee (<i>Miller's Point</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	150 29 40 11 50	280	
116	G. West (<i>Newtown</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	150 31 24 22 50	277	
116	C. B. Cuttriss (<i>Oxford-street</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	175 86 39 45 50	395	
116	H. Gale (<i>Paddington</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	150 27 13 11 50	251	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer, and where stationed.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
SUBURBAN AND COUNTRY OFFICIAL POSTMASTERS—continued.					
116	G. W. White (Park-street)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	175 41 22 14 50		
116	E. Lloyd ... (Parramatta-street)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	150 31 17 20 50	302	
116	Jas. Scoweroft (Redfern)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	150 26 24 15 50	268	
116	T. Y. Harle ... (St. Leonards)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	150 15 8 7 50	265	
116	I. B. Bosley ... (William-street)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	175 93 31 30 50	230	
116	T. H. Stone ... (Albury)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	263 65 22 3 50	379	
116	J. W. Emblin (Armidale)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	247 40 26 4 50	403	
116	W. G. Thompson (Bathurst)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	300 75 9 50	367	
116	W. Owen ... (Deniliquin)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	225 62 19 3 50	434	
116	J. S. Arnott ... (East Maitland)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	153 22 18 1 50	359	
116	W. C. Johnson (Goulburn)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	250 82 76 6 50	244	
				464	

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer, and where stationed.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
SUBURBAN AND COUNTRY OFFICIAL POSTMASTERS—continued.					
116	J. Burgis ... (1st assist., <i>Goulburn</i>)	Salary Rent	190 35		
				225	
116	C. E. Dale ... (<i>Liverpool</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	150 13 12 3 35		
				213	
116	W. O'Neill ... (<i>Mudgee</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	210 41 35 1 50		
				337	
116	W. R. Bowen ... (<i>Murrumbidgee</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	170 15 18 2 20		
				225	
116	H. Wheeler ... (<i>Muswellbrook</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	125 19 18 1 26		
				189	
116	W. Thompson ... (<i>Newcastle</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	330 100 20 50		
				500	
116	T. W. H. Dee ... (<i>Parramatta</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	210 67 35 8 50		
				370	
116	C. H. Kellett ... (<i>Penrith</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	200 10 13 2 29		
				254	
116	F. Isaac ... (<i>Scone</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders Quarters valued at	150 13 15 50		
				228	
116	(<i>Wagga Wagga</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	250 79 58 3 50		
				440	
116	E. B. Daley ... (<i>West Maitland</i>)	Salary as Postmistress Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank Quarters valued at	262 62 70 3 50		
				447	
116	J. A. Dick ... (<i>Windsor</i>)	Salary as Postmaster Commission on Stamps " Money Orders " Savings Bank	139 28 18 1		
				186	

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
SUBURBAN AND COUNTRY OFFICIAL POST-MASTERS—continued.					
			£	£	
116	F. D. Aria ... (Yass)	Salary as Postmaster ... Commission on Stamps ... " Money Orders ... " Savings Bank ... Quarters valued at ...	200 28 24 2 50	304	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.					
119	E. C. Cracknell ...	Superintendent of Telegraphs ... Allowance in lieu of equipment ...	800 100		Allowed 30s. per diem when travelling.
18		Major Commanding Torpedo Corps..	200	1,100	
119	P. B. Walker ...	Assistant Superintendent of Tele- graphs ...	500		
18		Allowance in lieu of quarters Captain, Torpedo Corps ...	75 100	675	
119	W. Wilson ...	Station Manager, Chief Office ... Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	350 50		
18		Lieutenant, Torpedo Corps ...	40	440	
119	J. V. Dalgarno ...	Station Manager, Chief Office ... Allowance in lieu of quarters ...	350 50		
18		Lieutenant, Torpedo Corps...	40	440	
119	H. C. Usher ...	Booking Clerk, Chief Office ...	300		
18		Corporal, Torpedo Corps ...	20	320	
119	F. W. Hulme ...	Receiving Clerk, Chief Office ...	250		
18		Corporal, Torpedo Corps ...	15	265	
119	J. W. Miller...	Booking Clerk, Chief Office ...	200		
18		Private, Torpedo Corps ...	12	212	
119	W. H. Maguire ...	Telegraph Instructor, Chief Office...	250		
18		Colour-sergeant, Torpedo Corps ...	30	280	
119	E. M'Carthy...	Booking Clerk, Chief Office ...	150		
18		Private, Torpedo Corps ...	12	162	
119	S. J. Salter ...	Batteryman, Chief Office ...	150		
18		Private, Torpedo Corps ...	12	162	
119	C. Biggs ...	Assistant Line Repairer, Chief Office	200		
18		Sergeant, Torpedo Corps ...	25	225	
119	J. Leavy ...	Stable-keeper ...	150		
		Quarters valued at ...	26	176	
119	F. V. Hedges ...	Clerk in charge of stores ...	200		
18		Private, Torpedo Corps ...	12	212	
119	R. Campbell ...	Clerk, Store ...	150		
18		Private, Torpedo Corps ...	12	162	
119	J. King ...	Messengers' Overseer ...	175		
18		Sergeant, Torpedo Corps ...	25	200	
119	A. Geary ...	Messengers' Overseer ...	150		
18		Private, Torpedo Corps ...	12	162	
119	A. Tucker ...	Inspector of Lines and Stations ...	350		
				350	Allowed 30s. per diem when travelling.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS— <i>contd.</i>					
119	G. H. L. Carroll	Inspector of Lines and Stations	300	300	Allowed 30s. per diem when travelling.
119	J. W. Merfield	Do.	300	300	
119	S. J. Watson	Do. Inspector, Railway Lines	250 100	350	do. do.
119	C. H. Lay	Do. of Lines and Stations	250	250	do. do.
120 18	P. DeGruchy	Operator Private, Torpedo Corps	150 12	162	Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.
120 18	H. Williams	Operator Private, Torpedo Corps	150 12	162	
120 18	F. Bussell	Operator Private, Torpedo Corps	150 12	162	
120 18	W. F. Corbett	Operator Private, Torpedo Corps	150 12	162	
120 18	C. Shepherd	Operator Private, Torpedo Corps	150 12	162	
120 18	W. Wheatley	Operator Private, Torpedo Corps	104 12	116	
120 18	G. Cleland	Operator Private, Torpedo Corps	120 12	132	
120 18	F. A. Tighe	Operator, Chief Office Private, Torpedo Corps	104 12	116	
120 18	J. Cormick	Operator, Chief Office Private, Torpedo Corps	150 12	162	
120 18	R. B. Humphreys	Operator, Chief Office Private, Torpedo Corps	140 12	152	
120 18	R. Watson	Operator, Chief Office Bugler, Torpedo Corps	120 12	132	
120 18	Percy Clay	Operator, Chief Office Private, Torpedo Corps	250 12	262	
120 18	J. Nelson	Operator, Chief Office Corporal, Torpedo Corps	250 15	265	
119	D. J. M'Gauran	Station-master, Albury Quarters	300 50	350	
119	J. R. Colls	Station-master, Yass Quarters	200 50	250	
119 116	J. J. Richards	Station-master, Murrumburrah Postmaster Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Quarters	150 20 38 52	260	
119 116	D. R. Kenane	Station-master, Burrowa Postmaster Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Quarters	150 25 27 50	252	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—contd.					
119 116	R. C. Willans	Station-master, Cootamundra Postmaster Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Quarters	150 30 53 50		
					283
120 116	W. G. Penshire	Operator, Cootamundra Postal Assistant	52 68		
					120
119 120	E. R. D. Thomson	Line Repairer, Cootamundra Forage Allowance	150 73		
					223
119 18	G. Board	Clerk, Chief Office Sergeant, Torpedo Corps	250 25		
					275
119 18	J. Hough	Clerk, Chief Office Private, Torpedo Corps	120 12		
					132
120 18	R. P. Martin	Operator, Chief Office Private, Torpedo Corps	104 12		
					116
119	R. J. Barr	Station-master, Kyamba Receiving Officer Forage allowance Quarters	120 5 40 30		
					195
119 116	C. Smith	Station-master, Gundagai Postmaster Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Quarters	200 20 35 50		
					305
119	W. G. Mason	Line Repairer, Gundagai Forage allowance	150 73		
					223
119 116	H. J. Aubin	Station-master, Germanton Postmaster Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Quarters	150 50 15 40		
					255
119 116	A. S. Bray	Station-master, Adelong Postmaster Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Quarters	150 60 33 50		
					293
120 116	F. B. Edwards	Operator, Adelong Postal Assistant	52 52		
					104
119 116	W. H. Day	Station-master, Tumut Postmaster Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Quarters	150 90 32 50		
					322
119 116	C. E. Stoyles	Station-master, Kiandra Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Postmaster	104 6 3		
					113
119 116	J. Waddell	Station-master, Adaminaby Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Postmaster	104 9 15		
					128
119 116	J. T. Harrison	Station-master, Corowa Postmaster Commission on sale of Stamps, &c. Quarters	150 38 22 50		
					260

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—contd.			£	£	
120 18	W. A. Blackstone ...	Operator, Chief Office ... Private, Torpedo Corps ...	150 12		162
119 116	J. R. Nash ...	Station-master, Burrawang ... Postmaster ... Commission ...	104 19 10		133
119 116	T. G. Croft ...	Station-master, Braidwood... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	180 20 45 40		285
119 116	C. N. Ambrose ...	Station-master, Araluen ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	150 11 17 30		208
119 116	J. Walter ...	Station-master, Moruya ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	104 61 33 20		218
119 116	G. C. Walter ...	Messenger, Moruya... Postal Assistant ...	26 52		78
119 116	J. Cox ...	Station-master, Bodalla ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	104 39 8 26		177
119 116	M. H. Kelly...	Station-master, Queanbeyan ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	100 100 34 25		259
119 116	J. Kirwan ...	Station-master, Cooma ... Postmaster ... Forage allowance ... Commission ... Quarters ...	180 50 25 45 40		340
119	J. Carroll ...	Line Repairer, Cooma ... Forage allowance ...	120 73		193
119 116	G. W. Myers ...	Station-master, Nimitybelle ... Commission ... Postmaster ...	104 7 27		138
119 116	M. E. Burke...	Station-master, Bombala ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	180 40 29 35		284
119 116	O. W. Hinde ...	Station-master, Candelo ... Postmaster ... Commission ...	104 15 7		126
119	C. J. Kebby ...	Station-master, Eden ... Quarters ... Forage allowance ...	180 50 73		303
119 116	G. J. Dennis ...	Station-master, Merimbula... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	63 64 8 30		165

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS— <i>contd.</i>					
119	C. Harrison ...	Station-master, Bega ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	65		
		Commission ...	41		
		Quarters ...	40		
					296
119	S. C. Crouch...	Station-master, Cobargo ...	104		
		Commission ...	11		
116		Postmaster ...	22		
					137
120	H. Corbett ...	Operator, Chief Office ...	250		
18		Sergeant, Torpedo Corps ...	25		
					275
119	F. Mackel ...	Station-master, Campbelltown ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	80		
		Commission ...	23		
		Quarters ...	50		
					303
119	P. Mackel ...	Station-master, Wollongong ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	78		
		Commission ...	50		
		Quarters ...	50		
					358.
119	J. H. Miller ...	Station-master, Bulli ...	60		
		Commission ...	18		
116		Postmaster ...	52		
					130
119	G. Brown ...	Station-master, Broughton Creek ...	104		
		Commission ...	14		
116		Postmaster ...	35		
					153
119	J. F. Tyter ...	Station-master, Kiama ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	71		
		Commission ...	36		
		Quarters ...	50		
					307
119	E. T. Mulligan ...	Station-master, Milton ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	29		
		Commission ...	18		
		Quarters ...	40		
					237
119	G. S. Roberts ...	Station-master, Nowra ...	104		
		Commission ...	16		
116		Postmaster ...	50		
					170
119	C. A. Middleton ...	Station-master, Goulburn ...	250		
		Quarters ...	50		
					300
119	J. Clinch ...	Station-master, Urana ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	14		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
		Commission ...	23		
		Quarters ...	50		
					340
119	F. Russell ...	Station-master, Jerilderie ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	30		
		Commission ...	23		
		Quarters ...	52		
					255
119	H. B. Jefferson ...	Station-master, Balranald ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	9		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
		Commission ...	32		
		Quarters ...	40		
					334
120	A. M. Kennedy ...	Operator, Balranald...	75		
116		Postal Assistant ...	50		
					125

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—contd.					
119	R. Buckley ...	Station-master, Deniliquin ...	300		
		Quarters ...	50		
					350
119	P. A. Dunne...	Line Repairer, Deniliquin ...	150		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
					223
119	R. Graham ...	Station-master, Moulamein ...	104		
116		Postmaster ...	83		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
		Commission ...	5		
		Quarters ...	40		
					305
119	R. S. Johnson ...	Station-master, Euston ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	3		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
		Commission ...	8		
		Quarters ...	40		
					304
120	H. Hansen ...	Operator, Euston ...	75		
116		Postal Assistant ...	25		
					100
119	C. Hammond ...	Station-master, Moama ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	30		
		Commission ...	13		
		Quarters ...	50		
					273
119	A. Burnett ...	Station-master, Hay ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	95		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
		Commission ...	76		
		Quarters ...	50		
					474
119	H. D. Edwards ...	Station-master, Booligal ...	180		
		Commission ...	9		
		Quarters ...	52		
					241
120	S. W. Mackay ...	Messenger, Booligal ...	52		
116		Postal Assistant ...	50		
					102
119	W. S. Bellamy ...	Station-master, Hillston ...	180		
		Postmaster ...	25		
		Commission ...	16		
		Quarters ...	50		
					271
119	M. T. Canty ...	Station-master, Pooncairie ...	180		
		Commission ...			
		Forage allowance ...	73		
		Quarters ...	52		
					305
119	J. R. Holding ...	Station-master, Menindie ...	180		
		Postmaster ...	40		
		Commission ...	10		
		Quarters ...	30		
					260
119	A. Davies ...	Station-master, Wilcannia ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	36		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
		Commission ...	49		
		Quarters ...	50		
					388
119	W. Camper ...	Station-master, Wentworth ...	300		
116		Postmaster ...	22		
		Commission ...	33		
		Quarters ...	50		
					405

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS— <i>contd.</i>					
			£	£	
120 116	P. J. Whealy	Operator, Wentworth Postal Assistant	150 25	175	
119	W. Cunningham	Line Repairer, Wentworth Forage allowance	150 73	223	
119	W. J. Parsons	Station-master, Wagga Wagga Quarters	250 50	300	
	T. W. Druitt	Line Repairer, Wagga Wagga Forage allowance	150 73	223	
120	A. A. Dircks	Operator, Sydney Private, Torpedo Corps	200 12	212	
120	E. A. H. Cross	Operator, South Creek Postmistress Commission Quarters	52 52 10 20	134	
119	C. W. Prott	Station-master, Mount Victoria Postmaster Commission Quarters	180 29 15 40	264	
119	K. A. H. Mackenzie	Station-master, Bathurst Quarters	300 50	350	
119	G. U. Hosking	Station-master, Carcoar Postmaster Commission Quarters	150 58 27 50	285	
119	F. J. Fowler	Station-master, Cowra Postmaster Commission Quarters	180 30 24 50	284	
120	R. Finney	Operator, Cowra Postal Assistant	104 52	156	
119	P. J. Gallagher	Station-master, Molong Commission Quarters	150 34 52	236	
119	A. Chrystal	Station-master, Wellington Postmaster Commission Quarters	180 61 52 50	343	
119	W. P. Raper	Station-master, Dubbo Postmaster Commission Quarters	135 85 73 50	343	
119	H. J. Haselden	Station-master, Warren Postmaster Commission Quarters	150 36 19 40	245	
119	C. Cooper	Station-master, Orange Postmaster Commission Quarters	180 52 128 50	410	

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers; but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—contd.					
			£	£	
120	H. W. Newman	Operator, Lucknow	26		
		Commission	5		
116		Postmaster	23		
				54	
119	E. Chapman	Station-master, Forbes	180		
116		Postmaster	43		
		Commission	68		
		Quarters	50		
				341	
119	W. A. Lorking	Station-master, Parkes	150		
116		Postmaster	55		
		Commission	32		
		Quarters	50		
				287	
120	J. Park	Operator, Parkes	75		
116		Postal Assistant	52		
				127	
119	P. S. Eldershaw	Station-master, Condobolin	180		
116		Postmaster	30		
		Commission	23		
		Quarters	50		
				283	
119	J. P. Olson	Station-master, Grenfell	200		
116		Postmaster	32		
		Commission	28		
		Quarters	50		
				310	
119	W. M'Nab	Station-master, Young	200		
116		Postmaster	30		
		Commission	63		
		Quarters	52		
				345	
119	C. Chapman	Station-master, Narrandera	120		
116		Postmaster	50		
		Commission	43		
		Quarters	50		
				263	
120	G. Gresty	Operator, Sydney	150		
18		Private Torpedo Corps	12		
				162	
119	W. Newbery	Station-master, Sofala	104		
116		Postmaster	47		
		Commission	16		
		Quarters	40		
				207	
119	C. Chapple	Station-master, Hill End	150		
116		Postmaster	37		
		Commission	30		
		Quarters	50		
				267	
119	G. P. Plunkett	Station-master, Gulgong	200		
		Commission	30		
		Quarters	50		
				280	
119	Hy. Curry	Station-master, Mudgee	200		
		Quarters valued at	50		
				250	
119	J. T. Hackett	Station-master, Rylstone	104		
116		Postmaster	34		
		Commission	15		
		Quarters	30		
				183	

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—					
<i>continued.</i>					
119	E. S. Atkinson ...	Station-master, Cassilis ...	150		
116		Postmaster	9		
		Commission	14		
		Quarters	30		
					203
119	W. Read	Station-master, Merriwa ...	150		
116		Postmaster	9		
		Commission	16		
		Quarters	30		
					205
119	T. King	Station-master, Coolah ...	120		
116		Postmaster	30		
		Commission	9		
		Quarters	30		
					189
119	T. H. Ryan	Station-master, Coonabarabran ...	150		
		Quarters	50		
					200
119	J. Dowling	Station-master, Baradine ...	104		
		Commission	4		
		Quarters	40		
					148
119	L. Kingsmill... ..	Station-master, Coonamble... ..	180		
116		Postmaster	36		
		Commission	27		
		Quarters	50		
					293
120	W. H. Goulding ...	Operator, Coonamble	26		
116		Postal Assistant	100		
					126
119	J. E. Phelan	Station-master, Pilliga	150		
116		Postmaster	17		
		Commission	5		
		Quarters	52		
					224
119	G. S. Hay	Station-master, Walgett	150		
116		Postmaster	50		
		Commission	29		
		Quarters	30		
					259
120	G. Magovney	Operator, Walgett	104		
116		Postal Assistant	26		
					130
119	C. J. Robins	Station-master, Brewarrina... ..	150		
116		Postmaster	50		
		Commission	18		
		Quarters	50		
					268
119	T. Trader	Station-master, Bourke	300		
		Commission	47		
		Quarters	50		
					397
119	D. A. Murchison ...	Station-master, Barringun ...	180		
		Forage allowance	73		
		Quarters	40		
					293
119	A. D. Turner	Station-master, Louth	180		
		Forage allowance	73		
		Quarters	40		
		Postmaster, £12; Commission, £4	16		
					309
120	C. J. Murphy	Operator, Sydney	200		
18		Private Torpedo Corps	12		
					212

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—contd.					
			£	£	
120 18	T. Hammand	Operator, Sydney ... Corpl. Torpedo Corps ...	200 20	220	Fuel and light are allowed to most of these offices, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.
119 116	J. Kelf	Station-master, Singleton ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	100 85 79 50	314	
119	A. Taylor	Station-master, Muswellbrook Quarters	150 40	190	
119 116	E. Kibble	Station-master, Denman ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	104 36 9 20	169	
119	F. O. Byrnes	Station-master, Murrurundi Quarters	200 50	250	
119 116	T. Dickson	Station-master, Quirindi ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	150 20 31 52	253	
119 116	W. J. Chandler	Station-master, Tamworth ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	180 54 111 40	385	
119	C. Chandler	Line Repairer, Tamworth Forage Allowance	120 73	193	
119 116	H. R. Thurlow	Station-master, Boggabri ... Postmaster ... Commission ...	150 29 12	191	
119 116	Lot Mannix	Station-master, Gunnedah ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	180 17 50 35	282	
119 116	E. Parsons	Station-master, Narrabri ... Postmaster ... Commission ... Quarters ...	180 43 39 40	302	
120 116	W. J. Lawless	Operator, Narrabri ... Postal Assistant ...	120 26	146	
119 116	E. J. Coleman	Station-master, Millie ... Postmaster ... Commission .. Quarters ...	104 22 4 40	170	
119	J. Munro	Station-master, Moree ... Commission ... Quarters ...	150 17 50	217	
119	W. H. Rowlands	Station-master, Bundarra ... Commission ... Quarters ...	150 15 40	205	
119	Emily Eames	Station-mistress, Inverell ... Commission ... Quarters ...	150 50 40	240	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS— <i>contd.</i>			£	£	
119	W. T. Lee ...	Station-master, Warialda ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	35		
		Commission ...	32		
		Forage Allowance ...	40		
		Quarters ...	50		
				337	
119	F. W. Browne ...	Station-master, Yetman ...	180		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
		Quarters ...	40		
				293	
119	J. B. Wakely ...	Station-master, Bingera ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	10		
		Commission ...	19		
		Quarters ...	40		
				219	
119	R. E. Done ...	Station-master, Manilla ...	120		
116		Postmaster ...	17		
		Commission ...	7		
		Quarters ...	20		
				164	
119	E. A. Bailey ...	Station-master, Tingha ...	104		
		Commission ...	14		
116		Postmaster ...	35		
				153	
119	J. C. O'Hara ...	Station-master, Bendemeer ...	104		
116		Postmaster ...	58		
		Commission ...	14		
		Quarters ...	30		
				206	
119	G. D. Woodall ...	Station-master, Uralla ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	30		
		Commission ...	27		
		Quarters ...	30		
				237	
119	D. R. Thursby ...	Station-master, Walcha ...	120		
116		Postmaster ...	20		
		Commission ...	24		
		Quarters ...	26		
				190	
119	R. W. Arnott ...	Station-master, Armidale ...	200		
		Quarters ...	50		
				250	
119	M. Histon ...	Line Repairer, Armidale ...	150		
		Forage Allowance ...	73		
				223	
119	J. E. Ballard ...	Station-master, Glen Innes ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	57		
		Commission ...	40		
		Quarters ...	40		
				317	
119	M. Prout ...	Line Repairer, Glen Innes ...	120		
		Forage Allowance ...	73		
				193	
119	F. Waddups ...	Station-master, Vegetable Creek ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	15		
		Commission ...	36		
		Quarters ...	30		
				231	
119	W. E. Simons ...	Station-master, Deepwater ...	104		
116		Commission ...	2		
		Postmaster ...	15		
				121	
119	J. A. Gordon ...	Line-repairer, Newton Boyd ...	120		
		Forage Allowance ...	73		
				193	

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—contd.					
			£	£	
119	W. M. Scott...	Station-master, Casino ...	200		
116		Postmaster ...	10		
		Commission ...	26		
		Quarters ...	45		
				281	
119	N. Sharpe ...	Station-master, Lisnmore ...	120		
116		Postmaster ...	32		
		Commission ...	38		
		Quarters ...	50		
				240	
119	A. Hunter ...	Station-master, Ballina ...	150		
		Quarters ...	36		
				186	
119	W. J. Grime...	Station-master, Kynnumboon ...	104		
		Commission ...	3		
116		Postmaster ...	23		
				130	
119	S. Moffitt ...	Station-master, Coraki ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	18		
		Commission ...	6		
		Quarters ...	40		
				214	
119	M. R. Oakes...	Station-master, Wardell ...	75		
		Commission ...	6		
116		Postmaster ...	18		
				99	
119	J. Auschan ...	Station-master, Woodburn...	75		
		Commission ...	10		
116		Postmaster ...	30		
				115	
119	T. Quirk ...	Station-master, Grafton ...	200		
116		Postmaster ...	68		
		Commission ...	78		
		Quarters ...	50		
				396	
119	J. D. Sherriff...	Station-master, South Grafton ...	120		
116		Postmaster ...	25		
		Commission ...	15		
		Quarters ...	35		
				195	
119	A. Flanders ...	Station-master, Ulmarra ...	104		
		Commission ...	8		
116		Postmaster ...	40		
				152	
119	T. Lamy ...	Station-master, Rocky Mouth ...	104		
116		Postmaster ...	50		
		Commission ...	21		
		Quarters ...	30		
				205	
119	J. S. White ...	Station-master, Palmer's Island ...	100		
		Commission ...	4		
116		Postmaster ...	35		
				139	
119	E. H. Pegus ...	Station-mistress, Clarence Heads ...	104		
		Commission ...	2		
116		Postmistress ...	26		
				132	
119	W. J. L. Kyle ...	Station-master, Brushgrove...	104		
116		Postmaster ...	25		
		Commission ...	7		
		Quarters ...	20		
				156	
119	J. Shambler ...	Station-master, Copmanhurst ...	104		
		Commission ...	1		
116		Postmaster ...	14		
				119	

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS— <i>contd.</i>					
119	R. H. Hipsley	Station-master, Tenterfield...	300		
116		Postmaster	18		
		Commission	28		
		Quarters	50		
				396	
119	T. Hanna	Line Repairer, Tenterfield ...	120		
		Forage Allowance	73		
				193	
120	F. Whysall	Operator, Sydney	150		
18		Private, Torpedo Corps	12		
				162	
119	J. T. Marx	Station-master, Wiseman's Ferry ...	150		
		Forage Allowance	73		
		Quarters	40		
				263	
119	J. C. J. Smith	Station-master, Wollombi	180		
		Forage Allowance	73		
		Quarters	30		
				283	
119	E. J. Young	Station-master, West Maitland ...	250		
		Quarters	50		
				300	
119	J. M'Carthy	Line Repairer, West Maitland ...	120		
		Forage Allowance	73		
				193	
119	J. A. Tulloch	Station-master, Branxton	75		
		Commission	18		
116		Postmaster	47		
				140	
119	C. F. Wakely	Station-master, Morpeth	104		
116		Postmaster	84		
		Commission	27		
		Quarters	40		
				255	
119	W. E. Shaw	Station-master, Raymond Terrace ...	104		
116		Postmaster	91		
		Commission	24		
		Quarters	30		
				249	
119	E. Doust	Station-master, Paterson	150		
116		Postmaster	15		
		Commission	12		
		Quarters	40		
				217	
119	T. J. Foley	Station-master, Dungog	150		
116		Postmaster	30		
		Commission	19		
		Quarters	30		
				229	
119	H. A. Smith	Station-master, Stroud	104		
		Commission	14		
116		Postmaster	35		
				153	
119	E. V. Blackwell	Station-master, Bulahdelah	104		
		Commission	8		
116		Postmaster	20		
				132	
119	W. Goodman	Acting Station-master, Clarence Town	120		
		Commission	11		
		Postmaster	30		
				161	
119	A. T. Black	Station-master, Barrenjucy	104		
		Postmaster	11		
		Commission	1		
		Coast Waiter	250		
		Quarters	50		
				416	

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—contd.					
119	C. Fry	Station-master, Copeland North ...	150		
		Commission	27		
116		Postmaster	50		
					227
119	A. G. Robins	Station-master, Taree	180		
116		Postmaster	5		
		Commission	13		
		Quarters	30		
					228
119	J. Bridekirk	Station-master, Gloucester... ..	104		
		Commission	3		
116		Postmaster	10		
					117
119	J. R. Cummins	Station-master, Port Macquarie ...	200		
116		Postmaster	13		
		Commission	30		
		Quarters	28		
					271
119	J. Williams	Station-master, West Kempsey ...	200		
116		Postmaster	3		
		Commission	12		
		Quarters	50		
					265
119	P. Tierney	Line Repairer, West Kempsey ...	120		
		Forage Allowance	73		
					193
120	W. Dawes	Operator, Gladstone	52		
		Commission	5		
116		Postmaster	17		
					74
120	N. M. Green... ..	Operator, Bungwall Flat	26		
		Commission	4		
116		Postmistress	16		
					46
120	J. Parsons	Operator, Sydney	150		
18		Private, Torpedo Corps	12		
					162
119	D. Graham	Station-master, Newcastle	250		
		Quarters	50		
					300
119	A. C. Atkinson	Station-master, East Maitland ...	104		
116		Assistant Postmaster	52		
					156
119	G. P. Webb	Station-master, Cooranbong	104		
		Commission	6		
116		Postmaster	23		
					133
119	H. J. Rowthorne	Station-master, Lambton	104		
		Commission	29		
116		Postmaster	31		
					164
119	W. Harris	Station-master, Waratah	52		
116		Postmaster	62		
		Commission	14		
		Quarters	30		
					158
119	O. Haydock	Station-master, Wallsend	75		
116		Postmaster	125		
		Commission	36		
		Quarters	40		
					276
119	A. S. H. Perry	Station-master, St. Albans	104		
		Postmaster	12		
		Commission	1		
					117

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS— <i>contd.</i>					
119	J. F. Parr ...	Station-master, Gosford ...	120		
116		Postmaster ...	35		
		Commission ...	15		
		Quarters ...	30		
				200	
120	Jane Peters ...	Operator, Hamilton ...	26		
		Commission ...	6		
116		Postmistress ...	37		
				69	
120	H. H. R. Lockyer ...	Operator, Wickham ...	60		
		Commission ...	2		
116		Postmaster ...	60		
				122	
119	A. Dargin ...	Station-mistress, Randwick ...	104		
116		Postmistress ...	22		
		Commission ...	19		
		Quarters ...	50		
				195	
119	L. Ferris ...	Station-mistress, Waverley ...	104		
116		Postmistress ...	52		
		Commission ...	22		
		Quarters ...	50		
				228	
120	J. Andrews ...	Operator, Petersham ...	78		
		Commission ...	16		
116		Postmistress ...	77		
				171	
120	F. E. Skarratt ...	Operator, Ashfield ...	104		
116		Postal Assistant ...	25		
				129	
120	H. Matthews ...	Operator, Burwood ...	75		
		Commission ...	22		
116		Postmaster ...	104		
				201	
120	C. G. A. Douty ...	Operator, Homebush ...	75		
		Commission ...	2		
116		Postmaster ...	52		
				129	
120	L. Twentyman ...	Operator, Hunter's Hill ...	52		
		Commission ...	5		
116		Postmistress ...	52		
				109	
119	L. F. Stephen ...	Station-mistress, Manly ...	52		
		Commission ...	12		
116		Postmistress ...	52		
				116	
120	R. Farquharson ...	Operator, Manly ...	52		
116		Postal Assistant ...	25		
				77	
119	H. North ...	Station-mistress, Edgecliff ...	104		
116		Postmistress ...	30		
		Commission ...	9		
		Quarters ...	52		
				195	
120	S. M. Dargin ...	Operator, Newtown ...	104		
		Postal Assistant ...	25		
				129	
119	M. L. Knott ...	Station-mistress, Glebe ...	75		
		Postmistress ...	25		
		Commission ...	23		
				123	
119	G. A. Reid ...	Station-master, Richmond ...	130		
		Postmaster ...	25		
		Commission ...	29		
		Quarters ...	40		
				224	

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
			£	£	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.					
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS— <i>contd.</i>					
119 116	H. M. Langford	Station-master, Tumberumba Postmaster Commission, &c. Quarters	104 33 15 30	182	
119 116	E. Walsh	Station-master, Howlong Postmaster Commission, &c. Quarters	104 25 6 25	160	
119 116	N. M'Intosh	Station-master, Moss Vale Postmaster Commission, &c.	104 23 34	161	
119 116	W. Mulligan	Station-master, Nelligen Postmaster Commission on Stamps, &c. Quarters	104 21 8 20	153	
120 116	W. H. Hayes	Operator, Bega Assistant Postmaster	75 26	101	
120 18	R. C. Wills	Operator, Chief Office Private, Torpedo Corps	200 12	212	
119 116	J. J. Moroney	Station-master, Camden Postmaster Commission on Stamps, &c. Quarters	120 30 22 40	212	
119 116	B. Cox	Station-master, Terrara Postmaster Commission on Stamps Quarters	104 25 16 30	175	
119 116	E. De Flou	Station-master, Clifton Postmaster Commission on Stamps	26 15 3	44	
119 116	G. F. Davies	Station-master, Gerringong Postmaster Commission on Stamps	26 24 5	55	
119 116	W. Stewart	Station-master, Jamberoo Postmaster Commission on Stamps	26 40 9	75	
120 116	H. W. North	Operator, Wilcannia Assistant Postmaster	150 26	176	
120 116	J. W. P. Bennett	Operator, Wilcannia Assistant Postmaster	104 26	130	
120 116	P. J. Whealy	Operator, Wentworth Assistant Postmaster	150 25	175	
119 116	C. N. Cowan	Station-master, Lithgow Postmaster Commission on Stamps, &c.	104 35	139	
119 116	H. C. Whittaker	Station-master, Blayney Postmaster Commission on Stamps, &c.	120 30 14	164	

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SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. IX.—Postmaster General—continued.			£	£	
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—contd.					
119	S. J. Phillips...	Station-master, Trunkey ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	20		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	10		
		Quarters ...	30		
					210
119	T. F. Bell ...	Station-master, Tuena ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...			
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	4		
					154
119	R. Dixon ...	Station-master, Crookwell ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	20		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	10		
					180
119	J. A. Kelly ...	Station-master, Rockley ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...			
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	10		
					160
119	L. S. M'Kay...	Station-master, Cannonbar ...	180		
116		Postmaster ...	20		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	15		
					215
119	D. Broadfoot ...	Station-master, Eugowra ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	10		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	1		
					161
119	E. M'Carthy ...	Line Repairer, Pilliga ...	120		
		Forage allowance ...	73		
					193
119	J. Banfield ...	Station-master, Barraba ...	150		
116		Postmaster ...	35		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	6		
					191
119	E. W. Connolly ...	Station-master, West Tamworth ...	75		
116		Postmaster ...	75		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	20		
					170
119	A. Muir ...	Station-master, Moonbi ...	104		
116		Postmaster ...	10		
		Commission on Stamps ...	8		
					122
119	T. E. Avery ...	Station-master, Lawrence ...	104		
116		Postmaster ...	23		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	7		
					134
119	J. Ward ...	Station-master, Tinonee ...	104		
116		Postmaster ...	44		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	7		
					155
119	J. Hodgins ...	Station-master, Wingham ...	75		
116		Postmaster ...	22		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	15		
					112
119	G. H. Chapman ...	Station-master, Kempsey ...	104		
116		Postmaster ...	38		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	18		
		Quarters ...	30		
					190
119	B. Thomas ...	Station-master, Arakoon ...	52		
116		Postmaster ...	10		
		Commission on Stamps, &c...	10		
					72
119	J. C. Toose ...	Station-master, Nulla Nulla ...	150		
		Forage Allowance ...	73		
		Quarters ...	35		
					258

Fuel and light are allowed to most of these officers, but as they are intended to meet the requirements of the office only, they have not been included in this Schedule.

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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XI.

Secretary for Mines.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
DEPARTMENT OF MINES.			£	£	
122 72	T. A. Smith ...	Warden Police Magistrate	75 275	350	Wardens are allowed 25s. per diem when travelling on duty.
123	C. S. Wilkinson ...	Geological Surveyor in Charge ... Equipment Allowance	600 230	830	Allowed 15s. per diem when travelling on special duty.
123	E. F. Pittman ...	Geological Surveyor Equipment Allowance	400 230	630	Do.
123	John Mackenzie ...	Examiner of Coal Fields Value of Quarters, &c.	600 63	663	Allowed 30s. per diem when travelling on duty.
122	Oscar Lavender ...	Chief Messenger Value of Quarters, &c.	130 28	158	
122	Maria Holmes ...	Office Keeper Value of Quarters, &c.	66 35	101	
OCCUPATION OF LANDS.					
124	T. Warre Harriott ...	Chief Officer... .. Member of the Run Tender Board..	500 Nil.	500	
124	E. Du Faur ...	Chief Draftsman Member of the Run Tender Board..	500 Nil.	500	
125	John A. Manton ...	Forest Ranger Allowance for an office	200 20	220	Travelling expenses are paid to Forest Rangers, when travelling on duty, at the following rates, viz. :—3 Rangers at £1 per diem, 17 at 15s. per diem.
124	M. Killian ...	Office-keeper... .. Quarters, valued at Fuel and Light	70 30 10	110	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. XI.—Secretary for Mines—continued.					
PREVENTION OF SCAB IN SHEEP.					
			£	£	
125	Alexander Bruce ...	Chief Inspector of Stock ...	500		Allowed £1 per diem travelling expenses when actually on duty. Allowed Quarters, Fuel, and Light.
126		Registrar of Brands ...	50	550	
125	William Patchett ...	Messenger ...	125		
		Value of Quarters, &c. ...	40	165	
125	James C. W. Crommelin.	Inspector of Sheep, Albury ...	350		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery allowance ...	5	380	
125	Arthur J. Maister ...	Inspector, Armidale... ..	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery allowance... ..	5	280	
125	John M'Leod ...	Inspector, Balranald ...	350		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	380	
125	T. L. P. Croaker ...	Inspector, Bathurst... ..	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	280	
125	Frank E. Bloxham ...	Inspector, Bourke ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	280	
125	W. J. Bennison ...	Inspector, Braidwood ...	150		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	3	178	
125	Joseph W. West ...	Inspector, Carcoar ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	280	
125		Inspector, Cobar ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	280	
125	R. D. Jones ...	Inspector, Condobolin ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	280	
125	F. J. Keon ...	Inspector, Cooma ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	280	
125	Arthur Mackie ...	Inspector, Coonabarabran ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	280	
125	Robert Lowes ...	Inspector, Corowa ...	350		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	380	
125	Alex. M'Collough ...	Inspector, Deniliquin ...	350		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	380	
125	B. G. Dulhunty ...	Inspector, Dubbo ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5	280	

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

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Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. XI.—Secretary for Mines—continued.			£	£	
PREVENTION OF SCAB IN SHEEP—continued.					
125	J. S. Cunnington ...	Inspector, Eden ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	W. C. Finch...	Inspector, Forbes ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	C. B. Lowe ...	Inspector, Glen Innes ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	Walter Hindmarsh ...	Inspector, Grafton ...	50		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	3		78
125	F. M. Charteris ...	Inspector, Goulburn ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	D. L. M'Kenzie ...	Inspector of Sheep, Gundagai ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	John A. Keighran ...	Inspector, Hay ...	350		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		380
125	Gordon Bruce ...	Inspector, Hume ...	300		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		330
125	Thomas Burness ...	Inspector, Maitland... ..	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	C. W. Litchfield ...	Inspector, Menindie ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	John Roper ...	Inspector, Merriwa ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	Henry Single ...	Inspector, Mudgee ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	A. W. P. Copeman ...	Inspector, Narrabri... ..	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	W. G. Elwin ...	Inspector, Narrandera ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280
125	John Ducat ...	Inspector, Port Macquarie... ..	150		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	3		178
125	Edward Alford ...	Inspector, Singleton ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands ...	25		
		Stationery Allowance ...	5		280

SCHEDULE TO THE ESTIMATES-IN-CHIEF FOR 1881.

Reference to Estimates.	Name of Officer.	Offices and Allowances.	Present fixed Salaries and Allowances.		Other Allowances not of fixed annual amount.
			Amount.	Total.	
No. XI.—Secretary for Mines—continued.					
PREVENTION OF SCAB IN SHEEP—continued.					
			£	£	
125	Geo. S. Yeo ...	Inspector, Sydney ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands Keeping Quarantine Yards Stationery Allowance ...	25 50 5		
				330	
125	W. D. Dowe...	Inspector, Tamworth ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands Stationery Allowance ...	25 5		
				280	
125	C. J. Brentnall ...	Inspector, Wagga Wagga ...	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands Stationery Allowance ...	25 5		
				280	
	J. R. Doyle ...	Inspector, Walgett ...	250		
		Deputy Registrar of Brands Stationery Allowance ...	25 5		
				280	
125	F. W. Ridley ...	Inspector, Warialda... ..	300		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands Stationery Allowance ...	25 5		
				330	
125	Andrew M'Clymont...	Inspector, Wentworth ...	350		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands Stationery Allowance ...	25 5		
				380	
125	George A. Cleeve ...	Inspector, Windsor... ..	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands Stationery Allowance ...	25 5		
				280	
125	J. F. Turner...	Inspector, Yass	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands Stationery Allowance ...	25 5		
				280	
125	C. C. Wildash ...	Inspector, Young	250		
126		Deputy Registrar of Brands Stationery Allowance ...	25 5		
				280	
125	J. T. Tresilian ...	Inspector, Port of Eden ...	50		
		Stationery Allowance ...	3		
				53	

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 8th February, 1881.

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES

OF THE

EXPENDITURE

OF THE

GOVERNMENT

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR

1880

AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,
8 FEBRUARY, 1881.



SYDNEY : THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

[9d.]

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1880 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 31 DEC., 1880.	UNPAID ON 31 DEC., 1880.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
Services chargeable to the Surplus Revenue Account.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Permanent Force—To reimburse Brigade Pay and Quarter Master for Payments made in excess of vote during the year 1878 ...	12	19 8	.....	12 19 8
Volunteer Force—Contingencies—1878, further sum ...	948	2 0	948 2 0	.....
Police, 1878—Conveyance of Stores, further sum ...	3	12 6	.....	3 12 6
Medical Fees, 1878, further sum ...	1	1 0	1 1 0	.....
Stores and Stationery, 1875, further sum ...	57	7 10	57 7 10	.....
Stores and Stationery, 1878, further sum ...	24	8 0	24 8 0	.....
Advertising for the Public Service, 1878, further sum ...	21	7 3	21 7 3	.....
Postage, Public Departments, 1878, further sum ...	8	10 6	8 10 6	.....
Department of Mines—Travelling Expenses, 1878, further sum ...	5	0 0	5 0 0	.....
Shellharbour Breakwater ...	3	8 8	3 8 8	.....
Erection of Post and Telegraph Office at Parramatta, 1878, further sum ...	309	14 0	309 14 0	.....
Watering the Approaches to the Parliamentary Buildings in the years 1875-6-7 and 8 ...	238	16 6	.....	238 16 6
Cost of Conveyance of Correspondence for the British North American Provinces, the West Indies, Panama, Mexico, &c., via San Francisco, during years 1874-5-6-7-8 ...	360	5 4	360 5 4	.....
International Exhibition—				
Further expenses during the years 1879 and 1880 ...	6,148	10 4	6,148 10 4	.....
Expenditure by the Commissioners in London ...	5,847	10 11	5,847 10 11	.....
Expenses of Management in excess of the Entrance Fees collected ...	7,169	18 11	7,169 18 11	.....
Further payments for land resumed under the Macquarie-street Resumption Act (43 Vic. No. 9) ...	6,486	5 8	6,486 5 8	.....
		27,646 19 1		
TOTAL...	£	.....	27,391 10 5	255 8 8
Services chargeable to the Account of 1879.				
No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				
CITY OF SYDNEY IMPROVEMENT BOARD.				
Incidental Expenses ...	.....	18 16 2	18 16 2	.....
No. IV.—TREASURY.				
GLEBE ISLAND ABATTOIRS.				
Removal of blood, further sum ...	5	5 8	5 5 8	.....
STORES AND STATIONERY.				
For Public Service generally, further sum ...	4,014	12 7	4,014 12 7	.....
COMMISSIONERS OF CUSTOMS.				
Secretary, from 19th August, at £50 ...	18	8 3	18 8 3	.....
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Postages, Public Departments, further sum ...	30	10 9	30 10 9	.....
Premiums on Debentures purchased out of the Mudgee Road Vote and on other Debentures redeemed under 31 Vic. No. 11 ...	603	15 0	603 15 0	.....
		4,672 12 3		
Carried forward ...	£	.....	4,691 8 5	.....

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED		PAID TO 31 DEC., 1880.	UNPAID ON 31 DEC., 1880.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Services of 1879—continued.				
Brought forward ... ..	.....	4,691 8 5	4,691 8 5	.....
No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.				
CONDITIONAL LAND SALES.				
Travelling Expenses of Inspectors and other Contingencies—further sum... ..	434 19 6		84 1 8	350 17 10
SURVEYOR GENERAL.				
Towards Surveys in connection with Water Supply for Sydney, Newcastle, &c., &c. ...	25 0 0		25 0 0	.....
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Compensation to George E. Cass for Loss of Tenancy of the Crown Lands Office, Coon- amble	26 0 0		.....	26 0 0
		485 19 6		
No. VIII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.				
COLONIAL ARCHITECT.				
Contingencies—further sum	7 5 0		7 5 0	.....
PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS.				
Furniture and fittings for the new Public Offices, Bridge and Macquarie Streets	2,675 16 5		2,675 16 5	.....
Erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Brewar- rina, further sum	50 0 0		50 0 0	.....
		2,733 1 5		
TOTAL FOR 1879 SERVICES ... £	.....	7,910 9 4	7,583 11 6	376 17 10
Services chargeable to the Account of 1880.				
No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				
COLONIAL SECRETARY.				
Contingencies—further sum ... ..	.....	397 1 11	397 1 11	.....
PARLIAMENTARY REPORTING STAFF.				
Contingencies—further sum ... ..	.....	11 12 3	11 12 3	.....
POLICE.				
Clerk, from £135 to £175, increase ... ..	.....	40 0 0	.....	40 0 0
REGISTRAR GENERAL.				
Salary of Assistant Draftsman, from 1st Sep- tember, at £200 ... ..	.....	66 13 4	66 13 4	.....
AGENT GENERAL.				
Incidental Expenses, 1879–80, further sum ...	.....	42 9 6	42 9 6	.....
CITY OF SYDNEY IMPROVEMENT BOARD.				
Contingent Expenses ... ..	.....	2 17 6	2 17 6	.....
Carried forward £	560 14 6	520 14 6	40 0 0

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1880 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

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HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 31 DEC., 1880.	UNPAID ON 31 DEC., 1880.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Services of 1880—continued.				
No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY—continued.				
Brought forward		560 14 6	520 14 6	40 0 0
CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.				
Support of Infants removed from Benevolent Asylum to Randwick Asylum, further sum...	1,457 13 1		1,457 13 1	
Outfit for Walgett Hospital	100 0 0		100 0 0	
Balranald Hospital—Aid to, on the usual conditions	500 0 0			500 0 0
Parramatta Hospital—Aid to, on the usual conditions	100 0 0			100 0 0
		2,157 13 1		
MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.				
Cost of obtaining twenty-five Plans of City of Sydney	100 0 0		100 0 0	
Expenses of Analysis and Report upon the Deodorization of Night-soil	22 1 0		22 1 0	
Electoral Lists and Rolls—Compiling and printing, further sum	3,095 5 11		3,095 5 11	
In aid of Society for Protection of Aborigines, Maloga	100 0 0		100 0 0	
Expenses connected with the representation of New South Wales at the Melbourne International Exhibition	7,901 1 5		7,063 16 11	837 4 6
H.B.M. Consul at Noumea, cost of passage to England of an Englishman found to be insane in New Caledonia	57 10 3		57 10 3	
Medical Attendance upon family of Peter Clark, at La Perouse, when suffering from diphtheria	107 2 0		107 2 0	
Warren property, Cook's River—Cost of report and valuation fee	21 0 0		21 0 0	
Expenses in connection with the settlement at Lord Howe's Island	261 9 2		261 9 2	
Expenses incurred to prevent spread of typhoid fever at Mittagong	55 4 6		55 4 6	
Travelling Expenses to England of the Hon. Saul Samuel, as Agent General	100 0 0		100 0 0	
Repairs to House at Watson's Bay, vacated by N.S.W. Artillery	30 0 0		30 0 0	
Cost of Report on the Berlin Fishery Exhibition	105 0 0		105 0 0	
Municipal Rates on Government Buildings, further sum	2,045 4 0		2,045 4 0	
		14,000 18 3		
TOTAL, COLONIAL SECRETARY	£	16,719 5 10	15,242 1 4	1,477 4 6
No. IV.—TREASURY.				
TREASURY.				
Contract Clerk, from 1st February, at £200	183 6 8		183 6 8	
STAMP DUTIES.				
Wages of Extra Stampers, &c., during pressure of business	304 10 10		304 10 10	
		487 17 6		
Carried forward	£	487 17 6	487 17 6	
Carried forward	£	16,719 5 10	15,242 1 4	1,477 4 6

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 31 DEC., 1880.	UNPAID ON 31 DEC., 1880.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Services of 1880—continued.				
Brought forward ... ..	.....	16,719 5 10	15,242 1 4	1,477 4 6
No. IV.—TREASURY—continued.				
Brought forward ... ..	.....	437 17 6	487 17 6	.....
CUSTOMS.				
Salary of Officer of Customs, Thackaringa, 28th July, at £200	85 9 8		85 9 8	.....
Salary of Acting Officer of Customs, Tathra, from 27th February, at £25	21 0 11		.....	21 0 11
Salary of Officer of Customs, Mungindi, from 23rd December, at £250	6 0 11		.....	6 0 11
Salary of Officer of Customs, Hungerford, from 11th December, at £250	14 2 3		.....	14 2 3
Salary of Locker at Cobar, from 16th November, at £250	31 5 0		31 5 0	.....
Salary of Locker at Barrangum, from 1st October, at £250	62 10 0		62 10 0	.....
Lighting Clock Tower, Customs House, New- castle	64 8 0		64 8 0	.....
Rent of Offices for Commissioners, from April to December, at £175	131 5 0		87 10 0	43 15 0
Allowances in lieu of Quarters, further sum...	4 1 5		.....	4 1 5
		420 3 2		
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.				
Purchase of Wright's Type-founding Plant ... ..	.....	325 0 0	325 0 0	.....
GLEBE ISLAND ABATTOIRS.				
Removal of blood and offal	1,843 15 4		1,843 15 4	.....
Towards Improvements... ..	10,000 0 0		7,060 8 4	2,939 11 8
		11,843 15 4		
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Postage—Public Departments—further sum...	1,192 9 3		1,192 9 3	.....
Advertising—Public Services—further sum ...	563 4 7		563 4 7	.....
Purchase of Life-boat	390 0 0		390 0 0	.....
Conveyance of Shipwrecked Crews	400 0 0		400 0 0	.....
Insurance on English Shipments	4,642 6 11		4,642 6 11	.....
Asphalting Imperial Pension Office, &c.	43 14 11		43 14 11	.....
Repairs—Manager's Office, Circular Quay ...	37 10 0		37 10 0	.....
For interest on the uninvested funds at the credit of the Government Savings Bank in the Treasury during the year 1880... ..	5,629 2 5		.....	5,629 2 5
Bank of New South Wales—				
Cost of remitting £250,000 to London	1,607 9 2		1,607 9 2	.....
Interest on Public Account	7,155 12 0		7,155 12 0	.....
Expenses of Commission of Inquiry into the Management of the Abattoirs, further sum	31 18 0		31 18 0	.....
		21,693 7 3		
TOTAL, TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE				
		34,770 3 3	26,112 8 8	8,657 14 7
Carried forward	£	51,489 9 1	41,354 10 0	10,134 19 1

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1880 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

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HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 31 DEC., 1880.	UNPAID ON 31 DEC., 1880.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Services of 1880—continued.				
Brought forward		51,489 9 1	41,354 10 0	10,134 19 1
No. V.—MINISTER OF JUSTICE.				
Brought forward				
PROTHONOTARY.				
Witnesses' Expenses—further sum		490 19 0	490 19 0	
DISTRICT COURTS.				
Registrar and Bailiff, District Court, Lismore, from 1st July, at £30 per annum each	30 0 0		10 0 0	20 0 0
Contingencies—further sum	824 10 4		824 10 4	
		854 10 4		
PETTY SESSIONS.				
Clerk of Petty Sessions, Temora, from 11th August, at £175		68 4 2	68 4 2	
TOTAL, MINISTER FOR JUSTICE ... £		1,413 13 6	1,393 13 6	20 0 0
No. VI.—ATTORNEY GENERAL.				
CROWN SOLICITOR.				
Counsels' fees, &c., in appeal to Privy Council <i>in re Turner v. Walsh</i>		200 0 0	200 0 0	
QUARTER SESSIONS.				
Contingencies, further sum		2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0	
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Cost of preparation of a Manual for the legal profession on the Equity Practice Procedure Act of 1880	31 10 0		31 10 0	
Reprint of the Statutes of the Colony	500 0 0		500 0 0	
Expenses of Inquiry into charges against District Court Judge Meymott	683 10 0		683 10 0	
		1,215 0 0		
TOTAL, ATTORNEY GENERAL ... £		3,915 0 0	3,915 0 0	
No. VII.—DEPARTMENT OF LANDS.				
DEPARTMENT OF LANDS.				
Temporary Clerks and other Contingent Expenses—further sum		1,778 11 1	1,778 11 1	
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Fees to Appraisers of Runs under Lands Acts Further Amendment Act of 1880	8,159 0 0		8,159 0 0	
Commission on the purchase of land at Haslem's Creek, including Travelling Expenses	173 13 0		173 13 0	
Fencing Public Cemeteries, further sum	482 5 0		482 5 0	
Orange Recreation Reserve—further improve- ments	200 0 0		200 0 0	
Hyde, Cook, and Phillip Parks—Improve- ments, further sum	100 0 0		100 0 0	
Compensation to T. G. Dangar for land at Narrabri	300 0 0		300 0 0	
Gratuity to the Director of the Botanic Gardens for special services in connection with the Sydney International Exhibition	250 0 0			250 0 0
		9,664 18 0		
TOTAL, MINISTER FOR LANDS ... £		11,443 9 1	11,193 9 1	250 0 0
Carried forward		68,261 11 8	57,856 12 7	10,404 19 1

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 31 DEC., 1880.	UNPAID ON 31 DEC., 1880.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Services of 1880—continued.				
Brought forward		68,261 11 8	57,856 12 7	10,404 19 1
No. VIII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.				
HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.				
Southern Breakwater, Newcastle	723 6 5		573 2 1	150 4 4
Southern Breakwater and Dyke, Clarence River	1,965 18 10		1,965 18 10	.....
Services of Tug-boat, Bellinger River	41 1 6		41 1 6	.....
		2,730 6 9		
PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS.				
Repairs, Public Buildings, further sum	7,597 18 1		7,597 18 1	.....
Repairs, Military Buildings, further sum	302 17 8		302 17 8	.....
Repairs, Telegraph Stations, further sum	3,925 2 3		3,925 2 3	.....
Gaols, Court-houses, and Lock-ups, further sum	6,773 11 11		6,773 11 11	.....
Repairs, Government Stores, Circular Quay ...	87 12 0		87 12 0	.....
Furniture and Fittings, Court-house, Bathurst	3,412 14 5		3,412 14 5	.....
New Public Buildings, Bathurst, further sum ...	60 0 0			60 0 0
Erection of Outbuildings, Art Gallery, Domain	176 10 0			176 10 0
Purchase of half an acre for Post and Telegraph Station at Gosford	40 0 0			40 0 0
Shed for Rocket Apparatus, North Beach, Newcastle	57 0 0			57 0 0
Testing Machinery for raising and depositing Sewage Matter	400 0 0			400 0 0
Erection and Repairs, Light-house, Solitary Island	5,230 16 4		5,230 16 4	.....
Site for Police Buildings, Cobargo	55 0 0		55 0 0	.....
Site for Post and Telegraph Office, Cobargo ...	100 0 0		100 0 0	.....
Additional Works, Superintendent's Residence, Gladesville Hospital	208 3 10		208 3 10	.....
Coffins for Paupers, further sum	95 15 7		95 15 7	.....
Furniture for Public Offices, further sum	1,347 8 4		1,347 8 4	.....
Police Buildings, further sum	1,055 17 2		1,055 17 2	.....
		30,926 7 7		
ROADS AND BRIDGES.				
Road, Young to Temora	250 0 0		250 0 0	.....
Bridge over Grogan's Creek	390 0 0		390 0 0	.....
Road, Cootamundry to Temora	500 0 0		118 2 8	381 17 4
		1,140 0 0		
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Gratuity to the Colonial Architect for special services in connection with the Sydney International Exhibition		500 0 0		500 0 0
TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS...£		35,296 14 4	33,531 2 8	1,765 11 8
No. IX.—POSTMASTER GENERAL.				
ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.				
Eastern Extension Australia and China Tele- graph Company (Limited),—New South Wales share of Subsidy for Quarter ended 31st January		3,470 0 4	3,470 0 4	.....
TOTAL, POSTMASTER GENERAL ... £		3,470 0 4	3,470 0 4	.....
Carried forward		107,028 6 4	94,857 15 7	12,170 10 9

SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1880 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

9

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 31 DEC., 1880.	UNPAID ON 31 DEC., 1880.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Services of 1880—continued.				
Brought forward		107,028 6 4	94,857 15 7	12,170 10 9
No. X.—SECRETARY FOR MINES.				
DEPARTMENT OF MINES.				
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Prospecting Expenses		227 0 0	227 0 0	.....
OCCUPATION OF LANDS.				
PREVENTION OF SCAB IN SHEEP.				
Inspector at Walgett, at £250, from 1st October, and £1 5s. for Stationery allowance	63 15 0		.....	63 15 0
REGISTRATION OF BRANDS.				
Deputy Registrar at Walgett, at £25, from 1st October	6 5 0		.....	6 5 0
		70 0 0		
TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR MINES ... £		297 0 0	227 0 0	70 0 0
No. XI.—MINISTER OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.				
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Additional Lecturers, Sydney University ...	1,000 0 0		500 0 0	500 0 0
To defray the proportion of the cost of Weather Telegrams between Australia and New Zealand, payable by this Colony	50 0 0		.....	50 0 0
		1,050 0 0		
TOTAL, MINISTER OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION...£		1,050 0 0	500 0 0	550 0 0
TOTAL FOR SERVICES OF 1880 ... £		108,375 6 4	95,584 15 7	12,790 10 9
<i>Add—SERVICES CHARGEABLE TO THE SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT, BROUGHT FROM PAGE 3 £</i>		27,646 19 1	27,391 10 5	255 8 8
<i>AND) SERVICES CHARGEABLE TO THE ACCOUNT OF 1879, BROUGHT FROM PAGE 4... .. £</i>		7,910 9 4	7,583 11 6	376 17 10
GRAND TOTAL... .. £		143,932 14 9	130,509 17 6	13,422 17 3

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 8th February, 1881.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURE ON ACCOUNT OF PUBLIC WORKS,
TO BE PROVIDED FOR BY LOAN.

(MESSAGE No. 14.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 16 March, 1881.

AUGUSTUS LOFTUS,

Governor.

Message No. 14.

In accordance with the provisions contained in the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends for the consideration of the Legislative Assembly the accompanying Estimate of Expenditure on account of Public Works for the year 1881, proposed to be provided for by Loan.

Government House,

Sydney, 16 March, 1881.

ESTIMATE
OF THE
EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT
OF
NEW SOUTH WALES,
ON ACCOUNT OF
PUBLIC WORKS,
FOR THE YEAR 1881,
PROPOSED TO BE
PROVIDED FOR BY LOAN.

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,
16 MARCH, 1881.



SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

[3d.]

2000

20

ESTIMATE of Expenditure on account of Public Works, proposed to be provided for by Loan.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£	£
No. IX.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.		
RAILWAYS.		
Southern and Northern Junction Railway— From Homebush to Waratah (double line), 95 miles	2,755,000	
Sydney to Wollongong and Kiama, 68 miles ...	1,020,000	
Goulburn to Cooma, <i>via</i> Tarago, Bungendore, and Queanbeyan, 130 miles... ..	1,430,000	
Albury to the river Murray (double line), in- cluding moiety of cost of constructing the Bridge, 1½ mile	80,000	
Orange to near Forbes, <i>via</i> Molong, 83 miles ...	705,500	
Narrandera to Jerilderie, 63 miles	518,000	
Cootamundra to Gundagai, 34 miles	218,000	
Murrumburrah to Blayney, 108 miles	1,260,000	
From Wagga Wagga to Albury, to complete the Line	95,000	
Alterations and Additions to Station Buildings and Siding Accommodation to meet increas- ing traffic, inclusive of payments made in 1880 in anticipation of this Vote	500,000	8,581,500
HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.		
Towards construction of Southern Breakwater, Newcastle, further sum	20,000	
Towards construction of Breakwater, Clarence River	30,000	
Towards completing Darling Harbour Wharf and Extension of Railway to deep waters of Port Jackson	60,000	
Towards Harbour Works, Lake Macquarie, further sum	20,000	130,000
ROADS AND BRIDGES.		
Bridge over Manilla River at Manilla	27,000	
Bridge over the Gwydir or Big River, at Bingera	24,000	51,000
TOTAL	£	8,762,500

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 16th March, 1881.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURE PROPOSED TO BE DEFRAYED OUT
OF THE SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT.

(MESSAGE No. 13.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 16 March, 1881.

AUGUSTUS LOFTUS,

Governor.

Message No. 13.

In accordance with the provisions contained in the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends for the consideration of the Legislative Assembly the accompanying Estimate of Expenditure on account of Services proposed to be defrayed out of the Surplus Revenue Account.

Government House,

Sydney, 16 March, 1881.

ESTIMATE
OF
EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT
OF
NEW SOUTH WALES,
ON ACCOUNT OF
**SERVICES PROPOSED TO BE DEFRAYED OUT OF THE
SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT.**

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,
16 MARCH, 1881.



SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

[3d.]

ESTIMATE of Expenditure on account of Services proposed to be defrayed out of the Surplus Revenue Account.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TOTAL.		
No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.			
MUNICIPALITIES.			
Special Grant to Country and Suburban Municipalities, equal to one-half of the total amount of the rates collected in each case for the Municipal year ended 31st January, 1881 ...	50,000	0	0
MISCELLANEOUS.			
For the purchase of lands to be set apart as places of Public Recreation in certain of the Metropolitan Suburbs and in Country Towns (Schedule of particulars of expenditure to be laid before Parliament) ...	100,000	0	0
TOTAL	£	150,000	0 0

*The Treasury, New South Wales,
16th March, 1881.*

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

Finance, 1880.

ESTIMATES

OF THE

WAYS AND MEANS

OF THE

GOVERNMENT

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR THE YEAR

1881.

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED, 10 FEBRUARY, 1881.



SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

[2s. 9d.]

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No. 1.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PAYMENTS
OUT OF THE
SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT
TO THE
31st DECEMBER, 1880,
AND THE OUTSTANDING AND FURTHER ESTIMATED CHARGES
THEREON AT THAT DATE.

Consolidated

STATEMENT SHOWING THE PAYMENTS OUT OF THE SURPLUS
AND THE OUTSTANDING AND FURTHER

Dr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	To AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS on account of the following Services, during the period from 1st January, 1879, to 31st December, 1880, viz. :—						
1	Services of 1877 and previous years	408,413	8	4			
2	Services of 1878	954,295	6	11			
3	Revenue of 1878 and previous years refunded	173,152	7	2			
4	Drawbacks and refund of Duties of 1878 and previous years	17,851	12	2			
5	Charges on Collections of same	4,766	9	5			
6	International Exhibition Building under the Acts 42 Vic. Nos. 6 and 17	100,000	0	0			
7	Public Works and other Services authorized under the following Acts to be defrayed out of the Surplus Revenue Account, as per statement marked C, pages 59 and 61, viz. :—						
	43 Vic. No. 10	457,260	9	11			
	44 Vic. No. 4	101,835	13	3			
8	Cost of Land resumed under the "Macquarie-street Land Resumption Act" (43 Vic. No. 9), provided for by the Supply Act, 43 Vic. No. 26	59,857	4	1			
9	Special Endowments to Municipalities under the Act 44 Vic. No. 15	41,164	1	8			
					2,318,596	12	11
	To AMOUNT OF OUTSTANDING LIABILITIES on the Surplus Revenue Account, on 30th September, 1880, viz. :—						
10	Appropriations for Services of 1877, as per statement marked B, page 27	10,761	19	7			
11	Appropriations for Services of 1878, as per same statement, page 27	63,687	12	8			
12	Appropriations for Public Works and other Services authorized under the Acts 43 Vic. No. 10 and 44 Vic. No. 4, as per statement marked C, page 61	885,731	9	6			
					960,181	1	9
13	To AMOUNT PAYABLE FOR COMPENSATION for Land resumed under the "Rushcutters' Bay Resumption Act of 1878," and for charges connected therewith				16,811	0	0
14	To AMOUNT OF SERVICES ON THE SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES now before the Legislative Assembly chargeable to this Account				27,646	19	1
15	To AMOUNT OF ESTIMATED DEFICIENCY on the Revenue of 1879, as shown on Account No. 2				382,388	0	2
	TOTAL AUTHORIZED AND ESTIMATED CHARGES	£			3,705,623	13	11
16	To ESTIMATED REMAINING BALANCE OR SURPLUS				319,981	11	4
	TOTAL	£			4,025,605	5	3

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

1.

Revenue Fund.

REVENUE ACCOUNT TO THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1880,
ESTIMATED CHARGES THEREON AT THAT DATE.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	By CASH BALANCE at the credit of the CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND, on 31st December, 1878... ..	.....	1,922,783 19 6
2	By AMOUNT of ADVANCES to the GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT, repaid between 1st January, 1879, and 31st December, 1880 ... ..	.....	1,484,562 1 5
3	By AMOUNT Advanced from the CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND, under a Vote of 1878, for the completion of the Line of Railway to Wagga Wagga, recovered from the Vote taken for the purpose under the Loan Act 43 Vic. No. 11 ... ..	.....	66,738 16 6
4	By AMOUNT of the TREASURER'S ADVANCE VOTE for 1878, recouped in full on the 31st December, 1879 .....	.....	60,000 0 0
5	By PAYMENTS for DOUBLING GREAT WESTERN LINE OF RAILWAY between Parramatta Junction and Parramatta, repaid from LOAN VOTES ... ..	.....	26,032 9 3
	TOTAL CASH ASSETS ... £ .....	.....	3,560,167 6 8
6	By AMOUNT of ADVANCES to the GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT remaining unpaid on the 31st December, 1880 ... ..	.....	465,437 18 7
	TOTAL ... .. £ .....	.....	4,025,605 5 3

JAMES THOMSON,
Consulting Accountant.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. 2.

