First print



New South Wales

Legal Profession Amendment (Incorporated Legal Practices) Bill 2000

Explanatory note

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

Overview of Bill

The object of this Bill is to amend the *Legal Profession Act 1987* to enable solicitors to incorporate their legal practices.

The principal features of the Bill are as follows:

- (a) An incorporated legal practice may be a company incorporated under the *Corporations Law*, an industrial organisation incorporated under Commonwealth or State law or any other body of a kind prescribed by the regulations.
- (b) Any such company, organisation or body may carry on any other business (other than a managed investment scheme).

Explanatory note

- (c) At least one director of an incorporated legal practice must be a solicitor with an unrestricted practising certificate (a *solicitor director*). The solicitor director or directors are to be generally responsible for the management of the legal services provided in New South Wales by the incorporated legal practice.
- (d) Professional disciplinary proceedings may be taken against a solicitor director in connection with a failure to carry out that management responsibility and in connection with other failures to report and deal with misconduct by employed solicitors or other directors of the incorporated legal practice.
- (e) The Law Society Council is given powers to assist in supervising incorporated legal practices, including the power to bring proceedings before the Supreme Court for an order prohibiting a person from being a director or officer of a corporation that is an incorporated legal practice, investigative powers with respect to all the affairs of a corporation, the right to be a party to proceedings involving the external administration of a corporation and the power to disclose relevant information to ASIC.
- (f) The Law Society Council and the Legal Services Commissioner are given power to conduct reviews into the compliance of an incorporated legal practice with relevant requirements relating to the provision of legal services.
- (g) Solicitors who provide legal services as officers or employees of an incorporated legal practice are to retain the professional obligations of a solicitor (including with respect to duties to the court, conflicts of interest, duties of disclosure to clients and ethical rules) and will not lose the professional privileges of a solicitor (including with respect to legal professional privilege).
- (h) Incorporated legal practices will be required to contribute to the Solicitors' Mutual Indemnity Fund and payments to meet the professional liability of an incorporated legal practice and its employed solicitors will be authorised from that Fund.
- (i) Incorporated legal practices will be required to contribute to the Solicitors' Fidelity Fund and payments to reimburse clients for a failure to account by the practice or a dishonest default by the practice will be authorised from that Fund. In addition, provision is made to ensure that the vicarious liability of an incorporated legal practice in connection with failures to account and dishonest defaults by its employees is no less extensive than it would be if the solicitors engaged in the practice were carrying on business in partnership.

Explanatory note

- (j) In the exercise of any jurisdiction under the external administration provisions of the *Corporations Law* in connection with an incorporated legal practice, the court will be empowered to have regard to the interests of the clients of the practice even if they conflict with the interests of the creditors or shareholders of the practice.
- (k) The provisions relating to incorporated legal practices will prevail over any inconsistent requirement of the *Corporations Law*.

Outline of provisions

Clause 1 sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.

Clause 3 is a formal provision giving effect to the amendments to the *Legal Profession Act 1987* set out in Schedules 1 and 2.

Clause 4 is a formal provision giving effect to the consequential amendments to other Acts set out in Schedule 3.

Schedule 1 inserts Division 2A into Part 3 of the *Legal Profession Act 1987* to provide for incorporated legal practices as outlined above.

Schedule 2 makes consequential and other amendments to the *Legal Profession Act* 1987 relating to incorporated legal practices.

Schedule 3 makes consequential amendments to other Acts.

First print



New South Wales

Legal Profession Amendment (Incorporated Legal Practices) Bill 2000

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New South Wales

No , 2000

A Bill for

An Act to amend the *Legal Profession Act 1987* with respect to incorporated legal practices; and for other purposes.

