Introduced by the Hon Emma Hurst, MLC

First print



New South Wales

Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Bill 2024

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the Companion Animals Act 1998 (the Act) to-

- (a) regulate the conduct of businesses breeding companion animals and other companion animal businesses, and
- (b) provide enforcement powers for the purposes of regulating the conduct of companion animal businesses.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name, also called the short title, of the proposed Act. **Clause 2** provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Companion Animals Act 1998 No 87

Schedule 1[2] inserts proposed sections 61A and 61B to require assistance dog providers to give information to the Minister each financial year. **Schedule 1[1]** inserts a definition for the purposes of proposed sections 61A and 61B.

Schedule 1[3] inserts a 2-year temporary arrangement to limit the number of fertile female dogs or fertile female cats that a person may have (proposed sections 61C–61F).

Schedule 1[4] inserts proposed Part 6A, which contains provisions for the regulation of companion animal businesses. Proposed Part 6A—

b2023-029.d10

Tabling copy

- (a) inserts proposed Division 1 (proposed sections 61G–61L), which inserts definitions for the purposes of the proposed part, including the following—
 - (i) **breeding arrangement**—meaning an arrangement between a companion animal breeding business and a person in relation to a dog or cat, where the dog or cat lives in the person's care and the proprietor of the business may require the person to return the dog or cat for breeding purposes (proposed section 61I),
 - (ii) **business code of practice**—meaning a code of practice that specifies standards for the conduct of companion animal businesses, including a business code of practice made by the Departmental Chief Executive and published in the Gazette (proposed section 61J),
 - (iii) *companion animal breeding business*—meaning an enterprise that carries out the breeding of certain dogs or cats for sale and has 3 or more fertile female dogs or 3 or more fertile female cats (proposed section 61L),
 - (iv) *companion animal business*—meaning a pet shop or a companion animal breeding business (proposed section 61K), and
- (b) inserts proposed Division 2, which contains provisions for the registration of companion animal business premises. Proposed Division 2—
 - (i) enables a person to apply to register premises on which a companion animal business is to be conducted, and a proprietor of a companion animal business to apply to renew or transfer the registration of premises (proposed sections 61M–61O), and
 - (ii) enables a council to grant an application to register premises or to renew or transfer the registration of premises, or to refuse the application or suspend or revoke the registration on discretionary or mandatory grounds (proposed sections 61P–61S), and
 - (iii) enables a court to suspend or revoke the registration of premises or refer the matter to council for determination (proposed section 61T), and
 - (iv) provides for the registration of premises to be in force for 1 year (proposed section 61U), and
- (c) inserts proposed Division 3, which contains provisions requiring councils to provide the Departmental Chief Executive with information relating to applications to register premises or to renew or transfer the registration of premises, including the council's reasons for refusing the application or suspending or revoking the registration (proposed sections 61V-61Y), and
- (d) inserts proposed Division 4, which contains provisions requiring the Departmental Chief Executive to issue source numbers to companion animal businesses and enabling animal rescues, microbreeders and other sellers to apply to the Departmental Chief Executive to be issued source numbers (proposed sections 61Z–61ZC), and
- (e) inserts proposed Division 5, which contains provisions requiring the Departmental Chief Executive to keep a business information register that contains information provided under proposed Division 3 and source numbers issued under proposed Division 4 and enabling permitted officers or prospective purchasers of companion animals to inspect the register (proposed sections 61ZD-61ZF), and
- (f) inserts proposed Division 6, which contains offence provisions—
 - (i) prohibiting persons from conducting a companion animal business on unregistered premises (proposed section 61ZG), and
 - (ii) requiring proprietors of companion animal businesses to comply with the terms and conditions of their registration (proposed section 61ZH), and
 - (iii) requiring microbreeders, proprietors of companion animal businesses and recreational breeders to comply with the applicable business codes of practice (proposed section 61ZI), and

- (iv) relating to microbreeders, proprietors of companion animal businesses and recreational breeders (proposed sections 61ZJ-61ZR), and
- (v) relating to proprietors of pet shops (proposed sections 61ZS-61ZV), and
- (vi) prohibiting persons from advertising dogs and cats for sale without source numbers (proposed section 61ZW), and
- (g) inserts proposed Division 7 to impose requirements for recreational breeders and applicable organisations of which recreational breeders may be members (proposed sections 61ZX-61ZZC), and
- (h) inserts proposed Division 8 to provide for the review of proposed Part 6A (proposed section 61ZZD).

Schedule 1[6] inserts proposed Divisions 3 and 4 into Part 7A.

Proposed Part 7A, Division 3 provides for enforcement powers in relation to the regulation of companion animal businesses. Proposed Division 3—

- (a) inserts definitions for the purposes of the proposed division, including *Departmental* officer and enforcement officer (proposed section 69I), and
- (b) extends functions of authorised officers under Division 1 to enforcement officers for the purposes of proposed Division 3 and determining compliance with, or a contravention of, proposed Part 6A or a regulation made under the part (proposed section 69J), and
- (c) requires enforcement officers to be issued identification cards (proposed section 69K), and
- (d) enables enforcement officers to enter property and seize dogs and cats in certain circumstances (proposed sections 69L-69N), and
- (e) enables enforcement officers who have determined a person is contravening or has contravened a provision of proposed Part 6A or a regulation made under that proposed part to issue compliance notices (proposed section 690), and
- (f) permits enforcement officers to exercise certain powers of authorised officers (proposed section 69P), and
- (g) applies the authority to prosecute under the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979*, section 34AA to certain proceedings for offences in relation to companion animal businesses (proposed section 69Q).

Proposed Part 7A, Division 4 provides for the powers of courts to make orders relating to companion animal businesses (proposed section 69R–69T).

Schedule 1[5] makes an amendment to a note consequential on the insertion of proposed sections 69M and 69N.

Introduced by the Hon Emma Hurst, MLC

First print



New South Wales

Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Bill 2024

Contents

Schedule 1		Amendment of Companion Animals Act 1998 No 87	3
	2	Commencement	2
	1	Name of Act	2
			Page

This PUBLIC BILL, originated in the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL and, having this day passed, is now ready for presentation to the LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY for its concurrence.

Legislative Council

Clerk of the Parliaments



New South Wales

Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Bill 2024

No , 2024

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Companion Animals Act 1998* to regulate the conduct of businesses breeding companion animals; and for related purposes.

The LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY has this day agreed to this Bill with/without amendment.

Legislative Assembly

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly

Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Bill 2024 [NSW]

The	Legislature	of New South Wales enacts—	1
1	Name of A	ct	2
	This	Act is the Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Act 2024.	3
2	Commence	ement	4
	This	Act commences as follows—	5
	(a)	Schedule 1[1], [2] and [4]–[7]—on the day that is 2 years after the date of assent to this Act,	6 7
	(b)	otherwise—on the date of assent to this Act.	8

