

#### New South Wales

## **Crime Commission Bill 2012**

### **Explanatory note**

This explanatory note relates to this Bill as introduced into Parliament.

#### Overview of Bill

The objects of this Bill are as follows:

- (a) to re-enact (in modernised form) the *New South Wales Crime Commission Act* 1985 (the **NSWCC** Act) so as to implement certain recommendations contained in the Report of the Special Commission of Inquiry into the New South Wales Crimes Commission of 30 November 2011(the Patten Report) in whole or in part and to make other modifications,
- (b) to repeal the NSWCC Act,
- (c) to amend the *Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990* (the *CAR Act*) as follows:
  - (i) to overcome the decision in *New South Wales Crime Commission v Cook* [2011] NSWSC 1348 by enabling the Supreme Court to make consent orders giving effect to the terms of agreements negotiated between the Commission and persons whose interest in property are subject to confiscation orders under that Act without being required to take into account certain restrictions on payment of legal expenses set out in the Act,

- (ii) to provide that such consent orders may only be made if the Commissioner for the New South Wales Crime Commission (the *Commission*) has certified that guidelines with respect to the negotiation of terms of agreements with respect to the making of consent orders set by the New South Wales Crime Commission Management Committee (the *Management Committee*) have been complied with,
- (iii) to enable the Supreme Court to direct the NSW Trustee and Guardian to pay certain legal expenses incurred in respect of proceedings for confiscation orders in stages,
- (d) to make consequential amendments to the CAR Act and other statutory instruments.

In re-enacting the NSWCC Act, the Bill makes the following main changes and additions to the provisions of that Act:

- (a) the object of the proposed Act is widened to emphasise the Commission's role in combatting all organised and other serious crime (not primarily the reduction of the incidence of illegal drug trafficking as in the NSWCC Act),
- (b) as a corollary of the expansion of the object of the proposed Act, the functions of the Commission are expanded to cover relevant criminal activity in relation to any offence punishable by imprisonment for life or a term of 3 or more years or a serious crime concern (involving the committal of such offences on an organised, systemic or sustained basis),
- (c) the Commission is re-structured as a statutory corporation with no members, all the functions of which are exercisable by the Commissioner for the NSW Crime Commission (the *Commissioner*),
- (d) a person may be appointed as Commissioner only if he or she has special legal qualifications (as defined in the proposed Act),
- (e) provision is made for the appointment of two or more full or part-time Assistant Commissioners, at least one of whom must have such special legal qualifications,
- (f) provision is made for appointment of an Inspector of the Commission (having similar powers of scrutiny of the Commission and its officers as the Inspector of the Police Integrity Commission has with respect to that Commission and its officers),
- (g) the joint committee currently known as the Committee on the Office of the Ombudsman and the Police Integrity Commission (to be re-named as the Committee on the Ombudsman, the Police Integrity Commission and the Crime Commission by the proposed Act) is given the power to veto the appointments of the Commissioner and the Inspector and powers of oversight over the exercise of functions by the Commissioner, the Inspector and the Management Committee,

- (h) the Management Committee will consist of 5 (instead of 4 members), one of whom will be the Chief Executive of the Ministry for Police and Emergency Services (instead of the Minister for Police) and one of whom will be an independent chairperson who must be a former Judge of the Supreme Court of a State or Territory or the Federal Court or a former Justice of the High Court,
- (i) the Management Committee is given the power to refer matters relating to serious crime concerns (as defined in the proposed Act) to the Commission for investigation,
- (j) the prohibition in the NSWCC Act against the Management Committee referring a matter to the Commission for investigation unless it is satisfied that ordinary police methods of investigation are unlikely to be effective is removed and replaced with a new test requiring the Commission to consider whether use of the powers of the Commission appears necessary to fully investigate the matter concerned, whether it is in the public interest for the Commission to investigate the matter and whether the relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern is sufficiently serious or prevalent to warrant investigation,
- (k) the Management Committee is required to review references on a regular basis and is given expanded powers to approve and set guidelines with respect to the exercise of functions by the Commission (including guidelines with respect to the negotiation of the terms of consent orders under the CAR Act),
- (l) the Management Committee is empowered to make arrangements with the head of one or more investigative agencies for bodies of persons from those agencies (*task forces*) to assist the Commission in carrying out an investigation into matters relating to a relevant criminal activity or a serious crime concern or any of its other functions (not only, as at present under the NSWCC Act, for the use of police task forces),
- (m) provisions relating to the investigative powers of the Commission and hearings are modernised and clarified in various respects,
- (n) provision is made to require officers of the Commission, and applicants for positions as officers of the Commission, to disclose the pecuniary and financial interests of themselves and certain of their associates.

## Outline of provisions

#### Part 1 Preliminary

**Clause 1** sets out the name (also called the short title) of the proposed Act.

Clause 2 provides for the commencement of the proposed Act on a day or days to be proclaimed.

Clause 3 states that the object of the proposed Act is to reduce the incidence of organised and other serious crime.

Clause 4 defines terms used in the proposed Act, including *serious crime concern*.

Clause 5 defines relevant offence.

Clause 6 provides that notes do not form part of the proposed Act.

#### Part 2 New South Wales Crime Commission

#### Division 1 Constitution of Commission

Clauses 7–9 constitute the Commission and provide for the appointment of the Commissioner and Assistant Commissioners.

#### Division 2 Functions of Commission

Clauses 10–15 specify the functions of the Commission and provide for delegation of those functions.

#### Division 3 Search warrants

Clauses 16–18 deal with the issue of search warrants for the purposes of investigations.

#### Division 4 Hearings

Clauses 19–27 empower the Commission to hold private hearings for the purposes of an investigation and deal with the attendance of witnesses before the Commission.

#### Division 5 Obtaining information, documents and things

Clauses 28–31 contain provisions relating to information gathering by the Commission.

# Division 6 Refusal or failure to produce documents or things or answer questions

Clauses 32–35 deal with reviews by the Supreme Court of decisions of the Commission relating to refusals or failures to produce documents or things or answer questions.

#### Division 7 Attendance before Commission

Clauses 36–43 deal with attendance of witnesses before the Commission.

#### Division 8 Protection of witnesses and evidence

Clauses 44–46 contain provisions for the protection of witnesses and evidence.

#### Division 9 Miscellaneous

Clauses 47 and 48 create offences relating to contempt of the Commission and protect executive officers and others from liability.

#### Part 3 New South Wales Crime Commission Management Committee

Clauses 49–59 constitute the Management Committee and outline its functions, powers and duties.

# Part 4 Inspector of the New South Wales Crime Commission

Clauses 60–69 provide for the appointment of the Inspector and outline the Inspector's powers, functions and duties.

#### Part 5 Parliamentary Joint Committee

Clauses 70 and 71 outline the functions of the Joint Committee.

#### Part 6 Officers of the Commission

Clauses 72–78 provide for the appointment or engagement of staff of the Commission and require officers of the Commission, and applicants for positions as officers of the Commission, to disclose the pecuniary and financial interests of themselves and certain of their associates.

#### Part 7 Miscellaneous

Clauses 79–88 contain miscellaneous provisions, including provisions relating to public sittings, disclosures and divulging of information, annual reports and service of documents and machinery provisions.

# Schedule 1 Provisions relating to Commissioner and Assistant Commissioners

**Schedule 1** contains ancillary provisions relating to the offices of Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner.

# Schedule 2 Provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Management Committee

Schedule 2 contains ancillary provisions relating to the Management Committee.

#### Schedule 3 Provisions relating to Inspector

**Schedule 3** contains ancillary provisions relating to the office of Inspector.

# Schedule 4 Savings, transitional and other provisions

Schedule 4 contains savings, transitional and other provisions.

#### Schedule 5 Amendment of Acts and regulations

**Schedule 5** contains consequential amendments to a number of Acts and regulations. It also contains the amendments to the *Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990* described in the Overview of the Bill above (**Schedule 5.2**).



New South Wales

# **Crime Commission Bill 2012**

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New South Wales

## **Crime Commission Bill 2012**

No , 2012

#### A Bill for

An Act to re-enact the *New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985* to implement certain recommendations of the Special Commission of Inquiry into the New South Wales Crime Commission; and for other purposes.

The	Legisl	ature	of New South Wales enacts:	1
Paı	rt 1	Pre	eliminary	2
1	Nam	e of A	ct	3
•			Act is the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> .	4
2	Com	menc	ement	5
		This	Act commences on a day or days to be appointed by proclamation.	6
3	Obje		The state of the s	7
3	Obje	The	object of this Act is to reduce the incidence of organised and other ous crime.	8 9
4	Inter	pretat	ion	10
	(1)	In th	is Act:	11
		appr	<b>roved form</b> means a form approved by the Commissioner.	12
			stant Commissioner means an Assistant Commissioner for the imission.	13 14
			orised officer has the same meaning as it has in the Law recement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002.	15 16
			<b>Imission</b> means the New South Wales Crime Commission tituted by this Act.	17 18
			<i>missioner</i> means the Commissioner for the New South Wales ne Commission.	19 20
		exec	utive officer means the following:	21
		(a)	the Commissioner,	22
		(b)	an Assistant Commissioner.	23
		<i>func</i> inclu	<b>tion</b> includes a power, authority or duty, and <b>exercise</b> a function ides perform a duty.	24 25
		gove	rnment agency means the following:	26
		(a)	a public authority constituted by or under an Act,	27
		(b)	a public sector agency within the meaning of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> ,	28 29
		(c)	a NSW Government agency,	30
		(d)	a local council or other local authority,	31
		(e)	a State owned corporation,	32
		(f)	any other holder of an office or body prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.	33 34

Preliminary Part 1

<i>head</i> of a government agency or investigative agency means:	
(a) the chief executive officer or other principal officer of the agency, or	2
(b) a person who is specified by the regulations as the head of a particular agency for the purposes of this definition.	
<i>Inspector</i> means the Inspector of the New South Wales Crime Commission appointed under this Act.	<del>-</del>
<i>investigation</i> means an investigation or reinvestigation conducted by the Commission under this Act and includes any inquiry into matters connected with, or arising out of, the exercise of the Commission's functions.	8 9 10 11
investigative agency means the following:	12
(a) the Ombudsman's Office,	13
(b) the Independent Commission Against Corruption,	14
(c) the Inspector of the Independent Commission Against Corruption and any staff of the Inspector,	15 16
(d) the Police Integrity Commission,	17
(e) the Inspector of the Police Integrity Commission and any staff of the Inspector,	18 19
(f) any law enforcement agency,	20
(g) any person or body prescribed by the regulations for the purposes of this definition.	2 <sup>2</sup>
Joint Committee—see section 70.	23
law enforcement agency means the following:	24
(a) the NSW Police Force,	2
(b) a Police Force of another State or a Territory of the Commonwealth,	20 27
(c) the Australian Federal Police,	28
(d) any other authority or person responsible for the enforcement of the laws of the Commonwealth or of the State, another State or a Territory of the Commonwealth.	29 30 31
Management Committee or Committee means the New South Wales Crime Commission Management Committee constituted by this Act.	32 33
<i>member of a government agency</i> includes an officer or employee of, or any person otherwise engaged by or acting for or on behalf of, or in place of, or as deputy or delegate of, a government agency.	34 35 36
officer of the Commission—see section 72.	37
officer of the Inspector means a member of staff of the Inspector.	38

	<b>police inquiry</b> means an inquiry carried out under the authority of the Commissioner of Police.	
	<i>production notice</i> —see sections 28 and 29.	;
	relevant criminal activity means any circumstances implying, or any allegations, that a relevant offence may have been, or may be being, or may in the future be, committed.	!
	<i>relevant offence</i> —see section 5.	-
	search warrant means a search warrant issued under section 17.	8
	serious crime concern means any circumstances implying, or any allegations, that relevant offences of a particular type or class are being, or are likely to continue to be, committed in an organised, systemic or sustained way so as:	10 17 12
	(a) to have, or be likely to have, a significant impact on the community, or	10 14
	(b) to involve, or be likely to involve, substantial proceeds (within the meaning of the <i>Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990</i> ) of illegal activity (within the meaning of that Act).	15 16 17
	staff—see section 74.	18
	task force—see section 58.	19
(2)	A reference in this Act to a person who has <i>special legal qualifications</i> is a reference to a person who is:	20 2
	(a) qualified to be appointed as (but who is not) a Judge of the Supreme Court of the State or of any other State or Territory, a Judge of the Federal Court of Australia or a Justice of the High Court of Australia, or	22 23 24 25
	(b) a former Judge or Justice of any court referred to in paragraph (a).	26
Mea	ning of "relevant offence"	27
(1)	In this Act:	28
(-)	<b>relevant offence</b> means an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for life or for a term of 3 or more years (other than an offence the time for the commencement of a prosecution for which has expired).	29 30 31
(2)	For the purposes of this Act, an offence that is not a relevant offence but that the Commission suspects may be directly or indirectly connected with, or may be a part of, a course of activity involving the commission of a relevant offence (whether or not the Commission has identified the nature of that relevant offence), is, for so long as the Commission so suspects, taken to be a relevant offence.	32 33 34 35 36

Clause 6
Part 1

6 Notes

Notes included in this Act do not form part of this Act. 2

Par	t 2	<b>New South Wales Crime Commission</b>	1
Divi	sion 1	Constitution of Commission	2
7	Comr	nission	3
	(1)	There is constituted by this Act a corporation with the corporate name of the New South Wales Crime Commission.	2
	(2)	The Commission has the functions conferred or imposed on it by or under this or any other Act.	6
	(3)	The functions of the Commission are exercisable by the Commissioner. Any act, matter or thing done in the name of, or on behalf of, the Commission by the Commissioner, or with the authority of the Commissioner, is taken to have been done by the Commission.	8 9 10 11
	(4)	A reference in this Act to a hearing before the Commission or anything done or omitted by, to or in relation to the Commission includes a reference to a hearing before, or a thing done or omitted by, to or in relation to the Commissioner or another executive officer of the Commission having authority in the circumstances.	12 13 14 15 16
8	Comr	missioner	17
	(1)	The Governor may appoint a Commissioner for the New South Wales Crime Commission.	18 19
	(2)	The Commissioner has and may exercise the functions conferred or imposed on the Commissioner by or under this or any other Act.	20 21
	(3)	Schedule 1 contains ancillary provisions with respect to the office of Commissioner.	22 23
9	Assis	stant Commissioners	24
	(1)	The Governor may, with the concurrence of the Commissioner, appoint 2 or more Assistant Commissioners for the New South Wales Crime Commission.	25 26 27
	(2)	At least one of the Assistant Commissioners must have special legal qualifications.	28 29
	(3)	An Assistant Commissioner has and may exercise the functions conferred or imposed on an Assistant Commissioner by or under this or any other Act.	30 31 32
	(4)	The Commissioner may determine the functions an Assistant Commissioner is required to exercise and allocate the functions to be exercised by each Assistant Commissioner.	33 34 35

