

New South Wales

## **Home Building Amendment Bill 2014**

### **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

#### Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Home Building Act 1989*, in connection with the statutory review of that Act, to deal with the following matters:

- (a) penalties for unlicensed work—by increasing the maximum penalty for a second or subsequent offence by an unlicensed individual who does, or offers to do, residential building work or specialist work, or a licensee or developer who hires unlicensed persons (including imprisonment as a sentencing option),
- (b) contracts to do residential building work or specialist work—including by extending the matters for which contracts must provide, regulating progress payments and increasing the cap on deposits,
- (c) contracts to supply kit homes—including by extending the matters for which contracts must provide and increasing the cap on deposits,
- (d) statutory warranties implied into contracts—including by requiring work to be done with due care and skill (rather than in a proper and workmanlike manner, as at present), clarifying the responsibilities of subcontractors for breaches of the warranties, imposing duties on consumers to mitigate loss and notify defects, clarifying the test of which home building defects require a greater warranty period and providing a defence for builders who rely on the instructions of a professional acting for the consumer,
- (e) contractor licences, supervisor certificates and tradesperson certificates—including by broadening the grounds on which a person is disqualified from holding a licence or certificate, providing for consistent consideration for all licensing and certification

- decisions and consolidating licensing and certification provisions currently spread across the Act and regulations,
- (f) notification of insolvency, winding up or deregistration of licence holders—by requiring the holders of contractor licences to notify their insolvency, winding up or deregistration and making a breach of that obligation an executive liability offence,
- (g) owner-building—including by requiring special circumstances before an owner-builder permit can authorise work that relates to dual occupancy, requiring all owner-builder applicants to undertake safety training or other training, prohibiting joint owners of property upon which owner-builder works are being carried out from carrying out owner-building work on other properties within 5 years, broadening the grounds on which a person is disqualified from holding an owner-builder permit and consolidating permit provisions currently spread across the Act and regulations,
- (h) resolution of building disputes—including by making further provision for the issue of rectification orders (which are used to resolve disputes), by allowing for orders to set out stages for rectification work, by clarifying that they can require the payment of money by a consumer only when the money is due under a home building contract, by making it a breach of a licence to fail to comply with a rectification order and requiring a court or tribunal, when determining a building claim, to have regard to the principle that rectification of the defective work by the responsible party is the preferred option,
- (i) disciplinary proceedings—including by changing the meaning of improper conduct, and the grounds for disciplinary action, to cover work done otherwise than with due care and skill (rather than otherwise than in a good and workmanlike manner, as at present),
- (j) home warranty insurance—including by clarifying when a contractor is taken to have disappeared, requiring residential building work done under a contract to be insured in the name under which the person contracted to do the work, providing that a contract of insurance extends to the rectification of the original residential building work, preventing owner-builders from obtaining home warranty insurance, providing an increased maximum penalty for a second or subsequent offence by an individual of uninsured contracting to do residential building work or specialist work or seeking that work by or for an uninsured person, improving access to insurance in cases of insolvency and renaming home warranty insurance as insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund,
- (k) other minor, consequential or ancillary matters—including by moving definitions, and exclusions from certain definitions, from the regulations to the Act and dealing with savings and transitional matters.

### Outline of provisions

**Clause 1** sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

**Clause 2** provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

### Schedule 1 Amendment of Home Building Act 1989 No 147

#### Preliminary and interpretation

**Schedule 1** amends Part 1 of the Act (dealing with interpretation and other preliminary matters) as follows:

- (a) by moving definitions in the Act to a Schedule and by moving from the regulations to the Act provisions about matters or work that are included or excluded from the definitions of *dwelling* and *residential building work*,
- (b) by providing that, for the purposes of the Act and regulations and a contract of insurance under the Act, the date of completion of a new building in a strata scheme occurs on the

- issue of an occupation certificate for the building or on the occurrence of some other event that is prescribed by the regulations,
- (c) by making it clear that the application of the Act to specialist work is not limited to specialist work that is residential building work and extends to commercial, industrial and other specialist work that is not residential building work,
- (d) by excluding from the definition of *residential building work*, and thus from the operation of the Act's requirements about contracts and licensing:
  - (i) work comprising the construction of concrete tennis courts (and the like), ornamental ponds and water features and other structural ornamentation, if the work is undertaken as a stand-alone project, and
  - (ii) internal paintwork, if undertaken as a stand-alone project, and
  - (iii) off-site work to fabricate a manufactured home,
- (e) by making consequential amendments.

#### Contracting to do residential building work or specialist work

**Schedule 1** amends Part 2 of the Act (dealing with the regulation of residential building work and specialist work) as follows:

- (a) by increasing the maximum penalty (and to include the option of imprisonment as a penalty) for a second or subsequent offence committed by an individual against provisions that prohibit unlicensed contracting and seeking work by or for an unlicensed person,
- (b) by including in the Act provisions currently in the regulations that provide for the terms that must be included in contracts and that create exceptions to requirements as to the form and content of contracts, cooling-off periods for contracts and the duty to provide copies of contracts,
- (c) by requiring contracts to do residential building work to include details of any progress payments payable under the contract and a statement about how the contract can be terminated,
- (d) by extending an existing offence about compliance with contract requirements to cover non-compliance with requirements of the regulations as to the terms and other matter that must or must not be included in contracts,
- (e) by providing that the maximum deposit for residential building work is 10% of the contract price, regardless of the contract price (up from 5% when the contract price is more than \$20,000),
- (f) by imposing restrictions on the progress payments that can be required under a contract to do residential building work with a value more than a prescribed amount (currently \$20,000),
- (g) by inserting notes as aids to interpretation of provisions relating to exemptions.

#### Contracts to supply kit homes

**Schedule 1** amends Part 2A of the Act (dealing with the regulation of the supply of kit homes) as follows:

- (a) by transferring from the regulations to the Act the terms that a contract for the supply of a kit home must include,
- (b) by extending an existing offence about compliance with contract requirements to cover non-compliance with requirements of the regulations as to the terms and other matter that must or must not be included in contracts,
- (c) by providing that the maximum amount of a deposit for the supply of a kit home is 10% of the contract price (up from 5% where the contract price is \$20,000 or less).

#### Statutory warranties

**Schedule 1** amends Part 2C of the Act (dealing with statutory warranties) to clarify the rights and obligations of licensees and consumers under the statutory warranties (which imply minimum standards of work into a contract to do residential building work), as follows:

- (a) by providing for a warranty to be implied into every contract to do residential building work that the work will be done with due care and skill (rather than in a proper and workmanlike manner, as at present), so as to modernise the Act's terminology and make it more consistent with the *Australian Consumer Law (NSW)*,
- (b) by providing that, although the principal contractor is primarily responsible to the consumer for a breach of a statutory warranty (even when the breach relates to work undertaken by a subcontractor) subcontractors are also responsible for statutory warranties,
- (c) by setting out the duties of a person who has the benefit of a statutory warranty (a *consumer*), as follows:
  - (i) by imposing a duty on the consumer to mitigate loss arising from a breach of the warranty,
  - (ii) by introducing a defect notification period, requiring the consumer to notify the licensee of a defect in the residential building work within 6 months of when the consumer became aware or ought reasonably to have become aware of the defect,
  - (iii) by requiring consumers to allow the licensee reasonable access to the site, so that the licensee can rectify the work,
  - (iv) by allowing a court or tribunal to take any failure to mitigate loss or give notice of a defect into account in proceedings concerning a breach of statutory warranty and by providing that a court or tribunal must take into account any failure to comply with the duty to allow reasonable access,
- (d) by changing the kind of defect that attracts a 6-year statutory warranty period from *structural defect* (as defined in the regulations) to a *major defect* in a major element of the building,
- (e) by providing for a defence in proceedings for a breach of a statutory warranty for licensed builders who rely on the instructions of a professional acting for the person for whom the work was contracted (and who is independent of the builder).

# Contractor licences, supervisor certificates, tradesperson certificates and owner-builder permits

**Schedule 1** amends Part 3 of the Act (dealing with the issue, cancellation and suspension of contractor licences, supervisor certificates, tradesperson certificates and owner-builder permits) as follows:

- (a) by transferring from the regulations to the Act provisions dealing with the grounds on which a person is disqualified from applying for or holding a contractor licence, supervisor certificate and tradesperson certificate and amending those provisions as follows:
  - (i) by providing that a provision that currently prevents a licence or certificate from being issued to a person who is or was a director or a person involved in the management of a corporation that is under external administration at the time of making the decision extends to disqualify those with such involvement in corporations that have already been wound up,
  - (ii) by amending the exemptions from the grounds on which a licence or certificate can be refused relating to an applicant who is or was a director or concerned in the management of an externally-administered body corporate, to provide for a members' voluntary winding up only to be exempt and for any other voluntary winding up (such as by creditors) to be a ground to refuse a licence or a certificate,
  - (iii) by preventing the issue of a licence or certificate to a person involved in a home building entity that has been the subject of an unreasonably large number of

- complaints, cautions, penalty notices or home warranty insurance claims under the Act, the *Australian Consumer Law (NSW)* or other relevant legislation,
- (iv) by making the fit and proper person test mandatory, so that an application must be refused if it is considered that the applicant, or a close associate of the applicant who exercises a significant influence over the applicant or the operation and management of the applicant's business, would not be a fit and proper person to hold an authority (whereas this is currently merely an optional consideration),
- (b) by providing for consistent considerations for all licensing and certification decisions (that is, for their issue, renewal, restoration and cancellation), including by requiring the cancellation of a contractor licence if an application for a licence by the person would be required to be refused and making similar provision relating to renewal,
- (c) by requiring cancelled contractor licences, supervisor certificates and tradesperson certificates, or statements about them, to be lodged with the head of the government agency that administers the Act (the *Chief Executive*) rather than at an office of that agency, and also requiring such lodgment when licences or certificates are suspended because of failure to insure or the appointment of a controller or administrator,
- (d) by requiring the holder of a contractor licence to notify certain events or circumstances (including insolvency, winding up or deregistration), which would allow reliance on an existing power to suspend the licence if there was a risk to the public that the licensee would be unable to complete building contracts,
- (e) by providing that an offence involving failure to notify issues relating to the solvency and registration of the holder of a contractor licence is an executive liability offence, for which a director of the corporation or an individual who is involved in the management of the corporation, and who is in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the offence, may be liable,
- (f) by specifying the matters that must be considered before a provisional supervisor certificate can be issued,
- (g) by broadening the definition of *owner-builder work* to include residential building work on a secondary dwelling on land,
- (h) by providing that an owner-builder permit must not authorise its holder to do residential building work that relates to a dual occupancy unless there are special circumstances,
- (i) by requiring all applicants for owner-builder permits to undertake education or training, or hold qualifications, required by the Chief Executive or the regulations (which are intended to include a requirement to obtain a construction induction card (a "white card") under the Work Health and Safety Act 2011),
- (j) by extending the 5-year limitation that currently applies to the holder of an owner-builder permit carrying out owner-builder work on other properties, so that the limitation applies to all persons with a registered interest in land upon which owner-builder work was undertaken, rather than just the person to whom the owner-builder permit was issued,
- (k) by setting out in a Schedule to the Act some of the conditions of authorities presently in the regulations,
- (l) by requiring cancelled authorities or statements about them to be lodged with the Chief Executive rather than at an office of the relevant government agency.

#### Resolving building disputes

**Schedule 1** amends Part 3A of the Act (relating to the current powers of inspectors to make rectification orders after completing an investigation of a building dispute) as follows:

- (a) by making it clear that a condition of a rectification order requiring the payment of money by the complainant under a building claim relates only to money payable under the contract,
- (b) by allowing for staged rectification orders, so that a rectification order may set out stages for compliance with the requirements of the order,

- (c) by providing that a rectification order may be amended by a further order,
- (d) by making it a condition of every contractor licence that the contractor must comply with the requirements of a rectification order (which will make a builder's non-compliance with a rectification order grounds for the taking of disciplinary action),
- (e) by requiring a court or tribunal, when determining a building claim involving an allegation of defective residential building work or specialist work, to have regard to the principle that rectification of the defective work by the responsible party is the preferred option,
- (f) by providing that the Tribunal can make an order to resolve a building dispute even if it is not the order that the applicant asked for.

#### Disciplinary proceedings

**Schedule 1** amends Part 4 of the Act (relating to provisions about improper conduct and disciplinary proceeding) as follows:

- (a) by changing one of the grounds for a finding of improper conduct by or for disciplinary action against a licence or certificate holder so that references to work having to be done in a good and workmanlike manner will become references to work having to be done with due care and skill (for consistency with changes to the statutory warranty changes as to standard of work),
- (b) by requiring the return of an authority that is suspended, varied or cancelled as a result of disciplinary proceedings to the Chief Executive rather than at an office of the relevant government agency.

#### Insurance

**Schedule 1** amends Part 6 of the Act (relating to insurance of residential building work), as follows:

- (a) by clarifying that a reference to the disappearance of a contractor, supplier or owner-builder is a reference to disappearance from Australia,
- (b) by requiring that residential building work done under a contract must be insured in the name under which the person contracted to do the work (rather than in the name of the person who contracted to do the work),
- (c) by providing an increased maximum penalty for a second or subsequent offence by an individual of uninsured contracting for residential building work or specialist work,
- (d) by providing that a contract of insurance in relation to residential building work done by a person (whether or not under contract) extends to any residential building work done by the same person by way of rectification of the same original work (and thus that a separate contract of insurance is not required in relation to the rectification work),
- (e) by omitting a provision that provides that if the holder of a contractor licence enters into a contract to do residential building work and a contract of insurance is in force in relation to the work, the contract of insurance is taken to extend to any residential building work under the contract at the address stated in the certificate of insurance,
- (f) by making it clear that the requirement for contract work to be insured extends to residential building work that is owner-builder work when the work is done under a contract between the person who contracts to do the work and the owner-builder,
- (g) by removing the current requirement for an owner-builder to take out home warranty insurance for owner-builder work and preventing home warranty insurance from being taken out by an owner-builder in future (without affecting the current requirement that work done by a contractor to an owner-builder must have home warranty insurance),
- (h) by requiring contracts for the sale of land on which owner-builder work has been carried out to contain a consumer warning stating that work done under an owner-builder permit is not required to be insured under the Act unless done by a contractor to the owner-builder,

- (i) by imposing obligations on sellers of houses and units used for commercial purposes (which are excluded from the definition of *dwelling* in the Act) to include a warning in a contract for the sale of the relevant land that the property does not have the protection of the Act.
- (j) by improving access to home warranty insurance in cases of insolvency to ensure that consumers can make claims for work done by a partnership where one member is insolvent and the licence has been cancelled,
- (k) by clarifying the meaning of *building claim order* in a provision providing that a contract of insurance in relation to residential building work must include provision that deems the suspension of a contractor's licence to constitute the insolvency of the contractor for the purposes of the application of the policy to any loss that is the subject of a building claim order made against the contractor that remains unsatisfied, so that an insurance policy must cover loss that is the subject of an outstanding order by a court or the Tribunal in relation to a building claim,
- (l) by providing for the keeping of a register of insurance particulars that can be accessed by beneficiaries or potential purchasers of property (including details of the builder, the site and any successful claims on the insurance and the amount of those claims),
- (m) by providing for the period of cover of an insurance contract to be referable to the occurrence of a major defect (as defined in the statutory warranty provisions of the Act) in residential building work, rather than a structural defect, after completion of work,
- (n) by renaming home warranty insurance as insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund,
- (o) by renaming the Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board as the Home Building Compensation Fund Board,
- (p) by providing that a claim for non-completion of work can be made as a delayed claim to allow beneficiaries to continue to pursue a contractor for breach of statutory warranties that involve a claim for defective work as well as a non-completion claim beyond 12 months after the work ceased.

