

New South Wales

Shop Trading Bill 2008

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are as follows:

- (a) to de-regulate shop trading hours while restricting trading on Good Friday, Easter Sunday, Anzac Day (but only in the morning), Christmas Day and Boxing Day (*restricted trading days*),
- (b) to enable small shops and specified other shops to trade on restricted trading days and to provide for the exemption by the Director-General of the Department of Commerce (the *Director-General*) of other shops from trading restrictions,
- (c) to repeal the *Shops and Industries Act 1962* and to transfer provisions relating to weekend trading by banks and day baking to other Acts,
- (d) to enact savings and transitional provisions as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act and to make other consequential amendments.

Outline of provisions

Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on 1 July 2008.

Clause 3 defines certain words and expressions used in the proposed Act.

Part 2 Restricted trading days

Clause 4 requires all shops to be kept closed at all times on Good Friday, Easter Sunday, Anzac Day (before 1 pm), Christmas Day and Boxing Day. The proposed section will not apply to shops exempted from it under Part 3 of the proposed Act.

Clause 5 makes it an offence to fail to keep a shop closed in accordance with proposed section 4. It will be a defence if a shop is kept open for less than 30 minutes after the commencement of a restricted trading day for the purpose of serving a customer who was in the shop before that commencement and to whom goods were sold or offered for sale before that commencement.

Clause 6 makes it an offence to publish, or cause to be published, (by any means) an express or implied statement that a shop will be open for business at a time it is required to be kept closed under the proposed Act.

Part 3 Exemptions

Division 1 General exemptions

Clause 7 exempts shops specified in proposed Schedule 1 from the requirement to be kept closed on a restricted trading day. Businesses specified in proposed Schedule 1 include shops in bazaars, fairs and markets conducted for charitable or public fundraising purposes, book shops, chemist shops, newsagencies, recorded music shops, souvenir shops and shops ancillary to venues for playing sport or other physical recreation.

Clause 8 exempts small shops from the requirement to be kept closed on a restricted trading day. The shops exempted are essentially the same as those shops currently designated as small shops under the *Shops and Industries Act 1962*.

Clause 9 provides that the proposed Act does not apply to certain licensed premises.

Division 2 Exemptions by Director-General

Clause 10 enables the Director-General to exempt shops from a requirement to be kept closed on a restricted trading day, on application by any person or at the Director-General's discretion. Exemptions may apply to one or more days, to particular times, to a specified shop or shops or to specified areas.

Clause 11 requires an application for an exemption to be made in the manner approved by the Director-General and to be accompanied by the application fee under the proposed Act.

Clause 12 confers a right to apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of a decision to refuse or revoke an exemption or as to the conditions of an exemption.

Clause 13 makes all exemptions granted by the Director-General subject to the condition that, on a restricted trading day, an exempted shop must be staffed only by persons who have freely elected to work on that day, without any coercion, harassment, threat or intimidation by or on behalf of the occupier of the shop.

Clause 14 makes it an offence to fail to comply with a condition of an exemption.

Part 4 Enforcement

Clause 15 has the effect of conferring on inspectors under the proposed Act powers under Part 4 of Chapter 7 of the *Industrial Relations Act 1996*, including powers to inspect premises and require the production of records, for the purpose of investigating possible contraventions of the proposed Act.

Clause 16 provides for proceedings for offences under the proposed Act to be dealt with summarily.

Clause 17 sets out the persons who may prosecute offences under the proposed Act.

Clause 18 contains an evidentiary provision providing for circumstances when a shop will be taken not to have been closed for the purposes of proceedings for offences under the proposed Act.

Clause 19 enables the Director-General to issue evidentiary certificates as to exemptions for the purposes of proceedings for offences under the proposed Act.

Part 5 Miscellaneous

Clause 20 enables the Director-General to delegate his or her functions under the proposed Act (other than the power of delegation).

Clause 21 makes provision for the service of documents under the proposed Act.