	(5)	Sche Assis	dule 1 contains ancillary provisions with respect to the office of stant Commissioner.	1 2
Divi	sion	2	Functions of Commission	3
10	Princ	cipal f	unctions of Commission	4
	(1)	The j	principal functions of the Commission are as follows:	5
		(a)	to investigate matters relating to a relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern referred to the Commission by the Management Committee for investigation,	6 7 8
		(b)	to assemble evidence that would be admissible in the prosecution of a person for a relevant offence arising out of any such matters and to furnish any such evidence to the Director of Public Prosecutions,	9 10 11 12
		(c)	to furnish evidence obtained in the course of its investigations (being evidence that would be admissible in the prosecution of a person for an indictable offence against the law of the Commonwealth or another State or Territory) to the Attorney General or to the appropriate authority in the jurisdiction concerned,	13 14 15 16 17 18
		(d)	to reinvestigate matters relating to any criminal activity that were the subject of a police inquiry (being an inquiry referred for reinvestigation to the Commission by the Management Committee) and to furnish its findings to the Committee together with any recommendation as to action the Commission considers should be taken in relation to those findings,	19 20 21 22 23 24
		(e)	to furnish in accordance with this Act reports relating to organised and other crime, which include, where appropriate, recommendations for changes in the laws of the State,	25 26 27
		(f)	to provide investigatory, technological and analytical services to such persons or bodies as the Commission thinks fit,	28 29
		(g)	with the approval of the Management Committee, to work in co-operation with such persons or authorities of the Commonwealth, the State or another State or Territory (including any task force and any member of a task force) as the Commission considers appropriate.	30 31 32 33 34
	(2)	matte unde subje	ting in this Division precludes the Commission from inquiring into the ers connected with, or arising out of, the exercise of its functions or this or any other Act or law, whether or not those matters are the ext of a reference to the Commission by the Management mittee.	35 36 37 38 39

11	Fund	ctions	under Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990	1
		the C aid c Act,	Commission may exercise a function conferred or imposed on it by Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990, may carry out investigations in of the exercise of those functions and may, for the purposes of that make such use as it thinks fit of any information obtained by it in execution of this Act.	2 3 4 5 6
12	Infor mem	matio bers	n and reports with respect to government agencies and of government agencies	7 8
	(1)	The	Commission may, if it considers it desirable to do so:	9
		(a)	furnish any information relating to the exercise of the functions of a government agency that the Commission obtains, or a report on that information, to the relevant Minister, and	10 11 12
		(b)	make to that Minister such recommendations (if any) relating to the exercise of the functions of the government agency, as the Commission considers appropriate.	13 14 15
	(2)	The	Commission may, if it considers it desirable to do so:	16
		(a)	furnish any information relating to the conduct of a member of a government agency, in his or her capacity as such, that the Commission obtains, or a report on that information, to the head of that agency or (if the member is the head of the agency) to the relevant Minister, and	17 18 19 20 21
		(b)	make to the head or Minister such recommendations (if any) relating to the conduct of the member as the Commission considers appropriate.	22 23 24
13	Liais	on wi	th other bodies	25
			Commission may, in accordance with guidelines (if any) furnished ne Management Committee:	26 27
		(a)	disseminate intelligence and information to such persons or bodies of the Commonwealth, the State or another State or Territory (including any task force and any member of a task force) as the Commission thinks appropriate, and	28 29 30 31
		(b)	co-operate and consult with such persons or bodies as the Management Committee thinks appropriate.	32 33
		Note Com	. Section 80 applies to a person to whom information is given by the mission under this section in certain circumstances.	34 35

14	Incid	dental	powers of Commission	
	(1)	in c func	Commission has power to do all things necessary to be done for or onnection with, or reasonably incidental to, the exercise of its tions. Any specific powers conferred on the Commission by this are not taken to limit by implication the generality of this section.	; ;
	(2)	How	vever, the Commission cannot employ any staff.	(
		empl Act 2 secti and	e. Staff to enable the Commission to exercise its functions may be loyed under Chapter 1A of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management 2002</i> in the Government Service. However, the Commission may still, under on 74, arrange for the use of services of staff or facilities of other agencies for police officers to perform services for the Commission, as well as age consultants.	10 10 12 12
15	Dele	gatio	n by Commission	13
	(1)	staff	Commission may delegate to an executive officer or a member of of the Commission any of its functions, other than this power of gation.	14 15 16
	(2)		Commissioner may delegate to an Assistant Commissioner or nber of staff of the Commission any of his or her functions.	17 18
	(3)	dele dele	Assistant Commissioner or member of staff of the Commission may gate to a member of staff of the Commission any of the functions gated to the Assistant Commissioner, subject to any conditions to the delegation is subject.	19 20 21 22
	(4)		following functions may not be delegated (except as provided by section (5)):	23 24
		(a)	a function of making a report under this Act,	2
		(b)	the power of an executive officer to require the head of a government agency to furnish information under section 28,	26 27
		(c)	the power of an executive officer to require a person to appear before the Commission and produce documents or things under section 24,	28 29 30
		(d)	the power of an executive officer to require a person to attend and produce a document or thing under section 29,	3:
		(e)	the power of the Commissioner to issue a warrant for the arrest of a person under section 36.	3; 34
	(5)		functions referred to in subsection (4) (a) and (e) may be delegated a Assistant Commissioner.	35 36

Division 3		3	Search warrants	1
16	Defin	itions	<b>;</b>	2
		In th	is Division:	3
		thing	g includes a document.	4
		thing	gs of a relevant kind means a thing or things of a particular kind:	5
		(a)	connected with a matter relating to a relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern into which the Commission is conducting an investigation, or	6 7 8
		(b)	that may be used in evidence in proceedings for the taking, by or on behalf of the Crown in right of the State, of civil remedies in respect of a matter connected with, or arising out of, an offence to which the relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern relates.	9 10 11 12 13
17	Searc	ch wa	rrants	14
	(1)	a sea	executive officer may apply to an authorised officer for the issue of earch warrant if the Commission has reasonable grounds to believe there is, or within one month may be, in or on any premises things relevant kind.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	may, searc	uthorised officer to whom an application is made under this section, if satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for doing so, issue a ch warrant authorising any member of the NSW Police Force, or other person, named in the warrant:	19 20 21 22
		(a)	to enter the premises, and	23
		(b)	to search the premises for things of the relevant kind, and	24
		(c)	to seize any things of the relevant kind found in or on the premises and deliver things so seized to the Commission, and	25 26
		(d)	in addition, to seize any other thing found in the course of executing the warrant that the person executing the warrant believes on reasonable grounds:	27 28 29
			(i) to be evidence that would be admissible in the prosecution of another person for a relevant offence, or for an indictable offence against the law of the Commonwealth, of a State or of a Territory, and	30 31 32 33
			(ii) that it is necessary to seize in order to prevent its concealment, loss, mutilation or destruction, or its use in committing such an offence.	34 35 36
	(3)		sion 4 of Part 5 of the Law Enforcement (Powers and consibilities) Act 2002 applies to a search warrant issued under this on.	37 38 39

	(4)	A se	arch warrant issued under this section must include:	1
		(a)	a statement of the purpose for which the warrant is issued, and	2
		(b)	a description of the kind of things (other than those referred to in	3
			subsection (2) (d)) authorised to be seized.	4
	(5)		statement must include a reference to the matter relating to a	5
			rant criminal activity or serious crime concern into which the mission is conducting an investigation and with which the things	6 7
			e relevant kind are connected.	8
		<b>Note</b> Enfo	. Covert search warrants may be obtained under Part 5 of the Law reement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002.	9 10
18	Deal	ing wi	th seized things	11
	(1)	The	Commission may retain a thing seized under a search warrant if,	12
			for so long as, retention of the thing is considered by the	13
			mission to be reasonably necessary for the purposes of an	14
		inves	stigation to which the thing is relevant.	15
	(2)	If the	e thing may be used for the purposes of evidence in proceedings:	16
		(a)	for the taking, by or on behalf of the Crown in right of the State,	17
			of civil remedies in respect of a matter connected with, or arising	18
			out of, an offence to which a relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern relates—the Commission must deliver it to the	19 20
			authority or person responsible for taking the proceedings, or	20
		(b)	in the prosecution of a person for an indictable offence against the	22
		( )	law of the Commonwealth or another State or Territory—the	23
			Commission may deliver it to the Attorney General or to the	24
			appropriate authority in that jurisdiction, or	25
		(c)	in the prosecution of a person for a relevant offence—the	26
			Commission may deliver it to the Director of Public	27
			Prosecutions.	28
	(3)		ept as provided by subsection (4), the Commission must return the	29
		thing	g to the owner or person who had lawful possession of the thing re it was seized if the Commission is satisfied that:	30
				31
		(a)	its retention for the purposes referred to in subsection (1) or (2) is not required, and	32 33
		(b)	it is lawful for the person to have possession of the thing.	34
	(4)	If it a	appears to the Commission:	35
		(a)	that there is no person who is entitled to possession of any thing referred to in subsection (3), or	36 37

		(b) that there is such a person, but the person does not wish to have possession of any such thing,	1 2
		the Commission may apply to the Local Court for directions as to its	3
		disposal and dispose of it in accordance with the directions given by the	4
		Local Court in response to the application.	5
Divi	sion	4 Hearings	6
19	Hear	rings	7
	(1)	For the purposes of an investigation the Commission may hold hearings.	8
	(2)	A hearing must be conducted by one or more executive officers, as determined by the Commissioner.	10 11
	(3)	The Commissioner or (if the Commissioner is not conducting the	12
	, ,	hearing) an Assistant Commissioner with special legal qualifications	13
		determined by the Commissioner is to preside at a hearing conducted by	14
		2 or more executive officers.	15
20	Proc	edure at hearings generally	16
		The procedure at a hearing of the Commission is, subject to this Act and	17
		any directions of the Commissioner, to be determined by the executive	18
		officer presiding at the hearing.	19
21	Hear	rings to be held in private	20
	(1)	A hearing before the Commission is to be held in private and the	21
		Commission may give directions as to the persons who may be present	22
		during the hearing or a part of the hearing.	23
	(2)	Nothing in a direction given by the Commission under subsection (1)	24
		prevents the presence, when evidence is being taken at a hearing before	25
		the Commission, of an Australian legal practitioner representing:	26
		(a) the person giving evidence, or	27
		(b) under section 22 (1) (b), a person who because of a direction	28
		given by the Commission under subsection (1) is entitled to be	29
		present.	30
	(3)	A person (other than an executive officer, counsel assisting the	31
	\ /	Commission in relation to the matter that is the subject of a hearing or a	32
		member of staff of the Commission approved by the Commission) must	33
		not be present at the hearing unless the person is entitled to be present	34

		because of a direction given by the Commission under subsection (1) or because of subsection (2).	
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both.	;
22	Lega	al representation	
	(1)	At a hearing before the Commission:	(
		(a) a person giving evidence may be represented by an Australian legal practitioner, and	<del>-</del>
		(b) if, because of the existence of special circumstances, the Commission consents to a person who is not giving evidence being represented by an Australian legal practitioner—the person may be so represented.	9 10 12 12
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not prevent the Commission from refusing to permit a particular Australian legal practitioner to represent a particular witness in an investigation if it believes on reasonable grounds and in good faith that to allow representation by the particular legal practitioner will, or is likely to, prejudice its investigation.	1; 14 1; 10 11
23	Evid	ence	18
		The Commission is not bound by the rules or practice of evidence and can inform itself on any matter in such manner as it considers appropriate.	19 20 2
24	Pow	er to summon witnesses and take evidence	22
	(1)	An executive officer with special legal qualifications may summon a person to appear before the Commission at a hearing to give evidence and to produce such documents or other things (if any) as are referred to in the summons.	2: 24 29 20
	(2)	The summons may require the immediate attendance of a person before the Commission if the executive officer believes on reasonable grounds that delay in attendance might result in:	27 28 29
		(a) the commission of an offence, or	30
		(b) the escape of an offender, or	3.
		(c) the loss or destruction of evidence, or	32
		(d) serious prejudice to the conduct of an investigation.	33
	(3)	The summons must be accompanied by a copy of the notice, or of each of the notices, by which the matter or matters to which the hearing relates was or were referred to the Commission by the Management Committee	34 38 36

	(4)	generation in the relate	summons must set out, so far as is reasonably practicable, the ral nature of the matters in relation to which the Commission ds to question the person unless the Commission is satisfied that, e particular circumstances of an investigation to which the hearing es, it would prejudice the effectiveness of the investigation for the mons to do so.	1 2 3 4 5 6			
	(5)		ing in subsection (4) prevents the Commission from questioning erson in relation to any matter that relates to an investigation.	7 8			
	(6)	requi	executive officer presiding at a hearing before the Commission may ire a person appearing at the hearing to produce a document or other (whether or not the document or thing is present at the hearing).	9 10 11			
	(7)		Commission may, at a hearing, take evidence on oath or affirmation for that purpose:	12 13			
		(a)	the person presiding at the hearing may require a person appearing at the hearing to give evidence either to take an oath or to make an affirmation in a form approved by the person presiding, and	14 15 16 17			
		(b)	the person presiding or an authorised person may administer an oath or affirmation to a person so appearing at the hearing.	18 19			
	(8)	In th	is section:	20			
		inclu	<b>orised person</b> means a person authorised in writing, or a person ded in a class of persons authorised in writing, for the purposes of section by the Commissioner.	21 22 23			
25	Failure of witnesses to attend and answer questions etc						
	(1)		erson served with a summons to appear as a witness at a hearing re the Commission must not, without reasonable excuse:	25 26			
		(a)	fail to attend as required by the summons, or	27			
		(b)	fail to attend from day to day unless excused, or released from further attendance, by an executive officer.	28 29			
	(2)		erson appearing as a witness at a hearing before the Commission not, without reasonable excuse or except as provided by section 39 or	30 31 32			
		(a)	when required under section 24 either to take an oath or make an affirmation—refuse or fail to comply with the requirement, or	33 34			
		(b)	refuse or fail to answer a question that the person is required to answer by the executive officer presiding at the hearing, or	35 36			
		(c)	refuse or fail to produce a document or thing that the person was required to produce by a summons served on the person under this Act.	37 38 39			

