

New South Wales

Liquor Amendment Bill 2014

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

This Bill is cognate with the Crimes and Other Legislation Amendment (Assault and Intoxication) Bill 2014.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Liquor Act 2007* (the *Principal Act*) and the *Liquor Regulation 2008* (the *Principal Regulation*):

- (a) to enable the regulations to declare areas to be prescribed precincts and to impose regulatory conditions on licensed premises within those precincts, and
- (b) to declare such an area in the Sydney CBD (to be called the Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct) and to impose such conditions on certain licensed premises in it, and
- (c) to extend the current freeze on the grant of hotel, club and certain other licences in respect of premises in the Kings Cross precinct and the Oxford Street–Darlinghurst precinct to the Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct and to make the freeze in the Kings Cross precinct, Oxford Street–Darlinghurst precinct and Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct extend to 2 years after the date of assent to the proposed Act, and
- (d) to enable periodic licence fees to be levied for licences under the Principal Act, and
- (e) to preclude bottle shops and other take-away of alcohol for consumption venues from trading anywhere in New South Wales after 10 pm, and
- (f) to suspend the operation of the Responsible Service of Alcohol online training course trial.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Liquor Act 2007 No 90

Schedule 1 [28] inserts proposed Division 4 into Part 6 (Miscellaneous offences and regulatory controls) of the Principal Act to achieve the object described in paragraph (a) of the Overview.

Proposed section 116C enables the regulations to declare land (other than land in the existing Kings Cross precinct) described in the regulations to be a prescribed precinct for the purposes of the Principal Act.

Proposed section 116I authorises the regulations to impose specific licence conditions relating to premises in a prescribed precinct. The conditions that may be prescribed include matters such as prohibiting or restricting the use of glass containers on licensed premises, excluding specified classes of persons from licensed premises and various measures relating to the responsible service of alcohol and public safety. Breach of such a condition may be prescribed as a prescribed offence for the purposes of 3 strike disciplinary action (**Schedule 1** [29]).

Proposed sections 116D–116H enable the making of banning orders and make provision for an ID scanner system and patron ID scanning along the lines of provisions of the Principal Act making provision for these matters in the Kings Cross precinct. However, temporary banning orders will be able to be made both in the Kings Cross precinct and in a prescribed precinct to prohibit a person from entering or remaining in licensed premises not only in the precinct in which the orders are made but also in a specified adjacent precinct.

Schedule 1 [1], [2], [19], [22]–[27] and [29]–[32] make consequential amendments, including amendments to make provisions applicable in the Kings Cross precinct comparable to those to apply in a prescribed precinct (for example, failure to comply with a long-term banning order will incur a maximum penalty of 100 (instead of 50) penalty units).

Schedule 1 [10]–[13] amend the Principal Act and **Schedule 2** [16] amends the Principal Regulation to achieve the object described in paragraph (c) of the Overview above.

Schedule 1 [18] inserts proposed Division 2A into Part 4 (Licensing procedures and related matters) of the Principal Act to achieve the object described in paragraph (d) of the Overview above.

Proposed section 58A provides that a periodic licence fee is payable for each licence. It applies while the licence is in force or under suspension. The periodic licence fee is payable in the amounts and on the due dates prescribed by the regulations under the Principal Act. The regulations may also deal with the time for payment of the fees (including payment of different elements of the fee at different times), penalties for late payment of the fees, the circumstances in which such a fee, or a proportion of such a fee, may be re-assessed, waived or refunded and information to be provided to the Director-General of the Department of Trade and Investment, Regional Infrastructure and Services (the *Director-General*) for the purpose of calculating such a fee. A periodic licence fee (or an element of a periodic licence fee) is to be determined by reference to matters including, but not limited to the following:

- (a) the location of the relevant licensed premises,
- (b) the trading hours of the licensed premises,
- (c) the patron capacity of the licensed premises,
- (d) offences committed at or in relation to the licensed premises,
- (e) compliance by the licensee with the requirements of the Principal Act or any other Act with respect to the licensed premises,
- (f) the number of packaged liquor licences held by the same person, or in which the same person (other than a financial institution) is interested in the business, or profits of the business, carried on under the licences, or both.

Proposed section 58B provides for a scheme of automatic suspension and cancellation of licences for late payment or non-payment of periodic licence fees. If the periodic licence fee payable for a licence has not been paid before the expiration of 28 days after the due date for payment, the licence is suspended. If, during the period of 28 days after the licence has been suspended, the periodic licence fee is paid, the suspension is lifted. However, if the periodic licence fee payable for the licence is not paid before the expiration of that 28 day period, the licence is cancelled.

Proposed section 58C provides for a scheme for the reinstatement of such cancelled licences.

Schedule 1 [15]–[17] make consequential amendments to enable a licensee to apply to the Director-General to impose conditions on a licence including, but not limited to, conditions prohibiting the sale or supply of liquor on the licensed premises before 10 am or after 11 pm (or both) and conditions restricting the trading hours of, and public access to the licensed premises.

Schedule 1 [3]–[9] and [14] amend the Principal Act to achieve the object described in paragraph (e) of the Overview above.

Schedule 1 [20] and [21] amend the Principal Act so that it will not be an offence under sections 103 and 104, respectively, to keep bar areas open for purposes permitted by the regulations (other than sale or supply of liquor) during shut down or cessation of service of alcohol periods or for a person to be in a bar during such a period.

Schedule 1 [33] enables regulations of a savings or transitional nature to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 [34] inserts savings and transitional provisions. **Proposed clause 47** provides for review of the lock out provisions and cessation of service at 3 am provisions proposed to be inserted in the Principal Regulation as soon as possible after the end of the period of 2 years following the date of assent to the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 [35] amends Schedule 4 to the Principal Act so that the lock out period under clause 3 of that Schedule applying to declared premises to which a level 1 licence relates will commence at 1.30 am (instead of 2 am).

Schedule 2 Amendment of Liquor Regulation 2008

Schedule 2 [15] and [17] amend the Principal Regulation to achieve the object described in paragraph (b) of the Overview above. Proposed clause 53V and Schedule 1A declare an area to be a prescribed precinct called the "Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct". Proposed Division 2 of Part 5B sets out the special licence conditions applicable to licensed premises in the precinct. The special licence conditions require a "lock out" of patrons after 1.30 am and cessation of service of alcohol at 3 am on certain licensed premises. Provision is also made for the giving of exemptions.

Schedule 2 [2] inserts proposed clause 3A into the Principal Regulation to enable the Director-General to declare high risk day periods in respect of specified licensed premises. Proposed clause 53X (4) (**Schedule 2 [15]**) enables provisions of Division 2 of proposed Part 5B to be applied to licensed premises to which they would otherwise not apply on such a day.

Schedule 2 [6] amends clause 49A of the Principal Regulation to achieve the object described in paragraph (f) of the Overview above.

Schedule 2 [1], [3]–[5] and [7]–[13] make consequential amendments and amendments to update provisions applicable to the Kings Cross precinct and to extend the new lock out provisions and cessation of liquor sales provisions to that precinct.

Schedule 2 [14] adds the names of the organisations "Brothers for Life" and "Outlaws" to the list of names set out in clause 53K of the Principal Regulation that if displayed by a person requires exclusion of the person from certain licensed premises.

Schedule 3 Other amendments

Schedule 3.1 amends the *Gaming and Liquor Administration Act 2007* to make a consequential amendment providing for review of decisions declaring premises to be a high risk venue under proposed section 116B of the Principal Act (**Schedule 1 [28]**).

