

#### New South Wales

# Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Harmonisation) Bill 2015

# **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

This Bill is cognate with the *Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Grant of Coal and Petroleum Prospecting Titles) Bill 2015.* 

#### Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Mining Act 1992* and the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991* as follows:

- (a) by consolidating provisions about mining authorisations and petroleum titles into a separate Schedule of standard clauses that:
  - (i) allow a decision-maker to require an applicant or tenderer to furnish further information, and
  - (ii) require applications and tenders to be supported by a proposed work program, and
  - (iii) provide broader and more flexible grounds on which mining authorisations and petroleum titles may be granted, suspended or cancelled, and
  - (iv) require the need to conserve and protect the environment to be taken into account in considering applications, and
  - (v) specify other matters that may be taken into account in considering applications, including the applicant's technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program, compliance history and ability to meet minimum standards, and
  - (vi) set out a non-exhaustive list of grounds on which applications or tenders can be refused, and
  - (vii) provide broader and more flexible powers to impose and vary conditions, and

- (viii) allow security deposit conditions to be imposed in relation to any impact that is the result of work carried out under an authorisation or title, whether or not that impact affects land over which it was granted, and
- (ix) provide for the modification of the amount of land to which an exploration licence that is being renewed can apply,
- (b) by requiring the holder of an exploration licence or assessment lease under either Act to obtain a further approval for prospecting activities that are not exempt development under planning legislation, and creating a power to impose terms on such activity approvals,
- by requiring the lodging of reports in relation to all operations carried out under a mining authorisation or petroleum title and requiring any record created or maintained under the Act to be kept in a legible form for at least 4 years after the expiry or cancellation of the relevant authorisation or title,
- (d) by giving decision-makers the power to waive minor procedural matters if the waiver is unlikely to adversely affect any person's rights or to result in any person being deprived of information necessary for the effective exercise of those rights,
- (e) by enabling the Minister or an inspector to issue a prohibition notice to a person suspected of carrying out unauthorised activity, or a suspension notice in certain circumstances that could constitute grounds for cancellation of a mining authorisation or petroleum title, and by making a contravention of either type of direction a ground for cancelling an authorisation or title,
- (f) by creating an offence for the non-payment of any annual rental fee or annual administrative levy payable for a mining authorisation or petroleum title,
- (g) by providing for the Secretary to refund or waive payment of fees, in certain circumstances,
- (h) by making it an offence to aid, abet, counsel or conspire in the commission of an offence,
- (i) by providing that a court that is satisfied, to a civil standard, that a person has carried out unauthorised prospecting or mining may order the person to pay costs and expenses incurred in the prevention or management of any environmental impact or rehabilitating land or water or to pay compensation for loss or damage suffered,
- (j) by providing for the giving of enforceable undertakings in relation to contraventions of statutory provisions,
- (k) by providing for the ongoing effect of notices and of conditions of mining authorisations and petroleum titles,
- (1) by providing for the extraterritorial application of notices relating to investigation and enforcement action,
- (m) by prohibiting inspectors, certain member of staff of the Department and certain persons who exercise judicial or official functions under the Acts from holding a direct or indirect beneficial interest in a mining authorisation or petroleum title,
- (n) by providing for the use and disclosure of information, work programs and samples provided under the Acts, including under information sharing arrangements with other regulatory agencies,
- (o) by enabling mandatory codes of practice (including for land access), minimum standards and conditions to be adopted by regulation,
- (p) by amending the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991* to permit the holder of an exploration licence or assessment lease to beneficially use gas recovered by the holder when prospecting for petroleum and to harmonise particular compliance, investigation and enforcement provisions with those of the *Mining Act 1992*, including by aligning provisions relating to audits, inspection and investigative powers, the giving of directions, enforcement and administration,
- (q) by amending the *Mining Act 1992* to require the holder of a mining authorisation to collect cores and samples,

(r) by making other minor and consequential amendments and enacting savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

## Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 repeals the *Mining Amendment Act 2008*, which contains uncommenced amendments, including amendments that are superseded by the amendments made by the proposed Act.

## Schedule 1 Amendment of Mining Act 1992 No 29

#### Types of authorisations dealt with by amendments

**Schedule 1** deals with the following instruments:

- (a) authorities, which are any of the following:
  - (i) an exploration licence (which gives its holder the right to prospect on the land specified in the licence for the group or groups of minerals specified),
  - (ii) an assessment lease (which gives its holder the right to prospect on the land specified in the lease for the group or groups of minerals specified),
  - (iii) a mining lease (which gives its holder the right to prospect and mine on the land specified in the lease for the group or groups of minerals specified, to carry out primary treatment operations (such as crushing, sizing, grading, washing and leaching) necessary to separate the mineral or minerals from the material from which they are recovered, and carry out on that land any mining purpose),
- (b) authorisations, which are any of the following:
  - (i) an exploration licence,
  - (ii) an assessment lease,
  - (iii) a mining lease,
  - (iv) a mineral claim (which gives its holder the right to prospect for the mineral or minerals specified),
  - (v) an opal prospecting licence (which gives its holder the right to prospect for opals in the opal prospecting block over which the licence is granted),
  - (vi) an environmental assessment permit granted under section 252 (which gives its holder the right to enter the land to which the permit relates and do all things reasonably necessary to carry out the assessment to which the permit relates).

#### Applications and tenders required to be supported by a proposed work program

**Schedule 1** [1], [3], [16], [27] and [29] insert notes about a proposed provision requiring applications and tenders for exploration licences, assessment leases and mining leases to be supported by a proposed work program.

Schedule 1 [2], [4], [17], [28] and [30] omit existing provisions requiring certain applications and tenders to be supported by a proposed program of work.

**Schedule 1 [53]** requires an application for an authority, and a tender, to be accompanied by a proposed work program that indicates the nature and extent of operations to be carried out under the authority conferred by the relevant authority, sets out commitments relating to the conduct of those operations (such as the timing of the operations), provides for the carrying out of activities (such as community consultation and environmental management and rehabilitation) in connection with, or ancillary to, those operations and complies with the regulations. This harmonises the *Mining Act 1992* with section 14 of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*, as proposed to be amended.

#### Transfer of provisions about grant and refusal of authorisations

**Schedule 1 [5], [18] and [31]** omit provisions that allow a decision-maker to require the applicant or tenderer for an exploration licence, assessment lease or mining lease, respectively, to furnish further information in connection with the application or tender. Those provisions are proposed to be transferred to clause 5 of Schedule 1B.

Schedule 1 [6], [19], [32] and [59] omit provisions that restrict the granting of exploration licences, assessment leases, mining leases and mineral claims over land within a colliery holding.

**Schedule 1** [7], [9], [20], [33], [35] and [61] insert notes referring to the fact that proposed Schedule 1B provides for the grant or refusal of an application or tender for an exploration licence, assessment lease, mining lease or mineral claim, respectively, and for the conditions to which an exploration licence or mineral claim is subject.

Schedule 1 [8], [10], [21], [34], [36], [47], [60], [63], [64] and [71] omit provisions about the power of decision-makers to grant or refuse applications or tenders for the grant or transfer of exploration licences, assessment leases, or mining leases, applications for the grant, renewal or transfer of mineral claims, or applications for opal prospecting licences, respectively. The relevant provisions provide that an application or tender may be refused on the ground that the decision-maker is satisfied that the applicant, or a director of an applicant or tenderer that is a corporation, has contravened the Act or the regulations, has been convicted of any other offence relating to mining, minerals or petroleum or has provided false or misleading information in or in connection with the application. Those provisions are proposed to be transferred, in a modified form, to clause 6 (a) of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [13]** extends the maximum duration of an exploration licence from 5 years to 6 years.

Schedule 1 [24] extends the maximum duration of an assessment lease from 5 years to 6 years.

**Schedule 1** [76] omits a provision requiring the need to protect natural resources and features of Aboriginal, architectural, archaeological, historical or geological interest to be taken into account when deciding whether or not to grant an authority or mineral claim. The obligation to consider the impact on the environment (a term that is broadly defined so as to include features of such interest) is proposed to be transferred to clause 3 of Schedule 1B.

#### Activity approvals required for assessable prospecting operations

**Schedule 1 [11] and [23]** provide that exploration licences and assessment leases are subject to a statutory condition that the holder of the licence or lease must not carry out an assessable prospecting operation on land unless an activity approval has been obtained for the carrying out of the assessable prospecting operation in relation to that land and is in force (such a requirement is presently imposed by conditions of licences or leases, in some cases only). An *assessable prospecting operation* is defined in **Schedule 1 [133]** to mean any prospecting operation that is not exempt development within the meaning of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The proposed amendments also provide for the making of applications for activity approvals and for their consideration, the terms that may be imposed on them and their variation and cancellation.

#### **Conditions of authorisations**

**Schedule 1 [12], [22], [37] and [62]** omit provisions about the imposition of conditions on exploration licences, assessment leases, mining leases and mineral claims, respectively. Those provisions are proposed to be transferred to Part 3 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [14]** inserts a note about the fact that an exploration licence may be varied after grant under proposed Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [15] and [26]** provide that provisions of proposed Schedule 1B about the variation or suspension of a condition of an authorisation apply to the variation or suspension of a condition of consent to exercise rights conferred by an exploration licence or assessment lease within land in an exempted area.

**Schedule 1 [25]** inserts a note about the fact that an assessment lease may be varied after grant under proposed Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [38]** omits a provision that provides that the decision-maker can amend a mining lease so as to allow the holder of the lease to comply with a condition relating to expenditure instead of a condition relating to labour.

**Schedule 1 [39]** provides that a condition imposed on a proposed mining lease in accordance with a direction of the Premier may only be varied with the concurrence of the Premier.

**Schedule 1 [57]** omits a provision about the suspension of conditions of an authority. That provision is proposed to be transferred to clause 14 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [58]** omits a provision about the addition or variation of conditions in certain circumstances. That provision is proposed to be transferred to clause 12 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [68]** omits a provision about the suspension of conditions of a mineral claim. That provision is proposed to be transferred to clause 14 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1** [70] provides that the conditions that apply to an opal prospecting licence may include conditions as to the works (rather than the program of work) to be carried out under an opal prospecting licence.

**Schedule 1** [76] omits provisions (Division 2 of Part 11) about the imposition of condition on authorisation for protecting the environment. Those provisions are proposed to be transferred to Part 2 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [90]** provides that the section about the conditions of audits does not affect the operation of section 115ZH (Approvals etc legislation that must be applied consistently) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

**Schedule 1 [101]** updates a cross-reference to a provision about conditions that is proposed to be transferred to Part 3 of Schedule 1B.

#### Renewal of authorities

**Schedule 1 [40]** provides that an application for renewal of an exploration licence may include a description of any special circumstances that the applicant claims apply that justify the area of land over which the exploration licence is renewed exceeding half of the area over which the licence is in force when the application for renewal is made.

**Schedule 1 [41]** replaces an existing provision about the power of decision-makers in relation to renewals of authorities. It also inserts a new provision that specifies how the decision-maker is to determine the land to which any renewed exploration licence will apply.

**Schedule 1 [42]** omits provisions about the amendment of the conditions of an authority while an application for renewal of an authority is being dealt with. This will enable the variation of conditions regarding royalty. That provision is proposed to be transferred, in a modified form, to Part 4 of proposed Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [43]** omits a provision that provides that any amendment of the conditions of a renewed authority takes effect on the date on which the renewal of the authority takes effect. That provision is proposed to be transferred, in a modified form, to clause 12 (7) of Schedule 1B.

#### Transfer of authorities

**Schedule 1 [44]** provides that the holder of an authority may apply for approval of any transfer of the authority (and not only for transfer to another person).

**Schedule 1 [45]** provides that the holder of an authority must not apply for a transfer unless the holder has notified any person who has a registered interest in the authority of the proposed application.

**Schedule 1 [46]** inserts a note about the fact that Schedule 1B contains provisions about the grant or refusal of an application for approval of the transfer of an authority.

**Schedule 1 [47]** omits provisions about:

(a) the power of decision-makers to refuse an application for the transfer of an authority, which is proposed to be transferred, in a modified form, to clause 6 (a) of Schedule 1B, and

(b) the ability of a decision-maker considering an application for transfer of an authority to vary the authority by adding conditions, which is proposed to be transferred, in a modified form, to Part 4 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 1 [48] and [49]** omit a provision that requires an application to register the transfer of an authority to be accompanied by a document acknowledging the terms of the authority after transfer.

**Schedule 1 [50]** provides that the requirement that on receipt of the application the Secretary must register the transferee as the holder of the authority or (in the case of a partial transfer) the new authority does not apply if registration is prohibited by section 124 (Caveats).

#### Cancellation of authorisations

**Schedule 1 [51]** redrafts provisions about the cancellation of authorisations, with the additional grounds for cancellation that the decision-maker is satisfied that there has been a contravention of a direction under proposed section 240 or 240AA.

**Schedule 1 [52]** provides that a section about appeals against decisions concerning cancellations of authorisations does not apply to a cancellation that was requested by the holder of the authority.

**Schedule 1 [65]** creates an additional ground for cancellation of operational suspension of a mineral claim, that the Secretary considers that there has been a contravention of a direction under proposed section 240 or 240AA.

**Schedule 1** [66] makes a consequential amendment and establishes an additional ground of cancellation of a mineral claim, namely that the land is required for a public purpose.

**Schedule 1** [73] provides that the Secretary may cancel an opal prospecting licence if the Secretary considers that there has been a contravention of a direction under section 240 or proposed section 240AA.

**Schedule 1** [74] makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 1** [85] makes a consequential amendment to a note that refers to the cancellation of authorisations.

#### Waiver of minor procedural matters

**Schedule 1 [54] and [67]** omit provisions about the waiver of minor procedural matters relating to renewals and transfers of mining leases and mineral claims, respectively. Those provision are proposed to be transferred to proposed section 387C.

**Schedule 1 [125]** inserts a provision (proposed section 387C) that permits the Minister to waive minor procedural matters, including any requirement of the Act or the regulations as to the time within which anything is required to be done, the details to be contained in any notice to be served, lodged or caused to be published by the applicant, the documents or particulars to accompany an application or the furnishing of information by the applicant. The proposed section does not authorise the Minister to waive a requirement unless the Minister is satisfied that the waiver is unlikely to adversely affect any person's rights under the Act or the regulations or to result in any person being deprived of information necessary for the effective exercise of those rights.

#### Consolidation of provisions that apply to authorisations generally

**Schedule 1 [72]** inserts a note in a provision about the fact that proposed Schedule 1B applies to small-scale titles, including opal prospecting licences.

**Schedule 1 [127]** inserts a Schedule making further provision relating to authorisations generally, that applies to and in respect of applications for, and decisions made, in relation to the grant, renewal or transfer of an authorisation, the imposition of conditions on, or variation of conditions of, an authorisation or the variation or suspension of an authorisation and includes provisions that do the following:

(a) require the relevant decision-maker to take into account the need to conserve and protect the environment in or on the land over which the authorisation is sought and provide that the relevant decision-maker may cause studies (including environmental impact studies) to

- be carried out as considered necessary and require the applicant to reimburse the costs of the studies,
- (b) specify some other matters that may be taken into account in considering applications, including whether the applicant or transferee meets the minimum standards made public by the relevant decision-maker and has the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program and the compliance history of the applicant or transferee,
- (c) provide that the relevant decision-maker may require an applicant to furnish further information and that an application may be refused if the applicant does not furnish the information on time.
- (d) specify some of the grounds on which an application may be refused (which are not exhaustive) which include where the relevant decision-maker considers that the applicant or the transferee has an unsatisfactory compliance history, does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs, does not have the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program or has not paid any fee or lodged any information required,
- (e) provide that an authorisation is subject to any condition imposed by the relevant decision-maker (at the time of the grant of the authorisation or at any subsequent time, including any variation of such a condition), statutory conditions about security deposits and any conditions prescribed by the regulations,
- (f) specify a list of conditions that may be imposed (which is not exhaustive) including conditions relating to environmental management, protection and rehabilitation, conditions relating to compliance with codes of practice or set of standards published by any person or body and conditions requiring reports,
- (g) provide that a mining lease that is not granted in relation to a mining purpose or mining purposes only is subject to a condition that the holder of the lease will not suspend mining operations in the mining area otherwise than in accordance with the written consent of the decision-maker,
- (h) enable rehabilitation and security deposit conditions to be imposed on authorisations for impacts outside the area to which an authorisation relates,
- (i) provide for the relevant decision-maker to exempt the holder of an authorisation from compliance with a condition imposed by the regulations,
- (j) provide that the relevant decision-maker may vary an authorisation (including vary, add or remove any condition of the authorisation) during the term of the authorisation and for the variation of conditions imposed by the regulations,
- (k) provide for the suspension of conditions of authorisations (whether on the application of the holder of the authorisation or otherwise).

#### **Records and reports**

**Schedule 1 [55]** creates a separate Division about the registration of interests and other matters. **Schedule 1 [56]** inserts provisions about reports and records that:

- (a) extend a provision requiring the lodging of reports so that it applies to holders of any authorisation (it currently applies only to authorities) and to reports in relation to all operations carried out under the authority (it currently applies only to prospecting activity), and
- (b) require the holder of an authorisation to collect samples as required by the regulations, and
- (c) require any record required to be created and maintained under the Act, the regulations, a condition of an authorisation or a term of an activity approval to be kept in a legible form for not less than 4 years after the expiry or cancellation of the authorisation, and
- (d) make it clear that any information received from or served or lodged by agents is taken to have been received from or served or lodged by the relevant principal.

#### Environmental, rehabilitation and other directions

**Schedule 1 [78]** provides that in the Division about environmental, rehabilitation and other directions a reference to giving a direction or notice to a responsible person includes giving it to an administrator, receiver or liquidator.

**Schedule 1** [79] makes it clear that a direction to a responsible person to carry out or stop carrying out particular activities and achieve specified outcomes may be specified in any condition of a direction.

**Schedule 1 [80]** provides that a direction served under the Part about protection of the environment may require the person to prepare and submit reports as to the measures the person proposes to take for the purpose of complying with the direction or the progress made by the person in implementing any such measures.

Schedule 1 [81] inserts provisions that:

- (a) allow the Secretary or an inspector to direct a person to discontinue an activity if, in the Minister's opinion, an activity is being carried out, or is about to be carried out by a person in contravention of the Act or a condition of an authorisation, and
- (b) alter the circumstances in which the Secretary may issue a suspension notice directing a responsible person to suspend operations under an authorisation, so that it can be issued only if the Secretary or inspector considers that circumstances exist that could constitute a ground for cancellation of the authorisation or on any other ground specified in the regulations, provide for the cancellation of the authorisation at the end of the suspension period unless conditions specified in the direction are met and that a suspension notice may take effect on a later date specified in the notice (rather than on the date on which the notice is given, as at present).

Schedule 1 [77] makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 1 [82]** provides that a direction may be varied by modification of, or addition to, any conditions specified in the direction.

**Schedule 1 [83]** provides that a suspension notice may be varied by extending the period of suspension.

**Schedule 1 [84]** extends the offence of breaching a direction to include breaching a suspension notice.

**Schedule 1 [86]** provides that a fee payable to enable the recovery of the administrative costs of preparing and issuing a direction is a debt due by the holder of the authorisation concerned to the Crown and is recoverable in a court of competent jurisdiction.

**Schedule 1 [87]** provides that prior notice does not have to be given before a direction under section 240 can be given.

**Schedule 1 [91]** provides that documents prepared under directions under proposed section 240AA are not protected documents.

#### Powers of entry and inspection

Schedule 1 [92] omits a redundant Division heading.

**Schedule 1 [93] and [94]** make consequential amendments to provisions that will now apply to the whole Part about powers of entry and inspection and not only to one Division.

**Schedule 1 [95]** extends a provision empowering an inspector to demand a name and address to apply to a person whom the inspector suspects on reasonable grounds to have offended or to be offending against any provision of the Act or the regulations (and not only section 248K, as at present).

**Schedule 1 [96]** provides that a Division about powers of entry and search applies whether or not a power of entry under the Division is being or has been exercised.

**Schedule 1** [97] omits a provision conferring additional powers of entry.

**Schedule 1 [98]** modifies a provision relating to requirements to furnish records or information or answer questions so that it is in a modern style.

#### **Extraterritorial application**

**Schedule 1** [99] omits a provision about the extraterritorial application of a notice given under Part 12 (Powers of entry and inspection). That provision is proposed to be transferred to section 387B.

**Schedule 1** [125] inserts a section (proposed section 387B) that provides for the extraterritorial application of all notices under the Act (which may be given even though the person is outside the State or the matter occurs or is located outside the State, so long as the matter relates to the administration of the Act).

#### Payment of fees and levies

**Schedule 1 [102]** provides that a holder of an authorisation who fails to pay any annual rental fee or annual administrative levy payable for the authorisation is guilty of an offence.

Schedule 1 [103] omits an existing provision about the failure to pay fees.

Schedule 1 [104] provides for the Secretary to refund or waive payment of fees, in certain circumstances.

**Schedule 1 [105]** provides for the Secretary to allocate any money collected by way of a levy for any purpose if the Secretary is satisfied that the reasons for which the application to allocate the money was made are consistent with the purposes for which the levy was imposed and the allocation is appropriate and reasonable for achieving those purposes.

Schedule 1 [106] makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 1 [129]** makes a consequential amendment to a regulation-making power that currently provides for the making of regulations about the refund or waiver of fees.

#### Administration

**Schedule 1 [69]** creates an obligation on the Secretary to keep a record of every variation of a mineral claim (in addition to other records kept).

**Schedule 1 [75]** creates an obligation on the Secretary to keep a record of every variation of an opal prospecting licence by the Secretary (in addition to other records kept).

**Schedule 1 [100]** provides that the Minister may use money obtained under a security deposit for a small-scale title to recover or fund the reasonable costs or expenses that the Crown reasonably incurs rehabilitating land affected by activities undertaken under any small-scale title.

**Schedule 1 [107]** requires the Secretary to publish in the Gazette the classes of persons appointed as inspectors under the Act and any conditions, limitations or restrictions, or limitation on purposes, imposed by the Secretary on the appointment of those inspectors.

**Schedule 1** [108] modifies a provision that currently prevents the Minister or any person employed in the Department from holding an authority, mineral claim or an opal prospecting licence. The new provision prevents the Minister, an inspector, certain members of staff of the Department and certain persons who exercise judicial or official functions while holding office in an official capacity from holding either directly or indirectly a beneficial interest in an authority, a mineral claim or a prospecting licence.

**Schedule 1** [109] provides for the use and disclosure of information provided under certain conditions of an authorisation.

**Schedule 1 [110]** provides that the regulator may enter into an information sharing arrangement with a relevant agency for the purposes of sharing or exchanging information of the type listed in the provision that is held by the regulator or the agency.

#### Offences, enforcement and undertakings about contraventions

**Schedule 1** [111] updates the heading to a Part, to reflect that, as a result of other proposed amendments, the Part will be about offences, enforcement and undertakings about contraventions.

**Schedule 1 [112]** makes it an offence to obstruct, hinder or resist an inspector, an authorised person, certain members of staff of the Department and persons who exercise any judicial or official functions (currently the offence relates to any person in the exercise of a function under the Act).

**Schedule 1 [113]** modifies a provision that creates an offence of furnishing false or misleading information. The new provision makes it an offence for a person other than an applicant to provide any information, record or return in purported compliance with any requirement by or under the Act that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular. An applicant who provides such information is also guilty of an offence.

**Schedule 1** [114]–[116] and [121] remove a distinction between offences for breaches of different categories of conditions of authorisations.

**Schedule 1** [117] makes it an offence to aid, abet, counsel or procure another person to commit, or to conspire to commit, an offence against the Act or the regulations.

**Schedule 1 [118]** amends the offences that will be offences attracting executive liability. Those offences will now be offences against section 5 (Mining or prospecting without authorisation), 240C (Breach of direction) or 378D (Contravention of conditions of authorisation—offence by holder) that are committed by a corporation.

Schedule 1 [119] updates a provision about continuing offences, to use more modern language.

Schedule 1 [120] omits a cross-reference to an uncommenced provision.

**Schedule 1 [122]** modifies the list of offences (currently in Part 2 of Schedule 7) that are to be dealt with on indictment.

**Schedule 1 [123]** modifies the list of offences (currently in Part 3 of Schedule 7), proceedings for which must be commenced within 3 years after the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed or after the date on which evidence of the alleged offence first came to the attention of an inspector.

Schedule 1 [132] omits a Schedule that will be redundant as a consequence.

**Schedule 1 [124]** (to the extent it inserts Division 4A in Chapter 17A) provides that, if a court is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that a person has prospected for or mined a mineral otherwise than in accordance with an authorisation, the court may order the person to pay to a government agency or person certain costs and expenses incurred, or compensation for loss or damage suffered.

**Schedule 1 [124]** (to the extent it inserts Division 4B in Chapter 17A) provides that the Secretary may accept a written undertaking, which is enforceable, given by a person in connection with a contravention or alleged contravention of the Act and that:

- (a) such an undertaking is not an admission of guilt and that proceedings cannot be brought for a contravention or alleged contravention of the Act if an undertaking is in effect in relation to that contravention, and
- (b) require the Secretary to give a person seeking to make an undertaking notice of the Secretary's decision to accept or reject the undertaking and the reasons for doing so, and
- (c) specify when an undertaking takes effect and becomes enforceable, and
- (d) make it an offence for a person to contravene an undertaking given by the person, and
- (e) provide for the Secretary to apply to the District Court for an order to comply with the undertaking or an order discharging the undertaking and orders as to costs, and
- (f) provide for a person to withdraw or vary an undertaking.

#### Minor amendments

Schedule 1 [88] corrects a cross-reference.

**Schedule 1 [89]** omits a redundant definition.

**Schedule 1 [126]** provides that the regulations may adopt or provide for the adoption of any document (including a code of practice) and for the application of the provisions of that document, as in force from time to time, for any of the purposes of the Act or the regulations.

**Schedule 1 [128]** provides that documents prepared for public consultation with respect to the granting of assessment leases and mining leases must contain a description, prepared in the approved manner, of the land over which the lease is sought.

**Schedule 1 [130]** validates certain delegations of functions under the *Environmental Planning* and Assessment Act 1979.

**Schedule 1 [131]** makes savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

**Schedule 1** [133] inserts definitions used in other proposed amendments.

Schedule 1 [134] updates a definition.

### Schedule 2 Amendment of Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991 No 84

#### Types of petroleum titles dealt with by amendments

Schedule 2 makes provision about petroleum titles, that is, the following:

- (a) an exploration licence (which gives its holder the exclusive right to prospect for petroleum on the land comprised in the licence),
- (b) an assessment lease (which gives its holder the exclusive right to prospect for petroleum and to assess any petroleum deposit on the land comprised in the licence),
- (c) a special prospecting authority (which gives its holder the exclusive right to conduct speculative geological, geophysical or geochemical surveys or scientific investigations on and in respect of the land comprised in the authority),
- (d) a production lease (which gives its holder the exclusive right to conduct petroleum mining operations in and on the land included in the lease, together with the right to construct and maintain on the land such works, buildings, plant, waterways, roads, pipelines, dams, reservoirs, tanks, pumping stations, tramways, railways, telephone lines, electric powerlines and other structures and equipment as are necessary for the full enjoyment of the lease or to fulfil the lessee's obligations under it),
- (e) a low-impact prospecting title (which gives its holder the right to carry on prospecting operations that the Minister is satisfied are unlikely to have a significant impact on the land over which the title may be granted).

#### Grant and refusal of petroleum titles

**Schedule 2 [4]** inserts a note referring to the fact that proposed Schedule 1B contains further provisions that relate generally to the consideration of applications for the grant, renewal or transfer of a petroleum title, the imposition of conditions on, and the variation of conditions of, a petroleum title and the variation and suspension of petroleum titles.

**Schedule 2** [5] specifies the land over which a petroleum title may not be granted.

**Schedule 2 [6]** omits provisions about the grant of a petroleum title, that are transferred to proposed section 16, that provide that:

- (a) a petroleum title may be granted over land of any title or tenure, and
- (b) a petroleum title takes effect on the date on which it is signed by the Minister or on a later date specified in the title, and
- (c) notification of the grant of a petroleum title or of a refusal to grant an application is to be published in the Gazette, and

(d) the Minister is to notify the Minister administering the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* of the grant of any petroleum title in relation to land that is a biobank site (within the meaning of Part 7A of that Act).

**Schedule 2 [9]** omits provisions that allow the Minister to require an applicant for a petroleum title to furnish further information about the applicant's financial capability and to refuse to grant the application if the information is not furnished. Those provisions are proposed to be transferred to clause 5 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 2 [10]** restates provisions about the grant or refusal of an application for a petroleum title over any onshore area. The Minister is required to notify the Minister administering the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* of the grant of any petroleum title in relation to land that is a biobank site.

**Schedule 2** [11] omits a provision about the form of petroleum titles, which is not being retained. **Schedule 2** [18] omits a provision about the grounds on which an application may be refused. That provision is proposed to be transferred to clause 5 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 2 [33]** omits a provision (current section 74) requiring the need to protect natural resources and features of Aboriginal, architectural, archaeological, historical or geological interest to be taken into account when deciding whether or not to grant a petroleum title. The obligation to consider the impact on the environment (a term that is broadly defined so as to include features of such interest) is proposed to be transferred to clause 2 of Schedule 1B.

#### Applications required to be supported by a proposed work program

**Schedule 2** [7] replaces a provision that requires applications for a petroleum title to be supported by a proposed work program complying with the regulations and indicating the nature and extent of operations to be carried out under the authority of the title so that it must also set out commitments relating to the conduct of those operations (such as the timing of the operations and provides for the carrying out of activities (such as community consultation and environmental management and rehabilitation) in connection with, or ancillary to, those operations.

#### Renewal, cancellation and transfer of petroleum titles

**Schedule 2 [12]** inserts a note referring to the fact that proposed Schedule 1B contains provisions about the consideration of applications for the renewal of petroleum titles and the grounds for refusal of such applications.

**Schedule 2 [13]** provides that an application for renewal of an exploration licence may include a description of any special circumstances that the applicant claims exist that justify the area of land over which the exploration licence is renewed exceeding the maximum percentage over which the licence is in force when the application for renewal is made.

**Schedule 2 [14]** omits two provisions, proposed to be transferred to clauses 4 (2) and 5 of Schedule 1B, that provide that the Minister:

- (a) may refuse to grant a renewal of a title on any ground on which the Minister might have refused to grant the title originally or might have cancelled the title during its term, and
- (b) may also refuse to grant a renewal of title unless all data and reports due under the regulations have been submitted, and all data gathered, and operations carried on, during any period not covered in any such report are made the subject of a full report submitted to the Minister.

**Schedule 2 [15]** provides that requirements about fees that relate to titles and applications for titles do not apply in the same way to renewals and applications for renewals.

**Schedule 2** [16] transfer an existing provision about the power of the Minister in relation to renewals of petroleum titles, part of which is proposed to be transferred to Part 2 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 2** [17] omits a provision about the waiver of minor procedural matters relating to renewals. That provision is proposed to be transferred to proposed section 129B.

**Schedule 2** [19] redrafts provisions about the cancellation of petroleum titles, with the additional grounds for cancellation, that the decision-maker is satisfied that there has been a contravention of a direction under section 75 or 77 and also provides that the right to appeal against decisions concerning cancellations of petroleum titles does not apply to a cancellation that was requested by the holder of the petroleum title.

Schedule 2 [21] and [26] make consequential amendments to cross-references that refer to suspensions of petroleum titles.

**Schedule 2 [24]** inserts a note in a provision about the fact that proposed section 19B makes provision for the size of the area over which the renewal of an exploration licence may be granted.

**Schedule 2 [40]** inserts a note referring to the fact that proposed Schedule 1B contains provisions about the consideration of applications for the transfer of petroleum titles and the grant or refusal of such applications.

#### Beneficial use of gas yielded through prospecting

**Schedule 2 [23]** provides that the holder of an exploration licence or assessment lease has the right to carry on such operations as may be described by the regulations to enable the beneficial use of gas recovered from the land comprised in the licence or lease, but only if that gas would otherwise have been flared or released into the atmosphere as part of activities under the licence or lease. That provision is specific to the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*.

#### Activity approvals required for assessable prospecting operations

**Schedule 2 [25] and [27]** provide that exploration licences and assessment leases are subject to a statutory condition that the holder of the licence must not carry out an assessable prospecting operation on land unless an activity approval has been obtained for the carrying out of the assessable prospecting operation in relation to that land and is in force (such a requirement is presently imposed by conditions of licences or leases, in some cases only). An *assessable prospecting operation* is defined in **Schedule 2 [2]** to mean any prospecting operation that is not exempt development within the meaning of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The proposed amendments also provide for the making of applications for activity approvals and for their consideration, the terms that may be imposed on them and their variation and cancellation.