Schedule 1			Amendment of Companion Animals Act 1998 No 87	1 2
[1]	Sect	ion 5 [Definitions	3
	Inser	t in alp	phabetical order in section 5(1)—	4
		1	assistance dog provider means—	5
			(a) a member of the International Guide Dog Federation, or	6
			(b) an accredited member of Assistance Dogs International.	7
[2]	Sect	ions 6	1A and 61B	8
	Inser	t after	section 61—	9
	61A	Assi	stance dog providers to give information to Minister	10
		(1)	An assistance dog provider must, within 6 months after the end of each financial year, give the Minister—	11 12
			(a) a copy of the provider's annual report for the financial year, and	13
			(b) other information prescribed by the regulations, if applicable.	14
		(2)	In this section—	15
			financial year means a period of 12 months commencing on 1 July.	16
	61B	Appl	ication of Act to assistance dog providers	17
			Part 6A and Part 7A, Division 3 do not apply in relation to assistance dog providers.	18 19
[3]	Part	6A		20
	Inser	t after	Part 6—	21
	Par	t 6A	Transitional regulation of companion animal breeding	22 23
	61C	Defir	nitions	24
			In this part—	25
			<i>breeding arrangement</i> means an arrangement between a companion animal breeding business and a person in relation to a dog or cat under which—	26 27
			(a) the dog or cat the subject of the arrangement lives—	28
			(i) in the care of the person, and	29
			(ii) away from the registered premises of the business, and	30
			(b) the proprietor of the business is entitled to, and intends to, require the dog or cat to return to the registered premises of the business for the purposes of breeding or delivering a litter.	31 32 33
			companion animal breeding business means an enterprise that—	34
			(a) carries out the breeding of dogs or cats for sale, and	35
			(b) has, at any time, no fewer than 3 fertile female dogs or 3 fertile female cats, including dogs or cats the subject of a breeding arrangement.	36 37
			<i>existing breeder</i> means a person who, on the commencement of this section, has—	38 39

		(a)	more than 10 fertile female dogs, including any that are subject of a breeding arrangement, or	1 2
		(b)	more than 10 fertile female cats, including any that are subject of a breeding arrangement.	3 4
		fertil	<i>le female</i> , in relation to a dog or cat, means a female dog or cat that—	5
		(a)	is at least 12 months of age, and	6
		(b)	has not been desexed.	7
61D	Limit	t of 10	fertile female dogs or cats	8
	(1)	This	section applies to a person other than an existing breeder.	9
	(2)	fertil the s	erson must not have more than 10 fertile female dogs or more than 10 le female cats, including fertile female dogs or fertile female cats that are ubject of a breeding arrangement. imum penalty—	10 11 12 13
		(a)	for an individual—1,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both, or	14 15
		(b)	otherwise—5,000 penalty units.	16
61E	Limit	t on fe	ertile female dogs or cats—existing breeders	17
	(1)	the to of 10 arrar	xisting breeder must not acquire any additional fertile female dogs unless otal number of fertile female dogs the breeder has does not exceed a total 0, including any fertile female dogs that are the subject of a breeding ngement. imum penalty—	18 19 20 21 22
		(a)	for an individual—1,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both, or	23 24
		(b)	otherwise—5,000 penalty units.	25
	(2)	the to of 10	existing breeder must not acquire any additional fertile female cats unless otal number of fertile female cats the breeder has does not exceed a total 0, including any fertile female cats that are the subject of a breeding ngement.	26 27 28 29
		Max	imum penalty—	30
		(a)	for an individual—1,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both, or	31 32
		(b)	otherwise—5,000 penalty units.	33
61F	Repe	al		34
			part is repealed on the day that is 2 years after the date of assent to the panion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Act 2024.	35 36
Part	6A			37
Inser	t after	Part 6		38

[4]

Par	t 6A	Regulation of companion animal businesses	1
Divi	ision	1 Preliminary	2
61G	Defir	nitions	3
	(1)	In this part—	4
	(1)	<i>animal rescue</i> includes an animal shelter, foster carer or foster care network that provides care for a stray or abandoned dog or cat that is—	- 5 6
		(a) temporary, or	7
		(b) for the purpose of finding a new home for the dog or cat.	8
		<i>applicable organisation</i> means an organisation that holds an applicable organisation approval that is in force.	9 10
		applicable organisation approval —see section 61ZY(1).	11
		breeding arrangement—see section 61I.	12
		business code of practice—see section 61J.	13
		<i>business information register</i> means the register established under section 61ZD.	14 15
		companion animal—see section 61H.	16
		companion animal breeding business—see section 61L.	17
		companion animal business—see section 61K.	18
		Departmental officer means an employee of, or other person engaged by, the Office of Local Government who is authorised by the Departmental Chief Executive to exercise the functions of an enforcement officer under this division.	19 20 21 22
		enforcement officer means the following—	23
		(a) an authorised officer,	24
		(b) a Departmental officer,	25
		(c) an inspector appointed by any of the following—	26
		(i) the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, New South Wales,	27 28
		(ii) the Animal Welfare League NSW,	29
		(iii) the NSW Police Force.	30
		fertile female, in relation to a dog or cat, means a female dog or cat that-	31
		(a) is at least 12 months of age, and	32
		(b) has not been desexed.	33
		<i>microbreeder</i> means a person who—	34
		(a) carries out the breeding of dogs or cats for sale, and	35
		(b) has, at any time, no more than 2 fertile female dogs or 2 fertile female cats.	36 37
		proprietor means a person who conducts a companion animal business.	38
		recreational breeder means a person who—	39
		(a) carries out the breeding of dogs or cats for sale, and	40
		(b) has, at any time, no more than 10 fertile female dogs or no more than 10 fertile female cats, including a fertile female dog or cat that is the subject of a breeding arrangement, and	41 42 43
		(c) is a member of an applicable organisation.	44

registered greyhound means a greyhound registered with the Greyhound 1 Welfare and Integrity Commission, but not a greyhound that has-2 participated in a greyhound adoption program operated by Greyhound 3 (a) Racing New South Wales, or 4 (b) been retired from racing and is being kept in the community as a 5 companion by a person who is not registered by the Commission as a 6 greyhound racing participant. 7 8 *registered premises* means premises registered under Division 2. relevant council, in relation to a companion animal business, means the 9 council of the area in which the premises on which the business is being or is 10 proposed to be conducted is situated. 11 source number means a number issued under Division 4. 12 (2)For this part-13 a female dog or cat and the litter of that dog or cat are taken to be (a) 14 equivalent to 1 adult dog or cat, respectively, if the offspring in the litter 15 are-16 (i) with the dog or cat, and 17 (ii) under 8 weeks of age, and 18 the offspring in the litter of a female dog or cat are together taken to be (b) 19 equivalent to 1 adult dog or cat, respectively, if the offspring are-20 not with the dog or cat, and (i) 21 under 16 weeks of age. (ii) 22 For this part, a companion animal breeding business has a cat or dog, or a cat (3) 23 or dog is a cat or dog of a companion animal breeding business, if the 24 proprietor of the business keeps the cat or dog for the purposes of, or in 25 connection with, breeding. 26 Part applies to cats and certain dogs only 27 In this part— 28 *companion animal* means the following— 29 (a) a cat. 30 a dog other than a working dog. (b) 31 Meaning of "breeding arrangement" 32 (1)For this part, a *breeding arrangement* means an arrangement between a 33 companion animal breeding business and a person in relation to a dog or cat 34 where-35 (a) the dog or cat that is the subject of the arrangement lives— 36 in the care of the person, and (i) 37 away from the registered premises of the business, and (ii) 38 the proprietor of the business is entitled to, and intends to, require the (b) 39 person to return the dog or cat to the registered premises of the business 40 for the purposes of breeding or delivering a litter. 41 (2)A person who enters into a breeding arrangement may, on payment of the 42 market price of the dog or cat to the proprietor of the business-43 terminate the arrangement at any time, and (a) 44 (b) keep the dog or cat. 45

61H

611

- (3) If the person who enters into a breeding arrangement has made a payment of a portion of the market price of the dog or cat to enter into the arrangement, the person must only pay the remainder of the market price for the purposes of subsection (2).
- (4) Despite another provision of this section, a breeding arrangement is terminated and the person who entered the arrangement may keep the dog or cat without making a payment of the market price of the dog or cat if—
 - (a) following a veterinary practitioner's assessment of the dog or cat, the dog or cat is found by the practitioner to be unsuitable for breeding for reasons other than that the dog or cat is—
 - (i) under 12 months of age, or
 - (ii) not sufficiently physically mature for the purposes of breeding, or

(b) the proprietor of the business requires the person to return the dog or cat to the registered premises of the business for the purposes of breeding without having obtained a certification from a veterinary practitioner that the dog or cat is suitable for breeding required under section 61ZL.