Schedule 3.2 amends the *Gaming Machines Regulation 2010* to make a consequential amendment to enable approved gaming machines in a hotel to continue to be operated during the period after 3 am in which the Principal Act requires there to be a cessation of liquor sales.



New South Wales

Liquor Amendment Bill 2014

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New South Wales

Liquor Amendment Bill 2014

No , 2014

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Liquor Act 2007* and the *Liquor Regulation 2008* to enable certain areas to be declared to be prescribed precincts in which licensed premises are subject to regulatory conditions; to enable periodic licence fees to be levied; and for other purposes.

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Nam	e of Act	2
		This Act is the Liquor Amendment Act 2014.	3
2	Com	mencement	4
	(1)	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act, except as provided by subsection (2)	5 6
	(2)	So much of Schedule 1 [28] as inserts sections 116G and 116H into the <i>Liquor Act</i> 2007 commences on a day to be appointed by proclamation.	7 8

Scl	nedule 1	Δ	Amendment of Liquor Act 2007 No 90	1
[1]	Section 4 I	Definit	tions	2
	Omit parag	raph (c) from the definition of <i>manager</i> in section 4 (1).	3
	Insert inste	ad:		4
		(c)	in the case of a high risk venue within the meaning of section 116AA or 116B—a person appointed by the licensee, in accordance with licence conditions imposed by the regulations under section 116A or 116I, respectively, to be present in the venue in accordance with those conditions.	5 6 7 8 9
[2]	Section 4	(1)		10
	Insert in alp	phabeti	ical order:	11
		preso	cribed precinct—see section 116C.	12
[3]	Section 12	Stand	dard trading period for certain licensed premises	13
	Omit parag	raph (d) from the note to section 12 (1).	14
[4]	Section 12	(1B) a	and (1C)	15
	Insert after	section	n 12 (1A):	16
	(1B)		pite subsection (1) (a), the <i>standard trading period</i> for premises to which subsection applies ends at 10 pm.	17 18
	(1C)	Subs	section (1B) applies to the following premises or part of premises:	19
		(a)	if the primary purpose of the business carried on on licensed premises to which a packaged liquor licence relates is the sale or supply of liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises—the licensed premises,	20 21 22 23
		(b)	if the primary purpose of the business carried on on licensed premises to which a packaged liquor licence relates is not the sale or supply of liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises—the part of the premises that is a liquor sales area (within the meaning of section 30) of the licensed premises,	24 25 26 27 28
		(c)	if a hotel licence, club licence, on-premises licence or producer/wholesaler licence authorises the licensee to sell liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises—any part of the licensed premises to the extent that it is used for that purpose.	29 30 31 32
[5]	Section 14	Autho	orisation conferred by hotel licence	33
	Insert after	section	n 14 (4):	34
	(4A)		extended trading authorisation must not authorise the sale after 10 pm on day of liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises.	35 36
[6]	Section 18	Autho	orisation conferred by club licence	37
	Insert after	section	n 18 (3):	38
	(3A)		extended trading authorisation must not authorise the sale after 10 pm on day of liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises.	39 40

[7]	Section 26 in special	Autho	orisation to sell liquor for consumption away from licensed premises instances	1
	Insert after	sectio	n 26 (3):	3
	(3A)		authorisation under this section must not authorise the sale after 10 pm on day of liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises.	4
[8]	Section 29	9 Auth	orisation conferred by packaged liquor licence	6
	Omit "mid	lnight"	from section 29 (1) (b). Insert instead "10 pm".	7
[9]	Section 29	9 (3A)		8
	Insert after	sectio	n 29 (3):	g
	(3A)		extended trading authorisation must not authorise the sale after 10 pm on day of liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises.	10 11
[10]	Section 4	7A Def	initions	12
	Omit the d	efinitio	on of <i>freeze period</i> from section 47A (1). Insert instead:	13
		freez	ze period means:	14
		(a)	for the Kings Cross precinct or a precinct described in Schedule 5—the period:	15 16
			(i) commencing on 1 October 2009, and	17
			(ii) ending on the day that is 2 years after the date of assent to the <i>Liquor Amendment Act 2014</i> , and	18 19
		(b)	for a prescribed precinct or part of a prescribed precinct—the period starting on the date prescribed by the regulations and ending on the date so prescribed.	20 21 22
[11]	Section 47	7A (1),	definition of "freeze precinct"	23
	Insert ", a	prescri	bed precinct" after "Kings Cross precinct".	24
[12]	Section 4	7AB		25
	Insert after	section	n 47AA:	26
4	7AB Prei	mises	excluded by regulations	27
		class	Division does not apply to or in respect of specified subject premises, or ses of subject premises, prescribed by the regulations that are situated in a cribed precinct.	28 29 30
[13]	Section 4	7l Rest	rictions on granting development consent in relation to subject	31 32
	Omit the d	efinitio	on of <i>relevant introduction date</i> from section 47I (9). Insert instead:	33
		relev	vant introduction date means the following:	34
		(a)	except as provided by paragraph (b)—the date on which the Bill for the <i>Liquor Amendment (Temporary Licence Freeze) Act 2009</i> was introduced into the Legislative Assembly,	35 36 37
		(b)	in relation to an application for development consent with respect to subject premises in a prescribed precinct or part of a prescribed precinct—the date on which the Bill for the <i>Liquor Amendment Act</i> 2014 was introduced into the Legislative Assembly.	38 39 40 41

[14]	Sect	ion 49	Exte	nded tr	ading authorisation	1
	Omi	t sectio	n 49 ((4) (b).		2
[15]	Sect	ion 54	Direc	ctor-Ge	neral may impose, vary or revoke licence conditions	3
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 54 (1):	4
	(1	IAA)	of th	ne kind nce rela	or-General may, on application by the licensee, impose conditions imposed on a licence under section 116A or 116I in respect of a ating to premises in the Kings Cross precinct or a prescribed spectively. Subsection (3) does not apply to such an application.	5 6 7 8
[16]	Sect	ion 54	(2) (b) (iii)		9
	Inser	t at the	e end	of section	on 54 (2) (b) (ii):	10
					or	11
				(iii)	relating to licensed premises situated wholly or partly in the Kings Cross precinct or a prescribed precinct,	12 13
[17]	Sect	ion 54	(2A)	and (2	3)	14
	Inser	t after	sectio	n 54 (2):	15
		(2A)	An a	applicat	ion by a licensee under subsection (1AA) or (2) must:	16
			(a)	be m	ade in the form and manner approved by the Director-General, and	17
			(b)	be ac	companied by the fee prescribed by the regulations, and	18
			(c)		ccompanied by such information and particulars as may be ribed by the regulations, and	19 20
			(d)	if re	quired by the regulations to be advertised—be advertised in rdance with the regulations, and	21 22
			(e)		bly with such other requirements as may be imposed by the etor-General or prescribed by the regulations.	23 24
		(2B)			ions may provide for the waiver, remittance or postponed payment e or any part of a fee payable under subsection (2A) (b).	25 26
[18]	Part	4, Div	ision	2A		27
	Inser	t after	Divis	ion 2 of	Part 4:	28
	Divi	ision	2A	Peri	odic licence fees	29
	58A	Peri	odic li	icence	fee	30
		(1)	the l	icence	licence fee is payable to the Director-General for a licence while is in force or under suspension and is so payable on each due date by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	31 32 33
		(2)			s may be made prescribing the periodic licence fees payable under and for and with respect to:	34 35
			(a)		s for payment of the fees (including payment of different elements e fees at different times), and	36 37
			(b)	pena	lties for late payment of the fees, and	38
			(c)		ircumstances in which the fee, or a proportion of such a fee, may -assessed, waived or refunded, and	39 40
			(d)		mation to be provided to the Director-General for the purpose of lating the fee.	41 42

