

### New South Wales

### Stronger Communities Legislation Amendment (Crimes) Bill 2020

### **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

### Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend various Acts relating to crimes and other matters in the Communities and Justice portfolio.

### Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act.

Clause 3 provides that explanatory notes do not form part of the proposed Act.

#### Schedule 1 Amendments

Schedule 1 amends the following Acts—

- (a) Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987,
- (b) Children (Detention Centres) Act 1987,
- (c) Court Suppression and Non-publication Orders Act 2010,
- (d) Crimes Act 1900,
- (e) Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999,
- (f) Crimes (Appeal and Review) Act 2001,
- (g) Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999,

- (h) Criminal Records Act 1991,
- (i) Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985,
- (j) Justice Legislation Amendment Act (No 3) 2018,
- (k) Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002,
- (1) Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment Forensic Provisions Act 2020,
- (m) Mental Health (Forensic Provisions) Amendment (Victims) Act 2018,
- (n) Scrap Metal Industry Act 2016,
- (o) Surveillance Devices Act 2007,
- (p) Terrorism (Police Powers) Act 2002.

The amendments are explained in detail in the explanatory note for each Act in Schedule 1.



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## Stronger Communities Legislation Amendment (Crimes) Bill 2020

### **Contents**

			Page
	1	Name of Act	2
	2	Commencement	2
	3	Explanatory notes	2
Schedule 1		Amendments	3



### **Stronger Communities Legislation Amendment (Crimes) Bill 2020**

No , 2020

#### A Bill for

An Act to amend various Acts relating to crimes and other matters in the Communities and Justice portfolio.

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts—	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Stronger Communities Legislation Amendment (Crimes) Act 2020.	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act.	5
3	Explanatory notes	6
	The matter appearing under the heading "Explanatory note" in Schedule 1 does not form part of this Act.	7 8

Sc	hedu	le 1	Δ	men	ndments	1			
1.1	Chi	ldren	(Crin	ninal	Proceedings) Act 1987 No 55	2			
[1]	Sect	ion 19	Cour	may o	direct imprisonment to be served as a juvenile offender	3			
	Omit	t "Note	." fro	n the n	note to section 19(1). Insert instead "Note 1."	4			
[2]	Sect	ion 19	(1), nc	te 2		5			
	Inser	t after	note 1	(as am	nended by item [1])—	6			
			who a		ion 9A of the <i>Children (Detention Centres) Act 1987</i> provides that persons ears of age or older are not to be detained in a detention centre in certain es.	7 8 9			
[3]	Sect	ion 19	(7)			10			
	Inser	t "9A o	or" be	fore "2	8".	11			
	-	anatory				12			
	result	of an a	mendn d in a	nent to t detentio	nendments clarifies that persons aged between 18 and 21 years are, as a the <i>Children (Detention Centres) Act 1987</i> made by this Schedule, unable on centre under that Act in certain circumstances. Items [1] and [3] make s.	13 14 15 16			
1.2	Chil	ldren	(Det	entior	n Centres) Act 1987 No 57	17			
[1]	Sect	ion 9A	Certa	in per	sons not to be detained in detention centres	18			
	Omi	t "he or	she"	wherev	ver occurring in section 9A(1) and (2).	19			
	Inser	t instea	ad "the	e perso	n".	20			
[2]	Sect	ion 9A	(3)–(5	)		21			
	Omit	Omit the note to section 9A. Insert instead—							
		(3)	A person who is of or above the age of 18 years, but under the age of 21 years, is not to be detained in a detention centre if—						
			(a)	the p	erson—	25			
				(i)	is currently in custody in a correctional centre, and	26			
				(ii)	has been in custody in a correctional centre for a period of, or periods totalling, more than 4 weeks, or	27 28			
			(b)		der under section 28(1) has previously been made in relation to the on's current period of custody in a correctional centre.	29 30			
		(4)			(3) does not apply if the person is a juvenile inmate transferred to centre by order under section $10(1)$ .	31 32			
		(5)		taken	ho is not to be detained in a detention centre because of subsection to be an inmate under the <i>Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act</i>	33 34 35			
[3]	Sect	ion 26	A			36			
	Inser	t after	section	n 26—		37			
	26A	Use	of Cor	rective	e Services staff to convey national security interest detainees	38			
		(1)	autho	orise a	issioner of Corrective Services may, at the request of the Secretary, correctional officer to convey a national security interest detainee	39 40			
			to or	trom a	detention centre	41			

