First print



New South Wales

# **Physiotherapists Bill 2001**

# **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

## Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to provide for the registration of physiotherapists.

The Bill repeals the *Physiotherapists Registration Act 1945* and re-enacts the provisions relating to the regulation of physiotherapists with the following modifications:

- (a) a statement of the object of the Act is included,
- (b) additional mechanisms are provided for the accreditation and recognition of qualifications entitling a person to registration as a physiotherapist,
- (c) competence becomes an express requirement for registration and the Physiotherapists Registration Board (*the Board*) is given power to inquire into competence,
- (d) a mechanism for establishing a code of professional conduct is provided for and the operation of a code is clarified,

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- (e) registered physiotherapists are required to submit an annual return to the Board detailing matters that establish their continuing competence and good character,
- (f) registered physiotherapists are required to notify the Board of convictions and criminal findings (findings of guilt without proceeding to a conviction) for various offences, and courts are required to notify the Board of certain convictions and criminal findings against registered physiotherapists,
- (g) definitions of unsatisfactory professional conduct and professional misconduct are introduced,
- (h) a complaint against a physiotherapist can be made and dealt with even if the physiotherapist has ceased to be registered,
- (i) the Board is required to notify a physiotherapist of a complaint made against the physiotherapist,
- (j) the Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee is established to inquire into less serious complaints about physiotherapists and to make recommendations to the Board with respect to the determination of those complaints,
- (k) the Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee will be able to conduct skills testing of a registered physiotherapist about whom a complaint is made,
- (1) mechanisms are provided to enable the Board to monitor and manage physiotherapists who are impaired in their ability to practise,
- (m) determination of complaints by Professional Standards Committees is replaced with determination by a hearing of the Board,
- (n) the Board is authorised to make orders with respect to fees charged for physiotherapy services when determining a complaint,
- (o) the Board is to have 11 members (comprising 3 elected physiotherapists, 3 appointed physiotherapists, an officer of the Department of Health or a public health service, a legal practitioner, and 3 other persons, at least 2 of whom are not registered physiotherapists and represent the community),
- (p) a Board member is limited to 3 consecutive 4-year terms of office,
- (q) the Board is given power to delegate its functions,
- (r) the operation of the *Criminal Records Act 1991* is modified to facilitate the reporting of and consideration of criminal findings affecting applicants for registration and physiotherapists,
- (s) the Board is required to notify other physiotherapy registration authorities of disciplinary action taken against a physiotherapist,

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- (t) proceedings for an offence under the Act will be able to be taken within 12 months after the offence,
- (u) any conditions on a physiotherapist's registration will be recorded in the Register.

The Bill also amends the *Public Health Act 1991* to restrict the provision of certain electrophysical treatments to registered chiropractors, registered medical practitioners, registered osteopaths, registered physiotherapists and podiatrists. The time for taking proceedings for an offence under the new provision is extended to 12 months after the offence occurs.

The Bill also enacts consequential savings and transitional provisions and makes consequential amendments to other Acts.

## Outline of provisions

# Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

**Clause 2** provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 sets out the object of the proposed Act.

Clause 4 defines certain words and expressions used in the proposed Act.

**Clause 5** provides that notes in the proposed Act are explanatory only and do not form part of the Act.

**Clause 6** provides that the proposed Act does not limit or otherwise affect the operation of the Mutual Recognition laws of the Commonwealth.

# Part 2 Registration

**Clause 7** prohibits a person from indicating that the person practises, or is qualified to practise, physiotherapy unless the person is registered under the proposed Act.

Clause 8 specifies the qualifications required for registration as a physiotherapist.

Clause 9 defines competence to practise for the purposes of the proposed Act.

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Clause 10 defines impairment for the purposes of the proposed Act.

**Clause 11** specifies the circumstances in which a person is entitled to be registered as a physiotherapist under the proposed Act.

**Clause 12** provides for provisional registration under the proposed Act for persons who are entitled to registration but whose applications for registration have not been dealt with by the Board, and for persons entitled to the qualification required for registration who have not yet had the qualification conferred on them.

**Clause 13** provides that registration is subject to a condition that the physiotherapist must undertake a 12-month period of practice in an approved health institution, unless the Board exempts the person or reduces the period of practice required with respect to the person.

**Clause 14** provides for temporary registration under the proposed Act in certain circumstances.

**Clause 15** specifies the circumstances in which the Board may refuse to register a person under the proposed Act.

**Clause 16** specifies the effect of the removal of a person's name from the Register and the suspension of a person's registration as a physiotherapist.

Clause 17 restricts the re-registration of deregistered persons and certain other persons.

**Clause 18** provides for an appeal to the Physiotherapists Tribunal where the Board has refused to grant registration or cancelled registration and in certain other cases.

# Part 3 Practice of physiotherapy

### Division 1 Conduct of practice

**Clause 19** prohibits registered physiotherapists from using the title "doctor" unless the physiotherapist holds a recognised university qualification entitling the physiotherapist to use that title.

**Clause 20** provides that the Board may establish a code of professional conduct and provides for the use of, and procedure for the establishment of, that code.

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## Division 2 Returns and information

**Clause 21** provides that registered physiotherapists must furnish annual returns to the Board containing specified information. The Board may require the return to be verified by statutory declaration.

**Clause 22** provides that a registered physiotherapist must notify the Board within 7 days if the physiotherapist is convicted of an offence or made the subject of a sex/violence criminal finding for an offence or certain criminal proceedings are commenced against the physiotherapist.

**Clause 23** provides for the courts to notify the Board, as soon as is practicable, of the conviction of a registered physiotherapist of an offence or the making of a sex/violence criminal finding against a physiotherapist.

**Clause 24** requires notice to be given to the Registrar in accordance with the regulations when a registered physiotherapist becomes a mentally incapacitated person.

# Part 4 Complaints and disciplinary proceedings

### Division 1 Interpretation

Clause 25 defines "professional misconduct".

Clause 26 defines "unsatisfactory professional conduct".

### Division 2 Complaints

Clause 27 sets out the grounds for the making of complaints about registered physiotherapists.

**Clause 28** allows a complaint to be made even if the physiotherapist has ceased to be registered.

Clause 29 provides that any person (including the Board) may make a complaint.

**Clause 30** provides that complaints are to be made to the Board and lodged with the Registrar.

Clause 31 sets out the form in which a complaint is to be made.

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**Clause 32** provides that the Board is to notify the Health Care Complaints Commission of complaints under this Part of the proposed Act.

**Clause 33** sets out the manner that notice of the complaint is to be given to the physiotherapist against whom the complaint is made and the circumstances where notice is not required to be given.

Clause 34 provides that the Board may make inquiries concerning the complaint as it sees fit.

**Clause 35** requires the Board to consult with the Health Care Complaints Commission before dealing with a complaint or referring it to another body under this Part of the proposed Act.

Clause 36 sets out how complaints are to be dealt with.

**Clause 37** provides that serious complaints should be referred to the Tribunal. In general, the Board must refer any complaint which may warrant the suspension or deregistration of a registered physiotherapist to the Tribunal.

**Clause 38** allows the Board to require a registered physiotherapist to undergo a medical examination.

**Clause 39** sets out the persons to whom the Board must give notice of any order made relating to a registered physiotherapist.

## Division 3 Referral of complaints to Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee

**Clause 40** provides for the kinds of complaints that can be referred to the Committee.

**Clause 41** provides that the Committee is to investigate complaints referred to it and may encourage the settlement of the complaint by consent and authorises the Committee to obtain such physiotherapy, medical, legal, financial or other advice as it thinks necessary or desirable to enable it to carry out its functions.

**Clause 42** provides that the Committee may require a registered physiotherapist to undergo specified skills testing.

**Clause 43** provides for the Committee to report and make recommendations to the Board.

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**Clause 44** provides that a complainant and physiotherapist against whom the complaint is made are not entitled to be legally represented at any appearance before the Committee.

# Division 4 Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board

**Clause 45** provides that if the Board is to deal with a complaint at a meeting of the Board, that complaint is to be dealt with in accordance with this Division and Schedule 3 (Provisions relating to the procedure of the Board).

**Clause 46** allows the procedure for the calling of a meeting to deal with a complaint and for the conduct of the meeting, subject to the proposed Act and the regulations made under it, to be determined by the Board.

Clause 47 sets out certain provisions relating to the conduct of the meeting.

**Clause 48** deals with the making of submissions to the meeting of the Board by the physiotherapist about whom the complaint has been made, the Committee and the Health Care Complaints Commission.

**Clause 49** provides that the Board must, within 30 days of making its decision on a complaint, make available to the complainant, the physiotherapist concerned and such other persons as it sees fit, a written statement of the decision.

**Clause 50** provides that a finding of the Board under this Division of the proposed Act is admissible as evidence in any legal proceedings.

## Division 5 Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal

**Clause 51** allows the Board or the Tribunal to exercise any of the powers or combination of powers conferred under this Division of the proposed Act if it finds the subject-matter of a complaint proved or the physiotherapist concerned admits to the complaint in writing to the Board or Tribunal.

Clause 52 sets out the general disciplinary powers of the Board.

**Clause 53** provides for the making of a recommendation by the Board for the suspension or deregistration of a physiotherapist on the grounds that the physiotherapist does not have sufficient physical and mental capacity to practise physiotherapy.

Clause 54 sets out the disciplinary powers of the Tribunal.

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# Division 6 Powers of the Board for the protection of the public

**Clause 55** empowers the Board to suspend (for not more than 8 weeks), or impose conditions on the registration of, a registered physiotherapist if it is satisfied that such action is necessary for the purpose of protecting the life, or the physical or mental health, of any person.

**Clause 56** provides that the Board may at any time alter or remove conditions imposed under this Division of the proposed Act.

**Clause 57** requires the Board to refer the matter to the Health Care Complaints Commission for investigation after taking any action under clause 55. The Commission is to investigate the matter and then refer it as a complaint to the Tribunal or to the Board to be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board.

**Clause 58** sets out special provisions to be followed if the Board takes action against a registered physiotherapist under clause 55 because the Board is of the opinion that the physiotherapist suffers from an impairment.

**Clause 59** requires the Board to notify the Chairperson of the Tribunal if the Board has suspended a registered physiotherapist under clause 55.

**Clause 60** provides that a period of suspension may be extended for a period or further period of not more than 8 weeks but only if the extension has been approved in writing by the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson of the Tribunal and the complaint about the physiotherapist has not been disposed of.

**Clause 61** deals with the rights and privileges of persons on the expiration of their period of suspension as a registered physiotherapist.

**Clause 62** deals with conditions imposed on a registered physiotherapist under clause 55 where the matter is dealt with as a complaint against the physiotherapist.

**Clause 63** deals with conditions imposed on a registered physiotherapist under clause 55 where the matter is referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.

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## Part 5 Impairment

Clause 64 provides for matters to be referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.

**Clause 65** allows a person to notify the Board of any matter that the person thinks indicates that a registered physiotherapist suffers from or may suffer from an impairment.

**Clause 66** allows the Health Care Complaints Commission to refer to the Board any matter that indicates that a registered physiotherapist suffers from or may suffer from an impairment.

**Clause 67** provides that an Impaired Registrants Panel is to inquire into any matter referred to it. The Panel may request that the registered physiotherapist concerned attend before the Panel for the purpose of enabling it to obtain information on the matter and make an assessment.

**Clause 68** provides that an Impaired Registrants Panel is not to investigate or take any other action if it is aware that the matter is the subject of an investigation by the Health Care Complaints Commission.

**Clause 69** requires the Board to notify the registered physiotherapist of any proposed inquiry by an Impaired Registrants Panel.

**Clause 70** allows a registered physiotherapist who is the subject of a matter referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel to make oral or written representations to the Panel.

**Clause 71** provides that an Impaired Registrants Panel is to make an assessment in respect of each referral to it based on its inquiry and may counsel the physiotherapist concerned or require that he or she undertake counselling, recommend that the physiotherapist consent to conditions being placed on his or her registration or to his or her suspension for a specified period or make other recommendations to the Board.

**Clause 72** allows the Board to place conditions on the registration of a registered physiotherapist or suspend the registered physiotherapist if an Impaired Registrants Panel has recommended it and the Board is satisfied that the physiotherapist has voluntarily consented to that recommendation.

**Clause 73** deals with the review of conditions placed on the registration of a registered physiotherapist or the suspension of the registered physiotherapist where the physiotherapist had voluntarily consented to the conditions or suspension.

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**Clause 74** provides that certain matters referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel are to be dealt with as complaints against the physiotherapist concerned.

**Clause 75** deals with the confidentiality of reports by an Impaired Registrants Panel to the Board.

# Part 6 Appeals and review of disciplinary action

## Division 1 Appeals against actions of the Board

**Clause 76** deals with appeals to the Tribunal against any finding of the Board or any exercise of any power of the Board under Division 5 of Part 4 of the proposed Act (Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal).

**Clause 77** deals with appeals to the Tribunal relating to suspensions of, or impositions of conditions on, the registration of physiotherapists.

**Clause 78** allows an appeal with respect to a point of law to be made to the Chairperson of the Tribunal, or a Deputy Chairperson nominated by the Chairperson, when a complaint is dealt with at a meeting of the Board.

### Division 2 Appeals against actions of Tribunal

**Clause 79** allows a preliminary appeal (during an inquiry on a complaint by the Tribunal or before the commencement of the inquiry but after the complaint has been referred to the Tribunal) with respect to a point of law to be made to the Supreme Court by the physiotherapist concerned or the complainant, but only with the leave of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson.

**Clause 80** deals with appeals to the Supreme Court by the physiotherapist about whom a complaint has been referred to the Tribunal or the complainant regarding a decision of the Tribunal as to a point of law or the exercise of any power of the Tribunal under Division 5 of Part 4 of the proposed Act (Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal).

Clause 81 sets out the powers of the Supreme Court in determining an appeal.

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### Division 3 Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions

**Clause 82** deals with the right of a person to apply for a review of an order of the Board, the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the registration of the person be suspended, that the person's name be removed from the Register or not be re-registered, or that conditions be placed on the person's registration.

**Clause 83** provides that the *appropriate review body* to deal with an application for review is the Tribunal except where the order being reviewed provides that it may be reviewed by the Board, in which case the Board is the appropriate review body.

**Clause 84** deals with the powers of the appropriate review body on undertaking a review.

Clause 85 deals with the nature of the review.

# Part 7 Physiotherapists Registration Board

Clause 86 constitutes the Physiotherapists Registration Board.

Clause 87 specifies the functions of the Board.

Clause 88 provides for the membership of the Board.

**Clause 89** provides for the appointment of a Registrar and other staff necessary to enable the Board to exercise its functions.

**Clause 90** enables the Board to establish committees to assist it to exercise its functions.

Clause 91 provides for the delegation of the Board's and the Registrar's functions.

**Clause 92** gives effect to Schedules 2 and 3 which contain further provisions relating to the membership and procedure of the Board.

# Part 8 Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee

Clause 93 constitutes the Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee.

Clause 94 specifies the functions of the Committee.

Clause 95 provides for the membership of the Committee.

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**Clause 96** gives effect to Schedule 4 which contains further provisions relating to the membership and procedure of the Committee.

# Part 9 Impaired Registrants Panels

**Clause 97** provides for the establishment of Impaired Registrants Panels for the purposes of the proposed Act. The Panels are to have, and may exercise, such jurisdiction and functions as are conferred or imposed on them by or under the proposed Act or any other Act.

**Clause 98** requires the Board, when it decides to refer a matter to an Impaired Registrants Panel, to appoint 2 persons to sit as the Panel.

**Clause 99** provides that only decisions supported by both members of an Impaired Registrants Panel are to be considered decisions of the Panel. Disagreements between members of a Panel are to be reported to the Board.

# Part 10 Physiotherapists Tribunal

### Division 1 Constitution of the Tribunal

**Clause 100** provides for the establishment of the Physiotherapists Tribunal. The Tribunal is to be constituted in accordance with the proposed Act to deal with a matter referred to it or an appeal or application made to it under the proposed Act.

**Clause 101** provides for experienced legal practitioners to be appointed as the Chairperson and Deputy Chairpersons of the Tribunal.

**Clause 102** deals with the appointment of persons to sit on the Tribunal when a complaint or other matter is referred to the Tribunal, the Health Care Complaints Commission decides to prosecute a complaint before the Tribunal under the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993* or an appeal or application under the proposed Act to the Tribunal is lodged with the Registrar.

**Clause 103** provides that the Tribunal may continue and come to a determination despite a vacancy in its membership which occurs when a matter is part-heard. This provision does not apply if it is the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson who vacates office, or more than one vacancy occurs.

Clause 104 deals with payment of non-legal Tribunal members.

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**Clause 105** provides for a seal of the Tribunal of which courts and persons acting judicially are to take notice.

## Division 2 Proceedings of the Tribunal

**Clause 106** provides that the decision of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson on any question of law or procedure arising during an inquiry or appeal at which that person presides is the decision of the Tribunal for the purposes of the inquiry or appeal. All other decisions must be supported by at least 3 members of the Tribunal. In cases where 2 members support and 2 oppose a decision, the decision of the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson presiding prevails.

Clause 107 deals with the time at which orders of the Tribunal take effect.

**Clause 108** provides that a power of the Tribunal exercised under the proposed Act by the Supreme Court (except for the purposes of any appeal) is taken to have been exercised by the Tribunal.

**Clause 109** requires the Tribunal to inform the Registrar of the exercise of any power under Part 4 of the proposed Act (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).

### Division 3 Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal

**Clause 110** deals with the jurisdiction of the Tribunal to conduct an inquiry into any complaint, matter or application and to hear any appeal referred to it.

**Clause 111** provides for the fixing of the time and place for the conduct of an inquiry or the hearing of an appeal and the notice that must be given of that time and place.

Clause 112 deals with the conduct of proceedings before the Tribunal.

**Clause 113** enables a complainant or a registered physiotherapist about whom a complaint is made to be represented by a legal practitioner or another adviser in proceedings before the Tribunal.

**Clause 114** prohibits the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson from sitting on an inquiry or appeal concerning a matter on which he or she has already made a decision.

Clause 115 provides for adjournments and interlocutory orders.

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**Clause 116** requires the Tribunal to provide a written statement of its decision on an inquiry or appeal to the complainant, the physiotherapist concerned and the Board. The statement must set out any findings on material questions of fact, refer to any evidence or other material on which findings were based and give the reasons for the decision.

**Clause 117** provides that the Tribunal is not required to include confidential information in its statement of a decision. If the statement would be false or misleading without the confidential information the Tribunal is not required to provide the statement. However, a confidential information notice must then be provided indicating that confidential information is not given or the statement will not be provided.

## Part 11 Miscellaneous

Clause 118 deals with the application of the Criminal Records Act 1991.

Clause 119 provides for the service of notices.

Clause 120 provides for the service of documents on the Board.

**Clause 121** requires the Board, the President or an authorised member of the Board to provide on request a written statement of the reasons for a decision.

**Clause 122** requires the Board to notify various health professional registration authorities of the taking of disciplinary action against a physiotherapist.

**Clause 123** makes it an offence to make a false entry in the Register (or, by fraud, to procure such an entry) or to make a false statement to obtain registration. The offence carries a maximum penalty of 50 penalty units (\$5,500) or 12 months imprisonment, or both.

**Clause 124** provides for certain documents under the hand of the Registrar and entries in the Register to be evidence in proceedings.

**Clause 125** provides for the authentication of official documents of the Board by signature instead of seal.

**Clause 126** provides for the disbursement of money received by the Board and empowers the Board to waive the payment of fees.

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**Clause 127** requires the Board to establish a Physiotherapy Education and Research Account (for education and research in physiotherapy). The clause provides for money to be paid into the Account and specifies the purposes for which that money may be expended.

Clause 128 provides for the appointment and powers of inspectors.

Clause 129 enables an inspector to obtain a search warrant.

**Clause 130** provides that certain persons given functions under the proposed Act do not incur personal liability for things done in good faith in carrying out those functions.

**Clause 131** provides that if a corporation contravenes any provision of the proposed Act or the regulations, each director or other person concerned in the management of the corporation is also taken to have contravened the provision.

**Clause 132** provides that proceedings for offences against the proposed Act and regulations are to be dealt with summarily before a Local Court constituted by a Magistrate sitting alone. Such proceedings are to be instituted within 12 months of the act or omission alleged to constitute the offence.

Clause 133 provides for the making of regulations under the proposed Act.

**Clause 134** is a formal provision giving effect to Schedule 6 to amend certain other Acts set out in that Schedule.

**Clause 135** repeals the *Physiotherapists Registration Act 1945* and the *Physiotherapists Registration Regulation 1995*.

**Clause 136** is a formal provision giving effect to Schedule 7 (Savings and transitional provisions).

# **Schedules**

**Schedule 1** contains provisions relating to the making of applications for registration, procedures for dealing with applications, inquiries concerning entitlement to and eligibility for registration, the keeping and alteration of the Register, annual registration fees and removal from and alteration of the Register.

Schedule 2 contains provisions relating to the members of the Board.

Schedule 3 contains provisions relating to the procedure of the Board.

Schedule 4 contains provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Committee.

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Schedule 5 contains provisions relating to proceedings before the Tribunal.

Schedule 6 makes consequential amendments to various Acts.

Schedule 7 contains savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

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New South Wales

No , 2001

## A Bill for

An Act to provide for the registration of physiotherapists; to repeal the *Physiotherapists Registration Act 1945*; and for other purposes.

