

New South Wales

Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Bill 2025

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are as follows—

- (a) to amend the Workers Compensation Act 1987 (the Act) to—
 - (i) implement changes to liability and entitlements for psychological injuries, and
 - (ii) provide for the process of assessing the degree of permanent impairment, and
 - (iii) to enable disputes about liability for a lump sum death benefit to be settled, subject to agreement by the Personal Injury Commission, and
 - (iv) enable regulations to be made to expand the classes of claims which are eligible for commutations, subject to approval by the Personal Injury Commission in a particular case,
- (b) to make miscellaneous amendments to the Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998, the Personal Injury Commission Act 2020, the State Insurance and Care Governance Act 2015 and other legislation.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name, also called the short title, of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Workers Compensation Act 1987 No 70

Schedule 1.1 provides for matters relating to whole person impairment, including the following—

- (a) the cessation of weekly compensation after 130 weeks, subject to the worker's degree of permanent employment,
- (b) an increase in the degree of permanent impairment required to access work injury damages,
- (c) an increase in the degree of permanent impairment required for access to lump sum compensation benefits for non-economic loss,
- (d) the entitlement to medical and related treatment for workers who have a primary psychological injury, being, subject to the worker's degree of permanent impairment—
 - (i) one year from the day the claim is made, if weekly compensation is not paid to the worker, or
 - (ii) one year after weekly payments cease, if weekly payments are paid to the worker.

Schedule 1.2 provides for the settlement of a claim that is the subject of a dispute about liability for a lump sum death benefit that has been referred for determination by the Personal Injury Commission.

Schedule 1.3 inserts proposed Part 6 that provides for the way in which the degree of permanent impairment that results from an injury must be assessed.

Proposed Part 6, Division 2 provides for the permanent impairment assessment process, the powers of permanent impairment assessors, principal assessment certificates and the ability for further principal assessments to be made.

In particular, proposed section 153K provides for applications to be made to the State Insurance Regulatory Authority by an insurer or a worker for a principal assessment. Proposed section 153L provides that, subject to some exceptions including an unexpected increase in the worker's permanent impairment of more than 10 percentage points, only one assessment can be made of an injured worker.

Proposed Part 6, Division 3 provides for the making of agreements entered into by the injured worker and employer or insurer, including a requirement that all parties agree on the degree of permanent impairment that has resulted from the injury. The proposed division also provides that the State Insurance Regulatory Authority must keep a register of permanent impairment assessors. The Personal Injury Commission has jurisdiction to determine disputes about liability and medical disputes.

Schedule 1.4 clarifies that the entitlements of injured workers are determined based on the Wage Price Index (NSW) issued by the Australian Bureau of Statistics, provides for the annual indexation of entitlements, and aligns the dates on which entitlements are adjusted.

Schedule 1.5 provides that regulations may be made to allow access to voluntary commutations for certain classes of claims, subject to the oversight and approval of the Personal Injury Commission.

Schedule 1.6 inserts proposed Part 7, Division 4A that provides that the State Insurance Regulatory Authority (the *Authority*) may accept a written undertaking given by an insurer in relation to a contravention or alleged contravention by the insurer in relation to the Workers Compensation Acts. The proposed division also makes it an offence for an insurer to contravene an undertaking given by the insurer that is in effect.

Schedule 1.7 transfers responsibility for the Insurers' Guarantee Fund from the Authority to Insurance and Care NSW.

Schedule 1.8 inserts definitions of act of violence, AIDS, AWE, CPI, HIV, indictable criminal conduct, large employer, lump sum death benefit, PIAWE, procedural directions and WPI, and defines and provides for the interpretation of bullying, excessive work demands, primary

psychological injury, psychological injury, racial harassment, reasonable management action, relevant event, secondary psychological injury, sexual harassment, traumatic incident and vicarious trauma.

A *relevant event* is defined as being subjected to an act of violence or a threat of violence, indictable criminal conduct, witnessing a traumatic incident or a dead or seriously injured person at the scene of a traumatic incident, experiencing vicarious trauma, being subjected to sexual harassment, racial harassment, bullying or excessive work demands. Other relevant events may be prescribed by the regulations.

The schedule also provides that no compensation is payable for a primary psychological injury to a worker unless—

- (a) a relevant event caused the primary psychological injury, and
- (b) there is a real and direct connection between the relevant event and the worker's employment, and
- (c) the worker's employment is the main contributing factor to the primary psychological injury.

Schedule 1.9 provides that a decision about the amount of an injured worker's pre-injury average weekly earnings is not a work capacity decision and that a work capacity decision or decision in relation to the pre-injury average weekly earnings may proceed to determination by the Personal Injury Commission.

The schedule also provides that an employer is liable to pay the cost of reasonable and necessary medical or hospital treatment and rehabilitation, domestic assistance and workplace rehabilitation services.

The schedule also increases the maximum penalty for a large employer that does not hold a workers compensation insurance policy and makes it an offence if a large employer recklessly fails to give an insurer information that enables the insurer to accurately calculate a workers compensation premium for the large employer's workers.

Schedule 1.10 inserts savings and transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 No 86

Schedule 2 provides for special provisions applying to a claim for bullying, excessive work demands, sexual or racial harassment (each *relevant conduct*). Within 42 days after a claim is made, an insurer must accept the claim and commence weekly payments or dispute liability. If a claim is declined by an insurer, the worker may seek an internal review by the insurer. Following an internal review, the worker may lodge an application to the Industrial Relations Commission. The Industrial Relations Commission may determine whether the conduct the subject of the claim was relevant conduct. If the Industrial Relations Commission determines that relevant conduct occurred, and the insurer continues to dispute the claim, the dispute may be referred for determination by the Personal Injury Commission.

Workers who make claims for relevant conduct are entitled to weekly compensation during the period of determination of the claim. If the claim is accepted, workers are entitled to backpay of weekly benefits, aligned with weekly benefits for other compensation claims.

Schedule 3 Amendment of Personal Injury Commission Act 2020 No 18

Schedule 3 provides that the Personal Injury Commission may appoint a tutor to represent a person under legal incapacity in proceedings affecting that person and provides for the functions

and purpose of the Independent Review Officer and the Independent Legal Assistance and Review Service managed by the Independent Review Officer.

Schedule 4 Amendment of other legislation

Schedule 4.1 amends the State Insurance and Care Governance Act 2015 to provide that—

- (a) the Insurers Guarantee Fund established under the *Workers Compensation Act 1987*, section 227 is a scheme fund for which the board of directors of Insurance and Care NSW must determine investment strategies, and
- (b) an appointed director of ICNSW may, by written notice given to the Minister, direct that the appointed director's remuneration be paid to the employee body or employer body that nominated the appointed director.

Schedule 4.2 amends the *Workers Compensation (Bush Fire, Emergency and Rescue Services) Act 1987* to provide that the *Workers Compensation Act 1987*, Part 1, Division 1 has effect as if included in the *Workers Compensation (Bush Fire, Emergency and Rescue Services) Act 1987*.

Schedule 4.3 amends the *Workers Compensation Regulation 2016* to provide that for certain workers who contract COVID-19 in the course of the worker's employment, the date that marks the end of the worker's incapacity to work as a result of COVID-19 is the date specified in the relevant certificate of capacity.



New South Wales

Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Bill 2025

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	1 2	2 Commencement Amendment of Workers Compensation Act 1987 No 70 Amendment of Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 No 86 Amendment of Personal Injury Commission Act 2020 No 18

This PUBLIC BILL, originated in the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for its concurrence.

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly

Legislative Assembly



New South Wales

Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Bill 2025

No , 2025

A Bill for

An Act to amend workers compensation legislation and related legislation to implement changes to liability and entitlements for psychological injuries; and to make miscellaneous amendments to improve the effective operation of the workers compensation scheme.

The LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL has this day agreed to this Bill with/without amendment.

Clerk of the Parliaments

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts—	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment Act 2025.	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	5

Scl	nedu	le 1	Amendment of Workers Compensation Act 1987 No 70	1
1.1	Ame	endm	ents relating to whole person impairment	3
[1]	Secti	ion 32 <i>i</i>	A Definitions	4
	Omit	section	n 32A, definition of worker with high needs, paragraph (a). Insert instead—	5
			(a) the degree of permanent impairment has been assessed under Part 6 or the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7 to be more than 20%, or	6 7
[2]	Secti	ion 38	Weekly payments after second entitlement period (after week 130)	8
	Inser	t after	section 38(8)—	9
		(9)	This section does not apply to a worker who has a primary psychological injury unless the injury results in a degree of permanent impairment of at least 25%.	10 11 12
			Note— Under section 39A, the maximum duration of weekly payments for primary psychological injuries is 130 weeks. However, section 39A does not apply to primary psychological injuries that result in a permanent impairment of at least 25%.	13 14 15
[3]	Secti	ion 38((9), as inserted by item [2]	16
	Omit	"25%"	"wherever occurring. Insert instead "31%".	17
[4]	Secti	ion 39,	heading	18
	Inser	t "—in	juries other than primary psychological injuries" after "years".	19
[5]	Secti	ion 39((3)–(5)	20
	Omit	subsec	ction (3). Insert instead—	21
		(3)	For this section, the degree of permanent impairment that results from an injury must be assessed under Part 6.	22 23
		(4)	If weekly payments of compensation become payable to a worker after compensation under this division ceases to be payable to the worker, compensation under this division is once again payable to the worker but only from the date of—	24 25 26 27
			(a) the worker's further principal assessment under Part 6, or	28
			(b) an assessment under the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	29
		(5)	This section does not apply in relation to primary psychological injuries. Note— Under section 39A, the maximum duration of weekly payments for primary psychological injuries is 130 weeks, subject to the degree of permanent impairment of the worker.	30 31 32 33
[6]	Secti	ion 39 <i>i</i>	Α.	34
	Inser	t after	section 39—	35
	39A	Cess injuri	ation of weekly payments after 130 weeks—primary psychological es	36 37
		(1)	Despite any other provision of this division, a worker has no entitlement to weekly payments of compensation under this division in relation to a primary psychological injury after an aggregate period of 130 weeks, whether or not consecutive, for which a weekly payment has been paid or is payable to the worker in relation to the primary psychological injury.	38 39 40 41 42

	(2)	permanent	on does not apply to an injured worker whose injury results in impairment if the degree of permanent impairment resulting from is at least 25%.	1 2 3
		Note— For compensation subject to the	workers with at least 25% permanent impairment, entitlement to on may continue after 130 weeks but entitlement after 130 weeks is still nis division.	4 5 6
	(3)		ection, the degree of permanent impairment that results from an t be assessed under—	7 8
		(a) Part	6, or	9
		(b) the 1	1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	10
	(4)	compensation compensation	payments of compensation become payable to a worker after ion under this division ceases to be payable to the worker, ion under this division is once again payable to the worker but only ate of the worker's further assessment.	11 12 13 14
[7]	Section 39	A(2). as ins	erted by item [6]	15
• •			occurring. Insert instead "31%".	16
			C	10
[8]	Section 59	A Limit on p	payment of compensation	17
	Omit section	on 59A(2). In	nsert instead—	18
	(2)	The compe	ensation period in relation to an injured worker is as follows—	19
		(a) for a	n injury other than a primary psychological injury—	20
		(i)	if the injury has resulted in a degree of permanent impairment assessed under Part 6 to be 10% or less, or the degree of permanent impairment has not been assessed as provided by that part—the period of 2 years starting on—	21 22 23 24
			(A) the day on which the claim for compensation in relation to the injury was first made, if weekly payments of compensation are not payable or have not been paid to the worker, or	25 26 27 28
			(B) the day on which weekly payments of compensation cease to be payable to the worker, if weekly payments of compensation are payable or have been paid to the worker, or	29 30 31 32
		(ii)	if the injury has resulted in a degree of permanent impairment assessed under Part 6 to be more than 10% but not more than 20%—the period of 5 years starting on—	33 34 35
			(A) the day on which the claim for compensation in relation to the injury was first made, if weekly payments of compensation are not payable or have not been paid to the worker, or	36 37 38 39
			(B) the day on which weekly payments of compensation cease to be payable to the worker, if weekly payments of compensation are payable or have been paid to the worker,	40 41 42
		(b) for a	a primary psychological injury—the period of 1 year starting on—	43
		(i)	the day on which the claim for compensation in relation to the primary psychological injury was first made, if weekly payments of compensation are not payable or have not been paid to the worker, or	44 45 46 47

		(ii)	the day on which weekly payments of compensation cease to be payable to the worker, if weekly payments of compensation are payable or have been paid to the worker.	1 2 3
[9]	Section 59A(4)	, note		4
	Insert at the end	l of section	on 59A(4)—	5
		te— See a worker.	sections 38, 39 and 39A which limit the weekly payments of compensation	6 7
[10]	Section 59A(5))		8
	Omit the subsec	ction. Ins	ert instead—	9
	(5) Th	is section	n does not apply to—	10
	(a)	high	n injury other than a primary psychological injury—a worker with needs, as defined in Division 2, or	11 12
	(b)		primary psychological injury—a worker with highest needs, as led in Division 2.	13 14
[11]	Section 65 Det	erminati	ion of degree of permanent impairment	15
	Omit the section	n.		16
[12]	Section 65A, h	eading		17
	Omit the heading	ng. Insert	instead—	18
	65A Special psychological psyc		ns for primary psychological injuries and secondary juries	19 20
[13]	Section 65A(3))		21
	Omit "15%". In	isert inste	ead "25%".	22
[14]	Section 65A(3)	, as ame	ended by item [13]	23
	Omit "25%". In	isert inste	ead "31%".	24
[15]	Section 65A(4)			25
	Omit "(despite	section 6	5(2))".	26
[16]	Section 151DA	Time ne	ot to run for commencement of proceedings in certain cases	27
	Omit section 15	51DA(1)((a). Insert instead—	28
	(a)	refer asses	e a medical dispute about any of the following is the subject of a ral for determination by the Commission or a referral for sement under the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7, including any further sement under that Act, section 329—	29 30 31 32
		(i)	whether the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker is at least 15% for a physical injury or 25% for a psychological injury,	33 34 35
		(ii)	whether the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker is fully ascertainable, or	36 37
[17]	Section 151DA	۱(1)(a)(i),	as inserted by item [16]	38
	Omit "25%. Ins	ert instea	ad "31%".	39

