

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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VOTES.

AND

PROCEEDINGS

OF

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

DURING THE SESSION

OF

1873-4,

WITH THE VARIOUS DOCUMENTS CONNECTED THEREWITH.

---

IN SIX VOLUMES.  
VOL. II.

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SYDNEY:  
THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, PHILLIP-STREET.

1874.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS.

SESSION 1873-4.

(IN SIX VOLUMES.)

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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1873.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT, 1872.

(DESPATCH, WITH COPY OF.)

Presented to Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

Downing-street,  
7 September, 1872.

SIR,

I transmit to you, for information in the Colony under your Government, a copy of the Merchant Shipping and Passengers Acts Amendment Act (35 & 36 Vic. cap. 73), which transfers to the Board of Trade all powers and duties vested in the Emigration Commissioners by the Passengers Act, 1855, and the Passengers Act Amendment Act, 1863, and the powers conferred on one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State by the 13th section of the Passengers Act Amendment Act, 1863. The 6th section of the Act extends the penalties for offences connected with applications for assistance in emigration.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

CHAPTER 73.

An Act to amend the Merchant Shipping Acts and the Passengers Acts. [10th August, 1872.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Merchant Shipping Acts and the Passengers Acts: Be it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same as follows:—

*Preliminary.*

1. This Act may be cited as the Merchant Shipping Act, 1872.
2. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

Short title.  
Commencement of Act.

*Measurement of Ships.*

3. The twenty-third, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, and twenty-ninth sections of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, the fourteenth section of the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1855, and the fourth section of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1871, shall be read and construed as if the Board of Trade were therein named instead of the Commissioners of Customs.

Transfer to Board of Trade of duties of Commissioners of Customs with respect to measurement of ships.

*Registry.*

4. The forty-sixth, fifty-fourth, ninety-second, and ninety-fourth sections of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, shall be read and construed as if the Registrar General of Seamen were therein named instead of the Commissioners of Customs, and the returns required to be transmitted by the said ninety-fourth section of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, shall be transmitted to the Registrar General of Seamen and not to the Custom House in London, and the Registrar General of Seamen shall be called the Registrar General of Shipping and Seamen.

Transfer to Registrar General of Seamen of duties of Commissioners of Customs with respect to registry of ships.

*Passenger Ships.*

5. The sixth and seventh sections of the Passengers Act, 1855, except so much of the latter section as provides for the immunity of emigration officers, shall be repealed, and all powers and duties vested in or imposed on the Emigration Commissioners by the Passengers Act, 1855, and the Passengers Act Amendment Act, 1863, shall be transferred to and imposed on the Board of Trade.

Transfer to Board of Trade of powers and duties of Emigration Commissioners.

In the construction and for the purposes of the said Acts, the name of the Board of Trade shall be deemed to be substituted for the name of the Emigration Commissioners, and anything which might, if this Act had not passed, have been done by the Emigration Commissioners, whether acting independently or under the sanction or authority of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, may be done by the Board of Trade independently of such sanction or authority.

Extension of penalties for offences connected with applications for assistance in emigration.

Transfer to Board of Trade of certain powers of Secretary of State under Passengers Act.

Passenger steamers to be surveyed once in every year, according to 17 & 18 Vict., c. 104.

Trinity House may modify rule as to pilotage rates.

Alteration of payments made to Trinity House Pilotage Fund by Cinque Ports pilots.

Pilotage authority may grant special sea licenses.

Fees and expenses in relation to testing of chain cables and anchors by Trinity House to be paid to and charged on mercantile marine fund.

Duties of surveyors.

Fees and salaries of surveyors and emigration officers.

Penalty on surveyor, &c., receiving gratuity, &c., for duties performed under this Act.

6. The provisions contained in the eighty-third section of the Passengers Act, 1855, shall extend to any forms of application or other papers issued by or under the authority of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, for the use of persons desirous of emigrating by his assistance, and to any certificate, document, or statement adduced in support of any application to such Secretary for such assistance.

7. The powers conferred by the thirteenth section of the Passengers Act Amendment Act, 1863, on one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, shall be transferred to the Board of Trade.

#### *Annual Survey of Passenger Steamers.*

8. The three hundred and fourth section of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, shall be repealed, and every passenger steamer shall be surveyed once at the least in every year in the manner mentioned in the fourth part of that Act. The fees to be charged for certificates issued in respect of such survey shall not exceed for a yearly certificate twice the sum named in the table marked T in the schedule to the said Act as chargeable for a six months certificate.

#### *Pilotage.*

9. Notwithstanding anything in the three hundred and fifty-eight section of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, the Trinity House may, by by-law, made with the sanction of Her Majesty in Council repeal or relax the provisions of that section within the whole or any part of their district so far as to allow any pilot or class of pilots under their jurisdiction to demand or receive, and any master to offer or pay any rate less than the rate for the time being demandable by law.

10. Whereas in pursuance of the Pilotage Law Amendment Act, 1853, the several funds then belonging to the Cinque Ports pilots were merged into the common fund called the Trinity House Pilotage Fund, and by the same Act power was given to the Trinity House of Deptford Strond, with the approval of the Board of Trade, from time to time, to make regulations for altering and determining the payments and contributions to be made to the said pilotage fund by Cinque Ports pilots licensed before the said Act came into operation: And whereas by one of the regulations made under the authority of the said Act it was provided that each of the said Cinque Ports Pilots should pay towards the said fund eleven shillings for each turn: And whereas it has proved that the turns have been more numerous than was expected, and that the sums paid to the Trinity House, and carried to the credit of the said fund, in respect of the said turns, have been larger than was assumed in making the calculations upon which the said regulation was based: And whereas it is expedient that in lieu of the said sum of eleven shillings per turn, the fixed annual sum of thirteen pounds four shillings should for the future be paid by or in respect of each of the said pilots so long as he remains un-superannuated, and that the excess of the sum heretofore paid in each year by each pilot over the sum of thirteen pounds four shillings should be returned: And whereas doubts have been entertained whether the purposes aforesaid can be effected without the authority of Parliament: Be it enacted, that the Trinity House of Deptford Strond shall, out of the Trinity House Pilotage Fund, repay to each of the Cinque Ports pilots licensed before the Pilotage Law Amendment Act, 1853, came into operation, or if he be deceased, to his executors or administrators, the aggregate sum by which the sum of eleven shillings per turn heretofore paid by him exceeds the sum which he would have paid if he had paid thirteen pounds four shillings per annum; and that each of the said pilots shall, while he continues to act as a pilot, pay to the said Trinity House the sum of eleven shillings per turn as heretofore, from the first day of January in each year until the sums contributed in the same year amount to an aggregate sum equal to the product of thirteen pounds four shillings multiplied by the number of pilots licensed as above who are then surviving and un-superannuated, and that when such aggregate sum is made up no further contributions shall be required from the said pilots until after the thirty-first day of December in the same year; and if the said contributions during any one year fall short of the said aggregate sum, the said pilots then surviving and un-superannuated shall, at such time and in such manner as the Trinity House may direct, make good such deficiency by payment of an additional contribution per man to be calculated pro rata upon the number of turns which each may have carried during the said year, and any such pilot failing to pay such additional contribution shall, in default of such payment, become liable to immediate removal from active service and superannuation upon such proportion of the full pension payable to such pilot as the Trinity House may see fit.

11. Any pilotage authority may, if authorized in that behalf by Order in Council, grant special licenses qualifying the persons to whom they are granted to act as pilots for any part of the sea or channels beyond the limits of any pilotage authority, so, however, that no pilot so licensed be entitled to supersede an unlicensed pilot outside the limits of the authority by which he is licensed.

#### *Chain Cables.*

12. In the event of a license for the testing of chain cables and anchors being granted to the Trinity House under the Chain Cable and Anchor Act, 1871, all fees and other sums received by the Trinity House in respect of such testing shall be carried to the mercantile marine fund, and all expenses incurred by the Trinity House in respect of such testing shall be chargeable on the mercantile marine fund.

#### *General.*

13. All duties in relation to the survey and measurement of ships under this Act or the Acts amended hereby shall be performed by the surveyors appointed under the fourth part of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, in accordance with such regulations as may be from time to time made by the Board of Trade.

14. All fees payable in respect of the survey or measurement of ships under this Act or the Acts amended hereby, or in respect of any services performed by any person employed under the authority of the Passengers Act, 1855, shall be paid to the superintendent of a mercantile marine office, at such times and in such manner as the Board of Trade may from time to time direct, and shall be carried to the mercantile marine fund; and the salaries of surveyors, and other expenses connected with the survey and measurement of ships under this Act or the Acts amended hereby, and also so much of the salaries and expenses of persons employed under the authority of the Passengers Act, 1855, as has heretofore been paid by fees, shall be paid out of the mercantile marine fund.

15. If any surveyor, or any person employed under the authority of the Passengers Act, 1855, demands or receives, directly or indirectly, otherwise than by the direction of the Board of Trade, any fee, remuneration, or gratuity whatever in respect of any of the duties performed by him under this Act or the Acts amended hereby, he shall for every such offence incur a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds.

16. The owner of home trade ships or his agent may enter into time agreements, in forms to be sanctioned by the Board of Trade, with individual seamen to serve in any one or more ships belonging to him, which agreements need not expire on either the thirtieth day of June or the thirty-first day of December, anything in the Merchant Shipping Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always that a duplicate of each agreement entered into under the provisions of the section be forwarded to the Registrar General of Shipping within forty-eight hours after it has been entered into.

Owner or agent of home trade ships may enter into time agreements which need not expire half-yearly.

17. It shall be lawful for Her Majesty to accept from time to time the offers of any person whom the Lord High Admiral or the Commissioners for executing his office may recommend, to serve as officers of reserve in the Royal Navy, upon such terms and conditions as to Her Majesty may from time to time seem fit, and the "Officers of the Royal Naval Reserve Act, 1863," shall be read and construed as if this clause formed part of the said Act.

Her Majesty may accept offers of persons recommended by the Admiralty to serve as officers of the Royal Naval Reserve.





1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## MERCHANT SHIPPING ACT AMENDMENT ACT, 1862.

(DESPATCH RESPECTING TONNAGE OF FRENCH VESSELS.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES to THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,  
20 May, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you, for information in the Colony under your government, a copy of an Order of the Queen in Council of the 5th instant, extending to French vessels the advantages held out by the "Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," to ships of Foreign Countries, adopting the Rules for the measurement of tonnage which obtain in this Country.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

At the Court at Windsor, the 5th day of May, 1873.

*Present:*

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS, by "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," it is enacted that, whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that the rules concerning the measurement of tonnage of merchant ships for the time being in force under the principal Act have been adopted by the Government of any foreign country, and are in force in that country, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Order in Council, to direct that the ships of such foreign country shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in their certificates of registry or other national papers, and thereupon it shall no longer be necessary for such ship to be remeasured in any port or place in Her Majesty's dominions, but such ships shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in their certificates of registry or other papers, in the same manner, to the same extent, and for the same purposes, in, to, and for which the tonnage denoted in the "Certificates of Registry of British ships is to be deemed the tonnage of such ships": And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the rules concerning the measurement of tonnage of merchant ships now in force under "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," have been adopted by the President of the French Republic, and are in force in the French dominions:

Her Majesty is hereby pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council; to direct that the ships of France, the certificates of French nationality and registry of which are dated on or after the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, shall be deemed to be of the tonnage denoted in the said certificates of French nationality and registry.



1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

FRENCH COMMUNISTS TRANSPORTED TO NEW CALEDONIA, &c.  
(FURTHER DESPATCH.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,  
9 April, 1873.

SIR,

With reference to my circular despatches, noted in the margin, I have the honor to transmit to you an extract from the "Journal Officiel," received through the Foreign Office from H. M.'s Ambassador at Paris, promulgating a Law to regulate the condition of Communists transported to New Caledonia.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.*LOI ayant pour objet de régler la condition des déportés à la Nouvelle-Calédonie.*

L'Assemblée nationale a adopté,

Le Président de la République française promulgue la loi dont la teneur suit :

Art. 1. Les condamnés seront soumis, dans le lieu assigné à la déportation, aux mesures nécessaires, tant pour prévenir leur évasion que pour garantir la sécurité et le bon ordre dans le sein de la colonie.

Ces mesures seront l'objet d'arrêtés pris par le gouverneur en conseil, exécutoires provisoirement et soumis à l'approbation des ministres de la marine et de la justice.

Ces arrêtés seront insérés avec mention de l'approbation ou du refus de l'approbation dans une notice spéciale qui sera annuellement distribuée aux Assemblées législatives et par laquelle il sera rendu compte de l'état et des progrès de la colonisation pénale.

Toute infraction à ces arrêtés sera punie des peines disciplinaires portées par l'article 369 du code de justice militaire pour les armées de mer, modifié par l'article 8 du décret du 21 juin 1858.

Art. 2. Tout déporté qui se sera rendu coupable d'un crime ou d'un délit sera justiciable des conseils de guerre.

Art. 3. Les articles 237 à 248 du code pénal sont applicables à l'évasion et à la tentative d'évasion des déportés, commises même sans bris de clôture et sans violence, sans préjudice des dispositions de l'article 17 § 2 du même code, en cas de rentrée sur le territoire de la France.

La peine pourra être portée au double s'il y a récidive ou bien si l'évasion ou la tentative d'évasion a été concertée entre plusieurs déportés.

Les individus prévenus de complicité dans l'évasion ou la tentative d'évasion des déportés seront justiciables des conseils de guerre.

Art. 4. Les peines auxquelles sont condamnés les déportés seront subies aussitôt que la condamnation sera devenue définitive.

Art. 5. Les déportés condamnés à la réclusion ou à l'emprisonnement par les conseils de guerre seront, pendant la durée de leur peine, astreints au travail dans les ateliers de l'administration, soit dans l'intérieur de la prison, soit au dehors.

Art. 6. A défaut de paiement dans la quinzaine des premières poursuites, les condamnations à l'amende et aux frais sont de droit converties en journées de travail pour le compte et sur les ateliers de la colonie, d'après le taux et les conditions réglés par arrêtés du gouverneur en conseil. Faute de satisfaire à cette obligation, les délinquants sont contraints à acquitter leurs journées de travail sur les ateliers de discipline.

Art. 7. Les femmes et les enfants des condamnés auront la faculté d'aller les rejoindre. Dans la limite du crédit spécial ouvert annuellement au budget de la déportation, le Gouvernement se chargera du transport gratuit des femmes et des enfants de ceux qui seront en mesure, soit par l'exploitation d'une concession, soit par l'exercice d'une industrie, de subvenir aux besoins de leur famille. Dans les mêmes limites, et en outre du passage gratuit, des subsides en vivres et en vêtements et un abri temporaire pourront être accordés à l'arrivée dans la colonie aux femmes et aux enfants de ceux qui seront reconnus aptes à remplir l'engagement de satisfaire, dans le délai de deux ans, aux besoins de leur famille.

Art.

Art. 8. Les familles seront soumises au régime du territoire sur lequel elles seront établies.

Art. 9. Les condamnés à la déportation simple dès leur arrivée à la colonie et les condamnés à la déportation dans une enceinte fortifiée qui auront été admis à jouir du bénéfice de l'article 15 de la présente loi, pourront recevoir une concession provisoire de terres, sans préjudice de leur droit d'exercer une industrie pour leur compte, et de travailler pour le compte des particuliers.

Art. 10. Les concessions provisoires peuvent être retirées pour inconduite, indiscipline, défaut de mise en culture de terres, évasion, tentative d'évasion et pour tout crime ou délit ayant entraîné des peines criminelles ou correctionnelles.

Les décisions seront prises par le gouverneur en conseil.

Les familles de ceux qui auront été atteints par le présent article pourront obtenir, si elles résident dans la colonie, de continuer en leur lieu et place l'exploitation de la concession et en obtenir la propriété.

Art. 11. Les concessions provisoires des terres qui n'auront pas été retirées par application de l'article précédent dans un délai de cinq ans deviendront définitives, et des titres de propriété seront délivrés aux détenteurs. Les terrains concédés seront communs lorsque le déporté et son conjoint seront mariés en communauté ou avec société d'acquêts. En cas de précédés du titulaire d'une concession provisoire avant les cinq ans, sa veuve et ses enfants pourront être autorisés à continuer la possession et devenir propriétaires à l'expiration du délai qui restait à courir, sous les conditions imposées au concessionnaire.

Art. 12. En cas d'évasion consommée le déporté sera déchu de tout droit sur la concession. Toutefois la femme et, en cas de décès de la femme, les enfants ou la femme concurremment avec les enfants en conserveront la jouissance tant qu'ils resteront dans la colonie, aux conditions et dans les proportions qui seront réglées par un arrêté du gouverneur.

Ils pourront aussi devenir propriétaires définitifs en vertu d'une décision rendue par le gouverneur en conseil.

Art. 13. Si le concessionnaire vient à mourir après que la concession a été rendue définitive, les biens qui en font partie seront attribués aux héritiers d'après les règles du droit commun. Néanmoins dans le cas où il n'existerait pas d'enfants légitimes ou autres descendants, la veuve si elle habitait avec son mari succédera à la moitié en propriété tant de la concession que des autres biens que le déporté aurait acquis dans la colonie. En cas d'existence d'enfants légitimes ou autres descendants, le droit de la femme ne sera que d'un tiers en usufruit.

Par dérogation à l'article 16 de la présente loi, les condamnés pourront, dans les limites autorisées par les articles 1094 et 1098 du code civil, disposer de leurs biens dans quelque lieu qu'ils soient situés, soit par acte entre vifs, soit par testament en faveur de leurs conjoints habitant avec eux.

Un règlement d'administration publique déterminera les conditions de l'envoi en possession de la femme, et de la liquidation des biens appartenant au déporté dans la colonie.

Art. 14. Les dispositions des articles 7, 11, 12, et 13 sont applicables à l'époux de la femme déportée. Toutefois, la concession accordée à la femme ne pourra être aliénée ou hypothéquée sans le consentement des deux époux.

Art. 15. Le gouverneur a le droit d'autoriser l'établissement en dehors du territoire affecté à la déportation de tout condamné qui se sera fait remarquer pour sa bonne conduite. La même faveur pourra être accordée à tout déporté dans une enceinte fortifiée, lorsque sa conduite aura été irréprochable pendant cinq ans.

Cette autorisation pourra toujours être révoquée par le gouverneur en conseil.

Art. 16. Les dispositions de la loi du 31 mai 1854 continueront à recevoir leur exécution en ce qui concerne les condamnés à la déportation. Toutefois, les condamnés à la déportation simple auront de plein droit l'exercice des droits civils dans le lieu de la déportation. Il pourra leur être remis, avec l'autorisation du Gouvernement, tout ou partie de leurs biens. Sauf l'effet de cette remise, les actes faits par eux dans le lieu de la déportation ne pourront ni engager, ni affecter les biens qu'ils possédaient au jour de leur condamnation, ni ceux qui leur seraient échus à titre gratuit dequies cette époque.

Le Gouvernement pourra en outre, sur l'avis du gouverneur en conseil, accorder aux déportés l'exercice dans la colonie de tout ou partie des droits dont ils sont privées par l'article 34 du code pénal.

Art. 17. Le domicile des déportés pour tous les droits civils dont ils ont l'exercice aux colonies est au lieu où ils subissent leur peine.

Art. 18. Les dispositions du décret du 24 mars 1852 sur le mariage des Français résidant en Océanie sont applicables aux déportés.

Art. 19. Un règlement d'administration publique déterminera, aussitôt que les circonstances le permettront, les mesures d'assistance, d'instruction et d'hygiène publique propres à favoriser le développement d'une société naissante.

Délibéré en séance publique, à Versailles, le 25 mars 1873.

*Le président,*  
Signé: JULES GREVY.

*Les secrétaires :*  
Signé: FRANCISQUE RIVE, ALBERT DESJARDINS, Vicomte BLIN DE BOURDON, FELIX VOISIN.

*Le président de la République,*  
A. THIERS.

*Le vice-amiral,*  
*ministre de la marine*  
*et des colonies,*  
A. POTHUAU.

*Le garde des sceaux,*  
*ministre de la justice,*  
J. DUFAURE.

1873.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

APPEALS TO THE PRIVY COUNCIL.

(CIRCULAR DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,  
8 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you, for publication in the usual and most authentic manner, in the Colony under your government, a copy of an Order of Her Majesty in Council of the 26th June, requiring parties appellant in causes pending before Her Majesty to take effectual steps to set down their cases for hearing within a limited time from the registration of the Appeal in England.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

At the Court, at Windsor, the 26th day of June, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in many Appeals now pending before Her Majesty in Council no effectual steps have been taken by the parties or their agents to set down their cases for hearing, although more than twelve months have elapsed since the arrival and registration of the transcript of Appeal in this Country, and it is expedient to make further provision in that behalf, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and upon a recommendation of the Lords of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the solicitors or agents for the party appellant in all such Appeals now pending before Her Majesty in Council, are hereby required to take effectual steps to set down their cases for hearing within six months from the date of this Order, and in all other Appeals to Her Majesty in Council, within a period not exceeding twelve months from the date of the arrival and registration of the transcript in this Country.

And Her Majesty is further pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that it shall be the duty of the Registrar of the Privy Council to report to the Lords of the Judicial Committee the names of the parties and dates of the Decrees in Appeals in which no effectual steps have been taken within the aforesaid periods of time to set down the case for hearing; and the Lords of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council shall be at liberty to call upon the Appellant or his Agent in such cases to show cause why the said Appeal or Appeals should not be dismissed for non-prosecution, and (if they shall so think fit) to recommend to Her Majesty the dismissal of any such Appeal, or to give such directions therein as the justice of the case may require.

And Her Majesty is further pleased to order that nothing in the present Order shall prevent the dismissal of an Appeal under the 5th of the Rules approved by Her Majesty on the 13th of June, 1853, in cases to which that Rule is applicable.

Whereof the Governors of Her Majesty's Plantations and Dominions abroad, and the Judges or Officers of Her Majesty's Courts of Justice from which an Appeal lies to Her Majesty in Council, and all other persons whom it may concern are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

(Signed) ARTHUR HELPS.



1873.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

MUTUAL EXTRADITION OF FUGITIVE CRIMINALS.

(DESPATCH COVERING TREATY WITH DENMARK, FOR.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY to SIR HERCULES ROBINSON.

[Circular.]

Downing-street,  
9 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you, for publication in the Colony under your Government, a copy of a Treaty between Her Majesty and the King of Denmark for the mutual surrender of Fugitive Criminals; as well as a copy of the Order in Council of the 26th June last, for carrying into effect that Treaty.

The Officer Administering  
The Government of New South Wales.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

[Enclosure.]

At the Court at Windsor, the 26th day of June, 1873.

Present:

THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for amending the law relating to the Extradition of Criminals," it was amongst other things enacted, that where an arrangement has been made with any Foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any Fugitive Criminals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Act shall apply in the case of such Foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient:

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the thirty-first day of March last between Her Majesty and the King of Denmark, for the Mutual Extradition of Fugitive Criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following:—

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the King of Denmark, having judged it expedient, with a view to the better administration of justice, and to the prevention of crime within their respective territories and jurisdictions, that persons charged with or convicted of the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from justice, should, under certain circumstances, be reciprocally delivered up; their said Majesties have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this purpose, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Sir Charles Lennox Wyke, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Her Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the King of Denmark;

And His Majesty the King of Denmark, Baron Otto Ditley Rosenörn-Lehn, Knight Commander of the Order of the Dannebrog and Danebrogsmænd, His Majesty's Minister for Foreign Affairs;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:—

DA Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmark og Hendes Majestæt Dronningen af det forenede Kongerige Storbritannien og Irland til bedre Haandhævelse af Retspleien og til Forebyggelse af Forbrydelser inden og deres respektive Territorier og Statsgebyter, have anseet det for gavnligt, at Personer, som ere anklagede for eller overbeviste om at have gjort sig skyldige i de nedenfor angivne Forbrydelser og ved Flugt have unddraget sig Retsfølgning, blive under visse Omstændigheder gjensidigen udleverede, saa have bemeldte Majestæter till i dette Øiemed at afslutte en Traktat udnævnt til deres Befuldmægtigede:

Hendes Majestæt Dronningen af det forenede Kongerige Storbritannien og Irland, Sir Charles Lennox Wyke, Kommandeur af Bath-Ordenen, Hendes Majestæts overordentlige Gesandt og befuldmægtigede Minister hos Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmark:

Og Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmark, Baron Otto Ditley Rosenörn-Lehn, Kommandeur af Dannebrog og Danebrogsmænd, Hans Majestæts Udenrigsminister:

Hvilke, efter gjensidig Meddelelse af deres respektive Fuldmægter, der befandtes i god og rigtig Form, ere komne overeens om følgende Artikler:—



## ARTICLE I.

It is agreed that Her Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of Denmark shall, on requisition made in their name by their respective Diplomatic Agents, deliver up to each other reciprocally, any persons, except native born or naturalized subjects of the Party upon whom the requisition may be made, who being accused or convicted of any of the crimes hereinafter specified, committed within the territories of the requiring Party, shall be found within the territories of the other Party:—

1. Murder, or attempt, or conspiracy to murder.
2. Manslaughter.
3. Counterfeiting or altering money, or uttering counterfeit or altered money.
4. Forgery, or counterfeiting, or altering, or uttering what is forged or counterfeited or altered.
5. Embezzlement or larceny.
6. Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.
7. Crimes by bankrupts against bankruptcy laws.
8. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member or public officer of any company made criminal by any law for the time being in force.
9. Rape.
10. Abduction.
11. Child-stealing.
12. Burglary or housebreaking.
13. Arson.
14. Robbery with violence.
15. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.
16. Piracy by law of nations.
17. Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.
18. Assaults on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm.
19. Revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master:

Provided that the surrender shall be made only when, in the case of a person accused, the commission of the crime shall be so established as that the laws of the country where the fugitive or person so accused shall be found would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial if the crime had been there committed; and, in the case of a person alleged to have been convicted, on such evidence as, according to the laws of the country where he is found, would prove that he had been convicted.

## ARTICLE II.

In the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, other than the Colonies or Foreign Possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

## I. In the case of a person accused—

The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of His Majesty the King of Denmark at London, accompanied by (1) a warrant or other equivalent judicial document for the arrest of the accused, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against him in Denmark; (2) duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the acts on account of which the fugitive is demanded; and (3) a description of the person claimed, and any other particulars which may serve to identify him. The said Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive.

On the receipt of such order from the Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would, in the opinion of the Magistrate, justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant accordingly.

When the fugitive shall have been apprehended in virtue of such warrant, he shall be brought before the Police Magistrate who issued it, or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of

## ARTIKEL I.

Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmark og Hendes Britiske Majestæt forpligtede sig til, paa deres i deres Navn gjennem deres respektive diplomatiske Agenter fremsat Begjæring, gjensidigen at udlevere til hinanden Personer, som, anklagede for eller overbeviste om at have begaaet nogen af de nedenfor angivne Forbrydelser indenfor den Parts Territorium, der begjærer Udleveringen, maatte blive antrufne indenfor den anden Parts Territorium, dog med Undtagelse af det Tilfælde, at saadanne Personer have Indfødsret ifølge Fødsel eller Naturalization i den Stat, til hvilken Begjæringen om Udleveringen er rettet:—

1. Mord eller Forsøg paa Mord eller Samraad om Mord.
2. Drab.
3. Eftergjørelse eller Forfalskning af Penge eller Udgivelse af eftergjorte eller forfalskede Penge.
4. Dokumentfalsk eller anden Eftergjørelse eller Forfalskning eller svigagtig Brug af et falsk dokument eller af anden eftergjort eller forfalsket Gjenstand.
5. Tilegnelse af betroet Gods eller Tyveri.
6. Tilvendelse af Penge eller Gods ved falske Foregivender.
7. Forbrydelser af Fallenter imod Fallitlovgivningen.
8. De efter den til enhver Tid gjældende Lovgivning strafbare svigagtige Handlinger, der begaaes af en Depositar, Bankier, Agent, Faktor, Værg, Kurator, eller af et Selskabs Bestyrer, Medlem eller offentlige Betjente.
9. Voldtægt.
10. Bortførelse.
11. Barnerov.
12. Indbrudstyveri.
13. Brandstiftelse.
14. Röveri.
15. Trusler, som i Breve eller paa anden Maade fremføres for at afvinge Penge eller Gods.
16. Söröveri i folkeretlig Forstand.
17. Sænkning eller Tilintetgjørelse af et Skib i Søen eller herpaa rettet Forsøg eller Komplot.
18. Voldsgjæringer ombord paa et Skib i rum Sø, udøvede i den Hensigt at dræbe eller tilføie en større Legemsbeskadigelse.
19. Mytteri ombord paa et Skib i rum Sø mod Skibsførerens Myndighed eller derpaa rettet Sammenrottelse af to eller flere Personer.

Udleveringen af en Person, der er anklaget for en Forbrydelse, skal dog ikke finde Sted, naar der er tilveiebragt et saadant Bevis for Udførelsen af denne, at der efter det Lands Love, hvor den Undvegne eller Anklagede antræffes, deri vilde indeholdes tilstrækkelig Hjemmel til at paagribe ham og stille ham for Retten, hvis Forbrydelsen var begaaet i dette Land. Ligeledes skal Udleveringen af en Person, der angives at være domfældt, alene finde Sted efter Forelæggelse af et saadant Retsdokument, som ifølge det Lands Love, hvor han antræffes, vilde afgive Bevis for hans Domfældelse.

## ARTIKEL II.

I Hendes Britiske Majestæts Lande, med Undtagelse af Hendes Majestæts Kolonier eller Bilande, skal følgende Fremgangsmaade anvendes:—

I. I det Tilfælde, at den Person, der fordres udleveret, er anklaget—

Skal Begjæringen om Udlevering skee til Hendes Britiske Majestæts første Statssecretair for de udenlandske Anliggender ved Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmarks Gesandt eller diplomatiske Agent i London, og denne Begjæring skal være ledsaget (1) af en Fængslingskjendelse eller et andet tilsvarende Retsdokument angaaende den Paagjældendes Fængsling, udstedt af en Dommer eller anden Retsembedsmand, som er behørig bemyndiget til at gjøre de Handlinger, der lægges den Paagjældende til Last i Danmark, til Gjenstand for Undersøgelse; (2) af behørig legaliserede Udsagn og Forklaringer, som under Eed ere afgivne for en saadan Dommer eller Retsembedsmand, og som give en klar Fremstilling af de Handlinger, paa Grund af hvilke Udleveringen er begjært samt endelig (3) af en Beskrivelse af den Person, der fordres udleveret, og af en Meddelelse af andre Data, som kunne tjene til at godtgøre hans Identitet. Bemeldte Statssecretair skal fremsende disse Dokumenter til Hendes Britiske Majestæts første Statssecretair for de indenrigske Forhold, og denne skal da ved en med sin Underskrift og sit Segl forsynet Ordre meddele en Politimyndighed i London, at en Begjæring som den ovennævnte er fremsat, og paalægge ham, hvis han finder den behørig begrundet, at udstede en Befaling om den Undvegnes Paagribelse.

Naar den nævnte Politimyndighed har modtaget en saadan Befaling fra Statssecretairen, og naar den finder det Bevis, der fremlægges for den, at være af saadan Beskaffenhed, at det vilde retfærdiggjøre Udstedelsen af en Anholdelsesbefaling, hvis Forbrydelsen var bleven begaaet i det Forenede Kongerige, skal den udstede en saadan Anholdelsesbefaling i Overensstemmelse dermed.

Naar den Undvegne er bleven anholdt ifølge denne Anholdelsesbefaling, skal han stilles for den Politimyndighed, som udstedte den, eller for en anden Politimyndighed i London. Dersom det Bevis, de føres for denne, er af saadan Beskaffenhed, at det efter England's Love vilde berettigede til at bringe

the prisoner if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in England, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner, which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be surrendered to such person as may be duly authorized to receive him on the part of the Government of His Majesty the King of Denmark.

#### II. In the case of a person convicted—

The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the preceding case of a person accused, except that the document to be produced by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of His Danish Majesty in support of his requisition, shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced before the Police Magistrate shall be such as would, according to the law of England, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, such person shall have the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus*. If he should so apply, his surrender must be deferred until after the decision of the Court upon the return to the writ, and even then can only take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. In the latter case the Court may at once order his delivery to the person authorized to receive him without the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, or commit him to prison to await such order.

#### ARTICLE III.

In the dominions of His Majesty the King of Denmark other than the Colonies or Foreign Possessions of his said Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

##### I. In the case of a person accused—

The requisition for the surrender shall be made to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Denmark by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of Her Britannic Majesty at Copenhagen, accompanied by (1) a warrant for the arrest of the accused, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against him in Great Britain; (2) duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the acts on account of which the fugitive is demanded; and (3) a description of the person claimed, and any other particulars which may serve to identify him.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of Denmark shall transmit such requisition for surrender to the Minister of Justice of His Majesty the King of Denmark, who, after having ascertained that the crime therein specified is one of those enumerated in the present Treaty, and satisfied himself that the evidence produced is such as, according to Danish law, would justify the committal for trial of the individual demanded, if the crime had been committed in Denmark, shall take the necessary measures for causing the fugitive to be delivered to the person charged to receive him by the Government of Her Britannic Majesty.

##### II. In the case of a person convicted—

The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the preceding case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of Her Britannic Majesty in support of his requisition, shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced shall be such as would, according to the laws of Denmark, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

#### ARTICLE IV.

A fugitive criminal may, however, be apprehended under a warrant issued by any Police Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority in either country, on such information or complaint, and such evidence, or after such proceedings as would, in the opinion of the person issuing the warrant,

den Anholdte for Domstolene, hvis den Forbrydelse, som han sigtes for, var bleven begaaet i England, skal Politimyndigheden sætte ham i Fængsel for der at afvente Statssecretairens Befaling om hans Udlevering. Aitest om Fængslingsbefalingen samt en Beretning om Sagen skal ufortøvet sendes til Statssecretairen.

Efter Udløbet af en vis Tid efter Fængslingen, hvilken Tid aldrig maa være kortere end femten Dage, skal Statssecretairen ved en under sin Hand og sit Segl udfærdiget Befaling beordre den undvegne Forbryder udleveret til den Person, som af Hand Majestæt Kongen af Danmarks Regjering maatte være tilbørlig bemyndiget til at modtage ham.

##### II. I det Tilfælde at den Person, der fordres udleveret, er domfældt—

Skal Fremgangsmaaden være de nsamme som i det foregaaende Tilfælde, hvor den Paagældende var anklaget, dog med Undtagelse af, at her det Dokument, som Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmarks Minister eller diplomatiske Agent har at overlevere til Støtte for sin Begjæring, paa en tydelig Maade skal fremstille den Forbrydelse, for hvilken den Person, der fordres udleveret, er domfældt, og derhos angive den Handling, for hvilken, Stedet hvor og Tiden naar han er bleven dømt. De Bevisligheder, der skulle fremlægges for Politimyndigheden, skulle være af saadan Beskaffenhed, at de efter England's Love vilde begrunde den Fængsledes Domfældelse for den Forbrydelse, som han er sigtet for.

Efter at Politimyndigheden har befalet, at den anklagede eller domfældte Person skal sættes i Fængsel for der at afvente Statssecretairens Befaling angaaende hans Udlevering, skal den Fængslede have Ret til at forlange "a writ of *habeas corpus*." Hvis den Fængslede gjør Brug af denne Ret, skal Udleveringen opsættes, indtil Retten har afgivet sin Kjendelse og ikkun finde Sted, hvis Kjendelsen gaar den Fængslede imod. I sidste Tilfælde kan Retten enten strax beordre den Fængsledes Udlevering til den dertil bemyndigede Person, uden at afvente Statssecretairens Befaling om hans Udlevering, eller paany lade ham sætte i Fængsel for der at oppebie denne Befaling.

#### ARTIKEL III.

I Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmarks Lande, med Undtagelse af Kolonierne og andre Bilande, skal følgende Fremgangsmaade anvendes:—

##### I. I det Tilfælde at den Person, der fordres udleveret, er anklaget—

Skal Begjæringen om Udlevering skee til Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmarks Udenrigsminister ved Hendes Britiske Majestæts Minister eller diplomatiske Agent i Kjøbenhavn, og denne Begjæring skal være ledsaget (1) af en Fængslingskjendelse, der er udstedt af en Dommer eller anden Retembedsmand, som er behørig bemyndiget til at gjøre de Han dlinger, der lægges ham til Last i Storbritannien, til Gjenstand for Undersøgelse; (2) af behørig legaliserede Udsagn og Forklaringer, der ere edeligen afgivne for en saadan Dommer eller Retsebedsmand, og som give en tydelig Fremstilling af de Handlinger, paa Grund af hvilke Udleveringen er begjært; og (3) af en Beskrivelse af den Person, der fordres udleveret, og af en Meddelelse af andre Data, som kunne tjene til at godtgjøre hans Identitet.

Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmarks Udenrigsminister fremsender den saaledes modtagne Udleveringsbegjæring til Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmarks Justitsminister, der, naar han efter anstillet Undersøgelse finder, at Udleveringsbegjæringen har Medhold i denne Traktat, og at det Bevis, der fremlægges, er af saadan Beskaffenhed, at det efter Danmarks Love vilde berettige til at bringe den Person, hvis Udlevering begjæres, for Domstolene, saafremt den Forbrydelse, for hvilken han sigtes, var bleven begaaet i Danmark, træffer de fornødne Foranstaltninger til den Undvegnes Udlevering til den Person, som af Hendes Britiske Majestæts Regjering er tilbørlig bemyndiget til at modtage ham.

##### II. I det Tilfælde at den Person, der fordres udleveret, er domfældt—

Skal Fremgangsmaaden være den samme som i det foregaaende Tilfælde, hvor den Paagældende var anklaget, dog med Undtagelse af, at her det Dokument, som Hendes Britiske Majestæts Minister eller diplomatiske Agent har at overlevere til Støtte for sin Begjæring, paa en tydelig Maade skal fremstille den Forbrydelse, for hvilken den Person, som fordres udleveret, er domfældt, og derhos angive den Handling, for hvilken, samt Stedet hvor og Tiden naar han er bleven dømt. De Bevisligheder, der skulle fremlægges, skulle være af saadan Beskaffenhed, at de efter de danske Love vilde begrunde den Fængsledes Domfældelse for den Forbrydelse, for hvilken han sigtes.

#### ARTIKEL IV.

En undvegen Forbryder kan imidlertid blive anholdt ifølge en Anholdelsesbefaling, der er bleven udstedt af en Politimyndighed, Fredsdommer eller anden kompetent Myndighed, i et af de Lande ifølge saadan Anmeldelse eller Klage og saadanne Bevisligheder samt under Tagttagelse af den fornødvige

justify the issue of a warrant, if the crime had been committed or the prisoner convicted, in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which he exercises jurisdiction: Provided, however, that in the United Kingdom the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate in London; and that in the dominions of His Majesty the King of Denmark, the case shall be immediately submitted to the Minister of Justice of His Majesty the King of Denmark; and provided, also, that the individual arrested shall in either country be discharged, if within fifteen days a requisition shall not have been made for his surrender by the Diplomatic Agent of his country, in the manner directed by Articles II and III of this Treaty.

The same rule shall apply to the cases of persons accused or convicted of any of the crimes specified in this Treaty, committed on the high seas, on board a vessel of either country, which may come into a port of the other.

## ARTICLE V.

If the fugitive criminal who has been committed to prison be not surrendered and conveyed away within two months after such committal (or within two months after the decision of the Court, upon the return to a writ of *habeas corpus* in the United Kingdom), he shall be discharged from custody, unless sufficient cause be shown to the contrary.

## ARTICLE VI.

When any person shall have been surrendered by either of the High Contracting Parties to the other, such persons shall not, until he has been restored or had an opportunity of returning to the country from whence he was surrendered, be triable or tried for any offence committed in the other country prior to the surrender, other than the particular offence on account of which he was surrendered.

## ARTICLE VII.

No accused or convicted person shall be surrendered, if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded shall be deemed by the Government upon which it is made to be one of a political character, or if in the United Kingdom he prove to the satisfaction of the Police Magistrate, or of the Court before which he is brought on *habeas corpus*, or to the Secretary of State, or in Denmark to the satisfaction of the Minister of Justice of His Majesty the King of Denmark, that the requisition for his surrender has, in fact, been made with a view to try or to punish him for an offence of a political character.

## ARTICLE VIII.

Warrants, depositions, or statements on oath, issued or taken in the dominions of either of the two High Contracting Parties, and copies thereof, and certificates of, or judicial documents stating the fact of conviction, shall be received in evidence in proceedings in the dominions of the other, if purporting to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the country where they were issued or taken, and provided they are authenticated by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Minister of State.

## ARTICLE IX.

The surrender shall not take place if, since the commission of the acts charged, the accusation, or the conviction, exemption from prosecution, or punishment has been acquired by lapse of time according to the laws of the country where the accused or convicted person shall have taken refuge.

## ARTICLE X.

If the individual claimed should be under prosecution, or in custody, for a crime or offence committed in the country where he may have taken refuge, his surrender may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of law.

In case he should be proceeded against or detained in such country, on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, his surrender shall nevertheless take place, the injured party retaining his right to prosecute his claims before the competent authority.

## ARTICLE XI.

Every article found in the possession of the individual claimed at the time of his arrest, shall be seized, in order to be delivered up with his person at the time when the surrender shall be made. Such delivery shall not be limited to the property or articles obtained by stealing or by fraudulent bankruptcy, but shall extend to everything that may serve as proof of the crime. It shall take place even when the surrender, after having been ordered, shall be prevented from taking place by reason of the escape or death of the individual claimed.

Fremgangsmaade, som efter dens Mening, der udsteder Anholdelsesbefalingen, vilde retfærdiggjøre sammes Udstedelse, dersom Forbrydelsen var bleven begaaet eller Forbryderen domfældt i den Del af de kontraherende Parts Territorium, hvor vedkommende Myndighed er kompetent. Dette kan dog, kun skee paa den Betingelse, at i saadant Tilfælde den Anklagede i det Forenede Kongerige saa hurtigt som muligt stilles for en Politimyndighed i London, og at Sagen i Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmarks Lande uopholdelig forelægges for Hans Majestæts Justitsminister, samt at i begge Lande den anholdte Person skal løslades, dersom der ikke inden femten Dages Forløb skeer en Begjæring om hans Udlevering ved hans Lands Diplomatiske Agent paa den Maade, som er angiven i Artiklerne II og III i denne Traktat.

Den samme Regel skal komme til Anvendelse paa Personer, der ere anklagede eller domfældte for nogen af de i denne Traktat opregnede Forbrydelser, naar disse ere begaaede i rum Sø ombord paa et af de to Landes Skibe, og dette maatte være løbet ind i en Havn i det andet Land.

## ARTIKEL V.

Dersom den undvegne Forbryder, som er bleven fængslet, ikke er bleven udleveret og bortført inden to Maaneder efter Fængslingen (eller inden to Maaneder efter den Domstols Kjendelse, som i det Forenede Kongerige er afsagt ifølge "writ of *habeas corpus*,") skal han løslades af Fængslet, medmindre der kan paavises tilstrækkelig Grund til det Modsatte.

## ARTIKEL VI.

Naar en Person er bleven udleveret af den ene af de kontraherende Parter til den anden, skal han, saalænge han ikke er bleven tilbageleveret eller har haft Leilighed til at vende tilbage til det Land, hvorfra han er bleven udleveret, ikke kunne drages til Ansvar eller dømmes for nogen anden Forbrydelse, som han forinden Udleveringen maatte have begaaet i det andet Land, end den, paa Grund af hvilken han blev udleveret.

## ARTIKEL VII.

En anklaget eller domfældt Person skal ikke udleveres, naar den Part, til hvem Begjæringen om Udlevering er rettet, anseer den Forbrydelse, formedelst hvilken Udleveringen begjæres, som en Forbrydelse af en politisk Karakter, ei heller dersom han i det Forenede Kongerige paa en Maade, der er fyldestgjørende for den vedkommende Politimyndighed eller for den Domstol, for hvilken han er stillet ifølge "a writ of *habeas corpus*," eller for Statssekreteraren og i Danmark for Hans Majestæt Kongens Justitsminister godtgjør, at Begjæringen om hans Udlevering i Virkeligheden skeer i den Hensigt at drage ham til Ansvar eller straffe ham for en Forbrydelse af en politisk Karakter.

## ARTIKEL VIII.

Fængslings og Anholdelsesbefalinger, Forklaringer og edelige Vidnesbyrd, der ere udstedte eller optagne i et af de to høie kontraherende Parters Lande, eller Aktskrifter af saadanne, og Attester og Retsdokumenter, som godtgjøre Domfældelsen, skulde tages for gyldige ved Retsforhandlingen i det andet Land, dersom de vise sig at være underskrevne eller bekræftede af en Dommer, Retsbetjent eller anden Embedsmand i det Land, hvor de ere udstedte eller optagne, under Forudsætning af at de ere bekræftede ved Vidners Ed eller ved at være forsynede med Justitsministerens eller en anden Ministers officielle Segl.

## ARTIKEL IX.

Udleveringen skal ikke finde Sted, dersom der, efter at Gjærningen er bleven begaaet, eller Anklagen er reist, eller Dommen er fældet, er forløben saa lang Tid, at Retsforfølgningen eller Straffen er bleven forældet ifølge det Lands Lov, hvor den Anklagede eller Domfældte har taget Tilflugt.

## ARTIKEL X.

Dersom den Person, som fordres udleveret maatte være under Retsforfølgning eller i Fængsel for en Forbrydelse eller en Forseelse, som er bleven begaaet i det Land, hvor han har taget Tilflugt, kan hans Udlevering udsættes, indtil han atter lovlig er bleven løsladt.

Dersom der maatte være anlagt Sag imod ham, eller dersom han maatte være arresteret i dette Land formedelst Forpligtelser, som han maatte have paadraget sig imod private Personer, skal hans Udlevering ikke desto mindre finde Sted, men den formeentlig forurettede Part beholder Ret til at forfølge sin Sag for den kompetente Myndighed.

## ARTIKEL XI.

Enhver Gjenstand, som findes i den Persons Besiddelse, der fordres udleveret, paa den Tid, han fængsles, skal tages i Forvaring, for derefter, samtidig med hans Udlevering, at blive afleveret. Denne Aflevering skal ikke indskrænke sig til den Eiendom og de Gjenstande, som ere erhvervede ved Tyveri eller svingagtig Fallit, men skal udstrække sig til enhver Ting, som kan tjene som Bevis for Forbrydelsen. Den skal fremdeles finde Sted, selv om Udleveringen, efterat der er bleven givet Befaling til samme, forhindres paa Grund af den Persons Undvigelse eller Død, som fordres udleveret.

## ARTICLE XII.

Each of the two Contracting Parties shall defray the expenses occasioned by the arrest within its territories, the detention, and the conveyance to its frontier, of the persons whom it may consent to surrender in pursuance of the present Treaty.

## ARTICLE XIII.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies or Foreign Possessions of the two high Contracting Parties, in the following manner:—

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in a Colony or Foreign Possession of either of the two Contracting Parties, shall be made to the Governor or chief authority of such Colony or Possession by the Chief Consular Officer of the other Party in such Colony or Possession; or, if the fugitive has escaped from a Colony or Foreign Possession of the Party on whose behalf the requisition is made by the Governor or chief authority of such Colony or Possession.

Such requisitions may be disposed of, subject always, as nearly as may be, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the respective Governors or chief authorities, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the surrender, or to refer the matter to their Government.

Her Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of Denmark shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in their Colonies and Foreign Possessions for the surrender of criminals who may take refuge therein, on the basis, as nearly as may be, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

## ARTICLE XIV.

The present Treaty shall come into operation ten days after its publication, in conformity with the forms prescribed by the laws of the High Contracting Parties.

After the Treaty shall so have been brought into operation, the Convention concluded between the High Contracting Parties on the 15th of April, 1862, shall be considered as cancelled, except as to any proceeding that may have already been taken or commenced in virtue thereof.

Either Party may at any time terminate the Treaty on giving to the other six months' notice of its intention.

## ARTICLE XV.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratification shall be exchanged at Copenhagen as soon as may be within four weeks from the date of signature.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Copenhagen, the thirty-first day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

## ARTIKEL XII.

Enhver af de to kontraherende Parter skal indenfor sit Territorium betale de Omkostninger, som foranlediges ved Anholdelsen, Fængslingen og Transporten til dens Grændser af de Personer, til hvis Udlevering den ifølge nærværende Traktat maatte give sit Samtykke.

## ARTIKEL XIII.

Bestemmelserne i nærværende Traktat skulle komme til Anvendelse paa de to høie kontraherende Parters Kolonier eller Bilande paa følgende Maade:—

Begjæringen om Udlevering af en undvegen Forbryder, som har taget Tilflugt til en Koloni eller til et Biland, der tilhører en af de to kontraherende Parter, skall skee til Gouverneuren eller den overordnede Myndighed paa saadan Koloni eller Biland ved den anden Parts øverste konsulare Embedsmand i vedkommende Koloni eller Biland, eller, hvis Undvigelsen har fundet Sted fra en Koloni eller et Biland, der tilhører den Part, hvis Navn Udleveringen begjæres, ved Gouverneuren eller den øverste Myndighed i den paagjældende Koloni eller Biland.

Saadanne Begjæringer om Udlevering kunne afgjøres, dog i saa nøje Overensstemmelse som muligt med Forskrifterne i denne Traktat, af de respektive Gouverneurer eller øverste Myndigheder, men det skal dog staae dem frit for enten at samtykke i Udleveringen eller et henvise Sagen til deres Regjeringer.

Hans Majestæt Kongen af Danmark og Hendes Britiske Majestæt skulle dog ogsaa have Ret til at træffe særlige Bestemmelser for deres Koloniers og Bilandes Vedkommende angaaende Udleveringen af de Forbrydere, som maatte tage deres Tilflugt til disse, hvilke Bestemmelser dog skulle holdes saa nær som muligt til Forskrifterne i nærværende Traktat.

## ARTIKEL XIV.

Den nærværende Traktat skal træde i Kraft 10 Dage efter dens Offentliggjørelse i Overensstemmelse med de Former, som ere foreskrevne ved Lovgivningen i hvert af de høie kontraherende Parters Lande.

Naar denne Traktat saaledes er traadt i Kraft, skal den imellem de høie kontraherende Parter under 15 April, 1862, afsluttede Konvention ansees som ophævet, undtagen forsaavidt der maatte være bleven foretaget eller paabegyndt noget Skridt i Overensstemmelse med samme.

Enhver af de to Parter kan til enhver Tid sætte Traktaten ud af Kraft, naar denne Hensigt er bleven meddelt den anden 6 Maaneder i Forveien.

## ARTIKEL XV.

Denne Traktat skal ratificeres, og Ratifikationerne skulle udvexles i Kjøbenhavn saasnt som muligt i Løbet af fire Uger fra Traktatens Undertegning.

Til Bekræftelse heraf have de respektive Befuldmægtigede undertegnet denne Traktat og paatrykt samme deres Vaabensegl.

Givet i Kjøbenhavn den 31 Marts i Herrens Aar Atten Hundrede og Tre og Halvfjerdssindstyve.

(L.S.) CHARLES LENNOX WYKE.

(L.S.) O. D. ROSENÖRN-LEHN.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at Copenhagen on the twenty-sixth day of April last:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to her by the said recited Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, the said Act shall apply in the case of the said Treaty with the King of Denmark.

Signed) ARTHUR HELPS.



1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## EXTRADITION ACT OF 1870.

(CIRCULAR DESPATCH FORWARDING ACT AMENDING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

(Circular.)

SIR,

Downing-street,

22 August, 1873.

I transmit, for your information and guidance, two copies of an Act passed during the recent Session of Parliament, entitled, "An Act to amend the Extradition Act of 1870."

I have, &amp;c.,

KIMBERLEY.

36 &amp; 37 VICT., CHAP. 60.

*An Act to amend the Extradition Act, 1870.*

[5th August, 1873.]

A.D. 1873.

BE it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same as follows:—

1. This Act shall be construed as one with the Extradition Act, 1870, (in this Act referred to as the principal Act), and the principal Act and this Act may be cited together as the Extradition Acts, 1870 and 1873, and this Act may be cited alone as the Extradition Act, 1873.

Construction of Act and short title. 33 & 34 Vict. c 52.

2. Whereas by section six of the principal Act it is enacted as follows:—

"Where this Act applies in the case of any foreign State, every fugitive criminal of that State who is in or suspected of being in any part of Her Majesty's dominions, or that part which is specified in the order applying this Act (as the case may be), shall be liable to be apprehended and surrendered in manner provided by this Act, whether the crime in respect of which the surrender is sought was committed before or after the date of the order, and whether there is or is not any concurrent jurisdiction in any Court of Her Majesty's dominions over that crime."

Explanation of sect. 6 of 33 & 34 Vict. c 52.

And whereas doubts have arisen as to the application of the said section to crimes committed before the passing of the principal Act, and it is expedient to remove such doubts, it is therefore hereby declared that—

A crime committed before the date of the order includes in the said section a crime committed before the passing of the principal Act, and the principal Act and this Act shall be construed accordingly.

3. Whereas a person who is accessory before or after the fact, or counsels, procures, commands, aids, or abets the commission of any indictable offence, is by English law liable to be tried and punished as if he were the principal offender, but doubts have arisen whether such person as well as the principal offender can be surrendered under the principal Act, and it is expedient to remove such doubts; it is therefore hereby declared that—

Liability of accessories to be surrendered.

Every person who is accused or convicted of having counselled, procured, commanded, aided, or abetted the commission of any extradition crime, or of being accessory before or after the fact to any extradition crime, shall be deemed for the purposes of the principal Act and this Act to be accused or convicted of having committed such crime, and shall be liable to be apprehended and surrendered accordingly.

4. Be it declared, that the provisions of the principal Act relating to depositions and statements on oath taken in a foreign State, and copies of such original depositions and statements, do and shall extend to affirmations taken in a foreign State, and copies of such affirmations.

Explanation of section 14 of 33 & 34 Vict. c 52. as to statements on oath including affirmations. Power of taking evidence in United Kingdom for foreign criminal matters.

5. A Secretary of State may, by order under his hand and seal, require a Police Magistrate or a Justice of the Peace to take evidence for the purposes of any criminal matter pending in any Court or Tribunal in any foreign State; and the Police Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, upon the receipt of such order, shall take the evidence of every witness appearing before him for the purpose in like manner as if such witness appeared on a charge against some defendant for an indictable offence, and shall certify at the foot of the depositions so taken that such evidence was taken before him, and shall transmit the same to the Secretary of State; such evidence may be taken in the presence or absence of the person charged, if any, and the fact of such presence or absence shall be stated in such deposition.

Any person may, after payment or tender to him of a reasonable sum for his costs and expenses in this behalf, be compelled, for the purposes of this section, to attend and give evidence and answer questions and produce documents, in like manner and subject to the like conditions as he may in the case of a charge preferred for an indictable offence.

Every person who wilfully gives false evidence before a Police Magistrate or Justice of the Peace under this section shall be guilty of perjury.

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply in the case of any criminal matter of a political character.

Explanation of section 16 of 33 & 34 Vict. c. 52.

6. The jurisdiction conferred by section sixteen of the principal Act on a stipendiary Magistrate, and a Sheriff or Sheriff substitute, shall be deemed to be in addition to, and not in derogation or exclusion of, the jurisdiction of the Police Magistrate.

Explanation of diplomatic Representative and Consul.

7. For the purposes of the principal Act and this Act a diplomatic Representative of a foreign State shall be deemed to include any person recognized by the Secretary of State as a Consul-general of that State, and a Consul or Vice-consul shall be deemed to include any person recognized by the Governor of a British possession as a Consular Officer of a foreign State.

Addition to list of crimes in § Schedule.

8. The principal Act shall be construed as if there were included in the first Schedule to that Act the list of crimes contained in the Schedule to this Act.

## SCHEDULE.

### LIST OF CRIMES.

THE following list of crimes is to be construed according to the law existing in England or in a British possession (as the case may be) at the date of the alleged crime, whether by common law or by statute made before or after the passing of this Act:—

Kidnapping and false imprisonment.

Perjury, and subornation of perjury, whether under common or statute law.

24 & 25 Vict. c. 96, &c.

Any indictable offence under the Larceny Act, 1861, or any Act amending or substituted for the same, which is not included in the first Schedule to the principal Act.

Any indictable offence under the Act of the Session of the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter ninety-seven, "To consolidate and amend the statute law of England and Ireland relating to malicious injuries to property," or any Act amending or substituted for the same, which is not included in the first Schedule to the principal Act.

Any indictable offence under the Act of the Session of the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter ninety-eight, "To consolidate and amend the statute law of England and Ireland, relating to indictable offences by forgery," or any Act amending or substituted for the same, which is not included in the first Schedule to the principal Act.

Any indictable offence under the Act of the Session of the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter ninety-nine, "To consolidate and amend the statute law of the United Kingdom against offences relating to the coin," or any Act amending or substituted for the same, which is not included in the first Schedule to the principal Act.

Any indictable offence under the Act of the Session of the twenty-fourth and twenty-fifth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter one hundred, "To consolidate and amend the statute law of England and Ireland relating to offences against the person," or any Act amending or substituted for the same, which is not included in the first Schedule to the principal Act.

Any indictable offence under the laws for the time being in force in relation to bankruptcy which is not included in the first Schedule to the principal Act.

1873.

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NEW SOUTH WALES.

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EMIGRATION.

(EXPULSION FROM GERMANY OF FOREIGN AGENTS—CIRCULAR DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

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Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

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THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES to THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,  
2 September, 1873.

SIR,

Her Majesty's Government has been informed by the Prussian Government that, in view of the inclination to emigrate spreading largely in some Provinces, excited and nourished principally by Foreign Agents, it proposes to expel from the Country all Emigration Agents, Sub-Agents, and other Recruiters who are not of German Nationality; and that from this measure it would not be possible to except Emigration Agents sent from the British Colonies.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

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1873-4:

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## DR. BLEEK'S RESEARCHES INTO BUSHMAN LANGUAGE.

(CIRCULAR DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

LORD KIMBERLEY to GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,  
31 October, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you, at the request of Dr. Bleek, the Curator of the Grey Library at Cape Town, the enclosed letter which he has addressed to you in reference to his researches into the Bushman Language.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

DR. BLEEK to GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.

Grey Library, Cape Town,  
15 September, 1873.

SIR,

In craving your Excellency's acceptance of the enclosed Report concerning researches into the Bushman Language, I beg at the same time to draw your attention to a kindred subject of great importance, for the furtherance of which you in your official position as Governor-in-Chief of New South Wales may be able to do a great deal. It will not be new to your Excellency to hear that the natives of Australia, the Bushmen of South Africa, and the Indians living to the west of the Rocky Mountains of North America, are probably the lowest types of humanity as regards civilization and deficiency of political organization. The Australians and Bushmen especially are distinguished by the fewness of the numerals contained in their languages, the Bushmen having no more than three (and perhaps originally only two, the third being possibly borrowed from the Hottentot). Yet, with all these deficiencies, it is probable that both Bushmen and Australians are, at all events, nearer akin to ourselves in their languages and intellectual life than other races who far exceed them in point of civilization, *e.g.*, the Negroes of Africa. The mythological character of a good portion of the traditionary lore of both Australians and Bushmen is a distinctive characteristic not met with among the Negroes, but only among nations who claim a nearer kinship to ourselves. In the faculty of imagination Bushmen certainly, and Australians probably, far exceed anything that we meet with among the Negroes.

To observe, in such rudimentary stages of culture, the development of that same poetic instinct which is the very motor of the highest human life, is a matter of very great moment for all chronological inquiry. In this respect such nations as the Bushmen and Australians, their language and their literature, become of the highest importance. It is on this account that when the opportunity has offered itself of studying the Bushman language and collecting its folk-lore, I thought it my duty to put aside for a time the to me very important work of a comparative grammar, and to try to rescue, while it was still possible, something of the language and literature of this dying-out nation. The result has exceeded my most sanguine expectations, although we have as yet only to a very small extent fathomed the rich mine of Bushman traditional literature.

Now, the enclosed report of these Bushman Researches may, I trust, be encouraging with regard to the possibility of rescuing portions of the literature of other races living under similar conditions, and, like the Bushmen, apparently doomed to a speedy extinction, at least as nations. That the Australian tribes possess a traditionary literature, similar in character to that of the Bushmen, is well known to all who have studied the subject, yet the value of a collection of their literatures in the native tongue with a translation, although of the highest importance for philology and ethnology, has not been practically acknowledged; and with the exception of allusions to their traditionary lore in the dictionaries, vocabularies, and in some ethnological treatises, we hardly know of its existence.

Yet, the fact of the rapid disappearance of the natives renders it imperative that if anything be done for the collection of their curious folk-lore, it should be done at once and quickly; otherwise we shall soon have one very peculiar branch of humanity wiped off from the face of the earth, before the products of its own specific mind have been preserved for posterity.

It is on this account that I venture to address your Excellency, and through you the Government and Legislature of New South Wales, and to entreat you in the name of science that it may please you to do what you can to encourage the collection of the native literature of the Aborigines in the native languages, with translation. I lay stress upon the circumstance of the collections being made in the *original* languages; because the native mind never shows itself fully, nor can it be quite understood, in any translations, be they ever so faithfully executed, and because we need, for philological and ethnological purposes, full and clear portraits of the native modes of thinking.

Having no personal acquaintance with the Colony of New South Wales, it would be presumptuous on my part were I to recommend to your Excellency any course of action by which the object in question might be effected; but I cannot help thinking that there must be persons in the Colony of New South Wales both able and willing to organize such works, and others to undertake its execution, if some encouragement were given to them by Her Majesty's Government. A prize or prizes for the best collection of native literature in the Aboriginal Languages with translation, might possibly, if offered to be competed for at the distance of three or five years, be capable of directing sufficient attention to this subject.

But in whatever manner your Excellency may see fit to make any special arrangements for this purpose, I feel sure that it is only requisite to draw your attention to it in order to engage your kindly co-operation in a scientific research which promises so rich a harvest, as regards material for the history of the human mind, as that offered by a collection of the folk-lore of the lowest human races.

I have, &c.,

W. H. I. BLEEK, Ph. D.

Foreign Member of the  
Royal Bavarian Academy of Sciences.

#### REPORT CONCERNING BUSHMAN RESEARCHES, BY W. H. I. BLEEK, PH. D.

THE oldest, and until late years, the only, materials for a knowledge of the Bushman Language, were the short vocabularies and few sentences published by the traveller, Dr. H. Lichtenstein. These were probably mainly obtained from those missionaries who at the beginning of this century were working among the Bushmen, some of them in connection with the London Missionary Society, and others sent out by a Dutch Society. In the original edition of Lichtenstein's book of Travels, these vocabularies stand by the side of his Koranna Hottentot vocabularies and phrases, on about eight pages octavo.

2. In 1857, I tested Lichtenstein's vocabulary, by examining a few Bushmen and Bushwomen from the neighbourhoods of Colesberg and Burghersdorp, who were at that time at Robben Island, and in the Cape Town Gaol and House of Correction. The result of this examination was the discovery that the different Bushman dialects spoken within this Colony vary very little from each other, and that one language quite different from Hottentot is spoken by all these Bushmen. The words thus ascertained were incorporated in a Manuscript Comparative "Vocabulary of the Dialects of the Hottentots and Bushmen," forming No. 36 of Sir George Grey's library.

3. In 1858, the Rev. C. F. Wuras presented to Sir George Grey a short Manuscript Grammar of the Bushman Language, on eight pages quarto. Sir George took this manuscript with him to England in 1859, but it did not return with him in 1860, nor did it arrive here with the main bulk of his library in 1863. It is probably now at Kauwau, New Zealand; but Sir George has promised to send us either the manuscript itself or a copy of it.

4. In 1864, the Rev. G. Krönlein sent a few words and sentences of another (Transgaripeian) dialect of the Bushman language. The MS., of seven pages octavo, is in the Grey Library; and this material has been worked out by me in an exhaustive Concordance of sixty-five pages folio.

5. About five year's later (in 1866), an opportunity was afforded me of examining two Bushman prisoners from the Achterveld, who were transferred for this purpose, by the order of His Excellency Sir P. E. Wodehouse, from the Breakwater to the Town Prison. The words and sentences then collected (mainly from the lips of the elder of these two men) fill about sixty-six pages quarto; whilst an English index to these phrases occupies forty-eight pages folio, and an alphabetical vocabulary of those Bushman words which contain no click is on twenty-five further pages folio. Some remarks upon the language, based upon these materials, are to be found in my paper on "The Bushman Language," pp. 269-284 of "The Cape and its People," Cape Town, 1869.

6. In 1870, the presence of twenty-eight Bushmen at the Breakwater afforded an unprecedentedly rare opportunity of obtaining good instructors in the language. On the recommendation of Rev. G. Fisk, the best-behaved Bushman boy was selected, and in August of that year he was placed with me for this purpose by Her Majesty's Colonial Government. This experiment was found to answer; but it was taken into consideration that one young Bushman alone would soon lose a good deal of accuracy in speaking his mother-tongue, and, further, that the boy in question could relate hardly any of the numerous tales and fables which are met with in the traditional literature of this nation. On these grounds His Excellency Sir Henry Barkly was pleased to direct that one of the most intelligent of the old Bushmen should join the other. Both are still with me. Their term of penal servitude expired in the middle of the year 1871; and they have since remained of their own free will. In order to achieve the object of these inquiries (a thorough knowledge of the Bushman language and literature), the presence of these men (or other Bushmen) is necessary for several years, at least four—two and a half of which have already expired. And soon after the arrival of the elder Bushmen, I took steps to ascertain the whereabouts of their wives, in order to induce them to join their husbands. But although inquiries have been made in many different directions, they have as yet led to no result; and I therefore fear that ere long one or both of the Bushmen will leave me.

7. What has been written down from the lips of the Bushmen, consists of more than four thousand columns (half-pages quarto) of text, besides a dozen genealogical tables, and other genealogical, geographical, and astrological, &c., notices. The following is a general analysis of the texts which have been collected,—with regard to which it is to be remarked that the pages under the letter "B" refer to texts collected by myself, and those under "L" to the collections made for me.

I. *The Mantis.*

The Mantis .....	L 500- 503	The Great Tortoise .....	L 569- 624
His wife and their things .....	L 670- 677	Do. ....	L 811- 832
The Eland .....	L 489- 493	Ostriches .....	L 677- 737
Do. ....	L 504- 519	<i>Igoë!kweitentu</i> (a being whose eyes are in his	
Origin of the Moon .....	L 482- 486	feet instead of in his head).....	L 935- 966
Do. ....	B 379- 390	Do. do. do. do. ....	B 391- 420
Do. ....	B 421- 460	Do. do. do. do. ....	B 461- 500
Do. ....	B 501- 526	Do. do. do. do. ....	B 1027-1119
Do. ....	B 528- 590	Do. do. do. do. ....	B 1121-1153
Do. ....	B 1497-1575		(unfinished.)
	(unfinished.)	<i>!kaaken !kaka !'awī</i> , and the Ichneumon's dis-	
The Mantis and Ichneumon go to the Lion's		course .....	L 1965-2212
house .....	L 519- 546	The Mantis rebuked by the Ichneumon .....	L 978- 996
Fighting the Cat .....	L 547- 565	Further adventures .....	L 997-1051
Do. ....	L 966- 978		

II. *Moon and Sun.*

The Heavenly Bodies .....	L 200 & 201	Moon and Little Hare .....	L 664- 670
Moon and Stars .....	B 291- 294	Do. ....	B 1403-1458
Sun, Moon, and Stars .....	L 214- 217	Prayers to Moon .....	L 219- 222
Do. ....	B 377- 379	Do. ....	B 294
Moon and Sun .....	L 258-287 & 292	Prayer to Sun.....	B 315 & 316
Do. ....	L 478- 481	Children who throw the sleeping Sun into the	
Do. ....	L 654- 663	Sky .....	L 487- 499
Moon stabbed by Sun .....	B 215b-215e		

III. *Stars.*

The Girl who made the Milky Way .....	L 2505-2511	The two Lions (Pointers to the Southern Cross)	L 305- 316
The same Girl making Stars.....	L 2517-2520	The Lion Star.....	L 237- 240
Jupiter (Day's Heart) and his Discourses.....	L 292 & 293	Do. ....	B 303
Do. do. ....	L 1432-1548	The Lion and the Birds .....	L 278- 284
Do. do. ....	L 1653-1710	The Lion and the Tortoise .....	L 316- 319
Jupiter .....	B 645- 749	Do. do. ....	B 1362-1392
Do. ....	B 741- 920		(unfinished.)
Do. ....	B 931- 997	Another Star (   <i>xohai</i> ) .....	L 294 & 296
Do. the Black Crow calling the Jackal....	B 921- 930		(unfinished.)
	(unfinished.)		

IV. *Fables.*

The Anteater's Laws .....	L 138- 150	The Hyena and the Lion.....	L 256 rev.- 260
The Anteater, Springbok, and Lynx .....	L 323- 346	Do. 2nd version.....	D 362- 368
Do. do. 2nd version .....	L 383- 463	Resurrection of Ostrich .....	B 1171-1336

V. *Legends.*

Stones which kill the Thrower.....	L 125 & 126	The Bushman who took a Lion's Cub, and	
Men enchanted by a Girl, and changed into		brought it up as a Dog.....	L 2597-2674
trees.....	L 295- 305		(unfinished.)
The Bushman who took a Lion's Cub, and			
brought it up as a Dog .....	L 2320-2504		

VI. *Poetry.*

Incantation (Names of Animals).....	L 119, 127	The Old Woman's Song.....	L 158
Do. do. ....	L 131, 132	The Return Home .....	B 216 rev. & 217 rev.
Do. do. ....	L 189- 195	Rhyme .....	L 476
Do. do. ....	B 197 & 249	Verses .....	L 120, 123- 125
Verses to the Sun .....	L 251	Original Songs .....	L 95 & 96

VII. *The Lion, the Leopard, the Jackal, and the Hyena.*

The Lion and the Giraffe .....	L 355- 257	More doings of Jackals .....	L 1711-1948
Do. ....	B 320- 325	Leopard and Bushman .....	B 285 & 286
The doings of the Lion .....	L 1051-1170	"Oud Toontje" and Leopard .....	L 241 & 242
Bushman killed by a Lion, and search for the		"Jacob Nijn" and Leopard .....	B 336- 348
missing man .....	L 892- 920	The Hyena .....	B 316- 320
Lion kills and eats Bushman .....	B 286- 288	Do. ....	L 252- 255
Bushman falls upon Lion .....	B 325- 335	Do. ....	L 346- 350
Bushmen and Lions .....	L 1548-1652	Do. ....	L 921- 927
The Jackal and the Lion .....	B 324 & 325	Hyena and Lion.....	B 591- 645
The Jackal and his doings .....	L 122 & 123	Hyena feeding its Young .....	L 928- 930
The Jackal .....	L 350- 352	The Old Woman and the Hyena.....	L 151- 158
Do. ....	L 925- 928	Do. do. 2nd version....	L 369- 382
Leopards and Jackals .....	B 354 & 355		

VIII. *Of other Animals.*

<i>Canis variegatoides</i> ( <i>Igwiten</i> ) .....	L 353	Ostrich and Bushman .....	L 209- 211
(?) <i>Canis variegata</i> ( <i>!ā</i> ) .....	L 352	Ostriches and Bushman .....	L 737- 797
<i>Proteles</i> ( <i>!kū</i> ) .....	L 353- 356	Do. ....	L 800- 810
Quagga .....	L 932	Hare Catching .....	L 261- 264
Wildebeest (Gnu) .....	L 933 & 934	Bushman and Baboons .....	L 791 & 799
Hartebeest .....	L 932	Hunting of Animals .....	L 217 & 218
Gemsbok .....	L 930 & 931	The Spider .....	B 210
Korhaan .....	L 934 & 935	Various Animals and their doings .....	L 201- 213
Ostrich .....	B 295	Degrees of understanding of various Animals...	L 882- 892

IX. *Jantje Tooren (our elder Bushman).*

Jantje and the Lion .....	L 258- 260	Visit to the Doctor .....	L 275- 277
How Jantje came to the Breakwater .....	L 242- 250	Dream of Rain .....	L 625- 663
Capture .....	B 350	Dream, &c. ....	L 1949-1964
Capture and Journey.....	L 266- 270	Asking for Thread .....	L 1171&1172
In the Train .....	B 355- 358	Stoffel's Grandmother .....	L 133

X. *Translations (from the Dutch).*

Lion and Bushman .....	B 158 & 159	Woman transformed into Lion .....	B 161- 167
Woman transformed into Lion .....	L 114- 118	The Lost Child .....	B 171- 177

XI. *Customs and Superstitions.*

Cutting off top of little finger .....	L 357- 359	Rain-making .....	L 2264-2301 (unfinished.)
Piercing ears and nose .....	L 360- 361	Bushman Presentiments .....	L 2531-2565 (unfinished.)
What a Girl must eat and avoid .....	L 2520-2524	Death, &c. ....	L 1173-1396 (unfinished.)
Poisoned Arrows .....	L 780- 782		
Sneezing .....	L 634- 653		
The Bushman Doctor .....	L 273- 275		
The Rain-maker .....	L 2213-2263		

XII. *Sentences and Words.*

Bushman Tribes .....	B 349	Names of Animals .....	L 158- 188
Genealogies .....	B 359b	Do. ....	L 288- 291
Do. ....	B 360- 362	Names of Birds' Eggs .....	L 182 & 183
Do. ....	B 364- 365	Salutations, &c. ....	L 250 & 251
Do. ....	B 368- 373	Sentences and Words .....	B 67- 157 &c., &c.
Do. ....	B 376	Do. ....	L 1- 94
Do. ....	L 476-506 (III. 1)	Do. ....	L 97-114, 118
Degrees of Relationship .....	B 352 & 353	Do. ....	L 120- 130
Parts of the Body .....	B 351- 352	Do. ....	L 134- 137
Do. ....	B 363	Do. ....	L 198- 210
Do. ....	L 196- 198	Do. ....	L 476-478, 500
Names of Animals .....	B 358- 359	Do. ....	&c., &c.
Do. ....	B 366- 365		

8. The above texts are, to a great extent, already accompanied by as literal an English translation as could yet be achieved. The further process of translation will be materially facilitated by the dictionaries in course of preparation. An English-Bushman Vocabulary of 142 pages, and a Bushman-English one of 600 pages folio, contain the results of the earlier studies, which are now being greatly modified and corrected by our better knowledge of the language. Of the texts, more than a dozen stories are as yet unfinished, and in the course of dictation, although some of them already extend over more than some hundreds of pages.

9. The main importance of this Bushman literature lies in the mythological character of the stories under I.—III., in which animals and heavenly objects are personified. In this characteristic the Bushman literature shows a marked difference from that of the Bantu nations (Kafirs, Betsuana, Damara, &c.), who have legends, but, strictly speaking, no mythologies. The Bushman literature most nearly resembles that of their neighbours the Hottentots, and also that of the most primitive mythological stages of other more northern nations; whose languages either are sex-denoting, or may have branched off from the sex-denoting languages, losing the sex-denoting characteristics. To this latter class of languages the Bushman also seems to belong, and (in contradiction to the Hottentot, in which the gender of the nouns is everywhere clearly marked by the endings and maintained by the concord) it has no genders which have any reference to the distinctions of sex. If it ever were sex-denoting, it has now lost those signs of gender which so clearly mark the grammatical gender in Hottentot. Instead of eight different forms for each pronoun, as in Hottentot (masculine singular, feminine singular, common singular; masculine plural, feminine plural, common plural; masculine dual, and common dual),—the Bushman has only two forms,—one which is only used in the singular (*ha*, "he, she, it"; *ā*, "which, who, that"), and another which is mainly used for the plural (*hi*, "they"; *ē*, "which, who, that"). I say purposely, "mainly used for the plural," for, curiously enough, the plural form is frequently employed in Bushman where we should use the singular, and where, in fact, the singular is indicated by the Bushman himself, by the addition of the first numeral, or some other clearly singular form. The fact seems to be that there are in Bushman two classes of nouns in the singular, viz., one which has the forms *ha* and *ā*, &c., for its corresponding pronouns, and the other with the forms *hi* and *ē*; whilst the plural of both classes has only the one form for each pronoun, this being at the same time one which outwardly agrees with the second form of the singular.\*

Again, in the formation of the plural of nouns in the HOTTENTOT, great regularity prevails; and the endings of nouns in the singular number (indicating at the same time their gender) are exchanged, in the plural and dual, for other corresponding endings. Thus, Hottentot nouns terminating in -B or -P (masc. sing.) generally have in the plural the ending -KU (masc. plur.), and in the dual the ending -KHA (masc. dual). Likewise nouns ending in -s (fem. sing.) usually exchange this in the plural for the termination -TI (fem. plur.), and in the dual for -RA (comm. dual). The common singular termination -I similarly gives place in the plural to the ending -N or -IN (comm. plural), and in the dual to the ending -BA (comm. dual). There are few exceptions to the regularity of these grammatical changes in Hottentot. In BUSHMAN, on the contrary, the greatest irregularity prevails with regard to the forms of the plural of the nouns, and from fifty to sixty different ways of forming the plural occur, at the least, in this language. It seems as if the most original form here were a reduplication of the noun, and that this reduplication (more or less abbreviated), together with the use of certain other particles or variations of the stem of the noun, has given rise to the great multiplicity of the forms.

With these striking grammatical differences, both languages possess many obvious traits in common. The vocative, e.g., is formed in Bushman with the ending -ue, and in Hottentot by a terminal -e added to the pronoun of the second person.

The exclusive form of the prefixed pronoun of the first person plural ("we," i.e., "I and he, she, it, or they," excluding the person addressed) is identical in Hottentot and Bushman.

The relative form of the verb (corresponding to the Kafir one in -ela) is in Hottentot formed by the suffix -ba, and in Bushman by the suffix -ā.

The

\* This is the only trace as yet found of that division of the nouns into classes which is effected by the concord.

The reduplication of the stem of a verb, in Hottentot as well as in Bushman, can be used to give the verb a causative or transitive meaning.

There are many other similarities in structure, and there are also a good many words which appear to be of common origin. Of these, however, a number at once appear to be only foreign words in one of these languages, introduced from the other in consequence of the contiguity of the two nations. Such, for example, are the numerous abstract terms which the Bushman has evidently adopted from the Hottentot, as the verbs "to learn," "to teach," "to know," "to write," &c. There remains, however, a large number of other words, which probably have not been taken over from one language to the other, but have descended from a common source. But, as the principles of correspondence between the sounds of the two languages have not yet been ascertained, no safe comparison on a firm scientific basis can at present be established.

On the whole, we may safely conclude that the Bushman language is certainly not nearer akin to the Hottentot than, *e.g.*, the English language is to the Latin; but it may be that the distance between Bushman and Hottentot is indeed far greater than between the two above-mentioned languages.

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Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1874.

[6d.]

435—B



1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## LONDON ANNUAL INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION FOR 1874.

(CIRCULAR DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.Downing-street,  
4 August, 1873.

SIR,

At the request of Her Majesty's Commissioners for the Exhibition of 1851, I transmit to you, for your information and for publication in the Colony under your Government, a copy of the Directory for the series of London Annual International Exhibitions, with Regulations for the London International Exhibition of 1874, accompanied by an extract from the Commissioner's letter, directing attention to certain information contained in the Directory.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

DIRECTORY for the series of London Annual International Exhibitions, held under the direction of Her Majesty's Commissioners, with Regulations for the London International Exhibition, 1874. To open Easter Monday, 6th April, and close 31st October. Revised up to the 1st July, 1873. The Rules in the present edition supersede those previously issued; but are subject to revision as may be found necessary.

## LIST OF HER MAJESTY'S COMMISSIONERS FOR THE EXHIBITION OF 1851.

H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, K.G.	The Right Hon. W. E. Forster, M.P.
H.R.H. The Duke of Edinburgh, K.G.	The Right Hon. Sir Alexander Y. Spearman, Bart.
H.R.H. The Prince Arthur, K.G.	The Right Hon. A. S. Ayrton, M.P.
H.R.H. The Prince Christian, K.G.	Sir Anthony de Rothschild, Bart.
H.R.H. The Duke of Cambridge, K.G.	Sir Charles Lyell, Bart.
H.S.H. The Duke of Teck, G.C.B.	Sir Thomas Bazley, Bart., M.P.
The Marquis of Ripon, K.G.	Sir Richard Wallace, Bart., M.P.
The Duke of Buccleuch, K.G.	Sir Henry Bartle E. Frere, K.C.B., G.C.S.I.
The Duke of Argyll, K.T.	Sir William G. Anderson, K.C.B.
The Duke of Buckingham and Chandos.	Major-General Sir T. M. Biddulph, K.C.B.
The Marquis of Lansdowne.	Sir Henry Thring, K.C.B.
The Earl of Derby.	Sir Francis Grant, P.R.A.
The Earl of Carnarvon.	Sir F. R. Sandford, C.B.
The Earl Granville, K.G.	Thomas Baring, Esq., M.P.
The Earl Russell, K.G.	Edgar A. Bowring, Esq., C.B., M.P.
The Viscount Portman.	Thomas Fairbairn, Esq.
The Lord Overstone.	Thomas Field Gibson, Esq.
The Right Hon. William E. Gladstone, M.P.	Thomas Hawksley, Esq., P.I.C.E., F.R.S.
The Right Hon. Benjamin Disraeli, M.P.	Alexander J. B. Beresford Hope, Esq., M.P.
The Right Hon. Robert Lowe, M.P.	Dr. Lyon Playfair, C.B., M.P., F.R.S.
The Right Hon. Sir Stafford H. Northcote, Bart., C.B., M.P.	Major-General H. F. Ponsonby, C.B.
The Right Hon. Hugh C. E. Childers, M.P.	Major-General Henry Y. D. Scott, C.B., Secretary.
The Right Hon. H. A. Bruce, M.P.	L. C. Sayles, Esq., Clerk.
The Right Hon. Chichester S. Fortescue, M.P.	

## BOARD OF MANAGEMENT OF HER MAJESTY'S COMMISSIONERS.

The Earl of Carnarvon, Chairman.	Executive.—Captain E. G. Clayton, R.E. ;
Sir William G. Anderson, K.C.B.	Lieutenant H. H. Cole, R.E.
Thomas F. Gibson, Esq.	T. A. Wright, Esq., Secretary for the Inter-
Dr. Lyon Playfair, C.B., M.P., F.R.S.	national Exhibitions.
Henry Cole, Esq., C.B., Acting Commissioner.	



## THE OBJECTS OF THE EXHIBITIONS.

### *London Annual Exhibitions under the Royal Commission for Exhibition of 1851.*

1. The London Annual International Exhibitions are conducted by the Royal Commissioners for the Exhibition of 1851, who are Trustees of the funds arising from the profits of the first International Exhibition in 1851, to be devoted to the promotion of science and art bearing on productive industry.

#### *Objects of the Annual Exhibitions.*

2. It is intended that these Exhibitions shall furnish the opportunity of decennially reviewing the progress throughout the world, of fine arts, and of every branch of industrial manufactures, with the view of stimulating the application of the principles of science and art to productive industry.

#### *Alliance of Fine Art and Industry.*

3. In modern times beauty or fine art has sometimes been too much dissociated from purposes of utility; but in the ancient and mediæval periods high art was often brought into alliance with the commonest materials of manufacture. Thus the Etruscans painted on vessels of clay subjects which still charm us by their beauty of composition and skilful drawing; the furniture and implements recovered from Pompeii are as remarkable for their artistic form as for their ingenious design; and the celebrated cartoons of Raffaele were merely designs for the decoration of woollen hangings.

#### *Objects admitted are exhibited in three Divisions.*

4. Hence in the London International Exhibitions, the Fine Art Division, No. I, will recur annually, so that encouragement may be given to progress in the application of art to manufactures, and to objects of every-day use. Illustrations of musical art will also be given. Division II will consist of three or four of the chief classes of manufactures, so selected that all the industrial arts shall be brought under review once in the series of ten years. The respective raw materials and machinery employed in such manufactures will also be exhibited. Division III will include scientific inventions and new discoveries of such importance that their introduction to the public should not be delayed till the proper year for their exhibition in Division II. The objects admitted to the current series of London International Exhibitions are therefore classified as follows:—

Division I.—Fine Arts.

„ II.—Manufactures, with the raw materials, machinery, and processes employed.

„ III.—Recent scientific inventions and new discoveries.

(See Special Rules for each Division, pp. 4, 5, & 6.)

## GENERAL REGULATIONS.

### *Buildings.*

5. The London Annual International Exhibitions are held in permanent buildings, erected for the purpose, at South Kensington, adjoining the Royal Horticultural Society's Gardens, and in the Galleries of the Royal Albert Hall.

#### *Objects exhibited must be approved by Committees of Selection.*

6. The productions of all Nations will be admitted, subject to the decision of competent judges as to their being worthy of exhibition, and provided that they have not been exhibited in previous International Exhibitions of this series.

#### *Application to submit objects for exhibition.*

7. Applications to submit objects proposed for exhibition to the official "Committees of Selection" should be made on the Form of Preliminary Application (*No. 10, see Appendix G, p. 11*), which can be obtained at the offices, 5, Upper Kensington Gore, London, S.W., and should be forwarded to the Secretary before the 1st January of the year in which the Exhibition will be held.

#### *Space guaranteed to Foreign Governments.*

8. Foreign Governments desiring to have space guaranteed to them can obtain such guarantee upon making application (*see paragraph 59*), before the 1st January of the year in which the Exhibition is to be held. Such guaranteed space cannot, however, be reserved for any Foreign objects which are not delivered at the time appointed by Her Majesty's Commissioners. Objects forwarded by a Foreign Government to fill any such guaranteed space will not (if they come within the scope of the Exhibition) be submitted to the Committees of Selection, but will be exhibited on the responsibility of the Government sending them. Her Majesty's Commissioners reserve to themselves the right of admitting to the Exhibition, through the Committees of Selection, any object coming from a Foreign country, whether such country has had space guaranteed to it or not.

#### *Objects to be approved by Committees of Selection.*

9. Objects produced in the United Kingdom or in the Colonies, as well as objects produced in those Foreign countries for which space has not been guaranteed; must be sent direct to the building for the inspection and approval of the Committees of Selection. All objects must be delivered on the appointed days, at the proper entrances to the building (which will be duly advertised), and into the care of the appointed officers, free of all charges for carriage, &c., unpacked, labelled, and ready for immediate exhibition.

#### *Goods must be delivered punctually.*

10. In order that the necessary arrangements for meetings of the Committees of Selection may be carried into effect, strict punctuality will be required in the delivery of all objects, whether Foreign or British.

#### *Carriage must be prepaid.*

11. The Commissioners cannot undertake to receive any package which may be presented by carriers with charges unpaid. Foreign artists whose works are not sent through a Foreign Government should consign their works to an agent in London. Messrs. Chaplin & Horne, "Swan with Two Necks," Gresham-street, London, will convey packages from vessels to the Exhibition at fixed rates, and are recommended as the London Agents for exhibitors.

*No rent for space ; and cases, &c., are provided for exhibitors.*

12. No rent will be charged for space ; and Her Majesty's Commissioners will provide glass cases, railings, and shafting for machinery in motion, free of cost to the exhibitors, should the exhibitors desire it ; but their requirements in these respects must be notified to the Commissioners before the 1st January of the year in which the Exhibition is to be held. (*See Appendix G, p. 11, Form No. 10<sup>a</sup>.*)

*Woodwork of cases to be black.*

13. In the case of exhibitors supplying their own glass cases, all the woodwork of frames should be black and polished, and the designs approved by Her Majesty's Commissioners.

*Objects generally will be arranged for exhibitors.*

14. Her Majesty's Commissioners will carry out the arrangement of the objects by their own officers, unless the exhibitors make special application to be allowed to do so. The arrangement of machinery and other articles requiring skilled assistance and special fittings must be undertaken by the exhibitor.

*Arrangement of objects.*

15. The arrangement of objects will, as far as possible, be according to classes and not Nationalities.

*Changes will be made if desirable.*

16. Her Majesty's Commissioners reserve to themselves the power of determining all questions relating to the position and arrangement of all objects in all the classes, as well as those relating to such changes as may from time to time be found desirable.

*Labels.*

17. Every object sent for exhibition should be accompanied by a label, stating the name and address of the exhibitor, and if several works are sent, a numbered list of the works submitted for approval must be sent in with them, each work bearing a label and a number corresponding with this list. To each work should also be securely attached a label bearing the title and the name and address of the artist and owner ; particular accuracy is requested in this respect.

*Prices should be attached.—Price Clerks.*

18. Prices should be attached, whenever possible, to all objects intended for sale at the close of the Exhibition. Price clerks will be appointed to register the selection of objects for purchase, and to introduce the seller to the buyer.\*

*Rejected goods to be removed by owners.*

19. Objects not accepted for exhibition must be removed from the building in compliance with the notices which will be given, after the decisions of the Committees of Selection have been notified to Her Majesty's Commissioners.

*Accepted goods must remain during the Exhibition.*

20. Objects exhibited cannot be removed until the close of the Exhibition, except under the orders of Her Majesty's Commissioners.

*Medals for exhibitors.*

21. No prizes will be awarded ; but a medal will be given to each exhibitor, as a certificate that he has obtained the distinction of admission to the Exhibition.

*Catalogue.*

22. An official catalogue will be published in the English language, but every Foreign country will be at liberty to publish a catalogue in its own language.

*The Commissioners not responsible for damage to objects exhibited.*

23. Her Majesty's Commissioners will take the greatest possible care of all objects sent for exhibition, but they will not hold themselves responsible for loss or damage of any kind.

*Free admission tickets for exhibitors.*

24. Tickets of admission, available during the Exhibition, will be given, on application, after the opening of the Exhibition, to each exhibitor or firm exhibiting.

*Exhibitors considered to bind themselves to these rules, as condition of admission.*

25. All exhibitors in the London International Exhibitions, by the fact of exhibiting, render themselves subject to the present rules, and to such other rules and regulations as Her Majesty's Commissioners may from time to time lay down.

#### REGULATIONS

\* To afford the public facilities for obtaining objects at the close of the Exhibition, clerks will be employed in various parts of the building to register exhibits selected for purchase. They will be at their desks daily, and will assist intending purchasers under the subjoined rules framed in accordance with the practice followed at the Royal Academy Exhibitions:—

- a. The Price Clerk will register the exhibits selected by intending purchasers.
- b. Any object or picture not priced by the exhibitor will be regarded by the Price Clerk as "Not for Sale," unless special instructions are given by the owner.
- c. An intending purchaser will sign his name and enter his address on a form, which will be retained as a voucher for marking the object or picture as selected for purchase.
- d. The Price Clerk will then communicate with the owner of the exhibit, and will enter it as selected for purchase.
- e. No article can be removed from the Exhibition until its close.
- f. All copies or duplicates must be obtained out of the Exhibition, and for them the Price Clerk will not take orders ; such applications should be made direct to the exhibitor.
- g. Articles selected for purchase will be removed by the exhibitor, with whom all monetary transactions must be conducted.
- h. For the convenience of intending purchasers, the prices of objects will be inserted in the catalogue when they are furnished by the exhibitors. Every endeavour will be used to insure correctness, but Her Majesty's Commissioners will hold themselves in no way responsible for loss which may be incurred through error in such entries.

## REGULATIONS FOR CLASSES OF FINE ART.—DIVISION I.

*Fine Arts.*

26. Examples of Fine Art (either applied or not applied to works of utility) will form part of each exhibition of the series, and will be arranged under Division I, in the following classes:—

- Class 1. Painting of all kinds, in oil, water-colours, distemper, wax, enamel, and on glass, porcelain, &c. Mosaics; drawings of all kinds.
- „ 2. Sculpture, modelling, carving, and chasing in marble, stone, wood, terra-cotta, metal, ivory, glass, precious stones, and any other materials.
- „ 3. Engraving, lithography; photography, as a fine art, executed in the preceding twelve months.
- „ 4. Architectural designs and drawings, photographs of completed buildings, studies or restorations of existing buildings, and models.
- „ 5. Tapestries, carpets, embroideries, shawls, lace, &c., shown not as manufactures, but for the fine art of their design in form or colour.
- „ 6. Designs for all kinds of decorative manufactures.
- „ 7. Reproductions, *i.e.*, exact full sized copies of ancient or mediæval pictures painted before A.D. 1556. Reproductions of Mosaics and enamels, copies in plaster and fictile ivory, electrotypes of ancient works of art, &c. Such works may be ancient or modern, according to the special regulations issued for each year.

*Paintings and Sculpture.*

27. As respects modern works, an artist himself must not submit more than three works of each kind for exhibition, but he may submit works of as many different kinds as he pleases; thus the same artist may send for admission three oil paintings, three water-colour paintings, three paintings on enamel, porcelain, &c.; also three sculptures in marble, three in wood, &c.

*Privileges of Societies.*

28. Works by British or Foreign artists, who are members of Academies, such as the Royal Academy of London, the Institute of British Artists, the two Water-Colour Societies, the Royal Scottish Academy, and the French, German, Italian, Belgian, or other Foreign Academics, and well-established Societies of Artists, will be secured admission if application be made and particulars of the works given by the respective Societies before 1st January, 1874.

*What Pictures are admissible.*

29. The pictures may have been already publicly exhibited in other places than the Annual International Exhibitions, and may have been painted at any period of the career of the artist.

*Preference given to Pictures mentioned in par. 28.*

30. Merit being equal in the case of paintings, preference in the selection will be given to pictures which have been already exhibited by Societies named in paragraph 28; also to those paintings which are of a decorative character, and are designed for a special decorative purpose.

*Deceased British Artists.*

31. Collections of the works of deceased eminent British artists will be made every year by Her Majesty's Commissioners, to illustrate their career.\* (See Appendix II, p. 12.)

*Admission and arrangement of works regulated by space available.*

31a. The admission of works sent direct by artists will be regulated by the space available either in the east and west galleries, or in the galleries of the Royal Albert Hall. Her Majesty's Commissioners reserve to themselves the absolute right of arranging all such works where they see fit.

*Recently deceased Artists.*

32. In the case of any distinguished artist recently deceased, a selection of his works may be exhibited as a group.

*Army and Navy.*

33. Works by officers of the Army and Navy will be collected by a Committee, and exhibited separately.†

*Sketches.*

\* Thus, in 1873, the works of John Phillip, R.A., and Thomas Creswick, R.A., were collected. It is proposed to follow a similar course in future years with the works of other eminent deceased artists. Her Majesty's Commissioners have accordingly decided to invite the owners of pictures painted by the following artists to intimate their willingness to lend such works for the International Exhibition of 1874, and they request to be favoured with any information respecting them.

*Painters in oil.*

John Constable, R.A. ... .. died 1837	David Roberts, R.A. ... .. died 1864
Augustus Egg, R.A. ... .. „ 1863	David Wilkie, R.A. ... .. „ 1841

*Painters in water-colours.*

J. Coney ... .. died 1833	A. Pugin ... .. died 1832
J. S. Cotman ... .. „ 1842	J. M. W. Turner, R.A. (Architecture only) „ 1851
F. Mackenzie ... .. „ 1854	C. Wild ... .. „ 1835
S. Prout ... .. „ 1852	

† The officers of the Army and Navy have special opportunities of producing illustrations of scenery, buildings, and native customs in all parts of the world, as well as representations of scientific warfare. The following is the Committee for this purpose:—

Captain H.B.H. The Duke of Edinburgh, K.G., R.N.	Colonel Alexander Elliot.
Field-Marshal H.R.H. The Duke of Cambridge, K.G.	Colonel A. E. Ellis.
Captain H.S.H. Count Gleichen, R.N.	Lieut.-Col. Sir H. Elphinstone, K.C.B., C.M.G., V.C., R.E.
Brigadier-Gen. Sir J. M. Adye, K.C.B., R.A.	Rear-Admiral Ewart, C.B., R.N.
Major-General H. R. Benson, C.B., late 17th Lancers.	Colonel T. Gallwey, R.E.
Colonel R. Biddulph, R.A.	Captain R. C. Goff, Coldstream Guards.
Dr. F. Blake, R.N.	Rear-Adm. E. A. Inglefield, C.B., R.N.
Col. Hon. H. H. Clifford, C.B., V.C.	Lieut.-Colonel R. Drury Lowe.
Colonel Hon. W. J. Colville.	Rear-Admiral Oliver, R.N.
Lieut.-Col. Sir J. C. Cowell, C.B., R.E.	Major J. F. D. Donnelly, R.E., Hon. Sec. of the Committee.
Colonel H. Crealock, C.B.	
Vice-Admiral Hon. J. R. Drummond, C.B., R.N.	

*Sketches.*

34. Sketches made by artists in furtherance of their works, also the works of amateurs illustrating their travels, are eligible for admission.\*

*Exhibition of Collections.*

35. Collectors who may desire to exhibit their collections of Fine Arts together may have space allotted upon making application before January 1st in each year.†

*Decorative Fine Art.*

36. Paintings and sculptures may either be works complete in themselves, or may form part of the decoration of objects of utility, *e.g.*, vases in pottery, fans, panels for furniture, wood-carving for furniture, etc., provided that such objects are entitled to be classed as works of Fine Art.

*Architecture.*

37. The buildings to which architectural drawings, etc., relate, must have been designed, commenced, or finished within ten years preceding that in which the Exhibition is held. Architectural drawings and designs which have gained the Travelling Studentship of the Royal Academy, the Gold Medal of the Royal Academy, or the Soane Medallion of the Royal Institute of British Architects, within the preceding five years, will be considered admissible without other question than that of sufficiency of space. Each architectural work should bear the name of the architect who designed, as well as that of the artist who painted it. Architectural models should be submitted when possible. Drawings of plans, which can be admitted only as explanations of the general design, should be on as small a scale as possible.

*Copies of Ancient and Mediæval Works of Art.*

38. A producer will be permitted to submit for selection reproductions of any number of ancient or mediæval works of art.

*Certificated Foreign Works.*

39. Foreign works of Fine Art may be sent with the certificate of admission given by the respective Governments, or by the academies of the countries in which they are produced.

*Frames.*

40. All pictures and drawings must be in gilt or other suitable frames. Drawings with wide margins are inadmissible. Excessive breadth in frames, as well as largely projecting mouldings, may prevent pictures being admitted or obtaining the situation which they merit; and oval frames should be avoided, as they are difficult to arrange. Each picture or drawing must be in a separate frame, but a series of drawings relating to one subject, very small miniatures, or sculptured gems, placed in a frame not exceeding the Imperial size, will be admitted as one work.

*Heavy objects of Fine Art.*

41. To prevent unnecessary trouble and expense to artists who may wish to exhibit heavy objects, such as sculpture, decorative furniture, architectural models, and bulky reproductions, photographs or sketches of the works proposed for exhibition, with specifications of height and dimensions of the base should be sent to the Secretary on or before the 1st January of the year in which the Exhibition is held, so that a decision may be come to as to the possibility of their admission.

*Label to be attached, with prices.*

42. To each work should also be securely attached a label bearing the title and the name and address of the artist and owner; particular accuracy is requested in this respect. The prices of works, if for sale, must be stated on the label accompanying the work; and if not for sale the work must be so marked.

(For days of receiving Works of Art, see par. 57.)

REGULATIONS FOR MANUFACTURES, WITH THE RAW PRODUCE, MACHINERY, AND PROCESSES EMPLOYED.—DIVISION II.

*Manufactures.*

43. In 1874, Division II of the Exhibition will consist of the following classes (See Special Rules and separate Notices):—

Class 8. Lace (hand and machine made).

„ 9. Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances:—

*a.* Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances.

*b.* Sanitary apparatus and constructions.

*c.* Cement and plaster work, &c.

„ 10. Heating by all methods and kinds of fuel.

„ 11. Leather, including saddlery and harness:—

*a.* Leather and manufactures of leather.

*b.* Saddlery, harness, &c.

12. Bookbinding.

13. Foreign Wines, in the Vaults of the Royal Albert Hall.

Under

\* In 1873, Mr. Taylor lent fifty paintings by himself, illustrating Indian life and scenery, which were displayed as a series in the Indian Court.

† His Royal Highness the Duc de Nemours also obligingly aided in supplying the void in the representation of French Art, occasioned by the International Exhibition at Vienna, by sending sixteen pictures representing the visits of Queen Victoria and the Prince Consort to France, in 1843, and of King Louis Philippe to England, in 1844 (Nos. 261 to 277), and Sir R. Wallace has lent his unrivalled collection of works of Meissonnier, which are arranged together. (Nos. 244 to 258.)

Mr. J. Newton Mappin, of Sheffield, sent eighteen interesting pictures from his collection, which are also arranged together as his contribution (Nos. 323 to 354). Sir Robert Peel contributed paintings by Mr. Simpson, illustrating incidents in the Crimea (Nos. 1,501 to 1,514); and Mr. MacCallum contributed twenty-four sketches from Egypt (Nos. 1,515 to 1,539.)

Under Division II (Manufactures) will be exhibited selected specimens of the finished manufacture, as well as the raw material of the fabric in its different stages of production, and the machinery and processes employed in its manufacture.

*Duplicates not admissible.*

44. All industrial objects submitted for exhibition should be limited to such specimens as are necessary to show the manufacture and patterns in a satisfactory manner. No mere duplicates can be admitted; the same design in a fabric may, however, be shown with different combinations of colours.

*Collections of ancient works of industry will be admissible.*

45. With the view of increasing the educational value of the exhibition, by chronicling the progress of manufactures, Her Majesty's Commissioners will reserve certain spaces in the industrial division for special collections of ancient works.

*Retail prices.*

46. In the case of industrial productions, the special reasons (such as excellence, novelty, cheapness, &c.) why it is exhibited should be stated, and, whenever possible, the average retail price at which it can be bought.

*Exhibitors to provide foundations, pulleys, &c., for machinery.*

47. Exhibitors of machinery must construct all necessary foundations, and provide their own driving-belts and driving-pulleys, which are to be in halves and bored to the proper diameter of the main shafting, as notified to them by Her Majesty's Commissioners. They must also supply and erect, at their own expense, any counter-shafting (including the necessary foundations) which they may consider requisite to increase or reduce the speed to suit their own particular machines.

*Goods manufactured within the Exhibition building may be sold to visitors.*

48. In order that exhibitors of machinery and processes may recoup the cost of the operations illustrated, they will be permitted to sell to visitors such results of the operations as are actually manufactured within the Exhibition building, on condition of the payment of a moderate royalty, based upon a head-money payment on the total number of visitors to the Exhibition.

*Particulars required for machinery.*

49. The following information should be supplied, with the form of preliminary application (*Form No. 10*), by proposing exhibitors of machinery (*Form No. 10a*):—

- a. A plan of each machine, showing the position of driven-pulleys, the minimum space required for attendants, and indicating the parts of the machine which should be placed most prominently for inspection by the public. An elevation would also be of use, if it could be supplied without inconvenience.
- b. A plan and section of the foundations required.
- c. The weight of the machine.
- d. The amount of motive power, in actual horse-power, required from main shafting.
- e. Should water, steam, or gas be required, all necessary information as to the quantities of the requisite supplies, which must be paid for by the exhibitor. (See paragraph 12.)

*Exhibitors to pay for gas or water consumed.*

50. Exhibitors must make their own connections for gas, water, and steam. They must also provide and attach meters of sufficient capacity to measure the quantities of gas or water which they may consume, and for which they must pay monthly to Her Majesty's Commissioners, at the rates actually charged at the time by the companies.

(The days for receiving manufactures, &c., are stated in paragraph 57.)

### RECENT SCIENTIFIC INVENTIONS AND NEW DISCOVERIES OF ALL KINDS.—DIVISION III.

*Recent scientific inventions.*

51. Division III, recent scientific inventions and discoveries, will consist of objects the excellence and novelty of which are considered by the Committee of Selection to be so great as to render it undesirable that their introduction to the public should be delayed until the proper year for the exhibition of their classes of manufacture in Division II.

*Objects should be new.*

52. No objects will be admitted into Division III which have been shown in previous International Exhibitions of this series, unless very important alterations or improvements have been added to them since the date of their previous exhibition.

*Information to accompany forms of application.*

53. To assist the Committee of Selection in judging of the qualifications for admission of any invention submitted for exhibition in Division III, it is desirable that the form of preliminary application (*No. 10, Appendix G, p. 11*) should be accompanied by a statement of the inventor's special claims to novelty and excellence, and (if possible) by the written opinion of some scientific gentleman of repute, who has practically examined the invention.

*Act for protection of inventions exhibited.*

54. The Act of Parliament for the protection of inventions exhibited at the Annual International Exhibitions is entitled "The Protection of Inventions Act, 1870," 33 and 34 Vict., chap. 27, and dated 14th July, 1870.

(The day appointed for receiving objects in this Division is 11th March, 1874.)

## APPENDIX.

## A.

## LONDON EXHIBITION OF 1874.

*Day of opening, 6th April.*

55. The fourth of the present series of Annual International Exhibitions of Selected Works of Fine Art (including music), industrial art, and recent scientific inventions, will open at South Kensington, London, on Easter Monday, the 6th April, 1874, and will close on Saturday, the 31st October, 1874.

*Classes of Division II.*

56. Division II of the 1874 Exhibition will consist of the following classes (*See Special Rules and separate Notices*):—

- CLASS 8. Lace (hand and machine made).  
 " 9. Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances:—  
     *a.* Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances.  
     *b.* Sanitary apparatus and constructions.  
     *c.* Cement and plaster work, &c.  
 " 10. Heating by all methods and kinds of fuel.  
 " 11. Leather, including saddlery and harness:—  
     *a.* Leather, and manufactures of leather.  
     *b.* Saddlery, harness, etc.  
 " 12. Bookbinding.  
 " 13. Foreign wines, in the vaults of the Royal Albert Hall.

*Days for delivery of Goods.*

57. The latest days appointed for receiving each class of objects are as follows:—

Tuesday,	10th February,	Specimens of ancient lace.
Monday,	17th "	Class 10. Heating by all methods.
Monday,	23rd "	Paintings in oil and water colours.
Tuesday,	24th "	" " "
Wednesday,	25th "	Sculpture. " "
Thursday,	26th "	" " "
Friday,	27th "	Fine Art furniture—decorative works—stained glass—reproductions.
Saturday,	28th "	Fine Art furniture—decorative works—architectural designs.
Monday,	2nd March,	Engravings—photographs—tapestries.
Tuesday,	3rd "	Designs for decorative manufactures.
Wednesday,	4th "	Machinery of all classes.
Thursday,	5th "	Class 9. Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances.
Friday,	6th "	" 11. Leather, saddlery, and harness.
Saturday,	7th "	" 12. Bookbinding.
Wednesday,	11th "	" 14. Recent scientific inventions and new discoveries.
Tuesday,	17th "	" 8. Machine-made and modern lace.

Foreign wines (class 13) must be delivered punctually on the days which will be announced hereafter.

*New methods of construction may be shown in operation.*

58. Exhibitors in class 9, who may wish to show new methods of construction in actual operation, during the Exhibition, will (with the Committee's approval) be allotted space in the west annexe, wherein to build or to erect their plant, &c., in view of the visitors to the Exhibition.

## B.

## FOREIGN OBJECTS SENT THROUGH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

*Statement showing the amount of space required for objects sent direct by Foreign Governments.*

59. In accordance with the general rule (paragraph 8), Foreign Governments which desire to insure the exhibition of any of their countries' productions belonging to the classes appointed for the year must make known their intention to send objects before the 1st January, 1874, and must furnish Her Majesty's Commissioners, on or before the 1st January, 1874, with a statement on the form No. 8 (*see Appendix C, p. 8*), showing the amount and nature of the space required under the several classes and sections of each division, when Her Majesty's Commissioners will immediately consider the applications from Foreign countries with a view to the equitable distribution of the space at their disposal.

*Delivery of objects by Foreign Governments.*

60. The objects must be delivered at the Exhibition buildings, free from all charges for carriage, &c., into the care of an agent, who will have them unpacked, and note the state in which the objects are found. The charges for carriage from the vessels arriving at London to the Exhibition buildings are specified in paragraph 64.

*Arrangement of objects sent by Foreign Governments. Foundations or special constructions.*

61. Her Majesty's Commissioners will carry out the arrangement of all objects by their own officers. To enable them to do this for articles of great size or weight, which will require foundations or special constructions, and the placing of which will entail considerable labour, Foreign Governments must furnish the particulars of the necessary foundations on or before the 1st January, 1874; and all such objects must be delivered at the Exhibition not later than the dates specified above. Her Majesty's Commissioners will provide the foundations, but the fitting must be done by and at the expense of the exhibitor or his agent.

*Punctuality necessary for Foreign goods.*

62. In the case of Foreign Governments wishing to send all their contributions at one time, the dates specified in paragraph 57 may be anticipated, but in no case may they be over-stepped. The experience of the Exhibitions of 1871, 1872, and 1873, has shown the imperative necessity of insisting on the punctual delivery of objects.

*Arrangements for unpacking and inspection of Foreign goods.*

63. Her Majesty's Commissioners, with the view of reducing the expenses of Foreign Governments taking part in the annual International Exhibitions, and saving them possible difficulty and inconvenience, have decided to provide, without charge to Foreign Governments, persons to unpack the goods, in the presence of the Agent deputed on behalf of each Foreign Government to make a note of the state in which the objects arrive; but it must be clearly understood that no responsibility of any kind for loss or damage attaches to Her Majesty's Commissioners.

*Carriage of Foreign goods.*

64. In reference to the subject of the carriage of Foreign goods from the vessels in which they arrive to the Exhibition buildings, Her Majesty's Commissioners recommend Messrs. Chaplin & Horne for the conveyance of Foreign goods from the wharfs to the Exhibition. Messrs. Chaplin & Horne will undertake to do this work at the rate of 17s. 6d. per ton, which would include lighterage, landing, clearing, and cartage to the Exhibition buildings; the same rate applying to the return carriage of the goods.

*Freight.*

*Freight.*

65. All charges for freight, etc., must be prepaid, so that the goods may be delivered from the vessel to Messrs. Chaplin & Horne, without any payment by them.

*Bills of lading.*

66. Should Foreign Governments be desirous of accepting the services of Messrs. Chaplin & Horne, Her Majesty's Commissioners will be obliged by their directing all goods for the Annual International Exhibitions to be consigned to them, and by their taking steps to insure that all bills of lading shall be in Messrs. Chaplin & Horne's possession before the arrival of the vessel.

*Bills examined by officers of Her Majesty's Commissioners.*

67. The officers of Her Majesty's Commissioners will examine all bills, and certify to the correctness of the charges, in accordance with the terms stated above, if requested to do so by Foreign Governments.

*Authority from Foreign Governments to employ Chaplin & Horne.*

68. In the event of Foreign Governments desiring to avail themselves of the services of Messrs. Chaplin & Horne, Her Majesty's Commissioners request that an authority may be forwarded to their Secretary as soon as possible, in the following terms:—

"To Messrs. Chaplin & Horne,  
" 'Swan with Two Necks,'"  
" Gresham-street, London. )

" (Name of Country)

" I HEREBY authorize you to receive all goods sent to the London International Exhibition of 1874, and to convey them from the vessels to the Exhibition buildings; and again, at the expiration of the Exhibition, from the Exhibition buildings to the vessels, at the rate of 17s. 6d. per ton each way.

" (Signature)

*Cost to Foreign Governments.*

69. It will thus be seen that the only expense that Foreign Governments need incur, beyond the actual cost of carriage, will be the payment of an agent to inspect the unpacking, and to note the condition of the objects.

## C.

(Form No. 8.)

SPECIMEN OF FORM TO BE FILLED UP AND RETURNED TO THE SECRETARY OF THE LONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITIONS.

## FOREIGN OBJECTS.

*Space required by Foreign Governments.*

STATEMENT showing the amount and nature of the Space required by Foreign Governments under the several classes of each Division.

	Horizontal Space.		Vertical Space.	
	In glass cases.	On floor or table	On walls.	On screens.
	Superficial feet.	Superficial feet.	Superficial feet.	Superficial feet.
DIVISION I.—FINE ARTS.				
CLASS 1.—Painting of all kinds, in oil, water-colours, distemper, wax, enamel, and on glass, porcelain, &c. Mosaics; drawings of all kinds .....				
" 2.—Sculpture, modelling, carving and chasing in marble, stone, wood, terra-cotta, metal, ivory, glass, precious stones, and any other materials .....				
" 3.—Engraving, lithography, photography as a Fine Art, executed during the preceding twelve months.....				
" 4.—Architectural designs and drawings, photographs of completed buildings, studies or restorations of existing buildings, and models .....				
" 5.—Tapestries, carpets, embroideries, shawls, lace, &c., shown not as manufactures, but for the Fine Art of their design in form or colour .....				
" 6.—Designs for all kinds of decorative manufactures .....				
" 7.—Reproductions <i>i.e.</i> , exact full-size copies of ancient or mediæval pictures painted before A.D. 1556; reproductions of Mosaics and enamels; copies in plaster and fictile ivory; electrotypes of ancient works of art, &c. ....				
Total for Division I .....				
DIVISION II.—MANUFACTURES.				
CLASS 8.—Lace (hand and machine made) .....				
" 9.—Civil engineering, architectural and building contrivances .....				
" 10.—Heating by all methods and kinds of fuel .....				
" 11.—Leather, saddlery, and harness .....				
" 12.—Bookbinding .....				
" 13.—Foreign wines.....				
Total for Division II .....				
DIVISION III.				
CLASS 14.—Recent scientific inventions and discoveries .....				

## SUMMARY.

*Summary of Space.*

	Horizontal Space. (Superficial feet.)	Vertical Space. (Superficial feet.)
For DIVISION I.—FINE ARTS—	{ In glass cases .....	on wall .....
(Classes 1 to 7) .....	{ On floor or table .....	on screen .....
„ II.—MANUFACTURES—	{ In glass cases .....	on wall .....
(Classes 8 to 13) .....	{ On floor or table .....	on screen .....
„ III.—SCIENTIFIC INVENTIONS—	{ In glass cases .....	on wall .....
(Class 14) .....	{ On floor or table .....	on screen .....

Total.....

(Signature)

## D.

## ARRANGEMENTS FOR INDUSTRIAL OBJECTS TO BE EXHIBITED FROM 1874 TO 1880.

*Manufactures from 1874 to 1880.*

70. The following are the manufactures proposed for each of the seven Exhibitions to follow that of 1873; but any modifications which may be found necessary will be duly announced.

## 1874.

Lace (hand and machine made).  
Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances:—  
a. Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances.  
b. Sanitary apparatus and constructions.  
c. Cement and plaster work, &c.  
Heating by all methods and kinds of fuel.  
Leather, including saddlery and harness:—  
a. Leather, and manufactures of leather.  
b. Saddlery, harness, &c.  
Bookbinding.  
Foreign wines, in the vaults of the Royal Albert Hall.

## 1875.

Woven, spun, felted, and laid fabrics (submitted as specimens of printing or dyeing).  
Horological instruments.  
Brass and copper manufactures.  
Hydraulics and experiments. Supply of water.

## 1876.

Works in precious metals, and their imitations.  
Photographic apparatus and photography.  
Skins, furs, feathers, and hair.  
Agricultural machinery and products.  
Philosophical instruments, and processes depending upon their use.  
Uses of electricity and magnetism.

## 1877.

Furniture and upholstery, including paper-hangings and papier mâché:—  
a. Furniture and upholstery.  
b. Paper-hangings and general decoration.  
Health manufactures, &c., promoting health with experiments.  
Machine tools.

## 1878.

Tapestry, embroidery, and needlework.  
Glass:—  
a. Stained glass used in buildings.  
b. Glass for household purposes.  
Military engineering, armour and accoutrements, ambulances, ordnance, and small arms:—  
a. Clothing and accoutrements.  
b. Tents, camp equipages, and military engineering.  
c. Arms, ordnance, and ammunition.  
Naval architecture—Ships' tackle:—  
a. Ships for purposes of war and commerce.  
b. Boats, barges, and vessels for commerce, amusement, &c.  
c. Ships' tackle and rigging.  
Additional:—  
d. Clothing for the Navy.  
Lighting by all methods, with experiments.

## 1879.

Matting of all kinds, straw manufactures.  
Flax and hemp.  
Iron and general hardware:—  
a. Iron manufactures.  
b. Tin, lead, zinc, pewter, and general brazing.  
Dressing cases, travelling cases, &c.  
Horticultural machinery and products.



1880.

Chemical substances and products, and experiments, pharmaceutical processes:—

- a. Chemical products.
  - b. Medical and pharmaceutical products and processes.
  - c. Oils, fats, wax.
- Articles of clothing:—
- a. Hats and caps.
  - b. Bonnets and general millinery.
  - c. Hosiery, gloves, and clothing in general.
  - d. Boots and shoes.

Sewing-machines.

Railway plant, including locomotive engines and carriages.

E.

(Form No. 5.)

CIVIL ENGINEERING, ARCHITECTURAL, AND BUILDING CONTRIVANCES.

DIVISION II, CLASS 9.

*Rules for the preparation of Diagrams of Ancient and Modern Buildings of all Countries.*

1. The diagrams should be of a bold scenic character.
2. They should be executed on canvas, and may be in oil-colour or distemper.
3. They may be executed in colours or in monochrome.
4. They should be perspective views.
5. Each diagram should be at least 5 feet by 10 feet, but single diagrams ought not to occupy more than 10 feet in height and 20 feet in length.
6. Each diagram should be attached to a roller, and sent rolled.
7. The scale should be clearly marked upon each diagram.
8. Her Majesty's Commissioners would be glad to have the right of purchasing the diagrams, if for sale, at the prices attached to them.

F.

(Form No. 6.)

EXHIBITION OF FOREIGN WINES IN 1874.

DIVISION II, CLASS 13.

1. Her Majesty's Commissioners have requested the following Noblemen and Gentlemen to act as a Committee for making an exhibition of the pure wines of all countries in 1874, when the public will be enabled to taste and carry away samples:—

Earl of Dunmore.	Mr. C. H. Kayser.
Viscount Powerscourt.	Mr. C. Lombard de luc.
Lord Skelmersdale.	Mr. H. Matthiessen.
Sir Daniel Cooper, Bart.	Mr. G. Moffatt.
Colonel Charles Baring.	Mr. Joseph Prestwich.
Mr. E. L. Beckwith.	Mr. E. Apps Smith.
Mr. Gordon Clark.	Mr. Morgan Yeatman.
Mr. F. W. Cosens.	

2. The Exhibition will take place in the Brick Vaults of the Royal Albert Hall, which are, in all respects, perfectly suited for the purpose, and well lighted.
3. The Corporation of the Royal Albert Hall will grant the free use of the Vaults for the Wine exhibition, but the exhibitors will have to fit up, at their own cost, the spaces allotted to them.
4. Growers, shippers, and importers only are eligible to be exhibitors; the place of growth must be given in all cases, and the name of the grower, if possible.
5. Attendants of exhibitors will be allowed under regulations.
6. The Exhibition will open on Easter Monday, the 6th April, 1874.
7. Growers, shippers, and importers, who desire to have space allotted to them, must fill up the accompanying form.
8. The wines must be delivered punctually on the days which will be announced hereafter.

LONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF 1874.

FOREIGN WINES.

Here insert name and address. } I or We \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_

Here state whether grower, shipper, or importer. } \_\_\_\_\_

Insert name of wine. of \_\_\_\_\_ wine,

State where grown. produced in \_\_\_\_\_

Here state number, size, marks, and quantity, whether in casks, cases, or bottles, and any other particulars. } hereby make application for space to exhibit \_\_\_\_\_

Space in feet. in 1874, and request to have \_\_\_\_\_ superficial feet of floor space allotted to me, which I am willing to fit up and occupy according to the Rules which may be laid down.

(Signature and Address }  
of intending Exhibitor )

NOTE.—This application should be delivered to the Secretary for the International Exhibitions of 1874, No. 5, Upper Kensington Gore, at latest, on the 15th day of November, 1873, and as much earlier as convenient.

G.

*Form of Preliminary Application.*

PERSONS desirous of taking part in the International Exhibition of 1874, are requested to fill up this form, and to forward it as soon as possible, but not later than the 1st of January, 1874, to Major-General Scott, C.B., Secretary, Offices of Her Majesty's Commissioners, Upper Kensington Gore, London, S.W. :—

I propose to submit objects named below for approval by the Committee of Selection, and, in the event of their being accepted, I agree to conform to such Rules and Regulations as Her Majesty's Commissioners may from time to time lay down.

\* Division, No.                      Class No.                      and Section (if any) to which the object belongs,  
(Signature of the applicant)  
(Postal address in full)

Her Majesty's Commissioners will be glad of the fullest information applicants may be in a position to give at once respecting the objects they desire to submit for exhibition in 1874, stating the division, class, and section to which such objects belong, according to the list on the other side.

NOTE.—Persons wishing to exhibit machinery are requested to supply the information specified on the form No. 10 a, which can be had on application to the Secretary.

THE THREE DIVISIONS OF THIS EXHIBITION WILL BE SUBDIVIDED INTO THE FOLLOWING CLASSES :—

*Division I.—FINE ARTS.* Fine Arts applied or not applied to works of utility.

- CLASS 1. Painting of all kinds, in oil, water-colours, distemper, wax, enamel, and on glass, porcelain, &c. Mosaics :  
Drawings of all kinds.
- „ 2. Sculpture, modelling, carving and chasing in marble, stone, wood, terra-cotta, metal, ivory, glass, precious stones, and any other materials.
- „ 3. Engraving, lithography, photography as a Fine Art, executed in the preceding twelve months.
- „ 4. Architectural designs and drawings, photographs of completed buildings, studies or restorations of existing buildings, and models.
- „ 5. Tapestries, carpets, embroideries, shawls, lace, &c., shown not as manufactures, but for the Fine Art of their design in form or colour.
- „ 6. Designs for all kinds of decorative manufactures.
- „ 7. Reproductions, *i.e.*, exact full size copies of ancient or mediæval pictures painted before A.D. 1556. Reproductions of mosaics and enamels; copies in plaster and fictile ivory. Electrotypes of ancient works of art, &c.

*Division II.—MANUFACTURES.* Machinery, Substances, and Processes.

- CLASS 8. Lace (hand and machine made).
- „ 9. Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances :—  
a. Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances.  
b. Sanitary apparatus, and constructions.  
c. Cement and plaster work, &c.
- „ 10. Heating by all methods and kinds of fuel.
- „ 11. Leather, including saddlery and harness :—  
a. Leather, and manufactures of leather.  
b. Saddlery, harness, &c.
- „ 12. Bookbinding.
- „ 13. Foreign wines, in the vaults of the Royal Albert Hall.
- Machinery and raw materials for the group.

*Division III, Class 14.—RECENT SCIENTIFIC INVENTIONS AND NEW DISCOVERIES OF ALL KINDS.*

(Form No. 10<sup>a</sup>.)

The following information should be supplied, with the Form of Preliminary Application (No. 10), by proposing exhibitors of machinery :—

- a. A plan of each machine, showing the position of driven pulleys, the minimum space required for attendants, and indicating the parts of the machine which should be placed most prominently for inspection by the public. An elevation would also be of use, if it could be supplied without inconvenience.
- b. A plan and section of the foundations required.
- c. The weight of the machine.
- d. The amount of motive-power in actual horse-power required from main shafting.
- e. Should water, steam, or gas be required, all necessary information as to the quantities of the requisite supplies, which must be paid for by the exhibitor.

SPACE REQUIRED.

Glass-case space :—Length,	Width,	Height,
Floor     "     "	"     "	"     "
Counter   "     "	"     "	"     "
Wall       "     Height,	Width,	Projection,

REQUIREMENT FOR PROCESSES AND MACHINERY IN MOTION.

Actual horse-power required  
Gallons of water per hour  
Cubic feet of gas per hour  
Diameter of steam supply pipe  
Pressure of steam per square inch

Weight of each machine	Cwt.	Qrs.	lbs.
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(Signature and Address of intending Exhibitor.)

## LONDON INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION OF 1874.

*Permanent Committee for the Representation of British Pictures.*

The Marquis of Westminster, K.G.	J. C. Harter, Esq.
The Earl Fitzwilliam, K.G.	J. Snowdon Henry, Esq., M.P.
The Earl of Dunmore.	John Hick, Esq., M.P.
Lord Ronald Leveson-Gower, M.P.	Thomas Johnson, Esq.
Viscount Powerscourt.	John Kelk, Esq.
Sir Richard Wallace, Bart., M.P.	W. Leaf, Esq.
Sir James Watts.	C. Lucas, Esq.
S. Addington, Esq.	T. Lucas, Esq.
W. Agnew, Esq.	J. N. Mappin, Esq.
Captain W. Baldwin.	Hugh Mason, Esq.
E. L. S. Benzon, Esq.	C. P. Matthews, Esq.
H. W. F. Bolekew, Esq., M.P.	J. S. Morgan, Esq.
A. H. Brown, Esq., M.P.	A. Morrison, Esq.
A. J. Brunton, Esq.	George Paine, Esq.
E. J. Coleman, Esq.	John Pender, Esq., M.P.
Alexander Collie, Esq.	W. Quilter, Esq.
O. E. Coope, Esq.	R. Rawlinson, Esq.
F. W. Cosens, Esq.	Samuel Redgrave, Esq.
B. Dobree, Esq.	James Reiss, Esq.
H. W. Eaton, Esq., M.P.	William Smith, Esq., F.S.A.
W. Fenton, Esq.	Charles Waring, Esq.
Joshua Fielden, Esq., M.P.	H. Waring, Esq.
J. S. Forbes, Esq.	W. Waring, Esq.
John Fowler, Esq., C.E.	J. Kemp Welch, Esq.
W. Graham, Esq., M.P.	

*Works of deceased Artists.*

Collections of the works of deceased eminent British artists will be made every year by Her Majesty's Commissioners, to illustrate their career. Thus, in 1873, the works of John Phillip, R.A., and Thomas Creswick, R.A., were collected. It is proposed to follow a similar course in future years with the works of other eminent deceased artists. Her Majesty's Commissioners have accordingly decided to invite the owners of pictures painted by the following artists to intimate their willingness to lend such works for the International Exhibition of 1874, and they request to be favoured with any information respecting them:—

*Painters in Oil.*

John Constable, R.A. ... ..	Died. 1837	David Roberts, R.A. ... ..	Died. 1864
Augustus Egg, R.A. ... ..	1863	David Wilkie, R.A. ... ..	1841

*Painters in Water-colours.*

J. Coney ... ..	Died. 1833	A. Pugin ... ..	Died. 1832
J. S. Cotman ... ..	1842	J. M. W. Turner, R.A. (Architecture only) ... ..	1851
F. Mackenzie ... ..	1854	C. Wild ... ..	1835
S. Prout ... ..	1852		

In the case of any distinguished artist recently deceased, a selection of his works may be exhibited as a group. Sketches made by artists in furtherance of their works, also the works of amateurs illustrating their travels, are eligible for admission.

Collectors who may desire to exhibit their collections of Fine Arts together may have space allotted upon making application before January 1st in each year.

Annual International Exhibition Offices,  
5, Upper Kensington Gore, S.W.

EXTRACT of a Letter from Major-General Scott to the Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, dated Upper Kensington Gore, London, S.W., 30 July, 1873.

"HER Majesty's-Commissioners consider that the Directory contains,—

- (a) The General Regulations, page 2.
- (b) The Regulations for Division I, Fine Art, the classes of which are the same as in the previous Exhibitions of 1871, 1872, and 1873, page 4.
- (c) The Rules for Manufactures, Division II, with the raw produce, machinery, and processes employed, page 5.

As the industries included in this Division are different each year, it is desirable that particular attention should be called to the classes of manufactures chosen for next year's Exhibition, which are as follows:—

- Class 8. Lace, hand and machine made (ancient and modern).
- " 9. Civil engineering, architectural, and building contrivances.
- " 10. Heating by all methods and kinds of fuel.
- " 11. Leather, including saddlery and harness (ancient and modern).
- " 12. Bookbinding (ancient and modern).
- " 13. Foreign wines, in the vaults of the Royal Albert Hall.

The Rules for Division III (recent scientific inventions and new discoveries) may be found on page 6.

The Commissioners trust that the document will afford all necessary information to the British Colonies in respect of next year's Exhibition. I am, however, to add that Her Majesty's Commissioners will have much pleasure in giving any further information or explanation that may be required."

1873-4.

---

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

---

## ANNUITY TO JOHN DUNMORE LANG.

(MESSAGE No. 21 IN REPLY TO ADDRESS.)

---

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 28 January, 1874.*

---

HERCULES ROBINSON,  
*Governor.*

*Message No. 21.*

The Governor desires to acknowledge the receipt of the Address of the Legislative Assembly of November 4, 1873, expressing the opinion that it is desirable to bring in a Bill to confer an annuity upon John Dunmore Lang, or to confer upon that gentleman some other pecuniary recognition of his public services.

The Governor's Advisers consider that this is a fitting occasion for the introduction of a Bill to regulate and limit the granting of Pensions; and a Bill for those general objects will be submitted for the consideration of Parliament.

The Governor recommends that provision be made in this Bill to confer a pension on John Dunmore Lang, in accordance with the expressed desire of the Legislative Assembly, and as an exception to the principles of the measure.

*Government House,  
Sydney, 28th January, 1874.*

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1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## RULES OF COURT.

(19TH MAY, 1873; 8TH JULY, 1873.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 9 September, 1873.*In the Supreme Court of New }  
South Wales. }

Monday, the 19th day of May, 1873.

*Setting down Causes.*

1. To the extent limited for each day as next mentioned, Causes shall be set down consecutively only. No more than four Causes shall be set down for any day for Trial by a Jury of Four persons, nor more than two Causes for Trial by a Special Jury, or three Causes by a Common Jury: Provided that an additional number of Causes, not exceeding two, may be set down for any day, if the Prothonotary shall see fit.

2. For each day of the Sittings for Causes, there shall be two separate Cause Lists, which will be taken respectively in the Banco and Jury Court—two Judges sitting for that purpose. And until both Lists have been filled, in accordance with the preceding Rule, no Cause shall (except by leave of the Prothonotary, approved of in writing by a Judge,) be set down in either List for any subsequent day.

3. The fifth, sixth, and seventh of the Rules made on the 23rd day of February, 1856, are hereby repealed.

ALFRED STEPHEN, C.J.  
JOHN F. HARGRAVE.  
ALFRED CHEEKE, J.  
P. FAUCETT.In the Supreme Court of New }  
South Wales. }Divorce and Matrimonial  
Jurisdiction.

WHEREAS, I, John Fletcher Hargrave, have been duly appointed Judge of the Court established under the "Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Act, 1873": Now I do hereby, in pursuance of the several powers vested in me by the 43rd, 44th, and 49th sections of the said Act, and of all other powers and authorities vested in me as a Judge of the Supreme Court, and enabling me in this behalf,—make the following Rules and Regulations concerning the practice and procedure in the said Court; and I do also hereby fix and regulate the fees payable upon all proceedings before the said Court.

(Signed) JOHN F. HARGRAVE.  
July 8th, 1873.

## RULES AND REGULATIONS.

## Original petitions.

1. Proceedings before the Court shall be commenced by presenting a petition to the Judge, according to form No. 1, accompanied by affidavits of the petitioner and other persons verifying all the statements of the petition; and in all suits for a decree of nullity of marriage, dissolution of marriage, jactitation of marriage, or judicial separation, the petitioner shall also file a full and clear affidavit denying collusion and connivance between deponent and the other party to the marriage.

## Acceptance of petition by Judge.

2. All such petitions and affidavits shall be laid before the Judge, who shall, if they are in compliance with these rules and regulations, or contain satisfactory excuses for non-compliance, endorse upon every such petition his acceptance thereof; or, if they are not in compliance and do not contain satisfactory excuses, shall require the attendance before him in Chambers of the petitioner, and shall examine him or her *vidé voce*, on oath, as to the matter of such petition, and shall thereupon either endorse such acceptance, or shall refuse to accept such petition; and any person dissatisfied with such refusal may move in open Court, upon the same or further or other materials, that such petition may be accepted; and such petition shall thereupon accordingly be accepted or refused; and every petition, when so accepted by the Court or the Judge, shall be forthwith filed in the office of the Registrar.

\* 45—A

## Citation and service on respondents.

3. Every petitioner shall forthwith on filing his petition prepare a citation in form No. 2, and shall take such citation together with a *præcipe* according to form No. 3, to the office of the Registrar, and shall file the *præcipe*, and the citation shall then be signed by the Registrar and sealed with the seal of the Court. Every respondent named in the said petition shall be served personally with the said citation and a certified copy of the petition within two months after filing the said petition; and the said citation shall then be returned and filed with the Registrar, with affidavit of personal service thereof.

## Appearances.

4. Appearances are to be entered voluntarily or under protest in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Registrar, and in the forms and with the address for services as therein specified. If no appearance be entered within twenty-one days, petitioner may apply for leave to advertise citation, or otherwise, as the Judge may direct.

After twenty-one days, any respondent may enter an appearance by leave of the Judge.

Preliminary hearing as to costs or custody of children before answer.

5. After appearance, any respondent may be heard before answer with reference to the costs of the suit and the custody of children of the alleged marriage.

## Interveners.

6. Application may be made for leave to intervene at any period of the cause, by motion supported by affidavit.

*Forma pauperis.*

7. No person shall be admitted to sue or defend in *forma pauperis*, except upon filing a case laid before counsel, with his opinion thereon that the party has reasonable grounds for proceeding; such case being sworn by the party or his solicitor to contain a full and true statement of all the material facts, and an affidavit that the party applying is not worth £25 beyond just debts and wearing apparel. Where a party admitted to sue in *forma pauperis* neglects to proceed, he or she may be called upon by summons to show cause why he should not pay costs though not dispaupered, and why all further proceedings should not be stayed until such costs are paid.

## Answers.

8. Each respondent may, within twenty-one days after service of the citation, file with the Registrar an answer to the petition in form No. 5, with an affidavit of every material fact relied upon, but shall not be required to deny any allegation of adultery alleged in the petition; and in all suits for a decree of nullity of marriage, dissolution of marriage, jactitation of marriage, and judicial separation, the husband or wife respondent shall also file an affidavit denying all collusion and connivance with the other party to the marriage—copies of such answer being on same day delivered to the petitioner or his solicitor.

If no answer be filed within twenty-one days, the petitioner shall be at liberty to proceed to proof of his petition.

## Reply and further pleadings.

9. Within fourteen days from the filing and delivery of the answer, the petitioner may file a reply thereto; and if any new facts be stated in such reply, beyond a mere denial of the statements contained in the respondent's answer, the respondent shall be allowed fourteen days to file his or her rejoinder thereto; and the same period shall be allowed to both parties for any subsequent pleadings, until both parties shall have completed their statements and denials.

## Amendments.

10. Amendments can only be made in pleadings by order of the Judge, on such terms as he may direct.

## Service of all pleadings.

11. Copies of all pleadings and other instruments shall be delivered at the address entered in the Registrar's book, which delivery shall be sufficient service, except where personal service is expressly directed by these rules, or order of the Judge; and all such deliveries shall be made on the same day as the original pleading shall be filed with the Registrar; and all such copies shall be endorsed with the name and address of the party's solicitor according to the Registrar's book.

After any of the periods herein-mentioned, no pleading or other instrument shall be filed or served except by leave of the Judge.

## Issues and setting down for trial.

12. The petitioner shall and may, within fourteen days from the filing of the last pleading (and within ten days after that date any of the respondents may), prepare and file a copy of the petition and all subsequent pleadings, and then may forthwith apply to the Judge by motion to order and direct what are the issues of fact to be determined in the cause, and the Judge shall settle the same in writing for trial, form No. 7; and shall also decide whether the same are to be heard upon affidavits or to be tried by a Common or Special Jury; and the time and place of such trial; which issues shall then be filed with the Registrar; but such issues may be amended by the Judge in immaterial matters at the hearing of the cause, as at Common Law.

13. The petitioner or respondent, as the case may be, shall, within eight days after the said issues have been so settled, set down the said issues as ready for trial at the time and place fixed by the Judge, and shall give notice thereof to each other party for whom an appearance has been entered; and in default of such setting down and notice, the other party may do the like within four days from such default, and such notice of trial shall be filed forthwith with the Registrar.

## Trials.

14. No trial shall take place until ten days after setting down and notice as aforesaid, except by consent of all parties. The proceedings, as to summoning attendance and challenging of jurors, subpoenas for attendance of witnesses, notice to admit documents, hearing and address of counsel, examination of witnesses, entering the names of the jury and their finding, and all other matters at the trial, shall, as nearly as possible, be the same as at Common Law. After the verdict, any party may be forthwith heard upon affidavit as to costs; and the husband or wife may be also heard upon affidavits as to the custody of the children, or as to the settlement of the property, unless the Judge shall direct such matters to be separately disposed of.

15. The orders as to all which matters at the trial shall, with the verdict, be duly entered by the Judge's Associate upon the issue paper and returned to the Registrar to be filed as of record by the Registrar.

## Affidavits.

16. Where the Judge has directed the trial to be by affidavit, such affidavits shall be filed within eight days from the service of the order upon the opposite parties; and all counter affidavits shall be filed within eight days from the last of such eight days; and all affidavits, if any, in reply within eight days from the last of such last-mentioned eight days, subject to the usual rules in Equity as to the contents of all affidavits, and as to the cross-examination of any deponent in open Court, if required by the Judge. Copies of all such affidavits shall be delivered to the other party or his solicitor upon filing the same.

## Interlocutory motions and collateral relief.

17. Any party who has entered an appearance may, by leave of the Court, file a petition, or may move upon any interlocutory matter, or for any collateral relief in relation to the suit, and may file affidavits in support thereof; and shall deliver certified copies of such petition to the respondents thereto, whereupon proceedings shall forthwith proceed upon interlocutory petition or motion before the Judge upon affidavits, as nearly as possible according to the Equity practice, unless the Judge shall direct any issue of fact to be tried by a jury, in which case the proceedings shall be as above directed with reference to original petitions before this Court, or any other issue tried in this Court.

## New trials and appeals.

18. All motions for new trials and appeals against any decree or order of the Judge shall be made to the full Court of Appeal, upon notice given to all parties within fourteen days from the date of such verdict, decree, or order, and upon the like petition and security as in Equity appeals; but no security shall be required in mere motions for new trial.

19. All such motions for new trial and appeals shall be set down within the first eight days of the term next following such verdict, decree, or order, and shall be heard next after the Equity appeals.

## Reversals of judicial separation.

20. A petition for reversal of decree of judicial separation may be presented at any time in the form No. 10, by either husband or wife, after first entering an appearance and filing such petition, stating all the material grounds for such reversal, and supporting the same by affidavits as on an original petition; and a certified copy of such petition and affidavit shall be delivered personally to the wife or husband in whose favour the decree was made, who may within fourteen days file his or her answer thereto, and shall deliver a copy thereof to the other party or his or her solicitor—whereupon all subsequent pleadings and proceedings shall be filed and carried on as in the original petition, so far as applicable to such petition for reversal.

## Showing cause against dissolution of marriage.

21. Any person wishing to show cause against making absolute a rule nisi for dissolution of a marriage must first enter an appearance in such cause, giving notice of it to all parties; and affidavits shall be filed, and copies thereof delivered to the opposite party as directed by the general order as to "Affidavits."

22. If no such notice be given within six months after such decree nisi, the same may be made absolute upon motion to the Judge, supported by affidavits and certificates from Registrar.

23. All decrees for dissolution of marriage may be open to appeal before the full Court by motion for a rule nisi by the party wishing to reverse the same; and such rule if granted by the full Court shall be set down and argued in like manner as other rules nisi and other appeals.

## Alimony—temporary, permanent, increase, and diminution thereof.

24. The wife, whether petitioner or respondent, may file her petition in the form No. 8, with certificate of marriage and other affidavits for alimony, at any time pending any cause in this Court; but such petition for alimony, with copies of all affidavits, must be served personally upon the husband, unless otherwise ordered by the Judge. The husband shall have eight days to put in an appearance, and make answer upon oath to the wife's petition.

25. If the wife is alleged by the husband's answer to have separate property, she shall have eight days to file her reply thereto upon oath. Either party may then be required by the opposite party to make further answer upon oath, in relation to such petition, in open Court or otherwise, as the Judge may direct. Upon the hearing of the petition, no fresh affidavits shall be made or heard to be read, except by special leave of the Judge.

26. When the wife has obtained a final decree of judicial separation, and the time for appeal has expired, she may apply by motion for permanent alimony, after eight days notice of such motion, personally to the husband. Such permanent alimony shall not be retrospective before the decree for judicial separation. Petitions may also be presented by the wife for increase of alimony, and by the husband for diminution thereof—whereupon the like course of proceedings shall take place, as upon an original petition for alimony.

Maintenance of children—settlements.

27. Applications to the Judge for maintenance of children or for settlements under the 33, 34, 39, and 40 sections of the Act, may be made by petitions supported by affidavits—the proceedings upon which shall be the same as upon other petitions under this Act.

Custody of children—appointment of guardians.

28. All orders as to custody of and access to children, and appointments of guardians, shall be made as in the Equity Jurisdiction of this Court.

General practice in miscellaneous matters.

29. The practice and procedure, as to the subpoenas, writs of attachment, notices, services of notices, computation of time, enlargement of any time named in these rules, change of solicitors, examination of witnesses, de bene commissions for examination of witnesses, forms of affidavit, and filing the same, amendments of error in proceedings, and all other matters of practice and procedure, except where otherwise ordered by these rules, shall be the same as at Common Law, or as near thereto as the circumstances will permit, and shall be commenced by summons in Chambers.

30. The several forms hereunto annexed, and numbered respectively from 1 to 9, may be varied as the circumstances of every case may require.

Taxation of costs.

31. The taxation of bills of costs shall be by the Registrar, and as at Common Law. The wife may obtain an order for taxation of her bill of costs at any time after the cause is at issue, or earlier, by leave of the Court. The Judge shall decide what is proper to be paid into Court, or secured to be paid by the husband.

Officers of the Court.

32. The Chief Clerk of the Supreme Court shall be the Registrar of this Court, and the fourth Clerk shall be the Registrar's Clerk, both under the immediate direction of the Judge. The Registrar shall have the custody of all pleadings and other documents of this Court as filed, and of all entries of orders and decrees made in this Court; and all rules, orders and regulations and fees payable in respect of searches for, and inspection of, and copies of extracts from or certified copies of and attendance with books and documents in the Court of Equity, shall, as far as practicable, extend to such pleadings and documents brought in and filed, and to all entries of orders and decrees made in this Court of Divorce.

Sittings of the Court and Chamber business.

33. All applications by way of summons, motions, or petitions, in this Divorce Jurisdiction, may be heard on every Tuesday and Friday, immediately after the Common Law Chamber business, or if in Court next after the Equity motions and petitions. All sittings for the trial of any causes in this Court, except by jury, shall be set down and heard, except during Term time or Vacation, on every Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday, immediately after the Equity causes, or such other day as the Judge may direct.

34. The sittings of this Court, for the hearing of causes set down for trial by any jury, shall be held four times in every year, that is to say, during the months of February, May, August, and November, commencing on Thursday, the twenty-first day of August next; and, until further order of the Judge, the hearing of all Divorce and Matrimonial causes, whenever required to be tried by any jury, shall take place in the large Court at Darlinghurst.

No. 1.

Petition for Divorce.

To His Honor John Fletcher Hargrave, Esquire, Judge of the Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes in the Colony of New South Wales.

In re A.B. (addition), and C.B., his wife, formerly C.F. (name before marriage).

On the day of in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy

The Petition of A.B.,—

Sheweth:—

- 1. Marriage.
2. Age, place of birth, and domicile of husband and wife respectively.
3. Condition of life and means of livelihood of husband and wife respectively, and both before and after marriage.
4. Names, sexes, ages, and places of birth of living children, if any.

- 5. Cohabitation—tracing it clearly from marriage to last determination; showing fully when, why, and under what circumstances it ceased.
6. Separation or separations, if any, and causes thereof, and substance of deed of separation, if executed.
7. Origin of the acquaintance with the adulterer or adulteress.
8. Fact and time of adultery.
9. All the occasions on which, within petitioner's knowledge, adultery has been committed.
10. The precise occasion when petitioner first suspected any improper or adulterous intercourse.
11. Reasons, if any, for not having sooner instituted proceedings.
12. Any other facts or circumstances, within petitioner's knowledge, bearing on the petition.
13. Distinct and unequivocal denial of all collusion or connivance, past or present, directly or indirectly, with the respondent, or any person liable to be made respondent.

Your petitioner therefore humbly prays that your Honor will be pleased to decree—

[Here set out the relief sought.]

And that your petitioner may have such further and other relief in the premises as to your Honor may seem fit.

And your petitioner will ever pray, &c.

No. 2.

Citation.

In the Supreme Court of } Divorce and Matrimonial Causes
New South Wales. } Jurisdiction.

In re (name and addition of petitioner)

Victoria by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c.

To A.B., of

These are to command you within days of the service hereof on you, inclusive of the day of such service, you do appear in our said Court, then and there to make answer to the petition, a copy whereof, sealed with the seal of our Court, is herewith served upon you.

And take notice that in default of your so doing, the Judge of our said Court will proceed to hear the said charge (or charges) proved in due course of law, and to pronounce sentence therein, your absence notwithstanding.

(Signed) E.F.,

Registrar.

Indorsement to be made after service.

This citation was duly served by me, G.H., of on the within named A.B., of at on the day of 18

(Signed) G.H.

No. 3.

Præcipe for Citation.

In the Supreme Court of } Divorce and Matrimonial Causes
New South Wales. } Jurisdiction.

In re (name and addition of petitioner).

Citation for A.B., of against C.B., of for a judicial separation for cause of adultery (or as case may be).

(Signed) P.Q.,

Solicitor for the said C.B., or C.B. in person.

No. 4.

Entry of an appearance.

In the Supreme Court of } Divorce and Matrimonial Causes
New South Wales. } Jurisdiction.

In re (name and addition of petitioner).

A.B., Petitioner, } The respondent (or co-respondent), C.B.,
v. } appears in person; or E.F.,
C.B., Respondent } proctor, appears for the respondent or
or Co-respondent. } co-respondent.

[Here insert the address entered in Registrar's book.]

Entered this day of 187



No. 5.

Form of Answer.

In the Supreme Court of } Divorce and Matrimonial Causes  
New South Wales. } Jurisdiction.

A.B., Petitioner,  
C.B., Respondent, } The day of 187  
or  
Co-respondent. }

The respondent C.B. (or co-respondent), by E.F., her (or his) solicitor, or (in person) saith [here admit, deny, or refute, the statements contained in the petition, paragraph by paragraph; and state fully and distinctly connivance, condonation, or other matters relied on as a ground for dismissing the petition; and, if respondent (or co-respondent) can truthfully do so, here deny fully and equivocally past or present connivance or collusion directly or indirectly with the petitioner.]

Wherefore the respondent (or co-respondent) humbly prays that your Honorable Court will be pleased to reject the prayer of the said petition, &c.

No. 6.

Notice to admit Documents.

In the Supreme Court of } Divorce and Matrimonial Causes  
New South Wales. } Jurisdiction.

A.B.  
v.  
C.B.

Take notice, that the petitioner or respondent (or co-respondent) in this cause proposes to adduce in evidence the several documents hereunder specified, and that the same may be inspected by the respondent (or co-respondent) or petitioner, at on between the hours of and the respondent (or co-respondent) or petitioner is hereby required within hours from the last-mentioned hour, to admit that such of the documents as are specified to be originals, were respectively written, signed, or executed, as they purport respectively to have been; that such as are specified to be copies are true copies; and that such documents as are stated to have been served, sent, or delivered were so served, sent, or delivered respectively, saving all just exceptions to the admissibility of all such documents as evidence in the cause.

To C.B., or to E.F., Solicitor for C.B.  
(Signed) A.B., or G.H., Solicitor for A.B.  
[Here describe the documents.]

No. 7.

Form of Record.

In the Supreme Court of } Divorce and Matrimonial Causes  
New South Wales. } Jurisdiction.

A.B., Petitioner,  
C.B., Respondent, } The day of 187  
or  
Co-respondent. }

Whereas A.B. affirms and C.B. denies [here state fully the fact or facts in issue]. And the Judge of the said Divorce Court is desirous of ascertaining the truth by the verdict of a Jury; and both parties pray that the same may be inquired of by the country.

Therefore let a Jury come, &c.

No. 8.

Petition for Alimony.

To His Honor John Fletcher Hargrave, Esquire, Judge of the Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes in the Colony of New South Wales.

C.B., Petitioner,  
v.  
A.B., Respondent } The day of 187  
or Co-respondent. }

The petition of C.B., the lawful wife of A.B.,—

Sheweth:—

1. That the said A.B. has for many years carried on the business of at and from such business derives the net annual income of £
2. That the said A.B. holds shares of the Company, amounting in value to £ and yielding a clear annual dividend to him of £
3. That the said A.B. is possessed of stock-in-trade in his said business of to the value of £ [and so on for any other faculties which the husband may possess].

Your petitioner therefore humbly prays,—

That your Honor will be pleased to decree her such sum or sums of money, by way of alimony pendente lite (or permanent alimony), as to your Honor shall seem meet.

And your petitioner will ever pray, &c.

No. 9.

Petition for Reversal of Decree.

To His Honor John Fletcher Hargrave, Esquire, Judge of the Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes in the Colony of New South Wales.

The day of 187  
The Petition of A.B., of

Sheweth:—

1. That your petitioner was, on the day of lawfully married to C.B.
2. That on the day of your Honor, at the petition of the said C.B., pronounced a decree affecting this petitioner, to the effect following:—  
[Here set out the decree.]
3. That such decree was obtained in the absence of your petitioner, who was then residing at [State facts tending to show that the petitioner did not know of the proceedings; and further, that had he known, he might have offered a sufficient defence or] that there was reasonable grounds for your petitioner leaving his said wife; for that his said wife [here state any legal grounds justifying the petitioner's separation from his wife].

Your petitioner therefore humbly prays that your Honor will be pleased to reverse the said decree.

And your petitioner will ever pray, &c.

FEES—to be taken for their own use by Solicitors practising in the Supreme Court of New South Wales, in its Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes.

Citations, Subpœnas, Writs, and service of same.

	£	s.	d.
Citation, including præcipe .....	0	10	0
Certificate of service .....	0	3	6
Subpœna ad testificandum and præcipe .....	0	10	0
Subpœna duces tecum, if five folios or under, and præcipe .....	0	12	0
If the subpœna exceeds five folios in length, for each additional folio .....	0	1	6
Writ of attachment, including præcipe .....	0	10	0
Writ of sequestration, including præcipe .....	0	10	0
Service of citation, petition, or subpœna, if within two miles of the place of business of the petitioner, or of the person employed to effect the service .....	0	7	6
If beyond that distance and not exceeding 10 miles, for every mile one way .....	0	1	6
Drawing and engrossing affidavit of service, of three folios or under .....	0	7	6
If above, for every additional folio, including a copy for the Court .....	0	2	0
In cases in which the person to be served shall avoid service or shall reside beyond the jurisdiction, a sum to be allowed for service according to the circumstances.			

Instructions.

Instructions for citations, petitions, answers, or other pleadings, for interrogatories, special affidavits, or applications for an order for protection of a wife's earnings and property ..	0	10	0
Ditto, to defend suit .....	0	10	0
Ditto, for brief or case for hearing .....	1	0	0

If there are several witnesses examined and the brief or case is necessarily long or difficult, discretionary.

Pleadings.

Drawing and engrossing petition, if ten folios or under, including a copy to file .....	1	10	0
If exceeding ten folios, for every additional folio, including a copy to file .....	0	2	0
Drawing and engrossing answers, replications and other subsequent statements, petitions for alimony and answers thereto, if ten folios or under, including a copy to file .....	1	10	0
If exceeding ten folios, for every additional folio, including a copy to file .....	0	2	0
Copies of petitions, answers, and other pleadings—also of exhibits or other documents, at per folio .....	0	0	8

If any exhibit or other document to be copied or any part thereof contains pencil marks or writing—or the copy thereof or any part thereof is required to be made a fac simile, in addition to any other fee for the copy.

	£	s.	d.
For every folio of pencil marks or writing, or fac simile, or part of a folio, discretionary.			
Drawing the record, if fifteen folios or under, including copy to file .....	0	15	0
If exceeding fifteen folios, for every additional folio, including copy to file .....	0	1	0
Engrossing record to file, at per folio, exclusive of parchment .....	0	1	0
For case for motion, including fair copy for Judge. If necessarily more than seven folios in length, for every additional folio, including copy for Judge .....	0	15	0
Copy for adverse party, per folio .....	0	2	0
Drawing and engrossing demurrer, inclusive of the statement of any matter of law to be argued, for ten folios or under .....	0	0	8
If exceeding ten folios, for every additional folio .....	0	15	0
Copy of the issue on demurrer, at per folio .....	0	1	6
Drawing bill of costs, per folio, including copy for taxation .....	0	0	8
Copy for adverse party, per folio .....	0	1	6
Drawing any instrument to be filed in or issued by the registry, for which no other fee is herein allowed, inclusive of fair copy to be filed or issued, per folio .....	0	0	8
For perusing and abstracting pleadings, affidavits, exhibits, and other documents, per folio .....	0	2	0
For perusing and abstracting pleadings, affidavits, exhibits, and other documents, per folio .....	0	0	8
<i>Notices.</i>			
All necessary notices of three folios or under, inclusive of copy and service .....	0	7	6
If exceeding three folios, for every additional folio, including copy and service .....	0	1	6
Copies of notices to file (if necessary), per folio .....	0	0	8
In all cases where service of a notice is necessary beyond two miles of the place of business of the practitioner, or of the person employed to effect service, the same fees as upon the service of a citation.			
Copy of summons, or order of the Judge, or rule and service .....	0	7	6
<i>Attendances.</i>			
On entering appearance, or issuing process .....	0	7	6
To search for appearance to citation .....	0	7	6
On Counsel with brief when the fee to Counsel is £1 ls. .....	0	5	0
When the fee to Counsel exceeds £1 ls., and is under £4 4s. .....	0	10	0
When the fee is £5 5s. and upwards .....	0	15	0
On consultation .....	1	0	0
On conference .....	0	10	0
In pursuance of notice to admit .....	0	10	0
Or discretionary, not to exceed per diem .....	3	3	0
On trial or hearing, when cause is in paper and not tried or heard, or on motion in Court .....	1	0	0
On trial or hearing .....	2	2	0
Or discretionary, not to exceed per diem .....	3	3	0
Clerk's attendance, discretionary if more than one trial—or in special cases, not exceeding per day, inclusive of expenses, except travelling .....	1	10	0
On taxation of bill of costs .....	1	0	0
If very long, or several attendances, discretionary.			
On examination of witnesses under a commissioner, per diem, same as on trial or hearing.			
If at a distance from place of business of practitioner, for every additional day necessarily absent .....	5	5	0
Travelling and other expenses reasonably and actually paid.			
For all necessary attendances in Chambers before a Judge, or before a Commissioner, or Counsel, or at the Office of the Registrar, or upon the adverse parties or practitioner, for which no other fee is herein allowed .....	0	10	0
<i>Briefs, Cases for Hearing, Letters, &amp;c.</i>			
For drawing brief or case for hearing, per folio .....	0	1	6
For each copy, per folio .....	0	0	8
Every necessary letter during the dependence of the cause .....	0	5	0
Term fees, letters, and messengers .....	1	0	0
For maps or plans, each .....	3	3	0
Copies of same if required, each .....	1	0	0
<i>Affidavits.</i>			
For drawing affidavit, five folios or under, including copy for the Court of Registry .....	0	10	0
If above five folios, for each additional folio, including copy for the Court .....	0	2	0

\* 45—B

*Interrogatories.*

	£	s.	d.
For drawing the same, at per folio .....	0	1	6
Copy thereof to be delivered to the Examiner and filed, at per folio .....	0	0	8
If it becomes necessary for Solicitors to transact any business for which no fee is herein specified, such fee shall be taken by them as would be allowed for similar business done in the Courts of Common Law or Equity, as the case may be.			
<b>FEES</b> —to be taken for the use of other persons by the Solicitor practising in the Supreme Court, in its Divorce and Matrimonial Causes Jurisdiction.			
Counsel's Clerk's fees—not to exceed as under:—			
Upon a fee to Counsel under 5 guineas .....	0	2	6
5 guineas and under 10 guineas .....	0	5	0
10 guineas and under 20 guineas .....	0	10	0
20 guineas and under 30 guineas .....	0	15	0
30 guineas and under 50 guineas .....	1	0	0
50 guineas and upwards at per cent. on fee paid .....	2	10	0
On Consultations:—			
Senior's Clerk .....	0	7	6
Junior's Clerk .....	0	2	6
On general retainer .....	0	15	0
On common retainer .....	0	2	6
On conference .....	0	5	0

**WITNESSES' EXPENSES.**

<i>Allowance to Witnesses, including their Board and Lodging.</i>			
Common witnesses—such as labourers, journeymen, &c., &c.—if resident within 5 miles of the Post Office, Sydney, per diem .....	0	5	0
If resident beyond the distance, per diem, From .....	0	7	6
Master tradesmen, yeomen, farmers, &c.—			
If resident within 5 miles of the General Post Office, per diem .....	From	0	8
If resident beyond the distance .....	From	0	13
Auctioneers .....	From £0 15s. to	1	10
Accountants .....	From £1 1s. to	2	2
Professional men—			
If resident within 5 miles of the Post Office, Sydney, per diem .....	1	1	0
If resident beyond that distance, per diem, From .....	2	2	0
Clerks to attorneys or others—			
If resident within 5 miles of the Post Office, Sydney, per diem .....	0	15	0
If resident beyond that distance, per diem, From .....	1	1	0
Engineers and surveyors—			
If resident within 5 miles of the Post Office, Sydney, per diem .....	1	1	0
If resident beyond that distance, per diem, From .....	2	2	0
Notaries, per diem .....	1	1	0
Esquires, bankers, and merchants, per diem, From .....	0	15	0
Females according to station in life—			
If resident within 5 miles of the Post Office, Sydney, per diem .....	From 2s. 6d. to	0	7
If resident beyond that distance, per diem, From 2s. 6d. to .....	0	15	0
Police Inspector—			
If resident within 5 miles of the Post Office, Sydney, per diem .....	0	10	0
If resident beyond that distance, per diem, From 10s. to .....	1	0	0
Police Constable—			
If resident within 5 miles of the Post Office, Sydney, per diem .....	0	8	0
If resident beyond that distance, per diem, From 8s. to .....	0	15	0
The travelling expenses of witnesses will be allowed according to the sums reasonably and actually paid; but in no case will there be an allowance for such expenses of more than 1s. 6d. per mile one way.			

