

New South Wales

Crimes Amendment Bill 2007

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Crimes Act 1900* to make miscellaneous reforms of the criminal law. In particular, the Bill:

- increases the penalty for recklessly causing grievous bodily harm from 7 years to 10 years (and from 10 years to 14 years in the case of an offence committed in company), and
- (b) removes "malicious" as a fault element for offences under the Act and replaces it with the modern fault element of "intention" or "recklessness", and
- (c) replaces existing blackmail/extortion offences with offences based on the Model Criminal Code, and
- (d) ensures that for all offences under the Act the infliction of grievous bodily harm includes causing a person to contract a grievous bodily disease, and
- (e) extends the offence of breaking and entering dwelling-houses or certain other commercial or government buildings and committing (or intending to commit) a serious indictable offence to buildings of any kind.

The Bill also makes a number of amendments by way of statute law revision (including the repeal of superseded offences and spent procedural provisions, and the re-arrangement of offences in the Act).

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act. The amendment increasing the penalty for the reckless infliction of grievous bodily harm is to commence on assent.

Clause 3 is a formal provision giving effect to the amendments to the *Crimes Act* 1900 set out in Schedules 1 and 2.

Clause 4 is a formal provision giving effect to the consequential amendments of other Acts set out in Schedule 3.

Clause 5 is a formal provision that declares that explanatory notes in the proposed Act do not form part of the Act.

Clause 6 provides for the repeal of the proposed amending Act once all of its amendments have commenced.

Schedules 1–3 contain the amendments to the *Crimes Act 1900* and other Acts. An explanation of each amendment is set out in the Schedule after the amendment concerned.



New South Wales

Crimes Amendment Bill 2007

Contents

		Page
1	Name of Act	2
2	Commencement	2
3	Amendment of Crimes Act 1900 No 40	2
4	Consequential amendments to other Acts	2
5	Explanatory notes	2
6	Repeal of Act	2
Schedule 1	Principal amendments to Crimes Act 1900	3
Schedule 2	Statute law revision amendments to Crimes Act 1900	14
Schedule 3	Consequential amendments to other Acts	20



New South Wales

Crimes Amendment Bill 2007

No , 2007

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Crimes Act 1900* to increase penalties for the reckless infliction of grievous bodily harm, to replace malicious as a fault element of offences, to modernise blackmail offences and to make other reforms of the criminal law.

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Nam	e of Act	2
		This Act is the Crimes Amendment Act 2007.	3
2	Com	mencement	4
	(1)	Sections 1–6, Schedule 1 [7], Schedule 2 and Schedule 3.1 (except item [2]) commence on the date of assent to this Act.	5 6
	(2)	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation, except as provided by subsection (1).	7 8
3	Ame	ndment of Crimes Act 1900 No 40	9
		The Crimes Act 1900 is amended as set out in Schedules 1 and 2.	10
4	Con	sequential amendments to other Acts	11
		The Acts specified in Schedule 3 are amended as set out in that Schedule.	12 13
5	Expl	anatory notes	14
		The matter appearing under the heading "Explanatory note" in any of the Schedules does not form part of this Act.	15 16
6	Rep	eal of Act	17
	(1)	This Act is repealed on the day following the day on which all of the provisions of this Act have commenced.	18 19
	(2)	The repeal of this Act does not, because of the operation of section 30 of the <i>Interpretation Act</i> 1987, affect any amendment made by this Act	20

