

New South Wales

Home Building Amendment Bill 2004

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to make miscellaneous amendments to the *Home Building Act 1989* (the *Principal Act*):

- (a) to underpin the requirements relating to the provision of home warranty insurance contained in Part 6 of the Principal Act in various respects so as to facilitate the provision of such insurance, and
- (b) to enhance the licensing and certification provisions concerning the issue, renewal and restoration of contractor licences and other authorities under the Principal Act so that the Commissioner for Fair Trading, Department of Commerce (who in the Principal Act is called the *Director-General*) can better prevent inappropriate persons from holding authorities, and
- (c) to expand the grounds for the taking of disciplinary action against holders of contractor licences and other authorities under the Principal Act, to enable the Director-General to suspend such authorities pending disciplinary action and to increase the amount of the penalty that may be imposed by the Director-General if the Director-General is satisfied a ground for disciplinary action has been established, and

- (d) to increase the maximum penalties for offences under the Principal Act and regulations and to increase the monetary penalty that may be imposed against a corporation by way of disciplinary action, and
- (e) to enable proceedings for a breach of the Principal Act to be dealt with summarily either before a Local Court or the Supreme Court, and
- (f) to create new offences relating to unlicensed contracting and supplying of kit homes and the lending of authorities, and
- (g) to require persons in control of work at a building site to supply the names and addresses of persons undertaking work at the site at the request of an authorised officer, and
- (h) to constitute a Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board, and
- (i) to reconstitute the Home Building Advisory Council, and
- (j) to modify provisions enabling a contract of sale for the sale of land on which residential building work is, or is to be, done to be voided if a certificate of insurance evidencing a contract of insurance required under Part 6 of the Principal Act is not attached to the contract of sale at the time it is entered into, and
- (k) to enable the Director-General to remove false, erroneous, misleading or unfairly prejudicial particulars about the holders of authorities from, or to otherwise amend the particulars in, the register kept under section 120 of the Principal Act, and
- (l) to provide for the service of documents by post in the same manner as they may be served under the *Fair Trading Act 1987*, and
- (m) to insert savings and transitional provisions.

The Bill makes various other minor, consequential or ancillary amendments to the Principal Act. It also makes consequential amendments to the *Home Building Regulation 2004* and the *Fair Trading Act 1987*.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Home Building Act 1989* set out in Schedules 1–7.

Clause 4 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the *Home Building Regulation 2004* set out in Schedule 8.

Clause 5 is a formal provision that gives effect to the amendments to the Acts and regulations set out in Schedule 9.

Schedule 1 Amendments relating to insurance

Part 6 of the Principal Act protects consumers of residential building services and subsequent purchasers by requiring builders, owner-builders, developers and persons supplying or erecting kit homes to take out home warranty insurance in respect of certain work.

Schedule 1 contains a number of amendments to underpin the requirements relating to the provision of home warranty insurance contained in Part 6. These include the following:

Section 103A of the Principal Act enables the Minister to approve kinds of insurance, and insurers, for the purposes of Part 6 of the Act subject to any conditions that may be imposed by the regulations or the Minister. **Schedule 1** [5] inserts section 103A (7) into the Principal Act to enable the Minister to enter into an *insurance industry deed* with insurers approved, or seeking approval, as insurers under Part 6. It is intended that the deed will set out the parameters for the conduct of the home warranty insurance business of the insurers and for the exercise by the government of its powers under the Act.

Schedule 1 [1] and [2] contain consequential amendments.

Schedule 5 [2] provides for the constitution of a Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board comprising the Director-General and 5 persons appointed by the Minister who have knowledge of or experience in insurance products or commerce. **Schedule 1 [3] and [4]** amend section 103A to provide that the Minister is only to approve a kind of insurance, or an insurer, for the purposes of Part 6 or to revoke or vary an approval after consultation with the Board.

Schedule 1 [6] and [7] contain amendments to the Principal Act to facilitate the exchange of information relevant to the provision of home warranty insurance between insurers and between insurers and the Director-General. Schedule 1 [6] amends section 103AC (Information regarding insurers) to enable the Director-General to require an insurer to give the Director-General information about particular claimants and insured persons whether or not the claimants or insured persons consent to the giving of the information. Schedule 1 [7] inserts proposed section 103AD. The section makes it a condition of the approval of an insurer under section 103A of the Principal Act that, if an application is made to the insurer for home warranty insurance or the insurer has provided home warranty insurance to a person, the insurer must disclose certain information that is relevant to the provision of the insurance to another insurer to which the person applies for such insurance or which provides such insurance if requested to do so by the other insurer. The proposed section extends to information obtained before the commencement of the amendment (see proposed clause 77 of Schedule 4 to the Principal Act (Schedule 7 [2])).

Schedule 1 [8] inserts proposed section 103EA into the Principal Act to make it an offence to make a false or misleading statement or to omit any matter or thing without which a statement is misleading in an application to an insurer for home warranty insurance.

Schedule 1 [10] inserts proposed section 121A into the Principal Act to provide for the secrecy of certain information obtained from insurers under, or in connection with the administration or execution of, Part 6 of the Principal Act. **Schedule 1 [9]** contains a consequential amendment to section 121 of the Principal Act.

Schedule 2 Amendments relating to authorities

Part 3 of the Principal Act contains provisions relating to the issue, renewal, restoration, cancellation and suspension of authorities under the Act (that is, contractor licences, building consultancy licences, owner-builder permits and supervisor and tradesperson certificates). Part 4A provides for the review of certain decisions relating to these matters by the Administrative Decisions Tribunal.

Schedule 2 contains amendments to those Parts and some related provisions elsewhere in the Act to enhance the licensing and certification provisions concerning authorities so that the Director-General can prevent inappropriate persons from holding authorities.

Schedule 2 [4], [10], [12] and [19] amend sections 20, 25, 32B and 40, respectively, to enable the Director-General to reject an application for a contractor licence, building consultancy licence, supervisor certificate or tradesperson certificate, or an application to renew or restore such an authority, if the applicant is not a fit and proper person to hold the authority. The Director-General is required in considering whether an applicant is fit and proper to take into account whether the applicant is of good repute, having regard to character, honesty and integrity. Provision is also made for such an application to be rejected if the applicant is disqualified by the Principal Act or the regulations from holding the authority. Schedule 2 [5], [8], [9], [11], [13], [16], [20] and [22]–[24] make consequential amendments.

Schedule 2 [6], [14] and [19] insert sections 20 (6), 32B (5) and 40 (1) into the Principal Act to (among other things) enable the Director-General to reject an application for a contractor licence or building consultancy licence or application to renew or restore an authority on the ground that the Director-General considers that a close associate of the applicant who would not be a fit and proper person to hold a licence or other authority exercises a significant influence over the applicant or the operation and management of the applicant's business. Schedule 2 [3] inserts proposed section 3AA into the Principal Act to define *close associate* for the purposes of the provisions and Schedule 2 [1] inserts a signpost to the definition.

Proposed sections 20 (6) and 32B (5) also enable the Director-General to reject an application for a contractor licence or building consultancy licence on the ground that an employee or proposed employee of the applicant is disqualified from holding a licence, has had an application for an authority rejected on a ground relating to his or

her character, honesty or integrity or has had an authority cancelled or suspended on any disciplinary ground or if there are reasonable grounds to believe that the application has been made with the intention of avoiding disclosure of any relevant past misconduct of the applicant or a close associate of the applicant. **Schedule 2** [1] makes a consequential amendment to insert a definition of *authority*.

Schedule 2 [2] replaces the definition of *officer* in section 3 of the Principal Act to expand the definition to include a person who is an officer of a corporation, within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth, and not just a director of a corporation or a person concerned in the management of a corporation as at present. An example of the effect of this is that, under section 54 of the Principal Act, a wider group of individuals who are officers of a corporation that is the holder of a contractor licence or building consultancy licence may be found guilty of improper conduct for the actions of the corporation.

Schedule 2 [7] and [15] amend sections 22 and 32D, respectively, of the Principal Act to make it clear that contractor licences and building consultancy licences held by a corporation may be cancelled if the corporation is wound up voluntarily, not only if it is wound up by court order.

Schedule 2 [17] inserts proposed section 34 into the Principal Act to make it an offence for an applicant for an authority, or for the variation, renewal or restoration of an authority, to fail to notify the Director-General of changes in the particulars or information accompanying the application.

Schedule 2 [18] inserts proposed section 35 into the Principal Act to enable the Director-General to require an applicant for a contractor licence or a close associate of the applicant to authorise a third party to provide certain information or to produce certain records to specified persons or to consent to the party giving the Director-General financial and other confidential information concerning the applicant or close associate.

Schedule 2 [21] amends section 40 of the Principal Act to expand the grounds on which the Director-General may reject an application for the renewal or restoration of a contractor licence or building consultancy licence to include the grounds that an employee or proposed employee of the applicant is disqualified from holding such a licence, has had an application for such a licence rejected on a ground relating to his or her character, honesty or integrity or has had such a licence cancelled or suspended on a disciplinary ground.

Schedule 2 [25] and [26] amend section 83B of the Principal Act to enable decisions relating to the renewal or restoration of authorities to be reviewed by the Administrative Decisions Tribunal.

Schedule 2 [27]–[29] contain amendments to section 127 of the Principal Act to enable any person authorised for that purpose by the Director-General to obtain information about the financial solvency of an applicant for, or holder of, a contractor licence, building consultancy licence, supervisor or tradesperson certificate or a close associate of such an applicant or holder. Proposed section 127 (8) makes it clear that

an authorised person is not, in obtaining information under section 127, required to comply with specified provisions of the *Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998*.

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to disciplinary action

Part 4 of the Principal Act sets out grounds on which disciplinary action may be taken against the holder of an authority under the Act and describes the nature of such disciplinary action.

Schedule 3 contains provisions to expand the grounds for the taking of disciplinary action, enables the Director-General to suspend an authority pending a decision as to whether to take disciplinary action and increases the maximum amount of the penalty that may be imposed by the Director-General if the Director-General is satisfied that a ground for disciplinary action against a corporation that holds an authority has been established.