26	Exam	nination of witnesses	1		
		At a hearing before the Commission for the purposes of an investigation:	2		
		(a) counsel assisting the Commission generally or in relation to the matter to which the investigation relates, or	4 5		
		(b) any person authorised by the Commission to appear before it at the hearing, or	6 7		
		(c) any Australian legal practitioner representing a person at the hearing,	8 9		
		may, so far as the Commission thinks appropriate, examine or cross-examine any witness on any matter that the Commission considers relevant to the investigation.	10 11 12		
27	False	or misleading evidence	13		
	(1)	A person must not, at a hearing before the Commission, give evidence that is, to the knowledge of the person, false or misleading in a material particular.	14 15 16		
	(2)	A contravention of subsection (1) is an indictable offence and, subject to this section, is punishable, on conviction, by a fine not exceeding 500 penalty units or by imprisonment for a period not exceeding 5 years, or both.	17 18 19 20		
	(3)	Notwithstanding that an offence against subsection (1) is an indictable offence, a court of summary jurisdiction may hear and determine proceedings in respect of such an offence if the court is satisfied that it is proper to do so and the defendant and the prosecutor consent.	21 22 23 24		
	(4)	A court of summary jurisdiction that convicts a person of an offence against subsection (1) may impose a fine not exceeding 100 penalty units or imprisonment for a period not exceeding 2 years, or both.	25 26 27		
	(5)	Sections 331 and 332 of the <i>Crimes Act 1900</i> apply to proceedings for an offence under this section in the same way as they apply to proceedings for an offence under section 330 of that Act.	28 29 30		
Division 5 Obtaining information, documents and things					
28	Comr	mission may require information from certain government agencies	32		
	(1)	An executive officer may, by notice in writing served on the head of a government agency or a person who is a member of a government agency (a <i>production notice</i> ), require the head or member to produce to	33 34 35		

	the C that:	Commission, in writing signed by the head or member, information	1 2
	(a)	was acquired by the government agency in the ordinary course of exercising its functions, or was acquired by the person in that person's capacity as such a member, and	3 4 5
	(b)	in the opinion of the executive officer is relevant to an investigation.	6 7
(2)	The fix a	notice must specify or describe the information concerned and must time and date, and manner, for compliance with the notice.	8 9
(3)		executive officer may, by notice in writing served on the head of a ernment agency (a <i>production notice</i> ), require that head:	10 11
	(a)	to attend, at a time and place and before an officer of the Commission, specified in the notice, and	12 13
	(b)	to produce at that time and place to the officer a document or thing specified or described in the notice that relates to the exercise by the agency of its functions and that in the opinion of the executive officer is relevant to an investigation.	14 15 16 17
(4)	of th that	ect to the provisions of any enactment prescribed for the purposes is subsection, but despite any other provision of a law of the State prohibits the divulging or communicating of information or the uction of a document or thing, a person must not:	18 19 20 21
	(a)	without reasonable excuse, fail to comply with a production notice served on the person under this section, or	22 23
	(b)	in purported compliance with a production notice served on the person under subsection (1), knowingly produce information that is false or misleading.	24 25 26
	Max both	imum penalty: 20 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or .	27 28
(5)		section (4) does not apply in such circumstances as may be cribed by the regulations.	29 30
Pow	er to c	obtain documents and things	31
(1)		executive officer with special legal qualifications may, by notice in any served on a person (a <i>production notice</i> ), require the person:	32 33
	(a)	to attend at a time and place, and before an officer of the Commission, specified in the notice, and	34 35
	(b)	to produce at that time and place to that officer a document or thing specified in the notice, being a document or thing that is relevant to an investigation.	36 37 38

(2)	The production notice may provide that the requirement may be satisfied by some other person acting on behalf of the person on whom it was imposed and may, but need not, specify the person or class of persons who may so act.	1 2 3 4
(3)	A requirement to produce a document that is in electronic form, or to make any such document available for inspection, includes a requirement to produce, or make available, a hard copy form of the document, including the generation of reports or the extraction of data.	5 6 7 8
(4)	The Commission is to seal a document or thing produced in accordance with a production notice immediately after it is deposited with the Commission and is to retain it in safe custody for the purposes of the investigation.	9 10 11 12
(5)	The Commission may examine and take extracts or copies from a deposited document.	13 14
(6)	A document or thing produced in accordance with a production notice may be retained and dealt with as if it were a thing referred to in section 18.	15 16 17
(7)	A production notice may be issued in relation to an investigation whether or not a hearing before the Commission is being held for the purposes of the investigation.	18 19 20
(8)	A production notice may require the immediate production of a document or thing if the executive officer who issues the notice believes on reasonable grounds that delay in the production of the document or thing may result in:	21 22 23 24
	(a) its destruction, removal or concealment, or	25
	(b) serious prejudice to the conduct of an investigation.	26
(9)	A person must not, without reasonable excuse, refuse or fail to comply with a production notice served on the person.	27 28
	Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units or imprisonment for 6 months, or both.	29 30
Refu	sal or failure of person to produce document or thing	31
(1)	This section applies if a person is required to produce a document or thing to an officer of the Commission in accordance with a production notice under section 28 or 29.	32 33 34
(2)	A person may not claim that he or she is entitled to refuse or fail to produce the document or thing unless the claim is made personally to the officer to whom the person is required to produce the document or thing by the production notice.	35 36 37 38

	(3)		e person makes such a claim, the officer of the Commission is to rm the person that, if the document or thing is not produced:	1 2
		(a)	he or she will be served with a summons requiring the person to appear as a witness at a hearing before the Commission and to produce the document or thing, and	3 4 5
		(b)	the document or thing will be required to be deposited with the Commission so that it may be sealed and kept in safe custody pending the hearing.	6 7 8
	(4)	If the	e document or thing is not produced after the person is so informed:	9
		(a)	an executive officer with special legal qualifications is to summon the person (in accordance with section 24) to appear as a witness at a hearing before the Commission and to produce the document or thing, and	10 11 12 13
		(b)	the person must deposit the document or thing with the Commission.	14 15
	(5)	imm	Commission is to cause the document or thing to be sealed ediately after it is deposited with the Commission and is to retain it fe custody pending the hearing.	16 17 18
	(6)		Commission may examine and take extracts or copies from a sited document.	19 20
31	Hear	ing fo	llowing refusal or failure to produce document or thing	21
	(1)	At a	hearing referred to in section 30 (4), the Commission:	22
		(a)	may withdraw the requirement to produce the document or thing, or	23 24
		(b)	may insist that the document or thing be produced.	25
	(2)	or th	e Commission withdraws the requirement to produce the document ing, the document or thing must be delivered to the person who sited it.	26 27 28
		Note. a doc	. See section 39 for the effect of the witness refusing or failing to produce cument or thing that the Commission insists be produced.	29 30
Divi	sion	6	Refusal or failure to produce documents or things or answer questions	31 32
32	Defir	nitions	•	33
		In th	is Division:	34
		Supr	copriate officer means the Principal Registrar or other officer of the eme Court prescribed by rules of court as the appropriate officer for ourposes of this Division.	35 36 37

		Ćour	copriate Registry means the Principal Registry of the Supreme ct or other Registry of the Supreme Court prescribed by rules of tas the appropriate Registry for the purposes of this Division.	1 2 3
33	cond	erning	ns to Supreme Court for review of Commission's decisions g entitlement to refuse to produce documents or things or estions	4 5 6
	(1)	This	section applies to a person who claims to be entitled to refuse:	7
		(a)	to produce information or a document or thing that the person is required to produce by a production notice under section 28, or	8 9
		(b)	to answer a question put to the person, or to produce a document or thing that the person was required to produce, at a hearing before the Commission under section 30 (4).	10 11 12
	(2)	opini	Commission must decide as soon as practicable whether in its ion the claim of a person to whom this section applies is justified notify the person of its decision.	13 14 15
	(3)		e person is dissatisfied with the Commission's decision, the person apply to the Supreme Court for review of the decision.	16 17
	(4)	unles Com	person is not entitled to apply to the Supreme Court for review ss the person has produced the document or thing to the unission or placed the document or thing in the custody of the opriate officer of that Court.	18 19 20 21
	(5)	appli	be person produces the document or thing and makes such an ication, the Commission must cause the document or thing to be ded in the custody of the appropriate officer of that Court.	22 23 24
	(6)	An a	pplication by a person under subsection (3) must:	25
		(a)	be made in such manner as is prescribed by rules of court, and	26
		(b)	set out the grounds of the application, and	27
		(c)	be lodged with the appropriate Registry of the Supreme Court within the period of 5 days (excluding days on which the Registry is closed) immediately after the date on which the Commission notified the person of the decision to which the application relates.	28 29 30 31 32
	(7)	ques exter be ta	decision of the Commission under this section relates to 2 or more tions, or to 2 or more documents or things, the decision must, to the nt to which it relates to a particular question or document or thing, lken, for the purposes of this Act, to constitute a separate decision ing to that question or document or thing only.	33 34 35 36 37

34	Deci	sions	on review	1
	(1)		owing its review of a decision under section 33, the Supreme Court make an order:	2
		(a)	affirming the decision, or	4
		(b)	setting aside the decision.	5
	(2)	decis make	e Supreme Court makes an order setting aside the Commission's sion with respect to a document or thing, the Supreme Court must be a further order directing that the document or thing be delivered be person.	6 7 8 9
	(3)	appe	order of the Supreme Court under this section is, subject to any all from that order, conclusive for the purposes of any other eedings.	10 11 12
35	Time	for co	ommencing prosecutions	13
		com	rosecution for an offence under section 28 or 29 must not be menced in respect of a refusal or failure by a person to produce a ment or thing or answer a question:	14 15 16
		(a)	if the person has claimed to be entitled to refuse to produce the document or thing or answer the question, and the Commission decides that, in its opinion, the claim is not justified—until the expiration of the period of 5 days (excluding days on which the appropriate Registry of the Supreme Court is closed) immediately after the Commission has notified the person of the decision, or	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
		(b)	if the person has made an application to the Supreme Court under this Division for review of such a decision of the Commission— until the application and any appeal from an order made by the Supreme Court on the application have been determined or otherwise disposed of.	24 25 26 27 28
Divi	Division 7 Attendance before Commission			
36	Arrest of witness		vitness	30
	(1)	befor Com	person served with a summons to appear as a witness at a hearing re the Commission fails to attend as required by the summons, the missioner may, on proof by statutory declaration of the service of ummons, issue a warrant for the arrest of the witness.	31 32 33 34

(2)	The Commissioner may also issue a warrant for the arrest of a person who has been served with a summons to appear as a witness at a hearing before the Commission if the Commissioner is satisfied:	2
	(a) by evidence on oath or affirmation that the person has made a representation that the person intends not to appear at the hearing as required by the summons, and	!
	(b) that it is in the public interest that the person be compelled to do so to avoid serious prejudice to the conduct of an investigation.	<del>.</del> 8
(3)	The Commissioner may require a person to take an oath or affirmation for the purposes of this section.	9 10
(4)	A warrant may be issued under this section even though the time specified in the summons for the person to attend has not yet passed.	1 <sup>-</sup> 12
(5)	A warrant issued under this section authorises the arrest of the witness and his or her being promptly brought before the Commission and detained in a prison or elsewhere for that purpose until released by order of the Commissioner.	1; 14 15 16
(6)	A warrant issued under this section may be executed by any police officer or by any person to whom it is addressed.	17 18
(7)	A person executing a warrant issued under this section may use such force as is reasonably necessary for the purpose of entering any premises for the purpose of executing it.	19 20 21
(8)	The issue of a warrant or arrest of a witness does not relieve the witness from any liability incurred by the witness for non-compliance with the summons.	22 23 24
(9)	In this section:	2
	representation includes:	26
	(a) an express or implied representation (whether oral or in writing), or	25 28
	(b) a representation to be inferred from conduct, or	29
	(c) a representation not intended by its maker to be communicated to or seen by another person, or	30 31
	(d) a representation that for any reason is not communicated.	32

37	Conditional release of witness			
	(1)	The release of a witness by order of the Commissioner under section 36 (5) may (but need not) be made subject to one or more of the following conditions (or to any other conditions):		
		(a) that the witness appear before the Commission in accordance with the terms of the order unless excused from attendance or until released from further attendance by an executive officer,	5 6 7	
		(b) conditions for the purpose of ensuring the further attendance of the witness before the Commission (for example the provision of sureties by the witness, the surrender of any passport held by the witness, a requirement as to where the witness is to live and regular reporting by the witness to the Commission).	8 9 10 11 12	
	(2)	From time to time, the Commissioner may by order amend, revoke or add to those conditions.		
	(3)	A witness who, without reasonable excuse, fails to comply with a condition to which the release of the witness is subject is guilty of an offence.	15 16 17	
		Maximum penalty: 20 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both.	18 19	
38	Review by Supreme Court			
	(1)	A witness who has not been released by the Commissioner under section 36 (5) or whose release under that subsection is subject to one or more conditions may apply to the Supreme Court for a review of the decision not to release or failure to release the witness or of the terms of one or more of those conditions.		
	(2)	The Supreme Court may affirm or set aside a decision by the Commissioner not to release the witness or any condition imposed by the Commissioner on the release of the witness.	26 27 28	
	(3)	The Supreme Court may also or instead make any order that the Commissioner may make in relation to the detention or release of the witness. The Court may do so also where the Commissioner has not made any decision within a reasonable time on the release of the witness.	29 30 31 32 33	
	(4)	An order of the Supreme Court under this section is taken to be an order of the Commissioner.	34 35	
39	Privilege concerning answers and documents			
	(1)	A witness summoned to attend or appearing before the Commission at a hearing is not (except as provided by section 40) excused from answering any question or producing any document or thing on the	37 38 39	

	incri grou	nd that the answer or production may incriminate or tend to minate the witness, or on any other ground of privilege, or on the nd of a duty of secrecy or other restriction on disclosure, or on any r ground.	1 2 3 4
(2)	An answer made, or document or thing produced, by a witness at a hearing before the Commission is not (except as otherwise provided in this section) admissible in evidence against the person in any civil or criminal proceedings (other than a proceeding for the falsity of evidence given by the witness) or in any disciplinary proceedings.		
(3)	Nothing in this section makes inadmissible:		
	(a)	any answer, document or thing in proceedings for an offence against this Act or in proceedings for contempt under this Act, or	11 12
	(b)	any answer, document or thing in any civil or criminal proceedings or in any disciplinary proceedings if the witness does not object to giving the answer or producing the document or other thing irrespective of the provisions of subsection (1), or	13 14 15 16
	(c)	any document in any civil proceedings for or in respect of any right or liability conferred or imposed by the document, or	17 18
	(d)	any answer made, or document or thing produced, by a corporation at a hearing before the Commission.	19 20
(4)	If:		21
	(a)	an Australian legal practitioner or other person is required to answer a question or produce a document or thing at a hearing before the Commission, and	22 23 24
	(b)	the answer to the question would disclose, or the document or thing contains, a privileged communication passing between the legal practitioner (in his or her capacity as a legal practitioner) and a person (the <i>client</i> ),	25 26 27 28
	the l requ to do	egal practitioner or client is entitled to refuse to comply with the irement, unless the privilege is waived by a person having authority o so.	29 30 31
(5)	exec the n	rever, the Australian legal practitioner must, if so required by the utive officer presiding at the hearing, furnish to the Commission name and address of the client to whom or by whom the privileged munication was made.	32 33 34 35
(6)	The executive officer presiding at the hearing may declare that all or any classes of answers given by a witness or that all or any classes of documents or other things produced by a witness will be regarded as having been given or produced on objection by the witness, and there is accordingly no need for the witness to make an objection in respect of each such answer, document or other thing.		36 37 38 39 40 41

