



New South Wales

Environment Legislation Amendment Bill 2021

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are to—

- (a) amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* for the following purposes—
 - (i) to enable the Environment Protection Authority (the *EPA*) to give clean-up notices and prevention notices as soon as the EPA is notified of contamination of land,
 - (ii) to enable the EPA to require financial assurances under ongoing maintenance orders, restrictions and public positive covenants,
 - (iii) to require the EPA to consider the financial capacity of a person before requiring a financial assurance from the person,
 - (iv) to ensure consistency between the maximum penalties for offences under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and the maximum penalties for similar offences under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*,
 - (v) to ensure consistency between the court orders available in relation to offences under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and the court orders available in relation to offences under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*,
 - (vi) to ensure consistency between the evidentiary presumptions under analysts' certificates under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* and corresponding presumptions under other environment protection legislation,
 - (vii) to enable the EPA to recover monetary benefits from any of the following persons who benefit from the commission of an offence by a corporation—

- (A) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,
 - (B) a related body corporate,
 - (C) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of related bodies corporate,
- (viii) to make it an offence for certain persons involved in the management of a corporation or related body corporate and related bodies corporate to receive, acquire or accrue a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by the corporation of an offence,
- (ix) to update references to members of the EPA Board consequent on changes to the structure of the EPA Board,
- (x) to update references to repealed provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*,
- (b) amend the *Land and Environment Court Act 1979* to give the Land and Environment Court jurisdiction to hear and dispose of proceedings to recover monetary benefits from any of the following persons who benefit from the commission of an offence by a corporation under environment protection legislation—
- (i) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,
 - (ii) related bodies corporate,
 - (iii) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of related body corporate,
- (c) amend the *Pesticides Act 1999* for the following purposes—
- (i) to enable the EPA to make a pesticide control order without the Minister’s approval,
 - (ii) to enable the EPA to recover monetary benefits from any of the following persons who benefit from the commission of an offence by a corporation—
 - (A) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,
 - (B) related bodies corporate,
 - (C) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of related bodies corporate,
 - (iii) to make it an offence for certain persons involved in the management of a corporation or related body corporate and related bodies corporate to receive, acquire or accrue a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by the corporation of an offence,
 - (iv) to ensure consistency in the court orders available in relation to offences under the *Pesticides Act 1999* and the court orders available in relation to offences under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*,
 - (v) to ensure consistency between the evidentiary presumptions under analysts’ certificates under the *Pesticides Act 1999* and the corresponding presumptions under other environment protection legislation,
 - (vi) to update references to members of the EPA Board consequent on changes to the structure of the EPA Board,
- (d) amend the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991* to—
- (i) update provisions relating to the structure and administration of the EPA Board to clarify the functions of the Chairperson of the EPA Board, the Chief Executive Officer, and other members of the EPA Board,
 - (ii) clarify the nature of the directions the Minister may give the EPA,
 - (iii) extend protections against personal liability to include the Minister and Chief Executive Officer of the EPA in carrying out functions under the *environment protection legislation* and other legislation,

- (iv) prescribe the legislation that constitutes environment protection legislation,
- (e) amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* for the following purposes—
 - (i) to enable the EPA to consider the conduct of the following persons in determining whether a corporation is a fit and proper person when making licensing decisions—
 - (A) current and former directors of the corporation,
 - (B) related bodies corporate,
 - (C) current and former directors of the related bodies corporate,
 - (ii) to extend the offence of failing to comply with a condition of a licence to a failure to comply with a condition of the suspension, revocation or surrender of a licence by a person to whom the condition has been varied to apply,
 - (iii) to enable appropriate regulatory authorities to issue clean-up notices and prevention notices to any of the following if a corporation does not comply with an environment protection notice—
 - (A) current and former directors of the corporation,
 - (B) related bodies corporate,
 - (iv) to enable appropriate regulatory authorities to issue clean-up notices to persons reasonably suspected of having contributed to a pollution incident,
 - (v) to enable the Minister to issue prohibition notices to a occupiers of a class of premises or to a class of persons,
 - (vi) to extend a public authority's ability to recover the costs of clean-up action taken by the authority in relation to a pollution incident to include persons the authority reasonably suspects contributed to the pollution incident, in addition to occupiers and persons the authority reasonably suspects caused the pollution incident,
 - (vii) to extend the offence of transporting or depositing waste to include, in addition to the person transporting or depositing the waste and the owner of the waste, the owner of the vehicle in which the waste is transported,
 - (viii) to provide for the new offences of—
 - (A) giving false or misleading information to the EPA, and
 - (B) knowingly giving false or misleading information to the EPA,
 - (ix) to prescribe the following offences as repeat waste offences, which make an offender liable to an additional penalty of an amount up to the maximum penalty for the relevant waste offence or imprisonment for up to 2 years, or both, if the offender commits a subsequent waste offence within 5 years of being convicted of an earlier waste offence—
 - (A) wilfully or negligently disposing of waste in a manner that harms or is likely to harm the environment,
 - (B) supplying information about waste to another person in the course of dealing with the waste, being information that is false or misleading in a material respect,
 - (x) to enable the EPA to recover monetary benefits from any of the following persons who benefit from the commission of an offence by a corporation—
 - (A) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,
 - (B) related bodies corporate,
 - (C) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of related bodies corporate,
 - (xi) to make it an offence for certain persons involved in the management of a corporation or related body corporate and related bodies corporate to receive, acquire or accrue a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by the corporation of an offence,

- (xii) to prescribe the offence of giving false or misleading information to the EPA as an executive liability offence,
 - (xiii) to provide for the new offence of delaying, obstructing, assaulting, threatening or intimidating an authorised officer in the exercise of the officer's powers, in addition to the existing offence of wilfully delaying or obstructing an authorised officer,
 - (xiv) to extend the existing offence for wilfully delaying or obstructing an authorised officer in the exercise of the officer's powers to include assaulting, threatening or intimidating the authorised officer,
 - (xv) to provide a power to prescribe, by regulation, additional legislation to which the investigation provisions under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, Chapter 7 extends,
 - (xvi) to clarify the time within which summary proceedings for the offence of giving false or misleading information to the EPA may be commenced,
 - (xvii) to provide that restraining orders may be made in relation to a person against whom proceedings have been commenced that may result in the person being required to pay amounts representing monetary benefits acquired by or accrued to the person as a result of the commission of an offence,
 - (xviii) to ensure consistency between the evidentiary presumptions under analysts' certificates under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and corresponding presumptions under other environment protection legislation,
 - (xix) to require the EPA to consider the financial capacity of a person before requiring a financial assurance from the person,
 - (xx) to enable the EPA to impose restrictions on the use of, or public positive covenants, on land for the purpose of enforcing licence conditions or conditions of licence suspension, revocation or surrender,
 - (xxi) to increase penalties for particular offences to reflect contemporary community expectations,
 - (xxii) to clarify that when a licence is transferred, it is subject to the conditions to which the licence is subject at the time of the transfer,
 - (xxiii) to enable a person other than the holder, or former holder, of a licence, to apply to vary the conditions of the suspension, revocation or surrender of the licence,
 - (xxiv) to update references to members of the EPA Board consequent on changes to the structure of the EPA Board,
 - (xxv) to update references to entities consequent on changes in administrative arrangements,
 - (xxvi) to update references to repealed provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*,
 - (xxvii) to update the formatting of provisions, and make other amendments of a consequential or ancillary nature,
- (f) amend the *Radiation Control Act 1990* for the following purposes—
- (i) to enable the EPA to recover monetary benefits from any of the following persons who benefit from the commission of an offence by a corporation—
 - (A) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,
 - (B) related bodies corporate,
 - (C) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of related bodies corporate,
 - (ii) to make it an offence for certain persons involved in the management of a corporation or related body corporate and related bodies corporate to receive, acquire or accrue a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by the corporation of an offence,

- (iii) to ensure consistency between the court orders available in relation to offences under the *Radiation Control Act 1990* with the court orders available in relation to offences under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*,
- (iv) to require the EPA to consider the financial capacity of a person before requiring a financial assurance from the person,
- (v) to update references to the EPA and members of the EPA Board consequent on changes to the structure of the EPA Board,
- (g) amend the *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001* for the following purposes—
 - (i) to replace the reference to “commencement of this Part” in section 44 to refer to 1 December 2017, being the commencement of the section, to remove ambiguity given the different dates for commencement of different sections in the Part,
 - (ii) to update the formatting of provisions.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name, also called the short title, of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 **Amendment of Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 No 140**

Schedule 1[1]–[3] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, sections 4(1) and 6(4) to—

- (a) update references to repealed or substituted provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, and
- (b) update definitions consequent on amendments in Schedules 1[9], [35] and [37], and
- (c) update references to members of the Board of the EPA consequent on amendments in Schedule 4[6].

Schedule 1[4] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 10 to increase the maximum penalty for failing to comply with a preliminary investigation order to \$1,000,000 for a corporation or \$250,000 for an individual and increases the maximum penalty for a continuing offence to \$120,000 a day for a corporation or \$60,000 a day for an individual.

Schedule 1[5] and [6] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 14 to increase the maximum penalty for failing to comply with a direction or other requirement under a management order on a continuing basis from \$66,000 to \$120,000 for each day the offence continues for a corporation, and from \$33,000 to \$60,000 for an individual.

Schedule 1[7] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 28 to increase the maximum penalty for failing to comply with an ongoing maintenance order to \$1,000,000 for a corporation or \$250,000 for an individual and makes the offence a continuing offence, subject to a further penalty for each day the offence continues.

Schedule 1[9] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 42A to provide that financial assurances may be required to secure or guarantee funding for or towards requirements under ongoing maintenance orders and restriction or public positive covenants imposed under the Act, in addition to requirements under management orders. **Schedule 1[8], [11]–[14] and [34]** make consequential amendments.

Schedule 1[10] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 42B to require the EPA to consider the financial capacity of a person before requiring the person to provide a financial assurance.

Schedule 1[15], [25] and [26] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* consequent on amendments in Schedule 4[6].

Schedule 1[16] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 45 to increase the maximum penalty for wilfully delaying or obstructing a person carrying out any action in compliance with an order or notice to \$1,000,000 for a corporation or \$250,000 for an individual and increases the maximum penalty for the continuing offence to \$120,000 for each day the offence continues for a corporation or \$60,000 for an individual.

Schedule 1[17] substitutes the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 46 to enable the EPA to give a clean-up or prevention notice in relation to land if the EPA has been notified of contamination of land, in addition to land that the EPA has declared to be significantly contaminated.

Schedule 1[18] and [19] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 48 to increase the penalties for carrying out a site audit without accreditation, or making false representations about being capable of carrying out site audits, to \$1,000,000 for a corporation or \$250,000 for an individual and makes the offence a continuing offence, subject to a further penalty for each day the offence continues.

Schedule 1[20]–[22] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 57 to increase the penalties for making false representations about accreditation to carry out site audits while suspended or prohibited to \$1,000,000 for a corporation or \$250,000 for an individual and makes the offence a continuing offence, subject to a further penalty for each day the offence continues.

Schedule 1[23] and [24] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 60(1) and (2) to increase the maximum penalties offences relating to a failure to report contamination of land \$2,000,000 for a corporation and to \$500,000 for an individual, and to increase the maximum penalty for a continuing offence to \$240,000 for each day the offence continues for a corporation, and to \$120,000 for an individual.

Schedule 1[24] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 60(2) to increase the maximum penalty for an owner of land that has been contaminated failing to report the contamination to \$2,000,000 for a corporation and to \$500,000 for an individual and to increase the maximum penalty for a continuing offence from \$77,000 to \$240,000 for each day the offence continues for a corporation, and from \$33,000 to \$120,000 for an individual.

Schedule 1[27] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 72 to ensure the evidentiary presumptions relating to analysts' certificates are consistent across the environment protection legislation.

Schedule 1[28]–[30] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, Part 10, Division 2A to ensure that the orders a court may make in relation to offenders are consistent with the orders that may be made by a court under other environment protection legislation, including—

- (a) clarifying that 1 or more available orders may be made in relation to an offender, and
- (b) clarifying that orders may be made in relation to an offender in addition to other penalties or action taken against the offender, and
- (c) providing for orders for the recovery of costs and expenses in relation to investigating, managing or remediating contamination, or addressing the risk of harm from contamination, caused by the commission of an offence by the offender, and
- (d) providing for orders for the recovery of costs and expenses of the EPA relating to the investigation of an offence by the offender, and
- (e) providing for orders that an offender carry out audits of activities carried on by the offender, and
- (f) providing for orders that an offender pay an amount into the Environmental Trust for the purposes of specific projects or for general environmental purposes, and

- (g) providing for orders that an offender establish training courses for the offender's employees or contractors.

Schedule 1[31]–[33] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 95B to update the formatting of the provision.

Schedule 1[35] inserts proposed Division 2B into the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, Part 10. The Division provides that, if a court convicts a corporation of an offence, the court may order that certain persons pay an amount representing the amount of monetary benefits acquired by the person, or accrued or accruing to the person, as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation.

Schedule 1[36] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 103 to update the formatting of the penalty and provide for a term of imprisonment of up to 18 months as an alternative to, or in addition to, the maximum monetary penalty for individuals.

Schedule 1[37] inserts proposed section 103A into the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*. The section makes it an offence for certain persons to receive, acquire or accrue a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by a corporation of an offence (the *underlying offence*). The new offence carries a maximum penalty equal to the maximum penalty of the underlying offence.

Schedule 1[38] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 107 to increase the maximum penalty for disclosing information that relates to manufacturing or other industrial or commercial secrets or working processes from 100 penalty units to 200 penalty units.

Schedule 1[39] and [40] amend the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, section 112 to enable the regulations to create offences with penalties of up to 400 penalty units for corporations and 200 penalty units for individuals.

Schedule 1[41] amends the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* to provide for transitional matters consequent on the amendments in Schedule 1[17] and [28]–[33].

