Second print



New South Wales

Government Sector Audit and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2022

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This public bill which originated in the Legislative Assembly, has passed and is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Legislative Assembly, Sydney,

, 2022



New South Wales

Government Sector Audit and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2022

Act No , 2022

An Act to amend the *Government Sector Audit Act 1983* and the *Local Government Act 1993* to enable the Auditor-General to conduct follow the dollar type performance audits of government funded activities of non-government entities carried out for or on behalf of State and local government entities; to amend the *Government Sector Audit Act 1983* and the *Local Government Act 1993* to provide for matters arising from the quadrennial review of the Audit Office; and for related purposes.

EXAMINED

Speaker

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts—	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Government Sector Audit and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2022.	3 4
2	Commencement	5
	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.	6

Schedule 1			1	Amendment of Government Sector Audit Act 1983 No 152 in relation to follow the dollar performance audits		
[1]	Part	3, Divi	sion 2	2A	4	
	Omi	t the Di	ivision	. Insert instead—	5	
	Divi	sion	2A	Performance audits of activities	6	
	38A	Defin	nitions		7	
			In th	is Division—	8	
			audi	t includes examination and inspection.	9	
				table entity does not include a local council.	10	
			gove	rning body—see section 38B.	11	
			perfo	prmance audit—see section 38EA(1).	12	
				ed relevant entity, for an auditable entity, means an entity that is a	13	
				ant entity because it receives money or other resources, whether directly	14	
				directly, from or on behalf of the auditable entity for a State purpose. <i>ant activities</i> , of a relevant entity—	15 16	
			(a)	means the activities of the relevant entity that relate to achieving the		
			(a)	State purpose, but	17 18	
			(b)	does not include—	19	
				(i) the provision of goods and services by the relevant entity to an	20	
				auditable entity for the direct and exclusive use, or direct and exclusive benefit, of the auditable entity, or	21 22	
				(ii) an arrangement of a class prescribed by the regulations.	23	
			relev	ant entity—see section 38C.	24	
			State	<i>purpose</i> —see section 38C(a).	25	
	38B	Mear	ning o	f "governing body"	26	
		(1)	In th	is Division, a <i>governing body</i> , in relation to a relevant entity, means—	27	
			(a)	a board, council or other body comprised of individuals that are collectively responsible for managing the affairs of the entity, or	28 29	
			(b)	if the entity does not have a body described in paragraph (a)—the person who is the chief executive of the entity (however described) or otherwise responsible for the entity's day to day management, or	30 31 32	
			(c)	another entity declared by the regulations to be the governing body for the entity.	33 34	
		(2)	In th	is Division, a governing body does not include—	35	
			(a)	a board, council or other body with merely advisory functions, or	36	
			(b)	an entity, or an entity of a kind, prescribed by the regulations not to be a governing body.	37 38	
	38C	Mear	ning o	f "relevant entity"	39	
			In th	is Division, a <i>relevant entity</i> is an entity that—	40	
			(a)	receives money or other resources, whether directly or indirectly, from or on behalf of an auditable entity for a particular purpose (a <i>State purpose</i>), and	41 42 43	

		(b)	either—	1		
			(i) agrees to use the money or other resources in achieving the State purpose, or	2 3		
			(ii) has entered into a contract that relates to the State purpose, and	4		
		(c)	cannot be the subject of an audit conducted under another Division of this Act.	5 6		
38D	Rela	tionsł	hip with definition of "auditable entity"	7		
	To avoid doubt, a relevant entity is not to be taken to be an auditable entity under this Act merely because the Auditor-General may conduct an audit of one or more of its activities under this Division.					
38E	App	icatio	on of Division 2 to audit of relevant activities of relevant entities	11		
	(1)	activ	ision 2, other than sections 34 and 35, applies to the audit of the relevant vities of a relevant entity under this Division in the same way as Division oplies to the audit of an auditable entity.	12 13 14		
	(2)	cons	vever, sections 36 and 37 apply only to the extent the Auditor-General siders the exercise of powers under the sections necessary to assess the rations of the relevant entity in relation to achieving the State purpose.	15 16 17		
38EA	Perf	ormar	nce audit by Auditor-General	18		
	(1)	conc audi activ	Auditor-General may, when the Auditor-General considers it appropriate, duct an audit (a <i>performance audit</i>) of all or any particular activities of an itable entity to determine whether the auditable entity is carrying out its vities effectively and doing so economically and efficiently and in apliance with all relevant laws.	19 20 21 22 23		
	(2)	may audi entit	onducting a performance audit of an auditable entity the Auditor-General r, if the Auditor-General considers it appropriate, include a performance it of the relevant activities of a related relevant entity for the auditable ty. mple— In conducting a performance audit of an auditable entity, the	24 25 26 27 28		
		Audit	itor-General may decide to conduct a performance audit of a grant made by the table entity to a related relevant entity for the auditable entity.	28 29 30		
	(3)		audit under subsection (2) may be conducted only to the extent it assesses operations of the related relevant entity in relation to achieving the State pose.	31 32 33		
	(4)		erformance audit under this Division is separate from, and does not affect, ther audit required or authorised by or under—	34 35		
		(a)	this Act, or	36		
		(b)	another Act.	37		
	(5)		ingle performance audit may relate to the activities of more than one itable entity or relevant entity.	38 39		
38EB	Rep	ort of	performance audit	40		
	(1)	matt	Auditor-General must report the result of the performance audit and other ters that, in the Auditor-General's judgement, call for special notice to the owing (the <i>report recipients</i>)—	41 42 43		
		(a)	the responsible Minister for the auditable entity, and	44		
		(b)	the Treasurer, and	45		
		(c)	the accountable authority for the auditable entity, and	46		

