First print



New South Wales

Food Amendment Bill 2010

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the Food Act 2003 (the Principal Act):

- (a) to require certain prescribed food businesses that operate at more than one premises or in a chain (*standard food outlets*) to display certain nutritional information in relation to standard food items that they sell, and
- (b) to require other standard food outlets that voluntarily display certain nutritional information to meet certain requirements in relation to the display of that information, and
- (c) to make other changes to improve the administration of that Act.

The Bill also amends the *Food Regulation 2010* (*the Principal Regulation*):

- (a) to prescribe the standard food outlets referred to in paragraph (a) above, and
- (b) to prescribe the kind of nutritional information referred to above and the manner of determining and displaying it, and
- (c) to make other related amendments.

Explanatory note

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 Amendment of Food Act 2003 No 43

Amendments relating to nutritional information

Schedule 1 [3] inserts proposed Division 4 of Part 8 into the Principal Act which consists of the following provisions:

Proposed section 106K contains definitions used in the proposed Division.

Proposed section 106L defines *standard food item* as meaning an item of ready-to-eat food that is sold in servings that are standardised for portion and content and that is shown on a menu (whether on a board, leaflet or the like or in electronic form) or displayed with a price or identifying tag or label. It does not include food prescribed by the regulations as prepackaged food but includes any item of ready-to-eat food prescribed by the regulations.

Proposed section 106M defines *standard food outlet* as meaning premises at which standard food items are sold by retail by a food business that sells standard food items at other premises, or as one of a chain of food businesses that sell standard food items, if at least one of the standard food items sold is substantially the same as other standard food items of that type sold at the other premises or by the other food businesses in the chain.

Proposed section 106N requires standard food outlets prescribed by the regulations to display nutritional information of a kind prescribed by the regulations and determined in accordance with the regulations and to display that information in a manner and in locations prescribed by the regulations.

Proposed section 1060 prevents standard food outlets that are not required under proposed section 106N to display nutritional information from voluntarily displaying nutritional information of a kind prescribed by the regulations unless the information is determined in accordance with the regulations and is displayed in a manner and in locations prescribed by the regulations.

Proposed section 106P enables regulations to be made regulating or prohibiting the display or distribution of material about nutritional information by standard food outlets.

Proposed section 106Q enables the regulations to prescribe exemptions in relation to the operation of the proposed Division.

Schedule 1 [7] amends Schedule 2 to the Principal Act to provide that a person does not commit an offence against proposed section 106N or 106O until 1 February 2012.

Explanatory note

Other amendments

Schedule 1 [1] inserts proposed section 43A into the Principal Act to make it clear that a person who is an authorised officer and also a food safety auditor can exercise the functions of both of those offices when on premises or in relation to a food transport vehicle so long as the person produces his or her certificate of authority as an authorised officer.

Schedule 1 [2] amends section 99 of the Principal Act to make it an offence for a person to threaten, intimidate or assault a food safety auditor in the exercise of his or her functions.

Schedule 1 [4] amends section 119 of the Principal Act to extend the time for instituting proceedings for offences against the Act or the regulations to not later than 2 years after the date on which the offence was alleged to have been committed.

Schedule 1 [5] amends section 128 of the Principal Act to remove a provision that currently prevents the prosecution in proceedings for an offence against the Act or the regulations from relying on an analysis as evidence unless it was carried out by an approved laboratory or approved analyst under the Act or under the supervision of an approved analyst.

Schedule 1 [6] amends Schedule 2 to the Principal Act to enable regulations to be made of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Food Regulation 2010

Schedule 2 [1] inserts proposed Part 2B into the Principal Regulation which contains the following provisions:

Proposed clause 16P provides that terms used in the proposed Part have the same meanings as in proposed Division 4 of Part 8 of the Principal Act.

Proposed clause 16Q defines *prepackaged food* to generally mean food that arrives at the premises at which it is sold in packaging and is not removed from that packaging before its sale.

Proposed clause 16R prescribes the standard food outlets for which nutritional information is required to be displayed for the purposes of proposed section 106N of the Principal Act. They are standard food outlets of food businesses that sell standard food items by retail at 20 or more locations in New South Wales or at 50 or more locations in Australia or in a chain of food businesses that together sell standard food items at 20 or more locations in New South Wales or at 50 or more locations in Australia.

Proposed clause 16S prescribes the kind of nutritional information that must be displayed for the purposes of proposed section 106N of the Principal Act. That information is the average energy content expressed in kilojoules of each standard food item sold and the statement that "The average adult daily energy intake

Explanatory note

is 8,700 kJ.". The proposed clause also prescribes the method for determining the average energy content of a food item.

Proposed clause 16T prescribes, for the purposes of proposed section 106O of the Principal Act, the kind of nutritional information which, if displayed, must be determined in accordance with the prescribed requirements and displayed in the prescribed manner and locations. That information is the energy content of any standard food item sold.