Schedule 2 Amendment of Land and Environment Court Act 1979 No 204

Schedule 2 amends the *Land and Environment Court Act 1979*, section 20 to give the Land and Environment Court jurisdiction to hear and dispose of proceedings under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, the *Pesticides Act 1999*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *Radiation Control Act 1990* in relation to the proposed provisions providing for—

- (a) the recovery of costs and expenses, and compensation, after an offence has been proved, and
- (b) the recovery from certain persons of monetary benefits received, acquired or accrued by those persons as a result of the commission of an offence by a corporation.

Schedule 3 Amendment of Pesticides Act 1999 No 80

Schedule 3[1] and [9]–[11] amend the *Pesticides Act 1999* to—

- (a) insert a definition consequent on amendments in Schedule 3[5] and [13], and
- (b) update references to members of the Board of the EPA consequent on amendments in Schedule 4[6].

Schedule 3[2] amends the *Pesticides Act 1999*, section 38 to remove the requirement for the EPA to obtain the Minister's approval before making an order to prohibit or control the use of a pesticide or class of pesticide or authorise the use or possession of a restricted pesticide or class of restricted pesticide. **Schedule 3[3] and [4]** make consequential amendments.

Schedule 3[5] inserts proposed section 44A into the *Pesticides Act 1999*. The section makes it an offence for certain persons to receive, acquire or accrue a monetary benefit as a result of the

commission by a corporation of an offence (the *underlying offence*). The new offence carries a maximum penalty equal to the maximum penalty for the underlying offence.

Schedule 3[6]–[8] amend the *Pesticides Act 1999*, sections 93, 97 and 99, respectively to ensure that the orders a court may make in relation to offenders are consistent with the orders that may be made by a court under other environment protection legislation, by doing the following—

- (a) clarifying that orders may be made in relation to an offender in addition to other penalties or action taken against the offender,
- (b) providing for orders that the offender take specified action to publicise the offence or notify a particular person of offences,
- (c) providing for orders for the recovery of costs and expenses relating to the investigation of an offence by the offender,
- (d) providing for orders that an offender pay an amount into the Environmental Trust for the purposes of specific projects or for general environmental purposes,
- (e) providing for orders that an offender attend, or cause the offender’s employees or contractors to attend, training courses,
- (f) providing for orders that an offender establish training courses for the offender’s employees or contractors.

Schedule 3[12] amends the *Pesticides Act 1999*, section 107 to ensure the evidentiary presumptions relating to analysts’ certificates are consistent across the environment protection legislation.

Schedule 3[13] inserts proposed section 112C into the *Pesticides Act 1999*. The section provides that, if a court convicts a corporation of an offence, the court may order that certain persons pay an amount representing the amount of monetary benefits acquired by the person, or accrued or accruing to the person, as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation.

Schedule 3[14] amends the *Pesticides Act 1999* to provide for transitional matters consequent on the amendments in Schedule 3[6]–[8].

Schedule 4 Amendment of Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991 No 60

Schedule 4[1], [2], [6], [10]–[12], [14]–[17] and [20] amend the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991* consequent on the amendments relating to the structure and administration of the EPA in Schedule 4[7]–[9], and [21]–[30].

Schedule 4[3] replaces the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, section 3(1), definition of *environment protection legislation* to update the formatting of the definition and provide that the regulations may prescribe additional Acts, or parts of Acts, for the purposes of the definition. **Schedule 4[4]** provides that additional Acts or parts of Acts may only be prescribed with the concurrence of the Minister responsible for the Acts or parts.

Schedule 4[5] substitutes the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, section 13 to provide that the EPA is not subject to the control of the Minister. The new provision confirms that the Minister may give the EPA directions if it is in the public interest for the Minister to do so and clarifies the nature of the directions the Minister may give. The amendment also requires directions given to the EPA by the Minister be published on the EPA’s website.

Schedule 4[7] substitutes the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, section 14 and inserts proposed section 14A to provide that the Chief Executive Officer of the EPA is a member of the Board of the EPA, but is not entitled to vote on a matter considered by the Board, and clarify that the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the EPA.

Schedule 4[8] amends the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, section 15 to provide for the establishment and membership of the Board of the EPA.

Schedule 4[9] amends the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, section 16 to clarify that the functions of the Board of the EPA include determining policies and plans relating to organisational governance and risk management.

Schedule 4[13] amends the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, section 18(2) to provide that the Chairperson of the Board of the EPA must be appointed on a part-time basis.

Schedule 4[18] amends the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, section 34A to provide that amounts ordered to be paid in relation to the new offences of acquiring or receiving monetary benefits under the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997*, the *Pesticides Act 1999*, the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *Radiation Control Act 1990* may be paid into the Environment Protection Authority Fund.

Schedule 4[19] substitutes the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, section 35 to update the formatting of the provision and extend the exclusion of personal liability to the Minister and Chief Executive Officer of the EPA.

Schedule 4[21]–[30] amend the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*, Schedule 1 and omit Schedule 2A to clarify and consolidate—

- (a) the provisions relating to the employment of the members of the Board, and
- (b) the procedural provisions relating to meetings of the Board.

Schedule 4[31] amends the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991* to provide for savings and transitional matters consequent on the amendments in Schedule [6]–[8], [12], and [20]–[28].

Schedule 5 Amendment of Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 No 156

Schedule 5[1] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 29 to update a reference to the Secretary of a Government Department.

Schedule 5[2]–[6] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, sections 29, 50 and 51 to update references to repealed or substituted provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

Schedule 5[7]–[10] and [12] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, sections 53, 54, 55 and 58 to update the formatting of the provisions.

Schedule 5[11] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 55 to provide that when a licence is transferred, it is transferred subject to the conditions to which the licence is subject at the time of the transfer, unless those conditions are varied as part of the transfer.

Schedule 5[14] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 64 to extend the offence of failing to comply with a condition of a licence to a failure to comply with a condition of the suspension, revocation or surrender of a licence by a person to whom the condition has been varied to apply.

Schedule 5[15] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 66 to increase the maximum penalty for giving a certificate to an appropriate regulatory authority that contains false or misleading information about compliance with the conditions of a licence from \$250,000 to \$500,000 for a corporation and from \$120,000 to \$250,000 for an individual.

Schedule 5[16] and [17] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 66 to increase the maximum penalty for offences relating to the publication of monitoring data from \$4,400 to \$20,000 for a corporation and from \$2,200 to \$10,000 for an individual.

Schedule 5[18] inserts proposed section 81A into the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. The section enables the conditions of the suspension, revocation or surrender of a licence to be amended to apply to a person other than the holder or former holder of the relevant licence on the application of the person to whom the condition is to apply.

Schedule 5[19]–[24] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 83 to provide that the appropriate regulatory authority may, in determining whether a corporation is a fit and proper person, consider whether current and former directors of the corporation, related bodies corporate or current or former directors of related bodies corporate have contravened relevant legislation and are otherwise fit and proper persons.

Schedule 5[25]–[30] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 91 to extend an appropriate regulatory authority's power to direct particular persons to take clean-up actions so the appropriate regulatory authority can direct a person who contributes to a pollution incident to take clean-up action, regardless of whether another person has also been directed to take clean-up action. The amendments also provide that the person may recover costs of taking the action from another person who caused or contributed to the pollution incident.

Schedule 5[31] inserts proposed sections 91A and 91B into the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. The sections—

- (a) enable an appropriate regulatory authority to give current and former directors of a corporation and related bodies corporate clean-up notices (**supplementary clean-up notices**) if a clean-up notice has been given to the corporation and the corporation has failed to comply with the notice, and
- (b) provide that a person given a supplementary clean-up notice may recover costs of taking the action from another person who caused or contributed to the pollution incident, and
- (c) make it an offence not to comply with a supplementary clean-up notice.

Schedule 5[32] inserts proposed section 96A into the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. The section enables an appropriate regulatory authority to give current and former directors of a corporation and related bodies corporate prevention notices if a prevention notice has been given to the corporation and the corporation has failed to comply with the notice.

Schedule 5[33] and [34] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 101 to update the formatting of the provision and extend the Minister's power to issue prevention notices to include—

- (a) classes of premises, in addition to specific premises, and
- (b) classes of persons, in addition to specific persons.

Schedule 5[35] inserts proposed section 101A into the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*. The section enables an appropriate regulatory authority to give current and former directors of a corporation, related bodies corporate and current and former directors of related bodies corporate prohibition notices if a prohibition notice has been given to the corporation and the corporation has failed to comply with the notice.

Schedule 5[36] omits a redundant cross-reference consequent on the amendment in Schedule 5[31].

Schedule 5[37] updates the formatting of a provision and makes an amendment consequent on the amendments in Schedule 5[31].

Schedule 5[38] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 113 to provide for a term of imprisonment of up to 18 months as an alternative to, or in addition to, the maximum monetary penalty for individuals for making false or misleading statement in reports.

Schedule 5[39] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 143 to extend the offence of transporting waste to a place that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility for that waste, or causes or permits the waste to be transported, to the owner of a vehicle in which the waste is transported.

Schedule 5[40] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 144AA(1) to increase the maximum penalty for giving false or misleading information about waste from \$250,000 to \$500,000 for a corporation and from \$120,000 to \$250,000 for an individual.

Schedule 5[41] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 144AA(2) to increase the maximum monetary penalty for knowingly giving false or misleading information about waste from \$500,000 to \$1,000,000 for a corporation and from \$240,000 to \$500,000 for an individual.

Schedule 5[42] and [43] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 144AB to include offences of wilfully or negligently disposing of waste in a manner that harms or is likely to harm the environment, giving false or misleading information about waste or knowingly giving false or misleading information about waste as repeat waste offences. Repeat waste offences render an offender liable to an additional maximum monetary penalty equal to the original offence by an individual or imprisonment for 2 years, or both, if the offender commits a further offence within 5 years of an earlier offence.

Schedule 5[44] updates the drafting of a provision in line with contemporary drafting practices by removing redundant words.

Schedule 5[45] inserts the following proposed sections into the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*—

- (a) proposed section 167A, which creates the following offences—
 - (i) a strict liability offence of providing the EPA with false or misleading information, with a maximum penalty of \$500,000 for a corporation or \$250,000 for an individual,
 - (ii) an offence for knowingly providing the EPA with false or misleading information, with a maximum penalty of \$1,000,000 for a corporation or \$500,000 or imprisonment for up to 18 months, or both, for an individual,
- (b) proposed section 167B, which makes it an offence for certain persons to receive, acquire or accrue a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by a corporation of an offence (the **underlying offence**) with a maximum penalty equal to the maximum penalty of the underlying offence.

Schedule 5[46] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 169A to update a cross-reference consequent on the amendments in Schedule 5[31].

Schedule 5[47] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 169A to prescribe the new offence under proposed section 167A relating to giving false or misleading information to the EPA as an executive liability offence.

Schedule 5[48]–[50] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 177 to—

- (a) increase the maximum penalties for offences under sections 177(1)–(4) relating to giving false or misleading information to an auditor, failing to give information to an auditor, including false or misleading information in an audit report and failing to include information in an audit report—
 - (i) from \$250,000 to \$1,000,000 for a corporation with a further \$120,000 a day for continuing offences, and
 - (ii) from \$120,000 to \$250,000 for an individual with a further \$60,000 a day for continuing offences, and
- (b) make a consequential amendment to section 177(5) to retain the current maximum penalty for offences relating to failure to retain or produce audit documentation.

Schedule 5[51] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 186 to provide that investigation provisions extend to environment protection legislation prescribed by the regulations in addition to the legislation specified in the provision.

Schedule 5[52]–[54] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 211 to provide that an individual who knowingly gives false or misleading information or does a thing knowing that the thing does not comply with a requirement under the Act is, instead of or in addition to a monetary penalty, liable to imprisonment for up to 18 months. The amendments also update the formatting of the provision.

Schedule 5[55] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 211 to—

- (a) extend the current offence of wilfully delaying or obstructing an authorised officer to include wilfully assaulting, threatening or intimidating an authorised officer and increasing the maximum penalty—
 - (i) from \$1,000,000 to \$2,000,000 for a corporation, with an additional \$240,000 a day for a continuing offence, or
 - (ii) from \$250,000 to \$500,000 for an individual, with an additional \$120,000 a day for a continuing offence, and
- (b) provide for a new strict liability offence for delaying, obstructing, assaulting, threatening or intimidating authorised officers with the following penalties—
 - (i) \$1,000,000 for a corporation, with an additional \$120,000 a day for a continuing offence, or
 - (ii) \$250,000 for an individual, with an additional \$60,000 a day for a continuing offence, and
- (c) provide that the strict liability offence is an alternative open to the court if satisfied that the strict liability offence has been proved.

Schedule 5[56] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 213 to provide the procedural provisions in Chapter 8 extend to environment legislation prescribed by the regulations in addition to the legislation specified in the provision.

Schedule 5[57] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 216 consequent on the amendments in Schedule 5[45].

Schedule 5[58] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 216 to update cross-references.

Schedule 5[59] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 230 to provide that the provisions relating to restraining orders apply in proceedings for offences in which a person may be required to pay an amount representing monetary benefits acquired or received by the person. **Schedule 5[60] and [61]** make consequential amendments.

Schedule 5[62], [64]–[67], [70], [72], [75], [77]–[79] and [81]–[82] amend the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* to—

- (a) update references to repealed or substituted provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, and
- (b) clarify that certain transitional arrangements in connection with the repeal of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, Part 3A continue to have effect to the extent that particular grants of approval and consent under the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* are preserved, and
- (c) update definitions consequent on other amendments, and
- (d) update references to members of the Board of the EPA consequent on amendments in Schedule 4[6].

Schedule 5[63] inserts proposed Part 8.3A into the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, Chapter 8. The Part provides that, if a court convicts a corporation of an offence, the court may order that certain persons pay an amount representing the amount of monetary benefits acquired by the person, or accrued or accruing to the person, as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation.

Schedule 5[68] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 262 to ensure the evidentiary presumptions relating to analysts' certificates are consistent across the environment protection legislation.

Schedule 5[69] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 281 to—

- (a) increase the maximum penalty for failing to provide information required by a police officer to \$20,000 for a corporation or \$10,000 for an individual, and
- (b) increase the maximum penalty for knowingly providing false or misleading information to a police officer in purported compliance with a requirement to \$40,000 for a corporation or \$20,000 for an individual, with imprisonment for up to 18 months instead of, or in addition to, the monetary penalty.