Clause 22 enables the Governor to make regulations for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 23 is a formal provision that gives effect to the savings, transitional and other provisions set out in Schedule 2.

Clause 24 repeals the Shops and Industries Act 1962.

Clause 25 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the Acts set out in Schedule 3.

Clause 26 provides for the review of the proposed Act in 5 years.

Schedule 1 Exempt shops

Schedule 1 lists kinds of shops that are exempt from the requirement to close on restricted trading days.

Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions

Schedule 2 contains savings, transitional and other provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act. The Schedule continues in force exemptions and approvals applying to shops, agricultural, pastoral or horticultural shows, trade exhibitions and trade fairs that, immediately before the commencement of the proposed Act, were exempt from the requirement to stay closed on restricted trading days. The Schedule also continues in force references to expressions in the *Shops and Industries Act 1962* and the *Shops and Industries Regulation 2007* for the purpose of giving effect to references in industrial instruments to types of shops under that Act or Regulation, as well as making provision with respect to a reference to the *Liquor Act 2007*.

Schedule 3 Amendment of Acts

Schedule 3.1 amends the *Banks and Bank Holidays Act 1912* to transfer provisions enabling the opening of banks on weekends to that Act from the *Shops and Industries Act 1962* (which is to be repealed by the proposed Act) and the *Shops and Industries Regulation 2007*. Existing approvals for banks will be taken to have been given under the new provisions.

Schedule 3.2 amends the *Industrial Relations Act 1996* to transfer provisions regulating day baking to that Act from the *Shops and Industries Act 1962* (which is to be repealed by the proposed Act). The transfer of the provisions does not affect the operation or meaning of the provisions by virtue of section 30A of the *Interpretation Act 1987*.

Schedule 3.3 amends the *Landlord and Tenant Act 1899* to make an amendment consequential on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 3.4 amends the *Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948* to make an amendment consequential on the enactment of the proposed Act.



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New South Wales

Shop Trading Bill 2008

No , 2008

A Bill for

An Act with respect to the de-regulation of shop opening hours and restricted trading days, to repeal the *Shops and Industries Act 1962* and to make consequential amendments to other Acts.

The	Legisl	ature	of New South Wales enacts:	1			
Paı	rt 1	Pre	eliminary	2			
1	Nam	e of A	.ct	3			
		This	Act is the Shop Trading Act 2008.	4			
2	Com	menc	ement	5			
		This	Act commences on 1 July 2008.	6			
3	Defii	nitions	5	7			
	(1)	In th	is Act:	8			
			ector-General means the Director-General of the Department of immerce.	9 10			
			cise a function includes perform a duty.	11			
		func	etion includes a power, authority or duty.	12			
			ector means an inspector within the meaning of the <i>Industrial</i> tions Act 1996.	13 14			
		осси	<i>pier</i> of a shop includes:	15			
		(a)	a person entitled to occupy the shop, and	16			
		(b)	a person managing or controlling, or apparently managing or controlling, a business carried on in the shop, and	17 18			
		(c)	a person who is, or appears to be, the employer of a person or persons working in a business carried on in the shop.	19 20			
		<i>pren</i> vehi	nises means any land, structure (fixed or movable), vessel or other cle.	21 22			
			cicted trading day means Good Friday, Easter Sunday, Anzac Day only before 1pm), Christmas Day or Boxing Day.	23 24			
		shop means premises:					
		(a) that are used wholly or predominantly for the retail sale of goods, and					
		(b)	in or at which goods are sold or exposed or offered for sale by retail on one or more occasions.	28 29			
	(2)	Note	es included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	30			

