

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to provide for the registration of dentists and dental auxiliaries.

The current *Dentists Act 1989* provides only for the registration of dentists. This Bill repeals the *Dentists Act 1989* and re-enacts the provisions relating to the regulation of dentists with the following modifications:

- (a) a statement of the object of the Act is included,
- (b) provision is made for the registration of dental auxiliaries,
- (c) additional mechanisms are provided for the accreditation and recognition of qualifications entitling a person to registration as a dentist or dental auxiliary,
- (d) additional protection for the titles "dental therapist", "dental hygienist" and "dental auxiliary" is included,
- (e) competence becomes an express requirement for registration as a dentist or dental auxiliary and the Dental Board (*the Board*) is given power to inquire into competence,

- (f) a mechanism for establishing a code of professional conduct for dentists and dental auxiliaries is provided for and the operation of a code is clarified,
- (g) registered dentists and dental auxiliaries are required to submit an annual return to the Board detailing matters that establish their continuing competence and good character,
- (h) registered dentists and dental auxiliaries are required to notify the Board of convictions and criminal findings (findings of guilt without proceeding to a conviction) for various offences, and courts are required to notify the Board of certain convictions and criminal findings against registered dentists and dental auxiliaries,
- (i) definitions of *unsatisfactory professional conduct* and *professional misconduct* are introduced.
- (j) dentistry students and dental auxiliary students are required to register with the Dental Board,
- (k) a complaint against a dentist or dental auxiliary can be made and dealt with even if the dentist or dental auxiliary has ceased to be registered,
- (l) the Board is required to notify a dentist or dental auxiliary of a complaint made against the dentist or dental auxiliary,
- (m) the Dental Care Assessment Committee will inquire into less serious complaints about dentists and dental auxiliaries and make recommendations to the Board with respect to the determination of those complaints,
- (n) the Dental Care Assessment Committee will be able to conduct skills testing of a registered dentist or dental auxiliary about whom a complaint is made,
- (o) mechanisms are provided to enable the Board to monitor and manage dentists, dental auxiliaries, dentistry students and dental auxiliary students who are impaired in their ability to practise,
- (p) the Board is to have 12 members (comprising 5 elected dentists, 2 appointed dentists, one appointed dental auxiliary, one employee of the Department of Health or a public health organisation, one legal practitioner and 2 people who are not registered dentists and represent the community),
- (q) a Board member is limited to 3 consecutive 4-year terms of office,
- (r) the Board is given power to delegate its functions,
- (s) the operation of the *Criminal Records Act 1991* is modified to facilitate the reporting of and consideration of criminal findings affecting applicants for registration, dentists and dental auxiliaries,
- (t) the Board is required to notify other dental registration authorities of disciplinary action taken against a dentist or dental auxiliary,

- (u) proceedings for an offence under the Act will be able to be taken within 12 months after the offence,
- (v) any conditions on a dentist's or dental auxiliary's registration will be recorded in the Register.

The Bill also amends the *Public Health Act 1991* to restrict the carrying out of certain dentistry practices to registered dentists, registered medical practitioners, and in limited circumstances to dental auxiliaries, dentistry students, dental auxiliary students, dental technicians and dental prosthetists. The time for taking proceedings for an offence under the new provision is extended to 12 months after the offence occurs.

The Bill also enacts consequential savings and transitional provisions and makes consequential amendments to other Acts.

Outline of provisions

Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 sets out the object of the proposed Act.

Clause 4 defines certain words and expressions used in the proposed Act.

Clause 5 provides that notes in the proposed Act are explanatory only and do not form part of the Act.

Clause 6 provides that the proposed Act does not limit or otherwise affect the operation of the Mutual Recognition laws of the Commonwealth.

Part 2 Registration of dentists

Clause 7 prohibits a person from indicating that the person practises, or is qualified to practise, dentistry unless the person is registered under the proposed Act.

Clause 8 specifies the qualifications required for registration as a dentist.

Clause 9 defines competence to practise as a dentist for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 10 defines impairment as a dentist for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 11 specifies the circumstances in which a person is entitled to be registered as a dentist under the proposed Act.

Clause 12 provides for provisional registration as a dentist under the proposed Act for persons who are entitled to registration but whose applications for registration have not been dealt with by the Board, and for persons entitled to the qualification required for registration who have not yet had the qualification conferred on them.

Clause 13 provides for temporary registration as a dentist under the proposed Act in certain circumstances.

Clause 14 provides for limited registration as a dentist for persons who have qualifications in dentistry conferred outside the State, but who are not entitled to full registration as a dentist. A person with limited registration may practise dentistry only under the supervision of a registered dentist in an approved health institution, or in such part of the State or in such an approved health institution as the Minister may direct.

Clause 15 specifies the circumstances in which the Board may refuse to register a person as a dentist under the proposed Act.

Clause 16 specifies the effect of the removal of a person's name from the Dentists Register and the suspension of a person's registration as a dentist.

Clause 17 restricts the re-registration of deregistered dentists and certain other persons.

Clause 18 provides for an appeal to the Dental Tribunal where the Board has refused to grant registration as a dentist or cancelled registration as a dentist and in certain other cases.

Part 3 Registration of dental auxiliaries

Clause 19 provides that there are to be certain classes of dental auxiliary, being dental hygienists, dental therapists and such other classes as may be prescribed by the regulations.

Clause 20 prohibits a person from indicating that the person carries out dental auxiliary activities, or is qualified to carry out dental auxiliary activities, unless the person is registered as a dental auxiliary under the proposed Act of a class for which those activities are prescribed by the regulations as authorised activities.

Clause 21 specifies the qualifications required for registration as a dental auxiliary.

Clause 22 defines competence to carry out dental auxiliary activities for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 23 defines impairment as a dental auxiliary for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 24 specifies the circumstances in which a person is entitled to be registered as a dental auxiliary.

Clause 25 provides for provisional registration as a dental auxiliary under the proposed Act for persons who are entitled to registration but whose applications for registration have not been dealt with by the Board, and for persons entitled to the qualification required for registration who have not yet had the qualification conferred on them.

Clause 26 provides for temporary registration as a dental auxiliary under the proposed Act in certain circumstances.

Clause 27 specifies the circumstances in which the Board may refuse to register a person as a dental auxiliary under the proposed Act.

Clause 28 specifies the effect of the removal of a person's name from the Dental Auxiliaries Register and the suspension of a person's registration as a dental auxiliary.

Clause 29 restricts the re-registration of deregistered dental auxiliaries and certain other persons.

Clause 30 provides for an appeal to the Dental Tribunal where the Board has refused to grant registration as a dental auxiliary or cancelled registration as a dental auxiliary and in certain other cases.

Part 4 Practice of dentistry and dental auxiliary activities

Division 1 Conduct of practice

Clause 31 prohibits registered dentists from using any title, qualification or other description in relation to the dentist as a dentist or the practice of dentistry, other than those that the Board authorises the dentist to use.

Clause 32 prohibits registered dental auxiliaries from using the title "doctor" unless the dental auxiliary holds a recognised university qualification entitling the dental auxiliary to use that title. The clause also prohibits a dental auxiliary from using the title of a particular class of dental auxiliary unless the dental auxiliary is a registered dental auxiliary of that class.

Clause 33 prohibits a registered dental auxiliary from carrying out a dental auxiliary activity unless the dental auxiliary:

- (a) is registered in a class of dental auxiliary for which that dental auxiliary is authorised, and
- (b) carries out the activity subject to the practice oversight of a registered dentist.

Clause 34 allows registered dentists to practise dentistry as the director or employee of a corporation if the corporation is controlled by one or more registered dentists, and all the directors and shareholders of the corporation are registered dentists or family members of the registered dentists concerned. Such a corporation is known as an *incorporated practice*.

Clause 35 provides that the Board may establish codes of professional conduct for registered dentists or registered dental auxiliaries and provides for the use of, and procedure for the establishment of, those codes.

Division 2 Returns and information

Clause 36 provides that a registered *dental care provider* (defined as a dentist or dental auxiliary) must furnish annual returns to the Board containing specified information. The Board may require the return to be verified by statutory declaration.

Clause 37 provides that a registered dental care provider must notify the Board within 7 days if the dental care provider is convicted of an offence or made the subject of a sex/violence criminal finding for an offence or certain criminal proceedings are commenced against the dental care provider.

Clause 38 provides for the Courts to notify the Board, as soon as is practicable, of the conviction of a registered dental care provider of an offence or the making of a sex/violence criminal finding against a dental care provider.

Clause 39 requires notice to be given to the Registrar in accordance with the regulations when a registered dental care provider becomes a mentally incapacitated person.

Part 5 Complaints and disciplinary proceedings

Division 1 Interpretation

Clause 40 defines "professional misconduct" in relation to a registered dental care provider.

Clause 41 defines "unsatisfactory professional conduct" in relation to a registered dentist.

Clause 42 defines "unsatisfactory professional conduct" in relation to a registered dental auxiliary.

Clause 43 provides that for the purposes of Part 5, an act or omission of an incorporated practice is taken to be an act or omission by each director of the incorporated practice who is a registered dentist and who knowingly authorised or permitted the act or omission.

Division 2 Complaints

Clause 44 sets out the grounds for the making of complaints about registered dental care providers.

Clause 45 allows a complaint to be made even if the dental care provider has ceased to be registered.

Clause 46 provides that any person (including the Board) may make a complaint.

Clause 47 provides that complaints are to be made to the Board and lodged with the Registrar.

Clause 48 sets out the form in which a complaint is to be made.

Clause 49 provides that the Board is to notify the Health Care Complaints Commission of complaints under this Part of the proposed Act.

Clause 50 sets out the manner in which notice of the complaint is to be given to the dental care provider against whom the complaint is made and the circumstances where notice is not required to be given.

Clause 51 provides that the Board may make inquiries concerning the complaint as it sees fit.

Clause 52 requires the Board to consult with the Health Care Complaints Commission before dealing with a complaint or referring it to another body under this Part of the proposed Act.

Clause 53 sets out how complaints are to be dealt with.

Clause 54 provides that serious complaints should be referred to the Tribunal. In general, the Board must refer any complaint which may warrant the suspension or deregistration of a registered dental care provider to the Tribunal.

Clause 55 allows the Board to require a registered dental care provider to undergo a medical examination.

Clause 56 sets out the persons to whom the Board must give notice of any order made relating to a registered dental care provider.

Division 3 Referral of complaints to Dental Care Assessment Committee

Clause 57 provides for the kinds of complaints that can be referred to the Committee.

Clause 58 provides that the Committee is to investigate complaints referred to it and may encourage the settlement of the complaint by consent and authorises the Committee to obtain such dental, medical, legal, financial or other advice as it thinks necessary or desirable to enable it to carry out its functions.

Clause 59 provides that the Committee may require a registered dental care provider to undergo specified skills testing.

Clause 60 provides for the Committee to report and make recommendations to the Board.

Clause 61 provides that a complainant and dental care provider against whom the complaint is made are not entitled to be legally represented at any appearance before the Committee.

Division 4 Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board

Clause 62 provides that if the Board is to deal with a complaint at a meeting of the Board, that complaint is to be dealt with in accordance with this Division and Schedule 3 (Provisions relating to the procedure of the Board).

Clause 63 allows the procedure for the calling of a meeting to deal with a complaint and for the conduct of the meeting, subject to the proposed Act and the regulations made under it, to be determined by the Board.

Clause 64 sets out certain provisions relating to the conduct of the meeting.

Clause 65 deals with the making of submissions to the meeting of the Board by the dental care provider about whom the complaint has been made, the Committee and the Health Care Complaints Commission.

Clause 66 provides that the Board must, within 30 days of making its decision on a complaint, make available to the complainant, the dental care provider concerned and such other persons as it sees fit, a written statement of the decision.

Clause 67 provides that a finding of the Board under this Division of the proposed Act is admissible as evidence in any legal proceedings.

Division 5 Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal

Clause 68 allows the Board or the Tribunal to exercise any of the powers or combination of powers conferred under this Division of the proposed Act if it finds the subject-matter of a complaint proved or the dental care provider concerned admits to the complaint in writing to the Board or Tribunal.

Clause 69 sets out the general disciplinary powers of the Board.

Clause 70 provides for the making of a recommendation by the Board for the suspension or deregistration of a dental care provider on the grounds that the dental care provider does not have sufficient physical and mental capacity to practise dentistry (in the case of a dentist) or to carry out dental auxiliary activities (in the case of a dental auxiliary).

Clause 71 sets out the disciplinary powers of the Tribunal.

Division 6 Powers of the Board for the protection of the public

Clause 72 empowers the Board to suspend (for not more than 8 weeks), or impose conditions on the registration of, a registered dental care provider if it is satisfied that such action is necessary for the purpose of protecting the life, or the physical or mental health, of any person.

Clause 73 provides that the Board may at any time alter or remove conditions imposed under this Division of the proposed Act.

Clause 74 requires the Board to refer the matter to the Health Care Complaints Commission for investigation after taking any action under clause 72. The Commission is to investigate the matter and then refer it as a complaint to the Tribunal or to the Board to be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board.

Clause 75 sets out special provisions to be followed if the Board takes action against a registered dental care provider under clause 72 because the Board is of the opinion that the dental care provider suffers from an impairment.

Clause 76 requires the Board to notify the Chairperson of the Tribunal if the Board has suspended a registered dental care provider under clause 72.

Clause 77 provides that a period of suspension may be extended for a period or further period of not more than 8 weeks but only if the extension has been approved in writing by the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson of the Tribunal and the complaint about the dental care provider has not been disposed of.

Clause 78 deals with the rights and privileges of persons on the expiration of their period of suspension as a registered dental care provider.

Clause 79 deals with conditions imposed on a registered dental care provider under clause 72 where the matter is dealt with as a complaint against the dental care provider.

Clause 80 deals with conditions imposed on a registered dental care provider under clause 72 where the matter is referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.

Part 6 Impairment

Clause 81 provides for matters to be referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.

Clause 82 allows a person to notify the Board of any matter that the person thinks indicates that a registered dental care provider or a *dental student* (defined as including a dentistry student or a dental auxiliary student) suffers from or may suffer from an impairment.

Clause 83 allows the Health Care Complaints Commission to refer to the Board any matter that indicates that a registered dental care provider or dental student suffers from or may suffer from an impairment.

Clause 84 provides that an Impaired Registrants Panel is to inquire into any matter referred to it. The Panel may request that the registered dental care provider or dental student concerned attend before the Panel for the purpose of enabling it to obtain information on the matter and make an assessment.

Clause 85 provides that an Impaired Registrants Panel is not to investigate or take any other action if it is aware that the matter is the subject of an investigation by the Health Care Complaints Commission.

Clause 86 requires the Board to notify the registered dental care provider or dental student of any proposed inquiry by an Impaired Registrants Panel.

Clause 87 allows a registered dental care provider or dental student who is the subject of a matter referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel to make oral or written representations to the Panel.

Clause 88 allows the Board to require a dental student to undergo a medical examination. (Clause 55 provides for medical examinations of registered dental care providers.)

Clause 89 provides that an Impaired Registrants Panel is to make an assessment in respect of each referral to it based on its inquiry and may counsel the dental care provider or dental student concerned or require that he or she undertake counselling, recommend that the dental care provider or dental student consent to conditions being placed on his or her registration or to his or her suspension for a specified period or make other recommendations to the Board.

Clause 90 allows the Board to place conditions on the registration of a registered dental care provider or suspend the registered dental care provider if an Impaired Registrants Panel has recommended it and the Board is satisfied that the dental care provider has voluntarily consented to that recommendation.

Clause 91 deals with the review of conditions placed on the registration of a registered dental care provider or the suspension of the registered dental care provider where the dental care provider had voluntarily consented to the conditions or suspension.

Clause 92 provides that certain matters referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel are to be dealt with as complaints against the dental care provider concerned.

Clause 93 provides that the Board may, on the recommendation of an Impaired Registrants Panel, prohibit a dental student undertaking clinical studies or a clinical placement, or impose conditions on a dental student undertaking such studies or such a placement.

Clause 94 provides that a dental student may appeal to the Tribunal against a decision of the Board under clause 93.

Clause 95 deals with the confidentiality of reports by an Impaired Registrants Panel to the Board.

Part 7 Appeals and review of disciplinary action

Division 1 Appeals against actions of the Board

Clause 96 deals with appeals to the Tribunal against any finding of the Board or any exercise of any power of the Board under Division 5 (Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal) of Part 5 of the proposed Act.

Clause 97 deals with appeals to the Tribunal relating to suspensions of, or impositions of conditions on, the registration of dental care providers.

Clause 98 allows an appeal with respect to a point of law to be made to the Chairperson of the Tribunal, or a Deputy Chairperson nominated by the Chairperson, when a complaint is dealt with at a meeting of the Board.

Division 2 Appeals against actions of Tribunal

Clause 99 allows a preliminary appeal (during an inquiry on a complaint by the Tribunal or before the commencement of the inquiry but after the complaint has been referred to the Tribunal) with respect to a point of law to be made to the Supreme Court by the dental care provider concerned or the complainant, but only with the leave of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson.

Clause 100 deals with appeals to the Supreme Court by the dental care provider about whom a complaint has been referred to the Tribunal or the complainant regarding a decision of the Tribunal as to a point of law or the exercise of any power of the Tribunal under Division 5 of Part 5 of the proposed Act (Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal).

Clause 101 sets out the powers of the Supreme Court in determining an appeal.

Division 3 Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions

Clause 102 deals with the right of a person to apply for a review of an order of the Board, the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court that the registration of the person be suspended, that the person's name be removed from the Register or not be re-registered, or that conditions be placed on the person's registration.

Clause 103 provides that the *appropriate review body* to deal with an application for review is the Tribunal except where the order being reviewed provides that it may be reviewed by the Board, in which case the Board is the appropriate review body.

Clause 104 deals with the powers of the appropriate review body on undertaking a review.

Clause 105 deals with the nature of the review.

Part 8 Dental Board

Clause 106 constitutes the Dental Board.

Clause 107 specifies the functions of the Board.

Clause 108 provides for the membership of the Board.

Clause 109 provides for the appointment of a Registrar and other staff necessary to enable the Board to exercise its functions.

Clause 110 enables the Board to establish committees to assist it to exercise its functions.

Clause 111 provides for the delegation of the Board's and the Registrar's functions.

Clause 112 gives effect to Schedules 2 and 3 which contain further provisions relating to the membership and procedure of the Board.

Part 9 Dental Care Assessment Committee

Clause 113 constitutes the Dental Care Assessment Committee.

Clause 114 specifies the functions of the Committee.

Clause 115 provides for the membership of the Committee.

Clause 116 gives effect to Schedule 4 which contains further provisions relating to the membership and procedure of the Committee.

Part 10 Impaired Registrants Panels

Clause 117 provides for the establishment of Impaired Registrants Panels for the purposes of the proposed Act. The Panels are to have, and may exercise, such jurisdiction and functions as are conferred or imposed on them by or under the proposed Act or any other Act.

Clause 118 requires the Board, when it decides to refer a matter to an Impaired Registrants Panel, to appoint 2 persons to sit as the Panel. If the matter relates to a dental auxiliary, the Board is to appoint an additional person, who is to be a registered dental auxiliary.

Clause 119 provides that only decisions supported unanimously by both members of an Impaired Registrants Panel are to be considered decisions of the Panel. Disagreements between members of a Panel are to be reported to the Board.

Part 11 Dental Tribunal

Division 1 Constitution of the Tribunal

Clause 120 provides for the establishment of the Dental Tribunal. The Tribunal is to be constituted in accordance with the proposed Act to deal with a matter referred to it or an appeal or application made to it under the proposed Act.

Clause 121 provides for experienced legal practitioners to be appointed as the Chairperson and Deputy Chairpersons of the Tribunal.

Clause 122 deals with the appointment of persons to sit on the Tribunal when a complaint or other matter is referred to the Tribunal, the Health Care Complaints Commission decides to prosecute a complaint before the Tribunal under the *Health Care Complaints Act 1993* or an appeal or application under the proposed Act to the Tribunal is lodged with the Registrar.

Clause 123 provides that the Tribunal may continue and come to a determination despite a vacancy in its membership which occurs when a matter is part-heard. This provision does not apply if it is the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson who vacates office, or more than one vacancy occurs.

Clause 124 deals with payment of non-legal Tribunal members.

Clause 125 provides for a seal of the Tribunal of which courts and persons acting judicially are to take notice.

Division 2 Proceedings of the Tribunal

Clause 126 provides that the decision of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson on any question of law or procedure arising during an inquiry or appeal at which that person presides is the decision of the Tribunal for the purposes of the inquiry or appeal. All other decisions must be supported by at least 3 members of the Tribunal. In cases where 2 members support and 2 oppose a decision, the decision of the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson presiding prevails.

Clause 127 deals with the time at which orders of the Tribunal take effect.

Clause 128 provides that a power of the Tribunal exercised under the proposed Act by the Supreme Court (except for the purposes of any appeal) is taken to have been exercised by the Tribunal.

Clause 129 requires the Tribunal to inform the Registrar of the exercise of any power under Part 5 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings) of the proposed Act.

Division 3 Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal

Clause 130 deals with the jurisdiction of the Tribunal to conduct an inquiry into any complaint, matter or application and to hear any appeal referred to it.

Clause 131 provides for the fixing of the time and place for the conduct of an inquiry or the hearing of an appeal and the notice that must be given of that time and place.

Clause 132 deals with the conduct of proceedings before the Tribunal.

Clause 133 enables a complainant or a registered dental care provider about whom a complaint is made to be represented by a legal practitioner or another adviser in proceedings before the Tribunal.

Clause 134 prohibits the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson from sitting on an inquiry or appeal concerning a matter on which he or she has already made a decision.

Clause 135 provides for adjournments and interlocutory orders.

Clause 136 requires the Tribunal to provide a written statement of its decision on an inquiry or appeal to the complainant, the dental care provider concerned and the Board. The statement must set out any findings on material questions of fact, refer to any evidence or other material on which findings were based and give the reasons for the decision.

Clause 137 provides that the Tribunal is not required to include confidential information in its statement of a decision. If the statement would be false or misleading without the confidential information the Tribunal is not required to provide the statement. However, a confidential information notice must then be provided indicating that confidential information is not given or the statement will not be provided.

Part 12 Miscellaneous

Clause 138 requires dentistry students and dental auxiliary students to register with the Board.

Clause 139 specifies the circumstances in which the Board may approve the employment of a dentist by a person who is not a dentist. Clause 41 prohibits a dentist being employed by a non-dentist except in particular circumstances.

Clause 140 provides an exemption from the restrictions specified in clauses 7 and 20 for dental technicians and dental prosthetists.

Clause 141 allows a dentist to practise dentistry as or for the legal personal representative of a deceased dentist for a period of 12 months, or such further period as the Board may allow.

Clause 142 provides for the civil liability of directors of incorporated practices.

Clause 143 deals with the application of the *Criminal Records Act 1991*.

Clause 144 provides for the service of notices.

Clause 145 provides for the service of documents on the Board.

Clause 146 requires the Board, the President or an authorised member of the Board to provide on request a written statement of the reasons for a decision.

Clause 147 requires the Board to notify various health professional registration authorities of the taking of disciplinary action against a dental care provider.

Clause 148 makes it an offence to make a false entry in the Dentists Register or the Dental Auxiliaries Register (or, by fraud, to procure such an entry) or to make a false statement to obtain registration. The offence carries a maximum penalty of 50 penalty units (\$5,500) or 12 months imprisonment, or both.

Clause 149 provides for certain documents under the hand of the Registrar and entries in the Register to be evidence in proceedings.

Clause 150 provides for the authentication of official documents of the Board by signature instead of seal.

Clause 151 provides for the disbursement of money received by the Board and empowers the Board to waive the payment of fees.

Clause 152 requires the Board to establish a Dental Education and Research Account (for dental education and research). The clause provides for money to be paid into the Account and specifies the purposes for which that money may be expended.

Clause 153 provides for the appointment and powers of inspectors.

Clause 154 enables an inspector to obtain a search warrant.

Clause 155 provides that certain persons given functions under the proposed Act do not incur personal liability for things done in good faith in carrying out those functions.

Clause 156 provides that if a corporation contravenes any provision of the proposed Act or the regulations, each director or other person concerned in the management of the corporation is also taken to have contravened the provision.

Clause 157 provides that proceedings for offences against the proposed Act and regulations are to be dealt with summarily before a Local Court constituted by a Magistrate sitting alone. Such proceedings are to be instituted within 12 months of the act or omission alleged to constitute the offence.

Clause 158 provides for the making of regulations under the proposed Act.

Clause 159 is a formal provision giving effect to Schedule 6 to amend certain other Acts and a Regulation set out in that Schedule.

Clause 160 repeals the *Dentists Act 1989*.

Clause 161 is a formal provision giving effect to Schedule 7 (Savings and transitional provisions).

Schedules

Schedule 1 contains provisions relating to the making of applications for registration, procedures for dealing with applications, inquiries concerning entitlement to and eligibility for registration, the keeping and alteration of the Dentists Register and Dental Auxiliaries Register, annual registration fees and removal from and alteration of the Registers.

Schedule 2 contains provisions relating to the members of the Board.

Schedule 3 contains provisions relating to the procedure of the Board.

Schedule 4 contains provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Committee.

Schedule 5 contains provisions relating to proceedings before the Tribunal.

Schedule 6 makes consequential amendments to various Acts and a Regulation.

Schedule 7 contains savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.



