

New South Wales

Shop Trading Amendment Bill 2010

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament. The *Public Holidays Bill 2010* is cognate with this Bill.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the Shop Trading Act 2008 (the **Principal Act**):

- (a) to exempt shops within a certain precinct (the *Sydney Trading Precinct*) from the requirement to be kept closed on Boxing Day, and
- (b) to clarify that nothing in the *Liquor Act 2007*, or in a packaged liquor licence under that Act, operates to exempt a shop from a requirement in the Principal Act to be kept closed, and
- (c) to allow certain industrial organisations of employees to apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for reviews of decisions relating to exemptions granted under the Principal Act, and
- (d) to specify further circumstances in which shops are taken not to be closed, and
- (e) to provide that the exemption for certain specified shops to open on a restricted trading day is subject to a condition that they be staffed by persons who have freely elected to work, and

- (f) to provide that compensation is not payable by or on behalf of the State arising from certain matters relating to the operation of the Principal Act, and
- (g) to include provisions for bank trading days as a consequence of the proposed repeal of the *Banks and Bank Holidays Act 1912* by the *Public Holidays Bill 2010*, and
- (h) to extend Bank Holiday (the first Monday in August) to certain other financial institutions so as to require them to be closed for retail business on that day, and
- (i) to make other amendments of a minor or consequential nature.

The Bill also amends the *Shop Trading Regulation 2009* (the *Principal Regulation*) to prescribe the Sydney Trading Precinct.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Shop Trading Act 2008 No 49

Amendments relating to shop trading

Schedule 1 [5] amends section 4 of the Principal Act so as to exempt shops located in the Sydney Trading Precinct from the requirement to be kept closed on Boxing Day.

Schedule 1 [6] inserts proposed section 6A into the Principal Act. The proposed section clarifies that nothing in the *Liquor Act 2007*, or in any packaged liquor licence under that Act, operates to exempt a shop from a requirement in the Principal Act to be kept closed.

Schedule 1 [8] amends section 7 of the Principal Act to make it a condition of an exemption for a shop carrying on business specified in Schedule 1 to the Principal Act to open on a restricted trading day that the shop must be staffed on that day only by persons who have freely elected to work on that day.

Schedule 1 [10] amends section 12 of the Principal Act to allow certain industrial organisations of employees to apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for reviews of certain decisions of the Director-General of the Department of Services, Technology and Administration (the *Director-General*) relating to exemptions under the Principal Act, including decisions to grant exemptions.

Schedule 1 [11] amends section 13 of the Principal Act to provide that a person is not taken to have freely elected to work on a restricted trading day merely because the person is required to do so by the terms of an industrial instrument. Currently, that section makes it a condition of an exemption from the requirement to close a shop on

a restricted trading day that the shop must be staffed on that day only by persons who have freely elected to work on that day.

Schedule 1 [14] amends section 18 of the Principal Act so as to provide that, in proceedings for an offence against that Act, a shop will be taken not to be closed if goods are being received, or unpacked or otherwise prepared, for sale at the shop, or if stocktaking is being carried out in respect of goods offered or exposed for sale at the shop.

Schedule 1 [16] inserts proposed section 22B into the Principal Act. The proposed section provides that the State is not liable to pay compensation arising from the enactment or operation of the Principal Act or the proposed Act, the exercise by any person of a function under Part 2 or 3 of the Principal Act (or failure to exercise such a function) or any statement or conduct relating to the regulation of shop opening hours or restricted trading days.

Schedule 1 [9] makes a consequential amendment.

Amendments relating to bank trading

Schedule 1 [2] amends the name of the Principal Act by changing it from *Shop Trading Act 2008* to *Retail Trading Act 2008* to encompass provisions relating to retail bank trading.

Schedule 1 [12] inserts proposed Part 3A into the Principal Act which contains the following sections:

Proposed section 14A defines *bank* and *financial institution* for the purposes of proposed Part 3A.