Part 2		Restricted trading days				
4	Shop	ops to be closed on restricted trading days				
	(1)	(1) All shops must be kept closed at the following times:				
		(a) at all times on Good Friday,	4			
		(b) at all times on Easter Sunday,	5			
		(c) at all times before 1pm on Anzac Day,	6			
		(d) at all times on Christmas Day,	7			
		(e) at all times on Boxing Day.	8			
	(2)	This section is subject to any exemption of a shop from the requirements of this Act under Part 3.	9 10			
5	Offence of trading on restricted trading day					
	(1)	An occupier of a shop must keep the shop closed on a restricted trading day in accordance with section 4.	12 13			
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	14			
	(2)	It is a defence to a prosecution for an offence under this section if a shop is kept open at a time that is 30 minutes or less after the commencement of a restricted trading day for the purposes of serving a customer:	15 16 17			
		(a) who was in the shop before the commencement of that day, and	18			
		(b) to whom goods had been sold or offered for sale in the shop before that commencement.	19 20			
6	Adve	ertising of trading on restricted trading day	21			
		A person must not publish, or cause to be published, (by any means) an express or implied statement that, at any time at which a shop is required to be kept closed under this Act, the shop will be open for business.	22 23 24			
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	25			

Par	t 3	Exe	emptions	1			
Divi	sion	1	General exemptions	2			
7 Businesses of certain kinds exempt from trading restrictions							
	A shop is exempted from a requirement under this Act to be kept closed if its predominant business is a business of a kind specified in Schedule 1.						
8	Sma	II sho	ps exemption	7			
	(1)		op is exempted from a requirement under this Act to be kept closed particular time if it complies with the requirements of this section.	8 9			
	(2)	The	occupier or occupiers of the shop must be:	10			
		(a)	natural persons not exceeding 2 in number (whether or not carrying on the business of the shop in partnership) or 1 corporation, and	11 12 13			
		(b)	the owner or owners of the business of the shop and entitled to the profits of that business.	14 15			
	(3)	in th	number of persons engaged in the shop as employees or otherwise e conduct of the business of the shop on any day (either at the same or at different times) is not to exceed 4.	16 17 18			
	(4)	The refer	number of persons permitted to be engaged in a small shop as rred to in subsection (3) does not include:	19 20			
		(a)	the occupier or occupiers or, if the occupier is a corporation, not more than 2 natural persons who are shareholders of the corporation, or	21 22 23			
		(b)	any person so engaged in an emergency during the absence from the shop for part of a day of a person who is so engaged in the shop on that day, or	24 25 26			
		(c)	any person so engaged outside the normal working hours of any person so engaged on a full-time basis.	27 28			
	(5)	direc	occupier of the shop must not be acting as the employee of or acting ctly or indirectly as the agent of another person in the conduct of the ness of the shop.	29 30 31			
	(6)		op does not comply with the requirements of this section if a direct adirect interest in the business of the shop is held by:	32 33			
		(a)	a corporation that is engaged in a business of another shop or a hairdresser, or	34 35			

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Clause 9

Exemptions	Part 3
Exemptions	Part 3

		(b)	shop or a hairdresser, or	1
		(c)	any other person who is engaged, as an employee or otherwise, in a business of another shop or a hairdresser, or	3
		(d)	any corporation (whether or not engaged in a business) that for the purposes of section 50 of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth is to be taken to be related to a corporation referred to in paragraph (a) or (b).	5 7 8
	(7)	defir	ference in any other Act, award or instrument to a small shop as ned in this Act is to be read as a reference to a shop that meets the irements of this section.	9 10 11
	(8)	In th	is section:	12
		relev	the holder , in relation to a corporation, means a person having a rant interest in a share in that corporation for the purposes of Part of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	13 14 15
9	Cert	ain lic	ensed premises exempt	16
		is in or or	Act does not apply to premises in respect of which a hotel licence force, by reason only of the sale or exposing or offering for sale, in a those premises, of liquor as defined by the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> or of its or refreshments.	17 18 19 20
Divi	sion	2	Exemptions by Director-General	21
10	Dire	ctor-G	eneral may exempt shops from trading restrictions	22
	(1)	appli	Director-General may, by order published in the Gazette, on ication by any person or at the Director-General's discretion, apply a shop from a requirement under this Act to be kept closed.	23 24 25
	(2)	An e	exemption may:	26
		(a)	apply in respect of one or more specified restricted trading days, or all restricted trading days, or	27 28
		(b)	apply in respect of specified times on a restricted trading day, or	29
		(c)	apply in respect of a specified shop or shops, or	30
		(d)	apply in respect of a specified area or areas, or	31
		(a)	be for a specified period or be indefinite.	32
		(e)	* *	
	(3)	In d	letermining whether to grant an exemption for a shop, the ctor-General must take into account the following:	33 34
	(3)	In d		