#### Miscellaneous matters

Schedule 1 also makes amendments dealing with miscellaneous matters, as follows:

- (a) by including an executive liability provision in the Act for directors and persons involved in the management of a corporation that commits the offence of failing to notify the occurrence of an insolvency event that provides grounds for the cancellation of a licence,
- (b) by extending a provision about the limitation of personal liability that currently applies to the Chief Executive so that it also applies to members of the Home Building Compensation Fund Board and the Home Building Advisory Council,
- (c) by clarifying the obligation of the Chief Executive to keep a register of particulars of licences, certificates and owner-builder permits and other matters,
- (d) by providing for service of notices and documents under the Act by email and fax,
- (e) by updating references to the government agency that administers the Act and the head of that agency and by requiring lodgment of certain documents with the Chief Executive rather than at an office of that agency,
- (f) by providing for the making of savings and transitional regulations,
- (g) by inserting savings and transitional provisions,
- (h) by renumbering existing Schedules about the membership of the Home Building Compensation Fund Board and the Home Building Advisory Council.

# Schedule 2 Amendment of NSW Self Insurance Corporation Act 2004 No 106

**Schedule 2** amends the *NSW Self Insurance Corporation Act 2004* as a consequence of the change of terminology from "home warranty insurance" to "insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".

### Schedule 3 Repeals

**Schedule 3** repeals Acts that contain only uncommenced provisions that amend the *Home Building Act 1989*.



### New South Wales

# **Home Building Amendment Bill 2014**

### **Contents**

		Page
1	Name of Act	2
2	Commencement	2
Schedule 1	Amendment of Home Building Act 1989 No 147	3
Schedule 2	Amendment of NSW Self Insurance Corporation Act 2004 No 106	48
Schedule 3	Repeals	50



### New South Wales

# **Home Building Amendment Bill 2014**

No , 2014

#### A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Home Building Act 1989* in connection with the statutory review of that Act; and for other purposes.

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the <i>Home Building Amendment Act 2014</i> .	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	5

Schedule 1		A	Amendment of Home Building Act 1989 No 147					
[1]	Sect	ion 3			2			
	Omit	the se	ction.	etion. Insert instead:				
	3	Inter	pretat	tion	4			
			Sche	edule 1 provides for the interpretation of expressions used in this Act.	5			
[2]	Sect	ion 3A	A Me	aning of "close associate" of applicant for, or holder of, licence	6			
	Omit	the se	ction.		7			
[3]	Sect	ion 3B	Date	of completion of residential building work	8			
	Inser	t befor	e secti	ion 3B (1):	9			
		(1A)	appli	section does not apply to residential building work to which section 3C ies.  Section 3C provides for the date of completion of new buildings in strata	10 11 12			
			sche		13			
[4]	Sect	ion 3B	(5)		14			
	Omit	"hom	e warr	ranty insurance".	15			
	Insert instead "insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".							
[5]	Section 3C							
	Inser	t as sec	ction 3	3C:	18			
	3C	C Date of completion of new buildings in strata schemes						
		(1)	of a new man	section applies to residential building work comprising the construction new building in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the <i>Strata Schemes agement Act 1996</i> ) where the issue of an occupation certificate is required athorise commencement of the use or occupation of the building.  Section 3B provides for the date of completion of other residential building work.	20 21 22 23 24			
		(2)		completion of residential building work to which this section applies ars on:	25 26			
			(a)	the date of issue of an occupation certificate that authorises the occupation and use of the whole of the building, unless paragraph (b) applies, or	27 28 29			
			(b)	the occurrence of some other event that is prescribed by the regulations as constituting completion of the work.	30 31			
		(3)	the c work build the v purp being	contract to do residential building work (the <i>primary contract</i> ) comprises construction of 2 or more separate buildings, the date of completion of that is to be determined as if there were a separate contract for each separate ding (with each contract on the same terms as the primary contract) so that work for each building will have a separate completion date. For the coses of this section, a building is <i>separate</i> if it is reasonably capable of g used and occupied separately from any other building.  A. Separate buildings can still have the same completion date if they are completed as same time.	32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40			

	(4)	This section applies for the purpose of determining when completion of residential building work occurs for the purposes of any provision of this Act, the regulations or a contract of insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund.	1 2 3 4
	(5)	In this section:	5
		<b>building</b> means any structure that, as a new building, requires the issue of an occupation certificate to authorise its use and occupation.	6 7
		occupation certificate means an occupation certificate under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.	8 9
		<b>Note.</b> A swimming pool, tennis court or detached garage can be a building for the purposes of this section if an occupation certificate is required to authorise its use and occupation. If a structure in a strata scheme does not require an occupation certificate, section 3B will apply to it instead of section 3C.	10 11 12 13
[6]	Section 3	D	14
	Insert as so	ection 3D:	15
	3D App	olication of provisions to specialist work	16
		In its application to specialist work, this Act is not limited to specialist work that is residential building work and extends to specialist work that is not residential building work (for example, commercial and industrial specialist work).	17 18 19 20
[7]	Section 4	Unlicensed contracting	21
	Insert after	r section 4 (5):	22
	(6)	An individual who is convicted of a second or subsequent offence under a provision of this section is liable to a penalty not exceeding 500 penalty units or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months, or both.	23 24 25
[8]	Section 5	Seeking work by or for unlicensed person	26
	Insert after	r section 5 (2):	27
	(3)	An individual who is convicted of a second or subsequent offence under this section is liable to a penalty not exceeding 500 penalty units or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months, or both.	28 29 30
[9]	Section 6	Application of requirements for contracts	31
	Omit "sec	tions 7, 7AAA, 7A and 7B" wherever occurring in section 6 (2).	32
	Insert inste	ead "sections 7, 7AAA, 7AA, 7B and 7BA".	33
[10]	Section 7	Form of contracts (other than small jobs)	34
	Insert befo	ore section 7 (1A):	35
		Note. Section 7AAA applies to contracts for small jobs.	36
[11]	Section 7	(2) (h)–(j)	37
	Insert at th	e end of section 7 (2) (g):	38
		, and	39
		(h) in the case of a contract to do residential building work (other than a construction contract to which the <i>Building and Construction Industry Security of Payment Act 1999</i> applies)—details of any progress payments payable under the contract, and	40 41 42 43

		(i) (j)	in the case of a contract to do residential building work—a statement that the contract may be terminated in the circumstances provided by the general law and that this does not prevent the parties agreeing to additional circumstances in which the contract may be terminated, and any other matter prescribed by the regulations for inclusion in the	1 2 3 4 5
		()/	contract.	6
[12]	Section 7 (	8)		7
	Insert after	section	n 7 (7):	8
	(8)	This	section does not apply to:	9
		(a)	a contract that is made between parties who each hold a contractor licence and is for work that each party's contractor licence authorises the party to contract to do, or	10 11 12
		(b)	a contract to do specialist work that is not also residential building work.	13
		betwe	The exception in paragraph (a) applies to a subcontracting arrangement een licensees, and to a contract between licensees for work to be done on ises that one of the licensees owns.	14 15 16
[13]	Section 7A	AA Fo	orm of contracts (small jobs)	17
	Insert after	section	n 7AAA (4):	18
	(5)	This	section does not apply to:	19
		(a)	a contract that is made between parties who each hold a contractor licence and is for work that each party's contractor licence authorises the party to contract to do, or	20 21 22
		(b)	a contract to do specialist work that is not also residential building work.	23
		betwe	The exception in paragraph (a) applies to a subcontracting arrangement een licensees, and to a contract between licensees for work to be done on ises that one of the licensees owns.	24 25 26
[14]	Section 7A	A Cor	nsumer information	27
	Omit sectio	n 7AA	(1A). Insert instead:	28
	(1A)		section applies only to contracts to which section 7 applies but does not y to any of the following contracts:	29 30
		(a)	a contract to do residential building work entered into between the holder of a contractor licence and a developer in relation to the work,	31 32
		(b)	a contract of a class prescribed by the regulations.	33
[15]	Section 7A	A (2)		34
	Omit the su	bsection	on.	35
[16]	Section 7A	Offer	ice	36
	Omit "secti	on 7 o	r 7AAA". Insert instead "sections 7, 7AAA and 7E".	37

[17]	Section 7BA Cooling-off period: person may rescind a contract for residential building work within 5 days without penalty							
	Omi	t sectio	n 7BA	A (8). Insert instead:	3			
		(8)	This section does not apply to any of the following contracts:					
			(a)	a contract that is made between parties who each hold a contractor licence and is for work that each party's contractor licence authorises the party to contract to do,	5 6 7			
				<b>Note.</b> The exception in paragraph (a) applies to a subcontracting arrangement between licensees, and to a contract between licensees for work to be done on premises that one of the licensees owns.	8 9 10			
			(b)	a contract entered into between the holder of a contractor licence and a developer in relation to the work,	11 12			
			(c)	a contract that is supplied and fully prepared by or on behalf of the person who contracts with the holder of the contractor licence and no part of which is supplied or prepared by or on behalf of the holder of the contractor licence,	13 14 15 16			
				<b>Note.</b> The exception in paragraph (c) does not apply to a contract supplied and prepared by the person who contracts with the holder of a contractor licence if any terms or conditions are added to the contract by the holder of the contractor licence or his or her representative.	17 18 19 20			
			(d)	a contract of a class prescribed by the regulations.	21			
[18]	Section 7E							
	Omit	Omit the section. Insert instead:						
	7E	Term	Terms of contracts					
	(1	(1)	Part a ter	ontract must include (and is taken to include) each of the terms set out in 1 of Schedule 2. A contract that contains a term that is inconsistent with m set out in Part 1 of Schedule 2 is unenforceable to the extent of the insistency.	25 26 27 28			
		(2)	The	regulations may make provision for or with respect to:	29			
			(a)	terms or other matter that must be included in a contract or a class of contracts, or	30 31			
			(b)	terms or other matter that must not be included in a contract or a class of contracts.	32 33			
		(3)	term the to	e regulations require a contract or class of contracts to contain a specified (a <i>prescribed term</i> ), a contract of the kind concerned is taken to include erm. A contract that contains a term that is inconsistent with a prescribed is unenforceable to the extent of the inconsistency.	34 35 36 37			
		(4)	in a c matte	e regulations provide that any term or other matter must not be included contract or a class of contracts, any contract that contains that term or other er is unenforceable to the extent that it includes or applies to that term or matter.	38 39 40 41			
		(5)		regulation made under this section does not apply to a contract in force at ime that the regulation commences.	42 43			
	(6	(6)	This	section does not limit section 7 (3).	44			

#### [19] Sections 8 and 8A Omit section 8. Insert instead: Maximum deposit for residential building work The maximum amount of a deposit for residential building work is 10% of the contract price. A *deposit* for residential building work is a payment on account before work is commenced under a contract to do residential building work. (2) A person must not: demand or receive payment of a deposit for residential building work if the amount of the payment exceeds the maximum imposed by this section, or 10 (b) enter into a contract under which the person is entitled to demand or 11 receive payment of a deposit for residential building work if the amount 12 of the payment exceeds the maximum imposed by this section. 13 Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 14 200 penalty units in any other case. 15 (3) The regulations may make provision concerning how a contract price is to be 16 determined for the purposes of this section. 17 This section does not apply to residential building work done under: (4) 18 a contract that is made between parties who each hold a contractor 19 licence and is for work that each party's contractor licence authorises 20 the party to contract to do, or 21 a contract to do specialist work that is not also residential building work. (b) 22 Note. The exception in paragraph (a) applies to a subcontracting arrangement 23 between licensees, and to a contract between licensees for work to be done on 24 premises that one of the licensees owns. 25 A8 Maximum progress payments (other than small jobs) 26 This section applies to a contract to do residential building work when the (1) 27 contract price exceeds the prescribed amount or (if the contract price is not 28 known) the reasonable market cost of the labour and materials involved 29 exceeds the prescribed amount. The prescribed amount is the amount 30 prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section and is inclusive 31 of GST. 32 A progress payment for residential building work under a contract to which 33 this section applies is authorised only if it is one of the following kinds of 34 authorised progress payments: 35 a progress payment of a specified amount or specified percentage of the (a) 36 contract price that is payable following completion of a specified stage 37 of the work, with the work that comprises that stage described in clear 38 and plain language, 39 a progress payment for labour and materials in respect of work already (b) 40 performed or costs already incurred (and which may include the 41 addition of a margin), with provision for a claim for payment to be 42 supported by such invoices, receipts or other documents as may be 43 reasonably necessary to support the claim and with payment intervals 44 fixed by the contract or on an "as invoiced" basis, 45 a progress payment authorised by the regulations. 46

Note. Progress payments can extend to variations to the work to be done under the

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contract.

		(3)	A contract can provide for more than one kind of authorised progress payment.	1
		(4)	A person must not:	2
			(a) demand or receive payment of a progress payment under a contract to which this section applies unless the progress payment is authorised under this section, or	3 4 5
			<ul><li>(b) enter into a contract to which this section applies under which the person is entitled to demand or receive payment of a progress payment unless the progress payment is authorised under this section.</li><li>Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and</li></ul>	6 7 8
			200 penalty units in any other case.	10
		(5)	This section does not apply to a progress payment for residential building work under a construction contract to which the <i>Building and Construction Industry Security of Payment Act 1999</i> applies.	11 12 13
		(6)	This section does not apply to:	14
			(a) a contract that is made between parties who each hold a contractor licence and is for work that each party's contractor licence authorises the party to contract to do, or	15 16 17
			(b) a contract to do specialist work that is not also residential building work.	18
			<b>Note.</b> The exception in paragraph (a) applies to a subcontracting arrangement between licensees, and to a contract between licensees for work to be done on premises that one of the licensees owns.	19 20 21
[20]	Sect	ion 14	Unqualified electrical wiring work	22
	Omit	sectio	on 14 (1) (a). Insert instead:	23
			(a) as a qualified supervisor in respect of that work, or	24
[21]	Sect	ion 14	<b>(6)</b>	25
	Inser	t after	section 14 (5):	26
		(6)	In this section, <i>qualified supervisor</i> in respect of electrical wiring work means the holder of an endorsed contractor licence, or a supervisor certificate, authorising its holder to do that work.	27 28 29
[22]	Sect	ion 16	SDA Offence	30
	Omit	"secti	ion 16D". Insert instead "sections 16D and 16DE".	31
[23]	Sect	ion 16	DE	32
	Omit	the se	ection. Insert instead:	33
4	16DE	Term	ns of contracts	34
	.002	(1)	A contract must include (and is taken to include) each of the terms set out in	35
		(1)	Part 2 of Schedule 2. A contract that contains a term that is inconsistent with a term set out in Part 2 of Schedule 2 is unenforceable to the extent of the inconsistency.	36 37 38
		(2)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to:	39
			(a) terms or other matter that must be included in a contract or a class of contracts, or	40 41
			(b) terms or other matter that must not be included in a contract or a class of contracts.	42 43

