

# New South Wales

# **Building Professionals Bill 2005**

# **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

#### Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are:

- (a) to establish the Building Professionals Board (*the Board*), and
- (b) to remove provisions from the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979 that provide for certain professional associations to accredit persons as accredited certifiers for the purposes of that Act, and
- (c) to provide for an accreditation scheme where the Board issues certificates of accreditation for persons as accredited certifiers for the purposes of that Act, and
- (d) to transfer (with modifications) the complaints process and disciplinary scheme relating to accredited certifiers from that Act and provide for it to be administered by the Board, and
- (e) to transfer other provisions relating to accredited certifiers from that Act. The Bill also makes the following amendments to the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*:

- (a) to provide that construction certificates are of no effect if issued after the commencement of the building work or subdivision work to which they relate,
- (b) to modify the provisions relating to the accreditation of building components, processes and designs,
- (c) to prevent a requirement to obtain a compliance certificate being placed on a development consent or complying development certificate.

## Outline of provisions

### Part 1 Preliminary

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Clause 3 defines certain words and expressions used in the proposed Act.

#### Part 2 Accreditation of certifiers

#### Division 1 Accreditation scheme

Clause 4 requires the Board to prepare an accreditation scheme to be adopted by the Minister for the accreditation of persons as accredited certifiers. Accredited certifiers are authorised to perform various functions under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* in relation to the certification of development under that Act. The proposed scheme is to undergo a public consultation process. The accreditation scheme may provide for the qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience required for accreditation under the proposed Act, a code of conduct for accredited certifiers, continuing professional development requirements for accredited certifiers and other matters prescribed by the regulations. Clause 6 of Schedule 2 provides that the Minister may, by order, adopt as the first accreditation scheme a document that has been published and publicly exhibited by a government department or statutory authority.

#### Division 2 Accreditation of accredited certifiers

Clause 5 enables a person (other than a body corporate) to apply to the Board for a certificate of accreditation as an accredited certifier or the renewal of such a certificate.

Clause 6 sets out the procedures for considering applications.

Clause 7 specifies the circumstances in which the Board may refuse applications.

Clause 8 sets out the circumstances in which the Board may suspend or cancel a person's certificate of accreditation otherwise than on disciplinary grounds, for example, because it was issued in error or the person has failed to obtain insurance.

Clause 9 enables the Board to vary or impose conditions on certificates of accreditation.

Clause 10 specifies the duration of a certificate of accreditation (generally, one year).

Clause 11 requires the Board to keep a register containing certain particulars about accredited certifiers.

# Division 3 Powers of the Board for the protection of the public

Clause 12 enables the Board by order to suspend (for a period of up to 8 weeks) a person's certificate of accreditation or place conditions on a certificate without first giving notice and receiving submissions if satisfied that it is necessary to do so to protect the safety or property of any person.

Clause 13 enables the Board to vary an order given under clause 12.

Clause 14 requires a matter in respect of which the Board takes action under the proposed Division to be treated by the Board as if it were a complaint. The effect of this provision is to apply the provisions of proposed Part 3 to the matter.

Clause 15 enables the Board to extend a period of suspension under the proposed Division if the extension has been expressly approved by the President or Deputy President of the Board and the matter is still in the process of being dealt with as a complaint.

**Clause 16** deals with the effect of the expiration of a suspension under the proposed Division.

**Clause 17** provides for the duration of conditions imposed under the proposed Division.

#### Division 4 General provisions

**Clause 18** provides a right of review to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal in relation to specified decisions of the Board under the proposed Part.

## Part 3 Disciplinary proceedings

#### Division 1 Preliminary

Clause 19 defines certain terms and expressions used in the proposed Part, including *professional misconduct* and *unsatisfactory professional conduct*.

Clause 20 provides that the proposed Part extends to persons who have ceased to be accredited certifiers under the proposed Act and provides that complaints are not to be made or dealt with if the accredited certifier concerned has died.

#### Division 2 Making of complaints and preliminary procedures

Clause 21 enables any person to make a complaint to the Board against an accredited certifier in respect of the accredited certifier's professional conduct.

Clause 22 provides for the initial assessment of a complaint by the Board.

Clause 23 enables the Board to dismiss a complaint in specified circumstances.

Clause 24 enables the Board to arrange for conciliation of a complaint in appropriate cases.

Clause 25 enables the Board to refer a complaint to another person or body if the complaint raises issues that require investigation by that other person or body.

Clause 26 enables a complainant to withdraw a complaint. However, the Board may continue to deal with it if it thinks that it raises an issue of professional misconduct or unsatisfactory professional conduct.

#### Division 3 Investigation of complaints

Clause 27 requires the Board to investigate complaints and provides for how multiple complaints may be dealt with.

Clause 28 requires the Board to conduct an investigation into a complaint expeditiously.

#### Division 4 Procedure after investigation of complaint

Clause 29 requires an authorised officer who is appointed to investigate a complaint to provide a report of the investigation to the Board. The Board is to give a copy to the person who is the subject of the complaint and provide an opportunity to make submissions.

Clause 30 enables the Board to hold one or more meetings to consider a complaint and provides for the procedure of the Board at any such meeting.

Clause 31 provides that, after the investigation of a complaint, the Board may take certain action. If the Board is satisfied that the accredited certifier concerned is not guilty of professional misconduct or unsatisfactory professional conduct, it must dismiss the complaint. If the Board is satisfied that the accredited certifier is guilty of professional misconduct, it must apply to the Tribunal for a disciplinary finding against the accredited certifier. If the Board is satisfied that the accredited certifier is guilty of unsatisfactory professional conduct (but not professional misconduct), it may apply to the Tribunal for a disciplinary finding against the accredited certifier or it may itself take any one or more of the following actions against the accredited certifier:

- (a) caution or reprimand the accredited certifier,
- (b) by order impose such conditions on the accredited certifier's certificate of accreditation as it considers appropriate,

- (c) order that the accredited certifier complete such educational courses as are specified by the Board within the time specified by the Board,
- (d) order that the accredited certifier report on his or her practice as an accredited certifier at the times, in the manner and to the persons specified by the Board,
- (e) order the accredited certifier to pay to the Board a fine of an amount not exceeding 100 penalty units (currently \$11,000) within the time specified by the Board.
- (f) order that no further action is to be taken by the Board in relation to the complaint if satisfied that the accredited certifier is generally competent and diligent and that no other material complaints (whether or not the subject of a disciplinary finding) have been made against the accredited certifier.

Clause 32 requires the Board to give a written statement of its decision on a complaint to the complainant and the accredited certifier concerned.

**Clause 33** enables a person to apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of a decision made by the Board under clause 31.

#### Division 5 Role of Tribunal in complaints process

Clause 34 enables an application to be made by the Board to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a disciplinary finding against an accredited certifier. If the Tribunal finds that the accredited certifier is guilty of professional misconduct or unsatisfactory professional conduct the Tribunal may make any of the following decisions:

- (a) caution or reprimand the accredited certifier,
- (b) direct that such conditions as it considers appropriate be imposed on the accredited certifier's certificate of accreditation,
- (c) order that the accredited certifier complete such educational courses as are specified by the Tribunal,
- (d) order that the accredited certifier report on his or her practice as an accredited certifier at the times, in the manner and to the persons specified by the Tribunal,
- (e) order the accredited certifier to pay to the Board a fine of an amount, not exceeding 1,000 penalty units (currently \$110,000), specified in the order,
- (f) order the accredited certifier to pay to the complainant such amount (not exceeding \$20,000) as the Tribunal considers appropriate by way of compensation for any damage suffered by the complainant as a result of the unsatisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct,
- (g) suspend the accredited certifier's certificate of accreditation for such period as the Tribunal thinks fit,
- (h) cancel the accredited certifier's certificate of accreditation,

(i) order that the accredited certifier cannot re-apply for a certificate of accreditation within such period (including the period of his or her lifetime) as may be specified by the Tribunal.

**Clause 35** enables the Administrative Decisions Tribunal to award costs in proceedings on an application under proposed Part 3.

**Clause 36** provides for an appeal against a decision of the Administrative Decisions Tribunal under the proposed Division to the Appeal Panel of the Tribunal.

Clause 37 provides that the Administrative Decisions Tribunal is not required to include confidential information in its statement of a decision. If the statement would be false or misleading without the confidential information, the Tribunal is not required to provide the statement. However, a confidential information notice must then be provided indicating that confidential information is not given or the statement will not be provided.

#### Division 6 Publicising disciplinary action

Clause 38 defines certain terms used in the proposed Division.

Clause 39 requires the Board to publicise disciplinary action taken against an accredited certifier or former accredited certifier.

Clause 40 requires the Board to keep a register of disciplinary action and to make it available to the public.

Clause 41 requires the Board to publicise the quashing or variation on appeal or review of any disciplinary action taken against an accredited certifier or former accredited certifier and to alter the register of disciplinary action to reflect the quashing or variation of the action.

Clause 42 provides that no liability is incurred by the State, the Board, the Director of the Board or a person acting at the direction of the Board or Director in respect of anything done in good faith for the purpose of publicising disciplinary action or otherwise carrying out functions under the proposed Division. It also provides that no liability is incurred by a person who publishes a fair report or summary of disciplinary action that is publicised.

Clause 43 specifies what matters cannot be published when publicising disciplinary action.

#### Division 7 Miscellaneous

Clause 44 provides that an accredited certifier may disclose confidential information if required under the proposed Act by the Board or the Tribunal despite any duty of confidentiality.

## Part 4 Investigation of certifying authorities

Clause 45 enables the Board to appoint a member of its staff as an authorised officer to investigate the work and activities of a council in its capacity as a certifying

authority under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. The authorised officer is to furnish a report on the investigation to the council and the Director-General of the Department of Local Government including recommendations on matters that should be addressed by the council. The council is given an opportunity to make submissions on the report. The clause is similar to section 118P of that Act which is to be repealed by the proposed Act.

Clause 46 enables the Board to appoint a member of its staff as an authorised officer to investigate the work and activities of an accredited certifier in his or her capacity as a certifying authority under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979. The authorised officer is to furnish a report on the investigation to the accredited certifier and give the accredited certifier an opportunity to make submissions on the report. If satisfied that the accredited certifier may be guilty of professional misconduct or unsatisfactory professional conduct, the Board may take action under proposed Part 3 as if the matter were a complaint. The clause is similar to section 118Q of that Act which is to be repealed by the proposed Act.

Clause 47 extends the operation of the proposed Part to persons who are no longer accredited certifiers.

#### Part 5 Powers relating to investigations

# Division 1 Powers of Board and authorised officers to require production of evidence

Clause 48 enables the Board or an authorised officer to direct a person to appear in person to give evidence, to produce documents or to authorise the Board or officer to obtain documents for the purposes of carrying out an investigation into a complaint under proposed Part 3 or an investigation under Part 4.

#### Division 2 Power of entry to premises

Clause 49 gives an authorised officer the power to enter premises for the purposes of carrying out an investigation.

Clause 50 sets out the powers of an authorised officer to inspect premises when carrying out an investigation.

Clause 51 enables an authorised officer to use reasonable force to enter premises for the purposes of an investigation but only if specifically authorised by the Board in the particular circumstances.

Clause 52 requires notice to be given to the Board and appropriate persons in the event that force is used to enter premises.

Clause 53 requires an authorised officer to cause as little damage as possible when exercising functions under the proposed Part.

Clause 54 requires the Board to pay compensation for damage caused when an authorised officer enters premises under the proposed Part, but not if the inspection reveals that there has been a contravention of the proposed Act, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, the regulations under those Acts or an environmental planning instrument.

Clause 55 provides that an authorised officer is to be issued with a written authority that is to be produced when the authorised officer is exercising functions under the proposed Part (otherwise than in accordance with a search warrant).

Clause 56 provides that the powers of entry under the proposed Part may not be used in relation to residential premises without the consent of the occupier or the authority of a search warrant.

**Clause 57** provides for the issue of search warrants for the purposes of the proposed Part.

#### Division 3 General provisions

Clause 58 makes it an offence to obstruct, hinder or interfere with an authorised officer in the carrying out of his or her functions under the proposed Part or to fail to comply with a requirement of the Board or an authorised officer under the proposed Part.

Clause 59 removes the defence of self-incrimination in relation to the answering of questions and the provision of documents and information in accordance with requirements under the proposed Act. However, the answers, documents or information can only be used in criminal proceedings relating to failure to comply with requirements under the proposed Part or providing false information.

## Part 6 Requirements relating to accredited certifiers

#### Division 1 Record keeping and notifications

Clause 60 requires accredited certifiers to keep documents and records in accordance with the regulations under the proposed Act.

Clause 61 specifies certain matters that an accredited certifier must notify to the Board.

#### Division 2 Insurance

**Clause 62** provides that the proposed Division applies to accredited certifiers and persons prescribed by the regulations as building practitioners.

Clause 63 makes it an offence for an accredited certifier to exercise functions as a certifying authority or claim to be covered by insurance unless he or she holds the insurance required by the proposed Division.

Clause 64 makes it an offence for a building practitioner to carry out building work or subdivision work or claim to be covered by insurance unless he or she holds the insurance required by the proposed Division.

**Clause 65** enables regulations to be made in relation to insurance required to be held under the proposed Division.

#### Division 3 Conflicts of interest

**Clause 66** makes it an offence for an accredited certifier to issue a Part 4A certificate or complying development certificate under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* in certain specified circumstances that could involve conflicts of interest.

Clause 67 explains the meaning of being involved in the design of an aspect of development for the purposes of the proposed Division.

Clause 68 explains the meaning of being related to another person for the purposes of the proposed Division.

**Clause 69** explains the meaning of being associated with a council for the purposes of the proposed Division.

Clause 70 explains the meaning of having a pecuniary interest for the purposes of the proposed Division.

Clause 71 enables the Board to grant exemptions from certain requirements of clause 66.

#### Division 4 Other offences relating to improper conduct

Clause 72 makes it an offence for an accredited certifier to act beyond the authorisation conferred by his or her certificate of accreditation.

Clause 73 makes it an offence for an accredited certifier to contravene a term or condition of the certificate of accreditation.

Clause 74 requires a person (other than a council) who is appointed as a principal certifying authority under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* in relation to development to give notice of certain matters that would affect the person's ability to carry out the functions of principal certifying authority to the person who made the appointment.

## Part 7 Constitution and management of Board

**Clause 75** provides for the constitution of the Building Professionals Board as a body corporate.

Clause 76 provides for the membership and procedure of the Board.

Clause 77 sets out the functions of the Board.

Clause 78 provides for the employment of a Director of the Board and such other staff as are necessary to enable the Board to exercise its functions. The proposed section also enables the Board to make use of the services of consultants.

Clause 79 provides for the appointment of committees of the Board.

Clause 80 enables the Board to delegate its functions, subject to certain restrictions.

Clause 81 provides for the establishment of the Building Professionals Board Fund.

#### Part 8 Miscellaneous

Clause 82 enables the Board to notify employers and other appropriate persons of various decisions made in relation to a person's certificate of accreditation.

Clause 83 makes it an offence for a person to disclose or use certain information obtained in the administration of the proposed Act except in specified circumstances. The clause also makes it an offence for a person to influence the determination of a development application and other specified decisions made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* for personal gain or for the gain of a person closely associated with him or her. This mirrors section 148 of that Act.

**Clause 84** makes it an offence for an accredited certifier to take bribes and for a person to give bribes to an accredited certifier. This provision mirrors section 148A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* which is repealed by the proposed Act.

**Clause 85** makes it an offence for a person to issue a Part 4A certificate or complying development certificate under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if not authorised to do so or to make false or misleading statements in connection with the issue of those certificates.

