Second print



New South Wales

# **Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Bill 2010**

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This public bill which originated in the Legislative Assembly, has passed and is now ready for presentation to the Legislative Council for its concurrence.

Clerk of the Legislative Assembly. Legislative Assembly, Sydney, , 2010



New South Wales

# **Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Bill 2010**

Act No , 2010

An Act to establish a scheme for portability of long service leave in the contract cleaning industry; and for other purposes.

**EXAMINED** 

Assistant Speaker

Part 1 Preliminary

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:				1	
Pai	rt 1	Pre	eliminary	2	
1	Nam	e of A	.ct	3	
			Act is the Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service ve Scheme) Act 2010.	4 5	
2	Com	menc	ement	6	
		This	Act commences on 1 July 2011.	7	
3	Defi	nitions	5	8	
	(1)	In th	is Act:	9	
		appr	<i>coved form</i> means in the form approved by the Corporation.	10	
		meai	<i>Ef Executive Officer</i> means the Chief Executive Officer within the ning of the <i>Long Service Corporation Act 2010</i> .	11 12	
			ning work—see section 4.	13	
			<i>mittee</i> means the Contract Cleaning Industry Long Service Leave mittee constituted by section 9.	14 15	
			ract cleaning industry means:	16	
		(a)	in relation to New South Wales—the industry in which	17	
		(u)	employers provide cleaning work, and minor property maintenance work that is incidental or peripheral to such cleaning work, to other people through the provision of workers' services, and	18 19 20 21	
		(b)	in relation to a reciprocating State or Territory—the contract cleaning industry within the meaning of the corresponding law of the State or Territory.	22 23 24	
		cont	<i>ractor</i> means a person (other than an employee) who:	25	
		(a)	performs work for another person for fee or reward on the person's own account, or	26 27	
		(b)	is declared to be a contractor for the contract cleaning industry under section 8.	28 29	
	<i>Corporation</i> means the Long Service Corporation constituted under the Long Service Corporation Act 2010.			30 31	
	<i>corresponding law</i> means a law of another State or a Territory that makes provision with respect to long service leave and that is declared by the regulations to be a corresponding law.				
			in relation to a worker, means 24 hours or such other period as is cribed by the regulations as a day for a worker.	35 36	

### Preliminary

Part 1

employee—see section 5. 1 employer—see section 6. 2 employers register means the register referred to in section 11. 3 employer's registration day—see section 12. 4 engagement period for a registered worker—see section 33. 5 exercise a function includes perform a duty. 6 foundation worker—see section 21 (2) and (3). 7 *function* includes a power, authority or duty. 8 Fund means the Contract Cleaning Industry Long Service Leave Fund q maintained under the Long Service Corporation Act 2010. 10 *levy* means the long service leave levy imposed under Part 5. 11 *long service leave formula*—see section 57. 12 ordinary remuneration for a person means the amount paid or payable 13 to the person for cleaning work, other than any amounts for the 14 following: 15 (a) overtime, 16 (b) expenses incurred by the person, 17 (c) the use of materials, equipment or a motor vehicle provided by 18 the person. 19 *premises* includes the whole or any part of a building, structure or place, 20 whether built on or not. 21 reciprocal authority means the entity under a corresponding law that 22 administers the scheme of long service benefits established by that law. 23 reciprocating State or Territory means a State or Territory with which 24 a reciprocal agreement within the meaning of section 112 is in force. 25 *recognised service*, for a registered worker, means the total number of 26 days for all engagement periods entered in the workers register for the 27 28 worker. registered employer means an employer who is registered as an 29 employer under Part 2. 30 registered worker means a person who is registered as a worker under 31 Part 2. 32 Note. A worker may be a contractor or an employee. 33 return period means: 34 (a) a 3-month period, ending at the end of 31 March, 30 June, 30 35 September or 31 December in any year, during which a worker 36 performs cleaning work, or 37 (b) such other period as may be prescribed by the regulations. 38

Part 1 Preliminary

			<i>ice</i> , for a registered worker for the contract cleaning industry, as service in the industry.
		work	<i>ter</i> —see section 7.
			<i>ters register</i> means the register referred to in section 13. <i>ter's registration day</i> —see section 14.
	(2)	Note	s included in this Act do not form part of this Act.
4	Mea	ning o	f "cleaning work"
	(1)	Clea	ning work is:
		(a)	work that has, as its only or main component, the bringing of premises into, or maintaining premises in, a clean condition, or
		(b)	work, or an activity, declared to be cleaning work under section 8.
	(2)	inclu	out limiting subsection (1) (a), work referred to in that paragraph ides the collection of trolleys (other than trolley collection of a kind ribed by the regulations) and hygiene and pollution control.
5	Mea	ning o	f "employee"
	(1)	A pe is:	rson is an <i>employee</i> for the contract cleaning industry if the person
		(a)	employed by an employer for that industry, or
		(b)	declared to be an employee for that industry under section 8.
	(2)	In th	is section:
		empl	loyed includes employed as:
		(a)	a full-time employee, or
		(b)	a part-time employee, or
		(c)	a casual employee.
6	Mea	ning o	f "employer"
	(1)	An <i>e</i>	<i>mployer</i> for the contract cleaning industry is a person who:
		(a)	employs one or more persons to perform cleaning work in that industry, or
		(b)	is declared to be an employer for that industry under section 8.
	(2)	The	following are not employers for the purposes of subsection (1):
		(a)	the Commonwealth,
		(b)	the State,
		(c)	a local government authority,

Preliminary

Part 1

		(d)	a company whose only workers are directors, if each of the directors participates in the management of the company or shares its profits,	1 2 3
		(e)	a person to whom subsection (1) (a) applies who is excluded by the regulations from being an employer.	4 5
7	Mea	ning o	f "worker"	6
	(1)	A wo	prker for the contract cleaning industry is a person who:	7
		(a)	is engaged by an employer under a contract of service to perform cleaning work in the industry, or	8 9
		(b)	is a contractor who performs cleaning work in the industry.	10
	(2)	work whet	orker includes a person who is engaged both to perform cleaning and to supervise other workers in the contract cleaning industry, her or not the person is known as a supervisor, leading hand or her title.	11 12 13 14
	(3)		ever, <i>worker</i> does not include a person who performs work in the ract cleaning industry:	15 16
		(a)	whose only or main duties are managerial or clerical, or	17
		(b)	under a contract of service with a partnership if the person is a partner and participates in the management of the partnership or shares the profits, or	18 19 20
		(c)	under a contract of service with the Commonwealth, the State or a Territory or a local government authority, or	21 22
		(d)	under a contract, whether or not the contract is a contract of service, with a corporation of which the person is a director, or	23 24
		(e)	under a contract, whether or not the contract is a contract of service, with a trust of which the person is a trustee.	25 26
8	Decl	aratio	n by Minister—coverage of Act	27
	(1)		Minister may, by order published on the NSW legislation website, ire that for this Act:	28 29
		(a)	a person is an employer for the contract cleaning industry, or	30
		(b)	a person is a contractor for that industry, or	31
		(c)	a person is an employee, or an employee of a stated employer, for that industry, or	32 33
		(d)	work, or an activity, is cleaning work.	34
	(2)	Secti 41 (E	ons 40 (Notice of statutory rules to be tabled) and Disallowance of statutory rules) of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i>	35 36

Part 1 Preliminary

apply to an order under this section in the same way as those sections apply to statutory rules.

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## 9 Constitution of Long Service Leave Committee

- (1) There is constituted by this Act the Contract Cleaning Industry Long Service Leave Committee.
- (2) The Committee is to consist of the following members:
  - (a) the Chief Executive Officer or a nominee of the Chief Executive Officer,
  - (b) 2 persons appointed by the Minister, on the nomination of Unions NSW, to represent that body,
  - (c) 2 persons appointed by the Minister, on the nomination of the Liquor, Hospitality, Miscellaneous Workers Union (NSW Branch), to represent that body,
  - (d) 2 persons appointed by the Minister, on the nomination of the Building Service Contractors Association, to represent that body,
  - (e) 2 persons appointed by the Minister, on the nomination of the Australian Cleaning Contractors' Association, to represent that body.
- (3) The person referred to in subsection (2) (a) is to be the Chairperson of the Committee.
- (4) If a nomination referred to in subsection (2) (b), (c), (d) or (e) is not made by a body within such time as the Minister allows, the Minister may appoint a person the Minister considers suitable to represent that body in place of the person required to be so nominated.
- (5) Schedule 1 contains provisions relating to members of the Committee.

Registration

Part 2

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#### Part 2 Registration **Division 1** The registers 10 Corporation must keep registers (1)The Corporation must keep the following registers under this Act: an employers register, (a) (b) a workers register. (2)Subject to this Act, the registers are to be kept in the form and manner, and are to contain such particulars, as the Corporation determines. 11 **Employers register** The Corporation is to enter the following information in the employers (1)register in relation to a person it registers as an employer for the contract cleaning industry: the employer's name, (a) the employer's trading name (if any), (b) the employer's ABN (if any), (c) (d) the address of the employer's principal place of business, (e) if the employer is a corporation: the address of the corporation's registered office, and (i) (ii) the corporation's ACN, the employer's registration day, (f) (g) if the person is no longer an employer—the day the person stopped being an employer. (2)The Corporation may enter in the register any other information it considers necessary for the administration of this Act. 12 Employer's registration day

For the purposes of section 11 (1) (f), the day on which a person becomes a registered employer (the *employer's registration day*) is the day on which the Corporation received the application for registration under section 17.

## 13 Workers register

(1) The Corporation is to enter the following information (or so much of it as it has or is reasonably able to obtain) in the workers register in

Page 7

## Part 2 Registration

relation to a person it registers as a worker for the contract cleaning industry:

- (a) the worker's name (entered, in the case of a foundation worker, as the name of a foundation worker),
- (b) if the worker is an employee—each employer for whom the employee works,
- (c) if the worker is a contractor—the person's ABN (if any),
- (d) the number of days of service with which the worker is credited under this Act,
- (e) the total ordinary remuneration of the worker for work performed by the worker,
- (f) the worker's entitlement to long service leave,
- (g) details of the long service leave granted to, or taken by, the worker, or payment instead of long service leave made to the worker, under this Act or the *Long Service Leave Act 1955*,
- (h) the worker's registration day,
- (i) if the worker no longer performs cleaning work in the contract cleaning industry—the day that he or she stopped performing such work.
- (2) The Corporation may enter in the register any other information it considers necessary for the administration of this Act.
- (3) The Corporation may, for the purposes of entering in the workers register the information referred to in subsection (1) (e), rely on the information contained in any return furnished under Part 4 or such other information as the Corporation thinks fit.