Scł	nedule 1		Principal amendments to Crimes Act 1900	1
			(Section 3)	3
[1]	Section 4 De	efinit	tions	4
	Insert at the	end c	of the definition of <i>Grievous bodily harm</i> in section 4 (1):	5
			, and	6
		(c)	any grievous bodily disease (in which case a reference to the infliction of grievous bodily harm includes a reference to causing a person to contract a grievous bodily disease).	7 8 9
	Explanatory r			10
	includes causi	ng a	stends the definition to make it clear that causing harm to a person person to contract a disease. As a consequence, item [9] omits the nder section 36.	11 12 13
[2]	Section 5 M	alici	ously	14
	Omit the sec	tion.		15
	Explanatory r	note		16
	This section (v	which	defines "malicious" for the purposes of offences under the Act) is	17
	being repealed the modern fa	d as a ult ele	result of the replacement of that term in offences under the Act with ement of "intention" or "recklessness".	18 19
[3]	endeavours birth, sectio Aggravated company, se section 66C Sexual assa circumstand Stealing, de 154C Taking board, secti Interfering v	to e n 46 sextection Sextent ult be ces o stroy mo on 1 vith a	scape shipwreck, section 42 Injuries to child at time of Causing bodily injury by gunpowder etc, section 61J ual assault, section 61JA Aggravated sexual assault in on 61K Assault with intent to have sexual intercourse, ual intercourse—child between 10 and 16, section 80A by forced self-manipulation, section 95 Same in of aggravation, section 105A Definitions, section 138 ying etc records etc of any court or public office, section tor vehicle or vessel with assault or with occupant on 95 Destroying or damaging property, section 201 a mine, section 202 Causing damage etc to sea, river, works, section 210 Destroying, damaging etc an aid to	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
	Omit "malici	ousl	y" wherever occurring.	34
			tentionally or recklessly".	35
	Explanatory r			36
	This item ma "malicious" by	kes (consequential amendments on the omission of the concept of [2].	37 38

[4]	Sect	ion 33	;	1		
	Omit	the se	ection. Insert instead:	2		
	33	Wou	ınding or grievous bodily harm with intent	3		
		(1)	Intent to cause grievous bodily harm	4		
			A person who:	5		
			(a) wounds any person, or	6		
			(b) causes grievous bodily harm to any person,	7		
			with intent to cause grievous bodily harm to that or any other person is guilty of an offence.	8		
			Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 25 years.	10		
		(2)	Intent to resist arrest	11		
			A person who:	12		
			(a) wounds any person, or	13		
			(b) causes grievous bodily harm to any person,	14		
			with intent to resist or prevent his or her (or another person's) lawful arrest or detention is guilty of an offence.	15 16		
			Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 25 years.	17		
		(3)	Alternative verdict	18		
			If on the trial of a person charged with an offence against this section the jury is not satisfied that the offence is proven but is satisfied that the person has committed an offence against section 35, the jury may acquit the person of the offence charged and find the person guilty of an offence against section 35. The person is liable to punishment accordingly.	19 20 21 22 23 24		
	•	anatory	y note	25		
	The amendment recasts the offences under section 33 as a consequence of the omission of the concept of "malicious" by item [2] and separates the offence relating to intention to cause grievous bodily harm from the offence relating to resisting or preventing arrest or detention. The offence relating to discharging firearms is to be transferred to the related offences in section 33A.					
[5]	Section 33A					
	Omit the section. Insert instead:					
	33A	Disc	harging firearm etc with intent	33		
		(1)	Intent to cause grievous bodily harm	34		
			A person who:	35		
			(a) discharges any firearm or other loaded arms or	36		

			(b) attempts to discharge any firearm or other loaded arms,	1	
			with intent to cause grievous bodily harm to any person is guilty	2	
			of an offence.	3	
		(2)	Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 25 years.	4	
		(2)	Intent to resist arrest etc	5	
			A person who:	6	
			(a) discharges any firearm or other loaded arms, or	7	
			(b) attempts to discharge any firearm or other loaded arms,	8	
			with intent to resist or prevent his or her (or another person's) lawful arrest or detention is guilty of an offence.	9 10	
			Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 25 years.	11	
	-	natory		12	
	omiss intent preve from curre	sion of t ion to enting a section ntly in s	nent recasts the offences under section 33A as a consequence of the he concept of "malicious" by item [2] and separates the offence relating to cause grievous bodily harm from the offence relating to resisting or rrest or detention. The revised section also covers offences transferred a 33 dealing with related offences concerning firearms. The offences section 33A that carry a lesser penalty than the virtually identical offences have not been carried forward.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	
[6]	Sect	ion 34	Feloniously wounding—verdict of minor offence	20	
	Omit	the se	ction.	21	
	•	anatory		22	
	The s	section sion to s	is omitted as a consequence of the transfer of the alternative verdict section 33 (3).	23 24	
[7]	Section 35				
	Omit	the se	ection. Insert instead:	26	
	35	Reck	dess grievous bodily harm or wounding	27	
		(1)	Reckless grievous bodily harm—in company	28	
			A person who, in the company of another person or persons, recklessly causes grievous bodily harm to any person is guilty of an offence.	29 30 31	
			Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 14 years.	32	
		(2)	Reckless grievous bodily harm	33	
			A person who recklessly causes grievous bodily harm to any person is guilty of an offence.	34 35	
			Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.	36	