[18]	Sect	ion 15	1H		1
	Omi	t the se	ction.	Insert instead—	2
	151H	No d	amage	es unless permanent impairment at certain threshold	3
		(1)	No da	amages may be awarded unless the injury results in—	4
			(a)	the death of the worker, or	5
			(b)	a degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker, assessed under Part 6 or the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7, that meets the threshold specified in subsection (2).	6 7 8
				Note— Part 6 provides for how the degree of permanent impairment is assessed.	9 10
		(2)	The t	threshold for the degree of permanent impairment is—	11
			(a)	at least 15% for a physical injury, and	12
			(b)	at least 25% for a psychological injury.	13
		(3)	In ass	sessing whether the threshold has been met—	14
			(a)	impairment resulting from physical injury must be assessed separately from impairment resulting from psychological injury, and	15 16
			(b)	for assessing impairment resulting from psychological injury, no regard must be given to impairment that results from secondary psychological injury.	17 18 19
			physic	 Subsections (2) and (3) do not prevent an award of damages for both a cal and psychological injury together once the permanent impairment threshold een met for one or the other. 	20 21 22
		(4)	injury	sessing the degree of permanent impairment that results from a physical y, no regard must be had to any impairment or symptoms arising from a hological injury.	23 24 25
[19]	Sect	ion 15	1H(2)(l	b), as inserted by item [18]	26
				ort instead "31%".	27
1.2				elating to death benefit disputes	28
	Part	3, Div	ision 1	A	29
			Divisio		30
	Divi	ision	1 A	Compensation payable on death—death benefit disputes	31 32
;	32AA	Inter	pretati	ion	33
		(1)	In thi	is division—	34
				h benefit dispute means a dispute about liability for a lump sum death fit that has been referred for determination by the Commission.	35 36
		(2)		he purposes of determining whether a person is a dependant of a deceased on under this division—	37 38
			(a)	the deceased person is taken to be a worker, and	39
			(b) Note-	the death of the person is taken to have resulted from an injury. — See the 1998 Act, section 4(1), definition of <i>dependants</i> .	40 41

32AB	Application					
	(1)	This division applies to a claim that is the subject of a death benefit dispute.	2			
	(2)	This division has effect despite the 1998 Act, section 234.	3			
32AC	Sett	lement of claim where liability disputed	4			
	(1)	A party to a death benefit dispute may lodge with the Commission a proposed agreement for an amount to be paid in settlement of the part of the claim that relates to the lump sum death benefit under Division 1.	5 6 7			
	(2)	The amount proposed to be paid in settlement must not be more than the amount of the lump sum death benefit otherwise payable under Division 1.	8 9			
	(3)	The parties to the agreement must include the insurer and—	10			
		(a) each dependant of the deceased person, or	11			
		(b) if there are no dependants—the legal personal representative of the deceased person.	12 13			
	(4)	The Commission must not entertain proceedings to give effect to the agreement unless satisfied—	14 15			
		(a) there is a reasonable basis for the insurer to dispute liability for the death benefit compensation, and	16 17			
		(b) the amount of compensation proposed to be paid in settlement of the claim is reasonable in the circumstances, and	18 19			
		(c) each dependant of the deceased person is a party to the agreement or, if the Commission is satisfied there are no dependants, the legal personal representative of the deceased person is a party to the agreement.	20 21 22			
	(5)	For subsection (4)(a), there is a reasonable basis for an insurer to dispute liability only if the dispute is based on—	23 24			
		(a) facts provable on the material available to the Commission, and	25			
		(b) a reasonably arguable view of the law.	26			
	(6)	In proceedings for the death benefit dispute, each party to the agreement must be represented by an Australian legal practitioner unless otherwise directed by the Commission.	27 28 29			
	(7)	If the Commission makes a determination to give effect to an agreement under this division—	30 31			
		(a) the insurer is taken to have accepted liability for death benefit compensation for the death, and	32 33			
		(b) subject to paragraph (c), death benefit compensation is payable in accordance with Division 1 as if the death had resulted from an injury, and	34 35 36			
		(c) the amount of lump sum death benefit payable under section 25 is the amount provided by the agreement as executed.	37 38			
	(8)	The Workers Compensation Guidelines may make provision in relation to the management of a claim to which an agreement under this division relates.	39 40			
	(9)	The Commission rules and procedural directions may provide for matters relating to—	41 42			
		(a) applications under this section, and	43			
		(b) the procedure for making a determination to give effect to an agreement under this division.	44 45			

1.3	Amen	dments relating to single assessments	1
[1]	Section	32A Definitions	2
		nedical assessor" from the definitions of worker with high needs, paragraph (b) and with highest needs, paragraph (b), wherever occurring.	3 4
	Insert in	stead "permanent impairment assessor".	5
[2]	Section	64C Workers receiving weekly payments	6
	Omit "a	ssessed for the purposes of Division 4" from section 64C(1)(a).	7
	Insert in	stead "assessed under Part 6".	8
[3]	Section	65ASpecial provisions for psychological and psychiatric injury	9
• •		ection 322 of the 1998 Act" from section 65A(3), note and (4), note, wherever	10 11
	Insert in	stead "section 153B".	12
[4]	Section	65A(5)	13
		subsection. Insert instead—	14
	(To the extent of any inconsistency between this section and section 66, this section prevails.	15 16
[5]	Part 6		17
	Insert a	ter Part 5—	18
	Part (Determination of degree of permanent impairment	19
	Divisi	on 1 Preliminary	20
	152 D	efinitions	21
		In this part—	22
		<i>dispute assessment</i> means an assessment under the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7 of the degree of permanent impairment of an injured worker.	23 24
		<i>further principal assessment</i> means the second or subsequent principal assessment made of a worker in relation to an injury for which a principal assessment has been made.	25 26 27
		permanent impairment agreement—see section 153S.	28
		permanent impairment assessment means—	29
		(a) a principal assessment, or	30
		(b) a dispute assessment.	31
		permanent impairment assessor means—	32
		(a) an assessor included on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors, or	33 34
		(b) a medical assessor.	35
		Note— See the 1998 Act, section 4(1), definition of <i>medical assessor</i> .	36
		principal assessment means an assessment of the degree of permanent impairment of an injured worker under Division 2 by an assessor included on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors.	37 38 39

		<i>principal assessment certificate</i> means a certificate issued under section 153P.	1 2
		SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors means the register kept under section 153M(4).	3 4
153	Degi	ree of permanent impairment must be assessed under this division	5
	(1)	The degree of permanent impairment that results from an injury must be assessed as provided by this division.	6 7
	(2)	A reference in the Workers Compensation Acts to a degree of permanent impairment assessed under this part is a reference to the degree of permanent impairment agreed in a permanent impairment agreement.	8 9 10
153A	Requ	uirement for legal advice before permanent impairment assessment	11
		Before an injured worker is seen by a permanent impairment assessor to start the permanent impairment assessment, the injured worker must obtain independent legal advice about the full legal implication of the assessment, including—	12 13 14 15
		(a) implications in relation to any entitlement of the injured worker to compensation under this Act or to benefits under another law, including a law of the Commonwealth, and	16 17 18
		(b) the desirability of the worker obtaining independent financial advice about the financial consequences of the impact of the assessment.	19 20
153B	Asse	essment of permanent impairment	21
	(1)	A permanent impairment assessment of an injured worker for the purposes of the Workers Compensation Acts must be made in accordance with—	22 23
		(a) this part, and	24
		(b) the Workers Compensation Guidelines—	25
		(i) issued for that purpose, and	26
		(ii) as in force at the time the assessment is made.	27
		Note — Section 65A provides for impairment arising from psychological injuries to be assessed separately from impairment arising from physical injuries.	28 29
	(2)	Impairments resulting from more than one injury arising out of the same incident must be assessed together to assess the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker.	30 31 32
	(3)	Impairments resulting from the same injury must be assessed together to assess the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker.	33 34
	(4)	A permanent impairment assessor must decline to make a permanent impairment assessment unless the permanent impairment assessor is satisfied—	35 36 37
		(a) the impairment is permanent, and	38
		(b) the degree of permanent impairment is fully ascertainable.	39
	(5)	If a permanent impairment assessor declines to make a permanent impairment assessment under subsection (4), proceedings before a court or the Commission may be adjourned until the assessment is made.	40 41 42
	(6)	A permanent impairment assessment may be conducted outside New South Wales.	43 44

153C	Ded	ction for previous injury or pre-existing	condition or abnormality	1
	(1)	In assessing the degree of permanent imperent there must be a deduction for any proportion		2
		(a) a previous injury, whether or not it i has been paid or is payable under Pa		4 5
		(b) a pre-existing condition or abnorma	lity.	6
	(2)	If the extent of a deduction under this sectidifficult or costly to determine, for example evidence, it must be assumed, to avoid relevant part of the deduction, is 10% assumption is at odds with the available example.	e, because of an absence of medical disputation, the deduction, or the of the impairment, unless this vidence.	7 8 9 10 11
		Example of deduction— If the degree of perm and this subsection operates to require a 10 assumed, the degree of permanent impairm reduction of 10%.	% reduction in that impairment to be	12 13 14 15
	(3)	The reference in subsection (2) to medical evidence accepted or preferred by the pronnection with the permanent impairment	permanent impairment assessor in	16 17 18
	(4)	The Workers Compensation Guidelines determination of the deduction required by		19 20
		Note— Sections 153D–153G make provision purpose of determining the degree of permane suffering for injuries to which section 15, 16, 17	nt impairment and associated pain and	21 22 23
153D		ctions for previous injuries and pre-exis on 15	ting conditions—operation of	24 25
		In assessing the degree of permanent impowhich section 15 applies, section 153C app following—		26 27 28
		(a) there must be no deduction under so permanent impairment that is due previous relevant employment, e compensation under the following payable—	e to the worker's employment in except any proportion for which g provisions has been paid or is	29 30 31 32 33
		(i) Part 3, Division 4 as in force	at any time,	34
		(ii) the former Act, section 16,		35
		(b) for paragraph (a), <i>previous relevant</i> nature of which the disease was due		36 37
		(i) is liable under section 15 to co permanent impairment resulti	ontribute in relation to the degree of ng from an injury, or	38 39
			in paragraph (a) if the requirement d to employers who employed the riod,	40 41 42
		(c) for permanent impairment of the bac subsection to previous relevant emp after the commencement of this Act	ployment is limited to employment	43 44 45
		Note— Section 15 applies to injuries that are gradual process.	diseases of a nature contracted by a	46 47

153E	Deduction section 16	s for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation of	1 2
		sessing the degree of permanent impairment for an injury to which section opplies, section 153C applies to the assessment subject to the following—	3 4
	(a)	there must be no deduction under section 153C for a proportion of the permanent impairment that is due to the worker's employment in previous relevant employment, except any proportion for which compensation under the following provisions has been paid or is payable—	5 6 7 8 9
		(i) Part 3, Division 4 as in force at any time,	10
		(ii) the former Act, section 16,	11
	(b)	for paragraph (a), <i>previous relevant employment</i> is employment that was a substantial contributing factor to the aggravation, acceleration, exacerbation or deterioration by a previous employer who—	12 13 14
		(i) is liable under section 16 to contribute in relation to the degree of permanent impairment being assessed, or	15 16
		(ii) would be liable as mentioned in paragraph (a) if the requirement to contribute were not limited to employers who employed the worker during a particular period,	17 18 19
	(c)	for permanent impairment of the back, neck or pelvis, a reference in this subsection to previous relevant employment is limited to employment after the commencement of this Act.	20 21 22
		 Section 16 applies to injuries that consist of the aggravation, acceleration, erbation or deterioration of a disease. 	23 24
153F	Deduction section 17	s for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation of	25 26
	whic	sessing the degree of permanent impairment resulting from an injury to h section 17 applies, section 153C applies to the assessment subject to the wing—	27 28 29
	(a)	there must be no deduction under section 153C for a proportion of the permanent impairment that is due to the worker's employment in previous relevant employment, except any proportion for which compensation under the following provisions has been paid or is payable—	30 31 32 33 34
		(i) Part 3, Division 4 as in force at any time,	35
		(ii) the former Act, section 16,	36
	(b)	for paragraph (a), <i>previous relevant employment</i> is employment to the nature of which the loss of hearing was due by a previous employer who—	37 38 39
		(i) is liable under section 17 to contribute in relation to the degree of permanent impairment being assessed, or	40 41
		(ii) would be liable as mentioned in paragraph (a) if the requirement to contribute were not limited to employers who employed the worker during a particular period.	42 43 44
	Note of a r	 Section 17 applies to an injury that is a loss, or further loss, of hearing which is nature to be caused by a gradual process. 	45 46

153G	Deductions for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation of section 22				
	(1)	This section applies to an assessment of the degree of permanent impairment resulting from an injury for the apportionment of liability under section 22.	3 4		
	(2)	There must be no deduction under section 153C for any proportion of the impairment that is due to an injury for which liability must be apportioned but without affecting any deduction under that section for any proportion of the impairment that is due to—	5 6 7 8		
		(a) another injury, or	9		
		(b) a pre-existing condition or abnormality.	10		
153H	Prov	ision for HIV/AIDS	11		
	(1)	For determining the degree of permanent impairment as a result of an injury, HIV and AIDS are each considered to result in a degree of permanent impairment of 100%.	12 13 14		
	(2)	The regulations may provide for methods for determining, for this Act, whether a person is living with HIV/AIDS.	15 16		
	(3)	Regulations need not be made under subsection (2) and, in the absence of regulations, the determination of whether a person is living with HIV/AIDS must be on the basis of medical opinion.	17 18 19		
		Note— The amendment of this section, formerly section 67A, by the <i>Equality Legislation Amendment (LGBTIQA+) Act 2024</i> to refer to "living with HIV/AIDS" merely modernises language and is not intended to change the application of workers compensation legislation and other applicable legislation.	20 21 22 23		
153I	Cos	s of permanent impairment assessment	24		
	(1)	An employer is not liable to pay the costs of or in relation to a permanent impairment assessment incurred by the insurer or worker unless the assessment is—	25 26 27		
		(a) a principal assessment or further principal assessment, or	28		
		(b) a dispute assessment, or	29		
		(c) another assessment permitted by the Workers Compensation Acts or regulations made under the Workers Compensation Acts.	30 31		
	(2)	Costs are not payable to an insurer or worker for more than one permanent impairment assessment of the worker unless—	32 33		
		(a) the assessment is for the purposes of disputing a permanent impairment assessment, or	34 35		
		(b) in circumstances where the parties agree there appears to be an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's condition since the original permanent impairment assessment was conducted, or	36 37 38		
		(c) the assessment is for another purpose or in another circumstance prescribed by the regulations.	39 40		
	(3)	If a worker is required to undergo an examination for a permanent impairment assessment, the worker is entitled to recover from the worker's employer, in addition to any compensation otherwise provided—	41 42 43		
		(a) the amount of any wages lost by the worker because of the requirement to undergo the examination, and	44 45		
		(b) the cost to the worker of any fares, travelling expenses and maintenance necessarily and reasonably incurred in undergoing the examination.	46 47		

