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LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

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Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Amendment (Prohibitions for Convicted Persons) Bill 2022 First print

Proposed amendments

No. 1 Commencement

Page 2, clause 2, line 6. Omit all words on the line. Insert instead—

This Act commences as follows—

- (a) for Schedule 1[6] and [7]—on 1 July 2023,
- (b) otherwise—on 1 January 2023.

No. 2 Officers' powers relating to animals kept by convicted persons

Page 3, Schedule 1[3], proposed section 24CB, heading, line 22. Omit "Powers to seize animals". Insert instead "Officers' powers relating to animals kept by convicted persons".

No. 3 Officers' powers relating to animals kept by convicted persons

Page 3, Schedule 1[3], proposed section 24CB(2), lines 30–32. Omit all words on the lines. Insert instead—

- (2) An officer may also seize an animal if the officer suspects, on reasonable grounds, that the animal is being bred, or is the offspring of an animal being bred—
 - (a) by a person convicted of an animal cruelty offence, or
 - (b) in the operation of a business relating to breeding animals that is managed or controlled by a person convicted of an animal cruelty offence.
- (3) An officer may do one or more of the following—
 - (a) keep an animal seized under subsection (1) or (2),
 - (b) provide the animal with necessary food, drink, shelter and veterinary treatment,
 - (c) dispose of the animal after 5 business days after seizing the animal.
- (4) Despite subsection (3), the officer may dispose of the animal within 5 business days after seizing the animal but only if—
 - (a) the animal is so severely injured, so diseased or in such a physical condition that it is cruel to keep the animal alive, and
 - (b) the officer disposes of the animal by providing euthanasia, or arranging for euthanasia to be provided, to the animal in a way that causes the animal to die quickly and without unnecessary pain.

- (5) If the officer disposes of the animal by selling the animal—
 - (a) the purchaser acquires a good title to the animal, and
 - (b) former interests in the animal are extinguished.
- (6) Compensation is not recoverable against a person or charitable organisation in relation to the exercise of a power in accordance with this section.
- (7) If a person specified in the table to this subsection, Column 1 incurs reasonable expenses in exercising a power in accordance with this section, or in complying with related duties imposed by this Act or the regulations, a person or body specified opposite in Column 2 may recover the expenses as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction from—
 - (a) for an animal seized under subsection (1)(a) or (b)—the person subject to the order, or
 - (b) for an animal seized under subsection (1)(c) or (d) or (2)—the person convicted of the offence.

Column 1

An officer within the meaning of section 4(1), definition of *officer*, paragraph (a), (b1) or (c)

An officer within the meaning of section 4(1), definition of *officer*, paragraph (b)

Column 2

- (a) The officer
- (b) The Crown
- (a) The officer
- (b) The officer's approved charitable organisation

(8) In this section—

business day means a day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday.

No. 4 Court orders following conviction

Page 3, Schedule 1[4], lines 34–42. Omit all words on the lines. Insert instead—

Insert after section 31(1)—

- (1AA) However, a court must make an order under subsection (1)(b) if the court
 - has found the person guilty of an offence against this Act, section 6, 15, 18 or 21 or the *Crimes Act 1900*, section 79, 80, 530 or 531, or
 - (b) has made an order, entered a special verdict or made a qualified finding of guilt under the *Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment Forensic Provisions Act 2020*, section 14, 19, 20, 31 or 62 in relation to an offence specified in paragraph (a).
- (1AB) Subsection (1AA) does not apply if the court is satisfied special circumstances justify not making the order.

No. 5 Effect of certain prohibitions for convicted persons

Page 4, Schedule 1[8], proposed section 31AC, lines 14 and 15. Omit all words on the lines. Insert instead—

A person convicted of a serious interstate animal offence must not—

No. 6 Effect of certain prohibitions for convicted persons

Page 4, Schedule 1[8], proposed section 31AC. Insert after line 19—

(2) Subsection (1) extends to a conviction that occurred before the commencement of this section.

No. 7 Certain convicted persons prohibited from breeding animals

Page 4, Schedule 1[8], proposed section 31AD(b), line 23. Omit all words on the line. Insert instead—

- (b) manage or control a business relating to breeding animals, or
- (c) work with, or care for, animals in a business relating to breeding animals.

No. 8 Interaction between proposed section 24CB and section 31A

Page 4, Schedule 1. Insert after line 27—

[9] Section 31A Sale of certain animals by charitable organisations

Insert "other than an animal seized under section 24CB," after "Act," in section 31A(1)(a).

No. 9 Cancellation of, and disqualification from holding, authorities under Exhibited Animals Protection Act 1986

Page 5, Schedule 2. Insert after line 2—

[1] Section 30 Suspension and cancellation

Insert before section 30(1)—

- The Secretary must, by written notice served on the holder of an authority, cancel the authority if the holder is, after the commencement of this subsection, convicted of—
 - (a) an offence, in relation to an animal, against one of the following Acts—
 - (i) this Act,
 - (ii) the Animal Research Act 1985,
 - (iii) the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016,
 - (iv) the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974,
 - (v) the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979, or
 - (b) an offence, in relation to an animal, against an instrument made under an Act specified in paragraph (a), or
 - (c) an offence against the *Crimes Act 1900*, section 79, 80, 530 or 531.

[2] Section 30(1)(a)

Insert ", other than an offence in relation to an animal," after "offence".

[3] Section 30A Disqualification

Omit section 30A(1) and (2). Insert instead—

- (1) If the Secretary cancels a person's authority under section 30(1A), the Secretary must, by written order served on the person, declare the person to be disqualified from holding an authority.
- (2) If the Secretary cancels a person's authority under section 30(1)(a)—(e), the Secretary may, by written order served on the person, declare the person to be disqualified from holding an authority.

[4] Section 30A(4) and (7)

Omit "on misconduct grounds" wherever occurring.

[5] Section 30A(8)

Omit the subsection.