

#### New South Wales

# **Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2017**

## **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

#### Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (*the principal Act*) to implement a range of reforms to improve the environmental planning and assessment system in NSW and to re-organise, revise and simplify the provisions of the principal Act.

#### The Bill:

- (a) updates the objects of the principal Act, and
- (b) revises and consolidates provisions relating to the administration of the principal Act and the planning bodies established under it (including the Independent Planning Commission (currently the Planning Assessment Commission), Sydney district planning panels and regional planning panels and local planning panels), and
- (c) enhances community participation (including by requiring planning authorities to prepare community participation plans according to specified community participation principles) and by revising and consolidating minimum public exhibition requirements, and
- (d) enhances strategic planning (including by requiring councils to prepare local strategic planning statements to inform future planning proposals in their locality), and
- (e) makes further provision with respect to planning instruments (including by requiring the periodic review of SEPPs and LEPs and the enabling the standardisation of DCPs), and
- (f) facilitates infrastructure delivery (including by enabling SEPPs to require the concurrence of public transport or other authorities before determining authorities carry out or approve

- the carrying out of an activity in designated corridors set aside for future major roads, railways and other linear infrastructure), and
- (g) revises and consolidates provisions relating to building and subdivision certification, and
- (h) makes further provision with respect to development contributions (including by providing for State infrastructure contributions and planning agreements relating to complying development), and
- (i) revises and consolidates the provisions relating to reviews of planning decisions and appeals to the Land and Environment Court, and
- (j) facilitates the enforcement of complying development requirements (including by enabling councils to stop work under complying development certificates for up to 7 days for compliance investigation purposes and by enabling the Court to invalidate any such certificate), and
- (k) revises other enforcement arrangements (including by revising provisions relating to development control orders and by providing for enforceable undertakings), and
- (l) makes a number of other miscellaneous amendments.

The Bill re-organises, revises and simplifies the provisions of the principal Act, including by:

- (a) moving matters of detail (particularly savings and transitional provisions) to the regulations under the principal Act, and
- (b) re-arranging the provisions of the principal Act with new Parts dealing with administration, appeals and infrastructure contributions, and
- (c) re-writing in plainer and less complex terms provisions relating to planning administration, building and subdivision certificates and criminal and civil enforcement, and
- (d) clarifying the provisions of the principal Act that give rise to criminal sanctions, and
- (e) implementing a decimal divisional and section numbering system.

## Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be proclaimed by the Governor.

Schedules 1–10 to the Bill each amend different Parts of the principal Act. Each Schedule contains firstly principal amendments and secondly consequential and statute law revision amendments.

#### Schedule 1 Amendment of principal Act—Preliminary

**Schedule 1.1** replaces the objects of the principal Act. The revised objects are as follows:

- (a) to promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources.
- (b) to facilitate ecologically sustainable development by integrating relevant economic, environmental and social considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment,
- (c) to promote the orderly and economic use and development of land,
- (d) to promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing,
- (e) to protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats,
- (f) to promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage),
- (g) to promote good design and amenity of the built environment,

- (h) to promote the proper construction and maintenance of buildings, including the protection of the health and safety of their occupants,
- (i) to promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State,
- (j) to provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and assessment.

**Schedule 1.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments. In particular, the Schedule re-arranges interpretation provisions to highlight the principal definitions used in the principal Act and summarises the different categories of development.

#### Schedule 2 Amendment of principal Act—Planning administration

**Schedule 2.1 [1]** revises and consolidates provisions relating to the administration of the principal Act and the planning bodies established under it. The planning bodies include the Independent Planning Commission (currently the Planning Assessment Commission), Sydney district planning panels and regional planning panels, local planning panels and the Planning Ministerial Corporation (currently the Minister is a corporation sole). The provisions relating to the Sydney district planning panels have been transferred from the *Greater Sydney Commission Act 2015*.

The amendment re-enacts the provisions relating to the establishment of local planning panels inserted into the principal Act by the *Environmental Planning and Assessment and Electoral Legislation Amendment (Planning Panels and Enforcement) Act 2017*. In addition to the Greater Sydney Region and the City of Wollongong, the re-enacted provisions also enable the regulations to extend the requirement for a local planning panel to other local government areas.

**Schedule 2.1 [3]** inserts Schedule 2 which contains provisions relating to the constitution, membership and procedures of these planning bodies and provisions dealing with the land and property functions of the Planning Ministerial Corporation.

Schedule 2.1 [1] and [2] revise and consolidate community participation requirements (including requiring planning authorities to prepare community participation plans according to specified community participation principles). The planning authorities subject to the community participation requirements include the Minister, the Planning Secretary, the Greater Sydney Commission, Sydney district or regional planning panels, local planning panels and councils, when exercising planning functions. Proposed Schedule 1 to the principal Act sets out the draft planning instruments and decisions that are to be placed on public exhibition and the requisite period of exhibition. Certain decisions by planning authorities (such as Ministerial determinations about State significant infrastructure and consent authority decisions about development applications) will be required to be made publicly available, and reasons for the decision will also need to be made public.

**Schedule 2.1 [4]** transfers from the body of the principal Act to Schedule 3 the provisions that establish the electronic repository of planning information, and provides for public access to that information through the online planning portal.

Schedule 2.2 contains consequential and statutory revision amendments relating to planning bodies.

**Schedule 2.3** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments relating to community participation.

#### Schedule 3 Amendment of principal Act—Planning instruments

Schedule 3.1 (except Schedule 3.1 [6], [13], [17], [20] and [21]) restates the provision relating to the authority to make local environmental plans or to prepare proposals for environmental plans and makes consequential amendments. The revised provisions seek to make clear the existing role of the Greater Sydney Commission in relation to local environmental plans in the Greater Sydney Region. A local environmental plan is to be made by a *local plan-making authority*. The local plan-making authorities are:

(a) the Minister (except in the Greater Sydney Region), and

- (b) the Greater Sydney Commission for areas in the Greater Sydney Region, and
- (c) a council, if the gateway determination for a proposed plan authorises the council to make the local environmental plan.

The planning proposal authority for a proposed instrument is the council for the local government area concerned. The Minister, or the Greater Sydney Commission in the Greater Sydney Region, may direct that the Planning Secretary or a panel or other body is the planning proposal authority in certain cases.

**Schedule 3.1 [13]** requires the Planning Secretary, every 5 years following a review of a State environmental planning policy, to determine whether the policy should be updated and requires councils to do the same for local environmental plans.

**Schedule 3.1** [17] enables the regulations to require the standardisation of development control plans and to authorise the Minister to publish requirements as to the form, structure and subject-matter of the plans.

**Schedule 3.1 [20] and [21]** require each council to prepare and make a local strategic planning statement, which includes the planning priorities for the area that are consistent with any strategic plans applying to the area, including any community strategic plan under the *Local Government Act 1993*. If the council area is divided into wards, the councillors of a ward are to be given a reasonable opportunity to participate in the preparation of the provisions of the statement that deal with the ward and to endorse their consistency with strategic plans applying to the ward. **Schedule 3.1 [6]** requires a planning proposal prepared for a local area to address whether the proposal will give effect to the local strategic planning statement of the council of the area.

**Schedule 3.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments. In particular, the strategic planning provisions of Part 3B are incorporated into Part 3 which contains other planning instrument provisions.

### Schedule 4 Amendment of principal Act—Development assessment and consent

**Schedule 4.1 [1] and [4]** declare the *consent authority* for the different categories of development as follows:

- (a) in the case of State significant development—the Independent Planning Commission (if the development is of a kind for which the Commission is declared the consent authority by an environmental planning instrument) or the Minister (if the development is not of that kind),
- (b) in the case of development of a kind that is declared by an environmental planning instrument as regionally significant development—the Sydney district or regional planning panel for the area in which the development is to be carried out,
- (c) in the case of development of a kind that is declared by an environmental planning instrument as development for which a public authority (other than a council) is the consent authority—that public authority,
- (d) in the case of any other development—the council of the area in which the development is to be carried out.

In the case of a council for which a local planning panel has been constituted, the proposed Act continues the existing provision that confers the consent authority function on the local planning panel (where established) or a delegated staff member of the council.

Schedule 4.1 [2] and [3] make consequential amendments relating to the identification of provisions of the principal Act that give rise to criminal offences.

**Schedule 4.1 [5]** enables Sydney district or regional planning panels as well as local planning panels to exercise related approval powers under the *Local Government Act 1993* in connection with the grant of development consent.

**Schedule 4.1** [6] provides that a development consent may be granted subject to the following conditions:

(a) a condition that ceases to have effect when an authorisation under another Act is issued in relation to the development,

(b) a condition that requires funding to be assured for the carrying out of works required by the consent.

**Schedule 4.1** [7] provides that the regulations may specify the kind of development for which an accredited certifier is not authorised to issue a complying development certificate.

**Schedule 4.1 [8]** enables a complying development certificate to be issued subject to a deferred commencement condition.

**Schedule 4.1 [9]** enables the Land and Environment Court to declare a complying development certificate invalid within 3 months of it being issued if the Court determines it was not authorised to be issued.

**Schedule 4.1** [12] authorises the Planning Secretary to act on behalf of an approval body under other legislation, in the case of integrated development, to determine whether or not the approval body will grant the approval, or of the general terms of its approval. The Planning Secretary may do so if the approval body fails to make the determination or because of an inconsistency in the general terms of approval of 2 or more approval bodies. **Schedule 4.1** [13] is a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 4.1 [14] and [15]** require a consent authority, when considering an application to modify a development consent, to take into consideration the reasons given by the consent authority for the grant of the original consent.

**Schedule 4.1** [16] facilitates the consolidation of existing development consents in connection with the grant of a related development consent by not requiring a re-assessment of the development already authorised by the existing consents.

**Schedule 4.1 [17]** authorises regulations to enable the recoupment of costs incurred by councils in investigating and enforcing compliance with the principal Act relating to development requiring consent (including complying development) by the imposition of a levy on applicants making development applications. The regulations may also authorise council officers to suspend the carrying out of work under a complying development certificate (for a period not exceeding 7 days) pending an investigation into compliance of the work with applicable development standards.

**Schedule 4.1 [18]** confirms that the Minister may impose, vary or revoke a condition requiring monitoring or an environmental audit of State significant development at any time after the approval of the development.

Schedule 4.1 [10] and [11] make other consequential or minor amendments.

**Schedule 4.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments.

# Schedule 5 Amendment of principal Act—Infrastructure and environmental impact assessment

**Schedule 5.1** [1] inserts new requirements into Part 5 that will enable SEPPs to require the concurrence of public transport or other authorities before a determining authority carries out an activity, or grants an approval in relation to an activity, within infrastructure corridors set aside for future major roads, railways and other linear infrastructure. The public transport or other authority may refuse concurrence if it is satisfied that the activity will unreasonably interfere with the future use of the land for the purpose for which it has been set aside. The determining authority may seek a review of a refusal by the Planning Secretary or the Minister.

**Schedule 5.1 [2]** makes a consequential amendment relating to the identification of provisions of the principal Act that give rise to criminal offences.

**Schedule 5.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments. The amendments convert existing Part 5 (Environmental assessment) into Division 5.1 of Part 5 and converts Part 5.1 (State significant infrastructure) into Division 5.2 of Part 5. The provisions of Part 5 relating to the environmental assessment of fishing activities are transferred to related provisions in the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

#### Schedule 6 Amendment of principal Act—Building and subdivision certification

**Schedule 6.1** revises and consolidates in a new Part 6 provisions dealing with building and subdivision certification, including provisions relating to the following:

- (a) the types of work that require certification,
- (b) the various types of certificates (construction certificates, subdivision works certificates, occupation certificates, subdivision certificates and compliance certificates) and when they are required,
- (c) a continuation of the 10 year time limit on bringing legal proceedings in relation to defective building work or subdivision,
- (d) building information certificates,
- (e) the owner's building manual that must be provided with the issue of an occupation certificate for a building,
- (f) the power of the Land and Environment Court to declare certificates invalid if they are not consistent with the development consent,
- (g) regulation-making powers relating to the carrying out of building and subdivision work, compliance with the *Building Code of Australia* and smoke alarms,
- (h) regulation-making powers relating to certificates from Transport NSW in cases where the concurrence of rail authorities is required in relation to the impact of development on rail infrastructure so that concurrence can be granted for the development to proceed with detailed requirements determined at the subsequent certificate stage.

**Schedule 6.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments. The new Part consolidates existing Parts 4A and 4C and sections 149A–149G and various other provisions throughout the Act relating to certification.

#### Schedule 7 Amendment of principal Act—Infrastructure contributions and finance

**Schedule 7.1.** [1] enables planning agreements to be entered into for complying development proposals, as well as for development application proposals (as is currently the case).

**Schedule 7.1 [2]** enables the Minister to make determinations or give directions about the method of determining the extent of the public benefit that is to be provided by a developer under a planning agreement.

**Schedule 7.1** [3] provides that State infrastructure contributions can be required for complying development. The Minister may direct a certifier to impose conditions for State infrastructure contributions in the same way as a consent authority may be directed. **Schedule 7.1** [10] makes a consequential amendment.

**Schedule 7.1.** [4] enables the Minister to take into account infrastructure (including land for infrastructure) provided or required to be provided under a planning agreement in order to ensure the fair apportionment of the cost of the provision of infrastructure across the whole area in respect of which State infrastructure contributions are payable.

**Schedule 7.1.** [5] makes it clear that required State infrastructure contributions may be provided in the form of the carrying out of works or the supply of land for the provision of the infrastructure.

Schedule 7.1 [6] ensures that a determination of State infrastructure contributions may deal with the timing of the payment of contributions. Schedule 7.1 [9] makes a related amendment.

**Schedule 7.1 [7] and [8]** revise provisions relating to directions for the imposition of State infrastructure contributions and enable a requirement to be imposed for obtaining a certificate from the Planning Secretary as to whether such a contribution is payable.

**Schedule 7.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments. In particular, development and affordable housing contribution provisions are transferred to Part 7 from Part 4.

#### Schedule 8 Amendment of principal Act—Reviews and appeals

**Schedule 8.1 [2]** revises and consolidates in a new Part 8 existing provisions throughout the principal Act about reviews of planning decisions and appeals to the Land and Environment Court. The provisions apply in relation to applications for and the grant of development consent, building and subdivision certification, development control orders and other miscellaneous decisions.

**Schedule 8.1** [1] reproduces a previous uncommenced amendment that provides for development consents to have effect on their registration on the NSW planning portal.

**Schedule 8.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments.

#### Schedule 9 Amendment of principal Act—Implementation and enforcement

**Schedule 9.1** [1] enables the Planning Secretary to accept a written undertaking from a person in relation to a planning matter (such as compliance action). In the case of a breach of an undertaking, the Planning Secretary may apply to the Land and Environment Court for an order and if the Court is satisfied that the person has breached the undertaking, the Court may make various orders, including an order directing the person to comply with the undertaking, to pay money to the State or to make good any damage.

**Schedule 9.1 [2]** revises and consolidates existing provisions about development control orders that enforce obligations under the principal Act. The provisions are in line with similar provisions contained in the *Planning Bill 2013*. There are 3 types of orders that may be given: general orders (such as stop work orders, repair orders and public safety orders), fire safety orders and brothel closure orders. These orders may be given by various enforcement authorities, such as the Minister for Planning, the Planning Secretary, councils and consent authorities.

**Schedule 9.1 [3]** inserts Schedule 5 into the principal Act, which contains detailed provisions relating to development control orders. The provisions are in line with similar provisions contained in the *Planning Bill 2013*.

**Schedule 9.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments. In particular, Part 6 (Implementation and enforcement) is renumbered as Part 9 and the provisions of the principal Act that give rise to criminal offences are identified in order to clarify the operation of the existing general offence under the principal Act. The provisions replicate the existing range of maximum penalties under the principal Act.

#### Schedule 10 Amendment of principal Act—Miscellaneous

**Schedule 10.1** [1] enables regulations to be made in relation to obligations on persons regarding building safety, as well as fire safety as is currently the case.

**Schedule 10.1 [2]** inserts a standard provision that enables savings and transitional regulations to be made consequent on the amendment of the principal Act.

**Schedule 10.1 [2]** also provides for the making of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017*, which is set out in Schedule 13 to the Bill.

**Schedule 10.2** contains consequential and statutory revision amendments. Current Part 7A, which deals with liability in respect of contaminated land, is transferred to a new Schedule to the principal Act. Existing Schedule 6 (Savings, transitional and other provisions), Schedule 6A (Transitional arrangements—Part 3A) and Parts 1–3 of Schedule 7 (Special provisions) are omitted from the principal Act and transferred to the *Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017*, which is set out in Schedule 13 to the Bill.

#### Schedule 11 Consequential amendments of other Acts and instruments

**Schedule 11** contains consequential amendments to the following Acts and instruments:

- (a) Building Professionals Act 2005,
- (b) Greater Sydney Commission Act 2015,

- (c) Heritage Act 1977,
- (d) Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988,
- (e) Land and Environment Court Act 1979,
- (f) State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008,
- (g) State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007,
- (h) Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975,
- (i) Subordinate Legislation Act 1989.

#### **Schedule 12 Repeal of Acts**

**Schedule 12** repeals the following Acts:

- (a) Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2008,
- (b) Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Part 3A Repeal) Act 2011,
- (c) Miscellaneous Acts (Planning) Repeal and Amendment Act 1979,
- (d) Local Government and Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Transfer of Functions) Act 2001.

These Acts contain various uncommenced amendments to the principal Act and other legislation that are no longer required or relevant.

# Schedule 13 Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017

**Schedule 13** contains the *Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017*, which contains provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act. The Regulation also contains the provisions of Schedules 6, 6A and 7 (Parts 1–3) to the principal Act, which are transferred to the Regulation by Schedule 10.2 (see above).

# Summary of table of contents of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended by the Bill)

The following sets out the Parts and Divisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979, as proposed to be amended by the proposed Act:

## Part 1 Preliminary

## Part 2 Planning administration

- Division 2.1 Minister and Planning Secretary
- Division 2.2 Planning Ministerial Corporation
- Division 2.3 Independent Planning Commission
- Division 2.4 Sydney district and regional planning panels
- Division 2.5 Local planning panels
- Division 2.6 Community participation
- Division 2.7 Miscellaneous

Part 3	Plar	nning instruments
Division	3.1	Strategic planning
Division	3.2	Environmental planning instruments—general
Division	3.3	Environmental planning instruments—SEPPs
Division	3.4	Environmental planning instruments—LEPs
Division	3.5	Planning instrument amendments and development applications
Division	3.6	Development control plans (DCPs)
Part 4	Dev	elopment assessment and consent
Division	4.1	Carrying out of development—with consent, without consent and prohibited
Division	4.2	Consent authority
Division	4.3	Development that needs consent (except complying development)
Division	4.4	Concept development applications
Division	4.5	Complying development
Division	4.6	Crown development
Division	4.7	State significant development
Division	4.8	Integrated development
Division	4.9	Post-consent provisions
Division	4.10	Miscellaneous Part 4 provisions
Division	4.11	Existing uses
Part 5	Infra	astructure and environmental impact assessment
Division	5.1	Environmental impact assessment (except for State significant infrastructure)
Division	5.2	State significant infrastructure
Division	5.3	Infrastructure corridors—concurrences and notifications

Part 6 B	uilding and subdivision certification
Division 6.1	Preliminary
Division 6.2	Certificates required under this Part
Division 6.3	Building work and certificates relating to building
Division 6.4	Subdivision work and certificates relating to subdivision
Division 6.5	Compliance certificates
Division 6.6	Liability for defective building or subdivision work
Division 6.7	Building information certificates
Division 6.8	Miscellaneous
Part 7 In	frastructure contributions and finance
Division 7.1	Development contributions
Division 7.2	Affordable housing contributions
Division 7.3	Funds
Division 7.4	Charges and fees
Part 8 R	eviews and appeals
Division 8.1	Introductory
Division 8.2	Reviews
Division 8.3	Appeals—development consents
Division 8.4	Appeals—building and subdivision certification
Division 8.5	Appeals—development control orders
Division 8.6	Appeals—miscellaneous
Part 9 In	nplementation and enforcement
Division 9.1	Ministerial and other enforcement powers
Division 9.2	Investigative powers of departmental or council officers
Division 9.3	Development control orders

Division 9.4	Monitoring and environmental audits
Division 9.5	Civil enforcement proceedings
Division 9.6	Criminal offences and proceedings
Part 10 Mis	cellaneous
Schedule 1	Community participation requirements
Schedule 2	Provisions relating to planning bodies
Schedule 3	NSW planning portal and online delivery of planning services and information
Schedule 4	Special contributions areas
Schedule 5	Development control orders
Schedule 6	Liability in respect of contaminated land
Schedule 7	Paper subdivisions
Schedule 8	Special provisions



### New South Wales

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# **Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2017**

No , 2017

#### A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* with respect to the system of environmental planning and assessment in New South Wales; and for other purposes.

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2017.	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	5

Scł	nedule 1		Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Preliminary	1
1.1	Principal a	ame	ndments	3
	Section 5			4
	Omit the sect	ion.	Insert after section 2:	5
	1.3 Object	s of	Act	6
	_		objects of this Act are as follows:	7
		(a)	to promote the social and economic welfare of the community and a better environment by the proper management, development and conservation of the State's natural and other resources,	8 9 10
		(b)	to facilitate ecologically sustainable development by integrating relevant economic, environmental and social considerations in decision-making about environmental planning and assessment,	11 12 13
		(c)	to promote the orderly and economic use and development of land,	14
		(d)	to promote the delivery and maintenance of affordable housing,	15
		(e)	to protect the environment, including the conservation of threatened and other species of native animals and plants, ecological communities and their habitats,	16 17 18
		(f)	to promote the sustainable management of built and cultural heritage (including Aboriginal cultural heritage),	19 20
		(g)	to promote good design and amenity of the built environment,	21
		(h)	to promote the proper construction and maintenance of buildings, including the protection of the health and safety of their occupants,	22 23
		(i)	to promote the sharing of the responsibility for environmental planning and assessment between the different levels of government in the State,	24 25
		(j)	to provide increased opportunity for community participation in environmental planning and assessment.	26 27
1.2	Conseque	ntia	I and statutory revision amendments	28
[1]	Part 1, section	on nu	umbering	29
	Renumber the	e sec	tions in the Part with decimal numbering commencing with section 1.1.	30
[2]	Section 2 Co	omm	encement	31
	Omit section	2(1)	and (2). Insert instead:	32
	-	This	Act commenced on 1 September 1980.	33
	5	sets o	The Historical notes set out at the end of the Act on the NSW legislation website out the various Acts and instruments that have amended this Act and the dates on each commenced.	34 35 36
[3]	Section 4 De	finiti	ions	37
	Omit the follo	owin	g definitions from section 4 (1):	38
		0	ment	39
			ciated structure	40
		bush	fire prone land	41

	bush	fire prone land map	1
	devel	opment	2
	exem	pt development	3
	funct	ions	4
	manu	factured home	5
	move	able dwelling	6
Section 4 (1	)		7
Insert the fol	lowin	g definitions in alphabetical order:	8
		<i>d</i> includes alter, vary or substitute (and amend provisions or a document des amend a map or spatial dataset adopted by or under the provisions or ment).	9 10 11
		<i>lition</i> of a building or work includes enclosing a public place in ection with the demolition of a building or work.	12 13
	devel	opment—see section 1.5.	14
	erecti	on of a building includes:	15
	(a)	the rebuilding of, the making of alterations to, or the enlargement or extension of, a building, or	16 17
	(b)	the placing or relocating of a building on land, or	18
	(c)	enclosing a public place in connection with the construction of a building, or	19 20
	(d)	erecting an advertising structure over a public road, or	21
	(e)	extending a balcony, awning, sunshade or similar structure or an essential service pipe beyond the alignment of a public road,	22 23
	gener	bes not include any act, matter or thing excluded by the regulations (either ally for the purposes of this Act or only for the purposes of specified sions of this Act).	24 25 26
	exem	pt development—see section 1.6.	27
		<i>ion</i> includes a power, authority or duty, and <i>exercise</i> a function includes rm a duty.	28 29
		f land includes a change of building use.	30
	regularefere	includes any physical activity in relation to land that is specified by a ation to be a work for the purposes of this Act, but does not include a ence to any activity that is specified by a regulation not to be a work for purposes of this Act.  **arrying out* of a work includes:	31 32 33 34 35
	(a)	the renewal of, the making of alterations to, or the enlargement or extension of, a work, or	36 37
	(b)	enclosing a public place in connection with the carrying out of a work.	38
Section 4 (1	), defi	inition of "building"	39
		not include a manufactured home, moveable dwelling or associated a manufactured home, moveable dwelling or associated structure".	40 41
		but does not include a manufactured home, moveable dwelling or e within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ".	42 43

42 43

[5]

[4]

[6]	Sect	ion 4 (	1), de	finitio	n of "premises"	1					
	Omi	t parag	raph (l	b). Inse	ert instead:	2					
			(b)		ufactured home, moveable dwelling or associated structure within neaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i>	3 4					
			(b1)	a vel	nicle of any description,	5					
[7]	Sect	ion 4 (	2), (4)	, (6), (7	7A), (8A) and (9)	6					
		t the su				7					
[8]	Section 4 (8)										
				on. Ins	sert instead:	9					
		(8)	deter unde	minati r this	xpress or implied, to make or give an order, direction, declaration, ion or other instrument under this Act or under an instrument made Act includes a power to revoke or amend the order, direction, , determination or other instrument.	10 11 12 13					
[9]	Sect	ion 1.5	5			14					
	Inser	t after	section	n 4:		15					
	1.5	Mear	ning o	f "dev	relopment"	16					
		(1)	For t	he pur	poses of this Act, <i>development</i> is any of the following:	17					
			(a)	the u	use of land,	18					
			(b)	the s	ubdivision of land,	19					
			(c)	the e	rection of a building,	20					
			(d)	the c	arrying out of a work,	21					
			(e)	the d	lemolition of a building or work,	22					
			(f)		other act, matter or thing that may be controlled by an ronmental planning instrument.	23 24					
		(2)	the r	egulati	development does not include any act, matter or thing excluded by ions (either generally for the purposes of this Act or only for the f specified provisions of this Act).	25 26 27					
			the a	cts, ma	rposes of this Act, the <i>carrying out of development</i> is the doing of atters or things referred to in subsection (1).	28 29					
			(a)	exem	are the following categories of development under this Act:  apt development (development that is exempt from the assessment and ent or approval requirements of this Act),	30 31 32					
			(b)	devel follow	lopment requiring development consent under Part 4, including the ving:	33 34					
				(i)	complying development (development that complies with pre-determined development standards and requires consent in the form of a complying development certificate by a consent authority or accredited certifier),	35 36 37 38					
				(ii)	development that requires consent by a council or other public authority specified as the consent authority (including by a local planning panel or delegated council staff on behalf of a council),	39 40 41					
				(iii)	regionally significant development (development that requires consent by a Sydney district or regional planning panel),	42 43					
				(iv)	State significant development (development that requires consent by the Independent Planning Commission or the Minister),	44 45					

				(v)	designated development (development, other than State significant development, that requires an environmental impact statement for an application for consent),	1 2 3
				(vi)	integrated development (development that also requires approvals under other legislation that are integrated under general terms of approval),	4 5 6
			(c)	Divisi	opment that is an activity requiring environmental assessment under on 5.1 before it is carried out by a public authority or before a public rity gives approval for the carrying out of the activity,	7 8 9
			(d)	State requir	significant infrastructure (including critical State significant infrastructure) ing approval under Division 5.2 by the Minister.	10 11
	1.6	Exem	npt de	velopi	nent	12
		(1)	The	carryin	g out of exempt development does not require:	13
			(a)	deve	opment consent under Part 4, or	14
			(b)	envir	onmental impact assessment under Division 5.1, or	15
			(c)	State	significant infrastructure approval under Division 5.2, or	16
			(d)	a cer	tificate under Part 6 (Building and subdivision certification).	17
		(2)		lopmei	evelopment is development that is declared to be exempt nt by an environmental planning instrument because of its minor	18 19 20
[10]	Sect	ion 6 A	ct to	bind C	rown	21
		sfer to mbered			ing of Part 8 (Miscellaneous—to be renumbered as Part 10) 0.1.	22 23
[11]	Sect	ion 33 <i>i</i>	A Star	ndardi	sation of environmental planning instruments	24
	Omi	t the de	finitio	n of <i>ar</i>	nend in section 33A (10).	25
[12]	Sect	ion 76	Deve	lopme	nt that does not need consent	26
	Omi	t section	n 76 (2	2) and	(3).	27
[13]	Sect	ion 79I	ва Со	onsulta	ation and development consent—certain bush fire prone land	28
					ne time being recorded as bush fire prone land on a relevant map 0.3 (2))" after "bush fire prone land" in section 79BA (1).	29 30

Sch	nedu	ıle 2	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Planning administration	1 2 3	
2.1	Prir	l amendments	4		
[1]	Part 2				
	Omi	t Parts	2 and 2A. Insert instead:	6	
	Par	rt 2	Planning administration	7	
	Div	ision	2.1 Minister and Planning Secretary	8	
	2.1	The	Minister (cf previous s 7)	9	
		(1)	The Minister has portfolio responsibility for planning and for the administration of the provisions of this Act allocated to the Minister by an administrative arrangements order under the <i>Constitution Act 1902</i> .	10 11 12	
		(2)	The Minister has the functions conferred or imposed on the Minister under this Act.	13 14	
	2.2	The	Planning Secretary (cf previous ss 13, 15, 17)	15	
		(1)	The Planning Secretary has departmental responsibility for planning and for the administration of the provisions of this Act allocated to the Minister by an administrative arrangements order under the <i>Constitution Act 1902</i> .	16 17 18	
		(2)	The Planning Secretary has the functions conferred or imposed on the Planning Secretary under this Act.	19 20	
		(3)	The Planning Secretary may provide advice, recommendations and reports to the Minister in connection with the administration of this Act (whether on the Planning Secretary's own initiative or as required by the Minister).	21 22 23	
		(4)	The Planning Secretary is, in the exercise of any function under this Act, subject to the control and direction of the Minister (except in relation to the contents of any advice, recommendation or report provided to the Minister by the Planning Secretary).	24 25 26 27	
	2.3	Pane	els established by Minister or Planning Secretary (cf previous s 22)	28	
		(1)	The Minister or the Planning Secretary may, by order published on the NSW legislation website, establish panels for the purposes of this Act.	29 30	
		(2)	The chairperson and other members of any such panel are to be appointed by the Minister or the Planning Secretary (as the case requires).	31 32	
		(3)	The functions of any such panel are to be as specified in the order by which it is established, and (without limitation) may include:	33 34	
			(a) the investigation of any matter relevant to the administration of this Act, or	35 36	
			(b) the provision of advice, recommendations or reports with respect to any such matter to the Minister, the Planning Secretary or other person or body engaged in the administration of this Act.	37 38 39	
			This subsection does not limit any functions conferred on any such panel under this or any other Act.	40 41	

	(4)	Planı	ning Secretary (except in relation to the procedure of the panel and any tions under section 9.1).	1 2 3						
	(5)		order establishing any such panel is to specify the name of the panel. The "panel" is not required to be included in the name of the panel.	4						
	(6)		dule 2 contains provisions with respect to the members and procedure of such panel.	6 7						
	(7)		regulations may make provision for or with respect to the functions, bers and procedure of any such panel.	8						
	(8)	estab	such panel is a NSW Government agency, unless the order by which it is blished provides that it is not a NSW Government agency.  By virtue of section 13A of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> , a NSW Government	10 11 12						
		agen	cy has the status, privileges and immunities of the Crown.	13						
2.4		Delegation by Minister, Planning Ministerial Corporation or Planning Secretary (cf previous s 23)								
	(1)		Minister, the Planning Ministerial Corporation or the Planning Secretary delegate any of their functions under this Act to:	16 17						
		(a)	a person employed in the Department of Planning and Environment, or	18						
		(b)	the Greater Sydney Commission, or	19						
		(c)	the Independent Planning Commission, or	20						
		(d)	a Sydney district planning panel, or	21						
		(e)	a regional planning panel, or	22						
		(f)	a public authority or member of staff of a public authority, or	23						
		(g)	a council or member of staff of a council, or	24						
		(h)	a person, or person of a class, authorised for the purposes of this section by the regulations.	25 26						
	(2)	A ref	ference in this section to a function under this Act includes a reference to:	27						
		(a)	a function of the Minister under any other Act that is conferred or imposed on the Minister in his or her capacity as the Minister administering this Act or in connection with the administration of this Act, or	28 29 30 31						
		(b)	a function of the Planning Ministerial Corporation under any other Act, or	32 33						
		(c)	a function of the Planning Secretary under any other Act that is conferred or imposed on the Planning Secretary in connection with the administration of this Act.	34 35 36						
	(3)	This	section does not authorise the delegation of:	37						
		(a)	the power of delegation conferred by this section, or	38						
		(b)	the function of the Minister under Division 5.2 of determining an application for approval to carry out critical State significant infrastructure, or	39 40 41						
		(c)	any function of the Minister of giving directions under section 9.1 or of appointing a planning administrator or exercising other functions under section 9.6.	42 43 44						