40	Religious confessions			
	(1)	A person who is or was a member of the clergy of any church or religious denomination is entitled to refuse to divulge that a religious confession was made, or the contents of a religious confession made, to the person when a member of the clergy.	2 3 4 5	
	(2)	Subsection (1) does not apply if the communication involved in the religious confession was made for a criminal purpose.	6 7	
	(3)	In this section: <i>religious confession</i> means a confession made by a person to a member of the clergy in the member's professional capacity according to the ritual of the church or religious denomination concerned.	8 9 10 11	
41	Reimbursement of expenses of witnesses			
		A witness appearing before the Commission is to be paid out of money provided by Parliament in respect of the expenses of the witness's attendance such amount (if any) as the Commission determines.	13 14 15	
42	Legal and financial assistance			
	(1)	A witness who is appearing, or is about to appear, before the Commission may make an application to the Attorney General for the provision of assistance under this section in respect of the witness's appearance.		
	(2)	A person who proposes to make, or has made, an application to the Supreme Court under section 33 for review of a decision of the Commission may make an application to the Attorney General for the provision of assistance under this section in respect of the application to the Supreme Court.		
	(3)	Where an application is made by a person under this section, the Attorney General may, if satisfied that:	26 27	
		(a) it would involve substantial hardship to the person to refuse the application, or	28 29	
		(b) the circumstances of the case are of such a special nature that the application should be granted,	30 31	
		authorise, out of money provided by Parliament, the provision to that person, either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as the Attorney General determines, of such legal or financial assistance in respect of the appearance of that person before the Commission, or the application by that person to the Supreme Court as the Attorney General determines.	32 33 34 35 36 37	

43	Appearance of inmate before Commission				
	(1)	the Co of the gener	c Commission requires an inmate to appear before it at a hearing, commission may, by order in writing served on the general manager e correctional centre in whose custody the inmate is, direct the ral manager to produce the inmate, or have the inmate produced, at me and place stated in the order.	2 3 4 5 6	
	(2)	corre	an order is sufficient authority to the general manager of the ctional centre for producing the inmate or having the inmate aced, and the inmate must be produced accordingly.	7 8 9	
	(3)	the ge	mate is, when produced under this section in the actual custody of eneral manager of the correctional centre, a correctional officer or ice officer, taken to be in lawful custody.	10 11 12	
	(4)	The general manager, correctional officer or police officer must in due course return the inmate to the correctional centre.		13 14	
	(5)	centr genei	s section, correctional centre, general manager of a correctional e and inmate have the same meanings as correctional centre, ral manager and inmate have in the Crimes (Administration of inces) Act 1999.	15 16 17 18	
Divi	Division 8 Protection of witnesses and evidence				
44	Protection of witnesses				
	(1)	In this section, a reference to a person who is assisting the Commission is a reference to a person who:			
		(a)	has appeared, is appearing or is to appear at a hearing before the Commission to give evidence or to produce a document or other thing, or	23 24 25	
		(b)	has produced or proposes to produce a document or other thing to the Commission under this Act otherwise than at a hearing.	26 27	
	(2)	2) If it appears to the Commissioner that, because a person is assisting the Commission, the safety of the person or any other person may be prejudiced or the person or any other person may be subject to intimidation or harassment, the Commissioner may make such arrangements (including arrangements with the Minister or with members of the NSW Police Force) as are necessary:			
		(a)	to protect the safety of any such person, or	34	
		(b)	to protect any such person from intimidation or harassment.	35	
	(3)	Nothi	ing in this section affects the Witness Protection Act 1995.	36	

<b>45</b>	Publication of evidence			
	(1)	The Commission may direct that:		
		(a)	any evidence given before it, or	3
		(b)	the contents of any document, or a description of any thing, produced to the Commission or seized under a search warrant, or	5
		(c)	any information that might enable a person who has given or may be about to give evidence before the Commission to be identified or located, or	6 7 8
		(d)	the fact that any person has given or may be about to give evidence at a hearing,	9 10
			t not be published, or must not be published except in such manner, to such persons, as the Commission specifies.	11 12
	(2)	preju	Commission must give such a direction if the failure to do so might udice the safety or reputation of a person or prejudice the fair trial person who has been or may be charged with an offence.	13 14 15
	(3)		erson must not make a publication in contravention of a direction n under this section.	16 17
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both.		
	(4)	If:		20
		(a)	a person has been charged with an offence before a court of the State, and	21 22
		(b)	the court considers that it may be desirable in the interests of justice that particular evidence given before the Commission in relation to which the Commission has given a direction under this section be made available to the person or to a legal practitioner representing the person,	23 24 25 26 27
		the court may give to the Commission a certificate to that effect and, if the court does so, the Commission must make the evidence available to the court.		
	(5)	If:		31
		(a)	the Commission makes evidence available to a court in accordance with subsection (4), and	32 33
		(b)	the court, after examining the evidence, is satisfied that the interests of justice so require,	34 35
		the o	court may make the evidence available to the person charged with offence concerned or to an Australian legal practitioner representing person.	36 37 38

46	Indemnities and undertakings					
	(1)	The Commission may recommend to the Attorney General that a person be granted (under section 32 of the <i>Criminal Procedure Act 1986</i> ) an indemnity from prosecution.	3			
	(2)	The Commission may recommend to the Attorney General that a person be given (under section 33 of the <i>Criminal Procedure Act 1986</i> ) an undertaking that:	5 6 7			
		(a) an answer, statement or disclosure in proceedings before the Commission, or	8			
		(b) the fact of a disclosure or production of a document in proceedings before the Commission,	10 11			
		will not be used in evidence against the person.	12			
	(3)	Section 33 of the <i>Criminal Procedure Act 1986</i> applies in relation to proceedings before the Commission in the same way as it applies in relation to proceedings for an offence.	13 14 15			
	(4)	A reference in this section to proceedings before the Commission includes a reference to a hearing before the Commission or any other investigative activity involving the Commission or an officer of the Commission.	16 17 18 19			
Divi	sion	9 Miscellaneous	20			
47	Cont	tempt of Commission	21			
		A person must not:	22			
		(a) obstruct or hinder the Commission or an officer of the Commission in the exercise of the functions of the Commission, or	23 24 25			
		(b) disrupt a hearing before the Commission.	26			
		Maximum penalty: 100 penalty units or imprisonment for 2 years, or both.	27 28			
48	Prot	ection from liability	29			
	(1)	An executive officer has, in the exercise of functions as an executive officer in relation to a hearing before the Commission, the same protection and immunity as a Judge of the Supreme Court.	30 31 32			
	(2)	An Australian legal practitioner assisting the Commission or representing a person at a hearing before the Commission has the same protection and immunity as a barrister has in appearing for a party in proceedings in the Supreme Court	33 34 35 36			

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(3)	Subject to this Act, a person summoned to attend or appearing before the Commission as a witness has the same protection as a witness in proceedings in the Supreme Court.	2
(4)	No criminal or civil liability (apart from this Act) attaches to a person for compliance, or purported compliance in good faith, with any requirement made under this Act.	!
(5)	In particular, if a person produces any document or other thing under section 29, no civil liability attaches to the person for doing so, whether that liability would arise under a contract or otherwise.	7 8

Part 3		New South Wales Crime Commission Management Committee		
49	The	Mana	gement Committee	3
	(1)		re is constituted by this Act a New South Wales Crime Commission agement Committee.	5
	(2)		Management Committee has the functions conferred or imposed on or under this or any other Act.	6 7
50	Mem	bers	of the Management Committee	8
	(1)	The (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Management Committee is to consist of the following 5 members: an independent Chairperson appointed by the Minister, the Commissioner of Police, the Chair of the Board of the Australian Crime Commission, the Commissioner, the Chief Executive of the Ministry for Police and Emergency Services.	10 11 12 13 14
	(2)		edule 2 contains ancillary provisions with respect to the members procedure of the Management Committee.	16 17
51	Fund	tions	of the Management Committee	18
	(1)	The	principal functions of the Management Committee are:	19
		(a)	to refer (by a written notice in accordance with section 54) matters relating to relevant criminal activities to the Commission for investigation, and	20 21 22
		(b)	to refer (by a written notice in accordance with section 54) matters relating to serious crime concerns to the Commission for investigation, and	23 24 25
		(c)	to refer (by a written notice in accordance with section 54) to the Commission, for reinvestigation, police inquiries into matters relating to any criminal activities, and	26 27 28
		(d)	to make arrangements (in accordance with section 58) for task forces to assist the Commission in carrying out its functions, and	29 30
		(e)	to review and monitor generally the work of the Commission, and	31
		(f)	to give approvals for the purposes of section 13 (Liaison with other bodies).	32 33

	(2)	The I for in	Management Committee is not to refer a matter to the Commission ovestigation unless it is satisfied that:	1 2		
		(a)	the use of the Commission's powers appear to be necessary to fully investigate the relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern, and	3 4 5		
		(b)	the investigation of the relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern by the Commission is in the public interest, and	6 7		
		(c)	the relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern is sufficiently serious or prevalent to warrant its investigation by the Commission.	8 9 10		
52	Review of references					
	(1)	progr	Management Committee is to conduct a review of the status and ress of each reference it makes under section 51 and renewal of ence it makes under this section.	12 13 14		
	(2)	perio appro	review is to be conducted no later than 3 months (or such longer od not exceeding 2 years as the Management Committee thinks opriate) after the anniversary of the date on which the reference is e or renewed.	15 16 17 18		
	(3)	the 1	ompletion of the review of a reference or renewal of a reference, Management Committee may (by written notice) renew the ence or discontinue the reference.	19 20 21		
	(4)	A re	ference may be renewed under this section on more than one sion.	22 23		
53	Limi	tations	s on reference or renewal of reference	24		
			Management Committee may, by the terms of a reference or wal of a reference, impose limitations:	25 26		
		(a)	on the carrying out of an investigation by the Commission into any matter relating to a relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern referred to the Commission for investigation, and	27 28 29		
		(b)	on the carrying out of a reinvestigation of a police inquiry referred to the Commission.	30 31		
54	Notio	ces ref	ferring matters for investigation	32		
	(1)	serio	notice referring a matter relating to a relevant criminal activity or us crime concern to the Commission for investigation or renewing a reference:	33 34 35		
		(a)	may describe the matter (wholly or partly) by reference to information given at a meeting of the Management Committee or	36 37		

			other extrinsic material, whether or not the information or material is included in or annexed to the notice, and	1 2
		(b)	must describe the general nature of the circumstances or allegations constituting the relevant criminal activity or serious crime concern, and	3 4 5
		(c)	must set out the general purpose of the investigation.	6
	(2)	inclu for th	formation or other extrinsic material referred to in a notice is not ded in or annexed to the notice, it does not form part of the notice ne purposes of section 24 (3) (relating to the matter to accompany numbers to a witness).	7 8 9 10
55	Inde	pende	nt legal advice	11
		obtai	Management Committee may, at the expense of the Commission, n independent legal advice with respect to the content of any notice r this Part.	12 13 14
56	Com	missio	on may request reference	15
	(1)		Commission may, if it considers it appropriate to do so, request the agement Committee to refer to the Commission:	16 17
		(a)	a matter relating to relevant criminal activity or a serious crime concern for investigation, and	18 19
		(b)	a police inquiry into a matter relating to any criminal activity for reinvestigation.	20 21
	(2)	and	quest by the Commission under subsection (1) is to be in writing may be accompanied by such written submissions and other rial as the Commission thinks fit.	22 23 24
57	Dire	ctions	and guidelines to Commission	25
	(1)		Management Committee may give directions and furnish elines to the Commission with respect to the exercise of its ions.	26 27 28
	(2)	The (	Commission must comply with any such directions or guidelines.	29
	(3)	With	out limiting subsection (1), the Management Committee:	30
		(a)	must furnish guidelines with respect to the negotiation by the Commission of the terms of agreements regarding orders made by consent under the <i>Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990</i> , and	31 32 33
		(b)	may furnish guidelines with respect to the furnishing of evidence obtained in the course of the Commission's investigations (being evidence that would be admissible in the prosecution of a person for an indictable offence against the law of the Commonwealth or	34 35 36 37

appropriate authority in the jurisdiction concerned.

The Management Committee may give directions and furnish guidelines to the Commission with respect to the internal management of the Commission and the Commission must comply with any such directions or guidelines.

another State or Territory) to the Attorney General or to the

## 58 Task forces to assist Commission

(4)

(1) The Management Committee may make arrangements with the head of one or more investigative agencies for a body of persons from that or those agencies (a *task force*) to assist the Commission in carrying out an investigation into matters relating to a relevant criminal activity or a serious crime concern or any of its other functions.

(2) In assisting the Commission to carry out its functions, the task force is (subject to subsection (3)) under the control and direction of the head of the investigative agency or agencies concerned.

(3) The Management Committee may give directions and furnish guidelines to the Commission and the head of an investigative agency (being an investigative agency of New South Wales) for the purpose of co-ordinating the activities of the task force in assisting the Commission, and the Commission and the head of the investigative agency must comply with any such directions and guidelines.

## 59 Furnishing of reports and information

(1) The Commission must keep the Management Committee informed of the general conduct of its operations in the exercise of its functions and, if the Committee requests the Commission to provide to it information concerning a specific matter relating to the Commission's operations in the exercise of its functions, the Commission must comply with the request.

(2) In particular, the Commission must report to each meeting of the Management Committee the particulars of any warrants issued by the Commissioner under section 36 that have not previously been reported to the Management Committee.

(3) A report made by the Commission under this Act that sets out any finding that an offence has been committed, or makes any recommendation for the institution of a prosecution in respect of an offence, must not be released to the public by the Commission unless the Management Committee, in the special circumstances of the case, approves.