Schedule 5[71] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 299 to require the EPA to consider the financial capacity of a person before requiring the person to provide a financial assurance.

Schedule 5[72] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 305 to extend the exclusion of personal liability to the Chief Executive Officer of the EPA.

Schedule 5[73] inserts proposed new Part 9.4A into the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, Chapter 9. The Part enables the EPA to impose restrictions on the use of, or public positive covenants on, land for the purpose of enforcing a condition of a licence, or a condition of the suspension, revocation or surrender of a licence.

Schedule 5[74] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 320A to increase the maximum penalty for making false representations as to goods or services being approved, provided, recommended or used by the EPA, or making false representations that a person holds a licence, to \$1,000,000 for a corporation and to \$250,000 for an individual, with imprisonment for up to 18 months as an alternative, or in addition to, the monetary penalty.

Schedule 5[76] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, Schedule 2 to provide that the regulations may give effect to and enforce compliance with national environmental protection measures made under the *National Environment Protection Council Act 1994* of the Commonwealth.

Schedule 5[80] amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* to provide for transitional matters consequent on the amendments in Schedule 5[30]–[34], [58] and [59].

Schedule 6 Amendment of Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2021

Schedule 6 amends the *Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2021*, Schedule 6 to update a reference to a penalty notice offence consequent on amendments in Schedule 5[31].

Schedule 7 Amendment of Radiation Control Act 1990 No 13

Schedule 7[1]–[3], [5], [6], [10] and [12] amend the *Radiation Control Act 1990*, sections 4(1), 5A, 23A, 25, 29 and 36 to—

- (a) updates and consolidates definitions consequent on amendments in Schedule 7[7], and
- (b) update references to members of the Board of the EPA consequent on amendments in Schedule 4[6].

Schedule 7[4] amends the *Radiation Control Act 1990*, section 5A to update a reference to a Government Department.

Schedule 7[7] inserts proposed section 27A into the *Radiation Control Act 1990*. The section provides that, if a court convicts a corporation of an offence, the court may order that certain

persons pay an amount representing the amount of monetary benefits acquired by the person, or accrued or accruing to the person, as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation.

Schedule 7[8] amends the *Radiation Control Act 1990*, section 28D to require the EPA to consider the financial capacity of a person before requiring the person to provide a financial assurance.

Schedule 7[9] amends the *Radiation Control Act 1990*, section 28J to extend the exclusion of personal liability to the Chief Executive Officer of the EPA.

Schedule 7[11] inserts proposed section 33B into the *Radiation Control Act 1990*. The section makes it an offence for a person to receive, acquire or accrue a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by a corporation of an offence (the ***underlying offence***). The new offence carries a maximum penalty equal to the maximum penalty for the underlying offence.

Schedule 8 Amendment of Radiation Control Regulation 2013

Schedule 8[1]–[9], [11] and [14]–[16] amend the *Radiation Control Regulation 2013* to update references to members of the Board of the EPA consequent on amendments in Schedule 4[6].

Schedule 8[10] and [13] amend the *Radiation Control Regulation 2013* to update references to Government Departments.

Schedule 8[12] amends the *Radiation Control Regulation 2013* to update references to an Act.

Schedule 9 Amendments to Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001 No 58

Schedule 9[1] amends the *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001*, section 44 to replace the reference to “commencement of this Part” with a reference to 1 December 2017, being the commencement of the section, to remove ambiguity given the different dates for the commencement of different sections in the Part.

Schedule 9[2] and [3] update the formatting of the *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001*, section 44.



New South Wales

Environment Legislation Amendment Bill 2021

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New South Wales

Environment Legislation Amendment Bill 2021

No. _____, 2021

A Bill for

An Act to amend environment protection legislation for particular purposes.

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts—

1

1 Name of Act

2

This Act is the *Environment Legislation Amendment Act 2021*.

3

2 Commencement

4

This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.

5

Schedule 1	Amendment of Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 No 140	1
		2
[1] Section 4 Definitions		3
	Omit the definitions of <i>approved use</i> and Chairperson of the EPA from section 4(1).	4
[2] Section 4(1)		5
	Insert in alphabetical order—	6
	<i>approved use</i> of land means—	7
	(a) a use to which the subject land may be put without planning approval, or	8
	(b) a use to which the subject land may be put under an existing planning approval and for which no further planning approval is required.	9
	<i>Board of the EPA</i> means the Board within the meaning of the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> .	10
	<i>CEO of the EPA</i> means the Chief Executive Officer within the meaning of the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> .	11
	<i>Chairperson of the EPA Board</i> means the Chairperson within the meaning of the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> .	12
	<i>monetary benefits</i> means monetary, financial or economic benefits.	13
	<i>planning approval</i> means—	14
	(a) development consent under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Part 4, or	15
	(b) an approval under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Division 5.2, or	16
	(c) an approval under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Part 3A when that Part was in force or continued in operation.	17
	<i>related body corporate</i> has the same meaning the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	18
	<i>relevant order, restriction or covenant</i> —see section 42A(1).	19
[3] Section 6 Responsibility for contamination of land		20
	Omit “an approval under Part 3A, or for development consent under Part 4, of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979” from section 6(4).	21
	Insert instead “planning approval”.	22
[4] Section 10 Preliminary investigation orders		23
	Omit the penalty from section 10(5). Insert instead—	24
	Maximum penalty—	25
	(a) for a corporation—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	26
	(b) for an individual—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	27
[5] Section 14 Management orders		28
	Omit “\$66,000” from section 14(6), penalty, paragraph (a). Insert instead “\$120,000”.	29
[6] Section 14(6), penalty, paragraph (b)		30
	Omit “\$33,000”. Insert instead “\$60,000”.	31

[7] Section 28 Ongoing maintenance orders	1
Omit the penalty from section 28(4). Insert instead—	2
Maximum penalty—	3
(a) for a corporation—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	4
(b) for an individual—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	5
[8] Part 3, Division 6A, heading	6
Omit “ management orders ”.	7
Insert instead “ relevant orders, restrictions and covenants ”.	8
[9] Section 42A Application of Division	9
Omit section 42A(1). Insert instead—	10
(1) This Division applies in relation to requirements under the following (each a <i>relevant order, restriction or covenant</i>) to provide financial assurance to secure or guarantee funding for or towards the carrying out of actions required under the relevant orders, restrictions or covenants—	11
(a) management orders,	12
(b) ongoing maintenance orders,	13
(c) restrictions or public positive covenants imposed under section 29.	14
[10] Section 42B Restriction on requiring financial assurance	15
Insert after section 42B(c)—	16
(c1) the financial capacity of the person, or	17
[11] Section 42C Form of financial assurance	18
Omit “management order” wherever occurring in section 42C(1)(c) and (2).	19
Insert instead “relevant order, restriction or covenant”.	20
[12] Section 42D Amount of financial assurance	21
Omit section 42D(2). Insert instead—	22
(2) However, the EPA must not require a financial assurance of an amount that exceeds the total cost of carrying out the action.	23
(2A) For the purposes of subsection (2), the total cost is the amount that, in the EPA’s opinion, represents a reasonable estimate of the total likely costs and expenses that may be incurred in carrying out the action, including the likely costs and expenses of the EPA in directing and supervising the carrying out of the action.	24
[13] Section 42E	25
Omit the section. Insert instead—	26
42E Guidelines about financial assurances	27
The regulations may provide for guidelines to be observed in relation to—	28
(a) the content of requirements for financial assurances under relevant orders, restrictions or covenants, and	29
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	(b) the calculation of the amount of financial assurances required.	1
[14]	Section 42F Carrying out of action when assurer fails to do so	2
	Omit section 42F(1). Insert instead—	3
	(1) If a person to whom a relevant order, restriction or covenant is directed fails, in the opinion of the EPA, to carry out an action covered by a financial assurance required under a relevant order, restriction or covenant in accordance with the relevant order, restriction or covenant, the EPA may—	4
	(a) carry out the action, or	5
	(b) direct or supervise the carrying out of the action by another person.	6
[15]	Section 42I Liability of EPA, State and others	7
	Insert “the CEO of the EPA,” after “Board of the EPA,” in section 42I(2).	8
[16]	Section 45 Obstruction of persons	9
	Omit the penalty from section 45(1). Insert instead—	10
	Maximum penalty—	11
	(a) for a corporation—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	12
	(b) for an individual—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	13
[17]	Section 46	14
	Omit the section. Insert instead—	15
	46 EPA may give clean-up and prevention notices	16
	(1) This section applies in relation to the following land—	17
	(a) significantly contaminated land,	18
	(b) land in relation to which the EPA has been given notice under section 60.	19
	(2) The EPA may give a notice or direction in accordance with the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> , Part 4.2 or 4.3 in relation to the land—	20
	(a) as if the EPA were the appropriate regulatory authority within the meaning of that Act, and	21
	(b) despite any order or approved voluntary management proposal relating to the land.	22
	(3) The notice or direction is taken to have been given under the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> .	23
[18]	Section 48 Statutory site audits	24
	Omit the penalty from section 48(1). Insert instead—	25
	Maximum penalty—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	26
[19]	Section 48(2)	27
	Omit the penalty. Insert instead—	28
	Maximum penalty—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues.	29

[20] Section 57 Holding out	1
Omit the penalty from section 57(1). Insert instead—	2
Maximum penalty—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	3 4
[21] Section 57(1A)	5
Omit the penalty. Insert instead—	6
Maximum penalty—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	7 8
[22] Section 57(2)	9
Omit the penalty. Insert instead—	10
Maximum penalty—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues.	11 12
[23] Section 60 Duty to report contamination	13
Omit the penalty from section 60(1). Insert instead—	14
Maximum penalty—	15
(a) for a corporation—\$2,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$240,000 for each day the offence continues, or	16 17
(b) for an individual—\$500,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues.	18 19
[24] Section 60(2)	20
Omit the penalty. Insert instead—	21
Maximum penalty—	22
(a) for a corporation—\$2,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$240,000 for each day the offence continues, or	23 24
(b) for an individual—\$500,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues.	25 26
[25] Section 69 Proof of certain matters not required	27
Omit “Chairperson of the EPA” from section 69(a).	28
Insert instead “Chairperson of the EPA Board, the CEO of the EPA,”.	29
[26] Section 71 Certificate evidence of certain matters	30
Omit “Chairperson” from section 71(1), wherever occurring. Insert instead “CEO”.	31
[27] Section 72 Evidence of analysts	32
Omit section 72(3). Insert instead—	33
(3) A certificate of an analyst that a container containing a sample was received at a specified laboratory and that the container was sealed by an authorised officer or another person is admissible in proceedings under this Act as evidence—	34 35 36 37
(a) of the facts stated in the certificate, and	38
(b) that the sample was the same sample as the sample obtained by the authorised officer or other person, and	39 40

(c)	that the sample had not been tampered with since the time the container was sealed by the authorised officer or other person.	1 2
[28]	Sections 95AAA–95AAF	3
	Insert before section 95A—	4
95AA	Operation of Division	5
(1)	This Division applies where a court finds an offence against this Act or the regulations proved.	6 7
(2)	Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), a court finds an offence proved if—	8 9
(a)	the court convicts the offender of the offence, or	10
(b)	the court makes an order under the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> , section 10 against the offender in relation to the offence.	11 12
(3)	In this Part—	13
	<i>the court</i> means the court that finds the offence proved.	14
	<i>the offender</i> means the person who is found to have committed the offence.	15
95AB	Orders generally	16
(1)	One or more orders may be made under this Division against the offender.	17
(2)	Orders may be made under this Division in addition to any penalty that may be imposed, or other action that may be taken, in relation to the offence.	18 19
(3)	Orders may be made under this Division regardless of whether a penalty is imposed, or other action is taken, in relation to the offence.	20 21
95AC	Orders for restoration and prevention	22
	The court may order the offender to take steps specified in the order, within a time specified or a further time that the court on application may allow—	23 24
(a)	to investigate, manage or remediate any contamination caused by the commission of the offence, or	25 26
(b)	to address the risk of harm from the contamination, or	27
(c)	to prevent the continuance or recurrence of the offence.	28
95AD	Orders for costs, expenses and compensation at time offence proved	29
(1)	This section applies if the court is satisfied that—	30
(a)	a public authority has incurred costs and expenses in connection with—	31
(i)	investigating, managing or remediating any contamination caused by the commission of an offence, or	32 33
(ii)	addressing the risk of harm from the contamination, or	34
(b)	a person, including a public authority, has—	35
(i)	by reason of the commission of an offence, suffered loss of or damage to property, or	36 37
(i)	incurred costs and expenses in preventing or mitigating, or in attempting to prevent or mitigate, the loss or damage.	38 39
(2)	The court may order the offender to pay to the public authority or person an amount, fixed by the order, representing—	40 41
(a)	compensation for the loss or damage suffered, or	42

(b)	the costs and expenses incurred.	1
(3)	An order made by the Land and Environment Court under subsection (2) is enforceable as if it were an order made by the Land and Environment Court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	2 3 4
(4)	The Local Court may not make an order under subsection (2) for the payment of an amount that exceeds the amount for which an order may be made by the Local Court when exercising jurisdiction under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	5 6 7
(5)	An order made by the Local Court is enforceable as if it were an order made by the Local Court when exercising jurisdiction under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	8 9 10
95AE	Recovery of costs, expenses and compensation after offence proved	11
(1)	This section applies if, after the court finds the offence proved—	12
(a)	a public authority has incurred costs and expenses in connection with—	13
(i)	investigating, managing or remediating any contamination caused by the commission of an offence, or	14 15
(ii)	addressing the risk of harm from the contamination, or	16
(b)	a person, including a public authority, has—	17
(i)	by reason of the commission of an offence, suffered loss of or damage to property, or	18 19
(ii)	incurred costs and expenses in preventing or mitigating, or in attempting to prevent or mitigate, the loss or damage.	20 21
(2)	The person or public authority may recover from the offender the costs and expenses incurred or the amount of the loss or damage in the Land and Environment Court.	22 23 24
(3)	The amount of any costs and expenses, but not the amount of any loss or damage, may be recovered as a debt.	25 26
95AF	Orders regarding costs and expenses of investigation	27
(1)	If the court is satisfied that the EPA has reasonably incurred costs and expenses during the investigation of an offence, the court may order the offender to pay to the EPA an amount, fixed in the order, representing the costs and expenses incurred.	28 29 30 31
(2)	An order made by the Land and Environment Court under subsection (1) is enforceable as if it were an order made by the Land and Environment Court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	32 33 34
(3)	An order made by the Local Court under subsection (1) is enforceable as if it were an order made by the Local Court when exercising jurisdiction under the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	35 36 37
(4)	In this section—	38
	costs and expenses , in relation to the investigation of an offence, means the costs and expenses of—	39 40
(a)	taking a sample or conducting an inspection, test, measurement or analysis during the investigation of the offence, or	41 42
(b)	transporting, storing or disposing of evidence during the investigation of the offence.	43 44