**SCALE OF FEES**—to be taken in the Registrar's Office.

*Filing.*

Every petition .....	0	5	0
Every answer, reply, or other pleading or statement in nature of a pleading .....	0	5	0
Every application for order for protection, or for discharging of any such order .....	0	5	0
Engrossment of proceedings on parchment .....	0	5	0
Every præcipe, citation, affidavit, appearance, address, notice, or other document not herein specially provided for .....	0	1	0

<i>Entering.</i>			<i>Oaths and Exhibits.</i>		
	£	s. d.		£	s. d.
Appearance .....	0	2 6	For each oath administered .....	0	1 6
Address .....	0	2 6	Signing each exhibit .....	0	0 6
Decrees and orders, per folio .....	0	0 6			
			MEMO:—The like fees to be taken by Commissioners for taking Affidavits.		
<i>Issue of Writs, &amp;c.</i>			<i>Miscellaneous.</i>		
Signing and sealing every citation .....	0	5 0	For setting down cause for hearing .....	0	10 0
Every subpoena .....	0	5 0	For setting down motion or other application .....	0	5 0
Every writ of fieri facias attachment, or other writ not herein specially provided for .....	0	5 0	Every office search .....	0	1 0
Sealing copy petition .....	0	5 0	If same exceed half an hour .....	0	2 6
Affixing seal of Court to any commission or other document .....	1	0 0	Receiving or handing over exhibits or other documents deposited, and comparing same with schedule .....	0	5 0
			Posting every notice .....	0	1 0
<i>Decrees and Orders.</i>			Office copy, per folio .....	0	0 6
For every decree .....	1	0 0	Certified copy, per folio .....	0	0 9
For every order of the Court .....	0	10 6	Every warrant .....	0	3 0
			Taxing costs, 2½ per cent. on the amount allowed —		
<i>Settling.</i>			For every other proceeding not herein specially provided for, the same fees as for the like or analogous proceeding in Equity.		
Every advertisement .....	0	5 0	FEES—to be taken in Judge's Chambers.		
Perusing and settling every settlement or deed connected therewith, if not exceeding 30 folios .....	1	0 0	For every summons .....	0	2 0
Exceeding thirty and not exceeding fifty folios .....	1	10 0	For every order thereon .....	0	3 0
Exceeding fifty and not exceeding one hundred folios .....	2	10 0	For filing every affidavit .....	0	1 0
Exceeding one hundred folios .....	3	0 0	MEMO:—All affidavits filed with the Associate, and used before the Judge, in Chambers, are to be forwarded by the Associate to the Registrar forthwith, after the application to which they relate shall have been disposed of.		
Examining engrossment with draft affidavit not exceeding fifteen folios .....	0	3 4	For any other proceeding or business not above specifically provided for, the same fees as for like or analogous proceedings at Common Law or in Equity, as the case may be.		
If exceeding 15 folios, then for every 15 folios .....	0	3 4			
Settling every bond, recognizance, or other deed or document not herein specially provided for, per folio .....	0	0 6			
Signing approval .....	0	5 0			

1873.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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**RULES OF COURT.**

(DATED 25TH NOVEMBER, 1873.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 10 December, 1873.*

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In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.

Tuesday, the twenty-fifth day of November, A.D. 1873.

It is hereby ordered that all the causes entered for trial during the present sittings, and remaining untried after Friday next, shall be tried in the Jury Court, to which the causes now entered for the Banco Court shall be transferred, and a new list shall be made up by placing the first untried cause in the Jury Court at the top of such list, and the first untried cause in the Banco Court second, and so on, alternately, to the end; and such causes in either Court as may remain over after such alternate placing shall be inserted in the list in the order in which they are now entered: And it is further ordered that this Court shall sit for the trial of these causes from Monday the 8th to Friday the 19th December, both days inclusive, Saturday the 13th excepted.

JAMES MARTIN, C.J.  
JOHN F. HARGRAVE.  
ALFRED CHEEKE, J.  
P. FAUCETT.

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1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## RULES OF COURT.

(DATED 10TH DECEMBER, 1873.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 20 January, 1874.**Wednesday, the 10th day of December, 1873.*

## REGULÆ GENERALES.

The following Rules are hereby established, for the despatch of business in the Supreme Court, during the year 1874, and during the period from the 24th to 31st December, 1873.

## TERMS, SITTINGS FOR CAUSES, &amp;c.

1. The Terms of the Court, and the Holidays and Vacations to be observed therein, together with its Sittings for Causes, for the Gaol Delivery at Darlinghurst, and for Equity and Insolvency Appeals, shall be those mentioned in the Law Almanac annexed hereto.

## SPECIAL ADDITIONAL DAYS.

2. Provided that Appeals in Equity and Insolvency, and Demurrers and Special Cases, may be heard on such additional days as two Judges shall appoint.

## EQUITY APPEALS.

3. After the disposal of Equity Appeals, on any of the days appointed for that purpose, such other business will be taken as the Judges or any two of them may direct.

## SITTINGS IN EQUITY.

4. The Primary Judge will sit, in and out of Term alike, on every Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday—except on the first Tuesday and Wednesday in Term, on Equity Appeal days, and during the Judge's absence on Circuit.

## ECCLESIASTICAL MATTERS.

5. On Wednesdays in Term, the Primary Judge will take only Ecclesiastical Matters, and Matters which may (by 22 Vict. No. 14) be heard before one Judge. On Wednesdays out of Term, those matters will take precedence.

## THE LIKE.

6. Ecclesiastical Motions and Matters, and applications to a Judge or the Court in Insolvency (Appeals excepted), whether in or out of Term, will be taken by the Primary Judge only.

## FINES AND ESTREATS.

7. All Schedules of Fines, and Estreated Recognizances shall be returnable on some Friday in Term, at 10 o'clock; to be then heard before the Primary Judge.

## CHAMBER BUSINESS.

8. Chamber Business will ordinarily be taken on Tuesdays and Fridays, at 10 o'clock, in Term and out of Term alike. Provided that a Summons may be returnable on any other day by order of a Judge.

## THE LIKE.

9. No Chamber application will be entertained on any day, in or out of Term (except in cases of emergency) after 1 o'clock.

## SATURDAYS.

10. There will be no Sitting of the Court in Sydney (except for the trial of Prisoners and except the last day of Term) on any Saturday. Provided that any Argument or Trial, not concluded on Friday, may be continued on Saturday, if the Court or Presiding Judge shall think fit.

## SETTING DOWN CAUSES.

11. To the extent limited for each day as next mentioned, Causes shall be set down consecutively only. No more than four Causes shall be set down for any day for Trial by a Jury of Four persons, nor more than two Causes for Trial by a Special Jury, or three Causes by a Common Jury: Provided that an additional number of Causes, not exceeding two, may be set down for any day, if the Prothonotary shall see fit.

12. For each day of the Sittings for Causes there shall be two separate Cause Lists, which will be taken respectively in the Banco and Jury Court; two Judges sitting for that purpose. And until both Lists have been filled, in accordance with the preceding Rule, no Cause shall (except by leave of the Prothonotary, approved of in writing by a Judge) be set down in either List for any subsequent day.

## JURIES OF TWELVE.

13. Provided that Causes for Trial by Juries of Twelve (whether Special or Common Jurors) shall be set down for such days only as the Prothonotary shall in each case direct.

## UNCONCLUDED CAUSES.

14. Any Cause, not concluded on the last day of the Sittings, may be continued on such day or days as the Presiding Judge shall think fit.

## TRANSFERING CAUSES.

15. Causes, on the List of either Court, may be transferred to the List of the other by order of a Judge, for trial on the

day next but one following, or any later day. Provided that no such day shall be earlier than that for which the Cause was first entered.

## REMANETS GENERALLY.

16. Remanets from any Sitting will have precedence over other Causes; and shall be set down by the Prothonotary, each according to its appropriate List, for the next Sittings.

## CAUSES ON CIRCUIT.

17. Causes for trial in the Circuit Courts, respectively, shall be entered for the days specified for that purpose in the Law Almanac annexed hereto.

## CASES RESERVED ON CIRCUIT.

18. Special Cases reserved on Circuit, on any Criminal Trial, shall be set down for hearing in Sydney (unless a Judge shall otherwise order) on the first *Friday* of the next Sittings for Causes.

## MIDSUMMER VACATION.

19. The next ensuing Vacation shall commence on the 24th December instant instead of the 1st of January next, as at present ordered; and, except for the purposes specified in the next Rule, no business will be taken during that Vacation nor during the July Vacation; nor shall any Pleading be then filed or delivered, or Proceeding be commenced, without leave of a Judge; nor shall Time run at Law or in Equity.

## VACATION BUSINESS.

20. Provided that Summonses, in cases of emergency, may be returnable in Chambers on any *Friday*; and that Causes may be set down, and Notices of Trial, and to admit or produce Documents be given; and all Writs may be issued, executed, and returned; and all necessary Proceedings be taken for the purposes of an Appeal, and for obtaining or dissolving any injunction.

## THE LIKE.

21. Summonses in Chambers will, during both Vacations, be returnable on Fridays only.

## MOTIONS NISI FOR NEW TRIAL.

22. All Causes in which the usual Memorandum has been filed of a Motion Nisi for a New Trial, shall be entered in the order of filing; and be called on in that order on every day in Term until disposed of.

## PARTIES NOT READY TO PROCEED.

23. Every case so called on, in which no Counsel shall move, shall (unless the Court extends the time) be struck out of the Paper—with leave to the adverse Party to sign Judgment. And the like, where a Rule Nisi has been granted, and the Moving Party is not prepared to proceed.

## FILED MEMORANDUM NECESSARY.

24. A filed Memorandum shall in all cases be necessary, under the Rules of the 19th August, 1861; but, where the Cause shall have ended during the Term, or within four days preceding the Term, no Motion in pursuance of such Memorandum need be made earlier than the fourth day after the filing thereof.

## RULES NISI FOR NEW TRIAL.

25. Every Rule Nisi for a New Trial shall be entered and called on in the order in which it was granted; and the Moving Party shall in all cases begin, and the Party showing cause follow—one Counsel having the reply.

## PRECEDENCE OF BUSINESS.

26. Motions Nisi for New Trials will on every day except Friday have precedence of all other business. On *Fridays* Criminal and Crown cases will have precedence, and then Motions. On *Tuesdays*, Motions will have precedence; but by leave of the Court, Common Motions may be taken on any day.

## ORDER OF BUSINESS GENERALLY.

27. On every day, subject to the preceding Rule, all matters in the Term Paper for argument shall be entered, and called on and heard, in the order of their date. Rules Nisi for New Trials will be classed under this Rule. All other Rules to show cause (unless the Court shall otherwise order) will be entered for and heard on some Tuesday or Friday only.

JAMES MARTIN, C.J.

JOHN F. HARGRAVE.

ALFRED CHEEKE.

PETER FAUCETT.

Law Almanac—1874.

JANUARY.		MARCH.	
LONG VACATION.	1 Th	CAUSES.	1 S
	2 F		2 M
	3 S		3 T
	4 S		4 W
	5 M		5 Th
	6 T		6 F
	7 W		7 S
	8 Th		8 S
	9 F		9 M
	10 S		10 T
	11 S		11 W
	12 M		12 Th
	13 T		13 F
	14 W		14 S
	15 Th		15 S
	16 F		16 M
	17 S		17 T
	18 S		18 W
	19 M		19 Th
	20 T		20 F
	21 W		21 S
	22 Th		22 S
	23 F		23 M
	24 S		24 T
	25 S		25 W
	26 M		26 Th
	27 T		27 F
	28 W		28 S
	29 Th		29 S
	30 F		30 M
	31 S		31 T

Holidays.

Second Sunday after Christmas.

Lord Belmore arrived, 1868.

Holiday.

First Sunday after Epiphany.

Holiday.

Holiday.

Second Sunday after Epiphany.

Holiday.

Holiday.

Third Sunday after Epiphany.

Colony founded, A.D. 1788. Holiday.

Holiday.

Holiday.

Second Sunday in Lent.

Sydney Causes end.

First Term begins.

Third Sunday in Lent.

Fourth Sunday in Lent.

St. Patrick's Day.

[arrived, 1861.

Fifth Sunday in Lent. Gov. Young

Equity Appeals.

First Term ends.

Palm Sunday.

Septuagesima Sunday.

Holiday.

Vacation ends.

Sexagesima Sunday.

Sydney Causes begin.

Quinquagesima Sunday.

First Sydney Gaol Delivery commences.

First Sunday in Lent.

Divorce Sittings at Darlinghurst.

Yass Circuit.

Tamworth Circuit.

Good Friday. Holiday.

Wagga Wagga Circuit. Yass Causes.

Easter Sunday. [Holiday.

Tamworth Causes. Holiday.

Wagga Wagga Causes.

Goulburn Circuit.

Armidale Circuit. Goulburn Causes.

First Sunday after Easter.

Albury Circuit. Armidale Causes.

Mudgee Circuit.

Albury Causes.

Mudgee Causes.

Second Sunday after Easter.

Maitland Circuit.

Deniliquin Circuit.

St. George's Day.

Deniliquin Causes.

Maitland Causes. Bathurst Circuit.

Third Sunday after Easter.

Bathurst Causes.

Law Almanac—1874.

MAY.		JULY.		
SYDNEY CAUSES.	1 F	SHORT VACATION.	1 W } Equity Appeals.	
	2 S		2 Th }	
	3 S		3 F } Second Term ends.	
	4 M		4 S } Fifth Sunday after Trinity.	
	5 T		5 S } Vacation commences.	
	6 W		6 M	6 T
	7 Th		7 T	7 W
	8 F		8 W	8 Th
	9 S		9 Th	9 F
	10 S		10 F	10 S } Holiday.
	11 M		11 S } Sixth Sunday after Trinity.	
	12 T		12 S } Holiday.	
	13 W		13 M	13 T
	14 Th		14 T	14 W
	15 F		15 W	15 Th
	16 S		16 Th	16 F
	17 S		17 F	17 S } Holiday.
	18 M		18 S } Seventh Sunday after Trinity.	
	19 T		19 S } Holiday.	
	20 W		20 M	20 T
	21 Th		21 T	21 W
	22 F		22 W	22 Th
	23 S		23 Th	23 F
	24 S		24 F	24 S } Holiday.
	25 M		25 S } Eighth Sunday after Trinity.	
	26 T		26 S } Holiday.	
	27 W		27 M	27 T
	28 Th		28 T	28 W
	29 F		29 W	29 Th
	30 S		30 Th	30 F
	31 S		31 F	

JUNE.		AUGUST.		
CAUSES.	1 M	SYDNEY CAUSES.	1 S } [Fitz Roy arrived, 1846.	
	2 T		2 S } Ninth Sunday after Trinity. Gov.	
	3 W		3 M } Sydney Causes begin.	
	4 Th		4 T	4 W
	5 F		5 W	5 Th
	6 S		6 Th	6 F
	7 S		7 F	7 S } Tenth Sunday after Trinity.
	8 M		8 S } Second Term begins.	
	9 T		9 T	9 M } Third Sydney Gaol Delivery com-
	10 W		10 W	10 Th } mences.
	11 Th		11 T	11 F
	12 F		12 W	12 Th
	13 S		13 Th	13 F
	14 S		14 F	14 S } Eleventh Sunday after Trinity.
	15 M		15 S	15 T
	16 T		16 S } Twelfth Sunday after Trinity.	
	17 W		17 M	17 T
	18 Th		18 T	18 W
	19 F		19 W	19 Th } Divorce Sittings at Darlinghurst.
	20 S		20 Th	20 F
	21 S		21 F	21 S } Thirteenth Sunday after Trinity.
	22 M		22 S	22 M
	23 T		23 S	23 T
	24 W		24 M	24 W
	25 Th		25 T	25 W
	26 F		26 W	26 Th
	27 S		27 Th	27 F
	28 S		28 F	28 S } Sydney Causes end.
	29 M		29 S	29 S } Thirteenth Sunday after Trinity.
	30 T		30 S } Third Term begins.	
	31 M			



Law Almanac—1874.

SEPTEMBER.		NOVEMBER.	
THIRD TERM.	1 T	1 S	Twenty-second Sunday after Trinity. [Registration of Attorneys' Offices this month.]
	2 W	2 M	
	3 Th	3 T	
	4 F	4 W	Sydney Causes begin.
	5 S	5 Th	Sir Alfred Stephen, Chief Justice, [resigned, 1873.]
	6 S	6 F	
	7 M	7 S	Twenty-third Sunday after Trinity.
	8 T	8 M	Holiday. Prince of Wales' Birthday.
	9 W	9 T	Fourth Sydney Gaol Delivery com- [mences.]
	10 Th	10 W	
	11 F	11 Th	
	12 S	12 F	[and 4th weeks of this month.]
	13 S	13 S	Jury Lists made out in the 2nd, 3rd, Twenty-fourth Sunday after Trinity.
	14 M	14 M	
	15 T	15 T	
	16 W	16 W	
	17 Th	17 T	
	18 F	18 W	[Justice, 1873.]
	19 S	19 Th	Sir James Martin appointed Chief [Divorce Sittings at Darlinghurst.]
	20 S	20 F	
	21 M	21 S	Twenty-fifth Sunday after Trinity.
	22 T	22 M	
	23 W	23 T	
	24 Th	24 T	
	25 F	25 W	
	26 S	26 Th	Sydney Causes end.
	27 S	27 F	
	28 M	28 S	Abcent Sunday.
	29 T	29 M	Fourth Term begins. St. Andrew's [Day.]
	30 W	30 M	
<p>FOURTEENTH Sunday after Trinity.</p> <p>FIFTEENTH Sunday after Trinity.</p> <p>SIXTEENTH Sunday after Trinity.</p> <p>Equity Appeals.</p> <p>Third Term ends. Chief Justice Sir Alfred Stephen gave Valedictory Address to Bar of New South Wales.</p> <p>SEVENTEENTH Sunday after Trinity.</p>		<p>SYDNEY CAUSES.</p>	
OCTOBER.		DECEMBER.	
CIRCUITS.	1 Th	1 T	
	2 F	2 W	
	3 S	3 Th	
	4 S	4 F	
	5 M	5 S	Second Sunday in Abcent.
	6 T	6 S	
	7 W	7 M	
	8 Th	8 T	
	9 F	9 W	
	10 S	10 Th	
	11 S	11 F	
	12 M	12 S	Third Sunday in Abcent.
	13 T	13 S	
	14 W	14 M	
	15 Th	15 T	Equity Appeals.
	16 F	16 W	
	17 S	17 Th	
	18 S	18 F	Fourth Term ends.
	19 M	19 S	Fourth Sunday in Abcent.
	20 T	20 S	
	21 W	21 M	
	22 Th	22 T	
	23 F	23 W	
	24 S	24 Th	Holiday.
	25 S	25 F	Christmas Day.
	26 M	26 S	Holiday.
	27 T	27 S	First Sunday after Christmas.
	28 W	28 M	
	29 Th	29 T	
	30 F	30 W	
	31 S	31 Th	
<p>Yass Circuit.</p> <p>Tamworth Circuit.</p> <p>Wagga Wagga Circuit. Yass Causes.</p> <p>Eighteenth Sunday after Trinity.</p> <p>Tamworth Causes.</p> <p>Wagga Wagga Causes.</p> <p>Goulburn Circuit.</p> <p>Armidale Circuit. Goulburn Causes.</p> <p>NINETEENTH Sunday after Trinity.</p> <p>Albany Circuit. Armidale Causes.</p> <p>Mudgee Circuit.</p> <p>Albany Causes.</p> <p>Mudgee Causes.</p> <p>Twentieth Sunday after Trinity.</p> <p>Maitland Circuit.</p> <p>Deniliquin Circuit.</p> <p>Deniliquin Causes.</p> <p>Maitland Causes. Bathurst Circuit.</p> <p>Twenty-first Sunday after Trinity.</p> <p>Bathurst Causes.</p>		<p>FOURTH TERM.</p> <p>VACATION.</p>	

JAMES MARTIN, C.J.  
JOHN F. HARGRAVE.  
ALFRED CHEEKE.  
PETER FAUCETT.

1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## DISTRICT COURTS ACT OF 1858.

(RETURNS UNDER.)

Presented to Parliament, pursuant to Act 22 Vict., No. 18, sec. 103.

*RETURNS under the 103rd section of the "District Courts Act of 1858," from 1st March, 1872, to 28th February, 1873.*

## METROPOLITAN AND COAST DISTRICT.

- |                  |               |
|------------------|---------------|
| 1. SYDNEY.       | 5. PENRITH.   |
| 2. CAMPBELLTOWN. | 6. NEWCASTLE. |
| 3. WINDSOR.      | 7. MAITLAND.  |
| 4. PARRAMATTA.   | 8. SINGLETON. |

## SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. WOLLONGONG. | 8. EDEN.       |
| 2. KIAMA.      | 9. BOMBALA.    |
| 3. NOWRA.      | 10. BRAIDWOOD. |
| 4. GOULBURN.   | 11. MORUYA.    |
| 5. YASS.       | 12. BERRIMA.   |
| 6. QUEANBEYAN. | 13. COOMA.     |
| 7. BEGA.       |                |

## SOUTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.

- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. YOUNG.       | 7. ALBURY.     |
| 2. GRENFELL.    | 8. COROWA.     |
| 3. BURROWA.     | 9. DENILIKUIN. |
| 4. GUNDAGAI.    | 10. HAY.       |
| 5. TUMUT.       | 11. BALRANALD. |
| 6. WAGGA WAGGA. | 12. WENTWORTH. |

## WESTERN DISTRICT.

- |                |              |
|----------------|--------------|
| 1. DUBBO.      | 6. BATHURST. |
| 2. WELLINGTON. | 7. MUDGEE.   |
| 3. ORANGE.     | 8. HARTLEY.  |
| 4. FORBES.     | 9. BOURKE.   |
| 5. CARCOAR.    |              |

## NORTHERN DISTRICT.

- |                  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. MUSWELLBROOK. | 8. CASINO.         |
| 2. MURRURUNDI.   | 9. PORT MACQUARIE. |
| 3. TAMWORTH.     | 10. KEMPSEY.       |
| 4. ARMIDALE.     | 11. WINGHAM.       |
| 5. GLEN INNES.   | 12. SCONE.         |
| 6. TENTERFIELD.  | 13. NARRABRI.      |
| 7. GRAFTON.      |                    |

## DISTRICT COURTS ACT

A RETURN of the Number and particulars of Suits commenced in the DISTRICT COURT holden at of the

The nature of Causes under distinct heads.	The Costs of the Suits.	Place, Date, and Duration of Sittings.				
		Place.	Date.	Duration of Sittings.		
				Days.	Hours.	Minutes.
Goods sold and delivered... 2,703	3,174 cases in which the sum sued for did not exceed £5	Sydney ...	1872. March .....	16	89	...
Work and labour ..... 828	£5 ..... 654 12 9	"	April .....	15	60	10
Rent ..... 304	1,033 cases in which the sum sued for did not exceed £10	"	May .....	11	45	40
Promissory notes, cheques, &c. .... 385	571 cases, sum sued for exceeding £10, but not exceeding £30, and no attorney employed by plaintiff	"	June .....	16	68	55
Money lent, money paid, money had and received 258	285 10 0	"	August .....	15	60	55
Board and lodging ..... 70	132 cases, sum sued for exceeding £30, but not exceeding £200, and no attorney employed by plaintiff	"	September...	14	56	...
Negligence ..... 36	132 0 0	"	October.....	12	39	5
Trespass ..... 29	260 cases, sum sued for exceeding £10, but not exceeding £30; verdict for plaintiff, and an attorney employed by him	"	November ...	17	72	10
Judgment..... 3	1,081 16 6	"	December ...	11	48	...
Trover and detainue ..... 40	42 cases, sum sued for exceeding £10, but not exceeding £30; verdict for defendant, and an attorney employed by him	"	1873. February ...	8	30	15
Annuity ..... 3	279 13 10		TOTAL.....	135	570	10
Hire of goods ..... 20	189 19 0					
Sewerage ..... 293	40 cases, sum sued for exceeding £30, but not exceeding £200; verdict for plaintiff, and an attorney employed by him					
Breach of agreement ..... 72	279 13 10					
Wages ..... 14	58 11 6					
Guarantee..... 10	34 cases, sum sued for exceeding £10, but not exceeding £30; verdict for plaintiff, and attorney and counsel employed by him					
Assault ..... 16	388 3 6					
Warrant ..... 3	37 cases, sum sued for exceeding £10, but not exceeding £30; verdict for defendant, and an attorney and counsel employed by him					
Non-delivery of goods..... 9	295 4 0					
Agistment..... 11	20 cases, sum sued for exceeding £30, but not exceeding £200; verdict for plaintiff, and attorney and counsel employed by him					
Bite of dog ..... 2	367 11 6					
Malicious prosecution ..... 6	16 cases, sum sued for exceeding £30, but not exceeding £200; verdict for defendant, and an attorney and counsel employed by him					
Livery ..... 5	254 2 6					
Toll dues ..... 2						
Municipal rates ..... 174						
Bailiff's fees ..... 3						
Lighthouse..... 1						
Slander ..... 37						
Action on a case ..... 2						
Freight ..... 2						
Moiety of dividing fence... 4						
On a mortgage ..... 3						
On a bond..... 2						
Storeage ..... 1						
Possession of tenement ... 2						
Causes of Action not specified ..... 16						
	5,369	5,369				
						£4,297 15 1.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars

## OF 1858—(22 Victoria, No. 18.)

Sydney, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section said Act.

The Number of Suits commenced.			Result.		The Number of Cases left in Arrear.	The Number of Cases tried by Jury.	Settled by Arbitration.	The Number of Cases tried without Jury.
Commenced.	Settled without hearing.	Tried.	In favour of Plaintiff.	In favour of Defendant, including Nonsuits.				
5,369	2,055	3,314	2,896	418	Nil.	16	Nil.	3,298
Amount sued for.	Rehearing of Cases of Judgment by default, in consequence of Defendant's absence.	Number of Motions for New Trials.	Number of New Trials granted.	The grounds upon which such New Trials were granted.	Number of Appeals.	Number of Interpleader Suits.	Number of Issues from Supreme Court.	
£ s. d. 48,720 8 11	20	21	2	1, verdict against evidence. 2, no evidence of contract. 1, verdict against evidence and weight of evidence. 2, surprise. 3, fresh evidence.	5 4 sustained. 1 abandoned.	6	2	

required by the aforesaid Act, so far as I am able to set forth the same,—

ALEX. C. MAXWELL,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at CAMPBELLTOWN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.						
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.														
Goods Sold .....	20	215 14 10½	12	...	8	...	8	7	1	25 7 10														
Promissory Notes.....	6	63 5 4	1	...	5	...	5	5	...	8 18 0														
Rent .....	4	178 4 9	2	...	2	...	2	1	1	11 9 0														
Board and Lodging .....				...		...																		
Trespass on Land.....	2	45 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	11 17 6														
Trespass on Person .....	1	150 0 0		...	1	...	1	...	1	12 2 6														
Illegal Distraint .....				...		...																		
Trover .....				...		...																		
Breach of Contract .....				...		...																		
Wages, Work, and Labour .....				...		...																		
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....				...		...																		
Commission on Agency .....				...		...																		
Sales of Live Stock .....				...		...																		
Money Lent .....	1	22 10 0		...	1	...	1	1	...	2 3 6														
Partnership .....				...		...																		
Interpleader .....				...		...																		
Intestacy .....				...		...																		
Legacy .....				...		...																		
Possession of Tenements.....				...		...																		
Replevin .....				...		...																		
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...		...																		
Causes of Action not specified above .....				...		...																		
TOTALS .....	34	674 14 11½	16	...	18	...	18	15	3	71 18 4														

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

H. ARKELL SMITH,  
Registrar, District Court, Campbelltown.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at PARRAMATTA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	28	428 8 11	8	...	17	...	17	16	1	17 10 6	...	...	...	3	Parramatta	1872. 13 May ... 21 October. 1873. 24 Feb. ...	1 1 1				
Promissory Notes.....	5	103 3 7	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	3 5 6	...	...	...								
Rent .....	7	313 6 6	2	...	5	...	5	5	...	7 4 0	...	...	...								
Board and Lodging.....	1	21 6 9	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 6	...	...	...								
Trespass on Land.....	1	10 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 8 0	...	...	...								
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Illegal Distrain .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Breach of Contract .....	1	25 13 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 0 6	...	...	...								
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	5	80 12 9	2	...	3	...	3	2	1	2 7 6	...	...	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	2	400 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	2 19 0	...	...	...								
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Money Lent .....	3	18 4 0	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	1 13 0	...	...	...								
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 5 6	...	...	...								
TOTALS.....	54	1,600 16 0	14	...	37	...	37	33	4	38 4 0	...	...	...	3							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—  
 GEORGE LANGLEY,  
 Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at PENRITH, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	50	381 17 3½	11	...	39	...	39	38	1	17 2 0											
Promissory Notes .....	9	24 15 9	2	...	7	...	7	7	...	1 14 0											
Rent .....	6	30 5 6	3	...	3	...	3	3	...	1 11 0											
Board and Lodging .....	1	7 15 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 0											
Trespass on Land .....				...		...															
Trespass on Person .....				...		...															
Illegal Distrain				...	1	...	1	...	1												
Trover	1	3 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 8 6											
Breach of Contract .....	3	33 15 0	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	1 4 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	6	24 2 8	4	...	2	...	2	2	...	1 7 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 11 0											
Commission on Agency .....				...		...															
Sales of Live Stock .....	1	3 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 3 6											
Money Lent .....	1	11 13 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 0											
Partnership .....				...		...															
Interpleader .....				...		...															
Intestacy .....				...		...															
Legacy .....				...		...															
Possession of Tenements .....				...		...															
Replevin .....				...		...															
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...		...															
Causes of Action not specified above.....	10	27 4 1	7	...	3	...	3	2	1	3 2 6											
TOTALS .....	89	747 9 3½	28	...	61	...	61	57	4	29 0 0								3	18¼		

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. K. CLEEVE, JUN.,  
Registrar, District Court.

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A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at NEWCASTLE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-aut.		Appeal	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.						
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.														
Goods Sold .....	143	1,683 1 9	41	...	102	...	...	83	19	186 3 0	...	...	...	...										
Promissory Notes .....	15	301 12 4	10	...	5	...	...	5	...	30 13 2	...	...	...	...										
Rent .....	5	66 15 6	...	...	5	...	...	3	2	7 18 10	...	...	...	...										
Board and Lodging .....	4	65 9 0	...	...	4	...	...	3	1	2 11 2	...	...	...	...										
Trespass on Land .....	1	8 0 0	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	3 10 6	...	...	...	...										
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Breach of Contract .....	4	262 6 8	1	...	3	...	...	2	1	37 10 10	...	...	...	...										
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	34	936 2 11	9	...	24	...	...	16	8	140 9 6	1	1	...	1										
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	3	430 0 0	1	...	2	...	...	2	...	23 9 2	...	...	...	...										
Commission on Agency .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1										
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Money Lent .....	6	64 9 0	2	...	4	...	...	4	...	7 19 8	...	...	...	...										
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Interpleader .....	1	200 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Causes of Action not specified above .....	8	360 1 11	2	...	6	...	...	3	3	39 6 10	...	...	...	...										
TOTALS .....	225	4,477 19 1	67	...	156	...	156	122	34	479 12 8	1	1	...	2										

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—  
 GEORGE F. SCOTT,  
 Registrar, District Court, Newcastle,

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MAITLAND, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	139	1,542 9 3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	52	...	87	...	87	77	10	241 10 2	...	...	...	Maitland	1872.				...		
Promissory Notes.....	31	717 13 5	7	...	24	...	24	24	...	100 7 2	...	...	...			March .....	2	6	...	...	1
Rent .....	18	439 12 0	7	...	11	...	11	10	1	73 15 9	...	...	...			June .....	3	...	...	...	...
Board and Lodging.....	2	19 7 6	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 1 6	...	...	...			Sept. ....	2	3	...	...	...
Trespass on Land.....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	27 18 0	...	...	...		Decr. ....	4	...	...	...	...	
Cheques .....	5	128 17 0	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	26 2 3	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Illegal Distraint .....	2	20 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	0 13 0	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Trover .....	6	173 6 2	3	...	3	...	3	2	1	20 8 4	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Breach of Contract .....	5	100 0 0	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	13 0 4	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	23	356 14 2	9	...	14	...	14	11	3	39 1 4	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	4	510 0 0	...	...	4	1	3	2	2	65 16 6	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Commission on Agency .....	1	10 8 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 11 0	...	...	...					...	...	...	
False Imprisonment .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	12 5 8	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Money Lent .....	5	57 7 6	3	...	2	...	2	2	...	2 6 6	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Detinue .....	4	170 0 0	1	...	3	...	3	1	2	15 1 10	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Interpleader .....	8	358 2 1	4	...	4	...	4	2	2	51 10 0	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Municipal Rates .....	9	62 8 0	6	...	3	...	3	1	2	4 10 6	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Consent Jurisdiction .....	5	57 3 4	3	...	2	...	2	1	1	9 3 8	...	...	...				...	...	...		
Causes of Action not specified above	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				...	...	...		
Totals .....	269	5,023 8 5 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	101	...	167	2	165	141	26	705 3 6	...	...	...				11	9	1		

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

F. H. STEPHEN,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at SINGLETON, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount Sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	14	238 12 3	5	...	9	...	9	7	2	24 10 10											
Promissory Notes .....	7	144 16 6	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 19 0											
Rent .....	1	15 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	6 11 11											
Board and Lodging .....	1	4 10 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 4 6											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 17 4											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	1	30 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 9 2											
Breach of Contract .....	2	50 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	3 17 6											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	59 13 6	1	...	2	...	2	...	2	4 7 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money Lent .....	3	88 3 1	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 16 6											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	4	101 7 0	...	...	4	...	4	2	2	7 19 0											
TOTALS.....	37	932 2 4	17	...	20	...	20	13	7	58 13 3											
													Singleton ...	1872. { 20 Mar. 25 Sept.		6 5		1			
																11		1			

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. DUDDING,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WOLLONGONG, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Results of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.						
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.														
Goods Sold .....	23	83 17 9	19	...	4	...	4	4	...	13 11 8														
Promissory Notes.....	7	85 8 11	5	...	2	...	2	2	...	6 1 4														
Rent .....	4	52 13 11	2	...	2	...	2	1	1	5 8 10														
Board and Lodging .....	2	21 18 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	1 0 0														
Trespass on Land .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Breach of Contract.....	1	10 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 6 6														
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	12 7 7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 14 6														
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Sales of Live Stock .....	2	17 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 1 0														
Money Lent .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Possession of Tenements.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....														
Causes of Action not specified above .....	4	223 10 0	3	...	1	...	1	1	...	4 18 0														
TOTALS .....	45	506 16 2	33	...	12	...	12	9	3	33 1 10														

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

ALFRED A. TURNER,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at KIAMA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.		
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods Sold .....	9	170 8 0	6	...	3	...	3	3	...	2 3 6												
Promissory Notes.....	18	452 4 0	10	...	8	...	8	8	...	15 9 8												
Rent .....	1	12 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	5 9 0												
Board and Lodging.....																						
Trespass on Land.....																						
Trespass on Person.....																						
Illegal Distraint.....																						
Trover .....																						
Breach of Contract.....																						
Wages, Work, and Labour.....																						
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	10 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1													
Commission on Agency.....																						
Sales of Live Stock.....																						
Money Lent.....																						
Partnership.....																						
Interpleader.....																						
Intestacy.....																						
Legacy.....																						
Possession of Tenements.....																						
Replevin.....																						
Consent Jurisdiction.....																						
Causes of Action not specified above.....																						
TOTALS .....	29	644 12 0	16	...	13	...	13	12	1	23 2 2												

Kiama { 1872.  
10 July ...  
15 June ...  
7 Sept. ...

12

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—  
HENRY CONNELL, JUNR.,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at SHOALHAVEN (NOWRA), during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Results of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	12	114 18 10	6	...	6	...	6	5	1	7 15 0	...	...	...	Nowra ...	1872. 18 June ... 10 Sept. ... 1873. 20 Jan. ...	1	8	7½	1		
Promissory Notes.....	9	125 16 11	3	...	6	...	6	5	1	5 11 2	...	...	...								
Rent .....	3	152 11 3	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 15 6	...	...	...								
Board and Lodging.....	1	12 15 11	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 6	...	...	...								
Trespass on Land.....	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1 8 6	...	...	...								
Trespass on Person .....	1	86 10 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 8 6	...	...	...								
Illegal Distrainment .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Trover .....	1	29 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1 8 0	...	...	1								
Breach of Contract.....	1	120 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	...	...								
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	3	72 19 8	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	2- 7 6	...	...	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 0 6	...	...	...								
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Sales of Live Stock.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Money Lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Interpleader.....	3	66 12 3	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	0 15 6	...	...	...								
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Causes of Action not specified above.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
TOTALS.....	35	991 4 10	13	...	21	1	20	18	3	25 12 2	...	...	...	1		3	18½	1			

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. LOVEGROVE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GOULBURN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	17	247 14 7	10	...	7	...	7	6	1	3 0 0											
Promissory Notes.....	7	122 11 11	2	...	5	...	5	5	...	.....											
Rent .....	3	44 10 0	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	.....											
Board and Lodging .....	3	28 15 0	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Trespass on Land .....	2	45 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Breach of Contract .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	7	168 8 4	4	...	3	...	3	2	1	.....											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Commission on Agency .....	1	10 5 3	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	.....											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Money Lent .....	1	1 5 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	.....											
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	8	180 14 7	1	...	7	1	6	4	3	.....											
TOTALS.....	49	852 19 8	22	...	27	1	26	22	5	3 0 0											

Goulburn {  
 1872.  
 27 June...  
 19 Sept...  
 1873.  
 30 Jan. ...

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

F. R. L. ROSSI,  
 Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at YASS, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.		
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods Sold .....	12	197 14 0½	8	...	4	...	4	3	1	6 2 6	...	...	...	Yass	1872.							
Promissory Notes .....	13	592 14 1	6	...	5	...	5	5	...	8 17 0	...	...	2									
Rent .....	2	62 17 10	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	2 1 0	...	...	...									
Board and Lodging .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Trespass on Land .....	6	410 0 0	1	...	5	...	5	5	...	5 16 0	...	...	...									
Trespass on Person .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Illegal Distraint .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Trover .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Breach of Contract .....	7	340 14 0	2	...	5	...	5	4	1	4 18 6	...	...	...									
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	5	240 7 3	1	...	4	1	3	1	3	5 7 6	...	...	...									
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Commission on Agency .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Sales of Live Stock .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Money Lent .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Partnership .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Interpleader .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Intestacy .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Legacy .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Possession of Tenements.....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Replevin .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Consent Jurisdiction .....	2	100 0 0		...	2	...	2	2	...	2 5 0	...	...	...									
Causes of Action not specified above .....	5	117 10 8	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	3 3 0	...	...	...									
<b>TOTALS.....</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>2,061 17 10½</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>38 10 6</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>2</b>					<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>		

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

District Court Office,  
Yass, 3 March, 1873.

LEOPOLD YATES,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at QUEANBEYAN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.							
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.								
																	Days.	Hours.										
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																		
Goods Sold.....	12	249 13 10	1	...	10	...	10	9	1	31 16 4	...	...	...	} Queanbeyan	} 1872. 5 Mar. .... 9 July .... 1 Oct. ....	} 4 2½ 3	}	}	}	}								
Promissory Notes.....	8	234 9 7	3	...	4	...	4	4	...	27 1 0	...	...	...															
Rent.....	3	125 14 0	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	9 10 0	...	...	...															
Board and Lodging.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Trespass on Land.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Trespass on Person.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Illegal Distraint.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Trover.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Breach of Contract.....	1	15 0 0	1	...		...			...	1 10 0	...	...	...															
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	3	49 9 9		...	3	...	3	3	...	8 0 0	...	...	...															
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Commission on Agency.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Sales of Live Stock.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Money Lent.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Partnership.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Interpleader.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Intestacy.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Legacy.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Possession of Tenements.....	1			...	1	...	1	1	...	1 13 0	...	...	...															
Replevin.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Consent Jurisdiction.....				...		...			...		...	...	...															
Causes of Action not specified above.....	4	293 0 0	1	...	3	1	2	3	...	23 19 4	...	...	...															
TOTALS.....	32	967 7 2	7	...	23	1	22	22	1	103 9 8	...	...	...	2							10½							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—  
O. WILLANS,  
Registrar, District Court, Queanbeyan.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BEGA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said-Act.

41-B

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend- t, ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	2	25 19 8	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 9 8											
Promissory Notes.....	4	78 11 9	1	...	3	...	3	2	1	5 11 8											
Rent .....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Board and Lodging.....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trespass on Land.....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trespass on Person.....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Illegal Distrain't .....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trover .....	1	80 0 0	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2 9 10											
Breach of Contract.....	2	40 0 0	...	...	2	1	1	...	2	1 19 2											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	105 14 2	...	...	2	2	...	1	1	3 15 10											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	2	230 0 0	...	...	2	2	...	1	1	4 9 6											
Commission on Agency .....	1	15 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 9 2											
Sales of Live Stock.....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Money Lent .....	1	25 14 4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1 11 2											
Partnership .....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Interpleader.....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Intestacy .....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Legacy .....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Possession of Tenements.....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Replevin .....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...	...	...	...	...	...												
Causes of Action not specified above .....	5	942 0 0	2	2	1	...	1	...	1	11 16 4											
TOTALS .....	20	1,542 19 11	5	4	11	5	6	5	6	34 12 4								3	1	1	

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

JOHN DAVIS,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at EDEN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.					
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.						
																	Days.	Hours.								
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																
Goods Sold .....	2	31 14 0	...	...	2	1	1	1	1	6 4 0	}															
Promissory Notes .....	2	105 12 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	4 14 8																
Rent .....			...	...																						
Board and Lodging .....			...	...																						
Trespass on Land .....	2	50 5 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	4 9 0																
Trespass on Person .....			...	...																						
Illegal Distraint .....			...	...																						
Trover .....			...	...																						
Breach of Contract .....			...	...																						
Wages, Work, and Labour .....			...	...																						
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....			...	...																						
Commission on Agency .....			...	...																						
Sales of Live Stock .....			...	...																						
Money Lent .....			...	...																						
Partnership .....			...	...																						
Interpleader .....			...	...																						
Intestacy .....			...	...																						
Legacy .....			...	...																						
Possession of Tenements .....			...	...																						
Replevin .....			...	...																						
Consent Jurisdiction .....			...	...																						
Causes of Action not specified above.....	1	20 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 0																
TOTALS.....	7	207 11 0	...	...	7	1	6	6	1	15 7 8																

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

C. D. HAYS,  
Registrar, District Court, Eden.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BOMBALA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The number of Cases			Result of Trials		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Results of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.						
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders Affirmed.	Reversed.		Place:	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.					
																	Days.	Hours.								
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																
Goods Sold .....	32	452 15 10	12	...	20	...	20	20	...	49 18. 8					Bombala	1872. 28 Mar.... 23 July... 24 Oct.... 1873. 27 Feb....	2 ... 2 ... 3	... 4 ... ...								
Promissory Notes .....	4	180 1 11	2	...	2	...	2	1	1	8 5 0																
Rent .....	4	73 5 0	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	7 10 6																
Board and Lodging .....	1	64 4 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	9 4 8																
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Trespass on Person .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	11 10 2																
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Trover .....	2	200 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	9 12 6																
Breach of Contract .....	1	25 0 0	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	5	307 18 10	3	...	2	...	2	2	...	25 3 10																
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	2	400 0 0	...	...	2	...	1	2	...	24 10 4																
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Money Lent .....	2	77 10 0	...	...	2	...	1	1	1	13 7 8																
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																
TOTALS .....	54	1,880 15 7	18	1	35	3	32	30	5	159 3 4																

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

JAMES GILES,  
Registrar, District Court, Bombala.

31st March, 1873.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BRAIDWOOD, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	80	1,548 6 10	43	1	36	...	36	30	6	154 12 8											
Promissory Notes.....	11	384 7 3	5	...	6	...	6	4	2	38 5 6											
Rent .....	1	34 15 2	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 6 8											
Board and Lodging.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land.....	2	75 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3 8											
Trespass on Person.....	3	320 0 0	...	...	3	2	1	3	...	33 7 6											
Illegal Distraint.....	3	81 0 0	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	8 7 6											
Trover.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract.....	2	70 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	7 7 6											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	15	256 14 3	4	...	11	...	11	9	2	25 10 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	11 0 0											
Commission on Agency.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money Lent.....	11	479 3 9½	5	...	6	...	6	6	...	47 0 0											
Partnership.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
TOTALS.....	129.	3,349 7 3½	61	1	67	3	64	56	11	335 1 6				Braidwood	1872. April 12... April 13... Aug. 5... Nov. 8...	... 2 1 1	... 14 6 6				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

RALPH CLEMENGER,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MORUYA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.		
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods Sold .....	1	14 2 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 4 6												
Promissory Notes .....	4	41 14 1	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	6 3 6												
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	10 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 13 6					Moruya .....	1872. 17 April...	...	3				
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Money Lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Interpleader .....	3	22 17 2	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 19 6												
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	13 5 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	10 2 6												
TOTALS .....	10	101 18 9	5	...	5	...	5	5	...	19 3 6												

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. STEWART CASWELL,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BERRIMA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.																																																																																											
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.																																																																																												
																	Days.	Hours.																																																																																														
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																																																																																																						
Goods Sold .....	4	31 14 4 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	3	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 15 6	...	...	...	} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																																												
Promissory Notes.....	2	61 17 8 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 16 0	...	...	...								} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																																					
Rent .....	1	14 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 11 6	...	...	...															} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																														
Board and Lodging.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																						} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																							
Trespass on Land.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																													} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																				} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																									
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																											} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																		
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																		} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																											
Breach of Contract.....	2	55 0 0	...	...	2	1	1	1	1	2 4 6	...	...	...																																																									} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																				
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	1	5 2 4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 8 6	...	...	...																																																																} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																													
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																							} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																						
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																														} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}															
Sales of Live Stock.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																																					} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}								
Money Lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																																												} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}	
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																																																			} Berrima... {
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																																												
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																																					
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																														
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																						} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																							
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																													} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																																
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																				} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																									
Causes of Action not specified above.....	1	11 18 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 10 0	...	...	...																																											} Berrima... {	} 1872. 25 April... 21 Nov. ...	} ...	} 3	}	}	}																																																		
TOTALS.....	11	179 12 11	5	...	5	1	4	4	1	11 4 0	...	...	...																																																		1																																																	

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

F. R. WILSHIRE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at COOMA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.						
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.														
Goods Sold .....	17	292 4 4	3	...	14	...	14	14	...	11 4 0				Cooma	1872. 13 March ... 17 July ... 9 Oct. ... 10 " ... 1873. 14 Feb. ...	1	...	1	...	5	4			
Promissory Notes .....	12	281 16 11	8	...	4	...	4	4	...	10 3 6														
Rent .....	1	12 8 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 6														
Board and Lodging .....	1	4 15 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 4 0														
Trespass on Land .....	4	80 13 0	2	...	2	...	2	1 1	...	3 11 6														
Trespass on Person .....			...	...		...			...															
Illegal Distrainment .....			...	...		...			...															
Trover .....	2	230 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 9 0														
Breach of Contract .....	5	215 16 0	1	...	4	...	4	2 2	...	5 11 0														
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	9	349 6 5	5	...	4	...	4	2 2	...	6 19 0														
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	3	160 0 0	1	...	2	...	2	1 1	...	3 7 0														
Commission on Agency .....			...	...		...			...															
Sales of Live Stock .....			...	...		...			...															
Money Lent .....			...	...		...			...															
Partnership .....			...	...		...			...															
Interpleader .....			...	...		...			...															
Intestacy .....			...	...		...			...															
Legacy .....			...	...		...			...															
Possession of Tenements .....			...	...		...			...															
Replevin .....			...	...		...			...															
Consent Jurisdiction .....			...	...		...			...															
Causes of Action not specified above .....	6	250 12 6	3	...	3	1	2	3	...	3 11 6														
<b>TOTALS .....</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>1,877 12 8</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>47 11 0</b>						<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

S. ROBINSON,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at Young, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in arrears.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.		
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motion for New Trials.		New Trials granted.	
										Days.				Hours.								
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods Sold .....	21	439 5 9	9	...	12	...	12	11	1	50 19 10	...	...	...	Young.....	1872. 22 May, opened & adjourned. 23 May 24 May 25 May 15 Aug. 16 Aug.  1873. 16 Jan. 17 Jan. 18 Jan.							
Promissory Notes .....	10	389 12 6	7	...	3	...	3	3	...	29 13 2	...	...	...									
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Board and Lodging .....	2	117 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	16 1 0	...	...	...									
Trespass on Land .....	1	25 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	14 11 6	...	...	...									
Trespass on Person .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	21 12 4	...	...	...									
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	6	96 9 6	...	...	6	...	6	5	1	24 9 2	...	...	...									
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	200 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	...	...									
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Money Lent .....	3	50 15 0	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	6 13 4	...	...	...									
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Interpleader .....	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 0 0	...	...	...									
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Causes of Action not specified above .....	5	48 0 0	...	...	4	...	4	4	...	6 7 6	...	...	1									
<b>TOTALS .....</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>1,566 2 9</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>174 7 10</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>1</b>			<b>8</b>	<b>39</b>				

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. R. EDWARDS,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GRENFELL, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Results of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	20	263 12 0	8	...	11	...	11	10	1	18 15 0	...	.....	.....	1	Grenfell	1872. 27 May... 19 Aug... 20 Aug... 1873. 20 Jan....	...	5½ 1 1½ 6½			
Promissory Notes.....	5	95 6 0	1	...	3	...	3	2	1	4 0 0	...	.....	.....	1							
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	1							
Board and Lodging .....	6	97 7 0	2	...	3	...	3	2	1	3 0 0	...	.....	.....	1							
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Trover .....	3	185 0 0	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	20 5 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Breach of Contract .....	1	4 10 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 3 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	31 8 6	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 17 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	3	500 0 0	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	36 10 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Commission on Agency .....	2	95 5 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	2 2 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Money Lent .....	3	51 6 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	3 1 0	...	.....	.....	1							
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
TOTALS .....	45	1,328 14 6	12	...	29	...	29	23	6	88 13 6	...	.....	.....	4			1	13½			

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. F. PARKER,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BURROWA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Post-poned.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	19	136 15 10½	8	9	2	...	2	2	...	9 11 0	}	}	}	}	Burrowa	}	}	}	}	}	
Promissory Notes .....	5	18 7 0	1	2	2	...	2	2	...	3 1 6											
Rent .....	2	58 10 10	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 14 6											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 6 6											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money Lent .....	5	81 6 9	2	3	3	...	3	3	...	3 12 6											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	6	826 4 6	1	...	5	...	5	3	2	6 7 6											
<b>TOTALS</b> .....	<b>38</b>	<b>1,221 4 11½</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>25 13 6</b>										<b>1</b>	

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

WILLIAM E. WOTTON,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GUNDAGAI, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount Sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	16	334 3 7	8	...	8	...	8	8	...	43 9 6	}	}	}	}	Court House, Gundagai	}	}	}	}	}	
Promissory Notes.....	7	208 16 6	6	...	1	...	1	1	...	18 14 6											
Rent .....	2	20 2 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 1 0											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	3	123 18 0	2	...	1	...	1	...	1	15 10 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	100 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0											
Commission on Agency .....	1	40 19 3	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	15 0 0											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money Lent .....	1	5 16 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 0											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	2	58 14 1	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	7 15 0											
<b>TOTALS.....</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>892 9 11</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>102 16 0</b>						<b>5</b>	<b>4</b>				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

A. C. S. ROSE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at TUMUT, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	13	353 8 0	...	...	13	...	13	13	...	23 6 2											
Promissory Notes.....	6	125 3 9	2	...	4	...	4	4	...	8 2 0											
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	14 5 10											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	17 3 0								1	...		
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Breach of Contract.....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	11 8 6								...	...		
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	71 13 4	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	6 11 10								...	...		
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Money Lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Replevin.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...		
<b>TOTALS.....</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1,050 5 1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>80 17 4</b>											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

F. W. VYNER,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WAGGA WAGGA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.																																																																																												
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.																																																																																											
																	Days.	Hours.																																																																																														
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																																																																																																						
Goods Sold .....	42	519 4 0½	24	...	17	...	17	16	1	116 3 0	...	.....	.....	1	Wagga Wagga	1872. 17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																																																											
Promissory Notes.....	9	284 8 5	4	...	5	...	5	5	...	22 1 0	...	.....	.....	...								Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																																																				
Rent .....	5	314 17 6	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	28 16 0	...	.....	.....	...															Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																																													
Board and Lodging .....	2	82 5 6	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	4 14 2	...	.....	.....	...																						Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																																						
Trespass on Land.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																													Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																															
Trespass on Person.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																																				Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																								
Illegal Distrain	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																																											Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																	
Trover .....	3	200 0 0	1	...	2	...	2	1	1	22 12 0	...	.....	.....	...																																																		Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																										
Breach of Contract.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																																																									Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																			
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	7	107 18 9	1	...	2	...	2	1	1	24 14 4	...	.....	.....	...																																																																Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																												
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																																																																							Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																					
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																																																																														Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1														
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																																																																																					Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1							
Money Lent .....	3	48 12 0	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	7 3 2	...	.....	.....	...																																																																																												Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																																																																																																		
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																																																											
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...								Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																																																				
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...															Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																																													
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																						Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																																						
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																													Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																															
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...																																				Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	11	765 7 10	4	...	6	2	4	3	3	48 10 3	...	.....	.....	1																																											Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																																	
TOTALS .....	82	2,322 14 0½	38	...	42	2	40	35	7	274 13 11	...	.....	.....	2																																																		Wagga Wagga	17 June...	1	4	1	1	1																																										

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

EDWIN H. TOMPSON,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at ALBURY, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	49	1,013 11 7	30	...	19	...	19	16	3	46 17 11											
Promissory Notes.....	23	715 13 6	7	...	16	...	16	16	...	36 11 8											
Rent .....	1	12 10 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 10 6											
Board and Lodging.....	1	12 2 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	4 0 6											
Trespass on Land.....	1	120 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 3 0											
Trespass on Person.....	2	400 0 0	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	23 18 6											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	2	51 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 6 6											
Breach of Contract.....	2	116 19 2	...	...	2	2	...	2	...	22 17 8											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	14	608 12 1	5	...	9	1	8	8	1	112 7 10											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	2	42 11 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 3 6											
Sales of Live Stock.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money Lent .....	3	239 19 6	...	...	3	1	2	3	...	24 8 0											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	14	608 11 0	8	...	6	...	6	5	1	59 12 2											
TOTALS.....	114	3,941 9 10	55	...	59	5	54	54	5	335 17 9											

Albury ...

1872.  
 7 March... 7  
 8 " ... 8  
 9 " ... 9  
 10 " ... 7  
 22 June ... 3  
 24 " ... 10  
 11 Sept. ... 8  
 12 Sept. ... 8½  
 1873.  
 12 Feb. ... 7½  
 13 " ... 8½

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

H. S. ELLIOTT,  
 Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at COROWA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.					
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.						
																	Days.	Hours.								
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																
Goods Sold .....	6	118 3 9	1	...	4	...	4	4	...	6 6 8	...	...	...	Corowa ...	1872. 12 Mar. 25 June.	...	3									
Promissory Notes .....	3	99 15 7	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	5 0 0	...	...	...				...	4								
Rent .....	1	73 10 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	2 11 2	...	...	...													
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	5	159 3 6	1	...	4	1	3	4	...	4 19 8	...	...	...													
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Sales of Live Stock .....	1	25 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 15 2	...	...	...													
Money Lent .....	2	46 8 8	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	2 18 10	...	...	...													
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
TOTALS .....	18	522 1 6	3	...	14	1	13	12	2	21 11 6	...	...	...													

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

REGINALD HARE,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at DENILIQUN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without bearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	18	281 7 4	5	...	12	...	12	12	...	27 12 6	...	...	...	1	Deniliquin						
Promissory Notes .....	5	109 15 10	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 6 8	...	...	...	2							
Rent .....	4	83 17 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 5 0	...	...	...	3							
Board and Lodging .....	1	4 5 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Trespass on Land .....	2	50 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1							
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Trover .....	4	134 16 2	...	...	3	...	3	1	2	38 3 2	...	...	...	1							
Breach of Contract .....	1	35 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	9	201 15 1	2	...	6	...	6	5	1	34 11 6	...	...	...	1			1872:				
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			19 Mar....	1	6		
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			29 June...	1	2		
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			18 Sept...	1	1		
Money Lent .....	2	2 7 6	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 13 8	...	...	...	...			1873.				
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			19 Feb....	1	4		
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	8 16 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...							
<b>TOTALS.....</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>912 0 5</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>103 12 6</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>.....</b>	<b>10</b>							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—  
 J. A. BROUGHTON,  
 Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at HAY, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

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Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount Sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbitration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
Goods Sold .....	17	£ 513 11 2	9	...	5	...	5	4	1	54 8 2	...	...	...	3	Hay .....	1872. 28 March	1	2	...	...	
Promissory Notes .....	3	139 1 0	1	...	2	...	2	1	1	5 0 0	...	...	...								
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Board and Lodging .....	2	31 5 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 14 10	...	...	...								
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Illegal Distrain .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Trover .....	1	20 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	9 14 4	...	...	...								
Breach of Contract .....	2	60 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	27 4 0	...	...	...								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	11	480 10 6	6	...	5	...	5	4	1	63 12 10	...	...	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Money Lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Causes of Action, not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
<b>TOTALS</b> .....	<b>36</b>	<b>1,244 7 8</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>163 14 2</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>3</b>							

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

JOHN F. BLAKE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BALRANALD, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place; Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	3	61 2 6	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	6 5 6	}				Balranald {	1872. 3 April... 30 Sept.... 30 Sept....	}	4 1			
Promissory Notes.....	2	11 3 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 3 6											
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	200 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 2 6											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money Lent .....	1	8 0 0	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	0 8 6											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
<b>TOTALS.....</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>280 5 6</b>	<b>5</b>	...	...	...	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>9 0 0</b>										<b>5</b>	

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

R. B. MITCHELL,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WENTWORTH, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	1	5 2 8	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 8 0											
Promissory Notes .....	3	25 15 0	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	10 1 8											
Rent .....																					
Board and Lodging .....	4	176 1 2	...	...	4	...	4	4	...	12 7 8											
Trespass on Land .....																					
Trespass on Person .....																					
Illegal Distraint .....																					
Trover .....																					
Breach of Contract .....																					
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	181 10 5	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 14 4											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....																					
Commission on Agency .....																					
Sales of Live Stock .....																					
Money Lent .....																					
Partnership .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	15 4 10											
Interpleader .....																					
Intestacy .....																					
Legacy .....																					
Possession of Tenements .....																					
Replevin .....																					
Consent Jurisdiction .....																					
Causes of Action not specified above .....																					
TOTALS .....	10	488 9 3	2	...	8	...	8	7	1	41 16 6					Wentworth.	1872. 10 April and 5 Oct...	1 1				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. L. RICHARDSON,  
Registrar, District Court.

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A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at DUBBO, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.						
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.														
Goods Sold .....	9	412 6 11	3	...	6	1	5	4	2	59 15 2	...	6												
Promissory Notes .....	5	98 12 9	3	...	2	...	2	2	...	33 0 0	...	2												
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Illegal Distrain .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Trover .....	4	71 0 0	2	...	2	1	1	2	...	22 2 6	...	2												
Breach of Contract .....	2	75 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	24 0 0	...	2												
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	9	399 18 6	2	...	7	...	7	5	2	50 12 6	...	7												
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Commission on Agency .....	1	61 12 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	13 13 6	...	1												
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Money Lent .....	3	35 12 0	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	10 5 6	...	1												
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												
<b>TOTALS .....</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>1,154 2 8</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>213 9 2</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>21</b>												

Dubbo {  
 1872.  
 22 May ... 8  
 2 Aug ... 6  
 21 Nov ... 7  
 1873.  
 3 Feb ... 9

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

LUKE M'GUINN,  
 Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WELLINGTON, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	7	117 16 8	2	...	5	...	5	5	...	16 19 2					Wellington	1872. 27 May ... 1 4 8 Aug ... 1 4 25 Nov ... 1 1					
Promissory Notes .....	1	20 9 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	16 0											
Rent .....			...	...		...			...												
Board and Lodging .....			...	...		...			...												
Trespass on Land .....	1	25 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 14 8											
Trespass on Person .....			...	...		...															
Illegal Distraint .....			...	...		...															
Trover .....			...	...		...															
Breach of Contract .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	19 12 8											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....			...	...		...			...												
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....			...	...		...			...												
Commission on Agency .....			...	...		...			...												
Sales of Live Stock .....			...	...		...			...												
Money Lent .....			...	...		...			...												
Partnership .....			...	...		...			...												
Interpleader .....	1	32 12 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 9 6											
Intestacy .....			...	...		...			...												
Legacy .....			...	...		...			...												
Possession of Tenements .....			...	...		...			...												
Replevin .....			...	...		...			...												
Consent Jurisdiction .....			...	...		...			...												
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	8 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 6 6					1873. 7 Feb. ... 1 ... adjoined to 8 Feb. ... 1 6						
TOTALS .....	12	403 18 2	2	...	10	...	10	8	2	41 18 6											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

FRED. MARSH,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at ORANGE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Results of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.						
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.					
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																
Goods Sold .....	15	217 0 5	7	...	8	...	8	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	} Orange	1872.	31 May...	1	10								
Promissory Notes.....	10	162 1 7	3	...	7	...	7	7	.....	.....	.....	.....														
Rent .....	3	117 18 5	1	...	2	...	2	2	.....	.....	.....	.....														
Board and Lodging .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....														
Trespass on Land.....	4	212 16 7	1	...	3	1	2	3	14 5 0	.....	.....	.....														
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....														
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....														
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....														
Breach of Contract .....	2	38 16 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	6 12 6	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	6	142 10 8	2	...	3	...	3	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sales of Live Stock .....	2	24 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	10 12 0	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Money Lent .....	2	27 4 2	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 9 6	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Possession of Tenements.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....							
Causes of Action not specified above	1	8 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....							
TOTALS .....	46	1,152 7 10	16	...	29	2	27	22	7	35 19 0	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....						
																					4	31				

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. T. EVANS,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at FORBES, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	13	410 14 3	6	...	6	...	6	6	...	19 6 8	...	.....	.....	1	Forbes ... {	1872-73. 26 Aug.... 27 „ .... 22 Feb. ...	1 1 1	6¼ 3½ 3½			
Promissory Notes.....	1	13 17 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Rent .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Board and Lodging .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Land.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Illegal Distrainment .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Breach of Contract .....	2	227 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	25 18 10	...	.....	.....	...							
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	3	67 7 1	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	18 19 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	3	500 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	35 5 0	...	.....	.....	2							
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Money Lent .....	1	46 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 1 4	...	.....	.....	1							
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Possession of Tenements.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	5	340 0 0	3	...	2	...	2	1	1	32 12 6	...	.....	.....	...							
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	<b>28</b>	<b>1,604 18 4</b>	<b>12</b>	...	<b>12</b>	...	<b>12</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>138 3 4</b>	...	.....	.....	<b>4</b>							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

M. RUSSELL,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at CARCOAR, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	9	165 9 3	2	...	7	...	7	7	...	21 19 4											
Promissory Notes .....	5	118 5 0	2	...	3	...	3	2	1	11 3 4											
Rent .....	4	266 11 10	2	...	2	1	1	2	...	13 15 2											
Board and Lodging .....				...																	
Trespass on Land .....				...																	
Trespass on Person .....				...																	
Illegal Distraint .....				...																	
Trover .....	1	199 0 0	1	...						1 0 0											
Breach of Contract .....	1	30 0 0	1	...						1 7 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	23 4 4		...	1		1	1	...	1 5 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....				...																	
Commission on Agency .....				...																	
Sales of Live Stock .....				...																	
Money Lent .....				...																	
Partnership .....				...																	
Interpleader .....				...																	
Intestacy .....				...																	
Legacy .....				...																	
Possession of Tenements .....				...																	
Replevin .....				...																	
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...																	
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	3 15 0	1	...						0 10 6											
TOTALS .....	22	806 5 5	9	...	13	1	12	12	1	51 0 4											

Carcoar ..... { 1872.  
30 Aug.  
1873.  
1 Mar.....

2½

4

6½

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—  
EDW. J. C. NORTH,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BATHURST, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.						
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted							
																	Days.	Hours.									
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																	
Goods Sold .....	82	1,745 13 10	43	1	37	...	37	32	5	231 4 10	...	...	...	1	Bathurst	1872.											
Promissory Notes.....	58	2,055 14 5	20	...	37	...	37	36	1	141 7 4	...	...	...	1													
Rent .....	13	284 11 8	5	...	7	...	7	6	1	25 15 4	...	...	...	1													
Board and Lodging.....	3	58 19 6	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	15 6 2	...	...	...														
Trespass on Land.....	2	200 0 0	...	...	2	1	1	2	...	41 17 2	...	...	...														
Trespass on Person.....	1	60 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	14 16 2	...	...	...														
Illegal Distrainment .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
Trover .....	1	12 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 11 6	...	...	...														
Breach of Contract.....	15	1,472 3 9	8	...	7	2	5	3	4	151 17 6	...	...	...	1								2	2*				
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	16	759 19 9	7	...	8	1	7	6	2	118 13 8	...	...	...	1				March	3	4		2	2†				
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....	6	850 0 0	3	...	3	2	1	3	...	65 3 0	...	...	...					June	3	...							
Commission on Agency.....	1	13 3 2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 14 2	...	...	...					Sept.	9	3½							
Sales of Live Stock.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					Dec.	2	4½							
Money Lent.....	9	220 13 7	4	...	5	...	5	2	3	31 7 6	...	...	...														
Partnership.....	1	5 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 13 4	...	...	...														
Interpleader.....	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 1 0	...	...	...														
Intestacy.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
Legacy.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
Replevin.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...														
Causes of Action not specified above.....	11	279 16 5	2	...	8	...	8	7	1	36 3 11	...	...	...	1													
TOTALS.....	220	8,017 16 1	95	1	119	6	113	100	19	879 12 7	...	...	...	5													

\*That the Verdicts are against evidence.

†1 Absence of Defendant. 1 Verdict against evidence.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

L. F. LAYARD,  
Registrar, District Court.

A. RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MUDGEe, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.							
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.								
																	Days.	Hours.										
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																		
Goods Sold .....	67	1,724 4 0½	25	...	22	...	22	17	5	35 8 0	...	...	...	20	Mudgee	1872. March 20 to 26... June 19 to 20... Sept. 18 to 22... Dec. 18 to 20...	6	40	3	1	1							
Promissory Notes.....	26	861 1 11½	14	...	11	...	11	11	...	15 9 6	...	...	...	1								1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rent .....	6	169 19 1	2	1	2	1	1	2	...	4 0 0	...	...	...	1								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Board and Lodging .....	1	11 5 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 0	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trespass on Land.....	1	200 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	...	...	1								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trespass on Person .....	1	100 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Illegal Distrain .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trover .....	4	330 0 0	1	...	2	2	2	2	...	3 10 0	...	...	...	1								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Breach of Contract .....	5	403 0 0	3	...	2	1	1	2	...	4 0 0	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	12	764 5 3	3	...	9	5	4	1	8	9 0 0	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	6	1,100 0 0	3	...	3	3	...	2	1	6 0 0	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Money Lent .....	11	440 0 10	5	...	4	...	4	3	1	7 6 0	...	...	...	2								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interpleader .....	1	10 7 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	54	3,309 2 2½	18	...	30	10	20	15	15	46 12 0	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	2							
TOTALS .....	195	9,423 6 4½	76	1	86	22	64	56	30	133 15 6	...	...	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	11							

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

GEORGE LEARY,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at HARTLEY, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.							
	Com- menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi- tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend- ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.								
																	Days.	Hours.										
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																		
Goods Sold .....	2	25 16 1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 15 0	...	.....	.....	.....	Hartley ... {	1872. 2 April. 1 Oct.	1	1	1	1	1							
Promissory Notes .....	1	50 12 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 3 6	...	.....	.....	.....								1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Board and Lodging.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trespass on Land.....	1	3 1 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 3 6	...	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Breach of Contract.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	1	24 17 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 0	...	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1 6 0	...	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Money Lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
Causes of Action not specified above.....	2	3 13 3	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	4 3 6	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							
TOTALS .....	8	208 0 10	2	...	5	1	4	3	2	8 1 6	...	.....	.....	.....	1	...	...	...	...	...	1							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

District Registry Office,  
Hartley, 31 March, 1873.

ALEX. LUMSDAINE,  
Deputy Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BOURKE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....																					
Promissory Notes.....	2	17 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 11 6											
Rent .....																					
Board and Lodging.....																					
Trespass on Land.....	1	200 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0											
Trespass on Person .....																					
Illegal Distraint .....																					
Trover .....																					
Breach of Contract .....	1	55 0 0		...	1	...	1	...	1	1 5 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	177 12 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	3 7 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	200 0 0		...	1	1	...	1	...	5 3 6											
Commission on Agency .....	1	32 16 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 6											
Sales of Live Stock .....	1	30 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 11 6											
Money Lent .....	2	91 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	3 6 6											
Partnership .....																					
Interpleader .....																					
Intestacy .....																					
Legacy .....																					
Possession of Tenements.....																					
Replevin .....																					
Consent Jurisdiction .....																					
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	25 0 0		...	1	...	1	...	1	2 14 0											
<b>TOTALS.....</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>828 8 0</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>22 19 6</b>											

Bourke ... { 1872.  
10 May ...  
13 " ...  
8 " ... 11 8 5 min.

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

H. C. BOBART,  
Registrar, District Court, Bourke.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MUSWELLBROOK, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Results of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders Affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	17	191 8 6	6	...	11	...	11	9	2	18 18 6					Muswellbrook						
Promissory Notes .....	7	80 7 9	2	...	5	1	4	4	1	5 7 4											
Rent .....				...																	
Board and Lodging .....	2	28 12 6	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	7 17 0											
Trespass on Land .....				...																	
Trespass on Person .....				...																	
Illegal Distraint .....				...																	
Trover .....				...																	
Breach of Contract .....				...																	
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	32 1 2	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	19 16 0							1872.				
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....				...													22 April...				
Commission on Agency .....				...													8 June...				
Sales of Live Stock .....				...																	
Money Lent .....	2	12 4 10	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 1 0							1873.				
Partnership .....				...													7 Jan. ....				
Interpleader .....				...																	
Intestacy .....				...																	
Legacy .....				...																	
Possession of Tenements .....				...																	
Replevin .....				...																	
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...																	
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	42 14 3		...	1	...	1	...	1	2 13 8											
TOTALS .....	34	387 9 0	13	...	21	1	20	17	4	55 13 6										3½	

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

T. FOLEY,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MURRURUNDI, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.														
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.															
																	Days.	Hours.																	
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																									
Goods Sold .....	31	253 4 8	12	...	18	...	18	18	...	43 14 6	...	...	...	1	Murrur- undi	1872. 26 April 13 July	...	6 4	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Promissory Notes .....	14	119 18 10	4	...	10	...	10	10	...	12 5 6	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Board and Lodging .....	1	65 17 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	8 15 4	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trespass on Land .....	2	35 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 14 8	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trespass on Person .....	3	160 0 0	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	20 18 4	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trover .....	1	10 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 0	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	43 1 10	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	14 0 0	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	26 4 8	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Money Lent .....	4	41 15 9	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	3 17 0	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Partnership .....	1	125 15 4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 6	...	...	...	...											...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Causes of Action not specified above.....	2	206 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	22 12 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
TOTALS .....	63	1,260 13 11	23	...	39	1	38	37	2	155 8 10	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

G. G. BRODIE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at TAMWORTH, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.						
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.														
Goods Sold .....	14	259 1 10	8	...	6	...	6	5	1	26 19 4														
Promissory Notes.....	4	87 4 5	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	2 10 6														
Rent .....	1	12 8 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	11 4 10														
Board and Lodging .....			...	...		...																		
Trespass on Land.....	2	300 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	54 1 8														
Trespass on Person .....	3	450 0 0	1	...	2	1	1	...	2	30 15 2														
Illegal Distrain			...	...		...																		
Trover .....	1	35 0 0	1	...		...				1 0 0														
Breach of Contract.....	1	25 0 0	1	...		...				0 10 0														
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	1	16 11 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 6 4														
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	2	200 0 0	2	...		...				2 0 0														
Commission on Agency			...	...		...																		
Sales of Live Stock .....			...	...		...																		
Money Lent .....			...	...		...																		
Partnership .....			...	...		...																		
Interpleader .....	1	50 0 0	1	...		...																		
Intestacy .....			...	...		...																		
Legacy .....			...	...		...																		
Possession of Tenements.....			...	...		...																		
Replevin .....			...	...		...																		
Consent Jurisdiction .....			...	...		...																		
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	150 0 0	3	...		...				0 15 0														
TOTALS .....	33	1,585 5 9	18	...	15	1	14	12	3	133 2 10														

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

JNO. M'DONALD,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at ARMIDALE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.																																																																																									
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.																																																																																								
																	Days.	Hours.																																																																																											
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																																																																																																			
Goods Sold .....	18	441 5 8½	10	...	8	...	8	4	4	9 16 6	...	...	...	} Armidale.. {	} 1872. 25 July ...	} ...	} 2½	} ...	} ...																																																																																										
Promissory Notes.....	4	108 3 6	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	3 4 6	...	...	...							} 1873. 24 Jan. ...	} ...	} 1½	} ...	} ...																																																																																					
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...												} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																																																
Board and Lodging.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																																											
Trespass on Land.....	1	10 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 0	...	...	...																						} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																																						
Trespass on Person.....	1	200 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 5 6	...	...	...																											} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																																	
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																												
Trover .....	4	489 0 0	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	3 19 6	...	...	2																																					} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																							
Breach of Contract.....	3	135 0 0	1	...	2	...	2	1	1	2 13 6	...	...	...																																										} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																		
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	7	401 5 11	2	1	4	...	4	1	3	6 19 0	...	...	...																																															} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																													
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	200 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 2 0	...	...	...																																																				} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																								
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																									} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																			
Sales of Live Stock.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																														} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																														
Money Lent.....	1	10 3 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 10 0	...	...	...																																																																			} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																									
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																								} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																				
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																													} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...															
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																																		} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...										
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																																							} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...					
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																																												} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																																																
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																																																											
Causes of Action not specified above.....	1	2 11 3	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 6 6	...	...	...						} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																																																						
TOTALS.....	41	1,997 9 10½	18	2	19	...	19	10	9	30 3 0	...	...	2											} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...	} ...																																																																																	

48

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

ROB. I. PERROTT,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GLEN INNES, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

41-D

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	22	554 14 7	7	...	10	...	10	9	1	5 19 2	...	...	...	5	Glen Innes	1872. 1 Aug. and 1 Feb. 1 Aug. 1 Feb.	2 1 1				
Promissory Notes .....	2	57 12 2	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	18 9 6	...	...	...								
Rent .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Board and Lodging .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Trespass on Land .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1		1	3 7 6	...	...	...								
Trespass on Person .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Illegal Distraint .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Trover .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Breach of Contract .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	12 17 0	1	...		...				0 7 6	...	...	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Commission on Agency .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Sales of Live Stock .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Money Lent .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Partnership .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Interpleader .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Intestacy .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Legacy .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Possession of Tenements .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Replevin .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
Causes of Action not specified above .....			...	...		...					...	...	...								
TOTALS .....	26	825 3 9	8	...	13	...	13	10	3	28 3 8	...	...	...	5							

These cases were continued.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

GEORGE MARTIN,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at TENTERFIELD, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted		
																	Days.	Hours.					
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.													
Goods Sold .....	12	306 15 11	6	...	6	...	6	6	...	9 7 0	...	.....	.....	1	Tenterfield...	1872. 6 Aug... 1873. 4 Feb...	...	...	1	1	*		
Promissory Notes .....	5	188 13 6	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	5 1 0	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Board and Lodging .....	1	10 1 5	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 10 6	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Breach of Contract.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	4	81 8 11	1	...	2	...	2	1	1	3 12 6	...	.....	.....	1			...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Money Lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Interpleader .....	1	One horse	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
TOTALS .....	23	586 19 9	9	...	12	...	12	7	5	18 11 0	...	.....	.....	2	...	...	3	1	1	...	...		

\* Notice of set-off brought forward by defendant at the last moment not having been served on plaintiff.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—  
 G. W. F. ADDISON,  
*pro* Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GRAFTON, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.				
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.					
																	Days.	Hours.							
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.															
Goods Sold .....	45	707 16 3	20	1	18	...	18	15	3	95 17 6	...	...	...	6	Grafton ...	1872. 10 June... 2 Sept.... 1873. — Feb. ...	2	7	1	4					
Promissory Notes.....	31	801 10 9	7	...	20	...	20	20	...	83 17 4	...	...	...	4											
Rent .....	4	28 5 0	1	...	3	...	3	2	1	3 15 2	...	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging .....	1	46 15 2	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 0 6	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	1	25 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	6 0 0	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....	4	58 15 3	1	...	3	...	3	1	2	2 13 6	...	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	10	246 16 1	4	...	5	...	5	5	...	18 19 4	...	...	...	1											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money Lent .....	5	54 6 10	2	...	2	...	2	...	2	1 0 6	...	...	...	1											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
TOTALS .....	101	1,969 5 4	35	1	53	...	53	44	9	213 3 10	...	...	...	12											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

JAMES PAGE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at CASINO, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount Sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.		
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods Sold .....	6	85 14 9	3	...	3	...	3	3	...	2 8 0	...	...	...	Casino ...	1873. 10 Feb. ....	...	3					
Promissory Notes.....	14	302 13 0	5	...	9	...	9	9	...	8 11 6	...	...	...									
Rent .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Board and Lodging .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Trespass on Land .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Trespass on Person .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Illegal Distraint .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Trover .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Breach of Contract .....	1	31 0 0		...	1	...	1	1	...	1 0 0	...	...	...									
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	1	43 15 6	1	...		...			...	1 0 0	...	...	...									
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	2	300 0 0		...	1	...	1	1	...	2 7 0	...	...	1									
Commission on Agency .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Sales of Live Stock .....	4	69 9 11	1	...	3	...	3	2	...	2 6 0	...	...	...									
Money Lent .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Partnership .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Interpleader .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Intestacy .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Legacy .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Possession of Tenements.....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Replevin .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...		...			...		...	...	...									
Causes of Action not specified above .....	5	46 18 1		...	4	...	4	3	...	1 19 0	...	...	1									
TOTALS.....	33	879 11 3	10	...	21	...	21	18	...	19 11 6	...	...	2									

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

H. STRATFORD,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at PORT MACQUARIE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.		
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration..		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.			
																	Days.	Hours.					
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.													
Goods Sold .....	8	110 6 6	2	...	6	...	6	6	...	15 12 10													
Promissory Notes .....	1	18 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6													
Rent .....	3	48 0 0	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 9 6													
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Trover .....	1	14 10 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 3 0													
Breach of Contract .....	1	118 5 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 16 6													
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	1	40 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 16 6													
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 10 0													
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Money Lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
TOTALS.....	16	549 1 6	9	...	7	...	7	7	...	24 14 10								4½	2	1			Former verdict against law there being no contract. New trial refused.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. P. ORMISTON,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WEST KEMPSEY, MACLEAY RIVER, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Results of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	23	508 0 3	6	...	17	...	17	15	2	26 13 2	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	}	}
Promissory Notes.....	10	217 7 7	2	...	8	...	8	8	...	13 18 8											
Rent .....	5	56 15 0	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	4 7 2											
Board and Lodging .....				...																	
Trespass on Land .....	2	60 0 0	1	...	1	1	...	1	...												
Trespass on Person .....				...																	
Illegal Distrain .....				...																	
Trover .....	1	50 0 0		...	1	...	1	...	1												
Breach of Contract .....				...																	
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	6	93 14 8		1	5	...	5	3	2	12 3 4											
Libel, Slander, and Défamation	4	550 0 0		...	4	1	3	1	3	40 0 0											
Commission on Agency .....				...																	
Sales of Live Stock .....				...																	
Money Lent .....	1	32 15 10	1	...																	
Partnership .....				...																	
Interpleader .....				...																	
Intestacy .....				...																	
Legacy .....				...																	
Possession of Tenements.....				...																	
Replevin .....				...																	
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...																	
Causes of Action not specified above .....				...																	
<b>TOTALS .....</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>1,568 13 4</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>97 2 4</b>											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. B. CASEY,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WINGHAM, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods Sold .....	4	35 3 1	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	4 11 0											
Promissory Notes.....	7	157 5 2	2	...	5	...	5	4	1	8 19 4											
Rent .....	1	24 10 3	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 0 6											
Board and Lodging.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract.....	4	333 7 3	1	2	1	...	1	1	...	12 7 4											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	1	10 0 4	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 10 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock.....	1	6 5 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 11 0											
Money Lent.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader.....	4	...	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	6 4 6											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	12 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 16 6											
<b>TOTALS .....</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>578 11 1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>...</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>35 0 2</b>						<b>2</b>	<b>7½</b>				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

District Court, Wingham,  
1 March, 1873.

JASPER CREAGH,  
Registrar, District Court.

55



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at SCONE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1873, as required by the 103rd-section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.					
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.						
																	Days.	Hours.								
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																
Goods Sold .....	21	134 17 3	10		11		11	10	1	12 12 0																
Promissory Notes.....	1	26 0 0			1		1		1	0 12 0																
Rent .....	1	20 0 0			1		1		1	0 12 0																
Board and Lodging.....	1	2 10 0								0 7 0																
Trespass on Land.....	1	100 0 0	1							1 8 0																
Trespass on Person .....																										
Illegal Distraint .....																										
Trover .....																										
Breach of Contract.....	1	14 1 6			1		1		1	1 10 0																
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	1	25 12 8			1		1	1	1	1 7 6																
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....																										
Commission on Agency .....																										
Sales of Live Stock.....																										
Money Lent .....																										
Partnership .....																										
Interpleader .....																										
Intestacy .....																										
Legacy .....																										
Possession of Tenements.....																										
Replevin .....																										
Consent Jurisdiction .....																										
Causes of Action not specified above.....																										
TOTALS.....	27	323 1 5	11		15		15	11	4	18 8 6				1												

Scone..... {  
 1872.  
 24 April... 1 6  
 11 July... 1 2  
 1873.  
 9 Jan. ... 1 2

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. T. WILSHIRE,  
 Registrar, District Court.





1873-4.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## DISTRICT COURTS ACT OF 1858.

(RETURNS UNDER.)

Presented to Parliament, pursuant to Act 22 Vict., No. 18, sec. 103.

*RETURNS under 103rd section of "District Courts Act of 1858," 22 Vict., No. 18.*

## METROPOLITAN AND COAST DISTRICT.

SYDNEY.  
 CAMPBELLTOWN.  
 WINDSOR.  
 PARRAMATTA.

PENRITH.  
 NEWCASTLE.  
 MATTLAND.  
 SINGLETON.

## SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

WOLLONGONG.  
 KIAMA.  
 NOWRA.  
 GOULBURN.  
 BURROWA.  
 YASS.  
 QUEANBEYAN.  
 COOMA.  
 BOMBALA.

EDEN.  
 BEGA.  
 BRAIDWOOD.  
 MORUYA.  
 BERRIMA.  
 HARTLEY.  
 MUDGEE.  
 ULLADULLA.

## SOUTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.

YOUNG.  
 GRENFELL.  
 GUNDAGAL.  
 TUMUT.  
 WAGGA WAGGA.  
 ALBURY.

COROWA.  
 DENILQUIN.  
 HAY.  
 BALRANALD.  
 WENTWORTH.

## WESTERN DISTRICT.

DUBBO.  
 WELLINGTON.  
 ORANGE.  
 FORBES.

CARCOAR.  
 BATHURST.  
 HILL END.  
 BOURKE.

## NORTHERN DISTRICT.

MUSCLEBROOK.  
 SCONE.  
 MURRURUNDI.  
 NARRABRI.  
 TAMWORTH.  
 ARMIDALE.  
 GLEN INNES.

TENTERFIELD.  
 INVERELL. (No Return)  
 GRAFTON.  
 CASINO.  
 WINGHAM.  
 PORT MACQUARIE.  
 KEMPSEY.



OF 1858—(22 Victoria, No. 18.)

DISTRICT COURT, holden at Sydney, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st March, 1874, as required of the said Act.

Number of Suits commenced.			Result.		Number of Cases left in Arrear.	Number of Cases tried by Jury.	Settled by Arbitration.	Number of Cases tried without a Jury.
Commenced.	Settled without hearing.	Tried.	In favour of Plaintiff.	In favour of Defendant, including Nonsuits.				
5,405	2,150	3,255	2,850	405	Nil.	9	Nil.	3,244
Amount sued for.	Rehearing of Cases of Judgment by default, in consequence of Defendant's absence.	Number of Motions for New Trial.	Number of New Trials granted.	The grounds upon which such New Trials were granted.	Number of Appeals.	Number of Interpleader Suits.	Number of Issues from the Supreme Court.	
£ s. d. 56,551 7 1	13	23	4	1, against evidence. 2, against law and evidence, and surprise. 3, surprise. 4, surprise and against evidence.	7	19	10	

required by the said Act, so far as I am able to set forth the same,—

ALEX. C. MAXWELL,  
Registrar.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at CAMPBELLTOWN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New-Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Good sold .....	13	200 6 5	8	...	5	...	...	5	...	26 17 2					Campbell-town...	1873. 15 Aug. ....	3				
Promissory Notes .....	2	32 5 7	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	6 5 0											
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	1	50 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 14 0											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	2	8 10 0	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	6 16 6											
Breach of Contract .....	1	43 17 8	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7 9 6											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	2	5 12 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 17 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	3	119 9 5	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	19 1 6											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money lent .....	4	109 13 8	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 10 0											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	103 10 0	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	19 19 0											
Totals .....	31	673 4 9	17	...	13	...	...	9	5	97 9 8										5½	

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

H. ARKELL SMITH,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WINDSOR, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted	
	Com- menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing	Arbi- tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend- ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.		
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods sold .....	29	266 11 9	16	...	11	...	11	11	...	20 10 1	...	11	.....	2	Windsor...							
Promissory Notes .....	3	30 15 6	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	4 0 10	...	3	.....	...								
Rent .....	6	84 13 6	2	...	4	...	4	4	...	3 7 6	...	4	.....	...								
Board and Lodging .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Trespass on Land .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Breach of Contract .....	2	28 19 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	6 4 8	...	2	.....	...								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	2	53 15 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	14 19 10	...	2	.....	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Sales of Live Stock .....	3	80 0 0	...	...	3	1	2	2	1	15 5 0	...	3	.....	...								
Money lent .....	4	35 14 0	...	...	4	...	4	3	1	8 14 0	...	4	.....	...								
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	69 3 9	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	3 7 6	...	2	.....	1								
Totals .....	52	649 12 6	18	...	31	1	30	25	6	76 9 5	...	31	.....	3								

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. H. THOMAS,  
Registrar, District Court, Windsor.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at PARRAMATTA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration..		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	64	718 5 5	20	1	38	1	37	25	13	32 9 0	...	.....	.....	} Parramatta	1873. 12 May ... 27 Oct. ...	...	2 3½	...	...		
Promissory Notes .....	11	120 11 2	6	...	5	...	5	4	1	5 0 0	...	.....	.....								
Rent .....	3	35 18 4	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	1 7 0	...	.....	.....								
Board and Lodging .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Trespass on Land .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Breach of Contract .....	2	28 9 9	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 1 0	...	.....	.....								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	5	50 9 6	3	...	2	...	2	1	1	1 14 6	...	.....	.....								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	30 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 3 0	...	.....	.....								
Commission on Agency .....	1	6 4 4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	0 7 6	...	.....	.....								
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Money lent .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Interpleader .....	1	27 12 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	9	308 12 0	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	5 13 0	...	.....	.....								
Totals .....	97	1,326 3 0	34	2	51	1	50	35	16	48 15 0	...	.....	.....	10	1874. 23 Feb. ...	...	5	...	...		
																1	4½				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

GEORGE LANGLEY,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at PENRITH, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.					
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for new Trials.	New Trials granted.						
																	Days.	Hours.								
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																
Goods sold.....	40	163 18 3	20	...	20	...	...	19	1	9 14 0				Penrith .....	1873. 16 May 16 Oct.	...	3½									
Promissory Notes .....	1	1 5 0	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	0 3 6								...	5							
Rent .....	6	42 14 0	3	...	3	...	...	2	1	1 16 6								...								
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...								
Trespass on Land .....	4	65 10 0	1	...	3	...	...	1	2	1 9 6								...								
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...								
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...							...									
Trover .....	1	1 17 6	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	0 9 6							...									
Breach of Contract .....	5	58 19 2	2	...	3	...	...	1	2	1 18 6							...									
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	5	23 5 6	1	...	4	...	...	2	2	1 7 6							...									
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	20 0 0	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	0 10 0							...									
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							...									
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							...									
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							...									
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							...									
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							...									
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						...										
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						...										
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						...										
Replevin.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						...										
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						...										
Causes of Action not specified above .....	23	43 16 0	14	...	9	...	...	6	3	4 18 0						...										
Totals .....	86	426 5 5	41	...	45	...	...	33	12	22 7 0						...										

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. K. CLEEVE, JUN.,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at NEWCASTLE, during the twelve months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders Affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	168	1,492 12 10	64	...	104	...	104	99	5	190 15 10	...	.....	.....	.....	Newcastle ...	1873. 3 Mar. 1 8 4 " 1 6 5 " 1 2 9 June 1 7 10 " 1 5 1 Sept. 1 7 2 " 1 2 1 Dec. 1 6					
Promissory Notes .....	7	302 4 1	3	...	4	...	4	4	4	28 8 2	...	.....	.....	.....							
Rent .....	4	62 15 0	...	...	4	...	4	1	3	22 15 4	...	.....	.....	.....							
Board and Lodging .....	3	14 18 10	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	1 4 6	...	.....	.....	.....							
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Trespass on Person .....	3	260 0 0	1	...	2	2	...	2	...	21 0 8	...	.....	.....	.....							
Illegal Distrain .....	1	30 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	8 2 10	...	.....	.....	.....							
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Breach of Contract .....	11	1,642 0 0	3	...	8	1	7	3	5	95 5 0	...	.....	.....	.....							
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	10	95 17 2	6	...	3	...	3	2	1	13 10 4	...	.....	.....	.....							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	4	290 0 0	2	...	2	1	1	2	...	36 3 8	...	.....	.....	.....							
Commission on Agency .....	2	69 10 7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 19 6	...	.....	.....	.....							
Sales of Live Stock .....	1	11 11 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	5 4 2	...	.....	.....	.....							
Money lent .....	3	30 2 4	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	6 14 0	...	.....	.....	.....							
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	7	347 19 0	1	...	6	...	6	3	3	36 2 6	...	.....	.....	.....							
Totals .....	224	4,649 11 4	84	...	139	4	135	121	18	469 6 6	...	.....	.....	.....	1	8	43				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act.

GEORGE F. SCOTT,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MANTLAND, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

639-B

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
Goods sold .....	71	£ 771 8 10½	37	...	34	...	34	31	3	£ 119 14 2	...										
Promissory Notes .....	28	634 8 6	16	...	12	...	12	12	...	56 11 7	...										
Rent .....	1	20 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	8 4 10	...										
Cheque .....	1	7 11 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 7 0	...										
Trespass on Land .....	4	176 10 0	2	...	2	...	2	1	1	20 19 10	...										
Trespass on Person—False Im-prisonment .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	23 17 2	...										
Illegal Distraint .....	4	210 10 0	3	...	1	...	1	...	1	34 7 10	...										
Trover .....	5	132 10 0	...	...	5	...	5	3	2	61 12 8	...										
Breach of Contract .....	8	214 17 8	5	...	3	...	3	3	...	22 9 4	...										
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	240 0 0	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 7 0	...										
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Sales of Live Stock .....	2	115 11 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	14 6 10	...										
Money lent .....	5	112 0 0	1	...	4	...	4	3	1	16 17 0	...										
Partnership .....	3	600 0 0	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	33 16 0	1										
Detinue .....	3	22 8 7	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 2 0	...										
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Assault .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Attorney's Costs .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Totals .....	139	3,457 15 7½	70	...	69	...	69	57	12	416 13 3	1										

1873.  
 { March ... 3  
 June ... 1  
 Sept. ... 1  
 Dec. ... 2

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

F. H. STEPHEN,  
 Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at SINGLETON, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.						Days.	Hours.				
Goods sold .....	8	163 13 2	7	...	1	...	1	...	1	36 2 4	...	...	...	Singleton ...	1873. { 19 Mar. 17 Sept.	1	3 7½				
Promissory Notes .....	2	68 5 8	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	7 10 4	...	...	...								
Rent .....	5	80 12 3	3	...	2	...	2	...	2	8 6 10	...	...	...								
Board and Lodging .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Trespass on Land .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Trespass on Person .....	3	260 0 0		...	3	...	3	...	3	26 10 0	...	...	...								
Illegal Distraint .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Trover .....	1	50 0 0		...	1	...	1	...	1	4 11 10	...	...	...								
Breach of Contract .....	3	150 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	13 8 0	...	...	...								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	13 2 8		...	1	...	1	...	1	3 17 4	...	...	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Commission on Agency .....	1	10 0 0		...	1	...	1	...	1	0 11 6	...	...	...								
Sales of Live Stock .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Money lent .....	1	7 6 11		...	1	...	1	...	1	0 8 6	...	...	...								
Partnership .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Interpleader .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Intestacy .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Legacy .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Possession of Tenements .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Replevin .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...		...		...			...	...	...								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	5	262 9 1	3	...	2	...	2	...	2	48 10 0	...	...	...								
Totals .....	30	1,065 9 9	15	...	14	...	14	...	8	6	149 16 8	...	...	1		1	10½				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

WM. DUDDING,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at KIAMA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sitings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Gold sold .....	10	115 15 1½	9	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 1 0	}	}	}	}	Kiama ...	}	1873.	}	}	}	
Promissory Notes .....	5	158 7 5	4	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 18 3											
Rent .....	1	10 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	1	15 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	2	30 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	23 6 1	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	7 9 8											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	30 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money lent .....	1	27 10 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	4	53 1 10	1	...	3	...	3	2	1	4 10 4											
Totals .....	26	463 0 5½	18	...	8	...	8	4	4	14 19 3	...	6h. 40m.									

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

HENRY CONNELL, JUNR.,  
Registrar, District Court.

Court House, Kiama, 23rd March, 1874.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at NOWRA (SHOALHAVEN), during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.						
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.														
Goods sold .....	4	37 6 6	1	...	3	...	3	2	1	3 1 0	...	.....	.....	.....	Nowra	1873. 27 May ... 19 Aug. ... 1874. 7 Jan. ...	5 10 3 50 6 5	...	...	Surprise.				
Promissory Notes .....	8	142 17 1	7	...	1	...	1	1	...	8 18 0	...	.....	.....	.....				1	1					
Rent .....	3	57 17 0	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	1 17 0	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Trespass on Land .....	3	101 0 0	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	4 1 0	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Trespass on Person .....	1	30 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 4 6	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Trover .....	2	11 10 0	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	1 7 6	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Breach of Contract .....	7	257 9 0	...	...	6	...	6	2	4	6 6 6	...	.....	.....	.....				1	1					
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	4	168 7 7	...	...	4	...	4	2	2	3 13 6	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....				...	...					
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...								
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...								
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...								
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...								
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	...	...								
Totals.....	32	806 7 2	8	...	23	...	23	12	11	30 9 0	...	.....	.....	1	...	15 5	1	1						

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. LOVEGROVE,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GOULBURN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	29	404 1 9	11	...	18	...	18	17	1	12 18 4	...	...	...	Goulburn	1873. 5 June ... 28 Aug ... 29 Aug ...	1 1 ...	...	3			
Promissory Notes .....	10	235 18 1	2	...	8	...	8	8	...	10 17 4	...	...	...								
Rent .....	1	16 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Trespass on Land .....	10	480 0 0	4	...	6	1	5	5	1	...	...	...	...								
Trespass on Person .....	1	20 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...								
Illegal Distrain .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Trover .....	3	70 0 0	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...								
Breach of Contract .....	3	100 0 0	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	5	79 9 3	3	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	2	100 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...								
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Money lent .....	6	111 16 0	1	...	5	...	4	1	...	2 10 8	...	...	...								
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Possession of Tenements .....	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...								
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	8	429 19 10	3	1	3	...	3	2	1	12 0 0	...	...	...	1	1874. 25 Jan. ... 26 Jan. ...	1 ...	...	6			
Totals .....	79	2,046 14 11	28	1	49	1	43	45	4	38 1 4	...	...	...	1							4

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

F. R. L. ROSSI,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BURROWA, during the twelve months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.		
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods sold .....	7	43 8 7	4	...	3	...	3	3	...	3 19 0	...	.....	.....	.....	Burrowa	1873. 5 May ... 4 Aug. ....	4	1				
Promissory Notes .....	6	309 4 4	2	...	4	...	4	4	...	5 6 6	...	.....	.....	.....								
Rent .....	2	80 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	2 9 0	...	.....	.....	.....								
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Trespass on Land .....	2	120 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1*	2 2 0	...	.....	.....	.....								
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation..	1	200 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 12 6	...	.....	.....	.....			1874. 30 Jan. ....					
Commission on Agency .....	1	13 17 10	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 12 6	...	.....	.....	.....								
Sales of Live Stock .....	1	18 6 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 16 0	...	.....	.....	.....								
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....								
Totals .....	20	784 16 9	7	...	13	...	13	11	2†	16 17 6	...	.....	.....	.....						10		

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

WILLIAM J. E. WOTTON,  
Registrar, District Court.

\* No jurisdiction.

† Including 1 no jurisdiction.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at YASS, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The number of Suits		Settled.		The number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.					
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.						
																	Days.	Hours.								
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																
Goods sold.....	23	421 14 8	6	...	17	...	17	16	1	12 6 0	...	.....	.....	.....	Yass	1873.										
Promissory Notes.....	5	108 12 8	3	...	2	...	2	2	...	2 12 0	...	.....	.....	.....												
Rent.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Board and Lodging.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Trespass on Land.....	11	1,175 0 0	2	...	9	1	8	9	...	16 5 6	...	.....	.....	.....												
Trespass on Person.....	1	30 0 0	1	...		...				0 10 0	...	.....	.....	.....												
Illegal Distraint.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Trover.....	4	47 0 0		...	4	...	4	3	1	1 12 0	...	.....	.....	.....												
Breach of Contract.....	9	190 14 0	1	...	8	...	8	2	6	7 1 0	...	.....	.....	.....												
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	38 2 6	2	...		...				1 0 0	...	.....	.....	.....												
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....	2	400 0 0	1	...	1	...	1		1	2 3 0	...	.....	.....	.....												
Commission on Agency.....	2	26 17 6	1	...	1	...	1		1	0 18 0	...	.....	.....	.....												
Sales of Live Stock.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Money lent.....	2	20 9 2	1	...	1	...	1	1		1 1 0	...	.....	.....	.....												
Partnership.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Interpleader.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Intestacy.....	1	200 0 0		...	1	...	1	1		1 5 0	1	1	.....	.....												
Legacy.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Possession of Tenements.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Replevin.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Consent Jurisdiction.....				...		...					...	.....	.....	.....												
Causes of Action not specified above.....	6	286 4 8	1	...	5	1	4	5	...	6 5 6	2	2	.....	.....												
Totals.....	68	2,944 15 2	19	...	49	2	47	39	10	52 19 0	3	3	.....	.....							4	33½				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

District Court Office,  
Yass, 7 February, 1874.

LEOPOLD YATES,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at QUEANBEYAN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com- menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi- tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend- ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	13	116 18 0	8	...	4	...	4	4	...	21 19 6											
Promissory Notes .....	3	55 0 6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 0 0											
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging .....	1	41 8 8	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 0 0											
Trespass on Land .....	2	32 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	6 0 0											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	1	15 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	2 0 0											
Breach of Contract .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	7 0 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	5	83 9 11	1	...	4	...	4	...	4	4 9 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Life Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	4	506 0 0	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	23 6 2											
Totals .....	30	949 17 1	14	...	15	1	14	9	6	76 15 2				1	Queanbeyan	1873. 14 June... 6 Sept... 1874. 9 Feb....	5 0½ 2½				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

O. WILLANS,  
Registrar, District Court.

A. RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at COOMA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	25	508 9 9	15	...	10	...	10	9	1	13 9 0											
Promissory Notes.....	15	507 5 4	8	...	7	...	7	7	...	9 6 6											
Rent .....	1	12 8 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 10 0											
Board and Lodging .....				...																	
Trespass on Land .....	8	795 0 0	3	...	5	2	3	4	1	7 10 0											
Trespass on Person .....				...																	
Illegal Distraint .....				...																	
Trover .....				...																	
Breach of Contract .....	3	130 0 0	1	...	2	1	1	...	2	2 0 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	4	370 0 0	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	3 10 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	9	673 0 0	6	...	3	1	2	3	...	6 18 0											
Commission on Agency .....				...																	
Sales of Live Stock .....				...																	
Money lent .....				...																	
Partnership .....				...																	
Interpleader .....				...																	
Intestacy .....				...																	
Legacy .....				...																	
Possession of Tenements.....				...																	
Replevin.....				...																	
Consent Jurisdiction.....				...																	
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	147 15 9	1	...	2	...	2	1	1	2 0 0											
Totals .....	68	3,143 19 4	37	...	31	4	27	26	5	45 3 6											

Cooma ...  
 1874.  
 20 June... 1  
 12 Sept... 1  
 1874.  
 14 Feb. ... 1

18

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

S: ROBINSON,  
 Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BOMBALA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.					
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued-for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.							
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.															
Goods sold.....	16	273 14 2½	6	...	10	...	10	9	1	36 7 2					Bombala...	1873. 24 June... 23 Sept....	3 0¼								
Promissory Notes .....	5	60 8 3	...	...	5	...	5	5	...	16 6 6															
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Illegal Distrainment .....	1	20 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 11 0															
Trover .....	2	33 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	4 10 2															
Breach of Contract .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	5 15 0															
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	4	80 3 0	1	...	3	...	3	2	1	13 10 0															
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Money lent.....	1	5 1 4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 6 6															
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Replevin.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...															
Causes of Action not specified above .....	4	37 5 10	1	...	3	...	3	1	2	1 13 0															
Totals.....	34	609 12 7½	11	...	23	...	23	19	4	78 19 4															

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

Bombala, 31 March, 1874.

JAMES GILES,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at EDEN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits-		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Good sold .....	7	71 9 7	4	...	3	...	3	3	...	3 15 0	...	3									
Promissory Notes .....	1	12 8 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 10 0	...	...									
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	116 9 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	5 19 0	...	1									
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									
Totals .....	9	200 6 7	5	...	4	...	4	4	...	10 4 0	...	4			Eden .....	1873. 19 Sept....	...	4			
																1874. 25 Feb....	...	0½			
																		4¼			

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

C. D. HAYS,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BEGA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	3	130 9 3	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	7 9 4											
Promissory Notes .....	2	31 1 2	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 6 4											
Rent .....	2	58 3 2	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	4 5 6											
Board and Lodging .....																					
Trespass on Land .....																					
Trespass on Person .....																					
Illegal Distraint .....																					
Trover .....																					
Breach of Contract .....																					
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	221 5 4	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	8 11 4											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 19 8											
Commission on Agency .....																					
Sales of Live Stock .....																					
Money lent .....	1	11 0 0	1	...						1 19 2											
Partnership .....																					
Interpleader .....																					
Intestacy .....																					
Legacy .....																					
Possession of Tenements .....																					
Replevin .....																					
Consent Jurisdiction .....																					
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	93 0 0	1	2						8 18 10											
Totals .....	15	644 18 11	7	3	5	...	5	5	...	36 10 2											

Bega ..... }  
 1873. }  
 17 Sept.... } 1  
 1874. }  
 28 Feb.... } 1

For defendant to have an opportunity of examining a witness who is unavoidably absent.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

JOHN DAVIS,  
 Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BRAIDWOOD, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	26	676 18 1	11	...	15	...	15	15	...	16 8 0	...										
Promissory Notes .....	4	209 3 0	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	12 0 0	...										
Rent .....	1	17 8 9	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 9 6	...										
Board and Lodging .....	3	18 7 6	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 0 0	...										
Trespass on Land .....	9	592 0 0	3	...	6	1	5	3	3	62 12 6	1										
Trespass on Person .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	19 0 0	...										
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Trover .....	7	158 17 0	...	...	7	...	7	3	4	33 0 0	...										
Breach of Contract .....	2	31 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	13 0 0	...										
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	6	124 16 3	3	...	3	...	3	3	...	12 0 0	...										
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	15 0 0	...										
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Money lent .....	1	10 17 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 17 6	...										
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...										
Totals.....	61	2,139 7 7	22	...	39	3	36	31	8	190 7 6	1										

Braidwood {  
1873.  
12 March. } 1 5  
7 July ... } 2 14  
8 " ... }  
6 Oct. ... } 1 6

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

RALPH CLEMENGER,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court, holden at ΜΟΡΥΙΑ, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
Goods sold .....	4	£ s. d. 55 18 9	...	...	4	...	4	4	...	£ s. d. 2 15 6											
Promissory Notes .....	2	41 7 2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 7 0											
Rent .....																					
Board and Lodging .....																					
Trespass on Land .....	1	15 0 0			1		1	1		1 6 6											
Trespass on Person .....																					
Illegal Distrainment .....																					
Trover .....																					
Breach of Contract .....																					
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	72 11 0	2		1		1	1		3 7 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	25 0 0			1		1	1		1 3 0											
Commission on Agency .....																					
Sales of Live Stock .....																					
Money lent .....																					
Partnership .....																					
Interpleader .....																					
Intestacy .....																					
Legacy .....																					
Possession of Tenements .....																					
Replevin .....																					
Consent Jurisdiction .....																					
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	3 10 0	1							0 10 0											
Totals .....	12	213 6 11	5		7		7	6	1	10 9 6											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. STEWART CASWELL,  
Registrar, District Court.

ARETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BERRIMA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits. £ s. d.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	4	37 16 2	...	...	4	...	4	3	1	1 13 0											
Promissory Notes.....	3	88 5 2½	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	7 2 0											
Rent.....			...	...		...															
Board and Lodging.....			...	...		...															
Trespass on Land.....	2	80 0 0	2	...		...				1 11 6											
Trespass on Person.....			...	...		...															
Illegal Distraint.....			...	...		...															
Trover.....			...	...		...															
Breach of Contract.....			...	...		...															
Wages, Work, and Labour.....			...	...		...															
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....			...	...		...															
Commission on Agency.....			...	...		...															
Sales of Live Stock.....			...	...		...															
Money lent.....			...	...		...															
Partnership.....			...	...		...															
Interpleader.....			...	...		...															
Intestacy.....			...	...		...															
Legacy.....			...	...		...															
Possession of Tenements.....			...	...		...															
Replevin.....			...	...		...															
Consent Jurisdiction.....			...	...		...															
Causes of Action not specified above.....			...	...		...															
Totals.....	9	206 1 4½	2	...	7	...	7	6	1	10 6 6					Berrima...	1873. 27 March 16 Oct. ...	1	2			

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

F. R. WILSHIRE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at HARTLEY, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

639-D

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	1	2 16 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 8 6											
Promissory Notes .....	2	80 6 6	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 10 9											
Rent .....	1	10 10 8	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 15 6											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	1	1 4 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 9 0											
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	13 8 9	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 10 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	1	20 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 15 0											
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Réplevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Totals .....	7	128 5 11	1	...	6	...	6	4	2	5 9 3										1½	

Hartley ... {  
1873.  
1 April...  
2 Oct. ....

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

THOMAS H. NEALE,  
Registrar, District Court.

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A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MUDGEE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.					
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.				
																	Days.	Hours.							
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.															
Goods sold .....	46	1,088 11 8	32	...	13	2	11	12	1	23 15 0	...	.....	.....	1	Mudgee...	1873.									
Promissory Notes .....	18	821 12 9	10	...	8	...	8	8	...	11 13 6	...	.....	.....	...											
Rent .....	2	60 13 4	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	1 10 0	...	.....	.....	...											
Board and Lodging .....	2	30 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 0 0	...	.....	.....	...											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	1	50 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	.....	.....	1							21 Mar. to 26 Mar.	3	3½		
Trover .....	4	107 1 9	...	...	4	...	4	2	2	2 0 0	...	.....	.....	...											
Breach of Contract .....	4	270 0 0	1	...	2	1	1	2	...	2 10 0	...	.....	.....	1							20 June to 25 June	3	2¼		
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	19	610 11 5	3	1	15	2	13	11	4	11 6 0	...	.....	.....	...											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	14	2,460 0 0	3	...	11	11	...	5	6	13 0 0	...	.....	.....	...							19 Sept. to 23 Sept.	3	1		
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							19 Dec. to 22 Dec.	2	4		
Money lent .....	5	102 2 5	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	2 6 0	...	.....	.....	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Interpleader .....	3	96 0 0	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	30	1,392 5 8	16	...	14	4	10	8	6	19 0 0	...	.....	.....	...											
Totals .....	148	7,038 19 0	70	1	74	20	54	54	20	89 0 6	...	.....	.....	3											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—  
 GEORGE LEARY,  
 Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at ULLADULLA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....																					
Promissory Notes .....																					
Rent.....																					
Board and Lodging .....																					
Trespass on Land .....																					
Trespass on Person .....																					
Illegal Dstraint .....																					
Trover .....																					
Breach of Contract .....																					
Wages, Work, and Labour ..										Nil.											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation																					
Commission on Agency .....																					
Sales of Live Stock .....																					
Money lent .....																					
Partnership .....																					
Interpleader .....																					
Intestacy .....																					
Legacy .....																					
Possession of Tenements .....																					
Replevin .....																					
Consent Jurisdiction .....																					
Causes of Action not specified above .....																					
Totals.....																					

(Time limited by proclamation for establishment of Court expired on 23rd February, 1874 only.)

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. V. WAREHAM,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at YOUNG, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.					
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.						
																	Days.	Hours.								
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																
Goods sold .....	14	328.11 9	4	...	8	...	8	8	...	29 12 8	...	...	...	} Young												
Promissory Notes .....	6	65 9 6	1	...	5	...	5	4	1	3 5 8	...	...	...													
Rent .....	1	54 5 9	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	17 13 10	...	...	...													
Board and Lodging .....	5	470 0 0	2	...	3	...	3	2	1	40 11 0	...	...	...													
Trespass on Land .....	2	230 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	36 19 10	...	...	...													
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Illegal Distrainment .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Breach of Contract .....	1	8 4 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 6 0	...	...	...													
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	7	295 4 10	3	...	4	...	4	2	2	29 12 8	...	...	...													
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	100 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	...	...													
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Money lent .....	1	19 13 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 8 2	...	...	...													
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Interpleader .....	1	42 4 4	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	16 17 4	...	...	...													
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													
Causes of Action not specified above .....	4	36 1 0	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	7 7 0	...	...	...													
Totals .....	43	1,649 14 2	13	...	28	...	28	23	5	184 14 2	...	...	...	2												

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. R. EDWARDS,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GRENFELL, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for new Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	26	322 2 9	6	1	19	...	19	19	...	33 1 3											
Promissory Notes .....	2	29 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 10 0											
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging .....	5	68 9 0	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	8 6 6											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	2	30 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 6 6											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	1	11 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 15 0											
Breach of Contract .....	1	96 5 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	14 4 10											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	6	129 6 0	1	...	5	...	5	2	3	11 10 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	2	300 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	7 17 6											
Commission on Agency .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	26 0 0											
Sales of Live Stock .....	2	20 10 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 17 0											
Money lent .....	1	10 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 18 0											
Partnership .....	1	165 10 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	22 5 10											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	6	54 11 9	1	...	5	...	5	3	2	5 10 0											
Totals .....	56	1,436 14 6	14	1	41	2	39	33	8	135 2 11											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. F. PARKER,  
Registrar, District Court.



A. RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GUNDAGAI, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	19	390 5 2	11	...	8	...	8	8	...	36 0 0	...	...	...	Court House, Gundagai	1873. 20 May ... 19 Aug. ... 1874. 27 Jan. ...	1 2 2	11 ...				
Promissory Notes .....	5	138 4 8	...	...	5	...	5	4	1	18 10 0	...	...	...								
Rent .....	1	45 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 3 0	...	...	...								
Board and Lodging .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	18 0 0	...	...	...								
Trespass on Land .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	15 15 0	...	...	...								
Trespass on Person .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...								
Illegal Distraint .....	2	40 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	12 0 6	...	...	...								
Trover .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	7 7 0	...	...	...								
Breach of Contract .....	1	27 19 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 17 6	...	...	...								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Money lent .....	3	57 0 0	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	5 14 0	...	...	...								
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Totals.....	34	998 8 10	12	...	22	...	22	18	4	120 7 0	...	...	...	5	11						

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

A. C. S. ROSE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at TUMUT, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.		
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders Affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods sold.....	23	538 4 3	8	1	14	...	14	14	...	56 17 4	...	.....	.....	.....	Tumut	1873. 23 May 21 Aug.	1	...	.....			
Promissory Notes.....	10	242 0 0	1	...	9	...	9	9	...	19 12 0	...	.....	.....	.....				1	...	.....		
Rent.....	2	45 6 8	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	5 18 6	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Board and Lodging.....	1	31 1 8	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 11 10	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Trespass on Land.....	2	250 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 3 8	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Trespass on Person.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Illegal Distraint.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Trover.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Breach of Contract.....	4	154 5 0	...	...	4	...	4	2	2	6 7 2	...	.....	.....	.....				1874. 30 Jan. 31 "	1	...	.....	
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	34 12 4	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	5 12 4	...	.....	.....	.....						1	...	2
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Commission on Agency.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Sales of Live Stock.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Money lent.....	1	28 19 7	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 11 10	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Partnership.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....						.....		
Interpleader.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....				.....				
Intestacy.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....				.....				
Legacy.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....				.....				
Possession of Tenements.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....				.....				
Replevin.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....				.....				
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....				.....				
Causes of Action not specified above.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....				.....				
Totals.....	45	1,324 9 6	13	1	31	...	31	26	5	100 14 8	...	.....	.....	.....				3	2			

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

F. W. VYNER,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WAGGA WAGGA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases.			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	24	336 15 11	12		11	...	11	11	...	49 11 6	...	.....	.....	1	Wagga Wagga	1873. 27 May ... 26 Aug ... 1874. 7 Feb. ...	2 1 1 4	...	4	8	
Promissory Notes .....	6	259 7 7	5		1	...	1	1	...	13 16 8	...	.....	.....	...							
Rent .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Board and Lodging .....	4	69 19 0	2		1	...	1	1	...	7 2 8	...	.....	.....	1							
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Illegal Distrainment .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Trover .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Breach of Contract .....	2	243 16 10	...		2	2	...	2	...	25 1 2	...	.....	.....	...							
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	33 9 8	2		1	...	1	1	...	3 4 4	...	.....	.....	...							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	200 0 0	...		1	1	...	1	...	31 13 2	...	.....	.....	...							
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Money lent .....	1	30 0 0	...		1	1	...	1	...	15 14 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Partnership .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Interpleader .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Intestacy .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Legacy .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Replevin .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	14	622 12 3	8		6	1	5	3	3	83 12 4	...	.....	.....	...							
Totals .....	55	1,796 1 3	29		24	5	19	20	4	229 16 4	...	.....	.....	2							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

EDWIN H. TOMPSON,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at ALBURY, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

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Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.							
	Com-menced	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders Affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.								
																	Days.	Hours.										
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																		
Goods sold.....	37	701 6 2	17	...	17	...	17	30	4	88 15 0	...	.....	.....	3	Albury .....	1873. 3 June	...	7										
Promissory Notes .....	20	756 9 7	12	...	8	...	8	20	...	46 6 0	...	.....	.....	...			4 "	...	9									
Rent .....	1	13 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	None filed	...	.....	.....	...			5 "	...	2									
Board and Lodging .....	1	29 19 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	do	...	.....	.....	...			2 Sept	...	...									
Trespass on Land .....	3	600 0 0	...	...	3	3	...	2	1	88 18 6	...	.....	.....	...			3 "	...	...									
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			4 "	...	9									
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...			5 "	...	3½									
Trover .....	4	75 16 0	1	...	2	1	...	2	1	13 4 2	...	.....	.....	1			1874.	16 Feb...	...	8½								
Breach of Contract .....	3	150 0 0	2	...	1	...	1	1	2	42 5 2	...	.....	.....	...				17 "	...	9½								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	9	147 9 10	5	...	3	...	3	8	...	19 17 10	...	.....	.....	...				18 "	...	8½								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	2	400 0 0	...	...	2	1	...	1	2	24 15 10	...	.....	.....	...				19 "	...	9								
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...				20 "	...	6								
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...														
Money lent .....	6	269 11 11	2	...	2	...	2	4	...	33 7 5	...	.....	.....	2														
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...														
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...														
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...														
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...														
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...														
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...														
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...														
Causes of Action not specified above .....	7	313 6 6	2	...	4	1	3	3	3	52 11 4	...	.....	.....	1														
Totals .....	93	3,456 19 0	42	...	43	6	37	72	13	410 1 3	...	.....	.....	8			72											

33.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

EDWARD BROWN,  
Registrar, District Court.

A. RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at COROWA, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for new Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	9	90 15 1	3	...	6	...	6	6	...	5 3 6											
Promissory Notes.....	2	56 3 4	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 12 6											
Rent.....				...		...			...												
Board and Lodging.....	1	14 6 6		...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 6											
Trespass on Land.....				...		...			...												
Trespass on Person.....				...		...			...												
Illegal Distrainment.....				...		...			...												
Trover.....				...		...			...												
Breach of Contract.....	2	34 16 6	1	...		...			...	1 7 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	1	30 0 0		...	1	...	1		1	0 10 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....				...		...			...												
Commission on Agency.....				...		...			...												
Sales of Live Stock.....				...		...			...												
Money lent.....				...		...			...												
Partnership.....				...		...			...												
Interpleader.....				...		...			...												
Intestacy.....				...		...			...												
Legacy.....				...		...			...												
Possession of Tenements.....				...		...			...												
Replevin.....				...		...			...												
Consent Jurisdiction.....				...		...			...												
Causes of Action not specified above.....				...		...			...												
Totals.....	15	226 1 5	5	...	9	...	9	8	1	9 4 0			1	Corowa.....	1873. 16 June 5 Sept.	2 1	...				
															1874. 21 Feb.	...	2				
																3	2				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

REGINALD HARE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at DENILIQVIN, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	6	29 5 6	4	..	1	...	1	1	...	0 17 0	...	.....	.....	1	Deniliquin						
Promissory Notes .....	2	44 17 0	2	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Rent .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Board and Lodging .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Land .....	3	35 0 0	2	..	1	...	1	1	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Illegal Distrainment .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Trover .....	3	62 0 0	...	..	3	...	3	1	2	53 10 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Breach of Contract .....	3	135 0 0	1	..	2	...	2	...	2	14 0 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	62 5 0	2	..	1	...	1	...	1	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Money lent .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	57 4 6	3	..	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Totals.....	23	425 12 0	14	..	8	...	8	3	5	68 7 0	...	.....	.....	1							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. A. BROUGHTON,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at HAY, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.														
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.															
																	Days.	Hours.																	
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																									
Goods sold.....	31	682 13 0½	17	...	13	...	13	13	...	113 1 10	...	.....	.....	1	Hay .....	1873. 26 Feb. 27 " " 16 Sept. 17 " "	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...											
Promissory Notes .....	5	145 4 9	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	14 9 4	...	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rent .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Board and Lodging .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trespass on Land .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trespass on Person .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	23 4 4	...	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trover .....	1	12 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 6 0	...	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Breach of Contract .....	1	20 8 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 18 2	...	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	13 11 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 10 0	...	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	26 13 2	...	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Money lent .....	1	24 10 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 0 2	...	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....											.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....										
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....										
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....										
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....										
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....										
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....										
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	3 3 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 14 4	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....										
Totals .....	43	1,201 10 5½	20	...	21	1	20	20	1	133 17 4	...	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....										

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

Hay, 23rd January, 1874.

JOHN F. BLAKE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BALRANALD, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Mo ions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	2	.....	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Promissory Notes.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Rent.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Board and Lodging.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Trespass on Land.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Trespass on Person.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Illegal Distraint.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Trover.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Breach of Contract.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....	1	.....	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Commission on Agency.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Sales of Life Stock.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Money lent.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Partnership.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Interpleader.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Intestacy.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Legacy.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Possession of Tenements.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Replevin.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Causes of Action not specified above.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											
Totals.....	3	.....	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

R. B. MITCHELL,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WENTWORTH, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.		
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods sold .....	3	106 11 6	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	13 6 8	}				Wentworth	1873. 14 March and 29 Sept ...						
Promissory Notes .....	5	78 4 11	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	27 13 4												
Rent .....																						
Board and Lodging .....	2	24 13 6			2		2	2		6 10 6												
Trespass on Land .....																						
Trespass on Person .....	1	50 0 0	1							6 13 10												
Illegal Distraint .....																						
Trover .....	1	10 10 0			1		1	1		4 18 2												
Breach of Contract .....																						
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	2	34 8 0	1		1		1	1		7 12 6												
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....																						
Commission on Agency .....	1	2 2 0			1		1		1	0 5 6												
Sales of Live Stock .....																						
Money lent .....	1	6 9 6			1		1	1		0 8 0												
Partnership .....																						
Interpleader .....	1	14 11 0					1		1	0 6 6												
Intestacy .....																						
Legacy .....																						
Possession of Tenements .....																						
Replevin .....																						
Consent Jurisdiction .....																						
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	23 0 0			1		1	1		2 14 8												
Totals .....	18	350 10 5	5		12	1	12	12	1	70 9 8							2					

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. L. RICHARDSON,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at DUBBO, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	18	436 12 6	11	...	7	...	7	5	2	70 10 6											
Promissory Notes .....	8	189 5 2	3	...	5	...	5	5	...	20 0 0											
Rent .....				...		...															
Board and Lodging .....				...		...															
Trespass on Land .....				...		...															
Trespass on Person .....	3	468 7 0		...	3	2	1		3	28 7 6											
Illegal Distraint .....				...		...															
Trover .....	5	160 10 0	3	...	2	...	2	2	...	25 0 0											
Breach of Contract .....	2	108 10 4	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	16 0 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	6	176 6 0	1	...	5	1	4	5	...	22 10 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....				...		...															
Commission on Agency .....				...		...															
Sales of Live Stock .....				...		...															
Money lent .....	6	178 5 8	2	...	4	...	4	4	...	30 10 0											
Partnership .....				...		...															
Interpleader .....				...		...															
Intestacy .....				...		...															
Legacy .....				...		...															
Possession of Tenements .....				...		...															
Replevin .....				...		...															
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...		...															
Causes of Action not specified above .....				...		...															
Totals .....	48	1,717 16 6	21	...	27	3	24	22	5	212 18 0					Dubbo	1873. 19 May 4 Aug. 19 Nov. 1874. 7 Feb.	1 1 1 2				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

LUKE M'GUINN,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WELLINGTON, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	5	85 1 11	1	...	4	...	4	4	...	6 1 10	...	.....	.....	Wellington	1873. 23 May ... 24 Nov. ...	1 1	4 4				
Promissory Notes.....	2	30 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 6 4	...	.....	.....								
Rent .....	1	25 1 6	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	18 9 4	...	.....	.....								
Board and Lodging .....	1	3 9 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 4 0	...	.....	.....								
Trespass on Land .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Breach of Contract .....	1	30 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 10 6	...	.....	1								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	4	117 13 6	...	...	4	...	4	2	2	27 10 8	...	.....	.....								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Money lent .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Possession of Tenements.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Replevin.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	2	110 13 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 1 4	...	.....	.....								
Totals .....	16	401 18 11	4	...	11	1	10	9	2	63 4 0	...	.....	1			3	14				

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

FRED. MARSH,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at ORANGE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

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Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.		
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods sold .....	16	278 10 7	12	...	3	...	3	3	...	.....	...	.....	.....	1	Orange ...	1873.	...	...	...	...		
Promissory Notes .....	5	69 17 0	2	...	3	...	3	3	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Rent .....	2	24 15 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		2 June...	1	3	...	...	...	
Board and Lodging .....	1	7 1 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Trespass on Land .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 11 0	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4 13 6	...	.....	.....	...		18 Aug...	1	5	...	...	...	
Breach of Contract .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	5	96 5 9	2	...	3	...	3	1	2	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		29 Nov...	1	6	...	...	...	
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 16 0	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Money lent .....	1	20 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...		.....	...	...	...	...	...	
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 1 0	...	.....	.....	...	1874.	...	...	...	...	...		
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	18 Feb...	2	13	1	1	Against evi- dence and weight of evidence.		
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...		
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...		
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...		
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...		
Causes of Action not specified above .....	2	50 6 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...		
Totals .....	34	946 9 4	18	...	15	...	15	11	4	.....	...	.....	.....	1	.....	5	27	1	1	.....		

41.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

W. T. EVANS,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at FORBES, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes, under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com- menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi- tration.	Tried	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend- ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	7	254 3 2	6	...	1	...	1	1	...	16 8 0											
Promissory Notes .....	3	113 0 0	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0 10											
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....	1	72 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	7 16 10											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	2	300 0 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	19 7 8											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession, of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	2	200 0 0	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	16 0 10											
Totals .....	15	939 3 2	10	...	5	1	4	4	1	65 14 2										6½	

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

STEPHEN FREEMAN,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at CARCOAR, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Good sold .....	4	83 5 8	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	11 6 10	...	...	...	Carcoar ...	1873. 1 March... 30 Aug....	4 1½					
Promissory Notes .....	2	47 3 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	8 15 4	...	...	...								
Rent .....	3	241 9 4½	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	10 17 8	...	...	...								
Board and Lodging .....	1	13 16 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 6	...	...	...								
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Breach of Contract .....	2	110 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 17 0	...	...	1								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	13 0 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	5 12 8	...	...	...								
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...								
Money lent .....	1	21 16 8	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	0 10 6	...	...	...								
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	2	202 15 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 10 6	...	...	...								
Totals .....	16	733 6 8½	6	...	9	...	9	9	...	42 1 0	...	...	1	...	...	5½	...	...	...		

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

EDW. J. C. NORTH,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BATHURST, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled:		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.		
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.				
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.												
Goods sold .....	109	1,837 4 2	49	...	55	...	55	52	3	315 8 6	...	...	...	5	Bathurst	1873. 10 Mar.... 9 June... 8 Sept... 8 Dec....	5	...	1			
Promissory Notes .....	37	739 18 11	12	...	23	...	23	23	...	109 17 0	...	...	...	2					...	...	...	
Rent .....	9	403 4 0	3	...	6	...	6	6	...	36 9 10	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Board and Lodging .....	6	229 18 4	4	...	2	...	2	2	...	35 10 6	...	...	...	...					...	...	1	
Trespass on Land .....	5	400 0 0	4	...	1	...	1	1	...	19 12 10	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Trover .....	2	31 19 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	16 10 4	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Breach of Contract .....	9	669 10 0	4	...	5	...	5	3	2	123 11 7	...	...	...	...					...	...	2	
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	25	802 9 2	10	...	14	...	14	10	4	165 15 4	...	...	...	1					...	...	1	
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	4	500 0 0	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 19 6	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Sales of Live Stock .....	4	74 17 6	1	...	3	...	3	3	...	4 11 11	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Money lent .....	10	268 16 9	4	1	5	...	5	3	2	34 17 8	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...			
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...			
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...			
Causes of Action not specified above .....	18	617 10 6	7	...	11	...	11	5	6	127 12 6	...	...	...	...			...	...	...			
Totals .....	238	6,575 8 4	103	1	126	...	126	108	18	997 17 5	...	...	...	8			10	0 $\frac{1}{4}$	5			

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

L. F. LAYARD,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at HILL END, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	36	607 19 5	8	...	18	...	18	17	1	21 11 4	...	.....	.....	10	Hill End ...	1873. Aug. ....	1				
Promissory Notes .....	2	38 4 5	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 2 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Rent .....	1	6 15 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 6 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Board and Lodging .....	3	159 4 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	2 10 0	...	.....	.....	1							
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Person .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1 2 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	19	492 4 1	4	...	12	1	11	9	3	11 14 4	...	.....	.....	3							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Money lent .....	1	27 5 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Possession of Tenements .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 1 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	50 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 0 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Totals .....	65	1,781 12 5	13	...	38	2	36	33	5	40 18 8	...	.....	.....	14							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

ALFRED HEATHCOTE, V.C.,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at BOURKE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.	
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	3	116 5 0½	2	...	1	...	1	1	...	9 1 0									1		
Promissory Notes .....																					
Rent .....																					
Board and Lodging .....	1	15 6 0	1	...		...			...	0 10 0											
Trespass on Land .....	1	200 0 0	1	...		...			...	1 10 0											
Trespass on Person .....																					
Illegal Distrainment .....																					
Trover .....																					
Breach of Contract .....	2	215 0 0		1	1	1			1	4 6 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....																					
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....																					
Commission on Agency .....																					
Sales of Live Stock .....																					
Money lent.....	1	160 0 0	1	...		...			...	1 0 0											
Partnership .....																					
Interpleader .....																					
Intestacy .....																					
Legacy .....																					
Possession of Tenements .....																					
Replevin.....																					
Consent Jurisdiction.....																					
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	170 0 0	1	...		...			...	4 1 0											
Totals.....	9	876 11 0½	6	1	2	1	1	1	1	20 8 0									1		

Bourke ... { 1873.  
7 May ...  
7 Nov. ...

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

H. C. BOBART,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MUSWELLBROOK, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874; as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	56	484 10 5	11	...	45	...	45	18	27	43 2 5	}				Muswell- brook ...						
Promissory Notes .....	2	39 8 0	...	...	2	...	2	1	1	9 6 10											
Rent .....	1	10 4 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	1	0 18 6											
Board and Lodging .....			...	...		...															
Trespass on Land .....			...	...		...															
Trespass on Person .....			...	...		...															
Illegal Distraint .....			...	...		...															
Trover .....			...	...		...															
Breach of Contract .....			...	...		...															
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	52 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 0 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation. ....			...	...		...															
Commission on Agency .....			...	...		...															
Sales of Live Stock .....			...	...		...															
Money lent .....			...	...		...															
Partnership .....			...	...		...															
Interpleader .....			...	...		...															
Intestacy .....			...	...		...															
Legacy .....			...	...		...															
Possession of Tenements .....			...	...		...															
Replevin .....			...	...		...															
Consent Jurisdiction .....			...	...		...															
Causes of Action not specified above .....	2	2 6 10	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 8 0											
Totals .....	62	588 9 3	12	...	50	...	50	21	29	54 15 9											5½

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

T. FOLEY,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at SCONE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	5	50 2 5	3	...	2	...	2	2	...	3 2 0					Scone.....						
Promissory Notes .....	1	2 8 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 7 4											
Rent .....	1	2 10 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 7 0											
Board and Lodging .....	1	2 10 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 7 0											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....	2	25 13 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	2 4 6											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	10 12 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 13 4											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Egacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Totals .....	10	91 5 11	7	...	3	...	3	2	1	6 14 2											

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. T. WILSHIRE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at MURURUNDI, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.																																																																																											
	Com- menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi- tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend- ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.																																																																																										
																	Days.	Hours.																																																																																													
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.																																																																																																					
Goods sold .....	39	350 13 7	19	2	15	...	15	15	...	33 8 2	...	.....	.....	} Murru- rundi ...	}																																																																																																
Promissory Notes.....	11	133 5 1	4	...	7	...	7	7	...	13 18 2	...	.....	.....								}	}																																																																																									
Rent .....	1	7 4 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 11 6	...	.....	.....															}	}																																																																																		
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																						}	}																																																																											
Trespass on Land .....	1	44 8 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	6 15 2	...	.....	.....																													}	}																																																																				
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																																				}	}																																																													
Illegal Distrain't .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																																											}	}																																																						
Trover .....	2	160 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 8 0	...	.....	.....																																																		}	}																																															
Breach of Contract .....	2	90 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 17 0	...	.....	.....																																																									}	}																																								
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	10	106 9 4	4	...	6	...	6	6	...	5 10 4	...	.....	.....																																																																}	}																																	
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	3	600 0 0	...	...	3	3	...	1	2	32 15 6	...	.....	.....																																																																							}	}																										
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																																																																														}	}																			
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																																																																																					}	}												
Money lent .....	1	7 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 19 6	...	.....	.....																																																																																												}	}					
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																																																																																																		
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	}	}																																																																																																
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....								}	}																																																																																									
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....															}	}																																																																																		
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																						}	}																																																																											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																													}	}																																																																				
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....																																				}	}																																																													
Causes of Action not specified above .....	1	23 5 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 12 0	...	.....	.....																																											}	}																																																						
Totals .....	71	1,522 5 0	32	2	34	3	31	31	3	97 15 4	...	.....	.....																																																		3	...	15½	...	...	...	...																																										

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

G. G. BRODIE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at NARRABRI, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration:		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	3	39 17 4	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	1 16 6											
Promissory Notes .....	1	40 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 0 6											
Rent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....	1	21 12 2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 10 6											
Trover .....	1	15 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	0 10 6											
Breach of Contract .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	2	51 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	1 10 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	2	20 19 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 17 0											
Totals .....	10	188 8 6	3	...	7	...	7	5	2	6 5 0										2½	

50

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

C. E. SMITH,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at TAMWORTH, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	33	488 11 1	20	...	9	...	9	9	...	48 4 2	...	.....	.....	4	Tamworth						
Promissory Notes .....	10	186 3 1	5	...	5	...	5	5	...	20 19 6	...	.....	.....								
Rent .....	2	42 8 0	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	26 4 6	...	.....	.....								
Board and Lodging .....	1	33 5 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2 0 0	...	.....	.....								
Trespass on Land .....	6	1,200 0 0	...	...	6	6	...	4	2	188 17 4	...	.....	.....								
Trespass on Person .....	2	400 0 0	...	...	2	2	...	...	2	45 15 4	...	.....	.....								
Illegal Distraint .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	20 6 10	...	.....	.....								
Trover .....	1	25 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	6 12 2	...	.....	.....								
Breach of Contract .....	4	206 15 9	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	50 12 6	...	.....	.....	1			1873.				
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	7	256 3 7	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 13 4	...	.....	.....				18 July ...	1	7		
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.	3	400 0 0	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	56 0 4	...	.....	.....				22 " ...	1	5		
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....				23 " ...	1	4		
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Money lent .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....								
Causes of Action not specified above .....	2	36 0 0	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 5 0	...	.....	.....								
Totals .....	72	3,474 7 0	33	...	33	9	24	25	8	427 11 0	...	.....	.....	6							
																	4	23			

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. MACDONALD,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at ARMIDALE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	43	631 14 7	25	...	17	...	17	17	...	28 10 0	...	.....	.....	1	Armidale	{	1873.	25 July ...	2		
Promissory Notes .....	19	506 15 0½	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 11 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Rent .....	1	12 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	0 10 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Board and Lodging .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Land .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Person .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Trover .....	5	614 0 0	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	2 14 0	...	.....	.....	1							
Breach of Contract .....	2	230 8 6	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 1 0	...	.....	.....	1							
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	8	232 6 11½	2	2	3	...	3	3	...	5 1 0	...	.....	.....	1							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Money lent .....	5	63 14 4	4	...	1	...	1	1	...	2 6 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...							
Totals .....	83	2,340 19 5½	50	7	23	...	23	22	1	55 14 0	...	.....	.....	3							6

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I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

SYDNEY BLYTHE,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GLEN INNES, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes-under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.				
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted.					
																	Days.	Hours.							
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.															
Goods sold.....	13	187 0 3	8	...	3	...	3	2	1	9 0 2	...	.....	.....	Glen Innes	1872. August ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Promissory Notes .....	2	58 2 2	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	17 8 4	...	.....	.....												
Rent .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Board and Lodging .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Trespass on Land .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Trespass on Person .....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1 3 0	...	.....	.....												
Illegal Distraint .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Trover .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Breach of Contract .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Libel, Slander, and Defamation. ....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Commission on Agency .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Money lent .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Partnership .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Interpleader .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Intestacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Legacy .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Possession of Tenements .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Replevin .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....												
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	150 0 0	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	5 1 6	...	.....	.....												
Totals.....	19	595 2 5	8	...	9	...	5	4	5	32 13 0	...	.....	.....	2											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

GEORGE MARTIN,  
Registrar, District Court.



A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at TENTERFIELD, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.			
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for new Trials.	New Trials granted.				
										Days.				Hours.										
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.														
Goods sold.....	12	642 18 0	3	...	9	...	9	6	3	9 9 0	...	...	...	Tenterfield...	1873. 5 Aug.	...	4	...	...	...	...	...		
Promissory Notes.....	7	173 10 1	3	...	4	...	4	4	...	4 10 0	...	...	...											
Rent.....	2	15 12 6	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	0 13 6	...	...	...											
Board and Lodging.....	1	18 2 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 10 0	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person.....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 17 6	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract.....	4	245 14 6	2	...	2	...	2	2	...	2 2 6	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	72 13 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	3 0 0	...	...	1											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock.....	3	54 0 0	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	1 14 0	...	...	...											
Money lent.....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 14 0	...	...	...											
Partnership.....	1	200 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1 1 0	...	...	...											
Interpleader.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Totals.....	34	1,822 10 1	9	...	24	...	24	17	7	26 11 6	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10

54

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. B. GRAHAM,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at GRAFTON, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits.		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits. £ s. d.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.				The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.																																																																													
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.	New Trials granted																																																																														
																	Days.	Hours.																																																																																
Goods sold .....	37	£ 730 10 8	16	1	18	...	18	16	2	77 10 4	...	...	...	} Grafton..... {	} 1873. 13 June 2 Sept.	} 1	} 6	}	}																																																																															
Promissory Notes .....	25	688 8 11	12	...	11	...	11	11	...	72 9 0	...	...	...							}	}	}	}	}	}																																																																									
Rent .....	1	25 0 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	3 6 4	...	...	...													}	}	}	}	}	}																																																																			
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																			}	}	}	}	}	}																																																													
Trespass on Land .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																									}	}	}	}	}	}																																																							
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																															}	}	}	}	}	}																																																	
Illegal Distraint .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																					}	}	}	}	}	}																																											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																											}	}	}	}	}	}																																					
Breach of Contract .....	1	11 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 19 0	...	...	...																																																	}	}	}	}	}	}																															
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	10	164 10 11	1	...	7	...	7	6	1	30 4 8	...	...	...																																																							}	}	}	}	}	}																									
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																													}	}	}	}	}	}																			
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																			}	}	}	}	}	}													
Sales of Live Stock .....	1	27 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																									}	}	}	}	}	}							
Money lent .....	6	258 2 11	1	...	5	...	5	5	...	32 10 8	...	...	...																																																																															}	}	}	}	}	}	
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																																																																					}
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	}	}	}	}	}	}																																																																															
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...							}	}	}	}	}	}																																																																									
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...													}	}	}	}	}	}																																																																			
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																			}	}	}	}	}	}																																																													
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																									}	}	}	}	}	}																																																							
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																															}	}	}	}	}	}																																																	
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...																																					}	}	}	}	}	}																																											
Totals .....	81	1,904 13 5	31	1	42	...	42	39	3	217 0 0	...	...	...																																											7																																										

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

JAMES PAGE,  
Registrar, District Court.

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201165

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at CASINO, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	6	110 9 6	2	...	4	...	4	4	...	2 19 0	...	...	...	...	Casino ... {	1873. 10 Feb. ... 5 Sept. ...	...	2	1		
Promissory Notes .....	11	320 16 9	5	...	6	...	6	5	1	7 15 6	...	...	...	...							
Rent .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Board and Lodging .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Trespass on Land .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Trespass on Person .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Illegal Distraint .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Trover .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Breach of Contract .....	2	62 15 6		...	2	...	2		2	1 10 0	...	...	...	...							
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	2	79 17 6	1	...	1	1		1		2 0 0	...	...	...	...							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	4	550 0 0	1	...	1		1		1	3 7 0	...	...	...	...							
Commission on Agency .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Sales of Live Stock .....	3	53 9 11	1	...	2	...	2	1	1	1 16 0	...	...	...	...							
Money lent .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Partnership .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Interpleader .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Intestacy .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Legacy .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Possession of Tenements .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Replevin .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Consent Jurisdiction .....				...		...					...	...	...	...							
Causes of Action not specified above .....	6	65 11 3	1	...	4	...	4	2	2	2 2 0	...	...	...	1							
Totals .....	34	1,243 0 5	11	...	20	1	19	13	7	21 9 6	...	...	...	3	...	3					

56

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

H. G. STRATFORD,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WINGHAM, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	14	241 10 10	4	...	10	...	10	9	1	11 7 0											
Promissory Notes .....	3	53 10 8	1	...	2	...	2	2	...	2 3 0											
Rent .....	2	39 0 0	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 18 0											
Board and Lodging .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Person .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distraint .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trover .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	1	1 3 0	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	0 6 0											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money lent .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...											
Intestacy .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	3	6 10 6	...	...	3	...	3	2	1	1 0 6											
Totals .....	24	341 15 0	7	...	17	...	17	15	2	16 14 6											

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

District Court, Wingham;  
11 March, 1874.

JASPER CREAGH,  
Registrar, District Court.

H-689

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601 167

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at PORT MACQUARIE, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders Affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold.....	19	293 16 10½	6	1	10	...	10	9	1	8 1 0	...	.....	.....	2	Port Mac-quarie {	1873. {	16 Mar. {	2	5		
Promissory Notes.....	1	113 11 6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 0 0	...	.....	.....	1							
Rent.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Board and Lodging.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Land.....	3	237 11 9	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	2 11 6	...	.....	.....	...							
Trespass on Person.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Illegal Distraint.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Trover.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Breach of Contract.....	3	250 0 0	1	...	2	2	2	2	...	1 12 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Wages, Work, and Labour.....	2	31 18 6	...	...	1	1	1	1	...	1 0 0	...	.....	.....	...							
Libel, Slander, and Defamation.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Commission on Agency.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Sales of Live Stock.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Money lent.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Partnership.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Interpleader.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Intestacy.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Legacy.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Possession of Tenements.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Replevin.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Consent Jurisdiction.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Causes of Action not specified above.....	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...							
Totals.....	28	926 18 7½	8	1	16	2	14	15	1	14 4 6	...	.....	.....	3							

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

ROBT. I. PERROTT,  
Registrar, District Court.

A RETURN of the Number and Particulars of Suits commenced in the District Court holden at WEST KEMPSEY, during the Twelve Months preceding the 1st of March, 1874, as required by the 103rd section of the said Act.

Nature of Causes under distinct Heads.	The Number of Suits		Settled.		The Number of Cases			Result of Trials.		The Costs of the Suits.	The Number and Result of Appeals.			Cases left in Arrear.	Place, Date, and Duration of the Sittings of each Court.			The Number of		The grounds on which such New Trials were granted.	
	Com-menced.	Total Amount sued for.	Without hearing.	Arbi-tration.	Tried.	By Jury.	Without Jury.	For Plaintiff.	For Defend-ant.		Appeals.	Judgments or Orders affirmed.	Reversed.		Place.	Date.	Duration.		Motions for New Trials.		New Trials granted.
																	Days.	Hours.			
		£ s. d.								£ s. d.											
Goods sold .....	15	366 16 6	3	...	12	...	...	12	...	14 3 0					West Kempsey	1873. 31 March	...	1			
Promissory Notes .....	7	154 15 10	3	...	4	...	...	4	...	8 8 6											
Rent .....	1	6 0 0	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	0 16 0											
Board and Lodging .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Trespass on Land .....	1	100 0 0	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1 10 0											
Trespass on Person .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Illegal Distrant .....	1	30 0 0	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	0 10 0											
Trover .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Breach of Contract .....	2	130 0 0	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	2 5 0											
Wages, Work, and Labour .....	3	63 17 6	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	4 9 6											
Libel, Slander, and Defamation .....	1	100 0 0	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Commission on Agency .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Sales of Live Stock .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Money lent .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Partnership .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Interpleader .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Intestacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Legacy .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Possession of Tenements .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Replevin .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Consent Jurisdiction .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Causes of Action not specified above .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...											
Totals.....	31	951 9 10	7	...	24	...	...	22	2	32 2 0							...	6			

Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer—1874.

I hereby certify that the above is a full and complete Return of the particulars required by the aforesaid Act,—

J. B. CASEY,  
Registrar, District Court.



1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(MR. HENRY TEBBUTT, J.P.—CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 5 February, 1874.*

RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 14th January, 1874, praying that His Excellency the Governor will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of all Petitions and other papers addressed to His Excellency, or to the Government, or to any Member of it, having reference to the Administration of Justice at Gulgong, or in any way bearing upon certain charges of corruption made against Mr. Henry Tebbutt, Justice of the Peace; also, all Minutes of the Executive in reference to this subject.”

*(Mr. Buchanan.)*

## SCHEDULE.

NO.	PAGE.
1. Mr. G. A. Davis to the Attorney General. 1 March, 1873. (Minutes of Attorney General and Principal Under Secretary thereon, 3rd, 6th, and 8th March, 1873)	2
2. Under Secretary, Law Department, to Mr. G. A. Davis, in reply. 3 March, 1873	2
3. Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, to Mr. G. A. Davis. 8 March, 1873	2
4. Same to Mr. H. Tebbutt. 8 March, 1873	3
5. Police Magistrate, Gulgong, to Colonial Secretary. 13 March, 1873	3
6. Mr. Tebbutt to Police Magistrate, Gulgong. 12 March, 1873	3
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9. Mr. Tebbutt to Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department. 25 September, 1873	4
10. Acting Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, to Mr. Tebbutt. 29 September, 1873	4
11. Mr. Buchanan, M.P., to His Excellency the Governor, forwarding Petition from certain residents of Gulgong, praying appointment of Royal Commission of Inquiry on Administration of Justice at Gulgong. 13 December, 1873. (Minute of His Excellency the Governor thereon. 14 December, 1873.) Petition. (Minute of Colonial Secretary, 29/12/73. Acting Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, to Under Secretary, Law Department, 15/1/74)	4
12. Acting Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, to Mr. Buchanan, M.P. 29 December, 1873	6
13. Minute of Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, 30 January, 1874. Minute of Colonial Secretary, 4 February, 1874. Minute of Under Secretary, Law Department, 4/2/74	6



ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

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No. 1.

MR. G. A. DAVIS TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Gulgong Auction Mart,  
1 March, 1873.

SIR,

No man in the community has greater reluctance than myself to direct your attention to matters connected with the public welfare.

I am strongly advised to lay before you the following facts, viz. :—Having held an auctioneer's license for several years I, as usual, lodged my application in December last, but being late for the annual licensing meeting was told to make a special application and procure the signature of leading business men in the town. I accordingly did, and presented it to T. A. Browne, J. Medly, and H. Tebbutt, Esquire, J.P. The last-mentioned Magistrate said my application could not be entertained by them; I would have to apply to the full Bench in Mudgee. Subsequently, on the same day, I was advised to ask Mr. Tebbutt for his advice, and called upon him in reference to my application. He said, "You have plenty of money; give me £5. I will get it done for you; meet me in Mudgee to-morrow; I will see Warburton and get the certificate signed for you." I said, "I have not £5 about me now; come down to my office and I will arrange with you." He did. I arranged with him by giving a written document to pay £5 seven days after date,—9 January proximo. On Friday I met Mr. Tebbutt at Mudgee, having lodged my application. He said, "You can return to Gulgong; I will procure it to-morrow (Saturday)." On the same day he sent his clerk for the £5; I refused to pay, not having received the license. On the 26th instant I again applied to the Bench here, Mr. Tebbutt being present. He stated, "I am an auctioneer myself now and will not interfere with applications of this kind." I have been upwards of twenty years in business, and established here since the opening of the gold field; my trade connexion and extensive business is to be ruined in consequence of this one magistrate's dictation and prejudice, also the difficulty of procuring other three Magistrates to preside, although I have lodged my application since December last. Trusting to your early consideration of this matter,

I have, &c.,  
G. A. DAVIS.

For Colonial Secretary.—E.B. The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department.—W.E.P. B.C., 3rd March, 1873.

May be referred to the Bench of Magistrates, Gulgong, for report as to Mr. Davis' application for license, and a copy may be sent to Mr. Tebbutt, J.P., for explanation as to the statements made against him as a Magistrate.—6th March, 1873.

The Bench of Magistrates, Gulgong, for report.—H.H., B.C., 8 March, 1873.

No. 2.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT TO MR. G. A. DAVIS.

Attorney General's Office,  
Sydney, 3 March, 1873.

SIR,

I am directed to inform you, that your letter of the 1st instant, complaining of Mr. H. Tebbutt, J.P., Gulgong, has been forwarded to the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, to whose Department the matter properly belongs.

I have, &c.,  
W. E. PLUNKETT.

No. 3.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO MR. G. A. DAVIS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 8 March, 1873.

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter of 1st instant, addressed in error to the Attorney General, respecting applications made by you for an auctioneer's license, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you, that the Bench of Magistrates, Gulgong, and Mr. H. Tebbutt, J.P., have respectively been referred to on the subject.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

3

No. 4.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to H. TEBBUTT, Esq., J.P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 8 March, 1873.

SIR,

In transmitting to you the accompanying copy of a letter from Mr. G. A. Davis, preferring a charge against you, as therein detailed, in regard to applications made by him for an auctioneer's license, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to request that you will furnish such explanation as you may desire to offer on the subject, at your earliest convenience.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

No. 5.

THE POLICE MAGISTRATE, GULGONG, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Gulgong, 13 March, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of a statement made by G. A. Davis, auctioneer, of this town, with B.C., directing me to forward a copy thereof to Mr. H. Tebbutt, J.P.

I have the honor to state that I forwarded a copy to Mr. H. Tebbutt as requested, who handed me the same with his reply appended thereto, which I have duly forwarded this day.

I may be permitted, in reference to the aforesaid statement, to say that I consider it to be an infamous falsehood. I have never had occasion to doubt for one moment the good faith and integrity of Mr. Tebbutt, who has been, within my knowledge, for the last two years upon this gold field, a most efficient and scrupulously accurate administrator of the law. The complainant is a man of bad character, and ready, as is unfortunately the case with many others on gold fields, to make false charges against unbending officials.

I have, &c.,  
T. A. BROWNE, P.M.

No. 6.

H. TEBBUTT, Esq., J.P., to THE POLICE MAGISTRATE, GULGONG.

Gulgong, 12 March, 1873.

SIR,

May I request you will forward my explanation to the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, with any remarks you may think proper.

Yours, &c.,  
HENRY TEBBUTT.

No. 7.

H. TEBBUTT, Esq., J.P., to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,

Gulgong, 12 March, 1873.

SIR,

Yours of the 8th instant (73/1,866) only reached me last evening on my return from Mudgee, and I now hasten to reply.

From your long experience in Colonial affairs you are no doubt well aware that any Magistrate who conscientiously and independently performs his duty must of necessity create enemies. I am well aware I have many among unsuccessful litigants; but my more bitter enemy will not believe me capable of committing so execrable a deed as that with which I am now charged.

With respect to these charges brought against me by Davis, I distinctly state they are abominable lies, nor will I use any milder term. That I would offer to take £5 as a bribe is so atrocious that I cannot express my indignation at so foul a charge. Had I chosen to accept bribes I could have made thousands of pounds by unjust decisions in the enormous rich claims in dispute. I have not done so; and I can solemnly assert that neither on this or any other occasion have I ever received one sixpence by way of bribe.

Now, with regard to the licensing affair: Davis allowed the annual meeting to pass without making application. He then made a special application, which could not be entertained, there being only two Magistrates. He then asked me how he should act. I told him he had better apply to the Mudgee Bench, there being more Justices.

In the early part of January, after making up all accounts due to Shettle & Tebbutt, I called upon Davis in reference to an account due to us since May, 1872, for above £13. He pleaded poverty. I then offered to take £6 cash. He then said it would be inconvenient to pay cash until he sold some girds, but he would take £5 in a week, and £5 by a bill at two months from the 1st January. Seeing no prospect of getting better terms, I consented and received the enclosed notes, which please return.

After the I.O.U. became due, I sent one of our office boys for payment. He did not obtain it. I then called on Davis, demanding payment, to which he replied as follows—"Oh! The I.O.U. I gave you was given on the understanding that you was to get my license, and as you have not done so I shall not pay it." These, I believe, are the words he used, as far as I can remember.

I then told him he was a most unmitigated scoundrel, and not fit to hold an auctioneer's license, and that I would never certify to his being a fit and proper character.

On the 26th he again applied for a license, the members of the Bench being the Police Magistrate, Mr. Medley, and myself. I immediately retired, stating that I did not think him a fit person to have a license.

I

I now come to the character of the man. He is, I understand, under the surveillance of the police; he was some time since committed by me for receiving a horse, knowing it to be stolen, and although subsequently acquitted of the charge it presented very discreditable features. He has on several occasions been sued for not paying over the proceeds of goods sold by auction, and is, I understand, an uncertificated insolvent—a nice character to be entrusted with an auctioneer's license.

I have to demand, as a matter of right, that the fullest inquiry be made in this case, and if my statement is proved correct, a criminal prosecution be commenced against Davis by the Crown Law Officers; it is useless prosecuting him civilly, for he has not one shilling that can be reached.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY TEBBUTT.

No. 8.

THE POLICE MAGISTRATE, GULGONG, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Gulgong, 13 March, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge B.C. of 8th March, with reference to G. A. Davis' application for an auctioneer's license.

I have the honor to state that Davis did not send in his application at the annual general meeting of Justices for the licensing of auctioneers, according to the 6th section of 11 Victoria, No. 16. He has made several applications since that date, but owing to the fact of three Justices not having, at any sitting of the Bench, specially recommended the applicant's license to be granted in terms of 14th section of the Act, the license has not up to this date been granted.

I have, &c.,  
T. A. BROWNE, P.M.

No. 9.

H. TEBBUTT, Esq., J.P., to THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

Gulgong, 25 September, 1873.

SIR,

On the 18th March ultimo I received a letter from you (No. 73/1,866), with a copy of a letter from G. A. Davis, preferring certain charges. To this I replied on the 12th March, and enclosed two promissory-notes of Davis in favour of Shettle and Tebbutt, each for £5.

As it is the intention to sue Davis on these two notes, will you have the kindness to return them at your earliest convenience.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY TEBBUTT.

No. 10.

THE ACTING PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to H. TEBBUTT, Esq., J.P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 29 September, 1873.

SIR,

In reply to your letter of the 25th instant, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to return to you herewith, as requested, the two promissory-notes for £5 each, made by G. A. Davis in favour of Shettle and Tebbutt, and forwarded to this office with your letter of the 12th March last.

I have, &c.,  
WM. GOODMAN,  
(For the Under Secretary.)

No. 11.

DAVID BUCHANAN, Esq., M.L.A., to GOVERNOR SIR H. G. R. ROBINSON.

Sydney, 13 December, 1873.

To His Excellency the Governor,—

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY :

I have the honor to forward to your Excellency a petition, signed by 1,050 names, residents of Gulgong.

The petitioners complain of the mal-administration of justice at Gulgong, and dwell particularly upon the conduct of Mr. Henry Tebbutt, J.P., as being peculiarly blameworthy. Many of the allegations in the petitions having reference to Mr. Tebbutt, are of a very grave character, and require prompt investigation. I forward this petition to your Excellency, feeling well assured that all due inquiry will be made and justice done in the premises.

I have, &c.,  
DAVID BUCHANAN.

Colonial Secretary.—H.R., 14/12/73.

[Enclosure.]

To His Excellency Sir Hercules Robinson, K.C.M.G., Governor-in-Chief of the Colony of New South Wales.

The Petition of the undersigned inhabitants of the Town and Gold Field of Gulgong,—

Humbly sheweth :—

That during the past two and one half years there has existed a wide spread and deep feeling of dissatisfaction with the manner in which the law has been administered on this gold-field, which feeling has now developed into a settled conviction that a radical change must be initiated and rigorously carried out to restore the Gulgong Bench to that proper position in the estimation of the inhabitants so necessary for the due maintenance of the moral power of the law and respect for its administrators.

2. That, during the above period, many grave scandals affecting the purity and impartiality of the several local Justices, hereinafter more particularly referred to, have been frequent topics of general conversation; charges of corruption have been made in connection with the hearing of mining cases—of which, though it is impossible for us to furnish strict legal proof, yet we have no moral doubt of the foundation on fact of these rumours—charges of partiality, such as being interviewed by litigants previous to the hearing of cases and deciding in their favour; punishments for trivial offences of so severe a character that leaves a deep impression on the public mind of vindictive feeling having influenced the punishment. These, coupled with the generally held opinion, that Mr. Henry Tebbutt exercises an undue influence over the Police Magistrate, in proof of which we need only refer to the fact, that though other Magistrates reside on Gulgong and constitute the Bench, yet they were not consulted by him in considering the letter forwarded to the Colonial Secretary by Mr. G. A. Davis, containing a charge of corruption against Mr. Tebbutt.

3. That the Magistrates who usually preside on the Gulgong Bench are themselves on such antagonistic terms that litigants suffer from delays and this want of harmony. The Police Magistrate holds no intercourse with the Clerk of Petty Sessions (who is a Magistrate), other than of the most limited official character. The Clerk of Petty Sessions will not sit on the Bench with Mr. Henry Tebbutt, J.P., by reason of holding an unfavourable opinion of his impartiality, and being repeatedly abused in the foulest language in a small weekly advertising sheet, of which the said Mr. Tebbutt is editor. That the Messrs. Rouse, J.P.'s, have for many months almost abstained from sitting on the Gulgong Bench, owing, it is publicly stated, to its antagonistic character and the general disrepute in which it is held.

4. That the Magistrates who have usually sat on this Bench have been—first, Mr. A. R. M'Donnell, who occupies the post of a subordinate employé, serving behind the counter of a retail store, and having emigrated to Queensland to the tin mines, has recently returned and assumed his former position as a counter-hand in the same store; secondly, Mr. Henry Tebbutt, whose permanent residence is in Mudgee, 20 miles from Gulgong, where he keeps a retail shop, as a vendor of toys, tobacco, and fancy goods. On Gulgong he follows a manifold occupation. He is an auctioneer without a place of business; part proprietor in a small advertising sheet, gratuitously distributed from door to door by himself, and also a sort of commission agent. Both these Justices have taken a prominent part in adjudicating in mining appeal cases under section twenty-one of the "Gold Fields Act of 1866," in which the title to property worth thousands of pounds sterling was the issue heard and finally determined, and are believed to hold no property in their own names.

5. That during the time the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt has adjudicated in the Courts at Gulgong he has been regularly driven to and from Mudgee and Gulgong by a legal practitioner in said Courts—to wit, an articled clerk of Mr. George Murray Dunn, solicitor, of Mudgee, a circumstance that has been productive of much comment of a degrading and adverse character, by reason of this articled clerk accepting a share or interest in mining claims in dispute in lieu of the fees ordinarily payable as between attorney and client (a practice which your Petitioners think cannot be too strongly condemned as one repugnant to the practice and spirit of the law, derogatory to its purity, dignity, and fair fame, and inevitably creating a feeling of distrust and dissatisfaction utterly destructive of all public confidence); and by reason of the somewhat singular coincidence of the decisions of the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt being in favour of the clients of the said articled clerk in all the important mining appeal cases in which the said clerk had a share or interest.

6. That during the time the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt has adjudicated on the Gulgong Bench he has been the subject of many expressions of popular ill-feeling by reason of the current belief that he was not impartial in his decisions. He was publicly burned in effigy in the presence of many thousands of miners. He has been hooted in the theatre and streets, severely condemned in the various local papers, and by implication was charged with corruption in a petition signed by nearly two thousand miners, presented to the Honorable the Colonial Secretary by delegates from Gulgong in the year 1872.