Part 4		Inspector of the New South Wales Crime Commission			
60	Defi	nition	nition		
		In th	is Part:	4	
			ther of the Commission means a person who is, or was, an executive there or member of staff of the Commission.	5	
61	Insp	ector	of the New South Wales Crime Commission	7	
	(1)		Governor may appoint an Inspector of the New South Wales Crime unission.	8	
	(2)		Inspector has the functions conferred or imposed on the Inspector runder this or any other Act.	10 11	
	(3)		edule 3 contains ancillary provisions relating to the office of ector.	12 13	
62	Prin	cipal f	unctions of Inspector	14	
	(1)	The	principal functions of the Inspector are:	15	
		(a)	to audit the operations of the Commission for the purpose of monitoring compliance with the law of the State, and	16 17	
		(b)	to deal with (by reports and recommendations) complaints of abuse of power, impropriety and other forms of misconduct on the part of the Commission or officers of the Commission, and	18 19 20	
		(c)	to deal with (by reports and recommendations) conduct amounting to maladministration (including, without limitation, delay in the conduct of investigations and unreasonable invasions of privacy) by the Commission or officers of the Commission, and	21 22 23 24 25	
		(d)	to assess the effectiveness and appropriateness of the procedures of the Commission relating to the legality or propriety of its activities.	26 27 28	
	(2)	The functions of the Inspector may be exercised on the Inspector's own initiative, at the request of the Minister, in response to a complaint made to the Inspector or in response to a reference by the Joint Committee or a government agency or member of a government agency.		29 30 31 32	
	(3)	The	Inspector is not subject to the Commission in any respect.	33	

	(4)		the purposes of this section, conduct is of a kind that amounts to administration if it involves action or inaction of a serious nature is:	1 2 3
		(a)	contrary to law, or	4
		(b)	unreasonable, unjust, oppressive or improperly discriminatory, or	5 6
		(c)	based wholly or partly on improper motives.	7
	(5)		nout affecting the power of the Inspector to make a report under on 67 or 68, the Inspector may, at any time:	8 9
		(a)	make a recommendation or report concerning any matter relating to the functions of the Inspector under this section that the Inspector considers may effectively be dealt with by recommendation or report under this section, and	10 11 12 13
		(b)	provide the report or recommendation (or any relevant part of it) to the Commission, an officer of the Commission, a person who made a complaint or any other affected person.	14 15 16
63	Pow	ers of	Inspector	17
		The	Inspector:	18
		(a)	may investigate any aspect of the Commission's operations or any conduct of officers of the Commission, and	19 20
		(b)	is entitled to full access to the records of the Commission and to take or have copies made of any of them, and	21 22
		(c)	may require officers of the Commission to supply information or produce documents or other things about any matter, or any class or kind of matters, relating to the Commission's operations or any conduct of officers of the Commission, and	23 24 25 26
		(d)	may require officers of the Commission to attend before the Inspector to answer questions or produce documents or other things relating to the Commission's operations or any conduct of officers of the Commission, and	27 28 29 30
		(e)	may investigate and assess complaints about the Commission or officers of the Commission, and	31 32
		(f)	may refer matters relating to the Commission or officers of the Commission to other public authorities or public officials for consideration or action, and	33 34 35
		(g)	may recommend disciplinary action or criminal prosecution against officers of the Commission.	36 37

64	Inquiries					
	(1)	For the purposes of the Inspector's functions, the Inspector may make or hold inquiries.	2			
	(2)	For the purposes of any inquiry under this section, the Inspector has the powers, authorities, protections and immunities conferred on a commissioner by Division 1 of Part 2 of the <i>Royal Commissions Act</i> 1923 and that Act (section 13 excepted) applies to any witness summoned by or appearing before the Inspector in the same way as it applies to a witness summoned by or appearing before a commissioner.	2 5 6 7 8			
	(3)	A witness summoned by or appearing before the Inspector is to be paid such amount as the Inspector determines, but not exceeding the amount that would be payable to such a witness if he or she were a Crown witness subpoenaed by the Crown to give evidence.	10 11 12 13			
65	Incid	dental powers	14			
	(1)	The Inspector has power to do all things necessary to be done for or in connection with, or reasonably incidental to, the exercise of the Inspector's functions. Any specific powers conferred on the Inspector by this Act must not be taken to be limited by implication by the generality of this section.	15 16 17 18 19			
	(2)	Section 40 of the <i>Surveillance Devices Act 2007</i> does not apply to the use, publication or communication of protected information within the meaning of that Act in relation to the exercise of the Inspector's functions under section 63.	20 21 22 23			
66	Staff	f of inspector	24			
	(1)	The staff of the Inspector comprises:				
		(a) such staff as are employed to assist the Inspector under Chapter 1A of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> , and	26 27 28			
		(b) the persons referred to in subsection (2).	29			
	(2)	The Inspector may arrange for the use of the services of:	30			
		(a) any staff or facilities of a government agency, or	31			
		(b) any staff who are employed by or for or assigned to the person who is Inspector, in his or her capacity as the holder of some other position (for example, as a Judge of a court of the State)	32 33 34			

67	Special reports				
	(1)		Inspector may, at any time, make a special report to the Minister on of the following:	2	
		(a)	any matters affecting the Commission, including, for example, its operational effectiveness or needs,	4 5	
		(b)	any administrative or general policy matter relating to the functions of the Inspector,	6 7	
		(c)	any other matter relating to the exercise of a function to audit, deal with or assess any matter under section 62 that the Inspector considers warrants the making, in the public interest, of a special report.	8 9 10 11	
	(2)	the 1	Minister is to lay (or cause to be laid) a copy of any report made to Minister under this section before both Houses of Parliament as as practicable after the Minister receives the report.	12 13 14	
	(3)		out affecting the power of the Inspector to make a report under this on, the Inspector may, at any time:	15 16	
		(a)	make a recommendation or report concerning any matter relating to the functions of the Inspector that the Inspector considers may effectively be dealt with by recommendation or report under this section, and	17 18 19 20	
		(b)	provide the report or recommendation (or any relevant part of it) to the Minister.	21 22	
68	Ann	ual rep	ports	23	
		each ende	Inspector is required to prepare, within the period of 4 months after 30 June, a report of the Inspector's operations during the year d on that 30 June and furnish the report to the Presiding Officer of House of Parliament.	24 25 26 27	
69	Obs	tructio	n of Inspector	28	
		A pe	rson must not:	29	
		(a)	without reasonable excuse, wilfully obstruct, hinder, resist or threaten the Inspector or an officer of the Inspector in the exercise of functions under this Act, or	30 31 32	
		(b)	without reasonable excuse, refuse or fail to comply with any lawful requirement of the Inspector or officer under this Act, or	33 34	

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(c) make a statement to the Inspector or an assisting person knowing	
it to be false or misleading, or attempt to mislead, the Inspector	2
or an assisting person in the exercise of functions under this Act.	;
Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or	4
both.	į

Part 5 Part 5		Pai	arliamentary Joint Committee	
70	Defi	nition		2
		In th	is Act:	3
		the	t Committee means the joint committee called the Committee on Ombudsman, the Police Integrity Commission and the Crime amission constituted under the Ombudsman Act 1974.	4 5 6
71	Fund	ctions		7
	(1)	The	Joint Committee has the following functions under this Act:	8
		(a)	to monitor and review the exercise by the Commission, the Management Committee and the Inspector of their functions,	9 10
		(b)	to report to both Houses of Parliament, with such comments as it thinks fit, on any matter appertaining to the Commission, the Management Committee or the Inspector or connected with the exercise of their functions to which, in the opinion of the Joint Committee, the attention of Parliament should be directed,	11 12 13 14 15
		(c)	to examine each annual and other report of the Commission and of the Inspector and report to both Houses of Parliament on any matter appearing in, or arising out of, any such report,	16 17 18
		(d)	to inquire into any question in connection with its functions which is referred to it by both Houses of Parliament, and report to both Houses on that question.	19 20 21
		Note	. See also clause 10 of Schedule 1 and clause 9 of Schedule 3.	22
	(2)	Noth	ning in this Part authorises the Joint Committee:	23
		(a)	to reconsider a decision of the Management Committee regarding matters referred for investigation under section 51 (1) (a)–(c), or	24 25
		(b)	to inquire into any application of the Commission for a consent order under section 62 of the <i>Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990</i> , or	26 27 28
		(c)	to reconsider any decision of the Commission in relation to operational matters concerning the exercise of its functions.	29 30

Part 6 Off Division 1		ficers of the Commission			
		Gen	neral	2	
72	Defir	nition			3
		In th	is Act:		4
		offic	er of t	he Commission means:	5
		(a)	-	Commissioner, or	6
		(b)		ssistant Commissioner, or	7
		(c)		ember of staff of the Commission, or	8
		(d)	a pe	erson engaged by the Commission as a consultant under on 74 (2).	9 10
73	Asso	ociated	d pers	ons	11
	(1)	In the	is Part Comm	, a reference to a person who is associated with an officer of ission, or an applicant for a position as an officer of the on, is a reference to:	12 13 14
		(a)	in the	e case of an officer or applicant who is an individual, any of ndividual's family or business associates, or	15 16
		(b)		e case of an officer or applicant that is a company engaged er section 74 (2):	17 18
			(i)	any of the company's key personnel, or	19
			(ii)	any of those key personnel's family or business associates, or	20 21
			(iii)	any of the company's related bodies corporate (within the meaning of the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i> of the Commonwealth).	22 23 24
	(2)	For t	he pur	poses of this section:	25
		(a)	the fe	following persons are an individual's family associates:	26
			(i)	the individual's spouse or de facto partner,	27
			(ii)	the individual's dependent children,	28
			(iii)	such other members of the individual's household or family as the Commissioner may specify in respect of a particular individual or class of individuals, and	29 30 31
		(b)	the f	ollowing persons are an individual's business associates:	32
		` ′	(i)	the individual's employer,	33
			(ii)	any such employer's key personnel (in the case of an employer that is a company),	34 35

			(iii)	the individual's partners in any partnership of which the individual is a member,	
			(iv)	such employees of any such partnership, and such other persons having contractual relationships with the partnership, as the Commissioner may specify in respect of a particular partnership or class of partnerships,	; ; ;
			(v)	the individual's employees,	7
			(vi)	such other persons having contractual relationships with the individual as the Commissioner may specify in respect of a particular individual or class of individuals, and	8 9 10
		(c)	the fo	ollowing persons are a company's key personnel:	1
		` /	(i)	the directors of the company,	12
			(ii)	the secretary of the company,	13
			(iii)	such officers or employees of the company, such shareholders in the company and such other persons	14 15
				having contractual relationships with the company as the	16
				Commissioner may specify in respect of a particular company or class of companies.	17 18
74	Staff				19
	(1)	The	staff of	f the Commission comprises:	20
		(a)	Secto Gove	staff who are employed under Chapter 1A of the <i>Public</i> for <i>Employment and Management Act 2002</i> in the ternment Service to enable the Commission to exercise its tions, and	2° 2° 2° 2°
		(b)	the p	ersons referred to in subsections (2), (3) and (4).	2
	(2)			ission may engage persons as consultants to the Commission rm services for it.	26 27
	(3)			ission may arrange for the use of the services of any staff or a government agency.	28 29
	(4)	or m Terri	ore me	ission may arrange for one or more police officers or for one embers of the Police Force of the Commonwealth, or of a ranother State, to be made available (by way of secondment e) to perform services for the Commission.	30 3 <sup>-</sup> 32 33
	(5)	rank, act a payn	senion s a con ent of	orming services for the Commission, a police officer retains rity and remuneration as a police officer and may continue to onstable. However, this subsection does not prevent the f additional remuneration to police officers in accordance tements under subsection (3).	34 35 36 37 38

	(6)	appoin and ter so far a the Put	egulations may make provision for or with respect to the attment, conditions of employment, discipline, code of conduct rmination of employment of staff of the Commission (except in as, in the case of the staff who are employed under Chapter 1A of ablic Sector Employment and Management Act 2002, provision is for those matters by or under that Act).	1 2 3 4 5 6
Divi	sion	2	Disclosure of financial interests and security	7
75	Disc	losure c	of certain financial information	8
	(1)	the Co	coming an officer of the Commission, the officer must furnish to ommission a statement of financial interests, in the approved form, tion to the officer.	9 10 11
	(2)	require an offi	ut limiting subsection (1), the Commission may at any time e an officer of the Commission, or an applicant for a position as icer of the Commission, to furnish to the Commission a statement incial interests, in the approved form, in relation to:	12 13 14 15
		(a)	the officer or applicant, or	16
		(b)	any other person who is associated with the officer or applicant.	17
76	Cha	nges in 1	financial interests to be notified	18
			ficer of the Commission who becomes aware of any significant e in the financial interests in relation to:	19 20
		(a)	the officer, or	21
		. ,	any person who is associated with the officer and in respect of whom the officer has previously furnished a statement of financial interests under this Division,	22 23 24
			mmediately furnish a statement of that change, in the approved to the Commission.	25 26
77	Disc	losure c	of pecuniary interests and other matters	27
		The re	gulations may make provision for or with respect to:	28
			the disclosure by officers of the Commission of all or any of the following pecuniary interests or other matters:	29 30
			(i) real or personal property,	31
			(ii) income,	32
		(	(iii) gifts,	33
		(	(iv) financial or other contributions to any travel,	34
			(v) shareholdings or other beneficial interests in corporations,	35
		(	(vi) partnerships,	36

		· ··>		
		(vii)	trusts,	1
		(viii)	positions (whether remunerated or not) held in, or	2
			membership of, corporations, trade unions, professional	3
		(:)	associations or other organisations or associations,	4
		(ix)	occupations, trades, professions or vocations,	5
		(x)	debts,	6
		(xi)	payments of money or transfers of property to relatives or	7
			other persons by, or under arrangements made by, executive officers and members of staff of the	8
			Commission,	10
		(xii)	any other direct or indirect benefits, advantages or	11
			liabilities, whether pecuniary or not, of a kind specified in the regulations, and	12 13
		(b) presc	cribing the manner in which, and the times at which,	14
		pecui	niary interests or other matters must be disclosed and	15
			iding for the verification by statutory declaration or	16
			wise of any such disclosure, and	17
			compilation and maintenance of registers of pecuniary	18
			ests or other matters by officers of the Commission and the ection and publication of any such register.	19 20
78	Com	oliance with	Division a condition of employment	21
	(1)		lition of an officer's employment or engagement with the	22
			n that the officer complies with the requirements of this	23
			nd the regulations made under section 77 (Disclosure of	24
		pecuniary ii	nterests and other matters).	25
	(2)		comply with any such requirement is sufficient ground for the officer's employment or engagement.	26 27
	(3)		n has effect despite any other condition of the officer's of employment or engagement.	28 29
	(4)		bes not fail to comply with the requirements of this Division ause the person fails to disclose matters of which the person e.	30 31 32

Miscellaneous Part 7

Part 7		Miscellaneous	1	
79	Publ	ublic sittings and bulletins		
	(1)	The Commission may hold sittings in public for the purpose of informing the public of, or receiving submissions in relation to, the general conduct of its operations and the administration of its affairs.		
	(2)	At any such public sitting, the Commission may be constituted by one or more executive officers who have special legal qualifications.	6 7	
	(3)	The procedure for the calling and conduct of the sittings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the Commissioner.	3 9	
	(4)	The Commission may publish bulletins for the purpose of informing the public of the general conduct of its operations.	10 11	
	(5)	The Commission must not:	12	
		(a) divulge in the course of a sitting held under this section, or	13	
		(b) include in a bulletin published under this section,	14	
		any matter the disclosure of which to members of the public could prejudice the safety or reputation of a person or prejudice the fair trial of a person who has been or may be charged with an offence.		
80	Secr	crecy	18	
	(1)	This section applies to a person:	19	
		(a) who is or was an executive officer, and	20	
		(b) who is or was a member of the staff of the Commission, and	21	
		(c) who is or was an Inspector or a member of the staff of the Inspector, and	22 23	
		(d) who is or was an Australian legal practitioner appointed to assist the Commission or who is or was a person who assists, or performs services for or on behalf of, such an Australian legal practitioner in the exercise of the Australian legal practitioner's functions as counsel to the Commission, and	25 26	
		(e) who is or was a member of a task force assisting the Commission in accordance with an arrangement under section 58, and	29 30	
		(f) to whom information is given by the Commission or by a person referred to in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) after expressly informing the person that the information is to be treated by the person as confidential	32	