Schedule 3 [2] amends section 51 of the Principal Act to make it improper conduct for the holder of an authority to commit an offence under section 307A (False or misleading applications) or 307B (False or misleading information) of the *Crimes Act 1900* and so a ground for taking disciplinary action against a holder of an authority who, for example, makes a false statement in an application to renew the authority.

Schedule 3 [3] amends section 51 of the Principal Act to make the holder of a contractor licence or supervisor or tradesperson certificate becoming disqualified by the Act or regulations from holding the licence or certificate improper conduct and so a ground for taking disciplinary action against the holder.

Under sections 56 and 56A of the Principal Act, the Director-General may take disciplinary action under section 62 of the Act against the holder of a contractor licence or holder of a building consultancy licence if the holder is guilty of improper conduct.

Schedule 3 [4] and [5] amend section 51 of the Principal Act to make it improper conduct for the holder of a contractor licence or building consultancy licence to employ a person (or, if the holder of a contractor licence, to engage a person under a contract for services) knowing the person is disqualified from holding a licence, has had an application for an authority (as to be defined by a definition of *authority* to be inserted by Schedule 2 [1]) rejected on a ground relating to the person's character, honesty or integrity or has an authority cancelled or suspended on a disciplinary ground. Schedule 3 [6] inserts section 51 (4) into the Principal Act to make it a defence to a complaint that the holder of a licence has been guilty of such improper conduct if, before employing or engaging the person concerned, the holder obtained the approval of the Director-General to the employment or engagement.

Section 54 of the Principal Act makes an individual who is a member of a partnership or an officer of a corporation that is the holder of a contractor licence guilty of improper conduct if the holder does certain things.

Schedule 3 [7] amends section 54 to expand the provisions to cover individuals who are members of a partnership or officers of a corporation that is the holder of a building consultancy licence.

Schedule 3 [8] amends section 56 of the Principal Act to expand the grounds for taking disciplinary action against the holder of a contractor licence to include the following grounds:

- (a) that the holder does not meet the standards of financial solvency determined by the Director-General to be appropriate to the class of licence held,
- (b) that, in the opinion of the Director-General, there is a risk to the public that the holder will be unable (whether or not for a reason relating to the financial solvency of the holder) to carry out work that the holder has contracted to do (whether before or after the commencement of the proposed paragraph),
- (c) that the licence was improperly obtained,
- (d) that the Director-General has become aware of information about the licensee that, if known at the time the application for the license was determined, would have been grounds for rejecting the application,
- (e) that the holder has knowingly done any residential building work or specialist work before the relevant principal certifying authority has carried out any critical stage inspection required to be carried out under section 109E (3) (d) of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* in relation to the work or has failed to give any notification required under that Act in relation to such an inspection.

Schedule 3 [9] amends section 56A of the Principal Act to expand the grounds for taking disciplinary action against the holder of a building consultancy licence to include the following grounds:

- (a) that the licence was improperly obtained,
- (b) that the Director-General has become aware of information about the licensee that, if known at the time the application for the license was determined, would have been grounds for rejecting the application,
- (c) that an employee of the holder is disqualified from holding such a licence, has had an application for such a licence rejected on a ground relating to his or her character, honesty or integrity or has had such a licence cancelled or suspended on a disciplinary ground.

Schedule 3 [10] amends section 57 of the Principal Act to expand the grounds for taking disciplinary action against the holder of a supervisor or tradesperson certificate to include the following grounds:

(a) that the certificate was improperly obtained,

(b) that the Director-General has become aware of information about the holder that, if known at the time the application for the certificate was determined, would have been grounds for rejecting the application.

Schedule 3 [11] inserts proposed section 61A into the Principal Act to enable the Director-General to suspend an authority, when a show cause notice is served, pending a determination as to whether to take disciplinary action against the holder of the authority. Section 61A will replace section 83 of the Act which enables the District Court to suspend a contractor licence at the request of the Director-General. Schedule 3 [1] makes a consequential amendment to update a reference to section 83 in a note to section 22B of the Principal Act. Schedule 3 [13] makes a consequential amendment to repeal Division 5 of Part 4 of the Principal Act (which contains section 83) and Schedule 3 [14] amends section 83B of the Principal Act to enable the Administrative Decisions Tribunal to review decisions under proposed section 61A.

Schedule 3 [12] amends section 62 of the Principal Act to increase from \$22,000 to \$50,000 the maximum penalty that the Director-General may impose against the holder of an authority that is a corporation when satisfied that disciplinary action should be taken against the holder.

Schedule 4 Amendments relating to offences and penalties

Schedule 4 contains amendments to the Principal Act to increase the maximum penalties for certain offences by corporations from 200 to 1,000 penalty units (\$110,000) and to increase other maximum penalties, to enable the regulations to create an offence punishable, if committed by a corporation, by a maximum penalty of 200 penalty units, to enable proceedings for a breach of the Principal Act to be dealt with summarily either before a Local Court or the Supreme Court and to create new offences relating to unlicensed contracting or supplying and the lending of authorities. Provision is also made to require persons in control of work at a building site to supply the names and addresses of persons undertaking work at the site on request.

Schedule 4 [1], [3], [4], [6] and [11] amend various sections of the Principal Act to increase the maximum penalties for offences, and to enable the regulations to create offences punishable by the maximum penalties, as described above.

Schedule 4 [2] amends section 4 of the Principal Act to make it an offence for the holder of a contractor licence or a developer to contract with an unlicensed person to undertake building work for the holder or developer of a kind that would normally require the person to be licensed.

Schedule 4 [5] amends section 16A of the Principal Act to make it an offence for the holder of a contractor licence to contract with a person to supply a kit home if the person does not hold a licence to supply a kit home of that kind.

Schedule 4 [6] amends section 18H of the Principal Act to make it an offence for the holder of a building consultancy licence to contract with another person to do building consultancy work for the holder if the person does not hold a licence to do work of that kind.

Schedule 4 [7] inserts proposed section 32AA into the Principal Act to make it an offence for the holder of an owner-builder permit to contract with another person to do residential building work for the holder if the person does not hold a licence to do work of that kind.

Schedule 4 [8] inserts proposed section 46A into the Principal Act to make it an offence to lend an authority to another person or permit another person to use an authority.

Schedule 4 [9] inserts proposed section 127A into the Principal Act to enable a person authorised by the Director-General to request a person who has control over the carrying out of residential building work or specialist work at a building site, or an owner-builder, to state the name and address of each person undertaking work at the site or for the owner-builder.

Schedule 4 [10] amends section 139 of the Principal Act to enable proceedings for a breach of the Act to be dealt with summarily either before a Local Court or the Supreme Court. If proceedings are brought in a Local Court, the maximum penalty that the Court will be able to impose is 200 penalty units.

Schedule 5 Amendments relating to Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board and Home Building Advisory Council

Schedule 5 contains amendments to the Principal Act to constitute the Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board and the Home Building Advisory Council.

Schedule 5 [1] amends section 3 of the Principal Act to insert definitions of *Advisory Council* and *Scheme Board*.

Schedule 5 [2] inserts proposed Division 1 (sections 89E–89G) into Part 6 of the Principal Act.

Section 89E constitutes the Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board (the *Scheme Board*).

Section 89F provides for the Scheme Board to comprise the Director-General and 5 persons appointed by the Minister who have knowledge of or experience in relation to insurance products or commerce.

Section 89G sets out the functions of the Scheme Board. These include advising the Minister with respect to the approval of kinds of insurance, and insurers, under Part 6 of the Principal Act, monitoring the scheme established by the Part with respect to

home warranty insurance and providing advice and recommendations with respect to the scheme.

Schedule 5 [3] inserts proposed Part 7B (sections 115B–115D) into the Principal Act.

Section 115B constitutes the Home Building Advisory Council (the *Advisory Council*).

Section 115C sets out the functions of the Advisory Council. These are to advise the Minister on such consumer-related and trader-related issues relating to the home building industry as it thinks fit or as are referred to it by the Minister or the Scheme Board and to provide advice to the Minister with respect to any other matter referred to it by the Minister.

Section 115D provides for the Advisory Council to consist of at least 14 members. These are to include the Chairperson and Deputy Chairperson of the Scheme Board, the Director-General or his or her nominee, members appointed by the Minister to represent the insurance industry, the building industry, building industry employees and the interests of consumers and holders of contractor licences, a legal practitioner appointed by the Minister and such other persons with appropriate qualifications or experience as may be appointed by the Minister.

Schedule 5 [4] inserts proposed Schedule 1 into the Principal Act. It contains provisions relating to the membership and procedure of the Scheme Board and Advisory Council.

Schedule 6 Miscellaneous amendments

Schedule 6 contains amendments to modify provisions enabling a contract for the sale of land on which residential building work is, or is to be done, to be voided if a certificate of insurance evidencing a contract of insurance required under Part 6 of the Principal Act is not attached to the contract of sale at the time it is entered into, to enable the Director-General to remove certain information from the register recording particulars about authorities, to provide for the service of documents by post in the same manner as they may be served under the *Fair Trading Act 1987* and to update the definition of *Director-General*.

Schedule 6 [1] replaces the definition of *Director-General* in section 3 of the Principal Act to reflect current administrative arrangements.

Sections 95, 96 and 96A of the Principal Act make it an offence for an owner-builder, developer or other person carrying out or having residential building work done on the owner-builder's, developer's or person's behalf to enter into a contract for the sale of land on which residential building work has been done, or is to be done, unless a certificate of insurance evidencing that the person who did or does the work was insured as required under Part 6 is attached to the contract of sale. If an owner-builder, developer or other person contravenes this requirement, the contract is voidable at the option of the purchaser before the completion of the contract.

Schedule 6 [3], [5] and [7] amend sections 95, 96 and 96A, respectively, of the Principal Act so that the contract of sale will not be voidable if the owner-builder, developer or other person obtained a contract of insurance before entering into the contract and, before completion of the contract, serves on the purchaser (or a legal practitioner acting on the purchasers's behalf) a certificate of insurance evidencing the contract of insurance required under Part 6 for the residential building work concerned. **Schedule 6 [2], [4] and [6]** contain consequential amendments.

Schedule 6 [8] amends section 120 of the Principal Act to enable the Director-General to remove false, erroneous, misleading or unfairly prejudicial particulars about the holders of authorities from, or to otherwise amend the particulars in, the register kept under the section.