## 14 Worker's registration day

- (1) For the purposes of section 13 (1) (h), the day on which a person becomes a registered worker (the *worker's registration day*) is:
  - (a) if the person applies for registration under section 22 and the application is granted—the day on which the Corporation receives the application, or
  - (b) if an employer of the person applies for registration of the person under section 23 and the application is granted—the day on which the Corporation receives the application, or
  - (c) if the Corporation receives other information indicating the person is a worker as mentioned in section 25—the day the Corporation receives the information.
- (2) However, if the Corporation is satisfied the person was a worker for a period before the worker's registration day, the Corporation may

Registration

Part 2

		nominate an earlier day as the day on which the person became a registered worker.	1 2
	(3)	The Corporation must not nominate a day:	3
		<ul> <li>(a) that is more than 2 full financial years before the person's registration day, unless the Corporation is satisfied special circumstances exist, and</li> </ul>	4 5 6
		(b) in any event—that is earlier than1 July 2011.	7
15	Insp	ection of registers	8
		An employer, a registered worker, or a person acting on behalf of the employer or registered worker, may inspect, and obtain a certified copy of, an entry in the register that relates to the employer or worker.	9 10 11
Divi	sion	2 Registration of employers	12
16	Regi	stration	13
		The Corporation may register a person as an employer on application by the person under section 17.	14 15
17	Appl	ication for registration by employers	16
	(1)	In this section:	17
		<i>prescribed period</i> , in relation to an employer for the contract cleaning industry, means the following:	18 19
		(a) for a person who becomes an employer on or after the commencement of this Act—one month after becoming an employer,	20 21 22
		(b) for a person who is an employer immediately before the commencement of this Act—one month after that commencement.	23 24 25
	(2)	An employer for the contract cleaning industry must apply to the Corporation for registration as an employer not later than the end of:	26 27
		(a) the prescribed period for the employer, or	28
		(b) such additional time as the Corporation allows.	29
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	30
	(3)	An application must be in the approved form.	31
	(4)	The approved form may require an employer:	32
		(a) to state the following:	33
		(i) any name under which the employer is or has been engaged in the contract cleaning industry,	34 35

## Part 2 Registration

		(ii) any business address of the employer,	1
		(iii) any place a record mentioned in section 46 (Employers to	2
		keep records) may be inspected during normal business	3
		hours, and	4
	(b)	to give other information or produce documents the Corporation considers are relevant to the administration of this Act.	5 6
		<b>Note.</b> The Corporation may require an applicant to provide further information or evidence—see section 98.	7 8
Deal	ing wi	th applications for registration as an employer	9
	The	Corporation must:	10
	(a)	register a person who makes an application under section 17 as	11
	(4)	an employer for the contract cleaning industry if satisfied the	12
		person is an employer for that industry, or	13
	(b)	in any other case—refuse to register the person as an employer.	14
	<b>Note</b> regis	. See section 32 in relation to notification requirements concerning tration decisions and section 77 with respect to appeals.	15 16
Cert	ificate	of registration for employers	17
(1)		Corporation must give each person registered as an employer for ontract cleaning industry a certificate of registration that includes:	18 19
	(a)	the registration information mentioned in section 11 (Employers register), and	20 21
	(b)	the employer's registration day for the person.	22
(2)	If sa	tisfied that an employer's certificate of registration has been stolen,	23
		or destroyed, the Corporation must give the employer a replacement ficate of registration.	24 25
(3)		employer's certificate of registration is evidence of the matters d in the certificate.	26 27
Regi	istered	d employer to notify change of details	28
(1)	chan	e details shown on a registered employer's certificate of registration ge, the employer must, not later than 7 days after the change, give Corporation written notice of the change.	29 30 31
	Max	imum penalty: 5 penalty units.	32
(2)		Corporation must give the employer an amended certificate of tration.	33 34

Registration

Part 2

#### **Division 3 Registration of workers** 1 21 Registration 2 (1)The Corporation may register a person as a worker: 3 (a) on application by the person under section 22, or 4 (b) on application by the person's employer under section 23, or 5 on the Corporation's own initiative under section 25. (c) 6 A person who is registered within 6 months after the commencement of 7 (2)this Act (the *foundation period*) is to be entered on the register as a 8 foundation worker. 9 In addition, the Corporation may enter a person who is registered (3) 10 (whether on application or on the Corporation's own initiative) more 11 than 6 months after the commencement of this Act on the register as a 12 foundation worker if the Corporation is satisfied that there are 13 exceptional circumstances that warrant entry after the end of the 14 foundation period. 15 22 Application for registration by workers 16 A person may apply to the Corporation for registration as a worker for (1)17 the contract cleaning industry. 18 Note. Workers who are registered within 6 months after the commencement of 19 the Act are entered on the register as foundation workers and credited with 365 20 days of service. 21 An application under this section must be in the approved form. (2)22 Note. The Corporation may require the applicant to provide further information 23 or evidence-see section 99. 24 23 Application by employers for registration of employee 25 This section applies if a person who is not a registered worker is (1)26 employed by an employer in the contract cleaning industry and does not 27 apply for registration under section 22 before the end of 3 months after 28 the day on which the person starts to work for the employer. 29 (2)The employer must apply to the Corporation for registration of the 30 employee as a worker for the contract cleaning industry within 14 days 31 after the end of the 3-month period. 32 Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units. 33 (3) The application must be in the approved form. 34 Note. The Corporation may require the applicant to provide further information 35

or evidence-see section 99.

Part 2 Registration

## 24 Dealing with applications for registration as registered worker

If an application is made under section 22 or 23 for registration of a person as a worker for the contract cleaning industry, the Corporation must:

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- (a) if satisfied that the person is a worker for the contract cleaning industry (or is a worker for the contract cleaning industry who is eligible to be entered on the register as a foundation worker) register the person as a worker for the industry (or as a foundation worker), or
- (b) in any other case—refuse to register the person as a worker for the industry.

**Note.** See section 32 in relation to notification requirements concerning registration decisions and section 78 in relation to appeals against such decisions.

## 25 Corporation may register worker without application

The Corporation may decide to register a person as a worker in the contract cleaning industry if:

- (a) the Corporation becomes aware of information (other than because of an application under this Part) indicating that the person is, or was, a worker for the industry, and
- (b) the Corporation is satisfied that the person should be registered as a worker for the industry.

**Note.** The Corporation must give notice of the registration to the worker—see section 32.

## 26 Annual statements for workers

- (1) The Corporation must, as soon as practicable after 31 July in each year, place a statement on its website setting out the following information in relation to each registered worker:
  - (a) the number of days of service, from the worker's registration day to the end of the previous financial year, with which the worker has been credited in the workers register,
  - (b) the number of days of service that the worker has been credited with for the previous financial year,
  - (c) the total ordinary remuneration paid to the worker during the previous financial year by a registered employer,
  - (d) if the worker is a contractor—the total amount paid by the contractor under section 51 (Levy payments by registered contractors) for the previous financial year.

Registration

Part 2

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- (2) The Corporation must ensure that the annual statement relating to a registered worker referred to in subsection (1) may be readily accessed by the worker.
- (3) The Corporation must give a registered worker a written copy of the annual statement relating to the worker if requested to do so by the worker.

## 27 Registered worker to notify inaccuracies

If the details shown on an annual statement relating to a registered worker under section 26 are inaccurate, the worker must, not later than 6 months after the statement is placed on the Corporation's website, give the Corporation written notice of the correct details.

## Division 4 Cancellation and suspension of registration

## 28 Cancellation of worker's registration

- (1) The Corporation may at any time cancel the registration of a worker if it is satisfied that the person concerned is not a worker and that the person's application to become a registered worker should have been refused.
- (2) The Corporation must cancel the registration of a registered worker if the person concerned has not been credited under this Act or a corresponding law with at least one day's service for 4 consecutive years.
- (3) For the purposes of subsection (2), any day prescribed by the regulations as a non-service day is to be treated as a day's service.
- (4) The Corporation must also cancel the registration of a worker:
  - (a) on the making of any payment in accordance with section 63 (Entitlement to pro rata payment instead of leave in limited circumstances) in respect of the worker, or
  - (b) at the request of the worker.
- (5) The cancellation of the registration of a registered worker under subsection (1) takes effect:
  - (a) on the expiration of the period of 42 days after the Corporation notifies the registered worker of the cancellation, or
  - (b) if an appeal under section 80 is lodged against the cancellation within that period—on the date the appeal is withdrawn or the cancellation is confirmed.

Part 2 Registration

- (6) If the registration of a person as a worker is cancelled under subsection (1) or (2):
  - (a) the person stops being a registered worker on the day the registration is cancelled, and

- (b) the person is not entitled to apply for, or to be paid an amount for long service leave for, any days of service entered in the register before the day the person stopped being a registered worker.
- (7) However, subsection (6) (b) does not apply if the person would, but for the person's ceasing to be registered, have been entitled to payment for a period under section 63 (Entitlement to pro rata payment instead of leave in limited circumstances).
- (8) Regulations may be made for or with respect to the refund of levies on cancellation of the registration of a worker.
   Note. See section 32 in relation to notification requirements concerning

registration decisions and section 80 with respect to appeals against cancellation of a worker's registration.

## 29 Suspension of worker's registration

- (1) The Corporation may suspend the registration of a worker who has been credited with at least 1825 days of service in the register of workers if 1460 non-service days have elapsed since the last date in respect of which the worker was credited with service under this Act or under a corresponding law.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), a *non-service day* is a day prescribed by the regulations as a non-service day for the purposes of this section.
- (3) The Corporation may restore a suspended registration at any time.
- (4) While the registration of a worker is suspended:
  - (a) the worker is not to be credited in the workers register with any service under this Act (being service during the period of suspension), and
  - (b) the Corporation is not required to give any annual statement under section 26 to the worker, and
  - (c) subject to sections 62 (Prohibition on payments in lieu of leave) and 63:
    - (i) the worker is entitled to apply for and be paid any long service payment in respect of any days' service then credited to the worker in the workers register, and
    - (ii) if the worker has died (whether before or after the worker's registration was suspended)—the personal representative of the worker is entitled to apply for and be paid any long

Registration

Part 2

service payment in respect of any days' service then credited to the worker in the workers register.

