

New South Wales

Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Bill 2007

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament. This Bill is cognate with the *Liquor Bill 2007*.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to constitute the Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority as the licensing and regulatory authority for the purposes of the proposed *Liquor Act 2007*, the *Casino Control Act 1992*, the *Gaming Machines Act 2001* and the *Registered Clubs Act 1976*. The new Authority replaces the Casino Control Authority and also takes over the licensing and other regulatory functions of the Licensing Court and the Liquor Administration Board.

Outline of provisions

Part 1 Preliminary

Part 1 (clauses 1–5) contains provisions relating to the name and commencement of the proposed Act and its interpretation. The term *gaming and liquor legislation* covers the proposed Act, the proposed *Liquor Act 2007*, the *Casino Control Act 1992*, the *Gaming Machines Act 2001* and the *Registered Clubs Act 1976*. Other

defined terms (such as *key official* and *close associate*) are also included for the purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation.

Part 2 Constitution and functions of Authority

Part 2 (clauses 6–13) constitutes the new Authority as a corporation and provides for its membership (which includes a Chief Executive). The Authority will have functions under the gaming and liquor legislation. The Part contains other provisions relating to the Authority, including the power to establish committees and to delegate its functions.

Part 3 Probity

Part 3 (clauses 14–17) contains provisions relating to the integrity of certain persons (such as the members of the new Authority and designated members of staff) who are engaged in the administration of the gaming and liquor legislation. The Part also contains restrictions in relation to key officials and former key officials (eg they must not hold a gaming or liquor licence or be employed by the holder of such a licence) and prohibits the disclosure of information obtained under that legislation. These provisions are currently contained either in the *Casino Control Act 1992* or in the other relevant gaming and liquor Acts and are being consolidated in this Part so they can be applied uniformly across the gaming and liquor legislation.

Part 4 Investigation and enforcement powers

Part 4 (clauses 18–35) contains provisions relating to the powers of police officers and inspectors appointed under the proposed Act to carry out investigations, and to enter and search premises, for the purposes connected with the administration and enforcement of the gaming and liquor legislation. Most of these powers are currently contained either in the *Casino Control Act 1992* or in the other relevant gaming and liquor Acts and are being consolidated in this Part so they can be applied uniformly across the gaming and liquor legislation.

Part 5 Miscellaneous

Part 5 (clauses 36–50) contains miscellaneous provisions for the purposes of the proposed Act that are mainly of an administrative nature.

Schedule 1 contains provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Authority.

Schedule 2 contains savings, transitional and other provisions consequent on the enactment of the proposed Act. In particular, provision is made to continue the appointment of the existing Chief Executive of the Casino Control Authority as the Chief Executive of the new Authority and to continue the appointment of existing inspectors.



New South Wales

Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Bill 2007

Contents

			Page
Part 1	Pre	liminary	
	1	Name of Act	2
	2	Commencement	2
	3	Definitions	2
	4	Meaning of "gaming and liquor legislation"	4
	5	Meaning of "close associate"	4
Part 2	Cor	nstitution and functions of Authority	
	6	Constitution of Authority	6
	7	Members of Authority	6
	8	Chief Executive to manage the Authority	6
	9	General functions of Authority	6
	10	Committees	7
	11	Arrangements for supply of Police records	7
	12	Disclosure of spent convictions	7

				Page
	13	Delega	tion of Authority's functions	7
Part 3	Pro	bity		
	14 15 16 17	Persons legislati Destruc	s engaged in administration of gaming and liquor ion to be of highest integrity ction of finger prints etc tions relating to key officials and former key officials	9 10 11 12
Part 4	Inve	estigation	on and enforcement powers	
	Divis	sion 1	Preliminary	
	18 19 20	Effect o	es for which powers under Part may be exercised on other functions tment and identification of inspectors	15 15 15
	Divis	sion 2	Powers to require information or records	
	21 22 23	Provision	ement to provide information and records ons relating to records tion of Division	16 16 16
	Divis	sion 3	Powers of entry and search of premises	
	24 25		to enter premises to residential premises only with permission or	16 16
	26 27 28 29	Powers Search Assista	to inspect and seize things warrants nce to be given to inspectors with seized things	17 17 18 18
		sion 4	Power to question persons	
	30 31		of inspectors to require answers of inspectors to demand name and address	19 19
	Divis	sion 5	Additional functions of inspectors relating to casino	
	32 33		nal functions ors to investigate casino-related complaints	19 20
	Divis	sion 6	General	
	34 35	Provision	es under this Part ons relating to requirements to furnish records, tion or answer questions	20 21

Contents

			Page
Part 5	Mis	cellaneous	
	36	False or misleading statements	23
	37	Protection from personal liability	23
	38	Delegation by Division Head	23
	39	Annual report	23
	40	Recovery of money due to Authority	24
	41	Seal of Authority	24
	42	Service of documents on Authority	24
	43	Service of notices	24
	44	Offences by corporations	25
	45	Proceedings for offences	25
	46	Penalty notices	26
	47	Regulations	26
	48	Act to bind Crown	27
	49	Savings, transitional and other provisions	27
	50	Review of Act	27
Schedu	le 1	Provisions relating to the members and	
		procedure of the Authority	28
Schedu	le 2	Savings, transitional and other provisions	35



New South Wales

Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Bill 2007

No , 2007

A Bill for

An Act to constitute the Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority and to specify its functions; to provide for the probity of officials under the gaming and liquor legislation; to confer investigation and enforcement powers for the purposes of that legislation; and for other purposes.

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	
Pai	rt 1	Preliminary	
1	Nam	e of Act	
		This Act is the Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Act 2007.	
2	Com	mencement	
		This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	
3	Defi	nitions	
	(1)	In this Act:	
	. ,	Authority means the Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority constituted by this Act.	
		casino, casino licence, casino operator, gaming equipment and operations have the same meanings as in the Casino Control Act 1992.	
		<i>Chief Executive</i> means the Chief Executive of the Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority holding office as such under Chapter 1A of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> .	
		close associate—see section 5.	
		controlled contract means a contract within the meaning of section 36 of the Casino Control Act 1992.	
		Director means the Director of Liquor and Gaming holding office as such under Chapter 1A of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> .	
		exercise a function includes perform a duty.	
		function includes a power, authority or duty.	
		gaming and liquor legislation—see section 4.	
		gaming or liquor licence means a licence under the gaming and liquor legislation, and gaming and liquor licensee includes a casino operator or a registered club.	
		<i>inspector</i> means a member of staff appointed by the relevant Division Head under section 20 to be an inspector for the purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation, and includes the Director.	