ACCOUNT

OF THE

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

FOR THE YEAR

1879.

Consolidated

ACCOUNT OF REVENUE

Dr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	To CHARGES ON THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND, as follows, viz. :—		
	General Services as per Appropriation Act 43 Vic. No. 10 (exclusive of the Treasurer's Advance Vote of £100,000)	4,148,449 0 0	
	Provided by Constitutional and Colonial Acts	46,237 11 2	
	Special Appropriations	798,000 0 0	
			4,992,686 11 2
2	To Amount appropriated under the Act 42 Vic. No. 24 for Tramway from Redfern to Hunter-street		14,000 0 0
3	To Amount of Supplementary Appropriations for Services of 1879, as per Appropriation Act 44 Vic. No. 4		177,060 8 3
4	To Additional Special Appropriations—		
	Interest on Debentures, further sum	683 10 2	
	International Exhibition—Expenses of the Commissioners during the year 1879 under the Act 43 Vic. No. 8	25,186 13 4	
	Expenses of the Returning Officers of the Electoral Districts of the Colony, further sum	915 19 5	
	Preliminary Expenses of Municipal Institutions	199 19 11	
	Schedule B—Pensions to Superannuated Officers, further sum	309 13 8	
	Temporary Judge, Supreme Court, from 9th August to 31st December, at £2,000	790 1 4	
	Commissioners of Customs (6 months)	300 0 0	
	Refunds under the Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873	247 18 9	
			28,633 16 7
5	Less Amount of Appropriations for Services of 1879 estimated as not likely to be required, as per Statement attached, marked C, page 55		5,212,380 16 0
			362,843 16 3
			4,849,536 19 9
6	To Amount of Services on the Supplementary Estimate now before the Legislative Assembly, chargeable to this Account		7,910 9 4
	TOTAL CHARGES FOR 1879	£	4,857,447 9 1

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

2.

Revenue Fund.

AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1879.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	By AMOUNT OF REVENUE AND RECEIPTS for the Year 1879, as per annexed Statement marked A:—		
	Taxation	1,272,721 2 11	
	Land Revenue—		
	Sales £1,215,700 11 2		
	Annual Revenue 416,323 18 8		
		<hr/> 1,632,024 9 5	
	Receipts for Services rendered	1,328,302 0 10	
	General Miscellaneous Receipts	248,617 19 11	
			<hr/> 4,481,665 13 1
	Less—Advances repaid carried to the credit of Appropriations		6,606 4 2
			<hr/> 4,475,059 8 11
2	By Amount of estimated deficiency for the year 1879, charged to the Surplus Revenue Account		382,388 0 2
	TOTAL	<hr/> <hr/> £	<hr/> <hr/> 4,857,447 9 1

JAMES THOMSON,
Consulting Accountant.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

No. 3.

ACCOUNT

OF THE

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

OF THE

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND OF NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR THE YEAR

1880.

Consolidated

ACCOUNT OF THE REVENUE AND

Dr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	To CHARGES ON THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND as follows, viz. :—						
1	General Services (exclusive of the Vote of £100,000 for the Treasurer's Advance Account, which forms no permanent charge on the Revenue), as per Appropriation Act, 44 Vic. No. 4 ...	4,068,533	15	8			
2	Provided by Constitutional and Colonial Acts ...	45,886	17	10			
3	Special Appropriations ...	972,200	0	0	5,086,620	13	6
	<i>Less</i> Amount of Appropriations for Services of 1880, estimated as not likely to be required ...				350,000	0	0
					4,736,620	13	6
4	To Additional Special Appropriations :—						
	Preliminary Expenses of Municipalities ...	94	14	0			
	Interest on the Metropolitan Guaranteed Loan of £75,000 ...	3,300	0	0			
	Charges on Collections, further sum ...	13	19	11			
	Expenses of Returning Officers, further sum ...	4,379	10	0			
	Refunds under the Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873 ...	1,922	11	9			
					9,710	15	8
					4,746,331	9	2
5	To Amount of Supplementary Estimate for Services of 1880 now before the Legislative Assembly ...				108,375	6	4
					4,854,706	15	6
6	To Estimated Surplus ...				49,510	0	8
	TOTAL ...				£ 4,904,216	16	2

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

No. 4.

ACCOUNT

OF THE

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND OF NEW SOUTH WALES,

SHOWING THE PROPOSED EXPENDITURE IN RELATION TO THE
ESTIMATED INCOME,

FOR THE YEAR

1881.

4.

Revenue Fund.

EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1881.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	By AMOUNT OF REVENUE AND RECEIPTS for the year 1881, as per Statement attached, marked A, viz. :-		
	Taxation	1,594,900 0 0	
	Land Revenue—		
	Sales £ 1,196,000 0 0		
	Annual Revenue 615,800 0 0		
		<hr/> 1,811,800 0 0	
	Receipts for Services rendered	1,811,375 0 0	
	General Miscellaneous Receipts	222,595 0 0	
			5,440,670 0 0
	TOTAL	£	5,440,670 0 0

JAMES THOMSON,
Consulting Accountant.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

A.

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT showing the ACTUAL REVENUE of the Years 1879 and 1880, and the ESTIMATED REVENUE for the Year 1881.

Page.	Head of Receipt.	Revenue, 1879.	Revenue, 1880.	Estimated Revenue 1881.
	Taxation.	£	£	£
18	Customs.	1,111,531	1,188,930	1,273,900
18	Duty on Refined Sugar and Molasses ..	40,225	36,510	40,000
18	Duty on Spirits distilled in the Colony ..	3,845	7,353	7,000
18	Stamps	1,840	72,303	160,000
18	Duty on Gold	3,420	.....	.....
18	Licenses.	111,860	112,197	114,000
	Total Taxation	1,272,721	1,417,293	1,594,900
	Land Revenue.			
18	SALES	1,215,701	1,177,393	1,196,000
	ANNUAL LAND REVENUE—			
19	* Interest on Land conditionally purchased	170,986	204,634	230,000
19	Pastoral Occupation	210,833	222,624	34,400
19	Mining Occupation	13,933	20,310	18,100
19	Miscellaneous Land Receipts	20,571	21,371	22,300
		416,323	468,939	615,800
	Total Land Revenue	1,632,024	1,646,332	1,811,800
	Receipts for Services rendered.			
19	Railway and Tramway Receipts	976,898	1,189,564	1,365,000
19	Post Office	259,170	286,134	305,250
19	Mint Receipts	9,370	10,213	10,000
19	Fees for Escort and Conveyance of Gold ..	1,328	1,303	1,300
19	Pilotage, Harbour, and Light Rates and Fees	32,902	26,038	30,000
19	Registration of Brands	843	845	925
19	School Fees under the Public Instruction Act of 1880 .. .. .	.....	27,552	45,000
19	Fees of Office	47,791	52,359	53,900
	Total Receipts for Services rendered ..	1,328,302	1,594,068	1,811,375
	General Miscellaneous Receipts.			
20	Rents, exclusive of Land	10,869	37,349	43,595
20	Fines and Forfeitures	10,092	12,482	12,300
20	Unclassified Receipts.	227,657	204,467	166,700
	Total Miscellaneous Receipts.	248,618	254,298	222,595
	Grand Totals	£ 4,481,665	4,911,991	5,440,670

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

REVENUE DETAILED.

Head of Receipt.	Revenue, 1879.	Revenue, 1880.	Estimated Revenue of 1881.
	£	£	£
Taxation.			
CUSTOMS—			
Spirits	522,592	600,336	625,000
Wine	34,875	41,239	45,000
Alc and Beer	37,603	31,703	30,000
Tobacco and Cigars	93,532	97,398	100,000
Tea	83,707	74,217	85,000
Sugar and Molasses	69,278	60,170	60,000
Coffee and Chicory... ..	9,086	10,993	11,000
Opium	10,466	10,936	10,500
Malt... ..	6,980	6,372	7,500
Hops	6,328	7,052	8,500
Rice... ..	13,537	10,341	12,000
Dried Fruits	32,341	37,094	40,000
Specific Duties	170,200	179,095	185,000
Bonded Warehouses, 20 Vic. No. 21	6,202	6,011	6,500
Rent of Goods in Queen's Warehouses, &c.	608	315	400
	1,097,335	1,173,272	1,226,400
Cash Payments by the Government of South Australia	14,196	15,658	47,500
	1,111,531	1,188,930	1,273,900
DUTY ON REFINED SUGAR AND MOLASSES	40,225	36,510	40,000
DUTY ON SPIRITS DISTILLED IN THE COLONY	3,845	7,353	7,000
STAMPS	1,340	72,303	160,000
DUTY ON GOLD	3,420	.....	.....
LICENSES—			
Wholesale Spirit-dealers	6,082	4,521	5,000
Auctioneers	2,510	2,507	2,800
Retail Fermented and Spirituous Liquors	94,906	96,496	97,000
Billiard and Bagatelle Licenses	4,520	4,555	5,000
Distillers and Rectifiers	97	95	100
Hawkers and Pedlars	1,698	1,728	1,750
Pawnbrokers	552	750	750
Colonial Wine, Cider, and Perry Licenses	582	594	600
Licenses under the Gunpowder Act of 1873	402	414	400
All other Licenses... ..	511	537	600
	111,860	112,197	114,000
TOTAL TAXATION £	1,272,721	1,417,293	1,594,900

REVENUE DETAILED—continued.

Head of Receipt.	Revenue of 1879.	Revenue of 1880.	Estimated Revenue of 1881.
Land Revenue.	£	£	£
SALES—			
Auction Sales	698,981	435,572	450,000
Improved Purchases, &c.	156,471	245,094	226,000
Selections after Auction	66	42,363	50,000
Provisional Pre-emptive Right Sales	4,743	5,799	.....
Deposits on Conditional Purchases	231,116	293,113	275,000
Instalments on Conditional Purchases	87,293	113,603	150,000
Balances on Conditional Purchases	37,031	41,849	45,000
TOTAL REVENUE FROM LAND SALES £	1,215,701	1,177,393	1,196,000
Annual Land Revenue.			
INTEREST ON LAND CONDITIONALLY PURCHASED.	170,986	204,634	230,000
PASTORAL OCCUPATION—			
Rent of Annual Leases	51,650	55,415	55,000
Rent of Runs	158,256	165,968	290,000
Assessment on Runs	520	310	200
Quit Rents	407	931	200
	210,833	222,624	345,400
MINING OCCUPATION—			
Mineral Leases	5,570	9,569	6,200
Mineral Licenses	368	1,432	1,300
Leases of Auriferous Lands	3,290	2,422	2,500
Miners' Rights	4,211	6,110	5,500
Business Licenses	494	777	600
Other Receipts ... ..	.....	.....	2,000
	13,933	20,310	18,100
MISCELLANEOUS LAND RECEIPTS—			
Licenses to cut Timber, &c.	6,320	6,668	7,000
Fees on Transfer of Runs... ..	964	1,366	1,300
Fees on Preparation and Enrolment of Title-deeds	6,128	5,253	6,000
All other Receipts... ..	7,159	8,084	8,000
	20,571	21,371	22,300
TOTAL LAND REVENUE £	1,632,024	1,646,332	1,811,800

REVENUE DETAILED—*continued.*

Head of Receipt.	Revenue of 1879.	Revenue of 1880.	Estimated Revenue of 1881.
	£	£	£
Receipts for Services rendered.			
RAILWAY RECEIPTS	976,898	1,189,564	1,365,000
POST OFFICE—			
Postage	168,310	191,217	207,000
Telegraph Receipts	84,455	87,325	90,000
Commission on Money Orders	6,405	7,592	8,250
	259,170	286,134	305,250
MINT RECEIPTS	9,370	10,213	10,000
FEEs FOR ESCORT AND CONVEYANCE OF GOLD ...	1,328	1,363	1,300
PILOTAGE, HARBOUR, AND LIGHT RATES AND FEES	32,902	26,038	30,000
REGISTRATION OF BRANDS	843	845	925
SCHOOL FEES UNDER THE PUBLIC INSTRUCTION ACT OF 1880 ... ..	.....	27,552	45,000
FEES OF OFFICE—			
Certificates of Naturalization	100	95	100
Registrar General	14,296	18,317	20,000
Prothonotary of Supreme Court	3,948	4,117	4,300
Master in Equity	697	745	800
Curator of Intestate Estates	380	816	700
Insolvent Court	2,569	2,524	2,000
Sheriff	973	976	1,000
District Courts	5,533	4,671	5,000
Courts of Petty Sessions	5,722	5,885	6,000
Shipping Masters	2,532	2,281	2,500
Slaughtering Fees, Glebe Island Abattoir ...	2,036	2,419	2,500
Other Fees	9,005	9,513	9,000
	47,791	52,359	53,900
TOTAL RECEIPTS FOR SERVICES RENDERED £	1,328,302	1,594,068	1,811,375

REVENUE DETAILED—*continued.*

Head of Receipt.	Revenue of 1879.	Revenue of 1880.	Estimated Revenue of 1881.
	£	£	£
General Miscellaneous Receipts.			
RENTS, EXCLUSIVE OF LAND—			
Tolls and Ferries	618	17,328	17,000
Wharfs	7,670	13,538	20,000
Government Buildings and Premises	80	2,607	2,500
Glebe Island Abattoir	2,501	2,556	2,695
Glebe Island Bridge ... ..	.....	1,320	1,400
	10,869	37,349	43,595
FINES AND FORFEITURES—			
Sheriff	247	598	600
Courts of Petty Sessions	8,931	10,094	10,000
Unauthorized Occupation of Crown Lands	209	319	400
Crown's Share of Seizures, &c.	76	277	300
Confiscated and Unclaimed Property	187	443	400
Other Fines	442	751	600
	10,092	12,482	12,300
UNCLASSIFIED RECEIPTS—			
Sale of Government Property	3,667	8,738	9,000
Support of Patients in Lunatic Asylums	2,216	4,558	5,000
Collections by Government Printer	4,918	5,173	5,000
Store Rent of Gunpowder, &c.	2,393	2,400	2,500
Value of Articles manufactured by Prisoners in Gaol, &c.	21,110	9,808	15,000
Fees on presenting Private Bills to Parliament and on Letters of Registration	1,589	2,135	2,200
Interest on Bank Deposits	89,999	78,243	50,000
Fitz Roy Dry Dock Receipts	2,094	1,352	1,500
Assessment on Sugar Refinery	1,250	1,250	1,500
International Exhibition Receipts	25,187	18,677	.....
Other Receipts	73,284	72,133	75,000
	227,657	204,467	166,700
TOTAL, GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS £	248,618	254,298	222,595
Grand Totals £	4,481,665	4,911,991	5,440,670

B.

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.

STATEMENT of Votes and Balances of Votes of 1877 and 1878 remaining unexpended on 31st December, 1880, retained for Expenditure during 1881.

Ledger Folios.	Head of Service.	Amount.
SERVICES OF 1877.		£ s. d.
101	Two Torpedo Boats	654 8 1
1	Towards continuing Sea Wall from Botanic Gardens to Macquarie Point ...	207 6 7
3	Wharf at Copmanhurst	194 4 0
5	Wharf at Croki, Manning River	799 3 0
7	Towards continuing Sea Wall from Botanic Gardens to Macquarie Point.— Re-vote	145 11 1
9	For the erection of an Additional Building at the Hospital for Insane, Gladesville, to accommodate 150 Patients.—Re-vote	1,007 9 6
11	Erection of Post Office, West Maitland, including Re-vote, 1875	200 0 0
12	Erection of a Gaol, Wentworth.—Re-vote	2,000 0 0
14	Additions to Gaol at Albury.—Re-vote	2,300 0 0
15	Bridge at Mungindi and Goondawindi, M'Intyre River (one moiety, the other to be contributed by the Queensland Government).—Re-vote	1,292 6 10
19	Bridge over the Hunter at Muswellbrook.—Re-vote	141 5 0
21	Bridge at Balranald.—Re-vote	1,457 1 8
25	Bridge over the Shoalhaven at Nowra	363 3 10
TOTAL SERVICES OF 1877		£ 10,761 19 7
SERVICES OF 1878.		
123	Mines—Assisted prospecting	1,687 6 5
29	Further towards extension of Northern Breakwater, Clarence River	95 4 10
30	Towards construction of Breakwater, Shellharbour	13 5 5
31	Public Wharf, Cape Hawke	170 3 4
32	Enclosure, Flagstaff Hill Reserve... ..	750 0 0
34	Erection of a Watch-house at Stockton	1,150 0 0
36	Towards completion of Public Offices for Lands Department, further sum ...	10,305 0 0
40	For erection of a new Light-house and Quarters at South Head	10,514 14 4
44	For the erection of Temporary Buildings at the Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta, further sum	575 2 6
46	For the erection of a Court-house and Lock-up at Tenterfield... ..	432 0 0
47	For the erection of an Additional Building to contain 150 patients at the Hospital for Insane, Gladesville, further sum	3,683 11 4
51	Solitary Island Light-house, further sum... ..	2,785 19 1
53	Post and Telegraph Office, Menindie, further sum	500 0 0
54	For erection of Police Station, Lock-up, and Stable at Urana... ..	350 0 0
55	Post and Telegraph Office at Forbes, further sum	530 0 0
56	For the erection of a Court-house at Denman	275 0 0
57	For the erection of a Post and Telegraph Office at Narrandera	700 0 0
58	Nowra Bridge	2,994 2 1
Railways:—		
125	Extension of present Machine-shops and Engine-sheds, Sydney	359 3 7
127	Additional Engine-sheds and Machine-shops at Penrith, Bathurst, and Goulburn... ..	8,582 14 10
131	Additional Workshops and Sheds at Honeysuckle Point	4,568 2 2
135	Renewing Richmond Line with 70-lb. steel rails, and ballasting with stone	10,419 3 8
139	Re-vote of 1876—Railway Foot Passenger Bridges across Railway at Sydney, Newtown, and Parramatta Junction	472 19 2
141	Working Expenses and Widening Bridges	1,773 19 11
TOTAL SERVICES OF 1878		£ 63,687 12 8

C.

STATEMENT showing the APPROPRIATIONS in DETAIL for the Service of the Year 1879; the EXPENDITURE therefrom to the 31st December, 1880; and the BALANCES on that date written off or retained for future expenditure.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.		Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.		Balances			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
	No. I.								
	Schedule A	18,050	0 0	18,033	17 3	16	2 9		
	Schedule A—Supplement	4,640	1 4	4,640	1 4				
	Schedule B—								
	Pensions to Judges	2,450	0 0	1,926	17 4	523	2 8		
	Political Officers	2,900	0 0	1,986	0 5	913	19 7		
	Superannuated Officers	2,481	16 10	2,481	16 10				
1	Schedule B—Supplement	2,135	0 0	1,979	0 0	156	0 0		
	Schedule C—								
	Church of England	9,190	17 6	8,168	16 1	1,022	1 5		
	Presbyterian Church	1,702	0 0	1,702	0 0				
	Wesleyan Methodist Church	1,372	10 6	1,372	10 4	0	0 2		
	Roman Catholic Church... ..	4,550	0 0	4,353	15 2	196	4 10		
	No. II.								
2	His Excellency the Governor	1,955	0 0	1,856	13 0	98	7 0		
3	Executive Council	928	0 0	927	19 6	0	0 6		
4	Legislative Council	6,103	0 0	5,924	3 5	177	10 7	1	6 0
5	Legislative Assembly	9,230	0 0	8,589	0 3	640	19 9		
6	Legislative Council and Assembly	2,000	0 0	1,924	3 9	75	16 3		
7	Parliamentary Library	1,520	0 0	926	5 1	175	0 0	418	14 11
	No. III.								
8	Colonial Secretary	5,068	14 11	5,008	10 5	60	4 6		
	Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces:—								
9	General Staff	2,995	0 0	2,955	5 10	39	14 2		
10	Artillery Force	35,133	0 0	33,472	13 5	1,660	6 7		
11	Works of Defence	706	0 0	509	11 7	196	8 5		
12	Volunteer Force... ..	39,407	0 0	25,790	14 3	10,999	15 9	2,616	10 0
13	Naval Brigade	5,815	0 0	5,219	2 9	595	17 3		
14	Police	207,886	0 0	205,166	4 5	2,719	15 7		
	Prisons:—								
15	General Establishment	1,955	0 0	1,918	17 0	36	3 0		
16	Sydney Gaol	1,635	0 0	1,618	6 8	16	13 4		
17	Parramatta Gaol	905	0 0	905	0 0				
18	Bathurst Gaol	417	0 0	417	0 0				
19	Maitland Gaol	480	0 0	480	0 0				
20	Goulburn Gaol	417	0 0	417	0 0				
21	Berrima Gaol	657	0 0	657	0 0				
22	Albury Gaol	200	0 0	200	0 0				
23	Grafton Gaol	215	0 0	200	0 0	15	0 0		
24	Mudgee Gaol	237	0 0	236	14 1	0	5 11		
25	Armidale Gaol	222	0 0	222	0 0				
26	Wagga Wagga Gaol	200	0 0	200	0 0				
27	Yass Gaol	210	0 0	210	0 0				
28	Deniliquin Gaol	200	0 0	200	0 0				
29	Young Gaol	237	0 0	237	0 0				
30	Police Gaols—Country Districts	880	0 0	701	6 8	178	13 4		
31	Gaols generally	69,427	0 0	68,140	11 5	1,227	3 6	59	5 1
	Lunatic Asylums, being—								
32	Board of Visitors	350	0 0	350	0 0				
33	Asylums generally	1,256	0 0	1,117	3 6	138	16 6		
	Carried forward	£ 448,319	1 1	423,343	1 9	21,880	8 4	3,095	16 0

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances			
				Written off.		Retained.	
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	448,319 1 1	423,343 1 9	21,880 3 4		3,095 16 0	
No. III—continued.							
<i>Lunatic Asylums—continued.</i>							
34	Hospital for the Insane, Gladesville	20,375 0 0	17,975 3 4	2,399 16 8			
35	Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta	21,911 0 0	17,908 7 2	4,002 12 10			
36	Lunatic Reception House, Darlinghurst	1,135 0 0	1,018 12 7	116 7 5			
37	Asylum for Imbeciles and Institutions for Idiots, Newcastle	6,262 0 0	5,314 4 4	947 15 8			
38	Callan Park	4,731 0 0	2,594 18 11	2,136 1 1			
39	Temporary Lunatic Asylum, Cooma	3,396 0 0	3,048 10 8	347 9 4			
40	Lunatic Patients	9,000 0 0	7,836 17 1	1,163 2 11			
41	Medical Board	44 0 0	44 0 0				
42	Medical Adviser, Vaccination, Medical Officers	7,740 0 0	6,759 19 9	980 0 3			
43	Department of Audit	6,945 0 0	6,923 4 0	21 16 0			
	Registrar of Copyright	150 0 0	107 0 9	42 19 3			
44	Registrar General	16,909 2 6	16,682 4 3	226 18 3			
45	Agent General for the Colony	3,000 0 0	2,650 0 0	350 0 0			
46	Immigration	76,076 0 0	75,800 7 10	275 12 2			
	<i>Industrial Schools:—</i>						
47	Nautical School Ship "Vernon"	3,665 0 0	3,373 4 8	291 15 4			
48	Biloela Industrial School for Girls, Parramatta River	2,322 0 0	2,257 14 0	64 6 0			
49	Biloela Reformatory for Girls, Parramatta River	379 0 0	268 2 2	110 17 10			
50	Reformatory for Boys	104 0 0	104 0 0				
	City of Sydney Improvement Board	134 0 9	134 0 9				
	<i>Charitable Institutions:—</i>						
51	Inspector of Public Charities	650 0 0	551 14 11	98 5 1			
52	Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute	19,455 0 0	18,294 5 1	1,160 14 11			
53	Erysipelas Hospital and Branch Asylum for the infirm and Destitute	3,562 0 0	3,407 18 5	154 1 7			
	<i>Charitable Allowances:—</i>						
54	For the support of Paupers in the Sydney Infirmity and Hospitals	7,000 0 0	6,180 6 3	819 13 9			
55	Salaries of Lady Superintendent and five Nursing Sisters	600 0 0	600 0 0				
56	In aid of the Sydney Infirmity and Dispensary, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions	3,500 0 0	3,124 19 3	375 0 9			
57	First instalment of a proposed contribution of £25,000 towards the rebuilding of the Sydney Infirmity on the same conditions	12,500 0 0	12,500 0 0				
58	For the support of Women and Children in the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney	4,208 0 0	4,208 0 0				
59	In aid of the Funds of the Benevolent Society, Sydney, on condition of an equal amount being raised by voluntary contributions	500 0 0	500 0 0				
60	In aid of the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick, on condition of £2,000 being raised by private contributions	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0				
61	For the support of Infants removed from the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney, to the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick	8,077 6 9	8,077 6 9				
	Carried forward	£ 696,649 11 1	655,588 4 8	37,965 10 5		3,095 16 0	

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	696,649 11 1	655,588 4 8	37,965 10 5	3,095 16 0
	No. III—continued.				
	<i>Charitable Allowances—continued.</i>				
62	In aid of the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Institution, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions	450 0 0	450 0 0	.....	.....
63	In aid of the erection of an additional wing for hospital and workshop in connection with the New South Wales Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
64	The Prince Albert Memorial Hospital at Tenterfield for improvements and additions to the building	600 0 0	600 0 0	.....	.....
65	Goulburn Hospital—enlargement and improvement	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
66	West Maitland Benevolent Asylum—Outfit	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
67	Randwick Asylum—erection of Reception House	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
	In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, on condition that an equal amount be raised by private contributions, and also of the Government through Police Magistrates or other approved officers, having the right of admission of patients, viz. :—				
68	Industrial Blind Institution, Sydney ..	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
69	Albury Hospital and Benevolent Society	570 13 10	570 13 10	.....	.....
70	Bega Hospital and Benevolent Society	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0	.....
71	Gundagai Benevolent Society	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....
72	Maitland (West) Benevolent Society	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....
73	Narrabri Benevolent Asylum and Hospital	400 0 0	400 0 0	.....	.....
74	Parramatta Benevolent Society	175 0 0	88 9 6	86 10 6	.....
75	Singleton and Patrick's Plains Benevolent Society	500 0 0	217 14 0	282 6 0	.....
76	Tamworth Benevolent Society	300 0 0	253 2 6	46 17 6	.....
77	Additional Building Accommodation at the Infants Home, Ashfield	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
78	Braidwood Hospital—repairs and alterations	75 0 0	60 7 3	14 12 9	.....
79	Murrurundi Hospital—improvements, additions, and alterations	500 0 0	.....	500 0 0	.....
80	Wilcannia Hospital—building fund... ..	500 0 0	398 3 8	101 16 4	.....
81	Back Creek Hospital—maintenance... ..	400 0 0	132 11 6	267 8 6	.....
82	Hospital for Sick Children—towards the purchase of building and first year's expenses	4,250 0 0	4,250 0 0	.....	.....
	Dead House and Bath Room, Muswellbrook	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....
	In aid of the undermentioned Hospitals on same conditions viz. :—				
83	Adelong	75 0 0	.....	75 0 0	.....
84	Araluen	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....
85	Armidale and New England	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....
86	Balranald... ..	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....
87	Bathurst	750 0 0	750 0 0	.....	.....
88	Braidwood	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
89	Bourke	413 0 0	413 0 0	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£ 714,558 4 11	671,772 6 11	39,690 2 0	3,095 16 0

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.		Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.		Balances			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
	Brought forward	714,558	4 11	671,772	6 11	39,690	2 0	3,095	16 0
No. III—continued.									
Charitable Allowances—continued.									
90	Carcoar	200	0 0	200	0 0				
91	Cooma	300	0 0	214	13 5	85	6 7		
92	Deniliquin	600	0 0	590	12 5	9	7 7		
93	Dubbo	400	0 0	266	7 4	133	12 8		
94	Forbes	500	0 0	299	5 3	200	14 9		
95	Glen Innes	400	0 0	363	7 0	36	13 0		
96	Goulburn	300	0 0	200	12 8	99	7 4		
97	Grafton	500	0 0	432	2 5	67	17 7		
98	Grenfell	200	0 0			200	0 0		
99	Gulgong	500	0 0	194	19 4	305	0 8		
100	Gundagai	100	0 0	98	11 6	1	8 6		
101	Hay	1,000	0 0	583	19 9	416	0 3		
102	Hill End	250	0 0	141	5 3	108	14 4		
103	Inverell	500	0 0	223	1 0	276	19 0		
104	Kiandra	100	0 0			100	0 0		
105	Maitland	600	0 0	598	2 2	1	17 10		
106	Menindee	250	0 0			250	0 0		
107	Mudgee	300	0 0	272	4 11	27	15 1		
108	Murrurundi	400	0 0	338	2 5	61	17 7		
109	Muswellbrook	200	0 0	95	16 0	104	4 0		
110	Newcastle	750	0 0	750	0 0				
111	Orange	500	0 0	311	10 0	188	10 0		
112	Parkes	500	0 0	283	7 10	216	12 2		
113	Parramatta	250	0 0	250	0 0				
114	Port Stephens	100	0 0			100	0 0		
115	Queanbeyan	100	0 0	59	8 0	40	12 0		
116	Scone	200	0 0	200	0 0				
117	Sofala	100	0 0	30	15 6	69	4 6		
118	Tenterfield	200	0 0	169	17 11	30	2 1		
119	Warialda	250	0 0	130	1 8	119	18 4		
120	Wagga Wagga	600	0 0	367	10 5	232	9 7		
121	Wellington	200	0 0	180	5 0	19	15 0		
122	Wilcannia	200	0 0			200	0 0		
123	Windsor	200	0 0	200	0 0				
124	Wollongong	200	0 0	130	11 6	69	8 6		
125	Yass	100	0 0	100	0 0				
126	Young	300	0 0	173	14 0	126	6 0		
127	Towards erection of Kitchen and Officer's Quarters Grafton Hospital (unconditional grant)	500	0 0	500	0 0				
128	In aid of the Building Fund, Bathurst Hospital, on the usual conditions	2,000	0 0	1,512	11 0	487	9 0		
129	To cover the cost of effecting certain necessary and urgently required additions, Glen Innes Hospital (unconditional grant)	1,000	0 0	1,000	0 0				
130	In aid of additions to Inverell Hospital on usual conditions	250	0 0			250	0 0		
131	Outfit of Grafton Hospital	100	0 0	100	0 0				
132	Outfit for the Maitland Hospital	200	0 0	200	0 0				
133	In aid of the Building Fund of the Brewarrina Hospital on the usual conditions	1,200	0 0	317	2 0	882	18 0		
134	In aid of the Building Fund of the Balranald Hospital on the usual conditions	1,000	0 0	1,000	0 0				
	Carried forward	£ 733,158	4 11	684,852	5 0	45,210	3 0	3,095	16 0

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated:	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	733,158 4 11	684,852 5 0	45,210 3 11	3,095 16 0
	No. III—continued.				
	<i>Charitable Allowances—continued.</i>				
135	Towards purchasing some necessary furniture for the Wellington Hospital on the usual conditions	100 0 0	66 1 10	33 18 2	.....
	<i>Miscellaneous Services :—</i>				
136	Municipal Council, Sydney, in aid of the City Funds	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	.....	.....
137	For defraying Expenses of the Returning Officers of the several Electoral Districts	600 0 0	600 0 0	.....	.....
138	Expense of compiling and printing Electoral Lists and Electoral Rolls	1,813 5 0	1,813 5 0	.....	.....
139	Newspapers and Almanacs	300 0 0	69 0 0	231 0 0	.....
140	Burial of destitute persons in cases where Inquests are not held	400 0 0	334 17 2	65 2 10	.....
141	Maintenance of Deserted Children, Paupers taken charge of for protection, expenses of transmission, &c.	400 0 0	271 5 8	125 4 4	3 10 0
142	Fees for examining Lunatics	350 0 0	252 1 0	97 19 0	.....
143	Rewards for apprehension of Offenders	649 2 0	589 10 0	59 12 0	.....
144	Rent of furnished House for the Commodore commanding the Naval Squadron on this Station	500 0 0	300 0 0	200 0 0	.....
145	In aid of the Agricultural Societies of the Colony, to be distributed <i>pro rata</i> , on condition of an equal amount being raised by private annual subscriptions from the members of such Societies	5,000 0 0	4,935 17 4	64 2 8	.....
146	Towards the building of New Show-yards for the use of the Albury and Border Pastoral Agricultural and Horticultural Society, on condition that an equal amount be raised by private contributions	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....	.....
147	To complete the improvements of that portion of the old Military Cricket Ground which has been appropriated to the use of the Defences Forces	175 0 0	175 0 0	.....	.....
148	Goodenough Royal Naval House	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
149	In aid of the funds of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....	.....
150	Gratuity to the Widow of Private Plummer, Volunteer Force	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
151	In aid of the Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
152	For the erection of a Memorial over the grave in the Dubbo Cemetery of the late Senior-Sergeant Wallings, who was shot whilst in the execution of his duty	30 0 0	30 0 0	.....	.....
153	Site for a Police Station, North Wagga Wagga	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
154	Site for a Lock-up, Hamilton	400 0 0	245 0 0	155 0 0	.....
155	Site for a Police Station, Wickham	230 0 0	230 0 0	.....	.....
156	Site for a Police Station, Tighe's Hill	320 0 0	320 0 0	.....	.....
157	Expenses of Inquiry concerning quality of Food supplied to certain Public Establishments	98 0 0	.....	98 0 0	.....
158	To introduce the system of Boarding-out destitute Children under a Committee of Ladies	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£ 755,423 11 11	705,984 3 0	46,340 2 11	3,099 6 0

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	755,423 11 11.	705,984 3 0	46,340 2 11	3,099 6 0
	No. III—continued.				
	<i>Miscellaneous Services—continued.</i>				
159	New Lunacy Act—Expenses under	1,250 0 0	770 16 7	479 3 5	.....
	To pay Mr. Wilkinson for supplying Professor Liversidge's place during his absence as a Commissioner at the Paris Exhibition	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
	In aid of the New South Wales Zoological Society, payable in the proportion of one pound for every pound raised by private contribution	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
	Compensation for Clothing and Bedding destroyed at Jear Station, county of Murray, to prevent the spread of small-pox	38 8 0	38 8 0	.....	.....
	Resident Magistrate at Lord Howe Island from 1st August, at £180 per annum	75 0 0	75 0 0	.....	.....
	Expense of Inquiry concerning the quality of the food supplied to the Lunatic Asylum and the Gaol at Parramatta and to the Nautical School Ship "Vernon"	97 10 0	97 10 0	.....	.....
	Expense of the Commission appointed to inquire into the working of the Real Property Act	693 19 6	693 19 6	.....	.....
	In aid of the Malaga Aboriginal Mission Towards the erection of a residence for the Resident Magistrate, Lord Howe Island	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
	Cost of Supplies, &c., for Lord Howe Island	80 0 0	80 0 0	.....	.....
	Conveyance of Artillery and Police to Newcastle during the recent riots there	409 10 9	409 10 9	.....	.....
	Country and Suburban Municipalities, further sum	142 10 0	142 10 0	.....	.....
		230 12 4	230 12 4	.....	.....
	No. IV.				
160	Treasury	16,070 0 0	15,739 11 4	330 8 8	.....
161	Customs	50,238 9 4	48,616 4 1	1,622 5 3	.....
162	Colonial Distilleries and Refineries	4,400 0 0	4,127 13 7	272 6 5	.....
163	Gold Receivers	295 0 0	210 8 2	84 11 10	.....
164	Gold and Escort	5,000 0 0	1,808 11 8	3,191 8 4	.....
165	Government Printer's Department	42,014 1 3	42,000 4 9	13 16 6	.....
166	Stores and Stationery	101,574 9 7	97,933 4 1	922 19 6	2,718 6 0
167	Ordnance and Barrack Department	20,638 0 0	19,734 15 11	613 6 4	289 17 9
168	Health and Emigration Officers	1,055 0 0	1,033 10 0	21 10 0	.....
169	Quarantine	1,857 10 0	1,563 0 6	294 9 6	.....
170	Board of Pharmacy	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
171	Shipping Masters	2,225 0 0	2,184 1 1	40 18 11	.....
172	Glebe Island Abattoir	3,661 17 11	3,556 17 11	105 0 0	.....
	<i>Marine Board of New South Wales:—</i>				
173	Marine Board, Sydney	3,706 0 0	3,688 6 0	17 14 0	.....
174	Local Marine Board, Newcastle	1,416 0 0	1,357 2 0	58 18 0	.....
175	Harbour Masters	1,300 0 0	1,300 0 0	.....	.....
176	Colonial Light-houses	4,174 0 0	3,813 14 9	360 5 3	.....
177	Sea and River Pilots	9,526 0 0	9,462 9 4	63 10 8	.....
178	Boatmen	9,206 0 0	9,101 17 0	104 3 0	.....
179	Telegraph Stations	1,054 0 0	974 0 0	80 0 0	.....
180	Australian Coast Light-houses	2,500 0 0	1,598 1 5	591 1 5	310 17 2
181	Miscellaneous	5,596 0 0	5,555 0 3	40 19 9	.....
182	Life-boats	700 0 0	443 10 0	256 10 0	.....
	Carried forward	£1,047,448 10 7	985,124 14 0	55,905 9 8	6,418 6 11

STATEMENT—continued..

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	1,047,448 10 7	985,124 14 0	55,905 9 8	6,418 6 11
	No. IV— continued.				
	Miscellaneous Services:—				
183	Postage of Public Departments	11,011 8 6	11,007 5 10	1 6 2	2 16 6
184	Advertising for the Public Service	8,550 0 2	7,103 16 3	1,306 12 0	139 11 11
185	For the transmission of Telegraphic Messages	12,003 9 0	11,861 14 4	141 14 8	.....
186	Commission on payments in England by the Government Financial Agents	4,500 0 0	4,335 10 8	164 9 4	.....
187	Exchange on Remittances within and beyond the Colony	6,000 0 0	3,933 0 6	2,016 19 6	.....
188	Allowance for Postage and Stationery to Clerks of Petty Sessions, Land Agents, and Registrars of District Courts	3,000 0 0	1,777 14 5	1,222 5 7	.....
189	For the relief and conveyance of distressed Seamen belonging to the Colony from Foreign Ports or from wrecked vessels, &c.	550 0 0	417 8 4	117 3 6	15 8 2
190	Contribution towards the maintenance of the Settlement at Somerset, or other place fixed upon by the Queensland Government, according to an assessment made under instructions from the Imperial Government by the late Commodore Goodenough, then commanding the Australian Station	1,283 0 0	.....	1,283 0 0	.....
191	To subsidize a Tug-boat at the rate of £155 per month for the Richmond River in lieu of a Steam-tug for the purchase of which the sum of £6,500 was voted in 1876	1,860 0 0	1,860 0 0	.....	.....
192	To subsidize a Tug-boat at the rate of £80 per month for the Macleay, Bellinger, and Nambuccra Rivers	960 0 0	.....	960 0 0	.....
193	To meet unforeseen expenses to be hereafter accounted for	3,000 0 0	2,741 10 2	258 9 10	.....
194	To pay Gratuities at the rate of one month's pay for each year of service to the following Officers under the immediate control of the Marine Board, who have been reported as unfit by infirmities brought on by old age for the efficient discharge of their respective duties, viz:—				
	J. R. Myhill, Harbour Master, Sydney	£700 0 0			
	F. Freeburn, Pilot, Clarence River	350 0 0			
	G. R. Easton, Pilot, Richmond River	335 0 0			
	J. B. Garrard, Pilot, Macleay River	219 0 0			
		1,604 0 0	569 0 0	1,035 0 0	.....
	Expenses of the Board appointed to inquire into the management of the Store Department and the system of tendering	325 0 0	300 14 6	24 5 6	.....
	Expenses of the Board appointed to inquire into the management and condition of the Glebe Island Abattoir	487 1 3	338 12 0	148 9 3	.....
	Insurance of Railway Materials, Stores, &c., purchased in England	800 0 0	800 0 0	.....	.....
	For interest on the uninvested funds at the credit of the Government Savings Bank in the Treasury during the year 1879	3,930 3 2	3,930 3 2	.....	.....
	Interest on advances made in London by the Bank of New South Wales, pending the negotiation of the last Loan	18,936 19 4	18,936 19 4	.....	.....
	Premium on Debentures redeemed on account of the Million Railway Loan of 1867	170 10 0	170 10 0	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£ 1,126,420 2 0	1,055,258 13 6	64,585 5 0	6,576 3 6

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.			Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.			Balances						
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.			
	Brought forward	1,126,420	2	0	1,055,258	13	6	64,585	5	0	6,576	3	6	
	No. V.													
196	Department of Justice and Public Instruction	4,865	0	0	4,814	13	1	50	1	11	.....	.....	.....	.....
197	Master in Equity ... *	924	0	0	903	4	0	20	16	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
198	Prothonotary	12,659	0	0	12,287	13	3	371	6	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
199	Sheriff	16,672	0	0	14,413	4	7	2,258	15	5	.....	.....	.....	.....
200	Insolvency Court	1,420	0	0	1,420	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
201	District Courts... ..	11,306	18	3	10,973	14	5	330	11	10	.....	.....	2 12 0	.....
202	Coroners' Inquests	3,200	0	0	3,021	13	8	178	6	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
203	Petty Sessions	52,771	0	0	51,075	13	2	1,695	6	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
204	Observatory	2,950	0	0	2,818	6	11	131	13	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
205	Museum	4,000	0	0	3,853	6	3	146	13	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
206	Public Instruction, under Act 30 Victoria No. 22	349,197	0	0	349,197	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Public Scholarships:—													
207	To provide for the education for five years in the Grammar Schools of the Colony of ten boys, to be selected from the Public Schools, and for the education in the University of five boys to be annually selected from the Grammar Schools (as per Resolution of Assembly)	1,500	0	0	.....	.....	.....	1,500	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
208	Free Public Library	5,953	0	0	5,951	16	8	1	3	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Grants in aid of Public Institutions:—													
209	To supplement the present annual endowment of £1,000 to the Australian Museum	300	0	0	300	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
210	New South Wales Academy of Art, as per Resolution of Assembly	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
211	New South Wales Academy of Art for the purchase of Works of Art	5,000	0	0	5,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
212	Royal Society—Amount in proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions	250	0	0	236	15	6	13	4	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
213	Towards payment of Lecturers, Teachers, and other expenses in imparting scientific instruction in the Technical or Working Men's College established in connection with the Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
214	Raymond Terrace School of Arts (purchase of site)	100	0	0	100	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	In aid of Educational Institutions in the proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions, viz.:—													
215	Adelong Literary Institute	50	0	0	14	8	6	35	11	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
216	Albury School of Arts	75	0	0	13	15	0	61	5	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
217	Anvil Creek	75	0	0	17	7	9	57	12	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
218	Armidale Literary Institute	75	0	0	.....	.....	.....	75	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
219	Ballina School of Arts	25	0	0	.....	.....	.....	25	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
220	Balmain Working Men's Institute	38	0	0	33	3	10	4	16	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
221	Bathurst School of Arts	200	0	0	80	17	6	119	2	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
222	Bega School of Arts	75	0	0	45	4	0	29	16	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
223	Boat Harbour School of Arts	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
224	Braidwood Literary Institute	75	0	0	75	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
225	Branxton Mechanics' Institute	25	0	0	.....	.....	.....	25	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
226	Brewarrina School of Arts	40	0	0	18	18	9	21	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
227	Bombala School of Arts and Mechanics' Institute	150	0	0	28	2	0	121	18	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
228	Botany	75	0	0	73	3	9	1	16	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
229	Bourke Mechanics' Institute	75	0	0	75	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£1,602,591	0	3	1,524,101	1	1	71,911	3	8	6,578	15	6	

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward ...	1,602,591 0 3	1,524,101 1 1	71,911 3 8	6,578 15 6
No. V—continued.					
In aid of Educational Institutions—continued.					
230	Cambewarra School of Arts—endowment	50 0 0	15 17 1	34 2 11	.....
231	Camden School of Arts ...	38 0 0	16 5 6	21 14 6	.....
232	Carcoar School of Arts ...	25 0 0	.....	25 0 0	.....
233	Casino School of Arts ...	50 0 0	27 8 9	22 11 3	.....
234	Charlestown Literary Institute ...	50 0 0	14 13 10	35 6 2	.....
	Clarence Town ...	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0	.....
235	Cooma School of Arts ...	38 0 0	.....	38 0 0	.....
236	Coonabarabran School of Arts ...	50 0 0	39 5 6	10 14 6	.....
237	Corowa School of Arts ...	75 0 0	32 4 9	42 15 3	.....
238	Cowra School of Arts ...	50 0 0	41 13 1	8 6 11	.....
239	Deniliquin School of Arts...	150 0 0	47 19 3	102 0 9	.....
240	Denman School of Arts ...	50 0 0	18 1 6	31 18 6	.....
241	Dubbo Mechanics' Institute ...	75 0 0	35 5 0	39 15 0	.....
242	Dungog School of Arts ...	50 0 0	18 8 6	31 11 6	.....
243	East Maitland School of Arts ...	75 0 0	.....	75 0 0	.....
244	East Maitland Mechanics' Institute ...	200 0 0	41 16 0	158 4 0	.....
245	Frederickton School of Arts ...	38 0 0	15 3 6	22 16 6	.....
246	Forbes School of Arts ...	75 0 0	60 4 9	14 15 3	.....
247	Gladstone School of Arts...	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....
248	Gosford Literary Institute ...	10 0 0	10 0 0	.....	.....
249	Goulburn School of Arts ...	75 0 0	75 0 0	.....	.....
250	Grafton School of Arts ...	75 0 0	83 1 3	36 18 9	.....
251	Grenfell School of Arts ...	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0	.....
252	Greta School of Arts ...	75 0 0	14 1 3	60 18 9	.....
253	Gulgong School of Arts ...	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....
254	Gundagai Literary Institute ...	50 0 0	11 3 9	38 16 3	.....
255	Guntawang School of Arts ...	30 0 0	.....	30 0 0	.....
256	Hay Athenæum ...	200 0 0	169 4 3	30 15 9	.....
257	Hamilton School of Arts ...	50 0 0	18 7 9	31 12 3	.....
258	Hill End School of Arts ...	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....
259	Hinton School of Arts ...	20 0 0	15 16 0	4 4 0	.....
260	Lambton Mechanics' and Miners' Institute	38 0 0	27 10 9	10 9 3	.....
261	Largs School of Arts ...	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
262	Merriwa ...	75 0 0	35 11 10	39 8 2	.....
263	Milton School of Arts ...	30 0 0	7 16 3	22 3 9	.....
264	Minni Mechanics' School of Arts...	500 0 0	34 5 7	465 14 5	.....
265	Molong School of Arts ...	150 0 0	118 10 9	31 9 3	.....
266	Morpeth School of Arts ...	30 0 0	19 5 6	10 14 6	.....
267	Mudgee School of Arts ...	75 0 0	40 2 0	34 18 0	.....
268	Murrurundi Mechanics' Institute and School of Arts ...	150 0 0	24 1 9	125 18 3	.....
269	Musclebrook School of Arts ...	40 0 0	26 8 0	13 12 0	.....
270	Narrabri Mechanics' Institute ...	50 0 0	.....	3 15 0	46 5 0
271	Newcastle School of Arts...	200 0 0	109 1 6	90 18 6	.....
272	North Willoughby School of Arts ...	25 0 0	.....	25 0 0	.....
273	Orange Mechanics' Institute and School of Arts ...	150 0 0	141 0 6	8 19 6	.....
274	Parramatta School of Arts ...	100 0 0	60 1 9	39 18 3	.....
275	Paterson School of Arts ...	25 0 0	0 12 6	24 7 6	.....
276	Petersham Working Men's Institute ...	50 0 0	32 7 9	17 12 3	.....
277	Plattsburg Mechanics' Institute ...	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
278	Queanbeyan Literary Institute ...	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0	.....
279	Raymond Terrace School of Arts ...	25 0 0	3 18 0	21 2 0	.....
280	Richmond School of Arts...	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0	.....
281	Rocky Mouth Mechanics' Institute ...	50 0 0	7 18 9	42 1 3	.....
282	St. Leonards School of Arts ...	75 0 0	20 11 3	54 8 9	.....
283	Scone School of Arts ...	50 0 0	28 8 0	21 12 0	.....
284	Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts ...	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
285	Singleton Mechanics' Institute ...	115 0 0	96 3 6	18 16 6	.....
286	South Grafton School of Arts ...	30 0 0	30 0 0	.....	.....
287	Stroud School of Arts ...	38 0 0	12 19 0	25 1 0	.....
288	Tamworth Mechanics' Institute ...	38 0 0	17 3 9	20 16 3	.....
	Carried forward ...	£ 1,607,274 0 3	1,526,121 1 0	74,527 18 9	6,625 0 6

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.			Balances						
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.			
	Brought forward ...	1,607,274	0	3	1,526,121	1	0	74,527	18	9	6,625	0	6	
	No. V—continued.													
	<i>In aid of Public Institutions—continued.</i>													
289	Tenterfield School of Arts ...	100	0	0	27	3	9	72	16	3				
290	Tumut Mechanics' Institute ...	100	0	0	40	14	9	59	5	3				
291	Uralla Literary Institute ...	75	0	0	17	0	8	57	19	4				
292	Walcha School of Arts ...	25	0	0	25	0	0							
293	Wallsend School of Arts ...	75	0	0	75	0	0							
294	Wagga Wagga Mechanics' Institute ...	150	0	0	48	8	7	101	11	5				
295	Waratah School of Arts ...	50	0	0	26	13	6	23	6	6				
296	Warialda Mechanics' Institute ...	150	0	0	41	13	1	108	6	11				
297	West Maitland School of Arts ...	150	0	0	134	8	11	15	11	1				
298	Windsor School of Arts ...	75	0	0	19	10	0	55	10	0				
299	Wingham School of Arts ...	50	0	0	7	0	3	42	19	9				
300	Wollongong School of Arts ...	75	0	0	5	11	3	69	8	9				
301	Woodville School of Arts ...	50	0	0	10	5	0	39	15	0				
302	Woodford School of Arts ...	100	0	0				100	0	0				
303	Wyrallah School of Arts ...	25	0	0	10	5	0	14	15	0				
304	Yass Mechanics' Institute ...	75	0	0	67	10	0	7	10	0				
305	Young Mechanics' Institute ...	500	0	0	279	14	2	220	5	10				
306	Bega School of Arts ...	200	0	0	140	0	8	59	19	4				
307	Burrowa Mechanics' Institute ...	500	0	0	162	19	7	337	0	5				
308	Burwood School of Arts ...	500	0	0	408	13	4	91	6	8				
309	Casino School of Arts ...	100	0	0	29	0	3	70	19	9				
310	Cowra School of Arts ...	200	0	0				200	0	0				
311	Lambton Mechanics' and Miners' Institute ...	100	0	0	100	0	0							
312	Nowra School of Arts ...	100	0	0	25	16	0	74	4	0				
313	Royal Society ...	500	0	0				500	0	0				
314	St. Mary's South Creek ...	100	0	0				100	0	0				
315	Gunnedah School of Arts ...	200	0	0	63	4	4	136	15	8				
316	Moss Vale School of Arts ...	300	0	0				300	0	0				
317	Wallsend School of Arts ...	600	0	0	600	0	0							
318	Waverley School of Arts ...	300	0	0				300	0	0				
319	Bulli School of Arts—(Re-vote) ...	400	0	0				400	0	0				
320	Moruya School of Arts ...	1,000	0	0	109	5	2	890	14	10				
321	Plattsburg Mechanics' Institute ...	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0							
322	Wilcannia Mechanics' Institute ...	200	0	0	79	13	1	120	6	11				
	<i>Miscellaneous Services:—</i>													
323	Almanacs for Country Benches of Magistrates ...	50	0	0	22	11	11	27	8	1				
324	Maintenance of Orphan Schools, Parramatta (pending decision as to their future organization) ...	7,500	0	0	7,216	4	1	282	19	5	0	16	6	
325	New Circuit Courts—Fees for Presiding Judges (Temporary) ...	1,450	0	0	1,450	0	0							
326	Allowances to Clerks to same ...	75	0	0	75	0	0							
327	Charge and preparation of Books for binding in Law Library generally ...	30	0	0	30	0	0							
328	Fifty copies of "Wilkinson's Australian Magistrate" ...	117	0	0	116	17	6	0	2	6				
329	Fifty copies of "Foster's District Court Practice" ...	105	0	0	105	0	0							
330	Fifty copies of "Connell's Magisterial Digest" ...	100	0	0	100	0	0							
331	Amount of Salary short paid to Sir Alfred Stephen, C.B., as Chief Justice in 1860; £600 and Interest thereon to date at 5 per cent. per annum, viz., £540 ...	1,140	0	0	1,140	0	0							
332	For the purchase of copies of the three published volumes of the Proceedings of the Linnean Society of New South Wales ...	300	0	0	300	0	0							
333	For reducing Transit of Venus Observations (Re-vote of part Vote of 1875) ...	85	0	0				85	0	0				
	Carried forward ...	£1,626,351	0	3	1,540,231	5	10	79,493	17	5	6,625	17	0	

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.		Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.		Balances			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
	Brought forward ...	1,626,351	0 3	1,540,231	5 10	79,493	17 5	6,625	17 0
	No. V—continued.								
	Miscellaneous Services (continued):—								
	Twelve unbound copies of the New South Law Reports for the Circuit Courts of the Colony—subscription for 1879	24	0 0	.....		24	0 0	.....
	Towards publication of the Law Report of New South Wales, from 1st April, 1876, to 31st December, 1877 ...	262	10 0	.....		262	10 0	.....
	For purchase of complete set of Criminal Law Reports for the Central Criminal Court ...	50	0 0	.....		50	0 0	.....
	Rent of Chambers for Mr. Justice Windeyer, from 11th August to 31st December ...	95	13 6	47	3 6	48	10 0	.....
	No. VI.								
334	Attorney General's Department ...	5,370	0 0	4,863	10 3	506	9 9	.....
335	Parliamentary Draftsman ...	1,420	8 0	1,411	16 10	8	11 2	.....
336	Master in Equity ...	1,000	0 0	1,000	0 0	.....		.....
337	Crown Solicitor ...	3,056	8 2	3,050	19 10	5	8 4	.....
338	Quarter Sessions ...	19,207	13 0	19,097	14 10	109	18 2	.....
	Further amount payable to the plaintiff in the case <i>Kreffit v. the Trustees of the Australian Museum</i> ...	50	0 0	50	0 0	.....		.....
	Costs in case <i>Rush ats. Macnamara</i> ...	135	19 10	135	19 10	.....		.....
	Compensation for loss and injury sustained by Ah Saw by false imprisonment ...	100	0 0	100	0 0	.....		.....
	No. VII.								
339	Department of Lands ...	24,632	11 5	22,680	17 10	2,001	13 7	.....
340	Conditional Land Sales Branch ...	34,281	11 8	33,946	16 5	334	15 3	.....
341	Land Agents, Appraisers, and others ...	18,675	0 0	18,237	6 5	401	12 6	36	1 1
342	Oyster Beds ...	582	0 0	458	16 0	123	4 0	.....
343	Survey of Lands ...	298,974	0 0	242,552	5 2	55,940	0 3	481	14 7
344	Triangulation and General Survey of the Colony ...	15,824	0 0	9,981	2 3	5,842	17 9	.....
345	Botanic Gardens ...	5,930	0 0	5,972	13 6	7	6 6	.....
346	Government Domains and Parks ...	3,513	0 0	3,486	18 1	26	1 11	.....
	Miscellaneous Services:—								
347	For preservation of the Caves at Fish River ...	50	0 0	50	0 0	.....		.....
348	For preservation of the Wombeian Caves ...	25	0 0	25	0 0	.....		.....
349	For fencing Public Cemeteries ...	1,200	0 0	1,008	0 0	192	0 0	.....
350	Parramatta Park ...	200	0 0	200	0 0	.....		.....
351	Fees to Commissioners of the Court of Claims for hearing and reporting on Claims to Grants of Land in terms of the Act 5 Wm. IV, No. 21 ...	125	0 0	16	12 0	108	8 0	.....
352	To meet Legal Expenses in cases instituted by or against the Government under the Crown Lands Act ...	950	7 4	918	4 1	32	3 3	.....
353	For the improvement of the Recreation Reserve in the Town of Richmond (Annual sum) ...	25	0 0	25	0 0	.....		.....
354	Towards publication of a work on Orchids ...	100	0 0	100	0 0	.....		.....
355	Wages of Gardener, East Maitland Gaol Reserve ...	128	0 0	128	0 0	.....		.....
356	For preparing and planting ground, Public Buildings ...	600	0 0	.....		600	0 0	.....
	Carried forward ...	£2,063,039	3 2	1,909,776	2 8	146,119	7 10	7,143	12 8

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	2,063,039 3 2	1,909,776 2 8	146,119 7 10	7,143 12 8
No. VII—continued.					
<i>Miscellaneous Services—continued.</i>					
357	For planting and general maintenance of Wynyard Square Reserve	150 0 0	142 16 2	7 3 10	.....
358	Rent of Offices, Gresham-street, £175; Exchange, £325; Pitt-street, £250; Bridge-street, £175	925 0 0	720 8 4	204 11 8	.....
359	For the completion of Land Reserve Pamphlets	150 0 0	34 8 0	115 12 0	.....
360	For planting and improving Reserve at Manly	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....
361	Improvement and maintenance of Reserve, Flagstaff Hill	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....	.....
362	For improving and planting Dawes' Point	150 0 0	.....	150 0 0	.....
363	Planting Trees in Streets, Burwood	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
364	Improving Recreation Reserve, Coogee	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
365	Planting and improving Wentworth Park (forming Blackwattle Swamp)	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
366	Planting and improving Reserve, North Shore	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....
367	Improving Public Reserve, Paddington	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
368	For planting Reserve, Victoria Barracks	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
369	Improving M'Quade Park, Windsor	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
For improvements of Reserves, viz. :—					
370	Belmore Square, Goulburn	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
371	Recreation Ground, Gunning	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
372	Recreation Ground, Gundagai	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
373	Recreation Ground, Goulburn	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
374	Recreation Ground, Narrabri	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
375	Recreation Ground, North Willoughby	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
376	Recreation Ground, Orange	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
377	Recreation Ground, Wellington	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....	.....
378	Recreation Ground, Queanbeyan	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....	.....
379	Recreation Ground, Watson's Bay	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
380	Recreation Ground, Cootamundra	250 0 0	250 0 0	.....	.....
381	Recreation Ground, Collector	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
382	Recreation Ground, Merriwa	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
383	Recreation Ground, Molong	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
384	Recreation Ground, East Maitland	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
385	Special Grant in aid of Aborigines	400 0 0	351 18 10	48 1 2	.....
386	For keeping trees in order round Reservoir Enclosure, Campbelltown	25 0 0	25 0 0	.....	.....
387	For improving Recreation Ground, Ironbarks	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
388	For general improvements to Rifle Range, Paddington	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
389	For improving Recreation Ground, Collector	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....
390	For planting Trees in suitable places in Tamworth	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
391	For improving Recreation Ground, Nowra	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
392	For improving Recreation Reserve, Hill End	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
393	For improving School Reserve, Hill End	25 0 0	25 0 0	.....	.....
394	For compensation for resumption of sundry portions of land for road purposes	92 0 0	.....	92 0 0	.....
395	For extra foundation and finishing masonry on Flagstaff Hill Reserve	600 0 0	600 0 0	.....	.....
396	For erection of fence at the Cliff fronting the Pulpit Rock at Wollongong	33 0 0	33 0 0	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£2,070,839 3 2	1,916,858 14 0	146,836 16 6	7,143 12 8

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances			
				Written off.		Retained.	
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward ...	2,070,839 3 2	1,916,858 14 0	146,836 16 6		7,143 12 8	
	No. VII—continued.						
	<i>Miscellaneous Services—continued.</i>						
397	For compensation to Messrs. Henry Wilson, Michael Cawley, and James Frew for land taken up at the Campbelltown Land Office, and afterwards declared void, the same being situated within a reserve not open to selection, and also included within previous applications for mineral leases by Alexander Stewart, Esquire. (Resolution of Assembly) ...	990 0 0	990 0 0	.....		.....
398	For compensation to William Thorley for loss of improvements on 132 acres of land at Cassilis ...	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....		.....
399	For compensation to Messrs. Fysh and Tewsley, 40 acres of land at Wilcannia, sent on to auction—amount realized over and above upset price ...	642 0 0	642 0 0	.....		.....
400	For improving Murrurundi Common ...	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....		.....
401	For improving Reserve, Longbottom ...	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....		.....
402	For planting Trees in Streets of Parramatta ...	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....		.....
403	For value of fencing on the land now required to be reserved for road at Albury—to Richard Donelan ...	2 0 0	2 0 0	.....		.....
404	For planting and improving Victoria Park ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....		.....
405	For improving Recreation Ground, Gundaroo ...	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....		.....
406	For compensation to James Price, being amount of interest at 5 per cent. on account 562½ acres in the county of Cumberland taken up after auction at East Maitland ...	78 0 0	78 0 0	.....		.....
407	For compensation as refund value of improvements to James Hutchinson in respect of land sold to him by auction, lot D, allotment 6, section 1, county of Brisbane, parish of Wingen ...	111 0 0	111 0 0	.....		.....
408	For improvement of Cemetery for Eastern Suburbs, Waverley ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....		.....
409	For purchase of land in the neighbourhood of Milton for the Exhibitions of the Agricultural Society of Ulladulla ...	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....		.....
410	For planting trees on Reserve, Kiama ...	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....		.....
411	For improvement of Recreation Ground, Campbelltown ...	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....		.....
412	For assistance in defraying cost of fencing and planting the Agricultural Association's Ground at North Yass ...	250 0 0	250 0 0	.....		.....
413	For improving Fish River Caves ...	300 0 0	297 15 0	2 5 0		.....
414	For planting Trees in Streets, Hunter's Hill ...	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....		.....
415	For planting Sandbank, Wollongong Common ...	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....		.....
416	For improving Recreation Reserves at Forbes ...	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....		.....
417	For improving Recreation Reserves at Mudgee ...	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....		.....
418	For purchase of piece of land for Burial Purposes, South Creek ...	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....		.....
419	For purchase of site for Cemetery, Springwood ...	150 0 0	.....	150 0 0		.....
420	For fencing and clearing the same ...	50 0 0	.....	50 0 0		.....
	Carried forward ...	£2,077,212 3 2	1,923,029 9 0	147,039 1 6		7,143 12 8	

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	2,077,212 3 2	1,928,029 9 0	147,039 1 6	7,143 12 8
No. VII—continued.					
<i>Miscellaneous Services—continued.</i>					
421	For fencing and clearing Cemetery, Armidale... ..	40 0 0	.....	40 0 0	.....
422	For planting and improving Reserve, Ryde	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
423	For enclosing Devonshire-street Cemetery with a Dwarf Wall and for the planting and general improvement of the same... ..	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
424	For the improvement of the Necropolis, Rookwood	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
425	For fencing and improving Wharf Reserve, Hen and Chicken Bay... ..	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
426	For general maintenance of Wynyard Square Reserve (Re-vote in part)	102 0 0	102 0 0	.....	.....
427	Compensation to Messrs. Pirie & Co. for Fencing at Liverpool Plains	30 0 0	30 0 0	.....	.....
428	Extension to new Buildings, Botanic Gardens	1,150 0 0	.....	1,150 0 0	.....
429	For planting and improving "Gaul Reserve" at Bathurst	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....
430	For improving Recreation Reserve, Blue Mountain Station	75 0 0	75 0 0	.....	.....
431	For improving Recreation Reserve, Henderson's Platform	75 0 0	75 0 0	.....	.....
432	For improving Recreation Reserve, Strathdon	75 0 0	75 0 0	.....	.....
433	For improving Recreation Reserve, Mount Victoria	75 0 0	75 0 0	.....	.....
434	For improving Reserve at Hunter's Beach	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
435	For fencing same	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
436	For planting Trees in Streets, Camden	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
437	For fencing old Cemetery Armidale	40 0 0	40 0 0	.....	.....
438	Compensation to R. Ayrton for the loss of his conditional purchase which has been cancelled on account of the land being auriferous	65 0 0	65 0 0	.....	.....
439	Compensation for land resumed by the Crown under the 15th clause of the "Crown Lands Amendment Act of 1875"	2,000 0 0	396 5 7	1,500 0 0	103 14 5
440	For clearing, planting, and completing fencing Reserve, Wickham	350 0 0	350 0 0	.....	.....
441	For prevention of Sand Drift, Newcastle, further sum	1,000 0 0	.....	1,000 0 0	.....
442	For improvements, Recreation Ground (Market Reserve), Young	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
443	For improving Recreation Reserve, Murrumburrah	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
444	For planting Reserve at Katoomba	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
445	For improvement of Public Reserve, Rylstone... ..	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....	.....
446	For improvement of the Court House and Gaul Reserves, East Maitland	150 0 0	.....	150 0 0	.....
447	For planting Trees within the Borough of Petersham	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	.....
448	For fencing the Common at Shoalhaven... ..	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
449	For planting Trees in the Streets of Wentworth, Balranald, Wilcannia, Menindi, and Cobar, £100 each	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£2,087,789 3 2	1,929,662 14 7	150,879 1 6	7,247 7 1