- (5) An application under subsection (4) (c) (ii) may not be made more than 2 years after the date of suspension or the date of the worker's death (whichever is the later).
- (6) If a suspended registration is restored under subsection (3), any days' service under this Act that are credited to the worker as at the date of the suspension are to be restored.

## 30 Reinstatement of cancelled registration

- (1) The registration of a person as a worker that has been cancelled in accordance with section 28 may (if the person is eligible) be reinstated at any time within 6 years after the date of cancellation if the Corporation is satisfied that special circumstances exist warranting reinstatement of the person's registration.
- (2) The Corporation may reinstate the registration of a person as a worker that has been cancelled under section 28 (2) if the Corporation is satisfied that the person has been credited with a period of service under a corresponding law within the period of 4 years ending on the day on which the person's registration was cancelled.
- (3) If a person's registration as a worker is reinstated under this section, this Act applies in relation to the person as if the person's registration as a worker had not been cancelled.
- (4) This section does not affect any other right that a person whose registration has been cancelled may have to again become a registered worker.

## 31 Cancellation of employer's registration

- (1) The Corporation may at any time cancel the registration of an employer if it is satisfied that the person concerned is not an employer and that the person's application to become a registered employer should have been refused.
- (2) If a registered employer stops engaging workers to perform cleaning work in the contract cleaning industry, the registered employer may apply to the Corporation for cancellation of registration.
- (3) The application is to be in the approved form.
- (4) The Corporation must cancel the registration if it is satisfied that the person concerned has stopped engaging workers to perform cleaning work in the contract cleaning industry.

#### Registration Part 2

	(5)	is car due t <b>Note</b> .	berson stops being a registered employer on the day the registration ncelled but must pay any levy payable under section 50 that was o the Corporation before that day. See section 32 in relation to notification requirements concerning ration decisions and section 79 with respect to appeals.	1 2 3 4 5
Divi	ision	5	Notices	6
32	Noti	ce of r	egistration decisions	7
	(1)		Corporation must, not later than 14 days after making a decision r this Part, give written notice of its decision to:	8 9
		(a)	the applicant, or	10
		(b)	if it has decided to register a person under this Part on its own initiative—the person registered, or	11 12
		(c)	if it has cancelled the registration of a person-the person.	13
	(2)		e decision is to register a person as a worker, the notice must state vorker's registration day.	14 15
	(3)		e Corporation's decision is to refuse to register or to cancel the tration of the person, the notice must include:	16 17
		(a)	an explanation for the decision, and	18
		(b)	a statement of the effect of section 77, 78, 79 or 80 (as the case requires).	19 20

Service credits

Part 3

## Part 3 Service credits

# 33 Meaning of "engagement period"

- (1) An *engagement period*, for a worker who is an employee, is a period that:
  - (a) starts on the day the person is engaged by an employer as a worker, and
  - (b) stops on the day the person stops being engaged by an employer as a worker.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1), it is not relevant whether the employer who engages the person as a worker is the employer who stops engaging the person as a worker.
- (3) An *engagement period*, for a worker who is a contractor, is a period that:
  - (a) starts on the day the person performs cleaning work as a contractor in the contract cleaning industry, and
  - (b) stops on the day the person stops performing cleaning work as a contractor in the contract cleaning industry.
- (4) An *engagement period*, for a worker, is also taken to include any day that the person who is or was a worker did not perform cleaning work:
  - (a) because of incapacity for an injury for which the worker is entitled to compensation under the *Workers Compensation Act* 1987, or
  - (b) if the worker is an employee—because the worker had been dismissed by the person's employer to ensure that the person did not take long service leave during the worker's employment.

## 34 Service credit

A registered worker is to be credited in the workers register with one day's service for each day (including a day when the worker does not perform cleaning work) in each engagement period.

**Note.** See section 37 in relation to service credits for days when no cleaning work is performed.

## 35 Limitations on crediting service

(1) Except as provided by section 36, a worker must not be credited in the workers register with a day's service unless the day is on or after the worker's registration day.

Part 3 Service credits

- (2) A worker must not be credited in the workers register with more than 365 days of service in a financial year, even if a particular financial year has 366 days.
- (3) The days of service a worker must be credited for in the workers register must be adjusted to ensure that the total number is not more than 365 days if:
  - (a) for a financial year—a registered worker would otherwise be entitled to be credited with a number of days of service in the workers register and a further number of days of service in a like register or record kept under a corresponding law, and

- (b) the total number of days is more than 365 days.
- (4) The adjustment made under subsection (3) must be made when an application is made under this Act or a corresponding law for payment of long service leave for service that includes either or both of the number of days of service mentioned in subsection (3) (a), or at any other time the Corporation may decide.

## 36 Foundation worker service credit

A registered worker whose name is entered on the workers register as a foundation worker is to be credited, on the day that the worker's name is entered in the register, with 365 days of recognised service for the purposes of this Act.

**Note.** Days credited as recognised service are not counted as service for the purposes of the *Long Service Leave Act 1955*.

## 37 Service credit for breaks in engagement periods

- (1) The Corporation may, on application by a registered worker, credit the worker with one day's service in the workers register for each day of any period not exceeding 3 months during which the Corporation is satisfied that, because of circumstances of a kind described by the regulations, the worker was not eligible to be credited with service under section 34.
- (2) The application is to be in the approved form.

## 38 Service credit—insolvent employer

- (1) The Corporation may credit an employee who is registered as a worker with one day's service in the workers register for each day during which the person's employer is insolvent under administration, or an externally-administered body corporate, within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth, on application by the worker or the administrator.
- (2) The application is to be in the approved form.

Returns and records

Part 4

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#### Part 4 **Returns and records**

#### **Division 1** Returns

#### 39 **Returns by employers**

(1)Within 14 days after the end of a return period, a person who is or was an employer for the contract cleaning industry during the return period must give to the Corporation a return in the approved form for the period.

Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units.

- For each worker who is an employee of the person during the return (2)period, the return must include the following:
  - the total amount of ordinary remuneration paid by the employer (a) to the worker during the period for cleaning work performed by the worker,
  - (b) if the worker's engagement with the person began during the period-the day on which the engagement period for the worker began.
  - (c) if the worker's engagement with the person ended during the period—the day on which the engagement period for the worker ended.
  - any other information required by the regulations. (d)

Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units.

(3) If asked by the Corporation, the person must verify the information contained in the return in the way asked by the Corporation including, if asked, by statutory declaration.

Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units.

(4) An employer must give notice to the Corporation about a change to information mentioned in subsection (2) within 14 days after the change.

Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units.

- This section does not require a person to record any information in (5)respect of a worker who is an employee of the person who:
  - (a) is not a registered worker, and
  - was not recorded as a worker in the person's return for the (b) previous return period, and
  - performed work for the person for less than 5 days during the (c) current return period.

Part 4 Returns and records

#### Exemption from lodging return

40	Exemption from lodging return					
	(1)	requi	imployer may apply to the Corporation for an exemption from the irement to lodge a return under section 39 in relation to a person is, or was, engaged by the employer as a worker.	2 3 4		
	(2)	The	application must be in the approved form.	5		
	(3)	The that:	Corporation may grant the exemption if the Corporation is satisfied	6 7		
		(a)	the employer no longer engages the person to perform cleaning work, or	8 9		
		(b)	the employer complies with, or makes contributions to, a similar scheme in another State or a Territory about long service leave payments for persons performing cleaning work to that established by this Act in relation to the person.	10 11 12 13		
	(4)	exen	Corporation may, by notice in writing to the employer, revoke an uption granted under subsection (3) if the Corporation is satisfied xemption should no longer be given.	14 15 16		
	(5)	If the Corporation refuses to grant an application for, or revokes, an exemption, the Corporation must give the employer written notice of its decision.				
	(6)	The notice must include:				
		(a)	an explanation for the decision, and	21		
		(b)	a statement of the effect of section 81.	22		
41	Returns by contractors who are registered workers					
	(1)	must requi peric	ntractor who is, or was, a registered worker during a return period give the Corporation a return in the approved form containing the irred information not later than 14 days after the end of the return od. imum penalty: 20 penalty units.	24 25 26 27 28		
	(2)	In th	is section:	29		
		requ	<i>ired information</i> , for a contractor for a return period, means:	30		
		(a)	the number of days, or part days, during the return period on which the contractor performed work, and	31 32		
		(b)	the contractor's total ordinary remuneration for the work during the return period, and	33 34		
		(c)	any other information prescribed by the regulations.	35		

Returns and records

Divi	ision	2	Review of ordinary remuneration	1
42	Revi	ew of	ordinary remuneration by Corporation	2
	(1)	remu unde exce	section applies if the Corporation considers that the total ordinary uneration for a worker stated in a return given to the Corporation er section 39 or 41 for a return period may be insufficient or ssive because of the nature of the work performed by the worker in eturn period.	3 4 5 6 7
	(2)	that	Corporation must give the following people a notice advising them they may make a submission in relation to the ordinary uneration:	8 9 10
		(a)	for a return under section 39—the employer who gave the return and the employee,	11 12
		(b)	for a return under section 41—the contractor.	13
	(3)		bmission must be made to the Corporation in writing within one th after the notice is given.	14 15
	(4)		r considering a submission (if any) made in accordance with this on, the Corporation may:	16 17
		(a)	decide that the total ordinary remuneration stated in the return for the return period is reasonable, or	18 19
		(b)	fix another amount as the total ordinary remuneration of the worker for the return period.	20 21
43	Notic	ce of C	Corporation's decision on review of remuneration	22
	(1)		Corporation must, not later than 14 days after it makes a decision er section 42, give written notice of the decision to:	23 24
		(a)	for a decision relating to a return under section 39—the employer who gave the return and the employee, or	25 26
		(b)	for a decision relating to a return under section 41-the contractor.	27 28
	(2)		e decision is to fix another amount under section 42 (4) (b), the ce must include:	29 30
		(a)	the total ordinary remuneration fixed by the Corporation for the return period, and	31 32
		(b)	a statement of the effect of sections 44 and 45.	33
44	Effec	t of v	ariation of ordinary remuneration	34
	(1)	unde	following provisions apply if the Corporation fixes an amount er section 42 (4) (b) as the total ordinary remuneration of a worker return period (the <i>varied amount</i> ) other than the amount stated for	35 36 37

Part 4 Returns and records

that worker for that period by the worker's employer in a return under section 39 (the *returned amount*):

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- (a) if the varied amount is more than the returned amount, the employer must pay the Corporation the additional amount payable under section 48 (Determination of levy—employers) for the worker for that return period,
- (b) if the varied amount is less than the returned amount, the Corporation must:
  - (i) if asked by the employer to refund the overpayment of the levy payable under section 50—refund the overpayment, or
  - (ii) in any other case—credit the overpayment against future amounts payable under that section by the employer.
- (2) The following provisions apply if the Corporation fixes an amount under section 42 (4) (b) as the total ordinary remuneration of a contractor who is a registered worker for a return period (the *varied amount*) other than the amount stated for that period by the contractor in a return under section 41 (the *returned amount*):
  - (a) if the varied amount is more than the returned amount, the contractor must pay the Corporation the additional amount payable under section 49 (Determination of levy—contractors) for the contractor for that return period,
  - (b) if the varied amount is less than the returned amount, the Corporation must:
    - (i) if asked by the contractor to refund the overpayment of the levy payable under section 51—refund the overpayment, or
    - (ii) in any other case—credit the overpayment against future amounts payable under that section by the contractor.

