

Totalizator Legislation Amendment Bill 1997

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation* Act 1997, the *Totalizator Act 1997*, the *Liquor Act 1982* and the *Registered Clubs Act 1976* as follows:

Amendments to the Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation Act 1997

- (a) A number of amendments are made to the Act to clarify the operation of provisions that will prevent a shareholding in TAB Limited in excess of 5% for any one shareholder.
- (b) Other amendments provide that a contravention of the maximum shareholding restriction will not lead to an automatic avoidance of the transaction that resulted in the prohibited shareholding but will still render the shares concerned liable to forfeiture at the direction of the Minister.

- (c) Provision that enables a director or secretary of TAB Limited (in the context of a suspected contravention of the maximum shareholding restriction) to refuse to register certain share transfers is removed.
- (d) Provision is made for the State to be immune from liability in respect of the actions in good faith of the Minister and others under the maximum shareholding provisions.
- (e) Various consequential amendments and other minor amendments are made.

Amendments to the Totalizator Act 1997

- (a) The Act is amended to confer additional functions and powers on the racing industry *controlling bodies* (the NSW Thoroughbred Racing Board, Harness Racing New South Wales and the Greyhound Racing Authority (NSW)).
- (b) Various amendments are made to clarify which events and contingencies can be the subject of a licence under the Act to conduct a totalizator.
- (c) Provisions that deal with the grant of exclusive totalizator licences to TAB Limited (or a subsidiary) and the racing clubs are amended to make it clear that the exclusive licences can be granted for terms that are longer than the exclusivity period (15 years).
- (d) Provision is added to enable the Minister to require the payment of an amount as consideration for the grant of a totalizator licence and to require payment of a periodic licence fee.
- (e) Exemption from the operation of Part IV of the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 of the Commonwealth is granted in respect of the grant of the exclusive licences, conduct under those licences, certain arrangements approved by the Minister and conduct under those arrangements, and the giving by a controlling body of certain directions to racing clubs.
- (f) An existing provision that requires an applicant for a totalizator licence to have made commercial arrangements with the racing industry is modified to require the arrangements to be arrangements that the racing industry is satisfied with.
- (g) A number of amendments are made to the Act to clarify the operation of provisions that will prevent a shareholding in a totalizator licensee in excess of 5% for any one shareholder.

- (h) Other amendments provide that a contravention of the maximum shareholding restriction will not lead to an automatic avoidance of the transaction that resulted in the prohibited shareholding but will still render the shares concerned liable to forfeiture at the direction of the Minister.
- (i) Provision that enables a director or secretary of a totalizator licensee (in the context of a suspected contravention of the maximum shareholding restriction) to refuse to register certain share transfers is removed.
- (j) Provision is made for the State to be immune from liability in respect of the actions in good faith of the Minister and others under the maximum shareholding provisions.
- (k) The provision that requires the holder of a totalizator licence to have in place and give effect to certain commercial arrangements with the racing industry is amended to exempt licences held by racing clubs and to require that the arrangements must be to the satisfaction of the racing industry.
- (l) A provision for the payment of rebates of betting tax to racing clubs is amended to provide for the rebates to be determined by directions of the Minister given by order published in the Gazette, rather than by regulation.
- (m) Existing transitional provisions for the continuation of the Racing Development Fund are amended to provide for the winding up and distribution of the fund.
- (n) An existing transitional provision that confers additional powers on the controlling bodies is expanded to broaden the range of purposes for which the additional powers are available.
- (o) New provisions are added to give the controlling bodies power to give certain directions to the racing clubs for which they are responsible, and to provide for exemptions from stamp duty.
- (p) Various consequential amendments and other minor amendments are made.

Amendments to the Liquor Act 1982

- (a) The Bill makes the following amendments with respect to the proposed centralised monitoring system (CMS) for gaming machines in hotels:
 - (i) new interpretative provisions are inserted to define what constitutes "connection" of a gaming machine to the CMS,

- (ii) the provision dealing with the power of the CMS licensee to collect gaming machine duty is amended to enable gaming machines to be included in or excluded from its operation by regulation,
- (iii) provisions for secrecy of information are clarified and expanded,
- (iv) provisions dealing with the CMS licence are amended to require that a licence holder must have certain commercial arrangements with the racing industry,
- (v) other minor or consequential changes.
- (b) Exemption from the operation of Part IV of the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 of the Commonwealth is conferred in respect of the exclusive CMS licence to be granted to TAB Limited (or a subsidiary).
- (c) Amendments are made to provide flexibility in respect of the payment and collection of the CMS monitoring fee payable by hoteliers.
- (d) An existing provision for the payment of a fee determined by the Minister for a CMS licence is replaced with provision for an amount to be payable as consideration for the grant of the licence and as a periodic licence fee.
- (e) Provisions dealing with licences to operate a linked gaming system are amended to require the holder of a licence to have made certain commercial arrangements with the racing industry.
- (f) Exemption from the operation of Part IV of the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 of the Commonwealth is conferred in respect of the grant of the exclusive linked gaming system licence to TAB Limited (or a subsidiary).
- (g) An existing provision for the payment of a fee determined by the Minister for a linked gaming system licence is replaced with provision for an amount to be payable as consideration for the grant of the licence and as a periodic licence fee.
- (h) Various consequential amendments and other minor amendments are made.

Amendments to the Registered Clubs Act 1976

- (a) The Bill makes the following amendments with respect to the proposed centralised monitoring system (CMS) for gaming machines in clubs:
 - (i) a new interpretative provision is inserted to defined what constitutes "connection" of a gaming machine to the CMS,

- (ii) the provision dealing with the power of the CMS licensee to collect gaming machine duty is amended to enable gaming machines to be included in or excluded from its operation by regulation,
- (iii) a regulation making power that allows the transfer of the Liquor Administration Board's functions with respect to gaming machines that are connected or capable of connection to a CMS is expanded so that it applies to all gaming machines under the Act.
- (b) Provisions dealing with licences to operate a linked gaming system for clubs are amended to require that a licence can only be held by a person who has made certain commercial arrangements with the racing industry.
- (c) Exemption from the operation of Part IV of the *Trade Practices Act* 1974 of the Commonwealth is conferred in respect of the exclusive inter-club linked gaming system licence to be granted to TAB Limited (or a subsidiary).
- (d) Amendments are made to provide flexibility in respect of the payment and collection of the CMS monitoring fee payable by registered clubs.
- (e) An existing provision for the payment of a fee determined by the Minister for a linked gaming system licence is replaced with provision for an amount to be payable as consideration for the grant of the licence and as a periodic licence fee.
- (f) Various consequential amendments and other minor amendments are made.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 specifies the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the proposed Act to commence on a day or days to be proclaimed.

Clause 3 gives effect to the Schedule of amendments to the *Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation Act 1997*.

Clause 4 gives effect to the Schedule of amendments to the *Totalizator Act* 1997.

Clause 5 gives effect to the Schedule of amendments to the Liquor Act 1982.

Clause 6 gives effect to the Schedule of amendments to the Registered Clubs Act 1976.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation Act 1997

Schedule 1 [1]-[5], [30] and [33] amend provisions dealing with the issue of shares in TAB Limited to reflect the fact that all the shares issued to the State may not all be issued at the same time and that some may be issued under the *Totalizator Act 1997* as consideration for the grant of a licence.

Schedule 1 [6]-[8], [10]-[14] and [19]-[21] clarify and improve the operation of provisions that will prevent a shareholding in TAB Limited in excess of 5% for any one shareholder.

Schedule 1 [15]–[18] and [25] amend the maximum shareholding provisions so that a contravention of them will not lead to an automatic avoidance of a transaction that resulted in a prohibited shareholding (but will still render the shares concerned liable to forfeiture at the direction of the Minister).

Schedule 1 [9] and [22]-[24] make amendments to reflect the fact that the exclusive licences provided for under the *Totalizator Act 1997* can be issued to a subsidiary of TAB Limited (and not just TAB Limited itself).

Schedule 1 [26] extends an existing section that grants immunity to the Minister and others in respect of functions exercised in good faith under the maximum shareholding provisions so that the immunity extends to the State.