(2)	except for the purposes of this Act or otherwise in connect exercise of the person's functions under this Act:		2 3
	(a) make a record of any information, or		4
	(b) divulge or communicate to any person any informati	on,	5
	being information acquired by the person because of, or in of, the exercise of functions under this Act.	n the course	7
	Maximum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 both.	2 months, or	9
(3)	A person to whom this section applies cannot be required:	1	10
	(a) to produce in any court any document or other the come into the person's possession, custody or control or in the course of, the exercise of the person's function of this Act, or	because of, ctions under	11 12 13
	(b) to divulge or communicate to any court any matter of has come to the person's notice in the exercise of t functions under this Act.	the person's	16 16
(4)	Despite this section, a person to whom this section applies any such information:		18
	(a) for the purposes of and in accordance with this Act,	or 2	20
	(b) for the purposes of a prosecution or disciplinary instituted as a result of an investigation conduction Commission in the exercise of its functions, or	eted by the	21 22 23
	(c) in accordance with a direction of the Commissioner, Management Committee, if the Commissioner, I Chairperson of the Management Committee certific necessary for the information to be divulged in the pull or	nspector or 22 es that it is 22 blic interest, 22	24 25 26 27 28
	(d) to any prescribed authority or person.	2	26
(5)	An authority or person to whom information is divusible subsection (4), and any person or employee under the conauthority or person, is, in respect of that information, subject rights, privileges, obligations and liabilities under subsection (3) as if he or she were a person to whom this section apparacquired the information in the exercise of functions under	ntrol of that to the same ions (2) and iles and had	30 31 32 33 34
(6)	In this section:	3	36
	<i>court</i> includes any tribunal, authority or person having pow the production of documents or the answering of questions.		37 38
	<i>produce</i> includes permit access to or inspection of.	3	39

Miscellaneous Part 7

81	Disc	losure	es prejudicing investigations	1
	(1)	A pe	erson who is required:	2
		(a)	by a production notice under section 28 or 29 to furnish information or to attend and produce a document or other thing, or	3 4 5
		(b)	by a summons under section 24 to give evidence or to produce a document or other thing,	6 7
			t not disclose any information about the notice or summons that is y to prejudice the investigation to which it relates.	8 9
		Max both	imum penalty: 50 penalty units or imprisonment for 12 months, or .	10 11
	(2)	notic	section (1) does not apply to a notice or summons unless it (or a ce accompanying it) specifies that information about the notice or mons must not be disclosed.	12 13 14
	(3)	A pe	erson does not contravene this section if:	15
		(a)	the disclosure is made to an employee, agent or other person in order to obtain information to comply with the notice or summons and the employee, agent or other person is directed not to inform the person to whom the information relates about the matter, or	16 17 18 19 20
		(b)	the disclosure is made to obtain legal advice or representation in relation to the notice or summons, or	21 22
		(c)	the disclosure is made for the purposes of, or in the course of, legal proceedings.	23 24
	(4)		ference in this section to the disclosure of any information about a ce or summons includes a reference to:	25 26
		(a)	a disclosure about the existence or nature of the notice or summons or of the investigation to which it relates, and	27 28
		(b)	a disclosure of any information to a person from which the person could reasonably be expected to infer the existence or nature of the notice or summons or of the investigation to which it relates.	29 30 31
82	Ann	ual rep	port	32
	(1)	30 Ju that trans	Commission must, within the period of 4 months after each une, prepare a report of its operations during the year that ended on 30 June and furnish the report to the Management Committee for smission, together with such comments on the report as the mittee thinks fit, to the Minister.	33 34 35 36 37

(2)		port by the Commission under this section in relation to a year must de the following:	1 2
	(a)	a description of the matters that were referred during that year to the Commission for investigation,	3 4
	(b)	a description, which may include statistics, of any patterns or trends, and the nature and scope, of organised and other crime that has come to the attention of the Commission during that year in the course of its investigations,	5 6 7 8
	(c)	any recommendations for changes in the laws of the State, or for administrative action, that, as a result of the exercise of its functions, the Commission considers should be made,	9 10 11
	(d)	the general nature and the extent of any information furnished by the Commission during that year to an investigative agency,	12 13
	(e)	the extent to which its investigations have resulted in the prosecution in that year of persons for offences,	14 15
	(f)	particulars of warrants issued by the Commissioner under section 36, including whether a warrant was issued for a failure to appear as a witness at a hearing before the Commission or because the Commissioner was satisfied that a person intended not to appear at such a hearing,	16 17 18 19 20
	(g)	particulars of the number and results of:	21
		(i) applications made to the Supreme Court under section 33 for review in respect of decisions of the Commission, and	22 23
		(ii) other court proceedings involving the Commission,	24
		being applications and proceedings that were determined, or otherwise disposed of, during that year.	25 26
(3)	A re	port by the Commission under this section must not:	27
	(a)	identify persons as being suspected of having committed offences, or	28 29
	(b)	identify persons as having committed offences unless those persons have been convicted of those offences.	30 31
(4)	must revea the r	ny report by the Commission under this section the Commission take reasonable care to ensure that the identity of a person is not aled if to reveal it might, having regard to any material appearing in eport, prejudice the safety or reputation of a person or prejudice the rial of a person who has been or may be charged with an offence.	32 33 34 35 36
(5)	of a	port by the Commission under this section that contains particulars warrant issued by the Commissioner under section 36 must not all the identity of the person against whom the warrant was issued.	37 38 39

Miscellaneous Part 7

	(6)	prepared may give	purpose of enabling the final report of the Commission to be and dealt with in accordance with this section, the Minister e directions as to the manner and time of preparation, but not the , of that report.	2
	(7)	The Min	ister must cause a copy of:	į.
			report of the Commission under this section that is received by e Minister, and	<del>(</del>
			by comments made on the report by the Management committee, being comments that accompanied the report,	<b>8</b>
			d before each House of Parliament within 15 sitting days of that fter the report is received by the Minister.	10 11
	(8)		purposes of subsection (7), sitting days are to be counted or not they occur in the same session.	12 13
83	Cou	nsel assis	sting Commission	14
		the Com	nmission may appoint an Australian legal practitioner to assist mission as counsel, either generally or in relation to a particular r matters.	15 16 17
84	Serv	ice of dod	cuments	18
	(1)		nent that is authorised or required by this Act or the regulations eved on any person may be served by:	19 20
		(a) in	the case of a natural person:	2
		(i	i) delivering it to the person personally, or	22
		(ii	i) sending it by post to the address specified by the person for the giving or service of documents or, if no such address is specified, the residential or business address of the person last known to the person giving or serving the document,	23 24 25 26
			or	27
		(iii	sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number of the person, or	28 29
		(b) in	the case of a body corporate:	30
		(i	leaving it with a person apparently of or above the age of 16 years at, or by sending it by post to, the head office, a registered office or a principal office of the body corporate or to an address specified by the body corporate for the giving or service of documents, or	3: 3: 3: 3:
		(ii	i) sending it by facsimile transmission to the facsimile number of the body corporate.	36 37

		<del>-</del>	
	(2)	Nothing in this section affects the operation of any provision of a law or of the rules of a court authorising a document to be served on a person in any other manner.	
85	Proc	eedings for offences	4
	(1)	Except where otherwise expressly provided by this Act, proceedings for an offence against this Act are to be dealt with summarily before the Local Court.	<u> </u>
	(2)	Despite any Act or law to the contrary (including, in particular, Division 2 of Part 4 of the <i>Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999</i> ), the court by which a person is sentenced to imprisonment under this Act may direct the sentence to be cumulative on any previous sentence which has been imposed on the person by the court or to which the person is otherwise subject.	10 10 12 13
86	Regi	ulations	14
	(1)	The Governor may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, for or with respect to any matter that by this Act is required or permitted to be prescribed or that is necessary or convenient to be prescribed for carrying out or giving effect to this Act.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	A regulation may create an offence punishable by a penalty not exceeding 10 penalty units.	19 20
87	Repo	eal	2
		The New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985 is repealed.	22
88	Revi	ew of Act	23
	(1)	The Minister is to review this Act to determine whether the policy objectives of the Act remain valid and whether the terms of the Act remain appropriate for securing those objectives.	24 25 26
	(2)	The review is to be undertaken as soon as possible after the period of 5 years from the commencement of this Act.	27 28
	(3)	A report on the outcome of the review is to be tabled in each House of Parliament within 12 months after the end of the period of 5 years	29

Scl	nedu	lle 1 Provisions relating to Commissioner and Assistant Commissioners	1
		(Sections 8 and 9)	3
1	Eligi	bility for appointment	4
	(1)	A person is not eligible to be appointed as Commissioner or to act in that office unless the person has special legal qualifications.	5 6
	(2)	A person is not eligible to be appointed as Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner or to act in either of those offices if the person is a member of the Legislative Council or of the Legislative Assembly or is a member of a House of Parliament or legislature of another State or Territory or of the Commonwealth.	7 8 9 10 11
2	Acti	ng Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner	12
	(1)	Long illness or absence	13
		The Governor may, from time to time, appoint a person to act in the office of Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner during the illness or absence of the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner.	14 15 16
	(2)	Short illness or absence	17
		The Minister may appoint a person to act in the office of Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner during the illness or absence of the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner if the Minister has reason to believe that the duration of the illness or absence will not exceed 4 weeks. The Minister is not to make an appointment if there is a subsisting appointment under subclause (1).	18 19 20 21 22 23
	(3)	The person, while so acting, has all the functions of the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner and is to be taken to be the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner.	24 25 26
	(4)	The Governor or Minister may, at any time, remove a person from the office to which the person was appointed by the Governor or Minister, respectively, under this clause.	27 28 29
	(5)	A person while acting under this clause is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Governor or Minister may from time to time determine.	30 31 32
	(6)	For the purposes of this clause:	33
		(a) a vacancy in the office of Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner is taken to be an absence from office of the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner, and	34 35 36

		(b)	an Assistant Commissioner is taken to be absent from office as an Assistant Commissioner during any period when the Assistant Commissioner acts in the office of the Commissioner pursuant to an appointment under this clause.	1 2 3
3	Basi	s of of	fices	5
	(1)	The o	office of Commissioner is a full-time office.	6
	(2)		office of Assistant Commissioner may be a full-time or part-time e, according to the terms of appointment.	<del>7</del> 8
	(3)	The l requi Gove	holder of a full-time office referred to in subclause (1) or (2) is red to hold it on that basis, except to the extent permitted by the ernor.	9 10 11
4	Term	s of o	ffice	12
	(1)	(not	ect to this Schedule, the Commissioner holds office for such term exceeding 10 years) as may be specified in the instrument of intment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	13 14 15
	(2)	such	ect to this Schedule, an Assistant Commissioner holds office for term as may be specified in the instrument of appointment, but is ble (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	16 17 18
	(3)		rson may not hold the office of Commissioner for terms totalling than 10 years.	19 20
5	Rem	unerat	ion	21
	(1)	The O	Commissioner or a full-time Assistant Commissioner is entitled to id:	22 23
		(a)	remuneration in accordance with the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Act 1975, and	24 25
		(b)	such travelling and subsistence allowances as the Minister may from time to time determine.	26 27
	(2)	remu Minis	art-time Assistant Commissioner is entitled to be paid such neration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the ster may from time to time determine in respect of the Assistant missioner.	28 29 30 31
6	Vaca	ncy in	office	32
	(1)		office of Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner becomes at if the holder:	33 34
		(a)	dies, or	35
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	36

		(c)	being the Commissioner—holds office for longer than the period mentioned in clause 4 (3), or	1 2
		(d)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	3 4
		(e)	is nominated for election as a member of the Legislative Council or of the Legislative Assembly or as a member of a House of Parliament or a legislature of another State or Territory or of the Commonwealth,	5 6 7 8
		(f)	is absent from duty for 14 days (whether or not wholly or partly consecutive) in any period of 12 months, except on leave granted by the Minister or unless the absence results from illness or other unavoidable cause, or	9 10 11 12
		(g)	engages in any paid employment outside the duties of his or her office, except with the consent of the Minister, or	13 14
		(h)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	15 16 17 18
		(i)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	19
		(j)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted outside of New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	20 21 22 23
		(k)	is removed from office under this clause.	24
	(2)	Com	Governor may remove the Commissioner or an Assistant missioner from office for incapacity, incompetence or ehaviour.	25 26 27
	(3)	Com	out limiting subclause (2), the Governor may remove the missioner or Assistant Commissioner from office if he or she ravenes clause 7.	28 29 30
7	Disc	losure	of pecuniary interests	31
	(1)	If:		32
		(a)	the Commissioner has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered by the Commission, and	33 34 35

	(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the Commissioner's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	1 2 3
	come	Commissioner must, as soon as possible after the relevant facts have to the Commissioner's knowledge, disclose the nature of the est at a meeting of the Management Committee.	4 5 6
(2)	If:		7
	(a)	an Assistant Commissioner has a direct or indirect pecuniary interest in a matter being considered or about to be considered by the Commission, and	8 9 10
	(b)	the interest appears to raise a conflict with the proper performance of the Assistant Commissioner's duties in relation to the consideration of the matter,	11 12 13
	facts	Assistant Commissioner must, as soon as possible after the relevant have come to the Assistant Commissioner's knowledge, disclose ature of the interest to the Commissioner.	14 15 16
(3)	A dis	sclosure by the Commissioner or Assistant Commissioner that he e:	17 18
	(a)	is a member, or is in the employment, of a specified company or other body, or	19 20
	(b)	is a partner, or is in the employment, of a specified person, or	21
	(c)	has some other specified interest relating to a specified company or other body or to a specified person,	22 23
	relati after	sufficient disclosure of the nature of the interest in any mattering to that company or other body or to that person which may arise the date of the disclosure and which is required to be disclosed r subclause (1) or (2).	24 25 26 27
(4)	by th or ex appro	culars of any disclosure made under this clause must be recorded e Commission in a register of interests kept for the purpose. A copy tract from the record is to be made available on application in the oved form by any person on payment of the fee (if any) determined to e Commission.	28 29 30 31 32
(5)	this	r a person has disclosed the nature of an interest in any matter under clause, the person must not, unless the Minister otherwise mines:	33 34 35
	(a)	be present during any deliberation of the Commission with respect to the matter, or	36 37
	(b)	take part in any decision of the Commission with respect to the matter, or	38 39
	(c)	exercise any functions under this Act with respect to that matter.	40

	(6)	A contravention of this clause does not invalidate a Commission.	ny decision of the	1 2
8	Fillir	ng of vacancy		3
	(1)	If the office of Commissioner becomes vacant, a pethis Act, to be appointed to fill the vacancy.	erson is, subject to	4 5
	(2)	If the office of Assistant Commissioner becomes vac subject to this Act, be appointed to fill the vacancy.	eant, a person may,	6 7
9	Effe	ect of Public Sector Employment and Management	Act 2002	8
		The <i>Public Sector Employment and Management A</i> apply to the appointment of the Commissioner Commissioner, and the holder of either office is not, to that Act.	or an Assistant	9 10 11 12
10	Veto	o of proposed appointment of Commissioner		13
	(1)	A person is not to be appointed as Commissioner un	til:	14
		(a) a proposal that the person be so appointed has be Joint Committee under section 31BA of the 1974, and		15 16 17
		(b) the period that the Joint Committee has under the proposed appointment has ended without the having vetoed the proposed appointment or the notifies the Minister that it has decided not to appointment.	ne Joint Committee e Joint Committee	18 19 20 21 22
	(2)	A person may be proposed for appointment on more	than one occasion.	23
	(3)	In this clause, <i>appointment</i> includes re-appointment.		24
11	Pers	sonal liability		25
		A matter or thing done or omitted to be done by the	e Commission, the	26
		Commissioner or an Assistant Commissioner or a	any person acting	27
		under the direction of the Commission, the Cor		28
		Assistant Commissioner does not, if the matter or		29
		omitted to be done in good faith for the purpose of explicit the Commissioner Assistant Commissioner	executing this Act,	30
		subject the Commissioner, Assistant Commissioner	er or a person so	31
		acting personally to any action, liability, claim or det	mand.	32