The l	Legislature of New South Wales enacts:	1
1	Name of Act	2
	This Act is the Legal Profession Amendment (Incorporated Legal Practices) Act 2000.	3 4
2	Commencement	5
	This Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	6 7
3	Amendment of Legal Profession Act 1987 No 109	8
	The <i>Legal Profession Act 1987</i> is amended as set out in Schedules 1 and 2.	9 10
4	Amendment of other Acts	11
	The Acts specified in Schedule 3 are amended as set out in that Schedule.	12 13

Principal amendment

Scheo	dule	1	Prin	cipal amendment	1
				(Section 3)	2
F	Part 3	s, Divi	ision 2	2A	3
Ι	nsert	after	Divisi	on 2 of Part 3:	4
Γ	Divis	ion 2	2A	Incorporated legal practices	5
4	47B	Defi	nition	5	6
			In thi	s Division:	7
			corpo	pration means:	8
			(a)	a company within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Law</i> , or	9 10
			(b)	a State owned corporation, or	11
			(c)	an industrial organisation incorporated under a law of the Commonwealth, a State or a Territory, or	12 13
			(d)	any other body corporate, or body corporate of a kind, prescribed by the regulations.	14 15
				tor means a director within the meaning of the orations Law.	16 17
				<i>services</i> means work done, or business transacted, in the ity of a solicitor.	18 19
			practi solici	<i>tor director</i> means a director of an incorporated legal ce who holds an unrestricted practising certificate as a tor and barrister (including an interstate practising icate that confers a similar authority to practise in this b.	20 21 22 23 24
2	47C	Nati	ure of	incorporated legal practice	25
		(1)		acorporated legal practice is a corporation that provides services.	26 27

Schedule 1 Principal amendment

(2) Any incorporated legal practice may provide any other service and conduct any other business that the corporation may lawfully provide or conduct (other than a managed investment scheme within the meaning of Chapter 5C of the *Corporations Law*).

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- (3) However, a corporation is not an incorporated legal practice if:
 - (a) the corporation does not receive any form of, or any expectation of, a fee, gain or reward for the legal services it provides, or
 - (b) the only legal services that the corporation provides are in-house legal services, namely, legal services concerning a proceeding or transaction to which the corporation (or a related body corporate within the meaning of section 50 of the *Corporations Law*) is a party, or
 - (c) the regulations exempt the corporation from this Part.

47D Corporations eligible to be incorporated legal practices

- (1) Any corporation is eligible to be an incorporated legal practice.
- (2) This section does not authorise a corporation to provide legal services if the corporation is prohibited from doing so by the Act or law under which it is incorporated or its affairs are regulated.

Note. See sections 48D and 48E for offences relating to the provision of legal services by unauthorised corporations.

47E Solicitor directors of incorporated legal practices

(1) An incorporated legal practice is required to have at least one solicitor director.

Note. Section 48D provides that an incorporated legal practice is guilty of an offence under that section if it does not have a solicitor director (except for any reasonable period required to appoint a replacement solicitor director).

(2) The solicitor director or directors of an incorporated legal practice are, for the purposes only of this Act, generally responsible for the management of the legal services provided in New South Wales by the incorporated legal practice.

Principal amendment

(3)	-	rofessional misconduct if any such solicitor director does nsure that:	1 2
	(a)	appropriate management systems are implemented and	3
		maintained to enable the provision of those legal services in accordance with the professional obligations	4 5
		of solicitors and the other obligations imposed by or	5
		under this Act, and	7
	(b)	any conduct of another director of the practice that has	8
	~ /	resulted or is likely to result in a contravention of those	9
		obligations is reported to the Law Society Council	10
		promptly after the solicitor director becomes aware of it,	11
		and	12
	(c)	any professional misconduct of a solicitor employed by	13
		the practice to provide legal services is reported to the	14
		Law Society Council promptly after the solicitor	15
		director becomes aware of it, and	16
	(d)	all reasonable action available to the solicitor director is	17
		taken to deal with any professional misconduct or	18
		unsatisfactory professional conduct of a solicitor so	19
		employed by the practice.	20
(4)	It is al	so professional misconduct for any such solicitor director	21
		nain as a director of the corporation, and thereby authorise	22
		ntinued provision of legal services, if it becomes apparent	23
		ne provision of those legal services will result in breaches	24
		professional obligations of solicitors or other obligations	25
		sed by or under this Act (whether because of the	26
	unsui	tability of any other director or directors or otherwise).	27
(5)		rovisions of this section relating to a solicitor director of	28
		corporated legal practice that is an externally-administered	29
		corporate under the <i>Corporations Law</i> do not apply to the	30
		t that they are inconsistent with the provisions of Chapter	31
	5 of t	he Corporations Law or of Parts 8 and 8A of this Act.	32
(6)	This s	section does not apply to a community legal centre that	33
	comp	lies with section 48H.	34