61J Meaning of "business code of practice"

- (1) For this part, a *business code of practice* means a code of practice that specifies standards for the conduct of companion animal businesses, including the following—
 - (a) the Animal Welfare Code of Practice No 5—Dogs and cats in animal boarding establishments published by NSW Agriculture in October 1996,
 - (b) the *Animal Welfare Code of Practice—Animals in pet shops* published by the Department of Primary Industries on 1 August 2008,
 - (c) the Animal Welfare Code of Practice—Breeding dogs and cats published by the Department of Primary Industries on 30 August 2021,
 - (d) a business code of practice made by the Departmental Chief Executive and published in the Gazette.
- (2) A business code of practice made by the Departmental Chief Executive may specify standards for the following—
 - (a) the keeping, treatment, handling and care of companion animals,
 - (b) the facilities, equipment and conditions at registered premises,
 - (c) other practices or procedures to be adopted.
- (3) A business code of practice made by the Departmental Chief Executive may apply, adopt or incorporate, with or without modification, standards, rules, codes, specifications or methods published by an authority or body.
- (4) A business code of practice made by the Departmental Chief Executive comes into operation on the later of the following—
 - (a) the day specified in the code,
 - (b) the day the code is published in the Gazette.
- (5) The Departmental Chief Executive must, within 2 years after the commencement of the *Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Act 2024*, make and publish in the Gazette updated versions of the codes of practice referred to in subsection (1).
- (6) A reference to a code of practice referred to in subsection (1) is taken, on the publication of the updated version, to be a reference to the updated version.

61K	Mea	ning of "companion animal business"	1
		For this part, a companion animal business means the following	2
		(a) a pet shop,	3
		(b) a companion animal breeding business.	4
61L	Mea	ning of "companion animal breeding business"	5
	(1)	For this part, a <i>companion animal breeding business</i> means an enterprise that—	6 7
		(a) carries out the breeding of dogs or cats for sale, and	8
		(b) has, at any time, no fewer than 3 fertile female dogs or 3 fertile female cats, including a dog or cat the subject of a breeding arrangement.	9 10
	(2)	Despite subsection (1), a farmer is not taken to conduct a companion animal breeding business in relation to a fertile female dog if the dog is primarily a working dog.	11 12 13
	(3)	In this section—	14
		<i>dog</i> means a dog other than a registered greyhound.	15
Divi	ision	2 Registration of companion animal business premises	16
61M	Арр	lications to register premises	17
	(1)	A person may apply to a council to register premises within the area of that council as premises on which a companion animal business is to be conducted.	18 19
	(2)	The application must be made—	20
		(a) in a form specified by the council, and	21
		(b) accompanied by a fee fixed by the council, and	22
		(c) in compliance with requirements that may be prescribed by the regulations.	23 24
	(3)	The applicant must provide further information relating to the application as required by the council.	25 26
	(4)	If the council proposes to register the premises, an authorised officer of the council must enter and inspect the premises to determine whether the person has complied with business codes of practice that apply to the business.	27 28 29
	(5)	A council must not fix a fee under subsection (2)(b) unless the fee-	30
		(a) is fixed following the community consultation requirements, if any, prescribed by the regulations, and	31 32
		(b) covers the costs of processing the application.	33
61N	Арр	ications to renew registration of premises	34
	(1)	A proprietor of a companion animal business may apply to the relevant council to renew the registration no less than 30 days before the day the registration expires.	35 36 37
	(2)	The application must be—	38
	. /	(a) made in a form specified by the council, and	39
		(b) accompanied by a fee fixed by the council, and	40
		(c) in compliance with requirements specified in the regulations.	41

	(3)		applicant must provide further information relating to the application as red by the council.	1 2
	(4)	office	council proposes to renew the registration of the premises, an authorised er of the council must enter and inspect the premises to determine whether erson has complied with business codes of practice that apply to the ess.	3 4 5 6
	(5)	A cou	uncil must not fix a fee under subsection (2)(b) unless the fee—	7
		(a)	is fixed following the community consultation requirements, if any, prescribed by the regulations, and	8 9
		(b)	covers the costs of processing the application.	10
610	Appl	icatior	ns to transfer registration of premises	11
	(1)	the re	pprietor of a companion animal business may apply to a council to transfer egistration of premises to premises within the area of that council as new ises (the <i>new registered premises</i>) on which the business is to be ucted.	12 13 14 15
	(2)	The a	application must be—	16
		(a)	made in a form specified by the council, and	17
		(b)	accompanied by a fee fixed by the council, and	18
		(c)	in compliance with requirements specified in the regulations.	19
	(3)		applicant must provide further information relating to the application as red by the council.	20 21
	(4)	office deter	e council proposes to transfer the registration of premises, an authorised er of the council must enter and inspect the new registered premises to mine whether the proprietor has complied with business codes of practice upply to the business.	22 23 24 25
	(5)	A cou	uncil must not fix a fee under subsection (2)(b) unless the fee—	26
		(a)	is fixed following the community consultation requirements, if any, prescribed by the regulations, and	27 28
		(b)	covers the costs of processing the application.	29
61P	Cour	ncils m	nay grant or refuse applications	30
	(1)	On re	eceiving an application under this division, a council may—	31
			grant the application and impose terms and conditions on the registration as the council considers appropriate, or	32 33
		(b)	refuse the application on a ground specified in section 61R.	34
	(2)	A cor exists	uncil must refuse the application if a ground specified in section 61S s.	35 36
	(3)	Befor applie	re a council refuses an application, the council must give notice to the cant and provide the applicant with an opportunity to make submissions.	37 38
	(4)		ouncil refuses an application, the council must give notice of the council's ion, with reasons, to the applicant within 7 days after making the ion.	39 40 41
	(5)	admi	pplicant may apply to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an nistrative review under the <i>Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997</i> of puncil's decision to refuse the application.	42 43 44

61Q Councils may suspend or revoke registrations

(1) A relevant council may suspend or revoke a registration granted under this division on a ground specified in section 61R.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

- (2) A relevant council must revoke a registration granted under this division if a ground specified in section 61S exists.
- (3) Before a council suspends or revokes a registration, the council must give notice to the proprietor and provide the proprietor with an opportunity to make submissions.
- (4) If a council suspends or revokes a registration, the council must give notice of the council's decision, with reasons, to the proprietor within 7 days after making the decision.
- (5) A proprietor may apply to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an administrative review under the *Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997* of the council's decision to suspend or revoke the registration.

61R Discretionary grounds to refuse applications or suspend or revoke registrations

A council may refuse an application or suspend or revoke a registration if the council is satisfied the applicant or proprietor concerned—

(a) has at any time declared bankruptcy or been the director of a body corporate placed in liquidation or under external administration while the applicant or proprietor was a director, or

(b) is likely to not be able to meet the expenses associated with—

- (i) conducting a companion animal business, or
- (ii) providing proper care for the dogs or cats, including veterinary care, or

(c) has failed to comply with—

- (i) a business code of practice that applies to the business, or
- (ii) a term or condition of the registration, or
- (iii) this Act or the regulations, or
- (d) has given false or misleading information in making an application under this division, or
- (e) does not have sufficient qualifications or experience in caring for companion animals, or
- (f) is otherwise not a fit and proper person to conduct the business.