		(d) if the audit includes an audit of the relevant activities of a related relevant entity for the auditable entity—the governing body of the related relevant entity.	1 2 3
	(2)	The Auditor-General must not make a report of a performance audit under this section unless, at least 28 days before making the report, the Auditor-General has given the report recipients a summary of any findings and proposed recommendations in relation to the audit.	4 5 6 7
	(3)	The Auditor-General may make a report of a performance audit under this section before the expiration of the 28-day period if the report recipients mentioned in subsection (1)(c) and (d) have provided to the Auditor-General any submissions or comments the report recipients wish to make.	8 9 10 11
	(4)	The Auditor-General must include in the report of a performance audit under this section—	12 13
		(a) any submissions or comments made by the report recipients referred to in subsection (1)(c) and (d), or	14 15
		(b) a summary, in a form agreed by the report recipients referred to in subsection (1)(c) and (d), of any submissions or comments made by the report recipients.	16 17 18
	(5)	The Auditor-General, in a report of a performance audit under this section-	19
		(a) may include other information the Auditor-General thinks desirable in relation to the activities the subject of the audit, and	20 21
		(b) must set out the reasons for opinions expressed in the report, and	22
		(c) may include recommendations arising out of the audit the Auditor-General thinks fit to make.	23 24
	(6)	The Auditor-General may include the report in another report of the Auditor-General.	25 26
	(7)	If a single performance audit relates to the activities of more than one auditable entity, the Treasurer may, if asked by the Auditor-General, decide the accountable authority for an appropriate auditable entity and responsible Minister to whom the Auditor-General must report under this section.	27 28 29 30
	(8)	If the Treasurer makes a decision under subsection (7), a reference in this section to the accountable authority for the auditable entity or the responsible Minister is taken to be a reference to the accountable authority and responsible Minister decided by the Treasurer.	31 32 33 34
BEC	Tabli	ing etc of reports under section 38EB	35
	(1)	The Auditor-General must, as soon as practicable after making a report under section 38EB, present the report to each House of Parliament, if that House is sitting.	36 37 38
	(2)	If a House of Parliament is not sitting when the Auditor-General seeks to present a report to the House under this section, the Auditor-General must present the report to the Clerk of the House to be dealt with in accordance with section 63C.	39 40 41 42
	(3)	The Auditor-General may include the report in another report of the Auditor-General to the House of Parliament concerned.	43 44
Sche	dule 4	Savings, transitional and other provisions	45
		Part 9—	46

[2]

38EC

Part 10	Provisions consequent on enactment of
	Government Sector Audit and Other Legislation
	Amendment Act 2022

28 Application of Part 3, Division 2A

- (1) The Auditor-General may conduct an audit of the relevant activities of a relevant entity carried out before the commencement.
- (2) Without limiting subclause (1), an audit may be carried out under Part 3, Division 2A of this Act in relation to the relevant activities of a relevant entity carried out before the commencement even if the relevant entity has ceased to operate or no longer exists.