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key official means any of the following:

a member of the Authority,

the relevant Division Head,

the Director,

Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Bill 2007

(a)

(b)

(c)

Clause 1

Preliminary

Preliminary Part 1

Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

(2)

(d)	a member of staff who is the subject of a current written order by the relevant Division Head that has been served on the member of staff and is to the effect that the member is a key official for the purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation,	1 2 3 4
(e)	a consultant to the Authority who is the subject of a current written order by the Authority that has been served on the consultant and is to the effect that the consultant is a key official for the purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation,	5 6 7 8
(f)	the Commissioner of Police or a police officer who holds the position of Patrol Commander or a higher ranked or graded position but is not referred to in paragraph (g),	9 10 11
(g)	a member of the NSW Police Force who is the subject of a current written order by the Commissioner of Police that has been served on the member and is to the effect that the member is a key official for the purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation.	12 13 14 15
	ber of staff means any person (other than the Chief Executive) who ployed in the relevant Division, and includes:	16 17
(a)	any police officer who is performing services for the Authority under section 9 (3) (a), and	18 19
(b)	any person whose services are made use of by the Authority under section 9 (3) (b).	20 21
	ber of the Authority means the Chief Executive and any person nted under section 7.	22 23
prem	ises includes:	24
(a)	a building or structure, or	25
(b)	land or a place (whether enclosed or built on or not), or	26
(c)	a vehicle, vessel or aircraft.	27
	ds includes plans, specifications, maps, reports, books and other ments (whether in writing, in electronic form or otherwise).	28 29
regist Act 2	tered club means a club that holds a club licence under the <i>Liquor</i> 007.	30 31
comp <i>Publi</i>	ant Division means the Division of the Government Service rising those persons who are employed under Chapter 1A of the c Sector Employment and Management Act 2002 to enable the prity to exercise its functions.	32 33 34 35
<i>releve</i> Divis	ant Division Head means the person exercising functions as the ion Head of the relevant Division.	36 37

38

4	Mea	ning o	f "gaming and liquor legislation"	1		
		In th	is Act:	2		
		gam	gaming and liquor legislation means any of the following Acts and the			
			lations and other instruments made under those Acts:	3 4		
		(a)	this Act,	5		
		(b)	Casino Control Act 1992,	6		
		(c)	Gaming Machines Act 2001,	7		
		(d)	Liquor Act 2007,	8		
		(e)	Registered Clubs Act 1976.	9		
5	Mea	ning o	f "close associate"	10		
	(1)	asso	he purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation, a person is a <i>close ciate</i> of an applicant for, or the holder of, a gaming or liquor licence person:	11 12 13		
		(a)	holds or will hold any relevant financial interest, or is or will be	14		
			entitled to exercise any relevant power (whether in his or her own	15		
			right or on behalf of any other person), in the business of the applicant or licensee that is or will be carried on under the	16 17		
			authority of the licence, and by virtue of that interest or power is	18		
			or will be able (in the opinion of the Authority) to exercise a	19		
			significant influence over or with respect to the management or operation of that business, or	20 21		
		(b)	holds or will hold any relevant position, whether in his or her own	22		
			right or on behalf of any other person, in the business of the	23		
			applicant or licensee that is or will be carried on under the authority of the licence.	24 25		
	(2)	In th	is section:	26		
		relev	vant financial interest, in relation to a business, means:	27		
		(a)	any share in the capital of the business, or	28		
		(b)	any entitlement to receive any income derived from the business,	29		
			or to receive any other financial benefit or financial advantage	30		
			from the carrying on of the business, whether the entitlement arises at law or in equity or otherwise, or	31 32		
		(c)	any entitlement to receive any rent, profit or other income in	33		
		(-)	connection with the use or occupation of premises on which the	34		
			business of the club is or is to be carried on (such as, for example,	35		
			an entitlement of the owner of the premises of a registered club	36		
		1	to receive rent as lessor of the premises).	37		
			vant position means:	38		
		(a)	the position of director, manager or secretary, or	39		

	(b)	any other position, however designated, if it is an executive position.	1 2
	relev other	nant power means any power, whether exercisable by voting or twise and whether exercisable alone or in association with others:	3 4
	(a)	to participate in any directorial, managerial or executive decision, or	5 6
	(b)	to elect or appoint any person to any relevant position.	7
(3)	assoc	the purposes of this section, a financial institution is not a close ciate by reason only of having a relevant financial interest in ion to a business.	8 9 10
(4)	of the unde or th	the purposes of this section, a Presiding Officer (within the meaning the <i>Parliamentary Precincts Act 1997</i>) is not, in the case of a licence of the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> , a close associate of an applicant for a licence the holder of a licence that relates to premises within the amentary precincts.	11 12 13 14 15

Par	rt 2	Constitution and functions of Authority	1
6	Con	stitution of Authority	2
	(1)	There is constituted by this Act a corporation with the corporate name of the Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority.	3
	(2)	The Authority is a NSW Government agency.	5
	(3)	The Authority is not subject to the direction or control of the Minister, except to the extent specifically provided for in the gaming and liquor legislation.	6 7 8
		Note. Sections 5, 7, 9 and 10 of the <i>Casino Control Act 1992</i> and section 205 of the <i>Gaming Machines Act 2001</i> are examples of when the Authority exercises its functions subject to the control, or at the direction of, the Minister.	9 10 11
7	Men	bers of Authority	12
	(1)	The Authority consists of:	13
		(a) the Chief Executive, and	14
		(b) such number of other members as are appointed by the Governor on the recommendation of the Minister.	15 16
	(2)	At least one of the members of the Authority (other than the Chief Executive) must be a person who:	17 18
		(a) is or has been a Judge, or	19
		(b) has been an Australian lawyer for at least 7 years.	20
	(3)	One of the members of the Authority (other than the Chief Executive) is to be appointed as Chairperson of the Authority in and by the member's instrument of appointment or a subsequent instrument executed by the Governor.	21 22 23 24
	(4)	One of the other members of the Authority (other than the Chief Executive) is to be appointed as Deputy Chairperson of the Authority in and by the member's instrument of appointment or a subsequent instrument executed by the Governor.	25 26 27 28
	(5)	Schedule 1 has effect with respect to the members and procedure of the Authority.	29 30
8	Chie	f Executive to manage the Authority	31
		The affairs of the Authority are to be managed and controlled by the Chief Executive in accordance with the directions of the Authority.	32 33
9	Gen	eral functions of Authority	34
	(1)	The Authority has the functions conferred or imposed on it by or under:	35