Proposed section 14B provides that public holidays, Saturdays, Sundays and Bank Holiday (first Monday in August) are *bank close days*. Good Friday, Easter Sunday, Anzac Day, Christmas Day and Boxing Day are also bank close days whether or not they are public holidays in a particular year. Proposed section 14B also provides that bank close days are bank holidays for the purposes of the *Bills of Exchange Act 1909* of the Commonwealth.

Proposed section 14C requires a bank to be kept closed for retail banking business on a bank close day unless the bank has an approval under proposed Part 3A to open and complies with any conditions of the approval.

Proposed section 14D extends Bank Holiday to certain financial institutions so as to require them to be kept closed for retail business on that day (subject to exceptions where 5 employees or less are employed or where there are alternative arrangements for employees to have a day off in lieu of Bank Holiday). Proposed section 14D also provides for the granting of approval for financial institutions to open on Bank Holiday and for that purpose applies the other provisions of proposed Part 3A to approvals for banks to open on Bank Holiday.

Proposed section 14E restricts the granting of approvals for banks to open on bank close days. An approval cannot be granted for a bank to open on Good Friday, Easter Sunday, Anzac Day before 1pm, Christmas Day or Boxing Day.

Proposed section 14F makes it a condition of an approval to open a bank on a bank close day that the bank must be staffed on that day only by persons who have freely elected to work on that day.

Proposed section 14G provides for the making of an application to the Director-General for an approval to open a bank on a bank close day.

Proposed section 14H provides for the matters to be considered by the Director-General in determining whether to approve the opening of a bank on a bank close day.

Proposed section 14I provides for the procedure for determining an application for an approval under proposed Part 3A.

Proposed section 14J provides for the duration of an approval under proposed Part 3A.

Proposed section 14K provides for the suspension or cancellation of an approval under proposed Part 3A and for the variation of the conditions of an approval.

Proposed section 14L provides for the review by the Administrative Decisions Tribunal of decisions of the Director-General under proposed Part 3A.

Schedule 1 [13] amends section 15 of the Principal Act to allow inspectors to require banks and financial institutions to produce records of the hours worked by their employees, business receipts and other information concerning the operation of the banks and financial institutions.

Schedule 1 [15] amends section 19 of the Principal Act to provide that certificates of the Director-General relating to approvals under proposed Part 3A are admissible as evidence of the matters so certified.

Schedule 1 [1], [3], [4] and [7] make consequential amendments.

Savings and transitional provisions

Schedule 1 [17] amends Schedule 2 to the Principal Act so as to allow regulations of a savings or transitional nature to be made consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 [18] amends Schedule 2 to the Principal Act to insert transitional provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Shop Trading Regulation 2009

Schedule 2 [1] amends the name of the Principal Regulation by changing it from *Shop Trading Regulation 2009* to *Retail Trading Regulation 2009* consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 2 [3] inserts proposed clause 3A into the Principal Regulation. The proposed clause prescribes the Sydney Trading Precinct, so as to exempt shops located in that precinct from the requirement to be kept closed on Boxing Day.

Shop Trading Amendment Bill 2010 Explanatory note
Schedule 2 [2] and [5] make consequential amendments. Schedule 2 [4] and [6] omit spent provisions.



New South Wales

Shop Trading Amendment Bill 2010

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New South Wales

Shop Trading Amendment Bill 2010

No , 2010

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Shop Trading Act 2008* with respect to restricted trading days, bank and financial institution trading days and exemptions; and for other purposes.

See also the Public Holidays Bill 2010.