## 45 Variation of ordinary remuneration

An employer or contractor who is required by section 44 to pay an additional amount must pay the amount not later than:

- (a) one month after the day on which the person receives notice under section 43 of the Corporation's decision, or
- (b) the end of any additional time the Corporation allows.35Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units.36

Returns and records

Part 4

Division 3 Records				1
46	46 Employers to keep records 2			
	(1)	recor perfo	mployer for the contract cleaning industry must keep a written d showing the relevant particulars for each employee who rms cleaning work for the employer. mum penalty: 20 penalty units.	3 4 5 6
	(2)	empl	mployer must keep the written record for 7 years after the day the oyee stops being employed by the employer. mum penalty: 20 penalty units.	7 8 9
	(3)	In thi	s section:	10
		relev	ant particulars means the following:	11
		(a)	the employee's name and date of birth,	12
		(b)	if the employee is a registered worker—the registration number of the worker,	13 14
		(c)	the nature of the work carried out by the employee,	15
		(d)	the employees's ordinary remuneration for each return period,	16
		(e)	the number of days worked by the employee in each return period,	17 18
		(f)	the date when the employee began service with the employer,	19
		(g)	long service leave granted to the employee,	20
		(h)	if the employee stops service with the employer—the date the employee stops service,	21 22
		(i)	payment made instead of long service leave under section 63 (Entitlement to pro rata payment instead of leave in limited circumstances) to an employee who stops service.	23 24 25
47	Regis	stered	contractors to keep records	26
	(1)		ntractor who is registered as a worker for the contract cleaning stry must keep a written record of the following:	27 28
		(a)	the contractor's name and date of birth,	29
		(b)	the nature of the work performed by the contractor,	30
		(c)	when and for whom work is performed,	31
		(d)	the contractor's ordinary remuneration for each return period,	32
		(e)	the number of days worked by the contractor in each return period.	33 34
		Maxi	mum penalty: 20 penalty units.	35

Part 4	Returns and records
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(2)	The contractor must keep the written record for 7 years after the day the
	record is made.
	Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units.

Long service leave levy

#### Part 5 Long service leave levy 1 **Determination of levy—employers** 48 2 The amount of levy payable by each employer for the contract cleaning 3 (1)industry on the ordinary remuneration for each worker engaged by the 4 employer to perform cleaning work is the percentage of the employee's 5 ordinary remuneration determined by the Minister from time to time by 6 order published on the NSW legislation website. 7 (2)The Corporation must, from time to time, recommend in writing to the 8 Minister the levy that should be payable by employers. 9 Before making an order, the Minister must have regard to any (3) 10 recommendation made under subsection (2), but need not follow it. 11 (4)Sections 40 (Notice of statutory rules to be tabled) and 41 12 (Disallowance of statutory rules) of the Interpretation Act 1987 apply to 13 an order under this section in the same way as those sections apply to 14 statutory rules. 15 49 **Determination of levy—contractors** 16 The amount of levy payable by each contractor who is registered as a (1)17 worker for the contract cleaning industry is the percentage of the 18 contractor's ordinary remuneration determined by the Minister from 19 time to time by order published on the NSW legislation website. 20 (2)The Corporation must, from time to time, recommend in writing to the 21 Minister the levy that should be payable by contractors who are 22 registered workers for the contract cleaning industry. 23 Before making an order, the Minister must have regard to any (3) 24 recommendation made under subsection (2), but need not follow it. 25 (4)Sections 40 (Notice of statutory rules to be tabled) and 41 26 (Disallowance of statutory rules) of the Interpretation Act 1987 apply to 27 an order under this section in the same way as those sections apply to 28 statutory rules. 29 50 Levy payments by employers 30 A person who is, or was, an employer for the contract cleaning industry 31 during a return period must, when the person gives the Corporation a 32 return under section 39, pay to the Corporation the levy payable under 33 section 48 for the return period. 34 Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units. 35

Part 5 Long service leave levy

51	Levy	, paym	ents by registered contractors	1
		contr gives	rson who is, or was, a contractor registered as a worker for the act cleaning industry during a return period must, when the person is the Corporation a return under section 41, pay to the Corporation evy payable under section 49 for the return period.	2 3 4 5
52	Inter	est on	, and extension of time for payment, of levy	6
	(1)		vy amount that is not paid at or before the time it is due bears bound interest at the prescribed rate.	7 8
	(2)	Intere	est forms part of, and may be recovered as, unpaid levy.	9
	(3)		Corporation may, if it considers that special circumstances warrant ing so in any particular case, direct:	10 11
		(a)	that the time for payment of all or part of a levy amount be changed to a later time specified in the direction, or	12 13
		(b)	that the amount of any interest payable under subsection (1) be waived or reduced by an amount specified in the direction.	14 15
	(4)	Subse	ection (3) has effect despite sections 50 and 51.	16
	(5)	In thi	is section <i>prescribed rate</i> means:	17
		(a)	except as provided by paragraph (b)—2% per calendar month, or part of a calendar month, or	18 19
		(b) Note.	such other rate as is prescribed by the regulations. See section 82 with respect to appeals.	20 21
53	Asse	essmei	nt of unpaid levy	22
	(1)		appears to the Corporation that a levy amount has not been fully the Corporation may make an assessment of the amount owing.	23 24
	(2)		Corporation must give a notice of the assessment to the person to n the assessment relates.	25 26
	(3)	The r	notice must include:	27
		(a)	an explanation for the decision, and	28
		(b)	a statement of the effect of section 83.	29
54	Auth	orised	agents for collection of levies	30
	(1)		Corporation may enter into agreements with agents appointed by it ne collection of long service levies.	31 32
	(2)		such agreement may provide for the payment out of the Fund of neration for the authorised agent.	33 34

Long service leave

Part 6

#### Part 6 Long service leave

#### 55 Long service leave

A registered worker for the contract cleaning industry is entitled to leave in accordance with this Part.

#### 56 Years of recognised service

A registered worker for the contract cleaning industry is taken to have completed a year of recognised service for each 365 days of recognised service.

#### Long service leave formula—contract cleaning industry 57

The following is the *long service leave formula* for the contract cleaning industry used under this Part for working out entitlements to long service leave:

$$W = 0.8667 \times \frac{RS}{365}$$

where:

**RS** means the registered worker's number of days of recognised service to which the long service leave entitlement relates.

W means the number of weeks of long service leave held by the registered worker.

#### 58 Amount of leave—contract cleaning industry

A registered worker for the contract cleaning industry who has (1)3650 days or more of recognised service completed after the commencement of this Act is entitled to 8.67 weeks of long service leave under this Act.

Note. Payment for leave under this Act is made by the Corporation-see section 60.

- A registered worker for the contract cleaning industry who completes a (2)further 1825 days of additional service after the worker last became entitled to long service leave under this Act:
  - is entitled under this Act to 4.33 weeks of long service leave for (a) the additional days of service if they are credited in the workers register, and
  - to a further 4.33 weeks of long service leave under this Act for (b) each subsequent further 1825 days of additional service that the worker completes and that is so credited.
- (3) A worker for the contract cleaning industry:

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Part 6 Long service leave

(a) who before the commencement of this Act had accrued an 1 entitlement, or after the commencement becomes entitled, to long 2 service leave under the Long Service Leave Act 1955 (the 1955) 3 Act) but who has not accrued any entitlement to long service 4 leave with any employer under this Act, and 5 (b) who after the commencement of this Act, becomes a registered 6 worker and completes a further 1825 days of additional service in 7 the industry after last becoming entitled to long service leave 8 under the 1955 Act, 9 is entitled under this Act to 4.33 weeks of long service leave for the 10 additional days of service if the worker is credited with the additional 11 days of service in the workers register and to a further 4.33 weeks of 12 long service leave for each subsequent further 1825 days of additional 13 service that the worker completes and that is so credited. 14 Grant of leave by employers—contract cleaning industry 15 (1)The employer of a registered worker for the contract cleaning industry 16 is guilty of an offence if: 17 (a) the worker becomes entitled to long service leave under this Act, 18 and 19 (b) the employer does not grant the worker the long service leave 20 before the end of the prescribed period. 21 Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units. 22 (2)Long service leave must not be granted for a period of less than 2 weeks. 23 (3) In this section: 24 prescribed period, for long service leave to which a registered worker 25 engaged by an employer for the contract cleaning industry is entitled, 26 means: 27 6 months after the day on which the worker becomes entitled to 28 (a) the leave under this Act, or 29 if the Corporation has allowed (on application by the employer or (b) 30 the worker) a period longer than 6 months—the period allowed 31 by the Corporation, or 32 if the employer and worker agree on a period longer than (c) 33 6 months and less than 5 years—the period agreed. 34 (4)If an employer and a worker agree on a prescribed period as referred to 35 in paragraph (c) of the definition of *prescribed period* in subsection (3), 36 the employer must give written notice to the Corporation of the agreed 37 period within 7 days after the agreement is reached. 38

Long service leave

Part 6

60	Payr	Payments for leave		
	(1)	A registered worker who has accrued long service leave under this Act may apply to the Corporation for payment for the leave.	2 3	
	(2)	The application must be in the approved form.	4	
	(3)	The Corporation may require an applicant to provide such documentary or other evidence (including a statutory declaration) as the Corporation may require to deal with the application.	5 6 7	
	(4)	If the Corporation is satisfied that the applicant is entitled to long service leave under this Act, the Corporation must approve the application and pay to the applicant the amount payable under section 66 or 67 (as the case requires) as soon as practicable after the application is made.	8 9 10 11 12	
61	Long	g service leave not payable if payment previously made	13	
	(1)	A registered worker is not entitled to be paid for a day's service that is credited to the worker in the workers register if payment for the entitlement has already been made under this or another Act, or an award.	14 15 16 17	
	(2)	In this section:	18	
		<i>award</i> means an award, agreement or industrial instrument (under a law of the State or of the Commonwealth) providing for payment of workers performing cleaning work in the contract cleaning industry.	19 20 21	
62	Proh	ibition on payments in lieu of leave	22	
		Except as provided by section 64, a registered worker must not be paid any amount instead of long service leave.	23 24	
63		lement to pro rata payment instead of leave in limited Imstances	25 26	
	(1)	This section applies to a registered worker for the contract cleaning industry who has 5 years of recognised service if:	27 28	
		(a) the worker has permanently left the industry, and	29	
		(b) 20 weeks have passed since the day on which the worker permanently left the industry, and	30 31	
		(c) the worker has not been credited with service in the workers register for any of the days in the 20-week period.	32 33	
	(2)	If the Corporation is satisfied that this section applies to the worker, the worker is entitled to payment instead of long service leave for the number of weeks of long service leave worked out in accordance with the long service leave formula.	34 35 36 37	

Page 29

Part 6 Long service leave

### 64 Pro rata payments instead of leave

(1)	If a registered worker is entitled to payment instead of long service
	leave under section 63, the worker may apply to the Corporation for the
	payment.