		(a)	the gaming and liquor legislation, or	
		(b)	any other legislation.	2
	(2)	The	Authority cannot employ any staff.	;
		unde	Staff to enable the Authority to exercise its functions may be employed of Chapter 1A of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> Government Service.	!
	(3)	The	Authority may however:	-
		(a)	arrange for police officers to be made available to perform services for the Authority, and	8
		(b)	arrange for the use of the services of any staff (by secondment or otherwise) or facilities of a Division of the Government Service (other than the relevant Division) or a public or local authority, and	10 17 12 13
		(c)	engage such consultants as it requires to exercise its functions.	14
10	Com	mittee	es	15
	(1)	The the e	Authority may establish committees to assist it in connection with xercise of any of its functions.	16 17
	(2)		ommittee of the Authority need not include a member of the ority.	18 19
	(3)	cond Auth	procedure for the calling of meetings of a committee and for the uct of business at those meetings is to be as determined by the ority or (subject to any determination of the Authority) by the mittee.	20 27 22 23
11	Arra	ngeme	ents for supply of Police records	24
	(1)	arran in th	Authority and the Commissioner of Police may enter into agements for the supply to the Authority of information contained are records of the NSW Police Force, to assist in the effectual nistration of the gaming and liquor legislation.	25 20 27 28
	(2)		e arrangements are sufficient authority for the supply of that mation.	29 30
12	Disc	losure	of spent convictions	3
		The of se	Authority is taken to be a law enforcement agency for the purposes ction 13 of the <i>Criminal Records Act 1991</i> .	32 33
13	Dele	gation	of Authority's functions	34
	(1)		Authority may delegate to an authorised person or body the cise of any of its functions other than this power of delegation.	38

Clause 13	Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Bill 2007	
Part 2	Constitution and functions of Authority	
(2)	The Authority cannot, however, delegate its functions under sections 18, 19, 22, 23, 28 and 59 of the <i>Casino Control Act 1992</i> .	1 2
(3)	In this section: authorised person or body means:	3
	(a) a member of staff, or	5
	(b) a committee of the Authority, or	6
	(c) a person of a class prescribed by the regulations.	7

Probity Part 3

Part 3		Probity	
14	Pers be o	sons engaged in administration of gaming and liquor legislatio of highest integrity	n to 2
	(1)	This section applies to the following positions:	4
		(a) member of the Authority,	5
		(b) member of staff designated by the Authority in writing for purposes of this section,	or the 6
		(c) consultant to the Authority designated by the Authority in w for the purposes of this section.	rriting 8 9
	(2)	A person is not eligible to be appointed to, or to hold, a position to this section applies unless the person possesses the highest standintegrity.	
	(3)	The question of whether a person possesses the highest standard integrity is to be determined by the person responsible for the possessed, namely:	
		(a) the Minister—in the case of the position of member of Authority, or	of the 16
		(b) the Authority—in the case of the position of member of st consultant to the Authority.	aff or 18
	(4)	For the purpose of making such a determination, the person respondent for the position must (in the case of proposed appointments) and (in all other cases) cause to be carried out all such investigation inquiries as the person considers proper and, in particular, must (case of proposed appointments) and may (in all other cases) obtain consider a report from the Commissioner of Police in relation to person being considered for appointment to the position, or the lof the position, as the case requires.	1 may 21 is and 22 in the 23 in and 24 o any 25
	(5)	In carrying out any investigation or inquiry for the purposes of section, the Authority must comply with such guidelines a Authority may from time to time establish in connection with conduct of such an investigation or inquiry.	s the 29
	(6)	The Commissioner of Police is to furnish such a report at the requirement the person responsible for the position and may for the purpose report require a person to whom the report relates to consent to his or her photograph, finger prints and palm prints taken.	of the 33
	(7)	If a person fails to co-operate with an investigation or inquiry subsection (4) in relation to a position to which this section applied	

		(a)	in the case of a candidate for appointment to such a position, the person is not eligible to be appointed to the position, and	1 2
		(b)	in the case of the holder of such a position, that person is liable to be removed from the position.	3 4
	(8)		he purposes of subsection (7), a person fails to co-operate with an stigation or inquiry under subsection (4) if:	5 6
		(a)	the person refuses or fails to comply with a request for information from the person conducting the investigation or inquiry, or	7 8 9
		(b)	the person refuses or fails to comply with a request for information from the Commissioner of Police in relation to the preparation of a report under subsection (6), or	10 11 12
		(c)	the person refuses or fails to comply with a request for consent under subsection (6).	13 14
	(9)	holde	compensation is payable to any person as a consequence of the er of a position to which this section applies being removed from osition under subsection (7).	15 16 17
	(10)		rson is not eligible to be appointed to, or to hold, a position to which section applies if:	18 19
		(a)	the person is, or was at any time during the previous 4 years, an employee of a person who is the holder of, or a close associate of the holder of, a casino licence or a party to a controlled contract with the holder of a casino licence, or	20 21 22 23
		(b)	the person has, or had at any time during the previous 4 years, directly or indirectly any business or financial association with, or any business or financial interest in any matter in conjunction with, a person who is the holder of, or a close associate of the holder of, a casino licence or a party to a controlled contract with the holder of a casino licence.	24 25 26 27 28 29
	(11)	or of	the purposes of subsection (10), <i>casino licence</i> includes any licence ther form of authorisation that authorises its holder to conduct to style gaming in any place outside the State (including outside ralia).	30 31 32 33
	(12)	Auth	e case of the position of a member of staff or consultant to the ority, the Authority may waive the operation of subsection (10) in ticular case.	34 35 36
15	Dest	ructio	n of finger prints etc	37
		obtai	erson who has possession of any finger prints or palm prints and for the purposes of section 14 (or any copies of them) must be the finger prints or palm prints (or the copies of them) to be	38 39 40

			royed as soon as possible after the person to whom they relate no	1
		_	er holds a position to which that section applies.	2
		IVIax	imum penalty: 20 penalty units.	3
16	Rest	riction	ns relating to key officials and former key officials	4
	(1)	A ke	y official or former key official must not:	5
		(a)	hold any type of gaming or liquor licence, or	6
		(b)	without the approval of the appropriate authority, hold office as a member of the governing body of a registered club, or	7 8
		(c)	solicit employment, in any capacity, from a gaming or liquor licensee or from a person known by the official to be a close associate of such a licensee, or	9 10 11
		(d)	be an employee in any capacity of:	12
			(i) a gaming or liquor licensee, or	13
			(ii) a person known by the official to be a close associate of a gaming or liquor licensee, or	14 15
			(iii) a casino contractor, or	16
		(e)	without the approval of the appropriate authority, knowingly have, directly or indirectly, any business or financial association with, or any business or financial interest in any matter in conjunction with, a gaming or liquor licensee or a person known by the official to be a close associate of such a licensee.	17 18 19 20 21
		Max	imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	22
	(2)	A ga not:	iming or liquor licensee or a close associate of such a licensee must	23 24
		(a)	employ, in any capacity, a person known by the licensee or close associate to be a key official or former key official, or	25 26
		(b)	without the approval of the appropriate authority, knowingly have, directly or indirectly, any business or financial association with, or any business or financial interest in any matter in conjunction with, a person known by the licensee or close associate to be a key official or former key official.	27 28 29 30 31
		Max	imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	32
	(3)		rovals granted by the appropriate authority under this section are to ecorded and available for public inspection.	33 34
	(4)	In th	is section:	35
	` /		copriate authority, in relation to a key official or former key ial, means:	36 37