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.		Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.		Balances			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
	Brought forward ...	2,087,789	3 2	1,929,662	14 7	150,879	1 6	7,247	7 1
	No. VII—continued.								
	Miscellaneous Services—continued.								
450	For planting, levelling, and improving Ground, approaching Lady Macquarie's Chair ...	300	0 0	300	0 0				
451	Compensation for Law Expenses incurred by Patrick Nugent, in case <i>Mate v. Nugent</i> ...	860	0 0	860	0 0				
452	Compensation to Kenneth McLean, for loss of improvements by reason of the cancellation of his Conditional Purchase	384	0 0	384	0 0				
453	Gratuity to Widow of Mr. P. Hogan, Draftsman, who died from the effects of injuries accidentally received in the office ...	188	0 0	188	0 0				
454	For the improvement of the Recreation Reserve at Tumut ...	200	0 0	200	0 0				
455	For the improvement of the Recreation Reserve at Burrangong...	200	0 0	200	0 0				
456	For purchase of Silk Worm Grain for Silk Culture ...	200	0 0	200	0 0				
457	For planting Trees in Streets, Deniliquin	250	0 0	250	0 0				
458	For planting and Fencing Park, Deniliquin	400	0 0	400	0 0				
459	For the improvement of the Recreation Ground, Bathurst ...	250	0 0	250	0 0				
460	For the improvement of the Recreation Ground, Susan Island, Clarence River	100	0 0	100	0 0				
461	For the improvement of the Reserve at Wentworth Falls ...	300	0 0	300	0 0				
462	For the improvement of the Botanical Gardens, Waratah ...	500	0 0	500	0 0				
463	For improving and planting Trees on the Reserve for Racecourse and Public Recreation, Grafton ...	300	0 0	300	0 0				
464	For planting Trees and Shrubs, Botanical Gardens, Albury ...	100	0 0	100	0 0				
465	Asphalting Footpaths diverging from Prince Albert Statue ...	560	0 0	560	0 0				
466	Asphalting the walks in Hyde Park	500	0 0	500	0 0				
467	For completing the fencing and improving the Recreation Reserve, Musclebrook	150	0 0	150	0 0				
468	For cleaning Office Rooms, Pitt-street ...	34	0 0	33	6 8	0	13 4		
469	For enclosing, draining, levelling, &c., Recreation Reserve, Braidwood ...	150	0 0	150	0 0				
470	Towards the support of a Zoological Station, near Sydney, on condition of an equal amount being subscribed by the public ...	300	0 0			300	0 0		
471	For planting and improving Public Reserve, Newcastle ...	500	0 0	500	0 0				
472	For improving and enclosing Public Recreation Ground, Cudal ...	100	0 0	100	0 0				
473	For further improvement of Reserve, Randwick ...	200	0 0	200	0 0				
474	For improving the Public Cemetery, Necropolis ...	100	0 0	100	0 0				
475	For improving the Recreation Reserves within the Borough of Orange ...	200	0 0	200	0 0				
476	For improving Market Square Reserve, Cooma ...	200	0 0	200	0 0				
477	For improving Recreation Ground, Nowra	100	0 0	100	0 0				
478	For improvement of Botany Reserve ...	200	0 0	200	0 0				
	Carried forward ...	£2,095,615	3 2	1,937,188	1 3	151,179	14 10	7,247	7 1

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.			Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.			Balances					
								Written off.			Retained.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward		2,095,615	3	2	1,937,188	1	3	151,179	14	10	7,247	7	1
No. VII—continued.													
<i>Miscellaneous Services—continued.</i>													
479	For erecting Fence round part of the Temporary Common, Singleton	50	0	0	50	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
480	For improving Commons in vicinity of Goulburn	300	0	0	300	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
481	For purchase of piece of land for Recreation Ground, Paterson	500	0	0	500	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
482	For purchase of piece of land for General Cemetery, Paterson	100	0	0	100	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
483	For improvement of North Yass Reserve	200	0	0	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
484	For improvement of Recreation Reserve, Muswellbrook	200	0	0	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
485	For protection and preservation of the Wellington Caves in their natural state	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....
486	For improvement of Recreation Ground, Dungog	200	0	0	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
487	For digging, clearing, &c., about the trees planted around the Campbelltown Water Reserve	30	0	0	30	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
488	For preservation of Imperial Cave lately discovered at Fish River	150	0	0	125	8	0	24	12	0	.....	.....	.....
489	Rent of New Offices, Gresham-street	115	0	0	95	4	9	19	15	3	.....	.....	.....
490	For fencing and paling the Government Reserve for Public Buildings, Gulgong	100	0	0	.....	.....	.....	100	0	0	.....	.....	.....
491	For improving Recreation Reserve, Jerry's Plains	200	0	0	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
492	For planting Reserve at South Creek with trees	100	0	0	100	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
493	For improving Richmond Park	200	0	0	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
494	For improvement of Agricultural Society's Ground, Wellington	200	0	0	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
495	For improvement of Reserve, Banks' Meadow, Botany	200	0	0	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
496	For cleaning rooms, Bridge-street	26	0	0	13	0	0	13	0	0	.....	.....	.....
497	For improving Recreation Ground, Moree	100	0	0	100	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
498	For improving Recreation Ground, Bingera	150	0	0	150	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
499	For improving Recreation Reserve, Gunnedah	150	0	0	150	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
500	For improving Hyde, Cook, and Phillip Parks, further sum	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
501	Recreation Reserve for Liverpool	150	0	0	150	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
502	For planting and improving Roads to San Jose and Santa Cruz Falls, Blue Mountains	250	0	0	250	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
503	Improvement of Recreation Reserve, Wagga Wagga	200	0	0	200	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
504	Cost of removal of Fencing to proper side boundaries of E. Wilson's land, portion 2, cancelled Village Reserve at Strathside, parish of St. Julian, county of Durham	28	0	0	13	18	0	14	2	0	.....	.....	.....
505	For improving Rockley Cemetery	80	0	0	80	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
506	For improvement of M'Quade Park, Windsor	250	0	0	250	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
507	For completing improvements on Recreation Ground, Ironbarks	100	0	0	100	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
508	For completing improvements on Public Cemetery, Ironbarks	100	0	0	100	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Expenses incurred in the investigation of the title of the land purchased at Haslem's Creek, for Cemetery	214	14	2	214	14	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carried forward... ..		£2,101,458	17	4	1,942,660	6	2	151,551	4	1	7,247	7	1

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.			Balances						
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.			
	Brought forward ...	2,101,458	17	4	1,942,660	6	2	151,551	4	1	7,247	7	1	
	No. VIII.													
509	Department of Public Works ...	7,406	0	0	6,847	12	0	558	8	0				
	Harbours and Rivers Navigation:—													
510	Engineer's Department ...	4,076	0	0	3,978	9	0	97	11	0				
511	Fitz Roy Dock ...	4,393	0	0	4,325	9	6	67	10	6				
512	Dredge Service ...	57,097	0	0	53,946	13	1	3,150	6	11				
	Public Works—Harbours and Rivers:—													
513	Assistant Engineers employed in superintending the construction of Public Works ...	1,100	0	0	1,100	0	0							
514	Professional and other extra assistance formerly paid from Contingent and other Votes ...	2,150	0	0	2,150	0	0							
515	Ballast Master, Newcastle ...	200	0	0	200	0	0							
516	Boatman ...	108	0	0	108	0	0							
517	Preliminary Harbour and River Surveys (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	2,000	0	0	1,978	7	11	21	12	1				
518	Landing Silt from Dredge, and forming Ground (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	5,000	0	0	2,374	5	7	2,625	14	5				
519	Incidental Expenses, &c., in connection with Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	18,000	0	0	17,548	18	9	451	1	3				
520	Towards Snagging and Improving Upper Darling ...	5,000	0	0	5,000	0	0							
521	Towards Stone Dyke at entrance to Lake Macquarie ...	10,000	0	0	573	1	5				9,426	18	7	
522	Extra Tug for Dredge Service ...	5,700	0	0	5,686	0	0				14	0	0	
523	Expenses of Tug employed on occasional services unconnected with Dredging ...	500	0	0	66	0	9	433	19	3				
524	Towards extending and maintaining Main Road through Bullock Island, Newcastle ...	500	0	0	500	0	0							
525	Towards Reclamation of Rushcutters' Bay, further sum ...	5,000	0	0	5,000	0	0							
526	For removing obstructions to Navigation of Myall Lakes ...	2,000	0	0				2,000	0	0				
527	Construction of Public Wharf, Lismore ...	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0							
528	Construction of Public Wharf near Casino ...	600	0	0	4	6	8				595	13	4	
529	Construction of Public Wharf, Kuruah River ...	1,000	0	0	870	14	10				129	5	2	
530	Construction of Public Jetty, Gerringong ...	300	0	0	300	0	0							
531	Beacons for south Breakwater, Newcastle ...	350	0	0	260	9	11	89	10	1				
532	New Boiler, &c., Dredge "Samson" ...	3,000	0	0	2,987	13	9	12	6	3				
533	Construction of Boat Harbour, Bullock Island ...	2,000	0	0	1,822	2	2				177	17	10	
534	Construction of Sea Wall, Manly Beach ...	500	0	0	500	0	0							
535	Construction of Sea Wall, Coogee, further sum ...	500	0	0	500	0	0							
536	Construction of Public Wharf, Southgate, Clarence River ...	1,000	0	0	403	7	8				596	12	4	
537	Public Wharf, Greenwell Point, Shoalhaven River ...	1,000	0	0	547	12	2				452	7	10	
538	Wharf and approaches at Callan Park ...	500	0	0	500	0	0							
539	Construction of Public Wharfs, Lane Cove and Parramatta Rivers, on condition that one-third of the money required be raised by private subscription ...	1,000	0	0				1,000	0	0				
540	Public Wharf, Botany, further sum ...	5,000	0	0	3,751	9	11				1,248	10	1	
541	New Wall to Dam, Parramatta ...	3,600	0	0	2,722	15	11	877	4	1				
	Carried forward ...	£2,253,038	17	4	2,070,213	17	2	162,936	7	11	19,888	12	3	

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances			
				Written off.		Retained.	
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward ...	2,253,038 17 4	2,070,213 17 2	162,986 7 11	19,888 12 3		
	No. VIII—continued.						
	<i>Department of Public Works—continued.</i>						
542.	Extension of Sea Wall from Botanic Gardens towards Fort Macquarie ...	3,500 0 0	3,500 0 0	.....	.....
543	Towards Public Wharf, Smith Town ...	1,000 0 0	722 0 0	278 0 0	.....	
544	Towards Survey in connection with Water Supply for Sydney, Newcastle, Maitland, and Mining Townships, Windsor, Bathurst, Albury, Orange, and other water schemes ...	8,000 0 0	7,989 7 9	10 12 3	.....	
545	Public Wharf, Nambuccera River ...	250 0 0	189 12 0	60 8 0	.....	
546	Towards clearing Obstructions in Nambuccera River ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
547	Towards cost of Snagging Crookhaven River ...	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
548	To construct drain on western side of Railway embankment, Darling Harbour	6,000 0 0	.....	.....	6,000 0 0		
549	Wharf at Cockle Creek, Brisbane Water	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
550	Further towards construction of Public Baths, North Shore, on condition that an equal amount be subscribed privately	200 0 0	.....	200 0 0	.....	
551	Mojety of cost of Public Wharf at Darling Point ...	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....	.....
552	Towards construction of Public Baths at Manly Beach, on condition that a similar amount is raised privately ...	600 0 0	484 12 0	.....	115 8 0		
553	Beacon, Port Macquarie ...	600 0 0	0 15 0	599 5 0	.....	
554	Macquarie-street Extension and Sea Wall, further sum ...	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0	.....	.....
555	For clearing Nambuccera River, further sum	500 0 0	135 1 6	364 18 6	.....	
556	For leading-marks Eastern Channel, Sydney Heads ...	250 0 0	.....	250 0 0	.....	
557	Stone Wall and Iron Railing round Hyde Park ...	7,839 3 0	7,839 3 0	.....	.....
558	Sea Wall at Manly ...	600 0 0	600 0 0	.....	.....
559	Iron Palisading at Manly ...	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
	Improvements, Richmond River ...	220 10 2	220 10 2	.....	.....
560	Miscellaneous—Lighting Lamps, Newcastle Wharf ...	207 0 0	207 0 0	.....	.....
561	Colonial Architect ...	12,682 9 5	12,447 6 0	185 3 5	.....	
	Public Works and Buildings:—						
562	Repairs, alterations, and additions to Public Buildings generally (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	20,000 0 0	19,990 2 10	9 17 2	.....	
563	Furniture and Fittings for Public Offices generally (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	10,000 0 0	9,995 6 5	4 13 7	.....	
564	Repairs to Military and Volunteer Buildings (irrespective of the date of claims)	1,500 0 0	1,466 1 6	33 18 6	.....	
565	Lighting Lamps, sweeping Chimneys, &c., Victoria Barracks (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	400 0 0	278 17 3	121 2 9	.....	
566	Lighting Government Lamps in streets of Sydney, the Domain, and Hyde Park (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	1,100 0 0	1,100 0 0	.....	.....
567	To provide Building and other Materials for completion or repair of Gaols and other Public Buildings by the labour of Prisoners in Gaol (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	6,500 0 0	4,926 3 0	1,573 17 0	.....	
568	Police Buildings (irrespective of the date of claims) ...	6,000 0 0	5,997 6 7	2 13 5	.....	
	Carried forward ...	£2,346,987 19 11	2,154,353 2 2	166,630 17 6	26,004 0 3		

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances.	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	2,346,987 19 11	2,154,353 2 2	166,630 17 6	26,004 0 3
No. VIII—continued.					
<i>Public Works and Buildings—continued.</i>					
569	Supply of Coffins for Paupers (irrespective of the date of claims)	201 13 3	201 13 3	.....	.....
570	Repairs and Furniture for Telegraph Stations (irrespective of the date of claims)	2,000 0 0	1,991 2 0	8 18 0	.....
571	Gaols, Court-houses, and Lock-ups (irrespective of the date of claims)	25,000 0 0	24,973 16 11	8 3 1	18 0 0
572	Additions to Gaol, Albury, further sum	1,000 0 0	.....	.....	1,000 0 0
573	Erection of Court-house and Lock-up, Moss Vale	1,700 0 0	1,700 0 0	.....	.....
574	Erection of new Court-house, Moama	3,000 0 0	.....	3,000 0 0	.....
575	Erection of Court-house, Walgett	3,000 0 0	2,135 0 0	.....	865 0 0
576	Erection of Court-house, Moruya	3,100 0 0	2,353 9 0	.....	746 11 0
577	Court-house, Lock-up, and Police Buildings, Euston, further sum	900 0 0	859 0 0	41 0 0	.....
578	Erection of Court-house, Coolah	2,000 0 0	1,794 2 6	205 17 6	.....
579	Erection of Court-house, Nundle	1,900 0 0	478 16 8	.....	1,421 3 4
580	Erection of Court and Watch House at Wilcannia, further sum	8,200 0 0	7,460 0 0	.....	740 0 0
581	For erection of new Court-house, Grafton, further sum	2,248 0 0	2,248 0 0	.....	.....
582	Furnishing and Fittings for new Public Works and Colonial Secretary's Offices	7,104 2 0	7,103 0 10	1 1 2	.....
583	Erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Gunning	800 0 0	775 0 0	.....	25 0 0
584	Erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Warren	1,800 0 0	.....	.....	1,800 0 0
585	Erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Candelo	600 0 0	.....	.....	600 0 0
586	Erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Corowa	1,500 0 0	350 0 0	.....	1,150 0 0
587	Post and Telegraph Office, Parkes, further sum	600 0 0	463 0 9	.....	136 19 3
588	Post and Telegraph Office, Gundagai, further sum	1,875 0 0	1,875 0 0	.....	.....
589	Post and Telegraph Office, Morpeth	2,200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	2,000 0 0
590	Post and Telegraph Office, Brewarrina, further sum	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
591	Post and Telegraph Office, Bingera, further sum	498 0 0	498 0 0	.....	.....
592	Post and Telegraph Office, Rockley, further sum	660 0 0	660 0 0	.....	.....
593	Post and Telegraph Office, Wilcannia, further sum	3,100 0 0	2,900 0 0	.....	200 0 0
594	Post and Telegraph Office, Camden	1,200 0 0	.....	.....	1,200 0 0
595	Post and Telegraph Office, Walgett, further sum	815 0 0	.....	.....	815 0 0
596	Post and Telegraph Office, Penrith, further sum	900 0 0	899 2 0	0 18 0	.....
597	For the erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Cooranbong	800 0 0	495 0 0	.....	305 0 0
598	For the erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Gosford	1,200 0 0	.....	.....	1,200 0 0
599	For the erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Moama	1,500 0 0	.....	1,500 0 0	.....
600	For the erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Booligal	1,000 0 0	.....	1,000 0 0	.....
601	Post and Telegraph Office, Liverpool, further sum	1,000 0 0	999 11 10	0 8 2	.....
602	Post and Telegraph Office, Rylstone, further sum	1,000 0 0	850 0 0	.....	150 0 0
	Carried forward	£2,483,389 15 2	2,220,615 17 11	172,397 3 5	40,376 13 10

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances			
				Written off.		Retained.	
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward ...	2,433,389 15 2	2,220,615 17 11	172,397 3 5		40,376 13 10	
No. VIII—continued.							
Public Works and Buildings—continued.							
603	Post and Telegraph Office, Yass ...	1,500 0 0	.....	1,500 0 0		.....
604	Post and Telegraph Office, Cannonbar ...	1,500 0 0	.....	.....		1,500 0 0	
605	For the purchase of Sites for Post and Telegraph Buildings generally ...	3,000 0 0	1,829 0 9	.....		1,170 19 3	
606	For the erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Hay ...	3,500 0 0	.....	.....		3,500 0 0	
607	For the erection of Post and Telegraph Office, Nimitybelle ...	1,900 0 0	.....	1,900 0 0		.....
608	To provide Fire-engine Shed, &c., Hospital for the Insane, Gladesville ...	1,500 0 0	205 0 0	.....		1,295 0 0	
609	Laying on Gas, Callan Park Asylum ...	500 0 0	332 7 6	167 12 6		.....
610	Laying on Water, Callan Park Asylum ...	1,000 0 0	943 9 9	56 10 3		.....
611	To provide Fire-engine Shed, &c., Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta ...	1,000 0 0	209 18 0	790 2 0		.....
612	For erection of Gardener's Cottage at the Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta ...	600 0 0	569 7 6	30 12 6		.....
613	Appliances for extinction of Fire at Government Asylums, Sydney, Parramatta, and Liverpool ...	2,000 0 0	847 12 1	1,152 7 11		.....
614	Erection of Police Buildings, North Deniliquin ...	1,830 0 0	1,830 0 0	.....		.....
615	Police Station, Condobolin ...	1,800 0 0	.....	.....		1,800 0 0	
616	Additions, Police Quarters, Cooma ...	930 0 0	930 0 0	.....		.....
617	For the erection of Police Buildings, &c. For the erection of Gaol, Narrabri ...	10,000 0 0	9,820 19 7	1 0 5		178 0 0	
618	For erection of Police Officers' Quarters, Store, and Office, Narrabri, further sum ...	300 0 0	295 0 0	5 0 0		.....
620	Erection of Police Quarters, Inverell, further sum ...	400 0 0	340 0 0	60 0 0		.....
621	Erection of Lock-up at Appin ...	900 0 0	875 0 0	25 0 0		.....
622	Erection of Lock-up and Keeper's Quarters, Moree ...	2,000 0 0	.....	2,000 0 0		.....
623	For erection of Police Buildings at Woodburn ...	2,000 0 0	.....	2,000 0 0		.....
624	Erection of Police Building, Moruya, further sum ...	1,036 0 0	1,035 6 6	0 13 6		.....
625	Completion of Police Buildings, Toogong ...	754 0 0	754 0 0	.....		.....
626	Site for Watch-house, Camperdown ...	250 0 0	250 0 0	.....		.....
627	Drainage, Victoria Barracks, further sum ...	2,000 0 0	.....	2,000 0 0		.....
628	Dwarf Wall and Iron Railing, Victoria Park, further sum ...	1,250 0 0	566 14 6	.....		683 5 6	
629	Lowering and underpinning Wall, Victoria Barracks ...	1,450 0 0	1,450 0 0	.....		.....
630	Dwarf Wall, Iron Railing Approaches, Staircase, and other works, University of Sydney ...	10,000 0 0	4,334 18 9	.....		5,665 1 3	
631	Additional accommodation, Protestant Orphan School, Parramatta ...	2,000 0 0	.....	.....		2,000 0 0	
632	Additions, &c., Roman Catholic Orphan School, Parramatta ...	6,000 0 0	1,633 16 2	.....		4,366 3 10	
633	Repairs to the Protestant Orphan School, Parramatta ...	500 0 0	495 15 0	4 5 0		.....
634	Additions to Residence, Sydney Observatory ...	600 0 0	577 19 5	22 0 7		.....
635	Repairs, Fittings, &c., Australian Museum ...	1,250 0 0	426 12 8	.....		823 7 4	
636	For erection of Dead House at Goulburn ...	600 0 0	.....	.....		600 0 0	
637	Drainage, Flagstaff Hill Reserve ...	1,250 0 0	150 0 0	.....		1,100 0 0	
638	Towards erection of Public Buildings at Goulburn ...	6,000 0 0	1,521 5 0	.....		4,478 15 0	
639	For completing of Fencing, Recreation Reserve at Newcastle ...	300 0 0	.....	.....		300 0 0	
	Carried forward ...	£2,510,289 15 2	2,252,840 1 1	184,112 8 1		73,337 6 0	

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	2,510,289 15 2	2,252,840 1 1	184,112 8 1	73,337 6 0
No. VIII—continued.					
Public Works and Buildings—continued.					
640	Post and Telegraph Office, Gunnedah, further sum	650 0 0	650 0 0	.....	.....
641	Post and Telegraph Office, Milton, further sum	235 0 0	235 0 0	.....	.....
642	Erection of Police Barracks, Walgett, further sum	970 0 0	750 0 0	.....	220 0 0
643	Improvements, &c., Ordnance Store	600 0 0	600 0 0	.....	.....
644	Erection of Court-house, Carcoar	4,000 0 0	.....	.....	4,000 0 0
645	Alterations and Additions to the Queen's Warehouse, Custom House, Sydney, further sum	950 0 0	.....	950 0 0	.....
646	Pilot's Residence, Kiama, further sum	900 0 0	.....	.....	900 0 0
647	Newcastle Imbecile Asylum—Repairs, &c.	500 0 0	499 16 9	0 3 3	.....
648	Cooma Lunatic Asylum—Repairs, &c.	500 0 0	.....	500 0 0	.....
649	Post and Telegraph Office, Moree, further sum	850 0 0	850 0 0	.....	.....
650	Erection of Gaol at Hay, further sum	3,000 0 0	2,100 0 0	.....	900 0 0
651	Erection of Gaol, Tamworth, further sum	158 0 0	158 0 0	.....	.....
652	Bingera Court and Watch House Additions	2,300 0 0	2,299 11 0	0 9 0	.....
653	Scone Post and Telegraph Station Additions	505 0 0	504 6 0	0 14 0	.....
654	Erection of Police Officers' Quarters, Hay, further sum	600 0 0	490 0 0	110 0 0	.....
655	Erection of Bourke Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	1,490 0 0	1,490 0 0	.....	.....
656	Erection of Warialda Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	1,700 0 0	1,696 15 6	3 4 6	.....
657	Forming and making Road on the eastern side of Victoria Barracks	1,200 0 0	1,200 0 0	.....	.....
658	Additions, &c., Darlinghurst Lunatic Reception House, further sum	1,068 0 0	1,068 0 0	.....	.....
659	Erection of Urana Police Station, further sum	500 0 0	.....	.....	500 0 0
660	Additions Albury Gaol, further sum	612 0 0	.....	.....	612 0 0
661	Erection of Boggabri Post and Telegraph Station	1,000 0 0	200 0 0	.....	800 0 0
662	Erection or purchase of Newtown Post and Telegraph Office	3,000 0 0	2,865 16 8	134 3 4	.....
663	Erection of Cootamundra Post and Telegraph Station	400 0 0	400 0 0	.....	.....
664	Erection of Louth Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	720 0 0	.....	.....	720 0 0
665	Erection of West Maitland Post Office, further sum	429 0 0	.....	.....	429 0 0
666	Erection of Port Macquarie Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
667	Erection of Goulburn Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
668	Erection of Goulburn Lock-up, further sum	136 0 0	136 0 0	.....	.....
669	Erection of Montague Island Lighthouse, further sum	1,900 0 0	294 5 10	.....	1,605 14 2
670	Erection of Murrumburrah Court-house, further sum	800 0 0	800 0 0	.....	.....
671	Erection of St. Leonards Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	975 0 0	.....	975 0 0	.....
672	Erection of Molong Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
673	Redfern Post and Telegraph Station—Purchase of site	750 0 0	750 0 0	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£2,547,687 15 2	2,276,877 12 10	186,786 2 2	84,024 0 2

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances			
				Written off.		Retained.	
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward...	2,547,687 15 2	2,276,877 12 10	186,786 2 2	84,024 0 2		
No. VIII—continued.							
Public Works and Buildings—continued.							
674	Jerry's Plains Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	600 0 0	100 0 0			500 0 0	
675	Coonamble Post and Telegraph Station, further sum	200 0 0	200 0 0				
676	Liverpool Benevolent Asylum, further sum	416 0 0	416 0 0				
677	Flagging Footpaths Dubbo Court-house, and Post and Telegraph Station	320 0 0				320 0 0	
678	Murrumburrah Post and Telegraph Office, further sum	400 0 0	400 0 0				
679	Erection of Officers' Quarters, Braidwood Police Station, further sum	550 0 0	180 0 0			370 0 0	
680	Fittings, &c., Botanic Gardens, Museum, Office, Store-room, &c.	510 0 0	509 0 0	1 0 0			
681	Drainage from Mint, &c., Domain, further sum	885 18 0	814 5 0	71 13 0			
682	Post and Telegraph Office at Windsor, further sum	545 0 0	545 0 0				
683	Stone Arcade to eastern front of Government House	4,180 0 0	4,180 0 0				
684	Site for Lock-up at Camperdown	250 0 0	250 0 0				
685	Engine and boiler, &c., for the Government Printing Office	1,800 0 0	1,553 11 7			246 8 5	
686	Fittings and Furniture for the University Additions, Repairs, &c., to the Post and Telegraph Office, Jerilderie	200 0 0	197 4 3	2 15 9			
	For the construction of Works for prevention of damage by floods to the town of Bourke	235 15 0		235 15 0			
	Site for Court-house, Denman	300 0 0	300 0 0				
	Alterations and Temporary Accommodation, Callan Park Asylum, further sum	50 0 0	50 0 0				
	Site for Court-house, Branxton	235 0 0	235 0 0				
	Site for Court-house, Branxton	100 0 0	100 0 0				
Electric Telegraphs:—							
687	Construction of a Telegraph Line from Gloucester to Back Creek	800 0 0	754 19 8	45 0 4			
688	Construction of Telegraph Line from Bathurst to Goulburn, via Rockley and Crookwell	6,500 0 0	4,026 14 10	2,000 0 0	478 5 2		
689	Construction of Telegraph Line from Baraba to Bingera	2,000 0 0	1,567 5 4	432 14 8			
690	Construction of Telegraph Line from Hillston to Condoblin	6,000 0 0	3,681 13 4	2,368 6 8			
691	Erection of Telegraph Lines along Railway extensions	6,000 0 0	5,881 13 9	168 6 3			
Roads and Bridges:—							
692	General Establishment	6,025 0 0	5,844 5 7	180 14 5			
693	Superintendents in field	16,878 0 0	16,292 10 0	585 10 0			
Construction and Maintenance:—							
Main North Road—							
694	West Maitland to Tamworth—Subsidy within Railway Termini, 170 miles, at £25	4,250 0 0					
695	Tamworth to Armidale, 75 miles, at £50	5,625 0 0					
	In lieu of Tolls from Morpeth to West Maitland to be divided ratably between the Municipalities of Morpeth and East and West Maitland	968 0 0	10,836 9 9	6 10 3			
	Carried forward	£2,614,511 8 2	2,335,693 5 11	192,884 8 6	85,933 13 9		

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.			Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.			Balances.						
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.			
	Brought forward ...	2,614,511	8	2	2,335,693	5	11	192,884	8	6	85,933	13	9	
No. VIII—continued.														
Main South Road:—														
696	{ Sydney to Bowning—Subsidy within Railway Termini, 210 miles, at £25 ...	5,250	0	0	} 13,999	11	6	0	8	6	.....		
	{ Bowning to Albury, 175 miles, at £50 ...	8,750	0	0										
Main Western Road:—														
697	{ Sydney to Orange—Subsidy within Railway Termini, omitting Mountain Road, 135 miles, at £25 ...	3,375	0	0	} 13,074	10	4	0	9	8	.....		
	{ Orange to Warren, 194 miles, at £50 ...	9,700	0	0										
Other Main Roads—														
698	Grafton to Glen Innes, 100 miles, at £75	7,500	0	0	7,494	11	2	5	8	10	.....		
699	Armidale to Maryland, 165 miles, at £50	8,250	0	0	8,246	12	9	3	7	3	.....		
700	Wallerawang to Mudgee, 75 miles, at £75	5,625	0	0	5,624	12	4	0	7	8	.....		
701	Wallerawang to Mudgee—Amount in lieu of Tolls to repay 7th and last instalment of Loan of £22,000 in 1872 ...	4,000	0	0	900	0	0	.....			3,100	0	0	
702	Bombala <i>via</i> Tantawangalo to Merimbula, 54 miles, at £75 ...	4,050	0	0	4,049	1	0	0	19	0	.....		
703	Orange by Boree to Forbes, 81 miles, at £75	6,075	0	0	6,074	16	10	0	3	2	.....		
704	Goulburn to Cooma, 123 miles, at £50	6,150	0	0	6,150	0	0	.....					
705	Tarago to Braidwood, 36 miles, at £50	1,800	0	0	1,797	17	5	2	2	7	.....		
706	Bathurst to Blayney, 22 miles, at £25	550	0	0	547	13	7	2	6	5	.....		
707	Blayney <i>via</i> Cowra, to Grenfell, 75 miles, at £50 ...	3,750	0	0	3,750	0	0	.....					
708	Port Jackson to Peat's Ferry ...	2,000	0	0	1,997	1	9	2	18	3	.....		
709	{ Amount in lieu of Tolls for repair of the undermentioned Roads:— Sydney <i>via</i> the Dam, at Cook's River, to Half-way House ... Rocky Point Road to Road from Tom Ugly's Point to Burwood Railway Station ... Stanmore Road from the Enmore Road to the Canterbury Trust Road ... Newtown Railway Bridge to the Undercliff Bridge ...	3,000	0	0	2,999	18	1	0	1	11	.....		
710	Roads transferred from South Head Road Trust ...	6,600	0	0	3,485	12	0	3,087	9	0	26	19	0	
Roads and Bridges generally:—														
711	Contingent Works on Roads under Department ...	12,000	0	0	11,996	6	1	3	13	11	.....		
712	Expenses of working Punts and maintaining Approaches, &c. ...	10,000	0	0	9,989	18	0	10	2	0	.....		
713	Repair and painting of Bridges ...	8,000	0	0	7,999	15	7	0	4	5	.....		
714	Conveyance of Officers Equipment and Materials by Railway ...	2,000	0	0	1,127	13	3	872	6	9	.....		
715	Minor Roads under Department as per Schedule ...	240,000	0	0	232,222	16	6	.....			7,777	3	6	
716	Approaches to Railway Stations ...	8,000	0	0	8,000	0	0	.....					
717	Bridge over the Wollondilly near Goulburn (Resolution of Assembly) ...	5,000	0	0	54	17	2	4,945	2	10	.....		
718	Bridge over Sportsman's Creek, near Lawrence ...	2,000	0	0	.....			2,000	0	0	.....		
719	Bridge at Lismore, Richmond River ...	7,000	0	0	.....			7,000	0	0	.....		
720	Iron Foot Bridge near Mill, Parramatta ...	1,000	0	0	.....			1,000	0	0	.....		
721	Bridge and Approaches, Market-street, Mudgee ...	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	.....					
	Carried forward ...	£2,996,936	8	2	2,688,276	11	3	211,822	0	8	96,837	16	3	

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.		Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.		Balances			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
	Brought forward ...	2,996,936	8 2	2,688,276	11 3	211,822	0 8	96,837	16 8
	No. VIII—continued.								
	Roads and Bridges generally— <i>continued.</i>								
722	Bridge over Bumble Creek Road, Narrabri to Moree ...	600	0 0	600	0 0				
723	Bridge over Tappin Tappin Creek, Manbo Island, Manning River ...	250	0 0	250	0 0				
724	Bridges on Road George's Plains Railway Station to Cow Flat ...	1,000	0 0	71	2 0			928	18 0
725	Bridge at Oxley ...	4,000	0 0			4,000	0 0		
726	Bridge over Namoi River at Walgett ...	3,000	0 0	1,490	19 8			1,509	0 4
727	Bridge over Brown's Creek on Road Carcoar to Orange ...	600	0 0	598	16 0	1	4 0		
728	Bridge over Manilla River at Barraba ...	2,000	0 0	984	6 8			1,065	13 4
729	Low-level Bridge over the Hunter at Dalwood Ford ...	1,200	0 0	3	1 0			1,196	19 0
730	Bridge over Cudgegong River at Guntawang ...	2,000	0 0	1,844	5 7	155	14 5		
731	Bridge over the Nepean below Camden ...	2,000	0 0	516	16 2	1,083	3 10		
732	Bridge over Lagoon at Narrabri ...	1,000	0 0	1,000	0 0				
733	Bridge over Mandagery Creek Road Boree to Parkes ...	800	0 0	800	0 0				
734	Bridge over Frenchman's Creek, M'Leay River ...	250	0 0	250	0 0				
735	Bridge over Muscle Creek ...	400	0 0	399	10 0	0	10 0		
736	Bridges on Road Gloucester to the M'Leay ...	1,600	0 0	1,508	16 10			91	3 2
737	Further sum—Abercrombie Bridge ...	1,000	0 0	1,000	0 0				
738	Bridge over Tuppal Creek Road, Deniliquin to Moroca ...	500	0 0	500	0 0				
739	Bridge over Backwater Creek Road, Moama to Bama ...	800	0 0	576	10 6			223	9 6
740	Bridge over Elgudgery Creek on Urana Road ...	600	0 0	400	14 9	199	5 3		
741	Iron Bridge over Peel River at Tamworth ...	3,000	0 0					3,000	0 0
742	Culverts, &c., Taverner's Hill ...	450	0 0	345	1 8	104	18 4		
743	Bridges, &c., Lachlan to Darling, further sum ...	4,000	0 0	4,000	0 0				
744	Bridge to replace Undercliff Bridge, further sum ...	1,500	0 0	1,500	0 0				
745	Bridge, Nathan-street, Randwick (stone) ...	1,500	0 0	1,500	0 0				
746	Bridge, Terrabile Creek, Dubbo to Coonamble ...	1,400	0 0			1,400	0 0		
747	Bridges on Road Armidale to Glen Innes ...	1,500	0 0	1,485	10 9	14	9 3		
748	Bridge, Mehi at Moree ...	3,000	0 0	1,600	0 3			1,399	19 9
749	Bridges, Glennie's and Sawyer's Creeks ...	800	0 0	800	0 0				
750	Bridge and Approach, Jobis Jaluch Creek ...	300	0 0	300	0 0				
751	Road from Richmond Bridge <i>via</i> Wheeny, Colo, and Bulga to Warkworth ...	1,000	0 0	996	5 2	3	14 10		
752	Road from Richmond Bridge towards Hartley (Bell's Line) ...	1,000	0 0	928	2 7			71	17 5
753	Road, Back Creek Station to Caloola ...	750	0 0	610	4 2			139	15 10
754	Roads and Bridges in Upper Clarence District, above Tabulam ...	1,000	0 0	692	5 10			307	14 2
755	Road, Casino to Wharf ...	1,000	0 0	997	18 9	2	1 3		
756	Road East Maitland to Mount Vincent ...	1,000	0 0	1,000	0 0				
757	Improvement of Road leading to Belmore Bridge ...	400	0 0	400	0 0				
	To meet the cost of repairs to Roads, Bridges, and other Public Works damaged by floods ...	5,000	0 0	4,998	3 1	1	16 11		
	Kangaroo River Bridge, further sum ...	256	10 0			256	10 0		
	Road, Nowra to Saltwater Creek ...	170	0 0			170	0 0		
758	Road from Coal Cliff <i>via</i> Stanwell Park to the Illawarra Road at Blue Gum Forest ...	1,500	0 0	1,500	0 0				
	Carried forward ...	£3,051,062	18 2	2,725,075	2 8	219,215	8 9	106,772	6 9

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	3,051,062 18 2	2,725,075 2 8	219,215 8 9	106,772 6 9
	No. VIII—continued.				
	<i>Roads and Bridges generally—continued.</i>				
759	Road from Kangaroo Valley to Wallanderry	300 0 0	249 2 0	50 18 0	.....
760	Road from Dark Creek Bridge to High-level Crossing	400 0 0	400 0 0	.....	.....
761	Bridge, Gyra River	1,400 0 0	1,400 0 0	.....	.....
762	Bridge, Turnback Jimency Creek... ..	500 0 0	458 6 4	41 13 8	.....
763	Bridge over the Lachlan at Booligal	2,500 0 0	1,675 13 9	808 11 3	15 15 0
764	Bridge over Black Creek, on road between Branxton and Creswick... ..	600 0 0	600 0 0	.....	.....
765	Punt for Lower Macleay	400 0 0	288 1 9	111 18 3	.....
766	Additional Tanks on the Road Balranald to Ivanhoe	2,000 0 0	1,616 14 8	383 5 4	.....
767	Road, Long Bay to Botany	750 0 0	750 0 0	.....	.....
768	Roads in vicinity of Deniliquin, to be expended by Department... ..	2,000 0 0	1,466 2 0	.....	533 18 0
769	Forming and Ballasting Green's Road	1,850 0 0	.....	1,850 0 0	.....
770	Road Raymond Terrace to Stockton	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
771	Towards construction of Tanks, Wilcannia to Paroo	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	.....	.....
772	Construction of Tank, Tanello Road	3,000 0 0	43 15 0	.....	2,956 5 0
773	Construction of Dams, Combaro Springs, on the Gwawya Road	3,000 0 0	59 12 6	.....	2,940 7 6
774	Conveyance of Officers' Equipment and materials by Railway, further sum (irrespective of date of service)	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
775	Bridge, Bundaburrah Creek, further sum... ..	500 0 0	432 7 0	17 13 0	.....
776	Bridge (Fitzroy), Windsor, further sum, and to cover cost of removal of present Bridge, &c.	2,500 0 0	2,464 9 6	.....	35 10 6
777	Bridge, Tallywalka Creek, Menindie, further sum	1,000 0 0	3 10 0	.....	996 10 0
778	Bridge, Williams River, Clarence Town, further sum	1,006 0 0	1,006 0 0	.....	.....
779	Bridge, Allyn River, further sum in lieu of amount voted (£2,000) for Gresford Bridge not now required	1,100 0 0	1,100 0 0	.....	.....
780	Bridge, Goobang Creek, near Condobolin... ..	700 0 0	700 0 0	.....	.....
781	Bridge, Yanko Creek, near Cuddle	1,000 0 0	896 14 9	103 5 3	.....
782	Bridge, Fish River, at O'Connell... ..	2,000 0 0	.....	.....	2,000 0 0
783	Bridge, Brown's Creek, on Forest Road... ..	250 0 0	250 0 0	.....	.....
784	Bridge, Shark Creek	1,000 0 0	.....	1,000 0 0	.....
785	Bridge, Namoi River near Gunnedah, to supplement Road Vote... ..	1,200 0 0	291 13 4	908 6 8	.....
786	Main South Coast Road—50 miles	5,000 0 0	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0	.....
787	Road, Hickey's Crossing to Wort's Crossing, Myall River... ..	300 0 0	289 14 0	.....	10 6 0
788	Approach to Redmyre Platform—half cost of metalling	647 0 0	647 0 0	.....	.....
789	Approach to Hay Bridge in lieu of net tolls	600 0 0	600 0 0	.....	.....
790	Improvement of Road Gloucester to Nowendoc	3,000 0 0	2,991 4 11	8 15 1	.....
791	Streets, Windsor	800 0 0	747 10 8	.....	52 9 4
792	Streets, Richmond	1,200 0 0	1,200 0 0	.....	.....
793	Main Western Road, Sydney to 5th Milestone—Additional subsidy in lieu of tolls	2,000 0 0	1,999 15 11	0 4 1	.....
794	Further sum for Tank and Road and Bridge Works, Booligal to Hay and Hillston... ..	2,000 0 0	1,753 15 2	.....	246 4 10
795	Tanks, &c., Cobar to the Bogan	3,000 0 0	2,981 15 3	18 4 9	.....
	Carried forward	£3,108,065 18 2	2,764,488 1 2	227,018 4 1	116,559 12 11

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward	3,108,065 18 2	2,764,488 1 2	227,018 4 1	116,559 12 11
No. VIII—continued.					
Roads and Bridges generally—continued.					
796	To meet claims arising out of unsettled accounts for which amounts have been written off or lapsed irrespective of date of claims	91 0 0	90 8 5	0 11 7	.....
Roads under Trustees:—					
797	Clerk in Charge	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....
798	Minor Roads under Trustees, as per Schedule	32,000 0 0	30,946 6 7	.....	1,053 13 5
799	Unclassified Roads	16,000 0 0	15,883 15 8	.....	116 4 4
800	Cost of obtaining Reports, and other Contingent Expenses	600 0 0	599 3 6	0 16 6	.....
Miscellaneous:—					
801	Lighting Belmore Bridge	60 0 0	60 0 0	.....	.....
802	Attending to the lighting and extinguishing of Gas, &c., in the Parliamentary Buildings	70 0 0	70 0 0	.....	.....
803	For making Approaches to the Wambeyan Caves	300 0 0	.....	300 0 0	.....
Railways:—					
804	General Establishment	7,210 0 0	6,774 12 0	435 8 0	.....
805	Engineering Establishment—Works in Progress	13,291 0 0	10,880 8 9	2,410 11 3	.....
806	Existing Lines—Working Expenses	602,898 18 5	601,892 13 0	0 1 0	1,006 4 5
	Tramway	22,000 0 0	21,933 13 8	66 6 4	.....
Miscellaneous:—					
807	To cover temporary Payments on account of Contractors and others—Vote to be recouped as advances are recovered	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
808	Alterations and additions to Station Buildings and Siding Accommodation to meet increasing Traffic	98,113 11 5	98,113 11 5	.....	.....
809	Doubling line from East to West Maitland	8,000 0 0	7,763 18 8	.....	236 1 4
810	Gratuity to the Widow of William Heffernan, late acting Guard, who was accidentally killed on the railway at Murrurundi, while on duty	275 0 0	.....	275 0 0	.....
811	Gratuity to the widow of George Bourne, late Fireman, who was accidentally killed on the railway near Parramatta Junction, while on duty	150 0 0	150 0 0	.....	.....
812	Enlarging Bridge over Railway at Erskineville Road	2,000 0 0	1,858 4 5	.....	141 15 7
813	Gratuity to Michael Stephenson, injured at the collision between two Goods Trains at Emu Plains, 31st January, 1878	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
	Expenses in connection with Land at Duck River	27 19 1	.....	.....	27 19 1
	Proportion of net earnings of Railway Traffic due to the Wallsend Coal Company	374 13 6	374 13 6	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£3,914,328 0 7	3,564,679 10 9	280,506 18 9	119,141 11 1

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.		Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.		Balances			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
	Brought forward	3,914,328	0 7	3,564,679	10 9	230,506	18 9	119,141	11 1
	No. IX.								
814	Post Office (including conveyance of Mails)...	266,064	5 6	262,672	0 1	1,860	5 9	1,531	19 8
815	Money Order and Government Savings' Bank Department	9,320	0 0	9,367	3 3	452	16 9	.....	.....
816	Electric Telegraphs	117,220	19 9	111,600	14 1	5,352	15 8	267	10 0
817	New Zealand Cable Subsidy (Resolution of Assembly)	2,500	0 0	2,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	No. X.								
818	Department of Mines	32,332	0 0	27,686	19 0	4,645	1 0	.....	.....
819	Minor Roads	3,604	19 6	2,783	2 9	.....	.....	821	16 9
820	Occupation of Lands	24,930	9 1	22,163	11 3	2,766	17 10	.....	.....
821	Prevention of Scab in Sheep	10,220	0 0	.....	.....	10,220	0 0	.....	.....
822	Imported Stock	3,049	0 0	1,384	6 0	1,664	14 0	.....	.....
823	Registration of Brands	2,150	0 0	2,038	17 5	111	2 7	.....	.....
824	Miscellaneous	627	0 0	473	18 11	153	1 1	.....	.....
	No. XI.								
	Interest on Debentures and Funded Stock ...	520,683	10 2	520,683	10 2	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Towards the payment of Interest and Extinction of the Railway Loan of 1867 (£1,000,000), 31 Vic. No. 11	70,000	0 0	67,085	0 0	.....	.....	2,915	0 0
	Drawbacks and Refund of Duties	40,000	0 0	15,757	7 10	24,242	12 2	.....	.....
	Revenue and Receipts returned	100,000	0 0	25,047	2 11	74,952	17 1	.....	.....
	Charges on Collections	6,000	0 0	4,705	2 1	1,294	17 11	.....	.....
	Endowment of the University of Sydney ...	5,000	0 0	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Endowment of the Australian Museum ...	1,000	0 0	1,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Endowment of the Sydney Grammar School	1,500	0 0	1,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Endowment of the Affiliated Colleges ...	1,500	0 0	1,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Endowment under the Municipalities Act ...	20,000	0 0	16,513	16 5	3,486	3 7	.....	.....
	Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates ...	1,000	0 0	1,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Judges under the District Courts' Act ...	7,000	0 0	7,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint	15,000	0 0	15,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Fees to Commissioners of Customs	300	0 0	300	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Pensions under the Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873	10,000	0 0	8,839	13 4	1,094	15 2	65	11 6
	Preliminary Expenses of Municipal Institutions	199	19 11	199	19 11	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Expenses of Returning Officers	915	19 5	915	19 5	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Expenses incurred under the "Sydney International Exhibition Act of 1879" ...	25,186	13 4	25,116	10 11	38	16 11	31	5 6
	Refunds under the Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873, further sum ...	247	18 9	247	18 9	.....	.....	.....	.....
		5,212,380	16 0	4,724,762	5 3	362,843	16 3	124,774	14 6
195	Advance to Treasurer to enable him to make Advances to Public Officers, and on account of other Governments, and to pay expenses of an unforeseen nature which will afterwards be submitted for Parliamentary Appropriation. The whole amount to be adjusted not later than the 31st December, 1880	100,000	0 0	100,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	TOTAL	£5,312,380	16 0	4,824,762	5 3	362,843	16 3	124,774	14 6

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

D

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.—SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT.

STATEMENT showing the APPROPRIATIONS on account of PUBLIC WORKS AND OTHER SERVICES chargeable to the SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT; the EXPENDITURE therefrom to the 31st December, 1880; and the BALANCES written off or retained for expenditure on that date.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Appropriations of 1879. (Under the Acts 42 Vic. Nos. 6 and 17.)				
	Towards meeting the expenses connected with the International Exhibition to be held in Sydney in 1879	100,000 0 0	100,000 0 0	.....	.....
	(Under the Act 43 Vic. No. 10.)				
	No. III.				
825	Charitable Allowances—Towards the completion of the Prince Alfred Hospital	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	.....	.....
826	Expenses connected with the International Exhibition held in Sydney in 1879	75,000 0 0	74,733 1 2	51 13 1	215 5 9
827	Special grant to Country and Suburban Municipalities equal to full rates in each case for the Municipal year ending 4th February, 1879	68,000 0 0	68,000 0 0	.....	.....
828	Special grant to the Corporation of Sydney for the year 1879	25,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	.....	.....
	No. VII.				
829	For purchase of land adjoining the Necropolis, Haslem's Creek, for public purposes, 1,440 acres	36,000 0 0	36,000 0 0	.....	.....
830	For the purchase of certain land at Waverley, for the purposes of a Public Park and Water Reservoir	7,500 0 0	7,500 0 0	.....	.....
831	For improvements in connection with the National Park	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
832	For the purchase of land at Ashfield for a Public Park	7,000 0 0	6,536 0 10	463 19 2	.....
	No. VIII.				
833	Breakwaters, Clarence River, including some payments in 1878, out of the Treasurer's Advance Account	20,000 0 0	19,998 0 4	1 14 1	0 5 7
834	Prison Buildings, &c., Trial Bay	30,000 0 0	13,218 14 0	.....	16,781 6 0
835	Dredge for Rivers and Lakes	15,000 0 0	368 18 4	.....	14,631 1 8
836	Dredge, Tug, and Punts, to be employed in the first instance on the Manning River	18,000 0 0	478 1 11	.....	17,521 18 1
837	Punts for Dredge Service	13,000 0 0	2,628 3 1	.....	10,371 16 11
838	New Dredge, &c., for Sydney Harbour	15,000 0 0	4,126 9 7	.....	10,873 10 5
839	For providing Water Supply for Country Towns	250,000 0 0	10,065 11 6	.....	239,934 8 6
840	Erection of Light-house, Green Cape	17,000 0 0	.....	.....	17,000 0 0
841	For the erection of a new Lunatic Asylum at Callan Park	127,000 0 0	21,662 10 1	.....	105,337 9 11
842	For the completion of Public Offices for the Lands Department	35,000 0 0	19,203 14 1	.....	15,796 5 11
843	For the completion of new Public Offices for Department of Public Works and Colonial Secretary	45,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	.....	.....
	Carried forward	£ 825,500 0 0	376,519 4 11	517 6 4	448,463 8 9

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Appropriations of 1879—continued.					
<i>(Under 43 Vic. No. 10.)</i>					
	Brought forward ...	825,500 0 0	376,519 4 11	517 6 4	448,463 8 9
No. VIII—continued.					
844	For the erection of a new Free Public Library ...	150,000 0 0	87 10 0		149,912 10 0
845	For the erection of new Law Courts ...	210,000 0 0		210,000 0 0	
846	For the extension of the new General Post Office, including £13,300 payable to the Honorable Alexander Campbell under Arbitrator's award for resumption of land in Pitt-street ...	150,000 0 0	22,878 18 9		127,121 1 3
847	Construction of Telegraph Line, Louth to Cobar ...	5,000 0 0	1,673 9 0		3,326 11 0
Re-votes:—					
Appropriations and Balances of Appropriations which lapsed on the 31st December, 1878, re-voted:—					
1876:—					
848	Wharf, Kempsey, Macleay River ...	800 0 0			800 0 0
849	Sea-wall, Dawes' Point, balance on vote of £4,500 ...	177 12 6	152 8 10	25 3 8	
1877:—					
850	Contribution to meet one-half the estimated expense of works for protecting the banks of the Hunter River, at West Maitland, from the encroachment of floods, the remainder of the necessary funds having been subscribed from other sources ...	7,000 0 0	5,758 8 9		1,241 11 3
851	Sea-wall, Dawes' Point, further sum ...	706 0 0	705 14 7		0 5 5
852	Towards erection of Cranes, Darling Harbour ...	20,000 0 0	6,652 10 0	13,347 10 0	
853	Towards enlarging Tathra Wharf ...	2,000 0 0	1,117 13 3	0 13 2	881 13 7
854	Towards constructing Boat Harbour at Dawes' Point, in connection with Sea-wall being erected there ...	500 0 0		500 0 0	
855	Additions to Custom-house, Sydney ...	12,000 0 0		12,000 0 0	
856	For the erection of a new Gunpowder Magazine, Parramatta River ...	15,000 0 0		15,000 0 0	
857	Extension of Treasury Buildings, to include the Audit Office, and to provide temporary accommodation ...	20,000 0 0	2,899 0 0		17,101 0 0
858	Post and Telegraph Office, Adelong ...	1,200 0 0		1,200 0 0	
859	Lock-up at Ashfield ...	900 0 0		900 0 0	
860	Light-house, Barranjuery, further sum ...	5,000 0 0	2,583 15 6		2,416 4 6
861	Post and Telegraph Office, Blayney ...	1,500 0 0			1,500 0 0
862	Post and Telegraph Office, Cassilis ...	1,200 0 0	800 0 0		400 0 0
863	Post and Telegraph Office, Cootamundra ...	1,200 0 0	440 0 0		760 0 0
864	Post and Telegraph Office, Goulburn ...	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0		
865	Post and Telegraph Office, Liverpool, including site ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0		
866	Post and Telegraph Office, Louth ...	1,000 0 0			1,000 0 0
867	Post and Telegraph Office, Molong ...	800 0 0	680 0 0	120 0 0	
868	Erection of Police Barracks, Moruya ...	500 0 0	500 0 0		
869	Court-house, Murrumburrah ...	1,200 0 0	715 8 3		484 11 9
870	Post and Telegraph Office, Narrandera ...	800 0 0			800 0 0
871	Post and Telegraph Office, Rylstone ...	800 0 0			800 0 0
872	Post and Telegraph Office, St. Leonards, including purchase of site ...	3,125 0 0		3,125 0 0	
	Carried forward ...	£1,443,908 12 6	430,164 1 10	256,735 13 2	757,008 17 6

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances	
				Written off.	Retained.
	Appropriations of 1879—continued. (Under 43 Vic. No. 10.)	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward ...	1,448,908 12 6	430,164 1 10	256,735 13 2	757,008 17 6
	Re-votes—continued.				
873	Custom-house, Wentworth ...	2,500 0 0	.....	2,500 0 0	.....
874	Alterations and additions to the Queen's Warehouse, Custom-house, Sydney...	1,750 0 0	.....	1,750 0 0	.....
875	Additions to Artillery Barracks ...	890 0 0	822 5 2	67 14 10	.....
876	For erection of Police Buildings and Officers' Quarters (unexpended balance of Vote of £30,000) ...	8,690 0 0	8,511 0 6	.....	178 19 6
877	Post and Telegraph Office, Port Macquarie ...	1,200 0 0	859 0 0	.....	341 0 0
878	Additions and repairs, Asylum for Imbeciles, Newcastle, (unexpended balance of Vote of £9,000) ...	3,773 2 0	2,856 1 6	917 0 6	.....
879	Extension of Gun-carriage Shed, Ordnance Store Yard ...	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	.....	.....
880	Police Buildings, Singleton, further sum	400 0 0	400 0 0	.....	.....
881	To construct Main Drain through the Domain to convey away water from the Mint and other Public Buildings	300 0 0	.....	300 0 0	.....
882	New Police Buildings at Singleton ...	1,500 0 0	1,255 10 0	.....	244 10 0
883	Post and Telegraph Office at Menindie	1,000 0 0	.....	.....	1,000 0 0
884	For erecting Railway Store at Newcastle, further sum ...	3,200 0 0	.....	.....	3,200 0 0
885	Land Sheds, Siding Accommodation, and Approaches at Darling Harbour (unexpended balance of Vote of £20,000)	8,348 18 6	8,348 12 8	0 5 10	.....
886	Widening the Road Bridge over the Railway near Petersham (unexpended balance of Vote of £2,000) ...	372 8 8	301 0 9	.....	71 7 11
887	For preparing ground for Gardens, and planting trees and shrubs at the principal Railway Stations (unexpended balance of Vote of £500) ...	455 2 9	.....	.....	455 2 9
	1876 Votes—Re-voted in 1877:—				
888	Bridge, Bundarra ...	6,000 0 0	1,588 3 0	.....	4,416 17 0
889	Bridge, Coonamble to Mundooran ...	300 0 0	.....	300 0 0	.....
	1877 Votes:—				
890	Bridge on Road, Combo to Drying ...	300 0 0	280 0 0	20 0 0	.....
891	Roads, Manaro to Low Country ...	5,950 0 0	.....	5,950 0 0	.....
892	Bridge, Bundarra ...	2,000 0 0	379 14 6	.....	1,620 5 6
	TOTAL (43 Vic. No. 10) ...	£ 1,494,338 4 5	457,260 9 11	268,540 14 4	768,537 0 2
	Appropriations of 1880. (Under the Act 44 Vic. No. 4.)				
	No. III.				
704	Special grant to Country and Suburban Municipalities equal to full rates in each case for the Municipal year ended 3rd February, 1879, further sum ...	8,200 0 0	8,000 0 0	.....	200 0 0
705	Towards the completion of the Prince Alfred Hospital, further sum ...	20,000 0 0	.....	.....	20,000 0 0
	Carried forward ...	£ 28,200 0 0	8,000 0 0	.....	20,200 0 0

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.		Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.		Balances			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
	Appropriations of 1880—continued. (Under 44 Vic. No. 4.)								
	Brought forward	28,200	0 0	8,000	0 0			20,200	0 0
	No. III—continued.								
706	Further Expenses connected with the International Exhibition	40,000	0 0	40,000	0 0				
707	Towards meeting the expenses connected with the International Exhibition held in Sydney during the years 1879 and 1880, further sum	33,000	0 0	33,000	0 0				
	No. VII.								
708	To purchase and improvement of Public Park at Ashfield being a re-vote of the unexpended balance of the £7,000 voted for the purchase of land for this Park in 1879	1,757	15 5	1,757	15 5				
	No. VIII.								
709	For the erection of Grammar Schools at Maitland, Goulburn, and Bathurst ...	20,000	0 0					20,000	0 0
710	Light-house Green Cape, further sum ...	2,000	0 0					2,000	0 0
	Electric Telegraphs:—								
711	Goulburn to Taralga	1,500	0 0			*1,500	0 0		
712	Walgett <i>via</i> Mogil Mogil to Mungundi	6,000	0 0			*6,000	0 0		
713	Kyamboon to Pilot Station, Tweed River Heads	1,250	0 0			*1,250	0 0		
714	Gulgong to Mundooran	3,000	0 0			*3,000	0 0		
715	Tarana to Oberon	700	0 0			*700	0 0		
716	Extension of lines generally	5,000	0 0			*5,000	0 0		
717	Extension of Lines along Railway Extensions	15,000	0 0			*15,000	0 0		
	Re-votes:—								
	Lapsed Appropriations and Balances of Lapsed Appropriations, re-voted, viz.:—								
	Re-votes of 1872-3-4:—								
718	Bridge over the Bogan (1872)	795	13 4					795	13 4
719	Bridge, Black Camp Creek (1873)	200	0 0	200	0 0				
720	Bridge, Black Camp Creek (1874)	117	0 0	93	2 0			23	18 0
	Re-votes of 1877:—								
721	Underpinning Wall, Victoria Barracks	900	0 0	300	0 0			600	0 0
722	Drainage, Victoria Barracks	3,000	0 0					3,000	0 0
723	Light-house, Montague Island—balance of vote	14,836	15 1	3,197	6 5			11,639	8 8
724	Wharf at West Kempsey re-voted, as towards further Wharf and Punt Accommodation, Macleay River ...	2,500	0 0					2,500	0 0
725	Permanent Buildings at La Perouse, Botany, for the accommodation of the New Zealand Cable Officers	3,000	0 0					3,000	0 0
726	Bridge, South Creek, Windsor	2,000	0 0	1,357	12 6			642	7 6
727	Public Wharf—Yamba, Clarence River (1878)	1,000	0 0					1,000	0 0
728	Wharf at Pitt Town (1878)	1,000	0 0					1,000	0 0
729	Wharf at Hay (1878)	3,547	5 1	12	5 0			3,535	0 1
	Carried forward	£ 190,304	8 11	87,918	1 4	32,450	0 0	69,936	7 7

* These Votes for these services have been written off, as the provision made in the Loan Act of 1880 is intended to cover them.

STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount Appropriated.	Amount expended to 31st December, 1880.	Balances.	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Appropriations of 1880—continued.					
<i>(Under 44 Vic. No. 4.)</i>					
	Brought forward	190,304 8 11	87,918 1 4	32,450 0 0	69,936 7 7
Re-votes—continued.					
Re-votes of 1877—continued :—					
730	Towards lengthening Eden Wharf (1878)	744 10 0	736 9 6	.....	8 0 6
731	Darlinghurst Gaol—Rebuilding Wall, &c., 1878—Balance of Vote	6,700 0 0	25 0 0	.....	6,675 0 0
732	Kiama Pilot's Residence—Erection of...	400 0 0	300 0 0	.....	100 0 0
733	Blayney Post and Telegraph Office, further sum, 1878	200 0 0	.....	.....	200 0 0
734	Goulburn Gaol—Erection of, 1878	24,801 8 9	262 10 0	.....	24,538 18 9
735	Erection of Watch-house, George-street, North Sydney, including site, 1878, balance of Vote	2,000 0 0	.....	.....	2,000 0 0
736	Walgett Post and Telegraph Station—Erection of, 1878	1,500 0 0	590 0 0	.....	910 0 0
737	Bridge over Bogan River, between Bathalga and Nyngen, 1877	800 0 0	.....	.....	800 0 0
738	Bridge, South Creek, at Windsor, 1877	2,000 0 0	196 7 0	.....	1,803 13 0
739	Bridge, Tuross River, 1877	1,350 0 0	1,350 0 0	.....	.....
740	Road, Nowra to Saltwater Creek, 1877	330 0 0	173 10 0	.....	156 10 0
741	Foot-bridge, Parramatta Park, 1877	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
742	Bridge, Wollondilly River, Wheeo Road 1878	2,369 18 4	1,029 15 0	.....	1,340 3 4
743	Bridge at Bundarra, 1878	9,993 15 0	5,255 19 7	.....	4,737 15 5
744	Bridge, Budgee Budgee Creek, Balranald District, 1878	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
745	Road, Kiama to Geringong, 1878	987 0 0	.....	.....	987 0 0
746	Tanks, Liverpool Plains, 1878	2,949 15 6	1,480 0 0	.....	1,469 15 6
747	Bridge over Woytchugga, at Menindie	500 0 0	.....	.....	500 0 0
748	Bridge at Menindie, Tallywalka, 1876...	551 13 0	3 13 1	.....	547 19 11
No. X.					
Department of Mines :—					
749	In aid of Prospecting the Crown Lands of the Colony, 1878	2,000 0 0	1,514 7 9	2 6 11	483 5 4
Total (44 Vic. No. 4)		£ 251,482 9 6	101,835 13 3	32,452 6 11	117,194 9 4
GRAND TOTAL		£ 1,845,820 13 11	659,096 3 2	300,993 1 3	885,731 9 6

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

LOANS ACCOUNTS.

STATEMENT OF

LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

ON THE

31ST DECEMBER, 1880.

Loans

Dr.

STATEMENT of the LIABILITIES and ASSETS

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
OLD LOANS ACCOUNT.			
1	To AMOUNT of LIABILITIES, outstanding on 31st December, 1880, being Appropriations and Balances of Appropriations for Public Works and other Services authorized to be provided for by Loans, as per the accompanying Statement marked E, page ... ..	.....	154,180 2 5
	TOTAL ... ..	..... £	154,180 2 5
GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT.			
2	" AMOUNT of LIABILITIES outstanding on 31st December, 1880, being Appropriations and Balances of Appropriations for Public Works and other Services authorized to be provided for by Loans, as per the accompanying Statement marked E, page ... ..	.....	8,294,003 17 7
3	" AMOUNT due to the Consolidated Revenue Fund for Advances made therefrom to the General Loan Fund pending the negotiation of authorized Loans ... ..	.....	465,437 18 7
4	" OVEDRAFT in the Bank of New South Wales on the General Loan Account on the 31st December, 1880 ... ..	.....	1,238,499 2 5
	TOTAL ... ..	..... £	9,997,940 18 7
	GRAND TOTAL ... ..	..... £	10,152,121 1 0

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

Accounts.

of Loans Accounts on the 31st December, 1880.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
OLD LOANS ACCOUNT.			
1	By Cash in the Bank of New South Wales, Sydney, on 31st December, 1880, being part of the balance at the credit of the Public Account ... ..	.....	154,180 2 5
	TOTAL ... ..	..... £	154,180 2 5
GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT.			
2	„ Special Deposits belonging to the General Loan Account in the undermentioned Banks on 31st December, 1880, viz. :— Bank of Australasia Mercantile Bank Union Bank of Australia London Chartered Bank of Australia	50,000 0 0 25,000 0 0 25,000 0 0 6,818 0 0	106,818 0 0
3	„ AMOUNTS yet to be raised by Loan under the following Loan Acts, viz. :— 39 Vic. No. 18 (balance) 38 Vic. No. 2 } 40 Vic. No. 12 } 41 Vic. No. 4 } 41 Vic. No. 7 43 Vic., No. 11 44 Vic., No. 12	85,177 0 0 71,177 18 7 1,120,000 0 0 7,352,768 0 0 1,262,000 0 0	9,891,122 18 7
	TOTAL ... ..	..... £	9,997,940 18 7
	GRAND TOTAL ... ..	..... £	10,152,121 1 0

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

12

E.