	(3)	perio	regulations may provide that a periodic licence fee (or an element of a odic licence fee) is to be determined by reference to matters including, but imited to the following:	1 2 3
		(a)	the location of the relevant licensed premises,	4
		(b)	the trading hours of the licensed premises,	5
		(c)	the patron capacity of the licensed premises,	6
		(d)	offences committed at or in relation to the licensed premises,	7
		(e)	compliance by the licensee with the requirements of this or any other Act with respect to the licensed premises,	9
		(f)	the number of packaged liquor licences held by the same person, or in which the same person (other than a financial institution) is interested in the business, or profits of the business, carried on under the licences, or both.	10 11 12 13
	(4)		the purposes of subsection (3), a person is interested in the business, or the its of the business, carried on under the licence if the person is entitled to ve:	14 15 16
		(a)	any income derived from the business, or any other financial benefit or financial advantage from the carrying on of the business (whether the entitlement arises at law or in equity or otherwise), or	17 18 19
		(b)	any rent, profit or other income in connection with the use or occupation of premises on which the business is to be carried on.	20 21
58B	Sus	oensio	on and cancellation for late payment of periodic licence fee	22
	(1)	expii	e periodic licence fee payable for a licence has not been paid before the ration of 28 days after the due date for payment as provided by the lations, the licence is suspended.	23 24 25
	(2)		uring the period of 28 days after the licence has been suspended, the odic licence fee is paid, the suspension is lifted.	26 27
	(3)	expii	ever, if the periodic licence fee payable for a licence is not paid before the ration of the 28 day period after the licence is suspended, the licence is elled on the expiration of the period.	28 29 30
58C	App	licatio	n for reinstatement of cancelled licence	31
	(1)		following persons may apply to the Director-General for the reinstatement licence cancelled by the operation of section 58B:	32 33
		(a)	the former holder of the licence,	34
		(b)	any other person (other than a financial institution) who is interested in the business, or the profits of the business, carried on under the licence.	35 36
	(2)		an application may only be made within 56 days after the cancellation of icence.	37 38
	(3)	An a	pplication under this section must:	39
		(a)	be made in the form and manner approved by the Director-General, and	40
		(b)	be accompanied by:	41
			(i) the unpaid periodic licence fee concerned, and	42
			(ii) the late payment fee prescribed by the regulations, and	43
			(iii) the application fee prescribed by the regulations (if any) and	44

		(c)	prescribed by the regulations, and	2
		(d)	comply with such other requirements as may be imposed by the Director-General or prescribed by the regulations.	3
	(4)	satisfi	Director-General may reinstate the licence if the Director-General is ited that there is a reasonable explanation for the failure to pay the dic licence fee.	5 6 7
	(5)	contir	ncelled licence that is reinstated under this section is to take effect and nue in force as if the licence had been suspended during the period of ellation.	9 10
	(6)	a fee	lations may be made for and with respect to the circumstances in which that accompanies an application under this section, or a proportion of a fee, may be waived or refunded.	11 12 13
	(7)		ne purposes of subsection (1), a person is interested in the business, or the is of the business, carried on under a licence if the person is entitled to we:	14 15 16
		(a)	any income derived from the business, or any other financial benefit or financial advantage from the carrying on of the business (whether the entitlement arises at law or in equity or otherwise), or	17 18 19
		(b)	any rent, profit or other income in connection with the use or occupation of premises on which the business is carried on.	20 21
	(8)	relatio	ons 23 (2) and 28 (2) of the <i>Gaming Machines Act 2001</i> do not apply in on to a licence that has been cancelled by the operation of section 58B einstated under this section.	22 23 24
[19]	Section 91	Resno	onsibilities and liabilities in relation to licensed premises	25
ניטן		ixespe	moisinuos ana nasinuos in rolation to noonesa promisso	20
[10]		-	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A).	26
[10]	Omit "secti	on 116.	·	
[20]	Omit "secti Insert instea	on 116. ad "sec	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A).	26
	Omit "secti Insert insteat Section 10 Insert "or a	on 116. ad "sect 3 Closi bar are	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A). tions 116A (2) (i) and 116I (2) (i)".	26 27
	Omit "secti Insert insteat Section 10 Insert "or a the sale or s	on 116. ad "sect 3 Closi bar are supply of	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A). tions 116A (2) (i) and 116I (2) (i)". ing of certain hotel and bottle shop areas ea permitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than	26 27 28 29
[20]	Omit "section Insert instead Section 10. Insert "or a the sale or section 10. Insert "or is	on 116. ad "sect 3 Closi bar are supply of	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A). tions 116A (2) (i) and 116I (2) (i)". ing of certain hotel and bottle shop areas ea permitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than of alcoholic drinks at that time" after "paragraph (b)" in section 103 (1).	26 27 28 29 30
[20]	Omit "section Insert instead Section 10. Insert "or a the sale or section 10. Insert "or is sale or supp	on 116. ad "second are supply of the supply	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A). tions 116A (2) (i) and 116I (2) (i)". ing of certain hotel and bottle shop areas ea permitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than of alcoholic drinks at that time" after "paragraph (b)" in section 103 (1). on in bar area or certain other areas of hotel outside trading hours ermitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than the	26 27 28 29 30 31 32
[20] [21]	Omit "section Insert instead Section 10. Insert "or a the sale or section 10. Insert "or is sale or suppose Section 11. Insert "or a section 11. Insert "or a section 11.	on 116. ad "second are supply of a long are supply of a long are supply of a long and a long are supply of a long and adjantantial and adjantantial and adjantantial and adjantantial and adjantantial and a long a l	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A). tions 116A (2) (i) and 116I (2) (i)". ing of certain hotel and bottle shop areas a permitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than of alcoholic drinks at that time" after "paragraph (b)" in section 103 (1). on in bar area or certain other areas of hotel outside trading hours ermitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than the leoholic drinks at that time" after "liquor" in section 104 (1) (a).	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
[20] [21]	Omit "secti Insert insteat Section 10. Insert "or a the sale or s Section 10. Insert "or is sale or supp Section 11. Insert "or a premises in Section 11.	on 116. ad "sect 3 Closi bar are supply of 4 Perse s not pe bly of a 6AA In an adja section	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A). tions 116A (2) (i) and 116I (2) (i)". ing of certain hotel and bottle shop areas ea permitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than of alcoholic drinks at that time" after "paragraph (b)" in section 103 (1). on in bar area or certain other areas of hotel outside trading hours ermitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than the lcoholic drinks at that time" after "liquor" in section 104 (1) (a). exterpretation execute precinct after "precinct" in the definition of relevant licensed	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
[20] [21] [22]	Omit "section Insert instead Section 10. Insert "or a the sale or section 10. Insert "or is sale or suppose Section 11. Insert "or a premises in Section 11. precinct ar Insert "in the section 11.	on 116. ad "secion are supply of a section adjace King and the section are king are King and adjace king adjace king adjace king adjace king and adjace king adjace king adjace king adjace king adjace king a	A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A). tions 116A (2) (i) and 116I (2) (i)". ing of certain hotel and bottle shop areas ea permitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than of alcoholic drinks at that time" after "paragraph (b)" in section 103 (1). on in bar area or certain other areas of hotel outside trading hours ermitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than the lcoholic drinks at that time" after "liquor" in section 104 (1) (a). exterpretation accent precinct" after "precinct" in the definition of relevant licensed in 116AA (1).	262 277 288 299 300 311 322 333 344 353 366 377
[20] [21] [22]	Omit "section Insert instead Section 10. Insert "or a the sale or section 10. Insert "or is sale or suppose Section 11. Insert "or a premises in Section 11. precinct ar Insert "in the section 11.	on 116. ad "sect ad "sect as Closi bar are supply of 4 Perso s not pe bly of a 6AA In an adja section 6AD Te and adja and King hs (a), (A (2) (i)" from section 91 (1A). tions 116A (2) (i) and 116I (2) (i)". ing of certain hotel and bottle shop areas ea permitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than of alcoholic drinks at that time" after "paragraph (b)" in section 103 (1). on in bar area or certain other areas of hotel outside trading hours ermitted by the regulations to be used solely for purposes other than the lcoholic drinks at that time" after "liquor" in section 104 (1) (a). Interpretation Interpretation Interpretation after "precinct" in the definition of relevant licensed in 116AA (1). Interpretation after "precinct" in the definition of relevant licensed in 116AA (1). Interpretation after "relevant licensed premises in Kings Cross incent precincts Interpretation after "relevant licensed premises" wherever occurring (b) and (c) of section 116AD (1).	262 277 288 299 300 311 322 333 344 358 360 373 383 383

