

New South Wales

## Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Bill 2006

### **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

#### Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Road Transport (General) Act 2005*, the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999*, the *Roads Act 1993*, and regulations made under the latter two Acts, with respect to evidentiary matters, including:

- (a) the evidentiary value of certain certificates, photographs, statutory declarations, and the like, that can be tendered as evidence in proceedings for various offences, and
- (b) the type of evidence that is capable of being sufficient, for the purposes of certain provisions, to rebut prima facie evidence or a presumption, or to raise doubt about a matter, in connection with approved speed measuring devices, various approved camera devices, and information (including photographs) derived from such devices.

### Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act, other than Schedule 2 [3], on the date of assent to the proposed Act. Schedule 2 [3] is to commence on the commencement of Schedule 1 [11] to the *Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Drug Testing) Act 2006* or on the date of assent to the proposed Act, whichever is the later.

**Clause 3** is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Road Transport (General) Act 2005* set out in Schedule 1.

Clause 4 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* set out in Schedule 2.

**Clause 5** is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Roads Act 1993* set out in Schedule 3.

Clause 6 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999* and the *Roads (General) Regulation 2000* set out in Schedule 4.

Clause 7 provides for the repeal of the proposed Act after all amendments made by the proposed Act have commenced. Once the amendments have commenced, the proposed Act will be spent and section 30 of the *Interpretation Act 1987* provides that the repeal of the amending Act does not affect the amendments made by that Act.

## Schedule 1 Amendment of Road Transport (General) Act 2005

**Schedule 1** [1] amends the *Road Transport (General) Act 2005* to clarify the evidentiary effect of a statutory declaration referred to in section 179 (9) of that Act. As proposed to be amended, section 179 (9) provides that such a declaration is prima facie evidence of matters referred to in that subsection.

**Schedule 1 [2] and [3]** make provision for matters of a saving and transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

# Schedule 2 Amendment of Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999

Schedule 2 [1], [3], [7], [9], [12], [14], [15], [18] and [20] amend a number of provisions of the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* (the *Traffic Management Act*) to clarify the evidentiary effect of the various certificates, photographs, statutory declarations and other forms of evidence to which the provisions refer. The amended provisions state that they are prima facie evidence of the various matters specified in those provisions. The provisions proposed to be amended are sections 33 (1), (2) and (4)–(7), 33B, 33D, 35 (1)–(3), 54 (2), 57 (3), 57B (3), 69C (2), 69D (1), 71 (10), 75 (3) and 76 (8) and clause 5 (2) (f) of Schedule 1.

**Schedule 2 [2]** substitutes section 33 (3) of the Traffic Management Act, which concerns evidence of matters relating to breath analysing instruments in certain proceedings. Under substituted section 33 (3), evidence of the condition of such an instrument or of the manner in which it was operated is not required unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that the instrument was in proper condition and properly operated has been adduced. (Currently, section 33 does not indicate the weight that evidence that the instrument was not in proper condition or was not properly operated must have before evidence of the condition of the instrument or the manner in which it was operated is required.)

**Schedule 2 [4]** substitutes section 46 (1) and (2) of the Traffic Management Act, which concern certification of matters relating to an approved speed measuring device. Substituted section 46 (1) clarifies that the certificate concerned is prima facie evidence of those matters. Under substituted section 46 (2), if a certificate under section 46 (1) is tendered in proceedings, evidence of the accuracy or reliability of the device, or as to whether or not it operates or operated properly, is not required unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that, at the time of the alleged offence, the device was accurate, reliable and operating properly is adduced. (Currently, section 46 does not indicate the weight that evidence that the device was not accurate or not reliable must have before evidence of the accuracy or reliability of the device is required.)

**Schedule 2 [6]** substitutes section 47 (2)–(6) of the Traffic Management Act, which concern approved camera recording devices, photographs taken by them, prescribed security indicators on the photographs, and associated certificates. Substituted section 47 clarifies that such a photograph, security indicator or certificate is prima facie evidence of various matters or raises certain rebuttable presumptions. Substituted section 47 (3) also introduces a presumption that a photograph tendered as bearing a security indicator of a kind prescribed by the regulations bears such an indicator unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that it does so is adduced. Under substituted section 47 (6), if a certificate under section 47 (4) or (5) is tendered in proceedings, evidence of the accuracy or reliability of the camera recording device concerned, or as to whether or not it operates or operated properly, is not required unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that, at the time of the alleged offence, the device was accurate, reliable and operating properly is adduced.