Schedule 6 [9] and [10] amend section 123 of the Principal Act to enable documents to be served by posting them in a letter to the last known address of an individual or the address last known as the principal place of business of a corporation, respectively.

Schedule 7 Amendments inserting savings and transitional provisions

Schedule 7 contains an amendment to Schedule 4 to the Principal Act to enable the making of savings and transitional regulations (**Schedule 7** [1]) and an amendment to insert savings and transitional provisions relating to amendments contained elsewhere in the Bill (**Schedule 7** [2]).

Schedule 8 Amendment of Home Building Regulation 2004

Schedule 8 makes amendments to the *Home Building Regulation 2004* that are consequential on amendments contained in Schedule 2 to the proposed Act relating to the issue, renewal and restoration of authorities. It also increases the penalties for certain offences against the regulation.

Schedule 9 Amendment of other Acts and regulations

Schedule 9 contains amendments to the *Fair Trading Act 1987* and various other Acts and regulations.

Schedule 9.4 amends the *Fair Trading Act 1987* to omit provisions in that Act that are superseded by provisions inserted by **Schedule 5 [3]** to the Bill reconstituting the Home Building Advisory Council and to make it clear that persons who are members of the Council as constituted under that Act cease to hold office on the commencement of the amendments.

Home Building Amendment Bill 2004
Explanatory note
Schedule 9.1–9.3 and 9.5–9.9 amend various Acts and regulations to updat references to certificates of registration under the Principal Act (such certificates ar now known as tradesperson certificates).



New South Wales

Home Building Amendment Bill 2004

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New South Wales

Home Building Amendment Bill 2004

No , 2004

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Home Building Act 1989* to make further provision with respect to home warranty insurance and contractor licences and other authorities; and for other purposes.

The	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Home Building Amendment Act 2004.	3
2	Commencement	4
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	5
3	Amendment of Home Building Act 1989 No 147	6
	The <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> is amended as set out in Schedules 1–7.	7
4	Amendment of Home Building Regulation 2004	8
	The <i>Home Building Regulation 2004</i> is amended as set out in Schedule 8.	9 10
5	Amendment of other Acts and regulations	11
	The Acts and regulations specified in Schedule 9 are amended as set out in that Schedule.	12 13

Scł	nedule 1	Amendments relating to insurance	1
		(Section 3)	2
[1]	Part 6, hea	ading	3
	Omit the he	eading. Insert instead:	4
	Part 6	Home warranty insurance	5
[2]	Section 90	Definitions	6
	Insert in al	phabetical order in section 90 (1):	7
		home warranty insurance means insurance under a contract of insurance required to be entered into by or under this Part.	8 9
		insurance industry deed means an agreement referred to in section 103A (7).	10 11
[3]	Section 10	3A Approval of insurance and insurers	12
	Insert ", af section 103	ter consultation with the Scheme Board," after "Minister may" in SA (1).	13 14
[4]	Section 10	3A (2)	15
	Insert "afte	er consultation with the Scheme Board," after "may,".	16
[5]	Section 10	3A (7)	17
	Insert after	section 103A (6):	18
	(7)	The Minister may, on behalf of the State, enter into an agreement under seal from time to time with insurers approved, or seeking approval, for the purposes of this Part with respect to the provision by the insurers of home warranty insurance (an <i>insurance industry deed</i>) and may agree to the revocation or variation of such an agreement.	19 20 21 22 23 24
[6]	Section 10	3AC Information regarding insurers	25
	Omit "(if tl	nose claimants or persons consent)" from section 103AC (2) (c).	26

[7] Sed	ction 10	3AD	1		
Inse	ert after	section 103AC:	2		
103AD	Exch	Exchange of information between insurers			
	(1)	An insurer to which a person has applied for home warranty insurance or that has provided home warranty insurance to a person may, by notice in writing, request any other insurer that the insurer has reasonable grounds to believe is an insurer to which a person has made an application for home warranty insurance or that has provided home warranty insurance to the person to disclose to the insurer any relevant insurance information relating to the person.	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11		
		Note. Home warranty insurance is defined in section 90 as insurance under a contract of insurance required to be entered into by or under Part 6.	12 13 14		
	(2)	It is a condition of an approval of an insurer under section 103A that the insurer disclose any relevant insurance information requested under subsection (1) as soon as is reasonably practicable after the request is made.	15 16 17 18		
under subsection (1) is required or authorised to disc information despite section 121 or any other law of this other jurisdiction with respect to the privacy of such info that would otherwise prohibit that disclosure.		An insurer requested to provide relevant insurance information under subsection (1) is required or authorised to disclose the information despite section 121 or any other law of this or any other jurisdiction with respect to the privacy of such information that would otherwise prohibit that disclosure.	19 20 21 22 23		
		An insurer is not liable for any damage caused by the provision of information under this section to another insurer.	24 25		
	(5)	In this section: <i>relevant insurance information</i> , in relation to a person who has applied to an insurer for, or to whom an insurer has provided, home warranty insurance means:	26 27 28 29		
		(a) information concerning the business, commercial, professional or financial affairs of the person that is relevant to the provision of home warranty insurance, or	30 31 32		
		(b) information obtained in the course of an investigation of an application for such insurance, or	33 34		
		(c) information concerning the home warranty insurance (if any) provided to the person.	35 36		

[8]	Sect	Section 103EA				
	Insert after section 103E:					
1	103EA False or misleading applications for home warranty insurance					
	(1) A person must not, in connection with an application to an insurer for home warranty insurance, make a statement (whether orally, in a document or in any other way) knowing that, or being reckless as to whether, the statement:					
			(a) is false or misleading, or	8		
			(b) omits any matter or thing without which the statement is misleading.	9 10		
			Maximum penalty: 200 penalty units.	11		
		(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply as a result of subsection (1) (a) if the statement is not false or misleading in a material particular.	12 13		
	(3) Subsection (1) does not apply as a result of subsection (1) (b) if the statement did not omit any matter or thing without which the statement is misleading in a material particular.					
		(4)	The burden of establishing a matter referred to in subsection (2) or (3) lies on the accused person.	17 18		
[9]	Sect	ion 12	1 Disclosure of information	19		
	Omit	"obta	ined." from section 121 (2) (c). Insert instead:	20		
			obtained,	21		
			but does not include protected information within the meaning of section 121A.	22 23		
[10]	Sect	ion 12	1A	24		
	Inser	t after	section 121:	25		
	121A Secrecy of information obtained from or relating to insurers or proposed insurers					
		(1)	A person who acquires protected information in the exercise of functions under this Act must not, directly or indirectly, make a record of the information or divulge the information to another person if the person is aware that it is protected information, except in the exercise of functions under this Act. Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units.	28 29 30 31 32 33		

(2)	Desp	oite subsection (1), protected information may be divulged:	1
	(a)	to a particular person or persons, if the Minister certifies that it is necessary in the public interest that the information be divulged to the person or persons, or	2 3 4
	(b)	to a person, or authority, prescribed by the regulations, or	5
	(c)	to a person who is expressly or impliedly authorised to obtain it by the insurer from which the information was acquired.	6 7 8
(3)	A pe	rson cannot be required:	9
	(a)	to produce in any court any document or other thing that contains protected information and that has come into the person's possession, custody or control by reason of, or in the course of, the exercise of the person's functions under this Act, or	10 11 12 13 14
	(b)	to divulge to any court any protected information that has come to the person's notice in the exercise of the person's functions under this Act.	15 16 17
(4)	a do	oite subsection (3), a person may be required to produce such cument or other thing in a court or to divulge protected mation to a court if:	18 19 20
	(a)	the Minister certifies that it is necessary in the public interest to do so, or	21 22
	(b)	the insurer to whom the information relates (or to whom the information contained in the document or thing relates) has expressly authorised it to be divulged to or produced in the court.	23 24 25 26
(5)	the conformation information in the conformation in the conformati	authority or person to whom protected information is leged under subsection (2), and a person or employee under control of that authority or person, are, in respect of that mation, subject to the same rights, privileges and duties or this section as they would be if that authority, person or loyee were a person exercising functions under this Act and acquired the information in the exercise of those functions.	27 28 29 30 31 32
(6)		section does not apply to the divulging of information to, or production of any document or other thing to:	34 35
	(a)	any law enforcement agency, or	36
	(b)	any person or body prescribed for the purposes of this subsection.	37 38

In this section:	
<i>court</i> includes any tribunal, authority or person having power to	2
	;
questions.	4
functions under this Act includes functions under the regulations	į
or other instruments under this Act.	(
<i>produce</i> includes permit access to.	-
protected information means information about the business or	8
	9
	10
Part 6, not being information that is publicly available.	1
	court includes any tribunal, authority or person having power to require the production of documents or the answering of questions. functions under this Act includes functions under the regulations or other instruments under this Act. produce includes permit access to. protected information means information about the business or commercial operations of an insurer obtained from an insurer under (or in connection with the administration or execution of)

Schedule 2 An			A	imenaments relating to authorities	
				(Section 3)	2
[1]	Sect	ion 3 l	Definit	tions	3
	Inser	t in alı	habeti	ical order in section 3 (1):	4
			auth	<i>ority</i> means the following:	5
			(a)	a contractor licence (whether or not an endorsed contractor licence),	6 7
			(b)	a supervisor or tradesperson certificate,	8
			(c)	an owner-builder permit,	9
			(d)	a building consultancy licence.	10
			licen	e associate, of an applicant for, or holder of, a contractor ace or building consultancy licence or of an applicant for the wal or restoration of such a licence is defined in section 3AA.	11 12 13
[2]	Sect	ion 3 ((1), def	finition of "officer"	14
	Omit	the de	efinitio	on. Insert instead:	15
				<i>ter</i> , in relation to a corporation, has the same meaning as it in the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth.	16 17
[3]	Sect	ion 3A	A		18
	Inser	t after	section	n 3:	19
	ЗАА	Mea	ning o	f "close associate" of applicant for, or holder of, licence	20
		(1)	appli cons	the purposes of this Act, a person is a <i>close associate</i> of an icant for, or holder of, a contractor licence or building ultancy licence or of an applicant for the renewal or oration of such a licence if the person:	21 22 23 24
			(a)	is a partner of the applicant or holder, or	25
			(b)	is an employee or agent of the applicant or holder, or	26
			(c)	is a corporation, or a member of a corporation, partnership, syndicate or joint venture, in which the applicant or holder or a person referred to in paragraph (a), (b) or (d) has a beneficial interest, or	27 28 29 30
			(d)	bears a prescribed relationship to the applicant or holder, or	31 32
			(e)	is a corporation that is a subsidiary (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth) of the applicant or holder, or	33 34 35

