



New South Wales

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Bill 2003

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend various Acts and a Regulation regulating public sector superannuation schemes for the following purposes:

- (a) to give effect to agreements or orders under the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth relating to the division of superannuation interests between spouses by providing for the payment of entitlements and other amounts and consequential matters,
- (b) to extend entitlements to spouse pensions to de facto partners of certain former pensioners under closed public sector superannuation schemes,
- (c) to update provisions relating to the adjustment of pensions under certain closed public sector superannuation schemes,
- (d) to enable savings and transitional regulations to be made consequent on the proposed amendments.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act.

Clause 3 is a formal provision giving effect to the amendments to Acts and a Regulation set out in Schedules 1–13.

Accommodation of Commonwealth legislation relating to division of superannuation interests in family law proceedings

Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth and the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth (the **family law superannuation legislation**) provide for the division of superannuation entitlements on marriage breakdown. The legislation contains a scheme enabling agreements (**splitting agreements**) and orders (**splitting orders**) to be made specifying the division (or “split”) of superannuation interests. It also sets out the manner in which interests are to be valued for the purpose of an order and the circumstances in which trustees of superannuation schemes may or are required to pay amounts from, or relating to, superannuation interests. The legislation also provides for the subsequent calculation of payments under the legislation and the reduction of superannuation benefits by trustees. “Flagging orders” and “payment flags” may be imposed on trustees preventing payment of superannuation benefits that are subject to future splitting under the legislation. The legislation applies despite any other Act or law (including State law) and despite the provisions of any trust deed or agreement.

Generally, additional State legislation is not required to enable trustees of State public sector superannuation schemes to comply with the family law superannuation legislation and to implement agreements and orders under that legislation. Payment is to be made when a splittable superannuation benefit is paid. The family law superannuation legislation also provides for waiver in certain circumstances and for the situation where a spouse makes the required payment separately rather than having payment made from the superannuation entitlements.

However, the family law superannuation legislation (under Division 2.2 of Part 2 of the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth), also recognises payments made by trustees to meet all of the family law superannuation obligations, in circumstances set out in the scheme rules, once an order or agreement becomes operative under the legislation. Payments can be made by way of transferring or rolling over a family law superannuation entitlement to another superannuation fund or retirement savings account or by paying it to the spouse or former spouse entitled to it. The

proposed amendments (among other things) set out the procedures for making these payments and the circumstances in which they may be made, as well as providing for the consequential reduction of superannuation entitlements.

Schedule 1 Amendment of First State Superannuation Act 1992 No 100

Under the amendments made to other public sector superannuation Acts by the proposed Act, a person to whom payment is made under those Acts of an entitlement under the family law superannuation legislation may nominate a superannuation fund or retirement savings account (an *RSA*) into which the payment is to be made. If no nomination is made, the amendments provide for transfer of the payment to the First State Superannuation Fund.

Schedule 1 [2] inserts proposed sections 20BA and 20BB, which provide for the receipt of those payments and make the person on whose behalf the payment is made an associate member of the First State Superannuation Fund. The proposed sections also provide for rules to be made about the establishment of accounts and the crediting of payments to those accounts and other matters.

Schedule 1 [1] enables the trust deed and rules of the First State Superannuation Fund to provide for the levying of charges relating to administration and other costs arising out of the family law superannuation legislation and the payment to the Fund of any such costs.

Schedule 1 [3] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made as a consequence of the enactment of the proposed Act.

Schedule 1 [4] makes a consequential amendment.

Schedule 2 Amendment of Judges' Pensions Act 1953 No 41

Schedule 2 [2] inserts proposed Part 3A (Provisions relating to family law superannuation legislation). The proposed Part inserts the following provisions:

Proposed section 15A defines words and expressions used in the proposed Part.

Proposed section 15B makes it clear that the Principal Act does not require any benefit to be paid if to do so would contravene the family law superannuation legislation and does not prevent a benefit from being reduced or a payment being made if it is required by, or results from, the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 15C sets out the circumstances when the Minister can pay out a family law superannuation entitlement rather than splitting the payment among more than one benefit payment. If a spouse or former spouse (a *non-member spouse*) of a former Judge or other person entitled to a benefit (a *member spouse*) has an entitlement that is operative under the family law superannuation legislation and a pension is being paid to the member spouse or the member

spouse is entitled to be paid a lump sum benefit, the Minister must, on written notice being given of the entitlement, either pay or release the whole of the entitlement (less costs) or transfer or roll it over to a nominated superannuation fund (either a fund regulated under Commonwealth law or the First State Superannuation Fund) or a retirement savings account. If there is no nomination, or it is not accepted, the payment may be transferred to the First State Superannuation Fund. The value of an entitlement or payment is to be determined in accordance with the regulations under the Principal Act and the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 15D enables the Minister to reduce a future benefit (including a deferred or preserved benefit) payable to or in respect of a member spouse whose superannuation entitlements are affected by a splitting order or splitting agreement if an amount is paid or payable under the family law superannuation legislation or the proposed Part. The Minister may also reduce a benefit payable to or in respect of a spouse or de facto partner of the member spouse.

Proposed section 15E specifies the accrued benefit multiple for the calculation of a family law superannuation entitlement of the non-member spouse. This provision re-enacts section 16A which has been re-located to the new Part.

Proposed section 15F enables regulations to be made for or with respect to matters related to payments under the family law superannuation legislation, including elections, composition of payments, periods of payment, calculation of entitlements and the value of superannuation interests, additional circumstances for payment and the reduction of benefits.

Schedule 2 [3] extends provisions enabling benefits to be paid to legal personal representatives to family law superannuation payments.

Schedule 2 [4] omits a provision that has been replaced by proposed section 15E.

Schedule 2 [1] provides that notes included in the Principal Act do not form part of that Act.

Schedule 2 [5] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

Schedule 5 Amendment of Parliamentary Contributory Superannuation Act 1971 No 53

Schedule 5 [4] inserts proposed Part 4A (Provisions relating to family law superannuation legislation). The proposed Part inserts the following provisions:

Proposed section 29A defines words and expressions used in the proposed Part.

Proposed section 29B makes it clear that the Principal Act does not require any benefit to be paid if to do so would contravene the family law superannuation legislation and does not prevent a benefit from being reduced or a payment being made if it is required by, or results from, the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 29C sets out the circumstances when the trustees of the Parliamentary Contributory Superannuation Scheme can pay out a family law superannuation entitlement rather than splitting the payment among more than one benefit payment. If a spouse or former spouse (a *non-member spouse*) of a member or former member of the Scheme or other person entitled to a benefit under the Scheme (a *member spouse*) has an entitlement that is operative under the family law superannuation legislation and the member spouse is in receipt of a pension or there is a period of service that would entitle a member to a pension, the trustees must, on written notice being given of the entitlement, either pay or release the whole of the entitlement (less costs) or transfer or roll it over to a nominated superannuation fund (either a fund regulated under Commonwealth law or the First State Superannuation Fund) or a retirement savings account. Payment or release directly to the non-member spouse may be made only if the member spouse is being paid a pension or if the non-member spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit under the Scheme. If there is no nomination of a fund or account for a transfer or roll-over, or a nomination is not accepted, the payment must be transferred to the First State Superannuation Fund. The value of an entitlement or payment is to be determined in accordance with the regulations under the Principal Act and the family law superannuation legislation. The proposed section will not apply if payment of a pension is suspended.

Proposed section 29D enables the trustees to reduce a future benefit (including a deferred or preserved benefit) payable to or in respect of a member spouse whose superannuation entitlements are affected by a splitting order or splitting agreement if an amount is paid or payable under the family law superannuation legislation or the proposed Part. The trustees may also reduce a benefit payable to or in respect of a spouse or de facto partner of the member spouse.

Proposed section 29E enables regulations to be made for or with respect to matters related to payments under the family law superannuation legislation, including elections, composition of payments, periods of payment, calculation of entitlements and the value of superannuation interests and the reduction of benefits.

Schedule 5 [1] inserts a definition.

Schedule 5 [2] makes it clear that notes included in the Principal Act do not form part of that Act.

Schedule 5 [3] enables fees (including administration costs) arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4A to be paid from the Parliamentary Contributory Superannuation Fund.

Schedule 5 [5] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

**Schedule 6 Amendment of Police Association Employees
(Superannuation) Act 1969 No 33**

Schedule 6 [1] applies proposed Part 4A of the *Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act 1906* and any regulations made under that Part, which relate to obligations and other matters under the family law superannuation legislation, to officers of the Police Association who contribute to the Police Superannuation Scheme and other persons who are beneficiaries of the Scheme under the Principal Act.

Schedule 6 [2] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

**Schedule 7 Amendment of Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act
1906 No 28**

Schedule 7 [5] inserts proposed Part 4A (Provisions relating to family law superannuation legislation). The proposed Part inserts the following provisions:

Proposed section 14N defines words and expressions used in the proposed Part.

Proposed section 14O makes it clear that the Principal Act does not require any benefit to be paid if to do so would contravene the family law superannuation legislation and does not prevent a benefit from being reduced or a payment being made if it is required by, or results from, the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 14P sets out the circumstances when the SAS Trustee Corporation (*STC*) can pay out a family law superannuation entitlement rather than splitting the payment among more than one benefit payment. If a spouse or former spouse (a *non-contributor spouse*) of a contributor or former contributor to the Police Superannuation Scheme or other person entitled to a benefit under that Scheme (a *contributor spouse*) has an entitlement that is operative under the family law superannuation legislation, *STC* must, on written notice being given of the entitlement, either pay or release the whole of the entitlement (less costs) or transfer or roll it over to a nominated superannuation fund (either a fund regulated under Commonwealth law or the First State Superannuation Fund) or a retirement savings account. Payment or release directly to the non-contributor spouse may be made only if the contributor spouse is being paid a pension or if the non-contributor spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit under the Scheme. If there is no nomination of a fund or account for a

transfer or roll-over, or a nomination is not accepted, the payment must be transferred to the First State Superannuation Fund. The value of an entitlement or payment is to be determined in accordance with the regulations under the Principal Act and the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 14Q enables STC to reduce a future benefit (including a deferred or preserved benefit) payable to or in respect of a contributor spouse whose superannuation entitlements are affected by a splitting order or splitting agreement if an amount is paid or payable under the family law superannuation legislation or the proposed Part. STC may also reduce a benefit payable to or in respect of a spouse or de facto partner of the contributor spouse.

Proposed section 14R enables regulations to be made for or with respect to matters related to payments under the family law superannuation legislation, including elections, composition of payments, periods of payment, calculation of entitlements and the value of superannuation interests and the reduction of benefits.

Schedule 7 [1] inserts definitions.

Schedule 7 [2] makes it clear that notes included in the Principal Act do not form part of that Act.

Schedule 7 [3] enables fees arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4A to be paid to the Police Superannuation Fund.

Schedule 7 [4] enables administration costs and other amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4A to be paid from the Police Superannuation Fund.

Schedule 7 [6] extends provisions relating to fractions of cents in benefits to family law superannuation payments.

