Introduced by Revd the Hon F J Nile, MLC

First print



New South Wales

# Alcoholic Beverages Advertising Prohibition Bill 2015

# Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

## Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to encourage a healthier lifestyle:

- (a) by prohibiting advertising and other promotional activities aimed at assisting the sale of alcoholic beverages and consequently reducing the incentive for people to consume alcohol, and
- (b) by providing for the declaration of local option areas within which the purchase, sale or delivery, or the consumption in a public place, of alcoholic beverages will be an offence.

The Bill also establishes the Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee which will be required to prepare a timetable for the removal of advertisements promoting alcoholic beverages and the termination of sponsorships related to the promotion of any such beverages.

## Outline of provisions

## Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on the date of assent to the proposed Act.

Clause 3 provides that the proposed Act will bind the Crown.

Clause 4 states the purposes of the proposed Act as the following:

- (a) the discouragement of alcohol consumption by:
  - (i) persuading young people not to drink and not to abuse alcoholic beverages,
  - (ii) limiting exposure of young people and children to persuasion to drink alcoholic beverages,
  - (iii) encouraging drinkers of other beverages not to start drinking alcoholic beverages,
  - (iv) assisting those who wish to limit or give up alcohol consumption,
- (b) the reduction of alcohol-related:
  - (i) domestic violence,
  - (ii) deaths,
  - (iii) road accidents,
  - (iv) crimes and other violence,
- (c) the prevention of alcohol-related illness (such as cirrhosis of the liver),
- (d) the reduction of the harmful impact of alcohol in the home and in workplaces and industry generally.

Clause 5 defines certain terms used in the proposed Act.

## Part 2 Offences relating to promotion of alcoholic beverages

Clause 6 prohibits the commercial advertising of alcoholic beverages:

- (a) where the advertisement can be seen or heard from a public place, or
- (b) on radio or television, if there is a material benefit to the owner of the radio or television station, or
- (c) on unsolicited things distributed to the public, or
- (d) by means of articles (such as newspapers or books) sold, hired or supplied for some benefit,

but does not prohibit any such advertising that is done within 5 years after the introduction of this Bill into Parliament (or within such shorter period as may be fixed by a regulation) if it is done in accordance with a contract or arrangement made before the introduction of this Bill into Parliament, or any such advertising that is:

- (e) in a newspaper or book printed or published outside the State, if incidental to the main purpose of the newspaper or book, or
- (f) in or on a package or carton containing an alcoholic beverage, or
- (g) in a shop or similar retail outlet where alcoholic beverages are offered or exposed for sale, or
- (h) on documents used in the ordinary course of business, or
- (i) otherwise exempted under the proposed Act.

The maximum penalty for a first offence, if committed by an individual, is 50 penalty units (currently \$5,500) and for subsequent offences is 100 penalty units (currently \$11,000).

The maximum penalty for a first offence, if committed by a body corporate, is 200 penalty units (currently \$22,000) and for subsequent offences is 400 penalty units (currently \$44,000).

An additional daily penalty of up to 50 penalty units (for an individual) or 200 penalty units (for a body corporate) may be imposed in the case of a continuing offence.

**Clause 7** prohibits promotional "competitions" and other prescribed schemes designed to promote the sale, or generally to promote the drinking, of alcoholic beverages.

The maximum penalties for offences committed by individuals or corporations are the same as under proposed section 6.

**Clause 8** prohibits the offering, giving or distributing of free samples of alcoholic beverages to promote the sale of such products, except to manufacturers, distributors or retailers of alcoholic beverages or their employees or at wineries, vineyards or breweries.

The maximum penalties for offences committed by individuals or corporations are the same as under proposed section 6.

**Clause 9** prohibits the promotion of, or agreements to promote, alcoholic beverages or their trademark or brand name in return for a sponsorship of some activity and also prohibits the provision of a sponsorship on those terms, subject to certain exceptions and exemptions.

The maximum penalties for offences committed by individuals or corporations are the same as under proposed section 6.

**Clause 10** allows the Minister to grant exemptions from the requirements of proposed section 6 or 9 in limited circumstances. No exemption will be effective after the fifth anniversary of the date of introduction of this Bill into Parliament.

## Part 3 Reintroduction of local option

**Clause 11** allows a request for the declaration of a local option area to be made to the Minister, but only if it is supported by a petition signed by at least 10% of the enfranchised residents of the proposed area or, if the proposed area is part of a ward, of the whole of the ward.

**Clause 12** empowers the Minister to declare a local option area, but only with the agreement of the local council that there exists a particular alcohol-related problem in the proposed area.

**Clause 13** empowers the Minister to rescind a declaration of a local option area, but only with the consent of the local council and after it has been in force for at least 6 months.