	(4) If it is necessary for a worker to travel to undergo an examination for a permanent impairment assessment and the worker is not reasonably able to travel unescorted, the fares, travelling expenses and maintenance referred to in this section include fares, travelling expenses and maintenance necessarily and reasonably incurred by an escort for the worker provided to enable the worker to be examined.					
	(5)	If the cost of fares, travelling expenses and maintenance referred to in this section includes the cost of travel by private motor vehicle, the cost must be calculated at the rate fixed under section 64.	7 8 9			
	(6)	The regulations may provide for matters relating to legal costs relating to permanent impairment assessments.	10 11			
Div	ision	2 Principal assessment	12			
153J	Who	must carry out permanent impairment assessment	13			
		A principal assessment must be made by an assessor or assessors—	14			
		(a) included on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors, and	15			
		(b) either—	16			
		(i) agreed by the insurer and worker, or	17			
		 (ii) if the insurer and worker are unable to agree on the assessor or assessors within a period specified in the Workers Compensation Guidelines—appointed by the Authority. 	18 19 20			
153K	Perr	nanent impairment assessment process	21			
	(1)	An application may be made to the Authority for a principal assessment.	22			
	(2)	An application under subsection (1) must be made in accordance with the regulations.	23 24			
	(3)	The following matters relating to the principal assessment must be agreed between the insurer and the worker—	25 26			
		(a) the body system, body structure or disorder to be assessed,	27			
		(b) all medical and allied health information, including results of clinical investigations, relevant to the assessment of the injury,	28 29			
		(c) other matters specified in Workers Compensation Guidelines.	30			
	(4)	If the principal assessment relates to 2 or more body systems, body structures or disorders and different medical assessors are required to assess the different systems, structures or disorders, the assessment must be conducted by 2 or more permanent impairment assessors.	31 32 33 34			
	(5)	For subsection (4), one of the permanent impairment assessors must be the lead assessor, appointed by the Authority, to coordinate and calculate the final degree of permanent impairment resulting from the individual assessments of permanent impairment by the individual assessors.	35 36 37 38			
	(6)	A principal assessment must not be made if—	39			
	, ,	(a) liability for the injury is in issue, and	40			
		(b) a determination about the liability has not been determined by the Commission.	41 42			

153L	One	assessment only of degree of permanent impairment	1
		Subject to section 153Q, only one principal assessment may be made of an injured worker in relation to—	2
		(a) the same injury, or	4
		(b) more than one injury arising from the same incident.	5
153M	Pern	manent impairment assessors	6
	(1)	The Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for matters relating to the approval of permanent impairment assessors for principal assessments under this division.	7 8 9
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for—	10 11
		(a) the approval of permanent impairment assessors, including the processes and procedures for the approval of assessors, and	12 13
		(b) the functions of permanent impairment assessors, and	14
		(c) conditions that may be imposed on the approval of permanent impairment assessors, and	15 16
		(d) the training requirements for permanent impairment assessors, and	17
		(e) the monitoring of services provided by permanent impairment assessors, and	18 19
		(f) how the performance of permanent impairment assessors must be assessed.	20 21
	(3)	The Authority must consult with an employee body before approving a permanent impairment assessor and placing the assessor's name on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors.	22 23 24
	(4)	The Authority must—	25
		(a) keep a register of permanent impairment assessors approved under this section, and	26 27
		(b) publish the register on the Authority's website.	28
	(5)	The Authority may, in publishing the register under subsection (4)(b), include the names and contact details of permanent impairment assessors approved under this section.	29 30 31
	(6)	The maximum amount an employer is liable for in relation to the cost of a permanent impairment assessment must be set by the Authority by order published on the NSW legislation website.	32 33 34
	(7)	A permanent impairment assessor whose approval under this section is revoked may apply to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an administrative review under the <i>Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997</i> of the decision to revoke the approval.	35 36 37 38
	(8)	In this section—	39
		employee body means—	40
		(a) Unions NSW, or	41
		(b) another employee body prescribed by the regulations.	42
153N	Pow	vers of permanent impairment assessor on assessment	43
	(1)	The permanent impairment assessor conducting a principal assessment may—	44

		who is treating or has treated the worker, and	2
		(b) call for the production of the medical records, including X-rays and the results of other tests, and other information the permanent impairment assessor considers necessary or desirable for assessing the degree of permanent impairment, and	3 4 5
		(c) require the worker to undergo an examination by the permanent impairment assessor.	7
	(2)	If a worker refuses to undergo an examination by the permanent impairment assessor if required to do so, or in any way obstructs the examination, the following are suspended until the examination has taken place—	9 10 11
		(a) the worker's right to recover compensation in relation to the injury,	12
		(b) the worker's right to weekly payments.	13
	(3)	The Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for matters relating to the medical records and other information to be produced by the insurer or the worker under subsection (1)(b), including the nature and volume of information to be provided.	14 15 16 17
1530	Refe	ral of medical dispute to Commission	18
		A medical dispute, within the meaning of the 1998 Act, section 319, arising from a principal assessment may be referred to the Commission under the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	19 20 21
153P	Cert	icate of principal assessment	22
	(1)	The permanent impairment assessor to whom a principal assessment is referred must give a certificate (a <i>principal assessment certificate</i>) about the worker's degree of permanent impairment to—	23 24 25
		(a) each of the parties, and	26
		(b) the Authority.	27
	(2)	A principal assessment certificate must be in a form approved by the Authority and must—	28 29
		(a) set out details of the degree of permanent impairment, and	30
		(b) certify the permanent impairment assessor's assessment of the degree of permanent impairment, and	31 32
		(c) set out the permanent impairment assessor's reasons for the assessment, and	33 34
		(d) set out the facts on which the assessment is based.	35
153Q	Furtl	er principal assessments	36
	(1)	A principal assessment does not prevent a further principal assessment of an injured worker.	37 38
		Note— A further principal assessment may result in a dispute about the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker that is a medical dispute for the purposes of the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	39 40 41
	(2)	However, a further principal assessment of an injured worker may be made only—	42 43
		(a) if the worker and insurer agree it appears there has been an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's condition since the last principal assessment of the worker was conducted, or	44 45 46

		(b)	in circ	cumstances prescribed by the regulations.	1
	(3)			on (2)(a), an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's nee the original principal assessment was made occurs only if—	2
		(a)		time of the original principal assessment there was no reasonable to believe the worker's condition would deteriorate, and	4 5
		(b)		eterioration results in an increase in the worker's degree of ment impairment of at least a further 10 percentage points.	6 7
		part. work	For a fu er must h	worker was originally assessed at 25% permanent impairment under this rther assessment to be treated as a further principal assessment, the lave an assessment of at least 35% permanent impairment, in addition to eting the requirements of this section.	8 9 10 11
	(4)	decid	ding wh	ion (3), age-related deterioration must not be considered in aether an unexpected and material deterioration in a worker's soccurred.	12 13 14
	(5)	The asses	regulat ssments,	ions may provide for matters relating to further principal including—	15 16
		(a)		ghts of workers and insurers in relation to further principal ments, and	17 18
		(b)	costs	of further principal assessments, and	19
		(c)		ements for reports in relation to further principal assessments and ling the reports to other parties.	20 21
153R		onal l		of assessors on SIRA register of permanent impairment	22 23
	(1)			included on the SIRA register of permanent impairment assessors ally subject to liability for anything done—	24 25
		(a)	in goo	od faith, and	26
		(b)	for the	e purpose of exercising a function under this Act.	27
	(2)	In th	is sectio	on—	28
		done	include	es omitted to be done.	29
		liabi	<i>lity</i> mea	ns civil liability and includes action, claim or demand.	30
Divi	sion	3	Perm	nanent impairment agreements	31
153S		_	-	nanent impairment agreements	32
	(1)	the e	employe	ipal assessment is conducted of an injured worker, the worker and er or insurer may enter into a written agreement (a <i>permanent agreement</i>)—	33 34 35
		(a)		ates the following—	36
		()	(i)	the degree of permanent impairment the worker and the employer or insurer agree has resulted from the injury,	37 38
			(ii)	whether any proportion of permanent impairment is due to a previous injury or pre-existing condition or abnormality,	39 40
			(iii)	the nature and extent of any loss of hearing suffered by the worker,	41 42
			(iv)	whether the impairment is permanent,	43
			(v)	whether the degree of permanent impairment is fully ascertainable, and	44 45

	the employer or insurer is satisfied the worker obtained independent legal advice before entering into the permanent impairment assessment.	3
	Note — If the injured worker and the employer or insurer cannot agree on a permanent impairment agreement, a dispute about the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker is a medical dispute for the purposes of the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7.	5 6
(2)	A permanent impairment agreement is of no force or effect if—	7
	(a) the agreement does not include a provision in which the employer or insurer certifies the employer or insurer is satisfied the worker obtained independent legal advice before entering into the agreement, or	8 9 10
	(b) it is established the worker was induced to enter the agreement as a result of fraud or misrepresentation.	11 12
(3)	Subsection (2) has effect despite the 1998 Act, section 234. Note— The 1998 Act, section 234 provides that the 1998 Act and this Act apply despite any contract to the contrary.	13 14 15
(4)	If a worker enters into a permanent impairment agreement in relation to an injury, the permanent impairment compensation to which the worker is entitled in relation to the injury is the compensation payable in relation to the degree of permanent impairment agreed.	16 17 18 19
(5)	Permanent impairment agreements, and the payments made under the agreements, must be recorded in accordance with the Workers Compensation Guidelines.	20 21 22
(6)	Nothing in this section prevents a permanent impairment agreement from containing provisions about the payment of costs.	23 24
Failu	re to enter into permanent impairment agreement	25
Failu	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement—	25 26 27
Failu	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment	26
Failu	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the	26 27 28 29
Failu	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the	26 27 28 29 30 31
	 If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination. Note— The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
	 If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination. Note— The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1998 Act. 	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination. Note— The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1998 Act. The parties to a permanent impairment agreement may agree to change the	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35
	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination. Note— The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1998 Act. The parties to a permanent impairment agreement The parties to a permanent impairment agreement may agree to change the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker by—	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36
Agre	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination. Note— The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1998 Act. The parties to a permanent impairment agreement The parties to a permanent impairment agreement may agree to change the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker by— (a) agreeing to vary the permanent impairment agreement, or (b) entering into a further permanent impairment agreement in place of the	26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38
Agre	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination. Note— The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1998 Act. The parties to a permanent impairment agreement The parties to a permanent impairment agreement may agree to change the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker by— (a) agreeing to vary the permanent impairment agreement, or (b) entering into a further permanent impairment agreement in place of the original permanent impairment agreement.	26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 41
Agre	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination. Note—The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1998 Act. The parties to a permanent impairment agreement may agree to change the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker by— (a) agreeing to vary the permanent impairment agreement, or (b) entering into a further permanent impairment agreement in place of the original permanent impairment agreement. The permanent impairment agreement must be used for the purposes of	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 42
Agre	If an insurer and worker fail to enter into a permanent impairment agreement— (a) the insurer must give notice of the decision not to enter into the agreement in accordance with the 1998 Act, sections 78 and 79 and the regulations, and (b) the failure to agree is a medical dispute and may be referred to the Commission for determination. Note—The 1998 Act, section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1998 Act. The parties to a permanent impairment agreement may agree to change the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker by— (a) agreeing to vary the permanent impairment agreement, or (b) entering into a further permanent impairment agreement in place of the original permanent impairment agreement. The permanent impairment agreement must be used for the purposes of establishing entitlement for the following—	26 27 28 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 42 43
	(3) (4) (5)	the employer or insurer is satisfied the worker obtained independent legal advice before entering into the permanent impairment assessment. Note— If the injured worker and the employer or insurer cannot agree on a permanent impairment agreement, a dispute about the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker is a medical dispute for the purposes of the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7. (2) A permanent impairment agreement is of no force or effect if— (a) the agreement does not include a provision in which the employer or insurer certifies the employer or insurer is satisfied the worker obtained independent legal advice before entering into the agreement, or (b) it is established the worker was induced to enter the agreement as a result of fraud or misrepresentation. (3) Subsection (2) has effect despite the 1998 Act, section 234. Note— The 1998 Act, section 234 provides that the 1998 Act and this Act apply despite any contract to the contrary. (4) If a worker enters into a permanent impairment agreement in relation to an injury, the permanent impairment compensation to which the worker is entitled in relation to the injury is the compensation payable in relation to the degree of permanent impairment agreed. (5) Permanent impairment agreements, and the payments made under the agreements, must be recorded in accordance with the Workers Compensation Guidelines. (6) Nothing in this section prevents a permanent impairment agreement from

			(d) commutations,	1	
			(e) work injury damages.	2	
		(2)	A permanent impairment agreement is, in relation to the following matters, conclusive evidence of—	3	
			(a) the degree of permanent impairment of the worker as a result of the injury,	5	
			(b) whether any proportion of permanent impairment is due to a previous injury or pre-existing condition or abnormality,	7	
			(c) the nature and extent of any loss of hearing suffered by the worker,	9	
			(d) whether impairment is permanent,	10	
			(e) whether the degree of permanent impairment is fully ascertainable.	11	
		(3)	A permanent impairment agreement is, for a matter not mentioned in subsection (2)(a)–(e), evidence but not conclusive evidence of a matter stated in the agreement.	12 13 14	
		(4)	Subsection (2) does not apply to proceedings in the Commission or a court about the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker.	15 16	
1	53W	3W Permanent impairment agreement does not prevent further principal assessment			
			A permanent impairment agreement does not prevent a further principal assessment of an injured worker being made under section 153Q.	19 20	
			Note— A further principal assessment may result in a dispute about the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker that is a medical dispute for the purposes of the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7. See also section 153U which provides the degree of permanent impairment may be changed by varying the permanent impairment agreement or entering into a further permanent impairment agreement.	21 22 23 24 25	
1	153X	Divis	sion subject to decisions of the Commission	26	
			This division is subject to a decision made by the Commission determining permanent impairment and entitlements of injured workers.	27 28	
1.4	Amo	endm	nents relating to indexation and payments	29	
[1]	Sect	ion 25	Death of worker leaving dependants	30	
	Omit	"\$750	0,000" from section 25(1)(a). Insert instead "\$955,950".	31	
[2]	Sect	ion 25	5(1)(b)	32	
	Omit	. "\$66.	.60". Insert instead "\$171.10".	33	
[3]	Sect	ion 34	Maximum weekly compensation amount	34	
			338.70" from section 34(1). Insert instead "\$2,569.60".	35	
[4]			B, heading	36	
[+]			njuries other than primary psychological injuries" after "130)".	37	
[E]					
[5]			88(3)(b), 40(1)(d) and 41(5)(b) 5" wherever occurring. Insert instead "\$225".	38	
ro:			-		
[6]			8A Special provision for workers with highest needs 8.32" from section 38A(1) wherever occurring.	40 41	
	OIIII	ψ/σς	0.52 Hom section 5011(1) wherever occurring.	4	