		Page
Part 1	Preliminary	
	 Name of Act Commencement Object of Act Definitions Notes Mutual Recognition laws 	2 2 2 2 4 4
Part 2	Registration of dentists	
	7 Registration necessary for certain representations 8 Qualifications for registration 9 Competence 10 Impairment as a dentist 11 Full registration 12 Provisional registration 13 Temporary registration 14 Limited registration 15 Power to refuse or impose conditions on full registration 16 Cancellation and suspension of registration	5 5 6 6 7 8 9 10

		Page
	17 Restrictions on registration of deregistered persons18 Appeals concerning registration	11 11
Part 3	Registration of dental auxiliaries	
	Classes of dental auxiliary Registration necessary for certain representations Qualifications for registration Competence Impairment Full registration Provisional registration Temporary registration Power to refuse or impose conditions on full registratic Cancellation and suspension of registration Restrictions on registration of deregistered persons Appeals concerning registration	13 14 15 15 15 16 on 17 18 18
Part 4	Practice of dentistry and dental auxiliary activiti	
	Division 1 Conduct of practice	
	 31 Use of titles by dentists 32 Use of titles by dental auxiliaries 33 Restrictions on dental auxiliaries 34 Incorporated practices 35 Codes of professional conduct 	21 21 22 22 23
	Division 2 Returns and information	
	 Annual return to be submitted Notification of convictions, criminal findings and charg Courts to provide information on convictions Referral of mental health matters to Registrar 	24 es 26 26 27
Part 5	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	
	Division 1 Interpretation	
	 40 Meaning of "professional misconduct" 41 Meaning of "unsatisfactory professional conduct"—de 42 Meaning of "unsatisfactory professional conduct"—de 	ntal
	auxiliaries 43 Application of Part to incorporated practices	29 30

		Page
Divis	ion 2 Complaints	
44	Grounds for complaints	30
45	Complaint can be made even if person no longer	
	registered	31
46	Who can make a complaint	31
47	•	31
48	Form of complaint	32
49	Board to notify Commission of complaints	32
50	Board to notify person against whom complaint is made	
51	Investigation of complaint by Board	33
52	Role of the Commission	33
53	How complaints are dealt with	33 34
54 55	•	35
56	Notification of orders to employer and others	36
50	Notification of orders to employer and others	30
Divis	ion 3 Referral of complaints to Dental Care Assessment Committee	
	Assessment Committee	
57	Kinds of complaints that can be referred to Committee	37
58	How complaints are dealt with	37
59	Skills testing of dental care provider	38
60	Recommendations of the Committee	39
61	No legal representation for parties appearing before the	
	Committee	39
Divis	ion 4 Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a	
	meeting of the Board	
62	Procedures for dealing with complaint at meeting	40
63	General procedure	40
64	Conduct of meeting	40
65	Making submissions to inquiry	40
66	Decision of the Board	41
67	Admissibility of Board's findings	42

			Page
	Divis	sion 5 Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal	
	68	Powers may be exercised if complaint proved or admitted	43
	69	General powers of the Board	43
	70		
		cancellation of registration	44
	71	Powers of the Tribunal	44
	Divis	sion 6 Powers of the Board for the protection of the public	
	72	Suspension or conditions to protect the public	45
	73	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	46
	_	Referral of matter to Commission	46
		Special provisions—impairment	46
		Tribunal to be notified of suspensions	47
	77		48
	78		48
	79	· '	48
	80	Duration of conditions—impairment matters	48
Part 6	Imp	airment	
	81	Referral of impairment matters concerning dental care	
	٠.	providers or students	50
	82	Persons may notify Board of impairment matters	
	-	concerning dental care providers or students	50
	83	·	50
	84		50
	85		51
	86		51
	87	Dental care provider or student entitled to make	
		representations	51
	88	Board may require student to undergo medical	
		examination	51
	89	Assessment, report and recommendations by Panel	52
	90	Voluntary suspension or conditions on registration	52
	91	Review of conditions	53
	92	Some matters to be dealt with as complaints	53
	93	Prohibition or conditions on student	54
	94	Appeal by student against order	54
	95	Confidentiality of Panel's report	55

				Page
Part 7	App	eals a	nd review of disciplinary action	
	Divis	ion 1	Appeals against actions of the Board	
	96 97		ls against actions of the Board on a complaint I against suspension or imposition of conditions by	56
	98		impairment matters I on point of law	57 58
	Divis	ion 2	Appeals against actions of Tribunal	
	99 100 101	Appea	nary appeal on point of law I against Tribunal's decisions and actions s of Court on appeal	58 59 59
	Divis	ion 3	Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions	
	103 104	Approp Powers	of review oriate review body s on review of review	59 60 60 61
Part 8	Den	tal Boa	ard	
	107 108 109	Function Member Staff Comm Delega	cution of the Board ons of the Board ership of the Board ittees ation of functions provisions relating to the Board	62 62 63 63 64 64
Part 9	Den	tal Car	re Assessment Committee	
	113 114 115 116	Function Member	cution of the Dental Care Assessment Committee ons of the Committee ership of the Committee orovisions relating to the Committee	65 65 65 65
Part 10	Impa	aired F	Registrants Panels	
	117 118 119	Board	ed Registrants Panels to constitute Panel when required ons of a Panel	66 66 66

			Page
Part 11	Dental Tribu	ınal	
	Division 1	Constitution of the Tribunal	
	122 Tribunal 123 Effect of	son and Deputy Chairpersons of the Tribunal to be constituted to deal with complaints etc vacancy on Tribunal t of non-legal Tribunal members	67 68 69 69
	Division 2	Proceedings of the Tribunal	
	127 Time wh 128 Powers	s of the Tribunal en orders take effect of Tribunal exercised by Supreme Court r to be informed of disciplinary action	69 70 70 70
	Division 3	Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal	
	 132 Conduct 133 Represe 134 Chairper decisions 135 Adjournr 136 Tribunal 	f time and place of inquiry or appeal of proceedings ntation before the Tribunal son or Deputy Chairperson not to review own	70 70 71 71 71 71 72 72
Part 12	Miscellaneo	us	
	139 Approva 140 Exemption	registration I for employment of dentists by non-dentists on from restrictions on representations for dental	74 74
	141 Carrying 142 Civil liab 143 Applicati 144 How not 145 Service of 146 Written s	ans and dental prosthetists on practice of deceased dentist ility of directors of incorporated practices on of Criminal Records Act ice is to be given of documents on Board statement of decisions f disciplinary action to other Boards	74 75 75 76 76 76 76 78

		Page
148	False or misleading entries and statements	79
149	Evidentiary certificates and evidence of entry in Registers	79
150	Authentication of certain documents	80
151	Fees	80
152	Dental Education and Research Account	80
153	Appointment and powers of inspectors	81
154	Search warrants	83
155	Liability of officers and members	83
156	Offences by corporations	84
157	3	84
158	Regulations	84
159	Amendments	86
160	Repeals	86
161	Savings and transitional provisions	86
Schedules		
1	Registration procedures	87
2	Provisions relating to the members of the Board	97
3	Provisions relating to the procedure of the Board	103
4 5	Provisions relating to the Committee Proceedings before the Tribunal	105 108
6	Amendments	114
7	Savings and transitional provisions	119



No , 2001

A Bill for

An Act to provide for the registration of dentists and dental auxiliaries; to repeal the *Dentists Act 1989*; and for other purposes.

Clause 1 Dental Pra	actice Bill 2001

Part 1 Preliminary

Гhe I	Legislature	of New South Wales enacts:	1
Part	1 Preli	minary	2
1	Name of	Act	3
	This	Act is the Dental Practice Act 2001.	4
2	Commen	cement	5
		Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by lamation.	6 7
3	Object of	Act	8
		object of this Act is to protect the health and safety of members of bublic by providing mechanisms to ensure that:	9 10
	(a)	dentists are fit to practise dentistry, and	11
	(b)	dental auxiliaries are fit to carry out dental auxiliary activities, and	12 13
	(c)	dental students are fit to undertake dental studies and clinical placements.	14 15
4	Definition	าร	16
	In th	is Act:	17
	for tl	tralian Dental Council means the body incorporated in Victoria he purpose of advising on standards for the registration of dentists, ed the Australian Dental Council.	18 19 20
	Boa	rd means the Dental Board constituted under this Act.	21
	Cha	irperson means the Chairperson of the Tribunal.	22
		<i>mission</i> means the Health Care Complaints Commission stituted under the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	23 24
		amittee means the Dental Care Assessment Committee constituted er this Act.	25 26
		petence to carry out dental auxiliary activities has the meaning n by section 22.	27 28
	com	petence to practise dentistry has the meaning given by section 9.	29

Preliminary Part 1

<i>complaint</i> means a complaint against a dental care provider under Part 5 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).	1 2
conduct means any act or omission.	3
<i>criminal finding</i> means a finding by a court that a person is guilty of an offence without proceeding to conviction.	4 5
Note. Section 143 makes special provision with respect to the application for the purposes of this Act of the <i>Criminal Records Act 1991</i> in respect of criminal findings.	6 7 8
Dental Auxiliaries Register means the Register of Dental Auxiliaries kept by the Board under this Act.	9 10
<i>dental auxiliary activity</i> means an activity prescribed under section 19 as an authorised activity for a class of dental auxiliary.	11 12
<i>dental auxiliary student</i> means a student enrolled in a course of study recognised by the Board for the purposes of section 21 (Qualifications for registration).	13 14 15
dental care provider means a dentist or a dental auxiliary.	16
dental student means a dentistry student or a dental auxiliary student.	17
dentistry student means a student enrolled in a course of dental study at a Dental School in Australia accredited by the Australian Dental Council, being a course of study recognised by the Board for the purposes of section 8 (Qualifications for registration).	18 19 20 21
<i>Dentists Register</i> means the Register of Dentists kept by the Board under this Act.	22 23
Deputy Chairperson means a Deputy Chairperson of the Tribunal.	24
<i>Director-General</i> means the Director-General of the Department of Health.	25 26
exercise a function includes perform a duty.	27
function includes a power, authority or duty.	28
<i>health registration Act</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> .	29 30
Impaired Registrants Panel means an Impaired Registrants Panel constituted under this Act.	31 32
<i>impairment as a dental auxiliary</i> has the meaning given by section 23.	33 34
<i>impairment as a dentist</i> has the meaning given by section 10.	35

Clause 4

Clause 4 Dental Practice Bill 2001

Part 1 Preliminary

	<i>incorporated practice</i> means a corporation that complies with section 34.	1 2
	Mutual Recognition laws means the Mutual Recognition Act 1992 of	3
	the Commonwealth and the Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition	4
	Act 1997 of the Commonwealth.	5
	<i>professional misconduct</i> is defined in Part 5 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).	6 7
	<i>public health organisation</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Health Services Act 1997</i> .	9
	registered means registered under this Act.	10
	Registrar means the Registrar of the Board.	11
	registration authority has the same meaning as in the Health Care	12
	Complaints Act 1993.	13
	restricted dental practice has the same meaning as in section 10AF of	14
	the Public Health Act 1991.	15
	<i>sex/violence criminal finding</i> means a criminal finding for a sex/violence offence.	1 <i>6</i> 17
	sex/violence offence means an offence involving sexual activity, acts	18
	of indecency, child pornography, physical violence or the threat of physical violence.	19 20
	Tribunal means the Dental Tribunal constituted under this Act.	21
	<i>unsatisfactory professional conduct</i> is defined in Part 5 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).	22 23
5	Notes	24
	Notes included in this Act are explanatory notes and do not form part	25
	of this Act.	26
6	Mutual Recognition laws	27
	This Act does not limit or otherwise affect the operation of the Mutual	28
	Recognition laws.	29

Part 2 Registration of dentists

7	Rec	iistrati	on necessary for certain representations	2
-	(1)		rson who is not a registered dentist must not indicate that the	3
	()		n practises dentistry or is qualified to practise dentistry.	4
		Maxi	mum penalty: 50 penalty units.	5
	(2)		out limiting the ways in which a person may be taken to have	6
			ated that the person is qualified to practise dentistry or that the	7
		-	n practises dentistry, a person is taken to have so indicated if the	8
		-	n uses:	9
		(a)	any name, initials, word, title, symbol or description that	10
			(having regard to the circumstances in which it is used) indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is	11 12
			calculated to lead a person to infer, that the person is qualified	12
			to practise dentistry or that the person practises dentistry, or	14
		(b)	the titles "dentist", "dental surgeon" or any other name, title or	15
		(-)	description prescribed by the regulations.	16
		restric	Section 10AF of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> prohibits the carrying out of ted dental practices by persons who are not registered dentists, medical ioners or certain other persons in specified circumstances (including dental ries).	17 18 19 20
8	Qua	alificati	ions for registration	21
	(1)		rson has the necessary qualifications for registration as a dentist person:	22 23
		(a)	has such qualifications as may be prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this paragraph, or	24 25
		(b)	has successfully completed a course of study that is recognised	26
			by the Board as meeting criteria prescribed by the regulations	27
			for the purposes of this paragraph, or	28
		(c)	has such qualifications as may be approved by the Board on the	29
			recommendation of an accreditation body recognised by the	30
			Board for the purposes of this section, or	31
		(d)	has passed an examination arranged or approved by the Board	32
			to assess the person's competence to practise dentistry.	33

Clause 8	Dental Practice Bill 2001
CJALISE X	Dental Practice Bill 2001

Part 2	Registration of dentists
raitZ	registration of dentists

	(2)	An educational or training institution may apply to the Board for the recognition by the Board (under subsection (1) (b)) of a course of study offered by the institution. The institution may make application to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of the decision of the Board on the application.	1 2 3 4 5		
	(3)	In determining for the purposes of subsection (1) (b) whether a particular course of study meets the criteria prescribed by the regulations, the Board may have regard to and rely on any findings made on an assessment prepared for the Board in respect of the course of study.	6 7 8 9 10		
	(4)	In this section:	11		
		<i>qualification</i> means a degree, diploma, certificate or other academic award conferred or awarded for the successful completion of a course of training in dentistry.	12 13 14		
9	Con	npetence	15		
		For the purposes of this Act, a person is competent to practise dentistry only if the person has sufficient physical capacity, mental capacity and skill to practise dentistry and has sufficient communication skills for the practice of dentistry, including an adequate command of the English language.	16 17 18 19 20		
10	lmp	airment as a dentist	21		
	(1)	For the purposes of this Act, a person suffers from an impairment as a dentist if the person suffers from any physical or mental impairment, disability, condition or disorder that detrimentally affects or is likely to detrimentally affect the person's physical or mental capacity to practise dentistry.	22 23 24 25 26		
	(2)	For the purposes of this Act, a person who habitually abuses alcohol or is addicted to a deleterious drug is taken to suffer from an impairment as a dentist.	27 28 29		
11	Full registration				
	(1)	A person is entitled to registration as a dentist if the Board is satisfied that the person has the necessary qualifications for registration as a dentist and is of good character.	31 32 33		
	(2)	Registration under this section is <i>full registration</i> as a dentist.	34		

	(3)	An entitlement to full registration does not prevent conditions being imposed on that registration in accordance with this Act.	1 2
	(4)	Schedule 1 (Registration procedures) has effect with respect to full registration.	3 4
		Note. Under section 20 of the <i>Mutual Recognition Act 1992</i> of the Commonwealth a person is entitled to be registered as a dentist if the person is registered in another State or a Territory for an equivalent occupation (if that State or Territory participates in the mutual recognition scheme). The entitlement arises once the person lodges a notice under section 19 of that Act and, until registered under this Act, the person is then deemed (by section 25 of that Act) to be registered. See also the <i>Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997</i> of the Commonwealth.	5 6 7 8 9 10
12	Pro	visional registration	12
	(1)	Registration as a dentist may be granted:	13
		(a) to a person entitled to full registration as a dentist, pending the Board's determination of the person's application for full registration, or	14 15 16
		(b) to a person who will be entitled to full registration as a dentist when a degree, diploma, certificate or other academic award to which the person is entitled is granted or conferred, pending its grant or conferral.	17 18 19 20
	(2)	Registration under this section is <i>provisional registration</i> as a dentist.	21
	(3)	Provisional registration is granted by the Board or the President. In the President's absence it can be granted by any member of the Board authorised by the Board to do so. Provisional registration is granted by the grant of a certificate of provisional registration.	
	(4)	A person granted provisional registration is a registered dentist until the registration expires or is cancelled. Provisional registration expires on the date stated in the certificate or such later date as may be fixed by the Board.	26 27 28 29
	(5)	The Board may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on a person's provisional registration and may at any time remove, add to or vary those conditions by notice in writing to the registered person.	30 31 32
	(6)	The Board may cancel a person's provisional registration for any reason that the Board considers proper. Cancellation does not affect any application for registration by the person.	33 34 35

	(7)	If a person granted provisional registration is granted full registration before the person's provisional registration expires, the person's full registration dates from the granting of provisional registration, unless the Board decides otherwise.	1 2 3 4
13	Ten	nporary registration	5
	(1)	Registration for a limited period as a dentist may be granted to a person who is not normally resident in New South Wales, for the purpose of enabling the person to carry out educational or research activities or such other activities as the Board considers to be in the public interest.	6 7 8 9 10
	(2)	Registration under this section is <i>temporary registration</i> as a dentist.	11
	(3)	Temporary registration as a dentist can only be granted to a person:	12
		(a) who is registered as a dentist in accordance with a law in force in the person's normal place of residence providing for the registration or certification of dentists, or	13 14 15
		(b) who holds such qualifications or has such experience in the practice of dentistry as the Board considers satisfactory for the purposes of temporary registration.	16 17 18
	(4)	Temporary registration is granted by the Board by the grant of a certificate of temporary registration.	19 20
	(5)	A person granted temporary registration is a registered dentist until the temporary registration expires or is cancelled. Temporary registration expires on the date stated in the certificate unless the period of temporary registration is extended.	21 22 23 24
	(6)	The Board may extend and further extend a period of temporary registration by the issue of a further certificate of temporary registration.	25 26 27
	(7)	The Board may cancel a person's temporary registration for any reason that the Board considers proper. Cancellation does not affect any application for full registration by the person.	28 29 30
	(8)	The Board may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on the temporary registration of a person and may at any time remove, add to or vary those conditions by notice in writing to the registered person.	31 32 33

14	Limited registration			
	(1)	The Board may, with the concurrence of the Minister, grant registration as a dentist to a person who is not entitled to full registration as a dentist if the Board is satisfied that the person:		
		(a)	is of good character, and	5
		(b)	has a qualification conferred or awarded for a course of training in dentistry of 4 years or more duration conducted by an educational institution in another jurisdiction outside the State, (either in Australia or elsewhere), and	6 7 8 9
		(c)	is or was entitled to be registered or to practise dentistry in that jurisdiction.	10 11
	(2)	Regis	tration under this section is <i>limited registration</i> as a dentist.	12
, ,		-	A person who has limited registration as a dentist may practise dentistry only:	
		(a)	under the supervision of a registered dentist employed in an approved health institution, or	15 16
		(b)	in such part of the State or in the service of such an approved health institution as the Minister may direct.	17 18
	(4)	regist	ed registration is granted by the grant of a certificate of limited ration. Limited registration is granted for the period, not eding 12 months, specified in the certificate.	19 20 21
	(5)	limite	rson granted limited registration is a registered dentist until the ed registration expires or is cancelled. Limited registration expires e date specified in the certificate.	22 23 24
	(6)	time t	tificate of limited registration may be renewed by the Board from to time for a period not exceeding 12 months on the application experson granted limited registration.	25 26 27
	(7)	limite	Board may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on a person's ed registration and may at any time remove, add to or vary those tions by notice in writing to the registered person.	28 29 30
	(8)	that t	Board may cancel a person's limited registration for any reason the Board considers proper. Cancellation does not affect any cation for full registration by the person.	31 32 33

	(9)	In this	s section:	1
		appro	eved health institution means:	2
		(a)	a public health organisation, or	3
		(b)	any other body or organisation, including a government department, approved by the Minister for the purposes of this section.	4 5 6
		awarc	fication means a degree, diploma, certificate or other academic d conferred or awarded for the successful completion of a course ining in dentistry.	7 8 9
15	Pov	ver to i	refuse or impose conditions on full registration	10
	(1)		Board may refuse to register a person who would otherwise be ed to full registration as a dentist if:	11 12
		(a)	the Board is of the opinion, following an inquiry under Schedule 1, that the person is not competent to practise dentistry or suffers from an impairment, or	13 14 15
		(b)	the person has been convicted of or made the subject of a criminal finding for an offence, either in or outside the State, and the Board is of the opinion that the circumstances of the offence are such as to render the person unfit in the public interest to practise dentistry, or	16 17 18 19 20
		(c)	the person's registration under a health registration Act has been cancelled or suspended because of conduct that would (if the person were a registered dentist) authorise cancellation or suspension of the person's registration under this Act, or	21 22 23 24
		(d)	the person's registration or certification under a dentists registration law has been cancelled or suspended because of conduct that would (if it occurred in New South Wales and the person were a registered dentist) authorise cancellation or suspension of the person's registration under this Act.	25 26 27 28 29
	(2)	the Board	alternative to refusing to register a person under subsection (1), oard may grant the person registration subject to conditions if the d considers that refusal of registration is not warranted and that erson should be granted registration subject to appropriate tions.	30 31 32 33 34

Dental	Practice	Rill	2001

(b)

a dentist,

Clause 15

Regist	ration (of denti	ists Part 2		
	(3)	aspe	ditions of registration may relate to the duration of registration, the cts of the practice in which the person may be engaged, and any r matters, as the Board thinks appropriate.	1 2 3	
		regist	The Mutual Recognition laws also provide for the imposition of conditions on tration. Conditions can also be imposed on a person's registration as a result ciplinary proceedings to which the person has been subject.	4 5 6	
	(4)	In th	is section:	7	
			ists registration law means any law of a place outside the State provides for the registration or certification of dentists.	8	
16	Car	cellat	tion and suspension of registration	10	
	(1)	remo	erson ceases to be registered as a dentist if the person's name is oved from the Dentists Register. A reference in this Act to the ellation of a dentist's registration is a reference to the removal of lentist's name from the Dentists Register.	11 12 13 14	
	(2)	a reg	erson whose registration as a dentist is suspended is taken not to be distered dentist during the period of the suspension, except for the coses of Part 5 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings).	15 16 17	
17	Res	Restrictions on registration of deregistered persons			
	(1)		erson cannot apply for registration as a dentist (and any such ication must be rejected) if:	19 20	
		(a)	the person's registration is cancelled pursuant to an order of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court, or	21 22 23	
		(b)	the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court orders that the person not be re-registered.	24 25	
	(2)	unde	only way such a person can again be registered is on a review er Division 3 of Part 7 of the order by which the person's stration was cancelled.	26 27 28	
18	App	Appeals concerning registration			
	(1)		erson who is aggrieved by any of the following decisions of the rd may appeal to the Tribunal against the decision:	30 31	
		(a)	the Board's refusal to grant the person full registration as a	32	

the Board's refusal to grant the person temporary registration as

32 33

34

35

	(c)	the Board's refusal to grant the person limited registration as a dentist,	1 2	
	(d)	the Board's decision to refuse to register the person under section 15 or to grant the person registration subject to conditions under that section,	3 4 5	
	(e)	the Board's cancellation of the person's provisional registration as a dentist, temporary registration as a dentist or limited registration as a dentist,	6 7 8	
	(f)	the Board's refusal to register the person under clause 28 (Entitlement to re-registration if fee paid) of Schedule 1.	9 10	
(2)	An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chairperson may allow in a particular case) after notice of the decision is given to the person. The appeal is to be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the Tribunal.			
(3)	If the decision in respect of which an appeal is made was made as a consequence of an inquiry held by the Board, the appeal is to be dealt with by way of rehearing and fresh evidence or evidence in addition to or in substitution for the evidence received at the inquiry may be given.			
(4)	An appeal does not affect any determination with respect to which it is made until the appeal is determined.			
(5)	When it determines an appeal, the Tribunal may dismiss the appeal or order that the decision of the Board be revoked and replaced by a different decision made by the Tribunal and specified in the order. The Tribunal may also make such ancillary orders as it thinks proper.			
(6)	The Tribunal's decision is taken to be a decision of the Board (but this does not confer a right of appeal under this section in respect of the Tribunal's decision).			
(7)		peal lies under this Act against a decision of the Board under the al Recognition laws in relation to its functions under that Act.	28 29	
	Admini Admini authori function	The Mutual Recognition laws provide that a person may, subject to the istrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975 of the Commonwealth, apply to the strative Appeals Tribunal for a review of a decision of a local registration ity in relation to its functions under the Mutual Recognition laws. Those in sinclude registration, the imposition or waiver of conditions on registration is postponement, refusal or reinstatement of registration.	30 31 32 33 34 35	

Part 3	Registration	of dental	auxiliaries
ганы	NEGISU audii	UI UEIIIAI	auxillalics

19	Cla	sses o	f dental auxiliary	2
	(1)	There	are to be the following classes of dental auxiliary:	3
		(a)	dental hygienists,	4
		(b)	dental therapists,	5
		(c)	such other classes as may be prescribed by the regulations.	6
	(2)	A ref	ference in this Act to registration as a dental auxiliary is a	7
	, ,		ence to registration as a dental auxiliary in one or more of the	8
		classe	es of dental auxiliary.	9
	(3)	The r	regulations are to prescribe activities as authorised activities for	10
			class of dental auxiliary. An activity can only be prescribed as	11
		such a	an authorised activity if it constitutes a restricted dental practice.	12
20	Reg	jistratio	on necessary for certain representations	13
	(1)	A per	rson must not indicate that the person carries out dental auxiliary	14
			ties or is qualified to carry out dental auxiliary activities unless	15
			erson is registered as a dental auxiliary of a class for which those	16
		activi	ties are prescribed by the regulations as authorised activities.	17
		Maxi	mum penalty: 50 penalty units.	18
	(2)	Witho	out limiting the ways in which a person may be taken to have	19
			ated that the person is qualified to carry out dental auxiliary	20
			ties or that the person carries out dental auxiliary activities, a	21
		perso	n is taken to have so indicated if the person uses:	22
		(a)	any name, initials, word, title, symbol or description that	23
			(having regard to the circumstances in which it is used)	24
			indicates, or is capable of being understood to indicate, or is	25
			calculated to lead a person to infer, that the person is qualified	26
			to carry out dental auxiliary activities or that the person carries	27
			out dental auxiliary activities, or	28
		(b)	the titles "dental therapist", "dental hygienist", "dental	29
			auxiliary" or any name, title or description prescribed by the	30
			regulations either generally or for a class of dental auxiliaries.	31

	(3)	This section does not apply to a registered dentist.		1			
	(3)						
		Note. Section 10AF of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> prohibing restricted dental practices by persons who are not regist practitioners or certain other persons in specified circumstates.	ered dentists, medical ances (including dental	2 3 4			
		auxiliaries).		5			
21	Qualifications for registration						
	(1)	A person has the necessary qualifications for reginal auxiliary of a particular class if the person:		7 8			
		(a) has such qualifications as may be prescribed for that class of dental auxiliaries, or	•	9			
		(b) has successfully completed a course of stud by the Board as meeting criteria prescribed for that class of dental auxiliaries for the paragraph, or	f by the regulations 1 e purposes of this 1	1 2 3 4			
		(c) has such qualifications as may be approve that class of dental auxiliaries on the reco accreditation body recognised by the Board this section, or	ommendation of an 1 for the purposes of 1	5 6 7 8			
		(d) has passed an examination arranged or app to assess the person's competence to carry activities prescribed as authorised activitie dental auxiliaries.	out dental auxiliary 2 es for that class of 2	9 20 21 22			
	(2)	An educational or training institution may apply to recognition by the Board (under subsection (1) study offered by the institution. The institution may to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a revof the Board on the application.	(b)) of a course of 2 by make application 2 iew of the decision 2	23 24 25 26 27			
	(3)	In determining for the purposes of subsection particular course of study meets the criteria regulations, the Board may have regard to and remade on an assessment prepared for the Board in roof study.	prescribed by the 2 ely on any findings 3 espect of the course 3	28 29 30 31			
	(4)	In this section:	3	3			
		qualification means a degree, diploma, certificate or other academic award conferred or awarded for the successful completion of a course of training in dental auxiliary activities.					