[25]	Sect	ion 11	6AD (6)	1
	Inser after	t "in th "prem	the Kings Cross precinct and any other adjacent precinct specified in the order" ises".	2
[26]	Sect	ion 11	6AE Long-term banning orders—high risk venues	4
	Omit	"50 pc	enalty units" from section 116AE (9).	5
	Inser	t instea	nd "100 penalty units".	6
[27]	Sect	ion 11	6A Regulatory controls for licensed premises in the Kings Cross precinct	7
			luding in circumstances or at times otherwise permitted by or under this Act)" in section 116A (2) (c).	8 9
[28]	Part	6, Divi	sion 4	10
	Inser	t after	Division 3 of Part 6:	11
	Divi	sion	4 Prescribed precincts	12
1	116B	Inter	pretation	13
		(1)	In this Division:	14
			high risk venue—see subsection (2).	15
			<i>long-term banning order</i> means an order under section 116G.	16
			<i>prescribed precinct</i> means a precinct prescribed by the regulations under section 116C.	17 18
			relevant licensed premises means any licensed premises situated in a prescribed precinct or precinct adjacent to a prescribed precinct, but does not include a licensed restaurant that is not authorised to trade after midnight on any day of the week unless it is a high risk venue.	19 20 21 22
			<i>temporary banning order</i> means an order under section 116F.	23
		(2)	A <i>high risk venue</i> is a venue situated in a prescribed precinct comprising:	24
			(a) licensed premises:	25
			(i) on which liquor may be sold for consumption on the premises, and	26 27
			(ii) that are authorised to trade after midnight at least once a week on a regular basis, and	28 29
			(iii) that have a patron capacity (as determined by the Director-General) of more than 120 patrons, or	30 31
			(b) licensed premises specified by, or of a class specified by, the regulations, or	32 33
			(c) licensed premises that are designated by the Director-General under subsection (4).	34 35
		(3)	The regulations may create exceptions to subsection (2) (a).	36
		(4)	The Director-General may, with the concurrence of the Commissioner of Police, designate any specified licensed premises (or licensed premises of a specified class) in a prescribed precinct as a high risk venue if the Director-General is satisfied that there is a significant degree of alcohol-related violence or other anti-social behaviour associated with the premises.	37 38 39 40 41 42

(5) The designation of licensed premises as a high risk venue is to be made by 1 order in writing given to the licensee. Any such order takes effect on the date 2 specified in the order (being a date that is not earlier than 6 weeks from the date 3 the order is given). 4 Note. A decision of the Director-General to designate licensed premises as a high risk 5 venue is reviewable by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority under the 6 Gaming and Liquor Administration Act 2007—see section 36A of that Act. 116C Prescribed precincts 8 The regulations may declare an area described in the regulations to be a 9 *prescribed precinct* for the purposes of this Act. 10 An area within the Kings Cross precinct may not be declared to be a prescribed (2) 11 precinct. 12 A reference in this Act to premises situated in a prescribed precinct includes a (3) 13 reference to premises: 14 that front or back onto, or abut, any street or part of a street within the 15 prescribed precinct (other than premises situated in the Kings Cross 16 17 (b) that can be entered from any such street or part, or 18 that the regulations declare to be situated in the prescribed precinct. (c) 19 (4) An area may be declared to be a prescribed precinct by reference to a map 20 signed by the Minister and deposited in the Office of Liquor, Gaming and 21 Racing. 22 Any such maps are to be kept and made available for public access in (5) 23 accordance with arrangements approved by the Minister. 24 116D Prescribed precinct ID scanner system 25 The *prescribed precinct ID scanner system* is an integrated database system 26 that is approved by the Director-General and that consists of the following: 27 the identification details of those persons who are the subject of a 28 temporary or long-term banning order (together with the period for 29 which any such order is in force), 30 any information that has been scanned and recorded by patron ID 31 scanners operating in high risk venues, 32 (c) any associated equipment (including the patron ID scanners linked to 33 the system). 34 (2) The Director-General may, with the concurrence of the Commissioner of 35 Police, approve a person or body to operate the prescribed precinct ID scanner 36 system. A person or body may not be approved if the person or body is a close 37 associate of a licensee or has any interest, whether financial or otherwise, in 38 the business carried on under a licence. 39 (3) The approval of a person or body to operate the system is subject to such 40 conditions as the Director-General considers appropriate (including 41 conditions relating to the disposal and retention of information held in the 42 system) and may be revoked at any time by the Director-General. The 43 conditions of approval may be varied at any time by the Director-General. 44