Clause 86 makes it an offence to impersonate an authorised officer.

Clause 87 requires chief executive officers of professional associations that were previously authorised as accreditation bodies under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* to provide to the Board copies of specified records and documents that related to the accreditation of persons by the association and to complaints against those persons.

Clause 88 makes provision for the service of documents under the proposed Act.

Clause 89 excludes Board members, the Director, committee members and persons following their directions from personal liability for certain acts done in good faith for the purpose of executing the proposed Act or any other Act.

Clause 90 provides that fees and other charges payable to the Board under the proposed Act may be recovered by the Board as a debt and that fines recovered under the Act (other than for offences) are to be paid to the Board.

Clause 91 enables the Director to give certificates as to certain matters that are admissible as evidence of those matters.

Clause 92 enables penalty notices to be issued for offences against the proposed Act or the regulations being offences prescribed by the regulations.

Clause 93 provides that an offence under the proposed Act or the regulations may be dealt with summarily by a Local Court or the Land and Environment Court and places limitations on the penalty that may be imposed in proceedings brought in a Local Court.

Clause 94 enables the Governor to make regulations for the purposes of the proposed Act.

**Clause 95** is a formal provision that gives effect to the savings, transitional and other provisions set out in Schedule 2.

**Clause 96** is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the Acts and regulation set out in Schedule 3.

**Clause 97** provides for the review of the proposed Act in 5 years.

#### Schedule 1 Constitution and procedure of Board

**Schedule 1** contains provisions relating to the constitution of the Board and the procedure of the Board.

# Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions

**Schedule 2** contains savings, transitional and other provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

## Schedule 3 Amendment of Acts and regulation

**Schedule 3** makes consequential amendments to the Acts and regulation specified in the Schedule.

Schedule 3 also makes the following amendments to the *Environmental Planning* and Assessment Act 1979:

- (a) Amendments to substitute sections 79C (4), 85A (4) and 109F (2) of that Act to provide that consent authorities and certifying authorities cannot refuse to issue development consents, complying development certificates or construction certificates on the ground that a building product or system does not comply with a requirement of the *Building Code of Australia* if the building product or system has been accredited in relation to that requirement in accordance with the regulations.
- (b) An amendment to section 105 of that Act to make it clear that the regulations may adopt, apply or incorporate a scheme for the accreditation of building products or systems.

- (c) Amendments to sections 80A and 85 of that Act to prevent a requirement to obtain a compliance certificate being placed on a development consent or complying development certificate.
- (d) An amendment to section 109F of that Act to make it clear that a construction certificate has no effect if it is issued after the building work or subdivision work to which it relates has already physically commenced. A savings provision is included in relation to work that had physically commenced before the commencement of the amendment.



New South Wales

# **Building Professionals Bill 2005**

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New South Wales

# **Building Professionals Bill 2005**

No , 2005

#### A Bill for

An Act to establish the Building Professionals Board; to provide for the accreditation of certifiers for the purposes of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979; to provide for the regulation of accredited certifiers, the making of complaints against accredited certifiers and the investigation of certifying authorities; to amend the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* 1979 and other Acts consequentially; and for other purposes.

The	The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:					
Part 1 Preliminary						
1	Nam	e of Act	3			
		This Act is the Building Professionals Act 2005.	4			
2	Com	ommencement				
	(1)	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation, except as provided by subsection (2).	6 7			
	(2)	Schedule 3.1 and 3.5 commence on the commencement of section 57 or the commencement of Division 4 of Part 5 of the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002</i> , whichever is the later.	8 9 10			
	(3)	Different days may be appointed for the commencement of a single provision of Schedule 3 for the purpose of commencing the repeals or amendments effected by the provision on different days.	11 12 13			
3	Defi	nitions	14			
	(1)	In this Act:	15			
		accreditation scheme means an accreditation scheme in force for the time being under Division 1 of Part 2.	16 17			
		accredited certifier means the holder of a certificate of accreditation.	18			
		authorised officer means a member of staff of the Board who is authorised by the Board to carry out investigations under Part 3 or 4.	19 20			
		<b>Board</b> means the Building Professionals Board constituted under section 75.	21 22			
		certificate of accreditation means a certificate of accreditation as an accredited certifier issued under this Act and in force.	23 24			
		<i>Director</i> means the Director of the Board.	25			
		equivalent authorisation means a certificate, accreditation, registration or other authorisation or qualification that is issued or conferred under the laws of another jurisdiction and that enables the holder to undertake similar functions to the holder of a certificate of accreditation.	26 27 28 29			
		exercise a function includes perform a duty.	30			
		function includes a power, authority or duty.	31			
		<b>Register</b> means the Register kept under section 11.	32			
		<i>Tribunal</i> means the Administrative Decisions Tribunal.	33			
	(2)	Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.	34			

Part 1

(3) Words and expressions used in this Act (but not defined in this section) have the same meanings as they have in the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

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	(2)		accreditation scheme may make provision for or with respect to the owing matters:	6 7		
		(a)	the qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience required for accreditation under this Act,	8 9		
		(b)	a code of conduct for accredited certifiers,	10		
		(c)	continuing professional development requirements for accredited certifiers,	11 12		
		(d)	such other matters as may be prescribed by the regulations.	13		
	(3)	An a Mini	accreditation scheme has no effect unless it is adopted by the ister.	14 15		
	(4)	The	procedure for the adoption of an accreditation scheme is as follows:	16		
		(a)	the proposed scheme is to be prepared in draft form by the Board and may be revised by the Minister,	17 18		
		(b)	the proposed scheme is to be publicly exhibited for a period of at least 28 days,	19 20		
		(c)	the Minister is to seek public comment on the proposed scheme during the period of public exhibition and public comment may be made during that period,	21 22 23		
		(d)	the Minister is to have regard to any public comment received during the period allowed for public comment and may adopt the proposed scheme as exhibited or may revise the scheme before adopting it,	24 25 26 27		
		(e)	the Minister is to adopt the scheme by publishing it in the Gazette.	28 29		
	(5)	The	Minister is to make the accreditation scheme publicly available.	30		
	(6)	The	Board:	31		
		(a)	is to keep the accreditation scheme under review, and	32		
		(b)	is to have regard to any public submissions made on the scheme from time to time, and	33 34		
		(c)	may make recommendations to the Minister for the amendment or replacement of the scheme.	35 36		

	(7)	The	Minister may amend or replace the accreditation scheme.	1
	(8)		eference in this section to the accreditation scheme includes a sence to an amendment of the scheme or the replacement of the me.	2 3 4
	(9)	amer	rever, the provisions of subsection (4) (a)–(d) do not apply to an adment of the accreditation scheme if the Minister is of the opinion the amendment:	5 6 7
		(a)	is minor in nature or for the purpose of correcting an error, or	8
		(b)	is necessary to reflect a change of a course (including a continuing professional development course) or qualification or of the provider of a course or qualification.	9 10 11
Divi	sion	2	Accreditation of accredited certifiers	12
5	Appl	icatio	ns for accreditation	13
	(1)	certi	erson (other than a body corporate) may apply to the Board for a ficate of accreditation or the renewal of a certificate of editation.	14 15 16
	(2)	An a	pplication must:	17
		(a)	be made in a form approved by the Board, and	18
		(b)	be accompanied by the application fee prescribed by the regulations, and	19 20
		(c)	be accompanied by such documents and information as the Board requires to determine the application.	21 22
	(3)		e Board considers it necessary to do so in order to determine the ication, the Board may require any or all of the following:	23 24
		(a)	further documents or information to be provided by the applicant,	25
		(b)	that the applicant attend an interview, undertake an oral or written examination or provide a demonstration of the applicant's skills.	26 27
6	Dete	rmina	tion of application for accreditation	28
	(1)	The	Board may:	29
		(a)	issue or renew a certificate of accreditation, unconditionally or subject to conditions, or	30 31
		(b)	refuse to issue or renew a certificate of accreditation in accordance with section 7.	32 33

(2)		e regulations provide that different categories of certificate of editation may be issued by the Board, the Board may:	1 2
	(a)	in the case of an application for the issue of a certificate of accreditation, issue a certificate of a category prescribed by the regulations that the Board considers appropriate (regardless of whether the applicant has applied for a different category of certificate), or	3 4 5 6 7
	(b)	in the case of an application for the renewal of a certificate of accreditation, refuse to renew the certificate and instead issue a certificate of a different category to that to which the application for renewal relates if the Board considers it appropriate to do so.	8 9 10 11
(3)	must	e Board decides to issue or renew a certificate of accreditation, it issue a certificate to the applicant in a form determined by the d that sets out the conditions to which the accreditation is subject.	12 13 14
(4)	inten	Board must give notice in writing to the applicant concerned of its tion to make any of the following decisions setting out the reasons ne decision:	15 16 17
	(a)	to refuse an application for the renewal of a certificate of accreditation,	18 19
	(b)	to refuse to renew a certificate of accreditation and instead to issue a certificate of a different category to that to which the application for renewal related,	20 21 22
	(c)	to impose new conditions on, or alter existing conditions of, a certificate of accreditation (other than conditions prescribed by the regulations).	23 24 25
(5)	make	notice must include a statement that the applicant concerned may e submissions to the Board in relation to the proposed decision in 14 days after the date of the notice.	26 27 28
(6)		Board must take into account any submissions received in rdance with subsection (5).	29 30
(7)		Board must notify the applicant concerned in writing of the making decision under this section setting out the reasons for the decision.	31 32
(8)	if it recei	Board is taken to have refused to issue a certificate of accreditation has failed to make a decision within the period of 60 days after ving the relevant application (or such longer period as is agreed to riting by the applicant).	33 34 35 36

7	Grounds for refusal of accreditation						
	(1)	The	Board may refuse to issue or renew a certificate of accreditation:	2			
		(a)	if the applicant does not comply with a requirement under section 5 (3), or	3 4			
		(b)	if the Board is not satisfied that the applicant has the qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience required by the accreditation scheme for accreditation as an accredited certifier, or	5 6 7 8			
		(c)	if the Board is not satisfied that the applicant is covered by the insurance required by Division 2 of Part 6 or can obtain such insurance, or	9 10 11			
		(d)	if the Board is not satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person, or	12 13			
		(e)	if the applicant is a mentally incapacitated person, or	14			
		(f)	if the applicant's equivalent authorisation has been suspended or cancelled (otherwise than at the applicant's request) under the law of another jurisdiction, or	15 16 17			
		(g)	if the applicant has contravened a law (whether or not a New South Wales law, and whether or not the contravention is an offence) that relates to the functions or obligations of a person as an accredited certifier or the holder of an equivalent authorisation or involves fraud or dishonesty, or	18 19 20 21 22			
		(h)	if the applicant has failed to comply with a statutory or other duty, or a contractual obligation, imposed on the applicant by or in accordance with a law (whether or not a New South Wales law) that relates to the functions or obligations of a person as an accredited certifier or the holder of an equivalent authorisation, or	23 24 25 26 27 28			
		(i)	if the applicant is an undischarged bankrupt, or	29			
		(j)	if the applicant has represented himself or herself as being an accredited certifier when the applicant was not an accredited certifier, or	30 31 32			
		(k)	if the applicant has contravened any code of conduct in the accreditation scheme, or	33 34			
		(1)	for such other reasons as may be prescribed by the regulations.	35			
	(2)		Idition to the grounds referred to in subsection (1), the Board may se to renew a certificate of accreditation if:	36 37			
		(a)	the Board is not satisfied that the applicant has undertaken the necessary continuing professional development required by the accreditation scheme since the applicant was last issued with a	38 39 40			

			certificate of accreditation or renewal of a certificate of accreditation, or	2
		(b)	the applicant has not provided evidence, if required by the Board, that demonstrates the applicant's compliance with any condition of the applicant's current certificate of accreditation, or	3 2 5
		(c)	the application is not accompanied by any records specified by the Board and required to be kept by the accredited certifier under Division 1 of Part 6.	6 7 8
	(3)		Board must refuse to issue or renew a certificate of accreditation if ted to do so by an order made by the Tribunal under this Act.	10
8	Susp	ensio	n or cancellation of accreditation	11
	(1)		Board may cancel a person's certificate of accreditation as an edited certifier if:	12 13
		(a)	the person dies, or	14
		(b)	the person makes a written request to the Board for the cancellation of that person's certificate of accreditation, or	15 16
		(c)	the Board has made an error in issuing the certificate.	17
	(2)	The I as an	Board may suspend or cancel a person's certificate of accreditation accredited certifier if:	18 19
		(a)	the person has been issued a certificate of accreditation on the basis of a misrepresentation made by the person, whether or not made knowingly, or	20 21 22
		(b)	the Board is satisfied that the person is not covered by the insurance required by Division 2 of Part 6, or	23 24
		(c)	the person is a mentally incapacitated person, or	25
		(d)	the person's equivalent authorisation has been suspended or cancelled (otherwise than at the person's request) under the law of another jurisdiction, or	26 27 28
		(e)	the person is an undischarged bankrupt, or	29
		(f)	the person has failed to comply with an order of the Board under section 31.	30 31
	(3)		Board must suspend or cancel a certificate of accreditation if ted to do so by an order made by the Tribunal under this Act.	32 33
	(4)	subse certif	Board may suspend or cancel a certificate of accreditation under ection (2) (c)–(f) only after having given the holder of the ficate written notice of its intention to suspend or cancel the ficate setting out its reasons.	34 35 36 37

	(5)	The notice must include a statement that the holder of the certificate concerned may make submissions to the Board in relation to the proposed suspension or cancellation within 14 days after the date of the notice.	1 2 3 4
	(6)	The Board must take into account any submissions received in accordance with subsection (5).	5
	(7)	The suspension or cancellation of a certificate of accreditation:	7
		(a) must be made by notice in writing, and	8
		(b) must be served on the holder of the certificate, and	g
		(c) takes effect on the day on which the notice is served or on a later day specified in the notice.	10 11
9	Con	ditions of accreditation	12
	(1)	A certificate of accreditation is subject to any conditions imposed by the Board under section 6 or this section and any conditions prescribed by the regulations.	13 14 15
	(2)	The Board may, at any time, vary any term of, or condition imposed by the Board on, a certificate of accreditation or may impose a new condition on a certificate of accreditation.	16 17 18
	(3)	The Board may vary a term or condition of a certificate of accreditation or impose a new condition only after having given the holder of the certificate of accreditation written notice of its intention to vary or impose the term or condition setting out its reasons.	19 20 21 22
	(4)	The notice must include a statement that the holder of the certificate of accreditation concerned may make submissions to the Board in relation to the proposed variation or imposition of the term or condition within 14 days after the date of the notice.	23 24 25 26
	(5)	The Board must take into account any submissions received in accordance with subsection (4).	27 28
	(6)	Subsections (3)–(5) do not apply to the variation or imposition of a term or condition at the request of the holder of the certificate of accreditation concerned or following a decision of the Board under section 31 or the Tribunal under section 34.	29 30 31 32
	(7)	A variation of a term or condition of, or imposition of a condition on, a certificate of accreditation:	33 34
		(a) must be made by notice in writing, and	35
		(b) must be served on the holder of the certificate, and	36
		(c) takes effect on the day on which the notice is served or on a later day specified in the notice.	37 38