Clause 1 Shop Trading Amendment Bill 2010

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	
1	Nam	e of Act	2
		This Act is the Shop Trading Amendment Act 2010.	;
2	Com	nmencement	4
	(1)	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act, except as provided by subsection (2).	(
	(2)	Schedule 1 [1], [3], [4], [7], [12], [13] and [15] commence on 31 December 2010.	-

Scł	nedu	le 1	Amendment of Shop Trading Act 2008 No 49	1
[1]	Long	j title		3
	Inser	t "to p	provide for bank trading days," after "restricted trading days,".	4
[2]	Sect	ion 1	Name of Act	5
	Omit	"Shop	p Trading Act 2008". Insert instead "Retail Trading Act 2008".	6
[3]	Sect	ion 3	Definitions	7
	Inser	t in al	phabetical order in section 3 (1): bank—see section 14A.	3
[4]	Part	2, hea	ading	10
	Inser	t "sho	p" after "Restricted".	11
[5]	Sect	ion 4	(3)	12
	Inser	t after	section 4 (2):	13
		(3)	Subsection (1) (e) does not apply to a shop located in the precinct prescribed by the regulations as the Sydney Trading Precinct.	14 15
[6]	Sect	ion 6	A	16
	Inser	t after	section 6:	17
	6A	Rela	itionship to Liquor Act 2007	18
		(1)	For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> , or in a packaged liquor licence under that Act, operates to exempt any licensed premises from a requirement under this Act to be kept closed.	19 20 21 22
		(2)	In this section:	23
			<i>licensed premises</i> means premises to which a packaged liquor licence under the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> relates.	24 25
[7]	Part	3, hea	ading	26
	Inser	t "for	shop trading" after "Exemptions".	27
[8]	Sect	ion 7	Business of certain kinds exempt from trading restrictions	28
	Inser	t at th	e end of section 7:	29
		(2)	An exemption under subsection (1) is subject to the condition that, on a restricted trading day, the exempted shop is staffed only	30 31

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	Amendment	of Shop	Trading	Act 2008 N	o 49
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		by persons who have freely elected to work on that day, without any coercion, harassment, threat or intimidation by or on behalf of the occupier of the shop.	1 2 3
	(3)	For the purposes of subsection (2), a person is not taken to have freely elected to work on a restricted trading day merely because the person is rostered, or required by the terms of an industrial instrument, to work on that day.	4 5 6 7
	(4)	Subsections (2) and (3) have effect despite any other law.	8
[9]	Section 12	Reviews by Administrative Decisions Tribunal	9
	Omit "(oth section 12 (her than the person who applied for the exemption)" from (3).	10 11
	Insert instead	ad "referred to in subsection (2)".	12
[10]	Section 12	? (4) and (5)	13
	Insert after	section 12 (3):	14
	(4)	A representative of an industrial organisation of which persons employed or engaged in shops are entitled or eligible to become members may apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for a review of any of the following decisions:	15 16 17 18
		(a) a determination of the Director-General to grant or to amend an exemption,	19 20
		(b) a determination of the Director-General as to the conditions subject to which, or the period for which, an exemption is granted.	21 22 23
	(5)	In this section:	24
		industrial organisation means:	25
		(a) an industrial organisation of employees within the meaning of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> , or	26 27
		(b) an association of employees registered as an organisation under the <i>Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009</i> of the Commonwealth.	28 29 30
[11]	Section 13	Staffing on restricted trading days	31
	Insert ", or in section 1	required by the terms of an industrial instrument," after "rostered" 3 (2).	32 33

[12]	Part Inser	3A t after l	Part 3:	1 2
			Bank trading days	3
	14A		nitions	4
	144	_		
		(1)	In this Part:	5
			bank means an authorised deposit-taking institution (within the meaning of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> of the Commonwealth) that is authorised under that Act to use in its name:	6 7 8
			(a) the word "bank", or	9
			(b) any other word or expression (whether or not in English) that is of like import to the word "bank".	10 11
			financial institution means a body (other than a bank) that is a	12
			body regulated by the Australian Prudential Regulation	
			Authority pursuant to section 3 (2) (a)–(e) of the <i>Australian Prudential Regulation Authority Act 1998</i> of the Commonwealth.	14 15
		(2)	The regulations can exclude an authorised deposit-taking institution from the definition of <i>bank</i> for the purposes of this Part.	16 17 18
	14B	Bank	close days	19
		(1)	The following days are <i>bank close days</i> for the purposes of this Part:	20 21
			(a) public holidays (within the meaning of the <i>Public Holidays Act 2010</i>),	22 23
			(b) Good Friday, Easter Sunday, Anzac Day, Christmas Day and Boxing Day (whether or not they are public holidays in a particular year),	24 25 26
			(c) Saturdays and Sundays,	27
			(d) the first Monday in August (<i>Bank Holiday</i>).	28
		(2)	A day that is a public holiday only in a part of the State is a bank close day only for banks in that part of the State.	29 30
		(3)	Each bank close day is declared to be a bank holiday or bank half-holiday (as appropriate) for the purposes of the <i>Bills of Exchange Act 1909</i> of the Commonwealth.	