Insert instead "\$1,020". [7] Section 66 Entitlement to compensation for permanent imparation of the formula from section 66(2)(a). Insert instead— \$25,070 + [\$3,770 × (D - 10)] [8] Section 66(2)(b)	airment	1 2 3 4 5			
Omit the formula from section 66(2)(a). Insert instead— $\$25,070 + [\$3,770 \times (D-10)]$	airment	3			
$25,070 + [33,770 \times (D-10)]$		4			
[8] Section 66(2)(h)					
		5			
Omit the formula. Insert instead—					
$100,350 + [6,210 \times (D-10)]$					
[9] Section 66(2)(c)		6			
Omit "\$242,010". Insert instead "\$310,580".		7			
[10] Section 66(2)(d)		8			
Omit "\$309,020". Insert instead "\$396,570".		9			
[11] Section 66(2)(e)		10			
Omit "\$376,030". Insert instead "\$482,560".		11			
[12] Section 66(2)(f)		12			
Omit "\$443,030". Insert instead "\$568,550".		13			
[13] Section 66(2)(g)		14			
Omit "\$510,040". Insert instead "\$654,540".		15			
[14] Section 66(2)(h)		16			
Omit "\$577,050". Insert instead "\$740,550".		17			
[15] Section 79 Definitions		18			
Omit the section.		19			
[16] Sections 80 and 81		20			
Omit the sections. Insert instead—	Omit the sections. Insert instead—				
80 Adjustment of amounts of benefits by WPI		22			
(1) An adjustable amount for a year under a relevant proin accordance with the following formula—	ovision must be calculated	23 24			
$A \times \frac{B}{C}$					
where—		25			
A is the adjustable amount for the previous year.		26			
B is the index number for the previous year.C is the index number for the year before the previous that the previous year.	ous year.	27 28			
(2) If an amount calculated under subsection (1) for would, for any reason, be less than the amount calculated the adjustable amount for the current year must be year.	a year (the <i>current year</i>) lated for the previous year,	29 30 31 32			

	(3)	inclu	ding cents, the amount must be rounded up to the next higher whole per of dollars.	1 2 3
	(4)	In th	is section—	4
	, ,	adjus	stable amount means—	5
		(a)	for the 12 months starting on 1 April 2025—each of the amounts specified in a relevant provision, and	6 7
		(b)	for each subsequent period of 12 months starting on 1 April in a year—the amount specified in a relevant provision as adjusted under this division.	8 9 10
		inde	x number means—	11
		(a)	the number prescribed by the regulations, or	12
		(b)	if a number is not prescribed by the regulations—the WPI for December.	13 14
		relev	ant provision means—	15
		(a)	the following provisions—	16
			(i) sections 25, 34, 37 and 40,	17
			(ii) Schedule 6, Part 19H, clause 2, and	18
		(b)	the 1998 Act, section 297(2), and	19
		(c)	the Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Act 1942, section 8(2B)(b)(i).	20 21
[17]	Section 82	A Inde	exation—weekly payments	22
	Omit section	n 82A	(1), formula, definitions of \boldsymbol{B} and \boldsymbol{C} .	23
	Insert instea	ad—		24
		B is-	_	25
		(a)	the number prescribed by the regulations, or	26
		(b)	if a number is not prescribed by the regulations—the CPI for December of the previous year.	27 28
		<i>C</i> is-	_	29
		(a)	the number prescribed by the regulations, or	30
		(b)	if a number is not prescribed by the regulations—the CPI for December of the year before the previous year.	31 32
[18]	Section 82	A(2)		33
	Omit the su	bsection	on. Insert instead—	34
	(2)	In th	is section—	35
	()		w date means 1 April in each year.	36
[19]	Section 82	B Inde	exation of certain amounts—according to average weekly earnings	37
• •		nancia	al year beginning on 1 July 2012 and each subsequent financial year" from	38 39
	Insert instea April".	ad "the	e year beginning on 1 April 2026 and each subsequent year starting on 1	40 41

[20]	Section 82B(1)	1
	Omit "\$155" from section 82B(1), formula, definition of A. Insert instead "\$225".	2
[21]	Section 82B(1)	3
	Omit the formula, definitions of B and C . Insert instead—	4
	B is the AWE for November of the previous year.	5
	C is the AWE for November of the year before the previous year.	6
[22]	Section 82B(2)	7
	Omit "the start of each financial year". Insert instead "each review date".	8
[23]	Section 82B(2)	9
	Omit "that financial year". Insert instead "the year beginning on the review date".	10
[24]	Section 82B(3)	11
	Omit "the start of a financial year". Insert instead "a review date".	12
[25]	Section 82B(3)	13
	Omit "that financial year is". Insert instead "the year starting on the review date is".	14
[26]	Section 82B(3)	15
	Omit "effect for that financial year". Insert instead "effect for that year".	16
[27]	Section 82B(4)	17
	Insert after section 82B(3)—	18
	(4) In this section—	19
	review date means 1 April in each year.	20
[28]	Section 82BA Indexation—compensation amount for workers with highest needs	21
	Omit "\$788.32" from section 82BA(1), formula, definition of A. Insert instead "\$1,020".	22
[29]	Section 82BA(1)	23
	Omit the formula, definitions of B and C . Insert instead—	24
	B is the CPI for December of the previous year.	25
	<i>C</i> is the CPI for December of the year before the previous year.	26
[30]	Section 82BA(2), definition of "review date"	27
	Omit "and 1 October".	28
[31]	Section 82C	29
	Omit the section. Insert instead—	30
	82C Indexation—no reduction	31
	If an amount calculated under this division for a year (the <i>current year</i>) would,	32
	for any reason, be less than the amount calculated for the previous year, the adjustable amount for the current year must be same as the previous year.	33 34
[32]	Section 82D	35
	Omit the section. Insert instead—	36

	82D Ro	unding up	1
		If an amount calculated under this division for a year is expressed as including cents, the amount must be rounded up to the next higher whole number of dollars.	2 3 4
[22]	Section 9		
[33]		32F Indexation—compensation for permanent impairment financial year" from	5
	section 82		6 7
	Insert inst 1 April".	tead "the year beginning on 1 April 2026 and each subsequent year beginning on	8 9
[34]	Section 8	32F(1)	10
	Omit sect	ion 82F(1), formula, definitions of B and C . Insert instead—	11
		B is the CPI for December of the previous year.	12
		<i>C</i> is the CPI for December of the year before the previous year.	13
[35]	Section 8	32F(2)	14
	Omit the	subsection.	15
[36]	Section 8	32F(3)	16
	Omit "the	e start of each financial year". Insert instead "each review date".	17
[37]	Section 8	32F(3)	18
	Omit "tha	at financial year". Insert instead "the year beginning on the review date".	19
[38]	Section 8	32F(4)	20
	Omit "the	e start of a financial year". Insert instead "a review date".	21
[39]	Section 8	32F(4)	22
	Omit "tha	at financial year is". Insert instead "the year beginning on the review date is".	23
[40]	Section 8	32F(4)	24
	Omit "eff	ect for that financial year". Insert instead "effect for that year".	25
[41]	Section 8	32F(5)	26
	Insert afte	er section 82(4)—	27
	(5)	In this section—	28
		review date means 1 April in each year.	29
[42]	Section 8	32G	30
	Omit the	section. Insert instead—	31
	82G Ind	lexation—no reduction	32
		If an amount calculated under this division for a year (the current year) would,	33
		for any reason, be less than the amount calculated for the previous year, the adjustable amount for the current year must be same as the previous year.	34 35
[43]	Section 8	32H	36
	Omit the	section. Insert instead—	37

	82H Ro	ounding up	1
		If an amount calculated under this division for a year is expressed as including cents, the amount must be rounded up to the next higher whole number of dollars.	2 3 4
[44]	Schedule Division	e 3 Earnings for purposes of weekly payments of compensation under 2 of Part 3	5 6
	Omit clas	use 3(3).	7
[45]	Schedul	e 6 Savings, transitional and other provisions	8
	Omit "\$7	6,700" from Part 3, clause 2(2) and (4) wherever occurring.	9
	Insert ins	tead "\$197,100".	10
[46]	Schedul	e 6, Part 3, clause 2(3)(b) and (4)	11
	Omit "\$3	8.30" wherever occurring.	12
	Insert ins	tead "\$98.40".	13
[47]	Schedul	e 6, Part 4, clause 4(1)(b)(i) and (2)	14
		4.80" wherever occurring.	15
	Insert ins	tead "\$115.10".	16
[48]	Schedul	e 6, Part 4, clause 4(1)(b)(ii) and (2)	17
		2.50" wherever occurring.	18
	Insert ins	tead "\$57.80".	19
[49]		e 6, Part 4, clause 4A(2)(a) and (3)(a)	20
		96.00" wherever occurring.	21
	Insert ins	tead "\$503.60".	22
[50]		e 6, Part 4, clause 4A(2)(b) and (3)(b)	23
		55.90" wherever occurring.	24
		tead "\$400.60".	25
[51]		e 6, Part 4, clause 4A(2)(c) and (3)(c)	26
		41.60" wherever occurring. tead "\$363.90".	27
			28
[52]		e 6, Part 4, clause 4A(2)(c) and (3)(c)	29
		27.50" wherever occurring. tead "\$327.60".	30 31
[50]			
[53]		e 6, Part 4, clause 7(2)(a) and (4) 41.30" wherever occurring.	32
		tead "\$877.00".	33 34
[54]		e 6, Part 19H, clause 2(1)	35
[-+]		06.25". Insert instead "\$1,266.50".	36

1.5	Amendm	ents	relating to commutation	1		
[1]	Section 87	E Con	npensation that may be commuted	2		
	Insert after	section	n 87E(2)—	3		
	(3)	prov	ompensation referred to in subsection (1) is commuted to a lump sum as rided by this division, any liability for work injury damages in relation to same injury is extinguished.	4 5 6		
[2]	Section 87 catastroph		Medical expenses compensation not to be commuted for uries	7		
	Omit "Aut 87EAA(1).		is satisfied that, and certifies that it is satisfied that," from section	9 10		
	Insert inste	ad "Pr	esident is satisfied that".	11		
[3]	Section 87	EA Pr	reconditions to commutation	12		
	Omit "Autl	nority i	is satisfied that, and certifies that it" from section 87EA(1).	13		
	Insert inste	ad "Pr	esident".	14		
[4]	Section 87	'EA(1)	(a)	15		
		` '	% (assessed as provided by Part 7 of Chapter 7 of the 1998 Act)".	16		
			sessed, under Part 6, as at least 15%".	17		
[5]	Section 87	'EA(2)	and (2A)	18		
	Omit section 87EA(2). Insert instead—					
	(2)	a lui	pite subsection (1), a liability in relation to an injury may be commuted to mp sum under this division in a particular case if the President is fied—	20 21 22		
		(a)	the case is of a class prescribed by the regulations as a class to which this subsection applies, and	23 24		
		(b)	the circumstances of the case satisfy the requirements prescribed by the regulations as requirements that must be satisfied for this subsection, and	25 26 27		
		(c)	unless the regulations otherwise provide, the lump sum to which the liability will be commuted is not inadequate and not excessive.	28 29		
	(2A)	not	onsidering whether the lump sum to which a liability will be commuted is inadequate and not excessive, the President may have regard to the owing matters—	30 31 32		
		(a)	a dispute about liability to pay compensation under the Workers Compensation Acts,	33 34		
		(b)	each of the following—	35		
			(i) the injury,	36		
			(ii) the worker's age,	37		
			(iii) the worker's general health,	38		
			(iv) the worker's occupation at the time the injury occurred,	39		
			(v) any other relevant matter,	40		
		(c)	the worker's ability to compete in an open labour market,	41		
		(d)	benefits from another source that the worker may be entitled to.	42		

[6]	Section 87	'EA(3)	1
	Omit "Auth	hority". Insert instead "President".	2
[7]	Section 87	'EA(4)	3
	Omit the su	ubsection.	4
[8]	Section 87	'EB	5
	Insert after	section 87EA—	6
8	7EB Com	nmission rules	7
		The Commission rules and procedural directions may provide for—	8
		(a) the procedure for an application for a determination under section 87EAA(1) or 87EA(1) or (2), and	9 10
		(b) the documentation to accompany the application.	11
[9]	Section 87	F Commutation by agreement	12
	Insert after	section 87F(2)—	13
	(2A)	The regulations may require the provision of independent financial advice to a worker, at the expense of the insurer, before the worker enters into a commutation agreement and the requirement applies despite any other provision of this section.	14 15 16 17
[10]	Section 87	'F(4)	18
		14 days after entering into a commutation agreement in which to withdraw from ent by giving notice in writing to the insurer".	19 20
	the insurer	ad "may withdraw from a commutation agreement by giving written notice to and the President at any time before the commutation agreement notice is nder this division".	21 22 23
[11]	Section 87	F(6) and (7)	24
	Omit "regis	stered" wherever occurring.	25
	Insert instea	ad "approved".	26
[12]	Section 87	'F(6)	27
	Omit "Regi	istration". Insert instead "Approval".	28
[13]	Section 87	'H, heading	29
	Omit the he	eading. Insert instead—	30
	87H Appr	roval of commutation	31
[14]	Section 87	'H(1)	32
	•	stration of the agreement by the President".	33
	Insert instea	ad "approval of the agreement".	34
[15]	Section 87		35
	Omit "regis	stered". Insert instead "approved".	36

[16]	Section 87	'H(1A)			1						
	Insert after	section	n 87H(1)—	2						
	(1A)			nission rules and procedural directions may provide for the or making applications under this division.	3 4						
[17]	Section 87	'H(2)			5						
	Omit the subsection. Insert instead—										
	(2)			ent must refuse to approve a commutation agreement unless the satisfied—	7 8						
		(a)	about	the matters referred to in section 87EA(1) or (2), and	9						
		(b)		liability to which section 87EAA applies—that the injury is not a trophic injury within the meaning of that section.	10 11						
[18]	Section 87	'H(3)			12						
	Omit "regi	stering	". Inser	t instead "approving".	13						
[19]	Section 87	'H(3)			14						
	Omit "register". Insert instead "approve".										
[20]	Section 87	'H(3). ((4) and	(6)	16						
[,]				ver occurring. Insert instead "approved".	17						
[24]											
[21]	Section 87H(5) Omit the subsection. Insert instead—										
	(5)	In reviewing a commutation agreement, the Commission may have regard to the following matters—									
		(a)		pute about liability to pay compensation under the Workers pensation Acts,	22 23						
		(b)	each	of the following—	24						
			(i)	the injury,	25						
			(ii)	the worker's age,	26						
			(iii)	the worker's general health,	27						
			(iv)	the worker's occupation at the time the injury occurred,	28						
		(a)	(v)	any other relevant matter, orker's ability to compete in an open labour market,	29						
		(c) (d)		its from another source to which the worker may be entitled.	30 31						
[22]	Section 97	` ′	001101								
[22]	Section 87		-), I		32						
	Omn regi	stratioi	ı . ınse	rt "approval".	33						
1.6	Amendment relating to enforceable undertakings										
	Part 7, Division 4A										
	Insert after Division 4—										