61S Mandatory grounds to refuse applications or revoke registrations

A council must refuse an application or revoke a registration if the council is satisfied the applicant or proprietor concerned—

- (a) is also an applicant or proprietor in relation to another companion animal business, or
- (b) has been found guilty of an offence under this Act or the regulations, or a law of another State or Territory that corresponds with this Act or the regulations, or
- (c) has been found guilty of an offence under the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979* or a regulation made under that Act, or a law of another State or Territory that corresponds with that Act or regulation, or

		(d)	has been the subject of an order made or recognised under the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> , section 30B(1), 31(1) or 31AA(1), or	1 2 3
		(e)	has been found guilty of an offence under the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> , section 79, 80, 530 or 531.	4 5
61T	Cou	rts ma	y suspend or revoke registration or refer matter to relevant councils	6
	(1)		section applies to proceedings before a court where a proprietor of a panion animal business is found guilty of an offence under—	7 8
		(a)	this Act or the regulations, or	9
		(b)	the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> or a regulation made under that Act, or	10 11
		(c)	a law of another State or Territory that corresponds with a law referred to in paragraph (a) or (b), or	12 13
		(d)	the Crimes Act 1900, section 79, 80, 530 or 531.	14
	(2)		n the court's opinion, a registration relating to the companion animal ness should be suspended or revoked, the court may—	15 16
		(a)	make an order suspending or revoking a registration granted under this division, or	17 18
		(b)	refer the matter to the relevant council for determination under section 61P.	19 20
	(3)		officer of the court must provide a copy of an order made under subsection b) to the relevant council as soon as possible after the order is made.	21 22
61U	Regi	stratio	on—term and cessation	23
	(1)		gistration remains in force until 1 year has elapsed since the day of the stration.	24 25
	(2)	How	ever, the registration ceases before that day as follows—	26
		(a)	if the registration is renewed—on the day of the renewal,	27
		(b)	if the ownership of the business changes—on the day the change occurs,	28
		(c)	if the proprietor concerned surrenders the registration by written notice to the relevant council—on the day the council receives the notice.	29 30
Divi	sion	3	Information about registration applications	31
61V	Regi	stratio	on applications—councils must provide general information	32
	(1)	appli	buncil must, within 7 days after making a decision to grant or refuse an ication to register premises under Division 2, provide the following mation to the Departmental Chief Executive—	33 34 35
		(a)	the name of the applicant,	36
		(b)	the name of the companion animal business,	37
		(c)	the tax file number, Australian Business Number or Australian Company Number of the applicant or business,	38 39
		(d)	the type of companion animal business,	40
		(e)	the address of, and contact details for, the companion animal business,	41
		(f)	the name of the owner of the premises at which the companion animal	42

		(g)	the details of a finding of guilt made against the applicant for an offence under the following, if any—	1 2
			(i) this Act or the regulations,	3
			(ii) the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> or a regulation made under that Act,	4 5
			(iii) the Crimes Act 1900, section 79, 80, 530 or 531,	6
			(iv) a law of another State or a Territory that corresponds with a law referred to in subparagraph (i) or (ii),	7 8
		(h)	the details of the applicant being the subject of an order made or recognised under the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> , section 30B(1), 31(1) or 31AA(1),	9 10 11
		(i)	the details of the applicant's qualifications or experience in caring for companion animals, if any,	12 13
		(j)	other matters prescribed by the regulations.	14
	(2)	In th	is section—	15
		com	panion animal business includes a proposed companion animal business.	16
61W	Regi	stratio	ons granted—councils must provide additional information	17
	(1)	to re	uncil must, within 7 days after making a decision to grant an application egister premises under Division 2, provide the following additional mation to the Departmental Chief Executive—	18 19 20
		(a)	the residential address, telephone number and email address of the applicant,	21 22
		(b)	the date of registration and the registration number of the registered premises of the companion animal business,	23 24
		(c)	the date of the most recent inspection of the registered premises by an authorised officer of the relevant council,	25 26
		(d)	the local government area within which the registered premises is located.	27 28
	(2)		e companion animal business is a companion animal breeding business, ouncil must provide the following additional information—	29 30
		(a)	the number of dogs or cats kept, or to be kept, at the registered premises of the business,	31 32
		(b)	the number of dogs or cats the subject of a breeding arrangement,	33
		(c)	the unique identification number allocated to the microchip implanted in each dog or cat,	34 35
		(d)	the breed, date of birth, sex and colour of each dog or cat,	36
		(e)	whether each dog or cat has been desexed,	37
		(f)	the number of litters each female dog or cat has had and when they were delivered.	38 39
61X		stratio matio	ons renewed or transferred—councils must provide additional n	40 41
		to re on w	uncil must, within 7 days after making a decision to grant an application new or transfer a registration granted under Division 2, provide the date which the registration was renewed or transferred to the Departmental of Executive.	42 43 44 45

61Y Applications refused and registrations suspended or revoked—councils must provide additional information

A council must, within 7 days after making a decision to refuse an application or suspend or revoke a registration granted under Division 2, provide the following additional information to the Departmental Chief Executive1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

- (a) if an application was refused—the date on which the application was refused,
- (b) if an application was suspended—the date on which the registration was suspended and the duration of the suspension,
- (c) if a registration was revoked—the date on which the registration was revoked,
- (d) the reasons for the council's decision.

Division 4 Source numbers

61Z Companion animal businesses must be issued source numbers

- (1) The Departmental Chief Executive must—
 - (a) on receiving information under section 61W—issue a source number to the proprietor concerned and notify the relevant council of the number issued, or
 - (b) on receiving information under section 61X—renew the source number issued to the proprietor concerned and notify the relevant council of the number renewed.
- (2) The source number remains in force for the term of the relevant registration.
- (3) If a council suspends or revokes the relevant registration, the proprietor's source number is also suspended or revoked.

61ZA Animal rescues, microbreeders and other sellers to apply for source numbers

- (1) A relevant person may apply to the Departmental Chief Executive for-
 - (a) the issue of a source number, or
 - (b) if a source number has been issued but is due to expire—the renewal of the source number.
- (2) The applicant must provide the following information to the Departmental Chief Executive—
 - (a) the residential address, telephone number and email address of the applicant,
 - (b) the local government area within which the residential address is located,
 - (c) the details of an order under section 23, or a corresponding order under a law of another State or Territory, to which the applicant is, or has been, subject, if any,
 - (d) the details of a finding of guilt made against the applicant for an offence under any of the following—
 - (i) this Act or the regulations,
 - (ii) the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979* or a regulation made under that Act,
 - (iii) a law of another State or a Territory that corresponds with a law referred to in subparagraph (i) or (ii),

		(e)	the details of a finding of guilt made against the applicant for an offence under the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> , section 79, 80, 530 or 531, if any,	1 2
		(f)	the details of the applicant's qualifications or experience in caring for companion animals, if any,	3 4
		(g)	the number of dogs or cats kept, or to be kept, at the residential address,	5
		(h)	the unique identification number allocated to the microchip implanted in each dog or cat,	6 7
		(i)	the breed, date of birth, sex and colour of each dog or cat,	8
		(j)	whether each dog or cat has been desexed,	9
		(k)	the number of litters each female dog or cat has had and when they were delivered,	10 11
		(1)	additional information relating to the application as required by the Departmental Chief Executive.	12 13
	(3)		applicant that is a recreational breeder must additionally provide the owing information to the Departmental Chief Executive—	14 15
		(a)	the name of the applicable organisation of which the recreational breeder is a member,	16 17
		(b)	the recreational breeder's membership number as a member of the applicable organisation.	18 19
	(4)	The	application must be—	20
		(a)	made in a form specified by the Departmental Chief Executive, and	21
		(b)	accompanied by a fee fixed by the Departmental Chief Executive, and	22
		(c)	in compliance with requirements that may be prescribed by the regulations.	23 24
	(5)		surce number remains in force for 1 year beginning on the day the number issued.	25 26
	(6)	In th	is section—	27
		relev	want person means the following—	28
		(a)	an animal rescue,	29
		(b)	a microbreeder,	30
		(c)	another person who sells, or proposes to sell, a dog or cat by advertising the dog or cat for sale, whether or not the sale is for profit or a fee.	31 32
61ZB			scues, microbreeders and other sellers—Departmental Chief to grant or refuse applications for source numbers	33 34
	(1)		Departmental Chief Executive must, within 21 days after receiving an ication under this division—	35 36
		(a)	grant the application and issue a source number to the applicant, or	37
		(b)	refuse the application on the grounds specified in subsection (2).	38
	(2)		Departmental Chief Executive must refuse the application if the artmental Chief Executive is satisfied the applicant—	39 40
		(a)	has been found guilty of an offence under the following—	41
			(i) this Act or the regulations,	42
			(ii) the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> or a regulation made under that Act,	43 44
			(iii) the Crimes Act 1900, section 79, 80, 530 or 531,	45