Dental	Practice	Bill 2001
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Clause 22

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Part 3

22	Competence					
		For the purposes of this Act, a person is competent to carry out dental auxiliary activities only if the person has sufficient physical capacity,	2 3			
		mental capacity and skill to carry out dental auxiliary activities and has sufficient communication skills for the carrying out of dental auxiliary	4			
		activities, including an adequate command of the English language.	5 6			
23	Imp	airment	7			
	(1)		8			
		a dental auxiliary if the person suffers from any physical or mental	9			
		impairment, disability, condition or disorder that detrimentally affects or is likely to detrimentally affect the person's physical or mental	10 11			
		capacity to carry out dental auxiliary activities.	12			
	(2)	For the purposes of this Act, a person who habitually abuses alcohol	13			
		or is addicted to a deleterious drug is taken to suffer from an	14			
		impairment as a dental auxiliary.	15			
24	Full	registration	16			
	(1)	A person is entitled to registration as a dental auxiliary if the Board is	17			
		satisfied that the person has the necessary qualifications for registration as a dental auxiliary and is of good character.	18 19			
	(2)	Registration under this section is <i>full registration</i> .	20			
	(3)	An entitlement to full registration does not prevent conditions being imposed on that registration in accordance with this Act.	21 22			
	(4)	Schedule 1 (Registration procedures) has effect with respect to full registration.	23 24			
		Note. Under section 20 of the <i>Mutual Recognition Act 1992</i> of the Commonwealth a person is entitled to be registered as a dental auxiliary if the person is registered in another State or a Territory for an equivalent occupation (if that State or Territory participates in the mutual recognition scheme). The entitlement arises once the person lodges a notice under section 19 of that Act and, until registered under this Act, the person is then deemed (by section 25 of that Act) to be registered. See also the <i>Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997</i> of the Commonwealth.	25 26 27 28 29 30 31			
25	Pro	visional registration	32			
	(1)	Registration as a dental auxiliary may be granted:	33			
		(a) to a person entitled to full registration, pending the Board's determination of the person's application for full registration, or	34 35			

		(b)	to a person who will be entitled to full registration when a degree, diploma, certificate or other academic award to which the person is entitled is granted or conferred, pending its grant or conferral.	1 2 3 4
	(2)	Regis	tration under this section is <i>provisional registration</i> .	5
	(3)	Provis	sional registration is granted by the Board or the President. In the	6
			lent's absence it can be granted by any member of the Board	7
			rised by the Board to do so. Provisional registration is granted by ant of a certificate of provisional registration.	8 9
	(4)		rson granted provisional registration is a registered dental	10
			ary until the registration expires or is cancelled. Provisional	11
			ration expires on the date stated in the certificate or such later as may be fixed by the Board.	12 13
	(5)		•	
	(5)		Board may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on a person's sional registration and may at any time remove, add to or vary	14 15
			conditions by notice in writing to the registered person.	16
	(6)	The I	Board may cancel a person's provisional registration for any	17
		reason	n that the Board considers proper. Cancellation does not affect	18
		any aj	pplication for registration by the person.	19
	(7)		erson granted provisional registration is granted full registration	20
			e the person's provisional registration expires, the person's full	21
			ration dates from the granting of provisional registration, unless oard decides otherwise.	22 23
26	Ten	nporary	y registration	24
	(1)		tration as a dental auxiliary for a limited period may be granted	25
			erson who is not normally resident in New South Wales, for the	26
			se of enabling the person to carry out educational or research ties or such other activities as the Board considers to be in the	27
			c interest.	28 29
	(2)	Regis	tration under this section is <i>temporary registration</i> .	30
	(3)	Temp	orary registration can only be granted to a person:	31
		(a)	who is registered as a dental auxiliary in accordance with a law	32
			in force in the person's normal place of residence providing for	33
			the registration or certification of dental auxiliaries, or	34

		(b)	who holds such qualifications or has such experience in the provision of dental auxiliary activities as the Board considers satisfactory for the purposes of temporary registration.	1 2 3
	(4)		orary registration is granted by the Board by the grant of a cate of temporary registration.	4 5
	(5)	until regist	son granted temporary registration is a registered dental auxiliary the temporary registration expires or is cancelled. Temporary ration expires on the date stated in the certificate unless the d of temporary registration is extended.	6 7 8 9
	(6)	regist	Board may extend and further extend a period of temporary ration by the issue of a further certificate of temporary ration.	10 11 12
	(7)	that t	toard may cancel a person's temporary registration for any reason the Board considers proper. Cancellation does not affect any cation for full registration by the person.	13 14 15
	(8)	tempo	Board may impose such conditions as it thinks fit on the orary registration of a person and may at any time remove, add to by those conditions by notice in writing to the registered person.	16 17 18
27	Pov	ver to i	refuse or impose conditions on full registration	19
	(1)		Board may refuse to register a person who would otherwise be ed to full registration if:	20 21
		(a)	the Board is of the opinion, following an inquiry under Schedule 1, that the person is not competent to carry out dental auxiliary activities or suffers from an impairment, or	22 23 24
		(b)	the person has been convicted of or made the subject of a criminal finding for an offence, either in or outside the State, and the Board is of the opinion that the circumstances of the offence are such as to render the person unfit in the public interest to carry out dental auxiliary activities, or	25 26 27 28 29
		(c)	the person's registration under a health registration Act has been cancelled or suspended because of conduct that would (if the person were a registered dental auxiliary) authorise cancellation or suspension of the person's registration under this Act, or	30 31 32 33 34

		(d)	the person's registration or certification under a dental auxiliaries registration law has been cancelled or suspended because of conduct that would (if it occurred in New South Wales and the person were a registered dental auxiliary) authorise cancellation or suspension of the person's registration under this Act.	1 2 3 4 5
	(2)	the Bo Board	alternative to refusing to register a person under subsection (1), pard may grant the person registration subject to conditions if the considers that refusal of registration is not warranted and that erson should be granted registration subject to appropriate tions.	7 8 9 10 11
	(3)	aspect	tions of registration may relate to the duration of registration, the its of the practice in which the person may be engaged, and any matters, as the Board thinks appropriate.	12 13 14
		registra	The Mutual Recognition laws also provide for the imposition of conditions on ation. Conditions can also be imposed on a person's registration as a result plinary proceedings to which the person has been subject.	15 16 17
	(4)	In this	s section:	18
			<i>l auxiliaries registration law</i> means any law of a place outside atte that provides for the registration or certification of dental aries.	19 20 21
28	Can	cellatio	on and suspension of registration	22
	(1)	name this A referen	son ceases to be registered as a dental auxiliary if the person's is removed from the Dental Auxiliaries Register. A reference in act to the cancellation of a dental auxiliary's registration is a nace to the removal of the dental auxiliary's name from the Dental iaries Register.	23 24 25 26 27
	(2)	not to susper	son whose registration as a dental auxiliary is suspended is taken be a registered dental auxiliary during the period of the unsion, except for the purposes of Part 5 (Complaints and linary proceedings).	28 29 30 31
29	Res	triction	ns on registration of deregistered persons	32
	(1)		son cannot apply for registration as a dental auxiliary (and any application must be rejected) if:	33 34
		(a)	the person's registration as a dental auxiliary is cancelled pursuant to an order of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court, or	35 36 37

		(b)	the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court orders that the person not be re-registered.	1 2
	(2)	under	only way such a person can again be registered is on a review Division 3 of Part 7 of the order by which the person's ration was cancelled.	3 4 5
30	App	eals c	oncerning registration	6
	(1)		son who is aggrieved by any of the following decisions of the I may appeal to the Tribunal against the decision:	7 8
		(a)	the Board's refusal to grant the person full registration as a dental auxiliary,	9 10
		(b)	the Board's refusal to grant the person temporary registration as a dental auxiliary,	11 12
		(c)	the Board's decision to refuse to register the person under section 27 or to grant the person registration subject to conditions under that section,	13 14 15
		(d)	the Board's cancellation of the person's provisional registration or temporary registration,	16 17
		(e)	the Board's refusal to register the person under clause 28 (Entitlement to re-registration if fee paid) of Schedule 1.	18 19
	(2)	Chair is give	opeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the person may allow in a particular case) after notice of the decision en to the person. The appeal is to be lodged with the Registrar is to refer it to the Tribunal.	20 21 22 23
	(3)	conse with b	decision in respect of which an appeal is made was made as a quence of an inquiry held by the Board, the appeal is to be dealt by way of rehearing and fresh evidence or evidence in addition to substitution for the evidence received at the inquiry may be given.	24 25 26 27
	(4)		opeal does not affect any determination with respect to which it de until the appeal is determined.	28 29
	(5)	order differ	that the decision of the Board be revoked and replaced by a ent decision made by the Tribunal and specified in the order. The nal may also make such ancillary orders as it thinks proper.	30 31 32 33
	(6)	does	ribunal's decision is taken to be a decision of the Board (but this not confer a right of appeal under this section in respect of the nal's decision).	34 35 36

Clause 30	Dental Practice Bill 2001
Part 3	Registration of dental auxiliaries

(7)	No appeal lies under this Act against a decision of the Board under the Mutual Recognition laws in relation to its functions under that Act.	1 2
	Note. The Mutual Recognition laws provide that a person may, subject to the <i>Administrative Appeals Tribunal Act 1975</i> of the Commonwealth, apply to the Administrative Appeals Tribunal for a review of a decision of a local registration authority in relation to its functions under the Mutual Recognition laws. Those functions include registration, the imposition or waiver of conditions on registration and the postponement, refusal or reinstatement of registration.	3 4 5 6 7 8

		lentistry and dental auxiliary activities Part 4 practice Division 1	
Part		Practice of dentistry and dental auxiliary activities	1 2
practic	es by	on 10AF of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> prohibits the carrying out of restricted dental persons who are not registered dentists, medical practitioners, or certain other pecified circumstances (including dental auxiliaries).	3 4 5
Divis	sion '	1 Conduct of practice	6
31	Use	e of titles by dentists	7
		A registered dentist must not use any certificate, diploma, membership, degree, licence, letters, testimonial or other title, status, document or description in relation to himself or herself as a dentist or the practice of dentistry other than those (if any) that the Board from time to time authorises the dentist to use.	8 9 10 11 12
		Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.	13
32	Use	e of titles by dental auxiliaries	14
	(1)	A registered dental auxiliary must not use the title "doctor" in the course of carrying out dental auxiliary activities unless the dental auxiliary is the holder of a qualification conferred by a university that entitles the dental auxiliary to use that title and that qualification is a recognised qualification at the time the dental auxiliary uses the title.	15 16 17 18 19
		Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.	20
	(2)	A registered dental auxiliary must not use the title of a particular class of dental auxiliary unless the person is registered as a dental auxiliary of that class.	21 22 23
	(3)	In this section:	24
		recognised qualification means:	25
		(a) a qualification that is prescribed by the regulations as a recognised qualification, or	26 27
		(b) when no qualification is prescribed under paragraph (a), a qualification that is for the time being recognised by the Board for the purposes of this section.	28 29 30

Note. See also section 105 (Use of misleading titles etc) of the Medical Practice Act 1992.

Dental Practice Bill 2001

31 32

Clause 31

Part 4 Practice of dentistry and dental auxiliary activities
Division 1 Conduct of practice

33	Res	trictions on dental auxiliaries	1				
	(1)	A registered dental auxiliary must not carry out a dental auxiliary activity unless the person:	2 3				
		(a) is a registered dental auxiliary of a class for which the activity is prescribed by the regulations as an authorised activity, and	4 5				
		(b) carries out the activity subject to the practice oversight of a registered dentist in accordance with guidelines approved by the Director-General from time to time.	6 7 8				
	(2)	A registered dental therapist must not carry out dental auxiliary activities except as an officer or employee of, or pursuant to an agreement or other arrangement with, the Department of Health, a public health organisation or a body or organisation prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	9 10 11 12 13				
34	Inco	Incorporated practices					
	(1)	A registered dentist may practise dentistry as the director or employee of a corporation if:					
		 (a) all the shareholders and directors of the corporation are either: (i) registered dentists, or (ii) family members of the registered dentist or dentists concerned, and 	17 18 19 20				
		(b) the controlling interest in the corporation is held by a person who is a registered dentist, or persons who are registered dentists.	21 22 23				
	(2)	In this section:	24				
		<i>de facto partner</i> of a registered dentist means a person with whom the dentist has a de facto relationship (within the meaning of the <i>Property (Relationships) Act 1984</i>).	25 26 27				
		family member of a registered dentist means:	28				
		(a) a spouse, de facto partner, parent, child, brother or sister of the dentist, or	29 30				
		(b) a person who has a relationship with the director that is prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.	31 32				

Conduct of practice

11	The Poord may establish codes of professional conduct setting out	
(1)	The Board may establish codes of professional conduct setting out guidelines that should be observed by registered dentists or registered	
	dental auxiliaries in their professional practice. The Board may from	
	time to time amend or replace a code of professional conduct.	
(2)	The Minister may require the Board to develop guidelines relating to	
	any conduct of registered dentists or registered dental auxiliaries that	
	the Minister considers should be the subject of a code of professional conduct.	
(3)	For that purpose, the Minister may:	
	(a) direct the Board to establish a code of professional conduct, or	
	(b) direct the Board to amend or replace a code of professional	
	conduct,	
	so that the code includes guidelines relating to that conduct.	
(4)	The Board is to comply with any such direction of the Minister.	
(5)	The provisions of a code of professional conduct are a relevant	
	consideration in determining for the purposes of this Act what	
	constitutes proper and ethical conduct by a dentist or dental auxiliary.	
(6)	The procedure for the establishment of a code of professional conduct	
	is as follows:	
	(a) the Board is to prepare a proposed code in draft form and is to	
	prepare an impact assessment statement for the proposed code in accordance with such requirements as the Minister may from	
	time to time determine,	
	(b) the draft code and impact assessment statement are to be	
	publicly exhibited for a period of at least 21 days,	
	(c) the Board is to seek public comment on the draft code during	
	the period of public exhibition and public comment may be	
	made during the period of public exhibition and for 21 days (or	
	such longer period as the Board may determine) after the end of that period,	
	(d) the Board is to submit the draft code to the Minister for	
	approval together with a report by the Board giving details of	
	public comment received during the period allowed for public	
	comment and the Board's response to it,	

Division 1

Clause	35		Dental Practice Bill 2001	
Part 4 Division	1		Practice of dentistry and dental auxiliary activities Conduct of practice	
		(e)	the Board is not to establish the draft code as a code of professional conduct unless the Minister approves the draft.	1 2
	(7)	profe unles	procedure for the amendment or replacement of a code of essional conduct is the same as for the establishment of the code as the Minister otherwise directs in respect of a particular adment.	3 4 5 6
Divisi	on 2	2	Returns and information	7
36	Ann	ual re	eturn to be submitted	8
	(1)	each Boar	gistered dental care provider must, on or before the return date in year, furnish in writing to the Board in a form approved by the d a return for the return period specifying the following mation:	9 10 11 12
		(a)	details of any conviction of the dental care provider for an offence in this State or elsewhere during the return period (together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence),	13 14 15
		(b)	details of the making of a sex/violence criminal finding against the dental care provider for an offence, in this State or elsewhere, during the return period (together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence),	16 17 18 19
		(c)	details of the making of a criminal finding against the dental care provider for an offence committed in the course of the practice or purported practice of dentistry, or the carrying out or purported carrying out of dental auxiliary activities, in this State or elsewhere, during the return period (together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence),	20 21 22 23 24 25
		(d)	details of any criminal proceedings pending against the dental care provider at the end of the return period, in this State or elsewhere, for a sex/violence offence alleged to have been committed in the course of the practice or purported practice of dentistry, or the carrying out or purported carrying out of dental auxiliary activities,	26 27 28 29 30 31

(2)

(3)

(4)

(e)	details of any criminal proceedings pending against the dental care provider at the end of the return period, in this State or	1 2
	elsewhere, for a sex/violence offence alleged to have been	3
	committed against a minor or to involve child pornography	4
	(whether or not alleged to have been committed in the course	5
	of the practice or purported practice of dentistry, or the carrying	6
	out or purported carrying out of dental auxiliary activities),	7
(f)	details of any significant illness (physical or mental) from	8
	which the dental care provider suffered at any time during the	9
	return period and that may reasonably be thought likely to	10
	detrimentally affect the dental care provider's physical or	11
	mental capacity to practise dentistry or to carry out dental auxiliary activities,	12
	•	13
(g)	details of any suspension of, cancellation of, or imposition of	14
	conditions on, the registration of the dental care provider as a	15
	dentist or a dental auxiliary in another jurisdiction (either within	16
	Australia or elsewhere) during the return period,	17
(h)	details of any suspension of, cancellation of, or imposition of	18
	conditions on, any registration of the dental care provider under	19
	a health registration Act during the return period,	20
(i)	a statement as to whether the dental care provider is registered	21
	under a health registration Act as at the date of the return,	22
(j)	a statement as to whether the dental care provider has been	23
	refused registration as a dentist or dental auxiliary in another	24
	jurisdiction (either within Australia or elsewhere) during the	25
	return period,	26
(k)	details of any continuing professional education and	27
	development undertaken by the dental care provider during the	28
	return period,	29
(1)	such other information as may be prescribed by the regulations.	30
The 1	Board may require a return under this section to be verified by	31
statut	tory declaration.	32
The r	regulations may provide that subsection (1) (a) does not apply in	33
	ect of particular offences.	34
_	is section:	35
	<i>n date</i> means the date in a particular year notified to a dental care der by the Board in writing at least 1 month in advance.	36 37
PIOVI	doi of the bound in writing at loads I month in advance.	31

(2) The regulations may provide that this section does not apply in respect

of particular offences.

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Clause 36

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Dental Practice Bill 2001	Clause 39
Practice of dentistry and dental auxiliary activities	Part 4
Returns and information	Division 2

39 Referral of mental health matters to Registrar

If a registered dental care provider becomes a mentally incapacitated person, the person prescribed by the regulations must cause notice of that fact to be given to the Registrar in accordance with the regulations.

Part 5 Complaints and disciplinary proceedings

Divis	sion '	1	Interpretation	2
40	Mea	ning c	of "professional misconduct"	3
		a regi	ne purposes of this Act, <i>professional misconduct</i> , in relation to istered dental care provider, means unsatisfactory professional act of a sufficiently serious nature to justify suspension or ellation of the dental care provider's registration.	4 5 6 7
41	Mea	ning c	of "unsatisfactory professional conduct"—dentists	8
	(1)		ne purposes of this Act, <i>unsatisfactory professional conduct</i> , in on to a registered dentist, includes any of the following:	9 10
		(a)	any conduct by the dentist that demonstrates a lack of adequate knowledge, skill, judgment or care in the practice of dentistry,	11 12
		(b)	a contravention by the dentist of a provision of this Act or the regulations or of a condition of the dentist's registration,	13 14
		(c)	practising dentistry for remuneration in the course of employment by, or in association with, a non-dentist,	15 16
		(d)	a failure without reasonable excuse by the dentist to comply with a direction by the Board to provide information with respect to a complaint under this Part against the dentist,	17 18 19
		(e)	a failure by the dentist to comply with an order made or a direction given by the Board or the Tribunal under this Act,	20 21
		(f)	carrying on the business of providing dental services under a name other than the dentist's own name, unless: (i) the dentist's own name is used in conjunction with the other name and the other name is that of an incorporated practice of which the dentist is a director,	22 23 24 25 26
			(ii) the dentist's own name is used in conjunction with the other name and the other name is a registered business name of the dentist or of an incorporated practice of which the dentist is a director, or	27 28 29 30 31
			(iii) the dentist is acting as the locum tenens of another dentist,	32 33

Complaints a Interpretation	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Interpretation		Part 5 Division 1	
	(g)	allowing the dentist's name to be a business of providing dental services		1 2
		dentist, or a locum tenens of the d		3
		attendance for the purposes of practice		4
		the hours in which the premises are		5
		dentistry,		6
	(h)	any other improper or unethical con	•	7
		course of the practice or purported practice	actice of dentistry.	8
(2)	For th	ne purposes of subsection (1) (c):		9
		<i>dentist</i> means a person or body who is no not include any of the following:	ot a registered dentist, but	10 11
	(a)	the Crown,		12
	(b)	a public health organisation or a chainstitution,	aritable or philanthropic	13 14
	(c)	a local council,		15
	(d)	an incorporated practice,		16
	(e)	a registered health benefits organisation the <i>National Health Act 1953</i> of the O		17 18
	(f)	a friendly society within the meaning <i>Act 1953</i> of the Commonwealth,	of the National Health	19 20
	(g)	any person or body that has been appropurposes of this paragraph.	oved by the Board for the	21 22
	Note.	Section 139 provides for the granting of app	provals by the Board for the	23

Dental Practice Bill 2001

42 Meaning of "unsatisfactory professional conduct"—dental auxiliaries

as or for the legal personal representative of a deceased dentist.

purposes of paragraph (g).

For the purposes of this Act, unsatisfactory professional conduct, in relation to a registered dental auxiliary, includes any of the following:

Section 141 provides for circumstances in which a dentist may practice dentistry

- any conduct by the dental auxiliary that demonstrates a lack of (a) adequate knowledge, skill, judgment or care in the carrying out of dental auxiliary activities,
- (b) a contravention by the dental auxiliary of a provision of this Act or the regulations or of a condition of the dental auxiliary's registration,

Clause 41

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Clause 42		Dental Practice Bill 2001	
Part 5 Division 1		Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Interpretation	
	(c)	a failure without reasonable excuse by the dental auxiliary to comply with a direction by the Board to provide information with respect to a complaint under this Part against the dental auxiliary,	1 2 3 4
	(d)	a failure by the dental auxiliary to comply with an order made or a direction given by the Board or the Tribunal under this Act,	5 6
	(e)	any other improper or unethical conduct by a dental auxiliary in the course of the carrying out or purported carrying out of dental auxiliary activities.	7 8 9
43 Ap	plicat	ion of Part to incorporated practices	10
	prac	the purposes of this Part, an act or omission by an incorporated ctice is taken to be an act or omission by each director of the orporated practice who:	11 12 13
	(a)	is a registered dentist, and	14
	(b)	knowingly authorised or permitted the act or omission.	15
	This	s Part applies accordingly to such acts or omissions.	16
	Com	e. A complaint against an incorporated practice as such may be made to the imission. See also section 142 (Civil liability of directors of incorporated tices).	17 18 19
Division	2	Complaints	20
44 Gr	ounds	s for complaints	21
(1)) A c	omplaint may be made under this Act concerning:	22
	(a)	the professional conduct of a registered dental care provider, or	23
	(b)	the provision of a dentistry service by a registered dentist, or	24
	(c)	the provision of a dental auxiliary service by a registered dental auxiliary.	25 26
	Com	Subsection (1) ensures consistency between this Act and the <i>Health Care aplaints Act 1993</i> with respect to the kinds of complaints that can be made ut registered dental care providers.	27 28 29

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person who has ceased to be registered or whose registration is

Complaints are to be made to the Board and are to be lodged with the

Any person (including the Board) can make a complaint.