Schedule 1 Principal amendment

Prohibition of repeat offender from managing a corporation that is an incorporated legal practice 47F

is a	n incorporated legal practice	2
(1)	The Supreme Court may, on the application of the Law Society Council, disqualify a person from managing a corporation that is an incorporated legal practice for the period the Court considers appropriate if the Court is satisfied that:	3 4 5 6
	(a) the person is a person who could be disqualified under section 206E of the <i>Corporations Law</i> from managing corporations, and	7 8 9
	(b) the disqualification is justified.	10
(2)	The Supreme Court may, on the application of the disqualified person, revoke a disqualification imposed under this section.	11 12
(3)	A corporation is not an incorporated legal practice (within the meaning of this Division) that is authorised to provide legal services if a disqualified person is a director or other officer (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Law</i>) of the corporation.	13 14 15 16 17
	Note. See sections 48D and 48E for offences relating to the provision of legal services by unauthorised corporations.	18 19
(4)	A disqualification imposed under this section has effect for the purposes only of this Act and does not affect the <i>Corporations Law</i> .	20 21 22
Soli	citors rules—application to incorporated legal practices	23
(1)	The solicitors rules apply to solicitors who are officers or employees of an incorporated legal practice.	24 25
(2)	However, the solicitors rules cannot prohibit or regulate any of the following matters:	26 27
	(a) the corporations eligible to be incorporated legal practices,	28 29
	(b) the other services or other business that an incorporated legal practice may provide or conduct,	30 31
	(c) the conduct of officers or employees of an incorporated legal practice (other than solicitors in connection with	32 33

	the provision of its legal services).	34
(3)	In this section:	35
	solicitors rules includes joint rules.	36

47G

Principal amendment

47H	Soli	citors' professional obligations and privileges	1
	(1)	A solicitor who provides legal services in the capacity of an officer or employee of an incorporated legal practice is not excused from compliance with the professional obligations of a solicitor and does not lose the professional privileges of a solicitor.	2 3 4 5 6
	(2)	For the purpose only of the application of those obligations and privileges, the persons provided with legal services by an incorporated legal practice are taken to be the clients of the solicitors engaged in providing those services.	7 8 9 10
	(3)	To avoid doubt, the law relating to client legal privilege (or other legal professional privilege) is not excluded or otherwise affected because the solicitor is acting in the capacity of an officer or employee of an incorporated legal practice.	11 12 13 14
	(4)	The directors of an incorporated legal practice do not breach their duties as directors merely because legal services are provided pro bono by the solicitors engaged by the practice.	15 16 17
	(5)	In this section:	18
		professional obligations includes:	19
		(a) duties to the court, and	20
		(b) obligations in connection with conflicts of interest, and	21
		(c) duties of disclosure to clients (including with respect to matters relating to costs under Part 11), and	22 23
		(d) ethical rules required to be observed by a solicitor.	24
471	Adv	ertising and disclosures with respect to legal services	25
	(1)	Any restriction imposed by or under this Act in connection with advertising by solicitors applies to advertising by an incorporated legal practice with respect to the provision of its legal services.	26 27 28 29
		Note. See sections 38J and 38K with respect to advertising by solicitors.	30
	(2)	Any such advertisement is, for the purposes of disciplinary proceedings under this Act, taken to have been authorised by the solicitor directors of the practice.	31 32 33

Schedule 1 Principal amendment

(3) The regulations may make provision for or with respect to disclosures by an incorporated legal practice in connection with the provision of legal services, including the kind of services provided by the practice and whether those services are or are not covered by the insurance or other provisions of this Act.

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47J Application of Part 11 (Legal fees and other costs)

- (1) Part 11 applies to legal services provided by an incorporated legal practice as if a reference in that Part to a solicitor included a reference to the incorporated legal practice and to any external administrator.
- (2) The regulations may make other modifications to the application of Part 11 for the purposes of this section.