[4]

	(f)	holds or is entitled to exercise, in respect of the applicant or holder or the business of the applicant or holder, any other relevant financial interest, relevant position or relevant power.	1 2 3 4		
(2)	relati	he purposes of subsection (1) (d), a person bears a prescribed onship to an applicant or holder of a licence if the onship is that of:	5 6 7		
	(a)	a spouse, or	8		
	(b)	a de facto partner who is living or has lived with him or her as his or her wife or husband on a bona fide domestic basis although not married to him or her, or	9 10 11		
	(c)	a child, grandchild, sibling, parent or grandparent, whether derived through paragraph (a) or (b) or otherwise, or	12 13		
	(d)	a kind prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this section.	14 15		
(3)	For t	he purposes of subsection (1) (f):	16		
	relevant financial interest means:				
	(a)	any share in the capital of the business, or	18		
	(b)	any entitlement to receive any income derived from the business, whether the entitlement arises at law or in equity or otherwise.	19 20 21		
	other	ant position means the position of director, manager, and executive positions and secretary, however those positions esignated.	22 23 24		
		ant power means any power, whether exercisable by voting herwise and whether exercisable alone or in association with s:	25 26 27		
	(a)	to participate in any directorial, managerial or executive decision, or	28 29		
	(b)	to elect or appoint any person to any relevant position.	30		
Section 20	Issue	of contractor licences	31		
Insert befor	e secti	on 20 (2):	32		
(1) The Director-General must reject an application for a contralicence if:			33 34		
	(a)	the Director-General is not satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person to hold a contractor licence, or	35 36		
	(b)	the applicant is a mentally incapacitated person, or	37		

		Note. U 19) an any ind	the applicant is disqualified by this Act or the regulations from holding a contractor licence. Under section 6 of the applied Act (within the meaning of section application for the grant of a contractor licence may be made by dividual aged 18 years or more, by any partnership or other ation whose members are all individuals aged 18 years or more or corporation.	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	
	(1A)	application applic	ut limiting subsection (1) (a), in determining whether an ant is a fit and proper person to hold a licence the or-General is to consider whether the applicant is of good, having regard to character, honesty and integrity.	8 9 10 11	
[5]	Section 20	(2)		12	
	Insert "add	tional"	after "determine".	13	
[6]	Section 20	(6)		14	
	Insert after section 20 (5):				
	(6)	applicathe op	ut limiting this section, the Director-General may reject an ation for a contractor licence if the Director-General is of inion that it is in the public interest to do so on any of the ring grounds:	16 17 18 19	
			an employee or proposed employee of the applicant is disqualified from holding a contractor licence, has had an application for an authority rejected on a ground relating to his or her character, honesty or integrity or has had an authority cancelled or suspended on any disciplinary ground,	20 21 22 23 24 25	
			there are reasonable grounds to believe that the application has been made with the intention of avoiding disclosure of any relevant past misconduct of the applicant or a close associate of the applicant,	26 27 28 29	
		,	the Director-General considers that a close associate of the applicant who would not be a fit and proper person to hold a contractor licence exercises a significant influence over the applicant or the operation and management of the applicant's business.	30 31 32 33 34	
[7]	Section 22	Cancel	llation of contractor licences	35	
			voluntarily wound up" after "Commonwealth" wherever a 22 (1) (d) and (2) (c).	36 37	

[8]	Section 22	(1) (h) and (i)	1
	Insert at the	e end o	of section 22 (1) (g):	2
			, or	3
		(h)	the holder of the contractor licence becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	5
		(i)	the holder of the contractor licence becomes disqualified by this Act or the regulations from holding a contractor licence.	6 7 8
[9]	Section 22	(2) (g) and (h)	9
	Insert at the	e end o	of section 22 (2) (f):	10
			, or	11
		(g)	the holder of the contractor licence becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	12 13
		(h)	the holder of the contractor licence becomes disqualified by this Act or the regulations from holding a contractor licence.	14 15 16
[10]	Section 25	Issue	e of certificates	17
	Insert before	re secti	ion 25 (2):	18
	(1)		Director-General must reject an application for a supervisor adesperson certificate if:	19 20
		(a)	the Director-General is not satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person to hold such a certificate, or	21 22
		(b)	the applicant is a mentally incapacitated person, or	23
		(c)	the applicant is disqualified by this Act or the regulations from holding such a certificate.	24 25
	(1A)	appli Dire	nout limiting subsection (1) (a), in determining whether an icant is a fit and proper person to hold a certificate the ctor-General is to consider whether the applicant is of good te, having regard to character, honesty and integrity.	26 27 28 29
[11]	Section 25	(2)		30
	Insert "add	itional	" after "determine".	31

[12]	Section 32	B Issue of building consultancy licences	1			
	Insert before	re section 32B (2):	2			
	(1)	The Director-General must reject an application for a building consultancy licence if:	3			
		(a) the Director-General is not satisfied that the applicant is a fit and proper person to hold a building consultancy licence, or	6 7			
		(b) the applicant is a mentally incapacitated person, or	8			
		(c) the applicant is disqualified by this Act or the regulations from holding a building consultancy licence.	9 10			
		Note. Under section 6 of the applied Act (within the meaning of section 19) an application for the grant of a building consultancy licence may be made by any individual aged 18 years or more, by any partnership or other association whose members are all individuals aged 18 years or more or by any corporation.	11 12 13 14 15			
	(1A)	Without limiting subsection (1) (a), in determining whether an applicant is a fit and proper person to hold a licence the Director-General is to consider whether the applicant is of good repute, having regard to character, honesty and integrity.	16 17 18 19			
[13]	Section 32	B (2)	20			
	Insert "add	itional" after "determine".	21			
[14]	Section 32	B (5)	22			
	Insert after section 32B (4):					
	(5)	Without limiting this section, the Director-General may reject an application for a building consultancy licence if the Director-General is of the opinion that it is in the public interest to do so on any of the following grounds:	24 25 26 27			
		(a) an employee or proposed employee of the applicant is disqualified from holding a building consultancy licence, has had an application for an authority rejected on a ground relating to his or her character, honesty or integrity or has had an authority cancelled or suspended on any disciplinary ground,	28 29 30 31 32 33			
		(b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the application has been made with the intention of avoiding disclosure of any relevant past misconduct of the applicant or a close associate of the applicant,	34 35 36 37			

			(c)	the Director-General considers that a close associate of the applicant who would not be a fit and proper person to hold a building consultancy licence exercises a significant influence over the applicant or the operation and management of the applicant's business.	1 2 3 2
[15]	Sect	ion 32	D Can	cellation of building consultancy licences	6
		t "or h (1) (c).		en voluntarily wound up" after "Commonwealth" in section	7 8
[16]	Sect	ion 32	D (1) (f) and (g)	ę
	Inser	t at the	end o	of section 32D (1) (e):	10
				, or	11
			(f)	the holder of the building consultancy licence becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	12 13
			(g)	the holder of the building consultancy licence becomes	14 15
				disqualified by this Act or the regulations from holding a building consultancy licence.	16
[17]	Sect	ion 34			17
	Inser	t after	section	n 33:	18
	34	Upda	ating o	of applications	19
		(1)	resto writt accor given (or s partic	applicant for an authority, or for the variation, renewal or ration of an authority, must give the Director-General en particulars of any change in the particulars or information mpanying the application that occurs before the applicant is a notice of the determination of the application within 7 days such longer period as the Director-General allows in a cular case) after the change.	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
		(2)	cons	culars of any change given by the applicant are then to be idered to have formed part of the original application for the oses of the application of subsection (1) to any further ge in the particulars or information provided.	28 29 30 31
		(3)	infor writi any	section does not apply to any change in particulars or mation if the Director-General has notified the applicant in ng that the Director-General does not require particulars of change in the particulars or information concerned or does equire particulars of the type of change concerned	32 33 34 35 36

[18]	Sect	ion 35				1	
	Inser	t befor	e secti	on 36:		2	
	35	Director-General may obtain information from third parties					
		(1)	The Director-General may, by notice in writing, require an applicant for a contractor licence (whether or not an endorsed contractor licence), an applicant for the renewal or restoration of such a licence or a close associate of the applicant:				
			(a)	to au	thorise a person described in the notice:	8	
			` '	(i)	to provide such information as is specified in the notice as is relevant to the investigation of the application, or	9 10 11	
				(ii)	to produce, in accordance with directions in the notice, such records relevant to the investigation of the application as are specified in the notice and to permit examination of the records, the taking of extracts from them and the making of copies of them, or	12 13 14 15 16	
			(b)	conse enabl (inclu	rnish to the Director-General such authorities and ents as the Director-General directs for the purpose of ling the Director-General to obtain information ading financial and other confidential information) other persons concerning the person or close ciate.	18 19 20 21 22 23	
		(2)	Direc	ctor-Ge	ment made under this section is not complied with, the eneral may refuse to consider the application while the non-compliance continues.	24 25 26	
		(3)		on doe	ho complies with a requirement of a notice under this es not on that account incur a liability to another	27 28 29	
[19]	Sect	ion 40	Rene	wal or	restoration of authorities	30	
	Inser	t befor	e secti	on 40	(2):	31	
		(1)			or-General must reject an application for the renewal on of an authority if:	32 33	
			(a)		birector-General is not satisfied that the applicant is a d proper person to hold the authority, or	34 35	
			(b)	the a	pplicant is a mentally incapacitated person, or	36	
			(c)	from	pplicant is disqualified by this Act or the regulations holding the authority or would be so disqualified the renewal would take effect or	37 38 39	