	(8)	or in hold	e Board varies a term or condition of a certificate of accreditation poses a new condition, it is, as soon as is practicable, to issue the er of the certificate with a replacement certificate that takes account e variation or imposition of the term or condition.	1 2 3 4	
	(9)		ections (2)–(8) do not apply to a condition that is prescribed by the lations.	5 6	
10	Dura	ition o	f accreditation	7	
	(1)	date	rtificate of accreditation has effect for a period of one year from the on which it was issued or last renewed, except during any period of ension or unless sooner cancelled.	8 9 10	
	(2)	Despite subsection (1), if an application for renewal of a certificate of accreditation has been made in accordance with the regulations but the application is not finally determined by the Board before the expiry of the certificate of accreditation, the certificate of accreditation (if not suspended or sooner cancelled) continues in force until the application is finally determined.			
11	Regi	ster		17	
	(1)		Board must cause a register to be kept in relation to all accredited fiers (the <i>Register</i> ).	18 19	
	(2)	The lis, or	Register must contain the following particulars for each person who has at any time been, an accredited certifier:	20 21	
		(a)	the person's name and the address of the person's place of business,	22 23	
		(b)	a telephone number or telephone numbers and, where available, an e-mail address for contacting the person for business purposes,	24 25	
		(c)	the category of certificate of accreditation that is or was issued to the person,	26 27	
		(d)	the name of the accreditation body (if relevant) by which the person was originally accredited,	28 29	
		(e)	the date on which the person was first issued with a certificate of accreditation, and the date of each occasion on which the person's certificate of accreditation has been renewed,	30 31 32	
		(f)	in a case where the person was accredited under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> before the commencement of this section, the periods during which the person was accredited under that Act,	33 34 35 36	
		(g)	the name of the insurer with whom the person is currently covered by insurance for the purposes of Division 2 of Part 6, the identifying number of the insurance contract and the dates	37 38 39	

			has effect,	1 2
		(h)	the terms of any conditions to which the person's accreditation is or has been subject, and the dates between which any such condition has or has had effect,	3 4 5
		(i)	in the case of a person whose certificate of accreditation is or has been suspended, the dates between which the suspension has or has had effect,	6 7 8
		(j)	in the case of an accredited certifier whose certificate of accreditation has been cancelled or has otherwise ceased to have effect, the date on which the accreditation was cancelled or ceased to have effect, as the case requires,	9 10 11 12
		(k)	such other particulars as are prescribed by the regulations.	13
	(3)	perso	ection (2) does not require the Board to include information about ons previously accredited under the <i>Environmental Planning and ssment Act 1979</i> if the information is not available to the Board.	14 15 16
	(4)	free	Board is to ensure that the Register is made available to the public, of charge, at the Board's offices during ordinary office hours and by other manner that the Board directs.	17 18 19
Divi	sion	3	Powers of the Board for the protection of the public	20 21
<b>Div</b> i 12		ensio		
	Susp	oensio ic The	public on of accreditation or imposition of conditions to protect the Board may take any of the following actions if satisfied that the go of the action is necessary to protect the safety or property of any	21
	Susp publ	pension ic The takin	public on of accreditation or imposition of conditions to protect the Board may take any of the following actions if satisfied that the go of the action is necessary to protect the safety or property of any	21 22 23 24 25
	Susp publ	The takin perso	public on of accreditation or imposition of conditions to protect the Board may take any of the following actions if satisfied that the ag of the action is necessary to protect the safety or property of any on: by order suspend the certificate of accreditation of an accredited certifier for such period (not exceeding 8 weeks) as is specified	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28
	Susp publ	The takin perso (a)	public on of accreditation or imposition of conditions to protect the Board may take any of the following actions if satisfied that the ag of the action is necessary to protect the safety or property of any on: by order suspend the certificate of accreditation of an accredited certifier for such period (not exceeding 8 weeks) as is specified in the order, by order impose on a certificate of accreditation such conditions	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29
	Susp publ (1)	The takin perso (a)	public on of accreditation or imposition of conditions to protect the Board may take any of the following actions if satisfied that the ag of the action is necessary to protect the safety or property of any on: by order suspend the certificate of accreditation of an accredited certifier for such period (not exceeding 8 weeks) as is specified in the order, by order impose on a certificate of accreditation such conditions as the Board considers appropriate.	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
	Susp publ (1)	The takin perso (a)  (b)	public on of accreditation or imposition of conditions to protect the Board may take any of the following actions if satisfied that the ag of the action is necessary to protect the safety or property of any on: by order suspend the certificate of accreditation of an accredited certifier for such period (not exceeding 8 weeks) as is specified in the order, by order impose on a certificate of accreditation such conditions as the Board considers appropriate. Board may take such action: whether or not a complaint has been made to the Board about the	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32

	(3)		e Board suspends a certificate of accreditation or imposes a ition on a certificate of accreditation under this section:	1 2
		(a)	the Board is to notify the holder of the certificate of accreditation in writing, and	3 4
		(b)	the suspension or condition takes effect on a date specified in the notification, being a date occurring on or after service of the notification on the holder.	5 6 7
13	Pow	er to r	emove or alter conditions	8
		The	Board may at any time:	9
		(a)	alter or remove conditions imposed by an order under this Division, or	10 11
		(b)	change the period for which an order under this Division has effect (subject to section 15), or	12 13
		(c)	revoke an order under this Division.	14
14	Matte	er to b	e treated as complaint	15
		not a	e Board takes action under section 12 in relation to a matter that is already the subject of a complaint, the Board is to deal with the er as a complaint and accordingly the provisions of Part 3 apply as a matter were a complaint.	16 17 18 19
15	Exte	nsion	of suspension	20
		be e	riod of suspension imposed by the Board under this Division may stended, from time to time, by the Board by order for a further of or further periods, each of not more than 8 weeks, but only if:	21 22 23
		(a)	the extension has been approved in writing by the President or Deputy President of the Board, and	24 25
		(b)	the complaint about the accredited certifier has not been disposed of.	26 27
16	Expi	ration	of suspension	28
		Divis	the expiration of a period of suspension imposed under this sion, the person's rights and privileges as an accredited certifier are red, subject to:	29 30 31
		(a)	any order of the Board under this Division that imposes a condition on the person's certificate of accreditation, or	32 33
		(b)	any order of the Tribunal on the complaint that is referred to the Tribunal.	34 35

17	Dura	ation o	f conditions—complaint matters	,
	(1)	If the accre Boar dispo	e Board imposes conditions on the certificate of accreditation of an edited certifier under this Division, the conditions imposed by the rd have effect until the complaint about the accredited certifier is used of, or the conditions are removed by the Board, whichever the street.	2 3 4 5
	(2)	This	section:	7
		(a)	does not prevent conditions being imposed under another provision of this Act, and	8
		(b)	is subject to anything done by the Tribunal under Part 3.	10
Divi	sion	4	General provisions	11
18	Revi	ew of	decisions of Board under this Part	12
			rson may apply to the Tribunal for a review of any of the following sions of the Board under this Part:	13 14
		(a)	to refuse an application by the person for the issue of a certificate of accreditation,	15 16
		(b)	to refuse an application by the person for the renewal of a certificate of accreditation,	17 18
		(c)	to issue a certificate of accreditation to the person of a different category to that for which the person applied,	19 20
		(d)	to refuse to renew the person's certificate of accreditation and instead to issue to the person a certificate of a different category to that for which the person applied for renewal,	2° 22 23
		(e)	to vary a term or condition of, or impose conditions on, the person's certificate of accreditation (other than conditions prescribed by the regulations),	24 25 26
		(f)	to suspend or cancel the person's certificate of accreditation.	27

Part	t 3	Dis	ciplinary proceedings	1
Divis	Division 1 Preliminary		2	
19	Defin	nitions		3
		In thi	is Part:	4
			<b>plaint</b> means a complaint about an accredited certifier made under on 21.	5 6
			<b>plinary finding</b> means a finding of unsatisfactory professional uct or professional misconduct.	7 8
		condi	essional misconduct, in relation to an accredited certifier, means uct that is unsatisfactory professional conduct of a sufficiently us nature to justify suspension or cancellation of the accredited iter's certificate of accreditation.	9 10 11 12
			tisfactory professional conduct of an accredited certifier means of the following (whether consisting of an act or omission):	13 14
		(a)	conduct occurring in connection with the exercise of the accredited certifier's functions as a certifying authority that falls short of the standard of competence, diligence and integrity that a member of the public is entitled to expect of a reasonably competent accredited certifier,	15 16 17 18 19
		(b)	a contravention of this Act or the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , or the regulations under either of those Acts, by the accredited certifier, whether or not he or she is prosecuted or convicted for the contravention,	20 21 22 23
		(c)	a contravention by the accredited certifier of a law (whether or not a New South Wales law, and whether or not the contravention is an offence) that relates to the functions or obligations of a person as an accredited certifier or the holder of an equivalent authorisation, or involves fraud or dishonesty, whether or not he or she is prosecuted or convicted for the contravention,	24 25 26 27 28 29
		(d)	a failure to comply with a statutory or other duty, or a contractual obligation, imposed on the accredited certifier by or in accordance with a law (whether or not a New South Wales law) that relates to the functions or obligations of a person as an accredited certifier or the holder of an equivalent authorisation,	30 31 32 33 34
		(e)	the exercise by the accredited certifier of his or her functions as a certifying authority in a partial manner,	35 36
		(f)	the wilful disregard by the accredited certifier of matters to which he or she is required to have regard in exercising his or her functions as a certifying authority,	37 38 39

		(g)	code of conduct contained in the accreditation scheme,	2
		(h)	a failure by the accredited certifier to comply with a term or condition of the certificate of accreditation,	3
		(i)	a failure by an accredited certifier to comply with an order of the Board or the Tribunal under this Act,	(
		(j)	a failure by the accredited certifier, without reasonable excuse, to comply with a direction or requirement under Part 5,	<del>.</del> 8
		(k)	wilfully misleading or obstructing the Board in the exercise of any function under this Part or Part 4 or 5,	10
		(1)	any other improper or unethical conduct of the accredited certifier that indicates that he or she is unfit to properly carry out the duties of an accredited certifier,	11 12 13
		(m)	any other conduct prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.	14 15
20	Gen	eral pr	ovisions concerning disciplinary proceedings	16
	(1)	If an	accredited certifier has died:	17
		(a)	a person cannot make a complaint against the accredited certifier, and	18 19
		(b)	the Board is not to investigate (or continue to investigate) a complaint made against the accredited certifier or to make an application to the Tribunal for a disciplinary finding against the accredited certifier, and	20 21 22 23
		(c)	the Tribunal is not to determine an application for a disciplinary finding against the accredited certifier.	24 25
	(2)	even or ca an ac	mplaint against an accredited certifier may be made and dealt with though the relevant certificate of accreditation has been suspended incelled or has lapsed. For that purpose, a reference in this Part to excredited certifier includes a reference to a person whose certificate excreditation has been suspended or cancelled or has lapsed.	26 27 28 29 30
	(3)	a dec an in	oite subsection (2), the Board may decide not to investigate or make eision under section 31 on a complaint (or may decide to terminate evestigation or dismiss proceedings in relation to a complaint) if the on who is the subject of the complaint is no longer an accredited fier.	3 <sup>2</sup> 32 33 34 35
	(4)	appli may	bite subsection (2), the Tribunal may decide not to determine an ication for a disciplinary finding against an accredited certifier (or decide to dismiss proceedings for such an application) if the person hom the application relates is no longer an accredited certifier.	36 37 38 39

Division 2			Making of complaints and preliminary procedures	
21	1 Procedure		for making complaint	2
	(1)		erson may make a complaint to the Board against an accredited fier in respect of the accredited certifier's professional conduct.	3
	(2)	A co	emplaint is:	5
		(a)	to be in writing and in the form (if any) approved by the Board, and	6 7
		(b)	to contain particulars of the allegations on which it is founded, and	8 9
		(c)	to be verified by statutory declaration.	10
	(3)		Board may require the complainant to provide further particulars of complaint.	11 12
	(4)		Board may decline to deal with a complaint if further particulars are provided as required under subsection (3).	13 14
	(5)	certi	ess the Board declines to deal with a complaint against an accredited fier under subsection (4), the Board must, within 28 days after iving the complaint:	15 16 17
		(a)	inform the accredited certifier of the nature of the complaint, and	18
		(b)	by notice, invite the accredited certifier to make, within such time (being at least 7 days) as the Board specifies in the notice, such submissions in writing to the Board with respect to the complaint as he or she thinks fit.	19 20 21 22
	(6)		Board may, if it considers it appropriate to do so, give a copy of the plaint to the person against whom the complaint is made.	23 24
22	Initial asses		essment of complaints by Board	25
	(1)	21 (:	r the period for making submissions on a complaint under section 5) (b) has expired, the Board is to assess whether the complaint lld be dismissed or investigated.	26 27 28
	(2)		Board in its assessment of a complaint is to take into account any nissions received in accordance with section 21 (5) (b).	29 30
	(3)		e Board is of the opinion that the complaint should be investigated, Board is to arrange for the investigation of the complaint.	31 32

23	Dismissal	of complaints	
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The Board may dismiss a complaint at any time (including during the investigation of the complaint) for any of the following reasons:

- (a) if further particulars of the complaint are not given, or the complaint or the further particulars are not verified, as required by the Board,
- (b) if the Board is of the opinion that the complaint is trivial, vexatious, frivolous, misconceived or lacking in substance or has not been made in good faith,
- (c) if the complaint has been dealt with previously by the Board (or by an accreditation body under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* as in force before the commencement of this section) or another complaint has already been lodged in respect of the same matter,
- (d) if the Board considers that there is or was a satisfactory alternative means available to the complainant of resolving the matter the subject of the complaint and the complainant does not have a reasonable cause for not pursuing the alternative means,
- (e) if the Board is of the opinion that the complaint deals with matters that do not constitute professional misconduct or unsatisfactory professional conduct,
- (f) if the Board is of the opinion that the matter could be appropriately dealt with by conciliation (regardless of whether the parties agree to undertake conciliation) and the Board does not consider that the complaint needs to be investigated,
- (g) if the complaint relates to a matter that occurred more than 3 years before the making of the complaint.

#### 24 Conciliation of complaints

- (1) If the Board thinks it appropriate to do so, the Board may recommend to a complainant and the accredited certifier the subject of the complaint that they undertake conciliation of the complaint (whether or not the complaint has been dismissed or is being investigated).
- (2) The Board may arrange for one of its officers to assist in conciliation of a complaint.
- (3) The Board is not prevented from investigating a complaint because the parties to the complaint agree to undertake conciliation of the complaint.
- (4) Evidence of anything said or of any admission made during the conciliation process is not admissible in any proceedings before a court, tribunal or body.