Div	sion	2.2 Planning Ministerial Corporation	1
2.5	Con	stitution and functions of Corporation (cf previous s 8)	2
	(1)	There is constituted by this Act a corporation with the corporate name of the Planning Ministerial Corporation.	3 4
	(2)	The Planning Ministerial Corporation has such functions as are conferred or imposed on it under this or any other Act.	5 6
	(3)	The Planning Ministerial Corporation is a NSW Government agency.	7
2.6	Man	agement of Corporation (cf previous s 8)	8
	(1)	The affairs of the Planning Ministerial Corporation are to be managed by the Planning Secretary in accordance with any directions of the Minister.	9 10
	(2)	Any act, matter or thing done in the name of, or on behalf of, the Planning Ministerial Corporation by the Planning Secretary, or with the authority of the Planning Secretary, is taken to have been done by the Corporation.	11 12 13
	(3)	The regulations may make provision with respect to the seal of the Planning Ministerial Corporation.	14 15
	(4)	The annual report of the Planning Ministerial Corporation is to be published as part of the annual report of the Department of Planning and Environment.  Note. Schedule 2 contains property provisions relating to the Planning Ministerial	16 17 18
		Corporation and Division 7.3 contains financial provisions relating to the Corporation.	19
Div	ision	2.3 Independent Planning Commission	20
2.7	Inde	pendent Planning Commission (cf previous s 23B)	21
	(1)	There is constituted by this Act a corporation with the corporate name of the Independent Planning Commission of New South Wales.	22 23
	(2)	The Commission is not subject to the direction or control of the Minister (except in relation to the procedure of the Commission and any directions authorised to be given to the Commission under section 9.1 or other provision of this Act).	24 25 26 27
	(3)	The Commission is a NSW Government agency.	28
2.8	Mem	nbers of Commission (cf previous Sch 3, cl 2)	29
	(1)	The Independent Planning Commission is to consist of such members as are appointed by the Minister.	30 31
	(2)	One member of the Commission is, in the instrument of appointment or a subsequent instrument, to be appointed as the chairperson of the Commission.	32 33
	(3)	Each member is to have expertise in at least one area of planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, land economics, soil or agricultural science, hydro-geology, mining or petroleum development, traffic and transport, law, engineering, tourism or government and public administration.	34 35 36 37
	(4)	In appointing a member of the Commission, the Minister is to have regard to the need to have a range of expertise represented among the Commission's members.	38 39 40
	(5)	The Minister may appoint additional members of the Commission for the purposes of exercising specific functions of the Commission. An additional member is not required to have expertise in an area referred to in this section	41 42 43

			is required to have expertise in an area relevant to the functions the aber is to exercise.	1
2.9	Fund	ctions	of Commission (cf previous s 23D)	3
	(1)	The	Independent Planning Commission has the following functions:	4
		(a)	the functions of the consent authority under Part 4 for State significant or other development that are (subject to this Act) conferred on it under this Act,	5 6 7
		(b)	any functions under this Act that are delegated to the Commission,	8
		(c)	to advise the Minister or the Planning Secretary on any matter on which the Minister or the Planning Secretary requests advice from the Commission,	9 10 11
		(d)	to hold a public hearing into any matter into which the Minister requests the Commission to hold a public hearing,	12 13
		(e)	any function of a Sydney district or regional planning panel or a local planning panel in respect of a particular matter that the Minister requests the Commission to exercise (to the exclusion of the panel),	14 15 16
		(f)	if a Sydney district or regional planning panel has not been appointed for any part of the State, any function that is conferred on any such panel under an environmental planning instrument applicable to that part or that is otherwise conferred on any such panel under this Act,	17 18 19 20
		(g)	any other function conferred or imposed on it under this or any other Act.	21 22
		Petro appoi	Division 5 of Part 4AA of State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, pleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007 provides that a subcommittee inted by the Independent Planning Commission exercises the gateway functions and Petroleum Gateway Panel under that Policy.	23 24 25 26
	(2)	whic gene	matters on which advice may be provided under subsection (1) (c), or into the a public hearing may be held under subsection (1) (d), include any tral or particular planning or development matter, the administration of Act or any related matter.	27 28 29 30
2.10	Cons	stitutio	on of Commission for particular matters (cf previous Sch 3, cl 4)	31
	(1)	matte the N	the purpose of exercising any of its functions with respect to a particular er, the Independent Planning Commission is, subject to any direction of Minister under this section, to be constituted by one or more members rmined by the chairperson of the Commission.	32 33 34 35
	(2)	respe	Minister may give any of the following directions to the chairperson with ect to the constitution of the Commission for a particular matter or class atters:	36 37 38
		(a)	a direction as to the number of members that are to constitute the Commission,	39 40
		(b)	a direction as to the specified members, or members with specified qualifications or expertise, that are to constitute the Commission.	41 42
	(3)		Commission may, at any time, exercise by the same or different members or more of its functions.	43 44
2.11	Misc	ellane	eous provisions relating to Commission (cf previous ss 23C, 23E)	45
	(1)	Com	edule 2 contains provisions with respect to the Independent Planning unission (including with respect to public hearings by, and to the members procedures of, the Commission).	46 47 48

	(2)	be a	work of the Independent Planning Commission is, subject to this Act, to llocated by the chairperson of the Commission. The chairperson may inate another member to allocate the work of the Commission during any od the chairperson is unavailable.	1 2 3 4
	(3)	The	Independent Planning Commission may:	5
		(a)	arrange for the use of the services of any staff or facilities of the Department of Planning and Environment or other public authority, and	6 7
		(b)	engage such consultants as it requires to exercise its functions.	8
	(4)	Mini (othe	Independent Planning Commission may, with the approval of the ster, delegate any function of the Commission under this or any other Act er than this power of delegation) to any person or body specified in the ster's approval.	9 10 11 12
Divi	sion	2.4	Sydney district and regional planning panels	13
2.12	Con	stitutio	on of Sydney district and regional planning panels (cf previous s 23G)	14
	(1)	cons	Sydney district planning panels specified in Part 3 of Schedule 2 are tituted for the particular parts of the Greater Sydney Region so specified lation to each such panel.	15 16 17
	(2)	for th	regional planning panels specified in Part 3 of Schedule 2 are constituted he particular parts of the State (other than the Greater Sydney Region) so ified in relation to each such panel.	18 19 20
	(3)	conti direc	ordney district or regional planning panel is not subject to the direction or rol of the Minister (except in relation to the procedure of the panel and any etions authorised to be given to the panel under section 9.1 or other ision of this Act).	21 22 23 24
	(4)	A Sy	dney district or regional planning panel is a NSW Government agency.	25
	(5)		Minister may, by order published on the NSW legislation website, amend 3 of Schedule 2 for any of the following purposes:	26 27
		(a)	to constitute a Sydney district planning panel and to specify the part of the Greater Sydney Region for which it is constituted (including by constituting a single panel for the whole of the Region),	28 29 30
		(b)	to constitute a regional planning panel and to specify the part of the State (other than the Greater Sydney Region) for which it is constituted,	31 32
		(c)	to abolish a Sydney district or regional planning panel,	33
		(d)	to change the name of a Sydney district or regional planning panel or to change the part of the Greater Sydney Region or State for which it is constituted,	34 35 36
		(e)	to make savings and transitional provisions consequent on any of the above.	37 38
2.13	Mem	bers o	of Sydney district and regional planning panels (cf previous Sch 4, cl 2)	39
	(1)	A Sy	dney district planning panel is to consist of the following 5 members:	40
		(a)	3 members appointed by the Minister (the <i>State members</i> ),	41
		(b)	2 nominees of an applicable council (the <i>council nominees</i> ) who are councillors, members of council staff or other persons nominated by the council.	42 43 44

A regional planning panel is to consist of the following 5 members:

3 members appointed by the Minister (the *State members*),

1

		(b) 2 nominees of an applicable council (the <i>council nominees</i> ) who are councillors, members of council staff or other persons nominated by the council.	3 4 5
	(3)	A person is not eligible to be a member of a Sydney district or regional planning panel if the person is:	6 7
		(a) a property developer within the meaning of section 96GB of the <i>Election Funding, Expenditure and Disclosures Act 1981</i> , or	8 9
		<b>Note.</b> Section 96GB (1) of the <i>Election Funding, Expenditure and Disclosures Act 1981</i> provides that <i>property developer</i> includes a person who is a close associate of a property developer.	10 11 12
		(b) a real estate agent within the meaning of the <i>Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002</i> .	13 14
		However, a person is not ineligible to be a member of a Sydney district or regional planning panel merely because the person carries on the business of a planning consultant.	15 16 17
	(4)	The State members of a Sydney district or regional planning panel are to be persons who have expertise in at least one area of planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, land economics, traffic and transport, law, engineering, tourism or government and public administration. In appointing State members, the Minister is to have regard to the need to have a range of expertise represented among the panel's members.	18 19 20 21 22 23
	(5)	At least one of the council nominees of a Sydney district or regional planning panel is to be a person who has expertise in at least one area of planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, land economics, traffic and transport, law, engineering or tourism.	24 25 26 27
	(6)	Each applicable council is to nominate 2 persons as council nominees for the purposes of a Sydney district or regional planning panel. If an applicable council fails to nominate one or more council nominees, a Sydney district or regional planning panel is not required to include 2 council nominees for the purposes of exercising its functions in relation to the area of the council concerned.	28 29 30 31 32 33
	(7)	For the purposes of exercising the functions of a Sydney district or regional planning panel in relation to a matter, the council nominees on the panel are to be those nominated by the applicable council for the land to which the matter relates.	34 35 36 37
	(8)	In this section:	38
		<i>applicable council</i> means the council of an area that is situated (wholly or partly) in a part of the State for which a Sydney district or regional planning panel is constituted.	39 40 41
2.14	Chai	rperson of Sydney district and regional planning panels (cf previous Sch 4,	42 43
	(1)	One of the State members of a Sydney district or regional planning panel is to be appointed by the Minister as chairperson of the panel.	44 45
	(2)	The Minister is required to obtain the concurrence of Local Government NSW to the appointment of a chairperson unless Local Government NSW:	46 47
		(a) fails to notify its concurrence or refusal to concur within 21 days of being requested to do so by the Minister, or	48 49

		(b)	refuses to concur in the appointment of 2 different persons proposed by the Minister.	1 2
2.15	Fund	ctions	of Sydney district and regional planning panels (cf previous s 23G)	3
		A Sy	dney district or regional planning panel has the following functions:	4
		(a)	the functions of the consent authority under Part 4 for regionally significant development that are (subject to this Act) conferred on it under this Act,	5 6 7
		(b)	any functions under this Act of a council within its area that are conferred on it under section 9.6,	8
		(c)	to advise the Minister or the Planning Secretary as to planning or development matters relating to the part of the State for which it is constituted (or any related matters) if requested to do so by the Minister or the Planning Secretary,	10 11 12 13
		(d)	any other function conferred or imposed on it under this or any other Act.	14 15
		place	. Under section 9.7, a panel (or the Independent Planning Commission if acting in of the panel) is, in the exercise of a function referred to in paragraph (b), taken to e council and is to exercise the function to the exclusion of the council.	16 17 18
2.16			eous provisions relating to Sydney district and regional planning previous ss 23H, 118AD, 118AE)	19 20
	(1)		edule 2 contains provisions with respect to the members and procedure of ney district or regional planning panels.	21 22
	(2)	for it the p	Indeed district or regional planning panel is required to give written reasons at decisions and make them publicly available on a website of or used by banel. A decision is not invalid merely because of a failure to give or ish the reasons or all of the reasons for the decision.	23 24 25 26
	(3)	The	regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	27
		(a)	the functions conferred under this Act on a Sydney district or regional planning panel, including its procedures in exercising its functions,	28 29
		(b)	without limiting paragraph (a), providing that parties to matters being determined by a Sydney district or regional planning panel are not to be represented (whether by an Australian legal practitioner or any other person) or are only to be represented in specified circumstances,	30 31 32 33
		(c)	the provision of information and reports by Sydney district or regional planning panels.	34 35
	(4)	and	Planning Secretary is, in the annual report of the Department of Planning Environment, to report on the activities of Sydney district or regional ning panels during the reporting year under section 9.6.	36 37 38
	(5)	are to	al proceedings by or against a Sydney district or regional planning panel to be taken in the name of the panel and not by or against the members of banel.	39 40 41
	(6)	Mini	ydney district or regional planning panel may, with the approval of the ister, delegate any function of the panel under this or any other Act (other this power of delegation) to:	42 43 44
		(a)	a council, or	45
		(b)	a local planning panel of a council, or	46

		(c) the general manager or other staff of a council,	1
		for any area or part of any area for which the Sydney district or regional planning panel is constituted.	2
	(7)	For the avoidance of doubt, a member of a Sydney district or regional planning panel is a public official for the purposes of the <i>Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988</i> .	4 5 6
Div	ision	2.5 Local planning panels	7
2.17	Con	stitution of local planning panels	8
	(1)	A council may constitute a single local planning panel for the whole of the area of the council.	9 10
	(2)	The following councils must constitute a single local planning panel for the whole of the area of the council:	11 12
		(a) the council of an area that is wholly within the Greater Sydney Region,	13
		(b) the council of the City of Wollongong,	14
		(c) the council of any other area prescribed by the regulations.	15
	(3)	A single local planning panel may be constituted by 2 or more councils. In that case, any function exercisable by a council in relation to the panel is to be exercised jointly by all those councils.	16 17 18
	(4)	The Minister may, under section 9.1, direct 2 or more particular councils referred to in subsection (2) to constitute a single local planning panel.	19 20
	(5)	If a council fails to constitute a local planning panel that it is required to constitute, the Minister may constitute the panel and for that purpose is taken to be the council.	21 22 23
	(6)	A local planning panel is subject to any directions of the Minister under section 9.1.	24 25
	(7)	A local planning panel is not subject to the direction or control of the council, except in relation to any matter relating to the procedure of the panel (or to the time within which it is to deal with a matter) that is not inconsistent with any directions of the Minister under section 9.1.	26 27 28 29
2.18	Men	bers of local planning panels	30
	(1)	The members of a local planning panel are to be appointed by the relevant council.	31 32
	(2)	Each local planning panel is to comprise (subject to this section) the following 4 members:	33 34
		(a) an approved independent person appointed as the chairperson of the panel with relevant expertise that includes expertise in law or in government and public administration,	35 36 37
		(b) 2 other approved independent persons with relevant expertise,	38
		(c) a representative of the local community who is not a councillor or mayor.	39 40
	(3)	A person is not eligible to be a member of a local planning panel constituted by a council if the person is:	41 42
		(a) a councillor of that or any other council, or	43

		(b)	a property developer within the meaning of section 96GB of the <i>Election Funding, Expenditure and Disclosures Act 1981</i> , or	1 2
			<b>Note.</b> Section 96GB (1) of the <i>Election Funding, Expenditure and Disclosures Act 1981</i> provides that <i>property developer</i> includes a person who is a close associate of a property developer.	3 4 5
		(c)	a real estate agent within the meaning of the <i>Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002</i> .	6 7
			rever, a person is not ineligible to be a member of a local planning panel ely because the person carries on the business of a planning consultant.	8 9
	(4)	indep plant appro	the purposes of this section, an <i>approved independent person</i> is an pendent person approved by the Minister for appointment to the local ning panel or a person selected from a pool of independent persons oved by the Minister for appointment to the local planning panel. The ister may approve different pools of independent persons.	10 11 12 13 14
	(5)	appo the l meet chair	e area of the relevant council is divided into wards, the council is to intrepresentatives of the local community for each ward as members of ocal planning panel. All those representatives are entitled to attend a ting of the local planning panel, but only one of them designated by the reperson of the panel comprises the quorum for the meeting and is entitled to the and be heard on a matter before the panel.	15 16 17 18 19 20
	(6)	pane	representative so designated by the chairperson for a matter before the l is to be the representative for the ward that the chairperson considers is closely associated with that matter.	21 22 23
	(7)	area econ	vant expertise for the purposes of this section is expertise in at least one of planning, architecture, heritage, the environment, urban design, omics, traffic and transport, law, engineering, tourism or government and ic administration.	24 25 26 27
2.19	Fund	tions	of local planning panels	28
	(1)	A 1		
		A loc	cal planning panel constituted by a council has the following functions:	29
		(a)	the specified functions of a council as a consent authority under Part 4 that are conferred on it under this Act,	29 30 31
			the specified functions of a council as a consent authority under Part 4	30
		(a)	the specified functions of a council as a consent authority under Part 4 that are conferred on it under this Act, to advise the council on any planning proposal that has been prepared or is to be prepared by the council under section 3.33 and that is referred	30 31 32 33
	(2)	(a) (b) (c) The partie	the specified functions of a council as a consent authority under Part 4 that are conferred on it under this Act, to advise the council on any planning proposal that has been prepared or is to be prepared by the council under section 3.33 and that is referred to the panel by the council, to advise the council on any other planning or development matter that is to be determined by the council and that is referred to the panel by the	30 31 32 33 34 35 36
	(2)	(a) (b) (c) The partirequirequirequirequirequirequirequirequ	the specified functions of a council as a consent authority under Part 4 that are conferred on it under this Act, to advise the council on any planning proposal that has been prepared or is to be prepared by the council under section 3.33 and that is referred to the panel by the council, to advise the council on any other planning or development matter that is to be determined by the council and that is referred to the panel by the council. Minister may give directions to councils under section 9.1 (either to cular councils or to councils generally) on the planning proposals that are	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38
2.20	(3)	(a) (b) (c) The partirequirequirequire plant	the specified functions of a council as a consent authority under Part 4 that are conferred on it under this Act, to advise the council on any planning proposal that has been prepared or is to be prepared by the council under section 3.33 and that is referred to the panel by the council, to advise the council on any other planning or development matter that is to be determined by the council and that is referred to the panel by the council.  Minister may give directions to councils under section 9.1 (either to cular councils or to councils generally) on the planning proposals that are ired to be referred to a local planning panel for advice.  section does not limit the functions that may be exercised by a local	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
2.20	(3)	(a) (b) (c) The partice requirements plant cellane	the specified functions of a council as a consent authority under Part 4 that are conferred on it under this Act, to advise the council on any planning proposal that has been prepared or is to be prepared by the council under section 3.33 and that is referred to the panel by the council, to advise the council on any other planning or development matter that is to be determined by the council and that is referred to the panel by the council.  Minister may give directions to councils under section 9.1 (either to cular councils or to councils generally) on the planning proposals that are ired to be referred to a local planning panel for advice.  section does not limit the functions that may be exercised by a local ning panel under this Act.	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42

			t invalid merely because of a failure to give or publish the reasons or all e reasons for the decision.	1 2
	(3)	The	regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	3
		(a)	the functions conferred under this Act on local planning panels, including the procedures of panels in exercising their functions,	4 5
		(b)	without limiting paragraph (a), providing that parties are not to be represented (whether by an Australian legal practitioner or any other person) or are only to be represented in specified circumstances,	6 7 8
		(c)	the provision of information or reports by councils with respect to the exercise of functions by local planning panels.	9 10
	(4)		council is to provide staff and facilities for the purpose of enabling a local ning panel to exercise its functions.	11 12
	(5)		council is to monitor the performance of local planning panels constituted are council.	13 14
	(6)	the F	uncil that has constituted a local planning panel must provide a report to Planning Secretary, each year or other period directed by the Planning etary, as to the following:	15 16 17
		(a)	whether a local planning panel had been constituted by the council during the reporting period,	18 19
		(b)	the matters referred to the panel in the reporting period,	20
		(c)	the persons appointed to the panel,	21
		(d)	any other matters relating to the exercise of functions by the panel as directed by the Planning Secretary.	22 23
	(7)		all proceedings by or against a local planning panel are to be taken in the e of the panel and not by or against the members of the panel.	24 25
	(8)	any o	cal planning panel may delegate any function of the panel under this or other Act (other than this power of delegation) to the general manager or staff of the council. Section 381 of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> does apply to any such delegation.	26 27 28 29
	(9)		the avoidance of doubt, a member of a local planning panel is a public ial for the purposes of the <i>Independent Commission Against Corruption</i> 1988.	30 31 32
Divi	sion	2.6	Community participation	33
2.21		ning a ireme	outhorities and functions subject to community participation nts	34 35
	(1)	This	Division applies to the following planning authorities:	36
		(a)	the Minister,	37
		(b)	the Planning Secretary,	38
		(c)	the Greater Sydney Commission,	39
		(d)	the Independent Planning Commission,	40
		(e)	a Sydney district or regional planning panel,	41
		(f)	a council,	42
		(g)	a local planning panel,	43
		(h)	a determining authority under Part 5,	44

2.21

		(i) a public authority prescribed by the regulations.	1
	(2)	This Division applies to the exercise of the following planning functions by any such planning authority ( <i>relevant planning functions</i> ):	2
		(a) planning instrument functions under Part 3,	4
		(b) development consent functions under Part 4,	5
		(c) environmental impact assessment functions under Division 5.1 if an environmental impact statement is required,	6 7
		(d) State significant infrastructure approval functions under Division 5.2,	8
		(e) contribution plan functions under Part 7,	9
		(f) any other function under this Act prescribed by the regulations.	10
2.22	Man	datory community participation requirements	11
	(1)	Part 1 of Schedule 1 sets out the mandatory requirements for community participation by planning authorities with respect to the exercise of relevant planning functions.  Note. The mandatory requirements include public exhibition for a minimum period, public notification requirements and the giving of reasons for decisions by planning	12 13 14 15 16
		authorities. The regulations under that Schedule may also require community consultation by applicants for consents or other approvals.	17 18
	(2)	Those mandatory requirements for community participation include any other forms of community participation that are set out in a community participation plan under this Division and that are identified in that plan as mandatory requirements.	19 20 21 22
2.23	Com	munity participation plans—preparation	23
2.23	(1)	A planning authority to which this Division applies is required to prepare a community participation plan about how and when it will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions (subject to this section).	23 24 25 26 27
2.23		A planning authority to which this Division applies is required to prepare a community participation plan about how and when it will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions (subject	24 25 26
2.23		A planning authority to which this Division applies is required to prepare a community participation plan about how and when it will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions (subject to this section).	24 25 26 27
2.23	(1)	A planning authority to which this Division applies is required to prepare a community participation plan about how and when it will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions (subject to this section).  Note. Schedule 1 requires a proposed plan to be publicly exhibited for at least 28 days.  A planning authority is to have regard to the following when preparing a	24 25 26 27 28 29
2.23	(1)	A planning authority to which this Division applies is required to prepare a community participation plan about how and when it will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions (subject to this section).  Note. Schedule 1 requires a proposed plan to be publicly exhibited for at least 28 days.  A planning authority is to have regard to the following when preparing a community participation plan:  (a) The community has a right to be informed about planning matters that	24 25 26 27 28 29 30
2.23	(1)	A planning authority to which this Division applies is required to prepare a community participation plan about how and when it will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions (subject to this section).  Note. Schedule 1 requires a proposed plan to be publicly exhibited for at least 28 days.  A planning authority is to have regard to the following when preparing a community participation plan:  (a) The community has a right to be informed about planning matters that affect it.  (b) Planning authorities should encourage effective and on-going partnerships with the community to provide meaningful opportunities	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
2.23	(1)	A planning authority to which this Division applies is required to prepare a community participation plan about how and when it will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions (subject to this section).  Note. Schedule 1 requires a proposed plan to be publicly exhibited for at least 28 days.  A planning authority is to have regard to the following when preparing a community participation plan:  (a) The community has a right to be informed about planning matters that affect it.  (b) Planning authorities should encourage effective and on-going partnerships with the community to provide meaningful opportunities for community participation in planning.  (c) Planning information should be in plain language, easily accessible and	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
2.23	(1)	A planning authority to which this Division applies is required to prepare a community participation plan about how and when it will undertake community participation when exercising relevant planning functions (subject to this section).  Note. Schedule 1 requires a proposed plan to be publicly exhibited for at least 28 days.  A planning authority is to have regard to the following when preparing a community participation plan:  (a) The community has a right to be informed about planning matters that affect it.  (b) Planning authorities should encourage effective and on-going partnerships with the community to provide meaningful opportunities for community participation in planning.  (c) Planning information should be in plain language, easily accessible and in a form that facilitates community participation in planning.  (d) The community should be given opportunities to participate in strategic planning as early as possible to enable community views to be	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38

		(g)	Planning decisions should be made in an open and transparent way and the community should be provided with reasons for those decisions (including how community views have been taken into account).	1 2 3
		(h)	Community participation methods (and the reasons given for planning decisions) should be appropriate having regard to the significance and likely impact of the proposed development.	4 5 6
	(3)	For th	ne purposes of this Division:	7
		(a)	a community participation plan prepared by the Planning Secretary applies to the exercise of relevant planning functions by the Minister, and	8 9 10
		(b)	a general community participation plan prepared by the Planning Secretary applies to the exercise of relevant planning functions by determining authorities under Division 5.1 (other than councils or prescribed public authorities), and	11 12 13 14
		(c)	the regulations may provide that the community participation plan of a planning authority applies to the exercise of relevant planning functions by another planning authority and that the other planning authority is not required to prepare its own community participation plan.	15 16 17 18
	(4)	inclu	uncil need not prepare a separate community participation plan if it des all the matters required under this section in its plan and strategies esection 402 of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> .	19 20 21
2.24	Comi	munity	y participation plans—miscellaneous provisions	22
	(1)	Comi	munity participation plans are to be published on the NSW planning l.	23 24
	(2)	proce	evalidity of a community participation plan has not been challenged in seedings commenced in the Court within 3 months after the plan is shed, the plan is taken to have been validly made under this Division.	25 26 27
	(3)	Com	nunity participation plans are to be reviewed periodically.	28
	(4)	The r	egulations may make provision for or with respect to:	29
		(a)	the form, content and procedures for making and publishing community participation plans (or any amendment of those plans), and	30 31
		(b)	reports on the implementation of community participation plans.	32
Divis	sion 2	2.7	Miscellaneous	33
2.25		<b>plann</b> 3B, 158	ing portal and other online services and information (cf previous C)	34 35
	(1)		Planning Secretary is to establish and facilitate the online delivery of ing services and information (including the NSW planning portal).	36 37
	(2)		dule 3 contains provisions relating to the NSW planning portal and the e delivery of those services and information.	38 39
2.26			of Commission and panels to consult with council about certain cf previous s 23M)	40 41
	(1)	plann decis signif	Independent Planning Commission or a Sydney district or regional ing panel must not exercise a function that will result in the making of a ion that will have, or that might reasonably be expected to have, a ficantly adverse financial impact on a council until after it has consulted the council.	42 43 44 45 46

	(2)		section does not apply to the determination of a development application e by a council.	1 2
2.27	Oblig	gation	s of councils to assist Commission and panels (cf previous s 23N)	3
	(1)		Independent Planning Commission or a Sydney district or regional ning panel is entitled, on request made to the general manager of a council:	4 5
		(a)	to have access to, and to make copies of and take extracts from, records of the council relevant to the exercise of the Commission's or panel's functions, and	6 7 8
		(b)	to the use of the staff and facilities of the council in order to exercise the Commission's or panel's functions, and	9 10
		(c)	to any other assistance or action by the council for the purposes of exercising the Commission's or panel's functions.	11 12
	(2)		regulations may make provision with respect to assistance and action or this section.	13 14
2.28	Excl	usion	of personal liability (cf previous ss 23 (9), 158)	15
		A ma	atter or thing done, or omitted to be done, by:	16
		(a)	the Minister, or	17
		(b)	the Planning Secretary, or	18
		(c)	any person employed in the Department of Planning and Environment, or	19 20
		(d)	an investigation officer under Part 9, or	21
		(e)	a member of a panel established by the Minister or the Planning Secretary under this Part, or	22 23
		(f)	a member of the Independent Planning Commission, or	24
		(g)	a member of a Sydney district or regional planning panel, or	25
		(h)	a member of a local planning panel, or	26
		(i)	any individual acting under the direction of a person or body referred to above, or	27 28
		(j)	any individual acting as the delegate of a person or body referred to above,	29 30
		office claim	not subject the Minister, the Planning Secretary or any such person, er, member or individual so acting personally to any action, liability, n or demand if the matter or thing was done, or omitted to be done, in good for the purpose of the administration of this Act.	31 32 33 34
2.29	Dele	gation	by public authorities other than councils (cf previous s 153A)	35
	(1)	In th	is section, <i>public authority</i> does not include a council.	36
			See sections 377–381 of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> in relation to the lation of functions by councils.	37 38
	(2)	Act ( author be de	blic authority may delegate any function of the public authority under this (other than this power of delegation) to a member of staff of the public prity. If the public authority is a chief executive officer, the function may elegated to any member of staff of the public authority of which he or she e chief executive officer.	39 40 41 42 43
	(3)	mem	ember of staff of a public authority may delegate any function of the aber of staff under this Act (other than this power of delegation) to any member of staff of the public authority. However, if the function is a	44 45 46

			delegated function, the function cannot be subdelegated unless subdelegation is authorised by the terms of the original delegation.	1 2
		(4)	A power conferred by this section is in addition to any other power of delegation of the public authority or member of staff or any power of a person to exercise functions on behalf of the public authority.	3 4 5
	2.30	Secti	on 381 of Local Government Act 1993 excluded	6
			Section 381 of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> does not apply to a delegation under this Act to the general manager or other employee of a council.	7 8
	2.31	Publi	cation of instruments of delegation	9
		(1)	Any instrument of delegation under this Act by the Minister, the Planning Ministerial Corporation, the Planning Secretary, the Independent Planning Commission, a Sydney district planning panel or a regional planning panel is to be published on the NSW planning portal.	10 11 12 13
		(2)	Failure to comply with this section does not affect the validity of any such delegation.	14 15
[2]	Sche	dule 1		16
	Inser	t in app	propriate order:	17
	Sch	nedu	le 1 Community participation requirements	18
	Par	t 1	Mandatory community participation requirements	19
	Divi	sion	1 Minimum public exhibition periods for plans	20
	1	Draft	community participation plans (Division 2.6)	21
			28 days.	22
	2	Draft	regional or district strategic plans (Division 3.1) (cf previous s 75AH)	23
			45 days.	24
	3	Draft	local strategic planning statements (Division 3.1)	25
			28 days.	26
	4	Planı deter	ning proposals for local environmental plans subject to a gateway rmination (Division 3.4) (cf previous s 57)	27 28
			28 days or:	29
			(a) if a different period of public exhibition is specified in the gateway determination for the proposal—the period so specified, or	30 31
			(b) if the gateway determination specifies that no public exhibition is required because of the minor nature of the proposal—no public exhibition.	32 33 34
	5	Draft	development control plans (Division 3.6) (cf previous cl 18 (2) of EPA Reg)	35
			28 days.	36
	_	D 64	contribution plane (Division 7.4) (of provious at 26.44) of EDA Box)	37
	6	Draft	contribution plans (Division 7.1) (cf previous cl 26 (4) of EPA Reg)	31

Division 2		2	applications and other matters			
7		pplication for development consent (other than for complying developmenent for designated development or for State significant development		3		
		14 da	ys or:	5		
		(a)	if a different period of public exhibition is specified for the application in the relevant community participation plan—the period so specified, or	6 7 8		
		(b)	if the relevant community participation plan specifies that no public exhibition is required for the application—no public exhibition.	( 10		
8	<b>App</b> s 79)	lication	n for development consent for designated development (cf previous	11 12		
		28 da	ys.	13		
9		lication ous s 89	n for development consent for State significant development (cf	14 15		
		28 da	ys.	16		
10			n for modification of development consent that is required to be hibited by the regulations	17 18		
			period (if any) determined by the consent authority in accordance with the ant community participation plan.	19 20		
11	Envi	Environmental impact statement obtained under Division 5.1 (cf previous s 113)				
	28 days.					
12	Environmental impact statement for State significant infrastructure under Division 5.2 (cf previous s 115Z)					
		28 da	ys.	24		
13	Re-exhibition of any amended application or matter referred to above required by or under this Schedule					
			period (if any) determined by the person or body responsible for publicly piting the application or matter.	27 28		
Divi	sion	3	Provisions relating to public exhibition	29		
14	Publicly exhibited plans, applications etc not to be made or determined until after exhibition period					
	(1)	the pl	s Part requires a plan, application or other matter to be publicly exhibited, lan or application is not to be made or determined (or the other matter sed) until after the minimum period of public exhibition under this Part.	32 33 34		
	(2)	speci	e plan, application or other matter is placed on public exhibition for a fied longer period, the plan or application is not to be made or determined to e other matter finalised) until after that specified longer period.	35 36 37		
15	Submissions during exhibition period					
	(1)		nissions with respect to a plan, application or other matter may be made g the minimum period of its public exhibition under this Part.	39 40		

	(2)		e plan, application or other matter is placed on public exhibition for a ified longer period, submissions may be made during that specified longer od.	1 2 3				
16	Exclusion of Christmas/New Year period							
		the c	period between 20 December and 10 January (inclusive) is excluded from alculation of a period of public exhibition.	5				
		where	See also section 36 (2) of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> for the applicable rule e an exhibition period includes a weekend or public holiday.	8				
17	Rule	where	e more than one exhibition period applies	9				
			particular matter has different exhibition or notification periods that apply or this Part, the longer period applies.	10 11				
18	Provision relating to public exhibition of EIS							
		part opin	of an environmental impact statement whose public inspection any of the public authority, be contrary to the public interest because of its idential nature or for any other reason.	13 14 15 16				
Divi	sion	4	Mandatory notification requirements for applications and decisions	17 18				
19	Deve	elopm	ent and other applications and decisions—general	19				
	The mandatory notification requirements of development and other applications under this Act and of the making of decisions with respect to those applications under this Act are the requirements prescribed by this Part or the requirements prescribed by the regulations, as mandatory notification requirements.							
20	Publ	Public notification of certain decisions and reasons for the decisions						
	(1)	This	clause applies to the following decisions:	26				
		(a)	the determination by the Minister (or the Independent Planning Commission) of an application for State significant infrastructure,	27 28				
		(b)	the determination by the Minister (or the Independent Planning Commission) of a request for a modification of an approval for State significant infrastructure (being a request that was publicly exhibited),	29 30 31				
		(c)	the determination by a consent authority of an application for development consent,	32 33				
		(d)	the determination by a consent authority of an application for the modification of a development consent (being an application that was publicly exhibited),	34 35 36				
		(e)	the granting of an approval, or the decision to carry out development, by a determining authority where an environmental impact statement was publicly exhibited under Division 5.1.	37 38 39				
	(2)		mandatory notification requirement in relation to a decision to which this se applies is public notification of:	40 41				
		(a)	the decision, and	42				
		(b)	the date of the decision, and	43				