	(2)	A correctional officer who conveys a national security interest detainee in accordance with the Commissioner's authorisation has the following functions and immunities in relation to the detainee—	1 2 3
		(a) the functions and immunities of a juvenile justice officer in relation to a detainee, and	4 5
		(b) the functions and immunities of a correctional officer in relation to an inmate under the <i>Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999</i> .	6 7
	(3)	In this section—	8
		national security interest detainee means a detainee designated by the Secretary as a national security interest detainee under the regulations.	9 10
[4]	Section 28	Transfer of older detainees from detention centres to correctional centres	11
	Omit "Subs	section (2) does not apply" from section 28(2C).	12
		and "The limitations on the making of an order under subsection (1) that are a subsection (2) do not apply".	13 14
[5]	Section 28	(2D)	15
	Omit "Subs	section (2A) does not apply".	16
		ad "The limitations on the making of an order under subsection (1) that are a subsection (2A) do not apply".	17 18
[6]	Section 91	Security of certain information	19
	Omit section	on 91(1).	20
[7]	Section 91	(2)	21
		erson is not required to comply with an information requirement to provide a eport or other document if compliance with the requirement".	22 23
		ad "Nothing in this Act or the regulations requires a person to be provided with report or another document, or part of the report or document, if its provision to ".	24 25 26
[8]	Section 91	(3)	27
	information	erson is not required to comply with an information requirement to provide a about any part of the content of a report or other document if a copy of the ocument cannot be provided because of subsection (2) and".	28 29 30
	information	ad "Nothing in this Act or the regulations requires a person to be provided with a about the content of a report or other document, a copy of which is not required ded to a person by operation of subsection (2), if".	31 32 33
	detained in a 4 weeks or transferred f is transferred the <i>Crimes</i> (Item [3] allow detention ce the Secretairelation to the dealing with	the proposed amendments prevents a person aged between 18 and 21 years from being a detention centre if the person has been in custody in a correctional centre for more than has, in relation to the person's current period of custody in a correctional centre, been rom a detention centre to a correctional centre. The provision does not apply if the person deform a correctional centre to a detention centre by order of the Minister administering Administration of Sentences) Act 1999.  We national security interest detainees to be conveyed by correctional officers to or from nitres if authorised to do so by the Commissioner of Corrective Services at the request of my of the Department of Communities and Justice. Correctional officers will have, in the detainees, the same functions and immunities as juvenile justice officers have when detainees, and also the same functions and immunities as correctional officers have go with inmates under the Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999.	34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46

	a report, doo that providin makes a cor	ument ig it wo isequei	resure that nothing in or under the <i>Children (Detention Centres) Act 1987</i> requires or information to be provided to a person if a Children's Magistrate is of the opinion uld prejudice the public interest or cause other adverse consequences. Item [6] ntial amendment. The amendments make the amended provision consistent with sion of the <i>Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999</i> .	1 2 3 4 5				
			re minor amendments to clarify the operation of provisions limiting the power to etainee from a detention centre to a correctional centre.	6 7				
	Item [1] revis	ses terr	ninology.	8				
1.3	Court Su	ippre	ssion and Non-publication Orders Act 2010 No 106	9				
	Section 17	Proc	eedings for offences	10				
	Insert after	section	n 17(2)—	11				
	(3)		reedings for an offence under this Act that are brought before the Local rt must be commenced within 2 years of the date of the alleged offence.	12 13				
	Explanatory			14				
	Court for the	e offend	ndment extends the time limit for commencing summary proceedings in the Local ce of contravening a suppression order or non-publication order. The proposed is the time limit from within 6 months of the date of the alleged offence to within 2	15 16 17 18				
1.4	Crimes A	Act 19	900 No 40	19				
[1]	Section 31	6 Con	cealing serious indictable offence	20				
	Insert after	section	n 316(1)—	21				
	(1A)	to br	the purposes of subsection (1), a person has a reasonable excuse for failing ring information to the attention of a member of the NSW Police Force or appropriate authority if—	22 23 24				
		(a)	the information relates to a sexual offence or a domestic violence offence against a person (the <i>alleged victim</i> ), and	25 26				
		(b)	the alleged victim was an adult at the time the information was obtained by the person, and	27 28				
		(c)	the person believes on reasonable grounds that the alleged victim does not wish the information to be reported to police or another appropriate authority.	29 30 31				
	(1B)	a pe	section (1A) does not limit the grounds on which it may be established that erson has a reasonable excuse for failing to bring information to the ation of a member of the NSW Police Force or other appropriate authority.	32 33 34				
[2]	Section 316(6)							
	Insert in al	phabet	ical order—	36				
			estic violence offence has the same meaning as in the Crimes (Domestic Personal Violence) Act 2007.	37 38				
		sexu	all offence means the following offences—	39				
		(a)	an offence under a provision of Division 10 of Part 3 where the alleged victim is an adult,	40 41				
		(b)	an offence under a previous enactment that is substantially similar to an offence referred to in paragraph (a).	42 43				
	Explanatory			44				
	information i	relating	to alleged sexual offences and alleged domestic violence offences to police and the alleged victim is an adult and the person believes on reasonable grounds that	45 46 47				

