

New South Wales

Fines Amendment Bill 2017

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Fines Act 1996* to allow the Commissioner of Fines Administration:

- (a) to take civil enforcement action against a fine defaulter who is an individual without first suspending or cancelling the fine defaulter's driver licence or vehicle registration, and
- (b) to take enforcement action to recover an amount payable under a confirmed order for restitution made by the Commissioner of Victims Rights against an offender or another person (a *restitution amount*).

The Bill also makes amendments to the *Victims Rights and Support Act 2013* related to the enforcement and recovery of restitution amounts by the Commissioner of Fines Administration.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Fines Act 1996 No 99

Civil enforcement action without prior suspension or cancellation of driver licence or vehicle registration

Schedule 1 [5] allows the Commissioner of Fines Administration to take civil enforcement action against a fine defaulter who is an individual without first suspending or cancelling the fine

defaulter's driver licence or vehicle registration. Civil enforcement action consists of making an order to seize property of the fine defaulter, making an order to garnishee the fine defaulter's debts, wages or salary, or registering a fine enforcement order as a charge on the fine defaulter's land

At present, the Commissioner of Fines Administration may only take civil enforcement action against a fine defaulter who is an individual after the Commissioner has suspended or cancelled the fine defaulter's driver licence or vehicle registration. Schedule 1 [5] allows civil enforcement action to be taken against an individual without first suspending or cancelling the fine defaulter's driver licence or vehicle registration, but only if the Commissioner is satisfied that suspension or cancellation of the fine defaulter's driver licence or vehicle registration is unlikely to be successful in satisfying the fine or would have an excessively detrimental impact on the fine defaulter.

Schedule 1 [1]-[4] and [6]-[8] make consequential amendments.

Enforcement of restitution amounts

The enforcement of restitution amounts by the Commissioner of Fines Administration was previously conducted on a trial basis for 1 year (see Part 10 of the *Fines Act 1996* as in force between 1 December 2013 and 30 November 2014). (A restitution amount is an amount payable under a confirmed order for restitution, which is generally made by the Commissioner of Victims Rights against a person convicted of an offence related to an act of violence in respect of which an approval for the giving of victims support under the *Victims Rights and Support Act 2013* has been given.) This Bill proposes to re-establish those arrangements, in a modified and extended form, on a permanent basis. Specifically, **Schedule 1** [9]:

- (a) requires the Commissioner of Victims Rights to refer an unpaid restitution amount to the Commissioner of Fines Administration for the making of a court fine enforcement order, and
- (b) allows the Commissioner of Fines Administration to take enforcement action under the *Fines Act 1996* to recover the restitution amount, and
- (c) re-enacts provisions from the *Victims Rights and Support Act 2013* that enable the enforcement of a restitution amount by attachment of prison earnings, and
- (d) requires enforcement costs to be paid from a restitution amount, or part of a restitution amount, that is recovered before the balance of the restitution amount is paid into the Victims Support Fund under the *Victims Rights and Support Act 2013* (**Schedule 1 [12]** makes a consequential amendment), and
- (e) allows the Commissioner of Fines Administration to enter into arrangements with the Commissioner of Victims Rights with respect to the recovery of restitution amounts, and
- (f) provides for related matters (by, for example, deeming a restitution amount to be a fine imposed by a court for the purposes of the *Fines Act 1996* and modifying that Act in its application to a restitution amount).

Schedule 1 [10] permits the Commissioner of Fines Administration to disclose, to a person engaged in the administration or execution of the *Victims Rights and Support Act 2013*, personal information about a person liable for a restitution amount in connection with a matter that is referred to the Commissioner of Fines Administration. **Schedule 1 [11]** makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Victims Rights and Support Act 2013 No 37

Schedule 2 [26] allows the Commissioner of Victims Rights, following the confirmation of an order for restitution, to serve a debt notice on a person liable to pay the relevant restitution amount. A debt notice informs the person that the restitution amount is a debt payable to the Commissioner of Victims Rights and specifies a due date for payment. The debt notice also advises that, if the person does not pay the amount before the due date for payment, enforcement action for recovery

of the amount may be taken under the *Fines Act 1996* and additional enforcement costs may become payable under that Act if that enforcement action is taken. Schedule 2 [26] also revises and reorders existing provisions relating to confirmation of, and the amount payable under, an order for restitution. **Schedule 2 [25]** makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 2 [30] provides that, rather than a restitution amount being deemed a judgment debt recoverable by the Commissioner of Victims Rights, the Commissioner of Victims Rights must instead refer an unpaid restitution amount to the Commissioner of Fines Administration for the making of a court fine enforcement order, and the taking of enforcement action, under the *Fines Act 1996* to recover the amount. **Schedule 2 [1], [4], [5], [16], [22], [24], [29] and [33]** make consequential amendments.