		(c) the reasons for the decision (having regard to any statutory requirements applying to the decision), and	1 2			
		(d) how community views were taken into account in making the decision.	3			
Par	t 2	General provisions				
21	Addi requ	Additional or revised mandatory public exhibition and notification requirements				
		The regulations may amend Part 1 of this Schedule:	7			
		(a) to prescribe additional mandatory requirements for community participation, or	8 9			
		(b) to make other changes to that Part.	10			
22	Regu	ulations relating to public exhibition	11			
	(1)	The regulations may set out the method of public exhibition under this Act, how people can make submissions and how people can obtain further information.	12 13 14			
	(2)	The regulations may specify the requirements for something to be considered a submission for the purposes of this Act.	15 16			
23	Re-e	exhibition	17			
	(1)	The regulations may specify the circumstances in which a plan or other matter is required or not required to be re-exhibited.	18 19			
	(2)	Re-exhibition is not required if the environmental impact of the development has been reduced or not increased.	20 21			
24		Regulations relating to community consultation by applicants for planning approvals				
		The regulations may require applicants for development consent or other approvals under this Act (or for the modification of any such consent or approval) to undertake community consultation in relation to their applications.	24 25 26 27			
Sche	edule 2	2	28			
Inser	t in ap	propriate order:	29			
Scł	nedu	le 2 Provisions relating to planning bodies	30			
		(Sections 2.3, 2.11, 2.12, 2.16, 2.20))	31			
Par	t 1	Preliminary	32			
1	Defi	nitions (cf previous cl 268C of EPA Reg)	33			
	In this Schedule:					
<i>appoint</i> means nominate in relation to a council nominee of a Sydney distric or regional planning panel.						
		<b>member</b> means the chairperson, council nominee or other member of a planning body.	37 38			
		planning body means any of the following:	39			
		(a) the Independent Planning Commission,	40			

[3]

		(b) a	Sydney district planning panel,	1
		(c) a	regional planning panel,	2
		(d) a	local planning panel,	3
			panel established by the Minister or Planning Secretary under ection 2.3.	4 5
Pai	rt 2		pendent Planning Commission—public ngs and procedure	6 7
2	Defi	nitions		8
		In this I	Part:	9
			<b>rrson</b> means the person appointed by the Minister as the chairperson of mmission.	10 11
		Commi	ssion means the Independent Planning Commission.	12
3	Publ	ic hearin	gs by Commission (cf previous cl 268R of EPA Reg)	13
	(1)	The Co	mmission must conduct a public hearing if (and only if):	14
			ne Commission is requested to do so by the Minister under ection 2.9 (1) (d), or	15 16
		Č	ne Minister has determined in a gateway determination that the Commission is to conduct a public hearing into a planning proposal for rovisions of a local environmental plan.	17 18 19
	(2)	The Co	mmission must give reasonable notice of the public hearing:	20
			y advertisement published in such newspapers as the Commission ninks fit, and	21 22
			y notice in writing to any public authorities that the Commission thinks re likely to have an interest in the subject-matter of the public hearing.	23 24
	(3)	The not	ice of a public hearing must contain the following matters:	25
		(a) th	ne subject-matter of the public hearing,	26
		(b) th	ne time, date and place of the public hearing,	27
		re	statement that submissions may be made to the Commission in elation to the subject-matter concerned not later than the date specified in the notice (being a date not less than 14 days after the notice is given),	28 29 30
		a	f the public hearing relates to an application for development consent—statement of the effect the public hearing will have on any appeal ights in relation to the application.	31 32 33
	(4)	because reason,	ommission is satisfied that it is desirable to do so in the public interest of the confidential nature of any evidence or matter or for any other the Commission may direct that part of any public hearing is to take private and give directions as to the persons who may be present.	34 35 36 37
4	<b>Atte</b>	ndance o	of witnesses and production of documents at public hearings (cf Q of EPA Reg)	38 39
	(1)	The cha	airperson of the Commission may require a person:	40
		(a) to	o attend a public hearing of the Commission to give evidence, or	41

		(b) to produce to the Commission a document that is relevant to a public hearing conducted by the Commission,	1 2
		at a time, date and place specified in a notice given to the person.	3
	(2)	A person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a requirement to attend a public hearing, or to produce a document.  Maximum penalty: \$11,000.	4 5 6
	(3)	The Commission may permit a person appearing as a witness before the Commission to give evidence by tendering a written statement.	7 8
5	Com	mission may restrict publication of evidence (cf previous cl 268U of EPA Reg)	9
	(1)	If the Commission is satisfied that it is desirable to do so in the public interest because of the confidential nature of any evidence or matter or for any other reason, the Commission may direct that evidence given before the Commission or contained in documents lodged with the Commission is not to be published or may only be published subject to restrictions.	10 11 12 13 14
	(2)	A person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a direction given by the Commission under this clause.  Maximum penalty: \$11,000.	15 16 17
6	Repo	orts by Commission after public hearing (cf previous cl 268V of EPA Reg)	18
	(1)	The Commission must provide a copy of its findings and recommendations after a public hearing held by it (a <i>final report</i> ):	19 20
		(a) to the Minister or to such other person or body as the Minister may direct, and	21 22
		(b) in the case of proposed development the subject of an application for development consent—to the consent authority and to any public authority whose concurrence is required to the development, and	23 24 25
		(c) to such other persons as the Commission thinks fit.	26
	(2)	A final report must contain a summary of any submissions received by the Commission in relation to the subject-matter of the public hearing.	27 28
	(3)	A final report is to be made publicly available on the NSW planning portal within a reasonable time after it has been provided to the Minister or to a person or body directed by the Minister.	29 30 31
7	Ann	ual report by Commission (cf previous cl 268W of EPA Reg)	32
	(1)	The Commission must provide to the Minister an annual report on its operations in the preceding year.	33 34
	(2)	An annual report is to be made publicly available on a government website within a reasonable time after it has been provided to the Minister.	35 36
8	Regi	ulations	37
		The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	38
		(a) the procedures of the Commission, including the procedures for public hearings relating to any or all, or a class, of its functions,	39 40
		(b) without limiting paragraph (a), providing that parties are not to be represented (whether by an Australian legal practitioner or any other person) or are to be represented only in specified circumstances,	41 42 43

		(c)	requiring the provision of information to the Commission for the purposes of a public hearing or the exercise of any of its other functions,	1 2	
		(d)	the provision of information or reports by the Commission.	3	
Part 3		Sydney district and regional planning panels—constitution			
9	Cons	stitutio	on of Sydney district planning panels	6	
		the Com	following Sydney district planning panels are constituted for the parts of Greater Sydney Region (within the meaning of the <i>Greater Sydney mission Act 2015</i> ) situated within the local government areas specified in ion to each panel:	7 8 9 10	
		(a)	Sydney Eastern City Planning Panel—local government areas of Bayside, Burwood, Canada Bay, Inner West, City of Randwick, Strathfield, City of Sydney, Waverley and Woollahra.	11 12 13	
		(b)	Sydney North Planning Panel—local government areas of Hornsby, Hunter's Hill, Ku-ring-gai, Lane Cove, Mosman, North Sydney, Northern Beaches, City of Ryde and City of Willoughby.	14 15 16	
		(c)	Sydney South Planning Panel—local government areas of Canterbury-Bankstown, Georges River and Sutherland Shire.	17 18	
		(d)	Sydney Central City Planning Panel—local government areas of City of Blacktown, Cumberland, City of Parramatta and The Hills Shire.	19 20	
		(e)	Sydney West City Planning Panel—local government areas of City of Blue Mountains, City of Campbelltown, Camden, City of Fairfield, City of Hawkesbury, City of Liverpool, City of Penrith and Wollondilly.	21 22 23	
10	Cons	stitutio	on of regional planning panels	24	
			following regional planning panels are constituted for the parts of the situated within the local government areas specified in relation to each l:	25 26 27	
		(a)	Hunter and Central Coast Regional Planning Panel—local government areas of Central Coast, Cessnock City, Dungog, Lake Macquarie City, Maitland City, Muswellbrook, Newcastle City, Port Stephens, Singleton and Upper Hunter Shire.	28 29 30 31	
		(b)	Northern Regional Planning Panel—local government areas of Armidale Regional, Ballina, Bellingen, Byron, Clarence Valley, Coffs Harbour City, Glen Innes Severn Shire, Gunnedah, Gwydir, Inverell, Kempsey, Kyogle, Lismore City, Liverpool Plains, Mid-Coast, Moree Plains, Nambucca, Narrabri, Port Macquarie-Hastings, Richmond Valley, Tamworth Regional, Tenterfield, Tweed, Uralla and Walcha.	32 33 34 35 36 37	
		(c)	Southern Regional Planning Panel—local government areas of City of Albury, Bega Valley, Coolamon, Cootamundra-Gundagai Regional, Eurobodalla, Goulburn Mulwaree, Greater Hume Shire, Hilltops, Junee, Kiama, Lockhart, Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional, Shellharbour City, Shoalhaven City, Snowy Monaro Regional, Snowy Valleys, Temora, Upper Lachlan Shire, Wagga Wagga City, Wingecarribee, Wollongong City and Yass Valley.	38 39 40 41 42 43 44	
		(d)	Western Regional Planning Panel—local government areas of Balranald, Bathurst Regional, Berrigan, Bland, Blayney, Bogan, Bourke, Brewarrina, Broken Hill City, Cabonne, Carrathool, Central Darling, Cobar, Coonamble, Cowra, Dubbo Regional, Edward River,	45 46 47 48	

		Federation, Forbes, Gilgandra, Griffith City, Hay, Lachlan, Leeton, City of Lithgow, Mid-Western Regional, Murray River, Murrumbidgee, Narrandera, Narromine, Oberon, Orange City, Parkes, Walgett, Warren, Warrumbungle Shire, Weddin and Wentworth.	1 2 3 4
Par	t 4	Provisions relating to members of planning bodies	5
11	Tern	ns of office of members (cf previous Sch 3, cl 5; Sch 4, cl 4)	6
	(1)	A member of a planning body holds office, subject to this Act and the regulations, for such period (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the member's instrument of appointment.	7 8 9
	(2)	That period may be determined by reference to the occurrence of a specified event or the completion of the exercise of particular functions of the planning body.	10 11 12
	(3)	A member is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	13
	(4)	A member of the Independent Planning Commission may not hold office as a member for more than 6 years in total.	14 15
	(5)	A State member of a Sydney district planning panel may not hold office as a member of that panel for more than 9 years in total.	16 17
	(6)	A member of a local planning panel may not hold office as a member of that panel for more than 6 years in total.	18 19
12	Full-	time or part-time office (cf previous Sch 3, cl 6; Sch 4, cl 5)	20
	(1)	The Minister may appoint a member of the Independent Planning Commission on either a full-time or part-time basis. The Minister may change the basis of the appointment during the member's term of office.	21 22 23
	(2)	The office of a member of any other planning body is a part-time office.	24
13	<b>Dep</b> i	uty chairperson—Sydney district or regional planning panels (cf previous I, cl 7)	25 26
	(1)	A Sydney district planning panel or a regional planning panel may elect a deputy chairperson from among its State members (either for the duration of the person's term of office as a member or for a shorter term).	27 28 29
	(2)	The deputy chairperson vacates office as deputy chairperson if he or she:	30
		(a) is removed from that office by the panel, or	31
		(b) resigns that office by instrument in writing addressed to the panel, or	32
		(c) ceases to be a member of the panel.	33
14	Rem	uneration of members (cf previous Sch 3, cl 7; Sch 4, cl 6; cl 268L of EPA Reg)	34
	(1)	A member of a planning body (other than a full-time member of the Independent Planning Commission) is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member.	35 36 37 38
	(2)	A full-time member of the Independent Planning Commission is entitled to be paid:	39 40
		(a) remuneration in accordance with the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975, and	41 42

		(b)	such travelling and subsistence allowances as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member.	1 2
15	Alter Sch 4	rnate m I, cl 8; cl	nembers (except for Independent Planning Commission) (cf previous I 268M of EPA Reg)	3 4
	(1)	In this	s clause:	5
		Plann	inting authority for a member of a planning body means the Minister, the sing Secretary or the council that appointed the member.	6 7
	(2)	•	ning body does not include the Independent Planning Commission.	8
	(2)	altern	appointing authority may, from time to time, appoint a person to be the late of a member of a planning body, and may revoke any such intment.	9 10 11
	(3)		Minister may direct appointing authorities to appoint persons as alternates embers of local planning panels.	12 13
	(4)		rson is not eligible to be appointed as the alternate of a member of a ing body unless the person is eligible to be appointed as that member.	14 15
	(5)		e absence of a member, the member's alternate may, if available, act in ace of the member.	16 17
	(6)		e acting in the place of a member, a person has all the functions of the ber and is taken to be a member.	18 19
	(7)		rson may be appointed as the alternate of 2 or more members, but may sent only one of those members at any meeting of the planning body.	20 21
	(8)	memb the alt a me	case of State members of a Sydney district or regional planning panel or bers of a local planning panel, a number of persons may be appointed as ternate of one or more members. The person who may act in the place of ember on any particular occasion is the person determined by the person of the panel concerned.	22 23 24 25 26
	(9)	remui	rson while acting in the place of a member is entitled to be paid such neration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the ster may from time to time determine in respect of the person.	27 28 29
	(10)	memb not h	chairperson of a planning body is appointed from among a number of bers of the body, the alternate of a member who is the chairperson does have the member's functions as chairperson unless the appointing writy authorises the alternate to exercise those functions.	30 31 32 33
16	Rem	oval fro	om office of members (cf previous Sch 3, cl 8; Sch 4, cl 9)	34
	(1)	plann Howe	Minister may remove a member of a planning body (other than a local ing panel) from office at any time for any reason and without notice. ever, the Minister must provide a written statement of the reasons for ving the member from office and make the statement publicly available.	35 36 37 38
	(2)	Indep section recom	Minister may remove a member of a planning body from office if the pendent Commission Against Corruption, in a report referred to in on 74C of the <i>Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988</i> , namends that consideration be given to the removal of the member from a because of corrupt conduct by the member.	39 40 41 42 43
	(3)	panel, for an	e case of a council nominee of a Sydney district or regional planning, the applicable council may remove the member from office at any time ny reason and without notice. However, the general manager of the cable council must provide a written statement of the reasons for	44 45 46 47

			able.	1 2
	(4)	remo How writte	e case of a member of a local planning panel, the applicable council may ove the member from office at any time for any reason and without notice. ever, the general manager of the applicable council must provide a en statement of the reasons for removing the member from office and the the statement publicly available.	3 4 5 6 7
17	Vaca	ancy ir	office of member (cf previous Sch 3, cl 8; Sch 4, cl 9)	8
	(1)	The	office of a member becomes vacant if the member:	9
		(a)	dies, or	10
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	11
		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister or, in the case of a council nominee of a Sydney district or regional planning panel or a member of a local planning panel), addressed to the applicable council, or	12 13 14 15
		(d)	is removed from office under this or any other Act, or	16
		(e)	is absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the planning body of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or by post, except on leave granted by the planning body or unless the member is excused by the planning body for having been absent from those meetings, or	17 18 19 20 21
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	22 23 24
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	25
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	26 27 28 29
		(i)	in the case of a member of a local planning panel—becomes a councillor, property developer or real estate agent and for that reason is not eligible to be appointed as a member of the panel.	30 31 32
	(2)		e office of a member becomes vacant, a person may, subject to this Act the regulations, be appointed to fill the vacancy.	33 34
18	Chai	irperso	on—vacation of office (cf previous Sch 3, cl 10; Sch 4, cl 11)	35
	(1)	Planı	e chairperson of a planning body is appointed by the Minister or the ning Secretary from among a number of members of the body, the person tes office as chairperson if he or she:	36 37 38
		(a)	is removed from the office of chairperson by the Minister or the Planning Secretary, or	39 40
		(b)	resigns the office of chairperson by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister or the Planning Secretary.	41 42
	(2)		rson vacates office as chairperson of a planning body if the person vacates e as a member of the body.	43 44
19	Effe	ct of c	ertain other Acts (cf previous Sch 3, cl 12; Sch 4, cl 13)	45
	(1)	The empl	statutory provisions relating to the employment of Public Service loyees do not apply to the appointment or office of a member.	46 47

	(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	1
		(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	2
		(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	4 5
		the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of a member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as a member.	6 7 8
20		cial provision regarding composition of Sydney district or regional ning panel in the case of coastal protection works	9 10
	(1)	This clause applies where a Sydney district or regional planning panel deals with the determination of a development application regarding coastal protection works on land within the coastal zone (within the meaning of the <i>Coastal Management Act 2016</i> ).	11 12 13 14
	(2)	If any State member of the panel (other than the chairperson) does not have expertise in coastal engineering or coastal geomorphology, the Minister is to appoint an alternate of the member who has that expertise, and that alternate member is to act in the place of the State member when the panel deals with the determination of that development application.	15 16 17 18 19
Par	t 5	Provisions relating to procedure of planning bodies	20
21	Gene	eral procedure (cf previous cl 268D of EPA Reg)	21
	(1)	The procedure for the calling of meetings of a planning body and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.	22 23 24
	(1)	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as	23
	. ,	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.	23 24
22	(2) (3)	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.  Subject to this clause, a planning body is not bound by the rules of evidence.	23 24 25
22	(2) (3)	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.  Subject to this clause, a planning body is not bound by the rules of evidence.  Nothing in this Schedule derogates from any law relating to Crown privilege.	23 24 25 26
22	(2) (3) <b>Quoi</b>	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.  Subject to this clause, a planning body is not bound by the rules of evidence.  Nothing in this Schedule derogates from any law relating to Crown privilege.  rum (cf previous cl 268E of EPA Reg)  The quorum for a meeting of a planning body is a majority of its members for	23 24 25 26 27 28
	(2) (3) <b>Quoi</b>	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.  Subject to this clause, a planning body is not bound by the rules of evidence.  Nothing in this Schedule derogates from any law relating to Crown privilege.  rum (cf previous cl 268E of EPA Reg)  The quorum for a meeting of a planning body is a majority of its members for the time being.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29
	(2) (3) <b>Quoi</b>	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.  Subject to this clause, a planning body is not bound by the rules of evidence.  Nothing in this Schedule derogates from any law relating to Crown privilege.  rum (cf previous cl 268E of EPA Reg)  The quorum for a meeting of a planning body is a majority of its members for the time being.  iding member (cf previous cl 268F of EPA Reg)  The chairperson or, in the absence of the chairperson, the deputy chairperson (if any) or a person elected by the members is to preside at a meeting of a	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
	(2) (3) Quoi	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.  Subject to this clause, a planning body is not bound by the rules of evidence.  Nothing in this Schedule derogates from any law relating to Crown privilege.  rum (cf previous cl 268E of EPA Reg)  The quorum for a meeting of a planning body is a majority of its members for the time being.  iding member (cf previous cl 268F of EPA Reg)  The chairperson or, in the absence of the chairperson, the deputy chairperson (if any) or a person elected by the members is to preside at a meeting of a planning body.  In the case of the Independent Planning Commission, the chairperson may appoint a member to preside at a meeting of the Commission, in which case a reference in subclause (1) to the chairperson includes a reference to any such	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
	(2) (3) Quoi Pres (1) (2)	conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the planning body.  Subject to this clause, a planning body is not bound by the rules of evidence.  Nothing in this Schedule derogates from any law relating to Crown privilege.  rum (cf previous cl 268E of EPA Reg)  The quorum for a meeting of a planning body is a majority of its members for the time being.  iding member (cf previous cl 268F of EPA Reg)  The chairperson or, in the absence of the chairperson, the deputy chairperson (if any) or a person elected by the members is to preside at a meeting of a planning body.  In the case of the Independent Planning Commission, the chairperson may appoint a member to preside at a meeting of the Commission, in which case a reference in subclause (1) to the chairperson includes a reference to any such appointed member.  The presiding member has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality	23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37

25	Meet	tings (	(cf previous cl 268H of EPA Reg)	1
	(1)	and i	Independent Planning Commission may conduct its meetings in public, is required to do so for the conduct of any business that is required by the ister to be conducted in public.	2 3 4
	(2)		lanning body (other than the Independent Planning Commission) is ired to conduct its meetings in public.	5 6
	(3)	an au	anning body is required to record meetings conducted in public (whether udio/video record, an audio record or a transcription record). The record quired to be made publicly available on the website of or used by the ning body.	7 8 9 10
	(4)	at w elect meet cond	anning body may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting which members (or some members) participate by telephone or other tronic means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the ting can be heard by the other members. Any such meeting is taken to be lucted in public if the meeting is recorded and the record made publicly lable as required by subclause (3).	11 12 13 14 15
26	Tran	sactio	on of business outside meetings (cf previous cl 268l of EPA Reg)	17
	(1)	circu being	lanning body may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the plation of papers among all the members of the planning body for the time g, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by a majority of those abers is taken to be a decision of the planning body.	18 19 20 21
	(2)	chair	the purposes of the approval of a resolution under this clause, the reperson and each member of the planning body have the same voting as as they have at an ordinary meeting of the planning body.	22 23 24
	(3)	meet	solution approved under this clause is to be recorded in the minutes of the tings of the planning body and is to be made publicly available on the site of or used by the planning body.	25 26 27
	(4)		ers may be circulated among the members for the purposes of this clause lectronic transmission of the information in the papers concerned.	28 29
27	Disc	losure	e of pecuniary interests (cf previous Sch 3, cl 11; Sch 4, cl 12)	30
	(1)	If:		31
		(a)	a member has a pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the planning body, and	32 33
		(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	34 35
		mem	nember must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to the aber's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a meeting of the ning body.	36 37 38
	(2)		ember has a pecuniary interest in a matter if the pecuniary interest is the rest of:	39 40
		(a)	the member, or	41
		(b)	the member's spouse or de facto partner or a relative of the member, or a partner or employer of the member, or	42 43
		(c)	a company or other body of which the member, or a nominee, partner or employer of the member, is a member.	44 45
	(3)		vever, a member is not taken to have a pecuniary interest in a matter as rred to in subclause (2) (b) or (c):	46 47

	(a)	if the member is unaware of the relevant pecuniary interest of the spouse, de facto partner, relative, partner, employer or company or other body, or	1 2 3
	(b)	just because the member is a member of, or is employed by, a council or a statutory body or is employed by the Crown, or	4 5
	(c)	just because the member is a member of, or a delegate of a council to, a company or other body that has a pecuniary interest in the matter, so long as the member has no beneficial interest in any shares of the company or body.	6 7 8 9
(4)		sclosure by a member at a meeting of the planning body that the member, spouse, de facto partner, relative, partner or employer of the member:	10 11
	(a)	is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	12 13
	(b)	is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	14
	(c)	has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	15 16
	that	sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter relating to company or other body or to that person which may arise after the date of lisclosure and which is required to be disclosed under subclause (1).	17 18 19
(5)	planı	culars of any disclosure made under this clause must be recorded by the ning body and that record must be open at all reasonable hours to ection by any person on payment of the fee determined by the planning.	20 21 22 23
(6)		r a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter, the liber must not:	24 25
	(a)	be present during any deliberation of the planning body with respect to the matter, or	26 27
	(b)	take part in any decision of the planning body with respect to the matter.	28
(7)	subc	the purposes of the making of a determination by the planning body under lause (6), a member who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a er to which the disclosure relates must not:	29 30 31
	(a)	be present during any deliberation of the planning body for the purpose of making the determination, or	32 33
	(b)	take part in the making by the planning body of the determination.	34
(8)	A co body	ntravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the planning.	35 36
(9)	planı Chap	clause extends to a council nominee of a Sydney district or regional ning panel, and the provisions of Part 2 (Duties of disclosure) of oter 14 of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> do not apply to any such inee when exercising functions as a member of the panel.	37 38 39 40
Code	of co	onduct	41
(1)		Minister may approve a code of conduct that is applicable to members of nning body.	42 43
(2)	omis	ode of conduct may relate to any conduct (whether by way of act or sion) in carrying out a member's functions that is likely to bring the ning body or its members into disrepute.	44 45 46

	(3)		Minister may authorise a planning body to vary a code of conduct in ion to the members of that planning body.	1 2
29	Prov	ision (	of information by planning bodies (cf previous cl 268NA of EPA Reg)	3
			anning body must provide the Minister with such information and reports e Minister may, from time to time, request.	4 5
Pai	t 6		nning Ministerial Corporation—property visions	6 7
30	Gen	eral la	nd functions of Corporation (cf previous s 11)	8
	(1)	such lease	the purposes of this Act, the Planning Ministerial Corporation may, in manner and subject to such terms and conditions as it thinks fit, sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of or deal with land vested in the coration and grant easements or rights-of-way over that land or any part of	9 10 11 12 13
	(2)	Corp	out affecting the generality of subclause (1), the Planning Ministerial oration may, in any contract for the sale of land vested in it, include itions for or with respect to:	14 15 16
		(a)	the erection of any building on that land by the purchaser within a specified period, or	17 18
		(b)	conferring on the Corporation an option or right to repurchase that land if the purchaser has failed to comply with a condition referred to in paragraph (a), or	19 20 21
		(c)	conferring on the Corporation an option or right to repurchase that land if the purchaser wishes to sell or otherwise dispose of that land before the expiration of a specified period or requiring the purchaser to pay to the Corporation a sum determined in a specified manner where the Corporation does not exercise that option or right, or	22 23 24 25 26
		(d)	the determination of the repurchase price payable by the Corporation pursuant to a condition referred to in paragraph (b) or (c).	27 28
	(3)	merg	ndition included in a contract of sale pursuant to subclause (2) does not ge in the transfer of title to the land, the subject of the contract of sale, on pletion of the sale.	29 30 31
	(4)	Corp	dition to other functions conferred or imposed on the Planning Ministerial oration under this or any other Act, the Corporation may, for the purposes is Act:	32 33 34
		(a)	manage land vested in the Corporation, and	35
		(b)	cause surveys to be made and plans of surveys to be prepared in relation to land vested in the Corporation or in relation to any land proposed to be acquired by the Corporation, and	36 37 38
		(c)	demolish, or cause to be demolished, any building on land vested in the Corporation of which it has exclusive possession, and	39 40
		(d)	provide, or arrange, on such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon for the location or relocation of utility services within or adjoining or in the vicinity of land vested in the Corporation, and	41 42 43
		(e)	subdivide and re-subdivide land and consolidate subdivided or re-subdivided land vested in the Corporation, and	44 45

(f) set out and construct roads on land vested in the Corporation or on land of which the Corporation has exclusive possession, or on any other land with the consent of the person in whom it is vested, and erect, alter, repair and renovate buildings on and make other (g) improvements to or otherwise develop land vested in the Corporation or any other land, with the consent of a person in whom it is vested, and cause any work to be done on or in relation to any land vested in the (h) Corporation or any other land, with the consent of the person in whom it is vested, for the purpose of rendering it fit to be used for any purpose for which it may be used under any environmental planning instrument that applies to the land, and by notification published in the Gazette, dedicate any land vested in the (i) Corporation as a reserve for public recreation or other public purposes 13 and fence, plant and improve any such reserve. 14 In the exercise of any function under subclause (4) (f), consultations are to be held with Roads and Maritime Services, the relevant council and such other 16 persons as the Minister determines. In relation to any land (whether vested in the Planning Ministerial Corporation 18 or not), the Corporation may exercise any function that is necessary or 19 convenient to be exercised in, or for any purpose of, the application of any part 20 of a Development Fund established under Division 7.3. 21 Power of Corporation to acquire land etc (cf previous ss 9, 10) 22 The Planning Ministerial Corporation may, for the purposes of this Act or 23 pursuant to any function conferred or imposed on the Minister or the Planning 24 Secretary by an environmental planning instrument, acquire land by 25 agreement or by compulsory process in accordance with the Land Acquisition 26 (Just Terms Compensation) Act 1991. 27 Without limiting the generality of subclause (1), the Planning Ministerial 28 Corporation may acquire in any manner authorised by that subclause: 29 any land to which an environmental planning instrument applies and 30 which the Minister considers should be made available in the public 31 interest for any purpose, or 32 (b) any land of which that proposed to be acquired under this clause forms 33 part, or 34 (c) any land adjoining or in the vicinity of any land proposed to be acquired 35 under this clause, or 36 a leasehold or any other interest in land. (d) 37 The Planning Ministerial Corporation may acquire, by gift inter vivos, devise 38 or bequest, any property for the purposes of this Act and may agree to the 39 condition of any such gift, devise or bequest. The rule of law against remoteness of vesting does not apply to any such 41 condition to which the Planning Ministerial Corporation has agreed. 42 If the Planning Ministerial Corporation acquires property under subclause (3), 43

neither an instrument that effects the acquisition nor any agreement pursuant

to which the property is acquired is chargeable with duty under the *Duties Act* 

For the purposes of the Public Works and Procurement Act 1912, any

acquisition of land under this clause is taken to be for an authorised work and

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		taken <i>Publi</i>	lanning Ministerial Corporation is, in relation to that authorised work, to be the Constructing Authority. Sections 34, 35, 36 and 37 of the c Works and Procurement Act 1912 do not apply in respect of works ructed by the Planning Ministerial Corporation.	1 2 3 4
32	Noti	fication	of interests (cf previous s 12)	5
	(1)	Corpo paym	Registrar-General must, at the request of the Planning Ministerial pration made in a manner approved by the Registrar-General and on ent of the fee prescribed under the <i>Real Property Act 1900</i> , make, in the ter kept under that Act, a recording appropriate to signify:	6 7 8 9
		(a)	that land specified in the request is held subject to a condition authorised under clause 30, or	10 11
		(b)	that a recording made pursuant to paragraph (a) has ceased to have effect.	12 13
	(2)	subcla condi Regis	Planning Ministerial Corporation is not to make a request pursuant to ause (1) (a) except for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the tions in the contract of sale under which the land was sold, but the trar-General is not to be concerned to inquire whether any such request een made for that purpose.	14 15 16 17 18
	(3)	any la 1900 Minis	e a recording pursuant to subclause (1) (a) has been made in respect of and, the Registrar-General must not register under the <i>Real Property Act</i> a transfer of that land to or by a person other than the Planning sterial Corporation unless it would be so registrable if this Schedule had been enacted and unless:	19 20 21 22 23
		(a)	a recording pursuant to subclause (1) (b) has been made in respect of the land, or	24 25
		(b)	the consent of the Corporation to the transfer has been endorsed on the transfer.	26 27
	(4)	Plann	a a recording is made pursuant to subclause (1) in respect of any land, the ing Secretary must notify the council in whose area the land is situated recording.	28 29 30
Sche	edule :	3		31
Inser	t in ap	propria	te order:	32
Sch	nedu	le 3	NSW planning portal and online delivery of planning services and information	33 34
1		<b>blishm</b> ous s 15	ent, content and maintenance of NSW planning database (cf 8C)	35 36
	(1)	The N	NSW planning database is established for the purposes of this Act.	37
	(2)	The N	NSW planning database is an electronic repository of:	38
		(a)	documents that are required by or under this Act to be published on the NSW planning portal, and	39 40
		(b)	environmental planning instruments, plans or other documents that are required by or under this Act to be published on the NSW legislation website, and	41 42 43
		(c)	spatial datasets or other maps that are adopted or incorporated by way of reference by those instruments, plans or documents, and	44 45

[4]

		(d)	other documents or information relating to the administration of this Act required to be published on the NSW planning portal by the regulations or by the Planning Secretary.	1 2 3
	(3)	versi	NSW planning database is to maintain historical as well as current ons of documents and other material required to be published on the NSW ing portal.	4 5 6
	(4)		NSW planning database is to be compiled and maintained as determined e Planning Secretary.	7 8
	(5)	other the	NSW planning database may comprise separate databases for different rial. Any such separate databases may be compiled and maintained by agencies, including the legislation database compiled and maintained by Parliamentary Counsel for publication of environmental planning ments or other material on the NSW legislation website.	9 10 11 12 13
2		ic acco	ess to documents and information on NSW planning portal (cf 58D)	14 15
	(1)	infor	Planning Secretary is to make arrangements for documents or other mation in the NSW planning database to be published on the NSW ring portal and such other websites as are determined by the Planning etary.	16 17 18 19
	(2)		Planning Secretary may certify the form of such documents or other mation that is correct.	20 21
	(3)	infor publi	ronmental planning instruments, plans or other documents and mation need not be published on the NSW planning portal if they are shed on the NSW legislation website (or the website of another agency) can be readily accessed from the NSW planning portal.	22 23 24 25
	(4)	infor	e NSW planning portal is not available to publish a document or other mation for technical or other reasons, the document or other information be published on the NSW legislation website.	26 27 28
		URL ( Secre	The NSW planning portal is defined by section 1.4 to mean the website with the of www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au, or any other website, used by the Planning stary to provide public access to documents or other information in the NSW ing database.	29 30 31 32
3	Regu infor	ılation matioı	s and other provisions relating to online planning services and (cf previous s 158E)	33 34
	(1)	The r	regulations may make provision for or with respect to the online delivery anning services and information, including:	35 36
		(a)	the NSW planning portal and other specialised planning portals (including the status of services and information delivered online), and	37 38
		(b)	access to information (and the issue of certificates) about land use zoning, development standards and other information relating to particular land, and	39 40 41
		(c)	the lodgment or submission of applications and other things under this Act, and	42 43
		(d)	the assessment of categories of development for which there are codified criteria or standards, and	44 45
		(e)	the registration of consents, approvals or certificates (or other documents) and their effect on registration, and	46 47

		(f) the notification of the making or determination of applications for (or the issue or grant of) consents, approvals or certificates (or other documents) by means of the NSW planning portal.	1 2 3
	(2)	The charges or fees that may be prescribed by the regulations under this Act extend to charges or fees in relation to the online delivery of planning services and information (including the compilation and maintenance of the NSW planning database, the operation of the NSW planning portal and the enhancement of the NSW planning database and the NSW planning portal).	4 5 6 7 8
	(3)	For the purpose of facilitating online delivery of planning services and information:	9 10
		(a) the Planning Secretary may determine standard technical requirements with respect to:	11 12
		(i) the preparation of environmental planning instruments, plans or other documents and of any spatial datasets or other maps that are referred to in (or adopted under) those instruments, plans or documents, and	13 14 15 16
		<ul> <li>the form of applications for consents, approvals or certificates (or other documents) under this Act and the form of any such consents, approvals or certificates (or other documents), and</li> </ul>	17 18 19
		(b) a council or other planning body is to provide the Secretary, when requested, with electronic files (in a specified format) of any such instruments, plans or other documents (or of any spatial datasets or other maps) prepared or held by it, and	20 21 22 23
		(c) a council or other planning body is to implement any standard technical requirements determined by the Planning Secretary to facilitate access to relevant data in the electronic systems maintained by the council or other body or to transfer that data to the NSW planning database.	24 25 26 27
	(4)	The Planning Secretary is to establish on a departmental website an alert facility to enable members of the public to register for the purposes of receiving electronic notification of selected new planning decisions and matters.	28 29 30 31
2.2	Consequ planning	ential and statutory revision amendments relating to bodies	32 33
[1]	Section 4 [		34
	Omit the fo	ollowing definitions from section 4 (1):	35
		corporation	36
		employee of the Department joint regional planning panel (or regional panel)	37
		local planning panel	38 39
		Planning Assessment Commission	40
		planning assessment panel	41
		Secretary	42
[2]	Section 4 (	(1)	43
	Insert the fo	ollowing definitions in alphabetical order:	44
		Independent Planning Commission means the Independent Planning Commission constituted under Part 2.	45 46