Schedule 1 [27] makes minor amendments to correct terminology and references to TAB Limited after its corporatisation.

Schedule 1 [28] and **[29]** amend an existing provision that protects contractual and other obligations arising under the Act so that the provision will extend to the payment of any consideration or fee payable for a licence issued to TAB Limited under the *Totalizator Act 1997*, the *Liquor Act 1982* or the *Registered Clubs Act 1976*. The provision is also simplified by the removal of an unnecessary exception.

Schedule 1 [31] corrects a consequential amendment.

Schedule 1 [32] corrects a cross-reference.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Totalizator Act 1997

Schedule 2 [1] and [4] define *controlling bodies* to mean the NSW Thoroughbred Racing Board, Harness Racing New South Wales and the Greyhound Racing Authority (NSW).

Schedule 2 [2] alters the definition of *racing club* so that it is restricted to those bodies that are registered by one of the controlling bodies as a racing club.

Schedule 2 [3] extends the definition of *racecourse* to provide for racecourses that are situated outside the State.

Schedule 2 [6] and [7] amend the general provisions that deal with the grant of totalizator licences to make it clear that a licence can be granted in respect of betting on any one or more of the events and contingencies referred to in those provisions.

Schedule 2 [5], [8] and [29] amend the provisions that deal with the grant of exclusive licences to TAB Limited (or a subsidiary) and the racing clubs so as:

- (a) to make it clear that the exclusive licences apply in respect of all of the events and contingencies referred to in those provisions,
- (b) to make it clear that the exclusive licences can be granted for terms that are longer than the exclusivity period (15 years) (but so as only to be exclusive for the exclusivity period),
- (c) to make it clear that to the extent that an exclusive licence applies to an event or contingency on a racecourse it will only cover horse, greyhound and harness racing events or contingencies held at a race meeting,
- (d) to insert a new provision that will enable the Minister to require the payment of an amount as consideration for the grant of a totalizator licence and payment of a periodic licence fee.

Schedule 2 [9] grants a broad exemption from the operation of Part IV of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* of the Commonwealth in respect of the grant of the exclusive licences, conduct under those licences, certain arrangements approved by the Minister and conduct under those arrangements, and the giving by a controlling body of directions under a new provision enabling controlling bodies to give directions to the racing clubs for which they are responsible.

Schedule 2 [10] and [11] replace a provision that requires an applicant for a licence to have made commercial arrangements with the racing industry that the Minister is satisfied are necessary to properly give effect to the licence with a provision that requires the arrangements to be arrangements that the racing industry has indicated it is satisfied with. The new provision also requires the Minister to be provided with a copy of the arrangements. Racing clubs are exempted from the new requirement.

Schedule 2 [12]-[25] clarify and improve the operation of provisions that will prevent an individual shareholder entitlement in the holder of a totalizator licence in excess of 5%. The provisions will also be amended so that a contravention of the shareholding restrictions will not lead to the automatic voiding of a transaction that resulted in a prohibited shareholding but instead will make the shares concerned liable to forfeiture at the direction of the Minister.

Schedule 2 [26] extends an existing section that grants immunity to the Minister and others in respect of functions exercised in good faith under the maximum shareholding provisions so that the immunity extends to the State.

Schedule 2 [27] amends a provision that requires the holder of a totalizator licence to have in place and give effect to certain commercial arrangements with the racing industry to exempt on-course totalizator licences held by racing clubs from the requirement and to provide that the arrangements must be to the satisfaction of the racing industry. Schedule 2 [28] inserts a definition of racing industry.

Schedule 2 [30] amends an existing provision for the payment of rebates of betting tax to racing clubs to provide for the rebates to be determined by directions of the Minister given by order published in the Gazette, rather than by regulation.

Schedule 2 [31] and [32] amend existing transitional provisions for the continuation of the Racing Development Fund to provide for the conversion of references to the old Fund and to provide for the winding up and distribution of the continued fund.

Schedule 2 [33] and [34] amend an existing transitional provision that confers additional powers on the controlling bodies to broaden the range of purposes for which the additional powers are available, and inserts an additional provision to give the controlling bodies power to give directions to the racing clubs for which they are responsible. There is also provision for exemptions from stamp duty for arrangements entered into by the controlling bodies for facilitating the restructuring and reorganisation of the racing industry.

Schedule 3 Amendment of Liquor Act 1982

Schedule 3 [1] and [8] insert new interpretative provisions to define what constitutes "connection" of a gaming machine to a CMS (a centralised monitoring system for gaming machines in hotels).

Schedule 3 [2] and [3] amend a provision dealing with the power of the CMS licensee to collect gaming machine duty to enable the regulations to include within the operation of the section gaming machines that are not connected to the CMS, or to exclude gaming machines from its operation that are connected to the CMS.

Schedule 3 [4], [5] and [7] replace a provision dealing with the duty of secrecy of the CMS licensee with respect to information obtained from the operation of the CMS with a new provision that extends to officers, directors and employees of the CMS licensee and also provides for the making of regulations to impose further restrictions on the use of that information by the CMS licensee.

Schedule 3 [6] expands a regulation making power that allows the transfer of the Liquor Administration Board's functions with respect to gaming machines that are connected or capable of connection to a CMS so that the provision applies to all gaming machines under the Act.

Schedule 3 [9] amends provisions dealing with the CMS licence to provide that the licence is subject to a condition that the licensee must have commercial arrangements with the racing industry in place and give effect to them.

Schedule 3 [10] amends a provision dealing with the term of a CMS licence to make it clear that the term of the licence is subject to any earlier cancellation or surrender.

Schedule 3 [11] grants a broad exemption from the operation of Part IV of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* of the Commonwealth in respect of the grant of the exclusive CMS licence to TAB Limited (or a subsidiary) and conduct under those licences.

Schedule 3 [12] and [13] amend the Act to provide flexibility in respect of the payment and collection of the monitoring fee payable by a hotelier in respect of gaming devices connected to the CMS. The regulations will be able to provide for the manner and frequency of payment, to whom the fee is payable and the collection and recovery of the fee.

Schedule 3 [14] replaces an existing provision for the payment of a fee determined by the Minister for a CMS licence with a provision that provides for the determination by the Minister of an amount as the consideration payable for the grant of the licence and for the determination of a periodic licence fee.

Schedule 3 [15] and [16] amend provisions dealing with disciplinary action and search warrants in connection with a CMS licensee to include a breach of a provision of the *Registered Clubs Act 1976* or the regulations under that Act as grounds for the operation of the provisions.

Schedule 3 [17] amends provisions dealing with licences to operate a linked gaming system to provide that the licence is subject to a condition that the licensee must have commercial arrangements with the racing industry in place and give effect to them.

Schedule 3 [18] confers a broad exemption from the operation of Part IV of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* of the Commonwealth in respect of the grant of the exclusive linked gaming system licence to TAB Limited (or a subsidiary) and conduct under those licences.

Schedule 3 [19] replaces an existing provision for the payment of a fee determined by the Minister for a linked gaming system licence with a provision that provides for payment of an amount determined by the Minister as the consideration payable for the grant of the licence and for the payment of a periodic licence fee.

Schedule 3 [20] amends a provision dealing with the term of a linked gaming system licence to make it clear that the term of the licence is subject to any earlier cancellation or surrender.

Schedule 4 Amendment of Registered Clubs Act 1976

Schedule 4 [1] inserts a new interpretative provision to define what constitutes "connection" of a gaming machine to a CMS.

Schedule 4 [2] and [3] amends the provision dealing with the power of the CMS licensee to collect gaming machine duty to enable the regulations to include within the operation of the section gaming machines that are not connected to the CMS, or to exclude gaming machines from its operation that are connected to the CMS.

Schedule 4 [4] and [5] amend the Act to provide flexibility in respect of the payment and collection of the monitoring fee payable by a registered club in respect of gaming devices connected to the CMS. The regulations will be able to provide for the manner and frequency of payment, to whom the fee is payable and the collection and recovery of the fee.