47K Provisions relating to indemnity insurance

- (1) An incorporated legal practice is required to comply with the obligations of an insurable solicitor under Division 2 with respect to insurance policies and payments to or on account of the Solicitors' Mutual Indemnity Fund. The Law Society Council may suspend the practising certificate of a solicitor director of the practice if any such obligation is not complied with.
- (2) The insurance premiums or other amounts payable under Division 2 by an incorporated legal practice may be determined by reference to the total number of solicitors employed by the practice and other relevant matters.
- (3) The amounts payable from the Solicitors' Mutual Indemnity Fund include amounts for such liability of an incorporated legal practice, and of the solicitors who are officers and employees of the practice, in connection with the provision of legal services as the Law Society Council determines with the approval of the Attorney General.
- (4) The Law Society Council may exempt an incorporated legal practice from this section on such grounds as the Council considers sufficient.

47L Application of Part 6 (Trust accounts)

(1) Part 6 applies (subject to this section) to incorporated legal practices in the same way as it applies to solicitors.

Principal amendment

	(2)	Accordingly:	1
		(a) the obligations and rights of a solicitor under Part 6	2
		extend to an incorporated legal practice, but only in connection with legal services provided by the practice,	3 4
		and	5
		(b) money received by a solicitor on behalf of another	6
		person in the course of practising as a solicitor (within	7
		the meaning of Part 6) includes money received by any officer or employee of the incorporated legal practice on	8 9
		behalf of another person in the course of providing legal	10
		services.	11
	(3)	The Law Society Council may exercise its powers under	12
		section 38 (Refusal, suspension or cancellation of practising certificate as solicitor and barrister—trust accounts etc) with	13
		respect to a solicitor director of an incorporated legal practice	14 15
		for any relevant failure of the practice or any officer or	16
		employee of the practice.	17
	(4)		18
		application of Part 6 for the purposes of this section.	19
47M	App	plication of Part 7 (Solicitors' Fidelity Fund)	20
	(1)	Part 7 applies (subject to this section) to incorporated legal practices in the same way it applies to solicitors.	21 22
	(2)	Accordingly, an incorporated legal practice is required to make	23
		payments to or on account of the Solicitors' Fidelity Fund	24
		under Part 7 as if it were a solicitor applying for or holding a practising certificate. The Law Society Council may suspend	25 26
		the practising certificate of a solicitor director of the practice if	27
		any such payment is not made by the due date.	28
	(3)		29
		practice may be determined by reference to the total number of solicitors employed by the practice and other relevant matters.	30 31
	(4)		
	(4)	For the purposes of the application of Part 7 to incorporated legal practices:	32 33
		(a) a failure to account by a solicitor extends to a failure to	34
		account by an incorporated legal practice, but only if it	35
		occurs in connection with the provision of legal services, and	36 37
		501 (1000), ullu	57

Schedule 1 Principal amendment

47N

(b) a dishonest default by a solicitor extends to a dishonest 1 default by an incorporated legal practice, but only if it 2 occurs in connection with the provision of legal 3 services, and 4 (c) a reference to a firm of solicitors includes a reference to 5 an incorporated legal practice. 6 Note. See for example section 89 with respect to the ceiling on payments 7 from the Fund for failures to account by the same firm. 8 (5) The regulations may make any other modifications to the 9 application of Part 7 for the purposes of this section. 10 Extension of vicarious liability of incorporated practice relating 11 to failures to account and dishonesty 12 (1) This section applies to any of the following proceedings (being 13 proceedings based on the vicarious liability of an incorporated 14 legal practice): 15 civil proceedings relating to a failure to account for, pay (a) 16 or deliver money or other valuable property received by, 17 or entrusted to, the practice (or to any solicitor or other 18 employee of the practice) in the course of the provision 19 of legal services by the practice, being money or other 20 valuable property under the direct or indirect control of 21 the practice, 22 (b) civil proceedings for any other debt owed, or damages 23 payable, to a client as a result of a dishonest act or 24 omission by a solicitor who is an employee of the 25 practice in connection with the provision of legal 26 services to the client. 27 (2) If the incorporated legal practice would not (but for this 28 section) be vicariously liable for any acts or omissions of its 29 officers and employees in any such proceedings, but would be 30 liable for those acts or omissions if the practice and those 31 officers and employees were carrying on business in 32 partnership, the practice is taken to be vicariously liable for 33

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those acts or omissions.