	(5)	A document prepared for the purposes of, or in the course of, the conciliation process (or a copy of such a document) is not admissible in any proceedings before a court, tribunal or body.	1 2 3
	(6)	This section does not apply to evidence or a document if the persons who attended, or were named during, the conciliation process and, in the case of a document, all persons named in the document, consent to admission of the evidence or document.	4 5 6 7
	(7)	A person cannot be required (whether by subpoena or any other procedure) to produce evidence or a document that is inadmissible in evidence in proceedings before a court, tribunal or body because of this section.	8 9 10 11
25	Refe	rence of complaint to another person or body for investigation	12
	(1)	The Board may, at any time while dealing with a complaint, refer the complaint (or part of the complaint) to another person or body if it appears that the complaint (or part) raises an issue that requires investigation by the other person or body.	13 14 15 16
	(2)	However, the Board may continue to deal with the matter the subject of the complaint if it appears to the Board that the matter raises an issue of professional misconduct or unsatisfactory professional conduct of an accredited certifier.	17 18 19 20
26	With	drawal of complaint	21
	(1)	A complaint may be withdrawn at any time by the complainant.	22
	(2)	However, the Board may continue to deal with the matter the subject of the complaint if it appears to the Board that the matter raises an issue of professional misconduct or unsatisfactory professional conduct of an accredited certifier.	23 24 25 26
Divi	sion	3 Investigation of complaints	27
27	Inve	stigation by Board of complaints	28
	(1)	The Board must, subject to this Part, conduct an investigation into each complaint made to it under this Part.	29 30
	(2)	The Board may deal with one or more complaints about an accredited certifier in an investigation.	31 32
	(3)	If during an investigation of any one or more complaints it appears to the Board that there is a matter in respect of which another complaint could have been made against the accredited certifier concerned or another accredited certifier, the Board may deal with the matter in its investigation as if a complaint had been made about it under section 21.	33 34 35 36 37

	(4)	If the Board decides to deal with a matter under subsection (3) as if a complaint had been made about it under section 21, the Board must give notice in writing to the accredited certifier concerned of the nature of the matter being investigated and inform the accredited certifier that the matter is being treated as a complaint.	2 3 2
	(5)	For the purposes of subsection (3), the Board may deal with a matter that could have been the subject of another complaint:	6
		(a) whether that complaint could have been made instead of or in addition to any complaint that was in fact made, and	9
		(b) whether or not that complaint could have been made by the same complainant.	10 11
28	Inve	stigation into complaint to be conducted expeditiously	12
	(1)	An investigation by the Board is to be conducted as expeditiously as possible.	13 14
	(2)	In particular, the Board is to give priority to dealing with complaints that in its opinion may involve issues that pose a threat to public safety.	15 16
	(3)	However, the Board may defer investigation of a complaint if the parties to the complaint have agreed to conciliate the complaint and the Board thinks that it is appropriate to await the outcome of conciliation.	17 18 19
Divi	sion	4 Procedure after investigation of complaint	20
29	Repo	ort of investigation to be given to accredited certifier	2′
	(1)	If an authorised officer is appointed by the Board to investigate a complaint, the authorised officer is to submit a written report to the Board on the results of the investigation.	22 23 24
	(2)	The report may contain a recommendation of the authorised officer who prepared it that the Board give consideration to taking certain action in respect of the accredited certifier concerned.	25 26 27
	(3)	On receiving the report, the Board is to give a copy of it to the accredited certifier who is the subject of the complaint with a notice that states that the accredited certifier may make written submissions to the Board within 28 days after the date of the notice.	28 29 30 31
	(4)	The Board must take into account any submissions received in accordance with subsection (3)	32

	(5)	inves section <b>Note</b> . adjou	the Board requires an authorised officer to undertake further stigation of a complaint after the furnishing of a report under this con, this section applies to that further investigation.  An example of when section 29 (5) would operate is if the Board rined a meeting at which a complaint was being considered to enable or investigation of the complaint to be carried out. (See section 30 (3) (b)).	1 2 3 4 5 6
30	Cond	duct o	f meeting dealing with complaint	7
	(1)	The l	Board may, if it considers it appropriate to do so, hold one or more ings to consider a complaint.	8 9
	(2)	At ar	ny such meeting, the Board:	10
		(a)	may inform itself on any matter in such manner as it thinks fit, and	11 12
		(b)	may receive written or oral submissions, as it thinks fit, and	13
		(c)	is to proceed with as little formality and technicality, and as much expedition, as the requirements of this Act and the proper consideration of the complaint permit, and	14 15 16
		(d)	is not bound by rules of evidence, and	17
		(e)	may take evidence on oath, and	18
		(f)	may allow the accredited certifier concerned to be present or be represented by a legal practitioner or other person or may deal with the complaint in the absence of the accredited certifier.	19 20 21
	(3)	Such	a meeting:	22
		(a)	is to be held in the absence of the public, and	23
		(b)	may be adjourned for any reason by the Board, including to enable further investigation to be carried out in relation to the complaint concerned.	24 25 26
	(4)	an oa	the purposes of this section, a member of the Board may administer ath (or, if the meeting is being conducted by a committee that is easing delegated functions, by a member of the committee).	27 28 29
31	Deci	sion a	fter investigation of complaint	30
	(1)	an ac	the Board has completed an investigation into a complaint against ceredited certifier, the complaint is to be dealt with in accordance this section.	31 32 33
	(2)	an acreaso	Board may apply to the Tribunal for a disciplinary finding against ceredited certifier under Division 5 if it is satisfied that there is a mable likelihood that the accredited certifier will be found guilty by Tribunal of unsatisfactory professional conduct or it may instead eise the functions conferred on it by subsection (4).	34 35 36 37 38

32

(a)

(3)	However, the Board must apply to the Tribunal for a disciplinary finding against an accredited certifier under Division 5 if it is satisfied that there is a reasonable likelihood that the accredited certifier will be found guilty by the Tribunal of professional misconduct.	1 2 3 4
(4)	If the Board is satisfied that the accredited certifier is guilty of unsatisfactory professional conduct (but not professional misconduct), the Board may take any one or more of the following actions:	5 6 7
	(a) caution or reprimand the accredited certifier,	8
	(b) by order impose such conditions on the accredited certifier's certificate of accreditation as it considers appropriate,	9 10
	(c) order that the accredited certifier complete such educational courses as are specified by the Board within the time specified by the Board,	11 12 13
	(d) order that the accredited certifier report on his or her practice as an accredited certifier at the times, in the manner and to the persons specified by the Board,	14 15 16
	(e) order the accredited certifier to pay to the Board a fine of an amount not exceeding 100 penalty units within the time specified by the Board,	17 18 19
	(f) order that no further action is to be taken by the Board in relation to the complaint if satisfied that the accredited certifier is generally competent and diligent and that no other material complaints (whether or not the subject of a disciplinary finding) have been made against the accredited certifier.	20 21 22 23 24
(5)	The Board is to dismiss the complaint against the accredited certifier if it is satisfied that the accredited certifier is not guilty of either unsatisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct.	25 26 27
(6)	An order of the Board under this section takes effect on a date specified in the written statement of the decision given under section 32 or, if a statement is not required to be provided under that section, on a date specified in a notice in writing served on the person the subject of the complaint. Any such date must be a date occurring on or after service of the statement or notice on the person the subject of the complaint.	28 29 30 31 32 33
Boar	d to give statement of decision	34
(1)	The Board is to provide a written statement of a decision made under section 31 to the complainant and the accredited certifier concerned, and must do so as soon as practicable after the decision is made (bearing in mind the public welfare and seriousness of the matter).	35 36 37 38
(2)	The statement of a decision must:	39

set out any findings on material questions of fact, and

	(b)		to any evidence or other material on which the findings were d, and	1 2
	(c)	give	the reasons for the decision.	3
(3)	such inclu	statem	is not required to include confidential information in any nent. If a statement would be false or misleading if it did not e confidential information, the Board is not required to e statement.	4 5 6 7
(4)	decis	sion pr on beca	fidential information is not included in the statement of a rovided to a person or the statement is not provided to a ause of subsection (3), the Board must give a confidential n notice to the person.	8 9 10 11
(5)	conf prov	identia ided (a writin	<b>Initial information notice</b> is a notice that indicates that all information is not included or that the statement will not be as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must any and must be given within one month after the decision is	12 13 14 15 16
(6)	the c	liscove	n does not affect the power of a court to make an order for ery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the of documents to a court.	17 18 19
(7)	In th	is secti	ion:	20
	conf	identia	al information means information that:	21
	(a)	wher	not previously been published or made available to the public in a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be want is being prepared, and	22 23 24
	(b)	a per	es to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than rson to whom the Board is required (or would, but for ection (3), be required) to provide a written statement of a sion, and	25 26 27 28
	(c)	is inf	formation:	29
		(i)	that was supplied in confidence, or	30
		(ii)	the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or	31
		(iii)	that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an enactment, or	32 33
		(iv)	the provision of which by the Board would be in breach of any enactment.	34 35

33	Boar		apply to Tribulial for a review of disciplinary linding of	2
		may	erson in respect of whom the Board has made a disciplinary finding apply to the Tribunal for a review of that finding and any action by the Board under section 31 (4).	3 2
Divi	sion	5	Role of Tribunal in complaints process	6
34	Tribu	unal m	nay make certain disciplinary findings	7
	(1)	disci to d	n application is made to the Tribunal under section 31 for a plinary finding in relation to an accredited certifier, the Tribunal is etermine whether or not the accredited certifier is guilty of tisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct.	8 9 10 11
	(2)	unsa	ne Tribunal finds that the accredited certifier is guilty of tisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct, the unal may make any one or more of the following decisions:	12 13 14
		(a)	caution or reprimand the accredited certifier,	15
		(b)	direct that such conditions as it considers appropriate be imposed on the accredited certifier's certificate of accreditation,	16 17
		(c)	order that the accredited certifier complete such educational courses as are specified by the Tribunal,	18 19
		(d)	order that the accredited certifier report on his or her practice as an accredited certifier at the times, in the manner and to the persons specified by the Tribunal,	20 21 22
		(e)	order the accredited certifier to pay to the Board a fine of an amount, not exceeding 1,000 penalty units, specified in the order,	23 24
		(f)	order the accredited certifier to pay to the complainant such amount (not exceeding \$20,000) as the Tribunal considers appropriate by way of compensation for any damage suffered by the complainant as a result of the unsatisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct,	25 26 27 28 29
		(g)	suspend the accredited certifier's certificate of accreditation for such period as the Tribunal thinks fit,	30 31
		(h)	cancel the accredited certifier's certificate of accreditation,	32
		(i)	order that the accredited certifier cannot re-apply for a certificate of accreditation within such period (including the period of his or her lifetime) as may be specified by the Tribunal.	33 34 35
	(3)	unsa	re Tribunal finds that the accredited certifier is not guilty of tisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct, it is to its the application.	36 37 38

	(4)	the co	Tribunal may not make an order under subsection (2) (f) without onsent of the complainant and the making of any such order does affect any right of the complainant to bring an action to seek ional compensation.	1 2 3 4
35	Tribu	ınal m	ay award costs	5
		Decis	Tribunal may award costs under section 88 of the <i>Administrative</i> sions <i>Tribunal Act 1997</i> in respect of proceedings commenced by oplication made under this Part.	6 7 8
36	Appe	als to	Appeal Panel against decisions and orders of the Tribunal	9
		may Chap	order or other decision made by the Tribunal under this Division be appealed to an Appeal Panel of the Tribunal under Part 1 of other 7 of the <i>Administrative Decisions Tribunal Act 1997</i> by a party the proceedings in which the order or decision is made.	10 11 12 13
37	Conf	identi	al information in statement of reasons	14
	(1)	state: Decis misle	Tribunal is not required to include confidential information in the ment of reasons given under section 89 or 117 of the <i>Administrative</i> sions <i>Tribunal Act 1997</i> . If a statement would be false or eading if it did not include the confidential information, the anal is not required to provide the statement.	15 16 17 18 19
	(2)	decis perso	n confidential information is not included in the statement of a sion provided to a person or the statement is not provided to a on because of subsection (1), the Tribunal must give a confidential mation notice to the person.	20 21 22 23
	(3)	confi provi	confidential information notice is a notice that indicates that dential information is not included or that the statement will not be ided (as appropriate) and gives the reasons for this. The notice must writing and must be given within one month after the decision is ex.	24 25 26 27 28
	(4)	the d	section does not affect the power of a court to make an order for iscovery of documents or to require the giving of evidence or the action of documents to a court.	29 30 31
	(5)	In thi	is section:	32
		confi	idential information means information that:	33
		(a)	has not previously been published or made available to the public when a written statement of a decision to which it is or may be relevant is being prepared, and	34 35 36
		(b)	relates to the personal or business affairs of a person, other than a person to whom the Tribunal is required (or would, but for	37 38

			subsection (1), be required) to provide a written statement of a decision, and	1 2
		(c)	is information:	3
		. ,	(i) that was supplied in confidence, or	4
			(ii) the publication of which would reveal a trade secret, or	5
			(iii) that was provided in compliance with a duty imposed by an	6
			enactment, or	7
			(iv) the provision of which by the Tribunal would be in breach of any enactment.	8 9
Divi	sion	6	Publicising disciplinary action	10
38 Definition		nition	S	11
		In th	is Division:	12
		accr	redited certifier includes a former accredited certifier.	13
		disci	iplinary action means any of the following action:	14
		(a)	any action taken by the Board under section 31 (4) or by the	15
			Tribunal under section 34 (2) in respect of an accredited certifier,	16
		(b)	the suspension of, or imposition of conditions on, a certificate of accreditation under Division 3 of Part 2.	17 18
39	Publ	icisin	g disciplinary action	19
	(1)	The	Board must publicise disciplinary action taken against an	20
		accr	edited certifier (including the name and other identifying	21
		take	culars of the person against whom the disciplinary action was n).	22 23
	(2)		Board may publicise disciplinary action taken against an accredited fier in any manner the Board thinks fit.	24 25
	(3)	With	nout limiting subsection (2), it is sufficient compliance with	26
		subs	ection (1) if the Board ensures that the information referred to in	27
		be k	ection (1) is placed on the register of disciplinary action required to ept under this Division.	28 29
	(4)	The	requirement to publicise disciplinary action applies only to	30
	, ,	disci	iplinary action taken after the commencement of this section.	31
			vever, the Board may publicise disciplinary action taken under the ironmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 before the	32 33
		com	mencement of this section in accordance with this Division.	34
	(5)		section extends to disciplinary action taken outside this State, to	35
		the e Boar	extent that the particulars of that disciplinary action are known to the rd.	36 37

40	Regi	ster of disciplinary action	1
	(1)	The Board must keep a register of disciplinary action taken against accredited certifiers.	2
	(2)	The register is to include the following:	4
		(a) the name and other identifying particulars of the person against whom the disciplinary action was taken,	5 6
		(b) particulars of the disciplinary action taken.	7
	(3)	The Board is to ensure that the register is made available to the public, free of charge, at the Board's offices during ordinary office hours and in any other manner that the Board directs.	8 9 10
	(4)	The Board may, on request, provide information recorded in the register to members of the public in any other manner.	11 12
	(5)	The Board may correct any error in or omission from the register.	13
	(6)	The requirement to keep a register of disciplinary action applies only to disciplinary action taken after the commencement of this section. However, the Board may include in the register disciplinary action taken before the commencement of this section, or publicise such action in any other manner, in accordance with this Division.	14 15 16 17 18
	(7)	This section extends to disciplinary action taken outside this State, to the extent that the particulars of that disciplinary action are known to the Board.	19 20 21
41	Qua	shing or variation of disciplinary action	22
	(1)	If disciplinary action is quashed or varied on appeal or review after the action was publicised by the Board under this Division, the result of the appeal or review is to be publicised with equal prominence by the Board.	23 24 25 26
	(2)	If the disciplinary action was recorded in the register kept by the Board under this Division, any reference to that disciplinary action is to be removed from the register or varied, as appropriate.	27 28 29
42	Liab	ility for publicising disciplinary action	30
	(1)	No liability is incurred by the State, the Board, the Director or any person acting at the direction of the Board or Director in respect of anything done in good faith for the purpose of:	31 32 33
		(a) publicising disciplinary action under this Division, or	34
		(b) exercising the functions of the Board under this Division.	35