**Schedule 2 [8], [10], [11] and [13]** amend sections 57 and 57B of the Traffic Management Act in a manner consistent with the proposed amendments to sections 46 and 47 of that Act (see Schedule 2 [4] and [6]).

**Schedule 2 [16]** amends section 69E as a consequence of the proposed amendments to section 47 of the Traffic Management Act (see Schedule 2 [6]).

**Schedule 2 [19]** inserts section 73A in the Traffic Management Act. The proposed section applies to the determination of whether evidence is sufficient to rebut prima facie evidence or a presumption, or to raise doubt, for the purposes of section 46, 47, 57, 57B or 69E (all as proposed to be amended). Under proposed section 73A, an assertion that contradicts or challenges:

- (a) the accuracy or reliability, or the correct or proper operation, of an approved device, or
- (b) the accuracy or reliability of information (including a photograph) derived from such a device,

is capable of being sufficient, in proceedings to which the proposed section applies, to rebut such evidence or such a presumption, or to raise such doubt, only if it is evidence adduced from a person who has relevant specialised knowledge (based wholly or substantially on the person's training, study or experience). An *approved device* is an approved camera detection device, approved camera recording device, approved speed measuring device or approved traffic lane camera device, as defined by the Traffic Management Act. **Schedule 2** [5] and [17] insert in relevant provisions a note about proposed section 73A.

**Schedule 2 [21] and [22]** make provision for matters of a saving or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

#### Schedule 3 Amendment of Roads Act 1993

**Schedule 3** [1]–[3] amend section 250A of the *Roads Act 1993* in a manner consistent with the proposed amendments to sections 46, 47, 57 and 57B of the Traffic Management Act (see Schedule 2 [4], [6], [8], [10], [11] and [13]). The amendments to section 250A include the introduction of a presumption that a photograph tendered as bearing a security indicator of a kind prescribed by the regulations bears such an indicator unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that it does so is adduced. For the purposes of section 250A (as proposed to be amended), an assertion that contradicts or challenges:

- (a) the accuracy or reliability, or the correct or proper operation, of an approved toll camera, or
- (b) the accuracy or reliability of information (including a photograph) derived from such a camera,

is capable of being sufficient to rebut prima facie evidence or a presumption, or to raise doubt about a matter, only if it is evidence adduced from a person who has relevant specialised knowledge (based wholly or substantially on the person's training, study or experience).

**Schedule 3 [4] and [5]** make provision for matters of a saving or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

#### Schedule 4 Amendment of other legislation

**Schedule 4** makes amendments to the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999* and the *Roads (General) Regulation 2000* that are consequential on amendments to the Traffic Management Act and the *Roads Act 1993* made by Schedules 2 and 3.



### New South Wales

## Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Bill 2006

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#### New South Wales

## Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Bill 2006

No , 2006

#### A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Road Transport (General) Act 2005*, the *Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999* and the *Roads Act 1993* with respect to evidentiary matters; and for other purposes.

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Nam	e of Act	2
		This Act is the Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Act 2006.	3 4
2	Com	mencement	5
	(1)	This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act, except as provided by subsection (2).	6 7
	(2)	Schedule 2 [3] commences on the commencement of Schedule 1 [11] to the <i>Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Drug Testing) Act 2006</i> or on the date of assent to this Act, whichever is the later.	8 9 10
3	Ame	ndment of Road Transport (General) Act 2005 No 11	11
		The Road Transport (General) Act 2005 is amended as set out in Schedule 1.	12 13
4		ndment of Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act No 20	14 15
		The Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) Act 1999 is amended as set out in Schedule 2.	16 17
5	Ame	ndment of Roads Act 1993 No 33	18
		The Roads Act 1993 is amended as set out in Schedule 3.	19
6	Ame	ndment of other legislation	20
		The Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999 and the Roads (General) Regulation 2000 are amended as set out in Schedule 4.	21 22 23
7	Repo	eal of Act	24
	(1)	This Act is repealed on the day following the day on which all of the provisions of this Act have commenced.	25 26
	(2)	The repeal of this Act does not, because of the operation of section 30 of the <i>Interpretation Act 1987</i> , affect any amendment made by this Act.	27 28