#### Consolidation of provisions that apply to petroleum titles generally

**Schedule 2 [20]** omits provisions about the imposition and suspension of conditions on petroleum titles. Those provisions are proposed to be transferred to Part 3 of Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 2 [32]** provides that a condition included in a production lease in accordance with a direction of the Premier may only be varied with the concurrence of the Premier.

**Schedule 2 [33]** omits provisions (Division 1 of Part 6) requiring the need to protect natural resources and features of Aboriginal, architectural, archaeological, historical or geological interest to be taken into account when deciding whether or not to grant a petroleum title and provisions (Division 2 of Part 6) about the imposition of condition on petroleum titles for protecting the environment. Those provisions are to be transferred to clauses 2 and 6 (2) of proposed Schedule 1B.

**Schedule 2 [43]** provides that a security deposit condition of a petroleum title may be imposed in relation to any impact that is the result of work carried out under the relevant petroleum title, whether or not that impact is in relation to land over which the petroleum title is to be or was granted.

**Schedule 2 [50]** inserts a Schedule making further provision relating to petroleum titles generally, that applies to and in respect of applications for, and decisions made by the Minister in relation to the grant, renewal or transfer of a petroleum title, the imposition of conditions on, or variation of conditions of, a petroleum title or the variation or suspension of a petroleum title and includes provisions that do the following:

- (a) require the Minister to take into account the need to conserve and protect the environment in or on the land over which the petroleum title is sought and provide that the Minister may cause studies (including environmental impact studies) to be carried out as considered necessary and require the applicant to reimburse the costs of the studies,
- (b) specify some other matters that may be taken into account in considering applications, including whether the applicant or transferee meets the minimum standards made public by the Minister and has the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program and the compliance history of the applicant or transferee,
- (c) provide that the Minister may require an applicant to furnish further information and that an application may be refused if the applicant does not furnish the information on time,
- (d) specify some of the grounds on which an application may be refused (which are not exhaustive) which include where the Minister considers that the applicant or the transferee has an unsatisfactory compliance history, does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs or have the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program or has not paid any fee or lodged any information required,
- (e) provide that a petroleum title is subject to any condition imposed by the Minister (at the time of the grant of the petroleum title or at any subsequent time, including any variation of such a condition), statutory conditions about security deposits and any conditions prescribed by the regulations,
- (f) specify a list of conditions that may be imposed (which is not exhaustive) including conditions relating to environmental management, protection and rehabilitation, conditions relating to compliance with codes of practice or set of standards published by any person or body and conditions requiring reports,
- (g) enable rehabilitation and security deposit conditions to be imposed on petroleum titles for impacts outside the area to which a petroleum title relates,
- (h) provide for the Minister may exempt the holder of a petroleum title from compliance with a condition imposed by the regulations,
- (i) provide that the Minister may vary a petroleum title (including vary, add or remove any condition on the petroleum title) during the term of the petroleum title and for the variation of conditions imposed by the regulations,
- (j) provide for the suspension of conditions of petroleum titles (whether on the application of the holder of the petroleum title or otherwise).

#### Environmental, rehabilitation and other directions

**Schedule 2 [33]** also replaces provisions enabling the Secretary or an inspector to issue environmental, rehabilitation and other directions with provisions that mirror Division 3 of Part 11 of the *Mining Act 1992*, as proposed to be amended by this Bill, which do the following:

- (a) allow the Secretary or an inspector to direct a person to discontinue an activity if, in the Minister's opinion, an activity is being carried out, or is about to be carried out by a person in contravention of the Act or a condition of a petroleum title,
- (b) allow the Secretary to issue a suspension notice directing a responsible person to suspend operations under a petroleum title, only if the Secretary or inspector considers that circumstances exist that could constitute a ground for cancellation of the petroleum title or on any other ground specified in the regulations, and provide for the cancellation of the title at the end of the suspension period unless conditions specified in the direction are met,
- (c) provide for the revocation or variation of a direction,
- (d) make it an offence for a person to fail to comply with a direction,
- (e) provide that issuing a direction does not affect the liability of any person to any penalty for an offence in relation to a petroleum title, the amount of security deposit that is or may be required under a petroleum title or the operation of any other provision of the Act or the regulations,

- (f) provide for the payment of fees to cover the administrative costs of preparing and issuing a direction,
- (g) provide for the Minister to take any action necessary to give effect to a direction about rehabilitation and to recover the costs and expenses of the person on whom the direction was served and for the recovery of the costs of rehabilitation as a debt due to the Crown.

#### Audits of petroleum prospecting or mining

**Schedule 2 [34]** inserts a new Division about audits (which mirrors Division 6 of Part 11 of the *Mining Act 1992*, as proposed to be amended by this Bill) and includes provisions that do the following:

- (a) specify the nature of an audit under the proposed Division, that is, as a periodic or particular documented evaluation of prospecting or mining for petroleum,
- (b) provide that the regulations may make provision for or with respect to the accreditation of auditors or the carrying out of audits by auditors,
- (c) enable the Secretary to impose mandatory audit conditions on petroleum titles,
- (d) provide for the certification of an audit report by the holder of the petroleum title and the auditor,
- (e) create offences relating to failing to provide information to an auditor or in an audit and failing to retain or produce documentation,
- (f) provide that self-incriminatory information is not exempt from the obligations of a person in relation to a mandatory audit,
- (g) limit the use of information in an audit report or other documentation supplied to the Secretary in a mandatory audit,
- (h) provide for the nature of a voluntary audit,
- (i) protect documents prepared for the sole purpose of a voluntary audit, specify the nature of the protection of those documents and provide for the lifting of that protection,
- (i) provide for certification of an audit report.

#### Payment of royalty and fees

**Schedule 2 [35]** makes it an offence for a person to fail to pay any royalty that the person is required to pay under the Act (which mirrors section 91A of the *Mining Act 1992*).

**Schedule 2 [36]** provides that the regulations may make provision about the refund or rebate of royalty payable or paid under the Act.

**Schedule 2 [37]** makes it an offence for a person to fail to pay an annual rental fee or administrative levy that the person is required to pay in relation to a petroleum title.

**Schedule 2 [38]** omits an existing provision about the failure to pay fees.

Schedule 2 [39] provides for the Secretary to refund or waive payment of fees, in certain circumstances.

#### **Records and reports**

**Schedule 2 [41]** inserts provisions about reports and records (which mirror Division 3 of Part 8 of the *Mining Act 1992*, as proposed to be amended by this Bill) including provisions that do the following:

(a) require the holder of a petroleum title to keep accurate geological plans, maps and records relating to the land comprised in the title and furnish to the Minister such geological and other plans and information as to the progress of operations on such land as the Minister may from time to time require (transferred from current section 131 (2) of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*),

- (b) require the holder of a petroleum title and any other person carrying on any operation in connection with any such title to furnish certain statistics, returns and other information as required and keep records necessary for the completion of any such statistics and returns (transferred from current section 132 of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*),
- (c) require the holder of a petroleum title to collect samples as required by the regulations,
- (d) require any record required to be created and maintained under the Act, the regulations, a condition of a petroleum title or a term of an activity approval to be kept in a legible form for not less than 4 years after the expiry or cancellation of the petroleum title.

#### Powers of entry and inspection

**Schedule 2 [42]** inserts provisions aligning powers of entry and inspection with those in Part 17A of the *Mining Act 1992*, as proposed to be amended by this Bill, including provisions that do the following:

- (a) specify that powers under the proposed Part may be exercised for determining whether there has been compliance with or a contravention of the Act or the regulations or any petroleum title, direction, notice or requirement issued or made under the Act, obtaining information or records for purposes connected with the administration of the Act or generally for administering the Act,
- (b) provide that an inspector may give a notice to a person to require the person to furnish to the inspector such information or records (or both) as the inspector requires by the notice in connection with any matter relating to the administration of the Act,
- (c) provide power for inspectors to enter premises at which the inspector reasonably suspects that any prospecting or mining operations are being or are about to be carried out or have been, or that are being or are likely to be affected by prospecting operations or mining operations, at any time,
- (d) make it clear that the proposed Division does not entitle an inspector to enter any part of premises used only for residential purposes without the permission of the occupier or the authorisation of a search warrant,
- (e) provide power for an inspector or the Secretary to require a person to produce information and records or to answer questions in relation to an alleged breach or require a person whom the inspector suspects on reasonable grounds to have offended or to be offending against a provision of the Act or the regulations to state his or her full name and residential address,
- (f) make it an offence to obstruct, hinder or resist an inspector, an authorised person, certain members of staff of the Department and persons who exercise any judicial or official functions under the Act,
- (g) make it an offence for a person to provide any information, record or return in purported compliance with any requirement by or under the Act that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.

#### Land and Environment Court proceedings

**Schedule 2 [44]** inserts a new Part (which mirrors current Part 15 of the *Mining Act 1992*) containing provisions about Land and Environment Court proceedings that do the following:

- (a) set out the jurisdiction of the Land and Environment Court to hear and determine proceedings relating to certain matters (which is transferred from current section 115 of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*), and
- (b) provide for the Court to order any other party to the proceedings to deposit, pending its decision, any earth, petroleum, money or chattels the right to which will, in the opinion of the Court, be put in issue in the course of those proceedings, and which may then be in, or at any time before the termination of the proceedings may come into, the possession or control of that other party (which mirrors current section 294 of the *Mining Act 1992*) or to prohibit extraction of such petroleum,

- (c) provide for the Court to grant an injunction restraining any specified person from encroaching on, occupying, using or working land or property that another person claims an interest in or from doing certain things in relation to that land (which mirrors current section 295 of the *Mining Act 1992*),
- (d) provide for the granting of injunctions in cases of urgency (which mirrors current section 296 of the *Mining Act 1992*),
- (e) provide for the making of orders protecting adjacent petroleum titles (which mirrors current section 297 of the *Mining Act 1992*),
- (f) provide for the Court to order payment of money or delivery of petroleum (which mirrors current section 298 of the *Mining Act 1992*).

#### Administration

**Schedule 2 [44]** also inserts a new Part (which mirrors Part 17 of the *Mining Act 1992*, as proposed to be amended by this Bill) containing provisions about the administration of the Act that do the following:

- (a) exclude the Minister, Secretary and certain persons from personal liability (which is transferred from sections 125 and 126A of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*),
- (b) provide for the delegation of functions by the Minister or the Secretary (which is transferred from section 127 of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*),
- (c) modify the circumstances in which the Minister, an inspector, certain members of staff of the Department and certain persons who exercise judicial or official functions while holding office in an official capacity are prohibited from holding either directly or indirectly a beneficial interest in a petroleum title (this is transferred from section 127A of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*).

Schedule 2 [45] and [47] omit the existing provisions proposed to be so transferred.

**Schedule 2 [49]** updates a cross-reference to one of the provisions proposed to be transferred.

#### Release of information

**Schedule 2 [44]** also inserts a new Part (some of the provisions of which mirror provisions of the *Mining Act 1992*, as proposed to be inserted by this Bill) containing provisions about the release of information that do the following:

- (a) enable the release by the Minister of certain data (which is transferred from section 118 of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*),
- (b) enable the release by the Minister of any cores or cuttings from, or samples of, the subsoil in a block, or samples of petroleum recovered in a block, that have been furnished to the Minister under the Act (which is transferred from section 119 of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*),
- (c) provide for the release by the Minister of summaries of work programs,
- (d) provide for the release by the Minister of information that relates to the subsoil, or to petroleum, in a block, and that, in the opinion of the Minister, is a conclusion drawn in whole or in part from opinions based on such information (which is transferred from sections 120–124 of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*),
- (e) otherwise prohibit the disclosure of any information obtained in connection with the administration or execution of the Act except in certain circumstances (which mirrors section 365 of the *Mining Act 1992*),
- (f) authorise the Minister or the Secretary to enter into arrangements for the purpose of sharing or exchanging any information held by them (which mirrors proposed section 365A of the *Mining Act 1992*).

#### Offences, enforcement and undertakings

**Schedule 2 [44]** also inserts a new Part (which mirrors Part 17A of the *Mining Act 1992*, as proposed to be amended by this Bill), which contains provisions that do the following:

- (a) make it an offence to obstruct, hinder or resist inspectors and other persons in the exercise of functions under the Act or to obstruct the holder of a petroleum title from doing any act authorised under the Act,
- (b) make it an offence to provide false or misleading information in connection with an application or when furnishing information in response to other requirements under the Act,
- (c) make it an offence for the holder of a petroleum title to contravene a condition of the title (which is transferred from section 136A of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991*),
- (d) make it an offence to aid, abet, counsel or conspire in the commission of an offence,
- (e) specify offences as executive liability offences, where the directors of a corporation will be liable for an offence when a corporation that is a holder of a petroleum title contravenes a direction or a condition of a petroleum title held by a corporation is contravened,
- (f) provide for continuing offences,
- (g) provide for proceedings for offences and the time within which summary proceedings may be commenced,
- (h) provide for the issue of penalty notices,
- (i) provide for restraining orders directing that any property of a defendant in proceedings under the Act is not to be disposed of, or otherwise dealt with, by the defendant or by any other person, except in such manner and in such circumstances (if any) as are specified in the order,
- (j) provide for court orders in connection with offences, including orders for costs, expenses and compensation at the time when an offence is proved or at a later time and orders regarding the costs and expenses of investigations,
- (k) provide that a court that is satisfied, to a civil standard that a person has carried out unauthorised prospecting or mining may order the person to pay costs and expenses incurred in the prevention or management of any environmental impact or rehabilitating land or water or to pay compensation for loss or damage suffered,
- (l) provide for the giving of enforceable undertakings in relation to contraventions of statutory provisions,
- (m) provide for prima facie evidence of certain matters under the Act.

#### Minor amendments

**Schedule 2 [1]** inserts an objects section. The objects of the Act are to encourage and facilitate the discovery and development of petroleum resources in New South Wales, having regard to the need to encourage ecologically sustainable development. (The proposed section mirrors current section 3A of the *Mining Act 1992*.)

**Schedule 2** [2] inserts definitions of terms used in the proposed amendments.

Schedule 2 [3] updates a definition.

**Schedule 2 [8]** updates terminology (a reference to "financial standing" is updated to "financial capability").

Schedule 2 [28], [29] and [31] update references to Departments, to use modern terms.

Schedule 2 [30] and [31] update references to an office-holder.

**Schedule 2 [46]** inserts a provision (proposed section 129B) that permits the Minister to waive minor procedural matters, including any requirement of the Act or the regulations as to the time within which anything is required to be done, the details to be contained in any notice to be served, lodged or caused to be published by the applicant, the documents or particulars to accompany an application or the furnishing of information by the applicant. The proposed section does not

authorise the Minister to waive a requirement unless the Minister is satisfied that the waiver is unlikely to adversely affect any person's rights under the Act or the regulations or to result in any person being deprived of information necessary for the effective exercise of those rights.

**Schedule 2 [48]** provides that the regulations may adopt or provide for the adoption of any document (including a code of practice) and for the application of the provisions of that document, as in force from time to time, for any of the purposes of the Act or the regulations.

**Schedule 2 [51]** makes savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

### Schedule 3 Consequential amendment of other Acts

#### Amendment of Dams Safety Act 2015 No 26

**Schedule 3.1** omits an uncommenced amendment to the *Mining Regulation 2010*, as a consequence of proposed amendments to the *Mining Act 1992*.

#### Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203

**Schedule 3.2** updates a reference to a provision of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991* that is being amended by Schedule 2.

#### Amendment of Fines Act 1996 No 99

**Schedule 3.3** updates a reference to the provision of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991* under which penalty notices are issued, which is being transferred by Schedule 2.

#### Amendment of Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103

**Schedule 3.4** updates a reference to the provision of the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991* under which search warrants are issued, which is being transferred by Schedule 2.

#### Amendment of Offshore Minerals Act 1999 No 42

**Schedule 3.5** amends a provision about decisions on an application for renewal of an exploration licence, to provide for renewal at the discretion of the Minister.

#### Amendment of Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 No 156

**Schedule 3.6** updates references to offences under the *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991* that are being modified or transferred by Schedule 2.



# New South Wales

# Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Harmonisation) Bill 2015

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# Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Harmonisation) Bill 2015

No , 2015

#### A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Mining Act 1992* and *Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991* to make further provision with respect to prospecting for and mining minerals and petroleum, including by harmonising certain provisions of those Acts.

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Harmonisation) Act 2015.	3 4
2	Commencement	5
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	6
3	Repeal of Mining Amendment Act 2008 No 19	7
	The Mining Amendment Act 2008 is repealed.	8

Sc	hedu	le 1	Amendment of Mining Act 1992 No 29	1
[1]	Sect	ion 13	Application for exploration licence	2
	Inser	t after	section 13 (4): <b>Note.</b> Section 129A requires an application for an exploration licence to be accompanied by a proposed work program.	3 4 5
[2]	Sect	ion 13	(5) (c)	6
	Omi	t the pa	aragraph.	7
[3]	Sect	ion 15	Tenders	8
	Inser	t at the	e end of section 15 (1): <b>Note.</b> Section 129A requires a tender for an exploration licence to be accompanied by a proposed work program.	9 10 11
[4]	Sect	ion 15	(2) (b)	12
	Omi	t the pa	aragraph.	13
[5]	Sect	ion 16	Decision-maker may require further information	14
	Omi	t the se	ection.	15
[6]	Sect	ion 21	Colliery holdings	16
	Omi	t the se	ection.	17
[7]	Sect	ion 22	Power of decision-maker in relation to applications	18
	Inser	t at the	e end of section 22 (1):	19
			<b>Note.</b> Schedule 1B contains provisions about the grant or refusal of an application for an exploration licence and the conditions to which an exploration licence is subject.	20 21
[8]	Sect	ion 22	(2)	22
	Omi	t the su	absection.	23
[9]	Sect	ion 23	Power of decision-maker in relation to tenders	24
	Inser	t at the	e end of section 23 (2): <b>Note.</b> Schedule 1B contains provisions about the grant or refusal of an exploration licence to a tenderer.	25 26 27
[10]	Sect	ion 23	(3)	28
	Omi	t the su	absection.	29
[11]	Sect	ion 23	A	30
	Inser	t after	section 23:	31
	23A	Activ	vity approval required for assessable prospecting operations	32
		(1)	An exploration licence is subject to a statutory condition that the holder of the licence must not carry out an assessable prospecting operation on land over which the licence is granted unless an activity approval has been obtained for the carrying out of the assessable prospecting operation in relation to that land and is in force.	33 34 35 36 37
		(2)	The holder of an exploration licence may apply in writing to the decision-maker for approval to carry out an assessable prospecting operation	38 39

	in relation to any part of the land over which the licence is granted (an <i>activity approval</i> ).	1 2
(3)	The decision-maker may require the holder to provide such information as is required by the decision-maker, within the time specified by the decision-maker, before considering the application or at any time during consideration of the application.	3 4 5 6
(4)	After considering the application for the activity approval, the decision-maker:	7
	(a) may grant the activity approval, or	8
	(b) may refuse the application.	9
(5)	Without limiting the grounds for refusal, the application may be refused if the applicant fails to provide the information required by the decision-maker within the time required.	10 11 12
(6)	An activity approval may be granted subject to terms.	13
(7)	For the purposes of this Act, it is a statutory condition of an exploration licence that the holder must comply with any activity approval granted to the holder and in force.	14 15 16
(8)	Clauses 7 (2)–(4), 10 (2), 12 and 14 of Schedule 1B apply to and in respect of the imposition of terms on, and variation of the terms of, an activity approval in the same way as they apply to and in respect of the imposition of conditions on, and the variation of the conditions of, an authorisation.	17 18 19 20
(9)	The decision-maker may cancel an activity approval:	21
	(a) if the holder of the activity approval lodges with the Secretary a request that the decision-maker cancel the activity approval, or	22 23
	(b) if the decision-maker is satisfied that a person has contravened the activity approval (whether or not the person is prosecuted or convicted of any offence arising from the contravention).	24 25 26
(10)	Before cancelling an activity approval, otherwise than at the request of the holder of the activity approval, the decision-maker is to cause a written notice to be served on the holder of the activity approval that contains the following:	27 28 29
	(a) notice that the activity approval is proposed to be cancelled,	30
	(b) details of the grounds for the proposed cancellation,	31
	(c) notice that the holder of the activity approval has a specified period (of at least 28 days) in which to make representations with respect to the proposed cancellation.	32 33 34
(11)	The decision-maker must not cancel an activity approval, otherwise than at the request of the holder of the activity approval, unless:	35 36
	(a) the decision-maker has taken any such representations received from the holder of the activity approval into consideration, or	37 38
	(b) the period specified in the notice has elapsed and no such representations have been received.	39 40
(12)	The decision-maker is to cause written notice of the cancellation of an activity approval to be given to the holder of the activity approval.	41 42
(13)	The cancellation takes effect on the date on which the written notice of the cancellation is given to the holder of the activity approval, or on a later date specified in the notice.	43 44 45

	(14)	Any person who is aggrieved by the decision of the decision-maker to cancel an activity approval held by the person may appeal to the Land and Environment Court against the decision. Section 128 applies to such an appeal as if it were an appeal against a decision to cancel an authority.	1 2 3 4
	(15)	The cancellation of an activity approval does not affect any liability incurred by the holder of the activity approval before the cancellation took effect.	5 6
	(16)	Action may be taken under subsection (9) (b) whether or not any other action has been taken in respect of the activity approval under this Act.	7 8
[12]	Section 26	Conditions of exploration licence	9
	Omit the se	ection.	10
[13]	Section 27	Term of exploration licence	11
	Omit "5 ye	ars" from section 27 (b) (ii). Insert instead "6 years".	12
[14]	Section 28	Form of exploration licence	13
	Insert at the	e end of the section:  Note. Schedule 1B provides for an exploration licence to be varied after it is granted.	14 15
[15]	Section 30	Exempted areas	16
	Insert after	section 30 (2):	17
	(3)	Clauses 12 and 14 of Schedule 1B apply to the variation or suspension of a condition of consent granted under this section in the same way as they apply to the variation or suspension of a condition of an authorisation.	18 19 20
[16]	Section 33	Application for assessment lease	21
	Insert after	section 33 (4):  Note. Section 129A requires an application for an assessment lease to be accompanied by a proposed work program.	22 23 24
[17]	Section 33	(5) (d)	25
	Omit the pa	aragraph.	26
[18]	Section 34	Decision-maker may require further information	27
	Omit the se	ection.	28
[19]	Section 40	Colliery holdings	29
	Omit the se	ection.	30
[20]	Section 41	Power of decision-maker in relation to applications	31
	Insert at the	e end of section 41 (1):	32
		<b>Note.</b> Schedule 1B contains provisions about the grant or refusal of an application for an assessment lease and the conditions to which an assessment lease is subject.	33 34
[21]	Section 41	(2)	35
	Omit the su	bsection.	36
[22]	Section 44	Conditions of assessment lease	37
	Omit the se	ection.	38

[23]	B] Section 44A					
	Inser	t befor	re section 45:	2		
	44A	Activ	rity approval required for assessable prospecting operations	3		
		(1)	An assessment lease is subject to a statutory condition that the holder must not carry out an assessable prospecting operation on land over which the lease is granted unless an activity approval has been obtained for the carrying out of the assessable prospecting operation in relation to that land and is in force.	4 5 6 7		
		(2)	The holder of an assessment lease may apply in writing to the decision-maker for approval to carry out an assessable prospecting operation in relation to any part of the land over which the lease is granted (an <i>activity approval</i> ).	8 9 10		
		(3)	The decision-maker may require the holder to provide such information as is required by the decision-maker, within the time specified by the decision-maker, before considering the application or at any time during consideration of the application.	11 12 13 14		
		(4)	After considering the application for the activity approval, the decision-maker:	15		
			(a) may grant the activity approval, or	16		
			(b) may refuse the application.	17		
		(5)	Without limiting the grounds for refusal, the application may be refused if the applicant fails to provide the information required by the decision-maker within the time required.	18 19 20		
		(6)	An activity approval may be granted subject to terms.	21		
		(7)	For the purposes of this Act, it is a statutory condition of an assessment lease that the holder must comply with any activity approval granted to the holder and in force.	22 23 24		
		(8)	Clauses 7 (2)–(4), 10 (2), 12 and 14 of Schedule 1B apply to and in respect of the imposition of terms on, and variation of the terms of, an activity approval in the same way as they apply to and in respect of the imposition of conditions on, and the variation of the conditions of, an authorisation.	25 26 27 28		
		(9)	The decision-maker may cancel an activity approval:	29		
			(a) if the holder of the activity approval lodges with the Secretary a request that the decision-maker cancel the activity approval, or	30 31		
			(b) if the decision-maker is satisfied that a person has contravened the activity approval (whether or not the person is prosecuted or convicted of any offence arising from the contravention).	32 33 34		
		(10)	Before cancelling an activity approval, otherwise than at the request of the holder of the activity approval, the decision-maker is to cause a written notice to be served on the holder of the activity approval that contains the following:	35 36 37		
			(a) notice that the activity approval is proposed to be cancelled,	38		
			(b) details of the grounds for the proposed cancellation,	39		
			(c) notice that the holder of the activity approval has a specified period (of at least 28 days) in which to make representations with respect to the proposed cancellation.	40 41 42		
		(11)	The decision-maker must not cancel an activity approval, otherwise than at the request of the holder of the activity approval, unless:	43 44		
			(a) the decision-maker has taken any such representations received from	45		

the holder of the activity approval into consideration, or

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		(b) the period specified in the notice has elapsed and no such representations have been received.	1 2
	(12)	The decision-maker is to cause written notice of the cancellation of an activity approval to be given to the holder of the activity approval.	3 4
	(13)	The cancellation takes effect on the date on which the written notice of the cancellation is given to the holder of the activity approval, or on a later date specified in the notice.	5 6 7
	(14)	Any person who is aggrieved by the decision of the decision-maker to cancel an activity approval held by the person may appeal to the Land and Environment Court against the decision. Section 128 applies to such an appeal as if it were an appeal against a decision to cancel an authority.	8 9 10 11
	(15)	The cancellation of an activity approval does not affect any liability incurred by the holder of the activity approval before the cancellation took effect.	12 13
	(16)	Action may be taken under subsection (9) (b) whether or not any other action has been taken in respect of the activity approval under this Act.	14 15
[24]	Section 45	Term of assessment lease	16
	Omit "5 yea	ars" from section 45 (b) (ii). Insert instead "6 years".	17
[25]	Section 46	Form of assessment lease	18
	Insert at the	e end of the section:  Note. Schedule 1B provides that an assessment lease may be varied after it is granted.	19 20
[26]	Section 48	Exempted areas	21
	Insert after	section 48 (2):	22
	(3)	Clauses 12 and 14 of Schedule 1B apply to the variation or suspension of a condition of consent granted under this section in the same way as they apply to the variation or suspension of a condition of an authorisation.	23 24 25
[27]	Section 51	Application for mining lease	26
	Insert at the	e end of section 51 (4):  Note. Section 129A requires an application for a mining lease to be accompanied by a proposed work program.	27 28 29
[28]	Section 51	(5) (d)	30
	Omit the pa	ragraph.	31
[29]	Section 53	Tenders	32
	Insert at the	e end of section 53 (1):  Note. Section 129A requires a tender for a mining lease to be accompanied by a proposed work program.	33 34 35
[30]	Section 53	(2) (b)	36
	Omit the pa	aragraph.	37
[31]	Section 54	Decision-maker may require further information	38
	Omit the se	ction.	39
[32]	Section 61	Colliery holdings	40
	Omit the se	ction.	41

[33]	Section 6	3 Power of decision-maker in relation to applications	1		
	Insert at th	ne end of section 63 (1):	2		
		<b>Note.</b> Schedule 1B contains provisions about the grant or refusal of an application for a mining lease.	3 4		
[34]	Section 6	3 (2)	5		
	Omit the s	ubsection.	6		
[35]	Section 6	4 Power of decision-maker in relation to tenders	7		
	Insert at th	ne end of section 64 (1):  Note. Schedule 1B contains provisions about the grant or refusal of a mining lease to a tenderer.	8 9 10		
[36]	Section 6	4 (3)	11		
	Omit the s	ubsection.	12		
[37]	Section 7	0 Conditions of mining lease	13		
	Omit the s	ection.	14		
[38]	Section 79 condition	9 Amendment of mining lease in respect of expenditure and labour s	15 16		
	Omit the s	ection.	17		
[39]	Section 9	3 Granting of proposed lease if objection or proposal made	18		
	Omit section 93 (4). Insert instead:				
	(4)	Despite clause 12 of Schedule 1B, a condition included in a proposed lease in accordance with a direction of the Premier may only be varied with the concurrence of the Premier.	20 21 22		
[40]	Section 1	13 Applications for renewal	23		
	Insert after	r section 113 (5):	24		
	(5A)	An application for renewal of an exploration licence may include a description of any special circumstances that the applicant claims (for the purposes of section 114A) exist that justify the area of land over which the exploration licence is renewed exceeding half of the area over which the licence is in force when the application for renewal is made.	25 26 27 28 29		
[41]	Sections	114 and 114A	30		
	Omit secti	on 114. Insert instead:	31		
	114 Pov	ver of decision-maker in relation to renewal applications	32		
	(1)	After considering an application for the renewal of an authority, the decision-maker:	33 34		
		(a) may renew the authority, or	35		
		(b) may refuse the application.	36		
		<b>Note.</b> Schedule 1B contains provisions about the grant or refusal of an application to renew an authority and the grounds for refusal of such an application.	37 38		
	(2)	The period for which an authority is renewed may not on any one occasion exceed:	39 40		
		(a) in the case of an exploration licence or assessment lease—6 years, or	41		

			(b) in the case of a mining lease—21 years (or such longer period as the decision-maker may, with the concurrence of the Premier, determine).	1
		(3)	The decision-maker is not bound to renew an authority over the area nominated by the applicant.	3 4
		(4)	The area of land over which an authority is renewed may differ from the area of land over which the renewal of the authority is sought, but not so as to include any land that was not subject to the authority immediately before the renewal.	5 6 7 8
		(5)	The decision-maker may defer dealing with an application for the renewal of a mining lease over any land if the mining lease is the subject of action being taken under Part 6 in connection with the granting of a consolidated mining lease over that land.	9 10 17
	114A	Powe	er of decision-maker in relation to renewal applications for exploration ces	13 14
		(1)	The area of land over which an exploration licence may be renewed is not to exceed half of the area over which the licence was in force when the application for renewal was made.	15 16 17
		(2)	However, the decision-maker may grant a renewal over more than half of the area over which the licence was in force if:	18 19
			(a) the applicant for renewal claims that special circumstances exist that justify doing so, and	20 21
			(b) the decision-maker is satisfied that special circumstances exist that justify doing so.	22 23
		(3)	Without limiting the considerations available to the decision-maker in determining whether special circumstances exist for the purposes of this section, the decision-maker may take into account any partial cancellation of the exploration licence on the request of the holder of the licence under section 126, and reduce the percentage of the area of land over which the renewal may not be granted.	24 25 26 27 28
		(4)	The decision-maker may direct an applicant for renewal of an exploration licence, within the time specified in the direction, to nominate which part of the area of land is sought to be included in the new exploration licence, where the licence may not be renewed over the whole area of land.	30 37 32 33
		(5)	The decision-maker may refuse to renew an exploration licence if such a direction is not complied with within the time specified in the direction (in addition to the other grounds for refusal in clause 6 of Schedule 1B).	34 35 36
		(6)	The decision-maker is not bound to renew an exploration licence over the area nominated by the applicant in compliance with a direction under this section or otherwise.	35 38 39
[42]	Secti	on 117	7 Authority to have effect until application dealt with	40
	Omit	section	n 117 (2) and (3).	4
[43]	Secti	on 118	B Date from which renewal of authority has effect	42
	Omit	section	n 118 (2).	43
[44]			Application for approval of transfer	44
	Omit	"to an	other person" from section 120 (1).	45