	(2)	No liability is incurred by a person publishing in good faith disciplinary action, or a fair report or summary of disciplinary action, recorded in a register kept by the Board, or otherwise publicised by the Board, under this Division.	3
	(3)	In this section: <i>liability</i> includes liability in defamation.	(
43	Gene	eral	7
	(1)	The provisions of this Division are subject to any order made by the Tribunal under section 75 of the <i>Administrative Decisions Tribunal Act</i> 1997.	8 9 10
		<b>Note.</b> Section 75 of the <i>Administrative Decisions Tribunal Act 1997</i> allows the Tribunal to make an order prohibiting or restricting the disclosure of information.	11 12
	(2)	If disciplinary action involves the suspension or cancellation of the certificate of accreditation held by a person because of the infirmity, injury or mental or physical illness of the person, the reason for the suspension or cancellation, and any other information relating to the infirmity, injury or mental or physical illness of the person, is not to be recorded in the register kept under this Division or otherwise publicised.	13 14 15 16 17
	(3)	Despite subsection (2), the name and other identifying particulars of the person against whom the disciplinary action was taken, and the kind of disciplinary action taken, must be publicised, and recorded in the register kept under this Division, in accordance with the requirements set out in this Division.	19 20 21 22 23
Divi	sion	7 Miscellaneous	24
44	Duty	of confidentiality of client communications	25
	(1)	An accredited certifier must comply with a requirement under this Part or Part 4 or 5 to answer a question or to produce information or a document despite any duty of confidentiality in respect of a communication between the accredited certifier and a client.	26 27 28 29
	(2)	Subsection (1) applies only if the client is the complainant or consents to the disclosure of the communication concerned.	30 31
	(3)	An accredited certifier may disclose a matter to the Board or the Tribunal in breach of any such duty of confidentiality if the Board or Tribunal is satisfied that it is necessary for the accredited certifier to do so in order to rebut an allegation in the complaint	32 33 34

Part 4

Part 4		Investigation of certifying authorities	
45	Inve	stigation of councils acting as certifying authorities	2
	(1)	The Board may appoint a member of its staff as an authorised officer to investigate the work and activities of a council in its capacity as a certifying authority.	3 4 5
	(2)	The authorised officer must report to the Board on the results of the investigation.	6 7
	(3)	The Board must send a copy of the report to the Director-General of the Department of Local Government and to the council.	8 9
	(4)	A report furnished to the council under this section must be presented at the next meeting of the council after the report is received.	10 11
	(5)	Within 40 days after it receives a report under this section, a council must give written notice to the Director-General of the Department of Local Government and to the Board of the things done or proposed to be done to give effect to any recommendations contained in the report and may make submissions in relation to any matter contained in the report.	12 13 14 15 16
	(6)	The Board must take into account any submissions received in accordance with subsection (5) and may revise its report.	18 19
	(7)	If the Board revises its report, the Board must send a copy of the revised report to the Director-General of the Department of Local Government and to the council.	20 21 22
	(8)	The Board is to make a copy of its report in its final form publicly available.	23 24
	(9)	If the Board is of the opinion that a council has not taken appropriate action about a matter investigated under this section, the Board may make recommendations to the Director-General of the Department of Local Government as to the measures that it considers appropriate to be taken in relation to the matter.	25 26 27 28 29
46	Inve	stigation of accredited certifiers acting as certifying authorities	30
	(1)	The Board may appoint a member of its staff as an authorised officer to investigate the work and activities of an accredited certifier in his or her capacity as a certifying authority.	31 32 33
	(2)	The authorised officer must report to the Board on the results of the investigation.	34 35

	(3)	The Board must send a copy of the report to the accredited certifier with a notice that states that the accredited certifier may make written submissions to the Board within 28 days after the date of the notice.	1 2 3
	(4)	The Board must take into account any submissions received in accordance with subsection (3).	4 5
	(5)	If satisfied, as a result of any such investigation, that the accredited certifier is or may be guilty of unsatisfactory professional conduct or professional misconduct within the meaning of Part 3, the Board may take any action under Part 3 in relation to any matter arising from the report that it could take in relation to a complaint, including applying to the Tribunal for a disciplinary finding in accordance with section 31.	6 7 8 9 10 11
	(6)	The Tribunal may take any action under Division 5 of Part 3 in relation to a matter arising from the report that is referred to the Tribunal by the Board that it could take in relation to a complaint.	12 13 14
47	Exte	nsion of investigations to former accredited certifiers	15
	(1)	An investigation under this Part may be carried out in relation to a person whose certificate of accreditation has been suspended or cancelled or has lapsed.	16 17 18
	(2)	Accordingly, any powers of an authorised officer in relation to the carrying out of an investigation under this Part may be exercised in relation to a person referred to in subsection (1).	19 20 21

Part 5 Pov Division 1		Powers relating to investigations	1
		1 Powers of Board and authorised officers to require production of evidence	2
48	Powe	ers of Board or authorised officer to obtain evidence	4
	(1)	For the purposes of carrying out an investigation under Part 3 or 4, the Board or an authorised officer may direct a person to do any one or more of the following:	5 6 7
		(a) to appear personally before the Board or authorised officer at a time and place specified in the direction,	8 9
		(b) to give evidence (including evidence on oath),	10
		(c) to produce to the Board or authorised officer any document that is in that person's custody or under that person's control,	11 12
		(d) to grant to the Board or authorised officer such authorities as may be necessary to enable the Board or authorised officer to gain access to any document that is in the custody or under the control of any other person.	13 14 15 16
	(2)	The Board or an authorised officer may inspect any document produced under this section and may retain it for such period as the Board or officer thinks necessary for the purposes of the investigation in relation to which it was produced. The Board or authorised officer may make copies of the document or any part of the document.	17 18 19 20 21
	(3)	If the accredited certifier against whom any complaint is made (or taken to be made) claims a lien over documents relating to the matter the subject of the complaint, the Board may require the accredited certifier to waive the lien if satisfied it is necessary for the orderly transaction of the complainant's business.	22 23 24 25 26
	(4)	For the purposes of this section, a member of the Board or an authorised officer may administer an oath (or, if the investigation is being conducted by a committee that is exercising delegated functions, by a member of the committee).	27 28 29 30
Divi	sion	2 Power of entry to premises	31
49	Powe	er of entry	32
	(1)	An authorised officer may enter any premises if it is reasonably necessary for the purpose of carrying out an investigation under Part 3 or 4.	33 34 35

	(2)		during	only be made at any reasonable hour in the daytime or at any g which business is in progress or is usually carried on at the	1 2 3
	(3)	may	be ac	cising a power of entry under this Part, an authorised officer ecompanied by such assistants as the authorised officer eccessary.	4 5 6
50	Insp	ection	s and	investigations	7
		A pe	rson a	uthorised to enter premises under this Part may:	8
		(a)		ect the premises and any article, matter or thing on the nises, and	9 10
		(b)	for th	ne purpose of an inspection:	11
			(i)	open any ground and remove any flooring and take such measures as may be necessary to ascertain the character and condition of the premises and of any pipe, sewer, drain, wire or fitting, and	12 13 14 15
			(ii)	require the opening, cutting into or pulling down of any work if the person authorised has reason to believe or suspect that anything on the premises has been done in contravention of this Act or the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , or the regulations under either of those Acts or an environmental planning instrument, and	16 17 18 19 20 21
		(c)	purp	measurements, make surveys and take levels and, for those oses, dig trenches, break up the soil and set up any posts, es or marks, and	22 23 24
		(d)	other	ire any person at those premises to answer questions or rwise furnish information in relation to the matter the subject e inspection or investigation, and	25 26 27
		(e)		samples or photographs, and make video and audio rdings, in connection with any inspection, and	28 29
		(f)	conn Plan	e anything that the person suspects on reasonable grounds is sected with an offence against this Act or the <i>Environmental</i> ning and Assessment Act 1979, or the regulations under or of those Acts or secure any such thing against interference.	30 31 32 33
51	Use	of for	e		34
	(1)	prem	ises (c Part, b	e force may be used for the purpose of gaining entry to any other than residential premises) under a power conferred by ut only if authorised by the Board in accordance with this	35 36 37 38

	(2)	The authority of the Board:	1
		(a) must be in writing, and	2
		(b) must be given in respect of the particular entry concerned, and	3
		(c) must specify the circumstances which are required to exist before	4
		force may be used.	5
52	Noti	fication of use of force or urgent entry	6
	(1)	A person authorised to enter premises under this Part who:	7
		(a) uses force for the purpose of gaining entry to the premises, or	8
		(b) enters the premises in an emergency without giving written notice to the owner or occupier,	9 10
		must promptly advise the Board.	11
	(2)	The Board must give notice of the entry to such persons or authorities as appear to the Board to be appropriate in the circumstances.	12 13
53	Care	e to be taken	14
	(1)	In the exercise of a function under this Part, a person authorised to enter premises must do as little damage as possible. The Board must provide, if necessary, other means of access in place of any taken away or interrupted by a person authorised by the Board.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	As far as practicable, entry on to fenced land is to be made through an existing opening in the enclosing fence. If entry by that means is not practicable, a new opening may be made in the enclosing fence, but the fence is to be fully restored when the need for entry ceases.	19 20 21 22
54	Com	pensation	23
		The Board must pay compensation for any damage caused by any person authorised by the Board under this Part to enter premises, other than damage arising from work done for the purpose of an inspection which reveals that there has been a contravention of this Act or the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , the regulations under either of those Acts or an environmental planning instrument.	24 25 26 27 28 29
55	Auth	nority to enter premises	30
	(1)	A power conferred by this Division on an authorised officer to enter premises, or to make an inspection or take other action on premises, or to make a requirement of any person may not be exercised unless the authorised officer is in possession of an authority and produces the authority if required to do so by the owner or occupier of the premises concerned or the person of whom the requirement is made.	31 32 33 34 35 36

	(2)		authority must be a written authority which is issued by the Board which:	1 2
		(a)	states that it is issued under this Act, and	3
		(b)	gives the name of the authorised officer to whom it is issued, and	4
		(c)	describes the nature of the powers conferred and the source of the powers, and	5 6
		(d)	states the date (if any) on which it expires, and	7
		(e)	describes the kind of premises to which the power extends.	8
	(3)	This	section does not apply to a power conferred by a search warrant.	9
56	Rest	riction	ns on power of entry to residential premises	10
		exerc	powers of entry and inspection conferred by this Division are not cisable in relation to any part of premises being used for residential oses except:	11 12 13
		(a)	with the permission of the occupier of that part of the premises, or	14
		(b)	under the authority conferred by a search warrant.	15
57	Sear	ch wa	rrants	16
	(1)	authonece	authorised officer may apply to an authorised justice if the orised officer has reasonable grounds for believing that it is ssary to enter premises for the purposes of carrying out an stigation under Part 3 or 4.	17 18 19 20
	(2)	satis	authorised justice to whom such an application is made may, if fied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a search ant authorising an authorised officer named in the warrant:	21 22 23
		(a)	to enter the premises, and	24
		(b)	to search the premises for evidence relevant to the investigation of the complaint concerned.	25 26
	(3)		3 of the Search Warrants Act 1985 applies to a search warrant ed under this section.	27 28
	(4)		nout limiting the generality of section 18 of the Search Warrants Act 5, a police officer:	29 30
		(a)	may accompany an authorised officer executing a search warrant issued under this section, and	31 32
		(b)	may take all reasonable steps to assist the authorised officer in the exercise of the officer's functions under this section.	33 34
	(5)		is section, <i>authorised justice</i> has the same meaning as in the <i>Search</i> rants Act 1985.	35 36

Divi	sion :	General provisions	1
58	Obst	ruction of authorised persons	2
	(1)	A person must not obstruct, hinder or interfere with an authorised officer in the exercise of the authorised officer's functions under this Part.	3 4 5
	(2)	A person must not fail to comply with a direction or requirement of the Board or an authorised officer made in accordance with this Part.  Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	6 7 8
59	Limit	ation on self-incrimination	9
	(1)	A person who is required under this Act to answer a question, produce a thing or provide information is not excused from answering the question, producing that thing or providing the information on the ground that the answer to the question, the production of the thing or the provision of the information might tend to incriminate the person or make the person liable to a penalty.	10 11 12 13 14 15
	(2)	However, any answer given to a question, any thing produced or any information provided by a natural person in compliance with a requirement under this Act is not admissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings (except proceedings for an offence against section 58 of this Act or section 307B or 307C of the <i>Crimes Act</i> 1900).	16 17 18 19 20 21

Part 6		Requirements relating to accredited certifiers		1
Divi	sion	1	Record keeping and notifications	
60	Reco	ord ke	eping by accredited certifiers	3
	(1)	such	accredited certifier must, in accordance with the regulations, cause documents and records to be kept as are prescribed by the lations.	4 5 6
	(2)	docu accre Boar	e Board requests, by notice in writing served on an accredited fier, that the accredited certifier provide a copy to the Board of any ment or record required to be kept under subsection (1), the edited certifier must provide a copy of the document or record to the rd within the time specified in the notice.  imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	7 8 9 10 11
61	Boar	d to b	e notified of certain events	13
	(1)	follo	accredited certifier must notify the Board in writing of each of the awing events within 7 days of the accredited certifier becoming the of the event:	14 15 16
		(a)	the suspension or cancellation of an equivalent authorisation held by the accredited certifier,	17 18
		(b)	the variation of conditions of, or imposition of conditions on, an equivalent authorisation held by the accredited certifier,	19 20
		(c)	the institution of proceedings against the accredited certifier for an offence that relates to the functions or obligations of a person as an accredited certifier or the holder of an equivalent authorisation, or involves fraud or dishonesty,	21 22 23 24
		(d)	the investigation of a complaint against the accredited certifier by an authority of another jurisdiction in relation to anything done or omitted by the accredited certifier as the holder of an equivalent authorisation,	25 26 27 28
		(e)	the accredited certifier's ceasing to be covered by the insurance required by Division 2 (unless notification as referred to in subsection (2) (b) has already been provided to the Board),	29 30 31
		(f)	any other event prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this subsection.	32 33
		Max	imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	34
	(2) At least 7 days before the insurance held by an accredited certifier for the purposes of Division 2 expires, the accredited certifier must notify the Board in writing:		35 36 37	

		(a)	that arrangements have been made for the accredited certifier to be covered from that expiry by further insurance and including in that notification evidence of those arrangements, or	1 2 3
		(b)	stating that the accredited certifier has been unable to obtain further insurance to take effect from that expiry.	4 5
		Max	imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	6
	(3)	requi accre refer	accredited certifier must notify the Board in writing of any change ired to the particulars recorded in the Register in relation to the edited certifier (other than a change required because of an event red to in subsection (1)) within 14 days of the accredited certifier ming aware of the need for the change.	7 8 9 10 11
			imum penalty: 10 penalty units.	12
Divi	sion	2	Insurance	13
62	Appl	icatio	n of Division	14
		This	Division applies to:	15
		(a)	accredited certifiers, and	16
		(b)	such other persons as are prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section (referred to in this Division as <i>building practitioners</i> ).	17 18 19
63	Accr	edited	d certifiers to have required insurance	20
	(1)	An a	ccredited certifier must not:	21
	. ,	(a)	exercise the functions of a certifying authority, or	22
		(b)	hold himself or herself out as being covered by the required insurance,	23 24
			ss he or she is covered by the required insurance.	25
		Max	imum penalty: 100 penalty units.	26
	(2)	that she	he purposes of this section, an accredited certifier is covered by the ired insurance if he or she is indemnified by an insurance policy complies with the regulations against any liability to which he or may become subject as a result of exercising the functions of a fying authority.	27 28 29 30 31
	(3)	by a beha insur agair	the purposes of this section, an accredited certifier who is employed council to exercise the functions of a certifying authority on its lf, whether within or beyond its area, is covered by the required rance if the council is indemnified by its general insurance policy ast any liability to which it may become subject as a result of the cise of those functions by the accredited certifier.	32 33 34 35 36 37