	(3)	Reckless wounding—in company	1
		A person who, in the company of another person or persons, recklessly wounds any person is guilty of an offence.	3
		Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.	4
	(4)	Reckless wounding	5
		A person who recklessly wounds any person is guilty of an offence.	6
		Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 7 years.	8
	(5)	Alternative verdict	9
		If on the trial of a person charged with an offence against any subsection of this section the jury is not satisfied that the offence is proven but is satisfied that the person has committed an offence against any other subsection of this section (that carries a lesser maximum penalty), the jury may acquit the person of the offence charged and find the person guilty of an offence against that other subsection. The person is liable to punishment accordingly.	10 11 12 13 14 15
	omission of t reckless cau	ment recasts the offences under section 35 as a consequence of the che concept of "malicious" by item [2]. In addition, the maximum penalty for using of grievous bodily harm is increased from 7 years to 10 years (and re to 14 years in the case of an offence committed in company).	17 18 19 20 21
[8]	Section 35 harm	A Causing dog to inflict grievous bodily harm or actual bodily	22 23
	Omit section	on 35A (1) and (2). Insert instead:	24
	(1)	Cause dog to inflict grievous bodily harm	25
		A person who:	26
		(a) has control of a dog, and	27
		(b) does any act that causes the dog to inflict grievous bodily harm on another person, and	28 29
		(c) is reckless as to the injury that may be caused to a person by the act,	30 31
		is guilty of an offence.	32
		Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.	33
	(2)	Cause dog to inflict actual bodily harm	34
		A person who:	35
		(a) has control of a dog, and	36

			(b)	does any act that causes the dog to inflict actual bodily harm on another person, and	
			(c)	is reckless as to the injury that may be caused to a person by the act,	;
			is gu	uilty of an offence.	į
			Max	imum penalty: Imprisonment for 5 years.	(
	_	anatory			-
	omiss reckle to 10	sion of t essness years (he consist	ecasts the offences under section 35A as a consequence of the cept of "malicious" by item [2]. In addition, the maximum penalty for using a dog to inflict grievous bodily harm is increased from 7 years tently with the proposed increase for the general offence of reckless is bodily harm by item [10]).	10 10 11 12
[9]	Sect	ion 36	Caus	ing a grievous bodily disease	13
	Omit	the se	ection.		14
	Expla	anatory	note		1
	bodily	harm"	by iten	e offence as a result of the extension of the meaning of "grievous in [1] to cover diseases and the consequent extension of the offence inflicting grievous bodily harm.	16 17 18
[10]	Sect	ions 3	9, 40,	41 and 41A	19
	Omit the sections. Insert instead:				
	39 Using poison etc to endanger life or inflict grievous bodily harm				
		(1)	A pe	erson is guilty of an offence if:	22
			(a)	the person administers to another person, or causes another person to take, any poison or other destructive or noxious thing, and	23 24 25
			(b)	the poison or other thing endangers the life of, or inflicts grievous bodily harm on, the other person, and	20 27
			(c)	the person intends to injure, or is reckless about injuring, the other person.	28 29
			Max	imum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.	30
		(2)	secti satis: 41 or and f	on the trial of a person charged with an offence against this ion the jury is not satisfied that the offence is proven but is fied that the person has committed an offence against section r 41A, the jury may acquit the person of the offence charged find the person guilty of an offence against section 41 or 41A.	3: 32 3: 34 3:

	41	Administe	ring poison etc to injure or to cause distress or pain	1
		A pe	erson is guilty of an offence if:	2
		(a)	the person administers to another person, or causes another person to take, any poison or other destructive or noxious thing, and	3 4 5
		(b)	the person intends to injure, or to cause distress or pain to, the other person.	6
		Max	imum penalty: Imprisonment for 5 years.	8
	41A	Poisoning	etc of water supply	g
		A pe	erson is guilty of an offence if:	10
		(a)	the person introduces any poison or other destructive or noxious thing into a supply of water, and	11 12
		(b)	the person intends to injure any person or persons.	13
		Max	imum penalty: Imprisonment for 5 years.	14
	Expl	anatory note		15
	poiso [2]. T	ning etc as a chemical here.	ecasts the offences under sections 39, 41 and 41A relating to consequence of the omission of the concept of "malicious" by item verdict provision of section 40 is transferred to section 39 (2) and ce under section 41A in addition to the offence under section 41.	16 17 18 19
[11]	Sect	ion 44 Not p	providing wife or servant with food etc	20
	appr		usly does, or causes to be done, any bodily harm to any wife, vant, or to any insane person".	21 22 23
	The a	amendment on	nits the second limb to this offence as a result of the omission of the bus" by item [2]. The matter is covered by the general assault Act.	24 25 26
[12]	196 sect enda with	Destroying of ion 198 Destangering life	g etc explosive substance or corrosive fluid etc, section or damaging property with intent to injure a person, troying or damaging property with intention of section 200 Possession etc of explosive or other article stroy or damage property, section 211 Criminal acts ays	27 28 29 30 31 32
	Omi	t "maliciously	y" wherever occurring.	33
	Expl	anatory note	- -	34
	This "mali	item makes a	a consequential amendment on the omission of the concept of [2].	35 36

[13]	Section 60 Assault and other actions against police officers, section 60A Assault and other actions against law enforcement officers (other than police officers), section 60E Assaults etc at schools	:
	Omit "maliciously" wherever occurring. Insert instead "recklessly".	
	Explanatory note	!
	This item makes a consequential amendment on the omission of the concept of "malicious" by item [2].	
[14]	Part 4 Offences relating to property, Division 1 Stealing and like offences, Subdivision 3 Extortion etc by menace or threat	;
	Omit the heading to the Subdivision. Insert instead:	10
	Subdivision 3 Demanding property with intent to steal	1
	Explanatory note	1:
	The amendment is consequential on the enactment of a general blackmail offence in item [22].	1; 14
[15]	Section 99 Demanding property with intent to steal	1
	Insert at the end of the section:	10
	(3) It is immaterial whether any such menace is of violence or injury	1
	by the offender or by any other person.	18
	Explanatory note	19
	The amendment is consequential on the repeal of section 105 by item [16].	20
[16]	Section 100 Letter demanding money etc with menaces, section 100A	2
	Blackmail by threat to publish etc, section 101 Threatening letters,	2:
	section 102 Accusing or threatening to accuse of crime to extort money etc, section 103 Causing a person by violence or threats to execute	2: 2:
	deeds etc, section 104 Term "infamous crime" defined, section 105	2
	Menace may be of violence or accusation etc	20
	Omit the sections.	2
	Explanatory note	28
	The amendment is consequential on the enactment of a general blackmail offence in item [22].	29 30
[17]	Section 105A Definitions	3
	Insert in alphabetical order in section 105A (1):	32
	building includes any place of Divine worship.	33
	Explanatory note	34
	The amendment is consequential on the proposed repeal of sections 106 and 107.	3