Schedule 2 [3] allows the Commissioner of Victims Rights to enter into arrangements with the Commissioner of Fines Administration with respect to the recovery of restitution amounts. **Schedule 2 [2]** allows the expenses payable to the Commissioner of Fines Administration under such an arrangement to be paid from the Victims Support Fund.

Schedule 2 [15] extends the circumstances in which the Commissioner of Victims Rights may confirm an order for restitution to include when the person subject to the order agrees to its confirmation and seeks (and is granted) time to pay the relevant restitution amount under the *Fines Act 1996*.

Schedule 2 [6]–[14], [19], [23], [27], [28], [31] and [32] make related changes to the *Victims Rights and Support Act 2013*, primarily by removing the concept of "provisional order" (which is an order for restitution that has not been confirmed). Instead, the new provisions make it clear that an order for restitution cannot be enforced under the *Fines Act 1996* until it is confirmed.

Schedule 2 [17], [18], [20] and [21] clarify the procedure by which an order for restitution is confirmed.

Schedule 2 [34] makes savings and transitional provisions consequent on enactment of the proposed Act.



New South Wales

Fines Amendment Bill 2017

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Fines Amendment Bill 2017

No , 2017

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Fines Act 1996* with respect to civil enforcement of fines; to enable the enforcement under that Act of amounts payable under orders for restitution; and to make related amendments to the *Victims Rights and Support Act 2013*.

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Fines Amendment Act 2017.	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences 7 days after the date of assent to this Act.	5

Scl	nedule 1	A	Amendment of Fines Act 1996 No 99	1		
[1]	Section 3 I	Definit	tions	2		
	Insert in alp	habet	ical order in section 3 (1):	3		
		civil	enforcement action means action under Division 4 of Part 4.	4		
[2]	Sections 1	6 (2) (c), 44 (2) (c) and 108J (2) (c)	5		
	Omit "enfo Part 4" who		ent action is taken by the Sheriff or other official under Division 4 of occurring.	6 7		
	Insert instead	ad "civ	vil enforcement action is taken by the Sheriff or other official".	8		
[3]	Section 58	Sumr	mary of enforcement procedure	9		
	Omit "by th	ne fine	defaulter" from section 58 (1) (c).	10		
	without tal	king d	y the fine defaulter. Civil enforcement action may be taken before or driver licence or vehicle registration action under Division 3 if the satisfied that civil enforcement action is preferable".	11 12 13		
[4]	Section 65	Wher	n enforcement action taken under this Division	14		
	Omit the no	ote to t	he section. Insert instead:	15		
	Note. If the fine defaulter does not hold a driver licence, is not a visitor driver or is not the registered operator of a vehicle, civil enforcement action can be taken instead. In addition, civil enforcement action can be taken instead if the Commissioner is satisfied that civil enforcement action is preferable (see section 71) or if the fine defaulter is a body corporate (see section 99).					
[5]	Section 71	Wher	n enforcement action taken under this Division	21		
	Insert after	section	n 71 (1):	22		
	(1A)	actio Com havii	or or cement action may be taken under this Division before or without taking on under Division 3 if the fine defaulter is an individual and the amissioner is satisfied that civil enforcement action is preferable because, ng regard to any information known to the Commissioner about the conal circumstances of the fine defaulter:	23 24 25 26 27		
		(a)	enforcement action under Division 3 is unlikely to be successful in satisfying the fine, or	28 29		
		(b)	enforcement action under Division 3 would have an excessively detrimental impact on the fine defaulter.	30 31		
	(1B)	the a	Commissioner may decide that civil enforcement action is preferable in absence of, and without giving notice to or making inquiries of, the fine ulter.	32 33 34		
[6]	Sections 7	8 (b) a	and 101 (1A) (a) (ii)	35		
	Omit "enfo	rceme	nt action under Division 4" wherever occurring.	36		
	Insert instead	ad "civ	vil enforcement action".	37		
[7]	Section 99	Modi	fication of enforcement procedures	38		
	Omit "enfo	rceme	nt action may be taken under Division 4 (Civil enforcement)".	39		
	Insert instead	ad "civ	vil enforcement action may be taken".	40		