64	Buile	ding p	ractitioners	1
	(1)	the is in results and	ding work includes the design or inspection of building work and ssuing of a Part 4A certificate or complying development certificate spect of building work.  division work includes the design or inspection of subdivision work the issuing of a Part 4A certificate or complying development ficate in respect of subdivision work.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8
	(2)	A bu	uilding practitioner must not:	9
		(a)	carry out any building work or subdivision work, or	10
		(b)	hold himself or herself out as being covered by the required insurance,	11 12
		unle	ss he or she is covered by the required insurance.	13
			imum penalty: 500 penalty units (in the case of a corporation) or penalty units (in any other case).	14 15
	(3)	requ that she	the purposes of this section, a building practitioner is covered by the ired insurance if he or she is indemnified by an insurance policy complies with the regulations against any liability to which he or may become subject as a result of carrying out building work or livision work.	16 17 18 19 20
65	Reg	ulatior	ns under this Division	21
		relat	nout limiting the matters for which the regulations may provide in ion to an insurance policy, the regulations may make provision for ith respect to the following:	22 23 24
		(a)	the persons or bodies who may be the insurers under such a policy,	25 26
		(b)	the period for which the insured is to be indemnified under such a policy,	27 28
		(c)	the amount in respect of which the insured is to be indemnified under such a policy,	29 30
		(d)	the risks in respect of which the insured is to be indemnified under such a policy,	31 32
		(e)	the form in which such a policy must be expressed,	33
		(f)	the obligations on a person who is the insurer under such a policy,	34
		(g)	the issue of such a policy in respect of liability incurred by a person who was formerly an accredited certifier.	35 36

Division 3			Conflicts of interest	
66	66 Conflicts of interest		of interest	2
	(1)		accredited certifier must not issue a Part 4A certificate or complying elopment certificate in relation to any aspect of development:	3 4
		(a)	if he or she has been involved in the design of that aspect of the development, or	5 6
		(b)	if he or she has been involved in the carrying out of work on that aspect of the development, or	7 8
		(c)	if he or she is the applicant for the certificate or is related to the applicant for the certificate, or	9 10
		(d)	if he or she is associated with the council of the area in which the development is to be carried out, or	11 12
		(e)	if he or she is related to a person who was involved in the design or construction of that aspect of the development, or	13 14
		(f)	if he or she has a pecuniary interest in that or any other aspect of the development.	15 16
		Max	timum penalty: 300 penalty units.	17
	(2)	auth 1090	n accredited certifier issues (otherwise than as a principal certifying ority) a compliance certificate of the kind referred to in section C (1) (a) (i) of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i> 9 for an aspect of development, the accredited certifier:	18 19 20 21
		(a)	does not contravene subsection (1) (a) by being involved in the design of that aspect of the development, and	22 23
		(b)	does not contravene subsection (1) (e) by being related to a person who was involved in the design of that aspect of the development.	24 25 26
	(3)	who	section (1) does not make it an offence for an accredited certifier is an employee of a council to issue a Part 4A certificate in relation evelopment that is to be carried out in the area of the council if:	27 28 29
		(a)	the certificate relates to development for which the council is not the consent authority, and	30 31
		(b)	the accredited certifier issues the certificate in the course of his or her employment with the council.	32 33
	(4)		section (1) does not apply to any action of an accredited certifier that one in accordance with an exemption issued under section 71.	34 35

(a)

67	Mea	ning o	f being involved in the design of an aspect of the development	,
	(1)		the purposes of this Division, an accredited certifier is involved in design of an aspect of development:	2
		(a)	if the accredited certifier is involved in the preparation of the plans or specifications for that aspect of the development, or	2
		(b)	in such other circumstances as may be prescribed by the regulations.	6 7
	(2)	of tĥ	bite subsection (1), the regulations may prescribe, for the purposes is Division, circumstances in which an accredited certifier is taken to be involved in the design of an aspect of development.	8 9 10
68	Mea	ning o	of being related to another person	11
			the purposes of this Division, an accredited certifier is related to her person if:	12 13
		(a)	the accredited certifier is an employer, partner or employee of the other person, or	14 15
		(b)	the accredited certifier is employed by the same employer as the other person, or	16 17
		(c)	the accredited certifier is employed by a subsidiary (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth) of the other person or the other person controls (within the meaning of section 50AA of that Act) the employer of the accredited certifier, or	18 19 20 21 22
		(d)	the other person is employed by a subsidiary (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth) of the employer of the accredited certifier or the accredited certifier controls (within the meaning of section 50AA of that Act) the employer of the other person, or	23 24 25 26 27
		(e)	the accredited certifier is a spouse, de facto partner (whether of the same or the opposite sex), sibling, parent or child of the other person, or	28 29 30
		(f)	the accredited certifier has a contractual arrangement with the other person that might reasonably be seen to give rise to a conflict between the accredited certifier's duties as an accredited certifier and the accredited certifier's interests under the arrangement.	3 <sup>2</sup> 32 33 3 <sup>4</sup> 35
69	Mea	ning o	of being associated with a council	36
			the purposes of this Division, an accredited certifier is associated a council if the accredited certifier:	37 38

is a councillor or employee of the council, or

		(b)	is related to a councillor or employee of the council, or	1
		(c)	has a contractual arrangement with the council that might	2
			reasonably be seen to give rise to a conflict between the	3
			accredited certifier's duties as an accredited certifier and the accredited certifier's interests under the arrangement.	4 5
70		. •	Ç	
70		_	f having a pecuniary interest	6
	(1)		he purposes of this Division, an accredited certifier has a pecuniary est in an aspect of development if there is a reasonable likelihood	7 8
			expectation of appreciable financial gain or loss to the accredited	9
			fier, or to a person to whom he or she is related.	10
	(2)		ever, an accredited certifier does not have such a pecuniary interest	11
			e interest is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably	12
			garded as likely to influence any decision the person might make lation to that aspect of the development.	13 14
71	Boar		grant exemptions from certain provisions relating to	15
<i>,</i> ,			f interest	16
	(1)		Board may, on application, grant an exemption in writing to an	17
		accre	edited certifier from all or any of the requirements of section 66 (1)	18
		` ′	n relation to a particular development or class of development.	19
	(2)	An e	xemption may be granted subject to conditions.	20
Divi	sion	4	Other offences relating to improper conduct	21
72	Acti	ng in a	manner not authorised by certificate of accreditation	22
		An a	ccredited certifier must not do any thing that is required by law to	23
			one by an accredited certifier if the accredited certifier's certificate	24
		of ac	ecreditation does not authorise the accredited certifier to do that	25 26
		_	imum penalty: 300 penalty units.	27
	_			
73	Con		tion of terms and conditions of accreditation	28
			ccredited certifier must not contravene or fail to comply with any	29
			or condition of the accredited certifier's certificate of editation.	30 31
			imum penalty: 300 penalty units.	32
74	Noti	ce to b	be given of certain matters	33
	(1)		erson (other than a council) who is appointed as the principal	34
	(1)	certif	fying authority in relation to development must give notice, in	35

	accordance with this section, to the person who made the appoint of:	ointment 1
	(a) the suspension or cancellation of the relevant certifaccreditation, or	ricate of 3
	(b) any change in the certificate of accreditation or co imposed on it that would prevent the appointed perso carrying out his or her duties as principal certifying auth the development.	on from 6
	Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	9
(2)	A person who is required to give a notice under this section me the notice in writing within 7 days after the person becomes a the matters to which the notice relates.	nust give 10 aware of 11

Part 7		Constitution and management of Board		
75	Con	nstitution of Board		
	(1)	Ther of th	re is constituted by this Act a corporation with the corporate name e Building Professionals Board.	3 4
	(2)		Board is, for the purposes of any Act, a statutory body representing Crown.	5 6
	(3)		Board is subject to the control and direction of the Minister in the cise of its functions.	7 8
76	Mem	bersh	ip and procedure of Board	9
	(1)		Board is to consist of at least 3 members (but not more than 8 abers) appointed by the Minister.	10 11
	(2)	Boar	Minister is to ensure that the persons appointed as members of the d have knowledge or experience relevant to one or more of the owing:	12 13 14
		(a)	building and construction law or administrative law,	15
		(b)	the building and subdivision certification process under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979,	16 17
		(c)	the building industry,	18
		(d)	government administration,	19
		(e)	local government development assessment processes,	20
		(f)	consumer protection.	21
	(3)	instr to b	he members appointed by the Minister, one is, in and by the ument of appointment or another instrument made by the Minister, e appointed as President of the Board and another as Deputy ident of the Board.	22 23 24 25
	(4)	Sche Boar	edule 1 has effect with respect to the members and procedure of the ed.	26 27
77	Fund	ctions	of Board	28
		The	Board has the following functions:	29
		(a)	the accreditation of persons as accredited certifiers for the purposes of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i> 1979,	30 31 32
		(b)	the promotion and maintenance of standards of building and subdivision certification in New South Wales,	33 34
		(c)	the investigation of complaints against accredited certifiers,	35

		(a)	the taking of disciplinary action against accredited certifiers,	1
		(e)	the investigation of certifying authorities,	2
		(f)	the prosecution of offences against this Act or the regulations, or any offence under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> or the regulations under that Act that relates to accredited certifiers or certifying authorities,	3 2 5
		(g)	the review of the accreditation scheme under this Act,	7
		(h)	the investigation of matters referred to it by the Minister for advice and report in relation to accredited certifiers and the accreditation of certifiers,	8 9 10
		(i)	the provision of advice to the Minister with respect to any other matter in connection with the administration of this Act,	11 12
		(j)	such other functions as are conferred or imposed on the Board by or under this Act or any other Act.	13 14
78	Staff	of Bo	pard	15
	(1)	to ex	rector and such other staff as may be necessary to enable the Board sercise its functions are (subject to this section) to be employed or Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act</i> 2.	16 17 18 19
	(2)	secon	Board may arrange for the use of the services of any staff (by ndment or otherwise) or facilities of a government agency. For the oses of this Act, a person whose services are utilised under this ection is a member of the staff of the Board.	20 21 22 23
	(3)		Board may engage consultants or other persons for the purpose of ining services, information or advice.	24 25
79	Appo	ointme	ent of advisory and other committees	26
	(1)	cons	Board may appoint such advisory or other committees as the Board iders appropriate for the purpose of assisting the Board in the cise of its functions.	27 28 29
	(2)		ommittee has such functions as the Board may from time to time rmine in respect of it.	30 31
	(3)	A co Boar	ommittee consists of such committee members appointed by the rd as the Board thinks fit.	32 33
	(4)	It do	es not matter that any or all of the members of a committee are not abers of the Board.	3 <sup>2</sup> 35
	(5)	instr	ommittee member holds office for such period as is specified in the ument of appointment of the committee member, but any such sintment may be terminated by the Board at any time	36 37 38

	(6)	comi	of the committee members, in and by the instrument by which the mittee member is appointed, is to be appointed as chairperson of the mittee.	1 2 3		
	(7)		mmittee member is entitled to be paid such fees and allowances (if as the Minister may determine in respect of the committee ber.	4 5 6		
	(8)	of a	ect to the regulations and any directions of the Board, the procedure committee appointed under this section is to be as determined by ommittee.	7 8 9		
	(9)	The	Board may dissolve a committee appointed under this section.	10		
80	Dele	gation	of Board's functions	11		
	(1)	-				
	(2)		ect to any regulations referred to in subsection (4), the Board is to re that:	15 16		
		(a)	a committee to which functions are delegated under this section comprises members who are suitably qualified to carry out those functions, and	17 18 19		
		(b)	a committee to which the function of hearing or determining a complaint is delegated does not include any person who was involved in the assessment or investigation of the complaint, and	20 21 22		
		(c)	a person to whom the function of hearing or determining a complaint is delegated has not been involved in the assessment or investigation of the complaint.	23 24 25		
	(3)	A delegate may sub-delegate to an authorised person any function delegated by the Board if the delegate is authorised in writing to do so by the Board.				
	(4)		regulations may make provision for or with respect to the wing:	29 30		
		(a)	limiting or preventing the delegation by the Board of specified functions or types of functions,	31 32		
		(b)	the qualifications of persons, or the composition of committees, to which specified functions or types of functions are delegated by the Board.	33 34 35		
	(5)	In th	is section, authorised person means:	36		
		(a)	a member of staff of the Board (including the Director), or	37		
		(b)	a committee appointed by the Board under section 79, or	38		

		(c)	a person, or committee of persons, of a class approved by the Minister or prescribed by the regulations.	1 2
81	Build	ding P	Professionals Board Fund	3
	(1)		re is to be established in the Special Deposits Account a Building essionals Board Fund (the <i>Fund</i> ) into which is to be paid:	4 5
		(a)	all money advanced to the Board by the Treasurer or appropriated by Parliament for the purposes of the Board, and	6 7
		(b)	all money directed or authorised to be paid into the Fund by or under this or any other Act, and	8 9
		(c)	the fees payable to the Board under this Act, and	10
		(d)	such amounts as are to be paid into the Fund under section 105 (6) of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> , and	11 12
		(e)	the proceeds of the investment of money in the Fund, and	13
		(f)	all money received by the Board from any other source.	14
	(2)	in ex	Fund may be expended in the payment of the expenses of the Board sercising its functions under this or any other Act or in any other ner directed by the Minister	15 16 17

Part 8		Miscellaneous				
82	Notif othe		fication of certain matters to employer of accredited certifiers and rs			
	(1)	who	Board may give notice of the following matters relating to a person is or was an accredited certifier to the employer (if any) of the on and any other person who the Board considers appropriate to be fied:	4 5 6 7		
		(a)	any order made under this Act in respect of the person,	8		
		(b)	the placing of conditions on the certificate of accreditation of the person,	9 10		
		(c)	the suspension or cancellation of the person's certificate of accreditation,	11 12		
		(d)	any restriction imposed on the person under this Act that prevents the person from re-applying for a certificate of accreditation (whether or not for a limited time).	13 14 15		
	(2)		notice is to include such information as the Board considers opriate.	16 17		
83	Disc	losure	e and misuse of information	18		
	(1)		erson must not disclose any information obtained in connection with administration or execution of this Act unless that disclosure is e:	19 20 21		
		(a)	with the consent of the person from whom the information was obtained, or	22 23		
		(b)	in connection with the administration or execution of this Act, or	24		
		(c)	for the purposes of any legal proceedings arising out of this Act or of any report of any such proceedings, or	25 26		
		(d)	in accordance with a requirement imposed under the <i>Ombudsman Act 1974</i> , or	27 28		
		(e)	with other lawful excuse.	29		
	(2)	use, that gene mark direc	erson acting in the administration or execution of this Act must not either directly or indirectly, information acquired by the person in capacity, being information that is not generally known but if erally known might reasonably be expected to affect materially the ket value or price of any land, for the purpose of gaining either ctly or indirectly an advantage for himself or herself, or a person whom he or she is associated.	30 31 32 33 34 35		

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	(3)	A person acting in the administration or execution of this Act, and being in a position to do so, must not, for the purpose of gaining either directly or indirectly an advantage for himself or herself, or a person with whom he or she is associated, influence:	1 2 3 4
		(a) the determination of a development application, or	5
		(b) a decision concerning a complying development certificate, or	6
		(c) the giving of an order under Division 2A of Part 6 of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> .	7 8
	(4)	In this section, a person is associated with another person if the person is the spouse, de facto partner (whether of the same or the opposite sex), sibling, parent or child of the other person.  Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	9 10 11 12
84	Impr as co	oper influence with respect to conduct of accredited certifier acting ertifying authority	13 14
	(1)	An accredited certifier must not, on an understanding that he or she will act otherwise than impartially in the exercise of his or her functions as a certifying authority, seek or accept, or offer or agree to accept, any benefit of any kind, whether on his or her own behalf or on behalf of any other person.  Maximum penalty: 10,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both.	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
	(2)	A person must not, on an understanding that an accredited certifier will act otherwise than impartially in the exercise of his or her functions as a certifying authority, give, or offer or agree to give, any benefit of any kind, whether to the accredited certifier or to any other person.  Maximum penalty: 10,000 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both.	22 23 24 25 26 27
	(3)	In this section, a reference to the functions of a certifying authority includes a reference to the functions of a principal certifying authority under section 109E of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i> 1979.	28 29 30 31
85	False	e representations	32
	(1)	A person who:	33
		(a) issues a Part 4A certificate or complying development certificate that he or she is not authorised by or under this Act or the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> to issue, or	34 35 36