		(3)	term the te	regulations require a contract or class of contracts to contain a specified (a <i>prescribed term</i> ), a contract of the kind concerned is taken to include erm. A contract that contains a term that is inconsistent with a prescribed is unenforceable to the extent of the inconsistency.	1 2 3 4		
		(4)	in a comatte	regulations provide that any term or other matter must not be included ontract or a class of contracts, any contract that contains that term or other is unenforceable to the extent that it includes or applies to that term or matter.	5 6 7		
		(5)		regulation made under this section does not apply to a contract in force at me that the regulation commences.	10		
		(6)	partic and is	guirement imposed by or under this section that a contract must include a cular term is a requirement that the contract expressly include the term is not complied with merely because this section provides that the contract ten to include the term.	11 12 13 14		
		(7)	This	section does not limit section 16D (3).	15		
[24]	Secti	on 16	E		16		
	Omit	the se	ction.	Insert instead:	17		
	16E	Maxi	mum deposit for kit home supply				
		(1)	contr	maximum amount of a deposit for the supply of a kit home is 10% of the act price. A <i>deposit</i> for the supply of a kit home is a payment on account the delivery of part of the kit home is made under a contract to supply a kit of the kit home is made under a contract to supply a kit of the kit home is made under a contract to supply a kit of the kit home is made under a contract to supply a kit of the kit home is made under a contract to supply a kit of the kit home is a payment of the kit home.	19 20 21 22		
		(2)	A per	rson must not:	23		
			(a)	demand or receive payment of a deposit for the supply of a kit home if the amount of the deposit exceeds the maximum imposed by this section, or	24 25 26		
			(b)	enter into a contract under which the person is entitled to demand or receive payment of a deposit for the supply of a kit home if the amount of the deposit exceeds the maximum imposed by this section.	27 28 29		
				mum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and benalty units in any other case.	30 31		
		(3)		regulations may make provision concerning how a contract price is to be mined for the purposes of this section.	32 33		
[25]	Secti	on 18	B War	ranties as to residential building work	34		
	Omit	"perfo	ormed i	in a proper and workmanlike manner" from section 18B (a).	35		
	Inser	t instea	ad "dor	ne with due care and skill".	36		
[26]	Secti	on 18	B (2)		37		
	Inser	t at the	end of	f section 18B:	38		
		(2)	do re contr to do to the	statutory warranties implied by this section are not limited to a contract to sidential building work for an owner of land and are also implied in a act under which a person (the <i>principal contractor</i> ) who has contracted residential building work contracts with another person (a <i>subcontractor</i> e principal contractor) for the subcontractor to do the work (or any part of rork) for the principal contractor.	39 40 41 42 43 44		

[27]	Sect	Section 18BA				
	Insert after section 18B:					
1	8BA	A Duties of person having benefit of statutory warranty				
		(1)	Breach of a statutory warranty implied in a contract constitutes a breach of the contract and accordingly:	4 5		
			(a) a party to the contract who suffers loss arising from the breach has a duty to mitigate their loss, and	6 7		
			(b) the onus of establishing a failure to mitigate loss is on the party alleging the failure.	8 9		
		(2)	The duty of a party to a contract to mitigate loss in respect of a breach of a statutory warranty extends to a person who has the benefit of the statutory warranty or who is entitled to the same rights as those that a party to the contract has in respect of the statutory warranty.	10 11 12 13		
		(3)	The following duties apply to a person who has the benefit of a statutory warranty but do not limit any duty the person has to mitigate loss arising from breach of a statutory warranty:	14 15 16		
			(a) when a breach of the statutory warranty becomes apparent, the person must make reasonable efforts to ensure that a person against whom the warranty can be enforced is given notice in writing of the breach within 6 months after the breach becomes apparent,	17 18 19 20		
			(b) the person must not unreasonably refuse a person who is in breach of the statutory warranty such access to the residential building work concerned as that person may reasonably require for the purpose of or in connection with rectifying the breach (the <i>duty to allow reasonable access</i> ).	21 22 23 24 25		
		(4)	A breach of warranty <i>becomes apparent</i> for the purposes of this section when any person entitled to the benefit of the warranty first becomes aware (or ought reasonably to have become aware) of the breach.	26 27 28		
		(5)	If a failure to comply with a duty under this section is established in proceedings before a court or tribunal concerning a breach of a statutory warranty, the failure is a matter that the court or tribunal may take into account. If the failure is a failure to comply with the duty to allow reasonable access, the court or tribunal must take the failure into account.	29 30 31 32 33		
[28]	Sect	ion 18	E Proceedings for breach of warranties	34		
	Omi	t "struc	etural defect (as defined in the regulations)" from section 18E (1) (b).	35		
	Inser	t instea	ad "major defect in residential building work".	36		
[29]	Sect	ion 18	E (3) and (4)	37		
	Inser	t after	section 18E (2):	38		
		(3)	The regulations may prescribe defects in a building that are not (despite any other provision of this section) a major defect.	39 40		
		(4)	In this section:	41		
			major defect means:	42		
			(a) a defect in a major element of a building that is attributable to defective design, defective or faulty workmanship, defective materials, or a failure to comply with the structural performance requirements of the	43 44		

					onal Construction Code (or any combination of these), and that es, or is likely to cause:	1 2
				(i)	the inability to inhabit or use the building (or part of the building) for its intended purpose, or	3 4
				(ii)	the destruction of the building or any part of the building, or	5
				(iii)	a threat of collapse of the building or any part of the building, or	6
			(b)	a def	ect of a kind that is prescribed by the regulations as a major defect.	7
			(Peri	od of co	,	8 9
			majo	or elem	nent of a building means:	10
			(a)	esser not 1	nternal or external load-bearing component of a building that is natial to the stability of the building, or any part of it (including but imited to foundations and footings, floors, walls, roofs, columns beams), or	11 12 13 14
			(b)	a fire	e safety system, or	15
			(c)	wate	rproofing, or	16
			(d)		other element that is prescribed by the regulations as a major ent of a building.	17 18
[30]	Sect	ion 18	F			19
	Omit the section. Insert instead:					
	18F	Defe	nces			21
		(1)		ndant t	ings for a breach of a statutory warranty, it is a defence for the o prove that the deficiencies of which the plaintiff complains arise	22 23 24
			(a)	be do	uctions given by the person for whom the work was contracted to one contrary to the advice of the defendant or person who did the t, being advice given in writing before the work was done, or	25 26 27
			(b)	who was being	onable reliance by the defendant on instructions given by a person is a relevant professional acting for the person for whom the work contracted to be done and who is independent of the defendant, g instructions given in writing before the work was done or irmed in writing after the work was done.	28 29 30 31 32
		(2)	profe any	essiona	professional is independent of the defendant if the relevant all was not engaged by the defendant to provide any service or do for the defendant in connection with the residential building work	33 34 35 36
		(3)			professional is not independent of the defendant if it is established evant professional:	37 38
			(a)		engaged on the basis of a recommendation or referral of the indant to act for the person for whom the work was contracted to be e, or	39 40 41
			(b)		r was within 3 years before the relevant instructions were given, a e associate of the defendant.	42 43

	(4)	In th	is section, relevant professional means a person who:	1	
		(a)	represents himself or herself to be an architect, engineer or surveyor, or	2	
		(b)	represents himself or herself to have expert or specialised qualifications or knowledge in respect of residential building work or any particular aspect of residential building work, or	3 4 5	
		(c)	represents himself or herself to be engaged in a profession or to possess a qualification that is recognised by the regulations as qualifying a person as a relevant professional.	6 7 8	
[31]	Section 20	Issue	of contractor licences	9	
	Insert after	section	n 20 (1) (a):	10	
		(a1)	the Chief Executive is not satisfied as to the matters of which the Chief Executive is required to be satisfied by sections 33B and 33C, or	11 12	
[32]	Section 20	(1) (d	)	13	
	Insert at the	e end o	of section 20 (1) (c):	14	
			, or	15	
		(d)	the Chief Executive considers that a close associate of the applicant who would not be a fit and proper person to hold an authority exercises a significant influence over the applicant or the operation and management of the applicant's business.	16 17 18 19	
[33]	Section 20	(6) (c)		20	
	Omit the pa	aragrap	ph.	21	
[34]	Section 22	Canc	ellation of contractor licences	22	
	Omit section	on 22 (	1) (h) and (i). Insert instead:	23	
		(h)	the Chief Executive would be required to refuse an application for a contractor licence by the person.	24 25	
[35]	Section 22	(2)		26	
	Insert after section 22 (1):				
	(2)		Chief Executive is not required to cancel a contractor licence under ection (1) (c) if:	28 29	
		(a)	the licence does not authorise its holder to do general building work or swimming pool building, and	30 31	
		(b)	the Chief Executive is of the opinion that there is no evident risk to the public that the licensee will be unable to complete any contract (whether an existing contract or a contract in the future) to do residential building work or specialist work authorised by the licence, and	32 33 34 35	
		(c)	the licence is subject to a condition that the holder not contract to do work if the contract price exceeds \$20,000 (inclusive of GST) or (if the contract price is not known) the reasonable cost of the labour and materials involved in the work exceeds \$20,000 (inclusive of GST).	36 37 38 39	
[36]	Section 22	(5)		40	
	Insert after	section	n 22 (4):	41	
	(5)		holder of a contractor licence must, within 7 days after becoming aware ne occurrence in relation to the licence of any event or circumstance	42 43	

			red to in subsection (1) (c), (d) or (e), notify the Chief Executive in writing e event or circumstance.	1
			imum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation or benalty units in any other case.	3
		liabilit	An offence against subsection (1) committed by a corporation is an executive ty offence attracting executive liability for a director or other person involved in the agement of the corporation (see section 137A).	5 6 7
[37]	Section 22	A Sus	pension of contractor licences—failure to insure	8
	Omit section	n 22A	(4). Insert instead:	9
	(4)		in 7 days after a contractor licence is so suspended, the holder of the actor licence must:	10 11
		(a)	lodge the suspended contractor licence with the Chief Executive, or	12
		(b)	if unable to lodge the suspended contractor licence with the Chief Executive, provide the Chief Executive with a statement signed by the holder and providing accurate and complete details of why the contractor licence cannot be lodged.	13 14 15 16
			imum penalty: 40 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 20 penalty in any other case.	17 18
[38]	Section 22E administrat		pension of contractor licences—appointment of controller or	19 20
	Omit section	n 22B	(5). Insert instead:	21
	(5)		in 7 days after a contractor licence is so suspended, the holder of the actor licence must:	22 23
		(a)	lodge the suspended contractor licence with the Chief Executive, or	24
		(b)	if unable to lodge the suspended contractor licence with the Chief Executive, provide the Chief Executive with a statement signed by the holder and providing accurate and complete details of why the contractor licence cannot be lodged.	25 26 27 28
			imum penalty: 40 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 20 penalty in any other case.	29 30
[39]	Section 25	Issue	of certificates	31
	Insert after s	section	n 25 (1) (a):	32
		(a1)	the Chief Executive is not satisfied as to the matters of which the Chief Executive is required to be satisfied by sections 33B and 33D, or	33 34
[40]	Section 25	(1) (d)		35
	Insert at the	end o	f section 25 (1) (c):	36
			, or	37
		(d)	the Chief Executive considers that a close associate of the applicant who would not be a fit and proper person to hold an authority exercises a significant influence over the applicant or the operation and management of the applicant's business.	38 39 40 41
[41]	Section 29	Defini	itions	42
_	Omit "In thi	s Divi	ision" from section 29 (1). Insert instead "In this Act".	43

[42]	Sect	ion 29	(1)	1				
	Inser	t in alp	phabetical order:	2				
			dual occupancy and secondary dwelling have the same meanings as in the	3				
			principal local environmental planning instrument prescribed by the <i>Standard Instrument (Local Environmental Plans) Order</i> 2006.	4 5				
F 4 6 7	•							
[43]		ion 29		6				
			dual occupancy" from paragraph (b) of the definition of <i>owner-builder work</i> .	7				
	Inser	t inste	ad ", dual occupancy or secondary dwelling".	8				
[44]	Sect	ion 31	Issue of owner-builder permits	9				
	Omi	t sectio	on 31 (2) (d). Insert instead:	10				
			(d) that the applicant has completed any education or training, or holds any qualification, required by the Chief Executive or the regulations for eligibility for the grant of an owner-builder permit.	11 12 13				
[45]	Sect	ion 31	(3) and (4)	14				
	Omit	t sectio	on 31 (3). Insert instead:	15				
		(3)	The Chief Executive must refuse an application for an owner-builder permit (the <i>current application</i> ) if the applicant was an owner of other land when an owner-builder permit was issued in respect of that other land during the relevant period before the current application was lodged (whether or not that owner-builder permit was issued to the applicant), unless the Chief Executive is satisfied that special circumstances exist.	16 17 18 19 20 21				
	(4)		The <i>relevant period</i> is the period of 5 years or such other period as may be prescribed by the regulations.	22 23				
[46]	Sect	ion 32	Authority conferred by owner-builder permits	24				
	Inser	Insert after section 32 (1):						
	(1A)		An owner-builder permit must not be issued to authorise its holder to do residential building work that relates to a dual occupancy unless the Chief Executive is satisfied that special circumstances exist that justify the owner-builder permit authorising its holder to do that work. The Chief Executive may issue guidelines as to the circumstances that will be considered to be special circumstances for the purposes of this subsection.	26 27 28 29 30 31				
[47]	Sect	ion 33	B Definition	32				
	Omi	the se	ection.	33				
[48]	Sect	ions 3	33A-33D	34				
			re section 34:	35				
	33A		ualification from holding authorities					
	33A	(1)	A person is disqualified from holding an authority (other than an owner-builder permit) if the person:	36 37 38				
			(a) has been convicted in New South Wales or elsewhere of an offence involving dishonesty within the last 10 years, unless the Chief Executive has determined under subsection (2) that the offence should be ignored, or	39 40 41 42				

(b) has been convicted within the last 5 years of an offence under section 46A (Lending of authority prohibited), unless the Chief Executive has determined under subsection (2) that the offence should be ignored, or

- (c) is disqualified from holding a licence, certificate of registration or other authority under a corresponding law or is the holder of such a licence, certificate of registration or other authority that is suspended, or
- (d) is the holder of a licence, permit or other authority that is suspended under legislation administered by the Minister or is disqualified from holding a licence, permit or other authority under legislation administered by the Minister, unless the Chief Executive has determined under subsection (3) that the suspension or disqualification should be ignored, or
- (e) is in partnership with a person who is, or is a director of a body corporate that is, disqualified from holding an authority under this Act, or
- (f) is for the time being declared to be a person who is disqualified from holding an authority under Part 4 (Disciplinary proceedings), or
- (g) has failed to pay any monetary penalty payable by the person under Part 4 (Disciplinary proceedings) or has failed to comply with a condition imposed under section 62 (d), and the failure continues, or
- (h) is in breach of any provision of this Act or the regulations that is prescribed by the regulations as a disqualifying breach.
- (2) The Chief Executive may determine that an offence committed by a person should be ignored for the purposes of this section because of the time that has passed since the offence was committed or because of the triviality of the acts or omissions giving rise to the offence.
- (3) The Chief Executive may, in any case that the Chief Executive thinks it appropriate to do so, determine that a suspension or disqualification from holding a licence, permit or other authority under legislation administered by the Minister (as referred to in subsection (1) (d)) is to be ignored for the purposes of this section.
- (4) In this section:

corresponding law means a law of another Australian jurisdiction that is prescribed by the regulations as a law that corresponds to this Act.