		(d)	the Director-General considers that a close associate of the applicant who would not be a fit and proper person to hold an authority exercises a significant influence over the applicant or the operation and management of the applicant's business.	1 2 3 4 5
	(1A)	appli Direc	tout limiting subsection (1) (a), in determining whether an icant is a fit and proper person to hold an authority the ctor-General is to consider whether the applicant is of good te, having regard to character, honesty and integrity.	6 7 8 9
[20]	Section 40	(2) (c))	10
	Omit the pa	aragrap	oh.	11
[21]	Section 40	(2B)		12
	Omit section	on 40 (2	2B) and (2C). Insert instead:	13
	(2B)	restorif ardisque for s	Director-General may reject an application for renewal or ration of a contractor licence or building consultancy licence in employee or proposed employee of the applicant is palified from holding such a licence, has had an application such a licence rejected on a ground relating to his or her facter, honesty or integrity or has had such a licence cancelled aspended on a disciplinary ground.	14 15 16 17 18 19
[22]	Section 56 contractor		nds for taking disciplinary action against holder of a ce	21 22
	Omit "fit" f	from se	ection 56 (b). Insert instead "a fit and proper person".	23
[23]			unds for taking disciplinary action against holder of a ancy licence	24 25
	Omit "fit" f	from se	ection 56A (b). Insert instead "a fit and proper person".	26
[24]	Section 57 supervisor	Groui or tra	nds for taking disciplinary action against holder of a idesperson certificate	27 28
	Omit "fit" f	from se	ection 57 (b). Insert instead "a fit and proper person".	29
[25]	Section 83	B Rev	iews by Tribunal	30
	Omit "issue	e or alt	eration" from section 83B (1).	31
	Insert instead	ad "iss	ue, alteration, renewal or restoration".	32
[26]	Section 83	B (3) ((a)	33
	Omit "a con	ntracto	or licence". Insert instead "an authority".	34

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Schedule 2 Amendments relating to authorities

[27]	Section 12	7 Pow	er to obtain information	1
			the renewal or restoration of," after "application for" in the definition of <i>relevant information</i> in section 127 (1).	2
[28]	Section 12	27 (1), (definition of "relevant information"	4
	Insert at the	e end o	of paragraph (d):	5
			, or	6
		(e)	the financial solvency of an applicant for, or holder of, a contractor licence, building consultancy licence or of a supervisor or tradesperson certificate or a close associate of such an applicant or holder.	7 8 9 10
[29]	Section 12	27 (8)		11
	Insert after	section	n 127 (7):	12
	(8)	Inforrequithat A	the purposes of section 25 of the <i>Privacy and Personal</i> mation <i>Protection Act 1998</i> , an authorised person is not ired to comply with section 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18 or 19 of Act in respect of the provision of relevant information under section.	13 14 15 16 17

Schedule 3		Amendments relating to disciplinary action			
		(Section 3)	3		
[1]	Section 22B S controller or a	uspension of contractor licences—appointment of dministrator	4 5		
	Omit "Section	83" and "District Court" from the note to the section.	6		
	Insert instead '	'Section 61A" and "Director-General", respectively.	7		
[2]	Section 51 Imp	proper conduct: generally	8		
		on 307A or 307B of the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> " after "regulations"	9 10		
[3]	Section 51 (1)	(e)	11		
	Insert at the end	d of section 51 (1) (d):	12		
		, or	13		
	(e	becomes a person who is disqualified by this Act or the regulations from holding the licence or certificate.	14 15		
[4]	Section 51 (2)	(d)	16		
	Insert after section 51 (2) (c):				
	(d	employs a person or engages a person under a contract for services knowing the person is disqualified from holding a contractor licence, has had an application for an authority rejected on a ground relating to the person's character, honesty or integrity or has had an authority cancelled or suspended on a disciplinary ground, or	18 19 20 21 22 23		
[5]	Section 51 (2A	x) (f)	24		
	Insert at the end	d of section 51 (2A) (e):	25		
		, or	26		
	(f	employs a person to do building consultancy work for the holder knowing the person is disqualified from holding a building consultancy licence, has had an application for an authority rejected on a ground relating to the person's character, honesty or integrity or has had an authority cancelled or suspended on a disciplinary ground.	27 28 29 30 31 32		

[6]	Section 51 (4)		1
	Insert after see	ction 51 (3):	2
	c o (h	ontractor f improp f) if, befo older ob	efficient defence to a complaint that the holder of a licence or building consultancy licence has been guilty er conduct as referred to in subsection (2) (d) or (2A) or employing or engaging the person concerned, the tained the approval of the Director-General to the ent or engagement of the person.	3 4 5 6 7 8
[7]	Section 54 In corporations	proper	conduct: members of partnerships or officers of	9 10
	Insert "or a bu 54 (1).	ilding co	nsultancy licence" after "contractor licence" in section	11 12
[8]	Section 56 G contractor lic		or taking disciplinary action against holder of a	13 14
	Insert after see	etion 56 ((g):	15
	(solv	the holder does not meet the standards of financial vency determined by the Director-General to be ropriate to the class of licence held,	16 17 18
	,	to tl for a to c (wh	n, in the opinion of the Director-General, there is a risk the public that the holder will be unable (whether or not a reason relating to the financial solvency of the holder) carry out work that the holder has contracted to do ether before or after the commencement of this agraph),	19 20 21 22 23 24
		j) that	the licence was improperly obtained,	25
	(info the	the Director-General has become aware of ormation about the licensee that, if known at the time application for the licence was determined, would have n grounds for rejecting the application,	26 27 28 29
		buil prin stag 109 Asse to g	the holder has knowingly done any residential ding work or specialist work before the relevant acipal certifying authority has carried out any critical ge inspection required to be carried out under section E (3) (d) of the <i>Environmental Planning and essment Act 1979</i> in relation to the work or has failed ive any notification required under that Act in relation uch an inspection.	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37

[9]	Section 56A Grounds for taking disciplinary action against holder of a building consultancy licence				
	Inser	t after se	ection	56A (e):	3
			(f)	that the licence was improperly obtained,	4
			(g)	that the Director-General has become aware of information about the licensee that, if known at the time the application for the licence was determined, would have been grounds for rejecting the application,	5 6 7 8
			(h)	that an employee of the holder is disqualified from holding a building consultancy licence, has had an application for such a licence rejected on a ground relating to his or her character, honesty or integrity or has had such a licence cancelled or suspended on a disciplinary ground.	9 10 11 12 13
[10]				ds for taking disciplinary action against holder of a desperson certificate	14 15
	Inser	t after se	ection	57 (e):	16
			(f)	that the certificate was improperly obtained,	17
			(g)	that the Director-General has become aware of information about the holder that, if known at the time the application for the certificate was determined, would have been grounds for rejecting the application.	18 19 20 21
[11]	Sect	ion 61A			22
	Inser	t after se	ection	61:	23
	61A	Power	to su	uspend authority when show cause notice served	24
			under to the the D	a show cause notice is served on the holder of an authority section 61, the Director-General may by notice in writing holder suspend the authority pending a determination by irector-General of whether to take disciplinary action under act against the holder.	25 26 27 28 29
			sectio specif	Director-General may only suspend an authority under this on if satisfied that the grounds for disciplinary action fied in the show cause notice would, if established, justify ispension or cancellation of the authority.	30 31 32 33
			60 da suspe	a suspension may not be imposed for a period of more than ys after the show cause notice is served. The period of the nsion is to be specified in the notice imposing the nsion.	34 35 36 37

Home Building Amendment Bill 2004

Schedule 3 Amendments relating to disciplinary action

	(4)	The Director-General is not required to afford a person an opportunity to be heard before taking action against the person under this section.	1 2 3
	(5)	The Director-General may revoke a suspension under this section at any time by notice in writing to the suspended person.	4 5
	(6)	This section does not limit or otherwise affect any power to suspend an authority under section 64A of the <i>Fair Trading Act</i> 1987.	6 7 8
[12]	Section 62	Disciplinary action that may be taken by Director-General	9
	Omit "\$22,	000" from section 62 (c). Insert instead "\$50,000".	10
[13]	Part 4, Div	ision 5 Suspension of contractor licences by District Court	11
	Omit the D	ivision.	12
[14]	Section 83	B Reviews by Tribunal	13
	Omit "secti	on 22A or 22B" from section 83B (2A).	14
	Incert incte	ad "section 22A 22B or 61A"	15

Scł	nedule 4	Amendments relating to offences and penalties	1 2
		(Section 3)	3
[1]		, 5, 8, 12–16, 16A, 16B, 16E, 17, 18H, 18I, 18T, 18U, 18V, 65, 92, (1) and (2), 96A (1) and 127	4 5
	Omit the pe	enalty provisions wherever occurring. Insert instead: Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 200 penalty units in any other case.	6 7 8
[2]	Section 4 l	Unlicensed contracting	9
	Insert at the	e end of the section:	10
	(2)	The holder of a contractor licence who has contracted to do any residential building work must not contract with another person for the other person to do the work (or any part of the work) for the holder unless the other person is the holder of a contractor licence to do work of that kind. Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 200 penalty units in any other case.	11 12 13 14 15 16
	(3)	The holder of a contractor licence must not contract with another person for the other person to do any work (or part of any work) for the holder for which insurance is required under this Act unless the other person is the holder of a contractor licence to do work of that kind. Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a	18 19 20 21 22 23
		corporation and 200 penalty units in any other case.	24
	(4)	A developer must not contract with another person for the other person to do any residential building work on behalf of the developer in the circumstances set out in section 3A (2) unless the other person is the holder of a contractor licence authorising the other person to do work of that kind.	25 26 27 28 29 30
		Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 200 penalty units in any other case.	31
	(5)	A person is not guilty of an offence against subsection (2), (3) or (4) if the person establishes that the person did all that could reasonably be required to prevent the contravention of the subsection	32 33 34 35