Note. Complaints may also be made to the Commission.

Dental Practice Bill 2001

suspended.

Registrar.

Who can make a complaint

Complaints to be made to the Board

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Clause 44

48	Form of complaint						
	(1)	A complaint must be in writing, must identify the complainant and must contain particulars of the allegations on which it is founded.	2 3				
	(2)	A complaint must be verified by statutory declaration unless the complaint is made by:	4 5				
		(a) a judicial officer within the meaning of the <i>Judicial Officers Act 1986</i> , or	6 7				
		(b) a coroner, or	8				
		(c) the Minister, or	9				
		(d) the Director-General, or	10				
		(e) the chief executive officer (however described) of a public health organisation, or	11 12				
		(f) the Commission, or	13				
		(g) a person or body prescribed by the regulations.	14				
	(3)	The Board may consider and investigate a complaint even if it does not comply with the requirements of this section (except the requirement that it identify the complainant) but must not proceed to deal with the complaint under this Part until they are complied with.	15 16 17 18				
	(4)	The Board may require the complainant to provide further particulars of a complaint.	19 20				
49	Boa	ard to notify Commission of complaints	21				
		The Board must notify the Commission of any complaint made under this Part and this is to be done as soon as practicable after the complaint is made.	22 23 24				
50	Board to notify person against whom complaint is made						
		Written notice of the making of a complaint, the nature of the complaint and the identity of the complainant is to be given by the Board to the registered dental care provider against whom the complaint is made, as soon as practicable after the complaint is made.	26 27 28 29				
	(2)	Notice is not required to be given if the Commission is handling the complaint.	30 31				
	(3)	Notice is not required to be given if the giving of the notice will or is likely to:	32 33				
		(a) prejudice the investigation of the complaint, or	34				

Compl	laints		Division 2	
		(b)	place the health or safety of a person at risk, or	1
		(c)	place the complainant or another person at risk of intimidation or harassment.	2 3
51	Inve	estiga	tion of complaint by Board	4
			Board may make such inquiries concerning a complaint as it as fit.	5 6
52	Rol	e of th	ne Commission	7
	(1)	Boar can	ore the Board deals with or refers a complaint under this Part, the rd and the Commission must consult in order to see if agreement be reached between them as to the course of action to be taken erning a complaint.	8 9 10 11
	(2)		sion 2 of Part 2 of the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> applies e consultation and the outcomes of the consultation.	12 13
53	Hov	v com	plaints are dealt with	14
	(1)	Whe	n a complaint is made, the Board may at any time decide:	15
		(a)	to refer the complaint for investigation by the Commission, or	16
		(b)	to refer the complaint for conciliation in accordance with section 13 (2) of the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> , or	17 18
		(c)	to refer the complaint to the Dental Care Assessment Committee under Division 3, or	19 20
		(d)	to refer the matter to an Impaired Registrants Panel under Part 6, or	21 22
		(e)	to deal with the complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4, or	23 24
		(f)	to refer the complaint to the Tribunal, or	25
		(g)	to deal with the complaint by directing the dental care provider to attend counselling, or	26 27
		(h)	to deal with the complaint by providing advice or making recommendations to the dental care provider, or	28 29

to decline to deal with or dismiss the complaint.

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Complaints and disciplinary proceedings

(i)

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Clause 50

Part 5

(3) If the Board decides not to refer the complaint to the Tribunal, the

Board must instead deal with the complaint at a meeting of the Board

under Division 4. If the Commission decides not to refer the complaint

to the Tribunal, the Commission must instead refer the complaint to

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activities.

the Board.

-	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Complaints			Part 5 Division 2				
	(4)	comp	section does not require the Board or toplaint that the Board or Commission tious.		1 2 3			
55	5 Medical examination of dental care provider							
	(1)	Part requi Boar profe	Board may, before or while taking any 6 (Impairment), by notice to the dental ire the dental care provider to undergrd's expense by a medical practitioner, of essional, specified in the notice, at any sified in the notice.	care provider concerned, go an examination at the or other appropriate health	5 6 7 8 9			
	(2)	compexanunde	tilure by a dental care provider, with ply with a notice given under this nination is, for the purposes of this Par er this Part, evidence that the dental car cient physical and mental capacity:	section to undergo an tor any inquiry or appeal	11 12 13 14 15			
		(a)	in the case of a dentist—to practise of	lentistry, or	16			
		(b)	in the case of a dental auxiliary—to activities.	carry out dental auxiliary	17 18			
	(3)	exan of the	edical practitioner or other health profesionation under this section is to report to examination. The Board is to provide all care provider.	o the Board on the results	19 20 21 22			
	(4)	(4) A person must not directly or indirectly make a record of or divulg any person any information contained in a report to the Board ur this section that has come to the person's notice in the exercise of person's functions under this Act, except for the purpose of exercise functions under this Act.		report to the Board under otice in the exercise of the	23 24 25 26 27			
		Max	imum penalty: 50 penalty units.		28			
	(5)		erson cannot be required in civil pro uce or permit access to any report mad		29 30			

section or to divulge the contents of any such report.

court includes any tribunal, authority or person having power to

require the production of documents or the answering of questions but

(6) In this section:

does not include the Tribunal.

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Clause 54

(3) The notice is to include such information as the Board considers

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appropriate.

Dental Practice Bill 2001					
Complaints and disciplinary proceedings	Part 5				
Referral of complaints to Dental Care Assessment Committee	Division 3				

Division 3		Referral of complaints to Dental Care Assessment Committee	1 2
57	Kin	ds of complaints that can be referred to Committee	3
	(1)	The Board may refer a complaint to the Committee only if the Commission has decided not to investigate the complaint.	4 5
	(2)	A complaint may not be referred to the Committee if it is a complaint that the dental care provider is not of good character or has been convicted of or made the subject of a criminal finding for an offence.	6 7 8
	(3)	This section does not operate to limit the Committee in the exercise of its functions under this Division in respect of any matter that arises in the course of the Committee's investigation of a complaint.	9 10 11
58	Hov	v complaints are dealt with	12
	(1)	When a complaint is referred to the Committee, the Committee is to investigate the complaint and may in any particular case encourage the complainant and the dental care provider against whom the complaint is made to settle the complaint by consent.	13 14 15 16
	(2)	The Committee may obtain such dental, medical, legal, financial or other advice as it thinks necessary or desirable to enable it to exercise its functions.	17 18 19
	(3)	Any such advice obtained by the Committee may not, unless otherwise ordered by the Board, be admitted or used in any civil proceedings before a court and a person may not be compelled to produce the advice or to give evidence in relation to the advice in any such civil proceedings.	20 21 22 23 24
	(4)	The Committee may not determine a complaint referred to it except by settlement by consent.	25 26
	(5)	The Committee is to make a report to the Board on a complaint referred to it whether or not it is able to effect settlement of the complaint by consent.	27 28 29

Clause 59 Dental Practice Bill 2001

Part 5 Complaints and disciplinary proceedings

Division 3 Referral of complaints to Dental Care Assessment Committee

59 Skills testing of dental care provider 1 (1) The Committee is to, at the request of the Board, by notice to the 2 dental care provider who is the subject of a complaint referred to the 3 Committee, require the dental care provider to undergo skills testing at 4 the Board's expense by an appropriately qualified person specified in 5 the notice, at any reasonable time and place specified in the notice. 6 (2) A failure by a dental care provider, without reasonable cause, to 7 comply with a notice given under this section to undergo skills testing 8 is, for the purposes of this Part or any inquiry or appeal under this Part, 9 evidence that the dental care provider does not have sufficient skill: 10 in the case of a dentist—to practise dentistry, or (a) 11 (b) in the case of a dental auxiliary—to carry out dental auxiliary 12 activities. 13 (3) The person who conducts skills testing under this section is to report 14 to the Committee on the results of the examination. The Committee is 15 to provide a copy of the report to the dental care provider. 16 (4) A person must not directly or indirectly make a record of or divulge to 17 any person any information contained in a report to the Committee 18 under this section that has come to the person's notice in the exercise 19 of the person's functions under this Act, except for the purpose of 20 exercising functions under this Act. 21 Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units. 22 (5) A person cannot be required in civil proceedings in any court to 23 produce or permit access to any report made to the Committee under 24 this section or to divulge the contents of any such report. 25 (6) In this section: 26 court includes any tribunal, authority or person having power to 27 require the production of documents or the answering of questions but 28 does not include the Tribunal. 29

report includes a copy, reproduction and duplicate of the report or any

part of the report, copy, reproduction or duplicate.

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60	Rec	commendations of the Committee	1		
	(1)	The Committee's report to the Board may include such	2		
		recommendations with respect to the complaint as the Committee	3		
		considers appropriate, including (without being limited to) any of the	4		
		following recommendations:	5		
		(a) a recommendation that the Board deal with the complaint by	6		
		inquiry at a meeting of the Board as a complaint of unsatisfactory professional conduct,	7 8		
		(b) a recommendation that the Board direct the dental care provider	9		
		to attend counselling,	10		
		(c) a recommendation that the Board dismiss the complaint.	11		
	(2)	The Board is to provide the dental care provider and the Commission	12		
	, ,	with a copy of the Committee's report and recommendations as soon	13		
		as practicable after the report is made.	14		
	(3)	The Board must comply with a recommendation of the Committee that			
		the Board deal with the complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board			
		as a complaint of unsatisfactory professional conduct.	17		
	(4)	Otherwise the Board is to allow the Commission and the dental care	18		
		provider at least 21 days after they have been provided with a copy of	19		
		the Committee's report and recommendations to make submissions in	20		
		respect of the report and recommendations.	21		
	(5)		22		
		any submissions made by the dental care provider or the Commission	23		
		in respect of the report or recommendations, the Board is to proceed	24		
		to deal with the complaint as provided by section 53.	25		
	(6)	This section is subject to section 54 (Serious complaints must be	26		
		referred to Tribunal).	27		
61	No	legal representation for parties appearing before the Committee	28		
		A complainant and the dental care provider against whom the	29		
		complaint is made are not entitled to be legally represented at any	30		
		appearance before the Committee.	31		

Part 5 Division 4 Division 4			Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board	
		Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board		1 2
62	Pro	cedur	es for dealing with complaint at meeting	3
	(1)	of the	e Board decides to deal with a complaint by inquiry at a meeting e Board, the meeting is to be held in accordance with Schedule 3 this Division.	4 5 6
	(2)		Board may be assisted by a legal practitioner when dealing with applaint at a meeting of the Board.	7 8
	(3)	subn the c	Board is to provide the Commission with a copy of any nission made to the Board by the dental care provider in respect of omplaint or in respect of any recommendation of the Committee erning the complaint.	9 10 11 12
63	Ger	eral p	procedure	13
		for t	procedure for the calling of a meeting to deal with a complaint and the conduct of the meeting is, subject to this Act and the lations, to be as determined by the Board.	14 15 16
64	Con	duct	of meeting	17
		At a	meeting to deal with a complaint, the Board:	18
		(a)	may inform itself on any matter in such manner as it thinks fit, and	19 20
		(b)	may receive written or oral submissions, and	21
		(c)	is to proceed with as little formality and technicality, and as much expedition, as the requirements of this Act and the proper consideration of the complaint permit, and	22 23 24
		(d)	is not bound by rules of evidence, and	25
		(e)	may proceed to deal with the complaint in the absence of the dental care provider.	26 27
65	Mak	king s	ubmissions to inquiry	28
	(1)		dental care provider is entitled to attend the meeting during the se of the Board's inquiry and to make submissions to the Board.	29 30

Clause 62

Dental Practice Bill 2001

		nd disciplinary proceedings Part 5 complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board Division 4	
	(2)	The Committee may, if the Board so requires, make a submission to the Board with respect to the complaint and may for that purpose attend the meeting during the course of the Board's inquiry.	1 2 3
	(3)	The Board is to afford the Commission the opportunity to make a submission to the Board with respect to the complaint and the Commission may for that purpose attend the meeting during the course of the Board's inquiry.	4 5 6 7
	(4)	The Committee or the Commission may not be present at the meeting except while actually making a submission in accordance with this section, unless the Board otherwise determines.	8 9 10
	(5)	Despite subsection (4), the Commission is to be present throughout the Board's inquiry where the complaint is the subject of a recommendation of the Commission under section 53 (2) that it be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under this Division.	11 12 13 14
	(6)	The dental care provider is not entitled to be legally represented at the inquiry but may be accompanied by a support person. The support person can be a legal practitioner.	15 16 17
	(7)	The Commission is not entitled to be legally represented at the inquiry.	18
66	Dec	ision of the Board	19
	(1)	The Board must, within 30 days of making its decision on a complaint, make available to the complainant, the dental care provider concerned and such other persons as it thinks fit, a written statement of the decision.	20 21 22 23
	(2)	If the Commission made a submission to the Board with respect to the complaint, the Board is to provide the Commission with a copy of the written statement of the decision.	24 25 26
	(3)	The written statement of a decision must give the reasons for the decision.	27 28
	(4)	The Board is not required to include confidential information in any such statement. If a statement would be false or misleading if it did not include the confidential information, the Board is not required to provide the statement.	29 30 31 32
	(5)	When confidential information is not included in the statement of a decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a person because of subsection (4), the Board must give a confidential information notice to the person.	33 34 35 36

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Clause 65

Clause 66	Dental Practice Bill 2001	
Part 5 Division 4	Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Dealing with complaint by inquiry at a meeting of the Board	
(6)	A <i>confidential information notice</i> is a notice that indicates that confidential information is not included or that the statement will not be provided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must be in writing and must be given within one month after the decision is made.	1 2 3 4 5
(7)	This section does not affect the power of a court to make an order for the discovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the production of documents to a court.	6 7 8
(8)	In this section:	9
	confidential information means information that:	10
	(a) has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and	11 12 13
	(b) relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Board is required (or would, but for subsection (4), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and	14 15 16 17
	 (c) is information: (i) that was supplied in confidence, or (ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or (iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an enactment, or (iv) the provision of which by the Board would be in breach of any enactment. 	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
67 Ad	missibility of Board's findings	25
	A finding of the Board under this Division is admissible as evidence in any legal proceedings.	26 27

Division 5 Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal

Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal

68	Pov	vers m	ay be exercised if complaint proved or admitted	2
	(1)	The E	Board or the Tribunal may exercise any power or combination of	3
	` '	powe	rs conferred on it by this Division if the Board (pursuant to an	4
		inquii	ry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4) or the Tribunal	5
		finds	the subject-matter of a complaint of a kind referred to in	6
			on 44 (2) to have been proved or the person admits to it in writing	7
		to the	Board or the Tribunal.	8
	(2)	In ad	dition, the Board may exercise any power conferred on it by	9
			on 69 (1) (b) if the Board (after considering a report from the	10
			mittee) finds the subject-matter of a complaint to have been	11
			d or the person admits to it in writing to the Board, whether or	12
		not th	ne complaint is of a kind referred to in section 44 (2).	13
69	Ger	neral p	owers of the Board	14
	(1)	The E	Board may do any one or more of the following:	15
		(a)	caution or reprimand the person,	16
		(b)	make an order for the withholding or refunding of part or all of	17
			the payment with respect to the fees to be charged or paid for	18
			the dental care services that are the subject of the complaint,	19
		(c)	order that the person seek and undergo medical or psychiatric	20
		` /	treatment or counselling,	21
		(d)	direct that such conditions relating to the person's practice of	22
			dentistry or carrying out of dental auxiliary activities as it	23
			considers appropriate be imposed on the person's registration,	24
		(e)	order that the person complete a specified educational course or	25
			courses,	26
		(f)	order that the person report on his or her dentistry practice or	27
			dental auxiliary practice at specified times, in a specified	28
			manner and to specified persons,	29
		(g)	order that the person seek and take advice, in relation to the	30
			management of his or her dentistry practice or dental auxiliary	31
			practice, from a specified person or persons.	32

Division 5

Part 5 Division 5	5		Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal	
((2)	under registe	person is not registered, an order or direction can still be given this section but has effect only so as to prevent the person being ered unless the order is complied with or to require the conditions rned to be imposed when the person is registered, as appropriate.	1 2 3 4
70 Power of the Board to recommend suspension or canon registration		the Board to recommend suspension or cancellation of	5	
((1)	provid is sati provid	Board may recommend that the registration of a dental care ler be suspended for a specified period or cancelled if the Board sfied (when it finds on a complaint about the dental care ler) that the dental care provider does not have sufficient physical tental capacity:	7 8 9 10 11
		(a) (b)	in the case of a dentist—to practise dentistry, or in the case of a dental auxiliary—to carry out dental auxiliary activities.	12 13 14
((2)	made	dental care provider is not registered, a recommendation can be under this section that the dental care provider not be istered.	15 16 17
((3)	recom	oard makes its recommendation by referring the matter with its mendation to the Chairperson or to a Deputy Chairperson atted by the Chairperson.	18 19 20
((4)	terms susper Chairp	hairperson or Deputy Chairperson may then make an order in the recommended or may make such other order as to the asion or registration of the dental care provider as the person or Deputy Chairperson thinks proper based on the gs of the Board.	21 22 23 24 25
((5)		der may also provide that an application for review of the order Division 3 of Part 7 may not be made until after a specified time.	26 27
((6)	Deput	d of making an order under this section, the Chairperson or y Chairperson may exercise any power or combination of powers Board under this Division.	28 29 30
71 F	ow	ers of	the Tribunal	31
((1)	under	ribunal may exercise any power that the Board can exercise this Division, except a power conferred on the Board by n 68 (2).	32 33 34

Clause 69

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Part 5			Part 5	
	=	Board and Tribunal	Division 5	
(2)	The T	ribunal may by order susper	ad a person's registration for a	1
()			's registration be cancelled if the	2
			a complaint about the person):	3
	(a)	that the person is not compete	ent:	4
		(i) in the case of a dentist	—to practise dentistry, or	5
			l auxiliary—to carry out dental	6
		auxiliary activities, or		7
	(b)	that the person is guilty of pro	ofessional misconduct, or	8
	(c)	that the person has been conv	icted of or made the subject of a	9
		criminal finding for an offence	e, either in or outside New South	10
		Wales, and the circumstance	s of the offence are such as to	11
		render the person unfit in the		12
			—to practise dentistry, or	13
			l auxiliary—to carry out dental	14
		auxiliary activities, or		15
	(d)	that the person is not of good	character.	16
(3)	An ord	ler that a person's registration	be cancelled is an order that the	17
	person	's name be removed from the	Dentists Register or the Dental	18
	Auxilia	aries Register or (if the per	son has already ceased to be	19
	register	red) that the person not be re-	registered.	20
(4)	An ord	ler may also provide that an ap	plication for review of the order	21
	under I	Division 3 of Part 7 may not be	made until after a specified time.	22
Division (2	Dowers of the Board for	the protection of the	22
ווטופועום	U	Powers of the Board for	uie protection of the	23

public

72 Suspension or conditions to protect the public

- (1) The Board must, if at any time it is satisfied that such action is necessary for the purpose of protecting the life or physical or mental health of any person:
 - by order suspend the registration of a registered dental care (a) provider for such period (not exceeding 8 weeks) as is specified in the order, or
 - (b) impose on:

Dental Practice Bill 2001

a registered dentist's registration such conditions, relating to the dentist's practising dentistry, as it considers appropriate, or

Clause 71

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Clause	/2	Dental Practice Bill 2001	
Part 5 Division 6		Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Powers of the Board for the protection of the public	
		(ii) a registered dental auxiliary's registration such conditions, relating to the dental auxiliary's carrying out of dental auxiliary activities, as it considers appropriate.	1 2 3
	(2)	The Board may take such action:	4
		(a) whether or not a complaint has been made or referred to the Board about the dental care provider, and	5 6
		(b) whether or not proceedings in respect of such a complaint are before the Tribunal.	7 8
73	Pov	ver to remove or alter conditions	9
		The Board may at any time alter or remove conditions imposed under this Division.	10 11
74	Ref	erral of matter to Commission	12
	(1)	The Board must, as soon as practicable after taking any action under section 72 and, in any event, within 7 days after taking that action, refer the matter to the Commission for investigation.	13 14 15
	(2)	The matter is to be dealt with by the Commission as a complaint made to the Commission against the dental care provider concerned.	16 17
	(3)	The Commission is to investigate the complaint or cause it to be investigated and, as soon as practicable after it has completed its investigation, refer the complaint to the Tribunal or to the Board to be dealt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4.	18 19 20 21
	(4)	Section 54 (Serious complaints must be referred to Tribunal) applies in respect of any such action by the Commission.	22 23
	(5)	This section does not apply if the Board takes action against a registered dental care provider under section 72 because the Board is of the opinion that the dental care provider suffers from an impairment.	24 25 26
75	Spe	cial provisions—impairment	27
	(1)	This section applies if the Board takes action against a registered dental care provider under section 72 because the Board is of the opinion that the dental care provider suffers from an impairment.	28 29 30
	(2)	The Board must, as soon as practicable after taking that action and, in any event, within 7 days after taking that action, notify the Commission that it has taken that action.	31 32 33

Complaints and disciplinary proceedings Part 5			
Powers of	f the Boa	ard for the protection of the public Division 6	
(3) The Board is to consult with the Commission to see if agreement can be reached as to whether the matter should be:		1 2
	(a)	dealt with as a complaint against the dental care provider, or	3
	(b)	referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel.	4
(e matter is to be dealt with as a complaint against the dental care wider only if, following that consultation:	5 6
	(a)	the Board and the Commission agree that it should be dealt with as a complaint, or	7 8
	(b)	either the Board or the Commission is of the opinion that the matter should be dealt with as a complaint.	9 10
(the	such a case, the Board is to refer the matter to the Commission and matter is to be dealt with by the Commission as a complaint made the Commission against the dental care provider concerned.	11 12 13
(inv inv	e Commission is to investigate the complaint or cause it to be estigated and, as soon as practicable after it has completed its estigation, refer the complaint to the Tribunal or to the Board to be alt with by inquiry at a meeting of the Board under Division 4.	14 15 16 17
(etion 54 (Serious complaints must be referred to Tribunal) applies respect of any such action by the Commission.	18 19
(ubsection (4) does not apply, the Board is to refer the matter to an paired Registrants Panel.	20 21
(sec sec	matter may be referred to an Impaired Registrants Panel under this tion even though the dental care provider has been suspended under tion 72. Part 6 applies in respect of such a referral as if the dental e provider were a registered dental care provider.	22 23 24 25
76 T	ribuna	I to be notified of suspensions	26

If the Board suspends the registration of a registered dental care

provider under section 72, the Board must notify the Chairperson that

it has taken that action as soon as practicable after making the order

and, in any event, within 7 days.