[8]	Sect	ion 10	1 Unp	paid fines may be written off	1
	Inse	t "actio	on" af	ter "civil enforcement" in section 101 (2).	2
[9]	Part	7A			3
	Inse	rt after	Part 7	:	4
	Pai	+ 7Δ	Fnf	forcement of orders for restitution	
	Note	. See Pa	art 10,	as in force between 1 December 2013 and 30 November 2014, for the trial for the litution orders that preceded this Part.	$\frac{6}{7}$
	Div	ision	1	General	8
	112B	Defir	nitions	5	ę
			In th	is Part:	10
			appr	copriate custodial officer means:	11
			(a)	in the case of a person sentenced to imprisonment—the Commissioner of Corrective Services or the governor of the correctional centre in which the person is imprisoned, or	12 13 14
			(b)	in the case of a person sentenced to children's detention—the Secretary of the Department of Justice or the person in charge of the detention centre in which the person is detained.	15 16 17
			attac	chment order—see section 112G.	18
				dren's detention means detention under an order under section 33 (1) (g) are Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987.	19 20
				er for restitution means an order for restitution under Part 5 of the Victims ats and Support Act 2013 that is a confirmed order under that Part.	21 22
			priso	on earnings means:	23
			(a)	in the case of a person sentenced to imprisonment—the person's earnings at the correctional centre in which the person is imprisoned, or	2 ⁴ 25
			(b)	in the case of a person sentenced to children's detention—the funds held on behalf of the person at the detention centre in which the person is detained.	26 27 28
				vant offence has the same meaning as it has in Part 5 of the Victims Rights Support Act 2013.	29 30
			resti	tution amount means an amount payable under an order for restitution.	31
	112C	Rest	itutio	n amounts taken to be court imposed fines	32
		(1)		the purposes of this Act, a restitution amount is taken to be a fine imposed court.	33 34
		(2)	Acco	ordingly:	35
			(a)	the Commissioner may make a court fine enforcement order under Division 3 of Part 2 for the enforcement of a restitution amount, and	36 37
			(b)	enforcement action may be taken in respect of that amount under this Act.	38 39
		(3)		court fine enforcement order may be in a form that is appropriate to the umstances of the case.	40 41

	(4)	A reference in Division 3 of Part 2 to the registrar of the court is taken, in relation to a restitution amount, to be a reference to the Commissioner of Victims Rights.	1 2 3
		Note. Under the <i>Victims Rights and Support Act 2013</i> , the Commissioner of Victims Rights has the functions of the registrar under that Division in relation to a restitution amount.	4 5
112D	App	cation of Act to restitution amounts	7
		This Act applies to restitution amounts in the same way as it applies to fines imposed by a court, subject to the following:	8
		(a) Divisions 1 and 2 of Part 2 do not apply,	10
		(b) Division 6 (Imprisonment) of Part 4 does not apply,	11
		(c) Part 6 does not apply,	12
		(d) any other modifications provided for by this Part or by the regulations or by the <i>Victims Rights and Support Act 2013</i> .	13 14
112E	Time	to pay orders	15
	(1)	A person may apply for time to pay a restitution amount, and a time to pay order may be made in relation to a restitution amount, whether or not the person is in receipt of a Government benefit.	16 17 18
	(2)	A requirement imposed by this Act that an applicant for time to pay must be a person who is in receipt of a Government benefit is to be disregarded for the purposes of this Part.	19 20 21
	(3)	Accordingly, a restitution amount is to be referred to the Commissioner for the making of a court fine enforcement order if the person seeks a time to pay order in relation to the restitution amount.	22 23 24
112F	Join	and several liability	25
		If 2 or more persons are jointly and severally liable to pay a restitution amount:	26
		(a) a separate court fine enforcement order for the restitution amount may be made against any of those persons, and	27 28
		(b) any person against whom an order is made is liable to pay any enforcement costs payable under the order made against him or her.	29 30
Divi	sion	2 Attachment of prison earnings	31
112G	Enfo	rcement by attachment of prison earnings	32
	(1)	The Commissioner may, for the purpose of enforcing payment of a restitution amount, make an attachment order in relation to a person's prison earnings.	33 34
	(2)	An <i>attachment order</i> is an order that authorises deductions to be made from a person's prison earnings and applied towards payment of a restitution amount payable by the person.	35 36 37
	(3)	An attachment order may be made only if:	38
		(a) a restitution amount payable by a person has not been paid as required by a court fine enforcement order, and	39 40
		(b) the person is serving a sentence of imprisonment or children's detention for a relevant offence in connection with which the order requiring payment of the restitution amount was imposed.	41 42 43
	(4)	An attachment order is to be in the approved form.	44