Division 4A			Enforceable undertakings				
209A	Definition			2			
		In th	is division—	3			
		insu	rer means—	4			
		(a)	a licensed insurer, or	5			
		(b)	a self-insurer.	6			
209B	Auth	nority i	may accept undertaking	7			
	(1)	to a	Authority may accept a written undertaking given by an insurer in relation contravention or alleged contravention by the insurer in relation to the kers Compensation Acts.	8 9 10			
	(2)	insui	giving of an undertaking does not constitute an admission of guilt by the rer in relation to the contravention or alleged contravention to which the extaking relates.	11 12 13			
209C	Noti	ce of c	decision	14			
	(1)		Authority must give the insurer seeking to give an undertaking under this sion written notice of—	15 16			
		(a)	the Authority's decision to accept or reject the undertaking, and	17			
		(b)	the reasons for the decision.	18			
	(2)		Authority must, as soon as practicable after making a decision to accept eject the undertaking, publish notice of the decision on the Authority's site.	19 20 21			
209D	Whe	n und	ertaking is enforceable	22			
		An u	undertaking under this division takes effect and becomes enforceable—	23			
		(a)	when the insurer receives notice of the Authority's decision to accept the undertaking, or	24 25			
		(b)	at a later date specified by the Authority.	26			
209E	Compliance with undertaking						
			nsurer must not contravene an undertaking given by the insurer under this sion that is in effect.	28 29			
		Max	imum penalty—1,000 penalty units.	30			
209F	Con	traven	ition of undertaking	31			
	(1)		Authority may apply to the District Court for an order if an insurer ravenes an undertaking given under this division.	32 33			
	(2)	the u	e Court is satisfied the insurer that made the undertaking has contravened undertaking, the Court, in addition to imposing a penalty, may make one oth of the following orders—	34 35 36			
		(a)	an order directing the insurer to comply with the undertaking,	37			
		(b)	an order discharging the undertaking.	38			
	(3)	othe	ddition to the orders referred to in subsection (2), the Court may make r orders the Court considers appropriate in the circumstances, including rs directing the insurer to pay to the State—	39 40 41			
		(a)	the costs of the proceedings, and	42			

			(b)	the reasonable costs of the Authority in monitoring compliance with the undertaking in the future.	1 2			
		(4)		section does not prevent proceedings being brought for the contravention leged contravention of this Act to which the undertaking relates.	3 4			
20)9G	With	drawa	al or variation of undertaking	5			
		(1)		nsurer who has given an undertaking under this division may at any time, the written agreement of the Authority—	6 7			
			(a)	withdraw the undertaking, or	8			
			(b)	vary the undertaking.	9			
		(2)		rever, the provisions of the undertaking may not be varied to provide for a reent alleged contravention of the Workers Compensation Acts.	10 11			
		(3)		Authority may at any time, with the written agreement of the insurer, draw its decision to accept an undertaking.	12 13			
		(4)		Authority must, as soon as practicable after an undertaking is withdrawn aried, publish on the Authority's website notice of—	14 15			
			(a)	the withdrawal or variation, and	16			
			(b)	the reasons for the withdrawal or variation.	17			
20)9H	Proc	eedin	gs and civil penalties for alleged contravention	18			
		(1)	be is	proceedings may be brought against an insurer, and a civil penalty may not sued to an insurer, for a contravention or alleged contravention of the kers Compensation Acts if—	19 20 21			
			(a)	an undertaking under this division is in effect in relation to the contravention, or	22 23			
			(b)	an undertaking under this division has been given and completely discharged by the insurer.	24 25			
		(2)	alleg	Authority may accept an undertaking in relation to a contravention or ged contravention before proceedings in relation to the contravention have finalised.	26 27 28			
		(3)	the	e Authority accepts an undertaking before the proceedings are finalised, Authority must take all reasonable steps to have the proceedings ontinued as soon as possible.	29 30 31			
1.7	Ame	endm	ents	relating to Insurers' Guarantee Fund	32			
[1]	Sect	ion 22	5 Defi	nitions	33			
• •	Insert in alphabetical order in section 225(1)—							
				SW has the same meaning as in the State Insurance and Care Governance	34 35			
			Act 2		36			
[2]	Sections 227, 229–236 and 238							
	Omit "the Authority" wherever occurring. Insert instead "ICNSW".							
[3]	Sect	ions 2	29–23	1 and 238, headings	39			
-				" wherever occurring Insert instead "ICNSW"	40			

1.8	Amendme	nts re	lati	ng to interpretative and related provisions	1			
[1]	Part 1, Divisi	ion 1			2			
	Insert before	section	1—		3			
	Division 1	C	3en	eral	4			
[2]	Section 3 De	finitio	าร		5			
	Insert in alphabetical order in section 3(1)—							
				ace has the same meaning as in the Victims Rights and Support Act	6 7 8			
	1	AIDS n	nean	s Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.	9			
	6	AWE means the average weekly total earnings of adults in full-time employment in New South Wales issued by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.						
	l	bullyin	g —s	ee section 8A.	13			
				the consumer price index for Sydney issued by the Australian tatistics.	14 15			
	6	excessi	ve w	ork demands—see section 8B.	16			
				Human Immunodeficiency Virus.	17			
	i			riminal conduct—	18			
		` /		s the commission of an indictable offence, and	19			
	(v	vere rimi	des conduct of a person that would constitute an indictable offence it not for the fact the person must not, or may not, be held nally responsible for the conduct because of the person's age or al illness or impairment.	20 21 22 23			
	l	large ei	mplo	yer means—	24			
		(a) a	n en	nployer—	25			
			(i)	insured under a policy of insurance to which the Workers Compensation Market Practice and Premiums Guidelines apply, and	26 27 28			
		(ii)	whose basic tariff premiums, within the meaning of the Guidelines, for the policy would be more than \$50,000, if the period of insurance to which the premium relates were 12 months, or	29 30 31 32			
	((b) a	n en	nployer—	33			
			(i)	insured under more than one policy of insurance to which the Workers Compensation Market Practice and Premiums Guidelines apply, and	34 35 36			
		· ·	ii)	whose combined basic tariff premiums, within the meaning of the Guidelines, for the policy would be more than \$50,000, if the period of insurance to which each premium relates were 12 months.	37 38 39 40			
		•		leath benefit—see section 25(1)(a).	41			
				ans pre-injury average weekly earnings.	42			
	-			chological injury—see section 8C.	43			
	- (Commi	ssior	directions has the same meaning as in the Personal Injury a Act 2020.	44 45			
	I.	psychol	logic	ral injury—see section 8D.	46			

			racia	al harassment—see section 8E.	1				
			reaso	onable management action—see section 8F.	2				
			relev	nant event—see section 8G.	3				
			seco	ndary psychological injury—see section 8H.	4				
				al harassment—see section 8I.	5				
				matic incident—see section 8J	6				
				rious trauma—see section 8K.	7				
			<i>WPI</i> bonu	means the wage price index ordinary time, hourly rates of pay excluding ses, all sectors (NSW) issued by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.	8 9				
[3]	Part 1, Division 2								
	Inser	t after	section	n 7A—	11				
	Division 2			Interpretation and related provisions—psychological injuries	12 13				
	Sub	divis	ion 1	Preliminary	14				
	8	Purp	ose o	f division	15				
		(1)	This	division provides for—	16				
			(a)	interpretative provisions relating to psychological injuries, and	17				
			(b)	other matters relating to the application of the Workers Compensation Acts to psychological injuries.	18 19				
		(2)	This	division does not—	20				
			(a)	extend the definition of <i>injury</i> in section 4, or	21				
			(b)	limit or otherwise affect the operation of section 4 in relation to personal injury or disease injury.	22 23				
	Sub	divis	ion 2	Definitions	24				
	8 A	Meaning of "bullying"							
				is Act, <i>bullying</i> , in relation to a worker, means an individual or a group of	26				
			of w	riduals repeatedly behaving unreasonably towards the worker or a group orkers of which the worker is a member.	27 28				
	8B	Mea	ning o	f "excessive work demands"	29				
				is Act, <i>excessive work demands</i> , in relation to a worker, means work ands that are—	30 31				
			(a)	beyond the requirements expected of the worker's role, and	32				
			(b)	repeated or persistent, and	33				
			(c)	not reasonable in all the circumstances.	34				
	8C	Mea	ning o	f "primary psychological injury"	35				
				is Act, <i>primary psychological injury</i> means a psychological injury that is secondary psychological injury.	36 37				

8D	Mea	aning of "psychological injury"								
		In this Act, <i>psychological injury</i> means an injury that is a mental or psychiatric disorder that causes behavioural, cognitive or psychological dysfunction.								
8E	Mea	ning o	f "racial harassment"	5						
		In th	is Act, <i>racial harassment</i> , in relation to a worker, means an act that is—	6						
		(a)	reasonably likely in all the circumstances to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate the worker, and	7 8						
		(b)	done because of the race, colour or national or ethnic origin of the worker.	9 10						
8F	Meaning of "reasonable management action"									
	(1)	In th	is Act, reasonable management action means management action—	12						
		(a)	taken in a reasonable way, and	13						
		(b)	that is reasonable in all the circumstances.	14						
	(2)	a wo	nout limiting subsection (1), reasonable management action in relation to orker includes each of the following actions, if taken in a reasonable way reasonable in all the circumstances—	15 16 17						
		(a)	appraisal of or feedback about the worker's performance,	18						
		(b)	counselling of the worker,	19						
		(c)	demotion, redeployment or retrenchment of the worker,	20						
		(d)	disciplinary action taken in relation to the worker's employment,	21						
		(e)	dismissal of the worker,	22						
		(f)	investigation by the worker's employer of alleged misconduct—	23						
			(i) by the worker, or	24						
			(ii) of another person relating to the employer's workforce in which the worker was involved or to which the worker was a witness,	25 26						
		(g)	promotion of the worker, including a worker being unsuccessful in a promotion,	27 28						
		(h)	provision of leave of absence to the worker,	29						
		(i)	provision to the worker of a benefit connected with the worker's employment,	30 31						
		(j)	reclassification of the worker's employment position,	32						
		(k)	suspension or stand-down of the worker's employment,	33						
		(1)	training a worker in relation to the worker's employment,	34						
		(m)	transfer of the worker's employment,	35						
		(n)	communication in connection with an action mentioned in paragraphs (a)–(m),	36 37						
		(o)	another action prescribed by the regulations.	38						
8G	Mea	ning o	f "relevant event"	39						
		In th	is Act, a <i>relevant event</i> means—	40						
		(a)	being subjected to an act of violence or a threat of violence, or	41						
		(b)	being subjected to indictable criminal conduct, or	42						
		(c)	witnessing—	43						

		(i) a traumatic incident happen, or	1
		(ii) a dead or seriously injured person at the scene of a traumatic incident, or	2
	(d)	experiencing vicarious trauma, or	4
	(e)	being subjected to sexual harassment, or	5
	(f)	being subjected to racial harassment, or	6
	(g)	being subjected to bullying, or	7
	(h)	being subjected to excessive work demands, or	8
	(i)	another event prescribed by the regulations.	9
8H	Meaning o	f "secondary psychological injury"	10
	the e	is Act, secondary psychological injury means a psychological injury to extent the psychological injury arises as a consequence of, or secondary to, vsical injury.	11 12 13
81	Meaning o	f "sexual harassment"	14
		is Act, sexual harassment, in relation to a worker, means a person who	15
		es an unwelcome sexual advance, or an unwelcome request for sexual ars, to the worker or engages in other unwelcome conduct of a sexual	16 17
	natur	e in relation to the worker.	18
8J	Meaning o	f "traumatic incident"	19
	In thi	is Act, a <i>traumatic incident</i> means—	20
	(a)	any of the following incidents if the incident results in, or is likely to result in, the death of, or serious injury to, a person—	21 22
		(i) an act of violence,	23
		(ii) indictable criminal conduct,	24
		(iii) a natural disaster, fire or explosion,	25
	(1.)	(iv) a motor accident or other accident, or	26
	(b)	a suicide or attempted suicide, or	27
	(c)	an incident prescribed by the regulations.	28
8K	Meaning o	f "vicarious trauma"	29
		is Act, vicarious trauma means the psychological impact of repeated	30
		sure, in the course of a worker's duties, to the traumatic experiences of s that result from traumatic incidents.	31 32
Sub	division 3	Related matters	33
8L		est for determining whether act or omission constitutes bullying, work demands or racial or sexual harassment	34 35
	subje	etermining whether an act or omission amounted to a worker being acted to bullying, excessive work demands, racial harassment or sexual assment that caused a primary psychological injury—	36 37 38
	(a)	an objective test must be used, and	39
	(b)	the worker's perception of the relevant event is relevant, but only to the extent the worker's perception of the event is reasonable.	40 41

8M	Matt	ers to	be considered in determining excessive work demands	1		
	In determining whether work demands made of a worker are excessive work demands, the following matters must be considered—					
		(a)	the usual patterns of work in the industry, or part of the industry, in which the worker is employed,	4 5		
		(b)	supervision of the worker, including—	6		
			(i) level of control over the worker's tasks, and	7		
			(ii) whether there is unreasonable surveillance of the worker,	8		
		(c)	the nature of the worker's role, the worker's level of responsibility and the nature of the worker's employment arrangement,	9 10		
		(d)	whether the worker is entitled to receive—	11		
			(i) overtime payments, penalty rates, an on-call allowance or other compensation for working additional hours, or	12 13		
			(ii) a level of remuneration that reflects an expectation of working additional hours,	14 15		
		(e)	the needs of the workplace in which the worker is employed,	16		
		(f)	staffing levels in the workplace, including the mix of qualifications and skills of employees, as the levels and mix relate to the worker's workload,	17 18 19		
		(g)	industrial agreements and arrangements relevant to the worker,	20		
		(h)	any other relevant matter.	21		
8N		rious 1 onsibi	trauma caused by act or omission for which worker has criminal ility	22 23		
		work injur	compensation is payable for a primary psychological injury caused by a ker experiencing vicarious trauma if the act or omission that caused the ry was an act or omission for which the worker has criminal responsibility. **nple**— The worker is an accessory to the act or omission that caused the injury.	24 25 26 27		
80	Coni injur		on between relevant events, employment and primary psychological	28 29		
		No c	compensation is payable for a primary psychological injury to a worker ss—	30 31		
		(a)	a relevant event or a series of relevant events caused the primary psychological injury, and	32 33		
		(b)	there is a real and direct connection between the relevant event or series of relevant events and the worker's employment, and	34 35		
		(c)	employment is the main contributing factor to the primary psychological injury.	36 37		
8P	Phys	sical a	and primary psychological injuries caused by same act or omission	38		
	(1)		s section applies if a worker has a physical injury and a primary chological injury caused by the same act or omission.	39 40		
	(2)		worker is entitled to compensation on the basis of whichever injury gives worker the greater entitlement to compensation.	41 42		
8Q	Rea	ulation	ns	43		
	- 3.		regulations may provide for matters relating to primary psychological	44		
			ries, including—	45		