Schedule 7 [7] extends provisions enabling pensions to be paid to legal personal representatives to family law superannuation payments.

Schedule 7 [8] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

Schedule 10 Amendment of State Authorities Non-contributory Superannuation Act 1987 No 212

Schedule 10 [7] inserts proposed Part 4D (Provisions relating to family law superannuation legislation). The proposed Part inserts the following provisions:

Proposed section 27AH defines words and expressions used in the proposed Part.

Proposed section 27AI makes it clear that the Principal Act does not require any benefit to be paid if to do so would contravene the family law superannuation legislation and does not prevent a benefit from being reduced or a payment being made if it is required by, or results from, the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 27AJ sets out the circumstances when STC can pay out a family law superannuation entitlement rather than splitting the payment among more than one benefit payment. If a spouse or former spouse (a *non-employee spouse*) of an employee or former employee under the State Authorities Non-contributory Superannuation Scheme (an *employee spouse*) has an entitlement that is operative under the family law superannuation legislation, STC must, on written notice being given of the entitlement, either pay or release the whole of the entitlement (less costs) or transfer or roll it over to a nominated superannuation fund (either a fund regulated under Commonwealth law or the First State Superannuation Fund) or a retirement savings account. Payment or release directly to the non-employee spouse may be made only if the spouse or former spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit under the Scheme. If there is no nomination of a fund or account for a transfer or roll-over, or a nomination is not accepted, the payment must be transferred to the First State Superannuation Fund. The value of an entitlement or payment is to be determined in accordance with the regulations under the Principal Act and the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 27AK enables STC to reduce a future benefit (including a deferred or preserved benefit) payable to or in respect of an employee spouse whose superannuation entitlements are affected by a splitting order or splitting agreement if an amount is paid or payable under the family law superannuation legislation or the proposed Part. STC may also reduce a benefit payable to or in respect of a spouse or de facto partner of the employee spouse.

Proposed section 27AL enables regulations to be made for or with respect to matters related to payments under the family law superannuation legislation, including elections, composition of payments, periods of payment, calculation of entitlements and the value of superannuation interests and the reduction of benefits.

Schedule 10 [1] inserts definitions.

Schedule 10 [2] makes it clear that notes included in the Principal Act do not form part of that Act.

Schedule 10 [3] enables fees arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4D to be paid to a fund established under the Principal Act.

Schedule 10 [4] and [5] enable administration costs and other amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4D to be paid from any such fund.

Schedule 10 [6] enables employer reserves to be debited for the payment of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4D.

Schedule 10 [8] and [9] extend provisions enabling pensions to be paid to legal personal representatives to family law superannuation payments and other payments under the family law superannuation legislation.

Schedule 10 [10] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

Schedule 11 Amendment of State Authorities Superannuation Act 1987 No 211

Schedule 11 [9] inserts proposed Part 5AA (Provisions relating to family law superannuation legislation). The proposed Part inserts the following provisions:

Proposed section 45F defines words and expressions used in the proposed Part.

Proposed section 45G applies the proposed Part to contributors and former contributors (including pensioners) under certain closed schemes operated from the State Authorities Superannuation Fund by virtue of savings and transitional regulations made under the Principal Act.

Proposed section 45H makes it clear that the Principal Act does not require any benefit to be paid if to do so would contravene the family law superannuation legislation and does not prevent a benefit from being reduced or a payment being made if it is required by, or results from, the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 45I sets out the circumstances when STC can pay out a family law superannuation entitlement rather than splitting the payment among more than one benefit payment. If a spouse (a ***non-contributor spouse***) of a contributor or former contributor to the State Authorities Superannuation Scheme or other person entitled to a benefit under the Scheme (a ***contributor spouse***) has an entitlement that is operative under the family law superannuation legislation, STC must, on written notice being given of the entitlement, either pay or release the whole of the entitlement (less costs) or transfer or roll it over to a nominated superannuation fund (either a fund regulated under Commonwealth law or the First State Superannuation Fund) or a retirement savings account. Payment or release directly to the non-contributor spouse may be made only if the contributor spouse is being paid a pension or if the non-contributor spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit under the Scheme. If there is no nomination of a fund or account for a transfer or roll-over, or a nomination is not accepted, the payment must be transferred to

the First State Superannuation Fund. The value of an entitlement or payment is to be determined in accordance with the regulations under the Principal Act and the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 45J enables STC to reduce a future benefit (including a deferred or preserved benefit) payable to or in respect of a contributor spouse whose superannuation entitlements are affected by a splitting order or splitting agreement if an amount is paid or payable under the family law superannuation legislation or the proposed Part. STC may also reduce a benefit payable to or in respect of a spouse or de facto partner of the contributor spouse.

Proposed section 45K enables regulations to be made for or with respect to matters related to payments under the family law superannuation legislation, including elections, composition of payments, periods of payment, calculation of entitlements and the value of superannuation interests and the reduction of benefits.

Schedule 11 [1] inserts definitions.

Schedule 11 [2] makes it clear that notes included in the Principal Act do not form part of that Act.

Schedule 11 [3] enables fees arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 5AA to be paid to the State Authorities Superannuation Fund.

Schedule 11 [4] and [5] enable administration costs and other amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 5AA to be paid from the State Authorities Superannuation Fund.

Schedule 11 [6] enables contributor accounts to be debited for the payment of amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 5AA.

Schedule 11 [7] and [8] enable employer reserves to be debited for the payment of administration costs and other amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 5AA.

Schedule 11 [10] and [11] extend provisions enabling benefits to be paid to legal personal representatives to family law superannuation payments.

Schedule 11 [12] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

Schedule 12 Amendment of Superannuation Act 1916 No 28

Schedule 12 [11] inserts proposed Part 4A (Provisions relating to family law superannuation legislation). The proposed Part inserts the following provisions:

Proposed section 61W defines words and expressions used in the proposed Part.

Proposed section 61WA makes it clear that the Principal Act does not require any benefit to be paid if to do so would contravene the family law superannuation legislation and does not prevent a benefit from being reduced or a payment being made if it is required by, or results from, the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 61WB sets out the circumstances when STC can pay out a family law superannuation entitlement rather than splitting the payment among more than one benefit payment. If a spouse (a *non-contributor spouse*) of a contributor or former contributor to the State Superannuation Scheme or other person entitled to a benefit under the Scheme (a *contributor spouse*) has an entitlement that is operative under the family law superannuation legislation, STC must, on written notice being given of the entitlement, either pay or release the whole of the entitlement (less costs) or transfer or roll it over to a nominated superannuation fund (either a fund regulated under Commonwealth law or the First State Superannuation Fund) or a retirement savings account. Payment or release directly to the non-contributor spouse may be made only if the contributor spouse is being paid a pension or if the non-contributor spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit under the Scheme. If there is no nomination of a fund or account for a transfer or roll-over, or a nomination is not accepted, the payment must be transferred to the First State Superannuation Fund. The value of an entitlement or payment is to be determined in accordance with the regulations under the Principal Act and the family law superannuation legislation.

Proposed section 61WC enables STC to reduce a future benefit (including a deferred or preserved benefit) payable to or in respect of a contributor spouse whose superannuation entitlements are affected by a splitting order or splitting agreement if an amount is paid or payable under the family law superannuation legislation or the proposed Part. STC may also reduce a benefit payable to or in respect of a spouse or de facto partner of the contributor spouse.

Proposed section 61WD enables regulations to be made for or with respect to matters related to payments under the family law superannuation legislation, including elections, composition of payments, periods of payment, calculation of entitlements and the value of superannuation interests and the reduction of benefits.

Schedule 12 [1] inserts definitions.

Schedule 12 [2] makes it clear that notes included in the Principal Act do not form part of that Act.

Schedule 12 [3] enables fees arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4A to be paid to the State Superannuation Fund.

Schedule 12 [4] and [5] enable administration costs and other amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4A to be paid from the State Superannuation Fund.

Schedule 12 [6] enables contributor reserves in the State Superannuation Fund to be debited for the payment of amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4A.

Schedule 12 [7], [8] and [9] enable employer reserves to be debited for the payment of administration costs and other amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4A.

Schedule 12 [10] provides for the apportionment, between contributor reserves and employer reserves, of amounts to be debited for the payment of amounts arising under the family law superannuation legislation or proposed Part 4A.

Schedule 12 [12] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

Amendments relating to de facto partners and pension adjustments

The remaining amendments made by the proposed Act update provisions relating to certain closed superannuation schemes so as to extend reversionary pension entitlements to de facto partners of existing pensioners, whether or not the partner was a partner at the time the pension was taken and to provide for the adjustment of pensions in line with provisions contained in other State public sector superannuation schemes. Under the *Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Same Sex Partners) Act 2000* benefits payable to widows or widowers under State public sector superannuation schemes were extended to de facto partners of deceased members of those schemes. Under the *Superannuation Legislation Amendment Act 2002*, in relation to schemes where pension rights were dependent on being married or in a relationship when a pension was taken, reversionary pension rights were extended to spouses or de facto partners of deceased pensioners in certain circumstances even if they were not spouses or de facto partners when the pension was originally taken.

Schedule 3 Amendment of Local Government and Other Authorities (Superannuation) Act 1927 No 35

The pension and other superannuation schemes established under the Principal Act were closed off in 1985. Currently, the Act only operates in relation to pensioners who received a pension under the Local Government Pension Fund before that time.

Schedule 3 [1] extends the right to a spouse pension on the death of a pensioner to the de facto partner of the pensioner who was such a partner when the pension was taken by the pensioner.

Schedule 3 [2] and [4] extend the right to a full pension on the death of a pensioner to a de facto partner of the pensioner who became a de facto partner after the pension was taken if the relationship was of 3 or more years duration and there are or have been dependent children of the relationship. In the case of a relationship of a shorter duration where there are or have been dependent children, a part pension, determined on a pro rata basis, is payable.

Schedule 3 [3], [5], [6], [7], [8] and [9] make consequential amendments.

Schedule 3 [10] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

Schedule 4 Amendment of New South Wales Retirement Benefits Act 1972 No 70

The superannuation scheme established under the Principal Act was closed off in 1985. Currently, the Act only operates in relation to pensioners who received a pension under the New South Wales Retirement Fund before that time.

Schedule 4 [1] extends the right to a full spouse pension on the death of a pensioner to a de facto partner of the pensioner who became a de facto partner after the pension was taken if the relationship was of 3 or more years duration and there are or have been dependent children of the relationship. In the case of a relationship of a shorter duration where there are or have been dependent children, a part pension, determined on a pro rata basis, is payable.

Schedule 4 [2], [3], [4] and [5] make consequential amendments.

Schedule 4 [6] enables pensions to be increased if the annual CPI increase is less than 1 per cent. Currently there is no increase if the annual CPI increase is less than 1 per cent. The amendment brings the provisions into line with other State public sector superannuation schemes.

Schedule 4 [7] and [8] enable savings and transitional regulations to be made.