[3]	Sections 7 128	'AA, 16DAA, 18L, 22A, 22B, 36, 44, 47, 66, 96 (2B), 96A (1A) and	1
	Omit the p	enalty provisions wherever occurring. Insert instead:	3
		Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 20 penalty units in any other case.	5
[4]	Sections 7	'A, 7B, 9, 16DA, 16DB, 16F, 18N, 18O, 92A and 93A	6
	Omit the p	enalty provisions wherever occurring. Insert instead:	7
		Maximum penalty: 80 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 40 penalty units in any other case.	9
[5]	Section 16	SA Unlicensed contracting or supplying	10
	Insert at th	e end of the section after the penalty provision:	11
	(2)	The holder of a contractor licence who has contracted to supply a	12
		kit home must not contract with another person for that person to supply the kit home for the holder unless the person is the holder	13 14
		of a contractor licence to supply a kit home of that kind.	15
		Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 200 penalty units in any other case.	16 17
	(3)	The holder of a contractor licence is not guilty of an offence	18
		under subsection (2) if the holder establishes that the holder did	19 20
		all that could reasonably be required to prevent the contravention of the subsection.	21
[6]	Section 18	BH Unlicensed contracting	22
	Insert at the	e end of the section after the penalty provision:	23
	(2)	The holder of a building consultancy licence who has contracted	24
		to do any building consultancy work must not contract with	25 26
		another person for the other person to do the work (or any part of the work) for the holder unless the other person is the holder of a	27
		building consultancy licence to do work of that kind.	28
		Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 200 penalty units in any other case.	29 30
	(3)	The holder of a building consultancy licence is not guilty of an	31
		offence under subsection (2) if the holder establishes that the	32 33
		holder did all that could reasonably be required to prevent the contravention of the subsection.	34

[7]	Sect	ion 32	AA	1			
	Inser	t after	section 32:	2			
3	2AA	Unli	censed contracting	3			
		(1)	The holder of an owner-builder permit must not contract with another person for that person to do any residential building work (or any part of the work) for the holder unless the person is the holder of a contractor licence to do work of that kind. Maximum penalty: 200 penalty units.	4 5 6 7 8			
		(2)	The holder of an owner-builder permit is not guilty of an offence under this section if the holder establishes that the holder did all that could reasonably be required to prevent the contravention of this section.	9 10 11 12			
[8]	Sect	ion 46	SA.	13			
	Insert after section 46:						
	46A	Lending of authority prohibited					
		(1)	The holder of an authority must not let out, hire or lend the authority to any other person or permit any other person to use the authority.	16 17 18			
			Maximum penalty: 1,000 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 200 penalty units in any other case.	19 20			
		(2)	A court that convicts a person for an offence under this section is to order the cancellation of the authority concerned. The authority is cancelled on the making of the order.	21 22 23			
[9]	Sect	ion 12	7 A	24			
	Inser	t after	section 127:	25			
•	127A		er to request name and address of persons undertaking dential building work or specialist work	26 27			
		(1)	An authorised officer may request the person who has control over the carrying out of the doing of any residential building work, or specialist work, at a building site to state the name and residential address of each person who has contracted to do the work or any part of such work.	28 29 30 31 32			
		(2)	An authorised officer may request the holder of an owner-builder permit to state the name and residential address of each person who has contracted to do any residential building work for the holder.	33 34 35 36			

	(3)	For the purposes of subsection (1), the holder of an endorsed contractor licence or a supervisor certificate is to be presumed, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, to have control over the doing of all work for which the holder is a nominated supervisor.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	A person is guilty of an offence if the person:	5
		(a) fails or refuses, without reasonable excuse, to comply with a request under this section at the time that the request is made, or	6 7 8
		(b) states a name or address the person knows to be false.	9
		Maximum penalty: 200 penalty units.	10
	(5)	A person is not guilty of an offence under this section unless it is established that the authorised officer:	11 12
		(a) provided evidence to the person that he or she was an authorised officer, and	13 14
		(b) warned the person that a failure to comply with the request may be an offence.	15 16
	(6)	In this section:	17
		authorised officer means an officer of the Department of Commerce authorised by the Director-General for the purposes of this section and holding a certificate issued by the Director-General as to that authority.	18 19 20 21
[10]	Section 13	9 Proceedings for offences	22
	Omit sectio	n 139 (1). Insert instead:	23
	(1)	Proceedings for an offence against this Act are to be dealt with:	24
		(a) summarily before a Local Court, or	25
		(b) summarily before the Supreme Court in its summary jurisdiction.	26 27
	(1A)	If proceedings for an offence against this Act are brought in a Local Court, the maximum monetary penalty that the Local Court may impose for the offence is 200 penalty units, despite any higher maximum monetary penalty provided in respect of the offence.	28 29 30 31 32
	(1B)	Proceedings for an offence against the regulations are to be dealt with summarily before a Local Court.	33 34

Amendments		1 -	- ee		11:
AMENAMENTS	relating	TΩ	OTTENCES	ann	nenaities

[11]	Section 140 Regulations	1
	Omit "100 penalty units" from section 140 (3).	2
	Insert instead "200 penalty units in the case of a corporation and 100 penalty	3
	units in any other case".	4

Schedule 5	Sc	SC	nec	ut	le	5
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Amendments relating to Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board and Home Building Advisory Council

Schedule 5		le 5	le 5 Amendments relating to Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board and Home Building Advisory Council		
			(Section 3)	4	
[1]	Sect	ion 3	Definitions	5	
	Inser	t in al _l	phabetical order in section 3 (1): **Advisory Council** means the Home Building Advisory Council constituted under Part 7B.	6 7 8	
			Scheme Board means the Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board constituted under Part 6.	9 10	
[2]	Part	6		11	
	Inser	t after	the heading to Part 6:	12	
	Divi	sion	1 Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board	13	
	89E	Con	stitution of Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board	14	
			There is constituted by this Act a board called the Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board.	15 16	
	89F	Mem	nbership of Scheme Board	17	
		(1)	The Scheme Board is to consist of 6 members.	18	
		(2)	The members of the Scheme Board are:	19	
			(a) the Director-General of the Department of Commerce or a nominee of the Director-General, and	20 21	
			(b) 5 persons appointed by the Minister.	22	
		(3)	The members appointed by the Minister must have knowledge of or experience in insurance products or commerce.	23 24	
		(4)	Schedule 1 has effect with respect to the members and procedure of the Scheme Board.	25 26	
	89G	Fund	ctions	27	
			The functions of the Scheme Board are as follows:	28	
			(a) to advise the Minister with respect to the approval of kinds of insurance, and insurers, under this Part,	29 30	
			(b) to advise the Minister on the conditions of approval of	31 32	

			(c)	to advise the Minister on variations to approvals of insurers under this Part,	1 2
			(d)	to monitor the operation of the scheme established by this Part with respect to home warranty insurance and to provide advice and to make recommendations with respect to the scheme,	3 4 5 6
			(e)	to provide advice to the Minister with respect to any other matter referred to it by the Minister.	7 8
	Divi	sion 2	2	Insurance	9
[3]	Part	7B			10
	Inser	t before	e the h	neading to Part 8:	11
	Par	t 7B	Hoi	me Building Advisory Council	12
	115B	Cons	titutio	on of Advisory Council	13
				e is constituted by this Act a council called the Home ding Advisory Council.	14 15
•	115C	Func	tions		16
			The f	functions of the Advisory Council are as follows:	17
			(a)	to advise the Minister on such consumer-related or trader -related issues relating to the home building industry as it thinks fit or as are referred to it by the Minister or the Scheme Board,	18 19 20 21
			(b)	to provide advice to the Minister with respect to any other matter referred to it by the Minister.	22 23
	115D	Mem	bersh	ip of Advisory Council	24
		(1)	The A	Advisory Council is to consist of at least 14 members, being:	25
			(a)	the Chairperson of the Scheme Board, and	26
			(b)	the Deputy Chairperson of the Scheme Board, and	27
			(c)	the Director-General of the Department of Commerce or a nominee of the Director-General, and	28 29
			(d)	2 representatives of the insurance industry appointed by the Minister after consultation with the Insurance Council of Australia, and	30 31 32

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Amendments relating to Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board and Home Building Advisory Council

			(e)	2 representatives of the building industry appointed by the Minister after consultation with the Master Builders Association and the Housing Industry Association, and	1 2 3
			(f)	2 persons appointed by the Minister after consultation with the Labor Council of New South Wales to represent the interests of building industry employees, and	5 6
			(g)	2 persons who are holders of contractor licences and are appointed by the Minister, and	7 8
			(h)	2 persons appointed by the Minister to represent the interests of consumers, and	9 10
			(i)	one legal practitioner appointed by the Minister after consultation with the Councils of the Law Society and the Bar Association, and	11 12 13
			(j)	such other persons (if any) as the Minister considers have appropriate qualifications or experience as are appointed by the Minister.	14 15 16
		(2)	subse Minis memb Minis	or any reason, consultation with a body referred to in action (1) (d), (e), (f) or (i) is not possible or practicable, the ster may appoint a person to be a member instead of the ber required to be appointed, being a person who, in the ster's opinion, is suitably representative of the persons sented by the bodies referred to in those paragraphs.	17 18 19 20 21 22
		(3)		dule 1 has effect with respect to the members and procedure Advisory Council.	23 24
[4]	Sche	edule 1	I		25
	Inser	t after	section	145:	26
	Sch	nedu	le 1	Provisions relating to advisory bodies	27 28
				(Sections 89F and 115D)	29
	1	Defir	nition		30
			In thi	s Schedule, <i>advisory body</i> means the following:	31
			(a)	the Scheme Board,	32
			(b)	the Advisory Council.	33
	2	Chai	rperso	n	34
		(1)		Minister may appoint an appointed member of an advisory as its Chairperson.	35 36

	(2)	The Minister may appoint an appointed member of the Scheme Board as its Deputy Chairperson.	1 2
	(3)	An appointment of an appointed member of an advisory body as its Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson may be for a specified or unspecified term, but may be revoked at any time by the Minister in writing for any or no reason.	3 4 5 6
	(4)	Such a revocation of appointment as Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson of the advisory body does not of itself affect a person's tenure of office as an appointed member of the advisory body.	7 8 9 10
3	Actir	ng members	11
	(1)	The Minister may, from time to time, appoint a person to act in the office of an appointed member of an advisory body during the illness or absence of the member. The person, while so acting, has and may exercise all the functions of the appointed member and is taken to be an appointed member of the body.	12 13 14 15
	(2)	Subclause (1) extends to the office and functions of Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson of the advisory body, but the Minister may instead appoint another appointed member of the body to act in the office of Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson.	17 18 19 20
	(3)	The Minister may remove any person from any office to which the person was appointed under this clause at any time for any or no reason.	21 22 23
	(4)	For the purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of an appointed member is taken to be an absence from office of the member.	24 25 26
4	Term	s of office	27
		Subject to this Schedule, an appointed member of an advisory body holds office for such period not exceeding 3 years as may be specified in the instrument of appointment of the member, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	28 29 30 31
5	Allov	vances	32
		A member of an advisory body is entitled to be paid such allowances as the Minister from time to time determines in respect of the member.	33 34 35