Clause 1	Physiotherapists Bill 2001

Part 1 Preliminary

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts: Part 1 Preliminary					
			1	Name of Act	
	This Act is the Physiotherapists Act 2001.	4			
2	Commencement	5			
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	6 7			
3	Object of Act	8			
	The object of this Act is to protect the health and safety of members of	9			
	the public by providing mechanisms to ensure that physiotherapists are fit to practise.	10 11			
		11			
4	Definitions	12			
	In this Act:	13			
	<i>Board</i> means the Physiotherapists Registration Board constituted under this Act.	14 15			
	Chairperson means the Chairperson of the Tribunal.	16			
	<i>Commission</i> means the Health Care Complaints Commission constituted under the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	17 18			
	<i>Committee</i> means the Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee constituted under this Act.	19 20			
	<i>competence</i> to practise physiotherapy has the meaning given by section 9.	21 22			
	<i>complaint</i> means a complaint against a physiotherapist under Part 4 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).	23 24			
	conduct means any act or omission.	25			
	<i>criminal finding</i> means a finding by a court that a person is guilty of an offence without proceeding to conviction.	26 27			
	<b>Note.</b> Section 118 makes special provision with respect to the application for the purposes of this Act of the <i>Criminal Records Act 1991</i> in respect of criminal findings.	28 29 30			
	Deputy Chairperson means a Deputy Chairperson of the Tribunal.	31			

Physiotherapists Bill 2001		
Preliminary	Part 1	

	<i>Director-General</i> means the Director-General of the Department of Health.	1 2
	exercise a function includes perform a duty.	3
	<i>function</i> includes a power, authority or duty.	4
	<i>health registration Act</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	5 6
	<i>Impaired Registrants Panel</i> means an Impaired Registrants Panel constituted under this Act.	7 8
	<i>impairment</i> has the meaning given by section 10.	9
	<i>Mutual Recognition laws</i> means the <i>Mutual Recognition Act 1992</i> of the Commonwealth and the <i>Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997</i> of the Commonwealth.	10 11 12
	<i>professional misconduct</i> is defined in Part 4 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).	13 14
	<i>Register</i> means the Register of Physiotherapists kept by the Board under this Act.	15 16
	registered means registered under this Act.	17
	Registrar means the Registrar of the Board.	18
	<i>registration authority</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	19 20
	<i>sex/violence criminal finding</i> means a criminal finding for a sex/violence offence.	21 22
	<i>sex/violence offence</i> means an offence involving sexual activity, acts of indecency, child pornography, physical violence or the threat of physical violence.	23 24 25
	<i>Tribunal</i> means the Physiotherapists Tribunal constituted under this Act.	26 27
	<i>unsatisfactory professional conduct</i> is defined in Part 4 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).	28 29
5	Notes	30
	Notes included in this Act are explanatory notes and do not form part of this Act.	31 32

Part 1 Preliminary

6 Mutual Recognition laws	
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This Act does not limit or otherwise affect the operation of the Mutual Recognition laws.

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Part	2 F	Regis	stration	1
7	Reg	istrati	on necessary for certain representations	2
	(1)	the p	son who is not a registered physiotherapist must not indicate that person practises physiotherapy or is qualified to practise otherapy.	3 4 5
		Maxi	mum penalty: 50 penalty units.	6
	(2)	indicate the p	but limiting the ways in which a person may be taken to have ated that the person is qualified to practise physiotherapy or that person practises physiotherapy, a person is taken to have so ated if the person uses:	7 8 9 10
		(a)	any name, initials, word, title, symbol or description that (having regard to the circumstances in which it is used) indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is calculated to lead a person to infer, that the person is qualified to practise physiotherapy or that the person practises physiotherapy, or	11 12 13 14 15 16
		(b)	the titles "physiotherapist" or "physical therapist".	17
		persor physio Sectio by pers	Section 10AC of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> prohibits spinal manipulation by ns who are not registered chiropractors, medical practitioners, osteopaths or otherapists. In 10AD of that Act prohibits the use of prescribed electrophysical treatments sons who are not registered chiropractors, medical practitioners, osteopaths, otherapists or podiatrists.	18 19 20 21 22 23
8	Qua	lificati	ions for registration	24
	(1)		erson has the necessary qualifications for registration as a otherapist if the person:	25 26
		(a)	has such qualifications as may be prescribed by the regulations, or	27 28
		(b)	has successfully completed a course of study that is recognised by the Board as meeting criteria prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph, or	29 30 31
		(c)	has such qualifications as may be approved by the Board on the recommendation of an accreditation body recognised by the Board for the purposes of this section, or	32 33 34
		(d)	has passed an examination arranged or approved by the Board to assess the person's competence to practise physiotherapy.	35 36

Registration

Physiotherapists Bill 2001

## Clause 7

Part 2

Page 5

Clause 8	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 2	Registration

(2) An educational or training institution may apply to the Board for the recognition by the Board (under subsection (1) (b)) of a course of study offered by the institution. The institution may make application to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of the decision of the Board on the application.

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- (3) In determining for the purposes of subsection (1) (b) whether a particular course of study meets the criteria prescribed by the regulations, the Board may have regard to and rely on any findings made on an assessment prepared for the Board in respect of the course of study.
- (4) In this section:

*qualification* means a degree, diploma, certificate or other academic award conferred or awarded for the successful completion of a course of training in physiotherapy.

9 Competence

For the purposes of this Act, a person is competent to practise physiotherapy only if the person has sufficient physical capacity, mental capacity and skill to practise physiotherapy and has sufficient communication skills for the practice of physiotherapy, including an adequate command of the English language.

### 10 Impairment

- (1) For the purposes of this Act, a person suffers from an impairment if the person suffers from any physical or mental impairment, disability, condition or disorder that detrimentally affects or is likely to detrimentally affect the person's physical or mental capacity to practise physiotherapy.
- (2) For the purposes of this Act, a person who habitually abuses alcohol or is addicted to a deleterious drug is taken to suffer from an impairment.

### 11 Full registration

- (1) A person is entitled to registration as a physiotherapist if the Board is satisfied that the person has the necessary qualifications for registration as a physiotherapist, and is of good character.
- (2) Registration under this section is *full registration*.

Registration		Part 2	
	(3)		entitlement to full registration does not prevent conditions being osed on that registration in accordance with this Act.
	(4)		dule 1 (Registration procedures) has effect with respect to full tration.
		a pers in and partici perso Act, th	Under section 20 of the <i>Mutual Recognition Act 1992</i> of the Commonwealth son is entitled to be registered as a physiotherapist if the person is registered other State or a Territory for an equivalent occupation (if that State or Territory ipates in the mutual recognition scheme). The entitlement arises once the n lodges a notice under section 19 of that Act and, until registered under this he person is then deemed (by section 25 of that Act) to be registered. See he <i>Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997</i> of the Commonwealth.
12	Pro	vision	al registration
	(1)	Regi	stration as a physiotherapist may be granted:
		(a)	to a person entitled to full registration, pending the Board's determination of the person's application for full registration, or
		(b)	to a person who will be entitled to full registration when a degree, diploma, certificate or other academic award to which the person is entitled is granted or conferred, pending its grant or conferral.
	(2)	Regi	stration under this section is <i>provisional registration</i> .
	(3)	Presi autho	isional registration is granted by the Board or the President. In the ident's absence it can be granted by any member of the Board prised by the Board to do so. Provisional registration is granted by grant of a certificate of provisional registration.
	(4)	until expir	rson granted provisional registration is a registered physiotherapist the registration expires or is cancelled. Provisional registration res on the date stated in the certificate or such later date as may be l by the Board.
	(5)	provi	Board may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on a person's isional registration and may at any time remove, add to or vary e conditions by notice in writing to the registered person.
	(6)	reaso	Board may cancel a person's provisional registration for any on that the Board considers proper. Cancellation does not affect application for registration by the person.
	(7)	If a p	person granted provisional registration is granted full registration

before the person's provisional registration is granted full registration registration dates from the granting of provisional registration, unless the Board decides otherwise.

Page 7

Clause 11

# Clause 13 Physiotherapists Bill 2001

Part 2 Registration

#### 13 Period of limited practice

(1) Full registration or provisional registration is subject to a condition that the physiotherapist is limited to practising physiotherapy in an approved health institution until the Board is satisfied that the physiotherapist has satisfactorily completed the requisite period of practice in an approved health institution as a physiotherapist registered under this Act. 1

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(2) In this section:

*approved health institution* means any of the following bodies or organisations:

- (a) a public health organisation within the meaning of the *Health Services Act 1997*,
- (b) any other body or organisation (whether or not in New South Wales), including a government department, approved by the Board for the purposes of this section.

*requisite period of practice* means a period of 12 months or periods amounting in the aggregate to 12 months.

- (3) The Board may exempt a person or class of persons from the operation of this section or may shorten the requisite period of practice in respect of a person or class of persons.
- (4) The Board is not considered to be satisfied that a physiotherapist has satisfactorily completed the requisite period of practice as a physiotherapist in an approved health institution unless the Board has certified in writing that it is so satisfied.
- (5) The Board may at any time revoke an approval referred to in subsection (2) (b).

#### 14 Temporary registration

- (1) Registration for a limited period may be granted to a person who is not normally resident in New South Wales, for the purpose of enabling the person to carry out educational or research activities or such other activities as the Board considers to be in the public interest.
- (2) Registration under this section is *temporary registration*.

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 14
Registration	Part 2

	(3)	Temporary registration can only be granted to a person:	1
		<ul> <li>(a) who is registered as a physiotherapist in accordance with a law in force in the person's normal place of residence providing for the registration or certification of physiotherapists, or</li> </ul>	2 3 4
		(b) who holds such qualifications or has such experience in the practice of physiotherapy as the Board considers satisfactory for the purposes of temporary registration.	5 6 7
	(4)	Temporary registration is granted by the Board by the grant of a certificate of temporary registration.	8 9
	(5)	A person granted temporary registration is a registered physiotherapist until the temporary registration expires or is cancelled. Temporary registration expires on the date stated in the certificate unless the period of temporary registration is extended.	10 11 12 13
	(6)	The Board may extend and further extend a period of temporary registration by the issue of a further certificate of temporary registration.	14 15 16
	(7)	The Board may cancel a person's temporary registration for any reason that the Board considers proper. Cancellation does not affect any application for full registration by the person.	17 18 19
	(8)	The Board may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on the temporary registration of a person and may at any time remove, add to or vary those conditions by notice in writing to the registered person.	20 21 22
15	Pov	ver to refuse or impose conditions on full registration	23
	(1)	The Board may refuse to register a person who would otherwise be entitled to full registration if:	24 25
		<ul> <li>(a) the Board is of the opinion, following an inquiry under Schedule 1, that the person is not competent to practise physiotherapy or suffers from an impairment, or</li> </ul>	26 27 28
		(b) the person has been convicted of or made the subject of a criminal finding for an offence, either in or outside New South Wales, and the Board is of the opinion that the circumstances of the offence are such as to render the person unfit in the public interest to practise physiotherapy, or	29 30 31 32 33

#### Clause 15 Physiotherapists Bill 2001

Part 2 Registration

(c) the person's registration under a health registration Act has been cancelled or suspended because of conduct that would (if the person were a registered physiotherapist) authorise cancellation or suspension of the person's registration under this Act, or

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- (d) the person's registration or certification under a physiotherapists registration law has been cancelled or suspended because of conduct that would (if it occurred in New South Wales and the person were a registered physiotherapist) authorise cancellation or suspension of the person's registration under this Act.
- (2) As an alternative to refusing to register a person under subsection (1), the Board may grant the person registration subject to conditions if the Board considers that refusal of registration is not warranted and that the person should be granted registration subject to appropriate conditions.
- (3) Conditions of registration may relate to the duration of registration, the aspects of the practice in which the person may be engaged, and any other matters, as the Board thinks appropriate.

**Note.** The Mutual Recognition laws also provide for the imposition of conditions on registration. Conditions can also be imposed on a person's registration as a result of disciplinary proceedings to which the person has been subject.

(4) In this section:

*physiotherapists registration law* means any law of a place outside the State that provides for the registration or certification of physiotherapists.

### 16 Cancellation and suspension of registration

- (1) A person ceases to be registered as a physiotherapist if the person's name is removed from the Register. A reference in this Act to the cancellation of a physiotherapist's registration is a reference to the removal of the physiotherapist's name from the Register.
- (2) A person whose registration as a physiotherapist is suspended is taken not to be a registered physiotherapist during the period of the suspension, except for the purposes of Part 4 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 17
Registration	Part 2

17	Res	trictions on registration of deregistered persons	1
	(1)	A person cannot apply for registration (and any such application must be rejected) if:	2
		(a) the person's registration is cancelled pursuant to an order of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court, or	4 5 6
		(b) the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court orders that the person not be re-registered.	7 8
	(2)	The only way such a person can again be registered is on a review under Division 3 of Part 6 of the order by which the person's registration was cancelled.	9 10 11
18	App	eals concerning registration	12
	(1)	A person who is aggrieved by any of the following decisions of the Board may appeal to the Tribunal against the decision:	13 14
		(a) the Board's refusal to grant the person full registration,	15
		(b) the Board's refusal to grant the person temporary registration,	16
		(c) the Board's refusal to certify that a person has satisfactorily completed the requisite period of practice in an approved health institution as a physiotherapist as provided by section 13,	17 18 19
		(d) the Board's decision to refuse to register the person under section 15 or to grant the person registration subject to conditions under that section,	20 21 22
		(e) the Board's cancellation of the person's provisional registration or temporary registration,	23 24
		(f) the Board's refusal to register the person under clause 28 (Entitlement to re-registration if fee paid) of Schedule 1.	25 26
	(2)	An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chairperson may allow in a particular case) after notice of the decision is given to the person. The appeal is to be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the Tribunal.	27 28 29 30
	(3)	If the decision in respect of which an appeal is made was made as a consequence of an inquiry held by the Board, the appeal is to be dealt with by way of rehearing and fresh evidence, or evidence in addition to or in substitution for the evidence received at the inquiry, may be given.	31 32 33 34 35

Clause 18	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 2	Registration

(4) An appeal does not affect any determination with respect to which it is made until the appeal is determined.

- (5) When it determines an appeal, the Tribunal may dismiss the appeal or order that the decision of the Board be revoked and replaced by a different decision made by the Tribunal and specified in the order. The Tribunal may also make such ancillary orders as it thinks proper.
- (6) The Tribunal's decision is taken to be a decision of the Board (but this does not confer a right of appeal under this section in respect of the Tribunal's decision).
- (7) No appeal lies under this Act against a decision of the Board under the Mutual Recognition laws in relation to its functions under that Act.

**Note.** The Mutual Recognition laws provide that a person may, subject to the *Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975* of the Commonwealth, apply to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal for a review of a decision of a local registration authority in relation to its functions under the Mutual Recognition laws. Those functions include registration, the imposition or waiver of conditions on registration and the postponement, refusal or reinstatement of registration.

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 19
Practice of physiotherapy	Part 3
Conduct of practice	Division 1

# Part 3 Practice of physiotherapy

**Note.** Section 10AC of the *Public Health Act 1991* prohibits spinal manipulation by persons who are not registered chiropractors, medical practitioners, osteopaths or physiotherapists.

Section 10AD of that Act prohibits the use of prescribed electrophysical treatments by persons who are not registered chiropractors, medical practitioners, osteopaths, physiotherapists or podiatrists.

## Division 1 Conduct of practice

#### 19 Use of titles

(1)	A registered physiotherapist must not use the title "doctor" in the course of the practice of physiotherapy unless the physiotherapist is the holder of a qualification conferred by a university that entitles the physiotherapist to use that title and that qualification is a recognised
	qualification at the time the physiotherapist uses the title.
	Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

(2)	In this section:
	<i>recognised qualification</i> means:

- (a) a qualification that is prescribed by the regulations as a recognised qualification, or
- (b) when no qualification is prescribed under paragraph (a), a qualification that is for the time being recognised by the Board for the purposes of this section.

**Note.** See also section 105 (Use of misleading titles etc) of the *Medical Practice Act 1992*.

#### 20 Code of professional conduct

- (1) The Board may establish a code of professional conduct setting out guidelines that should be observed by registered physiotherapists in their professional practice. The Board may from time to time amend or replace a code of professional conduct.
- (2) The Minister may require the Board to develop guidelines relating to any conduct of registered physiotherapists that the Minister considers should be the subject of a code of professional conduct.

Clause 20	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 3	Practice of physiotherapy
Division 1	Conduct of practice

(3) For that purpose, the Minister may: 1 (a) direct the Board to establish a code of professional conduct, or 2 direct the Board to amend or replace a code of professional (b) 3 conduct. 4 so that the code includes guidelines relating to that conduct. 5 (4) The Board is to comply with any such direction of the Minister. 6 (5) The provisions of a code of professional conduct are a relevant 7 consideration in determining for the purposes of this Act what 8 constitutes proper and ethical conduct by a physiotherapist. 9 The procedure for the establishment of a code of professional conduct (6) 10 is as follows: 11 (a) the Board is to prepare a proposed code in draft form and is to 12 prepare an impact assessment statement for the proposed code 13 in accordance with such requirements as the Minister may from 14 time to time determine, 15 (b) the draft code and impact assessment statement are to be 16 publicly exhibited for a period of at least 21 days, 17 the Board is to seek public comment on the draft code during (c) 18 the period of public exhibition and public comment may be 19 made during the period of public exhibition and for 21 days (or 20 such longer period as the Board may determine) after the end 21 of that period, 22 (d) the Board is to submit the draft code to the Minister for 23 approval together with a report by the Board giving details of 24 public comment received during the period allowed for public 25 comment and the Board's response to it, 26 the Board is not to establish the draft code as a code of (e) 27 professional conduct unless the Minister approves the draft. 28 (7) The procedure for the amendment or replacement of a code of 29 professional conduct is the same as for the establishment of the code 30 unless the Minister otherwise directs in respect of a particular 31 amendment. 32

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 21
Practice of physiotherapy	Part 3
Returns and information	Division 2

### Division 2 Returns and information

Annual return to be submitted

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- A registered physiotherapist must, on or before the return date in each year, furnish in writing to the Board in a form approved by the Board a return for the return period specifying the following information:

   (a) details of any conviction of the physiotherapist for an offence in this State or elsewhere during the return period (together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence),
  - (b) details of the making of a sex/violence criminal finding against the physiotherapist for an offence, in this State or elsewhere, during the return period (together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence),
  - (c) details of the making of a criminal finding against the physiotherapist for an offence committed in the course of the practice or purported practice of physiotherapy, in this State or elsewhere, during the return period (together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence),
  - (d) details of any criminal proceedings pending against the physiotherapist at the end of the return period, in this State or elsewhere, for a sex/violence offence alleged to have been committed in the course of the practice or purported practice of physiotherapy,
  - (e) details of any criminal proceedings pending against the physiotherapist at the end of the return period, in this State or elsewhere, for a sex/violence offence alleged to have been committed against a minor or to involve child pornography (whether or not alleged to have been committed in the course of the practice or purported practice of physiotherapy),
  - (f) details of any significant illness (physical or mental) from which the physiotherapist suffered at any time during the return period and that may reasonably be thought likely to detrimentally affect the physiotherapist's physical or mental capacity to practise physiotherapy,
  - (g) details of any suspension of, cancellation of, or imposition of conditions on, the registration of the physiotherapist as a physiotherapist in another jurisdiction (either within Australia or elsewhere) during the return period,

Clause 21	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 3	Practice of physiotherapy
Division 2	Returns and information

	(h)	details of any suspension of, cancellation of, or imposition of conditions on, any registration of the physiotherapist under a	1 2		
		health registration Act during the return period,	3		
	(i)	a statement as to whether the physiotherapist is registered under a health registration Act as at the date of the return,	4 5		
	(j)	a statement as to whether the physiotherapist has been refused registration as a physiotherapist in another jurisdiction (either within Australia or elsewhere) during the return period,	6 7 8		
	(k)	details of any continuing professional education undertaken by the physiotherapist during the return period,	9 10		
	(1)	such other information as may be prescribed by the regulations.	11		
(2)		Board may require a return under this section to be verified by bory declaration.	12 13		
(3)	The regulations may provide that subsection (1) (a) does not apply in respect of particular offences.				
(4)	In this section:				
	<i>return date</i> means a date notified to physiotherapists by the Board in writing at least 1 month in advance.				
	<i>return period</i> means the period of 12 months ending 2 months before the return date.				
Not	ificatio	n of convictions, criminal findings and charges	21		
(1)	) A registered physiotherapist must notify the Board in writing within 7 days after:		22 23		
	(a)	the physiotherapist is convicted of an offence or made the subject of a sex/violence criminal finding for an offence, in this State or elsewhere, giving details of the conviction or criminal finding and any penalty imposed for the offence, or	24 25 26 27		
	(b)	criminal proceedings are commenced against the physiotherapist, in this State or elsewhere, in respect of a sex/violence offence alleged to have been committed in the course of the practice or purported practice of physiotherapy, or	28 29 30 31		

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 22
Practice of physiotherapy	Part 3
Returns and information	Division 2