7. That during the litigation that recently took place concerning the title to the mining area locally known as the "Tammany Leases," in which leases the before described articled clerk was a shareholder, the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt perseveringly adjudicated in the several cases of mining trespass relating thereto; and further, when his decision was appealed against under the provisions of section twenty-one of the Gold Fields Act, and the appeal set down for hearing at the Mudgee Court of Petty Sessions, Mr. Tebbutt was driven to Mudgee from Gulgong by the before described articled clerk, whose principal (Mr. G. M. Dunn) was the attorney for the respondents, and Mr. Tebbutt there adjudicated—despite a protest—in the appeal, contrary to the practice of every other Justice in the district, thus showing a spirit of partizanship most degrading to the status of the Bench, and beyond doubt destructive of all confidence in the impartial administration of the law.

8. That on the twelfth day of August last past the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt was presented with, and accepted, a testimonial consisting of a silver tea and coffee service, having engraved thereon the following inscription:—"Presented to Henry Tebbutt, Esquire, J.P., by the inhabitants of Gulgong, in recognition of service rendered by him in his Magisterial capacity."

Your Petitioners desire most emphatically to deny the truth of this inscription. The testimonial, though invested with a quasi public character in its presentation, was secretly initiated, and the funds for its purchase collected privately, the leading promoter of it being the articled clerk before described, who with three other shareholders in the "Tammany Leases" contributed more than one-half the amount raised. Though your Petitioners are unable to lay before you a correct list of the subscribers to this testimonial, such list never having been published, yet it is locally well known that the number did not exceed twenty-five, which out of a population of about eight thousand cannot be accepted as a justification of the deliberate untruthfulness of the inscription. Two persons intimately connected with the said articled clerk in the creation and management of mining disputes canvassed the town for subscriptions to the said testimonial. Your Petitioners are aware of the motives which prompted some persons to subscribe. One, a legal practitioner in the Courts on which Mr. Henry Tebbutt sits, stated that he contributed through fear of having cases decided against him if he refused.

9. Your Petitioners desire to express their most emphatic and solemn disapproval of the presentation of this testimonial and its acceptance by Mr. Henry Tebbutt on the grounds stated, as an act subversive of all respect for the Magisterial Bench, destructive of all faith in its impartiality and integrity, and incapable of being understood by the inhabitants of the district as other than a reward for services rendered on the Bench to the promoters of the testimonial. If Justices are to be permitted to accept such rewards for the performance of their judicial duties, and still continue to adjudicate on the same Bench, a precedent will be on record that will most surely lead to the corruption of the Bench and a lowering of its status socially and morally, a result which, while degrading to the inhabitants, will as certainly endanger the public peace, especially on a gold field.

10. That the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt has borrowed money from a man having an important mining case set down for hearing on appeal, and he (the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt) has adjudicated on said appeal in favour of the tender of the money aforesaid. That the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt has touted for Justices residing long distances from Gulgong to sit in mining appeal cases, and has driven them from Mudgee to Gulgong for that purpose. That the said Mr. Henry Tebbutt has touted applicants for publicans licenses, for an advertisement for his advertising sheet, previous to the applications for licenses being heard, and has afterwards sat on the Bench at the hearing of the said applications.

11. That in the year 1872 two delegates were sent to Sydney from the miners to interview the Colonial Secretary, the Honorable Henry Parkes, and presented to him a memorial, signed by two thousand persons, complaining of the unsatisfactory administration of the law then. The Honorable the Premier then stated that "he was aware of the undesirable state of affairs on Gulgong, and would see that there was a suitable remedy applied." But your petitioners regret to say that up to the present time no remedy has been applied, but the causes of dissatisfaction have been allowed to exist until the inhabitants have lost all hope of change, and a large number, from a mixed feeling of fear and disgust, refuse to ask any more for a purification of the Bench, preferring to submit to the malpractices as an inevitable infliction.

In conclusion, your petitioners humbly pray that your Excellency will so deal with the grievances under which they have so long suffered as to cause a Royal Commission of Inquiry to be constituted, when what is now only known as rumours will be proved incontestably to be facts, or take such other steps as Your Excellency in your wisdom may deem best.

And, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

G. A. DAVIS,  
HENRY ROSSITER, Innkeeper.

[Here follows 1,050 Signatures.]

The Minister for Justice.—H.P., 29/12/73.

The Under Secretary, Law Department.—(For the U.S.) W.G., B.C., 15 January, 1874.

## No. 12.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to D. BUCHANAN, Esq., M.L.A.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 29 December, 1873.

Sir,

I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 13th instant, forwarding to His Excellency the Governor a Petition signed by certain residents of Gulgong, complaining of alleged mal-administration of justice by the Bench of Magistrates at that place.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary),  
WM. GOODMAN.

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 No. 13.

MINUTES OF MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION AND COLONIAL SECRETARY, &c.

The Cabinet,—I think the allegations in this Petition should be investigated at Gulgong. Perhaps Mr. Milburn Marsh, P.M. at Bathurst, and Mr. E. Fosbery, Secretary to the Police Department, might be appointed to report thereon:—G.W.A., 30/1/74.

Cabinet concur in proposal of the Minister for Justice.—H.P., 4/2/74.

Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department,—Mr. Marsh, P.M., and Mr. Fosbery informed.—W.E.P., 4/2/74.

1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE, GULGONG.

(REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS APPOINTED TO INQUIRE INTO AND FURTHER CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 2 June, 1874.*

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RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 21 April, 1874, praying that His Excellency the Governor will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“The Report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the administration of justice at Gulgong, and into certain charges of corruption made against Mr. Tebbutt, J.P. ; also, any communication made to the Government, or any Member of it, from His Honor Judge M'Farland, referring to the evidence given by Mr. Tebbutt in the case of the Queen *v.* Davis, tried at Mudgee the other day.”

(*Mr. Buchanan.*)

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE, GULGONG.

THE COMMISSIONERS TO THE MINISTER FOR JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Gulgong, 26 February, 1874.

SIR,

In obedience to the instructions conveyed to us by letters dated 4th instant, we have the honor to report that we proceeded to this place to hold an inquiry into certain complaints made by petition to the Government regarding the administration of justice at Gulgong.

For convenience of reference we append hereto a printed copy of the Parliamentary paper, containing copies of the documents entrusted to us, the originals of which we herewith return.

We had proposed, after conferring upon the subject, to adopt the usual course in such investigations, by taking evidence from each witness with closed doors.

We addressed a circular summons, inviting each of the local Magistrates to attend, and before our arrival in the district we caused a notice to be published in the local papers, requesting all parties having evidence to give to attend at the Court House for that purpose.

We then placed in the hands of Mr. Henry Tebbutt, J.P., a copy of the petition addressed to His Excellency the Governor, Mr. Tebbutt being more particularly concerned in the complaints made.

Dr. Belinfante, Barrister-at-law, appeared on behalf of the petitioners, and represented that they most positively refused to give any evidence whatever, unless examined by himself as counsel, and in open Court.

The decision on the point having been left to our discretion by you (upon reference for further instructions), we determined to hear any representations on the subject in open Court, convened for the purpose, when not only the counsel for the petitioners strongly advocated an open inquiry, but Mr. Tebbutt also urged the same, as well as the Police Magistrate, and several attorneys present.

We therefore decided, after further deliberation, to make the concession asked for, though not without hesitation, as we believed evidence would be more likely to be unreservedly offered if taken privately. Moreover, we considered that the publication of the evidence, reported for the newspapers day by day, and not authenticated, would be injudicious, and though deprecated by us, we were powerless to prevent. We should here mention that, after the first day's evidence had been taken, we received a letter from Mr. Tebbutt (which, together with our reply, will be found in the Appendix), protesting against the inquiry being held in open Court unless evidence were taken upon oath. We informed him that we had no power to adopt the latter course, and that the former was adopted by the unanimously expressed desire of all parties interested, in which he had at the time emphatically concurred.

We examined sixty witnesses, the proceedings lasting till late each day, from Wednesday, the 18th, till the 25th. A list of the names of the witnesses, and an epitome of our proceedings, will be found appended to the minutes of evidence.

We now proceed to sum up the conclusions we have arrived at regarding the allegations contained in the petition *seriatim*, premising our remarks however by stating that we abstained from making any investigation into the charge of corruption against Mr. Tebbutt (incidentally referred to in the petition), relating to a bribe said to have been received by him from Mr. G. A. Davis, to secure the latter an auctioneer's license, as we found the matter to be at present *sub-judice*, Davis being under committal for trial on a charge of criminal libel, prosecuted by Mr. Tebbutt, and arising out of the said charge. We therefore considered it would be beyond our province, and improper, to take evidence affecting a case to be decided in a Court of Justice, and on oath.

A feeling of dissatisfaction has undoubtedly arisen in the district as regards the administration of justice at Gulgong, to be more particularly referred to in the following report under the several heads of the petition and grounds of complaint.

We find, as alleged, that scandals gravely affecting the purity of the administration of justice have formed the topic of common report upon this gold field for the past two years and a half, though instances capable of being brought to proof have not been numerously stated; possibly the difficulty pointed out by the petitioners in furnishing strict legal proof may have some force.

The statement that Mr. Tebbutt exercises an undue influence over the Police Magistrate is in no way supported by evidence, and we have no reason whatever for supposing that any such influence has been exercised; it is indignantly disclaimed on both sides.

The Police Magistrate assigns as his reason for not consulting the other Magistrates before replying to the reference made to the Bench by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary in Davis's case, that he looked upon the charges with contempt, and not calling for consideration by the Magistrates generally, though upon reflection he now thinks it would have been better to have called a full meeting of the Bench; in this view we concur.

The testimony given regarding the Police Magistrate almost unanimously ascribes to him the character of an upright and impartial Magistrate, whose decisions have met with the approval of the community. Possibly, however, the foundation for the statement that he has been influenced by another Magistrate may be that when he first assumed his duties he had not that experience on a gold field, possessed by Mr. Tebbutt and other Justices, and his acquiescence in their views may have given rise to the impression that his judgment was not independent.

It will be of course generally understood that in administering justice upon a gold field, particularly when valuable interests are in dispute, that disappointed litigants, smarting under loss, and perhaps unable to comprehend the technicalities of the law, may be expected to attribute improper motives to the members of the Court, whose decisions (from which there may be no appeal) have deprived them of property they considered to be rightfully their own.

We

Petition—  
clause 1.

Clause 2.

We have taken evidence on the subject of the alleged undue severity of sentences passed upon offenders by Mr. Tebbutt from vindictive motives, but no cases have been particularized. We incline to the opinion that what might be considered undue severity in such matters in a well ordered and settled community should not be so viewed upon a gold field such as Gulgong has been, where some 13,000 people were congregated, amongst whom were members of the criminal class from other colonies and districts, the small force of police available needing the marked countenance and support of the Magistracy to enforce law and order, a result which, according to the opinion given on all hands, was satisfactorily achieved.

The evidence adduced does not in our opinion justify the conclusion that there is any such antagonistic feeling between the Magistrates as would seriously interfere with the course of justice. It is however to be regretted that there should be even a private "reserve" between two officials so intimately connected in their duties as the Police Magistrate and the Clerk of Petty Sessions, but we are assured that this reserve has not been allowed in any way to affect their official intercourse. Clause 3.

The Clerk of Petty Sessions, who is also a Magistrate, will not sit with Mr. Tebbutt, J.P., not owing, as alleged by the petitioners, to the former holding an unfavourable opinion of Mr. Tebbutt as a Magistrate, but in consequence, as stated by Mr. Donaldson and admitted by Mr. Tebbutt, of certain articles having appeared in the paper, edited by the latter, directed against Mr. Donaldson.

Whilst alluding to this subject, we beg respectfully to record our opinion that should the editor of a newspaper be in the Commission of the Peace, it would be judicious on his part to abstain from undertaking Bench duties (in the district where his paper is published) as they might naturally be expected to clash with his relations with the community in conducting a public journal.

Mr. Tebbutt admits that he has personally distributed his newspaper from door to door, and in this we think he has forgotten the dignity of the important office he holds; such a course we gather has, as might have been expected, detracted from the respect which ought to be entertained by the public for the office of a Magistrate.

Reverting to the Clerk of Petty Sessions, who appears to us to be a most efficient and intelligent officer, we may observe that notwithstanding the opinion expressed by the several witnesses examined on the subject (which opinion is deserving of weight), we, ourselves, incline to the belief that it is not for the benefit of the Public Service that the Clerk of Petty Sessions should act as a Magistrate. We quote the case of *Cooney v. Wideman*, in which the Police Magistrate's decision was reversed by an Appeal Court, on which his subordinate officer, the Clerk of Petty Sessions, sat as a Magistrate; but we observe, however, in justice to Mr. Donaldson, that he was specially requested to sit in this instance. His refusal to sit with Mr. Tebbutt as a Magistrate is another illustration of the anomalous position the Clerk of Petty Sessions may be placed in as regards any member of the Bench with whose directions he is supposed at all times to comply. Evidence of Peter Wideman. No. 30.

The evidence of the Messrs. Richard Rouse, J.P.'s., of Guntawang and Biragambel, entirely disproves the allegation that they have abstained from attending the Gulgong Bench. They have sat there as frequently as their other avocations admitted, and they state they have no objection to act with any of the other Justices at Gulgong. Mr. George Rouse, J.P., although a Magistrate of the Court, has never sat there, and is frequently absent from the district.

We much regret that Mr. A. R. M'Donnell was absent in another part of the country at the time of the inquiry. It will be seen by the evidence of Mr. Samper, a storekeeper (and the alleged employer of Mr. M'Donnell), that he positively denies that Mr. M'Donnell was employed as his paid assistant, but other evidence appears to us conclusive that he did act in that capacity (whether paid or not) behind the counter, loading goods, &c. One witness, John Scully, No. 13, states he interviewed Mr. M'Donnell in reference to a case he was desired to adjudicate in; that he informed the witness he would first have to obtain Mr. Samper's permission; and upon this being accorded, Mr. M'Donnell sat on the case. Mr. Samper, however, denies that any such permission was asked or necessary. Whilst, therefore, we cannot but think that a Magistrate, holding such a social position, particularly on a gold field, where the interests involved are so valuable, would not tend to inspire the confidence of litigants or the public. Yet we think it but justice to Mr. M'Donnell to state that testimony, to which we attach weight, is borne to his upright character and intelligent and impartial decisions as a Magistrate. Moreover, he has not been shown to have taken a prominent part in adjudicating in mining appeal cases, as asserted by the petitioners. Clause 4.

Mr. Tebbutt admits that he has been driven from Mudgee (where he resided) to Gulgong by the gentleman referred to—Mr. Clark, clerk to Mr. Dunn, solicitor, Mudgee. Clause 5.

We have evidence that the practice has existed of the gentleman last referred to accepting shares in mining interests in lieu of his professional fees. However undesirable or improper such a practice may be, we consider that it is one rather affecting the etiquette of the profession, and the personal good taste of the parties concerned, than one coming under the review of the Government in supervising the administration of justice.

We find that the custom of allowing advocates to appear in the Court, not either barristers or attorneys, has obtained from the time the Gulgong Court was established, notwithstanding objections taken by qualified practitioners, and we believe that it is also permitted at Mudgee. It is stated that this practice is illegal: Whether it be so or not it is, in our opinion, decidedly objectionable, and should be discontinued.

We have ascertained that Mr. Tebbutt, J.P., was burned in effigy at Gulgong, and also, at the same time, Mr. R. Rouse, J.P., of Guntawang. This was in consequence of some obnoxious decision given by them in a mining case, when, however, they expressed their regret that the regulations and law left them no alternative, though it is asserted an actual injustice was thereby done to several miners. Whilst abstaining from entering upon the merits of the case referred to, we express an opinion that the act of burning the Magistrates in effigy reflected discreditably rather upon the perpetrators, who were apparently unable to discriminate between an obnoxious regulation and its administrators. Moreover, it appears that a petition was subsequently sent to Mr. Rouse, asking him to adjudicate again, as he had temporarily abstained from doing so. Clause 6.

We have evidence that there was some exhibition of disapprobation against Mr. Tebbutt, in the Theatre at Gulgong, on one or two occasions.

The allegations in this section of the petition are generally admitted, but the deductions drawn therefrom by the petitioners do not, we think, necessarily follow. It was no doubt injudicious for Mr. Clause 7.  
Tebbutt



Tebbutt to sit in a mining appeal case heard at Mudgee in which he had previously adjudicated at Gulgong (in the lower Court), especially when his so doing was objected to by the litigants; but we cannot say that such a course affords proof of "partizanship."

It will be observed by the evidence of Mr. John Scully (No. 14), the subject being referred to in other evidence, that 1,000 copies of a speech of David Buchanan, Esq., M.P., were ordered from Messrs. Shettle & Tebbutt (in pamphlet form) by certain shareholders in the so-called Tammany cases. It is alleged that an amount five times as large as a similar job cost in Sydney was paid to the abovenamed firm for the printing, the accusation being that the order was given for Mr. Tebbutt's advantage, because he principally sat in mining cases, and the Tammany leases were the subject of litigation. We should have deemed it unnecessary to have referred to this matter specially, but for the evidence given regarding the same by Mr. Shettle, who declined to answer the question whether or not the pamphlets were printed in his office. Mr. Tebbutt subsequently admitted they were printed elsewhere, but declined to give any further information on the subject. This reticence is so far unfortunate that it leaves the charge sought to be established in some degree unrefuted.

Clauses 8, 9, and 10.

Mr. Tebbutt admits having accepted the testimonial referred to, but the statement that it was principally promoted by the articled clerk previously referred to is disproved by evidence, as is also the allegation that he and three other shareholders contributed more than one-half the amount raised. It appears from the original subscription lists (Appendix 2), placed in our hands, that there were about seventy subscribers. We also learn that the Police Magistrate took the chair at the public meeting convened by advertisement, when the testimonial was presented.

We draw attention to the evidence of Mr. Tebbutt, confirmed by other witnesses, as to the circumstances attending this presentation, by some considered as only a proper evidence of a feeling of confidence in a Magistrate who had been publicly burned in effigy, but by other witnesses the acceptance of a testimonial by a Magistrate, especially bearing such an inscription, to have been highly improper.

In the latter opinion we have no hesitation in expressing our entire concurrence, the testimonial being inscribed as a presentation for services rendered by Mr. Tebbutt in his Magisterial capacity. The fact that he continued in the performance of his functions and a resident in the district, rendered the act still more objectionable. The majority of the witnesses we have examined on the subject confirm this view.

There is no proof of Mr. Tebbutt having touted for Magistrates, or even having driven any from Mudgee to Gulgong to adjudicate in mining cases, but there is evidence of Magistrates having come from a distance to sit in such cases whilst the necessity for such an unusual practice has not been made apparent. Among the instances brought under our notice are those of Mr. Warburton, Police Magistrate at Mudgee, and Mr. Mulholland and Mr. Keppie, Magistrates at Windeyer. The last named gentleman admitted that he came to Gulgong, a distance of from 30 to 40 miles, to sit in an appeal case at the special request of Mr. Russell (a clerk to Mr. Davidson, solicitor, Mudgee), and that he gave his voice on the decision in favour of Mr. Davidson's client. Such a course of procedure is obviously calculated to cast a doubt upon the unbiased character which should distinguish the Court. It is proper to state that Mr. Russell was not examined, being in another part of the Colony, and Mr. Davidson disclaimed all knowledge of the matter. Mr. Tebbutt admits that he has been in the habit, in the ordinary course of his business, of soliciting advertisements for his paper, but there is no evidence whatever in support of the petitioner's allegation that Mr. Tebbutt has touted applicants for publicans' licenses for all advertisements for his advertising sheet, previous to the applications for the licenses being heard, and has afterwards sat on the Bench at the hearing of the said applications. The legal practitioner referred to, at the conclusion of paragraph No. 8 of the petition, is no doubt Mr. Davidson, solicitor, of Mudgee. It will be seen by his evidence (No. 35), that although he promised a subscription towards the testimonial to Mr. Tebbutt, he disapproved of the presentation when he was aware of its object. He admits making use of the words to the effect imputed to him, viz., that he gave the money because he thought he should not win any case before Mr. Tebbutt if he did not subscribe, but he states he made use of the expression carelessly, and he now thought improperly.

We understand that the loan, forming the subject of Mr. Wm. Thompson's evidence (No. 6), is the ground of the representation made in clause 10 of the petition, affecting Mr. Tebbutt.

In this instance, as in others, Mr. Tebbutt has pointed out that the transaction took place with the firm of "Shettle & Tebbutt," in which he is a partner, but we scarcely see how he can be disassociated from the acts of the firm; moreover, his full knowledge of its transaction is not disclaimed.

The promissory-note for the amount of the loan from Mr. Thompson (£120) was in Mr. Tebbutt's handwriting (Appendix H), and the bill of sale, given as security (L), was executed by him. His responsibility is therefore of a personal nature.

The evidence of Mr. Russell (clerk to Mr. Davidson) would have been most material in this matter, as the business was almost entirely managed by him, even to the extent of signing the cheque (N) for the amount of the loan, on account of his principle, and handed to Messrs. Shettle and Tebbutt. Mr. Russell, however, is at Young practising his profession, and on telegraphing to that place we ascertained that even had the Commission been able to remain at Gulgong until his attendance could be procured, he required £50 for his expenses; we are therefore somewhat reluctantly compelled to report without his evidence.

There is proof—indeed the fact is not denied—that the loan was negotiated with Mr. Thompson, and that subsequently a mining case involving a large interest was adjudicated upon by Mr. Tebbutt in Thompson's favour. This in itself was a most questionable proceeding, but apart from Mr. Thompson's evidence on the point, Mr. Tebbutt's partner, Mr. Shettle, has clearly admitted that no interest was paid upon the loan, notwithstanding that both members of the firm signed a bill of sale, stipulating that 10 per cent. interest should be paid.

Mr. Tebbutt, in his letter to the Honorable the Colonial Secretary (dated 12th March, 1873), remarks that if he had chosen he could have accepted bribes in many instances, and could have made thousands of pounds by unjust decisions. This expression so manifestly implied an offer of the kind having been made to him at sometime or another that we thought it advisable to ask pointedly if such had ever been the case, and in reply to the question he stated, to our great surprise, that (to use his own words) "a bribe has been offered to me more than once, but it was done in ignorance and I would not prosecute. £200 were offered to me once, two years ago."

We must say that we view this admission, of having, as a Magistrate, even listened to a proposal of so base a nature, without bringing it under the immediate notice of the Bench of which he was a member,

or

or without publicly exposing the conduct of one who had dared to attempt to tamper with his honesty and uprightness, not only as most extraordinary, but as censurable in the highest degree, tending to bring (through his questionable reticence) the honorable office of Justice of the Peace into contempt, and probably being the fertile source of the many grave suspicions that have since been expressed by the petitioners against himself in particular, and the administration of justice at Gulgong generally.

After very careful consideration of all the evidence given affecting Mr. Henry Tebbutt, J.P., and adverted to in this report, we have no hesitation in expressing our opinion to the Government that it would not be for the benefit of the public in connection with the administration of justice that he should remain in the Commission of the Peace.

That Mr. Tebbutt has been very active in the discharge of his Magisterial duties is undoubted, and also that he possesses considerable knowledge and intelligence, well fitting him for the position of a Justice of the Peace, but his marked prominence in discharging the functions of that office, whilst his impartiality has been so repeatedly called in question, has in itself enhanced the public feeling of dissatisfaction, and it must therefore be a subject for regret that when this feeling was excited, Mr. Tebbutt did not himself see the advisability of abstaining from undertaking more than his due share of Magisterial duties.

After the evidence had been concluded we permitted Mr. Tebbutt to read a statement on his own behalf, in recapitulation and explanation of the testimony given affecting himself. This we append hereto, but do not consider it calls for any special observations from us.

We respectfully assure you that we have devoted our time and attention to the elucidation of the facts of this investigation—excluding no one from the opportunity of making known his grievances; and in our labours we have been materially aided by Mr. Donaldson, the Clerk of Petty Sessions, who has rendered assiduous and efficient assistance in taking down, under considerable difficulties, the evidence of the numerous witnesses examined.

We have, &c.,

J. MILBOURNE MARSH,  
Police Magistrate, Bathurst.  
EDMUND FOSBERY, J.P.,  
Secretary and Superintendent of Police.

HENRY TEBBUTT, Esq., J.P., to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Gulgong, 13 March, 1874.

SIR,

I do myself the honor to acknowledge receipt of yours of the 11th March, accompanied with the report furnished to the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, by Messrs. Marsh and Fosbery, appointed by that Minister to inquire into certain allegations contained in a petition from certain inhabitants of the Town and Gold Field of Gulgong, preferring certain charges against me, and requesting my explanation.

The Commissioners state they had proposed, after conferring upon the subject, to adopt the usual course in such investigations, to take evidence from each witness with closed doors; and then further state that Dr. Belinfante appeared on behalf of the petitioners, and represented that they most positively refused to give any evidence whatever, unless examined by himself as counsel, and in open Court.

To this I saw no objection; but I certainly was under the impression that if such was the case the witnesses would have been examined on oath, and be not allowed within the precincts of the Court until called upon to give evidence. I respectfully submit that such not being the case was a mere mockery of justice, and no one, however innocent, could stand against a mass of evidence when one witness hears all the other says, and corroborates his or their statements.

Dr. Belinfante stated the petitioners would give no evidence unless he appeared as their representative, and in open Court. Where is the common sense meaning of this remark? Why, merely this: That without such facilities he could not by any possibility trump up a case. I protested against this after the first two hours proceedings, and if the Commissioners, as they state, believed evidence would be most unreservedly given if taken privately I cannot conceive the reason that influenced them to take a contrary course.

The Commissioners state a feeling of dissatisfaction has undoubtedly arisen in the district as regards the administration of justice at Gulgong. I deny this. The feeling has arisen from disappointed suitors, and it appears by evidence. I have adjudicated in 1,367 cases, and as a matter of course either the complainants or defendants must have been dissatisfied at the decision. It appears strange that only 1,050 signatures could be obtained to the petition; and I have been informed that not one-half of those knew what they were signing, and not one-fifth ever read the petition; and as to forged names, it abounds with them.

The Commissioners state scandals gravely affecting the purity of the administration of justice have formed the topic of common report upon this gold field. I will admit this, and go even further in stating that such scandals are common to all large gold fields, and during the last twenty years I have never known in any large gold field an exception to this very general rule; and if either Messrs. Marsh or Fosbery had the slightest experience in gold-mining affairs they would have known such is always the case, and always will be as long as miners congregate together. It is their privilege to find fault with the authorities. As to my trying to influence the Police Magistrate, it is absurd; I never attempted anything of the sort. We have always been on the best of terms, and he can testify as to my impartiality on the Bench in above 1,000 cases, or probably more.

The Commissioners admit that disappointed litigants, smarting under loss, &c., may be expected to attribute improper motives to the members of the Court whose decisions have deprived them of property they considered to be rightfully their own. This admission will account in a great measure for the scandal affecting the purity of the administration of justice which the Commissioners state form the topic of common report, especially when their decisions form a considerable number.

As to the charge of undue severity: If the sentences had not been severe, life and property at Gulgong would have been of little value. There were gangs of ruffians infesting these gold fields that it was absolutely necessary to put down with a strong hand, and I can congratulate myself I have been instrumental in clearing the diggings of these vagabonds, a number of whose friends have signed the petition for my removal, and who would be delighted if they are successful. It

It is stated the Clerk of Petty Sessions will not sit with me; the reverse is the case, for reasons which appear in my written defence. I admit that certain articles have appeared in our paper reflecting upon this officer, sometimes neither written or even seen by me before publication. Without entering into detail I may here state that these articles had a beneficial effect,—in probably, without knowing it, his manner was rude and offensive towards the miners, when articles made a great improvement in his conduct.

The Commissioners state as follows:—That should the editor of a newspaper be in the Commission of the Peace it would be judicious on his part to abstain from undertaking Bench duties (in the district where his paper is published), as they might naturally be expected to clash with his relations with the community in conducting a public journal.

I have attentively considered the above statement, and I do not think the remark at all complimentary to persons in that position.

Editors of public journals (whether rightly or wrongly) are supposed to be men of some little intelligence, and it is a well-known fact that many editors possess abilities far above the majority of gentlemen now in the Commission. The remark to my mind appears most uncalled for, illiberal, and unjust. Local influence can have no effect on honorable-minded men. The conclusion to be arrived at is simply this, that in the opinion of Messrs. Marsh and Fosbery, gentlemen of the Press are not honorable-minded men and not fitted to be Magistrates; no other inference can be drawn. I leave this to the gentlemen of the Press to answer. My opinion is that if an editor of a paper accepts a Commission as a Magistrate and abstains from undertaking Bench duties he should immediately resign his trust, for he has no right to hold the position and neglect the duty; and if he is not to undertake Bench duties within his district where is he to go? The Commissioners appear to be amazed that Magistrates from Windeyer should come over and adjudicate on the Gulgong Bench, as being outside their district. The probability is they were not editors and therefore should be confined to their districts. The editors may adjudicate in other districts, but not their own; such reasoning shows absurdity on the face of it.

The Commissioners state I deliver my paper from door to door, and that by so doing I forget the dignity of my office. Now, there is not a tittle of evidence to warrant such conclusion. It is true I present my friends with a copy of my paper, and to ensure it I present it personally, but the presentation of a paper as a mark of favour and the hawking it about for sale are very different affairs. I think the Commissioners might have abstained from such remarks, as entirely uncalled for. If Magistrates do not commit greater crimes than this, New South Wales has the most moral Bench on the face of the earth. If the Commissioners, instead of being in the receipt of £500 a year each, had to make their living by the publication of a newspaper I do not think they would object to present their friends with a copy of their publication to extend circulation; but having Government salaries, as those above stated, they can afford to look down upon such trifles.

I entirely differ with the report of the Commissioners as regards the Clerks of Petty Sessions, and I am more decidedly of opinion they should be Magistrates; but only for the purpose of performing the executive duties of the office, such as signing the necessary informations, warrants, summonses, &c., but not to adjudicate on the Bench.

I am not called upon to defend Mr. M'Donald, but from my knowledge of him I believe he is as honest, upright, and impartial a Magistrate as ever sat on a Bench. A few more of his stamp would be valuable. I believe the witness, John Scully, to be a base slanderer, in stating he interviewed Mr. M'Donald; in fact, I don't believe the man knew the meaning of the term "interviewed." It has been stated Mr. M'Donald has served behind the counter, and loaded drays. I am not aware such is the case, but it is no disgrace to him, even if he has done so, and I think the Commissioners might have recommended him for a situation of Police Magistrate at £500 a year, so as to prevent him loading drays for the future. Mr. M'Donald, being absent, might have been passed over if good taste had been exhibited.

I admit being repeatedly driven to and from Mudgee by Mr. Clark in his buggy. I admit preferring riding in a buggy to running the risk of breaking my neck in a mail-coach, or run with a drunken driver.

I was burnt in effigy in company with Mr. Rouse for deciding a case against the wishes of the miners. The case was afterwards brought before the Supreme Court, and our decision sustained. We were afterwards hooted at in the Theatre, and so was Dr. Belinfante, for having the impudence to become a candidate for the Western Gold Fields. The burning and hooting rather amused us than otherwise.

There has been a custom of allowing attorney's clerks to appear in Court. This was first allowed in Mudgee for public convenience. The practice was then continued here, and every attorney, except Mr. Johnston, had his representative as long as it suited his purpose. Mr. Johnston sent his representative, who was not allowed to appear, being very objectionable; in fact Mr. Johnston admits he was not a sober man.

With regard to Mr. John Scully's evidence I will dispose of it as follows, by merely stating that I knew nothing about the pamphlet until after my arrival from Mudgee, when my partner told me he had entered into arrangements for printing 500 pamphlets of Buchanan's speech. I wrote to Mr. Hunter, the principal shareholder, and append my note and his reply, marked A. It is not alleged, as the Commissioners report, that an amount five times as large as a similar job cost in Sydney was paid. The only evidence as to value is that of F. Shuttle's, overseer at the *Gulgong Evening Argus*, who states 500 copies would be above £16; our price was £40 for 1,000 copies. So much for that allegation. I did admit they were printed in Sydney, but when Dr. Belinfante questioned me as to the price paid, at what office printed, the nature of our type and other matters of a purely private nature, I refused to give him any information, as I conceived the questions grossly impertinent, even from that man.

Regarding the testimonial affair, I have adverted to that in my declaration, appended hereto.

I certainly have been in the habit of soliciting advertisements for our paper, and in a particular form for such purpose. I now append a form B.

Mr. Davidson informs me the expression he made use of was merely of a jocular character.

As regards the transaction with Thompson, I do not for one moment wish to dissociate myself from the acts of the firm, and I had a full knowledge of the whole transaction. All the promissory-notes given by the firm are in my handwriting; the bill of sale is executed by myself and partner (I think the Commissioners might have mentioned that fact). As far as the transaction with Thompson is concerned, I refer to my defence and solemn declaration.

I did admit I was offered bribes (and at one time £200) above two years ago. The Commissioners state this admission surprised them. I have no doubt it was a matter of surprise to Mr. Fosbery to hear the truth, as the class of persons coming under his notice are not generally proverbial for veracity, which will account for his surprise; however, the fact remains, and I did not prosecute. I was well aware the bribes were offered in ignorance, and remonstrated with the parties as to their misconduct. I did not see any public benefit to be derived from a prosecution, and I certainly do not see the force of the conclusion the Commissioners have arrived at, namely, the non-prosecution of the parties, probably being the fertile source of the many grave suspicions that have since been expressed. Any person at all acquainted with human nature, must be well aware that a man offering a bribe would be very unlikely to speak of his own misconduct, for in such case I should have been bound to prosecute; therefore, the Commissioners' inference is most decidedly wrong.

I now come to a matter of some importance. The Commissioners state as follows:—"We have no hesitation in expressing our opinion to the Government, that it would not be for the benefit of the public, in connection with the administration of justice, that he should remain in the Commission of the Peace."

From the way in which the inquiry was conducted, I could expect nothing else from the Commissioners. Supposing for instance they were called upon for their opinion, for it appears by them my defence is almost entirely ignored, and the opinion of the Magistrates in my favour, who have daily opportunities of examining into my conduct, has not been touched upon. The matter now lies in the hands of the Executive, and if the report of the Commissioners is adopted my name must be struck off. For I only say this, that if the Government conclude upon a calm consideration of the whole facts, the manner in which the investigation was held, the class of persons brought forward, the jealousy, malice, and envy that has been shown towards me by various persons in this inquiry, I would emphatically require to be compulsorily removed from the Commission of the Peace than to be required to resign, as the latter would be tantamount to an admission (which I indignantly repudiated), that I have in the slightest or most minute manner been guilty of any dereliction of duty in my Magisterial capacity, and I would prefer suffering the indignity, having my conscience perfectly clear of being guilty of any wrong in any respect whatever.

My office has certainly not been a bed of roses, and the adjudicating in 1,369 cases in above two years is a feat not performed by many unpaid Magistrates.

The Commissioners then state I have been very active in the discharge of my Magisterial duties, and that I possess considerable knowledge and intelligence, well fitting me for the position of a Justice of the Peace, "but his marked prominence in discharging the functions of that office, whilst his impartiality has been so repeatedly called in question, has in itself enhanced the public feeling of dissatisfaction, and it must therefore be a subject of regret that when this feeling was excited, Mr. Tebbutt did not himself see the advisability of abstaining from undertaking more than his due share of Magisterial duties."

Well, with regard to the above paragraph, it is possible that were I a paid servant of the Crown I might be induced to do no more than was actually required of me for the salary, and I believe this is the general custom with all paid servants, with few exceptions (if any), to get as much pay as possible and to do as little work. That has not and never will be my style. I have until the present never known a Magistrate censured for prominence in the execution of his duty, and I deny my impartiality has ever been called in question by any individual whose opinions have any weight. Do the Magistrates sitting on the Bench with me accuse me of partiality? No;—although not one word is named in the report of this. Does not one and all testify to my impartiality?—If so, why did not the Commissioners mention this in their report. The evidence of these gentlemen, above all others, is entitled to weight, and yet they are ignored. Then, as to my marked prominence—it has been forced on me over and over again. Many a time I have stayed away from the Court to attend to my own business, when the Police have been sent to me, with the Police Magistrate's compliments, for my attendance, as that the business of the Court could not be carried on for want of a second Magistrate. Was I to refuse, and let the public suffer? No; I always attended; and now the Commissioners make this a grave charge against me for doing more than my due proportion, as if it was a luxury for me to sit on the Bench. Why, after six years' hard service, it is ridiculous to think a Magistrate, for his own pleasure, would sit on the Bench; certainly I would not do so, unless for the benefit of the public. I have wasted too much time on them, and the return is ingratitude.

It is then stated that after the evidence had been concluded we permitted Mr. Tebbutt to read a statement on his own behalf, which, the Commissioners state, calls for no special observation from them. It appears to me most extraordinary that a defence, containing a complete refutation of all the charges against me, should call for no observations from the Commissioners, whilst the smallest particle of evidence which they imagined has the slightest bearing against me is brought more prominently forward—and this is to be taken as a sample of British justice. It is true I was permitted to read a statement on my behalf; the Commissioners might have also added under what circumstances the statement was received. On Tuesday evening the case was concluded. I then requested until Thursday morning to furnish my defence; and considering I had to reply to sixty witnesses I do not think it was an unreasonable request. This was peremptorily refused, and I was directed to have my statement prepared by the next morning. After being in the Court from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. that day, it was unreasonable to expect I could prepare a very elaborate defence. I had therefore to make the most of the short time I was allowed; the consequence was that my defence was not half prepared, but such as it is I must refer you to it. As I stated in the former portion of this letter of explanation, my trial, if it can by possibility be termed such, has been a mere mockery of justice, and in point of fact the words have actually been placed in the witnesses' mouth by Dr. Belinfante, barrister, for this very gentlemanly member of the Bar actually put down his name to my testimonial, but refused to pay in consequence of my making an affidavit in favour of Judge Josephson, and has ever since shown the most rancorous feeling towards me. This will be more particularly seen by his evidence voluntarily tendered.

If my name is to be struck off the list of Magistrates I certainly should like to know for what offence? If it is for receiving a bribe I am quite sure no one in Gulgong will believe it; if it is for partiality, that will not be credited. The only cause then must be over-zeal in the performance of my Magisterial duties; this will not lay very heavy on my conscience.

But before I conclude I must call your attention to the class of witnesses arrayed against me, but no man of any standing in the community, and some of them the greatest scoundrels that ever infested a gold-field; and I only regret the proceedings were not on oath so that I might have prosecuted some of them

them for perjury, for I can confidently assert that more wilful falsehoods were never uttered than by several of the witnesses in this inquiry; but after all the malice, rancour, and vindictiveness displayed, what has been proved against me more than common rumour—that I have been the recipient of bribes? Has that charge been proved, or even attempted to be proved. The only cases at all bearing on the point are those of the witnesses Thompson and John Scully, until lately friendly towards me (and subscribers to my testimonial), until I would not commit an innocent man to satisfy the vindictive feeling of the one, and decided an arbitration case against the other. Is it at all probable John Scully would have chosen me as referee in an important arbitration case had he for one moment been under the impression I was open to bribery; or, if he held that opinion, would he not have tendered me a bribe to decide in his favour? The charge falls to the ground at once.

I ask no favour—I request none;—I ask for strict impartial justice and no more or less. I cannot conceal my surprise at the unjust conduct of the Commissioners. In one portion of their report they state as follows:—"There is proof—indeed the fact is not denied—that the loan was negotiated with Mr. Thompson, and that subsequently a mining case involving a large interest was adjudicated upon by Mr. Tebbutt in Thompson's favour; this in itself was a most questionable proceeding." What reason the Commissioners had for making so gross a charge, without one tittle of evidence to sustain it, I cannot conceive, unless for the express purpose of doing me an injury; and the report being so one-sided and evidently unjust would lead me to think this to be the case. The case was not decided by me alone; there were three Magistrates on the Bench, which was well known to the Commissioners, and yet they use the language "adjudicated upon by Mr. Tebbutt in Thompson's favour," leaving the inference that I alone adjudicated. Then the evidence given in my favour by Messrs. Blackman, Rouse, Browne, Keppie, &c., has never been touched upon the least. Surely there must be some cause for this omission;—it looks strange. If my conduct has been such as to warrant my removal, let it be done. For this I can confidently assert, that, let the decision of the Executive be what it will, there is not one man either in Mudgee or Gulgong who in his heart believes me guilty of either bribery or corruption; they well know I would scorn either.

As the witnesses depositions are not on oath I take a more solemn course. I now answer the allegations of petitioners by a solemn declaration, and only regret the matter is not an issue from the Supreme Court, so that I might have been entitled to answer by affidavit instead.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY TEBBUTT.

A. John Hunter's reply to letter.

B. Form of advertising requisition.

#### DECLARATION.

I, HENRY Tebbutt, of Mudgee and Gulgong, do solemnly and sincerely declare that I have read the copy of a petition to His Excellency the Governor, signed by G. A. Davis and Henry Rossiter, innkeeper, and purporting to contain 1,050 signatures. This copy of petition is contained in certain papers ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 5 February, 1874.

I am the Henry Tebbutt referred to in the above petition.

Clause 1.

I am not aware there exists or ever did exist a *wide* spread and deep feeling of dissatisfaction with the manner in which the law has been administered on this gold field. I am aware dissatisfaction has been expressed by defeated litigants in the Appeal Court, where decisions have been given against them, apparently contrary to common justice, but in strict accordance with the law and regulations, whereby persons have been deprived of valuable claims; this feeling of dissatisfaction has been fomented by gross and malignant libels, published against Mr. Brown and myself in the *Gulgong Guardian*, of which one G. & D. C. Browne was proprietor and editor, assisted by another individual, one of that dangerous class of individuals known as political agitators, and with them two persons I have been at personal enmity with for a long time past.

The petition to the Government was, I understand (by them) drawn up, after the release of Browne from Darlinghurst Gaol, wherein he had been imprisoned for a gross libel on the Commissioner of these Gold Fields. This man is now under committal for robbing the funds of the Gulgong Hospital; also for embezzling the funds of the Red Hill Company, of which I am a shareholder, and is reported to have also robbed the Church of England of a portion of its funds. Yet this man had the effrontery to attend this investigation, and, together with his coadjutor, formed the right and left of the barrister conducting the case for the petitioners; and these two individuals form a fair sample of the majority of the persons making the statements.

The rancorous feeling shown by this barrister (acting direct with the petitioners) as I might say with those behind, who were pulling the strings, for very few of the petitioners could give evidence until they heard the evidence of those proceeding them, and were coached up by parties in the rear, kept for that purpose, and where the witnesses evinced any hesitation in delivering their statement (not on oath) the words were actually put into their mouths by this barrister, contrary to all the rules of evidence; and although I repeatedly called the attention of the Commissioners to this matter, yet it had little effect, and the style was continued to the close of the proceedings to the utter disgust of all impartial listeners. This rancorous feeling towards me arose in consequence of my making an affidavit in favour of Judge Josephson, in answer to certain charges made against him by Dr. Belinfante. I may here remark this very gentlemanly barrister, I am given to understand, put down his name as a subscriber to my testimonial, but in consequence of my making the affidavit above referred to refused to pay it.

Any ill-feeling with the public has arisen in consequence of my determination to deal at all times strictly with cases brought before me, and I have doubtless by my determination to do all in my power to stamp out crime on these gold-fields made many enemies, although 1,050 out of 13,000 is not a large number. I may here state, I have never at any time interviewed litigants previous to the hearing of their cases, and I have never inflicted punishments from any vindictive feelings. I have at times inflicted severe punishments, considering it absolutely necessary to do so, to protect the lives and property of the peaceably disposed from lawless ruffians; this conduct has promoted the quiet on these fields.

Clause 3.

It is false that the Magistrates are on antagonistic terms; the reverse is the case. The Clerk of Petty Sessions never refused to sit with me; it is true I would not sit with him, and I most certainly am of opinion that Clerks of Petty Sessions should not adjudicate in cases.

Is

Is a piece of impertinence not worth replying to, referring only to private matters; most of the allegations are falsehoods. Clause 4.

It is true I have on several occasions been driven to and from Mudgee by Mr. Clarke, and I was not aware it was at all necessary to apply to the miners for permission to do so, or that my riding with Mr. Clarke tended to pervert justice. There is no doubt Mr. Dunn gains more cases than any other practitioner. Clause 5.

He has more practice, and his manager, Mr. Clarke, spares no pains in getting up his cases; to this his success is attributable, and that no partiality on my part, for I have a distinct recollection of some important cases being decided against him, and upon one occasion with £20 costs, I being one of the members of the Bench.

It is true that I and Mr. R. Rouse were once burnt in effigy at the Red Hill, and afterwards hooted at in the Theatre. The facts are as follows:—A clause was introduced in the Gold Fields Regulations making it lawful for miners to register block claims within the wings of frontages, thus giving registered applicants prior right to those holding by virtue of occupation; a case was heard before us and we decided according to the law. At the time of pronouncing our decision we stated that in common justice the occupier should have gained his suit, but as the law stood we had to decide in favour of the registered claimants. This caused considerable feeling in the gold fields, and was the cause of our being burnt in effigy and being hooted in the Theatre. Our decision was afterwards sustained in the Supreme Court. Clause 6.

While on this subject I may here state the regulation was a very excellent one, but came too sudden; at least six months notice should have been given so as not to interfere with vested or supposed vested interests. As to public opinion being against us, we all know the value of public opinion. The Premier on his last visit was hooted; if he came up now he would be most enthusiastically received.

As to the so-called Tammany leases, I assisted to adjudicate in the first cases, in which a most impudent endeavour was made to dispute the authority of the Governor and the Minister of Lands, and to render void a lease under the great seal of the Colony and signed by the Governor. The opposing party wished to show that the Minister of Lands had no power to permit the lease to be issued, nor had the Governor power to sign it. The owner of the Tammany claims founded their title in this lease, and that in the document; the Bench (of which I was a member) decided we would not go into any question as to how the lease was obtained, that being a matter appertaining to the Minister of Lands, who, we presumed, had acted lawfully in the matter—we should uphold the title of the lessees; and if the lease was wrong it must be set aside by the Supreme Court. Clause 7.

I certainly did not ride into Mudgee with Clarke to adjudicate on the appeal case as stated. I reside at Gulgong three days in the week and the remaining four in Mudgee. I was on the Mudgee Bench when the case came on for hearing. One of the parties objected to my remaining on the Bench on the ground that I was in possession of the facts of the case. Believing that was a very absurd objection, I consulted with the Police Magistrate, who was of opinion that I should not retire. The case was then heard before a large Bench, and decided the same way as before. *I had not*, as asserted by the Commissioners, *adjudicated* at Gulgong in the lower Court. I believe the case was heard before the Commissioner only, whose decision was appealed against.

I was presented with a testimonial—a silver tea-service with an inscription;—and surely the inhabitants of Gulgong have a right to present me with a testimonial if they think proper. I had nothing to do with the inscription. I now find that there were about seventy persons who subscribed to the testimonial, being ten more than the witnesses brought against me, notwithstanding all the influence that was brought to bear in procuring witnesses. Clause 8.

The Commissioners appear to concur in their opinion that the inscription was highly improper. Other gentlemen, equally talented, are of a different opinion, especially as the testimonial was presented as some sort of acknowledgment that injustice was done by the effigy burning. The majority of the witnesses examined by the Commissioners it is said confirm their view of the case. This is an error; they do nothing of the sort, for the majority of those witnesses are not able to judge at all in the matter. "Had the inscription been for services to be performed it would have been a quite different affair." I certainly do not see anything objectionable in the inscription, for, in point of fact, it was partly given for services performed in ridding the diggings of thieves, loafers, and other miscreants.

I now refer to Thompson's case. This I have treated upon in my written defence, now in possession of the Government. Clause 10.

At the time the affair was pending I had not the most remote idea Thompson had a suit about to be heard in the Appeal Court, for I seldom knew of the cases until I saw the book laid before the Bench. I regarded the loan as a mere ordinary friendly business transaction as far as the interest is concerned. I may here state I have nothing whatever to do with paying moneys on account of the business; in fact all moneys are paid to the senior partner, Mr. Shettle, who keeps the banking account at Gulgong in his own name, and he had a running account with Thompson from August, 1871, to January, 1872, and thence to December 5th the same year. This account was not paid by Thompson until January 4th, 1873. I was under the impression this account was to go against the interest until the end of the year 1872, when Mr. Shettle informed me that Thompson, in consequence of his old acquaintance with him, would not charge him interest. I was, as I observed elsewhere, upon good terms with Thompson until he charged a person named Dick with obtaining money from him under false pretences. The case was tried before me, and I could see no case against Dick, and discharged him, since which time Thompson has shown the most vindictive feelings towards me, and has made no secret of those feelings.

I omitted to mention that G. A. Davis, auctioneer, and one Curtorz, were most active in obtaining signatures for the petition in the usual orthodox manner—blank sheets being placed on beer casks at the corners of the streets, and the public not seeing the petition they were called upon to sign. In many instances it was stated to be a petition for a new post office; I do not believe one half of the signatures are genuine, nor do I believe one-twentieth who signed knew its nature; for surely out of 1,050 signatures more than sixty witnesses might have been obtained.

I now make this solemn declaration that I have neither directly nor indirectly received any goods, money, mining shares, real or personal property of any nature or kind whatsoever by way of bribe, neither have I ever permitted any person on my behalf to do so; I have never at any time acted in any partial manner in any decisions I have arrived at.

And I further solemnly declare that during the six years I have held office as a Magistrate I have always performed the duties pertaining to the office in a fair, honest, upright, and impartial manner, without

without fear, favour, or affection to either rich or poor; and I believe this course has made me many enemies among certain characters on the gold fields.

And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act of Victoria 9th, No. 9.

HENRY TEBBUTT.

Declared before me, at Gulgong, this 18th day of March, 1874.

(A.)

Mr. H. Tebbutt to Mr. J. Hunter.

Gulgong, 16 March, 1874.

Dear Sir,

Being very largely interested in the Tammany leases, I have to inform you the Commissioners in their report state as follows:—That 1,000 copies of a speech of David Buchanan, Esq., M.P., were ordered from Messrs. Shettle and Tebbutt by certain shareholders in the so-called Tammany leases. It is alleged that an amount five times as large as a similar job cost in Sydney was paid to the abovenamed firm for the printing, the accusation being that the order was given for Mr. Tebbutt's advantage, because he principally sat in mining cases, and the Tammany leases were the subject of litigation.

Will you be kind enough to inform me under what circumstances Shettle and Tebbutt obtained the printing these pamphlets, and if there is any truth in the above accusation?

Yours, &c.,

HENRY TEBBUTT.

Mr. J. Hunter to Mr. H. Tebbutt.

Gulgong, 19 March, 1874.

Dear Sir,

In reply to your note, wishing to know under what circumstances the pamphlets of Mr. Buchanan's speech were printed at your office: Mr. Buchanan made himself very active in the matter, and the shareholders wished to publish his speech; the meeting decided to have 500 copies printed, and it was discussed who should print them, the *Mercantile Advertiser* or the *Argus*. Some of the shareholders objected to them being printed at the *Argus* Office, as that paper had been publishing articles against them, and it was decided they should be printed by Shettle and Tebbutt; and Mr. Truman was appointed to arrange the price, and 1s. each was agreed upon—and they were accordingly printed and sent to Hill End, Bushman's, and over the Western Gold Fields. Finding there was not enough we had another 500 printed. The pamphlets were ordered for the purpose of obliging Mr. Buchanan only and not as a bribe to you; the shareholders never thought of anything of the sort. Mr. Scully was in Sydney when they were done.

Respectfully yours,

J. HUNTER.

(B.)

*Gulgong Mercantile Advertiser Office,*  
1873.

Will you allow the accompanying advertisement to be inserted in the *Gulgong Mercantile Advertiser*, which is delivered free to the miners and storekeepers in Gulgong Home Rule, and all the gold fields in the Mudgee District, and has a very large circulation. Terms:—1st inch, 3s., and 1s. 6d. for each succeeding inch; 10 per cent. discount if ordered for 13 times. If to be inserted, please name the number of insertions, and return the enclosed advertisement.

SHETTLE & TEBBUTT.

DISTRICT COURT JUDGE M'FARLAND TO THE MINISTER FOR JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Mudgee, 14 April, 1874.

The Queen v. G. A. Davis.

SIR,

I consider it my duty to bring under your notice the following statement of facts:—

During the hearing (yesterday) of the above cause, tried before me as Chairman of the Mudgee Quarter Sessions, Mr. Henry Tebbutt, a Magistrate of the Territory, was examined as a witness, and distinctly admitted that on two or three occasions bribes had been offered to him as an inducement to decide in a particular way cases coming before him as a Magistrate at Gulgong—that so much as £300 had been offered to him on one of those occasions—and that upon none of them did he take any step for bringing to justice the person offering the bribe.

Mr. Tebbutt added in his evidence that he rejected the offers thus made to him, and that he did not consider it worth his while to notice them further, because they were poor ignorant people from whom they came.

I have, &c.,

ALFRED M'FARLAND.

MR. H. TEBBUTT TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Gulgong, 25 April, 1874.

SIR,

I understand a *supersedeas* has been or is about to be issued against me, and I further gather that the grounds of such issue is from a report made by Mr. District Judge M'Farland, that I had admitted in evidence, in a case tried before him in Mudgee, that on more than one occasion bribes had been offered

offered me, and that I did not prosecute the parties; if this matter is allowed to pass over without explanation the public might labor under the idea that I was actually in the habit of encouraging such offers, or even that I had been the recipient of bribes. I therefore take the present opportunity of explaining the matter in full.

Sometime during the year 1871, as far as my memory serves, either towards the middle or later, a miner called on me and asked if I was going to sit at the Appeal Court that day; I replied I was. He then said, I have a case and I wouldn't mind giving £200 to get it decided in my favor. I then and there told him he was a great scoundrel to make such a remark to a Magistrate. He said he did not think he was doing any harm. I perceived he was a very ignorant man, and I spoke to him severely on the impropriety of his conduct. I did not attend the Appeal Court on that occasion. It has been urged that I should have at once prosecuted in the case. Not only can I see no public benefit would be gained by such a crime, but it is also quite evident no prosecutions could be sustained, and a great deal more harm would have resulted by a Magistrate (who is supposed to know the law) taking a case in Court which must have been dismissed. I may have committed an error in judgment in pursuing the course I did, but even at this time I believe I am right, the offer being too indirect to criminate the man.

Some few months afterwards another man, a foreigner, asked me to stay one Friday to adjudicate in his case. I told him I always went to Mudgee on Friday morning as I had business there to attend to. He then said I should lose nothing by staying. I immediately ordered him away, much to his surprise, and I went to Mudgee on the Friday. The men were perfect strangers to me.

When the Commissioners asked me if I had ever been offered bribes, I replied I had, and I ought then to have explained the circumstances as above detailed. I now find that not having done so, I left an erroneous impression on their minds. It would have been a very easy matter to have refused to answer the questions, or even to have given a denial, but I scorned subterfuge, and although the bribes were tendered in so indirect a manner yet I have no moral doubt they were either really meant as genuine offers, or to try me.

When the case *Regina v. Davis* was tried before Judge M'Farland, the same question was put to me by Mr. Buchanan for defence, and I gave the same answer. I certainly expected the Judge would have required an explanation; not having done so, he laboured under the same impression as the Commissioners.

When the case *Dick v. Thompson* was heard before Judge Faucett, the same question was put to me by Mr. Pilcher, but having seen what stress Mr. Buchanan had given to my unexplained admission, I answered that I believed I had, on more than one occasion, been offered bribes in a very indirect manner—a reply I should have made to the Commissioner, and also to Mr. Buchanan, as being the mere facts of the case. As I before stated, I believe morally the remarks made by the men were intended as bribes. Legally speaking, none were offered. I have dealt with the subject in a moral point of view.

I have now explained the matter as far as I recollect, the transaction having occurred some three years since.

Of course, if the Government after this explanation consider it their duty to issue a writ of *supersedeas* I must only submit; but from the strict and impartial manner in which I have performed my Magisterial duties for the last six years, I expected commendation rather than censure, for I will now say, without egotism, no man in New South Wales has given more time and attention to Magisterial duties than I have, and I certainly expected a far different result for my unpaid services.

The Government should bear in mind that the Gulgong Gold Fields of 1871 and 1874 are very different. In the former year some thousands of ignorant men were arriving; some, the more ignorant, had rich, valuable claims and in their ignorance thought it no harm in making improper remarks to Magistrates; the case is now widely different.

As far as the inquiry at Gulgong is concerned, the public, or more properly speaking, the enlightened portion, look upon it as a farce; the character of the witnesses, the inquiry in open Court, and not on oath, made it more unreliable. One of the principal witnesses, Thompson, was this week mulct in £250 damages for a malicious prosecution against Mr. Dick, the Mudgee Gaoler.

I can only say, in conclusion, that in my Magisterial capacity I have always acted in a fair, honest, and impartial manner, and although the Government may consider I committed an error in judgment in not giving publicity to the matter in 1871, yet I consider, under the circumstances, the Government should act in a less harsh manner. My removal from the Commission, as far as pecuniary matters are concerned, will be beneficial to me, as I can pay more attention to my private affairs, Bench duties having taken up fully one-third of my time. I trust the Government will reconsider the matter, for to the general public the issue of a *supersedeas* appears to imply that the party has been guilty of some heinous crime and men's public execration, but if, after reconsideration, the Executive believe it their duty to carry out their first decision, as I before observed, I must only submit.

I have, &c.,

HENRY TEBBUTT.

I have read the above to Mr. Warburton, Police Magistrate, Mudgee, and now enclose his remarks.

[Enclosure.]

G. Warburton, Esq., P.M., to Mr. H. Tebbutt.

P.O., Mudgee, 25 April, 1874.

My dear Sir,

I have read the correspondence with respect to the charges brought against you as a Magistrate, and I deeply deplore (by *Herald* report) that you are to be *deprived* of your Commission as a Justice of the Peace. Your duties, in conjunction with myself, on the gold fields were very arduous, and difficult in decision. In no case did I ever observe any partiality with you.

You have sat with me in many cases in Mudgee and at Gulgong, and your knowledge of the law in all cases materially assisted me in the performance of my duties.

I am, &c.,

GEO. WARBURTON, P.M.





1873-4.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## PREROGATIVE OF PARDON.

(DESPATCHES AND CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING THE.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

## No. 1.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.  
(No. 111.)Government House,  
Sydney, 14 July, 1869.

MY LORD,

Considerable inconvenience has been experienced here by the practice of nearly always referring Petitions for remission of sentences to the presiding Judge or Magistrate, even when no point of law or evidence might be involved.

2. The time of the Governor also is often unnecessarily occupied (although that is a matter of less consequence) by the re-consideration of cases upon Petitions by prisoner's friends, although perhaps the case may have been more than once before disposed of.

3. The Colonial Secretary has submitted to me the accompanying paper, with a view to some alteration of practice being made. The question, however, of the personal responsibility of the Governor in granting or withholding remissions of sentences arises; and before deciding the matter absolutely as far as relates to that part of the subject, both Mr. Robertson and myself would be glad to be favoured with your Lordship's views in the matter, as to what weight the recommendation of the Colonial Secretary ought to have with the Governor—whether, in fact, the latter is bound by his instructions to act on his own independent judgment or not?

4. I have noted in the margin of Mr. Robertson's paper my views with regard to a point on which I do not quite agree with him.

I have, &c.,  
BELMORE.

## No. 2.

MINUTE OF COLONIAL SECRETARY RESPECTING PETITIONS FROM PRISONERS FOR REMISSION OR  
MITIGATION OF SENTENCE.\*

1. I am induced, not less by the frequency and irregularity of Petitions presented for the remission or mitigation of the sentences of prisoners, than by communications which have been addressed to me by His Honor the Chief Justice and Mr. District Court Judge Simpson, to submit for consideration certain suggestions for the more satisfactory dealing with such Petitions, by which it is hoped the time of the Judges, to whom they are referred for report, and of His Excellency, to whom they are submitted for decision, may be less trespassed upon.

2. It may be admitted that, as a rule, all evidence which can be adduced in favour of the prisoner is so adduced before sentence is passed upon him.

3. That in view of surrounding circumstances the sentence is not excessive, and that the only mitigation, therefore, which the prisoner or his friends can claim or expect is that provided by the Gaol Regulations for good conduct. Such remission becomes due at a certain time, is recommended by the Sheriff or Superintendent at Cockatoo Island, and cannot properly be made the subject of "Petition."

4. It follows, therefore, as it appears to me, that the Petitions requiring special notice are exceptional, containing statements of new evidence requiring reference to the Judge, and perhaps to the Crown Law Officers, or particular circumstances not before known, calling for the exercise of the prerogative of mercy.

5. In the former class of cases reference to the Judges or the Crown Law Officers should of course be continued, but in the latter class of cases no such reference would be needed.

6. In England the administration of the prerogative of mercy has devolved upon the Secretary for the Home Department (answering in some sort to the Colonial Secretary here), who is considered as directly responsible for the same. (See "Todd's Parliamentary Government in England," vol. 1, folios 343, 4, 5.)

7. It is submitted, therefore, that in all future cases the reference to the Judges on legal points or evidence should continue, but that an expression of the opinion of the Minister should accompany the Petitions submitted, whatever they be—such expression being viewed as embodying no more than a *recommendation* in the matter, of which the decision is within the competency of His Excellency.

\*This is the paper alluded to at page 2, as Exhibit No. 1.

8. It may be considered desirable, notwithstanding the right of Petition, that all Petitions from prisoners or their friends should be forwarded through (or be referred to) the Sheriff or the Superintendent of Cockatoo Island, as the case may be, and that frivolous Petitions, or false representations, should be disregarded.

JOHN ROBERTSON.

[Date omitted—must have been early in July, 1869.]

No. 3.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.  
(No. 78.) Downing-street,  
4 October, 1869.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your despatch, No. 111, of the 14th of July, asking for instructions on the question whether a Colonial Governor is bound to act on his own independent judgment, in deciding upon the Petitions frequently presented for the mitigation of sentence passed upon a prisoner, or what weight he should attach to the advice of the Colonial Secretary.

The responsibility of deciding upon such applications rests with the Governor, and he has undoubtedly a right to act upon his own independent judgment. But unless any Imperial interest or policy is involved, as might be the case in a matter of Treason or Slave-trading, or in matters in which Foreigners might be concerned, the Governor would be bound to allow great weight to the recommendation of his Ministry.

I have, &c.,

GRANVILLE.

To the Colonial Secretary.—This is a reply to the Colonial Secretary's paper on the subject referred to.—B., 29 Nov., 1869.

Seen.—C.C., 14 Jan., 1870.

Put by.—14 Jan., 1870.

No. 4.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.  
(Circular.) Downing-street,  
1 November, 1871.

MY LORD,

Questions having been recently raised in the Colony of New Zealand as to the powers vested in the Governor of a Colony to grant pardons, it became necessary for Her Majesty's Government to consider carefully the various bearings of this important subject, and I have now to transmit to you, for your information and guidance, the conclusion at which they have arrived.

The cases which have to be dealt with may be classed under the five following heads:—

1. Pardon of convicted offenders.
2. Pardon or security of immunity to a witness fearing to criminate himself.
3. Pardon of an accomplice included in a prosecution, and turning Queen's evidence.
4. Promise of pardon to an unknown person concerned in a crime, but not being the principal offender, in order to obtain such information and evidence as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of the principal.
5. Promise of pardon to political offenders or enemies of the State.

With respect to the pardon of convicted offenders, a Governor has already full powers under the terms of his existing Commission.

I am not aware whether in the Colony under your government it has been the practice for the Governor to leave signed pardons in blank, to be filled up and used during his temporary absence from the seat of Government. But as the question has been raised whether this procedure is admissible, I may here observe, for your guidance, that such a course would be irregular, and I am not aware of any circumstances which could justify it. The Governor, as invested with a portion of the Queen's prerogative, is bound to examine personally each case in which he is called upon to exercise the power entrusted to him, although, in a Colony under Responsible Government, he will of course pay due regard to the advice of his Ministers, who are responsible to the Colony for the proper administration of justice and the prevention of crime, and will not grant any pardon without receiving their advice thereupon.

When the person whom it is proposed to pardon has been already convicted, there can be no sufficient reason why the case should not stand over until it can be duly submitted to the Governor.

With respect to the second head, namely, the pardon of a witness fearing to criminate himself, it is undoubtedly necessary that means should exist by which the evidence of such a witness may be obtained. This case, however, may be better provided for by local legislation than by the exercise of the Royal prerogative through the Governor. The Judge presiding at the trial should be empowered to give a certificate under his hand, that the evidence of the witness was required for the ends of justice and was satisfactorily given; and such certificate should be a bar to all proceedings in respect of the matters touching which the witness has been examined.

With respect to the third head, namely, the pardon of an accomplice included in the prosecution and turning Queen's evidence, it appears to Her Majesty's Government that no local legislation, nor alteration of the Governor's Commission is needed, and the practice in England upon this point may properly be adopted in the Colony.

In England a pardon is not granted before the trial, neither has the party admitted as Queen's evidence any legal claim to a pardon, nor has the Magistrate before whom the original examination is taken any power to promise him one on condition of his becoming a witness.

In such cases where the accomplice's evidence has been obtained (which can be done either by his pleading guilty, or by the Crown entering a *nolle prosequi* against him before calling him as a witness against his accomplice), and he appears to have acted in good faith, and to have given his evidence truthfully, he

It certainly is not the practice here.—JOHN R.

I should like to have my paper on this matter, written when a Member of the last Government. Herewith. See Exhibit No. 1, and Lord Kimberley's despatch, 4th Oct., 1869, in reply.—JOHN R.

In one case Sir John Young spared the life of a bushranger contrary to the advice of his Ministers.—JOHN R.

I don't understand this paragraph.—JOHN R.

The Honorable the Attorney General can best inform his Excellency on this point.—JOHN R.  
Refer.

Also refer to the Attorney General.—JOHN R.

Also refer to the Attorney General.—JOHN R.

Also refer to the Attorney General.

is always considered to have an equitable claim to the merciful consideration of the Court, which is usually extended to him by the Judge presiding at the trial, by the infliction of minor, or in some cases of a merely nominal, punishment.

With respect to the fourth head, namely, the promise of pardon in order to discover and convict the principal offender, Her Majesty's Government will be prepared, in future Commissions, to vest in the Governors of Colonies the power of granting a pardon to any accomplice, not being the actual perpetrator of the crime, who shall give such information and evidence as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of the principal offender. Also refer to Attorney General.—JOHN R.

It is not, however, considered necessary to issue at once supplementary Commissions for this purpose, as you (or your Executive Council, if an emergency should compel them to take action at a time when you are absent, and cannot be immediately communicated with) can issue a notice that the grant of Her Majesty's gracious pardon to any accomplice who shall give such information and evidence will be recommended. Such notice, which is similar to that issued in England, in like circumstances, will have the desired effect, and the formal authority to grant the pardon can in due course be transmitted to the Governor by the Secretary of State. Also refer to Attorney General.—JOHN R.

Lastly, with respect to the fifth head, namely, the promise of pardon to political offenders or enemies of the State, Her Majesty's Government are of opinion that for various reasons it would not be expedient to insert the power of granting such pardons in the Governors' Commissions; nor do they consider that there is any practical necessity for a change. Also refer to Attorney General.

If a Governor is authorized by Her Majesty's Government to proclaim a pardon to certain political offenders, or rebels, he can do so. If he is not instructed from Home to grant a pardon, he can issue a proclamation, as was done in New Zealand in 1865, by Sir G. Grey, to the effect that all who had borne arms against the Queen should never be prosecuted for past offences, except in certain cases of murder. Such a proclamation would practically have the same effect as a pardon. Also refer to Attorney General.—JOHN R.

The above-mentioned are, I believe, all the cases for which it is necessary to provide; and I trust that this explanation will have the effect of removing for the future any doubt as to the exercise of the prerogative of pardon in the Colony under your Government. Also refer to Attorney General.—JOHN R.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

To the Col. Secretary.—B., 27/12/71.

Consultation.—JOHN R., 4 Jan., /72.

For His Excellency, who will perhaps peruse the side minutes of mine, and the larger minute of the Attorney General.—JOHN R., 17 April, /72.

With reference to all the paragraphs marked for my consideration, I may say, generally, that the matters to which they relate are already sufficiently provided for by the Constitution of this Colony and the Governor's Commission. Many of the observations in Lord Kimberley's despatch are made in apparent forgetfulness of the fact that by despatches from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and from Lord Kimberley himself, the right of the Governor to pardon, on the advice of his Ministers here, is distinctly recognized, and has for many years been acted on as of course. It is every-day practice. The dealing with cases of persons admitted approvers has never involved any difficulty whatever. The law and practice here are the same as in England.—J.M., 11th April, 1872.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department.—W.E.P., B.C., 12th April, 1872.

### No. 5.

THE ADMINISTRATOR OF THE GOVERNMENT TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

(No. 48.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 30 May, 1872.

MY LORD,

Your despatch of the 1st November, 1871, marked "circular," respecting the powers of a Colonial Governor to grant pardons, was received by Lord Belmore on the 25th December, and immediately forwarded by him to the Cabinet. It was not returned here until the 18th April,—a delay occasioned, I believe, by other engagements of the late Attorney General, whose report was desired as to the practice observed in this Colony.

2. Your Lordship's despatch appears to have been occasioned by some questions raised, and therefore, I presume, some difficulties felt, in New Zealand. With respect to the Governor's pardoning power, I am able to state that no question has arisen or difficulty been experienced in New South Wales; although, if we construe literally the terms of his Commission, difficulties might easily be made. The only questions which have arisen here relate to a different, although a kindred point; namely, in what cases the Governor ought to consult his Ministers before granting or refusing a pardon, and how far, if at all, he is bound by their opinion.

3. Those questions have respect to pardons, absolute or conditional, after an offender's conviction, being the subject which is classed, in your Lordship's despatch, under the first head or division.

4. With regard to the second, third, and fourth divisions of the subject (so called in the despatch), I have had a large experience in such matters, both as a Law Officer and a Judge; and I confirm Sir James Martin's statement, that the English practice respecting pardons, or the promise of pardon, prospectively, to witnesses and accomplices, has invariably been adopted in New South Wales, as also, I believe, in the sister Colonies. The legal power of the Governor to pardon, in such cases, may be doubtful. Practically, however, no inconvenience has arisen, because the power of prosecuting is in all cases vested exclusively in the Attorney General. Should a person ever happen to be convicted to whom a promise of pardon or protection had been held out by the Governor's authority, the pardoning power could then confessedly be exercised; as of course in such a case it would be.

5. On the class of cases fifthly specified, relating to political offenders and State enemies, no observation seems necessary; as no case of the kind, that I remember, has ever occurred in New South Wales.

6. I am glad to learn from your Lordship that the Commissions to Governors will in future be amended, by conferring in express terms the power of pardoning parties prospectively. At present (clause 6 in Lord Belmore's Commission); the authority given is restricted to convicted offenders. It will hereafter embrace,

embrace, I presume, all persons "guilty or supposed to be guilty" of any crimes committed in the Colony, after which, I would suggest the addition of the words "or for which the offender may by law be tried therein." The power will then include cases of kidnapping, and other offences in these seas, in which its exercise may be found of service.

7. By the Governor's instructions (clause 8 in those issued to Lord Belmore), he is "in all cases" to consult with the Executive Council, except when material prejudice would be sustained thereby, or the matters shall be too trivial or too urgent to render such consultation advisable. Now, does this instruction apply to cases of Petition for pardons or mitigation, where the sentence is not capital? By clause 13, the Governor is specially required to consult his Council in capital cases, and not to grant or withhold a pardon, until after receiving their advice. Nevertheless, he is to act eventually on his own deliberate judgment, whether the Council shall have concurred with him or not.

8. What is to be the Governor's course when the sentence was to imprisonment with hard labour (penal servitude) or to fine and imprisonment, and the prisoner's friends, or sympathisers with his family, think the punishment too severe originally, or that he has after a certain period endured enough, or, perhaps, that the evidence was not sufficient, or that circumstances subsequently discovered or arising call for a mitigation?

9. The practice hitherto adopted has been, almost as a matter of course, to refer Petitions containing any such representation to the sentencing Judge. The consequence is—Petitions of one or the other of these classes being numerous—that his time is largely occupied, if he does his duty by reporting fully, in (substantially) trying the case over again, and justifying his sentence to the Executive, or explaining why for the sake of the community it ought to be endured. I have always thought that these references should be exceptional—made sparingly and with due discrimination—and yet, that the Governor ought never (or except under very peculiar circumstances) to mitigate a criminal's punishment without a reference to and report from the Judge. In the majority of cases I am enabled to say, from my long experience, that these Petitions require no such reference; but, notwithstanding the number of signatures generally attached to them, that they may summarily and most justly be rejected.

10. On this point of the subject I would refer, with approval, to Mr. Secretary Robertson's minute of July, 1869, of which a copy was transmitted to Lord Granville in that month by Lord Belmore, when asking for an official instruction whether he was bound, in deciding on such Petitions, to act on his own independent judgment. Mr. Robertson suggested that the Colonial Secretary should, in every instance, submit his recommendation or opinion with the case, leaving its decision then to the Governor. And Lord Granville, in answer, by his despatch of the 4th October, 1869, seems to have (in effect) adopted the principle, observing that the Governor has undoubtedly a right to act on his own judgment, but that (in all matters at least of purely local concern) he ought to allow great weight to the recommendation of his Ministry. Your Lordship's circular, the receipt of which I am acknowledging, appears to carry this instruction further, by the opinion, if not positive direction, that the Governor ought not to grant any pardon without receiving their advice.

11. It is necessary to state therefore what is (and, so far as I can learn, what always has been) the course pursued in this Colony; in order that, if it shall be thought by your Lordship to be incorrect or undesirable, a different system may be adopted.

12. The Colonial Secretary, in whose department all correspondence on the subject of crime, after conviction, is carried on, does not in the first instance express any opinion on a Petition for pardon or mitigation. He may have done so in a few cases, but as a general rule he certainly does not. The mode of dealing with the Petition is determined, and in effect all references concerning it are directed by the Governor, a very considerable portion of whose time is occupied (I may say in every week), in the investigation of and deliberation upon such cases. Neither does the Governor, in general, confer with any Minister on them; although occasionally he asks the Colonial Secretary or Attorney General to advise him. But, as the Governor's decision is always minuted on the papers, with or without his reasons for it, the Colonial Secretary, before acting on or communicating that decision, has the opportunity of forming an opinion for himself, and of submitting the case to the Governor for reconsideration, should he desire to do so.

13. In this way, I submit to your Lordship, the views expressed in Mr. Robertson's minute, and in Lord Granville's despatch, although the order of proceeding is reversed and practically observed.

14. It remains only to mention, that no such practice as that of signing pardons in blank, adverted to by your Lordship, has ever (in, I believe, even a single instance) prevailed in the Colony.

15. Although it is not strictly on the subject of pardons, I would ask a reconsideration of clause 406 in the Colonial Regulations (edition 1867) respecting the Judges' notes in capital cases. The Royal Instructions accompanying the Governor's Commission require only that the Judge shall make a report of every such case tried by him, and attend the Executive Council when taken into consideration there, for the purpose, I presume, of affording further information if desired. The Judge accordingly does always attend, and he brings his note-book with him, reading portions of the evidence from it, when explanation is asked by any Member. More than this I submit is unnecessary, and may even be embarrassing to the Governor. It is not impossible that the instruction referred to was intended as a substitute for the Regulation, but the latter, if in force, requires a Governor invariably to peruse the notes (necessarily therefore the whole) before decision; unless, indeed, he shall exercise the power of pardon, in which case it seems he need not read them.

I have, &c.,  
ALFRED STEPHEN.

#### No. 6.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

(General.)

Downing-street,  
17 February, 1873.

SIR,

I have had under my consideration the questions raised by Sir A. Stephen, in his despatch, No. 48, of 30 May last, in reply to my circular of 1st November, 1871, respecting the powers of a Colonial Governor to grant pardons, but I deferred replying to that despatch until I had received answers from the

the other Colonies to which my circular despatch was transmitted. As, however, it will not be necessary to issue any further circular, I proceed to deal separately with the points raised by Sir A. Stephen.

The terms of your Commission extending the power of granting pardons to other than convicted offenders, dispose of one of his suggestions, but I am of opinion that the additional words which he has proposed to meet the case of kidnapping and other like offences, committed out of the Colony, but triable within, may properly be inserted in future Commissions.

With respect to that part of his despatch which refers to the question of the Governor consulting his Council upon petitions for pardon,—I may observe that there is no real inconsistency, as is apparently supposed, between my circular and Lord Granville's despatch of the 4th October, 1869. It was pointed out that a Governor in granting pardons is exercising a portion of the Queen's prerogative, and has strictly a right to exercise an independent judgment; but that in a Colony under Responsible Government a Governor would (as stated by Lord Granville) be bound to allow great weight to the recommendation of his Ministry; in other words, he would (as stated by the circular) be bound not to grant any pardon without receiving their advice thereon.

It was not however intended to lay down a rule that a Governor should in all cases formally consult with his Ministers in Council, as is provided by the Royal Instructions in respect of capital cases; and I see no objection to the Governor consulting, or acting upon the advice of, the Minister who is, for the time being, primarily concerned in such matters, in whatever manner is most convenient to both.

With reference to the suggestion made by Sir A. Stephen in the postscript to his despatch, I will consider whether any modification of clause 406 of the Colonial Regulations is required. It appears to me that the regulation is substantially complied with by the practice adopted in New South Wales; and a strict observance of the regulation is clearly necessary when, for some reason, the presiding Judge is unable to attend.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

Colonial Secretary.—H.R., 7/5/73.  
Seen.

## No. 7.

### MINUTE FOR HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

I HAVE given much consideration to the expediency of changing the system of treatment in the cases of Petitions presented for the absolute or conditional pardon of convicted offenders, and have carefully read the correspondence on the subject, commencing with Lord Belmore's despatch of July 14, 1869, and closing with Lord Kimberley's despatch of February 17, 1873.

The minute of Mr. Robertson, which gave rise to this correspondence, does not appear to me to deal with the real question which the despatches of the Secretary of State present for determination in the Colony. That question, in any view, is the extent to which the Minister is to have an active voice in the decision of these cases; but in my view it is much more—it is whether the Minister is virtually to decide in every case upon his own direct responsibility, subject of course to the refusal of the Crown to accept his advice, which refusal at any time should be held to be, as in all other cases, tantamount to dispensing with his services. The seventh paragraph of the minute alone touches the question of the Minister's relation to the Crown, and it seems to prescribe a position for the Minister in which, on submitting Petitions to the Governor, he is to express an opinion on each case, to be "viewed as embodying no more than a recommendation," after which he is to have no further concern in the matter. I cannot subscribe to this principle of Ministerial conduct, if this be what was intended by Mr. Robertson.

There can be no question, I believe, that from the beginning of the present reign the Home Secretary in England decides absolutely in all matters of this kind in the name of the Crown, and that the Crown does not in practice interfere. At no former time when the Crown took an active part in such decisions could the Crown, in the nature of things, be subject to a superior or an instructing authority. The wide difference between the position of the Minister and his relations to the Crown and to Parliament in the Colony and in England is at once apparent on reading the despatches from the Secretary of State. The Governor is invested with the prerogative of the Crown to grant pardons, and, by the letter of the instructions conveyed to him by Lord Kimberley's circular of November 1, 1871, he "is bound to examine personally each case in which he is called upon to exercise the power entrusted to him." By the instructions previously conveyed to the Governor of this Colony by Lord Granville, in reply to Lord Belmore's despatch of July 14, 1869, he is told that "the responsibility of deciding upon such applications rests with the Governor," and, in reference obviously to advice that may be tendered, it is expressly added that the Governor "has undoubtedly a right to act upon his own independent judgment." And finally, after the question has been re-opened by Sir Alfred Stephen, it is repeated by Lord Kimberley's despatch of February 17, 1873, that "in granting pardons" the Governor "has strictly a right to exercise an independent judgment."

It seems to be clear that the "portion of the Queen's prerogative" entrusted to the Governor of a Colony, unlike the prerogative in England, is intended to be a reality in its exercise. It is undeniably the case that the Representative of the Crown in a Colony, unlike the Crown itself, is subject to a superior or instructing authority. What then is the position of the Minister, and what is intended to be the nature of the advice he may be called upon to give, and under what circumstances is that advice to be given?

In no sense of responsibility, in this respect, has the Minister in this Colony hitherto been in the same position as the Home Secretary in England. He has neither exercised the function of pardon, nor, as a rule, been asked for advice. Except in rare cases, and then only in a limited degree, when special features or new facts have presented themselves, he has never actively interfered. What would be his position, if he entered upon a system of partial advice, and accepted in matters of the gravest moment a secondary or limited authority, irreconcilable with the nature of his duties and responsibilities as a Minister under Parliamentary government?

Lord

Lord Granville says, "the Governor would be bound to allow great weight to the recommendation of his Ministry." The circular of November 1, 1871, says, "he will of course pay due regard to the advice of his Ministers." Lord Kimberley, in his despatch of February 17, 1873, repeats the words of Lord Granville.

It cannot be doubted that the advice here intended is wholly distinct in its nature from the advice given in the general conduct of affairs. In the general case the advice is uniformly accepted, as the first condition of the adviser continuing to hold office. In all his acts the Minister's responsibility to Parliament is simple, undivided, and direct. But in pardoning convicted offenders, the Governor, although he is to "pay due regard to the advice of his Ministers," is at the same time informed by the Secretary of State that he "is bound to examine personally each case in which he is called upon to exercise the power entrusted to him," and that with him rests the responsibility. The exceptional advice implied seems to be of the nature of opinions or suggestions, to which weight may be attached as coming from persons "responsible to the Colony for the proper administration of justice and the prevention of crime," but which in any case, or in every case, may be partially or wholly disregarded.

It does not appear to be clear that the Governor is required by the Secretary of State to seek even this secondary class of advice in all cases. It would rather seem that the instruction does not necessarily extend beyond cases in which pardons are proposed to be granted, in which cases the Minister would simply have to concur in a decision already formed, or be placed in the somewhat invidious position of objecting to the extension of mercy. This view would shut out from the Minister's limited power of advice the numerous cases in which much concern is frequently felt by portions of the public, where a merciful consideration is prayed for and is refused.

I entertain grave doubts whether any change at present from the system which has hitherto prevailed will be beneficial to the Colony. In a community so small as ours, the distinctions between classes are very slight. The persons entrusted with authority and the relatives and friends of prisoners move closely together. The means of political pressure are easily accessible. A larger share by the Minister in the exercise of the prerogative of pardon would not, in my judgment, be more satisfactory to the public. But if a change is to take place, and the cases of prisoners are to be decided on the advice of Ministers, I can see no sufficient reason for making a distinction between this class of business and the ordinary business of Government. The Minister ought to inquire into and examine each case, and each case ought to be decided on his advice. The refusal of the Governor to accept his advice in any case of this kind ought to have the same significance and effect as a similar refusal in any other case. In no other way can the Minister be fairly responsible to Parliament for what is done. Either "the responsibility of deciding upon such applications" must still "rest with the Governor," as Lord Granville expresses it, or it must rest with the Minister in the only way in which it would be just to hold him responsible.

HENRY PARKES.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 30 May, 1874.

## No. 8.

### MINUTE BY THE GOVERNOR FOR THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

I HAVE read the Minute of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary upon the subject of Pardons, and it has occurred to me that the difficulty of dividing the responsibility in this matter, in the manner suggested by the late Secretary of State, can perhaps best be illustrated by showing how such a system would work in the practical transaction of business.

Hitherto the practice here has been for all applications for mitigation of sentences to be submitted to the Governor for his independent decision thereon. Some are sent to him direct through the post by the petitioners, others are presented personally by influential persons interested, whilst the remainder reach him through the Colonial Secretary's Office, without any expression of opinion from the Minister. Taken altogether these applications are numerous. I have not kept any count of them, but I should think that a weekly average of twelve would certainly be below the number. All are carefully perused by the Governor. Some—in which the grounds stated, even if proved, would be insufficient to justify remission—are summarily rejected; others, upon which inquiry may seem desirable, are referred for the report of the Sheriff and the sentencing Official, and sometimes the opinion of the Crown Law Officer is asked for. Previous petitions and papers in each case (if any) are carefully perused, and eventually the Governor gives his decision, according to his own independent judgment. The papers are then sent to the Colonial Secretary's Office, where the necessary official steps are taken to carry the decision into effect, without, I believe, in ordinary cases, the matter being even brought under the notice of the Minister.

If a change such as has been suggested were to be carried out, the first question to be decided would be by whom should all petitions and applications for mitigation of sentences be considered in the first instance: by the Governor or by the Minister?

If, as at present by the Governor, what would be the consequence under the instructions contained in the Secretary of State's circular despatch of the 1st November, 1871? The words of that despatch are as follows:—

"The Governor, as invested with a portion of the Queen's prerogative, is bound to examine personally each case in which he is called upon to exercise the power entrusted to him, although, in a Colony under Responsible Government, he will of course pay due regard to the advice of his Ministers, who are responsible to the Colony for the proper administration of justice and prevention of crime, and will not grant any pardon without receiving their advice thereupon."

The last few words which I have underlined are not quoted by the Colonial Secretary in his minute, but they are important as showing the precise view taken by the Secretary of State. The Governor apparently may, after personally examining any petition for mitigation, and after giving due weight to the advice of his Ministers, exercise an independent judgment and reject the application. He may say "no" on his own authority, but he can only say "yes" on the advice of a Minister. The idea would seem to be to make the Governor and the Ministers mutually act as checks on each other. Either can negative a prayer for pardon, but both must concur before any such application can be granted. If, therefore, the petitions were considered in the first instance by the Governor, all cases rejected by him would at once be withdrawn from the cognizance or control of the Minister—a proceeding of which the latter might justly complain if any

any responsibility at all were to be imposed on him in this matter. In all cases in which the Governor proposed to mitigate the sentence his decision would have to be approved and confirmed by the Minister, who might, if he saw fit, veto the merciful intentions of the Governor. It appears to me the Governor and the Minister would occupy somewhat anomalous positions in such cases. Under a constitutional form of Government the Crown is supposed to accept or reject the advice of Responsible Ministers: in this matter the Minister would adopt or reject as he pleased the advice of the Representative of the Crown!

But suppose, on the other hand, that all Petitions were considered and reported on in the first instance by the Minister, what would then be the result? Why, all cases rejected by the Minister need never be sent on at all to the Governor, to whom they would be addressed. For, as the Governor could not pardon without the advice of the Minister, there would be no object in troubling him with applications which he could not comply with. In cases in which the Minister advised a mitigation, the Governor could of course, if he saw proper, in the exercise of his "undoubted right," reject such advice—upon being prepared to accept the consequences. But practically he would never do so, except in cases which, in his view, involved such a gross abuse of the prerogative that both the Secretary of State and local public opinion would be likely to support him in the adoption of extreme measures. In all ordinary cases in which neither Imperial interests nor policy were involved, the Governor, whatever his own private opinion might be, "would be bound to allow great weight to the recommendation of his Ministry, who are responsible to the Colony for the proper administration of justice and prevention of crime." Practically, under such a system the prerogative of mercy would be transferred from the Governor to the Minister charged with such duties.

It was perhaps the recognition of some such difficulties which led to the suggestion of a compromise between these two systems, thrown out in Lord Kimberley's last despatch on the subject. In effect, His Lordship appears to suggest that the Governor might continue, as at present, to examine into and deal with all Petitions for pardon, but that he should, before granting a mitigation of sentence in any case, ascertain by means of informal consultation that the Minister concurred in such a step. I fear that such a plan would not work well, and that its effect would simply be to fritter away any real or clearly defined responsibility in such matters. In the first place, who would be responsible for the appeals rejected upon which charges of sectarian partiality or official corruption might possibly be based? Is the Governor to remain responsible for refusals, and the Minister to become responsible for pardons? Again, if the Minister is to be responsible for pardons, he would have, unless his concurrence were a mere matter of form, to go through all the reports and papers in each case in which a pardon was proposed by the Governor, and, as I have before shown, he would have to place upon the papers in writing his final acceptance or rejection of the Governor's advice. If such grave matters were disposed of in informal conversations, such a loose mode of transacting business would inevitably result in mistakes and misapprehensions. The Governor might decide a case under the full impression that the Minister concurred in his view, and yet he might find subsequently that there was some misunderstanding and that his decision was repudiated and condemned.

For these reasons I entirely concur in the conclusion arrived at by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, in his minute, that the responsibility for the exercise here of the Queen's prerogative of pardon, must either, as heretofore, rest solely with the Governor, or it must be transferred to a Minister who will be subject in this as in the discharge of other administrative functions only to those checks which the Constitution imposes on every servant of the Crown, who is at the same time responsible to Parliament. The real question at issue is thus brought within narrow limits.

The Colonial Secretary expresses "grave doubts whether any change at present from the system which has hitherto prevailed here will be beneficial to the Colony," and he thinks that under the circumstances existing here, the prerogative of pardon will be better exercised by the Governor than by the Minister. If the validity of such an argument were once admitted, it might perhaps be held to extend to other branches of administrative business. But the very essence of the Constitution is responsibility to Parliament for the administration of local affairs; and possessing, as the system does within itself, a prompt and effectual means of correcting any abuse of power, there can be little doubt that political training and official experience will soon impose restraints upon those impulses which sometimes mar the earlier attempts at self-government.

I have felt, ever since my first arrival in the Colony, that the practice which has hitherto prevailed here, of entrusting an important branch of local administration solely to an officer who is not responsible to Parliament, is highly objectionable; and as I fail to see that any plan of divided responsibility in such a matter can be devised, I can only repeat here, what I have on several occasions since the receipt of Lord Kimberley's last despatch stated to the Colonial Secretary in conversation, namely, that I am quite prepared to adopt a change of system; and I think that for the future all applications for mitigation of sentences should be submitted to me through the intervention of a Responsible Minister, whose opinion and advice as regards each case should be specified in writing upon the papers.

Government House,  
1st June, 1874.

HERCULES ROBINSON.

No. 9.

MINUTE OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Min: 74/26.

2 June, 1874.

HIS Excellency the Governor lays before the Council a Minute by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary on the subject of the system of treatment of cases of Petitions presented for the absolute or conditional pardon of convicted offenders; also, a Minute by His Excellency on the same subject.

2. The Council concur in the views expressed by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary and His Excellency the Governor in these Minutes, and advise that for the future all applications for mitigation of sentences should be submitted to His Excellency through the intervention of a Responsible Minister, whose opinion and advice, as regards each case, should be specified in writing upon the papers.

Approved.—H.R., 2/6/74.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

No. 10.



## No. 10.

## MINUTE PAPER FOR THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 2 June, 1874.

CONSEQUENT upon the change in the system of treating the cases of convicted offenders in view of the exercise of the prerogative of pardon, I recommend that in future all Petitions and applications for mitigation of sentence or pardon be received, considered, and submitted to His Excellency the Governor by the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction.

HENRY PARKES.

## No. 11.

## MINUTE OF EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Min : 74/26.  
2 June, 1874.

His Excellency the Governor lays before the Council a Minute Paper by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, recommending, in consequence of the change in the system of treating the cases of convicted offenders in view of the exercise of the prerogative of pardon, that in future all Petitions and applications for mitigation of sentence or pardon be received, considered, and submitted to His Excellency the Governor, by the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction.

2. The Council approve of the recommendation of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, and advise that it be adopted accordingly.

Approved—H.R., 2/6/74.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

**GARDINER, *alias* CHRISTIE.**

(CORRESPONDENCE RELATING TO MITIGATION OF SENTENCE UNDER FORMER CONVICTIONS.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 12 May, 1874.*

No. 1.

PETITION OF FRANCIS CLARKE.

To His Excellency SIR WM. DENISON, Knight, Governor-General of, all Her Majesty's Possessions, Vice-Admiral of the same, &amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.

The humble Petition of Francis Clarke, a prisoner of the Crown, at the Penal Establishment, Cockatoo,—

SHOWETH:—

That your Petitioner invokes your Excellency's clemency to take into favourable consideration his youth and the temptations incident to an early career in life, when left uncontrolled by parental influence or good example, to run a giddy headstrong course of life, and become involved in the commission of a crime for which he is now under penal sentence of servitude.

Your Petitioner implores your Excellency to pause but for a moment on the five years nearly expired of penal service he has gone through, and, in the exercise of the Royal prerogative of mercy, your Petitioner supplicates your Excellency will be graciously pleased to restore him again to society, a sadder but a wiser man than he once was.

And having the unasked recommendations of those he injured, humbly approaches your Excellency with a prayer that you will grant to him a ticket-of-leave.

And your Petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c., &c., &c.

Reid's Flat, Lachlan River, 6 Apl., /59.

Signatures of the prosecutors { JNO. REID.  
EDWARD BARKER.

I respectfully beg to append my name to the prayer of the above Petition. Should His Excellency be mercifully disposed to grant this young man a ticket-of-leave, I shall be most ready to receive him into my employment, and do what in my power lies to influence his future life for good.

WILLIAM TAYLOR.

Meadow, Lachlan River, 6 April, /59.

Reid's Flat, *via* Wheeo,  
19 April, 1859.

I beg leave respectfully to transmit the accompanying Petition, and to recommend the same to the favourable consideration of the Government.

HENRY NEWHAM.

No. 2.

The Inspector General of Police.—C.C., B.C., 27 Ap.

MEMO.—The Visiting Magistrate of Cockatoo Island will have the goodness to report, for the information of the Government, what has been the conduct of Francis Clarke since he has been on Cockatoo Island, and with the task-work he is likely to make, at what period he will become eligible to receive a ticket-of-leave.—JNO. McLERIE, Inspector General of Police. Convict Dept., 2 May, 1859. B.C., to the Visiting Magistrate, Cockatoo Island, 2 May.

Mr. Taylor will compute this.—D.F., May 9, 1859.

The task-work to the credit of Francis Clarke, to the 30th of April, 1859, is 701½ days.

His probation will be eight years from the 17th March, 1854.

He will be eligible for a ticket-of-leave in or about December next, if he is not punished in the mean time.—CHAS. ORMSBY, Supt.—Cockatoo Island, 12th May, 1859.

575—A

The

The Petitioner, Francis Clarke, a native of the Colony, was received here on the 10th April, 1854, under two sentences to the roads, the first of seven years roads, the second of seven years roads to commence at the expiration of the first sentence, passed upon him at the Circuit Court at Goulburn, on the 17th March, 1854, for horse-stealing; since which period his conduct has been as follows, viz. :—

30 April, 1855—Disobedience of orders; three days' cells.

17 April, 1856—Absented himself on the afternoon of this day, in company with Joseph Roberts, a native, and remained secreted until the evening of Sunday, the 20th April, 1856, when he was apprehended in the lumber-yard.

His conduct since then has been generally good.

Nothing further recorded.

Cockatoo Island, 12th May, 1859.

D. Forbes, V.J., Penal Establishment, Cockatoo Island.

Blank cover to the Prin. Under Secretary.—Convict Dept., 13th May, 1859.—Jno. McLERIE, Inspector General of Police.

The man applies for a ticket-of-leave, which he will not be entitled to until December next.—C.C. 25th May.

CHAS. ORMSBY,  
Superintendent.

### No. 3.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT TO THE VISITING JUSTICE, COCKATOO ISLAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 30 May, 1859.

SIR,

Referring to the petition from the prisoner named in the margin, praying for a mitigation of his sentence of fourteen years' labour on the roads or public works, I am directed to request that you will apprise the prisoner that by good conduct he will be eligible for a ticket-of-leave about December next.

I have, &c.,

W. ELYARD.

Francis Clarke.

### No. 4.

MR. H. NEWHAM TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Reid's Flat, Lachlan River, Wheeo,  
5 July, 1859.

SIR,

Referring to a petition in behalf of Francis Gardiner, *alias* Clarke, a prisoner of the Crown, under sentence at Cockatoo, which I became the medium of transmitting to the Government six weeks since,—it being recommended by the prosecutors in the two cases of conviction—and undertaking to afford the man employment in my own service as also others—a guarantee that the locality are quite willing he should return to his native home,—

I respectfully solicit information whether it has pleased the Executive Government to exercise the Royal clemency, by granting a remission or commutation of sentence under which Gardiner now labours. And those who have interested themselves in the subject will feel thankful for the communication.

I have, &c.,

HENRY NEWHAM.

He may perhaps be informed of the answer given to the petition.—12th.

C.C.

Francis Gardiner,  
*alias* Clarke.

SIR,

In reply to the inquiry contained in your letter of the 5th instant, I am directed to inform you that the Visiting Justice of Cockatoo Island, has been instructed to apprise the prisoner named in the margin, that by good conduct he will be eligible for a ticket-of-leave about December next.

I am, &c.,

W. ELYARD.

### No. 6.

PETITION OF HENRY NEWHAM.

To His Excellency SIR THOMAS DENISON, Knight, Captain General and Governor-in-Chief of all Her Majesty's Australian Possessions, Vice-Admiral, &c., &c., &c.

May it please your Excellency,

I had the honor a few weeks since to be placed in receipt of a communication from the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, intimating to me that in the month of December next a ticket-of-leave would be granted to the prisoner named in the margin.

The application made in his favour had the spontaneous recommendation of his prosecutors. Their sympathy is enlisted with mine, because it has transpired since his conviction that, young and inexperienced at the time, he was made the dupe of others.

I guarantee him permanent employment on one or other of my properties.

And

Francis Gardiner  
*alias* Clarke.

And therefore, I most respectfully solicit the indulgence, at your Excellency's hands, of a ticket-of-leave in the young man's favour, for the district of the Lachlan River; and I will second the humane considerations of the Government, to restore him to society a good and a useful member.

Reid's Flat, Lachlan River,  
10 Nov., 1859.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY NEWHAM.

Inspector General of Police.—W.E., 14 Nov., /59., B.C.

Francis Gardiner, *alias* Clarke, has been recommended for a ticket-of-leave this month, and the Classification Board have offered no objection to his receiving the indulgence for Carcoar, the nearest Police District to the Lachlan River.—Convict Department, 13 Dec., 1859.—JNO. McLERIE, Inspector Genl. of Police.

To the Priv. Sec.—Dec. 13th, B.C.

Has this been authorized?—22nd. Yes. See list enclosed in 59/6308 herewith.—28th. Inform.—28.

### No. 7.

To the Honorable the Board of Classification for determining on eligibility of Prisoners of the Crown to remission of sentence, &c., &c., &c.

GENTLEMEN,

I have previously placed myself in communication with the Government in respect of soliciting that the Crown prisoner intimated in the margin may be granted a ticket-of-leave for the Lachlan River District. *Francis Gardiner alias Clarke.*

I have interested myself in this young man's behalf from principle. Since his conviction, it is known to me that he was the dupe of artful and designing knaves, who, profiting by his inexperience and knowledge of the world, left him to wither his best years in abject servitude.

The two prosecutors in this case have given me their signatures, and they respectfully invoke the clemency of the Government. They recommend a ticket-of-leave to be granted for the district; they are not apprehensive of wrong being meditated by him.

I have already pledged myself to find permanent employment for this man on one or other of my stations.

And, gentlemen, in conclusion, I will say, in assisting individually to carry out the beneficent intentions of the Government, by granting a ticket-of-leave, to reclaim and restore to society an erring member of society, I shall do a meritorious service, and respectfully trust that you, gentlemen, will second me in my endeavours.

I shall presume on the favour of your acknowledgment of receipt of this communication.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY NEWHAM.

Inspector General of Police.—B.C., 6 December, 1859, W. E. To be returned.

### No. 8.

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE CONVICT CLASSIFICATION BOARD TO THE UNDER SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.  
Convict Department,  
Sydney, 10 December, 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to transmit herewith, for the information of the Honorable the Chief Secretary, a list (in duplicate) of Colonial Convicts on Cockatoo Island, claiming indulgence this month.

I have, &c.,  
JNO. McLERIE,  
Chairman of the Convict Classification Board.

EXTRACT from a Return of Colonial Prisoners brought before the Classification Board, by the Visiting Magistrate of Cockatoo Island, for indulgences, during December, 1859.

Name.	Ship.	Where tried.	When tried.	Offence.	Sentence.	When eligible according to Regulations.	Punishment received while under sentence.	When eligible with punishment.	Taskwork for which credit is claimed.	District for which Ticket-of-leave is desired.	Nature and date of recommendation by the Board.
Francis Clarke	Native	Circuit Ct., Goulburn.	17 March, 1854.	Horse-stealing	7 years roads, and 7 years roads to commence at expiration of the first sentence.	17 March, 1862.	3 days	23 March, 1862.	796½	Carcoar	Ticket-of-leave, 26th December.

To the Chairman of the  
Classification Board, &c., &c.

S. NORTH,  
For the Visiting Magistrate.

GOTHER K. MANN,  
Cockatoo Island, 1st December, 1859.

Recommended.  
For the Board,—

JNO. McLERIE,  
Chairman.

Governor General.—W.F., 21 Dec.

W. DENISON.

Chairman.—B.C., 22 Dec., 1859.

## No. 9.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT TO MR. HENRY NEWHAM.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 30 December, 1859.

SIR,

Referring to your memorial of the 10th ultimo, I am now directed to inform you that the prisoner named in the margin has been allowed a ticket-of-leave for the Police District of Carcoar.

I have, &c.,  
W. ELYARD.

Francis Gardiner  
alias Clarke.

## No. 10.

MR. EDWARD LEDSAM TO THE UNDER SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.

Reid's Flat, Wheeo,  
13 December, 1859.

SIR,

I beg leave respectfully to place myself in communication with you, having reference to the Crown prisoner herein named, who has, I am informed, become eligible, from some years probation of penal servitude at "Cockatoo prison establishment," for a "ticket-of-leave."

It is within my knowledge that the parties who prosecuted this man have transmitted or appended their certificates in his behalf, the gist of their recommendation being that Gardiner might be granted his indulgence of a "ticket" for the Lachlan District.

Persons of undoubted character and respectability are willing to engage him; they have subscribed to the petition in these terms.

And in addition to their zeal in this young man's behalf, I beg leave to become an advocate in the same cause. Trusting that the Executive Government will enable the friends of this unfortunate young man to establish him in credit and to earn for himself a good name,—

I have, &c.,  
EDWARD LEDSAM.

Fras. Gardiner,  
alias Clarke,  
Cockatoo.

Answered I believe on another paper?—10th. Herewith.—11th. Inform that a ticket-of-leave has been authorized in terms of the report of the Inspector General of Police.—12th.

## No. 11.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT TO MR. EDWARD LEDSAM.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 13 January, 1860.

SIR,

In reply to your letter of the 13th ultimo, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that the prisoner named in the margin has been allowed a ticket-of-leave for the Police District of Carcoar.

I have, &c.,  
W. ELYARD.

Francis Gardiner  
alias Clarke.

## No. 12.

PETITION OF FREDERICK GARDINER.

To His Excellency SIR WILLIAM THOMAS DENISON, Knight Commander of the Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor-General in and over all Her Majesty's Colonies of New South Wales, Tasmania, Victoria, South Australia, Western Australia, and Captain-General and Governor-in-Chief of the Territory of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c.

The humble Petition of Frederick Gardiner, of the Fish River, in the Colony of New South Wales, farmer and grazier,—

SHOWETH:—

That on or about the seventeenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, one Francis Clarke was tried at the Circuit Court, Goulburn, and convicted of horse-stealing on two several indictments.

That the said Francis Clarke was sentenced in each case to seven years' imprisonment.

That he served nearly six years' at Cockatoo Island, and then obtained a ticket-of-leave for the District of Carcoar.

That he has been residing in the District of Carcoar for some months past, and his character and behaviour has been such as authorizes your Petitioner in seeking on his behalf some mitigation of punishment.

Your Petitioner, therefore, humbly prays that your Excellency will be pleased to mercifully consider the premises, and afford such relief to the said Francis Clarke as to your Excellency shall seem meet.

And your Petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c.

FREDERICK GARDINER.

Weogo.

Weogo, December, 1860.

WE, the undersigned householders, residing in the Districts of Bathurst and Carcoar, hereby certify to your Excellency that we have read the annexed Petition, and declare that we knew the said Francis Clarke a considerable time before his conviction, and have known him since, and we beg conscientiously and strongly to recommend the prayer of the Petition.

ISAAC SHEPHERD, J.P., Wheeo.  
 JOHN REED, grazier,  
 EDWARD BARKER, grazier, } Prosecutors.  
 FRANCIS HARRIS, grazier.  
 WILLIAM FOGG, grazier.  
 WILLIAM ATKINS, grazier.  
 CHARLES AUGUSTUS HOWARD, grazier.  
 RICHARD TAYLOR, grazier.  
 HENRY NEWMAN, grazier.

By direction of the Administrator of the Government, referred to the Honorable the Colonial Secretary for a report from the Judge who tried the case.—B.C., 11 Feb., 1861—W. E. OLIVER, Private Secretary.

C.C., 13 Feb., 1861.

No. 13.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT TO HIS HONOR THE ACTING CHIEF JUSTICE.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
 Sydney, 15 February, 1861.

SIR,

I am directed to request the favour of your Honor's report upon the accompanying petition, for mitigation of the sentence of seven years' hard labour on the roads, passed upon the prisoner named in the margin, by His Honor Sir Alfred Stephen.

Frederick  
 Gardiner, *alias*  
 Francis Clarke.  
 To be returned.

I have, &c.,  
 W. ELYARD.

No. 14.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Supreme Court,  
 2 April, 1861.

SIR,

I have perused all the papers sent me respecting Francis Clarke, otherwise Gardiner; although many of them appear to me to be unnecessary to my report.

I know nothing of any of the parties signing the various recommendations; and I observe that the names of Messrs. Ledsam and Newham, on whom I feel disposed, from the style and tenor of their letters, to place much reliance, do not appear to the recent application.

If there be no reason to doubt the representation, however, that Clarke has conducted himself well since the acquisition of his ticket-of-leave, then I should not hesitate to advise compliance with the petition, bearing in mind the assurances given, prior to that indulgence, that the prisoner had been led to the crime for which I sentenced him, by other persons, practising on an inexperienced young man; and that there was every reason to hope that restoration to society would benefit him, without inflicting injury on others.

The only matters apparent on my notes of the trial are, that the prisoner committed some wholesale larcenies of horses, and found an easy sale, by travelling with a pretended servant—really his accomplice.

I am, &c.,  
 ALFRED STEPHEN.

Refer to the District authorities to ascertain what character the man now bears there.—C.C., 5 Apl., /61.

The Inspector General of Police, for inquiry and report.—B.C., 8th April, 1861, W.E. To be returned.

The Police Magistrate of Carcoar (the district in which Clarke has been holding a ticket-of-leave) has reported most unfavourably of the man's conduct, so much so that I have recommended the cancellation of the indulgence he holds.

Police Department, Conv. Branch, 14th May, 1861.

JNO. McLERIE,  
 Inspector General of Police.

B.C.—To the P. U. Secretary.—14th.

The Chief Justice recommended a remission of sentence in the case of Francis Clarke or Gardiner, provided it was found that he had conducted himself well. It appears by the report of the Inspector of Police that this is not the case, and that the account received of him from the district is very unfavourable.

C.C.  
 23 May, 1861.

Prayer of petition cannot be acceded to.—J.Y., 24 May, 1861.

## No. 15.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT TO THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 27 May, 1861.

SIR,

Frederick  
Gardiner, *alias*  
Francis Christie.

Referring to the petition from the prisoner named in the margin, praying for a mitigation of his sentence of fourteen years labour on the roads, &c.,—I am desired by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that the Governor has not seen fit to authorize the remission of any portion of the prisoner's sentence, and to request that that individual may be apprised accordingly.

I have, &c.,  
W. ELYARD.

## No. 16.

MEMORANDUM.

Police Department,  
Inspector General's Office,  
Sydney, 12 October, 1863.

Francis Clarke or Gardiner, the bushranger, was convicted at Goulburn Circuit Court on 17th March, 1854, and sentenced to two sentences of seven years each to the roads, on two charges of horse-stealing.

A native of Boro Creek, near Goulburn.

Obtained a ticket-of-leave on 31st December, 1859, for Carcoar, which was cancelled on 15th May, 1861; absence from district, and suspected of cattle-stealing.

1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## THE PRISONER GARDINER, *alias* CHRISTIE, *alias* CLARKE.

(PARTICULARS AS TO CRIMES OR OFFENCES COMMITTED; OR ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN COMMITTED BY.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 2 June, 1874.*

MAY 22, 1874,—

MR. COMBES to ask THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,

(1.) Is there any Police record, or have the Police otherwise any information, of crimes or offences committed, or alleged to have been committed, by Gardiner, *alias* Christie, *alias* Clarke, in respect of which he has not been tried?

(2.) Will the Government state what these crimes, or alleged crimes, are?

(3.) Is the Government aware of any conviction of Gardiner, *alias* Christie, *alias* Clarke, prior to those of which information has been already given to this House?

(4.) Is the Government aware whether Gardiner, *alias* Christie, *alias* Clarke, was tried and convicted for horse-stealing in Victoria, and sentenced to a term of imprisonment, and that he subsequently made his escape from the Pentridge Stockade?

The following answers are furnished from the Police Department:—

(1 and 2.) From a return, prepared by the Police authorities some years ago, it appears that Gardiner was reported to have committed six mail and other highway robberies with arms, and six other robberies and outrages with arms (including the cases for which he was tried). A return might be prepared, giving particulars of these offences in detail, as far as could be ascertained. The principal offence reported was that of the Gold Escort robbery at Eugowra in 1862, in which Gardiner was believed to have been concerned, but from the minutes of the Honorable Attorney General (Mr. Martin) it appears it was not considered expedient to place Gardiner upon his trial on that charge.

(3 and 4.) The attached extracts A and B from the Convict records, respecting the conviction of an offender named Francis Christie for horse-stealing at Geelong in 1850, and his escape from Pentridge Stockade in the following year, are believed to refer to Christie, *alias* Gardiner, *alias* Clarke. This record, however, was not known to the Classification Board when Gardiner's ticket-of-leave was recommended in 1859, nor was it known to the Comptroller-General of Prisons, or the Government, until a few days ago.

May 22, 1874.

## [Extract A.]

Geelong Circuit Court.

New South Wales.

Melbourne, 28 October, 1850.

A RETURN of Prisoners tried and convicted before the Supreme Court for the District of Port Phillip, from the 21st day of October instant to the 22nd, both days inclusive.

Name.	Offence.	Day of Trial.	Verdict.	Condition.	Date of Sentence.	Sentence.	Commutation recommended by the Judge.	Approval of commutation of Governor and Council.
Francis Christie and John Newton	Horse-stealing.	22 Oct.	Both Guilty.	Free. Exile from Pentonville.	22 Oct.	Both to be kept to hard labour on the public roads of the Colony for a period of five years.	To be worked in the Gaol and Gaol Stockade or Pentridge Stockade until further orders. C.F.R.	

WILLIAM A'BECKETT,  
Resident Judge.

CHAS. FITZ ROY,  
26 February, 1851.

ROBT. WM. SHADFORTH,  
Clerk of Arraigns.

JNO. McLERIE, I.G.P.



[Extract B from *Victoria Police Gazette*, 30 December, 1853, page 5.]

THE undermentioned convicts escaped from Pentridge on the 26th March, 1851:—

\* \* \* \* \*  
 (4.) Francis Christie: brown hair, sallow complexion, hazel eyes; height, five feet eight and a quarter inches; age, twenty-one years. Reward, £10.

JNO. McLERIE, I.G.P.

CROWN SOLICITOR'S MINUTE.

Regina v. Gardiner.

SERGEANT Condell, who was subpoenaed in the recent case of Gardiner, is the sergeant who was in charge of the Escort at the time of the robbery. He states that he recognized Gardiner's voice at the time of the robbery. With reference to this evidence, and to the telegrams received by the Inspector General, and which were placed by me some days ago before the Attorney General, will the Attorney General be pleased to say whether any proceedings are to be taken against Gardiner for this robbery, as, otherwise, Sergeant Condell may return to Goulburn?

9 July, 1864.

JOHN WILLIAMS.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S MINUTE.

THE only capital case against Gardiner appears to be the case of the Escort robbery; and, as to that, it seems to me that a conviction could not be reasonably expected to take place. Sergeant Condell can only swear to Gardiner's voice, and it is very unlikely that a jury would regard that as sufficient confirmation of Charters's testimony. Besides, Gardiner has been already tried and acquitted twice on capital charges, in which the proofs are stronger than any that could be expected to be given in the Escort case. Under these circumstances I do not think that it would be of any use, or in any way expedient, to commence proceedings in that case. As to the two cases of highway robbery, which it seems could be easily proved against Gardiner, it would be of no advantage to the public to prosecute, since Gardiner is now under sentence of imprisonment, with hard labour, for thirty-two years. Should the points reserved in Hosie's case be argued, and determined in Gardiner's favour, then the two highway robbery cases can be prosecuted, but not otherwise. Therefore, let the matter stand over till next term.

12 July, 1864.

J.M., A.G.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL'S FURTHER MINUTE.

I HAVE already made a minute to the effect that I do not think it expedient to proceed against Gardiner in the Escort robbery case. Let these papers be put with the others.

23 August, 1864.

J.M., A.G.

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

**GARDINER, *alias* CHRISTIE.**

(CORRESPONDENCE RELATING TO APPLICATIONS FOR MITIGATION OF EXISTING SENTENCES.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 12 May, 1874.*

No. 1.

PETITION OF MESDAMES GRIFFITHS AND CALE.

To His Excellency SIR HERCULES GEORGE ROBERT ROBINSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

The humble Petition of Archina Griffiths, wife of Henry Griffiths, York-street; and Charlotte Deacon Cale, wife of Joseph Cale, King-street,—

SHOWETH:—

That your Petitioners' brother (Francis Christie) was apprehended in February, 1864, and tried at the Criminal Court of Sydney on the 8th July, before His Honor the Chief Justice, and convicted on the following charges:—For shooting and wounding Trooper Hosie he was sentenced to fifteen years (the first two in irons) with hard labour; and for robbing Messrs. Hewett and Horsington he received two cumulative sentences, ten and seven years, making a total of thirty-two years of hard labour.

Your Petitioners humbly implore your Excellency's merciful consideration of their unfortunate brother's case, toward affording a remission of his terrible sentence, on the following grounds:—

1st. Previous to his apprehension he was obtaining his living as a storekeeper in Queensland for nearly two years, having abandoned his former career of wickedness, and had left the Colony, fully determined to lead a life of honest industry. Proofs of the good character he had gained could have been produced at his trial; and it is well known that gold, both by escort and private individuals, has been placed under his care with confidence and safety during that time.

2nd. That only four months after his conviction there was a desperate outbreak of prisoners in the Gaol, in which he took no part whatever. His conduct on that occasion was so noticed by the Inspector General of Police that he assured the prisoner that he would see the Colonial Secretary (Mr. Forster), and have a record of it made for the future benefit of the prisoner. To this record your Petitioners would humbly refer your Excellency, the late Dr. West having told the prisoner that it had been made.

3rd. That the prisoner has assiduously endeavoured to make himself as useful as possible in the work appointed for him, and has invented a contrivance which has greatly improved the making of the selvage on the matting, which was previously very defective and much complained of.

4th. That the prisoner has always given every satisfaction to the Sheriff as well as the Governor of the Gaol, and other officers and overseers, during the whole time, now the ninth year of his imprisonment.

5th. That your Petitioners beg also humbly to direct your Excellency's attention to the fact that His Honor the Chief Justice has more than once publicly remarked that, although during the time there was so much bushranging he should always inflict the severest penalty of the law, nevertheless, we might perhaps be permitted respectfully to suggest that your Excellency would not be unwilling to exercise your prerogative of mercy now the crime of bushranging has been happily and effectually suppressed.

6th. That the prisoner's health has already suffered so much from his long confinement as to cause him to be almost constantly under the hands of the doctor, for disease of the heart and other serious symptoms, which have obliged him for a time to be placed in the hospital of the Gaol, and have totally incapacitated him from continuous work.

Lastly.—That your Petitioners feel certain that if your Excellency be pleased to grant him a pardon, he will thus be afforded the opportunity of redeeming the past; and from your Petitioners' knowledge of his character they can confidently assure your Excellency that they believe he will never again commit himself; and from the very confident and feeling manner in which His Honor Sir Alfred Stephen has on many occasions addressed himself to Petitioners' brother, and remarked upon his reformation, they hope that he will recommend the prayer of this Petition to the most favourable consideration of your Excellency.

Praying the Lord may guide to a wise and judicious conclusion in disposing of this Petition, your Excellency's Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c., &c.

ARCHINA GRIFFITHS.  
CHARLOTTE DEACON CALE.

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

WILLIAM B. DALLEY.  
RICHARD DRIVER.

HAVING been referred to in a Petition for the mitigation of the sentence of Francis Christie, as holding the office of Colonial Secretary when an outbreak occurred in Darlinghurst Gaol, I have much pleasure in testifying to the fact of Christie's good conduct on that occasion, as well as to his general conduct during the entire period of his incarceration, so far as it came under my notice in either case. I am glad to record this opinion, so that it may operate as it ought in the prisoner's favour. And so far as these and other circumstances mentioned in the Petition entitle his case to the favourable consideration of the Government, I am willing to add my testimony and recommendation.

December 29, 1871.

WILLIAM FORSTER.  
RICHARD HILL.

FOR about fourteen years I have been medical attendant on the family of Francis Christie, and have frequently visited him since his confinement in Darlinghurst, and during my last three visits I was glad to observe that he was greatly changed for the better, having *entirely lost* that peculiar ferocity of character which characterized him immediately after his capture in 1864; and it is my opinion that he is now *completely recovered* from his evil ways, and that it would be *perfectly safe* to permit him to go at large.

135, Castlereagh-street,  
5 January, 1872.

A. MOFFITT,  
Physician, &c., &c.

SOME time since I visited Darlinghurst Gaol, and had a long conversation with the prisoner Christie, which has fully convinced me he deeply regrets the great wrongs he has done. Under this belief, and considering the long period he has been incarcerated, I am induced to sign this Petition in his favour, and which I trust will be successful.

"The Osborne," Sydney,  
10 January, 1872.

JOSEPH ECKFORD.

J. J. JOSEPHSON, Macquarie-street.

JAMES SUTTON, Dowling-street and Moore Park (one of the Jury).

SOME years ago, whilst Christie, or Gardiner, was residing at Apis Creek, in the Colony of Queensland, keeping a roadside accommodation house for travellers, I was travelling that way in company with Mr. Keene, and on our return had occasion to want some flour from a dray which we met on the road; the driver refused to sell, urging that it belonged to Christie; in about half-an-hour after Christie made his appearance, and inquiring after his dray we mentioned the fact, when he immediately rode on and ordered some to be sent to us. From inquiries his conduct caused us to make, we learned that his conduct was civil and obliging, and that he was always willing to help or serve any traveller.

Since his long incarceration, I have made it a part of my duty to continually inquire of his behaviour and general deportment, and have found it to be good. Under these circumstances, and believing that when I saw him at Apis Creek he was a good member of society, I have now no hesitation in recommending the prayer of the Petition.

E. S. HILL.  
G. HILL.

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

George George, Hunter-street.  
Godfrey Alexander, chiropodist, 15, Hunter-street.  
Jacob C. Cohen, 308 George-street.  
William Nicholson, West Maitland.

William John O'Brien, Pitt-street.  
William Forester, Windsor.  
George Hill, junior, Bent-street.  
William Dargin.  
James Mullins, Pitt-street.

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Samuel Jay, 82 King-street.  
R. C. Hewitt, 104 Palmer-street.  
John Hart, 92½ Hunter-street.  
Edward Sadler, 140 King-street.  
Arthur Tanner, 138 King-street.  
P. G. Mulhall, 15 Castlereagh-street.  
Chas. Blanchard, 164 Riley-street.  
Edw. Thornton, 200 George-street.  
Thomas W. Hall, 333 Pitt-street.  
William Nelson, 11 Park-street.  
Edward White, Darlinghurst Road.

George Buckleton, Riley-street.  
John Sullivan, "Prince of Wales Hotel," Castlereagh-street.  
John Sims, Balmain.  
Richard Sadler, Hosking's-place.  
William H. Tunks, Ryde, Parramatta River.  
John Brown, Sussex-street.  
J. R. Jones, Market, Sussex-street.  
E. Cansdell, Petersham.  
H. Woodward, York-street.

WE,

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

S. C. Whiddon, 107 Elizabeth-street.  
 Thos. Adams, solicitor, 107 Elizabeth-street.  
 Chas. W. Alder, 5 Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.  
 C. Galloway, 86 Market-street.  
 F. A. Speck, 65 Market-street.  
 William Brady, 67 Market-street.  
 D. W. Clarkson, 70 Market-street.  
 Wm. Cochran, 64 Market-street.  
 H. Wilson, Strawberry Hills.  
 Frank Dyson, Newtown.  
 Edmund Mason, 62 York-street.  
 William Glynn, 505 George-street.  
 Michael Charles Abrahams, 505½ George-street.  
 James Watson, Market-street.  
 T. Green, 82 York-street.  
 William S. Clarke, Glebe Point.  
 Thos. Williams, 33 Newtown Road.  
 John Hemmans, Newtown.  
 Dennis Kelly, Greek-street, Glebe, Sydney.  
 John Judd, Ultimo-street, Glebe.  
 H. Price, 208 Parramatta-street.  
 L. Shaefer, 200 Parramatta-street.  
 R. Boxsell, 196 Parramatta-street.  
 Jonas Ayre, 137 Parramatta-street.  
 John Sharp, Goulburn-street.  
 Andrew Quinn Butter, East Maitland.  
 William Brown, 16 South Head Road.  
 Henry Dixon, 21 South Head Road.  
 William James Dixon, 827 George-street South.  
 Austin Tighe, 135 Campbell-street.

A. Draper, 33 South Head Road.  
 K. J. Rigney, 33 South Head Road.  
 Corne. O'Laughlan, 29 South Head Road.  
 Edwd. Donovan, 79 South Head Road.  
 George Hoppood, King-street, Sydney.  
 James M'Mahon, 79 South Head Road.  
 Thomas Allen.  
 James Hughes, 131 South Head Road.  
 William T. Kennedy, 135 South Head Road.  
 Daniel Gallaher, 145 South Head Road.  
 Rd. Williams, 154 Burton-street.  
 John Keegan, 156 South Head Road.  
 E. French, South Head Road.  
 William Brereton, 150 South Head Road.  
 Thomas Webster, 140 South Head Road.  
 John Freeman, 116 South Head Road.  
 A. Goodwin, Palmer-street.  
 F. J. Hayman, 23 Park-street, Sydney.  
 Alfred Walton, 104 South Head Road.  
 James Johnson, South Head Road.  
 Andrew Wakely, 80 South Head Road.  
 Frederick James, No. 9 Burton-street.  
 Robert Bradford, Burton-street.  
 James Bradford, Burton-street.  
 Bernard M'Bride, South Head Road.  
 Thomas Hambley, South Head Road.  
 James Lees, 218 Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.  
 James Callony, South Head Road.  
 Jno. England, South Head Road.  
 Robert Kelly, Market-street.

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, and more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

Daniel Ford, engineer, South Creek.  
 William Wormald, grocer, 189 George-street.  
 Richard Wormald, George-street.  
 John Hardy, George-street.  
 Charles Lamy, 179 George-street.  
 James Dove, 155 George-street.  
 Francis Donelan, 278 Forbes-street.  
 Rody Cahill, 199 George-street.  
 Charles Bauer, 197 George-street.  
 Emanuel Harris, 2 Lower George-street.  
 William Crawford, 159 Castlereagh-street.  
 Jas. Jessett, George-street.  
 N. J. Mackenzie, 212 George-street.  
 Peter Gaffney, 244 George-street.  
 William M'Donald, Bridge-street.  
 Jno. Bross, Custom House Agent, Castlereagh-street North.  
 A. A. Vick, Circular Quay.  
 John Whitehead, 13 Barrack-street.  
 Jas. S. Aird, Holt and Cooper Streets.  
 John Alex. Engel, 103 York-street.  
 Richard Pethebridge, 113 York-street.  
 Moses & Lemon, 115 York-street.  
 James Madden, King and York Streets.  
 John F. Hennessey, 7 Bank-street.  
 John Robertson, Watson's Bay.  
 Michael O'Neill, King and Clarence Streets.  
 Gustave T. Buckham, King-street.  
 William D. Morris, King and Kent Streets.

Joseph A. Robinson, King and York Streets.  
 John Crowe, Botany Road, Redfern.  
 John Stroud, Botany Road.  
 James Eve, Botany Road.  
 Frank Bignell, 32 York-street.  
 G. Milford, 28 York-street.  
 Malachi Downey, 290 George-street.  
 P. J. M'Grath, 286 George-street.  
 Jno. Stephenson, George-street.  
 Thomas M. Alcock, 149 Riley-street.  
 Edwin Cobley, Botany-street, Waterloo.  
 Thos. Moser, 50 Hunter-street.  
 Jacob Falk, 151 Pitt-street.  
 C. J. Sillman, 155 Pitt-street.  
 James H. Jenis, 157 Pitt-street.  
 J. M. Hasmott, 153 Pitt-street.  
 A. De Goy, Bourke-street.  
 John M'Lean, 70 York-street.  
 Edward M'Lean, Waterloo.  
 Joseph H. Watkin, York-street.  
 J. S. Jones, Market-street.  
 James Sherley, Market-street.  
 Thomas Thame, 474 George-street.  
 H. Carruthers, Paddington.  
 George Chapman, Hawkesbury River.  
 Wm. Douglass, 508 George-street.  
 Henry Pritchard, 265 Elizabeth-street.  
 G. M'Kay, 353 Pitt-street.  
 R. Grimshaw, George-street.

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

Mark Walker.  
John C. Sommerville.  
John Morison.  
Patrick Kelly.  
Martin Conally.  
Mathew Shirlock.  
Mathew Flannery.  
James S. Reid.  
Peter Alexander.  
John J. Armstrong.  
Edward Bourke.

E. Dwyer.  
Patrick J. Dwyer.  
James M'Guire.  
E. Munson.  
Robert Anderson.  
John Housten.  
William Griffin.  
William Walker.  
William Pollock.  
John Mason.  
George M'Kinnon.

Robert Moley.  
John Molery.  
Edwin Maguire.  
William Brown.  
H. W. Preddey.  
John M'Aloon.  
Charles Bennett.  
Henry J. Greentree.  
Michael Moroney.  
Wm. J. Stewart.

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E. Robson, Parramatta-street.  
John Lee, Kyogle-terrace, Union-street.  
Patrick Fogarty, Petersham.  
Charles Harrison, 775 George-street.  
James Pattison Graham, 24 Campbell-street.  
John Brady, 22 Campbell-street.  
Elam Gale, 10 Campbell-street.  
Andrew M'Crea, 6 Campbell-street.  
Thomas Law, Albion-street.  
Michael Danaher, 387 Elizabeth-street.  
Edward Meekel, No. 51 William-street.  
Alfred Cox, 55 William-street, Woolloomooloo.  
Edward Connelly, 53 William-street.  
James Galven, William-street.  
Mount Clarkson, William-street.  
Benjamin Bennett, Liverpool-street.  
Professor Stewart, 117 William-street.  
Albert Jackson, Shepherd-street.  
Richard Hayes, Lower Fort-street.  
William Henry Ireland, William-street.  
James Maron, Bondi.

P. Stanley, Park-street.  
G. Turner, William-street.  
Chas. Taylor, William-street.  
John Arnold, Goulburn-street.  
Josiah Lowe, William-street.  
Fredk. Shearman, Castlereagh-street.  
William Talbot, Crown-street.  
P. M'Mahon, 75 William-street.  
Denis Murphy, 127 Lower George-street.  
George Gill, 117 George-street.  
Thomas Owen, 129 George-street.  
William Langston, 113 George-street.  
John Maguire, 113 George-street.  
Mr. W. J. Flanigan, 131 George-street.  
Michael Norton, 101 George-street.  
Robert Robinson, 101 George-street.  
D. Cleary, Fort-street.  
W. Yeoman.  
W. T. Yeoman, 99 George-street.  
John Armstrong, Argyle-street.  
Robert Elliott, 35 Erskine-street.

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Henry Jones, 138 Dowling-street.  
James Jessep, 273 Bourke-street.  
Geo. Turner, 100 William-street.  
Chas. Taylor, 100 William-street.  
Arthur Vogan, 284 Liverpool-street.  
James Mitchell, 38 Bathurst-street.  
Thomas Jessep, 273 Bourke-street.  
Henry Webb, 193 Goulburn-street.  
C. T. Nolan, 271 Bourke-street.  
J. Coffey, 222 Palmer-street.  
Michael Leahey, 304 Liverpool-street, Woolloomooloo.  
Thomas M'Mahon, 306 Liverpool-street.  
Henry Clark, 153 Dowling-street.  
Thomas T. Ryan, 221 Palmer-street.  
John Dykes, 199 Palmer-street.  
Geo. Walker, 215 Palmer-street.  
Willm. Bromley, 294 Liverpool-street.  
George A. Pyke, 206 Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo.  
P. O'Connor, Bourke-street ("Clippers' Arms.")  
Denis Heney.  
J. R. Low, Liverpool-street.  
John Harris, South Head Road.  
Elijah Egles, Sydney Markets.  
Joseph Egles, Sydney Markets.  
William Hitchcock, Sydney Market.  
H. W. Johnston, Field of Mars.  
B. Kilduff, Kensington-street.  
T. Sweetman, junr., 8 York-street.

J. R. W. Parker, 44 Erskine-street.  
John Franks, 9 York-street.  
William Parton, 12 John-street.  
J. W. Crawley, Markets.  
David Crawley, Markets.  
Thomas Johnson, Markets.  
E. Ireland, No. 10, Markets.  
Edward Moron, No. 6, New Market.  
J. H. Lane, Sussex-street.  
Wm. H. Nixon, Paddington.  
G. H. Lovett, 8 New Market.  
David Ogden, 205 Clarence-street.  
H. Shortland, junr., Surry Hills.  
J. G. Walker, 157 Palmer-street.  
Thos. Harres, Albert Place.  
Andrew Mundock, South Head Road.  
Charles Blackburne, Redfern-street, Redfern.  
Henry Reddmin, Botany-street.  
Thomas Webster, 312 Liverpool-street.  
Stephen Morris, South Head Road.  
Richard Curry, 27 Berwick-lane.  
John T. O'Brien, 301 Liverpool-street.  
Willm. O'Brien, 301 Liverpool-street.  
Thos. Allen, 93 Forbes-street.  
Patrick Whishton, Woolloomooloo-street.  
M. Breheny, 244 Liverpool-street.  
Robert Steel, 85 Yurong-street.  
Robt. M'Dougall, 42 Goulburn-street.  
E. Booth, 15 Charlotte-lane.

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

Mr. James Ferris, Church-street, Parramatta.  
 Frederick Lee, Parramatta.  
 Samuel Jas. Briathorn, Church-street, Parramatta.  
 John Thomas Mance, Church-street, Parramatta.

James Barran, Parramatta.  
 David Leuier, Parramatta.  
 J. A. Moore, Hunter's Hill and Parramatta.  
 Jno. A. Harrison, Cleveland-st., Redfern.

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

James Dunage, Alfred-terrace, Castlereagh-st.  
 Thomas Baker, Elizabeth-street South.  
 Charles Aubusson, Harris-street, Pyrmont.  
 H. Williams, Woolloomooloo.  
 M. Thomson, George-street South  
 Alfd. Henry Hains, George-street South.  
 John Ollerenshaw, 533 George-street South.  
 Charles M'Carthy, George-street South.  
 John A. Partridge, George and Bathurst Streets  
 A. Fisher, 47 Cleveland-street.  
 James Powell, J.P., Coogee.  
 Joseph Miller, 507 George-street.  
 Archibald Thomson, 523 George-street South.  
 William S. Jenkins, Elizabeth-street.  
 James Jenkins, Hay-street.  
 J. G. Merrets, Old Point, Brisbane Water

G. Vindin, West Maitland.  
 Ben. Hart, "  
 Geo. S. R. Gorrick, "  
 Sidney A. Fullford, "  
 Ed. G. A. Hunt, "  
 Alfd. Levien, "  
 H. P. Hook, "  
 John E. Carter, "  
 John Compton, "  
 R. T. Bellemev, "  
 J. G. Finch, "  
 J. G. Chapman, "  
 Henry H. Capper, "  
 W. H. Smith, "  
 J. A. Shepherd, "  
 Henry G. Tuck, "

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

Patrick Mannix, 109 King-street.  
 Edward Sadler, 140 King-street.  
 Robert Henry Reynolds, 241 Pitt-street.  
 Thos. G. Jones, 241 Pitt-street.  
 Robt. Norfolk, Castlereagh-street.  
 J. B. Hudson, Pitt-street.  
 John Rush, No. 4 Hay-street.  
 G. B. Robins, 231 Pitt-street.  
 A. Grierson, 229 Pitt-street.  
 P. Uhde, George-street.  
 W. Peisley, William-street.  
 G. R. Jacobs, Pitt-street.  
 James Devlin, junr., J.P., Fort-street.  
 L. M. Hamdon, Glebe Point.  
 A. C. Hanson, 208 Brougham-street.  
 James Spring, King and Castlereagh Streets.  
 Geo. Thornton, George-street.  
 Hugh Dunlop, Newtown.  
 Job Chesham, Newtown.

John Clark, Woolloomooloo.  
 Lucien Greenwood, 317 Elizabeth-street.  
 J. W. Murray, George-street.  
 Stacey H. Thomas, George-street.  
 L. Moore, junr., George-street.  
 John Macpherson, George-street.  
 John Marshall, 266 George-street.  
 E. R. Rayner, 156 Castlereagh-street.  
 F. Lipscombe, 478 George-street.  
 Sam. Owen, 544 George-street.  
 John Armstrong, Market-street.  
 B. M'Corrigan, Market-street.  
 Chas. Artlett, William-street, and Rushcutter's Bay.  
 J. Jackson, Pitt-street, Sydney.  
 Robt. C. Rutter.  
 Geo. Fesq, George-street, Sydney.  
 Henry C. Tickle, George-street, Sydney.  
 B. Mountcastle, George-street.

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

John French, Parramatta.  
 George French, Parramatta.  
 Isaac Ferris, Smithfield.  
 William Ferris, Parramatta.  
 Charles Langford, Sherwood.

WE, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to your Excellency's merciful consideration, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture,

capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that your Excellency may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired sufficient for the ends of justice.

Edward James Maher, Pennant Hills.	Robert Milson, Cassel Hills.
John Hackett, Orange Grove, near Parramatta.	William Flint, Cassel Hills.
Richard Porter, Lane Cove.	Thomas Smiths, Pennant Hills.
William John Porter, Lane Cove.	James Shield, junior, Pennant Hills.
Richard James Maher, Pennant Hills.	William Latinburrow, Pennant Hills.
Thomas Ockley, Pennant Hills.	James Innwood, Pennant Hills.
James Shield, Pennant Hills.	John Duffey, South Colo.
John Bellamy, Pennant Hills.	John Tailor, South Colo.
D. D. Henderson, Parramatta.	Thomas Polard, South Colo.
George Troy, Kissing Point.	George Hewitt, South Colo.
John Arkin, Pennant Hills.	Charles Spouncer, Parramatta.
William Arkin, Pennant Hills.	William Rogchester, Parramatta.
David Souter, Pennant Hills.	George Shield, Pennant Hills.
Charles Hackett, Orange Grove.	Thomas Mealy, Pennant Hills.
Robert Allen, Castle Hill.	James Mobbs, Pennant Hills.
James Andlezark, Castle Hill.	George Franks, Pennant Hills.
Henry Thompson, Pennant Hills.	Thomas Tunks, Parramatta Road.
Joseph Harrison, Pennant Hills.	Thomas Wilkinson, North Rock.
Henry Pogson, Pennant Hills.	Richard Wilson, North Rocks.
Henry Bevin, Field of Mars.	John Murray, Pennant Hills.
Phillip Ockley, Pennant Hills.	Michael Bourke, Lane Cove.
William Mobs, Pennant Hills.	John Brodie, Lane Cove.
Richard Marshall, Pennant Hills.	Charles Berry, Lane Cove.
Edward Mobbs, Pennant Hills.	William Hackett, Parramatta Road.
William Scotts, Pennant Hills.	John Hackett, junior, Parramatta Road.
Samiel Souter, Parramatta Road.	George Porter, Pennant Hills.
Joseph Dorman, Pennant Hills.	Thomas Shield, Pennant Hills.
Richard Porter, junior, Lane Cove.	Edward Thomas Maher, Pennant Hills.
James Allsop, Pennant Hills.	James Harrison, Pennant Hills.
James Zadock Bellamy, Cassel Hills.	Isac Scott, Pennant Hills.
James Allen, Cassel Hills.	George Nailor, Pennant Hills.

[Enclosure.]

St. Philip's,

11 August, 1870.

I HAVE known Mrs. Griffiths for some years, and have every reason to believe her to be highly respectable, and one who desires to train her children in the fear of God.

THOMAS O'REILLY.

The Sheriff, B.C., 12 Aug., 1872.—H.H.

## No. 2.

### MINUTE OF THE SHERIFF.

Francis Christie, *alias* Clarke, *alias* Gardiner.

In returning the Petition in this case with the usual particulars of conviction, I have thought it desirable to accompany the same with a special report from the Principal Gaoler (herewith enclosed) upon the conduct and services, together with a report from the Visiting Surgeon respecting the health of the prisoner.

Having regard to the prominence of prisoner's career, the circumstances attending the offences of which he was convicted, and the great length of his sentence (thirty-two years), the dealing with this case is of unusual importance, in respect of its bearing upon those of numerous other prisoners serving long sentences for offences of a similar character imposed during the prevalence of bushranging, who will form expectations or modify their hopes of commutation according to the decision that may be arrived at.

There is in the minds of those prisoners an expectation, founded partly upon the remarks of the Judges when passing sentences, and partly upon the action of the Government in reductions made in some of the sentences referred to, that such sentences are not intended to be served in full, or even up to the periods of remission provided by the Regulations. And if this view is to be entertained, it is desirable that the subject should be considered, and this and the other cases alluded to dealt with under a general idea of reduction of terms of sentence, modified in each case by the circumstances and the prison career of the prisoner; the greater proportionate reduction being allowed in the longer sentences according to the principle laid down in the Remission Regulations.

It probably was never contemplated that this prisoner should serve the full period of his sentence; and as he has now served eight years and the crime of bushranging has been practically abated, the time for making any limitation would not seem to be unfavourable. This remark applies to the other cases in the same category. Such a course would tend to settle the minds of the prisoners concerned, and give them encouragement in reformation of conduct and industry.

In the cases of the prisoners referred to, the granting of conditional pardons (to exile) would in many respects be more desirable than the granting of actual remissions, and would admit of cases being dealt with at earlier periods, and without so apparent an interference with the ordinary operation of the Remission Regulations. The release of a prisoner under a conditional pardon is not open, as regards its effect on the criminal class, to so strong objections as his release in this Colony, wherein he might return to his former neighbourhood.

If any reduction be made in the sentence of this or any other similarly situated prisoner, I would suggest that it be made so that he could earn remission according to the Regulations upon the reduced period, in order not to withdraw the incitement to good conduct and industry; thus, were his sentence reduced to twenty or fifteen years, that he could earn a further reduction of one-fourth. A conditional pardon granted after a service of ten years would be about equivalent to the reduction of a sentence to fifteen years on the terms above mentioned. The advantage to the prisoner indeed would generally be with the latter.

HAROLD MACLEAN;

Principal Under Secretary, B.C.

12 September, 1872.

[Enclosures.]





that class were commencing long sentences. As a rule, his conduct has been good and exemplary; there is however, one exception; that was in November, 1864, when he with another prisoner (Cust) opened communication with their friends outside with the view to effect their escape; in this they were assisted by a Warder, who was dismissed for attempting to carry a letter out of the Gaol for the prisoner's friends.

Since that time I have not had occasion to find fault with prisoner's conduct in any way.

I have, &c.,

J. C. READ,

Principal Gaoler.

### No. 3.

MINUTES OF PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY AND COLONIAL SECRETARY.

May be referred to His Honor the Chief Justice for report,—12 Sept., /72.

The Chief Justice.—H.P., 12/9/72.

### No. 4.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF JUSTICE.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Sydney, 17 September, 1872.

SIR,

I have the honor to request the favour of your report upon the accompanying Petition for mitigation of the sentence of thirty-two years' hard labour on the roads passed by you upon the prisoner named in the margin.

I have, &c.

(For the Under Secretary),

WILLIAM GOODMAN.

Frank Christie,  
alias Clarke,  
alias Gardiner,  
Darlinghurst  
Gaol.

### No. 5.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Supreme Court,

30 November, 1872.

SIR,

I have attentively read, and maturely considered, all the Petitions in Gardiner's favour, with the recommendations attached to them; as also the reports of the Head Gaoler and Surgeon, and the very judicious remarks of the Sheriff, in his capacity of Inspector of Prisons. I have seen one or both of the prisoner's sisters, who are the principal Petitioners, and the persons to whom he is indebted for the numerous signatures which are before me. I have also more than once, although not of late, seen Gardiner, and personally received representations from him. And I feel deep sympathy for those affectionate relatives, who are, I believe, respectable members of society. I moreover think it probable that Gardiner's desire to abstain from evil, if he were released, and as far as possible to induce others to abstain, is sincere, and perhaps may be permanent. But, remembering what I do of his whole career, what his past character and his crimes have been, and the notoriety which these have acquired, as well as the widely spread mischief which his leadership and tutoring for so many years occasioned, I dare not incur the responsibility of advising any mitigation in his case. I do not mean that none should at any time be granted; but the end and object of all punishment are, first, the preventing of the individual, and secondly, the deterring of other individuals, from the committing of similar crimes. And I am satisfied from long experience and observation, that the particular crime of bushranging—with its frightful loss of life and property, and the insecurity of both which it entailed, with its attendant terrorism,—has been reduced to its present dimensions and state, *solely* by the rigorously severe punishments (in which I include the deaths of some of the criminals by the police, as well as by the Courts of Justice) inflicted upon the perpetrators. In several instances, no doubt, the penal servitude punishments have been mitigated, as the crime itself has gradually diminished in frequency. But I am compelled by a sense of duty, in this case peculiarly irksome, to point out, that of Gardiner's companions two or three have been executed for crimes in which he participated; that for the shooting both of Constable Hosie and Sergeant Middleton he himself narrowly (and most unrighteously) escaped a capital conviction; and that, of the thirty-two years to which he was justly sentenced, he has as yet barely endured one-fourth.

I am, &c.,

ALFRED STEPHEN.

His Excellency.—H.P., 4/12/72.

In forwarding this Petition (in the case of the most remarkable criminal that has appeared of late years in this Colony), I think it right to point out, some of the minutes and signatures in his favour.

Names only:—

The Hon. W. B. Dalley.

R. Driver, M.P.

Richard Hill, M.P.

J. J. Josephson.

James Sutton, late Mayor of Sydney.

George Hill, J.P.

Minutes by—

William Forster, Esq., M.P., formerly Colonial Secretary.

Dr. Moffitt.

Joseph Eckford, late M.P.

Edward Smith Hill, J.P.

H.P., 4/12/72.

When the prisoner has served ten years his case may again be brought forward. If his conduct should, in the meantime, be good, I should feel disposed to grant him then a pardon, conditional on his leaving the Country. At present I do not concur with the Petitioners that the sentence which the prisoner has undergone is sufficient for the ends of justice.—H.R., 5/12/72.

## No. 6.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

*In re Gardiner's Petitions for mitigation.*

MY DEAR COLONIAL SECRETARY,

I have received a letter (one only of several) from one of Gardiner's sisters, which I think ought to accompany the papers, with a copy of my reply. I therefore enclose both, begging you to submit them with the Petitions to His Excellency. Or, if the case is already disposed of, I solicit the favour of your directing the present enclosures to be placed with them.

I have abstained from saying anything about Gardiner's career *before* his bushranging began; but I can add his previous history if desired. If my sentence on him for horse-stealing, passed at Goulburn, had not been interfered with, he would have had no opportunity of commencing cattle-stealing at Carcoar, or of robbing the Gold Escort afterwards; for the latter was committed before that sentence had expired.

Supreme Court,  
6 December, 1872.

I am, &c.,  
ALFRED STEPHEN.

[Enclosures.]

To His Honor Sir Alfred Stephen.

Sir,

Again I place before you the one earnest wish of my anxious heart, in the hope that you will once more extend your mercy to my dear brother, Francis Christie. Oh, forgive him, for the sake of those who so earnestly plead for him; forgive him, as I hope the Great Judge of all may forgive you and yours when you plead for it. Mercifully grant him his liberation in the Colonies, so that his sisters may draw him nearer them and farther from danger. Could you know how we have waited and watched for your answer to our Petition—an answer which seems so long delayed—you would have spared us, I believe, some of the anxious suspense; but if the answer be what we could wish, how little will the past misery seem compared to the boon ultimately granted. I know, your Honor, that my brother's sins have been many. I do not wish to think his sentence was unjust, but his punishment has been great and his reformation genuine, and may God grant that it may be your will to again restore my dear brother to freedom. With you his liberation or endless imprisonment rests, so far as earthly power rules; therefore, be that answer what it may, to you, Sir Alfred Stephen, I must look. Be merciful, when you would look at the darkest side of this man's character, and forgive me for taking the liberty of writing to you as I have done. Trusting that you will pardon my presumption,—

December 4th, 1872.

I remain, &c.,  
A. GRIFFITHS.

THE Chief Justice has read with deep sympathy the several letters which he has received from Mrs. Griffiths and her sister, and he will forward her letter of yesterday to His Excellency the Governor. The Chief Justice is quite willing to believe all that is represented in Christie's (otherwise Gardiner's) favour; but he feels bound to remember the notoriety of the prisoner's bushranging crimes, and their number, and the frightful evils to which they led, including the deaths of many persons, and the execution of two young men for acts in which Gardiner was the ringleader. Nor can it be forgotten that of the thirty-two years of his sentence *one-fourth even has not yet elapsed.*

The Chief Justice cannot, therefore, undertake the responsibility of recommending any mitigation in the case. But he does not admit that any such responsibility ought to be cast upon him. It is peculiarly a question for the Governor and Executive Council; and if they should think it right at some future period to remit any portion of the sentence, Sir Alfred Stephen, as an individual, would, for the sake of the Petitioners, be glad to hear of the decision.

Supreme Court,  
6th December, 1872.

His Excellency.—H.P., 7/12/72.

I have already decided to grant a conditional pardon at the termination of ten years imprisonment.—H.R., 7/12/72.

## No. 7.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF JUSTICE.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 10 December, 1872.

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your report of the 30th ultimo, on a Petition in favour of the prisoner named in the margin, praying for a mitigation of the sentences, amounting to thirty-two years' hard labour on the roads, passed on him at the Central Criminal Court, on the 4th and 8th July, 1864, for wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm, and robbery, two offences, being armed,—I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the prisoner's case being brought forward for consideration when he shall have served ten years of his sentence.

2. I am further desired to state that, if the prisoner's conduct should be in the meantime good, His Excellency would feel disposed to grant him a pardon, on condition of his exiling himself.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

Francis Clarke,  
*alias* Christie,  
*alias* Gardiner.

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No. 8.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE SHERIFF.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 10 December, 1872.

SIR,

Francis Clarke,  
alias Christie,  
alias Gardiner.

Referring to the Petition in favour of the prisoner named in the margin, praying for a mitigation of the sentences, amounting to thirty-two years hard labour on the roads, passed on him at the Central Criminal Court, on the 4th and 8th July, 1864, for wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm and robbery, two offences, being armed,—I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to state, for your information and guidance, that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of your bringing the prisoner's case forward for consideration when he shall have served ten years of his sentence.

2. I am further desired to state that, if the prisoner's conduct should be in the meantime good, His Excellency would feel disposed to grant him then a pardon, on condition of his exiling himself.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

No. 9.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO MRS. ARCHINA GRIFFITHS AND MRS. CHARLOTTE DEACON CALE.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 10 December, 1872.

MESDAMES,

Francis Clarke,  
alias Christie,  
alias Gardiner.

I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that the Petition received from you in August last, in favour of your brother, the prisoner named in the margin, at present serving a sentence of thirty-two years hard labour on the roads, has been duly laid before His Excellency the Governor, and that, when the prisoner shall have served ten years, instructions have been given to the Sheriff to bring his case forward again.

2. I am further desired to state that, if your brother's conduct should in the meantime be good, His Excellency would feel disposed to grant him then a pardon, on condition of his exiling himself from the Australian Colonies and New Zealand.

3. At present His Excellency does not concur with the persons who have recommended your Petition, that the sentence which the prisoner has undergone is sufficient for the ends of justice.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

No. 10.

PETITION OF MRS. GRIFFITHS.

To the Honorable the Executive Council of New South Wales.

The humble Petition of Archina Griffiths, wife of Henry Griffiths, 659 George-street, Sydney,—

SHOWETH:—

That your Petitioner's brother, Francis Christie, was apprehended in February, 1864, and tried at the Criminal Court, Sydney, on the 8th July, before His Honor the Chief Justice, and convicted on the following charges:—For shooting and wounding Trooper Hosie he was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment, the first two years in irons, with hard labour; and for robbing Messrs Hewett and Horsington he received two cumulative sentences, ten and seven years, making a total of thirty-two years of hard labour.

Your Petitioner humbly implores your merciful consideration of her unfortunate brother's case, and that you will grant him a full remission of the unexpired term of his sentences, with a pardon suffering him to redeem the past in the Australian Colonies; and your Petitioner urges the following reasons:—

1. Previous to his apprehension your Petitioner's brother was obtaining his living as a store-keeper in Queensland for nearly two years, having abandoned his former career of wickedness, and had left this Colony, fully determined to lead a life of honest industry. During these two years, gold, both by Escort and private hands, has, it is well known, been left in his charge with confidence and in safety.
2. That when, only four months after his conviction, there was a desperate outbreak of prisoners in the Gaol, he took no part whatever therein, and his conduct on that occasion was such as to draw from the Inspector General of Police an assurance that he would recommend the Colonial Secretary (Mr. Forster) to make a record of it for the future benefit of the prisoner; to which record your Petitioner humbly directs your attention, the late Dr. West having told the prisoner that it had been made.
3. That the prisoner has assiduously endeavoured to make himself as useful as possible in the work appointed for him, and is the inventor of an ingenious contrivance which materially improves the making of matting, hitherto defective.
4. That the prisoner has always given every satisfaction to the Sheriff, the Governor of the Gaol, and all other officers, during the ten years of his imprisonment.
5. That although His Honor the Chief Justice has often declared his intention to visit convicted bushrangers with extreme rigour, your Petitioner would humbly plead that the cessation of bushranging in this Colony may operate in favour of the prisoner, as it appears to have done in the case of the released prisoner John Vane (whom, however, your Petitioner's brother did not know previous to his imprisonment) and others.
6. That the prisoner's health has already suffered so much from his long confinement as to cause him to be almost constantly under the hands of the doctor, for disease of the heart and other serious symptoms, which have obliged him for a time to be placed in the hospital of the Gaol, and have totally incapacitated him from continuous work.

7th

7th and lastly. That your Petitioner feels certain that if a pardon be granted to the prisoner, and he be permitted to once again dwell among his relatives, he will do all that lies in his power to lead an honest and respectable life, and prove himself worthy of your clemency, and will never again return to his evil ways, but by exemplary conduct in the future fully and completely redeem the past. Your Petitioner also believes that His Honor Sir Alfred Stephen will graciously recommend, as he has very often spoken very kindly to the prisoner as to his reformation, and always seemed to take a kindly interest in him.

Praying the Lord may guide to a wise, merciful, and judicious conclusion in disposing of this Petition, your humble Petitioner will, as in duty bound, ever pray, &c., &c.

ARCHINA GRIFFITHS.

We, the undersigned, beg most respectfully to recommend the foregoing Petition to the merciful consideration of the Executive Council, the more especially from the desire to reform evidenced by the prisoner before capture, and his conduct since his incarceration, and trust that you may be pleased, under all the circumstances of the case, to deem the period of the sentence already expired to be sufficient for the ends of justice.

A. MOFFITT, Physician and Surgeon, 135 Castlereagh-street.  
WILLIAM B. DALLEY.  
A. McARTHUR & CO.  
FARMER & COMPANY.  
W. & S. GARDINER, per J. W. NIFF.  
S. HOFFNUNG & CO.

E. S. Hill, of Woollahra, having specially and carefully watched the prisoner during the past seven years of his incarceration, and having made on all occasions strict inquiries as to his prison conduct at Darlinghurst, and uniformly received the most satisfactory reports, I have no hesitation in recommending the prayer of the Petition.

J. R. JONES & CO., produce merchants, Sussex-street.  
H. PRIESTLY, do. do.  
JOHN GRAHAM.

The Sheriff.—B.C., 2 April, 1874. For U.S.—W.G.

In returning the accompanying Petition in favour of prisoner Christie, *alias* Gardiner, I beg to refer to my report, dated 12th September, 1872, upon the Petition under which the prisoner was allowed a conditional pardon.

I took occasion in that report to urge the special importance, in the public interest, involved in the dealing with the case of this prisoner, by reason of the prominence of his career and the circumstances of his case.

That importance has been fully exhibited by the necessity that the granting to Christie of a conditional pardon, at all events, initiated of reconsidering the sentences of a large number of prisoners who may be termed lesser offenders of the same description; and a plan of abridgment of such sentences was prepared with much care and forethought, the main policy of which was permitting the men concerned to leave the Australian Colonies, chiefly based upon the action taken in Christie's case, approved, and now in course of being carried out.

Upon the same principle of equitable dealing which enjoined the adoption of the plan mentioned, if the condition of exile be foregone in Christie's case, it should similarly be foregone in those of the other men, and the whole policy of the plan abandoned.

The reasons now put forward in Christie's favour were fully considered when the former Petition was dealt with, and there can be no question but that the case was determined upon with a lenity which the condition of exile alone could reconcile with public opinion, and with a sense of justice towards the general body of criminals serving their allotted periods.

I confess that I am surprised, in view of the merciful consideration with which the former Petition was treated, at the present Petition having been made, and I would most strongly deprecate any compliance with its prayer.

Principal Under Secretary, B.C., 20 April, '74.

HAROLD MACLEAN,  
Comptroller General of Prisons.

The enclosed Petition prays for a remission of Gardiner's sentence. The prisoner has been authorized a conditional pardon, the condition being exile. The Sheriff strongly deprecates a compliance with the prayer of the Petition. His Excellency.—H.P., 24/4/74.

Refused. H.R., 27/4/74.

### No. 11.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to MRS. ARCHINA GRIFFITHS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 29 April, 1874.

MADAM,

In reply to your further Petition, praying that your brother, the prisoner named in the margin, may receive an unconditional pardon, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that His Excellency the Governor sees no grounds for authorizing a compliance with your application.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary),  
M. R. ALLAN.

No. 12.

12

No. 12.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE SHERIFF.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 29 April, 1874.

SIR,

Francis Christie  
*alias* Gardiner.

Referring to the further Petition in favour of the prisoner named in the margin, praying for the issue to him of an unconditional pardon, I am desired by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that the Governor has not seen fit to authorize a compliance therewith.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary),  
M. R. ALLAN.

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Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1874.

[9d.]

1873-4.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

RELEASE OF THE PRISONER GARDINER.

(MINUTE OF HIS EXCELLENCY SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL WITH RESPECT TO.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

MINUTE BY THE GOVERNOR FOR THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

I HAVE to lay before the Executive Council six Petitions and Memorials which have been addressed to me with regard to the proposed mitigation of Gardiner's sentence. These representations, viewed in connection with the public discussions which have recently taken place on the same subject, have led me very carefully to consider whether any fresh facts have been brought to light which would justify me in disappointing now the expectations which I raised when this prisoner's case was first submitted to me—about eighteen months ago.

It is true that no positive compact was then made with the prisoner, or any decision given in the nature of an absolute remission, which would of course have been irrevocable; but it is beyond question that a hope was held out to him by my Minute of the 5th December, 1872, that if he continued to conduct himself well he would in all probability be allowed a pardon, conditional on his leaving the Country so soon as he had served ten years of his sentence.

I think that this may fairly be held to have been tantamount to a promise, contingent alone on the prisoner's good conduct in gaol; and that it was so viewed by myself at the time, and by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary subsequently, is apparent from my Minute of the 7th December, 1872, in which I stated, "I have already decided to grant a conditional pardon at the termination of ten years' imprisonment," and from the Colonial Secretary's Minute of the 24th April last, in which, when submitting to me a Petition for Gardiner's unconditional release, he observes, "the prisoner has been authorized a conditional pardon, the condition being exile." The Sheriff too obviously viewed the matter in precisely the same light, and referred, in his letter of the 21st January, 1873, and in his Minute of the 20th April, 1874, to Gardiner's case as one that had been practically decided and disposed of.

I may mention that it has been the practice here for many years for the Governor, when dealing with applications for mitigation which have appeared premature, to fix a date at which the case might again be brought under his consideration. Hopes so held out have always been regarded by the prison authorities, and by the prisoners themselves, as equivalent to promises of pardon, conditional on good conduct; and in every such case the expectation so raised has been, I believe, scrupulously fulfilled. I remember one case in which Sir Alfred Stephen, as Administrator of the Government, intimated to one of the most prominent and daring of the bushrangers that his case might again be brought forward for consideration as soon as he had served seven out of the nineteen years to which he had been sentenced. The papers came before me at the time specified, and, as the case appeared to me a bad one, I declined to sanction any greater remission than that contemplated under the general regulations for bushranging cases, unless Sir Alfred Stephen's intimation was held to be a promise. I was informed by the Sheriff that this was unquestionably the view in which the decision had been looked on in the gaol, and I accordingly authorized the prisoner's discharge on a conditional pardon, four years before the date at which he would have been eligible for exile under the special mitigation regulations laid down for such cases.

Of course I am aware that, under certain circumstances, it might be wise and proper to withhold the fulfilment of such promises, whether positive or implied. For example, a promise given under false representations would not be binding; and a promise to release a prisoner which, it was subsequently found would, if carried out, imperil the public safety, should be cancelled. The practical question for consideration in the present case is, therefore, simply this:—Are there any such grounds which would justify me in now withholding the conditional pardon which nearly two years ago I led Gardiner and his friends to expect that he might receive about this time?

I have seen it urged that Gardiner's case was decided upon false representations, it being alleged that some of the signatures attached to the Petition were forgeries, and that there was a previous conviction against Gardiner in Victoria, which had been concealed. But I think these grounds, even if they were facts, which they have not been proved to be, would be quite insufficient to release me from my implied promise. In a Petition so numerous and influentially signed, a few signatures more or less of persons of whom I had no knowledge, would have been immaterial; and I cannot say that my decision would have been different, if it had been stated on the papers that, before Gardiner commenced his criminal career in New South Wales, he had been convicted in Victoria of horse-stealing in 1850—nearly a quarter of a century ago. In view of the grave character of his crimes in New South Wales, such a comparatively minor offence would have appeared insignificant. I must, therefore, as I have said, dismiss these pleas as insufficient.