Principal amendment

470	Inve	estigation of incorporated legal practices	1
	(1)	Section 55 and section 152 apply (subject to this section) to	2
		corporations that are or were incorporated legal practices in the	3
		same way that they apply to persons who are or were solicitors	4
		or legal practitioners.	5
	(2)	An investigation under either of those sections extends to all of	6
		the affairs of an incorporated legal practice and to all of its	7
		documents, so long as the investigation relates to the provision of legal services.	8 9
	(3)	The regulations may:	10
		(a) extend the powers of investigation under section 55 or	11
		section 152 in relation to incorporated legal practices by	12
		reference to any powers of investigation conferred on	13
		the Australian Securities and Investment Commission	14
		under the Corporations Law or under any	15
		Commonwealth Act with respect to the affairs of a	16
		corporation, and	17
		(b) require a copy of any document that is to be furnished	18
		by an incorporated legal practice to the Australian Securities and Investment Commission under the	19 20
		<i>Corporations Law</i> to be furnished also to the Law	20 21
		Society Council or the Commissioner, or both, and	21
		(c) make other modifications to the application of section	23
		55 or section 152 for the purposes of this section.	24
47P	Rev	iew of incorporated legal practices	25
	(1)	The Law Society Council or the Commissioner may conduct a	26
	(-)	review of the compliance of an incorporated legal practice (and	27
		of its officers and employees) with the requirements of or made	28
		under this Act in connection with the provision of legal	29
		services by the practice.	30
	(2)	The investigative powers referred to in section 470 may be exercised for the purposes of any such review.	31 32
	(3)	Any such review may be conducted whether or not a complaint	33
	(\mathbf{J})	has been made with respect to the provision of legal services by	33
		the incorporated legal practice.	35

Schedule 1	Principal amendment
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	(4)	A report of any such review:	1
		(a) is to be provided to the incorporated legal practice concerned, and	2 3
		(b) may be provided to the Commissioner by the Law Society Council or to that Council by the Commissioner (as the case may be), and	4 5 6
		(c) may be taken into account in connection with any disciplinary proceedings under Part 10 or in connection with the issue, suspension or cancellation of practising certificates by the Law Society Council.	7 8 9 10
47Q	Dise	closure of information to ASIC	11
	(1)	The Law Society Council (or a person referred to in section 56 (1) or (3)) or the Commissioner may disclose to the Australian Securities and Investment Commission information concerning an incorporated legal practice or former incorporated legal practice that has been acquired in connection with the exercise of functions under this Act.	12 13 14 15 16 17
	(2)	Any such information may be provided despite any law relating to secrecy or confidentiality (including any provisions of section 56).	18 19 20
47R	Exte	ernal administration proceedings under Corporations Law	21
	(1)	This section applies to proceedings in any court under Chapter 5 (External administration) of the <i>Corporations Law</i> :	22 23
		(a) relating to a corporation that is an externally- administered body corporate under that Law, or	24 25
		(b) relating to a corporation becoming such a body corporate,	26 27
		being a corporation that is or was an incorporated legal practice.	28 29
	(2)	The Law Society Council and the Commissioner are entitled to be a party to any such proceedings, unless the court determines that the proceedings do not concern or affect the provision of legal services by the incorporated legal practice.	30 31 32 33

Principal amendment

	(3)		1
		proceedings, have regard to the interests of the clients of the incorporated legal practice who have been or are to be	2 3
		provided with legal services by the practice (even if those	4
		interests conflict with the interests of the creditors or	5
		shareholders of the practice). This subsection does not	6
		authorise the court to make any decision that is contrary to a	7
		specific provision of Chapter 5 of the Corporations Law.	8
	(4)	Parts 8 (Receivers) and 8A (Managers) do not apply to	9
	~ /	corporations that are or were incorporated legal practices.	10
47S		s Act prevails over Corporations Law and certain other ruments	11 12
	(1)	The provisions of this Act or the regulations that apply to or in	13
		respect of an incorporated legal practice prevail, to the extent	14
		of any inconsistency, over the applicable corporate law.	15
	(2)	For the purposes of this section, the <i>applicable corporate law</i>	16
		for an incorporated legal practice comprises the following:	17
		(a) the provisions of or made under the <i>Corporations Law</i> ,	18
		(b) if the practice is not incorporated under the	19
		Corporations Law—the provisions of or made under	20
		the Act or law under which the practice is incorporated,	21
		(c) the constitution or other constituent documents of the	22
		practice.	23
47T	Reg	julations relating to incorporated legal practices	24
	(1)	The regulations may make provision for or with respect to legal	25
	()	services provided by incorporated legal practices.	26
	(2)	A regulation prevails over any inconsistent provision of the	27
	. ,	solicitors rules or joint rules.	28
	(3)	A regulation may provide that a breach of the regulations	29
		constitutes or may constitute professional misconduct or	30
		unsatisfactory professional conduct by a solicitor director or by	31
		the solicitor responsible for the breach, or both.	32

