Second print



New South Wales

Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Bill 2025

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This PUBLIC BILL, originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Legislative Assembly

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly



New South Wales

Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Bill 2025

No , 2025

A Bill for

An Act to amend workers compensation legislation and related legislation to implement changes to liability and entitlements for psychological injuries; and to make miscellaneous amendments to improve the effective operation of the workers compensation scheme.

EXAMINED

Speaker

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with/without amendment.

Legislative Council

Clerk of the Parliaments

Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Bill 2025 [NSW]

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts—				
1	Name of Act	2		
	This Act is the Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Act 2025.	3		
2	Commencement	4		
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	5		

Scł	nedule 1	Amendment of Workers Compensation Act 1987 No 70	1 2
1.1	Amendr	nents relating to whole person impairment	3
[1]	Section 3	2A Definitions	4
	Omit secti	on 32A, definition of <i>worker with high needs</i> , paragraph (a). Insert instead—	5
		(a) the degree of permanent impairment has been assessed under Part 6 or the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7 to be more than 20%, or	6 7
[2]	Section 3	8 Weekly payments after second entitlement period (after week 130)	8
	Insert after	r section 38(8)—	9
	(9)	This section does not apply to a worker who has a primary psychological injury unless the injury results in a degree of permanent impairment of at least 25%.	10 11 12
		Note— Under section 39A, the maximum duration of weekly payments for primary psychological injuries is 130 weeks. However, section 39A does not apply to primary psychological injuries that result in a permanent impairment of at least 25%.	13 14 15
[3]	Section 3	8(9), as inserted by item [2]	16
	Omit "25%	6" wherever occurring. Insert instead "31%".	17
[4]	Section 3	9, heading	18
	Insert "—i	injuries other than primary psychological injuries" after "years".	19
[5]	Section 3	9(3)–(5)	20
	Omit subs	ection (3). Insert instead—	21
	(3)	For this section, the degree of permanent impairment that results from an injury must be assessed under Part 6.	22 23
	(4)	If weekly payments of compensation become payable to a worker after compensation under this division ceases to be payable to the worker, compensation under this division is once again payable to the worker but only from the date of—	24 25 26 27
		(a) the worker's further principal assessment under Part 6, or	28
		(b) an assessment under the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	29
	(5)	This section does not apply in relation to primary psychological injuries. Note— Under section 39A, the maximum duration of weekly payments for primary psychological injuries is 130 weeks, subject to the degree of permanent impairment of the worker.	30 31 32 33
[6]	Section 3	9A	34
	Insert after	r section 39—	35
		sation of weekly payments after 130 weeks—primary psychological ries	36 37
	(1)	Despite any other provision of this division, a worker has no entitlement to weekly payments of compensation under this division in relation to a primary psychological injury after an aggregate period of 130 weeks, whether or not consecutive, for which a weekly payment has been paid or is payable to the worker in relation to the primary psychological injury.	38 39 40 41 42

	(2)	perm	anent i	impairı	not apply to an injured worker whose injury results in nent if the degree of permanent impairment resulting from st 25%.	1 2 3
		comp	ensatio	workers n may s divisio	s with at least 25% permanent impairment, entitlement to continue after 130 weeks but entitlement after 130 weeks is still on.	4 5 6
	(3)				he degree of permanent impairment that results from an essed under—	7 8
		(a)	Part (6, or		9
		(b)	the 1	998 Ac	et, Chapter 7, Part 7.	10
	(4)	comp comp	oensati oensati	on und	nts of compensation become payable to a worker after der this division ceases to be payable to the worker, er this division is once again payable to the worker but only be worker's further assessment.	11 12 13 14
[7]	Section 39	A(2), a	is inse	erted b	y item [6]	15
	Omit "25%"	' when	ever o	ccurrin	g. Insert instead "31%".	16
[8]	Section 59	A Limi	it on p	aymer	nt of compensation	17
	Omit section	n 59A	(2). Ins	sert ins	tead—	18
	(2)	The c	compe	nsation	period in relation to an injured worker is as follows-	19
		(a)	for a	n injury	v other than a primary psychological injury—	20
			(i)	asses perm	injury has resulted in a degree of permanent impairment sed under Part 6 to be 10% or less, or the degree of anent impairment has not been assessed as provided by that -the period of 2 years starting on—	21 22 23 24
				(A)	the day on which the claim for compensation in relation to the injury was first made, if weekly payments of compensation are not payable or have not been paid to the worker, or	25 26 27 28
				(B)	the day on which weekly payments of compensation cease to be payable to the worker, if weekly payments of compensation are payable or have been paid to the worker, or	29 30 31 32
			(ii)	asses	injury has resulted in a degree of permanent impairment sed under Part 6 to be more than 10% but not more than —the period of 5 years starting on—	33 34 35
				(A)	the day on which the claim for compensation in relation to the injury was first made, if weekly payments of compensation are not payable or have not been paid to the worker, or	36 37 38 39
				(B)	the day on which weekly payments of compensation cease to be payable to the worker, if weekly payments of compensation are payable or have been paid to the worker,	40 41 42
		(b)	for a	primar	y psychological injury—the period of 1 year starting on—	43
			(i)	prima	ay on which the claim for compensation in relation to the ary psychological injury was first made, if weekly payments mpensation are not payable or have not been paid to the er, or	44 45 46 47

	(ii) the day on which weekly payments of compensation cease to be payable to the worker, if weekly payments of compensation are payable or have been paid to the worker.	1 2 3
[9]	Section 59A(4), note	4
	Insert at the end of section 59A(4)— Note— See sections 38, 39 and 39A which limit the weekly payments of compensation to a worker.	5 6 7
[10]	Section 59A(5)	8
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	9
	(5) This section does not apply to—	10
	(a) for an injury other than a primary psychological injury—a worker with high needs, as defined in Division 2, or	11 12
	(b) for a primary psychological injury—a worker with highest needs, as defined in Division 2.	13 14
[11]	Section 65 Determination of degree of permanent impairment	15
	Omit the section.	16
[12]	Section 65A, heading	17
	Omit the heading. Insert instead—	18
	65A Special provisions for primary psychological injuries and secondary psychological injuries	19 20
[13]	Section 65A(3)	21
	Omit "15%". Insert instead "25%".	22
[14]	Section 65A(3), as amended by item [13]	23
	Omit "25%". Insert instead "31%".	24
[15]	Section 65A(4)	25
	Omit "(despite section 65(2))".	26
[16]	Section 151DA Time not to run for commencement of proceedings in certain cases	27
	Omit section 151DA(1)(a). Insert instead—	28
	(a) while a medical dispute about any of the following is the subject of a referral for determination by the Commission or a referral for assessment under the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7, including any further assessment under that Act, section 329—	29 30 31 32
	 (i) whether the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker is at least 15% for a physical injury or 25% for a psychological injury, 	33 34 35
	(ii) whether the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker is fully ascertainable, or	36 37
[17]	Section 151DA(1)(a)(i), as inserted by item [16]	38
	Omit "25%. Insert instead "31%".	39

[18]	Sect	Section 151H						
	Omi	t the se	ction. Insert instead—	2				
	151H	No damages unless permanent impairment at certain threshold						
		(1)	No damages may be awarded unless the injury results in-	4				
			(a) the death of the worker, or	5				
			(b) a degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker, assessed under Part 6 or the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7, that meets the threshold specified in subsection (2).	6 7 8				
			Note— Part 6 provides for how the degree of permanent impairment is assessed.	9 10				
		(2)	The threshold for the degree of permanent impairment is—	11				
			(a) at least 15% for a physical injury, and	12				
			(b) at least 25% for a psychological injury.	13				
		(3)	In assessing whether the threshold has been met—	14				
			(a) impairment resulting from physical injury must be assessed separately from impairment resulting from psychological injury, and	15 16				
			(b) for assessing impairment resulting from psychological injury, no regard must be given to impairment that results from secondary psychological injury.	17 18 19				
			Note— Subsections (2) and (3) do not prevent an award of damages for both a physical and psychological injury together once the permanent impairment threshold has been met for one or the other.	20 21 22				
		(4)	In assessing the degree of permanent impairment that results from a physical injury, no regard must be had to any impairment or symptoms arising from a psychological injury.	23 24 25				
[19]	Sect	ion 15 [,]	1H(2)(b), as inserted by item [18]	26				
			". Insert instead "31%".	27				
1.2	Am	endm	ent relating to death benefit disputes	28				
	Part	3, Divi	sion 1A	29				
	Inser	t after]	Division 1—	30				
	Divi	ision '	1A Compensation payable on death—death benefit disputes	31 32				
	32AA	Inter	pretation	33				
		(1)	In this division—	34				
			<i>death benefit dispute</i> means a dispute about liability for a lump sum death benefit that has been referred for determination by the Commission.	35 36				
		(2)	For the purposes of determining whether a person is a dependant of a deceased person under this division—	37 38				
			(a) the deceased person is taken to be a worker, and	39				
			(b) the death of the person is taken to have resulted from an injury.Note— See the 1998 Act, section 4(1), definition of <i>dependants</i>.	40 41				

32AB	Application						
	(1)	This division applies to a claim that is the subject of a death benefit dispute.	2				
	(2)	This division has effect despite the 1998 Act, section 234.	3				
32AC	Sett	lement of claim where liability disputed	4				
	(1) A party to a death benefit dispute may lodge with the Commission a proposed agreement for an amount to be paid in settlement of the part of the claim that relates to the lump sum death benefit under Division 1.						
	(2)	The amount proposed to be paid in settlement must not be more than the amount of the lump sum death benefit otherwise payable under Division 1.	8 9				
	(3)	The parties to the agreement must include the insurer and—	10				
		(a) each dependant of the deceased person, or	11				
		(b) if there are no dependants—the legal personal representative of the deceased person.	12 13				
	(4)	The Commission must not entertain proceedings to give effect to the agreement unless satisfied—	14 15				
		(a) there is a reasonable basis for the insurer to dispute liability for the death benefit compensation, and	16 17				
		(b) the amount of compensation proposed to be paid in settlement of the claim is reasonable in the circumstances, and	18 19				
		(c) each dependant of the deceased person is a party to the agreement or, if the Commission is satisfied there are no dependants, the legal personal representative of the deceased person is a party to the agreement.	20 21 22				
	(5)) For subsection (4)(a), there is a reasonable basis for an insurer to dispute liability only if the dispute is based on—					
		(a) facts provable on the material available to the Commission, and	25				
		(b) a reasonably arguable view of the law.	26				
	(6)	In proceedings for the death benefit dispute, each party to the agreement must be represented by an Australian legal practitioner unless otherwise directed by the Commission.					
	(7)	If the Commission makes a determination to give effect to an agreement under this division—	30 31				
		(a) the insurer is taken to have accepted liability for death benefit compensation for the death, and	32 33				
		(b) subject to paragraph (c), death benefit compensation is payable in accordance with Division 1 as if the death had resulted from an injury, and	34 35 36				
		(c) the amount of lump sum death benefit payable under section 25 is the amount provided by the agreement as executed.	37 38				
	(8)	The Workers Compensation Guidelines may make provision in relation to the management of a claim to which an agreement under this division relates.	39 40				
	(9)	The Commission rules and procedural directions may provide for matters relating to—	41 42				
		(a) applications under this section, and	43				
		(b) the procedure for making a determination to give effect to an agreement under this division.	44 45				

1.3	Amendr	nents relating to single assessments	1
[1]	Section 3	2A Definitions	2
	Omit "meo worker wi	dical assessor" from the definitions of <i>worker with high needs</i> , paragraph (b) and <i>th highest needs</i> , paragraph (b), wherever occurring.	3 4
	Insert inst	ead "permanent impairment assessor".	5
[2]	Section 6	4C Workers receiving weekly payments	6
	Omit "ass	essed for the purposes of Division 4" from section $64C(1)(a)$.	7
	Insert inst	ead "assessed under Part 6".	8
[3]	Section 6	5ASpecial provisions for psychological and psychiatric injury	9
		tion 322 of the 1998 Act" from section 65A(3), note and (4), note, wherever	10 11
	Insert inst	ead "section 153B".	12
[4]	Section 6	5A(5)	13
	Omit the s	ubsection. Insert instead—	14
	(5)	To the extent of any inconsistency between this section and section 66, this section prevails.	15 16
[5]	Part 6		17
	Insert after	r Part 5—	18
	Part 6	Determination of degree of permanent impairment	19
	Division	1 Preliminary	20
	152 Def	initions	21
		In this part—	22
		<i>dispute assessment</i> means an assessment under the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7 of the degree of permanent impairment of an injured worker.	23 24
		<i>further principal assessment</i> means the second or subsequent principal assessment made of a worker in relation to an injury for which a principal assessment has been made.	25 26 27
		permanent impairment agreement—see section 153S.	28
		permanent impairment assessment means—	29
		(a) a principal assessment, or	30
		(b) a dispute assessment.	31
		<i>permanent impairment assessor</i> means—	32
		(a) an assessor included on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors, or	33 34
		(b) a medical assessor.	35
		Note —See the 1998 Act, section 4(1), definition of <i>medical assessor</i> .	36
		<i>principal assessment</i> means an assessment of the degree of permanent impairment of an injured worker under Division 2 by an assessor included on	37 38

		<i>principal assessment certificate</i> means a certificate issued under section 153P.	1 2
		SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors means the register kept under section $153M(4)$.	3 4
153	Degr	ree of permanent impairment must be assessed under this division	5
	(1)	The degree of permanent impairment that results from an injury must be assessed as provided by this division.	6 7
	(2)	A reference in the Workers Compensation Acts to a degree of permanent impairment assessed under this part is a reference to the degree of permanent impairment agreed in a permanent impairment agreement.	8 9 10
153A	Requ	uirement for legal advice before permanent impairment assessment	11
		Before an injured worker is seen by a permanent impairment assessor to start the permanent impairment assessment, the injured worker must obtain independent legal advice about the full legal implication of the assessment, including—	12 13 14 15
		 (a) implications in relation to any entitlement of the injured worker to compensation under this Act or to benefits under another law, including a law of the Commonwealth, and 	16 17 18
		(b) the desirability of the worker obtaining independent financial advice about the financial consequences of the impact of the assessment.	19 20
153B	Asse	essment of permanent impairment	21
	(1)	A permanent impairment assessment of an injured worker for the purposes of the Workers Compensation Acts must be made in accordance with—	22 23
		(a) this part, and	24
		(b) the Workers Compensation Guidelines—	25
		(i) issued for that purpose, and	26
		(ii) as in force at the time the assessment is made.	27
		Note— Section 65A provides for impairment arising from psychological injuries to be assessed separately from impairment arising from physical injuries.	28 29
	(2)	Impairments resulting from more than one injury arising out of the same incident must be assessed together to assess the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker.	30 31 32
	(3)	Impairments resulting from the same injury must be assessed together to assess the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker.	33 34
	(4)	A permanent impairment assessor must decline to make a permanent impairment assessment unless the permanent impairment assessor is satisfied—	35 36 37
		(a) the impairment is permanent, and	38
		(b) the degree of permanent impairment is fully ascertainable.	39
	(5)	If a permanent impairment assessor declines to make a permanent impairment assessment under subsection (4), proceedings before a court or the Commission may be adjourned until the assessment is made.	40 41 42
	(6)	A permanent impairment assessment may be conducted outside New South Wales.	43 44

153C Deduction for previous injury or pre-existing condition or abnormality

- (1) In assessing the degree of permanent impairment resulting from an injury, there must be a deduction for any proportion of the impairment that is due to—
 - (a) a previous injury, whether or not it is an injury for which compensation has been paid or is payable under Part 3, Division 4, or

- (b) a pre-existing condition or abnormality.
- (2) If the extent of a deduction under this section, or a part of a deduction, will be difficult or costly to determine, for example, because of an absence of medical evidence, it must be assumed, to avoid disputation, the deduction, or the relevant part of the deduction, is 10% of the impairment, unless this assumption is at odds with the available evidence.