(3)	In this clause—	11
	commencement means the commencement of the Government Sector Audit	12
	and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2022, Schedule 1[1].	13
	relevant activities has the same meaning as in Part 3, Division 2A of this Act.	14
	relevant entity has the same meaning as in Part 3, Division 2A of this Act.	15

Government Sector Audit and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2022 [NSW] Schedule 2 Amendment of Local Government Act 1993 No 30 in relation to follow the dollar performance audits

Schedule 2 Amendment of Local Government Act 1993 No 30 in relation to follow the dollar performance audits

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[1] Sections 421A-421BE

Omit sections 421A and 421B. Insert instead-

421A Definitions

In this Divisionaudit includes examination and inspection. governing body—see section 421B. *local government purpose*—see section 421BA(a). *performance audit*—see section 421BD(1). 10 *related relevant entity*, for a council, means an entity that is a relevant entity 11 because it receives money or other resources, whether directly or indirectly, 12 from or on behalf of the council for a local government purpose. 13 *relevant activities*, of a relevant entity-14 means the activities of the relevant entity that relate to achieving the (a) 15 local government purpose, but 16 (b)does not include— 17 the provision of goods and services by the relevant entity to a (i) 18 council for the direct and exclusive use, or direct and exclusive 19 benefit, of the council, or 20 an arrangement of a class prescribed by the regulations. 21 (11) *relevant entity*—see section 421BA. 22 Meaning of "governing body" 23 (1)In this Division, a *governing body*, in relation to a relevant entity, means— 24 a board, council or other body comprised of individuals that are 25 (a) collectively responsible for managing the affairs of the entity, or 26 if the entity does not have a body described in paragraph (a)-the (b) 27 person who is the chief executive of the entity (however described) or 28 otherwise responsible for the entity's day to day management, or 29 another entity declared by the regulations to be the governing body for (c) 30 the entity. 31 (2)In this Division, a governing body does not include— 32 (a) a board, council or other body with merely advisory functions, or 33 (b) an entity, or an entity of a kind, prescribed by the regulations not to be 34 a governing body. 35 Meaning of "relevant entity" 36 In this Division, a *relevant entity* is an entity that— 37 receives money or other resources, whether directly or indirectly, from (a) 38 or on behalf of a council for a particular purpose (a local government 39 *purpose*), and 40 (b) either-41

> agrees to use the money or other resources in achieving the local (i) 42 government purpose, or 43

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421BA

(ii) has entered into a contract that relates to the local government purpose, and

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(c) cannot be the subject of an audit conducted under another provision of this Act.

421BB Relationship with definition of "auditable entity" in Government Sector Audit Act 1983

To avoid doubt, a relevant entity is not to be taken to be an auditable entity under the Government Sector Audit Act 1983 merely because the Auditor-General may conduct an audit of one or more of its activities under this Division.

421BC Application of sections 423–425 to audit of relevant activities of relevant entities

- (1)Sections 423–425 apply to the audit of the relevant activities of a relevant entity under this Division as if the relevant entity were a council.
- However, sections 423 and 424 apply only to the extent the Auditor-General (2)considers the exercise of powers under the sections necessary to assess the operations of the relevant entity in relation to achieving the local government purpose.

421BD Performance audit by Auditor-General

- (1)The Auditor-General may, when the Auditor-General considers it appropriate, conduct an audit (a *performance audit*) of all or any particular activities of a council to determine whether the council is carrying out the council's activities effectively and doing so economically and efficiently and in compliance with all relevant laws.
- In conducting a performance audit of a council the Auditor-General may, if the (2)Auditor-General considers it appropriate, include a performance audit of the relevant activities of a related relevant entity for the council. Example- In conducting a performance audit of a council, the Auditor-General may decide to conduct a performance audit of a grant made by the council to a related relevant entity for the council.
- (3) An audit under subsection (2) may be conducted only to the extent it assesses the operations of the related relevant entity in relation to achieving the local government purpose.
- (4) A performance audit under this Division is separate from, and does not affect, another audit required or authorised by or under-
 - (a) this Act, or
 - (b) another Act.
- A single performance audit may relate to the activities of more than one (5)council or relevant entity.

421BE Report of performance audit

- (1)The Auditor-General must report the result of the performance audit and other 41 matters that, in the Auditor-General's judgement, call for special notice to the 42 following (the *report recipients*)-43 the Departmental Chief Executive, and (a)
 - (b) the council to whom the performance audit relates, and
 - (c) the Minister, and