	(5)	The Commissioner is to serve notice of an attachment order on the appropriate custodial officer.	1 2				
	(6)	An attachment order may be made in the absence of, and without notice to, a fine defaulter.	3 4				
	(7)	This section does not limit the Commissioner's functions under Part 4.	5				
112H	Ded	uctions under attachment order	6				
	(1)	An appropriate custodial officer may make deductions from a person's prison earnings as authorised by an attachment order.	7 8				
	(2)	The deductions are to be paid to the Commissioner.	9				
112I	Can	cellation of attachment order	10				
	(1)	An attachment order is cancelled on payment of the restitution amount concerned.	11 12				
	(2)	The Commissioner may cancel an attachment order at any time for any good reason.	13 14				
Div	ision	3 Miscellaneous	15				
112J	Effe	Effect of appeals					
	(1)	The Commissioner must not commence enforcement action under this Part, and is to suspend any enforcement action already taken, in respect of a restitution amount payable by a person if the Commissioner of Victims Rights notifies the Commissioner of a relevant appeal by the person.	17 18 19 20				
	(2)	Subsection (1) has effect until the appeal proceedings have been finally determined.					
	(3)	The Commissioner suspends enforcement action as follows:	23				
		(a) by directing Roads and Maritime Services to cease enforcement action under Division 3 of Part 4,	24 25				
		Note. See section 65 (4).	26				
		(b) by cancelling any property seizure order that has already been made in relation to the restitution amount that has not been executed,	27 28				
		(c) by cancelling any garnishee order for payment of the restitution amount that has already been made in relation to the debts due and accruing to the person,	29 30 31				
		(d) by cancelling any attachment order that has already been made against the person for payment of the restitution amount.	32 33				
	(4)	However, any property obtained as a result of enforcement action is not required to be returned, and a charge on land created under Part 4 need not be cancelled, unless the relevant court fine enforcement order is withdrawn.	34 35 36				
	(5)	The suspension of enforcement action by the Commissioner does not prevent further enforcement action being taken after the appeal proceedings have been finally determined.	37 38 39				
	(6)	On the final determination of the appeal proceedings, the Commissioner may, by order, vary a court fine enforcement order in accordance with the outcome of the appeal.	40 41 42				
	(7)	Notice of the variation is to be served on the fine defaulter in the same way as notice of a court fine enforcement order.	43 44				

		(8)	In section 69, a reference to an appeal against conviction includes, in relation to a court fine enforcement order for a restitution amount, a reference to a relevant appeal.				
		(9)	In this sec	etion:	4		
			relevant a	appeal means:	5		
			adn	application to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an ministrative review under the <i>Administrative Decisions Review Act</i> of the decision to make the order for restitution, or	6 7 8		
			adn 199	application to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an ministrative review under the <i>Administrative Decisions Review Act</i> of the decision to approve the making of a recognition payment m which the order for restitution arises, or	9 10 11 12		
			the the	appeal against conviction for a relevant offence in respect of which order for restitution was imposed or an application under Part 2 of <i>Crimes (Appeal and Review) Act 2001</i> to annul conviction for the evant offence.	13 14 15 16		
	112K	Payn	nent of mo	ney recovered	17		
		(1)		unt recovered under a court fine enforcement order made under this be applied as follows:	18 19		
				tly, towards enforcement costs payable under the court fine corcement order,	20 21		
			(b) sec	ondly, towards payment of the restitution amount.	22		
		(2)	enforcement section 1:	oplied towards payment of the restitution amount, after payment of ent costs, is money recovered under this Act for the purposes of 5 of the <i>Victims Rights and Support Act 2013</i> . Accordingly, that payable into the Victims Support Fund under that Act.	23 24 25 26		
		(3)	Section 1 order.	22C applies to any overpayment under a court fine enforcement	27 28		
		(4)	This secti Act 2013.	on does not affect section 106 (4) of the Victims Rights and Support	29 30		
	112L	Arrai	ngements	with Commissioner of Victims Rights	31		
				missioner may enter into arrangements with the Commissioner of Rights of a kind referred to in section 16A of the <i>Victims Rights and let 2013</i> .	32 33 34		
[10]	Sect	ion 11	7A Disclos	sure of information by Commissioner	35		
	Inser	t after	section 117	'A (1) (c) (v):	36		
			(vi)	to a person engaged in the administration or execution of the <i>Victims Rights and Support Act 2013</i> , in connection with a matter referred to the Commissioner for the making of a court fine enforcement order under this Act, or	37 38 39 40		
[11]	Sect	ion 11	7A (3)		41		
	Omit	"to an	agency ref	ferred to in subsection (1) (c) (i) or (ii)".	42		
	Inser	t instea	ad "as refer	red to in subsection (1) (c) (i), (ii) or (vi)".	43		