1

[45]	Sect	ion 12	20 (3)		1	
	Inse	t after	sectio	n 120 (2):	2	
		(3)	the h	holder of an authority must not apply for a transfer of the authority unless holder has notified any person who has an interest in the authority that is stered under section 161 of the proposed application.	3 4 5	
[46]	Sect	ion 12	1 Pow	ver of decision-maker in relation to transfer approval applications	6	
	Inse	t at th	Note	of section 121 (1):  Schedule 1B contains provisions about the grant or refusal of an application for oval of the transfer of an authority.	7 8 9	
[47]	Sect	ion 12	21 (2) a	and (6)	10	
	Omi	t the su	ıbsecti	ons.	11	
[48]	Sect	ion 12	22 Reg	istration of transfers	12	
	Omi	t "regu	ılations	s, and" from section 122 (2) (b). Insert instead "regulations.".	13	
[49]	Sect	ion 12	22 (2) (	c)	14	
	Omi	t the pa	aragrap	ph.	15	
[50]	Sect	ion 12	22 (3)		16	
	Inse	t", un	less re	gistration is prohibited by section 124" after "new authority".	17	
[51]	Sect	ions 1	25 an	d 126	18	
	Omit the sections. Insert instead:					
	125	Gro	unds c	of cancellation of authorities	20	
		(1)		decision-maker may cancel an authority as to the whole or any part of the to which it relates:	21 22	
			(a)	if the holder of the authority lodges with the Secretary a request that the decision-maker cancel the authority as to the whole or part of the land, or	23 24 25	
			(b)	if the decision-maker is satisfied that the holder of the authority has contravened a provision of this Act or the regulations (whether or not the holder is prosecuted or convicted of any offence arising from the contravention), or	26 27 28 29	
			(c)	if the decision-maker is satisfied that a person has contravened a condition of the authority (whether or not the person is prosecuted or convicted of any offence arising from the contravention), or	30 31 32	
			(d)	if the decision-maker is satisfied that the holder of the authority provided false or misleading information in or in connection with an application for or with respect to the authority or any report provided under this Act, or	33 34 35 36	
			(e)	if the decision-maker is satisfied that the holder of the authority has failed to comply with the requirements of any agreement or assessment under Part 13 in relation to the payment of compensation, or	37 38 39	
			(f)	if the holder of the authority is convicted of any offence relating to mining or minerals, or	40 41	
			(g)	if the decision-maker is satisfied that the holder of the authority has failed to use the land the subject of the authority in good faith for the	42 43	

			purposes for which the authority has been granted, or has used the land for a purpose other than that for which the authority has been granted, or	1 2
			(h) if the decision-maker is satisfied that there has been a contravention of a direction under section 240 or 240AA, or	3 4
			(i) if the decision-maker is satisfied that the land is required for a public purpose.	5 6
		(2)	A request lodged with the Secretary for the cancellation of an authority as to part only of the land to which it relates must be accompanied by a description, prepared in the manner prescribed by the regulations, of the land in respect of which the authority is to be cancelled.	7 8 9 10
		(3)	Action may be taken under this section whether or not any other action has been taken in respect of the authority under this Act.	11 12
	126	Cano	cellations of authorities	13
		(1)	Before cancelling an authority, otherwise than at the request of the holder of the authority, the decision-maker is to cause a written notice to be served on the holder of the authority that contains the following:	14 15 16
			(a) notice that the authority is proposed to be cancelled,	17
			(b) details of the grounds for the proposed cancellation,	18
			(c) notice that the holder of the authority has a specified period (of at least 28 days) in which to make representations with respect to the proposed cancellation.	19 20 21
		(2)	The decision-maker must not cancel an authority, otherwise than at the request of the holder of the authority, unless:	22 23
			(a) the decision-maker has taken any such representations received from the holder of the authority into consideration, or	24 25
			(b) the period specified in the notice has elapsed and no such representations have been received.	26 27
		(3)	The decision-maker is to cause written notice of the cancellation of an authority to be given to the holder of the authority.	28 29
		(4)	The cancellation takes effect on the date on which the written notice of the cancellation is given to the holder of the authority, or on a later date specified in the notice.	30 31 32
		(5)	The cancellation of an authority does not affect any liability incurred by the holder of the authority before the cancellation took effect.	33 34
[52]	Secti	on 12	8 Appeals against decisions concerning cancellations	35
	Inser	t after	section 128 (4):	36
		(5)	This section does not apply to a cancellation that was requested by the holder of the authority.	37 38
[53]	Secti	on 12	9A	39
	Inser	t after	section 129:	40
	129A	Appl	lications and tenders to be supported by proposed work program	41
		(1)	An application for an authority, and any tender, must be accompanied by a proposed work program that:	42 43

			(a)	indicates the nature and extent of operations to be carried out under the authority conferred by the relevant authority, and	1 2
			(b)	sets out commitments relating to the conduct of those operations (such as the timing of the operations), and	3 4
			(c)	provides for the carrying out of activities (such as community consultation and environmental management and rehabilitation) in connection with, or ancillary to, those operations, and	5 6 7
			(d)	complies with the regulations.	8
		(2)	subse unde deve	ne case of an application for a mining lease, the requirement in ection (1) can be satisfied by providing a current development consent or the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> for the lopment (within the meaning of that Act) in respect of which the mining is being applied for.	9 10 11 12 13
[54]	Sect	ion 13	5 Waiv	ver of minor procedural matters	14
	Omit	the se	ction.		15
[55]	Part	8, Divi	sion 3	3, heading	16
	Omit	the he	ading.	Insert instead:	17
	Divi	sion	3	Registration of interests and other matters	18
[56]	Part	8, Divi	sion 3	3A	19
	Omit	sectio	n 1630	C. Insert instead:	20
	Divi	sion	3 <b>A</b>	Reports and records	21
,	Divi 163C	sion : Repo		Reports and records	21 22
			The l	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations ed out under the authorisation.	
		Repo	The l	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations	22 23
		Repo	The lacarrie Note.	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations ed out under the authorisation.  Clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B provides that reports may also be required by onditions of an authorisation.  regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	22 23 24 25
		<b>Repo</b> (1)	The learning Note: the co	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations ed out under the authorisation.  Clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B provides that reports may also be required by onditions of an authorisation.  regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:  the content, form or lodgment of the reports,	22 23 24 25 26
		<b>Repo</b> (1)	The locarrie the co	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations ed out under the authorisation.  Clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B provides that reports may also be required by onditions of an authorisation.  regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	22 23 24 25 26 27
		<b>Repo</b> (1)	The learning Note: the co	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations ed out under the authorisation.  Clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B provides that reports may also be required by onditions of an authorisation.  regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following: the content, form or lodgment of the reports, the exemption of any person, class of persons, authorisations or class of authorisations from a requirement of this section or the regulations	22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
		<b>Repo</b> (1)	The learning Note. The record (a) (b)	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations ed out under the authorisation.  Clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B provides that reports may also be required by onditions of an authorisation.  regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following: the content, form or lodgment of the reports, the exemption of any person, class of persons, authorisations or class of authorisations from a requirement of this section or the regulations under this section, prohibiting or regulating the disclosure of reports required to be lodged or made under this section or as a condition of an authorisation.  reson who fails, without reasonable excuse, to prepare or lodge a report in redance with this section or the regulations is guilty of an offence.	222 233 244 255 266 277 288 299 300 311 322 333 344 355
		(1) (2)	The l carrie Note. the co	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations ed out under the authorisation.  Clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B provides that reports may also be required by proditions of an authorisation.  regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following: the content, form or lodgment of the reports, the exemption of any person, class of persons, authorisations or class of authorisations from a requirement of this section or the regulations under this section, prohibiting or regulating the disclosure of reports required to be lodged or made under this section or as a condition of an authorisation.  rson who fails, without reasonable excuse, to prepare or lodge a report in rdance with this section or the regulations is guilty of an offence. imum penalty:	222 233 244 255 266 277 288 299 300 311 322 333 344 355 366
		(1) (2)	The learning Note. The record (a) (b)	holder of an authorisation must prepare and lodge reports of all operations ed out under the authorisation.  Clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B provides that reports may also be required by onditions of an authorisation.  regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following: the content, form or lodgment of the reports, the exemption of any person, class of persons, authorisations or class of authorisations from a requirement of this section or the regulations under this section, prohibiting or regulating the disclosure of reports required to be lodged or made under this section or as a condition of an authorisation.  reson who fails, without reasonable excuse, to prepare or lodge a report in redance with this section or the regulations is guilty of an offence.	222 233 244 255 266 277 288 299 300 311 322 333 344 355

		(4)	If there is an inconsistency between a condition of an authorisation and a reporting requirement imposed under this section, the condition prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	1 2 3		
	163D	Record-keeping				
			Any record required to be created and maintained under this Act, the regulations, a condition of an authorisation or a term of an activity approval must be kept in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form for production to any inspector.	5 6 7 8		
	163E	Rete	ntion of records relating to authorisations	9		
			The holder of an authorisation must retain any records required to be created and maintained under this Act, the regulations, a condition of an authorisation or a term of an activity approval in relation to the authorisation for not less than 4 years after the expiry or cancellation of the authorisation.	10 11 12 13		
	163F	Infor	mation provided, served or lodged by agents	14		
			Any information received from or served or lodged by an agent duly appointed and notified in accordance with the regulations on behalf of any of the following persons is taken to have been received from or served or lodged by that person:	15 16 17 18		
			(a) the holder of an authorisation,	19		
			(b) an applicant or tenderer for an authorisation or an applicant for the renewal, transfer or cancellation of an authorisation,	20 21		
			(c) an applicant for an activity approval or for the cancellation of an activity approval,	22 23		
			(d) any person who owns or occupies land over which an authorisation is in force or to which an application for an authorisation relates.	24 25		
	163G	Sam	ples of strata, minerals and water	26		
		(1)	The holder of an authorisation must collect any samples of strata, minerals, water or any other thing required by the regulations.	27 28		
		(2)	Those samples must be collected, labelled for reference or preserved in the manner required by the regulations.	29 30		
[57]	Secti	ion 16	8 Suspension of conditions	31		
	Omit the section.					
[58]	Secti	ion 16	8A Addition or variation of conditions in certain circumstances	33		
	Omit	the se	ection.	34		
[59]	Secti	ion 18	6 Colliery holdings	35		
	Omit the section.					
[60]	Section 190 Power of Secretary in relation to applications					
	Omit	section	on 190 (2).	38		
[61]	Secti	ion 19	0, note	39		
	Inser	t at the	e end of section 190 (6):	40		
			<b>Note.</b> Schedule 1B makes provision about the grant or refusal of an application for a mineral claim and the conditions to which a mineral claim is subject.	41 42		

[62]	Section 192 Conditions of mineral claim	1				
	Omit the section.					
[63]	Section 198 Determination of application for renewal of mineral claim	3				
	Omit section 198 (2) and (3).	4				
[64]	Section 201 Determination of application for transfer of mineral claim Omit section 201 (2) and (3).	5 6				
[65]	Section 203 Grounds of cancellation or operational suspension					
[၀၁]	Insert at the end of section 203 (1) (h):	7				
	, or	8 9				
	(i) if the Secretary reasonably considers that there has been a contravention of a direction under section 240 or 240AA.	10 11				
[66]	Section 204 Cancellations of mineral claims	12				
	Omit "section 203 (1) (b)–(e) or (h)" from section 204 (1).	13				
	Insert instead "section 203 (1) (b)–(f), (h) or (i)".	14				
[67]	Section 210A Waiver of minor procedural matters	15				
	Omit the section.	16				
[68]	Section 215 Suspension of conditions	17				
	Omit the section.	18				
[69]	Section 218A Records	19				
	Insert ", varied" after "renewed" in section 218A (1) (b).	20				
[70]	Section 223A Special conditions	21				
	Omit "program of work" from section 223A (2) (g). Insert instead "works".	22				
[71]	Section 228 Power of Secretary in relation to applications	23				
	Omit section 228 (2).	24				
[72]	Section 231 Form of licence	25				
	Insert at the end of the section:					
	<b>Note.</b> Schedule 1B applies to small-scale titles, including opal prospecting licences.	27				
[73]	Section 233 Grounds of cancellation of opal prospecting licence					
	Insert at the end of section 233 (1) (e):	29				
	, or	30				
	(f) if the Secretary reasonably considers that there has been a contravention of a direction under section 240 or 240AA.	31 32				
[74]	Section 234 Cancellations					
	Omit "section 233 (1) (b)–(d)" from section 234 (1).					
	Insert instead "section 233 (1) (b)–(d) or (f)"	35				

[75]	Section 235A Records								
	Inse	t at the	end o	of section 235A (1) (c):	2				
				, and	3				
			(d)	the variation of any opal prospecting licence.	4				
[76]	Part	11, Div	ision	s 1 and 2	5				
	Omi	t the Di	visior	ns.	6				
[77]	Sect	Section 239E Interpretation							
	Omi	Omit "240A" from the definition of <i>authorisation</i> . Insert instead "240AA".							
[78]	Sect	Section 239E (2)							
	Inse	t at the	end o	of section 239E:	10				
		(2)	perso to a adm	tis Division, a reference to giving a direction or notice to a responsible on includes, where the responsible person is a corporation that is subject scheme of arrangement, receivership, winding up or other external inistration, a reference to giving a direction or notice to the administrator, iver or liquidator of the corporation.	11 12 13 14 15				
[79]	Sect	Section 240 Directions							
	Inse	t "or a	ny cor	ndition specified in the direction" after "the direction" in section 240 (2).	17				
[80]	Sect	ion 24	0 (2A)		18				
	Inse	t after	sectio	n 240 (2):	19				
	(2A)		A direction served on a person under this Division may require the person to prepare, and submit to the Secretary or inspector, reports as to any of the following:						
			(a)	the measures the person proposes to take for the purpose of complying with the direction,	23 24				
			(b)	the progress made by the person in implementing any such measures.	25				
[81]	Sections 240A and 240AA								
	Omi	Omit section 240A. Insert instead:							
	240A	Proh	ibitio	n notices	28				
	(1)		If the Secretary or an inspector reasonably suspects that a person who is not the holder of an authorisation is carrying out, or is about to carry out, any activity in contravention of a provision of this Act requiring an authorisation to be held when carrying out the activity, the Secretary or inspector may direct the person to discontinue that activity on the land specified in the notice.						
	(2)		The direction may be given orally, but must be confirmed by written notice (a <i>prohibition notice</i> ) issued to the person as soon as practicable.						
	(3)		A prohibition notice must state:						
			(a)	the reasons for the issue of the prohibition notice, and	37				
			(b)	the activity concerned, and	38				
			(c)	the provision of this Act that the Secretary or inspector believes is being or is likely to be contravened by that activity	39 40				

24	AA0	Direction to suspend operations				
		(1)	The Secretary may, by written notice (a <i>suspension notice</i> ), direct a responsible person to suspend (for such period as is specified in the direction or until further notice) all, or any specified, operations under an authorisation or suspend any activity approval relating to the operations if the Secretary considers that:	2 3 4 5 6		
			(a) circumstances exist that could constitute a ground for cancellation of the authorisation under section 125 (1) (b)–(g), 203 (1) (b)–(e) or (h) or 233 (1) (b)–(d), or	7 8 9		
			authorisation under section 125 (1) (h), 203 (1) (i) or 233 (1) (f), in	10 11 12		
			(c) on any other ground specified in the regulations.	13		
		(2)	Before giving a suspension notice, the Secretary is to:	14		
				15 16		
			respect to the proposed suspension notice, and	17 18		
			(c) take any such representations into consideration.	19		
		(3)		20 21		
		(4)		22 23		
		(5)	of the suspension of operations under the authorisation in accordance with a	24 25 26		
		(6)	current holder of the authorisation concerned, the Secretary must cause a copy of the notice to be served on any current holder within 5 days after the notice	27 28 29 30		
		(7)	prepare, and submit to the Secretary or inspector, reports as to any of the	31 32 33		
				34 35		
			(b) the progress made by the person in implementing any such measures.	36		
		(8)	to the Crown by the person on whom the direction was served and are	37 38 39		
[82]	Section	on 24	0B Revocation or variation	40		
				41 42		
[83]	Section	on 24	0B (3)	43		
				44		

[84]	Section 240C Breach of direction or notice	1
	Insert "or notice" after "direction" wherever occurring.	2
[85]	Section 240D Effect of direction	3
	Omit "section 125" from the note to the section. Insert instead "section 126".	4
[86]	Section 240E Fee	5
	Insert after section 240E (2):	6
	(3) A fee payable under this section is a debt due by the holder of the authorisation concerned to the Crown and is recoverable in a court of competent jurisdiction.	7 8
[87]	Section 242AA	9
	Insert after section 242:	10
24	2AA Prior notice of direction under section 240 not required	11
	A person who gives a direction under section 240 is not required to notify any person who may be affected by the direction before giving the direction.	12 13
[88]	Section 242C Derelict Mine Sites Fund	14
	Omit "section 246A" from section 242C (3) (a). Insert instead "section 246".	15
[89]	Section 244 Definitions	16
	Omit the definition of <i>forfeiture order</i> .	17
[90]	Section 246P Conditions for mandatory audits	18
	Omit section 246P (7). Insert instead:	19
	(7) This section does not affect the operation of the following provisions of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> :	20 21
	(a) section 89K (Approvals etc legislation that must be applied consistently),	22 23
	(b) section 93 (Granting and modification of approval by approval body),	24
	(c) section 115ZH (Approvals etc legislation that must be applied consistently).	25 26
[91]	Section 246V Protected documents	27
	Insert "or 240AA" after "section 240" in section 246V (3).	28
[92]	Part 12, Division 1C, heading	29
	Omit the heading.	30
[93]	Section 248L Powers of inspectors to require answers	31
	Omit "Division" from section 248L (1). Insert instead "Part".	32
[94]	Section 248M Recording of evidence	33
	Omit "Division" from section 248M (1). Insert instead "Part".	34
[95]	Section 248N Power of inspectors to demand name and address	35
	Omit "referred to in section 248K" from section 248N (1).	36
	Insert instead "of this Act or the regulations".	37

[96]	Section 248NA						
	Inser	t after	section	n 248N:	2		
24	48NA	App	icatio	n of Division	3		
				powers in sections 248L, 248M and 248N may be exercised whether or a power of entry under this Division is being or has been exercised.	4 5		
[97]	Sect	ion 24	8 <b>O</b> Ad	dditional powers of entry	6		
	Omi	t the se	ection.		7		
[98]	Sect	ion 24	8T		8		
	Omi	t the se	ection.	Insert instead:	9		
	248T			s relating to requirements to furnish records or information or estions	10 11		
		(1)	Warr	ning to be given on each occasion	12		
			unde	erson is not guilty of an offence of failing to comply with a requirement er this Part to furnish records or information or to answer a question unless person was warned on that occasion that a failure to comply is an offence.	13 14 15		
		(2)	Self-	incrimination not an excuse	16		
			or ir infor	erson is not excused from a requirement under this Part to furnish records information or to answer a question on the ground that the record, rmation or answer might incriminate the person or make the person liable penalty.	17 18 19 20		
		(3)	Information or answer not admissible if objection made				
			comp agair	rever, any information furnished or answer given by a natural person in pliance with a requirement under this Part is not admissible in evidence and the person in criminal proceedings (except proceedings for an offence or this Part) if:	22 23 24 25		
			(a)	the person objected at the time to doing so on the ground that it might incriminate the person, or	26 27		
			(b)	the person was not warned on that occasion that the person may object to furnishing the information or giving the answer on the ground that it might incriminate the person.	28 29 30		
		(4)	Reco	ords admissible	31		
			Part	record furnished by a person in compliance with a requirement under this is not inadmissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings are ground that the record might incriminate the person.	32 33 34		
		(5)	Furth	her information	35		
			or of	her information obtained as a result of a record or information furnished an answer given in compliance with a requirement under this Part is not missible on the ground:	36 37 38		
			(a)	that the record or information had to be furnished or the answer had to be given, or	39 40		
			(b)	that the record or information furnished or answer given might incriminate the person.	41 42		

		(6)	Section extends to requirement to state name and address	1			
			This section extends to a requirement under this Part to state a person's name and address.	2			
[99]	Sect	ion 24	8V Extraterritorial application	4			
	Omit	the se	ection.	5			
[100]	Sect	ion 26	1F Claim on and use of security deposit	6			
	Inser	t after	section 261F (3):	7			
		(3A)	The Minister may use money obtained under a security deposit for a small-scale title to recover or fund the reasonable costs or expenses that the Crown reasonably incurs rehabilitating land affected by activities undertaken under any small-scale title.	8 9 10 11			
[101]	Sect	ion 28	2 Liability to pay royalty—publicly owned minerals	12			
	Omit	"secti	ion 70 (4)" from section 282 (2). Insert instead "clause 8 (4) of Schedule 1B".	13			
[102]	Sect	ion 29	2C Fees payable in respect of authorisation	14			
	Inser	t after	section 292C (2):	15			
		(3)	The holder of an authorisation must not fail to pay any annual rental fee or annual administrative levy payable under this Part for the authorisation.	16 17			
			Maximum penalty:	18			
			(a) in the case of a corporation—100 penalty units, or	19			
			(b) in the case of a natural person—50 penalty units.	20			
[103]	Sect	ion 29	2Q Failure to pay fee	21			
	Omit	the se	ection.	22			
[104]	Section 292RA						
	Inser	t after	section 292R:	24			
29	2RA	Waiv	ver or refund of fees	25			
		(1)	The Secretary may refund or waive payment of the whole or any part of a fee that this Act requires to be paid, on his or her own initiative or on the application of the person who is required to pay the fee, if the Secretary is satisfied that there is good cause for doing so.	26 27 28 29			
		(2)	The regulations may make further provision for or with respect to the waiver or refund of fees payable under this Act.	30 31			
[105]	Sect	ion 29	2SD	32			
	Omit	the se	ection. Insert instead:	33			
29	2SD	Use	of money raised through levy	34			
			The Secretary may, on the application of a person, allocate any money collected by way of a levy under this Part for any purpose if the Secretary is satisfied that the reasons for which the application was made are consistent with the purposes for which the levy was imposed and the allocation is appropriate and reasonable for achieving those purposes.	35 36 37 38 39			

[106]	Section 292V Small-Scale Titles Levy Fund					
	Omit	"awaı	ds as g	grants" from section 292V (4) (a). Insert instead "allocates".	2	
[107]	Sect	ion 36	1 Арр	ointment of inspectors	3	
	Inser	t after	section	n 361 (3):	4	
		(4)	The	Secretary must publish the following matters in the Gazette:	5	
			(a)	the classes of persons appointed as inspectors under subsection (1),	6	
			(b)	any conditions, limitations or restrictions, or limitation on purposes, imposed by the Secretary on the appointment of persons under this section.	7 8 9	
[108]	Sect	ion 36	4 Mini	ister or official not to be interested in authority or small-scale title	10	
	Omi	section	n 364	(1). Insert instead:	11	
		(1)	of th	rson must not, while holding office in an official capacity for the purposes is Act and while exercising functions in that capacity, hold either directly directly a beneficial interest in an authority or a small-scale title.	12 13 14	
		(1A)	The purp	following are persons who hold office in an <i>official capacity</i> for the oses of this Act:	15 16	
			(a)	the Minister,	17	
			(b)	an inspector,	18	
			(c)	a member of staff of the Department who exercises functions under this Act or the <i>Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991</i> ,	19 20	
			(d)	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991</i> .	21 22	
[109]	Sect	ion 36	4A		23	
	Inser	t after	section	n 364:	24	
	364A	Docu	s or information provided under conditions requiring reporting	25		
		(1)	refer by the	document or information provided under a condition of an authorisation red to in clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B may be taken into consideration be Secretary or the relevant decision-maker and used for the purposes of Act, including for the purposes of the prosecution of offences under this or the regulations.	26 27 28 29 30	
		(2)		Secretary is authorised, despite any other Act or law, to provide a relevant cy with any such document or information.	31 32	
		(3)	an a	such document or information is required to be provided by the holder of authorisation, whether or not the document or information might minate the holder.	33 34 35	
		(4)	cond not a than infor	rever, information provided by a natural person in compliance with a lition of an authorisation referred to in clause 7 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B is admissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings (other proceedings for an offence for providing false and misleading mation) if the person, when providing the information, objected to the ision of the information on the grounds that it might incriminate him or	36 37 38 39 40 41	

		(5)	In this	section:	1
			relevar	nt agency means:	2
			(a) t	the Department, or	3
			2	a public authority engaged in administering or executing the environment protection legislation, the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> or such other legislation, if any, as may be prescribed by the regulations.	4 5 6 7
[110]	Sect	ion 36	5A		8
	Inser	t after	section 3	365:	9
	365A	Exch	ange of	information	10
		(1)	arrang	egulator may enter into an arrangement (an information sharing rement) with a relevant agency for the purposes of sharing or aging any information that is held by the regulator or the agency.	11 12 13
		(2)		formation to which an information sharing arrangement may relate is to information that assists the regulator or relevant agency:	14 15
				to determine applications made under the resources legislation or legislation made under the corresponding law of another jurisdiction, or	16 17
				to determine whether to cancel, revoke, suspend or vary an authorisation, activity approval or other approval, or an exemption or declaration, that is granted, made or given under that legislation, or	18 19 20
				to facilitate the carrying out of inspections, probity checks or other enforcement action under that legislation.	21 22
		(3)		an information sharing arrangement, the regulator and the relevant are, despite any other Act or law of the State, authorised:	23 24
				to request and receive information that is held by the other party to the arrangement, and	25 26
			(b) t	to disclose that information to the other party.	27
		(4)	In this	section:	28
			regulai	tor means the Minister or the Secretary.	29
				nt agency means any of the following:	30
				a government agency or holder of a statutory office with any functions similar to or related to those imposed on the regulator by or under the resources legislation,	31 32 33
				any government agency of the Commonwealth or another State or Territory with functions similar to or related to those imposed on the regulator under any of the resources legislation,	34 35 36
				any other person or body, or person or body of a class, prescribed by the regulations.	37 38

[111]	Part	17A, headi	ng	1
	Omi	t the headin	g. Insert instead:	2
	Par		ffences, enforcement and undertakings about ntraventions	3
[112]	Sect	ion 378A		5
	Omi	t the section	. Insert instead:	6
	378A	Obstruct	on	7
			erson must not, without reasonable excuse, obstruct, hinder or resist any of following persons in the exercise of a function under this Act: an inspector,	8 9 10
		(b)	an authorised person within the meaning of Division 3 of Part 11,	11
		(c)		12 13
		(d)	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991</i> .	14 15
		Ma	ximum penalty:	16
		(a)	in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or	17
		(b)	in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units.	18
[113]	Sect	ion 378C		19
	Omi	t the section	. Insert instead:	20
	378C	Providing	g false or misleading information	21
			person must not provide any information, record or return in purported appliance with any requirement by or under this Act:	22 23
		(a)	knowing that the information, record or return is false or misleading in a material particular, or	24 25
		(b)	being reckless as to whether the information, record or return is false or misleading in a material particular.	26 27
		Ma	ximum penalty:	28
		(a)	in the case of a corporation—1,000 penalty units, or	29
		(b)	in the case of a natural person—500 penalty units.	30
[114]	Sect	ion 378D C	ontravention of condition of authorisation—offence by holder	31
	Omi	t the penalti	es to section 378D (1). Insert instead:	32
		Ma	ximum penalty:	33
		(a)	in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 1,000 penalty units for each day that the offence continues, or	34 35 36
		(b)	in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 200 penalty units for each day that the offence continues.	37 38 39

[115]	Sect	ion 37	8D (2)	, penalties	1		
	Omi	t the pe	enalties	s. Insert instead:	2		
			Max	imum penalty:	3		
			(a)	in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 1,000 penalty units for each day that the offence continues, or	4 5 6		
			(b)	in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 200 penalty units for each day that the offence continues.	7 8 9		
[116]	Sect	ion 37	8D (3)		10		
	Omit	t "of a	kind re	eferred to in Part 1 of Schedule 7".	11		
[117]	Sect	ion 37	8EA		12		
	Inser	t after	section	n 378E:	13		
3	78EA	Aidiı	ng and	l abetting commission of offence	14		
			A pe	rson who:	15		
			(a)	causes or permits the commission of an offence against this Act or the regulations, or	16 17		
			(b)	aids, abets, counsels or procures another person to commit an offence against this Act or the regulations, or	18 19		
			(c)	attempts to commit an offence against this Act or the regulations, or	20		
				conspires to commit an offence against this Act or the regulations, ilty of that offence and liable to the penalty prescribed by this Act or the lations in relation to that offence.	21 22 23		
[118]				bility of directors etc for offences by corporation—offences tive liability	24 25		
	Omit section 378F (1). Insert instead:						
		(1)		the purposes of this section, an <i>executive liability offence</i> is an offence ast section 5, 240C or 378D that is committed by a corporation.	27 28		
[119]	Sect	ion 37	8G		29		
	Omit	t the se	ection.	Insert instead:	30		
	378G	Cont	tinuing	g offences	31		
		(1)		offence against a provision of this Act is committed by a person by reason continuing act or omission:	32 33		
			(a)	the person is liable, in addition to the penalty otherwise applicable to the offence, to a penalty for each day during which the act or omission continues of not more than an amount specified for that offence, and	34 35 36		
			(b)	if the act or omission continues after the person is convicted of the offence, the person is guilty of a further offence against that provision and liable, in addition to the penalty otherwise applicable to the further offence, to a penalty for each day during which the act or omission continues after that conviction of not more than an amount specified for that offence.	37 38 39 40 41		
				uiai uiitiice.	42		

		(2)	done	despit	on to do something is to be regarded as continuing until the act is e the fact that a period within which, or time before which, the act to be done has expired or passed.	1 2 3
		(3)	to be		n is to be regarded as continuing for as long as the thing required remains undone after the end of the period for compliance with the t.	4 5 6
		(4)		Act or	his section does not apply to an offence if the relevant provision of the regulations does not provide for a penalty for a continuing	7 8 9
[120]	Sect	ion 37	8H Pro	ceedi	ngs for offences	10
	Omit	"2390	C," fror	n secti	ion 378H (1) (a).	11
[121]	Sect	ion 37	8H (1)	(a)		12
		"(in the on 261		of a	contravention of a condition referred to in Part 1 of Schedule 7 or	13 14
[122]	Sect	ion 37	8H (3)			15
	Omit	"spec	ified in	Part 2	2 of Schedule 7".	16
	Inser	t instea	ad "unc	der sec	etion 5, 6 (1), 12B, 12C, 12D or 291".	17
[123]	Sect	ion 37	8I Time	e with	in which summary proceedings may be commenced	18
	Omit	"listed	d in Pai	rt 3 of	Schedule 7" wherever occurring in section 378I (1) (a) and (2) (a).	19
	Inser 378D		ad "un	der se	ction 5, 6 (1), 12B, 12C, 12D, 240C, 246R, 248S, 291, 378A or	20 21
[124]	Part	17A, C	Divisio	ns 4A	and 4B	22
	Inser	t after	Divisio	on 4:		23
	Divi	sion	4A		rt orders in connection with suspected travention	24 25
378	ZFA	Orde auth	er for re orisati	ecove on	ry of costs related to prospecting or mining without	26 27
		(1)	this s perso	section on has j	nd Environment Court or the Local Court may make an order under if the court is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that a prospected for or mined for a mineral otherwise than in accordance horisation.	28 29 30 31
		(2)	to a comp	gove ensati	nd Environment Court or the Local Court may order a person to pay rnment agency or person costs and expenses incurred, or on for loss or damage suffered, as the case may be, in such amount by the order, if it appears to the court that:	32 33 34 35
			(a)	a gowith:	vernment agency has incurred costs and expenses in connection	36 37
				(i)	the prevention, control, mitigation or management of any environmental impact caused by the prospecting or mining, or	38 39
				(ii)	rehabilitating land or water damaged or affected by the prospecting or mining, or	40 41
			(b)		rson (including a government agency) has, by reason of the pecting or mining, suffered loss of or damage to property or has	42 43

		incurred costs and expenses in preventing, controlling, mitigating or managing any such loss or damage, or attempting to do so.	1 2
	(3)	However, the court is not to make an order for payment to a person under the section to the extent that the payment would represent the value of minerals extracted by that person without title that the person who carried out the suspected unlawful prospecting or mining had obtained by fossicking, prospecting operations or mining operations carried out with the consent of that person and in connection with the suspected contravention.	3 4 5 6 7 8
	(4)	An order made by the Local Court under this section is enforceable as if it were an order made by the court when exercising jurisdiction under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	9 10 11
	(5)	An order made by the Land and Environment Court under this section is enforceable as if it were an order made by the Court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	12 13 14
	(6)	The Local Court may not make an order under this section for the payment of an amount that exceeds the jurisdictional limit of the Local Court under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	15 16 17
	(7)	The court may make an order under this section whether or not the person against whom the order is made:	18 19
		(a) has been convicted of an offence under this Act in relation to the prospecting or mining, or	20 21
		(b) has been issued with a penalty notice under this Act in relation to the prospecting or mining, and whether or not the amount of penalty prescribed for the offence has been paid under any such penalty notice, or	22 23 24 25
		(c) has had any other action taken against the person in respect of an offence under this Act in relation to the prospecting or mining.	26 27
	(8)	This section does not prevent the taking of proceedings for an offence of prospecting or mining for a mineral except in accordance with an authorisation.	28 29 30
Divi	sion 4	4B Enforceable undertakings	31
378ZFB	Secr	etary may accept enforceable undertakings	32
	(1)	The Secretary may accept a written undertaking (an <i>enforceable undertaking</i> ) given by a person in connection with a matter relating to a contravention or alleged contravention by the person of this Act.	33 34 35
	(2)	The giving of an enforceable undertaking does not constitute an admission of guilt by the person giving it in relation to the contravention or alleged contravention to which the undertaking relates.	36 37 38
	(3)	The Secretary must issue, and make public, general guidelines for or in relation to the acceptance of enforceable undertakings under this Act.	39 40
378ZFC	Notic	e of decision and reasons for decision	41
	(1)	The Secretary must give the person seeking to make an enforceable undertaking written notice of the Secretary's decision to accept or reject the enforceable undertaking and of the reasons for the decision.	42 43 44
	(2)	The Secretary must publish, and make public, notice of a decision to accept an enforceable undertaking and the reasons for that decision.	45 46

378ZFD	When an enforceable undertaking is enforceable						
		An enforceable undertaking takes effect and becomes enforceable when the Secretary's decision to accept the undertaking is given to the person who made the undertaking or at any later date specified by the Secretary.	2 3 4				
378ZFE	Comp	oliance with enforceable undertaking	5				
		A person must not contravene an enforceable undertaking made by that person that is in effect.	6 7				
		Maximum penalty:	8				
		(a) in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or	9				
		(b) in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units.	10				
378ZFF	Conti	avention of enforceable undertaking	11				
	(1)	The Secretary may apply to the District Court for an order if a person contravenes an enforceable undertaking.	12 13				
	(2)	If the Court is satisfied that the person who made the enforceable undertaking has contravened the undertaking, the Court, in addition to the imposition of any penalty, may make one or both of the following orders:	14 15 16				
		(a) an order directing the person to comply with the undertaking,	17				
		(b) an order discharging the undertaking.	18				
	(3)	In addition to the orders referred to in subsection (2), the Court may make any other order that the Court considers appropriate in the circumstances, including orders directing the person to pay to the State:  (a) the costs of the proceedings, and	19 20 21				
		<ul><li>(a) the costs of the proceedings, and</li><li>(b) the reasonable costs of the Secretary in monitoring compliance with the enforceable undertaking in the future.</li></ul>	22 23 24				
		<b>Note.</b> Section 378ZFH specifies circumstances affecting proceedings for a contravention for which an enforceable undertaking has been given.	25 26				
378ZFG	Witho	lrawal or variation of enforceable undertaking	27				
	(1)	A person who has made an enforceable undertaking may at any time, with the written agreement of the Secretary:	28 29				
		<ul><li>(a) withdraw the undertaking, or</li><li>(b) vary the undertaking.</li></ul>	30				
	(2)		31				
	(2)	However, the provisions of the undertaking cannot be varied to provide for a different alleged contravention of the Act.	32 33				
	(3)	The Secretary must publish, and make public, notice of the withdrawal or variation of an enforceable undertaking.	34 35				
378ZFH	Proce	eeding for alleged contravention	36				
	(1)	Subject to this section, no proceedings for a contravention or alleged contravention of this Act may be brought against a person if an enforceable undertaking is in effect in relation to that contravention.	37 38 39				
	(2)	No proceedings may be brought for a contravention or alleged contravention of this Act against a person who has made an enforceable undertaking in relation to that contravention and has completely discharged the enforceable undertaking.	40 41 42 43				

		(3)	contr	Secretary may accept an enforceable undertaking in relation to a ravention or alleged contravention before proceedings in relation to that ravention have been finalised.	1 2 3
		(4)	finali	e Secretary accepts an enforceable undertaking before the proceedings are ised, the Secretary must take all reasonable steps to have the proceedings ontinued as soon as possible.	4 5 6
[125]	Secti	ions 3	87B aı	nd 387C	7
	Inser	t after	section	n 387A:	8
	387B	Extra	territe	orial application	9
			thoughthe S (including)	otice may be given under this Act to a person in respect of a matter even ghe the person is outside the State or the matter occurs or is located outside State, so long as the matter relates to the administration of this Act uding, but not limited to investigation of, or enforcement action relating ffences against this Act).	10 11 12 13 14
	387C	Waiv	er of ı	minor procedural matters	15
		(1)	The l	Minister may waive any requirement of this Act or the regulations:	16
			(a)	as to the time within which anything is required to be done (but not the time for lodging any application for renewal of an authorisation after the date of expiry), or	17 18 19
			(b)	as to the details to be contained in any notice to be served, lodged or caused to be published by the applicant, or	20 21
			(c)	as to the documents or particulars to accompany the application, or	22
			(d)	as to the furnishing of information by the applicant.	23
		(2)		section does not authorise the Minister to waive a requirement unless the ster is satisfied that the waiver is unlikely:	24 25
			(a)	to adversely affect any person's rights under this Act or the regulations, or	26 27
			(b)	to result in any person being deprived of information necessary for the effective exercise of those rights.	28 29
[126]	Secti	ion 38	8 Reg	ulations	30
	Inser	t after	section	n 388 (1):	31
	(1A) The regulations may adopt or provide for the adoption of any docum (including, for example, a code of practice or set of standards published by a person or body) and for the application of the provisions of that document in force for the time being, for any of the purposes of this Act or regulations.				