		(a)	in the case of a member of staff or former member of staff—the relevant Division Head, or	1 2
		(b)	in the case of a consultant to the Authority or former consultant to the Authority—the Authority, or	3 4
		(c)	in the case of a member of the NSW Police Force or former member of the NSW Police Force—the Commissioner of Police, or	5 6 7
		(d)	in any other case—the Minister.	8
		with	a casino operator or with a person who is the subject of a notice or section 38 of the <i>Casino Control Act 1992</i> .	9 10 11
		during person a for Regis	ther key official means a person who was a key official at any time and the previous 4 years (or the previous 3 years in the case of a con who was, immediately before the commencement of this section, timer key official for the purposes of the Liquor Act 1982, the stered Clubs Act 1976 or the Gaming Machines Act 2001) but who alonger a key official.	12 13 14 15 16 17
17	Secr	есу		18
	(1)		erson who acquires information in the exercise of functions under gaming and liquor legislation must not, directly or indirectly:	19 20
		(a)	make a record of the information, or	21
		(b)	divulge the information to another person,	22
			pt in the exercise of functions under the gaming and liquor lation.	23 24
		Maxi	imum penalty: 50 penalty units.	25
	(2)	Desp	oite subsection (1), information may be divulged:	26
		(a)	to a particular person or persons, if the Authority certifies that it is necessary in the public interest that the information be divulged to the person or persons, or	27 28 29
		(b)	to a person or body prescribed by the regulations, or	30
		(c)	to a person who is expressly or impliedly authorised to obtain it by the person to whom the information relates, or	31 32
		(d)	to the Minister, or to a person who is engaged in the administration of the gaming and liquor legislation and is authorised in writing by the Minister to receive information under this section.	33 34 35 36
	(3)	appli	rmation to which section 143C of the <i>Casino Control Act 1992</i> les may not be divulged under subsection (2) except with the ent of the Commissioner of Police.	37 38 39

Probity Part 3

(4)	A pe	rson cannot be required:	1
	(a)	to produce in any court any document or other thing that has	2
		come into the person's possession, custody or control by reason	3
		of, or in the course of, the exercise of the person's functions under the gaming and liquor legislation, or	4 5
	(b)	to divulge to any court any information that has come to the	6
	(0)	person's notice in the exercise of the person's functions under	7
		that legislation.	8
(5)		ite subsection (4), a person may be required to produce a document	9
		her thing in a court or to divulge information to a court if:	10
	(a)	the Authority certifies that it is necessary in the public interest to	11
		do so, or	12
	(b)	a person to whom the information relates (or to whom the	13
		information contained in the document or thing relates) has expressly authorised it to be divulged to or produced in the court.	14 15
(6)	۸		
(6)		erson or body to whom or which information is divulged under ection (2), and a person or employee under the control of that	16 17
	perso	on or body, are, in respect of that information, subject to the same	18
	right	s, privileges and duties under this section as they would be if that	19
		on, body or employee were a person exercising functions under the	20
		ng and liquor legislation and had acquired the information in the cise of those functions.	21
			22
(7)		section does not apply to the divulging of information to, or the uction of any document or other thing to, any of the following:	23 24
	(a)	the New South Wales Crime Commission,	25
	(b)	the Independent Commission Against Corruption,	26
	(c)	the Australian Crime Commission,	27
	(d)	the NSW Police Force or the police force of another State or a Territory,	28 29
	(e)	the Australian Federal Police,	30
	(f)	any other person or body prescribed for the purposes of this subsection.	31 32
(8)	in ac	section does not prevent a person being given access to a document cordance with the <i>Freedom of Information Act 1989</i> , unless the ment:	33 34 35
	(a)	contains matter the disclosure of which could reasonably be expected to do any of the following:	36 37

	(i)	prejudice the investigation of any contravention or possible contravention of the law (including any revenue law) whether generally or in a particular case,	1 2 3
	(11)	enable the existence or identity of any confidential source of information, in relation to the enforcement or administration of the law, to be ascertained,	4 5 6
	(iii)	prejudice the effectiveness of any lawful method or procedure for preventing, detecting, investigating or dealing with any contravention or possible contravention of the law (including any revenue law), or	7 8 9 10
		document the disclosure of which would disclose any of the wing information:	11 12
	(i)	information concerning the business, commercial, professional or financial affairs of an applicant for a casino licence under the <i>Casino Control Act 1992</i> or a licence under Part 4 of that Act,	13 14 15 16
	(ii)	information obtained in the course of an investigation of an application for such a licence,	17 18
	(iii)	information concerning the system of internal controls and administrative and accounting procedures for a casino.	19 20
(9)	In this sect	ion:	21
		des any tribunal, authority or person having power to require ion of documents or the answering of questions.	22 23
	<i>produce</i> in	cludes permit access to.	24

Part 4 Division ′		3 3	
	(1)	Powers may be exercised under this Part for the following purposes:	4
		(a) for determining whether there has been compliance with or a contravention of the gaming and liquor legislation,	5
		(b) for obtaining information or records for purposes connected with the administration of the gaming and liquor legislation,	7 8
		(c) in connection with exercising the functions of an inspector under the gaming and liquor legislation,	9 10
		(d) generally for administering the gaming and liquor legislation and promoting its objects.	11 12
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), powers may be exercised under this Part in relation to a casino for the purposes of:	13 14
		(a) observing any of the operations of the casino, and	15
		(b) determining whether the operation of a casino is being properly conducted, supervised and managed.	16 17
19	Effec	ct on other functions	18
		Nothing in this Part affects any function under any other provision of the gaming and liquor legislation or under any other legislation.	19 20
20	Appo	pointment and identification of inspectors	21
	(1)	The relevant Division Head may appoint a member of staff to be an inspector for the purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation.	22 23
	(2)	The Director is taken to have been appointed as an inspector.	24
	(3)	The relevant Division Head is to cause each inspector to be issued with a means of identification in the form approved by the Division Head.	25 26
	(4)	In the course of exercising the functions of an inspector under the gaming and liquor legislation, the inspector must, if requested to do so by any person affected by the exercise of any such function, produce the inspector's identification for inspection by the person unless to do so would defeat the purpose for which the functions are to be exercised.	27 28 29 30 31

Investigation and en	forcement powers
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Divi	ision	2 Powers to require information or records	1
21	Req	uirement to provide information and records	2
	(1)	The Authority or an inspector may, by notice in writing given to a person, require the person to furnish to the Authority or inspector such information or records (or both) as the Authority or inspector requires by the notice in connection with any matter relating to the responsibilities or functions of the Authority under the gaming and liquor legislation.	3 4 5 6 7 8
	(2)	Any such notice must specify the manner in which information or records are required to be furnished and a reasonable time by which the information or records are required to be furnished.	9 10 11
22	Prov	risions relating to records	12
	(1)	A notice under this Division may only require a person to furnish records that are in the person's possession or that are within the person's power to obtain lawfully.	13 14 15
	(2)	The body or person to whom any record is furnished under this Division may take copies of it.	16 17
	(3)	If any record required to be furnished under this Division is in electronic, mechanical or other form, the notice requires the record to be furnished in written form, unless the notice otherwise provides.	18 19 20
23	Арр	lication of Division	21
		This Division applies whether or not a power of entry under Division 3 is being or has been exercised.	22 23
Divi	ision	3 Powers of entry and search of premises	24
24	Pow	er to enter premises	25
	(1)	An inspector or police officer may enter any premises at any time for the purposes referred to in section 18.	26 27
	(2)	Entry may be effected under this Act by an inspector with the aid of such other inspectors or police officers as the inspector considers necessary and with the use of reasonable force.	28 29 30
25	Entr	y into residential premises only with permission or warrant	31
		This Division does not empower an inspector or police officer to enter any part of premises used only for residential purposes without the permission of the occupier or the authority of a search warrant under section 27.	32 33 34 35