[12] Section 121 Fines payable into Consolidated Fund

Insert "to the other provisions of this Act and" before "to the provisions" in section 121 (2).

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1

Scl				Amendment of Victims Rights and Support Act 013 No 37	1
[1]	Sect	ion 15	Paym	ents into Fund	3
	Omit	t section	on 15 (c	c). Insert instead:	4
			(c)	all money payable under Part 5 that is recovered under this Act or under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> ,	5
			(c1)	all money recovered under Part 7,	7
[2]	Sect	ion 16	Paym	ents from Fund	8
	Inser	t after	section	n 16 (d):	9
			(d1)	all expenses incurred by the Commissioner of Fines Administration that are payable to the Commissioner of Fines Administration under an arrangement referred to in section 16A,	10 11 12
			(d2)	all set-off amounts that are payable to the Commissioner of Fines Administration under section 45,	13 14
[3]	Sect	ion 16	SA		15
	Inser	t after	section	a 16:	16
	16A	Arra	ngeme	ents with Commissioner of Fines Administration	17
		(1)	Fines Fines	Commissioner may enter into arrangements with the Commissioner of s Administration with respect to the recovery by the Commissioner of s Administration of amounts payable under orders for restitution within neaning of Part 5.	18 19 20 21
		(2)	reiml	out limiting subsection (1), the arrangements may provide for the bursement from the Fund of expenses incurred by the Commissioner of Administration in connection with the recovery of those amounts.	22 23 24
[4]	Sect	ion 45	;		25
	Omit	t the se	ection.	Insert instead:	26
	45	Payı	nents	may be applied towards liability for restitution under Part 5	27
		(1)	liable the a	ancial support or a recognition payment is payable to a person who is also be for payment of a restitution amount, the Commissioner may authorise amount payable, or any part of that amount, to be applied towards harging the person's liability for the restitution amount.	28 29 30 31
		(2)		amount that the Commissioner authorises to be applied towards narging the person's liability for a restitution amount is a <i>set-off amount</i> .	32 33
		(3)	a rest	n a set-off amount is applied towards discharging a person's liability for titution amount, the person is taken to have been paid financial support or ognition payment to the extent of the set-off amount.	34 35 36
		(4)	Adm	e restitution amount has been referred to the Commissioner of Fines inistration for the making of a court fine enforcement order under the s Act 1996, the set-off amount:	37 38 39
			(a)	is to be paid to the Commissioner of Fines Administration, and	40