**Clause 14** requires notice of the declaration of a local option area, and of any rescission of such a declaration, to be published in the Gazette before it is effective.

**Clause 15** provides that a local option area will be effective for the period of not less than 3 nor more than 5 years specified in the declaration of the area, unless sooner rescinded.

**Clause 16** creates an offence if, in a declared local option area and while the relevant declaration is in force, anyone buys, sells or (for a material benefit) delivers, an alcoholic beverage or consumes any such drink in a public place. Any drink the subject of such an offence, and any bottle or other container in which it is contained, is forfeited to the Crown. A licensee under the *Liquor Act 2007* will lose the licence if prohibited sales are made from the licensed premises.

The regulations may create specific exemptions from such an offence.

## Part 4 Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee

**Clause 17** establishes the Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee which will consist of 5 members appointed by the Minister.

**Clause 18** requires the Committee to provide the Minister with a timetable for the progressive withdrawal of advertising and promotional activities relating to alcoholic beverages.

**Clause 19** requires the Minister to promote regulations providing for the progressive withdrawal of such advertising and promotional activities.

**Clause 20** provides for the Secretary of the Ministry of Health to provide the Committee with the resources necessary for it to exercise its functions.

## Part 5 Enforcement

**Clause 21** allows the Local Court to order the removal of an advertisement for an alcoholic beverage that is displayed in contravention of the proposed Act, or that was originally lawfully displayed but is required to be removed under the scheme for removal of such advertisements provided by the proposed Act.

Clause 22 empowers the entry into premises (unless used for a dwelling) to remove advertisements under such an order.

**Clause 23** creates an offence if an authorised officer who is required by such an order to remove an advertisement is intimidated or obstructed in giving effect to the order.

**Clause 24** requires the consent of the Secretary of the Ministry of Health to proceedings for an offence under the proposed Act.

Clause 25 fixes maximum penalties for certain of the offences under the proposed Act.

Clause 26 provides that offences under the proposed Act and the regulations may be dealt with summarily before the Local Court or on indictment.

**Clause 27** allows prosecution of the persons involved in the management of a body corporate for offences committed by the body corporate.

## Part 6 General

**Clause 28** bars civil proceedings against a person for doing, or omitting to do, anything which is done or omitted to be done in compliance with the proposed Act.

Clause 29 empowers the Governor to make regulations for the purposes of the proposed Act.

Clause 30 requires health warnings to be displayed on packaging for alcoholic beverages in accordance with the regulations.

**Clause 31** provides that, before 4 years expire after assent to the proposed Act, the Minister is to have its operation, and the continuing need for it, investigated and a report made. The report is to be tabled in Parliament.

### Schedule 1 Provisions relating to Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee

Clause 1 requires nominations for membership of the Committee to be sought by the Minister.

Clause 2 allows a member a term of office of not more than 4 years, fixed by the Minister.

Clause 3 fixes a quorum of 3 members for a meeting of the Committee.

Clause 4 requires the Chairperson of the Committee to preside over its meetings.

Clause 5 states how decisions of the Committee are made.

Clause 6 requires the Minister to call the first meeting of the Committee.

Clause 7 allows the Committee to fix the procedure for its meetings.

Introduced by Revd the Hon F J Nile, MLC

First print



New South Wales

# Alcoholic Beverages Advertising Prohibition Bill 2015

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New South Wales

# Alcoholic Beverages Advertising Prohibition Bill 2015

No , 2015

### A Bill for

An Act to prohibit the advertising of alcoholic beverages and related trade marks, brand names and logos; and for other purposes.

The I	The Legislature of New South Wales enacts: 1					
Par	t 1	Preliminary				
1	Name	e of A		the Alashalis Devenages Advertising Dushikition 1st 2015	3	
		THIS	Act is	the Alcoholic Beverages Advertising Prohibition Act 2015.	4	
2	Com	mence	ement	t	5	
		This	Act co	ommences on the date of assent to this Act.	6	
3	Act b	inds t	the Cr	'own	7	
				inds the Crown in right of New South Wales and, in so far as the legislative arliament permits, the Crown in all its other capacities.	8 9	
4	Purp	oses d	of the	Act	10	
		The p	ourpos	ses of this Act are:	11	
		(a)	to di	scourage alcohol consumption by:	12	
			(i)	persuading young people not to drink and not to abuse alcoholic beverages, and	13 14	
			(ii)	limiting exposure of young people and children to persuasion to drink alcoholic beverages, and	15 16	
			(iii)	encouraging drinkers of other beverages not to start drinking alcoholic beverages, and	17 18	
			(iv)	assisting those who wish to limit or give up alcohol consumption, and	19	
		(b)		duce alcohol-related:	20	
			(i)	domestic violence, and	21	
			(ii)	deaths, and	22	
			(iii)	road accidents, and	23	
			(iv)	crime and violence, and	24	
		(c)	-	revent alcohol-related illness (such as cirrhosis of the liver), and	25	
		(d)		educe the harmful impact of alcohol in the workplace and in industry erally.	26 27	
5	Defin	itions	;		28	
	(1)	In thi	is Act	:	29	
		other	<sup>·</sup> visua	<i>vertisement</i> means any writing, still or moving picture, sign, symbol or al image or message or audible message, or a combination of 2 or more of gives publicity to or otherwise promotes or is intended to promote:	30 31 32	
		(a)	the p	purchase or use of an alcoholic beverage, or	33	
		(b)		trademark or brand name, or part of a trademark or brand name, of an holic beverage.	34 35	
				<i>beverage</i> means spirit, wine or beer (or any other beverage) which contains d which is designed for human consumption.	36 37	
		auth	orised	officer means:	38	
		(a)	a hea	alth surveyor appointed by the council of a local government area, or	39	
		(b)		rson authorised as an officer for the purposes of this Act by an order made ne Secretary of the Ministry of Health.	40 41	
		book	inclu	des any printed material in any language.	42	