	Planning Ministerial Corporation means the corporation constituted under Part 2.  Part 2.	1 2 3
	<b>Planning Secretary</b> means the Secretary of the Department of Planning and Environment.	4
	<b>Sydney district or regional planning panel</b> means a Sydney district planning panel or a regional planning panel constituted under Part 2.	6 7
[3]	Sections 56 (2) (e) and (5), 80 (6) and (7), 89C (3), 89E (6), 112 (1) (d), 113 (5), 114, 115U (5), 115ZA (2) (c), 115ZB (2) (c), 115ZL (1) (e), 121 (3), 132 (7)	8 9
	Omit "Planning Assessment Commission" wherever occurring.	10
	Insert instead "Independent Planning Commission".	11
[4]	Section 56 Gateway determination	12
	Omit "a joint regional planning panel" from section 56 (5).	13
	Insert instead "a Sydney district or regional planning panel".	14
[5]	Sections 80A (6) (a), 93C (definition of "planning authority"), 94ED (1) (d), 121ZJ (12), 130–132, 137–139 and 143 and Schedule 5	15 16
	Omit "the corporation", ", corporation" and "The Corporation" wherever occurring.	17
	Insert instead "the Planning Ministerial Corporation", ", Planning Ministerial Corporation" and "The Planning Ministerial Corporation", respectively.	18 19
[6]	Section 117 Directions by the Minister	20
	Omit ", as referred to in Division 4 of Part 2A" from section 117 (2) (b1).	21
[7]	Section 118 Appointment of planning administrator or regional panel	22
	Omit ", a planning assessment panel" from section 118 (1).	23
[8]	Section 118 (3) and (4)	24
	Omit "planning assessment panel or" wherever occurring.	25
[9]	Section 118 (5) and (6)	26
	Omit the subsections.	27
[10]	Section 118 (7) and (7B)	28
	Omit "or planning assessment panel" wherever occurring.	29
[11]	Section 118 (8), (9) and (11)	30
	Omit "or a planning assessment panel" wherever occurring.	31
[12]	Section 118 (12)	32
	Omit "to the Planning Assessment Commission or a regional panel as referred to in section 23N (1)".	33 34
	Insert instead "to a planning body as required by or under this Act".	35
[13]	Section 118AA Planning assessment panels	36
	Omit the section.	37

[14]	Section 118AB Functions of planning administrators or regional panels	1
	Omit ", planning assessment panel" from section 118AB (1).	2
[15]	Section 118AB (2)	3
	Omit "or planning assessment panel" and "or panel's".	4
[16]	Section 118AB (3)	5
	Omit "or panel".	6
[17]	Section 118AC Costs of Planning Administrator	7
	Omit "or planning assessment panel" wherever occurring.	8
[18]	Section 118AD Council to assist planning administrator or panel	9
	Omit ", planning assessment panel" from section 118AD (1) wherever occurring.	10
[19]	Section 118AD (2A)	11
	Omit "or planning assessment panel" and "or panel".	12
[20]	Section 118AF Regulations	13
	Omit ", planning assessment panel" and ", planning assessment panel's" wherever occurring.	14 15
[21]	Section 118AG Protection for exercise of certain functions of Minister	16
	Omit "or planning assessment panel" from section 118AG (1).	17
[22]	Section 148 Disclosure and misuse of information	18
	Insert after section 148 (5):	19
	(6) In this section, <i>this Act</i> includes the <i>Greater Sydney Commission Act 2015</i> .	20
[23]	Section 153A Delegation by public authorities	21
	Omit the section.	22
[24]	Section 158 Exclusion of personal liability	23
	Omit the section.	24
[25]	Schedule 3 Planning Assessment Commission	25
	Omit the Schedule.	26
[26]	Schedule 4 Joint Regional Planning Panels	27
	Omit the Schedule.	28
[27]	Schedule 5B Planning Assessment Panels	29
	Omit the Schedule.	30

2.3	community participation	1 2
[1]	Section 4 (1)	3
	Insert in alphabetical order:	4
	<b>community</b> participation plan means a community participation plan prepared and published under Division 2.6.	5
[2]	Section 29A Advertised development	7
	Omit the section.	8
[3]	Section 34 Environmental planning instruments—making, operation and inspection	g
	Omit section 34 (6), (7), (8) and (10).	10
[4]	Section 56 Gateway determination	11
	Omit section 56 (2) (c). Insert instead:	12
	(c) the minimum period of public exhibition of the planning proposal (or a determination that no such public exhibition is required because of the minor nature of the proposal),	13 14 15
	<b>Note.</b> Under Schedule 1, the mandatory period of public exhibition is 28 days if a determination is not made under paragraph (c).	16 17
[5]	Section 57 Community consultation	18
	Omit the section.	19
[6]	Section 74C Preparation of development control plans	20
	Omit section 74C (1) (b).	21
[7]	Section 74C (1) (c) (i)	22
	Omit "or advertised development".	23
[8]	Section 74C (1) (c) (iii)	24
	Omit "including advertised development".	25
[9]	Section 75AH Mandatory public exhibition requirements	26
	Omit the section.	27
[10]	Section 75AK Legal proceedings relating to strategic planning	28
	Omit section 75AK (3). Insert instead:	29
	(3) The only requirement of or made under this Act in relation to a strategic plan or local strategic planning statement is the requirement to publicly exhibit the draft plan or statement.	30 31 32
[11]	Section 75AL Regulations relating to strategic planning	33
	Omit section 75AL (e).	34
[12]	Section 79 Public participation—designated development	35
	Omit the section	36

[13]	Section 79A Public participation—advertised development and other notifiable development	1 2
	Omit the section.	3
[14]	Section 89F Public participation	4
	Omit the section.	5
[15]	Section 102 Non-compliance with certain provisions regarding State significant development	6
	Omit section 102 (2) (c).	8
[16]	Section 105 Regulations—Part 4	9
	Omit section 105 (1) (n).	10
[17]	Section 115Z Environmental assessment and public consultation	11
	Omit section 115Z (3) and (4).	12
[18]	Sections 158B, 158C, 158D and 158E	13
	Omit the sections.	14

Schedule 3		Α	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Planning nstruments	1 2 3	
3.1	Principal	ame	ndments	4	
[1]	Section 4 [	Definiti	ions	5	
	Omit the definition of <i>relevant planning authority</i> from section 4 (1).				
[2]	Section 24	Makin	ng of environmental planning instruments	7	
	Commissio	n in th	vernor" and "by the Minister (or delegate), or by the Greater Sydney are case of the Greater Sydney Region," from section 24 (2) (a) and (b) at the note to the section.	8 9 10	
[3]	Sections 5	3 and	53A	11	
	Omit the se	ctions.	Insert instead (with appropriate decimal section number):	12	
	Maki	ng of e	environmental planning instruments for local areas (LEPs)	13	
	(1)		cal plan-making authority may make environmental planning instruments ne purpose of environmental planning:	14 15	
		(a)	in each local government area, and	16	
		(b)	in such other areas of the State (including the coastal waters of the State) as the local plan-making authority determines.	17 18	
	(2)	Any s	such instrument may be called a local environmental plan (or LEP).	19	
	(3)		the purposes of this Division, the following are <i>local plan-making</i> orities:	20 21	
		(a)	the Minister (except for any area in the Greater Sydney Region),	22	
		(b)	the Greater Sydney Commission for any area in the Greater Sydney Region,	23 24	
		(c)	a council for its local government area if the gateway determination under this Division authorises the council to make the local environmental plan concerned.	25 26 27	
[4]	Section 54			28	
	Omit the se	ction.	Insert instead (with appropriate decimal section number):	29	
	Plan	ning p	roposal authority	30	
	(1)		the purposes of this Division, the <i>planning proposal authority</i> in respect proposed instrument is as follows:	31 32	
		(a)	the council for the local government area to which the proposed instrument is to apply, subject to paragraph (b),	33 34	
		(b)	if so directed under subsection (2)—the Planning Secretary, a Sydney district or regional planning panel or any other person or body prescribed by the regulations.	35 36 37	
	(2)	Sydn perso	Minister, or the Greater Sydney Commission in relation to the Greater ey Region, may direct that the Planning Secretary (or any such panel, on or body) is the planning proposal authority for a proposed instrument y of the following cases:	38 39 40 41	

		(a)	the proposed instrument relates to a matter that, in the opinion of the Minister or Greater Sydney Commission, is of State or regional environmental planning significance or of environmental planning significance to a district under Division 3.1,	1 2 3 4
		(b)	the proposed instrument makes provision that, in the opinion of the Minister or Greater Sydney Commission, is consequential on the making of another environmental planning instrument or is consequential on changes made to a standard instrument under section 3.20,	5 6 7 8 9
		(c)	the Planning Secretary, the Independent Planning Commission or a Sydney district or regional planning panel has recommended that the proposed instrument should be submitted for a determination under section 3.34 (Gateway determination) or that the proposed instrument should be made,	10 11 12 13
		(d)	the council for the local government area concerned has, in the opinion of the Minister or Greater Sydney Commission, failed to comply with its obligations with respect to the making of the proposed instrument or has not carried out those obligations in a satisfactory manner,	15 16 17 18
		(e)	the proposed instrument is to apply to an area that is not within a local government area.	19 20
	(3)	exerc condi inform	anning proposal authority that is requested by the owner of any land to tise its functions under this Division in relation to the land may, as a attion of doing so, require the owner to carry out studies or provide other mation concerning the proposal or to pay the costs of the authority in chance with the regulations.	21 22 23 24 25
	(4)	section posse	Minister or the Greater Sydney Commission may, in a direction under this on, require a council to provide studies or other information in its ession relating to the proposed instrument to the person or body specified edirection as the planning proposal authority for the proposed instrument.	26 27 28 29
	(5)	under makir	or more relevant local authorities may together exercise the functions of this Division of a planning proposal authority in connection with the ng of a single principal or amending instrument in relation to the whole eir combined areas.	30 31 32 33
	(6)	an ac desig	Perence in this section to a local government area includes a reference to dijoining area that is not within a local government area and that is nated as part of that local government area for the purposes of this is ion by the Minister by order published in the Gazette.	34 35 36 37
[5]	Sections 58 89E (5) and	5 (1), 5 I 117 (	6 (1) and (6), 58, 59, 60 (a), 74B (1) (where lastly occurring), 75Al (2), 2B)	38 39
	Omit "relev	ant pla	anning authority" wherever occurring.	40
	Insert instea	ıd "pla	nning proposal authority".	41
[6]			ing proposal authority to prepare explanation of and justification for nent—the planning proposal	42 43
			effect to the local strategic planning statement of the council of the area oposed instrument" in section 55 (2) (c).	44 45

[7]	Section 56 Gateway determination	1
	Omit "the Minister" from section 56 (1).	2
	Insert instead "the Minister or, if the planning proposal relates to the Greater Sydney Region, to the Greater Sydney Commission".	3 4
[8]	Section 56 (2), (5), (6) and (7)	5
	Insert "or Greater Sydney Commission" after "Minister" wherever occurring.	6
[9]	Section 56 (2) (g)	7
	Insert after section 56 (2) (f):	8
	(g) if the planning proposal authority is a council—whether the council is authorised to make the proposed instrument and any conditions the council is required to comply with before the instrument is made.	9 10 11
[10]	Section 58 Planning proposal authority may vary proposals or not proceed	12
	Omit "the Minister" from section 58 (2).	13
	Insert instead "the Minister or, if the planning proposal relates to the Greater Sydney Region, to the Greater Sydney Commission".	14 15
[11]	Sections 58 (3) and (4) and 73A (1) (c)	16
	Insert "or Greater Sydney Commission" after "Minister" wherever occurring.	17
[12]	Section 59 Making of local environmental plan by local plan-making authority	18
	Omit "Minister" wherever occurring. Insert instead "local plan-making authority".	19
[13]	Section 73 Review of environmental planning instruments	20
	Insert at the end of the section:	21
	(2) Every 5 years following such a review, the Planning Secretary is to determine whether relevant State environmental planning policies should be updated and a council is to determine whether relevant local environmental plans should be updated.	22 23 24 25
[14]	Section 74D Development control plans required or authorised by environmental planning instruments	26 27
	Omit "the Minister" from section 74D (5) (b) where firstly occurring.	28
	Insert instead "the Minister or, if the plan relates to the Greater Sydney Region, the Greater Sydney Commission".	29 30
[15]	Section 74D (5) (b)	31
	Omit "the Minister" where secondly occurring.	32
	Insert instead "the Minister or the Greater Sydney Commission".	33
[16]	Section 74E Miscellaneous provisions relating to development control plans	34
	Omit section 74E (2).	35
[17]	Section 74E (2A)	36
	Insert after section 74E (2):	37
	(2A) Regulations relating to the form, structure and subject-matter of development control plans may require the standardisation of those plans and, for that	38 39

		struc	ose, authorise the Minister to publish requirements as to their form, eture and subject-matter that are to be complied with by relevant planning orities.	1 2 3	
[18]	Section 74 plans	F Mini	ister or GSC may direct councils with respect to development control	4 5	
	Omit "The	Omit "The Minister" from section 74F (1).			
			he Minister or, if the matter relates to the Greater Sydney Region, the Commission".	7 8	
[19]	Section 74	F (3)-	(6)	9	
	Insert "or the	he Gre	eater Sydney Commission" after "Minister" wherever occurring.	10	
[20]	Section 75	AA De	efinitions	11	
	Insert in al	habet	ical order in section 75AA (1):	12	
			<i>I strategic planning statement</i> means a local strategic planning statement e under this Division.	13 14	
[21]	Part 3B St	rategi	c planning	15	
	Insert after	section	n 75AI (with appropriate decimal section number):	16	
	Loca	al stra	tegic planning statements of councils	17	
	(1)		council of an area must prepare and make a local strategic planning ment and review the statement at least every 7 years.	18 19	
	(2)	The	statement must include or identify the following:	20	
		(a)	the basis for strategic planning in the area, having regard to economic, social and environmental matters,	21 22	
		(b)	the planning priorities for the area that are consistent with any strategic plan applying to the area and (subject to any such strategic plan) any applicable community strategic plan under section 402 of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ,	23 24 25 26	
		(c)	the actions required for achieving those planning priorities,	27	
		(d)	the basis on which the council is to monitor and report on the implementation of those actions.	28 29	
	(3)	each oppo	statement for an area that is divided into wards may deal separately with ward. In that case, the councillors of a ward are to be given a reasonable ortunity to participate in the preparation of the provisions of the statement deal with the ward and those provisions are required to be:	30 31 32 33	
		(a)	endorsed by those councillors as being consistent with the strategic plans referred to in subsection (2) (b) as they relate to the ward, or	34 35	
		(b)	if not so endorsed by those councillors—so endorsed at the request of the council by the relevant strategic planning authority referred to in Division 3.1.	36 37 38	
		not 1	vever, the Minister may direct that the endorsement of those provisions is required in specified circumstances (for example, because of the small ber of persons living in the ward).	39 40 41	
	(4)		Planning Secretary may issue requirements with respect to the preparation making of local strategic planning statements (including requirements	42 43	

		with respect to the participation of councillors of a ward in the preparation of such a statement).	1 2
	(5)	A local strategic planning statement must be published on the NSW planning portal.	3
		<b>Note.</b> See section 3.33 (2) in relation to the requirement for the planning proposal for a proposed local environmental plan to address whether the proposal will give effect to the local strategic planning statement.	5 6 7
[22]	Sections 7	75AA (2), 75AK (2) and (3), 75AL	8
	Insert "or lo planning sta	ocal strategic planning statement" after "strategic plan", and "or local strategic atements" after "strategic plans", wherever occurring.	9 10
3.2	Consequ	uential and statutory revision amendments	11
[1]	Part 3, hea	ading	12
	Omit the he	eading. Insert instead:	13
	Part 3	Planning instruments	14
	Note.	. This Part deals with the following planning instruments:	15
	(a)	strategic plans (comprising regional strategic plans and district strategic plans) and local strategic planning statements,	16 17
	(b)	environmental planning instruments (comprising State environmental planning policies and local environmental plans),	18 19
	(c)	development control plans.	20
[2]	Part 3, Divi	ision 3.1, heading	21
	Insert after	the heading to Part 3:	22
	Division	3.1 Strategic planning	23
[3]	Part 3B Str	rategic planning (as amended by this Schedule)	24
	Ame	end the Part as follows:	25
	(a)	convert the Part to Division 3.1 and transfer it in appropriate order to Part 3, and	26 27
	(b)	change any reference in the Act to Part 3B of the Act to Division 3.1 of Part 3, and	28 29
	(c)	change any reference to "this Part" in the transferred Part to "this Division".	30
[4]	Parts 3 and	d 3B, section numbering	31
		the sections in the Parts (as amended by this Act) with decimal numbering ng with section 3.1; and amend any cross-references to those sections in the Act y.	32 33 34
[5]	Part 3, Divi	ision numbering	35
		y cross-references in the Act to Divisions 1, 2, 4, 4B and 6 as references to 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5 and 3.6 respectively.	36 37
[6]	Part 3, Divi	ision 1, heading	38
	Omit the he	eading. Insert instead:	39
	Division	3.2 Environmental planning instruments—general	40

[7]	Part 3, Division 2 Omit the heading		1
	Division 3.3	Environmental planning instruments—SEPPs	3
[8]	Section 33B Sta Omit the section.	ged repeal and review of environmental planning instruments	4 5
[9]		Insert instead "Division 3.1".	6 7
[10]	Part 3, Division of Omit the heading	-	8
	Division 3.4	Environmental planning instruments—LEPs	10
[11]	Part 3, Division of Omit the heading	· · · · · · · ·	11 12
	Division 3.5	Planning instrument amendments and development applications	13 14
[12]	Section 72I Appl Omit section 72I	lication of Division (2).	15 16
[13]	Part 3, Division	<b>5 Review and amendment of environmental planning instruments</b> 73 and section 73A(as amended by this Schedule) after section 33A. ng provisions of the Division.	17 18 19
[14]	Part 3, Division Omit the heading	-	20 21
	Division 3.6	Development control plans (DCPs)	22
[15]		c planning lan" and "district plan" wherever occurring. gional strategic plan" and "district strategic plan" respectively.	23 24 25
[16]	Omit "by order p	eclaration of regions and districts ublished on the NSW planning portal".  order published on the NSW legislation website".	26 27 28

Scł	nedule 4	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Development assessment and consent	1 2 3
4.1	Principal am	endments	4
[1]	Section 4 Defin	nitions	5
		tion of <i>consent authority</i> from section 4 (1). Insert instead: <i>nsent authority</i> —see Division 4.2.	6 7
[2]	Section 76A De	evelopment that needs consent	8
	Insert at the end	of section 76A (1):	9
	Ma	eximum penalty: Tier 1 monetary penalty.	10
[3]	Section 76B D	evelopment that is prohibited	11
	Insert at the end	of section 76B:	12
	Ma	eximum penalty: Tier 1 monetary penalty.	13
[4]	Part 4, Division	n 4.2	14
	Insert after sect	ion 76C (with appropriate decimal section numbers):	15
	Division 4.2	Consent authority	16
	Designa	ion of consent authority	17
	Fo	r the purposes of this Act, the <i>consent authority</i> is as follows:	18
	(a)	in the case of State significant development—the Independent Planning Commission (if the development is of a kind for which the Commission is declared the consent authority by an environmental planning instrument) or the Minister (if the development is not of that kind),	19 20 21 22
	(b)	in the case of development of a kind that is declared by an environmental planning instrument as regionally significant development—the Sydney district or regional planning panel for the area in which the development is to be carried out,	23 24 25 26
	(c)	in the case of development of a kind that is declared by an environmental planning instrument as development for which a public authority (other than a council) is the consent authority—that public authority,	27 28 29 30
	(d)	in the case of any other development—the council of the area in which the development is to be carried out.	31 32
	Provisio	ns relating to Independent Planning Commission	33
	Co	e following consent authority functions of the Independent Planning mmission are to be exercised by the Planning Secretary on behalf of the mmission:	34 35 36
	(a)	receiving development applications and determining and receiving fees for the applications,	37 38
	(b)	undertaking assessments of the proposed development and providing them to the Commission (but without limiting the assessments that the Commission may undertake),	39 40 41

	(c)	obtaining any concurrence, and undertaking any consultation, that the consent authority is required to obtain or undertake,	1 2
	(d)	carrying out the community participation requirements of Division 2.6,	3
	(e)	notifying or registering the determinations of the Commission,	4
	(f)	the functions under section 4.17 in relation to the provision of security,	5
	(g)	the determination of applications to extend the period before consents lapse,	6 7
	(h)	any other function prescribed by the regulations.	8
Prov	visions	s relating to Sydney district or regional planning panels	9
(1)	signi	elopment of the following kind cannot be declared as regionally ificant development for which a Sydney district or regional planning panel e consent authority:	10 11 12
	(a)	complying development,	13
	(b)	development for which development consent is not required,	14
	(c)	development that is State significant development,	15
	(d)	development for which a person or body other than a council is the consent authority,	16 17
	(e)	development within the City of Sydney.	18
(2)	plan	following consent authority functions of a Sydney district or regional ning panel are to be exercised on behalf of the panel by the council of the in which the proposed development is to be carried out:	19 20 21
	(a)	receiving development applications and determining and receiving fees for the applications,	22 23
	(b)	undertaking assessments of the proposed development and providing them to the panel (but without limiting the assessments that the panel may undertake),	24 25 26
	(c)	obtaining any concurrence, and undertaking any consultation, that the consent authority is required to obtain or undertake,	27 28
	(d)	carrying out the community participation requirements of Division 2.6,	29
	(e)	notifying or registering the determinations of the panel,	30
	(f)	the functions under section 4.17 in relation to the provision of security,	31
	(g)	the determination of applications to extend the period before consents lapse,	32 33
	(h)	any other function prescribed by the regulations.	34
		of consent authority functions on behalf of councils where local banel constituted	35 36
(1)		section applies in respect of an area of a council for which a local ning panel has been constituted.	37 38
(2)	are r	functions of a council as a consent authority in respect of any such area not exercisable by the councillors. They are exercisable on behalf of the icil by:	39 40 41
	(a)	the local planning panel, or	42
	(b)	an officer or employee of the council to whom the council delegates those functions.	43 44

(3)	particular councils or to councils generally) on the development applications that are to be determined on behalf of the council by a local planning panel.			
(4)	For the purposes of this section, the functions of a council as consent authority include:	4 5		
	(a) the determination of development applications and applications for the modification of development consents, and	6 7		
	(b) without limiting paragraph (a), the functions of a consent authority under Divisions 4.3 and 4.4 and sections 4.34, 4.54 (2), 4.56 (2), 4.57, 7.7, 7.11, 7.12, 7.13, 7.14, 7.15, 7.24 and 7.32, and	8 9 10		
	(c) the functions of a consent authority or council under this Act or any other Act that relate to the carrying out of development (including the making of development applications) and that are declared by the regulations to be functions of a council as consent authority,	11 12 13 14		
	but do not include the functions of a consent authority or council that the regulations declare are not the functions of a council as consent authority.	15 16		
Section 78	A Application	17		
Omit section	on 78A (6A). Insert instead:	18		
(6A)	A reference to a council in subsections (3)–(6) includes a reference to a Sydney district or regional planning panel, or a local planning panel or delegate, that has the function of determining the development application.	19 20 21		
Section 80	A Imposition of conditions	22		
Insert after	section 80A (4):	23		
(4A)	Conditions replaced by other legislative controls	24		
	A development consent for the carrying out of development may be granted subject to specified conditions that cease to have effect on the issue of an authorisation under another Act relating to that development (or any part of it) if the consent authority is satisfied that the matters regulated by those conditions will be adequately addressed by such an authorisation when it is issued. The regulations may restrict the imposition of any such condition.	25 26 27 28 29 30		
(4B)	Conditions relating to financial assurance	31		
	A development consent may be granted subject to a condition of a kind described in Part 9.4 of the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> to secure or guarantee funding for or towards the carrying out of works or programs required by or under the consent. The regulations may restrict the imposition of any such condition and may make provisions with respect to any such condition of the kind set out in that Part (including in relation to the calling on and use of any financial assurance).	32 33 34 35 36 37 38		
Section 85	A Process for obtaining complying development certificates	39		
Insert after	section 85A (1):	40		
(2)	The regulations may specify the kind of development for which an accredited	41		

certifier is not authorised to issue a complying development certificate.

42

[7]

[5]

[6]

[8]	Section 85A (9A)					
	Insert after	section	n 85A (9):	2		
	(9A)	"Def	erred commencement" certificate	3		
		that to certificany	omplying development certificate may be granted subject to a condition the certificate is not to operate until the applicant satisfies the council or fier who issued the certificate, in accordance with the regulations, as to matter specified in the condition. Nothing in this Act prevents a person a doing such things as may be necessary to comply with the condition.	4 5 6 7 8		
[9]	Part 4			9		
	Insert after	section	n 87 (with appropriate decimal section number):	10		
	Valid	ity of	complying development certificate	11		
		by or	nout limiting the powers of the Court under section 9.46 (1), the Court may rder under that section declare that a complying development certificate is lid if:	12 13 14		
		(a)	proceedings for the order are brought within 3 months after the issue of the certificate, and	15 16		
		(b)	the certificate authorises the carrying out of development for which the Court determines that a complying development certificate is not authorised to be issued.	17 18 19		
[10]	Section 89	D		20		
	Omit the se	ction.	Insert instead (with appropriate decimal section number):	21		
	Staged State significant development					
			concept development application is made in respect of State significant lopment:	23 24		
		(a)	the consent authority may determine that a subsequent stage of the development is to be determined by the relevant council as consent authority, and	25 26 27		
		(b)	that stage of the development ceases to be State significant development and that council becomes the consent authority for that stage of the development.	28 29 30		
[11]	Section 89	E (1)		31		
	Omit "Mini	ster" v	wherever occurring. Insert instead "consent authority".	32		
[12]	Section 91	A Dev	relopment that is integrated development	33		
	Insert after	section	n 91A (4):	34		
	(4A)	of in	Planning Secretary may act on behalf of an approval body for the purposes aforming the consent authority under this section whether or not the oval body will grant the approval, or of the general terms of its approval,	35 36 37 38		
		(a)	the Planning Secretary is authorised to do so by the regulations because of the failure of the approval body to do so or because of an inconsistency in the general terms of approval of 2 or more approval bodies, and	39 40 41 42		

		ry has taken into consideration assessment ed by the regulations as State assessment	1 2 3
	Division, to be the decision of	g Secretary is taken, for the purposes of this the approval body, unless the approval body has by of its own decision on the matter.	4 5 6
[13]	Section 91A (5)		7
	Omit "If the approval body fails".		8
	Insert instead "If the approval body and th	e Planning Secretary fail".	9
[14]	Section 96 Modification of consents—g	enerally	10
		ake into consideration the reasons given by the tent that is sought to be modified." at the end of	11 12 13
[15]	Section 96AA Modification by consent a	authorities of consents granted by the Court	14
		ake into consideration the reasons given by the sent that is sought to be modified." at the end of	15 16 17
[16]	Section 104A Surrender of developmen	t consents	18
	Insert at the end of the section:		19
	development consent and the	s to be surrendered as a condition of a new are development to be authorised by that new es the continuation of any of the development be surrendered:	20 21 22 23
		not required to re-assess the likely impact of the to the extent that it could have been carried out f the consent, and	24 25 26
	authorise that continu	is not required to re-determine whether to ted development under the new development in which it is to be carried out), and	27 28 29
	development is to be ca	nay modify the manner in which that continued arried out for the purpose of the consolidation of nts applying to the land concerned.	30 31 32
	surrendered includes a refere	nce to a development consent that is to be ence to the surrender of a development consent surrender of an approval given under Part 3A r continued in operation.	33 34 35 36
[17]	Section 105 Regulations—Part 4		37
	Insert after section 105 (1) (f):		38
	enforcing compliance development requiring a levy on applicants	with the requirements of this Act relating to consent (including complying development) by making development applications and the osition and collection of the levies,	39 40 41 42 43
		a council to suspend the carrying out of work elopment certificate (for a period not exceeding	44 45

		7 days) pending an investigation into compliance of the work with applicable development standards,	1 2			
[18]		Minister may require monitoring or environmental audits by imposition s on approved projects	3 4			
		122C (2) and (3). Insert instead:	5			
	(2)	A condition requiring monitoring or an environmental audit:	6			
		(a) may be imposed at the time of the approval of the project or at any time afterwards, and	7 8			
		(b) may be varied or revoked at any time.	9			
		The imposition of a condition after the approval of a project, or the variation or revocation of a condition, is to be effected by a notice in writing served on the proponent of the project by the Minister.	10 11 12			
4.2	Conseque	ntial and statutory revision amendments	13			
[1]	Part 4, section	on numbering	14			
		e sections in the Part (as amended by this Act) with decimal numbering with section 4.1 and amend any cross-references to those sections in the Act	15 16 17			
[2]	Part 4, head	ng	18			
	Omit the hea	ling. Insert instead:	19			
	Part 4	Development assessment and consent	20			
[3]	Part 4, Divis	ions 1, 2, 2A, 3, 4, 4.1, 5, 7, 9 and 10	21			
		e Divisions as Divisions 4.1, 4.3, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6, 4.7, 4.8, 4.9, 4.10 and 4.11 and amend any cross-references to those Divisions in the Act accordingly.	22 23			
[4]	Part 4, Division headings					
	Amend the headings to renumbered Divisions as follows:					
	Division 4	1 Carrying out of development—with consent, without consent and prohibited	26 27			
	Division 4	3 Development that needs consent (except complying development)	28 29			
	Division 4	4 Concept development applications	30			
	Division 4	5 Complying development	31			
	Division 4	6 Crown development	32			
	Division 4	7 State significant development	33			
	Division 4	8 Integrated development	34			
	Division 4	9 Post-consent provisions	35			

	Division 4.10 Miscellaneous Part 4 provisions	1
	Division 4.11 Existing uses	2
[5]	Section 79B Consultation and concurrence	3
	Omit "(unless the relevant environmental planning instrument is a deemed instrument referred to in Division 2 of Part 21 of Schedule 6)" from section 79B (8).	5
[6]	Section 89H, note	6
	Omit the note.	7
[7]	Section 106 Definition of "existing use"	8
	Omit "but for Division 4 of this Part" Insert instead "but for this Division"	c

Schedule 5		Δ	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Infrastructure and environmental impact assessment		
5.1	Princi	ipal a	ame	ndments	4
[1]	Part 5,	Divis	ion 5	5.3	5
	Insert a	t the	end o	of Part 5 (with appropriate decimal section numbers):	6
	Divisi	on 5	.3	Infrastructure corridors—concurrences and notifications	7 8
		Desig	natio	on of "infrastructure corridors"	9
	(	. ,	infra for f	tate environmental planning policy may designate land to be an structure corridor for the purposes of this Division if it has been set aside uture use as a road, railway, public transit way, electricity transmission pipeline or other linear infrastructure.	10 11 12 13
	(	(2)	Land	I may not be so designated unless:	14
			(a)	the land is zoned for that future use under an environmental planning instrument, or	15 16
			(b)	the land is identified for that future use under a strategic plan under Division 3.1, or	17 18
			(c)	the land is identified in an environmental planning instrument as requiring the concurrence of a public authority before consent is granted to development on the land if the public authority is required to take into account the likely impact of the development on that future use.	19 20 21 22
		Concu corrid		ce and notification requirements for activities within infrastructure	23 24
	(		obtai publi	ate environmental planning policy may require a determining authority to in the concurrence of a specified public authority (or to notify a specified ic authority) before carrying out an activity, or granting an approval in ion to an activity, within an infrastructure corridor.	25 26 27 28
	(		activ infra	ecified public authority may refuse concurrence if it is satisfied that the ity concerned will unreasonably interfere with the use for which the structure corridor has been set aside (including unreasonably increasing ost of constructing and operating the infrastructure for that use).	29 30 31 32
	(	` ′	envii taker	termining authority that fails to comply with the requirements of a State conmental planning policy under this Division in relation to an activity is not to have complied with its obligations for environmental assessment e activity under this Part.	33 34 35 36
	F	Revie	w of	decisions to refuse concurrence	37
	(			e specified public authority refuses concurrence under this Division, the mining authority concerned may seek a review of the refusal:	38 39
			(a)	if the specified public authority is not a Minister—by the Planning Secretary, or	40 41
			(b)	if the specified public authority is a Minister or is the Planning Secretary—by the Minister administering this Act.	42 43

	(2)	On such a review, the Planning Secretary or the Minister administering this Act may confirm the refusal or act in the place of the specified authority and give concurrence.	1 2 3
[2]	Section 11	5W Minister's approval required for State significant infrastructure	4
	Insert at the	e end of section 115W:	5
		Maximum penalty: Tier 1 monetary penalty.	6
5.2	Consequ	ential and statutory revision amendments	7
[1]	Part 5, hea	ding	8
	Omit the he	eading. Insert instead:	9
	Part 5	Infrastructure and environmental impact assessment	10 11
[2]	Part 5 Env	ironmental assessment	12
	following h Division 5. numbering	art 5 (except for Division 5 of the Part) to Division 5.1 of the Part (with the leading); renumber Divisions 1, 2 and 3 of the Part as Subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of 1; renumber the sections in the Part (as amended by this Act) with decimal commencing with section 5.1; and rename and renumber any cross-references accordingly:	13 14 15 16 17
	Division	5.1 Environmental impact assessment (except for State significant infrastructure)	18 19
[3]	Part 5.1 St	ate significant infrastructure	20
	Divisions 1 renumber to continues	art 5.1 to Division 5.2 of Part 5 (with the following heading); renumber , 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the Part as Subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of Division 5.2; he sections in the Part (as amended by this Act) with decimal numbering that the decimal numbering in Division 5.1; and rename and renumber any ences in the Act accordingly:	21 22 23 24 25
	Division	5.2 State significant infrastructure	26
[4]	Part 5, Div	ision 5 Environmental assessment of fishing activities	27
	as Schedule and renumb Fisheries M Planning a that Act; r amend Part	ivision and transfer it to the <i>Fisheries Management Act 1994</i> after Schedule 1A e 1AA (with the following heading); rename sections in the Division as clauses per them commencing with clause 1; convert any reference in the Division to the <i>Management Act 1994</i> to a reference to "this Act"; insert "of the <i>Environmental and Assessment Act 1979</i> " after any reference in the Division to a provision of ename and renumber any cross-references in the Division accordingly; and 1A of the <i>Fisheries Management Act 1994</i> by omitting "Division 5 of Part 5 of et" wherever occurring and by inserting instead "Schedule 1AA":	28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
	Schedu	le 1AA Environmental assessment of designated fishing activities	36 37

