First print



New South Wales

Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2014

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (*the Principal Act*):

- (a) to increase substantially the maximum penalties for offences against the Principal Act and the regulations under the Principal Act, including the following:
 - (i) a maximum penalty of \$5 million in the case of a corporation or \$1 million in the case of an individual and additional daily penalties for an intentional offence that caused or was likely to cause significant harm to the environment or caused the death of or serious injury or illness to a person (tier 1 maximum penalty),
 - (ii) a maximum penalty of \$2 million in the case of a corporation or \$0.5 million in the case of an individual and additional daily penalties for other offences against the Principal Act (except certain certificate offences and other offences to which a tier 3 maximum penalty is applied) (tier 2 maximum penalty),
 - (iii) a maximum penalty of \$1 million in the case of a corporation or \$0.25 million in the case of an individual and additional daily penalties for certain certificate offences and other offences to which a tier 3 maximum penalty is applied (tier 3 maximum penalty),
 - (iv) a maximum penalty of \$110,000 for an offence against the regulations, and
- (b) to create additional offences, including for providing false or misleading information in connection with planning matters, and

- (c) to consolidate and expand the investigative powers of council and Departmental officers for the enforcement of the Principal Act and to make other provision for the enforcement of the Principal Act, including provision for cessation of utilities orders, and
- (d) to require the Secretary of the Department to establish and facilitate the online delivery of planning services and information (by means of the NSW planning portal), including to enable planning applications to be lodged and dealt with online and to facilitate public access to planning information, and
- (e) to make miscellaneous amendments, including to update references to the Director-General of the Department to the Secretary of the Department, and to clarify the obligation of directors of corporations to declare political donations in connection with planning matters.

The Bill also amends the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1989* to further postpone the staged repeal of the regulations under the Principal Act.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation (except Schedules 4 and 5 which are to commence on the date of assent).

Schedule 1 contains the amendments of the Principal Act outlined above relating to offences and penalties.

Schedule 2 contains the amendments of the Principal Act outlined above relating to enforcement powers.

Schedule 3 contains the amendments of the Principal Act outlined above relating to ePlanning.

Schedules 4, 5 and 6 contain the miscellaneous amendments of the Principal Act and other instruments outlined above.

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Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2014

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New South Wales

Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2014

No , 2014

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* with respect to offences and penalties, enforcement powers and ePlanning; and for other purposes.

Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2014 [NSW]

The	Legisl	ature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Nam	e of Act	2
		This Act is the Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Act 2014.	3
2	Com	mencement	4
	(1)	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation, except as provided by subsection (2).	5 6
	(2)	Schedules 4 (except Schedule 4 [6]) and 5 commence on the date of assent to this Act.	7

Scl	hedule	1 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Offences and penalties	1 2 3
[1]	Section	4 Definitions	4
	Insert in	alphabetical order in section 4 (1):	5
		<i>tier 1 maximum penalty, tier 2 maximum penalty</i> or <i>tier 3 maximum penalty</i> in relation to an offence, indicates the maximum penalty that a court may impose for the offence—see sections 125A, 125B and 125C for the relevant maximum amounts.	6 7 8 9
[2]	Section	81A Effects of development consents and commencement of development	10
	Omit sec	tion 81A (7).	11
[3]	Section	86 Commencement of complying development	12
	Omit sec	tion 86 (4).	13
[4]	Section	109M Occupation and use of new building requires occupation certificate	14
	Omit the	maximum penalty from section 109M (1).	15
[5]	Section certifica	109N Change of building use of existing building requires occupation te	16 17
	Omit the	maximum penalty from section 109N (1).	18
[6]	Section	122E Offences relating to monitoring and environmental audits	19
	Omit sec	tion 122E (4). Insert instead:	20
	(4) Penalty	21
		The maximum penalty for an offence under section 125 arising under this Division is a tier 3 maximum penalty.	22 23
[7]	Section	125 Offences against this Act and the regulations	24
	Insert aft	er section 125 (3):	25
	(3A) A person who:	26
		(a) aids, abets, counsels or procures another person to commit, or	27
		(b) conspires to commit,	28
		an offence against this Act or the regulations arising under any other provision is guilty of an offence against this Act or the regulations arising under that provision and is liable, on conviction, to the same penalty applicable to an offence arising under that provision.	29 30 31 32
[8]	Sections	a 125A, 125B, 125C and 125D	33
	Insert aft	er section 125:	34
	125A Ma	aximum penalties for offences against Act: Tier 1	35
	(1) This section applies to an offence against this Act under section 125 (1) if the prosecution establishes (to the criminal standard of proof):	36 37
		(a) that the offence was committed intentionally, and	38

		(b) t	hat the offence:	1
				2 3
		(ii) caused the death of or serious injury or illness to a person.	4
		comme	ncing the proceedings must allege that those factors apply to the	5 6 7
	(2)			8 9
		(a) i	n the case of a corporation:	0
			(i) \$5 million, and 1	1
		(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$50,000 for each day the offence continues, or	
		(b) i	n the case of an individual:	4
			(i) \$1 million, and	5
		(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$10,000 for each day the offence continues.	
125B	Maxi	imum pe	nalties for offences against Act: Tier 2	8
	(1)	than ar	ction applies to an offence against this Act under section 125 (1), other offence to which section 125A applies or an offence for which a paximum penalty applies.	0
	(2)		on who is guilty of an offence to which this section applies is liable to <i>maximum penalty</i> , being a penalty not exceeding: 2	
		(a) i	n the case of a corporation: 2	4
			(i) \$2 million, and 2	5
		(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$20,000 for each day the 22 offence continues, or 22	
		(b) i	n the case of an individual: 2	8
			(i) \$500,000, and 2	9
		(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$5,000 for each day the 3 offence continues. 3	
	(3)	Howev differen applies	er, this section is subject to any provision of this Act that declares a at maximum penalty for a particular offence to which this section 3	3
125C	Maxi	imum pe	nalties for offences against Act: Tier 3 3	5
	(1)	This se	ction applies to: 3	6
		(a) a	certificate-related offence, or 3	7
			ny other offence against this Act under section 125 (1) for which a 3 ier 3 maximum penalty is declared by this Act to apply. 3	
	(2)		on who is guilty of an offence to which this section applies is liable to <i>maximum penalty</i> , being a penalty not exceeding: 4	-
		(a) i	n the case of a corporation: 4	2
			(i) \$1 million, and 4	3
		(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$10,000 for each day the 4 offence continues, or 4	