14C	Ban days	ks not to be open for retail banking business on bank close	1 2
	(1)	A bank must not be open for retail banking business on a bank close day.	3
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	5
	(2)	The <i>retail banking business</i> of a bank is banking business (within the meaning of the <i>Banking Act 1959</i> of the Commonwealth) that is conducted with customers in person at the bank or a branch of the bank.	6 7 8 9
	(3)	This section does not prevent a bank (or one or more of its branches) from opening in accordance with an approval granted under this Part.	10 11 12
	(4)	A bank must not fail to comply with a condition of an approval granted under this Part. Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	13 14 15
44D	Evto		
14D		ension of Bank Holiday to other financial institutions	16
	(1)	A financial institution must not be open for retail business on Bank Holiday.	17 18
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	19
	(2)	The <i>retail business</i> of a financial institution is business of the financial institution that is conducted with customers in person at the financial institution or a branch of the financial institution.	20 21 22
	(3)	This section does not prevent a financial institution (or one or more of its branches) from opening on Bank Holiday if:	23 24
		(a) the financial institution (or the branch) opens in accordance with an approval granted under this Part, or	25 26
		(b) an industrial instrument provides for employees employed in the retail business of the financial institution to receive a substituted day off in lieu of Bank Holiday for working on Bank Holiday, or	27 28 29 30
		(c) the financial institution has no more than 5 employees.	31
	(4)	An approval for a financial institution to open on Bank Holiday may be granted under this Part as if a financial institution were a bank. For that purpose, a reference in this Part to a bank includes a reference to a financial institution.	32 33 34 35
	(5)	A financial institution must not fail to comply with a condition of an approval granted under this Part.	36 37
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	38

14E	Rest	rictions on granting approval for banks to open	1
	(1)	Approval cannot be granted under this Part for a bank to open on Good Friday, on Easter Sunday, before 1 pm on Anzac Day, on Christmas Day or on Boxing Day.	2 3 4
	(2)	An approval for a bank to open on a Saturday or Sunday does not constitute approval for the bank to open on a day that is a bank close day for a reason other than being a Saturday or Sunday.	5 6 7
14F	Staff	fing on bank close days	8
	(1)	Any approval granted by the Director-General under this Part is subject to the condition that, on a bank close day, the bank authorised to open in accordance with the approval is staffed only by persons who have freely elected to work on that day, without any coercion, harassment, threat or intimidation by or on behalf of the bank.	9 10 11 12 13 14
	(2)	For the purposes of subsection (1), a person is not taken to have freely elected to work on a bank close day merely because the person is rostered, or required by the terms of an industrial instrument, to work on that day.	15 16 17 18
	(3)	This section has effect despite any other law.	19
	(4)	The condition imposed by this section cannot be varied by the Director-General under this Part.	20 21
14G	Appl	lication for approval to open bank on bank close day	22
	(1)	A bank may apply to the Director-General for approval to open the bank, or one or more branches of the bank, on a bank close day.	23 24 25
	(2)	An application is to be in writing in a form determined by the Director-General and be accompanied by any fee prescribed by the regulations.	26 27 28
	(3)	The Director-General may require the applicant to provide such further information as the Director-General considers relevant to the determination of the application. The Director-General may refuse to grant the approval if the applicant fails to provide the further information required.	29 30 31 32 33
	(4)	The Director-General may consult with the banking industry, and prepare guidelines, about the type of information that may be required in connection with an application for approval under this Part.	34 35 36 37