Schedule 2	Consequential and other amendments of Legal Profession Act 1987	7

Sch	edule 2	Consequential and other amendments of Legal Profession Act 1987	1 2
		(Section 3)	3
[1]	Section 3	Definitions	4
	Insert in al	phabetical order in section 3 (1):	5
		<i>incorporated legal practice</i> means a corporation that is an incorporated legal practice within the meaning of Division 2A of Part 3.	6 7 8
[2]	Section 3	(1), definition of "solicitor"	9
	Omit ", an	d includes a solicitor corporation".	10
[3]	Section 3	(1), definition of "solicitor corporation"	11
	Omit the d	lefinition.	12
[4]	Section 2	6 Election to practise as barrister or solicitor and barrister	13
	Insert "and	l barrister" after "solicitor" in section 26 (2).	14
[5]	Section 2	8 Solicitors and barristers	15
	Omit secti	on 28 (5).	16
[6]	Section 3	2 Conditions may be imposed on practising certificates	17
	Omit secti	on 32 (4).	18
[7]		38A Refusal, suspension or cancellation of practising —infirmity	19 20
	Omit "(oth	her than that of a solicitor corporation)" from section 38A (1).	21
[8]	Section 3	8F Application of provisions of Division	22
	Insert "and	l barrister" after "solicitor" in section 38F (1).	23

[9]	Section 38L Advocates	1
	Omit section 38L (4).	2
[10]	Section 48 Application of Division to other persons	3
	Renumber the section as section 47A.	4
[11]	Section 48B Unqualified person acting as barrister or solicitor and barrister	5 6
	Omit "A person" from section 48B (1). Insert instead "A natural person".	7
[12]	Section 48B (5)	8
	Omit the subsection.	9
[13]	Section 48C Unqualified person making false representation to be a barrister or solicitor and barrister	10 11
	Omit "A person" wherever occurring. Insert instead "A natural person".	12
[14]	Section 48D Offence by corporation or officers	13
	Omit "Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units" from section 48D (1). Insert instead "Maximum penalty: 500 penalty units".	14 15
[15]	Section 48D (3) and (4)	16
	Omit section 48D (3). Insert instead:	17
	(3) This section does not apply to or in respect of an incorporated legal practice that has at least one solicitor director (within the meaning of Division 2A of Part 3). Any such practice does not contravene this section because it ceases to have such a solicitor director if a new solicitor director is appointed within the time prescribed by the regulations or, if no such time has been prescribed, within a reasonable time.	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
	(4) If a person contravenes this section:	25
	(a) no action lies for the recovery of costs in respect of anything done in the course of the contravention, and	26 27

Schedule 2 Consequential and other amendments of Legal Profession Act 1987

		(b)	if any such costs have been paid, the amount paid may be recovered as a debt owed by the person to whom they were paid to the other person who paid them.	1 2 3
[16]	Section 48	E Limi	itation on general legal work and probate work	4
		its beh	he person is an incorporated legal practice and the work alf by a barrister or solicitor" after "barrister or solicitor").	5 6 7
[17]	Section 48	E (7)		8
	Omit the su	ubsecti	on.	9
[18]	Section 48	F Sha	ring receipts	10
	Insert after	section	n 48F (4):	11
	(5)	-	ite anything to the contrary in this section, a solicitor may with an incorporated legal practice the receipts of the	12 13
			ess of the practice. The regulations, solicitors rules or	13
			rules may not prevent or restrict the solicitor from doing	14
		so.	rates may not prevent of result are somethor from doing	16
[19]	Sections 4	8l Pro	hibition on employment of certain non-legal clerks	17
	Insert after	section	n 48I (2):	18
	(2A)	The p	prohibition imposed by an order made under this section	19
		exten	ds to a prohibition on the employment or payment of the	20
			n against whom the order was made in connection with	21
		the le	gal services provided by an incorporated legal practice.	22
[20]	Section 48	K Ass	ociates who are disqualified or convicted persons	23
	Insert after	section	n 48K (7):	24
	(8)	legal profe	section extends to solicitor directors of an incorporated practice. Accordingly, a solicitor director is guilty of ssional misconduct if the solicitor director would be guilty ofessional misconduct under this section: if persons employed or paid by the incorporated legal practice in connection with the provision of legal	25 26 27 28 29 30