[127]	Schedule 1B Insert in appropriate order before Schedule 1:							
	Schedule 1B Further provisions relating to authorisations generally							
	Par	t 1	Prelin	ninary	5			
	1	Mea	ning of "r	ing of "relevant decision-maker"				
			In this S	chedule:	7			
			made un	t decision-maker, in relation to a decision concerning an authorisation der a provision of this Act, means the person who makes that decision purposes of that provision.	8 9 10			
	2	Appl	ication of	f Schedule	11			
		(1)		hedule applies to and in respect of applications and tenders for, and is made by the relevant decision-maker in relation to, the following:	12 13			
				e grant of an authorisation (including the grant of an authorisation to tenderer),	14 15			
			(b) th	e renewal of an authorisation,	16			
			` ′	e approval of the transfer of an authorisation,	17			
			au	ne imposition of conditions on, or variation of conditions of, an authorisation,	18 19			
			(e) th	e suspension of an authorisation.	20			
		(2)	This Sch section 2	hedule does not apply to environmental assessment permits under 252.	21 22			
	Par	t 2	Consi	idering applications	23			
	3		ection of ications	the environment must be taken into account in considering	24 25			
		(1)	protect t sought (	evant decision-maker must take into account the need to conserve and the environment in or on the land over which the authorisation is or, in the case of a variation, to which it applies) in considering an ion to which this Schedule applies.	26 27 28 29			
		(2)	impact s	vant decision-maker may cause such studies (including environmental studies) to be carried out as the relevant decision-maker considers by to assist in making a decision on the application.	30 31 32			
		(3)	engaging written r within th	e money is spent under subclause (2) in having studies carried out or g persons to provide advice, the relevant decision-maker may, by notice, require the applicant concerned to reimburse the Government, ne time specified in the notice, for the money, or any part of the money, oly incurred.	33 34 35 36 37			
		(4)	The release	evant decision-maker may recover from the applicant any unpaid a specified in the notice as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.	38 39			

## 4 Other matters that may be taken into account in considering applications

Without limiting the generality of any other provision of this Act, the relevant decision-maker may take into account any one or more of the following when considering an application to which this Schedule applies:

- (a) whether, in the opinion of the relevant decision-maker, the applicant meets the minimum standards, made public by the relevant decision-maker, required to be met with respect to the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program,
- (b) if the application relates to a transfer—whether, in the opinion of the relevant decision-maker, the transferee meets the minimum standards, made public by the relevant decision-maker, required to be met with respect to the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program,
- (c) if the applicant is a natural person—the compliance history of the applicant,
- (d) if the applicant is a body corporate—the compliance history of any director of the body corporate or of any related body corporate,
- (e) if the application relates to a transfer and the proposed transferee is a natural person—the compliance history of the proposed transferee,
- (f) if the application relates to a transfer and the proposed transferee is a body corporate—the compliance history of any director of that body corporate,
- (g) whether, in the opinion of the relevant decision-maker, the work program proposed to be carried out by the applicant meets the minimum standards, made public by the relevant decision-maker, required to be met with respect to work programs for an authorisation of the kind concerned.

## 5 Relevant decision-maker may require further information

- (1) The relevant decision-maker may require a person who makes an application to which this Schedule applies to furnish further information in connection with the application, including (if the applicant is a body corporate) information as to the extent to which the controlling power in the body corporate's affairs is held by:
  - (a) a foreign company within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth, or
  - (b) a company registered under that Act that is taken for the purposes of that Act to be registered in a State or Territory other than New South Wales, or
  - (c) a natural person who is a resident of a foreign country.
- (2) The application may be refused if the applicant does not furnish that further information within the period specified by the relevant decision-maker by written notice when the request for further information is made.

## 6 Grounds for refusal of applications

Without limiting the generality of any other provision of this Act, the relevant decision-maker may refuse an application to which this Schedule applies on any one or more of the following grounds:

Page 29

	(a)	the relevant decision-maker considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) has an unsatisfactory compliance history,	1 2 3
	(b)	the relevant decision-maker considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs and the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program,	4 5 6 7 8
	(c)	the applicant has not paid any fee payable in connection with the application,	9 10
	(d)	the applicant has failed to lodge any information required to accompany the application within 10 business days after the application is lodged,	11 12
	(e)	in the case of an application relating to a mineral claim or opal prospecting licence—that the applicant has failed to pay any levy required under section 292SA in relation to the claim or licence.	13 14 15
Part 3	Cor	nditions of authorisations	16
7 Cond	ditions	s of authorisations	17
(1)	An a	uthorisation is subject to:	18
	(a)	any condition imposed by the relevant decision-maker under this Schedule (including any variation of such a condition), and	19 20
	(b)	any condition imposed by or under section 246P or 261B, and	21
	(c)	in the case of a mineral claim—the conditions referred to in clause 8, and	22 23
	(d)	in the case of an opal prospecting licence—the conditions referred to in clause 9, and	24 25
	(e)	any condition prescribed by the regulations.	26
(2)	relev	out limiting the generality of subclause (1), conditions imposed by the ant decision-maker or prescribed by the regulations may include itions relating to the following:	27 28 29
	(a)	the development and conduct of mining operations,	30
	(b)	environmental management, protection and rehabilitation, including requiring the holder of the authorisation to:	31 32
		(i) carry out activities or not to carry out activities in order to protect, prevent, control or mitigate harm to the environment, and	33 34
		(ii) rehabilitate land or water that is or may be affected by activities under the authorisation,	35 36
	(c)	compliance with codes of practice or sets of standards published by any person or body,	37 38
	(d)	ensuring the safety of the public in relation to prospecting and mining operations,	39 40
	(e)	the administration of authorisations,	41
	(f)	community relations,	42
	(g)	requiring the holder to provide the Minister with reports detailing any non-compliance with the conditions of the authorisation, or any requirements of this Act or the regulations relating to activities under	43 44 45

		the authorization and any action taken or to be taken to provent any	
		the authorisation, and any action taken, or to be taken, to prevent any recurrence, or to mitigate the effects of that non-compliance.	1 2
(3)		obligation imposed on the holder of an authorisation in relation to ronmental management, protection and rehabilitation:	3 4
	(a)	continues to have effect despite the cancellation of the authorisation or it ceasing to have effect, and	5 6
	(b)	can be imposed despite anything to the contrary in section 93 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> .	7 8
(4)	even decis	ess an exemption from conditions imposed by regulations applies, in the t of an inconsistency between conditions imposed by the relevant sion-maker and those imposed by regulations, the conditions imposed by egulations prevail to the extent of any inconsistency.	9 10 11 12
Addi	tional	conditions of mineral claims	13
(1)	In acto:	ldition to the conditions referred to in clause 7, a mineral claim is subject	14 15
	(a)	any special conditions that apply to the land, and	16
	(b)	the conditions imposed on the holder of the claim under section 211 as to his or her exercise of any right of way under that section in respect of the claim area, and	17 18 19
	(c)	the conditions to which the holder of the claim is subject pursuant to any registered access management plan in force in respect of that land, and	20 21
	(d)	any other conditions (not inconsistent with any other condition referred to in this subclause) that the Secretary imposes when the claim is granted, or at any other time under a power conferred by this Act.	22 23 24
(2)	on a	nout limiting the generality of subclause (1), a condition may be imposed mineral claim requiring the holder of the claim to pay royalty to the vn on any minerals recovered under the claim.	25 26 27
(3)	that subjection	Idition to any condition imposed by or under subclause (1), a mining lease is not granted in relation to a mining purpose or mining purposes only is ect to a condition that the holder of the lease will not suspend mining ations in the mining area otherwise than in accordance with the written ent of the decision-maker.	28 29 30 31 32
(4)	takeı	ining lease granted on the basis of a tender lodged under section 53 is a to include a condition in the terms specified in the tender for the oses of section 53 (3).	33 34 35
Addi	tional	conditions of opal prospecting licence	36
		ldition to the conditions referred to in clause 7, an opal prospecting licence bject to:	37 38
	(a)	any special conditions that apply, pursuant to section 223A, to the opal prospecting block over which the licence is granted, and	39 40
	(b)	the conditions imposed on the holder of the licence, pursuant to section 235C, as to his or her exercise of any right of way under that section in respect of the opal prospecting block over which the licence is granted, and	41 42 43 44
	(c)	any other conditions (not inconsistent with any other condition referred to in this section) that the Secretary imposes when the licence is granted, or at any other time under a power conferred by this Act.	45 46 47

10	Con	ditions	s imposed on authorisations by relevant decision-maker	1			
	(1)	The r	relevant decision-maker may impose conditions on an authorisation:	2			
		(a)	at the time of the grant of the authorisation, or	3			
		(b)	at any later time, as permitted by this Schedule.	4			
	(2)	A co	ndition imposed by the relevant decision-maker takes effect as follows:	5			
		(a)	if the condition is imposed on the grant of an authorisation—when the grant takes effect,	6 7			
		(b)	if the condition is imposed on the renewal of an authorisation—when the renewal takes effect,	8 9			
		(c)	if the condition is imposed when a full or partial transfer of an authorisation is approved under this Act—when the transfer is registered under this Act,	10 11 12			
		(d)	if the condition is a variation under clause 12—as provided by clause 12 (7),	13 14			
		(e)	in any other case—when written notice of the imposition of the condition is served on the holder of the authorisation or at a later time specified in the notice.	15 16 17			
11	Exer	nption	from conditions imposed by regulations	18			
	(1)	The relevant decision-maker may, by order published in the Gazette, exempt the holder of an authorisation from compliance with a condition imposed by the regulations.					
	(2)	An exemption may be granted subject to conditions.					
	(3)	An e	xemption may:	23			
		(a)	apply generally or be limited in its application by reference to specified exceptions or factors, and	24 25			
		(b)	apply differently according to different factors of a specified kind, and	26			
		(c)	be granted for a specified period or for an indefinite period, and	27			
		(d)	if granted for a specified period—be granted before, during or after that period.	28 29			
	(4)	impo	relevant decision-maker may vary or revoke an exemption (including by sing, varying or revoking a condition of the exemption) at any time by e in writing to the holder of the authorisation.	30 31 32			
	(5)	The r	regulations may make provision for or with respect to exemptions.	33			
Par	t 4	_	Variation of authorisations and variation or suspension of their conditions				
12	Varia	ation o	of authorisations by relevant decision-maker	36			
	(1)		relevant decision-maker may vary an authorisation (including the itions of an authorisation).	37 38			
	(2)	A vai	riation of an authorisation may include:	39			
		(a)	the attaching of a condition to an authorisation (whether or not any conditions have already been attached), or	40 41			
		(b)	the substitution of a condition, or	42			
		(c)	the omission of a condition, or	43			

	(d)	the amendment of a condition, or	1
	(e)	the variation of the instrument by which an authorisation is granted,	2
		including so as to:	3
		<ul><li>(i) update the instrument, or</li><li>(ii) correct a minor error or misdescription, or</li></ul>	4
		(iii) consolidate variations made to the authorisation.	5 6
(3)	Δn	authorisation may be varied on application by the holder of the	7
(3)	autho	orisation or on the initiative of the relevant decision-maker.	8
(4)		uthorisation may be varied at any time during its currency, including on eing transferred to another person.	9 10
(5)	decis	pt in the case of the renewal or transfer of an authorisation, the sion-maker is not to vary a prescribed condition subsequent to the grant of uthorisation unless the decision-maker:	11 12 13
	(a)	has given the holder of the authorisation notice of the draft variation, and	14 15
	(b)	has invited the making of submissions to the decision-maker about the proposed variation and specified a deadline for the making of those submissions that is at least 28 days after the publication of the notice, and	16 17 18 19
	(c)	has either received such submissions and has taken them into consideration or has not received any such submission after the deadline has elapsed.	20 21 22
(6)		authorisation is varied by notice in writing given to the holder of the orisation.	23 24
(7)	The follo	variation of a condition by the relevant decision-maker takes effect as ws:	25 26
	(a)	if the condition is varied on the renewal of an authorisation—when the renewal takes effect,	27 28
	(b)	if the condition is varied when a full or partial transfer of an authorisation is approved under this Act—when the transfer is registered under this Act,	29 30 31
	(c)	if a prescribed condition is varied other than at the renewal of an authorisation or when a full or partial transfer of an authorisation is approved under this Act—28 days after written notice of the variation of the condition is served on the holder of the authorisation or at a later time specified in the notice,	32 33 34 35 36
	(d)	in any other case—when written notice of the variation of the condition is served on the holder of the authorisation or at a later time specified in the notice.	37 38 39
(8)	In th	is clause:	40
	preso	cribed condition means a condition that is not:	41
	(a)	imposed on the application of the holder of the authorisation, or	42
	(b)	imposed under section 246P or 261B.	43
(9)	This	clause does not apply to a condition that is prescribed by the regulations	11

13	Varia	ation c	of cond	ditions imposed by the regulations	1		
	(1)	Before a regulation is made that varies any condition of an authorisation imposed by the regulations, the relevant decision-maker is required to ensure that:					
		(a)		tice is published in a daily newspaper circulating throughout New h Wales:	5 6		
			(i)	stating the objects of the proposed regulation, and	7		
			(ii)	advising where a copy of the regulation may be obtained or inspected, and	8 9		
			(iii)	inviting comments and submissions within a specified time, but not less than 28 days from publication of the notice, and	10 11		
		(b)		ne comments and submissions received within the time specified in notice are considered.	12 13		
	(2)			urposes of this clause, a regulation varies a condition of an on if the regulation:	14 15		
		(a)		oses a new condition (whether or not any conditions have already imposed), or	16 17		
		(b)	subst	titutes a condition imposed by the regulations, or	18		
		(c)	omit	s a condition imposed by the regulations, or	19		
		(d)	amer	nds a condition imposed by the regulations.	20		
14	Susp	ensio	n of c	onditions of authorisations	21		
	(1)	the a any o	uthoris	nt decision-maker may (whether on the application of the holder of sation or on the initiative of the relevant decision-maker) suspend conditions of an authorisation (other than a mineral claim) for such until the happening of such event, as the relevant decision-maker nine.	22 23 24 25 26		
	(2)	other cond	wise)	ary may (whether on the application of the holder of the claim or suspend any of the conditions of a mineral claim (other than of the kind referred to in section 175 (4)) for such period, or until ing of such event, as the Secretary may determine.	27 28 29 30		
	(3)			n of a mineral claim that is suspended on the application of the not be suspended for more than 3 months at a time.	31 32		
	(4)	unco	nditio	ension of conditions of an authorisation may be granted nally or subject to such conditions as the relevant decision-maker ler appropriate.	33 34 35		
	(5)	on w	zhich v	asion of the conditions of an authorisation takes effect on the date written notice of the suspension is served on the holder of the on or on such later date as may be specified in the notice.	36 37 38		
	(6)	with	drawn	tion for suspension of the conditions of an authorisation may be by means of a notice of withdrawal signed by the applicant and a the relevant decision-maker.	39 40 41		
	(7)	The a	applica	ation ceases to have effect when the notice is lodged.	42		
	(8)	The	withdra	awal of an application under this clause is irrevocable.	43		
	(9)	The	relevar	nt decision-maker may vary the suspension of the conditions of an	44		

authorisation (including the conditions to which the suspension is subject).

		(10)	A variation includes the attaching of a condition to the suspension, the substitution of a condition, the omission of a condition or the amendment of a condition.	1 2 3
		(11)	A suspension of the conditions of an authorisation is varied by notice in writing given to the holder of the authorisation.	4 5
		(12)	The suspension of any condition of an authorisation under this clause does not prevent any action being taken under this Act in respect of the authorisation (including variation under clause 12).	6 7 8
		(13)	This clause does not apply to a condition that is prescribed by the regulations.	9
[128]			Public consultation with respect to the granting of assessment leases gleases	10 11
	Omit	clause	e 21 (4) (b). Insert instead:	12
			(b) must contain a description, prepared in the approved manner, of the land over which the lease is sought, and	13 14
[129]	Sche	dule 4	Regulation making powers	15
	Omit	", refu	and or waiver" from clause 8.	16
[130]	Sche	dule 6	S Savings, transitional and other provisions	17
	Inser	t after	clause 118:	18
	118A	Dele 1979	gations of functions under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	19 20
		(1)	This clause applies to the exercise of a function purported to be delegated by the Minister under section 153A of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> before the substitution of section 363 (1) of this Act by the 2008 Act, whether the delegation was for the purposes associated with functions under this Act or any other Act administered by the Minister.	21 22 23 24 25
		(2)	The delegation of any such function is taken to have been validly done on and from the date of the delegation if the delegation could have been made had section 363 (1), as so substituted been in force when the delegation was made.	26 27 28
[131]	Sche	dule 6	<b>;</b>	29
	Inser	t at the	end of the Schedule with appropriate Part and clause numbering:	30
	Par	t	Provisions consequent on enactment of Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Harmonisation) Act 2015	31 32 33
		Defin	nition	34
			In this Part:	35
			<b>2015 amending Act</b> means the Mining and Petroleum Legislation Amendment (Harmonisation) Act 2015.	36 37
		Pend	ling applications	38
			An application for an authorisation, or transfer or renewal of an authorisation, made but not decided before the commencement of this clause and that complied with this Act, as in force before the Act's amendment by the 2015 amending Act, is taken to have been duly made under this Act, as amended.	39 40 41 42

Exist	ting conditions	1					
	Subject to this Part, a condition of an authorisation, in force under section 26, 44, 70, 238 or 239 immediately before the repeal of that section by the 2015 amending Act, continues to have effect and is taken to be a condition imposed under Schedule 1B.	2 3 4 5					
Existing suspension of condition of authorisation							
	A condition of an authorisation that was, immediately before the repeal of section 168 by the 2015 amending Act, suspended, is taken to have been suspended under clause 14 of Schedule 1B, on the date of the original suspension.	7 8 9 10					
Exist	ting "activity approval" conditions in exploration licences	11					
(1)	Any condition to which an exploration licence was subject immediately before the commencement of section 23A, as inserted by the 2015 amending Act, that requires approval to carry out operations and that is identified in the licence using one of the following phrases is void:	12 13 14 15					
	(a) Category 1 prospecting operations,	16					
	(b) Category 2 prospecting operations,	17					
	(c) assessable prospecting operations.	18					
(2)	However, an approval granted pursuant to a condition referred to in subclause (1) that was in force immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken to be an activity approval granted under section 23A and can be varied or voluntarily cancelled accordingly.	19 20 21 22					
(3)	An application for approval to carry out prospecting operations made in compliance with a condition imposed on an assessment lease under section 44, being an application that had not been dealt with before the commencement of section 44A (as inserted by the 2015 amending Act), is to be dealt with in accordance with section 44A, as if it had been made under that section.	23 24 25 26 27					
(4)	For the avoidance of doubt, compliance with section 23A or 44A is required in respect of any assessable prospecting operation (within the meaning of that section) carried out after the commencement of the section, even if it began before the commencement of the section.	28 29 30 31					
Exist	ting directions to rehabilitate land	32					
	A direction given under section 240, as in force before its amendment by the 2015 amending Act, and having effect immediately before that amendment, continues in force after that amendment as if section 240 had not been substituted.	33 34 35 36					
Envi	ronmental information	37					
	Section 365A, as inserted by the 2015 amending Act, does not apply to information about harm caused, or likely to be caused, to the environment obtained by the Secretary before the commencement of the section.	38 39 40					
Exist	ting notices and conditions	41					
	Section 378C, as inserted by the 2015 amending Act, extends to information given after the commencement of that section in compliance with a notice given or condition imposed under this Act before the commencement of that section if the time by which, or period within which, the notice or condition	42 43 44 45					

	must have been complied with had not expired immediately before that commencement.	1 2
	Time for commencement of proceedings	3
	Section 378I, as in force before the amendment of that section by the 2015 amending Act, continues to apply in relation to proceedings for offences alleged to have been committed before the commencement of the amendments.	4 5 6 7
[132]	Schedule 7 Offences	8
	Omit the Schedule.	9
[133]	Dictionary	10
	Insert in alphabetical order:	11
	activity approval—see sections 23A and 44A.	12
	assessable prospecting operation means any prospecting operation that is not	13
	exempt development within the meaning of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> .	14 15
	<i>director</i> of a body corporate or corporation includes any person involved in the management of the affairs of the body corporate or corporation.	16 17
	<i>enforceable undertaking</i> means an undertaking given under Division 4B of Part 17A.	18 19
	<i>related body corporate</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	20 21
	<b>resources legislation</b> means this Act, the <i>Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991</i> and the regulations and other instruments made under those Acts.	22 23
	work program means a work program referred to in section 129A.	24
[134]	Dictionary, definition of "Department"	25
	Omit the definition. Insert instead:	26
	<b>Department</b> means the Department of Industry, Skills and Regional Development.	27 28

Schedule 2			Amendment of Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991 No 84				
[1]	Sect	ion 2A			3		
	Inse	t after s	sectio	n 2:	4		
	2A	Obje	cts		5		
			The deve	objects of this Act are to encourage and facilitate the discovery and elopment of petroleum resources in New South Wales, having regard to the to encourage ecologically sustainable development, and in particular:	6 7 8		
			(a)	to recognise and foster the significant social and economic benefits to New South Wales that result from the efficient development of petroleum resources, and	9 10 11		
			(b)	to provide an integrated framework for the effective regulation of titles for petroleum prospecting and mining, and	12 13		
			(c)	to provide a framework for compensation to landholders for loss or damage resulting from such operations, and	14 15		
			(d)	to ensure an appropriate return to the State from petroleum resources, and	16 17		
			(e)	to require the payment of security to provide for the rehabilitation of sites damaged or affected by such operations, and	18 19		
			(f)	to ensure effective rehabilitation of disturbed land and water, and	20		
			(g)	to ensure petroleum resources are identified and developed in ways that minimise impacts on the environment.	21 22		
[2]	Sect	ion 3 D	efini	tions	23		
	Inse	t in alp	habet	ical order in section 3 (1):	24		
			activ	vity approval—see sections 31A and 36A.	25		
			exen	ssable prospecting operation means any prospecting operation that is not appear to the environmental Planning and assessment Act 1979.	26 27 28		
			<i>dired</i> man	ctor of a body corporate or corporation includes any person involved in the agement of the affairs of the body corporate or corporation.	29 30		
			•	<i>rceable undertaking</i> means an undertaking given under Division 6 of 13A.	31 32		
			affec	<b>ronment</b> includes all aspects of the surroundings of humans, whether eting any human as an individual or in his or her social grouping.	33 34		
			perfo	etion includes a power, authority or duty, and exercise a function includes form a duty.	35 36		
			_	ector means an inspector within the meaning of the Mining Act 1992.	37		
				<b>pecting operations</b> means operations carried out in the course of pecting.	38 39		
			<i>publ</i> inclu	<i>lic authority</i> means a public authority constituted by or under an Act, and ides:	40 41		
			(a)	a Government Department, and	42		
			(b)	a statutory body representing the Crown, a State owned corporation within the meaning of the <i>State Owned Corporations Act 1989</i> and a subsidiary (within the meaning of that Act), and	43 44 45		

			(c)	a council, and	1
			(d)	a member of staff or other person who exercises functions on behalf of a public authority.	2
				<i>ted body corporate</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> e Commonwealth.	4 5
				<i>urces legislation</i> means this Act, the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> and the regulations other instruments made under those Acts.	6 7
			work	a program means a work program referred to in section 14.	8
[3]	Sect	ion 3 (	1), de	finition of "Department"	9
	Omit	the de		on. Insert instead:	10
				artment means the Department of Industry, Skills and Regional elopment.	11 12
[4]	Part	3 Petro	oleum	titles	13
	Inser	t after	the he	ading to the Part:	14
			Note.	. Schedule 1B contains further provisions about the following:	15
			(a)	the consideration of applications for the grant, renewal or transfer of petroleum titles,	16 17
			(b)	the grounds for refusal of such applications,	18
			(c)	the imposition of conditions on, and the variation of conditions of, petroleum titles,	19 20
			(d)	the variation and suspension of petroleum titles.	21
[5]	Sect	ion 9 A	Areas	over which petroleum titles may not be granted	22
	Omit excep	"The pt" from	Minis m sect	ter may grant a petroleum title over any onshore area within the State, ion 9 (1).	23 24
		t instea exclude		e Minister must not grant a petroleum title over any of the following land as)".	25 26
[6]	Sect	ion 9 (	3)–(6)		27
	Omit	the su	bsecti	ons.	28
[7]	Sect	ion 14			29
	Omit	the se	ction.	Insert instead:	30
	14	Appl	icatio	ns to be supported by proposed work program	31
		(1)		pplication for a petroleum title must be accompanied by a proposed work ram that:	32 33
			(a)	indicates the nature and extent of operations to be carried out under the authority conferred by the relevant petroleum title, and	34 35
			(b)	sets out commitments relating to the conduct of those operations (such as the timing of the operations), and	36 37
			(c)	provides for the carrying out of activities (such as community consultation and environmental management and rehabilitation) in connection with, or ancillary to, those operations, and	38 39 40
			(d)	complies with the regulations.	41
		(2)	subse	ne case of an application for a production lease, the requirement in ection (1) can be satisfied by providing a current development consent or the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> for the conduct	42 43 44

				troleum mining operations, or the construction and maintenance of works auctures, in respect of which the production lease is being applied for.	1 2	
[8] Section 15 Applications to be supported by evidence of financial capability						
	Omit "	standi	ng" f	rom section 15 (1) (a). Insert instead "capability".	4	
[9]	Section	n 15 (	2) an	d (3)	5	
	Omit th	ne sub	sectio	ons.	6	
[10]	Section	n 16			7	
	Insert a	after se	ection	ı 15:	8	
	16 (	Grant	or re	fusal of petroleum titles	9	
	(	(1)	After	considering an application for a petroleum title, the Minister:	10	
			(a)	may grant the petroleum title over land of any title or tenure in any onshore area within the State other than an excluded area within the meaning of section 9, or	11 12 13	
			(b)	may refuse the application.	14	
	(			troleum title takes effect on the date on which it is signed by the Minister a later date specified in the title.	15 16	
	(	(3)	Notif appli	fication of the grant of a petroleum title or of a refusal to grant an cation is to be published in the Gazette.	17 18	
	(		Constitution that is <b>Note</b> .	Minister is to notify the Minister administering the <i>Threatened Species ervation Act 1995</i> of the grant of any petroleum title in relation to land s a biobank site (within the meaning of Part 7A of that Act).  Schedule 1B contains provisions about the consideration of applications for eum titles and the grounds for refusal of such applications.	19 20 21 22 23	
[11]	Section	n 17 F	orm	of titles	24	
	Omit th	ne sec	tion.		25	
[12]	Section	n 19 F	Renev	wal of title	26	
	Insert a	at the	end o	f section 19 (1):	27	
			Note.	Schedule 1B contains provisions about the consideration of applications for the val of petroleum titles and the grounds for refusal of such applications.	28 29	
[13]	Section 19 (2AA) and (2AB)					
	Insert a	after so	ection	n 19 (2A):	31	
	(2A	A)	An ap	pplication for renewal of an exploration licence:	32	
			(a)	may be made in respect of one or more parts (but not more than such number of parts as may be prescribed by the regulations) of the land comprised in the exploration licence when the application for renewal is made, and	33 34 35 36	
			(b)	if it relates to renewal in respect of part only of the land comprised in the licence—must be accompanied by a description, prepared in the manner prescribed by the regulations, of the land over which renewal of the licence is sought, and	37 38 39 40	
			(c)	may include a description of any special circumstances that the applicant claims (for the purposes of section 19B) exist that justify the	41 42	

				area size	of land over which the licence is renewed exceeding 75% of the of:	1 2				
				(i)	the area over which the licence was originally granted (in the case of a first renewal of the licence), or	3 4				
				(ii)	the area over which its last previous renewal was granted (in any other case).	5 6				
	(2	AB)	An a	applica	tion for renewal must be accompanied by:	7				
			(a)	the a	application fee prescribed by the regulations, and	8				
			(b)	any i	information that is prescribed by the regulations.	9				
[14]	Sect	ion 19	(3) ar	nd (3A)	)	10				
	Omit	the su	ıbsecti	ions.		11				
[15]	Sect	ion 19	(5)			12				
	Omit	"(incl	uding	require	ements with respect to fees)".	13				
[16]	Sect	ion 19	В			14				
				n 19A:		14 15 16				
	19B	Lanc	l over	which	n exploration licences may be renewed	16				
		(1)	The exce	area of ed 75%	f land over which an exploration licence may be renewed is not to 6 of the size of:	17 18				
			(a)		area over which the licence was originally granted, in the case of a renewal of the licence, or	19 20				
			(b)	the a case.	area over which its last previous renewal was granted, in any other	21 22				
		(2)			the Minister may grant a renewal over more than 75% of the size of er which the licence was originally or last granted if:	23 24				
			(a)		applicant for renewal claims that special circumstances exist that fy doing so, and	25 26				
			(b)	the I	Minister is satisfied that special circumstances exist that justify g so.	27 28				
		(3)	when Min licer	ther sp ister m nce on t	miting the considerations available to the Minister in determining pecial circumstances exist for the purposes of this section, the may take into account any partial cancellation of the exploration the request of the holder of the licence under section 22, and reduce age of the area of land over which the renewal may not be granted.	29 30 31 32 33				
		(4)	with of la	in the and is	ter may direct an applicant for renewal of an exploration licence, time specified in the direction, to nominate which part of the area sought to be included in the new exploration licence, where the y not be renewed over the whole area of land.	34 35 36 37				
		(5)	not c	complie	er may refuse to renew an exploration licence if such a direction is ed with within the time specified in the direction (in addition to the eds for refusal in clause 5 of Schedule 1B).	38 39 40				
		(6)	nom		ter is not bound to renew an exploration licence over the area by the applicant in compliance with a direction under this section se.	41 42 43				