		(c)	the likely effect of the proposed exemption on the local economy, tourism and other businesses in the area,	1 2
		(d)	the likely effect of the proposed exemption on employees of, or persons working in, the shop,	3 4
		(e)	if the application for the exemption is not made by the occupier of the shop, the likely effect of the proposed exemption on the occupier,	5 6 7
		(f)	any other matters the Director-General considers to be relevant.	8
	(4)	An e	exemption may be subject to conditions.	9
11	Appl	icatio	ns for exemptions	10
		by th	application for an exemption is to be made in the manner approved the Director-General and to be accompanied by an application fee of or such other fee as may be prescribed by the regulations.	11 12 13
12	Revi	ews b	y Administrative Decisions Tribunal	14
		of th	person who has applied for an exemption and is aggrieved by any e following decisions may apply to the Administrative Decisions unal for a review of the decision:	15 16 17
		(a)	a determination of the Director-General to refuse to grant or to revoke an exemption,	18 19
		(b)	a determination of the Director-General as to the conditions subject to which, or the period for which, an exemption is granted.	20 21 22
13	Staff	ing or	n restricted trading days	23
	(1)	subje shop day,	exemption granted by the Director-General under this Part is ect to the condition that, on a restricted trading day, the exempted is staffed only by persons who have freely elected to work on that without any coercion, harassment, threat or intimidation by or on lf of the occupier of the shop.	24 25 26 27 28
	(2)	elect	the purposes of subsection (1), a person is not taken to have freely sed to work on a restricted trading day merely because the person is gred to work on that day.	29 30 31
	(3)	This	section has effect despite any other law.	32
14	Offe	nce—1	failure to comply with exemption condition	33
		exen	occupier of a shop must not fail to comply with a condition of an aption imposed under this Division.	34 35
		IVI aX	imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	36

Enforcement Part 4

Part 4		Enforcement				
15	Pow	wers of inspectors				
			Act is taken to be industrial relations legislation for the purposes art 4 of Chapter 7 of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> .	3		
		Part 1	. The effect of this provision is to confer on inspectors powers under that to inspect premises and require the production of records. It is an offence inder or obstruct, or fail to comply with a requirement by, an inspector under Part.	5 7 8		
16	Proc	eedin	gs for offences	9		
			eedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations may be twith summarily.	10 11		
17	Auth	ority	to prosecute	12		
	(1)		eedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations may be tuted only:	13 14		
		(a)	by the Minister or by a person with the written consent of the Minister, or	15 16		
		(b)	by an inspector, or	17		
		(c)	by a person, or a person of a class, prescribed by the regulations.	18		
	(2)	purp unde	orting to have been signed by a person authorised to give a consent or this section is evidence of that consent without proof of the ature or authority of the person.	19 20 21 22		
	(3)	the C	such proceedings instituted by a member of staff of a Division of Government Service may be prosecuted on his or her behalf by any aber of staff of that Division.	23 24 25		
18	Evid	ence t	that shop is not closed	26		
			ny proceedings for an offence against this Act, a shop is taken not eve been closed at a time at which it is proved that:	27 28		
		(a)	goods were sold or offered or exposed for sale at the shop, or	29		
		(b)	goods were available for inspection by persons within the shop, or	30 31		
		(c)	goods that had previously been sold or ordered were delivered or were available for delivery at the shop to the person who bought or ordered them or to some other person on behalf of that person, or	32 33 34 35		
		(d)	orders for goods were received by a person in attendance at the shop.	36 37		