The question remains—would the public safety be in any way jeopardized if the expectation held out to Gardiner of being allowed to exile after ten years were now fulfilled? I think not. Sir Alfred Stephen observes, in his letter on Gardiner's case, that "the end and object of all punishment are, first, the preventing of the individual, and secondly, the deterring of other individuals, from the committing of similar crimes." Have these ends been attained in the present case? I think they have. The sentence of thirty-two years, passed upon Gardiner, was imposed at a time of great excitement, and his punishment would seem to have been measured more in view of the crimes with which he was supposed to have been connected than with reference solely to those of which he was actually convicted. It was probably never intended that such a sentence should be served in full; and looking dispassionately at all the circumstances of the case, I consider that ten years of rigorous penal discipline within the walls of a gaol—the first two years in irons—followed by expatriation for a further period of twenty-two years, is a punishment amply sufficient to satisfy the ends of justice, and to deter others from following Gardiner's bad example.

Whether Gardiner's apparent reformation is sincere is a point which time alone can determine. I am myself disposed to think that, after the experience he has gained, and under the altered circumstances of the Colony, he might be released even in Sydney without any substantial danger; but there are many persons who apparently think differently, and who believe that if Gardiner had an opportunity, he would revert to bushranging; and these fears, which are entitled to consideration, have been aggravated by a few isolated robberies which have occurred just at the time when this case was attracting public attention. Assuming, however, that these apprehensions are reasonable and well-founded, it appears to me that they are fully met by the condition of exile, which the Government will of course take effectual means to enforce. A legislative enactment authorizes and empowers the Government to take the necessary steps for this purpose, and none of the old and settled counties will offer opportunities for the peculiar crime of bushranging, even if Gardiner were disposed to revert to it. I do not think that sufficient weight has been allowed throughout the community to this condition of exile which it is intended to attach to Gardiner's pardon, and which supplies, in my opinion, effectual security for "preventing the individual from the committing of similar crimes."

The end and object of all punishment would therefore seem to have been secured by the course which it is proposed to adopt in the present case. The prisoner has, I hold, been sufficiently punished, and he can, I conceive, with safety be set free, upon condition of his leaving the Country. If, while entertaining, as I do, these opinions, I were to break faith with the prisoner, and retain him in gaol beyond the time specified for his liberation, I should be doing so, not because I think such a course necessary, but simply in response to clamour, which I believe to be unreasonable and unjust. It is indispensable for the maintenance of prison discipline that every hope held out to prisoners should be scrupulously fulfilled; that every promise made or implied, should be held sacred, or broken only on grounds the sufficiency of which would be apparent even to prisoners' minds. I can see no such grounds in the present case; and I am convinced that the moral bad effect upon the whole body of prisoners throughout the Colony, as well as upon the community generally, which would result from disappointing without sufficient reason an expectation raised by Her Majesty's Representative, would be infinitely greater than any practical inconvenience which would be likely to result from keeping faith with the prisoner and allowing him to leave the Country.

For these reasons I think that Gardiner should receive a conditional pardon at the time when he was led to expect one; and that the Government should at the same time take steps to secure, as far as practicable, the continued absence of the prisoner from the Australasian Colonies during the unexpired term of his sentence. I am sorry to think that such an exercise of the Royal Prerogative of pardon is unfavourably regarded at the present moment by certain sections of the public, but it appears to me that the course which I suggest is the only course now open to the Government consistent with honor and justice, and I confidently anticipate that the fairness of this view will eventually be acknowledged by all impartial and reflecting members of the community.

HERCULES ROBINSON.

Government House,  
23 June, 1874.

MINUTE OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

(Minute 74/30.)

At Government House, Sydney, 24 June, 1874.

PRESENT:—

His Excellency the Governor,  
The Honorable the Colonial Secretary,  
The Honorable the Colonial Treasurer,  
The Honorable the Secretary for Lands and Mines,  
The Honorable the Secretary for Works, and  
The Honorable the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction.

His Excellency the Governor lays before the Council six Petitions and Memorials which have been presented to him, with regard to the proposed release of the prisoner Gardiner; also a Minute by His Excellency, setting forth his views on the subject.

2. The Council having duly considered the Petitions and Minute referred to, are of opinion that sufficient grounds do not exist to warrant them in advising His Excellency to depart from the promise implied in His Excellency's Minute of the 5th December, 1872, upon the case of the prisoner Gardiner.

ALEX. C. BUDGE.  
Clerk of the Council.

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(LIBERATION AND EXILE OF PRISONERS.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 22 May, 1874.*

RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 8 May, 1874, praying that His Excellency the Governor would be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ A Return of the Prisoners whom it is proposed to exile or liberate during  
“ the next twelve months, showing in each case the name of the prisoner,  
“ his offence, the duration of imprisonment to which he was sentenced, the  
“ period of sentence already elapsed, whether he had been previously con-  
“ victed, and, if so, for what offence, and the duration of his sentence ;  
“ also, the Minutes of His Excellency’s Advisers, giving the reasons, if  
“ any, for such exile or liberation.”

(*Mr. Combes.*)



## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

### No. 1.

#### MINUTE OF THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

I HAVE spoken to the Chief Justice on the subject of the sentences of the men convicted of the crime of bushranging at and about the time of Christie's conviction. I concur in a suggestion made by Sir Alfred Stephen, that the Sheriff prepare a statement of each case, showing age, previous character, number of offences, sentence, conduct in gaol, and other particulars, with a view to the consideration of all the cases.

H.P.  
20/9/72.

The Sheriff, B.C., 21 Sept., /72.—For U.S., W.G. To be returned.

### No. 2.

#### THE SHERIFF TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

Prisons Department,  
Sydney, 21 January, 1873.

SIR,

In compliance with the desire of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, I have given my careful attention to the cases of prisoners serving long sentences under convictions of robbery with arms, or as is termed bushranging, and which sentences were imposed at a period when it was thought necessary to deter from the commission of crime of that particular character, by severe examples of punishment.

2. In my report of the 12th September last, on the case of Christie *alias* Gardiner, I took occasion to refer to this subject, and to the expectations generated in the minds of the prisoners of the class mentioned, by reason of remarks made by the Judges at the times of sentencing, and from the action of the Executive in commuting from time to time a number of sentences; and I pointed out that the dealing with Gardiner's case, from the prominence of his career, would be by these men regarded as indicative of what they would, as to possible commutation of sentences, have to look forward to. I may here mention that, during the period which it is proposed to embrace in this report, there have been forty-seven cases of the kind in question in which remissions of more or less time has been made of periods ranging from nine to three years; some by conditional pardons, and these generally for the longer periods, excepting as regards a few cases wherein it has been made on the merits of the conviction, under circumstances subsequently brought to light. In the larger number of cases, the length of the sentences and the diminution of bushranging were, I understand, mainly operative; at any rate, it is so regarded by the prisoners still detained.

3. I conclude that it was intended that the decision in Gardiner's case should in a great measure govern the dealing with those of the other men now under consideration.

4. The cumulative sentences of Gardiner amount in all to thirty-two years. The decision conveyed in your letter of the 10th December last is equivalent to allowing him a pardon, on condition of his exiling himself beyond the Australian Colonies and New Zealand, after a penal service of ten years, which may be taken substantially as a remission of  $\frac{2}{3}$  of his sentence upon that condition. I do not suppose that his liberation within the Colony, were he unable to comply with the exiling condition, would be assented to under a service of fifteen years, or one-half of the entire period.

5. It is highly desirable, in carrying out a general reduction of the sentences now under consideration, to give a large preference in point of time to exiling rather than liberation in the Colony. Yet, to allow no abatement whatever to those who may be unable to provide means of exiling would be to give an undue advantage to means of friends or accidental circumstances—as, for instance, a prisoner having been a sailor, and able to work his passage; while it would be a denial, in the majority of cases, of the expectations the men have been permitted, as above stated, to form.

6. I regard sentences of ten years and upwards as within the category contemplated by the Government. Were that period not to be taken as a minimum, many cases comprehended in the intention would be excluded—in fact, the large majority—and great discontent would be occasioned.

7. These cases are embraced within the period from 1860 to 1870 inclusive, which may be said to comprehend that from the commencement to the suppression of bushranging as a peculiar and distinctive crime of the Colony.

8. It was my intention to have submitted the cases in a Schedule form, something like that used for the ordinary monthly remissions, but I think that a general direction in a more comprehensive form could more conveniently be given upon this report, and a Schedule afterwards submitted under the guidance of such directions.

9. In making commutations, it will be necessary to do so on a scale lessening the periods of reduction according to the lesser duration of the sentences,—the principle in operation under the remission regulations.

10. By the adoption of such a scale, while so large a concession will not be made in all cases as in that of Gardiner (whose conduct in gaol was taken into material account), the other long-sentenced prisoners for the like crime will gain considerable benefit beyond the provisions of the existing regulations.

11. Taking the case of Gardiner as a starting point, I have the honor to submit the following suggestions, subject to reservations to be noticed further on, viz. :—

- (1.) That sentences to life be treated as for thirty years, and that such sentences and all others above fifteen years be treated, with some modifications according to the precedent of Gardiner, thus :—Conditional pardons to be allowed after a service of  $\frac{5}{12}$ ths which in a sentence of thirty years would amount to twelve years and six months. And liberation in the Colony after a service of  $\frac{7}{12}$ ths, which in a sentence of thirty years would give a service of seventeen years and six months.
- \* (2.) In sentences of fifteen years and others above ten, conditional pardons on a service of  $\frac{5}{12}$ ths, amounting in a fifteen years sentence to a service of six years and three months, and liberation in the Colony on a service of  $\frac{7}{12}$ ths, amounting in a sentence of fifteen years to a service of eight years and nine months.
- (3.) In sentences of ten years, conditional pardon on a service of  $\frac{5}{12}$ ths or  $\frac{1}{3}$ —liberation in the Colony on a service of  $\frac{2}{3}$ ths, as allowed now by regulation for longer sentences, making a service of seven years and six months.

The reservations that I desire to mention in the application of the suggestions above offered are in respect of the cases wherein life has been sacrificed in the commission of the crime, of second or more convictions for the like crime, the prisoner's conduct in gaol, more than ordinary reason to anticipate that he might (if liberated in the Colony) return to the same courses, and any special circumstances in his disfavour.

The first description I propose to submit separately, each on its own merits. In the second it is a question whether any unconditional commutation should be allowed. Misconduct in gaol I propose to count as forfeiture of time of commutation against the prisoner (unless there be some special reason to the contrary) according to the system under the regulations, and the other considerations to bring forward in the Schedule which, upon being favoured with the views of the Government upon the general subject, I shall be prepared to submit.

I have, &c.,

HAROLD MACLEAN,  
Sheriff, and Inspector of Prisons.

\* *Pencilled note by His Excellency the Governor* :—This is apparently the same as (1), and therefore inconsistent with the recommendation in par. 9.

### No. 3.

#### THE SHERIFF TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

In reference to His Excellency's notation in pencil opposite to division (2) of paragraph 11, I may explain that the form of distinction between divisions (1) and (2) remained in the report by error, and the similar treatment proposed for prisoners under sentences above fifteen years and for life, and of those of fifteen years and above ten is, as observed, inconsistent with the principle laid down in paragraph 9 of lessening the periods of reduction according to the lesser duration of the sentences.

My recommendations were originally framed making the service required from division (2)  $\frac{7}{12}$ ths and  $\frac{8}{12}$ ths; but this proposition I was obliged to abandon because, following on the plan by a still further reduced commutation to the ten years men, there would be nothing material left to them beyond the existing regulations.

The ten years and from ten to fifteen years men form the main—almost the whole body under consideration. The principle on which my recommendations are based is carried out in their case; but, for the reasons above given, cannot be applied to sentences above fifteen years, without making a larger diminution in such cases than seems to be desirable, it being borne in mind that such sentences indicate either magnitude or frequency of crime.

The distinction between divisions (1) and (2) should, excepting as regards life sentences counting for thirty years, have been omitted in my report.

H. M'L.

5 June, 1873.

His Excellency.—H.P., 4/7/73.

I think, with this amendment, the cases of the prisoners referred to might be dealt with in the general manner recommended by the Sheriff, each case being submitted with a separate report from the Sheriff as to whether there are any circumstances in connection with it which render it undesirable to apply to it the general regulations in the accompanying letter of the 21st January.—H.R., 5/7/73.

H.P., 10/7/73.

I.

RETURN of Prisoners to be exiled or liberated during next twelve months (say) to 30 April, 1875.

Name.	Offence.	Date of Sentence.	Sentence.	Period served.	Previous Convictions.	Recommendation of the Sheriff.	Decision of His Excellency.
William Brookman .....	Wounding with intent to murder	16 Jan., 1868	Death; commuted to 15 years roads	6½ years	None known	May be allowed conditional pardon after 13th April, 1874. Question of liberation in Colony to be postponed.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Samuel Clarke .....	Robbery, being armed, and horse-stealing.	18 April, 1866	15 years roads	8½ "	"	May be allowed a conditional pardon; failing means, to be brought forward for consideration for liberation in January, 1875.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Dennis Shea .....	Robbery, being armed	6 Nov., 1860	15 years roads, first 2 irons	8½ "	Stealing, 2 years	May be allowed a conditional pardon	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
William Willis <i>alias</i> Dunkley...	" 3 charges	16 May, 1866	7 years roads	8 "	Stealing (3)—9 months, 18 months, 6 months.	" "	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Alexander Fordyce .....	Robbery and wounding	23 Feb., 1863	Death; commuted to life; first 3 years in irons.	11¼ "	None	May be allowed a conditional pardon now; failing taking advantage, case to be brought forward commencement of June, 1874.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
John Payne .....	Robbery under arms—2 charges	14 Jan., 1838	20 years—two of 10 years each; second sentence remitted by His Excellency.	6½ "	"	May be allowed a conditional pardon after service of 7 years.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
James Jones .....	Robbery under arms	31 Mar., 1864	15 years—first 3 irons	10½ "	"	May be allowed a conditional pardon after service of 10 years.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Robert Cotterell, <i>alias</i> Blue Cap	Robbery, being armed	20 April, 1868	10 years roads	6½ "	None	Not a case for liberation; may be allowed a conditional pardon.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
James Boyd, <i>alias</i> M'Grath. ....	" "	24 Feb., 1864	10 "	9¼ "	Horse-stealing, 5 years roads.	May be allowed a conditional pardon.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Thos. Cunningham, <i>alias</i> Smith	" "	9 April, 1867	15 "	7¾ "	None known	May be allowed conditional pardon; failing to avail, case to be brought forward for liberation in Jan., 1876	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Charles Hugh Gough, <i>alias</i> Windham, <i>alias</i> Bennett.	" "	9 April, 1867	15 "	7¾ "	Assault with intent to rob, 3 years.	To be allowed conditional pardon; failing to avail, case to be brought forward for liberation in Jan., 1876	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.

4

RETURN—*continued.*

Name.	Offence.	Date of Sentence.	Sentence.	Period served.	Previous Convictions.	Recommendation of the Sheriff.	Decision of His Excellency.
Thomas Dargue.....	Robbery, being armed.....	28 Mar., 1867	10 years roads (first year in irons) ...	7½ years ...	None known .....	May be allowed conditional pardon ; case for liberation to be brought forward in September, 1874.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Henry Dargue .....	" .....	28 Mar., 1867	10 years roads .....	7½ " .....	" .....	" .....	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
John Kelly .....	" .....	11 Mar., 1867	14 years (first 2 in irons) .....	7½ " .....	Embezzlement, 2-years .....	May be allowed conditional pardon ; case may be brought forward for liberation in May, 1875.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
James Smith.....	" .....	15 April, 1867	17 years roads .....	7½ " .....	Horse-stealing (2 charges), 3 years roads.	Case to be brought forward for consideration as to conditional pardon in May, 1874.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
John Foran .....	Robbery, being armed ; three charges.	18 Oct., 1867	15 years roads .....	6½ " .....	None known .....	May be brought forward for conditional pardon in January, 1874.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Edward Kelly .....	Robbery, with arms.....	14 Jan., 1868	15 " .....	6½ " .....	" .....	Case for conditional pardon may be brought forward in April, 1874.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Jno. Williams .....	Wounding, with intent to murder.	14 Jan., 1868	Death ; commuted to 15 years roads	6½ " .....	" .....	May be brought forward for consideration as to conditional pardon in April, 1874.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Wm. H. Simmons .....	Robbery, being armed .....	6 April, 1868	15 years roads .....	6½ " .....	Larceny (2 charges), 10 years roads.	May be brought forward for conditional pardon in April, 1874.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Wm. Taverner .....	" .....	5 April, 1867	10 years roads ; commuted to 8 years	5½ " .....	None known .....	May be allowed conditional pardon ; case for liberation to be brought forward in April, 1875.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Daniel Taylor .....	" .....	24 Oct., 1865	15 years roads .....	8½ " .....	" .....	May be allowed conditional pardon ; case for liberation to be brought forward in January, 1875.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Jno. Bollard .....	Assault, with intent to rob, being armed.	19 Oct., 1869	10 years roads .....	4½ " .....	" .....	May be brought forward for conditional pardon in October, 1874.	Approved—H.R., 1/10/73.
Francis Christie, <i>alias</i> Clarke, <i>alias</i> Gardiner.	Wounding, with intent to do grievous bodily harm, and highway robbery.	8 July, 1864	32 years roads ; first 2 in irons .....	10 " .....	Horse-stealing, 14 years .....	(Full Reports, Minutes, &c., in this case already laid before Parliament.)	
John Bow .....	Robbery, with wounding.....	26 Feb., 1863	Death ; commuted to life on roads ; first 3 years in irons.	11½ " .....	None .....	May be allowed a conditional pardon now (in August, 1873) ; failing to take advantage thereof, case for liberation in the Colony to be brought forward in June, 1874.	I approve the Sheriff's recommendation in this case—H.R., 19/8/73.

14 May, 1874.

HAROLD MACLEAN,  
Comptroller General of Prisons.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

RELEASE OF PRISONERS.

(PETITION OF MAYOR OF BATHURST—RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 4 June, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The Petition of the undersigned, Francis Halliday, Mayor of the City of Bathurst, signed on behalf of a public meeting of the citizens of the said City, and residents in the District of Bathurst,—

RESPECTFULLY SHOWETH:—

That your Petitioners regard with feelings of astonishment and apprehension the proposed action of His Excellency the Governor, in liberating a number of prisoners of the Crown, now undergoing sentences for robbery under arms and other like offences against life and property.

2. That your Petitioners have but recently emerged from a period of terrorism in consequence of the raids of bushrangers upon their property and the assaults of armed robbers upon peaceful travellers by public conveyances, whereby many valuable lives have been sacrificed to the brutality of an armed banditti, by whom law and order have been set at defiance.

3. That your Petitioners believe such a state of disorder and lawlessness will inevitably be revived by the simultaneous release of a number of prisoners, who have served but a minor portion of the time to which they were sentenced, if the ill-advised clemency of His Excellency the Governor is carried into effect with regard to the liberation of the prisoners beforementioned.

4. That your Petitioners are strengthened in this belief by the fact that many released prisoners have already returned to their evil courses, and that bushranging and mail robbery are now becoming of very frequent occurrence, and in many, even in most, instances, may be traced to old offenders who have been set free after serving a moiety of their sentences.

5. Your Petitioners strongly deprecate a policy of pseudo-sympathy in these cases, and would respectfully pray that the Members of your Honorable House will act upon their individual responsibility as representatives and protectors of the people, whose lives and property are now jeopardized; and your Petitioners desire that your Honorable House will use such constitutional and lawful measures as it may be in their power and authority to employ, in order to prevent or at least protest against a release of Crown prisoners, which they cannot but regard as a public calamity, and as tending to the commencement of a new era of demoralization and crime.

And your Petitioners, by the aforesaid Francis Halliday, Mayor of Bathurst, to whom they have delegated, in public meeting this day, the power to sign on their behalf, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c.

Signed on behalf of the Public Meeting held at Bathurst, this second day of June, 1874.

FRANCIS HALLIDAY,  
Mayor of Bathurst.



LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

RELEASE OF PRISONERS.

(RETURNS RESPECTING, DURING THE FIVE YEARS ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1873.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 22 June, 1874.

RETURN of Prisoners serving terms of not less than one year, released during the five years ending 31 December, 1873, under remission of sentence, irrespective of Good Conduct Regulations.

Name of Prisoner.	Offence for which tried.	Date of Conviction.	Name of Judge.	Sentence.	Time served when absolute or conditional Pardon granted.	Date of release, and whether absolute or conditional Pardon.	Name of Colonial Secretary of time-being.	Nature of advice or opinion of Minister, if any, on papers.	Remarks.
					years months				
1869.									
*No. 1	Stealing in dwelling-house	15 Nov., 1867	Cheeke	2 years labour	1 6	26 May, 1869; absolute	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 2	Forgery and uttering	17 Feb., 1868	"	3 "	1 2	30 April, 1869 "	"	H. E. may possibly be pleased to allow the release of No. 2, as the best means of saving his family from starvation. (1)	
No. 3	Robbery with arms	3 May, 1864	Milford	12 years roads	5 0	24 April, 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 4	Killing cattle with intent, &c.	14 March, 1866	Meymott	7 "	3 0	13 March, 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 5	Sheep-stealing	13 Feb., 1867	Cary	5 "	3 0	13 Feb., 1870 "	"	Nil.	Decision arrived at in 1869.
No. 6	Housebreaking	17 Oct., 1866	Stephen, C.J.	5 "	3 0	3 Nov., 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 7	False pretences	5 April, 1867	M'Farland	3 years 6 months imprisonment	2 0	4 March, 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 8	Larceny in dwelling and horse-stealing.	1 March, 1866	Meymott	7 years (2 concurrent sentences)	3 0	28 Feb., 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 9	Embezzlement	16 May, 1868	Dowling	2 years imprisonment.	1 6	17 Nov., 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 10	Perjury	11 Feb., 1868	Cheeke	2 years	1 0	6 Jan., 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 11	Cattle-stealing	30 May, 1865	Cary	10 "	5 0	30 May, 1870 "	"	Nil.	Decision arrived at in 1869.
No. 12	"	30 May, 1865	"	7 "	4 0	30 May, 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 13	"	6 July, 1866	"	7 "	3 6	6 Jan., 1870 "	"	Nil.	Decision arrived at in 1869.
No. 14	Mail-robbery	29 April, 1864	Milford	15 "	7 0	28 April, 1871 "	"	Some remission recommended (2)	Decision arrived at in 1869.
No. 15	Arson	2 June, 1865	Meymott	10 "	4 6	6 Dec., 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 16	False pretences and forgery and uttering	{ 2 May, 1866 15 May, 1866 }	Faucett	7 years	5 6	17 Oct., 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 17	Unnatural crime	27 Sept., 1858	Stephen, C.J.	Death; commuted to imprisonment for life.	10 6	8 April, 1869; condtl.	"	Nil.	
No. 18				3 years hard labour		6 Dec., 1869; absolute	"		
No. 19	Forgery and uttering	12 Nov., 1866	Cheeke	3 "	2 6	11 Feb., 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 20	Robbery under arms	27 Oct., 1864	Wise	10 years	4 6	27 May, 1869 "	"	Nil.	
No. 21	Highway robbery	11 Sept., 1862	Stephen, C.J.	10 "	7 0	21 Aug., 1869; condtl.	"	Nil.	
No. 22	Robbery with arms	17 March, 1868	Francis	2½ "	1 6	16 Sept., 1869; absolute	"	Nil.	

\* The names of the released prisoners are not given in this published return, because it would be contrary to the principles of criminal treatment and unjust to those who are now living honestly to make them known. The numbers, however, represent the real names in the manuscript return, and can be referred to for the purpose of verification.

(1) "As there are no funds from which this hapless family can be helped, His Excellency may possibly be pleased, on the facts now presented, to allow the release of \* \* \* from further imprisonment, as the best means of saving his family from starvation.—JOHN R., 28 April."

(2) "On the representation contained in the last paragraph of Dr. Wardley's letter of the 9th instant, some remission of this man's long sentence of fifteen years for mail robbery may be recommended. He has served five years. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 28 April, 1869."



Name of Prisoner.	Offence for which tried.	Date of Conviction.	Name of Judge.	Sentence.	Time served when absolute or conditional Pardon granted.	Date of release, and whether absolute or conditional Pardon.	Name of Colonial Secretary of time being.	Nature of advice, or opinion of Minister, if any, on papers.	Remarks.
No. 23	Robbery with firearms .....	11 Sept., 1862	Stephen, C.J.	15 years .....	years months 7 0	13 Nov., 1869; conditl.	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 24	Horse-stealing .....	16 April, 1866	Cheeke .....	5 " .....	3 6	15 Dec., 1869; absolute	" .....	Nil.	
No. 25	Stealing in a dwelling and robbery, being armed.	19 Nov., 1861	Callaghan .....	10 " .....	7 2	18 Jan., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 26	Robbery with arms .....	10 Oct., 1864	Milford .....	10 " .....	4 9	6 July, 1869 " .....	" .....	Discharge recommended (3)	
No. 27	Robbery with violence .....	9 April, 1866	Hargrave .....	7 years roads .....	3 4	11 Aug., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 28	Cattle-stealing .....	27 Mar., 1869	Cary .....	2 years .....	1 0	9 Mar., 1870 " .....	Charles Cowper	Nil.	
No. 29	" .....	9 July, 1866	" .....	7 years roads .....	3 0	29 Sept., 1869 " .....	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 30	" .....	3 Nov., 1868	Dowling .....	2 years labour .....	1 0	1 Nov., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 31	" .....	13 Mar., 1865	Cary .....	10 years roads .....	4 6	27 Nov., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 32	" .....	" .....	" .....	10 " .....	4 6	2 Nov., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 33	Stealing .....	5 June, 1869	Dowling .....	12 months labour .....	0 2	18 Aug., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 34	Larceny .....	3 Oct., 1865	Cary .....	7 years roads .....	4 0	15 Dec., 1869 " .....	" .....	Recommended. (4)	
No. 35	Forgery .....	30 Nov., 1868	Wilkinson .....	2 years labour .....	1 4	2 Mar., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	Decision arrived at in 1869.
No. 36	Uttering forged cheques .....	13 Nov., 1866	Meymott .....	6 years roads .....	2 2	28 Jan., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 37	Killing cattle with intent, &c.	18 June, 1867	Meymott .....	7 " .....	2 0	19 June, 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 38	Murder .....	11 Oct., 1866	Hargrave .....	Death; commuted to hard labour for life.	3 0	11 Aug., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 39	Receiving stolen property .....	15 Oct., 1868	Stephen, C.J.	5 years roads .....	0 10	17 Aug., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 40	Horse-stealing and receiving .....	22 Oct., 1866	Hargrave .....	5 " .....	3 0	21 Oct., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 41	False pretences .....	24 Mar., 1866	Holroyd .....	5 " .....	3 6	3 Oct., 1869 " .....	" .....	Recommended. (5)	
No. 42	Horse-stealing and receiving .....	9 Mar., 1868	Dowling .....	5 " .....	1 6	18 Nov., 1869 " .....	" .....	Recommended. (6)	
No. 43	Robbery under arms .....	17 April, 1867	Faucett .....	10 " .....	2 6	19 Nov., 1869 " .....	" .....	Recommended. (7)	
No. 44	Cattle-stealing .....	29 Oct., 1867	Cary .....	5 " .....	2 0	19 Nov., 1869 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 45	Robbery under arms .....	28 Mar., 1862	Stephen, C.J.	10 " .....	7 0	19 April, 1869; conditl.	" .....	Nil.	
No. 46	Maliciously wounding cattle .....	23 Dec., 1864	Wise .....	7 " .....	4 6	22 June, 1869; absolute	" .....	Nil.	
No. 47	Cattle-stealing .....	18 May, 1868	Dowling .....	3 years hard labour .....	2 0	17 May, 1870 " .....	Charles Cowper	Nil.	
No. 48	" .....	19 Mar., 1867	Cary .....	7 years roads .....	3 0	18 March, 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 49	Receiving stolen property .....	24 Oct., 1866	Simpson .....	7 " .....	3 6	23 April, 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 50	Assault with intent .....	12 Feb., 1867	Faucett .....	6 " .....	3 0	3 March, 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 51	Receiving stolen cattle .....	10 Oct., 1866	Hargrave .....	7 " .....	3 6	11 March, 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 52	" .....	18 Mar., 1867	Ellis .....	5 " .....	4 6	3 Sept., 1871 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 53	Horse-stealing .....	2 Nov., 1867	" .....	5 " .....	3 0	2 Nov., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 54	Receiving stolen property .....	6 Nov., 1867	Cary .....	7 " .....	3 0	5 Nov., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 55	Cattle-stealing .....	25 April, 1867	Stephen, C.J.	5 " .....	3 0	29 May, 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 56	Uttering a forgery .....	21 Mar., 1867	Francis .....	5 " .....	3 6	29 Sept., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 57	Cattle-stealing .....	12 Oct., 1868	Stephen, C.J.	5 " .....	1 9	1 July, 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 58	" .....	26 June, 1867	Cary .....	7 " .....	3 0	17 Aug., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 59	Stealing a horse .....	— Feb., 1868	" .....	5 " .....	2 6	17 Aug., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 60	Robbery, being armed .....	19 Oct., 1869	Stephen, C.J.	5 " .....	0 10	25 Aug., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 61	Horse-stealing .....	20 April, 1868	Hargrave .....	7 " .....	1 4	26 Aug., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 62	Cattle-stealing .....	15 April, 1867	Faucett .....	5 " .....	3 6	3 Sept., 1870 " .....	" .....	Recommended. (8)	
No. 63	Horse-stealing .....	16 April, 1867	" .....	4 " .....	3 6	2 Sept., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 64	Forgery and uttering .....	22 Feb., 1869	Cheeke .....	4 " .....	1 10	22 Dec., 1870 " .....	John Robertson	The Cabinet think it would be well to release him, so that he may be home on Christmas Day. (9)	
No. 65	Forgery .....	30 Nov., 1868	Wilkinson .....	2 " .....	1 3	28 Feb., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 66	Horse-stealing .....	2 June, 1870	Meymott .....	18 months .....	0 4	23 Sept., 1870 " .....	Charles Cowper	Nil.	
No. 67	Burglary .....	3 Oct., 1865	Carey .....	7 years .....	5 0	1 Oct., 1870 " .....	" .....	Nil.	

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(3) "The discharge of the prisoner is recommended. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 5 July, 1869."  
 (4) "Recommended. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 11 Dec., 1869."  
 (5) "Recommended. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 1 Oct., 1869."  
 (6) "Recommended. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 16 Nov., 1869."  
 (7) "Recommended. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 16 Nov., 1869."  
 (8) "Recommended. His Excellency.—C.C., 25 Aug., 1870."  
 (9) "My dear Lord Belmore,—We have been talking over the \* \* \* case in the Cabinet, and we all think it would be well to release him so that he may be at home on Christmas Day. I thought, however, undesirable to write on the Office papers until your Lordship's views were known to me. Yours faithfully,—JOHN ROBERTSON, 19 December, 1870."

Name of Prisoner.	Offence for which tried.	Date of conviction.	Name of Judge.	Sentence.	Time served when absolute or conditional Pardon granted.	Date of release, and whether absolute or conditional Pardon.	Name of Colonial Secretary of time being.	Nature of advice or opinion of Minister, if any, on paper.	Remarks.
1870. No. 68	Cattle-stealing	28 Sept., 1867	Meymott	5 years	years months 3 0	30 Sept., 1870; absolute	Charles Cowper	Nil.	The decision was arrived at in September, 1868. Life certified to be endangered by further confinement.
No. 69	Sheep-stealing	8 Feb., 1870	M'Farland	8 "	0 9	14 Nov., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 70	Horse-stealing	28 Nov., 1868	"	3 "	2 0	26 Nov., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 71	Embezzling money	22 Nov., 1869	Hargrave	3 "	1 0	1 Dec., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 72	Murder	— April, 1869	Cheeke	Death; commuted to life, &c.	1 8	6 Dec., 1870 "	"	Recommended.	
No. 73	"	— April, 1869	"	" " "	1 8	6 Dec., 1870 "	"	Recommended.	
No. 74	"	10 April, 1866	Hargrave	" " "	4 9	31 Dec., 1870 "	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 75	Stealing in a dwelling	21 Jan., 1867	Purefoy	4 years	3 0	20 Jan., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 76	Stealing	25 Mar., 1869	Cary	3 "	0 10	27 Jan., 1870 "	Charles Cowper	Nil.	
No. 77	Robbery with violence	12 Nov., 1869	Simpson	18 months	0 3	12 Feb., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 78	Highway robbery	14 April, 1864	Stephen, C.J.	15 years	5 10	23 Feb., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 79	Murder	24 Mar., 1863	Wise	15 years hard labour on the roads	7 0	16 Mar., 1870; condtl	"	Nil.	
No. 80	Stealing	1 Feb., 1870	Simpson	15 months	0 2	31 Mar., 1870; absolute	"	Nil.	
No. 81	Forgery	9 April, 1869	Stephen, C.J.	3 years	1 0	9 April, 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 82	Rape	8 July, 1862	"	Death; commuted to 15 years	7 9	12 April, 1870; condtl	"	Nil.	
No. 83	Robbery under arms	15 Oct., 1864	Milford	12 years	5 6	26 April, 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 84	Robbery, being armed, and horse-stealing.	16 Oct., 1865	Sheppard	10 "	4 6	28 April, 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 85	Cattle-stealing	30 May, 1865	Cary	7 years roads	5 0	28 May, 1870; absolute	John Robertson	Nil.	The decision was arrived at in October, 1868.
No. 86	Forgery and uttering	10 Aug., 1869	Cheeke	3 "	1 0	25 July, 1870 "	Charles Cowper	Nil.	
No. 87	Robbery, being armed	16 Oct., 1865	Sheppard	10 "	4 10	2 Aug., 1870; condl.	"	Nil.	
No. 88	Unlawfully riding a horse	23 Mar., 1866	Holroyd	8 "	4 5	13 Aug., 1870; absolute	"	Nil.	
No. 89	Perjury	15 May, 1868	Cheeke	3 "	2 3	13 Aug., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 90	Stealing	1 Nov., 1869	Simpson	3 "	0 9	30 Aug., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 91	Larceny (3 charges)	1 Nov., 1869	"	3 "	0 9	30 Aug., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 92	Receiving stolen property	18 Mar., 1867	Ellis	5 "	3 6	3 Sept., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 93	Robbery with arms	9 Sept., 1863	Wise	10 "	7 0	16 Sept., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 94	Cattle-stealing	24 July, 1869	Francis	18 months hard labour	1 3	22 Oct., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 95	Assault with intent to rob	29 May, 1867	Simpson	3 years hard labour	2 10	7 Feb., 1870 "	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 96	False pretences	29 Oct., 1867	Meymott	3 years and 4 months	2 8	29 June, 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 97	Uttering a forgery	10 June, 1868	Dowling	2 years hard labour	1 6	1 Jan., 1870 "	"	Recommended. (10)	
No. 98	False pretences	21 June, 1869	Wilkinson	18 months hard labour	1 1	13 July, 1870 "	"	Nil.	
No. 99	Cattle-stealing	20 July, 1869	Meymott	3 years hard labour	1 6	5 Jan., 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 100	"	30 Oct., 1866	Cary	7 "	4 0	30 Oct., 1870 "	"	Nil.	
That sentences for cattle-stealing had been reduced to 3 years in many cases, the reason for severe sentences having passed away with the frequency of the crime, and that the prisoner's conduct had been favourably reported. (11)									
No. 101	Embezzlement	— Oct., 1868	Stephen, C.J.	4 years	2 6	14 April, 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 102	Burglary	30 Mar., 1865	Wise	10 "	6 0	28 April, 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 103	Robbery, being armed	5 July, 1864	Stephen, C.J.	10 " (1st year in irons)	7 0	31 Aug., 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 104	"	29 April, 2 and 3 May, 1864	Milford	15 "	7 4	14 Sept., 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 105	"	2 May, 1864	"	15 "	7 4	17 Sept., 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 106	"	2 May, 1864	"	12 "	7 5	4 Oct., 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 107	Larceny	10 May, 1870	Hargrave	2 "	1 5	10 Oct., 1871 "	"	Nil.	
No. 108	"	12 Oct., 1868	Stephen, C.J.	4 "	3 0	12 Oct., 1871 "	"	Recommended. (12)	

(10) "Recommended that he be released on 1 January, 1870. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 28 December, 1869."

(11) "Sentences for cattle-stealing have been reduced to three years in many instances, the reasons for such severe sentences having passed away with the frequency of the crime. This prisoner has served upwards of three years, and his gaol conduct is favourably reported. His wife and two children are represented to be in great poverty. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 5 January, 1870."

(12) "His Excellency. Recommended.—JOHN R., 14 April, 1871."

Name of Prisoner.	Offence for which tried.	Date of Conviction.	Name of Judge.	Sentence.	Time served when absolute or conditional Pardon granted.	Date of release, and whether absolute or conditional Pardon.	Name of Colonial Secretary of time being.	Nature of advice or opinion of Minister, if any, on papers.	Remarks.
No. 109	Robbery, being armed .....	15 April, 1865	Wise .....	10 years (1st year in irons) .....	years months 6 6	14 Oct., 1871; absolute	John Robertson	Nil.	The decision was arrived at in April, 1868.
No. 110	Robbery with arms .....	25 Sept., 1863	Stephen, C.J. ....	15 years roads (1st year in irons) .....	8 0	22 Sept., 1871 " ..	" ..	Recommended. (13)	
No. 111	Forgery .....	12 Nov., 1866	Meymott .....	12 " " .....	4 10	3 Sept., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 112	Robbery, being armed .....	17 Oct., 1864	Milford .....	10 " " .....	7 0	11 Oct., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 113	Mail robbery .....		M'Farland .....	10 " " .....		21 Nov., 1871 " ..	" ..	Recommended. (14)	
No. 114	Larceny .....	19 Feb., 1869	Cary .....	4 years hard labour .....	2 0	18 Feb., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 115	Cattle-stealing .....	20 July, 1869	Meymott .....	3 years .....	1 6	6 Jan., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 116	Obtaining goods by false pretences.	31 Jan., 1870	Simpson .....	18 months .....	1 0	14 Feb., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 117	Carnally knowing a female child under 12 years of age.	15 Feb., 1870	Stephen, C.J. ....	2 years .....	1 0	16 Feb., 1871; " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 118	Mail-robbery .....	30 Oct., 1863	Cary .....	14 years (1st year in irons) .....	7 6	31 Mar., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 119	Robbery, being armed .....	17 Oct., 1864	Milford .....	10 years .....	7 0	17 Oct., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 120	Larceny .....	4 Nov., 1870	M'Farland .....	2½ " .....	1 0	3 Nov., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 121	Robbery, being armed .....	28 June, 1866	Cary .....	10 " .....	5 6	16 Nov., 1871 " ..	" ..	Recommended. (15)	
No. 122	Larceny .....	10 Aug., 1868	Cheeko .....	6 " .....	3 4	9 Dec., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 123	Stealing .....	21 Sept., 1869	M'Farland .....	3 " .....	2 3	21 Dec., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 124				2 " .....		9 Dec., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 125	Cattle-stealing .....	19 Mar., 1867	Cary .....	7 years roads .....	4 0	18 Mar., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 126	Receiving stolen property .....	17 Dec., 1866	Dowling .....	5 " .....	4 0	18 Jan., 1871 " ..	" ..	Recommended by the Cabinet (16)	
No. 127	Wounding with intent, &c. ....	5 April, 1864	Wise .....	10 " (1st year in irons) .....	7 0	12 May, 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 128	Cattle-stealing .....	20 Oct., 1868	Cary .....	5 " .....	2 6	12 May, 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 129	Receiving stolen cattle .....	6 Nov., 1868	" .....	5 " .....	3 0	13 Nov., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 130	Feloniously receiving a stolen horse.	23 Jan., 1865	Meymott .....	7 " .....	6 10	17 Nov., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 131	Wounding with intent .....	4 Nov., 1869	Josephson .....	7 years roads .....	2 2	29 Dec., 1871; condtl	" ..	Nil.	
No. 132	Stealing .....	13 Sept., 1870	Simpson .....	2 years hard labour .....	1 2	4 Nov., 1871; absolute	" ..	Nil.	
No. 133	Assault and robbery .....	14 May, 1868	Cheeko .....	3 " .....	2 10	13 Mar., 1871 " ..	" ..	Recommended. (17)	
No. 134	Stealing from the person .....	26 April, 1870	Stephen, C.J. ....	2 years imprisonment .....	1 0	25 April, 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 135	Horse-stealing .....	26 Nov., 1870	Francis .....	2 years hard labour .....	1 0	27 Nov., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 136	Larceny .....	18 Nov., 1870	Josephson .....	18 months hard labour .....	1 1	18 Dec., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 137	Horse-stealing as a bailee .....	28 Mar., 1870	Francis .....	2 years hard labour .....	1 1	1 May, 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 138	House-breaking .....	15 Mar., 1869	" .....	18 months " .....	1 10	31 Jan., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 139	Fraudulent insolvency .....	— June, 1870	M'Farland .....	12 months imprisonment .....	1 2	7 Aug., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 140	" .....	— June, 1870	" .....	" .....	1 2	" ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 141	Wounding with intent .....	16 Feb., 1870	Stephen, C.J. ....	2 years imprisonment .....	1 0	17 Feb., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 142	Arson .....	28 Sept., 1869	M'Farland .....	5 years roads .....	1 5	21 Feb., 1871 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 143	Receiving stolen cheques .....	2 Feb., 1867	Meymott .....	10 " .....	5 2	23 March, 1872 " ..	(Actg) J. B. Wilson	Nil.	
No. 144	Cattle-stealing .....	5 Oct., 1869	Stephen, C.J. ....	5 " .....	2 6	23 April, 1872 " ..	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 145	Carnally knowing a child under age.	4 April, 1871	Faucett .....	5 " .....	1 1	16 May, 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 146	Robbery under arms .....	21 Oct., 1867	Stephen, C.J. ....	10 " .....	4 8	21 June, 1872 " ..	Henry Parkes	Nil.	
No. 147	" .....		" .....	10 " .....	4 8	" ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 148	Receiving .....	11 Sept., 1869	Dowling .....	5 " .....	3 0	10 Sept., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 149	Manslaughter .....	20 Oct., 1869	Stephen, C.J. ....	5 " .....	3 0	19 Oct., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 150	Forgery, larceny, and receiving .....	10 Feb., 1868	Cary .....	7 " .....	4 8	22 Oct., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 151	Cattle-stealing .....	11 Nov., 1869	Josephson .....	5 " .....	3 0	23 Nov., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	

(13) "Refer to His Excellency. I am personally aware that the prisoner was a very young man—indeed quite a youth—when he was apprehended by the police. I would suggest that some further remission of his sentence seems to me desirable. I am quite sure that the opinion of all who knew him before his conviction was, that he had been the dupe of others, and that he was by no means hardened in crime.—JOHN R., 13 February, 1871." "I think that His Excellency may properly, in this case, take the course which he above suggests, namely, release at the end of eight years service.—J.M., A.G., 8 May, 1871."

(14) "Recommended. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 14 November, 1871."

(15) "I think that, under all the circumstances of this remarkable case, the least objectionable course will be to authorize the recommendations herein.—JOHN R. His Excellency.—JOHN R., 26 October, 1871."

(16) "In consultation of the Members of the Cabinet, it is recommended to His Excellency to permit the discharge of the prisoner herein alluded to.—JOHN R., 11 January, 1871."

(17) "His Excellency. Recommended.—JOHN R., 16 Feb., 1869."

Name of Prisoner.	Offence for which tried.	Date of Conviction.	Name of Judge.	Sentence.	Time served when absolute or conditional Pardon granted.	Date of release, and whether absolute or conditional Pardon.	Name of Colonial Secretary of time being.	Nature of advice or opinion of Minister, if any, on papers.	Remarks.
No. 152	Larceny .....	21 Feb., 1870	Stephen, C.J.	3 years.....	years months 2 0	20 Feb., 1872; absolute	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 153	Robbery under arms .....	30 June, 1863	Cary .....	14 years (1st year in irons) .....	8 6	1 Jan., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 154	Conspiracy .....	19 Feb., 1870	Faucett.....	3 " ..	2 0	21 Feb., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 155	Wounding with intent .....	5 June, 1861	Stephen, C.J.	15 years roads .....	10 8	22 Feb., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 156	Perjury .....	12 May, 1871	Faucett .....	3 " ..	0 10	2 Mar., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 157	Robbery under arms .....	16 April, 1866	Cheeke .....	15 years hard labour .....	5 11	4 Mar., 1872; condtl.	" ..	Nil.	
No. 158	Murder .....	3 Sept., 1863	Wise .....	Death; commuted to 15 years roads.	8 6	25 Mar., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 159	Robbery under arms .....	21 Oct., 1867	Stephen, C.J.	10 years roads .....	4 6	20 April, 1872; absolute	" ..	Nil.	
No. 160	Attempting to commit suicide .....	14 Nov., 1871	Hargrave .....	2 years.....	0 10	3 Sept., 1872 " ..	Henry Parkes	Nil.	
No. 161	Bigamy .....	4 Aug., 1871	" ..	" ..	1 2	1 Oct., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 162	Larceny and receiving .....	1 Mar., 1872	Simpson .....	15 months.....	0 7	9 Oct., 1872 " ..	(Actg) S. Samuel	Nil.	
No. 163	Assault with intent to rob, being armed.	15 Oct., 1864	Milford .....	10 years.....	9 0	14 Oct., 1873 " ..	Henry Parkes	Nil.	{ This case was decided on 25 May, 1872. (*)
No. 164	False pretences .....	1 June, 1871	Josephson .....	2 " ..	0 7	10 Jan., 1872 " ..	John Robertson	Recommended. (18)	
No. 165	Robbery under arms .....	9 April, 1864	Wise .....	22 " (1st 3 years in irons).....	8 6	18 Oct., 1872; condtl.	Henry Parkes	Nil.	
No. 166	" ..	14 April, 1864	Stephen, C.J.	12 " (1st 2 years in irons).....	8 8	4 Dec., 1872; absolute	" ..	Nil.	
No. 167	Conspiracy .....	22 Nov., 1869	Cheeke .....	5 " ..	3 0	4 Dec., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 168	Larceny .....	9 Dec., 1871	Josephson .....	2 " labour .....	1 0	7 Dec., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 169	Robbery under arms .....	14 April, 1864	Stephen, C.J.	12 years roads (1st 2 years in irons).	8 3	31 July, 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 170	" ..	1 Oct., 1867	Cary .....	10 years roads .....	5 0	22 Oct., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 171	Forgery and uttering.....	1 Mar., 1870	Francis .....	5 " ..	2 5	31 Aug., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	{ The decision was arrived at in March, 1871.
No. 172	Receiving stolen cheques .....	4 Feb., 1867	Meymott .....	10 " ..	5 0	3 Feb., 1872 " ..	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 173	Robbery, being armed .....	22 Oct., 1867	Cary .....	10 " ..	4 3	6 Jan., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 174	" ..	1 June, 1866	" ..	10 " ..	5 7	20 Jan., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 175	" ..	27 June, 1865	Sheppard .....	15 " ..	7 0	26 June, 1872 " ..	Henry Parkes	Nil.	{ The decision was arrived at in February, 1872.
No. 176	Horse-stealing .....	9 Mar., 1869	Cary .....	5 " ..	3 0	8 Mar., 1872 " ..	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 177	Cattle-stealing and receiving... ..	3 Feb., 1869	Meymott .....	10 " ..	3 0	22 Feb., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 178	Forgery and uttering.....	13 Dec., 1869	" ..	5 " ..	3 0	12 Dec., 1872 " ..	Henry Parkes	Nil.	
No. 179	Attempting to obtain money under false pretences.	4 Feb., 1871	Josephson .....	18 months labour.....	0 11	18 Jan., 1872 " ..	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 180	Manslaughter .....	16 Feb., 1871	Stephen, C.J.	2 years labour.....	1 3	24 May, 1872 " ..	Henry Parkes	Nil.	
No. 181	Larceny .....	1 June, 1871	Josephson .....	18 months labour.....	1 0	24 May, 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	{ The decision was arrived at in April, 1872.
No. 182	Receiving stolen Bank notes... ..	17 Feb., 1870	Stephen, C.J.	3 years .....	2 3	24 May, 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	Do. do.
No. 183	Uttering a forgery.....	4 Aug., 1870	Cheeke .....	3 " labour .....	1 10	12 June, 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 184	Larceny .....	19 Sept., 1871	MacFarland .....	3 " ..	0 10	13 July, 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 185	Indecent assault on a female child.	16 & 17 Dec., 1870.	Josephson .....	2 " ..	1 7	16 July, 1872 " ..	" ..	Recommended. (19)	
No. 186	Stealing from the person .....	8 Aug., 1870	" ..	3 " ..	2 0	7 Aug., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	Decision arrived at in Jan., 1872.
No. 187	Indecent assault on female child.	29 Feb., 1872	Faucett .....	2 " ..	0 6	20 Aug., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	Do. in May, 1872. (*)
No. 188	Assault with intent to do bodily harm.	20 June, 1871	MacFarland .....	18 months hard labour .....	1 0	19 June, 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	Do. in Mar., 1872.
No. 189	Embezzlement .....	6 Sept., 1871	Josephson .....	18 months imprisonment .....	1 0	5 Sept., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	Do. in Mar., 1872.
No. 190	Horse-stealing .....	18 Oct., 1870	Stephen, C.J.	3 years hard labour .....	2 0	17 Oct., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 191	Larceny .....	9 Dec., 1871	Josephson .....	2 years labour .....	1 0	31 Dec., 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	
No. 192	Uttering a forgery (two charges).	21 April, 1871	Hargrave .....	2 years hard labour .....	1 3	10 July, 1872 " ..	" ..	Nil.	

(18) "As I feel sure that I shall be complying with the wishes of His Excellency with regard to a case of this kind happening in his absence, by authorizing compliance with this request, I hereby do so.—10/1/72, JOHN R." [N.B.—His Excellency sent by telegraph his sanction of this prisoner's release.]

(19) "The prisoner is, I am informed, 72 years of age; and I am inclined to the opinion that the remainder of his sentence might, from considerations of mercy, be remitted.—H.P., 9/7/72.

(\*) These cases were laid before His Excellency for decision by Mr. Parkes's predecessor.

Name of Prisoner.	Offence for which tried.	Date of conviction.	Name of Judge.	Sentence.	Time served when absolute or conditional Pardon granted.		Date of release, and whether absolute or conditional Pardon.	Name of Colonial Secretary of time-being.	Nature of advice or opinion of Minister, if any, on papers.	Remarks.
					years	months				
No. 193	Robbery under arms	9 April, 1863	Francis	15 years roads	9	0	24 May, 1872; absolute	Henry Parkes	Nil.	Decision arrived at in April, 1872.
No. 194	Robbery	— Feb., 1872	Faucett	6 "	0	3	25 May, 1872 "	"	Nil.	
No. 195	Horse-stealing	3 April, 1871	Stephen, C.J.	2 years hard labour	1	0	17 April, 1872 "	John Robertson	Nil.	
No. 196	Stealing from the person	19 Jan., 1871	Meymott	"	1	4	24 May, 1872 "	Henry Parkes	Nil.	
No. 197	Horse-stealing and receiving	26 Feb., 1872	MacFarland	1 year's imprisonment	0	9	29 Nov., 1872 "	"	Nil.	
No. 198	Stealing from the person	24 Feb., 1873	Hargrave	12 months hard labour	0	8	23 Oct., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 199	"	24 Feb., 1873	"	12 "	0	8	23 Oct., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 200	Larceny	22 Dec., 1870	Dowling	4 years hard labour	2	10	29 Oct., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 201	Robbery under arms	7 Oct., 1870	Josephson	5 years roads	3	0	21 Oct., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 202	Robbery with arms	22 Oct., 1866	Faucett	19. "	7	0	29 Nov., 1873; condtl.	"	Nil.	
No. 203	Cattle-stealing	13 Oct., 1870	Cheeke	5 "	2	6	7 April, 1873; absolute	"	Nil.	
No. 204	"	6 April, 1871	Stephen, C.J.	5 "	2	2	23 June, 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 205	Forgery	3 July, 1871	Francis	2 years labour (14 days solitary confinement in each year).	1	6	2 Jan., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 206	Cattle-stealing	21 April, 1871	Hargrave	3 years hard labour	1	9	1 Feb., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 207	Inflicting grievous bodily harm	25 April, 1870	Stephen, C.J.	3 " and 1 year's imprisonment.	3	0	24 April, 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 208	Attempt at rape	22 Oct., 1872	Hargrave	2 years hard labour	0	10	3 Aug., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 209	Cattle-stealing	19 July, 1872	Meymott	5 " roads	0	7	5 Feb., 1873 "	"	Recommended. (20)	
No. 210	Assault and robbery	— Mar., 1873	Hargrave	7 "	0	1	8 April, 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 211	Conspiracy	22 Nov., 1869	Cheeke	5 years imprisonment	3	6	22 May, 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 212	Embezzlement	22 Feb., 1872	Faucett	2 years hard labour	1	0	22 Feb., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 213	Sheep-stealing and receiving	14 July, 1870	Francis	5 years roads	3	1	29 Aug., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 214	Burglary	23 July, 1870	Meymott	5 "	3	0	27 July, 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 215	Breaking and entering a dwelling-house.	3 Feb., 1870	Simpson	5 "	3	0	1 Feb., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 216	Cattle-stealing	13 Oct., 1870	Cheeke	5 "	3	0	11 Oct., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 217	"	"	"	5 "	3	0	" "	"	Nil.	
No. 218	Horse-stealing and maliciously killing a horse.	1 Mar., 1871	Meymott	5 "	2	5	13 Aug., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 219	Forgery and uttering	9 April, 1870	Dowling	4 " labour	2	4	9 Aug., 1872 "	"	Nil.	
No. 220	Embezzlement	26 Feb., 1872	Faucett	3 years—(1 year labour)	1	0	15 Feb., 1873; condtl.	"	Decision arrived at in Aug., 1871.	
No. 221	Robbery, being armed	19 Mar., 1868	Cary	10 years roads	5	7	25 Oct., 1873; absolute	"	The decision was arrived at in January, 1872.	
No. 222	Robbery with arms, horse-stealing, and larceny.	12 June, 1864	Purefoy	12 years roads and 6 months hard labour.	9	0	25 May, 1873 "	"		
No. 223	Robbery, being armed	17 May, 1866	Faucett	8 years	7	6	26 Nov., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 224	Unlawfully wounding	13 May, 1873	Hargrave	1 year hard labour	0	6	24 Nov., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 225	Assault and robbery, and robbery, being armed.	23 Oct., 1866	"	13 years roads	7	1	24 Nov., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 226	Felonious assault	1 June, 1859	Lutwyche	Death; commuted to 15 years roads (1st 3 in irons.)	14	5	24 Nov., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 227	Sheep-stealing	8 Oct., 1866	Francis	10 years roads	7	2	3 Dec., 1873; condtl.	"	Nil.	
No. 228	Stealing in a dwelling	2 July, 1872	M'Farland	18 months imprisonment	1	5	16 Dec., 1873; absolute	"	Nil.	
No. 229	Larceny	18 June, 1873	"	18 "	0	6	24 Dec., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 230	Arson	13 Dec., 1872	Josephson	5 years roads	1	0	30 Dec., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 231	Larceny	13 Sept., 1872	"	18 months hard labour	1	3	31 Dec., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 232	Robbery with violence	12 April, 1871	Dowling	3 years hard labour	1	10	8 Feb., 1873 "	"	Nil.	
No. 233	Murder	12 Feb., 1866	Stephen, C.J.	Death; commuted to 10 years hard labour.	7	0	11 Feb., 1873 "	"	Decision arrived at in July, 1871.	

(20) "I recommend to His Excellency the release and pardon of this prisoner, who is now undergoing a sentence for cattle-stealing. I do so irrespective of his guilt or innocence of the crime of which he has been convicted, upon which question I offer no opinion. Indeed no opinion can safely be offered, as his case has never been fully or fairly tried." [Mr. Attorney General Butler here goes on to show that the prisoner was taken by surprise on his trial, and was deprived by the act of the Court of the attendance of his witnesses and the assistance of his legal adviser.] "The conviction obtained under these circumstances ought to be set aside, for the sake of the prisoner, and still more so for the sake of the due administration of justice.—E. BUTLER, Attorney General. -31 January, 1873."—"Some facts have been communicated to me which induce me to add my recommendation to that of the Attorney General.—H.P., 4/2/73."

Name of Prisoner.	Offence for which tried.	Date of conviction.	Name of Judge.	Sentence.	Time served when absolute or conditional Pardon granted.		Date of release, and whether absolute or conditional Pardon.	Name of Colonial Secretary of time being.	Nature of advice or opinion of Minister, if any, on papers.	Remarks.
					years	months				
No. 234	Unlawfully coining counterfeit coin.	13 Aug., 1872	Cheeke .....	2 years hard labour .....	0	6	15 Feb., 1873; absolute	Henry Parkes.	Nil.	
No. 235	Forgery and uttering .....	19 Feb., 1872	Faucett .....	2 .....	1	0	18 Feb., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 236	Murder .....	20 Mar., 1860	Milford .....	Death; commuted to 15 years roads (1st 3 in irons.)	13	0	5 April, 1873. .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 237	Burglary .....	18 Feb., 1873	Hargrave .....	12 months hard labour .....	0	2	7 April, 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 238	Robbery, being armed .....	11 April, 1865	Wise .....	15 years do. (1st in irons) ..	8	0	10 April, 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 239	Larceny .....	23 Oct., 1871	Cheeke .....	2 years hard labour .....	1	6	22 April, 1873. .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 240	Forgery and uttering .....	9 Sept., 1870	Simpson .....	5 .....	2	6	8 March, 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 241	" .....	24 Sept., 1872	" .....	2 .....	0	6	29 .. 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 242	Embezzlement .....	21 April, 1871	Stephen, C.J. ....	4 years imprisonment .....	2	0	21 April, 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 243	Larceny and receiving .....	4 March, 1872	Simpson .....	2 years hard labour .....	1	2	19 May, 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 244	Assault .....	7 Sept., 1872	Josephson .....	2 .....	1	0	8 Sept., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 245	Shooting with intent .....	6 June, 1873	" .....	2 years imprisonment .....	0	3	12 Sept., 1873 .....	" .....	Recommended. (21)	
No. 246	Robbery, being armed, and horse-stealing.	10 Oct., 1864	Milford .....	10 years roads .....	9	0	30 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 247	Robbery, being armed .....	6 Feb., 1863	Wise .....	15 .....	10	8	15 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 248	Assault .....	10 April, 1873	Faucett .....	12 months hard labour .....	0	6	10 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 249	" .....	6 Sept., 1872	Josephson .....	18 .....	1	1	4 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 250	Robbery with arms .....	5 Sept., 1872	" .....	3 years hard labour .....	1	1	6 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 251	" .....	5 Sept., 1872	" .....	" .....	1	1	6 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 252	" .....	9 April, 1867	Cheeke .....	15 years roads .....	6	0	24 April, 1873; condtl	" .....	Nil.	
No. 253	Larceny .....	27 May, 1872	Josephson .....	3 .....	0	11	30 April, 1873; absolute	" .....	Nil.	
No. 254	Assault .....	21 Feb., 1872	Faucett .....	2 years hard labour .....	1	3	20 May, 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 255	" .....	2 Aug., 1871	Cheeke .....	3 years .....	2	0	2 Aug., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 256	Robbery under arms .....	7 Sept., 1863	Wise .....	15 years (1st 3 in irons) .....	10	0	6 Sept., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 257	Robbery, being armed .....	21 Mar., 1864	Meymott .....	10 years roads .....	9	6	20 Sept., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 258	Robbery with arms .....	23 April, 1866	Cheeke .....	10 .....	7	6	30 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 259	Perjury .....	4 Mar., 1873	Hargrave .....	18 months imprisonment .....	0	9	4 Dec., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 260	Using an instrument with intent to procure a miscarriage.	18 Nov., 1869	" .....	7 years roads .....	4	0	6 Dec., 1873; condtl.	" .....	Nil.	
No. 261	Murder .....	— Mar., 1862	Stephen, C.J. ....	Death; commuted to 15 years roads.	11	9	16 Dec., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 262	Robbery with arms .....	12 Mar., 1866	Cheeke .....	10 years roads .....	7	7	18 Oct., 1873; absolute	" .....	Nil.	
No. 263	" .....	23 Sep., 1863	Stephen, C.J. ....	15 .....	10	1	15 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 264	Highway robbery .....	2 Feb., 1863	" .....	15 .....	10	8	15 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 265	Robbery with arms .....	15 April, 1864	" .....	15 .....	9	6	23 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 266	" .....	30 Jan., 1865	Meymott .....	12 .....	8	9	23 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	
No. 267	Wounding with intent to do grievous bodily harm.	5 April, 1864	Wise .....	15 .....	9	6	20 Oct., 1873 .....	" .....	Nil.	

(21) "I consider the prisoner in this case may very properly be released.—H.P., 11/9/73."

GOVERNORS DURING THE PERIOD EMBRACED IN THIS RETURN.

1 January, 1869, to 22 February, 1872—The Earl of Belmore.

23 February, 1872, to 2 June, 1872—Sir Alfred Stephen, C.B., K.C.M.G.

3 June, 1872, to 31 December, 1873—Sir Hercules Robinson, K.C.M.G.

In eleven cases—viz., Nos. 171, 175, 181, 182, 186, 188, 189, 193, 219, 221, and 233—although the prisoners were discharged during the tenure of office of Mr. Parkes, the decision was arrived at during the time of his predecessors.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

**ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.**

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING CASES OF DOOLEY AND EBSERY.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 29 May, 1874, A.M.*

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

### No. 1.

EXTRACT FROM VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, 8 AUGUST, 1872.

(4.) The Cases of Dooley and Ebsery :—Mr. Forster asked the Attorney General, pursuant to Notice No. 8,—

- (1.) Was a man named Joseph Dooley sentenced, on or about June 20th, 1871, to eighteen months' imprisonment, and imprisoned accordingly in Braidwood Gaol, for assault with intent to commit murder upon the person of a man named Cronan, or for any similar offence?
- (2.) Has the said Joseph Dooley been since liberated, namely, on or about June 19th, 1872, or at any time before his sentence had expired?
- (3.) If so, under what circumstances, by what authority, and upon what recommendation, was such liberation effected?
- (4.) Was the Judge who tried the said prisoner applied to, and what was his opinion or recommendation, with reference to such liberation, and to the sentence passed upon the said prisoner, as compared with the offence?
- (5.) Was another man named Henry Ebsery tried at the same time, and for the same offence as Joseph Dooley, or in connection therewith?
- (6.) If so, has Henry Ebsery been also liberated?
- (7.) Is there any such difference between the offences of the two prisoners above named as to justify any great difference in their treatment by the Executive Government?

Mr. Butler answered,—

- (1.) Dooley was sentenced, on or about the 20th of June, 1871, to eighteen months' imprisonment with hard labour, for assaulting one Cronan with intent to do grievous bodily harm.
- (2.) He was liberated, on or about 19th June, 1872, six months before his sentence had expired.
- (3.) His wife petitioned, representing that she was in a destitute condition, and had seven young children. Her petition was recommended by two Magistrates and six of the Jury, and Dooley was released by the authority of the Acting Governor.
- (4.) The Judge who tried the prisoner was applied to, and his opinion was against a mitigation of the sentence, and that the assault was of a brutal and barbarous nature.
- (5.) Yes; Ebsery was tried at the same time, and for the same offence.
- (6.) No.
- (7.) This is a matter of opinion, upon which I am unable to give any definite information.

### No. 2.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

*To the Editor of the "Herald."*

SIR,

Your article of Wednesday, August 14, upon the Administration of Justice, induces me to call public attention to a case brought by me before the Legislative Assembly a few days before the Prorogation, which, of course, for the present, prevents me from taking action in a Parliamentary capacity. The following questions and answers, from the Business Paper of Thursday, August 8, show the facts of the case, so far as they are admitted by the Government :—

"4. The cases of Dooley and Ebsery :—Mr. Forster asked the Attorney General, pursuant to Notice No. 8,—

- (1.) Was a man named Joseph Dooley sentenced, on or about June 20th, 1871, to eighteen months' imprisonment, and imprisoned accordingly in Braidwood Gaol, for assault with intent to commit murder upon the person of a man named Cronan, or for any similar offence?
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- (3.) If so, under what circumstances, by what authority, and upon what recommendation, was such liberation effected?
- (4.) Was the Judge who tried the said prisoner applied to, and what was his opinion or recommendation, with reference to such liberation, and to the sentence passed upon the said prisoner, as compared with the offence?
- (5.) Was another man named Henry Ebsery tried at the same time, and for the same offence as Joseph Dooley, or in connection therewith?
- (6.) If so, has Henry Ebsery been also liberated?
- (7.) Is there any such difference between the offences of the two prisoners above named as to justify any great difference in their treatment by the Executive Government?

Mr. Butler answered,—

- (1.) Dooley was sentenced, on or about the 20th June, 1871, to eighteen months' imprisonment with hard labour, for assaulting one Cronan with intent to do grievous bodily harm.
- (2.) He was liberated, on or about 19th June, 1872, six months before his sentence had expired.
- (3.) His wife petitioned, representing that she was in a destitute condition, and had seven young children. Her petition was recommended by two Magistrates and six of the Jury, and Dooley was released by the authority of the Acting Governor.
- (4.) The Judge who tried the prisoner was applied to, and his opinion was against a mitigation of the sentence, and that the assault was of a brutal and barbarous nature.
- (5.) Yes; Ebsery was tried at the same time, and for the same offence.
- (6.) No.
- (7.) This is a matter of opinion, upon which I am unable to give any definite information."

## 3

I am further informed, upon what I consider good authority, that the Judge who tried the case reported to Sir Alfred Stephen, then Administrator of the Government—"that the assault was an unprovoked, barbarous, and almost murderous one, and that in his opinion there was no ground for any remission"; also, that in the opinion of the same Judge, Ebsery, who still, as a correspondent of mine expresses it, "remains in gaol because he has no petitioning friends," or more correctly perhaps, no Parliamentary friends, was not guilty to the same extent as Dooley, who has been liberated, by the remission of one-third of what was obviously a very light sentence. I learn also that Dooley is a Roman Catholic, and that Mr. Greville, Member for Braidwood, exerted himself, of course conscientiously, and as it appears, zealously and successfully, to procure the remission of Dooley's sentence.

The present Colonial Secretary holds, as we all know, very enlarged and statesmanlike views upon the administration of justice, as upon many other subjects. Both he and his honorable colleague, the Attorney General, have frequently commented with severe eloquence, and made what are called "good speeches" about the corrupt or injudicious acts of their predecessors in this branch of public business. I presume, therefore, that the proceedings in this case of Dooley may be regarded as an instalment of that superior purity of administration, and in particular of the administration of justice, which so many enthusiastic admirers have been led to expect from the present Ministry.

WILLIAM FORSTER.

Sydney, August 14th.

## No. 3.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO MR. FORSTER.

[On reading the foregoing letter published by Mr. Forster in the *Herald*, I immediately addressed a note to that gentleman expressing my surprise and indignation at his unscrupulous attack, and enclosing copies of the following papers in Dooley's case for his information. In consequence of my note, Mr. Forster published an apology which was regarded by both Mr. Butler and myself at the time as scarcely less offensive than his first letter. I do not appear to have kept a copy of my note.—H.P., 26/5/74.]

[Enclosures.]

Yass, 27 February, 1872.

I AM quite unable to recommend any mitigation of the sentence passed upon the prisoner Dooley.

He and Ebzery assaulted and beat Cronan so brutally—so barbarously—that they almost murdered him—and might have done so but for the intervention of a third person.

I attach no importance to the recommendations that accompany the petition of Dooley's wife. I am only surprised that any petition in favour of any prisoner was not signed by a much greater number of Magistrates and Jurors.

ALFRED M'EARLAND,  
Chairman, Braidwood Q. Sess.

His Excellency.—JOHN R., 29 Feb., /72.

It is impossible, having regard to the Judge's report of the facts, to authorize any mitigation at present; but if, at the expiration of twelve months of the sentence, the prisoner shall find two responsible sureties in £40 each (himself to be bound in £80) to keep the peace for an additional term of twelve months, he may be released.

A.S., 1/3/72.

## No. 4.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.  
To the Editor of the "*Herald*."

SIR,

In my letter to you upon the Administration of Justice, dated August 14, which appeared in to-day's *Herald*, I find that I erroneously imputed to the present Ministry having been parties to the remission of Dooley's sentence. It appears, from documents since placed in my hands, that although Dooley was actually liberated since the present Ministry came into office, the order for his liberation was signed in the time of their predecessors. I therefore apologize to the honorable gentlemen in question for having been misled by erroneous information into making observations which may be considered injurious to their public characters.

WILLIAM FORSTER.

Sydney, August 15th.

## No. 5.

EXTRACT FROM THE CHIEF JUSTICE'S LETTER TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Chambers,  
Saturday Morning.

\* \* \* \* \*

I write, respecting Mr. Wm. Forster's most unhappy letter of Thursday—the most injurious thing in its tendency that I ever remember—as affecting the administration of criminal justice.

The imputations or insinuations against the Attorney General, or the Colonial Secretary, *individually*, are as nothing, compared with the mischief of which I complain. Here is a man of position and education—a public man for twenty years—who deliberately proclaims his suspicion to the World, that mitigations of sentences are due to Parliamentary—or sectarian influences:—that, if there are two prisoners in a case, the more guilty of the two can and does obtain his release, if backed by powerful friends, while the less culpable is made to endure his sentence, simply because he has no such support. Such an idea, instilled or encouraged by a man of Mr. Forster's standing, is of course fatal to all confidence in the purity of the administration of justice among the prison population,—or the criminal class:—and *once broached, is not likely ever to be allayed*. I do not know of any act which has excited in my mind more indignation than this most wanton aggression of his. Under the circumstances, therefore, I feel no compunction in sending you the draft of my letter to Mr. Forster on the subject—and, after my receipt of his reply, I will give you leave to make what use of it you like.

No. 6.

No. 6.

THE CHIEF JUSTICE TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Supreme Court, 17 January, 1873.

MY DEAR COLONIAL SECRETARY,

After what took place yesterday in the Assembly,—if I may take the *Herald's* report as substantially correct,—I give unreservedly my permission to you to publish the correspondence between Mr. Forster and myself of August last, on the case of the prisoner Dooley. I must beg the favour, however, of your publishing with it the enclosed copy of a letter, which I addressed to Sir James Martin—stating the particulars of Dooley's case. The principle there incidentally discussed is of great—very great importance; and, as Mr. Forster introduced it into the correspondence, I conceive that the considerations which it involves ought to be properly understood.

The whole subject of Pardons in the Colonies was entered into by Lord Kimberley in 1871—in a circular despatch, which I answered in May last. I submit, that both might with advantage be laid before Parliament.

I am, &amp;c.,

ALFRED STEPHEN.

[Enclosure.]

The Chief Justice to The Hon. Sir James Martin, Q.C.

Orierton, 16 September, 1872.

My dear Martin,

As it seems probable, from the remarks made by Mr. Forster in the letter, of which I send a copy herewith, that the remission of the prisoner Dooley's sentence will be made matter of comment in the Legislative Assembly, I think it right to place Mr. Robertson and yourself, as the then Colonial Secretary and Attorney General, in possession of the correspondence between me and Mr. Forster, and to state the circumstances of the case itself, in order that a fair judgment may be formed of them; and that, above all, the principle which he desires to lay down, and will perhaps advocate, for the guidance (or rather the control) of the Governor and his Advisers, may be intelligently examined.

2. That principle seems to be, that where a petition is addressed to the Executive, the Governor (whether acting on his own responsibility or with the advice of the Cabinet) is bound by the opinion of the sentencing Judge. Such a doctrine I hold to be utterly inadmissible. The opinions of Judges vary; and what one may call a murderous assault (for example) may really be only a very aggravated one, or may admit of many extenuating circumstances. Or the sentence, from whatever cause, may have been needlessly severe; since no Judge, however discriminating, can be infallible. But if Mr. Forster's principle were adopted the result would be this: that the opinion of the Judge on such points would never be open to inquiry, and the prerogative of mercy would practically rest with him, in every case—not with the Queen, or her representative.

3. I distinguish here between the *opinion* of the Judge on the facts, and his *report of the facts themselves*; or of the evidence establishing them. In the former case the Governor has before him merely a reaffirmance of the propriety of the sentence; whereas, in the latter, he is afforded the means of forming his own opinion. Whichever of these courses is pursued by the Judge, I conceive it to be the Governor's duty—assuming always that the case was one proper for reference at all—to form his own independent estimate of its character; for otherwise he cannot reasonably decide whether clemency ought to be (or may with safety be) extended or not.

4. I do not say anything on the question, how far or when the Governor ought to consult his Ministers, before exercising the pardoning power—a subject which may or may not require further consideration than I can here give it. But it may be as well to state the facts of Dooley's case, of which Mr. Forster evidently knows nothing: Cronin (the prosecutor) had quarrelled with Dooley about some alleged trespasses, and had prosecuted Ebsery (the other defendant) for rescuing some impounded cattle; and the two men, falling in with Cronin one Sunday morning, got off their horses, took the stirrup-leathers (irons and all, as Cronin alleged) off the saddles, and beat him severely with them, and, on his falling, one or the other defendant kicked him on the mouth, knocking two teeth out.

5. Now this was a brutal, but not a "murderous," assault; although it might have been worse, perhaps, had not Dooley's wife interposed, asking if they were going to murder the man. The pain of losing the teeth was of course great, and the bleeding from them considerable. But beyond this there was nothing. The same afternoon Cronin walked or rode to a Magistrate, and obtained a warrant against the two men; and the next day he gave evidence against them. The surgeon deposed as to the beating: that there were two "bruises" visible—one on the temple and one below the shoulder-blade. These were all. The man's lips even were not cut, and no serious consequences were apprehended, or in fact ensued.

6. For this, being found guilty of "inflicting grievous bodily harm" the two men were sentenced to eighteen months imprisonment with hard labour; which sentence, on Mrs. Dooley's petition, supported by six of the jurors and a neighbouring Justice, was by me commuted in Dooley's case (the other prisoner not petitioning at that time) to twelve months, on his giving security to keep the peace for twelve months more. I neither give, nor deprecate, an opinion on that mitigation. I desire only, in case discussion on it shall arise, that the facts may be understood.

I am, &amp;c.,

ALFRED STEPHEN.

[Sub-Enclosures.]

The Chief Justice to William Forster, Esq., M.L.A.

Supreme Court,  
Thursday evening, 15 Aug., 1872.

My dear Mr. Forster,

I have read in this morning's *Herald*, a letter, bearing your signature, which, for the sake of the persons there unmistakably censured for an act entirely my own, I think it my duty to notice.

2. The petition in favour of Dooley was referred by Lord Belmore to Judge M'Farland, for his report, on the 19th February last; and the Judge's memorandum (being a statement, not of the facts, but of His Honor's opinion on them) was dated the 27th of that month. Both documents were laid before me in the ordinary course on the 29th February, and I wrote my decision founded on them alone, and without further reference to, or communication from, any one, on the 1st day of March.

3. That decision was, that the prisoner should be discharged at the expiration of twelve months from the date of his sentence, on condition of his becoming bound,—himself in £80, and two sureties in £40 each,—to keep the peace during the twelve months thence ensuing,—but on that condition only.

4. I never heard of Mr. Greville's name in connection with the case until I read it in your letter; nor, indeed, any name or names whatever, except those of the two Magistrates and six jurors, with others, who signed the petition.

5. The release of the man, even on the condition stated, may have been injudicious, and the compassion which those persons solicited on behalf of his wife and seven children, the eldest of whom was represented to be not twelve years old, ought perhaps not to have been yielded to. But the decision was mine only. In imputing it directly or indirectly to others, and publicly insinuating that the mitigation was owing to Parliamentary or other undue influence, you have unhappily (although of course most unintentionally) encouraged base convict suspicions, which it should be the duty of every man, whatever his position, to discountenance and reject.

6. The expiry of the first twelve months about the end of June accounts for the prisoner's discharge at that date.

I am, &amp;c.,

ALFRED STEPHEN.

William

William Forster, Esq., M.L.A., to The Chief Justice.

Dear Sir Alfred,

I am much obliged by your letter of Thursday last, on the subject of the liberated prisoner, Joseph Dooley. I should have replied before had I not been rather more busy than usual; however, your purpose in writing has been in some measure anticipated by a late letter of mine in the *Herald*.

I willingly accept any reproof merited by my having hastily and unadvisedly cast blame for the proceedings in this case upon the Advisers of the Crown, or its representatives. I cannot, however, quite understand what you mean, by charging me with having "encouraged base convict suspicions." I am not conscious of having, by anything I said or did in the matter attributed to any one, either expressly or by implication, sympathy with the criminal acts of the two convicts in question or any other convict. Whatever imputation my letter to the *Herald* conveyed, or purported to convey, against Ministers, was obviously political.

The candid and straightforward style in which you take upon yourself the entire responsibility of the remission of Dooley's sentence is no more than might be expected from Sir Alfred Stephen. Nevertheless, as you have done me the honor of writing to me on the subject, I take occasion to express my unqualified opinion that the course taken in that remission was a lamentable and most improper interference with the course of justice, without justification from any apparent circumstances; and the more unjustifiable because adopted in direct opposition to the report of the Judge by whom the case was tried. And I regret it the more when I consider how severely you have yourself commented upon similar acts of Executive authority in other cases. Of course you will not understand me to mean that you were actuated by other than high and pure motives and intentions. Whatever error, if any, was committed, I believe to have originated from mistaken feelings of humanity.

I cannot also avoid expressing surprise and regret, that a system of administration of justice exists in this Colony, under which it is possible for an important decision of a Court of Law to be set aside or greatly modified by the mere prerogative of the Crown, without consultation with, and apparently without knowledge of the Constitutional Advisers of the Government.

Hoping you will pardon in the above any seeming disrespect, which certainly has not been intended,—

I remain, &c.,

WILLIAM FORSTER.

Sydney, Wednesday, August 21st, 1872.

Sir Alfred Stephen to William Forster, Esq., M.L.A.

Orielton, 30 August, 1872.

My dear Mr. Forster,

Your insinuation or charge was, that of two convicts under punishment, the greater ruffian was pardoned because Parliamentary influence had been exerted in his favour;—while the less culpable offender remained in gaol, because he had no such interest or advocacy. I meant, (and I think said,) that such an insinuation, from a man of your position and character, encourages base convict suspicions:—led convicts, already apt enough to think evil, to believe that favoritism and partiality really exist in the disposing of their cases. The inevitable result of instilling or sanctioning such an idea, among prisoners undergoing sentences for crime, is an amount of mischief, with which no mistake or error in judgment, on the part of any pardoning Minister, can rationally be placed in comparison for a moment.

In suggesting this to you, I had no intention to offend; but, judging from the contents of your reply, I fear that I expressed myself only too plainly.

I am, &c.,

ALFRED STEPHEN.

## No. 7.

### PETITION OF MARTHA DOOLEY.

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the EARL OF BELMORE, Governor of New South Wales.

The humble Petition of Martha Dooley, of Braidwood,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

That your Petitioner is the wife of Joseph Dooley, now undergoing a sentence of imprisonment for eighteen months, for assault.

That your Petitioner is the mother of seven helpless children, the eldest twelve years and the youngest twelve months, now thrown on the world without a friend to guide or direct.

That owing to Dooley's imprisonment, the little property of which they are possessed is going to destruction, and must end in total ruin unless your Excellency humanely interposes, and by the exercise of your clemency saves her, by restoring the husband and father to a wife and helpless family.

MARTHA DOOLEY.

We, the undersigned, would respectfully recommend the foregoing Petition to the favourable consideration of His Excellency.

W. J. BENNISON, J.P.  
WILLIAM F. GORDON, J.P.

We, the jurors by whom Joseph Dooley was convicted, beg to recommend this Petition to the favourable consideration of His Excellency.

G. H. CADDELL.  
JOHN CUNNINGHAM.  
JAS. LARMER, J.P.  
JOSEPH BRISSETT.  
E. F. CARLILE.  
JAMES CLIFTON.

Your Petitioner would most respectfully solicit your Excellency's attention to the signatures of Magistrates to whom Joseph Dooley has been known for years, and who has now completed eight months of the term of his sentence.

MARTHA DOOLEY.

## No. 8.

## OFFICIAL MEMORANDA.

To the Colonial Secretary, for report.—B., 7/2/72.

The Sheriff.—H.H., B.C., 8 Feb., /72.

Returned with report. Principal Under Secretary.—H.M'L., B.C., 12 Feb., 1872.

H.M. Gaol, Braidwood,  
10 February, 1872.

Memo.—Joseph Dooley was convicted of an assault with intent to do bodily harm, in company with one Henry Ebsery, on John Cronan, at the Quarter Sessions held at Braidwood, on 20th June, 1871, before His Honor Judge M'Farland, and both were sentenced to eighteen months hard labour, in Darlinghurst Gaol. Dooley was, however, kept at Braidwood. His conduct in gaol has been good.

LUKE CASHMAN,  
Gaoler.

May be referred to Mr. D. C. Judge M'Farland, for report.—16 Feb., /72.

## No. 9.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO DISTRICT COURT JUDGE M'FARLAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 19 February, 1872.

SIR,

Joseph Dooley,  
Braidwood Gaol.

I am directed to request the favour of your report upon the accompanying petition, for mitigation of the sentence of eighteen months hard labour in Darlinghurst Gaol, passed by you upon the prisoner named in the margin.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

[N.B.—See Report, &c., with No. 3, at page 3.]

## No. 10.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE SHERIFF.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 5 March, 1872.

SIR,

Joseph Dooley,  
Braidwood Gaol

Referring to the petition in favour of the prisoner named in the margin, praying for a mitigation of his sentence of eighteen months' hard labour in Darlinghurst Gaol, I am desired by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to authorize the release of Dooley at the expiration of twelve months of his sentence, on his finding two responsible sureties in £40 each (himself to be bound in £80) to keep the peace for an additional term of twelve months.

2. You will, therefore, cause the prisoner to be liberated, provided no other cause exist for his detention.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

## No. 11.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO MRS. MARTHA DOOLEY.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 5 March, 1872.

MADAM,

Joseph Dooley.

In reply to your petition in favour of your husband, the prisoner named in the margin, at present serving a sentence of eighteen months' hard labour, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to authorize the release of Dooley at the expiration of twelve months of his sentence, on his finding two responsible sureties in £40 each (himself to be bound in £80) to keep the peace for an additional term of twelve months. The Sheriff has been instructed accordingly.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

## No. 12.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 5 March, 1872.

SIR,

In Braidwood  
Gaol.

I am desired by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to authorize the release of Joseph Dooley when he shall have served twelve months of his sentence of eighteen months' hard labour in Darlinghurst Gaol, on his finding two responsible sureties in £40 (himself to be bound in £80) to keep the peace for an additional term of twelve months.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

No. 13.

## No. 13.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to DISTRICT COURT JUDGE M'FARLAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 5 March, 1872.

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your report of the 27th ultimo upon the case of Joseph Dooley, at present serving a sentence of eighteen months' hard labour in Darlinghurst Gaol, I am desired by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has been pleased to authorize the release of Dooley at the expiration of twelve months of his sentence, on his finding two responsible sureties in £40 each (himself to be bound in £80) to keep the peace for an additional term of twelve months; and that the necessary instructions have been given for carrying this decision into effect.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN

## No. 14.

PETITION OF MARTHA DOOLEY.

To His Excellency SIR ALFRED STEPHEN, Acting Governor of New South Wales.

The humble Petition of Martha Dooley, of Braidwood,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

That, on the *twentieth of July last*, Joseph Dooley, Petitioner's husband, was convicted of assault, and sentenced to eighteen months' imprisonment in Braidwood Gaol.

That your Petitioner is the mother of seven helpless children, the eldest twelve years of age, whose support has been entirely thrown on the unaided hard labour of your Petitioner on a free selection farm.

That Petitioner being entirely helpless, sees nothing but misery and want awaiting her and helpless family, unless your Excellency will mercifully interpose, by further remitting a portion of the unexpired term of sentence, and enable Dooley, now that the sowing time is at hand, to make some provision for the coming year.

Your Petitioner earnestly prays your Excellency's consideration.

MARTHA DOOLEY.

## No. 15.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDA.

Col. Sec.—May be referred to the Judge. Sheriff to give particulars, &c.—A.S., 25/3/72.

The case having been so recently disposed of by His Excellency, it will not be necessary to resubmit this paper.—8 April, 1872.

Put by.—JOHN R., 8 April, /72.

## No. 16.

PETITION OF ANNE EBZERY.

To His Excellency SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, Governor of New South Wales.

The humble Petition of Anne Ebzery humbly showeth, that on the 20th day of June, 1871, Henry Ebzery and Joseph Dooley were convicted of an assault upon one Thomas Cronan, and received sentence of eighteen months in gaol. That a Petition was subsequently presented for a mitigation of the sentence on Joseph Dooley, which your Petitioner believed would operate equally in favour of both, and did not therefore consider it necessary to adopt a similar course in favour of Ebzery.

That, in consequence of such Petition, Joseph Dooley, on entering into recognizance to keep the peace to said Cronan was discharged on the 19th instant, and is now at large.

Your Petitioner would therefore most respectfully submit that, as both prisoners were tried at the same time and received a similar sentence, without a shadow of criminality on the part of one more than the other, both should participate in the same exercise of mercy; Henry Ebzery being prepared to enter into similar recognizance as that imposed upon Dooley. Your Petitioner, his mother, now eighty years of age, would humbly solicit your Excellency's merciful consideration and pray his discharge.

ANNE EBZERY.

## No. 17.

OFFICIAL MEMORANDA.

Col. Sec. I should like to see the papers in the other case referred to.—H.R., 22/6/72.

Former papers enclosed.—25 June, /72.

His Excellency.—H.P., 25/6/72.

I decline to interfere.—H.R., 26/6/72.

The Sheriff for information.—H.H., B.C., 27 June, /72.—To be returned.

Noted and returned.—P. Under Secretary.—H.M'L., B.C., 1 July, /72.

No. 18.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO MRS. ANNE EBZERY.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 27 June, 1872.

MADAM,

Henry Ebzery. I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you, that your petition in favour of the prisoner named in the margin, at present serving a sentence of eighteen months' hard labour in Darlinghurst Gaol, has been duly laid before His Excellency the Governor, but that there do not appear to be any grounds for authorizing the remission of any portion of Ebzery's sentence.

I have, &amp;c.,

HENRY HALLORAN.

1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(CASE OF HENDERSON—AIDING IN FRAUDULENT INSOLVENCY.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 17 September, 1873.*

RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 12 September, 1873, praying that His Excellency the Governor would be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of all Petitions, Letters, Minutes of the Executive Council, and  
 “all papers in any way bearing upon the liberation of the prisoner  
 “Henderson, found guilty of aiding and abetting one Roberts in  
 “Fraudulent Insolvency, and sentenced to imprisonment in Darlinghurst  
 “Gaul for a period of one year.”

*(Mr. Buchanan.)*

## SCHEDULE.

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

### No. 1.

#### PETITION OF MRS. MARY HENDERSON.

To His Excellency Sir Hercules George Robert Robinson, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

The humble Petition of Mary Henderson, of No. 14, South Head Road, Sydney,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

1. That your Petitioner is the wife of James Henderson, who was convicted of a breach of the Insolvency law, and sentenced, on the 28th of March last, to twelve months' imprisonment in Darlinghurst Gaol.

2. That your Petitioner is in a weakly and delicate state of health, and is left unprovided for, with four young children, the eldest of whom is only nine years of age.

3. That your Petitioner's husband is advanced in years, and subject to asthma; his confinement in gaol has greatly preyed on his mind, and reduced him to a shadow; he is now suffering from asthma, violent headaches, and nervous debility, needing the comforts of a home to restore him to health.

4. That your Petitioner's husband has held responsible situations in Sydney for the last 15 years, during which time he bore an irreproachable character.

5. That the alleged offence your Petitioner's husband was convicted of, occurred eleven years ago, viz., in the year 1862.

Your Petitioner therefore humbly prays that your Excellency will take her case into your favourable consideration, and restore her husband to liberty and home, now that he has suffered a confinement of three months; and your Petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

MARY HENDERSON.

We recommend this Petition for the favourable consideration of His Excellency the Governor,—

George Allen.  
Fredk. M. Darley.  
W. Byrnes.  
Thomas Icely.  
Thomas Holt.  
John Campbell.  
H. C. Russell.  
John Hay.  
Alex. Campbell.  
Henry Moore.  
J. Blaxland.  
Rd. Hill.  
W. R. Piddington.

R. Burdett Smith.  
James W. Johnson (Solr., Sydney.)  
John Hurley (*Central Cumberland.*)  
James Rodd.  
Thos. Garrett.  
J. F. Burns.  
S. C. Brown.  
Henry Clarke.  
John Stewart.  
John T. Neale.  
Jas. Green.  
James Merriman.

We fully concur with the recommendation of the Hon. G. Allen,—

John Williams, J.P.  
G. Wigram Allen.  
William Day, J.P.  
John Dawson.

F. Milford.  
J. C. Gilhooley.  
J. J. Curran, J.P.  
John Wetherill.

### No. 2.

#### MINUTE OF THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

HIS EXCELLENCY,

The case of this Petitioner's husband is a very unusual one, and is generally considered a very hard one.

The prisoner was convicted of a breach of the Insolvency Act, which occurred eleven years ago; and it is alleged that the prosecution at this late period was instigated by motives of vindictiveness.

The Petition bears the signatures of twenty-one Members of Parliament—ten Members of the Council and eleven Members of the Assembly.

Perhaps His Excellency would himself ask for the opinion of the Attorney General as to whether he agrees with me that it is a case in which the prerogative of mercy might be properly exercised.

H.P., 3/7/73.

#### *Members of the Legislative Council.*

Geo. Allen.  
F. M. Darley.  
W. Byrnes.  
Thos. Icely.  
Thos. Holt.

John Campbell.  
John Hay.  
H. Moore.  
J. Blaxland.  
Alex. Campbell.

*Members*

*Members of the Legislative Assembly.*

W. R. Piddington.	Thos. Garrett.
R. B. Smith.	J. F. Burns.
R. Hill.	S. C. Brown.
J. Hurley	Henry Clarke.
(Central Cumberland).	John Stewart.
Jas. Rodd.	Geo. W. Allen.
<hr/>	
Jas. Merriman	W. Day, J.P.
(Mayor of Sydney).	John T. Neale, J.P.
John Williams, J.P.	James Green, J.P.

## No. 3.

## MINUTE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

I SHOULD be glad to have the opinion of the Attorney General as to whether this is a case in which the prerogative of mercy might properly be exercised. H.R., 3/7/73.

The Under Secretary, Department of Attorney General, B.C., 4 July, 1873.—H.H.

## No. 4.

## ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OPINION.

I REGARDED this case as a very peculiar and dubious case when I determined to send it to a jury. There was no doubt quite sufficient evidence to justify a conviction, but it was evidence tainted with malice and vindictiveness. I should have been on the whole better satisfied with a verdict of "not guilty," considering the motive of the principal witness, and the lapse of time during which he had been forgetful of the ends of justice. I need hardly say, under these circumstances, that in my opinion His Excellency may exercise the prerogative of mercy judiciously in this case, even without taking into account the prisoner's state of health, which is an additional consideration.

E. BUTLER,  
Attorney General.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, B.C., 9 July, 1873.—W.E.P.

## No. 5.

## MINUTE OF THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

His Excellency.—H.P., 9/7/73.

## No. 6.

## MINUTE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

Release.—H.R., 9/7/73.

## No. 7.

## THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE SHERIFF.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 9 July, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to the Petition in favor of the prisoner named in the margin, praying for a mitigation of his sentence of twelve months' imprisonment in Darlinghurst Gaol, I am desired by the Colonial Secretary to inform you, that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to authorize the release of Henderson. James Henderson.

2. You will therefore cause the prisoner to be liberated, provided no other cause exist for his detention.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

## No. 8.

## THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO W. DAY, Esq., J.P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 9 July, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to the Petition presented by you on the 1st instant, in favor of the prisoner named in the margin, at present serving a sentence of twelve months' imprisonment in Darlinghurst Gaol, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to state, for the information of the Petitioner, that His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to authorize Henderson's release. James Henderson.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## APPOINTMENT OF CHIEF JUSTICE.

(CORRESPONDENCE RELATIVE TO.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 19 November, 1873.*

No. 1.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Sydney, 5 November, 1873.

MY DEAR BUTLER,

Serious doubts have been awakened in my mind in the further consideration of the very grave duty devolving upon the Government in the appointment of Chief Justice. In my first deliberate conversation with you on the subject, I expressed my solicitude that you should remain with your colleagues; and I represented to you that, in my judgment, you would be consulting your own interest by remaining; but, after listening to your strongly expressed desire to change your position, I told you, in conclusion, that I would not stand in your way if you considered it your duty to accept this high office, and that I would be no party to the objection raised against you on the ground of your religious faith. I thought it rather inconsiderate on your part that you should so little regard the disturbing consequences to the Ministry which were likely to flow from your appointment, and which I briefly called to your attention, though I did not think it becoming in me to dwell upon them at length. I clearly foresaw that a strong feeling in certain quarters would manifest itself against your elevation to the chief seat on the Bench of the Supreme Court, but I made up my mind to resist all sectarian pressure that might be brought to bear upon me, and I believe I am still incapable of yielding to any such influence. Day by day, however, as the appointment to the office of Chief Justice has come nearer to us, and has been made more and more the subject of public discussion, I have become aware that the objections to you are not by any means confined to religious grounds, and that, in fact, they are entertained by intelligent persons of your own faith, and are founded on considerations which are reasonable and legitimate, and which I fear I have to some extent lost sight of in my anxiety not to allow any improper influence to prejudice your claims. These objections I find by convincing evidence are widely, almost generally, entertained in your own profession, and they appear to be felt, so far as I can judge, by the great majority of the community, including all classes. Several days ago it was urged upon me by a Roman Catholic gentleman of influence, as well as by others, that this really was the case; but the delicacy of the subject, considered in view of my relations with you and my duty to the public, did not allow of my offering such remarks as might have led to a fuller consideration of it at that time; and the rumours continually put in circulation dispose me, like other men engaged in official labours, to treat somewhat lightly all representations of the kind. But circumstances within the last few days have led me to examine grounds of objection quite apart from and entirely above the antipathies of intemperate sectaries. The question of comparative fitness between you and other members of the Bar has been raised and argued avowedly in the interest of the administration of justice and the public welfare.

More persons have found the means of communicating their sentiments to me on this than on any former occasion when an act of Government has been impending which excited public attention, and most of these persons are men remarkable for liberal thought, impartial judgment, and correctness of information. The number includes the oldest and most steadfast of my own political friends, and some men who I know are very friendly to you. One and all regard your possible appointment with disfavour, and not a single opinion has reached me in approval of it. They say, very justly, that the office of Chief Justice is the highest in the community, not only in its judicial functions but in its relations to the dearest and tenderest interests of society, and that it ought to be filled by the member of the Bar possessing in the highest degree the qualifications of learning, professional character, liberal education, personal standing, and social recognition; and that neither the Bar nor society will admit that you are pointed out by these considerations. In consequence of the representations of this nature repeatedly made to me by persons entitled to be heard on the subject, I have taken some pains to learn the feeling of your own branch of the profession. You will, no doubt, recollect that I put a question to yourself on this point some days ago.

I presume it will not be denied in any quarter that it would be a public misfortune for the judicial Bench not to possess the confidence and respect of the Bar; and that if the Bar generally disapprove of the selection of the Judges, its confidence and respect are not likely to be cordially given. So far as I can form an opinion, your legal brethren are opposed to your elevation to the great office now vacant; and their opposition arises, not from any narrow prejudice, but from a fair and honorable jealousy of the distinction being conferred apart from the acquirements of the profession. I do not entertain the faintest doubt that the public generally object to your appointment.

The estimation in which I hold your personal character and great natural abilities is in no sense altered, and I treat with scorn the objections urged against you on religious grounds. But I think I am justified in asking you to reconsider the whole matter when I find that, in the judgment of men of all classes and of all shades of opinion, your appointment would not be the best that could be made for the Country, and when, as you are aware, all our colleagues are unfavourable to it.

Very faithfully yours,  
HENRY PARKES.

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No. 2.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

7 November, 1873.

MY DEAR PARKES,

Your letter, dated the 5th instant, reached me yesterday whilst engaged in Court, so that I was unable to answer it until this morning.

Let me remind you of all that has taken place between us on the subject of the Chief Justiceship. Excepting a passing allusion upon one occasion, no mention of it was ever made between us until Sir Alfred Stephen's letter announced his intended resignation. You may remember that on that the very day you received this letter you called at my chambers, and, without any application on my part, promised me the succession to his office. From that time I never again adverted to the subject until the conversation with you, at your request, in your office, shortly after his announcement from the Bench of his final determination. You then suggested to me some pecuniary and political advantages for my consideration as against my acceptance of the office, but you did not ask me to forego the offer which you voluntarily made me. This is substantially what occurred, and I fail to see how it lays me open to the charge of "inconsiderateness" which you impute to me. Had I anticipated the "strong feeling in certain quarters" to which you allude, I might have relieved the Government from the risk of those disturbing consequences which you make mention of, by a timely refusal of the office. On a subsequent occasion you shook me by the hand, congratulating me upon the appointment as a thing in effect accomplished. Later still, when discussing in my presence the possible consequences of my appointment with one of your colleagues, you repelled his apprehensions with too flattering remarks upon my qualifications for the office. I may then be pardoned for some surprise at your letter of the 5th instant, written, as it seems to me, as an elaborate vindication of a foregone conclusion not to confer the appointment upon me.

I really must be excused for not answering the many objections which you say have been urged against me. I have no desire to become my own advocate. I am quite satisfied to be judged in my social and professional character by those who have no motive to judge me unfairly. When you made me the offer, you had known me longer and better than any of those objectors, after a period of twenty years' intimate acquaintance. The influence which within a few days has counteracted your knowledge for that long period is best known to yourself.

Until I received your letter I was not aware that my colleagues were opposed to my appointment, with perhaps one exception. I was in fact left under the contrary impression. As to your request to me to reconsider the whole matter, it is no longer with me one of merely personal consideration. I am convinced, notwithstanding the many disqualifications alleged in your letter, that the "strong feeling" to which you refer is the real ground of disqualification. Entertaining this opinion, it only remains for me to relieve the Government of all embarrassment, by resigning, as I now do, the office of Attorney General.

Faithfully yours,  
E. BUTLER.

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No. 3.

[Note not referring to subject of this correspondence.]

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No. 4.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY to THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Sydney, 7 November, 1873.

MY DEAR BUTLER,

I have just received your two notes. I prefer considering your resignation of office as not received by me until you have had time for further reflection. I do not ask you to take this longer time for your decision in deference to me or our colleagues, but in justice to yourself, in a matter which I venture to think ought to be viewed entirely in the light of the public interests.

Your letter represents in too strong a light one or two circumstances, to which I must refer in explanation, and it puts a construction on my conduct which I know is unjust; but I have not time at this moment to reply. I will write on these points in the morning.

I shall have pleasure in complying with the request contained in your second note.

Very truly yours,  
HENRY PARKES.

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No. 5.

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No. 5.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

7 November.

MY DEAR PARKES,

In answer to your letter just received, I beg to say that I have no wish to put the Government to inconvenience, and if the public service requires me to hold office for a few days longer, I am of course willing to do so.

Faithfully yours,  
E. BUTLER.

No. 6.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Sydney, 8 November, 1873.

MY DEAR BUTLER,

You must have singularly misunderstood my note suggesting to you a further consideration of all the circumstances before deciding to resign office, if you have read it to mean nothing more than my concern lest your sudden retirement should occasion inconvenience to the Government. I intended to invite you to consider, in justice to your own public character, whether in a case where a number of men had in political agreement accepted the offices of Government, and were still agreed upon questions of principle and policy, it was a wise course for one of them to retire because objections were conscientiously and reluctantly raised to his receiving a high judicial appointment. I thought I had used language sufficiently suggestive of the course of reflection to which I desired to invite you.

I sincerely hope that you will not persist in your resignation. Nothing has occurred, so far as I am aware, to lead to disagreement between your colleagues and yourself on public questions; and if our political views remain in unbroken accord, have you really satisfied yourself that it is your duty to leave the Administration for reasons almost wholly personal in their nature?

In your reply to my letter of the 5th, you allowance a tone of feeling which deeply pain me, but for which I make the great excuse—more especially as I am myself to be taking a course, however sincerely, which naturally led you to believe that I should not object to your appointment. What took place in our interview when I called at your chambers, for the purpose of informing you that Sir Alfred Stephen had tendered his resignation, does not bear the same positive and vivid form in my recollection as it does in yours, and I cannot admit that I said anything on that occasion which could be interpreted into a "promise of the succession to the office of Chief Justice." I certainly cannot undertake to give the precise words which I used in that conversation, though they were very few; but I am sure they simply expressed what I felt at the time, that if you desired to succeed to the vacant office, no obstacle should arise with me personally as your old and intimate friend, and they expressed nothing more. I was not in a position to feel myself justified in making any promise, and if you had put the matter in a point to lead me to suppose that you so understood my language, I should instantly have undeceived you. In point of fact, no obstacle arises with me now. On the contrary, as you well know, I have argued your case with our colleagues so long as I felt that I could do so without violating my sense of public duty. It is this very process of argument in part which has slowly led me to the conviction, against my feelings of friendship, that your appointment would not be the best for society, and that it is my duty to assist in making the best appointment, regardless of other consequences. The obstacle has arisen in the public sense of the propriety of the appointment, and in the more careful examination of the whole case, and the fuller and clearer knowledge which have revealed this to the Government.

You are quite correct in saying that the subject was not again discussed between us until I sent for you about a fortnight ago. But the facts (of which I in turn must remind you), that I spent a full hour on that occasion in advancing reasons on personal and political grounds, why it would be better for you to remain in the Ministry,—that I pointed out that we did not take office together to enable one of us to receive a high permanent appointment,—and that I expressed an opinion that your elevation to the Bench would lead to serious embarrassment, are sufficient to show that even then I had doubts of the course proposed to be taken. Still, I freely admit, that after hearing your expressed desire to receive the appointment, I again assured you that I would not stand in your way. It is quite true also that on a subsequent occasion "I shook you by the hand, and congratulated you," but you ought to have remembered that this was done in a moment of impulse, when you were labouring under strong feelings of excitement at the sectarian objections which had been raised against you by others, and I think it is hardly generous to allude to an incident which was so entirely an ebullition of sympathy and friendship. I am sure you will see on reflection that you do not feel fairly reprehended what occurred on the occasion when, in the presence of one of our colleagues, "I repelled his apprehensions of the possible consequences of your appointment." What I "repelled" was the possible condemnation of your appointment on religious grounds, and my language was to the effect that no man would be found to say openly that your religion ought to be a bar to your appointment against your high personal and professional qualifications, which I have never doubted. My ground in that respect remains unchanged. But the question now is whether, in the judgment of the community at large, and in truth, your qualifications are the highest?

You do me a great wrong in accusing me of acting now on a foregone conclusion. I have taken great trouble to inform myself of the matters demanding my consideration, as explained to you in my letter of the 5th; and as soon as I saw reason to modify my opinion of the propriety of your appointment, I lost no time in frankly informing you of my doubts. I acknowledge that I ought to have arrived at my doubts earlier; but it is unjust to say, and no single circumstance in my conduct supports you in saying that the real ground of my objections is that of your religion. You must know differently, unless you are incapable of judging of your own case as you would judge of any other's.

I am anxious to secure one object, as the result of much thought and consideration, and that is the appointment to the office of Chief Justice of the person best qualified for that high station and most acceptable to the Colony, and I have no other object.

Faithfully yours,  
HENRY PARKES.

No. 7.

## No. 7.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Sydney, 10 November, 1873.

MY DEAR BUTLER,

I have to-day, after communicating with the Governor on the subject, offered the office of Chief Justice to Sir James Martin, by whom it has been accepted. As you are aware, I have always considered that the office lay between Sir James Martin and yourself. He, however, has been thirty-five years engaged in the study of the law, and he has been twenty-five years a Member of the Legislature. Before you have been nearly that time before the public in the two capacities, I sincerely hope you will reach the same distinction.

Very truly yours,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 8.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

10 November, 1873.

MY DEAR PARKES,

There is no use in continuing this correspondence much further.

Permit me to exonerate myself from any impression that I put forward my qualifications for the office of Chief Justice as superior to those of other members of my profession. I neither urged my own nor depreciated those of any other. You yourself, in fact, assumed my fitness for the office by making me the offer of it. My fitness being admitted, I had then the first claim, according to established usage under Responsible Government.

You misunderstand me when you say I accuse you of objecting to me on the ground of my religion. My letter contains no such accusation against you personally.

I cannot permit it to be said without a denial that I "leave the Administration for reasons almost wholly personal in their nature." There is only one ground of really personal feeling between us in this business. It is that you did not scruple deliberately and elaborately, and in a letter intended for public use, to disparage my personal and social standing and my professional character, when the hostile pressure brought to bear upon the Government made it desirable to find an excuse for breaking faith with me. It was surely open to you to appoint the gentleman you thought most competent, without having recourse to such an elaborately unfriendly proceeding towards one whom you always professed to esteem as a friend.

Your version of the matter of the promises is certainly an incorrect one. They were not conditional in any sense, not even as to the concurrence of your colleagues, which in reality you took for granted. I did in fact understand that they concurred, but when you congratulated me so decidedly, I asked you the question. You then, without intimating any opposition on their part—and at that time I believe there was none—told me that in a case of this kind you would not permit yourself to be overruled. You will remember also that on a subsequent occasion you asked did I intend to continue Mr. Thomson in his position of Associate. In the first instance, as I have said, you came to my Chambers and sent for me to the Court, to make me, as you then did, an absolute promise of the appointment. Your expression was that, in loyalty between friend and friend and between man and man, you felt bound to confer the office upon me. When, some time afterwards, you shook me by the hand and congratulated me as being virtually appointed, there certainly was nothing in your manner to lead me to suppose that you did not mean what you said. You are not usually an impulsive man, and I had no reason to doubt your sincerity. It was not, as you would make it appear, an occasion for any impulsive sympathy with me with reference to sectarian prejudices. We were not speaking upon this subject. We were simply discussing, as a matter of business, a letter which you showed me from the Governor upon the subject of my appointment, and which contained nothing, as you are well aware, to call for a manifestation of sympathy in my regard. The promises were certainly made as I have stated. You have broken them. You say you have done so from the purest and most exalted motives. You know best!

I quite admit that, "in a case where a number of men had, in political agreement, accepted the offices of Government, and were still agreed upon questions of principle and policy, it would not be a wise course for any of them to retire because objections were conscientiously and reluctantly raised to his receiving a high judicial appointment." But I deny that this is the case in the present instance. Passing by your conscientious and reluctant motives, which, as I have said, are best known to yourself, the character of my resignation must mainly depend upon the cause of it. The retention of my office would have involved the sanction of a civil disability to which no free Government ought to be a party. The case may seem personal, because it is my own; but I would have acted in the same way, regardless of sect or party, under similar circumstances, in the case of any other person in the community.

I remain faithfully yours,  
E. BUTLER.

## No. 9.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

11 November.

MY DEAR PARKES,

I did not send my letter of yesterday's date, as the day was a public holiday. Your letter informing me of Sir James Martin's appointment reached me at 10 o'clock last night. I need hardly say that I consider the appointment an excellent one. I was not, however, aware of what you mention, that it lay between him and me, inasmuch as your promise to me was not qualified by a reference to any one.

Faithfully yours,  
E. BUTLER.

No. 10.

## No. 10.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Sydney, 11 November, 1873.

MY DEAR BUTLER,

I agree with you that it is useless to continue this correspondence after the receipt of your letter of yesterday, which appears to me, I regret to say, nothing less than an "elaborate" attempt to twist every slight circumstance that has occurred, and every chance expression that has dropped in the confidence of our intimate relationship, into a form of significance never intended, and which they would not justly bear. Even my passing remark in favour of Mr. George Thomson being retained as Associate in the event of your becoming Chief Justice, is laid hold of to enable you to build up a case for yourself against me. In like manner, you call to your aid the trivial facts that you were sent for out of Court on one occasion and that I showed you a letter on another, as if they were important links in your "elaborated" chain of evidence.

Nor do I think any useful purpose would be served by my following you through your strange allegations and assumptions of fact. I simply deny that I ever made an "offer" or a "promise" to you of the office of Chief Justice. I informed you that Sir Alfred Stephen had resigned about the middle of June. I have already given my version of what occurred in my interview with you on that occasion. As I had not then even consulted His Excellency the Governor, I was not, as I have said in a previous letter, in a position to make an "offer" of the office; and I am sure no person who knows anything of my character or of my habits of official life, will suppose that I made any "offer" of the kind. What I did, I have explained in my letter of the 8th, and I do not desire to deny that you were fairly entitled to consider that *I was in favour* of your appointment. You agree with me that nothing more was said between us on the subject from June until I sent for you at the end of last month, more than four months afterwards, when the first thing I did was to argue for a full hour against your accepting the office. This circumstance does not much accord with your statement of my "promises."

I continued, as a Member of the Government, to support your appointment until weighty considerations convinced me that I was in error, and I then at once informed you of my altered views. You must pardon me if I express the opinion that, when I became convinced that the public interest would be best consulted by the appointment of another person, you were more bound in honor to release me from my support than I was bound to adhere to it.

You dwelt at some length on the absence of excitement or cause for sympathy with you when the incident of shaking hands occurred of which you speak a second time. I am unwilling, but am in a manner compelled to recall to your recollection, that two hours earlier you had in the presence of Mr. Lloyd burst into tears, with your voice choked with emotion, at the objections alleged to have been raised to your appointment by others, which you said you felt so bitterly that you would not live in the Country if it were possible that your religion could be held to be a bar to your receiving the office. When I saw you later in the day you appeared to be in the same state of distress.

[Letter unfinished in consequence of the preceding letters having been read by Mr. Butler in the Legislative Assembly.]

HENRY PARKES.

## No. 11.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Sydney, 12 November, 1873.

MY DEAR BUTLER,

The unexpected and extraordinary course pursued by you in the House yesterday, in reading our correspondence (the last long letter of which had only been in my hands some four hours and a half) practically denied to me the necessary time to enable me to say what I desired to say in a written reply. I must also complain of the course pursued by you in another respect as being unprecedented in a ministerial statement. Not only did you take this course before you had finally retired from office, and without giving me any intimation of your intention, although, as I have since seen, you had allowed it to be announced in the *Evening News* which was published an hour before you spoke,—but, by moving the adjournment of the House you secured to yourself the privilege of reply, of which you availed yourself to introduce new allegations and to enter into an extreme argument of your case, when I and other Members were shut out from the right of speaking. Your introductory speech was confined to a mere explanation. I also confined myself to matters of explanation and denial in my reply. But you reserved what you designed to send forth, as you expressed it, "to the Country" for your closing speech, in which you laboured your case, as you admitted, in the style of an advocate, declaring your belief that a civil disability had been imposed upon you as a Catholic, and making an intemperate appeal to the passions and prejudices of those who I suppose you have reason to think will be influenced by your opinion. On ordinary Motions it is contrary to the rule of Parliament to introduce new matter in a reply, but what is to be said of the propriety of a retiring Minister, who, having made his explanation on a motion of adjournment, avails himself of his privilege of reply, not for the purposes of reply at all, but to make a violent one-sided and unjust speech against his late colleague!

It is difficult to understand how it is possible for you to believe that I have yielded to any anti-Catholic pressure, or that your case affords any example of a man subjected to a civil disability on the ground of his religion. So far from this being true, I am conscious of giving my support to you for the recently vacant seat of Chief Justice, even after my judgment in the matter had been shaken, as is well known to my colleagues, in sheer resistance of the reported sectarian opposition to your appointment. In acknowledgment of my firm resistance of all pressure of the kind, you yourself used these emphatic words, in the presence of the Colonial Treasurer, on one occasion not long ago,—“I declare to God, Parkes, I do not believe there is another man in the Colony who would have acted with your firmness!” How then, when other and perfectly legitimate grounds of objection are stated, can you feel yourself justified in alleging that the real ground of objection is one of sectarian prejudice on my part, or a slavish yielding to the sectarian prejudices of others? It



It is absolutely untrue that any deputations or individuals have waited upon me to represent sectarian objections to your appointment, with the single exception of two Members of the Assembly, who saw me in the Ministers' room about three weeks ago, of which I informed you at the time. Nor has any one seen me on the subject since whose objections I could in any way trace to sectarian feeling.

But in the course of the later discussions between me and you on the subject, an ecclesiastical element, or an element at least foreign to the functions of Government, was disclosed by yourself, which startled and alarmed both me and other of your colleagues. When I and the Colonial Treasurer suggested rather than urged some reasons why you should not press for this appointment, you openly declared that it was too late for you to recede from your position, on account of your "people," and that if you gave way your "people would never pardon you." On another occasion, in my absence, you made a similar declaration to the Secretary for Lands. We then, for the first time, saw that we were not dealing with a single Member of the Government, but with a Member of the Government who had a "people" in combination with him, which we understood to mean either his Church or a Party of which we knew nothing. We saw that your elevation to the office of Chief Justice—the first place in the Country—was identified with the advancement of your Church or your Party, and that by your own declaration you were not a free agent in the transaction. It appeared to us that instead of the freedom of Government being in jeopardy from the attempt to make your religion a bar to your preferment, it was really in danger from the projected influence of an ecclesiastical corporation or great organized party in the action of the Executive and the just disposal of public offices.

If I had not, as I then had, begun to entertain doubts respecting your appointment on other grounds, this declaration would naturally have made me hesitate. My rule of life has always been neither to oppose nor support any man on account of his religion, but to decide upon his merits alone. In your case I had been resolutely resisting the objections alleged to be widely held on sectarian grounds, but I was equally ready to resist the threatened domination of a whole religious body, as soon as it was made manifest, in a matter of public duty for which the Government was alone responsible. I did not desire to advert to this element in the decision at which I arrived, because I wished to avoid making our differences unnecessarily bitter; but you have not hesitated to attribute to me the worst of motives, and to deliberately characterize the course I felt it my duty to take, as "involving the sanction of a civil disability to which no free Government ought to be a party," meaning thereby that the Government with which you had yourself acted in cordial agreement for eighteen months when your own interests were not concerned, was capable of basely yielding its own convictions to an intolerant attempt to deprive you of a great public office. As you have thought well to place your case before the public as that of a victim to intolerance and bigotry, it is well that the religious or party character which you chose yourself to give to the question of your appointment should be known.

Yours faithfully,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 12.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Sydney, 14 November, 1873.

MY DEAR PARKES,

I received your letter of the 12th instant, but owing to my being engaged in Court I have been unable to give attention to it till now.

I really supposed that, in your letter of the 5th of November, you urged every disqualification in me which could possibly have occurred to you or to any of the gentlemen who communicated with you so freely to my prejudice, not even excepting your "influential Catholic" friend. I sincerely hope that no more disqualifications will turn up, for otherwise there will be no end for me to this correspondence.

You accuse me of transgressing the proper limits of reply, in my speech in the Assembly in respect to my resignation of office, by introducing new allegations when you and other Members were shut out from the right of speaking. I have looked through the report of my introductory speech, and of my speech in reply, and I cannot see that in the latter I introduced any new matter. Accept my assurance that if such was the case I did so unintentionally. As regards the announcement in the *Evening News*, I had nothing whatever to do with it.

As to the words which you quote, "I declare to God, Parkes, I do not believe there is another man in the Colony who would have acted with your firmness," there is no need to invoke the testimony of the Colonial Treasurer as to the fact of my having spoken them. I admit that I used them, and what is more, that at the time I honestly believed them.

As to the Ecclesiastical element which appears to have "startled" and "alarmed" you and other of your colleagues so much, I confess that it rather "startles" me at present, inasmuch as it is the first I have heard of it. I quite admit that when you and the Colonial Treasurer so delicately "suggested, rather than urged," that I should not press for the appointment, I openly declared that it was too late now to recede from my position. The subject of sectarian hostility to me, which had then arisen to a great height, was under discussion, and I did say then, in the presence of Mr. Lloyd, and afterwards to Mr. Farnell, as I said also to more than one Member of the Assembly, that I would not yield to it, because by doing so I would compromise in my person the Civil rights of my Roman Catholic fellow-citizens, and I think it is very likely that I added that if I did so they would never forgive me. They would be quite right too, if for the sake of any gain to myself I practically admitted that the mere fact of being a Roman Catholic was a disqualification for any Civil office. You certainly flatter me, in no common degree, when you say that you "then for the first time saw that you were not dealing with a single Member of the Government but with a Member of the Government who had 'a people' in combination with him, which you understood to mean either his Church or a Party, of which you knew nothing." No wonder then that you came to the conclusion that "the freedom of Government was really in danger from the projected influence of an Ecclesiastical corporation." But I do wonder much that you never said a word on this "alarming" state of things, even on the 5th of November, and that you still ventured to continue in your Administration, as a friend and a colleague, so dangerous a character. You say you did not desire "to advert to this element in the decision at which you arrived, because you wished to avoid making the differences unnecessarily bitter." I am very much

much obliged to you for your forbearance; but, to tell you the truth, you might as well have stated it at once, and saved yourself the trouble of hunting up all my other numerous disqualifications. It would also have saved our "influential Catholic" friend the trouble of calling at your office.

I have hitherto supposed that you yielded to a hostile pressure against me, contrary to your own inclinations. If what you now say be true, I have given you too much credit. You know in your heart that the construction you put upon my words is not the true one, and in now putting it forth for the first time it is manifest that you can have but one motive, which is sufficiently plain to need no comment.

Faithfully yours,  
E. BUTLER.

No. 13.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Sydney, 15 November, 1873.

MY DEAR BUTLER,

I received yesterday your letter of that date, in continuation of our correspondence on the subject of the Chief Justiceship.

You must "know in your heart" that I have never urged any "disqualification" in you for that high office, but only that, all things considered, you were not the best qualified person to fill it, and that another appointment might be made which would be more satisfactory and beneficial to the Country. In my last letter I have raised no question of qualification or disqualification, for which the time is gone by, but I have complained of the course you took, on the occasion when you read the incomplete correspondence in the Assembly, and I have denied the truth of some insinuations which you ventured to make on that occasion to my prejudice. In answer to your persistent and unjustifiable assertion that you were refused a Civil Office because you were a Roman Catholic, I have reminded you that you sought to bring an outside sectarian pressure to influence your appointment, or that, in other words, you identified your claims with the rights of your co-religionists, when no question of those rights had been raised or thought of by your colleagues.

In this dispute you should remember that I owed allegiance to our other colleagues as well as to you, and that you had a separate and personal object to gain, which was allowed to absorb all the objects for which you joined me and our other colleagues in forming an Administration. You should remember, too, that for a full fortnight before my letter of November 5th, every appeal that could be made in the language usually employed to convey the wishes of friends had been made to you to forego your expectations of the office of Chief Justice, in the interest of the public, and that, on your mentioning that you had received my letter on the following day, I proposed that we should again talk the matter over. If the letter of the 5th has been given to the public, you alone are responsible for its publicity.

After a very short lapse of time, all persons who take the trouble to examine impartially the circumstances which have led to your retirement will, I do not doubt, form correct conclusions; and, to adopt your words, "I am quite satisfied to be judged in the matter by those who have no motive to judge me unfairly."

Very truly yours,  
HENRY PARKES.

No. 14.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO SIR JAMES MARTIN.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 10 November, 1873.

MY DEAR SIR,

I have much pleasure in offering for your acceptance the office of Chief Justice now vacant by the resignation of Sir Alfred Stephen.

I make this offer, after much thought and anxious consideration; from the conviction that your public standing and great abilities, not less than your professional attainments and lengthened experience in the Courts, eminently fit you for the high station, and that your elevation to the chief seat on the Judicial Bench will be regarded with general satisfaction by the Colony. I desire to add that His Excellency the Governor cordially concurs in the propriety of your appointment.

Very truly yours,  
HENRY PARKES.

No. 15.

SIR JAMES MARTIN TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Clarens,  
10 November, 1873:

MY DEAR SIR,

I accept the offer of the office of Chief Justice which you have made me.

While thanking you for the too complimentary terms which you have been pleased to employ in placing this high office at my disposal, I venture to express the hope that I may not, in the discharge of its duties, disappoint the expectations of those to whom I owe my elevation, or afford the public grounds for being dissatisfied with your choice.

To His Excellency I beg, through you, to tender my grateful acknowledgments for his cordial concurrence in my appointment.

Yours very truly,  
JAMES MARTIN.





Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.	Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.
Bega	Bega	J. B. Campbell	—	Brisbane Water	Gosford (contd.)	H. Hely	4
		Wm. M'Gregor	—		(contd.)	C. C. Fagan	4
		E. Haslingden	13	Broulee	Moruya	E. H. Hargraves	—
		H. Wren	8			W. S. Caswell (P.M.)	49
		Robert Ritchie	18			W. T. Collett	29
		R. M. Broad	19			J. McKeon	1
		John D'Arcy	8			T. P. Gannon	5
		John Jauncey	8			W. T. Flanagan	14
		Frederick Berne	6			Hy. Burne (P.M., Braidwood)	1
		W. J. Lane	6				
		C. T. Stiles	4			Nelligen	Hy. Manning
		R. T. Kirby	3				1
		W. D. Tarlinton	3			Geo. Webber	14
Berrima	Berrima	F. R. Wilshire (P.M.)	42			W. S. Caswell (P.M.)	13
		Henry Badgery	16			W. S. Caswell (P.M.)	9
		W. J. Cordeaux	5			C. Byrne	5
		C. L. Nicholson	3			J. W. Orridge (Supt. of Police, Braidwood)	1
		Richard H. Roberts	1			W. D. Tarlinton	2
		J. M. Morrice	1	Camden, Narellan, and Picton	Camden	Sir Wm. Macarthur	—
		J. O. Atkinson	10			T. Barker	—
		Edward Carter	9			J. F. Downes	8
		John A. Badgery	5			E. Palmer	20
		James J. Calvert	13			J. K. Chisholm	13
		Dana Morrice	3			A. A. W. Onslow	12
		Walter Morrice	—			E. Simpson	50
		Alick Osborne	1			J. M. Antill	21
		M. D. Woodhouse	—			R. L. Jenkins (Dr.)	—
		J. W. Bray <sup>1</sup>	16			W. R. Antill	9
						J. Wild	1
Bombala	Bombala	J. Giles, (C.P.S.)	46			R. A. M'Innis	18
		J. Nicholson	2			J. Martin (C.P.S.)	1
		R. Campbell	4	Campbelltown	Campbelltown	T. Chippendale	45
		E. Jonas	27			E. H. Fieldhouse	20
		H. F. Edwards	11			J. Kidd	40
		W. V. M. Cooke	12			Wm. Fowler	39
		E. M. Battye	4			Jno. Bray	1
		H. Solomon	5			E. H. Woodhouse	1
		H. M. Joseph	2			J. T. Lane (P.M.)	—
		H. Kesterton	16	Carcoar	Carcoar	E. J. C. North (C.P.S.)	290
		J. Stevenson	2			W. M. Rothery	3
		J. E. Bennett	14			N. Connolly, junior	22
		W. Coulter	4			T. R. Icely	16
		A. M'Keachie	1			J. H. Gennys	14
Boorowa	Binalong	J. S. Futter	11			W. Glasson	8
		H. Brown	8			James Spark	19
		A. B. Patterson	7			J. L. Cobb	11
		Edgar Beckham	2			W. Badock	22
	Boorowa	W. D. Campbell	12			A. Kinghorne	7
		P. H. Scott	8			T. Fitzpatrick	4
		G. Eason	—			T. Hillier	—
		J. N. Ryan	—			T. A. Smith (P.M.)	12
		S. F. Gibson	—			J. Hall	7
		W. J. E. Wotton (C.P.S.)	41			A. M'Cauley	5
Bourke	Bourke	A. O. Grant (P.M.)	106			G. D. Hay	2
		R. M. Hughes	36			T. A. Smith (P.M.)	38
		D. A. Byrne	33			F. S. Fielder <sup>1</sup>	4
		J. Becker	7			J. Morris (C.P.S.)	37
		R. Barton	3	Cassilis	Cassilis	F. C. Lambe	12
		M. O'Shanassy	1			W. Busby	1
		M. W. Cunningham <sup>2</sup>	—			R. J. Traill	1
						J. Garrett (P.M.)	6
	Brewarrina	Alexr. O. Grant (P.M.)	4			J. Cooper	14
		H. Cohen	16			J. B. Bettington	26
		J. K. Doyle	1			J. M. Creed	1
		J. Govan	8			C. Blaxland	1
		T. M'Nevin	1			H. V. Hewitt	7
	Eringunniah		—			A. E. Hays	5
			—			F. W. Edwards (P.M.)	10
	Gongolgon	Alexr. O. Grant (P.M.)	5			P. Roberts	—
		W. S. Findlay <sup>1</sup>	1			R. Robertson	—
		J. P. O'Sullivan <sup>3</sup>	1			D. M' Rae	3
		W. Douglas	1			D. Watt	2
		J. F. Tulloch <sup>4</sup>	3	Cooma	Cooma	R. Dawson (P.M.)	Daily.
		H. Mitchell	—			P. J. J. Clifford	—
			—			M. Harnett	1
Braidwood	Araluen	Hy. Burne (P.M.)	83			A. Montague	5
		Thos. Atkinson	18			W. Cosgrove	6
	Braidwood	J. Larmer	60			A. Ryrie	—
		J. W. Orridge	24			A. Bloomfield	—
		J. W. Griffin	31			W. Rutherford	—
		J. W. Bunn	27			A. W. Brooks	4
		Robt. Maddrell	28			J. H. Hassall	1
		John Wallace	15			S. Robinson (C.P.S.)	—
		Thos. Steward	13			T. Locker	1
		W. J. Bennison	12			Capt. Battye (Inspector of Police)	—
		Fk. Mason	9			A. A. M'Keachie	6
		W. F. Gordon	10			J. E. Bennett	1
Brisbane Water	Gosford	C. T. Weaver (P.M.)	63			Robt. Dawson (P.M.)	3
		T. C. Battley (C.P.S.)	50				

<sup>1</sup> Left the District. <sup>2</sup> Appointed in 1873. <sup>3</sup> Resigned, March, 1872. <sup>4</sup> Left the Colony.

Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.	Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.		
Cooma (contd.)	Seymour.....	Robt. Dawson (P.M.) .....	2	Dubbo (contd.)	Dandaloo (con.)	W. H. Clements <sup>1</sup> .....	2		
		Willm. Herbert .....	2			Dungog .....	Dungog .....	R. L. Alison .....	19
		Thos. Locker .....	3					J. Hook .....	14
	Buckley's Crossing.				Clarence Town.	G. Markay .....	19		
						W. Lowe <sup>2</sup> .....	2		
Coonamble.....	Coonamble.....	F. W. Edwards (P.M.) .....	6	Eden .....	Eden .....	J. Lyall .....	11		
		W. C. Weston (C.P.S.) .....	63					J. Lawrie <sup>3</sup> .....	6
		A. Willmott .....	14					C. F. Holmes .....	6
		G. A. Lloyd .....	6					J. B. Carmichael .....	1
		Edwd. Flood .....	2					G. P. Keon (P.M.) .....	29
		W. M. Connell .....	1					S. Solomon .....	5
		S. B. Daniels .....	1					G. P. Keon (P.M.) .....	9
		W. Smith .....	1					C. H. Baddeley .....	22
		W. F. Buchanan .....	1					A. K. Page .....	9
			Coonabarabran.			F. W. Edwards (P.M.) .....	49	Forbes .....	Forbes .....
		2				J. Twaddell .....	69		
		1				J. Strickland .....	19		
Cowra .....	Cowra.....	G. Campbell .....	49	Goulburn .....	Goulburn .....	C. Cropper .....	3		
		T. H. West .....	14					R. Dowling .....	27
		A. Lynch .....	17					W. Smith .....	1
		S. G. Alford .....	3					H. Clements .....	2
								S. Boland .....	1
Deniliquin .....	Deniliquin .....	James Watson .....	30	Glen Innes .....	Glen Innes .....	P. W. Street .....	12		
		A. W. F. Noyes .....	14					F. Dalton (P.M.) .....	2
		Robt. Landale .....	1					W. H. Suttor .....	7
		A. Landale <sup>2</sup> .....	3					J. Shepherd, junior .....	
		G. Peppin .....	4					S. O'Sullivan .....	
		T. Watson <sup>3</sup> .....	3						
		Myles Patterson <sup>3</sup> .....	1					Bushman's (Currajong)	
		Erasmus Wren <sup>3</sup> .....	8					Glen Innes .....	
		J. W. M'Laurin <sup>4</sup> .....	1					Hugh Gordon .....	
		F. G. Wolsely <sup>5</sup> .....	2					R. R. C. Robertson .....	3
		Robert Patterson <sup>5</sup> .....						W. W. Fraser .....	12
		F. L. Parker .....						Colin Fletcher .....	8
		H. Ricketson .....						John Ross .....	5
		P. A. Jennings .....						A. F. C. Dumaresq .....	11
			Moulamein.....			R. B. Mitchell (P.M.) .....	5		
		8				P. C. Campbell .....	1		
						G. W. F. Addison (P.M.) .....	6		
	Jerilderie .....	F. A. Gwynne .....		Goulburn .....	Goulburn .....	J. J. Allman (P.M.) .....	229		
								C. S. Alexander (C.P.S.) .....	12
								W. A. Chisholm .....	1
								J. W. Chisholm .....	
								A. S. Chisholm .....	
	Tocumwal .....	H. Darlott .....				W. Conolly .....	5		
						A. G. De Lauret .....	21		
						D. Dickson .....	3		
						W. P. Faithfull .....			
						A. G. Finlay .....	2		
Dowling.....	Ulladulla .....	T. Brown .....	3			J. Fulljames .....			
		W. Hay .....	1			A. F. Gibson .....	2		
		E. Townsend .....	2			J. Hayes .....	4		
		D. Warden .....	5			W. F. Hayley .....	6		
		P. H. Sheaffe .....	4			W. H. Hovell .....	2		
		J. Warden .....	5			A. G. Huthwaite .....			
		J. Kendall .....				T. Marsden .....	1		
		F. M'Mahon .....	5			D. Morrice .....			
		W. W. Ewin .....	12			S. M. Morton .....	4		
		W. R. Hindmarsh .....	14			C. E. Newcombe .....			
		J. Miller .....	17			A. S. Podmore .....	2		
		W. R. Kendall .....				A. Ranken .....			
		W. H. Wilford .....	8			F. R. L. Rossi (Reg. Dist. Court):	19		
		Thomas Hobbs .....	7			W. Sheppard (Asst. Gold Commissioner):	65		
		A. M'Lean .....	10			J. Waddell .....	1		
		Dubbo .....	Dubbo .....	J. O. Norton (P.M.) .....	74			J. Whiting .....	1
				A. Cruickshank .....	2			T. Woore .....	
J. C. Rylie .....	4					H. Zouch (Sup. of Police)			
W. H. Tibbits .....	33								
D. M'Killip .....	5					Binda .....			
J. E. Serisier .....	9								
J. Penzer .....	1					Collector .....			
J. A. Tait .....	11					A. G. Huthwaite .....			
J. Samuels .....	35					J. W. Chisholm .....	1		
F. Smith .....	1					A. Chisholm .....	7		
	Canonba.....	E. Flood, junr. .....	2			J. Waddell .....	8		
			3			J. Allman (P.M.) .....	6		
			5			C. A. Sinclair (P.M.) .....	Daily <sup>7</sup>		
	Warren .....	John Hughes .....	3	Grafton .....	Grafton .....	T. Bawden .....	7		
			2					W. H. H. Becke .....	47
			1					W. B. Campbell .....	1
						T. Fisher .....	27		
						R. B. Hill .....	1		
						W. C. Hill .....	2		
						A. Lardner .....	15		
						Graham Mynne .....	1		
						J. Page .....			
						W. Robertson .....	42		
						E. M. Ryan .....	10		
	Dandaloo .....	J. Balfe <sup>4</sup> .....	5			W. Small .....	2		

<sup>1</sup> Resides 40 miles from Bench.<sup>2</sup> Absent in Europe.<sup>3</sup> Left the District.<sup>4</sup> Recently appointed.<sup>5</sup> Resident in Melbourne.<sup>6</sup> No attendance during 1872; only one resident Magistrate.<sup>7</sup> Unless absent on duty.

Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.	Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.		
Grafton (contd.)	Grafton (contd.)	J. F. Small .....	3	Maitland (contd.)	East Maitland (contd.)	J. Pierce.....	1		
		J. H. Smith .....	.....			W. H. Smith .....	4		
		J. F. Wilcox .....	9			J. E. Wolfe .....	6		
		Maclean .....	.....			B. Lee, junr. ....	1		
	Lawrence .....	C. A. Sinclair (P.M.) .....	5			A. Dodds .....	5		
		J. Zuill .....	4			W. H. Mullen .....	1		
		J. F. Small .....	3			J. B. R. Robertson .....	3		
		A. Cameron .....	2			J. Lee .....	1		
		Grenfell .....	Grenfell .....			P. Boland .....	12	E. Sparke .....	3
						F. Y. Gibson .....	.....	R. J. Pierce .....	2
H. Hayes .....	33			E. N. V. Morriset .....	.....				
D. Pyne .....	127			H. S. Badgery .....	.....				
C. Sanderson .....	37			W. M. Christian <sup>5</sup> .....	1				
F. Trollope .....	1			W. T. Mitchell .....	52				
R. M. Vaughn .....	135			J. Lee .....	13				
W. R. Watt .....	11			W. H. Smith .....	10				
J. B. Wood .....	1			J. E. Wolfe .....	3				
Morangarell <sup>1</sup> .....	.....			W. H. Mullen .....	2				
Gundagai .....	Gundagai .....	A. C. S. Rose (P.M.) .....	95	J. B. R. Robertson .....	2				
		J. B. Elworthy .....	16	B. Russell .....	1				
		J. Crowe .....	.....	C. R. Middleton .....	2				
		W. Howe .....	.....	J. Pierce .....	1				
		W. H. Hayes .....	12	A. W. M'Dougall .....	.....				
		J. Pring .....	.....	G. Wyndham .....	.....				
		F. W. Vyner (P.M.) .....	26	P. Green .....	.....				
		J. B. Sharp .....	.....	W. Lipscomb .....	.....				
		S. C. Stewart .....	21	F. M. Doyle .....	.....				
		D. Wilson .....	19	R. J. Pierce .....	.....				
Gundagai .....	Adelong .....	A. C. S. Rose (P.M.) .....	.....	Morpeth .....	Morpeth .....	C. E. Jaques .....	38		
		A. Broughton .....	.....			T. F. Dye .....	13		
		P. J. O'Donnell .....	.....			J. Taylor .....	25		
		J. R. Hurley <sup>2</sup> .....	.....			B. Lee, junr. (M.P.) .....	1		
		Hartley .....	Hartley .....			G. H. Rowley (P.M.) <sup>3</sup> .....	38	W. M. Christian .....	.....
						E. Barton .....	2	C. E. Middleton .....	.....
						J. Delaney .....	2	C. R. Middleton .....	.....
						T. Brown .....	4	J. Cochrane .....	18
						A. Brown .....	3	H. Flett .....	1
			Rydal .....			Rydal .....	G. H. Rowley (P.M.) <sup>3</sup> .....	14	H. J. Cornish .....
T. Brown .....	6			H. Richardson .....	1				
J. Delaney .....	3			J. Johnston .....	5				
E. Barton .....	12			J. Creagh (C.P.S.) .....	5				
Inverell .....	Inverell .....			.....	.....		J. Hall .....	5	
		.....	.....	J. F. Broad .....	2				
		.....	.....	.....	.....				
		.....	.....	.....	.....				
		.....	.....	.....	.....				
	Ashford .....	Ashford .....	H. M'Donald .....	2	H. J. Cornish .....	12			
			W. F. Fitzgerald .....	15	J. Cochrane .....	6			
			J. J. R. Gibson .....	1	J. Johnston .....	3			
			J. M. P. M'Donald .....	7	J. F. Broad .....	7			
			.....	.....	J. Hall .....	1			
Kiama .....	Kiama .....	J. M. Gray .....	1	J. Creagh (C.P.S.) .....	2				
		D. L. Waugh .....	1	.....	.....				
		Jno. Marks .....	1	.....	.....				
		J. Black .....	1	.....	.....				
		Thos. Chapman .....	1	.....	.....				
		Thos. Black .....	.....	.....	.....				
		Saml. Charles .....	3	.....	.....				
		Wm. Moles .....	4	.....	.....				
		Thos. Kendall .....	4	.....	.....				
		Wm. Robson .....	10	.....	.....				
Liverpool .....	Liverpool .....	Jas. Robb .....	13	.....	.....				
		Robt. Miller .....	13	.....	.....				
		G. L. Fuller .....	16	.....	.....				
		Jas. Colley .....	21	.....	.....				
		Hy. Connell junr. (C.P.S.) .....	34	.....	.....				
		Richard Sadlier .....	25	.....	.....				
		G. R. Johnston .....	19	.....	.....				
		J. B. Bossley <sup>4</sup> .....	12	.....	.....				
		Jno. Hurley <sup>2</sup> .....	12	.....	.....				
		J. W. Flood <sup>2</sup> .....	18	.....	.....				
Macleay River .....	West Kempsey .....	R. H. Bloomfield .....	2	.....	.....				
		W. F. Buchanan <sup>2</sup> .....	3	.....	.....				
		Chas. Spencer .....	.....	.....	.....				
		F. G. Pantar .....	3	.....	.....				
		J. H. Kemp .....	5	.....	.....				
		W. M'Lean .....	.....	.....	.....				
		F. W. Chapman .....	9	.....	.....				
		E. Rudder .....	3	.....	.....				
		R. A. H. Kemp .....	6	.....	.....				
		J. B. Casey (C.P.S.) .....	40	.....	.....				
Maitland .....	East Maitland .....	O. O. Dangar .....	10	.....	.....				
		W. S. Poole .....	4	.....	.....				
		Belmore .....	.....	.....	.....				
		Boatharbour .....	.....	.....	.....				
		Nambucca .....	.....	.....	.....				
	East Maitland .....	J. F. M'Carthy (P.M.) .....	twice a month	.....	.....				
		W. E. Bayldon .....	7	.....	.....				
		W. M'Lean .....	.....	.....	.....				
		J. F. M'Carthy (P.M.) .....	once a month	.....	.....				
		W. Wilton .....	43	.....	.....				
J. N. Brunker .....	8	.....	.....						
Maitland .....	Central Police Office .....	.....	.....	Birrel J. ....	28				
		.....	.....	Booth J. ....	1				
		.....	.....	Burdekin B. ....	1				
		.....	.....	Campbell E. ....	22				
		.....	.....	Cohen M. M. ....	25				
		.....	.....	Charlton M. ....	65				
		.....	.....	Chapman M. (Mayor) ..	Nearly every day				
		.....	.....	Cunninghame F. ....	56				
		.....	.....	Curran J. J. ....	53				
		.....	.....	Day Dr. ....	1				
.....	.....	Day Wm. ....	32						
.....	.....	Donovan J. ....	2						
.....	.....	Evans J. ....	65						
.....	.....	Gould S. S. ....	4						
.....	.....	Gould S. ....	23						
.....	.....	Harris G. ....	3						
.....	.....	Hill G. ....	40						
.....	.....	Hezlet Wm. ....	33						
.....	.....	Hunt R. A. ....	23						
.....	.....	Hughes J. ....	16						
.....	.....	Hogg T. ....	1						
.....	.....	Jolly W. ....	12						
.....	.....	Kettle J. ....	3						
.....	.....	Kippax W. ....	50						
.....	.....	Lucas J. ....	2						
.....	.....	Lester C. ....	59						
.....	.....	Lane H. ....	1						
.....	.....	Levi A. ....	5						
.....	.....	Levey M. ....	24						
.....	.....	Love W. ....	41						
.....	.....	Mears W. D. (C.P.S.) ..	Occasionally.						
.....	.....	Merriman J. ....	35						
.....	.....	Meyer S. ....	24						
.....	.....	Murphy J. ....	59						
.....	.....	Mackintosh J. ....	20						
.....	.....	Neale J. T. ....	29						
.....	.....	Penfold E. J. ....	47						
.....	.....	Powell J. ....	13						
.....	.....	Pemell J. ....	1						

<sup>1</sup> No resident Magistrate during 1872; one since appointed. <sup>2</sup> Left the District. <sup>3</sup> Deceased, 1873. <sup>4</sup> Deceased. <sup>5</sup> Recently appointed.

Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.	Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.
Metropolitan (contd.)	Central Police Office (contd.)	Pinhey W. T. ....	46	Molong (contd.)	Obley (contd.)	W. Ross .....	.....
		Phillips G. ....	10			S. Crawford .....	6
		Palser H. P. ....	9			E. H. Lane .....	.....
		Palmer B. ....	12			N. P. Bayly .....	2
		Pearse S. H. ....	22			W. R. Blackman .....	1
		Renwick G. ....	27			S. A. Blackman .....	2
		Raper E. ....	1			G. H. Cox .....	8
		Raphael J. G. ....	6			A. H. Cox .....	16
		Roseby J. ....	6			C. C. Cox .....	2
		Raynor J. ....	3			J. D. Cox .....	.....
		Scott Captain (P.M.)	Daily			Y. Cox .....	21
		Smart W. ....	162			C. W. Lawson .....	22
		St. Julian C. <sup>1</sup> .....	12			R. Lowe .....	9
		Spence T. ....	53			C. B. Lowe .....	5
		Smyth S. H. ....	2			G. Rouse .....	3
		Smithers J. B. ....	48			R. Rouse .....	.....
		Stenhouse N. D. ....	1			R. Rouse .....	1
		Thompson A. ....	44			H. Tebbutt .....	14
		Tucker G. A. J. (Dr.)	2			E. Tindale .....	1
		Thorne G. ....	1			R. H. D. White .....	20
		Thornton G. ....	2			Hargraves <sup>5</sup> .....	.....
		Vickery J. ....	5			Windeyer .....	.....
		Wearne J. (M.P.) .....	1			W. Mulholland .....	31
		Austin H. ....	1			J. Keppie .....	24
		Breillat T. C. ....	18			P. Roberts .....	2
		Brown T. H. ....	31			Gulgong .....	.....
		Cowper C., jun. (W.P.M.)	Daily			T. A. Browne .....	163
	Chariton M. ....	55	L. S. Donaldson .....	75			
	Curran J. J. ....	22	H. Tebbutt .....	117			
	Day W. ....	18	J. R. Medley (Sub-In- spectator of Police).	4			
	Dibbs G. R. ....	1	A. R. M'Donnell .....	51			
	Evans John .....	47	R. Rouse .....	18			
	Eldred W. H. ....	1	R. Rouse, junr. ....	4			
	Fraser J. ....	10	Murrurundi .....	.....			
	Foot J. ....	1	J. P. Luke .....	23			
	Goold S. ....	49	P. W. Wright .....	6			
	Goold S. S. ....	11	F. B. White .....	5			
	Hale T. ....	57	A. Brodie .....	12			
	Hill G. ....	1	W. E. Abbott .....	10			
	Hunt R. A. ....	16	G. G. Brodie .....	62			
	Josephson M. F. ....	42	W. Martyn .....	4			
	Loxton T. ....	52	A. J. Kingsmill .....	2			
	Lester C. ....	118	W. H. Wood .....	3			
	Levey M. ....	4	Wallabadah .....	.....			
	Lane H. ....	7	A. Loder .....	11			
	Love Wm. ....	1	C. B. Collett .....	12			
	Merriman Jas. ....	13	J. M. T. Macdonald .....	1			
	Metcalfe M. ....	3	Muselebrook & Merton.	.....			
	Morgan G. ....	1	J. Garrett (P.M.) .....	5			
	Murnin M. E. ....	1	F. Thrum .....	63			
Murphy Jas. ....	1	W. Bowman .....	19				
Neale J. H. ....	27	J. Doyle .....	19				
Oatley Jas. ....	45	F. White .....	12				
Palmer Benjamin .....	57	J. Keyes .....	7				
Roseby Jno. ....	9	W. Pearce .....	3				
Richardson R. P. ....	2	J. Hungerford .....	2				
Renwick G. ....	23	A. Bell .....	2				
Raphael J. G. ....	13	R. Pierce .....	5				
Stenhouse N. D. ....	1	J. White .....	2				
Smart J. W. ....	24	G. Kibble .....	.....				
Spence T. ....	20	Newcastle .....	.....				
Smith George .....	1	H. Scott (P.M.) .....	298				
Smithers J. B. ....	20	J. Hannell .....	61				
Stewart J. ....	9	E. Parnell .....	44				
Tucker Wm. ....	1	A. A. P. Tighe .....	32				
Williams J. ....	22	H. W. Swayne .....	27				
N. Sadler .....	5	C. F. Stokes .....	24				
H. O. MacCormack .....	2	H. Stokes .....	9				
J. Mair (P.M.) .....	Daily <sup>2</sup>	G. Hewison .....	13				
W. S. Findlay .....	.....	R. B. Wallace .....	11				
J. C. Woore .....	24	C. B. Ranclaud .....	3				
Francis Martin .....	6	J. Corlette .....	.....				
F. Bonney .....	4	J. W. Brooks .....	.....				
G. P. Suttor .....	.....	Waratah <sup>6</sup> .....	.....				
G. Maunsell (P.M.) .....	64	Orange .....	.....				
H. Crossen <sup>3</sup> .....	9	J. Dale .....	26				
J. Shackell <sup>3</sup> .....	6	W. Dale .....	12				
G. Langford <sup>3</sup> .....	3	W. Town .....	2				
R. J. Glass <sup>3</sup> .....	1	J. Dalton .....	23				
J. S. O'Shanassy <sup>4</sup> .....	.....	R. Glasson .....	1				
A. W. Robertson <sup>4</sup> .....	.....	G. Hawke .....	5				
E. C. Randall .....	.....	A. T. Kerr .....	4				
C. Icely .....	6	J. B. Lane .....	1				
H. C. Wall .....	4	G. M'Kay .....	21				
F. J. Smith .....	13	H. Warren .....	4				
H. Clements .....	3	T. G. Webb .....	3				
J. G. Church .....	11	J. E. Pearce (P.M.) .....	119				
H. C. M'Culloch .....	8	M. E. Maher .....	5				
		C. W. Simson .....	2				
		F. A. Chambers .....	3				
		M. Palmer .....	3				
		C. Severne .....	.....				
		T. Darchy .....	.....				
		T. M'Farland .....	.....				
		J. Clark .....	.....				

<sup>1</sup> Left the Colony.  
portion of 1872.<sup>2</sup> From 1 to 20 January, and from 21 March to 31 December.<sup>3</sup> Resides in Victoria.<sup>4</sup> Absent from District during greater<sup>5</sup> No Magistrates resident in District.<sup>6</sup> No Court held during the year.



Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.	Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.	
Oxley (contd.)	Hay (contd.)	P. B. Curtain .....	1	Port Stephens	Bulladelah.....	P. Snape (P.M.) .....	24	
		R. Scott .....	1	(contd.)				
		H. Darlot .....	1	Queanbeyan	Queanbeyan .....	F. B. Russell(P.M.) <sup>3</sup> .....	2	
		J. F. Blake.....	6			H. Hall .....	3	
	Maude .....					T. Rutledge .....	3	
	Booligal .....	M. Jeffery .....				A. Cunningham.....	3	
		R. Molesworth .....				W. Davis .....		
		W. A. Broadribb .....				J. J. Wright .....	23	
Parramatta	Parramatta	T. Lang .....	6			W. R. M'Carthy .....	7	
		J. Byrnes .....	1			M. Byrne .....	17	
		H. Byrnes .....	32			A. Morton .....	16	
		T. W. Bowden .....						
		S. Crook .....	5		Bungendore .....	F. B. Russell (P.M.).....	4	
		J. K. Cleeve .....	2			N. S. Powell .....	29	
		R. Crawford .....			Gundaroo .....	J. T. A. Styles .....	14	
		H. Fairclough .....	33			A. Affleck .....	14	
		W. Fullagar .....	3	Raymond Ter-	Raymond Ter-	J. Windeyer .....	33	
		J. Gollidge.....	69	race.	race.	C. Parnell .....	13	
		W. M. H. Gibbons .....	7			G. T. Carmichael .....	5	
		A. T. Holroyd .....				J. Eales .....	3	
		G. T. Hunt .....	27			A. Jacob .....	13	
		J. Kenyon .....	3			J. B. Carmichael .....	3	
		G. Langley .....	181			H. J. Bolding .....	Daily.	
		W. Lamb .....						
		J. Lackley .....		Richmond	Casino .....	W. C. Bundock .....	4	
		P. Miller .....	6	River.		A. Mackellar .....	7	
		A. L. M'Dougal.....				H. Barnes .....		
		C. M'Rae .....	26			T. H. Sherwood.....	2	
		J. Neale .....	18			J. Stocks .....	11	
		A. Payten .....	50			A. Campbell .....	2	
		E. D. Rowling .....	44			J. C. Irving .....	5	
		J. C. Rutter .....	5		Drake.....		4	
		N. Stewart .....	47					
	Ryde .....	J. Blaxland .....	40		Ballina .....	J. G. King (P.M.).....	11	
		J. S. Farnell .....	6			J. Sharp .....	2	
		C. Blaxland .....	14			E. Ross .....	18	
		J. Shephard .....	4			W. Gollan .....	1	
		J. Shephard, junior .....	28			H. M. Croft .....	10	
		T. K. Bowden .....	3					
		J. K. Haydon .....	5		Lismore .....	J. G. King (P.M.).....	11	
		F. N. Manning .....	3			A. Campbell .....	6	
		F. Campbell .....	1			A. M. Girard .....	11	
Paterson.....	Paterson	E. G. Cory .....	8	Rylstone	Rylstone .....	R. W. Cox .....	10	
		W. B. Boydell .....	7			J. W. Hardwick .....	36	
		A. Park .....				G. R. M'Lean .....	10	
		G. Cory .....	12			R. W. Armstrong .....	63	
		J. M'Cormick .....	8					
		R. Park .....	4		Scone .....	Scone .....	J. M. Creed .....	2
		G. J. Frankland .....	14				A. J. Kingsmill <sup>5</sup> .....	2
		G. B. Townsend .....	3				A. Johnston .....	11
		H. J. Lindeman.....					E. Jones <sup>6</sup> .....	1
Patrick's Plains	Singleton	J. Browne .....	33				M. H. Hall .....	3
		W. C. Browne .....	22				W. A. Dumaresq <sup>7</sup> .....	2
		G. Jarman .....	18				W. Little .....	2
		J. S. C. M'Douall .....	17				J. Garrett (P.M.) .....	78
		A. Bowman .....	10				F. R. Wilshire <sup>5</sup> .....	1
		G. T. Loder .....	10				J. G. Cobb .....	1
		S. B. Dight .....	10	Shoalhaven	Nowra .....	J. Aldcorn .....	22	
		A. M'Dougal .....	8			A. Elyard .....	19	
		R. Blaxland .....	7			J. Glanville .....	34	
		O. Saunders .....	7			J. Monaghan .....	17	
		R. Millar .....	7			Z. G. Bice .....	13	
		H. Glennie .....	5			J. Waddington .....	2	
		J. Lethbridge.....	3			M. Hyam .....	44	
		J. Alford .....	3			J. Fraser .....	11	
		H. Macdonald .....	2					
		G. Wyndham .....	1		Numba			
		R. A. Rodd .....	1		Broughton	J. Wilson .....	8	
		J. Johnston .....			Creek.	W. Stewart .....	6	
		G. L. Lethbridge <sup>1</sup> .....				J. Fraser .....	3	
		H. W. Swayne <sup>1</sup> .....				Z. G. Bice .....	3	
Penrith .....	Penrith	J. J. Riley .....	24	Tamworth	Tamworth .....	D. W. Irvine (P.M.) .....	129	
		E. J. Wilshire .....	15			P. G. King .....	1	
		J. D. Single .....	9			J. Garland (Supt. of	27	
		J. K. Lethbridge .....	4			Police).		
		Q. C. Farrant.....	15			J. Gill .....	12	
		E. K. Cox .....	7			H. M'Carthy .....	1	
		J. K. Cleeve, jun. ....	20			G. A. Single .....		
		J. M'Carthy .....	10			S. Burdekin .....		
		J. C. Mayne .....	3		Nundle .....	D. W. Irvine (P.M.) .....	12	
Port Macquarie	Port Macquarie	J. P. Ormiston <sup>2</sup> .....	35			C. B. Collett .....	5	
		J. H. Young .....	36			P. G. King .....		
		J. Ross .....	16			J. R. Dight .....	2	
		T. W. Palmer .....	7		Gunnedah	J. Rigney .....	7	
		J. Stewart .....	4			D. H. Dunlop .....	9	
		J. M'Iver .....				T. A. Johnston .....	8	
Port Stephens..	Stroud	T. Nicholls .....	94			J. K. Clark .....		
		J. Barling .....	59			R. Clark .....	3	
		P. Snape (P.M., Bulla-	3			L. M. C. Seton .....		
		delah).			Barraba .....	D. Capel .....	5	

<sup>1</sup> Lately arrived in District. <sup>2</sup> Deceased. <sup>3</sup> Every day, except when absent on duty at either Bungendore, Braidwood, or Gundaroo. <sup>4</sup> No record of attendance has been kept. <sup>5</sup> Left District. <sup>6</sup> Removed, 29/5/72. <sup>7</sup> Occasionally resident at Scone.

Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.	Police District.	Bench.	Names.	Attendances.
Tamworth (contd.)	Barraba (contd.)	E. Newton .....	22	Wellington (contd.)	Tambaroora (contd.)	J. Ross .....	.....
		J. W. Chcesbrough .....	3		Hill End .....	J. A. Tait .....	.....
		T. Harden .....	1			C. Cropper .....	43
		F. T. Rusden .....	1			E. C. Davies .....	24
Tenterfield.....	Tenterfield.....	G. W. F. Addison (P.M.)	Daily <sup>1</sup>			J. Ross <sup>5</sup> .....	6
		J. Ellis .....	6			H. G. Salmon <sup>5</sup> .....	13
		J. D. Dickson .....	4			S. Scarvell .....	2
		R. Lawson .....	5			T. C. Suttor, junr. ....	.....
		A. K. Cullen .....	4	Wentworth .....	Wentworth .....	J. A. Tait <sup>5</sup> .....	16
		W. B. Christian .....	3			W. L. Richardson (P.M.)	Daily.
		A. Greenup .....	3			H. O. M'Cormick .....	1
Tumut .....	Tumut .....	F. W. Vyner (P.M.) .....	69			W. Crozier .....	2
		E. O'Mara .....	25			D. M'Pherson .....	1
		E. G. Brown .....	3	Euston .....		R. B. Mitchell (P.M., Balranald) .....	12
		L. Mandelson .....	4			P. H. Gell .....	4
		A. Rankin .....	3			W. M. Walker .....	3
Tweed River .....	Cudgen <sup>2</sup> .....					W. L. Richardson (P.M.)	5
	Murwillumbah	S. W. Gray .....	7			S. Bolitho <sup>7</sup> .....	2
		J. Bray .....	6			R. Mokeridge <sup>8</sup> .....	5
		S. Hindmarsh .....	7			J. N. Brooks (P.M.) .....	9
		T. Robinson .....	6			W. S. Hall .....	14
		C. H. Fawcett <sup>3</sup> .....	.....			J. M. M'Quade .....	31
Wagga Wagga	Wagga Wagga	H. Baylis (P.M.) .....	282	Windsor.....	Windsor .....	S. Edgerton .....	16
		T. W. Hammond .....	5			J. Ducker .....	19
		J. Leitch .....	4			J. Ascough .....	1
		G. Forsyth .....	1			W. Lamrock .....	10
		G. Mair .....	16			E. Powell .....	5
		F. A. Tompson .....	16			R. Ridge .....	3
		J. S. Lavender .....	9			M. Raper .....	2
		A. G. Jones .....	.....			B. Richards .....	7
		J. F. Jenkins .....	1			S. Tuckerman .....	1
	Narandera <sup>4</sup> .....	A. A. Devlin .....	2			J. B. Johnston .....	5
		J. H. Douglas .....	1			W. Bowman .....	1
	Urana .....	W. Faed .....	13	Wollombi .....	Wollombi .....	J. N. Brooks (P.M.) .....	11
		F. B. Murphy .....	2			W. J. Cobercroft .....	23
		H. Baylis (P.M.) .....	6		Allalong .....	J. N. Brooks (P.M.) .....	9
Walgett .....	Walgett .....	T. Betteridge (P.M.) .....	68			E. C. Close .....	2
		E. J. Sparke .....	8			T. Crawford .....	1
		W. L. Stevenson .....	.....	Wollongong .....	Wollongong <sup>9</sup> .....	J. Brown .....	11
	Biree .....	H. W. Hammond .....	3			E. R. Evans .....	4
		T. J. Sherwin .....	3			H. Gordon .....	12
		H. Crowther .....	4			W. W. Jenkins .....	.....
Warialda .....	Warialda .....	G. Fullerton (P.M.) .....	Daily <sup>4</sup>			A. Lysaught .....	41
		A. A. Adams .....	1			F. P. MacCabe .....	7
		E. Redhead .....	3			H. J. Marr .....	3
		R. H. Fitzsimons .....	6			W. Osborne .....	.....
		F. C. Lamotte .....	.....			C. T. Smith .....	21
		F. Wyndham .....	.....			F. A. Thompson .....	6
		J. Dight .....	.....			A. A. Turner (C.P.S.) .....	Daily.
	Bingera .....	J. H. Tompson .....	.....			G. Waring .....	37
		G. Fullerton (P.M.) .....	Monthly			J. W. Wilshire .....	.....
	Moree.....	G. Fullerton (P.M.) .....	10	Yass .....	Yass .....	T. Barber .....	4
		T. Oliver <sup>5</sup> .....	2			N. R. Besnard <sup>12</sup> .....	1
		J. Single .....	2			I. M. Blake .....	7
		J. R. Smart .....	6			A. Campbell .....	7
		J. D. Single <sup>6</sup> .....	1			J. Cotterell .....	14
		J. D. Macansh .....	.....			H. Hume <sup>13</sup> .....	.....
		A. W. Bucknell .....	.....			T. Laidlaw <sup>14</sup> .....	.....
Wee Waa .....	Wee Waa .....	C. E. Smith (P.M.) .....	7			W. M'Bean .....	12
		C. W. Lloyd .....	1			M. O'Connor .....	9
		J. Moseley .....	3			J. G. L. Williams .....	21
	Narrabri.....	J. W. G. Cox .....	.....			L. Yates .....	83
		A. J. Doyle .....	1			J. Allman .....	6
		R. S. G. Macdonald .....	18		Gunning .....	H. Saxby .....	12
		J. Moseley .....	2			J. Gray .....	3
		W. C. Lloyd .....	5			F. Hume .....	3
		W. H. Howell .....	2	Young .....	Young .....	G. O. Clarke .....	97
Wellington .....	Wellington .....	H. M. Keightly .....	60			C. Temple .....	15
		R. T. B. Gaden .....	13			J. B. Combes .....	2
		J. Aarons .....	14			W. J. Watson .....	12
		S. B. Daniel .....	3			T. Watson .....	4
		R. Rygate .....	3			J. H. Wallace .....	1
		H. Kater .....	2			W. M. Wallace .....	.....
		R. Dulhunty .....	9			W. Allan .....	6
		F. Marsh (C.P.S.) .....	25			J. Broughton .....	5
	Stony-Creek .....	H. M. Keightly (P.M.) .....	14			J. Pring .....	.....
		J. K. Lethbridge .....	9			D. H. Campbell .....	.....
		G. Korff .....	4			J. Roberts .....	.....
		F. B. Suttor .....	.....			A. Mackay .....	2
	Tambaroora .....	C. Cropper .....	1		Murrumboola.....	G. O. Clarke .....	9
		E. C. Davies .....	.....			D. H. Campbell .....	4
		H. G. Salmon <sup>5</sup> .....	4			A. Mackay .....	2
		S. Scarvell .....	.....			J. Roberts .....	1
		T. C. Suttor, junr. ....	1				

<sup>1</sup> Except when presiding at Glen Innes. <sup>2</sup> No Court held. <sup>3</sup> Absent from District during the whole of the year 1872. <sup>4</sup> Except when absent at Bingera or Moree. <sup>5</sup> Left District. <sup>6</sup> Resides at Windsor. <sup>7</sup> Resident in Melbourne. <sup>8</sup> Left Colony. <sup>9</sup> Twice a month. <sup>10</sup> January to June. <sup>11</sup> Daily, except when at St. Albans or Allalong. <sup>12</sup> Attendance not expected, owing to age and distance of residence from Court. <sup>13</sup> Owing to age and ill health, attendance not expected. <sup>14</sup> Generally in Sydney.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(APPLICATIONS FOR BAILIFFS—SMALL DEBTS COURTS.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 11 December, 1873.*Remuneration to Bailiffs of Small Debts Courts, Gosford, Rylstone, and Wollongong—  
Letters from Benches suggesting.