Schedule 6			Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Building and subdivision certification		
6.1	Prin	cipal	l amendment	4	
	Part 6	3		5	
			opropriate Part order:	6	
		•			
	Part	6	Building and subdivision certification	7	
	Divis	sion	6.1 Preliminary	8	
	6.1	Defi	nitions: Part 6	9	
			In this Part:	10	
			accredited certifier means the holder of a certificate of accreditation as an	11	
			accredited certifier under the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> acting in relation to matters to which the accreditation applies.	12 13	
			building work means any physical activity involved in the erection of a	14	
			building.  certifier means a council or an accredited certifier.	15 16	
			<i>change of building use</i> means a change of the use of a building from a use as	17	
			a class of building recognised by the Building Code of Australia to a use as a	18	
			different class of building recognised by the Building Code of Australia.	19	
			<i>Crown</i> has the meaning given to that expression by the regulations.	20	
			<i>Crown building work</i> means development (other than exempt development), or an activity that is subject to environmental impact assessment under Division 5.1, by the Crown that comprises:	21 22 23	
			(a) the erection of a building, or	24	
			(b) the demolition of a building or work, or	25	
			(c) the doing of anything that is incidental to the erection of a building or the demolition of a building or work.	26 27	
			<b>new building</b> includes an altered part of, or an extension to, an existing building.	28 29	
			principal certifier for building or subdivision work means the certifier	30	
			appointed as the principal certifier for the building work under section 6.6 (1)	31	
			or for the subdivision work under section 6.12 (1). <i>principal contractor</i> for building work means the person responsible for the	32 33	
			overall co-ordination and control of the carrying out of the building work.	34	
			residential building work, owner-builder, contractor licence—see Home Building Act 1989.	35 36	
			subdivision work means any physical activity authorised to be carried out in	37	
			connection with a subdivision under the conditions of a development consent	38	
			for the subdivision of land. For the purposes of this definition, a development consent includes an approval for State significant infrastructure if the	39 40	
			regulations under Part 5 apply this Part to subdivision work under such an approval.	41 42	
			<b>Note.</b> Section 1.4 (Definitions) includes a complying development certificate in the definition of <i>development consent</i> for the purposes of this Act.	43 44	

6.2	Meaning of "subdivision" of land (cf previous s 4B)						
	(1)	For the purposes of this Act, <i>subdivision</i> of land means the division of land into 2 or more parts that, after the division, would be obviously adapted for separate occupation, use or disposition. The division may (but need not) be					
		effec			5		
		(a)	•	onveyance, transfer or partition, or	6		
		(b)		y agreement, dealing, plan or instrument rendering different parts e land available for separate occupation, use or disposition.	7 8		
	(2)	With the re	out lim egistrat	niting subsection (1), <b>subdivision</b> of land includes the procuring of ion in the office of the Registrar-General of:	9 10		
		(a)		an of subdivision within the meaning of section 195 of the eyancing Act 1919, or	11 12		
		(b)		ata plan or a strata plan of subdivision within the meaning of the a Schemes Development Act 2015.	13 14		
		1919 section	extend on 23H	efinition of <i>plan of subdivision</i> in section 195 of the <i>Conveyancing Act</i> is to plans of subdivision for lease purposes (within the meaning of of that Act) and to various kinds of plan under the <i>Community Land t Act 1989</i> .	15 16 17 18		
	(3)	How	ever, s	ubdivision of land does not include:	19		
		(a)	a leas	se (of any duration) of a building or part of a building, or	20		
		(b)		pening of a public road, or the dedication of land as a public road, e Crown, a statutory body representing the Crown or a council, or	21 22		
		(c)	provi	equisition of land, by agreement or compulsory process, under a sion of an Act (including a Commonwealth Act) that authorises the sition of land by compulsory process, or	23 24 25		
		(d)		ision of land effected by means of a transaction referred to in on 23G of the <i>Conveyancing Act 1919</i> , or	26 27		
		(e)	the poor	rocuring of the registration in the office of the Registrar-General	28 29		
			(i)	a plan of consolidation, a plan of identification or a miscellaneous plan within the meaning of section 195 of the <i>Conveyancing Act</i> 1919, or	30 31 32		
			(ii)	a strata plan of consolidation or a building alteration plan within the meaning of the <i>Strata Schemes Development Act 2015</i> .	33 34		
Divi	sion	6.2	Cert	ificates required under this Part	35		
6.3	Worl	c or ac	tivity 1	that requires certificate under this Part (cf previous s 109C)	36		
	(1)		A person must not carry out any of the following work or activity without a certificate under this Part that is required by this Part for that work or activity:				
		(a)	build	ing work,	39		
		(b)	subdi	vision work,	40		
		(c)	the o	ccupation or use of a building (including a change of use),	41		
		(d)		ubdivision of land,	42		
		(e)	any o	ther activity to which this Part applies.	43		
	(2)		ficate ı	nust not, in carrying out any such work or activity, contravene a under this Part that applies to the carrying out of the work or	44 45 46		

	(3)	A certificate under this Part is not required for the carrying out of exempt development.					
	(4)	This	sectio	n does not apply to a compliance certificate.	3		
		Maxi	mum	penalty: Tier 1 monetary penalty.	4		
		Note.	For ci	vil enforcement—see Division 9.5.	5		
6.4	Kind	s of ce	ertific	ates under this Part (cf previous s 109C)	6		
		There	e are t	he following kinds of certificates under this Part:	7		
		(a)	com <sub>j</sub>	struction certificate—a certificate to the effect that building work pleted in accordance with specified plans and specifications or dards will comply with the requirements of the regulations.	8 9 10		
			requi	s. See also section 54 of the <i>Strata Schemes Development Act 2015</i> for irement for construction certificate in connection with issue of strata icate for proposed strata plan.	11 12 13		
		(b)	subd	<i>livision works certificate</i> —a certificate to the effect that livision work completed in accordance with specified plans and ifications will comply with the requirements of the regulations.	14 15 16		
		(c)	occu	<i>upation certificate</i> —a certificate that authorises:	17		
			(i)	the occupation and use of a new building in accordance with a development consent, or	18 19		
			(ii)	a change of building use for an existing building in accordance with a development consent.	20 21		
				en issued, an occupation certificate is taken to be part of the elopment consent to which it relates.	22 23		
		(d)		<i>livision certificate</i> —a certificate that authorises the registration of an of subdivision under Part 23 of the <i>Conveyancing Act 1919</i> .	24 25		
				en issued, a subdivision certificate is taken to be part of the elopment consent that authorised the carrying out of the subdivision.	26 27		
			Note subd that A	s. Section 195A of the <i>Conveyancing Act 1919</i> requires a person to lodge a ivision certificate when lodging a plan of subdivision for registration under Act.	28 29 30		
		(e)	com	pliance certificate—a certificate to the effect that:	31		
			(i)	any completed building work or subdivision work complies with particular plans and specifications or with particular standards or requirements, or	32 33 34		
				<b>Note.</b> A compliance certificate may be an authorised alternative in certain cases to an occupation certificate.	35 36		
			(ii)	a particular condition with respect to building work or subdivision work (being a condition attached to a planning approval) has been complied with, or	37 38 39		
			(iii)	a building or proposed building has a particular classification identified in accordance with the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> , or	40 41		
			(iv)	any aspect of development (including design of development) complies with particular standards or requirements.	42 43		
				compliance certificate may certify strict, substantial or other pliance with a relevant matter.	44 45		
		issued other are no	d unde develo ot requ	Inplying development certificate is a form of development consent that is but Part 4 that authorises the carrying out of complying development. Unlike opment consents, construction certificates or subdivision works certificates ired for building or subdivision work authorised by a development consent of a complying development certificate.	46 47 48 49 50		

6.5	Functions of certifiers (including principal certifiers) (cf previous s 109E)						
	(1)	A ce	rtifier has the following functions in relation to building work:	2			
		(a)	issuing construction certificates for building work,	3			
		(b)	carrying out inspections of building work (but only if the certifier is the principal certifier or the inspection is carried out with the approval of the principal certifier),	4 5 6			
		(c)	issuing occupation certificates (but only if the certifier is the principal certifier),	7 8			
		(d)	issuing compliance certificates (but only if the certifier is the principal certifier when the certificate is an authorised alternative to a construction certificate).	9 10 11			
		Note: ensu	. Section 6.27 requires a principal certifier who issues an occupation certificate to re that a building manual is provided to the owner of the building.	12 13			
	(2)	A ce	rtifier has the following functions in relation to subdivision work:	14			
		(a)	issuing subdivision works certificates for subdivision work,	15			
		(b)	carrying out inspections of subdivision work (but only if the certifier is the principal certifier or the inspection is carried out with the approval of the principal certifier).	16 17 18			
	(3)	A certifier has the function of issuing subdivision certificates (whether or not the subdivision involves subdivision works), but only if:					
		(a)	the certifier is a council or is an accredited certifier in a case in which an environmental planning instrument authorises an accredited certifier to issue the certificate, and	21 22 23			
		(b)	in the case of a subdivision that involves subdivision works—the certifier is the principal certifier.	24 25			
	(4)	A certifier also has any other functions conferred or imposed on the certifier under this or any other Act.  Note. A certifier has the function of issuing complying development certificates under Part 4.					
	(5)	A certifier must not issue a certificate under this Part:					
		(a)	in any case in which this Part provides that the certificate is not to be issued, or	31 32			
		(b)	in any case in which the function of issuing the certificate is not conferred on the certifier by this Part.	33 34			
		Max	imum penalty: Tier 3 monetary penalty.	35			
	(6)		Minister may provide guidance to certifiers on the exercise of their tions under this Part.	36 37			
Divi	sion	6.3	Building work and certificates relating to building	38			
6.6	Requirements before building work commences (cf previous s 81A)						
	(1)	A development consent does not authorise building work until a certifier has been appointed as the principal certifier for the work by (or with the approval of) the person having the benefit of the development consent or other person authorised by the regulations.					
	(2)		following requirements apply before the commencement of building work cordance with a development consent:	44 45			

6.5

		(a)	the principal certifier has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences, notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment as the principal certifier,	1 2 3 4
		(b)	the principal certifier has, no later than 2 days before the building work commences, notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any inspections that are required to be carried out in respect of the building work,	5 6 7 8
		(c)	the person carrying out the building work has notified the principal certifier that the person will carry out the building work as an owner-builder, if that is the case,	9 10 11
		(d)	the person having the benefit of the development consent, if not carrying out the work as an owner-builder, has:	12 13
			(i) appointed a principal contractor for the building work who must be the holder of a contractor licence if any residential building work is involved, and	14 15 16
			(ii) notified the principal certifier of the appointment, and	17
			(iii) unless that person is the principal contractor, notified the principal contractor of any inspections that are required to be carried out in respect of the building work,	18 19 20
		(e)	the person having the benefit of the development consent has given at least 2 days notice to the council, and the principal certifier if not the council, of the person's intention to commence the erection of the building,	21 22 23 24
		(f)	any other requirements of the regulations have been complied with.	25
	(3)	this s	rson must not fail to give a notice that the person is required to give under section.	26 27
		Max	imum penalty: Tier 3 monetary penalty.	28
	(4)	deve carry	the purposes of subsection (1), the person having the benefit of a lopment consent does not include any contractor or other person who will out the building work unless the contractor or other person is the owner e land on which the work is to be carried out.	29 30 31 32
	(5)		section does not apply to Crown building work that is certified under this to comply with the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> .	33 34
6.7	Requ	uireme	ent for construction certificate (cf previous s 81A)	35
	(1)		onstruction certificate is required for the erection of a building in rdance with a development consent.	36 37
	(2)	How	ever, a construction certificate is not required for the following:	38
		(a)	the erection of a building in accordance with a complying development certificate,	39 40
		(b)	Crown building work that is certified under this Part to comply with the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> .	41 42
6.8	Rest	riction	on issue of construction certificate (cf previous s 109F)	43
	(1)		onstruction certificate must not be issued with respect to the plans and iffications for any building work unless:	44 45
		(a)	the requirements of the regulations have been complied with, and	46

		(b)	Cons	long service levy payable under section 34 of the <i>Building and truction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986</i> (or, where such y is payable by instalments, the first instalment of the levy) has paid.	1 2 3 4
	(2)	whic	h it rel	ion certificate has no effect if it is issued after the building work to lates is physically commenced on the land to which the relevant nt consent applies.	5 6 7
6.9	Requ	uireme	nt for	occupation certificate (cf previous ss 109H (1), 109M, 109N)	8
	(1)	An o	ccupat	ion certificate is required for:	9
		(a)		ommencement of the occupation or use of the whole or any part of v building, or	10 11
		(b)		ommencement of a change of building use for the whole or any part existing building.	12 13
	(2)	How	ever, a	n occupation certificate is not required:	14
		(a)	for th	ne commencement of the occupation or use of a new building:	15
			(i)	for any purpose if the erection of the building is or forms part of exempt development or development that does not otherwise require development consent, or	16 17 18
			(ii)	that is the subject of a compliance certificate in circumstances in which that certificate is an authorised alternative to an occupation certificate (such as a swimming pool or altered part of an existing building), or	19 20 21 22
			(iii)	by such persons or in such circumstances as may be prescribed by the regulations, or	23 24
			(iv)	that has been erected by or on behalf of the Crown or by or on behalf of a person prescribed by the regulations, or	25 26
		(b)		ne commencement of a change of building use for the whole or any of an existing building:	27 28
			(i)	if the change of building use is or forms part of exempt development or development that does not otherwise require development consent, or	29 30 31
			(ii)	by such persons or in such circumstances as may be prescribed by the regulations, or	32 33
			(iii)	if the existing building has been erected by or on behalf of the Crown or by or on behalf of a person prescribed by the regulations.	34 35 36
6.10	Rest	riction	s on i	ssue of occupation certificates (cf previous s 109H)	37
	(1)	issue		ion certificate must not be issued unless any preconditions to the certificate that are specified in a development consent have been rith.	38 39 40
	(2)		nence	tion certificate must not be issued to authorise a person to occupation or use of a new building (or part of a new building)	41 42 43
		(a)		relopment consent is in force with respect to the building (or part of uilding), and	44 45
		(b)		e case of a building erected pursuant to a development consenter than a complying development certificate), a construction	46 47

			certificate has been issued with respect to the plans and specifications for the building (or part of the building), and	1 2
		(c)	the completed building (or part of the building) is suitable for occupation or use in accordance with its classification under the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> , and	3 4 5
		(d)	such other requirements as are required by the regulations to be complied with before such a certificate may be issued have been complied with.	6 7 8
	(3)	comr	occupation certificate must not be issued to authorise a person to mence a new use of a building (or of part of a building) resulting from a ge of building use for an existing building unless:	9 10 11
		(a)	a development consent is in force with respect to the change of building use, and	12 13
		(b)	the building (or part of the building) is suitable for occupation or use in accordance with its classification under the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> , and	14 15 16
		(c)	such other requirements as are required by the regulations to be complied with before such a certificate may be issued have been complied with.	17 18 19
6.11	Effects 109		ccupation certificate on earlier occupation certificates (cf previous	20 21
	(1)		occupation certificate for a building revokes any earlier occupation ficate for that building.	22 23
	(2)		occupation certificate for a part of a building revokes any earlier pation certificate to the extent to which it applies to that part.	24 25
Divi	sion	6.4	Subdivision work and certificates relating to subdivision	26 27
6.12	Requ	uireme	ents before subdivision work commences (cf previous s 81A (4))	28
	(1)	has b	evelopment consent does not authorise subdivision work until a certifier been appointed as the principal certifier for the work by (or with the eval of) the person having the benefit of the development consent or other on authorised by the regulations.	29 30 31 32
	(2)		following requirements apply before the commencement of subdivision in accordance with a development consent:	33 34
		(a)	the principal certifier has, no later than 2 days before the subdivision work commences, notified the consent authority and the council (if the council is not the consent authority) of his or her appointment as the principal certifier,	35 36 37 38
		(b)	the principal certifier has, no later than 2 days before the subdivision work commences, notified the person having the benefit of the development consent of any inspections that are required to be carried out in respect of the subdivision work,	39 40 41 42
		(c)	the person having the benefit of the development consent has given at least 2 days notice to the council, and the principal certifier if not the council, of the person's intention to commence the subdivision work.	43 44 45

	(3)		rson must not fail to give a notice that the person is required to give under section.	1 2
		Maxi	imum penalty: Tier 3 monetary penalty.	3
	(4)	devel carry	the purposes of subsection (1), the person having the benefit of a lopment consent does not include any contractor or other person who will out the subdivision work unless the contractor or other person is the er of the land on which the work is to be carried out.	4 5 6 7
	(5)		section does not apply to Crown building work that is certified under this to comply with the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> .	8 9
6.13	Requ	uireme	ent for subdivision works certificate (cf previous 81A (3))	10
	(1)		bdivision works certificate is required for the carrying out of subdivision in accordance with a development consent.	11 12
	(2)	How	ever, a subdivision works certificate is not required for the following:	13
		(a)	subdivision work carried out in accordance with a complying development certificate,	14 15
		(b)	Crown building work that comprises subdivision work and that is certified under this Part to comply with the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> .	16 17
6.14	Rest	riction	on issue of subdivision works certificate (cf previous s 81A (3))	18
	(1)		bdivision works certificate must not be issued with respect to the plans specifications for any subdivision work unless:	19 20
		(a)	the requirements of the regulations have been complied with, and	21
		(b)	any long service levy payable under section 34 of the <i>Building and Construction Industry Long Service Payments Act 1986</i> (or, where such a levy is payable by instalments, the first instalment of the levy) has been paid.	22 23 24 25
	(2)	work	bdivision works certificate has no effect if it is issued after the subdivision to which it relates is physically commenced on the land to which the ant development consent applies.	26 27 28
6.15	Rest	riction	ns on issue of subdivision certificates (cf previous s 109J)	29
	(1)	A sul	bdivision certificate must not be issued for a subdivision unless:	30
		(a)	the subdivision is not prohibited by or under this Act, and	31
		(b)	in the case of subdivision that cannot be carried out except with development consent, a development consent is in force with respect to the subdivision, and	32 33 34
		(c)	in the case of subdivision for which a development consent has been granted, all the conditions of the development consent that, by its terms, are required to be complied with before a subdivision certificate may be issued in relation to the plan of subdivision have been complied with, and	35 36 37 38 39
		(d)	in the case of subdivision of land to which a planning agreement referred to in Part 7 applies, all the requirements of the agreement that, by its terms, are required to be complied with before a subdivision certificate may be issued in relation to the plan of subdivision have been complied with, and	40 41 42 43 44
		(e)	in the case of subdivision for which the operation of the development consent has been deferred under Part 4, the applicant has satisfied the	45 46

			consent authority concerning all matters as to which the consent authority must be satisfied before the development consent can operate, and	1 2 3
		(f)	in the case of subdivision the subject of a development consent for which the consent authority is required by or under this Act to notify any objector:	4 5 6
			<ul> <li>(i) at least 28 days have elapsed since the objector was notified, or</li> <li>(ii) if an appeal has been made by the objector within that time, the appeal has been finally determined.</li> </ul>	7 8 9
	(2)		out limiting subsection (1), a subdivision certificate must not be issued subdivision that involves subdivision work unless:	10 11
		(a)	the work has been completed, or	12
		(b)	agreement has been reached between the applicant for the certificate and the consent authority:	13 14
			(i) as to the payment by the applicant to the consent authority of the cost of carrying out the work, and	15 16
			(ii) as to when the work will be completed by the consent authority, or	17 18
		(c)	agreement has been reached between the applicant for the certificate and the consent authority:	19 20
			<ul> <li>(i) as to the security to be given by the applicant to the consent authority with respect to the work to be completed, and</li> <li>(ii) as to when the work will be completed by the applicant,</li> </ul>	21 22
			(11) as to when the work will be completed by the applicant, such other requirements as are required by the regulations to be complied before such a certificate may be issued have been complied with.	23 24 25
	(3)	only as lo	ection (2) does not prevent the issue of a subdivision certificate for part of land that may be subdivided in accordance with a development consenting as the requirements of that subsection have been complied with in ion to that part.	26 27 28 29
Divi	sion (	6.5	Compliance certificates	30
6.16	Requ	ireme	ent for compliance certificate (cf previous s 109C (1) (a))	31
	(1)	work	mpliance certificate is required in relation to building work or subdivision a in such circumstances as are prescribed by the regulations.	32 33
		certai const certifi	For example, the regulations require compliance certificates to be obtained for in fire safety aspects of development before a complying development certificate, ruction certificate or occupation certificate can be issued and require compliance cates to be obtained for certain alternative solutions to the BCA before a slying development certificate can be issued.	34 35 36 37 38
	(2)		ndition of a development consent has no effect to the extent that it requires in pliance certificate to be obtained in respect of any development.	39 40
	(3)	to bu	rtifier may obtain a compliance certificate from another person in relation ailding work or subdivision work for which the certifier is responsible if a compliance certificate is not required.	41 42 43
6.17	Perso	ons w	ho may issue compliance certificates (cf previous s 109D (1))	44
		A co	mpliance certificate may be issued by:	45
		(a)	a certifier, or	46

		(b)	a person of a class prescribed by the regulations as being authorised to issue a compliance certificate in relation to the matters to be certified.	1 2
6.18	Rest	trictio	n on issue of compliance certificates (cf previous s 109G)	3
		certi or c	regulations may prevent the issue of particular kinds of compliance ficates for building work or subdivision work unless a consent, approval ertificate is in force under this Act with respect to the building or livision to which the work relates.	4 5 6 7
Div	ision	6.6	Liability for defective building or subdivision work	8
6.19	Defi	nitions	s (cf previous s 109ZI)	9
		In th	is Division:	10
		of a respo	ding work includes the design or inspection of building work and the issue complying development certificate or a certificate under this Part in ect of building work.	11 12 13
			action includes a counter-claim.	14
		the is	<i>livision work</i> includes the design or inspection of subdivision work and ssue of a complying development certificate or a certificate under this Part spect of subdivision work.	15 16 17
6.20			on time when action for defective building or subdivision work may t (cf previous s 109ZK)	18 19
	(1)	build	vil action for loss or damage arising out of or in connection with defective ding work or defective subdivision work cannot be brought more than 10 s after the date of completion of the work.	20 21 22
	(2)	Buil	ding work is taken to be completed on:	23
		(a)	the date on which an occupation certificate is issued that authorises the occupation of the building or part of the building for which the work was carried out (or if an occupation certificate is not required, the date on which a compliance certificate is issued for the completed building work), or	24 25 26 27 28
		(b)	if no such certificate has been issued—the date on which a required inspection of the completed building work was carried out by a certifier, or	29 30 31
		(c)	if no such certificate has been issued and no such inspection carried out—the date on which the building or part of the building for which the work was carried out is first occupied or used.	32 33 34
	(3)	Subo	division work is taken to be completed on:	35
		(a)	if the work was completed before the issue of a subdivision certificate in respect of the subdivision for which the work was carried out—the date on which that certificate is issued, or	36 37 38
		(b)	if the work was completed after the issue of that certificate—the date on which a compliance certificate is issued that certifies the work has been completed.	39 40 41
	(4)	exte	section has effect despite any other Act or law, but does not operate to any period of limitation under the <i>Limitation Act 1969</i> or the <i>Home ding Act 1989</i> .	42 43 44

6.21	Division not to affect rights to recover damages for death or personal injury (cf previous s 109ZL)						
		deat		Division applies to or affects any right to recover damages for nal injury arising out of or concerning defective building work work.	3 4 5		
Div	ision	6.7	Buildin	ng information certificates	6		
6.22	Who	may	apply for b	ouilding information certificates	7		
			following on to a bu	persons may apply for a building information certificate in ilding:	9		
		(a)	the owne	er of the land on which the building is erected,	10		
		(b)	any other	r person with the consent of the owner of that land,	11		
		(c)		naser under a contract for the sale of property that comprises or the building, or the purchaser's Australian legal practitioner or	12 13 14		
		(d)		authority that has notified the owner of that land of its intention for the certificate.	15 16		
6.23	Mak	ing of	applicatio	ns for building information certificates	17		
	(1)			or building information certificates are to be made to the council which the land to which the application relates is situated.	18 19		
	(2)	appl	cations for Division 7.	s may provide for the procedure for making and dealing with r building information certificates.  4 enables the regulations to prescribe the fee for an application for a	20 21 22 23		
	(3)	The be p infor	regulations art of a spe mation cer	s may assign an area that is outside a local government area to ecified adjoining local government area in relation to building tificates. For the purposes of this Division, the assigned area is art of the local government area concerned.	24 25 26 27		
6.24	Issu	e of b	uilding inf	ormation certificates	28		
	(1)	certi		abject to this Division) required to issue a building information on as practicable after an application for the certificate is made	29 30 31		
	(2)	The info	regulation mation cer	s may prescribe the form and manner in which a building tificate is issued.	32 33		
6.25	Issu	e, natı	ire and eff	fect of building information certificate	34		
	(1)	A buthat:	ilding info	rmation certificate is to be issued by a council only if it appears	35 36		
		(a)		o matter discernible by the exercise of reasonable care and skill ld entitle the council, under this Act or the <i>Local Government</i> :	37 38 39		
				order the building to be repaired, demolished, altered, added to rebuilt, or	40 41		
			bu	take proceedings for an order or injunction requiring the tilding to be demolished, altered, added to or rebuilt, or	42 43		
				take proceedings in relation to any encroachment by the uilding onto land vested in or under the control of the council, or	44 45		

		(b)	there is such a matter but, in the circumstances, the council does not propose to make any such order or take any such proceedings.	1 2				
	(2)		nilding information certificate is a certificate that states that the council not make an order or take proceedings referred to in subsections (3) (4).	3 4 5				
	(3)	A bu	tilding information certificate operates to prevent the council:	6				
		(a)	from making an order (or taking proceedings for the making of an order or injunction) under this Act or the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> requiring the building to be repaired, demolished, altered, added to or rebuilt, and	7 8 9 10				
		(b)	from taking civil proceedings in relation to any encroachment by the building onto land vested in or under the control of the council,	11 12				
			elation to matters existing or occurring before the date of issue of the ficate.	13 14				
	(4)		silding information certificate operates to prevent the council, for a period years from the date of issue of the certificate:	15 16				
		(a)	from making an order (or taking proceedings for the making of an order or injunction) under this Act or the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> requiring the building to be repaired, demolished, altered, added to or rebuilt, and	17 18 19 20				
		(b)	from taking civil proceedings in relation to any encroachment by the building onto land vested in or under the control of the council,	21 22				
			lation to matters arising only from the deterioration of the building as a tt solely of fair wear and tear.	23 24				
	(5)		rever, a building information certificate does not operate to prevent a scil from making a development control order that is a fire safety order.	25 26				
	(6)		order or proceeding that is made or taken in contravention of this section no effect.	27 28				
6.26	Miscellaneous provisions relating to building information certificates							
	(1)	A bu	tilding information certificate may apply to the whole or to part only of a ling.	30 31				
	(2)	may, supp surve	eccipt of an application for a building information certificate, the council by notice in writing served on the applicant, require the applicant to ly it with such information (including building plans, specifications, ey reports and certificates) as may reasonably be necessary to enable the er determination of the application.	32 33 34 35 36				
	(3)	occu or a	the applicant is able to provide evidence that no material change has be a rred in relation to the building since the date of a survey certificate which, copy of which, is supplied to the council by the applicant, the council is certified to require the applicant to supply a more recent survey certificate.	37 38 39 40				
	(4)		e council refuses to issue a building information certificate, it must inform pplicant, by notice, of its decision and of the reasons for it.	41 42				
	(5)	that	reasons must be sufficiently detailed to inform the applicant of the work needs to be done to enable the council to issue a building information ficate.	43 44 45				
	(6)		council must not refuse to issue or delay the issue of a building mation certificate by virtue of the existence of a matter that would not	46 47				

		referr	e the council to make any order or take any proceedings of the kind red to in section 6.25 (1) (a) (Issue, nature and effect of building mation certificate).	1 2 3
	(7)	the winform	ing in this section prevents the council from informing the applicant of ork that would need to be done before the council could issue a building nation certificate or from deferring its determination of the application the applicant has had an opportunity to do that work.	4 5 6 7
	(8)	The c	council must keep a record of building information certificates issued.	8
	(9)		rson may inspect the record at any time during the ordinary office hours ecouncil.	9 10
	(10)		rson may obtain a copy of a building information certificate from the d with the consent of the owner of the building.	11 12
Div	ision	6.8	Miscellaneous	13
6.27	Own	ers bui	ilding manual	14
	(1)	class has b	tifier is not to issue an occupation certificate for a building that is of a prescribed by the regulations unless a building manual for the building een prepared and provided to the owner of the building in accordance the requirements of the regulations.	15 16 17 18
	(2)		egulations may make provision for or with respect to building manuals n particular, for or with respect to the following:	19 20
		(a)	the preparation, form and maintenance of building manuals,	21
		(b)	the content of a building manual (including requirements that a building manual identify in a consolidated format matters for on-going compliance in relation to the building concerned),	22 23 24
		(c)	the inspection of building manuals,	25
		(d)	extending the circumstances in which a building manual is required to be prepared and provided under this section.	26 27
6.28	Crov	vn sub	division, building, demolition and incidental work (cf previous s 109R)	28
	(1)	to a c	e case of a subdivision carried out by the Crown, a reference in this Part certifier in relation to that subdivision includes a reference to a person g on behalf of the Crown.	29 30 31
	(2)	is cer	In building work cannot be commenced unless the Crown building work tified by or on behalf of the Crown to comply with the <i>Building Code of alia</i> in force as at:	32 33 34
		(a)	the date of the invitation for tenders to carry out the Crown building work, or	35 36
		(b)	in the absence of tenders, the date on which the Crown building work commences, except as provided by this section.	37 38
	(3)	relation	inister may at any time, by Ministerial planning order, determine in on to buildings generally or a specified building or buildings of a fied class that a specified provision of the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> :	39 40 41
		(a)	does not apply, or	42
		(b)	does apply, but with such exceptions and modifications as may be specified.	43 44
		The d	letermination has effect according to its tenor.	45

	(4)	A de	termination of a Minister applies only to:	1				
		(a)	a building erected on behalf of the Minister, or	2				
		(b)	a building erected by or on behalf of a person appointed, constituted or regulated by or under an Act administered by the Minister.	3 4				
	(5)	The	application of this section is subject to the regulations.	5				
6.29	Cert	ifiers r	may be satisfied as to certain matters (cf previous s 1090)	6				
	(1)	deve requi speci	the purpose of enabling a certificate under this Part (or a complying lopment certificate) to be issued, the regulations may provide that any irement for a consent authority or council to be satisfied as to any ified matter is taken to have been complied with if the person or bodying the certificate is satisfied as to that matter.	7 8 9 10 11				
	(2)	the r	section applies whether the requirement is imposed by or under this Act, regulations or an environmental planning instrument or the terms of a lopment consent.	12 13 14				
6.30	Satisfaction as to compliance with conditions precedent to the issue of certificates (cf previous s 109P)							
	(1)		rson who exercises functions under this Act in reliance on a certificate r this Part or complying development certificate is entitled to assume:	17 18				
		(a)	that the certificate has been duly issued, and	19				
		(b)	that all conditions precedent to the issuing of the certificate have been duly complied with, and	20 21				
		(c)	that all things that are stated in the certificate as existing or having been done do exist or have been done,	22 23				
			s not liable for any loss or damage arising from any matter in respect of h the certificate has been issued.	24 25				
	(2)		section does not apply to a certifier (other than a council) in relation to certificate that he or she has issued.	26 27				
6.31	Directions by principal certifiers							
	(1)	non-deve	principal certifier for an aspect of development becomes aware of any compliance to which this section applies in respect of the aspect of lopment, the principal certifier must issue (or, if the principal certifier is uncil, may issue) a notice in writing to the person responsible for carrying hat aspect of the development:	29 30 31 32 33				
		(a)	identifying the matter that has resulted or would result in the non-compliance, and	34 35				
		(b)	directing the person to take specified action within a specified period to remedy the matter.	36 37				
	(2)	not of direct authors the n	principal certifier gives a direction under this section and the direction is complied with within the time specified in the notice containing the ction, the principal certifier who issued the direction (if not the consent prity) is, within the period prescribed by the regulations, to send a copy of notice to the consent authority and to notify the consent authority of the chat the direction has not been complied with.	38 39 40 41 42 43				
	(3)	The 1	regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	44				
		(a)	the non-compliances to which this section applies,	45				
		(b)	the procedure for issuing notices under this section,	46				

requirements in relation to follow-up action,

(d)

the keeping of records in relation to notices given and follow-up action

1

		, ,	taken,	3
		(e)	requirements for any matter or record relating to a notice or follow-up action to be notified to specified persons.	4 5
6.32	Valid	dity of	certificates under this Part	6
		by or	nout limiting the powers of the Court under section 9.46 (1), the Court may order under that section declare that a certificate under this Part (other than ecupation certificate) is invalid if:	7 8 9
		(a)	proceedings for the order are brought within 3 months after the issue of the certificate, and	10 11
		(b)	the plans and specifications or standards of building work or subdivision work specified in the certificate are not consistent with the development consent for the building work or subdivision work.	12 13 14
6.33	Reg	ulation	ns: Part 6 (cf previous s 109Q)	15
	(1)	build	regulations may make provision for or with respect to the carrying out of ling work or subdivision work and, in particular, for or with respect to the wing:	16 17 18
		(a)	requirements to comply with provisions of the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> or other specified standards in relation to building work or subdivision work,	19 20 21
		(b)	applications for and the issue of certificates under this Part,	22
		(c)	the form and contents of certificates under this Part,	23
		(d)	conditions of certificates under this Part,	24
		(e)	modification of certificates under this Part,	25
		(f)	exempting classes of manufactured homes or temporary structures from requirements relating to construction certificates or occupation certificates,	26 27 28
		(g)	inspection of building work and subdivision work,	29
		(h)	the functions of certifiers under this Part,	30
		(i)	the replacement of certifiers,	31
		(j)	exemptions in relation to the requirement to obtain a certificate under this Part,	32 33
		(k)	the keeping of records in relation to building work or subdivision work,	34
		(1)	notices and information to be given in relation to the carrying out of building work and subdivision work,	35 36
		(m)	the procedure for dealing with complaints about building work or subdivision work.	37 38
	(2)		regulations may apply the provisions of this Part to State significant structure.	39 40
6.34	•		ns: smoke alarms in buildings providing sleeping accommodation s 146A)	41 42
	(1)	The	regulations may make provision for or with respect to:	43
		(a)	the installation of one or more smoke alarms in buildings in which persons sleep, and	44 45