(4)		out limiting subsection (3), the conditions of any such approval are taken lude the following:	1 2
	(a)	any information held in the system must not be transferred to any place outside of Australia except New Zealand,	3 4
	(b)	information must not be held in the system for more than 30 days after it is collected except:	5 6
		(i) in the case of information relating to a person who is the subject of a long-term banning order (in which case the information may be held in the system for the period that the order is in force), or	7 8 9
		(ii) in such other cases as may be authorised by the Director-General at the request of the Commissioner of Police,	10 11
	(c)	if the approved system provider is not an organisation within the meaning of the <i>Privacy Act 1988</i> of the Commonwealth—the provider must ensure that the provider is treated as an organisation for the purposes of that Act,	12 13 14 15
	(d)	the approved system provider must comply with the requirements of the <i>Privacy Act 1988</i> of the Commonwealth with respect to the protection of any personal information held by the provider,	16 17 18
	(e)	the approved system provider must comply with a request by the Commissioner of Police to dispose of any information held by the provider,	19 20 21
	(f)	if the prescribed precinct ID scanner system fails for any reason, the approved system provider must:(i) immediately notify the local police, and	22 23 24
		(ii) comply with a contingency protocol, as approved by the Director-General, for ID scanner system failure.	25 26
High	risk v		
High		Director-General, for ID scanner system failure.	26
_	Patro	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning	26 27
_	Patro	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning n photo IDs to be scanned	26 27 28
_	Patro The l	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning in photo IDs to be scanned icence for a high risk venue is subject to the following conditions:	26 27 28 29
_	Patro The l	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning n photo IDs to be scanned icence for a high risk venue is subject to the following conditions: a person must not be permitted to enter the venue as a patron unless: (i) the person produces to a staff member a form of identification containing a photograph of the person and the person's	26 27 28 29 30 31 32
_	Patro The l	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning in photo IDs to be scanned deence for a high risk venue is subject to the following conditions: a person must not be permitted to enter the venue as a patron unless: (i) the person produces to a staff member a form of identification containing a photograph of the person and the person's identification details (photo ID), and (ii) the photo ID is scanned by a staff member using a patron ID	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34
_	The later (a)	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning in photo IDs to be scanned feence for a high risk venue is subject to the following conditions: a person must not be permitted to enter the venue as a patron unless: (i) the person produces to a staff member a form of identification containing a photograph of the person and the person's identification details (photo ID), and (ii) the photo ID is scanned by a staff member using a patron ID scanner, a person must be refused admission to the venue as a patron if the	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
_	The later (a)	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning in photo IDs to be scanned decence for a high risk venue is subject to the following conditions: a person must not be permitted to enter the venue as a patron unless: (i) the person produces to a staff member a form of identification containing a photograph of the person and the person's identification details (photo ID), and (ii) the photo ID is scanned by a staff member using a patron ID scanner, a person must be refused admission to the venue as a patron if the person:	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
_	The later (a)	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning in photo IDs to be scanned deence for a high risk venue is subject to the following conditions: a person must not be permitted to enter the venue as a patron unless: (i) the person produces to a staff member a form of identification containing a photograph of the person and the person's identification details (photo ID), and (ii) the photo ID is scanned by a staff member using a patron ID scanner, a person must be refused admission to the venue as a patron if the person: (i) chooses not to produce his or her photo ID to a staff member, or	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38
_	The land (a)	Director-General, for ID scanner system failure. enues—licence conditions relating to ID scanning n photo IDs to be scanned icence for a high risk venue is subject to the following conditions: a person must not be permitted to enter the venue as a patron unless: (i) the person produces to a staff member a form of identification containing a photograph of the person and the person's identification details (photo ID), and (ii) the photo ID is scanned by a staff member using a patron ID scanner, a person must be refused admission to the venue as a patron if the person: (i) chooses not to produce his or her photo ID to a staff member, or (ii) is subject to a temporary or long-term banning order, the use of a patron ID scanner as required by this section (including the procedures for scanning and the time of use) must comply with such requirements as are approved by the Director-General and notified to	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42

116E

	(f)	if any patron ID scanner used in the venue fails for any reason, the licensee must:	1 2
		(i) immediately notify the local police, and	3
		(ii) comply with a contingency protocol, as approved by the Director-General, for patron ID scanner failure.	4 5
(2)	enter	section (1) (a) (ii) does not require a person to be refused permission to a high risk venue if, at that time, each patron ID scanner in the venue is working because of scanner or system failure.	6 7 8
(3)	Prod	lucing false ID to enter high risk venue	9
	ident offer perso		10 11 12 13
		imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	14
(4)		acy protection	15
		a condition of the licence for a high risk venue that the licensee must:	16
	(a)	if the licensee is not an organisation within the meaning of the <i>Privacy Act 1988</i> of the Commonwealth—ensure that the licensee is treated as an organisation for the purposes of that Act, and	17 18 19
	(b)	comply with the requirements of that Act with respect to the protection of any personal information recorded by a patron ID scanner operating in the venue.	20 21 22
(5)	It is a	also a condition of the licence for a high risk venue that the licensee:	23
	(a)	prepares and implements a privacy management plan relating to the use of patron ID scanners in the venue, and	24 25
	(b)	prepares and implements a privacy policy containing information for patrons about the use of patron ID scanners in the venue and the procedures for ensuring that the privacy of patrons is protected and for making complaints about breaches of privacy, and	26 27 28 29
	(c)	ensures that the privacy policy for the venue is made available for inspection by any person who requests to see it, and	30 31
	(d)	ensures that an outline of the privacy policy is displayed at or near any public entrance to the venue in a manner that enables patrons to be alerted to its contents immediately before being required to produce a photo ID, and	32 33 34 35
	(e)	without limiting any requirement under the <i>Privacy Act 1988</i> of the Commonwealth, ensures that any written complaint by a patron about a breach of privacy is, within 14 days of the complaint being made to the licensee or a staff member, notified to the Director-General.	36 37 38 39
(6)	a lice Prive police this	privacy management plan and privacy policy required to be prepared by ensee under this section must, without limiting any requirement under the acy Act 1988 of the Commonwealth, adopt or comply with a plan and by approved by a local liquor accord in force under Division 1 of Part 8 of Act in conjunction with the relevant industry association for the licensee applying to the area in which the licensed premises are situated.	40 41 42 43 44 45

116F		porary banning orders—licensed premises in prescribed precinct and cent precincts	1
	(1)	licensed premises in the prescribed precinct and in any other adjacent precinct specified in the order, for the period (not exceeding 48 hours) specified in the	3 4 5 6 7 8
	(2)		9 10
		Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 to leave relevant licensed premises in the prescribed precinct or a public place in the	11 12 13 14
		being required to do so under section 77 (4) because the person is	15 16 17
			18 19
	(3)	officer is satisfied that the conduct of the person which resulted in the person being required to leave (or being refused admission to) the licensed premises or other public place concerned is likely to continue and cause a public nuisance or risk to public safety in the prescribed precinct and in any other	20 21 22 23 24 25
	(4)	A temporary banning order:	26
			27 28
		(b) must specify the grounds on which it is given.	29
	(5)	attempt to enter or remain on any relevant licensed premises in the prescribed precinct or any other adjacent precinct specified in the order during the period specified in the order.	30 31 32 33
116G	Long	g-term banning orders—high risk venues	35
	(1)	a person from entering or remaining on any high risk venue for such period	36 37 38
	(2)		39 40
	(3)		41 42
		(a) has been charged with, or found guilty of, a serious indictable offence involving alcohol-related violence (whether or not the offence was	43 44 45
			46 47

	(4)	The Authority may not make a long-term banning order unless the person the subject of the proposed order has been given notice of the application for the order and has been given a reasonable opportunity to make submissions to the Authority in relation to the application.	1 2 3 4
	(5)	In deciding whether to make a long-term banning order on the ground that a person has been given 3 temporary banning orders, the Authority may take into consideration the circumstances that resulted in the person being given those orders.	5 6 7 8
	(6)	A long-term banning order takes effect on the date specified by the Authority in the order. Notice of the making of the order is to be given to the person who is the subject of the order, but failure to give notice does not affect the operation of the order if a reasonable attempt has been made to notify the person.	9 10 11 12 13
	(7)	As soon as practicable after the Authority makes a long-term banning order, the Authority is to provide such persons or bodies (if any) as are prescribed by the regulations with the following information:	14 15 16
		(a) the name and address of the person who is the subject of the order,	17
		(b) the period that the order is in force.	18
	(8)	A person who is the subject of a long-term banning order must not enter or attempt to enter or remain on any high risk venue during the period specified in the order.	19 20 21
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	22
116H		inistrative review by Civil and Administrative Tribunal of long-term ning orders	23 24
	(1)	A person who is the subject of a long-term banning order may apply to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an administrative review under the <i>Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997</i> of the Authority's decision to make the order.	25 26 27 28
	(2)	Section 53 of the <i>Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997</i> does not apply in relation to the Authority's decision to make a long-term banning order.	29 30
116I	Regi	ulatory controls for licensed premises in prescribed precincts	31
	(1)	The regulations may prescribe conditions to which a licence relating to premises situated in a prescribed precinct is subject.	32 33
	(2)	Without limiting the matters to which any such conditions may relate, the conditions prescribed by the regulations under this section may:	34 35
		(a) prohibit or restrict the use of glass or other breakable containers on the licensed premises, or	36 37
		(b) prohibit or restrict the sale or supply of certain types of liquor on the licensed premises (including liquor with a high alcohol content or liquor that is intended to be consumed rapidly such as a shot), or	38 39 40
		(c) prohibit or restrict the sale or supply of liquor on the licensed premises in certain circumstances or at certain times (including in circumstances or at times otherwise permitted by or under this Act), or	41 42 43
		(d) prohibit patrons from entering the licensed premises at certain times, or	44
		(e) require the implementation of security or public safety measures in respect of the licensed premises, or	45 46
		(f) require incident registers to be kept, or	47