Example of deduction— If the degree of permanent impairment is assessed as 30% and this subsection operates to require a 10% reduction in that impairment to be assumed, the degree of permanent impairment is reduced from 30% to 27%, a reduction of 10%.

- (3) The reference in subsection (2) to medical evidence is a reference to medical evidence accepted or preferred by the permanent impairment assessor in connection with the permanent impairment assessment of the matter.
- (4) The Workers Compensation Guidelines may make provision about the determination of the deduction required by this section.
 Note— Sections 153D–153G make provision for how this section applies for the purpose of determining the degree of permanent impairment and associated pain and suffering for injuries to which section 15, 16, 17 or 22 applies.

153D Deductions for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation of section 15

In assessing the degree of permanent impairment resulting from an injury to which section 15 applies, section 153C applies to the assessment subject to the following—

- (a) there must be no deduction under section 153C for a proportion of the permanent impairment that is due to the worker's employment in previous relevant employment, except any proportion for which compensation under the following provisions has been paid or is payable—
 - (i) Part 3, Division 4 as in force at any time,
 - (ii) the former Act, section 16,
- (b) for paragraph (a), *previous relevant employment* is employment to the nature of which the disease was due by a previous employer who—
 - (i) is liable under section 15 to contribute in relation to the degree of permanent impairment resulting from an injury, or
 - (ii) would be liable as mentioned in paragraph (a) if the requirement to contribute were not limited to employers who employed the worker during a particular period,
- (c) for permanent impairment of the back, neck or pelvis, a reference in this subsection to previous relevant employment is limited to employment after the commencement of this Act.

Note— Section 15 applies to injuries that are diseases of a nature contracted by a gradual process.

153E Deductions for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation of section 16

In assessing the degree of permanent impairment for an injury to which section 16 applies, section 153C applies to the assessment subject to the following—

- (a) there must be no deduction under section 153C for a proportion of the permanent impairment that is due to the worker's employment in previous relevant employment, except any proportion for which compensation under the following provisions has been paid or is payable—
 - (i) Part 3, Division 4 as in force at any time,
 - (ii) the former Act, section 16,
- (b) for paragraph (a), *previous relevant employment* is employment that was a substantial contributing factor to the aggravation, acceleration, exacerbation or deterioration by a previous employer who—
 - (i) is liable under section 16 to contribute in relation to the degree of permanent impairment being assessed, or
 - (ii) would be liable as mentioned in paragraph (a) if the requirement to contribute were not limited to employers who employed the worker during a particular period,
- (c) for permanent impairment of the back, neck or pelvis, a reference in this subsection to previous relevant employment is limited to employment after the commencement of this Act.

Note— Section 16 applies to injuries that consist of the aggravation, acceleration, exacerbation or deterioration of a disease.

153F Deductions for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation of section 17

In assessing the degree of permanent impairment resulting from an injury to which section 17 applies, section 153C applies to the assessment subject to the following—

- (a) there must be no deduction under section 153C for a proportion of the permanent impairment that is due to the worker's employment in previous relevant employment, except any proportion for which compensation under the following provisions has been paid or is payable—
 - (i) Part 3, Division 4 as in force at any time,
 - (ii) the former Act, section 16,
- (b) for paragraph (a), *previous relevant employment* is employment to the nature of which the loss of hearing was due by a previous employer who—
 - (i) is liable under section 17 to contribute in relation to the degree of permanent impairment being assessed, or
 - (ii) would be liable as mentioned in paragraph (a) if the requirement to contribute were not limited to employers who employed the worker during a particular period.

Note— Section 17 applies to an injury that is a loss, or further loss, of hearing which is of a nature to be caused by a gradual process.

153G Deductions for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation of section 22

(1) This section applies to an assessment of the degree of permanent impairment resulting from an injury for the apportionment of liability under section 22.

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- (2) There must be no deduction under section 153C for any proportion of the impairment that is due to an injury for which liability must be apportioned but without affecting any deduction under that section for any proportion of the impairment that is due to—
 - (a) another injury, or
 - (b) a pre-existing condition or abnormality.

153H Provision for HIV/AIDS

- (1) For determining the degree of permanent impairment as a result of an injury, HIV and AIDS are each considered to result in a degree of permanent impairment of 100%.
- (2) The regulations may provide for methods for determining, for this Act, whether a person is living with HIV/AIDS.
- Regulations need not be made under subsection (2) and, in the absence of regulations, the determination of whether a person is living with HIV/AIDS must be on the basis of medical opinion.
 Note— The amendment of this section, formerly section 67A, by the *Equality*

Note— The amendment of this section, formerly section 67A, by the *Equality Legislation Amendment (LGBTIQA+) Act 2024* to refer to "living with HIV/AIDS" merely modernises language and is not intended to change the application of workers compensation legislation and other applicable legislation.

153I Costs of permanent impairment assessment

- (1) An employer is not liable to pay the costs of or in relation to a permanent impairment assessment incurred by the insurer or worker unless the assessment is—
 - (a) a principal assessment or further principal assessment, or
 - (b) a dispute assessment, or
 - (c) another assessment permitted by the Workers Compensation Acts or regulations made under the Workers Compensation Acts.
- (2) Costs are not payable to an insurer or worker for more than one permanent impairment assessment of the worker unless—
 - (a) the assessment is for the purposes of disputing a permanent impairment assessment, or
 - (b) in circumstances where the parties agree there appears to be an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's condition since the original permanent impairment assessment was conducted, or
 - (c) the assessment is for another purpose or in another circumstance prescribed by the regulations.
- (3) If a worker is required to undergo an examination for a permanent impairment assessment, the worker is entitled to recover from the worker's employer, in addition to any compensation otherwise provided—
 - (a) the amount of any wages lost by the worker because of the requirement to undergo the examination, and
 - (b) the cost to the worker of any fares, travelling expenses and maintenance necessarily and reasonably incurred in undergoing the examination.

	(4) If it is necessary for a worker to travel to undergo an examination for a permanent impairment assessment and the worker is not reasonably able to travel unescorted, the fares, travelling expenses and maintenance referred to in this section include fares, travelling expenses and maintenance necessarily and reasonably incurred by an escort for the worker provided to enable the worker to be examined.					
	(5)	If the cost of fares, travelling expenses and maintenance referred to in this section includes the cost of travel by private motor vehicle, the cost must be calculated at the rate fixed under section 64.	7 8 9			
	(6)	The regulations may provide for matters relating to legal costs relating to permanent impairment assessments.	10 11			
Divi	sion	2 Principal assessment	12			
153J	Who	must carry out permanent impairment assessment	13			
		A principal assessment must be made by an assessor or assessors—	14			
		(a) included on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors, and	15			
		(b) either—	16			
		(i) agreed by the insurer and worker, or	17			
		 (ii) if the insurer and worker are unable to agree on the assessor or assessors within a period specified in the Workers Compensation Guidelines—appointed by the Authority. 	18 19 20			
153K	Perm	nanent impairment assessment process	21			
	(1)	An application may be made to the Authority for a principal assessment.	22			
	(2)	An application under subsection (1) must be made in accordance with the regulations.	23 24			
	(3)	The following matters relating to the principal assessment must be agreed between the insurer and the worker—	25 26			
		(a) the body system, body structure or disorder to be assessed,	27			
		(b) all medical and allied health information, including results of clinical investigations, relevant to the assessment of the injury,	28 29			
		(c) other matters specified in Workers Compensation Guidelines.	30			
	(4)	If the principal assessment relates to 2 or more body systems, body structures or disorders and different medical assessors are required to assess the different systems, structures or disorders, the assessment must be conducted by 2 or more permanent impairment assessors.	31 32 33 34			
	(5)	For subsection (4), one of the permanent impairment assessors must be the lead assessor, appointed by the Authority, to coordinate and calculate the final degree of permanent impairment resulting from the individual assessments of permanent impairment by the individual assessors.	35 36 37 38			
	(6)	A principal assessment must not be made if—	39			
		(a) liability for the injury is in issue, and	40			
		(b) a determination about the liability has not been determined by the Commission.	41 42			

153L	One	assessment only of degree of permanent impairment	1				
		Subject to section 153Q, only one principal assessment may be made of an injured worker in relation to—	2 3				
		(a) the same injury, or	4				
		(b) more than one injury arising from the same incident.	5				
153M	Perr	nanent impairment assessors	6				
	(1)	The Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for matters relating to the approval of permanent impairment assessors for principal assessments under this division.	7 8 9				
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for-	10 11				
		(a) the approval of permanent impairment assessors, including the processes and procedures for the approval of assessors, and	12 13				
		(b) the functions of permanent impairment assessors, and	14				
		(c) conditions that may be imposed on the approval of permanent impairment assessors, and	15 16				
		(d) the training requirements for permanent impairment assessors, and	17				
		(e) the monitoring of services provided by permanent impairment assessors, and	18 19				
		(f) how the performance of permanent impairment assessors must be assessed.	20 21				
	(3)	The Authority must consult with an employee body before approving a permanent impairment assessor and placing the assessor's name on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors.	22 23 24				
	(4)	The Authority must—	25				
		(a) keep a register of permanent impairment assessors approved under this section, and	26 27				
		(b) publish the register on the Authority's website.	28				
	(5)	(5) The Authority may, in publishing the register under subsection (4)(b), include the names and contact details of permanent impairment assessors approved under this section.					
	(6)	(6) The maximum amount an employer is liable for in relation to the cost of a permanent impairment assessment must be set by the Authority by order published on the NSW legislation website.					
	(7)	A permanent impairment assessor whose approval under this section is revoked may apply to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an administrative review under the <i>Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997</i> of the decision to revoke the approval.	35 36 37 38				
	(8)	In this section—	39				
		<i>employee body</i> means—	40				
		(a) Unions NSW, or	41				
		(b) another employee body prescribed by the regulations.	42				
153N	Pow	ers of permanent impairment assessor on assessment	43				
	(1)	The permanent impairment assessor conducting a principal assessment may-	44				

		(a)	consult with any medical practitioner or other health care professional who is treating or has treated the worker, and	1 2
		(b)	call for the production of the medical records, including X-rays and the results of other tests, and other information the permanent impairment assessor considers necessary or desirable for assessing the degree of permanent impairment, and	3 4 5 6
		(c)	require the worker to undergo an examination by the permanent impairment assessor.	7 8
	(2)	asses	worker refuses to undergo an examination by the permanent impairment as if required to do so, or in any way obstructs the examination, the wing are suspended until the examination has taken place—	9 10 11
		(a)	the worker's right to recover compensation in relation to the injury,	12
		(b)	the worker's right to weekly payments.	13
	(3)	medi work	Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for matters relating to the cal records and other information to be produced by the insurer or the ter under subsection (1)(b), including the nature and volume of mation to be provided.	14 15 16 17
1530	Refe	rral of	medical dispute to Commission	18
		from	edical dispute, within the meaning of the 1998 Act, section 319, arising a principal assessment may be referred to the Commission under the Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	19 20 21
153P	Certi	ificate	of principal assessment	22
	(1)	refer	permanent impairment assessor to whom a principal assessment is red must give a certificate (a <i>principal assessment certificate</i>) about the ter's degree of permanent impairment to—	23 24 25
		(a)	each of the parties, and	26
		(b)	the Authority.	27
	(2)		ncipal assessment certificate must be in a form approved by the Authority nust—	28 29
		(a)	set out details of the degree of permanent impairment, and	30
		(b)	certify the permanent impairment assessor's assessment of the degree of permanent impairment, and	31 32
		(c)	set out the permanent impairment assessor's reasons for the assessment, and	33 34
		(d)	set out the facts on which the assessment is based.	35
153Q	Furtl	her pri	ncipal assessments	36
	(1)		incipal assessment does not prevent a further principal assessment of an ed worker.	37 38
		perma	A further principal assessment may result in a dispute about the degree of anent impairment of the injured worker that is a medical dispute for the purposes 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	39 40 41
	(2)	How only-	ever, a further principal assessment of an injured worker may be made	42 43
		(a)	if the worker and insurer agree it appears there has been an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's condition since the last principal assessment of the worker was conducted, or	44 45 46