		(d)	if the audit includes an audit of the relevant activities of a related relevant entity for the council—the governing body of the related relevant entity.	1 2 3
	(2)	section has g	Auditor-General must not make a report of a performance audit under this on unless, at least 28 days before making the report, the Auditor-General given the report recipients a summary of any findings and proposed nmendations in relation to the audit.	4 5 6 7
	(3)		Auditor-General may make a report of a performance audit under this on before the expiration of the 28-day period if—	8 9
		(a)	the report recipients referred to in subsection (1)(a), (b) and (d) have provided to the Auditor-General any submissions or comments the report recipients wish to make, or	10 11 12
		(b)	the report recipients referred to in subsection (1)(a), (b) and (d) have given the Auditor-General notice that no submissions or comments are to be made by the report recipients.	13 14 15
	(4)		Auditor-General must include in the report of a performance audit under section—	16 17
		(a)	any submissions or comments made by the report recipients referred to in subsection $(1)(a)$, (b) or (d) , or	18 19
		(b)	a summary, in a form agreed by the report recipients referred to in subsection $(1)(a)$, (b) or (d) , of any submissions or comments made by the report recipients.	20 21 22
	(5)	The A	Auditor-General, in a report of a performance audit under this section—	23
		(a)	may include other information the Auditor-General thinks desirable in relation to the activities the subject of the audit, and	24 25
		(b)	must set out the reasons for opinions expressed in the report, and	26
		(c)	may include recommendations arising out of the audit the Auditor-General thinks fit to make.	27 28
	(6)		Auditor-General may include the report in another report of the tor-General.	29 30
	dule 8 ner Ac		ngs, transitional and other provisions consequent on the enactment	31 32
Insert	after l	Part 42	2—	33
Part	t 43	Pro	visions consequent on enactment of	34
			vernment Sector Audit and Other Legislation	35
			endment Act 2022	36
136	Appli	catio	n of Chapter 13, Part 3, Division 2A	37
	(1)		Auditor-General may conduct an audit of the relevant activities of a ant entity carried out before the commencement.	38 39
	(2)	Part : entity	out limiting subclause (1), an audit may be carried out under Chapter 13, 3, Division 2A of this Act in relation to the relevant activities of a relevant y carried out before the commencement even if the relevant entity has ed to operate or no longer exists.	40 41 42 43

(3) In this clause—

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commencement means the commencement of the *Government Sector Audit* and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2022, Schedule 2[1].

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relevant activities has the same meaning as in Chapter 13, Part 3, Division 2A of this Act.

relevant entity has the same meaning as in Chapter 13, Part 3, Division 2A of this Act.

Government Sector Audit and Other Legislation Amendment Bill 2022 [NSW] Schedule 3 Amendment of Government Sector Audit Act 1983 No 152 in relation to the quadrennial review of the Audit Office

Schedule 3		Amendment of Government Sector Audit Act 1983 No 152 in relation to the quadrennial review of the Audit Office					
[1]	Sect	ion 27	n 27B The Auditor-General				
	Inser	t after s	sectior	n 27B(1)—	5		
		(1A)	The A	Auditor-General is an independent officer of Parliament.	6		
[2]	Sect	Section 27B(2A)					
	Inser	t after s	sectior	n 27B(2)—	8		
		(2A)		nplied rights, obligations or immunities arise from the Auditor-General g an independent officer of Parliament.	9 10		
[3]	Sect	ion 27	3(3A)		11		
	Inser	t after s	sectior	n 27B(3)—	12		
		(3A)	consu audit	ubsection (3)(b) or (c), the Parliament or Treasurer or other Minister must alt with the Auditor-General about the scope of a particular audit or -related service before requesting the Auditor-General to provide the or audit-related service.	13 14 15 16		
[4] Section 36 Access to documents and information					17		
	Omit	t "other	than"	from section 36(6)(b). Insert instead "including".	18		
[5]	Sect	ion 36((6)(b1)	1	19		
	Inser	t after s	sectior	n 36(6)(b)—	20		
			(b1)	any books, records or other documents being accessed, provided or produced being or including Cabinet information, or	21 22		
[6]	Sect	ion 36((8)		23		
	Omit	the sul	bsectio	on.	24		
[7]	Sect	ion 36	4		25		
	Inser	t after s	sectior	n 36—	26		
	36A	Discl	osure	of confidential information	27		
		(1)		uthorised person must not disclose confidential information unless the tor-General has authorised the disclosure.	28 29		
		(2)	The A only	Auditor-General may authorise the disclosure of confidential information if—	30 31		
			(a)	in the Auditor-General's opinion, the disclosure of the confidential information is—	32 33		
				(i) in the public interest, and (ii) necessary for the eventies of the Auditor Constal's functions	34		
				 (ii) necessary for the exercise of the Auditor-General's functions, and the Auditor General base of least 28 days before earthering the 	35 36		
			(b)	the Auditor-General has, at least 28 days before authorising the disclosure of the confidential information, notified the Premier that the Auditor-General is proposing to disclose the information, and	37 38 39		