14H	Matt	ers to be considered in determining application for approval	1
	(1)	In determining an application for an approval, the Director-General is to consider whether granting the approval would be in the interests of the public, taking into account the likely effect of granting the approval on particular sections of the public, including:	2 3 4 5 6
		(a) customers of the bank concerned in any particular area (whether or not an area the subject of the application), and	7 8
		(b) persons employed or engaged (whether or not by the bank) to perform services for the bank.	9 10
	(2)	This section does not limit the matters that the Director-General may consider in determining an application for approval.	11 12
141	Dete	ermination of application	13
	(1)	If the Director-General grants an approval, the Director-General must issue the applicant with a written approval that sets out any conditions to which the approval is subject. An approval may be granted unconditionally or subject to conditions.	14 15 16 17
	(2)	If the Director-General refuses to grant an approval, the Director-General must give notice of the refusal in writing to the applicant setting out the reasons for the refusal.	18 19 20
	(3)	If the Director-General has not determined an application for approval within 40 days after the application was made to the Director-General (or such longer period as the Director-General determines with the consent in writing of the applicant), the Director-General is taken to have made a decision to refuse to grant the approval.	21 22 23 24 25 26
14J	Dura	ation of approval	27
		Except during any period of suspension, an approval under this Part remains in force for the period specified in the approval (unless sooner cancelled) or, if no period is so specified, until the approval is cancelled.	28 29 30 31
14K	Vari	ation, suspension or cancellation of approval	32
	(1)	The Director-General may vary the conditions of, or suspend or cancel, an approval under this Part as provided by this section.	33 34
	(2)	The Director-General may suspend or cancel an approval only if:	35
		(a) the bank that holds the approval has contravened a condition of the approval, or	36 37

		(b)	the Director-General considers that it is no longer in the interests of the public for the approval to remain in force, or	1 2 3
		(c)	the bank has requested the suspension or cancellation.	4
	(3)		Director-General may vary the conditions of, or suspend or el, an approval only if the Director-General has:	5 6
		(a)	given the bank concerned written reasons for the Director-General's intention to vary the conditions of, or suspend or cancel, the approval and an opportunity to make submissions, and	7 8 9 10
		(b)	considered any submissions duly made by the bank within a period required by the Director-General.	11 12
	(4)	the s	section (3) does not apply to a variation of a condition of, or uspension or cancellation of, an approval at the request of the that holds the approval.	13 14 15
	(5)		riation of the conditions of, or a suspension or cancellation n approval:	16 17
		(a)	must be made by notice in writing served on the bank that holds the approval, and	18 19
		(b)	takes effect when the notice is served or at a later time specified in the notice.	20 21
	(6)	an ap that Directo th	pre determining to take action under this section in relation to opproval, the Director-General may (but need not) determine the approval will be subject to a period of review. The ctor-General is to give written notice of such a determination the bank concerned and is to include in the notice written tons for the determination.	22 23 24 25 26 27
14L	Revi	ew of	decisions by Administrative Decisions Tribunal	28
	(1)	this l	nk that is the applicant for or the holder of an approval under Part may apply to the Administrative Decisions Tribunal for riew of any of the following decisions under this Part:	29 30 31
		(a)	a decision of the Director-General to refuse to grant the approval,	32 33
		(b)	a decision of the Director-General to impose conditions on the approval,	34 35
		(c)	a decision of the Director-General to vary the conditions of the approval,	36 37
		(d)	a decision of the Director-General to suspend or cancel the approval.	38 39