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Clause 75

the matter is subsequently dealt with by the Board as a

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(a)

complaint, or

Clause 77

	(b) the conditions are removed by the Board,	1
	whichever happens first.	2
(3)	The Board is not required to alter or remove conditions imposed under this Division merely because a dental care provider agrees to the imposition of conditions on the dental care provider's registration pursuant to the recommendations of an Impaired Registrants Panel (as referred to in section 90).	3 4 5 6 7
(4)	A registered dental care provider who agrees to the imposition of conditions on the dental care provider's registration pursuant to the recommendations of an Impaired Registrants Panel may, by notice in writing to the Board, request that the conditions imposed under this Division be removed or altered.	8 9 10 11 12
(5)	On receipt of such a request, the Board is to review the matter, and may:	13 14
	(a) refuse to remove or alter any of the conditions, or	15
	(b) remove or alter the conditions.	16
(6)	The Board is to give the dental care provider concerned notice in writing of its decision in respect of the request.	17 18
(7)	The Board may specify in the notice a period in which a further request by the dental care provider under this section is not permitted. The Board may reject a request that the conditions be removed or altered if it is made during that period.	19 20 21 22
(8)	This section:	23
	(a) does not prevent conditions being imposed under another provision of this Act, and	24 25
	(b) is subject to anything done by the Tribunal on an appeal under section 97.	26 27

Part 6

Impairment

81		erral of impairment matters concerning dental care providers or dents	2 3
	(1)	The Board may refer any matter to an Impaired Registrants Panel if the	4
		Board considers that the matter indicates that a registered dental care	5
		provider or dental student suffers from an impairment. This is not	6
		limited to matters that are the subject of a complaint to the Board.	7
	(2)	If the Board is aware that a complaint has been made to the	8
		Commission about a dental care provider who is the subject of a	9
		referral to an Impaired Registrants Panel, the Board is to notify the Commission of the referral.	10 11
		Commission of the retenal.	11
82	Per	sons may notify Board of impairment matters concerning dental	12
	care	e providers or students	13
		A person may notify the Board of any matter that the person thinks	14
		indicates that a registered dental care provider or dental student suffers	15
		or may suffer from an impairment.	16
83	Cor	nmission may refer impairment matters to Board	17
	(1)	If the Commission becomes aware of any matter that the Commission	18
		considers indicates that a registered dental care provider or dental	19
		student suffers or may suffer from an impairment, the Commission	20
		may refer the matter to the Board.	21
	(2)	This section does not affect the functions of the Board in relation to a	22
		complaint made to the Commission or a matter referred to the	23
		Commission for investigation.	24
84	Pan	el to inquire into matters referred to it	25
	(1)	An Impaired Registrants Panel is to inquire into any matter referred to	26
		it and may obtain reports and other information concerning the matter	27
		from any source it considers appropriate.	28
	(2)	The Panel may request a registered dental care provider or dental	29
	. /	student who is the subject of a matter referred to the Panel by the	30
		Board, to attend before the Panel for the purpose of enabling the Panel	31
		to obtain information on the matter and make an assessment.	32

Dental Practice Bill 2001	Clause 85	

Impairment	Part 6
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85	Pan	el not to take action while Commission investigating	1
		An Impaired Registrants Panel is not to investigate or take any other	2
		action in relation to any matter if the Panel is aware that the matter is the subject of an investigation by the Commission, while the	3 4
		investigation is being conducted.	5
86	Boa	ard to give notice of proposed inquiry	6
		The Board is to give notice to a registered dental care provider or	7
		dental student of any proposed inquiry by an Impaired Registrants	8
		Panel concerning the dental care provider or student. The notice is to	9
		include sufficient details of the matters to which the inquiry is to relate.	10
87	Der	ntal care provider or student entitled to make representations	11
	(1)	A registered dental care provider or a dental student who is the subject	12
		of any inquiry by an Impaired Registrants Panel is entitled to make oral	13
		or written representations to the Panel with respect to the matters being	14
		or to be the subject of the inquiry.	15
	(2)	This section does not prevent the Panel from conducting an inquiry in	16
		the absence of the registered dental care provider or dental student to	17
		whom it relates, as long as the dental care provider or student has been	18
		given notice of the inquiry under section 86.	19
88	Boa	ard may require student to undergo medical examination	20
	(1)	The Board may by notice given to a dental student who is the subject	21
		of a matter referred or proposed to be referred to an Impaired	22
		Registrants Panel direct the student to undergo a medical examination	23
		by a specified registered medical practitioner at a specified time and	24
		place.	25
	(2)	A dental student must not be directed to undergo a medical	26
		examination unless it is reasonable to require the examination, given	27
		the nature of the matter that is the subject of the referral or proposed	28
		referral. The time and place specified for the examination must be	29
		reasonable and the examination is to be at the expense of the Board.	30
	(3)	If a dental student fails, without reasonable excuse, to comply with a	31
		direction to undergo a medical examination, the Board may by order	32
		in writing prohibit the student undertaking clinical studies, or	33
		undertaking a clinical placement in a public health organisation, until	34
		the student complies with the direction.	35

Clause 88	Dental Practice Bill 2001
Clause ou	Deritar i factice Dili 2001

Part 6	Impairment
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	(4)	The Board's order takes effect when a copy of it is served on the educational institution responsible for the clinical studies or clinical placement of the student.	1 2 3
	(5)	A dental student is not permitted to undertake clinical studies or a clinical placement in a public health organisation contrary to the terms of the order.	4 5 6
		Note. Section 55 provides for medical examinations of registered dental care providers.	7 8
89	Ass	essment, report and recommendations by Panel	9
	(1)	An Impaired Registrants Panel is to make an assessment in respect of each referral to it, based on the results of its inquiry into the matter.	10 11
	(2)	On the basis of its assessment, the Panel may do any one or more of the following things:	12 13
		(a) counsel the dental care provider or student concerned or recommend that he or she undertake specified counselling,	14 15
		(b) recommend that the dental care provider concerned agree to conditions being imposed on his or her registration or to having his or her registration suspended for a specified period,	16 17 18
		(c) make recommendations to the Board as to any action that the Panel considers should be taken in relation to the matter.	19 20
	(3)	The Panel is to report in writing to the Board on each referral to the Panel. The report is to detail the results of the Panel's inquiries and assessment in respect of the referral and any action taken by the Panel under this Part in relation to it.	21 22 23 24
90	Volu	untary suspension or conditions on registration	25
		The Board may place conditions on a registered dental care provider's registration or suspend the dental care provider's registration if:	26 27
		(a) an Impaired Registrants Panel has recommended that the Board do so, and	28 29
		(b) the Board is satisfied that the dental care provider has voluntarily agreed to the recommendation.	30 31

91	Rev	iew of conditions	1
	(1)	A registered dental care provider who agrees to conditions being imposed on his or her registration or to having his or her registration suspended may, by notice in writing to the Board, request:	2 3 4
		(a) that those conditions be removed or altered, or	5
		(b) that the suspension be terminated or shortened.	6
	(2)	On receipt of such a request, the Board is to require an Impaired Registrants Panel to review the matter and report in writing to the Board on the results of its review.	7 8 9
	(3)	If the Panel recommends that the Board refuse to remove or alter any of the conditions, or refuse to terminate or shorten the suspension, the Board may do so.	10 11 12
	(4)	The Board is to give the dental care provider concerned notice in writing of its decision in respect of the request.	13 14
	(5)	The Board may specify in the notice a period in which a further request by the dental care provider under this section is not permitted. The Board may reject a request that the conditions be removed or altered, or that the suspension be terminated or shortened, if it is made during that period.	15 16 17 18 19
92	Son	ne matters to be dealt with as complaints	20
	(1)	If an Impaired Registrants Panel recommends that a registered dental care provider agree to conditions being imposed on his or her registration or to having his or her registration suspended and the dental care provider fails to agree in accordance with the recommendation, the Board is to deal with the matter that was the subject of the referral to the Panel as a complaint against the dental care provider.	21 22 23 24 25 26 27
	(2)	If the Panel recommends that a matter referred to it be dealt with as a complaint, the Board is to deal with the matter as a complaint against the dental care provider concerned.	28 29 30
	(3)	In any other case that the Board thinks it appropriate to do so, the Board may treat a matter that has been referred to a Panel as grounds for a complaint under this Act and may deal with the matter accordingly.	31 32 33 34

93	Pro	nibition or cor	nditions on student	1	
	(1)		Registrants Panel that investigates a matter concerning a t may recommend to the Board that it is in the public ne Board:	2 3 4	
			it the student from undertaking clinical studies or from aking a clinical placement in a public health organisation,	5 6 7	
			e specified conditions on the undertaking of clinical or a clinical placement by the student.	8 9	
	(2)		akes such a recommendation and the Board is satisfied ae public interest to do so, the Board may by order in	10 11 12	
			it the student undertaking clinical studies or a clinical nent in a public health organisation, or	13 14	
			e specified conditions on the undertaking of clinical or a clinical placement by the student.	15 16	
	(3)	the education	er this section takes effect when notice of it is served on al institution responsible for the conduct of the clinical patronage of the clinical placement of the student.	17 18 19	
	(4)	a clinical plac	ent is not to be permitted to undertake clinical studies or cement in a public health organisation contrary to the der in force under this section.	20 21 22	
	(5)	order unless i	ains in force for the period (up to 2 years) specified in the t is revoked by the Board. The Board may issue further ect of a student but only on the recommendation of an istrants Panel.	23 24 25 26	
94	Appeal by student against order				
	(1)	A person may appeal to the Tribunal against a decision of the Board to issue an order:		28 29	
			iting the person from undertaking clinical studies or a l placement in a public health organisation, or	30 31	
			ng conditions on the undertaking of clinical studies or a l placement by the person.	32 33	
	(2)	The appeal m Tribunal.	ust be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the	34 35	

mpairment	Part 6

	(3)	The appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Registrar may allow in a particular case) after notice of the Board's decision is given to the person.	1 2 3
	(4)	On an appeal, the Tribunal may by order terminate, vary or confirm the order, as it thinks proper. The Board is to give effect to the Tribunal's order.	4 5 6
95	Cor	nfidentiality of Panel's report	7
	(1)	A report by an Impaired Registrants Panel to the Board may not be admitted or used in any civil proceedings before a court.	8 9
	(2)	A person may not be compelled to produce the report or to give evidence in relation to the report or its contents in any such civil proceedings.	10 11 12
	(3)	A person must not directly or indirectly make a record of or disclose to any person any information contained in a report by an Impaired Registrants Panel to the Board that has come to the person's notice in the exercise of the person's functions under this Act, except for the purposes of exercising functions under this Act.	13 14 15 16 17
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	18
	(4)	This section does not prevent the disclosure of such a report to the Commission.	19 20
	(5)	In this section:	21
		<i>court</i> includes any tribunal, authority or person having power to require the production of documents or the answering of questions, but does not include the Tribunal or the Board, or the Supreme Court (in respect of appeal proceedings under this Act).	22 23 24 25
		<i>report</i> includes a copy, reproduction and duplicate of the report or any part of the report, copy, reproduction or duplicate.	26 27

Part 7 Appeals and review of disciplinary action

Division 1		1 Appeals against actions of the Board	
96	App	peals against actions of the Board on a complaint	3
	(1)	When a complaint has been dealt with at a meeting of the Board under Division 4 of Part 5, the dental care provider or the Commission manappeal to the Tribunal against:	
		(a) a finding of the Board, or	7
		(b) the exercise of any power by the Board under Division (Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal) of Part 5.	5 8 9
	(2)	An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chairperson may allow in a particular case) after:	10 11
		(a) the Board's written statement of the decision by which the Board's finding is made is made available to the appellant, or	
		(b) the exercise of the power against which the appeal is made.	14
	(3)	The appeal must be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the Tribunal.	ne 15
	(4)	The appeal is to be dealt with by way of rehearing and fresh evidence or evidence in addition to or in substitution for the evidence receive at the meeting of the Board, may be given.	
	(5)	The Tribunal may:	20
		(a) dismiss the appeal, or	21
		(b) make any finding or exercise any power or combination of powers that the Tribunal could have made or exercised if the complaint had been originally referred to the Tribunal.	
	(6)	An appeal under this section does not affect any finding or exercise of power with respect to which it has been made until the Tribunal make an order on the appeal.	

97		peal against suspension or imposition of conditions by ard—impairment matters	1 2
	(1)	A person may appeal to the Tribunal:	3
		(a) against a suspension or extension of a suspension by the Board under Division 6 (Powers of the Board for the protection of the public) of Part 5, or	4 5 6
		(b) against conditions imposed by the Board on the person's registration under Division 6 of Part 5 or Part 6 or any alteration of those conditions by the Board, or	7 8 9
		(c) against a refusal by the Board to alter or remove conditions imposed by the Board under Division 6 of Part 5 in accordance with a request made by the person under section 80, or	10 11 12
		(d) against a refusal by the Board to remove or alter conditions imposed on the person's registration, or to shorten or terminate a suspension, imposed under Part 6 in accordance with a request made by the person under section 91.	13 14 15 16
	(2)	An appeal may not be made in respect of a request by a person that is rejected by the Board because it was made during a period in which the request was not permitted under section 80 or 91.	17 18 19
	(3)	An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chairperson may allow in a particular case) after notice of the action taken by the Board, or the Board's refusal, is given to the person.	20 21 22
	(4)	An appeal is to be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the Tribunal.	23 24
	(5)	On an appeal, the Tribunal may, by order, do any of the following:	25
		(a) dismiss the appeal,	26
		(b) remove or alter the conditions to which the dental care provider's registration is subject (including by imposing new conditions on the dental care provider's registration),	27 28 29
		(c) terminate or shorten the period of the suspension concerned.	30
	(6)	The Tribunal's order must not cause a suspension or conditions imposed by the Board to have effect beyond the day on which any related complaint about the person is disposed of.	31 32 33
	(7)	An appeal under this section does not affect any suspension or conditions with respect to which it has been made until the Tribunal makes an order on the appeal.	34 35 36

Part 7		Appeals and review of disciplinary action	
Division	า 1	Appeals against actions of the Board	
98	Арр	peal on point of law	1
	(1)	When a complaint is dealt with at a meeting of the Board under Division 4 of Part 5, the dental care provider or the Commission may appeal with respect to a point of law to the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson nominated by the Chairperson.	2 3 4
	(2)	•	5
	(2)	An appeal may be made in accordance with the regulations during the meeting of the Board to deal with the complaint or within the period	6 7
		after the date of giving of notice of the meeting and before the commencement of the meeting.	8
	(3)	If the meeting of the Board to deal with the complaint has not been	10
		completed when an appeal is made, the Board must not continue to deal with the complaint until the appeal has been disposed of.	11 12
	(4)	The Board must not make any decision that is inconsistent with the	13
		Chairperson's or Deputy Chairperson's determination with respect to the point of law.	14 15
Divis	ion 2	2 Appeals against actions of Tribunal	16
99	Pre	liminary appeal on point of law	17
	(1)	An appeal with respect to a point of law may be made to the Supreme	18
		Court by the dental care provider or the complainant during an inquiry	19
		on a complaint conducted by the Tribunal or after the complaint is	20
		referred to the Tribunal and before the commencement of the inquiry,	21
		but can only be made with the leave of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson.	22 23
	(2)	If an inquiry conducted by the Tribunal has not been completed when	24
		an appeal with respect to a point of law is made, the inquiry before the	25
		Tribunal is not to continue until the appeal has been disposed of.	26
	(3)		27
		Supreme Court's determination with respect to the point of law when	28
		it recommences the inquiry.	29

Clause 98

Dental Practice Bill 2001	Clause 100
Appeals and review of disciplinary action Appeals against actions of Tribunal	Part 7 Division 2

100	App	eal ag	gainst Tribunal's decisions and actions	1
	(1)	A dental care provider about whom a complaint is referred to the Tribunal, or the complainant, may appeal to the Supreme Court against:		2 3 4
		(a)	a decision of the Tribunal with respect to a point of law, or	5
		(b)	the exercise of any power by the Tribunal under Division 5 (Disciplinary powers of Board and Tribunal) of Part 5.	6 7
	(2)	Cour states	appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the t may allow in a particular case) after the Tribunal's written ment of the decision by which the Tribunal's finding is made is available to the appellant.	8 9 10 11
	(3)		Supreme Court may stay any order made by the Tribunal, on such s as the Court sees fit, until such time as the Court determines the al.	12 13 14
101	Pov	vers o	f Court on appeal	15
	(1)	In de	termining the appeal, the Supreme Court may:	16
		(a)	dismiss the appeal, or	17
		(b)	make such order as it thinks proper having regard to the merits of the case and the public welfare, and in doing so may exercise any one or more of the powers of the Tribunal under this Act.	18 19 20
	(2)	Cour inclu	e Court dismisses an appeal against an order of the Tribunal, the t may by order direct that the Tribunal's order is to be taken to de provision that an application for its review under Division 3 not be made until after a specified time.	21 22 23 24
Divis	ion (3	Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions	25
102	Rig	ht of r	eview	26
	(1)	A person may apply to the appropriate review body for a review of an order of the Board, the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court:		
		(a)	that the registration of the person is suspended, or	30
		(b)	that the person's name be removed from the Dentists Register or the Dental Auxiliaries Register or that the person not be re-registered, or	31 32 33

Part 7 Division 3			Appeals and review of disciplinary action Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions			
		(c)	that conditions be imposed on the person's registration.	1		
	(2)		rson may also apply to the appropriate review body for a review order made under this Division.	2 3		
	(3)	An a	pplication for review of an order may not be made:	4		
		(a)	while the terms of the order provide that an application for review may not be made, or	5 6		
		(b)	while an appeal under this Part to the Tribunal or the Supreme Court in respect of the same matter is pending.	7 8		
103	App	ropria	ate review body	9		
	(1)	the o	appropriate review body is the Tribunal except in a case where order being reviewed provides that it may be reviewed by the d, in which case the Board is the appropriate review body.	10 11 12		
	(2)		pplication for review must be lodged with the Registrar who is to it to the appropriate review body.	13 14		
104	Powers on review					
	(1)		appropriate review body is to conduct an inquiry into an cation for review and may then do any of the following:	16 17		
		(a)	dismiss the application,	18		
		(b)	by its order terminate or shorten the period of the suspension concerned,	19 20		
		(c)	make a reinstatement order,	21		
		(d)	make an order altering the conditions to which the person's registration is subject (including by imposing new conditions).	22 23		
	(2)	to the regist regist on the	instatement order is an order that the person be registered subject e same conditions and limitations (if any) to which the person's tration was subject immediately before the person ceased to be tered. The appropriate review body may also impose conditions ne person's registration or alter the conditions to which the on's registration is to be subject under the reinstatement order.	24 25 26 27 28 29		
	(3)		Commission is entitled to make submissions in respect of the cation at the inquiry into the application.	30 31		
	(4)	The I	Board is to take such action as may be necessary to give effect to	32		

a reinstatement order.

Clause 102

Dental	ntal Practice Bill 2001 Clause 104			
Appeals and review of disciplinary action Part 7				
Review of suspension, cancellation or conditions Division 3				
	(5)	The order on a review under this section may also provide that the	1	
		order is not to be reviewed under this Division until after a specified	2	
		time.	3	
105	Nat	ure of review	4	
	(1)	A review under this Division is a review to determine the	5	
		appropriateness, at the time of the review, of the order concerned.	6	
	(2)	The review is not to reconsider the decision to make the order or any	7	
		findings made in connection with the making of that decision, unless	8	
		significant fresh evidence is produced that was not previously	9	
		available for consideration and the appropriate review body is of the	10	
		opinion that, in the circumstances of the case, that decision or any such	11	
		finding should be reconsidered.	12	

Part	8 I	Denta	al Board	1
106	Cor	nstituti	ion of the Board	2
			e is constituted by this Act a body corporate under the corporate e of the Dental Board.	3 4
107	Fun	ctions	s of the Board	5
	(1)	The 1	Board has the following functions:	6
		(a)	such functions as are conferred or imposed on the Board by or under this or any other Act,	7 8
		(b)	to promote and maintain standards of dental practice in New South Wales,	9 10
		(c)	to advise the Minister on matters relating to the registration of dentists, dental auxiliaries, standards of dental practice and any other matter arising under or related to this Act or the regulations,	11 12 13 14
		(d)	to publish and distribute information concerning this Act and the regulations to dentists, dental auxiliaries, consumers and other interested persons.	15 16 17
	(2)		Board is to exercise its functions in a manner that is consistent the object of this Act.	18 19
108	Mer	nbers	hip of the Board	20
	(1)	The l	Board is to consist of 12 members appointed by the Governor, of m:	21 22
		(a)	5 are to be registered dentists elected in accordance with the regulations by registered dentists, and	23 24
		(b)	7 are to be appointed by the Governor in accordance with subsection (2).	25 26
	(2)	The a	appointed members are to be:	27
		(a)	1 person nominated by the Minister, being an officer of the Department of Health or an employee of a public health organisation,	28 29 30
		(b)	1 registered dentist nominated by the Minister, being a registered dentist involved in the tertiary education of persons for qualification in New South Wales as dentists,	31 32 33

Dental Board	Part 8
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		(c)	1 registered dentist nominated by the Minister of the Minister's own choosing,	1 2
		(d)	1 registered dental auxiliary nominated by the Minister of the Minister's own choosing,	3
		(e)	2 persons (not being registered dental care providers) nominated by the Minister to represent the community,	5
		(f)	1 legal practitioner nominated by the Minister.	7
109	Staf	ff		8
	(1)	The E	Board may:	9
		(a)	employ a Registrar and such other staff as may be necessary to enable the Board to exercise its functions, and	10 11
		(b)	arrange for the use of the services of any staff (by secondment	12
			or otherwise) or facilities of a government department, an administrative office or a public or local authority, and	13 14
		(c)	engage such consultants as it requires to exercise its functions.	15
	(2)	Corpo emplo	Board may, with the concurrence of the Health Administration oration, fix the salaries, wages, allowances and conditions of byment of any such staff in so far as they are not fixed by or another Act or law.	16 17 18
110	Cor	nmitte	es	20
	(1)		Board may establish committees to assist it in connection with the ise of any of its functions.	21 22
	(2)		es not matter that any or all of the members of a committee are nembers of the Board.	23 24
	(3)		mber of a committee, while sitting on the committee, is entitled	25
			paid by the Board such amount as the Minister from time to time mines in respect of the member.	26 27
	(4)		procedure for the calling of meetings of a committee and for the	28
			act of business at those meetings may be determined by the Board object to any determination of the Board) by the committee.	29 30

111	Delegation of functions				
	(1)	The Board may delegate any of its functions (other than this power of delegation and the function of authorising by resolution the expenditure of money from the Dental Education and Research Account) to:		2 3 4 5	
		(a) the President, or(b) the Deputy President, or(c) a committee consisting of 2	or more members of the Board, or	6 7 8	
		, ,	nember of staff of the Board.	9	
	(2)	The Board must not delegate ar (Complaints and disciplinary procemember of the staff of the Board.		10 11 12	
	(3)	The Registrar may delegate to a me exercise of:	ember of the staff of the Board the	13 14	
		(a) any of the functions of the I this power of delegation, or	Registrar under this Act, other than	15 16	
			the Registrar by the Board, unless es in its instrument of delegation to	17 18 19	
112	Other provisions relating to the Board				
	(1)	Schedule 2 has effect with respect	to the members of the Board.	21	
	(2)	Schedule 3 has effect with respect	to the procedure of the Board.	22	

Part	9 I	Denta	al Care Assessment Committee	1
113	Cor	nstituti	ion of the Dental Care Assessment Committee	2
			e is constituted by this Act the Dental Care Assessment mittee.	3 4
114	Fur	ctions	s of the Committee	5
			Committee has the functions conferred or imposed on it by or r this or any other Act.	6 7
115	Mei	mbers	hip of the Committee	8
	(1)	The C	Committee is to consist of 5 members appointed by the Minister.	9
	(2)	Of th	ne members:	10
		(a)	two are to be registered dentists nominated by the Board, and	11
		(b)	two are to be registered dentists appointed from a panel of names furnished to the Minister by the Board, and	12 13
		(c)	one is to be a person appointed by the Minister to be a representative of consumers.	14 15
	(3)	such to th	e Board does not furnish a panel of names within such time or in manner as may be specified by the Minister by notice in writing the Board, the Minister may instead appoint to be members 2 tered dentists determined by the Minister.	16 17 18 19
	(4)		rson cannot be a member of the Committee while the person is a ber of the Board.	20 21
116	Oth	er pro	ovisions relating to the Committee	22
			dule 4 has effect with respect to the members and the procedure e Committee.	23 24

Part	10	Impaired Registrants Panels	1
117	lmp	aired Registrants Panels	2
		There are to be Impaired Registrants Panels for the purposes of this	3
		Act. An Impaired Registrants Panel has and may exercise the	4
		jurisdiction and functions conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any other Act.	5 6
118	Boa	ard to constitute Panel when required	7
	(1)	When the Board decides to refer a matter to an Impaired Registrants	8
	` /	Panel it is to appoint 2 persons, at least one of whom is a registered	9
		dentist, to sit as the Panel for the purpose of dealing with the matter.	10
	(2)	If the matter relates to a dental auxiliary, the Board is to appoint an	11
	` /	additional person, who is to be a registered dental auxiliary, to sit with	12
		the persons appointed under subsection (1) as the Panel for the	13
		purpose of dealing with the matter.	14
	(3)	A person may be appointed to sit on an Impaired Registrants Panel	15
	` /	whether or not the person is a member of the Board, but not if the	16
		person has previously dealt with the particular matter before the Panel	17
		in his or her capacity as a member of the Board.	18
	(4)	A member of an Impaired Registrants Panel, while sitting on the	19
	` /	Panel, is entitled to be paid by the Board at the rate determined by the	20
		Minister from time to time.	21
119	Dec	isions of a Panel	22
	(1)	A decision supported unanimously by the members of a Panel is the	23
	\-/	decision of the Panel.	24
	(2)	If the members of an Impaired Registrants Panel disagree as to any	25
	` /	matter that is dealt with by the Panel, the Panel's report to the Board	26
		is to include details of the disagreement and the reasons for it.	27

Dental Practice Bill 2001	Clause 120
Dental Tribunal	Part 11
Constitution of the Tribunal	Division 1

Part 11 Dental Tribunal

Divis	ion '	Constitution of the Tribunal	2
120	The	Dental Tribunal	3
	(1)	There is to be a Dental Tribunal for the purposes of this Act.	4
	(2)	The Tribunal is to be constituted in accordance with this Act to deal with a matter referred to it or an appeal or application made to it under this Act.	5 6 7
	(3)	The Tribunal has and may exercise the jurisdiction and functions conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any other Act.	8 9
121	Cha	irperson and Deputy Chairpersons of the Tribunal	10
	(1)	The Governor may appoint a legal practitioner of at least 7 years' standing as Chairperson of the Tribunal and may appoint one or more legal practitioners of at least 7 years' standing as Deputy Chairpersons of the Tribunal.	11 12 13 14
	(2)	The Chairperson and each Deputy Chairperson hold office for such period not exceeding 7 years as may be specified in the instrument of appointment as Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson, but are eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	15 16 17 18
	(3)	A Deputy Chairperson can be appointed by the Governor for the purpose of conducting or hearing a particular inquiry or appeal, as described in the instrument of appointment of the Deputy Chairperson.	19 20 21
	(4)	A Deputy Chairperson, while sitting on the Tribunal, has and may exercise all the functions conferred or imposed on the Chairperson by this Act (other than those conferred by section 122 (2)).	22 23 24
	(5)	The Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson sitting on the Tribunal is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of each of them.	25 26 27 28
	(6)	The Governor may appoint a Deputy Chairperson to act in the office of Chairperson during the illness or absence of the Chairperson and the Deputy Chairperson, while so acting, has and may exercise all the functions of the Chairperson and is taken to be the Chairperson.	29 30 31 32

(6) The Tribunal, as constituted by different persons or the same persons,

may conduct or hear more than one inquiry or appeal at the same time.