Schedule 8 Amendment of Public Authorities Superannuation Act 1985 No 41

The superannuation scheme established under the Principal Act was closed off in 1987. Currently, the Act only operates in relation to pensioners transferred to the Scheme under savings and transitional Schedules.

Schedule 8 [1] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.

Schedule 8 [3] extends the right to a spouse pension on the death of a pensioner (who was formerly a contributor to the Local Government Pension Fund) to the de facto partner of the pensioner.

Schedule 8 [4] extends provisions relating to payment of children's pensions to a spouse to a de facto partner of a deceased pensioner.

Schedule 8 [5] extends provisions relating to adjustment of spouse pensions to pensions paid to a de facto partner of a deceased pensioner.

Schedule 8 [7] extends the right to a spouse pension on the death of a pensioner (who was formerly a contributor to the New South Wales Retirement Fund) to the de facto partner of the pensioner.

Schedule 8 [2] and [6] make consequential amendments.

**Schedule 9 Amendment of Public Authorities Superannuation
(Transport Retirement Fund Closure) (Savings and Transitional)
Regulation 1986**

The Regulation proposed to be amended relates to contributors and former contributors to the Transport Retirement Fund.

The Schedule extends the right to a spouse pension on the death of a pensioner (who was formerly a contributor to the Transport Retirement Fund) to the de facto partner of the pensioner.

**Schedule 13 Amendment of Transport Employees Retirement Benefits
Act 1967 No 96**

The pension and other superannuation schemes established under the Principal Act were closed off in 1985. Currently, the Act only operates in relation to pensioners who received a pension under the Transport Retirement Fund before that time.

Schedule 13 [1] extends the right to a spouse pension on the death of a pensioner to the de facto partner of the pensioner who was such a partner when the pension was taken by the pensioner.

Schedule 13 [2] extends the right to a full spouse pension on the death of a pensioner to a spouse or de facto partner of the pensioner who became a spouse or de facto partner after the pension was taken if the marriage or relationship was of 3 or more years duration and there are or have been dependent children of the marriage or relationship. In the case of a marriage or relationship of a shorter duration where there are or have been dependent children, a part pension, determined on a pro rata basis, is payable.

Schedule 13 [3] enables pensions to be increased if the annual CPI increase is less than 1 per cent. Currently there is no increase if the annual CPI increase is less than 1 per cent. The amendment brings the provisions into line with other State public sector superannuation schemes.

Schedule 13 [4] enables savings and transitional regulations to be made.



New South Wales

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Bill 2003

Contents

	Page
1 Name of Act	2
2 Commencement	2
3 Amendment of Acts and Regulation	2
Schedule 1 Amendment of First State Superannuation Act 1992 No 100	3
Schedule 2 Amendment of Judges' Pensions Act 1953 No 41	6
Schedule 3 Amendment of Local Government and Other Authorities (Superannuation) Act 1927 No 35	12
Schedule 4 Amendment of New South Wales Retirement Benefits Act 1972 No 70	14
Schedule 5 Amendment of Parliamentary Contributory Superannuation Act 1971 No 53	17
Schedule 6 Amendment of Police Association Employees (Superannuation) Act 1969 No 33	23
Schedule 7 Amendment of Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act 1906 No 28	24
Schedule 8 Amendment of Public Authorities Superannuation Act 1985 No 41	31

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Bill 2003

Contents

	Page
Schedule 9 Amendment of Public Authorities Superannuation (Transport Retirement Fund Closure) (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1986	33
Schedule 10 Amendment of State Authorities Non-contributory Superannuation Act 1987 No 212	34
Schedule 11 Amendment of State Authorities Superannuation Act 1987 No 211	41
Schedule 12 Amendment of Superannuation Act 1916 No 28	50
Schedule 13 Amendment of Transport Employees Retirement Benefits Act 1967 No 96	57



New South Wales

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Bill 2003

No , 2003

A Bill for

An Act to amend various superannuation Acts to accommodate Commonwealth legislation relating to the division of superannuation entitlements on marriage breakdown, to extend benefits to de facto partners in certain schemes and to update pension adjustment provisions; and for other purposes.

The Legislature of New South Wales enacts:

1 Name of Act

This Act is the *Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Act 2003*.

2 Commencement

- (1) This Act commences on the date of assent to this Act, except as provided by subsections (2) and (3).
- (2) Schedules 1 [2]–[4], 2, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11 and 12 commence on a day or days to be proclaimed.
- (3) Schedule 13 [2] is taken to have commenced on 29 November 2002.

3 Amendment of Acts and Regulation

The Acts and Regulation specified in Schedules 1–13 are amended as set out in those Schedules.

Schedule 1 Amendment of First State Superannuation Act 1992 No 100

(Section 3)

[1] Section 20B Matters to be dealt with by trust deed and rules

Insert after section 20B (f):

, and

- (g) the levying of charges by FTC for administration and other costs payable by FTC and resulting from requirements under Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth or the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth, and
- (h) the payment into the Fund of any charges or costs referred to in paragraph (g).

[2] Sections 20BA and 20BB

Insert after section 20B in Division 2 of Part 4:

20BA Family law superannuation payments from other schemes

(1) In this section:

non-member spouse benefit means any of the following payments:

- (a) a family law superannuation payment under section 15C of the *Judges' Pensions Act 1953*,
- (b) a family law superannuation payment under section 29C of the *Parliamentary Contributory Superannuation Act 1971*,
- (c) a family law superannuation payment under section 3A of the *Police Association Employees (Superannuation) Act 1969*,
- (d) a family law superannuation payment under section 14P of the *Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act 1906*,
- (e) a family law superannuation payment under section 27AJ of the *State Authorities Non-contributory Superannuation Act 1987*,

-
- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>(f) a family law superannuation payment under section 45I of the <i>State Authorities Superannuation Act 1987</i>,</p> <p>(g) a family law superannuation payment under section 61WB of the <i>Superannuation Act 1916</i>.</p> <p>transfer day, in relation to a person whose non-member spouse benefit is transferred under any of the transfer provisions, means the day on which the benefit is transferred under the provision concerned.</p> <p>transfer provision means any of the following provisions:</p> <p>(a) section 15C of the <i>Judges' Pensions Act 1953</i>,</p> <p>(b) section 29C of the <i>Parliamentary Contributory Superannuation Act 1971</i>,</p> <p>(c) section 3A of the <i>Police Association Employees (Superannuation) Act 1969</i>,</p> <p>(d) section 14P of the <i>Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act 1906</i>,</p> <p>(e) section 27AJ of the <i>State Authorities Non-contributory Superannuation Act 1987</i>,</p> <p>(f) section 45I of the <i>State Authorities Superannuation Act 1987</i>,</p> <p>(g) section 61WB of the <i>Superannuation Act 1916</i>.</p> <p>transferred non-member spouse means a person whose non-member spouse benefit is transferred under a transfer provision.</p> <p>(2) On and from the transfer day, a person whose non-member spouse benefit is transferred under a transfer provision to FTC for crediting to the Fund, and who is not already a member of the superannuation scheme established under this Act and the trust deed, is an associate member of the Fund.</p> <p>(3) FTC must establish in the Fund an account in respect of any such associate member.</p> <p>(4) FTC must credit to the Fund the amount transferred to FTC under a transfer provision.</p> <p>(5) FTC must credit to the account of each transferred non-member spouse an amount equal to the non-member spouse benefit.</p> | <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>11</p> <p>12</p> <p>13</p> <p>14</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p> <p>18</p> <p>19</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>25</p> <p>26</p> <p>27</p> <p>28</p> <p>29</p> <p>30</p> <p>31</p> <p>32</p> <p>33</p> <p>34</p> <p>35</p> <p>36</p> |
|---|--|

(6) Any such amount is taken to have been credited to the account on the day following the transfer day.

(7) An amount credited under this section to the account of a transferred non-member spouse is, for the purposes of this Act and the trust deed, to be treated as if it were contributed or preserved under this Act and the trust deed by or on behalf of the transferred non-member spouse.

20BB Rules

Without limiting section 13, 14, 18 or 20, the trust deed and the rules under the trust deed may make provision for or with respect to matters arising from the transfer of a non-member spouse benefit, including:

- (a) the establishment of accounts in the Fund for transferred non-member spouses who are not members of the Fund,
- (b) the classification of transferred non-member spouses as associate members of the Fund on the establishment of their accounts,
- (c) the crediting of amounts to the accounts of transferred non-member spouses,
- (d) the investment of amounts held in accounts of transferred non-member spouses.

[3] Schedule 3 Savings, transitional and other provisions

Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Act 2003 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)

[4] Dictionary

Insert “, or a transfer under section 20BA,” after “Commonwealth” in the definition of *associate member*.

**Schedule 2 Amendment of Judges' Pensions Act 1953
 No 41**

(Section 3)

[1] Section 2 Definitions

Insert after section 2 (2):

- (3) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

[2] Part 3A

Insert after Part 3:

**Part 3A Provisions relating to family law
 superannuation legislation**

15A Definitions

In this Part:

complying superannuation fund means:

- (a) a regulated superannuation fund under the
 Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 of the
 Commonwealth, or
- (b) the First State Superannuation Fund.

family law superannuation entitlement has the same
meaning as it has in section 15C (2) (a).

family law superannuation legislation means Part VIIIB of
the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth and the
Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001 of the
Commonwealth.

family law superannuation payment means an amount
payable under this Part to or in respect of a non-member
spouse.

First State Superannuation Fund means the Fund
maintained and administered under the trust deed entered into
under the *First State Superannuation Act 1992*.

flag lifting agreement has the same meaning as it has in
Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the
Commonwealth.

FTC means the FSS Trustee Corporation established under the *Superannuation Administration Act 1996*.

member spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who has the superannuation interest.

non-member spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who is not the member spouse in relation to that interest.

payment split has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

RSA means a retirement savings account within the meaning of the *Retirement Savings Accounts Act 1997* of the Commonwealth.

splitting order has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

spouse of a person means a person who is or was married to that person.

superannuation agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

superannuation interest means an interest that a judge, retired judge or any other person has as a member or a beneficiary of the superannuation scheme established under this Act.

15B Payment of benefits where superannuation interests affected by flagging order or payment split

Nothing in this Act:

- (a) requires the payment of a benefit or any other payment under this Act, to the extent that any such payment would contravene provisions of the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation, or
- (b) prevents the payment or reduction of a benefit or any other payment, to the extent that the payment or reduction is required to be made, or results from a requirement, under the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation.