#### 33B General requirements for issue of certain authorities

- (1) An authority (other than an owner-builder permit) must not be issued unless the Chief Executive is satisfied that:
  - (a) each relevant person in relation to the application for the authority:
    - (i) is not disqualified from holding the authority or an authority of the kind applied for, or from being a member of a partnership or a director of a body corporate that is the holder of the authority or an authority of the kind applied for, and
    - (ii) is not a debtor under a judgment for money owed to the Chief Executive or the Administration Corporation that has not been satisfied, and
    - (iii) is not a debtor under a judgment for money that has not been satisfied where the judgment is for the payment of money in relation to a building claim under Part 3A or the payment of

money to an insurer in relation to a claim relating to insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund, and 

- (iv) is not (and has not been within the period of 3 years before the date of the application) a director of a body corporate that is a debtor under a judgment for money as referred to in subparagraph (iii), and
- (v) is not subject to any order of a court in relation to a building claim under Part 3A that has not been satisfied within the period required for satisfaction of the order, and
- (vi) is not subject to any order of the Tribunal that has not been satisfied within the period required by the Tribunal, and
- (vii) has not had what the Chief Executive considers to be an unreasonable number of complaints made against him, her or it and has not had a relevant involvement with a body corporate that has had what the Chief Executive considers to be an unreasonable number of complaints made against it, and
- (viii) has not had what the Chief Executive considers to be an unreasonable number of formal cautions given to him, her or it and has not had a relevant involvement with a body corporate that has had what the Chief Executive considers to be an unreasonable number of formal cautions given to it, and
- (ix) has not had what the Chief Executive considers to be an unreasonable number of penalty notices issued against him, her or it and has not had a relevant involvement with a body corporate that has had what the Chief Executive considers to be an unreasonable number of penalty notices issued against it, being penalty notices for offences under this Act that were not dealt with by a court and dismissed, and
- (x) has not carried out work in respect of which the Chief Executive considers an unreasonable number of insurance claims have been paid and has not had a relevant involvement with a body corporate that has carried out work in respect of which the Chief Executive considers an unreasonable number of insurance claims have been paid, and
- (xi) is not a director of, a partner of, or a person concerned in the management of, a body corporate or partnership that is disqualified from holding an authority, unless the Chief Executive is satisfied that the applicant took all reasonable steps to prevent the conduct that led to the disqualification, and
- (xii) within 12 months before the date of the application was not a director of, a partner of, or a person concerned in the management of, a body corporate or partnership that is disqualified from holding an authority or that would be disqualified from holding an authority had it not been dissolved or wound up, unless the Chief Executive is satisfied that the applicant took all reasonable steps to prevent the conduct that led (or would have led) to the disqualification, and
- (xiii) except in relation to an application for a tradesperson certificate—is not an undischarged bankrupt at the time of the application, and
- (xiv) except in relation to an application for a tradesperson certificate—was not an undischarged bankrupt at any time within 3 years before the date of the application, and

(xv) except in relation to an application for a tradesperson certificate—is not at the time of the application a director of or a person concerned in the management of an externally-administered body corporate (other than external administration resulting from a members' voluntary winding up of the body corporate), and

- (xvi) except in relation to an application for a tradesperson certificate—within 3 years before the date of the application, was not a director of or a person concerned in the management of a body corporate that was an externally-administered body corporate at any time within that 3-year period (other than external administration resulting from a members' voluntary winding up of the body corporate), and
- (xvii) except in relation to an application for a tradesperson certificate—was not a director of or a person concerned in the management of a body corporate that became an externally-administered body corporate (other than external administration resulting from a members' voluntary winding up of the body corporate) at any time within 12 months after the person ceased to be a director of or a person concerned in the management of the body corporate and within 3 years before the date of the application, and
- (b) the applicant, if an individual, is not an apprentice or a trainee within the meaning of the *Apprenticeship and Traineeship Act 2001*.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, each of the following persons is a *relevant person* in relation to an application for an authority:
  - (a) the applicant,
  - (b) if the applicant is a partnership:
    - (i) every partner of the applicant, and
    - (ii) if a member of the partnership is a corporation—every director of that corporation,
  - (c) if the applicant is a corporation—every director of the applicant.

**Note.** Section 24 (4) provides that an application for a tradesperson certificate or supervisor certificate may be made only by an individual, and not by a corporation, partnership or other association.

- (3) For the purposes of this section, a person has a *relevant involvement* with a body corporate if the person is at the time of the making of the application for the authority, or was at any time within 3 years before the making of the application for the authority, a director of or a person concerned in the management of the body corporate.
- (4) Subsection (1) (a) (v) and (vi) do not prevent the issuing of an authority if the Chief Executive is satisfied that the person:
  - (a) has complied with the order of the court or Tribunal after the period required by the court or Tribunal, and
  - (b) has a reasonable excuse for the failure to comply with the order within that period.

#### 33C Additional requirements for obtaining contractor licences A contractor licence must not be issued unless the Chief Executive is satisfied that: (a) the applicant has, or proposes to have, such numbers of nominated supervisors for the contractor licence as the Chief Executive considers are needed to ensure that all work for which the contractor licence is required will be done or supervised by qualified individuals, and (b) the applicant, if also applying for an endorsement of the contractor licence to show that it is the equivalent of a supervisor certificate: satisfies the requirements of section 33D for the issue of a 10 supervisor certificate to the applicant, and 11 (ii) is not disqualified from holding a supervisor certificate or a 12 supervisor certificate of a particular kind, and 13 (iii) is not the holder of a supervisor certificate that is suspended. 14 (2) Despite section 33B (1) (a) (xiii) and (xv), a contractor licence may be issued 15 16 the licence does not authorise its holder to do general building work or (a) 17 swimming pool building, and 18 (b) the Chief Executive is of the opinion that there is no evident risk to the 19 public that the applicant will be unable to complete contracts entered 20 into in the future to do residential building work or specialist work, and 21 the Chief Executive is of the opinion that the relevant person concerned (c) 22 took all reasonable steps to avoid the bankruptcy, liquidation or 23 appointment of a controller or administrator, and 24 (d) the licence is subject to a condition that the holder must not enter into a 25 contract to do work if the contract price exceeds \$20,000 (inclusive of 26 GST) or (if the contract price is not known) the reasonable cost of the 27 labour and materials involved in the work exceeds \$20,000 (inclusive of 28 GST). 29 Despite section 33B (1) (a) (xiv), (xvi) and (xvii), a contractor licence may be (3) 30 issued if the Chief Executive is of the opinion that: 31 there is no evident risk to the public that the applicant will be unable to 32 complete contracts entered into in the future to do residential building 33 work or specialist work, and 34 the relevant person concerned took all reasonable steps to avoid the 35 bankruptcy, liquidation or appointment of a controller or administrator. 36 (4) A contractor licence issued under subsection (3) may be issued subject to a 37 condition that the holder of the licence must not enter into a contract to do 38 work if the contract price exceeds \$20,000 (inclusive of GST) or (if the 39 contract price is not known) the reasonable cost of the labour and materials 40 involved in the work exceeds \$20,000 (inclusive of GST). 41

A condition imposed under subsection (4) may be limited so that it does not

apply to a subcontract entered into by the holder of the licence. A *subcontract* 

is a contract that is made between parties who each hold a contractor licence

and that is for work that each party's contractor licence authorises the party to

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contract to do.

	(6)		ndividual may be a nominated supervisor for a contractor licence only if ndividual:	1 2
		(a)	holds an endorsed contractor licence or a supervisor certificate that authorises its holder to supervise some or all of the work done under contracts for which the contractor licence applied for or held is required, and	3 4 5 6
		(b)	is, or is proposed by the applicant or holder to be, an employee of, or a member of the partnership or director of the corporation that is, the applicant or holder, and	7 8 9
		(c)	made a consent declaration that is lodged with the Chief Executive and has not been revoked.	10 11
	(7)	term	absection (6) (b), <i>employee</i> means an employee who is required, by the as of employment, to work for his or her employer otherwise than on a all or temporary basis.	12 13 14
	(8)	An cont	individual cannot be the nominated supervisor for more than one ractor licence unless the Chief Executive:	15 16
		(a)	is satisfied that special circumstances exist that will ensure that the individual, either alone or in conjunction with one or more other nominated supervisors, will supervise all work done under contracts for which each contractor licence is required, and	17 18 19 20
		(b)	gives written permission.	21
	(9)	Exec	holder of an endorsed contractor licence does not require the Chief cutive's permission to become the nominated supervisor for only one other ractor licence.	22 23 24
	(10)	in re	Chief Executive may, by order, exempt an applicant from a requirement elation to nominated supervisors if the Chief Executive is satisfied that are special circumstances that warrant it.	25 26 27
33D		tional icate	requirements for obtaining supervisor and tradesperson	28 29
	(1)		apervisor or tradesperson certificate must not be issued unless the Chief cutive is satisfied that the applicant:	30 31
		(a)	has such qualifications or has passed such examinations or practical tests, or both, as the Chief Executive determines to be necessary to enable the applicant to do, or to supervise, the work for which the certificate is required, and	32 33 34 35
		(b)	has had experience of such a kind and for such a period as the Chief Executive considers would enable the applicant to do, or to supervise, the work for which the certificate is required, and	36 37 38
		(c)	is capable of doing or supervising work for which the certificate is required.	39 40
	(2)	supe took	pite section 33B (1) (a) (xiii)–(xvii), the Chief Executive may issue a prvisor certificate if the Chief Executive is satisfied that the relevant person all reasonable steps to avoid the relevant bankruptcy, winding up or pintment of a controller or administrator.	41 42 43 44
Sect	ion 36	Cond	litions of authorities	45
Inser	t befor	e sect	ion 36 (1) (a):	46
		(a1)	the conditions set out in Schedule 3 for the authority, and	47

[49]

[50]	Sect	ion 36	(1) (a	)	1				
	Inser	t "this	Act o	r" after "prescribed by".	2				
[51]	Section 38 Provisional authorities								
	Inser	Insert after section 38 (4):							
		(5)	issui	eciding whether or not special circumstances exist that would warrant ing a provisional supervisor certificate, the Chief Executive must at least atisfied that:	5 6 7				
			(a)	the applicant has passed a minimum standard test set or approved by the Chief Executive to establish the applicant's credentials as an experienced tradesperson in relation to the work that the certificate will authorise its holder to do or to supervise, and	8 9 10 11				
			(b)	the applicant will have the opportunity within 3 years of being issued the certificate provisionally to satisfy the requirements imposed by or under this Act for the issue of the certificate.	12 13 14				
[52]	Sect	ion 40			15				
	Omi	t the se	ction.	Insert instead:	16				
	40	Rene	ewal o	or restoration of authorities	17				
		(1)	of ar	provisions of this Act and the regulations that apply in respect of the issue a authority also apply to the renewal or restoration of an authority (as if the wal or restoration of an authority were the issue of the authority).	18 19 20				
		(2)		Chief Executive may also refuse an application for renewal or restoration authority if:	21 22				
			(a)	the authority is surrendered or cancelled before it is due to expire, or	23				
			(b)	the authority is a provisional authority.	24				
		(3)	that	Chief Executive may approve further education courses, or other training, must be completed by specified persons before an application for renewal estoration of an authority can be accepted.	25 26 27				
		(4)	auth	Chief Executive may refuse an application for renewal or restoration of an ority if the Chief Executive is not satisfied that, in the period since the ority was most recently issued, renewed or restored:	28 29 30				
			(a)	the applicant, or	31				
			(b)	in the case of an applicant that is a corporation, the directors of that corporation or any class of persons specified by the Chief Executive, or	32 33				
			(c)	in the case of an applicant that is a partnership, each partner or any class of persons specified by the Chief Executive, or	34 35				
			(d)	an employee of the applicant,	36				
			Chie	undertaken or completed, for at least as many hours as are required by the ef Executive, the further education course or courses, or other training, roved by the Chief Executive for the purposes of this section.	37 38 39				
		(5)		Chief Executive may also refuse an application for restoration of an ority if the Chief Executive is not satisfied that:	40 41				
			(a)	in a case where the applicant failed to apply for renewal before the authority expired—the failure to apply for renewal of the authority before it expired was due to inadvertence, or	42 43 44				
			(b)	it is just and equitable to restore the authority.	45				

	(6)		Chief Executive may, under subsection (5), refuse an application for oration if:	1 2
		(a)	the Chief Executive requests the applicant or a nominee of the applicant to appear at a reasonable time and place to be examined concerning the merits of the application, and	3 4 5
		(b)	the applicant or nominee fails to so attend or fails to answer any question put (whether or not at such an examination) by or on behalf of the Chief Executive and reasonably related to ascertaining the merits of the application.	6 7 8 9
[53]			omatic suspension of licence for failure to comply with order to pay n to building claim	10 11
	Omit section	n 42A	(7). Insert instead:	12
	(7)		icence is suspended by operation of this section, the holder of the licence t, as soon as practicable after the suspension takes effect:	13 14
		(a)	lodge the licence with the Chief Executive, or	15
		(b)	if unable to lodge the licence with the Chief Executive, lodge with the Chief Executive a statement signed by the person and providing accurate and complete details of why the licence cannot be lodged.	16 17 18
			imum penalty: 40 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 20 penalty in any other case.	19 20
[54]	Section 44	Retur	rn of cancelled or varied authority	21
	Omit section	on 44 (	1). Insert instead:	22
	(1)	the a	ediately after an authority is cancelled or the Chief Executive either varies authority it confers or imposes a condition on it by service of a notice, the on to whom it was issued must:	23 24 25
		(a)	lodge the authority with the Chief Executive, or	26
		(b)	if unable to lodge the authority with the Chief Executive, lodge with the Chief Executive a statement signed by the person and providing accurate and complete details of why the authority cannot be lodged.	27 28 29
			imum penalty: 40 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 20 penalty in any other case.	30 31
[55]	Section 48	D Inve	estigation of dispute	32
	Omit "a me	mber	of staff of the Department of Fair Trading" from section 48D (1).	33
	Insert instead	ad "an	employee of the Office of Finance and Services".	34
[56]	Section 48	E Insp	pector may make rectification order	35
	Insert "due section 48E		the contract for the work or the supply of the kit home" after "money" in	36 37
[57]	Section 48	E (3) (	(a1)	38
	Insert after	section	n 48E (3) (a):	39
		(a1)	may be made as a staged rectification order (being an order that specifies stages in which the requirements of the order must be complied with), and	40 41 42

[58]	Section 48E (3) (b)								
	Omit the paragraph. Ins	ert instead:	2						
	com orde subj	t specify a date by which the requirements of the order must be plied with (or a date by which the requirements of each stage of the r must be complied with in the case of a staged rectification order), ect to the complainant's compliance with any condition referred to aragraph (a), and	3 4 5 6 7						
[59]	Section 48E (3) (c)		8						
	Omit "before the date sp	pecified in accordance with paragraph (b)".	9						
[60]	Section 48E (4) and (5	)	10						
	Insert after section 48E	(3):	11						
		tion order may be amended by a further order of an inspector on the of the person on whom the rectification order was served.	12 13						
		dition of every contractor licence that the contractor must comply quirements of a rectification order.	14 15						
[61]	Section 48F Effect of r	ectification order	16						
	Omit "before the dat section 48F (2).	te specified in accordance with section 48E (3) (b)" from	17 18						
[62]	Section 48MA								
	Insert after section 48M	Insert after section 48M:							
4	8MA Rectification of defective work is preferred outcome in proceedings								
	defective proceeding	tribunal determining a building claim involving an allegation of residential building work or specialist work by a party to the se (the <i>responsible party</i> ) is to have regard to the principle that of the defective work by the responsible party is the preferred	22 23 24 25 26						
[63]	Section 480 Powers o	Section 480 Powers of Tribunal							
	Omit section 48O (2). In	nsert instead:	28						
	(2) The Tribur asked for.	nal can make an order even if it is not the order that the applicant	29 30						
[64]	Section 51 Improper c	onduct: generally	31						
	Omit "in a good and wo	orkmanlike manner" from section 51 (1) (d).	32						
	Insert instead "with due	care and skill".	33						
[65]	Section 53 Improper c	onduct: nominated supervisors	34						
	Omit "in a good and wo	orkmanlike manner" from section 53 (1) (c).	35						
	Insert instead "with due	care and skill".	36						
[66]	Section 56 Grounds for licence	or taking disciplinary action against holder of a contractor	37 38						
	•	Ilful manner" from section 56 (d) (ii).	39						
	Insert instead "with due care and skill".								