			(b) in the case of an individual:	1
			(i) $$250,000, and$	2
			(ii) for a continuing offence—a further \$2,500 for each day the offence continues.	3 4
	(3		In this section, a <i>certificate-related offence</i> is an offence under section 125 arising under any of the following provisions of this Act:	5 6
			(a) section 81A (except subsections (2) (a), (2) (b) (i), (4) (a) and (4) (b)),	7
			(b) section 85A (10A) and (11),	8
			(c) section 86 (except subsections (1) (a) (i) and (2) (a)),	9
			(d) section 109D,	10
			(e) section 109E (3) (d) and (e),	11
			(f) section 109F,	12
			(g) section 109G,	13
			(h) section 109H,	14
			(i) section 109J.	15
	125D M	laxin	num penalties for offences against regulations	16
	(1	1)	This section applies to an offence against the regulations under section 125 (2).	17
	(2		A person who is guilty of an offence to which this section applies is liable to a penalty not exceeding \$110,000.	18 19
	(3		However, this section is subject to any provision of the regulations that prescribes a different maximum penalty for a particular offence to which this section applies.	20 21 22
[9]	Section	126	Additional provisions relating to penalties	23
			126 (1) and (2).	24
[10]	Section	126	(2A)	25
			section 126 (3):	26
	(2A		Part 8.3 of the <i>Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997</i> (Court orders in connection with offences) applies to an offence against this Act or the regulations in the same way as it applies to an offence against that Act or the regulations under that Act, but only in relation to proceedings before the Court and subject to any modifications prescribed by the regulations under this Act. Note. An offence under section 251 of that Act in relation to an order will become an	27 28 29 30 31 32 33
			offence against this Act.	34
[11]	Section	146	A Smoke alarms in buildings providing sleeping accommodation	35
	Omit see	ction	146A (3). Insert instead:	36
	(3		The maximum penalty for an offence against the regulation arising under this section is \$550 (and not the maximum penalty of \$110,000 provided by section 125D for offences against other regulations).	37 38 39

[12]	Sect	ion 14	8 Disc	closure and misuse of information	1
	Omi	t the pe	nalty	set out at the end of the section. Insert instead:	2
		(5)	secti	maximum penalty for an offence under section 125 arising under this on is a tier 3 maximum penalty or imprisonment for a period not eding 6 months, or both.	3 4 5
[13]	Sect	ion 14	8B		6
	Inser	t befor	e secti	ion 149:	7
	148B	Offer	nce—f	false or misleading information	8
		(1)	that t	erson must not provide information in connection with a planning matter the person knows, or ought reasonably to know, is false or misleading in iterial particular.	9 10 11
		(2)		maximum penalty for an offence under section 125 arising under this on is a tier 3 maximum penalty.	12 13
		(3)		the purposes of this section, a person provides information in connection a planning matter if:	14 15
			(a)	the person is an applicant for a consent, approval or certificate under this Act (or for the modification of any such consent, approval or certificate) and the information is provided by the applicant in or in connection with the application, or	16 17 18 19
			(b)	the person is engaged by any such applicant and the information is provided by that person for the purposes of the application, or	20 21
			(c)	the person is a proponent of proposed development and the information is provided in or in connection with a formal request to the Minister, a council, the Secretary or other planning authority for the making of provisions of an environmental planning instrument, Ministerial planning order, plan or other document under this Act in relation to the proposed development, or	22 23 24 25 26 27
			(d)	the person provides information in connection with any other matter or thing under this Act that the regulations declare to be the provision of information in connection with a planning matter for the purposes of this section.	28 29 30 31
		(4)	prova matte Note inform maxin misle	environmental impact statement or other document is part of information ided in connection with a matter if it forms part of or accompanies the er or is subsequently submitted in support of the matter. The <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> contains other offences relating to false and misleading mation: section 192G (Intention to defraud by false or misleading statement— mum penalty 5 years imprisonment); sections 307A, 307B and 307C (False or eading applications/information/documents—maximum penalty 2 years sonment or \$22,000, or both).	32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39