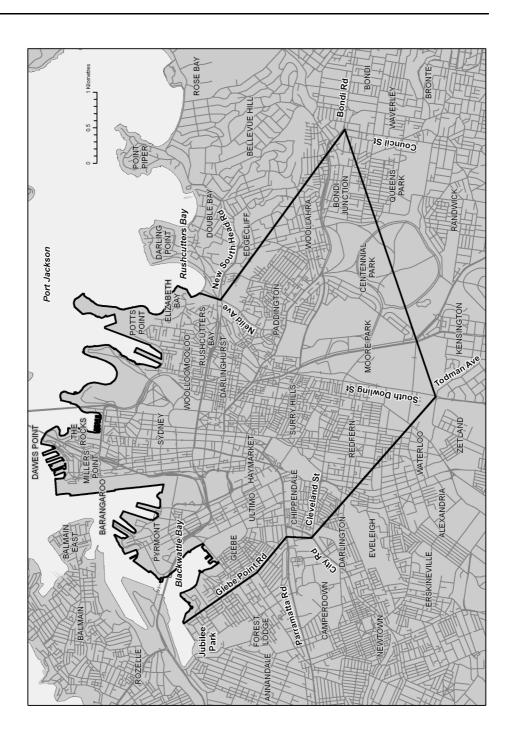
	(2)	empĺ or eli	presentative of an industrial organisation of which persons oyed or engaged to perform services for a bank are entitled igible to belong may apply to the Administrative Decisions anal for a review of any of the following decisions under this	: :
		(a)	a decision of the Director-General to grant an approval under this Part to the bank (whether with or without conditions),	-
		(b)	a decision of the Director-General to vary the conditions of an approval granted to the bank under this Part.	10
	(3)	In thi	is section:	1
		indu	strial organisation means:	12
		(a)	an industrial organisation of employees within the meaning of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> , or	13 14
		(b)	an association of employees registered as an organisation	15
			under the Fair Work (Registered Organisations) Act 2009 of the Commonwealth.	16 17
[13]	Section 15	Powe	rs of inspectors	18
	Insert after	section	n 15 (2):	19
	(2A)	contr finan the i inspe by e recei	rayention of this Act or the regulations, require a bank or a social institution within the meaning of Part 3A to produce for inspector's examination, at such time and place as the ector may specify, specified records indicating hours worked employees in the bank or financial institution, business pts and other information concerning the operation of the or financial institution at particular times.	20 22 23 24 24 26 27
[14]	Section 18	Evide	nce that shop is not closed	28
	Insert at the	end o	f section 18 (d):	29
			, or	30
		(e)	goods were received, or unpacked or otherwise prepared, at the shop for sale at the shop, or	3 ²
		(f)	stocktaking was carried out at the shop in respect of goods offered or exposed for sale at the shop.	30 34

[15]	Sect	ion 19	Evide	ence as to exemptions and approvals	1
	Insert at the end of the section:				
		(2)	signe	ny proceedings for an offence against this Act, a certificate ed by the Director-General and that certifies that, on a ified date or during a specified period:	3 4 5
			(a)	a bank or a financial institution under Part 3A was or was not the holder of an approval under Part 3A, or	6 7
			(b)	a specified approval under Part 3A was or was not subject to a specified condition,	8 9
			is ad	missible and is evidence of the matters so certified.	10
[16]	Sect	ion 22	В		11
	Inser	t after	section	n 22A:	12
	22B	Com	pensa	ation not payable	13
		(1)	direc	pensation is not payable by or on behalf of the State arising tely or indirectly from any of the following matters occurring re or after the commencement of this section:	14 15 16
			(a)	the enactment or operation of this Act or the <i>Shop Trading Amendment Act 2010</i> ,	17 18
			(b)	the exercise by any person of a function under Part 2 or 3 of this Act or a failure to exercise any such function,	19 20
			(c)	any statement or conduct relating to the regulation of shop opening hours or restricted trading days.	21 22
		(2)	In th	is section:	23
				pensation includes damages or any other form of monetary pensation.	24 25
				<i>duct</i> includes any act or omission, whether unconscionable, eading, deceptive or otherwise.	26 27
			state	ment includes a representation of any kind:	28
			(a)	whether made verbally or in writing, and	29
			(b)	whether negligent, false or misleading or otherwise.	30
			Proc	State means the Crown within the meaning of the <i>Crown</i> reedings Act 1988, and includes an officer, employee or agent e Crown and an inspector.	31 32 33
				Act includes the regulations and any order made under this	34 35