15C Payment splits

- (1) The object of this section is to facilitate arrangements for payment splits under the family law superannuation legislation and to provide for family law superannuation payments to or in respect of non-member spouses for the purposes of satisfying the requirements of Division 2.2 of Part 2 of the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.
Note. The effect of satisfying those requirements is that payments to the member spouse of a benefit under this Act will be no longer liable to be split for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation.
- (2) A non-member spouse has a family law superannuation entitlement to which this section applies if:
 - (a) the non-member spouse has an entitlement, that is operative, to be paid an amount under a superannuation agreement, flag lifting agreement or splitting order in respect of a superannuation interest of a member spouse (a ***family law superannuation entitlement***), and
 - (b) the member spouse is in receipt of a pension, or is eligible to be paid a lump sum benefit, under this Act, and
 - (c) the family law superannuation entitlement has not been paid to the non-member spouse by the member spouse, or waived by the non-member spouse, in accordance with the family law superannuation legislation.
- (3) On written notice by a member spouse or a non-member spouse, or by any other person or court, of a family law superannuation entitlement of a non-member spouse to which this section applies, the Minister must take one of the following actions:
 - (a) pay or release to the non-member spouse an amount, of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable),
 - (b) transfer or rollover to a complying superannuation fund or an RSA nominated by the non-member spouse an amount, of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable), to be held for the benefit of the non-member spouse.

-
- | | | |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|
| (4) | The Minister may take the action set out in subsection (3) (a) only if the member spouse is in receipt of a pension under this Act or the non-member spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit of a kind that would entitle a person to payment of a benefit if the Fund were a complying superannuation fund. | 1
2
3
4
5
6 |
| (5) | The Minister must transfer a family law superannuation payment to FTC for crediting to the First State Superannuation Fund if: | 7
8
9 |
| (a) | the payment is not payable under subsection (3) (a), and | 10 |
| (b) | a non-member spouse fails, within the period prescribed by the regulations, to make a nomination for the purposes of subsection (3) (b) or a nominated fund or RSA does not accept the nomination. | 11
12
13
14 |
| (6) | For the purposes of this section, the value of a family law superannuation entitlement or a family law superannuation payment of a non-member spouse is to be determined in accordance with any applicable provisions of the regulations and the family law superannuation legislation. | 15
16
17
18
19 |
| 15D | Reduction of benefits of member spouses | 20 |
| (1) | The Minister may reduce the amount of any benefit payable under this Act to or in respect of a member spouse (or a spouse or de facto partner of a member spouse) if a family law superannuation entitlement is paid or payable to or in respect of the non-member spouse under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part or the regulations. | 21
22
23
24
25
26 |
| (2) | A preserved or deferred benefit may be reduced under this section. | 27
28 |
| (3) | A pension may be reduced under this section even though payment of the pension first commenced before the payment of the amount to or in respect of the non-member spouse. | 29
30
31 |
| (4) | The benefit is to be reduced in accordance with the regulations and any applicable provisions of the family law superannuation legislation. | 32
33
34 |
-

15E Accrued benefit multiples

- (1) For the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation, the accrued benefit multiple of a member spouse is the period (in years and parts of years) that the member spouse served as a judge in the judicial office (including any prior judicial service within the meaning of section 8) that he or she held immediately before becoming eligible for payment of a pension or a lump sum benefit.

Note. Under the family law superannuation legislation, the accrued benefit multiple is a factor used to determine the amount payable to a non-member spouse who becomes entitled to a payment.

- (2) In the case of a member spouse who is the widow or widower of a former judge, the accrued benefit multiple is the same as the accrued benefit multiple for the former judge.

15F Regulations

Regulations may be made for or with respect to the following matters:

- (a) elections by non-member spouses for payment of family law superannuation entitlements,
- (b) the persons or bodies to whom a family law superannuation payment under section 15C or a payment referred to in paragraph (i) may be paid,
- (c) the composition of payments made for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, having regard to the composition of the member spouse's superannuation interest under this Act before the payment is paid,
- (d) the payment of fees for or with respect to family law superannuation payments,
- (e) notice of family law superannuation entitlements and payment splits,
- (f) the periods for payment of family law superannuation payments,
- (g) the calculation of payments and entitlements for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part (including payments under paragraph (i)),
- (h) the calculation of the value of superannuation interests of member spouses for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part,

	(i) additional circumstances in which an offer may be made, and payment may be made, to a non-member spouse where a superannuation interest is subject to a payment split,	1 2 3 4
	(j) the charging of, and payment from, the Consolidated Fund of a payment made in the circumstances prescribed under paragraph (i),	5 6 7
	(k) the reduction of benefits (including deferred or preserved benefits) payable to or in respect of member spouses, or spouses or de facto partners of member spouses, as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part,	8 9 10 11 12
	(l) without limiting paragraph (k), the commutation of pensions or parts of pensions for the purposes of the reduction of benefits as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part.	13 14 15 16 17
[3]	Section 16 Payment to legal personal representative in certain cases	18 19
	Insert "or family law superannuation payment within the meaning of Part 3A" after "benefit".	20 21
[4]	Section 16A Accrued benefit multiples for family law superannuation purposes	22 23
	Omit the section.	24
[5]	Schedule 1 Savings and transitional provisions	25
	Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):	26
	<i>Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Act 2003</i> (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)	27 28

**Schedule 3 Amendment of Local Government and
Other Authorities (Superannuation)
Act 1927 No 35**

(Section 3)

**[1] Section 15BO Pension payable to widow, widower or de facto
partner of deceased pensioner**

Omit section 15BO (1). Insert instead:

- (1) Subject to section 15BOB, if a pensioner under section 15BF,
15BG or 15BH dies leaving a widow, widower or de facto
partner, the board must pay to the widow, widower or de facto
partner a pension at the rate of 62.5% of the rate at which the
deceased pensioner was receiving, or entitled to receive, a
pension under section 15BF, 15BG or 15BH immediately
before his or her death.

[2] Section 15BO (2) and (4)

Insert “or enters into a de facto relationship” after “marries” wherever
occurring.

[3] Section 15BO (2)

Insert “or relationship” after “marriage”.

[4] Section 15BO (2) and (4)

Omit “widow or widower” wherever occurring.

Insert instead “widow, widower or de facto partner”.

[5] Section 15BO (3)

Insert “or entering into a de facto relationship” after “marrying”.

[6] Section 15BO (4)

Insert “or in a de facto relationship” after “married” wherever occurring.

[7] Section 15BO (4) (b)

Insert “or relationship” after “marriage”.

[8] Section 15BO (5)

Omit the subsection. Insert instead:

(5) In this section:

de facto partner of a deceased pensioner means, if the deceased pensioner was, at the time of his or her death, in a de facto relationship within the meaning of the *Property (Relationships) Act 1984* with a person, that person.

eligible widow, widower or de facto partner of a deceased pensioner means a widow, widower or de facto partner of the deceased pensioner who has or had in his or her marriage or relationship with the deceased pensioner a child, being:

- (a) a child of the widow, widower or de facto partner and the deceased pensioner who was, in the opinion of the board, wholly or substantially dependent on the deceased pensioner at any time during the marriage or relationship, or
- (b) a child of the deceased pensioner who was conceived before and born alive after the death of the pensioner.

[9] Section 15BOB Spouses' pensions generally

Omit "late husband or wife" in section 15BOB (4).

Insert instead "deceased pensioner".

[10] Schedule H Savings and transitional provisions

Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Act 2003 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)

**Schedule 4 Amendment of New South Wales
Retirement Benefits Act 1972 No 70**

(Section 3)

**[1] Section 27A Pension to be paid to eligible surviving spouse or de
facto partner**

Omit section 27A (1). Insert instead:

- (1) Despite any other provision of this Act, a pension is payable,
on the death of a former contributor who elected to take a
pension referred to in section 26 (7) (c) or 27 (2) (c), to an
eligible surviving spouse or de facto partner who became the
spouse or de facto partner of the former contributor after the
time the pension became payable to the former contributor.

[2] Section 27A (2) and (3)

Insert “or de facto partner” after “spouse” wherever occurring.

[3] Section 27A (2)

Insert “or in a de facto relationship” after “married” wherever occurring.

[4] Section 27A (2) (b)

Insert “or relationship” after “marriage”.

[5] Section 27A (4)

Omit the subsection. Insert instead:

- (4) In this section:

de facto partner of a deceased former contributor
means, if the deceased contributor was, at the time of
his or her death, in a de facto relationship within the
meaning of the *Property (Relationships) Act 1984* with
a person, that person.

eligible surviving spouse or de facto partner of a
deceased former contributor means a person who has or
had in his or her marriage or relationship with the
deceased former contributor a child, being:

	(a) a child of the surviving spouse or de facto partner and the deceased former contributor who was, in the opinion of the Board, wholly or substantially dependent on the deceased former contributor at any time during the marriage or relationship, or	1 2 3 4 5
	(b) a child of the deceased former contributor who was conceived before and born alive after the death of the former contributor.	6 7 8
[6]	Section 31B Calculation of adjustment percentage	9
	Omit “this section” from section 31B (2) (a).	10
	Insert instead “subsection (1) (b)”.	11
[7]	Section 74	12
	Insert after section 73:	13
	74 Savings and transitional provisions	14
	Schedule 1 has effect.	15
[8]	Schedule 1	16
	Insert before Schedule 2:	17
	Schedule 1 Savings and transitional provisions	18
	(Section 74)	19
	1 Regulations	20
	(1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the following Acts:	21 22 23
	<i>Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Act 2003</i> (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)	24 25
	(2) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.	26 27 28
	(3) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as:	29 30 31

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Bill 2003

Schedule 4 Amendment of New South Wales Retirement Benefits Act 1972 No 70

-
- (a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or
 - (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

1
2
3
4
5
6

**Schedule 5 Amendment of Parliamentary Contributory
Superannuation Act 1971 No 53**

(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 3 (1):

family law superannuation legislation has the same meaning
as it has in Part 4A.

[2] Section 3 (3)

Insert after section 3 (2):

(3) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

[3] Section 6 Payments into and out of the Fund

Insert after section 6 (2):

(3) There is to be paid from the Fund fees payable to the trustees
arising under the family law superannuation legislation or
Part 4A, including administration costs arising under the
family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A.

[4] Part 4A

Insert after Part 4:

**Part 4A Provisions relating to family law
superannuation legislation**

29A Definitions

In this Part:

complying superannuation fund means:

- (a) a regulated superannuation fund under the
Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 of the
Commonwealth, or
- (b) the First State Superannuation Fund.

family law superannuation entitlement has the same
meaning as it has in section 29C (2) (a).

family law superannuation legislation means Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth and the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

family law superannuation payment means an amount payable under this Part to or in respect of a non-member spouse.

First State Superannuation Fund means the First State Superannuation Fund established under the *First State Superannuation Act 1992*.

flag lifting agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

FTC means the FSS Trustee Corporation established under the *Superannuation Administration Act 1996*.

member spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who has the superannuation interest.

non-member spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who is not the member spouse in relation to that interest.

payment split has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

RSA means a retirement savings account within the meaning of the *Retirement Savings Accounts Act 1997* of the Commonwealth.

splitting order has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

spouse of a person means a person who is or was married to that person.

superannuation agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

superannuation interest means an interest that a member or former member or other person has as a member or beneficiary of the superannuation scheme under this Act.

**29B Payment of benefits where superannuation interests affected
by flagging order or payment split**

Nothing in this Act:

- (a) requires the trustees to pay a benefit or to make any other payment under this Act, to the extent that any such payment would contravene provisions of the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation, or
- (b) prevents the trustees from paying or reducing a benefit or making any other payment, to the extent that the payment or reduction is required to be made, or results from a requirement, under the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation.