Proposed clause 16U prescribes the locations in which the nutritional information must be displayed.

Proposed clause 16V prescribes the manner in which the nutritional information must be displayed.

Proposed clause 16W prescribes food businesses that are, and food that is, exempt from the operation of proposed section 106N of the Principal Act.

Schedule 2 [2] amends Schedule 2 to the Principal Regulation to prescribe offences against proposed section 106N or 106O of the Principal Act as penalty notice offences and to prescribe the amount of the fines that will apply.

First print



New South Wales

Food Amendment Bill 2010

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New South Wales

Food Amendment Bill 2010

No , 2010

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Food Act 2003* with respect to the display of nutritional information by certain food businesses; and for other purposes.

Clause 1 Food Amendment Bill 2010

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Nam	e of Act	2
		This Act is the Food Amendment Act 2010.	3
2	Commencement		
	(1)	This Act commences on the date of assent, except as provided by subsections (2) and (3).	5 6
	(2)	Schedule 2 (other than Schedule 2 [2]) commences on 1 February 2011.	7
	(3)	Schedule 2 [2] commences on 1 February 2012.	8

Amendment of Food Act 2003 No 43

Schedule 1

Schedule 1 Amendment of Food Act 2003 No 43				1	
[1]	Sect	ion 43	Α		2
	Insert after section 43:				3
	43A			authorised officers and food safety auditors may be concurrently	4 5
			and v relati exerc perso	rson who is a food safety auditor and an authorised officer who is exercising the functions of a food safety auditor in on to any premises or food transport vehicle may also cise the functions of an authorised officer but only if the on has first produced his or her certificate of authority issued r section 115:	6 7 8 9 10 11
			(a)	to the proprietor of the food business that uses those premises or food transport vehicle or to a person who is apparently in charge of those premises or that vehicle, and	12 13 14
			(b)	to any person whom the authorised officer requires to produce anything or to answer any question.	15 16
[2]	Sect	ion 99	Obstr	ructing or impersonating food safety auditors	17
	Inser	t after	section	n 99 (2):	18
		(3)	audit	rson must not threaten, intimidate or assault a food safety or in the exercise of the auditor's functions under this Act. imum penalty: 500 penalty units.	19 20 21
[3]	Part	8 Reg	ulatio	n of food businesses	22
	Inser	t after	Divisi	on 3:	23
	Divi	sion	4	Requirements relating to display of nutritional information for food	24 25
	106K	Defir	nitions	5	26
			In thi	is Division:	27
				<i>u</i> means a menu, in printed or electronic form, that lists or wise shows one or more items of food and that:	28 29
			(a)	is on a board, poster, leaflet or the like at the premises from which the item or items of food in the menu are sold, or	30 31
			(b)	is distributed or available outside of the premises from which the item or items of food in the menu are sold by means of the internet or a printed leaflet.	32 33 34

Schedule 1 Amendment of Food Act 2003 No 43

ready-to-eat food means food that is in a state in which it is ordinarily consumed, but does not include nuts in the shell or raw fruit or vegetables that are intended to be hulled, peeled or washed by the consumer.

sell means sell as defined in section 4 (1), but by retail only.

standard food item—see section 106L.

standard food outlet—see section 106M.

Meaning of "standard food item"

- (1) In this Division, *standard food item* means an item of ready-to-eat food for sale that is sold in servings that are standardised for portion and content and that:
 - (a) is listed or otherwise shown on a menu, or
 - (b) is displayed for sale with a price tag or label or an identifying tag or label,

and includes any item of ready-to-eat food for sale that is of a kind, class or description prescribed by the regulations.

- (2) If a number of standard food items are shown or displayed for sale as referred to in subsection (1) as a combination, the combination is to be treated for the purposes of this Division as a single standard food item.
- (3) If an item of food referred to in subsection (1) is shown or displayed for sale in different standard sizes or portions (for example, small, medium or large), each standard size or portion of the item of food is to be treated as a separate standard food item.
- (4) Despite subsection (1), *standard food item* does not include an item of food that is packaged in a way that is prescribed by the regulations as prepackaged.

106M Meaning of "standard food outlet"

- (1) In this Division, a *standard food outlet* means premises at which standard food items are sold by a food business if:
 - (a) the food business sells standard food items at other premises or while operating in a chain of food businesses that sell standard food items, and
 - (b) at least one of the standard food items that are sold at the premises has been standardised for portion and content so as to be substantially the same as standard food items of that type sold at those other premises or by the other food businesses in the chain.