	the alleged victim does not wish the information to be reported. Item [2] defines terms for the purposes of the reasonable excuse.								
1.5	Crin	nes (	Admi	nistration of Sentences) Act 1999 No 93	3				
	Sect	ion 3 I	nterpi	retation	4				
	Inser	t at the	e end c	of section 3(2)(d)—	5				
				, and	6				
			(e)	a reference to a condition that a person not commit any offence is a reference to any offence whether committed in New South Wales or in any other State or Territory, and	7 8 9				
			(f)	a reference to an obligation that a person not commit any offence is a reference to any offence whether committed in New South Wales or in any other State or Territory.	10 11 12				
	Expla	anatory	note		13				
	home releas	e detent se orde	ion order and t	ndment clarifies that where an offender is released on parole, on a re-integration der, an intensive correction order, a community correction order or a conditional that release has a condition that the offender must not commit any offence, the an offence committed in New South Wales or in any other State or Territory.	14 15 16 17				
1.6	Crin	nes (	Appe	al and Review) Act 2001 No 120	18				
[1]	Sect	ion 4 A	Applic	ations to Local Court	19				
	Omit	t "Mini	ister"	from section 4(2)(b). Insert instead "Attorney General".	20				
[2]	Sect	ion 5,	headi	ng	21				
	Omit	t "Min	ister".	Insert instead "Attorney General".	22				
[3]	Sect	ions 5	, 77, 8	7 and 114A	23				
	Omit	t "Mini	ister"	wherever occurring. Insert instead "Attorney General".	24				
[4]	Section 69								
	Omit the section. Insert instead—								
	69	69 Effect of confirmation of sentence on good behaviour bonds, community correction orders and conditional release orders							
		(1)		following continue to have effect if an appeal court confirms a sentence ppeal—	29 30				
			(a)	a good behaviour bond entered into by the appellant as a consequence of the original sentence,	31 32				
			(b)	a community correction order or conditional release order made in relation to the appellant as a consequence of the original sentence.	33 34				
		(2)	The	bond or order continues to have effect—	35				
			(a)	according to its terms, except to the extent to which the appeal court otherwise directs, and	36 37				
			(b)	despite any stay of execution that has been in force in respect of the sentence.	38 39				
	Expla	anatory	note		40				
	Act a	Item [3] of the proposed amendments provides that certain functions of the Minister administering the Act are to be exercised by the Attorney General instead. Items [1] and [2] make consequential amendments							