[29] Section 95A Orders regarding monetary benefits	1
Omit section 95A(4), definition of <i>monetary benefits</i> .	2
[30] Section 95B Additional orders	3
Insert after section 95B(1)(c)—	4
(c1) order the offender to carry out a specified environmental audit of activities carried on by the offender,	5 6
(c2) order the offender to pay a specified amount to the Environmental Trust established under the <i>Environmental Trust Act 1998</i> , or a specified organisation for—	7 8 9
(i) the purposes of a specified project for the restoration or enhancement of the environment, or	10 11
(ii) general environmental purposes,	12
(c3) order the offender to attend, or to cause employees or contractors of the offender to attend, a training or other course specified by the court,	13 14
(c4) order the offender to establish, for employees or contractors of the offender, a training course of a kind specified by the court,	15 16
[31] Section 95B(1)	17
Omit “The Local Court is not authorised to make an order referred to in paragraph (c) or (d).”.	18 19
[32] Section 95B(2)	20
Omit “However, the Local Court is not authorised to make an order under this subsection.”.	21
[33] Section 95B(2A)	22
Insert after section 95B(2)—	23
(2A) The Local Court is not authorised to make an order referred to in subsection (1)(c), (c1), (c2) or (d) or (2).	24 25
[34] Section 95B(6)	26
Omit “management order”. Insert instead “relevant order, restriction or covenant”.	27
[35] Part 10, Division 2B	28
Insert after Division 2A—	29
Division 2B Civil proceedings to recover particular monetary benefits	30 31
95C Recovery of monetary benefits from related persons after offence proved	32
(1) This section applies if a court convicts a corporation of an offence against this Act or the regulations.	33 34
(2) The prosecutor for the offence may apply to the court for an order (a <i>monetary benefits order</i>) that any of the following persons pay an amount representing the amount of monetary benefits acquired by the person, or accrued or accruing to the person, as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation—	35 36 37 38 39
(a) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,	40 41

(b)	a related body corporate,	1
(c)	a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of a related body corporate.	2 3
(3)	The court may make a monetary benefits order in relation to a person only if the court is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that the person acquired, accrued, or will accrue the monetary benefits as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation.	4 5 6 7
(4)	When making a monetary benefits order, the court may order that the person pay the amount—	8 9
(a)	into the Environment Protection Authority Fund or another fund the court considers appropriate, or	10 11
(b)	to an entity the court considers appropriate in the circumstances.	12
(5)	The regulations may prescribe a protocol to be used in determining the amount that represents the monetary benefit acquired by the person or accrued or accruing to the person.	13 14 15
(6)	A monetary benefits order made by the court is enforceable as if it were an order made by the court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	16 17 18
(7)	A reference in subsection (2) to a director of a corporation or related body corporate extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation or related body corporate.	19 20 21
(8)	In this section—	22
	<i>Environment Protection Authority Fund</i> means the Environment Protection Authority Fund established under the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> , section 34A.	23 24 25
	<i>prosecutor</i> , for an offence, means the person that instituted the proceedings for the offence.	26 27
	<i>the court</i> does not include the Local Court.	28
[36]	Section 103 False or misleading information(1), penalty, paragraph (b)	29
	Omit the penalty from section 103(1). Insert instead—	30
	Maximum penalty—	31
(a)	for a corporation—	32
(i)	in relation to a requirement under section 10, 14, 28 or 53B— \$1,000,000, or	33 34
(ii)	in relation to another requirement—\$137,500, or	35
(b)	for an individual—	36
(i)	in relation to a requirement under section 10, 14, 28 or 53B— \$250,000 or imprisonment for 18 months, or both, or	37 38
(ii)	in relation to another requirement—\$66,000 or imprisonment for 18 months, or both.	39 40
[37]	Section 103A	41
	Insert after section 103—	42
103A	Receiving monetary benefits	43
(1)	Any of the following persons who receives, acquires or accrues a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by a corporation of a proved offence	44 45

under this Act or the regulations (the <i>underlying offence</i>) is guilty of an offence—	1 2
(a) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the underlying offence, a director of the corporation,	3 4
(b) a related body corporate,	5
(c) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the underlying offence, a director of a related body corporate.	6 7
Maximum penalty—	8
(a) for a corporation—the maximum penalty that applies to a corporation for the underlying offence, or	9 10
(b) for an individual—the maximum penalty that applies to an individual for the underlying offence.	11 12
(2) Proceedings for an offence under this section may be commenced—	13
(a) after the date on which the underlying offence is alleged to have been committed, but	14 15
(b) despite section 93, no later than the later of the following—	16
(i) the date that is 12 months after the date on which a court finds the underlying offence proved,	17 18
(ii) the date by which the proceedings may be commenced under section 93(2).	19 20
(3) Despite section 92, proceedings for an offence under this section may not be dealt with before the Local Court.	21 22
(4) Without limiting subsection (1) or (2)(b), a court finds an offence proved if—	23
(a) the court convicts the offender of the offence, or	24
(b) the court makes an order under the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> , section 10 against the offender in relation to the offence.	25 26
(5) A reference in subsection (1) to a director of a corporation or related body corporate extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation or related body corporate.	27 28 29
[38] Section 107 Disclosure of information	30
Omit “100 penalty units” from section 107(1), penalty. Insert instead “200 penalty units”.	31
[39] Section 112 Regulations	32
Omit “200 penalty units” from section 112(3)(a). Insert instead “400 penalty units”.	33
[40] Section 112(3)(b)	34
Omit “100 penalty units”. Insert instead “200 penalty units”.	35
[41] Schedule 2 Savings and transitional provisions	36
Insert after Schedule 2, Part 7—	37
Part 8 Provisions consequent on enactment of Environment Legislation Amendment Act 2021	38 39
30 Definition	40
In this Part—	41

	<i>amended</i> , in relation to a provision, means the provision as in force on and from the date this Part commences.	1 2
31	Extended powers to give clean-up notices	3
	A reference in amended section 46 to land in relation to which the EPA has been given notice under section 60 extends to land in relation to which the EPA was given notice under section 60 before the date this clause commences.	4 5 6
32	Court orders in connection with offences	7
	Sections 95AA–95AF and amended 95B extend to proceedings commenced, but not finally determined, before the date this clause commences.	8 9

Schedule 2	Amendment of Land and Environment Court Act	1
	1979 No 204	2
[1]	Section 20 Class 4—environmental planning and protection, development contract and strata renewal plan civil enforcement	3
	Insert after section 20(1)(caa)—	4
	(cab) proceedings under the <i>Contaminated Land Management Act 1997</i> , section 95AE or 95C,	5
		6
		7
[2]	Section 20(1)(cc)	8
	Insert after section 20(1)(cbb)—	9
	(cc) proceedings under the <i>Pesticides Act 1999</i> , section 99(6) or 112C,	10
[3]	Section 20(1)(cib)	11
	Insert after section 20(1)(cia)—	12
	(cib) proceedings under the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> , section 251A,	13
		14
[4]	Section 20(1)(co)	15
	Omit the paragraph. Insert instead—	16
	(co) proceedings under the <i>Radiation Control Act 1990</i> , section 24A, 25B, 27 or 27A,	17
		18

Schedule 3 Amendment of Pesticides Act 1999 No 80

[1] Section 4 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 4(1)—

Chairperson of the EPA Board means the Chairperson within the meaning of the *Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991*.

monetary benefits means monetary, financial or economic benefits.

related body corporate has the same meaning as in the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth.

[2] Section 38 Making of pesticide control order

Omit “, with the approval of the Minister,” from section 38(1).

[3] Section 38(1), note

Omit “Section 43 (3) of that Act also requires the Authority to obtain the approval of the Minister before amending or repealing an order under this section.”.

[4] Section 38(5B)

Omit the subsection.

[5] Section 44A

Insert after section 44—

44A Receiving monetary benefits

(1) Any of the following persons who receives, acquires or accrues a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by a corporation of a proved offence under this Act or the regulations (the *underlying offence*) is guilty of an offence—

(a) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the underlying offence, a director of the corporation,

(b) a related body corporate,

(c) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the underlying offence, a director of a related body corporate.

Maximum penalty—

(a) for a corporation—the maximum penalty that applies to a corporation for the underlying offence, or

(b) for an individual—the maximum penalty that applies to an individual for the underlying offence.

(2) Proceedings for an offence under this section may be commenced—

(a) after the date on which the underlying offence is alleged to have been committed, but

(b) despite section 72, no later than the later of the following—

(i) the date that is 12 months after the date on which a court finds the underlying offence proved,

(ii) the date by which the proceedings may be commenced under section 72(3).

(3) Despite section 71, proceedings for an offence under this section may not be dealt with before the Local Court.

(4)	Without limiting subsection (1) or (2)(b), a court finds an offence proved if—	1
(a)	the court convicts the offender of the offence, or	2
(b)	the court makes an order under the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> , section 10 against the offender in relation to the offence.	3 4
(5)	A reference in subsection (1) to a director of a corporation or related body corporate extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation or related body corporate.	5 6 7
[6]	Section 93 Orders generally	8
	Insert after section 93(2)—	9
(3)	Orders may be made under this Part regardless of whether a penalty is imposed, or other action taken, in relation to the offence.	10 11
[7]	Section 97 Orders regarding costs and expenses of investigation	12
	Omit section 97(3), definition of <i>costs and expenses</i> . Insert instead—	13
	<i>costs and expenses</i> , in relation to the investigation of an offence, means the costs and expenses—	14 15
(a)	incurred in taking any sample or conducting any inspection, test, measurement or analysis during the investigation of the offence, or	16 17
(b)	of transporting, storing or disposing of evidence during the investigation of the offence.	18 19
[8]	Section 99	20
	Omit section. Insert instead—	21
99	Additional orders	22
(1)	The court may do 1 or more of the following—	23
(a)	order the offender not to use a particular pesticide or a pesticide of a particular class,	24 25
(b)	order the offender to take specified action to publicise 1 or more of the following—	26 27
(i)	the offence, including the circumstances of the offence,	28
(ii)	the environmental and other consequences of the offence,	29
(iii)	any other orders made against the person in relation to the offence,	30 31
(c)	order the offender to take specified action to notify specified persons, or specified classes of persons of 1 or more of the following—	32 33
(i)	the offence, including the circumstances of the offence,	34
(ii)	the environmental and other consequences of the offence,	35
(iii)	orders made against the person in relation to the offence,	36
	Examples of specified action to notify specified persons— Publishing of the information in an annual report or other notice to the shareholders of a company, or giving written notice to persons aggrieved or affected by the offender's conduct.	37 38 39 40
(d)	order the offender to carry out a specified project for the restoration or enhancement of the environment in a public place or for the public benefit,	41 42 43
(e)	order the offender to carry out a specified environmental audit of activities carried on by the offender,	44 45

(f)	order the offender to pay a specified amount to the Environmental Trust established under the <i>Environmental Trust Act 1998</i> , or a specified organisation, for—	1 2 3
(i)	the purposes of a specified project for the restoration or enhancement of the environment, or	4 5
(ii)	general environmental purposes,	6
(g)	order the offender to attend, or to cause employees or contractors of the offender to attend, a training or other course specified by the court,	7 8
(h)	order the offender to establish, for employees or contractors of the offender, a training course of a kind specified by the court,	9 10
(i)	if the Environment Protection Authority is a party to the proceedings and the court orders the offender to carry out a specified work or program for the restoration or enhancement of the environment—order the offender to provide a financial assurance, of a form and amount specified by the court, to the Environment Protection Authority.	11 12 13 14 15
(2)	Without limiting subsection (1)(d), the court may order the offender to carry out a social or community activity for the benefit of the community or persons that are adversely affected by the offence (a <i>restorative justice activity</i>) that the offender has agreed to carry out.	16 17 18 19
(3)	The Local Court is not authorised to make an order referred to in subsection (1)(d), (e), (f) or (i) or (2).	20 21
(4)	The court may, in an order under this section—	22
(a)	fix a period for compliance with the requirements under the order, and	23
(b)	impose other requirements the court considers necessary or expedient for enforcement of the order.	24 25
(5)	If the offender fails to comply with an order under subsection (1)(b) or (c), the prosecutor, or a person authorised by the prosecutor, may take action to carry out the order as far as practicable, including action to publicise or notify—	26 27 28
(a)	the original contravention, the environmental and other consequences of the contravention, and any other penalties imposed on the offender, and	29 30 31
(b)	the failure of the offender to comply with the order.	32
(6)	The reasonable cost of taking action referred to in subsection (5) is recoverable by the prosecutor or person taking the action, in a court of competent jurisdiction, as a debt from the offender.	33 34 35
[9]	Section 102 Definitions	36
	Omit “Chairperson” from section 102, definition of <i>designated officer</i> . Insert instead “CEO”.	37 38
[10]	Section 105 Proof of certain things not required	39
	Omit section 105(1). Insert instead—	40
(1)	In any proceedings under this Act, no proof is required, until evidence is given to the contrary, of the appointment of any of the following persons—	41 42
(a)	the Chairperson of the Board of the Environment Protection Authority,	43
(b)	the CEO of the Environment Protection Authority,	44
(c)	another member of the staff of the Environment Protection Authority.	45