		(b)	the mainten	ance of smoke alarms installed in such buildings, and	1
		(c)		persons from removing or interfering with the operation of ns installed in such buildings.	2
	(2)		egulations more of the foll	ade under this section may (without limitation) do any one owing:	4 5
		(a)	specify the l	kinds of buildings in which smoke alarms are to be installed,	6
		(b)	specify the l	kinds of smoke alarms to be installed,	7
		(c)	specify whe	ere a smoke alarm is to be located,	8
		(d)		maintenance that may be required in relation to a smoke as been installed,	9 10
		(e)		umstances in which development consent is not required in he installation of a smoke alarm,	11 12
		(f)	(within the	sumstances in which the consent of an owners corporation meaning of the <i>Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</i> ) is a in relation to the installation of a smoke alarm.	13 14 15
	(3)	In th	s section:		16
				a manufactured home, moveable dwelling or associated the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> .	17 18
6.35	Regu infra	ulatior struct	s: Transport ure	t for NSW requirements for development affecting rail	19 20
		The	egulations m	ay make provision for or with respect to:	21
		(a)	its require infrastructur	granted by Transport for NSW certifying compliance with ments for particular development that affects rail re and that requires its concurrence for consent for the nt, including the following:	22 23 24 25
				naking of an application for a certificate, the grant of a icate and the conditions of a certificate,	26 27
				giving of a notice of requirements before the grant of a ricate, which may include requirements relating to:	28 29
			(A)	the payment of costs, and	30
			(B)	the construction, installation or alteration of infrastructure, and	31 32
			(C)	the transfer of infrastructure to Transport for NSW,	33
				nforcement of requirements set out in any such notice, and	34
		(b)	requiring th	or relevant development consents to be subject to a condition ne grant of such a certificate by Transport for NSW and the issue of certificates under this Part until such a certificate anted.	35 36 37 38
Con	sequ	entia	l and statu	itory revision amendments	39
Sect	ion 4 I	Definit	ons		40
Omit	the fo	llowin	g definitions	from section 4 (1):	41
			dited certifie	` '	42
		build	ing work		43
		-	ying authori	•	44
		comp	liance certifi	icate	45

6.2

[1]

	critical stage inspections	1
	occupation certificate	2
	Part 4A certificate	3
	principal certifying authority	4
	subdivision certificate	5
	subdivision of land	6
	subdivision work	7
[2]	Section 4 (1)	8
	Insert the following definitions in alphabetical order:	9
	accredited certifier—see Part 6.	10
	building work—see Part 6.	11
	certifier—see Part 6.	12
	<b>Note.</b> Under Part 6, a certifier is a council or the holder of a certificate of accreditation as an accredited certifier under the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> acting in relation to matters to which the accreditation applies.	13 14 15
	subdivision of land—see Part 6.	16
	subdivision work—see Part 6.	17
[3]	Section 4B Subdivision of land	18
	Omit the section.	19
[4]	Section 80A Imposition of conditions	20
	Omit section 80A (10A). Insert at the end of the section:	21
	<b>Note.</b> Section 6.16 (2) provides that a condition of consent has no effect to the extent that it requires a compliance certificate to be obtained in respect of any development.	22 23
[5]	Section 81A	24
	Omit the section. Insert instead (with appropriate decimal section number):	25
	Consent for erection of building authorises use of building	26
	A development consent that authorises the erection of a building (but not the use of the building once erected) is sufficient to authorise the use of the building when erected for the purpose for which it was erected if that purpose was specified in the application for development consent. This section does not authorise the occupation of such a building if Part 6 requires an occupation certificate to be issued.	27 28 29 30 31 32
[6]	Section 85A Process for obtaining complying development certificate	33
	Omit section 85A (1). Insert instead:	34
	(1) An applicant may, in accordance with the regulations, apply to a council or accredited certifier for a complying development certificate.	35 36
[7]	Section 86 Commencement of complying development	37
	Omit the section.	38
[8]	Section 101 Validity of development consents and complying development certificates	39 40
	Omit "an accredited certifier". Insert instead "a certifier".	41

[9]	Part 4A Certification of development	1
	Omit the Part.	2
[10]	Part 4C Liability and insurance	3
	Omit the Part.	4
[11]	Section 117B Action that may be taken against council following investigation	5
	Omit "an accredited certifier" and "a certifying authority" wherever occurring.	6
	Insert instead "a certifier".	7
[12]	Section 117B (11)	8
	Omit "principal certifying authority". Insert instead "principal certifier".	9
[13]	Section 121H Notice to be given of proposed order	10
	Omit "principal certifying authority" wherever occurring.	11
	Insert instead "principal certifier".	12
[14]	Section 146A Smoke alarms in buildings providing sleeping accommodation	13
	Omit the section.	14
[15]	Section 149A Building certificates; section 149B Applications for building	15
	certificates; section 149C Supply of information in connection with applications for building certificates; section 149D Obligations of council to issue building	16 17
	certificate; section 149E Effect of building certificate; section 149F Appeals with	18
	respect to building certificates; section 149G Record of building certificates	19
	Omit the sections.	20
[16]	Section 157 Regulations	21
	Omit "certifying authority" from section 157 (1) (g). Insert instead "certifier".	22

Sch	nedule 7	A	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Infrastructure Contributions and finance	1 2 3
7.1	Principal	ame	ndments	4
[1]	Sections 9	3F (1)	(b) and 93l (1) (a) and (3)	5
			ation for a complying development certificate" after "development ever occurring.	6 7
[2]	Section 93	K Dete	erminations or directions by Minister	8
	Insert after	section	a 93K (b):	9
		(b1)	the method of determining the extent of the provision of the public benefit to be made by the developer under a planning agreement, or	10 11
[3]	Section 94	EE Mii	nister to determine development contributions	12
	Insert after	section	a 94EE (1):	13
	(1A)		section extends to complying development. In that case, a reference in Subdivision to the consent authority includes a reference to a certifier.	14 15
[4]	Section 94	EE (2)	(b1)	16
	Insert after	section	n 94EE (2) (b):	17
		(b1)	the Minister may take into account infrastructure (including land for infrastructure) provided or required to be provided under a planning agreement in order to ensure the fair apportionment of the cost of the provision of infrastructure across the special contributions area, and	18 19 20 21
[5]	Section 94	EE (3)		22
	in the form	of the	ter may also determine the level and nature of development contributions e carrying out of works or the supply of land for the provision of the ter "any class of development.".	23 24 25
[6]	Section 94	EE (5)		26
	Insert after	section	n 94EE (5) (a):	27
		(a1)	may contain provisions relating to the timing of the making of development contributions, and	28 29
[7]	Section 94	EF Sp	ecial infrastructure contributions	30
	Omit sectio	n 94El	F (1). Insert instead:	31
	(1)	of d contr	Minister may direct a consent authority to impose a condition on the grant levelopment consent in relation to development within a special ributions area to which a determination under section 7.23 applies for the ose of giving effect to the determination.	32 33 34 35
	(1A)		direction may set out the terms of the condition that is to be imposed, ding the following:	36 37
		(a)	a condition that declares that a development contribution is to be made in accordance with the relevant determination under section 7.23,	38 39
		(b)	a condition that requires the person having the benefit of the development consent to obtain a determination by the Planning	40 41

		Secretary as to whether a development contribution is required under section 7.23 and of the obligations arising under that section.	1
	(1B)	A direction to a consent authority under this section may be given by the publication of the direction on the NSW planning portal or in the Gazette.	3
[8]	Section 94	EF (3)	5
	Omit "the M	Minister may impose the condition".	6
	Insert inste direction".	ad "the condition is taken to have been imposed in the terms required by the	7 8
[9]	Section 94	EF (3A)	9
	Insert after	section 94EF (3):	10
	(3A)	If the relevant determination under section 94EE that is given effect to by a condition of development consent under this section provides that the development contribution is to be made before a certificate under Part 6 or a strata certificate under the <i>Strata Schemes Development Act 2015</i> is issued in respect of the development, the certificate is not to be issued until the contribution is made. If that determination makes any other provision as to the timing of the making of the development contribution, the provision has effect according to its tenor.	11 12 13 14 15 16 17
[10]	Section 94	EK Payments into Fund	19
	Omit "by a	consent authority" wherever occurring.	20
7.2	Consequ	ential and statutory revision amendments	21
[1]	Part 4, Div	ision 6 Development contributions	22
	Division (a	and transfer the Division to Part 7 as Division 7.1; renumber the sections in the s amended by this Act) with decimal numbering commencing with section 7.1; any cross-references to the Division or sections in the Act accordingly.	23 24 25
[2]	Part 4, Divi	ision 6A Conditions requiring land or contributions for affordable housing	26
	housing co	and transfer the Division to Part 7 as Division 7.2 (with the heading "Affordable ntributions"); renumber the sections in the Division (as amended by this Act) al numbering following the sections in renumbered Division 7.1; and amend any ences to the Division or sections in the Act accordingly.	27 28 29 30
[3]	Part 7, hea	ding	31
	Omit the he	eading. Insert instead:	32
	Part 7	Infrastructure contributions and finance	33
[4]	Part 7, Div	ision 1 Funds	34
	amended b	the Division as Division 7.3 and renumber the sections in the Division (as by this Act) with decimal numbering following the sections in renumbered .2; and amend any cross-references to the Division or sections in the Act	35 36 37 38
[5]	0.	ision 2 Charges and fees	39
L - J		the Division as Division 7.4 and renumber the sections in the Division (as	40
		by this Act) with decimal numbering following the sections in renumbered	41

	Division 7.3; and amend any cross-references to the Division or sections in the Act accordingly.	1 2
[6]	Part 7, Division 3 Loans	3
	Omit the Division. Transfer section 143 (with appropriate decimal numbering) to the end of Division 1 of Part 7. Amend any cross-references to the section accordingly.	4 5
[7]	Part 7, Division 4 General	6
	Omit the Division.	7

Scr	nedu	le 8	A	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Reviews and appeals	1 2 3
Q 1	Drin	oinal		••	
8.1	PIIII	icipai	anne	endments	4
[1]	Sect	ion 83			5
	Omit	the se	ction.	Insert instead (with appropriate decimal section number):	6
		Date	from	which development consent has effect	7
		(1)		evelopment consent has effect on and from the date it is registered on the V planning portal, except as provided by subsection (2).	8 9
		(2)		evelopment consent for designated development has effect on and from the of 28 days after the date it is registered on the NSW planning portal unless:	10 11
			(a)	the development consent was granted following a public hearing by the Independent Planning Commission, or	12 13
			(b)	the development is State significant development.	14
				<b>Note.</b> The date of effect of a consent for any such designated development is delayed by the period within which an objector may appeal to the Land and Environment Court against the grant of consent.	15 16 17
		(3)	This	section is subject to Part 8 (Reviews and appeals).	18
[2]	Part	8			19
	Inser	t in ap	propri	ate order:	20
	Part 8 Rev		Re	eviews and appeals	
	Division 8.1		8.1	Introductory	22
	8.1	Defir	nitions	s: Part 8	23
			In th	is Part:	24
				peal means an appeal to the Court under Divisions 8.3, 8.4, 8.5 and 8.6.	25
				s. Section 1.4 defines <i>Court</i> as the Land and Environment Court.	26
			revie	w means a review by a consent authority under Division 8.2.	27
	Divi	sion	8.2	Reviews	28
	8.2	Dete	rmina	tions and decisions subject to review (cf previous ss 82A (1), 82B (1))	29
		(1)		following determinations or decisions of a consent authority under Part 4 subject to review under this Division:	30 31
			(a)	the determination of an application for development consent by a council, by a local planning panel, by a Sydney district or regional planning panel or by any person acting as delegate of the Minister (other than the Independent Planning Commission or the Planning Secretary),	32 33 34 35
			(b)	the determination of an application for the modification of a development consent by a council, by a local planning panel, by a Sydney district or regional planning panel or by any person acting as delegate of the Minister (other than the Independent Planning Commission or the Planning Secretary).	36 37 38 39 40

		(c)	the decision of a council to reject and not determine an application for development consent.	1 2
	(2)		rever, a determination or decision in connection with an application ing to the following is not subject to review under this Division:	3 4
		(a)	a complying development certificate,	5
		(b)	designated development,	6
		(c)	Crown development (referred to in Division 4.6).	7
	(3)		etermination or decision reviewed under this Division is not subject to der review under this Division.	8
8.3	Appl	licatio	n for and conduct of review (cf previous ss 82A (2)–(4) (6), 82B (2)–(4))	10
	(1)	revie autho	applicant for development consent may request a consent authority to ew a determination or decision made by the consent authority. The consent ority is to review the determination or decision if duly requested to do so or this Division.	11 12 13 14
	(2)	A de	termination or decision cannot be reviewed under this Division:	15
		(a)	after the period within which any appeal may be made to the Court has expired if no appeal was made, or	16 17
		(b)	after the Court has disposed of an appeal against the determination or decision.	18 19
	(3)	the modi	equesting a review, the applicant may amend the proposed development subject of the original application for development consent or for ification of development consent. The consent authority may review the er having regard to the amended development, but only if it is satisfied it is substantially the same development.	20 21 22 23 24
	(4)	The to be	review of a determination or decision made by a delegate of a council is conducted:	25 26
		(a)	by the council (unless the determination or decision may be made only by a local planning panel or delegate of the council), or	27 28
		(b)	by another delegate of the council who is not subordinate to the delegate who made the determination or decision.	29 30
	(5)		review of a determination or decision made by a local planning panel is to be conducted by the panel.	31 32
	(6)		review of a determination or decision made by a council is to be conducted are council and not by a delegate of the council.	33 34
	(7)		review of a determination or decision made by a Sydney district or onal planning panel is also to be conducted by the panel.	35 36
	(8)		review of a determination or decision made by the Independent Planning mission is also to be conducted by the Commission.	37 38
	(9)	(othe Inde	review of a determination or decision made by a delegate of the Minister er than the Independent Planning Commission) is to be conducted by the pendent Planning Commission or by another delegate of the Minister who it subordinate to the delegate who made the determination or decision.	39 40 41 42
8.4	Outo	ome o	of review (cf previous ss 82A (4A), 82B (5))	43
			r conducting its review of a determination or decision, the consent ority may confirm or change the determination or decision.	44 45

reviews are to be notified, and

Division, including:

Miscellaneous provisions relating to reviews (cf previous ss 82A (10), 82C, 82D)

The regulations may make provision for or with respect to reviews under this

specifying the person or body with whom applications for reviews are

to be lodged and by whom applications for reviews and the results of

1

2

3

4

5

6

		(b) setting the period within which reviews must be finalised, and	7
		(c) declaring that a failure to finalise a review within that time is taken to be a confirmation of the determination or decision subject to review.	8 9
	(2)	The functions of a consent authority in relation to a matter subject to review under this Division are the same as the functions in connection with the original application or determination.	10 11 12
	(3)	If a decision to reject an application for development consent is changed on review, the application is taken to have been lodged on the date the decision is made on the review.	13 14 15
	(4)	If a determination is changed on review, the changed determination replaces the earlier determination on the date the decision made on the review is registered on the NSW planning portal.	16 17 18
	(5)	Notice of a decision on a review to grant or vary development consent is to specify the date from which the consent (or the consent as varied) operates.	19 20
	(6)	A decision after the conduct of a review is taken for all purposes to be the decision of the consent authority.	21 22
	(7)	If on a review of a determination the consent authority grants development consent or varies the conditions of a development consent, the consent authority is entitled (with the consent of the applicant and without prejudice to costs) to have an appeal against the determination made by the applicant to the	23 24 25 26
		Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.	27 28
Divi	sion 8	Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.	27
Divis		Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.	27 28
		Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.  3.3 Appeals—development consents	27 28 29
	Decis	Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.  3.3 Appeals—development consents  sions subject to appeal to Court under this Division (cf previous s 23F)  A decision of a consent authority under Part 4 in relation to an application for development consent or a development consent is (if this Division so provides)	27 28 29 30 31 32
	Decis (1)	Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.  3.3 Appeals—development consents  Sions subject to appeal to Court under this Division (cf previous s 23F)  A decision of a consent authority under Part 4 in relation to an application for development consent or a development consent is (if this Division so provides) subject to appeal to the Court under this Division.  A decision subject to appeal includes a decision made after a review under	27 28 29 30 31 32 33
	<b>Decis</b> (1) (2)	Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.  3.3 Appeals—development consents  Sions subject to appeal to Court under this Division (cf previous s 23F)  A decision of a consent authority under Part 4 in relation to an application for development consent or a development consent is (if this Division so provides) subject to appeal to the Court under this Division.  A decision subject to appeal includes a decision made after a review under Division 8.2.	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
	<b>Decis</b> (1) (2)	Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.  3.3 Appeals—development consents  sions subject to appeal to Court under this Division (cf previous s 23F)  A decision of a consent authority under Part 4 in relation to an application for development consent or a development consent is (if this Division so provides) subject to appeal to the Court under this Division.  A decision subject to appeal includes a decision made after a review under Division 8.2.  There is no right of appeal under this Division against the following decisions:  (a) a decision of the Independent Planning Commission as consent authority under this Act in relation to the carrying out of any development that is made after a public hearing by the Commission into	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
	<b>Decis</b> (1) (2)	Court under this Part withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that appeal.  3.3 Appeals—development consents  Sions subject to appeal to Court under this Division (cf previous s 23F)  A decision of a consent authority under Part 4 in relation to an application for development consent or a development consent is (if this Division so provides) subject to appeal to the Court under this Division.  A decision subject to appeal includes a decision made after a review under Division 8.2.  There is no right of appeal under this Division against the following decisions:  (a) a decision of the Independent Planning Commission as consent authority under this Act in relation to the carrying out of any development that is made after a public hearing by the Commission into the carrying out of that development,  (b) the determination of, or a failure to determine, an application for a	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41

8.5

8.7	Appe	eal by applicant—applications for development consent (cf previous s 97)	1
	(1)	An applicant for development consent who is dissatisfied with the determination of the application by the consent authority may appeal to the Court against the determination.	2 3 4
	(2)	For the purposes of this section, the determination of an application by a consent authority includes:	5 6
		(a) any decision subsequently made by the consent authority or other person about an aspect of the development that under the conditions of development consent was required to be carried out to the satisfaction of the consent authority or other person, or	7 8 9 10
		(b) any decision subsequently made by the consent authority as to a matter of which the consent authority must be satisfied before a deferred commencement consent can operate.	11 12 13
	(3)	An appeal under this section relating to an application for development consent to carry out designated development in respect of which an objector may appeal under this Division cannot be heard until after the expiration of the period within which the objector may appeal to the Court.	14 15 16 17
8.8	Appe	eal by an objector—designated development applications (cf previous s 98)	18
	(1)	This section applies to the determination of an application for development consent for designated development (including any such development that is State significant development), being a determination to grant development consent, either unconditionally or subject to conditions.	19 20 21 22
	(2)	A person who duly made a submission by way of objection during the public exhibition of the application for development consent (an <i>objector</i> ) and who is dissatisfied with the determination of the consent authority to grant consent may appeal to the Court against the determination.	23 24 25 26
8.9	<b>App</b> e s 97A	eal by applicant—modifications of development consent (cf previous NA)	27 28
		An applicant for the modification of a development consent who is dissatisfied with the determination of the application by the consent authority may appeal to the Court against the determination.	29 30 31
8.10	Time	e within which appeals may be made (cf previous ss 97, 98 (1))	32
	(1)	An appeal under this Division (except by an objector) may be made only within 6 months after the date the decision appealed against is notified or registered on the NSW planning portal or after the date of deemed refusal under section 8.11.	33 34 35 36
	(2)	An appeal under this Division by an objector may be made only within 28 days after the date the objector is notified of the decision appealed against.	37 38
8.11		umstances in which consent taken to have been refused for purposes of eal rights (cf previous s 82)	39 40
	(1)	A consent authority that has not determined an application for development consent (or for the modification of a development consent) within the period prescribed by the regulations for the determination of the application is, for the purpose only of this Division, taken to have determined the application by refusing development consent (or refusing to modify development consent) when that period ends.	41 42 43 44 45 46

(2)

Subsection (1) does not prevent a consent authority from determining an

		application	after the end of that period.	2
	(3)	determination	etermination of an application does not affect the continuation or on of an appeal made under this Division against the deemed onsent (or modification of consent) under subsection (1).	3 4 5
	(4)	consent (or entitled, with	determination of an application results in the grant of development the modification of development consent), the consent authority is the the consent of the applicant and without prejudice to costs, to be all withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of the appeal.	6 7 8 9
8.12	Notio	e of appeals	s to be given and right to be heard (cf previous s 97A)	10
	(1)	The following Division:	ing are entitled to be given notice of an appeal made under this	11 12
		appli	ojector, in the case of an appeal by an applicant concerning an cation for development consent in respect of which the objector right of appeal under this Division,	13 14 15
		case	plicant for development consent and the consent authority, in the of an appeal under this Division by an objector concerning the cation for development consent,	16 17 18
		appli	nister or public authority, in the case of an appeal concerning an cation for development consent in respect of which the arrence of the Minister or public authority is required under this	19 20 21 22
		case	elevant approval body (within the meaning of Division 4.8), in the of an application for development consent that involves the oval body.	23 24 25
	(2)	Any such no	otice of appeal is to be given by the relevant consent authority.	26
	(3)	within 28 d	o is given any such notice of appeal is, on application to the Court ays after the notice is given, entitled to be heard at the hearing of f not already a party to the proceedings.	27 28 29
	(4)		on, a reference to an application for development consent includes on to modify a development consent.	30 31
8.13	Effe	t of appeals	on operation of consents (cf previous s 83 (2)–(5))	32
	(1)	significant of	ing of a development consent for development (other than State development) is the subject of an appeal made under this Division, ment consent ceases to have effect.	33 34 35
	(2)		under this Division is discontinued, the consent is revived on the tion of the appeal.	36 37
	(3)	under this I Part 4. Any	nent consent that is granted as a result of a decision on an appeal Division is taken to be a development consent duly granted under such development consent takes effect, subject to any order of the nd from the date the decision is registered on the NSW planning	38 39 40 41 42
	(4)		of a decision on appeal is that development consent is refused, any not consent granted ceases to have effect.	43 44
	(5)		thing to the contrary in this section, a development consent is taken ect on and from the date fixed by:	45 46

		(a)	a court (whether or not the Land and Environment Court) that finally determines an appeal on a question of law which confirms the validity of, or results in the granting of, the development consent, or	1 2 3
		(b)	the Land and Environment Court, if the validity of a development consent granted by that Court is confirmed by, or the development consent is granted by that Court as a result of, such a final determination made by another court that has not fixed that date.	4 5 6 7
8.14	Powe	ers of	Court on appeals (cf previous s 39 (6A) Land and Environment Court Act)	8
	(1)	this s appea autho	dition to any other functions and discretions that the Court has apart from subsection, the Court has, for the purposes of hearing and disposing of an al under this Division, all the functions and discretions which the consent prity whose decision is the subject of the appeal had in respect of the er the subject of the appeal.	9 10 11 12 13
	(2)	of thi	decision of the Court on an appeal under this Division is, for the purposes is or any other Act or instrument, taken to be the final decision of that ent authority and is to be given effect to accordingly.	14 15 16
	(3)	conci	e consent authority was under this Act required to consult or obtain the urrence of another person or body before making the decision the subject appeal under this Division:	17 18 19
		(a)	the Court may determine the appeal whether or not the consultation has taken place and whether or not the concurrence has been granted, and	20 21
		(b)	in a case where the concurrence has been granted—the Court may vary or revoke any conditions imposed by that person or body or may impose any conditions that could have been imposed by that person or body.	22 23 24
	(4)	If an	appeal under this Division relates to integrated development:	25
		(a)	the Court may determine the appeal whether or not the consent authority has obtained general terms of approval from each relevant approval body, and	26 27 28
		(b)	the Court is not bound to refuse an application for development consent because a relevant approval body has decided that general terms of approval will not be determined or has decided not to grant a relevant approval, and	29 30 31 32
		(c)	the Court may determine an appeal even though a development consent granted as a result of the appeal is inconsistent with the general terms of approval of a relevant approval body.	33 34 35
8.15	Misc s 97B	<b>ellane</b> ; s 39A	ous provisions relating to appeals under this Division (cf previous Land and Environment Court Act)	36 37
	(1)		rate appeals under this Division with respect to the determination of an cation for development consent are, as far as practicable, to be heard her.	38 39 40
	(2)	of a p	n appeal under this Division, the Court may, at any time on the application person or of its own motion, order the joinder of a person as a party to the al if the Court is of the opinion:	41 42 43
		(a)	that the person is able to raise an issue that should be considered in relation to the appeal but would not be likely to be sufficiently addressed if the person were not joined as a party, or	44 45 46
		(b)	that:	47
			(i) it is in the interests of justice, or	48

		(ii) it is in the public interest,	1
		that the person be joined as a party to the appeal.	2
	(3)	If the Court on an appeal by an applicant under this Division allows the applicant to file an amended application for development consent (other than to make a minor amendment), the Court must make an order for the payment by the applicant of those costs of the consent authority that have been thrown away as a result of the amendment of the application for development consent. This subsection does not apply to proceedings to which section 34AA of the <i>Land and Environment Court Act 1979</i> applies.	3 4 5 6 7 8 9
	(4)	If the determination or decision appealed against under this Division was made by a Sydney district or regional planning panel or a local planning panel, the council for the area concerned is to be the respondent to the appeal but is subject to the control and direction of the panel in connection with the conduct of the appeal. The council is to give notice of the appeal to the panel.	10 11 12 13 14
	(5)	If the Minister exercised the functions of the council as consent authority (for Crown development) in respect of a determination or decision appealed against under this Division, the council is to be the respondent to the appeal but is subject to the control and direction of the Minister in connection with the conduct of the appeal. The council is to give notice of the appeal to the Minister.	15 16 17 18 19 20
Divi	sion	8.4 Appeals—building and subdivision certification	21
8.16	<b>Appe</b> s 109	eals against failure or refusal to issue certificate under Part 6 (cf previous K (1)–(2))	22 23
	(1)	An appeal may be made to the Court against the following decisions of a council under Part 6:	24 25
		(a) a decision to refuse to issue a construction certificate, occupation certificate, subdivision works certificate or subdivision certificate,	26 27
		(b) a decision to issue any such certificate subject to conditions.	28
	(2)	The appeal may be made by the applicant for the certificate concerned.	29
	(3)	An appeal may be made only within 6 months after the date on which the decision was made.	30 31
8.17	Deen	ned refusal for purposes of appeal (cf previous s 109K (3))	32
	(1)	For the purposes only of an appeal under this Division, a council is taken to have made a decision to refuse to issue a certificate (a <i>deemed refusal</i> ) if it has failed to issue the certificate to the applicant within the period prescribed by the regulations.	33 34 35 36
	(2)	Nothing in subsection (1) prevents a council from determining an application for a construction certificate, occupation certificate, subdivision works certificate or subdivision certificate after the expiration of the applicable period specified in that subsection.	37 38 39 40
	(3)	A determination made after the expiration of that applicable period does not affect the continuance or determination of an appeal made under this Division in respect of a deemed refusal.	41 42 43
	(4)	If a determination is made after the applicable period to grant the certificate concerned, the council is entitled, with the consent of the applicant and without prejudice to costs, to have any appeal under this Division against a	44 45 46

		deem	ned refusal withdrawn at any time prior to the determination of that al.	1 2	
Divi	Division 8.5 Appeals—development control orders				
8.18	8.18 Appeals concerning orders (cf previous s 121ZK)			4	
	(1)		erson who is given a development control order may appeal to the Court ast the order.	5 6	
	(2)	autho	ever, a person may not appeal against a fire safety order given by an orised fire officer (other than an order that prevents a person using or ring premises).	7 8 9	
	(3)	The a	appeal may be made only:	10	
		(a)	within 28 days after the development control order is given to the person, or	11 12	
		(b)	if an order is given subsequently that forms part of the development control order, within 28 days after the subsequent order is given to the person.	13 14 15	
	(4)	On h	earing an appeal, the Court may:	16	
		(a)	revoke the development control order, or	17	
		(b)	modify the development control order, or	18	
		(c)	substitute for the development control order any other order that the relevant enforcement authority who gave the order could have given, or	19 20	
		(d)	find that the development control order is sufficiently complied with, or	21	
		(e)	make such order with respect to compliance with the development control order as the Court thinks fit, or	22 23	
		(f)	make such other order with respect to the development control order as the Court thinks fit.	24 25	
8.19	Awa	rding o	of compensation concerning orders (cf previous s 121ZL)	26	
	(1)	company e	Court, on the hearing of an appeal or otherwise, has a discretion to award pensation to a person to whom a development control order is given for expense incurred by the person as a consequence of the order, including cost of any investigative work or reinstatement carried out by the person consequence of the order.	27 28 29 30 31	
	(2)	satisf	pensation is to be awarded only if the person seeking the compensation fies the Court that the giving of the development control order was bstantiated or the terms of the order were unreasonable.	32 33 34	
	(3)	which	aim for compensation cannot be made more than 28 days after the date on the Court gives its decision on the appeal or more than 3 months after late of the development control order if an appeal is not made against the r.	35 36 37 38	
	(4)		pensation under this section is to be awarded against the relevant reement authority who gave the development control order.	39 40	
8.20	Effe	ct of a	ppeal on order (cf previous s 121ZN)	41	
		If an appea	appeal is duly made to the Court against a development control order, the al does not effect a stay of the order.	42 43	

Division 8.6		3.6	Appeals—miscellaneous		
8.21	Appeal concerning of damage (of previous s			sions on security for development requirements or	2
	(1)			s in connection with a decision of a consent authority or security of the kind referred to in section 4.17 (6).	4 5
	(2)	perso	on having the b	development consent to which the security relates, or a penefit of the consent, who is dissatisfied with the decision Court as follows:	6 7 8
		(a)	respect to the	by be made against a decision of the consent authority with a provision of the security (otherwise than by the imposition of development consent),	9 10 11
		(b)		ay be made against the failure or refusal of the consent elease a security held by it,	12 13
		(c)	release a secu	ay be made against the failure or refusal of a council to urity held by it that has been provided in accordance with a a complying development certificate.	14 15 16
	(3) An appeal under subsection (2) (a) may be made only within 6 months after the applicant for development consent received notice of the decision.			17 18	
	(4) An appeal under subsection (2) (b) or (c) may be made only:		19		
	(a) except as provided by paragraph (b), within 6 months after the work to which the security relates has been completed, or		20 21		
		(b)	or after comp	y is provided in respect of contingencies that may arise on pletion of the work to which the security relates, not earlier as and not later than 12 months after the completion of the	22 23 24 25
8.22	Appe	als ag	gainst refusal	to extend consent lapsing period (cf previous s 95A (3))	26
	(1)			s to an application under section 4.54 for the extension of ich a development consent lapses.	27 28
	(2)	the a	application, or cation within t	the extension who is dissatisfied with the determination of the failure of the consent authority to determine the the period prescribed by the regulations, may appeal to the	29 30 31 32
	(3)	perso	on is given no	e made only within 6 months after the date on which the otice of the decision appealed against or the end of the iod referred to in subsection (2).	33 34 35
8.23		<b>als ag</b> us s 96		tion or modification of development consent (cf	36 37
	(1)			s to a decision of the Planning Secretary or a council under oke or modify a development consent.	38 39
	(2)		ent, may appea	the consent, or any other person entitled to rely on the ll to the Court against the revocation or modification of the	40 41 42
	(3)			ly be made within 3 months after the date on which the fication of the consent takes effect.	43 44
	(4)	On h	earing the appo	eal, the Court may:	45
		(a)	confirm the r	revocation or modification, or	46

		(b)	vary the revocation or modification, or	1
		(c)	cancel the revocation or modification.	2
8.24	Арр	eals c	oncerning compliance cost notices (cf previous s 121ZKA)	3
	(1)	Scĥe	erson on whom a compliance cost notice is served under Part 12 of edule 5 (Development control orders) may appeal against the notice to the rt within 28 days after the service of the notice on the person.	4 5 6
	(2)		appeal is lodged against an order in relation to which a compliance cost the has been issued:	7 8
		(a)	an appeal may be lodged against the compliance cost notice in the same way as, and at the same time as, the appeal against the development control order concerned, and	9 10 11
		(b)	the Court may deal with the appeal against the compliance cost notice at the same time as it deals with the appeal against the development control order.	12 13 14
	(3)	On h	nearing an appeal against a compliance cost notice, the Court may:	15
		(a)	revoke the notice, or	16
		(b)	modify the notice, or	17
		(c)	make any other order with respect to the notice as the Court thinks fit.	18
8.25	App	eals w	rith respect to building information certificates (cf previous s 149F)	19
	(1)	An a	pplicant:	20
		(a)	who is dissatisfied with a council's refusal to issue a building information certificate under Part 6, or	21 22
		(b)	who is dissatisfied with a council's failure to issue a building information certificate within the period prescribed by the regulations, or	23 24 25
		(c)	who is dissatisfied with a notice from the council to supply information in connection with an application for a building information certificate,	26 27
	(2)	•	appeal to the Court.	28
	(2)	perso	appeal may be made only within 6 months after the date on which the on is given notice of the decision appealed against or the end of the ned refusal period referred to in subsection (1).	29 30 31
	(3)	On h	nearing the appeal, the Court may do any one or more of the following:	32
		(a)	direct the council to issue a building information certificate in such terms and on such conditions as the Court thinks fit,	33 34
		(b)	revoke, alter or confirm a notice to supply information,	35
		(c)	make any other order that it considers appropriate.	36
8.26	Reg	ulatior	<b>ns</b> (cf previous s 105 (1) (p1) (t))	37
		unde	regulations may make provision for or with respect to reviews and appeals or this Part, and in particular the procedure with respect to any such review opeal.	38 39 40

0.2	Consequential and statutory revision amendments	1
[1]	Section 80A Imposition of conditions	2
	Omit the note to section 80A (10D). Insert instead:	3
	<b>Note.</b> Accordingly, an application for review or appeal under Part 8 may be made in relation to a decision to change a reviewable condition.	4
[2]	Section 82 Circumstances in which consent taken to have been refused	6
	Omit the section.	7
[3]	Sections 82A-82D Reviews of determinations	8
	Omit the sections.	9
[4]	Section 85A Process for obtaining complying development certificates	10
	Omit section 85A (10). Insert after section 85A (6):	11
	<b>Note.</b> Part 8 provides that there is no right of review or appeal in relation to a determination of, or a failure to determine, an application for a complying development certificate.	12 13 14
[5]	Section 95A Extension of lapsing period for 1 year	15
	Omit section 95A (3).	16
[6]	Section 96 Modification of consents—generally	17
	Omit ", section 96AB and Division 8". Insert instead "and Part 8".	18
[7]	Section 96AB Review where modification application refused or conditions imposed	19
	Omit the section.	20
[8]	Section 96A Revocation or modification of development consent	21
	Omit section 96A (5) and (6).	22
[9]	Part 4, Division 8 Appeals and related matters	23
	Omit the Division.	24
[10]	Section 104 Appeals and other provisions relating to development consents after order of Court	25 26
	Omit "sections 97 and 98" wherever occurring. Insert instead "Part 8".	27
[11]	Section 104A Voluntary surrender of development consent	28
	Omit section 104A (2). Insert instead:	29
	(2) A development consent may be surrendered under this section even if, on an appeal under Part 8, the consent has ceased to be, or does not become, effective.	30 31 32

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Schedule 9		A	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Implementation and enforcement	1 2 3		
9.1	Principal amendments					
[1]	1] Part 9 (as renumbered)			5		
	Insert after	section	n 117BA (with appropriate decimal section number):	6		
	Enfo	rceme	ent of undertakings	7		
	(1)	for th	Planning Secretary may accept a written undertaking given by a person ne purposes of this section in connection with a matter in relation to which Minister, the Planning Secretary or a public authority has a function under Act.	8 9 10 11		
	(2)	the c	person may withdraw or vary the undertaking at any time, but only with onsent in writing of the Planning Secretary. The consent of the Planning etary is required even if the undertaking purports to authorise withdrawal uriation of the undertaking without that consent.	12 13 14 15		
	(3)	subse	Planning Secretary may apply to the Court for an order under ection (4) if the Planning Secretary considers that the person who gave the raking has breached any of its terms.	16 17 18		
	(4)	The operso	Court may make all or any of the following orders if it is satisfied that the on has breached a term of the undertaking:	19 20		
		(a)	an order directing the person to comply with that term of the undertaking,	21 22		
		(b)	an order directing the person to pay to the State an amount not exceeding the amount of any financial benefit that the person has obtained directly or indirectly and that is reasonably attributable to the breach,	23 24 25 26		
		(c)	any order that the Court thinks appropriate directing the person to compensate any other person who has suffered loss or damage as a result of the breach,	27 28 29		
		(d)	an order requiring the person to prevent, control, abate or mitigate any actual or likely damage to the built or natural environment caused by the breach,	30 31 32		
		(e)	an order requiring the person to make good any actual or likely damage to the built or natural environment caused by the breach,	33 34		
		(f)	any other order the Court considers appropriate.	35		
	(5)	unde perso publi	ablic authority may recommend that the Planning Secretary accept an ertaking under this section that the public authority has negotiated with a proposing to give the undertaking in connection with a function of the ic authority under this Act. The Planning Secretary may delegate to the ic authority the function of applying to the Court for an order under	36 37 38 39 40		

subsection (4) in relation to the undertaking.