1	d wave includes one next of a bread news	
	<i>d name</i> includes any part of a brand name.	1
Part	<i>mittee</i> means the Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee established under 4.	2 3
	<i>paper</i> includes a copy of any magazine, journal or periodical or any other cation copies of which contain:	4 5
(a)	news, information or reports of events, or	6
(b) whic	remarks, observations or comments about any news, information or events or about any other matter of interest to the public or to any section of the public, h are printed in any language and published at regular or irregular intervals.	7 8 9
pack	<i>age</i> , in relation to an alcoholic beverage, means a package:	10
(a)	in which the alcoholic beverage is packed by a manufacturer, and	11
(b)	which is in contact with the alcoholic beverage.	12
pren	<i>lises</i> includes any place.	13
<i>publ</i> has a	<i>ic place</i> includes a place to which the public or a section of the public ordinarily ccess, whether or not by payment or by invitation.	14 15
<i>racir</i> racin	<i>g</i> includes horse racing and pacing, dog racing and motor car and motorcycle g.	16 17
	<i>ant day</i> means the fifth anniversary of the day on which the Bill for this Act was duced into the Legislative Council.	18 19
<i>sell</i> i	ncludes:	20
(a)	barter or exchange, or	21
(b)	offer or expose for sale, barter or exchange, or	22
(c)	supply, or offer to supply, in circumstances in which the supplier derives, or would derive, a direct or indirect pecuniary benefit, or	23 24
(d)	supply or offer to supply gratuitously but with a view to gaining or maintaining custom or otherwise with a view to commercial gain.	25 26
spon	sorship includes:	27
(a)	scholarship, prize, gift or other benefit, or	28
(b)	financial arrangement (other than a genuine contract of employment or a genuine contract for services) for the distribution, promotion or publicity of one or more of the matters referred to in section 9 (1) (a) or (b) through the medium of sporting, arts, youth, educational or other like activities.	29 30 31 32
	t includes recreational and other activities but does not include racing.	33
telec	ommunication medium includes radio and television.	34
Note	s included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	35

(2)

Certain advertising prohibited

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## Part 2 Offences relating to promotion of alcoholic beverages

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- (1) A person who in New South Wales for any direct or indirect benefit displays an alcohol advertisement, so that it can be seen or heard from a public place, commits an offence.
- (2) An individual who broadcasts or transmits an alcohol advertisement by the use of any telecommunication medium commits an offence if, as a consequence, there is a financial or other material benefit (either direct or indirect):
  - (a) to the owner of the radio or television station concerned or any company that controls the use of the medium, or
  - (b) to any employee of the owner or any such company, or
  - (c) to any other individual associated with the owner, any such company or any such employee.
- (3) A person who, after 3 months from the commencement of this Act, in New South Wales:
  - (a) distributes to the public any unsolicited article, or
  - (b) sells, hires or supplies for any direct or indirect benefit any article to any person (other than a person, or the employee of a person, who is a manufacturer, distributor or retailer of an alcoholic beverage),

that constitutes or contains an alcohol advertisement commits an offence.