[11] Section 106 Certificate evidence of certain matters	1
Omit “Chairperson” from section 106(1). Insert instead “CEO”.	2
[12] Section 107 Evidence of analysts	3
Omit section 107(3). Insert instead—	4
(3) A certificate of an analyst that a container containing a sample was received at a specified laboratory and that the container was sealed by an authorised officer or another person is admissible in proceedings under this Act as evidence—	5
(a) of the facts stated in the certificate, and	6
(b) that the sample was the same sample as the sample obtained by the authorised officer or other person, and	7
(c) that the sample had not been tampered with since the time the container was sealed by the authorised officer or other person.	8
[13] Section 112C	9
Insert after section 112B—	10
112C Recovery of monetary benefits from related persons after offence proved	11
(1) This section applies if a court convicts a corporation of an offence against this Act or the regulations.	12
(2) The Environment Protection Authority may apply to the court for an order (a <i>monetary benefits order</i>) that any of the following persons pay an amount representing the amount of monetary benefits acquired by the person, or accrued or accruing to the person, as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation—	13
(a) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,	14
(b) a related body corporate,	15
(c) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of a related body corporate.	16
(3) The court may make a monetary benefits order in relation to a person only if the court is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that the person acquired, or accrued or will accrue, the monetary benefits as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation.	17
(4) When making a monetary benefits order, the court may order that the person pay the amount—	18
(a) into the Environment Protection Authority Fund or another fund the court considers appropriate, or	19
(b) to an entity the court considers appropriate in the circumstances.	20
(5) The regulations may prescribe a protocol to be used in determining the amount that represents the monetary benefit acquired by the person or accrued or accruing to the person.	21
(6) A monetary benefits order made by the court is enforceable as if it were an order made by the court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	22

(7)	A reference in subsection (2) to a director of a corporation or related body corporate extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation or related body corporate.	1 2 3
(8)	In this section— <i>Environment Protection Authority Fund</i> means the Environment Protection Authority Fund established under the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> , section 34A. <i>the court</i> does not include the Local Court.	4 5 6 7 8
[14]	Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions Insert after Part 3—	9 10
	Part 4 Provision consequent on enactment of Environment Legislation Amendment Act 2021	11 12
20	Court orders in connection with offences	13
(1)	Amended sections 93, 97 and 99 extend to proceedings commenced, but not finally determined, before the date this clause commences.	14 15
(2)	In this clause— <i>amended</i> , in relation to a provision, means the provision as in force on and from the date this clause commences.	16 17 18

Schedule 4	Amendment of Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991 No 60	1
		2
[1] Section 3 Definitions		3
	Omit “Authority” from section 3(1), definition of <i>Chairperson</i> . Insert instead “Board”.	4
[2] Section 3(1)		5
	Insert in alphabetical order—	6
	<i>Chief Executive Officer</i> or <i>CEO</i> means the person employed in the Public Service as the Chief Executive Officer of the Authority.	7
		8
[3] Section 3(1), definition of “environment protection legislation”		9
	Omit the definition.	10
	Insert instead—	11
	<i>environment protection legislation</i> means the following Acts, and the regulations and other instruments made under the following Acts—	12
		13
	(a) this Act,	14
	(b) <i>Contaminated Land Management Act 1997</i> ,	15
	(c) <i>Dangerous Goods (Road and Rail Transport) Act 2008</i> ,	16
	(d) <i>Environmental Trust Act 1998</i> ,	17
	(e) <i>Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985</i> ,	18
	(f) <i>Ozone Protection Act 1989</i> ,	19
	(g) <i>Pesticides Act 1999</i> ,	20
	(h) <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> ,	21
	(i) <i>Radiation Control Act 1990</i> ,	22
	(j) <i>Recreation Vehicles Act 1983</i> ,	23
	(k) <i>Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001</i> ,	24
	(l) any other Act, or part of an Act, prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.	25
		26
	Note— A regulation prescribing an Act, or part of an Act, for the purposes of paragraph (l) may only be made with the concurrence of the Minister responsible for the administration of the Act or part—see section 3(1A).	27
		28
		29
[4] Section 3(1A)		30
	Insert after section 3(1)—	31
	(1A) A regulation prescribing an Act, or part of an Act, for the purposes of subsection 3(1), definition of <i>environment protection legislation</i> , paragraph (l) may only be made with the concurrence of the Minister responsible for administering the Act, or part, to be prescribed.	32
		33
		34
		35
[5] Section 13		36
	Omit section 13. Insert instead—	37
		37
13 General directions by Minister		38
	(1) The Minister may give the Authority a written direction in relation to the functions of the Authority if the Minister is satisfied that, after consulting the Authority about the proposed direction, it is necessary to do so in the public interest.	39
		40
		41
		42

(2)	A direction by the Minister—	1
(a)	must, unless the Authority agrees otherwise, be of a general nature only, and	2 3
(b)	must not relate to a specific matter being considered or determined by the Authority.	4 5
(3)	In particular, a direction by the Minister under this section must not be made in relation to the following—	6 7
(a)	a report or recommendation made to the Minister,	8
(b)	a state of the environment report under section 10, other than directions for the inclusion of additional information in a report,	9 10
(c)	any decision to institute criminal or related proceedings.	11
(4)	The Authority must ensure that a direction by the Minister is complied with.	12
(5)	A report of each of the following must be tabled by or on behalf of the Minister in each House of Parliament within 14 sitting days of that House and be included in the next available annual report of the Authority—	13 14 15
(a)	a direction by the Minister for the inclusion of additional information in a state of the environment report under section 10,	16 17
(b)	a direction by the Minister under section 13A and the determination of the Minister in relation to the exercise of the licensing function concerned.	18 19 20
(6)	The Authority must publish each direction by the Minister, other than a direction mentioned in subsection (5), on the Authority’s website as soon as practicable after the direction is given.	21 22 23
[6]	Part 5, Division 1A	24
	Insert before section 14—	25
Division 1A	Chief Executive Officer of the Authority	26
[7]	Section 14	27
	Omit section 14. Insert instead—	28
14	Chief Executive Officer of the Authority	29
	The Chief Executive Officer—	30
(a)	is a member of the Board, but	31
(b)	is not entitled to vote on a matter considered by the Board.	32
14A	Chief Executive Officer to manage and control affairs of Authority	33
(1)	The Chief Executive Officer is to manage and control the affairs of the Authority, subject to—	34 35
(a)	the policies determined by the Board and other decisions of the Board under this Act, and	36 37
(b)	the directions of the Minister under this Act.	38
(2)	An act, matter or thing done in the name of, or on behalf of, the Authority by the Chief Executive Officer is taken to have been done by the Authority.	39 40

[8] Section 15 Establishment of Board	1
Omit section 15(2) and (3). Insert instead—	2
(2) The Board is to consist of at least 5, but not more than 7 members, being—	3
(a) the Chairperson, and	4
(b) the Chief Executive Officer, and	5
(c) at least 3, but not more than 5, part-time members appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of the Minister.	6
(3) The Chairperson and the part-time members recommended by the Minister are, in the Minister’s opinion, to collectively have the skills and experience relevant to the functions of the Board.	7
(3A) In deciding whether to recommend a person as a part-time member, the Minister must have regard to the desirability that the Board collectively has skills and experience in the following—	8
(a) environmental science or engineering,	9
(b) environmental law,	10
(c) corporate, financial and risk planning and management,	11
(d) business,	12
(e) human health,	13
(f) compliance and regulation,	14
(g) Aboriginal cultural values,	15
(h) other skills or experience determined by the Minister and published on the Authority’s website.	16
(3B) A person may only be recommended by the Minister as a person with skills and experience in Aboriginal cultural values if the person is—	17
(a) an Aboriginal person within the meaning of the <i>Aboriginal Land Rights Act 1983</i> , section 4(1), and	18
(b) recognised as a cultural knowledge holder, and	19
(c) willing to represent Aboriginal cultural values.	20
[9] Section 16 Functions of Board	21
Insert “, including policies and plans relating to organisational governance and risk management” after “Authority” in section 16(1)(a).	22
[10] Part 5, Division 3, heading	23
Omit “Authority” from Part 5, Division 3, heading. Insert instead “Board”.	24
[11] Section 18, heading	25
Omit “Authority” from section 18, heading. Insert instead “Board”.	26
[12] Section 18(1)	27
Omit “Authority”. Insert instead “Board”.	28
[13] Section 18(2)	29
Omit “may be appointed on a full-time or”. Insert instead “must be appointed on a”.	30

[14] Section 18(4)	1
Omit “Schedule 2A”. Insert instead “Schedule 1, Part 2”.	2
[15] Section 19 Chairperson to manage and control affairs of Authority	3
Omit the section.	4
[16] Section 21 Delegation of functions	5
Insert after section 21(1A)—	6
(1B) The CEO may delegate to an authorised person any function, other than this power of delegation, conferred or imposed on the CEO by or under the environment protection legislation or any other legislation.	7 8 9
[17] Section 21(2)(c)	10
Insert at the end of section 21(2)(b)—	11
, or	12
(c) by the CEO, if the delegate is authorised in writing to do so by the CEO.	13
[18] Section 34A Environment Protection Authority Fund	14
Insert after section 34A(3)(b3)—	15
(b4) amounts ordered to be paid into the Fund under the following—	16
(i) the <i>Contaminated Land Management Act 1997</i> , section 95C,	17
(ii) the <i>Pesticides Act 1999</i> , section 112C,	18
(iii) the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> , section 251A,	19 20
(iv) the <i>Radiation Control Act 1990</i> , section 27A, and	21
[19] Section 35	22
Omit the section. Insert instead—	23
35 Exclusion of personal liability	24
(1) An act or omission of a protected person does not subject the protected person to any action, liability, claim or demand if the act or omission was done, or omitted to be done or made, in good faith for the purpose of carrying out a function conferred or imposed under the environment protection legislation or other legislation.	25 26 27 28 29
(2) In this section—	30
<i>protected person</i> means any of the following—	31
(a) the Minister,	32
(b) the Authority,	33
(c) the Board,	34
(d) an advisory committee,	35
(e) the Chief Executive Officer,	36
(f) the Chairperson or another member of the Board or of an advisory committee,	37 38
(g) a member of staff of the Authority,	39
(h) a person acting under the direction of a person referred to in paragraphs (a)–(g).	40 41

[20]	Section 36 Seal of Authority	1
	Omit “Chairperson”, wherever occurring in section 36.	2
	Insert instead “Chief Executive Officer”.	3
[21]	Schedule 1 Provisions relating to members and procedure of the Board	4
	Insert before clause 1—	5
	Part 1 Preliminary	6
[22]	Schedule 1, clause 1, definition of “appointed member”	7
	Insert “or the CEO” after “Chairperson”.	8
[23]	Schedule 1, Part 2	9
	Insert after clause 1—	10
	Part 2 Provisions relating to Chairperson of the Board	11
	2 Term of office	12
	(1) The Chairperson holds office for the term, of not more than 5 years, specified in the instrument of appointment.	13 14
	(2) However, the Chairperson is eligible, if otherwise qualified, for re-appointment.	15 16
	2A Remuneration and allowances	17
	The Chairperson is to be paid remuneration and allowances decided by the Minister, from time to time, in consultation with the Public Service Commissioner.	18 19 20
	2B Vacancy in office	21
	(1) The office of Chairperson becomes vacant if the holder—	22
	(a) dies, or	23
	(b) completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	24
	(c) resigns the office by written instrument addressed to the Minister, or	25
	(d) becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of a law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with the holder’s creditors or makes an assignment of the holder’s remuneration for the creditors’ benefit, or	26 27 28 29
	(e) becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	30
	(f) is convicted in New South Wales of an offence punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted outside of New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	31 32 33 34
	(g) is removed from office under clause 2C.	35
	(2) If the office of Chairperson becomes vacant, a person must, subject to this Act be appointed to fill the vacancy.	36 37

2C	Removal from office	1
(1)	The Governor may remove the Chairperson from office, but only for incompetence, incapacity or misbehaviour.	2 3
(2)	The Chairperson cannot be removed from office under the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> , Part 6.	4 5
2D	Effect of certain other Acts	6
(1)	The provisions of the <i>Government Sector Employment Act 2013</i> relating to the employment of Public Service employees do not apply to the Chairperson.	7 8
(2)	The office of Chairperson is not, for the purposes of any Act, an office or place of profit under the Crown.	9 10
[24]	Schedule 1, Part 3	11
	Insert before Schedule 1, clause 3—	12
	Part 3 Provisions relating to appointed members	13
[25]	Schedule 1, clause 5, heading	14
	Insert “and allowances” after “remuneration”.	15
[26]	Schedule 1, Part 4	16
	Insert after clause 6—	17
	Part 4 Provision relating to all members	18
[27]	Schedule 1, clauses 8 and 9	19
	Relocate to Part 3 as inserted by this Act and renumber as clauses 6A and 6B, respectively.	20
[28]	Schedule 1, Part 5	21
	Insert before clause 10—	22
	Part 5 Provisions relating to procedure	23
[29]	Schedule 1, clause 11	24
	Omit “members (one of whom must be the Chairperson).”. Insert instead—	25
	members, of whom—	26
	(a) 1 must be the Chairperson, and	27
	(b) 2 must be appointed members.	28
[30]	Schedule 2A Provisions relating to Chairperson of Authority	29
	Omit the Schedule.	30
[31]	Schedule 4 Savings, transitional and other provisions	31
	Insert after Part 5—	32