[2]		Part 6 (renumbered as Part 9)							
	Omit	t Divis	ion 2A	A of Part 6. Insert instead:	2				
	Divi	sion	9.3	Development control orders	3				
	9.34	Orders that		at may be given (cf previous s 121B)	4				
		(1)		The development control orders that may be given under this Act are as follows:					
			(a)	general orders in accordance with the table to Part 1 of Schedule 5,	7				
			(b)	fire safety orders in accordance with the table to Part 2 of Schedule 5,	8				
			(c)	brothel closure orders in accordance with the table to Part 3 of Schedule 5.	9 10				
		(2)	The	regulations may amend those tables.	11				
		(3)	deve	eference in those tables to a <i>planning approval</i> is a reference to a elopment consent, an approval for State significant infrastructure or a ficate under Part 6 (other than a compliance certificate).	12 13 14				
	9.35	<b>Rele</b> 1210		enforcement authorities who may give orders (cf previous ss 121B,	15 16				
		(1)		elopment control orders may be given by the following (a <i>relevant</i> reement authority):	17 18				
			(a)	the Minister or the Planning Secretary, but only in connection with State significant development, State significant infrastructure or any other development for which the Minister, the Planning Secretary or the Independent Planning Commission is or has been the consent authority,	19 20 21 22				
			(b)	a council,	23				
			(c)	a consent authority (not being the Independent Planning Commission, a Sydney district or regional planning panel, a council or an accredited certifier), but only in connection with development for which the authority is or has been the consent authority,	24 25 26 27				
			(d)	in the case of fire safety orders (and without limiting the authority of other persons or bodies to give those orders)—the Commissioner of Fire and Rescue NSW or a member of staff of Fire and Rescue NSW, or a member of a permanent fire brigade, who is for the time being authorised by the Minister administering the <i>Fire Brigades Act 1989</i> to give fire safety orders (an <i>authorised fire officer</i> ),	28 29 30 31 32 33				
			(e)	in the case of brothel closure orders (and without limiting the authority of other persons or bodies to give those orders)—a person or body exercising planning or regulatory functions in respect of the area in which the premises are situated and authorised by the Minister to give brothel closure orders.	34 35 36 37 38				
		(2)		development control order in connection with State significant structure may be given only by the Minister or the Planning Secretary.	39 40				
		(3)		evelopment control order cannot be given in respect of the following land ses the written consent of the Minister has first been obtained:	41 42				
			(a)	vacant Crown land within the meaning of the Crown Lands Act 1989,	43				
			(b)	a reserve within the meaning of Part 5 of the Crown Lands Act 1989,	44				

a common within the meaning of the Commons Management Act 1989.

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(c)

		The Minister must not give consent in respect of vacant Crown land or a reserve within the meaning of Part 5 of the <i>Crown Lands Act 1989</i> until after the Minister has consulted the Minister administering the <i>Crown Lands Act 1989</i> .	1 2 3 4
	(4)	A copy of any development control order given by a relevant enforcement authority other than a council is to be provided by that authority to the council for the area concerned.	5 6 7
9.36	Prov	risions relating to orders (cf previous s 121B)	8
		Part 4 of Schedule 5 contains provisions relating to the giving of orders and related matters.	9 10
9.37	Failu	ure to comply with order—offence (cf previous s 125)	11
	(1)	A person to whom a development control order is given or is taken to have been given must comply with the terms of the order.	12 13
	(2)	It is a sufficient defence to a prosecution for an offence against this section if the defendant satisfies the court that the defendant was unaware of the fact that the matter in respect of which the offence arose was the subject of an order.	14 15 16
		Maximum penalty: Tier 1 monetary penalty.	17
		Note 1. For civil enforcement—see Division 9.5.	18
		<b>Note 2.</b> Schedule 5 provides that a development control order that is given to a person binds a successor in title or occupation of the land concerned and is taken to have been given to the successor. Information about outstanding orders can be obtained under this Act by prospective successors.	19 20 21 22

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## [3] Schedule 5

Insert in appropriate order:

## Schedule 5 Development control orders

## Part 1 General orders

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
	To do what?	When?	To whom?
1	Stop Use Order  To stop using premises or a building  Not to conduct or to stop conducting an activity on the premises	<ul> <li>Premises are being used:</li> <li>for a prohibited purpose, or</li> <li>for a purpose for which a planning approval is required but has not been obtained, or</li> <li>in contravention of a planning approval.</li> <li>Building is being used:</li> <li>inconsistently with its classification under this Act or the Local Government Act 1993, and</li> <li>in a manner that constitutes or is likely to constitute a life threatening hazard or a threat to public health or public safety, and</li> <li>in a manner that is not regulated or controlled under any other Act by a public authority.</li> <li>Premises are being used for an activity (that would or would be likely to require planning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The owner of premises or building</li> <li>The person using the premises or building</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>approval) that:</li> <li>constitutes or is likely to constitute a life threatening hazard or a threat to public health or public safety, and</li> <li>is not regulated or controlled under any other Act by a public authority.</li> </ul>	
2	Stop Work Order To stop building work or subdivision work carried out in contravention of this Act	Building work or subdivision work is carried out:  • in contravention of this Act, or  • in a manner that would affect the support of adjoining premises.	<ul> <li>Owner of the land</li> <li>Any person apparently engaged in the work</li> </ul>
3	Demolish Works Order To demolish or remove a building	<ul> <li>A building:</li> <li>requiring a planning approval is erected without approval, or</li> <li>requiring approval under the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> is erected without approval, or</li> <li>is or is likely to become a danger to the public, or</li> <li>is so dilapidated that it is prejudicial to persons or property in the neighbourhood.</li> </ul>	Owner of building

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
	To do what?	When?	To whom?
4	Order To stop demolishing, or not to demolish, a building	Demolition requiring a planning approval is being carried out, or would be carried out, without approval or in contravention of an approval.	<ul> <li>The owner of premises</li> <li>The person carrying out the demolition or likely to carry out the demolition</li> </ul>
5	Repair Order To repair or make structural alterations to a building	The building is or is likely to become a danger to the public or is so dilapidated that it is prejudicial to the occupants, persons or property in the neighbourhood.	Owner of building
6	Remove Advertising Order To modify, demolish or remove an advertisement and any associated structure	<ul> <li>The advertisement is:</li> <li>unsightly, objectionable or injurious to the amenity of any natural landscape, foreshore, public reserve or public place at or near where the advertisement is displayed, or</li> <li>displayed contrary to a provision made by or under this Act, or</li> <li>associated with a structure erected contrary to a provision made by or under this Act.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The owner of premises displaying the advertisement or on which the associated structure is erected</li> <li>The person responsible for the display of the advertisement and erection of the associated structure</li> </ul>
7	Public Safety Order To erect or install structures or appliances necessary for public safety	<ul> <li>A building:</li> <li>is about to be erected, or</li> <li>is dangerous to persons or property on or in a public place, or</li> <li>is about to be demolished.</li> <li>Works are:</li> <li>about to be carried out, or</li> <li>about to be demolished.</li> </ul>	The owner or occupier of the land
8	Evacuate Premises Order To stop using premises or to evacuate premises	A person who has failed to comply with a Stop Use Order issued because the use constitutes or is likely to constitute a life threatening hazard or a threat to public health or public safety.	The person to whom the Stop Use Order was given
9	<b>Exclusion Order</b> To leave premises or not to enter premises	A person who has failed to comply with a Stop Use Order issued because the use constitutes or is likely to constitute a life threatening hazard or a threat to public health or public safety.	Any person
10	Restore Works Order To restore premises to the condition in which they were before unlawful building or other works occurred	An unauthorised building has been the subject of a Demolish Works Order or unauthorised works have been carried out.	<ul> <li>The owner of the premises</li> <li>Any person entitled to act on a planning approval, or acting in contravention of a planning approval</li> </ul>

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
	To do what?	When?	To whom?
11	Compliance Order To comply with a planning approval for the carrying out of works	A planning approval has not been complied with.	<ul> <li>The owner of the premises</li> <li>Any person entitled to act on a planning approval, or acting in contravention of a planning approval</li> </ul>
	To do whatever is necessary so that any building or part of a building that has been unlawfully erected complies with relevant development standards	Building has been unlawfully erected and does not comply with relevant development standards.	The owner of the premises
	To carry out works associated with subdivision	Authorised subdivision works, or works agreed to by the applicant, have not been carried out.	The person required to carry out the works
12	Repair or Remove Works Order To repair or remove a building in a public place	The building is unlawfully situated wholly or partly in a public place.	Owner or occupier of the building
13	Complete Works Order To complete authorised works under a planning approval within a specified time	The authorised works have commenced, but have not been completed, before the planning approval would (but for the commencement of the works) have lapsed.	The owner of the relevant land
14	Remedy or Restrain Breach Order  To do or refrain from doing any act to remedy or restrain a breach of Division 5.2 (or an approval under that Division) or a breach of a consent for State significant development	The breach has occurred, is occurring or is likely to occur	The person who caused, is causing or is likely to cause the breach, or the person entitled to act on the approval or consent

## Part 2 Fire safety orders

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
	To do what?	In what circumstances?	To whom?
1	To do or stop doing things for the purposes of ensuring or promoting adequate fire safety or fire safety awareness	When provision for fire safety or fire safety awareness is inadequate to:  • prevent fire, or  • suppress fire, or  • prevent the spread of fire.  To ensure or promote the safety of persons in the event of fire.	The owner of the premises or, in the case of a place of shared accommodation, the owner or manager
		When lack of maintenance of the premises or the use of the premises constitutes a significant fire hazard.	
2	To stop doing an activity on premises, including on premises used for the purposes of shared accommodation	<ul> <li>The activity is or is likely to be:</li> <li>a life threatening hazard, or</li> <li>a threat to public health or public safety, and the activity is not regulated or controlled under any other Act by a public authority.</li> </ul>	Any person apparently engaged in promoting, conducting or carrying out the activity
3	To stop the use of premises or to evacuate premises, or not to enter the premises	When an order under item 1 or 2 above has already been served and has not been complied with.	Any person

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## Part 3 Brothel closure orders

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3		
To do what?	In what circumstances?	To whom?		
To stop using premises as a brothel, including to specifically stop using the premises for:	When premises are being used for a purpose that is prohibited. When premises are being used for a purpose for which a planning	The owner of the premises, or the person using premises for the purpose specified in the order.		
• sexual acts or services in exchange for payment, or	approval is required but has not been obtained.	The person entitled to		
massage services (other than genuine remedial or therapeutic massage services) in exchange for	When premises are being used in contravention of a planning approval.	act on a planning approval who is acting in contravention of the approval.		
payment, or		Any person apparently in control of, or		
<ul> <li>adult entertainment involving nudity, indecent acts or sexual activity in exchange for payment or ancillary to other goods or services.</li> </ul>		managing, or assisting in the control or management of, the brothel.		
To prohibit using premises for any of the above uses if those uses are prohibited under an environmental planning instrument or require planning approval and no approval has been granted.				
To comply with the conditions of a planning approval for the use of premises as a brothel.				

## Part 4 Provisions relating to development control orders

- Order may specify standards and work that will satisfy those standards (cf previous ss 121P, 121R)
  - (1) A relevant enforcement authority may give a development control order that does the following instead of specifying in the order the things the person to whom the order is given must do or refrain from doing:
    - (a) specifies the standard that the premises concerned are required to meet,

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- (b) indicates the nature of the work that, if carried out, would satisfy that standard.
- (2) The relevant enforcement authority may, in any such development control order, require the owner or occupier to prepare and submit to the relevant enforcement authority, within the period specified in the order, particulars of the work the owner or occupier considers necessary to make provision for such matters as may be so specified.
- (3) The relevant enforcement authority must, within 28 days after those particulars of work are submitted to the authority:

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		(a)	accept the particulars without modification or with such modifications as the authority thinks fit, or	1
		(b)	reject the particulars.	3
	(4)	modi	e relevant enforcement authority accepts the particulars of work without iffication, the authority must as soon as possible order the owner to carry hat work.	4 5 6
	(5)	modi	e relevant enforcement authority accepts the particulars of work with ifications or rejects the particulars, or if an owner fails to submit culars of work as required under this clause, the authority must:	7 8 9
		(a)	prepare, within 3 months after the acceptance, rejection or failure, particulars of the work that the authority considers necessary to make provision for the matters specified in the order given to the owner, and	10 11 12
		(b)	order the owner to carry out that work.	13
	(6)	relev parti	order under this clause is not invalid merely because of the failure of the rant enforcement authority that gave the order to accept or reject any culars of work or prepare particulars of any work within the period ired by this clause.	14 15 16 17
	(7)		levant enforcement authority may recover from an owner as a debt the ority's expenses of preparing particulars of work under this clause.	18 19
	(8)		order under this clause forms part of the development control order to h it relates.	20 21
2	Orde	rs tha	t make or are likely to make residents homeless (cf previous s 121G)	22
	(1)	resid orde	development control order will or is likely to have the effect of making a ent homeless, the relevant enforcement authority proposing to give the r must consider whether the resident is able to arrange satisfactory native accommodation in the locality.	23 24 25 26
	(2)		e resident is not able to arrange satisfactory alternative accommodation in ocality, the relevant enforcement authority must provide the resident with:	27 28
		(a)	information as to the availability of satisfactory alternative accommodation in the locality, and	29 30
		(b)	any other assistance that the relevant enforcement authority considers appropriate.	31 32
3	Orde	rs affe	ecting heritage items (cf previous s 121S)	33
	(1)	This	clause applies to an item of the environmental heritage:	34
	. ,	(a)	to which an interim heritage order or listing on the State Heritage Register under the <i>Heritage Act 1977</i> applies or to which an order under section 136 of that Act applies, or	35 36 37
		(b)	that is identified as such an item in an environmental planning instrument.	38 39
	(2)	in res	levant enforcement authority must not give a development control order spect of an item of the environmental heritage until after the authority has idered the impact of the order on the heritage significance of the item.	40 41 42
	(3)	in res appli Herit	levant enforcement authority must not give a development control order spect of an item of the environmental heritage to which subclause (1) (a) es until after the authority has given notice of the proposed order to the tage Council and has considered any submissions duly made by the tage Council.	43 44 45 46 47

	(4)	enforcement authority from the requirements of subclause (3), either unconditionally or subject to conditions. Any such exemption may be varied or revoked by the Heritage Council by further instrument in writing.	3
	(5)	The Heritage Council may make a submission about a proposed order:	5
		(a) within 28 days after it is given notice by the relevant enforcement authority, or	6
		(b) if, within 28 days after it is given notice by the relevant enforcement authority, the Heritage Council requests that a joint inspection of the item be made, within 28 days after the joint inspection is made.	8 9 10
	(6)	This clause does not apply to:	11
		(a) a general order not to demolish or cease demolishing a building if given in an emergency, or	12 13
		(b) a general order of a kind prescribed by the regulations, or	14
		(c) a brothel closure order.	15
4	Givir	ng and taking effect of orders (cf previous ss 121N, 121U)	16
	(1)	A development control order is given by serving a copy of the order on the person to whom it is addressed and takes effect from the time of service or a later time specified in the order.	17 18 19
	(2)	The copy of the development control order is to be accompanied by a notice stating:	20 21
		(a) that the person to whom the order is addressed may appeal to the Land and Environment Court against the order, and	22 23
		(b) the period within which an appeal may be made.	24
5	Reas	sons for orders to be given (cf previous s 121L)	25
	(1)	A relevant enforcement authority that gives a development control order must give the person to whom the order is addressed the reasons for the order.	26 27
	(2)	The reasons may be given in the development control order or in a separate instrument.	28 29
	(3)	The reasons must be given when the development control order is given, except in an emergency. In an emergency, the reasons may be given the next working day.	30 31 32
Par	t 5	Process for giving orders	33
6	Natu	ral justice requirements (cf previous s 121D)	34
	(1)	Before giving a development control order, a relevant enforcement authority must comply with clauses 2, 8 and 9 and Part 7 of this Schedule.	35 36
	(2)	Subclause (1) does not apply to the following development control orders:	37
		(a) a general order (under item 2, Part 1 of this Schedule),	38
		(b) a fire safety order (under item 2, Part 2 of this Schedule),	39
		(c) an order given, and expressed to be given, in an emergency,	40

		(d)	an order given by the Minister or the Planning Secretary in connection with State significant infrastructure.  Part 8 of this Schedule has special provisions relating to fire safety orders and	1 2 3
		Part 9	9 has special provisions relating to brothel closure orders.	4
7	Effe	ct of c	compliance (cf previous s 121E)	5
			elevant enforcement authority that complies with clauses 2, 8 and 9 and 7 of this Schedule is taken to have observed the rules of procedural less.	6 7 8
Par	t 6	No	tices to be given	9
8			be given of proposed order to person who will be subject to order s 121H (1)–(3))	10 11
	(1)	must	ore giving a development control order, a relevant enforcement authority to give notice to the person to whom the proposed order is directed of the owing:	12 13 14
		(a)	the intention to give the order,	15
		(b)	the terms of the proposed order,	16
		(c)	the period proposed to be specified as the period within which the order is to be complied with,	17 18
		(d)	that the person to whom the order is proposed to be given may make representations to the relevant enforcement authority as to why the order should not be given or as to the terms of or period for compliance with the order.	19 20 21 22
	(2)	enfor that may	notice may provide that the representations are to be made to the relevant rement authority or a nominated person on a nominated date, being a date is reasonable in the circumstances of the case. In the case of a council this be to a specified committee of the council on a specified meeting date or specified employee of the council on or before a specified date.	23 24 25 26 27
9		ce to k H (4)–(	be given to other persons and bodies of proposed order (cf previous (5))	28 29
	(1)	Notio	ce to other consent authorities	30
		deve	council proposes to give a development control order in relation to elopment for which another person is the consent authority, the council t give the other person notice of its intention to give the order.	31 32 33
	(2)	Notio	ce to principal certifier	34
		build	council proposes to give a development control order in relation to ding work or subdivision work for which the council is not the certifier, council must give the principal certifier notice of its intention to give the r.	35 36 37 38
10			fire safety orders to be given to Commissioner of Fire and Rescue evious s 121ZB)	39 40
			elevant enforcement authority must immediately give notice to the missioner of Fire and Rescue NSW after giving a fire safety order.	41 42

11	Notic	of giving of complete works order (cf previous s 121X)	1		
		A relevant enforcement authority must, on or as soon as practicable after the lay on which the authority gives a complete works order, send a copy of the order to:	2 3 4		
		(a) such persons (if any) as are, in the opinion of the authority, likely to be disadvantaged by the giving of the order, and	6		
		(b) such persons (if any) as are referred to in the regulations for the purposes of this clause.	8		
12	Deta	of orders and notices to be given to councils (cf previous s 121ZE)	9		
	(1)	A relevant enforcement authority (other than a council) who gives a notice or an order under this Part must immediately give a copy of the notice or order to the council.	10 11 12		
	(2)	The relevant enforcement authority, if requested by the council, must mmediately inform the council whether or not the notice is outstanding or the order is in force and of any action proposed to be taken by the relevant enforcement authority in relation to the notice or order.	13 14 15 16		
Par	t 7	Representations concerning proposed orders	17		
13	Making of representations (cf previous s 121I)				
	(1)	A person who is given notice under clause 8 of the intention to give a development control order may make representations concerning the proposed order in accordance with the notice.	19 20 21		
	(2)	For the purpose of making the representations, the person may be represented by an Australian legal practitioner or agent.	22 23		
14	Hear	g and consideration of representations (cf previous s 121J)	24		
		The relevant enforcement authority that intends to give the development control order or the nominated person is required to hear and to consider any representations made under this Part.	25 26 27		
15	<b>Proc</b> s 121	dure after hearing and consideration of representations (cf previous	28 29		
	(1)	After hearing and considering any representations made concerning the proposed development control order, the relevant enforcement authority or the nominated person may determine:	30 31 32		
		(a) to give an order in accordance with the proposed order, or	33		
		(b) to give an order in accordance with modifications made to the proposed order, or	34 35		
		(c) not to give an order.	36		
	(2)	If the determination is to give a development control order in accordance with modifications made to the proposed order, the relevant enforcement authority s not required to give notice under this Part of the proposed order as so modified.	37 38 39 40		

Part 8		Spe	ecial provisions relating to fire safety orders	1		
16	Pow	ers of	fire brigades (cf previous s 121ZC)	2		
	(1)	An a	authorised fire officer who inspects a building in accordance with on 9.32 (Fire brigades inspection powers) may give:	3		
		(a)	a fire safety order (under item 1) if the order does not require the carrying out of any structural work to the premises concerned, or	5		
		(b)	a fire safety order (under item 2) if the premises concerned are a place of shared accommodation, or	7 8		
		(c)	a fire safety order (under item 3) if a person to whom an order under paragraph (a) or (b) is given has failed to comply with the order.	9 10		
	(2)	deve circu	ses 2, 6, 8, 9 and 31 and Part 7 of this Schedule do not apply to a lopment control order given in accordance with this clause in instances which the authorised fire officer believes constitute an egency or a serious risk to safety.	11 12 13 14		
	(3)	offic	the purpose of giving such a development control order, an authorised fire er may exercise such of the powers of a relevant enforcement authority or this Part as are specified in the fire officer's authorisation under this se.	15 16 17 18		
	(4)		xercising a power under this Part, an authorised fire officer may be mpanied and assisted by a police officer.	19 20		
	(5)		uthorised fire officer must forward a copy of a development control order in accordance with this clause to the relevant council.	21 22		
17	Insp	Inspection reports by fire brigades (cf previous s 121ZD)				
	(1)	If the	e Commissioner of Fire and Rescue NSW carries out an inspection of a ling under section 9.32 (Fire brigades inspection powers), the missioner must furnish to the council of the area in which the building is	24 25 26 27		
		(a)	a report of the inspection, and	28		
		(b)	if of the opinion that adequate provision for fire safety has not been made concerning the building, such recommendations as to the carrying out of work or the provision of fire safety and fire-fighting equipment as the Commissioner considers appropriate.	29 30 31 32		
	(2)	A co	uncil must:	33		
		(a)	table any report and recommendations it receives under this clause at the next meeting of the council, and	34 35		
		(b)	at any meeting of the council held within 28 days after receiving the report and recommendations or at the next meeting of the council held after the tabling of the report and recommendations, whichever is the later, determine whether it will exercise its powers to give a fire safety order.	36 37 38 39 40		
	(3)	refer calle	ference in subclause (2) to a meeting of a council does not include a ence to a special meeting of the council unless the special meeting is d for the purpose of tabling any report and recommendations or making determination referred to in that subclause.	41 42 43 44		
	(4)		ouncil must give notice of a determination under this clause to the missioner of Fire and Rescue NSW.	45 46		

Par	t 9		ecial provisions relating to brothel closure lers	1	
18	Inter	pretat	tion (cf previous s 121ZR)	3	
	(1)	-	nis Part:	4	
	. ,		<b>hel closure order</b> means a brothel closure order under Part 3 of this edule.	5 6	
	(2)		Part has effect despite any other provision of this Schedule.  Failure to comply with a brothel closure order is an offence (see section 9.37).	7	
19	<b>Proc</b> (4))	edure	e relating to making of brothel closure orders (cf previous s 121ZR (2)-	9 10	
	(1)	Natu	ıral justice requirements not applicable	11	
			erson who gives a brothel closure order is not required to comply with ses 2, 8 and 9 and Part 7 of this Schedule.	12 13	
	(2)	Addi	itional prohibitions may be included	14	
		relat deve	rothel closure order may also prohibit the use of the premises for specified red sex uses, if the use of the premises for the specified uses is a prohibited elopment or a development for which planning approval is required but has been obtained.	15 16 17 18	
	(3)	Addi	itional persons to whom order may be given	19	
		a bro	ddition to any other person to whom a brothel closure order may be given, othel closure order may be given to any person apparently in control of or aging, or assisting in the control or management of, the brothel.	20 21 22	
20	Com	Compliance with brothel closure orders (cf previous s 121ZR (5) and (7))			
	(1)	Perio	od for compliance	24	
			othel closure order must specify a period of not less than 5 working days in which the order must be complied with.	25 26	
	(2)	Defences		27	
		failu	a sufficient defence to a prosecution for an offence that arises from a are to comply with a brothel closure order if the defendant satisfies the at that:	28 29 30	
		(a)	in a case where the defendant is the owner of the premises, the defendant has taken all reasonable steps to evict the persons operating the brothel or using the premises for the specified related sex uses, or	31 32 33	
		(b)	in all cases, the defendant has taken all reasonable steps to prevent the use of the premises as a brothel or for the specified related sex uses.	34 35	
21	App	eals (c	of previous s 121ZR (8))	36	
		Regi	ulations may be made for or with respect to the following matters:	37	
		(a)	the conferral of jurisdiction on the Local Court with respect to appeals against brothel closure orders,	38 39	
		(b)	removing the right to appeal under Part 8 of this Act if an appeal is made to the Local Court against a brothel closure order under the regulations,	40 41	
		(c)	the conferral of jurisdiction on the Land and Environment Court with respect to appeals from decisions of the Local Court on appeals against brothel closure orders,	42 43 44	

		(d)	the modification of provisions of the <i>Crimes (Appeal and Review) Act 2001</i> for the purposes of appeals referred to in paragraph (c).	1
Par	t 10	Мо	dification and revocation of orders	3
22	Mod	ificatio	on of orders (cf previous s 121ZF)	4
	(1)	at an	levant enforcement authority that gives a development control order may, y time, modify the order (including a modification of the period specified ompliance with the order).	5 6 7
	(2)	Plan	ept in the case of a development control order given by the Minister or the ning Secretary, a modification may be made only if the person to whom order is given agrees to that modification.	8 9 10
23	Revo	ocatio	n of orders (cf previous s 121ZG)	11
	(1)	Mini	evelopment control order given by the Minister may be revoked by the ster at any time, and an order given by the Planning Secretary may be ked by the Minister or the Planning Secretary at any time.	12 13 14
	(2)		velopment control order given by a consent authority may be revoked by onsent authority at any time.	15 16
	(3)		velopment control order given by a council may be revoked by the council y time.	17 18
	(4)		evelopment control order given by an authorised fire officer may be ked by an authorised fire officer at any time.	19 20
24	Minis	ster m	ay revoke or modify a council's order (cf previous s 121ZH)	21
	(1)	The coun	Minister may revoke or modify a development control order given by a cil.	22 23
	(2)		ce of the revocation or modification must be given to the council and the on to whom the development control order was given.	24 25
	(3)	Mini	revocation or modification takes effect from the date specified in the ster's notice. The date may be the date on which the order was given by ouncil or a later date.	26 27 28
	(4)	order perio	Minister may prohibit a council from re-making a development control r that is revoked or modified under this clause, totally or within such od or except in accordance with such terms and conditions (if any) as the ster may specify.	29 30 31 32
	(5)		ce of a prohibition may be given in the same notice as notice of the cation or modification of a development control order or in a separate se.	33 34 35
25	Limi	tation	on Minister's orders (cf previous s 121ZI)	36
		or ha	Minister must not take any action under clause 24 that is inconsistent with, as the effect of revoking or modifying, a development control order given the council unless the Minister is of the opinion that:	37 38 39
		(a)	it is necessary because of an emergency, or	40
		(b)	it is necessary because of the existence or reasonable likelihood of a serious risk to health or safety, or	41 42
		(c)	the order relates to a matter of State or regional significance, or	43

		(d)	the order relates to a matter in which the intervention of the Minister is necessary in the public interest.	1 2
Par	t 11	Eff	ect of orders and compliance with orders	3
26	Effec	ct of o	rder on successors in title (cf previous s 121Y)	4
		throu subs	evelopment control order given to a person binds any person claiming agh or under or in trust for or in succession to the person or who is a equent owner or occupier to the person, as if the order had been given to person.	5 6 7 8
27	Perio	d for	compliance with order (cf previous s 121M)	9
	(1)		evelopment control order must specify a reasonable period within which erms of the order are to be complied with.	10 11
	(2)	with	rever, a development control order may require immediate compliance its terms in circumstances which the person who gives the order believes titute a serious risk to health or safety or an emergency.	12 13 14
28	Cont	inuin	g effect of orders (cf previous s 121ZQ)	15
	(1)	whic	evelopment control order that specifies a time by which, or period within the ch, the order must be complied with continues to have effect until the order implied with even though the time has passed or the period has expired.	16 17 18
	(2)		clause does not apply to the extent that any requirement under a clopment control order is revoked.	19 20
29		elopmous s 1	ent consent or approval not required to comply with order (cf 210)	21 22
		deve	erson who carries out work in compliance with a requirement of a elopment control order does not have to make an application under this Act consent or approval to carry out the work.	23 24 25
30	Com	pliand	ce with order under clause 1 (2) (cf previous s 121Q)	26
		subn matt	erson complies with a requirement of an order under clause 1 (2) by nitting to the relevant enforcement authority that gives the order such ers as the person would be required to submit if applying to a consent ority for development consent to carry out the work.	27 28 29 30
31	Com	pliand	ce with orders by occupiers or managers (cf previous s 121Z)	31
			n occupier or manager complies with a development control order, the pier or manager may (unless the occupier or manager has otherwise ed):	32 33 34
		(a)	deduct the cost of so complying (together with interest at the rate currently prescribed by the Supreme Court rules in respect of unpaid judgment debts) from any rent payable to the owner, or	35 36 37
		(b)	recover the cost (and that interest) from the owner as a debt in any court of competent jurisdiction.	38 39
32		<b>ipier o</b> ous s 1	of land may be required to permit owner to carry out work (cf 21ZA)	40 41
	(1)	orde	levant enforcement authority that gives a development control order may r the occupier of any land to permit the owner of the land to carry out ified work on the land, being work that is, in the relevant authority's	42 43 44

			on, necessary to enable the requirements of this Act or the regulations or y development control order to be complied with.	1 2
	(2)		ccupier of land on whom such an order is served must, within 2 days after rder is served, permit the owner to carry out the work specified in the c.	3 4 5
	(3)	guilty requi order	order under this clause is in force, the owner of the land concerned is not of an offence arising from his or her failure to comply with the rements of this Act or the regulations, or of any development control that is caused by the occupier of the land refusing to permit the owner try out the work specified in the order.	6 7 8 9 10
	(4)		lause (3) applies only if the owner of the land satisfies the Court that the r has, in good faith, tried to comply with the requirements concerned.	11 12
33	Failu previo	re to o	comply with order—carrying out of work by consent authority (cf 21ZJ (1) (10–(12))	13 14
	(1)	do al	evant enforcement authority that gives a development control order may I such things as are necessary or convenient to give effect to the terms of order (including the carrying out of any work required by the order) if the onto whom the order was given fails to comply with the terms of the control order.	15 16 17 18 19
	(2)	funct	relevant enforcement authority may exercise the relevant authority's ions under this clause irrespective of whether the person required to bly with the order has been prosecuted for an offence against this Act.	20 21 22
	(3)	by a a permay, to ex order	y proceedings before the Land and Environment Court that are brought relevant enforcement authority that gave a development control order to son as a result of the person's failure to comply with the order, the Court at any stage of the proceedings, order the relevant enforcement authority ercise the authority's functions under this clause. Having made such an to the Court may continue to hear and determine the proceedings or may iss the proceedings.	23 24 25 26 27 28 29
	(4)	the N	Minister or the Planning Secretary gave the development control order, Minister's or Planning Secretary's functions under this clause may be sised by the Planning Ministerial Corporation.	30 31 32
34		_	of expenses by relevant enforcement authority for carrying out work is 121ZJ (7))	33 34
	(1)	to a c	elevant enforcement authority takes action under clause 33 to give effect development control order by demolishing a building, the authority may ve any materials concerned.	35 36 37
	(2)	relev	relevant enforcement authority may sell those materials but only if the ant authority's expenses in giving effect to the terms of the development ol order are not paid to the authority within 14 days after removal of the rials.	38 39 40 41
	(3)		e proceeds of such a sale exceed the expenses incurred by the relevant rement authority in relation to the demolition and the sale, the relevant prity:	42 43 44
		(a)	may deduct out of the proceeds of the sale an amount equal to those expenses, and	45 46
		(b)	must pay the surplus to the owner on demand.	47