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Provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Management Committee

Scł	nedu	le 2	Provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Management Committee	1 2 3
			(Section 50)	4
1	Defi	nitions	S	5
		<i>appo</i> Man <i>mem</i>	nis Schedule:  pinted member means the person appointed as Chairperson of the tagement Committee by the Minister.  piber means a member of the Management Committee other than the pinted member.	6 7 8 9 10
2	Eligi	bility	for appointment	11
	(1)	Man form Terr	person is not eligible to be appointed as Chairperson of the agement Committee or to act in that office unless the person is a ner Judge of the Supreme Court of the State or of any other State or itory, a former Judge of the Federal Court of Australia or a former ice of the High Court of Australia.	12 13 14 15 16
	(2)		following persons are ineligible to be appointed as Chairperson of Management Committee or to act in that office:	17 18
		(a)	the Commissioner of Police,	19
		(b)	the Chair of the Board of the Australian Crime Commission,	20
		(c)	the Commissioner,	21
		(d)	the Chief Executive of the Ministry for Police and Emergency Services.	22 23
3	Basi	s of o	ffice	24
		The	office of the appointed member is a part-time office.	25
4	Tern	n of of	ffice	26
		perio	ect to this Schedule, the appointed member holds office for such od (not exceeding 3 years) as is specified in the appointed member's rument of appointment, and is eligible for re-appointment.	27 28 29
5	Vaca	ancy ii	n office	30
	(1)		office of an appointed member becomes vacant if the appointed nber:	31 32
		(a)	dies, or	33
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	34

		(c)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Minister, or	1 2
		(d)	is removed from office by the Minister under this clause, or	3
		(e)	absents himself or herself from 4 consecutive meetings of the Management Committee of which reasonable notice has been given to the appointed member personally or in the ordinary course of post, unless:	4 5 6 7
			(i) the Management Committee has granted the appointed member leave to be absent from those meetings, or	8 9
			(ii) within 4 weeks after the last of those meetings, the appointed member is excused by the Management Committee for having been absent from those meetings, or	10 11 12
		(f)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	13 14 15 16
		(g)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	17
		(h)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable.	18 19 20 21 22
	(2)	The N	Minister may remove an appointed member from office at any time.	23
3	Rem	unerat	tion	24
		(inclu	appointed member is entitled to be paid such remuneration uding travelling and subsistence allowances), if any, as the ster may from time to time determine in respect of the appointed ber.	25 26 27 28
7	Fillin	g of v	acancies of members and appointed member	29
	(1)		e office of an appointed member becomes vacant, a person is, ect to this Act, to be appointed by the Minister to fill the vacancy.	30 31
	(2)	a per Comi appoi	ember or, if the member fails to do so, the Chairperson may appoint rson to attend, in the place of the member, a meeting of the mittee at which the member is not present and a person so inted is, when attending a meeting of the Committee in the place of mber, taken to be a member.	32 33 34 35 36
	(3)		any reason there is a vacancy in the office of a member other than ppointed member, the Governor may appoint a person to act in that e.	37 38 39

	(4)	While a person is acting as a member of the Management Committee the person has and may exercise all the functions of the member.	1 2
8	Effec	et of certain other Acts	3
	(1)	Chapter 2 of the <i>Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002</i> does not apply to or in respect of the appointment of an appointed member.	4 5 6
	(2)	If by or under any Act provision is made:	7
		(a) requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	8 9
		(b) prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	10 11
		the provision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that office and also the office of an appointed member or from accepting and retaining any remuneration payable to the person under this Act as an appointed member.	12 13 14 15
9	Meet	ings of Committee	16
	(1)	Meetings of the Management Committee are to be held at such times and places as are from time to time agreed by the appointed and other members of the Committee.	17 18 19
	(2)	The procedure for the calling of meetings of the Management Committee and for the conduct of business at those meetings is, subject to this Act, to be as determined by the Committee.	20 21 22
	(3)	An Assistant Commissioner may, with the consent of the appointed and other members of the Committee present at a meeting of the Committee, be present at the meeting and participate in the discussion of matters arising at the meeting.	23 24 25 26
10	Quoi	rum	27
		The quorum for a meeting of the Management Committee is 4 members.	28
11	Pres	iding member	29
	(1)	The Chairperson is to preside at a meeting of the Management Committee.	30 31
	(2)	The presiding member is to have a deliberative vote and, in the event of an equality of votes, a second or casting vote.	32 33

Provisions relating to the members and procedure of the Management Committee

Schedule 2

12	Voti	ng	
		A decision supported by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of the Management Committee at which a quorum is present is the decision of the Committee.	;
13	Minu	ites	į
		The Management Committee is to cause full and accurate minutes to be kept of the proceedings of each meeting of the Committee.	-
14	Tran	saction of business outside meetings or by telephone etc	8
	(1)	The Management Committee may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business by the circulation of papers among all the members of the Committee for the time being, and a resolution in writing approved in writing by at least 4 of those members is taken to be a decision of the Management Committee.	10 11 12 13
	(2)	The Management Committee may, if it thinks fit, transact any of its business at a meeting at which members (or some members) participate by telephone, closed-circuit television or other means, but only if any member who speaks on a matter before the meeting can be heard by the other members.	14 19 10 11 18
	(3)	For the purposes of:	19
		(a) the approval of a decision under subclause (1), or	20
		(b) a meeting held in accordance with subclause (2),	2
		the Chairperson of the Management Committee and each other member	22
		have the same voting rights as they have at an ordinary meeting of the Management Committee.	2: 2:
	(4)	A decision approved under subclause (1) is, subject to the regulations, to be recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Management Committee.	25 26 27
	(5)	Papers may be circulated among members for the purposes of subclause (1) by facsimile or other transmission of the information in the papers concerned.	28 29 30

Scł	nedu	le 3 Provisions relating to Inspector	1
		(Section 61)	2
1	Acti	ng Inspector	3
	(1)	The Governor may, from time to time, appoint a person to act in the office of Inspector during the illness or absence of the Inspector. The person, while so acting, has all the functions of the Inspector and is taken to be the Inspector.	2 5 7
	(2)	The Governor may, at any time, remove a person from the office to which the person was appointed under this clause.	3
	(3)	A person while acting under this clause is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as the Governor may from time to time determine.	10 11 12
	(4)	For the purposes of this clause, a vacancy in the office of Inspector is taken to be an absence from office of the Inspector.	13 14
2	Basi	s of office	15
	(1)	The office of Inspector may be a full-time or part-time office, according to the terms of appointment.	16 17
	(2)	The holder of a full-time office referred to in subclause (1) is required to hold it on that basis, except to the extent permitted by the Governor.	18 19
3	Tern	n of office	20
	(1)	Subject to this Schedule, the Inspector holds office for such term (not exceeding 5 years) as may be specified in the instrument of appointment, but is eligible (if otherwise qualified) for re-appointment.	21 22 23
	(2)	A person may not hold the office of Inspector for terms totalling more than 5 years.	24 25
4	Rem	uneration	26
	(1)	The Inspector is entitled to be paid such remuneration (including travelling and subsistence allowances) as may be specified in the instrument of appointment or as may be afterwards determined by the Governor from time to time.	27 28 29 30
	(2)	A determination does not operate so as to reduce the rate at which remuneration is payable during the person's current term of office.	31 32
	(3)	The Inspector is not, if a Judge of a New South Wales court and while receiving remuneration as such a Judge, entitled to remuneration under this Act.	33 34 35

5	Prov	visions	s where Judge is holding office as Inspector	1
	(1)	Insp	appointment of a person who is the holder of a judicial office as ector or service by a person who is the holder of a judicial office as ector does not affect:	3
		(a)	the person's tenure of that judicial office, or	5
		(b)	the person's rank, title, status, remuneration or other rights or privileges as the holder of that judicial office.	6 7
	(2)		person's service as Inspector is, for all purposes, taken to be service e holder of that judicial office.	9
	(3)	In th	is clause:	10
		judio	cial office means an office of Judge of a court of New South Wales.	11
6	Vaca	ancy i	n office	12
	(1)	Vaca	ancies	13
		The	office of Inspector becomes vacant if the holder:	14
		(a)	dies, or	15
		(b)	completes a term of office and is not re-appointed, or	16
		(c)	holds office for longer than the relevant term mentioned in clause 3, or	17 18
		(d)	resigns the office by instrument in writing addressed to the Governor, or	19 20
		(e)	becomes bankrupt, applies to take the benefit of any law for the relief of bankrupt or insolvent debtors, compounds with his or her creditors or makes an assignment of his or her remuneration for their benefit, or	21 22 23 24
		(f)	becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or	25
		(g)	is convicted in New South Wales of an offence that is punishable by imprisonment for 12 months or more or is convicted elsewhere than in New South Wales of an offence that, if committed in New South Wales, would be an offence so punishable, or	26 27 28 29 30
		(h)	is removed from office under subclause (2).	31
	(2)	Rem	oval from office	32
			Inspector may be removed from office by the Governor on the ess of both Houses of Parliament.	33 34

7	Fillir	ng of v	acancy	1
			e office of Inspector becomes vacant, a person is, subject to this Act, appointed to fill the vacancy.	2
8	Effe	ct of c	ertain other Acts	4
	(1)	apply	Public Sector Employment and Management Act 2002 does not y to the appointment of the Inspector, and the holder of that office t, as holder, subject to that Act.	5 6 7
	(2)	If by	or under any other Act provision is made:	8
		(a)	requiring a person who is the holder of a specified office to devote the whole of his or her time to the duties of that office, or	9 10
		(b)	prohibiting the person from engaging in employment outside the duties of that office,	11 12
		offic	rovision does not operate to disqualify the person from holding that e and also the office of Inspector or from accepting and retaining remuneration payable to the person under this Act as Inspector.	13 14 15
9	Veto	of pro	pposed appointment of Inspector	16
	(1)	A pe	rson is not to be appointed as Inspector until:	17
		(a)	a proposal that the person be so appointed has been referred to the Joint Committee under section 31BA of the <i>Ombudsman Act</i> 1974, and	18 19 20
		(b)	the period that the Joint Committee has under that section to veto the proposed appointment has ended without the Joint Committee having vetoed the proposed appointment or the Joint Committee notifies the Minister that it has decided not to veto the proposed appointment.	21 22 23 24 25
	(2)	A pe	rson may be proposed for appointment on more than one occasion.	26
	(3)	In th	is clause, appointment includes re-appointment.	27
10	Pers	onal li	ability	28
		or the	atter or thing done or omitted to be done by the Inspector or any on acting under the direction of the Inspector does not, if the matter ing was done or omitted to be done in good faith for the purpose of uting this or any other Act, subject the Inspector or a person so g personally to any action, liability, claim or demand.	29 30 31 32 33

Schedule 4		le 4	Savings, transitional and other provisions	1 2		
Par	t 1	Reg	gulations	3		
1	Reg	ulation	lations			
	(1)		regulations may contain provisions of a savings or transitional re consequent on the enactment of this Act or any Act that amends Act.	5 6 7		
	(2)		such provision may, if the regulations so provide, take effect from ate of assent to the Act concerned or a later date.	8		
	(3)	is ear	ne extent to which any such provision takes effect from a date that rlier than the date of its publication on the NSW legislation website, rovision does not operate so as:	10 11 12		
		(a)	to affect, in a manner prejudicial to any person (other than the State or an authority of the State), the rights of that person existing before the date of its publication, or	13 14 15		
		(b)	to impose liabilities on any person (other than the State or an authority of the State) in respect of anything done or omitted to be done before the date of its publication.	16 17 18		
Par	t 2	Pro	visions relating to enactment of this Act	19		
2	Defi	nitions	<b>;</b>	20		
		In th	is Part:	21		
			stant Commissioner means an Assistant Commissioner within the ning of the repealed Act.	22 23		
		Com repea	<b>missioner</b> means the Commissioner within the meaning of the aled Act.	24 25		
			aled Act means the New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985 force immediately before its repeal by this Act.	26 27		
3	Mea	ning o	f "relevant offence"	28		
		section	eference to an offence in the definition of <i>relevant offence</i> in on 5 extends to offences that were or may have been committed re the commencement of this clause.	29 30 31		
4	Rele	vant c	riminal activities and serious crime concerns	32		
	(1)		Ference to a circumstance or allegation relating to a relevant offence definition of <i>relevant criminal activity</i> in section 4 (1) extends to	33 34		

			mstances or allegations relating to relevant offences that were or have been committed before the commencement of this clause.	1			
	(2)	or type section offen	Perence to a circumstance or allegation relating to a particular class of relevant offence in the definition of <i>serious crime concern</i> in on 4 (1) extends to circumstances or allegations relating to relevant access of a particular type or class that were or may have been mitted before the commencement of this clause.	3 4 5 6			
5	Exist	ting C	ommissioner	8			
		office office	person who, immediately before the repeal of the repealed Act, held e as Commissioner under section 5A of the repealed Act holds e, subject to this Act, as Commissioner for the remainder of the on's term of office as if appointed as Commissioner under section 8.	9 10 11 12			
6	Exist	ting A	ssistant Commissioner	13			
		office holds rema	rson who, immediately before the repeal of the repealed Act, held e as Assistant Commissioner under section 5B of the repealed Act s office, subject to this Act, as Assistant Commissioner for the inder of the person's term of office as if appointed as Assistant missioner under section 9.	14 15 16 17 18			
7	Com	missio	on and certain acts not affected	19			
	(1)	same	corporation constituted by section 7 is a continuation of, and the legal entity, as the corporation constituted by section 5 (1) of the led Act.	20 21 22			
	(2)	Except to the extent provided by this Part, a provision of the repealed Act continues to apply to and in respect of anything to which it applied immediately before its repeal.					
	(3)	Without limiting subclause (2), the repealed Act continues to apply to and in respect of the following:					
		(a)	any notice referring a matter to the Commission for investigation under section 25 of the repealed Act and any action taken in respect of such a notice,	28 29 30			
		(b)	any investigation, inquiry or hearing commenced or pending under the repealed Act immediately before its repeal,	31 32			
		(c)	any subpoena, notice or application under the repealed Act,	33			
		(d)	any search warrant issued under the repealed Act.	34			
8	Secr	есу		35			
			on 80 extends to information acquired before the commencement is clause.	36 37			

9 F	Refe	rence	s to repealed Act	1
(	(1)	A resunde	ference in any Act (other than this Act), in any instrument made r an Act or in any document to the repealed Act is to be read:	2
		(a)	as a reference to this Act, unless it relates to a matter that under clause 7 continues to be dealt with by the repealed Act, or	4 5
		(b)	if it relates to such a matter—as a reference to the repealed Act.	6
(	(2)		ept as provided by subclause (1), in any other Act (other than this in any instrument made under an Act or in any document:	7 8
		(a)	subject to paragraph (b), a reference to the repealed Act is to be read on and from the commencement of this clause as a reference to this Act, and	9 10 11
		(b)	a reference to a provision of the repealed Act is to be read on and from that commencement as a reference to the corresponding provision (if any) of this Act or the regulations.	12 13 14