- (4) This section does not apply in relation to anything done before the relevant day, or before such earlier day as may be prescribed by the regulations (either generally or in a particular case or class of cases), under a contract or arrangement entered into before the day on which the Bill for this Act was introduced into the Legislative Council.
   (4) This section does not apply in relation to anything done before the relevant day, or before such earlier day as may be prescribed by the regulations (either generally or case or class of cases), under a contract or arrangement entered into before the day on which the Bill for this Act was introduced into the Legislative Council.
- (5) This section does not apply in relation to:
  - (a) an alcohol advertisement in or on a newspaper or book printed or published outside New South Wales, the sole or main purpose of which newspaper or book is not the promotion or publicising of the purchase or use of an alcoholic beverage or a trademark or brand name of an alcoholic beverage, or
  - (b) an alcohol advertisement in or on a package or carton containing an alcoholic beverage, or
  - (c) an alcohol advertisement that is displayed inside a shop or other retail outlet where alcoholic beverages are offered or exposed for sale, that is directly adjacent to a place where all or any of those alcoholic beverages are offered or exposed for sale and that complies with the regulations, or 36
  - (d) an invoice, statement, order, letterhead, business card, cheque, manual or other document that is ordinarily used in the course of the business of a manufacturer or distributor of an alcoholic beverage, or 39
  - (e) anything to which this section does not apply by virtue of an exemption 40 granted under section 10. 41
- (6) When 18 months has expired after the commencement of this Act, subsection (5) (e) does not apply to an alcohol advertisement that is visible from a public place, regardless of when the advertisement was first displayed.
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(7)		y proceedings for an offence under subsection (1) it is presumed that, if there is ent in the relevant alcohol advertisement:	1 2	
	(a)	the name of a person who manufactures or distributes any alcoholic beverage, or	3 4	
	(b)	a trademark of which a person who manufactures or distributes any alcoholic beverage is the registered proprietor or the registered user, within the meaning of the <i>Trade Marks Act 1995</i> of the Commonwealth, or	5 6 7	
	(c)	a brand name used by a person who manufactures or distributes any alcoholic beverage,	8 9	
		erson displayed that alcohol advertisement for a direct or indirect benefit, unless ontrary is proved.	10 11	
(8)	const alcoh	by proceedings for an offence under this section, if the thing that is alleged to titute an alcohol advertisement contains the trademark or brand name of an nolic beverage, it is presumed to be designed to promote or publicise the nolic beverage to which it relates unless the contrary is proved.	12 13 14 15	
(9)	that p the I	contract for the doing of anything prohibited by this section (being a contract purports to have been entered into after the Bill for this Act was introduced into Legislative Council) is void, whether or not doing that thing constituted an acce when the contract purports to have been entered into.	16 17 18 19	
Com	petitic	ons	20	
(1)	<ol> <li>A person who, after 3 months from the commencement of this Act, in cor with the sale of an alcoholic beverage or for the purpose of promoting the sa alcoholic beverage:</li> </ol>			
	(a)	supplies (whether it is sent from inside or outside New South Wales) to the purchaser, or any other person (not being a purchaser or other person who is, or is the employee of, a manufacturer, distributor or retailer of an alcoholic beverage) in New South Wales:	24 25 26 27	
		(i) a prize, gift or other benefit, or	28	
		<ul> <li>(ii) a stamp, coupon, token, voucher, ticket or other thing by virtue of which the purchaser or any other person may become entitled to, or may qualify for, a prize, gift or other benefit (whether that entitlement or qualification is absolute or conditional), or</li> </ul>	29 30 31 32	
	(b)	conducts (whether from inside or outside New South Wales) a scheme:	33	
		(i) prescribed to be a scheme to promote the sale of an alcoholic beverage or to promote drinking alcoholic beverages generally, and	34 35	
		(ii) the whole or any part of which is implemented in New South Wales,	36	
		nits an offence.	37	
(2)	bene incid oppo buy b	a defence in proceedings for an offence under subsection (1) to prove that the fit or thing supplied, or participation in the relevant scheme, was only entally connected with the purchase of an alcoholic beverage and that equal rtunity to receive that benefit or thing, or to participate in that scheme, and to beverages other than alcoholic beverages, was afforded generally to persons who hased beverages, whether or not they were alcoholic beverages.	38 39 40 41 42 43	
Free	samp	les	44	
(1)	e samples A person who, for the purpose of inducing or promoting the sale of an alcoholic beverage, offers, gives or distributes to another person (not being a person who is, or is the employee of, a manufacturer, distributor or retailer of an alcoholic beverage) a free sample of an alcoholic beverage commits an offence.			

(2) This section does not apply to alcoholic beverages which are free samples offered, given or distributed at the actual geographical location where the beverages were made, being the winery or the vineyard (in the case of wine) and the brewery (in the case of beer).

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### 9 **Prohibition of sponsorships**

- (1) A person who promotes or publicises, or agrees to promote or publicise, in New South Wales:
  - (a) an alcoholic beverage or a trademark or brand name, or part of a trademark or brand name, of an alcoholic beverage, or
  - (b) the name or interests of a manufacturer or distributor of an alcoholic beverage (whether or not that manufacturer or distributor also manufactures or distributes a beverage other than the alcoholic beverage) in association directly or indirectly with the alcoholic beverage,

under a contract, or an arrangement (whether or not legally binding) under which a sponsorship is provided or to be provided by another person, commits an offence.