Scł	nedule 1	Amendment of Road Transport (General) Act 2005	1			
		(Section 3)	3			
[1]	Section 17 offences	9 Liability of responsible person for vehicle for designated	4			
		ridence (unless contrary evidence is adduced)" wherever occurring 79 (9) (including the heading to the subsection).	6			
	Insert inste	ad "is admissible and is prima facie evidence".	8			
[2]	Schedule '	1 Savings, transitional and other provisions	ę			
	Insert at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	10			
		Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Act 2006	11			
[3]	Schedule '	1	12			
	Insert at the end of the Schedule, with appropriate Part and clause numbers:					
	Part Provisions consequent on enactment of					
		Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Act 2006	15 16			
	Defi	nition	17			
		In this Part, <i>amending Act</i> means the <i>Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Act 2006.</i>	18 19			
		ndments not to apply to proceedings instituted before mencement of amendments	20 21			
	(1)	An amendment made to this Act by the amending Act does not apply to proceedings for an offence that were instituted before the commencement of the amendment.	22 23 24			
	(2)	An amendment made to this Act by the amending Act applies to proceedings for an offence that are instituted on or after the commencement of the amendment even if the proceedings involve an offence that was committed before that commencement.	25 26 27 28 29			

Scr	nedule 2		ment of Road Transport (Safety affic Management) Act 1999	1 2
			(Section 4)	3
[1]	Sections 3 Schedule	(1), (2) and (4	-)-(7), 35 (1)-(3) and 76 (8) and clause 5 (2) (f) of	4 5
	Omit "is e occurring.	idence (unless	evidence to the contrary is adduced)" wherever	6 7
	Insert inste	d "is admissibl	e and is prima facie evidence".	8
[2]			dence about breath or blood analysis in under section 9	9 10
	Omit section	33 (3). Insert	instead:	11
	(3)	evidence of the the manner in evidence suff	is for an offence under section 9 or Division 3, the condition of a breath analysing instrument, or of in which it was operated, is not required unless in it is in the instrument was in on and properly operated has been adduced.	12 13 14 15 16
[3]	Sections 3 Transport	B and 33D (as egislation Am	s inserted by Schedule 1 [11] to the Road nendment (Drug Testing) Act 2006)	17 18
	Omit "is e occurring.	idence (unless	evidence to the contrary is adduced)" wherever	19 20
	Insert inste	d "is admissibl	e and is prima facie evidence".	21
[4]	Section 46 devices	Certificates co	oncerning use of approved speed measuring	22 23
	Omit section	46 (1) and (2)	). Insert instead:	24
	(1)	is given of a approved spee	s for any offence against this Act in which evidence measurement of speed obtained by the use of an ed measuring device, a certificate purporting to be appropriate officer certifying that:	25 26 27 28
			ice is an approved speed measuring device within uning of this Act, and	29 30
		prescrib offence	y specified in the certificate (being within the time bed by the regulations before the alleged time of the ) the device was tested in accordance with the ons and sealed by an appropriate officer, and	31 32 33 34

		(c)	on that day the device was accurate and operating properly,	1
		is ad certif	Imissible and is prima facie evidence of the particulars ried in and by the certificate.	2
	(2)	If any	y such certificate is tendered in proceedings for an offence, ence:	4 5
		(a)	of the accuracy or reliability of the approved speed measuring device, or	6 7
		(b)	as to whether or not the device operated properly or operates properly (generally or at a particular time or date or during a particular period),	8 9 10
		raise	t required in those proceedings unless evidence sufficient to doubt that, at the time of the alleged offence, the device was rate, reliable and operating properly is adduced.	11 12 13
[5]	Section 46	, note		14
	Insert at the		f the section: See also section 73A.	15 16
[6]	Section 47	Photo	graphic evidence of speeding offences	17
	Omit section 47 (2)–(6). Insert instead:			
	(2)	In pro	oceedings in which such evidence is given:	19
		(a)	the provisions of section 46 relating to the accuracy or reliability of the approved speed measuring device apply, and	20 21 22
		(b)	subsections (3)–(7) apply in relation to the approved camera recording device, and	23 24
		(c)	evidence that a photograph taken by an approved digital camera recording device bears a security indicator of a kind prescribed by the regulations is prima facie evidence that the photograph has not been altered since it was taken.	25 26 27 28
	(3)	appro speci	otograph tendered in evidence as a photograph taken by an oved camera recording device on a day and at a location fied on the photograph, and as bearing a security indicator kind prescribed by the regulations, is admissible and:	29 30 31 32
		(a)	is to be presumed to have been so taken unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that it was so taken is adduced, and	33 34
		(b)	is to be presumed to bear such a security indicator unless evidence that is sufficient to raise doubt that it does so is adduced, and	35 36 37