(iv) a law of another State or Territory that corresponds with a law referred to in subparagraphs (i)–(iii), or

- (b) has been the subject of an order made or recognised under the following—
 - (i) section 23,
 - (ii) the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979*, section 30B(1), 31(1) or 31AA(1).
- (3) The Departmental Chief Executive may refuse the application on the following grounds—
 - (a) for a microbreeder—if the Departmental Chief Executive is satisfied the applicant does not have sufficient qualifications in caring for companion animals,
 - (b) if the Departmental Chief Executive is satisfied the applicant has given false or misleading information in making the application,
 - (c) another reason prescribed by the regulations.
- (4) The Departmental Chief Executive must, within 7 days after making the decision to grant or refuse the application, give written notice of the decision to the applicant.
- (5) The applicant may apply to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for an administrative review under the *Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997* of the Departmental Chief Executive's decision.

61ZC Animal rescues, microbreeders and other sellers—Departmental Chief Executive to suspend or revoke source numbers issued

- (1) The Departmental Chief Executive must suspend or revoke a source number issued under this division on the following grounds—
 - (a) if the Departmental Chief Executive is satisfied the person issued the source number has been found guilty of an offence under the following—
 - (i) this Act or the regulations,
 - (ii) the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979* or a regulation made under that Act,
 - (iii) the Crimes Act 1900, section 79, 80, 530 or 531,
 - (iv) a law of another State or Territory that corresponds with a law referred to in subparagraphs (i)–(iii),
 - (b) if the Departmental Chief Executive is satisfied the person issued the source number has been the subject of an order made or recognised under the following—
 - (i) section 23,
 - (ii) the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979*, section 30B(1), 31(1) or 31AA(1),
 - (c) if the Departmental Chief Executive is satisfied the person issued the source number has given false or misleading information in making the application,
 - (d) another reason that may be prescribed by the regulations.
- (2) The Departmental Chief Executive may suspend or revoke a source number issued under this division on the following grounds—

		(a)	if the Departmental Chief Executive is satisfied the person issued the source number has given false or misleading information in making the application,	1 2 3
		(b)	another reason prescribed by the regulations.	4
	(3)	Adm	person issued the source number may apply to the Civil and inistrative Tribunal for an administrative review under the <i>Administrative sions Review Act 1997</i> of the Departmental Chief Executive's decision.	5 6 7
Divi	sion	5	Business information register	8
61ZD	Busi	ness i	information register	9
	(1)		Departmental Chief Executive must maintain a business information ter that contains the following—	10 11
		(a)	information provided under Division 3 and section 61ZA(2),	12
		(b)	source numbers issued under Division 4,	13
		(c)	other information prescribed by the regulations.	14
	(2)	The	register must be—	15
		(a)	in the form determined by the Departmental Chief Executive, and	16
		(b)	made available on a publicly accessible website administered by the Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure.	17 18
	(2)	that 1	Departmental Chief Executive may restrict the categories of information may be accessed by a person entitled to inspect the register under sections E and 61ZF.	19 20 21
	(3)	The	regulations may provide for matters relating to the register.	22
61ZE	Busi	ness i	information register—inspection by permitted officers	23
		The	following persons may inspect the business information register—	24
		(a)	the Minister, or a person authorised by the Minister,	25
		(b)	the Departmental Chief Executive, or a person authorised by the Departmental Chief Executive,	26 27
		(c)	for the purpose of administering the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> —the Secretary of Regional NSW, or a person authorised by the Secretary,	28 29 30
		(d)	for the purpose of enforcing the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act</i> 1979 —an officer, within the meaning of that Act, section 4(1), definition of <i>officer</i> , paragraph (b) or (c),	31 32 33
		(e)	an enforcement officer,	34
		(f)	for the purpose of investigating an offence under this Act or the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> or a regulation made under either Act, or the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> , section 79, 80, 530 or 531—a police officer,	35 36 37 38
		(g)	another person prescribed by the regulations.	39
61ZF	Insp	ection	of business information register	40
			person may inspect or obtain the following information contained in the ter—	41 42
		(a)	the relevant source number,	43

	(b)	in relation to a companion animal business, microbreeder, animal rescue or recreational breeder—	1 2
		(i) the name and email address of the proprietor of the business or breeder, and	2 3 4
		(ii) the registration number of the registered premises of the business or breeder, and	5 6
		(iii) the local government area within which the registered premises or breeder is located, and	7 8
		(iv) for a recreational breeder—additionally—	9
		(A) the name of the applicable organisation of which the recreational breeder is a member, and	10 11
		(B) the recreational breeder's membership number as a member of the applicable organisation.	12 13
Divi	sion 6	Offences	14
IZG	Dorcone m	nust not conduct companion animal businesses on unregistered	15
20	premises	iust not conduct companion animal businesses on unregistered	16
	not r	rson must not conduct a companion animal business on premises that are egistered for that purpose with the relevant council.	17 18
		imum penalty—	19
	(a)	for an individual—1,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both, or	20 21
	(b)	otherwise—5,000 penalty units.	22
IZH	Proprietor	s must comply with terms and conditions of registration	23
		oprietor of a companion animal business must comply with the terms and litions imposed on a registration.	24 25
	Max	imum penalty—	26
	(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	27 28
	(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	29
51ZI	Proprietor	s and breeders must comply with business codes of practice	30
	breed pract part	icrobreeder, a proprietor of a companion animal business or a recreational der must comply with the applicable provisions of a business code of tice, except to the extent of an inconsistency with the provisions of this or Part 7A, Division 3. imum penalty—	31 32 33 34 35
	(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	36 37
	(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	38
1ZJ	Proprietor cats	s and breeders must not have more than 10 fertile female dogs or	39 40
	bree fertil bree	roprietor of a companion animal breeding business or a recreational der must not have, at any time, more than 10 fertile female dogs or 10 le female cats, including a fertile female dog or cat the subject of a ding arrangement. imum penalty—	41 42 43 44 45

61ZG

61ZH

61ZI

61ZJ

		(a)	for an individual—1,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both, or	1 2
		(b)	otherwise—5,000 penalty units.	3
61ZK			s and breeders must ensure dogs and cats undergo routine checks	4 5
		breed	oprietor of a companion animal breeding business or a recreational der must ensure each dog or cat of the business undergoes a general health ssment performed by a veterinary practitioner—	6 7 8
		(a)	at least once a year, and	9
		(b)	in relation to a female dog or cat—within 8 weeks of a litter of the dog or cat being delivered.	10 11
		Maxi	imum penalty—	12
		(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	13 14
		(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	15
61ZL	Prop	rietors	s and breeders must obtain veterinary certification before breeding	16
	(1)		in a reasonable period before breeding from a dog or cat of the business	17
			reeder, a proprietor of a companion animal breeding business or ational breeder must obtain from a veterinary practitioner—	18
		(a)	an assessment of the dog or cat, and	19 20
		(a) (b)	a certification that the dog or cat is suitable for breeding.	20
			imum penalty—	21
		(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	23 24
		(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	25
	(2)	certif	re breeding from a dog or cat on the first occasion, for the purposes of fying that the dog or cat is suitable for breeding under subsection (1), the itioner's assessment must include an assessment that the dog or cat is—	26 27 28
		(a)	at least 12 months of age, and	29
		(b)	sufficiently physically mature for the purposes of breeding.	30
61ZM		rietors Imstar	s and breeders must not breed dogs or cats in certain nces	31 32
	(1)	recre	icrobreeder, a proprietor of a companion animal breeding business or a ational breeder must not breed from a female dog or cat in the following mstances—	33 34 35
		(a)	if the dog or cat has already been bred by the proprietor 5 times,	36
		(b)	if a heritable defect is identified in a previous litter of the dog or cat,	37
		(c)	with a dog or cat that is related by blood to the dog or cat.	38
		Maxi	imum penalty—	39
		(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	40 41
		(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	42
	(2)	The 1	regulations may define <i>heritable defect</i> for subsection (1)(b).	43