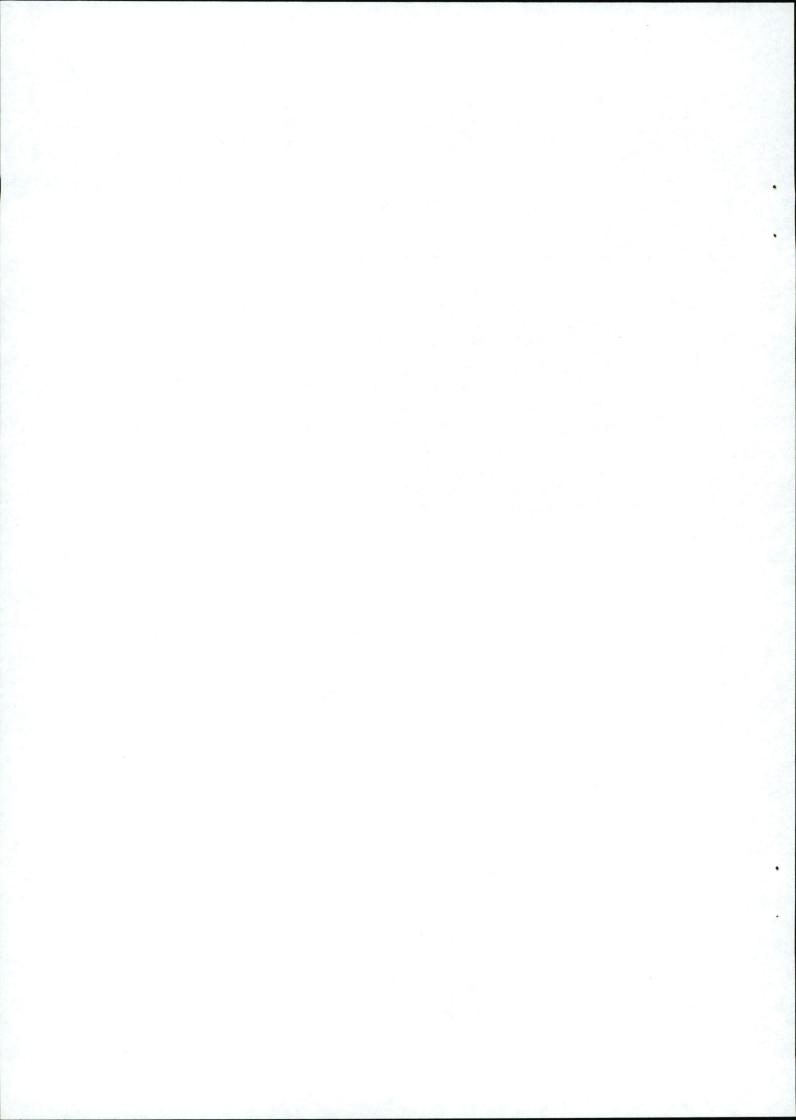
Schedule 4 [6] expands a regulation making power that allows the transfer of the Liquor Administration Board's functions with respect to gaming machines that are connected or capable of connection to a CMS so that it will apply to all gaming machines under the Act.

Schedule 4 [7] amends provisions dealing with licences to operate a linked gaming system for clubs to provide that the licence is subject to a condition that the licensee must have commercial arrangements with the racing industry in place and give effect to them.

Schedule 4 [8] confers a broad exemption from the operation of Part IV of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* of the Commonwealth in respect of the grant of the exclusive inter-club linked gaming system licence to TAB Limited (or a subsidiary) and conduct under those licences.

Schedule 4 [9] replaces an existing provision for the payment of a fee determined by the Minister for a linked gaming system licence with a provision that provides for the payment of an amount determined by the Minister as consideration for the grant of the licence and for payment of a periodic licence fee.

Schedule 4 [10] amends a provision dealing with the term of a linked gaming system licence to make it clear that the term of the licence is subject to any earlier cancellation or surrender.

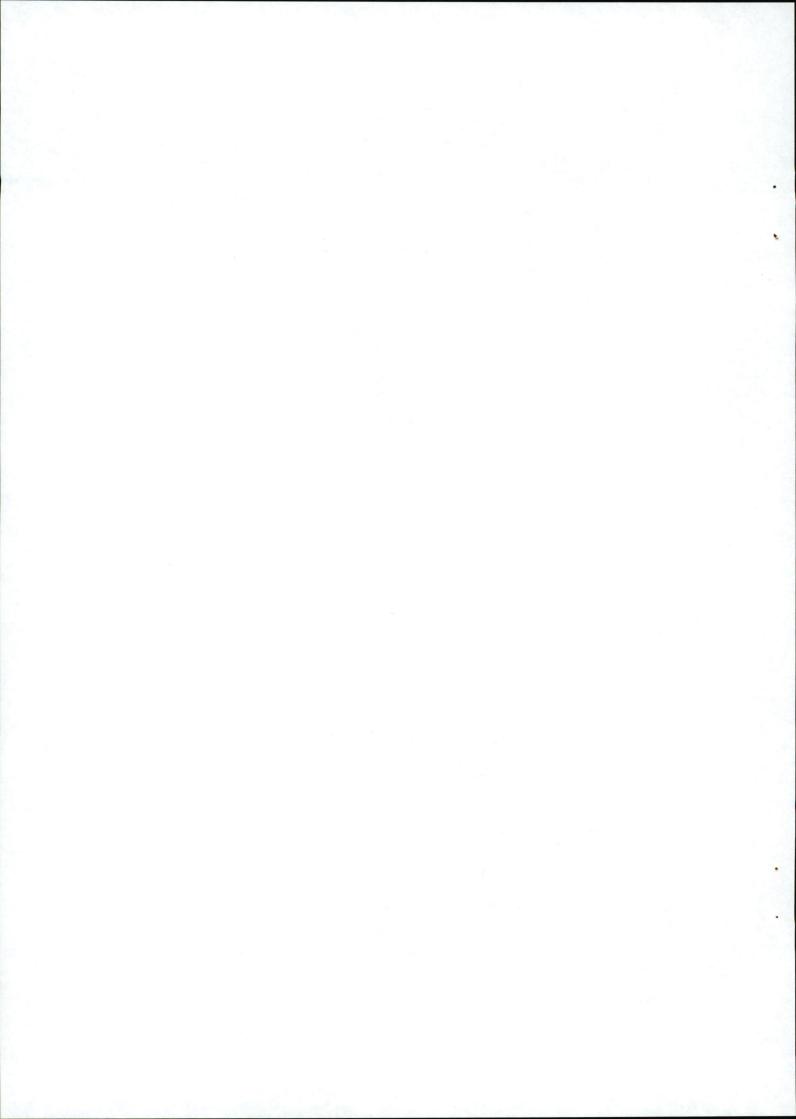




Totalizator Legislation Amendment Bill 1997

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Totalizator Legislation Amendment Bill 1997

No , 1997

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation Act 1997*, the *Totalizator Act 1997*, the *Liquor Act 1982* and the *Registered Clubs Act 1976* to make further provision with respect to licences to conduct totalizator betting, centralised monitoring of gaming devices and linked gaming systems; and for other purposes.

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:

1	Na	me	of	Act

This Act is the Totalizator Legislation Amendment Act 1997.

2 Commencement

This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

3 Amendment of Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation Act 1997 No 43

The Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation Act 1997 is amended as set out in Schedule 1.

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4 Amendment of Totalizator Act 1997 No 45

The Totalizator Act 1997 is amended as set out in Schedule 2.

5 Amendment of Liquor Act 1982 No 147

The Liquor Act 1982 is amended as set out in Schedule 3.

6 Amendment of Registered Clubs Act 1976 No 31

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The Registered Clubs Act 1976 is amended as set out in Schedule 4.

Schedule 1	Amendment of Totalizator Agency
	Board Privatisation Act 1997

(Section 3)

Omit "on the conversion" from section 3 (d).

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[2] Section 16 Minister may act for State as shareholder

Omit "that were issued to the State under Part 2".

Insert instead "issued to the State".

[3] Section 27 Time when transfers may be effected

Omit "(being the shares issued under Part 2)" from section 27 (2).

[4] Section 29 Time when exclusion may be effected

Omit "(being the shares issued under Part 2)" from section 29 (2).