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR SERVICES AUTHORIZED TO BE PROVIDED FOR BY LOANS, from the year 1853 to the year 1880, both inclusive, showing the expenditure under each head up to the 31st December, 1880, and the balances written off or retained for future expenditure.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.	Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—	
				Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
OLD LOANS ACCOUNT.					
1853	200,000 0 0	17 VICTORIA, No. 34. Sewerage of the City of Sydney	200,000 0 0	.....	.....
1853	200,000 0 0	17 VICTORIA, No. 35. Supply of Water to the City of Sydney	200,000 0 0	.....	.....
1854	30,000 0 0	18 VICTORIA, No. 35. Works of Defence at Middle Harbour and the South Head	30,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	3,250 0 0	Light-house at Cape Moreton	3,247 15 0	2 5 0	.....
"	20,000 0 0	Abattoir at Glebe Island	19,995 4 5	4 15 7	.....
"	40,000 0 0	New General Post Office	40,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	6,000 0 0	New Government Printing Office	6,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	3,000 0 0	Colonial Store ... ..	.....	3,000 0 0	.....
"	600 0 0	Signal-house at Newcastle	579 13 6	20 6 6	.....
"	6,000 0 0	New Water Police Office at Sydney	5,868 0 5	131 19 7	.....
"	4,000 0 0	New Water Police Watch House at Sydney	3,615 6 6	384 13 6	.....
"	6,000 0 0	Mounted Patrol Barracks and Stables at Sydney	5,729 12 5	270 7 7	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Police Station at the Southern end of Sydney	4,179 5 8	820 14 4	.....
"	750 0 0	Watch House at Balmain	750 0 0	.....	.....
"	400 0 0	Watch House on the North Shore	400 0 0	.....	.....
"	1,350 0 0	Watch House at Darlinghurst	1,350 0 0	.....	.....
"	300 0 0	Watch House at Newtown	125 18 8	174 1 4	.....
"	4,000 0 0	Police Station at Newcastle	3,032 8 5	967 11 7	.....
"	2,000 0 0	Court House at Camden	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	1,200 0 0	Court and Watch House at Queanbeyan, with out-buildings	1,200 0 0	.....	.....
"	3,500 0 0	Court House at Ipswich	3,500 0 0	.....	.....
"	1,600 0 0	Watch House at Ipswich	1,600 0 0	.....	.....
"	1,500 0 0	Public Wharf at the end of Erskine-street in Sydney	1,500 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Dam at the North Rocks, Parramatta	5,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	2,000 0 0	Bridge at Menangle Ford	2,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	7,000 0 0	Bridge over the Macquarie River at Bathurst	7,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	2,300 0 0	Bridge over the Belubula Rivulet at Carcoor	2,300 0 0	.....	.....
"	4,000 0 0	Bridge over the Bargo River	4,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	3,000 0 0	Bridge over Paddy's River	3,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	4,000 0 0	Bridge at Gunning	1,776 3 3	2,223 16 9	.....
"	7,000 0 0	Bridge at Queanbeyan	6,103 2 8	896 17 4	.....
"	4,000 0 0	Bridge over the Yugiong Creek	4,000 0 0	.....	.....
	178,750 0 0		169,852 10 11	8,897 9 1	.....
1854	400,000 0 0	18 VICTORIA, No. 40. Construction of Railways	400,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	224,733 18 8	Purchase of the Properties of the Sydney Railway, and of the Hunter River Railway Companies	224,733 18 8	.....	.....
	624,733 18 8		624,733 18 8	.....	.....
1855	40,000 0 0	19 VICTORIA, Nos. 25, 38, AND 40. Improvements to the Navigation of the River Hunter, and to the Ports of Newcastle and Morpeth	39,999 4 5	.....	0 15 7
"	50,000 0 0	Works of Defence in Sydney Harbour, including the purchase of land at Kiribilli Point	50,000 0 0	.....	.....
£	90,000 0 0	Carried forward	£ 89,999 4 5	.....	0 15 7
£	1,203,483 18 8	Carried forward	£ 1,194,586 9 7	8,897 9 1	.....

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.	Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balance—	
				Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	1,203,483 18 8	Brought forward	1,194,586 9 7	8,897 9 1	.....
OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.					
19 VICTORIA, Nos. 25, 38, AND 40—continued.					
	90,000 0 0	Brought forward	89,999 4 5	.....	0 15 7
1855	20,000 0 0	Gaol at Brisbane	13,317 17 7	6,682 2 5	.....
"	2,000 0 0	Court House at Wollongong	1,935 14 9	64 5 3	.....
"	600 0 0	Court and Watch House at Wingham, on the Manning River	600 0 0	.....	.....
"	600 0 0	Court House at Deniliquin	600 0 6	.....	.....
"	7,000 0 0	Building for a Time-ball, for an Observatory, and residence of an Astronomer... ..	7,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	15,000 0 0	Additions to the present building of the Legislative Council, to provide accom- modation for two Houses of Parliament	15,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	25,000 0 0	Site for the Sydney Grammar School	25,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	1,600 0 0	Site for the Light-house at Newcastle	1,600 0 0	.....	.....
"	1,000 0 0	Survey of the River Hunter... ..	870 8 4	129 11 8	.....
"	1,000 0 0	Clearing the Channel of the River Murray... ..	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	1,000 0 0	Clearing the Channel of the Murrumbidgee River	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	10,450 0 0	Steam Dredge and Punt for the River Brisbane	337 18 2	10,112 1 10	.....
"	8,000 0 0	Dam at Hunt's Creek, Parramatta	8,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	3,757 0 0	Providing a supply of Fresh Water for the Township of Gladstone	3,101 19 0	655 1 0	.....
"	14,516 0 0	Fitz Roy Dock and Dockyard and Workshops and Machinery	14,516 0 0	.....	.....
"	62,500 0 0	Railway—Sydney to Liverpool; and Railway, Newcastle to Maitland	62,499 10 0	.....	0 10 0
"	50,000 0 0	Surveys, Experiments, and Preparations for the Extension of Railways	49,997 19 7	.....	2 0 5
"	1,100 0 0	Bridge over the Macquarie River at Bathurst	1,100 0 0	.....	.....
"	200 0 0	Bridge over Paddy's River	196 13 6	3 6 6	.....
"	50,000 0 0	Buildings of the University of Sydney	50,000 0 0	.....	.....
Affiliated Colleges:—					
"	20,000 0 0	St. Paul's	15,148 8 10	.....	4,851 11 2
"	20,000 0 0	St. John's	20,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	20,000 0 0	St. Andrew's	14,129 17 9	.....	5,870 2 3
"	20,000 0 0	Wesleyan ... ..	.....	.....	20,000 0 0
	445,323 0 0		396,951 11 11	17,646 8 8	30,724 19 5
20 VICTORIA, No. 1.					
1856	200,000 0 0	Railway Works	200,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	73,776 0 0	To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures falling due in 1856	67,100 6 2	6,675 13 10	.....
	273,776 0 0		267,100 6 2	6,675 13 10	.....
20 VICTORIA, No. 16.					
1856	130,400 0 0	To pay off Debentures falling due in 1857... ..	130,400 0 0	.....	.....
20 VICTORIA, No. 33.					
1857	6,000 0 0	Dockyard, Buildings, and Machinery, at the Dry Dock, Cockatoo Island	6,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	2,500 0 0	Light-house at Newcastle	2,500 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Providing additional accommodation for Patients at the Sydney Infirmary	5,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	3,500 0 0	Court House at East Maitland	3,492 0 3	7 19 9	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Asylum for Destitute Children	5,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	38,000 0 0	Connecting the Cities of Sydney and Mel- bourne by Electric Telegraph	38,000 0 0	.....	.....
£	60,000 0 0	Carried forward	£ 59,992 0 3	7 19 9	.....
£	2,052,982 18 8	Carried forward	£ 1,989,038 7 8	33,219 11 7	30,724 19 5

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—				
	£	s. d.			£	s. d.	£	s. d.	
	2,052,982	18 8	Brought forward	1,989,038	7 8	33,219	11 7	30,724	19 5
OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.									
20 VICTORIA, No. 33—continued.									
	60,000	0 0	Brought forward	59,992	0 3	7	19 9	.....	.....
1857	12,113	18 11	Defences of Port Jackson	12,113	18 11	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0 0	Erection and Maintenance of Light-houses on the Australian Coast	10,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	2,590	0 0	Immigration Depôt, Brisbane... ..	2,590	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	250	0 0	Immigration Depôt at Maryborough ... ..	.....	.....	250	0 0	.....	.....
"	1,000	0 0	Removing obstructions to the Navigation of the Rivers Brisbane and Bremer... ..	1,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	500	0 0	Electric Telegraph, Brisbane... ..	.....	.....	500	0 0	.....	.....
"	500	0 0	Improving the Navigation of the Bar entrance of the River Mary, from the Mouth to the Township	500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	500	0 0	Public Wharf at Maryborough	500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,500	0 0	Custom House Station at the mouth of Moreton Bay	1,495	18 9	4	1 3	.....	.....
"	1,000	0 0	Court and Watch-house at Maryborough	1,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	500	0 0	Court and Watch-house at Nanango, Wide Bay... ..	400	0 0	100	0 0	.....	.....
"	500	0 0	Court and Watch-house at Yarrome, Wide Bay... ..	500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	450	0 0	Watch-house at Gatton	450	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,500	0 0	Hospital at Ipswich	1,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	150	0 0	Bridge at Ipswich	150	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	500	0 0	Bridge, Western Suburbs, North Brisbane... ..	500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,000	0 0	Bridge over Lockyer's Creek... ..	1,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,000	0 0	Bridges over other Crossings... ..	1,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	500	0 0	Bridge over Laidley's Creek	500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,064	0 0	Roads, Little Liverpool Range	1,064	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	2,000	0 0	Streets at Brisbane	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	2,000	0 0	Streets at Ipswich	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	500	0 0	Roadway and Tank at Drayton	500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	3,000	0 0	Road between Brisbane and Ipswich	3,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	400	0 0	Road between Maryborough and Brisbane	400	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	200	0 0	Road purposes between the Upper Dawson and the Fitzroy Rivers, Leichhardt District... ..	200	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,500	0 0	Bridge over Breakfast Creek... ..	1,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,000	0 0	Bridge over Norman Creek	1,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	107,717	18 11		106,855	17 11	862	1 0	.....	.....
20 VICTORIA, No. 34.									
"	300,000	0 0	Railway Works	299,927	9 4	.....	.....	72	10 8
22 VICTORIA, Nos. 5 AND 26.									
1858	125,000	0 0	To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures which will fall due in 1858 and 1859	125,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
1859	10,000	0 0	To pay off Debentures for Sewerage for the City of Sydney	10,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0 0	To pay off Debentures for Water for the City of Sydney	10,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
£	145,000	0 0		145,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
£	2,605,700	17 7	Carried forward	£2,540,821	14 11	34,081	12 7	30,797	10 1

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.	Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—	
				Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	2,605,700 17 7	Brought forward	2,540,821 14 11	34,081 12 7	30,797 10 1
		OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.			
		22 VICTORIA, No. 22.			
1858	712,000 0 0	Extension of Existing Railways	711,999 18 0	0 2 0	.....
"	8,000 0 0	Railway Trial Surveys... ..	8,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	10,500 0 0	Electric Telegraph, Sydney to Bathurst	9,726 7 10	773 12 2	.....
"	13,000 0 0	Electric Telegraph, Sydney to Newcastle	13,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	10,000 0 0	Bridge over the River Murray at Albury	9,642 17 3	357 2 9	.....
"	3,000 0 0	Additional Powder Magazine at Goat Island	1,610 17 0	1,389 3 0	.....
"	2,000 0 0	Dam at West Maitland ... ..	.....	2,000 0 0	.....
	758,500 0 0		758,980 0 1	4,519 19 11	.....
		22 VICTORIA, No. 26.			
1859	6,600 0 0	Gaol at Brisbane ... ..	.....	6,600 0 0	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Light-house at Cape St. George	4,792 0 10	207 19 2	.....
	11,600 0 0		4,792 0 10	6,807 19 2	.....
		23 VICTORIA, No. 5.			
		To pay off Debentures which will fall due in 1860:—			
1860	281,700 0 0	Railway	281,330 0 0	.....	370 0 0
"	21,000 0 0	Public Works	21,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	44,900 0 0	Sydney Sewerage	44,900 0 0	.....	.....
"	18,000 0 0	Sydney Water Works	18,000 0 0	.....	.....
	365,600 0 0		365,230 0 0	.....	370 0 0
		23 VICTORIA, No. 10.			
1860	2,100 0 0	Construction of Coal Wharf, Newcastle	2,100 0 0	.....	.....
"	800 0 0	Steam Crane	746 9 8	53 10 4	.....
"	1,882 0 0	Glebe Island Punts	1,882 0 0	.....	.....
"	2,425 0 0	Harbour Defences	2,425 0 0	.....	.....
"	4,500 0 0	Additions to Works at Fort Macquarie	4,496 15 3	3 4 9	.....
"	20,279 0 0	Bridge to connect the Abattoirs, Glebe Island with the main land	20,186 15 11	92 4 1	.....
		For Railway purposes—			
"	1,300 0 0	Valuation of Land... ..	1,296 0 0	4 0 0	.....
"	9,021 0 0	Works in progress—Authorized Exten- sions	8,645 2 8	375 17 4	.....
"	23,949 0 0	Trial Surveys	23,941 1 8	7 18 4	.....
"	54,100 0 0	New Works	51,825 1 11	.....	2,274 18 1
		For Electric Telegraph—			
"	15,000 0 0	Gundagai, <i>via</i> Wagga Wagga, to Denili- quin	12,149 4 11	2,850 15 1	.....
"	3,850 0 0	Purchase of Line from Deniliquin to Echuca	2,798 12 10	1,051 7 2	.....
"	40,000 0 0	West Maitland to the Boundary of Queens- land, <i>via</i> Singleton, Scone, Murrur- undi, Tamworth, Bendemeer, and Armidale	34,003 6 11	2,846 7 10	3,150 5 3
"	6,000 0 0	Extension of Western Line to Mudgee... ..	5,233 11 0	766 9 0	.....
"	3,000 0 0	Extension to Orange	2,663 11 11	336 8 1	.....
"	8,700 0 0	Gundagai to Kiandra, <i>via</i> Adelong and and Tumut	5,341 4 4	3,358 15 8	.....
"	10,225 0 0	Moiety of Expense for the erection of a Light-house on Gabo Island	10,225 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Renewal of Circular Quay	5,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	2,000 0 0	Pier at extension of Dowling-street... ..	1,255 3 5	.....	744 16 7
"	5,200 0 0	Extension of Wharf Accommodation, New- castle	5,200 0 0	.....	.....
"	26,892 0 0	Improvements to Wollongong Harbour	26,892 0 0	.....	.....
"	30,000 0 0	Improvements to Kiama Harbour	30,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	1,000 0 0	Removing Obstructions to the Navigation of the Moruya River	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
	£ 277,223 0 0	Carried forward	£ 259,306 2 5	11,746 17 8	6,169 19 11
	£ 3,741,400 17 7	Carried forward... ..	£ 3,664,823 15 10	45,409 11 8	31,167 10 1

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.	Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances.	
				Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	3,741,400 17 7	Brought forward	3,664,823 15 10	45,409 11 8	31,167 10 1
		OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.			
		23 VICTORIA, No. 10—continued.			
	277,223 0 0	Brought forward	£ 259,306 2 5	11,746 17 8	6,169 19 11
1860	2,500 0 0	Wharf at Eden	2,364 9 3	135 10 9	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Improvements to the Navigation of the Shoal- haven and Crookhaven Rivers	4,999 19 2	0 0 10	.....
"	2,000 0 0	Improvements to the Navigation of the Rivers Murray and Murrumbidgee	1,913 15 2	86 4 10	.....
"	2,000 0 0	Purchase of Alphabetical Telegraph Instru- ments	1,862 5 9	.....	137 14 3
"	6,500 0 0	Erection of a Light-house at Port Stephens	6,500 0 0	.....	.....
"	53,000 0 0	To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures falling due in 1860	53,000 0 0	.....	.....
	348,223 0 0		329,946 11 9	11,968 14 1	6,307 14 2
		24 VICTORIA, No. 24.			
		For Railway purposes—			
1861	1,300 0 0	Valuation of Land	1,300 0 0	.....	.....
"	7,020 0 0	Works in Progress—Authorized Exten- sions	6,718 9 5	301 10 7	.....
		For Electric Telegraphs—			
"	25,000 0 0	Deniliquin to the Eastern Boundary of South Australia, <i>via</i> Moulamein, Balranald, Euston, and Wentworth... ..	16,821 8 6	8,178 11 6	.....
"	4,000 0 0	Goulburn to Braidwood	3,077 15 0	422 5 0	500 0 0
"	10,000 0 0	Enlargement of the Australian Museum	10,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	15,265 0 0	New Wharf, Woolloomooloo Bay	15,265 0 0	.....	.....
"	20,000 0 0	Improvement of Clarence and Richmond Rivers	19,995 8 2	4 11 10	.....
"	3,000 0 0	Improvements to Moruya River	3,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Extension of Wharf Accommodation, New- castle	5,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	3,250 0 0	Purchase of Steam Cranes	3,250 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Construction of Northern Breakwater, New- castle	4,921 16 5	78 3 7	.....
"	1,000 0 0	Removing Obstacles to the Navigation of the River Murray	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Bridge over the Lachlan River	5,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	2,400 0 0	Bridge over Tumut River, including £200 for superintendence	2,400 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Lodging-houses and Public Room at Glebe Island	1,244 18 8	3,755 1 4	.....
"	1,300 0 0	Extension of Circular Quay for the accommo- dation of Harbour Steamers	1,283 14 1	16 5 11	.....
	113,535 0 0		100,278 10 3	12,756 9 9	500 0 0
		24 VICTORIA, No. 26.			
1861	50,000 0 0	Assisted Immigration to this Colony	50,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Voluntary Immigration to this Colony	5,000 0 0	.....	.....
	55,000 0 0		55,000 0 0	.....	.....
		25 VICTORIA, No. 19.			
		Railways—			
1862	675 0 0	Valuation of Land	671 1 8	3 18 4	.....
"	9,184 0 0	Works in Progress—Authorized Exten- sions	8,168 13 2	1,015 6 10	.....
"	20,000 0 0	Northern Line to Terminus at Morpeth... ..	20,000 0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000 0 0	Carriage-shed and Machine-shop, and fixing an Engine Turn-table, Northern Line	4,578 19 3	.....	421 0 9
"	40,000 0 0	Bridge over Hunter River at Singleton... ..	40,000 0 0	.....	.....
£	74,859 0 0	Carried forward	£ 73,418 14 1	1,019 5 2	421 0 9
£	4,258,158 17 7	Carried forward	£ 4,150,048 17 10	70,134 15 6	37,975 4 3

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.			Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—								
	£	s.	d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.							
	4,258,158	17	7	Brought forward ...	4,150,048	17	10	70,134	15	6	37,975	4	3	
				OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.										
				25 VICTORIA, No. 19—continued.										
	74,859	0	0	Brought forward ...	73,418	14	1	1,019	5	2	421	0	9	
				<i>Railways—continued.</i>										
1862	70,000	0	0	Bridge over the Nepean River at Penrith	70,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	688,000	0	0	Great Southern Railway to Goulburn ...	687,999	8	0	.....	0 12 0				
"	16,200	0	0	Land for Great Southern Railway to Goulburn ...	16,200	0	0	.....	.....			
"	20,000	0	0	Engines for Southern Extension ...	20,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	7,000	0	0	Trial Surveys ...	7,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	30,000	0	0	Great Western Line to the Nepean ...	30,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	250,000	0	0	Great Western Line from Penrith towards Bathurst ...	250,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	250,000	0	0	Great Northern Line towards Armidale...	250,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	60,000	0	0	Horse Railway Line from Blacktown to Windsor and Richmond ...	60,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	10,000	0	0	Additions and Alterations to Workshops and Stations ...	9,998	7	6	.....	1 12 6				
				<i>Electric Telegraphs—</i>										
"	14,000	0	0	To the Burrangong Gold Fields ...	12,825	1	9	1,174	18	3		
"	8,400	0	0	Tenterfield to Grafton ...	5,481	3	4	2,918	16	8		
"	4,000	0	0	To Wollongong and Kiama ...	3,375	9	3	624	10	9		
"	4,000	0	0	From Mudgee to Wellington ...	2,651	18	7	1,348	1	5		
"	350	0	0	Second Wire from Scone to Muswellbrook	330	13	4	19	6	8		
"	700	0	0	Second Wire from Newcastle to Singleton	27	12	4	672	7	8		
"	3,000	0	0	Bridge over River at Bargo		3,000	0	0		
"	6,000	0	0	Bridge over River Hunter at West Maitland	6,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	24,000	0	0	Bridge and Approaches over Murrumbidgee River at Gundagai...	24,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	8,000	0	0	Bridge over River at Deniliquin ...	8,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	10,000	0	0	Bridge over River at Moama...	79	1	4	9,920	18	8		
"	5,000	0	0	Bridge over River at Nanami		5,000	0	0		
"	4,000	0	0	Bridge over Namoi River at Narrabri ...	2,950	12	10	1,049	7	2		
"	10,000	0	0	Police Barracks, Sydney and Country Districts ...	10,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	25,000	0	0	Free Public Library ...	9,215	0	6	.....	15,784 19 6				
"	10,000	0	0	District Courts, Sydney ...	.....	.....		.....	10,000 0 0			
"	20,000	0	0	Improvement of accommodation in Gaols and Penal Establishments ...	13,906	11	6	.....	6,093 8 6				
"	3,000	0	0	Improvements to Shoalhaven River ...	3,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	5,000	0	0	Improvements to Moruya River ...	5,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	5,000	0	0	Extension of Wharf accommodation at Newcastle ...	5,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	3,400	0	0	Purchase of Steam Cranes ...	3,396	0	7	3	19	5		
"	700	0	0	Pier, Shellharbour ...	700	0	0	.....	.....			
"	1,000	0	0	Stone Dyke, Bullock Island, Newcastle	1,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	1,000	0	0	Dyke, Shoalhaven River ...	999	19	11	0	0	1		
"	2,500	0	0	Wharf, Ulladulla ...	2,500	0	0	.....	.....			
"	10,000	0	0	Breakwater and Pier at Bellambi		10,000	0	0		
"	5,000	0	0	University of Sydney ...	5,000	0	0	.....	.....			
"	43,261	14	6	Compensation to the Municipal Council of Sydney, for land resumed under the Water Act, 17 Vict., No. 35 ...	43,261	14	6	.....	.....			
"	20,000	0	0	Juvenile Reformatories ...	19,946	17	9	.....	53 2 3				
"	50,000	0	0	Assisted Immigration to this Colony...	50,000	0	0	.....	.....			
	1,782,370	14	6		1,713,264	7	1	36,751	11	11	32,354	15	6	
				26 VICTORIA, No. 14.										
				<i>Railways—</i>										
1862	700	0	0	Valuation of land...	696	0	0	4	0	0		
"	11,182	0	0	Works in Progress—Authorized Extensions ...	10,523	3	5	658	16	7		
£	11,882	0	0	Carried forward ...	£	11,219	3	5	662	16	7		
£	6,040,529	12	1	Carried forward...	£	5,863,313	4	11	106,886	7	5	70,329	19	9

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.			Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances.							
	£	s.	d.			Written off.			Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.				
	6,040,529	12	1	Brought forward	5,863,313	4	11	106,886	7	5	70,329	19	9
				OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.									
				26 VICTORIA, No. 14—continued.									
				Brought forward	11,219	3	5	662	16	7			
				<i>Railways—continued.</i>									
1862	1,000	0	0	Bridge over the Railway near Newcastle	1,000	0	0						
"	16,000	0	0	Additional Line from Newcastle to the Wallsend Junction	14,684	8	6				1,315	11	6
"	350	0	0	Additional Telegraph Wire for Railway purposes, from Parramatta to Penrith	336	5	6	13	14	6			
"	675	0	0	Additional Telegraph Wire for Railway purposes, from Campbelltown to Picton	514	16	8				160	3	4
"	7,500	0	0	Wharf, Ulladulla	7,500	0	0						
"	3,500	0	0	Improvements to Shoalhaven River	3,458	6	0	41	14	0			
"	15,000	0	0	Extension of Wharf accommodation, Newcastle	14,999	11	6				0	8	6
"	275	0	0	Additional Screw Moorings for the Harbour of Newcastle	275	0	0						
"	5,000	0	0	Northern Breakwater, Newcastle	4,999	2	6				0	17	6
"	30,000	0	0	Improvement to Clarence River North Breakwater	29,935	0	2				64	19	10
"	3,000	0	0	Steam Cranes	3,000	0	0						
"	1,000	0	0	Stone Dyke, Bullock Island, Newcastle	939	4	0	60	16	0			
"	20,000	0	0	Second Steam Dredge, Punts, and Tug, for Newcastle	19,966	6	4	33	13	8			
"	10,000	0	0	Wharf and Coal Shoots, Morpeth	4,342	10	9				5,657	9	3
"	6,000	0	0	Bridge at Bendemeer	5,999	4	1	0	15	11			
"	6,000	0	0	Bridge at Dunmore	6,000	0	0						
"	10,000	0	0	Offices for the Department of Public Works	10,000	0	0						
"				Electric Telegraphs—									
"	3,500	0	0	Additional Wire from Sydney to Newcastle	3,232	1	6	267	18	6			
"	350	0	0	Do. Parramatta to Liverpool	300	0	0	50	0	0			
"	5,600	0	0	Do. Deniliquin to Hay	3,781	0	10	1,818	19	2			
"	2,600	0	0	Do. Wellington to Dubbo	1,608	17	10	991	2	2			
"	2,600	0	0	Do. Braidwood to Queanbeyan	1,995	5	3	604	14	9			
	161,832	0	0		150,086	4	10	4,546	5	3	7,199	9	11
				27 VICTORIA, No. 14.									
				<i>Railways—</i>									
1864	215,414	3	1	Extension to Goulburn	215,414	3	1						
"	3,932	2	8	Workshops, Southern Line	3,932	2	8						
"	2,480	14	3	Workshops, Northern Line	2,431	7	6				49	6	9
"	13,000	0	0	Rolling Stock, Northern Line	13,000	0	0						
"	23,000	0	0	Locomotive Engines, Western Line	23,000	0	0						
"	20,000	0	0	Carriages, Break-vans, &c., Western Line	20,000	0	0						
"	35,000	0	0	Locomotive Engines, Northern Line									
"	1,000	0	0	Traverses for Coal Sidings, Newcastle									
"	4,000	0	0	Ballast Waggon for Northern, Southern, and Western Lines	37,659	10	9				2,340	9	3
"	50,000	0	0	Extension into Goulburn	50,000	0	0						
"	150,000	0	0	Extension to Bathurst	150,000	0	0						
"	15,000	0	0	Richmond and Windsor Railways	15,000	0	0						
"	7,500	0	0	Purchase of Land for Morpeth Railway	7,495	13	4				4	6	8
"	5,000	0	0	Siding into Cemetery at Haslem's Creek	4,821	5	6				178	14	6
"	900	0	0	Wharf, Carriage Dock, and Siding, Newcastle Station, and at West Maitland	900	0	0						
"	970	0	0	New Passenger Station, Platform, and Siding, at Hexham	970	0	0						
"	3,500	0	0	Coal Sidings at Newcastle	566	13	9				2,933	6	3
"	400	0	0	Passenger Station and Platform at Rooty Hill, Western Line	400	0	0						
"	900	0	0	Three Gate-houses on Western Line	831	10	5				68	9	7
"	110	0	0	Stables at Newcastle	110	0	0						
	£ 552,107	0	0	Carried forward	£ 546,532	7	0				5,574	13	0
	£ 6,202,361	12	1	Carried forward	£ 6,018,399	9	9	111,432	12	8	77,529	9	8

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.			Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances							
	£	s.	d.			Written off.			Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.				
	6,202,361	12	1	Brought forward	6,013,399	9	9	111,432	12	8	77,529	9	8
	OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.												
	27 VICTORIA, No. 14—continued.												
	552,107	0	0	Brought forward...	546,532	7	0	.....	.....	.....	5,574	13	0
1864	7,153	13	2	Electric Telegraphs— Stations on Southern, Western, Northern, and Mudgee Lines	5,827	6	3	.....	.....	.....	1,326	6	11
"	300	0	0	Wollongong to Kiama	211	19	7	88	0	5	.....	.....	.....
"	9,000	0	0	Mudgee to Murrurundi	5,116	3	6	3,883	16	6	.....	.....	.....
"	4,500	0	0	Braidwood to Araluen	683	17	0	3,816	3	0	.....	.....	.....
"	3,000	0	0	Continuation of Line to Cooma	2,847	11	9	152	8	3	.....	.....	.....
"	1,800	0	0	Stations at Grafton, Wagga Wagga, and Hay	550	0	0	.....	.....	.....	1,250	0	0
"	9,000	0	0	Bridge over the River Hunter at West Mait- land	9,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	38,000	0	0	Wharfs and Coal Basin, Newcastle	38,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	3,000	0	0	Coal Shoots and Railway, Wollongong	3,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	5,000	0	0	Improvement of Wollongong Harbour	5,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	5,000	0	0	Reclamation of Land, Woolloomooloo Bay... ..	5,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	4,000	0	0	Sewers for draining reclaimed land at Wool- loomooloo Bay	4,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0	0	Reclaiming Land at the head of Darling Harbour and Blackwattle Swamp	10,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,047	12	9	Light-house, Gabo Island	1,047	12	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	765	19	5	Light-house, Wilson's Promontory	635	19	5	130	0	0	.....	.....	.....
"	11,000	0	0	Australian Museum	11,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	5,351	7	3	Harbour Defences	5,351	7	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	670,025	12	7		653,804	4	6	8,070	8	2	8,150	19	11
	29 VICTORIA, No. 5.												
	To pay off Debentures falling due January, 1866—												
1865	97,500	0	0	Sewerage, 17 Vict., No. 34	97,500	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	50,700	0	0	Water Supply, 17 Vict., No. 35	50,700	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	139,000	0	0	Railways, 18 Vict., No. 40	139,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	12,800	0	0	Public Works, 18 Vict., No. 35, and 19 Vict., Nos. 38—40	12,800	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	300,000	0	0		300,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	29 VICTORIA, No. 9.												
	Railways—												
1865	650	0	0	Station at Riverstone	650	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	650	0	0	Station at Mulgrave	650	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	9,000	0	0	Forty additional Ballast and Goods Trucks	9,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0	0	Windsor and Richmond Railway	10,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	850	0	0	Land at Newtown for Sidings	820	17	8	.....	.....	.....	29	2	4
"	10,000	0	0	Additional Rolling Stock	10,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	20,000	0	0	Additional Goods Accommodation, Sydney Station	19,999	18	0	0	2	0	.....	.....	.....
"	12,000	0	0	Railway Sheds	12,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	5,000	0	0	Additional Accommodation, Stations	5,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	6,000	0	0	To meet outstanding claims for land on the Penrith, Picton, and Singleton Extensions	3,852	12	4	.....	.....	.....	2,147	7	8
"	650	0	0	Station at Douglass Park	640	14	3	.....	.....	.....	9	5	9
"	20,000	0	0	Extension of Great Northern Line to Terminus at Morpeth	19,995	2	11	.....	.....	.....	4	17	1
"	9,000	0	0	Bridge at Pitnacree	9,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	900	0	0	Dunmore Bridge	900	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	4,000	0	0	West Maitland Bridge	4,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
£	108,700	0	0	Carried forward	£ 106,509	5	2	0	2	0	2,190	12	10
£	7,172,387	4	8	Carried forward...	£6,967,203	14	3	119,503	0	10	85,680	9	7

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.			Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances							
	£	s.	d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.						
	7,172,387	4	8	Brought forward ...	6,967,203	14	3	119,503	0	10	85,680	9	7
	OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.												
	29 VICTORIA, No. 9—continued.												
1865	108,700	0	0	Brought forward...	106,509	5	2	0	2	0	2,190	12	10
	850	0	0	Dwarf Wall and Railing between the Domain and the reclaimed land in Woolloomooloo Bay, and for a Gate to the same, and a new Gate in Palmer-street	850	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	3,900	0	0	Reclamation of Land, Woolloomooloo Bay	3,899	16	10	0	3	2	.....	.....	.....
"	6,000	0	0	Australian Museum	5,954	11	0	45	9	0	.....	.....	.....
"	6,000	0	0	Excavation, Kiama Harbour Works	5,998	6	9	1	13	3	.....	.....	.....
"	500	0	0	Wharf at Ulladulla	500	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	3,500	0	0	Three new Punts for second Steam Dredge, Newcastle	3,500	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	25,000	0	0	Penitentiary	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,000	0	0
"	25,000	0	0	Lunatic Asylum	22,147	15	0	.....	.....	.....	2,852	5	0
"	40,000	0	0	Assisted Immigration to this Colony	39,437	17	2	.....	.....	.....	562	2	10
	219,450	0	0		188,797	11	11	47	7	5	30,605	0	8
	29 VICTORIA, No. 23.												
1866	200,000	0	0	Railways—	200,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	400,000	0	0	Extension of the Great Western Line	397,794	16	11	.....	.....	.....	2,205	3	1
"	20,000	0	0	Extension of the Great Northern Line	20,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	4,000	0	0	Relaying the Line from Sydney to the Parramatta Junction	2,508	17	2	.....	.....	.....	1,491	2	10
"	5,000	0	0	Enlarging Railway Bridges at East Maitland	5,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0	0	Additional Accommodation to Stations, &c.	10,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0	0	Additional Goods Waggon	9,986	9	5	13	10	7	.....	.....	.....
"	5,000	0	0	Wollongong Harbour Works	5,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0	0	Breakwater, Newcastle	10,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	24,000	0	0	Coal Staiths, Newcastle	24,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	33,000	0	0	Steam Dredge and Punts for Sydney	33,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	15,500	0	0	One-third the cost of the Bridge over the Nepean at Penrith, defrayed from Railway Loan	12,160	3	3	.....	.....	.....	3,339	16	9
"	3,000	0	0	One-third the cost of Singleton Bridge, defrayed from Railway Loan	3,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	1,000	0	0	Bridge over the Lachlan at Cowra	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,000	0	0
"	2,500	0	0	Extension of Riley-street to Palmer-street, including Ornamental Railing for portion of the Domain	1,358	18	4	1,141	1	8	.....	.....	.....
"	15,000	0	0	Electric Telegraph, Yass to Burrowa	15,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	758,000	0	0	Cost of Heavy Guns for Fortifications	748,809	5	1	1,154	12	3	8,036	2	8
	30 VICTORIA, No. 23.												
1866	3,000	0	0	Railways—	1,054	9	6	.....	.....	.....	1,945	10	6
"	5,000	0	0	Engine-shed, Windsor and Richmond Line	5,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	25,000	0	0	Trial Surveys for the Extension of the Great Southern and Western Railways	25,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	900	0	0	Compensation for Land taken on the Ultimo Estate	897	16	2	2	3	10	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0	0	Bridge at Pitnacree	10,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	12,000	0	0	Removing Obstructions and improving the Navigation of the Rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling	12,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	6,000	0	0	Approaches to Gundagai Bridge	6,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	3,000	0	0	Road and Railway Bridge over the Murray at Echuca	2,041	5	5	958	14	7	.....	.....	.....
"	450	0	0	Electric Telegraph, Cooma to Bombala	184	10	0	265	10	0	.....	.....	.....
"	500	0	0	Electric Telegraph, Newcastle to Wallsend	153	10	0	346	10	0	.....	.....	.....
	65,850	0	0	Electric Telegraph Extension to Bulli	62,331	11	1	1,572	18	5	1,945	10	6
	£8,215,687	4	8	Carried forward ...	£7,967,142	2	4	122,277	18	11	126,267	3	5

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—	
	£	s. d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.
	8,215,687	4 8	Brought forward...	7,967,142 2 4	122,277 18 11	126,267 3 5
			OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.			
			31 VICTORIA, No. 11.			
1867	1,000,000	0 0	Railway Works, Extension to Bathurst and Goulburn ...	999,409 12 10		590 7 2
			31 VICTORIA, No. 27.			
1868	3,412	0 0	Railways— Half the cost of Telegraph Line from Picton to Goulburn, along the line of Railway, chargeable to Railways...	3,411 2 0		0 18 0
"	3,719	0 0	Half the cost of Telegraph Line from Penrith to Bathurst, along the line of Railway, chargeable to Railways...	3,511 0 10		207 19 2
"	10,000	0 0	Removing Obstructions and improving the Navigation of the Rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling ...	10,000 0 0		
"	5,000	0 0	Repair of the Southern Breakwater, Newcastle ...	5,000 0 0		
"	6,600	0 0	Coal Staiths, Newcastle ...	6,600 0 0		
"	1,000	0 0	Bridge and Approaches, West Maitland ...	1,000 0 0		
"	4,500	0 0	Additional Punt for new Steam Dredge, Sydney Harbour ...	4,499 16 3	0 3 9	
"	8,000	0 0	Bridge over the Macquarie River at Wellington ...	8,000 0 0		
"	13,000	0 0	Iron Bridge over the Lower Murrumbidgee...	12,998 18 9		1 1 3
"	10,000	0 0	Iron Bridge at Yass...	10,000 0 0		
"	12,000	0 0	Iron Bridge at Bathurst ...	12,000 0 0		
"	15,000	0 0	Bridge over the Nimboi, between Grafton and New England...	14,999 18 0		0 2 0
"	11,000	0 0	Receiving Houses at the Redfern Railway Station and the Necropolis ...	11,000 0 0		
"	13,000	0 0	Additions and Alterations to Abattoirs, Glebe Island, including Water Supply ...	12,557 12 0		442 8 0
"	1,750	0 0	Electric Telegraph— Glen Innes to Inverell ...	1,625 9 0	124 11 0	
"	25,000	0 0	Tamworth to Fort Bourke ...	16,735 13 9		8,264 6 3
"	1,750	0 0	Morpeth <i>via</i> Raymond Terrace to Port Stephens ...	1,735 5 8	14 14 4	
"	7,250	0 0	Armidale to Port Macquarie ...	5,835 3 6	1,414 16 6	
"	1,500	0 0	Burrowa to Young ...	981 18 9	568 1 3	
"	2,500	0 0	Araluen to Moruya ...	1,215 3 8	1,284 16 4	
"	2,500	0 0	Kiandra to Cooma...	1,731 2 4	768 17 8	
"	2,500	0 0	Bombala to Panbula and Eden ...	2,319 6 11	180 13 1	
"	1,800	0 0	Parramatta to Wiseman's Ferry...	1,304 12 10	495 7 2	
"	1,095	0 0	Re-insulating Line, Sydney to Albury ...	221 8 6		873 11 6
"	4,500	0 0	Stations, Balranald, Moulamein, and Wellington ...	4,496 9 2		3 10 10
"	1,900	0 0	Stations at Euston and Wentworth ...	1,688 15 0	211 5 0	
"	3,413	0 0	One-half the cost of Telegraph Line from Picton to Goulburn, along the line of Railway, chargeable to Telegraphs	3,413 0 0		
"	3,718	0 0	One-half the cost of Telegraph Line from Penrith to Bathurst, along the line of Railway, chargeable to Telegraphs	3,718 0 0		
	177,407	0 0		162,549 16 11	5,063 6 1	9,793 17 0
			32 VICTORIA, No. 13.			
1869	60,000	0 0	Railways— Towards cost of Additional Rolling Stock for Railway Extensions ...	60,000 0 0		
"	10,000	0 0	Compensation for Land taken at Honey-suckle Point ...	9,852 7 2		147 12 10
£	70,000	0 0	Carried forward ...	£ 69,852 7 2		147 12 10
£	9,393,094	4 8	Carried forward...	£9,129,101 12 1	127,341 5 0	136,651 7 7

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances			
	£	s. d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.		
	9,393,094	4 8	Brought forward ...	9,129,101 12 1	127,341 5 0	136,651 7 7		
			OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.					
			32 VICTORIA, No. 13—continued.					
	70,000	0 0	Brought forward ...	69,852 7 2		147 12 10		
1869	18,000	0 0	Harbours and River Navigation— Removing obstructions and improving the Navigation of the Rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling ...	17,993 18 9		6 1 3		
"	5,000	0 0	For Breakwater, Newcastle ...	5,000 0 0				
"	10,000	0 0	Dredge for Manning, Macleay, and Clarence Rivers ...	10,000 0 0				
"	35,000	0 0	Erection of Steam Cranes, Wharf, &c., Darling Harbour ...	35,000 0 0				
"	10,000	0 0	Towards Reclamation of Land, Blackwattle Bay ...	9,999 9 0		0 11 0		
"	3,000	0 0	Erection of Light-house Tower at Ulladulla ...	3,000 0 0				
"	3,000	0 0	Erection of Light-house Tower at Wollongong ...	2,996 6 6		3 13 6		
"	11,500	0 0	Roads and Bridges— Bridge over the Urara, on Road from Grafton to Glen Innes ...	11,500 0 0				
"	4,000	0 0	Iron Bridge over the Macquarie River, at Bathurst, further sum ...	4,000 0 0				
"	7,000	0 0	Public Works and Buildings— Erection of Public Offices, Newcastle ...	7,000 0 0				
"	2,500	0 0	Electric Telegraphs— Kiama to Jervis Bay ...	2,211 10 0		288 10 0		
"	160	0 0	Newcastle to Co-operative Company's Works ...	19 3 6	140 16 6			
"	220	0 0	Newcastle to Lambton Colliery Works ...	90 19 8	129 0 4			
"	150	0 0	Newcastle to New Lambton Colliery Works ...	41 13 9	108 6 3			
"	800	0 0	Muswellbrook to Denman ...	411 10 2	388 9 10			
"	800	0 0	Eden to Bega ...	599 19 4	200 0 8			
"	450	0 0	Additions to Port Stephens Line ...			450 0 0		
"	180	0 0	To purchase Improvements, Grenfell ...	180 0 0				
"	1,750	0 0	Eden to Gabo Island Light-house ...	1,750 0 0				
"	2,000	0 0	Maitland to Manning River ...	125 10 3		1,874 9 9		
"	2,400	0 0	Bathurst to Carcoar and Cowra ...	1,148 4 1		1,251 15 11		
"	200	0 0	Pambula and Merimbula ...		200 0 0			
"	350	0 0	Port Stephens to Nelson's Bay ...	285 1 0		64 19 0		
"	350	0 0	Newcastle to Waratah Coal Company's Works ...	54 18 6	295 1 6			
"	1,575	0 0	Extension to Walcha ...			1,575 0 0		
"	2,500	0 0	Grafton to Clarence River Heads ...	2,151 7 7		348 12 5		
"	5,000	0 0	In anticipation of further Extensions under the Guarantee System ...	4,797 6 4		202 13 8		
	197,885	0 0		190,209 5 7	1,461 15 1	6,213 19 4		
			34 VICTORIA, No. 2.					
1870	13,000	0 0	Railways— New Machine Shop, Running Shed, &c., Newcastle ...	12,917 4 5		82 15 7		
"	2,000	0 0	Additional Machinery ...	1,674 4 2		325 15 10		
"	30,500	0 0	New Station, Workshops, &c., Redfern ...	30,420 19 11		79 0 1		
"	5,000	0 0	Excavating Station Yard, Redfern ...	4,902 14 10		97 5 2		
"	3,500	0 0	Additional Machinery ...	3,500 0 0				
"	6,000	0 0	New Passenger Station and Platform, Newcastle ...	5,965 0 5		34 19 7		
"	60,000	0 0	Further for construction of Rolling Stock ...	59,998 3 6		1 16 6		
"	35,000	0 0	Completion of the re-laying the Line from Sydney to Parramatta ...	30,402 14 5		4,597 5 7		
	£ 155,000	0 0	Carried forward ...	£ 149,781 1 8		5,218 18 4		
	£ 9,590,979	4 8	Carried forward ...	£ 9,319,310 17 8	128,803 0 1	142,865 6 11		

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—				
	£	s. d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.			
	£	s. d.		£	s. d.	£	s. d.		
	9,590,979	4 8	Brought forward	9,319,310	17 8	128,803	0 1	142,865	6 11
			OLD LOANS ACCOUNT—continued.						
			34 VICTORIA, No. 2—continued.						
			Brought forward	149,781	1 8	.....	.....	5,218	18 4
1870	17,000	0 0	Railways—continued.						
			Completion of new Goods Shed, Sydney, &c.	14,518	9 10	.....	.....	2,481	10 2
"	5,000	0 0	Extension to Morpeth	4,994	10 0	.....	.....	5	10 0
"	2,000	0 0	Land for Windsor and Richmond Line ...	1,340	18 11	.....	.....	659	1 1
"	17,500	0 0	Removing Obstructions and improving the Navigation of the Rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling	17,491	17 0	.....	.....	8	3 0
"	30,000	0 0	New Steam Dredge, Newcastle Harbour ...	30,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	600	0 0	Additional Screw Moorings and Buoys for Newcastle Harbour	600	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	9,300	0 0	To complete Kiama Harbour Works	9,299	10 10	.....	.....	0	9 2
"	2,000	0 0	Clearing, surveying, and improving the Navigation of Edward River	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	3,000	0 0	Coal Stairhs, Newcastle	2,999	8 11	.....	.....	0	11 1
"	5,000	0 0	Wharf, Bullock Island	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	2,500	0 0	Dredge for improving Navigation of Rivers and Creeks flowing into Coast Lakes and Lagoons	2,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	2,500	0 0	Approach to Bridge over Macquarie River, at Bathurst	2,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	2,000	0 0	Completion of Fitz Roy Dry Dock and works attached thereto	1,993	15 0	.....	.....	6	5 0
"	1,548	13 7	Receiving Houses at Redfern Railway Station and at Necropolis	1,548	13 7	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	30,000	0 0	Erection of New General Post Office ...	30,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Electric Telegraphs—						
"	1,350	0 0	To connect Barrenjuey with Sydney ...	1,116	12 4	.....	.....	233	7 8
"	3,750	0 0	Iron Telegraph Posts	1,739	0 0	.....	.....	2,011	0 0
"	17,103	0 0	To pay amounts awarded for Land for new General Post Office	16,413	0 0	.....	.....	690	0 0
"	100,000	0 0	To pay off Railway Debentures issued under 18 Vic. No. 40, falling due 1st January, 1871	100,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	407,151	13 7		395,836	18 1	.....	.....	11,314	15 6
	£9,998,130	18 8	TOTALS, OLD LOANS...	£9,715,147	15 9	128,803	0 1	154,180	2 5
			GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT.						
			35 VICTORIA, No. 5.						
1871	124	0 0	Railways—						
			Construction of Railway Sheds	122	9 5	.....	.....	1	10 7
"	230,000	0 0	Completion of Lines already sanctioned ...	229,942	14 2	.....	.....	57	5 10
"	70,000	0 0	Construction of Rolling Stock manufactured in the Colony	65,580	13 9	.....	.....	4,419	6 3
"	1,291	0 0	Harbours and Rivers—						
			Dredge for Manning, Macleay, and Clarence Rivers	1,290	3 0	.....	.....	0	17 0
"	5,000	0 0	Removing obstructions, Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	5,000	0 0	Southern Breakwater, Newcastle	4,991	10 5	.....	.....	8	9 7
"	265	0 0	Coal Stairhs, Newcastle, for Masonry Approaches	264	1 7	.....	.....	0	18 5
"	300	0 0	Light-house, Wollongong	255	8 6	.....	.....	44	11 6
"	500	0 0	Light-house, Ulladulla	499	19 2	.....	.....	0	0 10
"	1,000	0 0	Blasting and removing rock in front of Newcastle Wharf	996	0 11	.....	.....	3	19 1
	£ 313,480	0 0	Carried forward	£ 308,943	0 11	.....	.....	4,536	19 1

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—			
	£	s. d.			£	s. d.	Written off.	Retained for Expenditure 31st December, 1880.
			GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT—continued.					
			35 VICTORIA, No. 5—continued.					
	313,480	0 0	Brought forward...	308,943	0 11	.....	4,536	19 1
1871	12,000	0 0	Public Works and Buildings— Completion, New General Post Office	12,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	7,000	0 0	Roads and Bridges— Bridge at Windsor	7,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	3,500	0 0	Restoring Yass Bridge	3,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	8,000	0 0	Re-building Jugiong Bridge	8,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	500	0 0	Electric Telegraphs— Eden to Gabo Island	394	17 6	.....	105	2 6
	500	0 0	Kiama to Jervis Bay	.....	.....	.....	500	0 0
	30,000	0 0	Fortifications	30,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	374,980	0 0		369,837	18 5	.....	5,142	1 7
			36 VICTORIA, No. 2.					
1872	60,000	0 0	Railways— For Rolling Stock manufactured in the Colony	58,871	2 4	.....	1,128	17 8
	257	0 0	Station-master's House, Newtown	257	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	2,000	0 0	Stations Buildings at West Maitland	1,876	10 2	.....	128	9 10
	75,000	0 0	Purchase of Railway Stores	75,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	3,000	0 0	Harbours and Rivers Navigation— Removing obstructions and improving the Navigation of the Rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling, further sum...	2,999	11 8	.....	0	8 4
	4,397	0 0	Additional Siding, Purchase of Land required for Approach, &c., Coal Staiths, Newcastle	4,194	17 5	.....	202	2 7
	10,000	0 0	Purchase of Blackwattle Bridge	10,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	18,000	0 0	Dredge and Punts for Clarence River	18,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	2,000	0 0	Improving the Navigation of the Edward River, further sum	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	18,000	0 0	Dredge and Punts for Newcastle	18,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	6,000	0 0	Public Works and Buildings— Completion of New General Post Office	6,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	2,000	0 0	Roads and Bridges— Bridge over the Hawkesbury, Windsor	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	5,000	0 0	Bridge at Warry, Shoalhaven	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	5,000	0 0	Bridge at Casino	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	2,000	0 0	Approaches and alterations to Hay Bridge	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	4,000	0 0	Approaches and addition to height of Nimboy Bridge	3,999	18 11	.....	0	1 1
	22,000	0 0	Mudgee Road	22,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	3,000	0 0	Electric Telegraphs— Telegraph Line to the Manning River, Tinonee, on the guarantee principle	2,991	5 9	.....	8	14 3
	850	0 0	Erection of Line and Telegraph Station, Gulgong	337	3 0	.....	512	17 0
	4,000	0 0	Iron Poles, Singleton to Murrurundi	107	6 0	.....	3,892	14 0
	3,600	0 0	Extra Wire, West Maitland to Armidale	2,345	12 6	.....	1,254	7 6
	1,050	0 0	Railway Line, Singleton to Murrurundi	1,045	8 4	.....	4	11 8
	500	0 0	Line, Parramatta Junction to Campbelltown	498	18 0	.....	1	2 0
	1,830	0 0	Second Wire, Sydney to Newcastle	1,806	18 6	.....	23	1 6
	2,000	0 0	Second Wire, Armidale to Tenterfield	1,959	18 6	.....	40	1 6
	750	0 0	Second Wire, Bathurst to Hill End	660	6 0	.....	89	14 0
	5,000	0 0	Extension of Telegraph Lines generally	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	50,000	0 0	To pay off Debentures— 29 Vict. No. 5, due 31st December, 1872	50,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	100,000	0 0	20 Vict. No. 33, due 1st January, 1873	100,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	20,000	0 0	16 Vict. No. 39, due 28th February, 1873	20,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	30,000	0 0	16 Vict. No. 39, due 21st October, 1873	30,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	461,234	0 0		453,951	17 1	.....	7,282	2 11
£	836,214	0 0	Carried forward...	£ 823,789	15 6	.....	12,424	4 6

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—					
	£	s. d.			£	s. d.	Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.		
	£	s. d.		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	
	836,214	0 0	Brought forward	823,789	15 6	.....	.....	12,424	4 6
			GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT—continued.							
			36 VICTORIA, No. 17.							
			Railways—							
1873	60,000	0 0	For Rolling Stock manufactured in the Colony	59,971	0 9	.....	.....	28 19	3
"	10,000	0 0	Trial Surveys	9,999	18 11	.....	.....	0 1	1
"	1,131,000	0 0	Towards the Construction of a Line from Goulburn to Wagga Wagga	1,131,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	60,000	0 0	Kelso to Bathurst... ..	60,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	279,000	0 0	Bathurst to Orange	279,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	361,500	0 0	For the Construction of a Line from Murrurundi to Tamworth	361,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	1,901,500	0 0		1,901,470	19 8	.....	.....	29 0	4
			36 VICTORIA, No. 21.							
			Harbours and Rivers Navigation—							
"	20,000	0 0	Removing obstructions and improving the Navigation of the Rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling	19,997	9 0	.....	.....	2 11	0
"	1,000	0 0	Improving the Navigation of the Edward River	902	13 1	.....	.....	97 6	11
"	4,000	0 0	Extension of Wharf Accommodation, Newcastle	3,998	2 4	.....	.....	1 17	8
"	21,560	0 0	Enlarging, deepening, and completing Kiama Harbour	19,853	2 6	.....	.....	1,706	17 6
"	15,000	0 0	Darling Harbour Wharf	14,994	3 9	.....	.....	5 16	3
"	9,000	0 0	Improvements, Moruya River	9,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	5,000	0 0	Small Dredge and Punts	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	89,000	0 0	Increased Wharf Accommodation at Sydney	20,685	16 5	.....	.....	68,314	3 7
			Public Works and Buildings—							
"	10,000	0 0	Completion of New General Post Office... ..	10,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	3,000	0 0	Custom House, Newcastle	3,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	20,000	0 0	New Public Offices	20,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	4,000	0 0	Water Supply, Abattoirs... ..	4,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0 0	Lighthouse, Seal Rocks	10,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Roads and Bridges—							
"	4,000	0 0	Approaches and additions to Hay Bridge	4,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	50,000	0 0	Bridge over Parramatta River at Five Dock and Iron Cove Creek	49,998	17 10	.....	.....	1 2	2
"	4,000	0 0	Bridge over the Barwon	4,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
			Electric Telegraphs—							
"	3,000	0 0	Casino to Richmond River Heads	2,985	9 3	.....	.....	14 10	9
"	860	0 0	Second Wire, Tenterfield to Queensland	853	6 10	.....	.....	6 13	2
"	4,800	0 0	To construct a Line, Bendemeer through Bundarra, to connect the several Tin Mines	4,561	5 3	.....	.....	238 14	9
"	3,600	0 0	To complete through communication from Maitland to Port Macquarie	2,983	15 6	.....	.....	16 4	6
"	3,500	0 0	To carry a Line from Carcoar, via Cowra to Young	3,431	0 6	.....	.....	68 19	6
"	2,610	0 0	Additional Wire, Sydney to Bathurst	807	0 0	.....	.....	1,803	0 0
"	200	0 0	Additional Wire, Wolumla to Bega	152	15 0	.....	.....	47 5	0
"	1,100	0 0	To place Balmain, North Shore, Newtown, Paddington, Redfern, William-street, Darlinghurst, and Glebe, in Telegraph communication with Head Office	1,095	0 6	.....	.....	4 19	6
"	100	0 0	Wahgunyah to Cowra	70	7 3	.....	.....	29 12	9
"	850	0 0	Removal of Line from G. N. Road to Railway Line between Singleton and Murrurundi	829	2 0	.....	.....	20 18	0
"	1,700	0 0	94 miles of Extra Wire on the Southern and Western Railways	1,189	12 2	.....	.....	510 7	10
"	1,000	0 0	Jervis Bay to Ulladulla	855	6 10	.....	.....	144 13	2
	£	292,280	0 0	Carried forward... ..	£	219,244	6 0	73,035	14 0
	£	2,737,714	0 0	Carried forward	£	2,725,260	15 2	12,453	4 10

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—				
	£	s. d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880:	£	s. d.	
	2,737,714	0 0	Brought forward	2,725,260	15 2	.....	12,453	4 10
			GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT—continued.						
			36 VICTORIA, No. 21—continued.						
	292,280	0 0	Brought forward	219,244	6 0	.....	73,035	14 0
1873	9,000	0 0	Electric Telegraphs—continued.						
	500	0 0	3,000 Iron Poles for Railways	8,464	5 2	.....	535	14 10
"	23,000	0 0	Second Wire to Newcastle	496	4 6	.....	3	15 6
"	50,000	0 0	Additional Wires on Southern, Western, and Northern Lines	22,990	12 8	.....	9	7 4
"	35,000	0 0	Immigration	49,991	16 8	.....	8	3 4
"	100,000	0 0	Fortifications	35,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"			To pay off Debentures (29 Vic. No. 5), due 31 December, 1873	100,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
	509,780	0 0		436,187	5 0	.....	73,592	15 0
			38 VICTORIA, No. 2.						
1874	20,000	0 0	Railways—						
"	100,000	0 0	Trial Surveys	19,988	3 4	.....	11	16 8
"	25,000	0 0	Rolling Stock	99,992	12 10	.....	7	7 2
"	10,000	0 0	Towards purchasing Land, laying Sidings, and erecting Sheds, Darling Harbour Wharf... ..	24,993	15 1	.....	6	4 11
"	8,000	0 0	For Engine Sheds	9,946	4 1	.....	53	15 11
"	2,000	0 0	Enlarging Machine Shop, Sydney Station	6,543	5 4	.....	1,456	14 8
"	6,000	0 0	Additional Machinery, Sydney	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"			Completing New Station, Redfern (including Approach Roads, Lighting, Water Supply, and Retaining Wall, Darling Harbour Branch)	5,981	13 7	.....	68	6 5
"	1,000	0 0	Unadjusted Land Claims... ..	188	0 8	.....	861	19 4
"	45,000	0 0	To complete the Western Line to Kelso, and to provide for increased price of iron-work for the Bridges over the River Macquarie	44,980	18 9	.....	19	1 3
"	50,000	0 0	To connect the Great Northern Railway with the new Wharfage accommodation at Bullock Island	43,326	9 3	.....	6,673	10 9
"	50,000	0 0	Purchase of Twelve Locomotive Engines	50,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0 0	Harbours and Rivers Navigation—						
"	9,000	0 0	Towards construction of Harbour of Refuge at Trial Bay by Prison labour	10,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0 0	Two additional Steam Cranes, Newcastle	8,992	8 8	.....	7	11 4
"	5,000	0 0	Southern Breakwater Extension... ..	9,986	13 3	.....	13	6 9
"	16,200	0 0	Improving Navigation of River Darling... ..	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	5,000	0 0	Reclamation of Blackwattle Swamp	16,200	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	15,000	0 0	Extension of Newcastle Wharf, further sum	4,990	16 11	.....	9	3 1
"	5,000	0 0	To complete the Dock at Cockatoo Island	14,726	6 9	.....	273	13 3
"	4,000	0 0	Colonial Architect—						
"	20,000	0 0	Light-house, Barranjoey, Broken Bay	5,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	20,000	0 0	Light-house, Solitary Island	3,999	15 1	.....	0	4 11
"	3,000	0 0	Erection of Public Offices	20,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	4,000	0 0	Erection of Public Offices, Lands Department	20,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	75,000	0 0	Custom-house, Newcastle	3,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	2,000	0 0	Light-house, Seal Rocks	4,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"			New Lunatic Asylum	1,542	14 2	.....	73,457	5 10
"			Water Supply Abattoirs, further sum	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	6,000	0 0	Roads and Bridges—						
"	3,800	0 0	Bridge at Moruya... ..	5,949	18 4	.....	50	1 8
"	1,000	0 0	Ninboy Bridge, further sum	3,800	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"	2,000	0 0	Uralla Bridge, further sum	1,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
"			Windsor Bridge, further sum	2,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....
£	533,000	0 0	Carried forward... ..	£	450,029	16 1	82,970	3 11
£	3,247,494	0 0	Carried forward	£	3,161,448	0 2	86,045	19 10

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—			
	£	s. d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.		
	£	s. d.		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	
	3,247,494	0 0	Brought forward	3,161,448	0 2	.....	86,045 19 10
			GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT—continued.					
			38 VICTORIA, No. 2—continued.					
	533,000	0 0	Brought forward	450,029	16 1	.....	82,970 3 11
1874	4,500	0 0	Electric Telegraphs— To connect Coonamble with the Telegraph Line to Fort Bourke, on the guarantee principle	4,444	8 7	.....	55 11 5
"	1,600	0 0	Mudgee to Rylstone, on the guarantee principle	1,280	18 11	.....	819 1 1
"	1,600	0 0	Inverell to Warialda, on the guarantee principle	1,573	4 4	.....	26 15 8
"	2,400	0 0	Telegraph Line from Bingera to Warialda, on the guarantee principle	1,276	2 5	.....	1,123 17 7
"	800	0 0	Additional for line to Ulladulla	576	6 1	.....	223 13 11
"	3,000	0 0	Casino to the Tweed	3,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	1,500	0 0	Forbes to Bushman's	1,087	17 9	.....	412 2 3
"	3,000	0 0	Coolah to Coonabarabran	2,922	6 1	.....	77 13 11
"	1,800	0 0	To connect Kempsey, <i>via</i> Gladstone, with Macleay River Heads	1,404	11 6	.....	395 8 6
"	3,000	0 0	To connect New Light-house, Seal Rocks To Pay off Debentures—	3,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	100,000	0 0	29 Vic. No. 5, due 31 December, 1874 ...	100,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	150,000	0 0	16 Vic. No. 39, due February, March, and November, 1874	150,000	0 0	.....	.....
	806,200	0 0		720,595	11 9	.....	85,604 8 3
			39 VICTORIA, No. 18.					
			Railways—					
1875	50,000	0 0	Rolling Stock	49,599	17 2	.....	400 2 10
"	5,000	0 0	Additional Machinery, Sydney	5,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	20,000	0 0	Trial Surveys	20,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	10,000	0 0	Harbours and Rivers Navigation— Reclamation of Blackwattle Swamp, further sum	10,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	4,000	0 0	Improving the Navigation of the Murrumbidgee River, further sum	3,984	10 11	.....	15 9 1
"	2,000	0 0	Improving Navigation of the River Darling, further sum	1,998	15 11	.....	1 4 1
"	20,000	0 0	Newcastle Wharf Cranes, &c.	20,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	3,000	0 0	Colonial Architect— Completion New General Post Office, further sum	2,999	10 1	.....	0 9 11
"	5,000	0 0	Custom House, Newcastle, further sum ...	4,870	3 11	.....	129 16 1
"	3,000	0 0	Light-house, Seal Rocks, further sum ...	3,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	1,200	0 0	Roads and Bridges— Bridge over Hunter at Elderslie	1,178	6 8	.....	21 13 4
"	3,000	0 0	Bridge at Casino, further sum	3,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	7,000	0 0	Purchase of Richmond Bridge	7,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	5,000	0 0	Fortifications— Towards completing the Fortifications of Port Jackson	4,909	14 2	.....	90 5 10
"	30,000	0 0	Electric Telegraphs— Bourke to Wentworth	27,578	2 2	.....	2,421 17 10
"	4,200	0 0	Coonabarabran to Coonamble	3,824	17 4	.....	875 2 8
"	4,600	0 0	Warialda to Goondawindi	3,390	16 3	.....	1,209 3 9
"	3,500	0 0	Orange to Wellington, <i>via</i> Molong	2,823	11 0	.....	676 9 0
"	2,600	0 0	Wollombi to Singleton (3 wires)	2,540	14 9	.....	59 5 3
"	7,200	0 0	Glen Innes to Grafton, <i>via</i> Newton Boyd ...	6,019	13 9	.....	1,180 6 3
"	600	0 0	St. Leonards to Manly Beach	504	1 10	.....	95 18 2
"	4,800	0 0	Bourke to Rutherfords	4,577	0 10	.....	222 19 2
"	1,000	0 0	Line to the Tweed, further sum	1,000	0 0	.....	.....
"	15,000	0 0	Iron poles for Railway Extensions	14,872	12 8	.....	127 7 4
"	600	0 0	Newcastle to Wallsend ... ..	.....	.....	.....	600 0 0
"	1,850	0 0	Singleton, <i>via</i> Jerry's Plains to Denman ...	1,380	13 9	.....	469 6 3
£	214,150	0 0	Carried forward	£ 205,553	3 2	.....	8,596 16 10
£	4,053,694	0 0	Carried forward	£ 3,882,043	11 11	.....	171,650 8 1

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.			Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—					
	£	s.	d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.				
	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
	4,053,694	0	0	Brought forward	3,882,043	11	11	.....	171,650	8	1
	GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT—continued.										
	39 VICTORIA, No. 18.—continued.										
	214,150	0	0	Brought forward	205,553	3	2	.....	8,596	16	10
	Electric Telegraphs—continued.										
1875	3,500	0	0	Moruya to Bega	2,638	14	6	.....	861	5	6
"	7,500	0	0	West Kempsey to Grafton, <i>via</i> the Nam- buca and Bellinger Rivers	5,175	5	6	.....	2,824	14	6
"	2,000	0	0	Balranald to the Victorian Boundary	586	13	10	.....	1,413	6	2
"	3,500	0	0	Dubbo to Warren	2,951	6	5	.....	548	13	7
"	340	0	0	St. Leonards to Hunter's Hill and Glades- ville	135	11	0	.....	204	9	0
"	3,500	0	0	Wagga Wagga to Narrandera	2,656	13	8	.....	843	6	4
"	1,200	0	0	To connect Murrumburrah	872	19	6	.....	327	0	6
	285,690	0	0		220,570	7	7	.....	15,119	12	5
	40 VICTORIA, No. 12.										
	Railways—										
1876	350,000	0	0	Orange to Wellington, fifty-six miles	350,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	260,000	0	0	Wellington to Dubbo, including Bridge over Macquarie River, thirty miles... ..	237,331	3	4	.....	22,668	16	8
"	384,000	0	0	From a point on the Great Southern Line, near Junee, to Narrandera, on the Murrumbidgee, sixty-four miles	274,013	8	0	.....	109,986	12	0
"	600,000	0	0	Tamworth to District of Armidale, Great Northern Line, seventy-five miles	474,920	3	8	.....	125,079	16	4
"	220,000	0	0	Were's Creek to Gunnedah, Great Nor- thern Line, forty miles	220,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	25,000	0	0	Trial Surveys	25,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	150,000	0	0	Additional Rolling Stock	150,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	10,000	0	0	For strengthening the Bridge and improv- ing the gradients on the Windsor and Richmond Line	10,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Harbours and Rivers—										
"	35,000	0	0	Southern Breakwater Extension, New- castle Harbour, further sum	35,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	100,000	0	0	Wharf and Shipping Appliances, New- castle	80,495	18	9	.....	19,504	1	3
	Roads Branch—										
"	40,000	0	0	Bridges over Iron Cove Creek and Parra- matta River, further sum	32,288	4	11	.....	7,711	15	1
"	30,000	0	0	Bridge over Darling at Bourke	15,760	5	11	.....	14,239	14	1
"	32,000	0	0	Bridge over the Murray at Echuca	32,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	2,236,000	0	0		1,936,809	4	7	.....	299,190	15	5
	41 VICTORIA, No. 4.										
	Railways—										
1877	30,000	0	0	To complete the Construction of a Line from Goulburn to Wagga Wagga	30,000	0	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
"	20,352	0	0	To complete the Extension into Bathurst	5,970	18	10	.....	14,381	1	2
"	77,000	0	0	To complete the Construction of a Line from Bathurst to Orange	61,236	5	7	.....	15,763	14	5
"	80,000	0	0	To complete the Construction of a Line from Murrurundi to Tamworth	71,826	7	9	.....	8,173	12	3
"	207,352	0	0		169,033	12	2	.....	38,318	7	10
	41 VICTORIA, No. 7.										
	Railways—										
"	680,000	0	0	For the Extension of the Great Southern Railway from the end of No. 3 Con- tract, near Wagga Wagga to Albury, including the Viaduct over the River Murrumbidgee—eighty-two miles	642,378	1	0	.....	37,621	19	0
£	680,000	0	0	Carried forward	£ 642,378	1	0	.....	37,621	19	0
£	6,732,736	0	0	Carried forward	£ 6,208,456	16	3	.....	524,279	3	9

STATEMENT—continued.