[67]	Section 66	Return of cancelled, suspended or varied authority	1					
	Omit section	n 66 (1). Insert instead:	2					
	(1)	If the Chief Executive suspends, varies or cancels an authority, the holder of the authority must return the authority within the period specified by the Chief Executive when suspending, varying or cancelling the authority by:	3 4 5					
		(a) lodging the authority with the Chief Executive, or	6					
		(b) if unable to lodge the authority with the Chief Executive, lodging with the Chief Executive a statement signed by the person providing accurate and complete details of why the authority cannot be lodged.	7 8 9					
		Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 20 penalty units in any other case.	10 11					
[68]	Section 83	B Administrative reviews by Tribunal	12					
	Omit "at an	office of the Department of Fair Trading" from section 83B (4) (a).	13					
	Insert instea	ad "with the Chief Executive".	14					
[69]	Section 86	Time limits for appeals	15					
	Omit "at an	office of the Department of Fair Trading" from section 86 (2) (a).	16					
	Insert instea	Insert instead "with the Chief Executive".						
[70]	Part 6, heading							
	Omit the heading. Insert instead:							
	Part 6	Insurance under Home Building Compensation Fund	20					
[71]	Part 6, Division 1, heading							
	Omit the heading. Insert instead:							
	Division	1 Home Building Compensation Fund Board	23					
[72]	Section 89E Constitution of Home Building Compensation Fund Board							
	Omit "Hom	ne Warranty Insurance Scheme Board".	25					
	Insert instea	ad "Home Building Compensation Fund Board".	26					
[73]	Section 89	F Membership of Fund Board	27					
	Omit "Sche	eme Board" wherever occurring in section 89F (1), (2) and (4).	28					
	Insert instea	ad "Fund Board".	29					
[74]	Section 89	F (2) (a)	30					
	Omit the pa	ragraph. Insert instead:	31					
		(a) the Chief Executive or a nominee of the Chief Executive, and	32					
[75]	Section 89	F (4)	33					
	Omit "Sche	edule 1". Insert instead "Schedule 5".	34					
[76]	Section 89	G Functions	35					
	Omit "Sche	eme Roard" Insert instead "Fund Roard"	26					

[77]	Section 89	OG (d)	1						
	Omit "the s	scheme established by this Part with respect to home warranty insurance".	2						
	Insert inste	ad "the insurance scheme established by this Part".	3						
[78]	Section 90	) Definitions	4						
	Omit the section 90	definitions of <i>home warranty insurance</i> and <i>owner-builder work</i> from (1).	5 6						
[79]	Section 90	(1), definition of "insolvent"	7						
	Omit "(wit paragraph (	thin the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth)" from (b).	8						
[80]	Section 90	0 (2)	10						
	Omit the su	ubsection. Insert instead:	11						
	(2)	A reference in this Part to the disappearance of a contractor, supplier or owner-builder is a reference to disappearance from Australia and includes a reference to the fact that, after due search and inquiry, the contractor, supplier or owner-builder cannot be found in Australia.	12 13 14 15						
[81]	Section 91	A Market practice and claims handling guidelines	16						
	Omit "Sche	eme Board" from section 91A (1). Insert instead "Fund Board".	17						
[82]	Section 91	Section 91A (1)							
	Omit "hom	ne warranty insurance".	19						
	Insert inste	ad "insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".	20						
[83]	Section 92 Contract work must be insured								
		the name of the person who contracted to do the work" wherever occurring in (1) (a) and (2) (a).	22 23						
	Insert inste	ad "in the name under which the person contracted to do the work".	24						
[84]	Section 92	2 (2A)	25						
	Insert after	section 92 (2):	26						
	(2A)	An individual who is convicted of a second or subsequent offence under subsection (1) or (2) is liable to a penalty not exceeding 500 penalty units or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months, or both.	27 28 29						
[85]	Section 92	2 (5) and (6)	30						
	Omit section	Omit section 92 (6). Insert instead:							
	(5)	A contract of insurance that is in force in compliance with this section in relation to residential building work (the <i>original work</i> ) done by a person extends to any residential building work done by the person by way of rectification of the original work.	32 33 34 35						
		<b>Note.</b> Accordingly, this section does not require a separate contract of insurance in relation to the rectification work.	36 37						
	(6)	To avoid doubt, this section extends to residential building work that is also owner-builder work (when the work is done under a contract between the person who contracts to do the work and the owner-builder)	38 39						

[86]			_	eration of contract of insurance	1			
	Omit the section.							
[87]	Section 95							
	Omit the section. Insert instead:							
	95	No insurance for owner-builder work						
		(1)	owne owne Note obtain requi	ontract of insurance under this Part cannot be entered into in relation to er-builder work carried out or to be carried out by a person as an er-builder.  Insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund cannot be offered or ned for owner-builder work done by an owner-builder. This does not affect the rement of section 92 for insurance to be obtained for owner-builder work done r a contract.	6 7 8 9 10 11 12			
		(2)	was	rson who is the owner of land in relation to which an owner-builder permit issued must not enter into a contract for the sale of the land unless the ract includes a conspicuous note (a <i>consumer warning</i> ) stating:	13 14 15			
			(a)	that an owner-builder permit was issued in relation to the land (specifying the date on which it was issued), and	16 17			
			(b)	work done under an owner-builder permit is not required to be insured under this Act unless the work was done by a contractor to the owner-builder.	18 19 20			
				imum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and penalty units in any other case.	21 22			
		(3)	The apply	requirement for a contract of sale to include a consumer warning does not y:	23 24			
			(a)	to a sale of land more than 7 years and 6 months after the owner-builder permit was issued, or	25 26			
			(b)	if the reasonable market cost of the labour and materials involved does not exceed the amount prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section, or	27 28 29			
			(c)	if the owner-builder work carried out under the owner-builder permit is of a class prescribed by the regulations.	30 31			
		(4)	to a p	requirement for a contract of sale to include a consumer warning applies person as the owner of land whether the person is the person to whom the er-builder permit was issued or a successor in title to that person.	32 33 34			
		(5)	void Note requi conce	person contravenes this section in respect of a contract, the contract is able at the option of the purchaser before the completion of the contract.  Prior to its amendment by the <i>Home Building Amendment Act 2014</i> , section 95 red an owner-builder to obtain insurance under this Part before selling the land erned. Schedule 4 provides for the continued application of the previous rements of section 95 to sales of land before the amendment to that section.	35 36 37 38 39 40			
[88]	Sect cont		Insur	ance in relation to residential building work not carried out under	41 42			
	Omit section 96 (3) (a) and (b). Insert instead:							
			(a)	to a person who does owner-builder work (whether as the holder of an owner-builder permit or for the holder of such a permit), or	44 45			
[89]	Sect	ion 96	(3) (e	)	46			
	Inser	t "if" b	efore	"the reasonable".	47			

[90]	Sect	ion 96	(4)		1					
	Inser	t after	section 96 (3	5B):	2					
		(4)	relation to extends to	of insurance that is in force in compliance with this section in residential building work (the <i>original work</i> ) done by a person any residential building work done by the person by way of n of the original work.	3 4 5 6					
			Note. According relation to the	dingly, this section does not require a separate contract of insurance in e rectification work.	7 8					
[91]	Sect	Section 96B								
	Inser	t after	section 96A:		10					
	96B		gations of se mercial purp	ellers of excluded dwellings (houses and units used for poses)	11 12					
		(1)	the definition adapted for must contain land in the	for the sale of land comprising a house or unit that is excluded from on of <i>dwelling</i> in this Act because it was designed, constructed or commercial use as tourist, holiday or overnight accommodation in the warning required by this section if work has been done on the previous 6 years that would have been residential building work use or unit not been excluded from the definition of <i>dwelling</i> .	13 14 15 16 17					
		(2)		g required by this section is a prominent statement to the effect that y does not have the protection of the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> .	19 20					
		(3)	required to the required Maximum	nust not as vendor enter into a contract for the sale of land that is contain a warning under this section unless the contract contains d warning.  penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and y units in any other case.	21 22 23 24 25					
		(4)	If a person	contravenes this section in respect of a contract, the contract is the option of the purchaser before the completion of the contract.	26 27					
[92]	Sect	ion 97	Exemptions	s from insurance requirements	28					
	Omit	"95 o	r" from section	on 97 (1).	29					
[93]	Sect cont		Requireme	nts for insurance for residential building work done under	30 31					
	Omit	section	on 99 (1) (b) (	(i) and (ii). Insert instead:	32					
			(i)	to have the contractor rectify a breach of a statutory warranty in respect of the work, or	33 34					
			(ii)	to recover compensation from the contractor for any such breach.	35					
[94]	Sect	ion 99	(3)		36					
	Omit	section	on 99 (3)–(6).	Insert instead:	37					
	(3) If a partnership contracts to do residential building work, the insolvency of any of the partners constitutes the insolvency of the contractor for the purposes of a contract of insurance required by section 92 in relation to the work. The contract of insurance must include provision to that effect.									

[95]	Section 100						
	Inser	t after	section 99:	2			
	100	Requ	uirements for insurance of work not done under contract	3			
		(1)	A contract of insurance in relation to residential building work required by section 96 must insure a purchaser of the land on which the work is done and the purchaser's successors in title against the risk of being unable, because of the insolvency, death or disappearance of the contractor concerned:	4 5 6 7			
			(a) to have the contractor rectify any such breach, or	8			
			(b) to recover compensation from the contractor for a breach of a statutory warranty in respect of the work.	9 10			
		(2)	If a partnership contracts to do residential building work, the insolvency of any of the partners constitutes the insolvency of the contractor for the purposes of a contract of insurance required by section 96 in relation to the work. The contract of insurance must include provision to that effect.	11 12 13 14			
		(3)	In this section:	15			
			<i>contractor</i> means a person to whom section 96 applies doing residential building work otherwise than under a contract.	16 17			
[96]	Sect	ion 10	1	18			
	Omi	t the se	ection. Insert instead:	19			
	101	Deemed insolvency of contractor for insurance purposes					
		(1)	A contract of insurance in relation to residential building work required by section 92 or 96 must include provision that deems the suspension of a contractor's licence under section 42A to constitute the insolvency of the contractor for the purposes of the application of the contract to any loss that is the subject of a building claim order made against the contractor that remains unsatisfied.	21 22 23 24 25 26			
		(2)	The following provisions apply to a claim under a contract of insurance that arises because of the operation of this section in connection with a building claim order:	27 28 29			
			(a) the claim is limited to a loss that would have been covered by the contract in the event of the contractor's insolvency,	30 31			
			(b) the amount of the claim need not be the same as the amount of the building claim order (and in particular is not limited by the amount of the building claim order),	32 33 34			
			(c) the building claim order does not limit any right of a beneficiary to appeal against a decision of the insurer in respect of a claim under the contract (and any such right of appeal may be exercised as if the building claim order had not been made),	35 36 37 38			
			(d) the building claim order does not limit any right of recovery of the insurer against the contractor in respect of the loss to which the claim relates (whether that right arises pursuant to any rights of the beneficiary to which the insurer is subrogated, or otherwise).	39 40 41 42			
		(3)	For the purposes of the operation of a provision of a contract of insurance referred to in subsection (2), a contractor's licence that would have been suspended under section 42A were it not for the fact that the licence expired, or was surrendered or cancelled, before the suspension took effect is taken to have been suspended under that section.	43 44 45 46 47			

		(4)	build the p build build	is section:  ling claim has the same meaning as in Part 3A, and includes a claim for ayment of an unspecified sum of money that arises from a supply of ing goods or services as defined in section 48A.  ling claim order means an order of a court or the Tribunal in respect of a ing claim.	1 2 3 4 5 6
[97]	Sect	ion 10			7
			section	n 102:	8
	102A	Regi	ster of	insurance particulars	9
		(1)	cause	Chief Executive of the Office of Finance and Services is to maintain or to be maintained a register of such particulars of the following as he or onsiders appropriate:	10 11 12
			(a)	insurance certificates issued to evidence contracts of insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund entered into for the purposes of this Act on or after 1 July 2010,	13 14 15
			(b)	claims successfully made under such contracts of insurance,	16
			(c)	such other matters concerning contracts of insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund as the regulations may prescribe.	17 18
		(2)	infori	culars included in the register can include information that is personal mation under the <i>Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998</i> is the regulations under this Act otherwise provide.	19 20 21
		(3)	conte	Chief Executive of the Office of Finance and Services is to make the ents of the register publicly available in such manner as he or she ders appropriate.	22 23 24
[98]	Sect	ion 10	3B Per	riod of cover	25
	Omit	"struc	ctural d	efect within the meaning of the regulations" from section 103B (2) (a).	26
		t inste on 18E		najor defect in residential building work (within the meaning of	27 28
[99]	Sect	ion 10	3B (2)	(b)	29
				h. Insert instead:	30
		•	(b)	in the case of any other loss—2 years after completion of the work.	31
[100]	Sect	ion 10	3BA Ti	ime limits for policies issued between 1.5.1997 and 30.6.2002	32
	Omit	"hom	e warra	anty insurance" wherever occurring in section 103BA (1) and (4).	33
	Inser	t inste	ad "ins	urance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".	34
[101]	Sect	ion 10	3BB Ti	ime limits for policies issued from 1.7.2002	35
	Omit	"hom	e warra	anty insurance" from section 103BB (1).	36
	Inser	t inste	ad "ins	urance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".	37
[102]	Sect	ion 10	3BB (5	5)	38
	Omit	the su	bsectio	on.	39

[103]	Section 10	3BC 10-year "long stop" limit on claims under existing policies	1
	Omit "hom	e warranty insurance" from section 103BC (1).	2
	Insert instead	ad "insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".	3
[104]	Section 10	3EA False or misleading applications for insurance	4
	Omit "hom	e warranty insurance" from section 103EA (1).	5
	Insert instead	ad "insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".	6
[105]	Section 10 Office of F	3T Combined financial and other reporting by Guarantee Corporation and inance and Services	7 8
	Omit "Depa	artment of Fair Trading". Insert instead "Office of Finance and Services".	9
[106]	Section 11	4 Home Building Administration Fund	10
	Omit "Depa	artment of Fair Trading" from section 114 (1).	11
	Insert instead	ad "Office of Finance and Services".	12
[107]	Section 11	5C Functions	13
	Omit "Sche	eme Board" from section 115C (a). Insert instead "Fund Board".	14
[108]	Section 11	5D Membership of Advisory Council	15
	Omit "Sche	eme Board" wherever occurring in section 115D (1) (a) and (b).	16
	Insert instead	ad "Fund Board".	17
[109]	Section 11	5D (1) (c)	18
	Omit the pa	aragraph. Insert instead:	19
		(c) the Chief Executive or a nominee of the Chief Executive, and	20
[110]	Section 11	5D (3)	21
	Omit "Sche	edule 1". Insert instead "Schedule 5".	22
[111]	Section 11	9 Liability for report	23
	Omit "each	of the Department of Fair Trading's staff' from section 119 (b).	24
	Insert instead	ad "each employee of the Office of Finance and Services".	25
[112]	Section 12	0 Register	26
	Omit section	on 120 (2) and (2A). Insert instead:	27
	(2)	The register is to be in the form determined by the Chief Executive and is to be available for inspection by the public.	28 29
	(2A)	The Chief Executive may determine the fees (if any) to be paid for inspection of the register or the provision of copies of information contained on the register.	30 31 32
[113]	Section 12	3 Service of notices or other documents	33
	Insert after	section 123 (1) (a) (iii):	34
		(iv) by sending it to an email address provided by him or her for the	35 36