[5] Section 32 Sale of TAB Limited by public float

Omit "shares issued to the State of New South Wales under Part 2" from section 32 (1).

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Insert instead "shares held by the State of New South Wales".

[6] Section 36 Definitions

Omit from section 36 (2) (b):

(b) whether the primary person is in a position to exercise certain powers in relation to a body corporate.

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Insert instead:

(b) the primary person's entitlement, as provided by section 609, to shares in a body corporate.

[7] Section 36 (4)

Omit "section 33". Insert instead "sections 33 and 35 (c)".

[8] Section 36 (5)

Omit "as if a reference in section 609 (1) (a) of that Law".

Insert instead "as if in that section a reference to an associate were a reference to an associate for the purposes of this Division and a reference".

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[9] Section 37 Application of Division

Omit "whenever TAB Limited".

Insert instead "whenever TAB Limited or a TAB Limited 10 subsidiary".

[10] Section 38 Prohibited shareholding interest

Omit section 38 (3).

Insert instead:

(3) A person must not have a prohibited shareholding 15 interest in TAB Limited. A person who contravenes this subsection is guilty of an offence.

Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.

[11] Section 39 Power to require information relating to entitlement to shares in TAB Limited

Insert after section 39 (3):

(3A) A declaration under subsection (3) has effect according to its tenor for the purposes of this Division.

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[12] Section 39 (5)–(7)

Omit section 39 (5). Insert instead:

(5) A person who fails to comply with a requirement of a notice under this section, or in purported compliance with such a requirement furnishes information that is false or misleading in a material particular, is guilty of an offence.

Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.

- (6) It is a defence to a prosecution of a person for an offence under subsection (5) if it is proved that, at the time the information was furnished, the person believed, on reasonable grounds:
 - (a) in the case of false information—that the information was true, or
 - (b) in the case of misleading information—that the information was not misleading.
- (7) A person is not liable to be convicted of both an offence under subsection (5) and an offence under Chapter 4 (Perjury, false statements etc) of Part 7 of the Crimes Act 1900 in respect of the same incident.

[13] Section 41 Disposal, forfeiture etc of shares where prohibited shareholding interest

Insert "the offender or" after "otherwise than to" in section 41 (1).

[14] Section 41 (2)

Omit "otherwise than to an associate of the offender".

[15] Section 41 (5)

Omit ", but for this subsection," wherever occurring.

[16] Section 41 (5)

Omit "the transaction is illegal and void".

Insert instead "the transaction is not illegal or void as a result of this Division but the voting shares in TAB Limited that were the subject of the transaction are subject to forfeiture under subsection (6)".

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[17] Section	41	(6),	(6A)
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Omit section 41 (6). Insert instead:

- (6) The Minister may by written notice served on the parties to a transaction referred to in subsection (5) declare that the voting shares in TAB Limited that were the subject of the transaction are forfeited to the State.
- (6A) A declaration under subsection (6) takes effect when the notices required in respect of the declaration by subsections (6) and (7) are served (or, if they are served at different times, when the one that is served latest is served).

[18] Section 41 (8), (9)

Omit the subsections.

[19] Section 42 Effect of prohibited shareholding on voting and dividend rights

Omit "provides for" from section 42 (1).

[20] Section 42 (1) (a)

Insert "provides for" before "the suspension of".

[21] Section 42 (1) (b)

Omit "to refuse or defer payment".

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Insert instead "to refuse payment, defer payment or suspend any entitlement to payment".

[22] Section 42 (2)

Insert "or a TAB Limited subsidiary" after "that TAB Limited".

[23] Section 42 (2)

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Omit "cannot". Insert instead "must not".

[24]	Section	42	(2A)
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Insert after section 42 (2):

(2A) The contravention of a condition of a licence imposed by subsection (2) is grounds for disciplinary action in relation to the licence concerned (including a licence held by a TAB Limited subsidiary) for the purposes of section 47 of the *Totalizator Act 1997*.

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[25] Section 45 Sale of forfeited shares

Omit "that was illegal and void by virtue of" from section 45 (3) (a).

Insert instead "referred to in".

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[26] Section 46 Immunity of Minister and TAB Limited and its officers and auditors

Insert ", the State" after "Minister".

[27] Section 55 Subsidiary companies

Insert "Limited" after "TAB" in section 55 (4) wherever occurring.

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[28] Section 56 Protection of contractual and other obligations

Insert after section 56 (1) (b):

(b1) the payment (whether or not by the issue of shares) of any consideration or fee for a licence issued to TAB or a TAB subsidiary under the *Totalizator Act 1997*, the *Liquor Act 1982* or the *Registered Clubs Act 1976*, before the sale of TAB Limited as authorised by this Act,

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[29] Section 56 (4)

Omit the subsection.

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[30] Section 58 Exemptions from tax for conversion documents and other documents

Omit "under Part 2" from paragraph (a) of the definition of *exempt* matter in section 58 (1).

Insert instead "to the State".

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[31] Schedule 3 Amendment of Totalizator (Off-course Betting) Act 1964 to take effect on conversion of TAB to company

Omit Schedule 3 [10]. Insert instead:

[10] Section 16

Omit the section. Insert instead:

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16 Company to hold residue in trust

Money held by the Company pending payment pursuant to section 14 (3) (c) to the NSW Thoroughbred Racing Board, the Greyhound Racing Authority (NSW), Harness Racing New South Wales or approved racing clubs is to be so held in trust for those bodies.

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[32] Schedule 5 Savings, transitional and other provisions

Omit "Part 2" from clause 2 (1). Insert instead "Part 3".

[33] Schedule 5, clause 4 (1)

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Omit "(being the shares issued to the State under Part 2)".

Schedule 2 Amendment	of	Totalizator	Act	1997
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(Section 4)

[1] Section 5 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 5 (1):

controlling bodies is defined in section 6A.

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major racing bodies is defined in section 6B.

[2] Section 5 (1), definition of "racing club"

Omit the definition. Insert instead:

racing club means a club, association or other body of persons (whether incorporated or unincorporated) that is registered by a controlling body as a racing club.

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[3] Section 5 (1), definition of "racecourse"

Omit the definition. Insert instead:

racecourse means:

- (a) land in New South Wales that is licensed as a racecourse under the Gaming and Betting Act 1912, or
- (b) land outside New South Wales (including outside Australia) used for race meetings.

[4] Sections 6A, 6B

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Insert after section 6:

6A Controlling bodies

(1) For the purposes of this Act, the *controlling bodies* are the NSW Thoroughbred Racing Board, Harness Racing New South Wales and the Greyhound Racing Authority (NSW).

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	(2)	For the purposes of this Act, the racing clubs for which a controlling body is responsible are:	
		(a) in the case of the NSW Thoroughbred Racing Board—racing clubs that promote, conduct or control horse racing, and	5
		(b) in the case of Harness Racing New South Wales— racing clubs that promote, conduct or control harness racing, and	
		(c) in the case of the Greyhound Racing Authority (NSW)—racing clubs that promote, conduct or control greyhound racing.	10
	(3)	If a controlling body ceases to exist, its functions under this Act are conferred on its successor and its successor becomes a controlling body in its place (including for the purposes of the operation of this section).	15
	(4)	The successor of a controlling body is the body nominated by the Minister by order published in the Gazette.	
	(5)	The Minister cannot nominate a body as successor of a controlling body except with the approval of both a majority of the racing clubs for which the controlling body is responsible and of the principal racing club or clubs (as the case may be) for which the controlling body is responsible.	20
	(6)	If a successor of a controlling body cannot be nominated, there is no successor of that body for the purposes of this section.	25
6B	Major	racing bodies	
	(1)	For the purposes of this Act, the <i>major racing bodies</i> are the following bodies: (a) Australian Jockey Club, (b) Sydney Turf Club, (c) Provincial Association of New South Wales, (d) Country Racing Council Limited,	30
		(e) New South Wales Harness Racing Club Limited,	35