- (2) If a registered worker has died and, immediately before the death, the registered worker had 5 years of recognised service, the registered worker's personal representative may apply to the Corporation for payment of the entitlement.
- (3) An application under this section must be in the approved form.
- (4) In this section, *personal representative*, in relation to a payment in respect of a person who has died, means:
  - (a) in the case of a person who died wholly or partially intestate any person who appears to the Corporation to be entitled to obtain a grant of letters of administration of the estate of the person, and
  - (b) in the case of a person who died testate—any person who appears to the Corporation to be entitled to receive the relevant payment under the will of the person.

### 65 How are leave entitlements to be worked out?

- (1) For the purposes of sections 60 (Payments for leave) and 64 (Pro rata payments instead of leave), the amount payable to a registered worker for, or instead of, long service leave is:
  - (a) for any part of the entitlement to long service leave accrued as an employee—the amount worked out in section 66, and
  - (b) for any part of the entitlement to long service leave accrued as a contractor—the amount worked out in accordance with section 67.
- (2) For the purposes of subsection (1):
  - (a) long service leave must be taken in the reverse order in which it is accrued, and
  - (b) if pro rata payment instead of leave is being made—the payment is made in relation to the leave in the order in which it is accrued.

### 66 Leave payments to employee for service as a registered worker

(1) For the purposes of section 60, the amount payable to an employee for long service leave for service accrued as a registered worker is the amount worked out using the following formula:

$$0.8667 \times \frac{D}{365} \times R$$

Long service leave

	(2)	In thi	is section:	1
			ans the number of days of service credited to the registered worker	2
			e workers register to which the amount payable relates.	3
		0	nated day means:	4
		(a)	if the registered worker is taking long service leave—the day the leave begins, and	5 6
		(b)	if the registered worker is being paid pro rata instead of taking long service leave—the day the application for payment is approved.	7 8 9
		recei	the highest of the weekly averages of the ordinary remuneration ved by the registered worker during each of the following periods applies to the worker:	10 11 12
		(a)	the most recent 2 quarters of service as a registered worker before the designated day,	13 14
		(b)	the most recent 4 quarters of service as a registered worker before the designated day,	15 16
		(c)	the most recent 20 quarters of service as a registered worker before the designated day,	17 18
		(d)	if relevant—the most recent 40 quarters of service as a registered worker before the designated day.	19 20
		The p comp	<b>ple—"R"</b> Henry has worked in the contract cleaning industry for 7 years. beriods in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) apply to Henry because he has leted more than 20 return periods (ie 1825 days or 5 years), but less than turn periods (ie 3650 days or 10 years), of relevant service.	21 22 23 24
		day is desig	r's average weekly income for the 2 return periods before the designated s \$283. His weekly averages for the 4 and 20 return periods before the nated day are \$427 and \$375, respectively. Accordingly "R" is \$427 use it is the highest of the weekly averages.	25 26 27 28
67	Leav	е рауі	ments to a contractor for service as a registered worker	29
	(1)	is a 1	he purposes of section 60, the amount payable to a contractor who registered worker for long service leave for service accrued as a tered worker is the total of the following for the service:	30 31 32
		(a)	amounts paid by the contractor to the Corporation under section 51 (Levy payments by registered contractors),	33 34
		(b)	interest at the determined rate worked out from the date of receipt of each amount paid under that section until the designated day for the leave.	35 36 37

(2) The Corporation must determine an interim rate of interest from time to time before the determination of the rate under subsection (1) (b).

Page 31

38 39 Part 6 Long service leave

	(3)	The	determined rate of interest must:	1		
		(a)	be worked out after the end of each financial year for the previous financial year,	2 3		
		(b)	take into account the expenses incurred in administering the Corporation,	4 5		
		(c)	be at least 75% of the rate of interest, expressed as a percentage, earned by the Corporation and worked out in accordance with the regulations.	6 7 8		
	(4)	In th	is section:	9		
		desig	gnated day means:	10		
		(a)	if the worker is taking long service leave—the day the leave begins, and	11 12		
		(b)	if the registered worker is being paid pro rata instead of taking long service leave—the day the Corporation approves the application for payment.	13 14 15		
68	Deemed minimum and maximum rates of pay					
	(1)	deter	bite section 66, the regulations may make provision for the remination of minimum and maximum amounts for $R$ for the oses of the formula in that section.	17 18 19		
	(2)	The Minister is to consult with the Committee before recommending the making of a regulation under this section.				
	(3)	on th	Committee is to advise and make recommendations to the Minister ne operation of, and any amendment to or repeal of, any regulation e under this section.	22 23 24		
	(4)	67 is less t the C an ex	amount of a long service payment to a worker under section 66 or because of the operation of a regulation made under this section, than the amount it would have been in the absence of the regulation, Corporation is to notify the worker in writing of that fact and give explanation of the operation of the regulation. See section 84 with respect to appeals.	25 26 27 28 29 30		
69	Publ	ic holi	idays not to count as leave	31		
			riod of long service leave taken by a registered worker is increased ne day for each public holiday that falls during the period of leave.	32 33		
70	Corp	oratio	on may pay if employer insolvent	34		
	(1)	This	section applies if:	35		
	. /	(a)	the employer of a registered worker is or becomes insolvent under administration, or an externally-administered body	36 37		

Long service leave

Part 6

		corporate, within the meanin the Commonwealth, and	g of the Corporations Act 2001 of	1 2
		(b) the worker has an entitlemen Act.	nt to long service leave under this	3 4
	(2)	The Corporation may pay to the representative, the difference betwe		5 6
		(a) the amount of the worker's lo this Act, and	ong service leave entitlement under	7 8
			vorker's personal representative has the employer for the worker's long er this Act.	9 10 11
71	Payn	ent may be deferred		12
	(1)	A person who applies for a payment may ask the Corporation to defer pa		13 14
	(2)	The Corporation may defer the paym person and the Corporation.	nent for a period agreed between the	15 16
72	Corp	oration's liability confined to long	service leave	17
		Despite the Corporation having paid an amount for a long service leav registered worker, the Corporation i	e entitlement under this Act to a	18 19 20
		(a) an employer of the registered	worker, or	21
		(b) a person in a contractual relat	ionship with the registered worker.	22

Part 7 Appeals to Committee

## Part 7 Appeals to Committee

## Division 1 General

## 73 Appeals—general provisions

- (1) An appeal under this Act is to be made:
  - (a) except as provided by paragraph (b)—within 21 days after the appellant is notified of the decision appealed against, or

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- (b) within such other time as may be prescribed by the regulations in respect of the appeal.
- (2) The manner of making and the procedure for hearing and determining an appeal under this Act is, subject to the regulations, to be as determined by the Committee.
- (3) The Committee may at any time refer the matter the subject of an appeal under this Act to the Corporation for reconsideration.
- (4) The determination of the Committee in respect of an appeal under this Act is taken to be the final decision of the Corporation and must be given effect to by the Corporation.
- (5) Despite subsection (4), in proceedings in any court a plea of issue estoppel is not available in respect of an issue decided by the Committee.

## 74 Hearing and determination of appeals by 2 or more members

- (1) If the Committee in any particular case or class of cases so determines, an appeal under this Act may be heard or may be heard and determined by 2 or more members of the Committee appointed by the Committee for the purpose.
- (2) If an appeal is heard but not determined by 2 or more members of the Committee, the determination of the appeal must be made by the Committee at a meeting at which a quorum is present.
- (3) If an appeal is heard and determined by 2 or more members of the Committee, the determination of the appeal is taken to have been made by the Committee.

## 75 Notice of appeal decisions

The Committee must give the appellant written notice of its decision on an appeal under this Act not later than 14 days after the day on which the decision is made.

Appeals to Committee

Part 7

76	Pers beha		epresentative of deceased person may appeal on person's	1 2
	(1)	Divis	Therefore in Division 2 to a person who has an appeal right under that sion includes, where the person has died, the person's personal estimative acting on behalf of the person.	3 4 5
	(2)		is section, <i>personal representative</i> , in relation to a person who has means:	6 7
		(a)	in the case of a person who died wholly or partially intestate— any person who appears to the Committee to be entitled to obtain a grant of letters of administration of the estate of the person, and	8 9 10
		(b)	in the case of a person who died testate—any person who appears to the Committee to be entitled to receive the relevant payment under the will of the person.	11 12 13
Divi	ision	2	Rights of appeal	14
77	Appeals against refusal to register as employer			
	(1)	empl	section applies if the Corporation refuses to register a person as an oyer under section 18 (Dealing with applications for registration as oyer).	16 17 18
	(2)		applicant for registration may appeal to the Committee against the oration's decision.	19 20
	(3)	If an	appeal is made, the Committee must:	21
		(a)	if satisfied that the person to whom the application relates is an employer for the contract cleaning industry—direct the Corporation to register the person as an employer for the industry, or	22 23 24 25
		(b)	in any other case—confirm the Corporation's decision.	26
78	Арр	eals ag	gainst refusal to register as registered worker	27
	(1)	work	section applies if the Corporation refuses to register a person as a er under section 24 (Dealing with applications for registration as tered worker).	28 29 30
	(2)		applicant for registration may appeal to the Committee against the oration's decision.	31 32
	(3)	If an	appeal is made, the Committee must:	33
		(a)	if satisfied that the person to whom the application relates is a worker for the contract cleaning industry—direct the Corporation to register the person as a worker for the industry, or	34 35 36
		(b)	in any other case—confirm the Corporation's decision.	37

Part 7 Appeals to Committee

#### 79 Appeal against cancellation of employer's registration

- (1) A person may appeal to the Committee against a decision of the Corporation under section 31 to cancel the person's registration as an employer.
- (2) The Committee may, in determining an appeal, confirm the cancellation or:
  - (a) in the case of a cancellation under section 31 (1)—quash the decision of the Corporation if satisfied that the person concerned is an employer and that the person's application to become a registered employer was approved in accordance with this Act, or

(b) in the case of a cancellation under section 31 (4)—quash the decision of the Corporation if satisfied that the person concerned has not stopped engaging workers to perform cleaning work in the contract cleaning industry.