Sch	edu	le 2	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Enforcement powers	1 2 3			
[1]	Part	6, Divis	ion 1A Local enforcement powers	4			
	Omit the Division.						
[2]	Part	6, Divis	ion 1C	6			
	Inser	t before	Division 2 of Part 6:	7			
	Divi	sion 1	C Investigative powers	8			
	Sub	divisi	on 1 Preliminary	9			
11	9 A	Defini	tions	10			
			In this Division:	11			
			<i>authorised fire officer</i> means an authorised fire officer within the meaning of section 121ZC.	12 13			
			investigation authority means:	14			
			(a) a council, in relation to an investigation officer appointed by the council, or	15 16			
			(b) the Secretary, in relation to any other investigation officer.	17			
			<i>investigation officer</i> means a person appointed as an investigation officer under this Division by the Secretary (a <i>departmental investigation officer</i>) or by a council (a <i>council investigation officer</i>).	18 19 20			
			<i>investigation purpose</i> means a purpose for which a power may be exercised under this Division.	21 22			
			<i>occupier</i> of premises means the person who has the management or control of the premises.	23 24			
			<i>records</i> includes plans, specifications, maps, reports, books and other documents (whether in writing, in electronic form or otherwise).	25 26			
			<i>this Act</i> includes the regulations.	27			
11	9B	Appoi	ntment of investigation officers	28			
		(1)	The Secretary or a council may appoint persons (including any class of persons) as investigation officers for the purposes of this Division.	29 30			
			Note. Because of the definition of <i>investigation officer</i> , a person appointed by the Secretary becomes a <i>departmental investigation officer</i> and a person appointed by the council becomes a <i>council investigation officer</i> .	31 32 33			
			A person's appointment as an investigation officer may be made generally, or made subject to conditions or restrictions or only for limited purposes.	34 35			
			A person's appointment as an investigation officer is to be made by written instrument (in the case of an individual appointment) or by notice published on the NSW planning portal or in the Gazette (in the case of the appointment of a class of persons).	36 37 38 39			
		(4)	Every investigation officer is to be provided by the investigation authority with an identification card as an investigation officer.	40 41			

	(5)	If persons of a class are appointed as investigation officers, they need not be provided with an identification card if the investigation authority is satisfied that they possess adequate identification as persons of that class.	1 2 3
119C	Purp	oses for which powers under Division may be exercised	4
	(1)	A departmental investigation officer may exercise powers under this Division for any of the following purposes:	5 6
		(a) enabling the Minister or the Secretary to exercise their functions under this Act,	7 8
		(b) determining whether there has been compliance with or a contravention of this Act, including any instrument, consent, approval or any other document or requirement issued or made under this Act,	9 10 11
		(c) obtaining information or records for purposes connected with the administration of this Act,	12 13
		(d) generally for administering this Act.	14
	(2)	A council investigation officer may exercise powers under this Division for any of the following purposes:	15 16
		(a) enabling a council to exercise its functions under this Act,	17
		(b) at the request of the Commissioner of Fire and Rescue NSW, determining whether or not adequate provision for fire safety has been made in or in connection with a building.	18 19 20
	(3)	Nothing in this Division affects any function under any other provision of this Act or under any other Act.	21 22
Sub	divis	on 2 Powers of entry and search	23
Sub 119D		on 2 Powers of entry and search ers of investigation officers to enter premises	23 24
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24
	Pow	ers of investigation officers to enter premises	
	Pow	 An investigation officers to enter premises An investigation officer may enter: (a) any premises at which the officer reasonably suspects that any industrial, agricultural or commercial activities are being carried out— 	24 25 26 27
	Pow	 An investigation officers to enter premises An investigation officer may enter: (a) any premises at which the officer reasonably suspects that any industrial, agricultural or commercial activities are being carried out—at any time during which those activities are being carried out there, and 	24 25 26 27 28 29
	Pow (1)	 An investigation officers to enter premises An investigation officer may enter: (a) any premises at which the officer reasonably suspects that any industrial, agricultural or commercial activities are being carried out—at any time during which those activities are being carried out there, and (b) any other premises—at any reasonable time. An investigation officer may enter a part of premises used for residential purposes only: (a) with the consent of the occupier, or 	24 25 26 27 28 29 30
	Pow (1)	 An investigation officers to enter premises An investigation officer may enter: (a) any premises at which the officer reasonably suspects that any industrial, agricultural or commercial activities are being carried out—at any time during which those activities are being carried out there, and (b) any other premises—at any reasonable time. An investigation officer may enter a part of premises used for residential purposes only: (a) with the consent of the occupier, or (b) under the authority of a search warrant issued under this Division, or 	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
	Pow (1)	 An investigation officers to enter premises An investigation officer may enter: (a) any premises at which the officer reasonably suspects that any industrial, agricultural or commercial activities are being carried out—at any time during which those activities are being carried out there, and (b) any other premises—at any reasonable time. An investigation officer may enter a part of premises used for residential purposes only: (a) with the consent of the occupier, or (b) under the authority of a search warrant issued under this Division, or (c) if it is necessary to do so to inspect work being carried out under a consent, approval or certificate under this Act, or 	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32
	Pow (1)	 An investigation officers to enter premises An investigation officer may enter: (a) any premises at which the officer reasonably suspects that any industrial, agricultural or commercial activities are being carried out—at any time during which those activities are being carried out there, and (b) any other premises—at any reasonable time. An investigation officer may enter a part of premises used for residential purposes only: (a) with the consent of the occupier, or (b) under the authority of a search warrant issued under this Division, or (c) if it is necessary to do so to inspect work being carried out under a 	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37
	Pow (1)	 An investigation officers to enter premises An investigation officer may enter: (a) any premises at which the officer reasonably suspects that any industrial, agricultural or commercial activities are being carried out—at any time during which those activities are being carried out there, and (b) any other premises—at any reasonable time. An investigation officer may enter a part of premises used for residential purposes only: (a) with the consent of the occupier, or (b) under the authority of a search warrant issued under this Division, or (c) if it is necessary to do so to inspect work being carried out under a consent, approval or certificate under this Act, or (d) if a building certificate has been sought under this Act and it is necessary to do so to inspect the premises for the purpose of issuing the 	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39
	Powe (1) (2)	 An investigation officers to enter premises An investigation officer may enter: (a) any premises at which the officer reasonably suspects that any industrial, agricultural or commercial activities are being carried out—at any time during which those activities are being carried out there, and (b) any other premises—at any reasonable time. An investigation officer may enter a part of premises used for residential purposes only: (a) with the consent of the occupier, or (b) under the authority of a search warrant issued under this Division, or (c) if it is necessary to do so to inspect work being carried out under a consent, approval or certificate under this Act, or (d) if a building certificate has been sought under this Act and it is necessary to do so to inspect the premises for the purpose of issuing the certificate. 	24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