35

[18]	committing	g serio	aking and entering place of Divine worship and ous indictable offence, section 107 The like with intent to is indictable offence	1 2 3				
	Omit the sections.							
	Explanatory note This item omits offences that will be covered by the proposed extension of the offences							
	in sections 1			6 7				
[19]	Section 11 indictable		aking etc into any house etc and committing serious ce	8 9				
	Omit section	n 112	(1). Insert instead:	10				
	(1)	A pe	erson who:	11				
		(a)	breaks and enters any dwelling-house or other building and commits any serious indictable offence therein, or	12 13				
		(b)	being in any dwelling-house or other building commits any	14				
			serious indictable offence therein and breaks out of the dwelling-house or other building,	15 16				
		is gu	ailty of an offence and liable to imprisonment for 14 years.	17				
	Explanatory	note		18				
	The amendr	nent e	xtends the offence to all dwelling-houses and other buildings. At e applies to dwelling-houses, buildings within the curtilage of a	19 20				
	dwelling-hou	se, sc	chool house, shop, warehouse, or counting-house, office, store,	21				
			actory or workshop, or any building belonging to Her Majesty or to epartment, or to any municipal or other public authority.	22 23				
[20]	Section 11 serious inc		aking etc into any house etc with intent to commit le offence	24 25				
	Omit section	n 113	(1). Insert instead:	26				
	(1)		erson who breaks and enters any dwelling-house or other	27				
			ding with intent to commit any serious indictable offence	28				
		year	ein is guilty of an offence and liable to imprisonment for 10	29 30				
	Explanatory	-		31				
	The amendr	nent e	xtends the offence to all dwelling-houses and other buildings. At	32				
	present the dwelling-hou	offenc	e applies to dwelling-houses, buildings within the curtilage of a chool house, shop, warehouse, or counting-house, office, store,	33 34				
	garage, pavi	lion, fa	actory or workshop, or any building belonging to Her Majesty or to epartment, or to any municipal or other public authority.	35 36				

[21]	Secti	ion 194	4 Interpretation	1
	Omit	"shall	be taken not to have been done maliciously" from section 194 (3).	2
	Divis	sion".	ad "does not constitute an element of any offence under this	3
	The a	inatory imendmept of "m	note nent makes a consequential change as a result of the omission of the nalicious" by item [2] and the amendments to sections 195–198.	6 7
[22]	Part	4B		8
	Inser	t befor	e Part 5:	9
	Par	t 4B	Blackmail	10
	249K	Black	kmail offence	11
		(1)	A person who makes any unwarranted demand with menaces:	12
			(a) with the intention of obtaining a gain or of causing a loss, or	13 14
			(b) with the intention of influencing the exercise of a public duty,	15 16
			is guilty of an offence.	17
			Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.	18
		(2)	A person is guilty of an offence against this subsection if the person commits an offence against subsection (1) by an accusation, or a threatened accusation, that a person has committed a serious indictable offence.	19 20 21 22
			Maximum penalty: Imprisonment for 14 years.	23
	249L	Unwa	arranted demands—meaning	24
		(1)	For the purposes of this Part, a demand with menaces is <i>unwarranted</i> unless the person believes that he or she has reasonable grounds for making the demand and reasonably believes that the use of the menaces is a proper means of reinforcing the demand.	25 26 27 28 29
		(2)	The demand need not be a demand for money or other property.	30
	249M	Mena	aces—meaning	31
		(1)	For the purposes of this Part, <i>menaces</i> includes:	32
			(a) an express or implied threat of any action detrimental or unpleasant to another person, and	33 34