			(v)	by sending it by facsimile transmission to a facsimile number provided by him or her for the purpose of the service of notices or other documents, or	1 2 3
[114]	Secti	ion 12	23 (1) (b) (iv)	and (v)	4
	Inser	t at the	e end of secti	on 123 (1) (b) (iii):	5
				, or	6
			(iv)	by sending it to an email address provided for the firm or corporation, by a person apparently concerned in the management of the firm or corporation, for the purpose of the service of notices or other documents on the firm or corporation, or	7 8 9 10 11
			(v)	by sending it by facsimile transmission to a facsimile number provided for the firm or corporation, by a person apparently concerned in the management of the firm or corporation, for the purpose of the service of notices or other documents on the firm or corporation.	12 13 14 15 16
[115]			7A Power to ork or speci	request name and address of persons undertaking residential alist work	17 18
	Omit	section	on 127A (6).	Insert instead:	19
		(6)	In this secti	ion:	20
			authorised	officer means an employee of the Office of Finance and Services by the Chief Executive for the purposes of this section and holding e issued by the Chief Executive as to that authority.	21 22 23
[116]	Secti	ion 12	8 Obstruction	on of employees and others	24
	Omit	"offic	er of the Dep	partment of Fair Trading" from section 128 (1) (a).	25
	Inser	t inste	ad "employee	e of the Office of Finance and Services".	26
[117]	Secti	ion 12	28 (1) (a)		27
				instead "employee's".	28
[118]	Secti	ion 13	31 Certificate	e evidence	29
[]				eer of the Department of Fair Trading".	30
	Inser	_	ead "an emp	loyee of the Office of Finance and Services prescribed by the	31 32
[119]	Secti	ion 13	7 Offence by	y body corporate—general liability of directors etc	33
				on that constitutes an executive liability offence for the purposes of rt 6A" in section 137 (1A).	34 35
[120]	Secti	ion 13	37A		36
	Inser	t after	section 137:		37
	137A		ility of direct	tors etc for specified offences by corporation—offences tive liability	38 39
		(1)		rposes of this section, an <i>executive liability offence</i> is an offence tion 22 (5) that is committed by a corporation.	40 41

(2)	A pe	rson co	ommits an offence against this section if:	1
	(a)	a cor	poration commits an executive liability offence, and	2
	(b)	the p	erson is:	3
		(i)	a director of the corporation, or	4
		(ii)	an individual who is involved in the management of the corporation and who is in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the commission of the executive liability offence, and	5 6 7 8
	(c)	the p	erson:	9
		(i)	knows or ought reasonably to know that the executive liability offence (or an offence of the same type) would be or is being committed, and	10 11 12
	М	(ii)	fails to take all reasonable steps to prevent or stop the commission of that offence.	13 14
			penalty: 200 penalty units.	15
(3)			ution bears the legal burden of proving the elements of the offence section.	16 17
(4)			e against this section can only be prosecuted by a person who can secution for the executive liability offence.	18 19
(5)	liabil	ity off	n does not affect the liability of the corporation for the executive fence, and applies whether or not the corporation is prosecuted for, d of, the executive liability offence.	20 21 22
(6)	crim the d liabil	inal lia corpora ity off	n does not affect the application of any other law relating to the bility of any persons (whether or not directors or other managers of ation) who are accessories to the commission of the executive ence or are otherwise concerned in, or party to, the commission of we liability offence.	23 24 25 26 27
(7)	In th	is secti	ion:	28
		<i>tor</i> ha	s the same meaning it has in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the ealth.	29 30
	offer	ice, inc	<i>steps</i> , in relation to the commission of an executive liability cludes, but is not limited to, such action (if any) of the following reasonable in all the circumstances:	31 32 33
	(a)		n towards:	34
		(i)	assessing the corporation's compliance with the provision creating the executive liability offence, and	35 36
		(ii)	ensuring that the corporation arranged regular professional assessments of its compliance with the provision,	37 38
	(b)	contr super provi	n towards ensuring that the corporation's employees, agents and ractors are provided with information, training, instruction and rvision appropriate to them to enable them to comply with the ision creating the executive liability offence so far as the provision evant to them,	39 40 41 42 43
	(c)	actio	n towards ensuring that:	44
		(i)	the plant, equipment and other resources, and	45
		(ii)	the structures, work systems and other processes,	46
			ant to compliance with the provision creating the executive lity offence are appropriate in all the circumstances,	47 48

		(0	d) action towards creating and maintaining a corporate culture that does not direct, encourage, tolerate or lead to non-compliance with the provision creating the executive liability offence.	1 2 3
[121]	Secti	on 141 R	epeals	4
	Omit	the section	on.	5
[122]	Secti	on 144		6
_	Omit	the section	on. Insert instead:	7
	144	Limitatio	on of liability	8
		A of di do pu	matter or thing done or omitted to be done by the Chief Executive, a member of the Advisory Council or the Fund Board or a person acting under the frection of the Chief Executive, the Advisory Council or the Fund Board, ones not, if the matter or thing was done or omitted in good faith for the tarposes of executing this Act, subject the Chief Executive, the member or a person so acting personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.	9 10 11 12 13
[123]	Sche	dule 1 Pr	rovisions relating to advisory bodies	15
	Renu	mber the	Schedule as Schedule 5.	16
[124]	Sche	dule 5 (a	s renumbered)	17
	Omit	"Scheme	Board" wherever occurring in clauses 1 (a) and 2 (2).	18
	Insert	instead "	'Fund Board''.	19
[125]	Sche	dule 1		20
	Insert	as Sched	lule 1:	21
	Sch	edule	1 Definitions and other interpretative provisions	22 23
	1	Definition	ons	24
		(1) In	this Act:	25
			<b>dministration</b> Corporation means the Fair Trading Administration orporation constituted under Part 7.	26 27
			<b>dvisory Council</b> means the Home Building Advisory Council constituted nder Part 7B.	28 29
		aı	uthority means the following:	30
		`	a) a contractor licence (whether or not an endorsed contractor licence),	31
		`	a supervisor or tradesperson certificate,	32
		`	c) an owner-builder permit.  uilding Code of Australia has the same meaning as in the Environmental	33
			lanning and Assessment Act 1979.	34 35
		C	hief Executive means:	36
		(8	a) the Commissioner for Fair Trading, Office of Finance and Services, or	37
		`	·	
		(t	o) if there is no such position in that Office—the Chief Executive of that Office.	38 39

	mplying development certificate has the same meaning as in the extronmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.	1 2
	nsent declaration means a declaration by an individual who is, or is	3
pro	oposed to be, the nominated supervisor for a contractor licence, being a	4
	claration to the effect that the individual understands the responsibilities of	5
	nominated supervisor and consents to being that nominated supervisor.	6
	<b>ntract price</b> means the total amount payable under a contract to do work or supply a kit home and includes:	7 8
(a)	the amount that the person contracting to do the work or to supply a kit home is to receive and retain under the contract, and	9 10
(b)	the amount that the person is to receive under the contract for payment to any other person, and	11 12
(c)	the amount any third person is to receive (or it is reasonably estimated	13
. ,	will receive) directly from the person for whom the work is done or to	14
	whom the kit home is supplied in relation to the work done, or the kit	15
	home supplied, under the contract:	16
	(i) for conveying to the building site or connecting or installing services such as gas, electricity, telephone, water and sewerage,	17 18
	or	19
	(ii) for the issue of development or building consents.	20
coi	ntractor licence means a contractor licence referred to in section 4 or 5.	21
deı	<i>veloper</i> —see section 3A.	22
<b>de</b> r and	welopment consent has the same meaning as in the Environmental Planning d Assessment Act 1979.	23 24
du	al occupancy—see section 29.	25
dw	<i>relling</i> —see clause 3.	26
	ectrical wiring work has the same meaning as it has in the Electricity consumer Safety) Act 2004.	27 28
	dorsed contractor licence means a contractor licence endorsed under this et to show that it is the equivalent of a supervisor certificate.	29 30
	ternally-administered body corporate has the same meaning as in the orporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth.	31 32
	<i>ted apparatus</i> means apparatus fixed to a dwelling or part of a dwelling with a intention that it should remain in that position permanently.	33 34
	nction includes a power, authority or duty, and exercise a function includes	35
pei	rform a duty.	36
	and Board means the Home Building Compensation Fund Board constituted der Part 6.	37 38
gas	sfitting work has the same meaning as it has in the Gas Supply Act 1996.	39
	surance under the Home Building Compensation Fund means insurance der a contract of insurance required to be entered into by or under Part 6.	40 41
kit	<i>home</i> —see clause 4.	42
ma	<i>ujor defect</i> —see section 18E.	43
Na and	attional Construction Code means the National Construction Code produced d maintained by the Australian Building Codes Board, as in force from time time.	44 45 46
	minated supervisor means an individual:	47
(a)	-	48
(u)	, and notes an endorsed contractor needed of a supervisor contineate, and	40

(b)	who is for the time being registered in accordance with the regulations for the purpose of supervising the doing of residential building work or specialist work.	1 2 3
work of th	contracting owner, in relation to a contract to do residential building on land, means an individual, partnership or corporation that is the owner e land but is not a party to the contract and includes any successor in title	5
	e owner.	7
Corp	er, in relation to a corporation, has the same meaning as it has in the porations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth.	9
	er of land means the only person who, or each person who jointly or rally, at law or in equity:	10 11
(a)	is entitled to the land for an estate of freehold in possession, or	12
(b)	is entitled to receive, or receives, or if the land were let to a tenant would be entitled to receive, the rents and profits of the land, whether as beneficial owner, trustee, mortgagee in possession or otherwise.	13 14 15
	<i>er-builder</i> means a person who does owner-builder work under an er-builder permit issued to the person for that work.	16 17
owne of Pa	<i>er-builder permit</i> means an owner-builder permit issued under Division 3 art 3.	18 19
	er-builder work—see section 29.	20
plum	abing and drainage work means:	21
(a)	plumbing and drainage work within the meaning of the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2011</i> , or	22 23
(b)	any plumbing work or drainage work that, because of a relevant law, can be done lawfully only by the holder of an endorsed contractor licence, a supervisor or a tradesperson certificate or some other specified person, or	24 25 26 27
(c)	water plumbing work comprising the construction of or work on a fire suppression system that is connected or to be connected to a water main.	28 29
	<i>tress payment</i> for residential building work means any payment on aunt after work is commenced under a contract to do residential building c.	30 31 32
regu	vant law means an Act or a statutory instrument that is declared by the lations to be an Act or statutory instrument that regulates the specialist concerned.	33 34 35
resid	lential building work—see clause 2.	36
reno flash	<i>plumbing work</i> means any work involved in the fixing, installation, vation, alteration, repair and maintenance of guttering, downpipes, roof ling and roof coverings on any building or structure, except work in ion to roof coverings consisting of:	37 38 39 40
(a)	non-metallic tiles and slates, or	41
(b)	glass (being work usually performed by glaziers), or	42
(c)	concrete, or	43
(d)	timber and timber products, or	44
(e)	thatching, or	45
(f)	malthoid, bituminous or similar membrane material.	46
seco	ndary dwelling—see section 29.	47
	Insurance Corporation means the NSW Self Insurance Corporation	48
cons	tituted by the NSW Self Insurance Corporation Act 2004	40

			<i>ialist work</i> means the following work whether or not done in connection a dwelling:	1 2
		(a)	plumbing and drainage work, other than roof plumbing work,	3
		(b)	gasfitting work,	4
		(c)	electrical wiring work,	5
		(d)	any work declared by the regulations to be refrigeration work or air-conditioning work.	6 7
		dwell	. Work can be specialist work whether or not it is done in connection with a ing (so it can include work done in connection with commercial or industrial work).	8 9
			atory warranty means a warranty established by Part 2C.	10
		supe of Pa	<b>rvisor certificate</b> means a supervisor certificate issued under Division 2 art 3.	11 12
			<i>ly</i> means supply for consideration, but does not include supply for the oses of resale.	13 14
			esperson certificate means a tradesperson certificate issued under sion 2 of Part 3	15 16
			<i>unal</i> means the Civil and Administrative Tribunal established by the <i>Civil Administrative Tribunal Act 2013</i> .	17 18
2	Defi	nition	of "residential building work"	19
	(1)		nis Act, <i>residential building work</i> means any work involved in, or lived in co-ordinating or supervising any work involved in:	20 21
		(a)	the construction of a dwelling, or	22
		(b)	the making of alterations or additions to a dwelling, or	23
		(c)	the repairing, renovation, decoration or protective treatment of a dwelling.	24 25
	(2)	Each work	of the following is included in the definition of <i>residential building</i> :	26 27
		(a)	roof plumbing work done in connection with a dwelling,	28
		(b)	specialist work done in connection with a dwelling,	29
		(c)	work concerned in installing in a dwelling any fixture or fixed apparatus that is designed for the heating or cooling of water, food or the atmosphere or for air ventilation or the filtration of water in a swimming pool or spa (or in adding to, altering or repairing any such installation).	30 31 32 33
	(3)	Each work	n of the following is excluded from the definition of <i>residential building</i> ::	34 35
		(a)	any work (other than specialist work) the reasonable market cost of the labour and materials involved in which does not exceed the amount prescribed by the regulations,	36 37 38
		(b)	any work (other than specialist work) involved in the manufacturing of a moveable dwelling, within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> (other than a moveable dwelling that is a manufactured home within the meaning of that Act),	39 40 41 42
		(c)	any work involved in the manufacture, assembly or erection of a moveable dwelling that is a manufactured home within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> , other than:	43 44 45
			(i) specialist work, or	46

(ii) work involving the connecting together on the site on which the manufactured home is installed of its major sections and any associated structures forming part of the manufactured home and attaching them to footings, 

- (d) any work (other than specialist work) involved in the site preparation for, or the assembling or erection on site of, a moveable dwelling excluded by paragraph (b), unless the work requires development consent,
- (e) any work referred to in paragraph (d) done in relation to land on which a council has authorised a moveable dwelling to be placed by issuing an approval under the *Local Government Act 1993*, whether or not a development consent is also required,
- (f) any work that would otherwise be residential building work but that by or under another Act a person is prohibited from doing unless the person is the holder of a contractor licence or another authority under that other Act, but subject to subclause (4),
- (g) internal painting work, but subject to subclause (5),
- (h) any work (other than specialist work) done in relation to the removal and transport of a dwelling, but subject to subclause (6),
- (i) the supervision only of residential building work:
  - (i) by a person registered as an architect under the *Architects Act* 2003, or
  - (ii) by a person supervising owner-builder work for no reward or other consideration, or
  - (iii) by any other person, if all the residential building work is being done or supervised by the holder of a contractor licence authorising its holder to contract to do that work,
- (j) demolition work,
- (k) any work involved in the installation of any material that forms an upper layer or wearing surface of a floor (even if installed as a fixture) and that does not involve any structural changes to the floor, but not including work involved in the installation of floor tiles unless the regulations otherwise provide,
- (l) any work that involves the installation or maintenance of any fixed apparatus such as a lift, an escalator, an inclinator or a garage door by means of which persons or things are raised or lowered or moved in some direction that is restricted by fixed guides.
- (4) Work referred to in subclause (3) (f) is not excluded from the definition of *residential building work* if it is part only of the work to be done under a contract to do residential building work.
- (5) Internal painting work is not excluded from the definition of *residential building work* (under subclause (3) (g)) if it is part only of the work to be done under a contract to do residential building work.
- (6) Work referred to in subclause (3) (h) is not excluded from the definition of *residential building work* if it is part only of the work to be done under a contract to do residential building work at the new site of the dwelling (whether or not that work is done under the same contract as the contract to remove and transport the dwelling).