		(c) criminal proceedings are commenced against the physiotherapist, in this State or elsewhere, in respect of a	1 2
		sex/violence offence alleged to have been committed against a	3
		minor or to involve child pornography (whether or not alleged	4
		to have been committed in the course of the practice or	5
		purported practice of physiotherapy).	6
	(2)	The regulations may provide that subsection (1) (a) does not apply in	7
		respect of particular offences.	8
23	Cou	irts to provide information on convictions	9
	(1)	As soon as practicable after a registered physiotherapist is convicted	10
		of an offence or a sex/violence criminal finding is made against a	11
		registered physiotherapist, the Clerk or other proper officer of the court	12
		must (if the court is aware that the person is a registered	13
		physiotherapist) notify the Board of the conviction or criminal finding	14
		together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence.	15
	(2)	The regulations may provide that this section does not apply in respect	16
		of particular offences.	17
24	Ref	erral of mental health matters to Registrar	18
		If a registered physiotherapist becomes a mentally incapacitated	19
		person, the person prescribed by the regulations must cause notice of	20
		that fact to be given to the Registrar in accordance with the regulations.	21

Clause 25	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 4	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings
Division 1	Interpretation

## Part 4 Complaints and disciplinary proceedings

### Division 1 Interpretation

2

25	Meaning o	of "professional misconduct"	3
	For th	e purposes of this Act, professional misconduct, in relation to	4
		stered physiotherapist, means unsatisfactory professional conduct	5
		ufficiently serious nature to justify suspension or cancellation of	6
	the pl	sysiotherapist's registration.	7
26	Meaning c	f "unsatisfactory professional conduct"	8
	For th	e purposes of this Act, unsatisfactory professional conduct, in	9
		on to a registered physiotherapist, includes any of the following:	10
	(a)	any conduct by the physiotherapist that demonstrates a lack of	11
		adequate knowledge, skill, judgment or care in the practice of	12
		physiotherapy,	13
	(b)	a contravention by the physiotherapist of a provision of this Act	14
		or the regulations or of a condition of the physiotherapist's	15
		registration,	16
	(c)	a failure without reasonable excuse by the physiotherapist to	17
		comply with a direction by the Board to provide information	18
		with respect to a complaint under this Part against the	19
		physiotherapist,	20
	(d)	a failure by the physiotherapist to comply with an order made	21
		or a direction given by the Board or the Tribunal under this Act,	22
	(e)	any other improper or unethical conduct by a physiotherapist in	23
		the course of the practice or purported practice of	24
		physiotherapy.	25

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 27
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Complaints	Division 2

#### Complaints **Division 2**

#### Grounds for complaints

27	Gro	unds f	or complaints	2
	(1)	A cor	nplaint may be made under this Act concerning:	3
		(a)	the professional conduct of a registered physiotherapist, or	4
		(b)	the provision of a physiotherapy service by a registered physiotherapist.	5 6
		Compl	Subsection (1) ensures consistency between this Act and the <i>Health Care laints Act 1993</i> with respect to the kinds of complaints that can be made registered physiotherapists.	7 8 9
	(2)		but limiting the generality of subsection (1), a complaint may be that a registered physiotherapist:	10 11
		(a)	has, either in or outside New South Wales, been convicted of or made the subject of a criminal finding for an offence, and the circumstances of the offence are such as to render the physiotherapist unfit in the public interest to be registered as a physiotherapist, or	12 13 14 15 16
		(b)	is guilty of unsatisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct, or	17 18
		(c)	is not competent to practise physiotherapy, or	19
		(d)	suffers from an impairment, or	20
		(e)	is not of good character.	21
	(3)		nplaint need not be made in terms that are strictly in accordance he terminology of this section.	22 23
	(4)	is of	ermining for the purposes of this Act whether a physiotherapist good character regard may be had to conduct of the otherapist before becoming registered as a physiotherapist.	24 25 26
28	Con	nplaint	t can be made even if person no longer registered	27
		with e that p physic	nplaint about a registered physiotherapist may be made and dealt even though the physiotherapist has ceased to be registered. For urpose, a reference in this Part to a physiotherapist or registered otherapist includes a reference to a person who has ceased to be ered or whose registration is suspended.	28 29 30 31 32
		regist	ered or whose registration is suspended.	52

Clause 29	Physiotherapists Bill 2001	
Part 4 Division 2	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Complaints	

29	Wh	o can	make a complaint	1
		Any	person (including the Board) can make a complaint.	2
30	Cor	nplain	ts to be made to the Board	3
		Com Regi	plaints are to be made to the Board and are to be lodged with the strar.	4 5
		Note.	Complaints may also be made to the Commission.	6
31	For	m of c	complaint	7
	(1)		mplaint must be in writing, must identify the complainant and contain particulars of the allegations on which it is founded.	8 9
	(2)		omplaint must be verified by statutory declaration unless the plaint is made by:	10 11
		(a)	a judicial officer within the meaning of the Judicial Officers Act 1986, or	12 13
		(b)	a coroner, or	14
		(c)	the Minister, or	15
		(d)	the Director-General, or	16
		(e)	the chief executive officer (however described) of a public health organisation (within the meaning of the <i>Health Services Act 1997</i> ), or	17 18 19
		(f)	the Commission, or	20
		(g)	a person or body prescribed by the regulations.	21
	(3)			22 23 24 25
	(4)		Board may require the complainant to provide further particulars complaint.	26 27
32	Boa	ard to	notify Commission of complaints	28
		this	Board must notify the Commission of any complaint made under Part and this is to be done as soon as practicable after the plaint is made.	29 30 31

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 33
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Complaints	Division 2

33	Boa	ard to	notify person against whom complaint is made	1
	(1)	comp Board	en notice of the making of a complaint, the nature of the blaint and the identity of the complainant is to be given by the d to the physiotherapist against whom the complaint is made, as as practicable after the complaint is made.	2 3 4 5
	(2)	Notic comp	the is not required to be given if the Commission is handling the plaint.	6 7
	(3)	Notic likely	the is not required to be given if the giving of the notice will or is to:	8 9
		(a)	prejudice the investigation of the complaint, or	10
		(b)	place the health or safety of a person at risk, or	11
		(c)	place the complainant or another person at risk of intimidation or harassment.	12 13
34	Inve	estigat	ion of complaint by Board	14
		The 1 think	Board may make such inquiries concerning a complaint as it s fit.	15 16
35	Rol	e of th	e Commission	17
	(1)	Board can b	re the Board deals with or refers a complaint under this Part, the d and the Commission must consult in order to see if agreement be reached between them as to the course of action to be taken erning a complaint.	18 19 20 21
	(2)		tion 2 of Part 2 of the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> applies e consultation and the outcomes of the consultation.	22 23
36	Hov	v com	plaints are dealt with	24
	(1)	When	n a complaint is made, the Board may at any time decide:	25
		(a)	to refer the complaint for investigation by the Commission, or	26
		(b)	to refer the complaint for conciliation in accordance with section 13 (2) of the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> , or	27 28
		(c)	to refer the complaint to the Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee under Division 3, or	29
			Commutee under Division 5, or	30

Clause 36	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 4 Division 2	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Complaints
	Complaints

	(e)	to deal with the complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4, or	1 2
	(f)	to refer the complaint to the Tribunal, or	3
	(g)	to deal with the complaint by directing the physiotherapist to attend counselling, or	4 5
	(h)	to deal with the complaint by providing advice or making recommendations to the physiotherapist, or	6 7
	(i)	to decline to deal with or dismiss the complaint.	8
(2)	Health under Board recom	Commission recommends to the Board in accordance with the <i>h Care Complaints Act 1993</i> that a complaint (whether made that Act or this Act) be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the under Division 4, the Board must comply with that mendation (but only if the complaint is of a kind that can be under this Act).	9 10 11 12 13 14
(3)		oard may decline to deal with a complaint if the physiotherapist rned has ceased to be registered.	15 16
(4)		Board may decline to deal with a complaint if the complainant o provide further particulars required by the Board.	17 18
(5)	Board	nplaint may be withdrawn by the complainant at any time. The and the Commission are to consult as to whether the complaint d be proceeded with in the public interest.	19 20 21
(6)		board is to notify the physiotherapist of any action taken by the under this section.	22 23
Ser	ious co	omplaints must be referred to Tribunal	24
(1)	compl it mag	the Board and the Commission are under a duty to refer a laint to the Tribunal if at any time either forms the opinion that y, if substantiated, provide grounds for the suspension or llation of the physiotherapist's registration.	25 26 27 28
(2)	the co which compl princip	ver, either the Board or the Commission may decide not to refer mplaint to the Tribunal if of the opinion that the allegations on the complaint is founded (and on which any other pending laint against the physiotherapist is founded) relate solely or pally to the physical or mental capacity of the physiotherapist to se physiotherapy.	29 30 31 32 33 34

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 37
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Complaints	Division 2

- (3) If the Board decides not to refer the complaint to the Tribunal, the Board must instead deal with the complaint at a meeting of the Board under Division 4. If the Commission decides not to refer the complaint to the Tribunal, the Commission must instead refer the complaint to the Board.
- (4) This section does not require the Board or the Commission to refer a complaint that the Board or Commission thinks is frivolous or vexatious.

#### 38 Medical examination of physiotherapist

- (1) The Board may, before or while taking any action under this Part or Part 5 (Impairment), by notice to the physiotherapist concerned, require the physiotherapist to undergo an examination at the Board's expense by a medical practitioner, or other appropriate health professional, specified in the notice, at any reasonable time and place specified in the notice.
- (2) A failure by a physiotherapist, without reasonable cause, to comply with a notice given under this section to undergo an examination is, for the purposes of this Part or any inquiry or appeal under this Part, evidence that the physiotherapist does not have sufficient physical and mental capacity to practise physiotherapy.
- (3) A medical practitioner or other health professional who conducts an examination under this section is to report to the Board on the results of the examination. The Board is to provide a copy of the report to the physiotherapist.
- (4) A person must not directly or indirectly make a record of or divulge to any person any information contained in a report to the Board under this section that has come to the person's notice in the exercise of the person's functions under this Act, except for the purpose of exercising functions under this Act.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.

(5) A person cannot be required in civil proceedings in any court to produce or permit access to any report made to the Board under this section or to divulge the contents of any such report.

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Clause 38	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 4	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings
Division 2	Complaints

(6) In this section:

*court* includes any tribunal, authority or person having power to require the production of documents or the answering of questions but does not include the Tribunal.

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*report* includes a copy, reproduction and duplicate of the report or any part of the report, copy, reproduction or duplicate.

#### 39 Notification of orders to employer and others

- (1) The Board is required to give notice of any order made in respect of a registered physiotherapist under this Act, or the placing of conditions on the registration of a registered physiotherapist, to the following persons:
  - (a) the employer (if any) of the physiotherapist concerned,
  - (b) the chief executive officer (however described) of any public health organisation (within the meaning of the *Health Services Act 1997*) in respect of which the physiotherapist concerned is a visiting practitioner or is otherwise accredited,
  - (c) the chief executive officer (however described) of any private hospital or day procedure centre (within the meaning of the *Private Hospitals and Day Procedure Centres Act 1988*) in respect of which the physiotherapist concerned is accredited,
  - (d) the chief executive officer (however described) of any nursing home (within the meaning of the *Nursing Homes Act 1988*) in respect of which the physiotherapist concerned is accredited.
- (2) The notice is to be given within 7 days after:
  - (a) in the case of an order made or conditions imposed by the Board—the date the order is made or the conditions are imposed, or
  - (b) in any other case—the date the Board is given a copy of the decision of the body that made the order or imposed the conditions.
- (3) The notice is to include such information as the Board considers appropriate.

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 40
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Referral of complaints to Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee	Division 3

Division 3		Referral of complaints to Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee	1 2
40	Kin	ds of complaints that can be referred to Committee	3
	(1)	The Board may refer a complaint to the Committee only if the Commission has decided not to investigate the complaint.	4 5
	(2)	A complaint may not be referred to the Committee if it is a complaint that the physiotherapist is not of good character or has been convicted of or made the subject of a criminal finding for an offence.	6 7 8
	(3)	This section does not operate to limit the Committee in the exercise of its functions under this Division in respect of any matter that arises in the course of the Committee's investigation of a complaint.	9 10 11
41	Hov	v complaints are dealt with	12
	(1)	When a complaint is referred to the Committee, the Committee is to investigate the complaint and may in any particular case encourage the complainant and the physiotherapist against whom the complaint is made to settle the complaint by consent.	13 14 15 16
	(2)	The Committee may obtain such physiotherapy, medical, legal, financial or other advice as it thinks necessary or desirable to enable it to exercise its functions.	17 18 19
	(3)	The Committee may not determine a complaint referred to it except by settlement by consent.	20 21
	(4)	The Committee is to make a report to the Board on a complaint referred to it whether or not it is able to effect settlement of the complaint by consent.	22 23 24
42	Skil	Is testing of physiotherapist	25
	(1)	The Committee may, by notice to the physiotherapist who is the subject of a complaint referred to the Committee, require the physiotherapist to undergo skills testing at the Board's expense by an appropriately qualified person specified in the notice, at any reasonable time and place specified in the notice.	26 27 28 29 30

Clause 42	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 4	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings
Division 3	Referral of complaints to Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee

- (2) A failure by a physiotherapist, without reasonable cause, to comply 1 with a notice given under this section to undergo skills testing is, for 2 the purposes of this Part or any inquiry or appeal under this Part, 3 evidence that the physiotherapist does not have sufficient skill to 4 practise physiotherapy. 5 (3) The person who conducts skills testing under this section is to report 6 to the Committee on the results of the examination. The Committee is 7 to provide a copy of the report to the physiotherapist. 8 (4) A person must not directly or indirectly make a record of or divulge to 9 any person any information contained in a report to the Committee 10 under this section that has come to the person's notice in the exercise 11 of the person's functions under this Act, except for the purpose of 12 exercising functions under this Act. 13 Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units. 14 (5) A person cannot be required in civil proceedings in any court to 15 produce or permit access to any report made to the Committee under 16 this section or to divulge the contents of any such report. 17 (6) In this section: 18 court includes any tribunal, authority or person having power to 19 require the production of documents or the answering of questions but 20 does not include the Tribunal. 21 *report* includes a copy, reproduction and duplicate of the report or any 22 part of the report, copy, reproduction or duplicate. 23 **Recommendations of the Committee** 24 (1) The Committee's report to the Board may include such 25 recommendations with respect to the complaint as the Committee 26 considers appropriate, including (without being limited to) any of the 27 following recommendations: 28 a recommendation that the Board deal with the complaint by (a) 29 inquiry at a meeting of the Board as a complaint of 30 unsatisfactory professional conduct, 31
  - (b) a recommendation that the Board direct the physiotherapist to attend counselling,

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(c) a recommendation that the Board dismiss the complaint.

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 43
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Referral of complaints to Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee	Division 3

	(2)	The Board is to provide the physiotherapist and the Commission with a copy of the Committee's report and recommendations as soon as practicable after the report is made.	1 2 3
	(3)	The Board must comply with a recommendation of the Committee that the Board deal with the complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board as a complaint of unsatisfactory professional conduct.	4 5 6
	(4)	Otherwise the Board is to allow the Commission and the physiotherapist at least 21 days after they have been provided with a copy of the Committee's report and recommendations to make submissions in respect of the report and recommendations.	7 8 9 10
	(5)	After considering the Committee's report and recommendations and any submissions made by the physiotherapist or the Commission in respect of the report or recommendations, the Board is to proceed to deal with the complaint as provided by section 36.	11 12 13 14
	(6)	This section is subject to section 37 (Serious complaints must be referred to Tribunal).	15 16
44	No	legal representation for parties appearing before the Committee	17
		A complainant and the physiotherapist against whom the complaint is made are not entitled to be legally represented at any appearance before the Committee.	18 19 20
Divis	ion 4	4 Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board	21 22
45	Pro	cedures for dealing with complaint at meeting	23
	(1)	If the Board decides to deal with a complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board, the meeting is to be held in accordance with Schedule 3 and this Division.	24 25 26
	(2)	The Board may be assisted by a legal practitioner when dealing with a complaint at a meeting of the Board.	27 28
	(3)	The Board is to provide the Commission with a copy of any submission made to the Board by the physiotherapist in respect of the complaint or in respect of any recommendation of the Committee concerning the complaint.	29 30 31 32

Clause 46	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 4	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings
Division 4	Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board
46 Gene	al procedure
]	The procedure for the calling of a meeting to deal with a complaint and
	or the conduct of the meeting is, subject to this Act and the
r	egulations, to be as determined by the Board.

#### 47 Conduct of meeting

At a meeting to deal with a complaint, the Board:

- (a) may inform itself on any matter in such manner as it thinks fit, and(b) may receive written or oral submissions, and
- (c) is to proceed with as little formality and technicality, and as much expedition, as the requirements of this Act and the proper consideration of the complaint permit, and

#### (d) is not bound by rules of evidence, and

(e) may proceed to deal with the complaint in the absence of the physiotherapist.

#### 48 Making submissions to inquiry

- (1) The physiotherapist is entitled to attend the meeting during the course of the Board's inquiry and to make submissions to the Board.
- (2) The Committee may, if the Board so requires, make a submission to the Board with respect to the complaint and may for that purpose attend the meeting during the course of the Board's inquiry.
- (3) The Board is to afford the Commission the opportunity to make a submission to the Board with respect to the complaint and the Commission may for that purpose attend the meeting during the course of the Board's inquiry.
- (4) The Committee or the Commission may not be present at the meeting except while actually making a submission in accordance with this section, unless the Board otherwise determines.
- (5) Despite subsection (4), the Commission is to be present throughout the Board's inquiry where the complaint is the subject of a recommendation of the Commission under section 36 (2) that it be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under this Division.

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 48
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board	Division 4

	(6)	The physiotherapist is not entitled to be legally represented at the inquiry but may be accompanied by a support person. The support person can be a legal practitioner.	1 2 3
	(7)	The Commission is not entitled to be legally represented at the inquiry.	4
49	Dec	ision of the Board	5
	(1)	The Board must, within 30 days of making its decision on a complaint, make available to the complainant, the physiotherapist concerned and such other persons as it thinks fit, a written statement of the decision.	6 7 8
	(2)	If the Commission made a submission to the Board with respect to the complaint, the Board is to provide the Commission with a copy of the written statement of the decision.	9 10 11
	(3)	The written statement of a decision must give the reasons for the decision.	12 13
	(4)	The Board is not required to include confidential information in any such statement. If a statement would be false or misleading if it did not include the confidential information, the Board is not required to provide the statement.	14 15 16 17
	(5)	When confidential information is not included in the statement of a decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a person because of subsection (4), the Board must give a confidential information notice to the person.	18 19 20 21
	(6)	A <i>confidential information notice</i> is a notice that indicates that confidential information is not included or that the statement will not be provided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must be in writing and must be given within one month after the decision is made.	22 23 24 25 26
	(7)	This section does not affect the power of a court to make an order for the discovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the production of documents to a court.	27 28 29
	(8)	In this section:	30
		confidential information means information that:	31
		<ul> <li>(a) has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and</li> </ul>	32 33 34

Part 4 Division 4			Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board	
		(b) (c)	relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Board is required (or would, but for subsection (4), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and is information:	
		(,	<ul> <li>(i) that was supplied in confidence, or</li> <li>(ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or</li> <li>(iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an enactment, or</li> <li>(iv) the provision of which by the Board would be in breach of any enactment.</li> </ul>	
50	Adr	nissil	bility of Board's findings	1
			inding of the Board under this Division is admissible as evidence ny legal proceedings.	1 1
Divis	ion (	5	Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal	1
51	Pov	vers	may be exercised if complaint proved or admitted	1
		pow inqu find sect	Board or the Tribunal may exercise any power or combination of vers conferred on it by this Division if the Board (pursuant to an uiry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4) or the Tribunal Is the subject-matter of a complaint of a kind referred to in ion 27 (2) to have been proved or the person admits to it in writing he Board or the Tribunal.	1 1 2
52	Ger	neral	powers of the Board	2
	(1)	The	Board may do any one or more of the following:	2
		(a)	caution or reprimand the person,	2
		(b)	make an order for the withholding or refunding of part or all of the payment with respect to the fees to be charged or paid for the physiotherapy services that are the subject of the complaint,	2
		(c)	order that the person seek and undergo medical or psychiatric treatment or counselling,	2 3
		(d)	direct that such conditions relating to the person's practice of physiotherapy as it considers appropriate be imposed on the person's registration,	3

Physiotherapists Bill 2001

Clause 49

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 52
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal	Division 5

- (e) order that the person complete a specified educational course or courses,
- (f) order that the person report on his or her physiotherapy practice at specified times, in a specified manner and to specified persons,
- (g) order that the person seek and take advice, in relation to the management of his or her physiotherapy practice, from a specified person or persons.
- (2) If the person is not registered, an order or direction can still be given under this section but has effect only so as to prevent the person being registered unless the order is complied with or to require the conditions concerned to be imposed when the person is registered, as appropriate.

# 53 Power of the Board to recommend suspension or cancellation of registration

- (1) The Board may recommend that the registration of a physiotherapist be suspended for a specified period or cancelled if the Board is satisfied (when it finds on a complaint about the physiotherapist) that the physiotherapist does not have sufficient physical and mental capacity to practise physiotherapy.
- (2) If the physiotherapist is not registered, a recommendation can be made under this section that the physiotherapist not be re-registered.
- (3) The Board makes its recommendation by referring the matter with its recommendation to the Chairperson or to a Deputy Chairperson nominated by the Chairperson.
- (4) The Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson may then make an order in the terms recommended or may make such other order as to the suspension or registration of the physiotherapist as the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson thinks proper based on the findings of the Board.
- (5) An order may also provide that an application for review of the order under Division 3 of Part 6 may not be made until after a specified time.
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- (6) Instead of making an order under this section, the Chairperson or
   Deputy Chairperson may exercise any power or combination of powers
   of the Board under this Division.
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Clause 54	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 4	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings
Division 5	Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal

#### 54 Powers of the Tribunal

(1)	The Tribunal may exercise any power that the Board can exercise
	under this Division.