Clause 19 Shop Trading Bill 2008

Part 4 Enforcement

19	Evidence as to exemptions	
	In any proceedings for an offence against this Act, a certificate signed by the Director-General and that certifies that, on a specified date or during a specified period:	2
	(a) a shop was or was not exempted from a specified requirement under this Act, or	(
	(b) that a specified exemption under this Act was or was not subject to a specified condition,	- {
	is admissible and is evidence of the matters so certified.	(

Miscellaneous Part 5

Part 5		Miscellaneous					
20	Dele	Delegation		2			
		The Director-General may delegate the exercise of any function of the Director-General under this Act (other than this power of delegation) to:					
		(a)	any i	member of staff of the Department of Commerce, or	5		
		(b)	any j	person, or any class of persons, authorised for the purposes its section by the regulations.	6 7		
21	Serv	ice of	docur	ments	8		
	(1)			nt that is authorised or required by this Act or the regulations d on any person may be served by:	9 10		
		(a)	in th	e case of a natural person:	11		
			(i)	delivering it to the person personally, or	12		
			(ii)	sending it by post to the address specified by the person for the giving or service of documents or, if no such address is specified, the residential or business address of the person last known to the person giving or serving the document, or	13 14 15 16 17		
			(iii)	sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number of the person, or	18 19		
		(b)	in th	e case of a body corporate:	20		
			(i)	leaving it with a person apparently of or above the age of 16 years at, or by sending it by post to, the head office, a registered office or a principal office of the body corporate or to an address specified by the body corporate for the giving or service of documents, or	21 22 23 24 25		
			(ii)	sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number of the body corporate.	26 27		
	(2)	of the	e rules	this section affects the operation of any provision of a law or s of a court authorising a document to be served on a person or manner.	28 29 30		
22	Regu	ulation	s		31		
	(1)	or wi	th resp rescrib	nor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for pect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to bed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for it or giving effect to this Act.	32 33 34 35		

Clause 23	Shop Trading	Bill 2008

Part 5 Miscellaneous

	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), regulations may be made for or with respect to the publication or advertising of applications for exemptions under this Act or of information relating to any such applications or exemptions.	
	(3)	The regulations may create offences punishable by a penalty not exceeding 50 penalty units.	
23	Savi	ngs, transitional and other provisions	-
		Schedule 2 has effect.	8
24	Rep	eal of Shops and Industries Act 1962 No 43	ę
		The Shops and Industries Act 1962 is repealed.	10
25	Ame	ndment of Acts	1
		The Acts specified in Schedule 3 are amended as set out in that Schedule.	12 13
26	Revi	ew of Act	14
	(1)	The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.	18 16 17
	(2)	The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 5 years from the date of assent to this Act.	18 19
	(3)	A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 5 years.	20 2

Exempt shops Schedule 1

Schedule 1	Exempt shops	1
	(Section 7)	2
Bazaars, fairs or ma or public fundraisin	arkets if the bazaars, fairs or markets are conducted for charitable ag purposes	3 4
Book shops		5
Cake and pastry sho	ops	6
Chemists shops		7
Cooked provision s	hops	8
Florists shops		9
Fruit and vegetable	shops	10
Newsagencies		11
Nurseries		12
Pet shops		13
Recorded music, vi	deo or dvd shops	14
Restaurants, cafes of	or kiosks	15
Seafood shops		16
Shops ancillary to v	venues for playing sport or physical recreation	17
Souvenir shops		18
Take-away food an	d drink shops	19
Tobacconists shops		20
Vehicle shops, vehi	icle service centres or petrol stations	21