## I.—Gosford.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, GOSFORD, to THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Police Office, Gosford,  
12 September, 1864.

SIR,

Referring to your letter of the 29th ultimo, enclosing the copy of a letter from Mr. J. Wheeler, respecting the case noted in the margin, and requesting us to afford Wheeler the redress he seeks,—in reply we have the honor to state that the plaintiff entered suit for the recovery of a balance due for work and labour done in cutting timber, amounting to £9 7s. 7½d., summons being served by plaintiff's son, there being no bailiff attached to the Court to make such service. Defendant entered pleas, but did not appear to support them on 7 July last, when judgment was given in favour of plaintiff, who subsequently applied for execution to the Registrar, who informed him that he could not issue a writ, as there was no bailiff attached to the Court to whom he could direct the precept under the 27th clause, but that he plaintiff might apply for a special writ under the 30th clause of said Act, upon entering into a bond with sureties, which plaintiff refused to do.

1 August, 1864.  
Wheeler v.  
McCulloch.  
Small Debts Act.

2. Previous to passing of the Police Act the chief constables in the country districts were appointed bailiffs under the 6th clause of 10 Victoria No. 10, but since the former Act came into operation they have been compelled to resign such offices.

3. The Court in this district has from time to time, and during the last eighteen months, invited applications from parties willing to undertake the duties of bailiff, but hitherto without effect. The small remuneration to be obtained from the fees, there being *no salary attached* to the office, has deterred parties from applying for the situation in this district. In the absence of a bailiff, the Court unfortunately cannot enforce its judgments.

We have, &amp;c.,

LYALL SCOTT, J.P.  
BOYD HORSBURGH, J.P.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, GOSFORD, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Police Office, Gosford,  
17 May, 1865.

SIR,

We have the honor to be in receipt of your letter of the 11th instant, in which reference is made to a letter from this Bench, of the 12th September last, addressed to the Attorney General, respecting the case Wheeler v. McCulloch, under Small Debts Act, and requesting to be informed whether we are aware of any person willing to accept the office of bailiff of the Small Debts Court, and what rate of salary we would consider reasonable.

2. We beg to state, for your information, that on the 24th October last a bailiff to the said Court was appointed by us, who was induced to apply for the office, several of the inhabitants having guaranteed to him the sum of £25 for one year; but we have reason to believe that the offer will not be repeated, and a permanent salary of the like amount we should consider reasonable.

We have, &amp;c.,

LYALL SCOTT, J.P.  
BOYD HORSBURGH, J.P.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, GOSFORD, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Police Office, Gosford,  
17 January, 1866.

SIR,

We do ourselves the honor to refer you to our letter of the 17th May, 1865, respecting the appointment of a bailiff to the Small Debts Court, Gosford; induced by the inhabitants guaranteeing to him the sum of £25 for one year; which having expired, they decline subscribing any longer, and he will be compelled to resign the office. Under the circumstances, we beg to recommend that a salary of the like amount may be granted by the Government; as the want of a bailiff would prove a serious loss to the suitors of the Court, under the Small Debts Act.

We have, &c.,  
BOYD HORSBURGH, J.P.  
LYALL SCOTT, J.P.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, GOSFORD, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Police Office, Gosford,  
3 June, 1867.

SIR,

We have the honor to call your attention to a letter from this Bench, addressed to you, on the 17th May, 1865, in reply to a letter received from your office on the 11th May of the same year. We enclose a copy of our letter referred to, and to which letter we have received no reply.

Shortly after Mr. Grant, the Police Magistrate, came here, applications were made to him, from various parties in the district, to appoint a bailiff to the Small Debts Court.

After making full inquiries, the Police Magistrate found it impossible to get any person residing in the district to accept the office, and he succeeded after much difficulty in getting a man who resided in Sydney—an old constable—to take the berth. This man, George Wade, has been here nearly three months, and the whole amount he has received has been an average of 1s. 10½d. per week. No doubt the smallness of this amount arises to a considerable extent from it not being fully known in the district that a bailiff had been appointed; but taking the average of the last few years, £20 a year is probably the amount a bailiff would receive in the year from fees.

The bailiff has to provide himself with a horse to serve the various processes of the Court, and the roads in this district are very bad.

We beg respectfully to make application that the bailiff of the Small Debts Court be paid a salary of £25 a year by the Government.

The work is of such a nature that no person who has other employment could conveniently do the duty of bailiff also, and unless some salary can be allowed to the present occupant, the district will be again left without a bailiff.

The last bailiff, Henry Worley, died on the 30th June last; and directly after Mr. Grant arrived here, he made application to the Inspector General of Police to be allowed to make use of a constable as bailiff, but Mr. McLerie replied that he could not do so, as it would be contrary to the provisions of the 7th sec. of the Police Act of 1862.

We have, &c.,  
ALEX. O. GRANT, P.M.  
LYALL SCOTT, J.P.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, GOSFORD, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Police Office, Gosford,  
18 July, 1867.

SIR,

We beg to call your attention to our letter of the 3rd June last, requesting that a small salary should be allowed to the bailiff of the small Debts Court at Gosford.

We have not received any reply to our communication, and we have now the honor to forward to you a letter we have received from the bailiff.

We beg to urge our request; for, if no salary is allowed to the bailiff, the district will be deprived of his services, with no prospect of a successor being obtained to supply his place.

We have, &c.,  
ALEX. O. GRANT, P.M.  
LYALL SCOTT, J.P.

[Enclosure.]

The Bailiff, Court of Petty Sessions, Gosford, to The Bench of Magistrates, Gosford.

Brisbane Water, Gosford,  
4 July, 1867.

Gentlemen,

This is a statement showing the amount of fees received by me as bailiff of the Court of Petty Sessions at Gosford, since the month of March last. I have now been here sixteen weeks, and all the fees I received during that period was £3 6s. or 4s. 1½d. per week, and out of that sum there is 1s. 6d. per week for house rent, which leaves me something about 2s. 7½d. per week to live on, or 4½d. per diem. I cannot pay my way under such circumstances; my weekly expenses during my time in Gosford did not exceed 9s. 3d. per week, and buying bread and other articles at a high price, and also occasionally buying some corn for my horse; and I say again its impossible for any man to strive to live on the fees from this Court, without having some other means of maintenance. I have suffered very much since I came here, and done all in my power, and if there is not something done for me I must resign the situation; no man can half live on the fees of this Court.

Your obedient and humble servant,  
GEO. WADE,  
Bailiff.

## II.—Rylstone.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, RYLSTONE, TO THE UNDER SECRETARY, CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT.

Court House, Rylstone,  
18 January, 1865.

SIR,

The office of bailiff of the Small Debts Court, under the Act 10 Vic. No. 10, having been vacant for some time, and as we are unable to obtain any person to discharge the duties, we are desirous to bring the matter under the notice of the Crown Law Officers.

The Police Act prohibits any member of the Police Force from acting in the capacity of bailiff, and the small amount of remuneration allowed is the reason why other persons decline to accept it.

We have, &c.,  
EWD. KING COX, J.P.  
JAS. J. RILEY, J.P.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, RYLSTONE, TO THE UNDER SECRETARY, CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT.

Court House, Rylstone,  
19 June, 1867.

SIR,

The office of bailiff of the Small Debts Court at Rylstone having been vacant for more than two years, no person being willing to hold it except at a fixed salary, the business of the Court is virtually suspended. The services of a suitable person could be obtained at a salary of £20 per annum; we should therefore feel obliged by your informing us if the necessary authority for such payment can be obtained.

We have, &c.,  
G. R. MACLEAN, J.P.  
JOHN W. HARDWICK, J.P.

## III.—Wollongong.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, WOLLONGONG, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Court House, Wollongong,  
21 October, 1872.

SIR,

The bailiff of the Small Debts Court at Wollongong having resigned his office, and the fees, owing to the present small amount of business done, not being sufficient to induce any other person to accept the appointment, this Bench applied to the Inspector General of Police, requesting that a member of the Police Force might be authorized to accept the office.

The Inspector General, in reply, stated that the appointment of a member of the Police Force would be illegal, but suggested that, on application to you, an authority might be obtained to pay an allowance of from £10 to £20, as an additional inducement to some one to accept the office.

As great inconvenience is likely to arise for the want of a properly appointed bailiff, we have the honor to request that such an authority may be given.

We have, &c.,  
GEO. WARING, J.P.  
THOMAS HALE, J.P.  
ALFRED A. TURNER, J.P.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

COURT HOUSE AND POLICE QUARTERS, WEST MAITLAND.  
(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 12 December, 1873.*

MR. JAMES FULLFORD TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

"Northumberland Hotel,"

West Maitland, 10 December, 1872.

SIR,

Understanding that the Government are likely shortly to require suitable premises for a Court House in West Maitland, including ample and convenient offices for clerks, &c., as well as a Police Barracks, I have the honor respectfully to offer to the Government the premises in High-street, West Maitland, well known for many years as the "Northumberland Hotel."

The house and premises are centrally situated, are convenient and commodious, and, I believe, can afford every accommodation that can be required.

I respectfully invite inspection of the property, and am prepared to treat with the Government for the sale of the same at a price that may be fixed upon by a valuator appointed solely by the Government.

Trusting that I may have the honor to hear from you shortly upon this subject,

I have, &c.,

JAMES FULLFORD.

Submitted, 14 Dec., /73.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

It has been represented to me that the building known as the "Northumberland Hotel," West Maitland, might be purchased at a price much below the cost of a new building, for the purposes of Petty Sessions and Police. The Government require a large room for the sittings of the Bench, with necessary offices, buildings for a lock-up, gaol, and for police quarters.

I shall be glad if Mr. Sutherland will instruct the Colonial Architect to inspect and report upon the premises, both as to their suitability for the purposes required, and their present value in comparison with buildings erected expressly for those purposes.

Any report as to value must be considered as confidential.

H.P., 10/3/73.

THE COLONIAL ARCHITECT TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Department of Public Works,

Colonial Architect's Office,

Sydney, 1 April, 1873.

SIR,

In compliance with verbal instructions, I have inspected, with a view to their suitability for a Court House, lock-up, and Police Barrack, the premises in High-street, West Maitland, known as the "Northumberland Hotel."

2. With reference to the premises alluded to, I do myself the honor to report that the property consists of two roods and twenty-two perches of land, having frontages to High-street and Oakhampton Road, on which stand extensive buildings of brick, with stud partitions, also stabling and out-buildings, chiefly of timber. The water supply is from two wells, and the premises are fairly drained; the basement, however, is liable to be flooded, but recent improvements in enlarging the waterway under the adjoining road may, to a certain extent, prevent serious damage from this cause. I value the property at £2,000.



3. The buildings can be made to answer for Court House, lock-up, and Police Barrack; the front portion, on the ground-floor, with the addition of a verandah for the public, and other alterations, could be appropriated for a Court House, and that at the rear, on the same floor, for lock-up and keeper's quarters; the floor above, as a barrack for the police, and the remaining portion of the building, including basement, might be used as quarters for Police Magistrate, or Superintendent, if considered desirable.

4. To effect the necessary repairs and alterations required for making use of the premises as proposed, an expenditure of about £1,000 will have to be incurred. I forward herewith a plan\* of the buildings.

5. The cost of erecting a new Court House, lock-up, and Police Barrack, of a character suitable to the district, I estimate at £5,000.

I have, &c.,

JAMES BARNET,  
Col. Archt.

Decision.—That as lock-up must be provided, and police quarters are required, the property should be purchased at lowest rate, and converted as recommended by Colonial Architect.—H.P., 4/4/73.

Letter to Works Department accordingly.—H.P.

Returned.—H.H., 10/4/73.

[No official communication was made to Works Department.]

MR. J. FULLFORD TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

“Northumberland Hotel,”  
West Maitland, 28 April, 1873.

SIR,

Understanding that the Government prefer my fixing a price for the premises known as the “Northumberland Hotel,” West Maitland, which are contemplated to be purchased for a Court House and Police Barracks, I have the honor most respectfully to say that I will accept the sum of two thousand five hundred pounds (£2,500) for the said premises.

I have, &c.,

JAMES FULLFORD.

THE POLICE MAGISTRATE, MAITLAND, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

East Maitland,  
5 May, 1873.

SIR,

I do myself the honor respectfully to invite your attention to the accommodation at present afforded for the transaction of the business of the Police Court at West Maitland.

Many of the Magistrates have intimated to me that until better accommodation is afforded they will not attend the Court.

My own health I know has suffered severely from being confined in a place totally inadequate for the purpose of a Police Court. There is no room to which the Magistrates can retire to consult upon the business before the Court; and the room in which the Petty Sessions is now held is dilapidated and inadequate to the public requirements, that I fear entering upon the ensuing winter.

I have been told that the “Northumberland Hotel” has been offered to the Government with the view of converting it into a Police Office and Court of Petty Sessions. I believe with a very little expense the premises might be rendered available for police purposes as well as for Petty Sessions. I beg to say that I am willing to give £35 a year for such rooms as may be unoccupied, for police purposes.

There will probably be one or two hundred pounds wanted to make the necessary alterations, but that sum I believe will satisfy the expenditure requirements of West Maitland.

I have, &c.,

JAMES SMITH, P.M.

MEMORANDUM of Principal Under Secretary upon Mr. Fullford's letter to Colonial Secretary of 28 April, 1873.

The Colonial Architect values the premises at £2,000, and adds that £1,000 would be required for repairs and alterations.—22 May, 1873.

MR. BENJAMIN LEE, JUNR., TO THE SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Morpeth, 9 June, 1873.

SIR,

I am much surprised that no action has yet been taken towards completing the purchase of Mr. Fullford's property, for the purposes of a Court House and Police Barracks, for the Town of West Maitland, or stating the Government declined to entertain his offer.

I am informed that the Police Magistrate has signified his willingness to occupy a portion of the premises as a residence, at a rental of £35 per annum.

Having

Having seen Mr. Fullford on the subject, he now consents to accept the sum of £2,000 cash for the property, which I consider very cheap, and beg leave to strongly recommend, as the requirements of Police Office accommodation are so urgently required, and in this purchase the same would be immediately available.

The time has nearly arrived for taking out the annual license, and if this is paid by Mr. Fullford must be a further charge to the purchase, which would be saved by completing before 30th instant.

I have, &c.,  
BENJAMIN LEE, JUNR.

Principal Under Secretary, with reference to previous papers.—J.R., B.C., 11/6/73.

THE CROWN SOLICITOR TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Crown Solicitor's Office,  
Sydney, 27 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you, that Mr. Fullford, of West Maitland, has called upon me this morning, and left with me various documents relating to his title to the premises in that township, known as the "Northumberland Hotel," and which premises he stated had been purchased from him by the Government.

Mr. Fullford informed me that he left the documents, being requested so to do by the Honorable the Minister for Works. I cannot find that I have received any instructions in the matter; if it is intended that I should do anything you will please send me your directions.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN WILLIAMS,  
Crown Solicitor.

Chief Secretary.—J.S., 30/6/73.

Prin. Under Secretary.—J.R., B.C., 2/7/73.

MEMORANDA upon Mr. Fullford's letter to the Colonial Secretary of 10 December, 1872.

Will the Colonial Secretary kindly write directions hereon?—H.H.

Purchase to be completed.—H.P., 10/7/73.

Inform the U.S. for Public Works, Treasury, and Crown Solicitor.—14/7/73.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN SOLICITOR.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 17 July, 1873.

SIR,

With reference to your letter of the 27th ultimo, addressed to the Under Secretary for Public Works, I am directed to inform you that the Colonial Secretary approves of the completion of the purchase, at a cost of £2,000, of the premises at West Maitland known as the "Northumberland Hotel," which have been offered by Mr. James Fullford for sale to the Government for a Court House, lock-up, &c.; and to request that you will take the necessary steps accordingly.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 17 July, 1873.

SIR,

With reference to your blank cover communication of the 2nd instant, I am directed to state, for the information of the Secretary for Public Works, that the Colonial Secretary approves of the completion of the purchase, at a cost of £2,000, of the premises at West Maitland, known as the "Northumberland Hotel," which have been offered by Mr. James Fullford for sale to the Government for a Court House, lock-up, &c.; and that the Crown Solicitor has been instructed to take the necessary steps accordingly.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

Colonial Architect.—J.S., 18/7/73.

Mr. Barnet, for information, &c.—J.R., B.C., 21/7/73.

Noted and returned.—J.B., 22 July, 1873.

MR. J. FULLFORD TO THE SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

"Northumberland Hotel,"  
W. Maitland, 18 July, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to the sale of the "Northumberland Hotel," I have the honor to inform you that in accordance with an understanding I shall quit the premises on the 1st day of August next, and should like you to arrange for some person or persons to take charge from that date, as, if left unoccupied for any length of time, the premises would in all probability be damaged. I have also to intimate that on the 29th instant the sale of my furniture takes place, and believing the Government would prefer purchasing, at

at a fair price, the gas fittings and two tanks, I have taken the liberty of mentioning the matter to you. If so disposed perhaps it would be as well for some gentlemen to wait upon me with a view of examining same and reporting to you prior to the day of sale. The price for the lot will be about £25.

I have, &c.,

JAMES FULLFORD.

The Colonial Architect, for report as to value to the Government.—J.S., 21/7/73.

Mr. Barnett.—J.R., B.C., 23/7/73.

I think £15 will be about the value to the Government. I would suggest that a policeman be put in charge when Mr. Fullford leaves the premises.—J.B., 25 July, /73.

Principal Under Secretary.—J.R., B.C., 26/7/73.

Approved.—H.P., 1/8/73.

The Under Secretary for Public Works.—H.H., B.C., 4 August, 1873.

Colonial Architect.—J.R., B.C., 6/8/73.

I beg to inquire whether Mr. Fullford has been informed? As alterations will be required for converting the building into a Court House and lock-up, I would request the return of the plan prepared by me, and forwarded 10 Aug., /73.—J.B.

Noted, 13/8/73.

The papers with plan were lent to the Principal Under Secretary on the 22nd April last. Will Mr. Halloran please return them?—J.R., B.C., 14/8/73.

The Under Secretary for Public Works.—The plan asked for is herewith. Certain papers relating to the West Maitland Court House also herewith; the other papers which relate more particularly to Mr. Fullford's property are with the Crown Solicitor, and will be forwarded on their return from that officer.—(For the U.S.), W.G., B.C., 16 Sept., /73.

THE CROWN SOLICITOR TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

Crown Solicitor's Office,  
Sydney, 22 July, 1873.

Fullford to The Queen.

SIR,

I have the honor, with reference to your letter to me of date the 17th instant, to forward, herewith, a copy of the land described in the conveyance from Mr. Baldwin and others to him, and which land is, as I presume, the same as that the Crown has purchased lately from Mr. Fullford, and to request that you will have the goodness to inform me if this description is a correct one of such purchased land; if not, I must of course be furnished with one that is accurate.

I have, &c.,

JOHN WILLIAMS,

Crown Solicitor.

All that parcel of land situated at West Maitland, in the Colony of New South Wales, being part of a parcel of 2 acres and 20 perches, originally granted to Hamilton Collins Sempill, and containing by admeasurement 2 roods and 22 perches; bounded on the south-west by High-street (commencing at the north-west corner of the said 2 acres and 20 perches), bearing southerly and easterly 3 chains and 34 links; on the south by a line bearing east 5 degrees, north 1 chain and 57 links to the Oakhampton Road; on the east by the Oakhampton Road, northerly 2 chains and 40 links to the Church and School grant; and on the north by the south boundary-line of the said Church and School grant, bearing west 3 chains and 57 links to the point of commencement. Together with the inn or hotel known as the "Northumberland Hotel," and the tap, coach-houses, stables, lodging-house, and all other buildings thereon, and all ways, &c., &c.

Mr. Fullford's offer is contained in his letter of the 10th December last, and in these words:—"The premises in High-street, West Maitland, well known for many years as the 'Northumberland Hotel.'"

The Surveyor General may, through one of his officers, at once verify the description given, or furnish a measured description of the premises in High-street, well known for many years as the "Northumberland Hotel."

Submitted, 24th July, /73. Approved by Col. Secy. Letter to U.S. for Lands. Urgent,  
24/7/73.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR LANDS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Sydney, 25 July, 1873.

[Urgent.]

SIR,

In transmitting the enclosed copy of a paper, purporting to be a description of certain premises at West Maitland, which are about to be purchased by the Government from Mr. James Fullford, for a Court House, &c., and which are described by Mr. Fullford as "the premises in High-street, West Maitland, well known for many years as the 'Northumberland Hotel,'"—I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to request that you will invite the Secretary for Lands to have the goodness to cause the Surveyor General to be instructed at once to verify this description, or furnish with as little delay as possible a measured description of the premises indicated by the words above quoted.

I have, &c.,

HENRY HALLORAN.

Mr. D.-S. Evans for measurement of the land herein described.—J.S.A. (for S. Gl.), B.C., 31 July, 1873. No. 142.

THE

## THE CROWN SOLICITOR TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

Crown Solicitor's Office,  
Sydney, 7 August, 1873.

Fullford to the Queen.

SIR,

I have the honor to call your attention to my letter to you of the 22nd July, in which I requested you would have the goodness to inform me if the description of land I forwarded therein was a correct description of the land purchased by the Government from Mr. Fullford,—and to state that as I understand it is Mr. Fullford's intention to visit Sydney in the course of a few days, it is very desirable that I should receive a reply to my letter at your earliest convenience.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN WILLIAMS,  
Crown Solicitor.

Immediate.—The Under Secretary for Lands may be asked for the description as early as practicable.—H.H., 8/8/73, B.C., 8 August, 1873. To be returned.

Immediate.—The description forwarded by the Crown Solicitor is evidently intended for the area shown by a red edging on the accompanying tracing from a plan now furnished by Mr. D.-S. Evans. The lengths of lines in the description fall short of the lengths as measured by Mr. Evans, but that may be accounted for by the practice which for a time prevailed in the early days of the Colony of giving excessive measurement.—J.S.A. (for S.Gl.), B.C., 26 August, 1873.

## MR. DISTRICT SURVEYOR EVANS TO THE SURVEYOR GENERAL.

Maitland, 9 August, 1873.

SIR,

In obedience to your instructions of the 31st ultimo (No. 73/142), I have the honor to transmit <sup>73,3860 Ms.</sup> a plan of the land in West Maitland, on which is erected the premises known as the "Northumberland <sup>herewith.</sup> Hotel."

The boundaries were pointed out to me by Mr. Fullford. There were no marks or fence to indicate the position of the northern boundary, but it is in a line with the fence running easterly from Sempill-street (otherwise called the Oakhampton Road), shown on the plan. Adopting this line as correct, the frontage to High-street and also to Sempill-street is greater than is given in the description from the deed. Should it however be thought advisable to adhere to the lengths along those streets, given in the deed, the cutting off of the small portion along the northern boundary, necessary to effect this, will not alter the value of the property in any respect.

I have, &c.,  
THOMAS EVANS,  
District Surveyor.

The Principal Under Secretary, with tracing.—W.W.S., B.C., 26 August, 1873.

Urgent. The Crown Solicitor.—H.H., B.C., 27 August, 1873.

I think that on this certificate the title may be accepted.—J.G.L.I., 28/8/73.

## THE CROWN SOLICITOR TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Crown Solicitor's Office,  
Sydney, 29 August, 1873.

Fullford to the Queen.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that the conveyance is in my hands duly executed, and that there is no objection to the purchase money (£2,000) being paid to him. I received the instructions in this matter from the Colonial Secretary's Department, and should in the ordinary course have addressed the Principal Under Secretary. Mr. Fullford, however, tells me that you informed him yesterday that the settlement of the matter rests with you, and that you have a cheque ready to hand over to him on receiving an intimation from me that the deed is executed, and I therefore write this.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN WILLIAMS,  
Crown Solicitor.

Money paid to-day.—J.R., 30/8/73.

Place this with other papers.—G.H., 1/9/73.

## THE CROWN SOLICITOR TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

Crown Solicitor's Office,  
Sydney, 29 August, 1873.

Fullford to the Queen.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that the deed of conveyance herein is in my hands duly executed by Mr. Fullford, and that I therefore see no objection to the purchase money being paid to him, taking therefor such a receipt as is usually required by the Auditor General.

I shall feel obliged by your at once causing a sum of £10 13s. 8d. to be placed to the credit of my public account to enable me to get the conveyance stamped, &c.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN WILLIAMS,  
Crown Solicitor.

## THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN SOLICITOR.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 15 September, 1873.

SIR,

£10 13s. 8d.

In reply to your letter of the 29th ultimo, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that the Secretary for Public Works has been invited to cause a sum of £10 13s. 8d. to be placed to your credit, to enable you to meet the expense of stamping the conveyance of the premises at West Maitland, purchased from Mr. James Fullford, and other expenses in connexion with that transaction.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary,)  
WM. GOODMAN.

## THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 15 September, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to my letter of the 17th July last, respecting the purchase of certain premises at West Maitland from Mr. James Fullford, I am now directed by the Colonial Secretary to request that you will invite the Secretary for Public Works to cause a sum of £10 13s. 8d. to be placed to the credit of the Crown Solicitor, to enable him to meet the expense of stamping the conveyance of the premises, and other expenses in connection with that transaction.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary,)  
WM. GOODMAN.

Colonial Architect.—J.S., 15/9/73.

Mr. Barnet accordingly.—G.H. (for U.S.), B.C., 16/9/73.

I have prepared a voucher for the amount, and forwarded it to the Treasury for payment.—J.B., 18th Sept., 1873.

Crown Solicitor informed.—20/9/73.

## THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS TO THE CROWN SOLICITOR.

Department of Public Works,  
Sydney, 20 September, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to the purchase by the Government of certain premises at West Maitland from Mr. James Fullford, I am directed by the Secretary for Public Works to inform you, that the Colonial Architect has prepared and forwarded a voucher to the Treasury, for payment to you of the sum of £10 13s. 8d., to enable you to meet the expense of stamping the necessary deed of conveyance, and other expenses in connection with this matter.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN RAE.

## THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 17 July, 1873.

SIR,

£2,000.

I am directed to state, for the information of the Colonial Treasurer, that the Colonial Secretary has approved of the completion of the purchase, at a cost of £2,000, of certain premises at West Maitland, known as the "Northumberland Hotel," which have been offered by Mr. James Fullford for sale to the Government for a Court House, lock-up, &c.; and that the Crown Solicitor has been instructed to take the necessary steps accordingly.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY HALLORAN.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department,—Would Mr. Under Secretary Halloran be kind enough to state to what vote this purchase is chargeable.—G.E., 24/7/73.

The

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade,—Having referred to the Colonial Secretary, I am enabled to say from the vote for Gaols, Court Houses, and Lock-ups, 1873.—H.H., B.C., 25 July, /73.

Approved.—G.A.L., 29/7/73.

Examined.—G.E., 31/7/73. The Under Secretary, Public Works, for his information.—G.E. The Treasury, B.C., 31 July, 1873. Immediate.

Colonial Architect to pay.—J.S., 4/8/73.

Mr. Barnet.—G.H. (for U.S.), B.C., 5/8/73.

The Vote for Gaols and Court Houses is exceeded. I have included a supplementary sum of £4,000 in the estimate submitted by me.—J.B., 27 Aug., /73.

Princl. Under Secretary,—How is the money to be paid? Mr. Fullford is in town, awaiting a settlement.—Urgent.—J.R., B.C., 28/8/73.

It is understood that a large balance of the vote in question remains *unexpended*, and from which this payment can be made. Urgent.—H.H., B.C., 29 August, /73.

Forward to Treasury for payment.—J.S., 30/8/73.

Under Secretary for Finance. Urgent.—G.H. (for U.S.), B.C., 30/8/73.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

Series B.—Contingency Form No. 4 (a).

Pay Voucher No. 12,503.

Head of Service—GAOLS AND COURT HOUSES.

Payable from Vote of £12,000. Item No. 320 of "Appropriation Act of 1873."

Contingent Expenses—Department of Colonial Architect.

Departmental Voucher No. 532-<sup>302</sup>.

Date or period of Supply or Service.	Claimant—James Fullford. Place or District—West Maitland.	Amount.
1873.	For the supply of the undermentioned Supplies or Services :—	£. s. d.
27 August.....	No. and date of authority—73/1,927; 6th Aug., 1873. For purchase of premises at West Maitland, known as the "Northumberland Hotel," intended for Court House .....	2,000 0 0
	Ministerial authority attached—73/5,562. C.P., N 607.	Stamp.
Total.....		£ 2,000 0 0

I certify that the amount charged in this Voucher as to computations, castings, and rates, is correct; that the service has been faithfully performed; and that the expenditure is duly authorized in terms of the Audit Act.

JAMES BARNET,  
Head of the Department.

RECEIVED on the 30th day of August, 1873, the sum of £2,000, sterling.

JAMES FULLFORD.

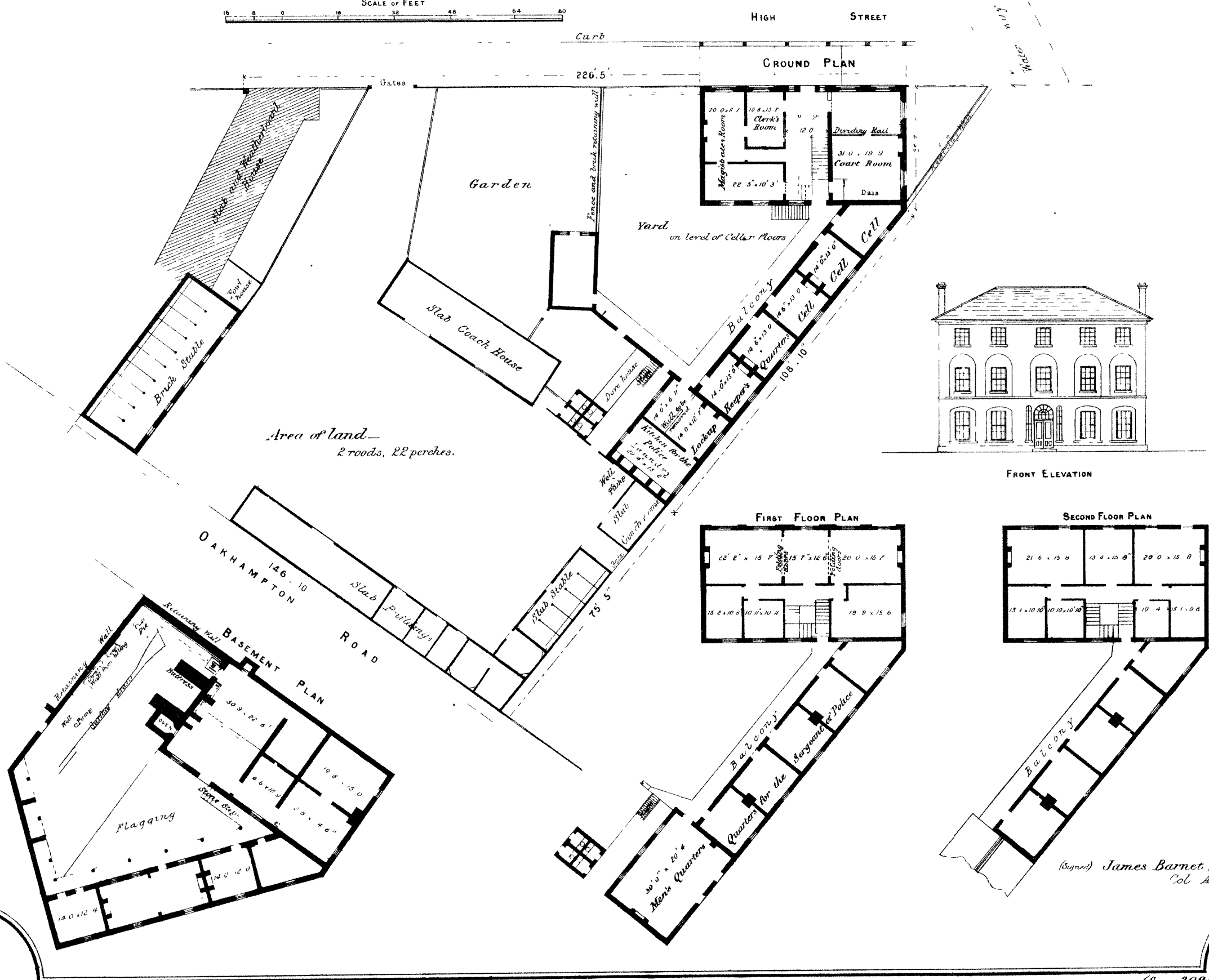
[Plan.]



**PLAN**  
OF THE  
**NORTHUMBERLAND HOTEL,**  
WEST MAITLAND.

APPENDIX

SCALE OF FEET  
0 16 32 48 64 80



(Signed) James Barnett,  
Col. Archt.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

**MR. ERNEST CHARLES DAVIES.**

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING RESIGNATION OF, AS A MAGISTRATE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 14 January, 1874.*

RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 13 January, 1874, praying that His Excellency the Governor would be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of all Papers and Correspondence relative to the resignation of Ernest Charles Davies, Esquire, of Hill End, as a Magistrate of the Colony.”

(Mr. J. S. Smith.)

SCHEDULE.

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## MR. ERNEST CHARLES DAVIES.

### No. 1.

E. C. DAVIES, Esq., J.P., to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

7, Bank Chambers,  
Hill End, 12 February, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that I hold a Commission of the Peace, and have constantly resided and performed Magisterial functions at Hill End for upwards of a year.

I became a partner about two years ago in the business of sugar planter and manufacturer near Port Macquarie, and have since carried on that undertaking in conjunction with Mr. Morison, who has of late been the managing partner. Neither in my occupation here nor personally have I any pecuniary embarrassments, but through a succession of bad seasons the affairs of the firm of Morison and Davies have become so involved as to necessitate seeking the protection of the Insolvent Court. Under these circumstances I believe it becomes my duty to tender the resignation of my Commission to His Excellency the Governor, at the same time being permitted to state that I have personally no desire either to relinquish the honor of the appointment or to avoid performing the duties of the office.

I have, &c.,  
ERNEST C. DAVIES.

### No. 2.

THE POLICE MAGISTRATE, HILL END, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Court House, Hill End,  
12 February, 1873.

SIR,

Mr. Ernest Charles Davies, of this place, having, in consequence of the failure of a business in the North, in which he is a partner, intimated to me that he has felt it his duty to tender the resignation of his Commission as Justice of the Peace to His Excellency the Governor, I have the honor to submit the following reasons why you may see fit to advise His Excellency not to accept Mr. Davies' resignation.

The difficulties in which Mr. Davies is involved are exclusively in connection with the business I have referred to, and seem to have been caused solely by misfortune, arising from the depreciation of the value of his property through the failure of successive crops.

While residing at Hill End Mr. Davies has gained universal respect by his integrity and urbanity; and I may add that the state of his affairs here are, I believe, such as result from the conduct of an honorable and energetic man.

As a Magistrate he is prompt, just, and prudent in the discharge of his duties. I always greatly value his assistance, and I consider that his removal from the Bench, even only for a time, would be a serious public loss.

I trust you will accept this expression of my opinion as dictated by a desire for the public good as well as by the respect and friendship I, in common with this community generally, entertain for Mr. Davies.

I have, &c.,  
J. W. LEES, P.M.

### No. 3.

#### OFFICIAL MEMORANDA.

##### *Memo. of Principal Under Secretary.*

Submitted.—14th February, '73.

Supersedeas should, I think, issue.

##### *Memo. of Principal Under Secretary.*

Let me see last return of Magistrates' attendances at Hill End.—19/8/73.

Herewith.—20th.

#### HILL END.

Return of Attendance of Magistrates on Bench Duty, during 1872:—

C. Cropper	...	...	...	43
E. C. Davies	...	...	...	24
John Ross	} Left District	...	...	6
H. G. Salmon		...	...	13
S. Scarvell	...	...	...	2
T. C. Suttor, Jun.	...	...	...	—
J. A. Tait (left District)	...	...	...	16

##### *Memo. of Principal Under Secretary.*

Mr. Davies seems a fair attendant. If he should be superseded in consequence of his position in reference to his trade embarrassments, other appointments would appear to be necessary.

3

No. 4.

E. MANBY, ESQ., to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Bank Chambers, Hill End,  
30 September, 1873.

SIR,

I do myself the honor to address you under circumstances of what I conceive very great hardship, inflicted upon me by the continuance of the name of Mr. Ernest Charles Davies, of this place, valuator, &c., in the Commission of the Peace.

In order that you may more fully appreciate my complaint, I forward an extract from the *Hill End Observer* of the 20th September now instant, regarding a most illegal warrant issued by Mr. Davies against me, not only against but in direct opposition to the opinion of the whole Bench. Mr. Davies is an uncertificated insolvent, and the *Sydney Morning Herald* of the 19th instant thus reports:—

“In the estate of Morrison and Davies. An account in the joint and separate estate of these insolvents. The official assignee, Mr. Humphery, stated that no assets had been realized, and that the estate was indebted to him.” Mr. Davies is one of the sureties of the *Hill End Times*, never yet having justified as required by law, and that paper has in the most vile and filthy and black manner (I use the expressions of counsel) blackguarded and slandered me for now five months past. In suing Mr. Davies for false imprisonment I do so at certain loss, suing a comparative pauper. You are reported to have said that “a Magistrate ought to be able to stand an action for false imprisonment.”

I very respectfully submit that Mr. Davies should not whilst insolvent remain upon the Bench to arrest far better men, and coolly say, “Do your best and your worst; I’ll sign the warrant,” or words to that effect, in the face of every one of his brother Justices; and requesting your kind attention to the flagrant injustice I have sustained,

I have, &amp;c.

EDWD. MANBY.

[Enclosure.]

EXTRACT.

E. C. DAVIES, ESQ., J.P.—From last Wednesday’s *Times* we learn that the warrant executed on Mr. Manby was signed by Mr. Davies alone, and that some anything but complimentary remarks were made by the gentleman on whom the warrant was served, regarding Mr. Davies’ pecuniary circumstances. Only for the *Times* we should not have known this, as we are not in the habit of interviewing constables for the purpose of gleaning any gossip that they may hear, and feel inclined to relate, while in the execution of their duty, with a view of giving it publicity. The *Times* dilates on the happiness of the possessor of poverty, if a gentleman, &c., and also on the obligations of the district to Mr. Davies for his heroic conduct in this matter. Well, about the obligations, there may be some difference of opinion on the subject; but we rather fancy the residents of Hill End, who may be brought in contact with the Bench, would prefer dealing with J.P.’s of substance to those of straw. Magistrates are like other men, and not infallible; and it would certainly be preferable that they were in such pecuniary positions and possessed of such substance that those who might consider themselves injured by their decisions should be enabled to fall back on something better than ‘straw’ for redress. On this matter there can be no doubt. Regarding Mr. Davies’ pecuniary position we express no opinion at all, and we only remark on what we glean from the *Times*, for the purpose of commenting on it, and exposing the fallacy of the argument, or rather nonsense talked by that journal on the matter. When men are pitchforked into prominent positions, and “the obligations of the public,” to them are dilated on in glowing terms, and their qualifications are commented on at the expense of better men, it is only natural that these pretensions should be inquired into. Looking into all the circumstances of the case, we think that Mr. Davies would be justified in exclaiming, “Save me from my friends.”

No. 5.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE UNDER SECRETARY, CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT.

WILL the Under Secretary, Department of the Attorney General, be good enough to cause enquiry to be made as to whether Mr. E. C. Davies is insolvent or not?—(For the U.S.) W.G., B.C., 10 Oct., ’73. To be returned.

No. 6.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT to THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF INSOLVENT ESTATES.

Attorney General’s Department,  
Sydney, 14 October, 1873.

SIR,

In transmitting the enclosed letter, &c., from Edward Manby, Esq., solicitor, Hill End, complaining of the conduct of Mr. E. C. Davies, J.P., I am directed by the Attorney General to request that you will have the goodness to state whether the estate of Mr. Davies (apparently of Hill End) has been sequestrated; and, if so, on what date?

30 Sept., 1873.  
To be returned.

I have, &amp;c.,

W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary,

No. 7.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT to THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary’s Department,—Report herewith.—W.E.P., B.C., 22 Oct., 1873.

[Enclosure.]

## [Enclosure.]

The Registrar in Insolvency to The Under Secretary to the Crown Law Department.

Insolvency Department, Supreme Court,  
Sydney, 17 October, 1873.

Sir,

I am directed by His Honor the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates to acknowledge the receipt, this day, of your letter of the 14th instant (No. J 73/1642), and in reply to inform you as follows:—

1. That the estate of one George William Morrison and one Ernest Charles Davies, trading in co-partnership at Port Macquarie as sugar planters, and then residing at Hill End, was, on their own petition, sequestrated on the 21st day of February last.

2. That the said Ernest Charles Davies has not obtained nor applied for a certificate of conformity.

3. That it had not come to the knowledge of the Chief Commissioner that the said Ernest Charles Davies was in the Commission of the Peace, otherwise the usual notification of insolvency would have been sent to the Principal Under Secretary.

I have, &amp;c.,

ARTHUR HENRY,  
Registrar in Insolvency.

## No. 8.

## OFFICIAL MEMORANDA.

Is Mr. E. C. Davies still in the Commission of the Peace?—28/10/73. Yes, 28th.

Shall Mr. Davies be asked to resign, or shall a supersedeas issue?—30/10/73.

Better inform Mr. Davies that supersedeas must issue if he does not resign.—H.P., 3/11/73.

## No. 9.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to E. C. DAVIES, Esq., J.P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 4 November, 1873.

SIR,

I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that the sequestration of your estate has been officially reported by the Registrar in Insolvency, and to state for your guidance that unless you resign your office of a Justice of the Peace you will, in accordance with the usual practice, be removed therefrom by Writ of Supersedeas.

I have, &amp;c.,

(For the Under Secretary),  
WM. GOODMAN.

## No. 10.

E. C. DAVIES, Esq., J.P., to THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

7, Bank Chambers, Hill End,  
8 November, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your favour of 4th instant, which only reached me yesterday after the Sydney mail left. I think your letter must have been written under a total misapprehension of the position in which the matter stands. Circumstances, over which I had no control, compelled me to sequester my estate in February last. A sugar plantation, in which I held an interest, and in connection with which I had expended in cash a sum of £3,000, became unremunerative through a succession of frosts, and my partner and myself determined to hand over the property to our creditors before the affair became hopelessly involved. I at once communicated with the Hon. Col. Secretary, informing him of my position, and expressing my readiness to at once resign my Commission of the Peace.

I may also inform you that Mr. Lees, the P.M. here, wrote, I believe, by the same mail, to the Hon. Col. Secretary, urging him not to accept my resignation, stating that my services in assisting him were very valuable. To these communications no replies were received, and I have up to the present date continued to devote a considerable portion of my time to the duties which my position as a J.P. involved.

I may inform you that the 9th of next month is the day appointed for me to obtain my final order in the Insolvent Court, and that I should have had it in my possession months ago had it not been necessary to allow time to receive communications from England with regard to private debts of my late partner, Mr. G. W. Morison, with which I had nothing to do.

I am quite prepared to resign my appointment, as I stated in February last, and now beg, in accordance with your request, to do so.

I have, &amp;c.,

ERNEST C. DAVIES.

## No. 11.

MEMORANDA OF THE ACTING PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

SUPERSEDEAS herewith.—14/11/73.

## No. 12.

E. C. DAVIES, Esq., to THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

7, Bank Chambers,  
17 November, 1873.

SIR,

I should be glad to know, at your earliest convenience, whether my resignation of the Commission of the Peace has been accepted?

I am, &amp;c.,

ERNEST C. DAVIES.

No. 13.

## No. 13.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO THE PROTHONOTARY.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 29 November, 1873.

SIR,

I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to transmit herewith a Writ of Supersedeas, addressed to the gentleman named in the margin, and to request that, in compliance therewith, his name may be struck out of the Commission of the Peace deposited in your office.

Dated 25 Nov.,  
1873.Ernest Charles  
Davies, late of  
Port Macquarie,  
now of Hill End,  
Esquire.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary),  
WM. GOODMAN.

[Enclosure.]

VICTORIA, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, and so forth:

To Ernest Charles Davies, late of Port Macquarie, now of Hill End, Esquire, greeting:

WHEREAS by our Commission or Letters Patent under the Great Seal of our Colony of New South Wales, and under the hand of our right trusty and well-beloved cousin and Councillor, Somerset Richard, Earl of Belmore, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of our Colony of New South Wales, bearing date at Government House, Sydney, the 16th day of February, 1870, we did assign you one of our Justices of the Peace in our Colony of New South Wales, either alone, or with any one or more of our Justices as were then or should thereafter be commissioned by us in that behalf, to keep and cause to be kept all laws, ordinances, and statutes in force within our said Colony, and all Acts of the Legislature of our said Colony for the punishing of offenders, the preservation of the peace, and for the quiet rule, welfare, and good government of our people in our said Colony, and to have, exercise, and discharge all the powers, authorities, and duties belonging or pertaining to the office of a Justice of the Peace in our said Colony: And therefore we command you that, to keep the peace and all laws, ordinances, and statutes, and all and singular other the premises, you diligently applied yourself doing therein what to justice appertained, according to the law and custom of England and of our said Colony: And whereas by letter dated the 8th day of November instant you did resign such office of a Justice of the Peace, our Governor and Commander-in-Chief of our said Colony has been pleased to relieve you from the discharge of such your duty, as one of our Justices of the Peace, in our Colony aforesaid: Now, forasmuch as, for the reason before stated, it is expedient that the said Commission or Letters Patent, so far as relates to you the said Ernest Charles Davies, which authorizes and empowers you to act as one of our said Justices of the Peace of our said Colony, may be superseded: For that end we do therefore, by these presents, will and command you, the said Ernest Charles Davies, that you stay and surcease all further proceedings by you taken or done upon or under our said Commission or Letters Patent, and we do permit you to surcease therefrom, and we do declare the same, so far as relates to you, to be and the same is superseded accordingly: In testimony whereof, we have caused this our letter or Writ of Supersedeas to be made patent, and the Great Seal of our said Colony to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, our trusty and well-beloved Sir Hercules George Robert Robinson, Knight Commander of our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, our Governor and Commander-in-Chief of our Colony of New South Wales and its dependencies, at Government House, Sydney, in our said Colony, this 25th day of November, in the 37th year of our Reign, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

By His Excellency's Command,  
HENRY PARKES.

[L.S.]

HERCULES ROBINSON.

Entered on record by me, in Register of Patents, No. 10, page 192-3, this 25th day of November, 1873,—

WM. GOODMAN,  
Pro Under Secretary.

## No. 14.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO E. C. DAVIES, ESQ.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 29 November, 1873.

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 17th instant, inquiring whether the resignation tendered in your communication of the 8th instant, of your appointment as Magistrate of the Colony, has been accepted, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that your resignation has been accepted, and that the necessary Writ of Supersedeas has been duly issued.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary),  
WM. GOODMAN.

## No. 15.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY TO E. MANBY, ESQ.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 29 November, 1873.

SIR,

In reply to your letter of the 31st September last, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that Mr. Ernest Charles Davies has resigned his appointment as Magistrate of the Colony, and that a Writ of Supersedeas has been duly issued.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary),  
WM. GOODMAN.

Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1874.

330—B

[Gd.]



1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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**ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.**

(BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, RAYMOND TERRACE.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 20 January, 1874.*

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RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 9th December, 1873, praying that His Excellency the Governor would be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ A Return of the names of the Prosecutors, Informants, Complainants,  
 “ Accused and Defendants, together with the respective charges, complaints,  
 “ and decisions in all the indictable and summary jurisdiction cases brought  
 “ or heard before, or dealt with by, the Police Magistrate or Bench of  
 “ Magistrates, Raymond Terrace, during the years 1871, 1872, and 1873.”

(*Mr. Jacob.*)

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Prosecutors, Informants, Com- plainants.	Accused and Defendants.	Charges—Complaints.	Decisions.
Police	H. M'Pherson	Drunk	Discharged.
Do.	D. Stuart	Illegal sale of wine	Fined 1s., and costs 12s. 8d.
S. Foot	R. and J. Carroll	Assault	Dismissed.
R. Carroll	S. Foot	do.	do.
J. Carroll	R. Foot	do.	do.
Police	R. Jacob	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	M. Bryant	Protection	Discharged.
Do.	M. Milgate	Drunk	Postponed.
Do.	do.	Insulting language	do.
D. Shea	P. Smith	Wages due	No appearance.
W. Grice	M. Grice	Liquor prohibition	Postponed.
Police	M. Milgate	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Insulting language	Fined 5s.
W. Grice	M. Grice	Liquor prohibition	Postponed.
Police	G. Clarkson	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	T. O'Brien	do.	Fined 5s.
Do.	N. Shaw	Drunk and disorderly	do.
Do.	do.	Obscenity	do.
W. Grice	M. Grice	Liquor prohibition	Order made.
Police	W. Burns	Drunk	Fined 10s.
Do.	do.	Indecency	Dismissed.
Do.	G. Walsh	Drunk	Remanded.
Do.	do.	Obscenity	do.
Do.	do.	Drunk	Discharged.
Do.	G. Welsh	Obscenity	Fined 5s., or 24 hours imprisonment.
Do.	J. Helmling	Drunk	Discharged.
Do.	C. Palmer	Exposing person	24 hours imprisonment.
Do.	C. Linz	Uncensored wine sale	Postponed.
Do.	J. Thorn	Illegal wine sale	Fined 1s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Do.	do.	do.	do. do.
Do.	do.	do.	do. do.
Do.	do.	do.	do. do.
Do.	do.	do.	do. do.
Do.	do.	do.	do. do.
Do.	G. Linz	Uncensored wine sale	Fined 20s., and costs 7s. 8d.
Do.	B. M'Goune	Indecency	Fined 2s. 6d.
T. Harrold	J. Ronrke	Threats	Sursties taken.
J. Foot	J. Clark	Larceny	Adjourned.
C. M'Pherson	A. Keen	Wages	No appearance.
J. Foot	J. Clark	Larceny	Dismissed.
Police	W. Smith	Dangerous dog	No appearance—case withdrawn.
G. Carmichael	J. Dwyer	Malicious injury	Fined 30s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Police	W. Buchanan	Drunk	Discharged.
Do.	W. Fringle	do.	do.
Do.	do.	Profane language	do.
Do.	do.	Assaulting police	Fined 10s.
Do.	J. Donovan	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	H. Macnamara	do.	do. do.
H. Campbell	M. M'Gilvary	Trespass	Dismissed.
Do.	do.	do.	Fined 10s., and costs 7s. 8d.
Police	J. Saunders	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	E. Scott	do.	do. do.
Do.	G. Welsh	do.	Postponed.
Do.	J. Macdonald	Indecency	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	P. Macdermott	Obscenity	Fined 5s., or 24 hours.
Do.	J. Curtin	Indecency	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	G. Welsh	Drunk	Fined 5s., or 24 hours imprisonment.
Do.	P. Shea	Drunk and disorderly	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Obscenity	Fined 1s.
J. Hitchcock	G. Clarkson	Wages	Postponed.
Do.	do.	do.	No appearance.
S. A. Nee	W. Glover	Larceny	Postponed.
Police	Timy Noonan	Unlawfully on premises	do.
Do.	T. Noonan	do. do.	24 hours imprisonment.
S. A. Nee	— Glover	Larceny	No appearance.
Do.	C. Glover	do.	do.
Do.	A. Glover	do.	do.
Police	C. Stuart	Drunk	Discharged.
E. Chaffe	E. Garner	Cattle rescue	Fined 1s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Police	J. Thorn	Profane language	do. do.
Do.	A. M'Donagh	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Resisting police	Fined 10s.
Do.	T. Smith	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Obscenity	do. do.
W. Sweeny	A. Cameron	Assault	Fined 20s., and costs 50s. 4d.
N. Cameron	M. Sweeny	do.	Dismissed.
Police	J. Boots	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	E. Purcell	Drunk and disorderly	Fined 5s.
Do.	D. Manery	Assault	Fined 40s., and costs 8s. 4d.
Do.	H. Campbell	Obscenity	Dismissed.
Do.	W. Taylor	do.	do.
Do.	H. M'Goune	do.	do.
Do.	P. Byrne	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	J. Parker	Vagrancy	Discharged.



Prosecutors, Informants, Com- plainants.	Accused and Defendants.	Charges—Complaints.	Decisions.
Police	W. Pringle	Drunk and disorderly	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	C. Stuart	Drunk	do. do.
A. Sparke	M. Corbett	Trespass	No appearance.
Do.	M. Casey	do.	do.
J. Green	S. Baker	Ill-using cattle	Fined 20s., and costs 50s.
Police	C. Bowen	Obscenity	Fined 1s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Do.	H. Sampson	Indecency	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Drunk	do. do.
M. Hill	A. Hearn	Cattle rescue	Charge withdrawn.
J. Pepper	N. Russell	Trespass	Fined 1s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Police	C. Gilbert	Indecency	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	T. Pettit	Larceny	Remanded.
Do.	J. Finn	Illegal timber cutting	Dismissed.
Do.	T. Pettit	Larceny	Fined 10s., and costs 6s. 6d.
Do.	W. Bain	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Obscenity	do. do.
Do.	do.	Resisting police	do. do.
Do.	do.	Assaulting police	Fined 20s., or 1 day's imprisonment.
Do.	N. Shaw	Profanity	Fined 5s., or 12 hours imprisonment.
Do.	do.	Assaulting police	do. do.
T. Miller	do.	Assault	14 days imprisonment.
H. Robinson	P. Shannon	Cattle rescue	Fined 10s., and costs 13s. 8d.
E. Garner	T. Law	Assault	Fined 10s., and costs 6s. 6d.
Police	N. Shaw	Drunk and disorderly	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Insulting language	do. do.
Do.	do.	Profane language	do. do.
Do.	G. Welsh	Drunk	Fined 5s., or 1 day's imprisonment.
Do.	do.	Profanity	do. do.
Do.	W. Byrnes	Obscenity	do. do.
Do.	R. Egan	Drunk	Fined 5s.
Do.	J. Hart	do.	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Indecent language	Fined 5s., or 1 hour's imprisonment.
Do.	E. Marker	do.	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	J. Feeney	Injury to highway	do. do.
Do.	J. Boyd	Indecency	do. do.
Do.	R. Egan	Drunk	do. do.
Do.	do.	Insulting language	do. do.
Do.	do.	Assaulting police	Fined 10s.
Do.	do.	Injury to police uniform	Forfeit 10s.
Do.	J. Wellings	Larceny	Committed for trial.
Do.	W. Gardner	Illegally on premises	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	J. and R. Howlett	Illegally driving cattle	Remanded.
Do.	do.	do.	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	W. Croker	Drunk	do. do.
Do.	do.	Assaulting police	do. do.
Do.	do.	Obscene language	Fined 20s., or 48 hours imprisonment.
Do.	G. Welsh	Assault	Discharged.
Do.	G. Chapman	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Obscene language	do. do.
C. E. Doyle	D. Murphy	Assault	Postponed.
Do.	do.	Indecent language	do. do.
Do.	do.	Cattle rescue	do. do.
Do.	P. Murphy	Assault—aiding	do. do.
Do.	do.	Indecent language	Fined 1s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Do.	do.	Assault aiding	Dismissed.
Do.	D. Murphy	Assault	do. do.
Do.	do.	Indecent language	Fined 1s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Do.	do.	Cattle rescue	Fined 20s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Do.	G. Haddock	Larceny	Remanded.
Do.	do.	do.	Discharged.
Do.	D. Murphy and P. Murphy	Assault	D. Murphy fined 20s., and costs 79s. 6d. P. Murphy do. do.
S. J. Clode	D. Murphy	Application for sureties	Each total, £4 19s. 6d., or 1 month's imprisonment.
P. Donoghoe	A. Finn	Obscene language	Bound over for twelve months.
Police	G. Chapman	Drunk	No appearance.
Do.	do.	Obscene language	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Resisting police	do. do.
Do.	do.	Assaulting police	do. do.
C. E. Doyle	J. Murphy	Application for sureties	Fined 5s.
Police	C. Limmer	Protection	Bound over for twelve months.
Do.	W. Crowe	Obscenity	Discharged.
R. Hogan	M. Rose	Trespass	Cautioned and discharged.
Police	J. Doherty	Illegally occupying Crown lands	Dismissed.
T. M'Inerny	P. Markham	Assault	Fined 40s., and costs 8s. 4d.
Police	M. Milgate	Obscenity	No appearance.
E. Milgate	H. M'Pherson	Indecent language	Fined 1s.
Police	R. Rix	Drunk	Dismissed.
Do.	do.	Obscene language	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Resisting police	do. do.
Do.	H. D. Portus	Obstructing water-course	do. do.
Do.	do.	Nuisance on premises	Fined 20s., and costs 4s. 4d.
Do.	P. M'Dermott	Drunk	Ordered to remove it and pay costs, 4s. 4d.
D. Manery	J. Barry	Detaining cattle	Cautioned and discharged.
Police	T. Hopkins	Indecency	Order to deliver up on paying £1.
Do.	do.	Vagrancy	1 month's imprisonment.
Do.	M. Birt	Suicidal attempt	Withdrawn.
J. Hollingsworth	J. Keen	Assault	Committed for trial.
Police	E. Stephens	Obscene language	Fined 40s., and costs 23s. 4d.
			Fined 5s.

Prosecutors, Informants, Com- plainants.	Accused and Defendants.	Charges—Complaints.	Decisions.
Police	E. Stephens	Assaulting police	Fined 40s.
J. Keen	J. Hollingsworth	Abusive words	Fined 5s., and costs 7s. 4d.
J. Hollingsworth	J. Keen	do.	Dismissed.
Police	T. Casey	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
M. Hill	W. Lynch	Obscene language	Fined 1s., and costs 7s. 4d.
M. Pringle	W. Pringle	Liquor prohibition	Order made.
Police	A. M'Alpin	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	M. Gooch	Protection	Discharged.
Do.	C. Limmer	Larceny	1 month's imprisonment.
Do.	M. Broderick	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Resisting police	do. do.
Do.	do.	Assaulting police	Fined 10s.
Do.	J. Palmer	Prize-fighting—intent	Discharged.
Do.	R. Barry	do.	Sureties taken.
Do.	J. M'Pherson	do.	do. do.
Do.	E. Melbourn	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	J. Lunney	Unregistered dog	Withdrawn.
D. Canavan	P. Daley	Trespass	No appearance.
Police	Wm. Thompson	Protection	Discharged.
Do.	A. M'Donald	Larceny	Dismissed.
Do.	do.	do. as a bailee	Adjourned.
Do.	do.	Larceny	do.
Do.	D. O'Meara	Drunk and disorderly	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	M. Dougheny	do. do.	Withdrawn.
Do.	Alex. M'Donald	Larceny	Committed for trial.
Do.	As. M'Donald	do.	Postponed.
Do.	do.	do.	Discharged.
Do.	J. Clarke	Lunatic	Remanded to Maitland.
Do.	H. Fox	Sunday working	Dismissed.
Do.	H. Morris	do.	do.
W. Shannon	P. Shannon	Cattle rescue	Fined 5s., and costs 5s. 6d.
Do.	S. Foot	Assault	Dismissed.
C. E. Doyle	D. Murphy	Obscene language	Postponed.
Do.	do.	do. do.	Fined 5s., and costs 7s. 4d., or 48 hours.
Police	T. Foley	Stealing bark	Fined £9, and costs £1, or 3 months imprisonment.
Do.	J. Blanch, junr.	do. do.	Withdrawn.
Do.	A. Chapman	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	Thos. Ryan	Vagrancy	do. do.
P. M'Ginn	G. Webb	Assault	No appearance.
Police	C. Limmer	Malicious injury	Remanded.
Do.	do.	do.	1 month's imprisonment.
E. Garner	J. Palmer	Insulting behaviour	Fined 5s., and costs 8s. 6d.
Do.	J. Cameron	do.	do. do.
Do.	W. Gilbert	do.	do. do.
Do.	R. Barry	do.	do. do.
Police	J. Helmling	Sunday labour	Fined 5s. or distress.
Do.	T. Dwyer	Vagrancy	14 days imprisonment.
Do.	J. Gollager	Drunk	Fined 5s.
Do.	M. Rantamaker	Deserting ship	Remanded to Newcastle.
Do.	J. Nygren	do. do.	do. do.
Do.	A. M'Donald	Drunk and disorderly	Fined 5s.
Do.	E. Kilday	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	J. Finn	Larceny	Dismissed.
Do.	S. Finn	do.	do.
Do.	J. Finn, jun.	do.	do.
Do.	J. Finn	do.	Committed for trial.
Do.	S. Finn	do.	do.
Do.	J. Finn, jun.	do.	Dismissed.
Do.	A. M'Rae	Town's police offence	Cautioned and discharged.
M. Blackwood	J. Dennett	Assault	Fined 20s., and cost 6s. 6d.
H. Bradley	J. Bradley	Sureties	Postponed.
Do.	do.	do.	No appearance.
J. Barry	G. Webb	Assault	Fined 30s., and costs 50s. 4d.
A. M'Rae	A. West	Insulting words	Fined 1s.; costs 5s. 6d.
A. West	A. M'Rae	Threats	Dismissed.
M. Feeney	R. Clark	Detaining a sow	Order to give up.
Police	E. Southall	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	do.	Obscene language	Fined 5s.
Do.	W. Corbett	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	J. Mulholland	do.	Fined 5s.
Do.	N. Russell	Illegally on premises	Discharged.
Do.	W. Woods	Drunk	Fined 5s.
Do.	do.	Obscene language	Fined 20s.
E. Hall	J. Holdstock	Assault	Fined 30s., and costs 5s. 10d.
Police	R. Gilmore	Obstructing navigation	Dismissed.
Do.	J. Clagg	do. do.	do.
Do.	A. Chapman	Drunk	Fined 10s., or imprisonment till 12 o'clock.
Police	Rd. Gilmore	Putting rubbish into navigable waters.	Dismissed.
R. Cuckney	E. Milgate	Wages	Order £3 13s. 9d., and costs 4s. 10d.
Police	G. Clarkson	Drunk	Fined 5s.
Do.	W. Morris	Obscene language	Fined 1s., costs 7s. 4d.
Do.	J. Bain	do.	Withdrawn.
Do.	J. Watters	do.	do.
Do.	C. Watters	do.	do.
Do.	C. Boots	do.	do.
Do.	T. Foley	Illegally using horse	do.

Prosecutors, Informants, Com- plainants.	Accused and Defendants.	Charges—Complaints.	Decisions.
Police	E. Archer	Illegal possession of goods	Fined 1s., and costs 6s. 8d.
Do.	P. O'Donoghoe	Illegal permission of drinking	Dismissed.
Do.	do.	Selling in unlawful hours	Fined 40s., and costs 7s. 4d.
Do.	G. Clarkson	Unlawfully having liquors	Fined 10s., and costs 4s. 10d.
Do.	T. Foley	do. using a mare	Dismissed.
Do.	Jas. Taylor	Using horse	Postponed.
W. M'Pherson	Chas. Burrows	Disobeying orders	Two days' solitary confinement.
Do.	George Oxley	do.	One day's solitary confinement.
Do.	J. Robinson	do.	do.
Do.	E. Roderick	do.	Two days' solitary confinement.
M. Doran	J. Taylor	Threats	Bound over for three months.
Police	M. A. Parsons	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	J. Taylor	Unlawfully using mare	Dismissed.
Do.	A. Bain	Larceny	Committed for trial.
P. Rourke	Jas. Smith	Absconding from service	Forfeit wages.
Police	T. Casey	Drunk	Fined 5s.
C. Ash	H. Fox	Dangerous dog	No appearance.
Police	T. Burrows	Drunk and disorderly	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	A. Viner	Illegal possession	Imprisonment—two months.
Do.	J. Feeny	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
J. Thorn	W. Childs	Malicious injury	Fined 3s.; costs 11s. 8d.
Do.	do.	do.	Fined 22s.; costs 11s. 8d.
Police	A. Waters	Drunk	Cautioned and discharged.
Do.	J. Ashley	do.	Fined 10s.
Do.	J. Sullivan	Obscene language	Fined 5s.
Do.	T. Carney	do.	Fined 10s., and costs 7s.
D. Murphy	C. Newson	Receiving stolen property	Dismissed.
Do.	R. Newson	Larceny	Fined 11s.; costs 46s. 10d.
C. Newson	D. Murphy	Sureties	No appearance.

I certify to the truth of this Return,—

H. J. BOLDING, P.M.

Raymond Terrace, 1st January, 1874.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(CORRESPONDENCE RELATIVE TO A LETTER WRITTEN BY THE POLICE MAGISTRATE, RAYMOND TERRACE,  
TO A LITIGANT IN HIS COURT.)*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 10 February, 1874.*

## SCHEDULE.

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

No. 1.

A. H. JACOB, Esq., M.L.A., to THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Legislative Assembly,  
17 December, 1873.

SIR,

One of my constituents of the Lower Hunter, Mr. C. E. Doyle, noticing by the papers that I have been moving in Parliament in reference to the Police Magistrate of Raymond Terrace, Mr. H. J. Bolding, handed to me on 9th instant a letter sent to him as complainant in a case some time ago by Mr. Bolding, and I feel it in the interests of justice a duty to send the same for your information. I therefore do myself the honor to enclose the letter herewith, leaving it to speak for itself, with the following explanation.

The case to which the letter alludes was at first heard only, so far as the complainant's evidence went, by the Court at Raymond Terrace, Mr. Bolding presiding, and was then dismissed on the application of defendant's counsel, and a fresh summons was issued.

It was after the dismissal that the letter was sent by the Police Magistrate, who also presided when the case was reheard; the result of the rehearing being a conviction.

I have, &c.,  
ARCH. H. JACOB.

No. 2.

THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, to THE POLICE  
MAGISTRATE, RAYMOND TERRACE.

Department of Justice and Public Instruction,  
Sydney, 19 December, 1873.

SIR,

In transmitting the enclosed letter from A. H. Jacob, Esq., M.P., with one from yourself to C. E. Doyle Esq., Mount St. Vincent, of 23rd March, 1872, respecting a case in which the latter was complainant, I am directed to request the favour of your report thereon for the information of the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction.

I have, &c.,  
W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary.

[Enclosure.]

(Confidential)

The Police Magistrate, Raymond Terrace, to C. E. Doyle, Esq.

Raymond Terrace,  
23 March, 1872.

My dear Sir,

In thinking yesterday evening about the proceedings of the day, I came to the conclusion that if you had secured the aid of a solicitor to oppose the other side the case would have been satisfactorily concluded then, as I do not find the documents wrong; but in the persistence of Messrs. W. and O'K. I felt at the moment doubtful, and did not like to have the affair break down altogether. Had there been time to reconsider, the better course would have been to have waited a week ere further proceedings; but as the matter has been so long delayed, and the last day for issuing proceedings anew had arrived, I judged it advisable to act on the instant.

In my position I have not much power in stopping questions such as many put yesterday; but had Mr. Thompson been here for you he would have done it of course. I saved you some annoyance in the matter of the written authority and otherwise.

I think that it might be advisable to see him (or some other solicitor) about the best course to adopt, seeing that much injury may be done to property, as in the case of the fruit-trees you told me yesterday.

Certainly I was not expecting to see Mr. Wisdom down here, although I feel myself equal to O'K. in any objections, and do not feel equally confident as against W., and his objections being forcible it appeared to me prudent to take the course I did.

I don't see any difficulty at the next hearing as against one, but there may as against the other; and I should be well pleased to be relieved of responsibility by seeing Mr. Thompson here to protect your case and advise you generally for future proceedings.

It might be the cheaper course to pursue.

Yours, &c.,  
H. J. BOLDING.

No. 3.

THE POLICE MAGISTRATE, RAYMOND TERRACE, to THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND  
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Police Office, Raymond Terrace,  
31 December, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 19th instant, 73/2063, and the two letters therein enclosed, and calling for a report upon the one written by me to Mr. C. E. Doyle, dated 23rd March, 1872.

Being desirous to confer with other Magistrates who sat in the case referred to in my letter, my report has been delayed, but I hope to forward it to you in a few days.

I have, &c.,  
H. J. BOLDING,  
P.M.

No. 4.

17th instant.  
Letters to be  
returned.

## No. 4.

THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, TO THE POLICE  
MAGISTRATE, RAYMOND TERRACE.

Department of Justice and Public Instruction,  
Sydney, 14 January, 1874.

SIR,

Not having received a reply to my letter of the 19th ultimo, forwarding communication from A. H. Jacob, Esq., M.P., and one from yourself to Mr. C. E. Doyle, for your report thereon, I am directed by the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction to draw your attention thereto, and request the favour of your early answer.

I have, &c.,

W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary.

## No. 5.

REPORT OF POLICE MAGISTRATE, RAYMOND TERRACE.

Police Office, Raymond Terrace,  
14 January, 1874.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 19th December, enclosing the two letters therein referred to, and herewith returned, requesting a report upon the one written by me to Mr. C. E. Doyle, on 23rd March, 1872.

I beg now to report, for the information of the Honorable the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, that the letter was written by me very hurriedly, under the following circumstances:—

On 1st February, 1872, a constable brought into my office Mr. C. E. Doyle, then a stranger to me. Mr. Doyle stated that he and his sister Mrs. Clode, and their respective families, lived in a lonely situation at Mount Torrens (about 12 miles distant), and were frequently grossly insulted by persons named Murphy, two of whom had savagely assaulted him on 23rd December, previously, and that he feared further violence from them. He stated the circumstances of the assault, and said also that their land was continually trespassed on, their cattle driven away and injured, and that cattle seized to impound had been rescued. I told him he could summon the offenders, but he wished warrants for their apprehension, which, not seeing reason to suppose they would disregard summonses, I refused to issue, and he left apparently rather dissatisfied.

He next came on 7th March, and complained of the continued and aggravated misconduct of the same parties; and after again hearing his account of the assault, I told him I could not grant warrants, and that if his witnesses supported his statements there would probably be little difficulty in the case of Daniel Murphy, but that Patrick Murphy was not so clear, and I suggested that he should summon Daniel Murphy only. He said he was anxious to have both of them punished, for there would be no security if it were not done. I told him it would depend upon the facts as brought before the Bench; and after some further remarks I took from him four informations, viz.:—two against Daniel Murphy and Patrick Murphy, severally, for obscene language, another against Daniel Murphy for cattle rescue, and another against Daniel Murphy for assault, and Patrick Murphy for aiding and abetting.

On 15th March all the parties appeared before the Court, but on the application of the defendants the cases were postponed to 22nd March. Subsequently Mr. Doyle came into my office with Mrs. Clode, who was previously unknown to me. They complained of continued annoyances, and Mr. Doyle wished a constable to be sent to watch their houses at night, as they greatly feared violence. Not being able to give them police protection, I told him to apply to the Superintendent of Police at Maitland, and that it might be well to engage a solicitor to conduct his cases and advise him generally on the best course to pursue. He named two Maitland solicitors known to him, Mr. Thompson and Mr. Mullens, but left me without saying whether he would engage either of them.

On 22nd March, 1872, the cases came before the Bench, Mr. John Windeyer and Mr. G. T. Carmichael being the Magistrates sitting with me. Mr. Wisdom and Mr. O'Keefe appeared for the defendants, but Mr. Doyle had no solicitor, and my position as presiding Magistrate was unusually responsible and arduous; for Mr. Doyle appeared to be inexperienced in Court proceedings, and Mrs. Clode being utterly deaf, I found it necessary to write questions, and after showing these to defendant's counsel, to obtain her evidence thereby.

When the joint information against Daniel Murphy for assault and Patrick Murphy for aiding and abetting came on, Mr. Wisdom, as counsel for both defendants, applied that they might be allowed to sever in their defences, which was permitted by the Bench, and the charge as against Daniel Murphy was taken.

At the close of the evidence for the prosecution, Mr. Wisdom submitted that the charge against Patrick Murphy must be dismissed, for, as the two were joined in one information, the conviction of the one would necessitate the acquittal of the other. Hereupon the Bench, seeing the course taken might lead to a failure of justice, and being unwilling that the charge against the other party should go off on a mere technicality, thought it better to abstain from further proceeding in the case, and directed a fresh information to be filed against Daniel Murphy and Patrick Murphy jointly as principals. The two cases of obscene language and the one for cattle rescue were then heard, and the defendants fined in all.

After the close of the Court, Mr. Doyle came into my office to swear to the new information. He expressed great surprise that both Mr. Wisdom and Mr. O'Keefe had been engaged by the defendants, and complained of the unsatisfactory manner in which the assault case had gone off, and also that the Bench had not protected him from an embarrassing cross-examination in the case of cattle rescue, and in reference to a written authority he produced. He again spoke of necessity for police protection, and appeared to be in great fear of violence. He said fruit-trees in the garden had been cut down on the previous night, and he expected that some night his house would be burned down.

I regretted the assault case had gone off so unsatisfactorily; and said that had a solicitor been engaged to protect his interests the difficulty probably would not have occurred, and he would have escaped much of the embarrassment of the cross-examination, which I could not in my position interfere with. I also alluded to the great responsibility put upon me through the deafness of the witness, and the absence

absence of a solicitor to meet the arguments of the opposing lawyers; but he was evidently unwilling to engage one, and finally gave me to understand he would leave the case to be dealt with by the Bench.

On thinking over the matter subsequently, it appeared to be extremely desirable that the Bench should be relieved from the necessity of deciding points of law on the argument of one side only, or of appearing to screen Mr. Doyle from any further cross-examination he might be subjected to. Although not without experience in the conduct of magisterial business, I listen with much deference to objections raised by counsel, and derive great advantage from hearing points argued on both sides. I therefore took an opportunity afforded by a constable who was passing Mr. Doyle's house, and hurriedly wrote and sent to him the letter of which explanation is now sought. My object in sending it was to impress upon him the advantage of taking my advice, as previously given, to employ a solicitor, whereby the case would be more satisfactorily conducted.

The letter is in fact little more than I have said to Mr. Doyle previously. In the first sentence I simply endeavoured to point out that had the matter of law with reference to the severing of the defences been argued, the Bench would probably not have taken the course which led to the inconclusive result of the case and the necessity for filing a fresh information, as it appeared to me on further reflection that the original information and summonses were good, though not perhaps drawn with the technical correctness with which the others were prepared. I cannot consider a case satisfactorily concluded which is determined not by the evidence, but by a technical objection raised to defeat the ends of justice.

The reference to Mr. Thompson was consequent on the mention of his name by Mr. Doyle, as a solicitor known to and employed by him.

In writing, "I don't see any difficulty against one, but there may (be) as against the other," it is merely writing what I told to Mr. Doyle on 7th March, when suggesting that he should proceed against Daniel Murphy only.

By commencing and concluding my letter with the advice that a solicitor should be employed, it will be seen that my desire was to relieve myself of the responsibility which is thrown upon a Magistrate when a case is conducted with one-sided arguments; and as Mr. Doyle spoke with considerable anxiety about the probability of further injuries, I used the words "to protect your case and advise you generally for future proceedings"; and in concluding—"It might be the cheaper course to pursue," I believe I have done no more than give advice often given by the Judges themselves.

In matters affecting the public peace and of a criminal or a semi-criminal character, I feel a greater liberty to advise than in cases of a purely private nature, and I certainly should not have written to Mr. Doyle in a case of the latter class. I am frequently applied to, as are probably all other Police Magistrates, by persons ignorant of the course they should adopt; and always considering such conversations strictly confidential (unless disclosed for purposes of justice), I presume my advice is accepted in the same spirit, and headed my letter "*confidential*," as being in continuance of conversations I considered confidential.

On 5th April, 1872, the joint charge for assault was heard by Mr. John Windeyer in conjunction with me. Mr. Mullen appeared for Mr. Doyle. The information having been read, the defendant, Daniel Murphy, pleaded guilty. The evidence consequently was not reheard nor was any evidence taken for or against him, but the other defendant, Patrick Murphy, pleading not guilty, was convicted on evidence not previously brought before the Court.

A further charge was then heard on an information filed that day by Mr. Mullen, on behalf of Mrs. Clode, against Daniel Murphy, who was thereon bound over to keep the peace.

I beg to add that I knew nothing whatever of any of the parties in these cases, except as disclosed in the foregoing statements, and was only anxious to secure the due administration of justice and protection to the public.

Had I considered myself in any way compromised I certainly would not have sat in the case, although my refusal would have caused further delay and expense, for Mr. Carmichael not attending though expected, Mr. John Windeyer would have adjourned the case for want of a second Magistrate.

I greatly regret that a letter very hurriedly written, and sent with a desire to relieve the Bench from the responsibility of deciding upon one-sided arguments, should have made any inquiry appear necessary, but I trust this explanation of the circumstances of the case will be satisfactory to the Honorable the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction.

I have, &c.,

H. J. BOLDING, P.M.

#### No. 6.

##### MINUTE OF MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION ON FOREGOING.

I CANNOT but think the letter to Mr. Doyle injudicious: Mr. Bolding's explanation exonerates him, in my opinion, from any improper motive.—G.W.A., 21/1/74.

#### No. 7.

THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, to A. H. JACOB, Esq.,  
M.L.A.

Department of Justice and Public Instruction,  
Sydney, 23 January, 1874.

SIR,

Referring to your letter of 17th ultimo, enclosing communication from Mr. Bolding, P.M., to Mr. C. E. Doyle, respecting his decisions in certain cases at the Police Court, Raymond Terrace, I am directed by the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction to inform you that your letter and enclosure was forwarded for Mr. Bolding's report, which has been lately received. Mr. Allen desires me to state that he cannot but think the letter to Mr. Doyle injudicious. Mr. Bolding's explanation, however, exonerates him, in his opinion, from any improper motive.

I have, &c.,

W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary.



1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(CASE OF ROBERT ROBERTS.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 21 January, 1874.*

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RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 13th January, 1874, to His Excellency the Governor, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ Copies of the Depositions and other Evidence taken in the case of Robert Roberts, convicted of assaulting a Constable, at the last Sittings of the Quarter Sessions held in Maitland.”

(*Mr. Stewart.*)

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

THE POLICE MAGISTRATE, NEWCASTLE, TO THE UNDER SECRETARY, CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT.

Police Office, Newcastle,  
28 October, 1873.

SIR,

Robert Roberts. Assaulting a constable in the execution of his duty, whereby a prisoner was rescued from his custody.

By this post, under separate cover addressed to you, I do myself the honor to forward the depositions and proceedings against the prisoner named in the margin, who is now in Maitland Gaol, under committal from this Bench, awaiting his trial, for the offence named in the margin, at the next Court of Quarter Sessions to be holden at Maitland, on the 4th December next.

I have, &c.,  
HELENUS SCOTT, P.M.

[Enclosures.]

Police Office, Newcastle,  
21 October, 1873.

Present:—Helenus Scott, Esquire, P.M.

ROBERT ROBERTS stands before the Court in custody, charged with assaulting one Robert Downan, a constable, whilst in the execution of his duty at Newcastle, on the 21st instant.

*Robert Downan*, on his oath, saith:—I am a constable in the Police Force stationed at Newcastle; about half-past 12 o'clock this morning I was on duty in Hunter-street in this city, in company with Constables Finigan and Ritchie; we took two prisoners into custody on the charge of being drunk and disorderly in a public street; Constable Ritchie and myself had one of the prisoners—I don't know his name—in charge; the prisoner came out from the mob, was very excited, and called on us to let the prisoner go, several times; I told him to keep back, several times, he still followed us—he rushed on to me from behind, struck me on the back of the head with his fist, and knocked me down; Constable Ritchie then assisted me in securing the prisoner before the Court, and we had to let the prisoners we had previously in custody go; the prisoner became very violent, we had to call Constable Finigan to come to our assistance, we had great difficulty in getting him to the lock-up; he threw himself on his back and kicked all round; he destroyed my uniform coat and rendered it useless; from his violence he rescued the prisoner in charge, and Finigan had to let his prisoner go.

*By the prisoner*:—I don't recollect you saying "Let my shipmates go—we are going on board"; I did not strike you with my staff.

ROBERT DOWAN.

Taken and sworn before me, at Newcastle, the }  
twenty-first day of October, A.D. 1873,— }  
HELENUS SCOTT, P.M.

*Denis Finigan*, on his oath, saith:—I am a constable in the Police Force stationed at Newcastle; Constables Downan and Ritchie were taking a prisoner (whose name I don't know) in charge to the lock-up, for being drunk and disorderly in a public street; I had also another prisoner in charge for being drunk and disorderly in a public street; the prisoner now before the Court rushed out of a large mob of persons and went over to the prisoner that Ritchie and Downan had in custody; he struck Constable Downan on the back of his neck and felled him to the ground, Constable Ritchie then assisted Constable Downan with the prisoner; the prisoner seemed to be getting the better of the two constables; Constable Downan called upon me to let my prisoner go and to assist them; I let go my prisoner, and after considerable difficulty we succeeded in getting the prisoner to the lock-up; he was very violent the greater part of the way; the prisoner that Constable Downan and Ritchie had in charge escaped through the prisoner's conduct.

DENIS FINIGAN.

Taken and sworn before me, at Newcastle, the }  
twenty-first day of October, A.D. 1873,— }  
HELENUS SCOTT, P.M.

The prisoner is committed to take his trial at the next Court of Quarter Sessions at Maitland, to be holden on the 4th December next.

HELENUS SCOTT, P.M.

(N., 11 &amp; 12 Vic., cap. 42.)

Statement of the accused.

New South Wales, } The Queen v. Robert Roberts. Assaulting Police Constable Downan, whereby a prisoner was rescued.  
to wit. }

ROBERT ROBERTS stands charged before the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the Colony aforesaid, this twenty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, for that he, the said Robert Roberts, on the twenty-first day of October instant, at Newcastle, in the said Colony, did unlawfully assault one Robert Downan, a constable in the Police Force of New South Wales then in the execution of his duty, and whereby a prisoner was rescued from the custody of the said Robert Downan; and the examinations of all the witnesses on the part of the prosecution having been completed, and the depositions taken against the accused having been caused to be read to him, by me the said Justice before whom such examination has been so completed; and I, the said Justice, having also stated to the accused and given him clearly to understand that he has nothing to hope from any promise of favour, and nothing to fear from any threat which may have been holden out to him to induce him to make any admission or confession of his guilt, but that whatever he shall say may be given in evidence against him upon his trial, notwithstanding such promise or threat; and the said charge being read to the said Robert Roberts, and the witnesses for the prosecution, Robert Downan and Denis Finigan, being severally examined in his presence, the said Robert Roberts is now addressed by me as follows:—"Having heard the evidence, do you wish to say anything in answer to the charge? You are not obliged to say anything unless you desire to do so, but whatever you say will be taken down in writing, and may be given in evidence against you upon your trial"; whereupon the said Robert Roberts saith as follows:—"I have nothing to state."

Taken before me, at Newcastle, in the said Colony, the day and year first above-mentioned.

HELENUS SCOTT, P.M.

Newcastle,

Newcastle, 27 October, 1873.

THIS is to certify that the bearer, Robert Roberts, was left behind on account of being enticed away from his ship by some sailors, and got into trouble with the police officers on shore, and was committed for trial. He is a good faithful servant, and always willing to do his duties; he was an able seaman on board of my ship from Liverpool.

SAMUEL PERRY,  
Master of the Ship "Eastern Light."

Place with depositions.—G.B.S., 5th Decr., /73.

THE UNDER SECRETARY; DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, to MR. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE SIMPSON.

Department of Justice and Public Instruction,  
Sydney, 5 January, 1874.

*Regina v. Robert Roberts. Assaulting a constable in the execution of his duty.*

THE MINISTER of Justice and Public Instruction desires to invite the favour of Mr. District Court Judge Simpson's report upon this case at his earliest convenience.

Please to return papers herewith to this office.

B.C.—W. E. PLUNKETT.

Received by me, 6 Jan., /74. Report herewith and papers returned.—G.B.S., 6 Jan., /74.  
Under Secretary, Department of Justice, &c.

THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, to THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE.

Department of Justice and Public Instruction,  
Sydney, 5 January, 1874.

*Regina v. Robert Roberts. Assaulting a constable in the execution of his duty.*

WILL the Inspector General of Police favour with report as to injury received by the constable, and any other particulars in reference to the above case which he may deem to be necessary for the information of the Government.

W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary.

B.C.—Referred to Supt. Morisset for report.—JNO. McLERIE, I.G.P., 6th Jan., /74.

REPORT OF MR. DISTRICT COURT JUDGE SIMPSON.

*Regina v. Roberts.*

THE prisoner pleaded guilty to a charge of having assaulted a constable in the execution of his duty.

A character (very good) was handed in from the Captain of his ship. It has been forwarded by the Deputy Clerk to the Clerk of the Peace, Sydney; and is now, most probably, in the possession of the Under Secretary to the Law Department.

It was stated to me that the prisoner had a wife and two children in England, and that during the time he was in gaol they would be deprived of their means of support.

I attach a copy of the depositions in the case, and desire only to add, that it seems to me very desirable for the peace and well-being of the community that the police should be stringently protected when acting in the performance of their duty, especially in a city like Newcastle, where their numbers are comparatively few, and where a great many sailors are almost continually congregated. In passing sentence I took into consideration the locality in which the offence was committed; the fact that Roberts was, from the very first, the aggressor, and that he actually succeeded in his attempt to rescue from custody those whom the police had apprehended.

G. B. SIMPSON.  
Muswellbrook, 6th Jan., 1874.

TELEGRAM received on the 9th January, 1874, from Supt. Morisset, Newcastle, to the Inspector General of Police, Sydney.

Papers in Roberts' case forwarded by escort this morning; only arrived yesterday morning. Facts of case are as stated in depositions. Roberts rescued two prisoners, and violently and unprovokedly assaulted constable before he himself was arrested.

Urgent.—Forwarded to the Under Secretary, Department of Justice and Public Instruction.—JNO. McLERIE, I.G.P.—B.C., 9/1/4.

MR.

MR. SUPERINTENDENT MORISSET to THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE.

Police Department,  
Newcastle District,

9 January, 1874.

MEMO.—The papers in Roberts' case were only received in Maitland by me yesterday morning, and were at once sent by me to Sub-inspector Thorpe for full particulars.

The Inspector General's memo., which accompanied the papers, was dated the 6th instant; but he will perceive by the date on the envelope in which they were enclosed, and which I now send, that they did not leave his office until the 7th, and that there was no unnecessary delay on my part in returning them.

My telegram of this morning will have explained that the facts of the case are just as they are stated in the depositions. Roberts made a treacherous and unprovoked assault on the constable, who had another prisoner in charge, who had to be released, and the police had the greatest difficulty in arresting Roberts, who is a large and powerful man, and were much ill-used by him.

The police were in no way interfering with Roberts when he attacked them.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION to HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

[Urgent.]

*Regina v. Robert Roberts.*

I HAVE the honor to forward, for the perusal of His Excellency the Governor, a report on the case by Judge Simpson, and a memo. from the Inspector General of Police. While concurring with the opinion of the Judge, that the police should be protected while acting in the performance of their duty, I think the sentence passed an unusually severe one, and that the clemency of the Crown may well be exercised in granting a remission to the prisoner.

G. WIGRAM ALLEN,  
12 Jany., /74.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department.—B.C., 13 January, 1874.—W.E.P.  
His Excellency.—H.P., 14/1/74.

MINUTE OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

I CANNOT quite make out how long Roberts has been in prison. He appears to have been arrested on the 21st October; but in his petition, dated 21 December, he states that he had then been nearly three months in prison—which must have been a mistake. I think three months from date of first arrest will be ample punishment, and he may be released as soon as that period expires.—H.R., 14/1/74.

1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(INQUEST ON RICHARD STAPLES.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 5 March, 1874.*

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RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 3 March, 1874, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“The Depositions taken before the Coroner, at an Inquest held in Darlinghurst Gaol, on the body of a Prisoner named *Richard Staples*, who died “there.”

*(Mr. Buchanan.)*

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

THE CITY CORONER TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

City Coroner's Office,  
Sydney, 21 February, 1874.

SIR,

Seeing in this morning's *Herald* that Mr. Forster has given notice of questions in reference to the inquest held by me on Tuesday, the 17th instant, at Darlinghurst Gaol, to inquire touching the demise of Richard Staples, I do myself the honor to state, for the information of the Honorable the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, that I dissented from the opinion placed on record by the jury, because it unnecessarily reflected upon the visiting surgeon, and because the recommendation embodied therein was, in my judgment, not the result of reflection on their part, but a mere crude idea of one or two of their number, to which the others signified their assent without clearly comprehending its purport and operation. Such was my conviction from the remarks made by some of the jury when it was submitted.

2. The facts of the case, as disclosed by the evidence of the visiting surgeon, are as follow:—The deceased was first seen by him professionally on the 2nd instant, when he complained of pain in the chest. He was then carefully examined with the stethoscope, without any symptoms of disease having been detected, and he was seen again by the doctor on Saturday, the 14th instant, when, at deceased's own request, he ordered him a dose of aperient medicine, and saw nothing more of him until after death, which occurred on the morning of the 17th, when an inspection showed his decease resulted from the bursting of an aneurism of the aorta, which the visiting surgeon swears frequently exists without its being diagnosed on examination with the stethoscope. Two prisoners volunteered evidence, but they were clearly influenced by strong animus against the doctor: One (Faulkner) deposed he heard the doctor distinctly say there was nothing the matter with deceased; he did not see him examine him. This occurred in the gaol surgery. The other (Love) saw the doctor examine, on or about the 9th instant, the deceased with the stethoscope, and heard him inform him after doing so that there was nothing wrong with him, and sent him back to his work. This is confirmatory of the doctor's evidence,—that he examined deceased and detecting no symptoms of disease did not receive him into the hospital. Because the man died suddenly a few days after from aneurism of the aorta, and the doctor had failed in discovering its existence, the jury desired to censure him; I certainly could not concur in that view.

3. Now, with reference to the recommendation, it bears absurdity on its face, according to the terms thereof,—the doctor is to be permitted to give evidence and make *post mortems* when necessary in cases where prisoners have died under his professional care, notwithstanding their death may have been caused or accelerated by his malpractice, neglect, or carelessness; but if a prisoner who has not been under medical treatment should die suddenly he shall not be a competent witness to perform an autopsy and give evidence. The jury could hardly have contemplated this, but it is what their recommendation amounts to.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY SHIELL.

NEW SOUTH WALES, }  
TO WIT.

INFORMATION of witnesses, severally taken and acknowledged on behalf of our Sovereign Lady the Queen, touching the death of Richard Staples at Darlinghurst Gaol, in the City of Sydney, in the said Colony of New South Wales, on the 17th day of February, in the thirty-seventh year of the reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four,—before Henry Shiell, gentleman, Coroner for the District and City of Sydney, on an inquisition then and there taken on view of the body of the said Richard Staples, then and there lying dead, as follows:—

*Michael Burke*, on oath, says:—I am principal warder, Darlinghurst Gaol; the dead body now viewed by me in the presence of the Coroner and jury, at the dead-house of this gaol, I recognize as that of a prisoner named Richard Staples, who was received into gaol on the 18th September, 1873, under and by virtue of transmission warrant under the hand and seal of Harold Maclean, Sheriff of this Colony; it appears by the warrant on the 30th August, 1873, at Camden Police Court, the deceased was sentenced to 6 (six) months' imprisonment for stealing from a dwelling; he was a native of England, aged 41 years, arrived in the Colony per ship "Lysander" in the year 1839; he was a laborer; he died in one of the cells this morning at half-past 3 o'clock; I saw him daily; he was continually complaining of being in weak health, but so far as my knowledge extends he was never under medical treatment in hospital, nor am I aware that the visiting surgeon's attention was ever called to him; I last saw deceased alive on last Sunday in the shed in the yard; I saw no change in him; I am not aware that he was in delicate health when received into gaol; it is the duty of the warder in charge of the wing, when a prisoner reports himself ill, to bring him before the visiting surgeon; there was no medical report from Campbelltown accompanying the deceased.

MICHAEL BURKE.

Sworn before me, this 17th February, 1874,—  
HENRY SHIELL, Coroner.

*Michael Wallace*, on oath, says:—I am one of the warders in Darlinghurst Gaol, and have charge of the wing—letter E; I knew a prisoner named Richard Staples—he was in the wing under my charge; that is his dead body now lying in the dead-house of this gaol; when a prisoner complains of being unwell or suffering from pains I put his name on a slate and then send him with a warder to the hospital  
for

for the doctor to see him ; deceased since his admission in gaol has been in the wing under my charge ; I had occasion to send him to the doctor two or three times in consequence of him complaining ; so far as memory serves me deceased has not been in the gaol hospital ; I know of my own knowledge that deceased was seen once by the doctor.

M. WALLACE.

Sworn before me, this 17th February, 1874,—

HENRY SHIELL, Coroner.

*Thomas William Faulkner*, on oath, says :—I am a tailor by trade, and at present a prisoner in Darlinghurst Gaol, under a sentence of two years for forgery ; that was not my first conviction ; I was previously convicted of larceny, and on a previous occasion for illegal detention of property ; the dead body now viewed by me in the presence of the Coroner and jury at the dead-house of this gaol is that of a prisoner named Richard Staples ; during the last four or five weeks we have occupied the same cell ; during that time he has been complaining of indigestion almost every night ; since last Friday night he has been very bad in the cell ; he was walking about the floor in his bare feet, thumping his chest ; he was moaning very much ; this was on Friday night ; I asked deceased if I would knock at the door for the doctor ; he said, “No, I have been to the doctor, and he told me that there was nothing the matter with me—and that I was scheming” ; I said I will knock for the doctor if you are not better ; he said, “Do not knock for him, as I think I will be well soon again ; and if you knock he will put me in the cells” ; last evening he was in the cell as usual with me and another prisoner named Murphy ; about half-past 6 o'clock the deceased was taken very bad again—he was walking about the floor thumping his chest, and appeared to be suffering ; I told him I would knock at the door for the doctor ; he asked me not to do so ; I refrained from so doing, saying I would wait for half an hour, and told him if he was no better I would knock ; I was then smoking ; Murphy was smoking also ; the deceased asked Murphy for a smoke—Murphy gave him his pipe ; I then fell asleep ; I awoke about an hour afterwards and found deceased walking about the floor without his boots ; he laid down on the bed and remained very quiet for an hour or so ; he was conversing with us till about 1 o'clock this morning ; he then got up and used the water bucket ; he appeared to be suffering a little ; he said he was better ; I laid awake till about ten minutes to 3 o'clock, in consequence of fatigue, when I fell asleep ; about 3 o'clock I was aroused by Murphy singing out, “Get up—the old man is very bad” ; I then got up and raised the alarm ; at this time Murphy had his arms around deceased's body supporting him ; while raising the alarm Murphy laid him down, exclaiming, “He is gone—he is dead” ; I was present on the 2nd of this month in the corridor of the gaol hospital, when Staples was called into the hospital to see the doctor, and I heard Dr. Aaron distinctly state that there was nothing the matter with him ; I did not see the doctor examine deceased ; by hospital I mean the surgery ; I have been to the hospital myself to see Dr. Aaron when ill, applying for indulgences, &c., which he declined to recommend ; I may state here that I have written twice to the Sheriff, complaining of Dr. Aaron.

THOS. W. FAULKNER.

Sworn before me, this 17th February, 1874,—

HENRY SHIELL, Coroner.

*Jeremiah Murphy*, on oath, says :—I am a labourer, and at present a prisoner under a sentence of six months for an aggravated assault on a woman ; it is my first conviction ; I know the deceased, Richard Staples ; during the last three or four weeks we occupied the same cell ; he was always complaining of his chest, saying his food would not go down ; last night, about 12 o'clock, I awoke and found deceased on the night tub ; I went to sleep again, and about 3 o'clock I heard a noise like kicking ; I called to Thomas Faulkner to wake him ; I called deceased by name ; I went up to him ; he was lying on his bed, facing the wall, doubled up ; I turned him towards me and called him by name, but got no answer ; it was dark and I could not see ; Faulkner got up, and said deceased is dead ; I knocked at the door for the warder, and he came shortly after ; finding deceased was dead he was removed ; I saw no difference in him last night than on previous nights—all he complained of was the pain in the chest.

his  
JEREMIAH + MURPHY.

mark

Witness, GEO. M'KAY.

Sworn before me, this 17th February, 1874,—

HENRY SHIELL, Coroner.

*John Love*, on oath, says :—I am a blacksmith, and at present a prisoner in Darlinghurst Gaol, under a sentence of five years for two assaults with intent to commit rape ; there are two previous convictions against me—one for assaulting a policeman, and the other for stealing ; there was another charge of stealing against me, but I was acquitted ; my last conviction was on the 25th April last, at Bathurst ; on or about the 9th or 10th instant I was in the surgery waiting to see the doctor ; deceased was standing alongside of me ; he went into the dispensary to see the doctor ; I was standing by the door ; the doctor asked him what was the matter with him ; he said he had something the matter with his heart, placing his hand upon his chest ; the doctor said, “Who told you so,” adding, “Come round here,” and took him to the back of the counter ; the doctor told him to lift up his shirt ; I could see what was passing ; the doctor put a wooden thing to his ear and against deceased's chest, and told him not to breathe hard ; he took it away then, and sent deceased round to the other side of the counter—and the doctor told deceased that he had nothing more the matter with him than he had ; the deceased uttered something which I did not catch ; the doctor said, “Oh, nonsense ; there is nothing more the matter with you than me ;” deceased walked from the dispensary then, and I saw tears drop from his eyes ; that was the only occasion I ever saw deceased and the doctor together.

JOHN LOVE.

Sworn before me, this 17th February, 1874,—

HENRY SHIELL, Coroner.

Isaac

*Isaac Aaron*, on oath, deposes:—I am a legally qualified medical practitioner, and visiting surgeon to this gaol; the body now in the dead-house of the gaol is that of a prisoner named Richard Staples; I first saw him on 2nd February, when he complained of some obscure pain about the chest; I examined him, but could not make out anything serious; the next time was, I think, on Saturday last, 14 February, when he had a dose of aperient medicine, at his own request; I did not see him since until this morning at the dead-house; on coming to the gaol at my usual hour the dispenser informed me that he was called up between 2 and 3 this morning, when he found him dead; I have made a *post mortem* examination, and found that an aneurism of the aorta had burst into the pericardium; the bursting of the aneurism was the cause of death; such cases are not recognized during life once in many times in which they occur.

*By the Jury*: It was on the 2nd instant I examined the deceased with the stethoscope without detecting any symptoms of disease; I made such an examination as I deemed necessary to satisfy myself whether he was suffering from disease or not.

*By Coroner*: Aneurism of the aorta frequently exists without its being detected by examination with the stethoscope.

ISAAC AARON.

Sworn before me, this 17th February, 1874,—

HENRY SHIELL.

NEW SOUTH WALES, }  
TO WIT.

An inquisition indented, taken for our Sovereign Lady the Queen, at Darlinghurst Gaol, in the City of Sydney, in the said Colony of New South Wales, the 17th day of February in the thirty-seventh year of the reign of our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, before Henry Shiell, gentleman, Coroner for the District and City of Sydney; *on view* of the body of Richard Staples, then and there lying dead,—upon the oath of Richard M'Auley (foreman), Edward Butler, Peter Charters, Thomas Harpham, Enoch Sims, John Ryce, George Wilson, Edward Sherring, William Brereton, William Wenban, Bernard M'Laughlin, Richard Wastell, good and lawful men of the said Colony, duly chosen, and who, being then and there duly sworn, and charged to inquire for our said Sovereign Lady the Queen, when, how, and by what means the said Richard Staples came by his death, do, upon our oath, say,—“We find that the said Richard Staples, a prisoner in Darlinghurst Gaol, at the said Gaol, on the 17th instant, in a natural way, and not otherwise, did die.”

In witness whereof, as well as the said Coroner, the jurors aforesaid have hereunto set their hands and seals, the day and year first above-written.

HENRY SHIELL, Coroner.  
RICHARD M'AULEY, Foreman.  
G. W. WILSON.  
ENOCH SIMS.  
E. BUTLER.  
RICHD. WASTELL.  
B. M'LAUGHLIN.

EDWARD G. SHERRING.  
WILLIAM WENBAN.  
JOHN RYCE.  
THOMAS HARPAM.  
P. CHARTERS.  
WILLIAM BRERETON.

Expression of opinion by the Jury:—

“We think, as Jurors, that in all cases of sudden death a second doctor should be called in to hold a *post mortem* examination, independent of the visiting surgeon.”

For and on behalf of the Jury,

RICHARD M'AULEY,

Foreman.

Darlinghurst Gaol,  
17 February, 1874.

I dissent entirely from the above expression of opinion. There is nothing in the circumstances of this case to justify it.

HENRY SHIELL,  
Coroner.

THE CITY CORONER TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

City Coroner's Office,  
Sydney, 25 February, 1874.

SIR,

In reference to the questions, of which Mr. Buchanan gave notice last night, of his intention to ask this day of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, in the Legislative Assembly, touching the inquest held at Darlinghurst Gaol, on the 17th instant, to inquire into the cause of the death of Richard Staples, I do myself the honor to intimate, for the information of the Honorable the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, and the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, in replying to the questions, that I did not refuse to receive the rider of the jury, as Mr. Buchanan's question would imply, but although dissenting from, and expressing such dissent, accepted and attached it to the proceedings.

I have, &c.,

HENRY SHIELL,  
Coroner.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(MATTHEWS v. ASHE—ASSAULT—POLICE COURT, CARCOAR.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 12 March, 1874.*

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

### No. 1.

TELEGRAM FROM THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, TO THE CLERK OF PETTY SESSIONS, CARCOAR.

Sydney, 24 December, 1873.

Matthews v. Ashe (assault); heard before Carcoar Bench 9th instant. Forward depositions to this Office.

W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Macquarie-street.

### No. 2.

THE CLERK OF PETTY SESSIONS, CARCOAR, TO THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Court House, Carcoar,  
24 December, 1873.

SIR,

As instructed by your telegram, received this day, I have the honor to forward depositions in the case noted in the margin, which was heard at Carcoar on the 9th instant.

I have, &c.,  
EDWD. J. C. NORTH, C.P.S.

Matthews v.  
Ashe—assault.

### No. 3.

THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, TO THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, CARCOAR.

Department of Justice and Public Instruction,  
Sydney, 8 January, 1874.

GENTLEMEN,

In returning the depositions in case Matthews v. Ashe (assault), I am directed to request that you will have the goodness to favour the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction with the grounds upon which you dismissed the case, and any other observations which you may consider requisite for the information of the Government.

I have, &c.,  
W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary.

### No. 4.

MR. G. MATTHEWS TO THE MINISTER FOR JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Carcoar, 10 January, 1874.

SIR,

I have the honor to address you with reference to my case, "Matthews v. Ashe," heard here before T. R. Icely, N. Connolly, junr., J. L. Cobb, and T. Fitzpatrick, Esquires, J.P.'s., having heard from Mr. T. H. West, M.L.A., that it was under the consideration of the Government.

My principal object in now writing is that I have heard that Mr. N. Connolly, junior, one of the Justices, when coming into town on the day of the hearing, saw a man working with his son at his house as he passed. This man bid him "Good morning," and said he supposed he (Mr. Connolly) was going to sit on Mr. Ashe's case that day. The reply was something to this effect: "Matthews is a worthless fellow, and it would never do for a man like Mr. Ashe to lose his situation (manager of the Commercial Bank) through him," evidently, therefore, prejudging the case, and, I have reason to believe, not the only one of the J.P.'s. who did so.

This man (Mr. Gorringer) has told the case to several, and is willing, if necessary, to prove the circumstance; and his son also. They are persons who bear excellent characters, and are thought very much of.

I have deemed it my duty to mention this, that you may see in what a position I have been placed. I have edited the *Carcoar Chronicle* for over nine months, and have had the management of papers both in New South Wales and Queensland, and am not the "worthless fellow" Mr. Connolly is pleased to think me. I was also in the employ of the Hon. H. Parkes the whole of the time he had the *Empire*, and now hold an excellent testimonial from him.

I have, &c.,  
GEO. MATTHEWS.

### No. 5.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, CARCOAR, TO THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Police Office, Carcoar,  
13 January, 1874.

SIR,

We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 8th instant, requesting us to favor the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction with the grounds upon which we dismissed the case "Matthews v. Ashe," and asking us to make any further observations which we may consider requisite for the information of the Government.

In reply, we beg to state that the grounds upon which we dismissed the case were clearly set forth by the chairman of the Bench in giving our decision; which decision we arrived at chiefly upon the evidence of the only disinterested witness of the *fracas* (Mr. T. Machattie), who explicitly stated that the complainant first placed himself in offensive attitude towards the defendant, and although he (Machattie) was under the impression that Mr. Ashe thereupon struck the complainant, in reply to a question from the Bench he stated "I cannot positively

swear

3

swear who struck the first blow." And we were further strengthened in our view of the case by the evidence of Mr. Air, the proprietor of the printing-office, who swore that he did not look upon Mr. Ashe, who was in the habit of going into the office, as an intruder.

The decision of the Bench, before alluded to, was given in the following words:—"The Bench are doubtful, from the evidence, if the assault complained of was committed; that if committed they are of opinion that it was to a certain extent justified, and of so trivial a nature as to merit no punishment. They therefore exercise their power of dismissing the case."

We have, &c.,  
(For the Bench)  
T. R. ICELY, J.P.,  
Chairman.

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No. 6.

MINUTE OF THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Mr. CONNOLLY, junior, for any explanation he may desire to offer.

G.W.A., 19/1/74.

Will Mr. Connolly favour the Minister of Justice, &c., with report hereon?—W. E. PLUNKETT. To be returned. N. Connolly, Esq., J.P., Carcoar, B.C., 23/1/74.

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No. 7.

N. CONNOLLY, JUNR., Esq., J.P., to THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Weragel, Carcoar,  
28 January, 1874.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a letter from your department, signed Geo. Matthews, complaining that in the late assault case, heard at Carcoar (*Matthews v. Ashe*) in which I was one of the four sitting Justices, I prejudged the case.

In reply to the complaint I beg to state that on the morning of the hearing of the case I was riding to town past the place where the man Gorrige and his son were at work fencing for me, when he called out, "I suppose, sir, you are going to sit on this case to-day?" meaning, no doubt, that of *Matthews v. Ashe*. To this I replied, "I always sit when in town on Court day." Nothing more passed. I desire to point out the utter improbability of any Magistrate possessed of a particle of common sense or self-respect making any such statement as that alluded to by Mr. Matthews in reply to an impertinent question asked by his own employé. I would further beg leave to draw your attention to the wholesale imputation on the integrity of the other Justices who sat on the case with which the paragraph concludes, as an indication of the capabilities of Mr. Matthews, and as a specimen of the annoyances to which Magistrates are subjected by unsuccessful litigants in the small communities of country districts whilst endeavouring honestly to discharge their often onerous duties.

I have, &c.,  
N. CONNOLLY, JUNR.

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No. 8.

TELEGRAM FROM THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, to THE CLERK OF PETTY SESSIONS, CARCOAR.

Sydney, 3 February, 1874.

*Matthews v. Ashe*—Assault.

PLEASE forward depositions in above case to this office, heard on 9th December last, by T. R. Icely, N. Connolly, junior, James L. Cobb, and T. Fitzpatrick, J.P.'s. Mr. Garrett to ask in Legislative Assembly, have each of these four gentlemen sat on Bench, Carcoar, during the three months preceding day upon which case was heard. Reply by telegraph, and forward depositions by return post.

W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Macquarie-street.

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No. 9.

TELEGRAM FROM THE CLERK OF PETTY SESSIONS, CARCOAR, to THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Carcoar, 4 February, 1874.

*Matthews v. Ashe*.

DEPOSITIONS forwarded. Magistrates who sat in case attended during three months previous to 9th December, as follows:—T. R. Icely, three times; N. Connolly, junior, once; J. L. Cobb, twice; T. Fitzpatrick, once.

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No. 10.

THE CLERK OF PETTY SESSIONS, CARCOAR, to THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Court House, Carcoar,  
4 February, 1874.

SIR,

As instructed by your telegram of yesterday, I forward, by this post, depositions in the case noted in the margin, heard at Carcoar on 9th December last.

The Magistrates who sat in the case attended during the three months previous to the 9th December, as follows:—T. R. Icely, on 17th and 25th November and 2nd December; N. Connolly, junior, on 2nd December; J. L. Cobb, on 9th September and 21st October; T. Fitzpatrick, on 7th October.

I have, &c.,  
EDWARD J. C. NORTH, C.P.S.

*Matthews v. Ashe*—Assault.

No. 11.

## No. 11.

## DEPOSITIONS.

INFORMATION (GENERAL PURPOSES.)—9 GEO. IV., CAP. 31.

New South Wales, }  
to wit. }

S	.....	2	6
I	.....	3	0
A	.....	1	0
		6	6

BE it remembered, that on this second day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, at Carcoar, in the Colony of New South Wales, George Matthews, of Carcoar, appears before me, the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices duly assigned to keep the peace of our Lady the Queen in and for the Colony of New South Wales, and on oath informeth me, that on the second day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, one John Joseph Ashe did unlawfully assault and beat this complainant, contrary to the Act in such case made and provided; whereupon the said George Matthews prays that I, the said Justice, will proceed in the premises according to law.

GEORGE MATTHEWS.

Sworn at Carcoar, in the said Colony, on the }  
day first above written, before me,— }WILLIAM BADCOCK,  
Justice of the Peace.Court House, Carcoar,  
9 December, 1873.

Before T. R. Icely, J.P.; N. Connolly, junr., J.P.; J. L. Cobb, J.P.; and Thomas Fitzpatrick, J.P.

John Joseph Ashe appears on summons, charged with assaulting one George Matthews. Pleads not guilty, and justification.

*George Matthews*, sworn, states:—I am employed by Mr. Air, proprietor of the *Carcoar Chronicle*; I know Mr. Ashe, who is manager of the Commercial Bank here; on Tuesday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, Mr. Ashe, accompanied by Mr. Machattie, a clerk in the Bank, came into the printing-office without knocking at the door; I was working at the case; Mrs. Air, George Marsden, and a boy called Isaac Collins, were in the room; Mr. Ashe said to me, "Matthews, have you any objection to say whether you wrote that letter in the *Independent*?" I took no notice of what he said, and continued at my work; he again repeated the same question, to which I replied, "It is a question you have no right to put to me, and which I have no right to answer;" some little time elapsed, when Mr. Ashe said, "Matthews, you are a mean sneak and a scoundrel;" I said, "Mr. Ashe, this is no place to quarrel, I will meet you after 5 o'clock, and if you have got anything to say to me say it to me then;" Mr. Ashe again called me a mean sneak and a scoundrel; I then said, "If I am a mean sneak and a scoundrel, you are not only a mean sneak but a blackleg;" I resumed work, when Mr. Ashe struck me on the eye with his fist; he blackened my eye; I had not discontinued my work; I received some serious bruises through Mr. Ashe jamming me up against the press, assisted by Mr. Machattie; in defending myself from Mr. Ashe I was interfered with by his clerk; I managed to get Mr. Ashe outside; I referred them to the notice on the door, and told them to go out; I never had any quarrel with Mr. Ashe.

*By Mr. Fletcher, for defendant*:—When Mr. Ashe addressed the question to me with reference to the article in the *Independent*, it was with his usual manner; we had had no previous misunderstanding; I have seen Mr. Ashe four or five times in the printing-office during some fourteen or fifteen months; he may have been there oftener when I was not there; I do my work from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. in the office, except on Friday nights; I have also acted as editor for the paper, and as such had to be absent from the office, except at night; when Mr. Ashe spoke first, his manner was civil and respectful; I did not reply immediately because I thought he had no right to ask the question; I had not previously conveyed to Mr. Ashe that I had written that letter; Mr. Ashe put the question a second time in a more excited tone; the term "Bank Manager" in the letter implied Mr. Ashe; I was not under any bond to any other person not to answer such a question; I did not answer the question, because he had no right to ask it—because it was a privileged communication that was not between attorney and client; I had never commanded the defendant not to come into that office before, with the authority of my employer; it was after I called Mr. Ashe a blackleg that he struck me; Mr. Ashe knows what a blackleg is; I sent a statement, signed by myself, to the three Bathurst papers, after Mr. Ashe had said it would not be published in any of them; I did not send telegrams of the occurrence to the Sydney papers; I did not state in Mr. Ashe's presence that I would cause my version of the matter to be inserted in every newspaper in the colony, or to a great many papers in the colony; and I did not use words to the like effect behind Mr. Ashe's back; the bruises on my arm were not caused in consequence of Mr. Ashe averting a blow aimed at him when attempting to close the door; the blows were all given after Mr. Ashe had called me a sneak and I had called him a blackleg; I did not allude to Mr. Ashe in an article headed "Carcoar Celebrities;" I wrote that article; I never said at Fagan's hotel that every bloody swell in that street should get a slating of eight pages in the *Independent*; no one ever heard me make use of the word bloody; I do not know of any interference on the defendant's part to incur the stricture contained in the *Independent* of the 2nd instant; I may have said something in answer to Mr. Ashe; I was at one time postmaster at Toowoomba, Queensland; I was not dismissed from my office; I was tried for robbery and acquitted; I have heard the term applied to myself and to others; I reported the defendant to the head office of the Bank; this was after the assault; I did so with a view of getting him dismissed; I never said at Mr. Hickey's hotel that I would get Mr. Ashe hunted or driven out of the town, or words to that effect, or that I would get him sacked from his billet; I did not make this charge with a view to extort money, but have been offered £5 by Mr. Ashe's friends to settle it; I cannot say whether it was by Mr. Ashe's consent or approval; I cannot say now who made the offer; on the evening mentioned, about a week previous to the assault, when I was at the Royal, Mr. Ashe addressed Mr. North, solicitor, and said Mr. Dodd was going to kick the writer of the article, "Carcoar Celebrities;" he said he would bet £5 that the writer was present; Mr. North said, "I have not got £5, but will bet I did not write it;" Ashe then said, "The writer is in the room;" I said, "You must refer to me, then, Mr. Ashe;" he replied, "I don't, Matthews;" at this time I was sober; Mr. North and I were not both drunk on that night.

GEO. MATTHEWS.

Sworn before us, this 9th December, 1873,—

T. R. ICELY, J.P.  
N. CONNOLLY, JUNR., J.P.  
J. LITHGOW COBB, J.P.  
THOS. FITZPATRICK, J.P.

*George Marsden*, sworn, stated:—On Tuesday last I was employed in the *Chronicle* office; as near as I can recollect, Mr. Ashe and Mr. Machattie came into the office; Mr. Ashe shook hands with Mrs. Air; he asked Mr. Matthews if he wrote the letter in the *Independent*; he asked the question a second time, and again a third time said, "Are you game to acknowledge you are the writer?"

(At this stage the evidence of this witness is refused, he not being in a fit state to give evidence.)

Isaac

*Isaac Collins*, sworn, states:—I am in the employment of Mr. Air; on Tuesday afternoon last Mr. Matthews, myself, Mr. Marsden, and Mrs. Air, were in the office between 3 and 4 o'clock, when Mr. Ashe and Mr. Machattie came in; Mr. Ashe shook hands with Mrs. Air, and spoke a few minutes to her; he then asked Mr. Matthews if he wrote a letter that was in the *Independent*; I don't think Mr. Matthews replied; Mr. Ashe said, "You are not game to own you wrote the letter;" Mr. Matthews said, "I don't want to have anything to say to you, Mr. Ashe;" Mr. Ashe said, "You are a sneak;" Matthews replied, "If I am a sneak, you are a sneak and a blackguard;" Mr. Ashe struck him with his fist in the eye; Matthews was leaning with his arm on the press at the time; defendant struck the plaintiff first.

*By Mr. Fletcher, for defendant*:—When Mr. Ashe first spoke to Matthews, he was quiet and civil; when he spoke, Matthews turned round and looked at him, but did not reply; he afterwards said to Mr. Ashe, "I will meet you after office hours;" when Matthews used the words "You are a sneak and a blackguard" he seemed in a rage; I did not hear Mr. Matthews say he would fight Mr. Ashe after 5 o'clock; Mr. Matthews did not say "I will fight you for a pound," unless he said it after I went out; Mr. Machattie was there; I did not hear Matthews say the office was no place to quarrel in.

ISAAC COLLINS.

Sworn before us, this 9th December, 1873,—

T. R. ICELY, J.P.  
N. CONNOLLY, JUNR., J.P.  
J. LITHGOW COBB, J.P.  
THOS. FITZPATRICK, J.P.

## For the Defence.

*James Clark Air*, sworn, states:—I am proprietor of the *Carcoar Chronicle*; I remember causing a notice to be put up on the door—"No admittance except on business;" it had no particular reference to Mr. Ashe; I did not give Mr. Ashe or Mr. Machattie permission on that particular day to go into the office.

The notice was put up that it might be pointed out to anyone who was offensive; Mr. Ashe was never offensive to me.

JAMES C. AIR.

Sworn before us, this 9th December, 1873,—

T. R. ICELY, J.P.  
N. CONNOLLY, JUNR., J.P.  
J. LITHGOW COBB, J.P.  
THOS. FITZPATRICK, J.P.

Thomas Alfred Machattie, sworn, states:—I am a clerk in the Commercial Bank; on the afternoon of the 2nd of this month I accompanied Mr. Ashe to the *Chronicle* office; on entering, I saw Mrs. Air, Mr. Matthews, the boy Collins, and an old man named Marsden; we spoke to Mrs. Air first; Mr. Ashe then said, "I want to ask you, Mr. Matthews, if you are the writer of the letter signed 'Fair Play,' in to-day's *Independent*?" Mr. Matthews at first said, "Mind your own business;" Mr. Ashe said, "Then you decline to tell me if you are the writer?" Matthews replied, "I decline to give you any information on the subject; did you not see that notice on the door?" Mr. Ashe said, "I saw it, but I don't take much notice from you;" Mr. Ashe said, "If you deny to give me any information as to the letter 'Fair Play' you are a sneak;" Mr. Matthews said, "If I am a sneak, you are a blackleg, and a damned blackleg;" all the words were said in a threatening manner; Mr. Matthews seemed more flurried than Mr. Ashe; Mr. Matthews laid down his composing-stick, and went towards Mr. Ashe, just at the moment he used the expression "You are a blackleg;" his attitude was offensive to Mr. Ashe, and defensive to himself; he advanced towards Mr. Ashe as if to put him out, and put his hands in a fighting position; at the moment he used the word "blackleg" Mr. Ashe closed upon him; there was a general scuffle; Mr. Ashe held Matthews' head down, I think under his arm; he had his pipe in his mouth, and said to me, "Come and take my pipe, Tom;" I took his pipe, and they continued to scuffle; they were nearly falling against the pipe, and I shoved them both away; I think Mr. Ashe struck the first blow; Mr. Ashe was so perfectly calm that I did not anticipate an assault; he went to the office to ascertain if Matthews was the writer of the letter; there was no pre-arrangement to go to the *Chronicle* office; I had walked across to Mr. Whittaker's to see if the break was mended, and was not solicited by Mr. Ashe to go to the *Chronicle* office; when Mr. Ashe opened the door of the office to let me out, Matthews came at him with his fists clenched; Mr. Ashe shut the door and shut him in, he (Mr. Ashe) being outside; I opened the door, and followed Mr. Ashe; Matthews remained in the office; a short time afterwards I saw Mr. North, solicitor, and Mr. Matthews at the telegraph office, and I heard Mr. North say, "I heard Ashe say, 'Hold him you while I punch him.;" no such words were used by Mr. Ashe; all the parties were sober at the time.

*By Defendant's attorney*:—I did not at first say to Matthews, "Come out on the green;" I think there was something said about meeting after 5 o'clock, by Matthews; his first words were, "Mind your own business;" he may have said, "That is a question you have no right to ask;" I did not say, when Matthews showed the notice on the door, "Oh, you are only a bloody servant;" I believe I said, "You are only a working man, and why should he notice it;" Mr. Matthews was not leaning over the press at the time he was struck; Mr. Ashe did not say "Come and take my part, Tom?" I took no part in the affair.

T. A. MACHATTIE.

Sworn before us, this 9th December, 1873,—

T. R. ICELY, J.P.  
N. CONNOLLY, JUNR., J.P.  
J. LITHGOW COBB, J.P.  
THOS. FITZPATRICK, J.P.

Case dismissed.—Plaintiff to pay professional costs, one guinea; in default of payment within three days, levy and distress; and in default of sufficient distress, three days imprisonment in Carcoar lock-up.

T. R. ICELY, J.P.  
N. CONNOLLY, J.P.  
J. LITHGOW COBB, J.P.  
THOS. FITZPATRICK, J.P.

(Copy of Minute of Order of Justice.)

Matthews v. Ashe.

It is ordered and adjudged that the plaintiff do pay costs, £1 1s., and in default of payment of the said sum within three days, his goods and chattels to be seized and sold; if he have none, or insufficient to pay the said costs, it is then further ordered and adjudged that he be confined in Her Majesty's Gaol at Carcoar for the space of three days.

Police Office, Carcoar, 9th December, 1873.

T. R. ICELY, J.P.  
THOS. FITZPATRICK, J.P.

	£	s.	d.
Penalty or fine ... ..	0	0	0
Costs ... ..	1	1	0
Order ... ..	0	1	0
Total ... ..	£1	2	0

(Q. 1, 11 &amp; 12 Vic., cap. 43.)

*Warrant of Distress for Costs upon an Order for Dismissal of an information or complaint.*

To the Chief Constable of Carcoar, in the Colony of New South Wales, and to all other Peace Officers in the said Colony.

WHEREAS, on the second day of December, George Matthews appeared before one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said Colony of New South Wales, and complained that John Joseph Ashe did unlawfully assault and beat him, the said complainant, and afterwards, to wit, on the ninth day of December, 1873, at Carcoar, in the said Colony, both parties appearing before us, in order that we should hear and determine the same, and the several proofs adduced to us in that behalf being by us duly heard and considered and it manifestly appearing to us that the said complaint was not proved, we therefore dismissed the same, and adjudged that the said George Matthews should pay to the said John Joseph Ashe the sum of one pound one shilling for costs incurred by him in his defence in that behalf; and we ordered that if the said sum for costs should not be paid within three days the same should be levied of the goods and chattels of the said George Matthews; and we adjudge that in default of sufficient distress in that behalf the said George Matthews should be imprisoned in the gaol at Carcoar, in the said Colony, for the space of three days, unless the said sum for costs, and all costs and charges of the said distress, and of the commitment and conveying of the said George Matthews to the said gaol should be sooner paid: And whereas the said George Matthews being now required to pay unto the said John Joseph Ashe the said sum for costs, hath not paid the same, or any part thereof, but therein hath made default: These are therefore to command you, in Her Majesty's name, forthwith to make distress of the goods and chattels of the said George Matthews, and if within the space of five days next after the making of such distress the said last-mentioned sum, together with the reasonable charges of taking and keeping the said distress, shall not be paid, that then you do sell the said goods and chattels so by you distrained, and do pay the money arising from such sale to Edward James Campbell North, the Clerk of the Justices of the Peace for the district of Carcoar, in the said Colony, that he may pay and apply the same as by law directed, and may render the overplus (if any), on demand, to the said George Matthews; and if no such distress can be found, then that you certify the same unto us, to the end that such proceedings may be had therein as to the law doth appertain.

Given under our hands and seals this twelfth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, at Carcoar, in the Colony aforesaid.

T. R. ICELY, J.P.  
THOS. FITZPATRICK, J.P.

I, THOMAS DALEY, Constable of Police, stationed at Carcoar, in the Colony of New South Wales, do hereby certify to Thomas Rothery Icely, Esq., and Thomas Fitzpatrick, Esq., two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony, that by virtue of this warrant I have made diligent search for the goods and chattels of the within mentioned George Matthews, and that I can find no sufficient goods or chattels of the said George Matthews whereon to levy the sums within mentioned.

Witness my hand, this 13th day of December, 1873.

THOS. DALEY.

1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(COMPLAINT AGAINST MR. ALLEN, SHERIFF'S BAILIFF, MAITLAND).

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 20 March, 1874.*

RETURN to an *Order* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 23 January, 1874, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of all Reports, Correspondence, and other Papers, in reference to the complaint made by Mr. John Lavender against Mr. Allen, the Sheriff’s Bailiff at Maitland.”

*(Mr. Scholey.)*

## SCHEDULE.

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ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

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No. 1.

THE UNDER SHERIFF TO MR. W. LAVENDER.

Sheriff's Office,  
Sydney, 15 April, 1873.

SIR,

I have to request that you will hand over to Mr. Allen the cheque for £12 10s., or proceeds thereof, sent to you from this Department as payment for assisting Mr. Allen, Sheriff's bailiff, as the cheque was forwarded to you in error.

I am, &c.,  
TEMPLE NATHAN,  
Under Sheriff.

P.S.—Mr. Allen will return you the voucher you signed, and give you a receipt for the amount.—  
T.N.

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No. 2.

STATEMENT OF MR. J. LAVENDER TO MR. SUPERINTENDENT MORRISSETT.

Police Department,  
Superintendent's Office, N.E. District,  
East Maitland, 13 July, 1873.

THE statement of Jno. Lavender, who says:—The voucher now shown me is one bearing the signature of my son, William Lavender, who is at Narrabri. In the first quarter of this year he served some summonses for the Sheriff's bailiff, J. K. Allen; he told me he had signed a voucher for £1, and received that sum from Mr. Allen; Mr. Allen told my son that before he paid him the pound he must sign a voucher for it as he (Allen) could not get the money without; about a month after this conversation with my son a letter came, addressed to him, from the Sheriff's Office, enclosing a cheque for £12 10s. on the Bank of New South Wales; my son being absent I opened the letter, and when he came home I showed it to him, and told him to return the £1 to Mr. Allen, and to tell him that he (my son) had received a cheque from the Sheriff for £12 10s.; my son offered the £1 to Mr. Allen, who refused to take it, but came and demanded the cheque from me; I refused to give it to him until I had communicated with the Sheriff; he said it was his money, and was sent to him to pay a number of little expenses that did not come under the heading of paying for serving summonses; my son informed me that when he signed the voucher there was no writing in the body of it, but he believes the figure 1 was inserted in the column where the two £12 10s. now are; I handed *then* the money to Mr. Allen on the order of Mr. Smith, the Police Magistrate; my son is engaged with Mr. Cobcroft at Narrabri for twelve months.

*See [over.]*

JOHN LAVENDER.

Taken by me at Maitland, this 13th July, 1873,—

E. MORRISSETT, Supt.

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No. 3.

S. SCHOLEY, Esq., M.P., to THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Sydney, 26 June, 1873.

SIR,

I request that I may be furnished with copy of a voucher for the sum of £12 10s., paid to Mr. William Lavender for the March quarter of this year on account of the allowance voted for assisting the Sheriff's bailiff at Maitland.

Yours, &c.,  
STEPHEN SCHOLEY.

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No. 4.



3

No. 4.

COPY VOUCHER.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

Series B—Contingency Form No. 1.

Pay Voucher No.

Head of Service.—Administration of Justice.

Date or Period of Supply or Service.		Amount.
1873.	<p style="text-align: center;">Claimant—William Lavender, Bailiff's Assistant, Maitland.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">For the Supply of the undermentioned Articles or Services :—</p>	£ s. d.
January 1st to March 31st.	<p>For assistants urgently required at various times between January 1st, 1873, and March 31st, 1873, inclusive. (Paid by cheque, 24,797.)</p> <p>I certify that the services above charged were urgently required to assist me in carrying out my duties with the requisite despatch at various times during the quarter ending March 31st, 1873.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">JAMES K. ALLEN, Sheriff's Bailiff.</p>	12 10 0
(Signature of Claimant)—WILLIAM LAVENDER.	Total .....	£ 12 10 0

I certify that the amount charged in this Voucher as to computations, castings, and rates, is correct; that the service has been faithfully performed; and that the expenditure is duly authorized in terms of the Audit Act.

(For the Sheriff),  
TEMPLE NATHAN,  
Under Sheriff.

I hereby authorize the amount of the above certificate in my favour to be paid on my behalf to Mr. Robert Ennis, Sheriff's Office, Sydney.

WILLIAM LAVENDER.

Received on the        day of       , 1873, the sum of twelve pounds ten shillings, sterling.

WILLIAM LAVENDER.

No. 5.

MINUTE OF THE COLONIAL TREASURER TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

The Treasury, Sydney,  
New South Wales.

THE Attorney General, for his information.

It would appear from these papers that Allen, the Sheriff's bailiff at Maitland is open to the charge of altering a voucher from £1 to £12 10s.

G.A.L., 23/7/73.

No. 6.

MINUTE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE TO THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT.

THE Under Secretary, Crown Law Department.—G.E., 24/7/73.

No. 7.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT TO THE SHERIFF.

[Confidential.]

Attorney General's Department,  
Sydney, 2 August, 1873.

SIR,

I am directed to forward to you the enclosed papers respecting charge against James K. Allen, Sheriff's bailiff at Maitland, of altering a voucher from £1 to £12 10s., and to request that you will have the goodness to take the necessary steps to ascertain the facts; and favour the Attorney General with report thereon. To be returned.

I have, &c.,  
W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary.

No. 8.

## No. 8.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT TO THE SHERIFF.

Attorney General's Department,  
Sydney, 10 September, 1873.

SIR,

Not having received a reply to my letter of the 2nd ultimo, respecting complaint against Mr. James K. Allen, Bailiff at Maitland, I am directed by the Attorney General to draw your attention thereto, and request the favour of your early answer.

I have, &c.,  
W. E. PLUNKETT.

## No. 9.

THE SHERIFF TO THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT.

Sheriff's Office, Sydney,  
11 September, 1873.

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your further letter of the 10th instant, respecting the charge against Mr. J. K. Allen, Sheriff's bailiff at Maitland, I have the honor to report that I have obtained information upon the subject from the Audit Office, but it appears to me that the matter can most satisfactorily be dealt with by further personal inquiry at Maitland, where I have other pressing business; and to which place it is my intention to proceed on an early day.

I have, &c.,  
HAROLD MACLEAN,  
Sheriff.

## No. 10.

THE SHERIFF TO THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT.

Sheriff's Office,  
22 September, 1873.

SIR,

In accordance with the instructions conveyed in your letter of the 2nd ultimo,—I now do myself the honor to report upon the charge against the Sheriff's bailiff at Maitland, Mr. J. K. Allen, of having altered a voucher from £1 to £12 10s., respecting which I have made personal inquiry on the spot.

I return the papers which accompanied your letter, and transmit a letter from John Lavender to myself, marked B, dated April 11th,—a memo. from the Under Sheriff, dated 19th ultimo, containing information as to the vouchers, previously and subsequently rendered for this same service as that specified in the voucher,—together with minutes of the information in explanation, placed by Mr. Allen before myself.

The sum of £12 10s. in question represents a quarterly allowance to Mr. Allen for assistance when required.

My first object was to satisfy myself that this particular amount, as well as other similarly paid sums, had really been applied to the purposes for which they had been issued, and had not been manipulated by Mr. Allen to his own profit.

The statement of Mr. Allen as to the payments made on account of the quarter ended 21st March last, the period for which the £12 10s. was issued, shows an expenditure to his private loss beyond that amount, and is fully borne out by the testimony of one of the persons employed—Coleman,—who himself received, he states, upwards of £10 for his weekly allowance, besides other sums for special expenses, which he could not particularise, to which has to be added the £1 paid to Lavender, and £1 10s. alleged by Mr. Allen to have been paid to one Chapman, whose presence could not be obtained.

The testimony of Williams and Coleman, the two persons who were chiefly employed by Mr. Allen, was given in a straightforward way, and I have no doubt was truthfully rendered. It goes to show that Mr. Allen has habitually over-expended the allowance made to him for assistance.

Mr. Allen has, in my opinion, entirely cleared himself from any imputation of misappropriation of public money.

Where his conduct comes into question is in having, as freely admitted by himself, obtained the signature of Lavender to a voucher purporting to be for moneys paid to him (Lavender) where it was for money paid to Lavender and others. Mr. Allen asserts that the voucher was filled as it is now before it was signed by Lavender.

It does not appear—(see John Lavender's letter of the 11th April)—that his son could state to the contrary, as he was "not used to sign vouchers," and did not know whether it was a blank voucher or not. There having been no fraudulent design, or purpose for such a design, it is not reasonable to suppose that Mr. Allen would have made an alteration in a voucher which would bear the appearance of fraud, or, had he any fraudulent design, that he would have taken the steps he did to recover the money from Lavender. Nevertheless, Mr. Allen was wrong, as he is now fully sensible, in submitting a voucher, representing what was not the truth, namely, that a payment of £12 10s. was being made to Lavender alone. This was evidently done, because an objection had been raised to paying it to himself direct, and the other claimants were not conveniently to be reached. He was further indiscreetly amiss in not having taken receipts from the several persons to whom he made weekly disbursements.

To my view the action of the Lavenders seems to be open to an inference of a design on their part to appropriate the money, thinking that Mr. Allen might have wrongfully obtained it, and would not resist their doing so.

It is a remarkable circumstance that Lavender's letter, of date the 11th April, asking what to do with the money, does not appear by the minute thereon of the Under Sheriff to have reached Sydney until after the Under Sheriff had written to him directing him to hand the cheque to Mr. Allen.

I have, &c.,  
HAROLD MACLEAN,  
Sheriff.

No. 11.

## No. 11.

[Enclosures.]

(A.)

Mr. J. Lavender to The Sheriff.

East Maitland,  
11 April, 1873.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to inform you, that my son, William Lavender, received a cheque from your office on the Bank of New South Wales, for £12 10s., and has returned the receipt accompanying the said cheque to your office, signed by him.

I therefore respectfully beg of you to let me know what I am to do with the money, as my son is under age. In the first place I beg to inform you that my son served the jury summonses for the Quarter Sessions for March last, and for that work he received £1 from Mr. Allen, the Sheriff's bailiff here, and I believe that is all the work that he did for him during the last quarter, and I believe it is more than he is entitled to. Second,—That when Mr. Allen paid him the £1, he got him to sign a voucher for the £1 as he believed at the time, but whether it was a blank voucher or not he could not tell, as he never had been used to sign vouchers for his money. Thirdly,—That Mr. Allen has applied to me for the money since, and told me that it ought to come to him, as he had several little accounts to pay out of that money besides my son's work. I have refused to give it up to him, believing that the money was voted for an assistant to him when required, and that he got my son to sign the voucher without explaining it to him. I therefore respectfully beg you will let me know, without delay, what I am to do with it, as I consider it is more than the work that my son did for Mr. Allen, and I have no wish to keep what does not belong to me?

I have, &c.,  
JOHN LAVENDER.

(B.)

THIS was received by me I think on 16th April, /73, the day after I saw Allen in Sydney. My note to Lavender is dated 15th April. My original notation of the receipt of this letter was marked the 16th, but not initialled by me, and, as I was not sure, I struck it out.—T.N., U.S., 8 Dec., /73.

(C.)

The Under Sheriff to The Sheriff.

MEMO.—It appears that the salary voted for Assistant bailiff at Maitland has been paid hitherto to Mr. J. K. Allen quarterly, and every quarter on his certificate that the employment of an assistant was necessary. The certificate signed by Allen on each voucher is to the same effect as on the voucher for the quarter ending 31 March last, but the assistant named in the voucher prior to the last-mentioned voucher is William Williams, who has signed the vouchers as claimant.

The voucher for the quarter ending 30 June last was signed by Allen only, and was certified as usual by him.

In all cases the payments have been made direct to Allen as far as I have been able to ascertain.

TEMPLE NATHAN,  
Under Sheriff,  
19 Aug., /73.

(D.)

East Maitland,  
18 September, 1873.

MINUTES of Inquiry held by the Sheriff, respecting a voucher for the quarter ended 31st March, 1873, rendered by Mr. James K. Allen, Sheriff's Bailiff, in the sum of £12 10s., being for assistance urgently required for the performance of his duties.

James K. Allen states:—I see the voucher marked A for services in the quarter ended 31st March, 1873, for the sum of £12 10s.; the voucher is certified by me, and signed by one William Lavender, as recipient; the services rendered by Lavender were to the value of £2, and in, I believe, that quarter I paid him this money, £1 in a cheque and £1, or thereabouts, in cash; the cheque was paid during the quarter in question; the cash was paid afterwards, I believe, on account of that quarter; the voucher was filled as it is now, complete, and was for £12 10s. when signed by Lavender; I am positive of this; I paid away the £12 10s. for service rendered during that quarter, in the following sums:—

John Coleman, for seven weeks, at 30s.	...	...	...	...	£10 10
John Chapman	...	...	...	...	1 10
Lavender	...	...	...	...	2 0
					£14 0

I obtained Lavender's signature to the voucher because I had been informed from the office that I could not draw the allowance in my own name; and as I paid the money in different sums to several persons, I put the whole amount in one voucher for the signature of Lavender, who was the last man employed, and the others being inconvenient to reach, being away; I had already advanced the amounts to these men out of my own pocket; I am always obliged to pay it in that way; I frequently over expend the allowance at my own cost; previous to employing Coleman and Lavender I had employed one William Williams.

JAMES K. ALLEN.

*William*

*William Williams* states:—I was employed as assistant to Mr. Allen for some eighteen months; he allowed me £1 per week; he used to give me amounts for travelling expenses, &c., besides, amounting to from 5s. to 10s. weekly; I used to sign Government vouchers quarterly; I don't remember the figures in the vouchers; I understood that they were at the rate of £50 a year; I had always received my money weekly in advance; I believe the vouchers mostly were filled up before I signed them; I believe they were always filled up; after I left Mr. Allen, one John Coleman was employed; I last left Mr. Allen about April, twelve months back; sometimes Mr. Allen employed other men besides myself; it is very difficult to get men for the duty unless they are permanently employed.

WILLIAM WILLIAMS.

*John Coleman* states:—I have been employed by Mr. Allen as an assistant; I first joined him about eighteen months ago; I have been with him off and on ever since, until lately; I used to get £1 a week in cash from Mr. Allen, and when away from home additional expenses; I do not remember signing Government vouchers for the money, but may have done so; I knew that Mr. Allen had an allowance for these services; I understood it was about 17s. 6d. per week; while I was with him Mr. Allen was paying more than 17s. 6d. per week for these services; I was sometimes for a week or two away from Allen; I am aware that he had to employ other persons when I was away; I remember Lavender being employed; I believe it was in March last; I know by the work I had myself in hand; I believe that Lavender went to Mr. Allen about a week after I left; I sent him to Mr. Allen; I had been with Mr. Allen almost the whole period of the quarter ended 31st March, till a week or so before I got Lavender; Mr. Allen allowed me 30s. per week for that period; I would not serve under Mr. Allen had occasionally travelling expenses to pay besides the 30s. per week; I received for wages upwards of £10 that quarter; I think I must have been employed seven weeks; I never gave Mr. Allen any receipts; I call to mind that it must have been towards the end of February, and not in March that I left Mr. Allen; it is difficult for Mr. Allen to get men unless they are permanently employed; Williams used to act before me; I don't think that there could have been above a week or two between us.

JOHN COLEMAN.

HAROLD MACLEAN, 18 Sept., /73.

No. 12.

MR. J. K. ALLEN TO THE SHERIFF.

East Maitland,  
20 September, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to make a statement relative to the complaint which has been made against me in my position as Sheriff's bailiff in this district, in reference to a sum of £12 10s. from your department to meet payment to assistance, which was necessary for the due performance of my duties.

I have now to inform you, most respectfully, that I have always been in the habit of paying men so employed in advance of the receipt of that sum, and on the occasion alluded to, viz., the quarter ending March 31st, 1873, by John Lavender (the father of one of my employés), he received the cheque of £12 10s. from your department; and if not for the interference of the Police Magistrate, I doubt much if I should have received the amount from him, the Under Sheriff having written to Lavender, through me, to pay over that sum to me, when Lavender refused to do so, stating how could he know it was the signature of the Under Sheriff, when I immediately complained to Mr. Smith, the Police Magistrate.

It has been my uniform practice to allow one of the men so employed to sign the vouchers for the amount, and I can assure you that my extra expenses to my assistants cost me upwards of £75 a year, and I am allowed only £50 for them.

It is well known to you, sir, that my district is one of the largest and most important, out of Sydney, in the Colony: and for the number of years I have acted as your bailiff I can safely refer to any of the legal gentlemen here that I always conducted their business and mine to their satisfaction and that of their clients.

I may state that John Lavender's father, and the party I employed, changed the cheque before my application to him, and as Lavender was at that time an officer of the Court, that was the reason of my application about it to the Police Magistrate.

I am, &c.,  
JAMES K. ALLEN,  
Sheriff's Bailiff.

No. 13.

MINUTE OF THE SHERIFF ON ABOVE.

FORWARDED to the Under Secretary to the Law Department, in connection with my letter of the instant, reporting upon the charge against Mr. Allen.—H. M'L., B.C., 24 Sept., /73.

No. 14.

MINUTE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

I AM satisfied with the Sheriff's report, and no further proceedings is necessary.—E.B., 26/9/73.

No. 15.

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## No. 15.

THE UNDER SECRETARY TO THE CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE  
AND TRADE.

Attorney General's Department,  
Sydney, 29 September, 1873.

SIR,

Adverting to the Honorable the Treasurer's minute of 23rd July last, upon papers forwarded to this office, under B.C. 24th ib. (and returned herewith), respecting charge against Mr. J. K. Allen, Sheriff's bailiff, at Maitland,—I am directed to forward, for the information of the Colonial Treasurer, the accompanying report (and other papers) from the Sheriff, on the above subject, exonerating Mr. Allen from the charge in question, and to state that the Attorney General is satisfied with Mr. Maclean's report, and does not think any further proceedings will be necessary.

I have, &c.,  
W. E. PLUNKETT.

## No. 16.

MINUTE OF THE COLONIAL TREASURER ON 'ABOVE.

Seen.—G.A.L., 17/10/73.

## No. 17.

MR. J. LAVENDER TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

East Maitland,  
10 November, 1873.

SIR,

From information received by me that the Sheriff in his inquiry in Maitland has called my honesty into question, I beg to bring a statement of the case fairly before you, and I solemnly declare the same to be the truth.

In the month of February, 1873, my son William Lavender was engaged by Mr. Allen, Sheriff's bailiff, of Maitland, to serve \_\_\_\_\_ for the Quarter Sessions to be held here in March, for which he informed me that he received £1, and signed a voucher for that amount, for his services in the beginning of March, as just mentioned.

About the middle of April I received a letter, addressed to my son, from the Sheriff's Office, containing a cheque for twelve pounds ten shillings (£12 10s.) My son was away from home at the time, and being under age I took the letter and cheque and showed them to Mr. Smith, the Police Magistrate here, and he advised me to keep them until I heard more about them. I also waited on Mr. Scholey, M.P., and having told him of the circumstance he advised me also to keep the letter and cheque until I heard from the Sheriff's Department, and he also told me he thought it would be advisable to write to the Sheriff about the matter, which I did immediately.

To my letter I received no reply. I also sent word to Mr. Allen to the effect that I had received the cheque before mentioned, and he (Mr. Allen) came to me, and demanded the money, which I refused to give up until hearing from Sydney.

Some few days after this Mr. Allen brought me a letter, at the same time ordering me to give up the said cheque. This letter was signed "Temple S. Nathan, Under Sheriff," and was a private one.

I thought it very strange that I had not received an official letter from the Sheriff's Department, and I still refused to deliver the cheque until I had shown it to the Police Magistrate again.

Mr. Mullen, J.P., and Mr. Smith, P.M., then told me to pay the money over to Mr. Allen, and get a receipt from him. This was accordingly done, and the receipt and letter beforementioned I handed over to Mr. Morrisett, Inspector of Police, and I am informed he forwarded them on to Sydney.

I should have had no hesitation at all of paying the money over to Mr. Allen if I had received an official notification from the Sheriff's Office to that effect. The letter brought up by Mr. Allen I could not understand, and here I would beg to state that I have never received any letter or order from the Sheriff's Office in my life, except the one brought up by Mr. Allen.

Some short time ago, as stated at the commencement of this statement, the Sheriff visited Maitland on official business, and I was requested by the Police Magistrate to be in attendance, as the Sheriff intended enquiring into this matter of Allen's.

After waiting all day I was not called, and the matter was settled without my evidence, although I was sitting in the Court House the whole of the time expecting every moment to be called, but was not. Mr. Allen was called in, and he had two men with him that were formerly in his employ. One of the men, by the name of Coleman, states that he received from Mr. Allen the sum of £9 for work that quarter, and the other man, named Williams, states that he received one pound ten shillings (£1 10s.) for work the same quarter. Mr. Allen stated that he paid my son two pounds (£2), which I believe is false, as per letter from my son (enclosed); and I can also prove that my son and Mr. Allen were the only two who made affidavits before the Judge for the serving of summonses for that quarter. In addition, I can also prove, if required, that the witness Coleman was working for Mr. E. Suckett, a brickmaker in this town, from before last Christmas and up to the beginning of March, and did not assist Mr. Allen all that time. The other man (Williams) is now and has been in the employ of Messrs. David Cohen & Co., storekeepers, West Maitland, for the last fifteen months as porter, and I know that he has not been absent from work for more than three or four days at a time, and then that was occasioned by an accident, having his foot hurt by a case falling upon it.

And now, Sir, for the foregoing reasons I appeal to you earnestly for justice and a further inquiry into this matter, not by the Sheriff but by some gentleman sufficiently capable, and who can decide, without being biased, by the evidence as brought forward by Mr. Allen and myself.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN LAVENDER.

No. 18.

No. 18.

[Enclosure.]

DECLARATION.

New South Wales, }  
Maitland, to wit. }

I, *William Lavender*, of Narrabri, in the Colony of New South Wales, laborer, do solemnly and sincerely declare that I received only £1 from Mr. J. K. Allen, Sheriff's bailiff, Maitland, as payment for services performed by me in serving summonses for the March sittings of the Court of Quarter Sessions, Maitland, and that I signed a voucher for the same on the 1st March last to the best of my belief. And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, No. 9, intituled "*An Act for the more effectual abolition of Oaths and Affirmations taken and made in various departments of the Government of New South Wales and to substitute declarations in lieu thereof and for the suppression of voluntary and extra-judicial oaths and affidavits.*"

WILLIAM LAVENDER.

Taken and declared before me, at Narrabri, this  
10th day of March, A.D. 1873,—

C. E. SMITH, J.P.

No. 19.

MINUTE OF THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

The Sheriff, 18 Nov., 1873.—(For the U.S.) W.G., B.C.

No. 20.

MR. J. LAVENDER to S. SCHOLEY, Esq., M.P.

East Maitland,  
11 November, 1873.

SIR,

From information I received, that the Sheriff on his late visit to Maitland, where he held an inquiry into a case where Mr. Allen and myself were the parties concerned, has been pleased to call my honesty into question,—

I beg to inform you that I have posted a letter to the Honorable Colonial Treasurer, of the 10th of this month, with the full particulars of the case, and asking for an inquiry in the matter by some gentlemen fully competent to make it. I would respectfully beg of you, if you will be so kind, as to further that object for me, as I have no other wish than to clear my own character and that of my son, who, I believe, is also implicated in that charge.

I will leave the matter fully in your hands, as I believe you will endeavour to do what you believe is right towards all parties concerned.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN LAVENDER.

No. 21.

MINUTES OF THE COLONIAL TREASURER AND THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Will the Colonial Secretary be good enough to state whether he has received any communication from Mr. Lavender on this subject; and, if so, what action has been taken thereon?

G.A.L., 13/12/73.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department.—G.E., 13/12/73.

No. 22.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to MR. J. LAVENDER.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 23 December, 1873.

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 10th ultimo, asking for an inquiry into the circumstances connected with a cheque for £12 10s., sent from the Sheriff's Office to the address of your son, William Lavender, in error, and subsequently handed over by you to Mr. Allen, Sheriff's bailiff at Maitland, I am directed by the Colonial Secretary to inform you that inquiry has been made in this matter, and that there do not appear to be any grounds for the interference of the Government.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary,)  
WM. GOODMAN.

No. 23.

## No. 23.

## THE SHERIFF TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

IN the case of Mr. Allen, the bailiff at Maitland, I received the papers, including a statement made by John Lavender before Mr. Superintendent Morrisett, with instructions from the late Attorney General to take the necessary steps to ascertain the facts. I did so by calling upon Mr. Allen to satisfy me that the allowance of £12 10s. in question was expended for the purpose for which it was allowed—for assistance in the performance of his duties,—which he succeeded in doing as duly reported by me in my letter of 22nd September last to the Under Secretary to the Law Department, which, with the papers, was transmitted by the late Attorney General to the Treasury.

Lavender takes exception to my not having called him in to give evidence when I received Mr. Allen's explanation, which I happened to do in a room in the Court House for convenience, my reasons for not calling upon him being simply these:—Lavender appeared to have stated to Mr. Morrisett all that he knew of the matter, and his statement was before me. Mr. Allen, in my view, completely cleared himself of the imputation of having misappropriated the money, and, in the circumstances presented to me I did not think it right to subject him to the indignity of the proceedings of a formal semi-judicial inquiry, with Lavender or anyone else acting the part of prosecutor. When on professedly insufficient knowledge a suspicion is suggested of a public officer having done wrong it appears to me that the proper course is first to seek his explanation (which, in this case, I did), and if that be not satisfactory to proceed to make an enquiry governed by the ordinary rules for taking evidence.

Williams, mentioned by Lavender, is not alleged to have been paid any of the money in question, and Coleman is certified to have been employed by both Mr. Allen and the Mr. Tuckett mentioned during the period in which the money was earned. It was not necessary for Mr. Allen to have paid William Lavender more than the £1 admitted to have made up the whole amount he claims to have paid (£12 10s.), although he states that such amount (£1) he paid by a cheque (a but shown to me), and cash amounting to £1 besides. It is not inconsistent with Mr. Allen's defence that the serving of the summonses should have been sworn to by himself and Lavender, as there are many other duties in which he is assisted.

I did express the opinion that Lavender's conduct was open to the inference of a design on his part to retain money not belonging to him, in the idea that Mr. Allen had improperly obtained it, and would not press for the recovery. He was aware that his son's claim could not have exceeded £1 or £2, yet he retained a cheque for £12 10s., and, it appears, changed it, and only refunded the amount, I am now informed, upon the Police Magistrate threatening to suspend him if he did not do so. Herewith is a copy of the letter of the Under Sheriff, directing Lavender to give up the cheque sent to him in error, which is certainly not, as described, a private letter, and is sufficiently formal to a person of Lavender's position of Court house-keeper or cleaner, and superseded the necessity of answering his letter, of which he complains, and which letter does not appear to have been written, and certainly did not reach my office until a week after Lavender received the cheque and after Mr. Allen had complained. Nevertheless, if it be true that Lavender made Mr. Scholey and the Police Magistrate aware of his action from the first, the fact should relieve him from the suspicion of a wrong intention, but I certainly understood the Police Magistrate to concur in my view.

HAROLD MACLEAN,  
Sheriff.

B.C., 24th December, 1873.





1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## CASE OF DR. FREDERICK BEER.

(RECENT CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 26 March, 1874.*

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## CASE OF DR. FREDERICK BEER.

No. 1.

MEMORANDUM OF DR. F. BEER.

WHAT I desire and contend for now is a recognition by some lawful process or authority of having been wrongfully convicted in 1856, having legal force, tantamount to a reversal of judgment, and the effect to prevent persons being declared privileged by a Judge of the Supreme Court of libelling and slandering me as "an expiree convict" at pleasure, and to restore me to my former social position as well as my name to the list of legally qualified practitioners, in order to be once more enabled after seventeen years unceasing persecution during my natural life to earn an honest living by my profession.

My petition to Her Majesty for a special pardon if granted would have that effect, and I submit that if His Excellency the Earl of Belmore had given full consideration to my case he would not have entirely relied on the report of the Attorney General without a due regard to my protest against that gentleman's opinion (*Vide* Parliamentary Paper "Administration of Justice" of 1870-71, No. 35) of justice. That opinion being once set aside, nothing could stand in the way of still acceding to my prayer, or a motion in the Assembly, as an appeal to the country, accompanied by a vote in the usual way, as a kind of endorsement of their sense of the injury endured, would have a similar effect, be a practical reversal of judgment on record, or both ways may, under these circumstances of peculiar hardship, be gracefully extended and adopted by the Government.

The Earl of Belmore having thus, without further inquiry, acquiesced in the opinion of the then Attorney General (an interested party), treated my protest as coming too late, *post festum*, after having had it seven weeks before him, and being pressed by me for a decision. Having given me the reasons why he declined the request in my petition, he was bound in honor to give ear too to my protest when offering him the proofs!

"The King never dies."

My petition to Her Majesty, the decision for which was delegated to Earl Belmore to "use his discretion," would have been granted but for the adverse advice given to His Excellency by Sir William Manning. The late Sir Aubrey Murray recommended to me that "extraordinary" step.

The alleged opinion of the Attorney General having been given behind my back, and in the interest of the powerful society which persecuted me, and of which he was a member, if once withdrawn leaves the present Governor, to whom no doubt all powers have been transferred, the opportunity of exercising his discretion (to do justice). A recognition by Parliament of the wrong sustained in the usual way, by a money vote accompanying their sense expressed, would, under the circumstances, be a graceful initiation of redress on behalf of the Government, and better or more justly still, both.

Having given, two years ago, valuable information before the Harbour Defence Commission, I have not heard anything more of it in a direct way, and the matter seems also to have been allowed to drop into oblivion, though, if I entertained the advice of my brother in Paris, I could, with the French Government, attain at once power and riches, or annihilate the maritime supremacy of England for ever, if only placing them on par in the torpedo matter, not to speak of others within my keeping.

I have paid £20 into the Treasury some thirteen months ago; the money is retained, but the Letters of Registration sought stand still in abeyance, and to the great drawback of the best interests of the country, the postal and railway service, &c., &c.

Yesterday was the anniversary of the promise given to me by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Parkes, to look and decide in my case.

F. BEER.

28/6/73.

## [Appendix.]

To the Members of the Honorable the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.  
Gentlemen,

Amongst the papers connected with my case, printed in obedience to an order of the Legislative Assembly, of the 3rd May in the current year, there is a copy (No. 33) of an elaborate "Opinion" by Sir W. M. Manning, late Attorney General, in which he arrives at and attempts to justify the conclusion "that there are not sufficient grounds for complying with the application for a special pardon, which Dr. Beer appears to have made to Her Majesty." I beg, therefore, in justice to myself, to direct your attention briefly to some of the extraordinary assumptions (utterly unfounded), and still more extraordinary inferences drawn from them, contained in that document of Sir W. M. Manning's.

1. After stating that if I had produced the evidence at my trial, which I afterwards produced before a Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly, it would probably have caused the jury to acquit me of the intent to procure abortion, Sir W. M. Manning ventures to assert: "But in that case"—here is one of his extraordinary assumptions—"it may be assumed as being far from improbable that the jury would have convicted him on the other charge"—(the murder of Phillis Brown.) How possibly can any one who has even cursorily read the whole of the papers come to any such conclusion? It was the absence of all motive to take away Mrs. Brown's life—the proof positive that I could not gain a farthing by her death—that caused the jury to acquit me of the capital offence. They could not get over *that*; while, on the other hand, they could not quite repudiate the numerous and unanimous testimony of the medical witnesses for the Crown, that my treatment was calculated to cause abortion—one *savant* having sworn that belladonna could only have been given with criminal intent. But had they (the jury) known that if the whole prescription—the whole of the six doses—had been swallowed by her at once as one dose it would not—*could not*—cause her death (as no fatal case in consequence of taking 30 grains of extract is on record), is it likely, is it possible, they could have brought in a verdict of guilty on the capital charge against me for having administered *five* grains? Pereira, Christison, and other equally eminent authorities, recommend from *twelve to twenty-four* times the quantity prescribed by me, of extract alone under similar circumstances. This evidence would have disposed of both charges at once; it would have shown that my prescribed dose could not procure abortion much less cause death, and was the right medicine to be applied in the case. Sir Benjamin Brodie's opinion, too, was well known to Sir W. M. Manning. Can any sane man believe that Sir W. M. Manning is himself really of opinion that five grains of belladonna could have taken away Mrs. Brown's life?—or that any jury, unless absolutely corrupt, or misled by false testimony, would find the medical practitioner guilty of murder who had administered that quantity?

2. The second count of the indictment is complacently dwelt on by Sir W. M. Manning; but he forgets to inform his Excellency the Governor that I was committed to take my trial *on the first count only*, and that the second was subsequently added by Sir W. M. Manning himself (*proprio motu*) in his capacity of Solicitor General (without notice thereof being furnished me), before my trial in 1856.

3. He next repeats, with more than former vehemence, the oft refuted calumnies about the insurance policies, and states, to use his own words—"that he (Dr. Beer) would have profited to the extent of thousands of pounds on her (Mrs. Brown's) death." The evidence fully disclosed to Sir W. M. Manning that I had not, nor could have, one farthing's interest in Mrs. Brown's death; that had "the five grains of belladonna" killed her, I should not have been richer by a single farthing. It is true I made an application for a policy on Mrs. Brown's life for the benefit of her children (the draft of the transfer was in the Judge's hand during my trial) and that solitary application was *refused*. I never made another. Her husband (Michael George Brown) made several, and secured two. Thus while I never, *at any time*, had an interest, actual or contingent, in her death, her husband was interested to the extent of two thousand pounds (£2,000). Intense force is given to this calumny in Sir W. M. Manning's statement, by the inuendo—"after effecting several large insurances came the treatment"—as if I had effected them, although I never effected one at all, nor ever "attempted" to effect one, except that before mentioned, six months before my said treatment of her commenced. The groundless statements that I became "dishonestly interested in her death to the extent of a fortune," is Sir W. M. Manning's own inference drawn from his previous unfounded assumption. Her death could not possibly have brought me a penny, and that fact the evidence at the trial and before the Select Committee of the Assembly fully establishes.