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- (2) The Tribunal may by order suspend a person's registration for a specified period or direct that a person's registration be cancelled if the Tribunal is satisfied (when it finds on a complaint about the person):
  - (a) that the person is not competent to practise physiotherapy, or
  - (b) that the person is guilty of professional misconduct, or
  - (c) that the person has been convicted of or made the subject of a criminal finding for an offence, either in or outside New South Wales, and the circumstances of the offence are such as to render the person unfit in the public interest to practise physiotherapy, or
  - (d) that the person is not of good character.
- (3) An order that a person's registration be cancelled is an order that the person's name be removed from the Register or (if the person has already ceased to be registered) that the person not be re-registered.
- (4) An order may also provide that an application for review of the order under Division 3 of Part 6 may not be made until after a specified time.

# Division 6 Powers of the Board for the protection of the public

physiotherapy, as it considers appropriate.

Suspension or conditions to protect the public 23 (1) The Board must, if at any time it is satisfied that such action is 24 necessary for the purpose of protecting the life or physical or mental 25 health of any person: 26 (a) by order suspend the registration of a registered physiotherapist 27 for such period (not exceeding 8 weeks) as is specified in the 28 order, or 29 (b) impose on a registered physiotherapist's registration such 30 conditions, relating to the physiotherapist's practising 31

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 55
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Powers of the Board for the protection of the public	Division 6

	(2)	The Board may take such action:	1
		(a) whether or not a complaint has been made or referred to the Board about the physiotherapist, and	2 3
		(b) whether or not proceedings in respect of such a complaint are before the Tribunal.	4 5
56	Pov	ver to remove or alter conditions	6
		The Board may at any time alter or remove conditions imposed under this Division.	7 8
57	Ref	erral of matter to Commission	9
	(1)	The Board must, as soon as practicable after taking any action under section 55 and, in any event, within 7 days after taking that action, refer the matter to the Commission for investigation.	10 11 12
	(2)	The matter is to be dealt with by the Commission as a complaint made to the Commission against the physiotherapist concerned.	13 14
	(3)	The Commission is to investigate the complaint or cause it to be investigated and, as soon as practicable after it has completed its investigation, refer the complaint to the Tribunal or to the Board to be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4.	15 16 17 18
	(4)	Section 37 (Serious complaints must be referred to Tribunal) applies in respect of any such action by the Commission.	19 20
	(5)	This section does not apply if the Board takes action against a registered physiotherapist under section 55 because the Board is of the opinion that the physiotherapist suffers from an impairment.	21 22 23
58	Spe	cial provisions—impairment	24
	(1)	This section applies if the Board takes action against a registered physiotherapist under section 55 because the Board is of the opinion that the physiotherapist suffers from an impairment.	25 26 27
	(2)	The Board must, as soon as practicable after taking that action and, in any event, within 7 days after taking that action, notify the Commission that it has taken that action.	28 29 30

Clause 58	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 4	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings
Division 6	Powers of the Board for the protection of the public

The Board is to consult with the Commission to see if agreement can be reached as to whether the matter should be:	1
be redefied as to whether the matter should be.	2
(a) dealt with as a complaint against the physiotherapist, or	3
(b) referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.	4
The matter is to be dealt with as a complaint against the physiotherapist only if, following that consultation:	5 6
(a) the Board and the Commission agree that it should be dealt with as a complaint, or	7 8
(b) either the Board or the Commission is of the opinion that the matter should be dealt with as a complaint.	9 10
In such a case, the Board is to refer the matter to the Commission and the matter is to be dealt with by the Commission as a complaint made to the Commission against the physiotherapist concerned.	11 12 13
The Commission is to investigate the complaint or cause it to be investigated and, as soon as practicable after it has completed its investigation, refer the complaint to the Tribunal or to the Board to be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4.	14 15 16 17
Section 37 (Serious complaints must be referred to Tribunal) applies in respect of any such action by the Commission.	18 19
If subsection (4) does not apply, the Board is to refer the matter to an Impaired Registrants Panel.	20 21
A matter may be referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel under this section even though the physiotherapist has been suspended under section 55. Part 5 applies in respect of such a referral as if the physiotherapist were a registered physiotherapist.	22 23 24 25
ounal to be notified of suspensions	26
If the Board suspends the registration of a registered physiotherapist under section 55, the Board must notify the Chairperson that it has taken that action as soon as practicable after making the order and, in any event, within 7 days.	27 28 29 30
	<ul> <li>(a) dealt with as a complaint against the physiotherapist, or</li> <li>(b) referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.</li> <li>The matter is to be dealt with as a complaint against the physiotherapist only if, following that consultation:</li> <li>(a) the Board and the Commission agree that it should be dealt with as a complaint, or</li> <li>(b) either the Board or the Commission is of the opinion that the matter should be dealt with as a complaint.</li> <li>In such a case, the Board is to refer the matter to the Commission and the matter is to be dealt with by the Commission as a complaint made to the Commission against the physiotherapist concerned.</li> <li>The Commission is to investigate the complaint or cause it to be investigated and, as soon as practicable after it has completed its investigation, refer the complaint to the Tribunal or to the Board to be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4.</li> <li>Section 37 (Serious complaints must be referred to Tribunal) applies in respect of any such action by the Commission.</li> <li>If subsection (4) does not apply, the Board is to refer the matter to an Impaired Registrants Panel.</li> <li>A matter may be referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel under this section 55. Part 5 applies in respect of such a referral as if the physiotherapist were a registered physiotherapist.</li> </ul>

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 60
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 4
Powers of the Board for the protection of the public	Division 6

#### 60 Extension of suspension

A period of suspension imposed by the Board under this Division may be extended, from time to time, by the Board by order for a further period or further periods, each of not more than 8 weeks, but only if:

- (a) the extension has been approved in writing by the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, and
- (b) the complaint about the physiotherapist has not been disposed of.

#### 61 Expiration of suspension

On the expiration of a period of suspension imposed under this Division, the person's rights and privileges as a registered physiotherapist are revived, subject to any order of the Tribunal on the complaint that is referred to the Tribunal.

#### 62 Duration of conditions—complaint matters

- (1) This section applies if the Board imposes conditions on the registration of a registered physiotherapist under section 55 and the matter is dealt with as a complaint against the physiotherapist.
- (2) The conditions imposed by the Board have effect until the complaint about the physiotherapist is disposed of, or the conditions are removed by the Board, whichever happens first.
- (3) This section:
  - (a) does not prevent conditions being imposed under another provision of this Act, and
  - (b) is subject to anything done by the Tribunal on an appeal under section 77.

#### 63 Duration of conditions—impairment matters

- This section applies if the Board imposes conditions on the registration of a registered physiotherapist under section 55 and the matter is referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.
   The conditions imposed by the Board have effect until:
  - (a) the complaint about the physiotherapist is disposed of if the matter is subsequently dealt with by the Board as a complaint, or

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Clause 63	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 4	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings
Division 6	Powers of the Board for the protection of the public

	(b) the conditions are removed by the Board,	1
	whichever happens first.	2
(3)	The Board is not required to alter or remove conditions imposed under this Division merely because a physiotherapist agrees to the imposition of conditions on the physiotherapist's registration pursuant to the recommendations of an Impaired Registrants Panel (as referred to in section 72).	3 4 5 6 7
(4)	A registered physiotherapist who agrees to the imposition of conditions on the physiotherapist's registration pursuant to the recommendations of an Impaired Registrants Panel may, by notice in writing to the Board, request that the conditions imposed under this Division be removed or altered.	8 9 10 11 12
(5)	On receipt of such a request, the Board is to review the matter, and may:	13 14
	(a) refuse to remove or alter any of the conditions, or	15
	(b) remove or alter the conditions.	16
(6)	The Board is to give the physiotherapist concerned notice in writing of its decision in respect of the request.	17 18
(7)	The Board may specify in the notice a period in which a further request by the physiotherapist under this section is not permitted. The Board may reject a request that the conditions be removed or altered if it is made during that period.	19 20 21 22
(8)	This section:	23
	(a) does not prevent conditions being imposed under another provision of this Act, and	24 25
	(b) is subject to anything done by the Tribunal on an appeal under section 77.	26 27

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 64
Impairment	Part 5

## Part 5 Impairment

64	Ref	erral of impairment matters concerning physiotherapists	2
	(1)	The Board may refer any matter to an Impaired Registrants Panel if the Board considers that the matter indicates that a registered physiotherapist suffers from an impairment. This is not limited to matters that are the subject of a complaint to the Board.	3 4 5 6
	(2)	If the Board is aware that a complaint has been made to the Commission about a physiotherapist who is the subject of a referral to an Impaired Registrants Panel, the Board is to notify the Commission of the referral.	7 8 9 10
65		sons may notify Board of impairment matters concerning siotherapists	11 12
		A person may notify the Board of any matter that the person thinks indicates that a registered physiotherapist suffers or may suffer from an impairment.	13 14 15
66	Cor	nmission may refer impairment matters to Board	16
	(1)	If the Commission becomes aware of any matter that the Commission considers indicates that a registered physiotherapist suffers or may suffer from an impairment, the Commission may refer the matter to the Board.	17 18 19 20
	(2)	This section does not affect the functions of the Board in relation to a complaint made to the Commission or a matter referred to the Commission for investigation.	21 22 23
67	Pan	el to inquire into matters referred to it	24
	(1)	An Impaired Registrants Panel is to inquire into any matter referred to it and may obtain reports and other information concerning the matter from any source it considers appropriate.	25 26 27
	(2)	The Panel may request a registered physiotherapist who is the subject of a matter referred to the Panel by the Board, to attend before the Panel for the purpose of enabling the Panel to obtain information on the matter and make an assessment.	28 29 30 31

Clause 68	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 5	Impairment

68	Pan	nel not	to take action while Commission investigating	1
		actior the s	npaired Registrants Panel is not to investigate or take any other in in relation to any matter if the Panel is aware that the matter is subject of an investigation by the Commission, while the tigation is being conducted.	2 3 4 5
69	Boa	ard to g	give notice of proposed inquiry	6
		propo physi	Board is to give notice to a registered physiotherapist of any osed inquiry by an Impaired Registrants Panel concerning the otherapist. The notice is to include sufficient details of the matters hich the inquiry is to relate.	7 8 9 10
70	Phy	vsiothe	rapist entitled to make representations	11
	(1)	Impai repres	gistered physiotherapist who is the subject of any inquiry by an ired Registrants Panel is entitled to make oral or written sentations to the Panel with respect to the matters being or to be abject of the inquiry.	12 13 14 15
	(2)	the ab	section does not prevent the Panel from conducting an inquiry in osence of the registered physiotherapist to whom it relates, as long e physiotherapist has been given notice of the inquiry under on 69.	16 17 18 19
71	Ass	essme	ent, report and recommendations by Panel	20
	(1)		npaired Registrants Panel is to make an assessment in respect of referral to it, based on the results of its inquiry into the matter.	21 22
	(2)		he basis of its assessment, the Panel may do any one or more of ollowing things:	23 24
		(a)	counsel the physiotherapist concerned or recommend that he or she undertake specified counselling,	25 26
		(b)	recommend that the physiotherapist concerned agree to conditions being imposed on his or her registration or to having his or her registration suspended for a specified period,	27 28 29
		(c)	make recommendations to the Board as to any action that the Panel considers should be taken in relation to the matter.	30 31
	(3)	Panel assess	Panel is to report in writing to the Board on each referral to the I. The report is to detail the results of the Panel's inquiries and sment in respect of the referral and any action taken by the Panel to this Part in relation to it.	32 33 34 35

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 72
Impairment	Part 5

72	Voluntary	y suspension or conditions on registration	1
		Board may place conditions on a registered physiotherapist's stration or suspend the physiotherapist's registration if:	23
	(a)	an Impaired Registrants Panel has recommended that the Board do so, and	4
	(b)	the Board is satisfied that the physiotherapist has voluntarily agreed to the recommendation.	6 7
73	Review o	of conditions	8
	(1) A re	gistered physiotherapist who agrees to conditions being imposed	9
	on h	is or her registration or to having his or her registration suspended , by notice in writing to the Board, request:	10 11
	(a)	that those conditions be removed or altered, or	12
	(b)	that the suspension be terminated or shortened.	13
	Regi	receipt of such a request, the Board is to require an Impaired istrants Panel to review the matter and report in writing to the rd on the results of its review.	14 15 16
	of th	e Panel recommends that the Board refuse to remove or alter any e conditions, or refuse to terminate or shorten the suspension, the rd may do so.	17 18 19
		Board is to give the physiotherapist concerned notice in writing of ecision in respect of the request.	20 21
	requi Boar or th	Board may specify in the notice a period in which a further est by the physiotherapist under this section is not permitted. The rd may reject a request that the conditions be removed or altered, at the suspension be terminated or shortened, if it is made during period.	22 23 24 25 26
74	Some ma	atters to be dealt with as complaints	27
	phys regis phys the F	In Impaired Registrants Panel recommends that a registered stotherapist agree to conditions being imposed on his or her stration or to having his or her registration suspended and the stotherapist fails to agree in accordance with the recommendation, Board is to deal with the matter that was the subject of the referral e Panel as a complaint against the physiotherapist.	28 29 30 31 32 33

Clause 74	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 5	Impairment

(2)	If the Panel recommends that a matter referred to it be dealt with as a complaint, the Board is to deal with the matter as a complaint against the physiotherapist concerned.	1 2 3
(3)	In any other case that the Board thinks it appropriate to do so, the Board may treat a matter that has been referred to a Panel as grounds for a complaint under this Act and may deal with the matter accordingly.	4 5 6 7
Cor	fidentiality of Panel's report	8
(1)	A report by an Impaired Registrants Panel to the Board may not be admitted or used in any civil proceedings before a court.	9 10
(2)	A person may not be compelled to produce the report or to give evidence in relation to the report or its contents in any such civil proceedings.	11 12 13
(3)	A person must not directly or indirectly make a record of or disclose to any person any information contained in a report by an Impaired Registrants Panel to the Board that has come to the person's notice in the exercise of the person's functions under this Act, except for the purposes of exercising functions under this Act.	14 15 16 17 18
	Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	19
(4)	This section does not prevent the disclosure of such a report to the Commission.	20 21
(5)	In this section:	22
	<i>court</i> includes any tribunal, authority or person having power to require the production of documents or the answering of questions, but does not include the Tribunal or the Board, or the Supreme Court (in respect of appeal proceedings under this Act).	23 24 25 26
	<i>report</i> includes a copy, reproduction and duplicate of the report or any part of the report, copy, reproduction or duplicate.	27 28

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 76
Appeals and review of disciplinary action	Part 6
Appeals against actions of the Board	Division 1

Part	6/	Appeal	s and review of disciplinary action	1
Division 1 Appeals against actions of the Board		2		
76	App	eals aga	inst actions of the Board on a complaint	3
	(1)	Division	complaint has been dealt with at a meeting of the Board under a 4 of Part 4, the physiotherapist or the Commission may b the Tribunal against:	4 5 6
		(a) a	finding of the Board, or	7
			ne exercise of any power by the Board under Division 5 Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal) of Part 4.	8 9
	(2)	<b>* *</b>	al must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the rson may allow in a particular case) after:	10 11
		· /	ne Board's written statement of the decision by which the Board's finding is made is made available to the appellant, or	12 13
		(b) th	ne exercise of the power against which the appeal is made.	14
	(3)	The app Tribuna	eal must be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the l.	15 16
	(4)	or evide	eal is to be dealt with by way of rehearing and fresh evidence, nce in addition to or in substitution for the evidence received eeting of the Board, may be given.	17 18 19
	(5)	The Tril	bunal may:	20
		(a) d	ismiss the appeal, or	21
		p	hake any finding or exercise any power or combination of owers that the Tribunal could have made or exercised if the omplaint had been originally referred to the Tribunal.	22 23 24
	(6)	power w	al under this section does not affect any finding or exercise of with respect to which it has been made until the Tribunal makes on the appeal.	25 26 27

Clause 77	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 6	Appeals and review of disciplinary action
Division 1	Appeals against actions of the Board

# 77 Appeal against suspension or imposition of conditions by Board—impairment matters

- (1) A person may appeal to the Tribunal:
  - (a) against a suspension or extension of a suspension by the Board under Division 6 (Powers of the Board for the protection of the public) of Part 4, or

- (b) against conditions imposed by the Board on the person's registration under Division 6 of Part 4 or Part 5 or any alteration of those conditions by the Board, or
- (c) against a refusal by the Board to alter or remove conditions imposed by the Board under Division 6 of Part 4 in accordance with a request made by the person under section 63, or
- (d) against a refusal by the Board to remove or alter conditions imposed on the person's registration, or to shorten or terminate a suspension, imposed under Part 5 in accordance with a request made by the person under section 73.
- (2) An appeal may not be made in respect of a request by a person that is rejected by the Board because it was made during a period in which the request was not permitted under section 63 or 73.
- (3) An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chairperson may allow in a particular case) after notice of the action taken by the Board, or the Board's refusal, is given to the person.
- (4) An appeal is to be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the Tribunal.
- (5) On an appeal, the Tribunal may, by order, do any of the following:
  - (a) dismiss the appeal,
  - (b) remove or alter the conditions to which the physiotherapist's registration is subject (including by imposing new conditions on the physiotherapist's registration),
  - (c) terminate or shorten the period of the suspension concerned.
- (6) The Tribunal's order must not cause a suspension or conditions imposed by the Board to have effect beyond the day on which any related complaint about the person is disposed of.
- (7) An appeal under this section does not affect any suspension or conditions with respect to which it has been made until the Tribunal makes an order on the appeal.

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 78
Appeals and review of disciplinary action	Part 6
Appeals against actions of the Board	Division 1

#### 78 Appeal on point of law

(1)	When a complaint is dealt with at a meeting of the Board under
	Division 4 of Part 4, the physiotherapist or the Commission may
	appeal with respect to a point of law to the Chairperson or a Deputy
	Chairperson nominated by the Chairperson.

- (2) An appeal may be made in accordance with the regulations during the meeting of the Board to deal with the complaint or within the period after the date of giving of notice of the meeting and before the commencement of the meeting.
- (3) If the meeting of the Board to deal with the complaint has not been completed when an appeal is made, the Board must not continue to deal with the complaint until the appeal has been disposed of.
- (4) The Board must not make any decision that is inconsistent with the Chairperson's or Deputy Chairperson's determination with respect to the point of law.

#### Division 2 Appeals against actions of Tribunal

#### 79 Preliminary appeal on point of law

- (1) An appeal with respect to a point of law may be made to the Supreme Court by the physiotherapist or the complainant during an inquiry on a complaint conducted by the Tribunal or after the complaint is referred to the Tribunal and before the commencement of the inquiry, but can only be made with the leave of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson.
- (2) If an inquiry conducted by the Tribunal has not been completed when an appeal with respect to a point of law is made, the inquiry before the Tribunal is not to continue until the appeal has been disposed of.
- (3) The Tribunal must not make any decision that is inconsistent with the Supreme Court's determination with respect to the point of law when it recommences the inquiry.

Clause 80	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 6	Appeals and review of disciplinary action
Division 2	Appeals against actions of Tribunal

80	Арр	peal ag	gainst Tribunal's decisions and actions	1
	(1)		ysiotherapist about whom a complaint is referred to the Tribunal, e complainant, may appeal to the Supreme Court against:	2 3
		(a)	a decision of the Tribunal with respect to a point of law, or	4
		(b)	the exercise of any power by the Tribunal under Division 5 (Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal) of Part 4.	5 6
	(2)	Cour stater	appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the t may allow in a particular case) after the Tribunal's written ment of the decision by which the Tribunal's finding is made is e available to the appellant.	7 8 9 10
	(3)		Supreme Court may stay any order made by the Tribunal, on such s as the Court sees fit, until such time as the Court determines the al.	11 12 13
81	Pov	vers o	f Court on appeal	14
	(1)	In de	etermining the appeal, the Supreme Court may:	15
		(a)	dismiss the appeal, or	16
		(b)	make such order as it thinks proper having regard to the merits	17
			of the case and the public welfare, and in doing so may exercise any one or more of the powers of the Tribunal under this Act.	18 19
	(2)		e Court dismisses an appeal against an order of the Tribunal, the	20
			t may by order direct that the Tribunal's order is to be taken to	21
			de provision that an application for its review under Division 3 not be made until after a specified time.	22 23
Division 3 Review of suspension, cancellation or cond		Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions	24	
82	Rig	ht of r	review	25
	(1)		rson may apply to the appropriate review body for a review of an	26
			r of the Board, the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the unal or the Supreme Court:	27 28
		(a)	that the registration of the person is suspended, or	29
		(b)	that the person's name be removed from the Register or that the person not be re-registered, or	30 31
		(c)	that conditions be imposed on the person's registration.	32

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 82
Appeals and review of disciplinary action	Part 6
Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions	Division 3

	(2)	2) A person may also apply to the appropriate review body for a review of an order made under this Division.	
	(3)	An application for review of an order may not be made:	3
		(a) while the terms of the order provide that an application for review may not be made, or	4 5
		(b) while an appeal under this Part to the Tribunal or the Supreme Court in respect of the same matter is pending.	6 7
83	App	propriate review body	8
	(1)	The <i>appropriate review body</i> is the Tribunal except in a case where the order being reviewed provides that it may be reviewed by the Board, in which case the Board is the appropriate review body.	9 10 11
	(2)	An application for review must be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the appropriate review body.	12 13
84	Pov	vers on review	14
	(1)	The appropriate review body is to conduct an inquiry into an application for review and may then do any of the following:	15 16
		(a) dismiss the application,	17
		(b) by its order terminate or shorten the period of the suspension concerned,	18 19
		(c) make a reinstatement order,	20
		(d) make an order altering the conditions to which the person's registration is subject (including by imposing new conditions).	21 22
	(2)	A <i>reinstatement order</i> is an order that the person be registered subject to the same conditions and limitations (if any) to which the person's registration was subject immediately before the person ceased to be registered. The appropriate review body may also impose conditions on the person's registration or alter the conditions to which the person's registration is to be subject under the reinstatement order.	23 24 25 26 27 28
	(3)	The Commission is entitled to make submissions in respect of the application at the inquiry into the application.	29 30
	(4)	The Board is to take such action as may be necessary to give effect to a reinstatement order.	31 32

Clause 84	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 6	Appeals and review of disciplinary action
Division 3	Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions

(5) The order on a review under this section may also provide that the order is not to be reviewed under this Division until after a specified time.