		(f) NSW Greyhound Breeders, Owners & Trainers Association Limited,	
		(g) New South Wales National Coursing Association Limited.	
	(2)	If a major racing body ceases to exist, its functions under this Act are conferred on its successor and its successor becomes a major racing body in its place (including for the purposes of the operation of this section).	5
	(3)	The successor of a major racing body is the body nominated by the Minister by order published in the Gazette.	10
	(4)	The Minister cannot nominate a body as successor of a major racing body except with the approval of a majority of the racing clubs whose interests the major racing body represented or, where the major racing body did not represent the interests of any racing club, with the approval of a majority of the persons who were members of the major racing body immediately before it ceased to exist.	15
	(5)	If a successor of a major racing body cannot be nominated, there is no successor of that body for the purposes of this section.	20
[5]	Section 11	Meaning of "exclusivity period"	
		elusive licence period". ead "exclusivity period".	25
[6]	Section 12 various ki	2 Licences may be granted to conduct totalizators of nds	
	Omit secti	on 12 (1). Insert instead:	
	(1)	A licence may be granted under this Act for the conduct of a totalizator in respect of betting on any one or more of the following events and contingencies: (a) events and contingencies scheduled to be held at a race meeting on any racecourse within or outside	30
		Australia (being horse racing, harness racing or greyhound racing events or contingencies),	35

(b)	any	event	declared	for	the	time	being	under
	secti	on 57E	A of the (Gami	ng a	nd Bei	ting Ac	t 1912
			ts betting					
	Act.							

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[7] Section 13 Licensee can be approved to conduct other betting activities

Omit section 13 (2). Insert instead:

- (2) A betting activity may be approved under this section in respect of any of the following events and contingencies:
 - (a) events and contingencies scheduled to be held at a race meeting on any racecourse within or outside Australia (being horse racing, harness racing or greyhound racing events or contingencies),
 - (b) any event declared for the time being under section 57EA of the Gaming and Betting Act 1912 to be a sports betting event for the purposes of that Act.

[8] Sections 14-16

Omit the sections. Insert instead:

14 TAB entitled to exclusive off-course totalizator licence

- (1) TAB or a wholly owned subsidiary of TAB is entitled to be granted a licence (the *TAB off-course licence*) to conduct an off-course totalizator during the exclusivity period in respect of betting on the following events and contingencies:
 - (a) events and contingencies scheduled to be held at a race meeting on any racecourse within or outside Australia (being horse racing, harness racing or greyhound racing events or contingencies),
 - (b) any event declared for the time being under section 57EA of the *Gaming and Betting Act 1912* to be a sports betting event for the purposes of that Act.

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(2)	No other person may be granted a licence for the conduct, during the exclusivity period, of an off-course totalizator in respect of an event or contingency referred to in subsection (1).	
(3)	The Minister may, in the Minister's absolute discretion, grant the TAB off-course licence for a term that is longer than the exclusivity period.	
	Note. The TAB off-course licence is only "exclusive" for the exclusivity period, even if it is granted for a longer period.	
(4)	This section ceases to apply if the exclusive licence is cancelled or otherwise ceases to have effect under this Act.	
(5)	No application under this Act is required for the purposes of the grant pursuant to this section of the TAB off-course licence (whether it is granted for the exclusivity period or for a longer period).	
	and racing clubs entitled to exclusive on-course zator licences	
(1)	TAB or a wholly owned subsidiary of TAB is entitled to be granted a licence (the <i>TAB on-course licence</i>) to conduct an on-course totalizator during the exclusivity period in respect of betting on the following events and contingencies:	
	(a) events and contingencies scheduled to be held at a race meeting on any racecourse within or outside Australia (being horse racing, harness racing or greyhound racing events or contingencies),	
	(b) any event declared for the time being under section 57EA of the <i>Gaming and Betting Act 1912</i> to be a sports betting event for the purposes of that Act.	
(2)	Each racing club (whether or not in existence on the commencement of this section) is also entitled to a licence (a <i>club on-course licence</i>) to conduct an on-course totalizator during the exclusivity period in respect of betting on any event or contingency scheduled to be held at a race meeting on any racecourse within or	

outside Australia.

(3)	No other person or body may be granted a licence for the conduct, during the exclusivity period, of an on-course totalizator in respect of an event or contingency to which an entitlement under subsection (1) or (2) applies.	
(4)	The Minister may, in the Minister's absolute discretion, grant any of the licences to which this section applies for a term that is longer than the exclusivity period.	5
	Note. A licence is only "exclusive" for the exclusivity period, even if it is granted for a longer period.	
(5)	Subsection (1) ceases to apply if the TAB on-course licence is cancelled or otherwise ceases to have effect under this Act. Subsection (2) ceases to apply to a racing club if its club on-course licence is cancelled or otherwise ceases to have effect under this Act.	10
(6)	The Minister can cancel the TAB on-course licence if the TAB off-course licence under section 14 is cancelled or otherwise ceases to have effect. Such a cancellation can be effected by notice in writing to the licensee under the TAB on-course licence and is not subject to the other requirements of this Act regarding cancellation of a licence.	15
(7)	No application under this Act is required for the purposes of the grant pursuant to this section of the TAB on-course licence or a club on-course licence, whether it is granted for the exclusivity period or for a longer period.	25
Cons	sideration and fees for licences	
(1)	The Minister may determine that an amount is payable as consideration for the grant of a licence under this Act, except a licence granted to a racing club to authorise the operation of an on-course totalizator. Different amounts may be determined for different licences.	30
(2)	The Minister may determine a periodic licence fee for a licence under this Act, except a licence granted to a	

racing club to authorise the operation of an on-course

totalizator and a licence granted to TAB or a wholly owned subsidiary of TAB under section 14 or 15. Any such fee is payable in accordance with the regulations. Different fees may be determined for different licences. 35

15A

17A Trade Practices exemption

South Wales:

(1)

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(3)	consi	Minister can require payment of an amount of deration payable under this section by payment in y or by the issue of shares to the State or as the ster may otherwise direct.				
(4)	A licence for which an amount of consideration has been determined to be payable under this section is not to be granted until the amount has been paid or arrangements satisfactory to the Minister have been made for its payment.					
(5)	to an	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to any fee payable under this section and in particular may provide for any of the following:				
	(a)	the periods in respect of which a fee is payable,				
	(b)	times for payments of fees,				
	(c)	payment by instalments,	15			
	(d)	penalties for late payment,				
	(e)	suspension or cancellation of a licence for failing to pay a fee,				
	(f)	the circumstances in which a fee (or part of a fee) may be refunded.	20			
16 Eligib	ility fo	or further licence				
The provisions of this Part are not intended to prevent TAB or a racing club (assuming that they are otherwise qualified) from applying for and being granted further licences in respect of any period beyond the period for which they hold licences granted pursuant to section 14 or 15.						
Section 17	Ά					
Insert after section 17:						

The following conduct is specifically authorised by this Act for the purposes of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* of the Commonwealth and the *Competition Code of New*

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giving ef	fect to	an	arrangement	includes:
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- complying with any obligation under the (a) arrangement, and
- exercising or enforcing any right or power under (b) the arrangement.

Note. Section 51 of the Trade Practices Act 1974 of the Commonwealth and the Competition Code of New South Wales provide that anything that is authorised by an Act is to be disregarded in deciding whether a person has contravened Part IV of the Trade Practices Act 1974 and the Competition Code (which relates to restrictive trade practices).

[10] Section 21 Suitability of applicant and close associates of applicant

Omit section 21 (3).

[11] Section 21A

Insert after section 21:

21A Commercial arrangements with the racing industry

- The Minister must not grant a licence (including a (1)licence to TAB under section 14 or 15, but not including a licence to authorise a racing club to operate an on-course totalizator) unless:
 - the Minister is satisfied that the applicant has made commercial arrangements with the racing industry in respect of the licence and the conduct of activities authorised by the licence, and
 - the racing industry has provided the Minister with (b) a written acknowledgment to the effect that the industry is satisfied with those racing arrangements, and
 - (c) the Minister has been provided with a copy of any agreement or other instrument that those arrangements involve.

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(2) For the purposes of this section, the racing industry comprises such one or more persons as the controlling bodies and major racing bodies nominate in writing to the Minister for the purposes of the licence concerned. A nomination in respect of a particular licence cannot be changed after it is made unless the Minister consents.