26	Pow	ers to	inspect and seize things	1	
	(1)	do ai be de	nspector or police officer may, on any premises lawfully entered, nything that in the opinion of the inspector or officer is necessary to one for the purposes of this Part, including (but not limited to) the gs specified in subsection (2).	2 3 4 5	
	(2)	An i	nspector or police officer may do any or all of the following:	6	
		(a)	examine and inspect any part of the premises or any article or thing on the premises,	7 8	
		(b)	make such examinations and inquiries as the inspector or officer considers necessary,	9 10	
		(c)	require records to be produced for inspection,	11	
		(d)	examine and inspect any records,	12	
		(e)	copy any records,	13	
		(f)	seize anything that the inspector or officer has reasonable grounds for believing is connected with an offence under the gaming and liquor legislation,	14 15 16	
		(g)	do any other thing the inspector or officer is empowered to do under this Part.	17 18	
	(3)		power to seize anything connected with an offence includes a er to seize:	19 20	
		(a)	a thing with respect to which the offence has been committed, and	21 22	
		(b)	a thing that will afford evidence of the commission of the offence, and	23 24	
		(c)	a thing that was used for the purpose of committing the offence.	25	
			ference to any such offence includes a reference to an offence that e are reasonable grounds for believing has been committed.	26 27	
27	Search warrants				
	(1)	issue	nspector or police officer may apply to an authorised officer for the e of a search warrant if the inspector or police officer believes on onable grounds that:	29 30 31	
		(a)	a provision of the gaming and liquor legislation is being or has been contravened at any premises, or	32 33	
		(b)	there is in or on any premises matter or a thing that is connected with an offence under the gaming and liquor legislation.	34 35	
	(2)	satis	authorised officer to whom such an application is made may, if fied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a search ant authorising an inspector or police officer named in the warrant:	36 37 38	

		(a) to enter the premises, and	1	
		(b) to exercise any function of an inspector under this Division.	2	
	(3)	Division 4 of Part 5 of the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002</i> applies to a search warrant issued under this section.	3 4 5	
	(4)	In this section:	6	
		authorised officer has the same meaning as in the Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002.	7 8	
		matter or a thing connected with an offence means:	9	
		(a) matter or a thing with respect to which the offence has been committed, or	10 11	
		(b) matter or a thing that will afford evidence of the commission of an offence, or	12 13	
		(c) matter or a thing that was used, or is intended to be used, for the purpose of committing the offence.	14 15	
		<i>offence</i> includes an offence that there are reasonable grounds for believing has been, or is to be, committed.	16 17	
28	Assistance to be given to inspectors			
	(1)	This section applies for the purpose of enabling an inspector to exercise any of the powers of an inspector under this Division in connection with any premises.	19 20 21	
	(2)	The Authority may, by notice in writing given to the owner or occupier of the premises, require the owner or occupier to provide such reasonable assistance and facilities as are specified in the notice within a specified time and in a specified manner.	22 23 24 25	
	(3)	Assistance and facilities can be required under this section, whether they are of the same kind as, or a different kind from, any prescribed by the regulations.	26 27 28	
29	Deal	ing with seized things	29	
	(1)	If an inspector or police officer seizes anything under section 26 on any premises, the inspector or officer must issue the person apparently in charge of the premises with a written receipt for the thing seized.	30 31 32	
	(2)	An inspector or police officer may retain anything seized under section 26 until the completion of any proceedings (including proceedings on appeal) in which it may be evidence.	33 34 35	
	(3)	A record may only be retained under subsection (2) if the person from whom the record was seized is provided, within a reasonable time after the seizure, with a copy of the record certified by the inspector or police	36 37 38	

Clause 30

		officer as a true copy. The copy is, as evidence, of equal validity to the document of which it is certified to be a copy.	1 2
	(4)	Subsection (2) ceases to have effect in relation to anything seized if, on	3
	, ,	the application of a person aggrieved by the seizure, the court in which	4
		proceedings referred to in that subsection are commenced so orders.	5
Divi	sion	4 Power to question persons	6
30	Pow	er of inspectors to require answers	7
	(1)	An inspector may require a person whom the inspector suspects on	8
		reasonable grounds to have knowledge of matters in respect of which	9
		information reasonably required for the purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation to answer questions in relation to those matters.	10 11
	(2)	The Authority may, by notice in writing, require a corporation to	12
		nominate, in writing within the time specified in the notice, a director or	13
		officer of the corporation to be the corporation's representative for the purpose of answering questions under this section.	14 15
	(3)	Answers given by a person nominated under subsection (2) bind the	16
		corporation.	17
31	Pow	er of inspectors to demand name and address	18
	(1)	An inspector may require a person whom the inspector suspects on	19
		reasonable grounds to have offended or to be offending against the	20
		gaming and liquor legislation to state his or her full name and residential address.	21 22
	(2)	An inspector may request a person who is required under this section to	23
		state his or her full name and residential address to provide proof of the	24
		name and address. It is not an offence under section 34 to fail to comply with any such request.	25 26
Divi	sion		27
		casino	28
32	Addi	tional functions	29
		Without limiting the functions of an inspector under this Part or any of	30
		the other provisions of the gaming and liquor legislation, inspectors have the following functions:	31 32
		(a) to supervise operations in a casino and to inspect the gaming	33
		equipment used in a casino,	34
		(b) to supervise the handling and counting of money in a casino,	35

		(c)	to direct a person to cease having available for use any gaming equipment considered by the inspector to be unsatisfactory for use,	1 2 3
		(d)	to assist in any other manner, where necessary, in the detection of offences committed against the <i>Casino Control Act 1992</i> in a casino,	4 5 6
		(e)	to receive and investigate complaints, in accordance with section 33, from casino patrons relating to the conduct of gaming in a casino,	7 8 9
		(f)	to report to the Authority regarding operations in a casino.	10
33	Insp	ectors	to investigate casino-related complaints	11
	(1)	gami	receiving a complaint from a patron relating to the conduct of ing in a casino, an inspector must investigate the complaint with diligence.	12 13 14
	(2)	comp	inspector must inform the casino operator of the substance of the plaint and give the operator a reasonable opportunity to make a onse to it.	15 16 17
	(3)	If, as	a result of the investigation, the inspector is satisfied that:	18
		(a)	the conduct of any game in a casino has contravened any condition of the casino licence, any game rules or any direction given by the Authority under the <i>Casino Control Act 1992</i> , or	19 20 21
		(b)	there has been any other contravention of a provision of the gaming and liquor legislation,	22 23
		the in	nspector is to report the matter to the Authority in writing.	24
	(4)	opera inves	inspector must give or send a copy of his or her report to the casino ator and must inform the complainant of the results of the stigation of the complaint and of any action taken or to be taken as a neequence of it.	25 26 27 28
Divi	sion	6	General	29
34	Offe	nces u	under this Part	30
	(1)		rson must not, without lawful excuse, refuse or fail to comply with uirement made of the person under this Part.	31 32
	(2)	purp	erson must not furnish any information or do any other thing in orted compliance with a requirement made under this Part, wing that it is false or misleading in a material respect.	33 34 35