		(a)	the type of matters or circumstances an insurer must take into account when determining whether an injury is a primary psychological injury for which compensation is payable, and	1 2 3
		(b)	the evidence a worker must provide for a claim in relation to a primary psychological injury.	5
[4]	Section 9A factor to in		ompensation payable unless employment substantial contributing	6 7
	Omit section	n 9A(4	4). Insert instead—	8
	(4)	This	section does not apply in relation to—	9
		(a)	a primary psychological injury to which section 8O applies, or	10
		(b)	an injury to which section 10, 11 or 12 applies.	11
[5]	Section 11/ actions of		compensation for psychological injury caused by reasonable yer	12 13
	Omit section	n 11A	(1) and (3). Insert instead—	14
	(1)		compensation is payable under this Act in relation to a psychological y if a significant cause of the psychological injury was—	15 16
		(a)	reasonable management action taken or proposed to be taken by an employer in relation to a worker, or	17 18
		(b)	a worker's expectation of reasonable management action being taken in relation to the worker, or	19 20
		(c)	a worker's perception of reasonable management action taken or being taken in relation to the worker.	21 22
		Note- psych	 A psychological injury includes a primary psychological injury and a secondary hological injury. 	23 24
[6]	Section 11	A(6)		25
	Omit the su	bsecti	on.	26
1.9	Miscellan	eous	s amendments	27
[1]	Section 19	Presu	imptions relating to certain employment	28
	Omit section	n 19(1)(b). Insert instead—	29
		(b)	either—	30
			(i) for a person to whom Schedule 6, Part 19H, clause 20 or 25 applies—the employment is deemed to have been a substantial contributing factor to the disease, or	31 32 33
			(ii) otherwise—the employment is deemed to have been the main contributing factor to the disease.	34 35
[2]	Section 19I	B Pres	sumptions relating to certain employment in relation to COVID-19	36
	Omit section	n 19B	(5). Insert instead—	37
	(5)	the s	his Act, it is presumed, unless the contrary is established, that a worker ubject of a presumption under subsection (1) is incapable of work as a t of COVID-19 for the period—	38 39 40
		(a)	starting on the date of the injury, and	41
		(b)	ending on a date established in accordance with the regulations, unless sooner ended by the death of the worker.	42 43

	(5A)	The regulations may provide for when a worker is incapable of work for subsection (5).	1
[3]	Section 43	Work capacity decisions by insurers	3
	Omit "pre-	injury average weekly earnings or" from section 43(1)(d).	4
[4]	Section 43	s(2)(b)	5
	Omit "1998	8 Act.". Insert instead—	6
		1998 Act,	7
		(c) a decision about the amount of an injured worker's PIAWE.	8
[5]	Section 44	BAA	9
	Omit the se	ection. Insert instead—	10
4	4BA Cert	ain disputes and decisions may proceed to determination by Commission	11
		The following may proceed to determination by the Commission—	12
		(a) a dispute in relation to a work capacity decision under section 43,	13
		(b) a decision in relation to PIAWE.	14
4	4BB Reg	ulations	15
		The regulations may provide for the procedures to be followed by insurers in connection with—	16 17
		(a) the making of work capacity decisions, including the adjustment of an amount of weekly payments a result of work capacity decisions, and	18 19
		(b) the making of decisions about PIAWE, including the adjustment of weekly payments as a result of decisions.	20 21
[6]	Section 60 etc	Compensation for cost of medical or hospital treatment and rehabilitation	22 23
	Omit "reas	onably necessary" wherever occurring in section 60(1), (2B) and (2C)(a).	24
	Insert inste	ad "reasonable and necessary".	25
[7]	Section 60	AA Compensation for domestic assistance	26
	Omit "reas	onably necessary" from section 60AA(1) wherever occurring.	27
	Insert inste	ad "reasonable and necessary".	28
[8]	Section 61	Rates applicable for medical or related treatment	29
	Omit "the r	reasonable necessity for the treatment" from section 61(1).	30
	Insert inste	ad "whether the treatment is reasonable and necessary".	31
[9]	Section 63	A Rates applicable for workplace rehabilitation services	32
	Omit "the 1	reasonable necessity for the service" from section 63A(1).	33
		ad "whether the service is reasonable and necessary".	34
[10]	Section 65	SB	35
- -	Insert after	section 65A—	36

	65B	Provi	sion fo	r HIV/	AIDS	1
		(1)	impairi	ment	impairment compensation is not payable for permanent that is HIV/AIDS if the impairment resulted from voluntary ty or illicit drug use.	2 3 4
		(2)	This su	ıbsect	ion does not limit the operation of section 14.	5
[11]	Sect	ion 66	A Agree	ment	s for compensation	6
	Omit	the sec	ction.			7
[12]	Sect	ion 67 <i>A</i>	A Specia	al pro	ovisions for HIV/AIDS	8
	Omit	the sec	ction.			9
[13]	Sect of se	ion 68E ections	B Deduc 15, 16,	tions 17 ar	for previous injuries and pre-existing conditions—operation and 22	10 11
	Omit	the sec	ction.			12
[14]	Sect	ion 73	Reimbu	ırsem	nent for costs of medical certificate and examination	13
	Omit	the sec	ction.			14
[15]	Sect	ion 87I	Payme	nt		15
	Omit	"The a	nnual re	eport	of the Authority" from section 87I(3).	16
	Inser	t instea	d "The	annua	al review of the Commission".	17
[16]	Sect	ion 155	Comp	ulsor	y insurance for employers	18
	Omit	section	` ′		alty. Insert instead—	19
			Maxim	um p	enalty—	20
					arge employer—the greater of the following amounts or 2 years sonment, or both—	21 22
					the amount that is 3 times the amount of the premium that would have been payable if the policy of insurance had been obtained and maintained,	23 24 25
			((ii)	1,000 penalty units, or	26
				for and	other employer—500 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, h.	27 28
[17]	Sect	ion 160	Recov	ery o	f excess from employer	29
	Pract	tice and		ıms G	s amount determined by the Workers Compensation Market uidelines in respect of that policy" from section 160(1), definition <i>punt</i> .	30 31 32
	Inser	t instea	d "exce	ss am	ount prescribed by the regulations".	33
[18]	Sect	ion 160	(1), def	finitio	on of "small business employer"	34
	Omit	the de	finition.			35
[19]	Sect	ion 160	(4A)			36
	Omit	the sul	section	l .		37
[20]	Sect	ion 160	(9)			38
	Inser	t after s	ection 1	160(8))—	39

		(0)	TT1		
		(9)	preso	regulations may provide for matters relating to the payment of the cribed excess amount, including the circumstances in which the cribed excess amount must be paid.	1 2 3
[21]	Secti	ion 17	3AA		4
	Inser	t after	section	n 173A—	5
17	'3AA		nce fo	r large employers to fail to give insurers information relevant to rance	6 7
		(1)	work	rge employer must not recklessly fail to comply with a requirement under cers compensation legislation for the large employer to give an insurer the owing—	8 9 10
			(a)	information about the wages of workers employed by the large employer,	11 12
			(b)	other information that enables the insurer to accurately calculate a workers compensation premium for workers employed by the large employer.	13 14 15
			Max	imum penalty—	16
			(a)	for a large employer—the greater of the following amounts or imprisonment for 2 years, or both—	17 18
				(i) the amount that is 3 times the amount of the premium that would have been payable if the policy of insurance had been obtained and maintained,	19 20 21
				(ii) 1,000 penalty units, or	22
			(b)	for another employer—500 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both.	23 24
		(2)		subsection (1), recklessness may also be established by proof of intention nowledge.	25 26
1.10) Ame	endm	ent r	elating to savings and transitional provisions	27
	Sche	dule 6	6		28
	Inser	t befor	e Part	20, with appropriate part and clause numbering—	29
	Par	t		ovisions consequent on Workers Compensation gislation Amendment Act 2025	30 31
		Defir	nitions	3	32
			In th	is part—	33
				ndment Act means the Workers Compensation Legislation Amendment	34 35
				hological injury provisions means the provisions of Part 1, Division 2 as read by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.8[3].	36 37
		Appl	icatio	n of amendments made by amendment Act generally	38
				ect to this part and the regulations, an amendment made by the ndment Act applies as follows—	39 40
			(a)	to an injury received on or after the commencement of the amendment,	41

	(b)	to an injury notified on or after the commencement of the amendment, whether the injury was received before or after the commencement,	1				
	(c)	to a claim for compensation made on or after the commencement of the amendment,	3				
	(d)	to proceedings initiated in the Commission or a court on or after the commencement of the amendment.	5				
Prim	ary ps	sychological injuries	7				
(1)	A psychological injury provision applies to an injury of which the employer first receives notification on or after the commencement of the psychological injury provision.						
(2)	befor conti	a psychological injury of which the employer first received notification re the commencement of the psychological injury provisions, the Act nues to apply in relation to the injury as if the amendment Act had not menced.	11 12 13 14				
(3)	insur	an injury that is re-classified as a primary psychological injury by an er on or after the commencement of the psychological injury provisions, ons 8D and 8H do not apply.	15 16 17				
App	icatio	n of amendments to exempt workers	18				
(1)	to a	amendments made by the amendment Act do not apply to, or in relation in injury received by, an exempt worker other than the following adments—	19 20 21				
	(a)	sections 60, 60AA, 61 and 63A made by Schedule 1.9[6]-[9],	22				
	(b)	the omission of section 79 by Schedule 1.4[15],	23				
	(c)	the substitution of section 80 and omission of section 81 by Schedule 1.4[16].	24 25				
(2)	In th	is clause—	26				
	exen	upt worker means the following—	27				
	(a)	a police officer,	28				
	(b)	a paramedic,	29				
	(c)	a firefighter.	30				
App	icatio	n of amendments to coal miners	31				
	The at	amendments made by the amendment Act do not apply to, or in relation injury received by, a coal miner other than the following amendments—	32 33				
	(a)	the amendments to section 25 made by Schedule 1.4[1] and [2],	34				
	(b)	the insertion of new Part 3, Division 1A by Schedule 1.2,	35				
	(c)	the omission of section 66A by Schedule 1.9[11],	36				
	(d)	the omission of section 79 by Schedule 1.4[15],	37				
	(e)	the substitution of section 80 and omission of section 81 by Schedule 1.4[16],	38 39				
	(f)	the amendments to section 160 made by Schedule 1.9[17]-[20],	40				
	(g)	the amendments to Schedule 6 made by Schedule 1 4[45]_[54]	4.				

App	icatio	n of amendments to claims for dust diseases	1		
		amendments made by the amendment Act do not apply for the purposes e Workers' Compensation (Dust Diseases) Act 1942 other than—	2		
	(a)	the amendment to section 60 made by Schedule 1.9[6], and	4		
	(b)	the omission of section 79 by Schedule 1.4[15],	5		
	(c)	the substitution of section 80 and omission of section 81 by Schedule 1.4[16].	6 7		
App	icatio	n of amendments to claims for volunteers	8		
	of th	amendments made by the amendment Act do not apply for the purposes e <i>Workers Compensation (Bush Fire, Emergency and Rescue Services)</i> 1987 other than—	9 10 11		
	(a)	the amendment to section 60 made by Schedule 1.9[6], and	12		
	(b)	the omission of section 79 by Schedule 1.4[15],	13		
	(c)	the substitution of section 80 and omission of section 81 by Schedule 1.4[16].	14 15		
		aims in relation to primary psychological injuries—weekly and medical, hospital and rehabilitation treatment	16 17		
(1)	Subject to this part, a provision of this Act, Part 2, as in force immediately before the commencement of an amendment made to the provision by the amendment Act, continues to apply to an existing claim as if the amendment made by to the provision by the amendment Act had not commenced.				
(2)	In th	is clause—	22		
	exist	ing claim means the following claims—	23		
	(a)	a claim for compensation in relation to which an application for a determination of a claim for compensation was made but not finally determined before the commencement,	24 25 26		
	(b)	a claim for permanent impairment compensation made but not finally determined before the commencement.	27 28		
Pres	umpti	ons relating to certain employment	29		
	appli	amendment of section 19 made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[1] es only in relation to a diagnosis of a deemed disease made on or after the mencement of Schedule 1.9[1].	30 31 32		
Pres	umpti	ons relating to certain employment in relation to COVID-19	33		
	appli	amendment of section 19B by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[2] es only in relation to a worker diagnosed with COVID-19 by a medical itioner on or after the commencement of Schedule 1.9[2].	34 35 36		
Com	pensa	ition payable on death—lump sum death benefit	37		
	and	amendments of section 25 made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4[1] [2] apply only in relation to deaths that occur on or after the mencement of Schedule 1.4[1] and [2].	38 39 40		
Com	pensa	ition payable on death—death benefit disputes	41		
		3, Division 1A, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.2, applies in relation to deaths that occur on or after the commencement of Schedule	42 43		

Max	imum weekly compensation amount	1
	The amendment of section 34 made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4[3] applies to all claims, whether made before or after the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4[3].	2 3 4
Wee	kly payments after second entitlement period (after week 130)	5
	The amendment of section 38 made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[2] applies only to a claim to which Part 1, Division 2, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.8[3], applies.	6 7 8
PIAV	VE .	9
	Section 43, as amended by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[3] and [4], applies to a decision about PIAWE made on or after the commencement of Schedule 1.9[3] and [4], regardless of when the initial notification or claim was made.	10 11 12 13
Limi	t on payment of compensation	14
	The amendments of section 59A made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1 [8]–[10] apply only to a claim to which Part 1, Division 2, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.8[3], applies.	15 16 17
	sonable and necessary medical and other treatment—sections 60, 60AA, nd 63A	18 19
(1)	The amendments of sections 60, 60AA, 61 and 63A made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[6]–[9] apply only to a new claim for medical expenses compensation made on or after the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[6]–[9].	20 21 22 23
(2)	In this clause—	24
	existing claim means the following—	25
	(a) a claim for medical and related expenses made but not finally determined before the commencement,	26 27
	 (b) a claim for medical and related expenses which has been approved and in relation to which medical or related treatment has, before the commencement— (i) not yet been provided, or (ii) started but not completed. 	28 29 30 31 32
Lum	p sum compensation for psychological injuries	33
(1)	The amendments to section 65A made by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[12] and [13] apply only to a claim for lump sum compensation made on or after the commencement of Schedule 1.1[12] and [13].	34 35 36
(2)	The amendment to section 65A(3) by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[14] applies only to a claim for lump sum compensation made on or after the commencement of Schedule 1.1[14].	37 38 39
(3)	In this clause—	40
	<i>claim for lump sum compensation</i> means a claim specifically seeking compensation under Part 3, Division 4.	41 42

Index	cation	of base amounts	1				
(1)		clause applies in relation to a base amount in workers compensation ation that is amended by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4.	2				
(2)	A regulation may be made under this clause amending the workers compensation legislation to increase the base amount during the transition period.						
(3)	In thi	s clause—	7				
	trans	ition period means the period—	8				
	(a)	starting on the date of assent to the amendment Act, and	9				
	(b)	ending on the day that is 6 months after the day the provision in which the base amount being increased is amended by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.4.	10 11 12				
Exist	ing cla	aims in relation to primary psychological injuries	13				
(1)	applie under	substitution of section 151H by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[18] es only to a claim made by a worker for which a pre-filing statement the 1998 Act, section 315 was not served on the employer before the mencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[18].	14 15 16 17				
(2)	An insurer may, on or after the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[18], re-classify a claim made before that commencement as a claim for a physical injury or a primary psychological injury for the purposes of section 151H(2)–(4).						
(3)	151H	insurer re-classifies a claim as a primary psychological injury, section, as amended by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[18], applies in on to the claim.	22 23 24				
(4)	The amendment of section 151H(2)(b) by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[19] applies only to a claim made by a worker for which a pre-filing statement was not served on the employer before the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.1[19].						
Dete	rminat	ion of degree of permanent impairment	29				
(1)	do no endin	b, Divisions 2 and 3, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.3[5], at apply during the period starting on the date of commencement and g on a date specified by the Authority by notice published in the Gazette <i>elevant period</i>).	30 31 32 33				
(2)	Durin	g the relevant period—	34				
	(a)	section 66A, as in force immediately before the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[11], continues to apply in relation to the claim as if the section had not been repealed by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.9[11], and	35 36 37 38				
	(b)	if the worker and the employer or insurer cannot agree as to the degree of permanent impairment that has resulted from the injury—the matter is a dispute for the purposes of the 1998 Act, Chapter 7, Part 7 and may be referred to the Commission.	39 40 41 42				
Limit	s on r	e-filing premiums	43				
Despite anything in this Act, Part 7, the regulations or the Market Practice and Premium Guidelines, the Authority must reject a revised premium filing from a licensed insurer that seeks to reduce premium pricing for the financial year starting on 1 July 2025 and ending on 30 June 2026.							