	(7)	The 1	regulations may:	1
		(a)	declare any work to be included in the definition of <i>residential building work</i> , or	2
		(b)	declare any work to be excluded from the definition of <i>residential building work</i> .	4 5
3	Defi	nition	of "dwelling"	6
	(1)	const	is Act, <i>dwelling</i> means a building or portion of a building that is designed, tructed or adapted for use as a residence (such as a detached or -detached house, transportable house, terrace or town house, duplex, -home, strata or company title home unit or residential flat).	7 8 9 10
	(2)		of the following structures or improvements is included in the definition welling if it is constructed for use in conjunction with a dwelling:	11 12
		(a)	a swimming pool or spa,	13
		(b)	parts of a building containing more than one dwelling (whether or not the building is also used for non-residential purposes), being stairways, passageways, rooms, and the like, that are used in common by the occupants of those dwellings, together with any pipes, wires, cables or ducts that are not for the exclusive enjoyment of any one dwelling,	14 15 16 17 18
		(c)	parts of a building containing one dwelling only (where the building is also used for non-residential purposes), being stairways, passageways and the like which provide access to that dwelling,	19 20 21
		(d)	if non-residential parts of a building containing one or more dwellings give support or access to the residential part—the major elements of the non-residential parts giving such support or access,	22 23 24
		(e)	cupboards, vanity units and the like fixed to a dwelling,	25
		(f)	detached garages and carports,	26
		(g)	detached decks, porches, verandahs, pergolas and the like,	27
		(h)	cabanas and non-habitable shelters,	28
		(i)	detached workshops, sheds and other outbuildings (but not jetties, slipways, pontoons or boat ramps and any structures ancillary to these exceptions),	29 30 31
		(j)	concrete tennis courts and the like but only if the work involved is to be done under a contract to do other work that is residential building work,	32 33
		(k)	driveways, paths and other paving,	34
		(1)	retaining walls,	35
		(m)	agricultural drainage designed or constructed to divert water away from the footings of a dwelling or a retaining wall,	36 37
		(n)	fences and gates,	38
		(0)	ornamental ponds and water features, and other structural ornamentation, the construction or installation of which requires development consent but only if the work involved is to be done under a contract to do other work that is residential building work,	39 40 41 42
		(p)	any other structure or improvement prescribed by the regulations.	43
	(3)	Each	of the following is excluded from the definition of <i>dwelling</i> :	44
		(a)	a boarding house, guest house, hostel or lodging house,	45
		(b)	all residential parts of a hotel or motel,	46

(c)

		(d)	accommodation (other than self-contained units) specially designed for the aged, persons with a disability or children,	2 3
		(e)	any residential part of a health care building that accommodates staff,	4
		(f)	a house or unit designed, constructed or adapted for commercial use as tourist, holiday or overnight accommodation,	5 6
		(g)	any part of a non-residential building that is constructed or adapted for use as a caretaker's residence,	7 8
		(h)	a moveable dwelling (with or without a flexible annexe) within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> that is, or is a vehicle of a kind capable of being, registered within the meaning of the <i>Road Transport Act 2013</i> (such as a caravan or a motor home),	9 10 11 12
		(i)	a residential building for the purposes of which development consent can be granted only because of <i>State Environmental Planning Policy No 15—Rural Landsharing Communities</i> ,	13 14 15
		(j)	concrete tennis courts and the like, except as expressly included under subclause (2),	16 17
		(k)	ornamental ponds and water features and other structural ornamentation, except as expressly included under subclause (2),	18 19
		(1)	a building or portion of a building that is prescribed by the regulations as excluded from the definition.	20 21
	(4)	is condwell	ucture or improvement that is included in the definition of <i>dwelling</i> if it is instructed for use in conjunction with a dwelling is to be regarded as a ling whether or not there exists any dwelling of which it could be taken rm part.	22 23 24 25
4	Defir	nition	of "kit home"	26
4	Defir (1)	In thi for sa carpo instru	of "kit home" is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, out or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection the sale.	26 27 28 29 30 31
4		In this for sa carpo instruwith	is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, ort or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection	27 28 29 30
4	(1)	In this for sa carpoinstru with	is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, out or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection the sale.	27 28 29 30 31
4	(1)	In this for sa carpoinstru with Desp Act:	is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, out or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection the sale.  The following are not kit homes for the purposes of this a set of components for the construction of a moveable dwelling (within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ) that is not a vehicle of a kind capable of being registered within the meaning of the <i>Road</i>	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
5	(1)	In this for sa carpoinstru with Desp Act:  (a)	is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, out or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection the sale.  The interest of the construction of a moveable dwelling (within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ) that is not a vehicle of a kind capable of being registered within the meaning of the <i>Road Transport Act 2013</i> , a set of components for the construction of a dwelling, structure or	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
	(1)	In this for sa carpoinstru with Desp Act: (a)  (b)	is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, out or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection the sale.  The interval of the construction of a moveable dwelling (within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ) that is not a vehicle of a kind capable of being registered within the meaning of the <i>Road Transport Act 2013</i> , a set of components for the construction of a dwelling, structure or improvement prescribed by the regulations.	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
	(1) (2)	In this for sa carpoinstru with Desp Act: (a)  (b)	is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, out or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection the sale.  The subclause (1), the following are not kit homes for the purposes of this a set of components for the construction of a moveable dwelling (within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ) that is not a vehicle of a kind capable of being registered within the meaning of the <i>Road Transport Act 2013</i> , a set of components for the construction of a dwelling, structure or improvement prescribed by the regulations.  If "close associate" the purposes of this Act, a person is a <i>close associate</i> of another person if	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40
	(1) (2)	In this for sa carpoinstru with Desp Act:  (a)  (b)  For the the points and the points are a second to	is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, out or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection the sale.  In the subclause (1), the following are not kit homes for the purposes of this a set of components for the construction of a moveable dwelling (within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ) that is not a vehicle of a kind capable of being registered within the meaning of the <i>Road Transport Act 2013</i> , a set of components for the construction of a dwelling, structure or improvement prescribed by the regulations.  If "close associate" the purposes of this Act, a person is a <i>close associate</i> of another person if erson:	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42
	(1) (2)	In this for sa carpoinstru with Desp Act: (a)  (b)  For the period (a)	is Act, <i>kit home</i> means a set of building components that, when offered ale, is represented as sufficient for the construction of a dwelling, garage, out or other structure prescribed by the regulations, according to a plan or actions furnished by the supplier of the set to the purchaser in connection the sale.  In the subclause (1), the following are not kit homes for the purposes of this a set of components for the construction of a moveable dwelling (within the meaning of the <i>Local Government Act 1993</i> ) that is not a vehicle of a kind capable of being registered within the meaning of the <i>Road Transport Act 2013</i> , a set of components for the construction of a dwelling, structure or improvement prescribed by the regulations.  If "close associate" the purposes of this Act, a person is a <i>close associate</i> of another person if erson:  is a business partner of the other person, or	27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43

any residential part of an educational institution,

		(d)	bears a relationship to the other person that is a prescribed relationship under subclause (2), or	1 2
		(e)	is a corporation that is a subsidiary (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth) of the other person, or	3 4
		(f)	holds or is entitled to exercise, in respect of the other person or the business of the other person, any other relevant financial interest, relevant position or relevant power.	5 6 7
	(2)		the purposes of subclause (1) (d), a person bears a <i>prescribed relationship</i> nother person if the relationship is that of:	8
		(a)	a spouse or former spouse, or	10
		(b)	an existing or former de facto partner, or	11
		(c)	a child, grandchild, sibling, parent or grandparent, whether derived through paragraph (a) or (b) or otherwise, or	12 13
		(d)	a kind prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this clause.	14
		Note	e. De facto partner is defined in section 21C of the Interpretation Act 1987.	15
	(3)	For t	the purposes of subclause (1) (f):	16
		relev	vant financial interest means:	17
		(a)	any share in the capital of the business, or	18
		(b)	any entitlement to receive any income derived from the business, whether the entitlement arises at law or in equity or otherwise.	19 20
			vant position means the position of director, manager, and other executive tions and secretary, however those positions are designated.	21 22
			want power means any power, whether exercisable by voting or otherwise whether exercisable alone or in association with others:	23 24
		(a)	to participate in any directorial, managerial or executive decision, or	25
		(b)	to elect or appoint any person to any relevant position.	26
6	Refe	rence	es to conditions	27
			is Act, a reference to conditions includes a reference to terms, restrictions prohibitions.	28 29
7	Note	es		30
		Note	es included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	31
Sche	edules	2 and	13	32
Omi	t Scheo	dule 3.	Insert instead:	33
Sch	nedu	le 2	Terms to be included in certain contracts	34
			(Sections 7E and 16DE)	35
Par	't 1	Co	ntracts to do residential building work	36
1	Plan	s and	specifications	37
	(1)		plans and specifications for work to be done under this contract, including variations to those plans and specifications, are taken to form part of this ract.	38 39 40

[126]

	(2)	Any agreement to vary this contract, or to vary the plans and speci work to be done under this contract, must be in writing signed by of each party to this contract.	
	(3)	This clause only applies to a contract to which section 7AA information) of the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> applies.	(Consumer
2	Qual	lity of construction	
	(1)	All work done under this contract will comply with:	
		(a) the Building Code of Australia (to the extent required Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, in regulation or other instrument made under that Act), and	
		(b) all other relevant codes, standards and specifications that required to comply with under any law, and	the work is 1
		(c) the conditions of any relevant development consent or development certificate.	r complying 1:
	(2)	Despite subclause (1), this contract may limit the liability of the c a failure to comply with subclause (1) if the failure relates solely	
		(a) a design or specification prepared by or on behalf of the ov by or on behalf of the contractor), or	wner (but not 1
		(b) a design or specification required by the owner, if the coadvised the owner in writing that the design or specification subclause (1).	
Par	t 2	Contracts to supply kit homes	2
3	Plan	ns and specifications	2
3	Plans (1)	All plans and specifications for building components to be supplied contract, including any variations to those plans and specification to form part of this contract.	ed under this 2
3		All plans and specifications for building components to be supplic contract, including any variations to those plans and specification	ed under this ns, are taken 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
3	(1)	All plans and specifications for building components to be supplied contract, including any variations to those plans and specification to form part of this contract.  Any agreement to vary this contract, or to vary the plans and specification to be supplied under this contract, must be supplied under this contract.	ed under this ns, are taken 2 2 2 2 iffications for 2 2 if in writing 2
	(1)	All plans and specifications for building components to be supplied contract, including any variations to those plans and specification to form part of this contract.  Any agreement to vary this contract, or to vary the plans and specification to the supplied under this contract, must be signed by or on behalf of each party to this contract.	ed under this ns, are taken 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3
	(1) (2) <b>Qual</b>	All plans and specifications for building components to be supplic contract, including any variations to those plans and specification to form part of this contract.  Any agreement to vary this contract, or to vary the plans and specification building components to be supplied under this contract, must be signed by or on behalf of each party to this contract.	ed under this ns, are taken 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2
	(1) (2) <b>Qual</b>	All plans and specifications for building components to be supplied contract, including any variations to those plans and specification to form part of this contract.  Any agreement to vary this contract, or to vary the plans and specification building components to be supplied under this contract, must be signed by or on behalf of each party to this contract.  All building components supplied under this contract will comply (a) the Building Code of Australia (to the extent required Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, in	ed under this ns, are taken 2 ifications for 3 ifications
	(1) (2) <b>Qual</b>	All plans and specifications for building components to be supplic contract, including any variations to those plans and specification to form part of this contract.  Any agreement to vary this contract, or to vary the plans and specification building components to be supplied under this contract, must be signed by or on behalf of each party to this contract.  Ility of construction  All building components supplied under this contract will comply (a) the Building Code of Australia (to the extent required Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, in regulation or other instrument made under that Act), and (b) all other relevant codes, standards and specifications that	ed under this ns, are taken  2 ifications for pe in writing  2 y with:  3 d under the cluding any  3 the work is  3 are taken  2 are taken  3 are taken  2 are taken  2 are taken  3 are taken  2 are taken  3 are taken  2 are taken  3 are taken  3 are taken  2 are taken  3 are taken  4 are taken  3 are taken  3 are taken  4 are taken  3 are taken  4 are taken  3 are taken  4 are taken  4 are taken  3 are taken  4 are taken  5 are ta
	(1) (2) <b>Qual</b>	All plans and specifications for building components to be supplic contract, including any variations to those plans and specification to form part of this contract.  Any agreement to vary this contract, or to vary the plans and specification building components to be supplied under this contract, must be signed by or on behalf of each party to this contract.  Ility of construction  All building components supplied under this contract will comply (a) the Building Code of Australia (to the extent required Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, in regulation or other instrument made under that Act), and (b) all other relevant codes, standards and specifications that required to comply with under any law, and (c) the conditions of any relevant development consent of	ed under this ns, are taken 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	(1) (2)  Qual (1)	All plans and specifications for building components to be supplied contract, including any variations to those plans and specification to form part of this contract.  Any agreement to vary this contract, or to vary the plans and specification building components to be supplied under this contract, must be signed by or on behalf of each party to this contract.  Ility of construction  All building components supplied under this contract will comply (a) the Building Code of Australia (to the extent required Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, in regulation or other instrument made under that Act), and (b) all other relevant codes, standards and specifications that required to comply with under any law, and (c) the conditions of any relevant development consent of development certificate.  Despite subclause (1), this contract may limit the liability of the contract	ed under this ns, are taken  2 ifications for pe in writing  2 y with:  3 d under the cluding any  3 the work is  4 complying  3 ontractor for to:  4

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Sch	edu	le 3	Conditions of authorities	1
			(Section 36)	2
1	Cont	ractor	licences generally	3
		of the	nolder of a contractor licence must notify the Chief Executive in writing a following particulars within 7 days of the specified events occurring and provide any specified documents:	
		(a)	if the holder becomes aware of any material change in the circumstances that warranted the Chief Executive giving permission allowing an individual to be a nominated supervisor for more than one contractor licence or making an order exempting a licensee from having a nominated supervisor—the date on which the holder became aware of that change and the details of the change,	8 9 10
		(b)	if a nominated supervisor for the contractor licence ceases to be an employee, member or director of the holder—the date of cessation, the supervisor's name, and the type of authority held by the supervisor and its number,	14
		(c)	if a person is selected to be a nominated supervisor for the contractor licence after it has been issued—the supervisor's name, the type of authority held and its number. (The person's consent declaration must accompany any such notification.)	18
2	Indiv	idual (	contractor licences	21
		Act 20 condit within	Under section 24 (1) of the <i>Licensing and Registration (Uniform Procedures)</i> 002 (as modified by section 19 (3) (d) of the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> ), it is a tion of each contractor licence that the licensee must notify the Chief Executive, 7 days after the change, of any change that occurs in the licensee's name, ass or other registered particulars.	23 24
	(1)	becon	ndividual who is the holder of a contractor licence must, within 7 days of ming or ceasing to be a nominated supervisor, notify the Chief Executive iting of the following particulars:	
		(a)	if the holder becomes a nominated supervisor for another contractor licence—the date of the consent declaration and the name of the holder of the other contractor licence and its number,	
		(b)	if the holder ceases to be a nominated supervisor for another contractor licence—the date of so ceasing and the name of the holder of the other contractor licence and its number.	
	(2)	super becon the ( nomi Exec	ndividual who is the holder of a contractor licence and the nominated rvisor for more than one contractor licence must, within 7 days after ming aware of any material change in the circumstances that warranted Chief Executive giving permission allowing the individual to be a nated supervisor for more than one contractor licence, notify the Chief utive in writing of the following particulars:	37 38 39
		(a)	the date on which the holder became aware of the change,	42
		(b)	details of the change.	43
3	Partr	Note. Act 20 condit within	Under section 24 (1) of the <i>Licensing and Registration (Uniform Procedures)</i> 002 (as modified by section 19 (3) (d) of the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> ), it is a tion of each contractor licence that the licensee must notify the Chief Executive, 7 days after the change, of any change that occurs in the licensee's name, as or other registered particulars.	46 47