4. The ingenuity with which Sir W. M. Manning distorts the meaning of the word "presentiment" requires no further comment, beyond directing attention to question No. 4 in my certificate to his own (the Mutual Provident) Insurance Society, where it will be found stated that "two months before her application to insure her life she had suffered from *erysipelas* in her face, and from *gastric catarrh*, enough, I should think, to cause fear, and to act as an incentive to her husband to insure her life. After that danger had (through my treatment) passed away, I was able to (and did) truthfully answer question No. 11, to the effect that she was then in good health, the truth of which statement the certificates of the medical men attached to the Insurance Societies—namely, Doctors Owen Williams, Macfarlane, O'Brien, and Catlett (who confined and examined her before my trial, and who gave his evidence on oath) fully corroborate. There was no reason for informing the Insurance Societies of any peculiar complaints for which Mrs. Brown had previously undergone treatment, and of which she had been cured, so long as the fact remained that her state of health at the time of application for an insurance was *good*, and that she was not suffering from anything that tended to shorten her life.

5. The most disingenuous of all Sir W. Manning's statements is contained in the paragraph in which he alludes to "a number of insurances to a large amount effected on Mrs. Brown's life, *partly in his own name*," meaning in mine. I challenge him to point out *one*. I have already shown I *never* effected one. Another misstatement immediately follows the former, to the effect that Mrs. Brown was afflicted with diseases of a dangerous character, and was pregnant at the time of the insurances. Both are untrue. She was in general good health "at the time of the insurances," a fact which Sir W. Manning, when prosecuting me in 1856, took good care to establish, and which is actually demonstrated by the fact of her having lived more than twelve years after my trial, her drunken habits notwithstanding.

6. His Excellency is further informed that I brought the conviction on myself by "a most flagrant conspiracy" to defraud several insurance offices. With whom did I *conspire*? Where is there evidence of a conspiracy at all? If I conspired, why was I not arraigned for conspiracy instead of for attempting to procure abortion with five-grain doses of belladonna? What possible motive could I have to join in such a conspiracy, even were I so criminally inclined, seeing that no possible advantage could result to me from the woman Brown's death? If Sir W. Manning could prove me guilty of conspiring, why did he not add that as an additional count, just as he added, of his own accord, the one for the capital offence?

7. Towards the conclusion of his "Opinion," Sir W. Manning admits that much of what he therein states "would be scarcely appropriate if it were necessary to consider the verdict more closely as a *specific finding* upon the subject of abortion." It was on that *specific finding* (at first, and till Sir W. M. Manning made the addendum, the only charge against me) I was tried—condemned—degraded—suffered an ignominious and unmitigated punishment; and it was on that *specific finding*, the nefarious and illegal procedure at my trial, and its painful and unjust consequences to me, that Sir W. M. Manning was called on for his *opinion*, and not on what I was never before accused of. His general animadversions are, therefore, clearly irrelevant.

8. Sir W. M. Manning neglects to say a word about the construction of the Court before which I was arraigned, nor does he indulge in any speculations as to the causes which prevented me proving my innocence at the time of my trial, nor the reasons why I was not allowed to call material witnesses. He does not dwell on the suspicious fact, that the judge who tried me—Sir W. M. Manning himself, who put me on my trial, and added a new count to that on which I was committed—the Acting Prosecutor and some of the jurors, were all members of the prosecuting Society—the Mutual Provident, and were interested in procuring a conviction at all hazards. His Excellency is left in complete ignorance of these phases of the case.

On such baseless assertions rests Sir W. Manning's opinion that my endeavour to clear myself of the charge brought against me at that mock-trial was an extraordinary one. Not on the single ground only to which the newer evidence was directed, although of most vital importance—for the medical evidence formed the sole criminating testimony against me—but on every other ground urged in my petition to Her Majesty, I demand that my reputation be re-established in the name of the Queen. I defy Sir W. M. Manning to prove that by my conduct in respect of the insurances, I made myself amenable to one hour's imprisonment, much less to that fearful ordeal of punishment I had to undergo.

I have, &c.,

FREDERICK BEER, M.D.

2, Burdekin-terrace, Sydney, 29th May, 1871.

## No. 2.

### MINUTE OF THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

The Attorney General,—

I SHOULD be glad if Mr. Butler or Mr. Innes could find time to go carefully into this case. Dr. Beer perseveres like a man who feels conscious of innocence, and there are some points clearly in his favour.

H.P., 24/7/73.

The Under Secretary, Department of the Attorney General.—B.C., 25 July, 73., H.H. To be returned.

## No. 3.

### FURTHER MINUTE OF THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Attorney General,—

Dr. Beer has left with me, this morning, the following letter, which I send on to put with other papers.

H.P., 1/8/73.

(PAPERS REFERRED TO IN No. 3.)

[*Private and confidential.*]

DR. F. BEER TO THE DIRECTORS OF THE MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.

College-street, 15 July, 1873.

GENTLEMEN,

I wish to draw your attention to the fact of my having been subjected to a wrongful conviction for a felony and caused to endure a penal servitude of ten years by the illegal prosecutions, *id est* persecutions, instigated and conducted against me in 1856 by your Society, by means of a series of illegal acts, and with the production of *false testimony*, some of which must have been known to be such to the conductors of the prosecution at the period, and has been proved as such since to a Select Committee of the Assembly, to a whole Executive Ministry, and to the Assembly, and to Her Majesty, by petition. I now beg to ascertain whether you intend to take any steps spontaneously and without reserve, and with the same zeal as was displayed in the organization of my persecutions, towards rendering recognition and reparation for the great wrong done to me as far as that is as yet possible by your Society, as a merely, though much misguided, but honorably intentioned public society might be expected to do, or whether *more* is required to rouse the Directors of its affairs to a sense of their duty.

In considering this matter, you will observe that the only reasonable question left for the jury to decide was, as will be seen from the directions of the Judge on the second day of their proceedings, and from the leading article of the 15th April, 1856, in the *Herald*, whether I intended by the administration of the "noxious drug" belladonna to my patient as directed, to poison and to murder my patient in a direct or indirect way, which already the jury answered with their verdict on the capital count, by finding that whilst charged with the attempt of that atrocious crime, I neither had nor could have the slightest pecuniary interest in my patient's death.

That it is now incontestably proved that the drug as administered by me would not have in any way the effects attributed to it, less so than a dose of castor oil, and that had the patient (by some mistake) swallowed the whole quantity contained in the prescription at one time, instead of applying such, divided into six doses, to her bowels conditionally, it would not have proved fatal, as no instance is on record where even half a drachm (the quantity contained together in the six suppositories) swallowed as one dose has caused death. That I was prosecuted by the Australian Mutual Provident Society. That the Attorney General (Mr. Plunkett) as a grand jury did not find a bill against me.

That the Court of Justice was packed with the interested members of the prosecuting Society, inclusive of the Judge who presided. That besides which many other circumstances have since come to light which not only fully prove my innocence as to my intentions and acts beyond a doubt, but which might make it desirable (for others) if possible to avoid public exposure by a full reinvestigation of the facts of the case, part of whom are seen set forth in my petition, printed by order of the House, on the 14th January, 1869. That the so-called trial was an unfair and illegal proceeding; that the sentence, degradation, misery, and hardship during my ten years sentence and subsequent degradation, was not only illegal but a false imprisonment and undeserved punishment; and that the baneful underhand influence of some of the members of the Society holding a prominent social position were mainly instrumental in upholding the monstrous wrong inflicted, and preventing justice being done earlier.

If therefore the Directors of the Mutual Provident Society, as the prosecutors, are prepared to admit the injustice of the conviction with all its consequences to me till now, they will probably see their duty clearly towards an *amende honorable*, such as I may be able to approve of, which is by no means to let the unfortunate victim of the bad conduct of their predecessors, after barely escaping with his life from their garrotting embrace, for ever writhe a tortured, bleeding, mutilated cripple, shoved into the gutter of society, there to obtain a precarious sustenance, or left to starve, as I have been till now; but should the representatives of the instigators of this grossly manifest wrong, of this *cause célèbre*, on the other hand, content themselves with further inaction, I will, without more delay, take such steps as must disturb such an irresolute policy, perhaps disagreeably, and convince as well this society of their errors as show the public "that the said trial was but a semblance of justice," and to what a degree a wealthy company dared to prostitute its venerated Courts in order to ensure the conviction of a wholly innocent man, and towards which to prove the very "brief for the prosecution" itself, then in the hands of Mr. Arthur Todd Holroyd, will go a long way.

An early answer will oblige,

Gentlemen, &c.,  
F. BEER.

Australian Mutual Provident Society,  
New Pitt-street,  
Sydney, 21 July, 1873.

SIR,

I am instructed to acknowledge receipt of your letter of 15th instant, marked, "Private—Confidential," addressed to the Directors of the Mutual Provident Society, Sydney, and to state, in reply, that your communication has been handed to the solicitors of the Society, Messrs. Stephen & Stephen, to whom I beg to refer you.

I am, &c.,  
ALEX. J. RALSTON,  
Secretary.

Dr. Fred. Beer, M.D.  
College-street, Sydney.

RESULT.

THE present Directory deems itself not responsible for the doings of their predecessors.

## No. 4.

UNDER SECRETARY, ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT, to THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

*Dr. Beer's case.*

I have read carefully the papers referred to me in this case, and also the evidence taken before the Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly, and the Report of that Committee. I still recollect some of the principal facts of the case as they appeared on the trial, and my impression of the verdict of the jury at the time. That impression has been confirmed by my perusal of these papers.

The verdict of the jury was not a logical conclusion from the evidence, for if Dr. Beer acted with a felonious intention at all, then procuring abortion would not answer his purpose, unless, possibly, as a slower means by destroying Mrs. Brown's constitution, of aiming at the end in view, namely, her death, in which case the drug would still have been administered with intent to murder. But persons accustomed to the verdicts of juries upon trials for capital felonies need not be surprised at the verdict returned in Dr. Beer's case. Juries generally lean to the side of mercy and in favour of human life where the indictment gives them the alternative of finding the accused guilty of a lesser offence.

This illogical verdict of the jury has rendered subsequent inquiries not quite satisfactory, because the attention of the medical and other witnesses examined before the Committee was directed mainly to the effect of the drug as a means of procuring abortion, and not as a means, under the circumstances, of causing death, though incidentally and impliedly it may be inferred that the belladonna as administered was not likely to produce a fatal effect.

But the main question is not one of medical science, upon which so many doctors have given so many different and opposite opinions, but it is what in point of fact was Dr. Beer's intent. On this point the evidence of his acting with the Insurance Companies, through the instrumentality of Mr. and Mrs. Brown, is of such a criminatory character as might well warrant the verdict of a jury against him upon the capital charge, even if the jury had before them all the evidence which Dr. Beer has since been able to adduce. I express no opinion upon his guilt, for it is very possible that he may have meant only fraud upon the Insurance Companies, supposing that Mrs. Brown was likely to die in a short time, in the course of nature, and without his aid.

But neither have I any recommendation to make upon the subject of his innocence. If he is an innocent man his own fraudulent conduct furnished abundant evidence for his conviction.

E. BUTLER,

Attorney General.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, B.C., 4th September, 1873.—W.E.P.

## No. 5.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to DR. F. BEER.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 18 September, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to the papers presented by you on the 24th July and 1st August last, with a view to your receiving some legal recognition of having been wrongfully convicted in 1856,—I am directed to inform you that the Colonial Secretary has referred your case to the Attorney General, under whose opinion no further steps can be taken therein by the Government.

I have, &c.,  
WM. GOODMAN,  
(For the Under Secretary.)

## No. 6.

THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY to DR. F. BEER.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 22 September, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to my letter of the 18th instant, intimating that no further steps could be taken by the Government in your case,—I am now directed to transmit herewith, for your information, copies of the Colonial Secretary's minute of the 24th of July last, and the opinion given in consequence by Mr. Attorney General Butler, to which allusion was made in my letter above-mentioned.

I have, &c.,  
(For the Under Secretary),  
WM. GOODMAN.

## No. 7.

DR. F. BEER to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Sydney, 1 October, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your reply, dated 11th September, 1873, to my request for some legal recognition of my having been wrongfully convicted in 1856, in which you state that you had referred my case to the Honorable Attorney General, under whose opinion no further steps can be taken therein by the Government, and in which you furnish me also with a copy of your request to the Attorney General in reference to it, and of that gentleman's opinion.

In his report the Honorable Attorney General feels himself unable to make any "recommendation upon the subject of my innocence"; gives in fact neither a decided opinion as regards guilt or innocence, though showing a leaning towards the latter, on the strength of "the implied or incidentally disclosed fact" that belladonna as administered was not likely to produce a fatal effect, which truism is however counterbalanced by his insinuation as to my apparently "fraudulent conduct."

As

As the presumption of fraudulent conduct is unfounded, and the deductions from it as illogical as the verdict of the jury, and as the assertion is unsustainable by a careful sifting of the evidence taken during the one-sided proceedings, when I was ruthlessly deprived of *my* evidence for the defence, and as what is termed "fraudulent conduct" would be equally serviceable towards clearing me from the offences charged, I now beg leave to add such further materials to that brought under the Hon. Attorney General's notice in the papers submitted for his consideration as must necessarily disturb the equilibrium in which his mind was left balanced as regards my guilt or innocence, and must strengthen the points fixed in your mind "as clearly in my favour," to such an extent as to be able to view the case in the same favourable light from every point.

I shall endeavour to prove that not only the apparent "fraudulent conduct" must be admitted as circumstances absolving me from the charges contained in the indictment, inasmuch as they still leave the fact untouched, that by the death of Mrs. Brown at that time I could not have been benefited to the extent of one farthing, or at any time afterwards, but also, that I never even indulged in "fraudulent conduct," the one-sided confused evidence, tinged by barefaced perjury as it stands notwithstanding, and that I am *irreproachable* on all sides, as regards my professional treatment of her when suddenly called in to her bedside, as well as regards my connection with the insurance offices. In his report the Hon. Attorney General very properly withdraws from the charges contained in the indictment, giving no opinion as to guilt or innocence, as regards "the intent" or the medical question (the overt act.) That question of *intent* is the principal one no doubt, for without that being defined it could not be known whether I adopted any course of treatment proved to be wrong, from professional ignorance, or failed in an attempt to commit a crime from the same cause, though when examined before the Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly the necessity of viewing it from that point seems not to have presented itself to any of the three gentlemen, members of the legal profession, connected with the inquiry, and of whom one (Mr. Faucett) is now a Judge. To the question [No. 8, page 23] "*By the Chairman*: What line of conduct do you mean to pursue with request to the allegations contained in the sixth paragraph of the petition from Braidwood?" I answered, "There being *three classes* of evidence against me, I mean to repudiate each of them by itself, and so to bring the matter out clearer." Page 28 of the Report states, "Mr. Dick here drew the attention of the Chairman to the course of examination. Witness was requested to withdraw. Committee deliberated. Witness reintroduced, and": "*By the Chairman* (49): You are aware that I drew your attention at the onset to the fact that this Committee had met to afford you an opportunity of producing such evidence as was not forthcoming at your trial, and which could not have been obtained, but which can now be produced to prove *that you were not guilty of the offence with which you were charged*, and that you were therefore wrongfully convicted. It is to *that* you are to confine yourself. We do not wish to have the time of the Committee unnecessarily occupied with matters which can produce no result. No act of ours can alter the previous trial, but if you can demonstrate to us that which is asserted in the sixth paragraph in the petition to the Legislature, we are prepared to hear it?" "This I can do."

Neither did the Press look at it from the point from which the Honorable Attorney General does; for I find it stated in the leading article of the *Sydney Morning Herald* of the 6th February, 1862: "The question, *necessarily a medical one*, could have no useful result, unless there were means by which the witnesses for the Crown could have been subjected to similar scrutiny. The conclusion, however, to which the Report arrives is, that the drug prescribed *could not have produced the effects alleged*; that it could only have procured the death of the child through the maternal system; that the effects attributed could not have ensued; and that the drug itself was not administered in a quantity which could, as a general rule, be considered dangerous. This is all stated in opposition to the testimony of the very *élite* of our medical body, and to their testimony, given in the most distinct and unreserved form—given too upon oath."

That question as to the "intent" with respect to the administration of belladonna once answered, it would seem immaterial what the course of treatment adopted was, under any circumstances whatever, whether I administered a pinch of snuff, or a pill of bread, a piece of chalk, or an overdose of aconitin, if I thereby *thought* to produce the intended effect. Presenting an empty gun, and pulling the trigger would, if I thought it was loaded, shew my intent equally clear. It would thus be superfluous to dive deeply into the conflict of the learned doctors, as regards belladonna, or to further strengthen my already overwhelmingly strong arguments thereon, or to prove by figures that smearing 120 grains of the said extract of belladonna immediately round and about the neck of the womb and in its vicinity to a pregnant woman, without producing any of the deleterious or dangerous effects attributed to five grains, in lieu of my administration of five grains under dilution into quite another part of the body—in fact, into an irritated rectum—must obtain a four and twenty times greater force, which is thus given to my rationale by the published statements of a Pereira, a Christison, and by such standard works as Taylor on Jurisprudence and on Poisons, or by the practical experience thereon by Dr. Jackson, of Sydney. The questions whether there was any occasion for its use, how did it happen to be administered in that place at all, what called forth the treatment, would be of more importance than whether it was deemed the proper treatment as regards quality and quantity. All that is now however secondary, *if* not beside the question, till the intent in that respect is decided, *if* this can be shown without regard to any overt action. This I trust is a logical deduction from the Hon. Attorney General's premises.

Now be it remembered, that from first till now I pleaded that I intended to *prevent* an impending premature labour occurring (by that memorable administration) in consequence of the exposure of Mrs. Brown to wet during the pleasure-boating excursion the day previous, and at the same time to relieve the cold or irritations contracted by her in her bowels on the same occasion and by the same cause; in how far my course of treatment adopted, when hurriedly called in from the street, so to speak, at a moment's notice, was calculated to support this endeavour, both the rationale of the treatment and the result will speak, the very deaf woman's contradictory and confused statement, examined by Mr. Holroyd beforehand notwithstanding; for did she not depose "she meant she thought she was in labour, suffered great pain in one part of her body, thought the hand or foot of the child had lodged there, that she suffered never in her life so much before—so much that she almost prayed for death, &c., &c.," and *that* all before I had given the prescription; before the medicine could be got, in which statements she could not well be mistaken, speaking feelingly, not from hearsay, with impaired hearing whilst under acute pain. Now what cured her?—what prevented the miscarriage?—what relieved her but belladonna? Did she not reply to a juror that Dr. Beer told her "the (suppositories) pills would give her ease," and did she not get better rapidly so as to require only two and a half of the pills of the six doses contained in the prescription. The fact stands clearly

clearly out in support of my plea, that nothing untoward happened in consequence of my treatment of her on this occasion, except that she soon *got well again*—was better and about the house four days afterwards—though Dr. Beer “always advised her to keep quiet and in a recumbent position.” But to refresh your memory, I must now quote from Taylor’s Medical Jurisprudence (7th edition, page 571), when speaking on criminal abortion from drugs:—“In April, 1856, he writes, a medical man was convicted before the Central Criminal Court of Sydney, of administering extract of belladonna in a suppository, with a view to procure abortion. None of these substances (enumerated) have any influence on the uterus, except in affecting it indirectly by their irritant action on the system.” Then he goes on to dwell on the specific abortives. But extract of belladonna is well known to be our best local muscular relaxative weapon, the *antispasmodic sedative par excellence*, be it applied to the eye, to the heart, the neck of the womb, or the muscles of the anus, allaying everywhere muscular irritation, *id est*, spasmodic contraction. Sir Benjamin Brodie states:—“I cannot have the smallest hesitation in saying that *both the charge and the verdict are utterly absurd*. I can understand that Dr. Beer might have prescribed the use of belladonna with a view to prevent premature labour; but I cannot suppose that either he or any one else would dream of prescribing it for the purpose of procuring abortion.” Can it therefore be supposed, that I, holding a diploma as Doctor in the art of Midwifery, could have intended abortion with this drug from sheer ignorance and as a means to murder? The Report of the Select Committee states likewise under paragraph I, “That abortion could not have resulted from the use of belladonna, as administered; on the contrary, that its effects would be to prevent abortion;” and in paragraph IV, “That as a general rule, the quantity could not in any way be dangerous.” This is what is incidentally implied!

On this question of primary importance then, namely, *the intent*, the Honorable Attorney General gives no opinion at all, though I should think if he complained to me of hunger, and I gave him some food and allayed his complaint, it ought to be clear that my intentions were good, and could not have been to starve him to death! He gives no opinion whether the *intent* was a proper one or a guilty one, but falls back and takes a stand upon one of secondary importance, upon a mole-hill comparatively speaking, upon the question or assumption of “fraudulent conduct,”—speaking of my actions in reference to the Insurance Companies through the instrumentality of the Browns as of a “criminator character”; throws in fact his more than mere suspicions that I “*meant fraud*” on the insurances into the scale as a counterbalance to the favorable leaning in his expressions, tending to acquit me of *criminal intent* with respect to belladonna. Having thus far rebutted all the statements made *ex parte* by Sir William Manning to Earl Belmore, now more than two years ago, though they had the desired effect of preventing substantial justice being done to me then, and after taking sufficient mental rest over the conquest, and the exertions required to attain the carrying this *tête du pont* of resistance, I now mean to break with renewed vigour a friendly lance with the Honorable the Attorney General in a fair and open tournament, to drive him from every adverse position, and to place him, figuratively speaking, *hors de combat*, to cause him to surrender and make the *amende honorable* by a decided “recommendation upon the subject of my innocence.” Now, with your permission, sir, I will speedily, and with the aid of the evidence at my command, so undermine and sap the position he has taken up, as to render his stronghold quite untenable, and shall no further touch upon the misdoings of others in this case, than where in justice to myself the points of contact require it. First then, as regards “the main question,” what *in point of fact was Dr. Beer’s intent?* on which point the Attorney General states, “the evidence of his acting with the Insurance Companies, through the instrumentality of Mr. and Mrs. Brown, is of such a criminator character as might well warrant the verdict of a jury against him upon the capital charge, even if the jury had before them all the evidence which Dr. Beer has since been able to adduce;” and yet he expresses “no opinion upon my guilt, for it is very possible that he may have meant only fraud upon the Insurance Companies.” I shall without much difficulty dislodge him from both these positions or assumptions. Let us see what is the evidence thereon, and what is it worth. What are the facts?—On insuring my life, at the earlier part of 1855, in the Mutual Provident Society, I was recommended by the then Secretary, Mr. Thompson, to recommend my friends and other parties to insure in that Society; and subsequently, namely, in July of the same year, I received a circular from him to the following effect: (*vide Appendix A*). In consequence of this I recommended the Browns to insure (the only insurance I did recommend) in the Mutual Provident Society. How was I next connected with insurance? On one occasion, *and one only*, I sought to insure Mrs. Brown’s life, with the avowed purpose of benefiting her children, with the full cognizance and instrumentality of the Browns, as given in evidence by them, and in an open way. All that may have appeared cloudy therein is the way in which I, as a young inexperienced foreigner, thought I might fairly comply with the conditions required by the Monarch Office. That application was however *declined*. Therefore I suppose this apparently “fraudulent conduct” gave me no interest. What action of a “criminator character” is disclosed in this? The agent, the Browns, and my solicitor (Mr. William Deane), were fully aware of my intentions to benefit Brown’s children, and not myself in any way. But the policy was *never effected*. What else had I to do with insurance? Mrs. Brown proving to be pregnant towards the end of 1855, both she and her husband wished to effect another insurance, obtained the forms of several offices, and being apparently accepted in the Alliance, I, beyond paying him what I owed him, to quote his own words, “as I (meaning himself, Brown) was short of cash,” he (Dr. Beer), owed me at that time about £7, the balance of furniture sold to him,” lent him the balance required for the premium, in return for sundry acts of kindness on his part to me. I felt myself under sufficient obligation to him to oblige him thus far. But this application to the Alliance being finally declined in consequence of Dr. O’Brien’s recommending her as a third class life only, Brown called at the beginning of 1856 for the returns of his deposit of £40. Pritchard, the agent, wished to refund only £37, and to keep £3 3s. for medical fee and commission. Brown refused to accept less than the whole amount, and called several times on that account at Pritchard’s office, and told him that as the money had been lent to him he (Brown) would have to repay the whole amount. At last Brown asked me to go to Pritchard and hear the reasons why he held the money back, giving me, on the 7th February, the order, of which the following is a copy on him:—

Sydney, 7th February, 1856.

PLEASE deliver to Dr. F. Beer, the bearer of this note, the sum of forty pounds three shillings and two-pence, being the amount paid by me as one year’s premium on a life insurance of Mrs. Phillis Brown, as per receipt, to be returned to you.

M. G. BROWN.

Sydney,

Sydney, 29th March, 1856.

RECEIVED from Messrs. Weré and Pritchard the sum of thirty seven pounds and two-pence, on account of F. Beer, M.D., as per my authority.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Cash .....	40	3	2						
Medical fee .....				1	1	0			
Messrs. Johnson .....				2	2	0			
							3	3	0
							37	0	2
							£40	3	2

C. REYNOLDS.

I showed this order to the late Dr. M'Kellar, with whom I was very friendly, and asked him whether Pritchard could withhold the £3 3s. for medical fee and commission; further stating that Pritchard had told Brown, his (Pritchard's) clerk had no right to receive the money in the first instance, whereupon Dr. M'Kellar advised me to go to Pritchard and threaten his clerk for obtaining money under false pretences. This caused me to go to Pritchard, with a view to make him give up the whole amount, and not, as stated, to force him to issue a policy. Brown's evidence on this order on Pritchard ought to make this part of my actions quite clear, and prove the falsity of his statement made to conceal his own suspicious conduct, when my mouth was shut. This very order of the 7th February, 1856, speaks for itself too. It will be seen from the accompanying receipt, that when Brown first applied to have the whole £40 returned, and I afterwards was empowered to do so by this order, Pritchard could not have required a solicitor until I said I would take legal steps, and gave the matter in the hands of Mr. Williams for recovery. But we see he deducted the £3 3s. after all, when I was no longer in a position to prevent it, inserting the names of Messrs. Johnson (his solicitors), instead of his commission, formerly insisted upon. So much for Pritchard's veracity and my prospect of forcing a policy from him, for which the Browns had applied in their own behalf, and for their own benefit. When Pritchard insisted on deducting the £3 3s. I placed the matter in the hands of my solicitor—the present Crown Solicitor—whom I consulted, and who promised to recover the whole amount. Mr. Thompson, Secretary to the Mutual Provident Society, whom I had also spoken to on the matter, may have understood me to say that the policy was mine, as he deposed, but what I really said was, that the money wherewith Brown paid the premium was mine. However, my English must not have been of the very best, as a recently arrived foreigner; and between a foreigner trying to make himself understood, and with a very deaf woman as a listener, as Mrs. Brown was, it is just possible many misconceptions might occur; hence perhaps, too, the confused contradictory statement of Mrs. Brown, about bringing on a miscarriage, which the prosecution took up and acted upon *verbatim et literatim*, though Mr. Holroyd had to *shout* every question into her ear whilst she sat alongside of him in the Supreme Court.

However, beyond lending Brown some of the money to pay the premium, I had nothing whatsoever to do in his dealings with Pritchard. No benefit could have accrued to me if the policy had been granted, but I had to go to some trouble to get my money back at all. Now, I may ask, would I, if harbouring sinister motives, go about asking the very secretary of the Insurance Company wherein my own and Mrs. Brown's lives were insured, ask friends and solicitors for enlightenment as regards business habits, being totally unacquainted with such myself. This order speaks more than words can do, how the facts actually were, and that there was nothing suspicious in my connection in it. This closed my "actions" and transactions with the insurances—the grand fact remaining, that I had no interest whatsoever in Mrs. Brown's death, when called in for professional aid, or at any time, *never* even attempting to obtain an interest for myself, and it would have been extremely foolish, to say the least, to *murder* Mrs. Brown in cold blood, if the negotiation with the Alliance for a policy by Brown had still been pending, and if I had had any prospect, however remote, of any interest in it. Equally great would have been the folly without any such interest. For this reason, I repeat my actions with the insurance offices are so far from giving ground for suspicion towards a *criminal intent on her life* that they must acquit me on Mr. Butler's stated principal point. Again, how could I foresee that Mrs. Brown would go out pleasure-boating on Saturday, 9th of February, get wet and ill in her bowels in consequence, when within a few weeks of her confinement? What further is established by the evidence in reference to the treatment on the 10th February? That I was hurriedly called in to attend Mrs. Brown, who thought herself in labour, and felt such great pain in one part of her body (about the anus) that she could neither sit nor stand, etc., etc. I had not the slightest interest in her death if it had occurred, or at any time, and the argument ought to be accepted, that even if I had been wickedly inclined I would never have been fool enough to attempt to murder her without having secured or seeing a benefit somehow; particularly with a patient upon whom I had attended off and on for three years; who was necessarily within five weeks of her natural delivery; who had had frequently the medicine belladonna, in the same as in other ways previously, from my own dispensary, as had been proved by Horner's evidence at the Police Court; who moreover "had every confidence in me" even till the 19th February, 1856, or nine days after the administration of the belladonna. So there was no particular reason to hurry my patient out of the world on that occasion of my attendance, no more than on the previous ones, of which she states "she always derived benefit; that on this occasion when she did not quite follow out my instructions she got worse; and that Dr. Beer said the pills would give her ease," *which they did*. Any wish or prospect of securing an interest in her death must have been fruitlessly destroyed by her untimely death then; and, as a still better opportunity must have soon arrived to murder her in a scientific manner (still going on the assumption that I had a criminal intention), best known to medical men, therefore it is obvious to have acted as imputed or suggested would really have been *extreme folly*. Therefore I now venture to claim all evidence of my actions with the insurances, seemingly of such a criminatory character as proof positive of my *good* intent with respect to the administration complained of. Juries, though they may have a leaning to the side of mercy in capital cases, notwithstanding their solemn duty being repeatedly pointed out to them by the Judge, do take sometimes a common sense view of a matter. At a very early period of the trial of this *cause célèbre*, His Honor Judge Therry said, namely, at the end of the second day (see *Herald*, 14th April, 1856): "The issue which they were trying was as to whether there was an intent to poison, and not whether the prisoner failed in giving poison to procure abortion. The jury were locked up, and the Court adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow"; and the jury acquitted me subsequently upon this issue, for they may have asked themselves in this case what interest had the accused on this occasion if she had died—if I had murdered her? Now, how could I have been benefited



benefited thereby? No ways; I would have lost a patient. On the other hand, the strong opinion on the baneful effects of belladonna, unsupported by any reasons given by the fourteen medical men, called the *élite* of the profession, might be accounted for, and the illogical aspect removed from the verdict of the jury by assuming that the Browns did not desire to be encumbered with any more children, and their family doctor was pliable and complaisant enough to comply with their wish; that there was a collusion between them in that respect; and in that case both the verdicts would have been correct. Without then exhausting imagination, the speculative arguments and reasonings of Sir W. Manning and of the Hon. the Attorney General might be augmented; but I assume, as the insurance, a money question, was raised or relied on as a motive, or as showing the motive or intent, and finding, upon investigation, that I could not have gained anything by her death, if it had happened, but must have lost future fees, &c., or any possible future prospect; and taking into consideration under what circumstances I was called in attendance then, and that the medical evidence was mere opinion, unsupported by precedent, reason, or experience on the subject, and in contradiction to the few authorities which I was not burked out of the opportunity of producing, from pure love of fairness, I suppose, the jury understanding, perhaps of that part, no more than a bull of the difference of the items contained in a toy-shop, they may have cogitated thus: Mrs. Brown neither was poisoned nor miscarried,—not the slightest injury having been done, but evidently quite the contrary; Mrs. Brown standing before them in the bloom of life, and Dr. Beer evidently having no visible interest to murder her, we will acquit him, and acquit him they did, logically so, of the capital charge, which was merely smuggled into the indictment by the *Solicitor* General as something “to fall back upon” for the jury, just as the perjury by Brown in the information “at the instance” of the Society was promulgated for the purpose of delusion. Sensitive as the Hon. Attorney General is as to my intentions, he observes entire silence on *this* aspect of this case. Will he not look behind the tablet, but reason upon the evidence as the Mosaic law, inscribed on one side only? If at that period, as a very young medical man, at the beginning of my professional career, but in excellent practice already, I could be thought already such an adept in villany, without much Colonial experience, scarcely able to speak very intelligibly English, planning her destruction, full of hypocrisy “at a moment’s notice,” but showing my cards freely to my envious enemies by giving a prescription—have it dispensed at a druggist’s establishment, with the proprietor of which I was at variance, showing them how it was perpetrated,—inviting them, so to speak, to sit in judgment on and prove their love to brother Joseph, when my mouth must be shut, instead of profiting by the many advantages I must have had to commit a crime without bungling, and quite secretly and leisurely; and which opportunities, ways, and means, if you or Mr. Butler knew only by half, would cause you to scout the very idea of trusting to carry out criminal intentions by means of belladonna. What folly, when the peculiar blue spots and patches of discolouration all over the body, caused after death by belladonna, would draw the attention upon the unnatural appearance, and thus become the most terrible irrefutable witness or evidence against the criminal. However, since that glorious band of the *élite* of the profession, complimented by Judge Therry for doing their duty by society so well and handsomely, were disbanded, no medical voice is heard in support of their opinion; but very many and all who are asked are against it, amongst whom Professor Smith, of the University, may be mentioned as one of the first. If there were any doubts in that regard still raised, I am now in a position to dispel them by ample experience, gained under very similar circumstances. That trash of the *élite* is exploded; so much so that sons of fathers who did their best to swear away my life would not in any way endorse their conduct. No competent medical man would or could support this opinion of the *élite* of our profession in 1856, and seventeen years have added some knowledge about belladonna amongst the profession in Sydney, whilst the opinions expressed by Taylor and Brodie on my case have the value of a whole cartload of other men’s medical opinions.

And now, to come to the other minor point reserved, or fallen back upon, that of the Attorney General’s speculative suspicion that possibly I meant “fraud only” on the insurances. [Here I come in for the benefit of a doubt at last. But what grounds has he to interpret my meaning thus, I venture to ask?

Though Mrs. Brown *had* been affected with venereal disease, gonorrhœa, in her rectum during the earlier part of my attendance, and had suffered considerably therefrom no doubt, but had been quite cured of it, offering her person to be examined to Dr. Salter, in proof that she was cured by me, who had been her doctor before me (whereof Rockiytansky’s stricture remained the standing relic in proof), and though she had suffered a few months before she insured in the Mutual Provident Society from a dangerous attack of erysipelas and gastric catarrh, when her life was at one time in great danger, and which illness must have for ever reminded her of the uncertainty of life, which illness caused me to express some apprehension (“the presentiment”) to Mr. Brown, yet with all that she *was in general good health* at the time of the life insurance; there was nothing about her which was calculated to shorten her prospects of *longevity*, or with which the societies ought to have been made acquainted.

Perhaps it was thought necessary also to give the previous history, too, of the attendance for any secret diseases, though perfectly cured therefrom, to disclose the professional family secrets, for no other good purpose than for the possible amusement, instruction, or pastime of the clerks of the offices, which disclosures Judge Therry deprecated in my case by stopping my cross-examination of Mrs. Brown, when tried for my life. My examination of the Browns ranged over the *whole period* of my attendance on Mrs. Brown, and thus they were bound to speak the truth, which they did not. They should have admitted the previous ailments, no matter of what nature, as well as her then good health.

In my certificates to the several Insurance Societies I gave *correct bills of health*; thus the remark about my reports to the insurances, appended to the Report of the Select Parliamentary Committee, would have found no room in it if the dates had been better kept in recollection, and the Committee had not abrogated carrying out my programme, as shown above, because they were satisfied with less, namely,—as they were able to exonerate me on the offences with which I had been charged; for I repeat that, though Mrs. Brown had suffered severely for a time about her private parts and in her bowels from certain diseases, such complaints were gone and cured before any application was made to *any* insurance office, and before she could get even pregnant; my certificates or reports were true as far as it concerned the interest of insurance offices.

Now, in proof of this we have not only the evidence of the Browns themselves and their friends, applied to as references, but Dr. Owen Williams, Dr. MacFarlane, Dr. O’Brien, official medical men, for the insurances, and Dr. Catlett, who subsequently confined her, as well as Dr. Redhead’s affidavit and Dr. Anderson’s certificate, who examined her bodily, *post mortem*; we have the pleasure-boating itself, on the 9th February, which was the cause of her *illness* the next day, for which I was called in, and administered

administered the belladonna through which she soon became well again; further, that she lived for twelve years afterwards, though a great drunkard, surviving even the shock to her system from the strychnine in the sugar-basin in Botany-street; and lastly, we have her death, certified by Dr. Gilhooly, from "rheumatic gout"—the not unfrequent concomitant cause of death in a drunkard.

What then should make me suppose "that Mrs. Brown was likely to die in a short time in the course of nature and without his aid." If I have been impressed at the commencement of my attendance that she was afflicted with an incurable disease, such belief was fully eradicated by the negative fact that she was fully cured by me. Nor could it have been this supposition, on account of the stricture in her bowels, for from the quantity of mercury in her system, taken in the shape of "golden pills" (Dzondis mercurial pills. See her and Mr. Horner's evidence). I knew her child could not be a very vigorous one, and some danger could arise only *if* the head of the child was unusually large; therefore, to obviate the slightest degree of danger, I stated to her my intentions to be present during her delivery, "or she might not live" (see her evidence); and further, where she swore that I promised to be present whether Mr. Brown liked or not (see her evidence of our conversation of the 19th February, *nine* days after the said belladonna administration, when I formally declined to attend Mrs. Brown any longer, in consequence of the conduct of Brown, as related; and recommended her to call in her Lodge doctor, Dr. Catlett.) There was however no danger from the stricture, as I correctly prognosticated, Dr. Catlett not even becoming aware of its existence whilst in attendance upon her after me, for the confinement.

Of the conversation with Brown, which caused him to surrender his policies, I will not speak, inasmuch as it is only one man's word against another's; but other facts and circumstances will point out on which side the truth lies. The charge brought by me before Captain Scott against Brown for perjury was fully proved on six assignments, and established a *prima facie* case though dismissed, contrary to the strong evidence adduced.

Whether it ought to have been stated in the bills of health that she had at one time suffered from a venereal complaint, of which she was then permanently well, is then the only question remaining, if any, and is what I meant when I answered the cautions put by the Bench before committal—"if I have made an error in the policy I have transgressed," and I have yet to be convinced that I made an error! Is not the statement I then made under peculiarly terrifying circumstances,—robbed of my diary, surrounded by professional enemies, as Drs. McKellar, Nathan, Elliott, Macfarlane undoubtedly were, when taken unawares and cautioned,—still *unshaken* and *true* to this hour? I alone spoke the *truth throughout*, as was my only proper course to do, with the consciousness of innocence as my only protector, for *magna est veritas et prevalebit!*

And now, Sir, I venture to ask what remains of the fraudulent conduct, "the actions of a criminal character," and the justification for a suspicion that I "meant fraud"? Where is the proof that even one shilling should ever come into my pocket by Mrs. Brown's death in any way, or that I misled the Companies by false certificates in the face of Dr. Catlett's evidence (who delivered her), and who, next to Dr. Bland, was the first to sign a petition to Sir W. Denison, along with many other medical men and eleven jurors in my case, notwithstanding the contemporary severe comments on their verdict and the caution about maudlin sympathy by the *Herald*? (See Parliamentary returns—Administration of Justice—in my case.)

With perjury on every hand, medical and otherwise, and the principal witness (Brown) having committed perjury in the very information, the Court being packed with interested members; myself burked from recalling Mr. Horner, and ruthlessly prevented from producing thirteen material witnesses (see Report of Committee), duly subpoenaed for the defence, and who were waiting to be called, Dr. Wilmott, of Penrith, having just then a patient to whom, under precisely similar circumstances, he administered double the quantity, or 10 grains of belladonna in a suppository in her rectum,—asking for Dr. Wilmott and the other witnesses, having promised to the Judge to be able to prove thereby "the concoction," is it a wonder, with all this, that the case had a suspicious look, or rather that they did not quite succeed in their "intent," as is amply proved by overt actions? Very, very many other clever tricks were resorted to by the prosecution to ensure a conviction at all hazards, to carry the day by a *coup* in lieu of a fair impartial trial. It is wonderful what faculties for tacit co-operation some people have, when moved by a common object. (See Lord Campbell on medical evidence.) These gentlemen employed in prosecuting me must have fancied themselves in pursuit of a hare, fox, or old man kangaroo! Trial by jury I should imagine exists to investigate the guilt or innocence of an individual charged with an offence, and does not require, if it admits tacitly, all these mighty manœuvres, this vile prostitution of the sanctum wherein the trial is held, nor the swarm of accomplices, accessories, aiders, abettors, from every station in life! As far as I can glean from English Jurisprudence, there exists a maxim that every one should be held to be innocent, and dealt with as innocent, until he has been proved guilty before his Peers, the evidence being laid before them fairly and fully, and everything done above board—no collusions, connivances, and conspiracies to be tolerated; and that the accused should also *be allowed* to defend himself, if he can, and not be villainously deprived of the evidence upon which his honor, life, and freedom depend, upon no valid grounds, and when ready and anxious to produce it. (See Report Select Committee.) Very well did the Doctors "embarked on the side" against me know Dr. Salter's and druggist Horner's personal knowledge of Mrs. Brown. They made no secret of it (hence their exclusion), though Dr. Salter's diagnosis of Mrs. Brown's former illness proved to have been erroneous. Mr. J. C. Horner's evidence we find in the depositions and in the "brief," but I was deprived of its benefit at the trial by Mr. Holroyd, without any resistance on the part of the Judge. Horner's evidence alone was sufficient to have broken down the case on both counts, not to speak of the dodge by which Pereira's very favourable statements in his standard work were studiously suppressed from coming to the knowledge of the jury. Some of the doctors must certainly have known its contents. That these gentlemen meant to assassinate me, or to remove me out of their way (their rising brother practitioner) by means of perjury, such a good chance offering itself, admits of no doubt. They knew how easy it is to give semblance by a party acting in concert, to mislead a jury ignorant in medical questions, in order to secure a conviction, and how difficult it is for an innocent, unfortunate victim of perjury to reach them by the law. No sooner do I take any steps to bring those still alive to an account, having sufficient evidence to bring their guilt home to them, than their accomplices find means of effecting an escape for them. (See *Beer v. Brown*, and *Beer v. Dr. Elliott*, and see my letter to Mr. Colonial Secretary Robertson amongst the printed Parliamentary papers.)

And

And now, supposing for the sake of argument that I really should have "*meant fraud*" without giving expression to this meaning by any fraudulent *act*, would that be a sufficient reason for hanging me right off hand, or summarily and illegally *morally garrotting and morally assassinating me* then, and from then till now, by the slowest kind of tortures? Under such conditions it would not require any new criminal code or amendments of the law at all, or any classification of offences. We need but give, as the adage has it, "a dog a bad name and hang him at once," in token of social progress and substantial enlightened justice. And if any mere suspicion would suffice as well, without the roundabout of preliminary investigation, true bills and trials by jury upon an indictment, and the return of a verdict by a jury, it would simplify matters immensely, or like the schoolmaster who, when whipping a lad undeservedly, said that he deserved it another time if not in this instance.

Must I accept, in illustration of the logic of the Honorable Attorney General, his last sentence—"If he is an innocent man, his own fraudulent conduct furnished abundant evidence for his conviction?" Now, if I had been found guilty of the capital charge and hanged doubtless an innocent man, because of fraudulent conduct furnishing abundant evidence for conviction with so many respectable gentlemen helping to stretch the rope, how would the Honorable Attorney General justify *that*? And now that Providence interposed more kindly, must I still remain a *morally murdered* man? But as I did not furnish grounds to warrant a verdict of a jury on the capital charge, yet have been kept all along a morally murdered man, is there not greater reason to make speedily any possible amends now? I can join issue with the Honorable the Attorney General as long as he remains on fair ground—on *terra firma*; and though I cannot follow him in points of law, I have an infelt consciousness of what is just, and am glad if I am able to make myself understood. As the Honorable Attorney General's opinion contains no mention of the *specific accusations*, such as are contained in Sir W. Manning's opinion—which are as irrelevant as they are erroneous—they are for ever disposed of. Again a triumph of truth!

I beg now to be allowed, before I go over to other points, to recapitulate the points now advanced by me as against the Honorable the Attorney General's points, or to strengthen those discerned by you as already in my favour, as the case may be:—

- I.—That I never had any interest in Mrs. Brown's death.
- II.—That I never intended to have any interest for my own benefit in her death.
- III.—That I never gave any false certificate to any Insurance Office.
- IV.—That I never attempted to defraud any Insurance Company.
- V.—That I never attempted to harm or injure her in any way.
- VI.—That what I did by medical administration, and by other directions, relieved her, was the best that could be done under the circumstances to allay the irritation caused from the exposure to wet, and had the desired effect, nothing happening to her of all that the prosecutors and doctors theoretically proclaimed would have happened.
- VII.—That Mrs. Brown got rapidly well under the said (murderous) treatment, and remained well.
- VIII.—That there was nothing to justify the expectation of an early death.

It may therefore be assumed:—

A.—That without any interest or motive, and possessed of a *mens sana*, I could not have intended to murder or injure Mrs. Brown on the 10th February, though the belladonna *should* have killed her, &c.

B.—That with a hope in view of securing somehow an interest, *if* there could be shown that any hope was held out or existed, it would have been madness to destroy such expectation by destroying the intended victim prematurely. *If*, therefore, such an endeavour still to obtain an interest could be established, it must acquit me of the intent to murder or injure her in any way on the 10th February.

C.—That neither having myself an interest, never endeavouring to obtain one for myself, and nothing pending or to show that would justify such a belief, and the now more than doubtful evidence of Pritchard and Brown coming in *too late in point of time*, to serve in any way to establish a criminal intent, but quite the reverse, the question of intent in reference to her life must be decided in my favour.

D.—The whole investigation, if carefully undertaken, will show that there was no crime committed, no injury done, none attempted to be done; that the administration of the medicine was the natural consequence of the illness contracted the day previous through her getting wet during the boating excursion, and for the treatment of which I had been sent for on Sunday morning, the 10th February, and in which treatment I was successful, all the alarming and distressing symptoms described as existing before the drug was administered having disappeared shortly *after* its exhibition, and through its beneficial action. It shows further that there was no fraudulent conduct on my part in *any way*; no action of a criminatory character, no, not even any evidence except that which was worthless on the face of it, morally proved to consist of perjury, that I ever meant to obtain an interest in Mrs. Brown's life *for myself*, much less that I thus could or must have meant fraud on the insurances; nor was there any concealment as to the state of her health by which I would lay myself open to the charge of misrepresentation or false certificates to justify *even a suspicion* to attempt fraud on the insurances.

There was nothing to investigate. The prosecution found early out they had fallen into a mistake but would not say so, would not retreat;—hence the addition of the second count, the *sine qua non* disposed of by the jury at the time by an acquittal.

The general charge of "fraudulent conduct" and "meant fraud" not being supported by any evidence, and those items which might tend to justify a suspicion, towards fraudulent intentions being based upon such worthless evidence (the ridiculous and *post festum* tale of attempted extortion on the 14th February, four days after the alleged crime) I would be glad if the Honorable the Attorney General would point specially, mention instances, where they are to be found, if still maintaining his opinion thereon, though as above stated *if* all he advanced, as of a fraudulent aspect, were as true, as it is not true in fact and unsupported by evidence, it would be irrelevant (as not proven with regard to the indictments and charges made and tried upon before a jury).

By their verdict the jury stripped the case of all the facts which relate to the insurances. What are those facts? Certainly nothing establishing any motive for the crime; nothing to infer malice from them, and which were therefore very properly set aside by the verdict. There is nothing tangible, nothing tenable in it, with all the mist raised by the insurances. The jury which acquitted me of designs on the mother, thereby setting aside all the smoke raised about insurance to blind their vision, had not any evidence to convict

convict me of a *minor* charge. There is no reasonable ground for believing me a guilty man if I did not intend to kill the mother as well as the child; and there is no imaginable motive for either crime, save as connected with the policies. Now these policies secured or attempted to be secured on her life. Who applied for them—in whose name were they—for whose benefit were they held up to the 10th February, the day the prescription for the poison was given? Where is there any evidence to connect me with them, so as to give me a motive for the commission of either crime charged against me? Now, if I did not mean the death of Mrs. Brown, all the rigmarole—the alleged conversation about the policy, false certificates, threats of exposure on the 14th February, four days after the said poisoning occurred—were beside the question evidently, *if* they had been held at all.

But I have still more to say to strengthen my position, still stronger counter testimony and arguments to produce to meet any mere assumptions. As I presume that no man is made an Attorney General, or a Premier, as yourself, sir, without being fitted for the high position by his antecedents, so no man becomes a thorough villain *in one day*; and as I have been till now so liberally and inconsiderately bespattered with constantly fresh dirt being thrown in my face, so as not to leave me even time to get a cleaning up, I must trouble you with some particulars of my career, relying solely upon documentary testimony.

A man who values money more than his character does not leave a fortune ready made for him, by legacy, behind him in China, and returns to Australia to vindicate his character, if he had not reasonable grounds for doing so, foreseeing the great expenditure of trouble, time, and money it must entail.

He does not pay twenty shillings in the pound, or £600 more to his creditors than he is obliged by agreement of their acceptance of composition.

He does not make presents of upwards of £450 to friends, though by no means rich or affluent himself.

He does not assist a fellow in misfortune to regain his liberty earlier by a conditional pardon.

He does not erect memorials over the grave of a deceased brother practitioner.

He does not give his mite to religious objects, irrespective of creed. \*

He does not receive costly testimonials unless he merits in some degree the esteem of his fellow citizens, amongst whom his lot is cast for the time as a ticket-of-leave holder, and whilst labouring under a cloud.

He does not go through his early years, finish an educational and professional course of the highest possible standard, and securing the highest possible degrees, without showing his greed, bad moral disposition, or criminal tendencies hidden in his nature somehow, nor does he get the high eulogiums, professionally and morally, whilst engaged to gain experience as assistant in hospitals.

Mr. Graham, the father-in-law of the Reverend Mr. Vaughan, of Penrith, can tell you that I paid him, on becoming free, a current account of £15, contracted previous to my conviction. Will you find many a precedent of such traits of honesty?

Look and review the case from every and any point you choose, even retrospective from the treatment, to obtain a clue therefrom to enable you to judge of the intent, and you will find it to be as with a heavy lump of ice held in your hand, that it will melt away irresistibly, leave nothing but the clearest water—leave nothing, not even a suspicion towards intentional wrong of any sort, much less a criminal action as following suit. But it is only from one point of view from absolute purity of intentions and actions such a natural and harmonious solution of the case can be possibly obtained.

In further corroboration of the statements I have made, there are other facts bearing indirectly on my case, on which I can rely. The Reverend Mr. Woerner, the Pastor of the German Church in Sydney, will willingly bear testimony to the high social position of my family in Switzerland, and to the moral training I received as a young man. Mr. Wilkinson, of the Bank of New South Wales, who was my fellow-passenger from Calcutta, can also give evidence that I did not come to Australia as a pauper, but in the possession of ample funds; and although it was not my original intention to settle down in practice here, when I did so, in less than two years, my professional income was at the rate of nearly £2,000 per annum. At that time—a period antecedent to the criminal charge made against me—if I had a desire to make money in an unscrupulous way, I could have easily formed a good matrimonial alliance, and done other things which without danger to my position would have added materially to my income. But mere wealth I never cared for. From an early age I devoted myself to the study of and investigations in physical science, persuaded that I should one day make important discoveries in that branch of human knowledge. From all this it must be apparent that not only did I not commit no overt criminal act which would have justified one moment's punishment, but there is not the slightest ground to justify a suspicion that I meditated one. My position, my habits, early training—the apparent motive that influenced me in assisting the Browns—the vindication of my character, professionally and otherwise, by the Select Committee of the Legislature,—all prove that I was innocent in thought and deed of the charge made against me in 1856. Being then an *innocent man* is it not due to me, to justice, and to society, that my innocence should be established before the world?

I therefore rely, Sir, on your sense of integrity to induce you to take immediate action in my complete exculpation.

I have, &c.,

FREDERICK BEER, M.D.

[Appendices.]

A.

A. Thompson, Esq., to Dr. F. Beer.

Australian Mutual Provident Society,  
Mort's Buildings, Pitt-street,  
Sydney, 6 July, 1855.

Dear Sir,

In enclosing your policy I take the opportunity of adverting to the principles on which this Institution is conducted. It is a mutual office—that is to say, every one of the assured is personally interested in its prosperity—and every new member he obtains strengthens the Institution, thereby tending to increase the value of his own policy. The British Offices which have succeeded best are those Mutual ones, the members of which have borne this in mind, and it is to their individual exertions and support that the Directors look for a successful business far more than to the services of their accredited agents.

I am, &c.,

A. THOMPSON,

Secretary.

B.

See Telegram from Calcutta—Appendix B.

See Minutes of Select Committee

See C—Records of exchange, besides acknowledgments for nearly as much again, held by private letters.

See Appendix D—Letter from Consul for Italy.

See E—Letter from widow.

See copy of letter of introduction from Father O'Brien—Appendix F.

See testimonials from Braidwood—G, H, and I.

See Appendix K. and L.

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B.

Government Telegraph Department,  
Office Monthly No. 531,  
Madras,  
Mail Steamer "Nubia."

Received the 12th August, 1867, from Calcutta, from Francis Beer to Doctor Beer.  
VERNON writes that half the Shanghai dispensary and money at Consulate have legally been conveyed to you. Necessary documents left for China. Best follow. Return Sydney draft for a change. Merton left for Europe. Station to W. S. Roberts. N.B.—The money at the American Consulate alluded is £1,600, and is still there.

C.

BILLS of Exchange for £750. Originals annexed.

D.

Sidney, 21 November, 1862.

Regno D'Italia, Consolato d'Italia, in Sidney.

Dear Sir,

I received this morning your note and enclosure for £5, for which pray accept my best thanks. A man who can do so generous an action, and all through act so consistently kind as you have done by Vernon cannot be as bad as some of his profession would make him out to be.

JAMES EDWARD GRAHAM,  
Consul.

Amount—£47 13s.

E.

Braidwood, 1 December, 1862.

I HAVE been informed by Mr. W. Kershaw that a feeling of gratitude has prompted your generosity to the memory of my late beloved husband. Although every generous action brings its own reward, yet we would offer our most sincere thanks, and I believe that the God of the fatherless and the widow will bless you for it.

Braidwood, 2 December, 1862.

Dr. F. Beer to W. A. Kershaw,—

To cutting, setting, and painting tombstone to the memory of the late Dr. Codrington...	£10	0	0
To fence for ditto .....	£ 7	0	0

£17 0 0

Received payment,—WM. A. KERSHAW.

F.

Braidwood, 28 September, 1867.

Dear Father John,

I beg leave to introduce the bearer, Dr. Beer, to your kind attention. He has been remarkable for his generosity to the poor and our church during the years of his practice in this district, for which we owe him a debt of gratitude.

Yours, &c.,  
E. O'BRIEN.

Father Dwyer, St. Mary's

G.

Braidwood Hospital,  
February, 1866.

Dear Sir,

Hearing that you are about to leave Braidwood, we, the undersigned members of the Committee of the above Hospital, beg to convey to you our regret at the loss which the district generally will experience at your departure, and also to testify to the medical skill, unremitting attention, and kindness with which you attended the patients of this hospital during the time you acted as medical officer, a period of more than four years; and we trust that wherever you may go that you will enjoy that success which your skill and generosity so richly deserve; and we beg to remain,

Dear Sir,

Yours, &c.,  
E. O'BRIEN, Chairman.  
W. SUTHERLAND,  
ADAM LIKELY, Co.P.  
W. KERSHAW,  
W. DRAKE,  
W. SHARPE,  
Committee.

H.

To Frederick Beer, Esq., Doctor of Medicine, Doctor of Surgery, and Doctor of the Art of Midwifery.

WE, the undersigned, inhabitants of the town and district of Braidwood, embrace the opportunity, previous to your departure, after six years useful and exemplary residence amongst us, of assuring you that we have witnessed with pleasure the many acts of unostentatious and disinterested charity that you have performed during your sojourn in Braidwood, and of expressing our satisfaction in bearing witness to your uniform courtesy of demeanour, your unremitting attention, and skilful performance of the highest duties that your successful professional career as the confidential adviser and friend of a large majority of the population could impose upon you.

With the most ardent aspirations for your future welfare we beg you to accept the accompanying testimonial as a small token of our never failing regard.

And believe us to be,

Sir,  
Your affectionate well-wishers,  
JOSEPH TAYLOR, J.P., Chairman,  
W. KERSHAW, Secretary,  
On behalf of Subscribers.

The Testimonial—Beckman's Keyless Chronometer, Chain, Diamond Ring.

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I.

CERTIFICATE from the Rector of the University of Zurich, certifying that during the whole course of my studies there, no complaint was made against me.

K.

CERTIFICATE from Munsterlinger General Hospital and Lunatic Asylum, speaking of my moral character and medical skill in the highest terms.

L.

A CELESTIAL testimonial speaking in very flowing terms indeed.

No. 8.

DR. F. BEER to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Sydney, 27 October, 1873.

SIR,

I beg leave to correct a numerical error contained in the documentary statements, in the appendices, viz., the sum of £450, mentioned expended as presents, and for which I now furnish the proofs, should read £750 instead.

I have, &c.,  
FRED. BEER, M.D.

No. 9.

MINUTE OF THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
9 March, 1874.

PROFESSOR Smith was requested by me to read the papers in this case, with a view to a careful consideration of the questions of medical treatment referred to by Dr. Beer, and I at the same time expressed a hope that he might feel himself justified, after the perusal, in affording me the benefit of his views of the case, as disclosed by the papers, and more especially of those points resting upon professional testimony.

After reading all the papers in the case, Dr. Smith has addressed the following letter to me on the subject.

H.P.

Professor Smith to The Colonial Secretary.

University of Sydney,  
23 February, 1874.

My dear Mr. Parkes,

I have perused the papers you handed to me relating to Dr. Beer, and have considered the particular point you wished my opinion on, namely,—as to whether the extract of belladonna, as prescribed by Dr. Beer in Mrs. Brown's case, could have tended to produce abortion, or could have acted as a poison on the mother. It is so long since I have had anything to do with medical practice that my individual opinion is of no value. I have, in fact, no personal experience of the action of this drug. But a case of this kind is not to be judged by individual opinions. It often happens that one medical man considers the practice of another medical man dangerous, and the latter must justify his practice, either by showing that his own previous experience was sufficient warrant, or that recognized authorities agree with him. In Mrs. Brown's case, Dr. Beer could fully justify his practice on both grounds. He had on previous occasions administered belladonna to the same patient, and to the same extent with good results, and he had frequently prescribed this drug to other patients, sometimes in the same manner as to Mrs. Brown, and to double the extent, with beneficial results. This was proved before the Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly in 1862, and would have been proved at the trial, for witnesses were waiting to prove it, had the Judge not prematurely closed the case. Then as to authority it is incontrovertible that leading practitioners in Europe speak in favour of even larger doses of extract of belladonna to be administered in the same way as an antispasmodic, as in Mrs. Brown's case.

From a careful consideration of the papers laid before me I cannot but agree with the Report of the Select Committee of the Legislature that "abortion could not have resulted from the use of belladonna as administered; on the contrary, that its effects would be to prevent abortion," and further, that "as a general rule the quantity could not in any way be dangerous." I entirely concur with Sir Benjamin Brodie that "both the charge and the verdict are utterly absurd," and the painful conviction is left on my mind that here we have a very lamentable miscarriage of justice.

Believe me, &c.,  
J. SMITH.

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(REPORT OF MUDGEES BENCH ON LITTLE'S CASE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 14 April, 1874.*

RETURN to an *Address* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 2 April, 1874, praying that His Excellency the Governor would be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ A Copy of the Report of the Mudgee Magistrates in Little's case.”

(*Mr. Buchanan.*)

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, MUDGEES, TO THE UNDER SECRETARY, LAW DEPARTMENT.

Police Office, Mudgee,  
13 February, 1874.

SIR,

In reply to your letter of the 6th instant, No. 74/553, returning proceedings in the case *Turner v. Little*, enclosing an extract from the *Sydney Morning Herald*, and calling for a report from the Magistrates who sat on the case,—our report is as follows:—

Mr. Little is a publican of this town. From our long knowledge of him we believe him to be a person of a very violent and hasty temper. He appeared repeatedly before this Bench upon various charges, and not long since cautioned that if he again appeared before the Bench for assault, he would (if the charge was clearly proven) receive a severe sentence.

In the present case Little was first sentenced to two months imprisonment; but after a long and earnest address to us by his solicitor, we took what we considered, under all the circumstances, a more than merciful view of the case, and inflicted a fine in lieu of imprisonment.

We beg further to state that Little appeared frequently before this Bench for assaults, chiefly committed upon women, and also on many occasions for indecent and threatening language.

We have, &c.,

GEO. WARBURTON, P.M.  
HENRY TEBBUTT, J.P.





1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(MCBRIDE v. DAVISON.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 21 May, 1874.*

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RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 9th April, 1874, praying that His Excellency the Governor would be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of the information, summons, evidence, and decision in the case  
“of David Douglas McBride v. Samuel George Davison, Justice of the  
“Peace, heard before the Court of Petty Sessions at Lawrence, on Tuesday,  
“the 31st March, 1874.”

(*Mr. Garrett.*)

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## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

THOMAS GARRETT, Esq., M.P., to THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE.

Sydney, 14 April, 1874.

SIR,

I desire to correct an error made by me inadvertently in drafting the motion for papers in the matter of *McBride v. Davison*.

The case was tried at "Lawrence," not Grafton, and on the "31st March," instead of the "1st April."

I presume this correction of mere matters of detail will be sufficient.

I have, &c.,  
THOS. GARRETT.

INFORMATION before a Justice to require Surety of the Peace or Good Behaviour.

Lawrence, New South Wales, to wit.

BE it remembered, that on the twenty-fourth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, David Douglas McBride, of Lawrence, in this district, in the Colony of New South Wales, personally cometh before me, John Zuill, Esquire, the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices assigned to keep the peace of our Lady the Queen, and on oath informeth me that Samuel George Davison, of Lawrence, of this district, in the Colony aforesaid, did, on the seventh day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, at Lawrence, aforesaid, in the Colony aforesaid, most violently and maliciously declare and threaten that he would punch this complainant's damned head, and that from the above premises, this complainant is afraid that the said Samuel George Davison will do him some grievous bodily injury, and therefore prays that the said Samuel George Davison may be required to find sufficient sureties for his good behaviour towards him this complainant; and this complainant also saith that he doth not make this complaint against or require such sureties from the said Samuel George Davison from any hatred, malice, or ill-will, but merely for the preservation of his life and person from injury; and the said David Douglas McBride prays that I, the said Justice, will proceed in the premises according to law.

D. D. McBRIDE.

Sworn before me, at Blake's Creek, in the Colony of New South Wales; this 24th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four,—

(L.S.)

JOHN ZUILL,  
Justice of the Peace.

SUMMONS to the Defendant on an Information requiring Sureties of the Peace, or Good Behaviour.

New South Wales, Lawrence, to wit.

To Samuel George Davison, of Lawrence, in the Colony of New South Wales.

WHEREAS information and complaint on oath hath been made before me, John Zuill, Esquire, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the Colony of New South Wales, for that you, the said Samuel George Davison, did, on the seventh day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, at Lawrence aforesaid, in the Colony aforesaid, most violently and maliciously declare and threaten that you would punch one David Douglas McBride's damned head: These are therefore to command you, the said Samuel George Davison, in Her Majesty's name, to be and appear on Tuesday next, the 31st day of March now instant, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the Police Office, situated at Lawrence aforesaid, before me, the said Justice (or such other of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace as shall be then there present), to answer the said information and complaint, and to be further dealt with according to law.

Given under my hand and seal, this 24th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, at Blake's Creek, in the Colony of New South Wales.

JOHN ZUILL, (L.S.)  
Justice of the Peace.

D. D. McBride v. S. G. Davison—Sureties to keep the Peace.

Court House, Lawrence,  
31 March, 1874.

Before John F. Small, Esq., J.P., Alexander Cameron, Esq., J.P., and Ambrose Johnson, Esq., J.P.

Mr. Foot appears on behalf of defendant.

*David Douglas McBride*, being duly sworn, on oath states:—I am a grazier, residing at Lawrence; on Saturday, the 7th March, my paddock fence was broken down, and a good many horses were in there for two nights; I ordered them to be got together and put into the yard; sent to the parties to come and take them away or I would impound them; I sent to defendant to take his horses away or I would send them to the pound; he came up—"How dare you put my horses in the yard?" I told him that I would impound them if he did not take them away; I told him that he had got a great man since he became a Magistrate; that any little sense he had before that he had lost since; I told him to take his horses away and

and be off out of this; he then said—"I would punch your damned head, or he would wring any of my sons' necks he could get hold of; I had to threaten to send for the police before he would leave off; he then was quiet.

*Examined by Mr. Foot*:—I was not frightened then; my son Alexander was there; good job none of the others was there, or he would not have left with a whole skin; when Ker came up to abuse me I then got frightened of Davison; defendant was not with Ker; it was on that occasion I used the language that Ker charged me with; my son John was not by on this occasion; I said, when he threatened to punch my head it was then I threatened to send for the police; it was not John I sent to get the police; he came afterwards on horseback; Douglas was not there; I said I would not have the summons for the previous Court; I asked Constable Travers what Justices would be down for that Court; he said he supposed the local Justices would be here; as I had spoken to Captain Sinclair I wished to have the case tried by him; I did not tell Captain Sinclair any names; defendant said that his horses were on the town reserve and not on my property; I may have said you might as well call me a damned liar at once; I called defendant a poltroon; I understand the meaning of a poltroon to be an arrant coward; I was not frightened of him when I said that; he made no threats after that; I said—"Put a beggar on horseback and see where he will go to"; that was intended for him; I never called the defendant anybody's tool; the defendant said if any of my sons had insulted him that he would wring their necks, but my age protected me; I did not say that I could insult him with impunity; I guessed he knew who pulled my fence down; he did nothing after that to make me frightened, of him or to make me think that he would do me serious bodily injuries, or to think that my life or person was in danger of injuries by him; the signature to the information now produced is in my handwriting; I thoroughly understood the meaning of this information when I swore it; both my evidence to-day and the information are true as far as my definition goes; I am afraid the defendant will do me bodily injuries if he gets a chance; after Ker came up I began to fear; I have not the least malice against defendant; the defendant, Mr. Davison, I believe, is a Justice of the Peace; I am not aware if Mr. Davison is bound over to keep the peace he would probably forfeit his commission as a Magistrate; I am not aware if Mr. Davison lost his commission some other gentleman in the neighbourhood might be appointed; I never was desirous to be appointed on the Commission of the Peace, I never sought for it; I was offered it, and refused it; I asked Mr. Bawden for it in a joke, and told him afterwards I would not sit if I got it; I never asked Captain Sinclair to get me appointed to the Commission of the Peace; I may have said that it was as much as his commission was worth for abusing me on my premises; I don't recollect saying to any one before issuing the summons that I would get the defendant, or endeavour to get him removed from the Commission of the Peace; I may have said so, but I don't think it; I don't know who I may have said it to; I am sure that I said nothing to any one but Constable Travers; I have not abused the defendant or any member of his family to other people behind their backs; I don't think if any man says that I said any of these things that he will be telling the truth, but I am not sure; I know a man of the name of Tom Crane; I never said anything of that kind to him that I am aware of; I may have made these statements to Crane in answer to what he asked me; I did speak to several persons in the same manner I refer to; I know a man named Gerald O'Connor; he never told me he bought a bull from defendant.

D. D. McBRIDE.

Sworn before us, this 31st March, 1874,—

JOHN F. SMALL, J.P.  
ALEXANDER CAMERON, J.P.  
AMBROSE JOHNSON, J.P.

*Alexander McBride*, being duly sworn, on oath states:—I am a son of McBride, the complainant, residing at Lawrence; I recollect the defendant coming to our house; the defendant came up to take his horses away; we had them yarded; my father told defendant he could take the horses away; that time defendant asked where he got the horses; he told him in the paddock, and the defendant said he got them on Government land; I then told defendant I put them in the yard, and they were in front of the house, and the defendant said it was not your premises, he was only renting it, and the defendant said—"If you pound my horses, I will retaliate and pound them off the flat"; the defendant said he would wring my father's neck, or any of his sons, and then he said he would give him a damned good punching, only that he was an old man; my father then called one of my brothers to go and call Constable Travers; my brother did not go; the defendant then said to my father that he would give him a peg in the mouth; Mr. Davidson did not attempt to strike my father.

*Examined by Bench*:—My father did not say anything to provoke the defendant.

*Examined by Mr. Foot*:—My father was quiet at first; he was little bit warm at first; after my father threatened to send for the police Davison said he would hit him a peg in the mouth; the defendant got quiet after this, and then got warm again; there is a Government road through my father's paddock, only it is fenced in; my father told my brother Douglas to go for the constable; I am quite sure it was him; I heard him distinctly tell Douglas to go for the constable; it was not John he told to go—he was not at home at that time—he came afterwards on horseback; I heard my father call the defendant a poltroon; I heard him say about putting a beggar on horseback; I did not hear him say that he could ride rough-shod over people now he is a J.P. My father said very little abuse to defendant; I remember after this occurrence in the defendant's store with Rennix, Mr. Bathgate, and others; things were pretty fresh in my memory then; I don't remember telling any one there what occurred at my father's place.

*Examined by the Bench*:—I did not hear my father say if any of his sons was there the defendant would not go home with a whole skin, and if any one swore he said so he would not be telling the truth; I was there from the time Mr. Davison came till he left, within hearing all the time; the defendant was the first who spoke, and said, "Good morning"; my father was the first that spoke about the horses, and told the defendant to go to the yard and claim his horses, and to keep them from off his run; the defendant said he had no horses on the run.

ALEXANDER D. McBRIDE.

Sworn before us, this 31st March, 1874,—

JOHN F. SMALL, J.P.  
ALEXANDER CAMERON, J.P.  
AMBROSE JOHNSON, J.P.

Richard

*Richard Fitzroy Creaghe*, being duly sworn, on oath states:—I am Sub-inspector of Police stationed at Grafton; I am in attendance on the service of a subpoena; I know the complainant in this cause, and the defendant; I know the defendant is a Magistrate of the Colony; I remember seeing the complainant during the exhibition at Grafton, in the exhibition ground; he (the complainant) had some conversation with me; he spoke in a pretty loud tone; there was a great number of people there; the complainant said that he had either reported or would report the defendant to the Colonial Secretary, and that he was not fit to remain in the Commission of the Peace, and that he would get him removed; he said something about the defendant that I should not wish to repeat, imputing to the defendant an abominable crime; I remember complainant telling me that the defendant was a damned poltroon, and not fit to sit on the Bench.

*Examined by the Bench*:—What I could understand from him, this crime referred to had been going on some time previous; from what the complainant said, I should believe he had some ill-feeling towards the defendant.

*Examined by complainant*:—It was since the row about the horses.

RICHARD CREAGHE.

Sworn before us, this 13th day of March, 1874,—

JOHN F. SMALL, J.P.  
ALEXANDER CAMERON, J.P.  
AMBROSE JOHNSON, J.P.

THE Bench is of opinion that the complainant was influenced by express malice; and, on the application of defendant's solicitor, grant a certificate of dismissal.

JOHN F. SMALL, J.P.  
ALEXANDER CAMERON, J.P.  
AMBROSE JOHNSON, J.P.

I CERTIFY that these are true copies of information, summons, and depositions in the case of David Douglas McBride v. Samuel George Davison, Justice of the Peace.

ALEXANDER CAMERON, J.P.

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

(CASE OF G. U. GRIMES—FRAUDULENT INSOLVENCY.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 17 June, 1874.*

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RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 15th April, 1874, praying that His Excellency the Governor will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of the Information, Depositions, and Committal of G. U. Grimes, on a charge of fraudulent insolvency, by the Water Police Bench, Sydney, in April, 1873; also, a copy of the reasons (if any recorded) given by the Attorney General for not proceeding with the trial of the said G. U. Grimes on the above stated charge after a bill had been filed against him.”

(*Mr. Garrett.*)

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

*Information—(General Purposes.)*

New South Wales }  
to wit.

BE it remembered, that on this 24th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, at Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, John Gorman, of Sydney aforesaid, appears before me, the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices duly assigned to keep the Peace of our Lady the Queen in and for the Colony of New South Wales, and informs me that on the day of \_\_\_\_\_ in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, one *George Underwood Grimes* being insolvent within the meaning of a certain Act of Council, passed in the fifth year of the reign of our Lady the Queen, intituled "*An Act for giving relief to insolvent persons and providing for the due collection administration and distribution of Insolvent Estates within the Colony of New South Wales and for the prevention of frauds affecting the same,*" and that the estate of him the said *George Underwood Grimes* was, on the 11th day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, duly ordered and adjudged to be sequestrated, under and in pursuance of the said Act of Council, and that before the said sequestration of the said estate of the said *George Underwood Grimes* as aforesaid, the said *George Underwood Grimes* did, with intent to defraud his creditors, unlawfully, fraudulently, knowingly, and wilfully alienate, transfer, give, and surrender certain parts of the estate, moneys, effects, and credits of him the said *George Underwood Grimes*, at different times, to the value of ten pounds, contrary to the Act in such case made and provided; whereupon the said *John Gorman* prays that I the said Justice will proceed in the premises according to law.

JOHN GORMAN.

Exhibited at Sydney, in the said Colony, on the day  
first above written, before me,—

CHARLES COWPER, junr.,  
Justice of the Peace.

(M., 11 and 12 Vic., cap. 42.)  
*Depositions of Witnesses.*

New South Wales, City of Sydney, }  
to wit.

THE examination of *Henry James Greville*, 2nd Clerk of the Insolvent Court, in the Colony of New South Wales, of *William Goggin*, Clerk in the Union Bank, of *Frederick Thomas Humphery*, Official Assignee, of *John Mackinlay*, Bailiff of the District Court, of *Charles John Muddle*, Deputy Registrar-General, of *William Deane*, Solicitor, of *John Alfred Lucas*, Clerk in the District Court, of *John Gorman*, Steward, of 31 Harrington-street, in said city, and of *James Cornelius Peters*, of Manly Beach, in the said Colony, freeholder, taken on oath the 28th and 31st days of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, at the city of Sydney, in the Colony aforesaid, before the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony, in the presence and hearing of *George Underwood Grimes*, who is charged this day before me, for that he, the said *George Underwood Grimes*, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, at the city of Sydney, in the said Colony, being then insolvent, within the meaning of the Act in such case made and provided, did, with intent to defraud his creditors, unlawfully, knowingly, and wilfully alienate, transfer, give, and surrender certain parts of the estate, moneys, effects, and credits of him, the said *George Underwood Grimes*, at different times, to the value of £10.

*George Underwood Grimes*.—Fraudulent Insolvency.

Mr. Pilcher, instructed by Curtis and Gannon, for prosecution.

Mr. M. H. Stephen, instructed by Deane and Deane, for defence.

Information read.

*Henry James Greville*, on oath, states:—I am 2nd Clerk in the Insolvent Court; I produce the proceedings in the insolvency of *George Underwood Grimes*; I know defendant—he is the insolvent referred to; the signature of *George Hibbert Deffell*, wherever it appears, is the signature of the Chief Commissioner; I produce the petition for sequestration A [*put in*], the order nisi, summons thereon, and the order absolute; the signature "*Arthur Henry*" to these documents is the signature of the Registrar of the Insolvent Court; I produce the insolvent's schedule; I have seen the defendant sign his name; I believe this to be his signature to schedule and wherever it appears [*schedule put in*]; I produce the sixty days' statement filed under rule 20; this is also insolvent's signature [*statement put in*]; I also produce his six months' statement; this is defendant's signature to affidavit verifying same [*six months statement account put in*].

H. J. GREVILLE.

Sworn at Sydney, 28 March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

*William Goggin*, on oath, states:—I am Clerk in the Union Bank; I produce a ledger showing the account of *William Brown, junr.*, with that Bank, opened previously to 1872; balance brought forward is dated 31st December, 1871, £5 3s. 9d.; there are only two credits inclusive of 9th May, 1872, exclusive of \_\_\_\_\_

S. ... 2 6  
I. ... 3 0  
A. ... 1 0  
6 6

Mr. Deffell's signature admitted.

B.

C.

of that date one credit only of £10, and two debits up to same date, amounting to £11, leaving a balance on 8th May of £4 3s. 9d.; the balance was the same at the end of the day 2nd May; after the 8th May the next credit is £100 on 9th May; I produce the deposit slip thereof E; I believe it was deposited by Mr. Brown himself; it bears his signature [*slip E put in*]; that £100 was drawn out by a cheque produced [*E put in*], dated 1st May; presented 13th May; it was paid to some person (unknown to me), in ten £10 notes passed over the counter; after that credit of £100 there was no other credit during that year, and only one debit of £2 besides the debit of £100, leaving a balance of £2 3s. 9d.

*By Mr. Stephen:* Our Bank ordinarily closes at 3 p.m.; I did not pay the cheque myself nor receive the £100 myself.

Sworn at Sydney, 28 March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

W. A. GOGGIN.

*James Cornelius Peters*, on oath, states:—I reside at Manly Beach; I know defendant; I am his father-in-law; I know William Brown; he is also my son-in-law; I do not remember defendant selling any property to Mr. Brown; I remember the action of *Gorman v. Grimes* being tried; I was not present; Oh! yes I was; I think Brown was in Sydney at that time; I really don't know, I do not think he was; he might be; he was in October; I know his signature; this is very like his signature. (*To deposit slip E.*) The date is 9th May, so he must have been; my house is his home when he is in town; defendant lives there too sometimes; I do not know where he was on 9th May; defendant's residence is at Manly Beach; his wife has a house in Argyle-street; I know nothing of any transactions at all between Brown and defendant—nothing of any sale of land; I remember some compliment, about money, Grimes was under to Brown. (It is an impression I have that Grimes wanted some money from Brown.) I was in Court at the trial of *Gorman and Grimes*; defendant has lent my money on my account, and has collected money on my account a long time ago; I have lent Brown money from time to time; I do not remember lending him any about May last year; he has repaid me all moneys I have paid on his account; during last year I did pay Brown money; I have got it back; had he wanted £200 he should have had it with my asking him what for; £500 if he wants; I did not lend him any money for any special purpose at all.

Sworn at Sydney, 28th March, 1873.

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

JAMES C. PETERS.

*William Goggin*, recalled, further states:—Brown's balance at the end of last year, £2 3s. 9d., has been since drawn out, and that is the only operation on the account up to the present time; it was drawn out in one cheque, on 30th January, 1873.

Sworn at Sydney, 28th March, 1873.

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

W. A. GOGGIN.

*Frederick Thomas Humphery*, on oath, states:—I am the Official Assignee of the insolvent estate of George Underwood Grimes, the defendant; this bank pass book was received in my office as the bank book in the estate; I have spoken to the defendant about it since; I have realized, I think, about £5 in his estate; I first spoke to defendant about his insolvency two months or six weeks previously to the present time. (*Bank Pass Book put in, G.*) There has been no plan of distribution, no dividend declared in the estate.

Sworn at Sydney, 28th March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

F. T. HUMPHERY.

*John Mackinlay*, on oath, states:—I am head bailiff of the Metropolitan and Coast District Court; I know the defendant Grimes; I was charged with the execution of a warrant against the property of Grimes, in an action, *Gorman v. Grimes*, on 5th June, 1872; I asked him for payment; he said he could not pay it; I demanded if he could point out to me sufficient goods to satisfy the writ; he said he had no goods; I said "I put those questions for the purpose of the 'plaintiff' applying for a rule nisi for sequestration"; he knew the "plaintiff" referred to was Gorman.

Sworn at Sydney, 28th March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

J. MACKINLAY.

*Charles John Muddle*, on oath, states:—I am Deputy Registrar General; I produce a certificate (H) 8069 of title to George Underwood Grimes to certain property, dated 12th December, 1864, with memorandum of transfer (I), dated 15th July, 1872; the date of the transfer being 1st May, 1872; the transfer was received into the office at 3 p.m., 15th July, 1872.

Sworn at Sydney, 28th March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

C. J. MUDDLE.

*William Deane*, on oath, states:—I am a solicitor of the Supreme Court of this Colony, and a member of the firm of Deane and Deane; I know defendant; I remember some transactions he had with a Mr. Brown, about 1st May last; he sold some property to Mr. Brown for £100; the signatures to this memorandum of transfer (exhibit I) are mine and defendant's, those that I swear to; the document was sent up country for the signature of Brown, I believe; I produce a conveyance, dated 1st May, 1872, also from Grimes to Brown, executed by defendant in my presence—I believe on the day it bears date; the word "first" at the commencement is in my writing (Deed marked F. B. D., 28/3/73); it was registered on 10th March instant, the day on which an examination in this insolvent estate took place; I remember a sum of £80 being paid into our office and received by

by my partner, Henry Deane, for Dr. Brown, and paid out again to the agent of Dr. Brown on the 17th May, 1872; it was paid in on the 9th May, 1872, by defendant, for (and received on account of) Dr. Brown; I remember there was an action "Gordon v. Grimes"; my firm were defendant's attorneys; I should say, in reference to this L letter of 27th March, 1872 [*L put in*], that the "letter before action" was dated 23rd March, 1872; we have been acting for Mr. Grimes seven or eight years, and are now.

WILLIAM DEANE.

Sworn at Sydney, 28th March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

Further examination of Mr. Deane adjourned until Monday, 11 a.m. Defendant remanded on bail, himself £40 and one surety in £40, till same date, Monday, 31st March, 1873, at 11 a.m.

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

Water Police Office, Sydney, 28th March, 1873.

*Recognizance of Bail instead of Remand on an Adjournment of Examination.*

New South Wales, }  
to wit. }

BE it remembered, that on the twenty-eighth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, and James Cornelius Peters, of Manly Beach, in the said Colony, personally came before me, the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony, and severally acknowledged themselves to owe to our Lady the Queen the several sums following, that is to say: the said George Underwood Grimes, the sum of forty pounds, and the said James Cornelius Peters the sum of forty pounds each, of good and lawful money of Great Britain, to be made and levied of their several goods and chattels, lands, and tenements respectively, to the use of our said Lady the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, if he the said George Underwood Grimes shall fail in the condition endorsed.

GEO. U. GRIMES.

JAMES COR. PETERS.

Taken and acknowledged, the day and year first above }  
mentioned, at Sydney, in the said Colony, before me,— }

CHAS. COWPER, JUNR., J.P.

*Condition.*

The condition of the within-written recognizance is such, that whereas the within-bounded George Underwood Grimes was, on the twenty-eighth day of March instant, charged before Clements Lester, Esquire, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony, with fraudulent insolvency; and whereas the examination of the witnesses for the prosecution in this behalf is adjourned until the thirty-first day of March instant; if therefore the said George Underwood Grimes shall appear before me on the said thirty-first day of March instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at Sydney, in the said Colony, or before such other Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said Colony as may then be there, to answer further to the said charge, and to be further dealt with according to law, and there attend from day to day until the said charge shall be disposed of, then the said recognizance to be void, or else to stand in full force and virtue.

CHAS. COWPER, JUNR., J.P.

*Mr. Pilcher:* William Deane, recalled and re-sworn, on oath, further states:—I saw defendant frequently; and shortly before I prepared the deed of conveyance; I think the transfer was executed and the conveyance executed also on the dates they purport to bear; I have received a summons to produce my diary; I decline to do so—I decline to refer to my diary; I cannot say more than as to my belief as to the day on which those deeds were executed; I do not know exactly when Mr. Brown left; he must have left shortly after the signing of those deeds—I should say within a fortnight afterwards; I did not actually myself prepare the defendant's schedule, it was prepared in my office; I do not know who prepared it—who took the instructions and drafted it I mean; preparing is one thing, the copying another; Mr. Brown left town, I believe, about a fortnight after the 1st May; this transfer was sent up country for Mr. Brown's signature, to be executed by him as transferee; the handwriting of two of my clerks appears in the schedule of the insolvent; I decline to say who they are; I did not myself receive the £80 for Dr. Brown; I should say also that the six months' account was prepared in our office, from its being in the handwriting of two of our clerks; individually I did not prepare it; I do not remember seeing Mr. Peters at my office shortly before the conveyance was signed—he may have been at the office.

*Mr. Stephen:* I think the £100 was a fair valuation; I did not receive instructions from any one to keep back the registration of those conveyances; the transfer was lodged for certificate, and the conveyance was registered, both from my office; the copy to register the conveyance must be signed by one party to the deed; the transfer must be signed by both parties; as far as I know, both parties had left town before their signatures had been obtained.

*To Bench:* They had left town.

*Mr. Stephen:* Grimes' signature was only obtained when I discovered its omission, on the day or day before my brother had to produce the deeds in the Insolvent Court; that is, as to the conveyance—the copy to register I mean; the transfer was sent up country to Mr. Brown.

*To Bench:* The conveyance was registered the same date that Mr. Grimes was examined in the Insolvent Court (10th March, 1873); the transfer was lodged at the Lands Title Office, 15th July, 1872.

*Re-examined:* I did not see them leave town; I believe they went away together.

*Bench:*



*Bench*: The public at large, I think, have no right to ascertain when a transfer is lodged at the Lands Title Office.

*Mr. Pilcher*: At the time of the execution of the transfer I knew it would have to be lodged for certificate; also, at the time of the execution of the conveyance, I knew it would have to be registered.

WILLIAM DEANE.

Sworn at Sydney, 31 March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

*John Alfred Lucas* on oath, says:—I am Clerk in the Metropolitan and Coast District Court; I produce the papers in *Gorman v. Grimes*, tried 13th May, 1872; I think it came on about 10 a.m., and lasted nearly all day; the cause of action was slander; the verdict for plaintiff, £50; the summons was served 20th April, 1872; the costs were taxed at £20 8s. 2d.; the amount to be levied under the warrant was £71 4s. 2d.; it was "oral" slander, not "written" slander.

JOHN A. LUCAS.

Sworn at Sydney, 31 March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

Plaint note M, d. 31/3/73, copy of summons N, and particulars of plaintiff O, only retained.

GEORGE UNDERWOOD GRIMES.

*John Gorman*, on oath, says:—The defendant is the party I refer to in my information read in this Court on Friday last; I was the plaintiff in an action *Self v. Grimes*, tried last May; the words complained of were used about 8th March, 1872; I remember Mr. Brown being in Sydney in May last; I do not remember when he came down to Sydney; I saw him at the District Court on 13 May, when my case came on; I do not know when he left; I think the defendant left Sydney 9th or 10th June; my case was the first tried; it commenced at 10 a.m., finished in the afternoon between 2 and 4.

*Mr. Stephen*: I am steward of one of the steamers in the employ of Captain Heselton; I am paying the costs of this prosecution out of my own pocket; Captain Heselton has nothing to do with it, neither directly nor indirectly; I am aware there are some quarrels between Heselton and defendant's family; I have not told him I am bringing these proceedings; I believe he is aware I am bringing them; he was a witness at the District Court for me.

JOHN GORMAN.

Sworn at Sydney, 31 March, 1873,—

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

Signature of defendant to affidavit, dated 15 January, 1873, of non-receipt of notice, admitted. Affidavit put in, P, d. 31/3/73.—CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

*Statement of the accused.*

New South Wales, City of Sydney, }  
to wit.

GEORGE UNDERWOOD GRIMES stands charged before the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the Colony aforesaid, this 31st day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, for that he, the said George Underwood Grimes, in the year A.D. 1872, at the city of Sydney, in the said Colony, he being insolvent within the meaning of the Insolvent Laws of said Colony, did, with intent to defraud his creditors, unlawfully, fraudulently, knowingly, and wilfully alienate, transfer, give, and surrender certain parts of the estate, moneys, effects and credit of him, the said George Underwood Grimes, at different times, to the value of £10; and the examinations of all the witnesses on the part of the prosecution having been completed, and the depositions taken against the accused having been caused to be read to him by me, the said Justice, before whom such examination has been so completed; and I, the said Justice, having also stated to the accused and given him clearly to understand that he has nothing to hope from any promise of favour and nothing to fear from any threat which may have been holden out to him to induce him to make any admission or confession of his guilt, but that whatever he shall say may be given in evidence against him upon his trial, notwithstanding such promise or threat; and the said charge being read to the said George Underwood Grimes, and the witnesses for the prosecution,—

John Gorman, steward, 31 Harrington-street, Sydney,  
Henry James Greville, 2nd Clerk of Insolvent Court,  
William Goggin, Clerk of the Union Bank,  
Frederick Thomas Humphery, Official Assignee,  
John Mackinlay, Bailiff, District Court,  
Charles John Muddle, Deputy Registrar General,  
William Deane, Solicitor of Supreme Court,  
John Alfred Lucas, Clerk in the District Court,  
James Cornelius Peters, freeholder, Manly Beach, in said Colony,

being severally examined in his presence, the said George Underwood Grimes is now addressed by me as follows:—"Having heard the evidence, do you wish to say anything in answer to the charge? You are not obliged to say anything unless you desire to do so; but whatever you say will be taken down in writing, and may be given in evidence against you upon your trial"; whereupon the said George Underwood Grimes saith as follows:—"I wish my counsel to be heard."

GEO. U. GRIMES.

Taken before me, at the city of Sydney, in the said Colony, }  
the day and year first above mentioned,— }

J.P.

George Underwood Grimes is remanded till Friday, 4th April. Bail—self £40, and one £40.

W. P. O., Sydney, 31st March, 1873.

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

*Recognizance*

*Recognizance for the appearance of the Defendant, where the case is adjourned, or not at once proceeded with.*

New South Wales, }  
to wit.

BE it remembered that, on the 31st day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the district of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, and Charles Evans, of No. 4, Bridge-street, in the said city and Colony, personally came before the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the said Colony, and severally acknowledged themselves to owe to our Sovereign Lady the Queen the several sums following (that is to say); the said George Underwood Grimes, the sum of forty pounds, and the said Charles Evans the sum of forty pounds each, of good and lawful money of Great Britain, to be made and levied of their several goods and chattels, lands and tenements, respectively, to the use of our said Lady the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, if he, the said George Underwood Grimes, shall fail in the condition indorsed.

G. U. GRIMES.  
CHARLES EVANS.

Taken and acknowledged, the day and year first above mentioned, }  
at the Water Police Office, Phillip-street, Sydney, in the }  
said Colony, before me,—

J. G. RAPHAEL, J.P.

*Condition.*

The condition of the within recognizance is such, that if the said George Underwood Grimes shall personally appear, on Friday, the 4th day of April next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, at the Water Police Office, Phillip-street, in the city of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, before such Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said Colony as may then be there, to answer further to the charge of fraudulent insolvency exhibited against the said George Underwood Grimes, then the said recognizance to be void, or else to stand in full force and virtue.

J. G. RAPHAEL, J.P.

George Underwood Grimes stands committed to take his trial at the next Court of Gaol Delivery to be holden at Sydney, on Monday, 12th May, 1873. Bail allowed, £100 and two in £50, or one approved bail in £100.

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

Water Police Office,  
Sydney, 4th April, 1873.

New South Wales, }  
to wit.

*Affidavit of Justification.*

The Queen v. Grimes.

JAMES Cornelius Peters, of Manly Beach, in the district of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, freeholder, who offers himself as bail for the above-named George Underwood Grimes, makes oath and says: And first this deponent, the said James Cornelius Peters, for himself saith, I am a freeholder residing at Manly Beach, in the said district, and am worth property to the amount of £100 over and above all my just debts and liabilities, and over and above every other sum for which I am now bail or surety.

JAMES COR. PETERS.

Sworn at the Water Police Office, Sydney, in the Colony aforesaid, by the said James Cornelius Peters, the 4th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, before me, the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in and for the Colony of New South Wales.

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

*Recognizance of Bail.*

New South Wales, }  
to wit.

BE it remembered that, on the fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the District of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, James Cornelius Peters, of Manly Beach, in the said District and Colony, aforesaid, personally came before me, the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony, and severally acknowledged themselves to owe to our Sovereign Lady the Queen the several sums following (that is to say); the said George Underwood Grimes the sum of £100; and the said James Cornelius Peters the sum of £100 each, of good and lawful money of Great Britain, to be made and levied of their several goods and chattels, lands and tenements respectively, to the use of our said Lady the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, if he the said George Underwood Grimes shall fail in the condition indorsed.

GEO. U. GRIMES.  
JAMES C. PETERS.

Taken and acknowledged, the day and year first above mentioned, }  
at the Water Police Office, in the said city, before me,—

R. A. HUNT, J.P.

*Condition in ordinary cases.*

The condition of the within-written recognizance is such, that whereas the said George Underwood Grimes was, on the 4th day of April instant, charged before Clements Lester, Esquire, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony, with fraudulent insolvency; if therefore, the said George Underwood Grimes

Grimes will appeal at the next Court of Gaol Delivery to be holden at the city of Sydney in and for the Colony of New South Wales, on Monday the 12th day of May, at nine of the clock in the forenoon, and then and there surrender himself into the custody of the Keeper of the Gaol there, and plead to such information as may be filed against him for or in respect of the charge aforesaid, and take his trial upon the same, and not depart the said Court without leave,—then the said recognizance to be void, or else to stand in full force and virtue.

R. A. HUNT, J.P.

*Recognizance to give Evidence.*

New South Wales, Sydney, }  
to wit. }

BE it remembered, that on the seventh day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, John Gorman, of 31, Harrington-street, Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, personally came before the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Colony of New South Wales, and acknowledged himself to owe our Sovereign Lady the Queen the sum of forty pounds of good and lawful money of Great Britain, to be made and levied on his goods and chattels, lands and tenements, to the use of our said Lady the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, if he the said before-mentioned person shall fail in the condition indorsed.

JOHN GORMAN.

Taken and acknowledged, the day and year first above mentioned, }  
at Sydney, in the said Colony, before me,— }

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

The condition of the within-written recognizance is such, that whereas George Underwood Grimes was charged before Clements Lester, Esquire, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony, with fraudulent insolvency; if, therefore, he, the before-mentioned person, shall appear at the next Court of Gaol Delivery to be holden at Darlinghurst, in and for the Colony of New South Wales, on the twelfth day of May next, at nine of the clock in the forenoon, and then and there give such evidence as they know, upon an information to be then and there preferred against the said George Underwood Grimes for the offence aforesaid, to the jurors who shall pass upon the trial of the said George Underwood Grimes, then the said recognizance to be void, or else to stand in full force and virtue.

CLEMENTS LESTER, J.P.

*Recognizance to give Evidence.*

New South Wales, Sydney, }  
to wit. }

BE it remembered, that on the 8th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, William Deane, of the Police Force, of Elizabeth-street, in the city of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, personally came before the undersigned, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Colony of New South Wales, and acknowledged himself to owe our Sovereign Lady the Queen the sum of £40. of good and lawful money of Great Britain, to be made and levied on his goods and chattels, lands and tenements, to the use of our said Lady the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, if he, the said before-mentioned person, shall fail in the condition indorsed.

WILLIAM DEANE.

Taken and acknowledged, the day and year first above mentioned, }  
at Sydney, in the said Colony, before me,— }

R. A. HUNT, J.P.

The condition of the within-written recognizance is such, that whereas George Underwood Grimes was, on the 4th day of April instant, charged before Clements Lester, Esquire, one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said Colony, with fraudulent insolvency; if therefore, he, the before-mentioned person, shall appear at the next Court of Gaol Delivery to be holden at Darlinghurst in and for the Colony of New South Wales, on the 12th day of May next, at nine of the clock in the forenoon, and then and there give such evidence as he knows upon an information to be then and there preferred against the said George Underwood Grimes for the offence aforesaid, to the jurors who shall pass upon the trial of the said George Underwood Grimes,—then the said recognizance to be void, or else to stand in full force and virtue.

R. A. HUNT, J.P.

Minute of Attorney General on proceedings.

I decline to prosecute.—E.B., 15/4/73.

*Exhibits.*

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. }  
In Insolvency. }

To His Honor the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, at Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales.  
The humble Petition of John Gorman, of Harrington-street, Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, steward,—

Showeth:—

That George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, gentleman, is justly and truly indebted to your Petitioner in the sum of seventy-one pounds four shillings and two-pence, being the amount of a judgment recovered in the Metropolitan and Coast District Court, holden at Sydney, by your Petitioner, against the said George Underwood Grimes, including the costs of suit and costs of execution. That the cause of action, in respect of which the said judgment was recovered

was

was the slander of your Petitioner's character by the said George Underwood Grimes. That your Petitioner, on the twenty-eighth day of May last, sued out of the proper office of the said Court a writ for the execution of the said judgment, directed to the Bailiff of the said Court and others the assistant-bailiffs thereof, and delivered the same to the said Bailiff, by which said writ he was required and ordered to make and levy by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the said George Underwood Grimes, wheresoever they might be found within the district of the said District Court (except the wearing apparel and bedding of him or his family, and the tools and implements of his trade, if any, to the value of £10), the sum of seventy-one pounds four shillings and two-pence, being the amount due to your Petitioner under the said judgment, including the costs of execution; and also to seize and take any money or bank-notes, and any cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, bonds, specialities, or securities for money, of the said George Underwood Grimes, which might there be found, or such part or so much thereof as might be sufficient to satisfy the said execution and the costs of making and executing the same, and to pay what he should have so levied to the Registrar of the said Court, and to make return of what he did under the said writ immediately upon the execution thereof. That the said writ was executed by John Mackinlay, head Bailiff of the said District Court. And your Petitioner further shows that the said George Underwood Grimes was afterwards, on the fifth day of June instant, required by the said John Mackinlay to satisfy the said judgment and sentence of the Court in the said cause, or to point out to the said John Mackinlay sufficient disposable property to satisfy the same. That the said George Underwood Grimes did not, when so required by the said John Mackinlay, or at any time since, satisfy the said judgment, or point out sufficient disposable property to satisfy the same.

That the said John Mackinlay has searched for, but has not found, sufficient disposable property to satisfy the said judgment, and the same is still unsatisfied.

That the said George Underwood Grimes did, under the circumstances and facts above stated, commit an act of insolvency; and, in proof of the matters aforesaid, your Petitioner has filed herewith his own affidavit and the affidavit of the said John Mackinlay.

And hereupon your Petitioner humbly prays that the estate of the said George Underwood Grimes may be sequestrated for the benefit of his creditors.

Dated this tenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

CURTIS & GANNON,

Attorneys for the said Petitioner,  
229 Pitt-street, Sydney.

*No. 11,108.—Order Nisi—Compulsory Sequestration.*

In the Supreme Court, New South Wales, }  
In Insolvency. }

In the matter of the petition of John Gorman, steward, of Harrington-street, Sydney, praying that the estate of George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, gentleman, may be sequestrated for the benefit of his creditors.

Tuesday, the eleventh day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

WHEREAS the Petition hereunto annexed, of the above-named John Gorman has been this day presented to me, setting forth that he is a judgment creditor of the said George Underwood Grimes to the amount of £71 4s. 2d., showing the cause thereof, stating an alleged act of insolvency by the said George Underwood Grimes, and praying as above-mentioned:

Whereupon, on reading the said petition, and the affidavits sworn by John Gorman on the tenth day of June, A.D. 1872, and filed on the eleventh day of June, A.D. 1872, and the affidavit of John Mackinlay, of Balmain, Bailiff, re-sworn on the said eleventh (11th) day of June, A.D. 1872, and filed on the eleventh day of June, A.D. 1872, and sufficient security to my satisfaction having been given, as required by law, I do order that the estate of the said George Underwood Grimes be, and it is hereby placed under sequestration, until the same shall, by my sentence, be adjudged to be sequestrated for the benefit of the creditors of the said George Underwood Grimes, or the said petition be discharged according to law. And I appoint Thursday, the twentieth (20th) day of June instant, at 11 A.M., for the said George Underwood Grimes to appear before me, at the Court-room, King-street, Sydney, to show cause, if he can, why his estate should not by such sentence be adjudged to be so sequestrated.

I also appoint Mr. Frederick Thomas Humphery to be the Official Assignee of the said estate.

And if the said George Underwood Grimes intends to show such cause, let him, on or before the seventeenth (17th) day of June instant, file in the office of the Registrar in Insolvency a written statement thereof.

Given under my hand, at Sydney, the day and year first above written.

GEORGE HIBBERT DEFFELL,  
Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates (L.S.)  
ARTHUR HENRY,  
Registrar in Insolvency.

*No. 11,108.—Summons under Order Nisi to show cause against Compulsory Sequestration.*

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. }  
Insolvency Jurisdiction. }

In the matter of the petition of John Gorman, of Harrington-street, Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, steward, praying that the estate of George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the said Colony, gentleman, may be sequestrated for the benefit of his creditors.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c., &c.

To Harold Maclean, Esq., Sheriff of New South Wales, or his lawful Deputy, greeting:—

WHEREAS upon the petition of John Gorman, of Harrington-street, Sydney, steward, presented to His Honor the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates for the Colony of New South Wales, upon the 11th day of June, 1872, it is set forth that George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, gentleman, is indebted to the petitioner in the sum of £71 4s. 2d., for or in respect of a judgment of the Metropolitan and

and Coast District Court of Sydney, recovered by the Petitioner against the said George Underwood Grimes, on or about the thirteenth (13) day of May, 1872. And that the said George Underwood Grimes being thereunto duly required did not satisfy the said judgment, and did not point out to the officer charged with the execution thereof, sufficient disposable property to satisfy the same. And the said officer did not find sufficient disposable property to satisfy the same. And that the said George Underwood Grimes did thereby commit an act of insolvency. And the said Petitioner prayed that the estate of the said George Underwood Grimes might be sequestrated for the benefit of his creditors.

Whereupon, on reading said petition and the affidavits filed in support thereof, it was directed by an order made by the said Chief Commissioner, bearing date the eleventh (11th) day of June, 1872, that the said estate be placed under sequestration, until the same should, by his sentence, be adjudged to be sequestrated for the benefit of the creditors of the said George Underwood Grimes, or the said petition be discharged according to law.

And the said Chief Commissioner appointed Mr. Frederick Thomas Humphery to be the Official Assignee of the said estate.

You are therefore hereby required to summon the said George Underwood Grimes, that he be before the said Chief Commissioner, at the Court Room, King-street, Sydney, on Thursday, the twentieth (20th) day of June instant, at the hour of 11 a.m., to show cause, if he have any, why his estate should not by such sentence be adjudged to be so sequestrated.

And if the said George Underwood Grimes intend such cause to show, let him, on or before the seventeenth (17th) day of June instant, file in the office of the Registrar in Insolvency a written statement thereof.

And you will, before the said twentieth (20th) day of June instant, return this Writ, with whatever you have done thereupon.

Witness the Honorable Sir Alfred Stephen, Knight C.B., our Chief Justice of our said Court, at Sydney, this eleventh (11th) day of June, in the year of our Lord 1872, and of our Reign the thirty-fifth.

ARTHUR HENRY, (L.S.)  
Registrar in Insolvency.

Creditor's Attorney,—  
MESSRS. CURTIS & GANNON,  
229 Pitt-street, Sydney.

No. 11,108.—*Order Absolute—Compulsory Sequestration.*

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. }  
In Insolvency. }

In the matter of the petition of John Gorman, of Harrington-street, Sydney, steward, praying that the estate of George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, gentleman, may be sequestrated for the benefit of his creditors.

Thursday, the twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Upon reading the order nisi made herein on the eleventh (11th) day of June instant, the summons issued thereupon, and the two affidavits of William George Boulton and Charles Brian, both of Pitt-street, Sydney, Clerks to Messrs. Curtis & Gannon, Solicitors for the Petitioner, sworn on the twentieth (20th) day of June instant, and filed herein the same day respectively, and upon hearing Mr. Charles Manning, of counsel for the Petitioner, and no appearance being made for the respondent, it is ordered that the estate of the above-named George Underwood Grimes be adjudged to be, and the same is hereby sequestrated for the benefit of his creditors.

It is further ordered that the said insolvent do, within eleven (11) days from the date hereof, file in the office of the Registrar in Insolvency a schedule of his assets and liabilities as required by law, and deliver to his Official Assignee the verified statement in writing prescribed by the 20th of the General Rules in Insolvency.

By the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

ARTHUR HENRY, (L.S.)  
Registrar in Insolvency.

*In Insolvency—Sequestration.*

To His Honor, the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates for New South Wales,—

THE Petition of \_\_\_\_\_ now of \_\_\_\_\_ lately residing at \_\_\_\_\_  
Showeth:—

That your petitioner, by misfortune, and without any fraud or dishonesty on his part, has become and is insolvent; wherefore he is desirous of surrendering his estate for the benefit of his creditors according to law; and he hereby does surrender the said estate, and prays that the same may be placed under sequestration accordingly.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ one thousand eight hundred and seventy \_\_\_\_\_

The petitioner having satisfied me, by his above petition and affidavit annexed, that he is insolvent, I hereby accept the surrender of his estate, and order that it be placed under sequestration, according to law; and I appoint Mr. \_\_\_\_\_ to be Official Assignee of and in the said estate, and let the statement required by the Rule 20 in Insolvency be filed on or before the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_

Given under my hand, at Sydney, this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 187 \_\_\_\_\_

Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

NOTE.—If no schedule in the prescribed form accompanies this petition, there must at least be an affidavit or affidavits in proof of the fact of insolvency, or the Petitioner must attend to be examined.

*Affidavit of Insolvent—[Compulsory] Sequestration.*

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. }  
 Insolvency Jurisdiction. }

In the matter of the insolvent estate of George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, gentleman,

On this 15th day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, George Underwood Grimes, now of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, and lately residing at the same place, gentleman, being duly sworn, maketh oath and saith as follows:—

The several papers hereunto annexed, to each of which my signature is subscribed, intituled "Insolvent's Schedule," and marked respectively A, B, C, and D, have been carefully prepared under my directions; and they contain a true, full, and complete statement and account, to the best of my knowledge and belief, of all my property whatsoever and wheresoever, or which was mine at the time of the sequestration of my estate—including all property to which I am now or then was entitled, in any manner, as I believe, or in which I have or then had any interest of any kind, whether in possession, reversion, or expectancy.

The said several papers contain also a correct statement or list, to the best of my knowledge and belief, of all the persons to whom I am or was at the time of the sequestration indebted, or who claim or then claimed to be my creditors, and of their present places of residence, with the cause or consideration of every such debt and claim, and the true amount due to or claimed by each; and I have truly stated, to the best of my knowledge and belief, what security of any kind each creditor holds or has in respect thereof.

The said papers contain also a correct statement or list, to the best of my knowledge and belief, of all the persons who are or were at the time of sequestration indebted to me, and of their present places of residence, with the cause or consideration of every such debt, and the true amount thereof due, and whether upon mortgage, bond, bill, or note, or other security: And I have truly stated, to the best of my judgment, whether such debts are or are not likely to be realized.

Lastly, I swear that I have, to the best of my judgment and belief, truly valued my property and effects, having regard to the prices, in fact, likely to be obtained for the same respectively; and that I have not knowingly inserted anything in my schedule contrary to the truth, or omitted anything therefrom with intent to conceal the truth.

So help me God.

Sworn by the deponent, on the day first above mentioned, at Sydney aforesaid,—

Insolvent's Signature,—GEO. U. GRIMES.

Before me,—

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
 A Commissioner for Affidavits.

Insolvent's Schedule—Part A.

LANDED PROPERTY, AND SHEEP OR CATTLE RUNS.				
Nature of property, whether freehold or leasehold, and in whose actual possession; or, if a sheep or cattle run, its name, and the name of the person in charge.	Situation, extent, annual rent, or other particulars.	Whether mortgaged, and if so, for what amount; and what amount of interest is in arrear.	Actual value of the property.	Value (if any) above mortgage.
Nil.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

NOTE.—If live stock, &c., on any sheep or cattle run, be included in any mortgage, state the particulars of the whole.

This is the paper writing, marked A, referred to in the annexed affidavit of George Underwood Grimes.—  
 Sworn before me, this fifteenth day of January, A.D. 1873,—

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
 A Commissioner for Affidavits.

Signature of Insolvent,—GEO. U. GRIMES.

Insolvent's Schedule.—Part B.

PERSONAL PROPERTY.	
Description of property; whether money, stock-in-trade, furniture, live stock, wearing apparel, &c.	Value thereof separately.
Wearing apparel, &c. ....	£. s. d. 6 0 0
Balance of money in Bank of New South Wales, Sydney.....	0 18 0
	£ 6 18 0

NOTE.—If any of this property be under pledge, lien, or mortgage, state the particulars thereof, and the amount due thereon.

This is the paper writing, marked B, referred to in the annexed affidavit of George Underwood Grimes.—  
 Sworn before me, this fifteenth day of January, A.D. 1873,—

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
 A Commissioner for Affidavits.

Signature of Insolvent,—GEO. U. GRIMES.

Insolvent's

Insolvent's Schedule.--Part C.

DEBTS DUE TO INSOLVENT.

Name and place of abode of Debtor.	Consideration of debt and security, if any, held for same.	Good.	Bad or doubtful.	Whether any set-off, and for what amount.
Edwin Sayers, Waverley .....	Money lent .....	.....	£ s. d. 21 0 0	
MEMO.—Mr. Humphrey, the Official Assignee of this estate, has since the sequestration thereof received the sum of £5 on account of this sum, as I have been informed.				
			£ 21 0 0	

This is the paper writing, marked C, referred to in the annexed affidavit of George Underwood Grimes. Sworn before me, this fifteenth day of January, A.D. 1873,—

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
A Commissioner for Affidavits.  
Signature of Insolvent,—GEO. U. GRIMES.

Insolvent's Schedule—Part D.

INSOLVENT'S CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS.

Names and places of abode of Creditors and Claimants.	In what year contracted.	Cause or consideration for which due or claimed.	Whether security given for same, and what? If any set-off, state balance due only.	Amount secured.	Amount unsecured.
John Gorman, Harrington-street, Sydney .....	1872	Judgment debt & costs	None .....	.....	£ s. d. 71 4 2
W. L. Sheard, George-street, Sydney..	1871-1872	Drapery, &c. ....	None .....	.....	21 8 11
John Fox, Manly.....	1871-1872	Groceries .....	None .....	.....	8 16 0
R. Casper, George-street, Sydney, representatives of .....	1872	Clothing .....	None .....	.....	2 10 0
G. Kidman, George-street, Sydney ...	1872	Groceries .....	None .....	.....	5 8 11
Dr. J. C. Cox, Hunter-street, Sydney..	1872	Medical attendance ...	None .....	.....	6 6 0
Dr. A. Renwick, Elizabeth-street, Sydney .....	1872	Medical attendance ...	None .....	.....	3 13 6
				£ .....	119 7 6

NOTE.—If any amount mentioned here be disputed, add the word "disputed."

This is the paper writing, marked D, referred to in the annexed affidavit of George Underwood Grimes. Sworn before me, this fifteenth day of January, A.D. 1873,—

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
A Commissioner for Affidavits.  
Signature of Insolvent,—GEO. U. GRIMES.

No. 11,108.—In the Supreme Court of New South Wales, in Insolvency. In the matter of the insolvent estate of George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, gentleman.

PETITION AND SCHEDULE.

REGISTERED in the Sheriff's Office, the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 187 , at \_\_\_\_\_ minutes past \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock.

Insolvent's Balance Sheet.

DEBTS AND CLAIMS.

Amount of debts due by insolvent—on mortgage, or otherwise secured, enumerated in Part D	£ s. d.
Amount of debts due unsecured, enumerated in Part D.....	.....
Amount of claims on insolvent—disputed ... ..	119 7 6
<b>Total debts and claims</b> .....	<b>119 7 6</b>

ASSETS.

Value of property (in the whole) enumerated in Part A ... ..	.....
Value of property enumerated in Part B ... ..	6 18 0
Amount of debts due to insolvent (omitting debts bad or doubtful) as per Part C	.....
<b>Total value of assets</b> .....	<b>6 0 0</b>
<b>Amount of deficiency</b> .....	<b>112 9 6</b>

SUMMARY.

SUMMARY.	£	s.	d.
Value of property in schedule under mortgage, or otherwise preferentially charged	...	...	...
Amount of such mortgages or charges	...	...	...
Estimated surplus, or deficiency, in respect thereof (as the case may be)*	...	...	...
Total amount of unsecured debts—(including such deficiency, if any)	...	119	7 6
Estimated amount of assets available for unsecured creditors	...	6	18 0
Insolvent's signature,—GEO. U. GRIMES.			

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
A Commissioner for Affidavits.

\* Show which.

No. 11,108.—Statement under Rule 20.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. }  
In Insolvency. }

In the insolvent estate of George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, gentleman.

On the fifteenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, the above-named insolvent, being duly sworn, states as follows:—

The paper writing marked A, hereunto annexed, contains a true statement of all property of every kind, including negotiable bills and notes disposed of by me within sixty days preceding the sequestration of my said estate, by sale, assignment, pledge, deposit, or in any other manner, or by me delivered to any person within that period for any purpose, to an amount in value exceeding £10 at one time, with the date and purpose of every such transaction, and the consideration for the same, and by whom paid or given respectively.

GEO. U. GRIMES.

Sworn by the deponent, on the day and year first above }  
mentioned, at Sydney aforesaid, before me,— }

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
A Commissioner for Affidavits.

A.

May 2, 1872.

One-sixth share or interest in 160 acres of land at Lane Cove, and half an acre of land fronting Aird-street, Parramatta, sold and conveyed to Mr. William Brown, of New England, in consideration of the sum of £100.

GEO. W. GRIMES.

The foregoing is the paper writing, marked A, referred to in the affidavit of George Underwood Grimes. Sworn before me, at Sydney, this fifteenth day of January, 1873,—

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
A Commissioner for Affidavits.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. }  
In Insolvency. }

In the estate of George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, gentleman.

On the fifteenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, gentleman, being duly sworn, maketh oath and saith as follows:—

1. I am the above-named insolvent.

2. The supplementary schedule or paper writing hereunto annexed, marked "A," contains, first, an account of all sums received by me or any one for my use, and when in particular and from whom and for what consideration and account of all sums paid by me or by my order, and when in particular, to whom, and for what purpose and consideration during the last six months immediately preceding the sequestration of my said estate; and secondly, an account of all property of every kind parted with by me, and when in particular, and how and to whom and for what consideration.

GEO. U. GRIMES.

Sworn by the deponent, on the day first above-mentioned, }  
at Sydney aforesaid, before me— }

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,  
A Commissioner for Affidavits.

A.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales. }  
In Insolvency. }

In the estate of George Underwood Grimes, of Manly Beach, in the Colony of New South Wales, gentleman.

SUPPLEMENTARY Schedule showing transactions of the insolvent for last six months preceding the sequestration of his estate under the twenty-second and twenty-third General Rules in Insolvency.

Part



*Part 1st.*

1871.		RECEIPTS.	£	s.	d.
December 11—	Money to credit of insolvent in Bank of New South Wales at this date ...		128	7	1
1872.					
January 5	} To cash received as agent for C. J. Peters and Richard Underwood, from G. O. Allan, Argyle-street, Sydney, for six months' rent of premises in that street, in three sums of £16 each, on 5th January, 5th March, and 23rd April, 1872 ...		48	0	0
to					
April 23					
January 5	—To cash received from the Government as agent for John Buckle, being salary due to him by the Government ...		50	2	6
February 26—	To cash received from the Government as agent for John Buckle, being salary due to him by the Government ...		6	14	0
May 2	—To cash received from William Brown of New England, being consideration money for sale to him of a sixth interest in 160 acres of land at Lane Cove, and the whole interest in $\frac{1}{2}$ acre of land fronting Aird-street, Parramatta ...		100	0	0
December 11 } to June 11 }	To cash received from J. C. Peters, Sydney, at various times between the dates, for commission on collection of various sums of money ...		9	0	0
			<u>342</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>7</u>

## DISBURSEMENTS.

1871.		£	s.	d.	
December 14—	Cash paid for John Buckle on account of moneys received from the Government on his behalf...	6	0	0	
1872.					
January 9—	Cash, Rettalach, Mrs., for board and lodging ...	1	10	0	
" 11—	" John Buckle, on account of moneys received from the Government on his behalf ...	15	0	0	
" 22—	" Benjamin Skinner, Manly, money lent ...	5	10	0	
" 29—	" J. Buckle, on account of moneys received from Government on his behalf ...	2	0	0	
February 8—	" G. H. Smith, rent of Cottage, Manly ...	4	8	0	
" 10—	" C. Kidman, for groceries ...	10	0	0	
" 12—	" F. Senior, for medicines ...	5	2	6	
" 22—	" Liverpool, London, and Globe Insurance Company—premium on insurance of premises in Argyle-street ...	1	0	0	
" 29—	" Rettalach, Mrs., for board and lodging ...	15	10	0	
March 5—	" John Buckle, on account of money received from Government on his behalf ...	2	4	10	
" 16—	" M'Ewan, Mrs., Jamieson-street, for attendance as nurse on Mrs. Grimes ...	5	0	0	
" 21—	" Price, Mr. J. B., butcher, meat supplied ...	1	15	0	
April 5—	" John Farrell, sundries ...	4	0	0	
" 5—	" Dr. A. M. Brown, for medical attendance on Mrs. Grimes ...	80	0	0	
" 22—	" Etherington, carpenter, carpenter's work ...	2	0	0	
May 9—	" G. H. Smith, rent of cottage, Manly ...	4	0	0	
" 10—	" Deane & Deane, Solicitors, law costs ...	5	5	0	
Cash paid for household expenses, from 11 December, 1871, to June 11, 1872, at say £4 per week ...		104	0	0	
Cash paid G. W. Webb, Moruya, at various times, for schooling of insolvent's son ...		12	10	0	
			<u>£286</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>4</u>

*Part 2nd.*

Property disposed of, one-sixth share or interest in 160 acres of land at Lane Cove, and  $\frac{1}{2}$  acre of land fronting Aird-street, Parramatta, sold and conveyed to Mr. William Brown, New England, for £100.

## SUMMARY.

	£	s.	d.
Receipts ...	342	3	7
Disbursements ...	286	15	4

GEO. U. GRIMES.

This is the supplementary schedule or paper writing, marked A, referred to in the annexed affidavit of George Underwood Grimes. Sworn before me, this fifteenth day of January, A.D. 1873.

FRANCIS G. AUSTEN,

A Commissioner for Affidavits.

Exhibit *re* Grimes.—3/3/73, H.J.G.  
Gorman *v.* Grimes.—*p.* Ex.; J. A. L., Reg.

MESSRS. DEANE & DEANE to MESSRS. CURTIS & GANNON.

75, Elizabeth-street,

27 March, 1872.

DEAR SIRS,

Mr. Grimes has placed in our hands your letter of 23rd instant.

Mr. Grimes denies having at any time made use of any defamatory words respecting Mr. Gorman, more particularly any such as would have had the effect of depriving him of his situation on board the Manly Beach steamer, as, on the contrary, he has at all times highly commended his conduct to the owners and captain, notwithstanding a recent assault committed by Mr. Gorman upon Mr. Grimes, possibly under some misapprehension. He does not believe his opinion has altered of him, and he certainly has never given any expression of such alteration of opinion.

We think, in the face of this, your client has no ground of action.

Yours truly,

DEANE & DEANE.

THE UNDER SECRETARY, CROWN LAW DEPARTMENT, to THE WATER POLICE MAGISTRATE.

Crown Law Department,

Sydney, 13 May, 1874.

SIR,

Referring to the proceedings against the individual named in the margin,—I am directed to inform you that the Honorable the Attorney General has declined to prosecute, as it does not appear that a sufficient *prima facie* case is disclosed in the depositions; and I am, therefore, to request that you will have the goodness to cause the attendance of the accused and the witnesses to be countermanded.

I have, &c.,

W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary.

Depositions,  
No. 281.  
Regina *v.* George  
Underwood  
Grimes.  
(Fraudulent  
Insolvency.)

Depositions, No. 281.

Regina *v.* George Underwood Grimes:

(Fraudulent Insolvency.)

Committed at the Water Police Court, by Clements Lester, Esq., J.P., on 4th April, 1873, for trial at the Sydney Gaol Delivery, 12th May.  
Fraudulent insolvency.—E.B., 15/4/73.

1873-4.

—

**LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.**

**NEW SOUTH WALES.**

—

**ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.**

(PETITION OF JOHN BENSON.)

—

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 23 June, 1874.*

—

RETURN to an *Order* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 12th June, 1874, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ A Copy of the Petition presented to the Minister of Justice from John Benson, of Molong, and further Correspondence respecting.”

(*Mr. J. S. Smith.*)

—

**SCHEDULE.**

NO.	PAGE.
1. Petition of John Benson, with Annexures A, B, C, D, E .....	2
2. Minute of Minister of Justice and Public Instruction thereon. 8th May, 1874 .....	3
3. Bench of Magistrates, Molong, to Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, in reply to No. 1, forwarding Enclosure F. 19th May, 1874 .....	3
4. Under Secretary, Department of Justice and Public Instruction, to Mr. J. Benson. 3rd June, 1874 .....	4

—

## ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

No. 1.

PETITION.

To the Honorable the Minister of Justice of the Colony of New South Wales.

The Petition of John Benson, late Bailiff of the Court of Request, Molong,—

SHOWETH:—

That John Jacobs, a splitter, residing in the District of Molong, summoned William Murphy, of Borenore Creek, for the value of 150 sheets of bark, which he (Jacobs) says that Murphy took, carried away from where he (Jacobs) left them in the bush, and placed the same upon his (Murphy's) house. Which summons I served by leaving a true copy with the senior William Murphy.

The case when called upon for hearing went in default, judgment being given to plaintiff for the amount claimed, together with costs.

Three days after, that is to say, upon the 6th February, 1874, plaintiff took out an execution against William Murphy, of Borenore Creek, which execution I put in force by levying upon the William Murphy the writ was issued against, and William Murphy then and there paid me the amount, which I paid into Court upon the following day.

On the twentieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, William Murphy, of Borenore Creek, summoned me for the sum of £8 15s. 6d., being the amount he paid to me. When the case was finally heard, the Magistrates sitting in Petty Sessions decided that I had made an illegal distress, and gave judgment for plaintiff to the amount claimed, together with three shillings costs and one pound expenses, in all £9 18s. 6d. I have the honor to enclose copies of summonses and writ of execution, also copies of records, for your information; praying that you will have the goodness to stay further proceedings against me, for I have not paid the money into Court until you have inquired into the case.

And in duty bound, I shall ever pray.

JOHN BENSON.

Molong, 4th May, 1874.

[Annexures.]

A.

In the Court of Petty Sessions for the }  
District of Molong.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

To William Murphy, junr., of Borenore Creek.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court, at Molong, on Tuesday, the 6th day of January next, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon of the same day precisely, to answer the following plaint:—For that you are indebted to John Jacobs in the sum of £7 10s., particulars of which are hereto annexed; otherwise, upon proof of the due service of a copy of this summons, the cause, when called on for hearing, will be tried, and judgment be given against you for whatever may appear to be due, together with such costs as the Court may think fit to award. And take notice, that if you intend to defend upon any matter, or set-off, or excuse, you must file particulars of the same in the office of the Registrar, two clear days at the least before the day herein named for the hearing of the cause, otherwise the evidence you may bring forward to support such set-off cannot be admitted.

Dated this 23rd day of December, one thousand  
eight hundred and seventy-three.By the Court,  
THOS. FINCH,  
Registrar.

Plaintiff.

John Benson maketh oath that he served the within summons on the within-named defendant, by delivering a true copy thereof at his residence, to his father, on the 30th day of December, 1873. Defendant was not at home, and would not be expected home for fourteen days.

Sworn at Molong, the 31st day of December,  
1873, before me,—  
THOS. FINCH, R.C.R.JOHN BENSON,  
Bailiff, Court of Requests,  
Molong.

B.

William Murphy. Dr. to John Jacobs.

To value of 150 sheets of bark at 1s., £7 10s.

C.

In the Court of Petty Sessions for the }  
District of Molong.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

To John Benson, Bailiff, of Molong.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court, at Molong, on Tuesday, the seventh day of April next, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon of the same day precisely, to answer the following plaint:—For that you are indebted to William Murphy, of Borenore Creek, in the sum of £8 15s. 6d., particulars of which are hereto annexed; otherwise, upon proof of the due service of a copy of this summons, the cause, when called on for hearing, will be tried, and judgment be given against you for whatever may appear to be due, together with such costs as the Court may think fit to award. And take notice, that if you intend to defend upon any matter, or set-off, or excuse, you must file particulars of the same in the office of the Registrar two clear days at the least before the day herein named for the hearing of the cause, otherwise the evidence you may bring forward to support such set-off cannot be admitted.

Dated this 20th day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

£	s.	d.
8	12	6
Costs	3	0

By the Court,  
THOS. FINCH,  
Registrar.

D.

3

D.

3 February, 1874.

Litigant.	Cause.	Amount.	Costs.	Verdict.	Magistrate's Signature.
John Jacobs v. William Murphy.	Value of 100 sheets of bark.	£ s. d. 7 10 0	£ s. d. 0 12 0	For Plaintiff— £7 10 0 12 0 8 2 0	John Hume, P.M.
		Copy Record.			

E.

*Precept in the nature of a Fieri Facias.*

EXECUTION AGAINST GOODS.

Court of Petty Sessions for the }  
District of Molong. }

To John Benson, of Molong, Bailiff of the Court of Petty Sessions for the district of Molong, and to the Deputy Bailiffs duly authorized and appointed to execute the processes of this Court, and to each and every of them.

IN pursuance and by virtue of a decision of the Court of Petty Sessions for the District of Molong, made on the 3rd day of February, 1874, you are hereby required to levy of the goods and chattels of William Murphy, of Borenore Creek, to satisfy John Jacobs for the amount of eight pounds two shillings, being the amount of judgment and costs; which, in the said Court, he was adjudged to pay to the said John Jacobs, and after levy duly made thereof, forthwith to pay the same into this office. And what you shall do herein, certify and return to this Court, at the expiration of one calendar month from the date hereof, or within three days after this warrant shall be executed, if that shall sooner happen.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1874.

By the Court,  
THOS. FINCH,  
Registrar.

	£ s. d.
Judgment .....	7 10 0
Costs .....	12 0
Execution .....	1 0

£

N.B.—The Bailiff shall certify to the Court, under his hand (and on the back of the precept, where it remains in his possession), the date of execution, and what in particular he shall have done; and if unexecuted, why it is so.

*Jacobs v. Murphy.*

After due levy, the defendant paid the amount claimed.

Molong, 10 February, 1874.

JOHN BENSON,  
Bailiff.

No. 2.

MINUTE OF MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

The Bench of Magistrates, for report.—G.W.A.

No. 3.

THE BENCH OF MAGISTRATES, MOLONG, TO THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Court of Petty Sessions, Molong,  
19 May, 1874.

SIR,

In returning the papers in Benson's case, marked 74,2716, we have the honor to report that on the 23rd of December last John Jacobs took out a summons (herewith enclosed) under the Small Debts Act, 10th Vic., against one William Murphy, junior. The case was heard before the Police Magistrate, John T. Lane, Esq., who gave verdict for plaintiff (defendant not appearing), for the full amount claimed.

On the 6th January execution was taken out against William Murphy, of Borenore Creek. This precept was placed in the hands of the Bailiff of the Court. But Benson, instead of levying on the premises of William Murphy, junior, whose residence is in this district, went into the Orange District and levied on the premises of William Murphy, senior. The latter then, finding his furniture seized, paid the money demanded (£8 2s.), as he swore, under protest, and on the 20th of March issued process against Benson to recover the amount so paid. This case was heard on the 7th April, before Jno. Smith and H. S. M. Betts, Esqrs., J.P's, and postponed, and finally, on the 21st of the same month, judgment was given for plaintiff for the full amount claimed (£8 2s.) Judgment was thus given against Benson, on the ground that having served, or alleged to have served, the summons on William Murphy, junior, he had levied on the premises of William Murphy, senior, whose residence is in the District of Orange. It appears from the additional documents herewith enclosed that William Murphy, junior, was absent from the district at the time the summons was left at his father's house, and that he did not return until after the cause was decided by the Police Magistrate.

On directing the money to be returned to William Murphy, senior, the Court suggested that a fresh summons should be taken out by Jacobs.

We have, &c.,  
JNO. SMITH, J.P.  
HENRY S. M. BETTS, J.P.

[Enclosure.]

4

[Enclosure.]

F.

Mr. William Murphy, sen., to The Clerk of Petty Sessions, Molong.

Borenore Creek.

30 December, 1873.

Sir,

As an excuse and set-off, I hereby state that my son William Murphy is not at home, nor do we expect him home before twelfth day of next month.

I remain, &amp;c.,

WILLIAM MURPHY.

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 No. 4.

THE UNDER SECRETARY, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, to Mr. J. BENSON.

 Department of Justice and Public Instruction,  
 Sydney, 3 June, 1874.

Sir,

In acknowledging the receipt of your Petition, of 4th ultimo, complaining of decision of Bench at Molong, in case against you at suit of one Murphy, senior, I am directed to inform you that, as this is a matter affecting Civil interests only, in which the Crown is in no way concerned, the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction cannot interfere.

I have, &amp;c.,

W. E. PLUNKETT,

Under Secretary.

1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

**WALLACE COLDREY.**  
(PETITION OF.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 5 December, 1873.*

To the Honorable Members of the Legislative Assembly of the Colony of New South Wales.

Gentlemen,—The Petition of Wallace Coldrey, a prisoner in the Debtors' Prison, Darlinghurst,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

That I, the Petitioner, is now and has been confined in the Debtors' Prison since the 10th of June last—now nearly six months, for damages given against me for slander. The case was tried before J. D. Cox, Esquire, Barrister-at-law, at a special sitting of the Supreme Court at Mudgee, and a verdict was given against me with damages £100. The slander arose through a quarrel at a public auction at Mudgee last February. At the time of trial I did not defend the action, being in Sydney and without means to employ any one to defend the case for me. Since I have been imprisoned here, I have written to the plaintiff three or four times and have apologized to him, but he has taken no notice of any of my letters. I became insolvent last July, and made application to the Supreme Court for my discharge as directed by His Honor the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates, but without obtaining my release. Some short time since the Rev. Mr. McEven, of Mudgee, was in Sydney and called to see me. He told me that he had seen Mr. James Harris, the plaintiff, six or seven times, and that Mr. Harris said he had no wish to keep me here, but that if he released me he would have to pay 40 or 50 pounds; and therefore he did not intend to give me my liberty. The Petitioner therefore ever prays, gentlemen, that you will be pleased to give my very painful case your kind consideration, and order my discharge from prison, as I have a wife and two children to support, and have no earthly means of ever being able to get the money in order to pay the plaintiff for my liberty. I have offered to work or be bound in any way by the plaintiff until I have paid him his law expenses, but he will not hear of it; but says he will keep me here until I pay him, which I never can do while I am kept in here, as I am entirely without money or means of getting any.

I therefore, as in duty bound, ever pray, gentlemen, that you will be pleased to order my discharge, as I have now suffered nearly six months' imprisonment for the offence I have committed. I may state that the plaintiff has sworn that I was about to leave the Colony, which was and is truly false. My only reason for leaving Mudgee was that I was in difficulties, and came to Sydney to get a situation. I must and do therefore throw myself, gentlemen, entirely on your mercy and kind consideration in ordering my discharge from the Debtors' Prison, where I am unjustly confined, as the plaintiff is only keeping me here because if he released me he would have to pay his law expenses.

I therefore, gentlemen, pray that you will be pleased to have the law altered in some way that will be just to all persons imprisoned under the Civil Process, as I am now kept here through malice, and at the expense of the Government, through having had a quarrel with the plaintiff, who says he will keep me here for ten years if he can. Trusting, gentlemen, to your mercy,—

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Your ever obedient humble servant,

WALLACE COLDREY,  
Debtors' Prison, Darlinghurst.

Sydney, Nov. 27th, 1873.





1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

**J. M. LETT, J.P.**

(PETITION OF G. ATKINSON, RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 20 January, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of the Colony of New South Wales.

The Petition of George Atkinson, Storekeeper and Innkeeper, of Kiandra, in the said Colony,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

That on the 1st day of November of the present year your Petitioner purchased at public auction from the District Court Bailiff, for and on behalf of his son, Walter Atkinson, a gold claim, at Kiandra, known as Hart's.

That in consequence of one Baley trespassing on such claim your Petitioner sought the protection of a Court of a Justice and Assessors.

Your Petitioner, believing that the decision at which the said Court arrived was not in accord with the Gold Fields Act, applied to the Court of Appeal.

That your Petitioner, for the purpose of producing all the evidence within his power, subpoenaed Mr. John Maximus Lett, a Justice of the Peace, to appear and give evidence before such Court.

That Mr. J. M. Lett, although summoned as a witness to such Court, did take his seat on the Bench, and from such seat did give his evidence; and as your Petitioner affirms and believes, was then and there guilty of prevarication as well as of contempt of the common forms and precedents of all Courts of Law and Justice.

That in consequence of such action on the part of such Magistrate, of the acquiescence of the other occupant of the Bench, and of the personal feeling displayed against himself, the case was, as your Petitioner believes, and is informed, decided against him, contrary to the law, and on different grounds from those on which he had appealed.

That by such mode of procedure on the part of such Justice of the Peace, your Petitioner has been subjected to a heavy pecuniary loss.

Your Petitioner therefore prays that your Honorable House will take the foregoing premises, together with the conduct of the said J. M. Lett, into your consideration, and will award such justice in the matter as your Honorable House in its wisdom may devise.

And your Petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

GEO. ATKINSON.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL OF 1873.

(PETITION OF ELECTORS OF GLEN INNES, RELATIVE TO.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 6 February, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

The Petition of the undersigned male adults, residents in the Police District of Glen Innes,—

SHOWETH:—

1. That your Petitioners having observed that a Bill to provide for the re-distribution of the Electorates of the Colony has been brought before your Honorable House to provide against the defects of the existing Electoral law, and to supply wants which have long been experienced by your Petitioners in common with some of the other Electors of the Colony, respectfully submit, for the consideration of your Honorable House, the following facts and figures referring to the locality in which your Petitioners reside, and which is affected by the distribution proposed by the Bill now before your Honorable House.

2. That by the Bill referred to it is proposed to incorporate the greater portion of the Police District of Glen Innes with that of Tenterfield in one Electorate, designated by the Bill referred to as the Electorate of Tenterfield.

3. That your Petitioners humbly submit, for the consideration of your Honorable House, that the interests of the districts of Glen Innes and Tenterfield are diametrically opposed to each other, and to secure an equitable representation each should be created a separate Electorate.

4. That as your Petitioners perceive by the Bill referred to provision is made for representation in Parliament by one Member for Electorates containing one thousand Electors, your Petitioners submit also that as the Police District of Glen Innes contains thirteen hundred Electors according to the collected Roll of 1874 and 1875, it is entitled, according to the terms and spirit of the Bill proposed, to be represented in Parliament by at least one Member.

5. That in addition to the fact stated in the foregoing paragraph, the district of Glen Innes is becoming rapidly settled, and that within a few years from the present time the number of Electors will, in all probability, exceed 3,000.

6. That by the Bill referred to a portion of the district of Glen Innes is attached to the proposed Electorate of Inverell, such portion of the said district containing eighty Electors now on the Roll for the district of Glen Innes, and that portion of the present Electorate of New England, viz., Oban, Aberfoil, and the Gulf Gold Fields, which are by the Bill referred to incorporated with the proposed Electorate of Tenterfield, and contain 300 Electors, would, of necessity, by their geographical position, form part of the Electorate of Glen Innes, prayed for by your Petitioners, giving greater numerical strength to such Electorate; as at present that number are not on the collected Roll of the district of Glen Innes, but are on the Roll for the New England Electorate.

7. That if the boundaries of the present Police District of Glen Innes were followed, and the area now constituting the said Police District were created an Electorate, there would be at least 1,600 electors therein.

8. That in the event of the deficiency of population, which might arise from the creation of the Glen Innes Police District into an Electorate, as prayed for in the proposed Electorates of Tenterfield and Inverell respectively, the same could be supplied by incorporating a portion of the Upper Clarence and Richmond with Tenterfield and portion of The Gwydir with Inverell, and thus Electorates would be created in which there would not be conflicting interests such as at present exist in the distribution proposed in the Bill referred to.

Your Petitioners therefore humbly pray that your Honorable House will be pleased to take the foregoing facts into favourable consideration, and in the exercise of your wisdom adopt the views of your Petitioners by amending the distribution of the Electorates of Tenterfield and Inverell in the Bill referred to, and creating an Electorate of the Police District of Glen Innes, to be called the Glen Innes Electorate.

And, as in duty bound, your Petitioners will ever pray.

[Here follow 1,600 Signatures.]



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

**ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.**

(PETITION RESPECTING—RESIDENTS OF INVERELL AND THE GWYDIR.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 11 March, 1874.*

To the Honorable Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The humble Petition of the undersigned Residents of the proposed Electorates of Inverell and The Gwydir,—

RESPECTFULLY SHOWETH:—

That your Petitioners beg to draw your attention to the present western boundary of the proposed electoral district of Inverell, running close to the western side of the town of Inverell, and thereby cutting off a large extent of country chiefly occupied by farmers and free selectors who are settled outside that boundary, and whose interests are directly identified with the town and district of Inverell.

There is also outside the proposed boundary a large quantity of valuable agricultural land, on which settlement is rapidly progressing, and it seems to your Petitioners unfair to detach a large number of electors from a district they are so closely connected with, the proposed electorate of The Gwydir being a purely squatting district, and one in which the agriculturists in the neighbourhood of Inverell can have no political or permanent interests.

Your Petitioners would therefore respectfully suggest that a line, drawn from Bonshaw, the north-western corner of the electorate, and carried in a south-westerly direction to a point connecting the north-eastern and north-western boundaries of the proposed electorates of the Namoi and Liverpool Plains, or as near such line as the natural features of the country will admit of, be substituted for the present western boundary-line of the proposed electorate.

Your Petitioners would also respectfully suggest the advisability of retaining the present eastern boundary-line, as shown in the electoral map dividing the proposed electorate of Glen Innes from that of Inverell, it appearing to your Petitioners that the interest of the inhabitants of the two electorates have been carefully considered in the equitable division of the old electorate.

Your Petitioners therefore humbly pray that your Honorable House will take the above representations into consideration, and in your wisdom and discretion adopt such measure as to you may seem desirable.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

[Here follow 91 Signatures.]



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

**ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.**

(PETITION RESPECTING—ELECTORS OF GRABBen GULLEN, WHEEO, AND CROOKWELL.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 18 March, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

The humble Petition of the undersigned Electors of Yass Plains, residing at Crookwell, Wheeo, and Grabben Gullen,—

**MOST RESPECTFULLY SHOWETH:—**

1. That your Petitioners have observed with regret that, in the Electoral Amendment Bill now before your Honorable House, it is proposed to perpetuate the existing boundary line between the Argyle and Yass Plains Electorates, thereby continuing your Petitioners as Electors of Yass Plains.

2. Your Petitioners would most respectfully submit that, as their social and commercial intercourse is with Goulburn and the Argyle Electorate, so also should be their political relationship; and also would call your attention to the fact that, in consequence of the difficulty of access from Yass, your Petitioners have hitherto been virtually disfranchised.

3. Your Petitioners beg to suggest that, instead of the Cullarin or Dividing Range and the Crookwell River being continued the western boundary of Argyle Electorate, that the new boundary line should be from the source of Hume or Dickson's Creek, at the Dividing Range, to its junction with Lachlan River, thence to its junction with the Crookwell River.

4. Your Petitioners would therefore pray that in Committee such Amendment as now suggested may be made.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

[Here follow 66 Signatures.]





1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

(PETITION RESPECTING—ELECTORS OF THE UPPER HUNTER.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 19 March, 1874.*

To the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The Petition of the undersigned Electors of The Upper Hunter, residing in the district of Muswellbrook,—

RESPECTFULLY SHOWETH:—

1. That in the Electoral Bill now under the consideration of your Honorable House the Electorate of The Upper Hunter, of which the district of Muswellbrook forms a part, is divided into two Electorates, named, respectively, Scone and Cassilis.

2. That the district of Muswellbrook is included in the proposed Electorate of Cassilis, and the town of Muswellbrook is the most important town in the proposed Electorate.

3. That Muswellbrook is an incorporated town, with a population of about one thousand inhabitants, with an important Railway Station, a District Court and Court of Quarter Sessions, four places of worship, a Hospital, and School of Arts, a Bank, and other extensive business premises.

4. That in the Bill before your Honorable House the principle seems to have been adopted of naming the Electorates after the principal town in each Electorate; but, in naming this Electorate, your Petitioners are surprised to find that this principle should have been departed from, and the Electorate named after so comparatively unimportant a town as Cassilis.

5. That, in accordance with such principle, your Petitioners respectfully submit that the Electorate should be named after its more important town, namely, Muswellbrook.

Your Petitioners, therefore, pray that your Honorable House will take the above facts into your consideration, and make the desired alteration in the name of the Electorate.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

[*Here follow 407 Signatures.*]



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

**ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.**

(PETITION RESPECTING—CHAIRMAN OF PUBLIC MEETING AT WARIALDA.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 15 April, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Speaker and Members of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, assembled.

The humble Petition of the inhabitants and residents near to Warialda, in public meeting assembled,—

HUMBLY SHEWETH:—

1st. That your Petitioners are gratified to observe that in the Electoral Act Amendment Bill, now under consideration in your Honorable House, a division of The Gwydir electorate is proposed whereby the area of country included within the Police District of Warialda is to form a separate electorate, returning one Member.

2nd. That Warialda has always been and still is the chief town and centre of official business within that district.

3rd. That your Petitioners therefore, in expressing their satisfaction with the provisions of the new Bill, respectfully pray that the name of such new electorate be the electorate of Warialda instead of The Gwydir.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c., &c.

Signed on behalf of the meeting, &c.,

JOHN CRANE, Chairman.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

**ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.**

(PETITION OF R. SADLEIR, R.N., RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 23 April, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The humble Petition of Richard Sadleir, R.N.,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

Your Petitioner, coinciding with the general opinion as to the necessity of a re-adjustment of the electoral boundaries of the Colony, is impressed with the contemplated introduction into the Act now under consideration of your Honorable House, of a *Money Deposit* as a guarantee that the candidate is not influenced by any sinister feeling in his opposition,—a guarantee in no way avouching the political fitness of the person, and calculated to deprive constituents of a freedom of choice by a money test, not of ability but of motives,—humbly prays that your Honorable House may be pleased to consider the English Law of the recently passed Ballot Act, requiring a certificate signed by certain electors as evidence of choice, and more in harmony with the freedom of election hitherto enjoyed under our Constitution Act, being in principle similar to the Municipal Act of the Colony.

And your Petitioner humbly prays that your Honorable House may be pleased to take into your consideration the premises herebefore stated, and will, as in duty bound, ever pray.

RICHD. SADLEIR.

Parramatta, April, 1874.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

**ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.**

(PETITION OF ELECTORS OF THE HASTINGS, RELATIVE TO.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 8 May, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

The humble Petition of the undersigned Electors of the Hastings Electorate,—

SHOWETH:—

That by the Electoral Act of 1858 the Police District of Manning River, Port Macquarie, and Macleay River, are constituted into an Electorate called "The Hastings."

That such Electorate extends from beyond the Manning River, on the south, to beyond the Bellinger River, on the north—a distance along the coast, in a straight line, of about (150) one hundred and fifty miles, and comprising an area of about (7,500) seven thousand five hundred miles.

That since the constitution of the Electorate the population of the three Police Districts has considerably increased, and is yearly increasing, the number of Electors for the total Electorate, according to the last return, being (3,046) three thousand and forty-six.

That there is no community of interests between the different Police Districts, but, on the contrary, their interests are often antagonistic to each other.

That in consequence of the large extent of the district, great inconvenience is felt by those residing at a distance being unable to attend the nomination of Members at Port Macquarie, and also by a representative in the Assembly having the grievances and wants of so large a number of inhabitants to represent.

That your Petitioners consider the Northern Districts are inadequately represented in your Honorable House, and that as nine other districts with Electors less in number than (1,000) one thousand, and thirteen other districts with a smaller number of Electors than (1,500), each select one Member—the Manning River Police District, with its (1,300) thirteen hundred Electors, should be constituted a separate Electorate, and that the place of nomination be Taree.

Your Petitioners, therefore, humbly pray that the Hastings Electorate be divided in the manner hereinbefore suggested, or that such other relief be afforded your Petitioners as to your Honorable Assembly may seem fit.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c.

[Here follow 654 Signatures.]

288370



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

(PETITION RESPECTING—ELECTORS OF EDEN.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 12 June, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly, in Parliament assembled.

The Petition of the undersigned Electors of the Electoral District of Eden,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH :—

1. That the greater number of the Electors of this District reside at the Bega end.
2. That although this is the case, and the Bega Town and vicinity has more valuable interests than any other part, the Electoral District is denominated "Eden," and the Town of Eden is the place of nomination and declaration of the poll.
3. That the Town of Eden being from thirty to fifty miles distant from the more populous parts of the Electorate, it is impossible for your Petitioners to be present at nomination meetings, and such meetings consequently are formed by a minority of the Electors of the District.
4. That the name of the Electoral District being called after the smaller and less important portion, does not give the larger and more important part that political prominence it is entitled to.
5. Your Petitioners, therefore, humbly pray your Honorable House will be pleased to alter the place of nomination for this Electoral District to Bega, and style the district the Electoral District of "Bega," or "Bega and Eden."

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

*[Here follow 61 Signatures.]*



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

(PROPOSED AMENDMENTS IN FIRST SCHEDULE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 29 April, 1874.*

## ELECTORAL BILL OF 1874.

*(Proposed Amendments of First Schedule.)*

		Estimated Number of Electors.	Number of Members.	Description &c.
1	Argyle ... ..	2,706	2	Including part of Yass Plains.
11	Berrima ... ..	1,625	1	Camden excluding portion joined to Narellan.
12	Camden and Narellan ...	1,283	1	That portion of Camden included in Camden registration district and between The Nepean and Cullendoon Creek together with present district of Narellan.
20	Central Cumberland ...	2,745	2	Present district and parish of Hunter's Hill.
	Glen Innes ... ..	1,484	1	Part of Tenterfield.
30	Gwydir The ... ..	1,400	1	
34	Hunter and Paterson The	1,504	1	
36	Inverell ... ..	1,550	1	Extended to include Bannockburn and Redbank Runs.
42	West Maitland ... ..	1,310	1	Present district with portion of the Hunter.
54	Northumberland ...	1,755	1	Northumberland and East Maitland.
62	Richmond The ... ..	1,700	1	
69	Tenterfield ... ..	1,250	1	To include portion of The Richmond.



1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORAL ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

(PARTICULARS OF AMENDED FIRST SCHEDULE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 1 May, 1874.*

RETURN showing the proposed Electorates in the amended FIRST SCHEDULE of the Electoral Act Amendment Bill, with the number of Members and the estimated number of Electors in each case.

Name of Electorate.	Estimated Number of Electors.	Members.	Name of Electorate.	Estimated Number of Electors.	Members.
1. Argyle	2788	2	41. West Macquarie	1285	1
2. Albury	1100	1	42. The Macleay	1300	1
3. Armidale	1200	1	43. Maitland, West	1310	1
4. Alexandria	1372	1	44. The Manning and Hastings	1720	1
5. Balmain	1930	1	45. Morpeth and Raymond Terrace	1513	1
6. Bathurst	1334	1	46. Moruya	1000	1
7. The Barwon	1350	1	47. Mudgee	1868	1
8. Berrima	1625	1	48. The Murrumbidgee	1274	1
9. Bombala	1073	1	49. The Murray	1233	1
10. Boorowa	1398	1	50. The Namoi	1670	1
11. Braidwood	2146	2	51. The Nepean	1095	1
12. Camden and Narellan	1283	1	52. Newcastle	1620	1
13. Central Cumberland	2745	2	53. New England	1711	1
14. Cassilis	1833	1	54. Newtown	2670	1
15. Canterbury	3653	2	55. Northumberland	1675	1
16. The Clarence	1630	1	56. Orange	2095	1
17. Clarendon	1776	1	57. Oxley	1426	1
18. Cooma	1043	1	58. Paddington	1766	1
19. Cudgegong	1340	1	59. Parramatta	1481	1
20. Carcoar	2052	1	60. Patrick's Plains	1543	1
21. The Darling	1290	1	61. Queanbeyan	1253	1
22. Dubbo	1750	1	62. Redfern	2196	1
23. Eden	1000	1	63. The Richmond	1652	1
24. Forbes	2700	2	64. Scone	1628	1
25. The Glebe	1727	1	65. East Sydney	11415	4
26. Glen Innes	1484	1	66. West Sydney	8861	4
27. Goulburn	1150	1	67. Shoalhaven	1493	1
28. Grafton	1100	1	68. St. Leonards	1758	1
29. Grenfell	1662	1	69. Tambaroora and Hill End	1205	1
30. Gulgong	2604	1	70. Tenterfield	1936	1
31. The Gwydir	1460	1	71. The Tumut	1968	1
32. Hartley	1905	1	72. Waratah	1904	1
33. The Hawkesbury	1360	1	73. Wellington	1576	1
34. The Hume	1562	1	74. Windsor	930	1
35. The Hunter and Paterson	1504	1	75. The Williams	1300	1
36. Illawarra	1287	1	76. Wollombi	1030	1
37. Inverell	1700	1	77. Yass Plains	1808	1
38. Kiama	1171	1	78. Young	1560	1
39. Liverpool Plains	3191	2			
40. East Macquarie	2870	2			

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1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

ELECTORATE OF THE HASTINGS.

(PETITION OF ELECTORS OF PORT MACQUARIE FOR DIVISION OF.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 13 November, 1873.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

The humble Petition of the undersigned Electors of the Hastings Electorate, residing in the Police District of Port Macquarie, in the Colony of New South Wales,—

SHOWETH :—

That by the Electoral Act the Police Districts of Macleay River, Port Macquarie, and Manning River, are constituted into one Electorate, called "The Hastings."

That such Electorate extends from beyond the river Bellinger on the north to beyond the Manning River on the south,—a distance along the coast, in a straight line, of about one hundred and twenty miles, and comprises an area of about 5,500 square miles.

That since the constitution of the Electorate the population of the three Police Districts has considerably increased, and is yearly increasing,—the number of electors, according to the last return, being 3,046.

That there is no community of interests between the different Police Districts ; but, on the contrary, their interests are often antagonistic to each other.

That, in consequence of the large extent of the district, great inconvenience is felt by our Representative in the Assembly having the grievances and wants of so large a number of inhabitants to represent.

That your Petitioners consider that the Northern Coast Districts are inadequately represented in your Honorable House, and that, from the large number of electors in this Electorate electing only one Member, while nine other Electorates, with less than one thousand electors, each elect one Member, your Petitioners are entitled to have the Hastings Electorate divided in three parts ; one of these comprising the Macleay River Police District, one the Port Macquarie Police District, and the third the Manning River Police District,—each returning one Member to the Legislative Assembly.

Your Petitioners, therefore, humbly pray that the Hastings Electorate be divided in the manner hereinbefore suggested, or that such other relief be afforded your Petitioners as to your Honorable Assembly may seem fit.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray, &c., &c.

*[Here follow 500 Signatures.]*





1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORATE OF THE BOGAN.

(PETITION—CERTAIN ELECTORS OF FORBES.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 25 September, 1873.*

To the Honorable Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The humble Petition of the undersigned Electors, Freeholders, Householders, and Ratepayers of the Municipality of Forbes, in the Electorate of The Bogan,—

SHOWETH:—

1. That we are desirous of being more effectively and immediately represented in your Honorable Assembly.

2. That the present Bogan Electorate, although as ably represented as is now possible by our present Member, is too large, and embraces too many conflicting interests, and populous, wealthy, and rival districts, to be as efficiently represented as such an enormous Electorate ought to be, seeing that it comprises 4,300 electors, and contains several important towns and districts, such as Forbes, Currajong, and Bushman's, Molong, Canowindra, Cargo, Toogong, Condobolin, Dubbo, Obley, Warren, and Bourke, and many large rivers and creeks, viz.:—The Darling, Macquarie, Lachlan, Bogan, Castlereagh, Barwon, Talbragar, and Belubula Rivers, and the Marthaguy, Duck, Oakey, and Meri Meri Creeks—the banks of all of which are more or less extensively populated.

3. That Forbes, Dubbo, and Bourke, the three largest towns in the Bogan Electorate, have totally different interests, Bourke being in reality the northernmost depôt for the extensive trade of the Darling River, and having at its great distance from Forbes (nearly 500 miles) little interest in common with the latter place, the trade of Bourke being exclusively confined to the Darling River and the Queensland border. Dubbo, situated as it is in the midst of an extensive pastoral district, with little or no agricultural or mining population, may be considered to entirely represent the first-named interest, while Forbes, situated in the south-eastern extremity of the Electorate, and upon a great river, and further, being the centre of a vast Gold Field, and in close proximity to the most populous townships and diggings, combines the pastoral, agricultural, mining, and commercial pursuits to an infinitely greater extent than either Bourke or Dubbo.

4. That your Petitioners would beg to suggest that in any contemplated division of the Bogan Electorate, a new Electorate be formed, to be called the "Electorate of Forbes," to comprise the whole of the south-western side of the Upper Bogan River, from Gingham Gap as far as its confluence with the Canonba Creek, from thence south-westerly to Kalingalungaguy Creek, at its confluence with the river Lachlan, on the northernmost point of that river; thence following the present boundaries of the Bogan Electorate as far as the junction of the Bell River with the south-eastern boundary of the county of Gordon; thence following that boundary and that of the county of Narromine to the head of the Bogan River, at Gingham Gap. This proposed Electoral District would thus include Forbes, Condobolin, the Belubula River, Canowindra, Cargo, Murga, Toogong, Boree, Currajong, and Bushman's, some of the most populous portions of the Bogan Electorate, and all within a radius of 60 miles of Forbes.

5. That in any redistribution of seats or sub-division of the Bogan Electorate, your Petitioners trust that your Honorable House will take the claims of Forbes and its immediate district into your favourable consideration, and recognize the justice of assigning a separate Representative for that district, and of making Forbes the place of nomination for its Member.

6. That the whole of the above sentiments were expressed and embodied in resolutions adopted at a recent public meeting in Forbes, which was attended by a large and influential section of the community, and similar resolutions were carried at public meetings recently held at Currajong and Bushman's, and there is little doubt that they are the sentiments of the whole of the south-eastern portion of the Bogan Electorate.

Your Petitioners therefore pray that your Honorable Assembly will favourably consider their desire. And, as in duty bound, your Petitioners will ever pray, &c.

*[Here follow 236 Signatures.]*



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORATE OF THE BOGAN.

(PETITION OF MAYOR AND ALDERMEN OF FORBES FOR DIVISION OF.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 7 October, 1873.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The Petition of the Mayor and Aldermen of the Municipal Council of Forbes,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

That, in accordance with a resolution passed by the aforesaid Council, at a meeting held at Forbes, on the twenty-sixth (26th) day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three (1873),—when it was resolved that a Memorial be prepared and forwarded to the Government of New South Wales, praying for a division of the present Bogan Electorate.

Your Petitioners have long felt the desirableness of this most important object being secured, from the fact that this portion of the Electorate, herein referred to, has of late years increased to an unprecedented extent both in population and wealth.

The town of Forbes being the centre of a large pastoral district, hence large transactions in connection with stock are daily taking place, necessitating constant travelling. Large areas of Crown Lands are being constantly applied for and taken up, and in localities which, but a short time ago, were almost (comparatively speaking) unoccupied, but on which large numbers of families are now settled with the intention of making this district their permanent homes.

By reason of the immense distance which separates us from other portions of this Electorate, we have nothing in common with them; and the want of a Member in Parliament, who can represent and secure for us (as far as possible) our local requirements, operates most prejudicially to the advancement and interests of this large and important District.

Taking into consideration the fact that Forbes, from the peculiarity of its position, is the centre of an extensive and populous district, embracing as it does within its Police District, the extensive areas now being worked by miners and settled upon by agriculturists,—your Petitioners deem it imperative that, for the general interest, the town of Forbes should be a place of nomination, having a Representative of its own in the Legislature of the Country.

And your Petitioners pray your Honorable House to take the premises into consideration.

*[Here follow 9 Signatures.]*



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

ELECTORATE OF THE BOGAN.

(PETITION OF INHABITANTS OF BUSHMAN'S LEAD AND CURRAJONG.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 22 October, 1873.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

The humble Petition of the undersigned inhabitants of Bushman's Lead, Currajong, and the surrounding district,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH :—

- 1st. That your Petitioners are resident in and electors for the Electoral District of The Bogan.
- 2nd. That this Electorate is of very large extent, and comprises within its boundaries four important towns, viz. :—Forbes, Bushman's Lead and Currajong, Dubbo, and Bourke, besides the smaller towns on the Lachlan and Bogan Rivers ; also, a large population settled on and between those rivers north to the Darling River.
- 3rd. That the interests of this extensive Electorate are so various and important as to make it utterly impossible for one Member to do justice to the whole, and renders it necessary that a division should be made in it.
- 4th. That of late years the Forbes and Currajong Districts have risen to such importance, from their increased population, large yields of gold, and extensive settlement on the land for agricultural and pastoral purposes, as to make it imperative they should be adequately represented in the Parliament of the Colony.
- 5th. That, in the opinion of your Petitioners, the Electorate would be equally divided by a line from a point on the Bell River, near Wellington, south-westerly, to the confluence of the Kalingalungaguy Creek with the Lachlan River.
- 6th. That, by such a division, the Forbes and Currajong Districts, whose interests are identical, having their own Member, could keep him acquainted with their requirements, and thus have many local wants represented that are now neglected.
- 7th. That the other portion of the present Electorate would by such a division also partake in the benefits of the increased representation.

Your Petitioners, therefore, pray that this Electorate may be taken into consideration when the Bill for redistribution of seats, promised last Session of Parliament, is being prepared, and that the above-mentioned division, or as near thereto as may be found desirable, may be made in it.

And your Petitioners will ever pray.

*[Here follow 450 Signatures.]*



1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ORANGE ELECTORATE.

(AMOUNT EXPENDED ON PUBLIC WORKS IN, FROM 1ST JANUARY, 1872, TO 31ST DECEMBER, 1873.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 17 February, 1874.*

RETURN in continuation of the Paper laid upon the Table on the 13th instant, showing the Expenditure on Works in the Electorate of Orange, during the past two years, up to 31st December last; also, Contracts let and Tenders invited.

Date.	Service.	Name of Contractor.	Amount.
1872.....	Amount expended—(No contracts taken in 1872).....	.....	£ s. d. Nil.
1873.....	Ditto .....	.....	Nil.
CONTRACTS LET.			
1873. February 8 ...	Repairs, Telegraph and Post Office, Orange (completed).....	W. M. Hall .....	204 0 0
November 5...	Additions to Lock-up Gaol, Orange (in progress).....	J. Douglas .....	375 0 0
December 29	Erection of Police Buildings, Orange do. ....	T. Jackson.....	930 0 0
CONTRACTS CALLED FOR.			
	Nil .....	.....	.....