Sch	nedule 5	Amendments of Acts and regulations	1
5.1	Crimes A	Act 1900 No 40	2
	Section 60	DAA Meaning of "law enforcement officer"	3
	the definiti	y South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985" from paragraph (g) of ion of law enforcement officer.  ead "Crime Commission Act 2012".	4 5 6
5.2	Criminal	Assets Recovery Act 1990 No 23	7
[1]	Section 4	Definitions	8
		graph (a) of the definition of <i>authorised officer</i> from section 4 (1).	9
		(a) the Commissioner for the New South Wales Crime Commission, or	11 12
		(a1) an Assistant Commissioner for the New South Wales Crime Commission, or	13 14
[2]	Section 4	(1), definition of "Commission"	15
	Omit the do	efinition. Insert instead:  *Commission** means the New South Wales Crime Commission constituted under the *Crime Commission Act 2012*.	16 17 18
[3]	Section 10	OB Contents and effect of restraining orders	19
	Insert after	section 10B (3):	20
	(3A)	The Supreme Court may direct the NSW Trustee and Guardian to pay legal expenses with respect to which provision is made under this section in stages out of some or all of the property to which the restraining order applies that is under the control of the NSW Trustee and Guardian if the Supreme Court:	21 22 23 24 25
		(a) is satisfied (by a bill of costs in assessable form or other evidence acceptable to the Supreme Court) that the reasonable legal expenses incurred at the time the direction is made exceed the amount prescribed by the regulations and that further expenses will be incurred, and	26 27 28 29 30
		(b) it considers the circumstances so require.	31

	(3B)	Before making a direction under subsection (3A), the Supreme Court may refer the matter to a costs assessor (within the meaning of Part 3.2 of the <i>Legal Profession Act 2004</i> ) for inquiry and report.	1 2 3 4				
	(3C)	For the purpose of enabling the NSW Trustee and Guardian to comply with a direction under subsection (3A), the Supreme Court may order it to sell or otherwise dispose of any interest in the property concerned.	5 7 8				
[4]	Section 14	Supreme Court may order sale	9				
	Omit "an a	ssets forfeiture order" from section 14 (1).	10				
	Insert inste	ad "a confiscation order".	11				
[5]	Section 14	(1)	12				
	Omit "the application for the assets forfeiture order".						
	Insert instead "the restraining order".						
[6]	Section 14	· (1) (b)	15				
	Omit "asse	ts forfeiture order". Insert instead "restraining order".	16				
[7]	Section 16 property	A Restrictions on payment of legal expenses from restrained	17 18				
	Insert after section 16A (1):						
	(1A)	This section does not apply to or in respect of a provision of a restraining order made under section 10B (3) (b), with the consent of each person whose interests in property are subject to the restraining order, that is in the terms of an agreement negotiated between a person whose interests are subject to the restraining order and the Commission.	20 21 22 23 24 25				
[8]	Section 31 disclosed	A Assets forfeiture orders after interests in property not	26 27				
	Insert "app	lication for an" after "an" in section 31A (1) (a).	28				
[9]		B Proceeds assessment orders or unexplained wealth orders ests in property not disclosed	29 30				
	Insert "application for an" after "an" in section 31B (1) (a).						

## Schedule 5 Amendments of Acts and regulations

[10]	orde	r or orde	er rel	itional orders where application made for confiscation ating to evidence, warranty or representation made in confiscation order	1 2 3	
	Inser after	t "or an o "a confis	order scatio	under section 31A (2) or 31B (2) (a <i>non-disclosure order</i> )" on order" in section 31D (1).	4 5	
[11]	Sect	ion 31D	(1)		6	
	Inser	t "or non	-disc	closure order" after "the confiscation order".	7	
[12]	Sect	ion 31D	(4)		8	
	Inser	t at the en	nd of	f paragraph (b) of the definition of affected person:	9	
				, or	10	
		(	(c)	in the case of a non-disclosure order—the defendant whose interest in property is proposed to be subject to the order.	11 12	
[13]	Sect	ion 62			13	
	Insert after section 61:					
	62	Orders	mac	de by consent	15	
		a b u c	and word subject to the subject of t	Supreme Court may, on the application of the Commission with the consent of all persons whose interest in property will be bject to an order under this Act, make that order by an order this section (a <i>consent order</i> ) that gives effect to the terms agreement negotiated between the Commission and any one persons whose interest in property will be subject to the under this Act.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22	
		c	consi	nsent order may be made by the Supreme Court without deration of the matters that the Supreme Court would wise consider before making the order.	23 24 25	
		S	Court sectio	rticular, and without limiting subsection (2), the Supreme is not required to consider the matters set out in on 16A in making a restraining order by consent order that is provision of the kind referred to in section 10B (3) (b).	26 27 28 29	
		v r (	Comr with a espec Direct	infiscation order may only be made by consent order if the missioner for the Commission certifies that any guidelines respect to the negotiation of the terms of agreements with ct to the making of consent orders given under section 57 ctions and guidelines to Commission) of the <i>Crime mission Act 2012</i> have been fully complied with.	30 31 32 33 34 35	

5.3	Criminal Records Regulation 2004	
	Clause 9 Exclusion of applicants for employment with New South Wales Crime Commission from consequences of conviction being spent	2
	Omit "New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985" wherever occurring.	4
	Insert instead "Crime Commission Act 2012".	;
5.4	Defamation Act 2005 No 77	(
	Schedule 1 Additional publications to which absolute privilege applies	-
	Omit "New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985" from the heading to clause 20.	<b>8</b>
	Insert instead "Crime Commission Act 2012".	10
5.5	Financial Transaction Reports Act 1992 No 99	1
	Section 10 Secrecy	12
	Omit "New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985" from section 10 (1) (b).	13
	Insert instead "Crime Commission Act 2012".	14
5.6	Independent Commission Against Corruption Act 1988 No 35	15 16
	Schedule 1 Provisions relating to Commissioner and Assistant Commissioners	17 18
	Omit clause 1 (1) (b). Insert instead:	19
	(b) a former Judge or Justice of any court referred to in paragraph (a).	20 21
5.7	Law Enforcement and National Security (Assumed Identities) Act 2010 No 73	22 23
	Section 4 Definitions	24
	Omit paragraph (c) of the definition of <i>law enforcement officer</i> from section 4 (1).	2! 20
	Insert instead:	2
	(c) in relation to the New South Wales Crime Commission, an officer of the Commission (within the meaning of the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> ),	28 29 30

5.8	Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Act 2002 No 103	1 2
	Schedule 2 Search warrants under other Acts	3
	Omit "New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985, section 11".	4
	Insert in alphabetical order "Crime Commission Act 2012, section 17".	5
5.9	Law Enforcement (Powers and Responsibilities) Regulation 2005	6 7
	Clause 16 Custody managers for New South Wales Crime Commission or Australian Crime Commission investigations	8
	Omit "New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985" wherever occurring.	10
	Insert instead "Crime Commission Act 2012".	11
5.10	Ombudsman Act 1974 No 68	12
[1]	Section 5 Definitions	13
	Omit the definition of <i>Joint Committee</i> from section 5 (1).	14
	Insert instead:	15
	<b>Joint Committee</b> means the joint committee called the Committee on the Ombudsman, the Police Integrity Commission and the Crime Commission, constituted under this Act.	16 17 18
[2]	Section 31A Constitution of Joint Committee	19
	Omit "the Office of the Ombudsman and the Police Integrity Commission" from section 31A (1).	20 21
	Insert instead "the Ombudsman, the Police Integrity Commission and the Crime Commission".	22 23
[3]	Section 31A (2)	24
	Insert "the Crime Commission Act 2012," after "1998,".	25
[4]	Section 31BA Power to veto proposed appointments	26
	Insert "or the Commissioner for the New South Wales Crime Commission or the Inspector of the New South Wales Crime Commission" after "of the Police Integrity Commission" in section 31BA (1).	27 28 29

[5]	Section 31	BA (5)	(d)	1			
	Insert at the	e end o	f section 31BA (5) (c):	2			
			, and	3			
		(d)	in the context of an appointment of Commissioner for the New South Wales Crime Commission or Inspector of the New South Wales Crime Commission, a reference to the Minister administering section 8 or 61 (as appropriate) of the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> .	4 5 6 7 8			
[6]	Schedule 1	l Exclu	uded conduct of public authorities	9			
			nsert instead:	10			
	19	office	duct of a public authority where acting as an executive er of the New South Wales Crime Commission, or as a ber of the New South Wales Crime Commission agement Committee, under the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> .	11 12 13 14			
[7]	Schedule 2	2 Savir	ngs and transitional provisions	15			
	Insert after clause 3:						
	4 Joint Committee						
		amen does	change to the name of the Joint Committee made by the adment to section 31A by the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> not affect the identity of that Committee or the exercise by Committee of its functions under this or any other Act.	18 19 20 21			
5.11	Police In	tegrit	y Commission Act 1996 No 28	22			
[1]	Section 4 [	Definit	ions	23			
			Wales Crime Commission Act 1985" from paragraph (c) of Crime Commission officer in section 4 (1).	24 25			
	Insert instea	ad "Cr	ime Commission Act 2012".	26			
[2]	Section 4 (	2) (b)		27			
	Omit the pa	ıragrap	oh. Insert instead:	28			
		(b)	is a former Judge or Justice of any court referred to in paragraph (a).	29 30			
[3]	Section 19	Appli	cation of Criminal Assets Recovery Act 1990	31			
	Insert "(oth	er than	n sections 16A (1A) and 62)" after "1990" in section 19 (1).	32			

[4]	Section 23 Investigations generally	1
	Insert after section 23 (2):	2
	(2A) The Commission must not conduct an investigation in relation to the Crime Commission in circumstances where no particular Crime Commission officer has been implicated and no misconduct of a Crime Commission officer is suspected unless it has obtained the consent of the Inspector of the New South Wales Crime Commission.	3 4 5 6 7 8
[5]	Section 24 Preliminary investigations	9
	Insert after section 24 (3):	10
	(4) The Commission must not conduct an investigation in the nature of a preliminary investigation in relation to the Crime Commission in circumstances where no particular Crime Commission officer has been implicated and no misconduct of a Crime Commission officer is suspected unless it has obtained the consent of the Inspector of the New South Wales Crime Commission.	11 12 13 14 15 16
[6]	Section 61 Secrecy provisions in other Acts	18
	Omit section 61 (1) (f). Insert instead:	19
	(f) sections 19 (Hearings) and 80 (Secrecy) of the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> .	20 21
[7]	Section 75D Duty to notify Commission of possible officer misconduct	22
	Insert after section 75D (1) (b):	23
	(b1) the Inspector of the New South Wales Crime Commission,	24
[8]	Section 94 Definition	25
	Omit "the Office of the Ombudsman and the Police Integrity Commission".	26
	Insert instead "the Ombudsman, the Police Integrity Commission and the Crime Commission".	27 28
[9]	Section 130 Functions of PIC where other public officials involved	29
	Omit the note to section 130 (2). Insert instead:  Note. A <i>public official</i> includes a member of the New South Wales Crime Commission Management Committee constituted by the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> .	30 31 32

5.12	Pub	lic In	teres	t Disclosures Act 1994 No 92	1
[1]	Sect	ion 4 E	Definit	ions	2
	Inser	t in alp	habeti	ical order in section 4 (1):	3
			CC I	Inspector means the Inspector of the New South Wales the Commission appointed under the Crime Commission Act	4 5 6
				fficer means an officer of the Crime Commission, as defined a Crime Commission Act 2012.	7
				officer means an officer of the CC Inspector, as defined in Crime Commission Act 2012.	9 10
				<i>te Commission</i> means the New South Wales Crime mission.	11 12
[2]	Sect	ion 4 (	1), de	finition of "investigating authority"	13
	Inser	t at the	end o	f paragraph (h):	14
				, or	15
			(i)	the CC Inspector.	16
[3]	Sect	ion 4 (	1), de	finition of "investigation Act"	17
	Inser	t at the	end o	f paragraph (f):	18
				, or	19
			(g)	the Crime Commission Act 2012.	20
[4]	Sect	ion 12	E		21
	Inser	t after	section	n 12D:	22
	12E	Discl office	losure ers an	concerning Crime Commission, CC Inspector and CC d CCI officers	23 24
		(1)		e protected by this Act, a disclosure by a public official to the nspector must:	25 26
			(a)	be made in accordance with the Crime Commission Act 2012, and	27 28
			(b)	be a disclosure that the person making the disclosure honestly believes, on reasonable grounds, shows or tends to show corrupt conduct, maladministration or serious and substantial waste of public money by the Crime Commission, a CC officer or a CCI officer.	29 30 31 32 33

	(2)	To be protected by this Act, a disclosure by a public official to an investigating authority (being the Auditor-General or the Ombudsman) concerning the Crime Commission or a CC officer must relate to a matter referred by the CC Inspector to the investigating authority under section 63 (f) of the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> .	1 2 3 4 5 6
	(3)	Despite section 11, a disclosure by a public official to the Ombudsman that the person making the disclosure honestly believes, on reasonable grounds, shows or tends to show that, in the exercise of a function relating to a matter of administration conferred or imposed on the CC Inspector, the CC Inspector has engaged or proposes to engage in conduct of a kind that amounts to corrupt conduct or maladministration or has seriously and substantially wasted public money is protected by this Act.	7 8 9 10 11 12 13
	(4)	The Ombudsman may investigate, and report, in accordance with the <i>Ombudsman Act 1974</i> on any matter raised by a disclosure made to it that is of a kind referred to in subsection (3).	15 16 17
5.13	Road Tra	nsport (Driver Licensing) Regulation 2008	18
	Clause 107	Release of certain photographs	19
	Omit "Ne clause 107 (		20 21
	Insert instea	nd "Crime Commission Act 2012".	22
5.14	Surveilla	nce Devices Act 2007 No 64	23
[1]	Section 4 D	Definitions	24
	Omit parag section 4 (1	graph (b) of the definition of <i>law enforcement officer</i> from ).	25 26
	Insert instea	ad:	27
		(b) in relation to the New South Wales Crime Commission—an officer of the Commission within the meaning of the <i>Crime Commission Act 2012</i> ,	28 29 30
[2]	Section 8 I devices wi	nstallation, use and maintenance of optical surveillance thout consent	31 32
	Omit parag	raph (c) of the definition of <i>search warrant</i> from section 8 (3).	33
	Insert instea	ad:	34
		(c) section 17 of the Crime Commission Act 2012, or	35

5.15	Telecommunications (Interception and Access) (New South Wales) Act 1987 No 290	
	Section 21 Disclosure by persons under the Minister's administration	;
	Omit section 21 (b) (iv). Insert instead:	4
	(iv) section 25, 27 or 29 of the <i>Crime Commission Act</i> 2012, or	(
5.16	Witness Protection Act 1995 No 87	-
[1]	Section 31A Definitions	8
	Omit "New South Wales Crime Commission Act 1985" from paragraph (c) of the definition of <i>relevant proceeding</i> .	! 10
	Insert instead "Crime Commission Act 2012".	1
[2]	Section 44 Relationship with other witness protection arrangements	12
	Omit section 44 (a). Insert instead:	13
	(a) section 44 (Protection of witnesses) of the <i>Crime</i> Commission Act 2012, or	14 15