	(c)	is prima facie evidence of the matters shown or recorded on the photograph.	1 2					
(4)	Whe	n the photograph taken by an approved camera recording	3					
( )	devic	ce (other than an approved digital camera recording device)	4					
	is tendered in evidence, a certificate purporting to be signed by a							
		e officer and certifying the following particulars is also to be ered in evidence and the certificate is admissible and is prima	6 7					
		evidence of those particulars:	8					
	(a)	that the officer is authorised by the Commissioner of	9					
		Police to install and inspect approved camera recording devices,	10 11					
	(b)	that within 168 hours before the time and day recorded on	12					
	(0)	the photograph as the time at which and the day on which	12					
		the photograph was taken, the officer carried out the	14					
		inspection specified in the certificate on the approved	15					
		camera recording device that took the photograph,	16					
	(c)	that on that inspection the approved camera recording device was found to be operating correctly.	17 18					
(5)	When the photograph tendered in evidence is taken by an							
	approved digital camera recording device, a certificate							
		orting to be signed by an authorised person and certifying the wing particulars is also to be tendered in evidence and the	21 22					
		ficate is admissible and is prima facie evidence of those	22					
		culars:	24					
	(a)	that the person is an authorised person,	25					
	(b)	that within 30 days (or such other period as may be	26					
		prescribed by the regulations) before the time and day	27					
		recorded on the photograph as the time at which and the day on which the photograph was taken, the person carried	28 29					
		out the inspection specified in the certificate on the	30					
		approved digital camera recording device that took the	31					
		photograph,	32					
	(c)	that on that inspection the approved digital camera	33					
		recording device was found to be operating correctly.	34					
(6)		certificate under subsection (4) or (5) is tendered in	35					
	proce	eedings for an offence, evidence:	36					
	(a)	of the accuracy or reliability of the camera recording	37					
		device concerned, or	38					

		(b)	as to whether or not the device operated correctly or operates correctly (generally or at a particular time or date or during a particular period),	1 2 3
		raise	t required in those proceedings unless evidence sufficient to doubt that, at the time of the alleged offence, the device was rate, reliable and operating correctly is adduced.	4 5 6
	(7)	beloi insta	his section, <i>authorised person</i> means a person (or person nging to a class of persons) authorised by the Authority to ll and inspect approved digital camera recording devices.  See also section 73A.	7 8 9 10
[7]	Section 54	Cost	of removal of prescribed traffic control device	11
	Omit "is e section 54 (		ce (unless evidence to the contrary is adduced)" from	12 13
	Insert inste evidence".	ad "is	s admissible in any such proceedings and is prima facie	14 15
[8]	Section 57	Photo	ographic evidence of traffic light offences	16
	Omit section	n 57 (2	2). Insert instead:	17
	(2)	In pr	occeedings for a traffic light offence:	18
		(a)	a photograph tendered in evidence as a photograph taken by means of the operation, on a day specified on the photograph, of an approved camera detection device installed at a location specified on the photograph is admissible and is to be presumed to have been so taken unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that it was so taken is adduced, and	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
		(b)	any such photograph is prima facie evidence of the matters shown or recorded on the photograph.	26 27
[9]	Section 57	(3)		28
	Omit "and	is evid	ence (unless evidence to the contrary is adduced)".	29
	Insert instea	ad ", is	s admissible and is prima facie evidence".	30

[10]	Section 57	(4)		•
	Insert after	section	n 57 (3):	2
	(4)		ertificate under subsection (3) is tendered in proceedings for fence, evidence:	;
		(a)	of the accuracy or reliability of the approved camera detection device, or	(
		(b)	as to whether or not the device operated properly or operates properly (generally or at a particular time or date or during a particular period),	- {
		raise accur	t required in those proceedings unless evidence sufficient to doubt that, at the time of the alleged offence, the device was rate, reliable and operating properly is adduced.  See also section 73A.	10 17 12 13
[11]	Section 57	B Pho	tographic evidence of public transport lane offences	14
	Omit section 57B (2). Insert instead:			
	(2)		oceedings for a public transport lane offence:	15 16
		(a)	one or more photographs tendered in evidence as photographs taken by means of the operation, on a day specified on the photographs, of an approved traffic lane camera device or devices installed at a location or locations specified on the photographs, and as each bearing a security indicator of a kind prescribed by the regulations, are admissible and are to be presumed:  (i) to have been so taken unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that they were so taken is adduced, and  (ii) to bear such a security indicator unless evidence that is sufficient to raise doubt that they do so is adduced,	17 18 19 20 22 23 24 25 26
		(b)	and evidence that a photograph tendered in evidence taken by an approved traffic lane camera device bears a security indicator of a kind prescribed by the regulations is prima facie evidence that the photograph has not been altered since it was taken, and	28 29 30 31 32 33
		(c)	any such photograph is prima facie evidence of the matters shown or recorded on the photograph.	34 35