Consequential and other amendments of Legal Profession Act 1987 Schedule A	Consequential and other	amendments of Legal Profession Act 1987	Schedule 2
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services were taken to be employed or paid by the solicitor director, or

(b) if prescribed shareholders in the incorporated legal practice were taken to be sharing the receipts of the solicitor director's practice.

[21] Section 54 Functions of Law Society

Omit paragraph (d) of the definition of *solicitor* in section 54 (2). Insert instead:

(d) in relation to the provision of legal services, an incorporated legal practice or a former or dissolved incorporated legal practice.

[22] Section 55 Investigation of affairs of solicitor or locally registered foreign lawyer

Omit paragraphs (c) and (d) of the definition of *solicitor* in section 55 (11). Insert instead:

- (c) in relation to anything done or omitted to be done by a solicitor—a deceased solicitor or deceased former solicitor, and
- (d) except in relation to anything done or omitted to be done by a solicitor—the personal representative of a deceased solicitor or deceased former solicitor.

[23] Section 60 Definitions

Omit ", or a director of or voting shareholder in the solicitor (being a solicitor corporation)" from section 60(2) (b).

[24] Section 80 Claims against Fidelity Fund

Omit section 80 (5) (b).

[25] Section 81 Claims by solicitor who pays compensation for failure to account or dishonest default

Omit ", or the receiver, receiver and manager, official manager or liquidator of a solicitor corporation or a former solicitor corporation" from the definition of *solicitor* in section 81 (3).

Schedule 2 Consequential and other amendments of Legal Profession Act 1987

[26]	Section 90A Sub	progation	1	
	Omit section 90A	A (2) (c).	2	
[27]	Section 91 Definitions			
	Omit paragraphs Insert instead:	(c) and (d) of the definition of <i>solicitor</i> in section 91 (1).	4 5	
	(c)	in relation to anything done or omitted to be done by a solicitor—a deceased solicitor or deceased former solicitor, and	6 7 8	
	(d)	except in relation to anything done or omitted to be done by a solicitor—the personal representative of a deceased solicitor or deceased former solicitor.	9 10 11	
[28]	Section 92 Supr	eme Court may appoint receiver	12	
		e case of a solicitor corporation, a director of or voting e corporation)" from section 92 (2) (b).	13 14	
[29]	Section 92 (2) (b		15	
	been dissolved of	(in the case of a solicitor corporation) the corporation has r a receiver, receiver and manager, official manager or	16 17	
	liquidator has bee	en appointed in relation to the corporation".	18	
[30]	Section 93 Cour			
[30]		t to be closed	18	
[30] [31]	Section 93 Cour Omit section 93	t to be closed	18 19	
	Section 93 Cour Omit section 93 Section 114B Ap	t to be closed (1) (c1).	18 19 20	
	Section 93 Cour Omit section 93 Section 114B Ap	t to be closed (1) (c1). popointment of manager n a solicitor corporation)" from section 114B (2).	18 19 20 21	
[31]	Section 93 Cour Omit section 93 (Section 114B Ap Omit "(other than Section 126 Defi	t to be closed (1) (c1). popointment of manager n a solicitor corporation)" from section 114B (2).	18 19 20 21 22	
[31]	Section 93 Cour Omit section 93 (Section 114B Ap Omit "(other than Section 126 Defi Omit the definition	t to be closed (1) (c1). popointment of manager n a solicitor corporation)" from section 114B (2).	18 19 20 21 22 23	