Schedule 2		le 2	Savings, transitional and other provisions	1
			(Section 23)	3
Par	t 1	Gei	neral	4
1	Regi	ulation	ıs	5
	(1)		regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional re consequent on the enactment of the following Acts:	6 7
	(2)	Any	such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from ate of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.	8 9 10
	(3)	is ea	ne extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that rlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision not operate so as:	11 12 13
		(a)	to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or	14 15 16
		(b)	to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.	17 18 19
Par	t 2	Pro Act	visions consequent on enactment of this	20 21
2	Exer	nption	s under Shops and Industries Act 1962	22
	(1)	This	clause applies to a shop:	23
		(a)	for which an exemption (an <i>existing exemption</i>) was in force, immediately before the repeal of the <i>Shops and Industries Act</i> 1962, that permitted the shop to be kept open on a restricted trading day, and	24 25 26 27
		(b)	that is not exempt from the requirement under this Act to be kept closed on a restricted trading day.	28 29
	(2)	Directo the	top to which this clause applies is taken to be exempted by the ctor-General under section 10, subject to any conditions applicable existing exemption, from the requirement to be kept closed on any icted trading day to which the existing exemption applied.	30 31 32 33
	(3)		Director-General may amend or revoke an exemption referred to in lause (2).	34 35

3	Exemptions for fairs and shows			
	(1)	This clause applies to a shop associated with an agricultural, pastoral or horticultural show or trade exhibition or trade fair:	2	
		(a) for which an approval (an <i>existing approval</i>) was in force, immediately before the repeal of section 101 of the <i>Shops and Industries Act 1962</i> , that permitted the show or fair to be kept open on a restricted trading day, and	4 5 6 7	
		(b) that is not exempt from the requirement under this Act to be kept closed on a restricted trading day.	8 9	
	(2)	A shop to which this clause applies is taken to be exempted by the Director-General under section 10, subject to any conditions applicable to the existing approval, from the requirement to be kept closed on any restricted trading day to which the existing approval applied.	10 11 12 13	
	(3)	The Director-General may amend or revoke an exemption referred to in subclause (2).	14 15	
4	Refe	rences to shops under the Shops and Industries Act 1962	16	
		Except as provided by the regulations, a reference in any industrial instrument within the meaning of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> to a shop, general shop, special shop, small shop or other shop within the meaning of the <i>Shops and Industries Act 1962</i> or the <i>Shops and Industries Regulation 2007</i> , or within the meaning of a provision of that Act or Regulation, is a reference to that expression as in force immediately before the repeal of that Act or Regulation.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23	
5	Refe	rence to Liquor Act 2007	24	
		If this Act commences before the commencement of the <i>Liquor Act</i> 2007 and until the commencement of that Act, the references in section 9 to:	25 26 27	
		(a) a hotel licence is to be construed as a reference to a hotelier's licence within the meaning of the <i>Liquor Act 1982</i> , and	28 29	
		(b) to the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> is to be construed as a reference to the <i>Liquor Act 1982</i> .	30 31	

Scł	nedule	3	Amendment of Acts	1
			(Section 25)	2
3.1	Bank	s and	Bank Holidays Act 1912 No 43	3
[1]	Omit "	Part 2 o	Saturdays and Sundays to be bank holidays of the <i>Shops and Industries Act 1962</i> " from section 15A (2). "Schedule 6".	4 5 6
[2]	Sched	ule 5 Sa	avings, transitional and other provisions	7
			nd of clause 1 (1): ading Act 2008	9
[3]	Sched	ule 6		10
	Insert a	ıfter Scl	hedule 5:	11
	Sche	dule	6 Opening of banks on weekends	12
			(Section 15A (2))	13
	1 E	3anks r	may apply to open on weekends	14
	(C bi Si	bank may apply to the Director-General of the Department of commerce for approval to open the bank, or one or more ranches of the bank, in New South Wales on Saturdays or undays, or both, that are declared to be bank holidays under ection 15A.	15 16 17 18 19
		(2) A	n application is:	20
		(:	a) to be made in writing to the Director-General, and	21
		(1	b) to be accompanied by such information as the Director-General requires to determine the application, and	22 23 24
		(0	to be accompanied by the fee set out in subclause (13) or such other fee as may be prescribed by the regulations.	25 26
	((3) T	he Director-General may:	27
		(;	 grant an approval unconditionally or subject to conditions, or 	28 29
		(l	b) refuse to grant an approval.	30

