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New South Wales

## Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

### **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

**Overview of Bill** 

A guideline judgment is a judgment of a court that sets out guidelines for the sentencing of offenders. Such guidelines are intended to be indicative only and are not intended to be applied in every case as if they were rules binding on judges but help to ensure consistency in sentencing decisions. Recently, legislation was enacted to enable the Attorney General to apply to the Court of Criminal Appeal at any time (rather than in the context of a particular case) to ask it to exercise its power and jurisdiction to give a guideline judgment in respect of a specified offence or category of offences. (This legislation was originally enacted in the *Criminal Procedure Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Act 1998*. However, it is now found in Division 4 of Part 3 of the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*.)

Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

Explanatory note

The object of this Bill is to establish a similar procedure in relation to sentencing for occupational health and safety offences. The Bill proposes to amend the *Occupational Health and Safety Act 1983* to enable the Attorney General to apply to the Full Bench of the Industrial Relations Commission in Court Session at any time to ask it to give a guideline judgment in respect of a specified offence or category of offences relating to occupational health and safety.

### Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

**Clause 2** provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

**Clause 3** is a formal provision giving effect to the amendment to the *Occupational Health and Safety Act 1983* set out in Schedule 1.

Schedule 1 contains the amendment described in the above overview.

First print



New South Wales

# Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

## Contents

		Page
_	Name of Act Commencement Amendment of Occupational Health and Safety Act 1983 No 20	2 2 2
Schedule 1	Amendment	3



New South Wales

## Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

No , 2000

### A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Occupational Health and Safety Act 1983* with respect to guidelines for the sentencing of persons convicted of occupational health and safety offences.

#### Clause 1 Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

The I	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Act 2000.	3 4
2	Commencement	5
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	6 7
3	Amendment of Occupational Health and Safety Act 1983 No 20	8
	The Occupational Health and Safety Act 1983 is amended as set out	9
	in Schedule 1.	10

Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

Amendment	Schedule 1
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Schedule 1	Amendment	1
	(Section 3)	2
Part 7		3
Insert after I	Part 6:	4
Part 7 S	entencing guidelines	5
Division 1	Interpretation	6
56 Defir	nitions	7
	In this Part:	8
	<i>Full Bench</i> means the Full Bench of the Industrial Relations Commission in Court Session.	9 10
	guideline judgment means a judgment of the Full Bench	11
	containing guidelines to be taken into account by the Industrial	12
	Relations Commission in Court Session, a Local Court, the	13 14
	District Court or the Supreme Court in sentencing persons convicted of an offence being:	14
	(a) guidelines that apply generally, or	16
	(b) guidelines that apply to particular courts (or the	17
	Industrial Relations Commission in Court Session) or	18
	classes of courts, to particular offences or classes of	19
	offences, to particular penalties or classes of penalties or to particular classes of persons convicted of an offence	20 21
	(but not to particular persons).	21
	guideline proceedings means proceedings under section 57 on	23
	an application for a guideline judgment referred to in that	24
	section.	25
	offence means an offence under this Act, the regulations or the	26
	associated occupational health and safety legislation.	27
	<i>State peak council</i> has the meaning that it has in the Dictionary to the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> .	28 29

Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

Schedule 1 Amendment

<b>Division 2</b>	Applications for sentencing guidelines

57	Gui	Suideline judgments on application of Attorney General		
	(1)	The Full Bench may give a guideline judgment on application of the Attorney General.	3 4	
	(2)	An application for a guideline judgment may include submissions with respect to the framing of the guidelines.	5 6	
	(3)	An application is not to be made in any proceedings before the Full Bench with respect to any particular person.	7 8	
	(4)	The powers and jurisdiction of the Full Bench to give a guideline judgment in proceedings under this section in relation to an offence are the same as the powers and jurisdiction that the Court of Criminal Appeal has to give a guideline judgment in a pending proceeding relating to an offence apart from section 37 of the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999.</i>	9 10 11 12 13 14	
	(5)	A guideline judgment under this section may be given separately or may be included in any judgment of the Full Bench that it considers appropriate.	15 16 17	
58	Pea	k councils may intervene	18	
	(1)	A State peak council, or a representative of a State peak council who is a legal practitioner, may appear in guideline proceedings.	19 20 21	
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), a State peak council or its representative may do either or both of the following:	22 23	
		(a) make submissions with respect to the framing of the guidelines,	24 25	
		(b) assist the Full Bench with respect to any relevant matter.	26	
59	Full	Bench may give persons or organisations leave to appear	27	
	(1)	The Full Bench may grant leave to any person, organisation or government department or agency (or a representative of any	28 29	

Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

Am	end	ment

Schedule 1

	(2)	gove: appea	out limiting subsection (1), any person, organisation, rnment department or agency that is granted leave to ar (or its representative, if any) may do either or both of ollowing:	1 2 3 4
		(a)	make submissions with respect to the framing of the guidelines,	5 6
		(b)	assist the Full Bench with respect to any relevant matter.	7
	(3)	This	section does not apply to State peak councils.	8
60	Alte	eration	of guideline judgments	9
		may judgr	ideline judgment given in proceedings under section 57 be reviewed, varied or revoked in a subsequent guideline ment of the Full Bench, whether made under that section part from it.	10 11 12 13
61	Dis	cretion	n of Full Bench preserved	14
		Noth	ing in this Part:	15
		(a)	limits any power or jurisdiction of the Full Bench to give a guideline judgment that the Full Bench has apart from section 57, or	16 17 18
		(b)	requires the Full Bench to give any guideline judgment under section 57 if it considers it inappropriate to do so.	19 20
62	Rul	es of I	Industrial Relations Commission	21
		unde	s of the Industrial Relations Commission may be made r the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> with respect to cations, and proceedings to determine applications, under Part.	22 23 24 25
Divis	ion (	3	Miscellaneous	26
63	Use	e of ev	idence in giving guideline judgments	27
	(1)	Noth section evide	ing in section 12 of the <i>Criminal Appeal Act 1912</i> or in on 163 (2) of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 1996</i> limits the ence or other matters that the Full Bench may take into ideration in giving a guideline judgment (whether or not on	28 29 30 31

Page 5

Occupational Health and Safety Amendment (Sentencing Guidelines) Bill 2000

Schedule 1 Amendment

an application under this Part) and the Full Bench may inform itself as it sees fit.

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(2) The Full Bench must not increase a sentence in any appeal by reason of, or in consideration of, any evidence that is used by the Full Bench in giving a guideline judgment in the appeal but was not given in the original proceedings.