- (2) A person who provides or agrees to provide a sponsorship under a contract or arrangement of a kind referred to in subsection (1) commits an offence.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (1) (b), the name or interests of a manufacturer or distributor of an alcoholic beverage are taken to be in association directly or indirectly with the alcoholic beverage if that name or those interests are commonly associated by members of the public in New South Wales with the alcoholic beverage.
   (3) For the purposes of subsection (1) (b), the name or interests of a manufacturer or distributor of an alcoholic beverage are taken to be in association directly or associated by members of the public in New South Wales with the alcoholic beverage.
- (4) This section does not apply in relation to:
  - (a) anything done before the relevant day or before such earlier day as may be prescribed by the regulations either generally or in a particular case or class of cases, under a contract entered into before the day on which the Bill for this Act was introduced into the Legislative Council, or
  - (b) anything to which this section does not apply by virtue of an exemption granted under section 10.
- Nothing in subsection (1) or (2) applies to the giving of, or an agreement to give, a scholarship by a manufacturer or distributor of an alcoholic beverage to an employee, or a member of the family of an employee, of the manufacturer or distributor.
- (6) Any contract for the doing of anything prohibited by this section (being a contract that purports to have been entered into after the Bill for this Act was introduced into the Legislative Council) is void, whether or not doing that thing constituted an offence when the contract purports to have been entered into.
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#### 10 Exemptions

- (1) The Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette before the relevant day:
  - (a) exempt a person or class of persons either wholly or in part from the operation of section 6 or 9 subject to such conditions (if any) as are set out in that notice or prescribed for the purposes of this paragraph, or
  - (b) amend or revoke an exemption granted under this section.
- (2) An exemption may be granted under this section only:
  - (a) after consultation between the Minister and the appropriate Minister, and having regard to the nature and background of the event, function or series 45

		concerned (the <i>relevant event</i> ) and to the purposes of this Act, to facilitate the promotion and conduct of:	1 2
		(i) a sporting, racing or arts event or function, or	3
		(ii) a series of sporting, racing or arts events or functions,	4
		of national or international significance, or	5
	(b)	in any case of significant hardship to persons other than manufacturers or wholesalers of alcohol.	6 7
(3)		<i>appropriate Minister</i> , in relation to a relevant event, is the Minister inistering the Act (if any) under which the event is regulated.	8 9
(4)	The secti	Minister must, when deciding whether or not to grant an exemption under this on for the purpose referred to in subsection (2) (a), have regard to:	10 11
	(a)	any substantial connection between the relevant event or function or series of events or functions and other significant events or functions outside the State, and	12 13 14
	(b)	any reasonable efforts that have been made to obtain sufficient financial or other support for the relevant event or function or series of events or functions from sources other than the advertising of alcoholic beverages to render the exemption unnecessary.	15 16 17 18
(5)	An e	exemption granted under this section has no effect after the relevant day.	19

## Part 3 Reintroduction of local option

#### 11 Request to declare local option area

- (1) Any person can request the Minister to declare a specified area to be a local option area. Streets and other landmarks can be used to describe the boundaries of such an area.
- (2) The request is not effective unless it is accompanied by a petition supporting the declaration of the area that the Minister is satisfied:
  - (a) clearly described the boundaries of the specified area, the grounds on which the request was made and the effect of declaring that area to be a local option area, and

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- (b) was signed (within a period of not more than 6 successive months) by not less than 10% of such of the people who reside in that area as are each entitled to vote in an election of a member of the Legislative Assembly for the electorate that includes his or her place of residence, and
- (c) contains, so that they may be easily read, the surname and the given name or given names (or the surname and the initials of the given name or given names) of, the residential address of, and the date on which the petition was signed by, each signatory, and
- (d) specifies whether the declaration sought is a declaration of general application or a declaration limited to specified hours or other periods of time.
- (3) An area for the purposes of a declaration under this Part may consist of (but is not limited to) a local government area or a ward of such an area.
- (4) If such an area consists of part of a ward only, subsection (2) (b) requires the signature of not less than 10% of all the people who reside in the whole of the ward and who are qualified to vote as referred to in that paragraph.

#### 12 Declaration of local option area

- (1) The Minister must declare a local option area in accordance with such a request if the Minister agrees with the council of each local government area the whole or any part of which comprises or is included in the proposed local option area that any of the following situations apply:
  - (a) there are widespread problems with youth which are related to alcohol being consumed in the proposed local option area,
  - (b) there is widespread alcohol-related crime in that area,
  - (c) there is widespread alcohol abuse in that area,
  - (d) there are widespread alcohol-related illnesses, accidents or deaths in that area.
- (2) For the period of 4 months before a local option area is declared under this Part, notice of intention to declare the area (containing details of the proposed declaration) must be given at not less than monthly intervals in at least one local newspaper and at least one other newspaper circulated throughout the area.
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#### 13 Rescission of declaration

The Minister may rescind the declaration of a local option area, or any such declaration in so far as it relates to part of a local option area, but only in accordance with an agreement for rescission made between the Minister and the council of the local government area that constitutes that area or the part of that area.