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#### 85 Nature of review

- (1) A review under this Division is a review to determine the appropriateness, at the time of the review, of the order concerned.
- (2) The review is not to reconsider the decision to make the order or any findings made in connection with the making of that decision, unless significant fresh evidence is produced that was not previously available for consideration and the appropriate review body is of the opinion that, in the circumstances of the case, that decision or any such finding should be reconsidered.

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 86
Physiotherapists Registration Board	Part 7

# Part 7 Physiotherapists Registration Board

86	Constitution of the Board			2
			is constituted by this Act a body corporate under the corporate of the Physiotherapists Registration Board.	3 4
87	Fun	ctions	of the Board	5
	(1)	The B	Board has the following functions:	6
		(a)	such functions as are conferred or imposed on the Board by or under this or any other Act,	7 8
		(b)	to promote and maintain standards of physiotherapy practice in New South Wales,	9 10
		(c)	to advise the Minister on matters relating to the registration of physiotherapists, standards of physiotherapy practice and any other matter arising under or related to this Act or the regulations,	11 12 13 14
		(d)	to publish and distribute information concerning this Act and the regulations to physiotherapists, consumers and other interested persons.	15 16 17
	(2)		Board is to exercise its functions in a manner that is consistent he object of this Act.	18 19
88	Mer	nbersh	nip of the Board	20
	(1)	The B	Board is to consist of 11 members, of whom:	21
		(a)	3 are to be registered physiotherapists elected by registered physiotherapists in accordance with the regulations, and	22 23
		(b)	8 are to be appointed by the Governor in accordance with subsection (2).	24 25
	(2)	The a	ppointed members are to be:	26
		(a)	1 person nominated by the Minister, being an officer of the Department of Health or an employee of an area health service, statutory health corporation or affiliated health organisation within the meaning of the <i>Health Services Act 1997</i> ,	27 28 29 30

Clause 88	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 7	Physiotherapists Registration Board

(b) 1 registered physiotherapist nominated by the Minister from a panel of physiotherapists nominated by the Australian Physiotherapy Association (NSW), and such other bodies representing physiotherapists as may be determined by the Minister,

- (c) 1 registered physiotherapist nominated by the Minister, being a registered physiotherapist involved in the tertiary education of persons for qualification in New South Wales as physiotherapists,
- (d) 1 registered physiotherapist practising physiotherapy in New South Wales nominated by the Minister of the Minister's own choosing,
- (e) 3 persons nominated by the Minister, at least 2 of whom are not registered physiotherapists and are nominated to represent the community,
- (f) 1 legal practitioner nominated by the Minister.
- (3) If the panel of physiotherapists required to be nominated for the purposes of subsection (2) (b) is not nominated within such time or in such manner as may be specified by the Minister by notice to the association or associations concerned, the Governor may instead appoint as a member a person nominated by the Minister.

### 89 Staff

A Registrar and such other staff as may be necessary to enable the Board to exercise its functions are to be employed under the *Health Administration Act 1982* by the Health Administration Corporation.

### 90 Committees

- (1) The Board may establish committees to assist it in connection with the exercise of any of its functions.
- (2) It does not matter that any or all of the members of a committee are not members of the Board.
- (3) A member of a committee, while sitting on the committee, is entitled to be paid by the Board such amount as the Minister from time to time determines in respect of the member.
- (4) The procedure for the calling of meetings of a committee and for the conduct of business at those meetings may be determined by the Board or (subject to any determination of the Board) by the committee.

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 91
Physiotherapists Registration Board	Part 7

#### Delegation of fu ncti 91

91	Delegation of functions			
	(1)	delega expen	Board may delegate any of its functions (other than this power of ation and the function of authorising by resolution the aditure of money from the Physiotherapy Education and Research unt) to:	2 3 4 5
		(a)	the President, or	6
		(b)	the Deputy President, or	7
		(c)	a committee consisting of 2 or more members of the Board, or	8
		(d)	the Registrar or any other member of staff of the Board.	9
	(2)	(Com	Board must not delegate any of its functions under Part 4 plaints and disciplinary proceedings) to the Registrar or any other per of the staff of the Board.	10 11 12
	(3)		Registrar may delegate to a member of the staff of the Board the ise of:	13 14
		(a)	any of the functions of the Registrar under this Act, other than this power of delegation, or	15 16
		(b)	any functions delegated to the Registrar by the Board, unless the Board otherwise provides in its instrument of delegation to the Registrar.	17 18 19
92	Other provisions relating to the Board			20
	(1)	Sched	lule 2 has effect with respect to the members of the Board.	21
	(2)	Sched	lule 3 has effect with respect to the procedure of the Board.	22

Clause 93	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 8	Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee

# Part 8 Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee

93	Constitution of the Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee			2
	There is constituted by this Act the Physiotherapy Standards Advisory Committee.		3 4	
94	Functions of the Committee			5
	The Committee has the functions conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any other Act.			6 7
95	Membership of the Committee			8
	(1)	The <b>(</b>	Committee is to consist of 4 members appointed by the Minister.	9
	(2) Of the members:		e members:	10
		(a)	one is to be a registered physiotherapist nominated by the Board, and	11 12
		(b)	two are to be registered physiotherapists appointed from a panel of names furnished to the Minister by the Board, and	13 14
		(c)	one is to be a person appointed by the Minister to be a representative of consumers.	15 16
	(3)	(3) If the Board does not furnish a panel of names within such time or in such manner as may be specified by the Minister by notice in writing to the Board, the Minister may instead appoint to be members 2 registered physiotherapists determined by the Minister.		17 18 19 20
	(4)	A person cannot be a member of the Committee while the person is a member of the Board.		21 22
96	Other provisions relating to the Committee			23
	Schedule 4 has effect with respect to the members and the procedure of the Committee.			24 25

Part	9 I	mpaired Registrants Panels	1
97	Imp	aired Registrants Panels	2
		There are to be Impaired Registrants Panels for the purposes of this	3
		Act. An Impaired Registrants Panel has and may exercise the	4
		jurisdiction and functions conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any other Act.	5 6
98	Boa	ard to constitute Panel when required	7
	(1)	When the Board decides to refer a matter to an Impaired Registrants	8
	. ,	Panel it is to appoint 2 persons, at least one of whom is a registered	9
		physiotherapist, to sit as the Panel for the purpose of dealing with the	10
		matter.	11
	(2)	A person may be appointed to sit on an Impaired Registrants Panel	12
	. ,	whether or not the person is a member of the Board, but not if the	13
		person has previously dealt with the particular matter before the Panel	14
		in his or her capacity as a member of the Board.	15
	(3)	A member of an Impaired Registrants Panel, while sitting on the	16
		Panel, is entitled to be paid by the Board at the rate determined by the	17
		Minister from time to time.	18
99	Dec	isions of a Panel	19
	(1)	A decision supported by both members of a Panel is the decision of the	20
		Panel.	21
	(2)	If the members of an Impaired Registrants Panel disagree as to any	22
	. ,	matter that is dealt with by the Panel, the Panel's report to the Board	23
		is to include details of the disagreement and the reasons for it.	24

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Physiotherapists Bill 2001

Impaired Registrants Panels

Part 9

Clause 97

Clause 100	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 10	Physiotherapists Tribunal
Division 1	Constitution of the Tribunal

# Part 10 Physiotherapists Tribunal

Divisi	on 1	Constitution of the Tribunal	2
100	The	Physiotherapists Tribunal	3
	(1)	There is to be a Physiotherapists Tribunal for the purposes of this Act.	4
	(2)	The Tribunal is to be constituted in accordance with this Act to deal with a matter referred to it or an appeal or application made to it under this Act.	5 6 7
	(3)	The Tribunal has and may exercise the jurisdiction and functions conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any other Act.	8 9
101	Cha	irperson and Deputy Chairpersons of the Tribunal	10
	(1)	The Governor may appoint a legal practitioner of at least 7 years' standing as Chairperson of the Tribunal and may appoint one or more legal practitioners of at least 7 years' standing as Deputy Chairpersons of the Tribunal.	11 12 13 14
	(2)	The Chairperson and each Deputy Chairperson hold office for such period not exceeding 7 years as may be specified in the instrument of appointment as Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson, but are eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	15 16 17 18
	(3)	A Deputy Chairperson can be appointed by the Governor for the purpose of conducting or hearing a particular inquiry or appeal, as described in the instrument of appointment of the Deputy Chairperson.	19 20 21
	(4)	A Deputy Chairperson, while sitting on the Tribunal, has and may exercise all the functions conferred or imposed on the Chairperson by this Act (other than those conferred by section 102 (2)).	22 23 24
	(5)	The Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson sitting on the Tribunal is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of each of them.	25 26 27 28
	(6)	The Governor may appoint a Deputy Chairperson to act in the office of Chairperson during the illness or absence of the Chairperson and the Deputy Chairperson, while so acting, has and may exercise all the functions of the Chairperson and is taken to be the Chairperson.	29 30 31 32

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 101
Physiotherapists Tribunal	Part 10
Constitution of the Tribunal	Division 1

	(7)	Part 2 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1988</i> does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson.	1 2 3
102	Trib	ounal to be constituted to deal with complaints etc	4
	(1)	The Board is to inform the Chairperson and appoint 3 other persons to sit on the Tribunal when:	5 6
		(a) a complaint or other matter is referred to the Tribunal, or	7
		(b) the Commission decides, in accordance with the <i>Health Care</i> <i>Complaints Act 1993</i> , to prosecute a complaint before the Tribunal, or	8 9 10
		(c) an appeal or application under this Act to the Tribunal is lodged with the Registrar.	11 12
	(2)	The Chairperson is then to nominate himself or herself or a Deputy Chairperson to sit on the Tribunal for the purpose of conducting an inquiry into the complaint, matter or application or hearing the appeal.	13 14 15
	(3)	For the purpose of conducting an inquiry or hearing an appeal, the Tribunal is to consist of:	16 17
		(a) the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, and	18
		(b) 2 registered physiotherapists having such qualifications as may be prescribed, appointed by the Board, and	19 20
		(c) one lay person (that is, a person who is not a registered physiotherapist) appointed by the Board from a panel of lay persons for the time being nominated by the Minister.	21 22 23
	(4)	A person may not be appointed to sit on the Tribunal if the person is a member of the Board.	24 25
	(5)	A person may not be appointed to sit on the Tribunal if the person has previously dealt with the particular matter before the Tribunal in his or her capacity as a member of the Board or the Committee.	26 27 28
	(6)	The Tribunal, as constituted by different persons or the same persons, may conduct or hear more than one inquiry or appeal at the same time.	29 30

Part 10 Division 1		Physiotherapists Tribunal Constitution of the Tribunal	
103	Effe	ect of vacancy on Tribunal	1
	(1)	If one of the members (other than the Chairperson or Deputy	2
		Chairperson) constituting the Tribunal for the purpose of conducting	3
		a hearing vacates office for any reason before an inquiry or appeal is completed or a decision is made in respect of an inquiry or appeal, the	4 5
		inquiry or appeal may be continued and a determination made by the	6
		remaining members of the Tribunal.	7
	(2)	If more than one of the members vacate office or the Chairperson or	8
		Deputy Chairperson vacates office for any reason before the Tribunal	9
		has completed an inquiry or appeal or made a determination in respect of an inquiry or appeal, the inquiry or appeal is terminated.	10 11
	(2)		
	(3)	When an inquiry or appeal is terminated, the Tribunal may be reconstituted in accordance with this Part for the purposes of	12 13
		conducting a new inquiry or appeal in respect of the matter concerned.	14
104	Pay	ment of non-legal Tribunal members	15
		A member of the Tribunal (other than the Chairperson or a Deputy	16
		Chairperson) is while sitting on the Tribunal entitled to be paid by the	17
		Board at the rate determined by the Minister from time to time.	18
105	Sea	l of the Tribunal	19
		The Tribunal is to have a seal of which all courts and persons acting	20
		judicially are to take judicial notice.	21
Divis	sion 2	2 Proceedings of the Tribunal	22
106	Dec	isions of the Tribunal	23
	(1)	The decision of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson on any	24
		question of law or procedure arising during an inquiry or appeal at	25
		which the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson presides is the decision	26
		of the Tribunal for the purposes of the inquiry or appeal.	27
	(2)	A decision supported by at least 3 members of the Tribunal with	28
		respect to a question (other than with respect to a point of law or procedure) arising during an inquiry or appeal before the Tribunal is	29 30
		the decision of the Tribunal.	30

Clause 103

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 106
Physiotherapists Tribunal	Part 10
Proceedings of the Tribunal	Division 2

	(3) If 2 members support the decision and 2 members oppose the deci the decision of the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson presiding decision of the Tribunal.	
107	Time when orders take effect	4
	An order of the Tribunal under this Act takes effect on the da	
	which the order is made or on such later day as is specified in order.	n the 6 7
108	Powers of Tribunal exercised by Supreme Court	8
	A power of the Tribunal exercised under this Act by the Sup Court is, except for the purposes of any appeal, taken to have exercised by the Tribunal.	
109	Registrar to be informed of disciplinary action	12
	The Tribunal is to inform the Registrar of the exercise of any punder Part 4 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings) by Tribunal.	
Divis	on 3 Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal	16
110	Jurisdiction	17
	(1) The members of the Tribunal are to conduct an inquiry into	10
	complaint, matter or application and are to hear any appeal refe to it.	5
	complaint, matter or application and are to hear any appeal refe	erred 19 20 rapist 21
111	<ul><li>complaint, matter or application and are to hear any appeal refet to it.</li><li>(2) No inquiry need be conducted into a complaint if the physiother who is the subject of the complaint admits the subject-matter of the complaint admits the subject of the complaint admits the</li></ul>	erred 19 20 apist 21 of the 22
111	<ul> <li>complaint, matter or application and are to hear any appeal refetto it.</li> <li>(2) No inquiry need be conducted into a complaint if the physiother who is the subject of the complaint admits the subject-matter of complaint in writing to the Tribunal.</li> <li>Notice of time and place of inquiry or appeal</li> <li>The Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson nominated to sit of Tribunal is to fix a time and place for the conducting of the inqui the hearing of the appeal by the Tribunal and is to give not less that</li> </ul>	erred       19         20       20         rapist       21         of the       22         23       24         n the       25         ry or       26         an 14       27
111	<ul> <li>complaint, matter or application and are to hear any appeal refettorit.</li> <li>(2) No inquiry need be conducted into a complaint if the physiother who is the subject of the complaint admits the subject-matter or complaint in writing to the Tribunal.</li> <li>Notice of time and place of inquiry or appeal</li> <li>The Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson nominated to sit on Tribunal is to fix a time and place for the conducting of the inquir the hearing of the appeal by the Tribunal and is to give not less that days' notice of the inquiry or appeal to each of the following:</li> </ul>	erred       19         20       20         rapist       21         of the       22         23       24         n the       25         ry or       26         an 14       27         28
111	<ul> <li>complaint, matter or application and are to hear any appeal refetto it.</li> <li>(2) No inquiry need be conducted into a complaint if the physiother who is the subject of the complaint admits the subject-matter of complaint in writing to the Tribunal.</li> <li>Notice of time and place of inquiry or appeal</li> <li>The Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson nominated to sit of Tribunal is to fix a time and place for the conducting of the inqui the hearing of the appeal by the Tribunal and is to give not less that</li> </ul>	erred       19         20       20         rapist       21         of the       22         23       24         n the       25         ry or       26         an 14       27

Part 10 Divisio		Physiotherapists Tribunal Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal	
		<ul> <li>(c) the Director-General and the Board,</li> <li>(d) in the case of an appeal or an inquiry into a complaint, the Commission.</li> </ul>	1 2 3
112	Cor	nduct of proceedings	4
		The Tribunal is to conduct proceedings on an inquiry or appeal as it thinks fit.	5 6
	(2)	Proceedings of the Tribunal are to be open to the public except when the Tribunal otherwise directs.	7 8
	(3)	The Tribunal is not to direct that proceedings are to be closed to the public unless satisfied that it is desirable to do so in the public interest for reasons connected with the subject-matter of the inquiry or appeal or the nature of the evidence to be given.	9 10 11 12
	(4)	The Tribunal may proceed to determine an inquiry or appeal in the absence of the physiotherapist.	13 14
	(5)	Schedule 5 has effect with respect to any inquiry conducted or appeal heard by the Tribunal.	15 16
113	Rep	presentation before the Tribunal	17
	(1)	At an inquiry conducted or appeal heard by the Tribunal, the registered physiotherapist and any complainant concerned are entitled to attend and to be represented by a legal practitioner or another adviser.	18 19 20
	(2)	The Tribunal may grant leave for any other person to appear (whether in person or by a legal practitioner or another adviser) at an inquiry or appeal if the Tribunal is satisfied that it is appropriate for that person to appear.	21 22 23 24
114	Cha	airperson or Deputy Chairperson not to review own decisions	25
		The Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson must not sit on the Tribunal for the purpose of conducting any inquiry or hearing any appeal relating to a particular matter before the Tribunal if a decision has been made by the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson in relation to the matter.	26 27 28 29 30

Clause 111

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 115
Physiotherapists Tribunal	Part 10
Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal	Division 3

115	Adj	ournments and interlocutory orders	1
	(1)	The Tribunal may adjourn proceedings for any reason it thinks fit.	2
	(2)	The Tribunal may, during any proceedings, exercise any power or combination of powers conferred on the Tribunal by section 54 (Powers of the Tribunal), except the power to caution or reprimand.	3 4 5
116	Trib	unal to provide details of its decision	6
	(1)	The Tribunal must provide a written statement of a decision on an inquiry or appeal to the complainant, to the physiotherapist concerned and to the Board, and must do so as soon as practicable after the decision is made (bearing in mind the public welfare and seriousness of the matter).	7 8 9 10 11
	(2)	The statement of a decision must:	12
		(a) set out any findings on material questions of fact, and	13
		(b) refer to any evidence or other material on which the findings were based, and	14 15
		(c) give the reasons for the decision.	16
	(3)	The Tribunal may also provide the statement of a decision to such other persons as the Tribunal thinks fit.	17 18
	(4)	The Board may disseminate the statement of a decision provided to it under this section as the Board thinks fit, unless the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	19 20 21
117	Stat	ement need not contain confidential information	22
	(1)	The Tribunal is not required to include confidential information in the statement of a decision. If a statement would be false or misleading if it did not include the confidential information, the Tribunal is not required to provide the statement.	23 24 25 26
	(2)	When confidential information is not included in the statement of a decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a person because of subsection (1), the Tribunal must give a confidential information notice to the person.	27 28 29 30
	(3)	A <i>confidential information notice</i> is a notice that indicates that confidential information is not included or that the statement will not be provided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must be in writing and must be given within one month after the decision is made.	31 32 33 34 35

Clause 117	Physiotherapists Bill 2001
Part 10	Physiotherapists Tribunal
Division 3	Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal

(4) This section does not affect the power of a court to make an order for the discovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the production of documents to a court.
(5) In this section: *confidential information* means information that:

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- (a) has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and
- (b) relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Tribunal is required (or would, but for subsection (1), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and

### (c) is information:

- (i) that was supplied in confidence, or
- (ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or
- (iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an enactment, or
- (iv) the provision of which by the Tribunal would be in breach of any enactment.

Miscellaneous

Clause 118

Part 11

### Part 11 Miscellaneous

#### 118 Application of Criminal Records Act

For the purposes of the application of this Act in respect of a criminal finding, the *Criminal Records Act 1991* applies in respect of a criminal finding as if section 8 (2) and (4) of that Act were omitted.

**Note.** Section 8 (2) and (4) of the *Criminal Records Act 1991* make special provision for when criminal findings become "spent" under that Act. The omission of those subsections will mean that in determining when a criminal finding becomes spent for the purposes of this Act, criminal findings will be treated as ordinary convictions and the relevant crime-free period will be as provided by section 9 of that Act.

### 119 How notice is to be given

- (1) A requirement of this Act that a person be given notice is a requirement that the person be given notice in writing either personally or by post.
- (2) For the purposes of section 76 of the *Interpretation Act 1987*, a notice served by post on a person for the purposes of this Act is to be treated as being properly addressed if it is addressed to the address of the person last known to the Registrar or last recorded in the Register.