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[12] Section 31 Definitions

Omit from section 31 (2) (b):

(b) whether the primary person is in a position to exercise certain powers in relation to a body corporate.

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Insert instead:

(b) the primary person's entitlement, as provided by section 609, to shares in a body corporate.

[13] Section 31 (4)

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Omit "section 33". Insert instead "sections 33 and 35 (c)".

[14] Section 31 (5)

Omit "as if a reference in section 609 (1) (a) of that Law".

Insert instead "as if in that section a reference to an associate were a reference to an associate for the purposes of this Division and a reference".

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[15] Section 33 Prohibited shareholding interest

Omit section 33 (3).

Insert instead:

(3) A person must not have a prohibited shareholding interest in a licensee. A person who contravenes this subsection is guilty of an offence.

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Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.

Section 34 Power to require information relating to entitlement [16] to shares in licensee

Insert after section 34 (3):

(3A) A declaration under subsection (3) has effect according to its tenor for the purposes of this Division.

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Section 34 (5), (6) [17]

Omit section 34 (5). Insert instead:

A person who fails to comply with a requirement of a notice under this section, or in purported compliance with such a requirement furnishes information that is false or misleading in a material particular, is guilty of an offence.

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Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.

- It is a defence to a prosecution of a person for an offence (6)under subsection (5) if it is proved that, at the time the information was furnished, the person believed, on reasonable grounds:

 - in the case of false information—that the (a) information was true, or in the case of misleading information—that the (b)

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A person is not liable to be convicted of both an offence (7)under subsection (5) and an offence under Chapter 4 (Perjury, false statements etc) of Part 7 of the Crimes Act 1900 in respect of the same incident. Section 112 (False or misleading information) does not apply to the

information was not misleading.

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Section 36 Disposal, forfeiture etc of shares where prohibited [18] shareholding interest

Insert "the offender or" after "otherwise than to" in section 36 (1).

furnishing of information under this section.

[19] Section 36 (2)

Omit "otherwise than to an associate of the offender".

[20] Section 36 (5)

Omit ", but for this subsection," wherever occurring.

[21] Section 36 (5)

Omit "the transaction is illegal and void".

Insert instead "the transaction is not illegal or void as a result of this Division but the shares in the licensee that were the subject of the transaction are subject to forfeiture under subsection (6)".

[22] Section 36 (6), (6A)

Omit section 36 (6). Insert instead:

- (6) The Minister may by written notice served on the parties to a transaction referred to in subsection (5) declare that the shares in the licensee that were the subject of the transaction are forfeited to the State.
- (6A) A declaration under subsection (6) takes effect when the notices required in respect of the declaration by subsections (6) and (7) are served (or, if they are served at different times, when the one that is served latest is served).

[23] Section 36 (8), (9)

Omit the subsections.

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[24] Section 37 Effect of prohibited shareholding on voting and dividend rights

Omit "to refuse or defer payment" from section 37 (1) (b).

Insert instead "to refuse payment, defer payment or suspend any entitlement to payment".

[25] Section 40 Sale of forfeited shares

Omit "that was illegal and void by virtue of" from section 40 (3) (a). Insert instead "referred to in".

[26] Section 41 Immunity of Minister and licensees, officers and auditors

Insert "or the State" after "Minister".

[27] Section 43 Conditions of licence

Omit section 43 (2). Insert instead:

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- (2) Every licence (other than a licence that authorises a racing club to operate an on-course totalizator) is subject to a condition that the licensee must have in place and must give effect to commercial arrangements with the racing industry in respect of the licence and the conduct of activities authorised by the licence, being arrangements that the racing industry has acknowledged in writing to the Minister are to the satisfaction of the racing industry.
- [28] Section 43 (2A)

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Insert after section 43 (2):

- (2A) For the purposes of subsection (2), the racing industry comprises such one or more persons as the controlling bodies and major racing bodies nominated under section 21A for the purposes of the licence concerned. That nomination may be changed for the purposes of this section by fresh nomination in writing to the Minister, but only if the licensee consents to the fresh nomination.
- [29] Section 58 Transitional provision—TAB to make rules while it holds exclusive licence

Omit section 58 (1). Insert instead:

(1) While TAB or a wholly owned subsidiary of TAB holds a licence during the exclusivity period under Division 1 of Part 3, the rules for the conduct of totalizators are to be made, in accordance with this Part, by TAB.

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[30] Section 77

Omit the section. Insert instead:

77 Rebate of tax to racing clubs

(1) The Minister may, with the approval of the Treasurer, by order published in the Gazette give directions for the allowance of a rebate in respect of the betting tax payable by a licensee that is a racing club in relation to a race meeting when the race meeting turnover does not exceed an amount specified in and calculated in accordance with the provisions of the direction.

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- (2) The total amount of betting tax required to be paid by a racing club in relation to a race meeting is reduced by the amount of any rebate to which the club is entitled under such a direction
- (3) A direction under this section cannot make provision for the allowance of a rebate in respect of any betting tax payable on bets made with the racing club that section 17 (Requirements for conduct of on-course totalizators by racing clubs) provides are to be received by the racing club as agent for TAB.
- (4) In this section:

race meeting means a race meeting held by one racing club on one racecourse.

race meeting turnover means the amount calculated in accordance with the relevant direction of the Minister as race meeting turnover.

[31] Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions, Clause 11 Continuation of Racecourse Development Fund

Omit clause 11 (1) and (8). Insert instead:

- (1) The Racecourse Development Fund under the *Totalizator Act 1916* is continued under this Act and the following provisions apply:
 - the assets and liabilities of the fund under the Totalizator Act 1916 become assets and liabilities of the fund (the RDF) under this Act, and

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(b) a reference in any instrument made or entered into before the commencement of this clause to the Racecourse Development Fund under the *Totalizator Act 1916* is taken to be a reference to the RDF under this Act.

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[32] Schedule 2, clause 11A

Insert after clause 11:

11A Distribution of Racecourse Development Fund

(1) In this clause:

assets means any legal or equitable estate or interest (whether present or future and whether vested or contingent) in real or personal property of any description (including money), and includes securities, choses in action and documents.

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instrument means an instrument (other than this Act) that creates, modifies or extinguishes rights or liabilities (or would do so if lodged, filed or registered in accordance with any law), and includes any judgment, order or process of a court.

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liabilities means any liabilities, debts and obligations (whether present or future and whether vested or contingent).

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rights means all rights, powers, privileges and immunities (whether present or future and whether vested or contingent).

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the RDF means the fund continued by clause 11 as the RDF under this Act.

(2) On a day appointed by proclamation for the purposes of this clause, the RDF is wound up and the assets, rights and liabilities of the RDF are transferred to such person or persons (as transferee) as the Minister directs by order in writing published in the Gazette.

- (3) When assets, rights and liabilities are transferred under this clause, the following provisions apply:
 - (a) the assets transferred vest in the transferee by force of this clause and without the need for any conveyance, transfer, assignment or assurance,

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- (b) the rights and liabilities transferred become by force of this clause the rights and liabilities of the transferee,
- (c) all proceedings pending in relation to the transferred assets, rights and liabilities immediately before the transfer are taken to be proceedings pending by or against the transferee,
- (d) anything done or omitted to be done in relation to the transferred assets, rights or liabilities is (to the extent that it has any force or effect) taken to have been done or omitted to be done by, to or in respect of the transferee,
- (e) a reference in any instrument (except an instrument exempted from this paragraph by direction of the Minister) made or entered into before the day appointed for the purposes of this clause to the Racecourse Development Fund under the *Totalizator Act 1916* or to the RDF under this Act is taken to be a reference to any fund to which the assets, rights and liabilities were transferred,
- (f) any instrument executed only for a purpose ancillary to or consequential on the operation of this clause or the purpose of giving effect to this clause is not chargeable with stamp duty and is exempt from payment of any fee or charge that would otherwise be payable under any other Act in respect of the registration of the instrument.