	(2)		represents that he or she is a fying authority in relation to any gainst this Act.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
86	Impe	rsonation of authorised officers		10
		A person must not impersonate, or fa an authorised officer. Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	alsely represent that the person is,	11 12 13
87	Doc	iments to be provided to Board by a	ccreditation bodies	14
	(1)	The chief executive officer (hower association that was authorised as <i>Environmental Planning and Assess</i> reasonable excuse, fail to provide condocuments by a date notified in writing the Board:	an accreditation body under the ment Act 1979 must not, without pies to the Board of the following	15 16 17 18 19 20
		(a) all applications for accredita association under that Act,	ntion made to the professional	21 22
			ll copies of notices and records, association under that Act or the	23 24 25
			onal association, under that Act or nat Act, in relation to complaints	26 27 28
		Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units.		29
	(2)	Subsection (1) has effect despite the of association or constitution of the pr		30 31
88	Serv	ice of documents		32
	(1)	A document that is authorised or requ to be served on any person may be se		33 34
		(a) in the case of a natural person:		35
		(i) delivering it to the perso	n personally, or	36

Miscellaneous Part 8

			(ii)	sending it by post to the address specified by the person for the giving or service of documents or, if no such address is specified, the residential or business address of the person last known to the person giving or serving the document, or	1 2 3 4 5
			(iii)	sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number of the person, or	6 7
		(b)	in the	e case of a body corporate:	8
			(i)	leaving it with a person apparently of or above the age of 16 years at, or by sending it by post to, the head office, a registered office or a principal office of the body corporate or to an address specified by the body corporate for the giving or service of documents, or	9 10 11 12 13
			(ii)	sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number of the body corporate.	14 15
	(2)	of the	rules	this section affects the operation of any provision of a law or of a court authorising a document to be served on a person r manner.	16 17 18
89	Pers	onal li	ability		19
		of the this A Direct faith members	Act, or tor do for the	thing done or omitted to be done by the Board or a member d, the Director, a member of a committee appointed under a person acting under the direction of the Board or the less not, if the matter or thing was done or omitted in good e purpose of executing this or any other Act, subject the the Board, the Director, the member of the committee or the cting personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
90	Reco	very c	of mon	ney	27
		under	r this .	yable under this Act, and any monetary penalty imposed Act (other than for an offence), may be recovered by the y court of competent jurisdiction as a debt due to the Board.	28 29 30
91	Certi	ficate	evide	nce	31
				the signed or purporting to be signed by the Director, or an the Board authorised in writing by the Director, and stating	32 33 34
		(a)		son named in the certificate was or was not at a specified an accredited certifier, or	35 36
		(b)	was	pertificate of accreditation held by a specified person was or not subject to a specified condition or was or was not ended, or	37 38 39

		(c) stating any other matter relating to the contents of the Register, is admissible in any legal proceedings and is evidence of the matters stated in the certificate.
92	Pena	alty notices
	(1)	An authorised officer may serve a penalty notice on a person if it appears to the officer that the person has committed an offence against this Act or the regulations, being an offence prescribed by the regulations as a penalty notice offence.
	(2)	A penalty notice is a notice to the effect that, if the person served does not wish to have the matter determined by a court, the person can pay, within the time and to the person specified in the notice, the amount of the penalty prescribed by the regulations for the offence if dealt with under this section.
	(3)	A penalty notice may be served personally or by post.
	(4)	If the amount of penalty prescribed for an alleged offence is paid under this section, no person is liable to any further proceedings for the alleged offence.
	(5)	Payment under this section is not to be regarded as an admission of liability for the purpose of, and does not in any way affect or prejudice, any civil claim, action or proceeding arising out of the same occurrence.
	(6) The regulations may:	
		(a) prescribe an offence for the purposes of this section by specifying the offence or by referring to the provision creating the offence, and
		(b) prescribe the amount of penalty payable for the offence if dealt with under this section, and
		(c) prescribe different amounts of penalties for different offences or classes of offences.
	(7)	The amount of a penalty prescribed under this section for an offence is not to exceed the maximum amount of penalty that could be imposed for the offence by a court.
	(8)	This section does not limit the operation of any other provision of, or made under, this or any other Act relating to proceedings that may be taken in respect of offences.
	(9)	In this section, <i>authorised officer</i> means a person authorised in writing by the Board as an authorised officer for the purposes of this section.

Miscellaneous Part 8

93	Proceedings for offences					
	(1)	Cour	eedings for an offence against this Act may be taken before a Local t or before the Land and Environment Court in its summary diction.	2 3 4		
	(2)		eedings for an offence against the regulations may be taken before cal Court.	5 6		
	(3)	Loca in re 1,000	occeedings in respect of an offence against this Act are brought in a all Court, the maximum monetary penalty that the court may impose spect of the offence is, despite any other provisions of this Act, 0 penalty units or the maximum monetary penalty provided by this in respect of the offence, whichever is the lesser.	7 8 9 10 11		
	(4)	the L may	occeedings in respect of an offence against this Act are brought in and and Environment Court in its summary jurisdiction, that Court impose a penalty not exceeding the maximum penalty provided by Act in respect of the offence.	12 13 14 15		
	(5)	Despite the <i>Criminal Procedure Act 1986</i> or any other Act, proceedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations may be commenced not later than 2 years after the date alleged to be the date on which the offence was committed.				
94	Regu	latior	ns	20		
	(1)	The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.				
	(2)		articular, regulations may be made for or with respect to the wing:	25 26		
		(a)	the keeping by the Board of a register of accredited certifiers and a register of disciplinary action,	27 28		
		(b)	the issue of certificates of accreditation and the evidentiary value of such certificates,	29 30		
		(c)	fees for applications under this Act,	31		
		(d)	fees for the doing of anything by the Board in connection with the accreditation or renewal of accreditation of a person,	32 33		
		(e)	fees for applications to the Board for approval of a change of principal certifying authority under the <i>Environmental Planning</i> and Assessment Act 1979,	34 35 36		
		(f)	the waiver of fees (whether in whole or in part),	37		

Clause 95	Building Professionals Bill 2005
Part 8	Miscellaneous

		(g) the surrender of certificates of accreditation,	
		(h) the issue of replacement certificates of accreditation.	2
95	Savi	ngs, transitional and other provisions	;
		Schedule 2 has effect.	2
96	Ame	ndment of other Acts and regulation	Ę
		The Acts and regulation specified in Schedule 3 are amended as set out in that Schedule.	-
97	Revi	ew of Act	8
	(1)	The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.	10 11
	(2)	The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 5 years from the date of assent to this Act.	12 13
	(3)	A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 5 years	14 1!

Scł	Schedule 1 Constitution and procedure of Board		
		(Section 76 (4))	2
Par	t 1	General	3
1	Def	initions	4
		In this Schedule:	į
		Deputy President means the Deputy President of the Board.	6
		<i>member</i> means any member of the Board.	7
		<b>President</b> means the President of the Board.	8
Par	t 2	Constitution	Ş
2	Tern	ns of office of members	10
		Subject to this Schedule and the regulations, a member holds office for	1
		such period (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the member's	12
		instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	13 14
3	Part	-time appointments	15
		Members hold office as part-time members.	16
4	Rem	uneration	17
		A member is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling	18
		and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member.	19 20
5	Duty	of members to act in interests of Board	2′
		A member has a duty to act in the best interests of the Board despite the	22
		fact that the member may have been appointed because of his or her	23
		involvement or membership in a professional association or other body.	24
6	Acti	ng members	25
	(1)	The Minister may, from time to time, appoint a person to act in the	26
		office of a member during the illness or absence of the member, and the person, while so acting, has and may exercise all the functions of the	27 28
		member and is taken to be a member.	29
	(2)	The Minister may remove any person from any office to which the	30
	( )	person was appointed under this clause.	3

	(3)	(3) A person while acting in the office of a member is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the person.		
(4) For the purpo taken to be a		For take	the purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of a member is n to be an absence from the office of the member.	4 5
7	Vacancy in office of member			6
	(1)	The office of a member becomes vacant if the member:		
		(a)	dies, or	8
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	9
		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	10 11
		(d)	is removed from office by the Minister under this clause, or	12
		(e)	is absent from 4 consecutive meetings of the Board of which	13
			reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or by post, except on leave granted by the President or unless the	14 15
			member is excused by the President for having been absent from	16
			those meetings, or	17
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the	18
			relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for	19 20
			their benefit, or	21
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	22
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable	23
			by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted	24
			elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so	25 26
			punishable.	27
	(2)	The	Minister may remove a member from office at any time.	28
8	Filling of vacancy in office of member			29
		If the office of a member becomes vacant, a person is, subject to this Act and the regulations, to be appointed to fill the vacancy.		30 31
9	President and Deputy President			32
	(1)	The President or Deputy President vacates office as President or Deputy President if he or she:		
		(a)	is removed from that office by the Minister under this clause, or	35
		(b)	resigns that office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	36 37

		(c)	ceases to be a member of the Board.	•
	(2)		Minister may at any time remove the President or Deputy President office as President or Deputy President.	2
10	Disc	losure	of pecuniary interests	2
	(1)	If:		Ę
		(a)	a member has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Board, and	6 7 8
		(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	9 10 11
		to th	nember must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come e member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a ing of the Board.	12 13 14
	(2)	A dis	sclosure by a member at a meeting of the Board that the member:	15
		(a)	is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	16 17
		(b)	is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	18
		(c)	has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	19 20
		relati after	sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter ng to that company or other body or to that person which may arise the date of the disclosure and which is required to be disclosed r subclause (1).	21 22 23 24
	(3)	by th at all	culars of any disclosure made under this clause must be recorded e Board in a book kept for the purpose and that book must be open reasonable hours to inspection by any person on payment of the etermined by the Board.	25 26 27 28
	(4)	mem	r a member has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter, the ber must not, unless the Minister or the Board otherwise mines:	29 30 31
		(a)	be present during any deliberation of the Board with respect to the matter, or	32 33
		(b)	take part in any decision of the Board with respect to the matter	34

	(5)	For the purposes of the making of a determination by the Board under subclause (4), a member who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter to which the disclosure relates must not:	1 2 3
		(a) be present during any deliberation of the Board for the purpose of making the determination, or	4 5
		(b) take part in the making by the Board of the determination.	6
	(6)	A member who is or was:	7
	` ′	(a) a member of a professional association, or	8
		(b) an accredited certifier, or	9
		(c) an officer of a local council,	10
		does not, by reason only of that fact, hold a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter for the purposes of this clause.	11 12
	(7)	A contravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the Board.	13 14
	(8)	This clause applies to a member of a committee of the Board and the committee in the same way as it applies to a member of the Board and the Board.	15 16 17
	(9)	For the purposes of this clause (but subject to subclause (6)), a person has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter if there is a reasonable likelihood or expectation of appreciable financial gain or loss to the person, or to a person to whom he or she is related (within the meaning of section 68), but does not have such an interest in the matter if the interest is so remote or insignificant that it could not reasonably be regarded as likely to influence any decision the person might make in relation to the matter.	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
11	Effec	ct of certain other Acts	26
	(1)	Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of a member.	27 28
	(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	29
		(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	30 31
		(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	32 33
		the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of a member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as a member.	34 35 36

Part 3		Procedure				
12	Gen	neral procedure				
	(1)	The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Board and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act and the regulations, to be as determined by the Board.	3 4 5			
	(2)	The Board is to determine when and how often the Board is to meet for the purposes of carrying out its functions.	6 7			
13	Quo	rum	8			
		The quorum for a meeting of the Board is a majority of its members for the time being.	9 10			
14	Pres	iding member	11			
	(1)	The President (or, in the absence of the President, the Deputy President, or in the absence of both the President and the Deputy President, a person elected by the members of the Board who are present at a meeting of the Board) is to preside at a meeting of the Board.	12 13 14 15			
	(2)	The presiding member has a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting vote.	16 17			
15	Voti	ng	18			
		A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Board.	19 20			
16	Transaction of business outside meetings or by telephone					
	(1)	The Board may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the circulation of papers among all the members of the Board for the time being, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by a majority of those members is taken to be a decision of the Board.	22 23 24 25			
	(2)	The Board may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other members.	26 27 28 29 30			
	(3)	For the purposes of:	31			
		(a) the approval of a resolution under subclause (1), or	32			
		(b) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2),	33			
		the President and each member have the same voting rights as they have at an ordinary meeting of the Board.	34 35			

## Building Professionals Bill 2005

## Schedule 1 Constitution and procedure of Board

	(4)	A resolution approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board.	1 2		
	(5)	Papers may be circulated among the members for the purposes of subclause (1) by facsimile or other transmission of the information in the papers concerned.	3 4 5		
17	Minutes				
		The Board must cause full and accurate minutes to be kept of the proceedings of each meeting of the Board.	7 8		
18	First	meeting	9		
		The Minister may call the first meeting of the Board in such manner as the Minister thinks fit	10 11		

Schedule 2		le 2	Savings, transitional and other provisions	2
			(Section 95)	3
Par	t 1	Ger	neral	4
1	Reg	ulation	ıs	Ę
	(1)	natur	regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional re consequent on the enactment of the following Acts:	<del>7</del>
		this A	Act	8
	(2)		such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from late of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.	10
	(3)	is ear	ne extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that rlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision not operate so as:	11 12 13
		(a)	to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or	14 15 16
		(b)	to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.	17 18 19
	(4)	The p	provisions of this Schedule are subject to the regulations.	20
Par	t 2	Pro Act	visions consequent on enactment of this	2° 22
2	Exis	ting ac	ccreditations	23
	(1)	was a Plant communder funct	erson who, immediately before the commencement of this clause, an accredited certifier within the meaning of the <i>Environmental</i> ning and Assessment Act 1979 (as in force immediately before that mencement) is taken to be the holder of a certificate of accreditation or this Act that authorises the person to undertake the same tions as an accredited certifier as the person's accreditation under <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> authorised.	24 25 26 27 28 29
	(2)	same	rtificate of accreditation referred to in subclause (1) is subject to the conditions that applied to the accreditation that was granted under <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> .	31 32 33