[17]		ion 20 t the se	OA Waiver of minor procedural matters ection.						
[18]	Sect	ion 21	Grou	nds on which application may be refused	3				
,		t the se		approximation may be recorded	4				
[19]					5				
[13]									
	22				6				
	22	(1)	The	of cancellation of petroleum titles  Minister may cancel a petroleum title as to the whole or any part of the to which it relates:	7 8 9				
			(a)	if the holder of the petroleum title lodges with the Secretary a request that the Minister cancel the petroleum title as to the whole or part of the land, or	10 11 12				
			(b)	if the Minister is satisfied that the holder of the petroleum title has contravened a provision of this Act or the regulations (whether or not the holder is prosecuted or convicted of any offence arising from the contravention), or	13 14 15 16				
			(c)	if the Minister is satisfied that a person has contravened a condition of the petroleum title (whether or not the person is prosecuted or convicted of any offence arising from the contravention), or	17 18 19				
			(d)	if the Minister is satisfied that the holder of the petroleum title provided false or misleading information in or in connection with an application for or with respect to the petroleum title or any report provided under this Act, or	20 21 22 23				
			(e)	if the Minister is satisfied that the holder of the petroleum title has failed to comply with the requirements of any agreement or assessment under Part 11 in relation to the payment of compensation, or	24 25 26				
			(f)	if the holder of the petroleum title is convicted of any offence relating to prospecting, mining or petroleum, or	27 28				
			(g)	if the Minister is satisfied that the holder of the petroleum title has failed to use the land the subject of the petroleum title in good faith for the purposes for which the petroleum title has been granted, or has used the land for a purpose other than that for which the petroleum title has been granted, or	29 30 31 32 33				
			(h)	if the Minister is satisfied that there has been a contravention of a direction under section 75 or 77, or	34 35				
			(i)	if the Minister is satisfied that the land is required for a public purpose.	36				
		(2)	to w	quest for the cancellation of the petroleum title as to part only of the land hich it relates must be accompanied by a description, prepared in the ner prescribed by the regulations, of the land in respect of which the bleum title is to be cancelled.	37 38 39 40				
		(3)		on may be taken under this section whether or not any other action has taken in respect of the petroleum title under this Act.	41 42				
	22A	Can	cellatio	ons of petroleum titles	43				
		(1)	of th	ore cancelling a petroleum title, otherwise than at the request of the holder e title, the Minister is to cause a written notice to be served on the holder e title that contains the following:	44 45 46				

		(a)	notice that the title is proposed to be cancelled,	1
		(b)	details of the grounds for the proposed cancellation,	2
		(c)	notice that the holder of the title has a specified period (of at least 28 days) in which to make representations with respect to the proposed cancellation.	3 4 5
	(2)		Minister must not cancel a petroleum title, otherwise than at the request e holder of the title, unless:	6 7
		(a)	the Minister has taken any such representations received from the holder of the title into consideration, or	8 9
		(b)	the period specified in the notice has elapsed and no such representations have been received.	10 11
	(3)		Minister is to cause written notice of the cancellation of a petroleum title given to the holder of the petroleum title.	12 13
	(4)	cance	cancellation takes effect on the date on which the written notice of the ellation is given to the holder of the petroleum title, or on a later date fied in the notice.	14 15 16
	(5)		cancellation of a petroleum title does not affect any liability incurred by older of the petroleum title before the cancellation took effect.	17 18
	(6)		ompensation is payable by the Crown for or in respect of the cancellation petroleum title.	19 20
22B	Appe	eals ag	gainst decisions concerning cancellations of petroleum titles	21
	(1)	petro	person who is aggrieved by the decision of the Minister to cancel a leum title held by the person may appeal to the Land and Environment tagainst the decision.	22 23 24
	(2)	Such	an appeal is to be made:	25
		(a)	within 14 days after written notice of the cancellation is served on the holder of the petroleum title, or	26 27
		(b)	within such further period as the Land and Environment Court may allow.	28 29
	(3)		ciding whether or not to allow a further period for appeal, the Land and ronment Court is to have regard to:	30 31
		(a)	the circumstances that have prevented the appellant from making the appeal within the 14 days referred to in subsection (2) (a), and	32 33
		(b)	the consequences to the appellant, and to persons other than the appellant, of a decision allowing a further period for appeal, and	34 35
		(c)	the consequences to the appellant, and to persons other than the appellant, of a decision refusing a further period for appeal, and	36 37
		(d)	the public interest.	38
	(4)	evide	ppeal is to be heard by way of a new hearing, and fresh evidence, or ence additional to the evidence available to the Minister when the decision made, may be admitted in the hearing.	39 40 41
	(5)		ect to any order made by the Land and Environment Court, the lodging of opeal does not operate to stay the decision appealed against.	42 43
	(6)		decision of the Land and Environment Court on an appeal is final and is given effect to as if it were the decision of the Minister.	44 45

		(7)	This section does not apply to a cancellation that was requested by the holder of the petroleum title.	1 2
[20]	Sect	ions 2	3 and 24	3
	Omit	the se	ections.	4
[21]		ion 24 oleum	A Fit and proper person consideration in making certain decisions about titles	5 6
	Omit	"secti	ion 22 (5)" from section 24A (5). Insert instead "section 22A (6)".	7
[22]	Sect	ion 24	A (5)	8
	Omit	or su	spension of operations under".	9
[23]	Sect	ion 28	В	10
	Inser	t after	section 28A:	11
	28B	Righ	t to beneficial use of gas yielded through prospecting	12
		(1)	In addition to the other rights conferred by the title, an exploration licence or assessment lease confers on its holder:	13 14
			(a) the right to carry out such operations as may be described by the regulations to enable the beneficial use of gas recovered from the land comprised in the licence or lease, but only if that gas would otherwise have been flared or released into the atmosphere as part of activities under the licence or lease, and	15 16 17 18
			(b) the right to use that gas subject to, and in accordance with, the regulations.	20 21
		(2)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to royalty payable under Part 7 in respect of gas used in accordance with this section.	22 23
[24]	Sect	ion 30	Area of exploration licence	24
	Omit	section	on 30 (2). Insert at the end of section 30 (1): <b>Note.</b> Section 19B makes provision for the size of the area over which the renewal of an exploration licence may be granted.	25 26 27
[25]	Sect	ion 31	A	28
	Inser	t after	section 31:	29
	31A	Activ	vity approval required for assessable prospecting operations	30
		(1)	An exploration licence is subject to a statutory condition that the holder must not carry out an assessable prospecting operation on land over which the licence is granted unless an activity approval has been obtained for the carrying out of the assessable prospecting operation in relation to that land and is in force.	31 32 33 34 35
		(2)	The holder of an exploration licence may apply in writing to the Minister for approval to carry out an assessable prospecting operation in relation to any part of the land over which the licence is granted (an <i>activity approval</i> ).	36 37 38
		(3)	The Minister may require the holder of an exploration licence to provide such information as is required by the Minister, within the time specified by the Minister, before considering the application or at any time during consideration of the application.	39 40 41 42

(4)	After	r considering the application for the activity approval, the Minister:	1
	(a)	may grant the activity approval, or	2
	(b)	may refuse the application.	3
(5)	appli	out limiting the grounds for refusal, the application may be refused if the cant fails to provide the information required by the Minister within the required.	4 5 6
(6)	An a	ctivity approval may be granted subject to terms.	7
(7)	that t	he purposes of this Act, it is a statutory condition of an exploration licence the holder must comply with any activity approval granted to the holder n force.	8 9 10
(8)	impo same	ses 6 (2)–(4), 7 (2), 9 and 11 of Schedule 1B apply to and in respect of the existion of terms on, and variation of terms of, an activity approval in the exway as they apply to and in respect of the imposition of conditions on, the variation of conditions of, a petroleum title.	11 12 13 14
(9)	The I	Minister may cancel an activity approval:	15
	(a)	if the holder of the activity approval lodges with the Secretary a request that the Minister cancel the activity approval, or	16 17
	(b)	if the Minister is satisfied that a person has contravened the activity approval (whether or not the person is prosecuted or convicted of any offence arising from the contravention).	18 19 20
(10)	holde	re cancelling an activity approval, otherwise than at the request of the er of the activity approval, the Minister is to cause a written notice to be ed on the holder of the activity approval that contains the following:	21 22 23
	(a)	notice that the activity approval is proposed to be cancelled,	24
	(b)	details of the grounds for the proposed cancellation,	25
	(c)	notice that the holder of the activity approval has a specified period (of at least 28 days) in which to make representations with respect to the proposed cancellation.	26 27 28
(11)		Minister must not cancel an activity approval, otherwise than at the est of the holder of the activity approval, unless:	29 30
	(a)	the Minister has taken any such representations received from the holder of the activity approval into consideration, or	31 32
	(b)	the period specified in the notice has elapsed and no such representations have been received.	33 34
(12)		Minister is to cause written notice of the cancellation of an activity oval to be given to the holder of the activity approval.	35 36
(13)	cance	cancellation takes effect on the date on which the written notice of the ellation is given to the holder of the activity approval, or on a later date iffied in the notice.	37 38 39
(14)	activ Cour	person who is aggrieved by the decision of the Minister to cancel an ity approval held by the person may appeal to the Land and Environment tagainst the decision. Section 22B applies to such an appeal as if it were speal against a decision to cancel a petroleum title.	40 41 42 43
(15)		cancellation of an activity approval does not affect any liability incurred as holder of the activity approval before the cancellation took effect.	44 45

		(16)	Action may be taken under subsection (9) (b) whether or not any other action has been taken in respect of the activity approval under this Act.	1 2					
[26]	Sect	ion 32	Direction to holder of exploration licence to apply for lease	3					
	Omi	t "Sect	ion 22 (4)" from the note to the section. Insert instead "Section 22A (4)".	4					
[27]	Sect	ion 36	A	5					
	Insert after section 36:								
	36A		vity approval required for assessable prospecting operations	6 7					
	OUA	(1)	An assessment lease is subject to a statutory condition that the holder must not carry out an assessable prospecting operation on land over which the lease is granted unless an activity approval has been obtained for the carrying out of	8 9 10					
			the assessable prospecting operation in relation to that land and is in force.	11					
		(2)	The holder of an assessment lease may apply in writing to the Minister for approval to carry out an assessable prospecting operation in relation to any part of the land over which the lease is granted (an <i>activity approval</i> ).	12 13 14					
		(3)	The Minister may require the holder of an assessment lease to provide such information as is required by the Minister, within the time specified by the Minister, before considering the application or at any time during consideration of the application.	15 16 17 18					
		(4)	After considering the application for the activity approval, the Minister:	19					
			(a) may grant the activity approval, or	20					
			(b) may refuse the application.	21					
		(5)	Without limiting the grounds for refusal, the application may be refused if the applicant fails to provide the information required by the Minister within the time required.	22 23 24					
		(6)	An activity approval may be granted subject to terms.	25					
		(7)	For the purposes of this Act, it is a statutory condition of an assessment lease that the holder must comply with any activity approval granted to the holder and in force.	26 27 28					
		(8)	Clauses 6 (2)–(4), 7 (2), 9 and 11 of Schedule 1B apply to and in respect of the imposition of terms on, and variation of terms of, an activity approval in the same way as they apply to and in respect of the imposition of conditions on, and the variation of conditions of, a petroleum title.	29 30 31 32					
		(9)	The Minister may cancel an activity approval:	33					
			(a) if the holder of the activity approval lodges with the Secretary a request that the Minister cancel the activity approval, or	34 35					
			(b) if the Minister is satisfied that a person has contravened the activity approval (whether or not the person is prosecuted or convicted of any offence arising from the contravention).	36 37 38					
		(10)	Before cancelling an activity approval, otherwise than at the request of the holder of the activity approval, the Minister is to cause a written notice to be served on the holder of the activity approval that contains the following:	39 40 41					
			(a) notice that the activity approval is proposed to be cancelled,	42					
			(b) details of the grounds for the proposed cancellation,	43					

		(c) notice that the holder of the activity approval has a specified period (of at least 28 days) in which to make representations with respect to the proposed cancellation.	1 2 3
	(11)	The Minister must not cancel an activity approval, otherwise than at the request of the holder of the activity approval, unless:	4 5
		(a) the Minister has taken any such representations received from the holder of the activity approval into consideration, or	6 7
		(b) the period specified in the notice has elapsed and no such representations have been received.	8 9
	(12)	The Minister is to cause written notice of the cancellation of an activity approval to be given to the holder of the activity approval.	10 11
	(13)	The cancellation takes effect on the date on which the written notice of the cancellation is given to the holder of the activity approval, or on a later date specified in the notice.	12 13 14
	(14)	Any person who is aggrieved by the decision of the Minister to cancel an activity approval held by the person may appeal to the Land and Environment Court against the decision. Section 22B applies to such an appeal as if it were an appeal against a decision to cancel a petroleum title.	15 16 17 18
	(15)	The cancellation of an activity approval does not affect any liability incurred by the holder of the activity approval before the cancellation took effect.	19 20
	(16)	Action may be taken under subsection (9) (b) whether or not any other action has been taken in respect of the activity approval under this Act.	21 22
[28]	Section 49 agencies	Notice of application for production lease to be sent to Public Service	23 24
	Omit "Gov	ernment Department". Insert instead "Public Service agency".	25
[29]	Section 49		26
	Omit "that		-
[30]	Omit that	Department". Insert instead "that agency".	27
		Notice to be sent to Secretary of Department of Planning and	27 28 29
	Section 50 Environme	Notice to be sent to Secretary of Department of Planning and	28
	Section 50 Environme Omit "Dire	Notice to be sent to Secretary of Department of Planning and ent	28 29
[31]	Section 50 Environme Omit "Dire Insert instead	Notice to be sent to Secretary of Department of Planning and ent ctor of Planning" wherever occurring.	28 29 30
[31]	Section 50 Environme Omit "Dire Insert instea Section 51	Notice to be sent to Secretary of Department of Planning and ent ctor of Planning" wherever occurring.  ad "Secretary of the Department of Planning and Environment".	28 29 30 31
[31]	Section 50 Environme Omit "Dire Insert instea Section 51 Omit "Gov Insert instea	Notice to be sent to Secretary of Department of Planning and ent ctor of Planning" wherever occurring.  ad "Secretary of the Department of Planning and Environment".  Objection to grant of production lease	28 29 30 31
[31] [32]	Section 50 Environme Omit "Dire Insert instea Section 51 Omit "Gov Insert instea Department	Notice to be sent to Secretary of Department of Planning and ent ctor of Planning" wherever occurring. ad "Secretary of the Department of Planning and Environment".  Objection to grant of production lease ernment Department or statutory authority or the Director of Planning". and "Public Service agency or statutory authority or the Secretary of the	28 29 30 31 32 33
	Section 50 Environme Omit "Dire Insert instea Section 51 Omit "Gov Insert instea Department Section 53	Notice to be sent to Secretary of Department of Planning and ent ctor of Planning" wherever occurring. ad "Secretary of the Department of Planning and Environment".  Objection to grant of production lease ernment Department or statutory authority or the Director of Planning". and "Public Service agency or statutory authority or the Secretary of the tof Planning and Environment".	28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35

[33]				of the environment  -3. Insert instead:	1
					2
	Div	ision	1	Environmental, rehabilitation and other directions	3
	74	Inter	pretat	ion	4
		(1)		is Division:	5
				onsible person means:	6
			(a)	in relation to a petroleum title that is in force—the holder of the title, or	7
			(b)	in relation to a petroleum title that has ceased to be in force—the person who was the holder of the title immediately before it ceased to be in force.	8 9 10
		(2)	perso to a admi	is Division, a reference to giving a direction or notice to a responsible on includes, where the responsible person is a corporation that is subject scheme of arrangement, receivership, winding up or other external inistration, a reference to giving a direction or notice to the administrator, ver or liquidator of the corporation.	11 12 13 14 15
	75	Direc	ctions		16
		(1)		Secretary or an inspector may, by written notice, direct a responsible on in relation to a petroleum title to do any one or more of the following:	17 18
			(a)	to give effect to a condition of the petroleum title (except a condition requiring payment of royalty or provision or maintenance of a security deposit),	19 20 21
			(b)	to address any adverse impact that activities carried out under, or purportedly carried out under, the petroleum title have had on any aspect of the environment,	22 23 24
			(c)	to address a risk of there being such an impact,	25
			(d)	to conserve the environment, protect it from harm as a result of activities under the title or to prevent, control or mitigate any such harm,	26 27
			(e)	to rehabilitate land or water that is or may be affected by activities under the title.	28 29
		(2)	partie speci	rection may require a responsible person to carry out or stop carrying out cular activities, carry out activities in a particular manner or achieve ified outcomes within such period (if any) as is specified in the direction by condition specified in the direction.	30 31 32 33
		(3)	prepa	rection served on a person under this section may require the person to are, and submit to the Secretary or inspector, reports as to any of the wing:	34 35 36
			(a)	the measures the person proposes to take for the purpose of complying with the direction,	37 38
			(b)	the progress made by the person in implementing any such measures.	39
	76	Proh	ibitior	n notices	40
		(1)	the hactiv	e Secretary or an inspector reasonably suspects that a person who is not colder of a petroleum title is carrying out, or is about to carry out, any ity in contravention of a provision of this Act requiring a petroleum title cheld when carrying out the activity, the Secretary or inspector may direct the erson to discontinue that activity on the land specified in the notice.	41 42 43 44 45

	(2)		direction may be given orally, but must be confirmed by written notice (a <i>nibition notice</i> ) issued to the person as soon as practicable.	1 2
	(3)	A pr	ohibition notice must state:	3
		(a)	the reasons for the issue of the prohibition notice, and	4
		(b)	the activity concerned, and	5
		(c)	the provision of this Act that the Secretary or inspector believes is being, or is likely to be, contravened by that activity.	6 7
77	Dire	ction t	to suspend operations	8
	(1)	respo or ur	Secretary may, by written notice (a <i>suspension notice</i> ), direct a onsible person to suspend (for such period as is specified in the direction ntil further notice) all, or any specified, operations under a petroleum title activity approval relating to the operations if the Secretary considers that:	9 10 11 12
		(a)	circumstances exist that could constitute a ground for cancellation of the petroleum title under section 22 (1) (b)–(g), or	13 14
		(b)	circumstances exist that could constitute a ground for cancellation of the petroleum title under section 22 (1) (h), in relation to a contravention of a direction under section 75 only, or	15 16 17
		(c)	on any other ground specified in the regulations.	18
	(2)	Befo	ore giving a suspension notice, the Secretary is to:	19
		(a)	cause written notice of the proposed suspension notice and the grounds for it to be served on the holder of the relevant petroleum title, and	20 21
		(b)	give the holder of the relevant petroleum title a reasonable opportunity to make representations with respect to the proposed suspension notice, and	22 23 24
		(c)	take any such representations into consideration.	25
	(3)		suspension notice takes effect on the date on which it is given to the holder the relevant petroleum title or on a later date specified in the notice.	26 27
	(4)		suspension of a petroleum title does not affect any liability incurred by the er of the relevant petroleum title before the suspension took effect.	28 29
	(5)	mere	holder of the relevant petroleum title is not entitled to compensation ely because of the suspension of operations under the petroleum title or an vity approval in accordance with a suspension notice.	30 31 32
	(6)	curre	suspension notice under this section is issued to a person who is not the ent holder of the relevant petroleum title, the Secretary must cause a copy the notice to be served on any current holder within 5 days after the notice sued.	33 34 35 36
	(7)	prepa	rection served on a person under this section may require the person to are, and submit to the Secretary or inspector, reports as to any of the owing:	37 38 39
		(a)	the measures the person proposes to take for the purpose of complying with the direction,	40 41
		(b)	the progress made by the person in implementing any such measures.	42
78	Rev	ocatio	n or variation	43
	(1)		rection under this Division may be revoked or varied by a subsequent etion issued in accordance with this Division.	44 45

	(2)	A direction may be varied by modification of, or addition to, its terms and specifications or any condition specified in the direction.	1
	(3)	Without limiting the above, a direction or notice may be varied by extending the time for complying with the direction or the period of suspension.	3
78A	Brea	ch of direction or notice	5
		A person must comply with a direction or notice issued to the person under this Division, unless the person has a reasonable excuse for not doing so.	6 7
		Maximum penalty:	8
		(a) in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 1,000 penalty units for each day that the offence continues, or	9 10 17
		(b) in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 200 penalty units for each day that the offence continues.	12 13 14
78B	Effe	ct of direction	15
		The issuing of a direction under this Division does not affect:	16
		(a) the liability of any person to any penalty for an offence in relation to a petroleum title, or	17 18
		(b) the amount of security deposit that is or may be required under a petroleum title, or	19 20
		(c) the operation of any other provision of this Act or the regulations that requires or enables other action to be taken in relation to any contravention or other circumstances to which the direction relates.	27 22 23
		<b>Note.</b> For example, the issuing of a direction does not affect the power to cancel a petroleum title under section 22A on a ground specified in section 22.	24 25
78C	Fee		26
	(1)	The purpose of this section is to enable the recovery of the administrative costs of preparing and issuing a direction under this Division (not including a direction that varies an earlier direction under this Division).	28 28
	(2)	A person to whom a direction is issued must, within 30 days, pay the fee prescribed by the regulations to the Secretary.	30 31
	(3)	A fee payable under this section is a debt due by the holder of the petroleum title concerned to the Crown and is recoverable in a court of competent jurisdiction.	32 33 34
78D	Reha	abilitation by Minister at holder's expense	35
	(1)	If a person on whom a direction is served under this Division does not comply with the direction, the Minister may take any action necessary to give effect to the direction.	36 37 38
	(2)	Any costs or expenses incurred by the Crown under this section are a debt due to the Crown by the person on whom the direction was served and are recoverable in a court of competent jurisdiction.	39 40 47
	(3)	An authorised person may enter any land and do anything that in the person's opinion is necessary for or in connection with the taking of that action (including gaining access from that land to other land)	43

	(4)	How	ever, an authorised person must not enter land unless the person:	1
		(a)	has given the occupier of the land reasonable notice of the person's intention to do so, and	2
		(b)	enters the land at a reasonable time (except in the case of an emergency), and	4 5
		(c)	uses no more force than is reasonably necessary to effect entry, and	6
		(d)	before entering any premises on the land that are used only for residential purposes—has obtained the permission of the occupier of those premises.	7 8 9
	(5)	section	erson who suffers damage caused by the taking of any action under this on is entitled to be paid reasonable compensation by the person who failed imply with the direction (as referred to in subsection (1)).	10 11 12
	(6)		11 and 12 apply (with such modifications as may be prescribed by the lations) to that compensation as if it were compensation payable under 11.	13 14 15
	(7)	In th	is section:	16
		auth	orised person means:	17
		(a)	a person engaged in connection with the taking of steps under subsection (1), or	18 19
		(b)	the Secretary, or	20
		(c)	a person authorised in writing by the Secretary for the purposes of this section, or	21 22
		(d)	an inspector.	23
78E	Reco	very o	of costs of rehabilitation	24
	(1)	Divis speci	by proceedings for the recovery of a debt due to the Crown under this sion, a certificate that is signed by the Minister and that states that a diffied amount is the amount of the debt so due is admissible in evidence in burts and is evidence of that fact.	25 26 27 28
	(2)		bt due to the Crown under this Division is recoverable whether or not the on by whom it is due is prosecuted or convicted of an offence under this sion.	29 30 31
78F	Prior	notic	e of direction under section 75 or 76 not required	32
			rson who gives a direction under section 75 or 76 is not required to notify person who may be affected by the direction before giving the direction.	33 34
Part	6, Divi	sion 5	5	35
	t after			36
Div	ision	5	Audits	37
83A	Rela	tionsh	ip of this Division to other provisions	38
		This	Division does not affect any other provision of this Act that:	39
		(a)	enables a petroleum title to be subject to a condition requiring monitoring or reporting, or	40 41

[34]

		(b)	relates to functions exercisable by persons for the purpose of auditing compliance with this Act, the regulations or conditions of petroleum titles.	1 2 3
83B	Natu	ire of a	audit	4
		of p	audit under this Division is a periodic or particular documented evaluation rospecting or mining for petroleum (including management practices, ems and plant) for any one or more of the following purposes:	5 6 7
		(a)	to provide information on compliance or otherwise with obligations under the petroleum title or other related legal requirements under this or any other law (including in relation to the protection of the environment from the impacts of, or the rehabilitation of land affected by, activities under the title),	8 9 10 11 12
		(b)	to provide information on compliance or otherwise with codes of practice or policies relevant to the petroleum title,	13 14
		(c)	to enable a determination of whether the way activities are being carried out under the petroleum title can be improved in order to protect the environment.	15 16 17
83C	Accı	reditat	ion and regulation of auditors	18
			regulations may make provision for or with respect to either or both of the wing:	19 20
		(a)	the accreditation of auditors for the purposes of this Division,	21
		(b)	the carrying out of audits by auditors.	22
83D	Con	ditions	s for mandatory audits	23
	(1)	the s to ir petro	ondition that requires one or more mandatory audits to be undertaken, to satisfaction of the Secretary, for any one or more of the purposes referred a section 83B (a <i>mandatory audit condition</i> ) may be imposed on a bleum title by the regulations or the Minister in accordance with Part 3 of Edule 1B.	24 25 26 27 28
	(2)	A ma	andatory audit condition must specify the purpose or purposes of the audit.	29
	(3)	A ma	andatory audit condition may require any one or more of the following:	30
	. ,	(a)	appointment of an auditor to undertake the audit,	31
		(b)	approval by the Secretary of the auditor before being appointed,	32
		(c)	preparation of particular written documentation during the course of the audit,	33 34
		(d)	preparation of an audit report,	35
		(e)	production to the Secretary of the audit report.	36
	(4)	A m	andatory audit condition may also:	37
		(a)	specify the format and level of detail required for the audit, or	38
		(b)	require the auditor to submit the proposed format and level of detail to the Secretary for approval.	39 40
	(5)	hold	andatory audit condition may be varied by written notice served on the er of the petroleum title and otherwise in accordance with Part 4 of edule 1B.	41 42 43

	(6)	A condition imposed under this section takes effect on the date on which written notice of the condition is served on the holder of the petroleum title or on any later date specified in the notice.	1 2 3
	(7)	This section does not affect the operation of the following provisions of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> :	4 5
		(a) section 89K (Approvals etc legislation that must be applied consistently),	6 7
		(b) section 93 (Granting and modification of approval by approval body),	8
		(c) section 115ZH (Approvals etc legislation that must be applied consistently).	9 10
83E	Cert	ification of audit report	11
		The audit report for a mandatory audit is taken not to have been duly produced to the Secretary unless it is accompanied by:	12 13
		(a) a declaration signed by the holder of the petroleum title certifying that the holder has not knowingly provided any false or misleading information to the auditor and has provided all relevant information to the auditor, and	14 15 16 17
		(b) a declaration signed by the auditor:	18
		(i) setting out the auditor's qualifications, and	19
		(ii) certifying that the report is accurate, and that the auditor has not knowingly included any false or misleading information in it or failed to include any relevant information in it.	20 21 22
83F	Offe	nces relating to audit information	23
	(1)	A person who provides information to an auditor in connection with a mandatory audit, knowing the information to be false or misleading in a material respect, is guilty of an offence.	24 25 26
	(2)	The holder of a petroleum title who fails to provide information to an auditor in connection with a mandatory audit being carried out in relation to the petroleum title, knowing the information to be materially relevant to the audit, is guilty of an offence.	27 28 29 30
	(3)	An auditor who includes information in an audit report produced to the Secretary in connection with a mandatory audit, knowing the information to be false or misleading in a material respect, is guilty of an offence.	31 32 33
	(4)	An auditor who fails to provide information in an audit report produced to the Secretary in connection with a mandatory audit, knowing the information to be materially relevant to the audit, is guilty of an offence.	34 35 36
	(5)	The holder of a petroleum title who:	37
		(a) fails to retain any written documentation required to be prepared by the holder in connection with a mandatory audit for a period of at least 5 years after the audit report concerned was produced to the Secretary (or such other period as is prescribed by the regulations), or	38 39 40 41
		(b) fails to produce during that period any such documentation to the Secretary on request,	42
		is guilty of an offence.	43 44
		Maximum penalty:	45
		(a) in the case of a corporation—1,000 penalty units, or	46
		(b) in the case of a natural person—500 penalty units	47

83G	Self-	incrim	ninatory information not exempt	1
		audit	mation must be supplied by a person in connection with a mandatory and this Division applies to any such information that is supplied, her or not the information might incriminate the person.	2 3 4
83H	Use	of info	ormation	5
	(1)	Secre Secre under envir	information in an audit report or other documentation supplied to the etary in connection with a mandatory audit may be supplied by the etary to, and taken into consideration by, any person who has functions or this Act, the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> or the consent protection legislation and may be used by that person for the coses of those laws.	6 7 8 9 10 11
	(2)	With	out limiting subsection (1):	12
		(a)	the Secretary is authorised, despite any other Act or law, to provide a relevant agency with any such information, and	13 14
		(b)	any such information is admissible in evidence in any prosecution of the holder of a petroleum title for any offence (whether under this Act or otherwise).	15 16 17
	(3)	engaş	is section, <i>relevant agency</i> means the Department, or a public authority ged in administering or executing the environment protection legislation, <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> or such other lation, if any, as may be prescribed by the regulations.	18 19 20 21
83I	Natu	re of v	oluntary audit	22
	(1)	or ca	the purposes of this Division, a <i>voluntary audit</i> is an audit commissioned arried out voluntarily, whether or not in relation to activities carried out r a petroleum title.	23 24 25
	(2)	mand	audit is not voluntary if there is a contemporaneous requirement for a datory audit in relation to the same or substantially the same activity or matter and the audits are to be carried out by the same person.	26 27 28
83J	Prote	ected o	documents	29
	(1)		ments prepared for the sole purpose of a voluntary audit are <i>protected ments</i> for the purposes of this Act.	30 31
	(2)		protected documents include the final report of the audit and any ments prepared during the course of the audit for the sole purpose of the	32 33 34
	(3)	prote or re	out affecting the generality of subsection (1) or (2), documents are not exted if they are prepared wholly or partly in connection with monitoring porting that is required by any conditions of a petroleum title or by a tion under section 75 or 77.	35 36 37 38
83K	Natu	re of p	protection	39
	(1)	A pro	otected document:	40
		(a)	is not admissible in evidence against any person in any proceedings connected with the administration or enforcement of this Act, the environment protection legislation or such other legislation, if any, as may be prescribed by the regulations, and	41 42 43 44
		(b)	must not be inspected, copied, seized or otherwise obtained by the Department, any authority prescribed by the regulations or any other	45 46

enforcement.