	(2)	Such	an agreement may not be made:	1
		(a)	until 6 months have expired after the declaration of the local option area concerned, or	2 3
		(b)	until 6 months after the last occasion (if any) on which the Minister or the council concerned unsuccessfully requested the other of them to agree to the rescission.	4 5 6
14	Whe	n decl	aration or rescission has effect	7
			declaration of a local option area, and any rescission of such a declaration, have t only when notice of the declaration or rescission has been published in the ette.	8 9 10
15	Dura	tion o	f declaration	11
	(1)		claration of a local option area must specify the nominal period for which the aration will be in force unless it is sooner rescinded.	12 13
	(2)		nominal period must commence at least one month after publication of the aration in the Gazette and be a period of not less than 3 years or more than ars.	14 15 16
	(3)		claration of a local option area has effect only until the nominal period specified e declaration expires or until it is rescinded, whichever occurs first.	17 18
16	Proh	ibitior	ns applicable to local option areas	19
	(1)	A pe	rson commits an offence if the person:	20
		(a)	buys, sells or (for any direct or indirect material benefit to the person delivering) delivers any quantity of an alcoholic beverage, or	21 22
		(b)	consumes any alcoholic beverage in a public place,	23
			in any local option area declared under this Part while the declaration is in force. imum penalty: 1 penalty unit.	24 25
	(2)	time,	e declaration is expressed to be limited to specified hours or other periods of the declaration is taken not to be in force at any other time for the purposes of ection (1).	26 27 28
	(3)	deliv	person is convicted of an offence under this section of buying, selling or ering a quantity of an alcoholic beverage, the beverage and any bottle, keg, el, cask or other container in which it is contained:	29 30 31
		(a)	are forfeited to the Crown, and	32
		(b)	may be seized by an authorised officer or any police officer, and	33
		(c)	are to be disposed of as the Minister directs.	34
	(4)	and b of an requi	r notice of the declaration of a local option area has been published in the Gazette before the declaration commences to be in force, the average monthly quantity y kind of alcoholic beverage sold from premises within that area that are (or are irred to be) licensed for the purpose under the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> is not to exceed verage monthly quantity of that kind of liquor sold per month for the 12 months re the notice was published.	35 36 37 38 39 40
	(5)	sales	regulations may provide for the making, keeping and inspection of records of of alcoholic beverages for the purpose of ensuring that subsection (4) is blied with.	41 42 43

(6) If any quantity of an alcoholic beverage is sold in contravention of this section at any premises licensed under the *Liquor Act 2007*, any licence for the premises granted under that Act is taken to be cancelled.

1 2 3

Par	t 4	Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee	1			
17	Alco	nol Advertising Prohibition Committee	2			
	(1)	The Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee is established.	3			
	(2)	The Committee is to consist of 5 members appointed by the Minister, of whom:	4			
		(a) 1 is to be appointed as Chairperson, and	5			
		(b) 3 are to be appointed on the nomination of the Secretary of the Ministry of Health, and	6 7			
		(c) 1 is to be a person nominated by the Chief Executive Officer of the Outdoor Media Association of Australia.	8 9			
	(3)	Schedule 1 sets out provisions with respect to the members and meetings of the Committee.	10 11			
18	Fund	tions of Committee	12			
	(1)	The Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee is to prepare and submit to the Minister a code which provides for the regular and progressive stages in accordance with which advertisements to which section 6 applies should be removed or obscured and sponsorships to which section 9 applies should be terminated.	13 14 15 16			
	(2)	The code is to provide for the removal or obscuring of advertisements and the termination of sponsorships by the relevant day.	17 18			
	(3)	The Committee's initial advice concerning the provisions of the code is to be given within 3 months after the commencement of this section.	19 20			
	(4)	The Committee has such other advisory functions as the Minister may determine.	21			
19	Resp	Responsibility of Minister				
	(1)	The Minister is required to recommend to the Governor the making of regulations which will ensure:	23 24			
		(a) the removal or obscuring of advertisements to which section 6 applies, and	25			
		(b) the termination of sponsorships to which section 9 applies,	26			
		by regular and progressive stages.	27			
	(2)	The Minister, in making any recommendation under this section, must consider any code submitted and any advice given by the Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee.	28 29 30			
	(3)	This section does not apply to an advertisement or sponsorship which is the subject of an exemption under section 10.	31 32			
20	Prov	sion of assistance to Committee	33			
		For the purpose of the exercise of its functions, the Secretary of the Ministry of Health is to provide the Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee with such assistance as it may reasonably require.	34 35 36			