		 (b) is taken to be an amount recovered from the person under a court fine enforcement order made under that Act. Note. Section 112K of the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> provides that amounts recovered under the court fine enforcement order are to be applied firstly towards enforcement costs payable under the order and secondly towards payment of the restitution amount. 	1 2 3 4 5
	(5)	If the restitution amount has not been referred to the Commissioner of Fines Administration for the making of a court fine enforcement order under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> , the person is taken to have paid the restitution amount to the extent of the set-off amount.	6 7 8 9
	(6)	In this section: <i>restitution amount</i> means an amount payable under a confirmed order within the meaning of Part 5.	10 11 12
[5]	Section 56	Recovery from fraudulent claimants	13
	Omit section	n 56 (3). Insert instead:	14
	(3)	The provisions of Part 5 relating to the recovery of money under an order for restitution and Part 7A of the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> apply to an order for restitution under this section (with any modifications prescribed by the regulations).	15 16 17
[6]	Section 58	Definitions	18
	Omit the de review prod	efinitions of defendant, objection, order for restitution, provisional order and ceedings.	19 20
	Insert in alp	phabetical order:	21
		confirmed order means an order for restitution that is confirmed by the Commissioner or the Tribunal under section 63, 64 or 67.	22 23
		debt notice—see section 70B.	24
		<i>defendant</i> means the person on whom an order for restitution is served. <i>Fines Commissioner</i> means the Commissioner of Fines Administration under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> .	25 26 27
		<i>objection</i> means an objection by the defendant under section 62 to an order for restitution.	28 29
		<i>order for restitution</i> means an order for restitution that is made by the Commissioner under section 59 or 60.	30 31
		review proceedings means proceedings of the Tribunal concerning an order for restitution.	32 33
[7]	Sections 5	9 (1) and 63 (2)	34
	Omit "a pro	ovisional order" wherever occurring. Insert instead "an order".	35
[8]	Sections 5	9 (2) and 60 (2)–(4)	36
	Omit "A pr	ovisional order" wherever occurring. Insert instead "An order".	37
[9]	Section 60	Commissioner's discretion to make order for restitution by other person	38
	Omit "a pro	ovisional order has" and "a provisional order for" from section 60 (1).	39
	Insert instea	ad "an order for restitution has" and "an order for", respectively.	40
[10]	Sections 6	0 (3) and 68 (4)	41
	Omit "the p	provisional order" wherever occurring. Insert instead "the order for restitution".	42

[11]	Section 60	(4)		1
	Omit "or an	ny cons	sequent restitution order".	2
	Insert inste	ad "by	the Commissioner or the Tribunal or".	3
[12]	Sections 6	1 (1), (67 (3) and (4) and 69 (1)	4
	Omit "a pro	ovision	nal order" wherever occurring. Insert instead "an order for restitution".	5
[13]	Section 61	Notifi	ication of decision	6
	Omit "the o	confirn	nation of' from section 61 (2) (d) (i).	7
[14]	Section 62	Objec	ction to order	8
	Omit section	on 62 (1). Insert instead:	9
	(1)		erson served with notice of an order for restitution may lodge a written ction to the order with the Commissioner.	10 11
[15]	Section 63	Confi	rmation by Commissioner of order if no objection	12
	Omit section	on 63 (1). Insert instead:	13
	(1)		Commissioner may confirm an order for restitution without conducting a ing if:	14 15
		(a)	the Commissioner is satisfied that the person has not lodged an objection within 28 days after notice of the order was served on the person, or	16 17 18
		(b)	the person agrees to the confirmation of the order and seeks time to pay the amount payable under the order under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> .	19 20
	(1A)	confi	erson cannot object to the making of the order if the person agrees to its firmation and seeks a time to pay order under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> , and the seeks Commissioner decides to make the time to pay order sought by the on.	21 22 23 24
[16]	Section 63	(3)		25
	Omit the su	bsecti	on.	26
[17]	Section 64	Powe	ers of Commissioner on objection	27
	Omit section	n 64 (1) (b). Insert instead:	28
		(b)	confirm the decision to which the objection was made (with or without variations) or reverse that decision.	29 30
[18]	Section 64	(2) an	ıd (2A)	31
	Omit section	on 64 (2	2). Insert instead:	32
	(2)	confi	Commissioner may confirm the order for restitution if the Commissioner firms the decision to which the objection was made (with or without ations).	33 34 35
	(2A)		ore confirming the order, the Commissioner may vary the order by cing the amount payable under it.	36 37
[19]	Section 64	(3)		38
	Omit "disc restitution"		the provisional order concerned". Insert instead "revoke the order for	39 40