35

[12]	Section 57	B (3)		
	Omit "and	is evide	nce (unless evidence to the contrary is adduced)".	2
	Insert inste	ad", is a	admissible and is prima facie evidence".	;
[13]	Section 57	B (5)		4
	Insert after	section	57B (4):	į.
	(5)		ertificate under subsection (3) is tendered in proceedings for ence, evidence:	(
			of the accuracy or reliability of the approved traffic lane camera device, or	8
		` ′	as to whether or not the device operated properly or operates properly (generally or at a particular time or date or during a particular period),	10 11 12
		raise d	required in those proceedings unless evidence sufficient to doubt that, at the time of the alleged offence, the device was ate, reliable and operating properly is adduced.  See also section 73A.	1; 14 15
[14]	Section 60		cles to be speed limited	
[14]			(unless contrary evidence as to that speed is adduced)" from	17
	section 690		unless contrary evidence as to that speed is addiced). Ironi	18 19
	Insert inste	ad "is ac	dmissible and is prima facie evidence".	20
[15]	Section 69	D Certi	ficate evidence of speed limiter compliance	2
	Omit "is 669D (1).	evidence	e (unless contrary evidence is adduced)" from section	22
	Insert inste	ad "is ac	dmissible and is prima facie evidence".	24
[16]	Section 69	E Photo	ographic evidence of speed of vehicle	2
	Omit "Sect	ion 47 (	2)–(6)" from section 69E (2).	26
	Insert inste	ad "Sect	tion 47 (2)–(7)".	27
[17]	Section 69	E, note		28
	Insert at the		the section: See also section 73A.	29 30

Cabadula	A management of Dood	Transport (Safety and	Traffic Management	·
Schedule 2	Amenoment of Road	Transport (Salety and	Tranic Managemeni	1 ACT 1999

[18]	Section 71 Regulations					
	Omit "as evidence concerning that matter in proceedings before a court or tribunal unless evidence to the contrary is adduced" from section 71 (10).					
	Insert instead "and prima facie evidence of that matter in proceedings before a court or tribunal".					
[19]	Sect	ion 73	A	6		
	Insert after section 73:					
	73A	Rebu	uttal of evidence of matters of specialised knowledge	8		
		(1)	This section applies to the determination of whether evidence is sufficient to rebut prima facie evidence or a presumption, or to raise doubt about a matter, as referred to in section 46, 47, 57, 57B or 69E and for the purposes of proceedings to which those sections apply.	9 10 11 12 13		
		(2)	An assertion that contradicts or challenges:	14		
			(a) the accuracy or reliability, or the correct or proper operation, of an approved device, or	15 16		
			(b) the accuracy or reliability of information (including a photograph) derived from such a device,	17 18		
			is capable of being sufficient, in proceedings to which this section applies, to rebut such evidence or such a presumption, or to raise such doubt, only if it is evidence adduced from a person who has relevant specialised knowledge (based wholly or substantially on the person's training, study or experience).	19 20 21 22 23		
		(3)	In this section, <i>approved device</i> means:	24		
			(a) an approved camera detection device, or	25		
			(b) an approved camera recording device, or	26		
			(c) an approved speed measuring device, or	27		
			(d) an approved traffic lane camera device.	28		
[20]	Section 75 Removal of dangers and obstructions to traffic					
	Omit "is evidence (unless evidence to the contrary is adduced)" from section 75 (3).					
	Insert instead "is admissible in any such proceedings and is prima facie evidence".			32 33		

[21]	Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions  Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):				
[22]	Schedule 2				
	Insert at the end of the Schedule, with appropriate Part and clause numbers:				
	Part	Provisions consequent on enactment of	6		
		Road Transport Legislation Amendment	7		
		(Evidence) Act 2006	8		
	Defi	nition			
		In this Part, <i>amending Act</i> means the <i>Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Act 2006.</i>	10 11		
		endments not to apply to proceedings instituted before imencement of amendments	12 13		
	(1)	An amendment made to this Act by the amending Act does not	14		
		apply to proceedings for an offence that were instituted before the	15		
		commencement of the amendment.	16		
	(2)	An amendment made to this Act by the amending Act applies to	17		
		proceedings for an offence that are instituted on or after the	18		
		commencement of the amendment even if the proceedings	19		
		involve an offence that was committed before that	20		
		commencement.	21		