29

30

Clause 121

Dental		nal Part 11 of the Tribunal Division 1	
Consu	lulion	Division i	
123	Effe	ect of vacancy on Tribunal	1
	(1)	If one of the members (other than the Chairperson or Deputy	2
		Chairperson) constituting the Tribunal for the purpose of conducting	3
		a hearing vacates office for any reason before an inquiry or appeal is	4
		completed or a decision is made in respect of an inquiry or appeal, the	5
		inquiry or appeal may be continued and a determination made by the remaining members of the Tribunal.	6 7
	(2)	If more than one of the members vacate office or the Chairperson or	8
		Deputy Chairperson vacates office for any reason before the Tribunal	9
		has completed an inquiry or appeal or made a determination in respect	10
		of an inquiry or appeal, the inquiry or appeal is terminated.	11
	(3)	When an inquiry or appeal is terminated, the Tribunal may be	12
		reconstituted in accordance with this Part for the purposes of	13
		conducting a new inquiry or appeal in respect of the matter concerned.	14
124	Pay	ment of non-legal Tribunal members	15
		A member of the Tribunal (other than the Chairperson or a Deputy	16
		Chairperson) is while sitting on the Tribunal entitled to be paid by the	17
		Board at the rate determined by the Minister from time to time.	18
125	Sea	l of the Tribunal	19
		The Tribunal is to have a seal of which all courts and persons acting	20
		judicially are to take judicial notice.	21
Divis	ion :	2 Proceedings of the Tribunal	22
126	Dec	sisions of the Tribunal	23
	(1)	The decision of the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson on any	24
		question of law or procedure arising during an inquiry or appeal at	25
		which the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson presides is the decision	26
		of the Tribunal for the purposes of the inquiry or appeal.	27
	(2)	A decision supported by at least 3 members of the Tribunal with	28
	. ,	respect to a question (other than with respect to a point of law or	29
		procedure) arising during an inquiry or appeal before the Tribunal is	30
		the decision of the Tribunal.	31

Clause 123

Clause	126	Dental Practice Bill 2001				
Part 11 Division 2		Dental Tribunal Proceedings of the Tribunal				
	(3)	If 2 members support the decision and 2 members oppose the decision, the decision of the Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson presiding is the decision of the Tribunal.	1 2 3			
127	Time when orders take effect					
		An order of the Tribunal under this Act takes effect on the day on which the order is made or on such later day as is specified in the order.	5 6 7			
128	Pov	vers of Tribunal exercised by Supreme Court	8			
		A power of the Tribunal exercised under this Act by the Supreme Court is, except for the purposes of any appeal, taken to have been exercised by the Tribunal.	9 10 11			
129	Reg	gistrar to be informed of disciplinary action	12			
		The Tribunal is to inform the Registrar of the exercise of any power under Part 5 (Complaints and disciplinary proceedings) by the Tribunal.	13 14 15			
Divis	ion (Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal	16			
130	Juri	isdiction	17			
	(1)	The members of the Tribunal are to conduct an inquiry into any complaint, matter or application and are to hear any appeal referred to it.	18 19 20			
	(2)	No inquiry need be conducted into a complaint if the dental care provider who is the subject of the complaint admits the subject-matter of the complaint in writing to the Tribunal.	21 22 23			
131	Not	ice of time and place of inquiry or appeal	24			
		The Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson nominated to sit on the Tribunal is to fix a time and place for the conducting of the inquiry or the hearing of the appeal by the Tribunal and is to give not less than 14 days' notice of the inquiry or appeal to each of the following:	25 26 27 28			
		(a) the dental care provider concerned,	29			
		(b) the complainant, if any,	30			
		(c) the Director-General and the Board,	31			

Inquirie	nquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal			Division 3	
		(d)	in the case of an appeal or an inquiry Commission.	into a complaint, the	
132	Cor	nduct	of proceedings		
	(1)	The think	Tribunal is to conduct proceedings on an ass fit.	inquiry or appeal as it	
	(2)		eedings of the Tribunal are to be open to the open to	ne public except when	
	(3)	publi for re	Tribunal is not to direct that proceedings a connected with the subject-matter of enature of the evidence to be given.	o in the public interest	1
	(4)		Tribunal may proceed to determine an innce of the dental care provider.	quiry or appeal in the	1 1
	(5)		edule 5 has effect with respect to any inquired by the Tribunal.	y conducted or appeal	1 1
133	Rep	resen	ntation before the Tribunal		1
	(1)	denta	n inquiry conducted or appeal heard by the lal care provider and any complainant cond and to be represented by a legal practition	cerned are entitled to	1° 1° 1°
	(2)	in pe appe	Tribunal may grant leave for any other person or by a legal practitioner or another act al if the Tribunal is satisfied that it is appropear.	dviser) at an inquiry or	20 21 22 23
134	Cha	airpers	son or Deputy Chairperson not to review	v own decisions	2
		for t	Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson must a the purpose of conducting any inquiry or ing to a particular matter before the Tribuna e by the Chairperson or a Deputy Chairperson.	or hearing any appeal l if a decision has been	25 26 27 28
135	Adj	ournn	nents and interlocutory orders		30
	(1)	The '	Tribunal may adjourn proceedings for any	reason it thinks fit.	3

Dental Tribunal

Clause 131

Part 11

Part 11 Division 3		Dental Tribunal Inquiries, appeals etc before the Tribunal	
	(2)	(2) The Tribunal may, during any proceedings, exercise any power or combination of powers conferred on the Tribunal by section 71 (Powers of the Tribunal), except the power to caution or reprimand.	
136	136 Tribunal to provide details of its decision		4
	(1)	The Tribunal must provide a written statement of a decision on an inquiry or appeal to the complainant, to the dental care provider concerned and to the Board, and must do so as soon as practicable after the decision is made (bearing in mind the public welfare and seriousness of the matter).	5 6 7 8 9
	(2)	The statement of a decision must:	10
		(a) set out any findings on material questions of fact, and	11
		(b) refer to any evidence or other material on which the findings were based, and	12 13
		(c) give the reasons for the decision.	14
	(3)	The Tribunal may also provide the statement of a decision to such other persons as the Tribunal thinks fit.	15 16
	(4)	The Board may disseminate the statement of a decision provided to it under this section as the Board thinks fit, unless the Tribunal has ordered otherwise.	17 18 19
137	Stat	tement need not contain confidential information	20
	(1)	The Tribunal is not required to include confidential information in the statement of a decision. If a statement would be false or misleading if it did not include the confidential information, the Tribunal is not required to provide the statement.	21 22 23 24
	(2)	When confidential information is not included in the statement of a decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a person because of subsection (1), the Tribunal must give a confidential information notice to the person.	25 26 27 28
	(3)	A <i>confidential information notice</i> is a notice that indicates that confidential information is not included or that the statement will not be provided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must be in writing and must be given within one month after the decision is made.	29 30 31 32 33

Clause 135

the di	scovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the	1 2 3
In thi	s section:	4
confi	dential information means information that:	5
(a)	has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and	6 7 8
(b)	relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Tribunal is required (or would, but for subsection (1), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and	9 10 11 12
(c)	 is information: (i) that was supplied in confidence, or (ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or (iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an enactment, or (iv) the provision of which by the Tribunal would be in breach of any enactment. 	13 14 15 16 17 18
	the diprodu In thi confid (a) (b)	public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and (b) relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Tribunal is required (or would, but for subsection (1), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and (c) is information: (i) that was supplied in confidence, or (ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or (iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an enactment, or (iv) the provision of which by the Tribunal would be in

Part 12	Miscellaneous		
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138	Stu	ident registration	2
	(1)	A person is not entitled:	3
		(a) to undertake a course of dental study recognised by the Board	4
		for the purposes of section 8 at a Dental School in the State	5
		accredited by the Australian Dental Council unless the person	ϵ
		is registered with the Board as a dentistry student, or	7
		(b) to undertake a course of study recognised by the Board for the	8
		purposes of section 21 unless the person is registered with the	9
		Board as a dental auxiliary student.	10
	(2)	A person is entitled to be registered with the Board as a dentistry	11
		student or a dental auxiliary student if the Board is satisfied that the	12
		person genuinely requires that registration for the purposes of enabling	13
		the person to undertake such a course of training or study.	14
	(3)		15
		auxiliary student.	16
139	App	proval for employment of dentists by non-dentists	17
	(1)		18
		definition of <i>non-dentist</i> in section 41 (2) unless it is satisfied that it is	19
		in the public interest (not including the interests of registered dentists)	20
		to do so.	21
	(2)	The Board may impose any conditions that it thinks fit on an approval	22
		under that subsection and may vary or revoke any such approval, or	23
		any condition imposed on any such approval.	24
140	Exe	emption from restrictions on representations for dental technicians	25
		d dental prosthetists	26
	(1)	Sections 7 and 20 do not apply to a person who is:	27
		(a) a dental technician, whether or not the person is a dental	28
		prosthetist, in respect of the person indicating that the person	29
		undertakes, or is qualified to undertake, technical work, or in	30
		respect of the person doing anything that the person is not	31
		prohibited from doing by section 28 (Use of certain titles etc prohibited) of the <i>Dental Technicians Registration Act</i> 1975, or	32 33
		promoned) or the Demai Lechnicians Registration Act 19/3. Of	.5.:

Miscellaneous	Part 12
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		(b)	a dental prosthetist, in respect of the person indicating that the person undertakes, or is qualified to undertake, a practice of dental prosthetics.	1 2 3				
	(2)	In thi	s section:	4				
			al prosthetist has the same meaning as in section 5 (1) of the al Technicians Registration Act 1975.	5				
			al technician means a person registered as a dental technician rethe Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975.	7 8				
			ice of dental prosthetics has the same meaning as in section 5 (3) to Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975.	9 10				
			nical work has the same meaning as in section 5 (1) of the Dental nicians Registration Act 1975.	11 12				
141	Carrying on practice of deceased dentist							
		_	ristered dentist is not guilty of unsatisfactory professional conduct r section 41 if:	14 15				
		(a)	the dentist practices dentistry as or for the legal personal representative of a deceased dentist who before death carried on that practice, and	16 17 18				
		(b)	the period of practice does not extend beyond 12 months following the date of death of the deceased dentist, or such further period as the Board may allow in writing.	19 20 21				
142	Civi	l liabil	ity of directors of incorporated practices	22				
	(1)	may be liabilithe pr	claim or action which may be made, or any proceedings which be taken, against an incorporated practice in relation to any civil ity of the incorporated practice arising out of or in the course of ractice of dentistry may be made or taken against each director of acorporated practice who is a registered dentist.	23 24 25 26 27				
	(2)	awara	damages, compensation, costs or other amount which may be ded against the incorporated practice in relation to any such ity may be awarded against any such director.	28 29 30				

143	Application of Criminal Records Act				
		For the purposes of the application of this Act in respect of a criminal finding, the <i>Criminal Records Act 1991</i> applies in respect of a criminal finding as if section 8 (2) and (4) of that Act were omitted.	2 3 4		
		Note. Section 8 (2) and (4) of the <i>Criminal Records Act 1991</i> make special provision for when criminal findings become "spent" under that Act. The omission of those subsections will mean that in determining when a criminal finding becomes spent for the purposes of this Act, criminal findings will be treated as ordinary convictions and the relevant crime-free period will be as provided by section 9 of that Act.	5 6 7 8 9 10		
144	Hov	v notice is to be given	11		
	(1)	A requirement of this Act that a person be given notice is a requirement that the person be given notice in writing either personally or by post.	12 13 14		
	(2)	For the purposes of section 76 of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> , a notice served by post on a person for the purposes of this Act is to be treated as being properly addressed if it is addressed to the address of the person last known to the Registrar or last recorded in the Dentists Register or the Dental Auxiliaries Register.	15 16 17 18 19		
145	Ser	vice of documents on Board	20		
		A document (other than a complaint made under Part 5) may be served on the Board by leaving it at or sending it by post to any office of the Board. This section does not affect the operation of any provision of a law or of the rules of a court authorising a document to be served on the Board in any other manner.	21 22 23 24 25		
146	Wri	tten statement of decisions	26		
	(1)	If the Board, the Board's President or a member authorised by the Board makes a decision concerning a person under any provision of this Act, the person may request in writing that the Board, President or member provide the person with a written statement of the decision.	27 28 29 30		
	(2)	Any such request is to be made no later than 60 days after the decision to which it relates.	31 32		
	(3)	The Board, the President or the member is to provide a written statement of the decision within 30 days after receiving such a request.	33 34		
	(4)	A written statement of a decision must give the reasons for the decision.	35 36		

Miscellaneous Part 12

confider would be informa	be false or misleading if it did not include the confidential tion, the Board, the President or the member is not required to	1 2 3 4 5		
When confidential information is not included in the statement of a decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a person because of subsection (5), the Board, the President or the member must give a confidential information notice to the person.				
be provi	ntial information is not included or that the statement will not ided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice in writing and must be given within one month after the	10 11 12 13 14		
the disc	overy of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the	15 16 17		
In this s	ection:	18		
confide	ntial information means information that:	19		
ŗ	public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or	20 21 22		
a r	person to whom the Board, the President or the member is equired (or would, but for subsection (5), be required) to	23 24 25 26		
() () ()	 that was supplied in confidence, or the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an enactment, or the provision of which by the Board, the President or 	27 28 29 30 31 32		
	confider would be informated provide. When confider decision members A confider be provided be provided be provided by the discorproduct. In this seconfider (a) be a confider (b) reproduct. In this seconfider (c) in the confider (c) in the confid	confidential information in the statement of a decision. If a statement would be false or misleading if it did not include the confidential information, the Board, the President or the member is not required to provide the statement. When confidential information is not included in the statement of a decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a person because of subsection (5), the Board, the President or the member must give a confidential information notice to the person. A confidential information notice is a notice that indicates that confidential information is not included or that the statement will not be provided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must be in writing and must be given within one month after the decision is made. This section does not affect the power of a court to make an order for the discovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the production of documents to a court. In this section: confidential information means information that: (a) has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and (b) relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Board, the President or the member is required (or would, but for subsection (5), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and (c) is information: (i) that was supplied in confidence, or (ii) that was supplied in confidence with a duty imposed by an enactment, or		

	ice of disciplinary action to other Boards	
(1)	When the registration of a dental care provider is suspended or	
	cancelled or any condition is imposed on the registration of a dental care provider:	
	1	
	(a) the Board must without delay notify particulars of that action to	
	the local registration authority of each neighbouring jurisdiction, and	
	(b) the Board may notify particulars of that action to the local	
	registration authority of any other jurisdiction.	
(2)	When the registration of a dental care provider is suspended or	
	cancelled or any condition is imposed on the registration of a dental	
	care provider, and the Board is aware that the dental care provider is	
	registered under a health registration Act, the Board must without	
	delay notify particulars of that action to the registration authority under	
	that Act.	
(3)	The Board is required or authorised to act under this section despite	
	any law relating to secrecy or confidentiality.	
(4)	This section does not affect any obligation or power to provide	
	information under the Mutual Recognition laws.	
(5)	In this section:	
	local registration authority of a jurisdiction means the person or	
	authority in the jurisdiction having the function conferred by	
	legislation of registering persons in connection with the carrying on of	
	dentistry or the carrying out of dental auxiliary activities in the jurisdiction.	
	<i>neighbouring jurisdiction</i> means each Australian State, the Australian	
	Capital Territory, the Northern Territory and New Zealand.	
	<i>registration</i> includes the licensing, approval, admission, certification	
	(including by way of practising certificates), or any other form of	
	authorisation, of a person required by or under legislation for the	
	carrying on of the practice of dentistry or dental auxiliary practice.	

Miscellaneous Part 12

148	Fals	se or r	misleading entries and statements	1
		A pe	rson must not:	2
		(a)	make or cause to be made in the Dentists Register or the Dental Auxiliaries Register an entry that the person knows to be false or misleading or alter an entry in such a Register with intent to render the entry false or misleading, or	3 4 5 6
		(b)	for the purposes of obtaining registration as a dental care provider either for that person or for anyone else, make a statement, whether orally or in writing, that the person knows to be false or misleading.	7 8 9 10
		Maxi or bo	imum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, oth.	11 12
149	Evic	dentia	ry certificates and evidence of entry in Registers	13
	(1)	A certificate purporting to have been signed by the Registrar to the effect that:		
		(a)	a person specified in the certificate was or was not a registered dental care provider at a time or during a period so specified, or	16 17
		(b)	the name of a person specified in the certificate was removed from the Dentists Register or the Dental Auxiliaries Register at a time so specified, or	18 19 20
		(c)	the registration of a person specified in the certificate was suspended from a time so specified and for a period so specified, or	21 22 23
		(d)	 a condition, particulars of which are set out in the certificate, was, at a time or during a period so specified: (i) imposed on the registration of a person so specified, or (ii) revoked or not in force, 	24 25 26 27
		purpo	ithout proof of the signature of the person by whom the certificate orts to have been signed, admissible in any proceedings and is a facie evidence of the matter certified in it.	28 29 30
	(2)	admi	ntry in the Dentists Register or the Dental Auxiliaries Register is ssible in any proceedings and is prima facie evidence of the er stated in it.	31 32 33

	(3)	Regis Regis	ocument purporting to be a copy of an entry in the Dentists ster or the Dental Auxiliaries Register, purportedly signed by the strar, is admissible in any proceedings and is prima facie evidence e matter stated in it.	1 2 3 4
150	Aut	hentic	ation of certain documents	5
		Ever	y certificate, summons, process, demand, order, notice, statement,	6
			tion or other document requiring authentication by the Board may fficiently authenticated without the seal of the Board if signed by:	7 8
		(a)	the President or the Registrar, or	9
		(b)	any officer of the Board authorised to do so by the Registrar.	10
151	Fee	s		11
	(1)		noney received by the Board (whether for fees or otherwise) that	12
			t required by this Act to be dealt with in some other manner is to	13
		•	aid into an account or accounts established by the Board.	14
	(2)		Board may at any time waive payment of part or all of a fee ble under this Act, whether in a particular case or in a class of	15 16
		cases	<u> </u>	17
	(3)	The j	power to waive payment of fees extends to any fee payable in	18
			on to registration as a dental care provider under the Mutual	19
		Reco	ognition laws.	20
152	Der	ital Ed	lucation and Research Account	21
	(1)	The l	Board is to establish a Dental Education and Research Account.	22
	(2)		amounts as are determined by the Board from time to time are to	23
			aid into the Account by the Board from fees payable under this	24
	(2)		or the regulations.	25
	(3)		ey in the Account may be expended by the Board for any one or of the following:	26 27
		(a)	dental education,	28
		(b)	education or research for any public purpose connected with the	29
			practice of dentistry,	30
		(c)	the publication and distribution of information concerning this Act and the regulations,	31 32

Miscellaneous Part 12

		(d)	meeting administrative expenditure incurred with respect to the Account and the purposes for which it is used,	1 2
		or any	y related purpose.	3
	(4)		spenditure of money under this section is not to be made unless uthorised by a resolution supported by at least 7 members of the d.	4 5 6
153	App	ointm	ent and powers of inspectors	7
	(1)	purpo	Director-General may appoint any person as an inspector for the oses of this Act. The Director-General is to provide an inspector a certificate of authority.	8 9 10
	(2)		spector may exercise the powers conferred by this section for the use of:	11 12
		(a)	ascertaining whether the provisions of this Act or the regulations are being complied with or have been contravened, or	13 14 15
		(b)	ascertaining whether section 10AF (Restricted dental practices) of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> has been contravened, or	16 17
		(c)	investigating a complaint made or intended to be made under Part 5.	18 19
	(3)	partic premi	inspector may, with the approval of the Board given on the rular occasion, enter and inspect at any reasonable time any ises that the inspector believes on reasonable grounds are being for the carrying on of the practice of dentistry or dental auxiliary ties.	20 21 22 23 24
	(4)	a sear	e on premises entered under this section or under the authority of rch warrant under section 154, an inspector may do any one or of the following:	25 26 27
		(a)	require any person on those premises to produce any records in the possession or under the control of that person relating to the carrying on of the practice of dentistry or dental auxiliary activities or a contravention of a provision of this Act or the regulations or of section 10AF of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> ,	28 29 30 31 32
		(b)	inspect, take copies of, or extracts or notes from, any such records and, if the inspector considers it necessary to do so for the purpose of obtaining evidence, seize any such records,	33 34 35

	(c)	examine and inspect any apparatus or equipment used or apparently used in the course of the practice of dentistry,	1 2
	(d)	take such photographs, films and audio, video and other recordings as the inspector considers necessary,	3
	(e)	require any person on those premises to answer questions or otherwise furnish information in relation to the carrying on of the practice of dentistry or a contravention of a provision of this Act or the regulations or of section 10AF of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> ,	5 6 7 8 9
	(f)	require the owner or occupier of those premises to provide the inspector with such assistance and facilities as is or are reasonably necessary to enable the inspector to exercise the functions of an inspector under this section.	10 11 12 13
(5)		aspector is not entitled to enter a part of premises used for ential purposes, except:	14 15
	(a)	with the consent of the occupier of the part, or	16
	(b)	under the authority of a search warrant.	17
(6)	the in	spector must, when exercising on any premises any function of spector under this section, produce the inspector's certificate of rity to any person apparently in charge of the premises who sts its production.	18 19 20 21
(7)	A per	son must not:	22
	(a)	without reasonable excuse, refuse or fail to comply with any requirement made or to answer any question asked by an inspector under the authority of this section, or	23 24 25
	(b)	wilfully delay, hinder or obstruct an inspector in the exercise of the inspector's powers under this section, or	26 27
	(c)	furnish an inspector with information knowing it to be false or misleading in a material particular.	28 29
	Maxi	num penalty: 5 penalty units.	30
(8)	retain (inclu only i within	inspector seizes any records under this section, they may be ed by the inspector until the completion of any proceedings ding proceedings on appeal) in which they may be evidence but f the person from whom the records were seized is provided, a reasonable time after the seizure, with a copy of the records ed by an inspector as a true copy.	31 32 33 34 35

Miscellaneous	Part 12
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	(9)		py of records provided under subsection (8) is, as evidence, of validity to the records of which it is certified to be a copy.	1			
154	Sea	Search warrants					
	(1)	autho	rson appointed under this Act as an inspector may apply to an orised justice for the issue of a search warrant for premises if the ctor believes on reasonable grounds:	4 5			
		(a)	that a provision of this Act or the regulations, or of section 10AF of the <i>Public Health Act 1991</i> , is being or has been contravened on the premises, or	7 8 9			
		(b)	that there is on the premises evidence of a contravention of a provision of this Act or the regulations.	10 11			
	(2)	a sear	rson appointed under this Act as an inspector must not apply for rch warrant unless the person or the Director-General has caused resident of the Board to be notified of the application.	12 13 14			
	(3)	satisf	uthorised justice to whom such an application is made may, if ied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a search unt authorising an inspector named in the warrant:	15 16 17			
		(a)	to enter and inspect the premises, and	18			
		(b)	to exercise on the premises any function of an inspector under section 153.	19 20			
	(4)		3 of the <i>Search Warrants Act 1985</i> applies to a search warrant d under this section.	21 22			
	(5)		is section, <i>authorised justice</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>ch Warrants Act 1985</i> .	23 24			
155	Lial	oility o	f officers and members	25			
		No m	natter or thing done or omitted to be done by:	26			
		(a)	the Board or a member of the Board, or	27			
		(b)	the Registrar or any other officer of the Board, or	28			
		(c)	the Committee or a member of the Committee, or	29			
		(d)	an Impaired Registrants Panel or a member of an Impaired Registrants Panel, or	30 31			
		(e)	the Tribunal or a member of the Tribunal, or	32			
		(f)	a nominal complainant,	33			

		complainant, pers matter or thing w	mber, or the Registrar, or officer, or nominal conally to any action, liability, claim or demand, if the as done in the exercise, or intended exercise, of any actions or done in good faith for the purpose of any other Act.	1 2 3 4 5
156	Offe	nces by corporat	ions	6
	(1)		ontravenes, whether by act or omission, any provision	7
			e regulations, each person who is a director of the	8
			to is concerned in the management of the corporation e contravened the same provision if the person	9 10
			rised or permitted the contravention.	11
	(2)		proceeded against and convicted under a provision	12
			ection (1) whether or not the corporation has been	13
			t or has been convicted under the provision.	14
	(3)		ection affects any liability imposed on a corporation ommitted by the corporation against this Act or the	15
		regulations.	infilitied by the corporation against this Act of the	16 17
157	Pro	eedings for offer	nces	18
	(1)		n offence against this Act or the regulations are to be	19
		dealt with summa sitting alone.	rily before a Local Court constituted by a Magistrate	20 21
	(2)		in any other Act, proceedings for an offence against	22
			regulations may be instituted within the period of	23
		12 months after t	he act or omission alleged to constitute the offence.	24
158	Reg	ulations		25
	(1)		y make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for	26
			any matter that by this Act is required or permitted	27
			or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for ving effect to this Act.	28 29
	(2)	In particular, the	regulations may make provision for or with respect	30
		to the following:	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31
		(a) the procee	dings of the Board,	32
		(b) any kinds	of certificates of registration under this Act,	33
		(c) the registra	ation of dental students,	34

(d)