		(g)	require the exclusion from licensed premises of persons of a specified class (including persons who are wearing any clothing or article displaying the name of, or other matter associated with, a particular organisation), or	1 2 3 4
		(h)	require the licensee of any premises situated in the prescribed precinct to contribute towards the costs associated with measures to minimise or prevent alcohol-related violence or anti-social behaviour or other alcohol-related harm in the precinct, or	5 6 7 8
		(i)	require the appointment of a person, as approved by the Director-General, who is to be present in a high risk venue during such periods, or in such circumstances, as may be specified or determined by the regulations (an <i>approved manager</i>), or	9 10 11 12
		(j)	require records to be kept of the times when an approved manager is present in a high risk venue, or	13 14
		(k)	require records to be kept of the amount of liquor sold or supplied on the licensed premises and require the production of such information.	15 16
	(3)	may,	conditions that may be prescribed by the regulations under this section, without limitation, apply to a specified class of licensed premises or to ified licensed premises.	17 18 19
	(4)	any preso prov	regulations may authorise the Director-General to exempt the licensee of premises situated in a prescribed precinct from any of the conditions cribed by the regulations under this section. The regulations may also ide that any such exemption is subject to conditions specified in the nption.	20 21 22 23 24
	(5)	Direction cond the prisk	proving a person to be present in a high risk venue as required by licence litions imposed by the regulations under subsection (2) (i), the ctor-General must, after obtaining the consent of the person concerned, luct a criminal record check in relation to the person and be satisfied that person has the experience and capacity to have responsibility for the high venue during the relevant periods. It is the duty of the Commissioner of the ce to assist in any such criminal record check.	25 26 27 28 29 30 31
	(6)	to an	conditions prescribed by the regulations under this section are in addition by other conditions to which a licence relating to premises in the prescribed inct may be subject.	32 33 34
	(7)	licen	ulations may be made under this section regardless of whether any usee who is likely to be affected by the regulation has been given an ortunity to make submissions in relation to the proposed regulation.	35 36 37
[29]	Section 14	4B De	efinitions	38
	Insert "or 4	" after	"Division 3" in paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>prescribed offence</i> .	39
[30]	Section 15	2 Evid	dentiary provisions	40
	Insert "or a	presci	ribed precinct" after "Kings Cross precinct" in section 152 (1) (n1).	41
[31]	Section 15	2 (1) (n2)	42
	Insert "or 1	16B" a	after "116AA".	43

[32]	Section 159 Regulations						
	Omi	t sectio	n 159 (2) (f1). Insert instead:	2			
			(f1) any matter relating to the operation of the Kings Cross precinct ID scanner system or a prescribed precinct ID scanner system and the use of patron ID scanners under Division 3 or 4 of Part 6,	3 4 5			
[33]	Sche	edule 1	Savings and transitional provisions	6			
	Omi	t clause	e 1 (1). Insert instead:	7			
		(1)	The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of this Act or any Act that amends this Act.	8			
[34]	Sche	edule 1	l, Part 12	10			
	Inser	t after	Part 11 of Schedule 1:	11			
	Par	t 12	Provisions consequent on enactment of Liquor Amendment Act 2014	12 13			
	42	Defir	nition	14			
			In this Part: amending Act means the Liquor Amendment Act 2014.	15 16			
	43	King	s Cross precinct	17			
		(1)	The declaration of the Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct by the regulations does not affect the application of this Act and the regulations to the Kings Cross precinct.	18 19 20			
		(2)	In particular (and without limiting subclause (1)), the provisions of this Act and the regulations that apply to premises situated within the Kings Cross precinct continue after the commencement of the amending Act to apply to premises that, immediately before the commencement of this clause, were treated by the operation of section 4A (2) as being situated within the Kings Cross precinct.	21 22 23 24 25 26			
	44	Exte	nded trading authorisations	27			
			A term of an extended trading authorisation in force immediately before the commencement of this clause in respect of a licence under section 14, 18, 26 or 29 that authorises licensed premises to sell liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises after 10 pm is taken on that commencement to have no effect.	28 29 30 31 32			
	45	Auth	orisation to sell liquor for consumption away from licensed premises	33			
			A term of an authorisation under section 26 in force immediately before the commencement of this clause that authorises licensed premises to which an on-premises licence relates to sell liquor by retail for consumption away from the licensed premises after 10 pm is taken on that commencement to have no effect.	34 35 36 37 38			

46	Crov	vn not liable for any compensation	1
	(1)	Damages or compensation are not payable by or on behalf of the Crown:	2
		(a) because of the enactment of the amending Act or the operation of the amendments made by the amending Act (including the provisions of this Part), or	3 4 5
		(b) for the consequences of that enactment or operation, or	6
		(c) because of a representation or conduct of any kind about the sale or supply of liquor on any premises or kind of premises.	7 8
	(2)	In this clause, <i>the Crown</i> means the Crown within the meaning of the <i>Crown Proceedings Act 1988</i> , and includes any employee or agent of the Crown.	9 10
47		ew of amendments relating to "lock outs" and cessation of liquor sales at in Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct	11 12
	(1)	The Minister is to appoint a person who in the opinion of the Minister possesses appropriate expertise, knowledge and skills and who is independent of the Government to review the amendments made to the <i>Liquor Regulation 2008</i> by the amending Act that relate to "lock outs" and the cessation of liquor sales at 3 am and any other provision prescribed by the regulations, to determine whether the policy objectives of those amendments remain valid and whether the terms of those amendments remain appropriate for securing those objectives, and report to the Minister.	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
	(2)	The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the end of the period of 2 years following the date of assent to the amending Act and the Minister is to report to the Premier on the outcome of the review as soon as practicable after the review is completed.	21 22 23 24
Sche	edule 4	1 Special licence conditions for declared premises	25
Omit	t "2 an	" from clause 3 (1). Insert instead "1.30 am".	26

[35]

Schedule 2

[1]	Clau	ıse 3 D	efiniti	ons	2
	Inse	rt in alp	habeti	ical order in clause 3 (1):	3
			high	risk day period—see clause 3A.	4
				or sales cessation period means the period on any day between 3 am and	5
			secti	commencement of the standard trading period referred to in on 12 (1) (a) (i) of the Act.	6 7
			comi	out period means the period on any day between 1.30 am and the mencement of the standard trading period referred to in on 12 (1) (a) (i) of the Act.	8 9 10
				ney CBD Entertainment precinct means the area of that name described chedule 1A.	11 12
			touri	ist accommodation establishment means:	13
			(a)	premises operating under an on-premises, hotel or club licence that relates to accommodation premises, and	14 15
			(b)	that provides accommodation in at least 20 rooms or self-contained suites (other than accommodation on a bed or dormitory-style basis rather than in separate rooms), and	16 17 18
			(c)	that provides beverages, meals and other associated services to temporary residents and their guests,	19 20
			prem	loes not include any tourist accommodation establishment bar area on the nises that permits entry or exit (including by way of a vestibule) directly public street.	21 22 23
			acco:	ist accommodation establishment bar area, in relation to a tourist mmodation establishment, means any part of the establishment in which or is ordinarily sold or supplied for consumption in the establishment, but not include:	24 25 26 27
			(a)	a dining area in the establishment, or	28
			(b)	any part of the establishment in which liquor is, otherwise than as authorised under section 17 (6) of the Act, sold or supplied exclusively to residents.	29 30 31
			week mear	<i>dend or holiday late trading period</i> , in relation to subject premises, as:	32 33
			(a)	the period between midnight on any Friday, Saturday or public holiday night or night before a public holiday and such later time at which the premises are required to cease trading, or	34 35 36
			(b)	in the case of premises that are not required to cease trading at any time after midnight on any Friday, Saturday or public holiday night or night before a public holiday—the period between midnight on any Friday, Saturday or public holiday night or night before a public holiday and 7 am, or	37 38 39 40 41
			(c)	a high risk day period.	42
[2]	P] Clause 3A				43
	Insert after clause 3:				44
	3A	High	risk c	day period	45
		(1)	decla	Director-General may by order published on the NSW legislation website are a period on a specified day or part-day in a particular year to be a <i>high day period</i> .	46 47 48