106L

106N

Amendment of Food Act 2003 No 43

(2)	 For the purposes of this section, a food business is operating in a chain of food businesses that sell standard food items if: (a) it is operating as one of a group of food businesses that sell standard food items under franchise arrangements with a parent business or under common ownership or control, or (b) it sells standard food items under the same trading name as a group of other food businesses that sell standard food items. 	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
	irement for certain standard food outlets to display tional information	9 10
(1)	This section applies to a standard food outlet that is of a kind, class or description prescribed by the regulations.	11 12
(2)	The proprietor of a standard food outlet to which this section applies must ensure that:	13 14
	(a) nutritional information of a kind prescribed by the regulations is displayed in relation to standard food items that are sold at the outlet, and	15 16 17
	(b) the nutritional information is determined in accordance with any requirements of the regulations for nutritional information of that kind, and	18 19 20
	(c) the nutritional information is displayed in the manner and locations prescribed by the regulations for nutritional information of that kind.	21 22 23
(3)	A person must not intentionally contravene subsection (2).	24
	Maximum penalty: 500 penalty units in the case of an individual and 2,500 penalty units in the case of a corporation.	25 26
(4)	A person must not contravene subsection (2).	27
	Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units in the case of an individual and 500 penalty units in the case of a corporation.	28 29
(5)	If, on the trial of a person charged with an offence against subsection (3) the court is not satisfied that the person committed the offence but is satisfied that the person committed an offence against subsection (4), the court may find the person not guilty of the offence charged but guilty of an offence against subsection (4), and the person is liable to punishment accordingly.	30 31 32 33 34 35 36

Page 5

Schedule 1 Amendment of Food Act 2003 No 43

1060 Voluntary display of nutritional information to meet certain 1 requirements 2 (1)This section applies to a standard food outlet other than a 3 standard food outlet to which section 106N applies. 4 The proprietor of a standard food outlet to which this section 5 (2)applies must not display nutritional information of a kind 6 prescribed by the regulations in relation to standard food items 7 that are sold at the outlet unless the nutritional information: 8 is determined in accordance with any requirements of the 9 (a) regulations for nutritional information of that kind, and 10 is displayed in the manner and locations prescribed by the (b) 11 regulations for nutritional information of that kind. 12 Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units in the case of an individual 13 and 500 penalty units in the case of a corporation. 14 106P Regulations relating to explanatory material about nutritional 15 information 16 The regulations may make provision for or with respect to 17 regulating or prohibiting the display or distribution by a standard 18 food outlet of explanatory material or any other material about 19 nutritional information for food or for any type or class of food. 20 106Q **Exemptions from operation of Division** 21 (1)The regulations may exempt, with or without conditions, any 22 class of persons, food businesses, premises, food or activities 23 from the operation of all or any of the provisions of this Division. 24 Any such exemption has no effect during any period in which a (2)25 condition to which it is subject is not complied with. 26 [4] Section 119 Time for instituting proceedings 27 Omit section 119 (1). Insert instead: 28 Proceedings for an offence against this Act or the regulations (1)29 may be instituted not later than 2 years after the date on which the 30 offence is alleged to have been committed. 31 Section 128 Certificate evidence and evidence of analysts [5] 32 Omit section 128 (3). 33 [6] Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions 34 Insert at the end of clause 1 (1): 35 Food Amendment Act 2010 36

Amendment of Food Act 2003 No 43

Schedule 1

[7]	Schedule 2, Part 8			1	
	Insert after Part 7:				
			Provisions consequent on enactment of Food Amendment Act 2010	3 4	
	25	App info	lication of new offences relating to display of nutritional rmation by standard food outlets	5 6	
			A person does not commit an offence against section 106N or 106O until on or after 1 February 2012.	7 8	

Schedule 2 Amendment of Food Regulation 2010

Schedule 2 Amendment of Food Regulation 2010

[1] Part 2B

Insert after Part 2A:

Part 2B Requirements for display of nutritional information

16P Definitions

In this Part, expressions defined for the purposes of Division 4 of Part 8 of the Act have the same meanings as in that Division. 1

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16Q Definition of "prepackaged food"

For the purposes of section 106L (4) of the Act, food is *prepackaged* if the food:

- (a) arrives at the premises from which it is sold in a container or wrapper in or by which the food is wholly encased, enclosed, contained or packaged (whether or not the food is also in an outer container or wrapper that encases, encloses, contains or packages multiple units of the food), and
- (b) is not removed from its container or wrapper (other than any such outer container or wrapper) before its sale at those premises.

16R Standard food outlets required to display nutritional information

The following standard food outlets are prescribed as standard food outlets to which section 106N of the Act applies:

- (a) a standard food outlet of a food business that sells standard food items at 20 or more locations in New South Wales or at 50 or more locations in Australia,
- (b) a standard food outlet of a food business that is operating in a chain of food businesses that sell standard food items if together those businesses sell standard food items at 20 or more locations in New South Wales or at 50 or more locations in Australia.