	(3)	The Departmental Chief Executive must, within 2 years after the commencement of the <i>Companion Animals Amendment (Puppy Farms) Act 2024</i> , make and publish in the Gazette a code of practice dealing with the breeding of animals with heritable defects.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	In this section— <i>related by blood</i> means a parent, son, daughter, sibling, grandparent or grandchild of the dog or cat.	5 6 7
61ZN		rietors and breeders must ensure ratio of staff to companion animals kept egistered premises	8 9
	(1)	A proprietor of a companion animal breeding business must ensure that, at all times, there is at least 1 staff member at the proprietor's registered premises for every 10 animals kept at the premises.	10 11 12
		Maximum penalty—	13
		(a) for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	14 15
		(b) otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	16
	(2)	A microbreeder or recreational breeder must ensure that, at all times, there is at least 1 person at the premises at which the microbreeder's or recreational breeder's for every 10 animals kept at the premises.	17 18 19
		Maximum penalty—	20
		(a) for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	21 22
		(b) otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	23
	(3)	For this section, each offspring in the litter of a dog or cat, irrespective of the age of the offspring, is taken to be equivalent to 1 animal.	24 25
	(3)	In this section—	26
		<i>staff member</i> includes the proprietor of a companion animal business and a person engaged by the proprietor to attend to an animal kept at the registered premises of the business.	27 28 29
61ZO	Prop	rietors and breeders must keep records of breeding arrangements	30
	(1)	A proprietor of a companion animal breeding business or a recreational breeder that has entered into a breeding arrangement must keep a record of the following details in relation to each dog or cat that is the subject of the arrangement—	31 32 33 34
		(a) the date the proprietor or breeder entered into the arrangement,	35
		(b) the name and residential address of the person who has possession of the dog or cat,	36 37
		(c) the address at which the dog or cat is ordinarily kept,	38
		(d) the date the arrangement is terminated and the reason for termination,	39
		(e) other details prescribed by the regulations.	40
	(2)	The proprietor or breeder must keep a copy of the record in the way prescribed by the regulations.	41 42
	(3)	The proprietor or breeder must not, in keeping a record under this section, make a statement the proprietor or breeder knows is false or misleading. Maximum penalty—	43 44 45

		(a) for an individual—50 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both, or	1
		(b) otherwise—250 penalty units.	2 3
	_		0
61ZP	Prop	prietors and breeders must prepare health management plans	4
	(1)	A proprietor of a companion animal breeding business or a recreational	5
		breeder must, in consultation with a veterinary practitioner, prepare a plan for the ongoing care of the health and wellbeing of dogs and cats of the business	6 7
		or breeder (a <i>health management plan</i>) that—	8
		(a) is certified by a veterinary practitioner each year, and	9
		(b) includes protocols for the following—	10
		(i) the health and welfare of dogs and cats, including in relation to	11
		birthing, diet, disease prevention, environmental enrichment,	12
		exercise, grooming, hygiene, parasite prevention, socialisation and vaccinations,	13 14
		(ii) the process for determining the suitability of dogs and cats for	15
		breeding,	16
		(iii) the quarantine and movement of dogs and cats,	17
		(iv) emergency response plans, including evacuation procedures,	18
		(v) the retirement and rehoming of dogs and cats.	19
	(2)	The proprietor or breeder must comply with the health management plan,	20
		except to the extent of an inconsistency with the provisions of this part or Part 7A, Division 3.	21 22
		Maximum penalty—	23
		(a) for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or	24
		both, or	25
		(b) otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	26
61ZQ	Prop	prietors and breeders must ensure ongoing safety of dogs and cats	27
	(1)	A proprietor of a companion animal breeding business or a recreational	28
	(1)	breeder must ensure the ongoing safety of each dog or cat of the business.	29
	(2)	For the purposes of subsection (1), a reference to the ongoing safety of a dog	30
		or cat includes a reference to the protection against the commission of an act of cruelty, or an act of aggravated cruelty, upon the dog or cat.	31 32
	(2)		
	(3)	In this section, a reference to the commission of an act of cruelty, or an act of aggravated cruelty, upon a dog or cat has the same meaning as a reference to	33 34
		an act of cruelty, or an act of aggravated cruelty, committed upon an animal in	35
		the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979, section 4(2) and (3).	36
		Maximum penalty—	37
		(a) for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	38 39
		(b) otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	40
61ZR		prietors and breeders—requirements to cease breeding and retire and pome dogs and cats	41 42
	(1)	A proprietor of a companion animal breeding business or a recreational	43
		breeder must cease breeding and retire a dog or cat of the business or breeder	44
		if the dog or cat—	45
		(a) for a female dog or cat—has delivered 5 litters, or	46

		(b)	for a male dog or cat—the dog or cat is 6 years of age.	1
	(2)		proprietor or breeder must, as soon as practicable, ensure the retired dog t is—	2 3
		(a)	desexed, unless a veterinary practitioner considers it inappropriate to do so for health reasons, and	4 5
		(b)	microchipped, and	6
		(c)	kept by the business or breeder as a companion or rehomed to a suitable home.	7 8
		Maxi	imum penalty—	9
		(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	10 11
		(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	12
61ZS	Pet s	shops-	—persons must not sell certain companion animals	13
		from	rson must not sell, or cause the sale of, a companion animal that is not a rehoming organisation to the proprietor of a pet shop.	14 15
			mum penalty—	16
		(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	17 18
		(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	19
61ZT	Pet s	shops-	—proprietors must not receive or sell certain companion animals	20
	(1)	accep	oprietor of a pet shop must not, in conducting the business of a pet shop, of or receive a companion animal for sale that is not from a rehoming hisation.	21 22 23
	(2)	sell,	oprietor of a pet shop must not, in conducting the business of a pet shop, or cause the sale of, a companion animal that is not from a rehoming hisation.	24 25 26
		Maxi	imum penalty—	27
		(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	28 29
		(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	30
61ZU	Pet s	shops-	—proprietors must not receive or sell dogs and cats of certain age	31
	(1)		oprietor of a pet shop must not, in conducting the business of a pet shop, of or receive a companion animal for sale that is—	32 33
		(a)	a dog that is less than 6 months of age, or	34
		(b)	a cat that is less than 8 weeks of age.	35
		Maxi	imum penalty—	36
		(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	37 38
		(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	39
	(2)		oprietor of a pet shop must not, in conducting the business of a pet shop, or cause or allow the sale of—	40 41
		(a)	a dog that is less than 6 months of age, or	42
		(b)	a cat that is less than 8 weeks of age.	43
		Maxi	mum penalty—	44