		(b)	a general threat of detrimental or unpleasant action that is implied because the person making the unwarranted demand holds a public office.	:
	(2)	A thunle	nreat against an individual does not constitute a menace ss:	4
		(a)	the threat would cause an individual of normal stability and courage to act unwillingly in response to the threat, or	-
		(b)	the threat would cause the particular individual to act unwillingly in response to the threat and the person who makes the threat is aware of the vulnerability of the particular individual to the threat.	10 10 11
	(3)		nreat against a Government or body corporate does not stitute a menace unless:	12 13
		(a)	the threat would ordinarily cause an unwilling response, or	14
		(b)	the threat would cause an unwilling response because of a particular vulnerability of which the person making the threat is aware.	15 16 17
	(4)		immaterial whether the menaces relate to action to be taken ne person making the demand.	18 19
249N	Obta	ining	gain or causing loss—meaning	20
		For t	the purposes of this Part:	2
		(a)	a <i>gain</i> means gain in money or other property, whether temporary or permanent, and includes keeping what one has, and <i>obtaining</i> a gain means obtaining a gain for oneself or for another, and	2: 2: 2: 2:
		(b)	a <i>loss</i> means loss in money or other property, whether temporary or permanent, and includes not getting what one might get, and <i>causing</i> a loss means causing a loss to another.	20 21 28 29
2490	Publ	ic dut	y—meaning	30
			the purposes of this Part, a <i>public duty</i> means a power, ority, duty or function:	3 ²
		(a)	that is conferred on a person as the holder of a public office, or	3; 34
		(b)	that a person holds himself or herself out as having as the holder of a public office.	39
•	anatory			37
Proposith a	osed Pa an offer	art 4B nce bas	replaces existing blackmail/extortion offences (sections 100–103) sed on the Model Criminal Code and the Commonwealth Criminal	38 39

	public duties The maximu years, or imp of a serious	proposed Part extends the existing offences to influencing the exercise of and not merely to obtain a gain or cause a loss) and to threats of any kind. If the offence is the current penalty of imprisonment for 10 perisonment for 14 years if a person is accused or threatened to be accused in indictable offence (the Model Criminal Code provides a penalty of the for 12 years in both cases).	1 2 3 4 5 6
[23]	Sections 3	308D (2) (a) and 308E (2) (a)	7
	Omit "Mal	iciously destroying" wherever occurring.	8
	Explanator	ad "Destroying". y note ment is consequential on other amendments made in this Schedule.	9 10 11
[24]		28B Offences of specific intent to which Part applies	12
,	Omit the m to section 4 the heading Explanatory	natter relating to sections 36, 100A, 101, 102 and 103 in the Table 28B and revise the headings to other sections in that Table to reflect gs inserted by other items of this Schedule.	13 14 15 16
[25]	Section 51	1 Killing pigeons	18
	of \$220) of amounting to	note ment repeals an outdated summary offence (carrying a maximum penalty killing, taking or wounding house-doves or pigeons in circumstances not common law larceny. To the extent that any killing or wounding amounts ary cruelty, proceedings may be taken under the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to</i>	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
[26]	Eleventh S	Schedule Savings and transitional provisions	26
	Insert at the	e end of the Schedule, with appropriate Part and clause numbers:	27
	Part	Crimes Amendment Act 2007	28
	Rep	eal of definition of "Maliciously"	29
		The repeal of section 5 of this Act by the <i>Crimes Amendment Act</i> 2007 does not affect the operation of any provision of this Act (including a repealed provision) that refers to "malicious" or "maliciously" or of any indictment or charge in which malice is by law an ingredient of the crime.	30 31 32 33 34