	(3)	A person must not wilfully:	
		(a) obstruct, delay, hinder, assault, threaten, insult or intimidate an inspector or police officer in the exercise of the inspector's or	;
		officer's powers under this Part, or	4
		(b) refuse to allow an inspector or officer to enter any premises the inspector or officer may lawfully enter under this Part.	(
	(4)	A person must not impersonate an inspector.	-
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units.	8
35		risions relating to requirements to furnish records, information or ver questions	10
	(1)	Warning to be given on each occasion	1
		A person is not guilty of an offence of failing to comply with a requirement under this Part to furnish records or information or to answer a question unless the person was warned on that occasion that a failure to comply is an offence.	12 13 14 18
	(2)	Self-incrimination not an excuse	16
		A person is not excused from a requirement under this Part to furnish records or information or to answer a question on the ground that the record, information or answer might incriminate the person or make the person liable to a penalty.	17 18 19 20
	(3)	Information or answer not admissible if objection made	2
		However, any information furnished or answer given by a natural person in compliance with a requirement under this Part is not admissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings (except proceedings for an offence under this Part) if:	22 23 24 25
		(a) the person objected at the time to doing so on the ground that it might incriminate the person, or	26 27
		(b) the person was not warned on that occasion that the person may object to furnishing the information or giving the answer on the ground that it might incriminate the person.	28 29 30
	(4)	Records admissible	3
		Any record furnished by a person in compliance with a requirement under this Part is not inadmissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings on the ground that the record might incriminate the person.	32 33 34 38

(5)	Further information	
	Further information obtained as a result of a record or information furnished or of an answer given in compliance with a requirement under this Part is not inadmissible on the ground:	
	(a) that the record or information had to be furnished or the answer had to be given, or	
	(b) that the record or information furnished or answer given might incriminate the person.	
(6)	Requirement to state name and address	
	This section extends to a requirement under this Part to state a person's name and address.	

Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Bill 2007

Investigation and enforcement powers

Clause 35

Casino, Liquo	or and Gamir	ng Control A	Authority	Bill 2007

Clause 36

Miscellaneous Part 5

Par	t 5	Miscellaneous	1
36	False	or misleading statements	2
	(1)	A person must not, in any official document, make a statement that the person knows, or could reasonably be expected to know:	3
		(a) is false or misleading in a material respect, or	5
		(b) omits material matter.	6
		Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or both.	7 8
	(2)	In this section:	9
		<i>official document</i> means any application, instrument or other document that is, for the purposes of the gaming and liquor legislation, given to or lodged with the Minister, the Authority, the Director or the relevant Division Head.	10 11 12 13
37	Prote	ction from personal liability	14
		Anything done or omitted to be done by a person who is:	15
		(a) a member of the Authority, or	16
		(b) the Director, or	17
		(c) a member of staff, or	18
		(d) a consultant to the Authority, or	19
		(e) a police officer,	20
		in exercising functions conferred or imposed on the person by or under	21
		the gaming and liquor legislation, or in the course of the administration of that legislation, does not, if it was done or omitted to be done in good	22 23
		faith, subject the person personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.	24 25
38	Deleg	ation by Division Head	26
		The relevant Division Head may delegate to any member of staff any of the Division Head's functions under this Act (other than this power of delegation).	27 28 29
39	Annu	al report	30
		A report under the <i>Annual Reports (Departments) Act 1985</i> in respect of the Department of the Arts, Sport and Recreation may include any annual report required to be made in respect of the Authority under the <i>Annual Reports (Statutory Bodies) Act 1984</i> .	31 32 33 34

40	Reco	overy of mo	ney due to Authority	1
	(1)	(including it orders to	y due to the Authority under the gaming and liquor legislation any monetary penalty imposed by the Authority or any costs be paid) may be recovered by the Authority as a debt in a competent jurisdiction.	2 3 4 5
	(2)	This section Control Ac	on does not limit the operation of section 23 of the Casino ct 1992.	6 7
41	Seal	of Authorit	у	8
			f the Authority is to be kept by the Chief Executive and may to a document only:	9 10
			ne presence of the Chief Executive or a member of the staff of Authority authorised in that behalf by the Chief Executive,	11 12 13
			an an attestation by the signature of the Chief Executive or that onber of staff of the fact of the affixing of the seal.	14 15
42	Serv	ice of docu	ments on Authority	16
	(1)	office of th	nt may be served on the Authority by sending it by post to an all Authority or leaving it at the office with a person authorised by the Authority to accept service of documents on behalf of city.	17 18 19 20
	(2)	of the rule	this section affects the operation of any provision of a law or es of a court authorising a document to be served on the in any other manner.	21 22 23
43	Serv	ice of notic	es	24
	(1)		e or other instrument required or authorised by or under the d liquor legislation to be served on or given to a person may or given:	25 26 27
		(a) in th	ne case of an individual:	28
		(i)	by delivering it personally to the individual, or	29
		(ii)	by posting it, addressed to the individual at the individual's residential address, business address or address for service of notices, or	30 31 32
		(iii)	by leaving it with a person apparently aged 16 years or more at the individual's residential address or business address, or	33 34 35
		(iv)	by sending it by means of electronic communication or facsimile transmission, addressed to the individual at the individual's address for service of electronic	36 37 38