		(b)	in circumstances prescribed by the regulations.	1		
	(3)		subsection (2)(a), an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's lition since the original principal assessment was made occurs only if—	2 3		
		(a)	at the time of the original principal assessment there was no reasonable cause to believe the worker's condition would deteriorate, and	4 5		
		(b)	the deterioration results in an increase in the worker's degree of permanent impairment of at least a further 10 percentage points.	6 7		
		part. worke	nple — A worker was originally assessed at 25% permanent impairment under this For a further assessment to be treated as a further principal assessment, the er must have an assessment of at least 35% permanent impairment, in addition to wise meeting the requirements of this section.	8 9 10 11		
	(4)	decio	subsection (3), age-related deterioration must not be considered in ding whether an unexpected and material deterioration in a worker's lition has occurred.	12 13 14		
	(5)	The asses	regulations may provide for matters relating to further principal symmetry, including—	15 16		
		(a)	the rights of workers and insurers in relation to further principal assessments, and	17 18		
		(b)	costs of further principal assessments, and	19		
		(c)	requirements for reports in relation to further principal assessments and providing the reports to other parties.	20 21		
153R	Personal liability of assessors on SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors					
	(1)	An a is no	ssessor included on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors t personally subject to liability for anything done—	24 25		
		(a)	in good faith, and	26		
		(b)	for the purpose of exercising a function under this Act.	27		
	(2)	In th	is section—	28		
		done	e includes omitted to be done.	29		
		liabi	<i>lity</i> means civil liability and includes action, claim or demand.	30		
Divi	sion	3	Permanent impairment agreements	31		
153S	Ente	ring ir	nto permanent impairment agreements	32		
	(1)	After	r a principal assessment is conducted of an injured worker, the worker and	33		
			employer or insurer may enter into a written agreement (a <i>permanent uirment agreement</i>)—	34 35		
		(a)	that states the following—	36		
			(i) the degree of permanent impairment the worker and the employer or insurer agree has resulted from the injury,	37 38		
			(ii) whether any proportion of permanent impairment is due to a previous injury or pre-existing condition or abnormality,	39 40		
			(iii) the nature and extent of any loss of hearing suffered by the worker,	41 42		
			(iv) whether the impairment is permanent,	43		
			(v) whether the degree of permanent impairment is fully ascertainable, and	44 45		

		(b) in which there is a provision in which the employer or insurer certifies the employer or insurer is satisfied the worker obtained independent legal advice before entering into the permanent impairment assessment.	1 2 3
		Note— If the injured worker and the employer or insurer cannot agree on a permanent impairment agreement, a dispute about the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker is a medical dispute for the purposes of the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	4 5 6
	(2)	A permanent impairment agreement is of no force or effect if—	7
		(a) the agreement does not include a provision in which the employer or insurer certifies the employer or insurer is satisfied the worker obtained independent legal advice before entering into the agreement, or	8 9 10
		(b) it is established the worker was induced to enter the agreement as a result of fraud or misrepresentation.	11 12
	(3)	Subsection (2) has effect despite the 1998 Act, section 234.	13
		Note— The 1998 Act, section 234 provides that the 1998 Act and this Act apply despite any contract to the contrary.	14 15
	(4)	If a worker enters into a permanent impairment agreement in relation to an injury, the permanent impairment compensation to which the worker is entitled in relation to the injury is the compensation payable in relation to the degree of permanent impairment agreed.	16 17 18 19
	(5)	Permanent impairment agreements, and the payments made under the agreements, must be recorded in accordance with the Workers Compensation Guidelines.	20 21 22
	(6)	Nothing in this section prevents a permanent impairment agreement from containing provisions about the payment of costs.	23 24
153T	Failu	re to enter into permanent impairment agreement	25
		If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement—	26 27
		(a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and	28 29 30
		(b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination.	31 32
		Note— The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1998 Act.	33 34 35
153U	Agre	ement to change permanent impairment agreement	36
		The parties to a permanent impairment agreement may agree to change the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker by—	37 38
		(a) agreeing to vary the permanent impairment agreement, or	39
		(b) entering into a further permanent impairment agreement in place of the original permanent impairment agreement.	40 41
153V	Pern	nanent impairment agreement evidence of certain matters	42
	(1)	The permanent impairment agreement must be used for the purposes of establishing entitlement for the following—	43 44
		(a) weekly payments,	45
		(b) medical expenses compensation,	46
		(c) lump sum compensation,	47

			(d)	commutations,	1
			(e)	work injury damages.	2
		(2)	A pe	rmanent impairment agreement is, in relation to the following matters, lusive evidence of—	- 3 4
			(a)	the degree of permanent impairment of the worker as a result of the injury,	5
			(b)	whether any proportion of permanent impairment is due to a previous injury or pre-existing condition or abnormality,	7
			(c)	the nature and extent of any loss of hearing suffered by the worker,	9
			(d)	whether impairment is permanent,	10
			(e)	whether the degree of permanent impairment is fully ascertainable.	11
		(3)	subse	ermanent impairment agreement is, for a matter not mentioned in ection $(2)(a)$ -(e), evidence but not conclusive evidence of a matter stated e agreement.	12 13 14
		(4)		ection (2) does not apply to proceedings in the Commission or a court t the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker.	15 16
1	53W	3W Permanent impairment agreement does not prevent further principal assessment			17 18
			A pe asses	ermanent impairment agreement does not prevent a further principal assent of an injured worker being made under section 153Q.	19 20
			perma of the of pe	A further principal assessment may result in a dispute about the degree of anent impairment of the injured worker that is a medical dispute for the purposes 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7. See also section 153U which provides the degree rmanent impairment may be changed by varying the permanent impairment ement or entering into a further permanent impairment agreement.	21 22 23 24 25
1	53X	Divis	ion su	ubject to decisions of the Commission	26
				division is subject to a decision made by the Commission determining anent impairment and entitlements of injured workers.	27 28
1.4	Ame	endm	ents	relating to indexation and payments	29
[1]	Secti	ion 25	Death	of worker leaving dependants	30
	Omit	"\$750	,000"	from section 25(1)(a). Insert instead "\$955,950".	31
[2]	Sect	ion 25	(1)(b)		32
	Omit	"\$66.	60". In	sert instead "\$171.10".	33
[3]	Secti	ion 34	Maxin	num weekly compensation amount	34
r.1				from section 34(1). Insert instead "\$2,569.60".	35
[4]			, head		36
			•	other than primary psychological injuries" after "130)".	37
[6]			•), 40(1)(d) and 41(5)(b)	
[5]				rever occurring. Insert instead "\$225".	38
				-	39
[6]			-	cial provision for workers with highest needs	40
	Omit	"\$788	3.32" fi	rom section 38A(1) wherever occurring.	41

	Insert instead "\$1,020".					
[7]	Sect	ion 66 Entitlement to compensation for permanent impairment	2			
	Omit	the formula from section 66(2)(a). Insert instead—	3			
		$25,070 + [3,770 \times (D - 10)]$				
[8]	Sect	ion 66(2)(b)	4			
	Omit	the formula. Insert instead—	5			
		$100,350 + [6,210 \times (D-10)]$				
[9]	Sect	ion 66(2)(c)	6			
	Omit	: "\$242,010". Insert instead "\$310,580".	7			
[10]	Sect	ion 66(2)(d)	8			
	Omit	: "\$309,020". Insert instead "\$396,570".	9			
[11]	Sect	ion 66(2)(e)	10			
	Omit	: "\$376,030". Insert instead "\$482,560".	11			
[12]	Sect	ion 66(2)(f)	12			
	Omit	: "\$443,030". Insert instead "\$568,550".	13			
[13]] Section 66(2)(g)					
	Omit	"\$510,040". Insert instead "\$654,540".	15			
[14]		ion 66(2)(h)	16			
	Omit	"\$577,050". Insert instead "\$740,550".	17			
[15]		ion 79 Definitions	18			
		the section.	19			
[16]		Sections 80 and 81				
		the sections. Insert instead—	21			
	80	Adjustment of amounts of benefits by WPI	22			
		(1) An adjustable amount for a year under a relevant provision must be calculated in accordance with the following formula—	23 24			
		$A \times \frac{B}{C}$				
		C where—	05			
		A is the adjustable amount for the previous year.	25 26			
		\boldsymbol{B} is the index number for the previous year.	27			
		C is the index number for the year before the previous year.	28			
		(2) If an amount calculated under subsection (1) for a year (the <i>current year</i>)	29			
			30 31			
		year.	32			
		would, for any reason, be less than the amount calculated for the previous year, the adjustable amount for the current year must be the same as the previous	30 31			

	(3)	inclu	amount calculated under subsection (1) for a year is expressed as ding cents, the amount must be rounded up to the next higher whole ber of dollars.	1 2 3		
	(4)	In thi	is section—	4		
		adjus	stable amount means—	5		
		(a)	for the 12 months starting on 1 April 2025—each of the amounts specified in a relevant provision, and	6		
		(b)	for each subsequent period of 12 months starting on 1 April in a year— the amount specified in a relevant provision as adjusted under this division.	8 9 10		
		index	<i>x number</i> means—	11		
		(a)	the number prescribed by the regulations, or	12		
		(b)	if a number is not prescribed by the regulations—the WPI for December.	13 14		
		relev	ant provision means—	15		
		(a)	the following provisions—	16		
			(i) sections 25, 34, 37 and 40,	17		
			(ii) Schedule 6, Part 19H, clause 2, and	18		
		(b)	the 1998 Act, section 297(2), and	19		
		(c)	the Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Act 1942, section 8(2B)(b)(i).	20 21		
[17]	Section 82	A Inde	exation—weekly payments	22		
	Omit section	n 82A	(1), formula, definitions of B and C .	23		
	Insert instead—					
		B is–	_	25		
		(a)	the number prescribed by the regulations, or	26		
		(b)	if a number is not prescribed by the regulations—the CPI for December of the previous year.	27 28		
		C is-		29		
		(a)	the number prescribed by the regulations, or	30		
		(b)	if a number is not prescribed by the regulations—the CPI for December of the year before the previous year.	31 32		
[18]	Section 82	A(2)		33		
	Omit the su	bsectio	on. Insert instead—	34		
	(2)	In thi	is section—	35		
	(-)		<i>w date</i> means 1 April in each year.	36		
[19]	Section 82	R Inde	exation of certain amounts—according to average weekly earnings	37		
[]		nancia	Il year beginning on 1 July 2012 and each subsequent financial year" from	38		
	Insert instea April".	ad "the	e year beginning on 1 April 2026 and each subsequent year starting on 1	40 41		

[20]	Section 82B(1) Omit "\$155" from section 82B(1), formula, definition of <i>A</i> . Insert instead "\$225".	1
[21]	Section 82B(1)	
ני שן	Omit the formula, definitions of B and C . Insert instead— B is the AWE for November of the previous year.	3 4 5
	C is the AWE for November of the year before the previous year.	6
[22]	Section 82B(2)	7
	Omit "the start of each financial year". Insert instead "each review date".	8
[23]	Section 82B(2)	9
	Omit "that financial year". Insert instead "the year beginning on the review date".	10
[24]	Section 82B(3)	11
	Omit "the start of a financial year". Insert instead "a review date".	12
[25]	Section 82B(3)	13
	Omit "that financial year is". Insert instead "the year starting on the review date is".	14
[26]	Section 82B(3)	15
	Omit "effect for that financial year". Insert instead "effect for that year".	16
[27]	Section 82B(4)	17
	Insert after section 82B(3)—	18
	(4) In this section—	19
	review date means 1 April in each year.	20
[28]	Section 82BA Indexation—compensation amount for workers with highest needs	21
	Omit "\$788.32" from section 82BA(1), formula, definition of <i>A</i> . Insert instead "\$1,020".	22
[29]	Section 82BA(1)	23
	Omit the formula, definitions of B and C . Insert instead— B is the CPI for December of the previous year.	24 25
	C is the CPI for December of the year before the previous year.	26
[30]	Section 82BA(2), definition of "review date"	27
	Omit "and 1 October".	28
[31]	Section 82C	29
	Omit the section. Insert instead—	30
	82C Indexation—no reduction	31
	If an amount calculated under this division for a year (the <i>current year</i>) would, for any reason, be less than the amount calculated for the previous year, the adjustable amount for the current year must be same as the previous year.	32 33 34
[32]	Section 82D	35
•••	Omit the section. Insert instead—	36

	82D Rou	nding up	1
		If an amount calculated under this division for a year is expressed as including cents, the amount must be rounded up to the next higher whole number of dollars.	2 3 4
[33]	Section 82	F Indexation—compensation for permanent impairment	5
	Omit "the f section 82I	inancial year beginning on 1 July 2016 and each subsequent financial year" from $F(1)$.	6 7
	Insert inste 1 April".	ad "the year beginning on 1 April 2026 and each subsequent year beginning on	8 9
[34]	Section 82	?F(1)	10
	Omit section	on 82F(1), formula, definitions of B and C . Insert instead— B is the CPI for December of the previous year. C is the CPI for December of the year before the previous year.	11 12 13
[35]	Section 82	2F(2)	14
	Omit the su	ubsection.	15
[36]	Section 82	2F(3)	16
	Omit "the s	start of each financial year". Insert instead "each review date".	17
[37]	Section 82	2F(3)	18
	Omit "that	financial year". Insert instead "the year beginning on the review date".	19
[38]	Section 82	2F(4)	20
	Omit "the s	start of a financial year". Insert instead "a review date".	21
[39]	Section 82	2F(4)	22
	Omit "that	financial year is". Insert instead "the year beginning on the review date is".	23
[40]	Section 82	2F(4)	24
	Omit "effe	ct for that financial year". Insert instead "effect for that year".	25
[41]	Section 82	PF(5)	26
	Insert after	section 82(4)—	27
	(5)	In this section—	28
		review date means 1 April in each year.	29
[42]	Section 82	2G	30
	Omit the se	ection. Insert instead—	31
	82G Inde	xation—no reduction	32
		If an amount calculated under this division for a year (the <i>current year</i>) would, for any reason, be less than the amount calculated for the previous year, the adjustable amount for the current year must be same as the previous year.	33 34 35
[43]	Section 82	2H	36
	Omit the se	ection. Insert instead—	37