29C Payment splits

- (1) The object of this section is to facilitate arrangements for payment splits under the family law superannuation legislation and to provide for family law superannuation payments to or in respect of non-member spouses for the purposes of satisfying the requirements of Division 2.2 of Part 2 of the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

Note. The effect of satisfying those requirements is that payments to the member spouse of a benefit under this Act will no longer be liable to be split for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation.

- (2) A non-member spouse has a family law superannuation entitlement to which this section applies if:
 - (a) the non-member spouse has an entitlement, that is operative, to be paid an amount under a superannuation agreement, flag lifting agreement or splitting order in respect of the superannuation interest of a member spouse (a *family law superannuation entitlement*), and
 - (b) the member spouse is, or was the spouse of, a person who has or had a period of service of not less than the period that entitles a member, who is otherwise eligible under this Act, to a pension, and
 - (c) the family law superannuation entitlement has not been paid to the non-member spouse by the member spouse, or waived by the non-member spouse, in accordance with the family law superannuation legislation.

-
- | | | |
|-----|--|--|
| (3) | On written notice by a member spouse or a non-member spouse, or by any other person or court, of a family law superannuation entitlement of a non-member spouse to which this section applies, the trustees must take one of the following actions: | 1
2
3
4
5 |
| (a) | pay or release to the non-member spouse an amount of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by the trustees), | 6
7
8 |
| (b) | transfer or rollover to a complying superannuation fund or an RSA nominated by the non-member spouse an amount, of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by the trustees), to be held for the benefit of the non-member spouse. | 9
10
11
12
13 |
| (4) | The trustees may take the action set out in subsection (3) (a) only if the member spouse is in receipt of a pension under this Act or the non-member spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit of a kind that would entitle a member to payment of a benefit if the Fund were a complying superannuation fund. | 14
15
16
17
18
19 |
| (5) | The trustees must transfer a family law superannuation payment to FTC for crediting to the First State Superannuation Fund if: | 20
21
22 |
| (a) | the payment is not payable under subsection (3) (a), and | 23 |
| (b) | a non-member spouse fails, within the period prescribed by the regulations, to make a nomination for the purposes of subsection (3) (b) or a nominated fund or RSA does not accept the nomination. | 24
25
26
27 |
| (6) | For the purposes of this section, the value of a family law superannuation entitlement or family law superannuation payment of a non-member spouse is to be determined by the trustees in accordance with any applicable provisions of the regulations and the family law superannuation legislation. | 28
29
30
31
32 |
| (7) | The trustees must not pay a family law superannuation payment to or in respect of a non-member spouse under this section if the value of the payment that is or would be payable to or in respect of the non-member spouse at that time (taking into account any prior liability to pay a family law superannuation payment) is greater than the value of the member spouse's superannuation interest (as calculated in accordance with the regulations) at that time. | 33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40 |

(8)	This section does not apply to or in respect of a pension while payment of the pension is suspended under this Act.	1 2
29D	Reduction of benefits of member spouses	3
(1)	The trustees may reduce the amount of any benefit payable under this Act to or in respect of a member spouse (or a spouse or de facto partner of a member spouse) if a family law superannuation entitlement is paid or payable to or in respect of the non-member spouse under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part or the regulations.	4 5 6 7 8 9
(2)	A preserved or deferred benefit may be reduced under this section.	10 11
(3)	A pension may be reduced under this section even though payment of the pension first commenced before the payment of the amount to or in respect of the non-member spouse.	12 13 14
(4)	The benefit is to be reduced in accordance with the regulations and any applicable provisions of the family law superannuation legislation.	15 16 17
29E	Regulations	18
	Regulations may be made for or with respect to the following matters:	19 20
(a)	elections by non-member spouses for payment of family law superannuation entitlements,	21 22
(b)	the persons or bodies to whom a family law superannuation payment may be paid,	23 24
(c)	the composition of payments made for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, having regard to the composition of the member spouse's superannuation interest under this Act before the payment is paid,	25 26 27 28 29
(d)	the payment of fees for or with respect to family law superannuation payments,	30 31
(e)	notice of family law superannuation entitlements and payment splits,	32 33
(f)	the periods for payment of family law superannuation payments,	34 35

(g)	the calculation of payments and entitlements for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part,	1 2 3
(h)	the calculation of the value of superannuation interests of member spouses for purposes relating to the family law superannuation legislation or this Part,	4 5 6
(i)	the accrued benefit multiple for member spouses, or a class of member spouses, for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation,	7 8 9
(j)	the reduction of benefits (including deferred or preserved benefits) payable to or in respect of member spouses, or spouses or de facto partners of member spouses, as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part,	10 11 12 13 14
(k)	without limiting paragraph (j), the commutation of pensions or parts of pensions for the purposes of the reduction of benefits as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part.	15 16 17 18 19
[5]	Schedule 1 Savings, transitional and other provisions	20
	Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):	21
	<i>Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Act 2003</i> (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)	22 23

**Schedule 6 Amendment of Police Association
Employees (Superannuation) Act 1969
No 33**

(Section 3)

[1] Section 3A

Insert after section 3:

3A Provisions relating to family law superannuation legislation

- (1) Part 4A of the *Police Regulation (Superannuation) Act 1906* and any regulations made under that Part apply, with any necessary modifications, to or in respect of a prescribed person or any other person receiving a benefit under this Act in the same way as they apply to or in respect of a contributor spouse within the meaning of that Part.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, the following provisions have effect:
 - (a) a reference to a non-contributor spouse in that Part or those regulations includes a reference to a spouse (within the meaning of that Part) of a prescribed person or other person receiving a benefit under this Act,
 - (b) a reference to a superannuation interest of a contributor spouse in that Part or those regulations includes a reference to a superannuation interest of a person arising under this Act,
 - (c) a reference to a condition for payment or release of a benefit in that Part or those regulations includes a reference to a condition for payment or release of a benefit that is applicable under this Act,
 - (d) a reference in that Act to administration costs or fees arising under that Part in relation to a contributor spouse includes a reference to costs or fees arising in relation to a person to whom that Part applies because of this section.

[2] Schedule 1 Savings and transitional provisions

Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):

*Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law)
Act 2003* (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)

**Schedule 7 Amendment of Police Regulation
(Superannuation) Act 1906 No 28**

(Section 3)

[1] Section 1 Name of Act, commencement and definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 1 (2):

family law superannuation legislation has the same meaning
as it has in Part 4A.

family law superannuation payment has the same meaning
as it has in Part 4A.

[2] Section 1 (7)

Insert after section 1 (6):

(7) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

[3] Section 3 Police Superannuation Fund

Insert after section 3 (2) (c):

(c1) any fees paid to STC arising under the family law
superannuation legislation or Part 4A, and

[4] Section 3 (3) (c1)

Insert after section 3 (3) (c):

(c1) any administration costs and other amounts payable by
STC and arising under the family law superannuation
legislation or Part 4A, and

[5] Part 4A

Insert after Part 4:

**Part 4A Provisions relating to family law
superannuation legislation**

14N Definitions

In this Part:

complying superannuation fund means:

- (a) a regulated superannuation fund under the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* of the Commonwealth, or
- (b) the First State Superannuation Fund.

contributor spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who has the superannuation interest.

family law superannuation entitlement has the same meaning as it has in section 14P (2) (a).

family law superannuation legislation means Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth and the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

family law superannuation payment means an amount payable under this Part to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse.

flag lifting agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

non-contributor spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who is not the contributor spouse in relation to that interest.

payment split has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

RSA means a retirement savings account within the meaning of the *Retirement Savings Accounts Act 1997* of the Commonwealth.

splitting order has the same meaning as it has in Part VIII B of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

spouse of a person means a person who is or was married to that person.

superannuation agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIII B of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

superannuation interest means an interest that a contributor, former contributor or other person has as a contributor to or beneficiary of the superannuation scheme under this Act.

14O Payment of benefits where superannuation interests affected by flagging order or payment split

Nothing in this Act:

- (a) requires STC to pay a benefit or to make any other payment under this Act, to the extent that any such payment would contravene provisions of the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation, or
- (b) prevents STC from paying or reducing a benefit or making any other payment, to the extent that the payment or reduction is required to be made, or results from a requirement, under the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation.

14P Payment splits

- (1) The object of this section is to facilitate arrangements for payment splits under the family law superannuation legislation and to provide for family law superannuation payments to or in respect of non-contributor spouses for the purposes of satisfying the requirements of Division 2.2 of Part 2 of the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

Note. The effect of satisfying those requirements is that payments to the contributor spouse of a benefit under this Act will no longer be liable to be split for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation.

-
- (2) A non-contributor spouse has a family law superannuation entitlement to which this section applies if:
- (a) the non-contributor spouse has an entitlement, that is operative, to be paid an amount under a superannuation agreement, flag lifting agreement or splitting order in respect of the superannuation interest of a contributor spouse (a *family law superannuation entitlement*), and
 - (b) the family law superannuation entitlement has not been paid to the non-contributor spouse by the contributor spouse, or waived by the non-contributor spouse, in accordance with the family law superannuation legislation.
- (3) On written notice by a contributor spouse or a non-contributor spouse, or by any other person or court, of a family law superannuation entitlement of a non-contributor spouse to which this section applies, STC must take one of the following actions:
- (a) pay or release to the non-contributor spouse an amount of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by STC),
 - (b) transfer or rollover to a complying superannuation fund or an RSA nominated by the non-contributor spouse an amount, of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by STC), to be held for the benefit of the non-contributor spouse.
- (4) STC may take the action set out in subsection (3) (a) only if the contributor spouse is in receipt of a pension under this Act or the non-contributor spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit of a kind that would entitle a contributor to payment of a benefit if the Fund were a complying superannuation fund.
- (5) STC must transfer a family law superannuation payment to FTC for crediting to the First State Superannuation Fund if:
- (a) the payment is not payable under subsection (3) (a), and
 - (b) a non-contributor spouse fails, within the period prescribed by the regulations, to make a nomination for the purposes of subsection (3) (b) or a nominated fund or RSA does not accept the nomination.