Year.	Appropriations under Acts of Parliament.		Particulars of Appropriation.	Expenditure to the 31st December, 1880.	Balances—		
	£	s. d.			Written off.	Retained for Expenditure, 31st December, 1880.	
	6,732,736	0 0	Brought forward	6,208,456	16 3	524,279	3 9
GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT—continued.							
			41 VICTORIA, No. 7—continued.				
	680,000	0 0	Brought forward	642,378	1 0	37,621	19 0
1877	20,000	0 0	Railways—continued.				
"	20,000	0 0	Railway Trial Surveys	20,000	0 0		
"	240,000	0 0	Wallsend Junction to Hexham	20,000	0 0		
"	160,000	0 0	Rolling Stock, including Engines	240,000	0 0		
			Fortifications—				
			Defence Works at Port Jackson, Botany Bay, and Newcastle, as per Resolution of the Assembly	72,778	10 5	87,221	9 7
	1,120,000	0 0		995,156	11 5	124,843	8 7
			43 VICTORIA, No. 11.				
1879	1,611,000	0 0	Railways—				
"	1,450,000	0 0	Tamworth to Tenterfield	62,649	6 6	1,548,350	13 6
"	370,000	0 0	Dubbo to the vicinity of Bourke	3,217	12 4	1,446,782	7 8
"	735,000	0 0	Gunnedah to Narrabri	10,751	18 4	859,248	1 8
"	735,000	0 0	Wallerawang to Mudgee	46,104	14 10	688,895	5 2
"	100,000	0 0	Narrandera to Hay	82,986	17 7	652,013	2 5
"	20,000	0 0	Goulburn to Wagga Wagga	75,585	4 5	24,414	15 7
"	225,000	0 0	Trial Surveys	6,139	8 5	13,860	11 7
"	620,000	0 0	Purchase of Railway Stores, further sum	225,000	0 0		
"			Rolling Stock	307,515	10 6	312,484	9 6
			Harbours and Rivers—				
"	1,086,768	0 0	Sydney Water Supply	28,368	3 4	1,058,399	16 8
"	400,000	0 0	Sewerage—City of Sydney	4,480	18 7	395,519	1 5
	7,352,768	0 0		852,799	14 10	6,499,968	5 2
			44 VICTORIA, No. 12.				
1880	40,000	0 0	Railways—				
"	22,000	0 0	Orange to Dubbo			40,000	0 0
"	600,000	0 0	Werris Creek to Gunnedah	18,628	11 1	3,371	8 11
"	250,000	0 0	Tramways—Construction	35,947	1 9	564,052	18 3
"	100,000	0 0	New Workshops, &c., for Tramways	95	4 2	249,904	15 10
"			Doubling Great Western Line between Parramatta and Parramatta Junction &c.	53,525	12 4	46,474	7 8
			Harbours and Rivers—				
"	150,000	0 0	Extension of Dock Accommodation			150,000	0 0
"	100,000	0 0	Electric Telegraphs—				
"			Construction and Extension generally	8,890	10 7	91,109	9 5
	1,262,000	0 0		117,086	19 11	1,144,913	0 1
	16,467,504	0 0	Total General Loan Account...	£8,173,500	2 5	8,294,003	17 7
	9,998,130	18 3	Add Total Old Loans Account (from page 98)	£9,715,147	15 9	128,803	0 1
	£26,465,634	18 3	GRAND TOTAL	£17,888,647	18 2	8,448,184	0 0

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

F. Services provided for by Loans.

ABSTRACT of Expenditure for Public Works and other Services provided for by Loans, from the commencement of the Loans' Account to the 31st December, 1880.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Railways	12,641,020	17	2			
Telegraphs	444,354	12	11			
				13,085,375	10	1
Immigration	569,930	0	0			
Sewerage and Water Supply, Sydney	400,000	0	0			
Compensation to Municipal Council of Sydney for land resumed under the Water Supply Act, 17 Vic. No. 35	43,261	14	6			
New Water Supply for Sydney	28,368	3	4			
New Sewerage Scheme for Sydney	4,480	18	7			
Public Works, Queensland, when it formed part of N. S. Wales...	49,855	8	6			
Harbours and Rivers Navigation Improvements:—				1,095,896	4	11
Improving the Harbour of Newcastle and the river Hunter...	42,740	13	8			
Wharf, Newcastle	179,784	9	6			
Wharf, Bullock Island	6,989	4	0			
Steam Cranes, Newcastle	19,884	18	11			
Southern Breakwater, Newcastle Harbour	64,978	3	8			
Northern Breakwater, Newcastle Harbour	9,920	18	11			
Coal Staiths, Newcastle	24,058	7	11			
Navigation of the rivers Darling, Murray, and Murrumbidgee	99,379	18	5			
Improving the navigation of the Edward River	4,902	13	1			
Harbour Works, Wollongong	44,878	9	5			
Harbour Works, Kiama	65,167	2	11			
Improving the navigation of other harbours and rivers, &c. ...	53,653	13	3			
Steam Dredges and Punts	136,756	5	7			
Improvements, Circular Quay	6,283	14	1			
Steam Cranes, Wharf, &c., Darling Harbour	40,994	3	9			
Dam at North Rocks, Parramatta	5,000	0	0			
Dam at Hunt's Creek, Parramatta	8,000	0	0			
Fitz Roy Dry Dock	37,236	1	9			
Wharf, &c., Woolloomooloo Bay	28,164	16	10			
Reclaiming Land at Darling Harbour and Blackwattle Swamp	46,199	9	0			
Blackwattle Bridge and Causeway	10,000	0	0			
Increased Wharf Accommodation at Sydney	23,424	17	0			
Wharf, Eden	2,364	9	3			
Wharf, Morpeth	4,342	10	9			
Breakwater at the Clarence River	29,935	0	2			
Improving the entrance of the Moruya River	18,000	0	0			
Public Works and Buildings:—				1,021,490	1	10
Harbour Defences	262,075	6	0			
University of Sydney	55,000	0	0			
Affiliated Colleges	49,278	6	7			
Grammar School	25,000	0	0			
Australian Museum Enlargement	26,954	11	0			
Parliamentary Buildings	15,000	0	0			
Juvenile Reformatories	19,946	17	9			
New General Post Office... ..	117,412	10	1			
New Printing Office	6,000	0	0			
New Public Offices	70,000	0	0			
Public Offices, Newcastle	7,579	13	6			
Custom House, Newcastle	10,870	3	11			
Receiving Houses at Redfern and the Necropolis	12,548	13	7			
Free Public Library	9,215	0	6			
Observatory	7,000	0	0			
Asylum for Destitute Children	5,000	0	0			
Additions to the Sydney Infirmary	5,000	0	0			
Public Works and Improvements, Sydney and Suburbs	2,460	17	0			
Lunatic Asylum	23,690	9	2			
Light-houses	70,052	2	8			
Glebe Island Abattoirs, Bridge, &c.	61,866	11	0			
Gaols and Penal Establishments	13,906	11	6			
Court and Watch Houses	21,937	0	7			
Police Barracks, Sydney and Country Districts	22,941	6	6			
Roads and Bridges:—				920,736	0	11
Bridges throughout the Colony	407,920	0	5			
Metalling the Mudgee Road	22,000	0	0			
Repayments by Loans:—				429,920	0	5
Loans repaid under various Acts				1,335,230	0	0
TOTAL	£			17,888,647	18	2

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

STATEMENT
OF THE
PARTICULARS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE COLONY
OF
NEW SOUTH WALES,
ON
31ST DECEMBER, 1880.

STATEMENT OF THE PARTICULARS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF

SERVICES.	AUTHORITY.	AMOUNT AUTHORIZED TO BE RAISED.		AMOUNT OF DEBENTURES AND FUNDED STOCK SOLD.		AMOUNT RAISED.		AMOUNT OVER-RAISED.		AMOUNT NOT YET RAISED.	
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
DEBENTURES.											
Sydney Sewerage	17 Vic., No. 34	200,000	0 0	209,030	0 0	201,149	11 9				
Sydney Water Supply... ..	17 Vic., No. 35	200,000	0 0	208,400	0 0	201,264	13 5				
Public Works	18 Vic., No. 35	178,750	0 0	144,000	0 0	136,890	13 2				
Railways	18 Vic., No. 40	624,733	18 8	666,800	0 0	630,105	11 7				
Public Works	19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40.	445,323	0 0	410,500	0 0	393,427	5 8				
To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures	20 Vic., No. 1	73,776	0 0	73,700	0 0	70,300	16 2				
Railways	20 Vic., No. 1	200,000	0 0	203,000	0 0	199,997	10 0				
To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures	20 Vic., No. 16	130,400	0 0	132,300	0 0	130,311	0 0				
Public Works	20 Vic., No. 33	107,717	18 11	112,000	0 0	107,787	15 0				
Railways	20 Vic., No. 34	300,000	0 0	299,000	0 0	300,895	12 6				
To pay off Debentures... ..	22 Vic., Nos. 5 & 26.	145,000	0 0	145,700	0 0	145,007	0 0				
Railways and Public Works	22 Vic., No. 22	758,500	0 0	760,700	0 0	756,890	15 0				
Public Works	22 Vic., No. 26	11,600	0 0	5,000	0 0	4,962	10 0				
To pay off Debentures... ..	23 Vic., No. 5	365,600	0 0	365,600	0 0	361,612	10 0				
Public Works and to pay off Debentures	23 Vic., No. 10	348,223	0 0	348,200	0 0	341,084	15 0				
Railways and Public Works	24 Vic., No. 24	113,535	0 0	113,900	0 0	112,209	11 6				
Voluntary and Assisted Immigration	24 Vic., No. 26	55,000	0 0	55,500	0 0	54,945	16 0				
Railways and Public Works	25 Vic., No. 19	1,782,370	14 6	1,782,300	0 0	1,696,828	5 0				
Railways and Public Works	26 Vic., No. 14	161,832	0 0	162,000	0 0	136,728	17 10				
Public Works	27 Vic., No. 14	670,025	12 7	670,000	0 0	565,483	14 2				
To pay off Debentures... ..	29 Vic., No. 5	300,000	0 0	300,000	0 0	270,252	5 0				
Public Works and Immigration	29 Vic., No. 9	219,450	0 0	219,400	0 0	193,474	0 0				
Public Works	29 Vic., No. 23	758,000	0 0	758,000	0 0	718,844	10 0				
Public Works	30 Vic., No. 23	65,850	0 0	65,800	0 0	61,902	0 0				
Railways	31 Vic., No. 11	1,000,000	0 0	1,000,000	0 0	981,655	7 0				
Public Works	31 Vic., No. 27	177,407	0 0	177,400	0 0	178,055	0 0				
Public Works	32 Vic., No. 13	197,885	0 0	197,800	0 0	196,625	9 10				
Public Works and other purposes	34 Vic., No. 2	407,151	13 7	407,100	0 0	403,321	7 6				
To make good the loss sustained in the negotiation of the Debentures of previous Loans.	Under various Acts.	.....	.....	450,000	0 0	*439,787	7 11				
Public Works and other purposes	35 Vic., No. 5	374,980	0 0	374,900	0 0	375,424	19 6	†444	19 6		
Public Works and other purposes	36 Vic., No. 2	406,863	7 3	406,800	0 0	422,696	18 0	†15,833	10 9		
Railways	36 Vic., No. 17	1,901,500	0 0	1,901,500	0 0	1,725,661	6 11				
Public Works	39 Vic., No. 18	235,690	0 0	157,800	0 0	150,513	0 0				85,177 0 0
Public Works and other purposes	38 Vic., No. 2										
	40 Vic., No. 12	3,249,552	0 0	3,249,500	0 0	3,178,374	1 5				71,177 18 7
	41 Vic., No. 4										
Public Works	41 Vic., No. 7	1,120,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....				1,120,000 0 0
Public Works	43 Vic., No. 11	7,352,768	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....				7,352,768 0 0
Public Works	44 Vic., No. 12	1,262,000	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....				1,262,000 0 0
FUNDED STOCK.											
Public Works and other purposes	36 Vic., No. 21	25,901,484	5 6	16,533,630	0 0	15,844,471	16 10	16,278	10 3	9,891,122	18 7
		509,780	0 0	530,189	9 2	509,780	0 0				
TOTALS		£26,411,264	5 6	17,063,819	9 2	16,354,251	16 10	16,278	10 3	9,891,122	18 7

The issue of Debentures under various Loan Acts, in 1870, to the extent of £450,000, has adjusted the amounts short and over raised under these Acts.

* Net proceeds. † Transferred to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund. The amount short raised under this Act, viz., £175,833 19s. 1d. has been made good from the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

THE COLONY OF NEW SOUTH WALES, ON 31st DECEMBER, 1880.

PARTICULARS OF THE SEVERAL ISSUES OF DEBENTURES AND FUNDED STOCK.

AMOUNT OF EACH ISSUE SOLD.	PAID OFF.	OUTSTANDING.	DUE DATES.	RATE OF INTEREST.	ANNUAL INTEREST ON TOTAL LOAN OUTSTANDING FOR EACH SERVICE.	SYNOPSIS OF DUE DATES OF OUTSTANDING DEBENTURES AND FUNDED STOCK.			
						Authority under which issued.	Year when due.	Amount.	TOTAL.
£	£	£			£ s. d.			£	£ s. d.
25,900 0 0	25,900			5 per cent. per annum.	1,526 10 0	17 Vic., No. 34.....	1888	24,000	499,200 0 0
97,500 0 0	97,500		17 Vic., No. 35.....			60,700			
6,730 0 0	200	6,530 0 0	Interminable			136,800			
24,000 0 0		24,000 0 0	1 July, 1888			3,200			
54,900 0 0	54,900			4,585 0 0		20 Vic., No. 1.....	1888	10,000	
29,000 0 0	29,000		20 Vic., No. 33.....			174,500			
50,700 0 0	50,700		20 Vic., No. 34.....			90,000			
36,700 0 0	36,700								
31,000 0 0		31,000 0 0	Interminable	2,000 0 0		20 Vic., No. 33.....	1889	2,000	891,400 0 0
61,000 0 0	300	60,700 0 0	1 July, 1888			20 Vic., No. 34.....		34,000	
21,000 0 0	21,000					22 Vic., Nos. 5 & 26		145,000	
12,800 0 0	12,800					22 Vic., No. 22.....		398,400	
70,200 0 0	70,200			2,000 0 0		22 Vic., No. 22.....	1889	312,000	
40,000 0 0		40,000 0 0	1 July, 1893			22 Vic., No. 26.....		5,000	
291,800 0 0	291,800					23 Vic., No. 5.....		365,600	
139,000 0 0	139,000					23 Vic., No. 10.....		347,600	
100,000 0 0	100,000			135 0 0			1890		718,200 0 0
183,800 0 0	183,800					19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40		6,700	
2,700 0 0		2,700 0 0	Permanent			22 Vic., Nos. 5 & 26		700	
46,200 0 0	46,200					22 Vic., No. 22.....		25,000	
150,000 0 0	150,000			10,475 0 0		22 Vic., No. 22.....	1891	23,700	225,500 0 0
70,800 0 0	4,800	66,000 0 0	Interminable			24 Vic., No. 24.....		113,900	
136,800 0 0		136,800 0 0	1 July, 1888			24 Vic., No. 26.....		55,500	
6,700 0 0		6,700 0 0	1 July, 1891						
70,500 0 0	70,500			160 0 0			1892		1,782,300 0 0
3,200 0 0		3,200 0 0	1 July, 1888			25 Vic., No. 19.....			
203,000 0 0	203,000								
132,300 0 0	3,700	128,600 0 0	Interminable						
100,000 0 0	100,000			6,430 0 0		18 Vic., No. 35.....	1893		40,000 0 0
10,000 0 0		10,000 0 0	1 July, 1888						
2,000 0 0		2,000 0 0	1 July, 1889						
175,000 0 0	500	174,500 0 0	1 July, 1888			26 Vic., No. 14.....		162,000	
90,000 0 0		90,000 0 0	1 July, 1888	14,925 0 0		27 Vic., No. 14.....	1895	670,000	832,000 0 0
34,000 0 0		34,000 0 0	1 Jan., 1889						
145,000 0 0		145,000 0 0	1 Jan., 1889						
700 0 0		700 0 0	1 July, 1891						
400,000 0 0	1,600	398,400 0 0	1 Jan., 1889	7,285 0 0		29 Vic., No. 9.....	1896	219,400	977,400 0 0
312,000 0 0		312,000 0 0	1 July, 1889			29 Vic., No. 23.....		758,000	
25,000 0 0		25,000 0 0	1 Jan., 1891						
23,700 0 0		23,700 0 0	1 July, 1891						
5,000 0 0		5,000 0 0	1 July, 1890	37,955 0 0			1897		65,800 0 0
365,600 0 0		365,600 0 0	1 Jan., 1890			30 Vic., No. 23.....			
348,200 0 0	600	347,600 0 0	1 July, 1890			31 Vic., No. 11.....		Annual drawings of £20,000, commenced 1872.	
113,900 0 0		113,900 0 0	1 July, 1891						
55,500 0 0		55,500 0 0	1 July, 1891	18,280 0 0		31 Vic., No. 27.....	1898		177,200 0 0
1,782,300 0 0		1,782,300 0 0	1 Jan., 1892						
162,000 0 0		162,000 0 0	1 Jan., 1895						
670,000 0 0		670,000 0 0	1 Jan., 1895						
300,000 0 0	300,000			17,380 0 0		32 Vic., No. 13.....	1899		197,700 0 0
219,400 0 0		219,400 0 0	1 Jan., 1896						
758,000 0 0		758,000 0 0	1 July, 1896						
65,800 0 0		65,800 0 0	1 Jan., 1897						
1,000,000 0 0	207,900	792,100 0 0	Various years	3,290 0 0		Under various Acts...	1900	407,100	857,100 0 0
177,400 0 0	200	177,200 0 0	1 July, 1898						
197,800 0 0	100	197,700 0 0	1 Jan., 1899						
407,100 0 0		407,100 0 0	1 July, 1900						
450,000 0 0		450,000 0 0	1 July, 1900	39,605 0 0		35 Vic., No. 5.....	1901		374,900 0 0
374,900 0 0		374,900 0 0	1 July, 1901						
406,800 0 0	7,500	399,300 0 0	1 July, 1902						
1,901,500 0 0		1,901,500 0 0	1 July, 1903						
157,800 0 0		157,800 0 0	1 July, 1906	20,355 0 0		36 Vic., No. 2.....	1902		899,300 0 0
				22,500 0 0		17 Vic., No. 34.....	Interminable or payable at the option of the Government in 1882 or afterwards.	6,530	232,130 0 0
						17 Vic., No. 35.....		31,000	
						19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40		66,000	
						20 Vic., No. 16.....		128,600	
				18,745 0 0		18 Vic., No. 40.....	Permanent Interminable (Funded Stock.)		2,700 0 0
						36 Vic., No. 21.....			
				129,980 0 0		36 Vic., No. 17.....	1903		1,901,500 0 0
				665,598 10 0		39 Vic., No. 18.....	1906		157,800 0 0
3,533,630 0 0	2,159,900	14,373,730 0 0		4 per cent.	21,207 11 8	38 Vic., No. 2.....	1908		3,249,500 0 0
530,189 9 2		530,189 9 2	Interminable			40 Vic., No. 12.....			
						41 Vic., No. 4.....			
7,063,819 9 2	2,159,900	14,903,919 9 2			686,806 1 8				14,903,919 9 2

Public Debt.

STATEMENT showing the DUE DATES, &c., of OUTSTANDING DEBENTURES and FUNDED STOCK on the 31st December, 1880.

YEAR.	DEBENTURES.	FUNDED STOCK.	TOTAL.	ANNUAL INTEREST.					
				Rate.	Amount.				
	£	£	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
1888... ..	499,200	.....	499,200	0	0	5 ½ cent.	24,960	0	0
1889... ..	891,400	.....	891,400	0	0	,,	44,570	0	0
1890... ..	718,200	.....	718,200	0	0	,,	35,910	0	0
1891... ..	225,500	.....	225,500	0	0	,,	11,275	0	0
1892... ..	1,782,300	.....	1,782,300	0	0	,,	89,115	0	0
1893... ..	40,000	.....	40,000	0	0	,,	2,000	0	0
1895... ..	832,000	.....	832,000	0	0	,,	41,600	0	0
1896... ..	977,400	.....	977,400	0	0	,,	48,870	0	0
1897... ..	65,800	.....	65,800	0	0	,,	3,290	0	0
1898... ..	177,200	.....	177,200	0	0	,,	8,860	0	0
1899... ..	197,700	.....	197,700	0	0	,,	9,885	0	0
1900... ..	857,100	.....	857,100	0	0	,,	42,855	0	0
1901... ..	374,900	.....	374,900	0	0	,,	18,745	0	0
1902... ..	399,300	.....	399,300	0	0	,,	19,965	0	0
1903... ..	1,901,500	.....	1,901,500	0	0	4 ½ cent.	76,060	0	0
1906... ..	157,800	.....	157,800	0	0	,,	6,312	0	0
1908 and 1909	3,249,500	.....	3,249,500	0	0	,,	129,980	0	0
Annual drawings of £20,000, which commenced 31st December, 1872	792,100	.....	792,100	0	0	5 ½ cent.	39,605	0	0
Interminable, or 1882, at option of the Government	232,130	.....	232,130	0	0	,,	11,606	10	0
Funded Stock—Interminable	.....	530,189 9 2	530,189 9 2	4	½ cent.	21,207	11	8	
Permanent	2,700	.....	2,700	0	0	5 ½ cent.	135	0	0
Total Amount outstanding, 31st December, 1880	14,373,730	530,189 9 2	14,903,919 9 2	.....	.....	686,806	1	8	

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

Public Debt.

STATEMENT showing the Total Amount of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES issued to the 31st December, 1880, for Public Works and other Services provided for by Loans; the Renewals included therein; the Amounts paid off finally from the Consolidated Revenue Fund; and the Debt outstanding on the 31st December, 1880.

Particulars.	Debentures.	Funded Stock.	Total.
	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Government Securities issued to 31st December, 1880	16,533,680	530,189 9 2	17,063,819 9 2
Less—Renewals included therein...	1,116,600	.....	1,116,600 0 0
	15,417,080	530,189 9 2	15,947,219 9 2
Deduct amount paid off finally from the Consolidated Revenue Fund	1,043,300	.....	1,043,300 0 0
Debt outstanding on the 31st December, 1880	14,373,780	530,189 9 2	14,903,919 9 2

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

STATEMENT

OF

BALANCES ON THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

AND THE

DISTRIBUTION OF THE SAME ON THE
31st DECEMBER,
1880.

STATEMENT of BALANCES on the PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF NEW SOUTH WALES,

TREASURY BALANCES.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
PUBLIC ACCOUNT.							
CONSOLIDATED REVENUE—							
Revenue Proper	.....				*1,440,227	10	6
LOANS' ACCOUNT (OLD)	.....				154,180	2	5
TRUST FUND—							
Church and School Estates Fund	.....	192,853	3	6			
Police Reward Fund	.....	12,769	0	0			
Police Superannuation Fund	.....	10,522	0	1			
Poundage	.....	7,821	17	5			
Shipping Master (Seamen's Wages)	.....	335	8	8			
Revenue Suspense Fund	.....	26,359	3	3			
Trust Moneys, 20 Vict. No. 11	.....	109,296	18	5			
Lunacy Trust Fund, 42 Vic. No. 7	.....	2,543	11	10			
Immigration Remittances	.....	14,843	6	3			
Commissioners' Fund—Real Property Act	.....	467	0	0			
Assurance Fund—Real Property Act	.....	38,205	3	3			
Government Savings' Bank Account, 34 Vict. No. 15	.....	586,489	1	7			
British and Australian Telegram Account	.....	3,250	7	8			
Railway Store Account	.....	29,249	11	2			
Imperial Pension Fund Account	.....	1	6	6			
Imperial Pension Fund Commission Account	.....	0	14	0			
Over-issues	.....	17,479	1	0			
Treasurer's Advance Account	.....	44,122	8	1			
Gold Fields Survey Fee Account	.....	2,054	6	0			
Advances to Contractors Account	.....	1,163	0	3			
San Francisco Mail Service Account	.....	17,138	0	1			
New Zealand Cable Account	.....	2,553	19	4			
Sheep Account	.....	10,461	7	3			
Sundry Deposits	.....	60,150	12	8			
					1,190,130	8	3
TOTAL PUBLIC ACCOUNT	.....	£	2,784,538	1	2		
SUPERANNUATION REPEAL FUND	.....				341	19	4
TOTAL	.....	£	2,784,880	0	6		
LOANS.							
LESS DEBIT BALANCE :—							
GENERAL LOAN ACCOUNT, 42 Vic. No. 16..	.....				1,131,681	2	5
TOTAL	.....	£	1,653,198	18	1		

* In addition to this balance, there is a sum of £465,437 18s. 7d. to be recovered from Loan Funds, for advances from the Consolidated Revenue Fund pending the sale of Debentures, which would, if repaid, make the Balance on the Consolidated Revenue at this date £1,905,665 9s. 1d.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 9th February, 1881.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

WAYS AND MEANS.

(EXPLANATORY STATEMENT.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 10 February, 1881.

EXPLANATORY Statement of the Public Accounts of New South Wales, as embodied in the Ways and Means for the year 1881.

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.

THE Financial Statement for the year 1880 was made on the 10th December, 1879, since which many changes have occurred to vary the accounts then submitted with the Ways and Means, both by additional appropriations of Parliament and the lapsing of votes under the operations of the Audit Act and the provisions of the annual Appropriation Acts of the last two or three years. These changes will be pointed out as the various accounts submitted with the present Ways and Means are brought under review, which are as follows, viz. :—

1. The Surplus Revenue Account.
2. The Account of Revenue and Expenditure for 1879.
3. The Account of Revenue and Expenditure for 1880.
4. An Account showing the proposed Expenditure in relation to the Estimated Income for 1881.

The object in submitting these four accounts will be obvious enough to those who have been taking an interest in the public finances of the Colony; but, for the information of those who do so for the first time, it may be necessary to explain the reason for again submitting the first two.

THE SURPLUS REVENUE ACCOUNT.

This account was commenced on the 1st January, 1879, for the purpose of showing in a separate form how the surplus, which was then estimated at £2,474,923 18s. 10d., was to be utilised for special purposes—that is for Services which could not be defrayed out of the ordinary annual income, and which it was not desirable to place upon the Loan Estimate so long as there was such a large surplus in hand. That surplus was the accumulation of previous years, and arose from the proceeds of land sales from 1872 to 1878, being largely in excess of what was necessary in addition to the ordinary revenue, to carry on the Government of the Country. In the account submitted on the 10th December, 1879, that surplus was shown to be reduced by appropriations and further proposed charges to ... £618,053 10 5

In the account now submitted it is shown to be only... 319,981 11 4

Which is a reduction of £298,071 19 1

to be explained. In doing this it will of course be requisite to show, first, what additional charges have been made and authorized against the Surplus Revenue Account since it was last submitted, and next, the extent to which that account has been relieved by lapsed appropriations, &c.

The additional charges have been—

1. Appropriations under the Act 44 Vic. No. 4... ..	£251,482	9	6
<i>Less</i> included in the account of 10th December, 1879	127,999	8	5
Net increase... ..	£123,483	1	1
2. Cost of Land resumed under the Macquarie-street Land Resumption Act (43 Vic. No. 9), provided for by the Supply Act 43 Vic. No. 26	59,857	4	1
3. Special endowments to Municipalities, under the Act 44 Vic. No. 15	41,164	1	8
4. Amount of further refunds of revenue of 1878 and previous years, of drawbacks and refund of duties, and of charges on collections	68,063	14	6
5. Amount payable for compensation for Land resumed under the "Rushcutters Bay Resumption Act of 1878," and for charges connected therewith, as per Supply Bill for the Month of January, 1881 ...	16,811	0	0
6. Amount of further Supplementary Services... ..	27,646	19	1
7. Amount of deficiency on the Revenue Account for the year 1879, as now ascertained, viz.	382,388	0	2
Making a gross increase of	£719,414	0	7

The

The reductions have been as follows :—

1. Appropriations under the Acts 43 Vic. No. 10 and 44 Vic. No. 4 which have lapsed and been written off finally	£300,993	1	3
2. Amount of Appropriations for 1877 and 1878 which have been written off as no longer required ...	94,266	11	0
3. Reduction by the recovery of an amount from the Loan Account for payments temporarily made from the Consolidated Revenue Fund for doubling the Great Western Line of Railway between Parramatta Junction and Parramatta	26,082	9	3
Giving a total reduction of	£421,342	1	6

Deducting this sum from the total amount of additional charges, there is left the difference of £298,071 19s. 1d. above referred to.

As already stated, the surplus at the close of the year 1878 was originally estimated at £2,474,923 18s. 10d. From various causes, but chiefly by the refund of revenue of 1878 and previous years, it has since been reduced to £2,390,681 15s. 9d., out of which the following payments have been, or have still to be, made, viz. :—

Payments made :—

Expenses incurred in connection with the erection of the International Exhibition Buildings and Grounds to 31st December, 1880	£253,881	11	6
Expenses of management in excess of Entrance Fees, including expenses incurred by the Representative Commissioners in London	13,017	9	10
Public Works and other Services authorized under the Acts 43 Vic. No. 10 and 44 Vic. No. 4	411,363	2	0
Cost of Land resumed under the Macquarie-street Land Resumption Act (43 Vic. No. 9)	66,343	9	9
Special Endowment to Municipalities, under the Act 44 Vic. No. 15	41,164	1	8
Payments still to be made for Public Works and other Services authorized under the Acts 43 Vic. No. 10 and 44 Vic. No. 4	885,731	9	6
Amount payable for compensation for Land resumed under the "Rushcutters Bay Resumption Act of 1878," and for charges connected therewith ...	16,811	0	0
Amount of deficiency on the Revenue Account of 1879 as now ascertained	382,388	0	2
together making	£2,070,700	4	5

which, deducted from the reduced surplus stated, leaves the balance shown in the Surplus Revenue Account No. 1, viz., £319,981 11s. 4d.

ACCOUNT

ACCOUNT FOR 1879.

When this account was last submitted, namely, on the 10th December, 1879, the actual revenue for the first three quarters of the year was shown to have been £3,231,826 0 0 and the last quarter's receipts were estimated to amount to ... 1,293,015 0 0

which would, if realized, have given £4,524,841 0 0 as the year's revenue. At the close of the year, however, it was found to have reached only £4,481,665 13s. 1d., being £43,175 6s. 11d. less than was expected when the Financial Statement was made in December, 1879, and £614,489 6s. 11d. less than the Estimate made when the previous Statement of February of the same year. Although there was a falling-off generally in the revenue of 1879, the principal falling-off was in Land Sales, which were originally estimated to yield £1,725,000, but as they only turned out to be £1,215,000 there was consequently a loss under this head alone of £510,000.

The account for 1879 now submitted shows an estimated deficiency of £382,388 0 2 while in the former account the deficiency was only estimated at 200,047 5 1

thus showing an increased deficiency of £182,340 15 1

to be explained. The explanation is as follows:—

1. Revenue short of the Estimate as above shown	...	£43,175	6	11
To which has to be added the amount of advances repaid and included in the Revenue but carried to the credit of Votes	... ..	6,606	4	2
2. Additional Special Appropriations	∴	2,042	0	2
3. Amount of Supplementary Appropriations under the Act 44 Vic. No. 4	... ..	£177,060	8	3
Less included in previous account	41,609	17	6	
		135,450	10	9
4. Amount of items on account of 1879 included in Further Supplementary Estimate now before the Legislative Assembly	... ..	7,910	9	4
Making in all	... ..	£195,184	11	4
This sum has, however, to be reduced by the difference between the actual and estimated savings on Votes of 1879, which amounts to	... ..	12,843	16	3
Thus producing the difference above stated of	... ..	£182,340	15	1

ACCOUNT

ACCOUNT FOR 1880.

The revenue of 1880, derivable from the then existing sources of income, was estimated at £4,761,875 on the 10th December, 1879, but as the expenditure was at the same time estimated at £4,984,183 17s. 10d. there would have been a deficiency of £222,308 17s. 10d. had it not been proposed to increase the revenue by fresh taxation to the amount of £358,500. Had this proposition been sanctioned by Parliament in its entirety, the deficiency would have been converted into an estimated surplus, as then shown, of £136,191 2s. 2d. Parliament, however, only sanctioned certain portions of the scheme for raising additional revenue, so that this surplus has not been realized. The portions sanctioned were Stamp Duties, which came into operation on the first July last, and produced for the half-year ending 31st December, £72,303; an increase of two shillings per gallon on imported spirits, and a like increase on spirits manufactured in the Colony; an increase of four shillings per gallon on sparkling wines, and one shilling per gallon on all other kinds. Although the amounts which it was estimated these increased rates would produce were not fully realized, a considerable augmentation of the revenue as originally estimated was the result, as the following statement shows:—

Head of Receipt.	Original Estimate.	Actual Receipts.	Short of Estimate.	In excess of Estimate.
TAXATION.				
Customs	£ 1,138,000	£ 1,188,930	.....	£ 50,930
Duty on refined Sugar and Molasses	42,000	36,510	5,490	.....
Duty on Spirits distilled in the Colony	6,000	7,353	.....	1,353
Stamps ... ..	.....	72,303	.....	72,303
Licenses	111,500	112,197	.....	697
Total Taxation	£ 1,297,500	1,417,293	5,490	125,283
LAND REVENUE.				
Sales	1,375,000	1,177,393	197,607	.....
Annual Land Revenue—				
Interest on Land Conditionally Purchased	190,000	204,634	.....	14,634
Pastoral Occupation	210,000	222,624	.....	12,624
Mining Occupation	13,300	20,310	.....	7,010
Miscellaneous Land Receipts	23,100	21,371	1,729	.....
	436,400	468,939	1,729	34,268
Total, Land Revenue	£ 1,811,400	1,646,332	199,336	34,268
RECEIPTS FOR SERVICES RENDERED.				
Railway Receipts	1,100,000	1,189,564	.....	89,564
Post Office	276,800	286,134	.....	9,334
Mint Receipts	8,700	10,213	.....	1,513
Fees for Escort and Conveyance of Gold	1,300	1,363	.....	63
Pilotage, Harbour and Light Rates and Fees	36,400	26,038	10,362	.....
Registration of Brands	825	845	.....	20
Fees of Office	49,450	52,359	.....	2,909
School Fees under the Public Instruction Act of 1880 ... ..	.....	27,552	.....	27,552
Total Receipts for Services rendered	£ 1,473,475	1,594,068	10,362	130,955
GENERAL MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.				
Rents, exclusive of Land	26,525	37,349	.....	10,824
Fines and Forfeitures	11,325	12,482	.....	1,157
Unclassified Receipts	141,650	204,467	.....	62,817
Total General Miscellaneous Receipts	£ 179,500	254,298	.....	74,798
Grand Totals	4,761,875	4,911,991	215,188	365,304

From this statement it will be seen that, as compared with the original estimate, there has been an increase of £150,116, which is largely due to the increased taxation sanctioned during 1880. The falling off in the Land Sales was close upon £200,000, but this has been made up by increases upon other sources of ordinary income: Railways, for instance, gave an increase of £89,000. The annual Land Revenue gave £34,000, and General Miscellaneous Receipts £75,000.

In the former account submitted for 1880, there was shown an estimated surplus of	£	136,191	2	2
In the one now submitted the surplus is only estimated at		49,510	0	8
being a reduction of	£	86,681	1	6

The following statement will show how that reduction is brought about:—

1. There is a reduction in the receipts of the year as compared with the estimated receipts, including the proposed new taxation, to the amount of ...	£	208,384	0	3
To which has to be added amount of advances repaid, but included in the revenue carried to the credit of Votes		7,774	3	7
2. Increase in the expenditure in consequence of an Additional Estimate having been brought down during the course of last Session		102,436	15	8
3. Additional Special Appropriations		9,710	15	8
4. Amount of Supplementary Estimate for Services of 1880, now before the Legislative Assembly ...		108,375	6	4
Making a total of	£	436,681	1	6
From this amount has, however, to be deducted the amount of appropriations which are estimated as not likely to be required		350,000	0	0
Thereby producing the difference of	£	86,681	1	6

above shown.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

On the 31st December, 1880, the following were the Assets and Liabilities of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, taken as a whole, so far as then known:—

Assets.

1. Cash balance, as per Treasury books	£	1,440,227	10	6
2. Amount due by, and to be recovered from the General Loan Account, for advances made thereto pending the sale of Debentures		465,437	18	7
3. Amount of the Treasurer's Advance Votes for the years 1879 and 1880, to be repaid during the year 1881		200,000	0	0
Making an aggregate of	£	2,105,665	9	1

Liabilities.

Liabilities.

1. Amount of appropriations retained for Services which were either in course of execution or contracted for at the close of the year, chargeable against the Surplus Revenue Account	£960,181	1	9
2. Amount of appropriations for Services provided for in 1879, reserved for expenditure during 1881 ...	124,774	14	6
3. Amount of appropriations for Services provided for in 1880, remaining unexpended on 31st December last, retained for future expenditure, less appropriations to the amount of £350,000, estimated as not likely to be required	490,474	6	1
4. Amount payable for compensation for land resumed under the "Rushcutters Bay Resumption Act of 1878," and for charges connected therewith ...	16,811	0	0
5. Amount of Supplementary Estimate for Services of 1880 and previous years, now before the Legislative Assembly	143,932	14	9
Making together a sum of	£1,736,173	17	1

By deducting this amount from the sum of the assets, there is left a credit balance of £369,491 12s., which is composed of the credit balance of £319,981 11s. 4d. on the Surplus Revenue Account, and £49,510 0s. 8d. at the credit of the account for 1880.

Although there was a cash balance of £1,440,227 10s. 6d. at the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund on the 31st December last according to the books of the Treasury, that amount was not in the Bank in full, as it had been absorbed by an overdraft on the General Loan Account to the extent of £1,131,681 2s. 5d., which will of course be replaced out of the proceeds of loans yet to be negotiated.

TREASURY BALANCES.

The usual statement of these balances as they existed on the 31st December last will be found at page 94 of the Ways and Means, together with a statement showing how they were disposed of, or of what they consisted. The following is an abstract of that statement.

BALANCES AS PER BOOKS.

Consolidated Revenue Fund...	£1,440,227	10	6
Trust Fund	1,190,130	8	3
Old Loans Account	154,180	2	5
Superannuation Repeal Fund	341	19	4
Gross total	2,784,880	0	6
<i>Less</i> —Debit balance on the General Loan Fund	1,131,681	2	5
Net total	£1,653,198	18	1

DISTRIBUTION

DISTRIBUTION OF BALANCES.

Bank of New South Wales—							
Head Office, Sydney—							
Public Account ... ..	...	...	...	1,563,539	7	8	
Superannuation Repeal Fund, 36 Vic.							
No. 29... ..	...	...	...	341	19	4	
				<hr/>			1,563,881 7 0
<i>Less</i> overdraft on the General Loan							
Account ... ..	...	...	...	1,238,499	2	5	
London Account, at date of latest advices				62,024	13	4	
				<hr/>			1,300,523 15 9
Total, Bank of New South Wales							£263,357 11 3
Special Deposits—							
Bank of New South Wales ... ..	...	...	...	£105,452	0	0	
Australian Joint Stock Bank ... ..	...	...	...	60,268	0	0	
City Bank ... ..	...	...	...	75,325	0	0	
Oriental Bank ... ..	...	...	...	75,325	0	0	
Bank of Australasia ... ..	...	...	...	52,726	0	0	
Union Bank of Australia ... ..	...	...	...	52,726	0	0	
English, Scottish, and Australian							
Chartered Bank ... ..	...	...	...	52,726	0	0	
London Chartered Bank ... ..	...	...	...	52,726	0	0	
Mercantile Bank ... ..	...	...	...	52,726	0	0	
				<hr/>			580,000 0 0
Cash in the hands of the Receiver, subsequently deposited							
in Bank of New South Wales... ..	...	...	...	198,814	14	7	
				<hr/>			
Total Cash in Banks							1,042,172 5 10
To which has to be added—							
Securities in the Treasury Chest ...				610,426	12	3	
Securities in the Bank of New							
South Wales ... ..	...	...	...	600	0	0	
				<hr/>			611,026 12 3
Making a total of							£1,653,198 18 1

Which corresponds with the total of the Treasury Balances, as above shown.

It will no doubt be observed that while the overdraft on the General Loan Account, according to the books of the Treasury, is £1,131,681 2s. 5d., the overdraft on the account in the Bank of New South Wales is £1,238,499 2s. 5d., being a difference of £106,818. This difference is however the amount on special deposit on Loan Account with other Banks, and forms part of the £580,000 so disposed of.

Besides the cash balance of £1,440,227 10s. 6d. at the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, on the 31st December last, there was due to it by the General Loan Account the sum of £465,437 18s. 7d., being the balance of advances made prior to 1879 pending the negotiation of loans, which would if repaid have brought the balance on the former fund up to £1,905,665 9s. 1d.

ESTIMATED

ESTIMATED ACCOUNT FOR 1881.

The revenue for 1881 is estimated to amount to the sum
of £ 5,440,670 0 0
and the expenditure to 5,232,966 7 0

thereby leaving an estimated surplus of £ 207,703 13 0
which it is confidently anticipated will be realized if the Additional and Supplementary Estimates, which invariably follow the Main Estimates, do not together exceed the probable amount of appropriations, which as in former years, will be found not to be required.

Comparing the actual revenue of 1880 (which was £4,911,991) with the estimated revenue for 1881, viz. £5,440,670, there is an increase of £528,679. Of this increase Taxation is expected to give £177,607; Land Sales, £18,607; Annual Land Revenue, £146,861, in consequence of the new appraisalment of runs; and Receipts for Services rendered, £217,307, of which Railways will yield the greater part. These four increases amount to £560,382, which has however to be reduced by an estimated falling off, under the head of General Miscellaneous Receipts, to the extent of £31,703, in consequence of there being less public money under special deposit bearing interest with the Banks. This amount deducted leaves the gross increase at the sum stated, namely £528,679.

TRUST FUND.

From the Statement of Balances on the Public Accounts, which is given at page 94 of the Ways and Means, it will be seen that on the 31st December, 1880, there was a balance of £1,190,130 8s. 3d. at the credit of this Fund, which is about £203,000 in excess of the balance thereon at the close of the year 1879. The Trust Fund is composed of a multitude of separate accounts having little or no relation to either the Loans Account or the Consolidated Revenue Fund. The principal amounts included in the balance of £1,190,130 8s. 3d. are those at the credit of the following accounts, viz. :—

Government Savings Bank Account	...	...	...	£586,489	1	7
The Clergy and School Estates	...	...	...	192,853	3	6
Trust Moneys Account (20 Vic. No. 11)	...	...	...	109,296	18	5
Assurance Fund, Real Property Act	...	...	...	38,205	3	3
Police Reward and Superannuation Funds	...	...	...	23,291	0	1

giving for these five accounts alone a sum of £950,135 6 10
This leaves at the credit of the remaining accounts (twenty-one in number) £239,995 1s. 5d. The amount added to the Government Savings Bank Account during last year was £73,514 18s. 11d., as against an increase of only £34,537 13s. 2d. in 1879, which was however a year of great depression. Although the increase in 1880 was more than double that of the year preceding, it was not equal to the increases that took place during the years 1873 and 1874, as shown by the following statement,

statement, which gives the Balances remaining at the credit of the Government Savings Bank in the Treasury at the close of each year, and the annual increases thereon from its commencement on the 1st October, 1871, to the 31st December, 1880, viz. :—

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Balances, 31st December, 1871...	13,710	15	7	increase	.....	.....	.....
1872...	75,857	16	3	„	62,147	0	8
1873...	195,224	5	3	„	119,366	9	0
1874...	301,966	15	9	„	106,742	10	6
1875...	351,189	18	8	„	42,223	2	11
1876...	397,814	6	10	„	46,624	8	2
1877...	466,222	14	4	„	68,408	7	6
1878...	478,436	9	6	„	12,213	15	2
1879...	512,974	2	8	„	34,537	13	2
1880...	586,489	1	7	„	73,514	18	11

Whatever the cause may have been, it is evident that of late years the Bank has not been making that progress which was naturally to be expected from the extension of its operations to every town and village of importance in the Colony. It may be that the higher rate of interest which, until recently, has been allowed on fixed deposits by the ordinary Banking Institutions of the country, has proved prejudicial to the Savings' Bank, which cannot legally allow more than four per cent., and that only on deposits not exceeding in amount £200 to the credit of any one account.

Under the provisions of the "Church and School Lands Dedication Act of 1880," the entire management control and appropriation of the income derived or to be derived from the Clergy and School Lands are vested in the Legislature of this Colony; but, until the close of the year 1882, the four denominations which have hitherto participated in the annual income of the Church and School Fund are each to receive therefrom an amount equal to that received during the year 1879. From the commencement of 1883 the amount at the credit of this fund and the income derivable therefrom and from sales or leases of Church and School Lands are to be carried to the credit of an account to be called the "Public Instruction Endowment Account," and are to be applied in aid of the Public Schools of the Colony and in support of the State System of Public Instruction only.

The balance at the credit of the Trust Fund on the 31st December last was represented by

Cash in the Bank	£579,103	16	0
Securities in the Treasury Chest	610,426	12	3
Do. in Bank of New South Wales	600	0	0
Thus making up the balance of	£1,190,130	8	3

THE LOANS ACCOUNT.

The Loans Account is now composed of only two divisions, namely, what is termed "The Old Loans Account" and what is now designated "The General Loan Account," the latter being an amalgamation of various Loan Funds under the Act 43 Vic. No. 14. The payments out of the former are now few and unimportant, and the propriety of cancelling all the outstanding appropriations and balances of appropriations, which extend from 1853 to 1870, and are being carried forward year after

after year in the books of the Treasury and Audit Department, cannot much longer be delayed. The cash balance on this account might now be transferred to the General Loan Account, to make good any loss which has been or may yet be sustained in negotiating Loans at rates less than par. For example, the net proceeds of the recent Loan of £3,249,500 was short of that sum to the extent of £71,177 18s. 7d. This deficiency must be provided for, either by the issue of more Debentures or a transfer under a Vote of Parliament, from the Consolidated Revenue Fund, unless the balance, or so much of it as is necessary, be transferred from the Old Loans Account for the purpose, which of course could only be done under Parliamentary sanction.

During last session a Loan Act (44 Vic. No. 12) authorizing the raising of a Loan of £1,262,000 was passed, of which £1,012,000 was for Railways, £150,000 for extension of Dock accommodation, and £100,000 for the construction and extension generally of Electric Telegraphs. The disbursements in 1880 for Services provided for by Loans amounted to £1,668,618 15s. 9d. Of that sum, £1,666,405 0s. 4d. was out of the General Loan Fund, and £2,213 15s. 5d. out of the Old Loans Account. The following is an abstract of this expenditure, viz. :—

Railways	...	...	...	...	...	...	£ 1,522,168	5	9
Telegraphs	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,739	8	8
Sydney Water Supply	...	...	...	...	...	...	28,368	3	4
Sydney Sewerage	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,021	6	4
Fortifications	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,581	13	3
Harbour Improvements, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	38,971	9	8
Bridges	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,644	1	7
Completion of Dock, Cockatoo Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,746	0	4
Other Public Works	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,378	6	10
Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	£ 1,668,618	15	9

The particulars of the Services authorized to be carried out from funds raised by Loans, which remained incompleated at the close of last year, will be found fully set forth in the Statement attached to the Ways and Means, marked E, page 67. At page 63 will also be found a Statement of the Liabilities and Assets of the Loans Account on the 31st December, 1880. These were as under :—

Liabilities.

Old Loans Account—

Appropriations and Balance of Appropriations remaining as liabilities	£154,180	2	5
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General Loan Account—

Appropriations and Balances of Appropriations remaining as Liabilities	8,294,003	17	7
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Total Appropriations outstanding	£8,448,184	0	0
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Amount due to the Consolidated Revenue Fund for advances made therefrom prior to 1879, pending the sale of Debentures	465,437	18	7
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Overdraft in the Bank of New South Wales, for payments out of the General Cash Account of the Government	1,238,499	2	5
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Total Liabilities	10,152,121	1	0
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Assets.

Assets.

Balance in the Bank of New South Wales belonging to the Old Loans Account, being part of the balance at the credit of the Public Account	£154,180	2	5
Special Deposits in four of the City Banks	106,818	0	0
Amounts yet to be raised under various Loan Acts ...	9,891,122	18	7
Total Assets	£ 10,152,121	1	0

Of which, of course, a sum of £9,891,122 18s. 7d. has yet to be realized.

At page 85 of Ways and Means will be found an abstract of the expenditure for Public Works and other Services provided for by Loans, from the commencement of the Loans Account to the 31st December last. The following is a condensed summary of that expenditure, viz. :—

Railways	£12,641,020	17	2
Telegraphs	444,354	12	11
Immigration	569,930	0	0
Sewerage and Water Supply, Sydney—Old Works ...	400,000	0	0
Compensation to the Municipal Council of Sydney, for land resumed under the Water Supply Act 17 Vic. No. 35	43,261	14	6
New Water Supply Works	28,368	3	4
New Sewerage Works	4,480	18	7
Public Works, Queensland, when it formed part of New South Wales	49,855	8	6
Harbours and Rivers Navigation Improvements (<i>vide</i> Statement for details)	1,021,490	1	10
Public Works and Buildings (<i>vide</i> Statement also for details)	920,736	0	11
Roads and Bridges	429,920	0	5
Loans repaid under various Acts	1,335,230	0	0
Total	£ 17,888,647	18	2

PUBLIC DEBT.

The Public Debt has been reduced during the past year to the extent of £33,500. This reduction is due principally to the extinction of a portion of the Railway Million Loan of 1867, for which there is an annual appropriation of £70,000 for the payment of principal and interest until the whole Loan is redeemed, which will not, however, occur until the year 1902. On the 31st December last the Debt amounted to £14,903,919 9s. 2d. In consequence of the Consolidated Revenue Fund being in a position to continue making advances to the General Loan Fund pending the sale of Debentures, it was not found necessary to launch any new loan during the year 1880; indeed, it is anticipated that the necessity for doing so will not arise for five or six months longer, and then a smaller loan than what was originally intended, will be placed on the London market, because the proceeds of a large loan could not, in the present state of the money market both here and in England, be invested at such rates as would justify such a course, until the funds are actually required for expenditure. The Government have authority

authority to borrow to the extent of £9,891,122 18s. 7d. If this sum were at once realized the Public Debt would amount to £24,795,042 7s. 9d., but there is not much probability of its reaching this amount for several years to come. In 1882 the Government have the option of paying off or allowing to remain outstanding certain interminable Debentures to the amount of £232,130. As these Debentures, however, bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent. it will be more advantageous to pay them off, even if that has to be done by renewal, as the money for the purpose can now be readily obtained at 4 per cent. or under, than to continue the Loan in its present form.

*The Treasury, New South Wales,
9th February, 1881.*

Sydney : Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1881.

[1s.]

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING, AND A COPY OF AGREEMENT ENTERED INTO WITH BANK OF
NEW SOUTH WALES.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 5 April, 1881.

SCHEDULE.

NO.	PAGE.
1. The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to the several Banking Institutions noted at foot, with enclosure	1
2. T. A. Dibbs, Esq., as Chairman of the several Banking Institutions mentioned, to the Under Secretary for Finance and Trade, with enclosures	6
3. The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to the several Banking Institutions noted at foot, with enclosures	12
4. The Assistant Secretary, Bank of New South Wales, to the Colonial Treasurer, with enclosures	17
5. T. A. Dibbs, Esq., as Chairman of the several Banking Institutions mentioned, to the Under Secretary for Finance and Trade, with enclosures	22
6. The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to the General Manager, Bank of New South Wales.....	27
7. The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to T. A. Dibbs, Esq., as Chairman of the several Banking Institutions mentioned.....	27

No. 1.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to the several Banking
Institutions noted at foot.

Sir,

The Treasury, New South Wales,
19 October, 1880.

I have the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to inform you that as the agreement at present existing for the conduct of the Public Banking business of this Colony will expire by effluxion of time on the 31st December next, sealed Tenders will be received at this office until noon of Tuesday, the 2nd November next, for the conduct of that business for a period of FIVE years from the 1st January, 1881.

The contract will embrace the keeping of the whole of the accounts of the Government both in Sydney and London, and the performance of the several duties connected therewith. These duties and the conditions of the contract will be found fully set forth in the accompanying memorandum.

I am also directed to inform you that Tenderers are invited, if they so desire, to be present at the opening of the Tenders, on the day and at the hour above mentioned.

The Tender must bear the following endorsement on the envelope :—"Tender for Government Banking Business."

Any further information which you may desire to enable you to tender on behalf of your Bank can be obtained on application at the Treasury.

I have, &c.,

G. EAGAR,

Under Secretary for Finance and Trade.

A copy of the above Circular was addressed to the Managers of the following Banks, viz. :—Bank of New South Wales, Commercial Bank, Australian Joint Stock Bank, the City Bank, the Mercantile Bank, Bank of Australasia, Union Bank, the Oriental Bank, London Chartered Bank of Australia, English Scottish and Australian Chartered Bank, Bank of New Zealand.

[Enclosure.]

[Enclosure.]

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

Specification of Duties relating thereto, and Conditions under which such business must be conducted.

DUTIES OF THE BANK.

1. To keep any account or number of accounts which the Colonial Treasurer for the time being may deem necessary for the proper conduct of public business.
2. To receive and credit, as directed, the daily collections of the Government, whether these be by the Receiver of the Treasury or any public officer duly authorized to deposit his collections in the Bank to the credit of the Public Account.
3. To pay all cheques drawn on account of the Public Service, whether these be by the Paymaster of the Treasury or any Public Officer or other person or persons to whose credit funds shall from time to time be placed.
4. To furnish full particulars with respect to the state of the Public Account, the General Loan Account, or the account of any Public Officer, to the Treasury when required.
5. The accounts of Collectors of Public Moneys in Sydney and the interior to be kept with the Bank conducting the general banking business of the Government, in all places where it has, or may have, branches established during the currency of the Contract.
6. The Bank to pay the interest on all Government Debentures, Funded or Inscribed Stock, which requires to be paid either in Sydney or London, in accordance with statements of particulars to be furnished by the Treasury, and to furnish to the Treasury detailed statements monthly of all such payments, supported by the paid coupons and such other vouchers as are necessary.
7. The daily cash sheets required by the Audit Act of 1870 to be furnished to the Treasurer and Auditor General respectively.
8. The Bank must affix duty stamps to receipts for sums placed to the credit of private accounts in settlement of claims against the Government.
9. The Bank keeping the Public Account must receive the collections of the Receiver of the Treasury and the Collector of Customs up to the hour of 4 o'clock p.m. daily (if necessary), excepting on Saturdays, when they require to be received up to 1 o'clock p.m. only.
10. For the purpose of ascertaining the interest due to the Government on their Sydney and London Accounts respectively, the several accounts kept in each place shall be taken as a whole, and the interest calculated on the net daily balance of such combined accounts, in each place respectively—such interest to be credited to the Public Account half-yearly.
11. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of interest due by the Government on overdrawn accounts, the same method of calculating and charging such interest shall be adopted.
12. The Bank keeping the Public Account will require to perform any other duty which necessarily pertains to the position of Bankers to the Government.

CONDITIONS

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

1. The Contract to be for a period of five years, from 1st January, 1881.
2. The Government to have full control over all accounts opened by them with the Bank keeping the Public Account, whether such accounts be in favour of its own officers, or road trustees, or other parties to whom advances may be made for carrying out services provided for by Parliament or otherwise.
3. The Government shall have the right to withdraw at any time any such advances or balances thereof which it may be considered desirable so to deal with; but in respect to all such cases the Government will hold the Bank harmless in the event of any action against it consequent upon such withdrawals.
4. When the aggregate balance at the credit of the Government accounts in Sydney shall at any time exceed the sum of £300,000, the Government may for the purpose of making special deposits with other Banks withdraw and dispose of any sum in excess of that amount in such manner as they may consider best for the public interest. If the excess to be thus withdrawn shall at any time exceed £100,000, fifteen days' notice in writing shall be given to the Bank keeping the Public Account prior to the withdrawal of such amount.
5. If at any time the credit balance of the "General Banking Account" (which shall be held to include the Public Account, the General Loan Account, the Mint Bullion Account, and any other account which it may be found necessary to open during the currency of the Contract) shall become reduced below £250,000, while the Government have at the same time Special Deposits with other Banks, the Government may, subject to the required notice, make such withdrawals from such Special Deposits as would be necessary to restore the said credit balance to the sum of £300,000, but in the event of its not being deemed advisable to carry out this arrangement, the refusal of the Government to do so will not render them liable to the Bank for compensation in any form whatever.
6. In the event of the Government requiring to make withdrawals from any Bank or Banks holding special deposits for the purpose of replenishing the London Account, or otherwise, the Government reserve the power, should they deem it advisable, to accept repayment of the amounts by the drafts of such Bank or Banks at sixty days' sight on their London office, provided the rate of exchange does not exceed that agreed to with the Bank keeping the Government accounts.
7. In the event of the Government having funds at their credit in London, and requiring payments to be made there, the Bank shall issue orders or credits on their London Office for such payments free of charge, or shall instruct their London Office by cablegram to make such payments free of charge, except the cost of the cablegram, which shall be paid by the Government.
8. The Government may, at any time during the currency of this contract, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, make arrangements with the Bank of England for the negotiation of Loans, the management of the Public Debt, or the payment of the interest thereon. Upon such arrangements being completed any right acquired under the contract by the Bank conducting the Government business for commission or other charge for services of this nature shall cease.
9. If at any time during the currency of the Contract after 1st January, 1883, it shall be deemed desirable in the interests of the public to terminate the same, such termination may be effected by notice in writing from the Colonial Treasurer for the time being, and at the expiration of a period of six months from the day on which such notice shall be given the Contract shall cease to exist.

TERMS

TERMS ON WHICH THE GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS WILL BE UNDERTAKEN,
ON THE BASIS OF THE FOREGOING SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS
BY THE _____.

1. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account as defined by the 5th clause of the "Conditions of Contract"?
2. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account in London, which embraces all the accounts of the Government there?
3. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in Sydney?
4. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in London?
5. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney without security?
6. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, which must be accepted at their par value?
7. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London without security?
8. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, which must be accepted at their par value?
9. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange at sixty days sight purchased in Sydney for remittance to credit of the Government Account in London?
10. The rate of interest at which the Bank will discount or convert into cash such Bills of Exchange in the event of its being found necessary to do so before date of maturity?

11. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange or Drafts on demand on any of the neighbouring Colonies ?
12. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by Collectors of Public Moneys in the interior of the Colony in favour of the Colonial Treasurer or any Public Officer in Sydney to whom remittances require to be made ?
13. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the collection of cheques or drafts, on Banks within the Colony, in favour of the Government ?
14. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by the Colonial Treasurer, or any duly authorized officer, for remittance to any person or corporate body within the Colony ?
15. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on special deposits for a period of twelve months, with the right reserved by the Government of withdrawing the same by instalments not exceeding one-fifth of the original deposit at intervals of not less than thirty days for each instalment, and on condition that the interest shall cease to be allowed on the amount of such instalments from the date on which notice of withdrawal shall be received by the Bank ?
16. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the payments of the half-yearly interest on the Public Debt in Sydney and London respectively ?
17. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Debentures which may be paid off by the Bank during the currency of the contract ?
18. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on all payments in London involving verification of accounts and the transmission to the Colony of vouchers or other documentary evidence of payment. In the event of commission being charged for payments of this nature it must be understood that payments by the Bank not requiring such verification are not chargeable with commission ?
19. The rate of commission (exclusive of brokerage and other charges actually paid) which the Bank will charge on loans negotiated through its agency ?

20. The terms and conditions on which the Bank will, when the Government have funds at their credit in London, transfer the whole or any portion of such funds to Sydney. In connection with transfers of this nature, it must be distinctly understood that such transfers be made when required, without the Government being called upon to produce evidence, other than that by Cablegram, that the amount to be transferred is at the credit of the Government, on any of their accounts in the Bank in London?

We undertake to conduct the Banking Business of the Government of New South Wales for a period of FIVE years from the 1st January, 1881, on the terms above stated, and subject to the Duties and Conditions herein set forth.

Sydney, 1880.

No. 2.

T. A. Dibbs, Esq., as Chairman of the several Banking Institutions, to
The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade.

Commercial Banking Company of Sydney,
Sydney, 1 November, 1880.

Sir,

Referring to the Treasury circular of 19th ultimo, inviting tenders for conducting the Government Banking Business, I have the honor, on behalf and by authority of the undermentioned Banks, to hand you the enclosed statement of terms on which they will be prepared to conduct the said business.

I am directed to say, however, that the terms now submitted are subject to the following variations and additions in and to the various clauses in the specifications of "Duties of the Bank" and "Conditions of Contract" which accompany your circular, viz. :—

DUTIES OF THE BANK.

Clauses 5 and 6 to be altered so as to apply to the "contracting Banks" by substituting the plural for the singular number where "the Bank" is referred to.

Clause 9. To add the words "such collections sent in after 3 p.m. on any day except Saturday, and after 12 o'clock noon on Saturdays, to be in a locked box, which will be opened on the following business day and the amount credited on that day."

Clause 10. The words "Departmental accounts excepted" to be inserted after the word "place."

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

Clauses 1 and 9 to be incorporated, and to provide that the Banks have the same power of terminating the contract which the Government reserve to themselves.

Clauses 2 and 3 to be joined by the addition of the word "and" after "otherwise."

Clause 4. Should it be considered necessary for the Government to reserve to themselves the right of withdrawing money for deposit in any other Bank or Banks, such power shall accrue only when the Government has at credit in Sydney with the contracting

contracting Banks more than the full amount of £300,000 in General Banking Account, as per No. 1 of the "terms," and £1,000,000 on Special Deposit, as per No. 15 of the "terms"; and after such excess has been offered to the contracting Banks at the rate for Special Deposits named in No. 15 of the "terms," and refused by them.

Clause 5 to be altered by the insertion, after the word "contract" in the fourth line, of the words "Departmental accounts excepted," and to provide that should the balance of General Banking Account fall below £300,000 whilst the Government has money on Special Deposit with another Bank or Banks, the Government shall withdraw sufficient from said Special Deposits to restore the balance of the General Banking Account to £300,000.

Clause 6. All Special Deposits, as withdrawn from other Banks, to be placed to credit of the Government Account in Sydney with the contracting Banks.

Clause 7 to provide that when instructions have to be sent to London by cable to make large payments, such payments will be made fourteen days after receipt of cablegram in London.

Clause 8 to have added after "cease," the words "and other provisions of this contract will then become subject to revision should the contracting Banks desire it."

In all cases where duty stamps are required on exchange operations the cost of same to be borne by the Government.

All rates of interest and exchange referred to in the accompanying tender shall be the rates quoted by the contracting Banks.

NEW CLAUSES.

Subject to provisions in Clause No. 4, all the Government Banking Business to be transacted by the contracting Banks and their Branches.

The General Banking Account to be divided as nearly as possible in equal proportion amongst the contracting Banks, and the Departmental Accounts and all other business to be distributed on a similar principle.

Each Bank shall be liable only for its own proportion of the business the subject of contract.

For and on behalf of the contracting Banks, namely:—

Commercial Banking Company of Sydney.

Australian Joint Stock Bank.

City Bank.

Mercantile Bank.

Union Bank of Australia (Limited).

Bank of Australasia.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

London Chartered Bank of Australia.

English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered Bank.

Bank of New Zealand.

T. A. DIBBS,
Chairman.

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

Specification of Duties relating thereto, and Conditions under which such business must be conducted.

DUTIES OF THE BANK.

1. To keep any account or number of accounts which the Colonial Treasurer for the time being may deem necessary for the proper conduct of public business.

2. To receive and credit, as directed, the daily collections of the Government, whether these be by the Receiver of the Treasury or any Public Officer duly authorized to deposit his collections in the Bank to the credit of the Public Account.

3.

3. To pay all cheques drawn on account of the Public Service, whether these be by the Paymaster of the Treasury or any Public Officer or other person or persons to whose credit funds shall from time to time be placed.

4. To furnish full particulars with respect to the state of the Public Account, the General Loan Account, or the account of any Public Officer, to the Treasury when required.

5. The accounts of Collectors of Public Moneys in Sydney and the interior to be kept with the Bank conducting the general banking business of the Government, in all places where it has, or may have, branches established during the currency of the Contract.

6. The Bank to pay the interest on all Government Debentures, Funded or Inscribed Stock, which requires to be paid either in Sydney or London, in accordance with statements of particulars to be furnished by the Treasury, and to furnish to the Treasury detailed statements monthly of all such payments, supported by the paid coupons and such other vouchers as are necessary.

7. The daily cash sheets required by the Audit Act of 1870 to be furnished to the Treasurer and Auditor General respectively.