	82H	Rounding up	1
		If an amount calculated under this division for a year is expressed as including cents, the amount must be rounded up to the next higher whole number of dollars.	2 3 4
[44]	Sche Divis	dule 3 Earnings for purposes of weekly payments of compensation under ion 2 of Part 3	5 6
	Omit	clause 3(3).	7
[45]	Sche	dule 6 Savings, transitional and other provisions	8
	Omit	"\$76,700" from Part 3, clause 2(2) and (4) wherever occurring.	9
	Inser	t instead "\$197,100".	10
[46]	Sche	dule 6, Part 3, clause 2(3)(b) and (4)	11
	Omit	"\$38.30" wherever occurring.	12
	Inser	t instead "\$98.40".	13
[47]	Sche	dule 6, Part 4, clause 4(1)(b)(i) and (2)	14
		"\$44.80" wherever occurring.	15
	Inser	t instead "\$115.10".	16
[48]		dule 6, Part 4, clause 4(1)(b)(ii) and (2)	17
		"\$22.50" wherever occurring.	18
		t instead "\$57.80".	19
[49]		dule 6, Part 4, clause 4A(2)(a) and (3)(a)	20
		"\$196.00" wherever occurring.	21
		t instead "\$503.60".	22
[50]		dule 6, Part 4, clause 4A(2)(b) and (3)(b)	23
		"\$155.90" wherever occurring. t instead "\$400.60".	24 25
[51]		dule 6, Part 4, clause 4A(2)(c) and (3)(c) "\$141.60" wherever occurring.	26 27
		t instead "\$363.90".	28
[52]		dule 6, Part 4, clause 4A(2)(c) and (3)(c)	29
[92]		"\$127.50" wherever occurring.	30
		t instead "\$327.60".	31
[53]	Sche	dule 6, Part 4, clause 7(2)(a) and (4)	32
[]		"\$341.30" wherever occurring.	33
		t instead "\$877.00".	34
[54]	Sche	dule 6, Part 19H, clause 2(1)	35
_	Omit	"\$906.25". Insert instead "\$1,266.50".	36

1.5	Amendm	ents relating to commutation	1				
[1]	Section 87	E Compensation that may be commuted	2				
	Insert after	section 87E(2)—	3				
	(3)	If compensation referred to in subsection (1) is commuted to a lump sum as provided by this division, any liability for work injury damages in relation to the same injury is extinguished.	4 5 6				
[2]	Section 87 catastroph	EAA Medical expenses compensation not to be commuted for ic injuries	7 8				
	Omit "Aut 87EAA(1).	hority is satisfied that, and certifies that it is satisfied that," from section	9 10				
	Insert instea	ad "President is satisfied that".	11				
[3]	Section 87	EA Preconditions to commutation	12				
	Omit "Auth	ority is satisfied that, and certifies that it" from section 87EA(1).	13				
	Insert instea	ad "President".	14				
[4]	Section 87	EA(1)(a)	15				
	Omit "at lea	ast 15% (assessed as provided by Part 7 of Chapter 7 of the 1998 Act)".	16				
	Insert instea	ad "assessed, under Part 6, as at least 15%".	17				
[5]	Section 87	EA(2) and (2A)	18				
	Omit section 87EA(2). Insert instead—						
	(2)	Despite subsection (1), a liability in relation to an injury may be commuted to a lump sum under this division in a particular case if the President is satisfied—	20 21 22				
		(a) the case is of a class prescribed by the regulations as a class to which this subsection applies, and	23 24				
		(b) the circumstances of the case satisfy the requirements prescribed by the regulations as requirements that must be satisfied for this subsection, and	25 26 27				
		(c) unless the regulations otherwise provide, the lump sum to which the liability will be commuted is not inadequate and not excessive.	28 29				
	(2A)	In considering whether the lump sum to which a liability will be commuted is not inadequate and not excessive, the President may have regard to the following matters—	30 31 32				
		(a) a dispute about liability to pay compensation under the Workers Compensation Acts,	33 34				
		(b) each of the following—	35				
		(i) the injury,	36				
		(ii) the worker's age,(iii) the worker's general health,	37				
		(iii) the worker's occupation at the time the injury occurred,	38 39				
		(v) any other relevant matter,	40				
		(c) the worker's ability to compete in an open labour market,	41				
		(d) benefits from another source that the worker may be entitled to.	42				

[6]	Section 87	'EA(3)	,	1
	Omit "Auth	nority'	". Insert instead "President".	2
[7]	Section 87	'EA(4)		3
	Omit the su	ıbsecti	ion.	4
[8]	Section 87	ΈB		5
	Insert after	sectio	on 87EA—	6
8	7EB Com	missi	ion rules	7
		The	Commission rules and procedural directions may provide for-	8
		(a)	the procedure for an application for a determination under section $87EAA(1)$ or $87EA(1)$ or (2), and	9 10
		(b)	the documentation to accompany the application.	11
[9]	Section 87	'F Cor	nmutation by agreement	12
	Insert after	sectio	on 87F(2)—	13
	(2A)	a w com	regulations may require the provision of independent financial advice to orker, at the expense of the insurer, before the worker enters into a mutation agreement and the requirement applies despite any other vision of this section.	14 15 16 17
[10]	Section 87	'F(4)		18
			ys after entering into a commutation agreement in which to withdraw from y giving notice in writing to the insurer".	19 20
	the insurer	and t	ay withdraw from a commutation agreement by giving written notice to the President at any time before the commutation agreement notice is his division".	21 22 23
[11]	Section 87	′F(6) a	ınd (7)	24
	Omit "regis	stered'	"wherever occurring.	25
	Insert inste	ad "ap	pproved".	26
[12]	Section 87	'F(6)		27
	Omit "Reg	istratio	on". Insert instead "Approval".	28
[13]	Section 87	'H, hea	ading	29
	Omit the he	eading	g. Insert instead—	30
	87H App	roval	of commutation	31
[14]	Section 87	'H(1)		32
	Omit "regis	stratio	n of the agreement by the President".	33
	Insert inste	ad "ap	pproval of the agreement".	34
[15]	Section 87	'H(1),	note	35
	Omit "regis	stered'	". Insert instead "approved".	36

	Insert after (1A)	section 87H(1)—	2				
	(1A)						
		The Commission rules and procedural directions may provide for the procedure for making applications under this division.	3 4				
[17]	Section 87	/H(2)	5				
	Omit the su	ubsection. Insert instead—	6				
	(2)	The President must refuse to approve a commutation agreement unless the President is satisfied—	7 8				
		(a) about the matters referred to in section 87EA(1) or (2), and	ç				
		(b) for a liability to which section 87EAA applies—that the injury is not a catastrophic injury within the meaning of that section.	10 11				
[18]	Section 87	/H(3)	12				
	Omit "regis	stering". Insert instead "approving".	13				
[19]	Section 87	/H(3)	14				
	Omit "regis	ster". Insert instead "approve".	15				
[20]	Section 87	′H(3), (4) and (6)	16				
	Omit "regis	stered" wherever occurring. Insert instead "approved".	17				
[21]	Section 87H(5)						
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—						
	(5) In reviewing a commutation agreement, the Commission may have regard the following matters—						
		(a) a dispute about liability to pay compensation under the Workers Compensation Acts,	22 23				
		(b) each of the following—	24				
		(i) the injury,	25				
		(ii) the worker's age, (iii) the worker's general health	26				
		(iii) the worker's general health,(iv) the worker's occupation at the time the injury occurred,	27 28				
		(v) any other relevant matter,	29				
		(c) the worker's ability to compete in an open labour market,	30				
		(d) benefits from another source to which the worker may be entitled.	31				
[22]	Section 87	/H(6)	32				
		stration". Insert "approval".	33				
1.6	Amendm	nent relating to enforceable undertakings	34				
	Part 7, Div	ision 4A	35				
		Division 4—	36				

Division 4A		4A	Enforceable undertakings	1
209A	Defi	nition		2
		In th	is division—	3
		insu	rer means—	4
		(a)	a licensed insurer, or	5
		(b)	a self-insurer.	6
209B	Auth	ority	may accept undertaking	7
	(1)	to a	Authority may accept a written undertaking given by an insurer in relation contravention or alleged contravention by the insurer in relation to the kers Compensation Acts.	8 9 10
	(2)	insui	giving of an undertaking does not constitute an admission of guilt by the rer in relation to the contravention or alleged contravention to which the ortaking relates.	11 12 13
209C	Noti	ce of c	lecision	14
	(1)		Authority must give the insurer seeking to give an undertaking under this ion written notice of—	15 16
		(a)	the Authority's decision to accept or reject the undertaking, and	17
		(b)	the reasons for the decision.	18
	(2)		Authority must, as soon as practicable after making a decision to accept ject the undertaking, publish notice of the decision on the Authority's site.	19 20 21
209D	Whe	n und	ertaking is enforceable	22
		An u	ndertaking under this division takes effect and becomes enforceable—	23
		(a)	when the insurer receives notice of the Authority's decision to accept the undertaking, or	24 25
		(b)	at a later date specified by the Authority.	26
209E	Com	plianc	e with undertaking	27
			nsurer must not contravene an undertaking given by the insurer under this ion that is in effect.	28 29
		Max	imum penalty—1,000 penalty units.	30
209F	Cont	traven	tion of undertaking	31
	(1)		Authority may apply to the District Court for an order if an insurer ravenes an undertaking given under this division.	32 33
	(2)	the u	e Court is satisfied the insurer that made the undertaking has contravened indertaking, the Court, in addition to imposing a penalty, may make one oth of the following orders—	34 35 36
		(a)	an order directing the insurer to comply with the undertaking,	37
		(b)	an order discharging the undertaking.	38
	(3)	other	ddition to the orders referred to in subsection (2), the Court may make r orders the Court considers appropriate in the circumstances, including rs directing the insurer to pay to the State—	39 40 41
		(a)	the costs of the proceedings, and	42

			(b)	the reasonable costs of the Authority in monitoring compliance with the undertaking in the future.	1 2
		(4)		section does not prevent proceedings being brought for the contravention leged contravention of this Act to which the undertaking relates.	3 4
20)9G	With	drawa	I or variation of undertaking	5
		(1)		nsurer who has given an undertaking under this division may at any time, the written agreement of the Authority—	6 7
			(a)	withdraw the undertaking, or	8
			(b)	vary the undertaking.	9
		(2)		ever, the provisions of the undertaking may not be varied to provide for a rent alleged contravention of the Workers Compensation Acts.	10 11
		(3)		Authority may at any time, with the written agreement of the insurer, draw its decision to accept an undertaking.	12 13
		(4)		Authority must, as soon as practicable after an undertaking is withdrawn ried, publish on the Authority's website notice of—	14 15
			(a)	the withdrawal or variation, and	16
			(b)	the reasons for the withdrawal or variation.	17
20	09H	Proc	eeding	gs and civil penalties for alleged contravention	18
				roceedings may be brought against an insurer, and a civil penalty may not sued to an insurer, for a contravention or alleged contravention of the kers Compensation Acts if—	19 20 21
			(a)	an undertaking under this division is in effect in relation to the contravention, or	22 23
			(b)	an undertaking under this division has been given and completely discharged by the insurer.	24 25
		(2)	alleg	Authority may accept an undertaking in relation to a contravention or ed contravention before proceedings in relation to the contravention have finalised.	26 27 28
		(3)	the .	e Authority accepts an undertaking before the proceedings are finalised, Authority must take all reasonable steps to have the proceedings ontinued as soon as possible.	29 30 31
1.7	Ame	endm	ents	relating to Insurers' Guarantee Fund	32
[1]	Secti	ion 22	5 Defi	nitions	33
r.1				ical order in section 225(1)—	34
	<i>ICNSW</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>State Insurance and Care Governa</i> <i>Act 2015</i> .				
[2]	Secti	ions 2	27, 22	9–236 and 238	37
-	Omit	"the A	uthor	ity" wherever occurring. Insert instead "ICNSW".	38
[3]	Secti	ions 2	29–23	1 and 238, headings	39
				"wherever occurring. Insert instead "ICNSW".	40

1.8	Amendme	ents	relati	ing to interpretative and related provisions	1
[1]	Part 1, Divis	sion 1			2
	Insert before			-	3
	Division 1		Gen	eral	4
[2]	Section 3 D	efiniti	ions		5
	Insert in alpl	nabeti	cal or	der in section 3(1)—	6
		act oj 2013		nce has the same meaning as in the Victims Rights and Support Act	7 8
		AIDS	5 mear	ns Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.	9
			oymer	ns the average weekly total earnings of adults in full-time at in New South Wales issued by the Australian Bureau of	10 11 12
		•	0	see section 8A.	13
				the consumer price index for Sydney issued by the Australian Statistics.	14 15
				pork demands—see section 8B.	16
				Human Immunodeficiency Virus.	17
				criminal conduct—	18
		(a)		as the commission of an indictable offence, and	19
		(b)	were crim	des conduct of a person that would constitute an indictable offence it not for the fact the person must not, or may not, be held inally responsible for the conduct because of the person's age or al illness or impairment.	20 21 22 23
		large	emple	<i>oyer</i> means—	24
		(a)	an er	nployer—	25
			(i)	insured under a policy of insurance to which the Workers Compensation Market Practice and Premiums Guidelines apply, and	26 27 28
			(ii)	whose basic tariff premiums, within the meaning of the Guidelines, for the policy would be more than \$50,000, if the period of insurance to which the premium relates were 12 months, or	29 30 31 32
		(b)	an er	nployer—	33
			(i)	insured under more than one policy of insurance to which the Workers Compensation Market Practice and Premiums Guidelines apply, and	34 35 36
			(ii)	whose combined basic tariff premiums, within the meaning of the Guidelines, for the policy would be more than \$50,000, if the period of insurance to which each premium relates were 12 months.	37 38 39 40
		lump	sum a	<i>leath benefit</i> —see section 25(1)(a).	41
		PIAV	VE me	eans pre-injury average weekly earnings.	42
		-		ychological injury—see section 8C.	43
				<i>directions</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Personal Injury n Act 2020</i> .	44 45
		psych	nologi	cal injury—see section 8D.	46