Scł	nedule 3	A	Amer	ndment of Roads Act 1993	1
				(Section 5)	2
[1]	Section 250A Approved camera recording devices—toll offences				
	Omit section 250A (2). Insert instead:				
	(2)	In p	oceedi	ngs for a toll offence:	5
		(a)	by n photo locat secur	otograph tendered in evidence as a photograph taken neans of the operation, on a day specified on the ograph, of an approved toll camera installed at a ion specified on the photograph, and as bearing a rity indicator of a kind prescribed by the regulations, missible and is to be presumed:	6 7 8 9 10 11
			(i)	to have been so taken unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that it was so taken is adduced, and	12 13
			(ii)	to bear such a security indicator unless evidence sufficient to raise doubt that it does so is adduced, and	14 15 16
		(b)	secui prima	ence that a photograph tendered in evidence bears a rity indicator of a kind prescribed by the regulations is a facie evidence that the photograph has not been ed since it was taken, and	17 18 19 20
		(c)		such photograph is prima facie evidence of the matters on or recorded on the photograph.	21 22
[2]	Section 250A (3)				
	Omit "is evidence (unless evidence to the contrary is adduced)".				
	Insert instea	ad "is	admiss	sible and is prima facie evidence".	25
[3]	Section 250A (6) and (7)				
	Insert after section 250A (5):				
	(6)	If a certificate under subsection (3) is tendered in proceedings for an offence, evidence:		28 29	
		(a)	of tho	e accuracy or reliability of the approved toll camera,	30 31
		(b)	opera or du	o whether or not the camera operated correctly or ates correctly (generally or at a particular time or date aring a particular period),	32 33 34
		raise	doubt	red in those proceedings unless evidence sufficient to that, at the time of the alleged offence, the camera was cliable and operating correctly is adduced.	35 36 37

	(7)	For the purposes of this section, an assertion that contradicts or challenges:	
		(a) the accuracy or reliability, or the correct or proper operation, of an approved toll camera, or	3
		(b) the accuracy or reliability of information (including a photograph) derived from such a camera,	
		is capable of being sufficient to rebut prima facie evidence or a presumption, or to raise doubt about a matter, only if it is evidence adduced from a person who has relevant specialised knowledge (based wholly or substantially on the person's training, study or experience).	- 8 9 10
[4]	Schedule 2	2 Savings, transitional and other provisions	12
	Insert at the	e end of clause 1 (1):	13
		Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Act 2006	14
[5]	Schedule 2	2	15
	Insert at the	e end of the Schedule, with appropriate Part and clause numbers:	16
	Part	Provisions consequent on enactment of	17
		Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Act 2006	18 19
	Defir	nition	20
		In this Part, <i>amending Act</i> means the <i>Road Transport Legislation Amendment (Evidence) Act 2006.</i>	2 <sup>2</sup>
	Ame com	ndments not to apply to proceedings instituted before mencement of amendments	23 24
	(1)	An amendment made to this Act by the amending Act does not apply to proceedings for an offence that were instituted before the commencement of the amendment.	25 26 27
	(2)	An amendment made to this Act by the amending Act applies to proceedings for an offence that are instituted on or after the	28 29

#### Schedule 4 Amendment of other legislation

Sch	nedule 4 Amendment of other legislation	1
	(Section 6)	2
4.1	Road Transport (Safety and Traffic Management) (Road Rules) Regulation 1999	3
[1]	Clause 138 Schemes to assist children to cross roads	5
	Omit "is evidence (unless evidence to the contrary is adduced)" from clause 138 (7).	6 7
	Insert instead "is admissible and is prima facie evidence".	8
[2]	Clause 156A Security indicators: section 47 of Act	9
	Omit "section 47 (2) (c)" from clause 156A (1). Insert instead "section 47".	10
[3]	Clause 156B Security indicators: section 57B of Act	11
	Omit "section 57B (2) (b)" from clause 156B (1). Insert instead "section 57B".	12
4.2	Roads (General) Regulation 2000	13
	Clause 23D Security indicators: section 250A of Act	14
	Omit "section 250A (2) (b)" from clause 23D (1).	15
	Insert instead "section 250A".	16