Schedule 1	Amendment	of Shon	Trading	Act 2008	No.	49

[17]	Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions				
	Inse	rt at th	e end of clause 1 (1):	2	
			Shop Trading Amendment Act 2010	3	
[18]	Sche	edule	2, Part 4	4	
	Inser	rt after	Part 3:	5	
	Par	rt 4	Provisions consequent on enactment of	6	
			Shop Trading Amendment Act 2010	7	
	9	Exis	sting approvals for banks to open	8	
		(1)	An approval in force under Schedule 6 to the former Act immediately before the repeal of that Act is taken to have been granted under Part 3A of this Act as inserted by Schedule 1 [12] to the <i>Shop Trading Amendment Act 2010</i> .	9 10 11 12	
		(2)	This clause extends to an approval in force under Schedule 6 to the former Act as a result of the operation of clause 5 of that Schedule (which relates to approvals in force under Part 2 of the <i>Shops and Industries Act 1962</i> and clause 4 of the <i>Shops and Industries Regulation 2007</i> immediately before the commencement of Schedule 6 to the former Act).	13 14 15 16 17 18	
		(3)	In this clause: former Act means the Banks and Bank Holidays Act 1912.	19 20	
	10	Refe	erences to Act	21	
			On and from the commencement of Schedule 1 [2] to the <i>Shop Trading Amendment Act 2010</i> , a reference in any other Act, or in any instrument, to the <i>Shop Trading Act 2008</i> is taken to be a reference to the <i>Retail Trading Act 2008</i> .	22 23 24 25	

Sci	nedu	le 2		Amendment of Shop Trading Regulation 2009	1 2
F41	Class	oo 4 Na			
[1]				of Regulation	3
		•		ing Regulation 2009".	4
	Inser	t instea	d " <i>Re</i>	etail Trading Regulation 2009".	5
[2]	Clau	se 3 De	efiniti	ion	6
	Omi	t "Shop	Trad	ling Act 2008". Insert instead "Retail Trading Act 2008".	7
[3]	Clau	se 3A			8
	Inser	t after c	lause	÷ 3:	9
	3A	Sydn	ey Tr	rading Precinct	10
				the purpose of section 4 (3) of the Act, the Sydney Trading inct is the precinct described as:	11 12
			(a)	having a northern boundary composed by the southern shoreline of Port Jackson Harbour, extending from Rushcutters Bay to Jubilee Park at Blackwattle Bay, and	13 14 15
			(b)	having a western boundary extending from Jubilee Park at Blackwattle Bay, along the western side of Glebe Point Road to Parramatta Road, and then in a direct line to the corner of City Road and Cleveland Street, Chippendale, and	16 17 18 19 20
			(c)	having a south-western boundary extending from the corner of City Road and Cleveland Street, Chippendale, proceeding in a direct line to the corner of South Dowling Street and Todman Avenue, Kensington, and	21 22 23 24
			(d)	having a south-eastern boundary from the corner of South Dowling Street and Todman Avenue, Kensington, proceeding in a direct line to the corner of Council Street and Bondi Road, Bondi Junction, and	25 26 27 28
			(e)	having a north-eastern boundary from the corner of Council Street and Bondi Road, Bondi Junction, proceeding in a direct line to the corner of New South Head Road and Neild Avenue, Rushcutters Bay, and then in a direct line due north to the southern shoreline of Port Jackson Harbour.	29 30 31 32 33 34
			Note	An illustration of the above description is as follows:	35



[4]	Clause 6 Additional transitional arrangements	
	Omit the clause.	2
[5]	Schedule 1 Application form	3
	Omit "Shop Trading Act 2008". Insert instead "Retail Trading Act 2008".	2
[6]	Schedule 2 Sydney commercial business district	Ę
	Omit the Schedule.	(