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			racia	al harassment—see section 8E.	1				
			rease	pnable management action—see section 8F.	2				
			relev	ant event—see section 8G.	3				
secondary psychological injury—see section 8H.									
				al harassment—see section 8I.	5				
				<i>matic incident</i> —see section 8J	6				
				<i>ious trauma</i> —see section 8K.	7				
				means the wage price index ordinary time, hourly rates of pay excluding ses, all sectors (NSW) issued by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.	8 9				
[3]	Part 1, Division 2								
	Insert after section 7A—								
	Division 2			Interpretation and related provisions—psychological injuries	12 13				
	Sub	divis	ion 1	Preliminary	14				
	8	Purp	ose o	f division	15				
		(1)	This	division provides for—	16				
			(a)	interpretative provisions relating to psychological injuries, and	17				
			(b)	other matters relating to the application of the Workers Compensation Acts to psychological injuries.	18 19				
		(2)	This	division does not-	20				
			(a)	extend the definition of <i>injury</i> in section 4, or	21				
			(b)	limit or otherwise affect the operation of section 4 in relation to personal injury or disease injury.	22 23				
	Sub	divis	ion 2	Definitions	24				
	8 A	Mea	ning o	f "bullying"	25				
			indiv	is Act, <i>bullying</i> , in relation to a worker, means an individual or a group of riduals repeatedly behaving unreasonably towards the worker or a group orkers of which the worker is a member.	26 27 28				
	8B	Mea	ning o	f "excessive work demands"	29				
				is Act, <i>excessive work demands</i> , in relation to a worker, means work ands that are—	30 31				
			(a)	beyond the requirements expected of the worker's role, and	32				
			(b)	repeated or persistent, and	33				
			(c)	not reasonable in all the circumstances.	34				
	8C	Mea	ning o	f "primary psychological injury"	35				
				is Act, <i>primary psychological injury</i> means a psychological injury that is secondary psychological injury.	36 37				

8D	8D Meaning of "psychological injury"						
		psyc	his Act, <i>psychological injury</i> means an injury that is a mental or hiatric disorder that causes behavioural, cognitive or psychological unction.	2 3 4			
8E	Meaning of "racial harassment"						
		In th	is Act, <i>racial harassment</i> , in relation to a worker, means an act that is—	6			
		(a)	reasonably likely in all the circumstances to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate the worker, and	7 8			
		(b)	done because of the race, colour or national or ethnic origin of the worker.	9 10			
8F	Meaning of "reasonable management action"						
	(1)	In th	is Act, <i>reasonable management action</i> means management action—	12			
		(a)	taken in a reasonable way, and	13			
		(b)	that is reasonable in all the circumstances.	14			
	(2) Without limiting subsection (1), reasonable management action in relation to a worker includes each of the following actions, if taken in a reasonable way and reasonable in all the circumstances—						
		(a)	appraisal of or feedback about the worker's performance,	18			
		(b)	counselling of the worker,	19			
		(c)	demotion, redeployment or retrenchment of the worker,	20			
		(d)	disciplinary action taken in relation to the worker's employment,	21			
		(e)	dismissal of the worker,	22			
		(f)	investigation by the worker's employer of alleged misconduct—	23			
			(i) by the worker, or (ii) of another neuron relating to the ampleyon's workforce in which	24			
			(ii) of another person relating to the employer's workforce in which the worker was involved or to which the worker was a witness,	25 26			
		(g)	promotion of the worker, including a worker being unsuccessful in a promotion,	27 28			
		(h)	provision of leave of absence to the worker,	29			
		(i)	provision to the worker of a benefit connected with the worker's employment,	30 31			
		(j)	reclassification of the worker's employment position,	32			
		(k)	suspension or stand-down of the worker's employment,	33			
		(1)	training a worker in relation to the worker's employment,	34			
		(m)	transfer of the worker's employment,	35			
		(n)	communication in connection with an action mentioned in paragraphs (a)–(m),	36 37			
		(0)	another action prescribed by the regulations.	38			
8G	Mea	ning o	of "relevant event"	39			
		In th	is Act, a <i>relevant event</i> means—	40			
		(a)	being subjected to an act of violence or a threat of violence, or	41			
		(b)	being subjected to indictable criminal conduct, or	42			
		(c)	witnessing—	43			

		(i) a traumatic incident happen, or	1
		(ii) a dead or seriously injured person at the scene of a traumatic incident, or	2 3
	(d)	experiencing vicarious trauma, or	4
	(e)	being subjected to sexual harassment, or	5
	(f)	being subjected to racial harassment, or	6
	(g)	being subjected to bullying, or	7
	(h)	being subjected to excessive work demands, or	8
	(i)	another event prescribed by the regulations.	g
8H	Meaning o	f "secondary psychological injury"	10
	the e	is Act, <i>secondary psychological injury</i> means a psychological injury to xtent the psychological injury arises as a consequence of, or secondary to, ysical injury.	11 12 13
81	Meaning o	f "sexual harassment"	14
	make favoi	is Act, <i>sexual harassment</i> , in relation to a worker, means a person who es an unwelcome sexual advance, or an unwelcome request for sexual urs, to the worker or engages in other unwelcome conduct of a sexual re in relation to the worker.	15 16 17 18
8J	Meaning o	f "traumatic incident"	19
	In th	is Act, a <i>traumatic incident</i> means—	20
	(a)	any of the following incidents if the incident results in, or is likely to result in, the death of, or serious injury to, a person—	21 22
		(i) an act of violence,	23
		(ii) indictable criminal conduct,	24
		(iii) a natural disaster, fire or explosion,	25
		(iv) a motor accident or other accident, or	26
	(b)	a suicide or attempted suicide, or	27
	(c)	an incident prescribed by the regulations.	28
8K	Meaning o	f "vicarious trauma"	29
	expo	is Act, <i>vicarious trauma</i> means the psychological impact of repeated sure, in the course of a worker's duties, to the traumatic experiences of rs that result from traumatic incidents.	30 31 32
Sub	division 3	Related matters	33
8L		test for determining whether act or omission constitutes bullying, work demands or racial or sexual harassment	34 35
	subje	etermining whether an act or omission amounted to a worker being ected to bullying, excessive work demands, racial harassment or sexual ssment that caused a primary psychological injury—	36 37 38
	(a)	an objective test must be used, and	39
	(b)	the worker's perception of the relevant event is relevant, but only to the extent the worker's perception of the event is reasonable.	40 41

8M Matters to be considered in determining excessive work demands

In determining whether work demands made of a worker are excessive work demands, the following matters must be considered— (a) the usual patterns of work in the industry, or part of the industry, in

- which the worker is employed,
- (b) supervision of the worker, including—
 - (i) level of control over the worker's tasks, and
 - (ii) whether there is unreasonable surveillance of the worker,
- (c) the nature of the worker's role, the worker's level of responsibility and the nature of the worker's employment arrangement,
- (d) whether the worker is entitled to receive-
 - (i) overtime payments, penalty rates, an on-call allowance or other compensation for working additional hours, or
 - (ii) a level of remuneration that reflects an expectation of working additional hours,
- (e) the needs of the workplace in which the worker is employed,
- (f) staffing levels in the workplace, including the mix of qualifications and skills of employees, as the levels and mix relate to the worker's workload,
- (g) industrial agreements and arrangements relevant to the worker,
- (h) repeated and serious contraventions of the *Work Health and Safety Act* 2011 and the regulations made under that Act and any other relevant work health and safety requirements,
- (i) any other relevant matter.

8N Vicarious trauma caused by act or omission for which worker has criminal responsibility

No compensation is payable for a primary psychological injury caused by a worker experiencing vicarious trauma if the act or omission that caused the injury was an act or omission for which the worker has criminal responsibility. **Example**— The worker is an accessory to the act or omission that caused the injury.

80 Connection between relevant events, employment and primary psychological injuries

No compensation is payable for a primary psychological injury to a worker unless—

- (a) a relevant event or a series of relevant events caused the primary psychological injury, and
- (b) there is a real and direct connection between the relevant event or series of relevant events and the worker's employment, and
- (c) employment is the main contributing factor to the primary psychological injury.

8P Physical and primary psychological injuries caused by same act or omission

- (1) This section applies if a worker has a physical injury and a primary psychological injury caused by the same act or omission.
- (2) The worker is entitled to compensation on the basis of whichever injury gives the worker the greater entitlement to compensation.

	8Q Reg	ulations		1		
		The regulat injuries, inc	tions may provide for matters relating to primary psychological cluding—	2 3		
		when	ype of matters or circumstances an insurer must take into account n determining whether an injury is a primary psychological injury which compensation is payable, and	4 5 6		
			vidence a worker must provide for a claim in relation to a primary hological injury.	7 8		
[4]	Section 9A factor to ir		nsation payable unless employment substantial contributing	9 10		
	Omit section	on 9A(4). Inse	ert instead—	11		
	(4)	This section	n does not apply in relation to—	12		
		(a) a prin	mary psychological injury to which section 80 applies, or	13		
		(b) an in	jury to which section 10, 11 or 12 applies.	14		
[5]	Section 11 actions of	A No compe employer	ensation for psychological injury caused by reasonable	15 16		
	Omit section	on 11A(1) and	d (3). Insert instead—	17		
	(1)		nsation is payable under this Act in relation to a psychological e psychological injury was predominantly caused by—	18 19		
			onable management action taken or proposed to be taken by an loyer in relation to a worker, or	20 21		
			rker's expectation of reasonable management action being taken in ion to the worker, or	22 23		
			rker's perception of reasonable management action taken or being n in relation to the worker.	24 25		
		Note— A ps psychologica	ychological injury includes a primary psychological injury and a secondary al injury.	26 27		
[6]	Section 11	A(6)		28		
	Omit the su	bsection.		29		
1.9	Miscella	neous ame	endments	30		
[1]	Section 19 Presumptions relating to certain employment					
	Omit section	on 19(1)(b). In	nsert instead—	32		
		(b) eithe	r—	33		
		(i)	for a person to whom Schedule 6, Part 19H, clause 20 or 25 applies—the employment is deemed to have been a substantial contributing factor to the disease, or	34 35 36		
		(ii)	otherwise—the employment is deemed to have been the main contributing factor to the disease.	37 38		
[2]	Section 19B Presumptions relating to certain employment in relation to COVID-19					
	Omit sectio	on 19B(5). Ins	sert instead—	40		
	 Omit section 19B(5). Insert instead— (5) For this Act, it is presumed, unless the contrary is established, that a worker the subject of a presumption under subsection (1) is incapable of work as a result of COVID-19 for the period— 					

		(a)	starting on the date of the injury, and	1		
		(b)	ending on a date established in accordance with the regulations, unless sooner ended by the death of the worker.	2 3		
	(5A)		regulations may provide for when a worker is incapable of work for ection (5).	4 5		
[3]	Section 4	3 Work	capacity decisions by insurers	6		
	Omit "pre-	-injury	average weekly earnings or" from section 43(1)(d).	7		
[4]	Section 4	3(2)(b)		8		
	Omit "199	8 Act."	'. Insert instead—	9		
			1998 Act,	10		
		(c)	a decision about the amount of an injured worker's PIAWE.	11		
[5]	Section 4	4BAA		12		
	Omit the s	ection.	Insert instead—	13		
	44BA Cer	tain dis	sputes and decisions may proceed to determination by Commission	14		
		The	following may proceed to determination by the Commission-	15		
		(a)	a dispute in relation to a work capacity decision under section 43,	16		
		(b)	a decision in relation to PIAWE.	17		
	44BB Reg	Julatior	15	18		
		The conn	regulations may provide for the procedures to be followed by insurers in aection with—	19 20		
		(a)	the making of work capacity decisions, including the adjustment of an amount of weekly payments a result of work capacity decisions, and	21 22		
		(b)	the making of decisions about PIAWE, including the adjustment of weekly payments as a result of decisions.	23 24		
[6]	Section 60 Compensation for cost of medical or hospital treatment and rehabilitation etc					
	Omit "reas	sonably	necessary" wherever occurring in section 60(1), (2B) and (2C)(a).	27		
	Insert inste	ead "rea	asonable and necessary".	28		
[7]	Section 60AA Compensation for domestic assistance					
	Omit "reas	sonably	necessary" from section 60AA(1) wherever occurring.	30		
	Insert inste	ead "rea	asonable and necessary".	31		
[8]	Section 6	1 Rates	s applicable for medical or related treatment	32		
	Omit "the	reasona	able necessity for the treatment" from section $61(1)$.	33		
	Insert inste	ead "wł	nether the treatment is reasonable and necessary".	34		
[9]	Section 6	3A Rat	es applicable for workplace rehabilitation services	35		
	Omit "the	reasona	able necessity for the service" from section 63A(1).	36		
	Insert inste	ead "wł	nether the service is reasonable and necessary".	37		

[10]	Section 66A Agre	eemen	ts for compensation	1
	Omit the section.			2
[11]	Section 67A Spec	cial pr	ovisions for HIV/AIDS	3
	Omit the section.			4
[12]	Section 68B Dedu of sections 15, 16	uction 6, 17 a	s for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation nd 22	5 6
	Omit the section.			7
[13]	Section 73 Reim	burser	nent for costs of medical certificate and examination	8
	Omit the section.			9
[14]	Section 87I Paym	nent		10
	Omit "The annual	report	of the Authority" from section 87I(3).	11
	Insert instead "The	e annu	al review of the Commission".	12
[15]	Section 155 Com	pulso	ry insurance for employers	13
	Omit section 155(1), per	alty. Insert instead—	14
	Maxi	mum p	enalty—	15
	(a)		large employer—the greater of the following amounts or 2 years sonment, or both—	16 17
		(i)	the amount that is 3 times the amount of the premium that would have been payable if the policy of insurance had been obtained and maintained,	18 19 20
		(ii)	1,000 penalty units, or	21
	(b)	for ar or bo	other employer—500 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, th.	22 23
[16]	Section 160 Reco	overy	of excess from employer	24
		iums C	is amount determined by the Workers Compensation Market buildelines in respect of that policy" from section 160(1), definition <i>punt</i> .	25 26 27
	Insert instead "exc	cess an	nount prescribed by the regulations".	28
[17]	Section 160(1), d	efiniti	on of "small business employer"	29
• •	Omit the definition			30
[18]	Section 160(4A)			31
	Omit the subsection	on.		32
[19]	Section 160(9)			33
	Insert after section	n 160(8)—	34
	(9) The prese	regulat ribed	ions may provide for matters relating to the payment of the excess amount, including the circumstances in which the excess amount must be paid.	35 36 37
[20]	Section 173AA			38
	Insert after section	n 173A		39

Offence for large employers to fail to give insurers information relevant to 173AA underinsurance

(1)	A large employer must not recklessly fail to comply with a requirement under
	workers compensation legislation for the large employer to give an insurer the
	following—

(a) information about the wages of workers employed by the large employer,

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(b) other information that enables the insurer to accurately calculate a workers compensation premium for workers employed by the large employer.