Enfo	rceable undertakings	1
	Part 7, Division 4A, as inserted by the amendment Act, Schedule 1.6, applies only to a contravention or alleged contravention by an insurer in relation to the Workers Compensation Acts on or after the commencement of the amendment Act, Schedule 1.6.	2 3 4 5
Insu	rer's Guarantee Fund	6
(1)	On the commencement, the control, direction and management of the assets, rights and liabilities of the Insurance Guarantee Fund is transferred from the Authority to ICNSW.	7 8 9
(2)	A proceeding relating to the asset, right or liability by or against the Authority that was started and not finally determined before the transfer is taken to be a proceeding by or against ICNSW.	10 11 12
(3)	Another act, matter or thing done or omitted to be done in relation to an asset, right or liability of the Insurance Guarantee Fund by, or in relation to, the Authority is, to the extent the act, matter or thing has any force or effect, taken to have been done or omitted by, to or in relation to ICNSW.	13 14 15 16
(4)	A reference in an Act, or in an instrument of any kind, including a contract or agreement, to the Authority so far as the reference relates to the assets, rights and liabilities of the Insurance Guarantee Fund, is taken to be a reference to ICNSW.	17 18 19 20
(5)	In this section—	21
	commencement means the commencement of this clause.	22
Revi	ew of workers compensation scheme	23
(1)	The Treasurer and Ministers must jointly ensure a review of aspects of the workers compensation scheme, including the sustainability of the scheme, is conducted, subject to terms of reference to be determined by the Government.	24 25 26
(2)	The review must be started as soon as practicable after the date of assent to the amendment Act.	27 28

Sc	hedu	le 2		mendment of Workplace Injury Management nd Workers Compensation Act 1998 No 86	1
[1]	Sect	ion 35	Paym	ents into and from Fund	3
	Inser	t after	section	n 35(2)(g)—	2
			(g1)	amounts required for the costs of the Industrial Relations Commission exercising jurisdiction under Chapter 7, Part 3, Division 3A,	5
[2]	Sect	ion 45	В		7
	Inser	t after	section	n 45A—	8
	45B	Indep	ende	nt allied health consultants	9
		(1)	appro	Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for matters relating to the oval of allied health practitioners as independent allied health consultants sist with proactively managing claims.	10 11 12
		(2)		out limiting subsection (1), the Workers Compensation Guidelines may ide for the following—	13 14
			(a)	the approval of independent allied health consultants, including the processes and procedures for the approval,	15 16
			(b)	the functions of approved independent allied health consultants,	17
			(c)	conditions to be imposed on the approval of independent allied health consultants,	18 19
			(d)	the monitoring of services provided by approved independent allied health consultants.	20 21
		(3)	The	names and contact details of approved independent allied health ultants may be made available by publication on the Authority's website.	22 23
		(4)	Auth the C	ndependent allied health consultant who is aggrieved by a decision of the ority to revoke the practitioner's approval under this section may apply to Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an administrative review of the sion under the Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997.	24 25 26 27
		(5)	appro	maximum amount an employer is liable to pay for the services of an oved independent allied health consultant must be set by the Authority by published on the NSW legislation website.	28 29 30
[3]	Sect	ion 49	Empl	oyer must provide suitable work	31
	Omit	"50 pe	enalty	units" from section 49(1), penalty. Insert instead "100 penalty units".	32
[4]	Sect	ion 76	Defin	itions	33
	Omit	the de	finitio	ns of <i>internal review</i> and <i>original decision</i> . Insert in alphabetical order—	34
				nal review means a review by an insurer of—	35
			(a)	a work capacity decision under Chapter 7, Part 4, or	36
			(b)	a decision about the amount of a worker's PIAWE.	37
			of a	<i>nal decision</i> means either of the following decisions that are the subject n internal review or a dispute referred for determination by the mission—	38 39 40
			(a)	a work capacity decision,	41
			(b)	a decision about the amount of a worker's PIAWE.	42

[5]	Section 76, definition of "review decision", paragraph (a)							
	Omit the paragra	ph. Insert instead—	2					
	(a)	in relation to an original decision that is the subject of an internal review—	3 4					
		(i) a work capacity decision made by an insurer as a result of the review, or	5 6					
		(ii) a decision about the amount of a worker's PIAWE made by an insurer as a result of the review, or	7 8					
[6]	Section 78 Insu	rer to give notice of decisions	9					
	Omit "the compe	ensation." from section 78(1)(b). Insert instead—	10					
		the compensation, or	11					
	(c)	to not enter into a permanent impairment agreement following the issue of a principal assessment certificate under the 1987 Act, Part 6.	12 13					
		Note— Section 105 provides that the Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under the Workers Compensation Acts.	14 15 16					
[7]	Section 83, head	ding	17					
	Insert "or decision	on about PIAWE" after "work capacity decision".	18					
[8]	Section 83(c)		19					
	Omit the paragra	ph. Insert instead—	20					
	(c)	the withdrawal of the referral to the Commission for determination of a	21					
		dispute about— (i) a work capacity decision, or	22 23					
		(ii) a worker's PIAWE, or	24					
	(d)	the discontinuance or dismissal of proceedings before the Commission in relation to a dispute referred to in paragraph (c).	25 26					
[9]	Section 231A		27					
	Insert after section	on 231—	28					
	231A Employers	s not entitled to attend medical treatment or medical examination	29					
		her an employer nor the employer's representative is entitled to attend	30					
		er of the following unless the worker requests the attendance—	31					
	(a)	medical treatment of the worker,	32					
	(b)	a medical examination of the worker.	33					
[10]	Chapter 7, Part	2, Division 3	34					
	Insert after Divis	ion 2—	35					
	Division 3	Miscellaneous	36					
	264A Regulatio	ns	37					
	Divi	regulations may provide for the modification of the application of sions 1 and 2 in relation to claims made for primary psychological injuries rred to in section 264B.	38 39 40					

[11]							
	Insert after Chapt		Chapt	er 7, Part 3, heading—	2		
	Division 1A		1 A	Application of part	3		
26	264B Application			n of part	4		
		(1)		sions 1–3 do not apply in relation to a primary psychological injury ed by being subjected to—	5 6		
			(a)	bullying, or	7		
			(b)	excessive work demands, or	8		
			(c)	racial harassment, or	9		
			(d)	sexual harassment.	10		
		(2)	Divi	sion 3A applies in relation to primary psychological injuries caused by—	11		
			(a)	bullying, or	12		
			(b)	excessive work demands, or	13		
			(c)	racial harassment, or	14		
			(d)	sexual harassment.	15		
[12]	Chap	oter 7,	Part 3	3, Division 3A	16		
	Inser	t after	Divisi	on 3—	17		
	Divi	sion	3A	Special provisions for primary psychological injuries caused by bullying, excessive work demands and harassment	18 19 20		
280	AA	Appl	icatio	n of division	21		
			This relev	division applies to a claim in relation to a relevant injury caused by vant conduct.	22 23		
			Note of this	 This division applies only in relation to claims made after the commencement s section. 	24 25		
280	AB	Defi	nitions	5	26		
			In th	is division—	27		
				vant conduct means the following—	28		
			(a)	bullying,	29		
			(b)	excessive work demands,	30		
			(c)	racial harassment,	31		
			(d)	sexual harassment.	32		
				cant injury means a primary psychological injury caused by being ected to relevant conduct.	33 34		
280	AC	Liab	ility to	be determined and weekly payments commenced within 42 days	35		
		(1)		nin 42 days after a claim for a relevant injury is made under this division, insurer on whom the claim is made must decide to—	36 37		
			(a)	accept the claim and commence weekly payments, or	38		
			(b)	dispute liability.	39		

		Note— Section 280AG makes failure to comply with this section an offence. Section 280AE requires notice of a dispute to be given.	1 2
	(2)	A finding by a commission, court or tribunal that relevant conduct has occurred is taken to be evidence the relevant conduct occurred.	3 4
	(3)	If the insurer does not make a decision to accept the claim or dispute liability within the time required by subsection (1), the insurer is deemed to have made a decision to have accepted the claim.	5 6 7
280AD	Entit	tlements during determination period	8
	(1)	While a decision is being made under section 280AC to accept the claim or dispute liability, the worker is entitled to a weekly payment (the <i>interim entitlement payment</i>) of—	9 10 11
		(a) if the worker has no current work capacity—75% of the worker's PIAWE,	12 13
		(b) if the worker has current work capacity—75% of the worker's PIAWE less the worker's current weekly earnings.	14 15
		Note — PIAWE and current weekly earnings are calculated in accordance with the 1987 Act, Part 3 and Schedule 3.	16 17
	(2)	While a decision is being made under section 280AC to accept the claim or dispute liability, the worker is also entitled to medical or related treatment in relation to the relevant injury to a cost of not more than—	18 19 20
		(a) the amount specified in the Workers Compensation Guidelines, or	21
		(b) if an amount is not specified in the Workers Compensation Guidelines—\$7,500.	22 23
	(3)	The worker's entitlement to an interim entitlement payment and medical expenses compensation under subsections (1) and (2) ceases—	24 25
		(a) if the insurer decides to dispute liability—14 days after the decision is made, or	26 27
		(b) 56 days after the day the claim is made.	28
	(4)	If the insurer decides to accept the claim, the worker is entitled to—	29
		(a) an amount (a <i>back payment</i>) equal to the difference between the interim entitlement payments and the worker's PIAWE for the period—	30 31
		(i) starting on the day the claim was made, and	32
		(ii) ending on the day the decision to accept the claim was made, and	33
		(b) reimbursement for any reasonable and necessary medical treatment for the relevant injury for which the worker paid before the decision to accept the claim was made, as specified in the Workers Compensation Guidelines.	34 35 36 37
	(5)	In this section —	38
		medical or related treatment—	39
		(a) has the same meaning as in the 1987 Act, Part 3, Division 3, and	40
		(b) includes out patient hospital treatment and workplace rehabilitation services.	41 42
280AE	Disp	uting liability	43
	(1)	If an insurer disputes liability in relation to a claim or an aspect of a claim, the insurer must give notice to the worker in accordance with section 78 and the regulations.	44 45 46

	(2)	after the claim is made.	1 2
	(3)	The worker may ask the insurer to review the claim, or any aspect of the claim, that is disputed by the insurer.	3 4
	(4)	A request for a review of the claim, or any aspect of the claim, must be made before the dispute may be referred for determination by—	5 6
		(a) the Personal Injury Commission, or	7
		(b) the Industrial Relations Commission.	8
	(5)	Within 14 days after the request for a review is made, the insurer must—	9
		(a) conduct the review, and	10
		(b) notify the worker of the insurer's decision about the review.	11
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	12
	(6)	A decision made following a review under subsection (5) replaces the previous decision of the insurer in relation to the claim.	13 14
	(7)	The Workers Compensation Guidelines may provide for matters relating to—	15
		(a) the notification of decisions of insurers disputing liability for claims, including reasons for the decisions, and	16 17
		(b) the procedure for conducting reviews of the decisions.	18
280AF	Claiı	ms for weekly compensation—commencement of payments	19
	(1)	Weekly payments of compensation must commence as soon as practicable, but no later than 7 days, after a decision is made, or deemed to have been made, to accept the claim.	20 21 22
		Note — Under section 280AC(3), if the insurer does not make a decision to accept the claim or dispute liability within the time required by section 280AC(1), the insurer is deemed to have made a decision to accept the claim.	23 24 25
	(2)	The back payment must be made as soon as practicable, but no later than 21 days, after a decision is made to accept the claim.	26 27
	(3)	This section ceases to apply if the claim for compensation is withdrawn.	28
280AG	Offe	nces—weekly payments	29
	(1)	A person on whom a claim for weekly payments of compensation is made is	30
		guilty of an offence if the person fails to commence the payments within the	31
		time required by section 280AF(1). Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	32
	(2)		33
	(2)	A person on whom a claim for weekly payments of compensation is made is guilty of an offence if the person refers a matter that the person knows is not a	34 35
		genuine dispute for the purpose of delaying, without good cause, the	36
		commencement of weekly payments of compensation.	37
		Maximum penalty—50 penalty units.	38
280AH		strial Relations Commission may determine whether conduct was vant conduct	39 40
	(1)	This section applies if, following a review under section 280AE(5), the insurer still disputes a claim or an aspect of a claim for a relevant injury.	41 42
	(2)	The worker may lodge an application with the Industrial Relations Commission seeking a decision about whether the conduct the subject of the claim was relevant conduct.	43 44 45