#### 80 Appeal against cancellation of worker's registration

- (1) A person may appeal to the Committee against a decision of the Corporation under section 28 to cancel the person's registration as a worker (otherwise than as authorised by section 28 (4)).
- (2) The Committee may, in determining an appeal, confirm the cancellation or:
  - (a) in the case of a cancellation under section 28 (1)—quash the decision of the Corporation if satisfied that the person concerned is a worker and that the person's application to become a registered worker was approved in accordance with this Act, or
  - (b) in the case of a cancellation under section 28 (2)—quash the decision of the Corporation if satisfied that the registered worker was entitled under this Act to be credited with service in the workers register during the period of 4 years immediately preceding the cancellation.

#### 81 Appeals against refusal to grant exemption or revocation of exemption

- (1) This section applies if the Corporation refuses to grant an exemption to an employer, or revokes an exemption granted to an employer, under section 40 (Exemption from lodging return).
- (2) The employer may appeal to the Committee against the Corporation's decision.
- (3) If an appeal is made, the Committee must:
  - (a) if satisfied that the exemption should be granted or should not have been revoked—direct the Corporation to grant or reinstate the exemption (as the case requires), or

Appeals to Committee

Part 7

••	al in relation to payment of interest on long service levies etc
(1)	This section applies if the Corporation gives, or refuse to give, a direction under section 52 (3).
(2)	A person who is aggrieved by the Corporation's decision may appeal to the Committee for a review of the matter.
(3)	Without affecting the generality of section 73, notice of appeal under subsection (2) must:
	<ul> <li>(a) specify why the decision of the Corporation with respect to the direction or the refusal to give the direction is unreasonable, having regard to the circumstances notified to the Corporation at the time the decision was made, and</li> </ul>
	(b) be accompanied by a statutory declaration verifying the particulars set out in the application.
(4)	If an appeal is made, the Committee must:
	(a) confirm the decision of the Corporation, or
	(b) if it considers that the decision of the Corporation is unreasonable having regard to the circumstances notified to the Corporation at the time the decision was made—give such directions to the Corporation with respect to the matter as the Committee considers appropriate.
Арре	als against levy assessments
(1)	A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Corporation in connection with an assessment under section 53 may appeal to the Committee for a review of the matter.
(2)	The Committee may, in determining an appeal, confirm the decision of the Corporation or quash the decision of the Corporation.
	eal against limitation of long service payment by operation of ned minimum and maximum rates of pay
(1)	A person who has received a notification under section 68 and is dissatisfied with the calculation of the long service payment may appeal to the Committee.
(2)	The Committee, in determining the appeal, may confirm the calculation of the long service payment or set it aside and make a new calculation in substitution for that calculation.

Part 8 Enforcement

Par	t 8	Enforcement	1
DIVI	sion	1 Authorisation and identification of inspectors	2
85	Defin	ition	3
		In this Part:	4
		<i>inspector</i> means a person authorised by the Corporation for the purposes of this Part.	5 6
86	Auth	orisation of inspectors	7
	(1)	The Corporation may authorise any person, or persons included in a class of persons, to be an inspector or inspectors for the purposes of this Part.	8 9 10
	(2)	The Corporation may, in and by the instrument authorising a person to be an inspector, limit the functions that the inspector may exercise under this Part.	11 12 13
	(3)	An inspector is, to the extent to which the inspector is exercising functions as an inspector under this Part, subject to the control and direction of the Corporation.	14 15 16
87	Ident	ification of inspectors	17
	(1)	The Corporation is to cause each inspector to be issued with a means of identification in the form approved by the Corporation.	18 19
	(2)	In the course of exercising the functions of an inspector under this Part, the inspector must, if requested to do so by any person affected by the exercise of any such function, produce the inspector's identification for inspection by the person unless to do so would defeat the purpose for which the functions are to be exercised.	20 21 22 23 24
Divi	sion	2 Powers of entry and inspection	25
88	Powe	er to enter premises	26
	(1)	An inspector may enter any premises at any time for the following purposes:	27 28
		(a) determining whether any workers in the contract cleaning industry are employed or engaged there,	29 30
		(b) determining whether there has been compliance with, or a contravention of, this Act or the regulations.	31 32
	(2)	Entry may be effected under this Act by an inspector with such assistance as the inspector considers necessary and with the use of reasonable force.	33 34 35

Enforcement

Part 8

#### 89 Entry into residential premises only with permission or warrant 1 This Division does not empower an inspector to enter any part of 2 premises used only for residential purposes without the permission of 3 the occupier or under the authority of a search warrant under section 90. 4 90 Search warrants 5 (1) An inspector may apply to an authorised officer for the issue of a search 6 warrant if the inspector believes on reasonable grounds that: 7 a provision of this Act or the regulations is being or has been 8 (a) contravened at any premises, or 9 there is in or on any premises any matter or a thing that is 10 (b) connected with an offence under this Act or the regulations. 11 An authorised officer to whom such an application is made may, if (2)12 satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a search 13 warrant authorising an inspector named in the warrant: 14 to enter the premises, and (a) 15 (b) to exercise any function of an inspector under this Division. 16 Division 4 of Part 5 of the Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 applies to a search warrant issued under this (3) 17 18 section. 19 (4) In this section: 20 authorised officer has the same meaning as it has in the Law 21 Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002. 22 *matter or a thing* connected with an offence means: 23 any matter or a thing with respect to which the offence has been (a) 24 committed, or 25 any matter or a thing that will afford evidence of the commission (b) 26 of an offence, or 27 any matter or a thing that was used, or is intended to be used, for (c) 28 the purpose of committing the offence. 29 offence includes an offence that there are reasonable grounds for 30 believing has been, or is to be, committed. 31 91 Powers to inspect and seize things 32 An inspector may, on any premises lawfully entered, do anything that (1)33 in the opinion of the inspector is necessary to be done for the purposes 34 of this Part, including (but not limited to) the things specified in 35 subsection (2). 36

Part 8 Enforcement

(2)	An i	nspector may do any or all of the following:	1
	(a)	carry out surveillance activities,	2
	(b)	examine and inspect any part of the premises or any article or thing on the premises,	3 4
	(c)	make such examinations and inquiries as the inspector considers necessary,	5 6
	(d)	require records and other documents required to be kept for the purposes of this Act or the regulations to be produced for inspection,	7 8 9
	(e)	examine and inspect any such records or other documents,	10
	(f)	take copies of any such records or other documents,	11
	(g)	seize anything that the inspector has reasonable grounds for believing is connected with an offence under this Act or the regulations,	12 13 14
	(h)	do any other thing the inspector is empowered to do under this Part.	15 16
(3)		power conferred on a person authorised under subsection (2) to ire the production of a document includes the power:	17 18
	(a)	to require its translation into the English language, if it is not written in English, and	19 20
	(b)	to require the production, in hard-copy, or graphic form, of a document that is stored electronically or that otherwise consists of anything referred to in paragraph (b) or (c) of the definition of <i>document</i> in section 21 (1) of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> .	21 22 23 24
(4)		power to seize anything connected with an offence includes a er to seize:	25 26
	(a)	a thing with respect to which the offence has been committed, and	27 28
	(b)	a thing that will afford evidence of the commission of the offence, and	29 30
	(c)	a thing that was used for the purpose of committing the offence.	31
		ference to any such offence includes a reference to an offence that are reasonable grounds for believing has been committed.	32 33
(5)	onÎy	erson may be required to furnish a document under this Division if the document is in the person's possession or is within the on's power to obtain lawfully.	34 35 36

Enforcement

#### Part 8

#### 92 Dealing with seized things 1 If an inspector seizes anything under section 91 on any premises, the 2 (1)inspector must issue the person apparently in charge of the premises 3 with a written receipt for the thing seized. 4 An inspector may retain anything seized under section 91 until the (2)5 completion of any proceedings (including proceedings on appeal) in 6 which it may be evidence. 7 (3) A record may be retained under subsection (2) only if the person from 8 whom the record was seized is provided, within a reasonable time after 9 the seizure, with a copy of the record certified by the inspector as a true 10 copy. 11 Subsection (2) ceases to have effect in relation to anything seized if, on (4) 12 the application of a person aggrieved by the seizure, the court in which 13 proceedings referred to in that subsection are commenced so orders. 14 93 Assistance to be given to inspectors 15 This section applies for the purpose of enabling an inspector to exercise (1)16 any of the powers of an inspector under this Division in connection with 17 any premises. 18 The inspector may, by notice in writing given to the owner or occupier (2)19 of the premises, require the owner or occupier to provide such 20 reasonable assistance and facilities as are specified in the notice within 21 a specified time and in a specified manner. 22 94 Provisions relating to requirements to furnish records, information or 23 answer questions 24 Warning to be given on each occasion (1)25 A person is not guilty of an offence of failing to comply with a 26 requirement under this Part to furnish records or information or to 27 answer a question unless the person was warned on that occasion that a 28 failure to comply is an offence. 29 Self-incrimination not an excuse (2)30 A person is not excused from a requirement under this Part to furnish 31 any records or information or to answer a question on the ground that 32 the record, information or answer might incriminate the person or make 33 the person liable to a penalty. 34 Information or answer not admissible if objection made (3) 35 However, any information furnished or answer given by a natural 36 person in compliance with a requirement under this Part is not 37

Part 8 Enforcement

admissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings (except proceedings for an offence under this Part) if:

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- (a) the person objected at the time to doing so on the ground that it might incriminate the person, or
- (b) the person was not warned on that occasion that the person may object to furnishing the information or giving the answer on the ground that it might incriminate the person.