[33] Schedule 2, clause 14

Omit the clause. Insert instead:

14 Commercial arrangements with racing bodies

Each controlling body has such additional powers, authorities, duties and functions as may be necessary or convenient for enabling it to enter into and perform its obligations under the following arrangements:

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(a) commercial arrangements for facilitating the conduct of totalizator betting and other betting activities authorised by this Act and arrangements ancillary to those arrangements,

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(b) commercial arrangements referred to in sections 200D (2A) and 207 (2A) of the *Liquor Act 1982* and section 140 (2A) of the *Registered Clubs Act 1976*.

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(c) arrangements for the giving of financial assistance and support to the racing industry or individual racing clubs, and arrangements ancillary to those arrangements,

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(d) arrangements for the distribution of moneys payable under the arrangements referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b),

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(e) arrangements with the State in connection with the restructuring and reorganisation of the racing industry consequent on the enactment of this Act and the *Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation Act 1997*.

[34] Schedule 2, clauses 15 and 16

Insert after clause 14:

15 Power of controlling bodies to give directions

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(1) Each controlling body has power to give the racing clubs for which it is responsible such directions as the controlling body considers to be necessary or desirable for the purpose of enabling it to exercise its rights and perform its obligations under, and otherwise to give effect to, arrangements referred to in clause 14.

(2) A contract under seal is taken to exist between each controlling body and the racing clubs for which it is responsible, under which each racing club agrees to comply with the directions given to the racing club under this clause.

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(3) Each controlling body must exercise its powers under this clause to give directions to the racing clubs for which it is responsible so as to ensure that the arrangements referred to in clause 14 are carried into effect.

16 Exemption from stamp duty and registration fees and charges

- (1) The Minister may, by direction in writing, grant an exemption under this clause for any instrument that the Minister is satisfied has been executed only for the purpose of or in the course of giving effect to arrangements referred to in clause 14 for facilitating the restructuring and reorganisation of the racing industry consequent on the enactment of this Act and the Totalizator Agency Board Privatisation Act 1997.
- (2) An exemption under this clause has the effect that the instrument for which it is granted is not chargeable with stamp duty and is exempt from payment of any fee or charge that would otherwise be payable under any other Act in respect of the registration of the instrument.
- (3) An exemption is not to be granted under this clause except with the approval of the Treasurer.

Schedule 3 Amendment of Liquor Act 1982

(Section 5)

[1] Section 4 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 4 (1):

connected (in the context of connection to an authorised CMS) is defined in section 200AA.

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[2] Section 86JC Collection of duty on approved gaming machines (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

Omit section 86JC (1). Insert instead:

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- (1) This section applies to the following approved gaming devices:
 - (a) approved gaming devices that are connected to an authorised CMS (except those that the regulations provide are not subject to this section),

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(b) such other approved gaming devices as the regulations may provide are subject to this section.

[3] Section 86JC (1A)

Insert after section 86JC (1):

(1A) The regulations may provide that particular approved gaming devices or approved gaming devices of a particular class or description are approved gaming devices to which this section applies. The regulations can provide for example that an approved gaming device is one to which this section applies if it is kept, used or operated in a hotel in which any approved gaming device that is connected to an authorised CMS is kept, used or operated.

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[4]	Section	155A	Secrecy
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Omit section 155A (1A) (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997).

[5] Section 155A (2) (as amended by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

Omit "subsections (1) and (1A)". Insert instead "subsection (1)".

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[6] Section 155B Transfer of Board's functions under this Act relating to approved gaming devices (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

Omit section 155B (1). Insert instead:

(1) The regulations may provide that any function of the Board under this Act relating to approved gaming devices may be exercised by a person other than the Board.

[7] Section 155C

Insert after section 155B (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997):

155C Control of information obtained by CMS licensee

- (1) A CMS licensee and any director, officer, employee or agent of a CMS licensee who acquires CMS information must not make use of CMS information or directly or indirectly make a record of or divulge it to another person except:
 - (a) in the course of and for the purposes of the operation of an authorised CMS, or
 - (b) as may be authorised by the regulations.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.

(5)

In this section:

2)	A CMS licensee must not use or divulge any CMS information (whether or not in the course of or for the purposes of the operation of an authorised CMS) in contravention of the regulations.				
	Maxi	imum penalty: 100 penalty units.	5		
3)		regulations may make provision for or with respect e following:			
	(a)	authorising the recording, divulging and use of CMS information,			
	(b)	imposing restrictions, including prohibitions, on the use of CMS information by a CMS licensee (whether or not that use is in the course of or for the purposes of the operation of an authorised CMS),	10		
	(c)	requiring the payment of fees in connection with the use or divulging of CMS information, and providing for the person to whom any such fee is to be paid (including the State) and for the recovery of any unpaid fees.	15		
4)	inform forme	provisions of section 155A (2)–(7) extend to mation to which this section applies as if they ed part of this section, but with subsection (4) of section modified to read as follows:	20		
	(4)	An authority or person to which or to whom information is divulged under this section, and a person or employee under the control of that authority or person, are, in respect of that information, subject to the same rights, privileges	25		
		and duties under this section as the authority or person would be if that authority, person or employee were an employee of a CMS licensee	30		

and had acquired the information in the course of

the operation of an authorised CMS.

CMS information means information acquired in the course of the operation of an authorised CMS.

[8] Section 200AA

Insert after section 200A (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997):

200AA Meaning of "connected" to an authorised CMS

(1) For the purposes of this Act and the Registered Clubs Act 1976, an approved gaming device is connected to an authorised CMS if arrangements of a kind approved by the Minister are in place for the provision to the CMS licensee of information in respect of the approved gaming device that enables the functions of the authorised CMS to be performed in relation to the device.

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- (2) The arrangements that the Minister approves for the purposes of this section can involve the provision of information by any means, such as (for example, and without limiting the generality of subsection (1)) by means of any of the following:
 - (a) the direct provision of information by electronic data transfer,
 - (b) the provision of information by means of the lodgment of reports or returns (whether or not electronically),
 - (c) the provision of information by persons acting as information collectors and processors for hoteliers.
- (3) Different arrangements can be approved under this section in respect of different premises or classes of premises or different approved gaming machines or classes of approved gaming machines.
- [9] Section 200D Grant of licence (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 30 1997)

Insert after section 200D (2):

(2A) Every licence is subject to a condition that the licensee must have in place and must give effect to commercial arrangements with the racing industry in respect of the 35

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licence	and the	e conduct	of	activit	ies	authorised	by	the
licence,	being	arrangeme	ents	that a	are	both:		

- (a) approved by the Minister, having regard to the interests of the racing industry, hotels and registered clubs, and
- (b) acknowledged by the racing industry in writing to the Minister to be to the satisfaction of the racing industry.
- (2B) For the purposes of subsection (2A), the racing industry comprises such one or more persons as the controlling bodies and major racing bodies (within the meaning of the Totalizator Act 1997) nominate in writing to the Minister for the purposes of the licence concerned. The nomination can be changed by fresh nomination in writing to the Minister, but only if the licensee consents to the fresh nomination.

[10] Section 200D (5)

Omit section 200D (5). Insert instead:

(5) A licence remains in force for the period for which it was granted, as specified by the Minister in the licence, unless sooner cancelled or surrendered.

[11] Section 200EA

Insert after section 200E (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997):

200EA Trade Practices exemption

- (1) The following conduct is specifically authorised by this Act for the purposes of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* of the Commonwealth and the *Competition Code of New South Wales*:
 - (a) the grant of the exclusive licence referred to in section 200E,
 - (b) conduct authorised or required by or under the terms or conditions of that licence.

(2)	Conduct authorised by this section is authorised only to
	the extent (if any) that it would otherwise contravene
	Part IV of the Trade Practices Act 1974 of the
	Commonwealth and the Competition Code of New South
	Wales.

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[12] Section 200G Monitoring fee payable by hoteliers to licensee (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

Omit section 200G (2). Insert instead:

(2) The monitoring fee is payable by the hotelier in 10 accordance with the regulations.

[13] Section 200G (4)

Insert at the end of section 200G (4):

In particular, the regulations can provide for the manner and frequency of the payment of the fee, to whom the fee is payable and the collection and recovery of the fee. The regulations can provide for example that the fee is recoverable as a debt owed to the person to whom the fee is payable.