Part 6	Provisions consequent on enactment of Environment Legislation Amendment Act 2021	1 2
11	Definitions	3
	In this Part—	4
	<i>amended</i> , in relation to a provision, means the provision as in force on and after the commencement date.	5 6
	<i>commencement date</i> means the date the <i>Environment Legislation Amendment Act 2021</i> , Schedule 4 commenced.	7 8
12	Chairperson of Authority continues as Chairperson of Board	9
(1)	This clause applies to the person who, immediately before the commencement date, holds the appointment as Chairperson of the Authority.	10 11
(2)	On the commencement date—	12
(a)	the person’s appointment as Chairperson of the Authority ends, and	13
(b)	the person is taken to have been appointed as Chairperson of the Board under amended section 18(1).	14 15
(3)	For the purposes of amended section 18(2), the person is taken to be appointed as Chairperson on a part-time basis on the same terms and conditions as applied in relation to the person’s appointment as Chairperson of the Authority immediately before the commencement date.	16 17 18 19
(4)	For the purposes of Schedule 1, clause 2, the person is taken to have been appointed as Chairperson of the Board for the term that ends on the day on which the person’s appointment as the Chairperson of the Authority would have ended other than because of subclause (2)(a).	20 21 22 23
(5)	For the purposes of amended Schedule 1, clause 2A, the Minister is taken to have decided that the remuneration and allowances payable to the person as Chairperson of the Board are the same as the remuneration and allowances that were payable to the person as Chairperson of the Authority.	24 25 26 27
(6)	Subclause (5) does not affect the Minister’s power to otherwise determine the remuneration and allowances payable to the Chairperson of the Board from time to time under amended Schedule 1, clause 2A.	28 29 30
13	Continuation of existing Board	31
(1)	This clause applies in relation to appointed members of the existing Board.	32
(2)	Despite amended Part 5, Division 2, from the commencement date—	33
(a)	each appointed member of the existing Board continues as a part-time member of the Board under amended Part 5, Division 2 on the same terms and conditions as applied in relation to the appointed member’s appointment immediately before the commencement date, and	34 35 36 37
(b)	the continuing part-time members of the Board are taken to collectively have the skills and experience stated in amended section 15(3).	38 39
(3)	In this clause—	40
	<i>appointed member</i> , of the existing Board, means a person who, immediately before the commencement date, holds an appointment as a part-time member of the Board.	41 42 43
	<i>existing Board</i> means the Board as constituted immediately before the commencement date.	44 45

Schedule 5	Amendment of Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997 No 156	1
		2
[1] Section 29 Implementing PEPs—action under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979		3
		4
	Omit “Director-General of the Department of Urban Affairs and Planning” from section 29(b).	5
		6
	Insert instead “Secretary of the Department of Planning, Industry and Environment”.	7
[2] Section 29(c)		8
	Omit “section 117”. Insert instead “section 9.1”.	9
[3] Section 50 Timing of licensing of development requiring consent under EP&A Act		10
	Omit “Part 5.1” from section 50(4), definition of <i>development consent</i> .	11
	Insert instead “Division 5.2”.	12
[4] Section 50(4), definition of “existing use”		13
	Omit “Division 10 of Part 4”. Insert instead “Division 4.11”.	14
[5] Section 51 Integrated development		15
	Omit “section 91” from section 51(1). Insert instead “section 4.46”.	16
[6] Section 51(1)		17
	Omit “Division 5 of Part 4”. Insert instead “Division 4.8”.	18
[7] Section 53 Application for issue of licence		19
	Omit “An” from section 53(2). Insert instead “The”.	20
[8] Section 54 Application for transfer of licence		21
	Omit “An application for the transfer of a licence” from section 54(2).	22
	Insert instead “The application”.	23
[9] Section 55 Grant or refusal of application		24
	Omit section 55(1). Insert instead—	25
	(1) The appropriate regulatory authority may—	26
	(a) in relation to an application for the issue of a licence—	27
	(i) grant the application by issuing the licence, or	28
	(ii) refuse the application, and	29
	(b) in relation to an application for the transfer of a licence—	30
	(i) grant the application by transferring the licence, or	31
	(ii) refuse the application.	32
[10] Section 55(2)		33
	Omit “such an”. Insert instead “the”.	34
[11] Section 55(3)		35
	Insert after section 55(2), before the note—	36

(3)	If the appropriate regulatory authority grants an application for the transfer of a licence, the licence is, subject to any variation of the conditions of the licence under section 58(4), transferred subject to the conditions to which the licence is subject at the time of the transfer.	1 2 3 4
[12]	Section 58 Variation of licences	5
	Omit “licence (including the conditions of a licence)” from section 58(1).	6
	Insert instead “licence, including the conditions of the licence”.	7
[13]	Section 58(2)	8
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	9
(2)	A variation includes the following—	10
(a)	attaching a condition to a licence, whether or not conditions are already attached to the licence,	11 12
(b)	substituting, omitting or amending a condition of a licence.	13
[14]	Section 64 Failure to comply with condition	14
	Omit section 64(3). Insert instead—	15
(3)	This section extends to conditions to which the suspension, revocation or surrender of a licence is subject under section 81, including a condition varied under section 81A.	16 17 18
(4)	For the purposes of subsection (3), a reference to the holder of the licence includes a reference to—	19 20
(a)	the former holder of the licence, and	21
(b)	another person required to comply with the condition or to whom the condition applies.	22 23
[15]	Section 66 Conditions requiring monitoring, certification or provision of information, and related offences	24 25
	Omit the penalty from section 66(4). Insert instead—	26
	Maximum penalty—	27
(a)	for a corporation—\$500,000, or	28
(b)	for an individual—\$250,000.	29
[16]	Section 66(6)	30
	Omit the penalty. Insert instead—	31
	Maximum penalty—	32
(a)	for a corporation—\$20,000, or	33
(b)	for an individual—\$10,000.	34
[17]	Section 66(7)	35
	Omit the penalty. Insert instead—	36
	Maximum penalty—	37
(a)	for a corporation—\$20,000, or	38
(b)	for an individual—\$10,000.	39

[18] Section 81A	1
Insert after section 81—	2
81A Variation of conditions of suspension, revocation or surrender to require other persons to carry out works, programs or activities	3 4
(1) This section applies if a condition of the suspension, revocation or surrender of a licence requires the holder, or former holder, of the licence to do any of the following—	5 6 7
(a) carry out work or programs, including remediation work or pollution reduction programs,	8 9
(b) provide a financial assurance under Part 9.4,	10
(c) otherwise do an activity or thing.	11
(2) A person other than the holder, or former holder, of the licence may apply to the appropriate regulatory authority to vary the condition to require the person, instead of or in addition to the holder, or former holder, of the licence to do any of the following—	12 13 14 15
(a) carry out the work or programs,	16
(b) provide the financial assurance,	17
(c) do the activity or thing.	18
(3) The application must be made with the written consent of the holder, or former holder, of the licence unless it is not reasonably practicable to obtain the consent of the holder, or former holder, of the licence.	19 20 21
(4) The application must—	22
(a) be made in the form approved by the appropriate regulatory authority, and	23 24
(b) include or be accompanied by the information indicated in the form, or in material accompanying the form, as being required by the appropriate regulatory authority, and	25 26 27
(c) be accompanied by the fee prescribed by the regulations.	28
[19] Section 83 Fit and proper persons	29
Omit “if the person is a body corporate, a director of the body corporate” from section 83(2)(b).	30 31
Insert instead “if the person is a corporation, a current or former director of the corporation or of a related body corporate”.	32 33
[20] Section 83(2)(d)	34
Omit “a body corporate, the record of compliance with the environment protection legislation of any director or other person concerned in the management of the body corporate”.	35 36 37
Insert instead “a corporation, the record of compliance with the environment protection legislation of any current or former director of the corporation or of a related body corporate”.	38 39 40
[21] Section 83(2)(g)	41
Omit “a body corporate, whether, in the opinion of the appropriate regulatory authority, a director or other person concerned in the management of the body corporate”.	42 43

	Insert instead “a corporation, whether, in the opinion of the appropriate regulatory authority, a current or former director of the corporation or of a related body corporate”.	1 2
[22]	Section 83(2)(i)	3
	Omit “a body corporate, whether a director or other person concerned in the management of the body corporate”.	4 5
	Insert instead “a corporation, whether a current or former director of the corporation or of a related body corporate”.	6 7
[23]	Section 83(2)(j1)	8
	Insert after section 82(2)(j)—	9
	(j1) if the person is a corporation, whether a current or former director of the corporation or of a related body corporate, during the previous 3 years and while a director of the corporation or related body corporate, was—	10 11 12
	(i) an undischarged bankrupt or applied to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, or	13 14
	(ii) compounded with the director’s creditors or made an assignment of the director’s remuneration for the benefit of the creditors,	15 16
[24]	Section 83(2)(n1)	17
	Insert after section 82(2)(n)—	18
	(n1) if the person is a corporation, whether a related body corporate is a person whom the appropriate regulatory authority does not consider to be a fit and proper person under this section.	19 20 21
[25]	Section 91 Clean-up by occupiers or polluters	22
	Omit “either or both” from section 91(1). Insert instead “1 or more”.	23
[26]	Section 91(1)(c)	24
	Insert after section 91(1)(b)—	25
	(c) direct a person who is reasonably suspected by the authority of contributing, to any extent, to a pollution incident,	26 27
[27]	Section 91(1A) and (1B)	28
	Insert after section 91(1)—	29
	(1A) The appropriate regulatory authority may give a clean-up notice to a person under subsection (1)(c)—	30 31
	(a) whether or not another person has been given a clean-up notice in relation to the pollution incident, and	32 33
	(b) whether or not another person contributed to the pollution incident.	34
	(1B) Without limiting subsection (1), a clean-up notice given to a person under subsection (1)(c) may require the person to carry out clean-up actions to completely prevent, minimise, remove, disperse, destroy or mitigate pollution resulting or likely to result from the incident irrespective of the nature or extent of the person’s contribution to the incident.	35 36 37 38 39
[28]	Section 91(4)	40
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	41

(4)	If the person given a clean-up notice complies with the notice but was not the person who caused, or solely caused, the pollution incident, the cost, or part of the cost, of complying with the notice may be recovered by the person who complied with the notice as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction from any person who caused or contributed to the pollution incident.	1 2 3 4 5
[29] Section 91(5)	Omit the subsection.	6 7
[30] Section 91, note	Omit the note.	8 9
[31] Sections 91A and 91B	Insert after section 91—	10 11
91A Clean-up notices may be given to directors and related bodies corporate		12
(1)	This section applies if —	13
(a)	the appropriate regulatory authority has given a clean-up notice under section 91 (the <i>previous clean-up notice</i>) to a corporation, and	14 15
(b)	the corporation has not complied with the previous clean-up notice within the period specified in the notice.	16 17
(2)	The appropriate regulatory authority may, by written notice (the <i>supplementary clean-up notice</i>), direct 1 or more of the following to carry out, or ensure the carrying out of, the clean-up action specified in the notice within the period specified in the notice—	18 19 20 21
(a)	a current director of the corporation,	22
(b)	a former director of the corporation,	23
(c)	a related body corporate.	24
(3)	The supplementary clean-up notice may require the person to whom the notice is given to provide reports to the appropriate regulatory authority about progress on the carrying out of the clean-up action.	25 26 27
(4)	If the EPA considers it necessary for the purposes of responding to an emergency, the EPA may give a supplementary clean-up notice under this section regardless of whether the EPA is the appropriate regulatory authority in relation to the pollution incident.	28 29 30 31
(5)	If the person given a supplementary clean-up notice complies with the notice but was not the person who caused, or solely caused, the pollution incident, the cost, or part of the cost, of complying with the notice may be recovered by the person who complied with the notice as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction from another person who caused or contributed to the pollution incident.	32 33 34 35 36 37
(6)	A reference in subsection (2) to a director of a corporation extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation.	38 39
91B Offence		40
	A person who, without reasonable excuse, does not comply with a clean-up notice given to the person is guilty of an offence.	41 42
	Maximum penalty—	43

(a)	for a corporation—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	1 2
(b)	for an individual—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	3 4
	Note— An offence against this section committed by a corporation is an executive liability offence attracting executive liability for a director or other person involved in the management of the corporation—see section 169A.	5 6 7
[32]	Section 96A	8
	Insert after section 96—	9
96A	Prevention notices may be given to directors and related bodies corporate	10
(1)	This section applies if—	11
(a)	the appropriate regulatory authority has given a prevention notice under section 96 (the <i>previous prevention notice</i>) to a corporation in relation to an activity, and	12 13 14
(b)	the corporation has not complied with the previous prevention notice within the period specified in the notice.	15 16
(2)	The appropriate regulatory authority may, by written notice (the <i>supplementary prevention notice</i>), direct 1 or more of the following to take the action specified in the notice within the period, if any, specified in the notice to ensure that the activity is carried on in future in an environmentally satisfactory manner—	17 18 19 20 21
(a)	a current director of the corporation,	22
(b)	a former director of the corporation,	23
(c)	a related body corporate.	24
(3)	Without limiting subsection (2), the action to be taken may include any of the actions specified in section 96(3).	25 26
(4)	When determining the action to be specified in the supplementary prevention notice, the appropriate regulatory authority must consider the matters specified in section 96(3A).	27 28 29
(5)	The supplementary prevention notice may require the person to whom the notice is given to provide reports to the appropriate regulatory authority about progress on the carrying out of the clean-up action.	30 31 32
(6)	A reference in subsection (2) to a director of a corporation extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation.	33 34
[33]	Section 101 Prohibition on activities	35
	Omit “where the EPA recommends to the Minister that a notice be given under this section because it is of the opinion that the emission or discharge of pollutants from (or within) any premises in which any activity” from section 101(1).	36 37 38
	Insert instead “if the EPA recommends to the Minister that a notice be given under this section because, in the EPA’s opinion, the emission or discharge of pollutants from or within a premises, or class of premises, in which an activity”.	39 40 41
[34]	Section 101(2)	42
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	43