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Miscellaneous Part 12

(e)	the procedure to be followed at and any matters incidental to the holding of an inquiry or appeal by the Committee or the Tribunal, and matters relating to the custody and use of the seal of the Tribunal,	2 3 4 5
(f)	the procedure before an Impaired Registrants Panel,	6
(g)	the establishment by the Board of standards for the conduct and marking of examinations and the remuneration of examiners,	7 8
(h)	the setting of fees by the Board in relation to examinations conducted by it,	9 10
(i)	the forms to be used for the purposes of this Act and the regulations,	11 12
(j)	the fees to be paid under this Act,	13
(k)	the carrying out of dental auxiliary activities by registered dental auxiliaries, or particular classes of registered dental auxiliaries,	14 15 16
(1)	the manner in which, and the extent to which, a registered dentist or other person may advertise dentistry practices,	17 18
(m)	the manner in which, and the extent to which, a registered dental auxiliary or other person may advertise dental auxiliary activities,	19 20 21
(n)	the manner in which, and the extent to which, a person or body referred to in section 41 (2) (d)–(g) may advertise the dental services available from it,	22 23 24
(0)	requiring a dental care provider to disclose specified information to a person to whom the dental care provider provides dentistry services or dental auxiliary services, including information disclosing any pecuniary interest of the dental care provider in any business or service provider to whom the dental care provider refers such a person,	25 26 27 28 29 30
(p)	the inspection by or on behalf of the Board of dentistry practices or dental auxiliary practices,	31 32
(q)	the making and keeping of records by registered dental care providers and the obligations of dental care providers to allow release of, access to or inspection of those records,	33 34 35

the manner in which any notice under this Act may be served,

		(r)	information to be provided by institutions in relation to dentists who have limited registration and are practising dentistry in that institution,	1 2 3
		(s)	the duties of officers under this Act,	4
		(t)	the furnishing to the Board by a registered dental care provider or an applicant for registration of evidence of the date of the person's birth,	5 6 7
		(u)	prohibiting or regulating the use of any anaesthetic, or an anaesthetic of a specified kind or description, by dental care providers,	8 9 10
		(v)	providing for the application of the provisions of this Act to incorporated practices and the modification of those provisions in their application,	11 12 13
		(w)	infection control standards to be followed by persons in the practice of dentistry or the carrying out of dental auxiliary activities.	14 15 16
	(3)		gulation may create an offence punishable by a penalty not eding 10 penalty units.	17 18
159	Am	endme	ents	19
			Act and Regulation specified in Schedule 6 is amended as set out at Schedule.	20 21
160	Rep	eals		22
		The I	Dentists Act 1989 is repealed.	23
161	Sav	ings a	and transitional provisions	24
		Scheo	dule 7 has effect	25

Registration	procedures
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Schedule 1

Sch	edu	le 1 Registration procedures	1
		(Sections 11 and 24)	2
Part	1 /	Applying for registration	3
1	For	m of application	4
		An application for registration must be in a form approved by the Board and must be lodged with the Registrar.	5 6
2	App	olication fee	7
	(1)	The application is to be accompanied by the fee determined by the Minister in consultation with the Board.	8
	(2)	Different fees may be determined in respect of different types of applications.	10 11
	(3)	The Board is entitled to refuse to determine an application until the fee is paid.	12 13
	(4)	The Board may in a particular case waive the requirement for a fee or reduce a fee.	14 15
3	Mat	erial to accompany application	16
		The application is to be accompanied by such evidence and other information as the Board requires.	17 18
4	Dis	closure of convictions and charges	19
	(1)	The Board may require an applicant for registration to disclose:	20
		(a) details of any offence for which the applicant has been convicted or made the subject of a criminal finding in this State or elsewhere (together with details of any penalty imposed for the offence), other than an offence prescribed by the regulations as not being relevant for the purposes of this clause, and	21 22 23 24 25
		(b) details of any criminal proceedings pending against the applicant in this State or elsewhere for a sex/violence offence.	26 27
	(2)	The Board may require a disclosure for the purposes of this clause to be in the form of a statutory declaration.	28 29

Schedule 1	Registration procedures
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	(3)	Any power of the Board to require disclosure of a conviction or criminal finding for an offence or to have regard to the conviction of or the making of a criminal finding in respect of an applicant for registration for an offence extends to a conviction or criminal finding for an offence committed before the commencement of this clause.	1 2 3 4 5
5	Tim	e within which application to be determined	6
	(1)	For the purposes of an appeal under this Act, the Board is taken to have determined that an applicant for registration is not entitled to be registered and to have refused the application if the Board does not consider and determine the application within 3 months after the application is lodged with the Registrar.	7 8 9 10
	(2)	The Board and the applicant may agree on a longer period than 3 months for the purposes of this clause, in which case the agreed longer period applies.	12 13 14
Part	2 [Dealing with applications	15
6	App	plications to be considered and determined	16
		The Board is to consider and determine all applications for registration. The Board determines an application by either registering the applicant or refusing the application.	17 18 19
7	Not	ice to applicant of decision on application	20
	(1)	The Board is to give an applicant for registration notice of the Board's decision on the application as soon as practicable after the decision is made.	21 22 23
	(2)	If the decision is to grant registration, the Board is to issue to the applicant a certificate of registration in a form approved by the Board and stating such particulars as the Board determines.	24 25 26
8	Hov	v a person is registered	27
		The Board registers a person by recording the person's name in the Register of Dentists or the Register of Dental Auxiliaries together with such particulars as the Board considers appropriate.	28 29 30

Part	3 I	nquiries	1
9	Boa	ard may hold inquiry into eligibility	2
	(1)	The Board may hold an inquiry, in such cases as it considers appropriate, into the eligibility of an applicant to be registered as a dentist or as a dental auxiliary.	3 4 5
	(2)	The inquiry may include an inquiry into the applicant's competence to practise dentistry or to carry out dental auxiliary activities.	6 7
10	Cor	nmission to be notified of inquiry	8
	(1)	The Board must give the Commission at least 7 days' notice in writing before the Board holds an inquiry under this Part.	9 10
	(2)	The Commission may appear and be heard at an inquiry under this Part.	11 12
11	App	olicant to be notified of inquiry	13
		The President is to fix a time and place for the holding of an inquiry and is to cause the applicant concerned to be given at least 14 days' notice in writing of the time and place for the inquiry.	14 15 16
12	Pov	vers etc of the Board in an inquiry	17
		For the purposes of an inquiry conducted by the Board under this Part, the Board has the same functions that the Tribunal has under this Act. However, proceedings on an inquiry conducted by the Board are not to be open to the public.	18 19 20 21
13	Der	ntal care provider entitled to attend	22
	(1)	The person in relation to whom an inquiry is being held is entitled to attend and to be accompanied by a legal practitioner or another adviser, but is not entitled to be represented by a legal practitioner or other adviser.	23 24 25 26
	(2)	This clause does not prevent the Board from proceeding with an inquiry in the absence of the applicant so long as the applicant has been given notice of the inquiry in accordance with clause 11.	27 28 29

Schedule 1	
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Registration procedures

14	Provisions concerning witnesses etc		
	Schedule 5 applies to and in respect of a person or witness appearing or evidence given at an inquiry in the same way as it applies to a person or witness appearing or evidence given before the Tribunal.	2 3 2	
15		5	
	(1) If the Board decides to hold an inquiry, the Board is to appoint 3 persons to conduct the inquiry.	6	
	(2) The persons appointed to conduct the inquiry need not be members of the Board.	8	
	(3) The persons appointed to conduct an inquiry are taken to be members of the Board and to constitute the Board for the purposes of the inquiry and, accordingly, may exercise the functions of the Board in relation to the inquiry.	10 11 12 13	
16	Director-General may intervene at inquiry	14	
	The Director-General may intervene in any inquiry before the Board and is entitled to be heard personally or by being represented by an officer of the Department of Health.	15 16 17	
17	Preliminary medical examinations of applicants for registration	18	
	(1) Before or during an inquiry under this Part, the Board may require the applicant for registration, by notice in writing given personally or by post to the applicant, to undergo at the Board's expense a medical examination by a registered medical practitioner specified in the notice, at any reasonable time and place so specified.	19 20 21 22 23	
	(2) A failure by an applicant, without reasonable cause, to comply with such a notice is, for the purposes of this Part (including any inquiry or appeal under this Act) evidence that the applicant does not have sufficient physical and mental capacity to practise dentistry or to carry out dental auxiliary activities.	24 25 26 27 28	
18	Decisions of the Board in an inquiry	29	
	A decision supported by at least 2 of the 3 persons appointed to conduct an inquiry under this Part on an inquiry, or on any question arising during an inquiry, is a decision of the Board.	30 31 32	

19	Det	ails of decision to be supplied to applicant	1
	(1)	The Board must provide a written statement of a decision on an inquiry to the person in relation to whom the inquiry was held and must do so within one month after the decision is made.	2 3 4
	(2)	The statement of a decision must:	5
		(a) give the reasons for the decision, and	6
		(b) include information about any appeal rights the person has under section 18 or section 30.	7 8
	(3)	The Board may also provide the statement of a decision to such other persons as the Board thinks fit.	9 10
20	Stat	ement need not contain confidential information	11
	(1)	The Board is not required to include confidential information in the statement of a decision. If a statement would be false or misleading if it did not include the confidential information, the Board is not required to provide the statement.	12 13 14 15
	(2)	When confidential information is not included in the statement of a decision provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a person because of subclause (1), the Board must give a confidential information notice to the person.	16 17 18 19
	(3)	A <i>confidential information notice</i> is a notice that indicates that confidential information is not included or that the statement will not be provided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must be in writing and must be given within one month after the decision is made.	20 21 22 23 24
	(4)	This clause does not affect the power of a court to make an order for the discovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the production of documents to a court.	25 26 27
	(5)	In this clause:	28
		confidential information means information that:	29
		(a) has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and	30 31 32

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Red	istration	procedures

		(b)	relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Board is required (or would, but for subclause (1), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and	1 2 3 4
		(c)	 is information: (i) that was supplied in confidence, or (ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or (iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an enactment, or (iv) the provision of which by the Board would be in breach of any enactment. 	5 6 7 8 9 10
Part 4	· K	(eepi	ng and alteration of the Dentists Register	12
	а	nd th	ne Dental Auxiliaries Register	13
21 E	3oa	rd is to	o keep Registers	14
			Board is to keep 2 registers, being:	15
`		(a)	a register called the Register of Dentists for New South Wales, and	1 <i>6</i>
		(b)	a register called the Register of Dental Auxiliaries for New South Wales.	18 19
(2)	A Reg	gister is to be kept in such form as the Board determines.	20
(3)	A Reg	gister must be available for inspection by any person:	21
		(a)	in person at the office of the Board at all reasonable times, and	22
		(b)	by such other means (such as Internet access) and at such other times as the Board determines.	23 24
(4)		Board may charge a fee for an inspection of a Register, not ding such amount as may be prescribed by the regulations.	25 26
(5)		Soard may carry out searches of a Register on a person's behalf hay charge such fee as it determines for the search.	27 28
(6)		degister of Dental Auxiliaries is to be divided into parts, so as to de a separate part for each class of dental auxiliaries.	29 30

registration.

22	Info	rmation to be recorded in Registers	1
	(1)	The Board is to record in the relevant Register such particulars of the registration of each registered dentist or registered dental auxiliary as the Board considers appropriate, subject to the regulations. The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the information to be recorded in each Register.	2 3 4 5 6
	(2)	The Board is to record in the Dentists Register in respect of a registered dentist particulars of any certificate, diploma, membership, degree, licence, letters, testimonial or other title, status, document or description that the Board has from time to time authorised the dentist to use under section 31.	7 8 9 10 11
	(3)	Any conditions to which a dentist's or dental auxiliary's registration is subject must be recorded in the relevant Register.	12 13
	(4)	The Board may, on application by a registered dentist or registered dental auxiliary and payment of the prescribed fee, record in the relevant Register any particulars in addition to those required to be recorded in that Register, as the Board approves.	14 15 16 17
	(5)	The Board must make such other recordings in each Register as may be necessary for the purpose of maintaining the Registers as an accurate record of the particulars relating to each registered dentist and registered dental auxiliary.	18 19 20 21
23	Met	hod of removal from the Registers	22
	(1)	The name of a registered dentist or registered dental auxiliary is removed from the relevant Register by the making in that Register of such recording as the Board directs.	23 24 25
	(2)	The Board must cause a person to be given notice that the person's name has been removed from the relevant Register unless the person's name was removed in accordance with an order of the Chairperson, a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court under this Act.	26 27 28 29
24	Sur	render of certificates	30
	(1)	The Board may by notice require a person who has ceased to be registered to furnish to the Board within a time specified in the notice a certificate issued to the person under this Act in respect of that	31 32 33

Schedule 1	Registration procedures
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	(2)	A person on whom such a notice has been served must not, without	1
		reasonable cause, fail to comply with the requirements of the notice.	2
		Maximum penalty: 10 penalty units.	3
25	Mal	ring a recording in a Register—extended meaning	4
		A reference in this Act to the making of a recording in a Register	5
		includes a reference to amending, cancelling or deleting a recording in	6
		that Register.	7
Part	5 /	Annual registration fees	8
00	A		_
26	Anr	nual registration fee payable	9
	(1)	A registered dentist or registered dental auxiliary must, on or before a	10
		date notified by the Board in writing to the dentist or dental auxiliary	11
		at least 1 month in advance, pay to the Board the annual registration	12
		fee determined by the Minister in consultation with the Board.	13
	(2)	Different fees may be determined for the purposes of this clause in	14
		respect of different classes of registration.	15
27	Der	tist's or dental auxiliary's name may be removed from Register for	16
		-payment	17
	(1)	The Board is to notify a registered dentist or registered dental auxiliary	18
	` /	who does not pay the annual registration fee on or before the due date	19
		that if the fee is not paid on or before a later date specified in the	20
		notification the dentist's or dental auxiliary's name will be removed	21
		from the relevant Register.	22
	(2)	The Board may cause to be removed from a Register the name of any	23
		registered dentist or registered dental auxiliary who has been so	24
		notified and fails to pay the fee on or before that later date.	25
28	Ent	tlement to re-registration if fee paid	26
	(1)	A person whose name has been removed from a Register for failure to	27
		pay the annual registration fee is entitled to re-registration if the person	28
		pays to the Board any unpaid annual registration fee or fees together	29
		with any applicable late payment fee.	30

	(2)	A late payment fee is applicable when more than 3 months have elapsed since the person's name was removed from the relevant Register. The late payment fee is such amount as the Board determines.	1 2 3 4
	(3)	The Board may waive payment of a late payment fee in a particular case if the Board thinks it appropriate to do so.	5 6
	(4)	The entitlement to re-registration is an entitlement to registration on the same terms and subject to the same conditions (if any) as applied to the person's registration immediately before the removal of his or her name from the relevant Register.	7 8 9 10
	(5)	The Board may refuse to register a person under this clause if the Board is of the opinion, following an inquiry under Part 3 of this Schedule, that the person is not of good character or:	11 12 13
		(a) in the case of a dentist—is not competent to practise dentistry, or	14 15
		(b) in the case of a dental auxiliary—is not competent to carry out dental auxiliary activities.	16 17
	(6)	A person registered pursuant to an entitlement to re-registration under this clause is taken to have been so registered on and from the day the person's name was removed from the relevant Register or on and from such later day as the Board determines and notifies to the person.	18 19 20 21
	(7)	An entitlement to re-registration under this clause does not override any other provision of this Act pursuant to which a person's name is authorised or required to be removed from the relevant Register.	22 23 24
29	Boa	ard may waive registration fee	25
		The Board may, for such reason as it considers proper, waive the requirement that an annual registration fee be paid by a registered dentist or registered dental auxiliary in any particular year.	26 27 28
Part	6 I	Removal from and alteration of Registers	29
30	Rer	moval of person wrongfully registered	30
	(1)	The Board may remove the name of any person from a Register who has been registered by reason of any false or fraudulent representation or declaration or by reason of a mistake.	31 32 33

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Registration procedures

	(2)	A person whose name has been removed from a Register under this clause may appeal to the Tribunal against the Board's decision.	1 2
	(3)	An appeal must be made within 28 days (or such longer period as the Chairperson may allow in a particular case) after notice of the decision is given to the person. The appeal is to be lodged with the Registrar who is to refer it to the Tribunal.	3 4 5 6
	(4)	An appeal does not affect the decision with respect to which it is made until the appeal is determined.	7 8
	(5)	When it determines an appeal, the Tribunal may dismiss the appeal or order that the decision of the Board be revoked and replaced by a different decision made by the Tribunal and specified in the order. The Tribunal may also make such ancillary orders as it thinks proper.	9 10 11 12
	(6)	The Tribunal's decision is taken to be a decision of the Board (but this does not confer a right of appeal under this clause in respect of the Tribunal's decision).	13 14 15
31	Ren	noval on death or at own request	16
		The Board must remove the name of a registered dentist or registered dental auxiliary from the relevant Register if the dentist or dental auxiliary has died or has requested the Board to remove his or her name.	17 18 19 20
32	Ren	noval or amendment pursuant to disciplinary order	21
	(1)	The Board must remove the name of a person from the relevant Register if removal of the person's name is required by any order under this Act of the Chairperson, a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court.	22 23 24 25
	(2)	The Board is to make such recordings in the relevant Register as may be necessary to give effect to any order under this Act of the Board, the Chairperson, a Deputy Chairperson, the Tribunal or the Supreme Court as to the conditions to be imposed on a person's registration.	26 27 28 29
33	Den	tist or dental auxiliary to be notified of action	30
		The Board must give the dentist or dental auxiliary concerned notice of action taken by the Board under this Part.	31 32

Schedule 2		le 2	Provisions relating to the members of the Board	1
			(Section 112)	3
1	Def	inition	s	4
		In thi	is Schedule:	5
			<i>inted member</i> means a member of the Board appointed by the ernor under section 108 (1) (b).	6
			ed member means a member of the Board elected under on 108 (1) (a).	9
2	Pre	sident	and Deputy President of the Board	10
	(1)	Of th	e members of the Board:	11
		(a)	one who is a registered dentist is to be appointed as President of the Board, and	12 13
		(b)	one is to be appointed as Deputy President of the Board.	14
	(2)	appo	e appointments may be made in and by the instrument of intment of the relevant member as member or by another iment executed by the Governor.	15 16 17
	(3)		Governor may remove a member from the office of President or nty President.	18 19
	(4)		rson who is the President or Deputy President vacates office as dent or Deputy President if the person:	20 21
		(a)	is removed from that office by the Governor, or	22
		(b)	resigns that office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	23 24
		(c)	ceases to be a member.	25
3	Act	ing me	embers and acting President	26
	(1)		Governor may, from time to time, appoint a person to act in the	27
			e of a member during the illness or absence of the member, and	28
			erson, while so acting, has all the functions of the member and is a to be the member.	29 30

Schedule:	2
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Provisions relating to the members of the Board

	(2)	durin	Deputy President of the Board may act in the office of President g the illness or absence of the President, and while so acting has e functions of the President and is taken to be the President.	1 2 3
	(3)	office and I	Governor may, from time to time, appoint a member to act in the e of President during the illness or absence of both the President Deputy President, and the member, while so acting, has all the ions of the President and is taken to be the President.	4 5 6 7
	(4)		Governor may remove any person from any office to which the n was appointed under this clause.	8 9
	(5)	such	rson while acting in the office of a member is entitled to be paid remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) to Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the m.	10 11 12 13
	(6)	the P	ne purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of a member, resident or the Deputy President is taken to be an absence from e of the member, President or Deputy President.	14 15 16
4	Teri	ms of	office	17
	(1)	Subje	ect to this Schedule:	18
		(a)	an appointed member holds office for such period (not exceeding 4 years) as may be specified in the member's instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment, and	19 20 21 22
		(b)	an elected member holds office for 4 years from the date of the member's election, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for reelection.	23 24 25
	(2)	A pe	erson may not be appointed or elected to serve more than 3 ecutive terms of office as a member of the Board.	26 27
5	Ren	nunera	ation	28
		travel	ember is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including lling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time ne determine in respect of the member.	29 30 31
6	Vac	ancy i	n office of member	32
	(1)	The c	office of a member becomes vacant if the member:	33
		(a)	dies, or	34

(2)(3)

clause 8.

(b)	of an appointed member) or re-elected (in the case of an elected member), or	1 2 3
(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	4
(d)	is removed from office by the Governor under this clause or under Part 8 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1988</i> , or	6
(e)	is absent from 4 consecutive meetings of the Board of which reasonable notice has been given to the member, except on leave granted by the Minister or unless, before the expiration of 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the member is excused by the Minister for being absent from those meetings, or	8 9 10 11 12
(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	13 14 15 16
(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	17
(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	18 19 20 21 22
(i)	in the case of an appointed member referred to in section 108 (2) (a), the member ceases to be an officer or employee referred to in that paragraph, or	23 24 25
(j)	in the case of an elected member or an appointed member referred to in section 108 (2) (b)–(d), the member's registration under this Act is suspended or cancelled, or the member's name is for any reason removed from the Register in which it is recorded, or	26 27 28 29 30
(k)	in the case of an appointed member referred to in section	31
	108 (2) (f), the member ceases to be a legal practitioner.	32
	Governor may remove a member from office at any time.	33
	nout affecting the generality of subclause (2), the Governor may ove from office a member who contravenes the provisions of	34 35

7	Filli	ng of v	acancy in office of member	1
	(1)	may a	office of an appointed member becomes vacant, the Governor appoint a person nominated in the same way and having the same fications (if any) as the member whose office was vacated.	2 3 4
	(2)	Gove	e case of a vacancy in the office of an elected member, the rnor may appoint a person nominated by the Australian Dental ciation, New South Wales Branch. The person appointed is taken an elected member.	5 6 7 8
	(3)	office	rson appointed to fill a casual vacancy under this clause holds for the balance of the term of office of the member whose office vacated, and is eligible for re-appointment or re-election to the d.	9 10 11 12
8	Disc	closure	e of pecuniary interests	13
	(1)	If:		14
		(a)	a member has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Board, and	15 16 17
		(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	18 19 20
		to the	ember must as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come ember's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a ng of the Board.	21 22 23
	(2)	A disc	closure by a member at a meeting of the Board that the member:	24
		(a)	is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	25 26
		(b)	is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	27
		(c)	has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	28 29
		relatin arise	ufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter ng to that company or other body or to that person which may after the date of the disclosure and which is required to be used under this clause.	30 31 32 33

(3)	Particulars of any disclosure made under this clause are to be recorded by the Board in a book kept for the purpose and that book is to be open at all reasonable hours to inspection by any person on payment of the fee determined by the Board.		
(4)	After a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter, the member must not, unless the Minister or the Board otherwise determines:	5 6 7	
	(a) be present during any deliberation of the Board with respect to the matter, or	8	
	(b) take part in any decision of the Board with respect to the matter.	10 11	
(5)	For the purposes of the making of a determination by the Board under subclause (4), a member who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter to which the disclosure relates must not:	12 13 14	
	(a) be present during any deliberation of the Board for the purpose of making the determination, or	15 16	
	(b) take part in the making by the Board of the determination.	17	
(6)	A contravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the Board.	18 19	
(7)	This clause does not apply to or in respect of an interest of a member in a matter that arises merely because the member is a dental care provider.	20 21 22	
(8)	A reference in this clause to a meeting of the Board includes a reference to a meeting of a committee of the Board.	23 24	
Effe	ect of certain other Acts	25	
(1)	Part 2 of the <i>Public Sector Management Act 1988</i> does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of a member.	26 27	
(2)	If by or under any other Act provision is made:	28	
	(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	29 30 31	

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Schedule 2	Provisions relating to the	members of the Board
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(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	1 2
that provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding	3
that office and also the office of a member or from accepting and	4
retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as a	5
member.	6

Sch	edule 3 Provisions relating to the procedure of the Board	1 2
	(Section 112)	3
1	First meeting of Board	4
	The Minister may call the first meeting of the Board in such manner as the Minister thinks fit.	5 6
2	General procedure	7
	The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Board and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act and the regulations, to be as determined by the Board.	8 9 10
3	Quorum	11
	The quorum for a meeting of the Board is 7 members.	12
4	Presiding member	13
	(1) The President or, in the absence of the President, the Deputy President or, in the absence of both of them, another member of the Board elected to chair the meeting by the members present, is to preside at a meeting of the Board.	14 15 16 17
	(2) The person presiding at any meeting of the Board has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.	18 19 20
5	Voting	21
	A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Board.	22 23
6	Minutes	24
	The Board must cause full and accurate minutes to be kept of the proceedings of each meeting of the Board.	25 26

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Schedule 3	Provisions relating to the procedure of the Board
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7	Proof of	certain matters not required	1
		In any legal proceedings, proof is not required (until evidence is given to the contrary) of:	
	(a)	the constitution of the Board, or	4
	(b)	any resolution of the Board, or	5
	(c)	the appointment of, or the holding of office by, any member of the Board, or	6 7
	(d)	the presence of a quorum at any meeting of the Board.	8

Schedule 4 Provisions relating to the Committee				1
			(Section 116)	2
Part	1 7	Γhe I	Members	3
1	Cha	airpers	son of the Committee	4
			of the members referred to in section 115 (2) (a) is to be inted by the Minister as the Chairperson of the Committee.	5 6
2	Ter	m of c	office	7
		such instru	ect to this Schedule, a member of the Committee holds office for period, not exceeding 4 years, as may be specified in the ument of appointment of the member, but is eligible (if otherwise fied) for re-appointment.	8 9 10 11
3	Ren	nuner	ation	12
		(incl	ember of the Committee is entitled to be paid such remuneration uding travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may time to time determine in respect of the member.	13 14 15
4	Filli	ng of	vacancy in office of member	16
			e office of any member of the Committee becomes vacant, a on is, subject to this Act, to be appointed to fill the vacancy.	17 18
5	Cas	sual va	acancies	19
	(1)	A mem	ember of the Committee is to be taken to have vacated office if the ber:	20 21
		(a)	dies, or	22
		(b)	absents himself or herself from 4 consecutive meetings of the Committee of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or in the ordinary course of post, except on leave granted by the Minister or unless, before the expiration of 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the member is excused by the Minister for being absent from those meetings, or	23 24 25 26 27 28