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38

-
- | | | |
|------------|--|--|
| (6) | For the purposes of this section, the value of a family law superannuation entitlement or family law superannuation payment of a non-contributor spouse is to be determined by STC in accordance with any applicable provisions of the regulations and the family law superannuation legislation. | 1
2
3
4
5 |
| (7) | STC must not pay a family law superannuation payment to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse under this section if the value of the payment that is or would be payable to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse at that time (taking into account any prior liability to pay a family law superannuation payment) is greater than the value of the contributor spouse's superannuation interest (as calculated in accordance with the regulations) at that time. | 6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13 |
| 14Q | Reduction of benefits of contributor spouses | 14 |
| (1) | STC may reduce the amount of any benefit payable under this Act to or in respect of a contributor spouse (or a spouse or de facto partner of a contributor spouse) if a family law superannuation entitlement is paid or payable to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part or the regulations. | 15
16
17
18
19
20 |
| (2) | A preserved or deferred benefit may be reduced under this section. | 21
22 |
| (3) | A pension may be reduced under this section even though payment of the pension first commenced before the payment of the amount to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse. | 23
24
25 |
| (4) | The benefit is to be reduced in accordance with the regulations and any applicable provisions of the family law superannuation legislation. | 26
27
28 |
| 14R | Regulations | 29 |
| | Regulations may be made for or with respect to the following matters: | 30
31 |
| (a) | elections by non-contributor spouses for payment of family law superannuation entitlements, | 32
33 |
| (b) | the persons or bodies to whom a family law superannuation payment may be paid, | 34
35 |
-

-
- | | | |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|
| (c) | the composition of payments made for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, having regard to the composition of the contributor spouse's superannuation interest under this Act before the payment is paid, | 1
2
3
4
5 |
| (d) | the payment of fees for or with respect to family law superannuation payments, | 6
7 |
| (e) | notice of family law superannuation entitlements and payment splits, | 8
9 |
| (f) | the periods for payment of family law superannuation payments, | 10
11 |
| (g) | the calculation of payments and entitlements for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 12
13
14 |
| (h) | the calculation of the value of superannuation interests of contributor spouses for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 15
16
17 |
| (i) | the accrued benefit multiple for contributor spouses, or a class of contributor spouses, for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation, | 18
19
20 |
| (j) | the reduction of benefits (including deferred or preserved benefits) payable to or in respect of contributor spouses, or spouses or de facto partners of contributor spouses, as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 21
22
23
24
25
26 |
| (k) | without limiting paragraph (j), the commutation of pensions or parts of pensions for the purposes of the reduction of benefits as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part. | 27
28
29
30
31 |
| [6] | Section 18 Benefit payable not to include fraction of a cent | 32 |
| | Insert "or family law superannuation payment" after "benefit". | 33 |
| [7] | Section 18A Payment to person other than beneficiary | 34 |
| | Insert "or family law superannuation payment" after "gratuity" wherever occurring. | 35
36 |
-

[8] Schedule 6 Savings and transitional provisions

Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law)
Act 2003 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)

1
2
3
4

Schedule 8 Amendment of Public Authorities Superannuation Act 1985 No 41

(Section 3)

[1] Schedule 5 Repeal, savings and transitional provisions

Omit “or the *Public Authorities Superannuation (Amendment) Act 1985*.”
from clause 11 (1).

Insert instead:

and the following Acts:

Public Authorities Superannuation (Amendment) Act 1985

*Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law)
Act 2003* (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)

[2] Schedule 6 Transitional provisions—Local Government Pension Fund

Insert in alphabetical order in clause 1 (1):

de facto partner of a deceased pensioner means, if the
deceased pensioner was, at the time of his or her death, in a de
facto relationship within the meaning of the *Property
(Relationships) Act 1984* with a person, that person.

[3] Schedule 6, clause 8 Choice of benefit—transferred contributor

Insert after clause 8 (3):

- (4) If a pensioner elected to take the benefit provided by
subclauses (2) and (3), the benefit is taken to extend to the de
facto partner of a deceased pensioner who dies on or after the
commencement of this subclause.

[4] Schedule 6, clause 11 Pensions in respect of children and orphans

Insert “or de facto partner” after “spouse” where firstly and secondly
occurring in the definition of *notional pension* in clause 11 (1).

[5] Schedule 6, clause 13 Restriction on automatic adjustment of pension

Insert “or de facto partner” after “spouse” in clause 13 (4).

[6] Schedule 7 Transitional provisions—New South Wales Retirement Fund

Insert in alphabetical order in clause 1 (1):

de facto partner of a deceased pensioner means, if the deceased pensioner was, at the time of his or her death, in a de facto relationship within the meaning of the *Property (Relationships) Act 1984* with a person, that person.

[7] Schedule 7, clause 8 Choice of benefit—transferred contributor

Insert after clause 8 (4):

- (5) If a pensioner elected to take the benefit provided by subclause (3), the benefit is taken to extend to the de facto partner of a deceased pensioner who dies on or after the commencement of this subclause.

**Schedule 9 Amendment of Public Authorities
Superannuation (Transport Retirement
Fund Closure) (Savings and Transitional)
Regulation 1986**

(Section 3)

Clause 11 Choice of benefit—transferred contributor

Insert after clause 11 (4):

- (5) If a pensioner elected to take the benefit provided by subclause (3), the benefit is taken to extend to the de facto partner of a deceased pensioner who dies on or after the commencement of this subclause.

- (6) In this clause:

de facto partner of a deceased pensioner means, if the deceased pensioner was, at the time of his or her death, in a de facto relationship within the meaning of the *Property (Relationships) Act 1984* with a person, that person.

**Schedule 10 Amendment of State Authorities Non-
contributory Superannuation Act 1987
No 212**

(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 3 (1):

family law superannuation legislation has the same meaning
as it has in Part 4D.

family law superannuation payment has the same meaning
as it has in Part 4D.

FTC means the FSS Trustee Corporation established under
the *Superannuation Administration Act 1996*.

non-employee spouse has the same meaning as it has in
Part 4D.

[2] Section 3 (4)

Insert after section 3 (3):

(4) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

[3] Section 9 Funds etc

Insert after section 9 (2) (c):

, and

(d) any fees paid to STC arising under the family law
superannuation legislation or Part 4D.

[4] Section 9 (3) (a)

Insert “, including administration costs arising under the family law
superannuation legislation or Part 4D” after “STC” where secondly
occurring.

[5] Section 9 (3) (c1)

Insert after section 9 (3) (c):

(c1) other amounts payable by STC and arising under the
family law superannuation legislation or Part 4D, and

[6] Section 10 Reserves for employers

Insert after section 10 (4) (b):

, and

- (c) the whole or part (as determined by STC) of an amount arising under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4D that is paid to, or in respect of, a spouse or former spouse of an employee or former employee who, immediately before the payment, was an employee or former employee of the employer or an employer to whom the reserve relates.

[7] Part 4D

Insert after Part 4C:

**Part 4D Provisions relating to family law
superannuation legislation**

27AH Definitions

In this Part:

complying superannuation fund means:

- (a) a regulated superannuation fund under the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* of the Commonwealth, or
- (b) the First State Superannuation Fund.

employee spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who has the superannuation interest.

family law superannuation entitlement has the same meaning as it has in section 27AJ (2) (a).

family law superannuation legislation means Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth and the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

family law superannuation payment means an amount payable under this Part to or in respect of a non-employee spouse.

flag lifting agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

non-employee spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who is not the employee spouse in relation to that interest.

payment split has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

RSA means a retirement savings account within the meaning of the *Retirement Savings Accounts Act 1997* of the Commonwealth.

splitting order has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

spouse of a person means a person who is or was married to that person.

superannuation agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

superannuation interest means an interest that an employee or former employee has as a member or beneficiary of the superannuation scheme under this Act.

27AI Payment of benefits where superannuation interests affected by flagging order or payment split

Nothing in this Act:

- (a) requires STC to pay a benefit or to make any other payment under this Act, to the extent that any such payment would contravene provisions of the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation, or
- (b) prevents STC from paying or reducing a benefit or making any other payment, to the extent that the payment or reduction is required to be made, or results from a requirement, under the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation.

27AJ Payment splits

- (1) The object of this section is to facilitate arrangements for payment splits under the family law superannuation legislation and to provide for family law superannuation payments to or in respect of non-employee spouses for the purposes of satisfying the requirements of Division 2.2 of Part 2 of the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

Note. The effect of satisfying those requirements is that payments to the employee spouse of a benefit under this Act will no longer be liable to be split for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation.

- (2) A non-employee spouse has a family law superannuation entitlement to which this section applies if:
- (a) the non-employee spouse has an entitlement, that is operative, to be paid an amount under a superannuation agreement, flag lifting agreement or splitting order in respect of the superannuation interest of an employee spouse (a *family law superannuation entitlement*), and
 - (b) the family law superannuation entitlement has not been paid to the non-employee spouse by the employee spouse, or waived by the non-employee spouse, in accordance with the family law superannuation legislation.
- (3) On written notice by an employee spouse or a non-employee spouse, or by any other person or court, of a family law superannuation entitlement of a non-employee spouse to which this section applies, STC must take one of the following actions:
- (a) pay or release to the non-employee spouse an amount of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by STC),
 - (b) transfer or rollover to a complying superannuation fund or an RSA nominated by the non-employee spouse an amount, of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by STC), to be held for the benefit of the non-employee spouse.

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Bill 2003

Schedule 10 Amendment of State Authorities Non-contributory Superannuation Act 1987
No 212

-
- (4) STC may take the action set out in subsection (3) (a) only if the non-employee spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit of a kind that would entitle an employee to payment of a benefit under this Act if the Fund were a complying superannuation fund. 1
2
3
4
5
- (5) STC must transfer a family law superannuation payment to FTC for crediting to the First State Superannuation Fund if: 6
7
 (a) the payment is not payable under subsection (3) (a), and 8
 (b) a non-employee spouse fails, within the period prescribed by the regulations, to make a nomination for the purposes of subsection (3) (b) or a nominated fund or RSA does not accept the nomination. 9
10
11
12
- (6) For the purposes of this section, the value of a family law superannuation entitlement or a family law superannuation payment of a non-employee spouse is to be determined by STC in accordance with any applicable provisions of the regulations and the family law superannuation legislation. 13
14
15
16
17
- (7) STC must not pay a family law superannuation payment to or in respect of a non-employee spouse under this section if the value of the payment that is or would be payable to or in respect of the non-employee spouse at that time (taking into account any prior liability to pay a family law superannuation payment) is greater than the value of the employee spouse's superannuation interest (as calculated in accordance with the regulations) at that time. 18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25

27AK Reduction of benefits of employee spouses 26

- (1) STC may reduce the amount of any benefit payable under this Act to or in respect of an employee spouse (or a spouse or de facto partner of an employee spouse) if a family law superannuation entitlement is paid or payable to or in respect of the non-employee spouse under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part or the regulations. 27
28
29
30
31
32
- (2) A preserved or deferred benefit may be reduced under this section. 33
34
- (3) The benefit is to be reduced in accordance with the regulations and any applicable provisions of the family law superannuation legislation. 35
36
37

27AL Regulations

Regulations may be made for or with respect to the following matters:

- (a) elections by non-employee spouses for payment of family law superannuation entitlements,
- (b) the persons or bodies to whom family law superannuation payments may be paid,
- (c) the composition of payments made for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, having regard to the composition of the employee spouse's superannuation interest under this Act before the payment is paid,
- (d) the payment of fees for or with respect to family law superannuation payments,
- (e) notice of family law superannuation entitlements and payment splits,
- (f) the periods for payment of family law superannuation payments,
- (g) the calculation of payments and entitlements for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part,
- (h) the calculation of the value of superannuation interests of employee spouses for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part,
- (i) the accrued benefit multiple for employee spouses, or a class of employee spouses, for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation,
- (j) the reduction of benefits (including deferred or preserved benefits) payable to or in respect of employee spouses, or spouses or de facto partners of employee spouses, as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part.