	order or cond	litional have	ear that if an appeal court confirms a sentence on appeal, a community correction release order made in relation to the appellant as a consequence of that sentence effect according to its terms, except to the extent to which the appeal court	1 2 3 4
1.7	Crimes (	Sente	encing Procedure) Act 1999 No 92	5
	Section 3 I	nterpi	retation	6
	Insert at the	end o	of section 3(2)(d)—	7
			, and	8
		(e)	a reference to a condition that a person not commit any offence is a reference to any offence whether committed in New South Wales or in any other State or Territory, and	9 10 11
		(f)	a reference to an obligation that a person not commit any offence is a reference to any offence whether committed in New South Wales or in any other State or Territory.	12 13 14
	Explanatory			15
	order, a com the offender	munity must no	endment clarifies that where an offender is sentenced to an intensive correction correction order or a conditional release order and that order has a condition that ot commit any offence, the condition applies to an offence committed in New South er State or Territory.	16 17 18 19
1.8	Criminal	Reco	ords Act 1991 No 8	20
[1]	Section 8 V	Vhen	is a conviction spent?	21
	Omit "term from section		with 1 or more additional or further conditions imposed under that Act" (c).	22 23
	Insert instea	ad "pe	riod".	24
[2]	Section 13	Unlav	wful disclosure of information concerning spent convictions	25
	Insert after	section	n 13(4)—	26
	(4AA)	It is noted	not an offence for a person employed in Corrective Services NSW to make rmation relating to a spent conviction available to another person if—	27 28
		(a)	making the information available is not an offence under the <i>Crimes</i> (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999, and	29 30
		(b)	the person employed in Corrective Services NSW does not know, and could not reasonably be expected to know, the conviction is a spent conviction.	31 32 33
[3]	Section 13	(5)		34
	Insert in alp	habet	ical order—	35
		(Adn	rective Services NSW has the same meaning as in the Crimes ministration of Sentences) Act 1999.	36 37
	a conditional with no conv completion o of the amend whether or r completed. Item [2] provi	e proportion release iction release it the ordinate it in the ordinate it in the items of the it	osed amendments provides that a finding that an offence has been proved, where see order under section 9 of the <i>Crimes</i> ( <i>Sentencing Procedure</i> ) <i>Act 1999</i> is made, secorded and no additional or further conditions imposed, is spent on satisfactory order. Currently, the finding is spent immediately after the order is made. The effect is that all conditional release orders, whether or not a conviction is recorded and ditional or further conditions are imposed, will not be spent until the order is at it is not an offence if a person employed in Corrective Services NSW discloses to a spent conviction where the disclosure is not an offence under the <i>Crimes</i>	38 40 41 42 43 44 45

	(Administration of Sentences) Act 1999 and the person does not know, and could not reasonably be expected to know, the conviction is a spent conviction. Item [3] makes a consequential amendment.	2							
1.9	Drug Misuse and Trafficking Act 1985 No 226	3							
[1]	Schedule 1	2							
	Omit the matter relating to "Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol (dronabinol) where prepared and packed for therapeutic use".	<u> </u>							
[2]	Schedule 1	7							
	Insert in alphabetical order—	8							
	Dronabinol 0.6g 0.2g 1.0g 0.1kg 0.5kg — (Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol)								
	Explanatory note	9							
	The proposed amendment addresses confusion caused by the implication in the existing entry that dronabinol is a prohibited drug only when prepared and packed for therapeutic use.	10 11							
1.10	Justice Legislation Amendment Act (No 3) 2018 No 87	12							
[1]	Schedule 1 Principal amendments	13							
	Insert ", or to which the person otherwise has or had access," after "information obtained" in section 102(1) of the <i>Children (Detention Centres) Act 1987</i> as substituted by Schedule 1.4[4].	14 15 16							
[2]	Schedule 1.4[4], section 102A(1) of the Children (Detention Centres) Act 1987	17							
	Insert ", or to which the Secretary otherwise has or had access," after "by the Secretary".	18							
[3]	Schedule 1.4[4], section 102B(5) of the Children (Detention Centres) Act 1987	19							
[-]	Omit the definition of <i>relevant agency</i> . Insert instead—	20							
	relevant agency means—	21							
	(a) a law enforcement agency, or	22							
	(b) an intelligence agency of an Australian jurisdiction, or	23							
	(c) a government agency of a State or Territory that corresponds with the Department, or	2 <sup>2</sup> 25							
	(d) a person or body prescribed by the regulations.	26							
	Explanatory note	27 28							
	Items [1] and [2] of the proposed amendments clarify that uncommenced provisions of the <i>Children</i> ( <i>Detention Centres</i> ) Act 1987 limiting or authorising disclosure of information apply in relation to information to which a person, or the Secretary of the Department of Communities and Justice (the <b>Secretary</b> ), has or had access in connection with the administration or execution of that Act.								
	Item [3] enables the Secretary to enter into an information sharing arrangement with an intelligence agency. Item [3] also provides that all law enforcement agencies and government agencies of a State or Territory that correspond with the Department of Communities and Justice may enter into information sharing arrangements without being prescribed by the regulations.								
	The amendments make the amended provisions consistent with equivalent provisions of the <i>Crimes</i> (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999.	36 37							
1.11	Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103	38							
	Section 9 Power to enter in emergencies	39							
	Insert at the end of section 9(1)(b)—								