5

	Exec	rtnership that is the holder of a contractor licence must notify the Chief outive in writing of the following particulars within 7 days of the specified its occurring:	
	(a)	if a corporation is a member of the partnership holding the contractor licence—particulars of the events and details required by clause 4 for each corporation which is such a member,	
	(b)	if there is a change in the membership or in the name of a member of the partnership or the partnership is dissolved—the date and details of the change or dissolution, including the name, date of birth and address of each former partner and new partner (if applicable).	1
Corp	oratio	on contractor licences	1
	Note: Act 2 condi withir	. Under section 24 (1) of the <i>Licensing and Registration (Uniform Procedures)</i> 002 (as modified by section 19 (3) (d) of the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> ), it is a tion of each contractor licence that the licensee must notify the Chief Executive, a 7 days after the change, of any change that occurs in the licensee's name, less or other registered particulars.	1: 1: 1: 1:
(1)	Exec	reporation that is the holder of a contractor licence must notify the Chief entire in writing within 7 days of any change of directors of the poration.	1 1 1
(2)		notification referred to in subclause (1) must include the name, date of and address of each new and former director.	2
Supe	erviso	r certificates and tradesperson certificates	2
	Act 2 condi	Under section 24 (1) of the <i>Licensing and Registration (Uniform Procedures)</i> 002 (as modified by section 24 (3) (d) of the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> ), it is a tion of each tradesperson certificate and supervisor certificate that the holder of ertificate must notify the Chief Executive, within 7 days after the change, of any ge that occurs in the holder's name, address or other registered particulars.	2: 2: 2: 2: 2:
(1)	ceasi	holder of a supervisor certificate must, within 7 days of becoming or ing to be a nominated supervisor, notify the Chief Executive in writing of ollowing particulars:	25 25 30
	(a)	if the holder becomes a nominated supervisor for a contractor licence—the date of the consent declaration and the name of the holder of the contractor licence and its number,	3: 3:
	(b)	if the holder ceases to be a nominated supervisor for a contractor licence—the date of so ceasing and the name of the holder of the contractor licence and its number.	3, 3,
(2)	more any i givin more	holder of a supervisor certificate who is the nominated supervisor for than one contractor licence must, within 7 days after becoming aware of material change in the circumstances that warranted the Chief Executive ag permission allowing the individual to be a nominated supervisor for than one contractor licence, notify the Chief Executive in writing of the wing particulars:	3: 3: 4: 4: 4:
	(a)	the date on which the holder became aware of the change,	4:
	(b)	details of the change.	4
Furtl	ner de	tails	4
	The	holder of an authority must provide further details of the changes referred	40

to in this Schedule if requested to do so by the Chief Executive and, if the

Chief Executive so requests, must provide those further details in a form approved by the Chief Executive.

47

	7 L	.ost, sto	len, defaced or destroyed authorities	1
		the	e holder of an authority that is lost, stolen, defaced or destroyed must notify the Chief Executive in writing of the event or condition within 7 days of coming aware of it.	2 3 4
[127]	Schedu	ıle 4 Sav	vings and transitional provisions	5
-			1). Insert instead:	6
	(		e regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature asequent on the enactment of this Act and any Act that amends this Act.	7 8
[128]	Schedu	ıle 4		9
	Insert a	t the end	of the Schedule with appropriate Part and clause numbering:	10
	Part		rovisions consequent on enactment of Home uilding Amendment Act 2014	11 12
	0	efinitio	ns	13
		In	this Part:	14
			nending Act means the Home Building Amendment Act 2014.	15
			endment of a provision includes:	16
		(a)	* '	17
		(b)	in the case of a new provision, the insertion of that provision.	18
	<b>A</b>	Applicati	ion of Part	19
	(		is Part prevails to the extent of any inconsistency with any other provision this Schedule.	20 21
	(		gulations made under clause 2 of this Schedule have effect despite any ovision of this Part.	22 23
	G	Seneral (	operation of amendments	24
	(		cept as otherwise provided by this Part or the regulations, an amendment de by the amending Act extends to:	25 26
		(a)	residential building work or specialist work commenced or completed before the commencement of the amendment, and	27 28
		(b)	a contract to do residential building work or specialist work entered into before the commencement of the amendment (including a contract completed before that commencement), and	29 30 31
		(c)	a contract of insurance entered into before the commencement of the amendment, and	32 33
		(d)	a loss, liability, claim or dispute that arose before the commencement of the amendment, and	34 35
		(e)	an application for a licence or certificate that is pending on the commencement of the amendment.	36 37
	(		wever, an amendment made by the amending Act does not apply to or in pect of:	38 39
		(a)	proceedings commenced in a court or tribunal before the commencement of the amendment (whether or not the proceedings were finally determined before that commencement), or	40 41 42

	(b) a claim made before the commencement of the amendment under a contract of insurance (whether or not the claim was finalised before that commencement).	1 2 3
New	offences and increased penalties	4
(1)	An amendment made by the amending Act that creates a new offence (or that extends an existing offence to conduct that is currently not the subject of the offence) does not apply in respect of conduct occurring before the commencement of the amendment.	5 6 7 8
(2)	Sections 4 (6), 5 (3) and 92 (2A) apply only to a second or subsequent offence under the provision concerned committed after the commencement of the provision and so apply even if the first offence concerned was committed before that commencement.	9 10 11 12
Forn	n of contracts	13
(1)	An amendment of section 7 (except section 7 (8)) by the amending Act does not apply to a contract entered into before the commencement of the amendment.	14 15 16
(2)	The amendment of section 7A by the amending Act does not apply to a contract entered into before the commencement of the amendment.	17 18
Dep	osits and progress payments	19
	An amendment of section 8, 8A or 16E by the amending Act does not apply in respect of a contract entered into before the commencement of the amendment.	20 21 22
State	utory warranties	23
(1)	Section 18BA (Duties of person having benefit of statutory warranty) does not apply in respect of a contract entered into before the commencement of the section.	24 25 26
(2)	The amendment of section 18F by the amending Act does not apply in respect of a contract entered into before the commencement of the amendment.	27 28
Issu	e of licences and certificates	29
	An amendment of section 20 or 25 by the amending Act does not apply to an application for a contractor licence or a supervisor or tradesperson certificate made before the commencement of the amendment.	30 31 32
Can	cellation of contractor licence	33
(1)	An amendment of section 22 by the amending Act extends to a contractor licence in force immediately before the commencement of the amendment.	34 35
(2)	Section 22 (5) applies to an event or circumstance that occurs before the commencement of that provision and of which the holder of a contractor licence became aware before that commencement as if the holder became aware of the event or circumstance on that commencement.	36 37 38 39
Own	er-builder permits	40
(1)	Section 32 (1A) does not apply to an owner-builder permit issued before the commencement of that provision or issued after the commencement of that provision pursuant to an application made before that commencement.	41 42 43

(2)	An amendment of section 31 by the amending Act does not apply to an application for an owner-builder permit made before the commencement of the amendment.	1 2 3
Rec	tification orders	4
	An amendment of section 48E by the amending Act does not apply to an order under that section made before the commencement of the amendment.	5 6
Insu	rance contracts—name of contractor	7
	An amendment of section 92 (1) or (2) by the amending Act does not apply to a contract of insurance entered into before the commencement of the amendment.	8 9 10
Insu	rance obligations of owner-builders	11
	Section 95 (and sections 97 and 101 in their operation in respect of that section) as in force before being amended by the amending Act continues to apply to and in respect of the following contracts:	12 13 14
	(a) a contract of insurance or a contract for the sale of land entered into before the commencement of the amendment of section 95,	15 16
	(b) a contract for the sale of land entered into after that commencement if a contract of insurance that complies with this Act is in force in relation to the work concerned when the contract is entered into.	17 18 19
Con	tracts for sale of exempt dwellings	20
	Section 96B (Obligations of sellers of excluded dwellings (houses and units used for commercial purposes)) does not apply to a contract for the sale of land entered into before the commencement of that section.	21 22 23
Effe	ct of partnership insolvency	24
	An amendment of section 99 (3)–(6) or 100 (2) by the amending Act does not apply to a contract of insurance entered into before the commencement of the amendment.	25 26 27
Insu	rance in relation to work not carried out under contract	28
	The amendment of section 101 by the amending Act does not apply to a contract of insurance entered into under section 96 before the commencement of the amendment.	29 30 31
Non	-completion claims as delayed claims	32
	The repeal of section 103BB (5) by the amending Act does not apply in respect of a contract of insurance entered into before that repeal.	33 34
Exe	cutive liability offences	35
	Section 137A does not apply to an executive liability offence committed before the commencement of that section.	36 37
Limi	itation of liability	38
	The amendment of section 144 by the amending Act does not apply to any matter or thing done or omitted to be done before the commencement of the amendment.	39 40 41

## Grounds for refusal of authority

A ground under a provision of this Act for refusing the issue, renewal or restoration of an authority that was not a ground for that refusal before the commencement of the provision (whether the ground was under this Act or a regulation under this Act) does not apply to an application for the issue, renewal or restoration of an authority made before the commencement of the provision, and does not apply to an authority issued, renewed or restored before that commencement until the first renewal of the authority after that commencement.

(2) A reference in a provision of section 33B to a members' voluntary winding up applies in respect of an authority in force immediately before the commencement of the provision as if the reference included a reference to a creditors' voluntary winding up, but only until the first renewal of the authority after that commencement.

#### Definitions of "residential building work" and "dwelling"

An amendment made by the amending Act that results in a change to the meaning of *residential building work* or *dwelling* does not apply to a contract to do residential building work entered into before the commencement of the amendment.

### Changes to terms of contract

An amendment made by the amending Act that changes the terms that a contract must contain applies only to a contract entered into after the commencement of the amendment.

### References to home warranty insurance etc

- (1) The amendments made by the amending Act to change references to home warranty insurance to references to insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund effect a change of terminology only, and accordingly:
  - (a) the amendments do not affect the validity of any contract of insurance entered into before the commencement of the amendments, and
  - (b) a reference in this Act to insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund includes a reference to home warranty insurance under a contract of insurance entered into before the commencement of the amendments.
- (2) The Home Building Compensation Fund Board provided for by the amendments made by the amending Act is a continuation of the Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board as constituted under this Act immediately before the commencement of those amendments.
- (3) Guidelines in force under section 91A immediately before the amendment of that section by the amending Act are taken to have been issued under that section as amended by the amending Act.

#### Lodgment at office of Department of Fair Trading

Anything lodged at an office of the Department of Fair Trading before the commencement of an amendment made by the amending Act to a provision of this Act that requires it to be so lodged is, for the purposes of the operation of the provision after the commencement of the amendment, taken to have been lodged with the Chief Executive.

	Provisions of regulations transferred to Act	1
	An amendment made by the amending Act that imposes a requirement that was a requirement of the regulations before the amendment commenced extends to any contract or other matter to which the requirement was subject under the regulations immediately before the commencement of the amendment.	2 3 4 5
[129]	The whole Act	7
	Omit "Director-General" and "Director-General's" wherever occurring (except where otherwise amended by this Schedule and in Schedule 4 to the Act).	8
	Insert instead "Chief Executive" and "Chief Executive's" respectively.	10

Scł	nedule 2		mendment of NSW Self Insurance Corporation ct 2004 No 106	1
[1]	Section 3 De	efiniti	ons	3
	Omit paragra	ph (c)	of the definition of <i>Government managed fund scheme</i> in section 3 (1).	4
	Insert instead	l <b>:</b>		5
		(c)	insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund is provided (or the Home Building Compensation Fund is managed) by or on behalf of the Self Insurance Corporation, or	6 7 8
[2]	Section 3 (1)	)		9
	Omit the defi	nitio	ns of home warranty insurance and Home Warranty Insurance Fund.	10
[3]	Section 3 (1)	)		11
	Insert in alph	abetio	cal order:	12
			e Building Compensation Fund means the Fund established under on 12A.	13 14
	1	under	ance under the Home Building Compensation Fund means insurance a contract of insurance required to be entered into by or under Part 6 of ome Building Act 1989.	15 16 17
[4]	Section 3 (1)	, def	inition of "insurance intermediary"	18
	Omit "home	warra	anty insurance".	19
	Insert instead	"insi	urance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".	20
[5]	Section 8A S Compensation	Speci on Fu	fic functions in relation to insurance under Home Building und	21 22
	Omit "home	warra	anty insurance" wherever occurring.	23
	Insert instead	"insi	urance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".	24
[6]	Section 8A (	1)		25
	Omit "Home	Warı	ranty Insurance Fund" wherever occurring.	26
	Insert instead	"Ho	me Building Compensation Fund".	27
[7]	Section 11 S	elf In	surance Fund	28
	Omit "Home occurring.	e Wa	arranty Insurance Fund" and "home warranty insurance" wherever	29 30
			ome Building Compensation Fund" and "insurance under the Home sation Fund" respectively.	31 32
[8]	Part 4, Divisi	ion 2	, heading	33
	Omit "Home	War	ranty Insurance Fund".	34
	Incart instand	"Ho	ma Ruilding Companyation Fund"	25

[9]	Section 12	A Home Building Compensation Fund	1
	Omit "Horoccurring.	me Warranty Insurance Fund" and "home warranty insurance" wherever	2
		ead "Home Building Compensation Fund" and "insurance under the Home ompensation Fund" respectively.	4 5
[10]	Section 12	B Investment of money in Home Building Compensation Fund	6
	Omit "Hon	ne Warranty Insurance Fund".	7
	Insert inste	ad "Home Building Compensation Fund".	8
[11]	Section 13	Regulations	9
	Omit "hom	e warranty insurance" from section 13 (1A) (f).	10
	Insert inste	ad "insurance under the Home Building Compensation Fund".	11
[12]	Schedule	1 Savings, transitional and other provisions	12
	Insert at the	e end of the Schedule with appropriate Part and clause numbers:	13
	Part	Provisions consequent on enactment of Home	14
		Building Amendment Act 2014	15
	Hom	e Building Compensation Fund	16
		The Home Building Compensation Fund provided for by section 12A is a continuation of the Home Warranty Insurance Fund provided for by that section before the commencement of this clause.	17 18 19

Schedule 3	Repeals	1
The following Acts a	re repealed:	2
Home Building Legis	lation Amendment Act 2001 No 51	3
Building Legislation	Amendment (Quality of Construction) Act 2002 No 134	4