	(6)	of s	nvestigation officer may enter premises under this Division with the aid uch investigation officers, police officers or other persons as the stigation officer considers necessary.	1 2 3
119E	Noti	ce of e	entry of residential premises	4
	(1)	purp cons	section applies to the entry into any part of premises used for residential oses only for the purpose of inspecting work being carried out under a ent, approval or certificate under this Act or for the purpose of issuing a ling certificate sought in respect of the premises.	5 6 7 8
	(2)	occu	nvestigation officer or the investigation authority must give the owner or pier of the premises written notice of the intention to enter the premises re a person authorised to enter premises under this Division does so.	9 10 11
	(3)		notice must specify the day on which the person intends to enter the lises and must be given before that day.	12 13
	(4)	Notic	ce is not required to be given:	14
		(a)	if entry to the premises is made with the consent of the owner or occupier of the premises, or	15 16
		(b)	if entry to the premises is made under the of authority of a search warrant issued under this Division, or	17 18
		(c)	if entry to the premises is required because of the existence or reasonable likelihood of a serious risk to health or safety, or	19 20
		(d)	if entry is required urgently and the case is one in which the investigation authority has authorised in writing (either generally or in the particular case) entry without notice.	21 22 23
119F	Pow	ers of	investigation officers to do things at premises	24
	(1)	the o	nvestigation officer who lawfully enters premises may do anything that officer thinks is necessary to be done for an investigation purpose, ding (but not limited to) the following things:	25 26 27
		(a)	examine and inspect any works, plant or other article,	28
		(b)	take and remove samples,	29
		(c)	make such examinations, inquiries and tests as the officer thinks necessary,	30 31
		(d)	take such photographs, films, audio, video and other recordings as the officer thinks necessary,	32 33
		(e)	for the purpose of an inspection:	34
			(i) open any ground and remove any flooring and take any measures that may be necessary to ascertain the character and condition of the premises and of any pipe, sewer, drain, wire or fitting, and	35 36 37
			(ii) require the opening, cutting into or pulling down of any work if the officer has reason to believe or suspect that anything on the premises has been done in contravention of this Act,	38 39 40
		(f)	take measurements, make surveys and take levels and, for those purposes, dig trenches, break up the soil and set up any posts, stakes or marks,	41 42 43
		(g)	require records to be produced for inspection,	44
		(h)	examine and inspect any records,	45
		(i)	copy any records,	46

		(j) seize anything that the officer has reasonable grounds for believing is connected with an offence against this Act,	1 2
		(k) do any other thing the officer is empowered to do under this Division.	3
	(2)	The power to seize anything connected with an offence includes a power to seize:	4 5
		(a) a thing with respect to which the offence has been committed, and	6
		(b) a thing that will afford evidence of the commission of the offence, and	7
		(c) a thing that was used for the purpose of committing the offence.	8
		A reference to any such offence includes a reference to an offence that there are reasonable grounds for believing has been committed.	9 10
119G	Sear	ch warrants	11
	(1)	An investigation officer may apply to an eligible issuing officer for the issue of a search warrant if the investigation officer believes on reasonable grounds that this Act is being or has been contravened at any premises.	12 13 14
	(2)	An eligible issuing officer to whom such an application is made may, if satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a search warrant authorising an investigation officer named in the warrant:	15 16 17
		(a) to enter the premises, and	18
		(b) to exercise any function of an investigation officer under this Division.	19
	(3)	Division 4 of Part 5 of the <i>Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities)</i> Act 2002 applies to a search warrant issued under this section.	20 21
	(4)	In this section:	22
		<i>eligible issuing officer</i> means an authorised officer within the meaning of the Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002.	23 24
119H	Care	e to be taken	25
	(1)	An investigation officer must do as little damage as possible in the exercise of a power to enter or search premises under this Division. The investigation authority must provide, if necessary, other means of access in place of any taken away or interrupted by an investigation officer.	26 27 28 29
	(2)	As far as practicable, entry on to fenced land is to be made through an existing opening in the enclosing fence. If entry by that means is not practicable, a new opening may be made in the enclosing fence, but the fence is to be fully restored when the need for entry ceases.	30 31 32 33
119I	Notif	fication of use of force	34
	(1)	An investigation officer who uses force for the purpose of gaining entry to premises must promptly advise the investigation authority.	35 36
	(2)	The investigation authority must give notice of the entry to such persons or authorities as appear to the investigation authority to be appropriate in the circumstances.	37 38 39

Sub	divis	ion 3 Powers to obtain information	1
119J	Requ	uirement to provide information and records	2
	(1)	An investigation officer may, by notice in writing given to a person, require the person to furnish to the officer such information or records (or both) as the notice requires in connection with an investigation purpose.	3 4 5
	(2)	The notice must specify the manner in which information or records are required to be furnished and a reasonable time by which the information or records are required to be furnished.	6 7 8
	(3)	The notice may only require a person to furnish existing records that are in the person's possession or that are within the person's power to obtain lawfully.	9 10
	(4)	The person to whom any record is furnished under this section may take copies of it.	11 12
	(5)	If any record required to be furnished is in electronic, mechanical or other form, the notice requires the record to be furnished in written form, unless the notice otherwise provides.	13 14 15
	(6)	An investigation officer may exercise a power under this section whether or not a power of entry is being or has been exercised.	16 17
119K	Pow	er of investigation officers to require answers and record evidence	18
	(1)	An investigation officer may require a person to answer questions in relation to a matter connected with an investigation purpose if the officer suspects on reasonable grounds:	19 20 21
		(a) that it is necessary to require information about the matter for that purpose, and	22 23
		(b) that the person has knowledge of the matter.	24
	(2)	The investigation authority may require a corporation to nominate a director or officer of the corporation who is authorised to represent the corporation for the purposes of answering questions under this section.	25 26 27
	(3)	An investigation officer may, by notice in writing, require a person to attend at a specified place and time to answer questions under this section if attendance at that place is reasonably required in order that the questions can be properly put and answered.	28 29 30 31
	(4)	The place and time at which a person may be required to attend is to be:	32
		(a) a place or time nominated by the person, or	33
		(b) if the place and time nominated is not reasonable in the circumstances or a place and time is not nominated by the person, a place and time nominated by the investigation officer that is reasonable in the circumstances.	34 35 36 37
	(5)	An investigation officer may exercise a power under this section whether or not a power of entry is being or has been exercised.	38 39
119L	Reco	ording of evidence	40
	(1)	An investigation officer may cause any questions and answers to questions given under this Division to be recorded if the officer has informed the person who is to be questioned that the record is to be made.	41 42 43
	(2)	A record may be made using sound recording apparatus or audio visual apparatus, or any other method determined by the investigation officer.	44 45