#### (4) Records admissible

Any record furnished by a person in compliance with a requirement under this Part is not inadmissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings on the ground that the record might incriminate the person.

#### (5) Further information

Further information obtained as a result of a record or information furnished or of an answer given in compliance with a requirement under this Part is not inadmissible on the ground:

- (a) that the record or information had to be furnished or the answer had to be given, or
- (b) that the record or information furnished or answer given might incriminate the person.

#### (6) Requirement to state name and address

This section extends to a requirement under this Part to state a person's name and address.

## 95 Offences under this Part

- (1) A person must not, without lawful excuse, refuse or fail to comply with a requirement made of the person under this Part.
- (2) A person must not wilfully:
  - (a) obstruct, delay or hinder an inspector in the exercise of the inspector's powers under this Part, or
  - (b) refuse to allow an inspector to enter any premises the inspector may lawfully enter under this Part.

Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.

Enforcement

Part 8

#### **Division 3** Other enforcement matters 1 96 Service of documents 2 A document that is authorised or required by this Act or the regulations (1)3 to be served on any person may be served by: 4 (a) in the case of a natural person: 5 (i) delivering it to the person personally, or 6 sending it by post to the address specified by the person for (ii) 7 the giving or service of documents or, if no such address is 8 specified, the residential or business address of the person 9 last known to the person giving or serving the document, 10 11 or sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile (iii) 12 number of the person, or 13 (b) in the case of a body corporate: 14 leaving it with a person apparently of or above the age of (i) 15 16 years at, or by sending it by post to, the head office, a 16 registered office or a principal office of the body corporate 17 or to an address specified by the body corporate for the 18 giving or service of documents, or 19 sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile (ii) 20 number of the body corporate. 21 (2)Nothing in this section affects the operation of any provision of a law or 22 of the rules of a court authorising a document to be served on a person 23 in any other manner. 24 97 Authentication of certain documents by Corporation 25 Every summons, process, demand, order, notice, statement, direction or 26 document requiring authentication by the Corporation may be 27 sufficiently authenticated without the seal of the Corporation if signed 28 by the Chief Executive Officer. 29 98 Corporation may require applicant under section 17 to provide further 30 information or evidence 31 The Corporation may, by written notice, require an applicant under (1)32 section 17 to provide, within a reasonable period stated in the notice: 33 such information further to the information contained in the (a)34 application, and 35 (b) such documentary or other evidence (including a statutory 36 declaration), 37 as the Corporation may require to enable it to deal with the application. 38

#### Part 8 Enforcement

(2) The applicant is guilty of an offence if the applicant, without reasonable excuse, fails to provide the information or evidence within the period stated in the notice.

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Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units.

#### 99 Corporation may require applicant under section 22 or 23 to provide further information or evidence

- The Corporation may, by notice in writing, require an applicant under (1)section 22 (Application for registration by workers) or 23 (Application by employers for registration of employee) to provide within a reasonable period stated in the notice:
  - (a) such information further to the information contained in the application, and
  - (b) such documentary or other evidence (including a statutory declaration).

as the Corporation may require to enable it to deal with the application.

The Corporation may refuse to grant the application if the applicant, (2)without reasonable excuse, fails to provide the information or evidence in the period stated in the notice.

#### 100 Notice requiring information or documents

- This section applies if the Corporation believes a person is, or was an (1)employer for the contract cleaning industry, but is not a registered employer.
- (2)The Corporation may, by written notice given to the person, require the person to give the Corporation the information or documents stated in the notice that are necessary to enable the Corporation to decide whether the person is, or was, an employer in the contract cleaning industry.
- (3) The notice may state a period, that must be reasonable in the circumstances, within which the information or documents must be given to the Corporation.
- (4) The person is guilty of an offence if the person, without reasonable excuse, fails to provide the information or documents within the period stated in the notice.

Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units.

Enforcement

Part 8

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#### 101 **False statements** A person who: in any application, certificate, claim, appeal, return or record (a) made, furnished or maintained under or for the purposes of this Act or the regulations, or (b) in any information given: in purported compliance with a requirement made of the (i) person under this Act or the regulations, or for the purpose of obtaining any exemption, concession, (ii) benefit or advantage under this Act or the regulations, makes any statement or records any matter that the person knows to be false or misleading in a material particular is guilty of an offence. Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units. 102 **Disclosure of information** A person must not disclose any information obtained in connection with the administration or execution of this Act (or any other Act conferring or imposing functions on the Corporation) unless that disclosure is made: with the consent of the person from whom the information was (a) obtained, or (b) in connection with the administration or execution of this Act (or any such other Act), or for the purposes of any legal proceedings arising out of this Act (c) (or any such other Act) or of any report of any such proceedings, or (d) in accordance with a requirement imposed under the Ombudsman Act 1974, or with other lawful excuse. (e) Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units. **Division 4** Proceedings for offences and debt recovery 103 Nature of proceedings for offences Proceedings for an offence under this Act or the regulations may be (1)dealt with summarily before the Local Court. The provisions of the *Industrial Relations Act 1996* relating to appeals (2)from, and the stating of a case by, the Local Court to the Industrial Relations Commission in Court Session apply to proceedings before the Local Court for offences against this Act or the regulations.

Part 8 Enforcement

(3) Despite anything in any other Act, proceedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations may be instituted within the period of 6 years after the act or omission alleged to constitute the offence.

#### 104 Offences by corporations

- (1) If a corporation contravenes, whether by act or omission, any provision of this Act or the regulations, each person who is a director of the corporation or who is concerned in the management of the corporation is taken to have contravened the same provision if the person knowingly authorised or permitted the contravention.
- (2) A person may be proceeded against and convicted under a provision pursuant to subsection (1) whether or not the corporation has been proceeded against or has been convicted under the provision.
- (3) Nothing in this section affects any liability imposed on a corporation for an offence committed by the corporation under this Act or the regulations.

#### 105 Recovery of charges etc by Corporation

Any charge, fee, levy or money due to the Corporation under this Act may be recovered by the Corporation as a debt in a court of competent jurisdiction.

#### 106 Orders to make levy payments

- (1) If the Local Court convicts a person, or finds the person guilty, of an offence against section 17 (Application for registration by employers), the Local Court may, in addition to imposing a penalty on the person, order the person to pay the Corporation the amount that would have been payable by the person under section 50 (Levy payments by employers) if the person had complied with this Act since becoming registered as an employer.
- (2) A person who contravenes an order under subsection (1) commits an offence.

Maximum penalty:

- (a) in the case of a corporation—100 penalty units, or
- (b) in any other case—100 penalty units or imprisonment for one year (or both).

Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Bill 2010	Clause 107
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Enforcement

Part 8

#### 107 Certificate as to payment of levies 1 A certificate purporting to be signed by the Chief Executive Officer or 2 a person holding, or acting in, a prescribed office or position and 3 certifying: 4 that, on a date specified in the certificate, an amount of levy, so (a) 5 specified, was paid to the Corporation or an authorised agent of 6 the Corporation, or 7 that, during a period so specified, an amount of levy was not so (b) 8 paid, or 9 that no amount of levy was payable, (c) 10 is admissible in evidence in any proceedings and is evidence of the 11 matters stated in it. 12

Part 9 Relationship to other laws

Part 9		Relationship to other laws		
108	Defir	nition	2	
		In this Part:	3	
		<i>relevant law</i> means the following:	4	
		(a) the Long Service Leave Act 1955,	5	
		(b) a corresponding law,	6	
		(c) a law prescribed by the regulations for employment in the contract cleaning industry.	7 8	
109	Bene	efits under other laws—election	9	
	(1)	A registered worker must elect the law under which long service leave benefits are to be taken if the worker is eligible both for long service benefits under this Act and to long service benefits accrued after the commencement of this Act under a relevant law.	10 11 12 13	
	(2)	If a registered worker makes an election under subsection (1), the worker must give the Corporation notice in writing of the nature of the election and the engagement period for which the election is made.	14 15 16	
	(3)	If a registered worker elects to take long service benefits under a relevant law, the Corporation must remove from the relevant workers register the workers's credits for the engagement period.	17 18 19	
	(4)	However, the Corporation must keep a record of the removed credits.	20	
110	Bene	efits under other laws—reimbursement of employer	21	
	(1)	This section applies if:	22	
		(a) a registered worker has made an election under section 109, and	23	
		(b) an employer pays the registered worker an amount under a relevant law.	24 25	
	(2)	The employer may apply to the Corporation for reimbursement of an amount paid under the relevant law, less any levy or other amount outstanding that is payable by the employer to the Corporation under this Act, if:	26 27 28 29	
		(a) an application is made to the Corporation, and	30	
		(b) the Corporation is satisfied that the amount paid by the employer was properly paid by the employer under the relevant law.	31 32	
	(3)	The application is to be made in the approved form.	33	

Relationship to other laws

Part 9

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# 111 Reimbursement for certain payments under Long Service Leave Act 1955

- (1) This section applies if an employee in the contract cleaning industry has an entitlement to long service leave with an employer that was accrued under the *Long Service Leave Act 1955* but has not accrued any entitlement with any employer under this Act.
- (2) The employer may apply to the Corporation for reimbursement of so much of the amount of long service leave as is payable to the employee for any part of the entitlement to long service leave accrued under the *Long Service Leave Act 1955* during an engagement period in which the employee was a registered worker under this Act.
- (3) The Corporation must pay the employer the amount if satisfied the amount paid by the employer was properly paid by the employer under the *Long Service Leave Act 1955*.
- (4) If the Corporation makes a payment under subsection (3), the Corporation must remove from the workers register the workers's credits for the engagement period concerned.

Part 10 Reciprocal arrangements

## Part 10 Reciprocal arrangements

#### 112 Reciprocal agreements for corresponding laws

(1) The Minister administering this Act may enter into an agreement (a *reciprocal agreement*) with the Minister of another State or a Territory who administers a corresponding law in relation to payment of long service leave to people carrying out work in the contract cleaning industry.

- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), the agreement may make provision in relation to the following:
  - (a) payments for, or instead of, long service leave,
  - (b) the exchange of information about service credits and entitlements to long service benefits between the Corporation and the reciprocal authority under the corresponding law,
  - (c) anything else in relation to long service benefits that the Minister administering this Act considers appropriate.