Maximum penalty-

- (a) for a large employer-the greater of the following amounts or imprisonment for 2 years, or both-
 - (i) the amount that is 3 times the amount of the premium that would have been payable if the policy of insurance had been obtained and maintained,
 - 1,000 penalty units, or (ii)
- (b) for another employer—500 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both.
- (2)For subsection (1), recklessness may also be established by proof of intention or knowledge.

1.10 Amendment relating to savings and transitional provisions

Schedule 6

Insert before Part 20, with appropriate part and clause numbering-

Part Provisions consequent on Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Act 2025

Definitions

In this part—	28		
amendment Act means the Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Act 2025.	29 30		
<i>psychological injury provisions</i> means the provisions of Part 1, Division 2 as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.8[3].			
Application of amendments made by amendment Act generally	33		
Subject to this part and the regulations, an amendment made by the amendment Act applies as follows—	34 35		
(a) to an injury received on or after the commencement of the amendment,	36		

- to an injury received on or after the commencement of the amendment, (a)
- to an injury notified on or after the commencement of the amendment, (b) whether the injury was received before or after the commencement,
- (c) to a claim for compensation made on or after the commencement of the amendment,
- (d) to proceedings initiated in the Commission or a court on or after the commencement of the amendment.

	•	aims for whole person impairment injuries
(1)		whole person impairment amendments do not apply to a worker who has the following—
	(a)	notified an injury before the date of assent to the amendment Act,
	(b)	made a claim for lump sum compensation,
	(c)	lodged a pre-filing statement before 1 July 2026.
		Note— In the event of a dispute about the claim, if there is a finding in favour of the worker, the pre-filing statement is taken to have been lodged before 1 July 2026.
(2)	In th	is clause—
		<i>n for lump sum compensation</i> means a claim specifically seeking pensation under Part 3, Division 4.
		<i>le person impairment amendments</i> means the amendments made to this by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1.
Prim	ary ps	sychological injuries
(1)	first	ychological injury provision applies to an injury of which the employer receives notification on or after the commencement of the psychological y provision.
(2)	befor conti	a psychological injury of which the employer first received notification re the commencement of the psychological injury provisions, the Act inues to apply in relation to the injury as if the amendment Act had not menced.
(3)	insu	an injury that is re-classified as a primary psychological injury by an rer on or after the commencement of the psychological injury provisions, ons 8D and 8H do not apply.
App	icatio	n of amendments to exempt workers
(1)	to a	amendments made by the amendment Act do not apply to, or in relation n injury received by, an exempt worker other than the following indments—
	(a)	sections 60, 60AA, 61 and 63A made by Schedule 1.9[6]–[9],
	(b)	the omission of section 79 by Schedule 1.4[15],
	(c)	the substitution of section 80 and omission of section 81 by Schedule 1.4[16].
(2)	In th	is clause—
	exen	<i>upt worker</i> means the following—
	(a)	a police officer,
	(b)	a paramedic,
	(c)	a firefighter, including firefighters employed by Forestry Corporation of New South Wales, National Parks and Wildlife Service and Transport for NSW.
App	icatio	n of amendments to coal miners
		amendments made by the amendment Act do not apply to, or in relation injury received by, a coal miner other than the following amendments—
	to an	injury received of, a court miner outer main the removing amenaments
	(a)	the amendments to section 25 made by Schedule 1.4[1] and [2],

	(c)	the omission of section 66A by Schedule 1.9[10],	1		
	(d)	the omission of section 79 by Schedule 1.4[15],	2		
	(e)	the substitution of section 80 and omission of section 81 by Schedule 1.4[16],	3 4		
	(f)	the amendments to section 160 made by Schedule 1.9[16]–[19],	5		
	(g)	the amendments to Schedule 6 made by Schedule 1.4[45]–[54].	6		
Appli	icatior	of amendments to claims for dust diseases	7		
		Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Act 1942 other than—	8 9		
	(a)	the amendment to section 60 made by Schedule 1.9[6], and	10		
	(b)	the omission of section 79 by Schedule 1.4[15],	11		
	(c)	the substitution of section 80 and omission of section 81 by Schedule 1.4[16].	12 13		
Appli	icatior	of amendments to claims for volunteers	14		
	of the	Workers Compensation (Bush Fire, Emergency and Rescue Services) 987 other than—	15 16 17		
	(a)	the amendment to section 60 made by Schedule 1.9[6], and	18		
	(b)	the omission of section 79 by Schedule 1.4[15],	19		
	(c)	the substitution of section 80 and omission of section 81 by Schedule 1.4[16].	20 21		
		aims in relation to primary psychological injuries—weekly and medical, hospital and rehabilitation treatment	22 23		
(1)	befor amen	ect to this part, a provision of this Act, Part 2, as in force immediately e the commencement of an amendment made to the provision by the dment Act, continues to apply to an existing claim as if the amendment by to the provision by the amendment Act had not commenced.	24 25 26 27		
(2)	In thi	s clause—	28		
	existi	ing claim means the following claims—	29		
	(a)	a claim for compensation in relation to which an application for a determination of a claim for compensation was made but not finally determined before the commencement,	30 31 32		
	(b)	a claim for permanent impairment compensation made but not finally determined before the commencement.	33 34		
Pres	umptio	ons relating to certain employment	35		
	applie	mendment of section 19 made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[1] es only in relation to a diagnosis of a deemed disease made on or after the nencement of Schedule 1.9[1].	36 37 38		
Pres	umptio	ons relating to certain employment in relation to COVID-19	39		
	The amendment of section 19B by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[2] applies only in relation to a worker diagnosed with COVID-19 by a medical practitioner on or after the commencement of Schedule 1.9[2].				

Com	pensation payable on death—lump sum death benefit	1
	The amendments of section 25 made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4[1] and [2] apply only in relation to deaths that occur on or after the commencement of Schedule 1.4[1] and [2].	2 3 4
Com	pensation payable on death—death benefit disputes	5
	Part 3, Division 1A, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.2, applies only in relation to deaths that occur on or after the commencement of Schedule 1.2.	6 7 8
Maxi	imum weekly compensation amount	ç
	The amendment of section 34 made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4[3] applies to all claims, whether made before or after the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4[3].	10 11 12
Wee	kly payments after second entitlement period (after week 130)	13
	The amendment of section 38 made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[2] applies only to a claim to which Part 1, Division 2, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.8[3], applies.	14 15 16
PIAV	VE	17
	Section 43, as amended by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[3] and [4], applies to a decision about PIAWE made on or after the commencement of Schedule 1.9[3] and [4], regardless of when the initial notification or claim was made.	18 19 20 21
Limi	t on payment of compensation	22
	The amendments of section 59A made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1 [8]–[10] apply only to a claim to which Part 1, Division 2, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.8[3], applies.	23 24 25
	sonable and necessary medical and other treatment—sections 60, 60AA, nd 63A	26 27
(1)	The amendments of sections 60, 60AA, 61 and 63A made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[6]–[9] apply only to a new claim for medical expenses compensation made on or after the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[6]–[9].	28 29 30 31
(2)	In this clause—	32
	existing claim means the following—	33
	(a) a claim for medical and related expenses made but not finally determined before the commencement,	34 35
	(b) a claim for medical and related expenses which has been approved and in relation to which medical or related treatment has, before the commencement—	36 37 38
	(i) not yet been provided, or	39
	(ii) started but not completed.	40
Lum	p sum compensation for psychological injuries	41
(1)	The amendments to section 65A made by the amendment Act do not apply to a worker who has done the following—	42 43
	(a) notified an injury before the date of assent to the amendment Act,	44

	(b)	made a claim for lump sum compensation,	1	
	(c)	lodged a pre-filing statement before 1 July 2026.	2	
		Note — In the event of a dispute about the claim, if there is a finding in favour of the worker, the pre-filing statement is taken to have been lodged before 1 July 2026.	3 4 5	
(2)	In th	is clause—	6	
		<i>for lump sum compensation</i> means a claim specifically seeking pensation under Part 3, Division 4.	7 8	
Inde	xation	of base amounts	g	
(1)	This clause applies in relation to a base amount in workers compensation legislation that is amended by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4.			
(2)	A regulation may be made under this clause amending the workers compensation legislation to increase the base amount during the transition period.			
(3)	In th	is clause—	15	
	trans	sition period means the period—	16	
	(a)	starting on the date of assent to the amendment Act, and	17	
	(b)	ending on the day that is 6 months after the day the provision in which the base amount being increased is amended by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4.	18 19 20	
Exis	ting cl	aims in relation to primary psychological injuries	21	
(1)		on 151H, as substituted by the amendment Act, does not apply to a ter who has done the following—	22 23	
	(a)	notified an injury before the date of assent to the amendment Act,	24	
	(b)	made a claim for lump sum compensation,	25	
	(c)	lodged a pre-filing statement before 1 July 2026.	26	
		Note— In the event of a dispute about the claim, if there is a finding in favour of the worker, the pre-filing statement is taken to have been lodged before 1 July 2026.	27 28 29	
(2)	In th	is clause—	30	
		<i>for lump sum compensation</i> means a claim specifically seeking pensation under Part 3, Division 4.	31 32	
Dete	rmina	tion of degree of permanent impairment	33	
(1)		6, Divisions 2 and 3, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.3[5],	34	
	endir	ot apply during the period starting on the date of commencement and ag on a date specified by the Authority by notice published in the Gazette <i>relevant period</i>).	35 36 37	
(2)	Duri	ng the relevant period—	38	
. *	(a)	section 66A, as in force immediately before the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[10], continues to apply in relation to the claim as if the section had not been repealed by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[10], and	39 40 41 42	
	(b)	if the worker and the employer or insurer cannot agree as to the degree of permanent impairment that has resulted from the injury—the matter is a dispute for the purposes of the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7 and may be referred to the Commission.	43 44 45 46	

Limits on re-filing premiums

Despite anything in this Act, Part 7, the regulations or the Market Practice and Premium Guidelines, the Authority must reject a revised premium filing from a licensed insurer that seeks to reduce premium pricing for the financial year starting on 1 July 2025 and ending on 30 June 2026.

Enforceable undertakings

Part 7, Division 4A, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.6, applies only to a contravention or alleged contravention by an insurer in relation to the Workers Compensation Acts on or after the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.6.

Insurer's Guarantee Fund

- (1) On the commencement, the control, direction and management of the assets, rights and liabilities of the Insurance Guarantee Fund is transferred from the Authority to ICNSW.
- (2) A proceeding relating to the asset, right or liability by or against the Authority that was started and not finally determined before the transfer is taken to be a proceeding by or against ICNSW.
- (3) Another act, matter or thing done or omitted to be done in relation to an asset, right or liability of the Insurance Guarantee Fund by, or in relation to, the Authority is, to the extent the act, matter or thing has any force or effect, taken to have been done or omitted by, to or in relation to ICNSW.
- (4) A reference in an Act, or in an instrument of any kind, including a contract or agreement, to the Authority so far as the reference relates to the assets, rights and liabilities of the Insurance Guarantee Fund, is taken to be a reference to ICNSW.

(5)	In this section—
	commencement means the commencement of this clause.

Review of workers compensation scheme

(1) The Treasurer and Ministers must jointly ensure a review of aspects of the workers compensation scheme, including the sustainability of the scheme, is conducted by an expert panel.

(2) The expert panel must consist of—

- (a) at least 1 expert nominated by Unions NSW, and
- (b) at least 1 expert nominated by Business NSW, and
- (c) at least 1 expert nominated by the Government, and
- (d) the Mental Health Commissioner appointed under the *Mental Health Commission Act 2012*, and
- (e) an Australian lawyer—
 - (i) who the Treasurer and Ministers are satisfied has significant expertise in the workers compensation scheme, and
 - (ii) who is nominated by the Government.
- (3) The terms of reference for the review must be determined by the Government in consultation with Unions NSW and Business NSW.
- (4) Without limiting subclause (3), the terms of reference must include 44 consideration of the following— 45

	(a)	whether the amendments to the workers compensation scheme made by the Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Act 2025 have—	1 2				
		(i) improved the sustainability of the scheme, and	3				
		(ii) facilitated workers returning to paid employment, and	4				
		(iii) reduced the costs of insurance in relation to workers compensation,	5 6				
	(b)	whether the amendments made by the <i>Workers Compensation</i> <i>Legislation Amendment Act 2025</i> , Schedule 1.1 to increase the degree of permanent impairment required for a worker to be entitled to weekly payments for a primary psychological injury after week 130 remain appropriate.	7 8 9 10 11				
(5)		review under this clause must commence as soon as practicable after the hat is 2 years after the date of assent to the amendment Act.	12 13				
(6)	A report on the outcome of the review must be referred to the Joint Select Committee established for that purpose within 6 months after the day on which the review under subclause (5) commences.						
Joint	Selec	ct Committee	17				
(1)	A Joi	int Select Committee of the Parliament must be established to—	18				
	(a)	consider the report of the expert panel, and	19				
	(b)	allow impacted members of the community and representatives of stakeholders of the workers compensation scheme to present evidence, and	20 21 22				
	(c)	make recommendations to the Treasurer and Ministers about the workers compensation scheme, including—	23 24				
		(i) the impact and benefits of the scheme, and	25				
		(ii) improvements to the scheme.	26				
(2)	The J	Joint Select Committee must consist of—	27				
	(a)	4 members of the Legislative Assembly, at least one of whom must be an independent member, and	28 29				
	(b)	3 members of the Legislative Council.	30				
(3)		Chairperson of the Joint Select Committee must be an independent ber of the Legislative Assembly.	31 32				
(4)							

Schedule 2 Amendment of Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 No 86