Amendment of Acts Schedule 3

> (4) In determining an application for an approval, the Director-General is to consider whether granting the approval would be in the interests of the public, taking into account the likely effect of granting the approval on particular sections of the public, including customers of the bank concerned in any particular area (whether or not an area the subject of the application) and persons employed or engaged (whether or not by the bank) to perform services for the bank. Nothing in subclause (4) limits the matters that the

- Director-General may consider in determining an application for approval.
- For the purposes of determining an application for approval, the (6) Director-General may request the applicant to provide such further information as the Director-General considers relevant to the determination of the application.
- (7) The Director-General may refuse to grant an approval if the applicant for approval does not comply with a request under subclause (6).
- (8) The Director-General may prepare guidelines relating to the type of information that may be required in connection with an application under this Schedule.
- (9) In preparing any such guidelines, the Director-General may consult with the banking industry.
- If the Director-General grants an approval, the Director-General (10)must issue the applicant with a written approval that sets out any conditions to which the approval is subject.
- (11)If the Director-General refuses an application for approval, the Director-General must give notice of the refusal in writing to the applicant setting out the reasons for the refusal.
- (12)If the Director-General has not determined an application for approval before the expiration of the period of 40 days after the application was made to the Director-General (or such longer period as the Director-General determines with the consent in writing of the applicant), the Director-General is taken to have made a decision to refuse to grant the approval.
- The fee to accompany an application by a bank under this clause (13)
 - if the application relates to specified branches of the bank—\$50 for each specified branch up to a maximum fee of \$2,500, or

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		(b)	if the application relates to all of the branches of the bank from time to time—\$2,500.	1 2
2	Dura	ition o	f approval	3
		Sche	ept during any period of suspension, an approval under this edule remains in force for the period specified in the approval in period is so specified, until the approval is cancelled.	4 5 6
3	Varia	ation,	suspension or cancellation of approval	7
	(1)	the Direct	Director-General of the Department of Commerce may, at request of the bank that holds the approval or on the ctor-General's own initiative, vary the conditions of, or end or cancel, an approval under this Schedule.	8 9 10 11
	(2)	An a	pproval may be suspended or cancelled only if:	12
		(a)	the bank that holds the approval has contravened a condition of the approval, or	13 14
		(b)	the Director-General considers that it is no longer in the interests of the public for the approval to remain in force, or	15 16 17
		(c)	the bank has requested the suspension or cancellation.	18
	(3)		Director-General may only vary the conditions of, or end or cancel, an approval under this Schedule:	19 20
		(a)	after having given the bank concerned written reasons for the Director-General's intention to vary, suspend or cancel and an opportunity to make submissions, and	21 22 23
		(b)	after having considered any submissions duly made by the bank.	24 25
	(4)	the s	clause (3) does not apply to a variation of a condition of, or uspension or cancellation of, an approval at the request of the that holds the approval.	26 27 28
	(5)		riation of the conditions of, or a suspension or cancellation n approval:	29 30
		(a)	must be made by notice in writing served on the bank that holds the approval, and	31 32
		(b)	takes effect at the time at which the notice is served or at a later time specified in the notice.	33 34
	(6)	an ap	ore determining to take action under this clause in relation to opproval, the Director-General may (but need not) determine the approval will be subject to a period of review.	35 36 37