Amendments relating to Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board and Home Building Advisory Council

6	Vaca	ncies		1			
	(1)	The office of an appointed member of an advisory body becomes vacant if the member:					
		(a)	dies, or	4			
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	5			
		(c)	resigns the office by letter addressed to the Minister, or	6			
		(d)	is removed by the Minister from office under this clause, or	7 8			
		(e)	is absent from 3 consecutive meetings of the body of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or in the ordinary course of post, except on leave granted by the Minister or unless, before the expiration of 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the member is excused by the Minister for having been absent from those meetings, or	9 10 11 12 13 14			
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	16 17 18 19			
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	20			
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	21 22 23 24 25			
	(2)		Minister may remove an appointed member from office as a ber of an advisory body at any time for any or no reason.	26 27			
7	Fillin	g of v	acancy	28			
	(1)	becon	e office of an appointed member of an advisory body mes vacant, a person is, subject to this Act, required to be inted to fill the vacancy.	29 30 31			
	(2)	becon	appointment must be made within 2 months of the office ming vacant, or such longer time as the Minister considers opriate in the circumstances.	32 33 34			

9

Disc	osure of pecuniary interests						
(1)	A member of an advisory body:	2					
	(a) who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a material being considered or about to be considered at a meeting the advisory body, and						
	(b) whose interest appears to raise a conflict with the properformance of the member's duties in relation to consideration of the matter,						
	must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to member's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest meeting of the body.						
(2)	A disclosure by a member of an advisory body at a meeting of body that the member:	f the 12 13					
	(a) is a member, or in the employment, of a specified compor other body, or	oany 14 15					
	(b) is a partner, or in the employment, of a specified person	n, or 16					
	(c) has some other specified interest relating to a speci- company or other body or to a specified person,	fied 17					
	is a sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any marelating to the company or other body or to that person that arise after the date of the disclosure and that is required to disclosed under this clause.	may 20					
(3)	Particulars of any disclosure made under this clause mus recorded by the members of the advisory body in a book to kept for the purpose and that book must be open at all reason hours to inspection by any person on payment of the determined by the members.	o be 24 able 25					
Effec	ct of certain other Acts	28					
(1)	The <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> on not apply to the appointment of an appointed member of advisory body. An appointed member is not, as an appointment, subject to that Act.	f an 30					
(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	33					
	(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified offic devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of office, or						
	(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employmoutside the duties of that office,	nent 37 38					

Schedule 5	Sc	hed	dul	le	5
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Amendments relating to Home Warranty Insurance Scheme Board and Home Building Advisory Council

		holdi body	provision does not operate to disqualify the person from ing that office and also the office of a member of an advisory or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable e person under this Act as a member of the advisory body.	1 2 3 4
	(3)	purp	office of appointed member of an advisory body is for the oses of any Act taken not to be an office or place of profit or the Crown.	5 6 7
10	Gen	eral pr	ocedure	8
		and to regul by the	procedure for the calling of meetings of an advisory body the conduct of those meetings is, subject to this Act and the lations and any directions of the Minister, to be determined the body. The Minister may give such directions for this ose as the Minister thinks fit.	9 10 11 12 13
11	Meet	tings		14
		caler meet	advisory body is required to meet 4 times during each odar year. However, the advisory body may hold additional rings as approved by the Minister, and is required to do so as steed by the Minister.	15 16 17 18
12	Quo	rum		19
			quorum for a meeting of an advisory body is a majority of its abers for the time being.	20 21
13	Pres	iding	member	22
	(1)	A me	eeting of an advisory body is to be chaired by:	23
		(a)	the Chairperson of the body, or	24
		(b)	in the absence of the Chairperson (including a person appointed under clause 3 to act as Chairperson), the Deputy Chairperson or another appointed member of the body elected to chair the meeting by a majority of the members of the body present.	25 26 27 28 29
	(2)	delib	member chairing any meeting of an advisory body has a perative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a and or casting vote.	30 31 32
14	Voti	ng		33
		of an	cision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting advisory body at which a quorum is present is the decision e body.	34 35 36

15	Tran mea	saction of business outside meetings or by telephone or other ns	1 2
	(1)	An advisory body may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the circulation of papers among all the members of the body for the time being. A resolution in writing approved by a majority of those members is taken to be a decision of the body.	3 4 5 6
	(2)	An advisory body may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, close-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other members.	7 8 9 10 11
	(3)	For the purposes of:	12
		(a) the approval of a resolution under subclause (1), or	13
		(b) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2),	14
		the Chairperson, Deputy Chairperson and each member have the same voting rights as they have at an ordinary meeting of the body.	15 16 17
	(4)	A resolution approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the advisory body.	18 19 20
	(5)	Papers may be circulated among members for the purposes of subclause (1) by facsimile or other transmission of the information in the papers concerned.	21 22 23
16	Minu	utes	24
	(1)	An advisory body must cause full and accurate minutes to be kept of the proceedings of each meeting of the body.	25 26
	(2)	The advisory body is to cause a copy of the minutes of each meeting to be forwarded to the Minister within 14 days after the meeting.	27 28 29
17	First	t meeting	30
		The first meeting of an advisory body is to be called in such	31 32

Sch	Schedule 6		Miscellaneous amendments			
			(Section 3)	2		
[1]	Section 3 I	Defini	tions	3		
	Omit the de		on of <i>Director-General</i> from section 3 (1). Insert instead: ector-General means:	4 5		
		(a)	the Commissioner for Fair Trading, Department of Commerce, or	6 7		
		(b)	if there is no such position in the Department—the Director-General of the Department.	3		
[2]	Section 95	Own	er-builder insurance	10		
	Omit "If" f	rom se	ection 95 (4). Insert instead "Subject to subsection (4A), if".	11		
[3]	Section 95	(4A)		12		
	Insert after	sectio	on 95 (4):	13		
	(4A)	A co	ontract is not voidable as referred to in subsection (4) if:	14		
		(a)	the owner-builder obtained a certificate of insurance evidencing a contract of insurance that complies with this Act in relation to the work or proposed work before entering the contract concerned, and	15 16 17 18		
		(b)	before completion of the contract, the owner-builder served on the purchaser (or a legal practitioner acting on the purchaser's behalf) a certificate of insurance, in the form prescribed by the regulations, evidencing that contract of insurance.	19 20 21 22 23		
[4]	Section 96 out under	Insur contra	rance in relation to residential building work not carried act	24 25		
	Omit "If" f	rom se	ection 96 (3A). Insert instead "Subject to subsection (3B), if".	26		
[5]	Section 96	(3B)		27		
	Insert after	sectio	on 96 (3A):	28		
	(3B)	A co	ontract is not voidable as referred to in subsection (3A) if:	29		
		(a)	the person obtained a certificate of insurance evidencing a contract of insurance that complies with this Act in relation to the residential building work before entering the contract concerned, and	30 31 32 33		

		(b)	purch behal	e completion of the contract, the person served on the aser (or a legal practitioner acting on the purchaser's f) a certificate of insurance, in the form prescribed by gulations, evidencing that contract of insurance.	1 2 3 4
[6]	Section 96	A Obl	igation	s of developers in relation to insurance	5
	Omit "If" fi	rom se	ction 96	5A (3). Insert instead "Subject to subsection (3A), if".	6
[7]	Section 96	A (3A))		7
	Insert after	section	n 96A (3):	8
	(3A)	A co	ntract is	s not voidable as referred to in subsection (3) if:	9
		(a)	contra to th	erson obtained a certificate of insurance evidencing a act of insurance that complies with this Act in relation e residential building work before entering the act concerned, and	10 11 12 13
		(b)	purch behal	e completion of the contract, the person served on the aser (or a legal practitioner acting on the purchaser's f) a certificate of insurance, in the form prescribed by gulations, evidencing that contract of insurance.	14 15 16 17
[8]	Section 12	0 Reg	ister		18
	Insert after	section	n 120 (3	3):	19
	(4)	other satisfied or in misle the certified	rwise and faction the coading contract	or-General may remove any particular from, or mend, the register if the particular is shown to the of the Director-General to be, or is to the knowledge opinion of the Director-General, false, erroneous, or unfairly prejudicial to the interests of the holder of etor licence, supervisor certificate, tradesperson building consultancy licence or owner-builder permit	20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
[9]	Section 12	3 Serv	ice of	notices or other documents	28
	Omit section	n 123	(1) (a)	(iii). Insert instead:	29
			(iii)	by posting it in a letter addressed to him or her at the address last known to the Director-General of his or her place of residence, or	30 31 32

Home Building Amendment Bill 2004

Schedule 6 Miscellaneous amendments

[10]	Section 123 (1) (b) (iii)		1
	Omit the subparagraph.	Insert instead:	2
	(iii)	by posting it in a letter addressed to the firm or body corporate at the address last known to the Director-General of its only or principal place of business.	3 4 5 6

Scł	nedu	le 7	Amendments inserting savings and transitional provisions	1
			(Section 3)	3
[1]	Sche	edule 4	Savings and transitional provisions	4
	Inser	t at the	e end of clause 2 (1):	5
			Home Building Amendment Act 2004	6
[2]	Sche	edule 4	I, Part 12	7
	Inser	t after	clause 73:	8
	Par	t 12	Provisions consequent on Home Building Amendment Act 2004	9 10
	74	Defir	nition	11
			In this Part:	12
			amending Act means the Home Building Amendment Act 2004.	13
	75		ications for authorities and renewals and restoration of orities	14 15
		(1)	Sections 20, 25, 32B and 40, as amended by the amending Act,	16
			do not apply to an application for an authority or for renewal or restoration of an authority made but not determined before the	17 18
			commencement of the amendment.	19
		(2)	The Home Building Regulation 2004, as amended by the	20
			amending Act, does not apply to an application for an authority made but not determined before the commencement of the	21 22
			amendment.	23
	76	Disc	iplinary proceedings	24
		(1)	The amendments made by Schedule 3 to the amending Act do not	25 26
			apply to proceedings commenced under Part 4 before the commencement of the amendments. Part 4, as in force	27
			immediately before the commencement of those amendments,	28 29
		(2)	continues to apply to those proceedings.	30
		(2)	The amendments made by Schedule 3 to the amending Act extend to any complaint made before the commencement of those	30 31
			amendments in relation to which proceedings have not	32
			commenced	33