[20]	Section 67 Powers of Tribunal on administrative review							
	Omi	t sectio	n 67 ((1) (a). Insert instead:	2			
			(a)	confirm the original decision the subject of review (with or without variations) or reverse that decision, and	3 4			
[21]	Sect	ion 67	(2A)		5			
	Inse	rt after	sectio	on 67 (2):	6			
		(2A)	proc	Tribunal may confirm the order for restitution the subject of the review reedings if the Tribunal confirms the decision to make the order (with or nout variations).	7 8 9			
[22]	Section 68 Arrangements for reduction of amount payable							
	Omi	t sectio	n 68 ((1) and (2). Insert instead:	11			
		(1)	resp	Commissioner and a defendant may enter into an arrangement with ect to payment under an order for restitution (whether or not it is a firmed order) that enables the defendant to satisfy the order by paying a need amount.	12 13 14 15			
[23]	Sect	ion 68	(4)		16			
	Omit "taken". Insert instead "recommenced on application".							
[24]	Section 68 (5)							
	Insert after section 68 (4):							
		(5)	matt	Commissioner cannot enter into an arrangement under this section if the ter has been referred to the Fines Commissioner for the making of a court enforcement order under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> .	20 21 22			
[25]	Sect	ion 69	Prov	isions relating to orders for restitution confirmed by Tribunal	23			
	Omi	t sectio	n 69 ((2) and (3).	24			
[26]	Sections 70–70B							
	Insert after section 69:							
	70	Amo	unt p	ayable	27			
		(1)	The resti has	maximum amount that may be ordered to be paid under an order for tution (whether made against one or more defendants) is the amount that been paid to the victim under an approval for the giving of financial port or making of a recognition payment to which the order relates.	28 29 30 31			
		(2)	the reco	n order for restitution is made against 2 or more defendants in respect of same approval for the giving of financial support or making of a gnition payment, each of the defendants is jointly and severally liable er the order.	32 33 34 35			
	70A	Effec	t of c	confirmation of order and due date for payment	36			
		(1)	the a	n order for restitution is confirmed by the Commissioner or the Tribunal, amount payable under the order by the person or persons against whom the er is made is a debt payable to the Commissioner.	37 38 39			

		(2)		due date for the amount is the due date for payment specified in a debt se served on the person.	1 2		
	70B	Debt	notic	e to be served	3		
		(1)	confi	Commissioner may, by notice served on a person against whom a irmed order has been made (a <i>debt notice</i>), require the person to pay the unt payable by the person under the order.	4 5 6		
		(2)		notice is to specify the amount payable, the due date for payment and the on to whom it is to be paid.	7 8		
		(3)		due date specified must not be less than 28 days after the notice is served the person.	9 10		
		(4)		bt notice must inform the person that, if the amount payable is not paid by ue date:	11 12		
			(a)	the matter may be referred to the Fines Commissioner and enforcement action for recovery of the amount may be taken under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> , and	13 14 15		
			(b)	additional enforcement costs may become payable under that Act if that enforcement action is taken.	16 17		
[27]				rs for restitution to be subject to administrative review of relevant tims support	18 19		
	Omit "An order for restitution" from section 71 (1). Insert instead "A confirmed order".						
[28]	Sect	ion 71	(3)		21		
	Omit	"prov	isional	order". Insert instead "order for restitution".	22		
[29]	Section 71 (4)						
	Insert after section 71 (3):						
		(4)	for th	e Commissioner refers an order for restitution to the Fines Commissioner ne making of a court fine enforcement order under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> , the missioner must advise the Fines Commissioner:	25 26 27		
			(a)	if an application is made for administrative review of the decision to approve the making of a recognition payment from which the order arises, and	28 29 30		
			(b)	of the outcome of the application.	31		
[30]	Sections 72 and 73						
	Omit	the se	ctions.	. Insert instead:	33		
	72	Enfo	rceme	ent of order for restitution	34		
		(1)	unde of the Note . referr the du	Commissioner has, and is to exercise, the functions of a registrar of a court or Division 3 of Part 2 of the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> (as they apply under Part 7A at Act) in relation to an amount payable under an order for restitution. Under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> , a restitution amount is taken to be a fine and is to be red to the Fines Commissioner for enforcement under that Act if it is not paid by use date or if the person required to pay the restitution amount seeks a time to pay	35 36 37 38 39		
		(2)	If the	in respect of the amount. e Commissioner confirms an order for restitution following an objection ne defendant, the Commissioner is not to refer the matter to the Fines	41 42 43		