(2) Notice	1
The Minister may, by written notice, direct, for the period, if any, specified in the notice—	2 3
(a) the occupier of the premises, or occupiers of a class of premises, to cease carrying on the activity, or a specified aspect of the activity, at the premises or at premises of the class of premises, or	4 5 6
(b) direct the person, or persons of a class of persons, carrying on the activity to cease carrying on the activity, or a specified aspect of the activity, at any premises.	7 8 9
[35] Section 101A	10
Insert after section 101—	11
101A Prohibition notices may be given to directors and related bodies corporate	12
(1) This section applies if—	13
(a) the Minister has given a prohibition notice under section 101 to a corporation, and	14 15
(b) the corporation has not complied with the prohibition notice.	16
(2) If the EPA remains satisfied of the matters stated in section 101(1), the EPA may recommend to the Minister that a notice be given under this section to any of the following persons—	17 18 19
(a) a current director of the corporation,	20
(b) a former director of the corporation,	21
(c) a related body corporate.	22
(3) On the EPA’s recommendation, the Minister may, by written notice, direct the current or former director, or the related body corporate, to do 1 or more of the following—	23 24 25
(a) cease carrying on the activity, or a specified aspect of the activity, for the period, if any, specified in the notice,	26 27
(b) take all available steps to end the carrying on of the activity, or a specified aspect of the activity, for the period, if any, specified in the notice.	28 29 30
(4) A reference in subsection (2) to a director of a corporation extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation.	31 32
[36] Section 104 Compliance cost notices	33
Omit “under section 91” from section 104(1).	34
[37] Section 104(2)	35
Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	36
(2) Clean-up by public authority	37
A public authority that takes clean-up action under section 92 may, by written notice, require 1 or more of the following persons to pay all or part of the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the public authority in connection with the clean-up action—	38 39 40 41
(a) the occupier of the premises at or from which the authority reasonably suspects the pollution incident occurred,	42 43

(b)	a person who is reasonably suspected by the authority of having caused or contributed to the pollution incident.	1 2
[38]	Section 113 False or misleading statements in reports	3
	Insert “or imprisonment for 18 months, or both” after “\$250,000” in the penalty, paragraph (b).	4 5
[39]	Section 143 Unlawful transporting or depositing of waste	6
	Omit section 143(1)(b). Insert instead—	7
	(b) if the person is not the owner of the waste—the owner of the waste, and	8
	(c) if the waste is transported in a vehicle and the person is not the owner of the vehicle—the owner of the vehicle,	9 10
[40]	Section 144AA False or misleading information about waste	11
	Omit the penalty from section 144AA(1). Insert instead—	12
	Maximum penalty—	13
	(a) for a corporation—\$500,000, or	14
	(b) for an individual—\$250,000.	15
[41]	Section 144AA(2)	16
	Omit the penalty. Insert instead—	17
	Maximum penalty—	18
	(a) for a corporation—\$1,000,000, or	19
	(b) for an individual—\$500,000 or imprisonment for 18 months, or both.	20
[42]	Section 144AB Repeat waste offenders	21
	Insert before section 144AB(1)(a)—	22
	(aa) section 115(1),	23
[43]	Section 144AB(1)(g)	24
	Insert after section 144AB(1)(f)—	25
	(g) section 144AA(1) or (2).	26
[44]	Section 148 Pollution incidents causing or threatening material harm to be notified	27
	Omit “any of” from section 148(8), definition of <i>relevant authority</i> .	28
[45]	Sections 167A and 167B	29
	Insert after section 167—	30
167A	False or misleading information	31
(1)	A person who gives information to the EPA that is false or misleading in a material respect is guilty of an offence.	32 33
	Maximum penalty—	34
	(a) for a corporation—\$500,000, or	35
	(b) for an individual—\$250,000.	36
	Note— An offence under this subsection committed by a corporation is an executive liability offence attracting executive liability for a director or other person involved in the management of the corporation—see section 169A.	37 38 39

(2)	It is a defence in proceedings against a person for an offence under subsection (1) if the person establishes that the person took all reasonable steps to ensure the information was not false or misleading in a material respect.	1 2 3
(3)	A person who gives information to the EPA that the person knows is false or misleading in a material respect is guilty of an offence. Maximum penalty—	4 5 6
(a)	for a corporation—\$1,000,000, or	7
(b)	for an individual—\$500,000 or imprisonment for 18 months, or both.	8
(4)	If the court is satisfied that a person charged with an offence under subsection (3) is not guilty of that offence but is satisfied on the evidence that the person is guilty of an offence under subsection (1), the court may find the person guilty of the offence under subsection (1), and the person is liable to punishment accordingly.	9 10 11 12 13
(5)	Proceedings for an offence against this section may be instituted only by the EPA.	14 15
(6)	Despite section 215, proceedings for an offence under subsection (3) may not be dealt with before the Local Court.	16 17
(7)	In this section— <i>information</i> includes a record containing information. <i>supply information</i> includes cause or permit information to be supplied.	18 19 20
167B	Receiving monetary benefits	21
(1)	Any of the following persons who receives, acquires or accrues a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by a corporation of a proved offence under this Act or the regulations (the <i>underlying offence</i>) is guilty of an offence—	22 23 24 25
(a)	a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the underlying offence, a director of the corporation,	26 27
(b)	a related body corporate,	28
(c)	a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the underlying offence, a director of a related body corporate.	29 30
	Maximum penalty—	31
(a)	for a corporation—the maximum penalty that applies to a corporation for the underlying offence, or	32 33
(b)	for an individual—the maximum penalty that applies to an individual for the underlying offence.	34 35
(2)	Proceedings for an offence under this section may be commenced—	36
(a)	after the date on which the underlying offence is alleged to have been committed, but	37 38
(b)	despite section 216, no later than the later of the following—	39
(i)	the date that is 12 months after the date on which a court finds the underlying offence proved,	40 41
(ii)	the date by which the proceedings may be commenced under section 216(2).	42 43
(3)	Despite section 215, proceedings for an offence under this section may not be dealt with before the Local Court.	44 45

(4)	Without limiting subsection (1) or (2)(b)(i), a court finds an offence proved if—	1
	(a) the court convicts the offender of the offence, or	2
	(b) the court makes an order under the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> , section 10 against the offender in relation to the offence.	3
(5)	A reference in subsection (1) to a director of a corporation or related body corporate extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation or body corporate.	4
		5
		6
		7
		8
[46]	Section 169A Liability of directors etc for offences by corporation—offences attracting executive liability generally	9
	Omit “91(5)” from section 169A(1)(d). Insert instead “91B”.	10
		11
[47]	Section 169A(1)(u)	12
	Insert after section 169A(1)(t)—	13
	(u) section 167A(1).	14
[48]	Section 177 Offences	15
	Omit the penalty.	16
[49]	Section 177(1)–(4)	17
	Insert at the end of subsections(1), (2), (3) and (4), respectively—	18
	Maximum penalty—	19
	(a) for a corporation—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	20
		21
	(b) for an individual—\$250,000 or imprisonment for 18 months, or both, and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	22
		23
		24
[50]	Section 177(5)	25
	Insert at the end of the subsection—	26
	Maximum penalty—	27
	(a) for a corporation—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	28
		29
	(b) for an individual—\$120,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	30
		31
[51]	Section 186 Extension of Chapter to other environment protection legislation	32
	Insert before section 186(c)—	33
	(b6) any other environment protection legislation prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph,	34
		35
[52]	Section 211 Offences	36
	Omit the penalty.	37
[53]	Section 211(1) and (4)	38
	Insert at the end of the subsections, respectively—	39
	Maximum penalty, subject to sections 204 and 208—	40

(a)	for a corporation—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	1 2
(b)	for an individual—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	3 4
[54]	Section 211(2)	5
	Insert at the end of the subsection—	6
	Maximum penalty, subject to sections 204 and 208—	7
(a)	for a corporation—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	8 9
(b)	for an individual—\$250,000 or imprisonment for 18 months, or both, and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	10 11 12
[55]	Section 211(3)–(3B)	13
	Omit section 211(3). Insert instead—	14
(3)	A person who delays, obstructs, assaults, threatens or intimidates an authorised officer in the exercise of the authorised officer’s powers under this Chapter is guilty of an offence.	15 16 17
	Maximum penalty, subject to sections 204 and 208—	18
(a)	for a corporation—\$1,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues, or	19 20
(b)	for an individual—\$250,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$60,000 for each day the offence continues.	21 22
(3A)	A person who wilfully delays, obstructs, assaults, threatens or intimidates an authorised officer in the exercise of the authorised officer’s powers under this Chapter is guilty of an offence.	23 24 25
	Maximum penalty, subject to sections 204 and 208—	26
(a)	for a corporation—\$2,000,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$240,000 for each day the offence continues, or	27 28
(b)	for an individual—\$500,000 and, for a continuing offence, a further penalty of \$120,000 for each day the offence continues.	29 30
(3B)	If the court is satisfied that a person charged with an offence under subsection (3A) is not guilty of that offence but is satisfied on the evidence that the person is guilty of an offence under subsection (3), the court may find the person guilty of the offence under subsection (3), and the person is liable to punishment accordingly.	31 32 33 34 35
[56]	Section 213 Application of Chapter	36
	Insert at the end of section 213(2), with appropriate paragraph numbering—	37
	any other environment protection legislation prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph.	38 39
[57]	Section 216 Time within which summary proceedings may be commenced	40
	Insert after section 216(6), definition of <i>prescribed offence</i> , paragraph (c1)—	41
	(c1a) an offence under section 167A (False or misleading information), or	42
[58]	Section 216(6), definition of “prescribed offence”	43
	Omit “against section 47(1), 48(2) or 144AA(1)” from paragraph (c6).	44

Insert instead “referred to in paragraphs (a)–(c3)”.	1
[59] Section 230 Application of Division	2
Insert at the end of section 230(1)(b)—	3
, or	4
(c) proceedings have been commenced against a person for an offence against this Act or the regulations and, as a result of the proceedings, the person may be required to pay an amount that represents the amount of monetary benefits referred to in section 167B or 249, or	5 6 7 8
(d) proceedings have been commenced against a person under section 251A and, as a result of the proceedings, the person may be required to pay an amount that represents the amount of monetary benefits referred to in section 251A.	9 10 11 12
[60] Section 230(2), definition of “the defendant”	13
Omit “subsection (1) (a) or (b)”. Insert instead “subsection (1)(a), (b), (c) or (d)”.	14
[61] Section 231 Nature of restraining order	15
Insert at the end of section 231—	16
(2) For the purposes of this section, the property of the defendant includes the amount that represents the amount of any monetary benefits acquired by the offender, or accrued or accruing to the offender.	17 18 19
[62] Section 249 Orders regarding monetary benefits	20
Omit section 249(3), definition of <i>monetary benefits</i> .	21
[63] Part 8.3A	22
Insert after Part 8.3—	23
Part 8.3A Civil proceedings to recover particular monetary benefits	24 25
251A Recovery of monetary benefits from related persons after offence proved	26
(1) This section applies if a court convicts a corporation of an offence against this Act or the regulations.	27 28
(2) The prosecutor for the offence may apply to the court for an order (a <i>monetary benefits order</i>) that any of the following persons pay an amount representing the amount of monetary benefits acquired by the person, or accrued or accruing to the person, as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation—	29 30 31 32 33
(a) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,	34 35
(b) a related body corporate,	36
(c) a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of a related body corporate.	37 38
(3) The court may make the monetary benefits order in relation to a person only if the court is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that the person acquired, accrued or will accrue the monetary benefits as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation.	39 40 41 42

(4)	The regulations may prescribe a protocol to be used in determining the amount that represents the monetary benefit acquired by the person or accrued or accruing to the person.	1 2 3
(5)	When making a monetary benefits order, the court may order that the person pay the amount—	4 5
(a)	into the Environment Protection Authority Fund or another fund the court considers appropriate, or	6 7
(b)	to an entity the court considers appropriate in the circumstances.	8
(6)	A monetary benefits order made by the court is enforceable as if it were an order made by the court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	9 10 11
(7)	A reference in subsection (2) to a director of a corporation or related body corporate extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation or related body corporate.	12 13 14
(8)	In this section—	15
	<i>Environment Protection Authority Fund</i> means the Environment Protection Authority Fund established under the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> , section 34A.	16 17 18
	<i>prosecutor</i> , for an offence, means the person who instituted the proceedings for the offence.	19 20
	<i>the court</i> does not include the Local Court.	21
[64]	Section 254 Definitions	22
	Omit “Chairperson” from section 254, definition of <i>designated officer</i> .	23
	Insert instead “CEO”.	24
[65]	Section 259 Proof of certain appointments not required	25
	Insert “, the CEO” after “the Chairperson” in section 259(a).	26
[66]	Section 261 Certificate evidence of certain matters	27
	Omit “Chairperson” from section 261(1). Insert instead “CEO”.	28
[67]	Section 261(2)(u)	29
	Omit “the EPA or Chairperson” from section 261(2)(u).	30
	Insert instead “the EPA, Chairperson or CEO”.	31
[68]	Section 262 Evidence of analysts	32
	Omit section 262(3). Insert instead—	33
(3)	A certificate of an analyst that a container containing a sample was received at a specified laboratory and that the container was sealed by an authorised officer or another person is admissible in proceedings under this Act as evidence—	34 35 36 37
(a)	of the facts stated in the certificate, and	38
(b)	that the sample was the same sample as the sample obtained by the authorised officer or other person, and	39 40
(c)	that the sample had not been tampered with since the time the container was sealed by the authorised officer or other person.	41 42

[69] Section 281 Powers of police after entry by warrant	1
Omit the penalty from section 281(3). Insert instead—	2
Maximum penalty—	3
(a) for an offence against paragraph (a)—	4
(i) for a corporation—\$20,000, or	5
(ii) for an individual—\$10,000, and	6
(b) for an offence against paragraph (b)—	7
(i) for a corporation—\$40,000, or	8
(ii) for an individual—\$20,000 or imprisonment for 18 months, or both.	9
	10
[70] Section 287 Appeals regarding licence applications and licences	11
Omit “Section 93B” from the note to the section. Insert instead “Section 4.52”.	12
[71] Section 299 Restriction on requiring financial assurance	13
Insert after section 299(c)—	14
(c1) the financial capacity of the holder or former holder of the licence or proposed holder of the licence, or	15
	16
[72] Section 305 Liability of appropriate regulatory authority, State and others	17
Insert “the CEO,” after “the EPA,” in section 305(2).	18
[73] Part 9.4A	19
Insert after Part 9.4—	20
Part 9.4A Restrictions and covenants on land	21
307A Ongoing maintenance—restrictions and covenants	22
(1) This section applies to land on which is located premises to which—	23
(a) a licence or suspended licence applies, or	24
(b) a revoked or surrendered licence applied where—	25
(i) the revocation or surrender was subject to conditions, and	26
(ii) the conditions have not been satisfied or revoked.	27
(2) The EPA may, under the <i>Conveyancing Act 1919</i> , section 88E—	28
(a) impose restrictions on the use of, or impose public positive covenants on the land for the purpose of enforcing a condition of—	29
(i) the licence, or	30
(ii) the suspension, revocation or surrender of the licence, and	31
(b) release or vary a restriction or covenant imposed under this section.	32
(3) A restriction or covenant imposed under this section may require the owner of the land to do 1 or more of the following in relation to the land—	34
(a) to inform the EPA of a change in the ownership or occupancy of the land, to the extent that the person is aware of the change,	35
(b) to not carry out, and to not allow other persons to carry out, specified activities on the land,	36
	37
	38
	39