Amendment of Acts Schedule 3

	(7)	under and	Director-General is to give written notice of a determination r subclause (6) to the bank that holds the approval concerned is to include in the notice written reasons for the mination.	1 2 3 4
4	Revi	ew of	decisions by Administrative Decisions Tribunal	5
	(1)	or the Decis	nk that is the applicant for an approval under this Schedule holder of such an approval may apply to the Administrative sions Tribunal for a review of any of the following decisions r this Schedule:	6 7 8 9
		(a)	a decision of the Director-General to refuse to grant the approval,	10 11
		(b)	a decision of the Director-General to impose conditions on the approval,	12 13
		(c)	a decision of the Director-General to vary the conditions of the approval,	14 15
		(d)	a decision of the Director-General to suspend or cancel the approval.	16 17
	(2)	empl or eli	presentative of an industrial organisation of which persons oyed or engaged to perform services for a bank are entitled igible to belong may apply to the Administrative Decisions anal for a review of any of the following decisions under this dule:	18 19 20 21 22
		(a)	a decision of the Director-General to grant an approval under this Schedule to the bank (whether with or without conditions),	23 24 25
		(b)	a decision of the Director-General to vary the conditions of an approval granted to the bank under this Schedule.	26 27
	(3)	orgar 1996	nis clause, <i>industrial organisation</i> means an industrial nisation within the meaning of the <i>Industrial Relations Act</i> , or an organisation registered under the <i>Workplace tions Act 1996</i> of the Commonwealth.	28 29 30 31
5	Exis	ting ap	pprovals	32
		1962 imme	pproval in force under Part 2 of the <i>Shops and Industries Act</i> and clause 4 of the <i>Shops and Industries Regulation 2007</i> ediately before the commencement of this Schedule is taken ve been granted under this Schedule.	33 34 35 36

3.2	Ind	ustria	I Relations Act 1996 No 17	1
[1]	Sect	ion 38	2 Jurisdiction of Chief and other Industrial Magistrates	2
	Omi	t "Shop	os and Industries Act 1962".	3
	Inse	t instea	ad "Shop Trading Act 2008".	4
[2]	Sche	edule 4	Savings, transitional and other provisions	5
	Inse	t at the	e end of clause 2 (1):	6
		Shop	Trading Act 2008	7
[3]	Sche	edule 4	I, Part 11	8
	Inser	t after	Part 10:	9
	Par	ቲ 11	Provisions consequent on repeal of Shops and Industries Act 1962	10 11
	51	Day	baking	12
		(1)	Any person exercising the trade or calling of a pastrycook, whether an employer of labour or not, or any person employed in such a trade or calling, who in any area makes or bakes for trade or sale any pastry before the time that may be fixed by a State award for the time being in force in the area for the commencement of ordinary hours of work by employees engaged in the making or baking of pastry, or after the time that may be so fixed for the cessation of the ordinary hours of work by employees so engaged, is guilty of an offence. Maximum penalty: 25 penalty units. The Minister may, in the case of any emergency or unforeseen circumstances, or in order to meet the exigencies of the trade carried on in a particular bakehouse, exempt any person exercising or employed in the trade or calling of a pastrycook from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this clause for such periods and subject to such conditions as the Minister determines.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
		(3)	A person who contravenes a condition of an exemption under this clause is guilty of an offence. Maximum penalty: 25 penalty units.	30 31 32
		(4)	In this clause: pastry includes cakes, biscuits, muffins and crumpets and any goods usually made by pastrycooks	33 34 35

Amendment of Acts Schedule 3

	(5)	This clause (with minor modifications) re-enacts Division 5 of Part 4 of the <i>Shops and Industries Act 1962</i> . This clause is a transferred provision to which section 30A of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> applies.	1 2 3 4
3.3	Landlord	and Tenant Act 1899 No 18	5
	Section 2A sanction	A No taking possession of dwelling-house without court	6 7
		efined in section 9 (1) of the <i>Factories, Shops and Industries Act</i> section 2AA (1) (c).	8 9
	Insert instead	ad "within the meaning of the Shop Trading Act 2008".	10
3.4	Landlord	and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948 No 25	11
	Section 8 I	Definitions	12
		efined in subsection (1) of section 9 of the <i>Factories, Shops and Act 1962</i> , as subsequently amended," from section 8 (1B) (b) (i).	13 14
	Insert instea	ad "within the meaning of the Shop Trading Act 2008".	15