Enforcement

Part 5

21	Rem	/al of certain advertisements
	(1)	This section applies to an alcohol advertisement:
		(a) if the advertisement was placed or displayed in contravention of this Act or the regulations, or
		(b) after the relevant day or such earlier day as may be prescribed by the regulations either generally or in a particular case or class of cases, whether or not the advertisement was placed or displayed in contravention of this Act or the regulations.
	(2)	If an alcohol advertisement is situated in a public place or on any premises from which it can be seen from a public place, the Local Court may order:
		(a) that the advertisement be removed or obscured by an authorised officer, and
		(b) if any person has been convicted of an offence under this Act or the regulations relating to the placing or displaying of the advertisement, that the person pay the reasonable costs incurred by the authorised officer in removing or obscuring the advertisement.
	(3)	Subsection (2) does not apply to an advertisement that is displayed inside a shop or other retail outlet where alcoholic beverages are offered or exposed for sale and that complies with the regulations.
	(4)	An authorised officer does not commit a civil wrong and is not liable for damages for anything done or omitted to be done while removing or obscuring an alcohol advertisement with reasonable care under the authority of such an order.
	(5)	Any alcohol advertisement in the form of an article that is removed in accordance with such an order is taken to be the property of such person as is specified in the order.
	(6)	If any costs are payable under such an order, they may be recovered in a court of competent jurisdiction as a debt due to the Crown or a council, as the case requires.

This section does not apply to an alcohol advertisement while it may be lawfully (7)28 displayed in accordance with an exemption provided by this Act or the regulations. 29

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#### 22 Power of entry

- An authorised officer may enter any premises to remove or obscure an alcohol (1)advertisement under the authority of an order made by the Local Court.
- This section does not allow the entry into any premises or part of premises used as a (2)dwelling.

#### 23 Intimidation or obstruction of authorised officer

A person must not in any way intimidate or obstruct an authorised officer who is 36 removing or obscuring an alcohol advertisement under the authority of an order made 37 by the Local Court or who is attempting to do so. 38 39

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units for a first offence or 100 penalty units for a second or subsequent offence.

#### 24 Consent required for prosecutions

Proceedings for an offence under this Act are not to be commenced without the 42 consent in writing of the Secretary of the Ministry of Health or a person authorised 43 by the Secretary in writing for the purpose of this section. 44

25	Pena	lties		1
	(1)		rson who commits an offence under section 6 (1), (2) or (3), 7 (1), 8 (1), 9 (1) ) or 30 (1) is liable:	2 3
		(a)	in the case of an individual, to a penalty of not more than:	4
			(i) 50 penalty units for a first offence, or	5
			(ii) 100 penalty units for a second or subsequent offence, or	6
		(b)	in the case of a body corporate, to a penalty of not more than:	7
			(i) 200 penalty units for a first offence, or	8
			(ii) 400 penalty units for a second or subsequent offence.	9
	(2)		continuing state of affairs is created by an offence referred to in subsection (1), ffender is liable to a penalty of not more than:	10 11
		(a)	50 penalty units in the case of an individual, or	12
		(b)	200 penalty units in the case of a body corporate,	13
			spect of each day on which that offence continues, in addition to the penalty fied in that subsection.	14 15
26	Proc	eeding	gs for offences	16
	(1)		eedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations may be disposed of in a nary manner before the Local Court.	17 18
	(2)		ffence under this Act may be dealt with as an indictable offence, but only if the ecutor proposes that the offence be so dealt with.	19 20
	(3)	sumr is 10	beceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations are disposed of in a mary manner before the Local Court, the maximum penalty that may be imposed 00 penalty units, or the maximum penalty for the offence (whichever is the r), despite any other provision of this Act.	21 22 23 24
	(4)		be ceedings for such an offence are taken on indictment, the maximum penalty that be imposed is the maximum penalty for the offence.	25 26
	(5)		eedings for such an offence may be commenced at any time within 12 months the date on which the offence is alleged to have been committed.	27 28
27	Offei	nces b	by bodies corporate	29
	(1)		n a body corporate commits an offence under this Act or the regulations, every er of the body corporate commits the same offence unless he or she proves that:	30 31
		(a)	the offence was committed without his or her consent or knowledge, and	32
		(b)	he or she exercised all such due diligence to prevent the commission of that offence as he or she ought to have exercised, having regard to the nature of his or her functions in that capacity and to all the circumstances.	33 34 35
	(2)	In su	bsection (1):	36
		office	er, in relation to a body corporate, means:	37
		(a)	a director, secretary or executive officer of the body corporate, or	38
		(b)	a receiver, or receiver and manager, of property of the body corporate, or any other authorised person who enters into possession or assumes control of property of the body corporate for the purpose of enforcing any charge, or	39 40 41
		(c)	an official manager or a deputy official manager of the body corporate, or	42
		(d)	a liquidator of the body corporate, or	43