			, or			1		
			offer	nce, is	f a person who has died, otherwise than as a result of an on the premises and there is no occupier on the premises to the entry.	2 3 4		
				roval to	premises under subsection (1)(c), the police officer must do so (orally or in writing) from a police officer of or above etor.	5 6 7		
	_	anatory i				8		
	believ is not	es on re the resu	asonable ground assenting the second and assenting the second and assenting the second as second as second as the	ounds tl nce and	des that a police officer may enter premises if the police officer nat a deceased person is on the premises, that the person's death that no other person is present on the premises to consent to the ed by a police officer of the rank of Inspector or higher.	9 10 11 12		
1.12	Men No ′		alth and	Cogn	itive Impairment Forensic Provisions Act 2020	13 14		
[1]	Sche	edule 3	Amendme	nt of A	cts	15		
	Inser	t after S	chedule 3.4	1—		16		
3.	.4A	Civil	Liability	Act 2	002 No 22	17		
	[1]	Section	n 3 Defini	tions		18		
		Insert in alphabetical order—						
					as the same meaning as in the Mental Health and Cognitive vovisions Act 2020.	20 21		
					nent has the same meaning as in the Mental Health and orensic Provisions Act 2020.	22 23		
					oven but not criminally responsible has the same meaning and Cognitive Impairment Forensic Provisions Act 2020.	24 25		
	[2]	Section	n 26K Inte	rpreta	tion	26		
		Omit section 26K(2)(b). Insert instead—						
			(b)	offer	nds to conduct of a person that would have constituted an ace if the person had not at the time of the conduct had—	28 29		
				(i)	a mental health impairment, or	30		
				(ii)	a cognitive impairment, or	31		
			(a)	` ′	both, and	32		
			(c)	appii (i)	es whether or not—  a special verdict of act proven but not criminally	33 34		
					responsible is entered concerning that conduct, or	35		
				(11)	the person was found by a court to be unfit to be tried for an offence.	36 37		
	[3]	Section	n 26W Div	ision (	overrides Part 7 Division 2	38		
			'(Supervisi nental illne		amages arising out of criminal conduct by persons suffering	39 40		
	[4]	Section	ons 52(1)(b	), 54A	(1)(b) and (4)(b) and 54C(1)(b) and (3)(b)	41		
	- <b>-</b>			-	om a mental illness" wherever occurring.	42		
				•	ntal health impairment or a cognitive impairment"	43		

	[5]	Omit "mentally ill". Insert instead "impaired".	1					
	[6]	Section 54A(5)	2					
	[O]	Omit "mental illness". Insert instead "mental health impairment or cognitive impairment".	4					
	[7]	Section 54A(5)	6					
		Omit "an illness". Insert instead "an impairment".	7					
	[8]	Part 7, Division 2, heading	8					
		Omit "suffering from mental illness" from the heading.	g					
		Insert instead "with a mental health impairment or a cognitive impairment".	10					
	[9]	Schedule 1 Savings and transitional provisions	11					
		Insert at the end of the Schedule, with appropriate Part and clause numbering—	12					
		Provision consequent on enactment of Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment Forensic Provisions Act 2020	13 14					
		References to mental illness	15					
		A reference in this Act to a mental health impairment or a cognitive impairment is taken to include, for anything occurring before the commencement of the <i>Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment Forensic Provisions Act 2020</i> , a reference to a mental illness.	16 17 18 19					
[2]	Sche	Schedule 3.9[3]						
	Inser	t after item [2]—	21					
	[3]	Section 112 Other appeal or review rights not affected	22					
		Omit "ground of mental illness where mental illness" from section 112(1). Insert instead "grounds of mental health impairment or cognitive impairment if the defence of mental health impairment or cognitive impairment".	23 24 25					
[3]	Sche	edule 3.13A	26					
	Inser	t after Schedule 3.13—	27					
3.	13A	Forfeiture Act 1995 No 65	28					
	[1]	Section 10 Definitions	29					
		Omit the definition of <i>offender</i> . Insert instead—	30					
		<i>offender</i> means a person who has killed another person and for whom a special verdict of act proven but not criminally responsible is entered.	31 32					
		special verdict of act proven but not criminally responsible has the same meaning as in the Mental Health and Cognitive Impairment Forensic Provisions Act 2020.	33 34 35					
	[2]	Section 11 Power of Supreme Court to apply forfeiture rule	36					
		Omit section 11(1). Insert instead—	37					