[14] Section 200H (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs 20 Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

Omit the section. Insert instead:

200H Consideration and fees for licences

- (1) The Minister may determine that an amount is payable as consideration for the grant of a licence. Different amounts may be determined for different licences.
- (2) The Minister may determine a periodic licence fee for a licence. Any such fee is payable in accordance with the regulations.
- (3) The Minister can accept payment of an amount of consideration payable under this section by payment in money or by the issue of shares.

	(4)	deter grant	ence for which an amount of consideration has been mined to be payable under this section is not to be ted until the amount has been paid or arrangements factory to the Minister have been made for its ment.	5	
	(5)	to ar	regulations may make provision for or with respect by fee payable under this section and in particular provide for any of the following:		
		(a)	the periods in respect of which a fee is payable,		
		(b)	times for payments of fees,	10	
		(c)	payment by instalments,		
		(d)	penalties for late payment,		
		(e)	suspension or cancellation of a licence for failing to pay a fee,		
		(f)	the circumstances in which a fee (or part of a fee) may be refunded.	15	
[15]	Section 200J Disciplinary action against licensee (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)				
	Omit "this	Act	or the regulations" from section 200J (1) (a).	20	
	Insert instead "this Act or the Registered Clubs Act 1976 or the regulations under either Act".				
[16]			Search warrant (as inserted by the Liquor and Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act	25	
	Omit "this 200Q (1).	Act, o	r the regulations made under this Act" from section		
			his Act or the Registered Clubs Act 1976, or the either Act".		

[17] Section 207 Grant of licence (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Further Amendment Act 1996)

Insert after section 207 (2):

- (2A) Every licence is subject to a condition that the licensee must have in place and must give effect to commercial arrangements with the racing industry in respect of the licence and the conduct of activities authorised by the licence, being arrangements that are both:
 - (a) approved by the Minister, having regard to the interests of the racing industry, hotels and registered clubs, and

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- (b) acknowledged by the racing industry in writing to the Minister to be to the satisfaction of the racing industry.
- (2B) For the purposes of subsection (2A), *the racing industry* comprises such one or more persons as the controlling bodies and major racing bodies (within the meaning of the *Totalizator Act 1997*) nominate in writing to the Minister for the purposes of the licence concerned. The nomination can be changed by fresh nomination in writing to the Minister, but only if the licensee consents to the fresh nomination.

[18] Section 207AA

Insert after section 207A (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997):

207AA Trade Practices exemption

- (1) The following conduct is specifically authorised by this Act for the purposes of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* of the Commonwealth and the *Competition Code of New South Wales*:
 - (a) the grant of the exclusive licence referred to in section 207A.
 - (b) conduct authorised or required by or under the terms or conditions of that licence.

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- (2) Conduct authorised by this section is authorised only to the extent (if any) that it would otherwise contravene Part IV of the Trade Practices Act 1974 of the Commonwealth and the Competition Code of New South Wales.
 Section 210 (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs
- Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

Omit the section. Insert instead:

210 Consideration and fees for licences

- (1) The Minister may determine that an amount is payable as consideration for the grant of a licence. Different amounts may be determined for different licences.
- (2) The Minister may determine a periodic licence fee for a licence. Any such fee is payable in accordance with the regulations.
- (3) The Minister can accept payment of an amount of consideration payable under this section by payment in money or by the issue of shares.
- (4) A licence for which an amount of consideration has been determined to be payable under this section is not to be granted until the amount has been paid or arrangements satisfactory to the Minister have been made for its payment.
- (5) The regulations may make provision for or with respect to any fee payable under this section and in particular may provide for any of the following:
 - (a) the periods in respect of which a fee is payable,
 - (b) times for payments of fees,
 - (c) payment by instalments,
 - (d) penalties for late payment,
 - (e) suspension or cancellation of a licence for failing to pay a fee,
 - (f) the circumstances in which a fee (or part of a fee) may be refunded.

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[20] Section 211 (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Further Amendment Act 1996)

Omit the section. Insert instead:

211 Term of licence

A licence remains in force for the period specified by the Minister in the licence, unless it is sooner cancelled or surrendered.

Schedule 4 Amendment of Registered Clubs Act 1976

(Section 6)

[1] Section 4 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 4 (1):

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connected (in the context of connection to an authorised CMS) is defined in section 200AA of the Liquor Act 1982.

[2] Section 86A Collection of duty on approved gaming devices (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

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Insert "and to such other approved gaming devices as the regulations may provide" after "system" in section 86A (1).

[3] Section 86A (1A)

Insert after section 86A (1):

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- (1A) The regulations may provide that particular approved gaming devices or approved gaming devices of a particular class or description are approved gaming devices to which this section applies. The regulations can provide for example that an approved gaming device is one to which this section applies if it is kept, used or operated in a registered club in which any approved gaming device that is connected to an authorised CMS is kept, used or operated.
- [4] Section 87HB (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs 25 Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

Omit section 87HB (2). Insert instead:

(2) The monitoring fee is payable by the registered club in accordance with the regulations.

[5] Section 87HB (4)

Insert at the end of section 87HB (4):

In particular, the regulations can provide for the manner and frequency of the payment of the fee, to whom the fee is payable and the collection and recovery of the fee. The regulations can provide for example that the fee is recoverable as a debt owed to the person to whom the fee is payable.

[6] Section 133A Transfer of Board's functions under this Act relating to approved gaming devices (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997)

Omit section 133A (1). Insert instead:

- (1) The regulations may provide that any function of the Board under this Act relating to approved gaming devices may be exercised by a person other than the Board.
- [7] Section 140 Grant of licence (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Further Amendment Act 1996)

Insert after section 140 (2):

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- (2A) Every licence is subject to a condition that the licensee must have in place and must give effect to commercial arrangements with the racing industry in respect of the licence and the conduct of activities authorised by the licence, being arrangements that are both:
 - ;
 - (a) approved by the Minister, having regard to the interests of the racing industry, hotels and registered clubs, and

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- (b) acknowledged by the racing industry in writing to the Minister to be to the satisfaction of the racing industry.
- (2B) For the purposes of subsection (2A), the racing industry comprises such one or more persons as the controlling bodies and major racing bodies (within the meaning of the Totalizator Act 1997) nominate in writing to the Minister for the purposes of the licence concerned. The nomination can be changed by fresh nomination in writing to the Minister, but only if the licensee consents to the fresh nomination.

[8] Section 140AA

Insert after section 140A (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Amendment (Monitoring and Links) Act 1997):

140AA Trade Practices exemption

- (1) The following conduct is specifically authorised by this Act for the purposes of the *Trade Practices Act 1974* of the Commonwealth and the *Competition Code of New South Wales*:
 - (a) the grant of the exclusive licence referred to in section 140A,
 - (b) conduct authorised or required by or under the terms or conditions of that licence.
- (2) Conduct authorised by this section is authorised only to the extent (if any) that it would otherwise contravene Part IV of the Trade Practices Act 1974 of the Commonwealth and the Competition Code of New South Wales.

Omit the section. Insert instead:

143 Consideration and fees for licences

(1) The Minister may determine that an amount is payable as consideration for the grant of a licence. Different amounts may be determined for different licences.

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- (2) The Minister may determine a periodic licence fee for a licence. Any such fee is payable in accordance with the regulations.
- (3) The Minister can accept payment of an amount of consideration payable under this section by payment in money or by the issue of shares.
- (4) A licence for which an amount of consideration has been determined to be payable under this section is not to be granted until the amount has been paid or arrangements satisfactory to the Minister have been made for its payment.
- (5) The regulations may make provision for or with respect to any fee payable under this section and in particular may provide for any of the following:
 - (a) the periods in respect of which a fee is payable,
 - (b) times for payments of fees,
 - (c) payment by instalments,
 - (d) penalties for late payment,
 - (e) suspension or cancellation of a licence for failing to pay a fee,
 - (f) the circumstances in which a fee (or part of a fee) may be refunded.

[10] Section 144 (as inserted by the Liquor and Registered Clubs Legislation Further Amendment Act 1996)

Omit the section. Insert instead:

144 Term of licence

A licence remains in force for the period specified by the Minister in the licence, unless it is sooner cancelled or surrendered.