(e) a trustee or other person administering a compromise or arrangement made between the body corporate and another person or other persons,	1 2
and includes any other person, however described and whether or not a director of the body corporate, who is concerned, or takes part, in the management of the body corporate.	3 4 5

Par	t 6	General	1
28	Cert	in civil proceedings barred	2
		An action at law or in equity does not lie against a person for:	3
		(a) the omission to do any thing the doing of which, or	4
		(b) the doing of any thing the omission to do which,	5
		would constitute an offence under this Act.	6
29	Reg	lations	7
	(1)	The Governor may make regulations prescribing all matters that are required or permitted by this Act to be prescribed, or are necessary or convenient to be prescribed for giving effect to the purposes of this Act, and, in particular:	8 9 10
		(a) prescribing the labelling of packages containing alcoholic beverages, including the position of labels on packages and the size, colour, style and nature of labels or labelling, and	11 12 13
		(b) prescribing the size, colour, style, position and nature of alcohol advertisements displayed inside shops and other retail outlets where alcoholic beverages are offered or exposed for sale, and any statements or warnings to be included in those alcohol advertisements, and	14 15 16 17
		(c) prescribing the duty of persons packing, or causing other persons to pack, specified alcoholic beverages prepared for drinking to label those alcoholic beverages in a specified manner, and	18 19 20
		(d) prohibiting the sale of packages containing specified alcoholic beverages prepared for drinking unless those packages are labelled in a specified manner, and	21 22 23
		(e) exempting persons from any of the requirements made by section 16, but only in specified circumstances and where the quantity of alcoholic beverage concerned does not exceed that specified in relation to those circumstances, and	24 25 26 27
		(f) creating offences and providing in respect of any such offence a penalty not exceeding 10 penalty units.	28 29
	(2)	In this section, <i>specified</i> means specified in regulations made under this section.	30
30	Warı	lings	31
	(1)	The producer of an alcoholic beverage commits an offence if a warning prescribed by the regulations is not displayed, in accordance with the regulations, on the packaging in which the alcoholic beverage is sold or supplied by the producer.	32 33 34
	(2)	<ul> <li>The warning must give information about the harmful effects of alcohol consumption.</li> <li>Note. The following are examples of warnings that may be prescribed: <ul> <li>(a) alcohol consumption can be harmful to your health and can cause:</li> <li>(i) cirrhosis of the liver, and</li> <li>(ii) permanent brain damage,</li> </ul> </li> <li>(b) alcohol consumption often leads to deaths on the road.</li> </ul>	35 36 37 38 39 40 41
31	Revi	ew of Act	42
	(1)	Within a period of 12 months commencing on the third anniversary of the day on which this Act commenced, the Minister must cause an investigation and review to be conducted and a report prepared, concerning the operation of this Act.	43 44 45

(2) The Minister must cause a copy of the report referred to in subsection (1) to be laid before each House of Parliament as soon as is practicable after the completion of that report.

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Scl	nedu	Ile 1 Provisions relating to Alcohol Advertising Prohibition Committee	1 2
		(Section 17 (3))	3
1	Nominations		4
	(1)	A nomination of a member of the Committee must:	5
		(a) be submitted in writing to the Minister at the request of the Minister, and	6
		(b) be in respect of a person who consents to being a member.	7
	(2)	If a person or body does not submit a nomination within 30 days after the making of the relevant request, the Minister may appoint a person to be the member concerned to represent the interests of the person or body in default until the relevant nomination is submitted.	8 9 10 11
2	Term of office		12
		A member has such term of office, not exceeding 4 years, as may be specified by the Minister in the instrument appointing the member.	13 14
3	Quorum		15
		3 members constitute a quorum for a meeting of the Committee.	16
4	Presiding member		17
	(1)	The Chairperson is to preside at each meeting of the Committee at which the Chairperson is present.	18 19
	(2)	In the absence of the Chairperson from a meeting of the Committee, the members present are to select from among their number a member to preside at the meeting.	20 21
5	Decisions of Committee		22
	(1)	A decision supported by the votes of the majority of the members present and voting at a meeting of the Committee is the decision of the Committee.	23 24
	(2)	Each member present at a meeting of the Committee is entitled to one vote on a matter arising for determination at the meeting.	25 26
6	Calling of first meeting		27
		The Minister is to call the first meeting of the Committee in such manner as the Minister thinks fit.	28 29
7	Proc	cedure	30
		The Committee is to decide its own procedure for the conduct of its meetings, except as provided by this Schedule.	31 32