		(1)	offen order	person is not subject to the forfeiture rule because the person is an older, any interested person may apply to the Supreme Court for an or that the forfeiture rule apply as if the offender had been found by of murder.	1 2 3 4	
	Explanatory	note			5	
	The propose Cognitive Incommencem	npairm	ent Fo	s to each Act are consequential to the passage of the <i>Mental Health and</i> rensic Provisions Act 2020. The amendments will commence on	6 7 8	
1.13	Mental Ho	ealth	(Fore	ensic Provisions) Amendment (Victims) Act 2018 No	9 10	
	Schedule 3	Ame	ndmer	nt of Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999 No 92	11	
	Omit the So	hedul	e		12	
	Explanatory		•		13	
			ndment	t repeals the uncommenced Schedule 3 to the Mental Health (Forensic	14	
	Provisions) A	Amendi	ment (\	/ictims) Act 2018 as the same provisions were inserted into the Crimes to 1999 by the Crimes Legislation Amendment (Victims) Act 2018.	15 16	
1.14	Scrap Me	etal Ir	ndust	ry Act 2016 No 42	17	
[1]	Section 16	Trans	saction	n records	18	
	Omit section 16(1)(c). Insert instead—					
		(c)	if the	e sale is conducted by a corporation—	20	
		( )	(i)	the name, business address and ABN of the corporation, and	21	
			(ii)	unless subsection (1A) applies, a statement signed by an	22	
			(11)	executive officer of the corporation, or an employee authorised in writing by an executive officer of the corporation, consenting to	23	
				the sale (a <i>sale consent</i> ),	25	
[2]	Section 16	(1A)			26	
	Insert after	section	n 16(1)	<del>)</del>	27	
	(1A)		cord of oration	f a sale consent is not required in respect of a sale conducted by a if—	28 29	
		(a)	the to	erms of the sale are within the terms of a statement signed by an	30	
		. ,	exect	utive officer of the corporation, or an employee authorised in	31	
				ng by an executive officer of the corporation, authorising the	32	
		<i>a</i> \	_	oration to sell scrap metal to the scrap metal dealer, and	33	
		(b)		tatement was signed no more than 12 months before the date of the and has not been withdrawn, and	34 35	
		(c)	the so	crap metal dealer keeps a record of the statement.	36	
	Explanatory	note			37	
	Item [2] of the	e propo	sed an	nendments provides that a record of sale consent is not required for a sale	38	
	the scrap me	nporat etal dea	เอก เอ a der. The	scrap metal dealer if the corporation has a current authorisation to sell to e terms of the sale must be within the terms of the authorisation, a record	39 40	
	of which mus	t be ke	pt by th	e scrap metal dealer. Currently, scrap metal dealers are required to obtain	41	
	a separate co	onsent	ın respe	ect of each transaction with a corporation. Item [1] makes a consequential	42 43	