	(3)	Desp	ite subclauses (1) and (2):	1
		(a)	the conditions of any certificate of accreditation taken to have been granted as referred to in this clause may be varied in accordance with this Act, and	2 3 4
		(b)	new conditions may be imposed in accordance with this Act on any such certificate of accreditation, and	5 6
		(c)	any such certificate of accreditation may be suspended or cancelled in accordance with this Act.	7 8
3	Pend exist	ling di ing di	sciplinary proceedings against accredited certifiers and sciplinary findings	9 10
	(1)	accre 4B of to the	omplaint against an accredited certifier being dealt with by an editation body immediately before the repeal of Division 3 of Part of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> is, subject the regulations, to continue to be dealt with by the Board as a plaint under Part 3 of this Act.	11 12 13 14 15
	(2)	Plani	investigation under Division 1B of Part 6 of the <i>Environmental</i> ming and Assessment Act 1979 that was not completed at the repeal at Division may be continued by the Board under Part 4 of this Act.	16 17 18
	(3)	Envir imme	isciplinary finding (within the meaning of Part 4B of the ronmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 as in force ediately before its repeal) against an accredited certifier is taken to disciplinary finding within the meaning of Part 3 of this Act.	19 20 21 22
	(4)	certif	ons 20 (2) and 47 extend to a person who was an accredited fier within the meaning of the <i>Environmental Planning and assment Act 1979</i> before the commencement of this subclause.	23 24 25
	(5)	Envir	nvestigation carried out under Division 1B of Part 6 of the ronmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 is taken to have been ed out under Part 4 of this Act.	26 27 28
4	Pend	ling ap	oplications for accreditation	29
	(1)	the <i>I</i> comm	pplication for accreditation as an accredited certifier made under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 before the nencement of this clause but not finally determined before that mencement is taken to have lapsed.	30 31 32 33
	(2)	appli appli whol	e Board considers it appropriate, the Board may, in relation to any cation for a certificate of accreditation by a person who made an cation that is taken to have lapsed under subclause (1), waive the e or any part of the fee for making an application for accreditation r this Act.	34 35 36 37 38

5	Accı	reditation bodies	1
	(1)	On the commencement of this clause, an authorisation of a professional association as an accreditation body under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> ceases to have effect.	2 3 4
	(2)	No compensation is payable to any person or body because of the operation of this clause.	5 6
6	Accı	reditation scheme	7
	(1)	The Minister may, by order published in the Gazette, adopt (whether with or without change) as the first accreditation scheme for the purposes of this Act a document that has been published and publicly exhibited by a government department or statutory authority and that complies with section 4 (2).	8 9 10 11 12
	(2)	The provisions of section 4 (1) and (4) do not apply to the adoption of an accreditation scheme as referred to in subclause (1).	13 14
	(3)	An accreditation scheme adopted as referred to in subclause (1) is taken to have been adopted by the Minister in accordance with section 4.	15 16
7	Exis	ting insurance policies	17
		An insurance policy that:	18
		(a) was in force immediately before the commencement of this clause, and	19 20
		(b) is held by a person who was, immediately before that commencement, an accredited certifier within the meaning of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> (as in force immediately before that commencement), and	21 22 23 24
		(c) complies with Division 3 of Part 4C of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> (as in force immediately before that commencement),	25 26 27
		is taken to comply with the requirements of Division 2 of Part 6 of this Act while that insurance policy remains in force.	28 29
8	Con	flicts of interest	30
		An accredited certifier is not guilty of a contravention of any provision of Division 3 of Part 6 solely because of complying with any term of a contract or other binding arrangement if:	31 32 33
		(a) the contract or arrangement was entered into before the commencement of the provision, and	34 35
		(b) complying with that term would not have contravened section 109ZG of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i> (as in force immediately before that commencement)	36 37

## Building Professionals Bill 2005

## Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions

9	References to accredited certifiers	•
	A reference in any Act or instrument (other than this Act and the	2
	regulations under this Act) to an accredited certifier within the meaning	3
	of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 is taken to be	4
	a reference to an accredited certifier within the meaning of this Act.	

Sch	edule 3	Amendment of Acts and regulation				
		(Section 96)	2			
3.1	Building F	Professionals Act 2005	3			
[1]	Section 57	Search warrants	4			
	Omit "autho	rised justice" from section 57 (1) and (2) wherever occurring.	5			
	Insert instead	d "authorised warrants officer".	6			
[2]	Section 57 (	3)	7			
	Omit "Part 3	of the Search Warrants Act 1985".	8			
		d "Division 4 of Part 5 of the Law Enforcement (Powers and ties) Act 2002".	9 10			
[3]	Section 57 (	4)	11			
	Omit "sectio	n 18 of the Search Warrants Act 1985".	12			
		ad "section 71 of the Law Enforcement (Powers and ties) Act 2002".	13 14			
[4]	Section 57 (5)					
	Omit the sub	section. Insert instead:	16			
	(5)	In this section:	17			
		authorised warrants officer means an authorised officer within the meaning of the Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002.	18 19 20			
3.2	Environm	ental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203	21			
[1]	Section 4 D	efinitions	22			
		finitions of <i>accreditation body</i> , <i>accredited certifier</i> and <i>relevant n body</i> from section 4 (1).	23 24			
[2]	Section 4 (1	)	25			
	Insert in alph	nabetical order:	26			
		accredited certifier, in relation to matters of a particular kind, means a person who is the holder of a certificate of accreditation under the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> in relation to those matters.	27 28 29 30			

		<b>Building Professionals Board</b> means the Building Professionals Board constituted under the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> .	1			
[3]	Section 23	Delegation	3			
	Omit section	on 23 (1A).	4			
[4]	Section 79	C Evaluation	5			
	Omit section	on 79C (4). Insert instead:	6			
	(4)	Consent where an accreditation is in force	7			
		A consent authority must not refuse to grant consent to development on the ground that any building product or system relating to the development does not comply with a requirement of the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> if the building product or system is accredited in respect of that requirement in accordance with the regulations.	8 9 10 11 12 13			
[5]	Section 80	A Imposition of conditions	14			
	Insert after section 80A (10):					
	(10A)	A condition of a consent has no effect to the extent that it requires a compliance certificate to be obtained in respect of any development.	16 17 18			
[6]	Section 85	What is a "complying development certificate"?	19			
	Insert after section 85 (5):					
	(5A)	A complying development certificate has no effect to the extent that it requires a compliance certificate to be obtained in respect of any development.	21 22 23			
[7]	Section 85	A Process for obtaining complying development certificates	24			
	Omit section	on 85A (4). Insert instead:	25			
	(4)	A council or accredited certifier must not refuse to issue a complying development certificate on the ground that any building product or system relating to the development does not comply with a requirement of the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> if the building product or system is accredited in respect of that requirement in accordance with the regulations.	26 27 28 29 30 31			
[8]	Section 10	5 Regulations—Part 4	32			
	Omit "com	ponents, processes and designs" from section 105 (3).	33			
	Insert instead "building products and systems".					

	_				
[9]	Sect	ion 10	5 (3) (e	<del>)</del>	1
	Omit	the pa	ıragrap	h. Insert instead:	2
			(e)	the adoption, application or incorporation (whether with or	3
				without modification) of a scheme of accreditation (however described) of building products and systems,	4 5
[10]	Sect	ion 10	5 (5) aı	nd (6)	6
	Inser	t after	section	n 105 (4):	7
		(5)	remis Direc into tl	regulations may make provision for or with respect to the ssion of part of the fees for development applications to the stor-General for payment, in accordance with subsection (6), the Building Professionals Board Fund established under the sing Professionals Act 2005.	8 9 10 11 12
		(6)	Board 2005	Director-General is to pay into the Building Professionals d Fund established under the <i>Building Professionals Act</i> such part of the fees for development applications remitted e Director-General:	13 14 15 16
			(a)	as may be provided for in the regulations, or	17
			(b)	subject to the regulations (if any), as the Minister directs to be paid into the Fund.	18 19
[11]	Sect	ion 10	9EA		20
	Omit	the se	ction. I	Insert instead:	21
10	9EA	Repl	aceme	ent of principal certifying authorities	22
		(1)		rson may not be appointed to replace another person as the ipal certifying authority for development unless:	23 24
			(a)	the Building Professionals Board so approves in writing and the relevant council and consent authority are notified before the replacement occurs, or	25 26 27
			(b)	the current principal certifying authority, the proposed principal certifying authority and the person who appointed the current principal certifying authority agree and the Building Professionals Board and the relevant council and consent authority are notified before the replacement occurs.	28 29 30 31 32 33
		(2)	or a n fee (i	pplication to the Building Professionals Board for approval notification under subsection (1) is to be accompanied by the if any) prescribed by the regulations under the <i>Building essionals Act 2005</i> and is to be in a form approved by the d.	34 35 36 37 38

[12]	Section 10	99F Restriction on issue of construction certificates	1		
	Insert after section 109F (1):				
	(1A)	A construction certificate has no effect if it is issued after the building work or subdivision work to which it relates is physically commenced on the land to which the relevant development consent applies.	3 4 5 6		
[13]	Section 10	9F (2)	7		
	Omit the su	ubsection. Insert instead:	8		
	(2)	A certifying authority must not refuse to issue a construction certificate on the ground that any building product or system relating to the development does not comply with a requirement of the <i>Building Code of Australia</i> if the building product or system is accredited in respect of that requirement in accordance with the regulations made for the purposes of Part 4.	9 10 11 12 13 14		
[14]	Part 4B Ac	ccreditation of certifiers	15		
	Omit the P	art.	16		
[15]	Part 4C Lia	ability and insurance	17		
	Omit Divis	sion 3.	18		
[16]	Part 6 Imp	lementation and enforcement	19		
	Omit Divis	sion 1B.	20		
[17]	Section 14 certifier ac	ISA Improper influence with respect to conduct of accredited cting as certifying authority	21 22		
	Omit the se	ection.	23		
[18]	Schedule	6 Savings, transitional and other provisions	24		
	Insert at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	25		
		Building Professionals Act 2005	26		

[19]	Schedule 6				
	Insert at the end of the Schedule with the appropriate Part and clause numbers:				
	Part	<b>Building Professionals Act 2005</b>	3		
	Com	npliance certificates	4		
	(1)	Section 80A (10A) does not apply to a consent issued before the commencement of the subsection.	5 6		
	(2)	Section 85 (5A) does not apply to a complying development certificate issued before the commencement of the subsection.	7 8		
	Con	struction certificates	9		
		Section 109F (1A) does not apply to a construction certificate issued before the commencement of that subsection or in relation to building work or subdivision work that was physically commenced on the land to which the relevant development consent applies before the commencement of that subsection.	10 11 12 13 14		
3.3	Environ	mental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000	15		
[1]	Clause 3 E	Definitions	16		
	Omit parag	graph (g) of the definition of <i>relevant submission period</i> .	17		
[2]	Clause 103 Notice under section 81A of the Act of appointment of principal certifying authority				
	Omit claus	e 103 (f) (ii).	20		
[3]	Clause 13	4 Form of complying development certificate	21		
	Omit claus	e 134 (1) (b) (ii).	22		
[4]	Clause 138 certifying	5 Notice under section 86 of the Act of appointment of principal authority	23 24		
	Omit claus	e 135 (f) (ii).	25		
[5]	Clause 13	8 Compliance certificates	26		
	Omit claus	e 138 (1) (b) (ii).	27		
[6]	Clause 14	7 Form of construction certificate	28		
	Omit claus	e 147 (1) (b) (ii).	29		

[7]			n of occupation certificate	1	
	Omit clause 155 (1) (b) (ii).				
[8]	Clause 16	2C Pro	ogress inspection unavoidably missed	3	
	Omit "accr	editati	on body that accredited" from clause 162C (5).	4	
	Insert inste	ad "Bı	uilding Professionals Board".	5	
[9]	Part 10 Ac	credit	ation bodies and accredited certifiers	6	
	Omit the P	art.		7	
[10]	Part 11 Ins	suranc	ce	8	
	Omit the P	art.		9	
[11]	Clause 24	5 Wha	t is the maximum fee?	10	
	Insert after clause 245 (2) (h):				
		(i)	the operational expenses of the Building Professionals	12	
			Board established under the Building Professionals Act	13	
			2005.	14	
[12]	Clause 250 to Director		pportion of development application fees to be remitted eral	15 16	
	Omit "clause 245 (2) (g) and (h)" from clause 256A (1).				
	Insert instead "clause 245 (2) (g), (h) and (i)".				
[13]	Clause 25	6A (1A	A)	19	
	Insert after clause 256A (1):				
	(1A)	Such	n part of the amount referred to in subclause (1) as is not	21	
	` ′		cted by the Minister to be paid into the Building Professionals	22	
		Boan the I	rd Fund under section 105 (6) of the Act is to be applied by Director-General to the services referred to in clause 245 (2)	23 24	
			and (h).	24 25	
3.4	Fines Ac	t 199	06 No 99	26	
	Schedule 1 Statutory provisions under which penalty notices issued				
	Insert in alphabetical order:				
	j		ding Professionals Act 2005, section 92	29	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

3.5	Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103				
	Sche	dule 2	2 Search warrants under other Acts	3	
	Inser	t in alı	phabetical order:	4	
			Building Professionals Act 2005, section 57	į	
3.6	Pub	lic Fi	nance and Audit Act 1983 No 152	(	
	Sche	dule 2	2 Statutory bodies	7	
	Inser	t in alı	phabetical order:	8	
			Building Professionals Board	ę	
3.7	Sea	rch V	Varrants Act 1985 No 37	10	
	Section 10 Definitions				
	Insert in alphabetical order in the definition of <i>search warrant</i> :				
			section 57 of the Building Professionals Act 2005,	13	
3.8	Stra	ta So	chemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 No 68	14	
	Sect	ions 3	7E and 37F	15	
	Omit the sections. Insert instead:				
	37E	Accr	editation of certifiers		
		(1)	The provisions of Parts 2, 3, 4 and 5 and Divisions 1, 3 and 4 of Part 6 of the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> , and the regulations made under that Act for the purposes of those provisions, apply, with any necessary modifications and any modifications prescribed by the regulations, in respect of the following:	18 19 20 27 22	
			(a) the appointment and accreditation of accredited certifiers for the purposes of this Act,	23 24	
			(b) accredited certifiers,	2	
			(c) the exercise of functions under this Act by accredited certifiers.	26 27	
		(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the provisions of the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> and the regulations under that Act referred to in that subsection apply to a strata certificate in the same way as those provisions apply to a Part 4A certificate under the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979</i>	28 29 30 31	

	37F	Insu	rance	of accredited certifiers	•
			for the modification regulation in the second regulation regulation in the second regulation regul	provisions of Division 2 of Part 6 of the <i>Building essionals Act 2005</i> , and the regulations made under that Act the purposes of those provisions, apply, with any necessary ifications and any modifications prescribed by the lations, to accredited certifiers exercising functions under Act in the same way that it applies to accredited certifiers exising the functions of a certifying authority within the bing of the <i>Environmental Planning and Assessment Act</i> 2.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
3.9	Stra	ıta Sc	hem	es (Leasehold Development) Act 1986 No 219	11
	Sect	ions 6	6E and	d 66F	12
	Omit the sections. Insert instead:				13
	66E	Accr	editati	ion of certifiers	14
		(1)	Part of made with presc	provisions of Parts 2, 3, 4 and 5 and Divisions 1, 3 and 4 of 6 of the <i>Building Professionals Act 2005</i> , and the regulations e under that Act for the purposes of those provisions, apply, any necessary modifications and any modifications cribed by the regulations, in respect of the following:	15 16 17 18
			(a)	the appointment and accreditation of accredited certifiers for the purposes of this Act,	20 21
			(b)	accredited certifiers,	22
			(c)	the exercise of functions under this Act by accredited certifiers.	23 24
		(2)	Profe refer same	cout limiting subsection (1), the provisions of the <i>Building</i> designals Act 2005 and the regulations under that Act ared to in that subsection apply to a strata certificate in the away as those provisions apply to a Part 4A certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.	25 26 27 28 29

66F	Incurance	of ooor	aditad a	\artifiara

The provisions of Division 2 of Part 6 of the *Building Professionals Act 2005*, and the regulations made under that Act for the purposes of those provisions, apply, with any necessary modifications and any modifications prescribed by the regulations, to accredited certifiers exercising functions under this Act in the same way that it applies to accredited certifiers exercising the functions of a certifying authority within the meaning of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

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