Clause 44

Miscellaneous Par	art 5
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			communications or facsimile transmissions, in accordance with the individual's information technology requirements with respect to the receipt of electronic communications or facsimile transmissions, or	1 2 3 4
		(b) in th	ne case of a corporation:	5
		(i)	by delivering it personally to a person concerned in the corporation's management, or	6 7
		(ii)	by posting it, addressed to the corporation at the corporation's business address or address for service of notices, or	8 9 10
		(iii)	by leaving it with a person apparently aged 16 years or more at the corporation's business address, or	11 12
		(iv)	by sending it by means of electronic communication or facsimile transmission, addressed to the corporation at the corporation's address for service of electronic communications or facsimile transmissions, in accordance with the corporation's information technology requirements with respect to the receipt of electronic communications or facsimile transmissions.	13 14 15 16 17 18
	(2)		ee in this section to a person's address of any particular kind reference to the address of that kind:	20 21
		(a) as la	ast known to the Authority, or	22
		(b) as n	ominated by the person and provided to the Authority.	23
	(3)		etion, <i>business address</i> in relation to a person includes the any licensed premises of which the person is the licensee.	24 25
44	Offe	nces by cor	porations	26
	(1)	is a director of the corp	ration contravenes any provision of this Act, each person who or of the corporation or who is concerned in the management poration is taken to have contravened the same provision if the owingly authorised or permitted the contravention.	27 28 29 30
	(2)	pursuant t	may be proceeded against and convicted under a provision to subsection (1) whether or not the corporation has been against or convicted under that provision.	31 32 33
	(3)		this section affects any liability imposed on a corporation for committed by the corporation under this Act.	34 35
45	Proc	eedings for	r offences	36
			gs for an offence under this Act or the regulations are to be f summarily before the Local Court.	37 38

46	Pena	alty no	otices	1
	(1)	appe	authorised officer may serve a penalty notice on a person if it ars to the officer that the person has committed an offence under Act, being an offence prescribed by the regulations.	2 3 4
	(2)	not within	enalty notice is a notice to the effect that, if the person served does wish to have the matter determined by a court, the person may pay in a time and to a person specified in the notice the amount of lty prescribed by the regulations for the offence if dealt with under section.	5 6 7 8 9
	(3)	A pe	enalty notice may be served personally or by post.	10
	(4)	this	e amount of penalty prescribed for an alleged offence is paid under section, no person is liable to any further proceedings for the ged offence.	11 12 13
	(5)	liabil	nent under this section is not to be regarded as an admission of lity for the purpose of, and does not in any way affect or prejudice, civil proceeding arising out of the same occurrence.	14 15 16
	(6)	The	regulations may:	17
		(a)	prescribe an offence for the purposes of this section by specifying the offence or by referring to the provision creating the offence, and	18 19 20
		(b)	prescribe the amount of penalty payable for the offence if dealt with under this section, and	21 22
		(c)	prescribe different amounts of penalties for different offences or classes of offences.	23 24
	(7)	must	amount of a penalty prescribed under this section for an offence not exceed the maximum amount of penalty that could be imposed the offence by a court.	25 26 27
	(8)	made	section does not limit the operation of any other provision of, or e under, this or any other Act relating to proceedings that may be in in respect of offences.	28 29 30
	(9)	In th	is section:	31
		auth	orised officer means a police officer or an inspector.	32
47	Regu	ulatior	ns	33
	(1)	or wi	Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for ith respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to rescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for ving out or giving effect to this Act.	34 35 36 37

Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Bill 2007	Clause 48
Miscellaneous	Part 5

	(2)	The regulations may create offences punishable by a penalty not exceeding 100 penalty units.	1 2
48	Act t	o bind Crown	3
		This Act binds the Crown in right of New South Wales and, in so far as the legislative power of the Parliament of New South Wales permits, the Crown in all its other capacities.	4 5 6
49	Savi	ngs, transitional and other provisions	7
		Schedule 2 has effect.	8
50	Revi	ew of Act	9
	(1)	The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.	10 11 12
	(2)	The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 5 years from the date of assent to this Act.	13 14
	(3)	A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 5 years.	15 16

Schedule 1		le 1 Provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Authority	1
		(Section 7 (5))	3
Paı	rt 1	Members	4
1	Defi	nition	5
		In this Schedule:	6
		<i>appointed member</i> means a member of the Authority other than the Chief Executive.	7
2	Арр	ointed member may be appointed as a full-time or part-time member	9
	(1)	The appointment of an appointed member may be on a full-time or part-time basis.	10 11
	(2)	A full-time appointed member must devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of the office of a full-time member of the Authority.	12 13
3	Tern	n of office	14
	(1)	Subject to this Schedule, an appointed member holds office for such period (not exceeding 5 years) as is specified in the member's instrument of appointment.	15 16 17
	(2)	The periods for which appointed members are appointed must be such that at any time at least 2 of the appointed members have no more than 3 years of a term of office remaining.	18 19 20
	(3)	An appointed member is eligible to be reappointed.	21
4	Rem	uneration	22
	(1)	A full-time appointed member is (subject to subclause (2)) entitled to be paid remuneration in accordance with the <i>Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975</i> and such travelling and subsistence allowances as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member.	23 24 25 26 27
	(2)	A full-time appointed member who is a Judge is not, while receiving salary or allowance as a Judge, entitled to remuneration under this Act.	28 29
	(3)	A part-time appointed member is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the member	30 31

5	App	ointme	ent of Judge as member not to affect tenure etc	1		
	(1)	mem a jud perso prece	appointment of a person who is the holder of a judicial office as a ber or deputy member, or service by a person who is the holder of licial office as a member or deputy member, does not affect the on's tenure of that judicial office or the person's rank, title, status, edence, salary, allowances or other rights or privileges as the holder at judicial office.	2 3 4 5 6 7		
	(2)		all purposes, the person's service as a member or deputy member is taken to be service as the holder of that judicial office.	8 9		
	(3)	In thi	is clause, <i>judicial office</i> means an office of Judge.	10		
6	Depu	uties		11		
	(1)	of an	Minister may, from time to time, appoint a person to be the deputy n appointed member, and the Minister may revoke any such intment.	12 13 14		
	(2)	Secti	on 14 applies to the position of deputy of a member.	15		
	(3)	In the	e absence of an appointed member, the member's deputy:	16		
		(a)	may, if available, act in the place of the member, and	17		
		(b)	while so acting, has all the functions of the member and is to be regarded as a member.	18 19		
	(4)	A person appointed as the deputy of an appointed member may perform such other functions as the Minister may determine.				
	(5)	The deputy of an appointed member who is also Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson does not have the member's functions as Chairperson or Deputy Chairperson.				
	(6)	A person while acting in the place of an appointed member, or while performing any function under subclause (4), is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Minister may from time to time determine in respect of the person.				
	(7)	A person may, but need not, be appointed to the position of deputy of a member for a period specified in the person's instrument of appointment.				
	(8)	The p	position of deputy of a member becomes vacant if the deputy:	32		
		(a)	dies, or	33		
		(b)	if appointed for a period, completes a term in the position and is not reappointed, or	34 35		
		(c)	resigns the position by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	36 37		

		(a)	under this clause, or	1 2
		(e)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	3 4 5 6
		(f)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	7
		(g)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence which is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence which, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	8 9 10 11 12
7	Vaca	ncy ir	office of appointed member	13
	(1)	The o	office of an appointed member becomes vacant if the member:	14
		(a)	dies, or	15
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not reappointed, or	16
		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	17 18
		(d)	is removed from office by the Governor under this clause or under Chapter 5 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and</i> <i>Management Act 2002</i> , or	19 20 21
		(e)	in the case of a part-time appointed member, is absent from 4 consecutive meetings of the Authority of which reasonable notice has been given to the member personally or in the ordinary course of post, except on leave granted by the Authority or unless, before the expiration of 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the member is excused by the Authority for having been absent from those meetings, or	22 23 24 25 26 27 28
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	29 30 31 32
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	33
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence which is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence which, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	34 35 36 37 38
	(2)	The time.	Governor may remove an appointed member from office at any	39 40