(3) A copy of any such record must be provided by the investigation officer to the 1 person who is questioned as soon as practicable after it is made. 2 (4)A record may be made under this section despite the provisions of any other 3 law. 4 Subdivision 4 Miscellaneous provisions applying to exercise of 5 powers 6 119M Offences 7 (1)A person must not, without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a 8 requirement made of the person by an investigation officer in accordance with 9 this Division. 10 (2)A person must not furnish any information or do any other thing in purported 11 compliance with a requirement made under this Division that the person 12 knows is false or misleading in a material respect. 13 A person must not intentionally delay or obstruct an investigation officer in the (3) 14 exercise of the officer's powers under this Division. 15 (4) The maximum penalty for an offence under section 125 arising under this 16 section is a tier 3 maximum penalty. 17 119N Identification card to be produced 18 (1)An investigation officer who is exercising a function under this Division must 19 produce the officer's identification card, if requested to do so by a person 20 affected by the exercise of the function. 21 (2)In this section, *identification card* means an identification card issued under 22 section 119B (4) or identification of the kind referred to in section 119B (5). 23 1190 Assistance for investigation officers 24 The investigation authority may, by notice in writing given to the owner or 25 occupier of premises, require the owner or occupier to provide reasonable 26 assistance and facilities to an investigation officer in the exercise of the 27 officer's powers under this Division. The notice is to specify the assistance and 28 facilities to be provided and the time and manner in which they are to be 29 provided. 30 119P Compensation 31 The State must compensate all interested parties for any damage caused by a 32 departmental investigation officer (and a council must compensate all 33 interested parties for any damage caused by a council investigation officer) in 34 exercising a power of entering premises but not any damage caused by the 35 exercise of any other power, unless the occupier obstructed or hindered the 36 officer in the exercise of the power of entry. 37

119Q Recovery of cost of entry and inspection

If, as a result of an inspection of premises under this Division by an
investigation officer, the investigation authority requires any work to be
carried out on or in the premises, the investigation authority may recover the
reasonable costs of the entry and inspection from the owner or occupier of the
premises.39
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119R Notices

1131	NOLI		1
	(1)	More than one notice under a provision of this Division may be given to the same person.	2 3
	(2)	A notice given under this Division may be revoked or varied by a subsequent notice or notices (including by extending the time for compliance with the notice).	4 5 6
	(3)	A notice may be given under this Division to a person in respect of a matter or thing even though the person is outside the State, or the matter or thing occurs or is located outside the State, so long as the matter or thing affects the environment of this State.	7 8 9 10
119S		isions relating to requirements to furnish records or information or ver questions	11 12
	(1)	Warning to be given on each occasion	13
		A person is not guilty of an offence of failing to comply with a requirement under this Division to furnish records or information or to answer a question unless the person was warned on that occasion that a failure to comply is an offence.	14 15 16 17
	(2)	Self-incrimination not an excuse	18
		A person is not excused from a requirement under this Division to furnish records or information or to answer a question on the ground that the record, information or answer might incriminate the person or make the person liable to a penalty.	19 20 21 22
	(3)	Information or answer not admissible if objection made	23
		However, any information furnished or answer given by a natural person in compliance with a requirement under this Division is not admissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings (except proceedings for an offence under this Division) if:	24 25 26 27
		(a) the person objected at the time to doing so on the ground that it might incriminate the person, or	28 29
		(b) the person was not warned on that occasion that the person may object to furnishing the information or giving the answer on the ground that it might incriminate the person.	30 31 32
	(4)	Records admissible	33
		Any record furnished by a person in compliance with a requirement under this Division is not inadmissible in evidence against the person in criminal proceedings on the ground that the record might incriminate the person.	34 35 36
	(5)	Further information	37
		Further information obtained as a result of a record or information furnished or of an answer given in compliance with a requirement under this Division is not inadmissible on the ground:	38 39 40
		(a) that the record or information had to be furnished or the answer had to be given, or	41 42
		(b) that the record or information furnished or answer given might incriminate the person.	43 44