8. The Bank must affix duty stamps to receipts for sums placed to the credit of private accounts in settlement of claims against the Government.

9. The Bank keeping the Public Account must receive the collections of the Receiver of the Treasury and the Collector of Customs up to the hour of 4 o'clock p.m. daily (if necessary), excepting on Saturdays, when they require to be received up to 1 o'clock p.m. only.

10. For the purpose of ascertaining the interest due to the Government on their Sydney and London Accounts respectively, the several accounts kept in each place shall be taken as a whole, and the interest calculated on the net daily balance of such combined accounts, in each place respectively—such interest to be credited to the Public Account half-yearly.

11. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of interest due by the Government on overdrawn accounts, the same method of calculating and charging such interest shall be adopted.

12. The Bank keeping the Public Account will require to perform any other duty which necessarily pertains to the position of Bankers to the Government.

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

1. The Contract to be for a period of five years, from 1st January, 1881.

2. The Government to have full control over all accounts opened by them with the Bank keeping the Public Account, whether such accounts be in favour of its own officers, or road trustees, or other parties to whom advances may be made for carrying out services provided for by Parliament or otherwise.

3. The Government shall have the right to withdraw at any time any such advances or balances thereof which it may be considered desirable so to deal with; but in respect to all such cases the Government will hold the Bank harmless in the event of any action against it consequent upon such withdrawals.

4. When the aggregate balance at the credit of the Government accounts in Sydney shall at any time exceed the sum of £300,000, the Government may, for the purpose of making special deposits with other Banks, withdraw and dispose of any

any sum in excess of that amount in such manner as they may consider best for the public interest. If the excess to be thus withdrawn shall at any time exceed £100,000, fifteen days' notice in writing shall be given to the Bank keeping the Public Account prior to the withdrawal of such amount.

5. If at any time the credit balance of the "General Banking Account" (which shall be held to include the Public Account, the General Loan Account, the Mint Bullion Account, and any other account which it may be found necessary to open during the currency of the Contract) shall become reduced below £250,000, while the Government have at the same time Special Deposits with other Banks, the Government may, subject to the required notice, make such withdrawals from such Special Deposits as would be necessary to restore the said credit balance to the sum of £300,000, but in the event of its not being deemed advisable to carry out this arrangement, the refusal of the Government to do so will not render them liable to the Bank for compensation in any form whatever.

6. In the event of the Government requiring to make withdrawals from any Bank or Banks holding special deposits for the purpose of replenishing the London Account, or otherwise, the Government reserve the power, should they deem it advisable, to accept repayment of the amounts by the drafts of such Bank or Banks at sixty days' sight on their London office, provided the rate of exchange does not exceed that agreed to with the Bank keeping the Government accounts.

7. In the event of the Government having funds at their credit in London, and requiring payments to be made there, the Bank shall issue orders or credits on their London Office for such payments free of charge, or shall instruct their London Office by cablegram to make such payments free of charge, except the cost of the cablegram, which shall be paid by the Government.

8. The Government may at any time during the currency of this contract, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, make arrangements with the Bank of England for the negotiation of Loans, the management of the Public Debt, or the payment of the interest thereon. Upon such arrangements being completed, any right acquired under the contract by the Bank conducting the Government business, for commission or other charge for services of this nature, shall cease.

9. If at any time during the currency of the Contract after 1st January, 1883, it shall be deemed desirable in the interests of the public to terminate the same, such termination may be effected by notice in writing from the Colonial Treasurer for the time being, and at the expiration of a period of six months from the day on which such notice shall be given the Contract shall cease to exist.

TERMS ON WHICH THE GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS WILL BE UNDERTAKEN,
ON THE BASIS OF THE FOREGOING SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS
BY THE _____

1. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account as defined by the 5th clause of the "Conditions of Contract" ?

1 per cent. under the three months rate for fixed deposits, but not less than 2 per cent., nor more than 3 per cent. The amount upon which interest is payable to be limited to £30,000 for each contracting Bank, or in the aggregate £300,000.

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|--|---|
| 2. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account in London, which embraces all the accounts of the Government there ? | <i>1½ per cent. under Bank of England minimum rate, but not exceeding 3 per cent. The amount to be limited to £50,000 from each contracting Bank, or in the aggregate £500,000—any excess to be subject to special arrangement.</i> |
| 3. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in Sydney ? | <i>1 per cent. over the rate allowed by the Banks on fixed deposits for twelve months.</i> |
| 4. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in London ? | <i>5 per cent., or at 1 per cent. above Bank of England rate, should that rate be at or in excess of 5 per cent.</i> |
| *5. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney without security ? | <i>£25,000 by each of the contracting Banks, or in the aggregate £250,000.</i> |
| *6. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, which must be accepted at their par value ? | <i>£50,000 by each of the contracting Banks, or in the aggregate £500,000.</i> |
| *7. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London without security ? | <i>£25,000 by each of the contracting Banks, or in the aggregate £250,000.</i> |
| *8. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, which must be accepted at their par value ? | <i>£50,000 by each of the contracting Banks, or in the aggregate £500,000.</i> |
| 9. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange at sixty days sight purchased in Sydney for remittance to credit of the Government Account in London ? | <i>¼ per cent. below current rate.</i> |
| 10. The rate of interest at which the Bank will discount or convert into cash such Bills of Exchange in the event of its being found necessary to do so before date of maturity ? | <i>The Banks would under ordinary circumstances discount their paper at current Bank of England rates, but could not pledge themselves to do so under all circumstances.</i> |
| 11. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange or Drafts on demand on any of the neighbouring Colonies ? | <i>Half current rates, but not exceeding ¼ per cent.</i> |
| 12. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by Collectors of Public Moneys in the interior of the Colony in favour of the Colonial Treasurer or any Public Officer in Sydney to whom remittances require to be made ? | <i>½ per cent., with a minimum charge of sixpence.</i> |

* Referring to clauses 5, 6, 7, and 8, any excess of these amounts to be subject to special arrangement. Debentures and Interest to be made payable in London, the latter to be not less than 4 per cent. Should advances extend beyond six months, Banks to have power of sale on giving one month's notice. The Government to give in Sydney one month's notice of their approximate requirement for advances.

13. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the collection of cheques or drafts, on Banks within the Colony, in favour of the Government ? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent., with a minimum charge of sixpence for cheques drawn on one place.
14. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by the Colonial Treasurer or any duly authorized officer for remittance to any person or corporate body within the Colony ? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent., with a minimum charge of sixpence for each draft.
15. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on special deposits for a period of twelve months, with a right reserved by the Government of withdrawing the same by instalments not exceeding one-fifth of the original deposit at intervals of not less than thirty days for each instalment, and on condition that the interest shall cease to be allowed on the amount of such instalments from the date on which notice of withdrawal shall be received by the Bank ? 2 per cent. below rate allowed by Banks for fixed deposits for twelve months, but not exceeding 4 per cent. It is not to be compulsory on the contracting Banks to take more than £100,000 each (the aggregate being £1,000,000); any excess to be subject to special arrangement.
16. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the payments of the half-yearly interest on the Public Debt, in Sydney and London respectively ? $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on amounts paid.
17. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Debentures which may be paid off by the Bank during the currency of the contract ? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. on amounts paid.
18. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on all payments in London involving verification of accounts and the transmission to the Colony of vouchers or other documentary evidence of payment. In the event of commission being charged for payments of this nature it must be understood that payments by the Bank not requiring such verification are not chargeable with commission ? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. on amounts paid.
19. The rate of commission (exclusive of brokerage and other charges actually paid) which the Bank will charge on loans negotiated through its agency ? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. up to £1,000,000, and $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent. for any portion over £1,000,000.
20. The terms and conditions on which the Bank will, when the Government have funds at their credit in London, transfer the whole or any portion of such funds to Sydney. In connection with transfers of this nature, it must be distinctly understood that such transfers be made when required, without the Government being called upon to produce evidence, other than that by Cablegram, that the amount to be transferred is at the credit of the Government, on any of their accounts in the Bank in London ? *The contracting Banks to credit the Government in Sydney at a rate of exchange $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. above the current purchasing rate of the contracting Banks for bills of exchange sixty days' sight on London. Interest to cease in London as from the date of the credit in Sydney. It is not to be compulsory for the contracting Banks to transfer more than £30,000 each (the aggregate being £300,000) at intervals of less than one month. Any excess to be subject to special arrangement.*

We undertake to conduct the Banking Business of the Government of New South Wales for a period of FIVE years from the 1st January, 1881, on the terms above stated, and subject to the Duties and Conditions herein set forth, and to the variations and conditions referred to in my letter attached.

For and on behalf of the contracting Banks, as specified on the annexed page.

Sydney, 1 November, 1880.

T. A. DIBBS,
Chairman.

NAMES OF CONTRACTING BANKS.

Commercial Banking Company of Sydney.
Australian Joint Stock Bank.
City Bank.
Mercantile Bank.
Union Bank of Australia (Limited).
Bank of Australasia.
Oriental Bank Corporation.
London Chartered Bank of Australia.
English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered Bank.
Bank of New Zealand.

T. A. DIBBS,
Chairman.

No. 3.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to the several Banking Institutions.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
8 November, 1880.

Sir,

I have the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to inform you that as no eligible Tender has been received for the conduct of the Public Banking business of this Colony, the existing agreement for which expires by effluxion of time on the 31st December next, sealed Tenders, in accordance with the amended Conditions herewith, will be received at this office until noon of Tuesday, the 16th instant, for the conduct of that business for a period of FIVE years from the 1st January, 1881.

The contract will embrace the keeping of the whole of the accounts of the Government both in Sydney and London, and the performance of the several duties connected therewith. These duties and the conditions of the contract will be found fully set forth in the accompanying memorandum.

I am also directed to inform you that Tenderers are invited, if they so desire, to be present at the opening of the Tenders, on the day and at the hour above mentioned.

The Tender must bear the following endorsement on the envelope:—"Tender for Government Banking Business."

Any further information which you may desire to enable you to tender on behalf of your Bank can be obtained on application at the Treasury.

I have, &c.,

G. EAGAR,
Under Secretary for Finance and Trade.

NOTE.—Tenders will be received from the Banks individually or otherwise.

A copy of the above Circular was addressed to the Managers of the following Banks, viz.:—Bank of New South Wales, Commercial Bank, Australian Joint Stock Bank, the City Bank, the Mercantile Bank, Bank of Australasia, Union Bank, Oriental Bank, London Chartered Bank of Australia, English Scottish and Australian Chartered Bank, Bank of New Zealand.

[*Enclosure.*]

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

Specification of Duties relating thereto, and Conditions under which such business must be conducted.

DUTIES OF THE BANK

1. To keep any account or number of accounts which the Colonial Treasurer for the time being may deem necessary for the proper conduct of public business.

2. To receive and credit, as directed, the daily collections of the Government, whether these be by the Receiver of the Treasury or any Public Officer duly authorized to deposit his collections in the Bank to the credit of the Public Account.

3. To pay all cheques drawn on account of the Public Service, whether these be by the Paymaster of the Treasury or any Public Officer or other person or persons to whose credit funds shall from time to time be placed.

4. To furnish full particulars with respect to the state of the Public Account, the General Loan Account, or the account of any Public Officer, to the Treasury when required.

5. The accounts of Collectors of Public Moneys in Sydney and the interior, to be kept with the Bank conducting the general banking business of the Government, in all places where it has, or may have, branches established during the currency of the Contract.

6. The Bank to pay the interest on all Government Debentures, Funded or Inscribed Stock, which requires to be paid either in Sydney or London, in accordance with statements of particulars to be furnished by the Treasury, and to furnish to the Treasury detailed statements monthly of all such payments, supported by the paid coupons and such other vouchers as are necessary.

7. The daily cash sheets required by the Audit Act of 1870 to be furnished to the Treasurer and Auditor General respectively.

8. The Bank must affix duty stamps to receipts for sums placed to the credit of private accounts in settlement of claims against the Government.

9. The Bank keeping the Public Account must receive the collections of the Receiver of the Treasury and the Collector of Customs up to the hour of 4 o'clock p.m. daily (if necessary), excepting on Saturdays, when they require to be received up to 1 o'clock p.m. only.

10. For the purpose of ascertaining the interest due to the Government on their Sydney and London Accounts respectively, the several accounts (Departmental accounts excepted) kept in each place shall be taken as a whole, and the interest calculated on the net daily balance of such combined accounts, in each place respectively—such interest to be credited to the Public Account half-yearly.

11. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of interest due by the Government on overdrawn accounts, the same method of calculating and charging such interest shall be adopted.

12. The Bank keeping the Public Account will require to perform any other duty which necessarily pertains to the position of Bankers to the Government.

CONDITIONS

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

1. The Contract to be for a period of five years, from 1st January, 1881; but if at any time during the currency of the Contract after 1st January, 1883, it shall be deemed desirable in the interests of the public to terminate the same, such termination may be effected by notice in writing from the Colonial Treasurer for the time being, and at the expiration of a period of six months from the day on which such notice shall be given the Contract shall cease to exist; and if the Bank keeping the Public Accounts shall at any time after the said 1st January, 1883, desire to terminate this Agreement, it shall be competent for it to do so, on giving six months' notice to the Colonial Treasurer.

2. The Government to have full control over all accounts opened by them with the Bank keeping the Public Account, whether such accounts be in favour of its own officers, or road trustees, or other parties to whom advances may be made for carrying out services provided for by Parliament or otherwise; and the Government shall have the right to withdraw at any time any such advances or balances thereof which it may be considered desirable so to deal with; but in respect to all such cases the Government will hold the Bank harmless in the event of any action against it consequent upon such withdrawals.

3. When the aggregate balance at the credit of the Government accounts in Sydney shall at any time exceed the sum of £300,000, the Government may for the purpose of making special deposits with other Banks withdraw and dispose of any sum in excess of that amount in such manner as they may consider best for the public interest. If the excess to be thus withdrawn shall at any time exceed £100,000, thirty days' notice in writing shall be given to the Bank keeping the Public Account prior to the withdrawal of such amount.

4. If at any time the credit balance of the "General Banking Account" (which shall be held to include the Public Account, the General Loan Account, the Mint Bullion Account, and any other account which it may be found necessary to open during the currency of the Contract, Departmental Accounts excepted) shall become reduced below £300,000, while the Government have at the same time Special Deposits with other Banks, the Government may, subject to the required notice, make such withdrawals from such Special Deposits as would be necessary to restore the said credit balance to the sum of £300,000, but in the event of its not being deemed advisable to carry out this arrangement, the refusal of the Government to do so will not render them liable to the Bank for compensation in any form whatever.

5. In the event of the Government having funds at their credit in London, and requiring payments to be made there, the Bank shall issue orders or credits on their London Office for such payments free of charge, or shall instruct their London Office by cablegram to make such payments free of charge, except the cost of the cablegram, which shall be paid by the Government.

6. The Government may, at any time during the currency of this contract, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, make arrangements with the Bank of England for the negotiation of Loans, the management of the Public Debt, or the payment of the interest thereon. Upon such arrangements being completed, any right acquired under the contract by the Bank conducting the Government business, for commission or other charge for services of this nature, shall cease, and other provisions of the contract will then become subject to revision, should the Contracting Bank desire it.

7. In all cases where Duty Stamps are required on exchange operations the cost of the same shall be borne by the Government.

TERMS

TERMS ON WHICH THE GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS WILL BE UNDERTAKEN,
ON THE BASIS OF THE FOREGOING SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS
BY THE

1. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account as defined by the 4th clause of the "Conditions of Contract"? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate depending upon contingencies.)
2. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account in London, which embraces all the accounts of the Government there?
3. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in Sydney?
4. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in London?
5. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney without security?
6. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell?
7. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London without security?
8. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as such security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell?

9. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of exchange at sixty days sight purchased in Sydney for remittance to credit of the Government Account in London?
10. The rate of interest at which the Bank will discount or convert into cash such Bills of Exchange in the event of its being found necessary to do so before date of maturity?
11. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange or Drafts on demand on any of the neighbouring Colonies?
12. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by Collectors of Public Moneys in the interior of the Colony in favour of the Colonial Treasurer or any Public Officer in Sydney to whom remittances require to be made?
13. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the collection of cheques or drafts, on Banks within the Colony, in favour of the Government?
14. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on moneys deposited with the Bank for transfer to the credit of persons at any of its Branches in the interior or on Drafts purchased by the Colonial Treasurer, or any duly authorized officer, for remittance to any person or corporate body within the Colony?
15. The amount which the Bank will take on special deposit for a period of twelve months, and the rate of interest which it will allow on such amount, with the right reserved by the Government of withdrawing the same by instalments not exceeding one-fifth of the original deposit at intervals of not less than thirty days for each instalment, and on condition that the interest shall cease to be allowed on the amount of such instalments from the date on which notice of withdrawal shall be received by the Bank? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate dependent upon contingencies.)
16. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the payments of the half-yearly interest on the Public Debt, in London?

17. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Debentures which may be paid off by the Bank during the currency of the contract?
18. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on all payments in London involving verification of accounts and the transmission to the Colony of vouchers or other documentary evidence of payment. In the event of commission being charged for payments of this nature it must be understood that payments by the Bank not requiring such verification are not chargeable with commission?
19. The rate of commission (exclusive of brokerage and other charges actually paid) which the Bank will charge on loans negotiated through its agency?
20. The terms and conditions on which the Bank will, when the Government have funds at their credit in London, transfer such funds to Sydney. The maximum of the transfer must be stated, and at what intervals the transfers will be made. In connection with transfers of this nature, it must be distinctly understood that such transfers be made when required, without the Government being called upon to produce evidence, other than that by Cablegram, that the amount to be transferred is at the credit of the Government, on any of their accounts in the Bank in London?

We undertake to conduct the Banking Business of the Government of New South Wales for a period of FIVE years from the 1st January, 1881, on the terms above stated, and subject to the Duties and Conditions herein set forth.

Sydney, 1880.

No. 4.

The Assistant Secretary, Bank of New South Wales, to The Colonial Treasurer.

Bank of New South Wales,
Sydney, 16 November, 1880.

Sir,

In response to your circular letter of the 8th instant, I have the honor to forward to you herewith a tender by this Bank for the conduct of the Government Banking business, which is, however, to be understood as made subject to the addition to Clause No. 8 of the "Duties of the Bank" of the words "the Government paying for the same," and to the addition to Clause 5 of the "Conditions of Contract" of the words "the Bank being held harmless by the Government for any errors arising out of cablegram transfers."

I have, &c.,
CHAS. M. PALMER.

GOVERNMENT

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

Specification of Duties relating thereto, and Conditions under which such business must be conducted.

DUTIES OF THE BANK.

1. To keep any account or number of accounts which the Colonial Treasurer for the time being may deem necessary for the proper conduct of public business.
2. To receive and credit, as directed, the daily collections of the Government, whether these be by the Receiver of the Treasury or any Public Officer duly authorized to deposit his collections in the Bank to the credit of the Public Account.
3. To pay all cheques drawn on account of the Public Service, whether these be by the Paymaster of the Treasury or any Public Officer or other person or persons to whose credit funds shall from time to time be placed.
4. To furnish full particulars with respect to the state of the Public Account, the General Loan Account, or the account of any Public Officer, to the Treasury when required.
5. The accounts of Collectors of Public Moneys in Sydney and the interior to be kept with the Bank conducting the general banking business of the Government, in all places where it has, or may have, branches established during the currency of the Contract.
6. The Bank to pay the interest on all Government Debentures, Funded or Inscribed Stock, which requires to be paid either in Sydney or London, in accordance with statements of particulars to be furnished by the Treasury, and to furnish to the Treasury detailed statements monthly of all such payments, supported by the paid coupons and such other vouchers as are necessary.
7. The daily cash sheets required by the Audit Act of 1870 to be furnished to the Treasurer and Auditor General respectively.
8. The Bank must affix duty stamps to receipts for sums placed to the credit of private accounts in settlement of claims against the Government, the Government paying for the same.
9. The Bank keeping the Public Account must receive the collections of the Receiver of the Treasury and the Collector of Customs up to the hour of 4 o'clock p.m. daily (if necessary), excepting on Saturdays, when they require to be received up to 1 o'clock p.m. only.
10. For the purpose of ascertaining the interest due to the Government on their Sydney and London Accounts respectively, the several accounts (Departmental accounts excepted) kept in each place shall be taken as a whole, and the interest calculated on the net daily balance of such combined accounts, in each place respectively—such interest to be credited to the Public Account half-yearly.
11. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of interest due by the Government on overdrawn accounts, the same method of calculating and charging such interest shall be adopted.
12. The Bank keeping the Public Account will require to perform any other duty which necessarily pertains to the position of Bankers to the Government.

CONDITIONS

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

1. The Contract to be for a period of five years, from 1st January, 1881; but if at any time during the currency of the Contract after the 1st January, 1883, it shall be deemed desirable in the interests of the public to terminate the same, such termination may be effected by notice in writing from the Colonial Treasurer for the time being, and at the expiration of a period of six months from the day on which such notice shall be given the Contract shall cease to exist; and if the Bank keeping the Public Accounts shall at any time after the said 1st January, 1883, desire to terminate this Agreement, it shall be competent for it to do so, on giving six months' notice to the Colonial Treasurer.

2. The Government to have full control over all accounts opened by them with the Bank keeping the Public Account, whether such accounts be in favour of its own officers, or road trustees, or other parties to whom advances may be made for carrying out services provided for by Parliament or otherwise; and the Government shall have the right to withdraw at any time any such advances or balances thereof which it may be considered desirable so to deal with; but in respect to all such cases the Government will hold the Bank harmless in the event of any action against it consequent upon such withdrawals.

3. When the aggregate balance at the credit of the Government accounts in Sydney shall at any time exceed the sum of £300,000, the Government may for the purpose of making special deposits with other Banks withdraw and dispose of any sum in excess of that amount in such manner as they may consider best for the public interest. If the excess to be thus withdrawn shall at any time exceed £100,000, thirty days' notice in writing shall be given to the Bank keeping the Public Account prior to the withdrawal of such amount.

4. If at any time the credit balance of the "General Banking Account" (which shall be held to include the Public Account, the General Loan Account, the Mint Bullion Account, and any other account which it may be found necessary to open during the currency of the Contract, Departmental Accounts excepted) shall become reduced below £300,000, while the Government have at the same time special deposits with other Banks the Government may, subject to the required notice, make such withdrawals from such Special Deposits as would be necessary to restore the said credit balance to the sum of £300,000, but in the event of its not being deemed advisable to carry out this arrangement, the refusal of the Government to do so will not render them liable to the Bank for compensation in any form whatever.

5. In the event of the Government having funds at their credit in London, and requiring payments to be made there, the Bank shall issue orders or credits on their London Office for such payments free of charge, or shall instruct their London Office by cablegram to make such payments free of charge, except the cost of the cablegram, which shall be paid by the Government, the Bank being held harmless by the Government for any errors arising out of cablegram transfers.

6. The Government may at any time during the currency of this contract, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, make arrangements with the Bank of England for the negotiation of Loans, the management of the Public Debt, or the payment of the interest thereon. Upon such arrangements being completed, any right acquired under the contract by the Bank conducting the Government business, for commission or other charge for services of this nature, shall cease, and other provisions of the contract will then become subject to revision, should the Contracting Bank desire it.

7. In all cases where Duty Stamps are required on exchange operations the cost of the same shall be borne by the Government.

TERMS ON WHICH THE GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS WILL BE UNDERTAKEN, ON THE BASIS OF THE FOREGOING SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS BY THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

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| <p>1. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account as defined by the 4th clause of the "Conditions of Contract"? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate depending upon contingencies.)</p> <p>2. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account in London, which embraces all the accounts of the Government there?</p> <p>3. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in Sydney?</p> <p>4. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in London?</p> <p>5. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney without security?</p> <p>6. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell?</p> <p>7. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London without security?</p> <p>8. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as such security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell?</p> <p>9. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange at sixty days' sight purchased in Sydney for remittance to credit of the Government Account in London?</p> | <p>1. <i>Up to fifty thousand pounds (£50,000) no interest to be allowed. For sums above fifty thousand pounds (£50,000) and up to three hundred thousand pounds (£300,000) interest to be allowed at the rate of three per centum (3 per cent.) per annum, and for credit balances beyond three hundred thousand pounds (£300,000) interest to be allowed only by special arrangement.</i></p> <p>2. <i>One-quarter per centum ($\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.) below the market bankers' rate ruling from time to time in London for deposits at call.</i></p> <p>3. <i>Five per centum (5 per cent.) per annum.</i></p> <p>4. <i>One per centum (1 per cent.) above the Bank of England rate, but not less than five per centum (5 per cent.) per annum.</i></p> <p>5. <i>One hundred and fifty thousand pounds (£150,000).</i></p> <p>6. <i>Two hundred thousand pounds (£200,000), with power to sell the Debentures after the year.</i></p> <p>7. <i>One hundred thousand pounds (£100,000).</i></p> <p>8. <i>Three hundred thousand pounds (£300,000) with power to sell the Debentures after the year.</i></p> <p>9. <i>One-quarter per centum ($\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.) below the market rate.</i></p> |
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| <p>10. The rate of interest at which the Bank will discount or convert into cash such Bills of Exchange in the event of its being found necessary to do so before date of maturity?</p> | <p>10. <i>One per centum (1 per cent.) above the Bank of England rate, but not less than five per centum (5 per cent.)</i></p> |
| <p>11. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange or Drafts on demand on any of the neighbouring Colonies?</p> | <p>11. <i>One-eighth per centum ($\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.)</i></p> |
| <p>12. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by Collectors of Public Moneys in the interior of the Colony in favour of the Colonial Treasurer or any Public Officer in Sydney to whom remittances require to be made?</p> | <p>12. <i>One-eighth per centum ($\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.)</i></p> |
| <p>13. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the collection of cheques or drafts, on Banks within the Colony, in favour of the Government?</p> | <p>13. <i>One-eighth per centum ($\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.)</i></p> |
| <p>14. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on moneys deposited with the Bank for transfer to the credit of persons at any of its Branches in the interior or on Drafts purchased by the Colonial Treasurer, or any duly authorized officer, for remittance to any person or corporate body within the Colony?</p> | <p>14. <i>One-eighth per centum ($\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.)</i></p> |
| <p>15. The amount which the Bank will take on special deposit for a period of twelve months, and the rate of interest which it will allow on such amount, with the right reserved by the Government of withdrawing the same by instalments not exceeding one-fifth of the original deposit at intervals of not less than thirty days for each instalment, and on condition that the interest shall cease to be allowed on the amount of such instalments from the date on which notice of withdrawal shall be received by the Bank? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate dependent upon contingencies.)</p> | <p>15. <i>Amount and rate to be agreed upon when the Government desires to deposit.</i></p> |
| <p>16. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the payments of the half-yearly interest on the Public Debt, in London?</p> | <p>16. <i>One-quarter per centum ($\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.)</i></p> |
| <p>17. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Debentures which may be paid off by the Bank during the currency of the contract?</p> | <p>17. <i>One-eighth per centum ($\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.)</i></p> |

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| <p>18. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on all payments in London involving verification of accounts and the transmission to the Colony of vouchers or other documentary evidence of payment. In the event of commission being charged for payments of this nature it must be understood that payments by the Bank not requiring such verification are not chargeable with commission?</p> <p>19. The rate of commission (exclusive of brokerage and other charges actually paid) which the bank will charge on loans negotiated through its agency?</p> <p>20. The terms and conditions on which the Bank will, when the Government have funds at their credit in London, transfer such funds to Sydney. The maximum of the transfer must be stated, and at what intervals the transfers will be made. In connection with transfers of this nature, it must be distinctly understood that such transfers be made when required, without the Government being called upon to produce evidence, other than that by cablegram, that the amount to be transferred is at the credit of the Government, on any of their accounts in the Bank in London?</p> | <p>18. <i>One-quarter per centum ($\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.)</i></p> <p>19. <i>One-quarter per centum ($\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.) up to one million pounds (£1,000,000), and half that rate upon all above one million pounds (£1,000,000) in the same negotiation.</i></p> <p>20. <i>The Bank to make transfers to an extent not exceeding two hundred and fifty thousand pounds (£250,000) a month, and one-half per centum ($\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.) premium to be allowed to the Government when transfers are made by cablegram and the entries are made simultaneously in London and Sydney, the Government paying cablegram expenses.</i></p> |
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We undertake to conduct the Banking Business of the Government of New South Wales for a period of FIVE years from the 1st January, 1881, on the terms above stated, and subject to the Duties and Conditions herein set forth.

For and on behalf of the Bank of New South Wales,

CHAS. M. PALMER,

Assistant Secretary.

Sydney, 16 November, 1880.

No. 5.

T. A. Dibbs, Esq., as Chairman of the several Banking Institutions mentioned, to
The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade.

Commercial Banking Company of Sydney,

Sydney, 15 November, 1880.

Sir,

Referring to the Treasury circular of the 8th instant, inviting tenders for conducting the Government Banking business, I have the honor, on behalf and by authority of the undermentioned Banks, to hand you the annexed statement of terms on which they will jointly be prepared to conduct the said business.

It

It is understood that the general banking account shall be divided as nearly as possible in equal proportions amongst the contracting Banks, that the departmental accounts and all other business shall be distributed on a similar principle, and that each Bank shall be answerable only for its own acts and defaults, its liability under the contract being limited to the share of the business assigned to it.

I have, &c.,

For and on behalf of the Contracting Banks, namely :—

Bank of Australasia.
 Union Bank of Australia (Limited).
 Australian Joint Stock Bank.
 London Chartered Bank of Australia.
 English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered Bank.
 Oriental Bank Corporation.
 City Bank.
 Mercantile Bank.
 Bank of New Zealand.
 Commercial Banking Company of Sydney.

Yours, &c.,

T. A. DIBBS,
 Chairman.

P.S.—In the event of this tender being accepted, it will be necessary to alter clauses 3 and 4 of the conditions to make them applicable to the Contracting Banks.—T.A.D.

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

Specification of Duties relating thereto, and conditions under which such business must be conducted.

DUTIES OF THE BANK.

1. To keep any account or number of accounts which the Colonial Treasurer for the time being may deem necessary for the proper conduct of public business.
2. To receive and credit, as directed, the daily collections of the Government, whether these be by the Receiver of the Treasury or any Public Officer duly authorised to deposit his collections in the Bank to the credit of the Public Account.
3. To pay all cheques drawn on account of the Public Service, whether these be by the Paymaster of the Treasury or any Public Officer or other person or persons to whose credit funds shall from time to time be placed.
4. To furnish full particulars with respect to the state of the Public Account, the General Loan Account, or the account of any Public Officer, to the Treasury when required.
5. The accounts of Collectors of Public Moneys in Sydney and the interior, to be kept with the Bank conducting the general banking business of the Government, in all places where it has, or may have, branches established during the currency of the Contract.
6. The Bank to pay the interest on all Government Debentures, Funded or Inscribed Stock, which requires to be paid either in Sydney or London, in accordance with statements of particulars to be furnished by the Treasury, and to furnish to the Treasury detailed statements monthly, of all such payments, supported by the paid coupons and such other vouchers as are necessary.
7. The daily cash sheets required by the "Audit Act of 1870," to be furnished to the Treasurer and Auditor General respectively.
8. The Bank must affix duty stamps to receipts for sums placed to the credit of private accounts, in settlement of claims against the Government.

9. The Bank keeping the Public Account must receive the collections of the Receiver of the Treasury and the Collector of Customs, up to the hour of 4 o'clock p.m. daily (if necessary), excepting on Saturdays, when they require to be received up to 1 o'clock p.m. only.

10. For the purpose of ascertaining the interest due to the Government on their Sydney and London Accounts respectively, the several accounts (Departmental accounts excepted) kept in each place shall be taken as a whole, and the interest calculated on the net daily balance of such combined accounts, in each place respectively—such interest to be credited to the Public Account half yearly.

11. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of interest due by the Government on overdrawn accounts, the same method of calculating and charging such interest shall be adopted.

12. The Bank keeping the Public Account will require to perform any other duty which necessarily pertains to the position of Bankers to the Government.

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

1. The Contract to be for a period of five years, from 1st January, 1881; but if at any time during the currency of the contract after 1st January, 1883, it shall be deemed desirable in the interests of the public to terminate the same, such termination may be effected by notice in writing from the Colonial Treasurer for the time being, and at the expiration of a period of six months from the day on which such notice shall be given the contract shall cease to exist; and if the Bank keeping the Public Accounts shall at any time after the said 1st January, 1883, desire to terminate this Agreement, it shall be competent for it to do so, on giving six months notice to the Colonial Treasurer.

2. The Government to have full control over all accounts opened by them, with the Bank keeping the Public Account, whether such accounts be in favour of its own officers, or road trustees, or other parties to whom advances may be made for carrying out services provided for by Parliament or otherwise; and the Government shall have the right to withdraw at any time any such advances or balances thereof which it may be considered desirable so to deal with; but in respect to all such cases the Government will hold the Bank harmless in the event of any action against it consequent upon such withdrawals.

3. When the aggregate balance at the credit of the Government accounts in Sydney shall at any time exceed the sum of £300,000, the Government may for the purpose of making special deposits with other Banks withdraw and dispose of any sum in excess of that amount in such manner as they may consider best for the public interest. If the excess to be thus withdrawn shall at any time exceed £100,000, thirty days' notice in writing shall be given to the Bank keeping the Public Account prior to the withdrawal of such amount.

4. If at any time the credit balance of the "General Banking Account" (which shall be held to include the Public Account, the General Loan Account, the Mint Bullion Account and any other account which it may be found necessary to open during the currency of the Contract, Departmental Accounts excepted) shall become reduced below £300,000, while the Government have at the same time Special Deposits with other Banks, the Government may, subject to the required notice, make such withdrawals from such Special Deposits as would be necessary to restore the said credit balance to the sum of £300,000, but in the event of its not being deemed advisable to carry out this arrangement, the refusal of the Government to do so will not render them liable to the Bank for compensation in any form whatever.

5. In the event of the Government having funds at their credit in London, and requiring payments to be made there, the Bank shall issue orders or credits on their London Office for such payments free of charge, or shall instruct their London Office by cablegram to make such payments free of charge, except the cost of the cablegram, which shall be paid by the Government.

6. The Government may, at any time during the currency of this contract, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, make arrangements with the Bank of England for the negotiation of Loans, the management of the Public Debt, or
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the payment of the interest thereon. Upon such arrangements being completed, any right acquired under the contract by the Bank conducting the Government business, for commission or other charge for services of this nature, shall cease, and other provisions of the contract will then become subject to revision, should the Contracting Bank desire it.

7. In all cases where Duty stamps are required on exchange operations the cost of the same shall be borne by the Government.

TERMS ON WHICH THE GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS WILL BE UNDERTAKEN,
ON THE BASIS OF THE FOREGOING SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS
BY THE _____

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| 1. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account as defined by the 4th clause of the "Conditions of Contract"? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate depending upon contingencies.) | <i>2 per cent. per annum. The amount bearing interest not to exceed £500,000.</i> |
| 2. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account in London, which embraces all the accounts of the Government there? | <i>1 per cent. under Bank of England rate, but not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum.</i> |
| 3. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in Sydney? | <i>The rate allowed to the public on fixed deposits for twelve months, but not less than 5 per cent.</i> |
| 4. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in London? | <i>5 per cent. per annum, or 1 per cent. above Bank of England rate should that rate be at or in excess of 5 per cent.</i> |
| 5. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney without security? | £250,000. |
| 6. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell? | £500,000. |
| 7. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London without security? | £250,000. |
| 8. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as such security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell? | £1,000,000. |

9. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange at sixty days sight purchased in Sydney for remittance to credit of the Government Account in London? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. below current rate.
10. The rate of interest at which the Bank will discount or convert into cash such Bills of Exchange in the event of its being found necessary to do so before date of maturity? *The Banks would under ordinary circumstances discount their paper at current Bank of England rates, but could not pledge themselves to do so under all circumstances.*
11. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange or Drafts on demand on any of the neighbouring Colonies? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
12. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by Collectors of Public Moneys in the interior of the Colony in favour of the Colonial Treasurer or any Public Officer in Sydney to whom remittances require to be made? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
13. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the collection of cheques or drafts, on Banks within the Colony, in favour of the Government? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
14. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on moneys deposited with the Bank for transfer to the credit of persons at any of its Branches in the interior or on Drafts purchased by the Colonial Treasurer, or any duly authorized officer, for remittance to any person or corporate body within the Colony? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
15. The amount which the Bank will take on special deposit for a period of twelve months, and the rate of interest which it will allow on such amount, with the right reserved by the Government of withdrawing the same by instalments not exceeding one-fifth of the original deposit at intervals of not less than thirty days for each instalment, and on condition that the interest shall cease to be allowed on the amount of such instalments from the date on which notice of withdrawal shall be received by the Bank? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate dependent upon contingencies.) £1,000,000.
3 per cent. per annum.
16. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the payments of the half-yearly interest on the Public Debt, in London? $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
17. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Debentures which may be paid off by the Bank during the currency of the contract? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

18. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on all payments in London involving verification of accounts and the transmission to the Colony of vouchers or other documentary evidence of payment. In the event of commission being charged for payments of this nature it must be understood that payments by the Bank not requiring such verification are not chargeable with commission? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.
19. The rate of commission (exclusive of brokerage and other charges actually paid) which the Bank will charge on loans negotiated through its agency? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. up to £1,000,000.
 $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent. for any portion over £1,000,000.
20. The terms and conditions on which the Bank will, when the Government have funds at their credit in London, transfer such funds to Sydney. The maximum of the transfer must be stated, and at what intervals the transfers will be made. In connection with transfers of this nature, it must be distinctly understood that such transfers be made when required, without the Government being called upon to produce evidence, other than that by Cablegram, that the amount to be transferred is at the credit of the Government, on any of their accounts in the Bank in London? *Maximum transfer of £500,000 at intervals of not less than one month.*
Rate— $\frac{3}{8}$ per cent. above the current rate for purchase of sixty days' sight bills on London.

We undertake to conduct the Banking Business of the Government of New South Wales for a period of FIVE years from the 1st January, 1881, on the terms above stated, and subject to the Duties and Conditions herein set forth.

T. A. DIBBS,
Chairman of the Contracting Banks.

Sydney, 15th November, 1880.

No. 6.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to The General Manager, Bank of New South Wales.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 28 December, 1880.

Sir,
I have the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to inform you that he is unable to accept your Tender of the 16th ultimo, for the conduct of the Government Banking Business.

I have, &c.,
G. EAGAR.

No. 7.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to T. A. Dibbs, Esq., as Chairman of the several Banking Institutions mentioned.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 28 December, 1880.

Sir,
I have the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to inform you that he is unable to accept your Tender of the 15th ultimo, for the conduct of the Government Banking Business.

I have, &c.,
G. EAGAR.

AGREEMENT WITH THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
(FOR THE CONDUCT OF THE GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.)

SCHEDULE.

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No. 1.

Treasury Minute for the Executive Council.

The Treasury, New South Wales,

No. 7. Sydney, 8 February, 1881.

THE Colonial Treasurer submits to His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, for approval and confirmation, the enclosed agreement entered into with the Bank of New South Wales for the conduct of the Banking Business of the Government for a period of two years, certain, from the first day of January, 1881, and terminable at any time afterwards by six months' notice from either side.

JAMES WATSON.

Minute of His Excellency the Governor and Executive Council.

THE Executive Council advise that the agreement herewith submitted, for the conduct of the Government Banking Business in Sydney and in London, by the Bank of New South Wales, be approved.

Approved,
A.L.,
8 Feb., 1881.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,
Clerk of the Council.

Minute, 81/6. 8 Feb., 1881.
Confirmed, 16 Feb., 1881.

[Enclosure.]

[*Enclosure.*]

The General Manager of the Bank of New South Wales to The Colonial Treasurer.

Bank of New South Wales,

Sir,

Sydney, 7 February, 1881.

Referring to our recent interviews upon the subject of the renewal of the Bank Agreement, I have now the honor to submit the terms then mutually agreed upon, which I shall feel obliged by your confirming.

I have, &c.,

SHEPHERD SMITH,
General Manager.

[*Sub-Enclosure.*]

SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

Specification of Duties relating thereto, and Conditions under which such business must be conducted.

DUTIES OF THE BANK.

1. To keep any account or number of accounts which the Colonial Treasurer for the time being may deem necessary for the proper conduct of public business.
2. To receive and credit, as directed, the daily collections of the Government, whether these be by the Receiver of the Treasury or any Public Officer duly authorized to deposit his collections in the Bank to the credit of the Public Account.
3. To pay all cheques drawn on account of the Public Service, whether these be by the Paymaster of the Treasury or any Public Officer or other person or persons to whose credit funds shall from time to time be placed.
4. To furnish full particulars with respect to the state of the Public Account, the General Loan Account, or the account of any Public Officer, to the Treasury when required.
5. The accounts of Collectors of Public Moneys in Sydney and the interior to be kept with the Bank conducting the general Banking business of the Government, in all places where it has, or may have, branches established during the currency of the Contract.
6. The Bank to pay the interest on all Government Debentures, Funded or Inscribed Stock, which requires to be paid either in Sydney or London, in accordance with statements of particulars to be furnished by the Treasury, and to furnish to the Treasury detailed statements monthly of all such payments, supported by the paid coupons and such other vouchers as are necessary.
7. The daily cash sheets required by the Audit Act of 1870 to be furnished to the Treasurer and Auditor General respectively.
8. The Bank must affix duty stamps to receipts for sums placed to the credit of private accounts in settlement of claims against the Government.
9. The Bank keeping the Public Account must receive the collections of the Receiver of the Treasury and the Collector of Customs, up to the hour of 4 o'clock p.m. daily (if necessary), excepting on Saturdays, when they require to be received up to 1 o'clock p.m. only.
10. For the purpose of ascertaining the interest due to the Government on their Sydney and London Accounts respectively, the several accounts (Departmental accounts excepted) kept in each place shall be taken as a whole, and the interest calculated on the net daily balance of such combined accounts, in each place respectively—such interest to be credited to the Public Account half-yearly.

11. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of interest due by the Government on overdrawn accounts, the same method of calculating and charging such interest shall be adopted.

12. The Bank keeping the Public Account will require to perform any other duty which necessarily pertains to the position of Bankers to the Government.

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

1. The Contract to be for a period of two years, from 1st January, 1881, certain, and terminable at any time afterwards by six months' notice from either side.

2. The Government to have full control over all accounts opened by them with the Bank keeping the Public Account, whether such accounts be in favour of its own officers, or road trustees, or other parties to whom advances may be made for carrying out services provided for by Parliament or otherwise; and the Government shall have the right to withdraw at any time any such advances or balances thereof which it may be considered desirable so to deal with; but in respect to all such cases the Government will hold the Bank harmless in the event of any action against it consequent upon such withdrawals.

3. When the aggregate balance at the credit of the Government accounts in Sydney shall at any time exceed the sum of £300,000, the Government may, subject to the conditions of clause 15, for the purpose of making special deposits with other Banks, withdraw and dispose of any sum in excess of that amount in such manner as they may consider best for the public interest. If the excess to be thus withdrawn shall at any time exceed £100,000, thirty days' notice in writing shall be given to the Bank keeping the Public Account prior to the withdrawal of such amount.

4. If at any time the credit balance of the "General Banking Account" (which shall be held to include the Public Account, the General Loan Account, the Mint Bullion Account, and any other account which it may be found necessary to open during the currency of the Contract, Departmental Accounts excepted) shall become reduced below £300,000, while the Government have at the same time Special Deposits with other Banks, the Government may, subject to the required notice, make such withdrawals from such Special Deposits as would be necessary to restore the said credit balance to the sum of £300,000, but in the event of its not being deemed advisable to carry out this arrangement, the refusal of the Government to do so will not render them liable to the Bank for compensation in any form whatever.

5. In the event of the Government having funds at their credit in London, and requiring payments to be made there, the Bank shall issue orders or credits on their London Office for such payments free of charge, or shall instruct their London Office by cablegram to make such payments free of charge, except the cost of the cablegram, which shall be paid by the Government.

6. The Government may at any time during the currency of this contract, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, make arrangements with the Bank of England for the negotiation of Loans, the management of the Public Debt, or the payment of the interest thereon. Upon such arrangements being completed, any right acquired under the contract by the Bank conducting the Government business, for commission or other charge for services of this nature, shall cease, and other provisions of the contract will then become subject to revision, should the Contracting Bank desire it.

7. In all cases where Duty Stamps are required on exchange operations the cost of the same shall be borne by the Government.

TERMS

TERMS ON WHICH THE GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS WILL BE UNDERTAKEN,
ON THE BASIS OF THE FOREGOING SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS
BY THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account as defined by the 4th clause of the "Conditions of Contract" ? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate depending upon contingencies.) | <i>The sum of £50,000 to be free of interest—
provided it is at credit of the Government;
above £50,000 and up to £300,000, 3 per cent.</i> |
| 2. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account in London, which embraces all the accounts of the Government there ? | <i>1 per cent. below the Bank of England discount rate.</i> |
| 3. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in Sydney ? | <i>5 per cent. per annum.</i> |
| 4. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in London ? | <i>1 per cent. above the Bank of England rate,
but not less than 5 per cent. per annum.</i> |
| 5. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney without security ? | £250,000. |
| 6. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell ? | £250,000. |
| 7. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London without security ? | £100,000. |
| 8. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as such security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell ? | £750,000. |

9. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange at sixty days sight purchased in Sydney for remittance to credit of the Government Account in London? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. below the market rate.
10. The rate of interest at which the Bank will discount or convert into cash such Bills of Exchange in the event of its being found necessary to do so before date of maturity? 1 per cent. above the Bank of England rate, but not less than 5 per cent.
11. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange or Drafts on demand on any of the neighbouring Colonies? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
12. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by Collectors of Public Moneys in the interior of the Colony in favour of the Colonial Treasurer or any Public Officer in Sydney to whom remittances require to be made? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
13. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the collection of cheques or drafts, on Banks within the Colony, in favour of the Government? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
14. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on moneys deposited with the Bank for transfer to the credit of persons at any of its Branches in the interior or on Drafts purchased by the Colonial Treasurer, or any duly authorized officer, for remittance to any person or corporate body within the Colony? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
15. The amount which the Bank will take on special deposit for a period of twelve months, and the rate of interest which it will allow on such amount, with the right reserved by the Government of withdrawing the same by instalments not exceeding one-fifth of the original deposit at intervals of not less than thirty days for each instalment, and on condition that the interest shall cease to be allowed on the amount of such instalments from the date on which notice of withdrawal shall be received by the Bank? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate dependent upon contingencies.)
The Bank will take £500,000 on fixed deposit at 3 per cent. per annum, provided that up to that amount, the Government shall give to and maintain with this Bank fixed deposits, before depositing or re-depositing elsewhere.
16. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the payments of the half-yearly interest on the Public Debt, in London? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

17. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Debentures which may be paid off by the Bank during the currency of the contract? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
18. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on all payments in London, involving verification of accounts and the transmission to the Colony of vouchers or other documentary evidence of payment. In the event of commission being charged for payments of this nature, it must be understood that payments by the Bank not requiring such verification are not chargeable with commission? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.
19. The rate of commission (exclusive of brokerage and other charges actually paid) which the Bank will charge on loans negotiated through its agency? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent up to £1,000,000, and $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent. on all above £1,000,000, in same negotiation.
20. The terms and conditions on which the Bank will, when the Government have funds at their credit in London, transfer such funds to Sydney. The maximum of the transfer must be stated, and at what intervals the transfers will be made. In connection with transfers of this nature, it must be distinctly understood that such transfers be made when required, without the Government being called upon to produce evidence, other than that by Cablegram, that the amount to be transferred is at the credit of the Government, on any of their accounts in the Bank in London? *The Bank will transfer £350,000 on application, £350,000 thirty days afterwards, and £500,000 every thirty days thereafter, with a premium of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on such transfers, the debit entries to be made in London simultaneously with the credit entries in Sydney.*

We undertake to conduct the Banking Business of the Government of New South Wales for a period of Two years from the 1st January, 1881, certain, and terminable at any time afterwards by six months' notice from either side, on the terms above stated, and subject to the Duties and Conditions herein set forth.

For the Bank of New South Wales—

SHEPHERD SMITH,

General Manager.

Sydney, 7th February, 1881.

No. 2.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to The General Manager, Bank of New South Wales.

The Treasury, New South Wales,

Sydney, 8 February, 1881.

Sir,

I have the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 7th instant, in which you submit for confirmation the terms agreed upon for the conduct of the Banking Business of this Government for a period of two years, certain, from the first day of January, 1881, and terminable at any time afterwards by six months' notice from either side; and I am to convey to you Mr. Watson's concurrence therein, and to state that the needful confirmation of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council will be obtained and notified to you without delay.

I have, &c.,

G. EAGAR.

No. 3.

35

No. 3.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to The General Manager, Bank of New South Wales.

The Treasury, New South Wales,

Sir,

Sydney, 16 February, 1881.

Referring to Treasury communication of the 8th instant, I have now the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to hand you, enclosed, a duly certified copy of the Minute of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, confirming the Agreement with the Bank, and also a duly certified copy of the said Agreement as so approved by His Excellency in Council.

I have, &c.,
G. EAGAR.

[1s. 6d.]

Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1881.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

(AGREEMENT WITH BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 5 April, 1881.

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No. 1.

Treasury Minute for the Executive Council.

The Treasury, New South Wales,

No. 7.

Sydney, 8 February, 1881.

THE Colonial Treasurer submits to His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, for approval and confirmation, the enclosed agreement entered into with the Bank of New South Wales for the conduct of the Banking Business of the Government for a period of two years, certain, from the first day of January, 1881, and terminable at any time afterwards by six months' notice from either side.

JAMES WATSON.

Minute of His Excellency the Governor and Executive Council.

THE Executive Council advise that the agreement herewith submitted, for the conduct of the Government Banking Business in Sydney and in London, by the Bank of New South Wales, be approved.

Approved,

A.L.,

8 Feb., 1881.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,

Clerk of the Council.

Minute, 81/6. 8 Feb., 1881.

Confirmed, 16 Feb., 1881.

[Enclosure.]

[Enclosure.]

The General Manager of the Bank of New South Wales to The Colonial Treasurer.

Bank of New South Wales,
Sydney, 7 February, 1881.

Sir,

Referring to our recent interviews upon the subject of the renewal of the Bank Agreement, I have now the honor to submit the terms then mutually agreed upon, which I shall feel obliged by your confirming.

I have, &c.,
SHEPHERD SMITH,
General Manager.

[Sub-Enclosure.]

SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS.

Specification of Duties relating thereto, and Conditions under which such business must be conducted.

DUTIES OF THE BANK.

1. To keep any account or number of accounts which the Colonial Treasurer for the time being may deem necessary for the proper conduct of public business.
2. To receive and credit, as directed, the daily collections of the Government, whether these be by the Receiver of the Treasury or any Public Officer duly authorized to deposit his collections in the Bank to the credit of the Public Account.
3. To pay all cheques drawn on account of the Public Service, whether these be by the Paymaster of the Treasury or any Public Officer or other person or persons to whose credit funds shall from time to time be placed.
4. To furnish full particulars with respect to the state of the Public Account, the General Loan Account, or the account of any Public Officer, to the Treasury when required.
5. The accounts of Collectors of Public Moneys in Sydney and the interior to be kept with the Bank conducting the general Banking business of the Government, in all places where it has, or may have, branches established during the currency of the Contract.
6. The Bank to pay the interest on all Government Debentures, Funded or Inscribed Stock, which requires to be paid either in Sydney or London, in accordance with statements of particulars to be furnished by the Treasury, and to furnish to the Treasury detailed statements monthly of all such payments, supported by the paid coupons and such other vouchers as are necessary.
7. The daily cash sheets required by the Audit Act of 1870 to be furnished to the Treasurer and Auditor General respectively.
8. The Bank must affix duty stamps to receipts for sums placed to the credit of private accounts in settlement of claims against the Government.
9. The Bank keeping the Public Account must receive the collections of the Receiver of the Treasury and the Collector of Customs, up to the hour of 4 o'clock p.m. daily (if necessary), excepting on Saturdays, when they require to be received up to 1 o'clock p.m. only.
10. For the purpose of ascertaining the interest due to the Government on their Sydney and London Accounts respectively, the several accounts (Departmental accounts excepted) kept in each place shall be taken as a whole, and the interest calculated on the net daily balance of such combined accounts, in each place respectively—such interest to be credited to the Public Account half-yearly.

11. For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of interest due by the Government on overdrawn accounts, the same method of calculating and charging such interest shall be adopted.

12. The Bank keeping the Public Account will require to perform any other duty which necessarily pertains to the position of Bankers to the Government.

CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.

1. The Contract to be for a period of two years, from 1st January, 1881, certain, and terminable at any time afterwards by six months' notice from either side.

2. The Government to have full control over all accounts opened by them with the Bank keeping the Public Account, whether such accounts be in favour of its own officers, or road trustees, or other parties to whom advances may be made for carrying out services provided for by Parliament or otherwise; and the Government shall have the right to withdraw at any time any such advances or balances thereof which it may be considered desirable so to deal with; but in respect to all such cases the Government will hold the Bank harmless in the event of any action against it consequent upon such withdrawals.

3. When the aggregate balance at the credit of the Government accounts in Sydney shall at any time exceed the sum of £300,000, the Government may, subject to the conditions of clause 15, for the purpose of making special deposits with other Banks, withdraw and dispose of any sum in excess of that amount in such manner as they may consider best for the public interest. If the excess to be thus withdrawn shall at any time exceed £100,000, thirty days' notice in writing shall be given to the Bank keeping the Public Account prior to the withdrawal of such amount.

4. If at any time the credit balance of the "General Banking Account" (which shall be held to include the Public Account, the General Loan Account, the Mint Bullion Account, and any other account which it may be found necessary to open during the currency of the Contract, Departmental Accounts excepted) shall become reduced below £300,000, while the Government have at the same time Special Deposits with other Banks, the Government may, subject to the required notice, make such withdrawals from such Special Deposits as would be necessary to restore the said credit balance to the sum of £300,000, but in the event of its not being deemed advisable to carry out this arrangement, the refusal of the Government to do so will not render them liable to the Bank for compensation in any form whatever.

5. In the event of the Government having funds at their credit in London, and requiring payments to be made there, the Bank shall issue orders or credits on their London Office for such payments free of charge, or shall instruct their London Office by cablegram to make such payments free of charge, except the cost of the cablegram, which shall be paid by the Government.

6. The Government may at any time during the currency of this contract, anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, make arrangements with the Bank of England for the negotiation of Loans, the management of the Public Debt, or the payment of the interest thereon. Upon such arrangements being completed, any right acquired under the contract by the Bank conducting the Government business, for commission or other charge for services of this nature, shall cease, and other provisions of the contract will then become subject to revision, should the Contracting Bank desire it.

7. In all cases where Duty Stamps are required on exchange operations the cost of the same shall be borne by the Government.

TERMS

TERMS ON WHICH THE GOVERNMENT BANKING BUSINESS WILL BE UNDERTAKEN,
ON THE BASIS OF THE FOREGOING SPECIFICATION OF DUTIES AND CONDITIONS
BY THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account as defined by the 4th clause of the "Conditions of Contract"? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate depending upon contingencies.) | <i>The sum of £50,000 to be free of interest— provided it is at credit of the Government; above £50,000 and up to £300,000, 3 per cent.</i> |
| 2. The rate of interest which the Bank will allow on the aggregate daily balance at the credit of the General Banking Account in London, which embraces all the accounts of the Government there? | <i>1 per cent. below the Bank of England discount rate.</i> |
| 3. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in Sydney? | <i>5 per cent. per annum.</i> |
| 4. The rate of interest which the Bank will charge on any overdraft which the Government may require in London? | <i>1 per cent. above the Bank of England rate, but not less than 5 per cent. per annum.</i> |
| 5. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney without security? | £250,000. |
| 6. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in Sydney, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell? | £250,000. |
| 7. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London without security? | £100,000. |
| 8. The amount which the Bank will be prepared to advance to the Government in London, over and above the advance referred to in the preceding clause, on the security of Government Debentures, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, which must be accepted at their par value, and held as such security, if necessary, for a period of one year, without power to sell? | £750,000. |

9. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange at sixty days sight purchased in Sydney for remittance to credit of the Government Account in London ? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. below the market rate.
10. The rate of interest at which the Bank will discount or convert into cash such Bills of Exchange in the event of its being found necessary to do so before date of maturity ? 1 per cent. above the Bank of England rate, but not less than 5 per cent.
11. The rate of exchange which the Bank will charge on Bills of Exchange or Drafts on demand on any of the neighbouring Colonies ? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
12. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Drafts purchased by Collectors of Public Moneys in the interior of the Colony in favour of the Colonial Treasurer or any Public Officer in Sydney to whom remittances require to be made ? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
13. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the collection of cheques or drafts, on Banks within the Colony, in favour of the Government ? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
14. The rate of exchange or commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on moneys deposited with the Bank for transfer to the credit of persons at any of its Branches in the interior or on Drafts purchased by the Colonial Treasurer, or any duly authorized officer, for remittance to any person or corporate body within the Colony ? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
15. The amount which the Bank will take on special deposit for a period of twelve months, and the rate of interest which it will allow on such amount, with the right reserved by the Government of withdrawing the same by instalments not exceeding one-fifth of the original deposit at intervals of not less than thirty days for each instalment, and on condition that the interest shall cease to be allowed on the amount of such instalments from the date on which notice of withdrawal shall be received by the Bank ? (The rate must be a fixed rate for the term, and not a fluctuating rate dependent upon contingencies.) *The Bank will take £500,000 on fixed deposit at 3 per cent. per annum, provided that up to that amount, the Government shall give to and maintain with this Bank fixed deposits, before depositing or re-depositing elsewhere.*
16. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on the payments of the half-yearly interest on the Public Debt, in London ? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

17. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on Debentures which may be paid off by the Bank during the currency of the contract? $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent.
18. The rate of commission (if any) which the Bank will charge on all payments in London, involving verification of accounts and the transmission to the Colony of vouchers or other documentary evidence of payment. In the event of commission being charged for payments of this nature, it must be understood that payments by the Bank not requiring such verification are not chargeable with commission? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.
19. The rate of commission (exclusive of brokerage and other charges actually paid) which the Bank will charge on loans negotiated through its agency? $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent up to £1,000,000, and $\frac{1}{8}$ per cent. on all above £1,000,000, in same negotiation.
20. The terms and conditions on which the Bank will, when the Government have funds at their credit in London, transfer such funds to Sydney. The maximum of the transfer must be stated, and at what intervals the transfers will be made. In connection with transfers of this nature, it must be distinctly understood that such transfers be made when required, without the Government being called upon to produce evidence, other than that by Cablegram, that the amount to be transferred is at the credit of the Government, on any of their accounts in the Bank in London? *The Bank will transfer £350,000 on application, £350,000 thirty days afterwards, and £500,000 every thirty days thereafter, with a premium of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on such transfers, the debit entries to be made in London simultaneously with the credit entries in Sydney.*

We undertake to conduct the Banking Business of the Government of New South Wales for a period of Two years from the 1st January, 1881, certain, and terminable at any time afterwards by six months' notice from either side, on the terms above stated, and subject to the Duties and Conditions herein set forth.

For the Bank of New South Wales—

SHEPHERD SMITH,

General Manager.

Sydney, 7th February, 1881.

No. 2.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to The General Manager, Bank of New South Wales.

The Treasury, New South Wales,

Sir,

Sydney, 8 February, 1881.

I have the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 7th instant, in which you submit for confirmation the terms agreed upon for the conduct of the Banking Business of this Government for a period of two years, certain, from the first day of January, 1881, and terminable at any time afterwards by six months' notice from either side; and I am to convey to you Mr. Watson's concurrence therein, and to state that the needful confirmation of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council will be obtained and notified to you without delay.

I have, &c.,

G. EAGAR.

No. 3.

No. 3.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to The General Manager, Bank of New South Wales.

The Treasury, New South Wales,

Sir,

Sydney, 16 February, 1881.

Referring to Treasury communication of the 8th instant, I have now the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to hand you, enclosed, a duly certified copy of the Minute of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, confirming the Agreement with the Bank, and also a duly certified copy of the said Agreement as so approved by His Excellency in Council.

I have, &c.,
G. EAGAR.

1880-81.

—
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

—
TREASURY BALANCES.
 (APPLICATION OF, FROM ONE HEAD OF SERVICE TO ANOTHER.)

—
Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 16th December, 1880.
 —

The Auditor General to The Speaker, Legislative Assembly.

Sir, Department of Audit, New South Wales, 14th December, 1880.
 I have the honor to submit to you, for presentation to the Legislative Assembly, under the directions contained in the 18th section of the Audit Act of 1870, copy of a Minute of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, authorizing the transfer of a sum from one head of Service to another.

I have, &c.,
C. ROLLESTON,
 Auditor General.

Minute Paper for the Executive Council.—Authority under the 18th section of the Audit Act.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 1st October, 1880.
 I RECOMMEND that authority be given under the 18th section of the "Audit Act of 1870" for the application of the sum of £10 out of the Vote for "Incidental Expenses of the Hospital for the Insane at Parramatta," to the payment of expenses of fixing seats, &c., in the small seclusion yards of the Hospital for the Insane at Gladesville.

HENRY PARKES.

—
 The Executive Council advise that authority be granted as provided by the 18th section of the "Audit Act of 1870" for the transfer of the sum of £10 from the vote to the service specified.—ALEX. C. BUDGE, Clerk of the Council. Min. 80/47, 7/10/80. Approved, 19/10/80. Approved.—A.L., 19/10/80.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

TREASURY BALANCES.

(APPLICATION OF, FROM ONE HEAD OF SERVICE TO ANOTHER.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 11 January, 1881.

The Auditor General to The Speaker, Legislative Assembly.

Sir,

Department of Audit, New South Wales, 11 January, 1881.

Under the directions contained in the 18th section of the "Audit Act of 1870," I do myself the honor to submit to you, for presentation to the Legislative Assembly, copy of a minute of His Excellency the Governor and Executive Council, authorizing the application of an amount from one Head of Service to supplement a vote for another service.

I have, &c.,

C. ROLLESTON,
Auditor General.

Minute Paper for the Executive Council.—Authority under Section 18 of the Audit Act.

Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 23 December, 1880.

I RECOMMEND that authority be given under the 18th section of the "Audit Act of 1870" for the application of the necessary amount out of the vote for "Contingencies" of the Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute to meeting the expenditure of the Erysipelas Hospital to the end of the current year.

HENRY PARKES.

The Executive Council advise that authority be granted, in terms of the 18th section of the Audit Act, for the transfer in the manner herein proposed of the amount referred to from the vote to the vote specified.—ALEX. C. BUDGE, Clerk of the Council. Min. 81/61, 29/12/80. Confirmed.—4/1/81. Approved.—A.L., 29/12/80.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS' BANK.

(STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1880.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 15 March, 1881.

ACCOUNT of all Deposits received and paid from 1st January to 31 December, 1880, together with a statement of the total amount due to all Depositors at the close of 1880.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Balance brought forward from 1879	511,357	2	11	By amount of Repayments during 1880	401,730	13	10
To Cash received from Depositors during 1880	457,778	13	11	Balance as per Savings' Bank			
Interest added to Depositors' Accounts for 1880.....	19,091	0	0	Ledger	584,665	13	4
				Unpaid Warrants.....	1,830	9	8
					586,496	3	0
£	988,226	16	10	£	988,226	16	10

LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To Balance due to all Depositors at close of 1880.....	586,496	3	0	By amount of Securities in the Treasury Chest, being investments made on behalf of the Government Savings' Bank, viz. :—			
				New South Wales "Four per Cents"	296,466	13	11
				Debentures.....	89,200	0	0
				Cash in hands of Controller.....	7,593	2	
				Ditto in Treasury not invested.....	198,322	7	
				Interest due on balance remaining uninvested to 31st December, 1880, computed at 4%	5,629	2	
Balance (Excess of Assets)	12,499	3	1	Interest due on investments to 31st December, 1880.....	1,784	0	0
£	598,995	6	1	£	598,995	6	1

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To Departmental Expenses for 1880	2,500	0	0	Balance from preceding Account	1,464	7	4
Interest added to Depositors' Accounts for 1880.....	19,091	0	0	By amount of Interest on investments in "Four per Cents"	15,426	13	4
				Interest due on balance in the Treasury, not invested on 31st December, 1880, at 4%	5,629	2	5
Balance	12,499	3	1	Amount, being the increase in the value of Securities	11,570	0	0
£	34,090	3	1	£	34,090	3	1

F. W. HILL, Controller.

Money Order and Savings' Bank Department,
Sydney, 10 February, 1881.F. B. SUTTON,
Postmaster General.

I certify that the foregoing Statement of all Deposits received and paid from 1st January to 31st December, 1880, has been examined and found to correspond with the Books and Accounts of the Government Savings' Bank,
10 March, 1881.

C. ROLLESTON,
Auditor General.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

SAVINGS BANKS.
(PARTICULARS RESPECTING.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 9 February, 1881.

[Laid upon the Table in accordance with promise made in answer to Question 3, Votes No. 13, Thursday, 27 January, 1881.]

RETURN showing—(1.) The number of depositors in the Barrack-street Office of the Savings Bank of New South Wales.

(2.) The amount of money at their credit.

(3.) The amount of money deposited during the year 1880.

(4.) The rate of interest allowed to depositors.

(5.) The number of deposits made during the year 1880.

(6.) The highest sum of money which can be received from each depositor.

(7.) The notice required by the Trustees for the repayment of money.

(8.) Whether such notice is ever demanded.

(9.) The like information respecting the Head Office of the Post Office Savings Bank.

Being in answer to the Question put by William Clarke, Esquire, M.P., in the Legislative Assembly, on the 27th January, 1881.