		(a)	for an individual—400 penalty units or imprisonment for 1 year, or both, or	1 2
		(b)	otherwise—2,000 penalty units.	3
61ZV	Pet s	shops-	—proprietors must keep certain records	4
	(1)		oprietor of a pet shop must keep a record of the following details in ion to each dog or cat offered for sale or sold by the pet shop—	5 6
		(a)	the name and residential address of the person from whom the dog or cat was obtained,	7 8
		(b)	the date the dog or cat was sold,	9
		(c)	other details that may be prescribed by the regulations.	10
		Maxi	imum penalty—	11
		(a)	for an individual—50 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both, or	12 13
		(b)	otherwise—250 penalty units.	14
	(2)	regul	proprietor must keep a copy of the record in the way prescribed by the lations.	15 16
			imum penalty—	17
		(a)	for an individual—50 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both, or	18 19
		(b)	otherwise—250 penalty units.	20
	(3)	state	proprietor must not, in keeping a record under this section, make a ment that the proprietor knows is false or misleading.	21 22
			imum penalty—	23
		(a)	for an individual—50 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both, or	24 25
		(b)	otherwise—250 penalty units.	26
61ZW	Pers	ons m	ust not advertise dogs and cats for sale without source numbers	27
	(1)	adve	rson must not advertise a dog or cat for sale, or cause a dog or cat to be rtised for sale, whether or not the sale is for profit or a fee, unless the rtisement includes the source number of the person selling the dog or cat.	28 29 30
	(2)	dog	rson must not publish, or cause the publication of, an advertisement of a or cat for sale, whether or not the sale is for profit or a fee, unless the rtisement includes the source number of the person selling the dog or cat.	31 32 33
		Maxi	imum penalty—	34
		(a)	for an individual—50 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both, or	35 36
		(b)	otherwise—250 penalty units.	37
Divi	sion	7	Recreational breeders	38
61ZX	Appl	icatio	n of provisions to microbreeders or recreational breeders	39
	(1)		following provisions do not apply to a microbreeder or recreational der-	40 41
		(a)	this part, other than the following—	42
			(i) this section,	43

		(ii) sections 61ZI–61ZR and 61ZW,	1
		(b) Part 7A, Division 3.	2
	(2)	A recreational breeder must comply with the rules and code of ethics, if any, of the applicable organisation of which the recreational breeder is a member.	3 4
		Maximum penalty—40 penalty units.	5
	(3)	The regulations may prescribe additional criteria for the Minister's approval of an organisation as an applicable organisation.	6 7
61ZY	App	icable organisation approvals	8
	(1)	An organisation may apply to the Minister for approval as an applicable organisation (an <i>applicable organisation approval</i>).	9 10
	(2)	An application for an applicable organisation approval must—	11
		(a) include details of the education and training provided by the organisation to the organisation's members regarding compliance with this Act, the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> and other laws relating to dogs and cats, including a copy of the training materials, and	12 13 14 15
		(b) include details of how the organisation ensures members have no prior convictions under this Act or the <i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> , and	16 17 18
		(c) include the organisation's code of ethics and details of how the code is enforced, and	19 20
		(d) include details of the organisation's capacity to enforce the code of ethics, including—	21 22
		(i) details of processes and procedures in place for undertaking inspections for breeder members, and	23 24
		(ii) details of the person within the organisation who will undertake the inspections, and	25 26
		(e) include the outcome of disciplinary action taken by the organisation for breaches of the code of ethics during the preceding year, and	27 28
		(f) be accompanied by the following—	29
		(i) a copy of the organisation's disciplinary policy,	30
		(ii) a copy of the organisation's disciplinary hearing procedure,	31
		 (iii) a copy of the organisation's complaints policy and complaints handling procedure, 	32 33
		(iv) information about the organisation's procedures and protocols of reporting and handling incidents of animal cruelty, and	34 35
		(g) include other information required by the Minister, and	36
		(h) include other details prescribed by the regulations, and	37
		(i) be accompanied by the prescribed application fee.	38
	(3)	The Minister may decide the application by—	39
		(a) granting the organisation an applicable organisation approval, or	40
		(a) refusing to grant the organisation an approval.	41
	(4)	In deciding the application, the Minister may consider information included in or accompanying the application.	42 43
	(6)	If the Minister grants the applicable organisation approval, the Minister must publish notice of the approval in the gazette.	44 45

	(5)	An applicable organisation approval must specify the following—	1
		(a) the period for which the approval is to remain in force, which must not exceed 3 years,	2 3
		(b) the matters that must be set out in the report required by the condition in section 61ZZA(1),	4 5
		(c) conditions to which the Minister considers the approval should be subject.	6 7
	(7)	An applicable organisation approval remains in force until the earlier of-	8
		(a) the period determined under subsection (5)(a), or	9
		(b) the revocation of the approval.	10
61ZZ	Ren	ewal of applicable organisation approval	11
	(1)	The holder of an applicable organisation approval may apply to the Minister for renewal of the approval.	12 13
	(2)	An application for renewal must—	14
		(a) include a report containing the prescribed details about the organisation and the organisation's activities, and	15 16
		(b) include other information required by the Minister, and	17
		(c) be accompanied by the prescribed application fee.	18
	(3)	An application for renewal must be made at least 60 days, or a shorter period approved by the Minister, before the expiry of the approval period specified in the approval.	19 20 21
	(4)	The Minister may renew the approval if the Minister continues to be satisfied of the matters set out in section $61ZY(1)$.	22 23
	(5)	In making a decision to renew an approval of an organisation under this section the Minister may consider information included in or accompanying the application for renewal of approval under this section.	24 25 26
	(6)	The Minister must not renew the approval if the organisation has failed to submit any report as required by the condition in section $61ZZA(1)$.	27 28
	(7)	A renewed approval under this section must specify the following—	29
		(a) the period for which the renewed approval is to remain in force, which must not exceed 3 years,	30 31
		(b) any conditions that apply to the renewed approval,	32
		(c) the matters that must be set out in the report required by the condition in section 61ZZA(1).	33 34
61ZZA	Con	dition of approval—report submitted each year of approval	35
	(1)	It is a condition of an applicable organisation approval that the organisation must submit a report to the Minister by 31 July in each year that sets out the following in relation to the preceding year—	36 37 38
		(a) the number of members that conducted breeding,	39
		(b) the number of dogs or cats, or litters of kittens or puppies, registered with the organisation,	40 41
		(c) a copy of the organisation's code of ethics.	42
		(d) the number and details of investigations into breaches of the organisation's code of ethics,	43 44

		(e)	the number and details of occasions of non-compliance with the organisation's code of ethics, including details regarding disciplinary action taken,	1 2 3
		(f)	the number and details of site inspections of members conducted by the organisation,	4 5
		(g)	a copy of the organisation's complaints register,	6
		(h)	a copy of the organisations' training program and training calendar for the year ahead.	7 8
	(2)	admi	report must be made available on a publicly accessible website nistered by the Office of Local Government as soon as practicable after eport is submitted to the Minister.	9 10 11
61ZZB	Rev	ocatior	n of approval	12
		orgar	Minister may revoke an applicable organisation approval if the hisation has failed to submit a report required by the condition in section $ZA(1)$.	13 14 15
61ZZC	Noti	ce of a	nd submissions on proposal to revoke or not renew approval	16
	(1)	propo	e Minister proposes to revoke an applicable organisation approval, or oses not to renew an approval, before revoking or not renewing the oval the Minister must give written notice to the organisation stating—	17 18 19
		(a)	the reasons for the proposal, and	20
		(b)	that the organisation may make submissions to the Minister on the proposal within the period specified in the notice.	21 22
	(2)	relati	holder of the approval may make written submissions to the Minister in on to the proposal to revoke or not renew the approval within the period fied in the notice under subsection (1).	23 24 25
	(3)		Minister must consider a submission made under subsection (2) before ling to revoke the approval or not to renew the approval.	26 27
	(4)		Minister must give written notice of the Minister's decision under this on to the relevant organisation.	28 29
	(5)		cision of the Minister to revoke an approval under section 61ZZB takes t on the later of the following—	30 31
		(a)	the date the notice under subsection (4) is given to the organisation,	32
		(b)	the date, if any, specified in the notice.	33
Divi	ision	8	Review	34
61ZZD	Revi	ew		35
	(1)	The N	Minister must review this part to determine whether—	36
	. /	(a)	the policy objectives remain valid, and	37
		(b)	the provisions remain appropriate for securing the policy objectives.	38
	(2)		review must be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 5 years the commencement of this part.	39 40
	(3)		port on the outcome of the review must be tabled in each House of ament within 12 months after the end of the period of 5 years.	41 42