119T Fire brigades inspection powers

(1)	An authorised fire officer may exercise the powers of an investigation officer under this Division for the purpose of inspecting a building to determine whether or not:
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- (a) adequate provision for fire safety has been made in or in connection with the building, or
- (b) the fire safety provisions prescribed for the purposes of this section by the regulations have been complied with.
- (2) An authorised fire officer cannot inspect premises under this section (other than places of shared accommodation) for the purposes of determining whether or not adequate provision for fire safety has been made except:
 - (a) when requested to do so by the council of the area in which the building is located, or
 - (b) when requested to do so by a person who holds himself or herself out as the owner, lessee or occupier of the building, or
 - (c) when the Commissioner of Fire and Rescue NSW has received a complaint in writing that adequate provision for fire safety has not been made concerning the building.
- (3) A council must, at the request of the Commissioner of Fire and Rescue NSW, make available a council investigation officer for the purposes of an inspection under this section, and the officer concerned is to be present during the inspection.
- (4) The Commissioner of Fire and Rescue NSW must send a report of any inspection carried out under this section to the council concerned.
- (5) This Division applies (subject to the regulations) to an authorised fire officer 25 in the same way that it applies to a council investigation officer. For that purpose (and subject to the regulations), a reference in this Division to the 27 investigating authority is taken to be a reference to the Commissioner of Fire 28 and Rescue NSW. 29
- (6) A council must, at the written request of the Commissioner of Fire and Rescue NSW, cause any building specified in the request to be inspected for the purpose of determining whether or not adequate provision for fire safety has been made in or in connection with the building. As soon as practicable after such an inspection has been carried out, the council must send a report of the inspection to the Commissioner.

119U Accredited certifiers

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- The regulations may confer on an accredited certifier specified powers of a council investigation officer under this Division for the purpose of exercising functions under this Act as an accredited certifier.
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- (2) This Act applies (subject to the regulations) to any such accredited certifier in the same way that it applies to a council investigation officer.

[3] Section 121ZC Powers of fire brigades

Omit "section 118L" from section 121ZC (1). Insert instead "section 119T".

[4] Section 121ZD Inspection reports by fire brigadesOmit "section 118L" from section 121ZD (1). Insert instead "section 119T".

Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2014 [NSW] Schedule 2 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—Enforcement powers

[5]	Sect	ion 12	1ZS	1
	Omi	t the se	ction. Insert instead:	2
12	21ZS	Enfo	rcement of orders by cessation of utilities	3
		(1)	This section applies in relation to a failure to comply with any of the following orders:	4 5
			(a) a brothel closure order,	6
			(b) an order to cease the use of premises for such classes of residential, tourist or other development as are prescribed by the regulations.	7 8
		(2)	In this section, the <i>Court</i> means the Land and Environment Court and, in relation to a brothel closure order, includes the Local Court.	9 10
		(3)	If a person fails to comply with an order to which this section applies, the Court may, on the application of the person who gave the order, make an order (a <i>utilities order</i>) directing that a provider of water, electricity or gas to the premises concerned cease to provide those services.	11 12 13 14
		(4)	A utilities order is not to be made in respect of a failure to comply with an order (other than a brothel closure order) unless the Court is satisfied that the failure has caused or is likely to cause a significant adverse impact on health, safety or public amenity.	15 16 17 18
		(5)	A utilities order may apply to the whole or part of the premises.	19
		(6)	A utilities order ceases to have effect on the date specified in the utilities order, or 3 months after the order is made, whichever occurs first.	20 21
		(7)	An application for a utilities order must not be made unless not less than 7 days notice of the proposed application is given to the following persons:	22 23
			(a) any person to whom the brothel closure or other order was given,	24
			(b) any provider of water, electricity or gas to the premises who is affected by the application,	25 26
			(c) any owner or occupier of the premises.	27
		(8)	An owner or occupier of premises, or a provider of water, electricity or gas to premises, who is affected by an application for a utilities order is entitled to be heard and represented in proceedings for the order.	28 29 30
		(9)	In determining whether to make a utilities order, the Court is to take into consideration the following matters:	31 32
			(a) the effects of the failure to comply with the brothel closure or other order,	33 34
			(b) the uses of the premises,	35
			(c) the impact of the order on the owner, occupier or other users of the premises,	36 37
			(d) whether health, safety or public amenity will be adversely affected by the order,	38 39
			(e) any other matter the Court thinks appropriate.	40
		(10)	A utilities order must not be made for premises, or any part of premises, used for residential purposes unless the regulations authorise the making of a utilities order.	41 42 43

	(11)	despi	ovider of water, electricity or gas must comply with a utilities order, ite any other law or agreement or arrangement applying to the provision ater, electricity or gas to the premises, or part of the premises, concerned.	1 2 3
	(12)	suffe	compensation is payable to any person for any damage or other loss ared by that person because of the making or operation of a utilities order is section.	4 5 6
	(13)	order for th	ovider of water, electricity or gas must not, during a period that a utilities r is in force in relation to premises, or part of premises, require payment ne provision of water, electricity or gas services to the premises or part of remises (other than services related to the implementation of the order).	7 8 9 10
	(14)		Court may make a utilities order when it determines an appeal against a nel closure or other order, if subsections (7) and (8) have been complied	11 12 13
[6]	Section 12	2E Off	ences	14
	Omit "an a	uthoris	ed officer under Division 2C" from section 122E (3) (c).	15
	Insert inste	ad "a d	lepartmental investigation officer under Division 1C".	16
[7]	Part 6, Div	ision 2	2C Departmental enforcement powers	17
	Omit the D	ivision	I.	18
[8]	Section 12	7 Proc	ceedings for offences	19
	Omit section	n 127 ((5A). Insert instead:	20
	(5A)	but n	ever, proceedings for any such offence may also be commenced within, not later than, 2 years after the date on which evidence of the alleged nee first came to the attention of:	21 22 23
		(a)	in relation to proceedings for an offence instituted by or with the consent of the Secretary or a member of staff of the Department—any investigation officer who is a member of the staff of the Department, or	24 25 26
		(b)	in relation to proceedings for an offence instituted by or with the consent of a council or a member of staff of a council—any investigation officer who is a member of the staff of that council, or	27 28 29
		(c)	in relation to proceedings for an offence instituted by any other person—any investigation officer.	30 31
			• 1 • .• .•	20
		the m	is subsection, <i>investigation officer</i> means an investigation officer within neaning of Division 1C, whether or not the person has the functions of an stigation officer in connection with the offence concerned.	32 33 34
[9]	Section 12	the m inves	neaning of Division 1C, whether or not the person has the functions of an stigation officer in connection with the offence concerned.	33
[9]		the m inves 7 (5B)	neaning of Division 1C, whether or not the person has the functions of an stigation officer in connection with the offence concerned.	3

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Insert instead "any such investigation officer".