Consequential and other amendments of Legal Profession Act 1987	Schedule 2
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[34]	Section 171C Determinations of Tribunal	1
	Omit section 171C (2) (a).	2
[35]	Section 171C (2) (b) and (c)	3
	Omit ", or the practice of any associated solicitor corporation," wherever occurring.	4 5
[36]	Section 171C (2) (d), (e), (f)	6
	Omit ", or any associated solicitor corporation," wherever occurring.	7
[37]	Section 171C (2) (d) and (e)	8
	Omit "or the solicitor corporation's practice" wherever occurring.	9
[38]	Section 171D Compensation orders of Tribunal	10
	Omit section 171D (5). Insert instead:	11
	(5) In this section, <i>legal practitioner</i> includes an incorporated legal practice of which the legal practitioner is an officer or employee.	12 13 14
[39]	Section 171E Award of costs by Tribunal	15
	Omit "(or any associated solicitor corporation)" from section 171E (1).	16
[40]	Section 171M Jurisdiction of Supreme Court not affected	17
	Omit "(other than solicitor corporations)" from section 171M (1).	18
[41]	Part 10A Solicitor corporations	19
	Omit the Part.	20
[42]	Section 173 Definitions	21
	Omit section 173 (2) (f) and "or" at the end of section 173 (2) (e).	22

Schedule 2	Consequential and other	amendments of Legal Profession Act 198	37
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[43]	Section 194 Signing of bill of costs	1
	Omit "signed by a solicitor (being a solicitor corporation)" from section 194 (2).	2 3
	Insert instead "signed by a solicitor (if it relates to legal services provided by an incorporated legal practice)".	4 5
[44]	Section 209C Supreme Court may order delivery up of documents etc	6
	Insert after section 209C (5):	7
	(6) In this section, a reference to a solicitor includes a reference to an incorporated legal practice in connection with legal services provided by the practice.	8 9 10
[45]	Section 213 Proof of certain matters not required	11
	Omit "(other than a solicitor corporation)" from section 213 (a).	12
[46]	Schedule 8 Savings, transitional and other provisions	13
	Insert at the end of clause 1A (1):	14
	Legal Profession Amendment (Incorporated Legal Practices) Act 2000	15 16
[47]	Schedule 8	17
	Insert at the end of the Schedule (with appropriate Part and clause numbering):	18 19
	Part Provisions consequent on the enactment of	20
	the Legal Profession Amendment	21
	(Incorporated Legal Practices) Act 2000	22
	Definitions	23
	In this Part:	24
	amending Act means the Legal Profession Amendment (Incorporated Legal Practices) Act 2000.	25 26

Consequential and other amendments of Legal Profession Act 1987 Schedule 2

Existing solicitor corporations

- (1) This clause applies to a solicitor corporation that was formed under Division 1 of Part 10A of this Act and that was in existence immediately before the repeal of that Part by the amending Act.
- (2) Any such solicitor corporation is not dissolved by the repeal of Part 10A of this Act, but that Part continues to apply to the solicitor corporation (despite its repeal) until the winding up of the corporation in accordance with that Part or with the regulations made under this Schedule. Any such regulations may apply provisions of the *Corporations Law* or any other Act, with or without modification.
- (3) Until the dissolution of any such solicitor corporation, any other provision of this Act relating to solicitor corporations that is repealed by the amending Act continues to apply, subject to the regulations made under this Schedule, to the solicitor corporation (despite the repeal of the provision).
- (4) The transfer, in accordance with the *Corporations Law*, of the incorporation of any such solicitor corporation to incorporation under the *Corporations Law* is authorised.

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Schedule 3	Conseq	uential	amenc	dments	of	other	Acts

Schedule 3 Consequential amendments of other Acts		1
	(Section 4)	2
3.1	Public Notaries Act 1997 No 98	3
[1]	Section 7 Roll of public notaries	4
	Omit ", or any associated solicitor corporation (within the meaning of Part 10 of that Act)," from section 7 (5).	5 6
[2]	Section 11 Employed public notaries not to carry out certain work	7
	Omit "or a solicitor corporation" from section 11 (2). Insert instead "or an incorporated legal practice".	8 9
3.2	Workplace Injury Management and Workers Compensation Act 1998 No 86	10 11
	Section 138 Power to restrict or ban recovery of costs by solicitors	12
	Omit "solicitor corporation" wherever occurring.	13
	Insert instead "incorporated legal practice".	14