Colonial Architect's Office,  
Sydney, 5 February, 1874.





1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

ELECTORAL ROLLS.

(RETURN SHOWING INCREASE AND DECREASE IN NUMBERS ON, FROM 1859-60 TO 1873-74.)

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 4 December, 1873.

RETURN showing the Number of Electors on the Roll of each Electoral District of New South Wales, and in the whole Colony, for each year since the passing of the Electoral Act of 1858, namely, from 1859-60 to 1873-74 inclusive; and also the increase or decrease in the numbers for the first and last years of such period respectively.

Electoral District.	Number of Members.	Number of Electors 1859-60.	Number of Electors 1860-1.	Number of Electors 1861-2.	Number of Electors 1862-3.	Number of Electors 1863-4.	Number of Electors 1864-5.	Number of Electors 1865-6.	Number of Electors 1866-7.	Number of Electors 1867-8.	Number of Electors 1868-9.	Number of Electors 1869-70.	Number of Electors 1870-1.	Number of Electors 1871-2.	Number of Electors 1872-3.	Number of Electors 1873-4.	Increase since 1859-60.	Decrease since 1859-60.
1 Argyle	1	1320	1400	1579	1421	1689	1919	2113	2874	1956	2110	2270	2169	2275	2331	2384	1064	
2 Balranald	1	390	626	688	801	860	1061	*	1844	1522	1539	1693	1850	1789	1599	2064	1674	
3 Bathurst	1	908	854	1160	1069	1117	1139	1177	1048	907	1062	1037	1103	1151	1185	1246	338	
4 The Bogan	1	970	1189	1454	1506	1774	2113	2376	2356	2171	2157	2387	3082	3400	3579	4638	3668	
5 Braidwood	1	510	1303	1755	1583	1797	2927	3106	2624	2409	2439	2766	3036	2895	2537	2329	1819	
6 Camden	2	1737	1953	2363	2176	2175	2666	2917	2954	2517	2917	2413	2621	2557	2469	2682		
7 Canterbury	2	3028	3113	3391	3198	3433	3595	3703	3189	3819	4236	4539	4943	5131	5299	5300	2272	
8 Carcoar	1	584	798	1004	1053	1275	1074	1126	1016	1086	1250	1282	1535	1817	1999	2179	1595	
9 The Clarence	1	938	1167	1524	1511	1686	2019	2254	2127	2377	2740	2980	3316	3886	4160	4900	3962	
10 Central Cumberland	2	1693	1876	2202	2194	2195	2241	2249	2164	2032	2785	2146	2283	2294	2188	2185	492	
11 Eden	1	769	985	1100	1342	1886	1505	1750	1662	1592	1732	1602	1940	1885	1925	1821	1052	
12 The Glebe	1	1584	2161	2196	2218	1574	1999	1767	1584	2094	2189	2225	2241	2870	2881	3023	1439	
13 Goulburn	1	501	644	694	678	676	681	737	710	777	810	810	870	874	904	911	410	
14 The Gwydir	1	657	605	697	689	766	941	1136	*	1393	1571	1544	1874	1904	2190	2127	1470	
15 Hartley	1	817	990	1103	1020	1019	1113	1272	1400	1298	1748	2100	2424	2072	1768	1678	861	
16 The Hastings	1	1397	1652	1579	1630	1619	1817	2015	2087	2311	2339	2642	2934	3218	3194	3046	1649	
17 The Hawkesbury	2	1477	1594	1654	1557	1719	1679	1623	1608	1486	1516	1532	1554	1483	1457	1398		79
18 The Hume	1	918	1201	1363	1102	996	1140	1441	1604	1448	1695	1705	2174	2263	2454	2656	1738	
19 The Hunter	1	222	1327	1526	1600	1484	1353	1373	1295	1115	1163	1115	1275	1284	1229	1178	956	
20 The Lower Hunter	1	679	820	861	877	788	789	775	743	710	715	733	670	666	660			19
21 The Upper Hunter	1	1026	1334	1376	1462	1591	1680	1901	2262	2067	2482	2490	2774	2730	2936	2796	1770	
22 Illawarra	1	1316	1608	1376	1341	1300	1245	1328	1287	1416	1416	1415	1369	1366	1358	1264		52
23 Kiama	1	1121	1397	1086	1085	1218	1215	1317	1353	1372	1371	1293	1307	1277	1234	1209	88	
24 The Lachlan	1	999	1099	1203	2563	2695	3592	3619	3006	2287	5583	3857	4340	4355	4083	4400	3401	
25 Liverpool Plains	1	1180	1397	1455	1589	1556	1661	1807	1962	1821	2146	2368	2759	2855	2948	2981	1801	
26 East Macquarie	2	1322	2251	2266	2009	2172	2246	1865	2662	2120	2480	2276	2543	2768	2608	2949	1627	
27 West Macquarie	1	522	729	925	656	693	961	1117	1073	898	1045	939	948	1031	1171	1336	814	
28 East Maitland	1	557	844	863	805	768	916	902	839	813	861	781	898	900	844	755	198	
29 West Maitland	1	1257	1409	1626	1595	1205	1247	1352	1233	1221	1164	1108	1208	1143	1121	1084		173
30 Monaro	1	939	1092	1356	1539	1457	1415	1613	1620	1487	1584	1593	1801	1890	1900	2039	1100	
31 Murrumbidgee	1	749	809	815	784	802	863	841	859	818	856	821	829	793	781	773	24	
32 Mudgee	1	2015	2450	1947	1839	1762	1940	2345	2271	1969	2517	2396	2469	2734	6699	8841	6826	
33 The Murray	1	540	722	837	834	823	990	1073	1237	1242	960	965	1105	1123	1160	1145	605	
34 The Murrumbidgee	1	937	986	1099	1258	1306	1508	1754	1922	1988	2053	2094	2094	1789	2632	2709	1772	
35 Narellan	1	699	883	911	930	867	712	717	709	650	637	638	665	674	686	667		32
36 The Nepean	1	1431	1388	1467	1393	1102	1203	1636	1464	1498	1297	1303	1299	1341	1253	1120		311
37 Newcastle	1	867	870	1051	982	1000	996	1207	1333	1174	1185	1421	1482	1604	1558	1502	635	
38 New England	1	1125	1478	1604	1791	1726	1711	2161	2101	2074	2268	2246	2491	2650	2846	2964	1839	
39 Newtown	1	1491	1727	1676	1902	1700	1960	2154	2254	2115	2295	2417	2537	2606	2668	2780	1289	
40 Northumberland	1	924	992	1345	1508	1854	1834	2058	1788	1933	2093	2492	2610	2692	2724	2763	1839	
41 Orange	1	418	615	711	730	839	1438	1600	1600	1293	1387	1395	1509	1611	1740	1874	1456	
42 Paddington	1	1737	1786	1991	2118	1799	1863	2785	3374	2491	2781	3206	3488	3682	3499	3529	1792	
43 Parramatta	2	1208	1221	1252	1280	1236	1236	1315	1264	1222	1371	1273	1372	1426	1503	1457	249	
44 The Paterson	1	411	460	485	491	503	536	570	552	519	530	583	594	600	584	552	741	
45 Patrick's Plains	1	863	988	1226	1325	1221	1531	1635	1558	1439	1583	1659	1680	1640	1641	1591	728	
46 Queanbeyan	1	773	790	950	991	926	1044	1141	1063	1003	1024	1054	1110	1140	1176	1220	447	
47 Shoalhaven	1	916	1022	1160	1099	1208	1312	1477	1508	1415	1432	1433	1540	1528	1488	1438	522	
48 St. Leonards	1	1476	1811	1906	1827	1962	1996	2111	2108	1902	1909	1986	2076	2098	2169	2230	754	
49 East Sydney	4	7568	7796	7366	7864	7449	8957	9296	8684	8581	9279	10157	10140	11237	11161	11125	3557	
50 West Sydney	4	6418	6185	6944	6462	7125	7388	7818	7540	7990	8574	9064	9418	9145	8928	8935	2517	
51 Tenterfield	1	264	467	648	906	879	938	1192	1208	1397	1534	1653	1842	1738	1878	2541	2277	
52 The Tumut	1	778	1179	951	1245	1007	1215	1300	1268	1153	1329	1225	1573	1619	1711	1809	1031	
53 Wellington	1	648	917	1187	1008	1012	1552	1533	1536	1536	1224	1348	1422	1564	1563	3086	2438	
54 The Williams	1	856	941	932	940	921	995	1143	1145	1151	1197	1200	1281	1310	1349	1341	485	
55 Windsor	1	626	637	641	608	611	654	674	674	643	646	639	645	616	610	565		61
56 Wollombi	1	945	1082	1107	1057	1089	1083	1168	1091	1084	1087	1136	1197	1173	1181	1115	170	
57 Yass Plains	1	737	670	842	1048	1207	1218	1218	1484	1518	1580	1646	1734	1768	1862	1816	1079	
TOTALS.....	69*	68758	80290	86466	88089	89119	98532	105667	105813	102353	113468	115073	124106	127934	133267	140443	72412	727

\* No return. † This number includes many duplicate names. ‡ The Glebe Roll was not revised. § Ashford, Inverell, and Glen Innes portions of the Tenterfield Roll, not revised. ¶ Exclusive of the figures for the seven Electorates withdrawn from New South Wales on the 10th December, 1859, to form the Colony of Queensland, namely:—Brisbane, 985; the Burnett, 661; Darling Downs, 1591; Ipswich, 841; Leichhardt, 355; East Moreton, 630; West Moreton, 710. Total, 5773. ¶ Total increase for the fifteen years, after deducting decrease, 71685. ¶ Exclusive of the 3 Members for the Gold Fields, which brings up the total number of Members to 72. NOTE.—Estimated number of Electors in Gold Fields Districts for 1872-73, extracted from Return ordered to be printed by the Legislative Assembly on 5th November, 1872:—Gold Fields South, 2500; Gold Fields West, 2000; Gold Fields North, 2000. Total, 24500. This number, added to the 140443 above, gives a grand total of 164943 electors. Part of the Northern Gold Fields District, as defined in the Act, now falls within Queensland.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORAL ROLLS.

(RETURN SHOWING INCREASE OR DECREASE—1873-4 AND 1874-5.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 23 April, 1874.*

RETURN showing the Number of Electors on the Roll of each Electoral District of New South Wales for the year 1873-4, and the number of Names on each List for 1874-5; also the increase or decrease in the numbers in the latter year.

Electoral District.	Number of Electors on the Rolls, 1873-4.	Number of Electors on the Lists, 1874-5.	
1 Argyle .....	2384	2466	Increase ..... 82
2 Balranald .....	2064	2464	Increase ..... 400
3 Bathurst .....	1246	1334	Increase ..... 88
4 The Bogan .....	4638	5213	Increase ..... 575
5 Braidwood .....	2329	2146	Decrease ..... 183
6 Camden .....	2419	2266	Decrease ..... 153
7 Canterbury .....	5300	5463	Increase ..... 163
8 Carcoar .....	2179	2052	Decrease ..... 127
9 The Clarence .....	4900	4382	Decrease ..... 518
10 Central Cumberland .....	2185	2176	Decrease ..... 9
11 Eden .....	1821	1860	Increase ..... 39
12 The Glebe .....	3023	3157	Increase ..... 134
13 Goulburn .....	911	941	Increase ..... 30
14 The Gwydir .....	2127	2509	Increase ..... 382
15 Hartley .....	1678	1905	Increase ..... 227
16 The Hastings .....	3046	3022	Decrease ..... 24
17 The Hawkesbury .....	1398	1360	Decrease ..... 38
18 The Hume .....	2656	2662	Increase ..... 6
19 The Hunter .....	1178	1256	Increase ..... 78
20 The Lower Hunter .....	660	664	Increase ..... 4
21 The Upper Hunter .....	2796	2600	Decrease ..... 196
22 Illawarra .....	1264	1287	Increase ..... 23
23 Kiama .....	1209	1171	Decrease ..... 38
24 The Lachlan .....	4400	4620	Increase ..... 220
25 Liverpool Plains .....	2981	3199	Increase ..... 218
26 East Macquarie .....	2949	2870	Decrease ..... 79
27 West Macquarie .....	1336	1285	Decrease ..... 51
28 East Maitland .....	755	760	Increase ..... 5
29 West Maitland .....	1084	1057	Decrease ..... 27
30 Monaro .....	2039	2116	Increase ..... 77
31 Morpeth .....	773	769	Decrease ..... 4
32 Mudgee .....	8841	5812	Decrease ..... 3029
33 The Murray .....	1145	1233	Increase ..... 88
34 The Murrumbidgee .....	2709	3050	Increase ..... 341
35 Narellan .....	667	642	Decrease ..... 25
36 The Nepean .....	1120	1095	Decrease ..... 25
37 Newcastle .....	1502	1610	Increase ..... 108
38 New England .....	2964	2911	Decrease ..... 53
39 Newtown .....	2780	2952	Increase ..... 172
40 Northumberland .....	2763	3094	Increase ..... 331
41 Orange .....	1874	2095	Increase ..... 221
42 Paddington .....	3529	3663	Increase ..... 134
43 Parramatta .....	1457	1481	Increase ..... 24
44 The Paterson .....	552	551	Decrease ..... 1
45 Patrick's Plains .....	1591	1543	Decrease ..... 48
46 Queanbeyan .....	1220	1253	Increase ..... 33
47 Shoalhaven .....	1438	1493	Increase ..... 55
48 St. Leonards .....	2230	2237	Increase ..... 7
49 East Sydney .....	11125	11415	Increase ..... 290
50 West Sydney .....	8935	8861	Decrease ..... 74
51 Tenterfield .....	2541	3636	Increase ..... 1095
52 The Tumut .....	1809	1968	Increase ..... 159
53 Wellington .....	3086	2781	Decrease ..... 305
54 The Williams .....	1341	1335	Decrease ..... 6
55 Windsor .....	565	560	Decrease ..... 5
56 Wollombi .....	1115	1030	Decrease ..... 85
57 Yass Plains .....	1816	1808	Decrease ..... 8
TOTALS .....	140443	*141141	

\* The figures in this column, being taken from the Unrevised Lists for 1874-5, are liable to be slightly increased or decreased by the corrections of the Revision Courts.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## ELECTORAL BILL OF 1873.

(ESTIMATED NUMBER OF ELECTORS AND APPORTIONMENT OF MEMBERS.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 13 January, 1874.*

RETURN of proposed Electorates under the new Electoral Bill, showing the number of Electors and the apportionment of Representatives in each case.

Electoralates.	Estimated Number of Electors.	Number of Members.	Description and Increase of Electors since 1859-60.
1. Argyle ... ..	2,195	1	
2. Albury ... ..	1,100	1	Part of Hume—Increase of Electors, 190 per cent.
3. Armidale ... ..	1,200	1	{ Part of New England, including Uralla—Increase of Electors, 163 per cent.
4. Alexandria ... ..	1,372	1	Part of Canterbury—Increase of Electors, 75 per cent.
5. Balmain ... ..	1,454	1	{ Part of Glebe and Canterbury—Increase of Electors, 90 per cent.
6. Bathurst ... ..	1,246	1	
7. Barwon, The ... ..	1,200	1	{ Part of Balranald, Gwydir, and Bogan—Increase of Electors, respectively, 425, 225, and 375 per cent.
8. Bombala ... ..	1,033	1	{ Southern portion of Monaro—Increase of Electors, 120 per cent.
9. Burrowa ... ..	1,139	1	{ Eastern portion of Lachlan—Increase of Electors, 340 per cent.
10. Braidwood ... ..	2,329	2	
11. Camden ... ..	2,419	2	
12. Campbelltown and Liverpool ... ..	1,667	1	{ Narellan, and Southern portion of Central Cumberland—Increase of Electors, 28 per cent.
13. Cassilis ... ..	1,833	1	{ West portion of Upper Hunter—Increase of Electors, 172 per cent.
14. Canterbury ... ..	3,653	2	{ The Western and Southern portions of existing Electorate—Increase of Electors, 75 per cent.
15. Clarence, The ... ..	1,690	1	{ The Southern portion of existing Electorate—Increase of Electors, 425 per cent.
16. Clarendon ... ..	1,626	1	{ Northern portion of Murrumbidgee—Increase of Electors, 190 per cent.
17. Cooma ... ..	1,000	1	{ Northern portion of Monaro—Increase of Electors, 120 per cent.
18. Cudgegong ... ..	1,569	1	{ Northern portion of Mudgee, including part of Gulgong Gold Field—Increase of Electors, 340 per cent.
19. Carcoar ... ..	2,179	2	Increase of Electors, 275 per cent.
20. Cumberland ... ..	1,359	1	{ Northern portion of Central Cumberland and part of St. Leonards—Increase of Electors, say 40 per cent.
21. Darling, The ... ..	1,140	1	{ Western portion of Balranald—Increase of Electors, 425 per cent.
22. Dubbo ... ..	1,627	1	{ A Southern and Middle portion of Bogan—Increase of Electors, 375 per cent.

Electorates.	Estimated Number of Electors.	Number of Members.	Description and Increase of Electors since 1859-60.
23. Eden	1,000	1	{ A Southern portion of existing Electorate—Increase of Electors, 135 per cent.
24. Forbes	2,400	1	{ South-eastern portion of Bogan—Increase of Electors, 375 per cent.
25. Glebe, The	1,420	1	{ Portion of existing Electorate and of Canterbury—Increase of Electors, 90 per cent.
26. Goulburn	1,100	1	{ Existing Electorate with portion of Argyle—Increase of Electors, 80 per cent.
27. Grafton	1,100	1	{ Part of the Clarence—Increase of Electors, 425 per cent.
28. Gulgong	4,804	2	{ The Town of Gulgong, and part of Mudgee within the Gulgong Gold Field—Increase of Electors, 340 per cent.
29. Grenfell	1,400	1	{ Northern portion of Lachlan, including Tyagong Gold Field—Increase of Electors, 340 per cent.
30. Gwydir, The	1,375	1	{ Portion of existing Electorate—Increase of Electors, 225 per cent.
31. Hartley	1,678	1	
32. Hawkesbury, The	1,398	1	{ The portion of Hawkesbury not included in County of Cumberland—Decrease of Electors.
33. Hume, The	1,550	1	{ Existing Electorate, exclusive of Albury—Increase of Electors, 190 per cent.
34. Hunter and Paterson, The	1,730	1	{ The two existing Electorates united—Increase of Electors, respectively, 435 and 33 per cent.
35. Illawarra	1,264	1	
36. Inverell	1,050	1	{ Western portion of Tenterfield—Increase of Electors, 850 per cent.
37. Kiama	1,209	1	
38. Liverpool Plains	2,981	2	
39. Macquarie, East	2,949	2	
40. Macquarie, West	1,336	1	
41. Macleay, The	1,300	1	{ Northern portion of Hastings—Increase of Electors, 120 per cent.
42. Maitland	1,339	1	{ East and West Maitland united—Increase of Electors in Electors in East Maitland, 35 per cent. Decrease in West Maitland.
43. Manning and Hastings, The	1,720	1	{ Southern portion of existing Electorate, with part of Williams—Increase, say, 90 per cent.
44. Morpeth and Raymond Terrace	1,433	1	{ The Lower Hunter and Morpeth united—the former, decrease; the latter 3 per cent. increase.
45. Moruya	1,000	1	{ The Northern portion of Eden—Increase of Electors, 135 per cent.
46. Mudgee	2,468	1	{ That portion of existing Electorate southerly of Cudgong River, including Meroo, Louisa Creek, Campbell's Creek, and the Mudgee Gold Field—Increase of Electors, 340 per cent.
47. Murrumbidgee, The	1,083	1	{ Murrumbidgee Pastoral District—Increase of Electors, 190 per cent.
48. Murray, The	1,145	1	
49. Namoi, The	1,520	1	{ Southern portion of Gwydir and North-eastern portion of Bogan—Increase of Electors respectively, 225 and 375 per cent.
50. Nepean, The	1,120	1	
51. Newcastle	1,502	1	
52. New England	1,764	1	{ Existing Electorate, exclusive of Armidale—Increase of Electors, 163 per cent.
53. Newtown	2,600	1	{ Newtown and small portion of Canterbury—Increase of Electors, 87 per cent.
54. Northumberland	1,000	1	{ Existing Electorate, exclusive of Waratah—Increase of Electors, 200 per cent.
55. Orange	1,874	1	
56. Oxley	1,280	1	{ South-eastern portion of Balranald—Increase of Electors, 425 per cent.
57. Paddington	1,766	1	{ Part of Paddington and North-eastern portion of Canterbury—Increase of Electors, say, 90 per cent.
58. Parramatta	1,457	1	
59. Patrick's Plains	1,594	1	
60. Queanbeyan	1,220	1	

Electorates.	Estimated Number of Electors.	Number of Members.	Description and Increase of Electors since 1859-60.
61. Redfern ... ..	2,100	1	{ Portions of Paddington and Canterbury—Increase of Electors, say, 90 per cent.
62. Richmond, The ... ..	1,850	1	{ Northern portion of Clarence—Increase of Electors, 425 per cent.
63. Scone ... ..	1,628	1	{ Eastern portion of Upper Hunter—Increase of Electors, 172 per cent.
64. Sydney, East ... ..	11,125	4	
65. Sydney, West ... ..	8,935	4	
66. Shoalhaven ... ..	1,438	1	
67. St. Leonards ... ..	1,758	1	{ St. Leonards, exclusive of Parish of Hunter's Hill—Increase of Electors, 52 per cent.
68. Tambaroora and Hill End ... ..	1,530	1	{ Part of Wellington, including Tambaroora Gold Field—Increase of Electors, 375 per cent.
69. Tenterfield ... ..	1,490	1	{ Eastern portion of existing Electorate—Increase of Electors, 850 per cent.
70. Tumut, The ... ..	1,809	1	
71. Waratah ... ..	1,800	1	{ Part of Northumberland—Increase of Electors, 200 per cent.
72. Wellington ... ..	1,677	1	{ Existing Electorate, exclusive of Tambaroora and Hill End—Increase of Electors, 375 per cent.
73. Windsor ... ..	935	1	{ Existing Electorate and portion of Hawkesbury included in County of Cumberland—Decrease of Electors.
74. Williams, The ... ..	1,300	1	{ Existing Electorate, exclusive of North-eastern portion included in the Manning and Hastings—Increase of Electors, 56 per cent.
75. Wollombi ... ..	1,115	1	
76. Yass Plains ... ..	1,816	1	
77. Young ... ..	1,308	1	{ South portion of Lachlan—Increase of Electors, 340 per cent.

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NOTE.—The Electorates left blank in last column have not been altered.





1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## MUDGEE ELECTION.

(PETITION OF CERTAIN ELECTORS AS TO PERSONATION AT.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 1 October, 1873.*

To the Honorable the Speaker and Members of the Legislative Assembly, in Parliament assembled.

The Petition of the undersigned Electors of the District of Mudgee,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

That on the 1st day of September, 1873, a meeting of the Electors was held, for the purpose of electing a Member to serve in the Legislative Assembly for this Electoral District, in pursuance of a writ issued under the hand of the Honorable Speaker of your House.

That a Poll having been demanded, Monday, the eighth day of September, 1873, was fixed for such purpose, as directed by the Honorable the Speaker's writ aforesaid.

That at the taking of the said Poll it has been satisfactorily proved and established that personation and double voting was practised to an alarming extent,—a careful examination of the Electoral Rolls showing that 239 persons voted *twice*, 61 persons *three* times, and 14 persons *four* times.

That although the Police have instituted proceedings, which are now pending against some of the supposed offenders, there is little probability of the law being vindicated, inasmuch as few persons will voluntarily expose themselves to the trouble and loss which a prosecution necessarily involves.

Your Petitioners therefore humbly pray, that in the Electoral Bill about to be introduced in your Honorable House, some provision may be embodied to prevent a repetition of those practices which are calculated to destroy the value of our representative institutions.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

[*Here follow 118 Signatures.*]



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## MONARO ELECTORATE.

(PETITION OF ELECTORS FOR DIVISION OF.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 1 October, 1873.*

To the Honorable the Speaker and Honorable Members of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The Petition of the Electors of the Bombala division of the Monaro Electorate, lawfully and legally in Public Meeting assembled,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

That the District of Monaro, which returns one Member to your Honorable Assembly, is that portion of New South Wales embracing the western portion of the Pastoral District of Monaro, and a small portion of that of Murrumbidgee, and bounded on the north by the south boundary of the County of Murray, being from Mount Tumanwong, a small creek falling into the Queanbeyan River, that river downwards to the confluence of Tinderry Creek, that creek to its source at Tinderry Pies and Micaligo Creek, thence to the Murrumbidgee River, thence by the Murrumbidgee River upwards to the confluence of Gap Creek, and thence by the Gap Creek and the tributary to it, which rises at Mount Clear, thence by the range which separates the falls going direct to the Murrumbidgee, from thence going to Neece Valley Creek, the Gudjanby Cötter and Goodradigbee Rivers, until that range joins the main range between the Tumut and Murrumbidgee, and by that range until it joins the Great Dividing Range; on the west by the Great Dividing Range to the boundary between New South Wales and Victoria; on the south by that boundary easterly to the range dividing the waters of the Snowy River from those of the Genoa, Towamba, and Bega Rivers; and on the east by that range northerly to the Great Dividing Range, and by the Great Dividing Range northerly to the south boundary of the County of Murray aforesaid.

That the Electors on the Roll number one thousand nine hundred and sixty-three, and are increasing rapidly:

That the interests of the northern and southern divisions of the Electorate are so widely apart, if not entirely antagonistic to each other, that the conjunction of the two divisions in the one Electorate renders but a section of the Electors duly represented.

That your Petitioners believe the interests of the district would be benefited by, and they feel they have a right to ask for the division of the Electorate into two parts, each part returning one Member to your Honorable House.

That such division, your Petitioners believe, would be best made by the Electorate embracing the present boundaries of the Police District of Bombala.

That your Petitioners believe that the time has arrived when your Honorable House is disposed to give increased representation, and to alter the boundaries of districts, as to allow those who bear the burden of taxation to be fully and fairly represented in your Honorable Assembly; and that the wealth and importance of the southern division of Monaro, combining, as it does, the Pastoral, Agricultural, and Mining interests, entitles it to be so represented, without reference to the number of voters now upon the Roll, which can in any case be but a partial guide, in fixing the limits of representation, and which your Petitioners again venture to say has not been in the Monaro District.

That your Petitioners would draw the attention of your Honorable House to the fact, that the Electoral District of Parramatta, with fifteen hundred and three electors, returns two Members; that the Electoral District of Windsor, with six hundred and ten voters, the Lower Hunter, with six hundred and sixty-six, East Maitland, with eight hundred and forty-four, and Goulburn, with nine hundred and four each, elect one representative, showing the discrepancies that exist at present in the representation of the people; and further, your Petitioners would call particular attention to the very inadequate manner in which the southern portion of the Colony is represented in the Parliament of New South Wales.

And for these and other reasons your Petitioners pray that, in any alteration in the present Electoral Act, or in any Bill introduced for the redistribution of Seats, your Honorable House will be pleased to make such provision for the representation of the southern district of Monaro, as now proposed by your Petitioners, or in such other way as your Honorable House may in your judgment select.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

Signed on behalf of the Public Meeting,—

H. M. JOSEPH,  
Chairman.

Bombala, 24th day of September, 1873.



1873.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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QUARTERS, &c., FOR PUBLIC OFFICERS.  
(FURTHER AND FINAL RETURN.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 25 September, 1873.*

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FURTHER and final Return to an *Order* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 23 July, 1872, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ A Return showing,—

“ (1.) The names of all Officers in the Public Service, other than Gaolers and Messengers, who are provided with houses, quarters, fuel and light, at the public expense.

“ (2.) The names of all Officers in the Public Service who receive an allowance in lieu of quarters, the amount of such allowance, and from what Vote paid.”

*(Mr. Raphael.)*

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## QUARTERS, &c., FOR PUBLIC OFFICERS.

### I.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

#### RETURN of Officers provided with Quarters, &c.

Name.	Office.	Provided with—	Allowance in lieu of Quarters.	From what Vote paid.
Beauchamp St. John, Capt.	Aide-de-camp .....	.....	P annum £173	His Excellency the Governor.
J. S. Richardson, Lieut.-Col.	Commandant .....	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
Thomas Baynes, Capt.	Brigade Pay and Quarter Master .....	Quarters. "		
J. A. Compton, Capt.	Instructor of Musketry .....	Quarters.		
G. J. Airey, Major	Commanding N.S.W. Artillery .....	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
W. W. Spalding	Captain, N.S.W. Artillery .....	" "		
G. S. Lindeman	Lieutenant, .....	" "		
J. J. R. Russell	" .....	" "		
W. J. G. Bedford	Assistant Surgeon, Permanent Military Force.	" "		
William Holmes	Brigade Clerk .....	Quarters.		
Thomas Bagot	Pay and Quarter Master's Clerk .....	" "		
James Hill	Sergeant-major .....	" "		
Daniel M'Garvey	" .....	" "		
C. J. Furnish, Sergt.	Instructor of Musketry .....	" "		
John Baker	Armourer .....	" "		
John M'Gregor, Sergt.	Drill Instructor .....	" "		
W. Tideswell,	" .....	" "		
H. Myers,	" .....	" "		
A. D. M'Ewen,	" .....	" "		
M. M. Boam,	" .....	" "		
D. J. Guilfoyle	" .....	" "		
William Glassby	Assistant Armourer .....	" "		
William Threlfall	Artillery Storeman .....	" "		
William Murray	Gatekeeper .....	" "		
Thomas M'Govern	" .....	" "		
Lee Collier	Assistant Brigade Clerk .....	" "	a week	
John Bennett, Sergt.	Drill Instructor .....	.....	10/-	} Volunteers.
W. M'Jamieson,	" .....	.....	10/-	
A. Stokes,	" .....	.....	10/-	
J. Webb,	" .....	.....	10/-	
J. G. Haynes,	" .....	.....	10/-	
Francis Hixson	Captain Commanding Naval Brigade	House.		
J. Reeve	Gunnery Instructor, .....	Quarters and fuel.		
John McLerie	Inspector General of Police .....	" "		
Edmund Fosbery	Secretary and Superintendent, Police	" "		
Henry Zouch	Superintendent of Police .....	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
E. V. Morisset	" .....	" "		
C. J. P. Lydiard	" .....	" "		
James Garland	" .....	" "		
J. W. Orridge	" .....	" "		
E. M. Battye	Inspector of Police .....	" "		
James Singleton	" .....	" "		
George Read	" .....	" "		
J. Dowling Brown	" .....	" "		
J. H. Davidson	" .....	" "		
C. E. Harrison	Sub-Inspector of Police .....	" "		*
John D. Meares	" .....	" "		
Henry Garvin	" .....	" "		
Charles Sanderson	" .....	Fuel and light .....	P diem 5/-	} Police contingencies.
James Ryeland	" .....	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
Thomas Roberts	" .....	" "		
Patrick Brennan	" .....	" "		
James Stephenson	" .....	" "		
John R. Medley	" .....	" "		
James Keegan	" .....	" "		
R. Fitzroy Creaghe	" .....	" "		
Charles Thorpe	" .....	" "		
William Wright	" .....	" "		
George Waters	Acting Sub-Inspector of Police .....	" "		
John Taylor	" .....	" "		
Henry Rawlinson	" .....	" "		
Robert Anderson	" .....	" "		
Edward Grainger	" .....	" "		
Henry Wager	Officer in charge of Detectives .....	Nil .....	P diem. 2/-	
Charles Cowper, junr.	Water Police Magistrate .....	House.		
R. J. Perrott	C.P.S., Port Macquarie .....	Quarters.		
T. K. Abbott	" Gunnedah .....	" "		
Michael Bourke	Chief Warder, Darlinghurst Gaol .....	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
Thomas Lee	Senior Warder, .....	" "		
Samuel Adair	Gatekeeper, .....	" "		
Jane Woods	Female Warder .....	" "		
Lucy Handlon	" .....	" "		
Jane Gourlay	" .....	" "		
Ellen Freeman	" .....	" "		
Rachel Wrafter	" .....	" "		
Alexander Watt	Chief Warder, Parramatta Gaol .....	" "		

\* The Police of the subordinate ranks are provided with barrack accommodation where available. At seventy-eight stations premises are rented for the accommodation of police, prisoners, and horses; but many of the married men have to provide quarters at their own expense. Light—One candle between four men is only allowed in barracks. Fuel—1 ton of wood per month is allowed at stations where there are two men and a lock-up; at stations where there are three or four men an allowance of  $\frac{1}{2}$  ton.

I.—COLONIAL SECRETARY—*continued.*

Name.	Office.	Provided with—	Allowance in lieu of Quarters.	From what Vote paid.
Ghiblin Everett	Chief Warder, Berrima Gaol.....	Quarters, fuel, and light.		Provisions, &c.— Gaols generally.
Henry Ellis	„ Bathurst Gaol .....	„ „		
Jessie Asprey	Female Warder, „ .....	„ „		
Donald M'Lean	Chief Warder, Maitland Gaol .....	„ „		
Isabella Marr	Female Warder, „ .....	„ „		
John Paton	Chief Warder, Port Macquarie Gaol .....	„ „	£ diem.	
Mary Meyers	Female Warder, Darlinghurst Gaol .....	„ „	1/-	
Maria Hosford	„ „ .....	„ „	1/-	
Honorina Powell	„ Maitland Gaol .....	„ „	1/2	
Jeremiah Frewin	Chief Warder, Goulburn .....	„ „	£ annum	
F. N. Manning, M.D.	Superintendent, Hospital for the Insane, Gladesville.	Quarters.	£26	
T. M. Joseph	Assistant Medical Officer, „	„ „		Special vote.
John M'George	Dispenser, „	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
Jane Manson	Matron, „	„ „	£ annum	
E. M. Betts	Assistant Superintendent .....	„ „	£35	
Charles Taylor	Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta.	House } and allowance of £45 per annum each in lieu of provisions, fuel, and light.		
James R. Firth	Assistant Superintendent, „	Quarters } „		
Jane Burn	Matron, „	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
James W. Woodgate	Assistant Clerk, „	„ „		
Thomas E. Ranshaw	Dispenser, „	„ „		
John Brown	Master Attendant, „	House, fuel, and light.		
Frederick Fowler	63 attendants and servants	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
	Superintendent, Lunatic Reception House.	„ „		
E. A. Fowler	Matron, „	„ „		
Durell De La Taste	Attendant, „	„ „		
William Carleton	„ „	„ „		
Rose M'Cusker	„ „	„ „		
Mary M'Grade	„ „	„ „		
Frederic Cane	Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum for Imbeciles, Newcastle.	„ „		
Elizabeth Cane	Matron .....	„ „		
Samuel Long	Chief Attendant .....	„ „		
Patrick Prandy	Book Porter, Registrar General's Office.	„ „		
H. C. Russell	Government Astronomer .....	House and light .....		
R. C. Walker	Librarian, Free Public Library .....	Quarters, fuel, and light		
J. S. V. Mein	Superintendent, N.S.S. "Vernon" .....	„ „		
	Mate and Clerk, „ .....	„ „		
James Gorman	Sailmaker, &c. „ .....	„ „		
Thomas Joyce	Boatswain, „ .....	„ „		
William Shaw	Carpenter, „ .....	„ „		
William Cooke	Seaman, „ .....	„ „		
David Hayes	„ „ .....	„ „		
John Garrick	„ „ .....	„ „		
Charles Osborne	Barber, „ .....	„ „		
Thomas Brister	Cook, „ .....	„ „		
John Alleyne	Steward, „ .....	„ „		
James Duncan	Gardener, „ .....	„ „		
William Plummer	Schoolmaster, „ .....	„ „		
George Lucas	Superintendent, Industrial School, Biloela.	„ „		
Mary Ann Lucas	Matron, „ .....	„ „		
Michael Prior	Clerk and Storekeeper, „ .....	„ „		
Margaret Kelly	Teacher, „ .....	„ „		
Mary Ann Rowland	House Matron, „ .....	„ „		
Mary Ann Brackenregg	Assistant House-matron .....	„ „		
Mary Ann Dunn	„ .....	„ „		
Mary Ann Connell	Gatekeeper, „ .....	„ „		
Harriet Austin	Laundress, „ .....	„ „		
Harry Glassington	Constable, „ .....	„ „		
William Turner	„ „ .....	„ „		
Agnes King	Matron, Reformatory for Girls, Biloela.	„ „		
Martha Betts	Matron, Protestant Orphan School.	„ „		
Arthur Whiting	Master, „ .....	„ „		
R. M'Namara	Drillmaster, „ .....	„ „		
Mary Jowett	Sub-matron, „ .....	„ „		
Maria Morrow	Infant Teacher, „ .....	„ „	£ annum	Special vote. do.
John C. Bravey	Schoolmaster, „ .....	„ „	£35	
Margaret Fairbairn	First Teacher, „ .....	„ „	£35	
M. A. Adamson	Matron, Roman Catholic Orphan School.	„ „		
Cecilia Fitzpatrick	Sub-Matron, „ .....	„ „		
Margaret M. Byrne	Girls' Teacher, „ .....	„ „		
Mary Nihill	Infants' „ .....	„ „		
Michael O'Grady	Boys' „ .....	„ „		
Michael O'Shea	Drillmaster, „ .....	„ „		
Lucy Hicks	Matron, Hyde Park Asylum .....	„ „		
James Dennis	Master, Parramatta „ .....	„ „		
C. H. M. Dennis	Matron, „ .....	„ „		
W. E. Strong	Surgeon Superintendent, Liverpool Asylum.	„ „	£40	Rations, &c., Asylums for Infirm and Destitute.
Mary Burnside	Matron, „ .....	„ „		

## II.—COLONIAL TREASURER.

## RETURN of Officers provided with Quarters, &amp;c.

Name.	Office.	Provided with—	Allowance in lieu of Quarters.	From what Vote paid.
A. H. Pegus .....	Landing Waiter, Lawrence .....	.....	£ annum £60	Customs.
F. J. Eaton .....	Sub-Collector, Richmond River .....	.....	£ week £1	"
G. L. Hill .....	" Maryland .....	.....	£1 10/- £ annum	"
D. J. McHenry .....	Searcher, Wentworth .....	.....	£25	"
Patrick Joyce .....	Assistant Customs Officer, Albury .....	.....	£25	"
W. A. Hunt .....	" " Moama .....	.....	£25	"
W. Cahill .....	" " " .....	.....	£25	"
R. Griffith .....	" " Albury .....	.....	£25	"
J. Johnstone .....	" " " .....	.....	£25	"
J. Benton .....	Sub-Collector, Tocumwall .....	.....	£25	"
J. Barnett .....	Boatswain, Harbour Department, Sydney.	.....	£20	Harbours, Light- houses, &c.

## III.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

## RETURN of Officers provided with Quarters, &amp;c.

Nil.

## IV.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.

## RETURN of Officers provided with Quarters, &amp;c.

Name.	Office.	Provided with—	Allowance in lieu of Quarters.	From what Vote paid.
G. O'Malley Clarke .....	Gold Commissioner .....	House.	£ annum	
J. Buchanan .....	" .....	.....	£30	Gold Fields.
W. Johnson .....	" .....	.....	£52	"
John Mackenzie .....	Examiner of Coal Fields .....	Quarters and fuel.	£39	General Savings, Survey of Lands.
M. O. Blake .....	— Surveyor General's Depart- ment.	.....	£39	" "
L. G. T. Mann .....	" .....	.....	£39	" "
S. B. Daniel .....	Commissioner of Crown Lands .....	Quarters.	.....	
J. W. Harriott .....	" .....	"	.....	
C. G. N. Lockhart .....	" .....	.....	£50	Commissioner's quarters and offices.
J. C. Woore .....	" .....	.....	£50	"
R. B. Dawson .....	" .....	.....	£50	"
T. C. Crommelin .....	" .....	.....	£50	"
J. S. Fulter .....	" .....	.....	£50	"
D. A. Byrne .....	" .....	.....	£50	"
W. V. M. Cooke .....	" .....	.....	£50	"
Charles Moore .....	Director, Botanic Gardens .....	House and fuel.	.....	
J. Duff .....	Overseer, Botanic Gardens .....	Quarters.	.....	
C. Peters .....	" .....	"	.....	
T. Tucker .....	" .....	"	.....	
A. Kloster .....	" .....	House.	.....	
J. Meads .....	" .....	"	.....	



V.—POSTMASTER GENERAL.  
RETURN of Officers provided with Quarters, &c.

Name.	Office.	Provided with—	Allowance in lieu of Quarters.	From what Vote paid.
W. G. Thompson	Postmaster, Bathurst	Quarters, fuel, and light.		
C. Harrison	" Bega	" "		
John Chapple	" Campbelltown	" "		
A. M. Browne, Mrs.	Postmistress, East Maitland	" "		
James Scowcroft	Postmaster, Goulburn	" "		
W. J. Slack	" Hill End	" "		
T. C. Lodge	" Moruya	" "		
W. L. Carter	" Mudgee	" "		
J. S. Arnott	" Murrurundi	" "		
Henry Rose	" Parramatta	" "		
F. A. Kellett	" Penrith	" "		
W. C. Johnson	" Yass	" "		
P. B. Walker	Telegraph Master, Sydney		£ annuum	
T. E. Hewett	" Parramatta	Quarters, fuel, and light.	£75	Special vote.
P. Mackel	" Wollongong	" "		
J. F. Tyter	" Kiama	Fuel and light	£25	Rent, Electric Tele-
Michael Canty	" Berrima	Quarters, fuel, and light.		graphs.
R. Buckley	" Goulburn	" "		
A. Tunks	" Braidwood	" "		
J. J. Woodward	" Queanbeyan	" "		
F. W. Browne	" Araluen	" "		
J. Kirwan	" Cooma	" "		
W. Graham	" Nimitybelle	" "		
M. E. Burke	" Bombala	" "		
C. Kebby	" Eden	" "		
J. J. Roberts	" Yass	" "		
A. E. Middleton	" Burrowa	" "		
C. Smith	" Gundagai	" "		
Joseph Cox	" Kyamba	" "		
H. D. Edwards	" Germantown	" "		
M. H. Kelly	" Albury	" "		
F. C. Freeman	" Adelong	" "		
K. C. Mackenzie	" Tumut	" "		
D. R. Kenane	" Kiandra	" "		
C. A. Middleton	" Wagga Wagga	" "		
W. M'Nab	" Urana	" "		
R. C. Wills	" Deniliquin	" "		
R. S. Arnott	" Hay	" "		
E. Manners	" Moulamein	" "		
G. J. Harrison	" Balranald	" "		
C. Hammond	" Euston	" "		
W. Camper	" Wentworth	" "		
E. J. Mulligan	" Penrith	" "		
R. H. Hipsley	" Bathurst	" "		
Francis Mackel	" Mount Victoria	" "		
G. W. Hoskings	" Carcoar	" "		
C. Cooper	" Orange	" "		
E. Chapman	" Forbes	" "		
J. M'Innes	" Young	" "		
John Falson	" Grenfell	" "		
C. G. Smith	" Sofala	" "		
G. A. Reid	" Tambaroora	" "		
G. J. Aldwell	" Mudgee	" "		
F. J. Fowler	" Coolah	" "		
W. J. Lee	" Cassilis	" "		
W. Read	" Merriwa	" "		
A. Burnett	" Wellington	" "		
A. Hayes	" Dubbo	" "		
G. M. White	" Richmond	" "		
C. J. Nealds	" Windsor	" "		
J. C. J. Smith	" Wiseman's Ferry	" "		
S. J. Watson	" Wollombi	" "		
W. H. Maguire	" West Maitland	" "		
C. J. Wakely	" Morpeth	" "		
D. Graham	" Newcastle	" "		
J. Nesbitt	" Singleton	" "		
J. Nesbitt, junr.	" Scone	" "		
C. N. Ambrose	" Murrurundi	" "		
J. S. Beckett	" Tamworth	" "		
J. W. Nunn	" Gunnedah	" "		
J. E. Ballard	" Narrabri	" "		
F. J. Lardner	" Glen Innes	" "		
F. W. Sykes	" Bendemeer	" "		
Evan James	" Uralla	" "		
A. G. Robins	" Armidale	" "		
J. R. Cummins	" Port Macquarie	" "		
J. Williams	" West Kempsey	" "		
John Eames	" Inverell	" "		
John Quodling	" Tenterfield	" "		
A. Hunter	" Grafton	" "		

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 25 September, 1873.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

**EXTRA CLERKS, AUDIT OFFICE.**  
(NAMES OF, AND AMOUNTS PAID TO, PROM VOTE FOR CLERICAL ASSISTANCE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 2 October, 1873.*

A RETURN showing the Amount that has been paid to Extra Clerks in the Audit Office, out of the Vote for extra Clerical Assistance, and carrying out the provisions of the "Audit Act of 1870," since the passing of that Act; the names of the Clerks so employed, and the amount paid to each; and the authority under which they were employed—up to 30 September, 1873.

	1871.			1872.			1873.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
T. J. Moppett, at £239 per annum, from 1st January to 31st December, 1871	239	0	0						
James Dennis, at £50 per annum, from 1st January, 1871, to 31st January, 1873	50	0	0	50	0	0	4	3	4
George Hole, at £50 per annum, from 1st February to 30th September, 1873							33	6	8
James M'Kern, at £50 per annum, from 1st January, 1871, to 30th April, 1873	50	0	0	50	0	0	16	13	4
R. N. M'Diarmid, at £50 per annum, from 1st January, 1871, to 30th September, 1873	50	0	0	50	0	0	37	10	0
James Smithers, at £150 per annum, from 1st January, 1872, to 18th March, 1873				150	0	0	32	5	2
W. C. V. Gibbes, at £150 per annum, from 14th April to 30th September, 1873							69	11	8
Malcolm M. Campbell, at £150 per annum, from 21st October, 1872, to 30th April, 1873; and at £200, from 1st May to 30th September, 1873.				29	8	8	133	6	8
Charles Wray, at £150 per annum, from 24th October, 1872, to 30th September, 1873				28	4	6	112	10	0
Gratuities for Services as Volunteer Clerks { Joseph Dennis	32	0	0						
{ James Meikle	26	0	0						
£	447	0	0	357	13	2	439	6	10

NOTE.—The whole of the above Clerks were employed under the approval of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
2nd October, 1873.

C. ROLLESTON.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

MRS. ISABEL BARON.

(PETITION OF.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 18 September, 1873.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

The humble Petition of Isabel Baron, of Sydney, wife of William Henry Baron, of Sydney, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, at present a patient in the Hospital for the Insane, Gladesville,—

RESPECTFULLY SHOWETH:—

That, on the fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, the said William Henry Baron accepted the office of City Surveyor to the Commissioners of the City of Sydney, and retained such office until the 12th day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, when he relinquished it, and accepted the office of Chief Surveyor and Draftsman in the Department of Public Works of the Colony of New South Wales, which latter office he retained until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, when he relinquished it, and accepted office of Resident Engineer of the Clarence River Improvement Works, which last office was also an employment under the control of the above-mentioned Department.

That, on the eleventh day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, the said William Henry Baron was suspended from acting in the last-named capacity by Mr. Secretary Holroyd, but on the twelfth day of November following was restored to office, and allowed full pay for the time of his suspension.

That the said William Henry Baron received a communication, dated the thirteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, from the Engineer-in-Chief, informing him that the Honorable the Secretary for Public Works had recommended to the Executive Council that the office of Resident Engineer, Clarence River, be abolished from the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and that the said William Henry Baron's services would accordingly be dispensed with from that date.

That the said William Henry Baron has made repeated applications for compensation for the loss of office, but without success.

That your Petitioner being advised that it has been the invariable practice for many years past, on the abolition of office of a public servant, to grant compensation proportionate to the length of his service and amount of salary received by him, therefore prays that your Honorable House will take the case of the said William Henry Baron into your favourable consideration, and grant him such relief as the justice of the case shall require, and as to your Honorable House shall seem meet.

And your Petitioner will ever pray.

Sydney, 15 September, 1873.

ISABEL BARON.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

**WILLIAM HENRY BARON.**

(CORRESPONDENCE RELATIVE TO COMPENSATION FOR LOSS OF OFFICE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 10 December, 1873.*

RETURN to an *Address* of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 17 October, 1873, praying that His Excellency the Governor would be pleased to cause to be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of all Correspondence having reference to the abolition of the  
“office of William Henry Baron, as Resident Engineer, Clarence River,  
“together with copies of applications made by him for compensation for  
“loss of such office.”

(Mr. Rodd.)

SCHEDULE.

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## WILLIAM HENRY BARON.

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No. 1.

MINUTE FOR THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Department of Public Works,  
Sydney, 9 March, 1865.

THE Secretary for Public Works recommends to His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, that, with a view to reduce as far as possible the expenses of the Public Service, the office of the Resident Engineer of the Clarence River Works, now held by Mr. W. H. Baron, be abolished, and his services in connection with this department dispensed with from the 31st instant:

W. M. ARNOLD.

Clerk of the Executive Council.—B.C., JOHN RAE.

For the reason herein stated, the Executive Council advise that the services of Mr. W. H. Baron, Resident Engineer at the Clarence River Works, be dispensed with from the 31st instant, as recommended by the Honorable the Secretary for Public Works.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

No. 2.

MEMORANDUM FROM UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Department of Public Works,  
Sydney, 10 March, 1865.

Resident Engineer, Clarence River.

As the Minister has recommended to the Executive Council that this office be abolished from 31st March instant, and the services of Mr. Baron dispensed with, I presume it will be necessary to inform Mr. Baron accordingly.

J.R.

No. 3.

THE ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF FOR HARBOURS AND RIVERS to W. H. BARON, Esq.

Department of Public Works,  
Harbours and Rivers Branch,  
13 March, 1865.

SIR,

By direction of the Honorable the Secretary for Public Works, I have the honor to inform you that he has recommended to the Executive Council that the office of Resident Engineer, Clarence River, be abolished from the 31st current, and that your services will be accordingly dispensed with from that date.

I have, &c.,  
E. O. MORIARTY,  
Engineer-in-Chief.

No. 4.

W. H. BARON, Esq., to THE ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF FOR HARBOURS AND RIVERS.

Clarence River Works,  
19 March, 1865.

SIR,

On the 16th instant I had the honor to receive your letter of the 13th March, informing me that the Honorable the Minister for Public Works had recommended to the Executive Council that the office of Resident Engineer, Clarence River, be abolished from the 31st current, and that my services will accordingly be dispensed with from that date.

After nearly eight years' employment in the office of Harbours and Rivers, to which I was appointed soon after its creation, my preferment to that branch of the Public Works being second only to that of the Engineer-in-Chief, so summary a deprivation of office is not only humiliating, but, I may add, a hardship. If I am permitted, as I am informed is the case with Mr. Under-Secretary Rae, to include the tenure of my appointment under the City Commission, I have been nearly eleven years in the Government Service.

Anticipating, when I was advanced to the post of Resident Engineer at the Clarence River, that it would be comparatively a permanency, and not conceiving the possibility of so sudden a deprivation of office as is announced in your communication of the 13th instant, I incurred a great expense in building and furnishing a residence in this isolated locality. I may indeed with truth say that all I could possibly save from my salary since the date of my arrival here has been devoted, until lately, to this purpose.

I shall, in consequence of the sudden deprivation of my salary which your letter announces, be made to suffer serious pecuniary loss, if not poverty, and inconvenience of every kind, which I think were never contemplated as returns for years of attention to duty, several having been passed in this lone and monotonous



monotonous locality. Under these circumstances, I venture to hope that the Honorable the Minister for Works will be pleased to confer on me some other appointment. I shall esteem it a particular favour if you, sir, will be so good as to recommend me to the Minister, on the grounds herein stated. I do not wish to petition for compensation for loss of office, or to urge my claim on the Superannuation Fund; I would far rather work, and shall be glad to accept any post rather than lose altogether my term of service under the Government of New South Wales.

I have, &c.,  
W. H. BARON.

Forwarded for the consideration of the Honorable the Secretary for Public Works. I am not aware of any other office in this department to which Mr. Baron could be appointed, and should there be no vacancy in either of the other branches, I presume Mr. Baron will have the same claims to compensation for loss of office, on the Superannuation Fund, as other officers of his standing.—E.O.M., 23/3/65.

B.C., Under Secretary.

### No. 5.

W. H. BARON, ESQ., to THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Department of Public Works,  
Harbours and Rivers Branch,  
Clarence River Heads, 24 March, 1865.

SIR,

On the 13th instant, I received a letter from the Engineer-in-Chief for Harbours and Rivers, notifying the abolition of the office of Resident Engineer, Clarence River, from the 31st of the current month, and further informing me that after that date my services will be dispensed with.

On receiving the above communication, I had the honor to address the Engineer-in-Chief in reference to further employment in some other capacity, adverting to the duration of my services under Government, and the serious expenses to which I had been put, under the conviction that my appointment was to be a permanent one in building and furnishing a house,—an undertaking which had absorbed all I could possibly save from my salary.

It would appear, however, that under present arrangements there is no probability of my obtaining any appointment in the Public Works Department; I have therefore the honor to submit my claim for compensation for abolition of office, after ten years or longer spent in the Government Service.

I respectfully submit that I am also entitled to special compensation under clause 8 of the Superannuation Act, the brevity of the notice announcing my loss of office, and the limited time—only fifteen days after its receipt allowed for preparation—fully justifying my claim.

I beg therefore that you will be so good as to lay my application before the Honorable the Minister for Public Works.

I have, &c.,  
W. H. BARON.

### No. 6.

W. H. BARON, ESQ., to THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Department of Public Works,  
Harbours and Rivers Branch,  
Clarence River Heads, 24 March, 1865.

SIR,

Included in the expenses consequent upon the abolition of the post of Resident Engineer, Clarence River Heads, and caused immediately by the loss of my appointment, is the cost of my journey to Sydney, and the conveyance thither of my family and furniture.

I believe that, in accordance with precedent, I am justified in asking these charges to be paid by the Government, and, under the circumstances, I beg very respectfully to request that I may receive an advance on account of the outlay to which my change of residence will subject me; the contribution from my month's salary to the Superannuation Fund, and other payments to the Government, rendering it otherwise an extreme difficulty for me to defray the charges of my removal.

I have, &c.,  
W. H. BARON.

What is the practice in such cases?—Mr. Moriarty,—B.C., 12/5/65.—J.R.

I presume there is no doubt of Mr. Baron's being entitled to claim his own return passage money. With regard to the other items, namely, those of his family and furniture, I am unable to give any information, no case in point ever having previously occurred in this department.—E.O.M., 15/5/65.

The Auditor General might probably be able to state what the practice is in such cases.—B.C., 18/5/65, J.R.

Noted, 18/5/65.

Under what circumstances was Mr. Baron removed?—C.R., 20/5/65.

P.W., 22/5/65.

His services were dispensed with in consequence of the office which he held as Resident Engineer, Clarence River, being no longer required, 22/5/65.—J.R.

There would seem to be no precedent in the Audit Office. It would therefore be desirable to submit the question for the decision of the Government.—C.R., 23/5/65.

P.W., 26/5/65.

Submitted, 27/5/65.—J.R.

Cabinet.—W.M.A., 6/6/65. 65/1,080.

## No. 7.

W. H. BARON, Esq., to THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Office of Harbours and Rivers,  
Sydney, 28 April, 1865.

SIR,

I do myself the honor to draw your attention to my letters (3) of the 24th ultimo, in connection with my retirement from the Public Service, and to request that they may receive early consideration, as it is my intention to leave the Colony.

I have, &c.,  
W. H. BARON.

Shall these papers be obtained from Cabinet? J.R.,—29/4/65. Yes: W.M.A.,—8/5/65.

Herewith—9/5/65. Forward to Commissioners. W.M.A.,—10/5/65.

## No. 8.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS to W. H. BARON, Esq.

Department of Public Works,  
2 June, 1865.

SIR,

Referring to your letter of the 24th March last, applying for compensation under the Superannuation Act of 1864, in consequence of the abolition of your office as Resident Engineer of the Clarence River Works, I am directed by the Secretary for Public Works to enclose herein, for your information, a copy of the Superannuation Commissioners' report on your application, from a perusal of which you will perceive that it is not considered that you are entitled to any compensation under the Act referred to.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN RAE.

[Enclosure.]

Mr. W. H. Baron's claim—Commissioners' Report.

Audit Office.  
26 May, 1865.

WITH reference to the claim of Mr. W. H. Baron to compensation for loss of office, under the provisions of the Superannuation Act of 1864, the Commissioners beg to report, for the information of the Honorable the Secretary for Works, that, in view of an opinion obtained from the Law Officers of the Crown as to the legal construction of clause 8, under which the application is made, they are unable to recognize Mr. Baron's claim to any compensation under the Act. Whether it be a case for special recommendation to Parliament is a question which rests entirely with the Government to determine.

CHRIS. ROLLESTON,  
E. O. MORIARTY,  
MICL. FITZPATRICK,  
Superannuation Fund Commissioners.

The Under Secretary for Works.

## No. 9.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS to W. H. BARON, Esq.

Department of Public Works,  
15 June, 1865.

SIR,

In reference to your letter of the 24th March last, requesting that you may be repaid the amount expended by you in excess of that allowed by the Government for the erection of a residence for yourself, at the Clarence River Heads, in connection with the appointment you held as Resident Engineer, which has since been abolished, I am directed to inform you that the value of the improvements effected at your expense has been estimated at £86 16s. 6d., and that the Secretary for Public Works has approved of this amount being paid to you in full settlement of all claims.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN RAE.

## No. 10.

W. H. BARON, Esq., to THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Sydney, 30 June, 1865.

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 2nd instant, enclosing a copy of the report of the Superannuation Commissioners on my application for compensation under the Act for abolition (with a view to effect greater economy in the department) of my office as Resident Engineer at the Clarence River Works, I would submit that pensions have already been granted under similar circumstances to Messrs. Wilkinson and Crook, and that those gentlemen are still in the enjoyment of their pensions; and although, by an oversight, abolition of office was omitted in the 3rd clause of the Superannuation Act of 1864, it is scarcely just that I should be made to suffer for that omission, the more particularly as that Act intended to grant greater benefits to Civil Servants than the 4th and 5th William IV, previously in operation; and under which latter Act I should have been entitled to a gratuity of one month's pay for each year of service.

In

In further support of my claim, I would point out that the Provincial Inspectors of Police, Messrs. Scott, Plunkett and Wentworth, appointed under 14th Victoria No. 38, received gratuities on the abolition of their offices, as the records of the Audit Office prove, notwithstanding the omission in the Superannuation clause of remuneration for such loss of office.

In the cases referred to, the respective amounts were placed upon the Estimates and voted by the Legislature; and I respectfully request, in the event of the Honorable the Minister for Public Works still adhering to the opinion expressed, that my claim cannot be entertained under the Superannuation Act of 1864, that it may be determined by the Auditor General the amount I am entitled to and provision made accordingly on the next Estimates to be submitted to Parliament.

I would further add that, in cases of this nature, where the expression in any of the clauses of the Act was either loose or vague, usage has always been followed; but the 8th clause of the Superannuation Act of 1864 is specific in stating that "nothing herein shall prevent the Governor with the advice, &c., from recommending to Parliament compensation to any officer in consequence of the abolition of his office for effecting greater economy."

As I am about proceeding to Queensland, I shall feel much obliged if you will at your earliest convenience submit my letter to the Honorable the Minister for Public Works, with a view to my being informed as early as practicable of the decision of the Government in this matter.

I have, &c.,  
W. H. BARON.

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No. 11.

W. H. BARON, Esq., to THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Brisbane, 5 August, 1865.

SIR,

In reference to my letter of the 29th June, on the subject of compensation for the abolition of my appointment as Resident Engineer at the Clarence River Heads, I shall feel obliged if you will be so good as to bring it under the notice of the Honorable the Minister for Public Works, in order that I may be furnished with a reply thereto at your earliest convenience.

I have, &c.,  
W. H. BARON.

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No. 12.

PETITION.

To His Excellency SIR JOHN YOUNG, K.C.B., Captain General and Governor-in-Chief of the Colony of New South Wales, and to the Honorable the Members of the Executive Council thereof.

The Memorial of the undersigned,—

RESPECTFULLY SHOWETH :—

That your Memorialist was appointed Resident Engineer at the Clarence River Heads, on the commencement of the works for the improvement of the entrance to that river.

That the appointment was considered by your Memorialist to be a permanent one, and was so represented to him on several occasions by the Engineer-in-Chief for Harbours and Rivers.

That on the faith of such representations, your Memorialist expended, in erecting a house and in furnishing the same, the whole of the money he had saved during his tenure of office under the Government of New South Wales.

That such expenditure was in addition to the sum of £180 advanced by the Hon. the Minister for Public Works, for the erection of an office, and for which £180 your Memorialist paid 10 per cent. per annum interest.

That, on the 31st of March last, your Memorialist was at once deprived of employment, by the abolition of his office from motives of economy.

That being without means of support, your Memorialist was compelled to dispose of his household furniture at less than one-fourth of its cost, and to accept from the Honorable the Minister for Public Works, as reimbursement for the money your Memorialist had expended on the house and office, the sum of £86, which sum did not amount to one-third of your Memorialist's outlay.

That up to the termination of his engagement, your Memorialist was a contributor to the Superannuation Fund.

That your Memorialist applied for compensation for loss of office on finding it was not possible to obtain another appointment, and was refused the same, the Crown Law Officers being of opinion that your Memorialist had no claim upon the fund under the provisions of the Superannuation Act.

That owing to an omission in the framing of the said Act your Petitioner is subjected to great injustice, as under similar circumstances a precedent had been created in the cases of Messrs. Crook and Wilkinson, who received compensation on the abolition of their appointments.

That in the cases of Captain Scott, Captain Plunkett, and Mr. Wentworth, Parliament did, on the recommendation of His Excellency the Governor, grant Captain Scott two years' pay as compensation for the abolition of his appointment, whilst other offices were found for Captain Plunkett and Mr. Wentworth.

That your Memorialist considers he is entitled, under the 4th and 5th of William 4th, to compensation.

That there are circumstances connected with your Memorialist's case which entitle him to especial consideration, viz., the very short notice, amounting but to a few days, which was afforded of the abolition of

of his appointment, to the repeated assurances to your Memorialist that his appointment was a permanent one, and to the expenses which he incurred under that belief, and for which your Memorialist has been so very inadequately compensated.

Your Memorialist respectfully entreats that under the circumstances therein set forth, you will be pleased to recommend such compensation be granted to him as you may consider he is entitled to receive.

And your Memorialist will duly pray.

W. H. BARON.

Laid before the Executive Council on 25 August, 1865.—ALEX. C. BUDGE, Clerk of the Council.

Forwarded to the Principal Under Secretary, to be placed with previous papers on the subject. Forwarded to him on the 19th ultimo.—B.C., 8/9/65, J.R.

See 65/3,802.—C.C., 12 Sept.

I have looked carefully into this case, and have, with regret, arrived at the conclusion that Mr. Baron did not serve the Government with fidelity while he held office, as the Act requires, and am not therefore prepared to recommend compensation for his loss of office.—C.C., 5 Oct.

### No. 13.

THE SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Department of Public Works,

Sydney, 21 September, 1865.

MY DEAR COWPER,

I find that Baron was suspended on 11th August, 1864, and was allowed to resume his duties 11th November, receiving his salary for the period of his suspension. I also find, at the time the list of officers chargeable with deductions under the Superannuation Act was prepared, Mr. Baron was under suspension, but his proper contribution was deducted after he resumed his work and after he left us.

Yours faithfully,

W. M. ARNOLD.

### No. 14.

STATEMENT OF MR. BARON'S CASE, WITH MINUTE OF COLONIAL SECRETARY.

MR. BARON claims a gratuity for abolition of office under the Superannuation Act of 1864.

The Commissioners have reported they are unable to recognize Mr. Baron's claim to any compensation under the Act, in consequence of an opinion of the Law Officers as to the legal construction of clause 8, under which the claim is made.

It appears that Mr. Baron was suspended by Mr. Secretary Hobroyd, on the 11th August, 1864, which suspension was confirmed by the Executive Council on the 30th August, and continued until the 11th November, when Mr. Secretary Wilson ordered his reinstatement to office, with a reprimand, although he considered his conduct highly censurable.

Taking into consideration the fact of this restoration to duty, the payment of his full salary during his suspension, his employment upon another responsible work, and the subsequent abolition of his office, I cannot avoid arriving at the conclusion that his claim to gratuity is not made without sufficient ground.

However indiscreet, to use a mild term, his conduct may have been, his restoration to the Service, and payment of his full salary during suspension, fully condoned, I respectfully submit, his past misconduct, more particularly as his subsequent career was not called in question.

Looking, therefore, at all the circumstances of the case, I take the liberty of suggesting that a sum as a gratuity equal to one month's pay for each year of service be placed on the Estimates for 1866, and thus leave it to the Legislative Assembly to vote it or not as that body may think proper.

In making this suggestion, I would point out that a similar course was pursued in the cases of Messrs. Scott, Plunkett, and Wentworth, on the abolition of their offices as Provincial Inspectors of Police; no provision for gratuities having been made for such abolition in the 14th Victoria, No. 38, under which they were appointed, 5th October, 1865.

The Secretary for Works, B.C. U. S. for Works, 7 Oct. Noted, W.M. O.

My opinion, from all I have heard and read of Mr. Baron's conduct, is that he has acted most dishonestly in his position as a Government officer. He unquestionably ought to have been dismissed. If he can get a Member of the Assembly to take up his case as one of hardship, I should prefer his doing so, rather than that the Superannuation Fund should be misappropriated to paying him a year's income for abolition of office, clearly abolished only to get rid of him as an unreliable officer.—C.C., 6 Oct.

Inform Mr. Baron that the Government decline under the circumstances to recognize his claim.—W.M.A., 9/10/65.

### No. 15.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS TO W. H. BARON, ESQ.

Department of Public Works,  
10 October, 1865.

SIR,

Referring to your memorial to His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, praying that you may be allowed compensation for the abolition of the office you held of Resident Engineer of the Clarence River Works, I am directed by the Secretary for Public Works to inform you that, after a full consideration of all the circumstances connected with your services in this department, the Government have decided that they must decline to recognize the claim to compensation which you have preferred.

I have, &c.,

JOHN RAE.

No. 16.

## No. 16.

W. D. STEWART, Esq., to THE SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Friday.

MY DEAR SIR,

Can I see you at any time you may choose to appoint, about a claim that a Mr. Baron states he has against the Government?

I really do not like to trouble you with a personal interview until I informed you by letter what it was about, as you will have to look into the papers before you could give me an answer.

I believe Baron to be entitled to compensation for loss of office; and such opinion was expressed in a report of his case drawn up by Mr. Goodman of the Colonial Secretary's Office, and if you were equally of such opinion, my interview would be to ask you to place a sum of money on the Estimates.

I did not like to write to you officially on the matter.

I am, &amp;c.,

W. D. STEWART.

Inform that the Minister will now be happy to see Mr. Stewart at his convenience on this subject.—  
J.R., 14 8/66.

## No. 17.

W. H. BARON, Esq., to THE SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Kangaroo Point, Brisbane,  
31 July, 1866.

SIR,

I have the honor respectfully to bring under your notice, with a view to obtain a fair and impartial consideration of my case, the circumstances connected with the loss of my appointment under the N. S. Wales Government.

In doing so, it is necessary I should revert to the loss sustained by the Government through the fraud perpetrated by the contractor for the Moruya River Improvement Works. This fraud was, by evidence before the Supreme Court, sufficiently proved, but the insolvency of the contractor prevented Government obtaining restitution of the money, amounting to several thousands of pounds. On the accession of Mr. Holroyd to office, under Mr. Martin's administration, Mr. E. O. Moriarty, the Engineer for Harbours and Rivers, was called upon by the Minister for Works to explain how it was that so serious a fraud had been permitted to continue, as it had, undiscovered and unchecked for many months. Mr. Moriarty reported me to be in fault, and I was suspended from my duties as Engineer at the Clarence River, and called upon to show cause why I should not be dismissed the Service. I did show cause, and, after a lengthy and patient investigation of the whole circumstances of the case, during which not only Mr. Holroyd, but the Hon. the Minister for Finance, Mr. Eagar, and the Hon. the Minister for Lands, Mr. J. B. Wilson, examined and considered my explanation, I was, after a suspension of three months, restored to my appointment.

This was in the latter part of October or the early part of November, 1864. I returned to the Clarence River and resumed my duties there; but on the return of Mr. Cowper to office, Mr. Arnold, the Hon. Minister for Works, caused me to be written to in March, 1865, stating that Government had abolished my appointment, and had no further occasion for my services.

I was refused compensation, and my endeavours to obtain another office were unsuccessful; and the Hon. the Minister for Works, Mr. Arnold, was so evidently unfavourable to me personally, for what cause I know not, that in order to secure, if possible, a fair examination of my case, I solicited and obtained an interview with the Honorable Charles Cowper, who, after some questions indirectly bearing on the subject of my claim, and in replying to which I observed how impossible I had found it, with Mr. Moriarty not friendly to me, and the Honorable the Minister for Works, Mr. Arnold, the friend of my former superior officer, to obtain a strict and fair inquiry into my case, promised "he would act fairly by me."

Mr. Goodman, of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary's Office, was appointed, some time after my interview with Mr. Cowper, to examine and report upon my claims to compensation; and that gentleman, after a minute research into the merits of the case, recommended, in his report to the Premier, that I should receive, as a matter of justice, one month's pay for each year of service under the N. S. Wales Government, by way of compensation.

Mr. Cowper quashed this report, and I was officially informed it was decided that I had not any claim. Privately this piece of injustice was increased by a minute of the Hon. the Premier, for which there was no cause shown, and no communication made to me to afford me an opportunity for defence, denial, or explanation.

I have submitted these particulars to counsel, and am advised the law would grant me redress, and what I desire far more, an opportunity of proving the merits of my case, but I am not able to afford the expense of legal arbitrement, neither could I attend in Sydney during the progress of the case. I therefore allowed the matter to rest in abeyance; but your accession to office has given me fresh hopes, and, by the advice of my friends, I have taken the liberty of trespassing on time which I know valuable, and bringing under your notice the hardship to which I am subjected; my principal anxiety in reference to it being the clearance of my fair fame from the reproach cast upon it by the late Honorable the Colonial Secretary.

I have, &amp;c.,

W. H. BARON.

No. 18.

## No. 18.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS to W. D. STEWART, Esq.

Department of Public Works,  
Sydney, 15 August, 1866.

SIR,

I am directed by the Honorable the Secretary for Public Works to inform you that he will be happy to see you at this office at your convenience, on the subject of Mr. Baron's claim to compensation for the abolition of his office, on which subject you were in communication with the Minister in the month of June last.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN RAE.

## No. 19.

W. D. STEWART, Esq., to THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

377, George-street,  
Sydney, 16 August, 1866.

MY DEAR SIR,

I am much obliged for your note of the 15th, informing me that the Secretary for Works would see me in reference to Mr. Baron's claim for compensation. I will therefore do myself the honor of waiting upon him on Saturday morning at 11.

Yours faithfully,  
W. D. STEWART.

Mr. Stewart called and saw the Minister, who declined to disturb the decision of his predecessor.—  
20/8/66, J.R.

## No. 20.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS to W. H. BARON, Esq.

Department of Public Works,  
Sydney, 25 August, 1866.

SIR,

In reference to my letter of the 14th instant, acknowledging the receipt of your communication requesting that compensation may be allowed you for the loss of your appointment under this Government, I am directed to inform you that the Honorable the Secretary for Public Works has considered this matter, and has also allowed Mr. W. D. Stewart to have an interview with him in regard thereto, but he has declined to disturb the decision of his predecessor.

I have, &c.,  
GERALD HALLIGAN,  
(For the Under Secretary).

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

MARY LANE.

(PETITION OF.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 16 January, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

The humble Petition of Mary Lane, on behalf of herself and six children, left almost absolutely unprovided for by the death of her late husband, Henry Lane, sometime Under Secretary of the Department of Finance and Trade,—

SHOWETH:—

1. That her late husband, the said Henry Lane, had been in the Public Service of this Colony for a period of thirty-one years, during fourteen years of which he had occupied the responsible office of Under Secretary for Finance and Trade.

2. That the said Henry Lane retired from the Public Service, in terms of the Superannuation Act, on the 20th January, 1872, and died on the 19th September, 1873, having enjoyed his pension for hardly twenty months.

3. That during the period of his superannuation the said Henry Lane received in the aggregate the sum of £650. 10s. 3d.

4. That the said Henry Lane has left a wife (the present Petitioner) and six young children destitute of any resources or means of living, having lost his insurance of £1,500 in the European Insurance Office by the winding up of its business.

5. That your Petitioner humbly prays that your Honorable House will, in consideration of the long and valuable public and official services rendered by her late husband, make such provision for his widow and children as in the wisdom of your Honorable House may relieve them from their present destitution.

And your Petitioner will ever pray, &c.

MARY LANE.

Dated this fourteenth day of January, 1874.





1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

DEPARTMENTS OF THE TREASURY AND POST OFFICE.

(RETURNS RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 12 March, 1874.*

RETURN to an *Order* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 11 March, 1874, That there be laid upon the Table of this House, a Return showing,—

- “ (1.) The names, dates of appointment, present positions, salaries and allowances, of the Officers in the Departments of the Treasury and Post Office.
- “ (2.) Which of such Officers have passed the Civil Service Examination.
- “ (3.) Which of such Officers hold office on condition that they pass the Civil Service Examination.
- “ (4.) The names of persons employed as Probationers, the dates upon which they entered the Service, and which of them, if any, have passed the Civil Service Examination.”

*(Mr. Garrett.)*

## DEPARTMENTS OF THE TREASURY AND POST OFFICE.

## RETURN—Department of the Treasury.

Name.	Date of Appointment.	Present position.	Salary per annum.	Allowance in addition to Salary.	
Geoffrey Eagar ... / ...	1 July, 1871	Under Secretary for Finance and Trade.	£ 800	Nil.	
James Thomson ...	17 May, 1855	Chief Inspector of Public Revenue } Collectors' Accounts, and Consulting } Accountant to the Treasury }	650		
John James Eaton ...	8 Mar., 1854	Inspector of Public Revenue } Collectors' Accounts ... }	550		
Francis Kirkpatrick ...	10 Nov., 1858	Accountant ...	500		
Arthur Willis ...	1 April, 1866	Bookkeeper ...	300		
Thomas Brennan ...	28 June, 1857	Clerk ...	250		
Chas. A. Stewart ...	1 Aug., 1865	do. ...	200		
James Oatley, junr. ...	1 June, 1862	do. ...	200		
William Wells ...	— Jan., 1842	do. ...	200		
Tom D. Mackenzie ...	2 Mar., 1857	do. ...	190		
Edwin E. A. Oatley ...	4 Dec., 1868	do. ...	190		
Wm. B. Riley ...	1 Jan., 1873	do. ...	150		
<i>c</i> Walter Keele ...	1 Feb., 1872	Probationer ...	75		
<i>a</i> Nathaniel Neale ...	16 Sept., 1872	Clerk ...	50		
<i>a</i> James W. Meikle ...	1 Jan., 1873	do. ...	50		
William Newcombe ...	1 Feb., 1849	Receiver ...	500		£100 as Agent for Church and School Estates.
R. A. Canter ...	13 Feb., 1862	First Clerk ...	300		Nil.
Thomas Bain ...	9 June, 1860	Clerk ...	275		
Victor Cohen ...	1 July, 1867	do. ...	235		
P. J. Holdsworth ...	8 Mar., 1871	do. ...	200		
<i>b</i> W. H. Barraclough ...	3 Nov., 1873	do. ...	200		
N. Lockyer ...	1 Jan., 1870	do. ...	75		
<i>a</i> Sydney Rd. Corkhill ...	1 Feb., 1872	do. ...	75		
<i>a</i> Ernest Hanson ...	1 Jan., 1873	do. ...	50		
<i>c</i> Hubert Dillon ...	3 May, 1872	Probationer ...	50		
James Daniel Cronin ...	18 Feb., 1854	Paymaster ...	500		
John Henry O. G. P. French ...	17 Mar., 1858	First Clerk ...	350		
James Hinchy ...	1 Jan., 1865	Clerk ...	150		
Thomas W. Nicholl ...	1 July, 1867	do. ...	150		
Chas. H. Townley Pinhey ...	7 Jan., 1862	Examiner ...	400	Nil.	
Henry Lewis Roberts ...	4 Dec., 1867	Clerk ...	165		
George Houston Reid ...	18 July, 1864	Clerk of Correspondence ...	325		
Henry J. Stanley Bowdler ...	20 Feb., 1854	Clerk ...	250		
Joseph Walford ...	1 Jan., 1868	do. ...	75		
Arthur Wellesley Monday ...	8 April, 1856	Clerk of Records ...	350		
Alfred Essex Evans ...	1 April, 1868	Clerk ...	150		
<i>a</i> Robert Mander Ross ...	21 April, 1873	Transfer Clerk, Funded Stock	300		

*a* Officers who have passed the Civil Service Examination.

*b* Officer holding his position on condition that he pass the Civil Service Examination.

*c* Probationers—Keele, not passed; Dillon, passed.

Treasury, 11 March, 1874.

CHAS. PINHEY,  
Examiner.

## DEPARTMENTS OF THE TREASURY AND POST OFFICE.

## RETURN—Department of the Post Office.

Name.	Date of Appointment.	Present position.	Salary per annum.	Allowance in addition to Salary.
S. H. Lambton	6 Sept., 1852	Secretary	£ 650	} Nil.
C. Nightingale	1 May, 1852	Accountant	450	
W. Buchanan	6 May, 1852	Supt. Mail Branch	450	
J. Dalgarno	22 Oct., 1860	Chief Clerk	375	
A. A. Day	1 Jan., 1858	Cashier	375	
W. Ring	20 Jan., 1854	Clerk	300	
W. A. Abbott	16 Mar., 1859	do.	300	
B. C. Bradshaw	8 Feb., 1853	do.	300	
C. B. Cuttriss	21 Jan., 1858	do.	250	
E. T. Sayers	23 Mar., 1860	do.	250	
G. P. Unwin	9 May, 1861	do.	250	
J. T. M'Mahon	13 Mar., 1858	do.	250	
P. Goold	1 April, 1864	do.	250	
W. J. Davies	15 May, 1862	do.	250	
T. Y. Harle	10 Oct., 1862	do.	225	
J. Thompson	1 April, 1863	do.	225	
G. J. Ward	14 April, 1862	do.	200	
A. C. Button	17 July, 1857	do.	200	
G. Barnett	3 July, 1865	do.	200	
H. Gale	5 Dec., 1856	do.	200	
T. H. Balderstone	1 July, 1856	do.	200	
J. Clarke	13 Feb., 1866	do.	200	
R. H. Crackanthorp	5 May, 1865	do.	175	
W. E. Hope	26 June, 1865	do.	175	
H. Murdock	1 May, 1862	do.	175	
C. T. Crouch	17 Oct., 1867	do.	175	
A. Porter	4 Mar., 1858	do.	175	
C. Clarke	24 Sept., 1866	do.	175	
S. M. M. Dennis	1 June, 1868	do.	150	
W. B. Foster	14 Mar., 1868	do.	150	
R. R. Iredale	16 Mar., 1869	do.	150	
F. G. Davies	1 June, 1870	do.	150	
N. C. O'Neill	26 April, 1871	do.	150	
H. Evans	1 April, 1869	do.	132	
R. Edward (a)	1 Sept., 1872	do.	132	
E. S. Tribe (a)	26 April, 1871	do.	132	
J. G. Lackey (b)	26 April, 1871	do.	132	
C. J. Booty	8 Aug., 1870	do.	132	
A. J. Arndell (a)	1 Jan., 1873	do.	132	
A. J. Blake (a)	1 Jan., 1873	do.	100	
J. de B. Carr (b)	1 Feb., 1873	do.	100	
E. Lloyd (b)	1 Feb., 1873	do.	100	
J. H. Ross (a)	1 Aug., 1873	do.	100	
E. S. Flynn (b)	1 Aug., 1873	do.	100	
G. de Milhau	11 Oct., 1866	Postal Inspector	300	
V. Moyse	1 Jan., 1867	do.	300	

The officers marked (a) have passed the Civil Service Examination.

The officers marked (b) hold office on condition that they pass the Civil Service Examination.

RETURN showing the names of persons employed as Probationers, the dates upon which they entered the Service, and which of them have passed the Civil Service Examination.

Name.	Date of Appointment.	Remarks.
John Walsh	25 February, 1873	Has passed Examination.
P. Durkan	1 March, 1873	"
G. Read	14 January, 1874	"
T. Rigg	9 February, 1874	"
W. F. West	7 May, 1872	Has not passed Examination.
W. J. Gorman	20 November, 1872	"
J. Gibbons	22 April, 1872	"
R. L. Russell	1 August, 1873	"

General Post Office,  
11 March, 1874.

S. H. LAMBTON.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS.

(RETURNS RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 20 April, 1874.*

RETURN to an *Order* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 11 December, 1873, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ A Return showing,—

“ (1.) How many Clerks or Cadets in the Civil Service, including those temporarily employed, have presented themselves for examination in compliance with the Regulation in the *Government Gazette* of October 6th, 1871.

“ (2.) What number have passed the required examination.

“ (3.) How many are now employed who have failed to pass.

“ (4.) How many have been rejected more than once, specifying the number of times each candidate has failed.

“ (5.) How many have entered the Service since the notification in the *Gazette* (October 4th, 1871), temporarily or otherwise, who have not presented themselves for examination.”

(*Captain Onslow.*)

RETURN showing—

- (1.) How many Clerks or Cadets in the Civil Service, including those temporarily employed, have presented themselves for examination, in compliance with the Regulation in the *Government Gazette* of October 6th, 1871.
- (2.) What number have passed the required examination.
- (3.) How many are now employed who have failed to pass.
- (4.) How many have been rejected more than once, specifying the number of times each candidate has failed.
- (5.) How many have entered the Service since the notification in the *Gazette* (October 4th, 1871), temporarily or otherwise, who have not presented themselves for examination.

	(1.)	(2.)	(3.)	(4.)				(5.)
				Rejected more than once.				
				Twice.	3 times.	4 times.	Total.	
Departments under the control of the Colonial Secretary .....	14	11	3	1	2	...	3	3
"                    "          Colonial Treasurer .....	6	5	1	2	...	...	2	3
"                    "          Secretary for Lands .....	22	19	4	2	1	...	3	10
"                    "          Secretary for Public Works .....	15	15	None	1	...	1	2	5
"                    "          Postmaster General .....	14	8	6	4	1	...	5	5
"                    "          Minister of Justice and Public Instruction ...	2	1	1	...	...	...	None	6
Total .....	73	59	15	10	4	1	15	32

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 17 April, 1874.



1873.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1874 AND SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

(MESSAGE No. 4.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 15 October, 1873.*

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HERCULES ROBINSON,  
*Governor.*

*Message No. 4.*

In accordance with the provisions of the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends to the consideration of the Legislative Assembly the accompanying Estimates of the Expenditure of this Government for the year 1874, with Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure for 1873 and previous years.

*Government House,  
Sydney, 15th October, 1873.*

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ESTIMATES  
OF THE  
PROBABLE EXPENDITURE  
OF THE  
GOVERNMENT  
OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES,  
FOR THE YEAR  
1874.

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ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
15 OCTOBER, 1873.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873.

[3s.]



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**ABSTRACT of the Sums required to meet the Estimated Expenditure of the GOVERNMENT of NEW SOUTH WALES, for the Year 1874.**

I. SCHEDULES A, B, AND C, TO SCHEDULE 1, OF 18 & 19 VICTORIA, CAP. 54:—	Appropriated for 1873.	Required for 1874.
Provided by the Constitution Act ... ..	48,002 4 9	49,181 9 0
Provided by Colonial Acts ... ..	3,850 0 0	3,850 0 0
	51,852 4 9	53,031 9 0
Additional Expenditure ... ..	1,784 6 8	1,684 6 8
II. EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE ... ..	19,321 0 0	20,516 0 0
III. THE COLONIAL SECRETARY ... ..	553,754 15 4	566,724 0 0
IV. ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE ... ..	54,361 0 0	57,929 0 0
V. THE TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE	265,792 1 1	343,791 0 0
VI. THE SECRETARY FOR LANDS ... ..	165,090 0 0	204,983 0 0
VII. THE SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS—		
PUBLIC WORKS GENERALLY ... ..	417,537 8 3	522,198 0 0
RAILWAYS ... ..	235,244 0 0	260,146 0 0
APPROPRIATIONS OF 1872, WHICH LAPSED UNDER THE 17TH CLAUSE OF THE AUDIT ACT OF 1870 ... ..	74,761 14 10	.....
VIII. THE POSTMASTER GENERAL ... ..	164,389 0 0	197,836 0 0
	1,952,035 6 2	2,175,807 6 8
	£ 2,003,887 10 11	2,228,838 15 8

**SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS.**

	1873.	1874.
Interest on Debentures and Funded Stock ... ..	519,000 0 0	560,000 0 0
Towards the payment of Interest and extinction of the Railway Loan of 1867 (£1,000,000), 31 Vic. No. 11 ... ..	70,000 0 0	70,000 0 0
Interest on Treasury Bills ... ..	16,730 0 0	12,548 0 0
Drawbacks and Refund of Duties ... ..	35,000 0 0	35,000 0 0
Revenue and Receipts returned... ..	15,000 0 0	16,000 0 0
Charges on Collections ... ..	3,000 0 0	4,000 0 0
Endowment of the University of Sydney ... ..	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0
Endowment of the Australian Museum ... ..	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
Endowment of the Sydney Grammar School ... ..	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0
Endowment of the Affiliated Colléges ... ..	1,000 0 0	1,500 0 0
Endowments under the Municipalities Act ... ..	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0
Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates ... ..	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
Judges under the District Courts' Act ... ..	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0
Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint ... ..	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0
Pensions under the Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873 ... ..	.....	14,000 0 0
	709,230 0 0	762,548 0 0
TOTAL ... ..	£ 2,713,117 10 11	2,991,386 15 8





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NEW SOUTH WALES.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE

1874.

DETAILED.

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## I.

## Schedules A, B, and C, to Schedule I,

OF ACTS 18 &amp; 19 VICTORIA, CAPUT 54.

## SUMMARY.

		AMOUNT REQUIRING TO BE VOTED FOR 1874.	
		£	s. d.
SCHEDULE A:—			
Provided by the Schedule ... ..	19,050	0	0
Provided by Colonial Acts ... ..	3,850	0	0
	22,900	0	0
SCHEDULE B AND SUPPLEMENT ... ..			
Chargeable on the Schedule ... ..	11,304	15	8
	9,620	9	0
	1,684	6	8
SCHEDULE C:—			
Public Worship ... ..	20,511	0	0
	1,684	6	8
ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURE ... ..	£	1,684	6 8

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. I.—SCHEDULES.							PROVIDED IN SCHEDULE.	PROVIDED BY COLONIAL ACTS.
SCHEDULE A.							£	£
His Excellency the Governor	...	...	...	...	...	7,000	.....	
The Chief Justice	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	600	
Three Puisne Judges, at £2,000	...	...	...	...	...	3,000	3,000	
The Colonial Secretary	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	.....	
The Colonial Treasurer	...	...	...	...	...	1,250	250	
The Auditor General	...	...	...	...	...	900	.....	
The Attorney General	...	...	...	...	...	1,500	.....	
The Solicitor General	...	...	...	...	...	1,000	.....	
The Governor's Private Secretary	...	...	...	...	...	400	.....	
TOTAL	...	...	...	...	£	19,050	3,850	
<b>SCHEDULE B.</b>							AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
Pensions.								
To JUDGES, on their ceasing to hold office:—								
Sir Alfred Stephen, late Chief Justice	...	...	...	...	...	1,400		
Sir Roger Therry, late Puisne Judge	...	...	...	...	...	1,050		
Sir John Nodes Dickinson, do.	...	...	...	...	...	1,050	3,500	
To OFFICERS OF THE GOVERNMENT who, on political grounds, retired, or were released, from office, viz. :—								
Edward Deas Thomson, C.B., formerly Colonial Secretary	...	...	...	...	...	2,000		
Francis Lewis Shaw Merewether, formerly Auditor General	...	...	...	...	...	900		
Sir William Montagu Manning, Q.C., formerly Solicitor General	...	...	...	...	...	800	3,700	
To THE UNDERMENTIONED PENSIONERS, according to the Scale and Rates fixed by the Superannuation Act of the Imperial Parliament, 4 & 5 Gul. IV., cap. 24, viz. :—								
George Boyle White, late Surveyor	...	...	...	...	...	222 10 0		
James Larmer, do.	...	...	...	...	...	167 0 0		
John James Galloway, do.	...	...	...	...	...	143 19 9		
James Warner, late Assistant Surveyor	...	...	...	...	...	70 0 0		
William Charles Greville, late Clerk in Colonial Secretary's Office	...	...	...	...	...	366 13 4		
Colin Mackenzie, late Clerk in Supreme Court	...	...	...	...	...	35 10 0		
Osborne Homersham, late Clerk, Customs	...	...	...	...	...	40 0 0		
Robert Ormiston, late Clerk of Petty Sessions, Sydney	...	...	...	...	...	102 0 0		
William Sheridan Wall, late Curator, Australian Museum	...	...	...	...	...	73 9 6		
Mrs. Susannah Mileham, Widow of Surgeon Mileham	...	...	...	...	...	100 0 0		
Michael Doyle, late Messenger, Colonial Treasury	...	...	...	...	...	59 10 0		
Thomas Bevan, late Trooper, Mounted Police	...	...	...	...	...	9 2 6		
Carried forward	...	...	...	...	£	1,369 15 1	7,200	

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

7

## No. I.—SCHEDULES.

		AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£	£
<b>SCHEDULE B—continued.</b>			
Brought forward ... ..		.....	7,200 0 0
<b>Pensions—continued.</b>			
Brought forward ... ..		1,369 15 1	
Bryan Naughton, late Turnkey, Parramatta Gaol ... ..		12 10 0	
Edward Wilson, do. Penrith Police ... ..		14 18 3	
Thomas Henry Blackburn Venour, late Shipping Master, Sydney ... ..		116 1 2	
Frederick Garling, late Landing Surveyor, Customs ... ..		57 8 4	
David Nash, late Warehousekeeper, Customs ... ..		40 12 6	
John Bramwell, late Landing Waiter, do. ... ..		25 3 0	
J. G. N. Gibbes, late Collector of Customs ... ..		114 11 8	
John Moore Dillon, late Criminal Crown Solicitor ... ..		216 13 4	
Thomas Reilly, late Sergeant to Governor General's Orderlies ... ..		32 13 4	
William Wedge Darke, late Assistant Surveyor ... ..		153 0 11	
James Bean, late Messenger, Survey Department... ..		29 7 3	
Christopher McDonald, late Turnkey, Maitland Gaol ... ..		34 4 10	
David Moores, late Foreman, do. ... ..		48 12 2	
John Hayes, late Storehouseman, do. ... ..		44 8 0	
Hannah Pope, late Housekeeper in the Colonial Secretary's Office ... ..		22 17 6	
Ellen Delprado, late Housekeeper, Audit Office ... ..		39 11 8	
Hugh Roland Labatt, late Assistant Surveyor and Assistant Engineer, Harbours and Rivers Department ... ..		48 0 0	
			2,420 9 0
Provided by the Schedule ... ..		... .. £	9,620 9 0
<b>SUPPLEMENT TO SCHEDULE B.</b>			
Lady Forbes, Widow of the late Sir Francis Forbes, Chief Justice ... ..		200 0 0	
Lady Dowling, Widow of the late Sir James Dowling, Chief Justice ... ..		200 0 0	
Lady Mitchell, Widow of the late Sir Thomas Mitchell, Surveyor General ... ..		200 0 0	
Mrs. Anne Petrie, Daughter of the late Captain Flinders, R.N....		100 0 0	
Edward Robert Stack, late Master of the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney ... ..		133 6 8	
Mrs. Catherine Lovett, Widow of the late J. Lovett, Pilot, Newcastle ... ..		100 0 0	
Mrs. Eliza Milford, Widow of the late Mr. Justice Milford ... ..		200 0 0	
Mrs. Maria Bate Wise, Widow of the late Mr. Justice Wise ... ..		200 0 0	
Mrs. Margaret Edwards, Widow of the late Pilot Edwards ... ..		50 0 0	
Mrs. Julia Robinson, Widow of the late Pilot Robinson ... ..		150 0 0	
Mrs. Jane Reader, Widow of the late Pilot Reader ... ..		75 0 0	
Mrs. Smyth, late Assistant Courtkeeper, Supreme Court ... ..		26 0 0	
Mrs. Shanks, Widow of the late Pilot Shanks ... ..		50 0 0	
To BE VOTED ... ..	£		1,684 6 8
TOTAL ... ..	... .. £		11,304 15 8
<b>SCHEDULE C.</b>			
<b>Public Worship—</b>			
Church of England ... ..		11,436 10 0	
Presbyterian Church ... ..		1,702 0 0	
Wesleyan Methodist Church ... ..		1,372 10 0	
Roman Catholic Church ... ..		6,000 0 0	
			20,511 0 0



## II.

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# Executive and Legislative.

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### SUMMARY.

	Voted for 1873.	Required for 1874.
	£	£
His Excellency the Governor ... ..	1,590	1,640
Executive Council ... ..	728	828
Legislative Council ... ..	5,945	6,320
Legislative Assembly ... ..	8,343	8,838
Legislative Council and Assembly ... ..	1,285	1,460
Parliamentary Library ... ..	1,430	1,430
TOTAL... ..	£ 19,321	20,516

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.*

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.





ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. II.—EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.

No. of Persons.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
<b>Legislative Assembly.</b>									
1	1	Speaker ... ..				1,200		1,200	
1	1	Chairman of Committees ... ..				500		500	
1	1	Clerk of Assembly ... ..				800		800	
1	1	Clerk Assistant ... ..				600		600	
1	1	Second Clerk Assistant ... ..				400		500	
1	1	Sergeant-at-Arms ... ..				400		400	
1	1	Short-hand Writer ... ..				550		550	
1	1	Clerk of Records... ..				400		400	
1	1	Do. Select Committees ... ..				350		350	
1	1	Do. Printing Branch ... ..				300		300	
1	1	Copying Clerk ... ..				250		250	
1	1	Clerk in charge of Printed Papers ... ..				250		250	
1	1	Principal Messenger ... ..				150		175	
1	1	Do. Doorkeeper ... ..				120		120	
2	2	Assistant Messengers, at £120 and £110 ... ..				220		230	
							6,490		6,625
		Sessional Short-hand Writers ... ..				300		550	
		Extra Copying Clerks, at £163 and £150 ... ..				313		313	
		6 Extra Messengers, at £110 ... ..				550		660	
		Gas-light... ..				325		325	
		Sperm Candles ... ..				30		30	
		Expenses of Witnesses summoned before Select Com- mittees ... ..				100		100	
		Stationery, Stores, &c. ... ..				60		60	
		Postage ... ..				75		75	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..				100		100	
							1,853		2,213
16	16	TOTAL ... ..			£	.....	8,343	.....	8,838
<b>Legislative Council and Assembly.</b>									
1	1	Steward and Housekeeper ... ..				225		225	
1	1	Assistant Housekeeper ... ..				64		64	
1	1	Watchman ... ..				110		110	
1	1	House Servant ... ..				110		110	
1	1	Stable-man ... ..				110		110	
2	3	Female Servants, at £54... ..				108		162	
1	1	Cook ... ..				110		150	
3	3	Waiters, at £110... ..				330		330	
1	1	Scullery-maid ... ..				48		54	
							1,215		1,315
		Gas for two Lamps over Entrance Gates ... ..				20		20	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..				50		50	
		For occasional assistance during the Se-sion ... ..				.....		75	
							70		145
12	13	TOTAL ... ..			£	.....	1,285	.....	1,460
<b>Parliamentary Library.</b>									
1	1	Assistant Librarian ... ..				300		300	
1	1	Second Assistant Librarian ... ..				300		300	
1	1	Messenger ... ..				110		110	
							710		710
		Books and Periodicals ... ..				450		450	
		Periodicals, Newspapers, &c., for Council Reading-room... ..				100		100	
		Do. do. for Assembly Reading-room ... ..				100		100	
		Insurance of Books ... ..				45		45	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..				25		25	
							720		720
3	3	TOTAL ... ..			£	.....	1,430	.....	1,430



## III.

## Colonial Secretary.

## SUMMARY.

	Voted for 1873.	Required for 1874.
	£	£
Colonial Secretary ... ..	4,456	4,681
Permanent Military Force ... ..	9,952	10,157
Volunteers ... ..	15,674	17,974
Naval Brigade ... ..	4,901	5,076
Police ... ..	137,703	144,279
Petty Sessions ... ..	38,925	39,644
Prisons ... ..	59,621	60,314
Lunatic Asylums... ..	41,495	50,487
Medical Board ... ..	44	44
Medical Adviser, Vaccination, Medical Officers, &c. ... ..	7,745	7,745
Auditor General ... ..	5,825	5,825
Registrar General ... ..	13,545	12,745
Agent General for the Colony ... ..	1,500	2,250
Observatory ... ..	2,700	2,240
Museum ... ..	500	1,000
Public Instruction under Act 30 Victoria, No. 22 ... ..	120,000	120,000
Free Public Library ... ..	2,658	2,758
Grants in aid of Public Institutions ... ..	6,194	7,259
Industrial Schools ... ..	6,584	6,268
Reformatory for Girls, Biloela, Parramatta River ... ..	335	385
Charitable Institutions—Inspector of Public Charities ... ..	600	600
Protestant Orphan School ... ..	3,219	.....
Roman Catholic Orphan School... ..	4,180	.....
Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute ... ..	12,990	13,690
Charitable Allowances ... ..	35,561	37,003
Miscellaneous Services ... ..	16,797	14,300
<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>	<b>£ 553,754</b>	<b>566,724</b>

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.			
		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Colonial Secretary.</b>					
1	1	Colonial Secretary. (Provided in Schedule.)			
1	1	800		800	
1	1	550		600	
1	1	450		450	
1	1	350		350	
2	2	500		600	
1	1	225		275	
1	1	200		200	
1	1	175		175	
1	1	150		150	
1	1	125		150	
1	1	75		75	
1	1	50		50	
1	1	153		153	
1	1	150		150	
1	1	61		61	
1	1	92		92	
			4,106		4,331
		150		150	
		200		200	
			350		350
18	18	TOTAL ...		4,456	4,681

*a* Allowed Quarters. *b* Allowed Quarters, Fuel, and Light. Also Office-keeper, Executive Council Office, salary £18 per annum.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Permanent Military Force.</b>					
<b>GENERAL STAFF.</b>					
1	1	Commandant	600	600	
1	1	Brigade-Major	400	400	
1	1	Brigade Pay and Quartermaster	365	365	
			1,365		1,365
<b>REGIMENTAL OFFICERS.</b>					
<i>Artillery.</i>					
1	1	Major	385	385	
1	1	Captain	256	256	
2	2	Lieutenants, at £229	458	458	
1	1	Assistant Surgeon	248	248	
			1,347		1,347
<b>NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, TRUMPETERS, AND GUNNERS.</b>					
<i>Artillery.</i>					
1	1	Battery Sergeant-Major, at 5s. per diem	92	92	
7	7	Sergeants, at 4s. per diem	511	511	
4	4	Corporals, at 3s. 4d. per diem	244	244	
4	4	Bombardiers, at 3s. 2d. per diem	232	232	
2	3	Trumpeters, at 2s. 3d. per diem	83	124	
80	80	Gunners, at 2s. 3d. per diem	3,285	3,285	
			4,447		4,488
<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>					
Forage Allowance for Commandant, for two horses, } Brigade-Major, Brigade and Pay and Quartermaster, } at 2s. 6d. per diem each ... .. }					
Forage allowance for Officer Commanding, Officers } visiting outlying Batteries, two Lieutenants (in lieu } of quarters at Dawes' Battery), and one Staff Assis- } tant Surgeon, at 2s. 6d. per diem each ... .. }					
One-half allowance for Water-cart Horse, at 1s. 3d. } per diem ... .. }					
Uniforms for 99 Non-commissioned Officers, Trumpeters, } and Gunners, at £5 each (98 in 1873) ... .. }					
Gold Chevrons and Mountings for do. ... .. }					
124 Free Rations of Bread, Meat, and Groceries, &c., } at 6d. per diem each ... .. }					
			1,132	1,132	
			1,986		2,081
106	107	Carried forward	£ .....	9,145	9,281

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.			
		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Permanent Military Force—continued.</b>					
106	107	Brought forward ...	.....	9,145	..... 9,281
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>					
		Fuel and Light ...	200		200
		Hire of Horses for Field Guns ...	150		150
		Good conduct pay at 1d. per diem for 45 Non-commissioned Officers and Gunners ...	.....		69
		Incidental Expenses ...	250		250
		Extra Allowances for the performance of special duties by Non-commissioned Officers and Gunners:—			
		1 Assistant Clerk in Paymaster's Office, at 1s. per diem ...	19		19
		1 Orderly Room Clerk, at 6d. per diem ...	10		10
		1 Pay-Sergeant, at 6d. per diem ...	10		10
		1 Acting Quartermaster Sergeant, at 6d. per diem ...	10		10
		1 Hospital Cook, at 2d. per diem ...	4		4
		1 Hospital Wardsman, at 2d. per diem ...	4		4
		The Band Instructor ...	150		150
				807	876
106	107	TOTAL ...	£ .....	9,952	..... 10,157
<b>Volunteers.</b>					
<b>SALARIES.</b>					
<i>Permanent Staff.</i>					
1	1	Officer Instructor of Musketry ...	300		300
1	1	Brigade Clerk, at 9s. 6d. per diem (8s. 6d. in 1873) ...	146		174
1	1	Do. Assistant, at 7s. per diem ...	128		128
1	1	Clerk in Pay and Quartermaster's Office, at 8s. per diem ...	146		146
1	1	Quartermaster-Sergeant, at 9s. 6d. per diem (9s. in 1873) ...	165		174
2	2	Sergeants-Major, at 10s. per diem each ...	365		365
1	1	Artillery Instructor, at 3s. 6d. per diem ...	64		64
1	1	Musketry Sergeant, at 7s. per diem ...	128		128
14	15	Drill Instructors, at 7s. per diem ...	1,789		1,917
1	1	Armourer, at 7s. per diem ...	128		128
1	1	Assistant Armourer, at 5s. per diem ...	92		92
1	1	Bugle-Major and Messenger, at 7s. per diem ...	128		128
1	1	Marker in charge of Rifle Range, at 5s. per diem ...	183		183
1	1	Assistant Marker, at 5s. per diem ...			
1	1	Labourer in charge of Stores, at 5s. per diem ...	92		92
2	2	Labourers, Victoria Barracks, at 5s. per diem each ...	184		183
				4,038	4,202
<i>Regimental Staff.</i>					
3	2	Officers Commanding Artillery Brigade, and Sydney and Suburban Battalions of Rifles, at £100 per annum each ...	300		200
3	2	Adjutants, do. do., at £100 per annum each ...	300		200
...	1	Adjutant ...	.....		250
				600	650
37	37	Carried forward ...	£ .....	4,638	..... 4,852

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

17

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
		<b>Volunteers—continued.</b>			
37	37		4,638		4,852
		<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>			
		<i>Permanent Staff.</i>			
				64	
				450	
		400		100	
		105	505		614
		<i>Artillery.</i>			
				64	
		65		1,400	
		1,400	1,465		1,464
		<i>Rifles.</i>			
				129	
		129		64	
				4,050	
		3,750	3,879		4,243
		<i>Miscellaneous.</i>			
				150	
				350	
				250	
				500	
				450	
				80	
				150	
				100	
				200	
				16	
				16	
				2,000	
				75	
				350	
				610	
				45	
				300	
				180	
				974	
				2,591	
			5,187		6,801
37	37		15,674		17,974
		£			

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.			
1873	1874	SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Naval Brigade.</b>					
1	1	Captain Commanding, at 5s. per diem ... ..	92		92
1	1	Clerk and Accountant, at 3s. 6d. do. ... ..	64		64
1	1	Gunnery Instructor, Sydney ... ..	200		200
1	1	Do. Newcastle ... ..	52		52
6	6	Commander and Lieutenants, at 4s. per diem ... ..	438		438
5	5	Sub-Lieutenants, at 2s. per diem ... ..	183		183
1	1	Bugler and Bandmaster ... ..	50		75
10	10	Warrant Officers, at £18 each per annum ... ..	180		180
10	10	Petty Officers, at £15 each do. ... ..	150		150
200	200	A.B's., at £12 each do. ... ..	2,400		2,400
				3,809	3,834
		Signal and Torpedo Company ... ..	692		692
		Uniforms for Warrant and Petty Officers and A.B's of the Brigade... ..	250		300
		Incidental Expenses ... ..	150		250
				1,092	1,242
236	236	<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>	£ .....	<b>4,901</b>	<b>5,076</b>
<b>Police.</b>					
<b>GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.</b>					
1	1	Inspector General ... ..	800		800
1	1	Secretary and Superintendent ... ..	500		500
1	1	Accountant ... ..	300		300
1	1	Clerk ... ..	200		200
1	1	Do. ... ..	175		175
1	1	Do. ... ..	175		175
1	1	Do. ... ..	125		135
1	1	Office-keeper ... ..	25		25
8	8			2,300	2,310
<b>CONSTABULARY.</b>					
1	1	Superintendent ... ..	500		500
3	3	Superintendents, at £450 ... ..	1,350		1,350
1	1	Superintendent ... ..	400		450
5	5	Inspectors, at £300 ... ..	1,500		1,500
14	17	Sub-Inspectors, at £200 ... ..	2,800		3,400
40	37	Serjeants, 1st Class, at 9s. 6d. per diem... ..			
50	50	Serjeants, 2nd Class, at 8s. 3d. do. ... ..			
155	155	Senior Constables, at 7s. do. ... ..			
250	250	Constables, 1st Class, at 6s. 6d. do. ... ..	96,314		95,794
225	225	Ordinary Constables, at 6s. do. ... ..			
75	75	Probationary Constables, at 5s. do. ... ..			
20	20	Trackers, at 2s. 6d. do. ... ..			
839	839			102,864	102,994
847	847	<b>Carried forward ... ..</b>	£ .....	<b>105,164</b>	<b>105,304</b>



## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

19

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.		
						£		£		
		<b>Police—continued.</b>								
847	847	Brought forward ... ..				.....	105,164	.....	105,304	
		<b>DETECTIVES.</b>								
1	1	Clerk ... ..				225		225		
5	5	Detectives, 1st Class, at 10s. per diem ... ..				} 2,464		} 2,464		
5	5	Do. 2nd Class, at 9s. do. ... ..								
5	5	Do. 3rd Class, at 8s. do. ... ..								
16	16						2,689		2,689	
1	1	*Police Surgeon ... ..				a.....		a.....		
...	47	Additional Constables to comply with demands for additional Police protection both in Sydney and the Interior, viz., 30 at 6s., and 17 at 5s. per diem				.....		.....	4,836	
		<b>TOTAL SALARIES</b> ... .. £				.....	107,853		112,829	
		<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>								
		Allowance for Analytical Chemist ... ..				150		150		
		Allowance to Members of the Police Force, when absent from their Quarters on duty ... ..				3,200		3,500		
		Provisions for Prisoners in Lock-ups ... ..				1,100		1,000		
		Fuel, Light, and Water, to Lock-ups ... ..				1,600		1,600		
		Rent of Premises for Police purposes ... ..				2,500		3,000		
		Forage ... ..				13,500		13,500		
		Remount Horses ... ..				1,200		1,200		
		Shoeing, Veterinary Attendance, and Medicine ... ..				1,400		1,500		
		Medical Attendance ... ..				.....		a.....		
		Conveyance of Prisoners and Police ... ..				3,500		4,000		
		Fencing Paddocks ... ..				500		500		
		Incidental Expenses—Repairs to Arms, Saddlery, and Carts; and for destroying Dogs ... ..				1,200		1,500		
							29,850		31,450	
864	911	<b>TOTAL</b> ... .. £				.....	137,703	.....	144,279	

\* Also Vaccinator, Sydney—Salary, £228 per annum.

a See Medical Vote, page 38.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				
No. of Persons.		Petty Sessions.	SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
		<i>Sydney.</i>		
		<i>Central Police Office.</i>		
		Police Magistrate ... ..	£ 600	£ 600
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)...	500	500
1	1	Clerk ... ..	350	350
1	1	Do. ... ..	250	250
1	1	Do. ... ..	185	185
1	1	Do. ... ..	175	175
1	1	Do. ... ..	125	125
1	1	Do. ... ..	105	105
1	1	Messenger and Office-keeper ... ..	96	96
1	1	Office-keeper ... ..	25	25
			2,411	2,411
		<i>Water Police Office.</i>		
1	1	Police Magistrate... ..	600	600
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)...	400	400
1	1	Clerk ... ..	250	300
1	1	Do. ... ..	225	250
1	1	Do. ... ..	150	185
1	1	Do. ... ..	100	175
1	1	Messenger ... ..	50	50
1	1	Office-keeper ... ..	25	25
			1,800	1,985
		<i>Adelong.</i>		
		(See Tumut.)		
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....*
		<i>Albury.</i>		
1	1	Police Magistrate to visit Howlong and Ten-mile Creek	450	450
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175
			625	625
		<i>Armidale.</i>		
		(See New England.)		
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (also Acting C.P.S. at Uralla)	175	175
			175	175
		<i>Araluen.</i>		
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	375	375
			375	375
		<i>Ashford.</i>		
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....†
		<i>Bathurst.</i>		
		(See Macquarie.)		
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)...	175	175
1	1	Assistant do ... ..	75	75
1	1	Messenger and Court-keeper ... ..	50	50
			300	300
		<i>Balranald.</i>		
1	1	(a) Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Euston and Moulamein) ... ..	175	175
			175	175
		<i>Ballina.</i>		
		(See Richmond.)		
...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....†
		<i>Barraba.</i>		
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....†
		<i>Berrima.</i>		
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions...	275	275
			275	275
		<i>Bendemeer.</i>		
		(See New England.)		
1	1	Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	50	50
			50	50
		<i>Bega.</i>		
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175
			175	175
29	29	Carried forward ... ..	£ ..... 6,361	..... 6,546

\* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Allowance of £5. See Contingencies.

(a) Allowance of £25, from Contingencies, for visiting Moulamein.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.		
			£		£		
		<b>Petty Sessions—continued.</b>					
29	29	Brought forward ... ..	.....	6,361	.....	6,546	
...	...	<i>Binalong.</i> Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*		.....*		
...	...	<i>Biree.</i> (See Walgett.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	.....*		.....*		
1	1	<i>Boat Harbour—(Bellinger River.)</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Nambucca) ... ..	200	200	200	200	
...	...	<i>Bogabri.</i> Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....*		
1	1	<i>Bourke.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Breewarrina, Eringunna, and Gongolgon) ... ..	500		500		
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	675	175	675	
1	1	<i>Bombala.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175	175	175	175	
...	...	<i>Pooligal.</i> (See Hay.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†		
1	1	<i>Braidwood.</i> (See Queanbeyan) Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175	175	175	
...	...	<i>Breewarrina.</i> (See Bourke.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†		
...	...	<i>Broughton Creek.</i> Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	.....†		.....†		
1	1	<i>Bundarra.</i> (See New England.) Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions .. ..	50	50	.....*		
1	1	<i>Burrowa.</i> (See Young) Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175	175	175	175	
...	...	<i>Bungendore.</i> (See Queanbeyan.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†		
...	...	<i>Bingera.</i> (See Warialda.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†		
1	1	<i>Bulladelah.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	175	175	175	175	
...	...	<i>Buckley's Crossing.</i> (See Cooma.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....*		
...	1	<i>Bushmans.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		175	175	
...	...	<i>b Cannonbar.</i> Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†		
1	1	<i>Carcoar.</i> (See Orange.) Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175	175	225	225	
38	39	Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	8,161	.....	8,521	

\* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies. † Allowance of £5. See Contingencies.  
 ‡ Sub-Inspector of Police, Dubbo (a Magistrate) visits Cannonbar, Obley, and Warren.

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.					
		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.			
		£		£			
<b>Petty Sessions—continued.</b>							
38	39	Brought forward		.....	8,161	.....	8,521
1	1	<i>Casino.</i> (See Richmond River.) Clerk of Petty Sessions		175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Camden.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions (visits Picton)		175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Cassilis.</i> (See Upper Hunter.) Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)		175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Campbelltown.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions		175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Clarence Town.</i> Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions		.....*	.....*	.....*	.....*
1	1	<i>Cooma.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Nimitybelle, Seymour, Kiandra, and Buckley's Crossing)		450	450	450	450
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions		175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Corowa.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)		175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Cowra.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions		175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Coonabarabran.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Coonamble and Denison)		275	275	275	275
1	1	<i>Coonamble.</i> (See Coonabarabran.) Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)		175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Collector.</i> (See Goulburn.) Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions		50	50	50	50
...	...	<i>Cootamundry.</i> (See Gundagai.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions		.....†	.....†	.....†	.....†
...	...	<i>Conargo.</i> (See Deniliquin.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions		.....†	.....†	.....†	.....†
...	...	<i>Condobolin.</i> (See Lachlan.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions		.....†	.....†	.....†	.....†
...	...	<i>Cundletown.</i> Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions		.....†	.....†	.....†	.....†
...	...	<i>Curragong.</i> Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions		.....	.....	.....*	.....*
50	51	Carried forward		£ .....	10,336	.....	10,696

\* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Allowance of £5. See Contingencies.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

23

## No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
			£		£	
		<b>Petty Sessions—continued.</b>				
50	51	Brought forward ... ..	.....	10,336	.....	10,696
...	...	<i>Dandaloo.</i> Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
1	1	<i>Deniliquin.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Conargo and Jerilderie) ... ..	450		450	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				625		625
...	...	<i>Denison.</i> (See Coonabarabran.) Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
...	...	<i>Drake.</i> Police to Act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....*	
1	1	<i>Dungog.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				175		175
1	1	<i>Dubbo and Molong.</i> Police Magistrate. (Visiting Cannonbar, Obley, and Warren.) ... ..	380		400	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				555		575
1	1	<i>Eden.</i> Police Magistrate, also Sub-Collector of Customs, with a salary, as such, of £300 per annum ... ..	150		150	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				325		325
...	...	<i>Ellalong.</i> (See Wollombi.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....		.....*	
...	...	<i>Eringunnia.</i> (See Bourke.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
...	...	<i>Euston.</i> (See Balranald.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*		.....*	
1	1	<i>Forbes.</i> (See Lachlan.) Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				175		175
1	1	<i>Glen Innes.</i> (See Tenterfield.) Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				175		175
...	...	<i>Gongolgon.</i> (See Bourke.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
...	...	<i>Goodooga.</i> Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	.....		.....*	
1	1	<i>Goulburn.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Collector and Gunning) ... ..	500		500	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175		175	
1	1	Do. Assistant ... ..	70		70	
				745		745
1	1	<i>Gosford.</i> Police Magistrate ... ..	300		300	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)... ..	175		175	
				475		475
1	1	<i>Grenfell.</i> (See Lachlan.) Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				175		175
65	66	Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	13,761	.....	14,141

\* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Allowance of £5. See Contingencies.

		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				
No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.		
		£		£		
		<b>Petty Sessions—continued.</b>				
65	66	Brought forward ... ..	£ .....	13,761	£ .....	14,141
		<i>Grafton.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Lawrence) ... ..	450		450	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175		175	
1	1	Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	50		50	
		<i>Gulgong.</i>		675		675
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (Gold Commissioner) ... ..	450		450	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
		<i>Gundagai.</i>		625		625
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Cootamundry) ... ..	450		450	
		<i>Gunnedah.</i>		450		450
		(See Tamworth.)				
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
		<i>Gunning.</i>		175		175
		(See Goulburn.)				
1	1	Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	50		50	
		<i>Gundaroo.</i>		50		50
		(See Queanbeyan.)				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Hartley.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Rydal) ... ..	325		325	
		<i>Hargraves.</i>		325		325
		(See Tambaroora.)				
...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Hay.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate (to visit Maude and Booligal) ... ..	450		450	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
		<i>Hawlong.</i>		625		625
		(See Albury.)				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Inverell.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate ... ..	350		350	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	125		125	
		<i>Jerilderie.</i>		475		475
...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Kiama.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
		<i>Kiandra.</i>		175		175
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*		.....*	
		<i>Lachlan.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate for Forbes, Condobolin, and Grenfell	450		450	
		<i>Lawrence.</i>		450		450
		(See Grafton.)				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Lismore.</i>				
		(See Richmond.)				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Liverpool.</i>				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*		.....*	
		<i>Macquarie.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate for Bathurst, Rockley, and Oberon..	500		500	
		<i>Maitland.</i>		500		500
1	1	Police Magistrate, East and West Maitland, Morpeth, Singleton, and Paterson ... ..	500		500	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	225		225	
1	1	Assistant do. ... ..	50		50	
1	1	Messenger ... ..	50		50	
				825		825
85	86	Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	19,111	£ .....	19,491

\* Allowance of £10 from Contingencies.

† Allowance of £5 from Contingencies.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
			£		£	
		<b>Petty Sessions—continued.</b>				
85	86	Brought forward ... ..	.....	19,111	.....	19,491
		<i>Maude.</i>				
		(See Hay.)				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Macleay.</i>				
		(Kempsey.)				
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	175	175	175	175
		<i>Menindoo.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	350	350	350	350
		<i>Merrima.</i>				
		(See Upper Hunter.)				
...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*		.....*	
		<i>Moree.</i>				
		(See Warialda.)				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Moruya.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Nelligen and Nerrigundah)	450		450	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				625		625
		<i>Mcama.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	275	275	275	275
		<i>Molong.</i>				
		(See Dubbo.)				
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175	175	175
		<i>Moulamein.</i>				
		(See Balranald.)				
...	...	Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*		.....*	
		<i>Mudgee.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate (visiting Windeyer) ... ..	428		428	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175		175	
				603		603
		<i>Mulwala.</i>				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Muswellbrook.</i>				
		(See Upper Hunter.)				
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175	175	175
		<i>Murrurundi.</i>				
		(See Upper Hunter.)				
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)... ..	175	175	175	175
		<i>Murrumburrah.</i>				
		(See Young.)				
...	...	Police acting as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Nambucca.</i>				
		(See Boat Harbour.)				
		<i>Narandara.</i>				
		(See Wagga Wagga.)				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
		<i>Narrabri.</i>				
1	1	Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visits Wee Waa) ... ..	370	370	370	370
		<i>Nelligen.</i>				
		(See Moruya.)				
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†		.....†	
96	97	Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	22,034	.....	22,414

\* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Allowance of £5. See Contingencies.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.											
No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.									
1873	1874	Petty Sessions—continued.						Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
96	97							£		£	
		Brought forward ... ..						.....	22,034	.....	22,414
		<i>Newcastle.</i>									
1	1	Police Magistrate... ..						500		500	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						175		175	
1	1	Assistant Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						125		125	
1	1	Messenger ... ..						40		40	
									840		840
		<i>New England.</i>									
...	...	Police Magistrate (Gold Commissioner†), visiting Armidale, Bendemeer, Bundarra, Uralla, and Walcha ... ..						.....†		.....†	
		<i>Nerrigundah.</i> (See Moruya.)									
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						.....†		.....†	
		<i>Nimitybelle.</i> (See Cooma.)									
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						.....†		.....†	
		<i>Nowra (Shoalhaven).</i>									
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						175		175	
									175		175
		<i>Nundle.</i> (See Tamworth.)									
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						.....†		.....†	
		<i>Oberon.</i> (See Macquarie.)									
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						.....*		.....*	
		<i>Orange.</i>									
1	1	Police Magistrate visiting Carcoar ... ..						450		450	
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						175		175	
									625		625
		<i>Obley.</i> (See Cannonbar.)									
...	...	Police acting as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						.....†		.....†	
		<i>Panbula.</i>									
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						.....†		.....†	
		<i>Paterson.</i> (See Maitland.)									
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						175		175	
									175		175
		<i>Parramatta</i>									
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)... ..						175		175	
									175		175
		<i>Penrith.</i>									
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)... ..						175		175	
									175		175
		<i>Picton.</i> (See Camden.)									
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						10		10	
									10		10
		<i>Port Macquarie.</i>									
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..						175		175	
									175		175
		<i>Pooncaira.</i> (See Wentworth.)									
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..						.....†		.....†	
108	109	Carried forward ... ..						£ .....	24,384	.....	24,764

\* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Allowance of £5. See Contingencies.

‡ Provided for on Estimate of Lands Department.





No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.			
1873	1874	SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
		<b>Petty Sessions—continued.</b>			
124	125	Brought forward ... ..	28,684	.....	29,064
...	...	<i>Tocumwal.</i> Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....†	
...	...	<i>Toogong.</i> Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....†	
1	1	<i>Tuena.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Trunkey) ... ..	261	275	275
		<i>Trunkey.</i> (See Tuena.) Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....*	
1	1	<i>Tumut.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Adelong and Tumberumba) ... ..	450	450	450
1	1	<i>Tumberumba.</i> (See Tumut.) Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Tweed.</i> (See Richmond.) Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Ulladulla.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Upper Hunter.</i> Police Magistrate, Scone, Muswellbrook, Murrurundi, Merriwa, and Cassilis ... ..	450	450	450
1	1	<i>Uralla.</i> (See New England.) Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions (also Clerk of Petty Sessions at Armidale) ... ..	50	50	50
...	...	<i>Urana.</i> (See Wagga Wagga.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....†	
1	1	<i>Wagga Wagga.</i> Police Magistrate (visiting Urana and Narrandara) ... ..	450	450	450
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175	175	175
			625		625
1	1	<i>Warialda.</i> Police Magistrate ... ..	400	400	400
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Walgett.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Biree) ... ..	350	350	350
1	1	<i>Walcha.</i> (See New England.) Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175	175
...	1	<i>Waratah, Lambton, New Lambton, Wallsend, and Hamilton.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....	325	325
...	...	<i>Warren.</i> (See Cannonbar.) Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....†	
1	...	<i>Wallabadah.</i> Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	100	.....*	.....
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....	.....*	.....
			100		.....
...	...	<i>Wee Waa.</i> (See Narrabri.) Police Acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....†	.....†	
1	1	<i>Wellington.</i> Police Magistrate to visit Stony Creek ... ..	450	450	450
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175	175	175
			625		625
140	141	Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	32,870	.....
				.....	33,489

\* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Allowance of £5. See Contingencies.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.						
No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.		
		£		£		
<b>Petty Sessions—continued.</b>						
140	141	Brought forward ... ..	.....	32,870	.....	33,489
1	1	<i>Wentworth.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting Pooncaira) ... ..	400	400	400	400
1	1	<i>Wingham.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate) ... ..	175	175	175	175
...	...	<i>Windeyer.</i> (See Mudgee.) Police acting Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....*	.....*	.....*
1	1	<i>Windsor.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175	175	175
...	...	<i>Wilcannia.</i> Police Magistrate (Commissioner of Crown Lands, Albert District)† ... ..	.....†	.....†	.....†	.....†
...	...	Police to act as Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	.....*	.....*	.....*	.....*
1	1	<i>Wollombi.</i> Police Magistrate and Clerk of Petty Sessions (visiting St. Albans and Ellalong) ... ..	300	300	300	300
1	1	<i>Wollongong.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)... ..	175	175	175	175
1	1	<i>Yass.</i> Clerk of Petty Sessions (a Magistrate)... ..	175	175	175	175
...	...	<i>Young.</i> Police Magistrate (Gold Commissioner†), visiting Burrowa and Murrumburrah ... ..	.....†	.....†	.....†	.....†
1	1	Clerk of Petty Sessions ... ..	175	175	175	175
				34,445		35,064
<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>						
		Travelling Expenses of Police Magistrates ... ..	1,500		1,500	
		Inspector of Weights and Measures, Central Police Office	200		200	
		Allowances to Court House Keepers ... ..	850		850	
		Fees to Interpreters ... ..	150		150	
		Rent of Court Houses ... ..	350		350	
		Fuel, Light, and Water ... ..	400		400	
		Bailiffs, Small Debts Courts ... ..	100		100	
		Allowances to Police acting as Clerks of Petty Sessions	400		500	
		Allowance for Travelling Expenses to the Acting C.P.S., Gunning and Collector ... ..	30		30	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..	500		500	
				4,480		4,580
147	148	<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>	£ .....	38,925	.....	39,644

\* Allowance of £10. See Contingencies.

† Allowance of £5. See Contingencies.

‡ Provided for on Estimate of Lands Department.

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
<b>Prisons.</b>									
...	1	Comptroller General of Prisons...	...	...	...	.....		800	
1	1	Chief Clerk ... ..	...	...	...	300		350	
1	1	Accountant ... ..	...	...	...	150		200	
1	1	Clerk ... ..	...	...	...	175		175	
1	1	Do. ... ..	...	...	...	100		125	
...	1	Messenger ... ..	...	...	...	.....		120	
CONTINGENCIES.							†725		1,770
		Travelling Expenses ... ..	...	...	...	.....		150	
4	6						725		1,920
<b>SYDNEY GAOL.</b>									
1	1	Principal Gaoler ... ..	...	...	...	400		400	
1	1	Visiting Justice ... ..	...	...	...	200		200	
...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
...	...	Dispenser ... ..	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
1	1	Clerk ... ..	...	...	...	230		250	
1	1	Do. ... ..	...	...	...	120		140	
1	1	Schoolmaster ... ..	...	...	...	200		200	
...	...	Chief Warder ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Senior Warder ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Warders in charge ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Warders ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Do. ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Overseer ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Overseers ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Messenger ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
1	1	Matron ... ..	...	...	...	100		125	
...	...	Female Warders ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ... ..	...	...	...	120		120	
1	1	Do. Roman Catholic ... ..	...	...	...	120		120	
1	1	Do. Presbyterian ... ..	...	...	...	50		50	
9	9						1,540		1,605
<b>PARRAMATTA GAOL.</b>									
1	1	Visiting Justice ... ..	...	...	...	100		100	
1	1	Gaoler ... ..	...	...	...	250		250	
1	1	Matron ... ..	...	...	...	20		20	
...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
1	1	Schoolmaster and Storekeeper ... ..	...	...	...	200		200	
1	1	Clerk ... ..	...	...	...	120		150	
...	...	Dispenser ... ..	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
...	...	Chief Warder ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Senior Warder ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Warders ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Trade Overseers ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ... ..	...	...	...	40		40	
1	1	Do. Roman Catholic ... ..	...	...	...	40		40	
...	...	Messenger ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Carter ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
7	7						770		800
<b>BATHURST GAOL.</b>									
1	1	Gaoler ... ..	...	...	...	175		175	
1	1	Matron ... ..	...	...	...	42		42	
...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster ... ..	...	...	...	128		128	
...	...	Chief Warder ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Warders ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Female Warder ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ... ..	...	...	...	30		30	
1	1	Do. Roman Catholic ... ..	...	...	...	30		30	
5	5						405		405
25	27	Carried forward ... ..				£	3,440	.....	4,730

\* See Gaols generally.      <sup>a</sup> See Medical Vote.  
† These salaries were voted for 1873, under the Sheriff's Department.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874			Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
				£	£
		Prisons—continued.			
25	27	Brought forward ... ..		3,440	4,730
		MAITLAND GAOL.			
1	1	Gaoler ... ..		175	200
1	1	Matron ... ..		42	42
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...		a	a
1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster ...		140	140
...	...	Chief Warder ... ..		*	*
...	...	Senior Warder ... ..		*	*
...	...	Warders ... ..		*	*
...	...	Female Warders ... ..		*	*
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ...		30	30
1	1	Do. Roman Catholic ... ..		30	30
5	5			417	442
		GOULBURN GAOL.			
1	1	Gaoler ... ..		175	175
1	1	Matron ... ..		42	42
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...		a	a
1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster ...		128	128
...	...	Chief Warder ... ..		*	*
...	...	Warders ... ..		*	*
...	...	Female Warder ... ..		*	*
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ...		30	30
1	1	Do. Roman Catholic ... ..		30	30
5	5			405	405
		BERRIMA GAOL.			
1	1	Visiting Justice ... ..		75	75
1	1	Gaoler ... ..		200	200
1	1	Matron ... ..		42	42
...	...	Visiting Surgeon and Dispenser...		a	a
1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster ...		150	150
...	...	Chief Warder ... ..		*	*
...	...	Senior Warder ... ..		*	*
...	...	Warders ... ..		*	*
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ...		100	100
1	1	Do. Roman Catholic ... ..		100	100
6	6			667	667
		ALBURY GAOL.			
1	1	Gaoler ... ..		140	140
1	1	Matron ... ..		20	20
...	...	Warders ... ..		*	*
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...		a	a
2	2			160	160
43	45	Carried forward ... ..		5,089	6,404

\* See Gaols generally.

a See Medical Vote.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.													
No. of Persons.										SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874									Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
										£		£	
Prisons—continued.													
43	45	Brought forward ... ..								5,089		6,401	
BRAIDWOOD GAOL.													
1	1	Gaoler ... ..							140		140		
1	1	Matron ... ..							20		20		
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...							..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>		
...	...	Warders ... ..							.....*		.....*		
										160		160	
2	2												
MUDGEE GAOL.													
1	1	Gaoler ... ..							140		140		
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...							..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>		
1	1	Matron ... ..							20		20		
...	...	Warders ... ..							.....*		.....*		
										160		160	
2	2												
WOLLONGONG GAOL.													
1	1	Gaoler ... ..							140		140		
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...							..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>		
1	1	Matron ... ..							20		20		
...	...	Warders ... ..							.....*		.....*		
										160		160	
2	2												
ARMIDALE GAOL.													
1	1	Gaoler ... ..							140		140		
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...							..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>		
1	1	Matron ... ..							20		20		
...	...	Warders ... ..							.....*		.....*		
										160		160	
2	2												
WAGGA WAGGA GAOL.													
1	1	Gaoler ... ..							140		140		
...	...	Visiting Surgeon ..							..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>		
1	1	Matron ... ..							20		20		
...	...	Warders ... ..							.....*		.....*		
										160		160	
2	2												
53	55	Carried forward ... ..								£	5,889		7,204

\* See Gaols generally.      <sup>a</sup> See Medical Vote.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
Prisons—continued.									
53	55	Brought forward ... ..				.....	5,889	.....	7,204
YASS GAOL.									
1	1	Gaoler ... ..	...	...	...	140		140	
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
1	1	Matron ... ..	...	...	...	30		30	
...	...	Warders ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
							170		170
DENILQUIN GAOL.									
1	1	Gaoler ... ..	...	...	...	140		140	
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
1	1	Matron ... ..	...	...	...	20		20	
...	...	Warders ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
							160		160
PORT MACQUARIE GAOL.									
1	1	Visiting Justice ... ..	...	...	...	50		50	
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
1	1	Gaoler ... ..	...	...	...	175		175	
1	1	Matron ... ..	...	...	...	42		42	
1	1	Clerk and Schoolmaster ... ..	...	...	...	128		128	
...	...	Chief Warder ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
...	...	Warders ... ..	...	...	...	.....*		.....*	
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ... ..	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	Do. Roman Catholic ... ..	...	...	...	50		50	
							495		495
COOMA GAOL.									
1	1	Gaoler ... ..	...	...	...	175		175	
1	1	Matron ... ..	...	...	...	42		42	
...	...	Visiting Surgeon...	...	...	...	..... <sup>a</sup>		..... <sup>a</sup>	
							217		217
POLICE GAOLS, COUNTRY DISTRICTS.									
21	21	Acting Gaolers, 13 at £20, 8 at £10 ... ..				340		340	
20	20	Acting Matrons, 12 at £10; 8 at £5 ... ..				160		160	
							500		500
41	41								
106	108	Carried forward ... ..				£ .....	7,431	.....	8,746

\* See Gaols generally.

<sup>a</sup> See Medical Vote.

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.					
		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.					
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.			
		£		£			
<b>Prisons—continued.</b>							
106	108		Brought forward	.....	7,431	.....	8,746
<b>GAOLS, GENERALLY.</b>							
1	1		Chief Warder	200		200	
1	1		Do.	146		146	
6	6		Chief Warders, at 7s. 6d. per diem	822		822	
2	2		Senior Warders, 1st Class, at 7s. 6d. do.	274		274	
2	2		Do. 2nd Class, at 7s. 3d. do.	265		265	
8	10		Warders, 1st Class, at 7s. do.	1,022		1,278	
12	12		Do. 2nd Class, at 6s. 9d. do.	1,479		1,479	
164	162		Do. 3rd Class, at 6s. 6d. do.	19,455		19,218	
...	1		Principal Female Warder	.....		75	
10	10		Female Warders,—1 at £55, and 9 at £46	460		469	
...	1		Overseer in charge	.....		225	
2	2		Overseers, at £200	400		400	
3	3		Do at £150	450		450	
6	6		Do. at 10s. per diem	1,095		1,095	
3	3		Foremen, at 7s. 6d. do.	411		411	
1	1		Messenger, at 6s. 6d. do.	119		119	
1	1		Do. at 5s. do.	92		92	
1	1		Carter, at 6s. do	110		110	
			Extra Warders, at 6s. do.	500		500	
					27,300		27,628
223	225						
			Books for Prison Libraries	150		150	
			For conveyance of Prisoners	1,000		1,000	
			For gratuities to Prisoners on their discharge from Gaols	1,000		1,000	
			For purchase of materials for, and incidental expenses connected with, employment of Prisoners in Gaols.	4,000		4,000	
			Photography in Prisons	100		150	
			Unforeseen expenses, including travelling expenses and sustenance allowance to Gaol Officers	200		200	
			Provisions, Medical Comforts, Medicines, and Surgical Instruments, Fuel, Light, and Water, Incidental Expenses, Removal of Night-soil, and Allowance, in lieu of Quarters, for all Gaols and Lock-ups proclaimed Gaols	18,300		17,300	
			Rent of Office	140		140	
					24,890		23,940
329	333		<b>TOTAL</b>	.....	59,621	.....	60,314



ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
			£		£	
		<b>Lunatic Asylums.</b>				
		<b>BOARD OF VISITORS.</b>				
		Allowances ... ..	300		300	
		Clerical Assistance ... ..	50		50	
				350	350	
		<b>HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE, GLADESVILLE.*</b>				
1	1	Medical Superintendent and Inspector of the Insane ...	800		800	
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ... ..	50		50	
1	1	Do. Roman Catholic ... ..	50		50	
1	1	Assistant Medical Officer ... ..	300		300	
1	1	Assistant Superintendent ... ..	200		200	
1	1	Clerk to Inspector of Insane ... ..	100		100	
1	1	Dispenser... ..	130		130	
1	1	Matron ... ..	120		120	
1	1	Chief Attendant ... ..	120		120	
1	1	Artisan Attendant ... ..	130		130	
2	3	Artisan Attendants, at 5s. 6d. per diem ... ..	200		300	
1	1	Workwoman ... ..	60		60	
1	1	Grounds Attendant ... ..	80		80	
6	6	Senior Male Attendants, at £84 ... ..	504		504	
10	10	Senior do. at £72 ... ..	720		720	
10	10	Junior do. at £66 ... ..	660		660	
6	6	Senior Female Attendants, at £50 ... ..	300		300	
19	19	Junior do. at £46 ... ..	874		874	
13	13	Servants—1 at £80; 1 at £72; 2 at £66; 3 at £60; 2 at £50; 1 at £46; 2 at £45; and 1. at £35 ...	730		735	
			6,128		6,233	
		Allowance in lieu of Provisions, Fuel, and Light, to the Superintendent, Assistant Medical Officer, and Assistant Superintendent, at £45 each ... ..	135		135	
		Engine-drivers and Fuel... ..	350		350	
		Provisions, Medical Comforts, Fuel, Light, and Forage for two Horses ... ..	9,400		8,600	
		Medicines and Surgical Instruments ... ..	150		150	
		Books and Periodicals ... ..	100		100	
		To provide Amusement for Inmates ... ..	100		100	
		House Rent for the Assistant Superintendent ... ..	35		35	
		Allowance for Uniform Clothing ... ..	220		300	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..	400		400	
			10,890	17,018	10,170	
78	79	Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	17,368	.....	
					16,403	
					16,753	

\* The Officers residing in the Establishment are provided with Provisions, Fuel, and Light.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.					
No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
78	79	£		£	
<b>Lunatic Asylums—continued.</b>					
		Brought forward ... ..			
		.....	17,368	.....	16,753
PARRAMATTA.					
1	1	Medical Superintendent ... ..	600	600	
1	1	Assistant Superintendent ... ..	220	270	
...	...	Medical Visitor ... ..	..... <sup>a</sup>	..... <sup>a</sup>	
1	1	Assistant Clerk ... ..	80	110	
1	1	Matron ... ..	100	120	
1	1	Dispenser... ..	140	140	
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ... ..	50	50	
1	1	Do, Roman Catholic ... ..	50	50	
1	1	Master Attendant ... ..	150	150	
39	39	Male Attendants—3 at £90; 5 at £84; and 131 at £66	2,736	2,736	
19	19	Female Attendants—3 at £50; and 16 at £46	886	886	
19	...	Servants—2 at £78; 2 at £66; 1 at £50; 1 at £40 per annum; and 13 at 9d. each, per diem... ..	562	.....	
...	19	Servants—2 at £80; 2 at £66; 1 at £50; 1 at £46 per annum; and 13 at 9d. each per diem ... ..	.....	566	
1	1	Carpenter ... ..	100	100	
1	1	Baker ... ..	66	66	
1	1	Farm Overseer ... ..	66	66	
1	1	Gardener ... ..	52	52	
1	1	Machinist... ..	52	60	
1	1	Tailor ... ..	100	100	
...	1	Engine-driver, at 8s. per diem ... ..	.....	126	
			6,010	6,248	
		Allowance in lieu of Provisions, Fuel, and Light, to the Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent at £45 each ... ..	90	90	
		Provisions, Medical Comforts, Medicines, Surgical Instru- ments, Fuel and Light, and Contingent Expenses	10,000	10,800	
		Forage for three Horses ... ..	90	90	
		Books, Periodicals, and Newspapers ... ..	100	100	
		To provide Amusement for Inmates ... ..	100	100	
		Uniform for Attendants ... ..	280	280	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..	100	400	
		Fuel for Steam Laundry... ..	.....	150	
91	92		10,760	12,010	
LUNATIC RECEPTION-HOUSE, DARLINGHURST.					
1	1	Superintendent ... ..	140	140	
1	1	Matron ... ..	60	60	
...	...	Medical Visitor ... ..	..... <sup>a</sup>	..... <sup>a</sup>	
2	2	Male Attendants, at £72 ... ..	132	144	
2	2	Female Attendants, at £46 ... ..	92	92	
6	6		424	436	
		Clerical Assistance ... ..	50	50	
		Occasional additional Attendants when required, at 5s. per diem ... ..	50	60	
		Provisions for Patients ... ..	90	90	
		Provisions for Attendants ... ..	60	60	
		Medicines and Medical Comforts ... ..	25	20	
		Fuel and Light ... ..	80	80	
		Bedding and Stores ... ..	40	40	
		Uniform Clothing for Attendants ... ..	30	30	
		Transferring Patients to Asylums ... ..	80	90	
		Fees for certifying Sanity of Patients ... ..	20	25	
		Allowance to Gaol Messenger employed as Messenger... ..	10	10	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..	10	10	
			545	565	
			969	1,001	
175	177	Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	35,107	36,012

<sup>a</sup> See Medical Vote.

NOTE.—The Officers residing in the Establishments are provided with Provisions, Fuel, and Light.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
175	177	Brought forward ... ..				.....	35,107	.....	36,012
<b>Lunatic Asylums—continued.</b>									
ASYLUM FOR IMBECILES AND INSTITUTION FOR IDIOTS, NEWCASTLE.									
1	1	Superintendent ... ..	...	...	...	175		175	
1	1	Chaplain, Church of England ... ..	...	...	...	20		20	
1	1	Do., Roman Catholic ... ..	...	...	...	20		20	
...	...	Visiting Medical Officer... ..	...	...	...	a.....		a.....	
1	1	Storekeeper and Chief Attendant	...	...	...	100		100	
1	1	Matron ... ..	...	...	...	75		75	
1	1	Senior Attendant ... ..	...	...	...	84		84	
4	5	Junior Attendants, at £66 ... ..	...	...	...	264		330	
3	3	Do., £50 ... ..	...	...	...	150		150	
1	1	Senior Nurse ... ..	...	...	...	50		50	
4	5	Junior Nurses, at £46 ... ..	...	...	...	184		230	
3	3	Do., £36 ... ..	...	...	...	108		108	
...	1	Artisan Attendant, at 5s. 6d. per diem...	...	...	...	.....		100	
1	1	Cook ... ..	...	...	...	66		66	
1	1	Gardener ... ..	...	...	...	66		66	
1	1	Laundress ... ..	...	...	...	46		46	
1	1	Assistant Laundress ... ..	...	...	...	40		40	
1	1	Gate-keeper ... ..	...	...	...	40		40	
						1,488		1,700	
Provisions, Medical Comforts, Fuel, and Light ... ..						2,500		2,500	
Medicines and Surgical Instruments ... ..						50		50	
Amusements, Books, Periodicals, Newspapers, &c. ... ..						60		60	
Uniform Clothing for Attendants and Nurses ... ..						60		85	
Incidental Expenses ... ..						80		80	
26	29					2,750	4,238	2,775	4,475
LUNATIC PATIENTS.									
Payment for Patients transferred to Licensed Houses or maintained in Temporary Establishments pending erection of New Asylums .. ..						2,100		10,000	
Allowance for Patients discharged from Asylums to Friends, under Regulations of 17th July, 1869 ... ..						50		.....	
							2,150		10,000
201	206	TOTAL ... ..				£ .....	41,495	.....	50,487
<b>Medical Board.</b>									
1	1	Clerk to Board ... ..	...	...	...		44		44

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.			
		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874			Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
				£	£
		<b>Medical Adviser, Vaccination, Medical Officers, &amp;c.</b>			
1	1	a Vaccinator, Sydney ... ..		240	240
1	1	Office-keeper, Sydney ... ..		20	20
				260	260
		Fees to Vaccinators, say for 20,000, at the respective rates of 2s. 6d. and 3s.-6d. each ... ..		2,500	2,500
		Incidental Expenses ... ..		40	40
2	2			2,540	2,540
				2,800	2,800
1	1	Page 19. Police Surgeon ... ..		200	200
1	1	30, 36. Visiting Surgeon, Sydney Gaol, and Lunatic Reception House ... ..		350	350
1	1	30. Dispenser, Sydney Gaol ... ..		150	150
1	1	30, 45, 44. Visiting Surgeon, Parramatta Gaol, Asylum for Infirm and Destitute, Parramatta, and Orphan Schools ... ..		250	250
1	1	30. Parramatta Gaol—Dispenser ... ..		100	100
1	1	30. Bathurst Gaol—Visiting Surgeon ... ..		50	50
1	1	31. Maitland Gaol—do. ... ..		70	70
1	1	31. Goulburn Gaol—do. ... ..		50	50
1	1	31. Berrima Gaol—do. and Dispenser ... ..		200	200
1	1	31. Albury Gaol—Visiting Surgeon... ..		25	25
1	1	32. Braidwood Gaol—do. ... ..		25	25
1	1	32. Mudgee Gaol—do. ... ..		25	25
1	1	32. Wollongong Gaol—do. ... ..		25	25
1	1	32. Armidale Gaol—do. ... ..		25	25
1	1	32. Wagga Wagga Gaol—do. ... ..		25	25
1	1	33. Yass Gaol—do. ... ..		25	25
1	1	33. Deniliquin Gaol—do. ... ..		25	25
1	1	33. Port Macquarie Gaol—do. ... ..		150	150
1	1	33. Cooma Gaol—do. ... ..		50	50
1	1	36. Medical Visitor to Lunatic Asylum at Parramatta ... ..		50	50
1	1	37. Medical Visitor to Asylum for Idiots, Newcastle..		75	75
1	1	42. Visiting Surgeon, N.S.S. "Vernon" ... ..		50	50
1	1	43. Visiting Surgeon, Industrial School and Reformatory, Bilôela ... ..		50	50
1	1	45. Surgeon and Dispenser, Hyde Park Asylum ... ..		125	125
1	1	45. Dispenser at Asylum for Infirm and Destitute, Parramatta ... ..		50	50
		For payment to Medical Adviser,—Fees to Medical Officers, Country Districts, for attendance on Police,—Fees to Medical Practitioners in Lunacy Cases and Coroners' Inquests,—and for Attendance on Aborigines ... ..		2,725	2,725
25	25			4,945	4,945
27	27	<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>		7,745	7,745

α Also Police Surgeon ; Salary, £190 per annum.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
		<b>Auditor General.</b>							
1	1	Auditor General. (Provided in Schedule.)							
1	1	Inspector of Accounts ... ..				600		600	
1	1	Examiner of Expenditure Accounts ... ..				450		450	
1	1	Corresponding Clerk ... ..				385		385	
1	1	Clerk ... ..				350		350	
1	1	Do. ... ..				320		320	
1	1	Do. ... ..				300		300	
1	1	Do. ... ..				275		275	
1	1	Do. ... ..				250		250	
3	3	Clerks, at £225 ... ..				675		675	
1	1	Clerk ... ..				200		200	
2	2	Clerks, at £175 ... ..				350		350	
1	1	Clerk ... ..				200		200	
1	1	Do. ... ..				150		150	
1	1	Do. ... ..				100		100	
1	1	Do. ... ..				50		50	
1	1	Messenger ... ..				110		110	
1	1	a House-keeper ... ..				50		50	
						4,815		4,815	
		Extra Clerical Assistance for Parliamentary and other Returns, and to carry out the provisions of the Audit Act of 1870 ... ..				600		600	
		Rent of Offices ... ..				400		400	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..				10		10	
						1,010		1,010	
21	21	TOTAL ... ..				£ .....	5,825	.....	5,825

a Provided with Quarters, Fuel, and Light.

No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Registrar General.				Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
					£		£		
1	1	Registrar General	...	...	.....	700	.....	700	
<b>STATISTICAL BRANCH.</b>									
1	1	Compiler of General Statistics	...	...	350		350		
1	1	Examiner and Compiler of Vital Statistics	...	...	250		250		
1	1	Clerk	...	...	200		200		
1	1	Do.	...	...	175		175		
2	2	Clerks, at £150	...	...	300		300		
1	1	Clerk	...	...	75		75		
1	1	Messenger	...	...	100		100		
						1,450		1,450	
<b>DEEDS BRANCH.</b>									
1	1	Clerk and Deputy Registrar of Deeds	...	...	300		300		
1	1	Clerk	...	...	200		200		
1	1	Do.	...	...	175		175		
1	1	Do.	...	...	50		50		
1	1	Book Porter	...	...	120		120		
						845		845	
<b>LAND TITLES BRANCH.</b>									
2	2	Examiners of Titles, at £1,000 and £800	...	...	1,800		1,800		
1	1	Deputy Registrar General	...	...	450		450		
1	1	Principal Draftsman	...	...	500		500		
1	1	Assistant Draftsman	...	...	350		350		
1	1	Do.	...	...	200		200		
2	2	Junior Assistant Draftsmen, at £125	...	...	250		250		
1	1	Junior Assistant Draftsman	...	...	75		75		
1	1	Clerk	...	...	300		300		
1	1	Do.	...	...	250		250		
1	1	Do.	...	...	225		225		
1	1	Do.	...	...	125		125		
1	1	Do.	...	...	100		100		
1	1	Assistant Clerk	...	...	50		50		
1	1	Messenger	...	...	100		100		
1	1	Book Porter	...	...	25		25		
						4,800		4,800	
1	1	Office-keeper	...	...	.....	50	.....	50	
		Allowances to District Registrars	...	...	3,500		3,500		
		Cost of Binding	...	...	150		150		
		Remodelling Real Property Index	...	...	300		.....		
		Preparation of General Indexes of Births, Marriages, and Deaths	...	...	250		250		
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	500		500		
		Incidental Expenses, Land Titles Branch	...	...	50		50		
						4,750		4,450	
<b>BRANDS REGISTRATION BRANCH. <sup>a</sup></b>									
1	1	Deputy Registrar for Brands	...	...	250		250		
1	1	Clerk	...	...	200		200		
		Publication of Notices in <i>Government Gazette</i> and local Newspapers	...	...	500		.....		
						950		450	
34	34	<b>TOTAL</b>	...	...	£	.....	.....	13,545	12,745

<sup>a</sup> This expenditure will be defrayed from fees and moneys payable under the Registration of Brands Act, 30 Vict., No. 12.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

41

## No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Agent General for the Colony.</b>					
1	1	Agent General to represent the Colony, resident in London	1,000	1,500	
...	1	Secretary...	.....	300	
...	1	Clerk	.....	200	
...	1	Junior Clerk	.....	50	
		Office-rent, Clerical Assistance, Stationery, and Incidental Expenses	500	.....	
		Office-rent and Incidental Expenses	.....	200	
1	4		1,500		2,250
<b>Observatory.</b>					
1	1	Astronomer	600	600	
1	1	Computer...	300	300	
1	1	Meteorological Assistant...	100	100	
...	1	Assistant for Rainfall Observations	.....	200	
1	1	Messenger	100	100	
10	10	Meteorological Observers...	120	120	
			1,220		1,420
		Purchase of Books	30	40	
		Expenses of Magnetical Survey	150	150	
		Purchase of New Instruments	270	270	
		Incidental Expenses	30	30	
		For Transit of Venus	1,000	300	
		For cost of Maintaining Instruments at New Rain-gauge Stations	.....	30	
			1,480		820
14	15	TOTAL...	£ 2,700	.....	2,240
<b>Museum.</b>					
1	1	Curator	.....	500	500
		Towards the formation of a Gallery of Art in connection with the Museum	.....	.....	500
			500		1,000
<b>Public Instruction, under Act 30 Vic., 22...</b>					
			.....	120,000	120,000
<b>Free Public Library.</b>					
1	1	<sup>a</sup> Librarian	£ 400	£ 400	
2	2	Assistant Librarians, at £200 each	400	400	
2	2	Attendants, at £104	208	208	
1	1	Cleaner and Messenger	100	100	
			1,108		1,108
		Books, Periodicals, &c.	1,000	1,000	
		Binding	350	350	
		Gas, Fuel, &c.	100	200	
		Incidental Expenses	100	100	
			1,550		1,650
6	6	TOTAL ...	£ 2,658	.....	2,758

<sup>a</sup> Allowed Quarters, Fuel, and Light.

## No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

	SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
	Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
<b>Grants in aid of Public Institutions.</b>		
To supplement the present Annual Endowment of £1,000 to the Australian Museum ... ..	£ 200	£ 200
In aid of Educational Institutions, in the proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions, viz. :—		
Albury School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Araluen Mechanics' Institute ... ..	75	75
Armidale School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Ballina School of Arts ... ..	38	38
Balmain School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Balmain Working Men's Institute ... ..	38	38
Bathurst School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Bega School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Bellambi and Bulli School of Arts ... ..	38	38
Berrima School of Arts ... ..	38	38
Braidwood Literary Institute ... ..	75	75
Branxton Mechanics' Institute ... ..	38	38
Bombala School of Arts and Mechanics' Institute... ..	150	150
Botany ... ..	75	75
Bourke Mechanics' Institute ... ..	75	75
Bowling Alley Point School of Arts ... ..	38	38
Camden School of Arts ... ..	38	38
Casino School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Corowa School of Arts ... ..	150	150
Dubbo Mechanics' Institute... ..	75	75
Dungog School of Arts ... ..	50	50
East Maitland School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Frederickton School of Arts... ..	38	38
Forbes School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Glen Innes School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Goulburn School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Grafton School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Grenfell School of Arts ... ..	150	150
Gulgong School of Arts ... ..	100	100
Gundagai Literary Institute ... ..	75	75
Guntawang School of Arts ... ..	150	150
Hinton School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Inverell School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Kiama School of Arts ... ..	38	38
Lambton Mechanics' and Miners' Institute... ..	38	38
Merriwa ... ..	200	200
Milton School of Arts ... ..	15	15
Monaro School of Arts ... ..	38	38
Morpeth School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Mudgee School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Murrurundi Mechanics' Institute and School of Arts ... ..	20	20
Musclebrook School of Arts... ..	75	100
Narrabri Mechanics' Institute ... ..	25	25
Newcastle School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Orange Mechanics' Institute... ..	75	75
Orange School of Arts ... ..	100	100
Parramatta School of Arts ... ..	150	150
Paterson School of Arts ... ..	38	38
Petersham Working Men's Institute ... ..	38	38
Queanbeyan Literary Institute ... ..	115	115
Raymond Terrace School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Richmond School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Ryde School of Arts ... ..	75	75
St. Leonard's School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Scone School of Arts ... ..	75	100
Shoalhaven School of Arts ... ..	75	75
Carried forward ... ..	£ 4,319	4,369



## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
		<b>Grants in aid of Public Institutions—continued.</b>		
		Brought forward... ..	£ 4,319	£ 4,369
		In aid of Educational Institutions, in the proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions, viz. :—		
		Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts ... ..	150	200
		Singleton Mechanics' Institute ... ..	115	115
		Stroud School of Arts ... ..	38	38
		Tamworth Mechanics' Institute ... ..	38	38
		Ulladulla School of Arts ... ..	38	38
		Ulmarra School of Arts ... ..	38	38
		Wallsend School of Arts ... ..	75	75
		Wagga Wagga Mechanics' Institute ... ..	38	38
		Waratah School of Arts ... ..	20	20
		West Maitland School of Arts ... ..	75	75
		Windsor School of Arts ... ..	75	75
		Wollongong School of Arts ... ..	75	75
		Wyrallah School of Arts ... ..	.....	40
		Yass Mechanics' Institute ... ..	75	75
		Young School of Arts ... ..	75	75
		In aid of the erection of buildings for Educational Institutions, on same condition, viz. :—		
		Musclebrook School of Arts, further sum ... ..	300	.....
		Scone School of Arts ... ..	.....	300
		Additions to the Tamworth Mechanics' Institute ... ..	.....	75
		Casino School of Arts ... ..	350	.....
		Grafton School of Arts ... ..	100	.....
		Murrurundi School of Arts ... ..	200	.....
		Orange School of Arts ... ..	.....	500
		Young School of Arts ... ..	.....	500
		Bathurst School of Arts (Hall for) ... ..	.....	500
			6,194	7,259
		<b>Industrial Schools.</b>		
		<b>NAUTICAL SCHOOL SHIP "VERNON."</b>		
1	1	Commander and Superintendent ... ..	200	250
...	...	Visiting Surgeon ... ..	..... <sup>a</sup>	..... <sup>a</sup>
1	1	Mate and Clerk ... ..	150	150
1	1	Schoolmaster ... ..	130	150
1	1	Sailmaker and Officer in charge of Lower Deck ... ..	110	110
1	1	Carpenter ... ..	100	100
1	1	Boatswain ... ..	100	100
1	1	Gardener ... ..	72	72
1	1	Steward ... ..	72	72
3	4	Seamen, at £72 ... ..	216	288
1	1	Musician and Barber ... ..	72	72
1	1	Cook ... ..	84	84
1	1	Tailor ... ..	157	157
1	1	Shoemaker ... ..	157	157
15	16	Carried forward ... ..	£ 1,620	1,762

<sup>a</sup> See Medical Vo'e.

No. of Persons.				No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.			
1873	1874			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
...	...			Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
...	...			£		£	
15	16			<b>Industrial Schools—continued.</b>			
				Brought forward ... ..			
				1,620		1,762	
				<b>NAUTICAL SCHOOL SHIP "VERNON"—continued.</b>			
				Clothing for 125 Boys, at £3 each (£4 in 1873) ... ..			
				500		375	
				Rations for 125 Boys, at 5½d. each per diem (6½d. in 1873) ... ..			
				1,189		1,045	
				Rations for 13 (Ship's Company), at 8d. each per diem (9d. in 1873) ... ..			
				178		159	
				Fuel for cooking purposes ... ..			
				45		45	
				Oil for Lamps ... ..			
				30		30	
				School Books ... ..			
				30		30	
				Ship's Stores ... ..			
				250		250	
				Grindery ... ..			
				40		40	
				Gratuities to Good Conduct Boys ... ..			
				20		20	
				Incidental Expenses, including Medicines, Materials for building a Boat and repairing others ... ..			
				270		100	
15	16			2,552	4,172	2,094	3,856
				<b>BILOELA INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, PARRAMATTA RIVER.</b>			
1	1			Superintendent ... ..			
				135		*135	
1	1			Matron ... ..			
				100		100	
1	1			† Clerk and Storekeeper ... ..			
				120		120	
...	...			‡ Visiting Surgeon... ..			
				z.....		z.....	
1	1			Teacher ... ..			
				75		75	
1	1			House Matron ... ..			
				75		75	
2	2			Assistants, at £50 ... ..			
				100		100	
1	1			Gate-keeper ... ..			
				50		50	
1	1			Laundress... ..			
				30		30	
1	1			Cook ... ..			
				35		35	
1	1			Messenger ... ..			
				75		75	
				795		795	
				Rations, Fuel, and Light (Officers) ... ..			
				Do. do., (Girls) ... ..			
				} 1,547		1,547	
				Clothing (Boots)... ..			
				Medicine, and Medical Comforts ... ..			
				Ironmongery ... ..			
				School Books, Stationery, and Stamps ... ..			
				30		30	
				Incidental Expenses ... ..			
				40		40	
11	11			1,617	2,412	1,617	2,412
26	27			<b>TOTAL ... .. £</b>			
				.....	6,584	6,268	
				<b>Biloela Reformatory for Girls, Parramatta River.</b>			
1	1			Superintendent ... ..			
				65		65	
1	1			Matron ... ..			
				120		120	
...	...			z.....			
				185		185	
				Clothing, Rations, Medical Comforts, Fuel, Light, and Incidental Expenses ... ..			
				200	385	200	385
2	2						

\* £135 as Superintendent of Industrial School, and £65 as Superintendent of Reformatory.

† Also to act as Clerk and Storekeeper for Reformatory. ‡ Also to act as Visiting Surgeon for Reformatory.

z See Medical Vote.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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No. of Persons.		No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874							Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
								£		£	
<b>Charitable Institutions.</b>											
1	1	Inspector of Public Charities	...	...	...	...	...	500		500	
		Travelling Expenses	...	...	...	...	...	100		100	
		<b>TOTAL</b>	...	...	...	...	£	.....	600	.....	600
<b>Protestant Orphan School.</b>											
1	...	<i>a</i> Matron	...	...	...	...	...	164			
1	...	<i>b</i> Master	...	...	...	...	...	120			
...	...	<i>c</i> Surgeon	...	...	...	...	...	x.....			
1	...	<i>b</i> Schoolmaster	...	...	...	...	...	120			
1	...	Female Teacher	...	...	...	...	...	70			
1	...	Infant do.	...	...	...	...	...	59			
1	...	Sub-Matron	...	...	...	...	...	60			
1	...	Drill Master	...	...	...	...	...	70			
14	...	Attendants,—1 at £60, 3 at £35, 6 at £30, and 4 at £25	...	...	...	...	...	445			
									1,099		
		Provisions, Fuel, Light, Medicines, Forage, and Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	...	...	2,000			
		School Books	...	...	...	...	...	50			
		Allowance in lieu of Quarters to the Schoolmaster	...	...	...	...	...	35			
		Allowance in lieu of Quarters and Rations to Female Teacher	...	...	...	...	...	35			
								.....	2,120		
21	...	<b>TOTAL</b>	...	...	...	...	£	.....	3,219		
<b>Roman Catholic Orphan School.</b>											
1	...	<i>a</i> Matron	...	...	...	...	...	164			
1	...	Sub-Matron	...	...	...	...	...	70			
1	...	<i>d</i> Surgeon	...	...	...	...	...	x.....			
1	...	Girls' Teacher	...	...	...	...	...	60			
1	...	Infant Teacher	...	...	...	...	...	50			
1	...	Boys' Teacher	...	...	...	...	...	146			
1	...	Clerk to the Committee	...	...	...	...	...	80			
1	...	Drill Master	...	...	...	...	...	70			
15	...	Attendants,—2 at £60, 2 at £35, 1 at £30, 8 at £25, and 2 at £20	...	...	...	...	...	460			
									1,100		
		School Books	...	...	...	...	...	80			
		Provisions, Fuel and Light, Medicines, and Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	...	...	3,000			
								.....	3,080		
23	...	<b>TOTAL</b>	...	...	...	...	£	.....	4,180		

Separate Estimates for the support of Orphans will be submitted.