(4)	If the proceeds of sale do not exceed those expenses, the relevant enforcement authority:	1 2		
	(a) may retain the proceeds, and	3		
	(b) may recover the deficiency (if any) together with the authority's costs of recovery from the owner as a debt.	4 5		
(5)	Materials removed that are not saleable may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of.	6 7		
(6)	A relevant enforcement authority that carries out work under clause 33 in relation to development for which an amount of security has been provided to the authority:	8 9 10		
	(a) may be recompensed for the work from the security if the security is more than the costs of carrying out the work, and	11 12		
	(b) must pay any surplus remaining to the person entitled to it on demand.	13		
(7)	Any expenses incurred under this clause by a relevant enforcement authority that gave a development control order, together with all associated costs, may be recovered by the authority in any court of competent jurisdiction as a debt due to the authority by the person required to comply with the order.	14 15 16 17		
(8)	The expenses are to be reduced by the amount of any proceeds of any sale under this clause or the amount of any security provided in respect of development to which the order relates.	18 19 20		
(9)	Nothing in this clause affects the owner's right to recover any amount from any lessee or other person liable for the expenses concerned.			
(10)	The recovery of costs and expenses by a relevant enforcement authority under this clause does not include the costs and expenses of court proceedings, but nothing in this clause prevents the authority from receiving costs as between party and party in respect of those proceedings.	23 24 25 26		
Enfo	rcement of orders by cessation of utilities (cf previous s 121ZS)	27		
(1)	This clause applies in relation to a failure to comply with any of the following development control orders:	28 29		
	(a) a brothel closure order,	30		
	(b) a stop use order in respect of such classes of residential, tourist or other development as are prescribed by the regulations.	31 32		
(2)	In this clause, the <i>Court</i> means the Land and Environment Court and, in relation to a brothel closure order, includes the Local Court.	33 34		
(3)	If a person fails to comply with a development control order to which this clause applies, the Court may, on the application of the person who gave the order, make an order (a <i>utilities order</i> ) directing that a provider of water, electricity or gas to the premises concerned cease to provide those services.	35 36 37 38		
(4)	A utilities order is not to be made in respect of a failure to comply with a development control order that is a stop use order unless the Court is satisfied that the failure has caused or is likely to cause a significant adverse impact on health, safety or public amenity.	39 40 41 42		
(5)	A utilities order may apply to the whole or part of the premises.	43		
(6)	A utilities order ceases to have effect on the date specified in the utilities order, or 3 months after the order is made, whichever occurs first.	44 45		

	(7)		oplication for a utilities order must not be made unless not less than 7 days e of the proposed application is given to the following persons:	1 2
		(a)	any person to whom the development control order was given,	3
		(b)	any provider of water, electricity or gas to the premises who is affected by the application,	4 5
		(c)	any owner or occupier of the premises.	6
	(8)	prem	wner or occupier of premises, or a provider of water, electricity or gas to ises, who is affected by an application for a utilities order is entitled to be and represented in proceedings for the order.	7 8 9
	(9)		etermining whether to make a utilities order, the Court is to take into deration the following matters:	10 11
		(a)	the effects of the failure to comply with the development control order,	12
		(b)	the uses of the premises,	13
		(c)	the impact of the order on the owner, occupier or other users of the premises,	14 15
		(d)	whether health, safety or public amenity will be adversely affected by the order,	16 17
		(e)	any other matter the Court thinks appropriate.	18
	(10)	for re	lities order must not be made for premises, or any part of premises, used esidential purposes unless the regulations authorise the making of a les order.	19 20 21
	(11)	despi	ovider of water, electricity or gas must comply with a utilities order, te any other law or agreement or arrangement applying to the provision ater, electricity or gas to the premises, or part of the premises, concerned.	22 23 24
	(12)	suffe	compensation is payable to any person for any damage or other loss red by that person because of the making or operation of a utilities order is clause.	25 26 27
	(13)	order for th	ovider of water, electricity or gas must not, during a period that a utilities is in force in relation to premises, or part of premises, require payment are provision of water, electricity or gas services to the premises or part of remises (other than services related to the implementation of the order).	28 29 30 31
	(14)		Court may make a utilities order when it determines an appeal against a lopment control order, if subclauses (7) and (8) have been complied with.	32 33
36	Spec grou		ovision relating to tourist parks, residential parks and camping	34 35
		from reside in cha	order that may be given to a person under this Schedule to do or refrain doing a thing in relation to a premises or building in a tourist park, ential park or camping ground may also be given to a person apparently arge of or managing the tourist park, residential park or camping ground has authority to do or refrain from doing the thing.	36 37 38 39 40
Pai	rt 12	Cor	mpliance cost notices	41
37	Com	plianc	e cost notices (cf previous s 121CA)	42
	(1)	A rel	evant enforcement authority that gives a development control order to a on may also serve a compliance cost notice on the person.	43 44

	(2)	it is	<i>mpliance cost notice</i> is a notice in writing requiring the person on whom served to pay all or any reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the ant enforcement authority in connection with:	1 2 3
		(a)	monitoring action under the development control order, and	4
		(b)	ensuring that the development control order is complied with, and	5
		(c)	any costs or expenses relating to an investigation that leads to the giving of the development control order, and	6 7
		(d)	any costs or expenses relating to the preparation or serving of the notice of the intention to give the development control order, and	8 9
		(e)	any other matters associated with the development control order.	10
	(3)	reasc	impliance cost notice is to specify the amount required to be paid and a smable period within which the amount is to be paid or, if the regulations wribe the period to be allowed for payment, that period.	11 12 13
	(4)		relevant enforcement authority may recover any unpaid amounts specified compliance cost notice as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.	14 15
	(5)	notic to th recov	e person on whom a compliance cost notice is served complies with the e but was not the person who was responsible for the situation giving rise e issue of the notice, the cost of complying with the notice may be vered by the person who complied with the notice as a debt in a court of petent jurisdiction from the person who was responsible.	16 17 18 19 20
	(6)	The 1	regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:	21
		(a)	the issue of compliance cost notices,	22
		(b)	the form of compliance cost notices,	23
		(c)	limiting the amounts that may be required to be paid under compliance cost notices or the matters in respect of which costs and expenses may be required to be paid under those notices.	24 25 26
Par	t 13	Mis	cellaneous	27
38	Com	bined	orders (cf previous s 121T)	28
			rson who gives a development control order may include 2 or more orders e same instrument.	29 30
39	Orde	rs ma	y be given to 2 or more persons jointly (cf previous s 121V)	31
			propriate in the circumstances of the case, a development control order direct 2 or more people to do the thing specified in the order jointly.	32 33
40			espect of land or building owned or occupied by more than one previous s 121W)	34 35
	(1)		d, including land on which a building is erected, is owned or occupied by than one person:	36 37
		(a)	a development control order in respect of the land or building is not invalid merely because it was not given to all of those owners or occupiers, and	38 39 40
		(b)	any of those owners or occupiers may comply with such a development control order without affecting the liability of the other owners or occupiers to pay for or contribute towards the cost of complying with the order.	41 42 43 44

[9]	Section 11	7C Definitions	36 37			
	Division		35			
	C	Divisions into a single Division with the following heading:	34			
[8]	•					
[8]		umbered as Part 9), Divisions 1 and 1AA	33			
	by this Act) and 1AA a Division 3 a	and transfer the Part as Part 9 and renumber the sections in the Part (as amended with decimal numbering commencing with section 9.1. Renumber Divisions 1 s Division 9.1, Division 1C as Division 9.2, Division 2B as Division 9.4, as Division 9.5 and Division 4 as Division 9.6. Amend any cross-references in the Part, the Divisions of the Part or sections accordingly.	28 29 30 31 32			
[7]	Part 6 Impl	ementation and enforcement	27			
	(4)	A development control order cannot be given in relation to critical State significant infrastructure.	25 26			
_	Omit sectio	n 115ZF (4). Insert instead:	24			
[6]	Section 11	5ZF Application of other provisions of Act	23			
	Insert instea	nd "a development control order".	22			
		der under Division 2A of Part 6" from paragraph (j) of the definition.	21			
[5]	Section 110 (1), definition of "activity"					
	Insert instea	nd "a development control order".	19			
		rder under Division 2A of Part 6" from section 74C (1) (d).	18			
[4]	Section 74	C Preparation of development control plans	17			
		<i>Tier 1, Tier 2 or Tier 3 monetary penalty</i> , in relation to an offence, indicates the maximum monetary penalty that a court may impose for the offence—see sections 9.52–9.54 for the relevant maximum amounts.	14 15 16			
		finition. Insert instead:	13			
[3]	Section 4 (	1), definition of "Tier 1 maximum penalty, Tier 2 maximum penalty or Tier 3 penalty"	11 12			
		includes, in Division 2A of Part 6, in relation to a building, the owner of the the owner of the land on which the building is erected".	9 10			
[2]	Section 4,	definition of "owner"	8			
	msert m arp	development control order means an order under Division 9.3.	7			
[1]		habetical order in section 4 (1):	5			
	Section 4 [	•	-			
9.2	Consequ	ential and statutory revision amendments	/			
	(2)	Nothing in this Part affects the right of an owner or occupier to recover from any other person all or any of the expenses incurred by the owner or occupier in complying with such a development control order.	1 2 3			

[10]	Part 6 (reni	ımbe	red as Part 9), Division 1C, heading	1		
	Omit the he	ading	. Insert instead:	2		
	Division	9.2	Investigative powers of departmental or council officers	3		
[11]	Section 11	9M Of	ffences	5		
	Omit sectio		M (4). Insert at the end of the section: imum penalty: Tier 3 monetary penalty.	7		
[12]	Part 6 (ren	ımbe	red as Part 9), Division 2 Settlement of disputes	8		
			on. Transfer section 121 in the Division to Part 8 (Miscellaneous—art 10) as the second section of that Part numbered as section 10.2.	9 10		
[13]	Part 6 (ren	ımbe	red as Part 9), Division 2B, heading	11		
	Omit the he	ading	. Insert instead:	12		
	Division	9.4	Monitoring and environmental audits	13		
[14]	Section 12	2 Defi	nitions	14		
	Omit "an order under Division 2A" from section 122 (b) (v).					
	Insert instea	ıd "a c	development control order".	16		
[15]	Section 122A Application of Division					
	Omit section 122A (1) and (1A). Insert instead:					
	(1)	This	Division applies to:	19		
		(a)	the carrying out of State significant development that has development consent under Part 4, and	20 21		
		(b)	the carrying out of State significant infrastructure approved under Division 5.2 of Part 5, and	22 23		
		(c)	the carrying out of a project that was approved under Part 3A when that Part was in force or continued in operation.	2 <sup>2</sup> 25		
			is Division, any such development, infrastructure or project is referred to project.	26 27		
[16]	Section 12	2B (3)	(b)	28		
	Omit "refer	red to	in Division 4 of Part 3A". Insert instead "referred to in Division 5.2".	29		
[17]	Section 12	2E Of	fences relating to monitoring and environmental audits	30		
	Omit section		E (4). Insert at the end of the section:	31		
		Max	imum penalty: Tier 3 monetary penalty.	32		
[18]	Part 6 (ren	umbe	red as Part 9), Division 3, heading	33		
	Omit the he	ading	. Insert instead:	34		
	Division	9 5	Civil enforcement proceedings	20		

[19]	•	ımbered as Part 9), Division 4, heading	1
	Omit the hea	ading. Insert instead:	2
	Division 9	9.6 Criminal offences and proceedings	3
[20]	Section 125	Offences against this Act and the regulations	4
	Omit section	n 125 (1)–(3).	5
[21]	Section 125	5 (4)	6
	Omit "an ore	der under Division 2A". Insert instead "a development control order".	7
[22]	Sections 12	25A, 125B and 125C	8
		etions. Insert instead (with appropriate decimal section numbers):	9
	Maxir	num monetary penalty—Tier 1, Tier 2 or Tier 3	10
		If <i>Tier 1</i> , <i>Tier 2</i> or <i>Tier 3</i> is specified as the maximum monetary penalty at the end of a provision (or a number of provisions) of this Act, a person who contravenes or fails to comply with that provision (or those provisions) is guilty of an offence and liable to a monetary penalty not exceeding the relevant penalty specified in the following sections. If a period of imprisonment is also specified, the person is also liable to imprisonment not exceeding the period so specified.	11 12 13 14 15 16
	Maxir	num penalty—Tier 1	18
	(1)	If <i>Tier 1</i> is specified as the maximum monetary penalty at the end of a provision (or a number of provisions) of this Act, a person who contravenes or fails to comply with that provision (or those provisions) is guilty of an offence and (subject to subsection (2)) liable to a penalty not exceeding:	19 20 21 22
		(a) in the case of a corporation:	23
		<ul><li>(i) \$5 million, and</li><li>(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$50,000 for each day the offence continues, or</li></ul>	24 25 26
		(b) in the case of an individual:	27
		<ul> <li>(i) \$1 million, and</li> <li>(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$10,000 for each day the offence continues.</li> </ul>	28 29 30
	(2)	A Tier 1 maximum monetary penalty applies only if the prosecution establishes (to the criminal standard of proof):	31 32
		(a) that the offence was committed intentionally, and	33
		(b) that the offence:	34
		(i) caused or was likely to cause significant harm to the environment, or	35 36
		(ii) caused the death of or serious injury or illness to a person.	37
		For the Tier 1 maximum monetary penalty to apply, the court attendance notice or application commencing the proceedings must allege that those factors apply to the commission of the offence.	38 39 40
	(3)	If a Tier 1 maximum monetary penalty is specified in this Act but does not apply because of subsection (2), then a Tier 2 maximum penalty applies instead.	41 42 43

(4)	If a period of imprisonment is also specified, the person is also liable to imprisonment not exceeding the period so specified.	1 2	
Maxi	imum penalty—Tier 2	3	
(1)	If <i>Tier 2</i> is specified as the maximum penalty at the end of a provision (or a number of provisions) of this Act, a person who contravenes or fails to comply with that provision (or those provisions) is guilty of an offence and liable to a penalty not exceeding:	4 5 6 7	
	<ul> <li>(a) in the case of a corporation:</li> <li>(i) \$2 million, and</li> <li>(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$20,000 for each day the offence continues, or</li> </ul>	8 9 10 11	
	(b) in the case of an individual:  (i) \$500,000, and  (ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$5,000 for each day the offence continues.	12 13 14 15	
(2)	If a period of imprisonment is also specified, the person is also liable to imprisonment not exceeding the period so specified.	16 17	
Maxi	imum penalty—Tier 3	18	
(1)	If <i>Tier 3</i> is specified as the maximum penalty at the end of a provision (or a number of provisions) of this Act, a person who contravenes or fails to comply with that provision (or those provisions) is guilty of an offence and liable to a penalty not exceeding:	19 20 21 22	
	<ul> <li>(a) in the case of a corporation:</li> <li>(i) \$1 million, and</li> <li>(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$10,000 for each day the offence continues, or</li> </ul>	23 24 25 26	
	<ul> <li>(b) in the case of an individual:</li> <li>(i) \$250,000, and</li> <li>(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$2,500 for each day the offence continues.</li> </ul>	27 28 29 30	
(2)	If a period of imprisonment is also specified, the person is also liable to imprisonment not exceeding the period so specified.  Note. Section 10.13 provides that the regulations may create offences and impose a maximum monetary penalty for an offence against the regulations not exceeding \$110,000.	31 32 33 34 35	
Section 14	7 Disclosure of political donations and gifts	36	
under this s	erson is guilty of an offence under section 125 in connection with the obligations section only if the person fails to make a disclosure of a political donation or gift ace with this section" from section 147 (11).	37 38 39	
	ad "A person is guilty of an offence against this section if the person fails to closure of a political donation or gift in accordance with this section".	40 41	
Section 14	8 Disclosure and misuse of information	42	
Omit "an or	rder under Division 2A of Part 6" from section 148 (3) (d).	43	
Insert instead "a development control order".			

[23]

[24]

[25]	Section 148 (5)	1
	Omit the subsection. Insert at the end of the section:	2
	Maximum penalty: Tier 3 monetary penalty or imprisonment for 6 months, or both.	3 4
[26]	Section 148B (2)	5
	Omit the subsection. Insert at the end of section 148B (1):	6
	Maximum penalty: Tier 3 monetary penalty.	7
[27]	Section 157 Regulations	8
	Insert after section 157 (1):	9
	(1A) The regulations may create offences punishable by a monetary penalty not exceeding \$110,000.	10 11

Sch	nedule 10	_	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Miscellaneous	1
10.1	Principal	ame	ndments	3
[1]	Section 15	7 Reg	ulations	4
	Omit "fire s	afety"	from section 157 (1) (d). Insert instead "fire and building safety".	5
[2]	Section 15	9		6
	Omit the se	ction.	Insert instead (with appropriate decimal section numbers):	7
	Savii	ngs ar	nd transitional regulations—general	8
	(1)	conse	regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature equent on the enactment of any Act or instrument that amends this Act ther before or after the commencement of this section).	9 10 11
	(2)		such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the of assent to the Act concerned or a later day.	12 13
	(3)	earlie	he extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is er than the date of its publication on the NSW legislation website, the ision does not operate so as:	14 15 16
		(a)	to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or	17 18 19
		(b)	to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.	20 21 22
			Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and visions) Regulation 2017 and related provisions	23 24
	(1)		dule 13 to the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act</i> is taken to be and has effect as a regulation made under this Act.	25 26
	(2)	set o	2 of the Subordinate Legislation Act 1989 does not apply to the regulation but in that Schedule (but applies to any amendment or repeal of the lation).	27 28 29
	(3)	Part 3	3 of the <i>Subordinate Legislation Act 1989</i> does not apply to the regulation ut in that Schedule or to any amendment or repeal of the regulation.	30 31
	(4)	regul	ons 39, 40 and 41 of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> do not apply to the lation set out in that Schedule (but apply to any amendment or repeal of egulation).	32 33 34
	(5)	were Amen section	on 30C of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> applies to that Schedule as if it an ancillary provision of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment adment Act 2017</i> . The repeal of that Schedule by the operation of on 30C does not affect the continued effect of the regulation set out in that dule.	35 36 37 38 39

10.2	Consequential and statutory revision amendments	1
[1]	Part 7A Liability in respect of contaminated land	2
	Convert Part 7A to Schedule 6 to the Act (with the following heading); rename sections in the Part as clauses and renumber them commencing with clause 1; and rename and renumber any cross-references in the Act accordingly:	3 4 5
	Schedule 6 Liability in respect of contaminated land	6
[2]	Part 8 Miscellaneous	7
	Renumber Part 8 as Part 10; renumber the sections in the Part (as amended by this Act) with decimal numbering commencing with section 10.1; and renumber any cross-references in the Act accordingly.	8 9 10
[3]	Section 155	11
	Omit the section.	12
[4]	Schedule 5 Paper subdivisions	13
	Re-number the Schedule as Schedule 7.	14
[5]	Schedule 5A Special contributions areas	15
	Renumber Schedule 5A as Schedule 4.	16
	Renumber any cross-references accordingly.	17
[6]	Schedule 6 Savings, transitional and other provisions	18
	Omit the Schedule and transfer it (except for Part 1) to the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017</i> as Schedule 1 (with the heading set out in that Regulation); convert any reference in the Schedule to "this Act" to a reference to "the Act".	19 20 21 22
[7]	Schedule 6A Transitional arrangements—repeal of Part 3A	23
	Omit the Schedule and transfer it to the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017</i> as Schedule 2 (with the heading set out in that Regulation); convert any reference in the Schedule to "this Act" to a reference to "the Act".	24 25 26 27
[8]	Schedule 7 Special provisions	28
	Re-number as Schedule 8. Omit Parts 1, 2 and 3 of the Schedule and transfer them to the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions)</i> Regulation 2017 as Parts of Schedule 3 (with the heading set out in that Regulation).	29 30 31

Sch	edule 11	Consequential amendments of other Acts and instruments	1 2
11.1	Building Pi	ofessionals Act 2005 No 115	3
[1]	Section 3 Def	initions	4
	Insert in alpha	betical order in section 3 (1):	5
	P	Part 4A certificate means a certificate under Part 4A of the Environmental planning and Assessment Act 1979 issued before the repeal of that Part or a certificate under Part 6 of that Act issued after that repeal.	6 7 8
11.2	Greater Sy	dney Commission Act 2015 No 57	9
[1]	Section 3 Def	initions	10
	Omit the defin	nition of Sydney planning panel.	11
[2]	Section 11 De	elegation of Commission's functions	12
	Omit section	1 (3) (c), (f) and (g). Insert instead:	13
	(	a Sydney district planning panel constituted under Part 2 of the Planning Act,	14 15
		f) a regional planning panel constituted under Part 2 of the Planning Act,	16
	`.	1) a local planning panel constituted under Part 2 of the Planning Act,	17
	(	g) the Independent Planning Commission constituted under Part 2 of the Planning Act,	18 19
[3]	Part 3 Sydne	y planning panels	20
	Omit the Part.		21
[4]	Schedule 3 S	ydney planning panels	22
	Omit the Sche	dule.	23
11.3	Heritage A	ct 1977 No 136	24
[1]	Sections 4, 3	4, 36, 71, 72, 73, 78, 79, 79A	25
	Omit "Plannin	g Assessment Commission" wherever occurring.	26
	Insert instead	"Independent Planning Commission".	27
11.4	Independe	nt Commission Against Corruption Act 1988 No 35	28
	Section 74C I	Reports relating to local government and planning authorities	29
	Omit section 7	74C (3C). Insert instead:	30
	ro tl Is	The Commission is authorised to include in a report under section 74 a recommendation that consideration be given to the removal from office under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> of a member of the independent Planning Commission, of a Sydney district or regional planning anel or of a local planning panel because of corrupt conduct by the member.	31 32 33 34 35

11.5	Land	d and	Environment Court Act 1979 No 204	1
[1]	Secti	on 39	Powers of Court on appeals	2
	Omit	section	n 39 (6A).	3
[2]	Secti	on 39	A Joinder of parties in certain appeals	4
	Omit	the sec	etion.	5
11.6			rironmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying nent Codes) 2008	6 7
	Claus	se 1.16	General requirements for exempt development	8
	Insert	t after o	clause 1.16 (1) (b):	9
			(b1) must not be carried out on land that is a declared area of outstanding biodiversity value under the <i>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</i> or declared critical habitat under Part 7A of the <i>Fisheries Management Act 1994</i> , and	10 11 12 13
		1	(b2) must not be carried out on land that is, or is part of, a wilderness area (within the meaning of <i>Wilderness Act 1987</i> ), and	14 15
11.7			vironmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production active Industries) 2007	16 17
[1]	Claus	se 17N		18
	Omit	the cla	use. Insert instead:	19
	17N	Cons	titution of Gateway Panel	20
		(1)	The Independent Planning Commission is to constitute a subcommittee of the Commission as the Mining and Petroleum Gateway Panel.	21 22
		(2)	The Commission must consult with the Minister for Planning, the Minister for Resources, Minister for Energy and Utilities and the Minister for Primary Industries on the proposed membership of the Gateway Panel.	23 24 25
[2]	Claus	se 17P		26
	Omit	the cla	use. Insert instead:	27
	17P	Meml	bers of Gateway Panel	28
		(1)	The Gateway Panel is to consist of not less than 3 persons appointed by the Independent Planning Commission. A member of the Commission may be appointed as a member of the Gateway Panel.	29 30 31
		(2)	A person is qualified for appointment as a member of the Gateway Panel if the person has expertise in any one or more of the disciplines of agricultural science, hydrogeology or mining and petroleum development.	32 33 34
		(3)	In appointing the members of the Gateway Panel, the Commission is to ensure, as far as practicable, that the members have expertise in a mix of the disciplines referred to in subclause (2).	35 36 37
		(4)	One of the members of the Gateway Panel is, by the member's instrument of appointment or a further instrument signed by the Commission, to be appointed as the chairperson of the Panel.	38 39 40

[3]	Clau	se 17R Term and other conditions of office	1
	Omit	"Minister" wherever occurring. Insert instead "Independent Planning Commission".	2
[4]	Clau	se 17T Procedure at meetings	3
	Omit	"Minister". Insert instead "Independent Planning Commission".	4
11.8	Stat	utory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975 (1976 No 4)	5
	Sche	dule 2 Public offices	6
	Omit	"Planning Assessment Commission".	7
	Inser	t instead "Independent Planning Commission".	8
11.9	Sub	ordinate Legislation Act 1989 No 146	9
	Sche	dule 5 Further postponement of repeal of certain statutory rules	10
	Inser	t at the end of the Schedule:	11
	8	Postponement of repeal of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000	12 13
		The Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 remains in force until 1 September 2020, unless sooner repealed.	14 15

Schedule 12 Repeal of Acts	1
The following Acts are repealed:	2
Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2008 No 36	3
Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Part 3A Repeal) Act 2011 No 22	4
Local Government and Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment (Transfer of Functions) Act 2001 No 93	5 6
Miscellaneous Acts (Planning) Repeal and Amendment Act 1979 No 205	7

Schedule 13			Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017	1 2 3
Part 1 Prelin		Prelin	minary	4
1	Nam	e of Regu	ılation	5
			egulation is the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, onal and Other Provisions) Regulation 2017.	6 7
2	Com	menceme	ent	8
		Environ	egulation commences on the commencement of Schedule 13 to the mental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2017.	9
		the appli	e section 10.16 of the Act for provisions relating to the making of this Regulation and cation to this Regulation of provisions of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> and the ate Legislation Act 1989.	11 12 13
3	Defir	nitions		14
	(1)		legulation:	15
		Note. The	means the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> .  e Act and the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> contain definitions and other provisions that interpretation and application of this Regulation.	16 17 18
	(2)	Notes in	cluded in this Regulation do not form part of this Regulation.	19
Par		Plann	sions consequent on enactment of Environmental ing and Assessment Amendment Act 2017	20 21
4	Definitions: Part 2			
		In this P amendin 2017.	art:  ng Act means the Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act	23 24 25
		whether property	neans any legal or equitable estate or interest (whether present or future and vested or contingent and whether personal or assignable) in real or personal or of any description (including money), and includes securities, choses in and documents.	26 27 28 29
		whether	s means all liabilities, debts and obligations (whether present or future and vested or contingent and whether personal or assignable).	30 31
			eans all rights, powers, privileges and immunities (whether present or future ther vested or contingent and whether personal or assignable).	32 33
5	Inter	pretation	of transferred provisions not affected by transfer	34
		amendin	visions of Schedules 1, 2 and 3 are, to the extent that as a result of the 1 ag Act they re-enact provisions of the Act, transferred provisions to which 30A of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> applies.	35 36 37
6	Minis	sterial co	rporation sole (cf previous s 8)	38
	(1)	purposes	nning Ministerial Corporation constituted under this Act is taken for all s, including the rules of private international law, to be a continuation of, and e legal entity as, the corporation constituted as the "Minister administering"	39 40 41

		the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979" under section 8 of the Act immediately before the repeal of that section by the amending Act.	1				
	(2)	Without limiting the operation of this clause, the assets, rights and liabilities of the corporation so constituted are the assets, rights and liabilities of the Planning Ministerial Corporation.	3 4 5				
7	Planning Assessment Commission (cf previous s 23B)						
	(1)	The Independent Planning Commission constituted under the Act is taken for all purposes, including the rules of private international law, to be a continuation of, and the same legal entity as, the Planning Assessment Commission established under section 23B of the Act immediately before the repeal of that section by the amending Act.	7 8 9 10 11				
	(2)	Without limiting the operation of this clause, the assets, rights and liabilities of the Planning Assessment Commission are the assets, rights and liabilities of the Independent Planning Commission constituted under the Act.	12 13 14				
	(3)	A person holding office as a member of the Planning Assessment Commission immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken to have been appointed as a member of the Independent Planning Commission for the balance of the member's term of office under the Act.	15 16 17 18				
	(4)	A determination (or purported determination) by the chairperson of the Planning Assessment Commission before the commencement of this clause for the Commission to be constituted by more or fewer than 3 members for the purposes of exercising its functions with respect to a particular matter is taken to be, and always to have been, valid.	19 20 21 22 23				
8	Sydney planning panels						
	(1)	A person holding office as a member of a Sydney planning panel (including a council nominee) under Part 3 of the <i>Greater Sydney Commission Act 2015</i> immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken to have been appointed or nominated as a member of the corresponding Sydney district planning panel established under the Act for the balance of the person's term of office.	25 26 27 28 29				
	(2)	A reference in this clause to a member includes a reference to an alternate of a member appointed under the <i>Greater Sydney Commission Act 2015</i> .	30 31				
9	Join	t regional planning panels	32				
	(1)	A person holding office as a member of a joint regional planning panel (including a council nominee) under section 23G of, and Schedule 4 to, the Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken to have been appointed or nominated as a member of the corresponding regional planning panel established under the Act for the balance of the person's term of office.	33 34 35 36 37				
	(2)	A reference in this clause to a member includes a reference to an alternate of a member appointed under the Act.	38 39				
10	Local planning panels						
	(1)	A person holding office as a member of a local planning panel under section 23K immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken to have been appointed by the applicable council as a member of a local planning panel under the Act for the balance of the person's term of office.	41 42 43 44				
	(2)	A reference in this clause to a member includes a reference to an alternate of a	45				

member appointed under the Act.

11	Exis	ting delegations	1		
		A delegation of a function under section 23 of the Act (as in force before the repeal of that section by the amending Act) is, on that repeal, taken to be a delegation of that function under section 2.4 of the Act.	2 3 4		
12	Regi	stration of consent on NSW planning portal	5		
		A provision of the Act inserted by the amending Act that provides for the registration of a development consent or other approval on the NSW planning portal is taken, until the planning portal provides a facility for that registration, to provide for the notification of the consent or approval to the applicant for the consent or approval.	6 7 8 9		
13	Cons	struction of references to Part 5 or 5.1 of Act	10		
	(1)	A reference in any Act or statutory or other instrument under an Act, or in any contract or agreement, to Part 5 or Part 5.1 of the Act is, on and after the amendment of that Part by the amending Act, to be read as a reference to Division 5.1 or Division 5.2, respectively, of Part 5 of the Act.	11 12 13 14		
	(2)	This clause does not apply to any such reference in the Act or this Regulation and is subject to any contrary intention in the provision in which the reference occurs.	15 16		
14	Existing building and other Part 4A certificates				
	(1)	A certificate that was issued under Part 4A of the Act (as in force immediately before the repeal of that Part) and that continues to have effect is taken to be a corresponding certificate issued under Part 6 of the Act.	18 19 20		
	(2)	Part 4A of the Act (as in force immediately before the repeal of that Part) continues to apply to an application for a certificate under that Part pending on the repeal of that Part. Subclause (1) extends to a certificate issued on the determination of any such application.	21 22 23 24		
Sch	nedu	le 1 Transferred savings, transitional and other	0.5		
JCI	leuu	provisions—former Schedule 6 to the Act	25 26		
Scheowill b	dule 6 to	ule 10 to the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2017</i> provides that to the Act is omitted from the Act and transferred to this Regulation as Schedule 1. The provisions reported into this Regulation on the NSW Legislation website when that amending Act	27 28 29 30		
Sch	nedu		31		
		of Part 3A—former Schedule 6A to the Act	32		
Scheo	<b>Note.</b> Schedule 10 to the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2017</i> provides that Schedule 6A to the Act is omitted from the Act and transferred to this Regulation as Schedule 2. The provisions will be incorporated into this Regulation on the NSW Legislation website when that amending Act commences.				

Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2017 [NSW]
Schedule 13 Environmental Planning and Assessment (Savings, Transitional and Other Provisions)
Regulation 2017

## Schedule 3 Other transferred provisions—former Parts 1–3 of Schedule 7 to the Act

1 2

3 4 5

6

**Note**. Schedule 10 to the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2017* provides that Parts 1, 2 and 3 of Schedule 7 to the Act is omitted from the Act and transferred to this Regulation as Schedule 3. The provisions will be incorporated into this Regulation on the NSW Legislation website when that amending Act commences.