(1.) Savings Bank of New South Wales.	(2.) Amount of money at their credit.	(3.) Amount of money deposited during the year 1880.	(4.) Rate of interest allowed to Depositors.	(5.) Number of Deposits made during the year 1880.	(6.) The highest sum of money which can be received from each Depositor.	(7.) Notice required for the repayment of money.	(8.) Whether such notice is ever demanded.
Government Post Office Savings Bank.	£ s. d. 997,321 4 8	£ s. d. 582,050 1 9	5%	52,303	Government Post Office Savings Bank of New South Wales.	Government Post Office Savings Bank.	Government Post Office Savings Bank.
Government Post Office Savings Bank.	£ s. d. 586,496 3 0	£ s. d. 457,778 13 11	4%	76,402	Savings Bank of New South Wales.	Government Post Office Savings Bank.	Government Post Office Savings Bank.
23,731					£500—Amount upon which interest is allowed.	July 12, requiring notice of withdrawal, is not put in force.	No.
					£500 is the maximum amount upon which interest is allowed, but some few cases exist where accounts have in former years been allowed to exceed this maximum.	One day at the Chief Office and the Suburban Office, and in the case of Country Offices, the Postmaster to present a warrant from the Head Office.	Yes, in all but urgent cases.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
9 February, 1881.

1880-SL.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

BANK LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.
(QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1880.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 17 December, 1880.

GENERAL ABSTRACT of the Sworn Returns, rendered pursuant to the Act of Council 4th Victoria No. 13, of the Average ASSETS and LIABILITIES, and of the CAPITAL and PROFITS, of the undermentioned BANKS of the Colony of New South Wales, for the Quarter ended 30th June, 1880.

BANKS.	LIABILITIES.										ASSETS.						CAPITAL AND PROFITS.				
	Notes in Circulation.	Bills in Circulation.	Balances due to other Banks.	Deposits not bearing interest.	Deposits bearing interest.	Total Liabilities.	Coin.	Bullion.	Landed Property.	Notes & Bills of other Banks.	Balances due from other Banks.	Notes and Bills discounted, and all other Debts due to the Banks.	Total Assets.	Capital paid up.	Rate per Annum of last Dividend.	Amount of Dividend.	Amount of Reserved Profits at the time of declaring such Dividend.				
New South Wales.....	£ s. d. 379,866 15 5	£ s. d. 6,514 9 1	£ s. d. 27,619 4 11	£ s. d. 2,094,860 1 6	£ s. d. 3,069,106 0 11	£ s. d. 5,577,966 11 10	£ s. d. 937,152 17 0	£ s. d. 44,164 16 9	£ s. d. 142,214 16 0	£ s. d. 593 9 3	£ s. d. 12,470,279 11 5	£ s. d. 3,524,078 10 8	£ s. d. 7,118,394 1 11	£ s. d. 11,000,000 0 0	0 17 1/2 cent.	£ s. d. 487,500 0 0	£ s. d. 480,000 0 0				
Commercial	£ s. d. 307,739 9 2	£ s. d. 3,010 14 0	£ s. d. 58,332 16 11	£ s. d. 1,448,056 2 7	£ s. d. 3,340,782 1 3	£ s. d. 5,157,912 3 11	£ s. d. 901,691 15 4	£ s. d. 6,572 13 3	£ s. d. 108,660 19 8	£ s. d. 19,609 3 4	£ s. d. 17,312 19 2	£ s. d. 4,531,442 8 11	£ s. d. 6,299,496 3 9	£ s. d. 550,000 0 0	25 cent.	£ s. d. 62,500 0 0	£ s. d. 560,439 0 10				
Australasia.....	£ s. d. 61,419 16 11	£ s. d. 5,887 3 5	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	£ s. d. 394,023 18 7	£ s. d. 710,745 1 0	£ s. d. 1,100,676 19 11	£ s. d. 190,247 18 3	£ s. d. 209 10 8	£ s. d. 34,850 0 1	£ s. d. 2,943 16 11	£ s. d. 887,886 16 0	£ s. d. 1,115,838 1 9	£ s. d. 1,200,000 0 0	0 12 1/2 cent.	£ s. d. 75,000 0 0	£ s. d. 441,134 0 0					
Union of Australia (limited), Australian Joint Stock.	£ s. d. 26,112 10 9	£ s. d. 9,595 15 6	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	£ s. d. 213,813 3 11	£ s. d. 765,201 2 9	£ s. d. 1,044,712 11 11	£ s. d. 173,769 3 0	£ s. d. 151 6 5	£ s. d. 25,100 0 0	£ s. d. 6,791 11 2	£ s. d. 952,138 15 6	£ s. d. 1,157,972 16 4	£ s. d. 1,500,000 0 0	0 16 cent.	£ s. d. 120,000 0 0	£ s. d. 930,539 10 9					
London Chartered of Australia.	£ s. d. 188,729 5 5	£ s. d. 8,368 18 0	£ s. d. 20,376 4 1	£ s. d. 689,881 1 7	£ s. d. 1,323,466 16 5	£ s. d. 2,230,852 5 6	£ s. d. 504,815 3 4	£ s. d. 10,167 5 9	£ s. d. 75,656 9 1	£ s. d. 14,595 18 4	£ s. d. 1,071,768 3 9	£ s. d. 2,071,747 11 0	£ s. d. 500,000 0 0	0 12 1/2 cent.	£ s. d. 131,250 0 0	£ s. d. 173,828 5 10					
English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered.	£ s. d. 26,670 18 2	£ s. d. 1,292 11 0	£ s. d. 87 15 2	£ s. d. 82,390 19 2	£ s. d. 300,744 6 8	£ s. d. 411,206 10 2	£ s. d. 76,982 10 10	£ s. d. 27,220 1 7	£ s. d. 23,577 15 10	£ s. d. 2,400 1 5	£ s. d. 2,485 15 4	£ s. d. 491,207 7 11	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	0 7 cent.	£ s. d. 35,000 0 0	£ s. d. 162,078 15 1					
Oriental Bank Corporation.	£ s. d. 38,362 0 0	£ s. d. 3,033 12 2	£ s. d. 52,359 0 4	£ s. d. 201,730 14 11	£ s. d. 615,604 6 11	£ s. d. 911,089 14 4	£ s. d. 169,357 3 5	£ s. d. 5,938 8 3	£ s. d. 21,506 8 3	£ s. d. 3,220 0 0	£ s. d. 830,364 17 10	£ s. d. 1,108,287 10 9	£ s. d. 1,500,000 0 0	0 4 cent.	£ s. d. 30,000 0 0	£ s. d. 19,860 2 8					
City	£ s. d. 33,426 0 9	£ s. d. 113 12 10	£ s. d. 39,666 13 6	£ s. d. 255,524 19 7	£ s. d. 744,629 6 6	£ s. d. 1,073,370 13 2	£ s. d. 143,151 9 3	£ s. d. 6,884 9 6	£ s. d. 20,000 0 0	£ s. d. 926 7 8	£ s. d. 143,019 7 4	£ s. d. 1,070,945 19 6	£ s. d. 1,390,927 13 3	£ s. d. 240,000 0 0	0 10 cent.	£ s. d. 12,000 0 0	£ s. d. 172,893 19 3				
Mercantile Bank of Sydney.	£ s. d. 8,747 12 10	£ s. d. 1,854 0 10	£ s. d. 10,507 16 10	£ s. d. 133,143 2 8	£ s. d. 524,991 18 7	£ s. d. 668,736 14 11	£ s. d. 92,648 9 7	£ s. d. 44 4 5	£ s. d. 26,728 10 0	£ s. d. 673 17 6	£ s. d. 84,159 16 9	£ s. d. 188,046 6 0	£ s. d. 1,087,256 19 10	£ s. d. 266,212 0 0	0 9 cent.	£ s. d. 13,359 10 9	£ s. d. 111,705 0 0				
Bank of New Zealand	£ s. d. 1,258 17 4	£ s. d. 42,736 0 0	£ s. d. 210,823 14 11	£ s. d. 67,374 12 6	£ s. d. 278,739 3 3	£ s. d. 357,020 9 11	£ s. d. 33,242 19 10	£ s. d. 74,152 14 10	£ s. d. 8,900 0 6	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	£ s. d. 347,991 10 10	£ s. d. 390,178 15 11	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	0 15 cent.	£ s. d. 75,000 0 0	£ s. d. 65,185 3 9					
TOTALS	£ s. d. 1,117,124 17 10	£ s. d. 42,736 0 0	£ s. d. 210,823 14 11	£ s. d. 5,607,799 2 3	£ s. d. 12,230,965 3 9	£ s. d. 19,077,848 18 9	£ s. d. 3,388,795 19 1	£ s. d. 74,152 14 10	£ s. d. 514,645 0 6	£ s. d. 53,224 4 13	£ s. d. 13,066,311 3 10	£ s. d. 16,373,771 11 3	£ s. d. 24,310,900 13 7	£ s. d. 9,505,212 0 0	.....	£ s. d. 570,379 10 9	£ s. d. 3,723,863 18 2			

* And from the branches of this Bank. † Dividend 15 per cent. and bonus 2 1/2 per cent.
 ‡ Including Government securities, £180,000. ‡ Dividend £25,000, bonus £12,500. ‡ Including £287,219 8s. 5d. average amount of Government securities held.
 § Amount of reserved liability of Shareholders, £300,000. § And Bonus. § At date of last address from London.
 ¶ Including average amount of New South Wales Government Debentures, £54,125 5s. ¶ 10 per cent. dividend and 5 per cent. bonus.
 † Including average amount of Government securities held.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 4th August, 1880.

JAMES PEARSON,
Accountant.

JAMES WATSON,
Treasurer.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

BANK LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.
(QUARTER ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER, 1880.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 17 December, 1880.

GENERAL ABSTRACT of the Sworn Returns, rendered pursuant to the Act of Council 4th Victoria No. 13, of the Average ASSETS and LIABILITIES, and of the CAPITAL and PROFITS of the undermentioned BANKS of the Colony of New South Wales, for the Quarter ended 30th September, 1880.

BANKS.	LIABILITIES.										ASSETS.							CAPITAL AND PROFITS.				
	Notes in Circulation.	Bills in Circulation.	Balances due to other Banks.	Deposits not bearing interest.	Deposits bearing interest.	Total Liabilities.	Coin.	Bullion.	Landed Property.	Notes & Bills of other Banks.	Balances due from other Banks.	Notes and Bills discounted, and all other Debts due to the Banks.	Total Assets.	Capital paid up.	Rate per Annum of last Dividend.	Amount of Dividend.	Amount of Reserved Profits at the time of declaring such Dividend.					
New South Wales	£ s. d. 390,054 11 6	£ s. d. 5,334 19 4	£ s. d. 34,399 18 1	£ s. d. 1,914,731 3 0	£ s. d. 2,024,485 15 8	£ s. d. 8,526,006 7 7	£ s. d. 1,010,518 0 10	£ s. d. 43,992 9 6	£ s. d. 144,161 11 11	£ s. d. 1,342 15 5	£ s. d. 82,959,578 13 4	£ s. d. 3,489,609 0 10	£ s. d. 10,675,820 11 10	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	17 1/2 cent.	£ s. d. 87,500 0 0	£ s. d. 480,000 0 0					
Commercial	£ s. d. 322,317 4 7	£ s. d. 2,401 1 7	£ s. d. 35,786 1 9	£ s. d. 1,488,194 13 0	£ s. d. 3,356,922 6 5	£ s. d. 6,520,621 9 5	£ s. d. 942,964 6 6	£ s. d. 5,853 3 10	£ s. d. 117,903 0 7	£ s. d. 17,826 9 7	£ s. d. 662,094 1 6	£ s. d. 2,472,328 11 9	£ s. d. 6,428,415 18 5	£ s. d. 550,000 0 0	25 cent.	£ s. d. 65,625 0 0	£ s. d. 580,555 0 7					
Australasia	£ s. d. 63,221 13 10	£ s. d. 9,088 3 7	£ s. d. 28,650 6 10	£ s. d. 332,878 18 11	£ s. d. 669,447 4 3	£ s. d. 1,075,656 0 7	£ s. d. 201,577 3 1	£ s. d. 60 0 3	£ s. d. 35,781 19 5	£ s. d. 3,953 5 4	£ s. d. 926,716 14 7	£ s. d. 1,167,389 2 8	£ s. d. 1,200,000 0 0	£ s. d. 1,200,000 0 0	12 1/2 cent.	£ s. d. 75,000 0 0	£ s. d. 441,334 0 0					
Union of Australia	£ s. d. 28,650 6 10	£ s. d. 7,205 0 5	£ s. d. 26,314 19 7	£ s. d. 334,561 18 5	£ s. d. 766,617 14 8	£ s. d. 1,032,835 0 4	£ s. d. 241,028 3 5	£ s. d. 776 2 10	£ s. d. 25,100 0 0	£ s. d. 7,430 13 11	£ s. d. 31 19 0	£ s. d. 886,476 5 2	£ s. d. 1,160,843 9 4	£ s. d. 1,500,000 0 0	16 cent.	£ s. d. 120,000 0 0	£ s. d. 941,691 7 4					
Australian Joint Stock	£ s. d. 193,123 19 3	£ s. d. 7,314 6 11	£ s. d. 26,314 19 7	£ s. d. 693,542 4 2	£ s. d. 1,290,395 7 7	£ s. d. 2,212,490 17 6	£ s. d. 439,002 6 8	£ s. d. 10,732 6 3	£ s. d. 78,337 18 8	£ s. d. 13,001 18 6	£ s. d. 636,999 14 0	£ s. d. 2,062,039 14 0	£ s. d. 2,970,233 18 1	£ s. d. 500,000 0 0	12 1/2 cent.	£ s. d. 31,250 0 0	£ s. d. 177,443 17 3					
London Chartered of Australia	£ s. d. 22,031 10 10	£ s. d. 228 19 3	£ s. d. 57 14 3	£ s. d. 76,893 1 4	£ s. d. 297,314 8 3	£ s. d. 396,525 13 11	£ s. d. 101,428 11 11	£ s. d. 23,557 15 10	£ s. d. 1,788 14 9	£ s. d. 2,832 0 11	£ s. d. 478,196 5 7	£ s. d. 607,773 9 0	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	7 cent.	£ s. d. 35,000 0 0	£ s. d. 162,078 15 1					
English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered.	£ s. d. 46,253 3 10	£ s. d. 4,122 11 11	£ s. d. 223 11 3	£ s. d. 194,187 3 6	£ s. d. 530,484 10 7	£ s. d. 775,271 1 1	£ s. d. 146,808 17 5	£ s. d. 27,998 4 11	£ s. d. 2,497 19 3	£ s. d. 1,447 14 10	£ s. d. 930,106 13 4	£ s. d. 1,086,959 9 9	£ s. d. 1,720,000 0 0	£ s. d. 1,720,000 0 0	8 cent.	£ s. d. 28,800 0 0	£ s. d. 110,000 0 0					
Oriental Bank Corporation.	£ s. d. 38,335 0 0	£ s. d. 5,722 10 9	£ s. d. 61,674 16 2	£ s. d. 154,416 14 5	£ s. d. 620,523 0 10	£ s. d. 878,672 2 2	£ s. d. 152,146 11 1	£ s. d. 6,264 4 6	£ s. d. 21,596 8 3	£ s. d. 2,062 0 0	£ s. d. 829,380 19 10	£ s. d. 1,073,591 10 6	£ s. d. 1,500,000 0 0	£ s. d. 1,500,000 0 0	4 cent.	£ s. d. 30,000 0 0	£ s. d. 19,860 2 8					
City	£ s. d. 35,024 16 2	£ s. d. 124 15 9	£ s. d. 39,225 2 0	£ s. d. 292,478 14 6	£ s. d. 706,621 16 6	£ s. d. 1,073,535 4 9	£ s. d. 153,717 7 1	£ s. d. 12,727 13 6	£ s. d. 20,000 0 0	£ s. d. 926 10 9	£ s. d. 108,794 13 5	£ s. d. 1,102,834 13 5	£ s. d. 1,399,000 18 3	£ s. d. 240,000 0 0	10 cent.	£ s. d. 12,000 0 0	£ s. d. 178,465 3 0					
Mercantile Bank of Sydney.	£ s. d. 9,753 13 10	£ s. d. 11,938 13 10	£ s. d. 11,938 13 10	£ s. d. 448,778 13 10	£ s. d. 514,037 13 11	£ s. d. 634,528 15 5	£ s. d. 74,185 0 9	£ s. d. 26,728 10 0	£ s. d. 925 18 3	£ s. d. 68,049 1 6	£ s. d. 693,547 7 9	£ s. d. 1,105,395 18 3	£ s. d. 296,212 0 0	£ s. d. 296,212 0 0	9 cent.	£ s. d. 13,329 10 9	£ s. d. 113,472 6 0					
Bank of New Zealand.	£ s. d. 2,198 17 10	£ s. d. 29,675 5 1	£ s. d. 67,993 19 5	£ s. d. 298,345 11 9	£ s. d. 398,345 11 9	£ s. d. 398,345 11 9	£ s. d. 43,366 2 4	£ s. d. 8,900 0 0	£ s. d. 399,738 11 3	£ s. d. 449,933 8 9	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	£ s. d. 1,000,000 0 0	15 cent.	£ s. d. 75,000 0 0	£ s. d. 653,337 3 9					
TOTALS	£ s. d. 1,148,766 0 8	£ s. d. 43,741 7 4	£ s. d. 230,356 2 0	£ s. d. 5,596,167 4 6	£ s. d. 11,971,215 12 4	£ s. d. 18,999,246 6 10	£ s. d. 3,515,742 11 1	£ s. d. 180,433 15 10	£ s. d. 598,145 9 7	£ s. d. 53,656 10 9	£ s. d. 3,520,156 3 1	£ s. d. 16,593,125 4 6	£ s. d. 24,200,659 14 10	£ s. d. 9,506,212 0 0	.....	£ s. d. 573,594 10 9	£ s. d. 3,758,207 15 8				

^a Including Government securities, £32,076 18s. 6d.
^b 15 cent. dividend and 2 1/2 cent. bonus.
^c Amount of reserved liability of shareholders, £3,070,000.
^d At date of last dividend from London.
^e And Branches.
^f Including average amount of New South Wales Government Debentures, £54,079 10s.
^g 10 cent. dividend and 5 cent. bonus.
^h Dividend, £75,000 and bonus, £12,500.
ⁱ At date of last dividend from London.
^j Not including amount of dividend.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
Sydney, 16th November, 1880

JAMES PEARSON, Accountant.

JAMES WATSON, Treasurer.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.
NEW SOUTH WALES.

VOTE OF CREDIT.
(MESSAGE No. 6.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 19 January, 1881.

AUGUSTUS LOFTUS,
Governor.

Message No. 6.

In accordance with the provisions contained in the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends to the Legislative Assembly that provision be made for defraying the expenses of the various Departments and Services of the Colony, for the month of January, 1881, together with provision for other Services of an urgent nature.

1880-81.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

VOTE OF CREDIT.

(MESSAGE No. 10.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 16 February, 1881.

AUGUSTUS LOFTUS,
Governor.

Message No. 10.

In accordance with the provisions contained in the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends to the Legislative Assembly that provision be made for defraying the expenses of the various Departments and Services of the Colony, for the month of February, 1881, together with provision for other Services of an urgent nature.

*Government House,
Sydney, 15 February, 1881.*

NEW SOUTH WALES.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

SESSION 1880-81.

EXPLANATORY ABSTRACTS

Nos. I, II, and III,

OF THE

AMOUNTS RESPECTIVELY ESTIMATED, VOTED,

AND

EMBODIED IN THE APPROPRIATION ACT

(44° VICTORIÆ, No. XXVII),

AND THE

PUBLIC WORKS LOAN ACT

(44° VICTORIÆ, No. XXVIII),

FOR THE SERVICE OF THE YEAR 1881, AND FOR THE YEAR 1880 AND
PREVIOUS YEARS,

WITH

NOTES EXPLANATORY.

SYDNEY : THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1881.

NEW SOUTH WALES.
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

No. I.

(SERVICES OF 1881.)

EXPLANATORY ABSTRACT of the Expenditure of the Colonial Government, for the year 1881, as respectively Estimated, Voted, and Embodied in the Appropriation Act, 44 Victoria, No. XXVII.

Page.	No. of Head.	Head of Service.	Amounts Estimated.						Amounts Voted.						Notes of Alterations.	Page.		
			Salaries.		Establishments.		Other Services.	Total.	Salaries.		Establishments.		Other Services.	Total.				
			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.			£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.						
7	I.	Supplement to Schedule G																
10	II.	Executive and Legislative:—																
10		His Excellency the Governor..	1,511	0	0	540	0	0	2,060	0	0	1,511	0	0	540	0	0	2,060
10		Executive Council	928	0	0	10	0	0	928	0	0	928	0	0	10	0	0	928
10		Legislative Council	6,375	0	0	310	0	0	6,685	0	0	6,375	0	0	310	0	0	6,685
11		Legislative Assembly	7,167	0	0	1,870	0	0	9,037	0	0	7,167	0	0	1,870	0	0	9,037
11		Legislative Council and Assembly	1,400	0	0	650	0	0	2,050	0	0	1,400	0	0	650	0	0	2,050
11		Parliamentary Library..	800	0	0	720	0	0	1,520	0	0	800	0	0	720	0	0	1,520
		Totals..	18,061	0	0	4,109	0	0	22,170	0	0	18,061	0	0	4,109	0	0	22,170
14	III.	Colonial Secretary:—																
14		Colonial Secretary	4,821	0	0	650	0	0	5,471	0	0	4,821	0	0	650	0	0	5,471
14		Parliamentary Reporting Staff	3,050	0	0				3,050	0	0	3,050	0	0				3,050
15		Permanent and Volunteer Military Forces:—																
15		The General Staff	2,445	0	0	550	0	0	2,995	0	0	2,445	0	0	550	0	0	2,995
15		Artillery Force	18,967	0	0	12,219	0	0	31,186	0	0	18,967	0	0	12,219	0	0	31,186
16		Works of Defence	28,395	0	0	9,120	0	0	37,515	0	0	28,395	0	0	9,120	0	0	37,515
17		Volunteer Force	5,215	0	0	600	0	0	5,815	0	0	5,215	0	0	600	0	0	5,815
17		Naval Brigade	163,480	0	0	56,250	0	0	219,730	0	0	163,480	0	0	56,250	0	0	219,730
20-21		Police	22,773	0	0	46,221	0	0	68,994	0	0	22,773	0	0	46,221	0	0	68,994
22-25		Lunacy	1,050	0	0	100	0	0	1,150	0	0	1,050	0	0	100	0	0	1,150
25		Master in Lunacy	100	0	0				100	0	0	100	0	0				100
25		Medical Board	2,905	0	0	5,265	0	0	8,170	0	0	2,905	0	0	5,265	0	0	8,170
26		Medical Adviser, Vaccination, Medical Officers, &c.	3,100	0	0	1,245	0	0	4,345	0	0	3,100	0	0	1,245	0	0	4,345
27		Department of Audit	10,495	0	0	7,600	0	0	18,095	0	0	10,495	0	0	7,600	0	0	18,095
28		Registrar General	3,250	0	0	560	0	0	3,810	0	0	3,250	0	0	560	0	0	3,810
29		Agent General for the Colony	1,085	0	0				1,085	0	0	1,085	0	0				1,085
29		Immigration	200	0	0	180	0	0	380	0	0	200	0	0	180	0	0	380
29		Charitable Institutions	500	0	0	100	0	0	600	0	0	500	0	0	100	0	0	600
29		Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute	1,850	0	0	17,900	0	0	19,750	0	0	1,850	0	0	17,900	0	0	19,750
30		Erysipelas Hospital and Branch Asylum for Infirm and Destitute	412	0	0	3,200	0	0	3,612	0	0	412	0	0	3,200	0	0	3,612
31		Botanic Gardens	540	0	0	3,965	0	0	4,505	0	0	540	0	0	3,965	0	0	4,505
31		Government Domains	270	0	0	3,200	0	0	3,470	0	0	270	0	0	3,200	0	0	3,470
31		Garden Police Grounds				1,147	0	0	1,147	0	0				1,147	0	0	1,147
31		Charitable Allowances	600	0	0				600	0	0	600	0	0				600
31		Miscellaneous Services..	277,609	0	0	170,252	0	0	447,861	0	0	277,609	0	0	170,252	0	0	447,861
32-33		Totals..	811,266	0	0	447,861	0	0	1,259,127	0	0	811,266	0	0	447,861	0	0	1,259,127
34			4,971	0	0	650	0	0	5,621	0	0	4,971	0	0	650	0	0	5,621
			3,050	0	0				3,050	0	0	3,050	0	0				3,050
			2,995	0	0	550	0	0	3,545	0	0	2,995	0	0	550	0	0	3,545
			18,967	0	0	12,219	0	0	31,186	0	0	18,967	0	0	12,219	0	0	31,186
			28,395	0	0	9,120	0	0	37,515	0	0	28,395	0	0	9,120	0	0	37,515
			5,215	0	0	600	0	0	5,815	0	0	5,215	0	0	600	0	0	5,815
			163,480	0	0	56,250	0	0	219,730	0	0	163,480	0	0	56,250	0	0	219,730
			22,773	0	0	46,221	0	0	68,994	0	0	22,773	0	0	46,221	0	0	68,994
			1,050	0	0	100	0	0	1,150	0	0	1,050	0	0	100	0	0	1,150
			100	0	0				100	0	0	100	0	0				100
			2,905	0	0	5,265	0	0	8,170	0	0	2,905	0	0	5,265	0	0	8,170
			3,100	0	0	1,245	0	0	4,345	0	0	3,100	0	0	1,245	0	0	4,345
			10,495	0	0	7,600	0	0	18,095	0	0	10,495	0	0	7,600	0	0	18,095
			3,250	0	0	560	0	0	3,810	0	0	3,250	0	0	560	0	0	3,810
			1,085	0	0				1,085	0	0	1,085	0	0				1,085
			200	0	0	180	0	0	380	0	0	200	0	0	180	0	0	380
			500	0	0	100	0	0	600	0	0	500	0	0	100	0	0	600
			1,850	0	0	17,900	0	0	19,750	0	0	1,850	0	0	17,900	0	0	19,750
			412	0	0	3,200	0	0	3,612	0	0	412	0	0	3,200	0	0	3,612
			540	0	0	3,965	0	0	4,505	0	0	540	0	0	3,965	0	0	4,505
			270	0	0	3,200	0	0	3,470	0	0	270	0	0	3,200	0	0	3,470
						1,147	0	0	1,147	0	0				1,147	0	0	1,147
			600	0	0				600	0	0	600	0	0				600
			277,609	0	0	170,252	0	0	447,861	0	0	277,609	0	0	170,252	0	0	447,861
			4,971	0	0	650	0	0	5,621	0	0	4,971	0	0	650	0	0	5,621
			3,050	0	0				3,050	0	0	3,050	0	0				3,050
			2,995	0	0	550	0	0	3,545	0	0	2,995	0	0	550	0	0	3,545
			18,967	0	0	12,219	0	0	31,186	0	0	18,967	0	0	12,219	0	0	31,186
			28,395	0	0	9,120	0	0	37,515	0	0	28,395	0	0	9,120	0	0	37,515
			5,215	0	0	600	0	0	5,815	0	0	5,215	0	0	600	0	0	5,815
			163,480	0	0	56,250	0	0	219,730	0	0	163,480	0	0	56,250	0	0	219,730
			22,773	0	0	46,221	0	0	68,994	0	0	22,773	0	0	46,221	0	0	68,994
			1,050	0	0	100	0	0	1,150	0	0	1,050	0	0	100	0	0	1,150
			100	0	0				100	0	0	100	0	0				100
			2,905	0	0	5,265	0	0	8,170	0	0	2,905	0	0	5,265	0	0	8,170
			3,100	0	0	1,245	0	0	4,345	0	0	3,100	0	0	1,245	0	0	4,345
			10,495	0	0	7,600	0	0	18,095	0	0	10,495	0	0	7,600	0	0	18,095
			3,250	0	0	560	0	0	3,810	0	0	3,250	0	0	560	0	0	3,810
			1,085	0	0				1,085	0	0	1,085	0	0				1,085
			200	0	0	180	0	0	380	0	0	200	0	0	180	0	0	380
			50															

IV. Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade :-

36	Treasury	14,995 0 0	2,100 0 0	17,095 0 0	14,995 0 0	2,100 0 0	17,095 0 0	17,095 0 0	2,000 0 0	48,991 0 0	17,095 0 0	17,095 0 0
37	Stamp	2,265 0 0	240 0 0	2,505 0 0	2,265 0 0	240 0 0	2,505 0 0	2,505 0 0	.....	77,806 0 0	2,505 0 0	2,505 0 0
37-40	Customs	38,990 0 0	13,435 0 0	50,425 0 0	38,990 0 0	13,435 0 0	50,425 0 0	50,425 0 0	.....	6,821 0 0	50,425 0 0	50,425 0 0
41	Colonial Disilleries and Refineries ..	8,429 0 0	886 0 0	4,325 0 0	8,429 0 0	886 0 0	4,325 0 0	4,325 0 0	.....	1,055 0 0	4,325 0 0	4,325 0 0
41	Gold Receivers	295 0 0	.....	295 0 0	295 0 0	.....	295 0 0	295 0 0	.....	1,241 0 0	295 0 0	295 0 0
41	Gold and Escort .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100 0 0	.....	.....
42	Government Printer's Department ..	40,891 0 0	3,100 0 0	43,991 0 0	40,891 0 0	3,100 0 0	43,991 0 0	43,991 0 0	.....	75,200 0 0	43,991 0 0	43,991 0 0
43	Stores and Stationery	2,006 0 0	75,200 0 0	77,206 0 0	2,006 0 0	75,200 0 0	77,206 0 0	77,206 0 0	.....	1,877 0 0	77,206 0 0	77,206 0 0
43-44	Ordnance and Harnack Department ..	4,044 0 0	1,877 0 0	6,621 0 0	4,044 0 0	1,877 0 0	6,621 0 0	6,621 0 0	.....	80 0 0	6,621 0 0	6,621 0 0
44	Health and Emigration Officers	975 0 0	.....	1,065 0 0	975 0 0	.....	1,065 0 0	1,065 0 0	.....	500 0 0	1,065 0 0	1,065 0 0
44	Quarantine	741 0 0	600 0 0	1,241 0 0	741 0 0	600 0 0	1,241 0 0	1,241 0 0	.....	100 0 0	1,241 0 0	1,241 0 0
44	Board of Pharmacy	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....	170 0 0	100 0 0	100 0 0
45	Shipping Masters	2,105 0 0	170 0 0	2,275 0 0	2,105 0 0	170 0 0	2,275 0 0	2,275 0 0	.....	2,340 0 0	2,275 0 0	2,275 0 0
45	Glebe Island Abattoir	1,040 0 0	1,300 0 0	2,340 0 0	1,040 0 0	1,300 0 0	2,340 0 0	2,340 0 0	.....	30,319 0 0	2,340 0 0	2,340 0 0
45-49	Marine Board of New South Wales ..	30,889 0 0	4,720 0 0	35,319 0 0	30,889 0 0	4,720 0 0	35,319 0 0	35,319 0 0	.....	300 0 0	35,319 0 0	35,319 0 0
49	Lifeboats .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	55,022 0 0	.....	55,022 0 0
50	Miscellaneous Services	300 0 0	.....	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	100,000 0 0	.....	100,000 0 0
50	Advance to Treasurer .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100,000 0 0	.....	100,000 0 0
50	Totals	141,975 0 0	103,618 0 0	245,593 0 0	141,975 0 0	103,618 0 0	245,593 0 0	245,593 0 0	.....	162,722 0 0	141,975 0 0	408,315 0 0

V. Public Instruction :-

52-54	Public Instruction, under Act 43 Vic. No. 23	387,100 0 0	188,675 0 0	525,885 0 0	387,100 0 0	188,675 0 0	525,885 0 0	525,885 0 0	.....	1,500 0 0	525,885 0 0	525,885 0 0
54	Public Scholarships	2,601 0 0	4,588 0 0	7,089 0 0	2,601 0 0	4,588 0 0	7,089 0 0	7,089 0 0	.....	7,000 0 0	7,089 0 0	7,089 0 0
55	Industrial Schools .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
55	Orphan Schools, Parramatta	2,250 0 0	1,025 0 0	3,305 0 0	2,250 0 0	1,025 0 0	3,305 0 0	3,305 0 0	.....	2,280 0 0	3,305 0 0	3,305 0 0
56	Observatory	950 0 0	6,800 0 0	7,650 0 0	950 0 0	6,800 0 0	7,650 0 0	7,650 0 0	.....	2,416 0 0	7,650 0 0	7,650 0 0
56	Museum	2,416 0 0	3,396 0 0	5,812 0 0	2,416 0 0	3,396 0 0	5,812 0 0	5,812 0 0	.....	25,251 0 0	5,812 0 0	5,812 0 0
57	Free Public Library .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
57	Grants in aid of Public Institutions ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
58-59	Totals	345,337 0 0	204,234 0 0	549,571 0 0	345,337 0 0	204,234 0 0	549,571 0 0	549,571 0 0	.....	34,251 0 0	345,337 0 0	583,822 0 0

VI. Administration of Justice :-

62	Department of Justice	4,540 0 0	350 0 0	4,890 0 0	4,540 0 0	350 0 0	4,890 0 0	4,890 0 0	.....	.....	4,890 0 0	4,890 0 0
63	Master in Equity	1,924 0 0	.....	1,924 0 0	1,924 0 0	.....	1,924 0 0	1,924 0 0	.....	.....	1,924 0 0	1,924 0 0
63	Prothonotary	4,669 0 0	9,100 0 0	13,769 0 0	4,669 0 0	9,100 0 0	13,769 0 0	13,769 0 0	.....	.....	13,769 0 0	13,769 0 0
64	Sheriff	9,537 0 0	8,625 0 0	17,882 0 0	9,537 0 0	8,625 0 0	17,882 0 0	17,882 0 0	.....	.....	17,882 0 0	17,882 0 0
64	Insolvency Court	1,508 0 0	.....	1,508 0 0	1,508 0 0	.....	1,508 0 0	1,508 0 0	.....	.....	1,508 0 0	1,508 0 0
65-68	District Courts	8,159 0 0	3,000 0 0	11,159 0 0	8,159 0 0	3,000 0 0	11,159 0 0	11,159 0 0	.....	.....	11,159 0 0	11,159 0 0
68	Coroners' Inquests	650 0 0	2,610 0 0	3,260 0 0	650 0 0	2,610 0 0	3,260 0 0	3,260 0 0	.....	.....	3,260 0 0	3,260 0 0
72-81	Petty Sessions	46,478 0 0	9,100 0 0	55,578 0 0	46,478 0 0	9,100 0 0	55,578 0 0	55,578 0 0	.....	.....	55,578 0 0	55,578 0 0
82-86	Prisons	46,646 0 0	40,290 0 0	86,936 0 0	46,646 0 0	40,290 0 0	86,936 0 0	86,936 0 0	.....	.....	86,936 0 0	86,936 0 0
87	The Shutesbury Reformatory for Girls	233 0 0	350 0 0	633 0 0	233 0 0	350 0 0	633 0 0	633 0 0	.....	.....	633 0 0	633 0 0
87	Registrar of Copyright .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
87	Miscellaneous Services	200 0 0	230 0 0	430 0 0	200 0 0	230 0 0	430 0 0	430 0 0	.....	.....	430 0 0	430 0 0
87	Totals	124,404 0 0	73,345 0 0	197,749 0 0	124,404 0 0	73,345 0 0	197,749 0 0	197,749 0 0	.....	1,457 0 0	124,404 0 0	199,206 0 0

VII. The Attorney General :-

90	The Attorney General	700 0 0	4,175 0 0	4,935 0 0	700 0 0	4,175 0 0	4,935 0 0	4,935 0 0	.....	.....	4,935 0 0	4,935 0 0
90	Parliamentary Draftsman	1,239 0 0	50 0 0	1,289 0 0	1,239 0 0	50 0 0	1,289 0 0	1,289 0 0	.....	.....	1,289 0 0	1,289 0 0
91	Crown Solicitor	3,301 0 0	150 0 0	3,451 0 0	3,301 0 0	150 0 0	3,451 0 0	3,451 0 0	.....	.....	3,451 0 0	3,451 0 0
91	Quarter Sessions	5,064 0 0	17,700 0 0	22,764 0 0	5,064 0 0	17,700 0 0	22,764 0 0	22,764 0 0	.....	.....	22,764 0 0	22,764 0 0
91	Miscellaneous Services .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
91	Totals	10,394 0 0	22,075 0 0	32,439 0 0	10,394 0 0	22,075 0 0	32,439 0 0	32,439 0 0	.....	.....	32,439 0 0	32,439 0 0

VIII. Secretary for Lands :-

94-95	Department of Lands	12,138 0 0	6,500 0 0	18,638 0 0	12,138 0 0	6,500 0 0	18,638 0 0	18,638 0 0	.....	.....	18,638 0 0	18,638 0 0
95	Conditional Land Sales	17,000 0 0	12,800 0 0	29,800 0 0	17,000 0 0	12,800 0 0	29,800 0 0	29,800 0 0	.....	.....	29,800 0 0	29,800 0 0
96	Land Agents, Appraisers, and others ..	17,472 0 0	600 0 0	18,072 0 0	17,472 0 0	600 0 0	18,072 0 0	18,072 0 0	.....	.....	18,072 0 0	18,072 0 0
96	Oyster Beds	322 0 0	.....	322 0 0	322 0 0	.....	322 0 0	322 0 0	.....	.....	322 0 0	322 0 0
96-98	Survey of Lands	70,554 0 0	170,780 0 0	240,334 0 0	70,554 0 0	170,780 0 0	240,334 0 0	240,334 0 0	.....	.....	240,334 0 0	240,334 0 0
98	Transection and General Survey of the Colony	5,854 0 0	10,020 0 0	15,874 0 0	5,854 0 0	10,020 0 0	15,874 0 0	15,874 0 0	.....	.....	15,874 0 0	15,874 0 0
99	Miscellaneous Services .. .. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
99	Totals	132,663 0 0	200,950 0 0	333,303 0 0	132,663 0 0	200,950 0 0	333,303 0 0	333,303 0 0	.....	.....	333,303 0 0	333,303 0 0

EXPLANATORY ABSTRACT—continued.

Page.	No. of Head.	Head of Service.	Amounts Estimated.						Amounts Voted.						Notes Explaining Alterations.
			Establishments.			Total.	Establishments.			Total.	Other Services.			Total.	
			Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		Other Services.	Total.			
IX. Secretary for Public Works:—															
102		Department of Public Works	£ 4,707 0 0	850 0 0	5,557 0 0	£ 4,707 0 0	850 0 0	5,557 0 0	£ 4,707 0 0	850 0 0	5,557 0 0	£ 4,707 0 0	850 0 0	5,557 0 0	
102		Harbours and Rivers Navigation	3,879 0 0	145 0 0	4,024 0 0	3,879 0 0	145 0 0	4,024 0 0	3,879 0 0	145 0 0	4,024 0 0	3,879 0 0	145 0 0	4,024 0 0	
102		Engineer's Department	1,160 0 0	3,350 0 0	4,510 0 0	1,160 0 0	3,350 0 0	4,510 0 0	1,160 0 0	3,350 0 0	4,510 0 0	1,160 0 0	3,350 0 0	4,510 0 0	
103		Fitzroy Dock	20,638 0 0	25,686 0 0	46,324 0 0	20,638 0 0	25,686 0 0	46,324 0 0	20,638 0 0	25,686 0 0	46,324 0 0	20,638 0 0	25,686 0 0	46,324 0 0	
104		Public Works	3,568 0 0	3,558 0 0	7,126 0 0	3,568 0 0	3,558 0 0	7,126 0 0	3,568 0 0	3,558 0 0	7,126 0 0	3,568 0 0	3,558 0 0	7,126 0 0	
104		Miscellaneous	207 0 0	207 0 0	414 0 0	207 0 0	207 0 0	414 0 0	207 0 0	207 0 0	414 0 0	207 0 0	207 0 0	414 0 0	
105		Colonial Architect	9,755 0 0	3,348 0 0	13,103 0 0	9,755 0 0	3,348 0 0	13,103 0 0	9,755 0 0	3,348 0 0	13,103 0 0	9,755 0 0	3,348 0 0	13,103 0 0	
106		Public Works and Buildings	141,746 0 0	141,746 0 0	283,492 0 0	141,746 0 0	141,746 0 0	283,492 0 0	141,746 0 0	141,746 0 0	283,492 0 0	141,746 0 0	141,746 0 0	283,492 0 0	
107		Roads and Bridges	4,176 0 0	1,800 0 0	5,976 0 0	4,176 0 0	1,800 0 0	5,976 0 0	4,176 0 0	1,800 0 0	5,976 0 0	4,176 0 0	1,800 0 0	5,976 0 0	
107		General Establishment	12,033 0 0	4,795 0 0	16,828 0 0	12,033 0 0	4,795 0 0	16,828 0 0	12,033 0 0	4,795 0 0	16,828 0 0	12,033 0 0	4,795 0 0	16,828 0 0	
107-10		Superintendants in Field	300 0 0	300 0 0	600 0 0	300 0 0	300 0 0	600 0 0	300 0 0	300 0 0	600 0 0	300 0 0	300 0 0	600 0 0	
110		Construction and Maintenance	1,132 0 0	1,132 0 0	2,264 0 0	1,132 0 0	1,132 0 0	2,264 0 0	1,132 0 0	1,132 0 0	2,264 0 0	1,132 0 0	1,132 0 0	2,264 0 0	
110		Miscellaneous Services	1,132 0 0	1,132 0 0	2,264 0 0	1,132 0 0	1,132 0 0	2,264 0 0	1,132 0 0	1,132 0 0	2,264 0 0	1,132 0 0	1,132 0 0	2,264 0 0	
		Totals	69,335 0 0	39,974 0 0	109,309 0 0	69,335 0 0	39,974 0 0	109,309 0 0	69,335 0 0	39,974 0 0	109,309 0 0	69,335 0 0	39,974 0 0	109,309 0 0	
IX. Railways:—															
112		General Establishment	6,920 0 0	200 0 0	7,120 0 0	6,920 0 0	200 0 0	7,120 0 0	6,920 0 0	200 0 0	7,120 0 0	6,920 0 0	200 0 0	7,120 0 0	
113		Engineering Establishment—Works in Progress	7,695 0 0	5,293 0 0	12,988 0 0	7,695 0 0	5,293 0 0	12,988 0 0	7,695 0 0	5,293 0 0	12,988 0 0	7,695 0 0	5,293 0 0	12,988 0 0	
113-14		Existing Lines—Working Expenses	36,021 0 0	739,752 0 0	775,773 0 0	36,021 0 0	739,752 0 0	775,773 0 0	36,021 0 0	739,752 0 0	775,773 0 0	36,021 0 0	739,752 0 0	775,773 0 0	
114		Miscellaneous	569 0 0	569 0 0	1,138 0 0	569 0 0	569 0 0	1,138 0 0	569 0 0	569 0 0	1,138 0 0	569 0 0	569 0 0	1,138 0 0	
		Totals	50,636 0 0	745,243 0 0	795,884 0 0	50,636 0 0	745,243 0 0	795,884 0 0	50,636 0 0	745,243 0 0	795,884 0 0	50,636 0 0	745,243 0 0	795,884 0 0	
X. The Postmaster General:—															
116-17		Post Office	84,511 0 0	17,600 0 0	102,111 0 0	84,511 0 0	17,600 0 0	102,111 0 0	84,511 0 0	17,600 0 0	102,111 0 0	84,511 0 0	17,600 0 0	102,111 0 0	
118		Money Order and Government Savings Bank Department	6,420 0 0	5,350 0 0	11,770 0 0	6,420 0 0	5,350 0 0	11,770 0 0	6,420 0 0	5,350 0 0	11,770 0 0	6,420 0 0	5,350 0 0	11,770 0 0	
119		Electric Telegraphs	88,884 0 0	41,525 0 0	130,409 0 0	88,884 0 0	41,525 0 0	130,409 0 0	88,884 0 0	41,525 0 0	130,409 0 0	88,884 0 0	41,525 0 0	130,409 0 0	
120		British and Australian Cable Subsidy	11,843 0 0	11,843 0 0	23,686 0 0	11,843 0 0	11,843 0 0	23,686 0 0	11,843 0 0	11,843 0 0	23,686 0 0	11,843 0 0	11,843 0 0	23,686 0 0	
120		New Zealand Cable Subsidy	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0	5,000 0 0	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0	5,000 0 0	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0	5,000 0 0	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0	5,000 0 0	
		Totals	178,315 0 0	64,475 0 0	242,790 0 0	178,315 0 0	64,475 0 0	242,790 0 0	178,315 0 0	64,475 0 0	242,790 0 0	178,315 0 0	64,475 0 0	242,790 0 0	
XI. Secretary for Mines:—															
122-3		Department of Mines	13,291 0 0	9,158 0 0	22,449 0 0	13,291 0 0	9,158 0 0	22,449 0 0	13,291 0 0	9,158 0 0	22,449 0 0	13,291 0 0	9,158 0 0	22,449 0 0	
124		Minor Roads	1,050 0 0	3,750 0 0	4,800 0 0	1,050 0 0	3,750 0 0	4,800 0 0	1,050 0 0	3,750 0 0	4,800 0 0	1,050 0 0	3,750 0 0	4,800 0 0	
124-5		Occupation of Laps	8,910 0 0	8,971 0 0	17,881 0 0	8,910 0 0	8,971 0 0	17,881 0 0	8,910 0 0	8,971 0 0	17,881 0 0	8,910 0 0	8,971 0 0	17,881 0 0	
125		Prevention of Scab in Sheep	13,481 0 0	1,329 0 0	14,810 0 0	13,481 0 0	1,329 0 0	14,810 0 0	13,481 0 0	1,329 0 0	14,810 0 0	13,481 0 0	1,329 0 0	14,810 0 0	
126		Imported Stock	220 0 0	825 0 0	1,045 0 0	220 0 0	825 0 0	1,045 0 0	220 0 0	825 0 0	1,045 0 0	220 0 0	825 0 0	1,045 0 0	
126		Registration of Brands	1,425 0 0	750 0 0	2,175 0 0	1,425 0 0	750 0 0	2,175 0 0	1,425 0 0	750 0 0	2,175 0 0	1,425 0 0	750 0 0	2,175 0 0	
126		Public Pans and Wells	1,580 0 0	3,368 0 0	4,948 0 0	1,580 0 0	3,368 0 0	4,948 0 0	1,580 0 0	3,368 0 0	4,948 0 0	1,580 0 0	3,368 0 0	4,948 0 0	
126		Miscellaneous	17,749 0 0	17,749 0 0	35,498 0 0	17,749 0 0	17,749 0 0	35,498 0 0	17,749 0 0	17,749 0 0	35,498 0 0	17,749 0 0	17,749 0 0	35,498 0 0	
		Totals	39,477 0 0	28,141 0 0	67,618 0 0	39,477 0 0	28,141 0 0	67,618 0 0	39,477 0 0	28,141 0 0	67,618 0 0	39,477 0 0	28,141 0 0	67,618 0 0	
XII. Surplus Revenue Account:—															
		Services to be defrayed out of the Accumulated Surplus	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	
		Total Estimated.	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	
		Total voted and embodied in the Appropriation Act of 1881.	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	
		Excess of Estimated over Authorized Expenditure, as shown by the Notes Explanatory, hereto appended	250 0 0	250 0 0	500 0 0	250 0 0	250 0 0	500 0 0	250 0 0	250 0 0	500 0 0	250 0 0	250 0 0	500 0 0	
		Gross Totals	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	1,383,366 0 0	1,656,421 0 0	3,039,787 0 0	

F. W. WEBB,
Clerk Assistant.

Legislative Assembly Office,
Sydney, 6 April, 1881.

NOTES EXPLANATORY of the Alterations made in the Original Estimates for 1881, in their progress through Committee of Supply.

	ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		
II.—Executive and Legislative.					
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.					
Amount of Estimate	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
6,065 0 0	310 0 0	6,375 0 0	.....	6,375 0 0	
REDUCED.					
By <i>Negative</i> .—Proposed increases to salaries	250 0 0	.....	250 0 0	.....	250 0 0
Amount Voted.....	5,815 0 0	310 0 0	6,125 0 0	.....	6,125 0 0
III.—Colonial Secretary.					
IMMIGRATION.					
Amount of Estimate	1,086 0 0	.....	1,086 0 0	50,000 0 0	51,086 0 0
REDUCED.					
By <i>Withdrawal</i> .—Item, £50,000, Immigration generally, by £10,000.....	.....	.....	.....	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0
Amount Voted.....	1,086 0 0	.....	1,086 0 0	40,000 0 0	41,086 0 0
CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.					
Amount of Estimate	600 0 0	.....	600 0 0	61,991 0 0	62,591 0 0
REDUCED.					
By <i>Withdrawal</i> .—Items, £12,500, Second Instalment of a proposed contribution of £25,000 towards the rebuilding of the Sydney Infirmary, and £500 to enable the Directory of the Sydney Infirmary to purchase from the Exhibits in Garden Palace a full and complete stock of the best and latest designed Surgical Instruments and appliances.....	.....	.....	.....	13,000 0 0	13,000 0 0
Amount Voted.....	600 0 0	.....	600 0 0	48,991 0 0	49,591 0 0
VIII.—Secretary for Lands.					
MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.					
Amount of Estimate .....	.....	.....	.....	21,388 0 0	21,388 0 0
REDUCED.					
By <i>Negative</i> .—Item, £3,500, improving National Park at Port Hacking, by £2,500.....	.....	.....	.....	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0
Amount Voted.....	.....	.....	.....	18,888 0 0	18,888 0 0

Legislative Assembly Office,
Sydney, 6 April, 1881.

F. W. WEBB,
Clerk Assistant.

No. II.,

(SERVICES OF 1880 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.)

EXPLANATORY ABSTRACTS of the Amounts respectively Estimated, Voted, and Embodied in the Appropriation Act, 44^o Victoria No. XXVII, for the Supplementary Service of the Year 1880 and previous Years.

Amount of Estimates	£ s. d.
.....	143,932 14 9
Total Voted and Embodied in the Appropriation Act for 1881	£ 143,932 14 9

Legislative Assembly Office,
Sydney, 6 April, 1881.

F. W. WEBB,
Clerk Assistant.

No. III.

(BY LOAN—1881.)

EXPLANATORY ABSTRACTS of the Amounts respectively Estimated, Voted, and Embodied in the Public Works Loan Act, 44^o Victoria No. XXVIII, for the Service of the Year 1881.

	£	s.	d.
Amount of Estimates	8,762,500	0	0
Amount Voted and Embodied in the Public Works Loan Act.....	7,807,500	0	0
Excess of Estimated over Authorized Expenditure	£ 955,000	0	0
<i>NOTES Explanatory of Alterations made in the Public Works Loan Estimates in their progress through Committee of Supply:—</i>			
GROSS Amount of Loan Estimates for 1881, submitted with Message No. 14	8,762,500	0	0
REDUCED.			
By Negative.—			
"RAILWAYS"—			
Item £2,755,000, Southern and Northern Junction Railway—From Homebush to Waratah (double line), 95 miles, by £755,000	755,000	0	0
By Withdrawal.—			
"RAILWAYS"—			
Item £500,000, alterations and additions to Station Buildings and Siding Accommodation, &c., by £200,000	200,000	0	0
Amount Voted	£ 7,807,500	0	0

Legislative Assembly Office,
Sydney, 6 April, 1881.

F. W. WEBB,
Clerk Assistant.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

CUSTOMS REGULATION ACT OF 1879.

(REGULATIONS UNDER.)

Presented to Parliament, pursuant to Act 42 Vict. No. 19, sec. 131.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
4th January, 1881.

His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to make the following Regulations under the "Customs Regulation Act of 1879."

JAMES WATSON.

REGULATIONS UNDER THE "CUSTOMS
REGULATION ACT OF 1879."

1.

Upon the arrival of any ship within a league of any port on the seaboard the Master or Pilot, as the case may be, shall cause to be hoisted and exhibited on a conspicuous part of the rigging the numeral flags indicating her port of departure; and if such ship shall arrive in the night the Master shall cause such flags to be so hoisted and exhibited at sunrise next morning, and keep such hoisted during the hours of daylight until boarded by the proper officer of Customs.

2.

Drawback on the exportation of duty paid wine, beer, and sugar will be allowed as heretofore until further notice.

3.

No drawback shall be allowed unless the goods on which the same is claimed shall be shipped within three years from the day of importation thereof, and unless such drawback is duly claimed within one year from the day of such shipment.

4.

Upon examinations and inquiries made by the Collector or other principal officer of Customs, or other persons appointed by the Colonial Treasurer or Collector of Customs to make such examinations and inquiries for ascertaining the truth of facts relative to the Customs, or the conduct of officers or persons employed therein, any person examined before them or him as a witness shall give evidence on oath or affirmation, to be administered or taken by such Collector or other principal officer or such other person as shall examine him, and who are hereby authorized to administer such oath and take such affirmation.

5.

The Customs official hitherto known as "The Warehouse-keeper" shall henceforth be termed and known as the "Warehouse Registrar."

124—A

6.

The proper ensign for the Customs shall be the red English ensign with the addition of a white cross, being in form and proportion the same as the white English ensign, but with the colours of the flag and cross reversed, and with the letters CH in the outer lower quarter of the flag; and the pendant shall be the red pendant.

7.

Every entry which the Master of any Coaster is required by the 126th and 129th sections of the "Customs Regulation Act," 1879, to make in the Cargo Book shall be duly signed by the said Master.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
4th January, 1881.

It is hereby notified, for general information, in accordance with section 132 of the Act, that the following Regulations have been made under the "Customs Regulation Act of 1879."

JAMES WATSON.

REGULATIONS UNDER THE "CUSTOMS
REGULATION ACT OF 1879."

1.

The hours appointed for the discharging and loading of ships shall be—

From 1st October to 31st March, from 6 a.m. to 5 p.m. ;
From 1st April to 30th September, from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. ;
Saturdays till 1 p.m. ;

And the attendance of the Landing Waiters and their Assistants will be required at those hours.

The hours of attendance of Landing Surveyors, Warehouse Registrar, and Lockers shall be from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. throughout the year.

2.

In cases where it may become necessary to extend the working hours the Collector of Customs will make special arrangements to meet such necessity, and the fees for the attendance of necessary officers must be paid by the applicants, at the following rates, viz., for—

	s.	d.	
Warehouse Registrar.....	3	6	per hour.
Landing Waiters	3	0	“ ”
Lockers.....	2	0	“ ”
Tide Waiters	1	6	“ ”
Night Watch	15	0	

3.

For the exportation of goods from warehouse or for drawback as ship's stores the same forms shall be employed as for the exportation of other goods from warehouse or for drawback respectively.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
4th January, 1881.

IT is hereby notified, for general information, that the following are the forms of entries, reports, bonds, and other documents requisite to be used under the provisions of the "Customs Regulation Act of 1879."

JAMES WATSON.

Reference to Act.	No. of Form.	Description
Sec. 14.	1	License for drays and lighters.
Sec. 37.	2	The inward report shall be furnished in duplicate.
Goods shall be entered as follows :—		
IMPORTS.		
Sec. 47.	4	Free by one warrant and two copies.
Sec. 49.	5	Imperfect or provisional by one warrant and three copies.
Sec. 61.	4	For duty by one warrant and two copies.
Sec. 63.	7	For warehouse by one warrant and four copies.
Sec. 65.	8	By bill of sight. [The bill serves for the landing and examination of goods, and on being perfected by endorsement forms one warrant. If free, for duty, warehouse, or transhipment, the same number of copies shall be furnished as are required for an entry of such class.]
Sec. 68.	30	By baggage sufferance, which on being perfected for duty by endorsement forms the warrant, and shall have two copies.
Sec. 90.		For removal from Warehouse to other Bond—
	9	By one warrant and three copies.
	10	One locker's delivery order. One bond. Or under general bond.
Sec. 90.		For removal to other Port, the same forms shall be used as for an export from Warehouse—
		One bond. Or under general bond.
	11	Permit.
Sec. 90.		For removal to Inland Warehouse—
	18	By two warrant and two copies.
	19	one locker's delivery order. one bond. or under general bond.
	12	permit.
Sec. 99.		For Home Consumption—
	13	One warrant and two copies.
	14	Locker's delivery order.
	15	Regange order.
	16	Rewcigh order.
FOR EXPORTATION.		
Sec. 102.		Free goods—
	17	By one warrant and one copy.
Sec. 104.		From Warehouse—
	18	By two warrants and two copies.
	19	one locker's order.
	20	one pricking-note.
	21	one notice to tide surveyors. one bond. or under general bond.

Sec. 104.		For Drawback—
	22	By one warrant.
	17	one copy.
	23	one pricking-note.
	21	notice to tide surveyors. one bond. or under general bond.
	24	certificate or permit.
		For Transhipment—
	3	Two warrants and two copies if ships at different wharfs, but only one copy if both are at the same wharf.
Sec. 106.		For Exportation from Warehouse Overland to any adjoining Colony—
	18	By two warrants and two copies.
	19	one locker's order. one bond.
	25	permit.
Sec. 107.		For Exportation for Drawback Overland to any adjoining Colony—
	22	By one warrant.
	17	one copy.
	25	one permit.
Sec. 113.	26	debenture for drawback.
Sec. 118.	27	The content of outward ship.
Sec. 119.	28	The clearance ditto ditto.
		Coast Trade—
Sec. 126.	24	Permit for goods under bond.
Sec. 129.		Bond for general transire.
Sec. 129.	29	General transire.
Sec. 68.	30	Baggage sufferance.
Sec. 96.	31	Repacks in warehouse for casks.
	32	ditto ditto filling up casks.
	33	ditto ditto for weight goods.
Sec. 142.	34	License for ships, &c., under 15 tons.
	35	Refund certificate.
	36	Over-entry certificate.

NOTE.—For exports from warehouse, or for drawback on sailing ships, or ships in the stream, or for ship's stores, a Tide Surveyor's slip will be required.

NOTE.—In warrants the number of packages and the weight or quantity for duty shall be stated in words at length. In the copies these particulars may be in figures.

FORMS.

Form 1.

License to carry Dutiable Goods.

No. _____ THESE ARE TO CERTIFY, THAT _____ of Sydney, being the proprietor of _____ numbered respectively _____ which he intends to employ in the removal of goods subject to duty, from one place to another in the City of Sydney, under the provisions of the Customs' Laws, and having given Bond to Her Majesty, with two approved sureties, that he will obey and cause to be obeyed (by such assistants as he may employ), the said Customs' Laws, and also such orders as he may receive respecting such goods and their removal from the Collector of Customs, the said _____ is hereby licensed to convey dutiable goods, in his said cars or drays, numbered as above, subject to the conditions of the said Bond.

Given under my hand, at the Custom House, at the Port of Sydney, this _____ day of _____ 18____

Collector of Customs.

Form 2.

Inwards. } Wharf Pilotage.
Port of _____

In the ship _____ of _____ built, property all _____ about _____ tons, with _____ men. _____ men besides _____ a _____ man, Master for this present voyage from _____

Marks and Numbers.	Quantity.	Description of Goods.	Produce	Consignees.

STORES.

Name and residence of Owner or Agent.

I do declare that this entry, now tendered and subscribed by me, is a just report of the name of the abovementioned ship, its burthen, build, property, number and country of mariners, the present Master and voyage; and it further contains a true account of the lading of the said ship, with the particular marks, numbers, quantity, quality, and consignment of all the goods and merchandise in the said ship, to the best of my knowledge and belief; and that bulk has not been broken, nor any goods delivered out of the said ship, since her loading in _____ and I further declare that the abovementioned account of the Stores on board for the use of the said ship is correct and true in every particular.

Declared before me, at the Custom House, } Master.
 Sydney, the _____ day 18 _____
 Collector of Customs.

Form 3.

Transshipment.

In the Wharf to Wharf.
 from Sydney, a day of 18 _____
 ship Master,
 Per _____

Marks and Nos.	Value.

Bond No. _____ to be transhipped to the _____ Master for
 taken. _____

Form 4.

IMPORTS. Sydney. day of Wharf.
 In the _____ ship, 18 _____
 from _____ Master,
 Per _____

Marks and Nos.	Produce.	Value.	Duty.

No. _____

Form 5.

In the Wharf. Sydney, 18 _____
 from a Imperfect Warrant. Warehouse. Master
 ship _____
 Per _____

Cookes No.	Marks and Numbers.	Goods.	No. and date of perfect Warrant.	Folio.	Merchant.

No. _____

[Indorsement.]
 Sent to Bond.

Form 6.

To the Locker at Wharf Bond. 18 _____
 PLEASE deliver the undermentioned Goods forwarded by me to your Warehouse ex the _____ Master from _____ perfect Entry having been passed for them, viz. :—

Marks, Numbers, and Description of the Goods.	Perfect Entry.				
	Merchant.	No.	Date.	Folio.	Description.

Landing Waiter.

Form 7.

Bonding Entry.

Wharf. To be warehoused in Bond.
 Sydney day of 18 _____
 a ship Master
 from _____
 Per _____

Marks and Nos.	Value.			Bond Mark.
	£	s.	d.	

No. _____

Form 8.

New South Wales.

In the Sight I, _____ the known _____ of _____ the Importer of the goods above mentioned, do hereby declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief the Consignees have not received sufficient Invoice Bill of Lading or other advice from whence the quality, quantity, or value of the goods above mentioned can be ascertained.

Signed and declared this _____ day of _____ 18 _____, in the presence of _____

Let this Sight pass for the goods above mentioned to be landed and examined by the Importer in the presence of the proper officer previous to the passing a perfect Entry for the same.

Dated the _____

Form 9.

Removal.

From Warehouse to day of 18 _____
 Ex the _____ a ship Warehouse. Master,
 from _____
 Per _____

Mark and No.	Description of Goods, Date of Warehousing, and by whom Warehoused.

Bond No. _____ taken. No. _____

Form 10.

Removal.

To the Locker at _____ day of _____ 18 _____
 DELIVER the undermentioned goods warehoused by the _____ day of _____ 18 _____, ex _____ Master from _____

Mark and No.	Description of Package and Goods	To be removed from	To

No. _____ Bond taken. No. _____ Warehouse Registrar.

Form 11.

Custom House, Sydney, 18 _____

ON the other side are the particulars of _____ imported here, and warehoused under the Customs Regulation Act 1879, and now removed to your Port under Bond given by _____ on the _____ 18 _____, in the _____ Master, for _____ Collector,

To the Sub-collector,
 H.M. Customs.

[Indorsement.]

Mark and Number.	Description of Goods.	Number of Gallons.	Strength.	
			O.P.	U.P.

Warehouse Registrar.

Form 12.

Custom House, Sydney, 18 .
 REMOVED to Inland Warehouse at _____ under Bond
 given by _____ on the 18 , the undermentioned
 Goods, imported here and warehoused under the Customs
 Regulation Act, 1879.

Collector.

To the
 H. M. Customs.

[Indorsement.]

Mark and Nos.	Length.	Head.	Bung.	Wet.	Content.	Ullage.	Tempera- ture.	Indication.	Strength.		Gallons. Proof.
									Over.	Under.	

Warehouse Registrar.

Form 13.

Home Consumption.

Sydney, _____ day of _____ 18
 Ex the _____ a _____ ship _____ Master, from _____ day of _____
 18 in _____ Warehouse. Per _____

Marks.	Nos.	Galls.	Duty.

No. _____

Form 14.

Home Consumption.

Sydney, N.S.W. _____ day of _____ 18
 To the Locker at _____
 DELIVER the undermentioned Goods, warehoused by _____
 day of _____ 18 , ex _____ Master, from _____

Mark and Number.	Description of Package & Goods.	By whom Duty paid.

No. _____

Warehouse Registrar.

Form 15.

Warehoused at _____ New South Wales, 18 .
 Requisition.

I REQUIRE to have Re-gauged and to pay duty on the follow-
 ing spirits warehoused by _____ the _____ day of _____
 18 ex _____ Master from _____ (Signature)

Mark and No. of package.	Description of cask.	Description of spirits.	Original quantity bonded.	Original proof.
Total ..			Gallons.	

To the Collector of Customs.

Warehouse Registrar.

[Indorsement.]

Locker's Re-gauge.

Bonding Warehouse							Sydney		18 .	
Mark and No.	Bung.	Wet.	Full.	Ullage.	Tempera- ture.	Indication.	Strength.			
							O.P.	U.P.		
Total.				Galls.						

To the Warehouse Registrar,
 Custom House, Sydney.

Customs Locker.

Form 16.

Requisition.

18

WAREHOUSED at _____
 I require to have re-weighed, and to pay duty, on the fol-
 lowing goods, warehoused by _____ the _____ day of _____
 18 , ex _____ Master, from _____ (Signature)

Mark and No. of Package.	Description of Package.	Description of Goods.	Original Net quantity Bonded.	Original Tare.

To the Collector of Customs.

Warehouse Registrar.

[Indorsement.]

Re-weighed.

(Date)

18 .

Warehouse

Mark and No. of Package.	Description of Package.	Gross Weight.	Tare.	Net.
		c. q. lbs.		

Locker.

Form 17.

Exports.

Wharf. _____ Sydney, _____ day of _____ 18
 On the _____ ship _____ Master, for _____
 Per _____ Agents.

Marks & Nos.	Description of Goods.	Produce.	Value.		
			£	s.	d.

No. _____ Entered Outwards, _____ day of _____ 18 . }

Form 18.

Export from Warehouse.

Wharf. _____ Sydney, _____ day of _____ 18
 On the _____ a _____ ship _____ Master, _____
 for _____ Entered Outwards, _____ day of _____ 18 .
 Warehoused by _____ in _____ Warehouse, the _____ day of _____
 18 , ex the _____ a _____ ship,
 Master, from _____ Per _____

Marks.	Nos.	Value.