		(2)	the p	her the Department, a prescribed authority nor any other person may, for surpose referred to in subsection (1) (b), require a person to answer any tion or provide any information about the existence of the document or t what it contains.	3 4 5 6
		(3)		onus of establishing that a document is a protected document lies on the on asserting that it is protected.	7 8
		(4)		urt may inspect any document that is claimed to be a protected document ne purpose of determining whether it is or is not a protected document.	9 10
		(5)		regulations may prescribe procedures for making and determining claims a document is a protected document.	11 12
	83L	Liftin	ıg of p	protection	13
		(1)	perso use o direc enfor	iments prepared in relation to a voluntary audit cease to be protected if the on asserting or relying on the protection uses or relies on (or attempts to rely on) the whole or any part of one or more of the documents, whether the trip or indirectly, in any proceedings connected with the administration or rement of this Act, the environment protection legislation or such other lation, if any, as may be prescribed.	14 15 16 17 18
		(2)	attem	section does not apply where the person is using or relying on (or apting to use or rely on) a document for the purpose of establishing that ocument is protected.	20 21 22
[35]	Sect	ion 91	Paym	ent of royalty	23
	Inser	t after	section	1 91 (1):	24
		(1A)	(1), $t$	person who is liable to pay royalty fails to pay it as required by subsection the person is guilty of an offence.  Simum penalty:	25 26 27
			(a)	in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 1,000 penalty units for each day that the offence continues, or	28 29 30
			(b)	in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or both, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 200 penalty units for each day that the offence continues.	31 32 33
[36]	Sect	ion 91	A		34
	Inser	t after	section	191:	35
	91A	Refu	nds aı	nd rebates of royalties	36
		(1)		regulations may make provision for or with respect to the refund or rebate yalty payable or paid under this Act.	37 38
		(2)	eligil been	out limiting subsection (1), the regulations may prescribe the criteria for bility for a refund or rebate, which may include that a contribution has made for the purpose of funding any programs for the benefit of the munity.	39 40 41 42

person for any purpose connected with such administration or

1

2

[37]	Section 94C Fees payable in respect of petroleum title						
	Inser	t after	section	n 94C (2):	2		
		(3)	admi	holder of a petroleum title must not fail to pay any annual rental fee or inistrative levy payable under this Part for the petroleum title. imum penalty:  in the case of a corporation—100 penalty units, or	3 4 5 6		
			(b)	in the case of a natural person—50 penalty units.	7		
[38]	Sect	ion 94	P Fail	ure to pay fee	8		
	Omit	the se	ction.		9		
[39]	Sect	ion 94	Т		10		
	Inser	t after	section	n 94S:	11		
	94T	Waiv	er or	refund of fees	12		
		(1)	that appli	Secretary may refund or waive payment of the whole or any part of a fee this Act requires to be paid, on his or her own initiative or on the ication of the person who is required to pay the fee, if the Secretary is fied that there is good cause for doing so.	13 14 15 16		
		(2)		regulations may make further provision for the waiver or refund of fees ble under this Act.	17 18		
[40]	Sect	ion 96	Appli	cations for transfer of title	19		
	Inser	t at the	Note	of section $96(3)$ :  Schedule 1B makes provision about the consideration of applications for the fer of a petroleum title and the grant or refusal of such an application.	20 21 22		
[41]	Part	8 <b>A</b>			23		
	Inser	t after	Part 8	:	24		
	Par	t 8A	Red	cords and reports	25		
	97A	Keep	ing o	f geological plans, maps and records	26		
			To the must	he extent required by the regulations, every holder of a petroleum title	27 28		
			(a)	keep accurate geological plans, maps and records relating to the land comprised in the title, and	29 30		
			(b)	furnish to the Minister such geological and other plans and information as to the progress of operations on such land as the Minister may from time to time require.	31 32 33		
	97B	Furn	ishing	g of statistics, returns and other information	34		
		(1)	opera such statis	y holder of a petroleum title and any other person carrying on any ation in connection with any such title who is called on to do so must, at times and in such manner as the Minister may require, furnish such stics, returns and other information as may be required and must keep such rds as may be necessary for the completion of any such statistics and ms.	35 36 37 38 39 40		

	(2)	Any information required under this section in respect of any particulars supplied in or omitted from a return must be furnished within such period as may be specified by the Minister.	1 2 3
	(3)	Statistics, returns and other information obtained pursuant to this section, are to be treated as confidential, but the Minister may cause to be published or otherwise made available the results of such statistics, returns and other information with respect to the whole of New South Wales or any portion of the State and such details furnished on an individual return (other than details relating to working expenses) as the Minister may think fit.	4 5 6 7 8 9
	(4)	A person who contravenes this section is guilty of an offence.	10
		Maximum penalty: 200 penalty units.	11
97C	Repo	orts	12
	(1)	The holder of a petroleum title must prepare and lodge reports of all operations carried out under the petroleum title.	13 14
		<b>Note.</b> Clause 6 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B provides that reports may also be required by the conditions of a petroleum title.	15 16
	(2)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	17
		(a) the content, form or lodgment of the reports,	18
		(b) the exemption of any person, class of persons, petroleum titles or class of petroleum titles from a requirement of this section or the regulations under this section.	19 20 21
	(3)	A person who fails, without reasonable excuse, to prepare or lodge a report in accordance with this section or the regulations is guilty of an offence.	22 23
		Maximum penalty:	24
		(a) in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 1,000 penalty units for each day that the offence continues, or	25 26 27
		(b) in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 200 penalty units for each day that the offence continues.	28 29 30
	(4)	If there is an inconsistency between a condition of a petroleum title and a reporting requirement imposed under this section, the condition prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	31 32 33
97D	Reco	ord-keeping	34
		Any record required to be created and maintained under this Act, the regulations, a condition of a petroleum title or a term of an activity approval must be kept in a legible form, or in a form that can readily be reduced to a legible form for production to any inspector.	35 36 37 38
97E	Rete	ntion of records relating to petroleum titles	39
		The holder of a petroleum title must retain any records required to be created and maintained under this Act, the regulations, a condition of a petroleum title or a term of an activity approval in relation to the petroleum title for not less than 4 years after the expiry or cancellation of the petroleum title.	40 41 42 43
97F	Infor	mation or return provided, served or lodged by agents	44
		Any information or return received from or served or lodged by an agent duly appointed and notified in accordance with the regulations on behalf of any of	45 46

				following persons is taken to have been received from or served or lodged hat person:	1 2
			(a)	the holder of a petroleum title,	3
			(b)	an applicant for a petroleum title or for the renewal, transfer or cancellation of a petroleum title,	4 5
			(c)	an applicant for an activity approval or for the cancellation of an activity approval,	6 7
			(d)	any person who owns or occupies land over which a petroleum title is in force or to which an application for a petroleum title relates.	8 9
	97G	Sam	ples d	of strata, petroleum and water	10
		(1)		holder of a petroleum title must collect any samples of strata, petroleum, er or any other thing, as required by the regulations.	11 12
		(2)		se samples must be collected, labelled for reference or preserved in the ner required by the regulations.	13 14
[42]	Part	9			15
	Omi	t the Pa	art. Ins	sert instead:	16
	Par	t 9	Po	wers of entry and inspection	17
	Divi	sion	1	Preliminary	18
	98	Purp	oses	for which powers under Part may be exercised	19
			Pow	ers may be exercised under this Part for the following purposes:	20
			(a)	for determining whether there has been compliance with or a contravention of this Act or the regulations or any petroleum title, direction, notice or requirement issued or made under this Act,	21 22 23
			(b)	for obtaining information or records for purposes connected with the administration of this Act,	24 25
			(c)	generally for administering this Act.	26
	99	Effec	ct on o	other functions	27
			Noth	ning in this Part:	28
			(a)	affects any function under any other Part of this Act or under any other Act, or	29 30
			(b)	limits the conditions that may be attached to a petroleum title.	31
	Division		2	Powers to require information and records	32
	100	Appl	icatio	on of Division	33
				Division applies whether or not a power of entry under Division 3 is being as been exercised.	34 35
	101	Requ	uirem	ent to provide information and records	36
		(1)	furn requ	inspector may, by written notice given to a person, require the person to ish to the inspector such information or records (or both) as the inspector ires by the notice in connection with any matter relating to the inistration of this Act.	37 38 39 40

	(2)	requi	notice must specify the manner in which the information or records are ired to be furnished and a reasonable time by which the information or rds are required to be furnished.	1 2 3
	(3)	mech	record required to be furnished under the notice is in electronic, nanical or other form, the notice requires the record to be furnished in en form, unless the notice otherwise provides.	4 5 6
	(4)		notice may only require a person to furnish existing records that are in the on's possession or that are within the person's power to obtain lawfully.	7 8
	(5)		inspector to whom a record is furnished under the notice may take copies e record.	9 10
Div	ision	3	Powers of entry and search	11
102	Pow	ers to	enter premises	12
	(1)	An ii	nspector may enter:	13
		(a)	any premises at which the inspector reasonably suspects that any prospecting operations or mining of petroleum are being or are about to be carried out, at any time, and	14 15 16
		(b)	any premises that the inspector reasonably suspects have been, are being or are likely to be affected by prospecting operations or mining of petroleum, at any time, and	17 18 19
		(c)	any premises where the inspector reasonably believes that documents that relate to any activity referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) are kept, at any time.	20 21 22
	(2)		power to enter premises authorises entry by foot or by means of a motor cle or other vehicle, or by an aircraft, or in any other manner.	23 24
	(3)		y may be effected with the aid of such police officers or other inspectors e inspector considers necessary and with the use of reasonable force.	25 26
	(4)		y may be effected to any premises with the authority of a search warrant or section 104A.	27 28
103	Entr	y into	residential premises only with permission or warrant	29
		only	Division does not entitle an inspector to enter any part of premises used for residential purposes without the permission of the occupier or the ority of a search warrant under section 104A.	30 31 32
104	Pow	ers of	inspectors to do things at premises	33
	(1)	opini	nspector may, at any premises lawfully entered, do anything that in the ion of the inspector is necessary to be done for the purposes of this Part, iding (but not limited to) the things specified in subsection (2).	34 35 36
	(2)	An ii	nspector may do any or all of the following:	37
		(a)	examine and inspect any works, plant, vehicle, aircraft or other article,	38
		(b)	take and remove samples,	39
		(c)	make such examinations, inquiries and tests as the inspector considers necessary,	40 41
		(d)	take such photographs, films, audio, video and other recordings as the inspector considers necessary,	42 43
		(e)	require records to be produced for inspection,	44

		(f) examine and inspect any records,	1
		(g) take extracts from, or a copy of, any records,	2
		(h) seize anything that the inspector has reasonable grounds for believing is connected with an offence against this Act or the regulations,	3 4
		(i) for the purposes of paragraph (h), direct the occupier of the premises where the thing is seized to retain it at those premises or at another place under the control of the occupier,	5 6 7
		(j) do any other thing the inspector is empowered to do under this Part.	8
	(3)	The power to seize anything connected with an offence includes a power to seize:	9 10
		(a) a thing with respect to which the offence has been committed, and	11
		(b) a thing that will afford evidence of the commission of the offence, and	12
		(c) a thing that was used for the purpose of committing the offence.	13
		A reference to any such offence includes a reference to an offence that there are reasonable grounds for believing has been committed.	14 15
104A	Sear	ch warrants	16
	(1)	An inspector may apply to an authorised officer within the meaning of the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002</i> for the issue of a search warrant if the inspector believes on reasonable grounds that:	17 18 19
		(a) a provision of this Act or the regulations is being or has been contravened at any premises, or	20 21
		(b) there is in or on any premises matter or a thing that is connected with an offence under this Act or the regulations.	22 23
	(2)	An authorised officer within the meaning of the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002</i> to whom an application is made may, if satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a search warrant authorising an inspector named in the warrant:	24 25 26 27
		(a) to enter the premises, and	28
		(b) to exercise any function of an inspector under this Part.	29
	(3)	Division 4 of Part 5 of the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act</i> 2002 applies to a search warrant issued under this section.	30 31
	(4)	Definitions	32
	( )	In this section:	33
		matter or a thing that is connected with an offence means:	34
		(a) matter or a thing with respect to which the offence has been committed, or	35 36
		(b) matter or a thing that will afford evidence of the commission of an offence, or	37 38
		(c) matter or a thing that was used, or is intended to be used, for the purpose of committing the offence.	39 40
		<i>offence</i> includes an offence that there are reasonable grounds for believing has been, or is to be, committed.	41 42
104B	Insp	ectors may request assistance	43
		A person may accompany an inspector and take all reasonable steps to assist the inspector in the exercise of his or her functions under this Part if the	44 45

		inspector is of the opinion that the person is capable of providing assistance to the inspector in the exercise of those functions.	1 2
104C	Assi	istance to be given to inspectors	3
	(1)	This section applies for the purpose of enabling an inspector to exercise any of the powers of an inspector under this Part in connection with any premises.	4 5
	(2)	The Secretary may, by written notice given to the owner or occupier of the premises, require the owner or occupier to provide such reasonable assistance and facilities as are specified in the notice within a specified time and in a specified manner.	6 7 8 9
	(3)	Assistance and facilities can be required under this section, whether they are of the same kind as, or a different kind from, any prescribed by the regulations.	10 11
104D	Care	e to be taken	12
		In the exercise of a power of entering or searching premises under this Part, the inspector must do as little damage as possible.	13 14
104E	Com	pensation	15
		The Crown is to compensate all interested parties for any damage caused by an inspector, a person employed in the Department, a geologist, a geophysicist or a geochemist in exercising a power under this Part of entering premises (but not any damage caused by the exercise of any other power), unless the occupier obstructed or hindered the inspector or other person in the exercise of the power of entry.	16 17 18 19 20 21
104F	Pow	er of inspectors to require answers	22
	(1)	An inspector may require a person whom the inspector suspects on reasonable grounds to have knowledge of matters in respect of which information is reasonably required for a purpose to which this Part applies to answer questions in relation to those matters.	23 24 25 26
	(2)	The Secretary may, by written notice, require a corporation to nominate, in writing within the time specified in the notice, a director or officer of the corporation to be the corporation's representative for the purpose of answering questions under this section.	27 28 29 30
	(3)	Answers given by a person nominated under subsection (2) bind the corporation.	31 32
	(4)	An inspector may, by written notice, require a person to attend at a specified place and time to answer questions under this section if attendance at that place is reasonably required in order that the questions can be properly put and answered.	33 34 35 36
	(5)	The place and time at which a person may be required to attend is to be:	37
		(a) a place or time nominated by the person, or	38
		(b) if the place and time nominated is not reasonable in the circumstances, or a place and time is not nominated by the person—a place and time nominated by the inspector that is reasonable in the circumstances.	39 40 41
104G	Reco	ording of evidence	42
	(1)	An inspector may cause any questions and answers to questions given under this Part to be recorded if the inspector has informed the person who is to be questioned that the record is to be made.	43 44 45

	(2)	A record may be made using sound recording apparatus or audio visual apparatus, or any other method determined by the inspector.	1 2
	(3)	A copy of any such record must be provided by the inspector to the person who is questioned as soon as practicable after it is made.	3
	(4)	A record may be made under this section despite the provisions of any other law.	5 6
104H	Pow	er of inspectors to demand name and address	7
	(1)	An inspector may require a person whom the inspector suspects on reasonable grounds to have offended or to be offending against a provision of this Act or the regulations to state his or her full name and residential address.	8 9 10
	(2)	An inspector may request a person who is required under this section to state his or her full name and residential address to provide proof of the name and address. It is not an offence under section 104O to fail to comply with any such request.	11 12 13 14
	(3)	The maximum penalty for an offence under section 104O in connection with a requirement under this section is 100 penalty units, despite anything to the contrary in that section.	15 16 17
104I	Арр	lication of Division	18
		The powers in sections 104F, 104G and 104H may be exercised whether or not a power of entry in this Division is being or has been exercised.	19 20
			20
Divi	ision		21
Divi 104J			
		4 Powers with respect to articles	21
	Арр	4 Powers with respect to articles lication of Division Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any	21 22 23
104J	Арр	4 Powers with respect to articles lication of Division Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part.	21 22 23 24
104J	App	4 Powers with respect to articles lication of Division Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part.  er to inspect and test	21 22 23 24 25
104J	Apple Pow (1)	4 Powers with respect to articles lication of Division  Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part.  er to inspect and test  An inspector may, for the purposes of this Part, inspect and test any article.	21 22 23 24 25 26
104J	Apple Pow (1)	4 Powers with respect to articles lication of Division Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part.  er to inspect and test An inspector may, for the purposes of this Part, inspect and test any article. The inspector may, for the purposes of any such inspection or testing:	21 22 23 24 25 26 27
104J	Apple Pow (1)	4 Powers with respect to articles lication of Division Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part.  er to inspect and test An inspector may, for the purposes of this Part, inspect and test any article. The inspector may, for the purposes of any such inspection or testing:  (a) enter the article, and (b) enter, in accordance with this Act, the premises where the article is located, and (c) operate the article, and	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
104J	Apple Pow (1)	Powers with respect to articles lication of Division  Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part.  er to inspect and test  An inspector may, for the purposes of this Part, inspect and test any article.  The inspector may, for the purposes of any such inspection or testing:  (a) enter the article, and  (b) enter, in accordance with this Act, the premises where the article is located, and  (c) operate the article, and  (d) take photographs or video films of the article, and	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30
104J	Apple Pow (1)	4 Powers with respect to articles lication of Division Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part.  er to inspect and test An inspector may, for the purposes of this Part, inspect and test any article. The inspector may, for the purposes of any such inspection or testing:  (a) enter the article, and (b) enter, in accordance with this Act, the premises where the article is located, and (c) operate the article, and	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
104J	Apple Pow (1)	<ul> <li>Powers with respect to articles</li> <li>lication of Division Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part. The reto inspect and test An inspector may, for the purposes of this Part, inspect and test any article. The inspector may, for the purposes of any such inspection or testing: <ul> <li>(a) enter the article, and</li> <li>(b) enter, in accordance with this Act, the premises where the article is located, and</li> <li>(c) operate the article, and</li> <li>(d) take photographs or video films of the article, and</li> <li>(e) inspect or test any substance being carried by the article or in any</li> </ul></li></ul>	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
104J	Apple Pow (1)	4 Powers with respect to articles  lication of Division  Nothing in this Division limits the functions that may be exercised under any other Division of this Part.  er to inspect and test  An inspector may, for the purposes of this Part, inspect and test any article.  The inspector may, for the purposes of any such inspection or testing:  (a) enter the article, and  (b) enter, in accordance with this Act, the premises where the article is located, and  (c) operate the article, and  (d) take photographs or video films of the article, and  (e) inspect or test any substance being carried by the article or in any container on the article, and	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

Division 5			Other entry powers	1
104L	Surv	ey		2
	(1)	purpo reaso	person employed in the Department authorised by the Secretary for the oses of this Part, or a registered surveyor so authorised, may at all onable times enter any land with such assistants as he or she may think ssary:	3 4 5 6
		(a)	for the purpose of carrying out any survey, or	7
		(b)	for the purpose of defining any road, or	8
		(c)	for the purpose of carrying out a geological or geophysical survey, or	9
		(d)	for any other purpose authorised by this Act or the regulations.	10
	(2)	regis	nis section, <i>registered surveyor</i> means a registered land surveyor or tered mining surveyor within the meaning of the <i>Surveying and Spatial mation Act 2002</i> .	11 12 13
104M	Sam	pling		14
		autho times	cologist, geophysicist or geochemist employed in the Department and brised by the Secretary for the purposes of this Part may, at all reasonable is, enter any land with such assistants as he or she may think necessary for purpose of removing any sample of petroleum, water or strata.	15 16 17 18
104N	Noti	ce to la	andholder	19
	(1)	Befo	re a person enters any land pursuant to this Division, the person must:	20
		(a)	if practicable, give reasonable notice to the landholder of the person's intention to do so, and	21 22
		(b)	if required by that landholder, produce evidence that the person is authorised by the Secretary for the purposes of this Part.	23 24
	(2)		ence referred to in subsection (1) (b) is to be in the form prescribed by the lations.	25 26
	(3)	In th	is section, <i>landholder</i> includes a secondary landholder.	27
Divi	sion	6	General	28
1040	Offe	nces		29
	(1)	A per	erson who, without lawful excuse, neglects or fails to comply with a irement made of the person under this Part is guilty of an offence.	30 31
	(2)		erson who wilfully delays or obstructs an inspector in the exercise of the ector's powers under this Part is guilty of an offence.	32 33
	(3)	A pe	rson who impersonates an inspector is guilty of an offence.	34
	. ,	-	imum penalty:	35
		(a)	in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 1,000 penalty units for each day that the offence continues, or	36 37 38
		(b)	in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units, and, in the case of a continuing offence, a further penalty of 200 penalty units for each day that the offence continues.	39 40 41