[5]		ion 62 nises	Seized animals must be delivered to owner, council pound or approved	1 2
			i8G, however this Part does not apply to animals seized under those sections." a 62(1), note.	3 4
			d "58G, 69M and 69N. However, this part does not apply to animals seized sections."	5 6
[6]	Part	7A, Di	visions 3 and 4	7
	Inser	t after]	Part 7A, Division 2—	8
	Divi	sion	8 Powers relating to companion animal businesses	9
	69I	Defin	itions	10
			In this division—	11
			companion animal business has the same meaning as in Part 6A.	12
			compliance notice means a notice issued under section 690.	13
			Departmental officer means an employee of, or other person engaged by, the	14
			Office of Local Government who is authorised by the Departmental Chief Executive to exercise the functions of an enforcement officer under this	15 16
			division.	10
			enforcement officer means the following—	18
			(a) an authorised officer,	19
			(b) a Departmental officer,	20
			(c) an inspector appointed by any of the following—	21
			(i) the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, New South Wales,	22 23
			(ii) the Animal Welfare League NSW,	24
			(iii) the NSW Police Force,	25
			(d) an officer who is the holder of an authority that is issued under section 69J(1) and is in force.	26 27
			<i>proprietor</i> has the same meaning as in Part 6A.	28
			registered premises has the same meanings as in Part 6A.	29
	69J	Enfo	rcement officers	30
		(1)	The Minister, or the Secretary or a Deputy Secretary of the Department, may-	31 32
			(a) issue an officer with an authority as an enforcement officer for the purposes of this division, and	33 34
			(b) revoke an authority.	35
		(2)	An enforcement officer may exercise the functions and powers of an authorised officer under Division 1 for the following purposes—	36 37
			(a) this division,	38
			(b) determining if there has been compliance with or a contravention of—	39
			(i) Part 6A, or	40
			(ii) a regulation made under Part 6A.	41

69K Enforcement officers must be issued identification cards 1 A person that has employed, engaged or appointed an enforcement officer 2 (1)must issue the officer with an identification card. 3 (2)When exercising a function under this division, an enforcement officer must, 4 if requested by a person affected by the exercise of the function, produce the 5 officer's identification card for inspection by the person. 6 69L Power to enter property 7 An enforcement officer may enter a property for the purpose of exercising a (1)8 function under this division. 9 (2)Before entering a property under this section, an enforcement officer must 10 give the occupier of the property reasonable notice of the intention to enter the 11 property unless-12 (a) entry is made with the consent of the occupier of the property, or 13 (b) entry is, in the officer's opinion, required urgently because of the 14 existence or reasonable likelihood of a serious risk to the health or 15 safety of a companion animal, or 16 the giving of the notice would, in the officer's opinion, defeat the 17 (c) purpose for which entering the property is intended. 18 (3) The powers of entry conferred by this section are not exercisable in relation to 19 a part of premises used only for residential purposes except-20 (a) with the permission of the occupier of the premises, or 21 (b)under the authority conferred by a search warrant under section 69D. 22 Despite subsection (3) and section 69A(3), an enforcement officer may enter (4) 23 a part of premises used only for residential purposes if, in the officer's opinion, 24 the entry is required urgently because of the existence or reasonable likelihood 25 of— 26 (a) a serious risk to the health or safety of a companion animal, or 27 the loss, concealment or destruction of evidence of the commission of (b) 28 an offence against this Act or the regulations. 29 69M Powers of enforcement officers to seize animals-general 30 Part 7 does not apply to the seizure of animals under this section. (1)31 An authorised officer may, on any property lawfully entered under this (2)32 division, seize any companion animal-33 (a) kept in contravention of a provision of Part 6A or a regulation made 34 under Part 6A, or 35 (b) where, in the enforcement officer's opinion, there is a serious risk to the 36 health or safety of the companion animal. 37 Example- All companion animals may be seized if the proprietor of a companion 38 animal breeding business-39 has more than 10 fertile female dogs or 10 fertile female cats in breach of 40 (a) section 61ZJ, or 41 has not ensured a companion animal has undergone routine veterinary checks (b) 42 in breach of section 617K. 43

69N	9N Registrations suspended, revoked or expired—power to enter property and seize animals			
	(1)		section applies to a proprietor of a companion animal business conducted gistered premises if the registration of the premises—	3 4
		(a)	is suspended or revoked, or	5
		(b)	has expired.	6
	(2)		he recommendation of the relevant council or the Departmental Chief utive, an enforcement officer may—	7 8
		(a)	enter the registered premises, and	9
		(b)	seize a companion animal kept on the property immediately before the suspension, revocation or expiry of the registration.	10 11
69O	Pow	er of e	nforcement officers to issue compliance notices	12
	(1)	contr office	an enforcement officer's opinion, a person is contravening or has avened a provision of Part 6A or a regulation made under Part 6A, the er may issue a notice requiring the proprietor to ensure compliance within ays after the day the notice is issued.	13 14 15 16
	(2)	-	rson must comply with a notice issued under this section. imum penalty—	17 18
		(a)	for an individual—50 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both, or	19 20
		(b)	otherwise—250 penalty units.	21
	(3)		tice under this section must be in the form approved by the Departmental f Executive.	22 23
	(4)		erson cannot be convicted of both an offence against this section and her offence under this Act or the regulations in respect of the same act or sion.	24 25 26
69P	Pow	ers of	enforcement officers to do things on entered property	27
			nforcement officer may, on property lawfully entered under this division, tise the powers specified in the following—	28 29
		(a)	section 69B,	30
		(b)	the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979, sections 24I and 24J.	31
69Q	Auth	nority t	o prosecute	32
		proce	<i>Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979</i> , section 34AA applies to eedings for an offence against Part 6A or this division in relation to a panion animal business.	33 34 35
Divi	ision	4	Powers of courts to make orders relating to companion animal businesses	36 37
69R	Cou	rt may	order payment of care and maintenance costs by accused person	38
		proce Preve	Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979, section 30A applies to eedings under Part 6A or this part, Division 3, as if a reference in the ention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979, section 30A to an animal cruelty ace is a reference to an offence against Part 6A or this part, Division 3.	39 40 41 42

69S Court may make interim disqualification order during proceedings

The *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979*, section 30B applies to proceedings under Part 6A or this part, Division 3, as if a reference in the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979*, section 30B to an animal cruelty offence is a reference to an offence against Part 6A or this part, Division 3.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

18 19

20

69T Court may make further orders following conviction

The *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979*, section 31 applies to proceedings under Part 6A or this part, Division 3, as if a reference in the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1979*, section 31 to an animal cruelty offence is a reference to an offence against Part 6A or this part, Division 3.

[7] Section 93 Proceedings for offences

Insert at the end of the section-

(4)	Despite the Criminal Procedure Act 1986 or another Act, proceedings for an	
	offence against the following provisions may be commenced not later than 3	
	years after the date evidence of the alleged offence first came to the attention	
	of an authorised officer or an enforcement officer within the meaning of Part	
	7A, Division 3—	
	(a) Part 6A.	

()	
(b)	a regulation made under Part 6A,

(c) Part 7A, Division 3.