Scł	nedule 3		Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—ePlanning	1 2		
[1]	Section 4 I	Definit	ions	3		
	Insert in alp	ohabet	ical order in section 4 (1):	4		
		publ	<i>isterial planning order</i> means an order made by the Minister and ished on the NSW planning portal.	5 6		
		www to pi	<i>V</i> planning portal means the website with the URL of v.planningportal.nsw.gov.au, or any other website, used by the Secretary rovide public access to documents or other information in the NSW ning database.	7 8 9 10		
[2]	Section 4 ((6)		11		
	Omit "by o	rder p	ablished in the Gazette". Insert instead "by Ministerial planning order".	12		
[3]	Section 4 ((15)		13		
	Insert after	sectio	n 4 (14):	14		
	(15)	A re	ference in this Act to a map includes a reference to a spatial dataset.	15		
[4]	Section 23	Deleg	Jation	16		
	Omit "publ	ished	in the Gazette" from section 23 (7).	17		
	Insert instead	ad "pu	blished on the NSW planning portal".	18		
[5]	Section 54	Section 54 Relevant planning authority				
	Omit "by o	rder p	ublished in the Gazette" from section 54 (6).	20		
	Insert instead	ad "by	Ministerial planning order".	21		
[6]	Section 82	D Effe	ect of review of decisions	22		
	Omit sectio	on 82D	(4).	23		
[7]	Section 83	Date	from which consent operates	24		
	Omit section	on 83 (1). Insert instead:	25		
	(1)		ect to subsections (2) and (3), if a determination is made by the granting onsent, consent becomes effective and operates on and from:	26 27		
		(a)	the date the determination is registered on the NSW planning portal, or	28		
		(b)	in the case of designated development to which an objection has been made in accordance with section 79 (5) (being consent that was not granted under section 80 (6) or (7) following the holding of a public hearing by the Planning Assessment Commission)—the end of 28 days after the date the determination is registered on the NSW planning portal.	29 30 31 32 33 34		
[8]	Section 83	(2) (b)	35		
	Omit "oper	ates fr	om the date of the determination of that appeal".	36		
	Insert insteads is registered	ad "op d on th	erates (subject to any order of the court) on and from the date the decision e NSW planning portal after the determination of the appeal".	37 38		

Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2014 [NSW] Schedule 3 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—ePlanning

[9]	Section 83	(4)	1
	Omit "oper	ates from the date of that decision".	2
		ad "operates (subject to any order of the court) on and from the date the decision d on the NSW planning portal".	3 4
[10]	Section 89	C Development that is State significant development	5
	Omit "by or	rder published in the Gazette" from section 89C (3).	6
	Insert instea	ad "by Ministerial planning order".	7
[11]	Section 11	0A Nomination of nominated determining authority	8
		order published in the Gazette and in a newspaper circulating throughout the section 110A (1).	9 10
	Insert instea	ad "by Ministerial planning order".	11
[12]		5P Approval of Minister administering this Act required for designated ivity where Fisheries Minister is or is declared to be proponent	12 13
	Omit "by or	rder published in the Gazette" from section 115P (1) (b).	14
	Insert instea	ad "by Ministerial planning order".	15
[13]	Section 11	7 Directions by the Minister	16
	Omit "publ from section	ication in the Gazette or on a website maintained by the Department (or both)" n 117 (2A).	17 18
	Insert instea	ad "publication on the NSW planning portal".	19
[14]	Section 11 regional pa	8 Appointment of planning administrator, planning assessment panel or anel	20 21
	Omit "publ	ished in the Gazette" from section 118 (7), (7A) and (9) wherever occurring.	22
	Insert instea	ad "published on the NSW planning portal".	23
[15]	Section 15	8A Copyright in documents used for purposes of this Act	24
	Insert after	section 158A (1):	25
	(1A)	The regulations may require a relevant person who is entitled to copyright in a document that is part of a planning matter to give (in the planning matter or otherwise) a licence to the State or a council to use the copyright material for the purposes of this Act. The regulations may also require a relevant person who is not so entitled to that copyright to give a warranty (in the planning matter or otherwise) that the relevant person has a licence to so use the copyright material from the person who is entitled to copyright in any such document.	26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33
[16]	Section 15	8A (4A)	34
	Insert after	section 158A (4):	35
	(4A)	This section extends to planning matters in paper or electronic form.	36

Environmental Planning and Assessment Amendment Bill 2014 [NSW] Schedule 3 Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 No 203—ePlanning