nedule 2	Statute law revision amendments to Crimes Act 1900	1
	(Section 3)	3
Section 2 Re	peals and savings	4
		5
		6
		,
-	•	3
Insert instead	The Parts and sections mentioned in Schedule 2.	10
Section 6 Mo	onth	11
		12
•		13 14
•	·	
	·	15
	• •	16
		17
		18
Insert before s	section 93A:	19
Division 1	Riot and affray	20
Section 93E	Offences of riot, rout, affray abolished	21
Omit the secti	ion.	22
		23
Schedule 3.	relating to the abolition of common law offences, is being transferred to	24 25
Part 3B, head	ding	26
Omit the head	ling. Insert instead:	27
Division 2	Explosives and firearms offences	28
	Section 2 Re Omit the section Explanatory in This section is Section 3 Ap Omit "The section 6 Mo Omit the section Explanatory in This expression Section 63 C Omit "the Ele Insert instead Part 3A Offer Insert before section Division 1 Section 93E Omit the section Explanatory in This provision, Schedule 3. Part 3B, head Omit the head	Crimes Act 1900 (Section 2 Repeals and savings Omit the section. Explanatory note This section is now spent. Section 3 Application of certain provisions of Act Omit "The sections mentioned in the Second Schedule". Insert instead "The Parts and sections mentioned in Schedule 2". Section 6 Month Omit the section. Explanatory note This expression is defined in the Interpretation Act 1987. Section 63 Common law offences of rape and attempted rape abolished Omit "the Eleventh Schedule" from section 63 (2). Insert instead "Schedule 11". Part 3A Offences relating to public order Insert before section 93A: Division 1 Riot and affray Section 93E Offences of riot, rout, affray abolished Omit the section. Explanatory note This provision, relating to the abolition of common law offences, is being transferred to Schedule 3. Part 3B, heading Omit the heading. Insert instead:

28

[8]	Part 3C, headin	ng g. Insert instead:	1
		g. Hisert Histeau.	2
	Division 3	Contamination of goods	3
[9]	Sections 93IA-	93IG	4
	Renumber the se	ections as sections 93J–93P.	5
[10]	Part 3D, headin	ng	6
	Omit the headin	g. Insert instead:	7
	Division 4	Bomb and other hoaxes	8
[11]	Sections 93IH a	and 93II	g
	Renumber the se	ections as sections 93Q and 93R.	10
[12]	Part 3E, headin	ng	11
	Omit the headin	g. Insert instead:	12
	Division 5	Participation in criminal groups	13
[13]	Sections 93IJ-	93IL	14
	Renumber the se	ections as sections 93S–93U.	15
[14]	Sections 93A, 9 (as renumbered	93F, 93J (as renumbered), 93P (as renumbered) and 93S d)	16 17
	Omit "this Part"	wherever occurring. Insert instead "this Division".	18
[15]	Section 93N (as	s renumbered)	19
	Omit "93IB, 931	IC or 93ID" wherever occurring.	20
	Insert instead "9	93K, 93L or 93M''.	21
[16]	Section 93O (as	s renumbered)	22
	Omit "93IB or 9	OSIC" wherever occurring. Insert instead "93K or 93L".	23
[17]	Section 93U (as	s renumbered)	24
	Omit "93IK" wł	nerever occurring. Insert instead "93T".	25

Crimes Amendment Bill 2007

Schedule 2 Statute law revision amendments to Crimes Act 1900

[18]	Part 3A, Divi	sion 6, heading	1
	Insert before	Part 4:	2
	Division 6	Unlawful gambling	3
[19]	Section 93V		4
	Division 6 of Explanatory no The existing of		5 6 7 8 9
[20]	Section 93J	Property previously stolen	10
	Renumber as	section 94AA.	11
[21]	Section 307	Abolition of common law offence	12
	Omit the sect Explanatory in This provision transferred to S	relating to the abolition of a common law offence of forgery is being	13 14 15 16
[22]	Section 3100	G Harbouring escapee	17
	Insert at the e	end of the section:	18
	Explanatory n	ent incorporates the separate offence in section 358C which is being	19 20 21 22 23 24
[23]	Part 8, headi	ing	25
	Omit the head	ding.	26
[24]	Part 10B Hai	bouring escapees	27
			28 29 30 31