Amendment of Liquor Regulation 2008

	(2)	The order can declare a high risk day period for the whole of a precinct or for a specified part of a precinct and for a specified venue, or class of venues, within such a precinct or part of a precinct.	1 2 3
	(3)	An order declaring a high risk day period may only be made if the Director-General is satisfied that there is a risk that a significant degree of alcohol-related violence or other anti-social behaviour associated with the day will occur in the precinct, part precinct or venue or venues concerned on that day.	4 5 6 7 8
	(4)	Notice in writing of an order declaring a high risk day period for a specified venue or class of venues must be given to the licensees of the venues concerned at least 28 days before the high risk day period.	9 10 11
	(5)	The Director-General may by order published on the NSW legislation website cancel a high risk day period declared under this clause.	12 13
	(6)	An order under subclause (1) or (5) must be published at least 21 days before the high risk day period.	14 15
[3]	Clause 39A recognised	AA Kings Cross and prescribed precincts—suspension or revocation of discompetency cards	16 17
		ne Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct" after "Kings Cross precinct" wherever in clause 39AA (1) and (3).	18 19
[4]	Clause 39	AA (6)	20
	Omit "Adm	ninistrative Decisions Tribunal for a review".	21
		ad "Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an administrative review under the tive Decisions Review Act 1997".	22 23
[5]	Clause 39	AA (7)	24
	Omit "Adm	inistrative Decisions Tribunal Act 1997".	25
	Insert instea	ad "Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997".	26
[6]	Clause 49	A Additional approval to provide an approved RSA training course online	27
		clause 49A (5):	28
	(6)	The operation of this clause is suspended on and from the commencement of this subclause (the <i>suspension period</i>).	29 30
	(7)	For the duration of the suspension period:	31
		(a) any additional approval granted before the commencement of the suspension period is suspended, and	32 33
		(b) no application may be made, or approval granted, for an additional approval.	34 35
	(8)	The suspension of the operation of this clause does not affect any recognised RSA certification issued before the commencement of the suspension period.	36 37
	(9)	Despite subclause (7), a person who has successfully completed an approved RSA training course online before the commencement of the suspension period may be granted recognised RSA certification as if any relevant additional approval had not been suspended by that subclause.	38 39 40 41
[7]	Clause 53E	3 Definitions	42
-	Omit the de	efinition of weekend late trading period.	43

[8]	Clauses 53C and 53D					
	Omit	the cla	auses. Insert instead:	2		
	53C	"Loc	k outs" for certain subject premises	3		
		(1)	In this clause:	4		
			<i>subject premises</i> means the following subject premises (other than a tourist accommodation establishment or a licensed restaurant):	5 6		
			(a) premises to which a hotel licence (including a general bar licence) applies,	7 8		
			(b) premises to which a club licence applies,	9		
			(c) premises to which an on-premises licence relating to a public entertainment venue (other than a cinema or theatre) or karaoke bar applies,	10 11 12		
			(d) a high risk venue within the meaning of section 116AA of the Act,	13		
			(e) declared premises to which a level 2 licence (within the meaning of Schedule 4 to the Act) relates.	14 15		
		(2)	The licensee of any subject premises must not permit patrons to enter the premises during the lock out period.	16 17		
		(3)	For the avoidance of doubt, patrons already present in the subject premises immediately before the start of the lock out period may:	18 19		
			(a) leave the premises at any time, or	20		
			(b) remain on the premises while the premises are authorised to trade,	21		
			but are not permitted to re-enter the premises during the lock out period.	22		
		(4)	This clause does not prevent a resident of the subject premises from entering the premises during the lock out period.	23 24		
	53D	Liqu	or sales cessation period	25		
		(1)	In this clause:	26		
			<i>subject premises</i> means the following subject premises (other than a tourist accommodation establishment, licensed restaurant or small bar):	27 28		
			(a) premises to which a hotel licence (including a general bar licence) applies,	29 30		
			(b) premises to which a club licence applies,	31		
			(c) premises to which an on-premises licence relating to a public entertainment venue (other than a cinema or theatre) or karaoke bar applies,	32 33 34		
			(d) a high risk venue within the meaning of section 116AA of the Act,	35		
			(e) declared premises to which a level 1 or level 2 licence (within the meaning of Schedule 4 to the Act) relates.	36 37		
		(2)	Liquor must not be sold or supplied on the subject premises in the liquor sales cessation period.	38 39		
		(3)	Subclause (2) does not in itself prevent the continued provision, or making available, of other services and facilities on the subject premises (such as food and non-alcoholic beverages, entertainment and the use of the premises for conferences or meetings and for gambling activities that are otherwise permitted on the premises).	40 41 42 43 44		

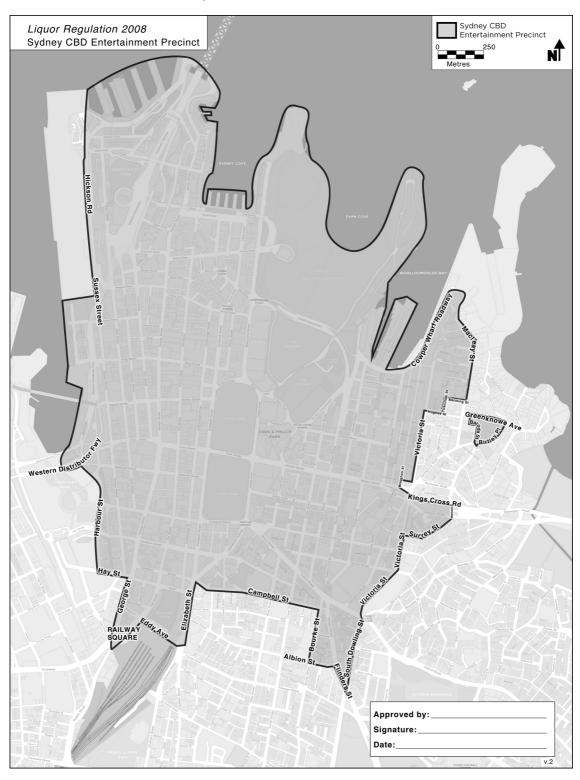
	(4)	Despite section 103 (1) of the Act, a bar area or other part of a hotel referred to in that subsection may remain open for the sale and supply of non-alcoholic beverages, or food, only during the period when liquor is not permitted to be sold or supplied under this clause.	1 2 3 4
[9]	Clause 53F or holiday	F Certain drinks and other types of liquor sales prohibited during weekend late trading period	5 6
	Insert "or h	noliday" after" weekend" wherever occurring in clause 53F (2) and (3).	7
[10]	Clause 53F	F (2) (d)	8
	Omit the pa	aragraph. Insert instead:	9
		(d) any drink prepared on the premises that contains more than 30 ml of spirits or liqueur.	10 11
[11]	Clause 530 period	G Requirement for RSA marshals during weekend or holiday late trading	12 13
	Insert "or h	noliday" after "weekend" wherever occurring in clause 53G (2) and (3).	14
[12]	Clause 53	H CCTV systems to be maintained on subject premises	15
	Omit "oper	rate" from clause 53H (1) (a). Insert instead "record".	16
[13]	Clause 53	K Exclusion of persons from subject premises	17
	Insert "and	similar" after "motorcycle-related" in clause 53K (a).	18
[14]	Clause 53	K	19
		others for Life" and "Outlaws" in new subparagraphs in alphabetical order in (a) and renumber the existing subparagraphs accordingly.	20 21
[15]	Part 5B		22
	Insert after	Part 5A:	23
	Part 5B	Prescribed precincts	24
	Division	1 Declaration of prescribed precincts	25
	53V Decl	aration of prescribed precincts	26
		The following precincts are declared to be prescribed precincts for the purposes of the Act:	27 28
		Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct	29
	Division	2 Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct: special licence conditions	30 31
	53W Defin	nition	32
		In this Division:	33
		high risk venue has the meaning it has in section 116B (2) of the Act.	34