(c)	to not use, and to not allow other persons to use, the land for specified purposes,	1
(d)	to otherwise do, or not do, a thing that may be required to be done, or that must not be done, under a condition of—	2
(i)	the licence, or	3
(ii)	the suspension, revocation or surrender of the licence.	4
(4)	Despite the <i>Conveyancing Act 1919</i> , section 88E—	5
(a)	the memorandum or deed by which the restriction or covenant referred to in subsection (2) is imposed, released or varied—	6
(i)	must be executed by the EPA and does not need to be executed by any other person, and	7
(ii)	does not require the agreement of any other person, and	8
(b)	where a restriction or covenant imposed under this section takes effect, the EPA may enforce the restriction or covenant against any of the following—	9
(i)	an owner of the land,	10
(ii)	a lessee of the land,	11
(iii)	a mortgagee of the land.	12
(5)	The EPA may impose, vary or remove a restriction or covenant under this section whether or not the EPA is the appropriate regulatory authority.	13
[74]	Section 320A False representations as to EPA approval, use or recommendation and licences	14
	Omit the penalty from section 320A(1). Insert instead—	15
	Maximum penalty—	16
(a)	for a corporation—\$1,000,000, or	17
(b)	for an individual—\$250,000 or imprisonment for 18 months, or both.	18
[75]	Schedule 1 Scheduled activities	19
	Omit the matter relating to “electricity works (wind farms)” from clause 17, Table, Column 2.	20
	Insert instead—	21
	is the subject of an approval under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Division 5.2, or	22
	is the subject of an approval granted under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Part 3A, when that Part was in force or continued in operation, or	23
	is the subject of a development consent relating to State significant development granted by—	24
(a)	the Minister under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Part 4, including by operation of that Act, former Schedule 6, clause 89 before the repeal of that clause, or	25
	Note— This criteria covers—	26
(a)	development consent granted before 1 August 2005, being development consent granted before the commencement of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Part 3A, and	27
(b)	development consent granted after 1 October 2011, being development consent granted after the repeal of Part 3A.	28

(b)	the Independent Planning Commission as a consent authority under the <i>State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011</i> , clause 8A, or	1 2 3
	was being carried out immediately before 1 December 2012 with a capacity to generate more than 30 megawatts of electrical power	4 5
[76]	Schedule 2 Regulation-making powers	6
	Insert after clause 10—	7
10A	National environment protection measures	8
	Giving effect to, and enforcing compliance with, a national environment protection measure made under the <i>National Environment Protection Council Act 1994</i> of the Commonwealth, section 14(1).	9 10 11
[77]	Schedule 2A, clause 1, definition of “petroleum authority”, paragraph (b1)	12
	Insert after clause 1, definition of <i>petroleum authority</i> , paragraph (b)—	13
	(b1) an approval under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Division 5.2 to the extent that it authorises the carrying out of development for the purposes of petroleum activities, or	14 15 16
[78]	Schedule 2A, clause 1, definition of “petroleum authority”, paragraph (c)	17
	Omit “under Part 3A of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ”.	18
	Insert instead “under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , Part 3A, when that Part was in force or continued in operation,”.	19 20
[79]	Schedule 2A Enforcement of gas and other petroleum legislation	21
	Omit “section 125 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ” from clause 1, definition of <i>petroleum offence</i> , paragraph (b).	22 23
	Insert instead “the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , including the regulations under that Act,”.	24 25
[80]	Schedule 5 Savings, transitional and other provisions	26
	Insert after Part 17—	27
Part 18	Provision consequent on enactment of Environment Legislation Amendment Act 2021	28 29
48	Definition	30
	In this Part—	31
	<i>amended</i> , in relation to a provision, means the provision as in force on and from the date this clause commences.	32 33
49	Extended powers to issue clean-up notices	34
(1)	Amended section 91 extends to pollution incidents that occurred, or were occurring, before the date this clause commences.	35 36
(2)	A reference in section 91A(1) to a previous clean-up notice extends to a clean-up notice given before the date this clause commences.	37 38

50	Extended powers to issue prevention notices	1
	A reference in section 96A(1) to a previous prevention notice extends to a prevention notice given before the date this clause commences.	2 3
51	Extended powers to issue prohibition notices	4
(1)	Amended section 101 extends to activities in relation to which the EPA has, before the date this clause commences, recommended to the Minister that notice be given under section 101.	5 6 7
(2)	A reference in section 101A(1) to a prohibition notice extends to a prohibition notice given before the date this clause commences.	8 9
52	Court orders in connection with offences	10
	Amended section 230 extends to proceedings commenced, but not finally determined, before the date this clause commences.	11 12
[81]	Dictionary	13
	Omit the definition of <i>Chairperson</i> .	14
[82]	Dictionary	15
	Insert in alphabetical order—	16
	<i>CEO</i> means the Chief Executive Officer within the meaning of the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> .	17 18
	<i>Chairperson</i> means the Chairperson within the meaning of the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> .	19 20
	<i>monetary benefits</i> means monetary, financial or economic benefits.	21
	<i>related body corporate</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	22 23

Schedule 6 **Amendment of Protection of the Environment Operations (General) Regulation 2021** 1
2

[1] Schedule 6 Penalty notice offences 3
Omit the matter relating to *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, section 91. 4

[2] Schedule 6 5
Insert in appropriate order in the matter relating to the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*— 6
7

Section 91B	1, 2, 12, 13, 14	\$4,000 if the penalty notice is issued by a class 1 enforcement officer, or \$7,500 in any other case	\$8,000 if the penalty notice is issued by a class 1 enforcement officer, or \$15,000 in any other case
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Schedule 7	Amendment of Radiation Control Act 1990 No 13	1
[1] Section 4 Definitions		2
	Omit section 4(1), definition of <i>Chairperson of the Authority</i> .	3
[2] Section 4(1)		4
	Insert in alphabetical order—	5
	<i>CEO of the Authority</i> means the CEO within the meaning of the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> .	6
	<i>monetary benefits</i> means monetary, financial or economic benefits.	7
	<i>related body corporate</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	8
[3] Section 5A Certain persons and public bodies may exercise certain functions of Authority		11
	Omit “Chairperson” wherever occurring in section 5A(2) and (3). Insert instead “CEO”.	12
[4] Section 5A(2) and (2A)(a)		13
	Omit “the Department of Planning and Environment” wherever occurring.	14
	Insert instead “Regional NSW”.	15
[5] Section 23A Orders regarding monetary benefits		17
	Omit section 23A(4), definition of <i>monetary benefits</i> .	18
[6] Section 25 Proceedings for offences		19
	Omit “Chairperson” from section 25(4). Insert instead “CEO”.	20
[7] Section 27A		21
	Insert after section 27—	22
27A Recovery of monetary benefits from related persons after offence proved		23
(1)	This section applies if a court convicts a corporation of an offence against this Act or regulations.	24
(2)	The prosecutor for the offence may apply to the court for an order (a <i>monetary benefits order</i>) that any of the following persons pay an amount representing the amount of monetary benefits acquired by the person, or accrued or accruing to the person, as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation—	25
(a)	a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,	26
(b)	a related body corporate,	27
(c)	a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of a related body corporate.	28
(3)	The court may make a monetary benefits order in relation to a person only if the court is satisfied, on the balance of probabilities, that the person acquired, accrued or will accrue the monetary benefits as a result of the commission of the offence by the corporation.	29
(4)	When making a monetary benefits order, the court may order that the person pay the amount—	30

(a)	into the Environment Protection Authority Fund or another fund the court considers appropriate, or	1 2
(b)	to an entity the court considers appropriate in the circumstances.	3
(5)	The regulations may prescribe a protocol to be used in determining the amount that represents the monetary benefit acquired by the person or accrued or accruing to the person.	4 5 6
(6)	A monetary benefits order made by the court is enforceable as if it were an order made by the court in Class 4 proceedings under the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> .	7 8 9
(7)	A reference in subsection (2) to a director of a corporation or related body corporate extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation or related body corporate.	10 11 12
(8)	In this section—	13
	<i>Environment Protection Authority Fund</i> means the Environment Protection Authority Fund established under the <i>Protection of the Environment Administration Act 1991</i> , section 34A.	14 15 16
	<i>prosecutor</i> , for an offence, means the person that instituted the proceedings for the offence.	17 18
	<i>the court</i> does not include the Local Court.	19
[8]	Section 28D Restriction on requiring financial assurance	20
	Insert after section 28D(c)—	21
(c1)	the financial capacity of the holder or former holder of the licence or proposed holder of the licence, or	22 23
[9]	Section 28J Liability of Authority, State and others	24
	Insert “the CEO of the Authority” after “Board of the Authority,” in section 28J(2).	25
[10]	Section 29 Radiation Advisory Council	26
	Omit “Chairperson of the Authority” in section 29(2)(a).	27
	Insert instead “CEO of the Authority”.	28
[11]	Section 33B	29
	Insert after section 33A—	30
33B	Receiving monetary benefits	31
(1)	Any of the following persons who receives, acquires or accrues a monetary benefit as a result of the commission by a corporation of a proved offence under this Act or the regulations (the <i>underlying offence</i>) is guilty of an offence—	32 33 34 35
(a)	a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of the corporation,	36 37
(b)	a related body corporate,	38
(c)	a person who is, or was, at the time of the commission of the offence, a director of a related body corporate.	39 40
	Maximum penalty—	41
(a)	for a corporation—the maximum penalty that applies to a corporation for the underlying offence, or	42 43

(b)	for an individual—the maximum penalty that applies to an individual for the underlying offence.	1 2
(2)	Proceedings for an offence under this section may be commenced—	3
(a)	after the date on which the underlying offence is alleged to have been committed, but	4 5
(b)	despite section 25(5), no later than the later of the following—	6
(i)	the date that is 12 months after the date on which a court finds the underlying offence proved,	7 8
(ii)	the date by which the proceedings may be commenced under section 25(5).	9 10
(3)	Despite section 25(1), proceedings for an offence under this section may not be dealt with before the Local Court.	11 12
(4)	Without limiting subsection (1) or (2)(b)(i), a court finds an offence proved if—	13 14
(a)	the court convicts the offender of the offence, or	15
(b)	the court makes an order under the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> , section 10 against the offender in relation to the offence.	16 17
(5)	A reference in subsection (1) to a director of a corporation or related body corporate extends to a person involved in the management of the affairs of the corporation or related body corporate.	18 19 20
[12]	Section 36 Evidentiary matters	21
	Omit “Chairperson” in section 36(2). Insert instead “CEO”.	22

Schedule 8	Amendment of the Radiation Control Regulation	1
	2013	2
[1] Clause 3 Definitions		3
	Omit “Chairperson of the” from clause 3(1), definition of <i>approved</i> .	4
[2] Clause 28 Radiation management plan		5
	Omit “Chairperson of the” from clause 28(1).	6
[3] Clause 29 Personal monitoring devices		7
	Omit “Chairperson of the” from clause 29(3).	8
[4] Clause 31 Area monitoring devices		9
	Omit “Chairperson of the” wherever occurring in clause 31(1) and (3).	10
[5] Clause 34 Disposal of regulated material		11
	Omit “Chairperson of the” from clause 34(1).	12
[6] Clause 34(3)		13
	Omit the subclause. Insert instead—	14
	(3) The consent of the Authority may be—	15
	(a) given generally or in a particular case, and	16
	(b) subject to any conditions the Authority considers appropriate.	17
[7] Clause 38 Duty to report and investigate apparent radiation accidents		18
	Omit “Chairperson of the” from clause 38(1).	19
[8] Clause 43 Appointment of radiation safety officers and committees		20
	Omit “Chairperson of the” from clause 43(1).	21
[9] Clause 44 Loss or theft of regulated material		22
	Omit “Chairperson of the” from clause 44(1).	23
[10] Clause 47, heading		24
	Omit “ Department of Planning and Environment ”. Insert instead “ Regional NSW ”.	25
[11] Clause 47(1)		26
	Omit “Chairperson”. Insert instead “CEO”.	27
[12] Clause 47(2)(a) and (3)(a)		28
	Omit “ <i>Work Health and Safety (Mines) Act 2013</i> ” wherever occurring.	29
	Insert instead “ <i>Work Health and Safety (Mines and Petroleum Sites) Act 2013</i> ”.	30
[13] Clause 47(3) and (4)		31
	Omit “the Department of Planning and Environment” wherever occurring.	32
	Insert instead “Regional NSW”.	33

[14] Clause 48 Actions by incorrect public body	1
Omit “Chairperson” from clause 48(1). Insert instead “CEO”.	2
[15] Clause 50 Destruction or disposal of records	3
Omit “Chairperson of the” wherever occurring in clause 50(2)–(5).	4
[16] Clause 50(5)	5
Omit “the Chairperson”. Insert instead “the Authority”.	6

Schedule 9	Amendment of Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act 2001 No 58	1
		2
[1]	Section 44 Offence to claim refund for containers not subject to Scheme	3
	Omit “the commencement of this Part” wherever occurring in section 44(1)(b) and (2)(b).	4
	Insert instead “1 December 2017”.	5
[2]	Section 44(2), penalty	6
	Omit the penalty from section 44(2).	7
[3]	Section 44, penalty	8
	Insert at the end of the section—	9
	Maximum penalty for subsections (1) and (2)—	10
	(a) for a corporation—4,000 penalty units, or	11
	(b) for an individual—1,000 penalty units.	12