Home Building Amendment Bill 2004

Schedule 7 Amendments inserting savings and transitional provisions

(3) A complaint may be made, and disciplinary action or proceedings may be taken under Part 4, after the commencement of the amendments made by Schedule 3 to the amending Act in relation to conduct or events that occurred before the commencement of those amendments.	1 2 3 4 5
Exchange of information	6
Section 103AD, as inserted by the amending Act, extends to relevant information obtained before the commencement of that amendment	7 8 9

77

Scl	hedu	le 8		Amendment of Home Building Regulation 2004	1 2
				(Section 4)	3
[1]	Clau the A	se 25 Act	Gener	al requirements for obtaining certain authorities under	4 5
	Omit	t clause	e 25 (1) (a) (iii), (iv) and (v).	6
[2]	Clau	se 28	4		7
	Inser	t after	clause	28:	8
	28A	Disq	ualific	cations from holding authorities	9
		(1)		the purposes of the Act, a person is disqualified from holding athority (other than an owner-builder permit) if the person:	10 11
			(a)	has been convicted in New South Wales or elsewhere of an offence involving dishonesty within the last 10 years, unless the Director-General has determined under subclause (2) that the offence should be ignored, or	12 13 14 15
			(b)	has been convicted within the last 5 years for an offence under section 46A (Lending of authority prohibited) of the Act, unless the Director-General has determined under subclause (2) that the offence should be ignored, or	16 17 18 19
			(c)	is disqualified from holding a licence, certificate of registration or other authority under a corresponding law or is the holder of such a licence, certificate of registration or other authority that is suspended, or	20 21 22 23
			(d)	is the holder of a licence, permit or other authority that is suspended under the <i>Fair Trading Act 1987</i> or any other Act administered by the Minister, or	24 25 26
			(e)	is in partnership with a person who is, or is a director of a corporation that is, disqualified from holding an authority, or	27 28 29
			(f)	is for the time being declared to be a person who is disqualified from holding an authority under Part 4 (Disciplinary proceedings) of the Act, or	30 31 32
			(g)	has failed to pay any monetary penalty payable by the person under Part 4 (Disciplinary proceedings) of the Act or has failed to comply with a condition imposed under section 62 (d) of the Act, and the failure continues or	33 34 35 36

			(h)	is in breach of any provision of the Act or this Regulation that is prescribed by this Regulation as a disqualifying breach.	1 2 3
		(2)	by a becau	Director-General may determine that an offence committed person should be ignored for the purposes of this clause use of the time that has passed since the offence was mitted or because of the triviality of the acts or omissions g rise to the offence.	4 5 6 7 8
		(3)	In thi	is clause:	9
			jurisc	esponding law means a law of another Australian diction that is declared by the Minister from time to time by der published in the Gazette to be a law that corresponds to act.	10 11 12 13
[3]	Clau	se 39A	L		14
	Inser	t before	e claus	se 40:	15
	39A	Gene	ral re	quirements for renewal or restoration of authorities	16
		(1)		re an authority is renewed or restored, the Director-General be satisfied that each relevant person:	17 18
			(a)	is not a mentally incapacitated person, and	19
			(b)	is not disqualified from holding the authority, and	20
			(c)	is not bankrupt and is not a director or person concerned in the management of a company that is the subject of a winding up order or for which a controller or administrator has been appointed or that has been voluntarily wound up, and	21 22 23 24 25
			(d)	was not bankrupt and was not a director or person concerned in the management of a company when the company was the subject of a winding up order, or when a controller or administrator was appointed, within a period of 3 years before the date of application, unless the Director-General is satisfied that the person took all reasonable steps to avoid the bankruptcy, liquidation or administration, and	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
			(e)	is not subject to any order of the Tribunal that has not been satisfied within the period required by the Tribunal, and	34 35
			(f)	has not had what the Director-General considers to be an unreasonable number of complaints made against him, her or it, and	36 37 38

[4]

	(g)	has not had what the Director-General considers to be an unreasonable number of formal cautions given to him, her or it, and	1 2 3
	(h)	has not had what the Director-General considers to be an unreasonable number of penalty notices issued against him, her or it (being penalty notices for offences under the Act that were not dealt with by a court and dismissed), and	4 5 6 7
	(i)	has not carried out work in respect of which the Director-General considers an unreasonable number of insurance claims have been paid.	8 9 10
(2)	relevo	ne purposes of this clause, each of the following persons is a contract person in relation to an application for renewal or ration of an authority:	11 12 13
	(a)	the applicant,	14
	(b)	if the applicant is a partnership:	15
		(i) every partner of the applicant, and	16
		(ii) if a member of the partnership is a corporation—every director of that corporation,	17 18
	(c)	if the applicant is a corporation—every director of the corporation.	19 20
(3)		ause (1) (c) and (d) do not prevent the Director-General renewing or restoring a supervisor or tradesperson icate.	21 22 23
(4)	renew	ause (1) (e) does not prevent the Director-General from ying or restoring an authority if the Director-General is ied that the person:	24 25 26
	(a)	has complied with the order of the Tribunal after the period required by the Tribunal, and	27 28
	(b)	has a reasonable excuse for the failure to comply with the order within that period.	29 30
Clauses 84	and 8	5	31
Omit the per	nalty p	provisions wherever occurring. Insert instead:	32
r	Maxi	mum penalty: 20 penalty units in the case of a corporation 0 penalty units in any other case.	33 34

Home Building Amendment Bill 2004

Schedule 8 Amendment of Home Building Regulation 2004

[5]	Clause 86 Hazardous specialist work: do-it-yourself publications and public addresses	1 2
	Omit the penalty provision in clause 86 (2). Insert instead:	3
	Maximum penalty: 40 penalty units in the case of a corporation	4
	and 20 penalty units in any other case.	

Sch	nedule 9 Amendment of other Acts and regulations	1
	(Section 5)	3
9.1	Dangerous Goods Act 1975 No 68	4
	Section 41 Regulations Omit "registration certificate" from section 41 (3A) (a). Insert instead "tradesperson certificate".	5 6 7
9.2	Dangerous Goods (Gas Installations) Regulation 1998	8
[1]	Clause 7 Gasfitting work to be carried out by qualified persons Omit "registration certificate" from clause 7 (b). Insert instead "tradesperson certificate".	9 10 11
[2]	Dictionary Omit the definition of <i>registration certificate</i> . Insert instead in alphabetical order:	12 13 14
	tradesperson certificate, in relation to a particular kind of gasfitting work, means a tradesperson certificate in force under the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> authorising the holder to carry out that kind of work under general supervision.	15 16 17 18
9.3	Dangerous Goods (General) Regulation 1999	19
[1]	Clause 247 Work on LP Gas transport containers Omit "registration certificate" from clause 247 (2) (b). Insert instead "tradesperson certificate".	20 21 22
[2]	Clause 247 (3), definition of "registration certificate"	23
	Omit the definition. Insert instead in alphabetical order:	24
	tradesperson certificate, in relation to a particular kind of work, means a tradesperson certificate in force under the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> authorising the holder to carry out that kind of work under general supervision.	25 26 27 28

9.4	Fair	Irac	ling Act 1987 No 68	1
[1]	Section 4 Definitions			
	Omit the definition of <i>advisory council</i> from section 4 (1). Insert instead:			
			<i>advisory council</i> means any of the councils established by Divisions 5–7 or 9 of Part 2.	4 5
[2]	Part	2, Div	ision 8 Home Building Advisory Council	6
	Omit the Division.			
[3]	Schedule 5 Savings and transitional provisions			
	Insert after clause 11E:			
	11F	Hom	ne Building Amendment Act 2004	10
		(1)	In this clause, <i>amending Act</i> means the <i>Home Building Amendment Act 2004</i> .	11 12
		(2)	A person ceases to hold office as a member or Chairperson of the Home Building Advisory Council constituted under this Act on	13 14
			the repeal of Division 8 of Part 2 by the amending Act. The	15
			person is not entitled to any remuneration or compensation by reason of ceasing to hold any such office.	16 17
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9.5	Gas	Sup	ply (Safety Management) Regulation 2002	18
[1]	Clau of, s	se 290 uitabl	C Gasfitting work to be carried out by, or under the supervision y qualified gasfitters	19 20
	Omit "registration certificate" from clause 29C (1) (b).			21
	Insert instead "tradesperson certificate".			22
[2]	Clause 29C (2), definition of "registration certificate"			
	Omit the definition. Insert instead in alphabetical order:			
			tradesperson certificate, in relation to a particular kind of gasfitting work, means a tradesperson certificate in force under	25 26
			the <i>Home Building Act 1989</i> authorising the holder to carry out that kind of work under general supervision.	27 28
9.6	Hunter Water Act 1991 No 53			
	Section 69 Work for water supply, sewerage or drainage			
	Omit "certificate of registration" from section 69 (1) (c).			31
	Insert instead "tradesperson certificate".			32

9.7	Local Government Act 1993 No 30	1	
	Section 634 Water, sewerage and stormwater drainage offences		
	Omit "registration certificate" from section 634 (1) (b).	3	
	Insert instead "tradesperson certificate".	4	
9.8	Sydney Water Act 1994 No 88		
	Section 99 Work for water supply, sewerage or stormwater drainage		
	Omit "certificate of registration" from section 99 (1) (c).	7	
	Insert instead "tradesperson certificate".	8	
9.9	Water Management Act 2000 No 92		
	Section 351 Unlicensed plumbing work		
	Omit "registration certificate" from section 351 (c).	11	
	Insert instead "tradesperson certificate".	12	