[17]	Sections 158B–158E				
	Insert after section 158A:				
	158B	Onlin	e planning services and information	3	
			The Secretary is to establish and facilitate the online delivery of planning services and information (including the NSW planning portal).	4 5	
	158C	Estal	plishment, content and maintenance of NSW planning database	6	
		(1)	The NSW planning database is established for the purposes of this Act.	7	
		(2)	The NSW planning database is an electronic repository of:	8	
			(a) documents that are required by or under this Act to be published on the NSW planning portal, and	9 10	
			(b) environmental planning instruments, plans or other documents that are required by or under this Act to be published on the NSW legislation website, and	11 12 13	
			(c) spatial datasets or other maps that are adopted or incorporated by way of reference by those provisions or documents, and	14 15	
			(d) other documents or information relating to the administration of this Act required to be published on the NSW planning portal by the regulations or by the Secretary.	16 17 18	
		(3)	The NSW planning database is to maintain historical as well as current versions of documents and other material required to be published on the NSW planning portal.	19 20 21	
		(4)	The NSW planning database is to be compiled and maintained as determined by the Secretary.	22 23	
		(5)	The NSW planning database may comprise separate databases for different material. Any such separate databases may be compiled and maintained by other agencies, including the legislation database compiled and maintained by the Parliamentary Counsel for publication of environmental planning instruments or other material on the NSW legislation website.	24 25 26 27 28	
	158D	Publi	c access to documents and information on the NSW planning portal	29	
		(1)	The Secretary is to make arrangements for documents or other information in the NSW planning database to be published on the NSW planning portal and such other websites as are determined by the Secretary.	30 31 32	
		(2)	The Secretary may certify the form of such documents or other information that is correct.	33 34	
		(3)	Environmental planning instruments, plans or other documents and information need not be published on the NSW planning portal if they are published on the NSW legislation website (or the website of another agency) and can be readily accessed from the NSW planning portal.	35 36 37 38	
		(4)	If the NSW planning portal is not available to publish a document or other information for technical or other reasons, the document or other information may be published on the NSW legislation website.	39 40 41	
			Note. The NSW planning portal is defined by section 4 to mean the website with the URL of www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au, or any other website, used by the Secretary to provide public access to documents or other information in the NSW planning database.	42 43 44 45	

158E Regulations and other provisions relating to online planning services and information

- (1) The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the online delivery of planning services and information, including:
 - (a) the NSW planning portal and other specialised planning portals (including the status of services and information delivered online), and

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- (b) access to information (and the issue of certificates) about land use zoning and development standards relating to particular land, and
- (c) the lodgment or submission of applications and other things under this Act, and
- (d) the assessment of categories of development for which there are codified criteria or standards, and
- (e) the registration of consents, approvals or certificates (or other documents) and their effect on registration, and
- (f) the notification of the making or determination of applications for (or the issue or grant of) consents, approvals or certificates (or other documents) by means of the NSW planning portal.
- (2) The charges or fees that may be prescribed by the regulations under section 137 extend to charges or fees in relation to the online delivery of planning services and information (including the compilation and 20 maintenance of the NSW planning database, the operation of the NSW 21 planning portal and the enhancement of the NSW planning database and the 22 NSW planning portal).
- (3) For the purpose of facilitating online delivery of planning services and 24 information: 25
 - (a) the Secretary may determine standard technical requirements with respect to:
 - (i) the preparation of environmental planning instruments, plans or other documents and of any spatial datasets or other maps that are referred to in (or adopted under) those instruments, plans or documents, and
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 - (ii) the form of applications for consents, approvals or certificates (or other documents) under this Act and the form of any such consents, approvals or certificates (or other documents), and
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 - (b) a council or other planning body is to provide the Secretary, when
 requested, with electronic files (in a specified format) of any such
 instruments, plans or other documents (or of any spatial datasets or
 other maps) prepared or held by it, and
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 - (c) a council or other planning body is to implement any standard technical requirements determined by the Secretary to facilitate access to relevant data in the electronic systems maintained by the council or other body or to transfer that data to the NSW planning database.
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Sch	edule 4		mendment of Environmental Planning and ssessment Act 1979 No 203—Miscellaneous	1 2
[1]	Section 4 D	efiniti	ions	3
	Omit the def	finitio	n of <i>Department</i> from section 4 (1). Insert instead:	4
		Depa	rtment means the Department of Planning and Environment.	5
[2]	Section 4 (1	I), def	inition of "Director-General"	6
	Omit the def	finitio	n.	7
[3]	Section 4 (1	l), def	inition of "Secretary"	8
	Insert in alpl	habeti	cal order:	9
		Secre	etary means the Secretary of the Department.	10
[4]	26 (1B), 34A	A (2), (ot sections 5B (1), 5C (2) (c), 5D, 13 (4) where firstly occurring, (5) and (7), 79B, 110C, 112B, 112C,112D, 112E, 115N (5), 117A and le 6 (clauses 3A and 45) and any provision being omitted by this Act)	11 12 13
	Omit "Direc	tor-G	eneral" or "Director-General's" wherever occurring.	14
	Insert instea	d "Sec	cretary" and "Secretary's", respectively.	15
[5]	Section 117	Ά		16
	Omit "Depa	rtmen	t of Planning" wherever occurring.	17
	Insert instea	d "De	partment of Planning and Environment".	18
[6]	Section 147	' Disc	losure of political donations and gifts	19
	Omit section	n 147 ((8). Insert instead:	20
	(8)	For the	he purposes of this section, persons are associated with each other if:	21
		(a)	they carry on a business together in connection with the relevant planning application (in the case of the making of any such application) or they carry on a business together that may be affected by the granting of the application (in the case of a relevant planning submission), or	22 23 24 25
		(b)	they are related bodies corporate under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth, or	26 27
		(c)	they are directors of the same body corporate, or they are directors of different bodies corporate that are related bodies corporate under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth, or	28 29 30
		(d)	one is a director of a body corporate and the other is the body corporate or a related body corporate under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth, or	31 32 33
		(e)	they have any other relationship prescribed by the regulations.	34
[7]	Schedule 6	Savir	ngs, transitional and other provisions	35
	Insert at the	end of	f clause 1 (1):	36
		any o	ther Act that amends this Act	37

Schedule 5	Amendment of Subordinate Legislation Act 1989	
	No 146	2

Schedule 5 Further postponement of repeal of certain statutory rules	3
Insert at the end of the Schedule:	4
3 Postponement of repeal of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 due for repeal in 2015	5 6
The Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 remains in	7
force until 1 September 2016, unless sooner repealed.	8

Schedule 6	Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000—Consequential	
Clause 283 I	False and misleading statements	3
Omit the clau	ise.	4