1 2

[1]	Sect	ion 35	Paym	nents into and from Fund	3
	Inser	t after	section	n 35(2)(g)—	4
			(g1)	amounts required for the costs of the Industrial Relations Commission exercising jurisdiction under Chapter 7, Part 3, Division 3A,	5 6
[2]	Sect	ion 45	В		7
	Inser	t after	section	n 45A—	8
	45B	Inde	pende	ent allied health consultants	9
		(1)	appro	Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for matters relating to the oval of allied health practitioners as independent allied health consultants sist with proactively managing claims.	10 11 12
		(2)		nout limiting subsection (1), the Workers Compensation Guidelines may ide for the following—	13 14
			(a)	the approval of independent allied health consultants, including the processes and procedures for the approval,	15 16
			(b)	the functions of approved independent allied health consultants,	17
			(c)	conditions to be imposed on the approval of independent allied health consultants,	18 19
			(d)	the monitoring of services provided by approved independent allied health consultants.	20 21
		(3)		names and contact details of approved independent allied health ultants may be made available by publication on the Authority's website.	22 23
		(4)	Auth the (ndependent allied health consultant who is aggrieved by a decision of the nority to revoke the practitioner's approval under this section may apply to Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an administrative review of the sion under the <i>Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997</i> .	24 25 26 27
		(5)	appro	maximum amount an employer is liable to pay for the services of an oved independent allied health consultant must be set by the Authority by r published on the NSW legislation website.	28 29 30
[3]	Sect	ion 49	Empl	oyer must provide suitable work	31
	Omi	t "50 p	enalty	units" from section 49(1), penalty. Insert instead "100 penalty units".	32
[4]	Sect	ion 76	Defin	itions	33
	Omi	t the de	efinitio	ns of <i>internal review</i> and <i>original decision</i> . Insert in alphabetical order—	34
			inter	nal review means a review by an insurer of—	35
			(a)	a work capacity decision under Chapter 7, Part 4, or	36
			(b)	a decision about the amount of a worker's PIAWE.	37
			ofa	<i>inal decision</i> means either of the following decisions that are the subject in internal review or a dispute referred for determination by the mission—	38 39 40
			(a)	a work capacity decision,	41
			(b)	a decision about the amount of a worker's PIAWE.	42

[5]	Sectio	on 76, defi	nition of "review decision", paragraph (a)	1
	Omit	the paragra	ph. Insert instead—	2
		(a)	in relation to an original decision that is the subject of an internal review—	3 4
			(i) a work capacity decision made by an insurer as a result of the review, or	5 6
			(ii) a decision about the amount of a worker's PIAWE made by an insurer as a result of the review, or	7 8
[6]	Sectio	on 78 Insu	rer to give notice of decisions	9
	Omit '	"the compe	ensation." from section 78(1)(b). Insert instead—	10
			the compensation, or	11
		(c)	to not enter into a permanent impairment agreement following the issue of a principal assessment certificate under the 1987 Act, Part 6.	12 13
			Note— Section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under the Workers Compensation Acts.	14 15 16
[7]	Sectio	on 83, hea	ding	17
	Insert	"or decisio	on about PIAWE" after "work capacity decision".	18
[8]	Sectio	on 83(c)		19
	Omit	the paragra	ph. Insert instead—	20
		(c)	the withdrawal of the referral to the Commission for determination of a dispute about—	21 22
			(i) a work capacity decision, or	23
			(ii) a worker's PIAWE, or	24
		(d)	the discontinuance or dismissal of proceedings before the Commission in relation to a dispute referred to in paragraph (c).	25 26
[9]	Sectio	on 231A		27
	Insert	after sectio	on 231—	28
	231A	Employer	s not entitled to attend medical treatment or medical examination	29
			her an employer nor the employer's representative is entitled to attend er of the following unless the worker requests the attendance—	30 31
		(a)	medical treatment of the worker,	32
		(b)	a medical examination of the worker.	33
[10]	Chapt	ter 7, Part	2, Division 3	34
	Insert	after Divis	ion 2—	35
	Divis	ion 3	Miscellaneous	36
	264A	Regulatio	ns	37
		Divi	regulations may provide for the modification of the application of isions 1 and 2 in relation to claims made for primary psychological injuries rred to in section 264B.	38 39 40

Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Bill 2025 [NSW] Schedule 2 Amendment of Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 No 86

[11]	Chap	oter 7,	Part 3	, Division 1AA	1
	Inser	t after	Chapte	er 7, Part 3, heading—	2
	Divi	sion	1 A	Application of part	3
2	64B	Appl	icatior	n of part	4
		(1)		ions 1–3 do not apply in relation to a primary psychological injury ed by being subjected to—	5 6
			(a)	bullying, or	7
			(b)	excessive work demands, or	8
			(c)	racial harassment, or	9
		(2)	(d)	sexual harassment.	10
		(2)		ion 3A applies in relation to primary psychological injuries caused by—	11
			(a) (b)	bullying, or excessive work demands, or	12 13
			(0) (c)	racial harassment, or	13
			(d)	sexual harassment.	15
[12]	Char	oter 7.	Part 3	, Division 3A	16
[]	-		Divisio		17
Division 3A Special provisions for primary psychological injuries caused by bullying, excessive work demands and harassment					18 19 20
280	80AA Ap		icatior	n of division	21
				division applies to a claim in relation to a relevant injury caused by ant conduct.	22 23
				 This division applies only in relation to claims made after the commencement section. 	24 25
280)AB	Defin	nitions		26
			In thi	s division—	27
			relev	ant conduct means the following—	28
			(a)	bullying,	29
			(b)	excessive work demands,	30
			(c)	racial harassment, sexual harassment.	31
			(d) <i>releve</i> subie	<i>ant injury</i> means a primary psychological injury caused by being cted to relevant conduct.	32 33 34
201	DAC	Liah	U	be determined and weekly payments commenced within 42 days	
201	JAC		-		35
		(1)	the in	in 42 days after a claim for a relevant injury is made under this division, usurer on whom the claim is made must decide to—	36 37
			(a)	accept the claim and commence weekly payments, or	38
			(b)	dispute liability.	39

Note— Section 280AG makes failure to comply with this section an offence. Section 280AE requires notice of a dispute to be given.

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- (2) A finding by a commission, court or tribunal that relevant conduct has occurred is taken to be evidence the relevant conduct occurred.
- (3) If the insurer does not make a decision to accept the claim or dispute liability within the time required by subsection (1), the insurer is deemed to have made a decision to have accepted the claim.

280AD Entitlements during determination period

- While a decision is being made under section 280AC to accept the claim or dispute liability, the worker is entitled to a weekly payment (the *interim entitlement payment*) of—
 - (a) if the worker has no current work capacity—75% of the worker's PIAWE,
 - (b) if the worker has current work capacity—75% of the worker's PIAWE less the worker's current weekly earnings.
 Note— PIAWE and current weekly earnings are calculated in accordance with the 1987 Act, Part 3 and Schedule 3.
- (2) While a decision is being made under section 280AC to accept the claim or dispute liability, the worker is also entitled to medical or related treatment in relation to the relevant injury to a cost of not more than—
 - (a) the amount specified in the Workers Compensation Guidelines, or
 - (b) if an amount is not specified in the Workers Compensation Guidelines—\$7,500.
- (3) The worker's entitlement to an interim entitlement payment and medical expenses compensation under subsections (1) and (2) ceases—
 - (a) if the insurer decides to dispute liability—14 days after the decision is made, or
 - (b) 56 days after the day the claim is made.
- (4) If the insurer decides to accept the claim, the worker is entitled to—
 - (a) an amount (a *back payment*) equal to the difference between the interim entitlement payments and the worker's PIAWE for the period—
 - (i) starting on the day the claim was made, and
 - (ii) ending on the day the decision to accept the claim was made, and
 - (b) reimbursement for any reasonable and necessary medical treatment for the relevant injury for which the worker paid before the decision to accept the claim was made, as specified in the Workers Compensation Guidelines.
- (5) In this section —38medical or related treatment—39(a) has the same meaning as in the 1987 Act, Part 3, Division 3, and40(b) includes out patient hospital treatment and workplace rehabilitation414242

280AE Disputing liability

(1) If an insurer disputes liability in relation to a claim or an aspect of a claim, the insurer must give notice to the worker in accordance with section 78 and the regulations.

	(2)	Notice under subsection (1) must be given to the worker not later than 42 days after the claim is made.	1 2
	(3)	The worker may ask the insurer to review the claim, or any aspect of the claim, that is disputed by the insurer.	3 4
	(4)	A request for a review of the claim, or any aspect of the claim, must be made before the dispute may be referred for determination by—	5 6
		(a) the Personal Injury Commission, or	7
		(b) the Industrial Relations Commission.	8
	(5)	Within 14 days after the request for a review is made, the insurer must—	9
		(a) conduct the review, and	10
		(b) notify the worker of the insurer's decision about the review.	11
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	12
	(6)	A decision made following a review under subsection (5) replaces the previous decision of the insurer in relation to the claim.	13 14
	(7)	The Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for matters relating to-	15
		(a) the notification of decisions of insurers disputing liability for claims, including reasons for the decisions, and	16 17
		(b) the procedure for conducting reviews of the decisions.	18
280AF	Clair	ms for weekly compensation—commencement of payments	19
	(1)	Weekly payments of compensation must commence as soon as practicable, but no later than 7 days, after a decision is made, or deemed to have been made, to accept the claim.	20 21 22
		Note — Under section 280AC(3), if the insurer does not make a decision to accept the claim or dispute liability within the time required by section 280AC(1), the insurer is deemed to have made a decision to accept the claim.	23 24 25
	(2)	The back payment must be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 21 days, after a decision is made to accept the claim.	26 27
	(3)	This section ceases to apply if the claim for compensation is withdrawn.	28
280AG	Offe	nces—weekly payments	29
	(1)	A person on whom a claim for weekly payments of compensation is made is guilty of an offence if the person fails to commence the payments within the time required by section 280AF(1). Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	30 31 32 33
	(2)	A person on whom a claim for weekly payments of compensation is made is guilty of an offence if the person refers a matter that the person knows is not a genuine dispute for the purpose of delaying, without good cause, the commencement of weekly payments of compensation. Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	34 35 36 37 38
280AH		strial Relations Commission may determine whether conduct was /ant conduct	39 40
	(1)	This section applies if, following a review under section 280AE(5), the insurer still disputes a claim or an aspect of a claim for a relevant injury.	41 42
	(2)	The worker may lodge an application with the Industrial Relations Commission seeking a decision about whether the conduct the subject of the claim was relevant conduct.	43 44 45

	(2)	The Industrial Delations Commission may						
	(3)	The Industrial Relations Commission may—(a) resolve the dispute by conciliation, or	1					
		(b) if the dispute cannot be resolved by conciliation—	2 3					
		(i) determine whether the conduct was or was not relevant conduct,	4					
		and	5					
		(ii) give a certificate (a <i>certificate of determination</i>) about the matters determined by the Commission.	6 7					
	(4)	(4) Without limiting the matters to which the Industrial Relations Commission may have regard in determining whether conduct the subject of the claim was or was not relevant conduct, the Commission may have regard to any evidence from the employer that the conduct was reasonable management action taken or proposed to be taken by the employer.						
	(5)	A certificate of determination must—	13					
		(a) set out the details of the determination and the reasons for the determination, and	14 15					
		(b) be in the form approved by the President of the Industrial Relations Commission.	16 17					
	(6)	The determination of the Industrial Relations Commission about whether the conduct was or was not relevant conduct—	18 19					
		(a) is binding, and	20					
		(b) cannot be referred for determination by the Personal Injury Commission.	21 22					
		Note— The <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> , Chapter 4, Part 7 provides for appeals and references from decisions made, or a matter to be heard, by a single member of the Industrial Relations Commission.	23 24 25					
280AI	Effe	of determination by Industrial Relations Commission	26					
	(1)	If the Industrial Relations Commission determines conduct was not relevant conduct, no further compensation is payable to the worker in relation to the injury.	27 28 29					
	(2)	If the Industrial Relations Commission determines conduct was relevant conduct—	30 31					
		(a) the worker must give a copy of the certificate of determination to the insurer, and	32 33					
		(b) the insurer must, not later than 7 days after receiving the certificate, issue a decision notice about the claim.	34 35					
	(3)	If the insurer accepts liability for the claim for the relevant injury, the worker is entitled to compensation from the date the claim was made.	36 37					
	(4)	If the insurer continues to dispute liability for the claim for the relevant injury, the dispute must be referred for determination by the Personal Injury Commission.	38 39 40					
		Note— Section 105 provides that, subject to this Act, the Personal Injury Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1987 Act.	41 42 43					
280AJ	Multiple entitlements and compensation not permitted							
	(1)	This section applies if—	45					
		(a) a worker is receiving or has received entitlements under the Workers Compensation Acts for a primary psychological injury caused by a	46 47					

relevant event and is being subjected to bullying or sexual harassment, and

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- (b) a stop bullying order or sexual harassment order was made under the *Industrial Relations Act 1996* in relation to the bullying or sexual harassment.
- (2) The worker cannot—
 - (a) recover damages under a stop bullying order under the *Industrial Relations Act 1996* in relation to the same conduct for which the worker is receiving or has received entitlements under the Workers Compensation Acts, or
 - (b) recover damages under a sexual harassment order under the *Industrial Relations Act 1996* in relation to the same conduct for which the worker is receiving or has received entitlements under the Workers Compensation Acts.

280AK Costs of Industrial Relations Commission exercising jurisdiction under this division

The costs of the Industrial Relations Commission exercising jurisdiction under this division must be paid from the Workers Compensation Operational Fund.

[13] Section 287 Disputes to which Part applies

Insert after section 287(2)—

- (3) The following provisions of this part do not apply to a dispute to which Chapter 7, Part 3, Division 3A applies—
 - (a) Division 2,
 - (b) Division 3, to the extent the jurisdiction of the Industrial Relations Commission applies to the determination of whether conduct is or is not—
 - (i) bullying, or
 - (ii) excessive work demands, or
 - (iii) racial harassment, or
 - (iv) sexual harassment.

Note— Chapter 7, Part 3, Division 3A applies in relation to psychological injuries caused by being subjected to bullying, excessive work demands, racial harassment or sexual harassment.

[14] Section 287A Request for review

Insert after section 287A(1)(a)—

(a1) a decision of the insurer about the worker's PIAWE that is disputed by the worker, or

[15] Section 288 Referral of disputes to Commission

Omit "assessment)" from section 288(1), note. Insert instead "disputes)".