1.15	Sur	veilla	nce [	Devices Act 2007 No 64	1					
[1]	Sect	ion 4 C	efinit	ions	2					
				3A of Part 6 of the <i>Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999</i> " from the definition of <i>relevant proceeding</i> in section 4(1).	3 4					
[2]	Sect	ion 4(1	), def	inition of "relevant proceeding"	5					
	Inser	t at the	end o	f the definition—	6					
			(s)	a proceeding before the State Parole Authority under Part 6 or 7 of the <i>Crimes (Administration of Sentences) Act 1999</i> ,	7 8					
			(t)	an application under the <i>Crimes (Serious Crime Prevention Orders) Act</i> 2016 to an appropriate court within the meaning of that Act, or an appeal under section 11 of that Act,	9 10 11					
			(u)	an application under Part 5 of the Crimes (Forensic Procedures) Act 2000,	12 13					
			(v)	a proceeding before the Civil and Administrative Tribunal in respect of an application for administrative review under section 75(1)(a) or (f) of the <i>Firearms Act 1996</i> .	14 15 16					
[3]	Sect	ion 18			17					
	Omit	the see	ction.	Insert instead—	18					
	18 Remote application									
	(	(1)		application for a surveillance device warrant may be made under section by telephone, e-mail or any other means of communication if—						
			(a)	a law enforcement officer reasonably believes that it is impracticable for the application to be made in person, or	22 23					
			(b)	a law enforcement officer reasonably believes that the immediate use of a surveillance device is necessary, or	24 25					
			(c)	the eligible Judge or eligible Magistrate who is to determine the application requests that it is made that way.	26 27					
							(2)	the a	affidavit has been prepared, the person applying must transmit a copy of affidavit, whether sworn or unsworn, to the eligible Judge or eligible istrate who is to determine the application.	28 29 30
[4]	Sect	ion 19	Deter	mining the application	31					
	Omit	section	n 19(1	)(c). Insert instead—	32					
			(c)	in the case of a remote application—the application is made is accordance with section 18, and	33 34					
[5]	Sect	ion 26			35					
	Omit	the se	ction.	Insert instead—	36					
	26	Remo	emote application							
		(1)		application for a retrieval warrant may be made under section 25 by hone, e-mail or any other means of communication if—	38 39					
			(a)	a law enforcement officer reasonably believes that it is impracticable for the application to be made in person, or	40 41					

		(b) the eligible Judge or eligible Magistrate who is to determine the application requests that it is made that way.	1 2
	(2)	If an affidavit has been prepared, the person applying must transmit a copy of the affidavit, whether sworn or unsworn, to the eligible Judge or eligible Magistrate who is to determine the application.	3 4 5
[6]	Section 27 Determining an application		6
	Omit sectio	on 27(1)(c). Insert instead—	7
		(c) in the case of a remote application—the application is made is accordance with section 26, and	8 9
[7]	Section 33 Application for approval after use of surveillance device without warrant or under emergency authorisation		10 11
	Insert after	section 33(1)—	12
	(1A)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the law enforcement officer uses an optical surveillance device to observe, but not record, the carrying on of an activity.	13 14
[8]	Section 33(3B)		15
	Insert after	section 33(3A)—	16
	(3B)	An application for approval under this section may be made by e-mail or any other means of communication if the eligible Judge who is to determine the application requests that it is made that way.	17 18 19
	Explanatory note		20
	Item [2] of the proposed amendments expands the list of court, tribunal and other proceedings in which certain protected information, including information obtained from the use of a surveillance device, may be used, published or communicated. Item [1] makes a consequential amendment.		21 22 23
	Items [3] and [5] remove references to transmission of applications for warrants being made by fax and also allow for remote applications to be made if the eligible Judge or Magistrate requests that they are made that way. Items [4] and [6] make consequential amendments.		24 25 26
	Item [5] also removes the requirement for an affidavit relating to an application for a retrieval warrant to be transmitted by fax and allows it to be transmitted by any other appropriate method such as e-mail.		27 28 29
	Item [7] provides an exception from the requirement that a law enforcement officer apply to an eligible Judge for approval of the use of an optical surveillance device without a warrant in an emergency. The exception applies if the law enforcement officer uses an optical surveillance device only to observe the carrying on of an activity, not to record.		30 31 32 33
		fies that in person applications are not required and that applications may be made by rn technology, such as encrypted e-mail.	34 35
1.16	Terrorism	n (Police Powers) Act 2002 No 115	36
[1]	Section 24A Police Commissioner may declare this Part applies to terrorist act to which police are responding		37 38
		be made in respect of the specified location at which police officers are and in respect of any other related specified location" from section 24A(2).	39 40
	Insert instead "made under this Part applies to each location at which police officers are responding to the incident".		41 42
[2]	Section 36 Review of Act		
	Insert after	section 36(1B)—	44
	(1C)	For the purposes of the review, the Minister may require the Commissioner of Police to provide information about declarations made by the Commissioner under Part 2AAA.	45 46 47

# Explanatory note Item [1] of the proposed amendments provides that a declaration that an incident is a terrorist act applies to each location at which police officers are responding to the incident. Item [2] provides that, for the purposes of reviewing the *Terrorism (Police Powers) Act 2002* to determine whether its policy objectives remain valid and its terms remain appropriate for securing those objectives, the Minister may require the Commissioner of Police to provide information about declarations that incidents are terrorist acts.