### 120 Service of documents on Board

A document (other than a complaint made under Part 4) may be served on the Board by leaving it at or sending it by post to any office of the Board. This section does not affect the operation of any provision of a law or of the rules of a court authorising a document to be served on the Board in any other manner.

### 121 Written statement of decisions

- (1) If the Board, the Board's President or a member authorised by the Board makes a decision concerning a person under any provision of this Act, the person may request in writing that the Board, President or member provide the person with a written statement of the decision.
- (2) Any such request is to be made no later than 60 days after the decision to which it relates.
- (3) The Board, the President or the member is to provide a written statement of the decision within 30 days after receiving such a request.

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#### Clause 121 Physiotherapists Bill 2001

Part 11 Miscellaneous

(4)	Α	written	statement	of	a	decision	must	give	the	reasons	for	the
	decision.							-				

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- (5) The Board, the President or the member is not required to include confidential information in the statement of a decision. If a statement would be false or misleading if it did not include the confidential information, the Board, the President or the member is not required to provide the statement.
- (6) When confidential information is not included in the statement of a decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a person because of subsection (5), the Board, the President or the member must give a confidential information notice to the person.
- (7) A *confidential information notice* is a notice that indicates that confidential information is not included or that the statement will not be provided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must be in writing and must be given within one month after the decision is made.
- (8) This section does not affect the power of a court to make an order for the discovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the production of documents to a court.
- (9) In this section:

### *confidential information* means information that:

- (a) has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and
- (b) relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Board, the President or the member is required (or would, but for subsection (5), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and

	T	,	
(c)	is inf	ormation:	29
	(i)	that was supplied in confidence, or	30
	(ii)	the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or	31
	(iii)	that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed	32
		by an enactment, or	33
	(iv)	the provision of which by the Board, the President or	34
		the member would be in breach of any enactment.	35

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 122
Miscellaneous	Part 11

122	Not	ice of disciplinary action to other Boards	1
	(1)	When the registration of a physiotherapist is suspended or cancelled or any condition is imposed on the registration of a physiotherapist:	2 3
		(a) the Board must without delay notify particulars of that action to the local registration authority of each neighbouring jurisdiction, and	4 5 6
		(b) the Board may notify particulars of that action to the local registration authority of any other jurisdiction.	7 8
	(2)	When the registration of a physiotherapist is suspended or cancelled or any condition is imposed on the registration of a physiotherapist, and the Board is aware that the physiotherapist is registered under a health registration Act, the Board must without delay notify particulars of that action to the registration authority under that Act.	9 10 11 12 13
	(3)	The Board is required or authorised to act under this section despite any law relating to secrecy or confidentiality.	14 15
	(4)	This section does not affect any obligation or power to provide information under the Mutual Recognition laws.	16 17
	(5)	In this section:	18
		<i>local registration authority</i> of a jurisdiction means the person or authority in the jurisdiction having the function conferred by legislation of registering persons in connection with the carrying on of physiotherapy in the jurisdiction.	19 20 21 22
		<i>neighbouring jurisdiction</i> means each Australian State, the Australian Capital Territory, the Northern Territory and New Zealand.	23 24
		<i>registration</i> includes the licensing, approval, admission, certification (including by way of practising certificates), or any other form of authorisation, of a person required by or under legislation for the carrying on of the practice of physiotherapy.	25 26 27 28
123	Fals	se or misleading entries and statements	29
		A person must not:	30
		<ul> <li>(a) make or cause to be made in the Register an entry that the person knows to be false or misleading or alter an entry in the Register with intent to render the entry false or misleading, or</li> </ul>	31 32 33

### Clause 123 Physiotherapists Bill 2001

Part 11 Miscellaneous

		(b)	for the purposes of obtaining registration as a physiotherapist either for that person or for anyone else, make a statement, whether orally or in writing, that the person knows to be false or misleading.	1 2 3 4
		Maxin or bot	mum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, th.	5 6
124	Evic	dentiar	y certificates and evidence of entry in Register	7
	(1)	A cer effect	tificate purporting to have been signed by the Registrar to the that:	8 9
		(a)	a person specified in the certificate was or was not a registered physiotherapist at a time or during a period so specified, or	10 11
		(b)	the name of a person specified in the certificate was removed from the Register at a time so specified, or	12 13
		(c)	the registration of a person specified in the certificate was suspended from a time so specified and for a period so specified, or	14 15 16
		(d)	<ul> <li>a condition, particulars of which are set out in the certificate, was, at a time or during a period so specified:</li> <li>(i) imposed on the registration of a person so specified, or</li> <li>(ii) revoked or not in force,</li> </ul>	17 18 19 20
		purpo	thout proof of the signature of the person by whom the certificate orts to have been signed, admissible in any proceedings and is a facie evidence of the matter certified in it.	21 22 23
	(2)		ntry in the Register is admissible in any proceedings and is prima evidence of the matter stated in it.	24 25
	(3)	purpo	cument purporting to be a copy of an entry in the Register, ortedly signed by the Registrar, is admissible in any proceedings s prima facie evidence of the matter stated in it.	26 27 28
125	Aut	hentica	ation of certain documents	29
		direct	v certificate, summons, process, demand, order, notice, statement, ion or other document requiring authentication by the Board may fficiently authenticated without the seal of the Board if signed by:	30 31 32
		(a)	the President or the Registrar, or	33
		(b)	any officer of the Board authorised to do so by the Registrar.	34

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 126
Miscellaneous	Part 11

### 126 Fees

126	Fees				
	(1)	Corpo 13A o Board	Registrar is required to transmit to the Health Administration oration for payment into an account established under section of the <i>Health Administration Act 1982</i> all money received by the (whether for fees or otherwise), not being money that is ed to be dealt with in some other manner.	2 3 4 5 6	
	(2)		Board may at any time waive payment of part or all of a fee le under this Act, whether in a particular case or in a class of	7 8 9	
	(3)	relatio	ower to waive payment of fees extends to any fee payable in on to registration as a physiotherapist under the Mutual gnition laws.	10 11 12	
127	Phy	siother	rapy Education and Research Account	13	
	(1)	The E Accou	Board is to establish a Physiotherapy Education and Research int.	14 15	
	(2)	to be p	amounts as are determined by the Minister from time to time are paid into the Account by the Board from fees payable under this the regulations.	16 17 18	
	(3)		y in the Account may be expended by the Board for any one or of the following:	19 20	
		(a)	physiotherapy education,	21	
		(b)	education or research for any public purpose connected with the practice of physiotherapy,	22 23	
		(c)	the publication and distribution of information concerning this Act and the regulations,	24 25	
		(d)	meeting administrative expenditure incurred with respect to the Account and the purposes for which it is used,	26 27	
		or any	related purpose.	28	
	(4)		penditure of money under this section is not to be made unless athorised by a resolution supported by at least 7 members of the	29 30 31	

### Clause 128 Physiotherapists Bill 2001 Part 11 Miscellaneous

### 128 Appointment and powers of inspectors

(1) The Director-General may appoint any person as an inspector for the purposes of this Act. The Director-General is to provide an inspector with a certificate of authority.

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- (2) An inspector may exercise the powers conferred by this section for the purpose of:
  - (a) ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act or the regulations are being complied with or have been contravened, or
  - (b) ascertaining whether section 10AC (Spinal manipulation not to be practised by unregistered person) or section 10AD (Prescribed electrophysical treatment not to be provided by unregistered person) of the *Public Health Act 1991* has been contravened, or
  - (c) investigating a complaint made or intended to be made under Part 4.
- (3) An inspector may, with the approval of the Board given on the particular occasion, enter and inspect at any reasonable time any premises that the inspector believes on reasonable grounds are being used for the carrying on of the practice of physiotherapy.
- (4) While on premises entered under this section or under the authority of a search warrant under section 129, an inspector may do any one or more of the following:
  - (a) require any person on those premises to produce any records in the possession or under the control of that person relating to the carrying on of the practice of physiotherapy or a contravention of a provision of this Act or the regulations or of section 10AC or 10AD of the *Public Health Act 1991*,
  - (b) inspect, take copies of, or extracts or notes from, any such records and, if the inspector considers it necessary to do so for the purpose of obtaining evidence, seize any such records,
  - (c) examine and inspect any apparatus or equipment used or apparently used in the course of the practice of physiotherapy,
  - (d) take such photographs, films and audio, video and other recordings as the inspector considers necessary,

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 128
Miscellaneous	Part 11

	(e)	require any person on those premises to answer questions or otherwise furnish information in relation to the carrying on of the practice of physiotherapy or a contravention of a provision of this Act or the regulations or of section 10AC or 10AD of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> ,	1 2 3 4 5
	(f)	require the owner or occupier of those premises to provide the inspector with such assistance and facilities as is or are reasonably necessary to enable the inspector to exercise the functions of an inspector under this section.	6 7 8 9
(5)		spector is not entitled to enter a part of premises used for ntial purposes, except:	10 11
	(a)	with the consent of the occupier of the part, or	12
	(b)	under the authority of a search warrant.	13
(6)	the in author	spector must, when exercising on any premises any function of spector under this section, produce the inspector's certificate of rity to any person apparently in charge of the premises who sts its production.	14 15 16 17
(7)	A per	son must not:	18
	(a)	without reasonable excuse, refuse or fail to comply with any requirement made or to answer any question asked by an inspector under the authority of this section, or	19 20 21
	(b)	wilfully delay, hinder or obstruct an inspector in the exercise of the inspector's powers under this section, or	22 23
	(c)	furnish an inspector with information knowing it to be false or misleading in a material particular.	24 25
	Maxii	num penalty: 5 penalty units.	26
(8)	retain (inclu only i withir	inspector seizes any records under this section, they may be ed by the inspector until the completion of any proceedings ding proceedings on appeal) in which they may be evidence but f the person from whom the records were seized is provided, a reasonable time after the seizure, with a copy of the records ed by an inspector as a true copy.	27 28 29 30 31 32
(9)		by of records provided under subsection (8) is, as evidence, of validity to the records of which it is certified to be a copy.	33 34

#### Physiotherapists Bill 2001 Clause 129

Part 11 Miscellaneous

## 129 Search warrants

Sea	rch wa	arrants	1
(1)	autho	rson appointed under this Act as an inspector may apply to an orised justice for the issue of a search warrant for premises if the ctor believes on reasonable grounds:	2 3 4
	(a)	that a provision of this Act or the regulations, or of section 10AC or 10AD of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> , is being or has been contravened on the premises, or	5 6 7
	(b)	that there is on the premises evidence of a contravention of a provision of this Act or the regulations.	8 9
(2)	a sea	rson appointed under this Act as an inspector must not apply for rch warrant unless the person or the Director-General has caused resident of the Board to be notified of the application.	10 11 12
(3)	satisf	uthorised justice to whom such an application is made may, if ied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a search ant authorising an inspector named in the warrant:	13 14 15
	(a)	to enter and inspect the premises, and	16
	(b)	to exercise on the premises any function of an inspector under section 128.	17 18
(4)		3 of the <i>Search Warrants Act 1985</i> applies to a search warrant d under this section.	19 20
(5)		is section, <i>authorised justice</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>ch Warrants Act 1985</i> .	21 22
Liał	oility o	f officers and members	23
	No m	natter or thing done or omitted to be done by:	24
	(a)	the Board or a member of the Board, or	25
	(b)	the Registrar or any other officer of the Board, or	26
	(c)	the Committee or a member of the Committee, or	27
	(d)	an Impaired Registrants Panel or a member of an Impaired Registrants Panel, or	28 29
	(e)	the Tribunal or a member of the Tribunal, or	30
	(f)	a nominal complainant,	31

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 130
Miscellaneous	Part 11

subjects the member, or the Registrar, or officer, or nominal complainant, personally to any action, liability, claim or demand, if the matter or thing was done in the exercise, or intended exercise, of any of his or her functions or done in good faith for the purpose of executing this or any other Act.

### 131 Offences by corporations

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- (1) If a corporation contravenes, whether by act or omission, any provision of this Act or the regulations, each person who is a director of the corporation or who is concerned in the management of the corporation is taken to have contravened the same provision if the person knowingly authorised or permitted the contravention.
- (2) A person may be proceeded against and convicted under a provision pursuant to subsection (1) whether or not the corporation has been proceeded against or has been convicted under the provision.
- (3) Nothing in this section affects any liability imposed on a corporation for an offence committed by the corporation against this Act or the regulations.

### 132 Proceedings for offences

- (1) Proceedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations are to be dealt with summarily before a Local Court constituted by a Magistrate sitting alone.
- (2) Despite anything in any other Act, proceedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations may be instituted within the period of 12 months after the act or omission alleged to constitute the offence.

### 133 Regulations

- (1) The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.
- (2) In particular, the regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:
  - (a) the proceedings of the Board,
  - (b) any kinds of certificates of registration under this Act,

### Clause 133 Physiotherapists Bill 2001

Part 11 Miscel	aneous
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		(c)	certificates as to satisfactory completion of the requisite period of practice under section 13, and the procedure for obtaining or	1 2
			issuing such certificates,	3
		(d)	the manner in which any notice under this Act may be served,	4
		(e)	the procedure to be followed at and any matters incidental to	5
			the holding of an inquiry or appeal by the Committee or the	6
			Tribunal, and matters relating to the custody and use of the seal	7
		(0)	of the Tribunal,	8
		(f)	the procedure before an Impaired Registrants Panel,	9
		(g)	the establishment by the Board of standards for the conduct and marking of examinations and the remuneration of examiners,	10 11
		(h)	the setting of fees by the Board in relation to examinations conducted by it,	12 13
		(i)	the forms to be used for the purposes of this Act and the regulations,	14 15
		(j)	the fees to be paid under this Act,	16
		(k)	the manner in which, and the extent to which, a registered	17
		(11)	physiotherapist or other person may advertise physiotherapy	18
			services,	19
		(1)	requiring a physiotherapist to disclose specified information to	20
			a person to whom the physiotherapist provides physiotherapy	21
			services, including information disclosing any pecuniary interest of the physiotherapist in any business or service	22 23
			provider to whom the physiotherapist in any business of service	23 24
		(m)	the inspection by or on behalf of the Board of physiotherapy	25
		(III)	practices,	25
		(n)	the making and keeping of records by registered	27
			physiotherapists and the obligations of physiotherapists to allow	28
			release of, access to or inspection of those records.	29
	(3)		gulation may create an offence punishable by a penalty not	30
		excee	ding 10 penalty units.	31
134	Am	endme	ent of other Acts	32
			Act specified in Schedule 6 is amended as set out in that	33
		Schee	iule.	34

Physiotherapists Bill 2001	Clause 135	
Miscellaneous	Part 11	

135	Repeals	1
	The Physiotherapists Registration Act 1945 and the Physiotherapists	2
	Registration Regulation 1995 are repealed.	3
136	Savings and transitional provisions	4
	Schedule 7 has effect.	5

Schedule 1	Registration	procedures
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Schedule 1 Registration procedures			
		(Section 11)	2
Part	:1 /	Applying for registration	3
1	For	m of application	4
		An application for registration must be in a form approved by the Board and must be lodged with the Registrar.	5 6
2	App	plication fee	7
	(1)	The application is to be accompanied by the fee determined by the Minister in consultation with the Board.	8 9
	(2)	Different fees may be determined in respect of different types of applications.	10 11
	(3)	The Board is entitled to refuse to determine an application until the fee is paid.	12 13
	(4)	The Board may in a particular case waive the requirement for a fee or reduce a fee.	14 15
3	Mat	terial to accompany application	16
		The application is to be accompanied by such evidence and other information as the Board requires.	17 18
4	Dis	closure of convictions and charges	19
	(1)	The Board may require an applicant for registration to disclose:	20
		<ul> <li>(a) details of any offence for which the applicant has been convicted or made the subject of a criminal finding in this State or elsewhere (together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence), other than an offence prescribed by the regulations</li> </ul>	21 22 23 24
		as not being relevant for the purposes of this clause, and	25
		(b) details of any criminal proceedings pending against the applicant in this State or elsewhere for a sex/violence offence.	26 27
	(2)	The Board may require a disclosure for the purposes of this clause to be in the form of a statutory declaration.	28 29

Registration procedures

Schedule 1

(3) Any power of the Board to require disclosure of a conviction or 1 criminal finding for an offence or to have regard to the conviction of 2 or the making of a criminal finding in respect of an applicant for 3 registration for an offence extends to a conviction or criminal finding 4 for an offence committed before the commencement of this clause. 5 5 Time within which application to be determined 6 (1) For the purposes of an appeal under this Act, the Board is taken to 7 have determined that an applicant for registration is not entitled to be 8 registered and to have refused the application if the Board does not 9 consider and determine the application within 3 months after the 10 application is lodged with the Registrar. 11 (2) The Board and the applicant may agree on a longer period than 3 12 months for the purposes of this clause, in which case the agreed longer 13 period applies. 14 Part 2 Dealing with applications 15 6 Applications to be considered and determined 16 The Board is to consider and determine all applications for 17 registration. The Board determines an application by either registering 18 the applicant or refusing the application. 19 7 Notice to applicant of decision on application 20 (1) The Board is to give an applicant for registration notice of the Board's 21 decision on the application as soon as practicable after the decision is 2.2 made. 23 (2) If the decision is to grant registration, the Board is to issue to the 24 applicant a certificate of registration in a form approved by the Board 25 and stating such particulars as the Board determines. 26 How a person is registered 8 27 The Board registers a person by recording the person's name in the 28 Register together with such particulars as the Board considers 29 appropriate. 30

Schedule 1	Registration procedures
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# Part 3 Inquiries

9	Boa	ard may hold inquiry into eligibility	2
	(1)	The Board may hold an inquiry, in such cases as it considers appropriate, into the eligibility of an applicant to be registered as a physiotherapist.	3 4 5
	(2)	The inquiry may include an inquiry into the applicant's competence to practise physiotherapy.	6 7
10	Cor	nmission to be notified of inquiry	8
	(1)	The Board must give the Commission at least 7 days' notice in writing before the Board holds an inquiry under this Part.	9 10
	(2)	The Commission may appear and be heard at an inquiry under this Part.	11 12
11	App	plicant to be notified of inquiry	13
		The President is to fix a time and place for the holding of an inquiry and is to cause the applicant concerned to be given at least 14 days' notice in writing of the time and place for the inquiry.	14 15 16
12	Pov	vers etc of the Board in an inquiry	17
		For the purposes of an inquiry conducted by the Board under this Part, the Board has the same functions that the Tribunal has under this Act. However, proceedings on an inquiry conducted by the Board are not to be open to the public.	18 19 20 21
13	Phy	vsiotherapist entitled to attend	22
	(1)	The person in relation to whom an inquiry is being held is entitled to attend and to be accompanied by a legal practitioner or another adviser, but is not entitled to be represented by a legal practitioner or other adviser.	23 24 25 26
	(2)	This clause does not prevent the Board from proceeding with an inquiry in the absence of the applicant so long as the applicant has been given notice of the inquiry in accordance with clause 11.	27 28 29

Registration procedures

Schedule 1

14	Provisions concerning witnesses etc	1
	Schedule 5 applies to and in respect of a person or witness appearing	2
	or evidence given at an inquiry in the same way as it applies to a	3
	person or witness appearing or evidence given before the Tribunal.	4
15	Constitution of Board for inquiry	5
	(1) If the Board decides to hold an inquiry, the Board is to appoint 3 persons to conduct the inquiry.	6 7
	(2) The persons appointed to conduct the inquiry need not be members of the Board.	8 9
	(3) The persons appointed to conduct an inquiry are taken to be members	10
	of the Board and to constitute the Board for the purposes of the inquiry	11
	and, accordingly, may exercise the functions of the Board in relation	12
	to the inquiry.	13
16	Director-General may intervene at inquiry	14
	The Director-General may intervene in any inquiry before the Board	15
	and is entitled to be heard personally or by being represented by an	16
	officer of the Department of Health.	17
17	Preliminary medical examinations of applicants for registration	18
	(1) Before or during an inquiry under this Part, the Board may require the	19
	applicant for registration, by notice in writing given personally or by	20
	post to the applicant, to undergo at the Board's expense a medical	21
	examination by a registered medical practitioner specified in the notice,	22
	at any reasonable time and place so specified.	23
	(2) A failure by an applicant, without reasonable cause, to comply with	24
	such a notice is, for the purposes of this Part (including any inquiry or	25
	appeal under this Act) evidence that the applicant does not have	26
	sufficient physical and mental capacity to practise physiotherapy.	27
18	Decisions of the Board in an inquiry	28
	A decision supported by at least 2 of the 3 persons appointed to	29
	conduct an inquiry under this Part on an inquiry, or on any question	30
	arising during an inquiry, is a decision of the Board.	31

Schedule 1	Registration procedures
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19	Deta	ails of decision to be supplied to applicant	1
	(1)	The Board must provide a written statement of a decision on an inquiry to the person in relation to whom the inquiry was held and must do so within one month after the decision is made.	2 3 4
	(2)	The statement of a decision must:	5
		(a) give the reasons for the decision, and	6
		(b) include information about any appeal rights the person has under section 18.	7 8
	(3)	The Board may also provide the statement of a decision to such other persons as the Board thinks fit.	9 10
20	Stat	tement need not contain confidential information	11
	(1)	The Board is not required to include confidential information in the	12
		statement of a decision. If a statement would be false or misleading if	13
		it did not include the confidential information, the Board is not required to provide the statement.	14 15
	(2)	When confidential information is not included in the statement of a	16
	( )	decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a	17
		person because of subclause (1), the Board must give a confidential	18
		information notice to the person.	19
	(3)		20
		confidential information is not included or that the statement will not	21
		be provided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice	22
		must be in writing and must be given within one month after the decision is made.	23 24
	(4)	This clause does not affect the power of a court to make an order for	25
	(-)	the discovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the	25
		production of documents to a court.	27
	(5)	In this clause:	28
		confidential information means information that:	29
		(a) has not previously been published or made available to the	30
		public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or	31
		may be relevant is being prepared, and	32

Registration procedures

Schedule 1

		(b) relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Board is required (or would, but for	1 2
		subclause (1), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and	3 4
		(c) is information:	5
		(i) that was supplied in confidence, or	6
		(ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or	7
		(iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed	8
		by an enactment, or	9
		(iv) the provision of which by the Board would be in breach	10
		of any enactment.	11
Part	4 1	Keeping and alteration of the Register	12
21	Boa	ard is to keep the Register	13
	(1)	The Board is to keep a register, called the Register of Physiotherapists for New South Wales.	14 15
	(2)	The Register is to be kept in such form as the Board determines.	16
	(3)	The Register must be available for inspection by any person:	17
		(a) in person at the office of the Board at all reasonable times, and	18
		(b) by such other means (such as Internet access) and at such other	19
		times as the Board determines.	20
	(4)	A right to inspect the Register does not include a right to access the	21
		address of a physiotherapist, and the Board must ensure that any such	22
		access is restricted to, or to persons authorised by, the Board, the	23
		Commission and the Director-General.	24
	(5)		25
		exceeding such amount as may be prescribed by the regulations.	26
	(6)	The Board may carry out searches of the Register on a person's behalf	27
		and may charge such fee as it determines for the search.	28

Schedule 1 Registration procedures

### 22 Information to be recorded in Register

(1)	The Board is to record in the Register such particulars of the
	registration of each registered physiotherapist as the Board considers
	appropriate, subject to the regulations. The regulations may make
	provision for or with respect to the information to be recorded in the
	Register.