104P	Provisions relating to requirements to furnish records or information or answer questions					
	(1)	Warning to be given on each occasion	3			
		under this Part to furnish records or information or to answer a question unless	4 5 6			
	(2)	Self-incrimination not an excuse	7			
		or information or to answer a question on the ground that the record, information or answer might incriminate the person or make the person liable	8 9 10 11			
	(3)	Information or answer not admissible if objection made	12			
		compliance with a requirement under this Part is not admissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings (except proceedings for an offence	13 14 15 16			
			17 18			
		to furnishing the information or giving the answer on the ground that it	19 20 21			
	(4)	Records admissible				
		Part is not inadmissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings	23 24 25			
	(5)	Further information				
		or of an answer given in compliance with a requirement under this Part is not	27 28 29			
		```	30 31			
			32 33			
	(6)	Section extends to requirement to state name and address	34			
		1 11	35 36			
104Q	Revocation or variation					
	(1)	· · ·	38 39			
	(2)	. ~	40 41			
	(3)		42 43			
	(4)		44 45			

[43]	Section 106B Security required to be given							
	Inser	t after	section	n 106B (6):	2			
		(7)	is the	ondition may be imposed under this section in relation to any impact that e result of work carried out under the relevant petroleum title, whether or hat impact is in relation to land over which the petroleum title is to be or granted.	3 4 5 6			
[44]	Parts	s 12–1	3 <b>A</b>		7			
1	Omit	t Parts	12 and	nd 13. Insert instead:				
	Part 12		Part 12 Land and Environment Court proceedings		9			
	112B	Juris	dictio	on of Land and Environment Court	10			
		(1)		Land and Environment Court has jurisdiction to hear and determine eedings relating to any of the following matters:	11 12			
			(a)	any demand concerning the ascertainment and adjustment of boundaries of land held under a petroleum title, or occupied by virtue of an easement or right of way granted under this Act, where such boundaries are in dispute or doubtful—in which case the Court is to ascertain and determine such boundaries by such means as may be found convenient, and may make and give all such orders and directions as may be necessary for the purpose of carrying out or giving effect to its determination,	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20			
			(b)	the right to the occupation of areas of land comprised in a petroleum title and the right to or ownership of petroleum and other materials obtained from them,	21 22 23			
			(c)	the right to the use of areas of land comprised in an easement or right of way granted under this Act,	24 25			
			(d)	any encroachments on, infringements of or damage to any land comprised in a petroleum title,	26 27			
			(e)	any encroachments on, infringements of or damage to an easement or right of way granted under this Act,	28 29			
			(f)	any demand for debt or damages or both arising out of or made in respect of any contract whatever relating to the search for or mining of petroleum,	30 31 32			
			(g)	the right to any petroleum in or to be taken out of any land comprised in a petroleum title or in respect of any matter concerning or arising out of any contract relating to any such petroleum,	33 34 35			
			(h)	any demand concerning or arising out of any partnership or joint venture for or in relation to the search for or mining of petroleum in any land comprised in or held under any petroleum title, easement or right of way granted under this Act, or any partnership or joint venture in any such land, or in any works, machinery or petroleum, or concerning or arising out of any contract for or in connection with any such search or mining, or for the dissolution wholly or in part of any such partnership or joint venture,	36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43			
			(i)	any demand concerning contributions to calls or to the expense of working or using any such land or works or any share or interest in any such contributions,	44 45 46			

		(j)	any demand concerning or arising out of any mortgage or assignment by way of security of or charge on any such land, works, machinery, petroleum or any share or interest in any such mortgage or assignment,	1 2 3
		(k)	any demand concerning the cancellation and delivery up of instruments relating to:	4 5
			(i) mortgages, charges or encumbrances of or on any such land, works, machinery or petroleum, or any share or interest in them, or	6 7 8
			(ii) any assignment of such mortgages, charges and encumbrances, or	9 10
			(iii) any contract respecting the working or use of any such land, works or machinery or any partnership or joint venture for or in relation to the search for or mining of petroleum or the total or partial dissolution of any such partnership or joint venture,	11 12 13 14
		(1)	any money claimed to be due on any account relating to a partnership or joint venture for or in relation to the search for or mining of petroleum or in any way accruing to the complainant from any such partnership or joint venture, or any adventure or interest,	15 16 17 18
		(m)	any question or dispute as to:	19
			(i) the validity of a petroleum title, or	20
			(ii) the decision of the Minister in relation to an application for the granting, renewal or transfer of a petroleum title, or	21 22
			(iii) the decision of the Minister to cancel a petroleum title,	23
		(n)	the recovery of any money which any person is liable to pay under this Act or the regulations and for which no other mode of recovery is provided under this Act or the regulations,	24 25 26
		(o)	all questions and disputes which may arise:	27
			(i) between holders of petroleum titles, or	28
			(ii) between holders of petroleum titles and landholders,	29
		(p)	all questions or disputes which may arise as to operations on or the working or management of the land comprised in a petroleum title,	30 31
		(q)	any other matter in respect of which jurisdiction is conferred on the Court by this Act.	32 33
	(2)		ing in this section limits or restricts the jurisdiction conferred on any court by any other Act or law.	34 35
112C			Environment Court may order deposit of petroleum, money or prohibit extraction of petroleum	36 37
	(1)		pplication by any party to proceedings in the Land and Environment t, the Court may order any other party to the proceedings:	38 39
		(a)	to deposit, pending its decision, any petroleum, money or chattels:	40
			(i) the right to which will, in the opinion of the Court, be put in issue in the course of those proceedings, and	41 42
			(ii) which may then be in, or at any time before the termination of the proceedings may come into, the possession or control of that other party, or	43 44 45
		(b)	not to extract any petroleum the right to which will, in the opinion of the Court, be put in issue in the course of those proceedings.	46 47

	(2)	An order under subsection (1) (a) must specify the thing to be so deposited and must direct the deposit to be made, at or before a time specified in the order, with a person or at a place so specified.	1 2 3
112D	Land	and Environment Court may grant injunction	4
	(1)	If an application is made to the Land and Environment Court by a person claiming to hold a legal or equitable interest in any land subject to a petroleum title, or in any property, the Court may, on such terms as to costs or otherwise as it may consider just, grant an injunction restraining any specified person:	5 6 7 8
		(a) from encroaching on, occupying, using or working the land or property, or	9 10
		(b) from seeking or extracting any petroleum from the land, or	11
		(c) from selling or disposing of or otherwise interfering with the property, or	12 13
		(d) from doing any act that may affect the interest concerned in the whole, or any part, of the land or property.	14 15
	(2)	An injunction remains in force for the period specified in the injunction, unless it is sooner discharged.	16 17
112E	Gran	ting of injunctions in cases of urgency	18
	(1)	in which the Court might otherwise grant an injunction, grant an injunction to have effect for a period of not more than 2 months (including the day on which the injunction is made) without notice of the application having been served	19 20 21 22 23 24
	(2)	injunction granted under this section, and may not grant a further injunction under this section, but application for a further injunction may be made under section 112D, either during or after the period of the injunction granted under	25 26 27 28 29
112F	Orde	rs protecting adjacent petroleum titles	30
	(1)	The holder of a petroleum title over land which is adjacent to:	31
		(a) land that is the subject of an injunction, or	32
		(b) land on which is located property that is the subject of an injunction, may apply to the Land and Environment Court for an order permitting the land or property under injunction to be worked so as to prevent or minimise damage to or depreciation of the land over which the petroleum title is held.	33 34 35 36
	(2)	The Land and Environment Court:	37
		(a) may order, on such terms as the Court thinks fit, such working of that land or property as in the Court's opinion will be sufficient to prevent that damage or depreciation, and	38 39 40
		``	41 42
	(3)	satisfaction of the Land and Environment Court that the petroleum title	43 44 45

112G	Court may order payment of money or delivery of petroleum					
	(1)	If any money or petroleum is claimed in the Land and Environment Court, the Court may order the payment of such money or the delivery of such petroleum as it may find to be due or deliverable by one party to another, where possible.	2 3 4			
	(2)	If such a claim arises out of a petroleum mining partnership, adventure or interest, the Land and Environment Court may take accounts in respect of that partnership, adventure or interest, to the extent to which it may be necessary to ascertain what money or petroleum (if any) is so due by one party to the other, and may make such further order as it considers just.	5 6 7 8 9			
	(3)	If the Land and Environment Court orders payment of money in respect of any debt, damages, costs or otherwise, the Court may make a further order:				
		(a) that any petroleum in the possession, and being the property, of the party directed to make the payment must (to the extent in value of the payment as estimated by the Court) be delivered up to the party entitled to the payment, and	12 13 14 15			
		(b) that the petroleum to that extent be seized and delivered accordingly.	16			
	(4)	If such a further order is made, the order for payment of money may only be enforced in respect of any balance remaining due after deducting the value of the petroleum so delivered to the party entitled to payment.	17 18 19			
Par	t 12	A Administration	20			
113A	Excl	usion of personal liability	21			
		An act or omission of:	22			
		(a) the Minister or the Secretary, or	23			
		(b) a member of staff of the Department, or	24			
		(c) a body constituted under this Act, a member of any such body or a member of staff of any such body, or	25 26			
		(d) an authorised person within the meaning of section 78D, or	27			
		(e) a person acting under the direction of a person or body referred to in paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d), does not subject the Minister, the Secretary, or any such member of staff or any person so acting, personally to any action, liability, claim or	28 29 30 31			
		demand if the act or omission was done or omitted in good faith and for the purpose of executing this Act.	32 33			
113B	Dele	gation of functions by Minister or Secretary	34			
	(1)	The Minister may delegate any of the following functions (except this power of delegation) of the Minister to any person:	35 36			
		(a) any function under this Act,	37			
		(b) any function under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i> 1979.	38 39			
	(2)	The Secretary may delegate any function under this Act (except this power of delegation or any function delegated to the Secretary by the Minister) to any person.	40 41 42			
	(3)	A reference in this section to a function under this Act includes a reference to a function under the regulations and a function under a condition of a petroleum title.	43 44 45			

113C	Minister or officer not to be interested in petroleum title				
	(1)	of thi	rson must not, while holding office in an official capacity for the purposes is Act and while exercising functions in that capacity, hold either directly directly a beneficial interest in a petroleum title.	2 3 4	
		Maxi	imum penalty: 200 penalty units.	5	
	(2)		following are persons who hold office in an <i>official capacity</i> for the oses of this Act:	6 7	
		(a)	the Minister,	8	
		(b)	an inspector,	9	
		(c)	a Public Service employee, who exercises functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> ,	10 11	
		(d)	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> .	12 13	
Par	t 13	Rel	ease of information	14	
Division 1		1	Preliminary	15	
113D	Defir	nitions	;	16	
	(1)		is Part, a reference to a <i>core</i> , <i>cutting</i> or <i>sample</i> includes a reference to a on of a core, cutting or sample.	17 18	
	(2)	For t	he purposes of this Part:	19	
		(a)	cores and cuttings, and well data logs, sample descriptions and other documents, relating to the drilling of a well, are taken to have been furnished to the Minister not later than one month after the drilling of the well was, in the opinion of the Minister, substantially completed, and	20 21 22 23 24	
		(b)	geophysical or geochemical data relating to geophysical or geochemical surveys are taken to have been furnished to the Minister not later than one year after the geophysical or geochemical field work was, in the opinion of the Minister, substantially completed.	25 26 27 28	
	(3)	reference is ob-	Gerence to information furnished to the Minister under this Act includes a sence to a return or other information relating to royalty under this Act that tained by the Minister, or a delegate of the Minister, from a tax officer in the meaning of the <i>Taxation Administration Act 1996</i> ).	29 30 31 32	
Divi	ision	2	Release of certain data, samples and work programs	33	
113E	Relea	ase of	certain data	34	
			Minister may, at any time later than 2 years after being furnished with the mation:	35 36	
		(a)	make publicly known, or	37	
		(b)	on request by a person and, if the Minister so requires, on payment of the fee prescribed by the regulations, make available to that person, progression that has been furnished to the Minister under this Act, being	38 39	
		infor inclu opini	nformation that has been furnished to the Minister under this Act, being mation that relates to the subsoil, or to petroleum, in a block, but not ding any matter contained in a report, return or document that, in the on of the Minister, is a conclusion drawn in whole or in part from, or an on based in whole or in part on, any such information	40 41 42 43	

113F	Release of samples					
	(1)	The l	Minister may, at any time later than 2 years after being furnished with :	2		
		(a)	make publicly known any particulars of, or	4		
			on request by a person and, if the Minister so requires, on payment of the fee prescribed by the regulations, permit that person to inspect, cores or cuttings from, or samples of, the subsoil in a block, or samples of deum recovered in a block, that have been furnished to the Minister under Act.	5 6 7 8 9		
	(2)	of th	pt as provided by subsection (1), or for the purposes of the administration is Act and the regulations, the Minister must not permit any person to ect any core, cutting or sample furnished to the Minister under this Act.	10 11 12		
113G	Rele	ase of	summaries of work programs	13		
		The I	Minister may, at any time:	14		
		(a)	make publicly known, or	15		
		this A	on request by a person and, if the Minister so requires, on payment of the fee prescribed by the regulations, make available to that person, nmary of any work program that has been furnished to the Minister under Act, including a work program that has been varied during the life of a bleum title.	16 17 18 19 20		
Division 3			Release of assessments, subject to objections	21		
113H	Rele	ase of	assessments			
			Minister may, at any time later than 5 years after being furnished with the mation:	23 24		
		(a)	make publicly known, or	25		
		infor the o	on request by a person and, if the Minister so requires, on payment of the fee prescribed by the regulations, make available to that person, nformation that has been furnished to the Minister under this Act, being mation that relates to the subsoil, or to petroleum, in a block, and that, in pinion of the Minister, is a conclusion drawn in whole or in part from, or binion based in whole or in part on, any such information.	26 27 28 29 30 31		
113I	Invit	ation o	of objections to release of assessments	32		
	(1)	section	re the Minister makes available or publicly known any information under on 113H, the Minister must, if it is practicable to do so, serve a notice on interested person:	33 34 35		
		(a)	stating that the Minister proposes to make the information available or publicly known, and	36 37		
		(b)	inviting persons having a right to make an objection to give to the Minister, by such day as is specified in the notice (being a day not earlier than 45 days after the publication of the notice), a notice objecting to the whole or any part of the information being made available or publicly known, and	38 39 40 41 42		
		(c)	stating that, if a person does not make an objection in accordance with the invitation, the person will be taken to have consented to the information being made available or publicly known.	43 44 45		

	(2)	In this section:	1		
		interested person means any of the following:	2		
		(a) the person who furnished the document containing the information,	3		
		(b) any transferee of a petroleum title transferred by the person who furnished the document containing the information,	4 5		
		(c) any other person whose lawful business, commercial or financial affairs could reasonably be expected to be adversely affected by the disclosure.	6 7		
113J	Obje	ections	8		
	(1)	A person has no right to make an objection to information being made available or publicly known under section 113H except on the grounds that to do so would disclose a trade secret or would disclose other information the disclosure of which would, or could reasonably be expected to, adversely affect the person in respect of his or her lawful business, commercial or financial affairs.	9 10 11 12 13 14		
	(2)	A notice of objection must set out the reasons for making the objection.	15		
113K	Con	sideration of objections	16		
	(1)	The Minister must consider any objection received and must determine it by allowing the objection wholly or in part or by rejecting it.	17 18		
	(2)	The Minister is to notify the objector in writing of the decision.	19		
	(3)	The Minister cannot make available or make publicly known any information under section 113H while an objection is undetermined.	20 21		
Div	ision	4 Use and disclosure of information	22		
113L	Documents or information provided under conditions requiring reporting				
	(1)	Any document or information provided under a condition of a petroleum title referred to in clause 6 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B may be taken into consideration by the Secretary or the Minister and used for the purposes of this Act, including for the purposes of the prosecution of offences under this Act or the regulations.	24 25 26 27 28		
	(2)	The Secretary is authorised, despite any other Act or law, to provide a relevant agency with any such document or information.	29 30		
	(3)	Any such document or information is required to be provided by the holder of a petroleum title, whether or not the document or information might incriminate the holder.	31 32 33		
	(4)	However, information provided by a natural person in compliance with a condition of a petroleum title referred to in clause 6 (2) (g) of Schedule 1B is not admissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings (other than proceedings for an offence for providing false and misleading information) if the person, when providing the information, objected to the provision of the information on the grounds that it might incriminate him or her.	34 35 36 37 38 39 40		

	(5)		is section:  eant agency means:	1 2
		(a)	the Department, or	3
		(b)	a public authority engaged in administering or executing the environment protection legislation, the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> or such other legislation, if any, as may be prescribed by the regulations.	4 5 6 7
113M	Disc	losure	of information	8
	(1)		erson must not disclose any information obtained in connection with the inistration or execution of this Act, unless the disclosure is made:	9 10
		(a)	with the consent of the person from whom the information was obtained, or	11 12
		(b)	in accordance with Division 2 or 3, or	13
		(c)	in connection with the administration or execution of this Act, or	14
		(d)	for the purposes of any legal proceedings arising out of this Act or of any report of any such proceedings, or	15 16
		(e)	with the concurrence of the Minister, or	17
		(f)	in accordance with a requirement imposed under the Government Information (Public Access) Act 2009, or	18 19
		(g)	by an inspector or a member of staff of the Department who exercises functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> to an officer or authority engaged in administering or executing the environment protection legislation, the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , work health and safety legislation (within the meaning of the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> ) or any other legislation prescribed by the regulations, or	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
		(h)	in accordance with the regulations.	27
		Maxi	imum penalty: 100 penalty units.	28
	(2)	admi infor or a	ference in this section to information obtained in connection with the inistration or execution of this Act includes a reference to a return or other mation relating to royalty under this Act that is obtained by the Minister, delegate of the Minister, from a tax officer (within the meaning of the atton Administration Act 1996).	29 30 31 32 33
113N	Excl	nange	of information	34
	(1)	arrai	regulator may enter into an arrangement (an information sharing ngement) with a relevant agency for the purposes of sharing or anging any information that is held by the regulator or the agency.	35 36 37
	(2)		information to which an information sharing arrangement may relate is ed to information that assists the regulator or relevant agency:	38 39
		(a)	to determine applications made under the resources legislation or legislation made under the corresponding law of another jurisdiction, or	40 41
		(b)	to determine whether to cancel, revoke, suspend or vary a petroleum title, activity approval or other approval, or an exemption or declaration, that is granted, made or given under that legislation, or	42 43 44
		(c)	to facilitate the carrying out of inspections, probity checks or other enforcement action under that legislation.	45 46

	(3)		er an information sharing arrangement, the regulator and the relevant cy are, despite any other Act or law of the State, authorised:	1 2
		(a)	to request and receive information that is held by the other party to the arrangement, and	3 4
		(b)	to disclose that information to the other party.	5
	(4)	In thi	is section:	6
		regu	lator means the Minister or the Secretary.	7
		relev	ant agency means any of the following:	8
		(a)	a government agency or holder of a statutory office with any functions similar to or related to those imposed on the regulator by or under the resources legislation,	9 10 1
		(b)	any government agency of the Commonwealth or another State or Territory with functions similar to or related to those imposed on the regulator under any of the resources legislation,	12 13 14
		(c)	any other person or body, or person or body of a class, prescribed by the regulations.	15 16
Pa	rt 13/		fences, enforcement and undertakings about atraventions	17 18
Division 1		1	Offences	19
125B	Obst	ructio	n	20
			rson must not, without reasonable excuse, obstruct, hinder or resist any of ollowing persons in the exercise of a function under this Act:	2° 22
		(a)	an inspector,	23
		(b)	an authorised person within the meaning of section 78D,	24
		(b)	a member of staff of the Department, or Public Service employee, who	25
			exercises functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> ,	26
		(c)	exercises functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> , any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> .	26 27 28
		. ,	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under	27
		. ,	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> . imum penalty: in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or	27 28
		Maxi	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> . imum penalty:	25 28 29
125C	Obst	Maxi (a) (b)	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> . imum penalty: in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or	25 28 29 30
125C	Obst	Maxi (a) (b) ructio	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> . Imum penalty: in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or in the case of an individual—2,000 penalty units.	25 28 29 30 31
125C	Obst	Maxi (a) (b) ructio A per a pet do.	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> . imum penalty: in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or in the case of an individual—2,000 penalty units.  In of holder of petroleum title  It is not the case of an individual and it is not the case of an individual and it is not to the holder of petroleum title and it is not the holder of the holder o	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34
125C 125D		Maxi (a) (b)  ructio  A per a per do.  Maxi	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> . Imum penalty:  in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or in the case of an individual—2,000 penalty units.  In of holder of petroleum title rson must not, without reasonable excuse, obstruct or hinder the holder of roleum title from doing any act that the holder is authorised by this Act to	25 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
		Maxi (a) (b) ructio A per a pet do. Maxi iding t	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> . Imum penalty: in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or in the case of an individual—2,000 penalty units.  In of holder of petroleum title  It is not the case of an individual excuse, obstruct or hinder the holder of roleum title from doing any act that the holder is authorised by this Act to imum penalty: 100 penalty units.	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
		Maxi (a) (b) ructio A per a pet do. Maxi iding t	any other person who exercises any judicial or official functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> . Imum penalty: in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or in the case of an individual—2,000 penalty units.  In of holder of petroleum title  It is not must not, without reasonable excuse, obstruct or hinder the holder of roleum title from doing any act that the holder is authorised by this Act to imum penalty: 100 penalty units.  If alse or misleading information  It is not provide any information, record or return in purported	27 28 30 31 32 33 34 36 36 37 38

		(b)	being reckless as to whether the information, record or return is false or misleading in a material particular.	1 2
		Maxi	imum penalty:	3
		(a)	in the case of a corporation—1,000 penalty units, or	4
		(b)	in the case of a natural person—500 penalty units.	5
125E	Con	traven	tion of condition of petroleum title—offence by holder	6
	(1)	the p	condition of a petroleum title is contravened by any person, each holder of petroleum title is guilty of an offence.	7 8
			imum penalty:	9
		(a)	in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or	10
		(b)	in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units.	11
		liabilit	An offence against subsection (1) committed by a corporation is an executive ty offence attracting executive liability for a director or other person involved in the agement of the corporation—see section 125H.	12 13 14
	(2)		nposing a penalty under this section, the court is to take into consideration following (so far as they are relevant):	15 16
		(a)	the extent of the harm caused or likely to be caused to the environment by the commission of the offence,	17 18
		(b)	the practical measures that may be taken to prevent, control, abate or mitigate that harm,	19 20
		(c)	the extent to which the person who committed the offence could reasonably have foreseen the harm caused or likely to be caused to the environment by the commission of the offence,	21 22 23
		(d)	the extent to which the person who committed the offence had control over the causes that gave rise to the offence,	24 25
		(e)	any other matters the court considers relevant.	26
125F	Defe	nces		27
	(1)	It is a agair	a defence to a prosecution of the holder of a petroleum title for an offence est section 125E if the holder establishes that:	28 29
		(a)	the contravention of the condition was by, or caused by, another person, and	30 31
		(b)	the other person was not associated with the holder at the time the condition was contravened, and	32 33
		(c)	the holder took all reasonable steps to prevent the contravention of the condition.	34 35
	(2)	(but	erson is associated with the holder for the purposes of subsection (1) (b) without limiting any other circumstances of association) if the person is imployee, agent, licensee, contractor or subcontractor of the holder.	36 37 38
	(3)	defer	a defence to a prosecution for an offence against section 125E if the indant satisfies the court that the act or omission constituting the ravention was reasonably necessary in order for the defendant to comply	39 40 41 42
		(a)	an order or direction (of which the Secretary was given notice before the acts or omissions occurred) issued under the mine safety legislation, the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> or the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> , or	43 44 45 46

		(b)	a cor	ndition of a petroleum title, or	1	
		(c)	a dire	ection under this Act.	2	
	(4)	In this section:				
				w legislation means the Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and any ation that is prescribed by the regulations.	4 5	
125G	Aidiı	ng and	abett	ing commission of offence	6	
		A pe	rson w	rho:	7	
		(a)		es or permits the commission of an offence against this Act or the lations, or	8 9	
		(b)		abets, counsels or procures another person to commit an offence ast this Act or the regulations, or	10 11	
		(c)	atten	npts to commit an offence against this Act or the regulations, or	12	
			ilty of	pires to commit an offence against this Act or the regulations, that offence and liable to the penalty prescribed by this Act or the in relation to that offence.	13 14 15	
125H		ility of utive l		tors etc for offences by corporation—offences attracting	16 17	
	(1)			sposes of this section, an <i>executive liability offence</i> is an offence tion 7, 78A or 125E that is committed by a corporation.	18 19	
	(2)	A pe	rson co	ommits an offence against this section if:	20	
		(a)	a cor	poration commits an executive liability offence, and	21	
		(b)	the p	erson is:	22	
			(i)	a director of the corporation, or	23	
			(ii)	an individual who is involved in the management of the corporation and who is in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the executive liability offence, and	24 25 26 27	
		(c)	the p	erson:	28	
			(i)	knows or ought reasonably to know that the executive liability offence (or an offence of the same type) would be or is being committed, and	29 30 31	
			(ii)	fails to take all reasonable steps to prevent or stop the commission of that offence.	32 33	
				penalty: The maximum penalty for the executive liability offence if by an individual.	34 35	
	(3)			ution bears the legal burden of proving the elements of the offence section.	36 37	
	(4)	The offence against this section can only be prosecuted by a person who can bring a prosecution for the executive liability offence.				
	(5)	liabil	ity off	n does not affect the liability of the corporation for the executive ence, and applies whether or not the corporation is prosecuted for, d of, the executive liability offence.	40 41 42	
	(6)	crimi	inal lia	n does not affect the application of any other law relating to the bility of any persons (whether or not directors or other managers of ation), who are accessories to the commission of the executive	43 44	

		liability offence or are otherwise concerned in, or party to, the commission the executive liability offence.					
	(7)	In this section:					
	( )	director has the same meaning it has in the Corporations Act 2001 Commonwealth.					
		offer	nce, incl	<i>steps</i> , in relation to the commission of an executive liability ludes, but is not limited to, such action (if any) of the following easonable in all the circumstances:	6 7 8		
		(a)	action	n towards:	9		
		,	(i)	assessing the corporation's compliance with the provision creating the executive liability offence, and	10 11		
			(ii)	ensuring that the corporation arranged regular professional assessments of its compliance with the provision,	12 13		
		(b)	contra super provis	n towards ensuring that the corporation's employees, agents and actors are provided with information, training, instruction and vision appropriate to them to enable them to comply with the sion creating the executive liability offence so far as the provision evant to them,	14 15 16 17 18		
		(c)	action	n towards ensuring that:	19		
			(i)	the plant, equipment and other resources, and	20		
				the structures, work systems and other processes, ant to compliance with the provision creating the executive ity offence are appropriate in all the circumstances,	21 22 23		
		(d)	not d	n towards creating and maintaining a corporate culture that does lirect, encourage, tolerate or lead to non-compliance with the sion creating the executive liability offence.	24 25 26		
125I	Liability of directors etc for offences by corporation—accessory to the commission of the offences						
	(1)	For the purposes of this section, a <i>corporate offence</i> is an offence against this Act or the regulations that is capable of being committed by a corporation, whether or not it is an executive liability offence referred to in section 125H.					
	(2)	A pe	rson co	mmits an offence against this section if:	32		
		(a)	a corp	poration commits a corporate offence, and	33		
		(b)	the pe	erson is:	34		
			(i)	a director of the corporation, or	35		
			(ii)	an individual who is involved in the management of the corporation and who is in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the corporate offence, and	36 37 38 39		
		(c)	the pe	erson:	40		
			(i)	aids, abets, counsels or procures the commission of the corporate offence, or	41 42		
			(ii)	induces, whether by threats or promises or otherwise, the commission of the corporate offence, or	43 44		
			(iii)	conspires with others to effect the commission of the corporate offence, or	45 46		

		(iv)	is in any other way, whether by act or omission, knowingly concerned in, or party to, the commission of the corporate offence.	1 2 3
			n penalty: The maximum penalty for the corporate offence if d by an individual.	4 5
	(3)		ecution bears the legal burden of proving the elements of the offence is section.	6 7
	(4)		ce against this section can only be prosecuted by a person who can osecution for the corporate offence.	8 9
	(5)	offence, a	on does not affect the liability of the corporation for the corporate and applies whether or not the corporation is prosecuted for, or of, the corporate offence.	10 17 12
	(6)	criminal li	on does not affect the application of any other law relating to the iability of any persons (whether or not directors or other managers of ration) who are concerned in, or party to, the commission of the offence.	13 14 15 16
125J	Cont	inuing offe	ences	17
	(1)		nce against a provision of this Act is committed by a person by reason nuing act or omission:	18 19
		offe	person is liable, in addition to the penalty otherwise applicable to the ence, to a penalty for each day during which the act or omission atinues of the amount specified for that offence, and	20 21 22
		offe and offe	he act or omission continues after the person is convicted of the ence, the person is guilty of a further offence against that provision I liable, in addition to the penalty otherwise applicable to the further ence, to a penalty for each day during which the act or omission atinues after that conviction of the amount specified for that offence.	23 24 25 26 27
	(2)	done desp	ation to do something is to be regarded as continuing until the act is bite the fact that a period within which, or time before which, the act d to be done has expired or passed.	28 29 30
	(3)		ion is to be regarded as continuing for as long as the thing required e remains undone after the end of the period for compliance with the ent.	3 <sup>2</sup> 32 33
	(4)		this section does not apply to an offence if the relevant provision of or the regulations does not provide for a penalty for a continuing	34 38 36
Divi	sion	2 Pro	oceedings for offences	3
125L	Proc	eedings fo	r offences	38
	(1)		ngs for an offence against this Act or the regulations are, except as by this section, to be dealt with summarily by:	39 40
		` /	Land and Environment Court, or	4
		(b) the	Local Court.	42

	(2)	If proceedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations are brought in the Local Court:	1 2
		(a) the maximum period of imprisonment that the Court may impose is 12 months, and	3 4
		(b) the maximum monetary penalty that the Court may impose is 2,000 penalty units.	5 6
	(3)	Proceedings against an individual for an offence of mining in contravention of section 7 or 91 may be taken on indictment.	7 8
125M	Time	within which summary proceedings may be commenced	9
	(1)	Proceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations may be commenced:	10 11
		(a) in the case of an offence under section 7, 78A, 83F, 91, 104O, 125B or 125E—within but not later than 3 years after the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed, or	12 13 14
		(b) in any other case—within but not later than 12 months after that date.	15
	(2)	Proceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations may also be commenced:	16 17
		(a) in the case of an offence under section 7, 78A, 83F, 91, 104O, 125B or 125E—within but not later than 3 years after the date on which evidence of the alleged offence first came to the attention of an inspector, or	18 19 20 21
		(b) in any other case—within but not later than 12 months after that date.	22
	(3)	If subsection (2) is relied on for the purpose of commencing proceedings for an offence, the court attendance notice or application must contain particulars of the date on which evidence of the offence first came to the attention of an inspector and need not contain particulars of the date on which the offence was committed.	23 24 25 26 27
	(4)	The date on which evidence first came to the attention of an inspector is the date specified in the court attendance notice or application, unless the contrary is established.	28 29 30
	(5)	This section applies only to proceedings that are to be dealt with summarily.	31
	(6)	This section applies despite anything in the <i>Criminal Procedure Act 1986</i> or any other Act.	32 33
	(7)	In this section:	34
		<i>evidence</i> of an offence means evidence of any act or omission constituting the offence.	35 36
125N	Pena	alty notices for offences	37
	(1)	An authorised officer may serve a penalty notice on a person if it appears to the officer that the person has committed an offence against this Act or the regulations, being an offence prescribed by the regulations as a penalty notice offence.	38 39 40 41
	(2)	A penalty notice is a notice to the effect that, if the person served does not wish to have the matter determined by a court, the person can pay, within the time and to the person specified in the notice, the amount of the penalty prescribed by the regulations for the offence if dealt with under this section.	42 43 44 45

	(3)	A penalty notice under this section is declared to be a penalty notice for the purposes of the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> .	1 2
	(4)	A penalty notice may be served personally or by post.	3
	(5)	If the amount of penalty prescribed for an alleged offence is paid under this section, no person is liable to any further proceedings for the alleged offence.	4 5
	(6)	Payment under this section is not to be regarded as an admission of liability for the purpose of, and does not in any way affect or prejudice, any civil claim, action or proceeding arising out of the same occurrence.	6 7 8
	(7)	The regulations may:	9
		(a) prescribe an offence for the purposes of this section by specifying the offence or by referring to the provision creating the offence, and	10 11
		(b) prescribe the amount of penalty payable for the offence if dealt with under this section, and	12 13
		(c) prescribe different amounts of penalties for different offences or classes of offences.	14 15
	(8)	The amount of a penalty prescribed under this section for an offence is not to exceed the maximum amount of penalty that could be imposed for the offence by a court.	16 17 18
	(9)	This section does not limit the operation of any other provision of, or made under, this or any other Act relating to proceedings that may be taken in respect of offences.	19 20 21
	(10)	In this section, <i>authorised officer</i> means a member of staff of the Department who exercises functions under this Act or the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> authorised in writing by the Department as an authorised officer for the purposes of this	22 23 24
		section.	
Div	ision	section.	25
<b>Div</b> i		section.	25
		3 Restraining orders	25 26
	App	3 Restraining orders lication of Division	25 26 27
	App	3 Restraining orders lication of Division  This Division applies where:  (a) proceedings have been commenced against a person for an offence against this Act or the regulations and, as a result of those proceedings, the person may be required to pay an amount referred to in	25 26 27 28 29 30 31
	App	3 Restraining orders  lication of Division  This Division applies where:  (a) proceedings have been commenced against a person for an offence against this Act or the regulations and, as a result of those proceedings, the person may be required to pay an amount referred to in section 125ZD, or  (b) proceedings have been commenced against a person under	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
	<b>App</b> (1)	Restraining orders lication of Division  This Division applies where:  (a) proceedings have been commenced against a person for an offence against this Act or the regulations and, as a result of those proceedings, the person may be required to pay an amount referred to in section 125ZD, or  (b) proceedings have been commenced against a person under section 125ZD.	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34
	<b>Appl</b> (1)	3 Restraining orders  lication of Division  This Division applies where:  (a) proceedings have been commenced against a person for an offence against this Act or the regulations and, as a result of those proceedings, the person may be required to pay an amount referred to in section 125ZD, or  (b) proceedings have been commenced against a person under section 125ZD.  In this Division:	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34
1250	<b>Appl</b> (1)	Restraining orders  lication of Division  This Division applies where:  (a) proceedings have been commenced against a person for an offence against this Act or the regulations and, as a result of those proceedings, the person may be required to pay an amount referred to in section 125ZD, or  (b) proceedings have been commenced against a person under section 125ZD.  In this Division:  the defendant means the person referred to in subsection (1) (a) or (b).	25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
1250	(2) Natu	Restraining orders lication of Division  This Division applies where:  (a) proceedings have been commenced against a person for an offence against this Act or the regulations and, as a result of those proceedings, the person may be required to pay an amount referred to in section 125ZD, or  (b) proceedings have been commenced against a person under section 125ZD.  In this Division:  the defendant means the person referred to in subsection (1) (a) or (b).  The of restraining order  A restraining order is an order of a court directing that any property of the defendant is not to be disposed of, or otherwise dealt with, by the defendant or by any other person, except in such manner and in such circumstances (if any)	25 26 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40

	(2)	An application under this section may be made to the Land and Environment Court.	1 2
	(3)	On an application under this section:	3
		(a) the court may, if it thinks fit, require the person making the application to give notice of the application to a person who the court has reason to believe has an interest in the property or part of the property, and	4 5 6
		(b) a person to whom the court requires notice be given under paragraph (a) is entitled to appear and to adduce evidence at the hearing of the application.	7 8 9
125R	Maki	ing of restraining order	10
		On an application under section 125Q, the court may make a restraining order in relation to the defendant's property if it is satisfied (on the information contained in or accompanying the application) that:	11 12 13
		(a) the defendant has committed the relevant offence, and	14
		(b) amounts are or are likely to be payable under section 125ZD or 125ZE, and	15 16
		(c) it is appropriate to make an order under this section in the circumstances of the case.	17 18
125S	Und	ertakings	19
		The court may refuse to make a restraining order if the person making the application refuses or fails to give to the court such undertakings as the court considers appropriate with respect to the payment of damages or costs, or both, in relation to the making or operation of the order.	20 21 22 23
125T	Anci	illary orders	24
	(1)	A court that makes a restraining order may make any ancillary orders that the court considers appropriate.	25 26
	(2)	Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), ancillary orders may include any one or more of the following:	27 28
		(a) an order for the examination on oath of:	29
		(i) the defendant, or	30
		(ii) another person, before the court, or an officer of the court prescribed by rules of court, concerning the affairs of the defendant, including the nature and location of any property of the defendant,	31 32 33 34
		(b) an order varying the restraining order in respect of the property to which it relates,	35 36
		(c) an order varying any conditions to which the restraining order was subject.	37 38
	(3)	An ancillary order may be made on application:	39
		(a) by the applicant for the restraining order, or	40
		(b) by the defendant, or	41
		(c) with the leave of the court, by any other person.	42
	(4)	Ancillary orders may be made when or at any time after the restraining order is made. An ancillary order referred to in subsection (2) (a) may be made in advance of the restraining order	43

125U	Chai	ge on property subject to restraining orders	1
	(1)	If:	2
			3
			5 6
		there is created by force of this section, on the making of the order referred to in paragraph (b), a charge on all the property to which the restraining order applies to secure the payment to a public authority or person (which extends, for the purposes of this Division, to the Crown) of the amount referred to in	7 8 9 10
	(2)	Such a charge ceases to have effect in respect of the property:	12
			13 14
			15 16
		the time of the sale, has no notice of the charge,	17 18 19
	(3)	was subject immediately before the order referred to in subsection (1) (b) was made and, in the case of land under the provisions of the <i>Real Property Act</i> 1900, is subject to every mortgage, lease or other interest recorded in the	20 21 22 23 24
	(4)		25 26
	(5)	If:	27
		provisions of any law of the State provide for the registration of title to,	28 29 30
		a person who purchases or otherwise acquires the property after the registration of the charge is, for the purposes of subsection (2), taken to have	31 32 33 34