[25]	Part 11, Division 1, heading	1
	Omit the heading.	2
[26]	Section 407A Abolition of presumption of coercion of wife by husband	3
	Omit the section. Explanatory note This provision relating to the abolition of a common law presumption is being transferred to Schedule 3.	4 5 6 7
[27]	Section 475A Offences punishable summarily	8
	Omit "the Tenth Schedule" wherever occurring. Insert instead "Schedule 10".	9
[28]	Part 14 Former provisions relating to offences punishable by Justices and procedure before Justices generally	10 11
	Omit the Part. Explanatory note This Part is now spent.	12 13 14
[29]	Section 580H	15
	Insert before section 581:	16
į	580H Abolition of common law offences and rules	17
	Schedule 3 has effect.	18
[30]	Section 581 Savings and transitional provisions	19
	Omit "The Eleventh Schedule". Insert instead "Schedule 11".	20
[31]	Second Schedule	21
	Omit the heading to the Schedule. Insert instead:	22
	Schedule 2 Application of Act	23
[32]	Second Schedule	24
	Omit "Sections 547A–547C (in Part 14).".	25

[33]		edule : rt after		and Schedule:	1
	Scl	nedu	le 3	Abolished common law offences and rules	3
				(Section 580H)	5
	1	Arso	n		6
		(1)	The co	ommon law offence of arson is abolished.	7
		(2)	comme	lause does not apply to an offence committed before the encement of section 3 of the <i>Crimes (Criminal Destruction amage) Amendment Act 1987</i> .	8 9 10
	2	Forg	jery		11
		(1)	The co	ommon law offence of forgery is abolished.	12
		(2)	16 July	clause does not apply to an offence committed before y 1989 (the date of commencement of the <i>Crimes nuters and Forgery</i>) Amendment Act 1989).	13 14 15
	3	Riot	, rout an	d affray	16
		(1)	The co	ommon law offences of riot, rout and affray are abolished.	17
		(2)	19 Feb	clause does not apply to an offence committed before bruary 1989 (the date of commencement of the <i>Crimes dment</i>) Act 1988).	18 19 20
	4	Coe	rcion of	wife by husband	21
		(1)	the pre	resumption of law that an offence committed by a wife in esence of her husband is committed under coercion of the ad is abolished.	22 23 24
		(2)	1 Octo	clause does not apply to an offence committed before ber 1924 (the date of commencement of the <i>Crimes dment) Act 1924</i>).	25 26 27
[34]	Tent	h Sch	edule		28
	Rena	ame the	e Schedu	ile as Schedule 10.	29

29

[35]	Tenth Schedule	1
	Insert at the end of the Schedule:	2
	A reference in this Schedule to a provision of this Act is a	3
	reference to the provision as in force immediately before the	4
	commencement of the Crimes Amendment Act 2007.	5
[36]	Eleventh Schedule Savings and transitional provisions	6
	Omit the heading to the Schedule. Insert instead:	7
	Schedule 11 Savings and transitional provisions	8

Crimes Amendment Bill 2007

Schedule 3 Consequential amendments to other Acts

Schedule 3		Consequential amendments to other Acts	
		(Section 4)	3
3.1	Criminal P	Procedure Act 1986 No 209	4
[1]	Section 272	Application of Chapter	5
	Omit section	272 (2) and (3).	6
[2]	Schedule 1 I	Indictable offences triable summarily	7
	Insert after it	em 12 in Part 3 of Table 1:	8
	12A Blackr	mail	9
		An offence under section 249K of the Crimes Act 1900.	10
[3]	Schedule 1,	Table 1	11
	Insert "(or se	ection 93K, 93L or 93M)" after "93ID".	12
[4]	Schedule 1,	Table 1	13
	Insert "(or se	ection 93Q or 93R)" after "93II".	14
[5]	Schedule 1,	Table 1	15
	Insert "(or se	ection 93T (2) or (3))" after "93IK (2) or (3)".	16
[6]	Schedule 1,	Table 2	17
	Insert "(or se	ection 93T (1))" after "section 93IK (1)".	18
3.2	Fire Briga	des Act 1989 No 192	19
	Section 34 F	alse alarms	20
	Omit "malici	ously".	21
	Insert instead	d "intentionally or recklessly".	22

Consequential amen	dments to	other Act	s
--------------------	-----------	-----------	---

3.3	Pipelines Act 1967 No 90	1
	Section 63 Theft of substances from pipelines	2
	Omit "maliciously". Insert instead "intentionally".	3