Amendment of Food Regulation 2010

Schedule 2

16S	Kind	s of nutritional information required to be disp	layed
	(1)	For the purposes of section 106N of the Act, the of nutritional information are prescribed:	following kinds
		(a) the average energy content of each standar sale by the standard food outlet concerne kilojoules,	rd food item for 4 ed expressed in 5
		(b) the following statement:	7
		The average adult daily energy intake is 8,	,700 kJ. ε
	(2)	The method of determining the nutritional inform in subclause (1) (a) is to calculate the average er each standard food item in accordance with Stand Food Standards Code, making necessary adjust that the calculation is done in relation to the wh item rather than per 100g.	hergy content of10dard 1.2.8 of the11ments to ensure12
	(3)	The number of kilojoules calculated as a subclause (2) may be rounded to the nearest 10 k	
16T	Kind com	of nutritional information voluntarily displayed ply with requirements	d that must 17 18
		For the purposes of section 106O of the Act:	19
		(a) the kind of nutritional information that is p energy content of any standard food item standard food outlet concerned, and	
		(b) that nutritional information is to be kilojoules and in accordance with the meth clause 16S (2) and (3).	
16U	Loca	tions for display of nutritional information	26
	(1)	For the purposes of sections 106N and 106O locations where nutritional information reclauses 16S (1) (a) and 16T (a) must be displayed standard food item are:	eferred to in 28
		(a) on each menu on which the name or price food item is displayed and on each price identifying tag or label for the item, and	
		(b) if there are drive-through facilities, on th menu board that displays the name or price food item or on a separate adjacent boa before the point of ordering, and	e of the standard 35

Schedule 2 Amendment of Food Regulation 2010

(c) adjacent to or in close proximity to the name or price of the standard food item so as to be clearly associated with the item.

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- (2) The locations where nutritional information referred to in subclause (1) is displayed in relation to a standard food item are to be consistent with the locations where such nutritional information is displayed for all of the other standard food items that are displayed with that standard food item.
- (3) For the purposes of section 106N of the Act, the locations where the statement referred to in clause 16S (1) (b) must be displayed are:
 - (a) in one location on each menu on which the name or price of one or more standard food items is displayed and adjacent to or in close proximity to the standard food item or items so as to be clearly associated with the item or items, and
 - (b) if there are drive-through facilities, in one location on the drive-through menu board adjacent to or in close proximity to the standard food item or items so as to be clearly associated with the item or items, and
 - (c) in each area or display cabinet, or on each stand, where standard food items with price tags or labels or identifying tags or labels are displayed and adjacent to or in close proximity to the item or items so as to be clearly associated with the item or items and conspicuous to a person looking at the item or items.

16V Manner of displaying nutritional information

- (1) For the purposes of sections 106N and 106O of the Act, the nutritional information referred to in clauses 16S (1) (a) and 16T (a) must:
 - (a) be clearly legible, and
 - (b) display the number of kilojoules in numerals and use the abbreviation "kJ", and
 - (c) be in the same font, and at least the same font size, as the price displayed for the standard food item concerned or, if no price is displayed, as the name displayed for the item.
- (2) For the purposes of section 106N of the Act, the statement referred to in clause 16S (1) (b) must:
 - (a) be clearly legible, and

16W

Amendment of Food Regulation 2010

	(b)	in a case where only one standard food item is displayed on a menu, be in the same font, and at least the same font size, as the name of the item displayed or, if no name is displayed, as the price displayed for the item, and	1 2 3 4
	(c)	in a case where a number of standard food items are listed or displayed on a menu, be in the same font, and at least the same font size, as the name of the standard food item with the largest font size listed or displayed or, if no names are listed or displayed, as the price of the standard food item with the largest font size listed or displayed, and	5 6 7 8 9 10
	(d)	in the case of a standard food item or items displayed with a price tag or label or identifying tag or label in any area, display cabinet or stand, be in at least the same font size as the largest font size on the tags or labels for the standard food item or items in the area, display cabinet or stand.	11 12 13 14 15
Exer	nptior	IS	16
(1)		following food businesses are exempt from the operation of on 106N of the Act:	17 18
	(a)	convenience stores,	19
	(b)	service stations selling petrol or other fuel for motor vehicles,	20 21
	(c)	food businesses that primarily provide food catering services,	22 23
	(d)	food businesses that only sell food that is intended to be consumed on the premises at which it is sold.	24 25
(2)		I sold by retail at a health care facility is exempt from the ation of section 106N of the Act.	26 27

Schedule 2 Amendment of Food Regulation 2010

[2] Schedule 2 Penalty notices

Insert in Columns 1, 2 and 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 2 in appropriate order of section number:

Section 106N (3)	\$880	\$1760
Section 106N (4)	\$330	\$660
Section 106O (2)	\$330	\$660