				nmissioner for the making of a court fine enforcement order under the as Act 1996:	1 2		
			(a)	before the period in which an application may be made to the Tribunal by the defendant for an administrative review of the decision to make the order has expired, or	3 4 5		
			(b)	if the defendant has applied to the Tribunal for an administrative review of the decision to make the order, until the application is finally determined.	6 7 8		
		(3)	enfo	matter is referred to the Fines Commissioner for the making of a court fine remember order, the Commissioner must provide the Fines Commissioner any information about the order for restitution that the Fines missioner reasonably requires to monitor the status of the order.	9 10 11 12		
	73	Join	t and	several liability	13		
		(1)		or more persons are jointly and severally liable for the payment of an unt payable under a confirmed order:	14 15		
			(a)	a debt notice may be served on any of those persons, and	16		
			(b)	in each case, the matter may be referred to the Fines Commissioner for the making of a court fine enforcement order under the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> against the person on whom the debt notice was served.	17 18 19		
		(2)		ordingly, more than one referral, and more than one court fine rement order, may be made in respect of the amount payable.	20 21		
		(3)	enfo	total amount that may be recovered under the order (excluding reement costs) is not to exceed the total amount payable under the order estitution.	22 23 24		
		(4)	paya acco	or more persons are jointly and severally liable for payment of the amount able under an order for restitution, a person who pays an amount in ordance with the liability imposed by this Part has such rights of ribution or indemnity from the other person or persons as are just.	25 26 27 28		
[31]	Sect	ion 74	Effec	et of order for restitution on subsequent civil proceedings	29		
	Omit "an order for restitution" from section 74 (3). Insert instead "a confirmed order".						
[32]	Section 75 Access to information about whereabouts of defendant						
	Omit "a provisional order on the defendant or taking any action against the defendant to enforce an order for restitution".						
	Insert instead "an order for restitution on the defendant or any other notice required under this Part".						
[33]	Sections 76 and 77						
	Omit the sections.						

enforcement order,

[34]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
	Insert at the	e end of	f the Schedule, with appropriate Part and clause numbering:	2				
	Part	Provisions consequent on enactment of Fines Amendment Act 2017						
	Defi	efinitions In this Part:						
		amen	ading Act means the Fines Amendment Act 2017.	7				
		existing order means:						
		(a)	an order for restitution arising from a provisional order that was confirmed by the Commissioner or Tribunal before the substitution of section 72 by the amending Act, or	9 10 11				
		(b)	an order for restitution within the meaning of the <i>Victims Support and Rehabilitation Act 1996</i> (as in force before its repeal) that is in force.	12 13				
	Ame	mendments apply to orders confirmed after commencement						
	(1)	order by the	imendments made to this Act by the amending Act apply in respect of any for restitution (within the meaning of Part 5 of this Act) that is confirmed a Commissioner or the Tribunal after the substitution of section 72 by the ading Act.	15 16 17 18				
	(2)	substi in for	mendment does not affect the validity of any action taken before that itution in respect of an existing order and, subject to this Part, this Act, as ree at the time the action was taken, continues to apply in respect of the ing order.	19 20 21 22				
	Exte	Extension of amendments to existing orders						
	(1)	Admi	Commissioner may refer an existing order to the Commissioner of Fines inistration for the making of a court fine enforcement order under the search 1996 if:	24 25 26				
		(a)	the Commissioner serves a debt notice on the person against whom the order was made in accordance with section 70B, and	27 28				
		(b)	that amount is not paid by the due date.	29				
	(2)		amount is referred as provided for by this clause, Part 7A of the <i>Fines Act</i> extends to the amount payable under the existing order.	30 31				
	(3)	For that purpose, a reference in the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> to an order for restitution under this Act is taken to include a reference to an existing order.						
	(4)	an ex	following provisions have effect if an amount payable by a person under isting order is referred to the Commissioner of Fines Administration for taking of a court fine enforcement order against the person:	34 35 36				
		(a)	the Commissioner cannot commence or maintain any proceedings under section 72 (as in force before its substitution by the amending Act) for the payment of the amount by the person,	37 38 39				
		(b)	any charge registered on land owned by the defendant under section 76 (as in force before its repeal by the amending Act) to secure payment of the amount is taken to be a charge duly registered under section 74 of the <i>Fines Act 1996</i> as if the order for restitution were a court fine	40 41 42 43				

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amending Act).

(5)

substitution by the amending Act) can continue to be made as if an attachment order had duly been made against the person under Part 7A of the *Fines Act 1996*.

This clause applies to an existing order only if, immediately before the order is referred to the Commissioner of Fines Administration, the order is enforceable under section 72 (as in force before its substitution by the

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any deductions being made under section 73 (as in force before its