- (2) Any conditions to which a physiotherapist's registration is subject must be recorded in the Register.
- (3) The Board may, on application by a registered physiotherapist and payment of the prescribed fee, record in the Register any particulars in addition to those required to be recorded in the Register, as the Board approves.
- (4) The Board must make such other recordings in the Register as may be necessary for the purpose of maintaining the Register as an accurate record of the particulars relating to each registered physiotherapist.

### 23 Method of removal from the Register

- (1) The name of a registered physiotherapist is removed from the Register by the making in the Register of such recording as the Board directs.
- (2) The Board must cause a person to be given notice that the person's name has been removed from the Register unless the person's name was removed in accordance with an order of the Chairperson, a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court under this Act.

### 24 Surrender of certificates

- (1) The Board may by notice require a person who has ceased to be registered to furnish to the Board within a time specified in the notice a certificate issued to the person under this Act in respect of that registration.
- (2) A person on whom such a notice has been served must not, without reasonable cause, fail to comply with the requirements of the notice.

Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.

### 25 Making a recording in the Register—extended meaning

A reference in this Act to the making of a recording in the Register includes a reference to amending, cancelling or deleting a recording in the Register.

**Registration procedures** 

Schedule 1

#### Part 5 Annual registration fees 1 Annual registration fee payable 26 2 A registered physiotherapist must, on or before a date notified by the 3 (1)Board in writing to the physiotherapist at least 1 month in advance, pay 4 to the Board the annual registration fee determined by the Minister in 5 consultation with the Board. 6 (2) Different fees may be determined for the purposes of this clause in 7 respect of different classes of registration. 8 27 Physiotherapist's name may be removed from Register for 9 non-payment 10 (1) The Board is to notify a registered physiotherapist who does not pay 11 the annual registration fee on or before the due date that if the fee is 12 not paid on or before a later date specified in the notification the 13 physiotherapist's name will be removed from the Register. 14 (2) The Board may cause to be removed from the Register the name of 15 any registered physiotherapist who has been so notified and fails to pay 16 the fee on or before that later date. 17 28 Entitlement to re-registration if fee paid 18 (1) A person whose name has been removed from the Register for failure 19 to pay the annual registration fee is entitled to re-registration if the 20 person pays to the Board any unpaid annual registration fee or fees 21 together with any applicable late payment fee. 22 (2) A late payment fee is applicable when more than 3 months have 23 elapsed since the person's name was removed from the Register. The 24 late payment fee is such amount as the Board determines. 25 (3) The Board may waive payment of a late payment fee in a particular 26 case if the Board thinks it appropriate to do so. 27 (4) The entitlement to re-registration is an entitlement to registration on the 28 same terms and subject to the same conditions (if any) as applied to the 29 person's registration immediately before the removal of his or her 30 name from the Register. 31

Schedule 1 Registration procedures

	(5)	The Board may refuse to register a person under this clause if the Board is of the opinion, following an inquiry under Part 3 of this Schedule, that the person is not competent to practise physiotherapy or is not of good character.	
	(6)	A person registered pursuant to an entitlement to re-registration under this clause is taken to have been so registered on and from the day the person's name was removed from the Register or on and from such later day as the Board determines and notifies to the person.	
	(7)	An entitlement to re-registration under this clause does not override any other provision of this Act pursuant to which a person's name is authorised or required to be removed from the Register.	1
29	Boa	rd may waive registration fee	1
		The Board may, for such reason as it considers proper, waive the requirement that an annual registration fee be paid by a registered physiotherapist in any particular year.	1 1 1
Part	6	Removal from and alteration of Register	1
Part		Removal from and alteration of Register	
			1 1 1
	Ren	noval of person wrongfully registered The Board may remove the name of any person from the Register who has been registered by reason of any false or fraudulent representation	1 1 1 2 2
	<b>Ren</b> (1)	noval of person wrongfully registered The Board may remove the name of any person from the Register who has been registered by reason of any false or fraudulent representation or declaration or by reason of a mistake. A person whose name has been removed from the Register under this	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	Ren (1) (2) (3)	<ul> <li>noval of person wrongfully registered</li> <li>The Board may remove the name of any person from the Register who has been registered by reason of any false or fraudulent representation or declaration or by reason of a mistake.</li> <li>A person whose name has been removed from the Register under this clause may appeal to the Tribunal against the Board's decision.</li> <li>An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chairperson may allow in a particular case) after notice of the decision is given to the person. The appeal is to be lodged with the Registrar</li> </ul>	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	Ren (1) (2) (3)	<ul> <li>noval of person wrongfully registered</li> <li>The Board may remove the name of any person from the Register who has been registered by reason of any false or fraudulent representation or declaration or by reason of a mistake.</li> <li>A person whose name has been removed from the Register under this clause may appeal to the Tribunal against the Board's decision.</li> <li>An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chairperson may allow in a particular case) after notice of the decision is given to the person. The appeal is to be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the Tribunal.</li> <li>An appeal does not affect the decision with respect to which it is made</li> </ul>	1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Registration procedures

Schedule 1

	(6)	does not confer a right of appeal under this clause in respect of the	1 2
		Tribunal's decision).	3
31	Ren	noval on death or at own request	4
		The Board must remove the name of a registered physiotherapist from	5
		the Register if the physiotherapist has died or has requested the Board	6
		to remove his or her name.	7
32	Ren	noval or amendment pursuant to disciplinary order	8
	(1)	The Board must remove the name of a person from the Register if	9
		removal of the person's name is required by any order under this Act	10
		of the Chairperson, a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme	11
		Court.	12
	(2)	The Board is to make such recordings in the Register as may be	13
		necessary to give effect to any order under this Act of the Board, the	14
		Chairperson, a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court	15
		as to the conditions to be imposed on a person's registration.	16
33	Phy	siotherapist to be notified of action	17
		The Board must give the physiotherapist concerned notice of action	18
		taken by the Board under this Part.	19

Schedule 2	Provisions relating to the	members of the Board
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# Schedule 2 Provisions relating to the members of the Board

(Section 92)

1	Defi	inition	S	4			
		In this Schedule:					
			<i>inted member</i> means a member of the Board appointed by the rnor under section 88 (1) (b).	6 7			
		<i>electe</i> 88 (1)	<i>ed member</i> means a member of the Board elected under section ) (a).	8 9			
2	Pres	sident	and Deputy President of the Board	10			
	(1)	Of the	e members of the Board:	11			
		(a)	one who is a registered physiotherapist is to be appointed as President of the Board, and	12 13			
		(b)	one is to be appointed as Deputy President of the Board.	14			
	(2)	appoi	e appointments may be made in and by the instrument of intment of the relevant member as member or by another iment executed by the Governor.	15 16 17			
	(3)		Governor may remove a member from the office of President or ty President.	18 19			
			rson who is the President or Deputy President vacates office as dent or Deputy President if the person:	20 21			
		(a)	is removed from that office by the Governor, or	22			
		(b)	resigns that office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	23 24			
		(c)	ceases to be a member.	25			
3	Acti	ing me	embers and acting President	26			
	(1)	office the pe	Governor may, from time to time, appoint a person to act in the e of a member during the illness or absence of the member, and erson, while so acting, has all the functions of the member and is to be the member.	27 28 29 30			

Provisions relating to the members of the Board

Schedule 2

	(2)	The Deputy President of the Board may act in the office of President during the illness or absence of the President, and while so acting has all the functions of the President and is taken to be the President.	1 2 3
	(3)	The Governor may, from time to time, appoint a member to act in the office of President during the illness or absence of both the President and Deputy President, and the member, while so acting, has all the functions of the President and is taken to be the President.	4 5 6 7
	(4)	The Governor may remove any person from any office to which the person was appointed under this clause.	8 9
	(5)	A person while acting in the office of a member is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the person.	10 11 12 13
	(6)	For the purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of a member, the President or the Deputy President is taken to be an absence from office of the member, President or Deputy President.	14 15 16
4	Elec	ctions of elected members	17
	(1)	An election of elected members is to be held so that the results of the election are declared at least one month before the day that is the fourth anniversary of the commencement of section 86.	18 19 20
	(2)	In every fourth calendar year after the calendar year in which the election referred to in subclause (1) is held, an election of elected members is to be held so that the results of the election are declared at least one month before the day that is the anniversary of the commencement of section 86.	21 22 23 24 25
	(3)	The members elected at an election referred to in this clause assume office as elected members on the day in the calendar year in which the election is held that is the anniversary of the commencement of section 86.	26 27 28 29
5	Teri	ms of office	30
	(1)	Subject to this Schedule:	31
		(a) an appointed member holds office for such period (not exceeding 4 years) as may be specified in the member's instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment, and	32 33 34 35

		(b)	an elected member holds office for a period of 4 years but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-election.	1 2
	(2)		rson may not be appointed or elected to serve more than 3 ecutive terms of office as a member of the Board.	3 4
6	Ren	nunera	ation	5
		travel	ember is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including ling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time he determine in respect of the member.	6 7 8
7	Vac	ancy i	n office of member	9
	(1)	The o	office of a member becomes vacant if the member:	10
		(a)	dies, or	11
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed (in the case of an appointed member) or re-elected (in the case of an elected member), or	12 13 14
		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	15 16
		(d)	is removed from office by the Governor under this clause or under Part 8 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1988</i> , or	17 18
		(e)	is absent from 4 consecutive meetings of the Board of which reasonable notice has been given to the member, except on leave granted by the Minister or unless, before the expiration of 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the member is excused by the Minister for being absent from those meetings, or	19 20 21 22 23
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	24 25 26 27
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	28
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	29 30 31 32 33

Provisions relating to the members of the Board

Schedule 2

	(i)	in the case of an elected member or an appointed member referred to in section 88 (2) (b)–(d), the member's registration under this Act is suspended or cancelled, or the member's name	1 2 3
		is for any reason removed from the register, or	4
	(j)	in the case of an appointed member referred to in section 88 (2)	5
		(a), the member ceases to be an officer or employee referred to in that paragraph, or	6 7
	(k)	in the case of an appointed member referred to in section 88 (2) (f), the member ceases to be a legal practitioner.	8 9
(2)	The G	overnor may remove a member from office at any time.	10
(3)		ut affecting the generality of subclause (2), the Governor may re from office a member who contravenes the provisions of 9.	11 12 13
Filli	n <mark>g o</mark> f v	acancy in office of member	14
(1)		office of an appointed member becomes vacant, a person is, at to this Act, to be appointed to fill the vacancy.	15 16
(2)		office of an elected member becomes vacant, a registered	17
		otherapist nominated by the Minister is to be appointed to fill the cy. The person appointed is taken to be an elected member.	18 19
(3)		nber appointed to fill a casual vacancy under this clause holds for the balance of the term of office of the member whose office	20 21
was vacated, and is eligible for re-appointment or re-election to the			
	Board		23
Disc	closure	of pecuniary interests	24
(1)	If:		25
	(a)	a member has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Board, and	26 27 28
	(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	29 30 31
		ember must as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come	32
		member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a ng of the Board.	33 34

(2)	A dis	closure by a member at a meeting of the Board that the member:	1		
	(a)	is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company	2		
		or other body, or	3		
	(b)	is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	4		
	(c)	has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	5 6		
	is a s	sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter	7		
		ng to that company or other body or to that person which may	8		
		after the date of the disclosure and which is required to be	9		
	discle	osed under this clause.	10		
(3)		culars of any disclosure made under this clause are to be recorded	11		
		e Board in a book kept for the purpose and that book is to be	12		
		at all reasonable hours to inspection by any person on payment	13		
	of the	e fee determined by the Board.	14		
(4)		a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter,	15		
		nember must not, unless the Minister or the Board otherwise	16		
		mines:	17		
	(a)	be present during any deliberation of the Board with respect to the matter, or	18 19		
	(b)	take part in any decision of the Board with respect to the	20		
		matter.	21		
(5)	For the purposes of the making of a determination by the Board under				
		ause (4), a member who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest	23		
	in a r	natter to which the disclosure relates must not:	24		
	(a)	be present during any deliberation of the Board for the purpose	25		
		of making the determination, or	26		
	(b)	take part in the making by the Board of the determination.	27		
(6)	A con Boar	ntravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the d.	28 29		
(7)	This clause does not apply to or in respect of an interest of a member				
$(\prime)$		natter that arises merely because the member is a physiotherapist.	30 31		
(8)		ference in this clause to a meeting of the Board includes a	32		
(0)		ence to a meeting of a committee of the Board.	32		

Provisions relating to the members of the Board

Schedule 2

10	Effect of certain other Acts				
	(1)		of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1988</i> does not apply to or pect of the appointment of a member.	2 3	
	(2)	If by o	or under any other Act provision is made:	4	
		(a)	requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	5 6 7	
		(b)	prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	8 9	
		that o	rovision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding ffice and also the office of a member or from accepting and ing any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as a	10 11 12 13	
		memo		1	

Page 85

Schedule 3 Provisions relating to the procedure of the Board		1 2
	(Section 92)	3
1	First meeting of Board	4
	The Minister may call the first meeting of the Board in such manner as the Minister thinks fit.	5 6
2	General procedure	7
	The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Board and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act and the regulations, to be as determined by the Board.	8 9 10
3	Quorum	11
	The quorum for a meeting of the Board is 6 members.	12
4	Presiding member	13
	(1) The President or, in the absence of the President, the Deputy President or, in the absence of both of them, another member of the Board elected to chair the meeting by the members present, is to preside at a meeting of the Board.	14 15 16 17
	(2) The person presiding at any meeting of the Board has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.	18 19 20
5	Voting	21
	A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Board.	22 23
6	Minutes	24
	The Board must cause full and accurate minutes to be kept of the proceedings of each meeting of the Board.	25 26

Provisions relating to the procedure of the Board

7	Proof of certain matters not required		
		y legal proceedings, proof is not required (until evidence is given e contrary) of:	2 3
	(a)	the constitution of the Board, or	4
	(b)	any resolution of the Board, or	5
	(c)	the appointment of, or the holding of office by, any member of the Board, or	6 7
	(d)	the presence of a quorum at any meeting of the Board.	8

Schedule 4	Provisions relating to the Committee
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Sch	edu	le 4	Provisions relating to the Committee	1
			(Section 96)	2
Part	1 7	The N	Members	3
1	Cha	irpers	on of the Committee	4
			nember referred to in section 95 (2) (a) is to be the Chairperson e Committee.	5 6
2	Teri	n of o	ffice	7
		such instru	ect to this Schedule, a member of the Committee holds office for period, not exceeding 4 years, as may be specified in the ument of appointment of the member, but is eligible (if otherwise fied) for re-appointment.	8 9 10 11
3	Ren	nunera	ation	12
		(inclu	ember of the Committee is entitled to be paid such remuneration uding travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may time to time determine in respect of the member.	13 14 15
4	Filli	ng of v	vacancy in office of member	16
			e office of any member of the Committee becomes vacant, a in is, subject to this Act, to be appointed to fill the vacancy.	17 18
5	Cas	ual va	cancies	19
	(1)	A me mem	omber of the Committee is to be taken to have vacated office if the ber:	20 21
		(a)	dies, or	22
		(b)	absents himself or herself from 4 consecutive meetings of the Committee of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or in the ordinary course of post, except on leave granted by the Minister or unless, before the expiration of 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the member is excused by the Minister for being absent from those meetings, or	23 24 25 26 27 28

Provisions relating to the Committee

		(c)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the	1
			relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or	2
			her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration	3
			for their benefit, or	4
		(d)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	5
		(e)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is	6
			punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is	7
			convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence	8
			that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	9
		(0)		10
		(f)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	11 12
		(g)	is removed from office by the Minister under subclause (3).	13
	(2)	With	out limiting the generality of subclause (1), a member who is	14
			inted under section 95 (2) (a) or (b) and who ceases to be a	15
		regist	tered physiotherapist is to be taken to have vacated office.	16
	(3)	The M	Minister may remove a member from office.	17
Part	2 F	Proce	edure of the Committee	18
6	Ger	oeral n	rocedure	19
Ŭ		-		
			procedure for the calling of meetings of the Committee and for the	20
			uct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as mined by the Committee.	21 22
		ucteri	mined by the Committee.	22
7	Quo	orum		23
		The c	quorum for a meeting of the Committee is 3 members.	24
8	Vot	ing		25
		A dec	cision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the	26
				20
		Com	mittee at which a quorum is present is the decision of the	27

Schedule 4 Provisions relating to the Committee

### 9 Presiding member

(1) The Chairperson of the Committee or, in the absence of the Chairperson, another member of the Committee elected to chair the meeting by the members present, is to preside at a meeting of the Committee.

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(2) The person presiding at any meeting of the Committee has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.