Bond No. _____ taken.

Clerk of the Bonds.

No. _____ Warehouse Registrar.
 Clearing Clerk.

[Indorsement.]

RE-GAUGED and delivered the undermentioned goods to Licensed Drayman No. , for the Searcher at the Wharf, the day of 18 .

Mark.	No.	Bung.	Wet.	Full.	Ullage.	Temp.	Ind.	Strength.	
								O.P.	U.P.

Time delivered received Total. Locker.

Received on board the ship the day of 18 . Shipped the above, Chief Officer. Searcher.

Form 19.

Exportation or Coastwise Wharf.

To the Locker at DELIVER the undermentioned goods to the Searchers, warehoused by the day of 18 , ex Master, from

Mark and Number.	Description of Goods.	Exporter, Ship, &c.

Bond No. taken. No. Warehouse Registrar.

Form 20.

Exportation or Coastwise Wharf.

To the Locker at DELIVER to a Licensed Carman, for transmission to the Searcher at for examination and shipment, the undermentioned goods, warehoused in by on 18 , ex from

Mark and No.	Description of Packages.	Ship, Master, Exporter, Agent, &c.

Compared, Bond taken, Export Clerk. Warehouse Registrar.

FORWARDED at this 18 , the within-mentioned goods, with Shipping Bills, to the Searcher at per Licensed Car, No. Registered Driver, Locker at

RECEIVED at this 18 , from Locker at the within-mentioned goods, with Shipping Bills, for delivery to the Searcher at Registered Driver.

RECEIVED at this 18 , the within-mentioned goods, with Shipping Bills, per Licensed Car No. registered Driver, and shipped the same at as per Shipping Bills forwarded to Custom House per Warrant Messenger. Searcher.

RECEIVED the within-mentioned Goods on board the at this 18 . Chief Officer.

WITNESSED the above signature of the Chief Officer of the on board, at this Tide Surveyor.

COMPARED with Shipping Bills, and found correct. Clearing Clerk.

Form 21.

Export Slip.

To the Tide-surveyors Export from Master at Warehouse, per Wharf, for

Mark and No.	Description of Package.	Data.
		A.M. P.M. 18 .

RECEIVED 18 . Exporters. Export Clerk Custom House Agent. Tide-surveyor.

Form 22.

Exports. Drawback wharf.

on the Sydney, day of 18 . Master, for the a ship,

Marks & Nos.	Drawback.	Produce	Value.	Quantity or Weight.

I Agent for do declare that the above-mentioned goods were imported in the above-named ship, and that the sum of pounds shillings pence sterling, now claimed for Drawback on the same, was paid as duty on the entry thereof, as above stated.

Signed and declared before me, } this day of 18 . Collector.

Entered Outwards day of 18 . } No. .

Form 23.

Drawback Pricking Note.

To the Searcher at Wharf. RECEIVED for shipment on board the Master, for Exporter. Agent.

Marks and Numbers.	Particulars of Goods.	Import Particulars.

No. Export Clerk. 18 .

NOTE.—This document must be presented, at the time the goods are shipped, to the Landing-walter at the Wharf, or nearest Station, otherwise the Drawback will not be allowed. It must also be produced at the Custom House previous to clearing outwards.

[Indorsement.]

Received on board the Wharf, 18 for the following goods:—

Shipped as above, Mate. Searcher.

Form 24.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

Custom House, Sydney, 18 .

To the Collector of Customs Shipped on board the " " Master, for your Port, for Drawback.

--	--

Collector of Customs.

Port of The above-mentioned Goods have been duly landed here.

Collector of Customs.

NOTE.—It is requested that this document be returned with a report as to the due receipt of the goods.

Form 25.

Custom House, N.S.W. 18

To the Collector of Customs
Despatched for exportation by land to your Port, under
bond No. given by
From Warehouse or for Drawback.

--	--	--	--

Collector of Customs.

Customs Station at N.S.W., 18

I hereby certify that I have examined the within-mentioned goods, and that I find the weights and quantities and strengths are as above stated, and that apparently they have not been tampered with, and that they have duly crossed the Border into the Colony of

at
Officer of Customs.

Port of
The within-mentioned goods have been duly imported here, and the particulars of weights or quantities and strengths thereof are as stated in the margin.
18 Collector of Customs.

Form 26.

Port of Sydney.

did enter and ship on the day of 18
in the Master, for

Description of Goods.	Duty.	Paid by.	Import Ship.	Whence.	Date.	Warrant No.
	£ s. d.					

As Agent to the above-named Shipper, I do declare that the goods mentioned in this Debenture have been actually exported and have not been reloaded, and are not intended to be reloaded in any part of the Colony, and that the exporter was at the time of entry and shipping entitled to the drawback thereon.

Declared before me, this day of 18
Collector. Collector.

RECEIVED day of 18 from the Honorable the Colonial Treasurer, at this Port, the sum of pounds shillings and pence, in full for this Debenture.
£ Witness.

I certify that the goods mentioned in this Debenture were shipped and exported.
Searcher.

Examined by

Form 27.

Port of Sydney, New South Wales,
Content in the Master, for
Tons, Guns, with men
{ Passengers } built of
or
{ Troops. }

Marks and Numbers of Packages.	Shippers.	Quantity and Description of Goods.	Consignees.

STORES.

Name and residence of Owner or Agent.

I, Master of the vessel above-named, do declare that the Content above written, now tendered and subscribed by me, is a just and true account of all the goods laden on board my ship for this present voyage, and of the names of the respective Shippers and Consignees of the said goods, and of the marks and numbers of the packages contained in the same.

Signed and declared before me, at the Custom House, at the Port of Sydney, New South Wales, the day of 18

Master.

Collector of Customs.

Form 28.

Port of New South Wales.

THESE are to certify to all whom it doth concern, that Master or Commander of the " " burthen tons, mounted with guns, navigated with men, built, and bound for having on board as per Content annexed, hath here entered and cleared the said vessel according to law.

Given under my hand, at the Custom House, at the Port of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, this day of one thousand eight hundred and

Collector of Customs.

Clearing Clerk.

Form 29.

New South Wales. General Transire.

Port of

18

Name of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Port of Registry.	Master.	Owner.

Bond No. taken.

Harbour and Light Dues paid at N.S.W. day of 18

This is to certify that I have this day of 18 granted to * of the above-mentioned vessel, this General or Quarterly Transire, to be in force for three calendar months from this date, and to be held according to the terms of the Customs Regulation Act 1879.

Collector of Customs.

* Here state whether Master or Owner.

Form 30.

Port of Sydney, New South Wales.

IN the (1) of (1)
(2) Master, from (2)

* (3)
You may permit the goods above-mentioned to be landed and examined at (4) and after your examination you are to certify on the back hereof how you find the said goods, enumerating the particulars; and in case there should be any customable goods found among them, you are to take care that the duties thereon be paid.

Dated at the Custom House, the day of 18

Collector of Customs.

To the Landing-surveyor and
Landing-waiter concerned.
Baggage Sufferance.

(1) Ship's name and port to which she belongs.

(2) Master's name and from whence.

(3) Name of Passenger.

(4) Here insert the number and description of packages in which the baggage and wearing apparel is contained.

(5) Place appointed by Collector or Comptroller.

Form 31.

No.

Form of application for Repack of Cask Spirits.

Custom House, Sydney, 18

Sir, I have the honor to request permission to repack the following Cask as under :-

* Bond mark, number, and goods to be stated.

Correct, Ship from Master' warehoused by date 18, in Bond.

Warehouse Registrar.

Number of packages and quantities to be stated.

Approved,

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

Collector of Customs. To the Collector of Customs, &c., &c., &c.

* Only one Bond Mark to be inserted in this application.

[Indorsement.]

Bond, Date, 18

By virtue of the within permission, I have re-gauged the within Cask as under :-

Bond Mark.	No.	Bung.	Wet.	Full.	Ull.	Temp.	Indtn.	Strength.

And repacked the same into--

Nos.	Bung.	Wet.	Full.	Ull.	Gallons.
Total					
					,, originally.
					,, loss or gain.

Locker.

To the Warehouse Registrar, H.M. Customs.

If the Spirit is measured into the Repack Cask, state so, but the dimensions must invariably be given of the Ullage quantity left in the original package.

Form 32.

No.

Form of Application for filling up Cask Spirits.

Custom House, Sydney, 18

Sir, I have the honor to request permission to repack and fill up the following Casks as under :-

* Bond mark, numbers, and goods to be stated.

Correct-- Warehouse Registrar. Ship from date Bond. Master Warehoused by 18, in

Approved,

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

Collector of Customs. To the Collector of Customs, &c., &c., &c.

* Only one Bond mark to be inserted in this application.

[Indorsement.]

Bond, Date, 18

By virtue of the within permission, I have repacked and filled up the within-mentioned Casks as under :-

Bond Mark.	Nos.	Bung.	Wet	Full.	Present Ullage.	Original Ullage.	Temp.	Indn.	Strength
Total							gallons.		
							,, originally.		
							,, loss or gain.		

Locker.

To the Warehouse Registrar, H.M. Customs.

Form 33.

No.

Form of Application for Repack of Tobacco and Cigars, &c.

Sydney, 18

Sir, I have the honor to request permission to repack the following goods as under

* Bond mark, numbers, and goods to be stated.

Ship from date Bond. Master Warehoused by 18, in Into

Number of packages and quantities to be stated.

Correct--

Warehouse Registrar.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

Permission granted, Collector of Customs.

To the Collector of Customs.

* Only one bond mark to be inserted in this application.

[Indorsement.]

Date Bond, 18

By virtue of the within permission, I have re-weighed the within-mentioned package as under :-

Bond Mark.	No.	Gross lbs.	Tare.	Net lbs.

And divided and repacked the same into--

Nos.	Gross lbs.	Tare.	Net lbs.

Total lbs.

Originally Bonded.

lbs. loss.

Form of Repack for Half-Tierces, Boxes, and Kegs Tobacco.

WHEREAS the above-bounded desirous of removing
from Bonding Warehouse to Bonding
Warehouse, situate at the undermentioned goods—

which were imported in the ship
Master from the duties in respect whereof
have not yet been paid, and which goods are now deposited
in Warehouse aforesaid, under the provisions of
and the regulations made under the Act of the Parliament of
New South Wales, made and passed in the forty-second year
of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, known as the
"Customs Regulation Act, 1879":

Now the Condition of this Obligation is such, that if the
said goods shall be removed from the said Bonding Warehouse
at , and if all the goods so removed shall be safely
deposited in Warehouse, as aforesaid, within
from the date hereof, and shall be either duly exported,
or the full duties due and payable on the importation of such
goods, or on such part thereof as shall have been exported as
aforesaid, be paid to the Collector, or other proper Officer of
the Customs, at the said Port of , and if no part
thereof shall be taken out of such warehouse until cleared
from thence, upon due entry and payment of duty, if intended
for home consumption, or upon due entry, if intended for
exportation; and if the whole of such goods shall be so cleared
from such Warehouse within three years from the date of the
first entry thereof, then this Obligation to be void, otherwise
to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered, in }
the presence of }

Collector of Customs.

- ^a The person entering the goods and his surety.
- ^b Places of residence and descriptions of such person and surety.
- ^c Double the amount of duties payable on the importation of the goods.

Inland Bond.

(42 Victoria, No. 19, sec. 90.)

Know all men by these presents,
That we^a of^b in the Colony of New
South Wales, and of^b
in the aforesaid Colony, and of^b
in the aforesaid Colony, are held
and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria,
in the penal sum of^c pounds sterling, to be paid to
Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for which pay-
ment well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, and each
of us, our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and
administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these
presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated this day of
in the year of our Lord one thousand
eight hundred and

- ^a The person entering the goods and his sureties.
- ^b Places of residence and descriptions of such persons and sureties.
- ^c Double the amount of duties payable on the importation of the goods.

WHEREAS the following goods, that is to say,
are now deposited in Warehouse, in the Port of
under the Laws and Regulations relating to the
Customs or Inland Revenue:

And whereas the above-bounded intends to remove
the said goods from the said Port by to
subject to the rules, regulations, and restrictions, in that
behalf provided:

Now the condition of this Obligation is such, that if the
said goods, and every part thereof, shall arrive, without
alteration or diminution, at the said within the space
of days next following the date hereof, and shall
immediately on the arrival thereof be duly delivered in the
same state and condition into the custody and possession of
the proper Officers of Revenue at the said last-mentioned

and be thereupon duly and safely deposited in such
Warehouse, situated as aforesaid, and shall be either duly
exported, or the full duties due and payable on the importa-
tion of such goods, or on such part thereof as shall not have
been exported as aforesaid, be paid to the Collector, or other
proper Officer, at and if no part thereof shall be taken
out of such Warehouse until cleared from thence, upon due
entry and payment of duty if intended for home consumption,
or upon due entry if intended for exportation; and if the
whole of such goods shall be so cleared from such Warehouse,
within three years from the date hereof, then this Obligation
to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and
virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered in }
the presence of, — }

Collector of Customs.

No. 2.—Bond for the inland removal of warehoused goods.

124—B

Export Bond.

(42 Victoria, No. 19, sec. 104.)

Know all men by these presents,
That we^a of^b in the Colony of New South
Wales, and of
are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen
Victoria, in the penal sum of^c pounds sterling, to
be paid to Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for
which payment well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves,
and each of us, our and each and every of our heirs, execu-
tors, and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by
these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the day of
one thousand eight hundred and

WHEREAS the above-bounded^d given notice of
intention to export to^e in the ship^f whereof^g
is the Master, the following goods, wares, or
merchandise, that is to say^h
which said goods, wares, or merchandise are now deposited
inⁱ Warehouse, situate at in the Port of
in the Colony aforesaid, under the provisions and
regulations of an Act of the Governor and Council of New
South Wales, made and passed in the forty-second year of the
reign of Her said Majesty, number nineteen, and intituled
An Act to Amend and Consolidate the Laws for the Regu-
lation of the Customs:

Now the Condition of this Obligation is such, that if the
said goods, wares, or merchandise, and every part thereof,
shall be duly shipped and exported, and shall be duly landed
at^k aforesaid, or if the above-bounded shall account
for the said goods, wares, or merchandise, to the satisfaction
of the Collector of the Port of^l then this Obligation to
be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered in }
the presence of, — }

Collector of Customs.

NOTE.—All blanks must be filled in with words at full length, and no
figures must appear herein, unless indeed it be requisite that they should
do so for the purpose of designating the particular brand, &c., of the
goods intended to be exported.

- ^a The person entering the goods and his surety.
- ^b Places of residence and descriptions of such person and surety.
- ^c Double the amount of duties payable on the importation of the goods.
- ^d Person entering the goods.
- ^e Place to which goods are to be exported.
- ^f Name of ship.
- ^g Name of Master.
- ^h Describe the goods, &c., intended to be exported.
- ⁱ Here describe the warehouse or warehouses in which the goods are
bonded.
- ^k Place of destination.
- ^l Port of shipment.

Export Bond for Drawback.

(42 Victoria, No. 19, secs. 104 & 105.)

Know all men by these presents,
That we^a of^b in the Colony of New South
Wales, and of^b are held
and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, in the
penal sum of^c pounds sterling, to be paid to Her
said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for which payment
well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, and each of us,
our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and adminis-
trators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the day of
one thousand eight hundred and

WHEREAS the above-bounded^d given notice of
intention to export to^e in the ship^f whereof^g
is the Master, the following goods, wares, or
merchandise, that is to say^h
imported into the Colony by the ship or ships described in the
Drawback Entry for the said goods, and to claim a Drawback
of the Duty paid thereon, under the provisions and regu-
lations of the Customs Regulation Act 1879, and alleges that
the said goods, wares, and merchandise are in the same
packages and in the same state and condition in all things as
they were when duty was paid thereupon at the Port of

Now the Condition of this Obligation is such, that if the
said goods, wares, and merchandise, and every part thereof,
are now in the same packages and in the same state and con-
dition in all things as same were when duty was paid thereon
at the Port of And if the said goods, wares, and
merchandise, and every part thereof, shall be duly shipped
and exported to and shall be duly landed thereat
in the same state and condition as when so shipped; or if the
said goods, wares, and merchandise shall be otherwise
accounted for to the satisfaction of the Collector of Customs
at And if the said goods, wares, and merchandise
shall not from the time of their being shipped for exportation
as aforesaid, until they arrive at aforesaid, be altered

or tampered with, and if no admixture or substitution of any other articles shall be made therewith, and therein, then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered in }
the presence of, — }

Collector of Customs.

- ^a The person entering the goods and his surety.
- ^b Places of residence and descriptions of such person and surety.
- ^c Double the amount of duties payable on the importation of the goods.
- ^d Person entering the goods.
- ^e Place to which goods are to be exported.
- ^f Name of ship.
- ^g Name of Master.
- ^h Describe "sugar, wine, spirits, beer, or tobacco," intended to be exported.

[Indorsement.]

Dated the day of 18 .

Bond for Drawback.

Export of Warehoused Goods by land.

(42 Victoria, No. 19, sec. 106.)

Know all men by these presents, That we, ^a of ^b in the Colony of New South Wales, and ^c of ^d in the aforesaid Colony, are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, in the penal sum of ^e pounds sterling, to be paid to Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for which payment well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, and each of us, our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated this day of in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and

- ^a The person entering the goods, and his sureties.
- ^b Places of residence and descriptions of such persons and sureties.
- ^c Double the amount of duties payable on the importation of the goods.

WHEREAS the following goods, that is to say,

the duties payable in respect whereof have not yet been paid, are now deposited in Warehouse, at under the Laws and Regulations relating to the Customs or Inland Revenue; and whereas the above-bounden intends to remove the said goods from the said Warehouse by land to a Bonding Warehouse at in the Colony of subject to the rules, regulations, and restrictions in that behalf provided;

Now the Condition of this Obligation is such, that if no part of the said goods shall be used in the said Colony of New South Wales, and if the contents of the packages in which the said goods are contained shall be delivered at the last-mentioned Warehouse in the same order as the same shall be delivered from the said Warehouse in which same are, without the same having been in any way tampered with or altered, and without the admixture or substitution of any other goods, and if the said do and shall on demand pay the duty on any deficiency in weight, measure, or strength, on any such goods which may appear between the account taken at the said Warehouse from which they shall be taken and exported as aforesaid, and that taken by the Officer of Customs upon their arrival at then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered, in }
the presence of, — }

Collector of Customs.

Warehousekeeper's Bond.

(42 Victoria, No. 19, secs. 10 & 11.)

Know all men by these presents, — That we, ^a of ^b in the Colony of New South Wales, and ^c of ^d in the said Colony, are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, in the penal sum of pounds sterling to be paid to Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves, and each of us, our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the day of one thousand eight hundred and

WHEREAS of in the said Colony has applied to the Colonial Treasurer of the said Colony to appoint the building and premises described in the Schedule at the foot hereof to be a Warehouse in which goods liable to the payment of duties of Customs may be stored and kept until the duties payable in respect thereof have been paid or the said goods duly removed therefrom under the provisions of the Customs Regulation Act, 1879 (being a Warehouse of the class or description commonly called or known as "Bonding Warehouses or Bonded Warehouses,") and referred to in section 13

of the said Act as a "Bonded Warehouse," and to grant to the said a license to keep the said Warehouse as a Bonding Warehouse, under the provisions of the said Act, which the Colonial Treasurer has consented to do upon his giving security by Bond with Sureties, as hereinafter mentioned for the safe custody of all goods which at any time shall be deposited or be warehoused therein, until duly cleared therefrom:

Now the condition of this Obligation is such that if the said do and shall from time to time, and at all times hereafter, keep and detain in his custody in the said Warehouse all the goods which shall from time to time and at all times hereafter be deposited and warehoused therein until the same be duly cleared for home use or for exportation, or shall be removed from the said Warehouse under the provisions of the Customs Regulation Act, 1879, and shall not allow the said goods or any portion of same to be altered or tampered with, or in any way altered from the state and condition in which said goods shall be at the time they are deposited in the said Warehouse; and shall not permit or suffer any goods so deposited as aforesaid to be used or dealt with in any manner contrary to the provisions of the said Act; then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered, in }
the presence of

Collector of Customs.

SCHEDULE REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING BOND.

Drawback on Exportation overland.

(42 Victoria, No. 19, sec. 107.)

Know all men by these presents, That we, ^a of ^b in the Colony of New South Wales, and ^c of ^d in the aforesaid Colony, are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, in the penal sum of ^e pounds sterling, for which payment, well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves and each of us, our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the day of one thousand eight hundred and

- ^a The person entering the goods and his sureties.
- ^b Places of residence and descriptions of such person and sureties.
- ^c Double the amount of duties payable on the importation of the goods.

WHEREAS the above-bounden has lately imported into the Port of in the ship or vessel called the Master, from the undermentioned goods, namely

and has paid the Customs duties that were payable in respect thereof; And whereas the above-bounden asserts that the said goods are in the original packages or condition in which they were imported, and he has made the declaration required by law that the full duties due on the importation of the said goods have been paid; and whereas the said has applied to be allowed a drawback upon the said goods so to be exported as aforesaid, upon his entering into a bond with sureties, as provided by the 107th section of the "Customs Regulation Act, 1879," conditioned as hereinafter mentioned.

Now the condition of this Bond or Obligation is such, that if no part of the said goods shall be used within the Colony of New South Wales, and if the contents of each package containing the said goods shall be delivered at aforesaid in the same condition as the same shall be delivered out of the said Warehouse in which they now are, and shall not from the time of their being delivered out of the said last-mentioned Warehouse, for the purpose of being conveyed to until they arrive at in any way be altered or tampered with, and if no admixture or substitution of any other goods shall be made therein, then this Obligation shall be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered, in }
the presence of, — }

Collector of Customs.

General Transire Bond.

(42 Victoria, No. 19, sec. 120.)

Know all men by these presents, That we, ^a of ^b in the Colony of New South Wales, and ^c of ^d in the said Colony, are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, in the penal sum of pounds sterling, to be paid to Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for which payment well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, and each of us, and every three and two of us, our and every of our heirs, executors, and administrators, jointly and severally, by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the day of one thousand eight hundred and

WHEREAS^d is the of a Coaster called or known as trading from the port of in the said Colony, and has applied to the Collector of Customs at the said port for a General Transire, which shall empower the said Coaster to make coasting voyages for three months, without requiring a clearance for each voyage; and whereas the Collector of Customs aforesaid has consented to grant a General Transire for the said Coaster, as provided by section 129 of the Customs Regulation Act, 1879, upon the said as such with two sufficient securities, giving a bond in the penal sum of conditioned, as hereinafter is mentioned, and has approved of the said and being the sureties in the said bond:

Now the condition of the above-written Bond or Obligation is such, that if the Master of the said Coaster for the time being shall, as required by the said Act, keep a cargo book, and when and as often as a new Master shall be appointed to the said Coaster, then if such change of the Master shall be immediately entered in the said cargo book by the Master then appointed, and the said new Master shall forthwith produce the said cargo book to the Collector or other Principal Officer of Customs; or if at any place where there is no Officer of Customs, then at the port or place in New South Wales where an Officer of Customs is stationed, at which the said Coaster shall afterwards first arrive; and if the Master for the time being of the said Coaster shall from time to time make all entries required by sections 126 and 129 of the said Act to be made in the said cargo book; and if every entry in the said cargo book so required to be made as aforesaid shall be duly made therein in due form, and be signed by the Master of the said Coaster; and if no illicitly distilled spirits or uncustomed goods shall be taken into, carried by, or discharged from such Coaster; and if no goods shall be carried in the said Coaster except such as shall be legally laden to be so carried at some port or place in the Colony of New South Wales; and if no goods shall be taken into or put out of the said Coaster at sea; and if the said Coaster shall not enter any port, harbour, or place beyond the Colony of New South Wales, or deviate from her voyage, unless forced so to do by unavoidable circumstances, and if the said Coaster shall be so forced by unavoidable circumstances, or shall enter any port, harbour, river, or place outside the Colony of New South Wales; or if any goods shall have been taken into or put out of such Coaster at sea, then, if the Master shall make a full and perfect statement as to the circumstances under which the said Coaster has entered any such port, harbour, river or place, and of the circumstances under which said goods have been taken on board the said Coaster at sea or at any port out of the Colony of New South Wales, and declare the same in writing under his hand to the Collector or other principal Officer at the port in the Colony of New South Wales where such vessel shall afterwards first arrive, then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered, in }
the presence of }

Collector of Customs.

- ^a The Master or Owner of the Coaster and his Sureties.
- ^b Places of residence and description of such person and Sureties.
- ^c The amount fixed by the Collector.
- ^d "Master" or "Owner," as the case may be.

Bond for storing Colonial Distilled Spirits.

Know all men by these presents.

That we,^a of^b in the Colony of New South Wales are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, in the penal sum of pounds sterling, to be paid to Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for which payment well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, and each of us, our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the day of one thousand eight hundred and

WHEREAS the above-bounden^c intends to store under Bond the undermentioned Colonial distilled spirits, namely:—

the duties upon which have not been paid, and which spirits he is desirous of depositing in Bonding Warehouse situate at in the port of

Now the Condition of this Obligation is such, that if all the above-mentioned spirits shall be safely deposited in such warehouse situate as aforesaid, and shall be either duly exported or the full duties payable on such spirits be paid to the Colonial Treasurer, and his receipt produced to the Collector or other proper Officer of the Customs, at the said Port of and if no part thereof shall be taken out of such warehouse until cleared from thence upon due entry and payment of duty if intended for home consumption, or upon due entry if intended for exportation,—and if the whole of

such goods shall be so cleared from such warehouse, and the duties upon any deficiency of the quantity, according to such first account, shall be paid within three years from the date of the first entry thereof,—then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered, in }
the presence of }

Collector of Customs.

- ^a The person entering the goods, and one surety.
- ^b Places of residence and descriptions of such person and surety.
- ^c Person entering the goods.

Bond for rectifying spirits.

Know all men by these presents:

That we of in the Colony of New South Wales, and of are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, in the penal sum of sterling to be paid to Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves and each of us, our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the day of one thousand eight hundred and

Whereas the above-bounden is now carrying on the business of a rectifier of spirits in certain premises situated at and has applied to the Honorable the Secretary for Finance and Trade, in the said Colony, to be allowed from time to time to remove spirits held for payment of duty in Customs Bonding Warehouses in the City of Sydney aforesaid to the premises in which he is now carrying on his said business as a rectifier of spirits as aforesaid, in order that same may be rectified under and subject to the supervision and control of the Chief Inspector of Distilleries and Sugar Refineries, for the purpose of making methylated spirit And that he the said upon the said spirits having been so rectified will remove the same forthwith unto a Customs Bonding Warehouse in the City of Sydney, there to be held for payment of duty, in like manner as the said spirits were held before same had been removed for the purpose of being rectified as aforesaid And whereas the said is desirous of removing under the said arrangement the undermentioned spirits, that is to say,

the duties in respect whereof have not yet been paid, and which spirits are now deposited in warehouse, in the City of Sydney aforesaid, under the provisions and regulations of all and every the Acts of Council now in force within the said Colony for the general regulation of the Customs in New South Wales, from the said warehouse to the said premises in which the said is carrying on his said business as a rectifier of spirits as aforesaid, in order that the said spirits may be rectified, and when rectified that the same may be removed from the said premises and place by the said in Bonding Warehouse at there to be held for payment of duty: Now the Condition of this Obligation is such that if the said shall remove the said spirits from the said Bonding Warehouse at to the said premises at which he is now carrying on business as a rectifier of spirits as aforesaid, and do and shall there rectify the said spirits and within days from the delivery of the said spirits from the said Bonding Warehouse in which same now are to him the said at his expense, in all things deliver and store the whole of the said spirits in the Bonding Warehouse at in the said City of Sydney, known as less the quantity which it is supposed will be lost in the process of rectification, which is not to exceed two per centum of the quantity of the said spirits so taken out of the said Bonding Warehouse as aforesaid, there to be held until same shall be either duly exported or the full duties due and payable on the importation of the said spirits, or on such part thereof as shall not be exported, be paid to the Collector or other proper Officer at the Port of Sydney, in the said Colony; and if no part of the said spirits shall be taken out of the said last-mentioned warehouse until cleared from thence upon due entry, and payment of duty, if intended for home consumption, or upon due entry in like manner as the same were held in the Bonding Warehouse before the same were removed from thence by the said to be rectified as aforesaid, and do not, nor shall use, or cause or allow to be used, the said spirits or any part thereof, after the same shall have been delivered to him for the purpose of being rectified as aforesaid, in any manner or for any purpose other than as hereinbefore stated, then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the said }
in the presence of }

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the said }
in the presence of }

Bond for licensing vessels or boats.

(Sec. 142.)

Know all men by these presents that we _____ of _____ in the Colony of New South Wales and _____ of _____ are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria in the penal sum of _____ pounds sterling, to be paid to Her said Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, for which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves, and each of us, our and each and every of our heirs, executors and administrators, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

Sealed with our seals, dated the _____ day of _____ one thousand eight hundred and _____

WHEREAS by a certain Act of the Governor and Council made and passed in the forty-second year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled the Customs Regulation Act one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine, it is amongst other things enacted that no vessel or boat under the tonnage allowed by law to be registered shall be employed for any purpose whatever unless the owner or owners thereof shall have a license as therein described and directed for navigating the same, from the Collector of Her Majesty's Customs :
And whereas the above-bounded _____ owner of the _____ of _____ being a vessel within the meaning of the said Act has _____ this day obtained a license for the said _____ under the hand of the Collector of Her Majesty's Customs, whereby she is licensed to be employed in the

Now the condition of this Obligation is such, that if the aforesaid _____ shall not be employed in the importation, landing, or removing any prohibited or uncustomed goods contrary to the true intent or meaning of any law, order, or regulation which now is or hereafter may be in force relating to the Revenue of Customs, nor in removal of any goods which are or may be prohibited to be removed from this Colony, nor in relanding of any goods contrary to law And if the said _____ shall not receive or take on board or be found at sea, or in any port, river, bay, or creek in this Colony, laden with any goods contrary to any law, order, or regulation in force, and shall not do any act contrary to any law or regulation made or hereafter to be made relating to the Revenue of Customs or the preservation of the ports, harbours and navigable rivers, or for the protection of trade and commerce of this Colony And if the said _____ shall not be employed otherwise than mentioned in the said License (nor otherwise than within the limits therein mentioned), and if the said License shall in case of loss, breaking-up, or disposal of the said _____ be delivered up within six months from the date of such loss, breaking-up, or disposal of such _____ to the Collector of Customs or other principal Officer of this Port,—then this Obligation to be void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered in }
the presence of }

Collector of Customs.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

TREATIES OF COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION BETWEEN
GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

(DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

Presented to Parliament by Command.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
26th August, 1880.

His Excellency the Governor directs the publication of the following Despatch, prolonging the duration of the existing Treaties of Commerce and Navigation between Great Britain and France.

JAMES WATSON.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,
24th January, 1880.

Sir,

I have the honor to transmit to you for publication in the Colony under your Government a copy of a Declaration between this Country and the French Government, prolonging the duration of the existing Treaties of Commerce and Navigation between Great Britain and France, which was signed at Paris on the 10th of October, 1879.

The Officer Administering
The Government of New South Wales.I have, &c.,
M. E. HICKS BEACH.

Declaration between the British and French Governments prolonging the duration of the existing Treaties of Commerce and Navigation between Great Britain and France.

Signed at Paris, October 10th, 1879.

THE Government of Her Britannic Majesty and the Government of the French Republic, foreseeing the case in which the commercial and maritime relations between Great Britain and France should not have been settled by fresh arrangements before the 31st December, 1879, the period at which the existing Commercial Treaties and Conventions are to expire, and wishing to secure for the manufacturers and merchants of both countries a sufficient delay to conclude the operations in course of execution,—

Have agreed to prolong, for a period of six months before their definitive termination, the Conventional Acts in force between Great Britain and France.

Considering, besides, that, according to the terms of the Law passed in France on the 4th August last, which confers on the Government of the Republic the power of prolonging the Commercial Treaties and Conventions, the duration of their prolongation cannot exceed six months from the promulgation of the new General Customs Tariff submitted to the approbation of the French Chambers,—

The High Contracting Parties agree that the stipulated delay of six months shall commence from the day either anterior or posterior to the 1st January, 1880, on which the new General Customs Tariff shall have been promulgated.

The benefit of the prolongation shall apply to the Conventional Acts enumerated hereafter, that is to say:—

1. Treaty of Commerce of the 23rd January, 1860.
2. Additional Article of the 25th February, 1860.
3. Second Additional Article of the 27th June, 1860.
4. First Supplementary Convention of the 12th October, 1860.
5. Second Supplementary Convention of the 16th November, 1860.
6. Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of the 23rd July, 1873.
7. Supplementary Convention of the 24th January, 1874.
8. Declaration of the 24th January, 1874.

In witness whereof, the undersigned, acting in the name of their respective Governments, have drawn up the present Declaration, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done in duplicate, at Paris, the 10th day of October, 1879.

(L.S.) F. O. ADAMS.
(L.S.) WADDINGTON.

LE Gouvernement de sa Majesté Britannique et le Gouvernement de la République Française, prévoyant le cas où les relations commerciales et maritimes entre la Grande Bretagne et la France n'auraient pas été réglées par de nouveaux arrangements avant le 31 Décembre, 1879, époque à laquelle les Traités et Conventions de Commerce actuellement existants doivent prendre fin, et désirant assurer aux industriels et aux négociants des deux pays un délai suffisant pour terminer les opérations en cours d'exécution,—

Sont convenus de proroger, pour une période de six mois avant leur cessation définitive, les Actes Conventionnels en vigueur entre la Grande Bretagne et la France.

Considérant, d'ailleurs, qu'aux termes de la Loi votée en France le 4 Août dernier, qui confère au Gouvernement de la République la faculté de proroger les Traités et Conventions de Commerce, la durée de cette prorogation ne pourra excéder six mois à partir de la promulgation du nouveau Tarif Général des Douanes soumis à l'approbation des Chambres Françaises,—

Les Hautes Parties Contractantes conviennent que le délai stipulé de six mois courra à partir du jour soit antérieur soit postérieur au 1^{er} Janvier, 1880, où le nouveau Tarif Général des Douanes de France aura été promulgué.

Le bénéfice de la prorogation s'appliquera aux actes Conventionnels énumérés ci-après, savoir:—

1. Traité de Commerce du 23 Janvier, 1860.
2. Article Additionnel du 25 Février, 1860.
3. Second Article Additionnel du 27 Juin, 1860.
4. Première Convention Supplémentaire du 12 Octobre, 1860.
5. Seconde Convention Supplémentaire du 16 Novembre, 1860.
6. Traité de Commerce et de Navigation du 23 Juillet, 1873.
7. Convention Supplémentaire du 24 Janvier, 1874.
8. Déclaration du 24 Janvier, 1874.

En foi de quoi, les soussignés, agissant au nom de leurs Gouvernements respectifs, ont dressé la présente Déclaration, et y ont apposé le cachet de leurs armes.

Fait à Paris, en double exemplaire, le 10 Octobre, 1879.

(L.S.) F. O. ADAMS.
(L.S.) WADDINGTON.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING THE RENEWAL, WITH MODIFICATIONS, OF THE EXISTING TREATIES OF COMMERCE BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND FRANCE.

(DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

Presented to Parliament by Command.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
26th October, 1880.

His Excellency the Governor directs the publication, for general information, of the following Circular Despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, forwarding copies of correspondence respecting the renewal, with modifications, of the existing Treaties of Commerce between Great Britain and France.

JAMES WATSON.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,
26th June, 1880.

Sir,

I have the honour to transmit to you, for information in the Colony under your Government, copies of a correspondence laid before Parliament respecting the renewal, with modifications, of the existing Treaties of Commerce between Great Britain and France.

I have, &c.,
KIMBERLEY.The Officer Administering the Government of
New South Wales.

Correspondence with M. Léon Say respecting the renewal, with modifications, of the existing Treaties of Commerce between Great Britain and France.

No. 1.

M. Léon Say to Earl Granville.—(Received June 8.)

Londres, le 8 Juin, 1880.

M. le Comte,

Le Gouvernement de la République Française est disposé à ouvrir avec le Gouvernement de la Reine, aussitôt que le moment paraîtra opportun et sur les bases suivantes, des négociations pour arriver au renouvellement des Traités de 1860.

1. Recherche d'une classe de vins payant à l'entrée en Angleterre un droit réduit.

2. Maintien sous le régime du Tarif Général à l'entrée en France des bestiaux et matières agricoles, qui par conséquent ne devraient pas figurer dans le Traité.

3. Recherche des moyens de faire disparaître les fraudes du Douane.

4. Amélioration du *statu quo* dans le sens du développement des relations commerciales.

Ces bases sont assez générales pour réserver toute liberté de discussion aux deux Gouvernements sur la classification des produits et sur la fixation des droits.

L'accroissement des relations commerciales par un échange international de plus en plus étendu des principaux produits des industries des deux pays, ne peut manquer de resserrer les liens d'amitié qui unissent si étroitement les deux peuples, et je suis heureux de penser qu'on atteindra ce résultat par le renouvellement sur les bases ci-dessus indiquées des Traités de 1860.

Veuillez, &c.,

(Signé) LÉON SAY.

(Translation.)

London, June 8, 1880.

M. le Comte,

The Government of the French Republic is ready to open negotiations with Her Majesty's Government for the renewal of the Treaties of 1860 as soon as the moment appears fitting and on the following bases:—

1. Inquiry as to a class of wines to pay on their entry into England a lower rate of duty.

2. Maintenance of the duties prescribed by the General Tariff for cattle and agricultural produce imported into France, which would consequently not appear in the Treaty.

3. Inquiry into the means of suppressing frauds on the Customs.

4. Amelioration of the *statu quo* with a view to develop commercial relations.

These bases are general enough to reserve to the two Governments entire freedom of discussion with regard to the classification of goods and the fixing of duties.

The extension of commercial relations by a wider international exchange of the chief industrial products of the two countries cannot fail to draw nearer the ties of friendship which so closely unite the two countries, and I am glad to think that this result will be attained by the renewal, on the bases above indicated, of the Treaties of 1860.

Accept, &c.,

(Signed) LEON SAY.

No. 2.
Earl Granville to M. Léon Say.

Foreign Office,
June 8, 1880.

M. l'Ambassadeur,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Excellency's note of to-day's date indicating the bases upon which the French Government are prepared to open negotiations for the renewal of the Treaties of Commerce at present subsisting between the two countries as soon as a favourable opportunity presents itself.

I beg to inform your Excellency in reply that Her Majesty's Government have much pleasure in accepting the proposal which you have been instructed to make; and they

consider that the points enumerated in your note will afford a satisfactory basis of negotiation.

With regard, however, to the fourth point, I think it right to inform your Excellency that an amelioration of the *status quo* intended to develop commercial relations between the two countries can only, in the opinion of Her Majesty's Government, be understood as meaning a reduction of duties on the principal products of English industry, though not necessarily a general reduction of duty on all such products.

Her Majesty's Government concur with your Excellency that there are other matters which can be treated in detail when formal negotiations are commenced.

I am, &c.,
(Signed) GRANVILLE.

1880-81.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP AND COMMERCE BETWEEN
GREAT BRITAIN AND SERVIA.

(DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

Presented to Parliament by Command.

The Treasury, New South Wales,
26th October, 1880.

His Excellency the Governor directs the publication, for general information, of the following Circular Despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, forwarding copy of a Treaty of Friendship and Commerce entered into between Great Britain and Serbia, together with copy of a Despatch from the British Minister at Belgrade, notifying that Belgrade and Vrania have been designated by the Government of Serbia as the places where goods liable to *ad valorem* duties are to be imported.

JAMES WATSON.

(Circular No. 1.)

Downing-street,
22nd July, 1880.

Sir,

I have the honour to transmit to you, for the information of your Government, a copy of a Treaty of Friendship and Commerce, dated the 7th of February, 1880, which has been entered into between this Country and Serbia, together with a copy of a Despatch from the British Minister at Belgrade, notifying that Belgrade and Vrania have been designated by the Government of Serbia as the places where Goods liable to *ad valorem* duties are to be imported.

I have, &c.,

KIMBERLEY.

The Officer Administering
The Government of New South Wales.

Treaty of Friendship and Commerce between Her Majesty and the Prince of Servia.

Signed at Nisch, 7th February and 26th January, 1880.

[Ratifications exchanged at Belgrade, May 18, 1880.]

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Highness the Prince of Servia, being desirous of placing on a satisfactory footing the commercial relations between the two States, have, with this object, determined to conclude a Treaty of Friendship and Commerce, and they have accordingly appointed their respective Plenipotentiaries, that is to say :

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Gerard Francis Gould, Esquire, Her Majesty's Minister Resident at the Court of Servia, &c., &c., &c. ;

And His Highness the Prince of Servia, M. Jean Ristitch, Grand Cross of his order of Takovo, &c., President of his Council of Ministers, and his Minister for Foreign Affairs ;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good order and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles :—

ARTICLE I.

British subjects who reside temporarily or permanently in Servia, and Servian subjects who reside temporarily or permanently in the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, shall enjoy therein, with respect to residence and the exercise of commerce and trade, the same rights as, and shall not be subject to any higher or other imposts or taxes, whether general, municipal, or local, than natives, or the subjects of any other country the most favoured in this respect by either of the Contracting Parties.

British subjects in Servia, and Servian subjects in the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, shall enjoy the same treatment as natives, or as is now granted, or may hereafter be granted, to the subjects of any other country the most favoured in this respect, with regard to the acquisition, the holding, and the disposal of property, and all charges on it, with regard to access to Courts of Law and in the prosecution and defence of their rights, and in regard to domiciliary visits to their dwellings, manufactories, warehouses, or shops.

They shall be exempted from billeting, and from all compulsory military service, whether in the army, navy, national guard, or militia. They shall be likewise exempted from all contributions, whether pecuniary or in kind, imposed as a compensation for billeting and for personal service ; and, finally, from forced loans and military exactions or requisitions, as well as from all judicial or municipal functions whatever.

ARTICLE II.

The produce and manufactures of, as well as all goods coming from, the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, which are imported into Servia, and the produce and manufactures of, as well as all goods coming from, Servia, which are imported into the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, whether intended for consumption warehousing, re-exportation, or transit, shall be treated in the same manner as, and, in particular, shall be subjected to no higher or other duties, whether general, municipal, or local, than the produce, manufactures, and goods of any third country the most favoured in this respect, except as regards such special facilities as have been, or may hereafter be, conceded on the part of Servia to the neighbouring States, with respect to the local traffic between their contiguous frontier districts. No other or higher duties shall be levied in Servia on the exportation of any goods to the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, or in the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, on the exportation of any goods to Servia than may be levied on the exportation of the like goods to any third country the most favoured in this respect.

Neither of the contracting parties shall establish a prohibition of importation, exportation, or transit against the other, which shall not, under like circumstances, be applicable to any third country the most favoured in this respect.

In like manner in all that relates to local dues, customs formalities, brokerage, patterns, or samples introduced by commercial travellers, and all other matters connected with trade, British subjects in Servia, and Servian subjects in the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, shall enjoy most-favoured-nation treatment.

ARTICLE III.

The undermentioned goods the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the like goods the produce or manufacture of British Colonies and

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, et Son Altesse le Prince de Serbie, désirant placer sur une base satisfaisante les relations commerciales entre les deux Etats, ont, dans ce but, résolu de conclure un Traité d'Amitié et de Commerce, et ont à cet effet nommé pour leurs Plénipotentiaires respectifs, savoir :—

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, Monsieur Gerard Francis Gould, son Ministre Résident près la Cour de Serbie ; et

Son Altesse le Prince de Serbie, Monsieur Jean Ristitch, Grand Croix de Son Ordre de Takovo, &c., Président de son Conseil des Ministres, et son Ministre des Affaires Etrangères ;

Lesquels, après s'être communiqué leurs pleins-pouvoirs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont tombés d'accord et ont arrêté les Articles suivants :—

ARTICLE I.

Les sujets Britanniques qui résident d'une manière soit temporaire soit permanente en Serbie, et les sujets Serbes qui résident d'une manière soit temporaire soit permanente dans les territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, y jouiront par rapport à la résidence et à l'exercice du commerce et de l'industrie, des mêmes droits et ne seront assujettis à aucun impôt ou taxe, général, municipal, ou local autre ou plus élevé que les nationaux ou les sujets de toute autre Puissance la plus favorisée sous ce rapport par les Parties Contractantes.

Les sujets Britanniques en Serbie, et les sujets Serbes dans les territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, jouiront du même traitement que les nationaux ou les sujets de la nation la plus favorisée, sous le rapport de l'acquisition, la possession, et l'aliénation d'immeubles, et de toute charge sur ces immeubles, sous le rapport de l'accès aux Tribunaux, de la poursuite et de la défense de leurs droits, et en ce qui regarde les visites domiciliaires à leurs domiciles, leurs fabriques, leurs magasins, ou leurs boutiques.

En outre, ils seront dispensés de fournir des logements aux troupes et de tout service militaire obligatoire, dans l'armée, la marine, la garde nationale, ou la milice. Ils seront de même exempts de toute contribution, en argent, ou en nature, imposée comme compensation pour le logement de troupes ou pour le service personnel ; et, en dernier lieu, d'emprunts forcés et de prestations et réquisitions militaires, ainsi que de toutes fonctions judiciaires ou municipales quelconques.

ARTICLE II.

Les produits et manufactures, ainsi que toutes les marchandises provenant des territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, qui sont importés en Serbie, et les produits et manufactures, ainsi que tous les marchandises provenant de la Serbie, qui sont importés dans les territoires, y compris les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, destinés à la consommation, l'entrepôt, la réexportation ou le transit, seront traités de la même manière et, spécialement, ne seront assujettis à aucuns droits généraux, municipaux, ou locaux, autres ou plus élevés que les produits, les manufactures, et les marchandises de toute tierce Puissance la plus favorisée sous ce rapport, excepté en ce qui concerne les facilités spéciales qui ont été ou qui pourront être concédées plus tard par la Serbie aux Etats voisins, par rapport au trafic local entre leurs districts frontières limitrophes. Aucun droit autre ou plus élevé ne sera prélevé dans les territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, sur l'exportation d'aucune marchandise en Serbie, ni en Serbie sur l'exportation d'aucune marchandise dans les territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, que ceux qui pourront être perçus sur l'exportation des mêmes marchandises dans un tiers pays le plus favorisé sous ce rapport.

Aucune des Parties Contractantes n'établira à l'égard de l'autre une prohibition contre l'importation, l'exportation ou le transit, qui, dans les mêmes circonstances, ne sera pas applicable à tout tiers pays le plus favorisé sous ce rapport.

De même pour tout ce qui concerne les droits locaux, les formalités de douane, le courtage, les dessins de fabrique ou les échantillons introduits par des commis-voyageurs, ainsi que toutes autres affaires commerciales, les sujets Britanniques en Serbie et les sujets Serbes dans les territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, jouiront du traitement de la nation la plus favorisée.

ARTICLE III.

Les marchandises ci-dessous mentionnées d'origine ou de manufacture du Royaume-Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, ou les marchandises similaires d'origine ou de manu-

foreign possessions, shall, subject to the stipulations contained in Articles II and VIII of the present Treaty, pay on importation into Serbia duty not exceeding 8 per cent. *ad valorem*, viz. :—

Metals and metal manufactures, whether of one metal or different metals in combination ;
Tools and cutlery of all kinds ;
Machines and machinery, and detached parts thereof ;

Agricultural implements and machinery ;
Yarns, threads, and textile manufactures of all descriptions ;

Pottery and porcelain wares, and refined mineral oils.

Other goods, the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and British Colonies and foreign possessions, shall pay, as the case may be, the specific duties in the Servian General or Conventional Tariff, or an *ad valorem* duty of 10 per cent., at the option of the importer.

ARTICLE IV.

British goods imported into Serbia shall not be subject to any other or higher local or other surcharges on customs duties than those which are now levied, namely :—

1. 20 centimes per 100 kilogrammes for portage where Custom-house porters are employed ;
2. 8 centimes per 100 kilogrammes for weighing ;
3. 10 centimes per 100 kilogrammes for paving ;
4. 5 centimes per 100 kilogrammes for warehousing. This duty shall be 10 centimes per 100 kilogrammes on explosive or combustible goods.

It is further agreed that any reduction in these surcharges which may be granted to the produce or manufactures of any third Power shall be at once extended to the like articles of British produce or manufacture.

ARTICLE V.

The duties *ad valorem* levied in Serbia on goods the produce or manufacture of the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, shall be calculated on the value at the place of production or fabrication of the object imported, with the addition of the cost of transport, insurance, and commission necessary for the importation into Serbia as far as the port of discharge or place of entry.

For the levying of these duties the importer shall make a written declaration at the Custom-house stating the value and description of the goods imported. If the Custom-house authorities shall be of opinion that the declared value is insufficient, they shall be at liberty to take the goods on paying to the importer the price declared, namely, the value at the place of production or fabrication of the object imported, with the addition of the cost of transport, insurance, and commission necessary for the importation into Serbia as far as the port of discharge or place of entry, with an addition of 5 per cent.

This payment, together with the restitution of any duty which may have been levied upon such goods, shall be made within the fifteen days following the declaration.

Goods unaccompanied by the above-mentioned declaration shall not be entitled to the benefit of paying the *ad valorem* duties stipulated in the present Treaty, but shall be subjected to the specific or other duties charged in the Servian General or Conventional Tariff.

ARTICLE VI.

The Servian Government reserves to itself the right, after an understanding with Her Majesty's Legation, to limit to certain places the Custom-houses through which goods charged *ad valorem* may enter Serbia.

The Servian Government likewise reserves to itself the right to require that the importer shall produce, together with his declaration of value on the entry of the goods into Serbia, one or other, at his option, of the following documents, namely :—

- (1.) A declaration of value made before a magistrate at the place of production or manufacture ;
- (2.) A certificate of value from the Chamber of Commerce at the place ; or
- (3.) A declaration of value made before the nearest Servian Consul. The fee of such Consul on certifying this declaration shall not exceed five shillings.

ARTICLE VII.

If one of the Contracting Parties shall impose an excise tax, that is to say, an inland duty, upon any article of home production or manufacture, an equivalent compensatory duty may be imposed on articles of the same description on their importation from the territories of the other Power, provided that the said equivalent duty is levied on like articles on their importation from all foreign countries.

facture des Colonies et des possessions étrangères Britanniques, paieront, sauf les stipulations contenues dans les Articles II et VIII du présent Traité, à leur importation en Serbie, un droit *ad valorem* n'excédant pas 8 pour cent. savoir :—

Les métaux et manufactures de métaux, qu'elles soient d'un seul métal ou de plusieurs métaux combinés ;

Les outils et la coutellerie de tout genre ;
Les machines et mécaniques de tout genre, ainsi que les pièces détachées de machines ou de mécaniques ;

Les instruments et machines agricoles ;

Les fils à tisser et à coudre, ainsi que les manufactures textiles de tout genre ;

La poterie et la porcelaine ;

Les huiles minérales raffinées.

Les autres marchandises d'origine ou de manufacture du Royaume-Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, ou des Colonies et des possessions étrangères Britanniques, paieront à leur entrée en Serbie, au choix de l'importateur, soit les droits spécifiques du Tarif Serbe Général ou Conventuel, selon le cas, soit un droit de 10 pour cent *ad valorem*.

ARTICLE IV.

Les marchandises Britanniques importées en Serbie ne seront assujetties à aucunes taxes additionnelles aux droits de Douanes, locales ou d'autre nature, nouvelles ou plus élevées, que celles qui sont perçues aujourd'hui, savoir :—

1. Pour le factage, 20 centimes par cent kilogrammes, et là seulement où ce service est fait par des employés de la Douane ;
2. Pour le pesage, huit centimes par cent kilogrammes ;
3. Pour le pavage, dix centimes par cent kilogrammes ; et
4. Pour le magasinage, cinq centimes par cent kilogrammes.

Cette taxe sera portée à dix centimes par cent kilogrammes pour les marchandises inflammables et explosibles.

Il est en outre convenu que toute réduction de ces taxes additionnelles qui pourra être accordée aux produits ou manufactures de toute tierce Puissance, sera immédiatement étendue aux mêmes articles d'origine ou de manufacture Britannique.

ARTICLE V.

Les droits *ad valorem* prélevés en Serbie sur les marchandises d'origine ou de manufacture des territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, seront calculés sur la valeur de l'objet importé, au lieu de production ou de fabrication, on y ajoutant les frais de transport, d'assurance, et de commission nécessaires pour l'importation en Serbie, jusqu'au port de décharge ou lieu d'entrée.

Pour la perception de ces droits, l'importation remettra à la Douane une déclaration écrite indiquant la valeur et la nature des marchandises importées. Si la douane est d'avis que la valeur déclarée est insuffisante, elle pourra garder les marchandises on payant à l'importateur le prix déclaré, c'est-à-dire la valeur de l'objet importé, au lieu de production ou de fabrication, augmentée des frais de transport, d'assurance, et de commission nécessaires à l'importation en Serbie, jusqu'au port de décharge ou lieu d'entrée, et de 5 pour cent additionnels.

Ce paiement ainsi que le remboursement de tout droit acquitté par les dites marchandises, auront lieu dans les quinze jours qui suivront la déclaration.

Les marchandises non-accompagnées de la dite déclaration ne seront pas admises au paiement des droits *ad valorem* stipulés par le présent Traité, mais seront assujetties aux droits spécifiques ou autres inscrits dans le Tarif Serbe, Général ou Conventuel.

ARTICLE VI.

Le Gouvernement Serbe se réserve le droit de limiter, d'accord avec la Légation de Sa Majesté Britannique, à certaines localités les douanes par lesquelles les marchandises assujetties aux droits *ad valorem* pourront être introduites en Serbie.

Le Gouvernement Serbe se réserve de même le droit d'exiger de l'importateur qu'il produise, à l'introduction en Serbie des marchandises, outre la déclaration de valeur, un des documents suivants, laissé à son choix :—

- (1.) Une déclaration de valeur dressé par devant le magistrat du lieu de production de la marchandise ;
- (2.) Un certificat de valeur délivré par la Chambre de Commerce du lieu de production ;
- (3.) Une déclaration de valeur dressée par devant le Consul Serbe du lieu le plus proche. La taxe à percevoir par le dit Consul pour la délivrance de cette pièce ne pourra excéder 5 shillings (soit 6 fr. 25).

ARTICLE VII.

Si l'une des Parties Contractantes établit un droit d'accise, c'est-à-dire un droit intérieur sur un produit quelconque du sol ou de l'industrie nationale, un droit compensateur équivalent pourra être perçu sur les produits similaires importés du territoire de l'autre Puissance, pourvu que le dit droit compensateur soit perçu sur les produits similaires de tout autre pays étranger, à leur importation.

In the event of the reduction or suppression of excise taxes, that is to say, inland duties, a corresponding reduction or suppression shall at the same time be made in the equivalent compensatory duty on manufactures of British or Servian origin, as the case may be.

ARTICLE VIII.

Every reduction in the Tariff of import and export duties, as well as every favour or immunity which has been or may hereafter be granted by one of the Contracting Parties to the subjects or commerce of a third power, shall be granted simultaneously and unconditionally to the other, except as regards such special facilities as have been, or may hereafter be, conceded on the part of Servia to the neighbouring States, with respect to the local traffic between their conterminous frontier districts.

ARTICLE IX.

British subjects in Servia and Servian subjects in the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, shall enjoy the same rights as natives, or as are now granted, or may hereafter be granted, to the subjects of any third Power the most favoured in this respect in everything relating to the property in trade marks and trade labels or tickets, as well as in patterns and designs for manufacturers. It is understood that any person who desires to obtain the aforesaid protection must fulfil the formalities required by the laws of the respective countries.

ARTICLE X.

Each of the contracting parties may appoint Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, Pro-Consuls, and Consular Agents to reside respectively in towns and ports in the territories of the other Power. Such Consular officers, however, shall not enter upon their functions until after they shall have been approved and admitted in the usual form by the Government to which they are sent. They shall exercise whatever functions, and enjoy whatever privileges, exemptions, and immunities are, or may hereafter be, granted there to Consular Officers of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE XI.

It is agreed that, as regards freights and all other facilities, British goods conveyed over Servian railways, and Servian goods conveyed over British railways, shall be treated in exactly the same manner as the goods of any other nation the most favoured in that respect.

ARTICLE XII.

British ships and their cargoes shall, in Servia, and Servian vessels and their cargoes shall, in the territories, including the Colonies and foreign possessions, of Her Britannic Majesty, from whatever place arriving, and whatever may be the place of origin or destination of their cargoes, be treated in every respect as national ships and their cargoes.

The preceding stipulation applies to local treatment, dues, and charges in the ports, basins, docks, roadsteads, harbours, and rivers of the two countries, pilotage, and generally to all matters connected with navigation.

Every favour or exemption in these respects, or any other privilege in matters of navigation which either of the Contracting Parties shall grant to a third Power, shall be extended immediately and unconditionally to the other party.

All vessels which, according to British law, are to be deemed British vessels, and all vessels which, according to Servian law, are to be deemed Servian vessels, shall, for the purposes of this Treaty, be respectively deemed British or Servian vessels.

ARTICLE XIII.

In consideration of the present Treaty, and as contemplated by the XXXVIIth Article of the Treaty, concluded at Berlin on the 18th July, 1878, Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland consents to surrender the privileges and immunities hitherto enjoyed by her subjects in Servia, in virtue of the Capitulations between Great Britain and the Ottoman Empire, as agreed upon, augmented, and altered at different periods, and finally confirmed by the Treaty of Peace concluded at the Dardanelles on the 5th January, 1809.

Provided always, and it is hereby expressly agreed, that the said Capitulations shall, as regards all judicial matters, except those affecting real estate in Servia, remain in full force as far as they concern the mutual relations between British subjects and the subjects of those other Powers, which, having a right to the privileges and immunities accorded by the aforesaid Capitulations, shall not have surrendered them.

Dans le cas de réduction ou suppression des droits d'accise, c'est-à-dire droits intérieurs, une réduction équivalente ou suppression sera en même temps opérée sur le droit compensateur prélevé sur les produits d'origine Britannique ou Serbe, selon le cas.

ARTICLE VIII.

Toute réduction dans le Tarif des droits d'importation ou d'exportation ainsi que toute faveur et immunité qui ont été ou qui pourront être accordées par l'une des Parties Contractantes aux sujets ou au commerce d'une tierce Puissance, seront accordées simultanément et sans conditions à l'autre, excepté en ce qui concerne les facilités spéciales qui ont été ou qui pourront être accordées plus tard par la Serbie aux Etats voisins, par rapport au trafic local entre leurs districts frontières limitrophes.

ARTICLE IX.

Les sujets Britanniques en Serbie et les sujets Serbes dans les territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, jouiront des mêmes droits que les nationaux ou de ceux qui sont présentement accordés ou qui pourront être accordés à l'avenir, aux sujets de toute tierce Puissance la plus favorisée sous ce rapport, pour tout ce qui concerne la propriété, soit des marques de commerce ou autres marques particulières indiquant l'origine ou la qualité des marchandises, soit des modèles ou dessins de fabrique.

ARTICLE X.

Chacune des Parties Contractantes pourra nommer des Consuls-Généraux, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, Pro-Consuls, et Agents Consulaires pour résider dans les villes et ports des territoires de l'autre Puissance. Ces Agents Consulaires n'entreront cependant pas en fonctions avant d'avoir été reconnus et admis dans la forme habituelle, par le Gouvernement auprès duquel ils sont accrédités. Ils auront le droit d'exercer les mêmes fonctions et ils jouiront des mêmes privilèges, exemptions, et immunités, qui sont ou qui seront à l'avenir accordés aux Agents Consulaires de la nation la plus favorisée.

ARTICLE XI.

Il est convenu que, en ce qui regarde les frais de transport et toute autre facilité, les marchandises Britanniques transportées sur les chemins de fer Serbes, et les marchandises Serbes transportées sur les chemins de fer Britanniques, seront traitées exactement de la même manière que les marchandises de toute autre nation la plus favorisée sous le dit rapport.

ARTICLE XII.

Les navires Britanniques et leurs cargaisons en Serbie et les navires Serbes et leurs cargaisons dans les territoires, y compris les Colonies et les possessions étrangères, de Sa Majesté Britannique, à leur arrivée d'un port quelconque, et quel que soit le lieu d'origine ou de destination de leur cargaison, jouiront, sous tous les rapports du même traitement que les navires nationaux et leurs cargaisons.

La stipulation précédente se réfère au traitement local, aux droits et aux frais dans les ports, les bassins, les docks, les rades, les harres, et les rivières des deux pays, au pilotage, et en général à tout ce qui se rapporte à la navigation.

Toute faveur ou exemptions sous ces rapports, ou tout autre privilège en fait de navigation, que l'une des Parties Contractantes accordera à une tierce Puissance, sera immédiatement et sans conditions étendu à l'autre partie.

Tout navire qui, en conformité des lois Britanniques, doit être considéré comme navire Britannique, et tout navire Serbe qui, en conformité des lois Serbes, doit être considéré comme navire Serbe, seront pour l'application du présent Traité, considérés réciproquement comme navires Britanniques ou Serbes.

ARTICLE XIII.

En suite du présent Traité, et des stipulations de l'Article XXXVII du Traité de Berlin du 13 Juillet, 1878, Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume-Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande consent à renoncer aux privilèges et immunités dont ses sujets ont joui jusqu'ici en Serbie, en vertu des Capitulations entre la Grande Bretagne et l'Empire Ottoman, ainsi qu'elles furent formulées, augmentées, et modifiées à diverses époques et définitivement confirmées par le Traité de Paix conclu aux Dardanelles le 5 Janvier, 1809.

Néanmoins, il est expressément convenu que les dites Capitulations resteront en vigueur pour toutes les affaires judiciaires concernant les relations entre des sujets Britanniques et des sujets d'autres Puissances qui n'auraient pas renoncé aux immunités et privilèges accordés par ces Capitulations, à moins pourtant que ces affaires judiciaires n'aient trait à des propriétés immobilières sises en Serbie.

ARTICLE XIV.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications exchanged at Belgrade as soon as possible after it shall have been approved by the Servian National Assembly. It shall come into force immediately after the exchange of the ratifications, and shall remain in force for ten years from that date. In case neither of the two Contracting Parties shall have given notice, twelve months before the expiration of the said period of ten years, of their intention of terminating the present Treaty, it shall remain in force until the expiration of one year from the day on which either of the Contracting Parties shall have given such notice.

In witness whereof the Plenipotentiaries have signed the present Treaty, and have affixed thereto their seals.

Executed in duplicate at Nisch, the 7th February and 26th January, 1880.

(L.S.) G. F. GOULD.
(L.S.) J. RISTITCH.

ARTICLE XIV.

Le présent Traité sera ratifié, et les ratifications en seront échangées à Belgrade le plus tôt que faire se pourra, dès que l'Assemblée Nationale Serbe l'aura approuvé. Il sera mis à exécution immédiatement après l'échange des ratifications, et demeurera en vigueur pendant dix ans à partir de cette date. Dans le cas où aucune des deux Parties Contractantes n'aura fait notifier douze mois avant l'expiration de la dite période de dix ans, son intention de faire cesser les effets du présent Traité, il restera en vigueur jusqu'à l'expiration d'une année à compter du jour où l'une ou l'autre des Parties Contractantes en fera la dénonciation.

En foi de quoi les Plénipotentiaires ont signé le présent Traité et y ont apposé leurs cachets.

Fait en double original à Nisch, le 7 Février et 26 Janvier, 1880.

(L.S.) G. F. GOULD.
(L.S.) J. RISTITCH.

DESPATCH from Mr. Gould, Her Majesty's Minister in Servia, relative to Servian Custom-Houses for Imports liable to *ad valorem* Duties:—

Mr. Gould to the Marquis of Salisbury.—(Received March 20.)

My Lord,

The 6th Article of the Treaty of Friendship and Commerce concluded this day contains a stipulation reserving to the Servian Government the right, after an understanding with Her Majesty's Legation, to limit the places of entry for goods liable to *ad valorem* duties. I have, therefore, lost no time in ascertaining their views on the subject. The result is, as your Lordship will see from the correspondence herewith enclosed, that the Servian Government have decided to restrict for the present the importation of goods liable to *ad valorem* duties to Belgrade and Vranja, the two principal places of entry on their northern and southern frontiers.

Nisch,

February 7, 1880.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) G. F. GOULD.

Inclosure 1.

Mr. Gould to M. Ristitch.

M. le Président du Conseil,

The Servian Government having reserved to itself by Article VI of the Treaty of Friendship and Commerce, concluded this day between Great Britain and Servia, the right of designating the points on their territory by which goods liable to *ad valorem* duties are to be imported, I have the honour to request your Excellency to be good enough to furnish me with the names of these places for the information of Her Majesty's Government.

Nisch,

January 26th and February 7th, 1880.

I avail, &c.,
(Signed) G. F. GOULD.

Inclosure 2.

M. Ristitch to Mr. Gould.

M. le Ministre,

En réponse à la note que vous avez bien voulu m'adresser aujourd'hui pour me demander par quels points de la frontière Serbe pourra avoir lieu l'introduction des marchandises Britanniques assujéties au paiement d'un droit *ad valorem*, j'ai l'honneur de porter à votre connaissance que pour le moment deux Bureaux de Douane ont été désignés, savoir, ceux de Belgrade et de Vrania

Nisch,

le 26 Janvier et 7 Février, 1880.

Veuillez, &c.,
(Signed) J. RISTITCH.

(Translation.)

M. le Ministre,

In reply to your note of to-day's date, in which you inquire at what points on the Servian frontier British goods, subject to *ad valorem* duties, may be imported, I have the honour to inform you that for the present two Custom-houses, those of Belgrade and of Vrania, have been designated for the purpose.

Nisch,

January 26th and February 7, 1880.

Accept, &c.,
(Signed) J. RISTITCH.

M.