[16] Section 289 Restrictions as to when dispute can be referred to Commission

Omit "(other than a dispute based on a work capacity decision)" from section 289(1).

Insert instead ", other than a dispute based on a work capacity decision or a dispute about a worker's PIAWE,

[17]	Section 289	(2A)		1		
	Omit "reason	nably	necessary". Insert instead "reasonable and necessary".	2		
[18]	Section 289	B Sta	ay of disputed work capacity decision	3		
	Omit section 289B(1). Insert instead—					
		eithe	The referral of a dispute for determination by the Commission in relation to either of the following operates to stay the decision and prevents the taking of action by an insurer based on the decision while the decision is stayed—			
		(a)	a work capacity decision to discontinue, or reduce the amount of, weekly payments of compensation,	8 9		
		(b)	a decision about a worker's PIAWE.	10		
[19]	Section 297 compensati		ctions for interim payment of weekly payments or medical expenses	11 12		
	Omit section	297((1A). Insert instead—	13		
	(1A)	Secti	on 298 does not apply to a dispute about a decision by the insurer—	14		
		(a)	to discontinue or reduce weekly payments of compensation on the basis of a work capacity decision under the 1987 Act, Part 3, Division 2, or	15 16		
		(b)	in relation to a worker's PIAWE.	17		
[20]	Section 297	(2)		18		
	Omit "\$7,50	0" wł	herever occurring. Insert instead "\$11,080.20".	19		
[21]	Section 297	(4)		20		
	Omit "reason	nably	necessary". Insert instead "reasonable and necessary".	21		
[22]	Section 314 What constitutes threshold dispute					
	Omit section	314((1)(a). Insert instead—	23		
		(a)	the person on whom the claim is made has not accepted that the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker resulting from the injury is—	24 25 26		
			(i) for a physical injury—at least 15%, or	27		
			(ii) for a psychological injury—at least 25%, or	28		
[23]	Section 314(1)(a)(ii), as inserted by item [23]					
	Omit "25%"	. Inse	ert instead "31%.	30		
[24]	Section 314	(1), n	ote	31		
	Omit "sectio	n 322	2 (4)". Insert instead "the 1987 Act, section 153B".	32		
[25]	Section 314(4)					
	Insert after section 314(3)—					
	(4) A permanent impairment agreement that specifies the degree of permanent impairment of an injured worker also constitutes acceptance by the parties to the agreement of the degree of permanent impairment for the claim for work injury damages.					
[26]	Chapter 7, F	Part 7	, heading	39		
	Omit "assess	smen	t". Insert instead "disputes".	40		

Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Bill 2025 [NSW] Schedule 2 Amendment of Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 No 86

[27]	Section 320					
	Insert after section 319—	2				
	320 Application of part	3				
	This part applies only to a medical assessment conducted for the purposes of a medical dispute before the Commission.	4 5				
[28]	Section 322 Assessment of impairment	6				
	Omit the section.	7				
[29]	Section 322A, heading	8				
	Insert "for medical dispute" after "impairment".	9				
[30]	Section 322A(1)	10				
[00]	Omit the subsection.	10				
[04]						
[31]	Section 322A(1A)	12				
	Omit "A reference in subsection (1) to an assessment includes an assessment of the degree of permanent impairment".	13 14				
	Insert instead "Only one assessment of the degree of permanent impairment may be".	15				
[32]	Section 322A(2)	16				
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—	17				
	(2) The medical assessment certificate given in relation to the assessment under subsection (1A) is the only medical assessment certificate that may be used in connection with any further or subsequent medical dispute about the degree of permanent impairment of the worker as a result of the injury, whether the subsequent or further dispute is in relation to—	18 19 20 21 22				
	(a) weekly payments, or	23				
	(b) medical expenses compensation, or	24				
	(c) lump sum compensation, or	25				
	(d) commutations, or	26				
	(e) work injury damages.	27				
[33]	Section 322A, note	28				
	Insert at the end of the section—	29				
	Note— The assessment of permanent impairment under this part must be conducted in accordance with the 1987 Act, Part 6.	30 31				
[34]	Section 323 Deduction for previous injury or pre-existing condition or abnormality	32				
	Omit the note to the section. Insert instead—	33				
	Note— The 1987 Act, Part 6 makes provision for the purposes of calculating workers compensation lump sum benefits for permanent impairment and associated pain and suffering in cases to which the 1987 Act, section 15, 16, 17 or 22 applies.	34 35 36				
[35]	Section 327 Appeal against medical assessment	37				
	Omit section 327(3)(a). Insert instead—	38				
	 (a) there has been an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's condition since the principal assessment was made under the 1987 Act, Part 6 that results in an increase in the degree of permanent impairment, 	39 40 41				

[36]	Section 32	7(3A)	and (3B)	1	
	Insert after	section	n 327(3)—	2	
	(3A)	For subsection (3)(a), an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's condition since the principal assessment was made occurs only if—			
		(a)	at the time the principal assessment was made there was no reasonable cause to believe the worker's condition would deteriorate, and	5 6	
		(b)	the deterioration results in an increase in the worker's degree of permanent impairment of at least a further 10 percentage points.	7 8	
		Part 6 at lea	uple — A worker was assessed at 25% permanent impairment under the 1987 Act, 6. For an appeal under subsection (3)(a), the worker must have an assessment of st 35% permanent impairment, in addition to otherwise meeting the requirements s section.	9 10 11 12	
	(3B)	in de	subsection (3A), age-related deterioration must not be taken into account eciding whether an unexpected and material deterioration in a worker's ition has occurred.	13 14 15	
[37]	Section 32	7(7)		16	
	Omit the su	bsection	on. Insert instead—	17	
	(7)		e is no appeal against a medical assessment once the dispute to which the cal assessment relates has been the subject of—	18 19	
		(a)	a determination by a court or the Commission, or	20	
		(b)	an agreement registered under the 1987 Act, section 66A before its repeal, or	21 22	
		(c)	a permanent impairment agreement.	23	
[38]	Section 33	2 Defi	nitions	24	
	Insert after	section	n 332(1), definition of <i>costs</i> , paragraph (b)—	25	
		(b1)	costs incurred in relation to proceedings in the Industrial Relations Commission for matters under Part 3, Division 3A, and	26 27	
[39]	Section 33	2(1), d	lefinition of "costs", paragraph (e)	28	
	Omit the pa	ragrap	oh. Insert instead—	29	
		(e)	costs incidental to an application for registration of-	30	
			(i) an agreement under the 1987 Act, section 66A, or	31	
			(ii) a permanent impairment agreement, or	32	
			(iii) an agreement to commute liability to a lump sum, and	33	
[40]			imum lawyer and agent costs	34	
	Omit "repor	rts)." f	from section 337(1)(b). Insert instead—	35	
		()	reports),	36	
		(c)	funding for ILARS within the meaning of the <i>Personal Injury</i> <i>Commission Act 2020</i> , Schedule 5,	37 38	
		(d)	a scale of maximum costs for legal and associated costs provided by the Independent Review Officer under the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act</i> 2020, including providing for no costs to be payable for certain matters or in particular circumstances.	39 40 41 42	

[41] Section 377 Special requirements relating to Workers Compensation Guidelines relating to impairment

Insert after section 377(3)—

(4) This section does not apply to Workers Compensation Guidelines made under Chapter 7, Part 6.

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Schedule 3			Amendment of Personal Injury Commission Act 2020 No 18		
[1]	Sect	ion 43/	Α	3	
	Inser	t after s	section 43—	4	
	43A	Com	nission may appoint tutor for person under legal incapacity	5	
		(1)	This section applies if proceedings directly or significantly affect a person under legal incapacity.	6 7	
		(2)	The Commission may appoint a person the Commission considers appropriate, including a person from the Guardian Ad Litem Panel, to—	8 9	
			 (a) separately represent the person, and (b) support the person 	10	
		(2)	(b) support the person.	11	
		(3)	A tutor must not commence or carry on proceedings except by a solicitor, unless the Commission orders otherwise.	12 13	
		(4)	The Commission may give directions in relation to the conduct of a tutor.	14	
		(5)	The Commission rules and procedural directions may provide for matters relating to tutors, including—	15 16	
			(a) the conduct of tutors, and	17	
			(b) the removal of tutors.	18	
		(6)	In this section—	19	
			<i>Guardian Ad Litem Panel</i> means the Guardian Ad Litem Panel constituted under the <i>Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998</i> .	20 21	
			<i>person under legal incapacity</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Civil Procedure Act 2005</i> .	22 23	
[2]	Sche	edule 5	Independent Review Officer	24	
	Omit	t clause	6(a). Insert instead—	25	
			 (a) to assist and advise persons wishing to make complaints to the Independent Review Officer under this schedule and to deal with complaints made, 	26 27 28	
[3]	Sche	edule 5	, clause 9(2)	29	
	Omit	t the su	bclause. Insert instead—	30	
		(2)	The purpose of ILARS is to provide funding for legal and associated costs for workers under the Workers Compensation Acts seeking advice, representation or assistance regarding decisions of insurers or disputes that, if not addressed through legal representation or assistance, would result in a disadvantage to injured workers in relation to the workers' rights or entitlements to benefits under Workers Compensation Acts.	31 32 33 34 35 36	
[4]	Schedule 5, clauses 9A and 9B				
	Inser	t after a	Schedule 5, clause 9—	38	
	9A		ing for legal and associated costs	39	
		(1)	The Independent Review Officer must not provide funding for legal and associated costs to a person unless the Independent Review Officer is satisfied—	40 41 42	

		(a)	having regard to the need to ensure the sustainability of the use of the workers compensation funds for the purposes of the ILARS scheme, the funding would be justified by the likely benefit to—	1 2 3
			(i) the person, or	4
			(ii) workers under the Workers Compensation Acts, and	5
		(b)	the person has reasonable prospects of success in relation to the matter to which the proposed funding relates, having regard to—	6 7
			(i) the investigations that are necessary to establish the entitlements of the person, and	8 9
			 the need for an assessment of the correctness of decisions made in relation to the person under the Workers Compensation Acts by insurers, and 	10 11 12
			(iii) the resolution of any disputes about the entitlements, and	13
		(c)	a prudent person who is self-funding, with adequate financial resources, would use the person's own financial resources for the purposes for which the proposed funding is to be applied.	14 15 16
	(2)	Indep	regulations may provide for the matters to be considered by the bendent Review Officer in the assessment of the provision of funding for and associated costs under subclause (1).	17 18 19
9B	Indep	endei	nt Review Officer may arrange alternative assistance	20
		On re decid	eccipt of a request for funding the Independent Review Officer may e—	21 22
		(a)	to provide funding under this part, or	23
		(b)	exercise any of the other Independent Review Officer's functions under clause 6 in addition to, or instead of, providing funding, including by treating the request as a complaint about the actions of an insurer.	24 25 26
Schee	dule 5	claus	se 10(1)(a)	27
Insert	"and t	he rev	vocation of the approval of lawyers" after "approval)".	28
Schee	dule 5	claus	se 10(1)(b) and (c) and (1A)	29
Omit	clause	10(1)	(b). Insert instead—	30
		(b)	the allocation and amount of funding for legal and associated costs under ILARS, to the extent the guidelines are not inconsistent with regulations under the Workers Compensation Acts about costs payable under ILARS,	31 32 33 34
		(c)	the procedures and processes for making applications for funding under ILARS.	35 36
(1A)	subcl	e extent of any inconsistency between an ILARS guideline made under ause (1)(b) and regulations made under the Workers Compensation Acts, gulations prevail.	37 38 39

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[6]

Schedule 4		Δ	mendment of other legislation	1		
4.1	Pers	sona	l Injur	y Commission Rules 2021	2	
	Rule	132A			3	
	Inser	t after	rule 13	32—	4	
	132A	Revi	ew of	operation of rule 132	5	
		(1)		Privacy Commissioner must review the operation of rule 132 to mine-	6	
			(a)	whether the rule is being appropriately used, and	8	
			(b)	the impact of the publication of publishable decisions, without the use of the powers provided by the rule, on the privacy and future employment prospects of claimants.	9 10 11	
		(2)		review must be undertaken as soon as practicable after the nencement.	12 13	
		(3)		bort on the outcome of the review must be given to the Minister within 12 hs after the commencement.	14 15	
		(4)		Minister must ensure the report is tabled in each House of Parliament as as practicable after the Minister receives the report.	16 17	
		(5)	In th	is rule—	18	
				nencement means the commencement of the Workers Compensation slation Amendment Act 2025, Schedule 4.1.	19 20	
4.2	Stat	e Ins	uran	ce and Care Governance Act 2015 No 19	21	
[1]	Sect	ion 12	Inves	tment strategies for scheme funds	22	
	Inser	t after	section	n 12(4)(a)—	23	
			(a1)	the Insurers Guarantee Fund established under the Workers Compensation Act 1987, section 227,	24 25	
[2]	Sche	dule	1 Prov	isions relating to directors of ICNSW Board	26	
	Inser	t at the	e end o	f Schedule 1, clause 4—	27	
		(2)	the a	ppointed director may, by written notice given to the Minister, direct that appointed director's remuneration be paid to the employee body or over body that nominated the appointed director.	28 29 30	
4.3			Com No 8	pensation (Bush Fire, Emergency and Rescue Services) 3	31 32	
[1]	Sect	ion 32	Appli	cation of Principal Act and 1998 Act	33	
	Insert before section 32(1)(a)—					
			(a1)	Part 1, Division 1,	35	
[2]	Sect	ion 32	2(1)(c)		36	
	Inser	t "38(9), 39(1	3)–(5), 39A" after "sections".	37	

4.4	Workers Compensation Regulation 2016				
[1]	Clause 5C	COVID-19—matters relating to incapacity	2		
	Omit clause 5C(1) and (2). Insert instead—				
	(1)	For the 1987 Act, section 19B(5), the relevant date is the date that marks the end of the expected duration of the worker's incapacity for work as a result of COVID-19 that is specified in the certificate of capacity.	4 5 6		
[2]	Clause 5C	(3)(a)	7		
	Omit "in relation to whom the presumption under section 19B(5) of the 1987 Act is rebutted".				