Proceedings before the Tribunal

Sche	edul	le 5	Proceedings before the Tribunal	1
			(Section 112)	2
1	Pro	ceedin	igs generally	3
		of lav	occeedings before it, the Tribunal is not bound to observe the rules v governing the admission of evidence, but may inform itself of natter in such manner as it thinks fit.	4 5 6
2	Pow	ver to a	summon witnesses and take evidence	7
	(1)	appea	Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson may summon a person to ar in proceedings before the Tribunal, to give evidence and to acce such documents (if any) as are referred to in the summons.	8 9 10
	(2)		person presiding at the proceedings may require a person uring in the proceedings to produce a document.	11 12
	(3)		Tribunal may, in proceedings before it, take evidence on oath or nation and, for that purpose a member of the Tribunal:	13 14
		(a)	may require a person appearing in the proceedings to give evidence either to take an oath or to make an affirmation in a form approved by the person presiding, and	15 16 17
		(b)	may administer an oath to or take an affirmation from a person so appearing in the proceedings.	18 19
	(4)		rson served with a summons to appear in any such proceedings o give evidence must not, without reasonable excuse:	20 21
		(a)	fail to attend as required by the summons, or	22
		(b)	fail to attend from day to day unless excused, or released from further attendance, by a member of the Tribunal.	23 24
	(5)		son appearing in proceedings to give evidence must not, without nable excuse:	25 26
		(a)	when required to be sworn or to affirm—fail to comply with the requirement, or	27 28
		(b)	fail to answer a question that the person is required to answer by the person presiding, or	29 30

Schedule 5 Proceedings before the Tribunal

		(c)	fail to produce a document that the person is required to produce by this clause.	1 2
		Maxi	imum penalty: 20 penalty units.	3
3	Pov	ver to	obtain documents	4
	(1)	A m	ember of the Tribunal may, by notice in writing served on a	5
	(-)		on, require the person:	6
		(a)	to attend, at a time and place specified in the notice, before a	7
			person specified in the notice, being a member of the Tribunal	8
			or a person authorised by the Tribunal in that behalf, and	9
		(b)	to produce, at that time and place, to the person so specified a	10
			document specified in the notice.	11
	(2)	A pe	erson who fails, without reasonable excuse, to comply with a	12
	( )		e served on the person under this clause is guilty of an offence.	13
		Maxi	imum penalty: 20 penalty units.	14
4	Evi	dence	of other proceedings	15
		The	Tribunal may receive and admit on production, as evidence in any	16
			eedings, such of the following as the Tribunal considers relevant	10
			e proceedings:	18
		(a)	the judgment and findings of any court (whether civil or	19
		(u)	criminal and whether or not of New South Wales) or tribunal,	20
		(b)	the verdict or findings of a jury of any such court,	21
		(c)	a certificate of the conviction of or the making of a criminal	22
			finding in respect of any person,	23
		(d)	a transcript of the depositions or of shorthand notes, duly	24
		. ,	certified by the Registrar or clerk of the court or tribunal as	25
			correct, of the evidence of witnesses taken in any such court or	26
			tribunal.	27
5	Add	litiona	Il complaints	28
	(1)	The	Tribunal may in proceedings before it deal with one or more	29
	( )		plaints about a registered physiotherapist.	30
	(2)		ring any such proceedings, it appears to the Tribunal that, having	31
			d to any matters that have arisen, another complaint could have	32
		been	made against the physiotherapist concerned:	33

Proceedings before the Tribunal

		(a)	whether instead of or in addition to the complaint that was made, and	1 2
		(b)	whether or not by the same complainant,	3
			ribunal may take that other complaint to have been referred to it hay deal with it in the same proceedings.	4 5
	(3)	under adjou	other complaint is taken to have been referred to the Tribunal subclause (2), the complaint may be dealt with after such an rnment (if any) as is, in the opinion of the Tribunal, just and able in the circumstances.	6 7 8 9
6	Rele	ease o	finformation	10
	(1)	perso of the	person presiding in proceedings before the Tribunal may, if the n presiding thinks it appropriate in the particular circumstances case (and whether or not on the request of a complainant, the otherapist concerned or any other person):	11 12 13 14
		(a)	direct that the name of any witness is not to be disclosed in the proceedings, or	15 16
		(b)	<ul> <li>direct that all or any of the following matters are not to be published:</li> <li>(i) the name and address of any witness,</li> <li>(ii) the name and address of a complainant,</li> <li>(iii) the name and address of a physiotherapist,</li> <li>(iv) any specified evidence,</li> <li>(v) the subject-matter of a complaint.</li> </ul>	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
	(2)	A dir presic	ection may be amended or revoked at any time by the person ling.	24 25
	(3)	be giv	ection may be given before or during proceedings, but must not ven before the proceedings unless notice is given of the time and appointed by the person presiding for consideration of the matter	26 27 28 29
		(a)	a person who requested the direction, and	30
		(b)	the complainant or the physiotherapist concerned, as appropriate, and	31 32
		(c)	such other persons as the person presiding thinks fit.	33

	(4)	A person who contravenes a direction given under this clause is guilty of an offence.	1 2
		Maximum penalty: 150 penalty units in the case of a body corporate and 20 penalty units in any other case.	3 4
7	Aut	hentication of documents by the Tribunal	5
		Every document requiring authentication by the Tribunal may be sufficiently authenticated without the seal of the Tribunal, if signed by the Chairperson or by a member of the Tribunal authorised to do so by the Chairperson.	6 7 8 9
8	Nor	ninal complainant	10
	(1)	In any proceedings before the Tribunal, a person appointed by the Commission:	11 12
		(a) may act as nominal complainant in place of the actual complainant, and	13 14
		(b) when so acting, is, for the purposes of this Act and the regulations, to be taken to be the person who made the complaint.	15 16 17
	(2)	A reference in this Act to a complainant includes a reference to a nominal complainant.	18 19
9	Inte	rvention by Director-General and Commission	20
	(1)	Without limiting the operation of clause 8, the Director-General personally (or an officer of the Department of Health appointed by the Director-General) or a person appointed by the Commission may intervene, and has a right to be heard, in any proceedings before the Tribunal.	21 22 23 24 25
	(2)	The Director-General and the Commission may be represented by a legal practitioner.	26 27
10	Ехр	edition of inquiries and appeals	28
	(1)	It is the duty of the Tribunal to hear inquiries and appeals under this Act and to determine those inquiries and appeals expeditiously.	29 30
	(2)	Without affecting the generality of subclause (1), the Tribunal may postpone or adjourn proceedings before it as it thinks fit.	31 32

Proceedings before the Tribunal

11	Evi	dentia	ry certificate	1
			rtificate, purporting to have been signed by the Registrar, to the t that:	2 3
		(a)	a person specified in the certificate was or was not a registered physiotherapist at a time or during a period so specified, or	4 5
		(b)	the name of a person specified in the certificate was removed from the Register at a time so specified, or	6 7
		(c)	the registration of a person specified in the certificate was suspended from a time so specified and for a period so specified, or	8 9 10
		(d)	a condition, particulars of which are set out in the certificate, was, at a time or during a period so specified, imposed on the registration of a person so specified or revoked or not in force,	11 12 13
		purpo	ithout proof of the signature of the person by whom the certificate orts to have been signed, to be received by the Tribunal and all ts as evidence of that fact.	14 15 16
12	Cer	tain co	omplaints may not be heard	17
	(1)		Tribunal may decide not to conduct an inquiry, or at any time to inate an inquiry or appeal, if:	18 19
		(a)	a complainant fails to comply with a requirement made of the complainant by the Tribunal, or	20 21
		(b)	the person about whom the complaint is made ceases to be a registered physiotherapist.	22 23
	(2)		Tribunal must not conduct or continue any inquiry or any appeal physiotherapist concerned dies.	24 25
13	Trik	ounal c	can award costs	26
	(1)	physi (whe any i	Tribunal may order the complainant, if any, the registered iotherapist concerned, or any other person entitled to appear other as of right or because leave to appear has been granted) at inquiry or appeal before the Tribunal to pay such costs to such on as the Tribunal may determine.	27 28 29 30 31
	(2)	appli issue	n an order for costs has taken effect, the Tribunal is, on cation by the person to whom the costs have been awarded, to a certificate setting out the terms of the order and stating that the r has taken effect.	32 33 34 35

Schedule 5 Proceedings before the Tribunal

(3) The person in whose favour costs are awarded may file the certificate in the District Court, together with an affidavit by the person as to the amount of the costs unpaid, and the Registrar of the District Court is to enter judgment for the amount unpaid together with any fees paid for filing the certificate.

Ameno	Amendment of other Acts Schedule 6			
Sch	Schedule 6 Amendment of other Acts			
	(Section 134)	2		
6.1	Chiropractors Act 2001 No 15	3		
[1]	Section 15 Cancellation and suspension of registration	4		
	Insert "or who is suspended from practising chiropractic" after "suspended" in section 15 (2).	5 6		
[2]	Section 19 Code of professional conduct	7		
	Omit "the rules of conduct" from section 19 (1). Insert instead "guidelines".	8		
[3]	Section 56 Referral of matter to Commission	9		
	Omit "imposes conditions on the registration of" from section 56 (5). Insert instead "takes action against".	10 11		
[4]	Section 57 Special provisions—impairment	12		
	Omit "imposes conditions on the registration of" from section 57 (1). Insert instead "takes action against".	13 14		
[5]	Section 57	15		
	Insert at the end of section 57:	16		
	(9) A matter may be referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel under this section even though the chiropractor has been suspended under section 54. Part 5 applies in respect of such a referral as if the chiropractor were a registered chiropractor.	17 18 19 20		

Schedule 6	Amendment of other Acts
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[6]	Section 127 Appointment and powers of inspectors	1
	Omit section 127 (2) (b). Insert instead:	2
	<ul> <li>(b) ascertaining whether section 10AC (Spinal manipulation not to be practised by unregistered person) or section 10AD (Prescribed electrophysical treatment not to be provided by unregistered person) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> has been contravened, or</li> </ul>	3 4 5 6 7
[7]	Section 127 (4) (a) and (e)	8
	Insert "or 10AD" after "section 10AC" wherever occurring.	9
[8]	Section 128 Search warrants	10
	Insert "or 10AD" after "section 10AC" in section 128 (1) (a).	11
6.2	Health Administration Act 1982 No 135	12
	Schedule 2A Health professional boards	13
	Omit "Physiotherapists Registration Board established under the <i>Physiotherapists Registration Act 1945</i> ".	14 15
	Insert instead "Physiotherapists Registration Board established under the <i>Physiotherapists Act 2001</i> ".	16 17
6.3	Health Care Complaints Act 1993 No 105	18
	Section 4 Definitions	19
	Omit "Physiotherapists Registration Act 1945" from the definition of health registration Act.	20 21
	Insert instead:	22
	Physiotherapists Act 2001	23

Amendment of other Acts

6.4	Interpretation Act 1987 No 15	1
	Section 21 Meaning of commonly used words and expressions	2
	Insert in alphabetical order in section 21 (1):	3
	<i>registered physiotherapist</i> and each of the following expressions means a physiotherapist registered under the <i>Physiotherapists Act 2001</i> :	4 5 6
	(a) physiotherapist,	7
	(b) legally (or duly) qualified physiotherapist,	8
	(c) qualified physiotherapist.	9
6.5	Medical Practice Act 1992 No 94	10
[1]	Section 66B Referral of matter to Commission	11
	Omit "imposes conditions on the registration of" from section 66B (5). Insert instead "takes action against".	12 13
[2]	Section 66C Special provisions—impairment	14
	Omit "imposes conditions on the registration of" from section 66C (1). Insert instead "takes action against".	15 16
[3]	Section 66C	17
	Insert at the end of section 66C:	18
	(9) A matter may be referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel under this section even though the medical practitioner has been suspended under section 66. Part 5 applies in respect of such a referral as if the medical practitioner were a registered medical practitioner.	19 20 21 22 23

Schedule 6 Am	endment of other Acts
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6.6	Osteopaths Act 2001 No 16	1
[1]	Section 15 Cancellation and suspension of registration	2
	Insert "or who is suspended from practising osteopathy" after "suspended" in section 15 (2).	3 4
[2]	Section 19 Code of professional conduct	5
	Omit "the rules of conduct" from section 19 (1). Insert instead "guidelines".	6
[3]	Section 56 Referral of matter to Commission	7
	Omit "imposes conditions on the registration of" from section 56 (5). Insert instead "takes action against".	8 9
[4]	Section 57 Special provisions—impairment	10
	Omit "imposes conditions on the registration of" from section 57 (1). Insert instead "takes action against".	11 12
[5]	Section 57	13
	Insert at the end of section 57:	14
	(9) A matter may be referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel under this section even though the osteopath has been suspended under section 54. Part 5 applies in respect of such a referral as if the osteopath were a registered osteopath.	15 16 17 18
[6]	Section 127 Appointment and powers of inspectors	19
	Omit section 127 (2) (b). Insert instead:	20
	<ul> <li>(b) ascertaining whether section 10AC (Spinal manipulation not to be practised by unregistered person) or section 10AD (Prescribed electrophysical treatments not to be provided by unregistered person) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> has been contravened, or</li> </ul>	21 22 23 24 25
[7]	Section 127 (4) (a) and (e)	26
	Insert "or 10AD" after "section 10AC" wherever occurring.	27

Ameno	Iment of other Acts S
[8]	Section 128 Search warrants
	Insert "or 10AD" after "section 10AC" in section 128 (1) (a).
6.7	Public Health Act 1991 No 10

# [1] Section 10AC Spinal manipulation not to be practised by unregistered person

Omit section 10AC (1) (d). Insert instead:

(d) is a registered physiotherapist.

## [2] Section 10AD

Insert as section 10AD:

# 10AD Prescribed electrophysical treatments not to be provided by unregistered person

- (1) A person must not provide a prescribed electrophysical treatment in the course of providing a health service (as defined in the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993*) unless the person:
  - (a) is a registered chiropractor, or(b) is a registered medical practitioner, or
  - (c) is a registered osteopath, or
  - (d) is a registered physiotherapist, or
    (e) is a podiatrist registered under the *Podiatrists Act 1989*.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or both.

(2) Proceedings for an offence against this section may be instituted within 12 months after the act or omission alleged to constitute the offence.

Schedule 6

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Schedule 6 Amendment of other Acts

(4)

(3) For the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this section are being complied with, an authorised officer has and may exercise all the functions that the authorised officer has under the officer's Act for the purpose of ascertaining whether a provision of that Act is being complied with, and for that purpose:

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- (a) those functions of the authorised officer under the officer's Act apply in respect of premises on which a person provides a prescribed electrophysical treatment in the course of providing a health service in the same way as those functions apply in respect of premises on which a person engages in professional practice under the officer's Act, and
- (b) those functions of the authorised officer under the officer's Act apply in respect of the providing of a prescribed electrophysical treatment in the course of providing a health service in the same way as they apply in respect of professional practice engaged in under the officer's Act, and
- (c) the provisions of the officer's Act with respect to the functions of an inspector (including any provision that creates an offence in connection with the functions of an inspector) extend to apply in respect of the exercise of functions of an authorised officer under this section.

In this section:
<i>authorised officer</i> means an inspector, authorised officer or authorised person under any of the following Acts:
(a) Chiropractors Act 2001,

- (a) Chiropractors Act 2001, 28
  (b) Medical Practice Act 1992, 29
  (c) Osteopaths Act 2001, 30
  (d) Physiotherapists Act 2001, 31
  (e) Podiatrists Act 1989. 32
- (e) *Podiatrists Act 1989. officer's Act*, in relation to an authorised officer, means the Act under which the authorised officer is appointed as an inspector, authorised officer or authorised person.

6.8

<i>prescribed electrophysical treatment</i> means an electrophysical treatment prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	1 2 3
Search Warrants Act 1985 No 37	
Section 10 Definitions	5
Omit "section 18 of the <i>Physiotherapists Registration Act 1945</i> " from the definition of <i>search warrant</i> .	6 7
Insert instead in alphabetical order of Acts:	8

Schedule 7	Savings and transitional provisions
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(Section 136)

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# Part 1 Preliminary

1	Def	initions	5	4
		In this	s Schedule:	5
			<i>Board</i> means the Physiotherapists Registration Board constituted s Act.	6 7
			<i>oard</i> means the Physiotherapists Registration Board constituted e 1945 Act.	8 9
		the 19	945 Act means the Physiotherapists Registration Act 1945.	10
2	Reg	Julatior	าร	11
	(1)		egulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional consequent on the enactment of the following Acts:	12 13
		this A	let	14
	(2)		a provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the of assent to the Act concerned or a later day.	15 16
	(3)	is earl	e extent to which such a provision takes effect from a date that lier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision not operate so as:	17 18 19
		(a)	to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of that publication, or	20 21 22
		(b)	to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of that publication.	23 24 25

Savings and transitional provisions

#### Schedule 7

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### Part 2 Provisions consequent on enactment of this Act

#### 3 Members of old Board

(1)	A person who, immediately before the repeal of the 1945 Act, held	
	office as a member of the old Board:	

- (a) ceases to hold office as such on that repeal, and
- (b) is eligible (if otherwise qualified) to be appointed or elected as a member of the new Board.
- (2) Despite subclause (1), a person who, immediately before the commencement of section 86, held office as an elected member of the old Board commences a new term of office for a term of 4 years as an elected member of the new Board on the commencement of section 86.
- (3) A person who ceases to hold office as a member of the old Board because of the operation of this Act is not entitled to be paid any remuneration or compensation because of ceasing to hold that office.
- (4) Nothing in subclause (2) prevents a member who holds office as an elected member of the new Board as a result of the operation of that subclause from being removed from office under clause 7 of Schedule 2.

#### 4 Continuity of Board

Unless the regulations otherwise provide, anything done by or in relation to the old Board and having effect immediately before the dissolution of the old Board is taken to have been done by or in relation to the new Board.

#### 5 Appointments and other action before commencement

For the purpose only of enabling the new Board to be constituted in accordance with this Act on or after (but not before) the commencement of section 86 (Constitution of the Board), appointments may be made under this Act, and anything else may be done, before that commencement, as if the whole of this Act commenced on the date of assent, but so that no appointment as a member of the new Board as so constituted takes effect before the commencement of section 86.

Schedule 7 Savings and transitional provisions

#### 6 The Register

As soon as practicable after the commencement of this clause, the new Board is to compile the Register from the relevant information and particulars entered in the register kept under section 20 of the 1945 Act in respect of persons registered as physiotherapists immediately before that commencement.

7 Registration as physiotherapist

- (1) A person who is a registered physiotherapist under the 1945 Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is on that commencement taken to be registered under this Act. Registration under this Act is subject to the same conditions (if any) as the person's registration under the 1945 Act was subject immediately before that commencement.
- (2) A certificate of provisional registration as a physiotherapist in force under the 1945 Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken, on that commencement, to have been granted under this Act.
- (3) An approval by the Board for a person to practise physiotherapy in force under section 21C of the 1945 Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken, on that commencement, to be a certificate of temporary registration granted under this Act for the same period, and subject to the same conditions (if any).
- (4) A certificate of conditional registration as a physiotherapist in force under section 21B (1) of the 1945 Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken, on that commencement, to be a certificate of full registration as a physiotherapist granted under this Act subject to the condition referred to in section 13 of this Act (and any other conditions to which the certificate of conditional registration was subject).
- (5) A certificate of conditional registration as a physiotherapist granted provisionally under section 21B (2) of the 1945 Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken, on that commencement, to be a certificate of provisional registration as a physiotherapist granted under this Act subject to the condition referred to in section 13 of this Act (and any other conditions to which the certificate of conditional registration was subject).

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Savings and transitional provisions

Schedule 7

(6) A period of practice as a physiotherapist undertaken as the holder of 1 a certificate of conditional registration under the 1945 Act before the 2 commencement of this clause is taken, on that commencement, to be 3 a period of practice in an approved health institution as a 4 physiotherapist registered under this Act for the purposes of section 13 5 of this Act. 6 (7) An institution for which an approval of the Minister was in force under 7 section 21B (3) (a) of the 1945 Act immediately before the 8 commencement of this clause is taken, on that commencement, to be 9 an approved health institution for the purposes of section 13 of this 10 Act. 11 (8) Nothing in subclause (7) prevents the Board from revoking an 12 approval of an institution that is taken, by virtue of subclause (7), to be 13 an approved health institution. 14 8 Fees 15 A fee paid or which remains unpaid under a provision of the 1945 Act 16 immediately before its repeal is taken, on commencement of the 17 relevant provision of this Act, to have been paid or to remain unpaid 18 under the provision of this Act that corresponds to that provision and 19 is taken to have been so paid or to so remain unpaid for or in relation 20 to the same period as that which applied to the fee under the 1945 Act. 21 9 Applications for registration 22 An application for registration as a physiotherapist under the 1945 Act 23 which had not been determined by the old Board before the repeal of 24 that Act is taken to be an application for registration under this Act. 25 10 Appeals to the District Court 26 (1) An appeal to the District Court under section 24E of the 1945 Act that 27 was pending immediately before the repeal of that Act is to be 28 continued and disposed of as if, except as provided by subclause (2), 29 this Act had not been enacted. 30 (2) The decision of the Court on any such appeal is final, and binding on 31 the new Board and the appellant and for the purposes of this Act is 32 taken to be the final decision of the new Board. 33

Schedule 7 Savings and transitional provisions

#### 11 Complaints

(1) A complaint made to the old Board concerning the conduct of a registered physiotherapist under the 1945 Act and pending immediately before the repeal of that Act is, to the extent that the conduct concerned could be the subject of a complaint under this Act, to be dealt with as a complaint under this Act, except as provided by this clause.

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- (2) If a complaint pending under the 1945 Act on the commencement of this clause is the subject of an inquiry by a Professional Standards Committee or an inquiry by or appeal before the Physiotherapists Registration Board under that Act immediately before that commencement:
  - (a) the complaint or appeal is to continue to be dealt with and determined under the 1945 Act as if the 1945 Act had not been repealed, and
  - (b) any finding, order, direction, decision or determination arising from or in connection with the determination of the complaint or appeal under the 1945 Act has effect for the purposes of the corresponding provision of this Act, and
  - (c) the 1945 Act continues to apply as if it had not been repealed for the purposes of any appeal against any such order, direction, decision or determination.
- (3) This clause applies for the purposes of this Act and for the purposes of the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993* (including any conciliation under that Act) in its application to any complaint or investigation pending under the 1945 Act immediately before the repeal of the 1945 Act.

#### 12 Complaints relating to previous conduct

A complaint or investigation may be made under this Act with respect to conduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly before and partly after, the commencement of the provisions of this Act under which the complaint or investigation is made.

Savings and transitional provisions

13	Continuity of disciplinary action under 1945 Act		1
	Anyf	inding, order, direction, decision or determination under sections	2
	24-25	5A of the 1945 Act is, to the extent that it had any operation	3
	imme	diately before the commencement of this clause, taken to have	4
		made under the corresponding provision of this Act and is to be	5
	given	effect to accordingly.	6
14	Physiotherapy Education and Research Account		7
	Money standing to the credit of the Physiotherapy Education and		8
		rch Account under the 1945 Act immediately before the	9
	comm	nencement of this clause is to be paid to the credit of the	10
	Physi	otherapy Education and Research Account under this Act.	11
15	Construction of certain references		12
	Unless the regulations otherwise provide, on and from the commencement of this clause, a reference in any other Act, in any		13
			14
	instrument made under any Act or in any other instrument of any kind:		15
	(a)	to the old Board is to be read as a reference to the new Board,	16
	()	and	17
	(b)	to the Secretary under the 1945 Act is to be read as a reference	18
		to the Registrar under this Act, and	19
	(c)	to the register referred to in section 20 of the 1945 Act is to be	20
		read as a reference to the Register under this Act, and	21
	(d)	to the registration of a person as a registered physiotherapist	22
		under the 1945 Act is to be read as a reference to the	23
		registration of the person as a physiotherapist under this Act.	24