		(c) the Premier has not, within 28 days after being notified by the Auditor-General of the proposed disclosure, issued a certificate that the disclosure of the confidential information is, in the Premier's opinion, not in the public interest.	1 2 3 4
	(3)	The Auditor-General or Premier, in forming an opinion under subsection (2) about whether or not it is in the public interest to disclose confidential information, must consider the public interest factors both for and against the disclosure.	5 6 7 8
	(4)	A certificate of the Premier that it is not in the public interest to disclose confidential information is conclusive evidence of that fact.	9 10
	(5)	If information is confidential information, a claim of confidentiality or privilege is not waived merely because the information is accessed, provided or produced under this Act.	11 12 13
	(6)	In this section—	14
		confidential information means—	15
		(a) Cabinet information within the meaning of the <i>Government Information</i> (<i>Public Access</i>) Act 2009, or	16 17
		(b) information that could be subject to a claim of privilege by the State or a public official in a court of law.	18 19
		disclose includes publish.	20
[8]	Section 48	3A(7)	21
	Omit "Aud	litor-General" from section 48A(7).	22
	Insert inste	ad "Public Accounts Committee".	23
[9]	Section 48	3A(11)	24
	Omit the su	ubsection.	25
[10]	Section 48	3A(12)	26
	Omit "of su	uch a report". Insert instead "of a report under this section".	27
[11]	Section 57	7 Functions of Committee	28
	Omit section	on 57(1)(c1). Insert instead—	29
		(c1) to examine each annual report and other report of the Auditor-General and report to the Legislative Assembly about any matter appearing in, or arising out of, the report,	30 31 32

Schedule 4		ir	mendment of Local Government Act 1993 No 30 n relation to the quadrennial review of the Audit office	1 2 3		
[1]	Secti	ion 42	3 Acce	ess to and production of documents	4	
		t "(an on 423		rised person)" after "a person authorised by the Auditor-General" in	5 6	
[2]	Secti	ion 42	3(2) ar	nd (4)	7	
	Omit	"a per	son au	thorised by the Auditor-General" wherever occurring.	8	
	Inser	t instea	ıd "an	authorised person".	9	
[3]	Secti	ion 42	3(2)(a)	, (b) and (e)	10	
	Omit	"or pe	erson"	wherever occurring. Insert instead "or authorised person".	11	
[4]	Secti	ion 42	3(4)(b)		12	
	Omit	"other	than"	. Insert instead "including".	13	
[5]	Secti	ion 42	3(4)		14	
	Inser	t after	sectior	n 423(4)(b)—	15	
			(b1)	any books, records or other documents being accessed, provided or produced being or including Cabinet information, or	16 17	
[6]	Secti	ion 42	3(5)		18	
	Omit	the su	bsectio	on.	19	
[7]	Section 423A					
	Inser	t after	sectior	n 423—	21	
4	23A	23A Disclo		Disclosure of confidential information		
		(1)		uthorised person must not disclose confidential information unless the tor-General has authorised the disclosure.	23 24	
		(2)	The A only	Auditor-General may authorise the disclosure of confidential information if—	25 26	
			(a)	in the Auditor-General's opinion, the disclosure of the confidential information is—	27 28	
				(i) in the public interest, and(ii) necessary for the exercise of the Auditor-General's functions,	29	
				(ii) necessary for the exercise of the Auditor-General's functions, and	30 31	
			(b)	the Auditor-General has, at least 28 days before authorising the disclosure of the confidential information, notified the Premier that the Auditor-General is proposing to disclose the information, and	32 33 34	
			(c)	the Premier has not, within 28 days after being notified by the Auditor-General of the proposed disclosure, issued a certificate that the disclosure of the confidential information is, in the Premier's opinion, not in the public interest.	35 36 37 38	
		(3)		Auditor-General or Premier, in forming an opinion under subsection (2) t whether or not it is in the public interest to disclose confidential	39 40	

information, must consider the public interest factors both for and against the disclosure.

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- (4) A certificate of the Premier that it is not in the public interest to disclose confidential information is conclusive evidence of that fact.
- (5) If information is confidential information, a claim of confidentiality or privilege is not waived merely because the information is accessed, provided or produced under this Act.
- (6) In this section— *authorised person* has the same meaning as in section 423. *confidential information* means—
 (a) Cabinet information within the meaning of the *Government Information*(b) information that could be subject to a claim of privilege by the State or
 (c) 13
 - (b) information that could be subject to a claim of privilege by the State or a public official in a court of law.

disclose includes publish.