53X	Special licence conditions						
	(1)	cond Enter	Division prescribes, for the purposes of section 116I of the Act, itions to which a licence relating to premises situated in the Sydney CBD retainment precinct is subject. Any such premises are referred to in this sion as <i>CBD subject premises</i> .	2 3 4			
	(2)		Division applies to CBD subject premises only if liquor is authorised to old for consumption on the premises.	6			
	(3)	a res	Division does not apply to or in respect of the sale or supply of liquor to sident of CBD subject premises that is a tourist accommodation olishment if liquor is sold or supplied for consumption only in the room in the resident is residing or staying.	6 9 10 11			
	(4)	order presc	oite any other provision of this Division, the Director-General may, by republished in the Gazette, apply any provision of this Division cribing a condition to, or exclude the application of any such provision to, ect premises specified in the order.	12 13 14 15			
	(5)		order under subclause (4) may be made only if the Director-General is fied that:	16 17			
		(a)	in the case of an order applying a provision to subject premises—the order is necessary to reduce the risk of alcohol-related violence or anti-social behaviour in or about the premises, and	18 19 20			
		(b)	in the case of an order excluding the application of a provision to CBD subject premises—there is a negligible risk of alcohol-related violence in or about the premises or that a condition other than the specified provision will be more effective in reducing such a risk.	21 22 23 24			
53Y	"Lock outs" for certain CBD subject premises						
	(1)	In th	is clause:	26			
		CBD a tou	Subject premises means the following CBD subject premises (other than arist accommodation establishment):	27 28			
		(a)	premises to which a hotel licence (including a general bar licence) applies,	29 30			
		(b)	premises to which a club licence applies,	31			
		(c)	premises to which an on-premises licence relating to a public entertainment venue (other than a cinema or theatre) or karaoke bar applies,	32 33 34			
		(d)	on and from 15 March 2014—a high risk venue within the meaning of section 116B of the Act,	35 36			
		(e)	declared premises to which a level 2 licence (within the meaning of Schedule 4 to the Act) relates.	37 38			
	(2)		licensee of any CBD subject premises must not permit patrons to enter the bises during the lock out period.	39 40			
	(3)	For a	the avoidance of doubt, patrons already present in the CBD subject isses immediately before the start of the lock out period may:	41 42			
		(a)	leave the premises at any time, or	43			
		(b)	remain on the premises while the premises are authorised to trade,	44			
		but a	are not permitted to re-enter the premises during the lock out period.	45			
	(4)	This enter	clause does not prevent a resident of the CBD subject premises from ring the premises during the lock out period.	46 47			

53Z	Liquor sales cessation period				
	(1)	In this clause:	2		
		CBD subject premises means the following CBD subject premises (other than a tourist accommodation establishment, licensed restaurant or small bar):	3 4		
		(a) premises to which a hotel licence (including a general bar licence) applies,	5 6		
		(b) premises to which a club licence applies,	7		
			8 9 10		
			11 12		
		``	13 14		
	(2)		15 16		
	(3)	available, of other services and facilities on the CBD subject premises (such as food and non-alcoholic beverages, entertainment and the use of the premises for conferences or meetings and for gambling activities that are	17 18 19 20 21		
	(4)	to in that subsection may remain open for the sale and supply of non-alcoholic beverages, or food, only during the period when liquor is not permitted to be	22 23 24 25		
53ZA	Exer	ptions	26		
	(1)	premises and payment of a reasonable fee, exempt the licensee, by order in	27 28 29		
	(2)		30 31		
		alcohol-related violence or anti-social behaviour or other	32 33 34		
		relates are in place on the CBD subject premises and that such measures will be effective in reducing the risk of alcohol-related violence or	35 36 37 38		
	(3)		39 40		
	(4)		41 42		
	(5)		43 44		

	Division 3		Patron ID scanning	1
5	3ZB	Mino	rs exempted from patron ID scanning requirements	2
			Section 116E (1) (a) and (b) of the Act do not apply in relation to minors who are authorised to enter high risk venues within the meaning of section 116B of the Act.	3 4 5
5	3ZC	Time	of use of patron ID scanners	6
			Section 116E (1) (a) and (b) of the Act do not apply in relation to a licence for a high risk venue during any period outside the times approved by the Director-General and notified to the licensee under section 116E (1) (c) of the Act.	7 8 9 10
[16]	Clau	se 79		11
	Omit	the cla	use. Insert instead:	12
	79	Temp	oorary freeze on licences	13
		(1)	For the purpose of paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>freeze period</i> in section 47A (1) of the Act, the period commencing on the date of assent to the <i>Liquor Amendment Act 2014</i> and ending on the day that is 2 years after the date of assent is prescribed as the freeze period for so much of the Sydney CBD Entertainment precinct as is not within a precinct described in Schedule 5 to the Act.	14 15 16 17 18 19
		(2)	Division 1A of Part 4 of the Act does not apply to or in respect of CBD subject premises that are tourist accommodation establishments (other than a club) or a licensed restaurant. Note. Division 1A of Part 4 of the Act does not apply to small bars (section 47AA).	20 21 22 23
[17]	Sche	dule 1	A	24
	Inser	t after S	Schedule 1:	25
	Sch	edul	e 1A Prescribed precincts	26
	"Syd	part of the part o	Sydney CBD Entertainment Precinct the City of Sydney shown edged with a heavy unbroken line on the map marked BD Entertainment Precinct" signed by the Minister and deposited in the Office Gaming and Racing, but does not include the area within the Kings Cross	27 28 29 30 31

Note. An illustration of the map is as follows:



Sch	nedule 3 Other amendments	1				
3.1	Gaming and Liquor Administration Act 2007 No 91					
	Section 36A Review by Authority of certain decisions by Director-General under gaming and liquor legislation	3 4				
	Insert "or 116B (4)" after "section 116AA (4)" in paragraph (a) (viiia) of the definition of <i>reviewable decision</i> in section 36A (1).	5 6				
3.2	Gaming Machines Regulation 2010	7				
	Clause 9 Location and operation of gaming machines in hotels	8				
	Insert "or when the continued provision of services and facilities such as gambling activities is authorised by or under that Act at such a time" after "kept" in clause 9 (1) (b).	9 10				