#### 113 Payment by Corporation on reciprocal authority's behalf

- (1) This section applies to a registered worker who has a long service leave entitlement under this Act and a corresponding law.
- (2) The worker may apply to the Corporation for payment of a long service leave entitlement worked out in accordance with the corresponding law.
- (3) The application must be in the approved form.
- (4) The Corporation must pay the worker the amount of the entitlement worked out in the way stated in the corresponding law if the Corporation is authorised by the reciprocal authority to make the payment.

#### 114 Payments by reciprocal authority on Corporation's behalf

- (1) This section applies if, under a corresponding law, a reciprocal authority pays to a person an amount that, but for the payment, would have been payable for a long service leave entitlement under this Act for work done in the contract cleaning industry.
- (2) If the Corporation is notified about the payment and is satisfied that the payment was properly made, the Corporation must reimburse the reciprocal authority the amount worked out using the following formula:

$$0.8667 \times \frac{D}{365} \times R$$

**Reciprocal arrangements** 

Part 10

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- (3) If the Corporation makes a reimbursement under subsection (2), the obligation of the Corporation to make the payment to the person for the entitlement is discharged.
- (4) In this section: *D* means the number of days of service credited to the registered person in the workers register to which the payment relates. *R* is the amount decided by the reciprocal authority as the weekly amount payable to the person for the service credited to the person in this State.

Part 11 Miscellaneous

## Part 11 Miscellaneous

#### 115 Personal liability

A matter or thing done or omitted to be done by the Minister, the Corporation, the Committee or a member of the Committee, the Chief Executive Officer, or a person acting under the direction of the Minister, the Corporation, the Committee or the Chief Executive Officer does not, if the matter or thing was done or omitted in good faith for the purpose of executing this or any other Act, subject the member of the Committee, the Chief Executive Officer, or the person so acting personally, to any action, liability, claim or demand.

#### 116 Regulations

- (1) The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.
- (2) Without limiting subsection (1), regulations may be made with respect to fees (if any) payable under this Act and the waiver and refund of such fees.
- (3) A regulation may create an offence punishable by a penalty not exceeding 5 penalty units.

## 117 Review of Act

- (1) The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.
- (2) The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 5 years from the date of assent to this Act.
- (3) A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 5 years.
- (4) In addition, the Industrial Relations Advisory Council is to review the operation of this Act as soon as practicable after 1 July 2012 to assess the viability of extending the operation of the portable long service leave scheme under this Act that applies to workers in the contract cleaning industry to all workers in NSW (and in particular to workers in the social and community services industry, the security industry and other industry in which workers are generally engaged for short periods).
- (5) A report of the outcome of the review under subsection (4) is to be provided to the Minister within 12 months after 1 July 2012.

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Constitution and procedure of Committee

Schedule 1

Schedule 1		le 1 Constitution and procedure of Committee	1 2
		(Section 9 (5))	3
Par	t 1	General	4
1	Defi	nitions	5
		In this Schedule:	6
		appointed member means a member other than the Chairperson.	7
		Chairperson means the Chairperson of the Committee.	8
		member means any member of the Committee.	9
Par	t 2	Constitution	10
2	Term	s of office of members	11
		Subject to this Schedule and the regulations, an appointed member	12
		holds office for such period (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the	13
		member's instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	14 15
-			
3	Part-	time appointments	16
		Appointed members hold office as part-time members.	17
4	Reim	bursement of nominating body	18
		The body that nominated an appointed member is entitled to be	19
		reimbursed such amount as the Minister may from time to time	20
		determine for time expended by the appointed member in carrying out the functions of a member.	21 22
5	Depu	ties	23
	(1)	The Minister may, from time to time, appoint a person to be the deputy of an appointed member, and may revoke any such appointment.	24 25
	(2)	A deputy of an appointed member is to be appointed on the nomination of the same body as the body that nominated the appointed member for membership of the Committee.	26 27 28
	(3)	In the absence of an appointed member, the member's deputy may, if available, act in the place of the member.	29 30
	(4)	While acting in the place of an appointed member, a person has all the functions of the member and is taken to be a member.	31 32

	(5)		he purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of an appointed ber is taken to be an absence of the member.	1 2
6	Vaca	ncy ir	n office of member	3
	(1)	The	office of an appointed member becomes vacant if the member:	4
		(a)	dies, or	5
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	6
		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	7 8
		(d)	is removed from office by the Minister under this clause, or	9
		(e)	is absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the Committee of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or by post, except on leave granted by the Minister or unless the member is excused by the Minister for having been absent from those meetings, or	10 11 12 13 14
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	15 16 17 18
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	19
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	20 21 22 23 24
	(2)	Thel	Minister may remove an appointed member from office at any time.	25
7	Fillin	a of v	acancy in office of appointed member	26
		If the	e office of any appointed member becomes vacant, a person is, ect to this Act and the regulations, to be appointed to fill the	27 28 29
8	Disc	losure	e of pecuniary interests	30
	(1)	If:		31
		(a)	a member has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Committee, and	32 33 34
		(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	35 36 37

Constitution and procedure of Committee

#### Schedule 1

the member must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come 1 to the member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a 2 meeting of the Committee. 3 (2)A disclosure by a member at a meeting of the Committee that the 4 member: 5 is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or (a) 6 other body, or 7 is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or (b) 8 has some other specified interest relating to a specified company 9 (c) or other body or to a specified person, 10 is a sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter 11 relating to that company or other body or to that person which may arise 12 after the date of the disclosure and which is required to be disclosed 13 under subclause (1). 14 (3) Particulars of any disclosure made under this clause must be recorded 15 by the Committee in a book kept for the purpose and that book must be 16 open at all reasonable hours to inspection by any person on payment of 17 the fee determined by the Committee. 18 After a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter, the (4) 19 member must not, unless the Minister or the Committee otherwise 20 determines: 21 be present during any deliberation of the Committee with respect 22 (a) to the matter, or 23 (b) take part in any decision of the Committee with respect to the 24 matter. 25 (5)For the purposes of the making of a determination by the Committee 26 under subclause (4), a member who has a direct or indirect pecuniary 27 interest in a matter to which the disclosure relates must not: 28 (a) be present during any deliberation of the Committee for the 29 purpose of making the determination, or 30 take part in the making by the Committee of the determination. (b) 31 (6) A contravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the 32 Committee. 33 This clause applies to a member of a subcommittee of the Committee (7)34 and the subcommittee in the same way as it applies to a member of the 35 Committee and the Committee. 36

9	Effec	t of certain other Acts	1
	(1)	Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of an appointed member.	2 3 4
	(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	5
		(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	6 7
		(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	8 9
		the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of an appointed member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as a member.	10 11 12 13
Par	t 3	Procedure	14
10	Gene	eneral procedure	
		The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Committee and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act and the regulations, to be as determined by the Committee.	16 17 18
11	Quoi	um	19
		The quorum for a meeting of the Committee is a majority of its members for the time being.	20 21
12	Pres	iding member	22
	(1)	The Chairperson (or, in the absence of the Chairperson, a person elected by the members of the Committee who are present at a meeting of the Committee) is to preside at a meeting of the Committee.	23 24 25
	(2)	The presiding member has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.	26 27
13	Votir	ng	28
		A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Committee at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Committee.	29 30 31
14	Tran	saction of business outside meetings or by telephone	32
	(1)	The Committee may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the circulation of papers among all the members of the Committee for the	33 34

Constitution and procedure of Committee

Schedule 1

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time being, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by a majority of those members is taken to be a decision of the Committee. (2)The Committee may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other members. (3) For the purposes of: the approval of a resolution under subclause (1), or (a) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2), (b) 10 the Chairperson and each member have the same voting rights as they 11 have at an ordinary meeting of the Committee. 12 (4) A resolution approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, 13 to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Committee. 14 Papers may be circulated among the members for the purposes of (5) 15 subclause (1) by facsimile or other transmission of the information in 16 the papers concerned. 17 First meeting 18 19

#### 15

The Minister may call the first meeting of the Committee in such manner as the Minister thinks fit.

Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions

# Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions

## 1 Regulations

- (1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the following Acts: this Act
- (2) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.
- (3) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication on the NSW legislation website, the provision does not operate so as:
  - (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or
  - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

## 2 Transitional arrangements affecting other laws

Regulations under clause 1 may have effect despite any provision of Part 9 (Relationship to other laws).

Amendment of other Acts and regulation

Sch	nedule 3	Amendment of other Acts and regulation	1
3.1	Government Information (Public Access) Regulation 2009		2
	Schedule 3 Agencies declared to be part of other agencies		3
		ilding and Construction Industry Long Service Payments n" from the column headed "Parent agency".	4 5
	Insert inste	ad "Long Service Corporation".	6
3.2	Industria	al Relations Act 1996 No 17	7
	Section 38	2 Jurisdiction of Chief and other Industrial Magistrates	8
		the matter relating to the <i>Building and Construction Industry Long</i> <i>yments Act 1986</i> in section 382 (1):	9 10
	Contract C	leaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010	11
3.3	Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103		12 13
	Schedule	2 Search warrants under other Acts	14
	Insert in alj	phabetical order:	15
	Contract C section 90	leaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010,	16 17
3.4	Long Service Leave Act 1955 No 38		18
[1]	Section 4 Long service leave		19
	Insert after section 4 (5A):		20
	(5B)	An employer must not give to a person who is a registered worker under the <i>Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010</i> any long service leave or pay to any such person any payment in respect of long service leave unless that person applies to the employer for the leave or payment.	21 22 23 24 25
[2]	Sections 4	B and 4C	26
	Insert after section 4A:		27
	4B Payı	ments to contract cleaning industry workers to be notified	28
		An employer who intends to make any payment by way of a benefit under this Act to or in respect of an employee employed	29 30

(or who was employed) in cleaning work (within the meaning of the *Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010*) must notify the Long Service Corporation of its intention before making the payment.

# 4C Benefits under this Act and Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010

- (1) This section applies to an employee who:
  - (a) is registered under the *Contract Cleaning Industry* (*Portable Long Service Leave Scheme*) Act 2010, and
  - (b) has elected under that Act to take long service leave benefits under that Act for a period stated by the employee.
- (2) The employee's election does not prevent the employee from receiving benefits under this Act.
- (3) However, the employee is not entitled to a benefit under this Act for a period for which the employee received a benefit under the *Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010.*

## 3.5 Workers Compensation Act 1987 No 70

# Section 174 Records relating to wages, contracts etc to be kept and supplied

Insert in paragraph (b1) of the definition of *wages* in section 174 (9) "or the *Contract Cleaning Industry (Portable Long Service Leave Scheme) Act 2010*" after "1986)".

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