	(6)	1000 (1 1 1 1 00 ) (11) (11) (11)	35 36
125V	Regi	stration of restraining orders	37
	(1)	of any law of the State provide for the registration of title to, or charges over, property of that kind, the authority responsible for administering the provisions is required, on application by any person, to record the particulars	38 39 40 41 42
	(2)	afterwards deals with the property is, for the purposes of section 125U (2), taken to have notice of the charge created by this Act on the making of the	43 44 45 46
	(3)		47 48

125W	Poor	overy of costs of registering charge on land	
12300	(1)	A person or public authority who registers a charge on land to which a restraining order applies under section 125U may, by written notice, require the defendant to pay all or any of the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the person or authority in respect of the lodgment and registration of the charge (including the costs of discharging the charge).	1 2 3 4 5 6
	(2)	The person or public authority may recover from the defendant any unpaid amounts specified in the notice as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.	7 8
125X	Reco	overy of costs of lodging caveat	9
	(1)	A person or public authority who lodges a caveat in respect of land to which a restraining order applies under section 125V may, by written notice, require the defendant to pay all or any of the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the person or authority in respect of the lodgment and registration of the caveat (including the costs of withdrawal of the caveat).	10 11 12 13 14
	(2)	The person or public authority may recover from the defendant any unpaid amounts specified in the notice as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.	15 16
125Y	Con	travention of restraining orders	17
	(1)	A person who knowingly contravenes a restraining order by disposing of, or otherwise dealing with, property that is subject to the order is guilty of an offence.  Movimum penalty: A fine equivalent to the value of the property (equivalent).	18 19 20
		Maximum penalty: A fine equivalent to the value of the property (as determined by the court) or imprisonment for 12 months, or both.	21 22
	(2)	If:	23
		(a) a restraining order is made against property, and	24
		(b) the property is disposed of, or otherwise dealt with, in contravention of the restraining order, and	25 26
		(c) the disposition or dealing was either not for sufficient consideration or	27
		not in favour of a person who acted in good faith, the person who applied for the restraining order may apply to the court that made the restraining order for an order that the disposition or dealing with the property be set aside.	28 29 30 31
	(3)	If an application is made under subsection (2), the court may make an order:	32
		(a) setting aside the disposition or dealing as from the day on which the disposition or dealing took place or as from the day of the order under this subsection, and	33 34 35
		(b) (if appropriate) declaring the respective rights of any persons who acquired interests in the property on or after the day on which the disposition or dealing took place and before the day of the order.	36 37 38
125Z	Cou	rt may revoke restraining order	39
	(1)	The court that made a restraining order may revoke the order, on application made to it by the person in relation to whose property it was made.	40 41

	(2)	The o	court may refuse to revoke the order if the person does not:	1
		(a)	give security satisfactory to the court for the payment of any amount referred to in section 125ZD or 125ZE that may be imposed on or ordered to be paid by the person under this Act in respect of the person's conviction for the offence, or	2 3 4 5
		(b)	give undertakings satisfactory to the court concerning the person's property.	6 7
	(3)		ection (2) does not limit the discretion of the court to revoke or refuse to ke a restraining order.	8 9
125ZA	Time	when	restraining order ceases to be in force	10
			ter a restraining order was made in reliance on the charging of a person an offence against this Act or the regulations:	11 12
		(a)	the charge is withdrawn and the person is not charged with a related offence by the time of the withdrawal—the restraining order ceases to be in force when the charge is withdrawn, or	13 14 15
		(b)	the person is acquitted of the charge and the person is not charged with a related offence by the time of the acquittal—the restraining order ceases to be in force when the acquittal occurs.	16 17 18
Divi	sion 4	4	Court orders in connection with offences	19
125ZB	Oper	ation	of Division	20
	(1)		Division applies where a court finds an offence against this Act or the ations proved.	21 22
	(2)	With prove	out limiting the generality of subsection (1), a court finds an offence ed if:	23 24
		(a)	the court convicts the offender of the offence, or	25
		(b)	the court makes an order under section 10 of the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> against the offender in relation to the offence (in which case the order is not a punishment for the purposes of that section).	26 27 28 29
	(3)	In thi	is Division:	30
			<i>ourt</i> means the court that finds the offence proved.	31
		the o	<i>ffender</i> means the person who is found to have committed the offence.	32
125ZC	Orde	rs ger	nerally	33
	(1)	One	or more orders may be made under this Division against the offender.	34
	(2)		rs may be made under this Division in addition to any penalty that may posed or any other action that may be taken in relation to the offence.	35 36
	(3)		rs may be made under this Division regardless of whether any penalty is sed, or other action taken, in relation to the offence.	37 38
125ZD	Orde	rs for	costs, expenses and compensation at time offence proved	39
	(1)	The o	court may, if it appears to the court that:	40
		(a)	the Crown or a public authority has incurred costs and expenses in connection with:	41 42

		(i) the prevention, control, abatement or mitigation of any harm to the environment caused by the commission of the offence, or	1 2
		(ii) making good any resulting environmental damage, or	3
		(b) the Crown or another person or a public authority has, because of the commission of the offence, suffered loss of or damage to property or has incurred costs and expenses in preventing or mitigating, or in attempting to prevent or mitigate, any such loss or damage, order the offender to pay to the Crown, public authority or person the costs and expenses so incurred, or compensation for the loss or damage so suffered, as the case may be, in such amount as is fixed by the order.	4 5 6 7 8 9
	(2)	However, a court is not to make an order for payment to a person under subsection (1) to the extent that the payment would represent the value of petroleum owned by that person that the offender had obtained by fossicking, prospecting operations or mining operations carried out with the consent of that person and in connection with the offence.	11 12 13 14 15
	(3)	An order made by the Local Court under subsection (1) is enforceable as if it were an order made by the court when exercising jurisdiction under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	16 17 18
	(4)	An order made by the Land and Environment Court under subsection (1) is enforceable as if it were an order made by the Court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	19 20 21
	(5)	The Local Court is not to make an order under subsection (1) for the payment of an amount that exceeds the amount for which an order may be made by the court when exercising jurisdiction under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	22 23 24
125ZE	Reco	overy of costs, expenses and compensation after offence proved	25
	(1)	If, after the court finds the offence proved:	26
		(a) the Crown or a public authority has incurred costs and expenses in connection with:	27 28
		(i) the prevention, control, abatement or mitigation of any harm to the environment caused by the commission of the offence, or	29 30
		(ii) making good any resulting environmental damage, or	31
		(b) a person (including the Crown and a public authority) has, because of the commission of the offence, suffered loss of or damage to property or has incurred costs and expenses in preventing or mitigating, or in attempting to prevent or mitigate, any such loss or damage, the Crown, public authority or person may recover from the offender the costs and expenses incurred or the amount of the loss or damage in the Land and Environment Court.	32 33 34 35 36 37 38
	(2)	The amount of any such costs and expenses (but not the amount of any such loss or damage) may be recovered as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.	39 40 41
	(3)	However, a person may not recover an amount that would represent the value of petroleum owned by that person that the offender had obtained by fossicking, prospecting operations or mining operations carried out with the consent of that person and in connection with the offence.	42 43 44 45
125 <b>Z</b> F	Orde	ers regarding costs and expenses of investigation	46
	(1)	The court may, if it appears to the court that the Crown or a public authority has reasonably incurred costs and expenses during the investigation of the	47 48

		offence, order the offender to pay to the Crown or the authority the costs and expenses so incurred in such amount as is fixed by the order.	1
	(2)	An order made by the Land and Environment Court under subsection (1) is enforceable as if it were an order made by the Court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	3 4 5
	(3)	An order made by the Local Court under subsection (1) is enforceable as if it were an order made by the court when exercising jurisdiction under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	6 7 8
	(4)	In this section:	9
		1 2	10 11
			12 13
			14 15
125ZG	Orde	ers regarding other monetary benefits	16
	(1)	committing the offence, an amount that the court is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, represents the amount of any monetary benefits acquired by the offender, or accrued or accruing to the offender, as a result of the commission	17 18 19 20
	(2)	exclude any monetary benefits acquired in connection with the fossicking or	22 23 24
	(3)		25 26
	(4)	In this section:	27
			28 29
125ZH	Addi	tional orders	30
	(1)	The court may do any one or more of the following:	31
		(including the circumstances of the offence) and its consequences and	32 33 34
		classes of persons of the offence (including the circumstances of the offence) and its consequences and of any orders made against the person (including, for example, the publication in an annual report or any other notice to shareholders of a company or the notification of	36 37 38 38
			41 42
		cc 1	43 44
		contractor or contractors of the offender to attend, a training or other	45 46 47

125ZI

		(f)	order the offender to establish, for employees or contractors of the offender, a training course of a kind specified by the court,	1
		(g)	order the offender to pay any royalty that is due and payable by the offender under this Act,	3
		(h)	if the Secretary is a party to proceedings, order the offender to provide to the Secretary and maintain a security deposit, in a form and amount, and on such terms (if any), specified by the court, if the court orders the offender to carry out a specified work or program for the restoration or enhancement of the environment.	5 7 8
			ever, the Local Court is not authorised to make an order referred to in graph (c), (d), (e) or (h).	1 1
	(2)	impo	court may, in an order under this section, fix a period for compliance and use any other requirements the court considers necessary or expedient for recement of the order.	1: 1: 1:
	(3)	prose	e offender contravenes an order under subsection (1) (a) or (b), the ecutor or a person authorised by the prosecutor may take action to carry he order as far as may be practicable, including action to publicise or by:	1: 1: 1: 1:
		(a)	the original contravention, its environmental and other consequences, and any other penalties imposed on the offender, and	1 2
		(b)	the contravention of the order.	2
	(4)	by tl	reasonable cost of taking action referred to in subsection (3) is recoverable the prosecutor or person taking the action, in a court of competent diction, as a debt from the offender.	2: 2: 2:
	(5)	refer	on 106I applies with respect to a security deposit provided under an order red to in subsection (1) (i) as if it were provided under a security deposit ition.	2: 2: 2:
Divi	ision	5	Court orders in connection with suspected contraventions	28 29
5ZI	Orde	r for r	ecovery of costs related to prospecting or mining without authority	30
	(1)	this s	Land and Environment Court or a Local Court may make an order under section if the court is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that a on has prospected for or mined for petroleum otherwise than in rdance with a petroleum title.	3: 3: 3:
	(2)	and e	court may order a person to pay to a government agency or person costs expenses incurred, or compensation for loss or damage suffered, as the may be, in such amount as is fixed by the order, if it appears to the court	3: 3: 3:
		(a)	a government agency has incurred costs and expenses in connection with:	39 40
			(i) the prevention, control, mitigation or management of any environmental impact caused by the prospecting or mining, or	4:
			(ii) rehabilitating land or water damaged or affected by the prospecting or mining, or	4: 4
		(b)	a person (including a government agency) has, by reason of the prospecting or mining, suffered loss of or damage to property or has incurred costs and expenses in preventing, controlling, mitigating or	4: 4: 4:

managing any such loss or damage, or attempting to do so.

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	(3)	However, the court is not to make an order for payment to a person under the section to the extent that the payment would represent the value of petroleum owned by that person that the person who carried out the suspected unlawful prospecting or mining had obtained by prospecting or mining carried out with the consent of that person and in connection with the suspected contravention.	1 2 3 4 5
	(4)	An order made by the Local Court under this section is enforceable as if it were an order made by the court when exercising jurisdiction under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	6 7 8
	(5)	An order made by the Land and Environment Court under this section is enforceable as if it were an order made by the Court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	9 10 11
	(6)	The Local Court may not make an order under this section for the payment of an amount that exceeds the jurisdictional limit of the Local Court under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	12 13 14
	(7)	The court may make an order under this section whether or not the person against whom the order is made:	15 16
		(a) has been convicted of an offence under this Act in relation to the prospecting or mining, or	17 18
		(b) has been issued with a penalty notice under this Act in relation to the prospecting or mining, and whether or not the amount of penalty prescribed for the offence has been paid under any such penalty notice, or	19 20 21 22
		(c) has had any other action taken against the person in respect of an offence under this Act in relation to the prospecting or mining.	23 24
	(8)	This section does not prevent the taking of proceedings for an offence of prospecting or mining for petroleum except in accordance with a petroleum title.	25 26 27
Divi	sion (	6 Enforceable undertakings	28
125 <b>Z</b> J	Secr	etary may accept enforceable undertakings	29
	(1)	The Secretary may accept a written undertaking (an <i>enforceable undertaking</i> ) given by a person in connection with a matter relating to a contravention or alleged contravention by the person of this Act.	30 31 32
	(2)	The giving of an enforceable undertaking does not constitute an admission of guilt by the person giving it in relation to the contravention or alleged contravention to which the undertaking relates.	33 34 35
	(3)	The Secretary must issue, and make public general guidelines for or in relation to the acceptance of enforceable undertakings under this Act.	36 37
125ZK	Notic	e of decision and reasons for decision	38
	(1)	The Secretary must give the person seeking to make an enforceable undertaking written notice of the Secretary's decision to accept or reject the enforceable undertaking and of the reasons for the decision.	39 40 41
	(2)	The Secretary must publish, and make public, notice of a decision to accept an enforceable undertaking and the reasons for that decision.	42 43

125ZL	Whe	n an enforceable undertaking is enforceable	1
		An enforceable undertaking takes effect and becomes enforceable when the Secretary's decision to accept the undertaking is given to the person who made the undertaking or at any later date specified by the Secretary.	2 3 4
125ZM	Com	pliance with enforceable undertaking	5
		A person must not contravene an enforceable undertaking made by that person that is in effect.	6 7
		Maximum penalty:	8
		<ul> <li>(a) in the case of a corporation—10,000 penalty units, or</li> <li>(b) in the case of a natural person—2,000 penalty units.</li> </ul>	9 10
125ZN	Cont	ravention of enforceable undertaking	11
	(1)	The Secretary may apply to the District Court for an order if a person contravenes an enforceable undertaking.	12 13
	(2)	If the Court is satisfied that the person who made the enforceable undertaking has contravened the undertaking, the Court, in addition to the imposition of any penalty, may make one or both of the following orders:	14 15 16
		(a) an order directing the person to comply with the undertaking,	17
		(b) an order discharging the undertaking.	18
	(3)	In addition to the orders referred to in subsection (2), the Court may make any other order that the Court considers appropriate in the circumstances, including orders directing the person to pay to the State:	19 20 21
		(a) the costs of the proceedings, and	22
		(b) the reasonable costs of the Secretary in monitoring compliance with the enforceable undertaking in the future.	23 24
		<b>Note.</b> Section 125ZP specifies circumstances affecting proceedings for a contravention for which an enforceable undertaking has been given.	25 26
125ZO	With	drawal or variation of enforceable undertaking	27
	(1)	A person who has made an enforceable undertaking may at any time, with the written agreement of the Secretary:	28 29
		(a) withdraw the undertaking, or	30
		(b) vary the undertaking.	31
	(2)	However, the provisions of the undertaking cannot be varied to provide for a different alleged contravention of the Act.	32 33
	(3)	The Secretary must publish, and make public, notice of the withdrawal or variation of an enforceable undertaking.	34 35
125ZP	Proc	eeding for alleged contravention	36
	(1)	Subject to this section, no proceedings for a contravention or alleged contravention of this Act may be brought against a person if an enforceable undertaking is in effect in relation to that contravention.	37 38 39
	(2)	No proceedings may be brought for a contravention or alleged contravention of this Act against a person who has made an enforceable undertaking in relation to that contravention and has completely discharged the enforceable undertaking.	40 41 42 43

	(3)	contr	Secretary may accept an enforceable undertaking in relation to a ravention or alleged contravention before proceedings in relation to that ravention have been finalised.	1 2 3
	(4)	finali	e Secretary accepts an enforceable undertaking before the proceedings are ised, the Secretary must take all reasonable steps to have the proceedings ontinued as soon as possible.	4 5 6
Divi	sion	7	Evidentiary provisions	7
ZQ	Certi	ficate	evidence of certain matters	8
	(1)	Secrethe n	natters specified in subsection (2) is admissible in any proceedings under	9 10 11 12
	(2)	The f	following matters are specified for the purposes of subsection (1):	13
		(a)		14 15
				16
			give the instrument, or by another person acting as delegate or on behalf of the person,	17 18 19 20
		(b)	that a person was or was not, at a specified time or during a specified period, the holder of a specified petroleum title or a petroleum title of a	21 22 23
		(c)	specified period, the subject of a specified petroleum title or a petroleum	24 25 26
		(d)		27 28
		(e)	a specified period or was cancelled or suspended subject to specified	29 30 31
		(f)	manner or that a new condition was, at a specified time, imposed on a	32 33 34
		(g)		35 36
		(h)		37 38
		(i)		39 40
		(j)	1 41 A	41 42
		(k)	'@^1 11 ^1 11 '11	43 44
		(1)		45 46

125ZQ

		(m)	that a specified legal or equitable interest (being a legal or equitable interest of a kind referred to in section 97) was or was not registered under this Act,	1 2 3
		(n)	that the Crown or a public authority has incurred costs or expenses of a specified amount under section 78D,	4 5
		(0)	that the Crown or a public authority has incurred costs or expenses of a specified amount in connection with the investigation of a specified offence under this Act,	6 7 8
		(p)	that a specified function under this Act was delegated to a specified person under section 113B during a specified period.	9 10
	(3)	subsconc	the purposes of the certification of a matter referred to in ection (2) (h), the person who appointed the inspector or royalty officer erned is taken to be an officer designated by the Secretary (as referred to bsection (1)).	11 12 13 14
	(4)	an a	e absence of information that would enable the accurate determination of mount payable, as referred to in subsection (2) (k), or the value of bleum, as referred to in subsection (2) (l), the following provisions have it:	15 16 17 18
		(a)	the amount or value certified may be an estimate of that amount or value (based on the information available to the person making the certification),	19 20 21
		(b)	the estimate is presumed to be accurate and cannot be challenged on the basis that insufficient information was available to enable the making of an accurate determination, but can be challenged by the provision of information that enables a more accurate estimate to be made,	22 23 24 25
		(c)	if the estimate is successfully challenged and as a result a more accurate estimate is substituted, no proceedings are open to challenge merely because of the less accurate estimate and proceedings may continue to be heard and be determined on the basis of the substituted estimate.	26 27 28 29
Div	ision	8	General	30
125ZR	Con	tinuin	g effect of notices and conditions	31
	(1)	the r notic	stice given, or a condition of a petroleum title imposed, under this Act or regulations that specifies a time by which, or period within which, the see or condition must be complied with continues to have effect until the see or condition is complied with even though the time has passed or the od has expired.	32 33 34 35 36
	(2)	notic	otice that does not specify a time by which, or period within which, the notice is belied with.	37 38 39
	(3)		section does not apply to the extent that any requirement under a notice condition of a petroleum title is revoked.	40 41
	(4)		ring in this section affects the powers of a regulatory authority with ect to the enforcement of a notice or a condition of a petroleum title.	42 43
[45] Sect	ions 1	26, 12	6A and 127	44
Omi	t the se	ections		45

[46]	Sect	ions 1	29A a	nd 129B	1
	Inser	t befor	e sect	ion 130:	2
	129A	Extra	aterrit	orial application	3
			thou the (incl	otice may be given under this Act to a person in respect of a matter even ghe the person is outside the State or the matter occurs or is located outside State, so long as the matter relates to the administration of this Act uding, but not limited to investigation of, or enforcement action relating ffences against this Act).	4 5 6 7 8
	129B	Waiv	er of	minor procedural matters	9
		(1)	The	Minister may waive any requirement of this Act or the regulations:	10
			(a)	as to the time within which anything is required to be done (but not the time for lodging any application for renewal of a petroleum title after the date of expiry), or	11 12 13
			(b)	as to the details to be contained in any notice to be served, lodged or caused to be published by the applicant, or	14 15
			(c)	as to the documents or particulars to accompany the application, or	16
			(d)	as to the furnishing of information by the applicant.	17
		(2)		section does not authorise the Minister to waive a requirement unless the ister is satisfied that the waiver is unlikely:	18 19
			(a)	to adversely affect any person's rights under this Act or the regulations, or	20 21
			(b)	to result in any person being deprived of information necessary for the effective exercise of those rights.	22 23
[47]	Sect	ions 1	31–13	3, 135, 136, 136A, 137 and 137A	24
	Omit	t the se	ctions	i.	25
[48]	Sect	ion 13	8 Reg	ulations	26
	Omit	t sectio	n 138	(2). Insert instead:	27
		(2)	(incl perso in fo	regulations may adopt or provide for the adoption of any document luding, for example, a code of practice or set of standards published by any on or body) and for the application of the provisions of that document, as orce for the time being, for any of the purposes of this Act or the lations.	28 29 30 31 32
[49]	Sect	ions 1	38B R	References to certain officers in petroleum titles	33
	Omit	t "secti	on 12	6" from section 138B (2). Insert instead "section 113B (1)".	34

[50]	Schedule 1B Insert in appropriate order:						
		-	le 1B		3 4		
	Par	t 1	Preli	iminary	5		
	1	App	lication	of Schedule	6		
			This S	chedule applies to and in respect of the following:	7		
				applications for, and decisions made by the Minister, in relation to the grant, renewal or transfer of a petroleum title,	8 9		
				the imposition of conditions on, or variation or suspension of conditions of, a petroleum title,	10 11		
			(c)	the variation of a petroleum title.	12		
	Par	t 2	Con	sidering applications	13		
	2		ection c	of the environment must be taken into account in considering	14 15		
		(1)	enviro	Minister must take into account the need to conserve and protect the nment in or on the land over which the petroleum title is sought (or, in se of a variation, to which it applies) in considering an application to this Schedule applies.	16 17 18 19		
		(2)	to be	inister may cause such studies (including environmental impact studies) carried out as the Minister considers necessary to assist in making a on on the application.	20 21 22		
		(3)	engagi require	lic money is spent under subclause (2) in having studies carried out or ing persons to provide advice, the Minister may, by written notice, the applicant concerned to reimburse the Government, within the time ied in the notice, for the money, or any part of the money, reasonably ed.	23 24 25 26 27		
		(4)		finister may recover from the applicant any unpaid amounts specified in tice as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.	28 29		
	3	Othe	er matte	rs that may be taken into account in considering applications	30		
			may ta	ut limiting the generality of any other provision of this Act, the Minister ake into account any one or more of the following when considering an ation to which this Schedule applies:	31 32 33		
			. ,	whether, in the opinion of the Minister, the applicant meets the minimum standards, made public by the Minister, required to be met with respect to the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program,	34 35 36 37		
				if the application relates to a transfer—whether, in the opinion of the Minister, the transferee meets the minimum standards, made public by the Minister, required to be met with respect to the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program,	38 39 40 41		
				if the applicant is a natural person—the compliance history of the applicant,	42 43		

		(d)	if the applicant is a body corporate—the compliance history of any director of the body corporate or of any related body corporate,	1 2
		(e)	if the application relates to a transfer and the proposed transferee is a natural person—the compliance history of the proposed transferee,	3 4
		(f)	if the application relates to a transfer and the proposed transferee is a body corporate—the compliance history of any director of that body corporate,	5 6 7
		(g)	whether, in the opinion of the Minister, the work program proposed to be carried out by the applicant meets the minimum standards, made public by the Minister, required to be met with respect to work programs for a petroleum title of the kind concerned.	8 9 10 11
4	Minis	ster m	ay require further information	12
	(1)	Sche appli	Minister may require a person who makes an application to which this dule applies to furnish further information in connection with the cation, including (if the applicant is a body corporate) information as to xtent to which the controlling power in the body corporate's affairs is held	13 14 15 16
		(a)	a foreign company within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth, or	18 19
		(b)	a company registered under that Act that is taken for the purposes of that Act to be registered in a State or Territory other than New South Wales, or	20 21 22
		(c)	a natural person who is a resident of a foreign country.	23
	(2)	infor	application may be refused if the applicant does not furnish that further mation within the period specified by the Minister by written notice when equest for further information is made.	24 25 26
5	Grou	ınds fo	or refusal of applications	27
		may	out limiting the generality of any other provision of this Act, the Minister refuse an application to which this Schedule applies on any one or more	28 29
		OI till	e following grounds:	30
		(a)	the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) has an unsatisfactory compliance history,	31
			the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to	30 31 32 33 34 35 36
		(a)	the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) has an unsatisfactory compliance history, the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs and the technical and financial	31 32 33 34 35
		(a) (b)	the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) has an unsatisfactory compliance history, the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs and the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program, the applicant has not paid any fee payable in connection with the	31 32 33 34 35 36
Par	t 3	(a) (b) (c) (d)	the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) has an unsatisfactory compliance history, the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs and the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program, the applicant has not paid any fee payable in connection with the application, the applicant has failed to lodge any information required to accompany	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
Par		(a) (b) (c) (d) Con	the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) has an unsatisfactory compliance history, the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs and the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program, the applicant has not paid any fee payable in connection with the application, the applicant has failed to lodge any information required to accompany the application within 10 business days after the application is lodged.	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38
		(a) (b) (c) (d) Corditions	the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) has an unsatisfactory compliance history, the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs and the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program, the applicant has not paid any fee payable in connection with the application, the applicant has failed to lodge any information required to accompany the application within 10 business days after the application is lodged.  Inditions of petroleum titles troleum title is subject to:	31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
	Cond	(a) (b) (c) (d) Corditions	the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) has an unsatisfactory compliance history, the Minister considers that the applicant (or if the application relates to a transfer, the transferee) does not meet the applicable minimum standards with respect to work programs and the technical and financial capability to carry out the proposed work program, the applicant has not paid any fee payable in connection with the application, the applicant has failed to lodge any information required to accompany the application within 10 business days after the application is lodged.  Inditions of petroleum titles	311 322 333 344 355 366 377 388 399 400 411

	(c)	any condition prescribed by the regulations.	1
(2)	Mini	out limiting the generality of subclause (1), conditions imposed by the ster or prescribed by the regulations may include conditions relating to following:	2 3 4
	(a)	the development and conduct of petroleum operations,	5
	(b)	environmental management, protection and rehabilitation, including requiring the holder of the title:	6 7
		(i) to carry out activities or not to carry out activities in order to protect, prevent, control or mitigate harm to the environment, and	8 9
		(ii) to rehabilitate land or water that is or may be affected by activities under the petroleum title,	10 11
	(c)	compliance with codes of practice or sets of standards published by any person or body,	12 13
	(d)	ensuring the safety of the public in relation to prospecting and mining operations,	14 15
	(e)	the administration of petroleum titles,	16
	(f)	community relations,	17
	(g)	requiring the holder to provide the Minister with reports detailing any non-compliance with the conditions of the petroleum title, or any requirements of this Act or the regulations relating to activities under the petroleum title, and any action taken, or to be taken, to prevent any recurrence, or to mitigate the effects of that non-compliance.	18 19 20 21 22
(3)		obligation imposed on the holder of a petroleum title in relation to ronmental management, protection and rehabilitation:	23 24
	(a)	continues to have effect despite the cancellation of the petroleum title or it ceasing to have effect, and	25 26
	(b)	can be imposed despite anything to the contrary in section 93 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> .	27 28
(4)	the e	is an exemption from conditions imposed by the regulations applies, in vent of an inconsistency between conditions imposed by the Minister and a imposed by the regulations, the conditions imposed by the regulations ail to the extent of any inconsistency.	29 30 31 32
Cond	ditions	s imposed on petroleum titles by Minister	33
(1)	The l	Minister may impose conditions on a petroleum title:	34
	(a)	at the time of the grant of the petroleum title, or	35
	(b)	at any later time, as permitted by this Schedule.	36
(2)	A co	ndition imposed by the Minister takes effect as follows:	37
	(a)	if the condition is imposed on the grant of a petroleum title—when the grant takes effect,	38 39
	(b)	if the condition is imposed on the renewal of a petroleum title—when the renewal takes effect,	40 41
	(c)	if the condition is imposed when a full or partial transfer of a petroleum title is approved under this Act—when the transfer is registered under this Act,	42 43 44
	(d)	if the condition is a variation under clause 9—as provided by clause 9 (7),	45 46

		(e)	in any other case—when written notice of the imposition of the condition is served on the holder of the petroleum title or at a later time specified in the notice.	1 2 3
8	Exer	nptior	from conditions imposed by regulations	4
	(1)		Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, exempt the holder of a bleum title from compliance with a condition imposed by the regulations.	5 6
	(2)	An e	xemption may be granted subject to conditions.	7
	(3)	An e	xemption may:	8
		(a)	apply generally or be limited in its application by reference to specified exceptions or factors, and	9 10
		(b)	apply differently according to different factors of a specified kind, and	11
		(c)	be granted for a specified period or for an indefinite period, and	12
		(d)	if granted for a specified period—be granted before, during or after that period.	13 14
	(4)	vary	Minister may vary or revoke an exemption (including by imposing, ing or revoking a condition of the exemption) at any time by notice in ng to the holder of the petroleum title.	15 16 17
	(5)	The	regulations may make provision for or with respect to exemptions.	18
Par <sub>9</sub>		sus	riation of petroleum titles and variation or spension of their conditions of petroleum titles by Minister	19 20
9				21
	(1)	petro	Minister may vary a petroleum title (including the conditions of a bleum title).	22 23
	(2)		riation of a petroleum title may include:	24
		(a)	the attaching of a condition to a petroleum title (whether or not any conditions have already been attached), or	25 26
		(b)	the substitution of a condition, or	27
		(c)	the omission of a condition, or	28
		(d)	the amendment of a condition, or	29
		(e)	the variation of the instrument by which a petroleum title is granted, including so as to:  (i) update the instrument, or	30 31
			(ii) correct a minor error or misdescription, or	32 33
			(iii) consolidate variations made to the petroleum title.	34
	(3)		troleum title may be varied on application by the holder of the petroleum or on the initiative of the Minister.	35 36
	(4)	is no	ept in the case of the renewal or transfer of a petroleum title, the Minister t to vary a prescribed condition subsequent to the grant of the petroleum unless the Minister:	37 38 39
		(a)	has given the holder of the petroleum title notice of the draft variation,	40
			and	41

		subm and	ussions that is at least 28 days after the publication of the notice,	1 2
	(c)	consi	either received such submissions and has taken them into deration or has not received any such submission after the deadline lapsed.	3 4 5
(5)			n title may be varied at any time during its currency, including on insferred to another person.	6 7
(6)		etroleur oleum t	m title is varied by notice in writing given to the holder of the itle.	8 9
(7)	The	variatio	on of a condition by the Minister takes effect as follows:	10
	(a)		condition is varied on the renewal of a petroleum title—when the wal takes effect,	11 12
	(b)		e condition is varied when a full or partial transfer of a petroleum is approved under this Act—when the transfer is registered under Act,	13 14 15
	(c)	petro appro of the	prescribed condition is varied other than at the renewal of a leum title or when a full or partial transfer of a petroleum title is oved under this Act—28 days after written notice of the variation e condition is served on the holder of the petroleum title or at a later specified in the notice,	16 17 18 19 20
	(d)	is ser	y other case—when written notice of the variation of the condition wed on the holder of the petroleum title or at a later time specified e notice.	21 22 23
(8)	This	clause	does not apply to a condition that is prescribed by the regulations.	24
(9)	In th	is claus	se:	25
	pres	cribed (	condition means a condition that is not:	26
	(a)	impo	sed on the application of the holder of the petroleum title, or	27
	(b)	impo	sed under section 83D or 106B.	28
Varia	ation o	of cond	litions imposed by the regulations	29
(1)			egulation is made that varies any condition of a petroleum title the regulations, the Minister is required to ensure that:	30 31
	(a)		ice is published in a daily newspaper circulating throughout New 1 Wales:	32 33
		(i)	stating the objects of the proposed regulation, and	34
		(ii)	advising where a copy of the regulation may be obtained or inspected, and	35 36
		(iii)	inviting comments and submissions within a specified time, but not less than 28 days from publication of the notice, and	37 38
	(b)		e comments and submissions received within the time specified in otice are considered.	39 40
(2)			poses of this clause, a regulation varies a condition of a petroleum egulation:	41 42
	(a)		ses a new condition (whether or not any conditions have already imposed), or	43 44
	(b)	subst	itutes a condition imposed by the regulations, or	45
	(c)	omits	s a condition imposed by the regulations, or	46

		(d) amends a condition imposed by the regulations.	1
	11 S	pension of conditions of petroleum titles	2
	(	title or on the initiative of the Minister) suspend any of the conditions of a petroleum title for such period, or until the happening of such event, as the	3 4 5 6
	(	unconditionally or subject to such conditions as the Minister may consider	7 8 9
	(	on which written notice of the suspension is served on the holder of the	10 11 12
	(	withdrawn by means of a notice of withdrawal signed by the applicant and	13 14 15
	(	The application ceases to have effect when the notice is lodged.	16
	(	The withdrawal of an application under this clause is irrevocable.	17
	(		18 19
	(	substitution of a condition, the omission of a condition or the amendment of a	20 21 22
	(		23 24
	(1	prevent any action being taken under this Act in respect of the petroleum title	25 26 27
	(1	This clause does not apply to a condition that is prescribed by the regulations.	28
[51]	Schedu	1 Savings and transitional provisions	29
	Insert a	e end of the Schedule with appropriate Part and clause numbering:	30
	Part	Provisions consequent on enactment of Mining and	31
	- 0	Detrologue I establica Amondus est (House establica)	32
		Act 2015	33
		nition	34
		In this Part:	35
		/II : : : \	36 37
	P	ding applications	38
		made but not decided before the commencement of this clause and that complied with this Act, as in force before the Act's amendment by the 2015	39 40 41 42

Exis	ting notifications of areas over which petroleum title may not be granted	1
	A notification under section 9 (1) (a) that was in force immediately before the amendment of section 9 (1) by the 2015 amending Act is taken to have been made under section 9 (1) as amended by the 2015 amending Act.	2 3 4
Wor	k programs accompanying existing applications	5
	A work program that accompanied an application for a petroleum title before the replacement of section 14 by the 2015 amending Act, and that complied with section 14 (and the regulations) as in force immediately before the substitution of the section, is taken to comply with section 14 as substituted.	6 7 8 9
Exis	ting conditions	10
	Subject to this Part, a condition of a petroleum title, in force under section 23 immediately before the repeal of that section by the 2015 amending Act, continues to have effect and is taken to be a condition imposed under Schedule 1B.	11 12 13 14
Exis	ting suspension of condition of petroleum title	15
	A condition of a petroleum title that was, immediately before the repeal of section 24 by the 2015 amending Act, suspended, is taken to have been suspended under clause 11 of Schedule 1B, on the date of the original suspension.	16 17 18 19
Exis	ting "activity approval" conditions in exploration licences	20
(1)	Any condition to which an exploration licence was subject immediately before the commencement of section 31A, as inserted by the 2015 amending Act, that requires approval to carry out operations and that is identified in the licence using one of the following phrases is void:	21 22 23 24
	(a) Category 1 prospecting operations,	25
	(b) Category 2 prospecting operations,	26
	(c) assessable prospecting operations.	27
(2)	However, an approval granted pursuant to a condition referred to in subclause (1) that was in force immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken to be an activity approval granted under section 31A and can be varied or voluntarily cancelled accordingly.	28 29 30 31
(3)	An application for approval to carry out prospecting operations made in compliance with a condition imposed on an assessment lease, being an application that had not been dealt with before the commencement of section 36A, as inserted by the 2015 amending Act, is to be dealt with in accordance with section 36A, as if it had been made under that section.	32 33 34 35 36
(4)	For the avoidance of doubt, compliance with section 31A or 36A is required in respect of any assessable prospecting operation carried out after the commencement of the section, even if it began before the commencement of the section.	37 38 39 40
Exis	ting directions to rehabilitate land	41
	A direction given under section 77, as in force before its substitution by the 2015 amending Act, and having effect immediately before that substitution, continues in force after that amendment as if section 77 had not been substituted.	42 43 44 45

Exist	ing in	spectors	1
(1)	const	rson who, on the repeal of section 113 by the 2015 amending Act, was tituted as an inspector by that section is, on that repeal, taken to be an ector appointed under section 361 of the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> until whichever e following first occurs:	2 3 4 5
	(a)	the person is appointed as an inspector under section 361 of the <i>Mining Act 1992</i> ,	6 7
	(b)	the Secretary revokes the person's appointment under subclause (2),	8
	(c)	a day occurs that is one year after the day on which this clause commences.	9 10
(2)	appo	Secretary may revoke the appointment of a person who is taken to be inted as an inspector under this clause or may subject the appointment to itions, limitations or restrictions.	11 12 13
Exist	ing no	otices of cause of danger	14
	on th	otice that had effect under section 129 immediately before the mencement of the 2015 amending Act, and was issued by a person who, e repeal of section 113 by the 2015 amending Act, was constituted as an ector by that section, is taken to have been issued under this Act, as ided, and can be amended and revoked.	15 16 17 18 19
Envi	ronme	ental information	20
	to in	ons 113M and 113N, as inserted by the 2015 amending Act, do not apply formation about harm caused, or likely to be caused, to the environment ned by the Secretary before the commencement of those sections.	21 22 23
Exist	ing no	otices and conditions	24
	giver giver section must	on 125D, as inserted by the 2015 amending Act, extends to information after the commencement of that section in compliance with a a notice or condition imposed under this Act before the commencement of that on if the time by which, or period within which, the notice or condition have been complied with had not expired immediately before that mencement.	25 26 27 28 29 30
Time	for co	ommencement of proceedings	31
		on 125M, as inserted by the 2015 amending Act, does not extend to does committed before the commencement of that section for which	32 33

proceedings had not been commenced when the section commenced.

33

Sch	nedu	le 3	Consequential amendment of other Acts	1
3.1	Dan	ns Safet	y Act 2015 No 26	2
		edule 3 Ar Schedule	mendment of other legislation 3.7.	3
3.2	Env	ironmer	ntal Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203	5
	Sect	ion 91 Wh	nat is "integrated development"?	6
		"s 9" fro on 91 (1).	m the matter relating to the Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991 in the table to	O 7 8
	Inser	t instead "	s 16".	9
3.3	Fine	s Act 1	996 No 99	10
	Sche	dule 1 St	atutory provisions under which penalty notices issued	11
	Omit	"Petrolei	um (Onshore) Act 1991, section 137A".	12
	Inser	t instead "	Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991, section 125N".	13
3.4	Law	Enforc	ement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103	14
	Sche	dule 2 Se	earch warrants under other Acts	15
	Omit	"Petrolei	um (Onshore) Act 1991, section 104".	16
	Inser	t instead "	Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991, section 104A".	17
3.5	Offs	hore Mi	inerals Act 1999 No 42	18
	Sect	ion 108		19
	Omit	the section	on. Insert instead:	20
	108	Decisio	n on an application for renewal	21
			fter considering an application for the renewal of an exploration licence, the inister may:	e 22 23
		(8	n) provisionally renew the licence, or	24
		(t	<b>,</b>	25
			<b>Note 1.</b> Under section 89, the renewal of the licence cannot be effective before it is registered (see section 334 for registration). The renewal will not be registered until it has been properly accepted (see section 114 for <b>prope acceptance</b> ).	e 27
			<b>Note 2.</b> Under section 118, new conditions may be imposed on renewal.	30

3.6	Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 No 156	
	Schedule 2A Enforcement of gas and other petroleum legislation (as inserted by Protection of the Environment Operations Amendment (Enforcement of Gas and Other Petroleum Legislation) Act 2015)	3
	Omit "section 7, 77, or 136A of the <i>Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991</i> " from paragraph (a) of the definition of <i>petroleum offence</i> in clause 1.	(
	Insert instead "section 7, 78A or 125E of the Petroleum (Onshore) Act 1991".	7