	(3)	The Industrial Relations Commission may—	1
		(a) resolve the dispute by conciliation, or	2
		(b) if the dispute cannot be resolved by conciliation—	3
		(i) determine whether the conduct was or was not relevant conduct, and	4 5
		(ii) give a certificate (a <i>certificate of determination</i>) about the matters determined by the Commission.	6 7
	(4)	Without limiting the matters to which the Industrial Relations Commission may have regard in determining whether conduct the subject of the claim was or was not relevant conduct, the Commission may have regard to any evidence from the employer that the conduct was reasonable management action taken or proposed to be taken by the employer.	8 9 10 11 12
	(5)	A certificate of determination must—	13
		(a) set out the details of the determination and the reasons for the determination, and	14 15
		(b) be in the form approved by the President of the Industrial Relations Commission.	16 17
	(6)	The determination of the Industrial Relations Commission about whether the conduct was or was not relevant conduct—	18 19
		(a) is binding, and	20
		(b) cannot be referred for determination by the Personal Injury Commission.	21 22
		Note— The <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> , Chapter 4, Part 7 provides for appeals and references from decisions made, or a matter to be heard, by a single member of the Industrial Relations Commission.	23 24 25
280AI	Effe	t of determination by Industrial Relations Commission	26
	(1)	If the Industrial Relations Commission determines conduct was not relevant conduct, no further compensation is payable to the worker in relation to the injury.	27 28 29
	(2)	If the Industrial Relations Commission determines conduct was relevant conduct—	30 31
		(a) the worker must give a copy of the certificate of determination to the insurer, and	32 33
		(b) the insurer must, not later than 7 days after receiving the certificate, issue a decision notice about the claim.	34 35
	(3)	If the insurer accepts liability for the claim for the relevant injury, the worker is entitled to compensation from the date the claim was made.	36 37
	(4)	If the insurer continues to dispute liability for the claim for the relevant injury, the dispute must be referred for determination by the Personal Injury Commission.	38 39 40
		Note— Section 105 provides that, subject to this Act, the Personal Injury Commission has exclusive jurisdiction to examine, hear and determine all matters arising under this Act and the 1987 Act.	41 42 43
280AJ	Mult	ple entitlements and compensation not permitted	44
	(1)	This section applies if—	45
		(a) a worker is receiving or has received entitlements under the Workers Compensation Acts for a primary psychological injury caused by a	46 47

				and	1 2
			(b)	a stop bullying order or sexual harassment order was made under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> in relation to the bullying or sexual harassment.	3 4 5
		(2)	The v	worker cannot—	6
			(a)	recover damages under a stop bullying order under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> in relation to the same conduct for which the worker is receiving or has received entitlements under the Workers Compensation Acts, or	7 8 9 10
			(b)	recover damages under a sexual harassment order under the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> in relation to the same conduct for which the worker is receiving or has received entitlements under the Workers Compensation Acts.	11 12 13 14
28	0AK	Costs divisi		dustrial Relations Commission exercising jurisdiction under this	15 16
				costs of the Industrial Relations Commission exercising jurisdiction under livision must be paid from the Workers Compensation Operational Fund.	17 18
[13]	Sect	ion 287	7 Disp	utes to which Part applies	19
	Inser	t after s	section	n 287(2)—	20
		(3)		following provisions of this part do not apply to a dispute to which ter 7, Part 3, Division 3A applies—	21 22
			(a)	Division 2,	23
			(b)	Division 3, to the extent the jurisdiction of the Industrial Relations Commission applies to the determination of whether conduct is or is not—	24 25 26
				(i) bullying, or	27
				(ii) excessive work demands, or	28
				(iii) racial harassment, or	29
				(iv) sexual harassment.	30
				Note— Chapter 7, Part 3, Division 3A applies in relation to psychological injuries caused by being subjected to bullying, excessive work demands, racial harassment or sexual harassment.	31 32 33
[14]	Sect	ion 287	7A Re	quest for review	34
	Inser	t after s	section	n 287A(1)(a)—	35
			(a1)	a decision of the insurer about the worker's PIAWE that is disputed by the worker, or	36 37
[15]	Sect	ion 288	Refe	rral of disputes to Commission	38
	Omit	"asses	sment)" from section 288(1), note. Insert instead "disputes)".	39
[16]	Sect	ion 289	Rest	rictions as to when dispute can be referred to Commission	40
_	Omit	"(othe	r than	a dispute based on a work capacity decision)" from section 289(1).	41
		t instea er's PL		ther than a dispute based on a work capacity decision or a dispute about a	42 43

[17]	Section 289(2	(A)	1				
	Omit "reasona	bly necessary". Insert instead "reasonable and necessary".	2				
[18]	Section 289B	Stay of disputed work capacity decision	3				
	Omit section 289B(1). Insert instead—						
	e	the referral of a dispute for determination by the Commission in relation to ither of the following operates to stay the decision and prevents the taking of ection by an insurer based on the decision while the decision is stayed—	5 7				
		a) a work capacity decision to discontinue, or reduce the amount of, weekly payments of compensation,	9				
	`	b) a decision about a worker's PIAWE.	10				
[19]	Section 297 D compensation	virections for interim payment of weekly payments or medical expenses n	11 12				
	Omit section 2	297(1A). Insert instead—	13				
	(1A) S	ection 298 does not apply to a dispute about a decision by the insurer—	14				
	(to discontinue or reduce weekly payments of compensation on the basis of a work capacity decision under the 1987 Act, Part 3, Division 2, or	15 16				
	(b) in relation to a worker's PIAWE.	17				
[20]	Section 297(2	2)	18				
	Omit "\$7,500"	'wherever occurring. Insert instead "\$11,080.20".	19				
[21]	Section 297(4	·)	20				
	Omit "reasona	bly necessary". Insert instead "reasonable and necessary".	21				
[22]	Section 314 V	Vhat constitutes threshold dispute	22				
	Omit section 3	314(1)(a). Insert instead—	23				
	(the person on whom the claim is made has not accepted that the degree of permanent impairment of the injured worker resulting from the injury is—	24 25 26				
		(i) for a physical injury—at least 15%, or	27				
		(ii) for a psychological injury—at least 25%, or	28				
[23])(a)(ii), as inserted by item [23]	29				
	Omit "25%".]	Insert instead "31%.	30				
[24]	Section 314(1), note	31				
	Omit "section	322 (4)". Insert instead "the 1987 Act, section 153B".	32				
[25]	Section 314(4	·)	33				
	Insert after sec	etion 314(3)—	34				
	ir tł	a permanent impairment agreement that specifies the degree of permanent impairment of an injured worker also constitutes acceptance by the parties to be agreement of the degree of permanent impairment for the claim for work being damages.	35 36 37 38				
[26]	Chapter 7, Pa	rt 7, heading	39				
	Omit "assessn	nent". Insert instead "disputes".	40				

[27]	Insert afte		on 310	1
				2
	320 App		on of part	3
			s part applies only to a medical assessment conducted for the purposes of edical dispute before the Commission.	4 5
[28]	Section 3	22 Ass	sessment of impairment	6
	Omit the s	ection.		7
[29]	Section 3	22A, h	eading	8
	Insert "for	· medic	cal dispute" after "impairment".	9
[30]	Section 3	22A(1)		10
	Omit the s			11
[31]	Section 3	22A(1 <i>A</i>	A)	12
		eferenc	te in subsection (1) to an assessment includes an assessment of the degree	13 14
	Insert inst	ead "O	nly one assessment of the degree of permanent impairment may be".	15
[32]	Section 3	22A(2)		16
			ion. Insert instead—	17
	(2)	subs conr pern	medical assessment certificate given in relation to the assessment under section (1A) is the only medical assessment certificate that may be used in nection with any further or subsequent medical dispute about the degree of manent impairment of the worker as a result of the injury, whether the sequent or further dispute is in relation to—	18 19 20 21 22
		(a)	weekly payments, or	23
		(b)	medical expenses compensation, or	24
		(c)	lump sum compensation, or	25
		(d)	commutations, or	26
		(e)	work injury damages.	27
[33]	Section 3	22A, n	ote	28
	Insert at th	ne end o	of the section—	29
		Note in ac	The assessment of permanent impairment under this part must be conducted cordance with the 1987 Act, Part 6.	30 31
[34]	Section 3	23 Ded	luction for previous injury or pre-existing condition or abnormality	32
	Omit the r	note to	the section. Insert instead—	33
		comp	The 1987 Act, Part 6 makes provision for the purposes of calculating workers pensation lump sum benefits for permanent impairment and associated pain and wring in cases to which the 1987 Act, section 15, 16, 17 or 22 applies.	34 35 36
[35]	Section 3	27 App	peal against medical assessment	37
	Omit secti	on 327	(3)(a). Insert instead—	38
		(a)	there has been an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's condition since the principal assessment was made under the 1987 Act, Part 6 that results in an increase in the degree of permanent impairment,	39 40 41

[36]	Section 32	27(3A) and (3B)	1
	Insert after	section 327(3)—	2
	(3A)	For subsection (3)(a), an unexpected and material deterioration in the worker's condition since the principal assessment was made occurs only if—	3 4
		(a) at the time the principal assessment was made there was no reasonable cause to believe the worker's condition would deteriorate, and	5 6
		(b) the deterioration results in an increase in the worker's degree of permanent impairment of at least a further 10 percentage points.	7 8
		Example— A worker was assessed at 25% permanent impairment under the 1987 Act, Part 6. For an appeal under subsection (3)(a), the worker must have an assessment of at least 35% permanent impairment, in addition to otherwise meeting the requirements of this section.	9 10 11 12
	(3B)	For subsection (3A), age-related deterioration must not be taken into account in deciding whether an unexpected and material deterioration in a worker's condition has occurred.	13 14 15
[37]	Section 32	27(7)	16
	Omit the su	ubsection. Insert instead—	17
	(7)	There is no appeal against a medical assessment once the dispute to which the medical assessment relates has been the subject of—	18 19
		(a) a determination by a court or the Commission, or	20
		(b) an agreement registered under the 1987 Act, section 66A before its repeal, or	21 22
		(c) a permanent impairment agreement.	23
[38]	Section 33	2 Definitions	24
	Insert after	section 332(1), definition of <i>costs</i> , paragraph (b)—	25
		(b1) costs incurred in relation to proceedings in the Industrial Relations Commission for matters under Part 3, Division 3A, and	26 27
[39]	Section 33	32(1), definition of "costs", paragraph (e)	28
	Omit the pa	aragraph. Insert instead—	29
		(e) costs incidental to an application for registration of—	30
		(i) an agreement under the 1987 Act, section 66A, or	31
		(ii) a permanent impairment agreement, or(iii) an agreement to commute liability to a lump sum, and	32 33
[40]	Section 33	7 Maximum lawyer and agent costs	34
	Omit "repo	orts)." from section 337(1)(b). Insert instead—	35
		reports),	36
		(c) funding for ILARS within the meaning of the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act 2020</i> , Schedule 5,	37 38
		(d) a scale of maximum costs for legal and associated costs provided by the Independent Review Officer under the <i>Personal Injury Commission Act</i> 2020, including providing for no costs to be payable for certain matters or in particular circumstances.	39 40 41 42

[41]	Section 377 Special requirements relating to Workers Compensation Guidelines relating to impairment				
	Insert after section 377(3)—		3		
	(4)	This section does not apply to Workers Compensation Guidelines made under Chapter 7, Part 6.	4		

Schedule 3			Amendment of Personal Injury Commission Act 2020 No 18		
[1]	Sect	ion 43	SA.	3	
	Inser	t after	section 43—	4	
	43A	Com	mission may appoint tutor for person under legal incapacity	5	
		(1)	This section applies if proceedings directly or significantly affect a person under legal incapacity.	6 7	
		(2)	The Commission may appoint a person the Commission considers appropriate, including a person from the Guardian Ad Litem Panel, to— (a) separately represent the person, and	8 9 10	
			(b) support the person.	11	
		(3)	A tutor must not commence or carry on proceedings except by a solicitor, unless the Commission orders otherwise.	12 13	
		(4)	The Commission may give directions in relation to the conduct of a tutor.	14	
		(5)	The Commission rules and procedural directions may provide for matters relating to tutors, including—	15 16	
			(a) the conduct of tutors, and	17	
			(b) the removal of tutors.	18	
		(6)	In this section—	19	
			Guardian Ad Litem Panel means the Guardian Ad Litem Panel constituted under the Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998.	20 21	
			<i>person under legal incapacity</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Civil Procedure</i> Act 2005.	22 23	
[2]	Sche	edule (5 Independent Review Officer	24	
	Omit	t claus	e 6(a). Insert instead—	25	
			(a) to assist and advise persons wishing to make complaints to the Independent Review Officer under this schedule and to deal with complaints made,	26 27 28	
[3]	Sche	edule (5, clause 9(2)	29	
	Omi	t the su	abclause. Insert instead—	30	
		(2)	The purpose of ILARS is to provide funding for legal and associated costs for workers under the Workers Compensation Acts seeking advice, representation or assistance regarding decisions of insurers or disputes that, if not addressed through legal representation or assistance, would result in a disadvantage to injured workers in relation to the workers' rights or entitlements to benefits under Workers Compensation Acts.	31 32 33 34 35 36	
[4]	Sche	edule (5, clauses 9A and 9B	37	
	Inser	t after	Schedule 5, clause 9—	38	
	9A	Fund	ding for legal and associated costs	39	
		(1)	The Independent Review Officer must not provide funding for legal and associated costs to a person unless the Independent Review Officer is satisfied—	40 41 42	

		(a)	worke	ers compensation funds for the purposes of the ILARS scheme, the my would be justified by the likely benefit to—	1 2 3
				the person, or	4
				workers under the Workers Compensation Acts, and	5
		(b)		erson has reasonable prospects of success in relation to the matter ich the proposed funding relates, having regard to—	6
				the investigations that are necessary to establish the entitlements of the person, and	8
			. ,	the need for an assessment of the correctness of decisions made in relation to the person under the Workers Compensation Acts by insurers, and	10 11 12
			(iii)	the resolution of any disputes about the entitlements, and	13
		(c)	would	lent person who is self-funding, with adequate financial resources, luse the person's own financial resources for the purposes for the proposed funding is to be applied.	14 15 16
	(2)	Indep	pendent	ions may provide for the matters to be considered by the Review Officer in the assessment of the provision of funding for sociated costs under subclause (1).	17 18 19
	9B Inde	pende	nt Revi	ew Officer may arrange alternative assistance	20
		On r		of a request for funding the Independent Review Officer may	21 22
		(a)	to pro	vide funding under this part, or	23
		(b)	clause	se any of the other Independent Review Officer's functions under 6 in addition to, or instead of, providing funding, including by 1 the request as a complaint about the actions of an insurer.	24 25 26
[5]	Schedule	5, clau	se 10(1)(a)	27
			•	n of the approval of lawyers" after "approval)".	28
[6]	Schedule	5, clau	se 10(1)(b) and (c) and (1A)	29
	Omit claus	e 10(1)	(b). Inse	ert instead—	30
		(b)	under regula	location and amount of funding for legal and associated costs ILARS, to the extent the guidelines are not inconsistent with ations under the Workers Compensation Acts about costs payable ILARS,	31 32 33 34
		(c)	the pro	ocedures and processes for making applications for funding under S.	35 36
	(1A)	subcl	lause (1)	at of any inconsistency between an ILARS guideline made under (b) and regulations made under the Workers Compensation Acts, ons prevail.	37 38 39

Sch	nedule 4 Amendment of other legislation	1
4.1	State Insurance and Care Governance Act 2015 No 19	2
[1]	Section 12 Investment strategies for scheme funds	3
	Insert after section 12(4)(a)—	4
	(a1) the Insurers Guarantee Fund established under the Workers Compensation Act 1987, section 227,	5
[2]	Schedule 1 Provisions relating to directors of ICNSW Board	7
	Insert at the end of Schedule 1, clause 4—	8
	(2) An appointed director may, by written notice given to the Minister, direct that the appointed director's remuneration be paid to the employee body or employer body that nominated the appointed director.	9 10 11
4.2	Workers Compensation (Bush Fire, Emergency and Rescue Services) Act 1987 No 83	12 13
[1]	Section 32 Application of Principal Act and 1998 Act	14
	Insert before section 32(1)(a)—	15
	(a1) Part 1, Division 1,	16
[2]	Section 32(1)(c)	17
	Insert "38(9), 39(3)–(5), 39A" after "sections".	18
4.3	Workers Compensation Regulation 2016	19
[1]	Clause 5C COVID-19—matters relating to incapacity	20
	Omit clause 5C(1) and (2). Insert instead—	21
	(1) For the 1987 Act, section 19B(5), the relevant date is the date that marks the end of the expected duration of the worker's incapacity for work as a result of COVID-19 that is specified in the certificate of capacity.	22 23 24
[2]	Clause 5C(3)(a)	25
	Omit "in relation to whom the presumption under section 19B(5) of the 1987 Act is rebutted".	26 27