8	Fillir	ng of v	acancy in office of appointed member	,
			e office of an appointed member becomes vacant, a person may, ect to this Act, be appointed to fill the vacancy.	:
9	Vaca	ition o	of office by Chairperson	4
	(1)	The	office of Chairperson becomes vacant if the Chairperson:	ļ
		(a)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	•
		(b)	is removed from that office by the Governor under this clause, or	8
		(c)	ceases to be an appointed member.	9
	(2)	The	Governor may remove the Chairperson from office at any time.	10
10	Disc	losure	e of pecuniary interests	1
	(1)	A m	ember of the Authority:	1:
		(a)	who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered at a meeting of the Authority, and	1; 14 1;
		(b)	whose interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the member's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	10 17 18
		mem	t, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have come to the aber's knowledge, disclose the nature of the interest at a meeting of Authority.	19 20 21
	(2)	A dis	sclosure by a member of the Authority at a meeting of the Authority the member:	2:
		(a)	is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	24 25
		(b)	is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	20
		(c)	has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	2
		relat after	sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any matter ing to that company or other body or to that person which may arise the date of the disclosure and which is required to be disclosed er this clause.	29 30 33 32
	(3)	by th	iculars of any disclosure made under this clause must be recorded ne members of the Authority in a book kept for the purpose and that a must be open at all reasonable hours to inspection by any person ayment of the fee determined by the members of the Authority.	3: 3: 3: 3:

	(4)	After a member of the Authority has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter, the member must not, unless the other members of the Authority otherwise determine:	1 2 3
		(a) be present during any deliberation of the Authority with respect to the matter, or	4 5
		(b) take part in any decision of the Authority with respect to the matter.	6 7
	(5)	For the purposes of the making of a determination by the members of the Authority under subclause (4), a member of the Authority who has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter to which the disclosure relates must not:	8 9 10 11
		(a) be present during any deliberation of the other members of the Authority for the purpose of making the determination, or	12 13
		(b) take part in the making by the other members of the Authority of the determination.	14 15
	(6)	A contravention of this clause does not invalidate any decision of the Authority.	16 17
	(7)	A reference in this clause to a meeting of the Authority includes a reference to a meeting of a committee of the Authority.	18 19
11	Effe	ct of certain other Acts	20
	(1)	The <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> does not apply to the appointment of an appointed member and an appointed member is not, as such a member, subject to that Act (except Chapter 5).	21 22 23
	(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	24
		(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	25 26
		(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	27 28
		the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of an appointed member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as an appointed member.	29 30 31 32
	(3)	The office of a part-time appointed member is not, for the purposes of any Act, an office or place of profit under the Crown.	33 34
12	Proc	f of certain matters not required	35
		In any legal proceedings, proof is not required (until evidence is given to the contrary) of:	36 37
		(a) the constitution of the Authority, or	38

		(b)	any resolution of the Authority, or	1
		(c)	the appointment of, or holding of office by, any member of the Authority, or	2
		(d)	the presence or nature of a quorum at any meeting of the Authority.	4 5
Par	t 2	Pro	ocedure	6
13	Gene	eral pr	rocedure	7
		cond	procedure for the calling of meetings of the Authority and for the luct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as mined by the Authority.	8 9 10
14	Quo	rum		11
		The	quorum for a meeting of the Authority is a majority of its members.	12
15	Pres	iding	member	13
	(1)		Chairperson or, in the absence of the Chairperson, the Deputy rperson, is to preside at a meeting of the Authority.	14 15
	(2)	anotl	her member elected to chair the meeting by the members present is reside at a meeting of the Authority.	16 17 18
	(3)		person presiding at any meeting of the Authority has a deliberative and, in the event of an equality of votes, has a second or casting	19 20 21
16	Voti	ng		22
			ecision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the cority at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Authority.	23 24
17	Tran	sactio	on of business outside meetings or by telephone etc	25
	(1)	circu time	Authority may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the lation of papers among all the members of the Authority for the being, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by a majority ose members is to be regarded as a decision of the Authority.	26 27 28 29
	(2)	meet close speal	Authority may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a ting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, ed-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who ks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other libers.	30 31 32 33 34

Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control Authority Bill 2007

Schedule 1 Provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Authority

	(3)	For the purpose of:	1
		(a) the approval of a resolution under subclause (1), or	2
		(b) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2),	3
		the Chairperson and each member have the same voting rights as they have at an ordinary meeting of the Authority.	4 5
	(4)	A resolution approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Authority.	6 7
	(5)	Papers may be circulated among members for the purposes of subclause (1) by facsimile, email or other transmission of the information in the papers concerned.	8 9 10
18	Minu	utes	11
		The Authority must cause full and accurate minutes to be kept of the proceedings of each meeting of the Authority.	12 13
19	First	meeting	14
		The Minister may call the first meeting of the Authority in such manner as the Minister thinks fit.	15 16

Schedule 2 Savings, transitional and other provisions				
			(Section 49)	3
Par	Part 1 Preliminary			2
1	Savi	ngs aı	nd transitional regulations	ţ
	(1)	natu	regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional re consequent on the enactment of the following Acts:	-
		this .	Act	8
		Misc	cellaneous Acts (Casino, Liquor and Gaming) Amendment Act 2007	ę
	(2)		such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from late of assent to the Act concerned or a later day.	10 1
	(3)	is ea	the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that urlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision not operate so as:	12 13 14
		(a)	to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or	15 16 17
		(b)	to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.	18 19 20
Paı	t 2	Pro Act	ovisions consequent on enactment of this	2°
2	Con	tinuati	ion of appointment of Chief Executive of CCA	23
	(1)	Authimm (Cas commas the Auth	person holding office as Chief Executive of the Casino Control nority under section 137 of the Casino Control Act 1992 rediately before the repeal of that section by the Miscellaneous Acts and, Liquor and Gaming) Amendment Act 2007 is, on the mencement of section 7 of this Act, taken to have been appointed the Chief Executive of the Casino, Liquor and Gaming Control nority for the remainder of the term for which the person was binted to the previous office.	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
	(2)		ion 14 of this Act does not apply in relation to the appointment that ken to have been made under subclause (1).	32 33

3	Inspectors		1
	Any	person who held office as:	2
	(a)	a special inspector under section 109 of the <i>Liquor Act 1982</i> immediately before the repeal of that section by the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> , or	3 4 5
	(b)	an inspector under section 106 of the Casino Control Act 1992 immediately before the repeal of that section by the Miscellaneous Acts (Casino, Liquor and Gaming) Amendment Act 2007,	6 7 8
		ken to have been appointed by the relevant Division Head as an ector under section 20 of this Act	10