[8] Section 31 Payment without grant of probate etc

Insert "or a non-employee spouse" after "former employee" wherever occurring in section 31 (1) and (3).

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Bill 2003

Schedule 10 Amendment of State Authorities Non-contributory Superannuation Act 1987
No 212

[9] Section 31

Insert “or family law superannuation payment” after “benefit” wherever
occurring.

[10] Schedule 5 Savings and transitional provisions

Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law)
Act 2003 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)

Schedule 11 Amendment of State Authorities Superannuation Act 1987 No 211

(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 3 (1):

family law superannuation legislation has the same meaning
as it has in Part 5AA.

family law superannuation payment has the same meaning
as it has in Part 5AA.

FTC means the FSS Trustee Corporation established under
the *Superannuation Administration Act 1996*.

non-contributor spouse has the same meaning as it has in
Part 5AA.

[2] Section 3 (5)

Insert after section 3 (4):

(5) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

[3] Section 11 Establishment of the Fund

Insert after section 11 (3) (c):

(c1) any fees paid to STC arising under the family law
superannuation legislation or Part 5AA, and

[4] Section 11 (4) (a)

Insert “and administration costs arising under the family law
superannuation legislation or Part 5AA” after “1996”.

[5] Section 11 (4) (c1)

Insert after section 11 (4) (c):

(c1) other amounts payable by STC and arising under the
family law superannuation legislation or Part 5AA, and

[6] Section 12 Contributors' accounts

Insert after section 12 (3) (c):

, and

- (d) the whole or part (as determined by STC) of an amount that is payable by STC and arises under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 5AA and that is payable to, or in respect of, a spouse or former spouse of the contributor or a person whose superannuation interest (within the meaning of Part 5AA) is derived from the contributor.

[7] Section 14 Reserves for employers

Insert "or under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 5AA" after "1996" in section 14 (4) (b).

[8] Section 14 (4) (c)

Insert after section 14 (4) (b):

, and

- (c) the whole or part (as determined by STC) of an amount that is payable by STC and that arises under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 5AA and that is payable to, or in respect of:
- (i) a spouse or former spouse of an employee or former employee who, immediately before the payment, was an employee or former employee of the employer or an employer to whom the reserve relates, or
- (ii) a person whose superannuation interest (within the meaning of Part 5AA) is derived from any such employee or former employee.

[9] Part 5AA

Insert after Part 5:

**Part 5AA Provisions relating to family law
superannuation legislation**

45F Definitions

In this Part:

complying superannuation fund means:

- (a) a regulated superannuation fund under the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* of the Commonwealth, or
- (b) the First State Superannuation Fund.

contributor spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who has the superannuation interest.

family law superannuation entitlement has the same meaning as it has in section 45I (2) (a).

family law superannuation legislation means Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth and the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

family law superannuation payment means an amount payable under this Part to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse.

flag lifting agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

non-contributor spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who is not the contributor spouse in relation to that interest.

payment split has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

RSA means a retirement savings account within the meaning of the *Retirement Savings Accounts Act 1997* of the Commonwealth.

splitting order has the same meaning as it has in Part VIII B of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

spouse of a person means a person who is or was married to that person.

superannuation agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIII B of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

superannuation interest means an interest that a contributor, former contributor or other person has as a contributor to or beneficiary of the superannuation scheme under this Act.

45G Application of Part to contributors to, and pensions under, former schemes

- (1) In addition to contributors and former contributors under this Act, this Part applies to the following persons in the same way as it applies to contributors and former contributors under this Act:
 - (a) a transferred contributor or transferred pensioner within the meaning of the *State Authorities Superannuation (Government Railways Superannuation Scheme Transfer) (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1990*, a former transferred contributor under that Regulation and any other person being paid a pension under that Regulation,
 - (b) a transferred contributor within the meaning of Part 1 of the *State Authorities Superannuation (Transitional Provisions) Regulation 1988*, a former transferred contributor under that Regulation and any other person being paid a pension under that Regulation,
 - (c) a person being paid a pension under the *Local Government and Other Authorities (Superannuation) Act 1927*, the *New South Wales Retirement Benefits Act 1972*, the *Public Authorities Superannuation Act 1985*, the *Public Authorities Superannuation (Transport Retirement Fund Closure) (Savings and Transitional) Regulation 1986*, the *State Authorities Superannuation (Ex-Snowy Mountains Hydro-Electric Authority Superannuation Fund Transfer) Regulation 2003* or the *Transport Employees Retirement Benefits Act 1967*.

-
- | | | |
|------------|---|--|
| (2) | A reference in this Part to a superannuation interest under this Act includes, in relation to a person referred to in subsection (1) (a), (b) or (c), a reference to a superannuation interest under an Act or regulation applicable to the person concerned. | 1
2
3
4 |
| (3) | A reference in this Part to a condition for payment or release of a benefit includes, in relation to a person referred to in subsection (1) (a), (b) or (c), a reference to a condition for payment or release of a benefit under a provision of an Act or regulation applicable to the person concerned. | 5
6
7
8
9 |
| (4) | A reference in this Part to a benefit includes a reference to a benefit under an Act or regulation referred to in subsection (1) (a), (b) or (c). | 10
11
12 |
| 45H | Payment of benefits where superannuation interests affected by flagging order or payment split | 13
14 |
| | Nothing in this or any other Act or regulation: | 15 |
| (a) | requires STC to pay a benefit or to make any other payment under this or any other Act or regulation, to the extent that any such payment would contravene provisions of the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation, or | 16
17
18
19
20
21 |
| (b) | prevents STC from paying or reducing a benefit or making any other payment, to the extent that the payment or reduction is required to be made, or results from a requirement, under the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation. | 22
23
24
25
26
27 |
| 45I | Payment splits | 28 |
| (1) | The object of this section is to facilitate arrangements for payment splits under the family law superannuation legislation and to provide for family law superannuation payments to or in respect of non-contributor spouses for the purposes of satisfying the requirements of Division 2.2 of Part 2 of the <i>Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001</i> of the Commonwealth. | 29
30
31
32
33
34
35 |
| | Note. The effect of satisfying those requirements is that payments to the contributor spouse of a benefit under this Act will no longer be liable to be split for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation. | 36
37
38 |
-

-
- (2) A non-contributor spouse has a family law superannuation entitlement to which this section applies if:
- (a) the non-contributor spouse has an entitlement, that is operative, to be paid an amount under a superannuation agreement, flag lifting agreement or splitting order in respect of the superannuation interest of a contributor spouse (a *family law superannuation entitlement*), and
 - (b) the family law superannuation entitlement has not been paid to the non-contributor spouse by the contributor spouse, or waived by the non-contributor spouse, in accordance with the family law superannuation legislation.
- (3) On written notice by a contributor spouse or a non-contributor spouse, or by any other person or court, of a family law superannuation entitlement of a non-contributor spouse to which this section applies, STC must take one of the following actions:
- (a) pay or release to the non-contributor spouse an amount of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by STC),
 - (b) transfer or rollover to a complying superannuation fund or an RSA nominated by the non-contributor spouse an amount, of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by STC), to be held for the benefit of the non-contributor spouse.
- (4) STC may take the action set out in subsection (3) (a) only if the contributor spouse is in receipt of a pension or the non-contributor spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit of a kind that would entitle a contributor to payment of a benefit if the Fund were a complying superannuation fund.
- (5) STC must transfer a family law superannuation payment to FTC for crediting to the First State Superannuation Fund if:
- (a) the payment is not payable under subsection (3) (a), and
 - (b) a non-contributor spouse fails, within the period prescribed by the regulations, to make a nomination for the purposes of subsection (3) (b) or a nominated fund or RSA does not accept the nomination.

-
- | | | |
|------------|--|--|
| (6) | For the purposes of this section, the value of a family law superannuation entitlement or family law superannuation payment of a non-contributor spouse is to be determined by STC in accordance with any applicable provisions of the regulations and the family law superannuation legislation. | 1
2
3
4
5 |
| (7) | STC must not pay a family law superannuation payment to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse under this section if the value of the payment that is or would be payable to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse at that time (taking into account any prior liability to pay a family law superannuation payment) is greater than the value of the contributor spouse's superannuation interest (as calculated in accordance with the regulations) at that time. | 6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13 |
| 45J | Reduction of benefits of contributor spouses | 14 |
| (1) | STC may reduce the amount of any benefit payable under this Act to or in respect of a contributor spouse (or a spouse or de facto partner of a contributor spouse) if a family law superannuation entitlement is paid or payable to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part or the regulations. | 15
16
17
18
19
20 |
| (2) | A preserved or deferred benefit may be reduced under this section. | 21
22 |
| (3) | A pension may be reduced under this section even though payment of the pension first commenced before the payment of the amount to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse. | 23
24
25 |
| (4) | The benefit is to be reduced in accordance with the regulations and any applicable provisions of the family law superannuation legislation. | 26
27
28 |
| 45K | Regulations | 29 |
| | Regulations may be made for or with respect to the following matters: | 30
31 |
| (a) | elections by non-contributor spouses for payment of family law superannuation entitlements, | 32
33 |
| (b) | the persons or bodies to whom a family law superannuation payment may be paid, | 34
35 |
-

-
- | | | |
|-------------|--|----------------------------------|
| (c) | the composition of payments made for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, having regard to the composition of the contributor spouse's superannuation interest under this Act before the payment is paid, | 1
2
3
4
5 |
| (d) | the payment of fees for or with respect to family law superannuation payments, | 6
7 |
| (e) | notice of family law superannuation entitlements and payment splits, | 8
9 |
| (f) | the periods for payment of family law superannuation payments, | 10
11 |
| (g) | the calculation of payments and entitlements for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 12
13
14 |
| (h) | the calculation of the value of superannuation interests of contributor spouses for the purposes relating to the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 15
16
17 |
| (i) | the accrued benefit multiple for contributor spouses, or a class of contributor spouses, for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation, | 18
19
20 |
| (j) | the reduction of benefits (including deferred or preserved benefits) payable to or in respect of contributor spouses, or spouses or de facto partners of contributor spouses, as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 21
22
23
24
25
26 |
| (k) | without limiting paragraph (j), the commutation of pensions or parts of pensions for the purposes of the reduction of benefits as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part. | 27
28
29
30
31 |
| [10] | Section 51 Payment without grant of probate etc | 32 |
| | Insert "or family law superannuation payment" after "benefit" wherever occurring. | 33
34 |
| [11] | Section 51 (3) | 35 |
| | Insert "or a non-contributor spouse" after "former contributor". | 36 |

[12] Schedule 6 Savings and transitional provisions

Insert at the end of clause 1 (1):

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law)
Act 2003 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)

1
2
3
4

Schedule 12 Amendment of Superannuation Act 1916 No 28

(Section 3)

[1] Section 3 Definitions

Insert in alphabetical order in section 3 (1):

Family law superannuation legislation has the same meaning as it has in Part 4A.