		(c)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	1 2 3 4
		(d)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	5
		(e)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	6 7 8 9
		(f)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	11 12
		(g)	is removed from office by the Minister under subclause (3).	13
	(2)	appoi	out limiting the generality of subclause (1), a member who is nted under section 115 (2) (a) or (b) and who ceases to be a ered dentist is to be taken to have vacated office.	14 15 16
	(3)	The N	Minister may remove a member from office.	17
Part			edure of the Committee	18 19
Ū	O 0.	-	rocedure for the calling of meetings of the Committee and for the	20
		condu	act of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as mined by the Committee.	21 22
7	Quo	orum		23
		The q	muorum for a meeting of the Committee is 3 members.	24
8	Vot	ing		25
		Comr	rision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the mittee at which a quorum is present is the decision of the mittee.	26 27 28

9	Pre	siding member	1
	(1)	The Chairperson of the Committee or, in the absence of the	2
	, ,	Chairperson, another member of the Committee elected to chair the	3
		meeting by the members present, is to preside at a meeting of the	4
		Committee.	5
	(2)	The person presiding at any meeting of the Committee has a	6
	` ′	deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second	7
		or casting vote.	8

Schedule 5 Proceedings before the Tribunal			1	
			(Section 132)	2
1	Pro	ceedir	ngs generally	3
		of lav	occeedings before it, the Tribunal is not bound to observe the rules w governing the admission of evidence, but may inform itself of matter in such manner as it thinks fit.	4 5 6
2	Pov	ver to	summon witnesses and take evidence	7
	(1)	appea	Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson may summon a person to ar in proceedings before the Tribunal, to give evidence and to uce such documents (if any) as are referred to in the summons.	8 9 10
	(2)		person presiding at the proceedings may require a person aring in the proceedings to produce a document.	11 12
	(3)		Tribunal may, in proceedings before it, take evidence on oath or nation and, for that purpose a member of the Tribunal:	13 14
		(a)	may require a person appearing in the proceedings to give evidence either to take an oath or to make an affirmation in a form approved by the person presiding, and	15 16 17
		(b)	may administer an oath to or take an affirmation from a person so appearing in the proceedings.	18 19
	(4)		rson served with a summons to appear in any such proceedings o give evidence must not, without reasonable excuse:	20 21
		(a)	fail to attend as required by the summons, or	22
		(b)	fail to attend from day to day unless excused, or released from further attendance, by a member of the Tribunal.	23 24
	(5)		rson appearing in proceedings to give evidence must not, without onable excuse:	25 26
		(a)	when required to be sworn or to affirm—fail to comply with the requirement, or	27 28
		(b)	fail to answer a question that the person is required to answer by the person presiding, or	29 30

		(c)	fail to produce a document that the person is required to produce by this clause.	1 2
		Maxi	mum penalty: 20 penalty units.	3
3	Pov	ver to	obtain documents	4
	(1)		ember of the Tribunal may, by notice in writing served on a n, require the person:	5 6
		(a)	to attend, at a time and place specified in the notice, before a person specified in the notice, being a member of the Tribunal or a person authorised by the Tribunal in that behalf, and	7 8 9
		(b)	to produce, at that time and place, to the person so specified a document specified in the notice.	10 11
	(2)		rson who fails, without reasonable excuse, to comply with a e served on the person under this clause is guilty of an offence.	12 13
		Maxii	mum penalty: 20 penalty units.	14
4	Evic	dence	of other proceedings	15
		proce	ribunal may receive and admit on production, as evidence in any edings, such of the following as the Tribunal considers relevant proceedings:	16 17 18
		(a)	the judgment and findings of any court (whether civil or criminal and whether or not of New South Wales) or tribunal,	19 20
		(b)	the verdict or findings of a jury of any such court,	21
		(c)	a certificate of the conviction of or the making of a criminal finding in respect of any person,	22 23
		(d)	a transcript of the depositions or of shorthand notes, duly certified by the Registrar or clerk of the court or tribunal as correct, of the evidence of witnesses taken in any such court or tribunal.	24 25 26 27
5	Add	litional	complaints	28
	(1)		Tribunal may in proceedings before it deal with one or more laints about a registered dental care provider.	29 30

	(2)	regard	ring any such proceedings, it appears to the Tribunal that, having I to any matters that have arisen, another complaint could have made against the dental care provider concerned:	1 2 3
		(a)	whether instead of or in addition to the complaint that was made, and	5
		(b)	whether or not by the same complainant,	ϵ
			ribunal may take that other complaint to have been referred to it may deal with it in the same proceedings.	7
	(3)	under adjou	other complaint is taken to have been referred to the Tribunal subclause (2), the complaint may be dealt with after such an rnment (if any) as is, in the opinion of the Tribunal, just and able in the circumstances.	9 10 11 12
6	Rele	ease of	finformation	13
	(1)	person of the	person presiding in proceedings before the Tribunal may, if the in presiding thinks it appropriate in the particular circumstances case (and whether or not on the request of a complainant, the care provider concerned or any other person):	14 15 16
		(a)	direct that the name of any witness is not to be disclosed in the proceedings, or	18 19
		(b)	direct that all or any of the following matters are not to be published: (i) the name and address of any witness, (ii) the name and address of a complainant, (iii) the name and address of a dental care provider, (iv) any specified evidence, (v) the subject-matter of a complaint.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
	(2)	A dire	ection may be amended or revoked at any time by the person ling.	27 28
	(3)	be giv	ection may be given before or during proceedings, but must not ren before the proceedings unless notice is given of the time and appointed by the person presiding for consideration of the matter	29 30 31 32
		(a)	a person who requested the direction, and	33
		(b)	the complainant or the dental care provider concerned, as appropriate, and	34 35
		(c)	such other persons as the person presiding thinks fit.	36

	(4)		son who contravenes a direction given under this clause is guilty offence.	1 2
			mum penalty: 150 penalty units in the case of a body corporate 0 penalty units in any other case.	3 4
7	Aut	hentica	ation of documents by the Tribunal	5
		suffici the Ch	document requiring authentication by the Tribunal may be iently authenticated without the seal of the Tribunal, if signed by nairperson or by a member of the Tribunal authorised to do so by nairperson.	6 7 8 9
8	Nor	ninal c	omplainant	10
	(1)		y proceedings before the Tribunal, a person appointed by the mission:	11 12
		(a)	may act as nominal complainant in place of the actual complainant, and	13 14
		(b)	when so acting, is, for the purposes of this Act and the regulations, to be taken to be the person who made the complaint.	15 16 17
	(2)		erence in this Act to a complainant includes a reference to a nal complainant.	18 19
9	Inte	rventic	on by Director-General and Commission	20
	(1)	person Direct	out limiting the operation of clause 8, the Director-General nally (or an officer of the Department of Health appointed by the tor-General) or a person appointed by the Commission may ene, and has a right to be heard, in any proceedings before the nal.	21 22 23 24 25
	(2)		Director-General and the Commission may be represented by a practitioner.	26 27
10	Ехр	edition	n of inquiries and appeals	28
	(1)		ne duty of the Tribunal to hear inquiries and appeals under this and to determine those inquiries and appeals expeditiously.	29 30
	(2)		out affecting the generality of subclause (1), the Tribunal may one or adjourn proceedings before it as it thinks fit.	31 32

11	Evi	dentia	ry certificate	1
			rtificate, purporting to have been signed by the Registrar, to the t that:	2 3
		(a)	a person specified in the certificate was or was not a registered dental care provider at a time or during a period so specified, or	4 5
		(b)	the name of a person specified in the certificate was removed from the Dentists Register or the Dental Auxiliaries Register at a time so specified, or	6 7 8
		(c)	the registration of a person specified in the certificate was suspended from a time so specified and for a period so specified, or	9 10 11
		(d)	a condition, particulars of which are set out in the certificate, was, at a time or during a period so specified, imposed on the registration of a person so specified or revoked or not in force,	12 13 14
		purpo	ithout proof of the signature of the person by whom the certificate orts to have been signed, to be received by the Tribunal and all as as evidence of that fact.	15 16 17
12	Cer	tain c	omplaints may not be heard	18
	(1)		Tribunal may decide not to conduct an inquiry, or at any time to inate an inquiry or appeal, if:	19 20
		(a)	a complainant fails to comply with a requirement made of the complainant by the Tribunal, or	21 22
		(b)	the person about whom the complaint is made ceases to be a registered dental care provider.	23 24
	(2)		Tribunal must not conduct or continue any inquiry or any appeal edental care provider concerned dies.	25 26
13	Trib	ounal o	can award costs	27
	(1)	care (whe any i	Tribunal may order the complainant, if any, the registered dental provider concerned, or any other person entitled to appear ther as of right or because leave to appear has been granted) at inquiry or appeal before the Tribunal to pay such costs to such on as the Tribunal may determine.	28 29 30 31 32

(2)	When an order for costs has taken effect, the Tribunal is, on	1
	application by the person to whom the costs have been awarded, to	2
	issue a certificate setting out the terms of the order and stating that the	3
	order has taken effect.	4
(3)	The person in whose favour costs are awarded may file the certificate	5
	in the District Court, together with an affidavit by the person as to the	6
	amount of the costs unpaid, and the Registrar of the District Court is	7
	to enter judgment for the amount unpaid together with any fees paid	8
	for filing the certificate.	9

Dental Practice Bill 2001

Schedule 6	Amendments
Scriedule 6	Amenaments

Sch	edule 6 Amendments	1
	(Section 159)	2
6.1	Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975 No 40	3
[1]	Section 5 Definitions	4
	Omit the definition of <i>dentist</i> from section 5 (1).	5
[2]	Section 6 Constitution of Dental Technicians Registration Board	6
	Omit "within the meaning of the <i>Dentists Act 1989</i> " from section 6 (1) (a).	7
[3]	Section 6 (1) (b)	8
	Omit "constituted under the <i>Dentists Act 1934</i> ". Insert instead "constituted under the <i>Dental Practice Act 2001</i> ".	9 10
[4]	Section 27 Restrictions on dental technicians	11
	Omit "the form referred to in section 57 (4) (h) of the <i>Dentists Act 1989</i> ". Insert instead "a form prescribed under the <i>Dental Practice Act 2001</i> ".	12 13
6.2	Health Care Complaints Act 1993 No 105	14
	Section 4 Definitions	15
	Omit "Dentists Act 1989" from the definition of health registration Act.	16
	Insert in alphabetical order: Dental Practice Act 2001	17
	Demai Fractice Act 2001	18

Amendments	Schedule 6
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6.3	Inter	pretation A	Act 1987 No 15	1	
	Section 21 Meaning of commonly used words and expressions				
	Insert in alphabetical order in section 21 (1):				
			tered dentist and each of the following expressions means ntist registered under the <i>Dental Practice Act 2001</i> :	5	
		(a)	dentist,	6	
		(b)	legally (or duly) qualified dentist,	7	
		(c)	qualified dentist.	8	
6.4	Pois	ons and T	herapeutic Goods Regulation 1994	ç	
	Appe	ndix E Sup	pply by wholesale	10	
	Omit	clause 8 (2)). Insert instead:	11	
			nis clause, <i>dental therapist</i> means a registered dental upist under the <i>Dental Practice Act 2001</i> .	12 13	
6.5	Publ	ic Health A	Act 1991 No 10	14	
	Secti	on 10AF		15	
	Insert as section 10AF:				
	10AF	Restricted	d dental practices	17	
			erson must not carry out a restricted dental practice unless erson is:	18 19	
		(a)	a registered dentist, or	20	
		(b)	a registered medical practitioner, or	21	
		(c)	a registered dental student undertaking clinical studies, or undertaking a clinical placement at a public health organisation, or	22 23 24	

	(d)	a registered dental auxiliary who is carrying out dental auxiliary activities subject to the practice oversight of a registered dentist, or	1 2 3
	(e)	a person performing radiographic work at a public health organisation, or on the order or at the request of a registered medical practitioner or registered dentist, or	4 5
	(f)	a dental prosthetist carrying out a practice of dental prosthetics, or	7
	(g)	a dental technician carrying out technical work on the written order of a registered dentist or of a dental prosthetist.	9 1(11
		num penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 as, or both.	12 13
(2)	institu	edings for an offence against this section may be ted within 12 months after the act or omission alleged to tute the offence.	14 15 16
(3)	For the purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this section are being complied with, an authorised officer has and may exercise all the functions that the authorised officer has under the officer's Act for the purpose of ascertaining whether a provision of that Act is being complied with, and for that purpose:		
	(a)	those functions of the authorised officer under the officer's Act apply in respect of premises on which a person carries out restricted dental practices in the same way as those functions apply in respect of premises on which a person engages in professional practice under the officer's Act, and	23 24 25 26 27 28
	(b)	those functions of the authorised officer under the officer's Act apply in respect of the carrying out of restricted dental practices in the same way as they apply in respect of professional practice engaged in under the officer's Act, and	29 30 31 32 33
	(c)	the provisions of the officer's Act with respect to the functions of an inspector (including any provision that creates an offence in connection with the functions of an inspector) extend to apply in respect of the exercise of functions of an authorised officer under this section.	34 35 36 37 38

Amendments Schedule 6

4)	In thi	s section:	1
		orised officer means an inspector, authorised officer or orised person under any of the following Acts:	2 3
	(a)	Dental Practice Act 2001,	4
	(b)	Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975,	5
	(c)	Medical Practice Act 1992.	6
		al auxiliary activities has the same meaning as in the al Practice Act 2001.	7 8
		al prosthetist has the same meaning as in the Dental nicians Registration Act 1975.	9 10
	denta	al technician means any of the following:	11
	(a)	a person registered as a dental technician under the Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975,	12 13
	(b)	a person approved by the Dental Technicians Registration Board under section 13 (2) (f) of the <i>Dental</i> <i>Technicians Registration Act 1975</i> ,	14 15 16
	(c)	a person undergoing in good faith training in technical work under the supervision of a registered dentist or of a person referred to in paragraph (a), or	17 18 19
	(d)	a person employed as a probationary apprentice within the meaning of the <i>Industrial and Commercial Training</i> <i>Act 1989</i> by a person referred to in paragraph (a), or by a person employing a person referred to in paragraph (a).	20 21 22 23 24
	unde	er's Act, in relation to an authorised officer, means the Act r which the authorised officer is appointed as an inspector, orised officer or authorised person.	25 26 27
		tice of dental prosthetics has the same meaning as in on 5 (3) of the Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975.	28 29
	accor	tice oversight means oversight by a registered dentist in rdance with guidelines approved by the Director-General time to time.	30 31 32
		the same meaning as in the state of the services Act 1997.	33 34
		tered dental student means a registered dental student r the Dental Practice Act 2001.	35 36

	restric	eted dental practice means any of the following practices:	1
	(a)	the performance of any operation on the human teeth or jaws or associated structures,	2 3
	(b)	the correction of malpositions of the human teeth or jaws or associated structures,	4 5
	(c)	the performance of radiographic work in connection with the human teeth or jaws or associated structures,	6 7
	(d)	the mechanical construction or the renewal or repair of artificial dentures or restorative dental appliances,	8
	(e)	the performance of any operation on, or the giving of any treatment or advice to, any person as preparatory to or for the purpose of the fitting, insertion, adjusting, fixing, constructing, repairing or renewing of artificial dentures or restorative dental appliances.	10 11 12 13 14
		ical work has the same meaning as in section 5 (1) of the 1 Technicians Registration Act 1975.	15 16
	writtei	n order means an order:	17
	(a)	in a form prescribed for the purposes of issuing directions to dental technicians under the <i>Dental Practice Act 2001</i> , or	18 19 20
	(b)	in a form prescribed for the purposes of section 27 (b) (ii) of the <i>Dental Technicians Registration Act 1975</i> .	21 22 23
6.6	Search Warrant	s Act 1985 No 37	24
	Section 10 Definit	tions	25
	Omit "section 59 owarrant.	of the Dentists Act 1989" from the definition of search	26 27
	Insert instead in al	phabetical order of Acts:	28
	section	n 154 of the Dental Practice Act 2001,	29

Schedule 7 Savings and transitional provisions					
		(Section 16	21) 2		
Part	1 F	Preliminary	3		
1	Defi	initions	2		
		In this Schedule:	5		
		new Board means the Dental Board constituted by this Act.	ϵ		
		old Board means the Dental Board constituted by the 1989 Act.	7		
		the 1989 Act means the Dentists Act 1989.	8		
2	Reg	gulations	Ģ		
	(1)	The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transition nature consequent on the enactment of the following Acts:	al 10		
		this Act	12		
	(2)	Such a provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect fro the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later day.	m 13		
	(3)	To the extent to which such a provision takes effect from a date the is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as:			
		(a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of that publication, or			
		(b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or a authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted be done before the date of that publication.			

Part	2 F	Provisions consequent on enactment of this Act	1
3	Mer	mbers of old Board	2
	(1)	A person who, immediately before the repeal of the 1989 Act, held office as a member of the old Board:	3 4
		(a) ceases to hold office as such on that repeal, and	5
		(b) is eligible (if otherwise qualified) to be appointed as a member of the new Board.	6 7
	(2)	A person who ceases to hold office as a member of the old Board because of the operation of this Act is not entitled to be paid any remuneration or compensation because of ceasing to hold that office.	8 9 10
4	Con	ntinuity of Board	11
		Unless the regulations otherwise provide, anything done by or in relation to the old Board and having effect immediately before the dissolution of the old Board is taken to have been done by or in relation to the new Board.	12 13 14 15
5	App	pointments and other action before commencement	16
		For the purpose only of enabling the new Board to be constituted in accordance with this Act on or after (but not before) the commencement of section 106 (Constitution of the Board), elections may be held and appointments may be made under this Act, and anything else may be done, before that commencement, as if the whole of this Act commenced on the date of assent, but so that no appointment as a member of the new Board as so constituted takes effect before the commencement of section 106.	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
6	The	Register of Dentists	25
		As soon as practicable after the commencement of this clause, the new Board is to compile the Register of Dentists from the relevant information and particulars entered in the Register kept under section 12 of the 1989 Act in respect of persons registered as dentists immediately before that commencement.	26 27 28 29 30

7	The	Register of Dental Auxiliaries	1
	(1)	As soon as practicable after the commencement of this clause, the new Board is to compile the Register of Dental Auxiliaries.	2 3
	(2)	For this purpose, the Board may obtain such information as is necessary to compile the Register.	4 5
8	Reg	istration as dentist	6
	(1)	A person who is a registered dentist under the 1989 Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is on that commencement taken to be a registered dentist under this Act. Registration under this Act is subject to the same conditions (if any) as the person's registration under the 1989 Act was subject immediately before that commencement.	7 8 9 10 11 12
	(2)	A certificate of provisional registration as a dentist in force under the 1989 Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken, on that commencement, to have been granted under this Act.	13 14 15
	(3)	A licence to practise dentistry in force under the 1989 Act immediately before the commencement of this clause is taken, on that commencement, to be a certificate of limited registration granted under this Act.	16 17 18 19
9	Reg	istration as dental auxiliary	20
	(1)	A person who, immediately before the commencement of this clause, had the prescribed training referred to in section 57 (4) (c) or (e) of the 1989 Act is taken to be registered as a dental therapist under this Act during the transition period applicable to the person.	21 22 23 24
	(2)	A person who, immediately before the commencement of this clause, had the prescribed training referred to in section 57 (4) (f) of the 1989 Act is taken to be registered as a dental hygienist under this Act during the transition period applicable to the person.	25 26 27 28
	(3)	The transition period applicable to a person is the period that begins on the commencement of this clause and ends when the person actually becomes registered as a dental auxiliary under this Act or 6 months (or such longer period as may be prescribed by the regulations) after that commencement, whichever is sooner.	29 30 31 32 33

10	Reg	jistration as dental student	1
	(1)	A person who, immediately before the commencement of this clause,	2
		was undertaking a course of study referred to in section 138 (1) (a) is	3
		taken to be registered as a dentistry student under this Act during the transition period applicable to the person.	4 5
	(2)		
	(2)	A person who, immediately before the commencement of this clause, was undertaking a course of study referred to in section 138 (1) (b) is	6
		taken to be registered as a dental auxiliary student under this Act	7 8
		during the transition period applicable to the person.	9
	(3)	The transition period applicable to a person is the period that begins on	10
	(3)	the commencement of this clause and ends when the person actually	11
		becomes registered as a dental student under this Act or 12 months	12
		after that commencement, whichever is sooner.	13
11	Use	of titles by dentists	14
		Any certificate, diploma, membership, degree, licence, letters,	15
		testimonial or other title, status, document or description that was,	16
		immediately before the commencement of this clause, authorised to be	17
		entered in connection with a dentist's name in the Register under the	18
		1989 Act is taken to be authorised for use by the dentist under	19
		section 31 of this Act (until the Board ceases to authorise its use by the	20
		dentist).	21
12	Fee	s	22
		A fee paid or which remains unpaid under a provision of the 1989 Act	23
		immediately before its repeal is taken, on commencement of the	24
		relevant provision of this Act, to have been paid or to remain unpaid	25
		under the provision of this Act that corresponds to that provision and	26
		is taken to have been so paid or to so remain unpaid for or in relation	27
		to the same period as that which applied to the fee under the 1989 Act.	28
13	App	olications for registration	29
		An application for registration as a dentist under the 1989 Act which	30
		had not been determined by the old Board before the repeal of that Act	31
		is taken to be an application for registration under this Act.	32

14	App	eals to the Supreme Court	1
	(1)	An appeal to the District Court under section 51 of the 1989 Act relating to a registered dentist that was pending immediately before the repeal of that Act is to be continued and disposed of as if, except as provided by subclause (2), this Act had not been enacted.	2 3 4
	(2)	The decision of the Court on any such appeal is final, and binding on the new Board and the appellant and for the purposes of this Act is taken to be the final decision of the new Board.	6
15	Cor	nplaints	Ģ
	(1)	A complaint made to the old Board concerning the conduct of a registered dentist under the 1989 Act and pending immediately before the repeal of that Act is, to the extent that the conduct concerned could be the subject of a complaint under this Act, to be dealt with as a complaint under this Act, except as provided by this clause.	10 11 12 13 14
	(2)	If a complaint pending under the 1989 Act on the commencement of this clause is the subject of an inquiry by a Professional Standards Committee or an inquiry by or appeal before the Dental Tribunal under that Act immediately before that commencement:	15 16 17 18
		(a) the complaint or appeal is to continue to be dealt with and determined under the 1989 Act as if the 1989 Act had not been repealed, and	19 20 21
		(b) any finding, order, direction, decision or determination arising from or in connection with the determination of the complaint or appeal under the 1989 Act has effect for the purposes of the corresponding provision of this Act, and	22 23 24 25
		(c) the 1989 Act continues to apply as if it had not been repealed for the purposes of any appeal against any such order, direction, decision or determination.	26 27 28
	(3)	This clause applies for the purposes of this Act and for the purposes of the <i>Health Care Complaints Act 1993</i> (including any conciliation under that Act) in its application to any complaint or investigation pending under the 1989 Act immediately before the repeal of the 1989 Act.	29 30 31 32 33

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Savings and transitional provisions

16	Complain	ts relating to previous conduct	1
		mplaint or investigation may be made under this Act with respect nduct or any other matter or thing that occurred before, or partly	2 3
		e and partly after, the commencement of the provisions of this	4
		ander which the complaint or investigation is made.	5
17	Approval	of employment by non-dentists	6
	An a	approval under section 5 (4) (f) of the 1989 Act in force	7
		ediately before the commencement of this clause is taken, on that	8
		nencement, to be an approval under paragraph (g) of the	9
	defini	ition of <i>non-dentist</i> in section 41 (2) of this Act.	10
18	Continuity	of disciplinary action under 1989 Act	11
	Any t	finding, order, direction, decision or determination under Part 6	12
	(Com	aplaints and disciplinary proceedings) of the 1989 Act is, to the	13
		t that it had any operation immediately before the commencement	14
		is clause, taken to have been made under the corresponding	15
	provi	sion of this Act and is to be given effect to accordingly.	16
19	Dental Ed	ucation and Research Account	17
	Mone	ey standing to the credit of the Education and Research Account	18
	under	the 1989 Act immediately before the commencement of this	19
		e is to be paid to the credit of the Dental Education and Research	20
	Acco	unt under this Act.	21
20	Construct	ion of certain references	22
	Unles	ss the regulations otherwise provide, on and from the	23
	comn	nencement of this clause, a reference in any other Act, in any	24
	instru	ment made under any Act or in any other instrument of any kind:	25
	(a)	to the old Board is to be read as a reference to the new Board,	26
	(-)	and	27
	(b)	to the Registrar under the 1989 Act is to be read as a reference	28
	()	to the Registrar under this Act, and	29
	(c)	to the Register referred to in section 12 of the 1989 Act is to be	30
	` '	read as a reference to the Register of Dentists under this Act,	31
		and	32

(d)	to the registration of a person as a registered dentist under the
	1989 Act is to be read as a reference to the registration of the
	person as a dentist under this Act.

2