Non-contributor spouse has the same meaning as it has in Part 4A.

[2] Section 3 (14)

Insert after section 3 (13):

(14) Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act.

[3] Section 4 Reconstitution of the Fund

Insert after section 4 (3) (c):

(c1) fees paid to STC arising under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A, and

[4] Section 4 (4) (a)

Insert “, including administration costs arising under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A” after “Fund”.

[5] Section 4 (4) (c1)

Insert after section 4 (4) (c):

(c1) amounts payable by STC and arising under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A, and

[6] Section 6 Contributors’ reserve

Insert after section 6 (2):

(3) STC must ensure that there is debited to the contributors’ reserve that portion of any amount arising under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A that is payable to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse from the contributors’ reserve in accordance with section 33B (2A).

[7] Section 7 Employer reserves

Insert after section 7 (1):

- (1A) STC must ensure that there is credited to the appropriate employer reserve any fees paid to STC arising under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A.

[8] Section 7 (2) (b)

Insert “or the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A” after “1996”.

[9] Section 7 (2) (c1)

Insert after section 7 (2) (c):

- (c1) the portion of any amount under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A that is payable to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse from the employer reserve in accordance with section 33B (2A), and

[10] Section 33B STC to apportion benefits and other payments between the contributors’ reserve and the appropriate employer reserve

Insert after section 33B (2):

- (2A) When an amount under the family law superannuation legislation or Part 4A becomes payable to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse, STC must, in accordance with the regulations, determine the portion of the payment that is payable from the contributors’ reserve and the portion that is payable from the appropriate employer reserve.

[11] Part 4A

Insert after Part 4:

**Part 4A Provisions relating to family law
superannuation legislation**

61W Definitions

In this Part:

complying superannuation fund means:

- (a) a regulated superannuation fund under the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* of the Commonwealth, or
- (b) the First State Superannuation Fund.

contributor spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who has the superannuation interest.

family law superannuation entitlement has the same meaning as it has in section 61WB (2) (a).

family law superannuation legislation means Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth and the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

family law superannuation payment means an amount payable under this Part to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse.

flag lifting agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

non-contributor spouse, in relation to a superannuation interest under this Act, means the spouse who is not the contributor spouse in relation to that interest.

payment split has the same meaning as it has in Part VIIIB of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

RSA means a retirement savings account within the meaning of the *Retirement Savings Accounts Act 1997* of the Commonwealth.

splitting order has the same meaning as it has in Part VIII B of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

spouse of a person means a person who is or was married to that person.

superannuation agreement has the same meaning as it has in Part VIII B of the *Family Law Act 1975* of the Commonwealth.

superannuation interest means an interest that a contributor or former contributor or other person has as a contributor to or beneficiary of the superannuation scheme under this Act.

61WA Payment of benefits where superannuation interests affected by flagging order or payment split

Nothing in this Act:

- (a) requires STC to pay a benefit or to make any other payment under this Act, to the extent that any such payment would contravene provisions of the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation, or
- (b) prevents STC from paying or reducing a benefit or making any other payment, to the extent that the payment or reduction is required to be made, or results from a requirement, under the family law superannuation legislation or any order or agreement made under that legislation.

61WB Payment splits

- (1) The object of this section is to facilitate arrangements for payment splits under the family law superannuation legislation and to provide for family law superannuation payments to or in respect of non-contributor spouses for the purposes of satisfying the requirements of Division 2.2 of Part 2 of the *Family Law (Superannuation) Regulations 2001* of the Commonwealth.

Note. The effect of satisfying those requirements is that payments to the contributor spouse of a benefit under this Act will no longer be liable to be split for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation.

-
- (2) A non-contributor spouse has a family law superannuation entitlement to which this section applies if:
- (a) the non-contributor spouse has an entitlement, that is operative, to be paid an amount under a superannuation agreement, flag lifting agreement or splitting order in respect of the superannuation interest of a contributor spouse (a *family law superannuation entitlement*), and
 - (b) the family law superannuation entitlement has not been paid to the non-contributor spouse by the contributor spouse, or waived by the non-contributor spouse, in accordance with the family law superannuation legislation.
- (3) On written notice by a contributor spouse or a non-contributor spouse, or by any other person or court, of a family law superannuation entitlement of a non-contributor spouse to which this section applies, STC must take one of the following actions:
- (a) pay or release to the non-contributor spouse an amount of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by STC),
 - (b) transfer or rollover to a complying superannuation fund or an RSA nominated by the non-contributor spouse an amount, of the value of the family law superannuation entitlement (less any costs chargeable by STC), to be held for the benefit of the non-contributor spouse.
- (4) STC may take the action set out in subsection (3) (a) only if the contributor spouse is in receipt of a pension under this Act or the non-contributor spouse has satisfied a condition for payment or release of a benefit of a kind that would entitle a contributor to payment of a benefit if the Fund were a complying superannuation fund.
- (5) STC must transfer a family law superannuation payment to FTC for crediting to the First State Superannuation Fund if:
- (a) the payment is not payable under subsection (3) (a), and
 - (b) a non-contributor spouse fails, within the period prescribed by the regulations, to make a nomination for the purposes of subsection (3) (b) or a nominated fund or RSA does not accept the nomination.

-
- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>(6) For the purposes of this section, the value of a family law superannuation entitlement or family law superannuation payment of a non-contributor spouse is to be determined by STC in accordance with any applicable provisions of the regulations and the family law superannuation legislation.</p> <p>(7) STC must not pay a family law superannuation payment to or in respect of a non-contributor spouse under this section if the value of the payment that is or would be payable to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse at that time (taking into account any prior liability to pay a family law superannuation payment) is greater than the value of the contributor spouse's superannuation interest (as calculated in accordance with the regulations) at that time.</p> <p>61WC Reduction of benefits of contributor spouses</p> <p>(1) STC may reduce the amount of any benefit payable under this Act to or in respect of a contributor spouse (or a spouse or de facto partner of a contributor spouse) if a family law superannuation entitlement is paid or payable to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part or the regulations.</p> <p>(2) A preserved or deferred benefit may be reduced under this section.</p> <p>(3) A pension may be reduced under this section even though payment of the pension first commenced before the payment of the amount to or in respect of the non-contributor spouse.</p> <p>(4) The benefit is to be reduced in accordance with the regulations and any applicable provisions of the family law superannuation legislation.</p> <p>61WD Regulations</p> <p>Regulations may be made for or with respect to the following matters:</p> <p>(a) elections by non-contributor spouses for payment of family law superannuation entitlements,</p> <p>(b) the persons or bodies to whom a family law superannuation payment may be paid,</p> | <p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>6</p> <p>7</p> <p>8</p> <p>9</p> <p>10</p> <p>11</p> <p>12</p> <p>13</p> <p>14</p> <p>15</p> <p>16</p> <p>17</p> <p>18</p> <p>19</p> <p>20</p> <p>21</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p> <p>25</p> <p>26</p> <p>27</p> <p>28</p> <p>29</p> <p>30</p> <p>31</p> <p>32</p> <p>33</p> <p>34</p> <p>35</p> |
|---|--|
-

-
- | | | |
|-----|--|----------------------------------|
| (c) | the composition of payments made for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, having regard to the composition of the contributor spouse's superannuation interest under this Act before the payment is paid, | 1
2
3
4
5 |
| (d) | the payment of fees for or with respect to family law superannuation payments, | 6
7 |
| (e) | notice of family law superannuation entitlements and payment splits, | 8
9 |
| (f) | the periods for payment of family law superannuation payments, | 10
11 |
| (g) | the calculation of payments and entitlements for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 12
13
14 |
| (h) | the calculation of the value of superannuation interests of contributor spouses for purposes relating to the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 15
16
17 |
| (i) | the accrued benefit multiple for contributor spouses, or a class of contributor spouses, for the purposes of the family law superannuation legislation, | 18
19
20 |
| (j) | the reduction of benefits (including deferred or preserved benefits) payable to or in respect of contributor spouses, or spouses or de facto partners of contributor spouses, as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part, | 21
22
23
24
25
26 |
| (k) | without limiting paragraph (j), the commutation of pensions or parts of pensions for the purposes of the reduction of benefits as a consequence of payments under the family law superannuation legislation or this Part. | 27
28
29
30
31 |

[12] Schedule 25 Savings and transitional provisions 32

Insert at the end of clause 1 (1): 33

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) 34
Act 2003 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act) 35

Schedule 13 Amendment of Transport Employees Retirement Benefits Act 1967 No 96

(Section 3)

[1] Section 23 Benefit at age 65 years after 10 years service

Insert after section 23 (9):

- (10) If a contributor elected to take the benefit provided by subsection (4) (a) (ii), the benefit is taken to extend to the de facto partner of a deceased pensioner who dies on or after the commencement of this subsection.

- (11) In this section:

de facto partner of a deceased pensioner means, if the deceased pensioner was, at the time of his or her death, in a de facto relationship within the meaning of the *Property (Relationships) Act 1984* with a person, that person.

[2] Section 23A

Insert after section 23:

23A Extension of rights to spouse pensions

- (1) This section applies to a contributor (the *pensioner*) who made an election under section 23 (4) (a) (ii) and who marries or enters into a de facto relationship after becoming entitled to a pension under this Act.
- (2) If a pensioner dies on or after the commencement of this section leaving an eligible widow or de facto partner, there is payable to the eligible widow or de facto partner:
- (a) if the deceased pensioner and eligible widow or de facto partner had been married or been in a de facto relationship for 3 years or more immediately before the pensioner's death—a pension at the rate of five-eighths of the pension the deceased pensioner was receiving, or entitled to receive, immediately before death, or
- (b) if the deceased pensioner and eligible widow or de facto partner had been married or been in a de facto relationship for less than 3 years immediately before the pensioner's death—a pension as referred to in

paragraph (a), but reduced on a pro rata basis according to the proportion that the period of the marriage or relationship bears to 3 years.

(3) In this section:

eligible widow or de facto partner of a deceased pensioner means a widow or de facto partner who has or had in the marriage or relationship with the deceased pensioner a child, being:

(a) a child of the widow or de facto partner and the deceased pensioner who was, in the opinion of the Board, wholly or substantially dependent on the deceased pensioner at any time during the marriage or relationship, or

(b) a child of the deceased pensioner who was conceived before and born alive after the death of the pensioner.

[3] Section 31B Calculation of adjustment percentage

Omit “this section” from section 31B (2) (a).

Insert instead “subsection (1) (b)”.

[4] Schedule 7 Savings and transitional provisions

Insert after clause 1:

2 Regulations

(1) The regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional nature consequent on the enactment of the following Acts:

Superannuation Legislation Amendment (Family Law) Act 2003 (but only to the extent that it amends this Act)

(2) Any such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from the date of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.

(3) To the extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that is earlier than the date of its publication in the Gazette, the provision does not operate so as:

(a) to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or

-
- (b) to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State
or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done
or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.

1
2
3