*a* The Officers residing in the Establishment are each allowed a ration of Provisions.  
*b* The Master and Schoolmaster are allowed, in addition, a half-ration for each of their children.  
*c* Surgeon also to the Roman Catholic Orphan School, and to the Gaol, Parramatta.  
*d* Surgeon also to the Protestant Orphan School and to the Gaol at Parramatta.  
*x* See Medical Vote.

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for -1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute.</b>					
<b>SYDNEY.</b>					
Secretary and Inspector of Public Charities	...	*.....		*.....	
First Clerk	...	200		300	
Clerk	...	50		50	
Surgeon and Dispenser	...	a.....		a.....	
Matron	...	200		200	
			450		550
<b>PARRAMATTA.</b>					
Surgeon	...	a.....		a.....	
Dispenser	...	a.....		a.....	
Master	...	150		150	
Matron	...	50		50	
			200		200
<b>LIVERPOOL.</b>					
Surgeon Superintendent	...	250		300	
Matron	...	150		150	
			400		450
Messenger	...	90		90	
Wardsmen, Cooks, Nurses, Laundresses, and other Servants	...	750		900	
Rations, Clothing, Medical Comforts, Medicines, and other Contingencies	...	11,100		11,500	
			11,940		12,490
<b>TOTAL</b>	...	£ .....	12,990	.....	13,690

\* See Inspector of Charities.

See Medical Vote.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.

	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
	£		£	
<b>Charitable Allowances.</b>				
For the support of Paupers in the Sydney Infirmary ... ..	5,000		6,500	
Salaries of Lady Superintendent and five Nursing Sisters...	482		482	
In aid of the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary, on condition of an equal amount being raised by Private Contributions ... ..	4,000		3,000	
For the support of Women and Children in the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney ... ..	4,208		4,208	
In aid of the Funds of the Benevolent Society, Sydney, on condition of an equal amount being raised by Voluntary Contributions	500		500	
In aid of the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick, on condition of £2,000 being raised by Private Contributions ... ..	4,000		4,000	
For the support of Infants removed from the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney, to the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick...	5,000		5,000	
In aid of the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Institution, on condition of an equal amount being raised by Private Contributions ... ..	450		450	
Temperance Alliance, in consideration of aid given to destitute persons, on condition of an equal amount being raised by Private Contributions ... ..	200		200	
Towards the erection of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum ... ..	1,000		.....	
In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, on condition that an equal amount be raised by Private Contributions, and also of the Government, through Police Magistrates or other approved Officers, having the right of admission of Patients, viz. :—				
Albury Hospital and Benevolent Society ... ..	500		500	
Bega Hospital and Benevolent Society ... ..	50		50	
Gundagai Benevolent Society ... ..	100		100	
Maitland (West) Benevolent Society ... ..	100		100	
Narrabri Benevolent Asylum and Hospital ... ..	100		100	
Parramatta Benevolent Society ... ..	175		175	
Singleton and Patrick's Plains Benevolent Society ... ..	250		250	
Tamworth Benevolent Society ... ..	75		150	
Completion of Hospital, Hay .. ..	200		200	
Outfit for same ... ..	200		.....	
In aid of the undermentioned Hospitals, on same conditions, viz. :—				
Adelong ... ..	75		75	
Araluen ... ..	100		100	
Armidale and New England ... ..	150		300	
Bathurst ... ..	350		350	
Braidwood ... ..	100		100	
Bourke ... ..	413		413	
Carcoar ... ..	100		100	
Cooma ... ..	300		300	
Deniliquin ... ..	400		400	
Dubbo ... ..	125		400	
Forbes ... ..	100		100	
Goulburn ... ..	300		300	
Grafton ... ..	300		300	
Grenfell ... ..	100		200	
Gulgong ... ..	500		500	
Gundagai ... ..	100		100	
Hay ... ..	250		250	
Hill End ... ..	150		150	
Kiandra ... ..	100		100	
Maitland ... ..	300		300	
Menindee ... ..	250		250	
Mudgee ... ..	150		150	
Murrurundi ... ..	100		100	
Muswellbrook ... ..	100		100	
Newcastle ... ..	333		500	
Orange ... ..	325		500	
Parramatta ... ..	250		250	
Port Macquarie ... ..	100		.....	
Port Stephens ... ..	100		100	
Carried forward ... ..	£ 32,611		32,753	

No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.		Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
Charitable Allowances—continued.		£	£
Brought forward	... ..	32,611	32,753
In aid of the undermentioned Hospitals, &c.— <i>continued.</i>			
Queanbeyan	... ..	100	100
Scone	... ..	100	100
Sofala	... ..	100	100
Tenterfield...	... ..	100	100
Wagga Wagga	... ..	600	600
Wellington	... ..	50	50
Windsor	... ..	100	100
Wollongong	... ..	200	200
Yass	... ..	100	100
Young	... ..	200	200
In aid of the erection of a Hospital at Mudgee, on condition of £1 for every £2 raised by private contributions	... ..	1,000	.....
In aid of the erection of a Hospital at Bombala, on same conditions	... ..	300	.....
In aid of the erection of a Fever Ward in the Albury Hospital, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private con- tributions	... ..	.....	500
In aid of the erection of a Hospital at Dubbo, on same conditions	... ..	.....	400
In aid of the erection of a Lying-in and Fever Hospital, Albury, on same conditions	... ..	.....	1,250
In aid of Outfit, Narrabri Benevolent Asylum and Hospital, on same conditions	... ..	.....	50
Towards the erection of Additional Buildings in connection with the Hawkesbury Benevolent Society and Hospital	... ..	.....	400
		35,561	37,003
<b>Miscellaneous Services.</b>			
Municipal Council, Sydney, in aid of the City Funds	... ..	10,000	10,000
Almanacs for Country Benches of Magistrates	... ..	50	50
For defraying expenses of the Returning Officers of the several Electoral Districts	... ..	600	600
Expense of compiling and printing Electoral Lists and Electoral Rolls	... ..	1,600	1,600
Newspapers and Almanacs	... ..	30	50
Burial of destitute persons in cases where inquests are not held	... ..	300	300
Maintenance of deserted children, paupers taken charge of for pro- tection, expenses of transmission, &c.	... ..	200	200
Fees for examining Lunatics	... ..	200	300
Rewards for apprehension of Offenders	... ..	500	500
Rent of furnished House for the Commodore commanding the Naval Squadron on this Station	... ..	500	500
Towards the publication of the Eighth Volume of Bentham's Work on the Flora of Australia	... ..	.....	50
Towards the publication of Professor Owen's Work on the Fossil Mammals of Australia...	... ..	.....	150
Other Votes, 1873	... ..	2,817	.....
		16,797	14,300

## IV.

## Administration of Justice.

## SUMMARY.

	Voted for 1873.	Required for 1874.
	£	£
Attorney General's Department ... ..	6,294	6,743
Supreme and Circuit Courts ... ..	13,133	13,855
Sheriff ... ..	7,850	7,970
Insolvent Court... ..	1,344	1,344
District Courts ... ..	9,538	9,838
Quarter Sessions ... ..	13,034	13,554
Coroners' Inquests ... ..	2,625	2,625
Miscellaneous Services ... ..	543	2,000
TOTAL ... ..	£ 54,361	57,929

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
<b>No. IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.</b>			
<b>Their Honors the Judges.</b>			
1	1	£	£
3	3		
4	4		
		} (Provided for in Schedule A, and by Colonial Acts, <i>ante</i> , page 6.)	
<b>Attorney General.</b>			
1	1	£	
1	1		
1	1	} (Provided for in Schedule A.)	
1	1	Under Secretary to the Law Department ... ..	650 700
1	1	Chief Clerk ... ..	275 375
1	1	Second do. ... ..	200 275
1	1	Third do. ... ..	125 175
1	1	Fourth do. ... ..	120 175
2	2	Parliamentary Draftsmen, 1 at £400, and 1 at £200 ... ..	500 600
1	1	Crown Solicitor ... ..	1,000 1,000
1	1	First Clerk to Crown Solicitor ... ..	500 500
1	1	Second do. do. ... ..	300 300
1	1	Third do. do. ... ..	300 300
1	1	Fourth do. do. ... ..	175 175
1	1	Fifth do. do. ... ..	100 100
1	1	Messenger ... ..	104 104
1	1	Do. ... ..	104 104
1	1	<i>a</i> Housekeeper ... ..	40 60
		4,493	4,943
		Fees to Prosecuting Barristers ... ..	650 650
		Travelling Expenses of Law Officers, &c. ... ..	650 650
		To meet Incidental Expenses of Prosecutions and of Actions by, or against, or taken up by, the Government ... ..	300 250
		To provide fees for Counsel employed in the defence of Aborigines ... ..	50 50
		Towards the formation of a Law Library for the Attorney General's Office ... ..	50 50
		Incidental Expenses ... ..	101 150
		1,801	1,800
18	18	£	£
TOTAL ... ..		6,294	6,743
<b>Supreme and Circuit Courts.</b>			
1	1	Master in Equity ... ..	1,000 1,000
1	1	First Clerk ... ..	400 400
1	1	Second Clerk ... ..	215 215
1	1	Third Clerk ... ..	200 200
1	1	Messenger ... ..	104 104
1	1	Prothonotary and Curator of Intestate Estates ... ..	700 700
1	1	Chief Clerk ... ..	400 400
1	1	Second Clerk ... ..	300 300
1	1	Third Clerk ... ..	250 250
1	1	Fourth Clerk ... ..	100 100
1	1	Custodian of Wills ... ..	50 50
4	4	Clerks to the Judges; 1 at £275, 1 at £260, 1 at £245, and 1 at £200 ... ..	980 980
1	1	Crier and Tipstaff ... ..	132 132
3	3	Tipstiffs to the Judges, at £120 ... ..	360 360
1	1	Messenger ... ..	114 114
1	1	<i>a</i> Courtkeeper, King-street ... ..	114 114
1	1	<i>b</i> Do. Darlinghurst ... ..	114 114
1	1	Assistant do. ... ..	50 72
1	1	Watchman, Darlinghurst ... ..	20 20
1	1	Courtkeeper, Goulburn ... ..	24 24
1	1	Do. Yass ... ..	15 15
1	1	Charwoman ... ..	26 26
		5,653	5,690
26	27	£	£
Carried forward ... ..		5,653	5,690

*a* Provided with Quarters, Fuel, and Light.*b* Provided with Quarters.



## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

51

## No. IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Supreme and Circuit Courts—continued.		Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
26	27			£	£
			Brought forward ... ..	..... 5,653	..... 5,690
			Travelling Expenses of the Judges ... ..	1,650	1,815
			Allowance to Witnesses attending the Supreme and Circuit Courts ... ..	5,500	6,000
			Incidental Expenses ... ..	30	50
			Allowance to Law Reporters ... ..	200	200
			Towards the formation of a Law Library for the use of the Supreme Court ... ..	100	100
				7,480	8,165
26	27		TOTAL ... ..	£ ..... 13,133	..... 13,855
<b>*Sheriff.</b>					
1	1		Sheriff ... ..	800	650
1	1		Under Sheriff ... ..	450	450
1	1		Clerk ... ..	300	300
1	1		Do. ... ..	215	250
...	1		Do. ... ..	.....	110
1	1		Head Bailiff, Sydney ... ..	200	200
1	1		Assistant do. do. ... ..	175	175
1	1		2nd do. do. ... ..	120	120
1	1		3rd do. do. ... ..	120	120
...	1		4th do. do. ... ..	.....	120
1	1		Bailiff, at Parramatta, Windsor, and Campbelltown ... ..	200	200
1	1		Do. Maitland ... ..	200	200
1	1		Do. Muswellbrook ... ..	150	150
1	1		Do. Goulburn ... ..	150	150
1	1		Do. Bathurst ... ..	150	150
1	1	a	Do. Wagga Wagga ... ..	150	150
1	1		Do. Albury ... ..	150	150
1	1		Do. Deniliquin ... ..	150	150
1	1	a	Do. Armidale ... ..	150	150
1	1	a	Do. Tamworth ... ..	125	150
1	1	a	Do. Mudgee ... ..	125	150
1	1		Do. Yass ... ..	125	150
1	1		Bailiff Assistant, at Maitland, when required ... ..	50	50
1	1		Messenger ... ..	120	50
				4,375	4,495
			Travelling Expenses of the Sheriff or Under Sheriff ... ..	150	150
			Allowances to Bailiffs for serving Summonses ... ..	500	500
			Do. to Jurors attending the Supreme and Circuit Courts ... ..	2,650	2,650
			Special Constables ... ..	100	100
			Incidental Expenses ... ..	50	50
			Forage Allowance to Bailiff ... ..	25	25
				3,475	3,475
22	24		TOTAL ... ..	£ ..... 7,850	..... 7,970
<b>Insolvent Court.</b>					
1	1		Chief Commissioner. (Provided by Act 24 Vic., No. 20.)		
1	1		Registrar and Accountant ... ..	400	400
1	1		Chief Clerk ... ..	300	300
1	1		Second Clerk ... ..	225	225
1	1		Third Clerk ... ..	150	150
1	1		Bailiff and Messenger ... ..	165	165
1	1		Court-keeper, Crier, and Attendant ... ..	104	104
7	7			1,344	1,344

\* The salaries of four Clerks amounting to £725 formerly included in this estimate have been transferred to Estimate for the Comptroller of Prisons, under No. III—Colonial Secretary's Department.  
a Acting also for District Courts.

No. of Persons.		No. IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
<b>District Courts.</b>									
METROPOLITAN AND COAST DISTRICT.									
2	2	Judges. (Provided for by Act 22 Vic., No. 18.)							
1	1	Registrar, Sydney	...	...	...	500		500	
1	1	Clerk, do.	...	...	...	325		325	
1	1	Do. do.	...	...	...	250		250	
1	1	Do. do.	...	...	...	200		250	
1	1	Do. do.	...	...	...	200		200	
1	1	Bailiff and Crier, do.	...	...	...	150		150	
3	3	Assistant Bailiffs, do., at £104	...	...	...	312		312	
1	1	Messenger, do.	...	...	...	104		104	
1	1	Office-keeper, do.	...	...	...	35		35	
1	1	Registrar, Newcastle	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Maitland	...	...	...	300		300	
1	1	<i>a</i> Registrar, Singleton	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	Do. Penrith	...	...	...	78		78	
1	1	Do. Windsor	...	...	...	78		78	
1	1	Do. Parramatta	...	...	...	78		78	
1	1	Do. Campbelltown	...	...	...	78		78	
1	1	Bailiff, Newcastle	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	Do. Maitland	...	...	...	100		100	
1	1	Do. Singleton	...	...	...	40		40	
1	1	Do. Penrith	...	...	...	35		35	
1	1	Do. Windsor	...	...	...	35		35	
1	1	Do. Parramatta	...	...	...	35		35	
1	1	Do. Campbelltown	...	...	...	60		60	
							3,143		3,193
27	27								
SOUTHERN DISTRICT.									
1	1	Judge. (Provided for by Act 22 Vic., No. 18.)							
1	1	Registrar, Berrima	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	Do. Wollongong	...	...	...	60		60	
1	1	Do. Kiama	...	...	...	60		60	
...	1	Do. Milton	...	...	...	.....		60	
1	1	Do. Nowra...	...	...	...	60		60	
1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Goulburn	...	...	...	75		75	
1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Yass	...	...	...	60		60	
1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Queanbeyan	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Cooma...	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	Do. Bombala	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	Do. Eden	...	...	...	30		30	
1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Braidwood	...	...	...	65		65	
1	1	Do. Moruya	...	...	...	30		30	
1	1	<i>a</i> Do. Bega	...	...	...	35		35	
...	1	Do. Burrowa	...	...	...	.....		30	
14	16	Carried forward	...	...	...	£ 675		765	
27	27	Carried forward	...	...	...	£ .....	3,143	.....	3,193

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
27	27	£		£	
		District Courts—continued.			
		Brought forward ... ..			
		3,143		3,193	
		SOUTHERN DISTRICT—continued.			
		Brought forward ... ..			
14	16	675		765	
1	1	30		30	
1	1	35		35	
1	1	30		30	
...	1	.....		30	
1	1	30		30	
1	1	80		80	
1	1	50		50	
1	1	30		30	
1	1	40		40	
1	1	45		45	
1	1	20		20	
1	1	40		40	
1	1	20		20	
1	1	30		30	
...	1	.....		25	
		1,155		1,300	
27	31	SOUTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.			
1	1	Judge. (Provided for by Act 22 Vict., No. 18.)			
1	1	a	Registrar, Young ... ..	50	50
1	1		Do. Grenfell ... ..	30	30
1	1	a	Do. Gundagai ... ..	50	50
1	...		Do. Burrowa ... ..	30	.....
1	1		Do. Tumut... ..	30	30
1	1	a	Do. Wagga Wagga ... ..	50	50
1	1	a	Do. Albury ... ..	75	75
1	1	a	Do. Deniliquin ... ..	50	50
1	1	a	Do. Wentworth ... ..	30	30
1	1	a	Do. Hay ... ..	40	40
1	1		Do. Balranald ... ..	20	20
1	1		Do. Corowa ... ..	25	25
1	1		Bailiff, Young ... ..	40	40
1	1		Do. Grenfell ... ..	25	25
1	1		Do. Gundagai... ..	40	40
1	...		Do. Burrowa ... ..	25	.....
1	1		Do. Tumut ... ..	25	25
1	1		Do. Albury ... ..	40	40
1	1		Do. Wentworth ... ..	25	25
1	1		Do. Hay ... ..	40	40
1	1		Do. Balranald ... ..	20	20
1	1		Do. Deniliquin ... ..	35	35
1	1		Do. Corowa ... ..	20	20
		815		760	
24	22	WESTERN DISTRICT.			
1	1	Judge. (Provided for by Act 22 Vict., No. 18.)			
1	1	a	Registrar, Bathurst ... ..	75	75
1	1		Do. Carcoar ... ..	25	25
1	1		Do. Hartley ... ..	30	30
1	1	a	Do. Mudgee ... ..	60	60
1	1	a	Do. Orange ... ..	30	30
...	1		Do. Hill End ... ..	.....	40
1	1	a	Do. Wellington ... ..	25	25
1	1	a	Do. Dubbo... ..	30	30
1	1	a	Do. Forbes ... ..	30	30
1	1	a	Do. Bourke ... ..	30	30
1	1		Bailiff, Bathurst ... ..	50	50
1	1		Do. Carcoar ... ..	25	25
1	1		Do. Hartley ... ..	30	30
1	1		Do. Mudgee ... ..	40	40
14	15	Carried forward ... ..		£ 480	520
78	80	Carried forward ... ..		£ ..... 5,113	..... 5,253

a Also Deputy Clerk of the Peace.

No. of Persons.		No. IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.			
		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>District Courts—continued.</b>					
78	80	Brought forward ... ..			
		.....	5,113	.....	5,253
<b>WESTERN DISTRICT—continued.</b>					
14	15	Brought forward ... ..			
1	1	480		520	
...	1	Bailiff, Orange ... ..	45	45	
1	1	Do. Hill End... ..	.....	40	
1	1	Do. Wellington ... ..	35	35	
1	1	Do. Dubbo ... ..	30	30	
1	1	Do. Forbes ... ..	45	45	
1	1	Do. Bourke ... ..	30	30	
			665		745
19	21	<b>NORTHERN DISTRICT.</b>			
1	1	Judge. (Provided for by Act 22 Vic., No. 18.)			
1	1	a Registrar, Tamworth ... ..	50	50	
1	1	a Do. Armidale ... ..	75	75	
1	1	Do. Glen Innes ... ..	40	40	
1	1	a Do. Grafton ... ..	50	50	
1	1	a Do. Muswellbrook ... ..	30	30	
1	1	a Do. Murrurundi ... ..	30	30	
1	1	a Do. Narrabri ... ..	20	20	
1	1	Do. Casino... ..	30	30	
1	1	Do. Kempsey ... ..	30	30	
1	1	a Do. Port Macquarie ... ..	40	40	
1	1	a Do. Tenterfield ... ..	40	40	
...	1	Do. Inverell ... ..	.....	40	
1	1	Do. Wingham ... ..	30	30	
1	1	Do. Scone ... ..	30	30	
1	1	Bailiff, Glen Innes ... ..	30	30	
1	1	Do. Grafton ... ..	45	45	
1	1	Do. Muswellbrook ... ..	40	40	
1	1	Do. Murrurundi ... ..	40	40	
1	1	Do. Narrabri ... ..	20	20	
1	1	Do. Kempsey ... ..	30	30	
1	1	Do. Port Macquarie ... ..	40	40	
1	1	Do. Tenterfield ... ..	30	30	
...	1	Do. Inverell ... ..	.....	40	
1	1	Do. Wingham ... ..	30	30	
1	1	Do. Casino ... ..	30	30	
1	1	Do. Scone ... ..	30	30	
			860		940
		Travelling Expenses of Judges ... ..	2,000	2,000	
		Allowances to Jurors, and Mileage to Bailiffs ... ..	750	550	
		Incidental and Unforeseen Expenses ... ..	100	300	
		Towards the formation of a Law Library for Sydney District Court ... ..	50	50	
25	27		2,900		2,900
122	128	<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>	£ .....	9,538	.....
<b>Quarter Sessions.</b>					
Clerk of the Peace—					
1	1	Clerk of the Peace for the Colony ... ..	600	600	
1	1	Clerk ... ..	200	250	
1	1	Assistant Clerk ... ..	30	100	
1	1	Messenger ... ..	104	104	
			934		1,054
6	6	Crown Prosecutors, at £500 each ... ..	.....	3,000	3,000
Contingencies—					
		Travelling Expenses ... ..	2,000	1,700	
		Allowances to Witnesses and Jurors ... ..	6,800	7,500	
		Incidental, and Unforeseen Expenses ... ..	300	300	
			9,100		9,500
10	10	<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>	£ .....	13,034	.....

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Coroners' Inquests.</b>					
1	1	Coroner, Sydney...	450	450	
1	1	Clerk, do. ...	150	150	
			600		600
		Fees to Coroners and Magistrates for Inquests and Inquiries, at 20s. each ...	1,200	1,200	
		Travelling Expenses of Coroners and Magistrates ...	200	200	
		For taking up Dead Bodies ...	15	15	
		Burials and Incidental Expenses ...	470	470	
		Jurors' Fees attending Murder and Manslaughter Inquests ...	40	40	
		Jurors' and Witnesses' Fees attending Inquests on Fires ...	100	100	
			2,025		2,025
2	2	TOTAL ...	£ 2,625	£ 2,625	2,625
<b>Miscellaneous Services.</b>					
		Towards Consolidating and Amending the Statute Law of New South Wales ...	500	500	
		Judgment and Costs <i>in re</i> Eckford ...	43		
		Reprint of the Statutes of the Colony ...		1,500	
			543		2,000
		TOTAL ...	£ 543	£ 2,000	2,000



## V.

# Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.

## SUMMARY.

	Voted for 1873.	Required for 1874.
	£	£
Treasury ... ..	11,020	12,120
Stamp Duties ... ..	2,000	2,000
Customs ... ..	34,813	35,624
Colonial Distilleries and Refineries ... ..	4,200	5,115
Gold Receivers ... ..	315	315
Gold and Escort ... ..	5,550	5,550
Printing, Bookbinding, Stamps, and Railway Tickets ... ..	22,900	23,958
Stores and Stationery ... ..	64,349	75,589
Ordnance and Barrack Department ... ..	2,983	13,457
Health and Emigration Officers ... ..	905	905
Quarantine ... ..	500	800
Shipping Masters ... ..	1,800	2,125
Glebe Island Abattoir ... ..	1,050	1,070
Marine Board of New South Wales ... ..	28,490	29,153
Life-boats ... ..	400	400
Miscellaneous Services... ..	54,517	75,610
Advance to Treasurer ... ..	30,000	60,000
<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>	<b>£ 265,792</b>	<b>343,791</b>

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Treasury.</b>					
1	1	Secretary for Finance and Trade. (Provided in Schedule.)			
1	1	800		800	
<b>ACCOUNT BRANCH.</b>					
1	1	500		500	
1	1	300		300	
1	1	250		250	
2	2	400		400	
1	1	200		200	
2	2	380		380	
1	1	150		150	
1	1	75		100	
1	1	50		75	
1	1	50		75	
<b>REVENUE BRANCH.</b>					
1	1	500		*500	
1	1	300		300	
1	1	275		275	
1	1	235		235	
1	1	200		200	
1	1	200		200	
1	1	165		165	
1	1	150		150	
1	1	75		100	
1	1	75		100	
1	1	50		75	
1	1	175		175	
<b>PAY BRANCH.</b>					
1	1	500		500	
1	1	350		350	
1	1	150		175	
1	1	150		175	
<b>EXAMINING BRANCH.</b>					
1	1	400		400	
1	1	165		165	
<b>CORRESPONDENCE.</b>					
1	1	325		400	
1	1	250		250	
1	1	75		100	
1	1	50		75	
<b>RECORDS.</b>					
1	1	350		400	
1	1	150		150	
<b>FUNDED STOCK.</b>					
...	1	.....		350	
<b>MESSENGERS, &amp;c.</b>					
1	1	150		150	
1	1	150		150	
1	1	75		75	
41	42		8,845		9,570
		500		500	
		75		250	
			575		750
<b>INSPECTING BRANCH.</b>					
1	1	650	9,420	650	10,320
1	1	550		550	
		400		600	
			1,600		1,800
43	44		11,020		12,120
		<b>TOTAL</b>	£	.....	.....

\* This officer receives an additional sum of £100 from the Church and School Estates Fund, as Agent for the same.

a Provided with Quarters, Fuel, and Light.



## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

59

## No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

No. of Persons.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
<b>Stamp Duties.</b>									
1	1	Commissioner	...	...	...	500		500	
1	1	Accountant	...	...	...	250		250	
1	1	Entry Clerk	...	...	...	250		250	
1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	100		100	
1	1	Junior Clerk	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	Foreman of Stampers	...	...	...	200		200	
1	1	<sup>a</sup> Stamper	...	...	...	120		120	
1	1	Assistant Stamper	...	...	...	35		35	
1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	100		100	
1	1	<sup>a</sup> Office-keeper	...	...	...	45		45	
							1,650		1,650
		Law Books	...	...	...	5		5	
		Rent	...	...	...	225		225	
		Travelling Expenses in connection with Country Prosecutions	...	...	...	100		100	
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	20		20	
							350		350
10	10	<b>TOTAL</b>	...	...	...	£ .....	2,000	.....	2,000
<b>Customs.</b>									
1	1	<i>Sydney.</i> Collector	...	...	...	900		900	
<b>INDOOR BRANCH.</b>									
1	1	Chief Clerk	...	...	...	530		530	
1	1	Cashier	...	...	...	530		530	
1	1	Clerk (Registrar)	...	...	...	375		375	
1	1	<sup>b</sup> Do. (Clearing Clerk)	...	...	...	300		300	
1	1	<sup>b</sup> Do. (Clearing Steamers)	...	...	...	275		275	
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	250		250	
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	205		205	
2	2	Clerks, at £200	...	...	...	400		400	
1	2	Do. at £175	...	...	...	175		350	
...	4	Do. at £175 (Transferred from the Extra Clerical Staff)	...	...	...	.....		700	
<b>LANDING BRANCH.</b>									
1	1	First Landing Surveyor	...	...	...	500		500	
1	1	Second do.	...	...	...	400		400	
1	1	First Landing Waiter	...	...	...	325		325	
1	1	Second do.	...	...	...	325		325	
1	1	Third do.	...	...	...	300		300	
1	1	Fourth do.	...	...	...	275		275	
1	1	Fifth do.	...	...	...	275		275	
1	1	Sixth do.	...	...	...	275		275	
1	1	Seventh do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Eighth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Ninth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	<sup>b</sup> Tenth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Eleventh do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Twelfth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Thirteenth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Fourteenth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Fifteenth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Sixteenth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Seventeenth do.	...	...	...	225		225	
...	1	Eighteenth do.	...	...	...	.....		225	
...	1	Nineteenth do.	...	...	...	.....		225	
<b>TIDE BRANCH.</b>									
1	1	First Tide Surveyor	...	...	...	325		325	
1	1	Second do.	...	...	...	325		325	
33	40	<b>Carried forward</b>	...	...	...	£ 9,965	.....	11,290	

<sup>a</sup> Provided with Quarters, Fuel, and Light.<sup>b</sup> The Landing Waiters receive remuneration for extra attendance, at the rate of 2s. 6d. an hour. The Clearing Clerk receives a fee of 10s. for each vessel cleared at the wharf, 10s. for each vessel cleared for London, and 5s. for each Foreign vessel cleared in the Office after the usual hours. The Clerk who clears the Steamers at night receives 2s. 6d. for each vessel.

No. of Persons.		No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
1873	1874							Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.		
		Customs—continued.						£		£		
		Brought forward ... ..						9,965		11,290		
		WAREHOUSE BRANCH.										
		a	Warehousekeeper	...	...	...	350		350			
1	1		First Locker	...	...	...	225		225			
1	1		Second do.	...	...	...	225		225			
1	1		Third do.	...	...	...	225		225			
1	1		Fourth do.	...	...	...	225		225			
1	1		Fifth do.	...	...	...	225		225			
1	1		Sixth do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Seventh do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Eighth do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1	a	Ninth do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Tenth do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Eleventh do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Twelfth do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Thirteenth do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Fourteenth do.	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Fifteenth do.	...	...	...	200		200			
...	1		Sixteenth do.	...	...	...	.....		200			
...	1		Seventeenth do.	...	...	...	.....		200			
...	1		Locker at Tobacco Bond..	...	...	...	.....		275			
		MISCELLANEOUS.										
2	2		Valuators, at £300	...	...	...	600		.....			
3	3		Warrant Officers—2 at £130, and 1 at £75	...	...	...	335		335			
1	1	b	Messenger...	...	...	...	150		150			
1	1		Do.	...	...	...	135		135			
5	5		Boy Messengers, at £50	...	...	...	250		250			
1	1		Watchman	...	...	...	114		114			
1	1	b	Housekeeper	...	...	...	60		60			
2	2		Coxswains, at £108	Transferred from Marine Board			216		216			
6	6		Boatmen, at £96	Department			576		576			
		OUTPORT BRANCH.							15,876		17,276	
		<i>Botany Bay.</i>										
1	1	c	Coast Waiter	...	...	...	225		225			
4	4		Boatmen, at £96...	...	...	...	384		384			
		<i>Broken Bay.</i>										
1	1	d	Coast Waiter	...	...	...	250		250			
4	4		Boatmen, at £96...	...	...	...	384		384			
		<i>Newcastle.</i>										
1	1	f	Sub-Collector	...	...	...	375		375			
1	1	e	Landing Waiter (Morpeth)	...	...	...	300		300			
1	1		Tide Surveyor	...	...	...	250		250			
...	1		Landing Waiter (to be appointed)	...	...	...	.....		225			
...	1		Locker (do.)	...	...	...	.....		175			
...	1		Assistant Customs Officer at Morpeth	...	...	...	.....		50			
1	1		Clerk	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Do.	...	...	...	150		150			
1	1		Warrant Officer	...	...	...	120		120			
1	1		Coxswain	...	...	...	132		132			
3	3		Boatmen, at £96...	...	...	...	288		288			
		<i>Grafton.</i>										
1	1		Sub-Collector	...	...	...	275		275			
1	1	c	Landing Waiter (Yamba)	...	...	...	200		200			
1	1		Coxswain	...	...	...	120		120			
3	3		Boatmen, at £96...	...	...	...	288		288			
		<i>Eden.</i>										
1	1	c	Sub-Collector	...	...	...	300		300			
1	1		Coxswain	...	...	...	132		132			
1	...		Wharfinger	...	...	...	20		.....			
		<i>Richmond River.</i>										
1	1	c	Sub-Collector	...	...	...	200		200			
2	2		Boatmen, at £96...	...	...	...	192		192			
		<i>Tweed River.</i>										
1	1	c	Sub-Collector	...	...	...	250		250			
		Carried forward ... ..						£	5,035		5,465	
104	116	Carried forward ... ..						£	.....	15,876	.....	17,276

a The Warehousekeeper receives remuneration for extra attendance, at the rate of 3s. 6d. an hour; and Lockers, at the rate of 1s. 6d. an hour.  
 b Provided with Quarters, Fuel, and Light. c Provided with Quarters. d Receives £50 per annum for Office-rent.  
 e Receives £20 per annum for Office-rent. f Allowed £50 per annum in lieu of Quarters.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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No. of Persons.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874			Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
				£		£	
No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.							
Customs—continued.							
		Brought forward	...	.....	15,876	.....	17,276
OUTPORT BRANCH—continued.							
104	116	Brought forward	...	5,035		5,465	
		<i>Wollongong and Bellambi.</i>					
1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	...	52		52	
		<i>Kiama.</i>					
1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	...	52		52	
		<i>Shoalhaven.</i>					
1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	...	52		52	
		<i>Port Stephens.</i>					
1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	...	52		52	
		<i>M'Leay River.</i>					
1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	...	25		25	
		<i>Wagga Wagga.</i>					
1	1	Acting Customs' Officer	...	25		25	
					5,293		5,723
BORDER BRANCH.							
		<i>Moama.</i>					
1	1	a Sub-Collector	...	400		400	
2	...	b Assistant Officers of Customs, at £200	...	400		.....	
1	1	Messenger	...	96		96	
		<i>Albury.</i>					
1	1	a Sub-Collector	...	250		250	
2	...	c Assistant Officers of Customs, at £200	...	400		.....	
...	1	Assistant Officer of Customs	...	.....		200	
1	...	Clerk	...	200		.....	
1	...	Toll-keeper	...	20		.....	
		<i>Wentworth.</i>					
1	1	c Sub-Collector†	...	250		250	
1	1	b Clerk and Searcher	...	175		175	
1	1	Messenger	...	96		96	
		<i>Swan Hill.</i>					
1	1	d Sub-Collector	...	250		250	
		<i>Euston.</i>					
1	1	d Sub-Collector	...	250		250	
		<i>Howlong.</i>					
...	1	f Officer of Customs	...	.....		200	
		<i>Corowa.</i>					
1	1	d Sub-Collector	...	250		250	
1	1	Messenger	...	96		96	
		<i>Tocumwall.</i>					
1	1	f Sub-Collector	...	250		250	
		<i>Maryland.</i>					
1	1	g Sub-Collector	...	250		250	
2	2	b Sub-Collectors to be appointed, at £225	...	450		450	
					4,083		3,463
INLAND BONDED WAREHOUSES.							
		<i>Wagga Wagga.</i>					
1	1	e Locker	...	250		250	
		<i>Bourke.</i>					
1	1	Acting Sub-Collector	...	52		52	
1	1	e Locker	...	250		250	
		<i>Bathurst.</i>					
1	1	e Locker	...	250		250	
					802		802
					26,054		27,264
Allowances to extra Tide Waiters and for occasional Clerical Assistance...							
		Clerical Assistance...	...	6,500		6,000	
		Rent	...	658		684	
		Allowance in lieu of Quarters	...	551		576	
		Allowance for Forage for 9 horses	...	450		450	
		New Boats	...	100		150	
		Gauging Instruments, &c.	...	100		100	
		Incidental Expenses	...	400		400	
					8,759		8,360
134	142	TOTAL	...	£	34,813	.....	35,624

Provided with Quarters, and allowed £50 per annum for Forage. b Receives £25 each for House-rent. c Receives £50 per annum for Forage.  
d Receives £20 per annum for Office-rent, and £50 per annum for Forage. e Receives £50 per annum for House-rent.  
f Receives £25 per annum for Quarters, and £50 for Forage. g Allowed £73 in lieu of Quarters.  
\* Also Police Magistrate; Salary, £146 per annum. † Duties performed at present by the Police Magistrate.

No. of Persons.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874			Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
				£		£	
<b>Colonial Distilleries and Refineries.</b>							
<b>DISTILLERIES' BRANCH.</b>							
1	1	Chief Inspector of Distilleries ... ..		500		500	
6	6	Inspectors of Distilleries, at £400 ... ..		2,400		2,400	
...	1	<i>b</i> Cadet ... ..		.....		50	
1	1	<i>b</i> Messenger ... ..		40		40	
8	9				2,940		2,990
<b>REFINERIES' BRANCH.</b>							
...	...	<i>a</i> Chief Inspector of Refineries ... ..		150		150	
1	1	Inspector of Refineries ... ..		300		300	
1	1	Do. ... ..		275		275	
1	...	<i>b</i> Cadet ... ..		75		50	
1	1	Watchman ... ..		100		100	
1	1	Gatekeeper ... ..		80		100	
...	...	<i>b</i> Messenger ... ..		.....		25	
5	4				*980		*1,000
		Instruments and Books ... ..		30		40	
		Cleaning Offices ... ..		75		75	
		Porterage... ..		5		10	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..		120		100	
		Rent of an office in the city ... ..		.....		100	
		Rewards for information as to Illicit Distillation ... ..		50		100	
		Probable expense of removing Inspectors and their families to the Distillery, Harwood Island, Clarence River ... ..		.....		200	
		Allowance in lieu of Quarters, to Inspectors, there ... ..		.....		200	
		Towards providing for the inspection of Distilleries which may be erected on Vineyards and Sugar Plantations under the proposed new distillation law ... ..		.....		300	
					280		1,125
13	13	TOTAL ... ..	£	.....	4,200	.....	5,115
<b>Gold Receivers.</b>							
27	27	Receivers at Goulburn, Orange, Mudgee, Gulgong, Gundagai, Tamworth, Cooma, Yass, Araluen, Forbes, Tumut, Armidale, Scone, Adelong, Stony Creek, Young, Sofala, Hargraves, Uralla, Nundle, Tamborora, Braidwood, Grenfell, Carcoar, Trunkey, and Wagga Wagga, at £10 each, and one at Bathurst, at £15, and to meet new appointments, as required, £40		.....	315	.....	315
27	27						
<b>Gold and Escort.</b>							
		Freight and Conveyance of Gold and Escorts ... ..		.....	†5,550	.....	†5,550

*a* Duties performed by the Chief Inspector of Distilleries.

*b* These situations are held by corresponding officials in the Distilleries Branch.

\* To meet this expenditure the Colonial Sugar Company are assessed at the rate of £1,000 per annum on the working capabilities of their Refinery.

† This expenditure will be reimbursed by the Gold Escort charges.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
		<b>Printing, Bookbinding, Stamps, and Railway Tickets.</b>		
1	1	Government Printer and Inspector of Stamps ...	£ 600	£ 600
1	1	Superintendent ... ..	400	400
1	1	Overseer ... ..	300	300
		<b>ACCOUNT BRANCH.</b>		
1	1	Accountant ... ..	300	300
1	1	Clerk ... ..	150	150
		<b>CLERICAL BRANCH.</b>		
1	1	Clerk of Stamps and Cashier ... ..	210	210
1	1	Clerk of Records ... ..	200	200
1	1	Do. (Sale Room) ... ..	200	200
		<b>PRINTING, BOOKBINDING, AND PUBLISHING.</b>		
1	1	Foreman of Bookbinding Branch ... ..	300	300
1	1	Do. Press Room... ..	275	275
5	5	Sub-Overseers,—3 at £240, and 1 at £230; 1 Publisher at £240 ... ..	1,190	1,190
94	106	Readers, Compositors, Machinists, Pressmen, Bookbinders, Assistants, and others ... ..	12,297	12,700
45	48	Extra Hands and Overtime ... ..	600	1,000
		Improvers, Apprentices, Folders and Sewers, and others.	2,744	2,880
		<b>POSTAGE AND ADHESIVE DUTY STAMPS.</b>		
1	1	Foreman ... ..	300	300
6	6	Printers and Assistants ... ..	732	732
		<b>RAILWAY TICKETS.</b>		
2	2	Ticket Printer £230, Assistant £150 ... ..	380	380
		<b>PHOTO-LITHOGRAPHY.</b>		
1	1	Photo-lithographer and Lithographic Printer ... ..	275	275
4	3	Assistants ... ..	453	338
		<b>ENGRAVING, ELECTRO', STEREO', AND MECHANICAL BRANCH.</b>		
1	1	Foreman ... ..	275	275
4	4	Assistants ... ..	469	453
		LITHOGRAPHING Drawings connected with Patents ... ..	.....	*150
		TYPE, Repairs to Machinery, and Incidental Expenses ... ..	250	350
173	187	<b>TOTAL</b> ... ..	£ ..... 22,900	..... 23,958

SCHEDULE SHOWING DISTRIBUTION IN THE SEVERAL BRANCHES.

	£	£		£	£
3	General Superintendence ... ..	1,300	1	Publishing: Publisher ... ..	240
2	Account Branch ... ..	450	3	Assistants,—1 at £150, 1 at 8s., and 1 at 7s. per diem... ..	385
2	Clerical Branch ... ..	410	11	Messenger and Office-cleaner ... ..	120
1	Sale of Printed Public Documents ... ..	200	11	Apprentices, from 7s. to 1s. 6d. per diem ... ..	391
				<b>Engraving, Electro', Stereo', &amp; Mechanical Branch.</b>	1,136
				Foreman ... ..	275
				Printer's Joiner, at 9s. per diem ... ..	140
				Engineer, at 9s. per diem ... ..	140
				Apprentices, from 6s. to 5s. per diem ... ..	173
				<b>Postage and Adhesive Duty Stamps.</b>	728
				Foreman ... ..	300
				Printers,—1 at £200, and 1 at £150 ... ..	350
				Assistants,—1 at £150 per annum, 1 at 8s., and 1 at 6s. per diem ... ..	369
				Apprentice, at 4s. per diem ... ..	63
				<b>Photography, Photo-lithography &amp; Litho' Printing.</b>	1,082
				Photo-lithographer and Lithographic Printer ... ..	275
				Lithographic Draftsman ... ..	150
				Apprentices, at 6s. per diem ... ..	188
				<b>Railway Tickets.</b>	613
				Ticket Printer ... ..	230
				Assistant ... ..	150
				Office-keeper ... ..	380
				Gate-keeper ... ..	50
				Night Watchman ... ..	70
				Extra Hands and Overtime ... ..	1,000
				<b>Lithographing Drawings connected with Patents</b> ... ..	150
				<b>Type, Repairs to Machinery, and Incidental Expenses</b> ... ..	350
		3,864	187	<b>TOTAL</b> ... ..	£ 23,958

\* Formerly taken under the Surveyor General's Department.

No. of Persons.		No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
<b>Stores and Stationery.</b>									
1	1	Superintendent of Stores	...	...	...	400		400	
1	1	First Clerk	...	...	...	150		175	
1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	125		150	
1	1	Assistant Clerk	...	...	...	125		125	
1	1	Foreman	...	...	...	125		125	
1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	110		110	
1	1	Carter	...	...	...	104		104	
							1,139		1,189
		Stores and Stationery for the Public Service generally	...	...	...	60,000		70,000	
		Fuel and Light for Departments within the District of Sydney	...	...	...	2,000		3,000	
		Conveyance of Stores	...	...	...	870		1,200	
		Packing and other Expenses	...	...	...	100		200	
		Iron Safes for Post Offices	...	...	...	240		.....	
							63,210		74,400
7	7	TOTAL	...	...	...	£ .....	64,349	.....	75,589
<b>Ordnance and Barrack Department.</b>									
1	1	Ordnance Storekeeper and Barrack Master	...	...	...	275		275	
1	1	Assistant do.	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Visiting Surgeon	...	...	...	25		* 50	
2	2	Clerks, at £100	...	...	...	200		200	
2	2	Foreman of Magazines, at £145	...	...	...	290		290	
							1,015		1,040
		Allowance to Ordnance Storekeeper, for extra duties	...	...	...	50		50	
		Foreman of Stores	...	...	...	125		125	
		Cooper, at 6s. per diem	...	...	...	92		102	
		Nine Magazine Labourers, at 5s. per diem each	...	...	...	657		821	
		Six Military Store Labourers, at 5s. per diem each	...	...	...	439		548	
		Two Magazine Labourers, Newcastle, at 5s. per diem	...	...	...	146		183	
		Officekeeper	...	...	...	30		45	
		Rations, Fuel, Light, and Medicines for Island Residents	...	...	...	361		425	
		Extra Labour and Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	68		68	
		Allowance for the supervision of Powder Vessel, Newcastle	...	...	...	.....		50	
							1,968		2,417
		Warlike Stores—Annual Supply	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	10,000
7	7	TOTAL	...	...	...	£ .....	2,983	.....	13,457
<b>Health and Emigration Officers.</b>									
1	1	<i>a</i> Health Officer, Port Jackson	...	...	...	530		530	
		Emigration Officer—(Duty performed by the Health Officer)	...	...	...	70		70	
1	1	<i>b</i> Health Officer, Newcastle	...	...	...	50		50	
1	1	Clerk to Emigration Officer, Port Jackson	...	...	...	175		175	
							825		825
		Rent of Office	...	...	...	75		75	
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	5		5	
							80		80
3	3	TOTAL	...	...	...	£ .....	905	.....	905

*a* Member of Immigration Board.*b* Vaccinator—2s. 6d. for each successful case.

\* The proposed increase is for attending the families on Goat Island.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## NO. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

No. of Persons.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
<b>Quarantine.</b>									
1	1	a Overseer of Stores	...	...	...	150		150	
2	2	a Boatmen, at £75...	...	...	...	150		150	
		Expenses of Vessels in Quarantine	...	...	...	.....	300	.....	300
							200		500
3	3	TOTAL	...	...	...	£	500	.....	800
<b>Shipping Masters.</b>									
<i>Sydney.</i>									
1	1	Shipping Master	...	...	...	400		400	
1	1	Chief Clerk and Deputy Shipping Master	...	...	...	300		350	
1	1	First Clerk	...	...	...	175		175	
2	2	Clerks, at £150	...	...	...	300		300	
...	1	Clerk Assistant	...	...	...	.....		75	
1	1	Director of Seamen	...	...	...	125		150	
1	1	Seamen's Assistant and Messenger	...	...	...	125		125	
1	1	Office-keeper	...	...	...	15		30	
<i>Newcastle.</i>									
1	1	b Shipping Master	...	...	...	150		150	
1	1	Clerk and Messenger	...	...	...	100		100	
...	1	Seamen's Runner	...	...	...	.....		100	
		Rent of Office	...	...	...	90		150	
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	20		20	
							110		170
10	12	TOTAL	...	...	...	£	1,800	.....	2,125
<b>Glebe Island Abattoir.</b>									
1	1	Inspector	...	...	...	300		300	
1	1	Assistant Inspector	...	...	...	150		150	
1	1	Engine-driver for Pumping Water	...	...	...	120		120	
1	1	Labourer	...	...	...	80		80	
1	1	Carter	...	...	...	80		100	
		Forage Allowance for Inspector	...	...	...	50		50	
		Coals for Pump Engine	...	...	...	80		80	
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	150		150	
		Forage for Horse...	...	...	...	40		40	
							730		750
							320		320
5	5	TOTAL	...	...	...	£	1,050	.....	1,070
<b>Marine Board of New South Wales.</b>									
MARINE BOARD, SYDNEY.									
1	1	President	...	...	...	650		650	
6	6	Fees to the Wardens	...	...	...	656		656	
1	1	Secretary	...	...	...	400		400	
1	1	Engineer Surveyor, Inspector, and Examiner	...	...	...	500		500	
1	1	Shipwright Surveyor and Inspector	...	...	...	300		300	
1	1	Examiner in Navigation and Pilotage	...	...	...	200		200	
1	1	Examiner in Seamanship and Pilotage	...	...	...	175		175	
1	1	Inspector	...	...	...	50		50	
...	1	Water Bailiff	...	...	...	.....		200	
1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	100		100	
...	...	Surveyors at the Outports	...	...	...	100		100	
							3,131		3,331
14	15	Carried forward	...	...	...	£	3,131	.....	3,331

a Provided with Quarters.

b Clerk to the Harbour Master—Salary, 1873, £150 per annum.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. of Persons.		No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.							
1873	1874					SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
						Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
14	15					£		£	
		<b>Marine Board of New South Wales—continued.</b>							
		Brought forward ... ..				.....	3,131	.....	3,331
		<b>LOCAL MARINE BOARD, NEWCASTLE.</b>							
1	1	Harbour Master and Chairman ... ..				450		450	
4	4	Fees to Members... ..				250		250	
1	1	Secretary and Inspector ... ..				250		250	
1	1	Inspector... ..				50		50	
7	7						1,000		1,000
		<b>HARBOUR MASTERS.</b>							
1	1	Harbour Master, Sydney... ..				350		350	
1	1	Do. Twofold Bay ... ..				250		250	
1	1	Assistant Harbour Master, Newcastle ... ..				250		250	
1	1	Clerk and Accountant, Sydney ... ..				250		250	
1	1	Clerk, Sydney ... ..				175		175	
1	1	a Do. Newcastle... ..				150		150	
6	6						1,425		1,425
		<b>COLONIAL LIGHT-HOUSES.</b>							
		<i>Principal Light-keepers.</i>							
1	1	Port Jackson—Macquarie Light ... ..				180		180	
1	1	Do. Hornby Light ... ..				180		180	
1	1	Newcastle (acting also as Signal Master) ... ..				250		250	
1	1	Cape St. George ... ..				180		180	
1	1	Port Stephens ... ..				180		180	
1	1	Broken Bay—Stewart's Light ... ..				144		144	
1	1	Light Ship "Bramble" ... ..				180		180	
1	1	Fort Denison Light ... ..				96		96	
1	1	Ulladulla ... ..				144		144	
1	1	Nelson's Bay, Port Stephens ... ..				96		96	
		<i>First Assistant Light-keepers.</i>							
1	1	Port Jackson—Macquarie Light ... ..				96		96	
1	1	Do. Hornby Light ... ..				96		96	
1	1	Newcastle... ..				96		96	
1	1	Cape St. George ... ..				96		96	
1	1	Port Stephens ... ..				96		96	
1	1	Light Ship "Bramble,"—Mate... ..				96		96	
1	1	Broken Bay—Stewart's Light ... ..				96		96	
2	2	Wollongong (also to perform the duties of Boatmen to the Pilot), at £96 ... ..				192		192	
		<i>Second Assistant Light-keepers</i>							
1	1	Port Jackson—Macquarie Light ... ..				96		96	
1	1	Do. Hornby Light ... ..				96		96	
1	1	Newcastle... ..				96		96	
1	1	Cape St. George ... ..				96		96	
1	1	Port Stephens ... ..				96		96	
3	3	Light Ship "Bramble,"—Crew, at £96 ... ..				288		288	
27	27						3,262		3,262
54	55	Carried forward ... .. £				.....	8,818	.....	9,018

a Also Shipping Master, Salary, 1873, £150 per annum.



## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
		<b>Marine Board of New South Wales—continued.</b>		
		Brought forward ... ..	£ 8,818	£ 9,018
		<b>SEA AND RIVER PILOTS.</b>		
		<i>Port Jackson.</i>		
2	2	Assistant Harbour Masters, at £250 ... ..	500	500
4	4	Crew for do., at £96... ..	384	384
		To provide Fees for Pilots under the Competitive Pilotage System ... ..	4,200	.....
		To provide for the Pilot Service of Port Jackson ... ..	.....	4,200
		<i>Newcastle.</i>		
3	3	Pilots, at £250 ... ..	750	750
2	2	Junior Pilots, at £175 ... ..	350	350
1	1	Assistant Pilot ... ..	144	144
		<i>Manning River.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>M'Leay River.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>Clarence River.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>Richmond River.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>Port Macquarie.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>Moruya.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>Bellenger River.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>Tweed River.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>Shoalhaven.</i>		
1	1	Pilot ... ..	175	175
		<i>Wollongong.</i>		
1	1	Pilot (and Light-keeper) ... ..	175	175
		<i>Nambuccra.</i>		
...	1	Pilot ... ..	.....	175
		<i>Kiama.</i>		
1	1	Pilot, in charge of the Port and Moorings ... ..	25	25
		<i>Jerringong.</i>		
1	1	Pilot, in charge of the Port and Moorings ... ..	15	15
			8,118	8,293
24	25	<b>BOATMEN.</b>		
		<i>Port Jackson. (Boatswain's Yard.)</i>		
1	1	a Boatswain in charge ... ..	150	150
4	4	Coxswains, at £108 ... ..	432	432
10	10	b Boatmen, at £96... ..	960	960
		<i>Newcastle.</i>		
18	18	Boatmen, at £96... ..	1,728	1,728
1	1	Carpenter... ..	140	140
		<i>Manning River.</i>		
4	4	Boatmen, at £96... ..	384	384
		<i>M'Leay River.</i>		
4	4	Boatmen, at £96... ..	384	384
		<i>Clarence River.</i>		
4	4	Boatmen, at £96... ..	384	384
		<i>Richmond River.</i>		
5	5	Boatmen—4 at £96 and 1 at £108 ... ..	492	492
		<i>Port Macquarie.</i>		
4	4	Boatmen, at £96... ..	384	384
		<i>Moruya.</i>		
2	2	Boatmen, at £96... ..	192	192
		<i>Bellenger River.</i>		
4	4	Boatmen, at £96... ..	384	384
		<i>Tweed River.</i>		
4	4	Boatmen, at £96... ..	384	384
		<i>Shoalhaven.</i>		
4	4	Boatmen, at £96 ... ..	384	384
		<i>Twofold Bay.</i>		
3	3	Boatmen, at £96... ..	288	288
		<i>Nambuccra.</i>		
...	2	Boatmen, at £96 ... ..	.....	192
72	74		7,070	7,262
150	154	Carried forward ... ..	24,006	24,573

a Provided with Quarters.

b To provide for the services of the Marine Board, Health and Emigration Officer, Post Office, and Government Stores.

No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.					
No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Marine Board of New South Wales—continued.</b>					
150	154		24,006		24,573
<b>TELEGRAPH STATIONS.</b>					
1	1	Signal Master, Fort Phillip ... ..	200	200	
1	1	Signal Master's Assistant ... ..	96	96	
1	1	Signal Master, South Head ... ..	180	180	
...	1	Signal Master, Cape Hawke ... ..	.....	100	
...	1	Additional Signal Man, Newcastle ... ..	.....	96	
1	1	Junior Operating Clerk, South Head ... ..	100	100	
1	1	Operator, Nelson's Bay ... ..	52	52	
1	1	Do. Port Stephens ... ..	26	26	
1	1	Do. Port Office, Sydney ... ..	26	26	
			680		876
7	9		24,686		25,449
<b>AUSTRALIAN COAST LIGHT-HOUSES.</b>					
		Contribution towards the maintenance of Lights on Gabo Island, Wilson's Promontory, King's Island, Kent's Group, and Lady Elliott's Island ... ..	1,750	1,750	
<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>					
		Large Moorings for the Harbour of Newcastle... ..	900	.....	
		Travelling Expenses ... ..	150	150	
		New Boats and repairs, and repairs to Boat-sheds and Pilot Stations ... ..	400	400	
		Forage and Farriery ... ..	100	100	
		Expense of Communication ... ..	50	50	
		For the maintenance of the four Leading Lights on the Beacons erected in the Port of Newcastle ... ..	48	48	
		Expense of sounding a Gong at Fort Denison during foggy weather ... ..	6	6	
		Moorings at Terrigal Bay ... ..	.....	350	
		Moorings at Kiama ... ..	.....	250	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..	400	600	
			2,054		1,954
157	163	<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>	<b>28,490</b>	<b>29,153</b>	
<b>Life-boats.</b>					
		Gratuities to Coxswains and Crews of Life-boats ... ..	400	400	

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## NO. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
	£		£	
<b>Miscellaneous Services.</b>				
Postage of Public Departments ... ..	7,000		10,000	
Advertising for the Public Service ... ..	4,000		4,000	
For the transmission of Telegraphic Messages ... ..	7,000		7,000	
Duty Stamps for the Public Service ... ..	1,500		2,000	
Commission on payments in England, by the Government Financial Agents, on (say) £900,000 ... ..	3,500		4,500	
Brokerage and other charges on the sale of Government Securities .....			8,000	
Exchange on Remittances within and beyond the Colony ... ..	6,500		7,000	
To meet the Expense of carrying on the Inner Waters and Coast Surveys ... ..	1,500		1,500	
Allowance for Postage and Stationery to Clerks of Petty Sessions, Land Agents, and Registrars of District Courts ... ..	1,900		2,000	
New Steam Launch ... ..			1,500	
For the purchase in England of Ammunition and general Military Stores, and to cover the cost of Shot, Shell, and other Warlike Stores, temporarily charged to the Loan Vote for Fortifications	13,337		23,000	
Provisions to be left on Booby Island, for the relief of Shipwrecked Persons ... ..	30		30	
Provisions to be left at Somerset, for the relief of Shipwrecked Persons ... ..	30		30	
For the relief and conveyance of distressed Seamen belonging to the Colony from Foreign Ports ... ..	250		250	
Contribution towards the maintenance of the Settlement at Somerset, Queensland... ..	300		300	
To meet Unforeseen Expenses, to be hereafter accounted for ...	3,000		3,000	
To defray the expense of importing New Silver Coin ... ..			1,500	
Other Votes, 1873 ... ..	4,670			
		54,517		75,610
<b>Advance to Treasurer.</b>				
To enable the Treasurer to make Advances to Public Officers and on account of other Governments, and to pay Expenses of an unforeseen nature, which will afterwards be submitted for Parliamentary Appropriation. The whole amount to be adjusted not later than the 31st December, 1875 ... ..		30,000		60,000



## VI.

## Secretary for Lands.

## SUMMARY.

	Voted for 1873.	Required for 1874.
	£	£
Department of Lands ... ..	12,186	13,209
Mining Department ... ..	.....	2,800
Survey of Lands ... ..	104,718	125,232
Triangulation of the Colony... ..	2,600	5,113
Commission to Land Agents, Appraisers, and others ... ..	4,400	8,150
Occupation of Lands ... ..	10,555	12,588
Gold Fields ... ..	6,578	7,148
Prevention of Scab in Sheep... ..	11,022	10,478
Imported Stock ... ..	250	220
Coal Fields ... ..	1,410	1,410
Botanic Gardens ... ..	3,984	3,666
Government Domains and Hyde Park ... ..	3,157	3,037
Oyster Beds ... ..	.....	350
Minor Roads ... ..	2,250	2,250
Miscellaneous Services ... ..	1,980	9,332
TOTAL ... .. £	165,090	204,983

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. of Persons.		No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.				SALARIES - AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Department of Lands.				Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
					£		£		
1	1	Secretary for Lands	...	...	.....	1,500	.....	1,500	
1	1	Under Secretary	...	...	.....	800	.....	800	
1	1	Chief Clerk	...	...	600		600		
2	2	Clerks, at £400	...	...	800		800		
3	3	Do. at £350	...	...	1,050		1,050		
2	2	Do. at £300	...	...	600		600		
6	8	Do. at £250	...	...	1,500		2,000		
6	8	Do. at £200	...	...	1,200		1,600		
10	14	Do. at £150	...	...	1,500		2,100		
32	40					7,250		8,750	
CONTINGENT STAFF.									
6	...	Extra Clerks, at 6s. per diem	...	...	657		.....		
...	4	Do. at £100 each	...	...	.....		400		
2	...	Cadets, at £50 per annum	...	...	100		.....	400	
8	4					757			
MESSENGERS, &c.									
3	3	Messengers—1 at £150,* and 2 at £110	...	...	340		370		
2	3	Office-keepers—1 at £61, 1 Assistant at £36	...	...	97		97		
1	1	Watchman, at 5s. per diem	...	...	92		92		
6	7					529		559	
CONTINGENCIES.									
		Preparation of Deeds	...	...	400		500		
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	150		200		
		Extra Clerical Assistance	...	...	400		500		
		Preparation of Mineral Leases	...	...	400		.....		
						1,350		1,200	
46	51	TOTAL	...	...	£	12,186	.....	13,209	
Mining Department.									
...	1	Secretary for Mines	...	...	.....		.....	1,500	
...	1	Under Secretary	...	...	.....		.....	800	
...	1	Chief Clerk	...	...	.....		.....	500	
		TOTAL	...	...	£	.....	.....	2,800	
Survey of Lands.									
SURVEY STAFF.									
1	1	Surveyor General	...	...	1,000		1,000		
1	1	Deputy Surveyor General	...	...	700		700		
5	5	District Surveyors, at £730	...	...	3,650		3,650		
6	8	First Class do., at £630	...	...	3,780		5,040		
6	6	Second Class do., at £530	...	...	3,180		3,180		
17	17	Field Assistants, at 6s. each per diem	...	...	1,862		1,862		
68	78	Wages and Provisions to Surveying Parties, at 4s. and 4s. 6d. per diem	...	...	5,264		6,013		
						19,436		21,445	
104	116	Carried forward	...	...	£	19,436	.....	21,445	

\* Provided with Quarters, Fuel, and Light.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.

No. of Persons.		Survey of Lands—continued.	SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
			£		£	
104	116	Brought forward ... ..	.....	19,436	.....	21,445
<b>DRAWING AND LITHOGRAPHIC STAFF.</b>						
1	1	Chief Draftsman ... ..	600		600	
7	6	*1st Class Draftsmen—1 at £500, 1 at £450, 2 at £400, 2 at £350 ... ..	2,750		2,450	
20	...	2nd Class Draftsmen—11 at £300, 7 at £250, and 2 at £220 ... ..	5,190		.....	
...	25	Do. do. 14 at £300, 9 at £250, and 2 at £220 ... ..	.....		6,890	
24	...	3rd Class Draftsmen—15 at £200, 8 at £150, and 1 at £100 ... ..	4,300		.....	
...	23	Do. do. 15 at £200, 8 at £150... ..	.....		4,200	
7	...	Supernumerary Draftsmen, at £75 each ... ..	525		.....	
...	9	Do. do. 1 at £100, and 8 at £75 ... ..	.....		700	
1	1	Engraver ... ..	300		300	
1	1	Engraver's Assistant ... ..	100		150	
4	...	Lithographic Printers—1 at £285, 1 at £210, 1 at £175, and 1 at £75 ... ..	745		.....	
...	4	Do. do. 1 at £285, 1 at £235, 1 at £175, and 1 at £100 ... ..	.....		795	
3	3	Description Writers—1 at £220, 1 at £150, and 1 at £100 ... ..	470		470	
1	1	Assistant Draftsman in Leasing Branch ... ..	200		200	
...	1	Do. do. Auction Branch ... ..	.....		150	
1	1	Plan Mounter ... ..	200		200	
1	1	Custodian of Plans ... ..	200		200	
1	1	Clerk in Charting Branch ... ..	200		200	
...	1	Exhibitor and Salesman of Public Maps and Lithographs ... ..	.....		200	
72	79			16,080		17,705
<b>CLERICAL STAFF.</b>						
1	1	Chief Clerk and Accountant ... ..	400		450	
2	2	Clerks, at £300 ... ..	600		600	
2	2	Do. at £200 ... ..	400		400	
2	2	Do. at £150 ... ..	300		300	
1	1	Clerk, at 6s. per diem ... ..	110		110	
1	1	Supernumerary Clerk ... ..	75		100	
9	9			1,885		1,960
<b>MESSENGERS, &amp;c.</b>						
2	2	Messengers, at £100 in 1873; at £110 in 1874 ... ..	200		220	
1	1	Office-keeper ... ..	36		36	
3	3			236		256
<b>BRANCH OFFICE.</b>						
1	1	Messenger ... ..	100		110	
1	1	Office-keeper ... ..	26		26	
2	2			126		136
2	2	TOTAL SALARIES ... ..	£ .....	37,763	.....	41,502
190	209	Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	37,763		41,502

\* 1 First Class Draftsman provided for in 1873 at £300, ranks as Second Class in 1874.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

		NO. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.			
No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
190	209	£	£	£	£
<b>Survey of Lands—continued.</b>					
		Brought forward . . . . .			
		.....	37,763	.....	41,502
<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>					
		500		.....	
		50		50	
		.....		1,800	
		60,000		71,000	
		2,500		5,430	
		200		250	
		500		500	
		250		350	
		750		750	
		150		.....	
		300		450	
		250		300	
		800		800	
		455		700	
		250		350	
		.....		1,000	
			66,955		83,730
190	209	£	104,718	.....	125,232
<b>Triangulation of the Colony.</b>					
<b>FIELD STAFF.</b>					
...	1			630	
...	1			530	
...	2			219	
				884	
		1,000		1,500	
			1,000		3,763
<b>OFFICE STAFF.</b>					
1	...	500		.....	
2	2	550		550	
2	2	150		150	
		.....		200	
		400		450	
			1,600		1,350
5	8	£	*2,600		5,113
<b>COMMISSION to Land Agents, Appraisers, and others</b>					
		4,300		8,000	
		100		150	
			4,400		8,150

\* This amount was provided for 1873, in lump sum, under the Vote for Contingencies, Surveyor General's Department.



## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Occupation of Lands.		Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
				£	£
HEAD QUARTERS.					
1	1	Officer in Charge	...	450	450
1	1	Clerk	...	250	250
1	1	Do.	...	225	225
3	3	Clerks—1 (Accountant) at £200, 1 at £200, and 1 at £150	...	550	550
2	2	Do. 1 at £125, and 1 at £100	...	225	225
2	2	Clerks—1 at £100, and 1 at £75	...	104	175
1	1	Draftsman	...	450	450
1	1	Do.	...	225	250
...	2	Draftsmen, 1 at £225, and 1 at £200	...	.....	425
1	1	Draftsman	...	125	125
1	1	Cumberland Ranger	...	200	200
14	16			2,804	3,325
1	1	Messenger	...	75	75
1	1	Housekeeper	...	36	48
2	2			111	123
PASTORAL DISTRICTS.					
1	1	Commissioner of Crown Lands	...	500	500
7	8	Commissioners do. at £450	...	3,150	3,600
1	...	Commissioner do.	...	400	.....
6	6	Bailiffs, at £180	...	1,080	1,080
9	9	Camp-keepers, at £40	...	360	360
24	24			5,490	5,540
CONTINGENT.					
		Exploration and allotment of New Country	...	200	200
		Appraisalment Fees and Travelling Expenses	...	1,500	1,750
		Commissioners' Quarters and Offices	...	350	350
		Incidental Expenses	...	100	100
		Survey of Run Boundaries	...	.....	1,000
		Lithographic Maps	...	.....	200
				2,150	3,600
40	42	TOTAL	£	10,555	12,588
Gold Fields.					
3	3	Commissioners, at £500	...	1,500	1,500
...	1	Assistant Commissioner, Western Gold Fields	...	.....	300
1	1	Clerk and Accountant, Western Gold Fields	...	300	300
1	1	Clerk, do.	...	200	200
1	1	Do. do.	...	150	150
1	1	Charting Clerk in charge of Lease Branch do.	...	200	200
1	1	Clerk and Accountant, Southern Gold Fields	...	225	250
1	1	Clerk and Accountant, Northern Gold Fields	...	300	300
1	1	Clerk, do.	...	200	200
				3,075	3,400
		Allowance in lieu of Forage to Commissioners	...	400	400
		Rent of Premises	...	253	298
		Travelling Expenses of Commissioners and Police Magistrates acting as such (when specially sanctioned)	...	1,200	1,200
		Salaries to Mining Surveyors	...	1,000	1,200
		Incidental and Unforeseen Expenses	...	650	650
				3,503	3,748
10	11	TOTAL	£	6,578	7,148

No. of Persons.		No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.		
						£		£		
<b>Prevention of Scab in Sheep.</b>										
1	1	Chief Inspector	...	...	...	500		500		
1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	150		150		
5	6	Inspectors, at £350	...	...	...	1,750		2,100		
11	10	Do. at £250	...	...	...	2,750		2,500		
2	2	Do. at £200	...	...	...	400		400		
14	14	Do. at £150	...	...	...	2,100		2,100		
3	3	Do. at £50	...	...	...	150		150		
12	10	Boundary Riders on the Murray, 6 at £132, and 4 at £150	...	...	...	1,656		1,392		
1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	100		100		
...	1	Officekeeper	...	...	...	.....		36		
							9,556		9,428	
<b>Forage:—</b>										
Chief Inspector						50		50		
Travelling Expenses of Inspectors (when specially sanctioned)						150		100		
Travelling Expenses of Sheep Directors						100		100		
Postage and Stationery						170		170		
Rent of Quarantine Ground, Sydney, to 31st March, 1873						16		.....		
Forage for Sheep in Quarantine						350		350		
Medicaments for dressing Sheep						20		20		
Keeping Quarantine Yards, Sydney						50		50		
Clearing and Fencing Sheep Quarantine Ground, and erecting Sheds, Yards, and Fences at Randwick						400		.....		
Incidental Expenses, including Law Costs and Charges						160		210		
							1,466		1,050	
50	49	TOTAL ... ..				£	.....	11,022	.....	10,478
<b>Imported Stock.</b>										
2	2	Inspectors, at £25	...	...	...	50		50		
Attendance on Stock in Quarantine						100		100		
Veterinary Inspection						60		10		
Transport of Stock and Fodder						.....		20		
Incidental Expenses, including Postage, Stationery, Telegrams, &c.						40		40		
							250		220	
2	2	TOTAL ... ..				£	.....	250	.....	220
<b>Coal Fields.</b>										
1	1	Examiner (Northern) and Keeper of Mining Records	...	...	...	600		600		
1	1	Inspector	...	...	...	300		300		
							900		900	
Rent of Office						60		60		
Forage when specially authorized						50		50		
Incidental Expenses						400		400		
							510		510	
2	2	TOTAL ... ..				£	.....	1,410	.....	1,410

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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No. of Persons.		No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
<b>Botanic Gardens.</b>									
1	1	Director	...	...	...	400		400	
1	1	Overseer	...	...	...	150		150	
1	1	Clerk and Librarian	...	...	...	150		150	
1	1	Bailiff	...	...	...	108		108	
							808		838
		Wages to Gardeners and Labourers	...	...	...	1,563		1,650	
		Travelling and other Expenses of Director	...	...	...	100		100	
		Forage for one Horse	...	...	...	50		50	
		Cases for Plants, and expenses of transmission	...	...	...	40		40	
		Towards the formation of a Public Botanical Library	...	...	...	25		25	
		Coals and Manure	...	...	...	50		50	
		Preparing Ground for New Plantations	...	...	...	100		100	
		Cost of Aviary	...	...	...	200		200	
		Painting and repairing Seats	...	...	...	25		25	
		Labelling the Plants and Shrubs	...	...	...	15		15	
		To continue trenching, draining, making Walks and Plantations, and forming Pond—reclaimed ground, Lower Gardens	...	...	...	850		300	
		New Cart and Truck	...	...	...	.....		15	
		Horse Mowing-machine	...	...	...	.....		50	
		New Gates	...	...	...	58		58	
		To meet the expense of connecting the furnace with the Propagating House	...	...	...	.....		50	
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	100		100	
							3,176		2,828
4	4	<b>TOTAL</b>	...	...	£	...	3,984	.....	3,666
<b>Government Domains and Hyde Park.</b>									
1	1	General Overseer	...	...	...	130		130	
1	1	Bailiff	...	...	...	120		120	
							250		250
		Wages to Labourers	...	...	...	962		962	
		Forage for one Horse	...	...	...	50		50	
		Material to keep in repair Roads and Paths	...	...	...	250		250	
		Repair of Gates and Fences	...	...	...	125		125	
		To trench and fence in Ground for additional Plantations	...	...	...	150		150	
		Soil and Manure	...	...	...	25		25	
		To keep in order Plantations at Court House, Darlinghurst, and at other Public Buildings	...	...	...	100		150	
		Cutting down Hill and forming Carriage Road near Macquarie Point	...	...	...	75		.....	
		Cutting Steps on Path from Cowper Wharf towards Baths	...	...	...	100		.....	
		For the purchase of a Cart and Horse	...	...	...	20		.....	
		To purchase a small Mowing-machine	...	...	...	.....		25	
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	50		50	
							1,907		1,787
		For the improvement of Hyde Park	...	...	...	.....	1,000	.....	1,000
2	2	<b>TOTAL</b>	...	...	£	.....	3,157	.....	3,037
<b>Oyster Beds.</b>									
...	1	Inspector	...	...	...	.....		200	
		Travelling Expenses	...	...	...	.....		150	
							.....		350
...	1	<b>TOTAL</b>	...	...	£	.....	.....	.....	350
<b>Minor Roads.</b>									
		Alignment Posts for Towns	...	...	...	250		250	
		To meet Expense of fencing Public Roads where proclaimed through enclosed Lands	...	...	...	2,000		2,000	
							2,250		2,250

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Miscellaneous Services.</b>					
For the erection of Public Pounds ... ..		200		200	
For preservation of the Caves at Fish River ... ..		50		50	
For preservation of the Wombeian Caves ... ..		25		25	
For fencing Public Cemeteries ... ..		1,000		1,000	
Parramatta Park ... ..		100		100	
Fees to Commissioners of the Court of Claims for hearing and reporting on claims to Grants of Land in terms of the Act 5 Wm. IV No. 21 ... ..		125		125	
To meet costs of legal expenses incurred in cases of ejection of illegal occupants from Crown Lands, sold or about to be sold ... ..		300		300	
Refund to the Trustees of the Hawkesbury Benevolent Asylum of the Residue of Rent paid on Mooki West Run for the Years 1870-1-2 and 3 ... ..				200	
Improving and planting with trees and shrubs Biloela Island, Parramatta River ... ..				200	
For the improvement of the Recreation Reserve in the Town of Richmond. (Annual sum) ... ..				25	
For the improvement of the Recreation Reserve in the Town of Windsor ... ..				50	
Cost of procuring Galvanized Iron Wire Ladders for the Fish River Caves ... ..				50	
For the purchase of 50 acres of land at Iron Barks Hill as a site for a General Cemetery (from the Australian Agricultural Company) at the rate of £50 per acre ... ..				2,500	
Compensation to Mrs. Mary Harpur for loss sustained by a reserved Road along the bank of the Tuross River ... ..				100	
Towards the publication of a work on Orchids ... ..				100	
Towards enclosing and laying out for Public Recreation the Flag-staff Hill Reserve. ... ..				1,513	
Planting and laying out of Wynyard Square ... ..				300	
Compensation to Mr. J. Barclay for losses in case <i>Emery v. Barclay</i> (subject to taxation of costs) ... ..				467	
Compensation to Mr. Stephen Scholey for costs incurred in the case <i>Scholey ats. Eckford</i> (subject to taxation of costs) ...£1,263					
Interest on ditto ... ..				64	
Continuation of Wall and Iron Railing, Macquarie-street, enclosing Inner Domain ... ..				1,327	
Other Votes, 1872 ... ..		180		700	
			1,980		9,332

## VII.

## Secretary for Public Works.

## SUMMARY.

	Voted for 1873.	Required for 1874.
	£	£
Department of Public Works ... ..	4,130	4,544
Harbours and Rivers Navigation :—		
Establishments ... ..	37,465	48,149
Public Works ... ..	12,396	34,926
Colonial Architect ... ..	6,815	8,079
Public Works and Buildings ... ..	85,276	147,150
Roads and Bridges :—		
General Establishment ... ..	3,575	3,809
Superintendence ... ..	11,919	13,594
Construction and Maintenance ... ..	254,611	260,077
Miscellaneous Services ... ..	1,350	1,870
<b>TOTAL ... ..</b>	<b>£ 417,537</b>	<b>522,198</b>

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.*

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

No. of Persons.		No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Department of Public Works.						Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
								£		£	
1	1	Secretary for Public Works	...	...	...	...	...	1,500		1,500	
1	1	Under Secretary	...	...	...	...	...	800		800	
1	1	Chief Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	500		500	
1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	250		275	
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	200		200	
...	1	Cadet	...	...	...	...	...	.....		52	
1	1	Principal Messenger	...	...	...	...	...	150		150	
...	1	Messenger	...	...	...	...	...	.....		75	
1	1	Housekeeper	...	...	...	...	...	50		52	
									3,450		3,604
		Rent	...	...	...	...	...	650		900	
		Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	...	...	30		50	
									680		950
7	9	TOTAL	...	...	...	...	...	£ .....	4,130		4,554

No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

No. of Persons.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.		
						£		£		
<b>Harbours and Rivers Navigation.</b>										
<b>ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.</b>										
1	1	Engineer-in-Chief...	...	...	...	1,100		1,100		
1	1	Chief Surveyor and Draftsman	...	...	...	400		400		
1	1	Draftsman	...	...	...	300		350		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	275		325		
1	1	Chief Clerk and Accountant	...	...	...	300		350		
1	1	Clerk and Bookkeeper	...	...	...	225		250		
1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	200		250		
...	1	Do.	...	...	...	.....		75		
2	2	Cadets, at £52	...	...	...	104		104		
1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	75		80		
1	1	Officekeeper	...	...	...	25		25		
						3,004		3,309		
Travelling Expenses						120		120		
Incidental Expenses						25		25		
11	12					145		145		
							3,149		3,454	
<b>FITZ ROY DOCK.</b>										
1	1	Shipwright Carpenter and Foreman of Dock	...	...	...	200		250		
1	1	Engineer Mechanic	...	...	...	162		180		
1	1	Watchman, at 6s. per diem	...	...	...	110		110		
1	1	Fireman, Messenger, and Boatman	...	...	...	108		108		
4	4					580		648		
Coals, Labour, and Materials for docking and undocking Vessels						400		400		
Forage for one Draught Horse						950		950		
Unforeseen Contingencies						1,350		1,350		
							1,930		1,998	
<b>STEAM DREDGE "HUNTER."</b>										
1	1	Engineer and Master	...	...	...	300		300		
14	14	Crew	...	...	...	1,520		1,520		
						1,820		1,820		
Repairs and Renewals, Coals, Stores, Steam Tug, and other Incidental Expenses						2,000		2,000		
15	15						3,820		3,820	
<b>STEAM DREDGE "HERCULES."</b>										
1	1	Engineer and Master	...	...	...	250		250		
9	9	Crew	...	...	...	946		946		
						1,196		1,196		
Repairs and Renewals, Coals, Stores, Steam Tug, and other Incidental Expenses						1,500		1,500		
New Tug for Dredge						500		.....		
New Punts for Dredge						.....		1,800		
							3,196		4,496	
10	10	Carried forward				£	.....	12,095	.....	13,768

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Harbours and Rivers Navigation—continued.</b>					
		Brought forward	12,095		13,768
<b>STEAM DREDGE "PLUTO."</b>					
1	1	Engineer and Master	250	275	
9	9	Crew	884	968	
			1,134	1,243	
10	10	Repairs, Coals, Stores, &c., &c.	1,400	1,400	
			2,534		2,643
<b>STEAM DREDGE "VULCAN," NEWCASTLE.</b>					
1	1	Engineer and Master	250	300	
14	14	Crew	1,520	1,520	
			1,770	1,820	
		Repairs and Renewals, Coals, Stores, Steam Tug, and other Incidental Expenses	2,000	2,000	
		Additional Punts for Dredge	2,500		
		New Boiler for Tug "Doribang"		1,000	
15	15		6,270		4,820
<b>STEAM DREDGE "SAMSON."</b>					
1	1	Engineer and Master	250	300	
15	15	Crew (including "Thetis")	2,556	2,556	
			2,806	2,856	
		Repairs, Renewals, Coals, Stores, Steam Tug, and other Incidental Expenses	2,500	2,650	
16	16		5,306		5,506
<b>STEAM DREDGE "FITZ ROY."</b>					
1	1	Engineer and Master	250	300	
9	9	Crew	888	912	
			1,138	1,212	
		Repairs, Renewals, Stores, Coals, Steam Tug, and other Incidental Expenses	2,000	2,000	
		Iron Punts for Dredge	2,500		
10	10	New Tug for Dredge	3,000	500	
			8,638		3,712
<b>STEAM DREDGE "TITAN."</b>					
1	1	Engineer and Master	250	250	
9	9	Crew	872	872	
			1,122	1,122	
10	10	Repairs, Renewals, Coals, Stores, &c.	1,000	1,400	
			2,122		2,522
		To defray Expenses during the occasional employment of the "Thetis" on Special Services unconnected with Dredging		500	500
<b>SECOND DREDGE FOR NEWCASTLE.</b>					
...	1	Engineer and Master, half-year		150	
		Crews of Dredge and Tug, do.		1,882	
				2,032	
		Repairs, Renewals, Coals, Stores, Steam Tug, and other Incidental Expenses		2,000	
					4,032
...	1	Carried forward	£		
				37,465	37,503



## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Harbours and Rivers Navigation—continued.</b>					
		Brought forward	37,465		37,503
<b>DREDGE FOR CLARENCE RIVER.</b>					
...	1	Engineer and Master, 3 months		63	
...	9	Crew, for do.		228	
...	10			291	
		Repairs, Renewals, Coals, Stores, Steam Tug, &c.		500	791
		Additional Amount required for Wages and Contingent Expenses, to permit of the Dredges "Samson," "Hercules," "Hunter," "Vulcan," and "Fitz Roy," being kept working at night			9,324
<b>SMALL DREDGE FOR SYDNEY.</b>					
...	1	Engineer and Master, 3 months		63	
...	9	Crew, for do.		218	
...	10	Contingencies		281	
				250	531
		TOTAL	37,465		48,149
<b>PUBLIC WORKS.</b>					
2	2	Assistant Engineers employed in superintending the construction of Public Works...	1,000	1,050	
		Professional and other Extra Assistance, formerly paid from Contingent and Other Votes...		1,900	
1	1	Ballast Master, Newcastle	200	200	
1	1	Boatman	96	96	
			1,296		3,246
4	4	Preliminary Harbour and River Surveys	750	1,000	
		Landing Silt from Dredge, and forming Ground	2,000	2,000	
		Incidental Expenses to Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works	2,000	2,000	
		Repairs to Glebe Island Road	100	100	
		Public Wharf at Botany		500	
		Forming and Metalling the ground at the rear of Cowper Wharf, Woolloomooloo Bay		3,500	
		Constructing Main Sewer and Silt Pit through the land reclaimed at the head of Darling Harbour		10,830	
		For the continuation and formation of Macquarie-street		3,000	
		Steam Tug for the Richmond River		5,000	
		Appliances for discharging ballast at Newcastle		3,000	
		Grassing Sand Hills, Newcastle, further sum		300	
		Widening, &c., Gosford Wharf		300	
		Wharf at Milson's Point, at end of Lane Cove Road		150	
		Other Votes of 1873	6,250		
			11,100		31,680
		TOTAL	12,396		34,926

		No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.						SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.				
No. of Persons.								Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.		
1873	1874							£		£		
<b>Colonial Architect.</b>												
1	1	Colonial Architect	...	...	...	...	...	1,000		1,000		
1	1	First Clerk of Works	...	...	...	...	...	600		600		
1	1	Clerk of Works	...	...	...	...	...	500		500		
...	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	.....		450		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	400		425		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	400		400		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	400		400		
...	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	.....		350		
1	1	First Foreman of Works	...	...	...	...	...	250		275		
1	1	Second do.	...	...	...	...	...	250		250		
1	1	Draftsman	...	...	...	...	...	300		300		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	200		200		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	150		150		
1	1	Cadet	...	...	...	...	...	100		100		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	75		75		
...	2	Cadets, at £52 each	...	...	...	...	...	.....		104		
1	1	Chief Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	450		450		
...	1	Clerk	...	...	...	...	...	.....		350		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	300		300		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	250		200		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	150		150		
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	...	...	100		100		
1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	...	...	100		100		
1	1	Office-keeper	...	...	...	...	...	40		50		
									6,015		7,279	
Forge for the horses of the Colonial Architect and the First Clerk of Works								100		100		
Travelling Expenses of the Colonial Architect and Officers of the Department, when proceeding to inspect Public Works and Buildings								550		550		
Incidental Expenses								50		50		
1	1	Boatman	...	...	...	...	...	100		100		
									800		800	
21	26	TOTAL ...						£	.....	6,815		8,079

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

	Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
Public Works and Buildings.	£	£
For ordinary repairs, alterations, and additions to Public Buildings generally ...	12,000	18,000
For providing Furniture and Fittings for Public Offices generally ...	3,000	4,000
For repairs to Military and Volunteer Buildings ...	1,500	1,500
For lighting Lamps, sweeping Chimneys, &c., Victoria Barracks... ..	200	200
For lighting Government Lamps in Streets of Sydney the Domain and Hyde Park	700	1,000
To provide Building and other Materials for completion or repair of Gaols and other Public Buildings, by the labour of Prisoners in Gaol ... ..	6,500	6,500
Additions, Sydney Gaol ... ..	2,000	2,000
Police Buildings ... ..	3,000	3,000
Gaols, Court Houses, and Lock-ups ... ..	12,000	15,000
Supply of Coffins for Paupers ... ..	150	150
Repairs and Furniture for Telegraph Stations ... ..	1,000	2,000
Additions, Alterations, and Repairs, Protestant Orphan School, Parramatta ...	1,000	500
Additions and Materials to the New Gaol at Maitland ... ..	1,000	1,000
Repairs to Roman Catholic Orphan School ... ..	1,000	500
Preparing Ground and Planting at Public Buildings ... ..	150	250
Additions to Hospital for Insane, Gladcsville ... ..	6,000	3,500
Additions to Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta ... ..	6,000	5,000
Repair to the Mint Buildings ... ..	1,400	500
Police Building at Newcastle ... ..	1,200	500
Additions to the Asylum for Imbeciles at Newcastle ... ..	2,000	2,200
Stabling and Cottage for Grooms at the New General Post Office ... ..	1,200	500
Repairs to Buildings at the Quarantine Station, erection of new Buildings for the proper classification of Passengers by vessels placed in Quarantine, and providing the necessary Furniture ... ..	2,000	6,500
Addition to Custom House, to accommodate the Marine Board ... ..	.....	12,000
Shed for the protection of Shot and Shell, and Rifled Guns ... ..	.....	1,000
Liverpool Benevolent Asylum, Bakehouse, Ovens, &c. ... ..	.....	700
Enlarging Shed for Customs' Boats ... ..	.....	450
Police Buildings at Queanbeyan ... ..	.....	1,000
Strong Room, Registry Office ... ..	.....	2,000
Police Buildings at Gunnedah ... ..	.....	1,000
Police Buildings at Wallerawang ... ..	.....	1,600
Police Buildings at Toogong ... ..	.....	950
Police Buildings at Wentworth ... ..	.....	1,500
Court House and Lock-up at Shellharbour ... ..	.....	900
Court House and Lock-up at Bingera ... ..	.....	1,000
Court House and Lock-up at Hay... ..	.....	1,500
Court House, Lock-up, and Police Stable Buckley's Crossing-place ... ..	.....	1,000
Erection of additions to Lock-up, Poonecaria, for Court House ... ..	.....	400
Court House and Lock-up at Coonamble ... ..	.....	800
Court House and Lock-up at Sofala ... ..	.....	1,400
Purchase of site for ditto ... ..	.....	150
Erecting Light-house Keeper's Quarters, Nelson's Bay, Port Stephens ... ..	.....	700
Court and Watch House, Milton ... ..	.....	800
Carried forward ... ..	£ 65,000	104,550

No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.							Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
							£	£
<b>Public Works and Buildings—continued.</b>								
						65,000	104,550	
							2,000	
							1,000	
							1,000	
							900	
							10,000	
							3,500	
							2,500	
							2,500	
							800	
							1,600	
							1,500	
							1,500	
							1,500	
							1,500	
							1,200	
							100	
							1,000	
							6,000	
							1,000	
						20,276		
						£ 85,276	147,150	

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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No. of Persons.		No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874					Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
						£		£	
<b>Roads and Bridges.</b>									
GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.									
1	1	Commissioner and Engineer	...	...	...	900		900	
1	1	Assistant Engineer	...	...	...	450		500	
1	1	Chief Clerk and Cashier...	...	...	...	325		375	
1	1	Accountant	...	...	...	300		300	
1	1	Clerk	...	...	...	225		225	
1	1	Messenger	...	...	...	75		75	
							2,275		2,375
1	1	Draughtsman	...	...	...	250		250	
1	1	Cadet	...	...	...	100		100	
...	2	Cadets, at £52 each	...	...	...	.....		104	
2	2	Clerk	...	...	...	200		200	
1	1	Do.	...	...	...	200		200	
...	1	Assistant Housekeeper	...	...	...	.....		30	
							750		884
		Equipment Allowance for Commissioner and Engineer	...	...	...	100		100	
		Travelling Expenses, Instruments, Books, and other Incidental Expenses	...	...	...	450		450	
							550		550
11	14	TOTAL	...	...	...	£	3,575	.....	3,809
SUPERINTENDENTS IN FIELD.									
6	6	Superintendents, 1st class, at £400	...	...	...	2,400		2,400	
7	7	Do. do. at £375	...	...	...	2,625		2,625	
...	2	Do. do. at £340	...	...	...	.....		680	
5	4	Do. 2nd class, at £300	...	...	...	1,500		1,200	
5	5	Do. do. at £250	...	...	...	1,250		1,250	
...	4	Do. 3rd class, at £200	...	...	...	.....		800	
4	4	Cadets, at £156	...	...	...	624		624	
							8,399		9,579
		Travelling Allowance to 15 Superintendents, 1st Class, at £150 each	...	...	...	1,950		2,250	
		Do. 9 do. 2nd class, £125	...	...	...	1,250		1,125	
		Do. 4 do. 3rd class, at £80	...	...	...	.....		320	
		Do. 4 Cadets, at £80	...	...	...	320		320	
							3,520		4,015
27	32	TOTAL	...	...	...	£	11,919	.....	13,594
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE.									
<i>Main North Road.</i>									
		Morpeth to Murrurundi, Tolls to be expended where collected	...	...	...	3,175		2,970	
		Murrurundi to Armidale, ditto ditto	...	...	...	2,274		2,650	
		Ditto ditto 135 miles, at £50 per mile	...	...	...	6,750		6,750	
		Moonby Deviation	...	...	...	3,000		.....	
							15,199		12,370
<i>Main South Road.</i>									
		Fifth Milestone to Goulburn, Tolls to be expended where collected	...	...	...	2,020		1,875	
		Goulburn to Albury, ditto ditto	...	...	...	4,050		4,650	
		Goulburn to Albury, 250 miles, at £50 per mile	...	...	...	12,700		12,700	
							18,770		19,225
<i>Main Western Road.</i>									
		Sydney to Kelso, Tolls to be expended where collected	...	...	...	3,475		3,905	
		Kelso to Dubbo, ditto ditto	...	...	...	1,700		.....	
		Ditto ditto 136 miles, at £50 per mile	...	...	...	6,800		.....	
		Kelso to Warren, Tolls to be expended where collected	...	...	...	.....		1,800	
		Ditto ditto 196 miles, at £50 per mile	...	...	...	.....		9,800	
							11,975		15,505
		Carried forward	...	...	...	£	45,944	.....	47,100

## No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Roads and Bridges—continued.		Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE—continued.		£		£	
<i>Other Main Roads.</i> Brought forward ... ..		.....	45,944	.....	47,100
Main Road, Grafton to Glen Innes, 100 miles, at £50 per mile ...		5,000		5,000	
Ditto Wallerawang to Mudgee, 75 miles, at £50 per mile...		3,750		3,750	
Ditto ditto ditto Tolls to be expended for maintenance ... ..		3,100		3,600	
Ditto Goulburn to Queanbeyan, 56 miles, at £50 per mile...		2,800		.....	
Ditto ditto ditto Tolls ... ..		950		.....	
Goulburn to Cooma, 123 miles, at £50 per mile ... ..		.....		6,150	
Ditto ditto Tolls to be expended where collected ... ..		.....		750	
Ditto Tarago to Braidwood, 36 miles, at £50 per mile ...		1,800		1,800	
Ditto Bathurst to Cowra, 62 miles, at £50 per mile ...		3,100		3,100	
Ditto ditto Tolls ... ..		400		400	
<i>Roads and Bridges generally.</i>			20,900		24,550
Contingent Works on Minor Reads not on Schedule, on Punts and Approaches, and on Approaches to Railway Stations ...		5,000		10,000	
Repair of and painting Bridges ... ..		3,000		3,000	
Construction and repair of 'Toll-bars' ... ..		1,000		1,000	
Estimated amount of Tolls to be collected at Grafton Punt, to be expended in maintenance and repair of same and Approaches		1,000		2,000	
Minor Roads, as per Schedule ... ..		65,098		86,000	
Purchase of Steam Road-roller ... ..		.....		1,000	
Forming newly opened streets across the reclaimed land at head of Darling Harbour ... ..		.....		1,991	
Metalling Main Road through Cudgegong Municipality ... ..		.....		3,000	
Formation of new Road from William to Woolloomooloo Streets, the land fronting this road to be sold and purchasers bound to build to a uniform elevation approved by the Government and exhibited at time of sale ... ..		.....		900	
To complete the metalling of road from Campbelltown to Camden...		.....		500	
Further sum, Road Kempsey to Armidale ... ..		.....		5,000	
For repairing the Road from the Abattoirs to its junction with the Parramatta Road ... ..		.....		2,000	
Road, Jamberoo Mountain Pass ... ..		.....		250	
New Punt at Seaham ... ..		.....		300	
Bridge over Back Creek, on road Bathurst to Rockley ... ..		.....		300	
" Moggendera Creek, Moruya and Araluen Road ... ..		.....		500	
Formation of Belmore Road ... ..		.....		486	
Bridge, Doctor's Creek, near Narrabri ... ..		.....		450	
" Mullenderree Lane, Moruya to Araluen ... ..		.....		400	
" at Curragong, Bushman's ... ..		.....		300	
" over Turon River, at Bragg's ... ..		.....		3,000	
" over Cudgegong, at Mudgee, reconstruction in iron ... ..		.....		3,500	
" at Slasher's Flat ... ..		.....		2,000	
" at Warren ... ..		.....		1,700	
" over Railway, Wells-street, Redfern ... ..		.....		1,700	
" at Billyong, Conargo ... ..		.....		700	
" at West Maitland, Victoria, reconstruction of ... ..		.....		1,500	
" at Orange, widening of ... ..		.....		600	
" over Bong Bong River ... ..		.....		400	
" over Davy's Creek, Bathurst to Campbell's River ... ..		.....		350	
" Baker's Creek ... ..		.....		200	
" Tallywalka, near Menindie... ..		.....		600	
" at Kangaroo Valley ... ..		.....		1,500	
" Tallamullin Creek, Baan Baa ... ..		.....		800	
" Colo Creek, near Walgett ... ..		.....		600	
Other Votes, 1873 ... ..		68,660		.....	
<i>Roads under Trustees.</i>			143,758		138,527
Clerk in Charge ... ..		300		300	
Roads under Trustees, as per Schedule ... ..		37,309		43,600	
Unclassified Roads ... ..		6,000		6,000	
Cost of obtaining Reports, and other Contingent Expenses ...		400		600	
			44,009		49,900
TOTAL ... ..		£ .....	254,611		260,077
<b>Miscellaneous Services.</b>					
Attending to the lighting and extinguishing of the Gas, &c., in the Parliamentary Buildings ... ..		70		70	
Lighting Lamps, Newcastle Wharf ... ..		120		120	
Stationary Engine, Hinton ... ..		.....		1,500	
Bridge, Yarralaw Creek, between Bungonia and Braidwood ...		.....		180	
Other Votes, 1873 ... ..		1,160		.....	
			1,350		1,870

## VII.

# Railways.

## SUMMARY.

	Voted for 1873.	Required for 1874.
	£	£
Railways:—		
General Establishment ... ..	3,981	5,525
Existing Lines—Working Expenses ... ..	222,869	235,122
Miscellaneous ... ..	2,100	12,100
Works in Progress—Establishment ... ..	6,274	7,399
TOTAL ... ..	£ 235,244	260,146

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.*

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. of Persons.		No. VII.—RAILWAYS.			
		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Railways.</b>					
GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.					
1	1	Commissioner ... ..	800	1,000	
...	1	Consulting Engineer ... ..	.....	200	
...	1	Secretary... ..	.....	600	
1	...	Chief Clerk ... ..	400	.....	
1	1	Accountant ... ..	400	400	
1	1	Cashier, South and West ... ..	300	350*	
1	1	Do. North ... ..	150	175	
...	1	Clerk ... ..	.....	275†	
1	1	Do. ... ..	250	250	
1	1	Do. ... ..	250	250	
...	1	Do. ... ..	.....	225	
1	1	Do. ... ..	200	200	
1	1	Do. ... ..	200	200	
1	1	Do. ... ..	200	225	
1	1	Do. ... ..	156	175	
1	1	Do. ... ..	150	150	
1	1	Do. ... ..	150	175	
...	1	Do. ... ..	.....	150†	
...	1	Do. ... ..	.....	150†	
1	1	Junior Clerk ... ..	75	75	
1	1	Messenger and Housekeeper ... ..	100	100	
			3,781		5,325
		Travelling and Incidental Expenses ... ..	200	.....	200
15	20	TOTAL ... ..	£ 3,981	.....	5,525
WORKING EXPENSES.					
<i>Permanent Way Branch.</i>					
1	1	Assistant Engineer in Charge of Way and Works G.S.W. & Richmond Railways ... ..	700	700	
1	1	Superintendent of ditto, Great Northern Railway ..	450	450	
1	1	Inspector, South and West ... ..	300	300	
1	1	Do. North ... ..	275	275	
<i>Locomotive Branch.</i>					
...	1	General Overseer ... ..	.....	500	
1	...	Locomotive Foreman, Sydney ... ..	400	.....	
1	1	Locomotive Foreman, Newcastle ... ..	350	350	
			2,475		2,575
TRAFFIC BRANCH.					
1	1	Traffic Manager, Southern and Western Lines ... ..	500	500	
1	1	Traffic Manager, Northern Line... ..	500	500	
...	1	Inspector ... ..	.....	300	
1	1	1st Clerk ... ..	300	200	
51	...	Station Masters,—7 at £250, 3 at £225, 8 at £200, 7 at £175, 16 at £150, 3 at £140, 7 at £130 ...	8,980	.....	
...	53	Station Masters,—7 at £250, 4 at £225, 7 at £200, 8 at £175, 17 at £150, 3 at £140, 7 at £130... ..	.....	9,330	
1	1	Allowance to Station Masters for House Rent ... ..	675	592	
1	1	Wharfinger, Newcastle ... ..	200	200	
			11,155		11,622
TRAFFIC AUDIT.					
1	1	Traffic Auditor ... ..	400	400	
1	1	Assistant do. Northern Line ... ..	200	250	
8	11	Other Clerical Assistance, viz. :— 1 at £190, 1 at £170, 1 at £156, 1 at £150, 1 at £135, 1 at £130, and 1 at £100; 4 Cadets,—2 at £75, and 2 at £50 ... ..	1,001	1,281	
			1,601		1,931
71	77	Carried forward ... ..	£ 15,231	.....	16,128

\* To give security for £4,000.

† Transferred from Engineer-in-Chief's Branch.



ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

No. of Persons.		No. VII.—RAILWAYS.				SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Railways—continued.				Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		WORKING EXPENSES—continued.				£		£	
71	77	Brought forward ... ..				.....	15,231	.....	16,128
		STORE.							
1	1	Storekeeper—all Lines ... ..				300		350	
1	1	Assistant do., Northern Line ... ..				250		275	
1	1	Clerk ... ..				180		200	
4	4	Clerks,—2 at £156, 1 at £140, 1 at £52 ... ..				489		504	
		Wages of Store Labourers ... ..				939		965	
							2,158		2,294
		WAGES, STORES, &c.							
		<i>Locomotive Branch.</i>							
		Running Expenses and Repairs, and Renewal of Engines (Schedule A) ... ..				64,000		70,000	
		Repairs and Renewals of Carriages and Waggon (Schedule B) ... ..				14,000		14,000	
		<i>Permanent Way Branch.</i>					78,000		84,000
		Repairs and Renewals of Ways and Works (Schedule C) ... ..				70,500		70,000	
		Traffic Branch—Wages of Employés, including £5,095 for shipping Coal, which is recouped by Traffic charges ... ..				43,000		52,300	
		Stores and Incidental Expenses ... ..				9,000		10,400	
							122,500		132,700
		Additional Siding Accommodation to meet increasing Traffic ... ..				.....	5,000	.....	.....
78	84	TOTAL ... .. £				.....	222,889	.....	235,122
		MISCELLANEOUS.							
		To cover temporary Payments on account of Contractors and others; Vote to be recouped as Advances are recovered ... ..				2,000		2,000	
		Compensation to the Widow of Michael Govern, who was accidentally killed at the Railway Station, at Murrurundi, while on duty ... ..				100		.....	
		Alterations and Additions to Station Buildings, and Siding Accommodation to meet increasing traffic... ..				.....		10,000	
		Compensation for Land obtained from Shepherd Smith, Esq., in connection with the Railway Station, Parramatta ... ..				.....		100	
							2,100		12,100
		WORKS IN PROGRESS.							
		<i>Engineering Branch.</i>							
1	1	Engineer-in-Chief ... ..				1,500		1,500	
1	1	Chief Draftsman ... ..				500		600	
1	1	Chief Clerk ... ..				400		450	
1	1	Draftsman ... ..				200		250	
1	...	Clerk ... ..				250		.....	
1	1	Do. ... ..				150		150	
...	1	Messenger ... ..				.....		75	
							3,000		3,025
6	6	Travelling Expenses ... ..				500		600	
		Forage Allowance to Engineer-in-Chief ... ..				74		74	
		Contingent sum to provide such further Assistance as may be required ... ..				*2,000		†3,000	
		Incidental Expenses ... ..				100		100	
		<i>Valuation of Land.</i>					2,674		3,774
1	1	Valuator ... ..				500		500	
		Travelling Expenses ... ..				100		100	
							600		600
1	1	TOTAL ... .. £				.....	6,274	.....	7,399

\* Estimate for 1873 :—  
 Draftsman ... .. £425  
 " ... .. 350  
 " ... .. 300  
 " ... .. 220  
 Clerk ... .. 150  
 " ... .. 100  
 Additional Draftsmen, Chainmen, &c. 455  
 £2,000

† Estimate for 1874 :—  
 Draftsman ... .. £425  
 " ... .. 350  
 " ... .. 250  
 " ... .. 250  
 " ... .. 250  
 " ... .. 100  
 Additional Draftsmen, Chainmen, &c. ... 1,875  
 £3,000



## VIII.

## The Postmaster General.

## SUMMARY.

	Voted for 1873.	Required for 1874.
	£	£
Post Office ... ..	115,024	143,294
Money Order Department ... ..	4,395	5,195
Electric Telegraphs ... ..	44,970	49,347
TOTAL ... ..	£ 164,389	197,836

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.*

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

No. of Persons.		No. VIII.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.			
		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Post Office.</b>					
1	1	Postmaster General	950		950
1	1	Secretary	650		700
1	1	Accountant	450		450
1	1	Superintendent, Mail Branch	450		450
1	1	Chief Clerk	375		400
1	1	Cashier	375		375
1	1	Clerk	300		350
2	3	Clerks, at £300	600		900
6	6	Do. at £250	1,500		1,500
2	2	Do. at £225	450		450
6	6	Do. at £200	1,200		1,200
7	7	Do. at £175	1,225		1,225
5	5	Do. at £150	750		750
6	7	Do. at £132	792		924
5	8	Do. at £100	500		800
4	5	Stampers and Sorters, at £150	600		750
9	11	Do. do. at £132	1,188		1,452
6	9	Letter Carriers (1st Class), at £144	864		1,296
14	11	Do. do. (2nd Class), at £132	1,848		1,452
9	9	Do. do. (3rd Class), at £120	1,080		1,080
12	17	Do. do. (4th Class), at £108	1,296		1,836
1	1	Shipping Clerk	132		132
4	4	Messengers,—1 at £120, 3 at £108	444		444
1	1	Messenger	96		96
1	1	Groom	104		104
3	3	Mail Boys, at £78	234		234
3	5	Do. at £50	150		250
1	1	Office-keeper	61		61
...	4	Wages to Female Servants for new Building	.....		120
6	6	Mail Guards, at £150	900		900
5	5	Assistant Mail Guards, at £100	500		500
2	2	Postal Inspectors, at £350	600		700
23	25	Country Letter Carriers, at £120	2,760		3,000
			23,424		25,831
		COUNTRY POSTMASTERS	.....	13,500	.....
					15,220
<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>					
		Fuel and Light for Country Offices	120		200
		Rent Allowances — ditto	450		550
		Rent of Branch Offices, City and Suburbs	.....		600
		Forage Allowances to Country Letter Carriers	350		450
		Equipment Allowance to Postal Inspector	100		200
		Forage and Farriery, Sydney Horses	400		400
		New Mail Carts	40		80
		Additional Horses	40		80
		Overtime, Sorting English Mails	500		550
		Uniforms for Letter Carriers and Mail Guards	400		600
		Postal Inspection	500		500
		New Stamps and Seals	150		150
		Iron Letter and Newspaper Receivers	200		120
		Extra Clerical Assistance	250		250
		Incidental Expenses	400		500
		Gratuity to Widow of late Mr. Brown, Postmaster at East Maidland—one month's pay for each year of service	.....		113
				3,900	5,343
150	171	Carried forward	£	40,824	46,394

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. VIII.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
<b>Post Office—continued.</b>					
150	171	Brought forward	40,824	46,394	
<b>CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.</b>					
		Inland	49,000	50,000	
		Gratuities for Ships' Mails, Foreign and Coastwise	4,500	6,000	
		Porterage, including Landing and Shipping Mails	700	900	
		Expense of Steam Postal Communication with Great Britain, <i>via</i> Suez	20,000	.....	
		Contribution towards Steam Postal Communication <i>via</i> San Francisco	.....	40,000	
			74,200	96,900	
150	171	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>115,024</b>	<b>143,294</b>	
<b>Money Order Department.</b>					
1	1	Superintendent	600	600	
1	1	Chief Clerk	350	350	
2	2	Clerks, at £300	500	600	
1	1	Clerk	200	200	
2	2	Clerks, at £150	300	300	
1	3	Do. at £100	100	300	
1	1	Messenger	100	100	
1	1	Housekeeper	20	20	
			2,170	2,470	
<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>					
		Extra Clerical Assistance	100	100	
		Travelling Expenses	100	100	
		Intercolonial Offices—Commission	2,000	2,500	
		Commission to Country Postmasters			
		To pay the Imperial Government for Money Orders drawn upon the United Kingdom, 1 per cent. on (say) £50,000	25	25	
		Incidental Expenses			
			2,225	2,725	
10	12	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4,395</b>	<b>5,195</b>	

No. VIII.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.

No. of Persons.			SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.	
1873	1874		Amount Voted for 1873.	Amount Required for 1874.
			£	£
		<b>Electric Telegraphs.</b>		
1	1	Superintendent ... ..	700	800
1	1	Assistant Superintendent ... ..	400	450
1	1	Accountant and Cashier... ..	300	300
1	1	Assistant do. ... ..	200	200
1	1	Ledgerkeeper ... ..	250	275
1	1	Corresponding Clerk ... ..	150	150
1	1	Clerk ... ..	150	150
1	1	Booking Clerk ... ..	250	275
1	1	Assistant do. ... ..	150	150
1	1	Do. ... ..	150	150
1	1	Do. ... ..	75	100
1	1	Do. ... ..	75	100
...	1	Do. ... ..	.....	150
1	1	Instrument Fitter ... ..	300	300
1	1	Assistant do. ... ..	190	200
1	1	Do. do. ... ..	104	150
...	1	Do. do. (Newcastle)... ..	.....	200
...	1	Do. do. (Alphabetical) ... ..	.....	150
1	1	Battery Man ... ..	104	104
1	1	Storeman and Office-keeper ... ..	104	200
1	1	Stable-keeper ... ..	104	104
1	1	Assistant do. ... ..	75	75
...	1	Messenger Overseer ... ..	.....	150
...	1	Line Inspector ... ..	.....	350
19	24		3,831	5,233
2	3	Station Masters, at £300 ... ..	600	900
3	2	Do. at £250 ... ..	750	500
15	16	Do. at £200 ... ..	3,000	3,200
2	1	Do. at £190 ... ..	380	190
25	26	Do. at £180 ... ..	4,500	4,680
21	20	Do. at £150 ... ..	3,150	3,000
...	1	Do. at £120 ... ..	.....	120
...	1	Do. at £104 ... ..	.....	104
7	7	Line Repairers, at £120 ... ..	840	840
...	1	Do. at £230 ... ..	.....	230
...	4	Do. at £150 ... ..	.....	600
...	1	Do. at £190 ... ..	.....	190
75	83		13,220	14,554
1	1	Station Manager ... ..	250	275
1	1	Clerk; Foreign Business ... ..	200	225
1	1	Check Clerk ... ..	190	200
...	2	Operators, at £200 ... ..	.....	400
17	25	Do. at £150 ... ..	2,550	3,750
32	33	Do. at £104 ... ..	3,328	3,432
23	17	Do. at £52 ... ..	1,196	884
3	3	Do. at £26 ... ..	78	78
...	2	Do. at £150 ... ..	.....	300
1	1	Junior do., at £98 ... ..	98	98
1	1	Do. at £70 ... ..	70	70
...	6	Do. at £52 ... ..	.....	312
...	6	Do. at £120 ... ..	.....	720
1	1	Operator, at £175 ... ..	166	175
1	...	Instrument Fitter, at £190 ... ..	190	.....
82	100		8,316	10,919
176	207	Carried forward ... ..	£ 25,367	30,706

## ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE—1874.

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## No. VIII.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.

No. of Persons.		SALARIES AND CONTINGENCIES.			
1873	1874	Amount Voted for 1873.		Amount Required for 1874.	
		£		£	
		<b>Electric Telegraphs—continued.</b>			
176	207		25,367		30,706
25	40	Messengers, at £52	1,300	2,080	
9	11	Do. at £26	234	286	
2	2	Do. at £25	50	50	
			1,584		2,416
36	53				
2	...	Operators, at £150	300	.....	
1	...	Do. at £52	52	.....	
			352		.....
3	...				
		<b>CONTINGENCIES.</b>			
		Horse Equipment, Forage Allowance, and Farriery, for 30 horses for use of Line Repairers (24 in 1873)	1,752	2,100	
		Travelling Expenses of Line Repairers and Officers of Department generally	1,300	1,500	
		Rent of Temporary Offices, Chief Office, and Stable	1,800	1,800	
		Allowance to Officers for working overtime, at 2s. per hour	150	150	
		Messengers' Uniforms	200	250	
		Working Expenses of 6,300 miles of Line	3,000	3,000	
		To replace Instruments (including Railway Instruments), and for Portage and Unforeseen Expenses	2,000	2,000	
		Repairs to Lines generally	5,000	5,000	
		Fuel and Light for Stations	300	300	
		Allowance in lieu of Quarters to Assistant Superintendent	75	75	
		Telegraph Books	50	50	
		50 Alphabetical Instruments	1,500	.....	
		20 Morse Instruments, for Railway Circuits	540	.....	
			17,667		16,225
215	260	<b>TOTAL</b>	£ 44,970	.....	49,347





SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES

OF THE

EXPENDITURE

OF THE

GOVERNMENT

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR

1873

AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

---

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
15 OCTOBER, 1873.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873

[9d.]



## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1870 and previous Years.</b>				
No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				
PETTY SESSIONS.				
Fuel, Light, &c., further sum, 1869 ...	3 10 1			
Do. 1870 ...	2 16 3			
GAOL, YASS.		6 6 4	.....	6 6 4
Contingencies, 1869-70, further sum ...	.....	3 5 7	.....	3 5 7
No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.				
HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.				
Incidental Expenses to Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works, 1870, further sum ...	.....	7 19 0	.....	7 19 0
TOTAL FOR 1870 AND PREVIOUS YEARS ...£	.....	17 10 11	.....	17 10 11
<b>Services of 1871.</b>				
No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.				
PETTY SESSIONS.				
Travelling Expenses of Police Magistrates, &c., further sum ...	.....	29 6 3	11 5 0	18 1 3
LUNATIC RECEPTION HOUSE, DARLINGHURST.				
Conveyance of Patients to and from Gladesville Asylum... ..	.....	24 15 0	.....	24 15 0
CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.				
On condition that an equal amount be raised by private contributions:—				
Windsor Hospital, further sum... ..	.....	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0
MISCELLANEOUS.				
Towards defraying Expenses of Census taken in 1871, further sum ... ..	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	.....
No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.				
STORES AND STATIONERY.				
Stores and Stationery for the Public Service generally, 1871, further sum ... ..	89 4 0			
To meet an outstanding Claim for a Warp supplied in 1871 for the use of the Punt at Five Dock, Balmain... ..	50 19 6			
		140 3 6	15 6 10	124 16 8
No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.				
COLONIAL ARCHITECT.				
Travelling Expenses of the Officers of the Department, 1871, further sum ... ..	.....	15 0 0	15 0 0	.....
TOTAL FOR SERVICES OF 1871 ... £	.....	409 4 9	141 11 10	267 12 11

## 4 SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1872.</b>				
<b>No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.</b>				
<b>PETTY SESSIONS.</b>				
Fuel, Light, and Water—further sum .....		2 16 3		2 16 3
<b>POLICE.</b>				
Salaries written off, now required to meet the amount due to the Police Superannuation Fund for deductions made from the Pay of the Force for the months of February and March, 1872... ..	465 12 4			
Travelling Allowances—further sum... ..	308 10 3			
		774 2 7	308 10 3	465 12 4
<b>AGENT-GENERAL FOR THE COLONY.</b>				
Difference of Salary between £1,000 and £1,500, from 16 December, 1870, to 31 December, 1872. (Resolution of Assembly) .....		1,021 10 1	235 0 0	786 10 1
<b>INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, BILOELA.</b>				
Sundry Alterations, &c., 1871-2 .....		120 10 0	120 10 0	
<b>NAUTICAL SCHOOL SHIP "VERNON."</b>				
Provisions, further sum .....		27 8 8		27 8 8
<b>CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.</b>				
For the support of Paupers in Colonial Hospitals—further sum .....	1,087 4 9		3 7 6	1,083 17 3
In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, on condition that an equal amount be raised by private contributions, &c., viz. :—				
Tamworth Benevolent Society, further sum .....	75 0 0			75 0 0
Armidale and New England Hospital, do. ....	146 14 7			146 14 7
Windsor Hospital, do. ....	100 0 0			100 0 0
Bathurst Hospital do. ....	243 5 9			243 5 9
		1,652 5 1		
<b>GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.</b>				
In the proportion of £1 to every £3 raised by private contributions :—				
Botany Mechanics' Institute .....		50 0 0		50 0 0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
The Expedition for the recovery of missing persons wrecked in the "Maria," whilst on a voyage to New Guinea, further sum .....	15 8 6		15 8 6	
Expenses of the Returning Officers of the several Electoral Districts, further sum .....	988 8 6		788 8 6	200 0 0
		1,003 17 0		
<b>No. IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.</b>				
<b>LAW OFFICERS OF THE CROWN:</b>				
New South Wales Supreme Court Reports, furnished in 1872 .....		10 4 9		10 4 9
<b>QUARTER SESSIONS.</b>				
Travelling Expenses—further sum .....		46 10 0	46 10 0	
<b>CORONERS' INQUESTS.</b>				
Fees to Coroners and Magistrates for Inquests and Inquiries—further sum .....		100 0 0	22 4 8	77 15 4
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Pental Island Question—Balance of Law Expenses in connection with Appeal to Privy Council .....		556 7 5		556 7 5
Carried forward ... £		5,365 11 10	1,539 19 5	3,825 12 5

## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS. 5

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1872—continued.</b>				
Brought forward ... £	.....	5,365 11 10	1,539 19 5	3,825 12 5
<b>No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.</b>				
<b>STORES AND STATIONERY.</b>				
Stores and Stationery for the Public Service generally—further sum ... ..	.....	903 9 7	625 6 10	278 2 9
<b>QUARANTINE.</b>				
Expenses of Vessels in Quarantine—further sum ... ..	.....	280 18 5	280 18 5	.....
<b>GLEBE ISLAND ABATTOIR.</b>				
Contingencies, further sum ... ..	.....	5 8 6	5 8 6	.....
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Postage of the various Public Departments— further sum ... ..	1,342 2 11		1,147 9 8	194 13 3
Transmission of Telegraphic Messages— further sum ... ..	25 0 0		25 0 0	.....
Exchange on Remittances, further sum ... ..	24 0 0		.....	24 0 0
Interest on Overdrawn Account, Bank of New South Wales, London Branch ... ..	1,738 16 2		1,738 16 2	.....
Common and Shrapnell Shells and Shot for the Breech-loading 40-pounder Armstrong Guns, further sum ... ..	2,953 3 6		2,953 3 6	.....
<b>Australian Coast Light-houses—</b>				
Contribution towards the maintenance of Lights on Gabo Island, Wilson's Pro- montory, King's Island, and Kent's Group, further sum ... ..	101 3 6		101 3 6	.....
		6,184 6 1		
<b>No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.</b>				
COMMISSION TO LAND AGENTS, APPRAISERS, and others, further sum ... ..	.....	4,346 9 11	4,346 9 11	.....
<b>GOLD FIELDS.</b>				
Further sum ... ..	.....	60 0 0	.....	60 0 0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Costs of Legal Expenses incurred in cases of ejectment of illegal occupants from Crown Lands, further sum ... ..	.....	51 8 5	51 8 5	.....
<b>No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.</b>				
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVERS.</b>				
Incidental Repairs to Wharfs, Bridges, &c., further sum ... ..	.....	12 12 0	.....	12 12 0
<b>COLONIAL ARCHITECT.</b>				
Repairs to Public Buildings, further sum ... ..	.....	900 0 0	.....	900 0 0
<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES.</b>				
South Head Road, omitted from Schedule ... ..	375 0 0			
Randwick and Coogee Roads, omitted from Schedule ... ..	463 15 0			
		838 15 0	.....	838 15 0
<b>No. VIII.—POSTMASTER GENERAL.</b>				
<b>POST OFFICE.</b>				
Conveyance of Mails—Steam Postal Com- munication <i>via</i> Suez, further sum ... ..	.....	5,611 1 11	.....	5,611 1 11
<b>TOTAL FOR SERVICES OF 1872</b> £	.....	24,560 1 8	12,815 4 4	11,744 17 4

## 6 SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO, 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873.</b>				
<b>No. II.—EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.</b>				
<b>LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.</b>				
Sessional Shorthand Writers, further sum ...	300 0 0	.....	.....	.....
Expenses of Witnesses summoned before Select Committees in the following cases—				
Claim of Mr. Stephen Scholey ...	8 0 0			
Goulburn Volunteer Corps ...	9 15 6			
Telegraphic Communication ...	136 0 0			
Mulwala Seizure ...	120 0 0			
		573 15 6	256 0 0	317 15 6
<b>LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AND ASSEMBLY.</b>				
Additional Female Servant, from 1st January, at £54 per annum ...	.....	54 0 0	27 0 0	27 0 0
<b>No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.</b>				
<b>PERMANENT MILITARY FORCE.</b>				
Gratuity to Gunner Coleman, of the New South Wales Artillery, on his discharge from that Force, in consequence of injuries received by him at Garrison Gun Drill, in March, 1872 ...	.....	30 0 0	.....	30 0 0
<b>VOLUNTEERS.</b>				
Helmets and extra Mountings for Volunteer Artillery and Rifles to replace the Chacos at present in use ...	2,934 0 0		.....	2,934 0 0
Encampment, further sum ...	600 13 3		600 13 3	.....
Salary of Captain Commanding the Battalion of Public School Cadet Corps, from 7th April to 31st December, at £250 per annum ...	183 6 8		.....	183 6 8
Forage Allowance for same period, at 2s. 6d. per diem ...	33 12 6		.....	33 12 6
Repair of Field and Armstrong Guns ...	88 0 0		.....	88 0 0
For repairs to the Henry Rifles ...	150 0 0		.....	150 0 0
Salary of Adjutant of the Suburban Battalion of Volunteer Rifles, from the 7th April, at £250 ...	183 6 8		79 3 0	104 3 8
Forage for Horse, for same period, at 3s. 6d. per diem ...	47 1 6		20 6 0	26 15 6
Law Expenses—Compton and others <i>ats.</i> Campbell ...	20 0 0		20 0 0	.....
Balance of the capitation allowance for the year 1869, paid back to the Treasury in error, now required ...	81 0 0		.....	81 0 0
		4,321 0 7		
<b>POLICE.</b>				
For the purchase of 100 Carbines (Breech- loading Henry pattern) and Ammunition ...	720 0 0			
For the purchase of 100 Adams's Patent Double-action Central Fire Breech-loading Revolvers, with Ammunition ...	590 0 0			
Compensation to Mr. Job Evans, on account of personal injuries received, and loss sus- tained by him, through a collision between his cart and a Police Van at Bathurst ...	112 2 0			
New Guard Boat for the Water Police Department ...	35 0 0			
		1,457 2 0	112 2 0	1,345 0 0
<b>AUDITOR GENERAL.</b>				
Extra Clerical Assistance—further sum ...	.....	200 0 0	51 0 0	149 0 0
<b>AGENT-GENERAL FOR THE COLONY.</b>				
Increase of Salary from £1,000 to £1,500, as per Resolution of Assembly ...	.....	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....
Carried forward ...	£ .....	7,135 18 1	1,666 4 3	5,469 13 10

## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

7

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873—continued.</b>				
Brought forward... £	.....	7,135 18 1	1,666 4 3	5,469 13 10
<b>No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY— continued.</b>				
Brought forward... £	.....			
<b>OBSERVATORY.</b>				
Instruments for 100 new Meteorological Stations .....	200 0 0			
Cost of maintenance, breakage of instruments, &c. ....	30 0 0			
Salary of Assistant to reduce and make observations of value .....	200 0 0			
		430 0 0	.....	430 0 0
<b>FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY.</b>				
Repurchase of Books lost in "Royal Adelaide" .....	155 0 0			
Gas, fuel, &c., further sum .....	100 0 0			
		255 0 0	.....	255 0 0
<b>GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.</b>				
In the proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions:—				
School of Arts, Scone, further sum .....	.....	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0
<b>CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.</b>				
On condition of an equal amount being raised by private contribution:—				
Armidale and New England Hospital, further sum .....	150 0 0			
Dubbo Hospital, do. ....	60 0 0			
Tamworth Benevolent Society, do. ....	75 0 0			
Windsor Hospital, do. ....	100 0 0			
Gulgong Hospital....	500 0 0			
		885 0 0	.....	885 0 0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
In aid of the Agricultural Societies of the Colony, to be distributed <i>pro rata</i> , on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions from the members of such Societies (Resolution of Assembly) ...	3,000 0 0	.....	.....	3,000 0 0
Towards the publication of the Seventh Volume of Bentham's Work on the Flora of Australia .....	50 0 0	.....	.....	50 0 0
Fifty copies of the Australian Almanac, for Public Institutions in England .....	12 10 0	.....	12 10 0	.....
Expenses in connection with the Public Funeral accorded to the remains of the late William Charles Wentworth .....	613 3 5	.....	613 3 5	.....
Expenses in connection with the Royal Commission on Public Charities .....	1,500 0 0	.....	1,342 3 8	157 16 4
Refund of deductions from the Salary of the Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, under the Superannuation Act of 1864, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum .....	316 19 8	.....	.....	316 19 8
Refund of deductions from the Salary of the Chief Clerk, Colonial Secretary's Department, under the Superannuation Act of 1864, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum .....	211 11 6	.....	.....	211 11 6
To cover the cost of removing bodies from graves in the town of Grenfell to the Cemetery there .....	25 0 0	.....	.....	25 0 0
		5,729 4 7	.....	.....
Carried forward ... £	.....	14,535 2 8	3,634 1 4	10,901 1 4

## 8 SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873—continued.</b>				
Brought forward ... £	.....	14,535 2 8	3,631 1 4	10,901 1 4
<b>No. IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.</b>				
<b>SHERIFF.</b>				
Assistant Bailiff, at £120 per annum, from 16th June ... ..	65 0 0			
Extra Clerk, at 6s. per diem, from 1st April	82 10 0			
<b>DISTRICT COURTS.</b>		147 10 0	.....	147 10 0
Registrar, Hill End, at £40 per annum, from 1st June ... ..	23 6 8			
Do. Inverell, do. do. ... ..	23 6 8			
Do. Milton, at £36, from 1st October ...	9 0 0			
Bailiff, Hill End, at £40, from 1st June	23 6 8			
Do. Inverell, do. do. ... ..	23 6 8			
Do. Milton, at £36, from 1st October ...	9 0 0			
		111 6 8	.....	111 6 8
<b>No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.</b>				
<b>CUSTOMS.</b>				
Assistant Customs Officer at Morpeth, from 16th June, at £50 per annum ... ..	27 1 8		10 8 4	16 13 4
Locker in Tobacco Bond, from 1st April, at £275 per annum ... ..	206 5 0		114 11 8	91 13 4
Assistant Locker, from 22nd May, at £200 per annum ... ..	122 0 10		55 7 6	66 13 4
Allowance to extra Tide Waiters and Valuers, and for occasional Clerical Assistance, further sum ... ..	1,500 0 0		.....	1,500 0 0
<b>PRINTING, BOOKBINDING, STAMPS, &amp;c.</b>		1,855 7 6		
Wages and Contingencies, further sum ...	1,500 0 0			
To purchase a Perfecting Double-gripper Printing Machine ... ..	500 0 0			
<b>STORES AND STATIONERY.</b>		2,000 0 0		2,000 0 0
Stores and Stationery for the Public Service generally, further sum ... ..	5,000 0 0			
Conveyance of Stores, further sum ... ..	500 0 0			
<b>ORDNANCE AND BARRACK DEPARTMENT.</b>		5,500 0 0		5,500 0 0
Extra Pay of 1s. per diem to 17 Magazine and Military Store Labourers, from 1st July ...	.....	156 8 0	.....	156 8 0
<b>SHIPPING MASTER.</b>				
Increase of Allowance to Officekeeper, from 1st April, at the rate of £15 per annum ...	.....	11 5 0	6 5 0	5 0 0
<b>MARINE BOARD OF NEW SOUTH WALES.</b>				
Telegraph Stations—				
Signal-master, Cape Hawke, at £100 per annum from 1st October... ..	.....	25 0 0	.....	25 0 0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Postage of Public Departments, further sum	2,000 0 0		.....	2,000 0 0
For the transmission of Telegraphic Messages, further sum ... ..	2,000 0 0		116 12 2	1,883 7 10
Commission on payments in England by the Government Financial Agents, further sum	1,500 0 0		.....	1,500 0 0
Compensation for Land taken at Shark Point for Defence purposes ... ..	500 0 0		500 0 0	.....
Expense of removing large Guns, &c., to North Shore ... ..	30 0 0		30 0 0	.....
Warlike Stores—Flashing Lamps, Plates, &c.	125 0 0		.....	125 0 0
Cost of Silver Medals to be presented by the Marine Board to Masters of Vessels or others who may be instrumental in saving lives from shipwreck, &c. ... ..	100 0 0		.....	100 0 0
Gratuity to Thomas Islip, Gatekeeper, Government Printing Office, being at the rate of one month's pay for each year of service	99 3 4		.....	99 3 4
Charge on Remittances to pay off Debentures	539 6 1		539 6 1	.....
Carried forward ... ..	6,893 9 5			
Carried forward... £	.....	24,341 19 10	5,006 12 1	26,228 17 2



## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS. 9

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873—continued.</b>				
Brought forward ... £		24,341 19 10	5,006 12 1	6,228 17 2
<b>No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE—continued.</b>				
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—continued.</b>				
Brought forward ... £	6,893 9 5			
Brokerage, &c., on the sale of Government Securities ...	500 0 0			500 0 0
Expense of printing 500 copies of the Shipping and Navigation Laws ...	130 0 0			130 0 0
<b>Law Expenses—</b>				
In the case Colonial Treasurer <i>ats. Reeve</i> ...	100 0 0		100 0 0	
Taxed Costs, &c., <i>Brown v. M'Culloch</i> and others ...	208 10 9		208 10 9	
Transcript of Proceedings in the Admiralty Court, with reference to two cases of Merchandise <i>ex "Damascus"</i> ...	10 10 0		10 10 0	
		7,842 10 2		
<b>No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.</b>				
<b>DEPARTMENT OF LANDS.</b>				
For extra Clerical Assistance in the Gold and Mineral Lease Branches ...		400 0 0	200 0 0	200 0 0
<b>COMMISSION to LAND AGENTS, APPRAISERS, and others, further sum ...</b>		4,000 0 0		4,000 0 0
<b>BOTANIC GARDENS.</b>				
Repairing damages to Walks, &c., caused by heavy rains ...		250 0 0	250 0 0	
<b>MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.</b>				
Compensation to Mr. James Sheppard for loss of Land taken for the Road from the Great South Road to Bong Bong ...	6 0 0		6 0 0	
Compensation for loss sustained by the deviation in Hoddle's Track, passing through private property ...	30 3 6		30 3 6	
Fencing the Road from Goulburn, <i>via</i> Bangalore Gap, to Bungendore ...	154 14 6			154 14 6
Road from the Bogan to the Lachlan Water Tanks, &c., in lieu of the Vote of 1872, which lapsed under the 17th clause of the "Audit Act of 1872" ...	1,000 0 0			1,000 0 0
For Improving and Planting of the Grounds connected with the Parliamentary Buildings to meet probable expenses under the "Imported Stock Act of 1871" ...	100 0 0		100 0 0	
Compensation to Samuel Charles for fencing road through his property near Kiama ...	300 0 0			300 0 0
For Examination and Report of the Mining and Mineral Branch of Lands Department	250 0 0			250 0 0
Compensation for Land taken from Messrs. Kelly and O'Connor for Village Reserve ...	42 15 0			42 15 0
Compensation to Henry Bell for loss of Water Frontage to Darling Harbor ... 2,500				
One year's interest at 5 per cent. per annum ... 125				
	2,625 0 0			2,625 0 0
Compensation to John Thomas Collins for surrender of Deed of Grant, Lot 38, Sale at Sydney, 28th April, 1857, the Government not being in a position to alienate at date of sale ...	90 12 0			90 12 0
		5,399 5 0		
Carried forward ... £		42,233 15 0	6,111 16 4	36,121 18 8

## 10 SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873—continued.</b>				
Brought forward ...	£ .....	42,233 15 0	6,111 16 4	36,121 18 8
<b>No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.</b>				
<b>DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.</b>				
Messenger, 4 months, at £75 ...	75 0 0			
Housekeeper, 6 months, at £52 ...	52 0 0			
		127 0 0		127 0 0
<b>RAILWAYS.</b>				
Amount of salary deducted from Engineer-in-Chief for Railways, 1 February, 1871, to 31 December, 1872 ...	.....	214 13 4	.....	214 13 4
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVERS. NAVIGATION.</b>				
Blue's Point Wharf—further sum ...	250 0 0			250 0 0
Wages and Contingencies to enable Dredges "Samson," "Hercules," "Hunter," "Vulcan," and "Fitz Roy," to be kept working at night ...	4,500 0 0			4,500 0 0
New Tug for Dredge "Vulcan" ...	4,000 0 0			4,000 0 0
Landing Silt from Dredges, further sum ...	1,000 0 0			1,000 0 0
Wages, Stores, and other Contingencies for "Ajax," for remainder of year ...	1,000 0 0			1,000 0 0
Kitchen for Light-house-keeper's Residence, Ulladulla, including fencing ...	76 0 0			76 0 0
Lengthening Ladders, Dredge "Samson," and other expenses in connection with work at the Sow and Pigs Shoal ...	1,300 0 0			1,300 0 0
New Ladder and Buckets for Dredge "Hercules" ...	350 0 0			350 0 0
Contingencies, Dredge "Pluto"—further sum ...	520 0 0			520 0 0
Incidental Expenses to Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works, including repairs to Eden Wharf, further sum ...	500 0 0			500 0 0
Wages for Docking Vessels and other Contingencies, Fitz Roy Dry Dock—further sum ...	500 0 0			500 0 0
Engineer for Fitz Roy Dock, omitted from salary for 1873 ...	8 0 0			8 0 0
Two Boats for Singleton during Floods ...	50 0 0			50 0 0
Contingencies, Dredge "Titan"—further sum ...	300 0 0			300 0 0
Repairs to Government Wharf Roads in the vicinity of the Belmore Basin, Wollongong ...	450 0 0			450 0 0
		14,804 0 0		
Carried forward ...	£ .....	57,379 8 4	6,111 16 4	51,267 12 0

## SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS. 11

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873—continued.</b>				
Brought forward ... £	.....	57,379 8 4	6,111 16 4	51,267 12 0
<b>No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS—continued.</b>				
<b>COLONIAL ARCHITECT.</b>				
Police Station, Grafton, further sum ...	1,104 7 0			
Repairs and Alterations to Public Buildings generally, further sum ...	7,000 0 0			
New Buildings, Botanic Gardens, do. ...	610 0 0			
Police Buildings, Orange, do. ...	750 0 0			
Gaols, Court Houses, and Lock-ups, do. ...	4,000 0 0			
Furniture and Fittings for Public Offices generally, do. ...	1,500 0 0			
Furniture and repairs to Telegraph Stations, do. ...	1,000 0 0			
Post and Telegraph Office, Inverell, do. ...	65 0 0			
Additions, Benevolent Asylum, Liverpool, do. ...	1,000 0 0			
Repairs to Military and Volunteer Buildings, do. ...	750 0 0			
Alterations and Repairs to Parliamentary Buildings, do. ...	2,000 0 0			
Police Buildings at Scone, do. ...	450 0 0			
Police Buildings at Tumut, do. ...	400 0 0			
Police Buildings at Hay, do. ...	750 0 0			
Police Buildings at Wagga Wagga, do. ...	500 0 0			
Police Buildings at Tamworth, do. ...	700 0 0			
Police Buildings at Albury, do. ...	3,220 0 0			
Police Buildings at Goulburn, do. ...	700 0 0			
Court House at Hill End, do. ...	600 0 0			
Court House and Telegraph Station, Ten-mile Creek, do. ...	500 0 0			
To purchase Ground for Site for Court House at Hill End ...	300 0 0			
Kerosene Oil Magazine, Gulgong, further sum ...	59 10 0			
Powder Magazine, Gulgong, further sum ...	175 0 0			
Post and Telegraph Office, Grafton, further sum ...	1,000 0 0			
To purchase premises at Howlong, for Court House and Police Station ...	200 0 0			
		29,333 17 0	.....	29,333 17 0
<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES.</b>				
<i>General Establishment.</i>				
Increase to the salary of the Chief Clerk, promised on the transfer of management of Minor Roads to Works Department, omitted to be placed on Estimates for 1873 ...	.....	75 0 0	.....	75 0 0
<i>Construction and Maintenance.</i>				
Estimated excess of Tolls to be collected at Grafton Punt, to be expended on the repair and the maintenance and approach to same ...	500 0 0		.....	500 0 0
Ditto, ditto, Mudgee Road ...	220 0 0		.....	220 0 0
Carried forward ... £	720 0 0			
Carried forward ... £	.....	86,788 5 4	6,111 16 4	81,396 9 0

## 12 SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID TO 30 SEPT., 1873.	UNPAID ON 30 SEPT., 1873.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873—continued.</b>				
Brought forward ... .. £	.....	86,788 5 4	6,111 16 4	81,396 9 0
<b>No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS—continued.</b>				
<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES.</b>				
<i>Construction and Maintenance—continued.</i>				
Brought forward ... .. £	720 0 0			
Road, Mount Wayo <i>vid</i> Laggan to Peelwood, error in Schedule ... ..	550 0 0		.....	550 0 0
Repairs to Long Bay Road ... ..	320 0 0		.....	320 0 0
New Bridge at Menangle ... ..	500 0 0		.....	500 0 0
Main Western Road—Forming footpaths, &c., opposite the University grounds ...	2,000 0 0		.....	2,000 0 0
Repair of the Crossing at Broughton's Pass Creek... ..	150 0 0		150 0 0	.....
Repair of Approaches to the Douglas Park Crossing Place ... ..	75 0 0		75 0 0	.....
Repairs to Bridges, &c., on the road from the Bulli and Westmacott's Pass Road to the Coal Cliff ... ..	60 0 0		60 0 0	.....
Repairs to Roads and Bridges, damaged by Floods, and for the repair of Roads and construction of Bridges generally ...	5,337 0 0		5,337 0 0	.....
Rent of the Windsor Ferry, from 14th December, 1872, to 13th December, 1873, to be refunded in equal proportions to the Windsor, Wilberforce, and Freeman's Reach Road Trusts, to enable them to keep the Approaches and Roads leading to the Ferry in order ... ..	230 0 0		.....	230 0 0
Rent of the Toll-bar on the Mudbank and Bunerong Road, from 19th December, 1872, to 18th December, 1873, to be refunded to the Trustees, to enable them to keep the Road in repair ... ..	200 0 0		.....	200 0 0
Randwick and Coogee Roads, omitted from Schedule ... ..	463 15 0		.....	463 15 0
South Head Road, omitted from Schedule ...	375 0 0		.....	375 0 0
		10,980 15 0		
<b>RAILWAYS.</b>				
Working Expenses, further sum ... ..	.....	10,000 0 0	.....	10,000 0 0
<b>No. VIII.—POSTMASTER GENERAL.</b>				
<b>POST OFFICE.</b>				
Expenses in connection with the establishment of Post and Telegraph Offices in the City and Suburbs, viz. :—				
Salaries ... ..	300 0 0			
Rent ... ..	300 0 0			
Furniture and Fittings 450 0 0				
	1,050 0 0			
Country Postmasters' Salaries, further sum ...	300 0 0			
Incidental Expenses, do. ... ..	200 0 0			
Law Expenses in the case of Bowden, Postmaster, Balranald ... ..	100 0 0			
		1,650 0 0	1,000 0 0	650 0 0
<b>TOTAL FOR SERVICES OF 1873 ... ..</b> £	.....	109,419 0 4	12,733 16 4	96,635 4 0
<b>GRAND TOTAL... ..</b> £	.....	134,405 17 8	25,690 12 6	108,715 5 2

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
15th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

# ESTIMATES

OF THE

## EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT

OF

### NEW SOUTH WALES,

ON ACCOUNT OF

### PUBLIC WORKS AND OTHER PURPOSES,

FOR THE YEAR 1874,

PROPOSED TO BE

PROVIDED FOR BY LOAN.

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ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
15 OCTOBER, 1873.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873.

[3d.]



## LOAN ESTIMATES, 1874.

3

		Amount Required for 1874.	
To be raised by Loan:		£	
<b>RAILWAYS.</b>			
Trial Surveys	...	20,000	
Rolling Stock	...	100,000	
Towards purchasing land, laying Sidings and erecting Sheds, Darling Harbour Wharf	...	25,000	
For Engine Sheds	...	10,000	
Enlarging Machine Shop, Sydney Station	...	8,000	
Additional Machinery, Sydney	...	2,000	
Completing New Station, Redfern (including Approach Roads, Lighting, Water Supply, and Retaining Wall, Darling Harbour Branch)	...	6,000	
Unadjusted Land Claims	...	1,000	
To complete the Western Line to Kelso, and to provide for increased price of iron-work for the Bridges over the river Macquarie ..	...	45,000	
Towards Railway from Clarence River to the Tableland of New England	...	100,000	
			317,000
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.</b>			
Towards construction of Harbour of Refuge, at Trial Bay, by Prison labour	...	10,000	
Towards construction of First Class Dry Dock at Cockatoo Island	...	20,000	
Two additional Steam Cranes, Newcastle	...	9,000	
Southern Breakwater Extension	...	10,000	
Improving Navigation of the River Darling	...	5,000	
			54,000
<b>COLONIAL ARCHITECT.</b>			
Towards Free Public Library, Art Gallery, and Technological Museum, in connection with the Australian Museum	...	10,000	
Light-house, Barrenjoey, Broken Bay	...	5,000	
Light-house, Solitary Island...	...	4,000	
Towards the erection of Public Offices	...	20,000	
Towards the erection of Public Offices (Lands Department)	...	20,000	
Towards the erection of Custom House, Newcastle, further sum...	...	3,000	
			62,000
<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES.</b>			
Bridge at Moruya	...	.....	6,000
<b>ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.</b>			
*To connect Coonamble with the Telegraph Line to Fort Bourke	...	4,500	
*Mudgee to Rylstone	...	1,600	
*Inverell to Warialda	...	1,600	
Additional for Line to Ulladulla	...	800	
Casino to the Tweed	...	3,000	
Forbes to Bushman's...	...	1,500	
Coolah to Coonabarabran	...	3,000	
To connect Kempsey, <i>via</i> Gladstone, with M'Leay River Heads	...	1,800	
			17,800
<b>REPAYMENT OF LOANS.</b>			
To meet the following Railway and Public Works Debentures which mature in 1874, viz. :—			
Third Instalment of the Loan of £300,000, under 29 Vic. No. 5, due 31st December, 1874	...	100,000	
Railway Debentures issued under the Act 16 Vic. No. 39, falling due in February, March, and November, 1874	...	150,000	
			250,000
<b>TOTAL</b>	£	.....	706,800

\* To be guaranteed





1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE OF EXPENDI-  
TURE FOR 1873.

(MESSAGE No. 7.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 6 November, 1873.*

HERCULES ROBINSON,  
*Governor.*

*Message No. 7.*

In accordance with the provisions of the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends to the consideration of the Legislative Assembly the accompanying further Supplementary Estimate of Expenditure for the year 1873.

*Government House,  
Sydney, 27 October, 1873.*

	AMOUNT.		
	£	s.	d.
<b>No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.</b>			
<b>ADVANCE TO TREASURER.</b>			
Further sum to enable the Treasurer to make Advances to Public Officers and on account of other Governments, and to pay expenses of an unforeseen nature, which will afterwards be submitted for Parliamentary Appropriation. The whole amount to be adjusted not later than the 31st December, 1874	30,000	0	0

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
27th October, 1873.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS  
YEARS, AND ADDITIONAL ESTIMATES FOR 1874.

(MESSAGE No. 35.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 19 March, 1874, a.m.*

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HERCULES ROBINSON,  
*Governor.*

*Message No. 35.*

In accordance with the provisions of the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends to the consideration of the Legislative Assembly the accompanying Additional Estimates of the Expenditure of this Government for the year 1874, with further Supplementary Estimates of Expenditure for 1873 and previous years.

*Government House,  
Sydney, 18th March, 1874.*

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FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE

OF THE

EXPENDITURE

OF THE

GOVERNMENT

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR

1873

AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

---

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
19 MARCH, 1874, A.M.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1874.

[6d.]



## FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID.	UNPAID.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1872 and previous Years.</b>				
<b>No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>PETTY SESSIONS.</b>				
To meet claims against the Vote for Salaries, 1872, the balance on which was written off under the 17th clause of the Audit Act... ..	.....	13 16 8	13 16 8	.....
<b>ASYLUMS FOR IMBECILES AND INSTITUTION FOR IDIOTS, NEWCASTLE.</b>				
For cartage of furniture, tools, &c., from the Wharf to the Institution, in 1871 ... ..	.....	13 7 6	13 7 6	.....
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Further Expenses connected with the Census taken in 1871 ... ..	.....	26 12 10	26 12 10	.....
<b>No. IV.—MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.</b>				
<b>CORONERS.</b>				
Fees to Coroners and Magistrates for Inquests and Inquiries; 1871, further sum ... ..	.....	5 0 0	5 0 0	.....
<b>No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.</b>				
<b>COMMISSION TO LAND AGENTS, APPRAISERS, and others, further sum ... ..</b>	.....	15 4 9	15 4 9	.....
<b>NECROPOLIS, HASLEM'S CREEK.</b>				
Salary of the Secretary, from 1st March to 31st May, 1870, at £250 per annum, written off, now claimed... ..	.....	62 10 0	.....	62 10 0
<b>No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.</b>				
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.</b>				
Dredge "Samson," further sum required to meet an outstanding claim ... ..	.....	22 13 2	.....	22 13 2
<b>WORKS AND BUILDINGS.</b>				
Alterations to Railway Stations at Burwood, Richmond, &c., for Post Offices, 1870 ... ..	42 12 6			
Erecting Post Office, &c., Marulan, 1869 ... ..	132 11 4			
		175 3 10	.....	175 3 10
<b>TOTAL FOR 1872 AND PREVIOUS YEARS ... £</b>	.....	334 8 9	74 1 9	260 7 0

## FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID.	UNPAID.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873.</b>				
<b>No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.</b>				
<b>PERMANENT MILITARY FORCE.</b>				
Good Conduct Pay, at 1d. per diem, further sum .....		29 0 0	.....	29 0 0
<b>POLICE.</b>				
Remount Horses, further sum .....	200 0 0			
Rent of Premises, further sum .....	400 0 0			
Travelling Allowances, further sum .....	300 0 0			
		900 0 0	.....	900 0 0
<b>BILOELA INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, PAR- RAMATTA RIVER.</b>				
Incidental Expenses, further sum .....		346 10 3	46 10 3	300 0 0
<b>ASYLUMS FOR THE INFIRM AND DESTITUTE.</b>				
Rations, Clothing, Medical Comforts, Medi- cines, and other contingencies, further sum .....		1,000 0 0	843 7 1	156 12 11
<b>GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.</b>				
Bathurst School of Arts, deficiency in Votes of 1871, 2, and 3 .....		36 18 6	.....	36 18 6
<b>CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.</b>				
For the support of Paupers in the Sydney Infirmary, further sum .....	1,288 18 9			
In aid of the Hill End District Hospital, on the usual conditions, further sum .....	430 17 9			
		1,719 16 6	.....	1,719 16 6
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Expenses in connection with the Royal Com- mission on Public Charities, further sum .....	648 9 3			
For defraying Expenses of Returning Officers of the several Electoral Districts, further sum .....	216 15 9	865 5 0	865 5 0	.....
<b>No. IV.—MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.</b>				
<b>DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.</b>				
Salary of the Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, from 9th to 31st December, 1873, at £1,500 per annum .....		92 15 0	.....	92 15 0
<b>ATTORNEY GENERAL.</b>				
Fees to Prosecuting Barristers, Travelling Expenses, &c., further sum .....		697 5 6	697 5 6	.....
<b>SUPREME AND CIRCUIT COURTS.</b>				
Allowances to Witnesses, &c., further sum .....		1,375 10 4	1,175 10 4	200 0 0
<b>No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.</b>				
<b>PRINTING AND BOOKBINDING DEPARTMENT.</b>				
Cost of a Folding Machine chargeable against lapsed balance of the vote of 1872, which requires to be revoted .....		82 0 0	.....	82 0 0
<b>MARINE BOARD.</b>				
To provide Fees for Pilots under the Com- petitive Pilotage system, further sum .....		1,043 0 0	1,043 0 0	.....
<b>STORES AND STATIONERY.</b>				
Stores and Stationery for the Public Service generally, further sum .....	3,000 0 0		2,505 4 10	494 15 2
Fuel and Light for Departments within the District of Sydney, further sum .....	357 14 4		357 14 4	.....
		3,357 14 4		
Carried forward .....		11,545 15 5	7,533 17 4	4,011 18 1



## FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

5

SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID.	UNPAID.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
<b>Services of 1873—continued.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward ... ..	.....	11,545 15 5	7,533 17 4	4,011 18 1
<b>No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE—<i>contd.</i></b>				
Brought forward ... ..	.....			
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Compensation to Messrs. William Petherbridge, F. Gardiner, and J. Downey, for losses sustained by them by reason of their goods, stored in the Bonded Store at Newcastle having been destroyed by fire, owing to the refusal of the Custom House Officer to allow the Bond to be opened and the goods removed (Resolution of the Assembly)	953 0 7		.....	953 0 7
Law Expenses in the case—Colonial Treasurer <i>ats.</i> Reeve, further sum ... ..	50 0 0		50 0 0	.....
Exchange on Remittances within and beyond the Colony, further sum ... ..	3,143 13 7		3,023 15 0	119 18 7
Removing Guns to the new Batteries ... ..	281 14 11		281 14 11	
		4,428 9 1		
<b>No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.</b>				
<b>SURVEY OF LANDS.</b>				
For difference between £175 and £200, the salary of the Exhibitor of Public Maps, from 16th June to 31st December, 1873..	13 10 10			
Fees to Licensed Surveyors, further sum ... ..	20,000 0 0			
		20,013 10 10	.....	20,013 10 10
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>				
Fencing Public Cemeteries, further sum ... ..	29 0 6		29 0 6	.....
For Examination and Report of the Mining and Mineral Branches of the Lands Department ... ..	250 0 0		100 0 0	150 0 0
Expenses under the Cattle Disease Prevention Act ... ..	200 0 0		200 0 0	.....
		479 0 6		
<b>No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.</b>				
<b>WORKS AND BUILDINGS.</b>				
For ordinary repairs, alterations, and additions to Public Buildings generally, further sum ... ..	2,900 0 0		1,106 1 1	1,793 18 11
For providing Furniture and Fittings for Public Offices generally, further sum ... ..	1,000 0 0		609 5 6	390 14 6
For repairs to Military and Volunteer Buildings, further sum ... ..	500 0 0		74 13 5	425 6 7
Additions, Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta, further sum ... ..	2,400 0 0		.....	2,400 0 0
Police Buildings, Goulburn, further sum ... ..	39 15 0		.....	39 15 0
Erecting Police Station, Tamworth, further sum ... ..	550 0 0		.....	550 0 0
Flooring Hall, Sydney University, further sum ... ..	1,530 0 0		.....	1,530 0 0
Additions, Protestant Orphan School, Parramatta, further sum ... ..	116 0 0		.....	116 0 0
Additions, Maitland Gaol, further sum ... ..	137 0 0		.....	137 0 0
Police Buildings, further sum ... ..	160 0 0		.....	160 0 0
		9,332 15 0		
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVER NAVIGATION.</b>				
Fitz Roy Dock—Contingent expenses, further sum ... ..	411 16 11			
Landing Silt from Dredge and forming Ground, further sum ... ..	102 3 2			
Incidental Expenses to Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works, including Flood repairs, &c., further sum ... ..	8,850 0 0			
		9,364 0 1	4,500 0 0	4,864 0 1
Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	55,163 10 11	17,508 7 9	37,655 3 2

## 6 FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

SERVICE.	TO BE VOTED.		PAID.	UNPAID.
	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.		
Services of 1873—continued.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward ... ..		55,163 10 11	17,508 7 9	37,655 3 2
No. VIII.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.				
ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.				
Station-master at Jerilderie, at £150, from 1st July to 31st December ... ..	75 0 0			
Junior Operator, Liverpool, at £52, from 1st June to 31st December ... ..	30 6 8			
Messenger, Gulgong, at £52, from 1st January to 31st December ... ..	52 0 0			
Station-master, Moama, at £150, from 1st June to 31st December ... ..	75 0 0			
		232 6 8		232 6 8
TOTAL FOR 1873 SERVICES ... .. £		55,395 17 7	17,508 7 9	37,887 9 10
GRAND TOTAL ... .. £		55,730 6 4	17,582 9 6	38,147 16 10

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
18th March, 1874.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

# ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE

THE

## EXPENDITURE

OF THE

## GOVERNMENT

OF

## NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR

# 1874.

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ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
19 MARCH, 1874, A.M.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1874.

[9d.]



## ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.		
£ s. d.                      £ s. d.		
PERMANENT MILITARY FORCE.		
Boots for the Force . . . . .	79 4 0	
Méat and Grocery Rations, further sum . . . . .	122 1 3	
		201 5 3
VOLUNTEERS.		
Salary to Captain Strong, in charge of the Public School Cadet Corps, from 1st January . . . . .	250 0 0	
Allowance for forage for a horse, from 1st January . . . . .	64 0 0	
Contingent Expenses in connection with the Public School Cadet Corps . . . . .	25 0 0	
For the purchase of 12 Match Rifles and Ammunition . . . . .	1,100 0 0	
		1,439 0 0
AUDITOR GENERAL.		
Extra Clerical Assistance, further sum . . . . .		200 0 0
REGISTRAR GENERAL.		
Additional Clerk, Lands Title Branch . . . . .		150 0 0
CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.		
In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, on condition that equal amounts be raised by private contributions and also of the Government, through Police Magistrates or other approved officers, having the right of admission of Patients, viz. :—		
Forbes District Hospital, further sum . . . . .	200 0 0	
Murrurundi Hospital, further sum . . . . .	200 0 0	
Wellington Hospital, further sum . . . . .	50 0 0	
In aid of the erection of an Hospital at Inverell, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions . . . . .	500 0 0	
In aid of the erection of an Hospital at Bourke, on same conditions . . . . .	500 0 0	
In aid of the erection of an Hospital at Glen Innes, on same conditions . . . . .	500 0 0	
In aid of a Lying-in and Fever Hospital at West Maitland, on same conditions . . . . .	1,250 0 0	
		3,200 0 0
MISCELLANEOUS.		
For the services of Hydraulic Engineer in connection with the proposed Metropolitan Water Supply and Sewerage Board . . . . .	2,000 0 0	
Relief to Sufferers by Floods . . . . .	350 0 0	
		2,350 0 0
Carried forward . . . . .	£	7,540 5 3

## ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward ... ..				7,540	5	3
<b>No. IV.—MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.</b>						
<b>DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.</b>						
Minister of Justice and Public Instruction ...	1,500	0	0			
Increase to the salary of a Clerk transferred from the Colonial Secretary's Department ...	75	0	0			
Extra Clerk, from 1st April, at £100 ...	75	0	0			
Boy Messenger, from 1st January ...	52	0	0			
				1,702	0	0
<b>PETTY SESSIONS.</b>						
Additional Salary to the C.P.S., Bathurst, late Registrar of Births, Marriages, and Deaths ...	50	0	0			
Assistant C.P.S., Parramatta ...	75	0	0			
				125	0	0
<b>DISTRICT COURTS.</b>						
Salary of Mr. District Court Judge Dowling while on leave of absence, from 1st February to 30th April ...	250	0	0			
Increase to the salary of the Bailiff, Glen Innes, from £30 to £45 ...	15	0	0			
<b>Gunnedah—</b>						
Registrar, from 1st April, at £40 ...	30	0	0			
Bailiff, do. at £40 ...	30	0	0			
<b>Molong—</b>						
Registrar, from 1st April, at £40 ...	30	0	0			
Bailiff, do. at £40 ...	30	0	0			
				385	0	0
<b>GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.</b>						
In aid of the undermentioned Educational Institutions in the proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions, viz. :—						
Bathurst School of Arts, further sum ...	25	0	0			
Carcoar School of Arts ...	36	0	0			
Grafton School of Arts, further sum ...	25	0	0			
Deniliquin School of Arts ...	200	0	0			
North Willoughby School of Arts ...	25	0	0			
Spring Grove School of Arts ...	15	0	0			
Newcastle School of Arts, further sum ...	75	0	0			
Milton School of Arts, further sum ...	15	0	0			
Tumut Literary Institute ...	60	0	0			
Burwood School of Arts ...	200	0	0			
In aid of the Building Funds of the following Institutions, on the same conditions, viz. :—						
Richmond School of Arts ...	100	0	0			
Dubbo School of Arts ...	300	0	0			
West Maitland School of Arts ...	200	0	0			
North Willoughby School of Arts ...	150	0	0			
Gulgong School of Arts ...	200	0	0			
Young School of Arts (purchase of a site)	250	0	0			
				1,876	0	0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>						
Refund to the Australian Joint Stock Bank of estreated Recognizance of bail in the case of Regina v. F. W. Gardiner, late Accountant of the Hay Branch of that Institution ...	200	0	0			
For School History of England, adjudged by a Board appointed by Government as suitable for the Schools established and aided by the Council of Education ...	100	0	0			
For School History of Australia, do., do. ...	100	0	0			
For the maintenance of Orphans during the year 1874 ...	7,500	0	0			
To provide suitable premises for the Industrial School for Girls ...	5,000	0	0			
				12,900	0	0
Carried forward ... ..				24,528	5	3

## ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

5

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward...		24,528 5 3
<b>No. V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.</b>		
<b>CUSTOMS.</b>		
Allowance in lieu of Quarters to Customs' Officer, Grafton		50 0 0
<b>ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.</b>		
New Boat for Goat Island Powder Magazine		25 0 0
<b>GLEBE ISLAND ABATTOIRS.</b>		
For Deodorizing the Blood, Ofal, and Sewerage		1,000 0 0
<b>MARINE BOARD.</b>		
Assistant Engineer Surveyor, at £250, from 1 April	187 10 0	
Increase to the salary of a Junior Pilot at Newcastle, on his being promoted to the rank of Senior Pilot	75 0 0	
Increase in the pay of the Boatmen at Sydney and Newcastle,—32 men at £12 each	384 0 0	
		646 10 0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>		
Compensation to the owners of the schooner "Isabella" for loss sustained by breaking up their voyage to rescue the crew of the "Robert Towns"		100 0 0
<b>No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS.</b>		
<b>SURVEY OF LANDS.</b>		
<b>Geological Surveyor—</b>		
Salary	400 0 0	
Equipment Allowance	230 0 0	
Contingent Expenses	150 0 0	
Wages and Provisions, 5 men	375 0 0	
	1,155 0 0	
Salaries of 2 Draftsmen for preparing County references, at £150 each	300 0 0	
Preparation of descriptions for Deeds of Crown Grants	200 0 0	
Bonus to or temporary increase of the salaries of 21 Staff Surveyors (for the year 1874 only), at £100 each	2,100 0 0	
Salaries of 5 Clerks temporarily employed on Gold and Mineral Lease work, for 4 months	280 7 0	
		4,035 7 0
<b>BOTANIC GARDENS.</b>		
Additional wages to gardeners and labourers, viz. :—		
12 men at 1s. per diem extra	187 4 0	
12 men at 8d. do.	129 12 0	
1 man at 6d. do.	7 16 0	
		324 12 0
<b>GOVERNMENT DOMAINS AND HYDE PARK.</b>		
Additional wages to labourers, viz. :—		
9 men at 1s. per diem extra	140 8 0	
6 men at 8d. do.	62 8 0	
		202 16 0
Carried forward	£	30,912 10 3

## ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward ... ..	.....	30,912 10 3
No. VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS— <i>continued.</i>		
MISCELLANEOUS.		
For fencing, planting, and improving that part of the Sydney Common used for the Butts ...	500 0 0	
For rent of Lands Office at the Tweed River, for the years 1866 to 1874 inclusive, at the rate of £20 per annum ... ..	180 0 0	
Reward to Cornelius O'Brien for the discovery of the Emu Creek and the Tyagong Gold Fields	300 0 0	
Proceeds of sale of land at the intersection of Peel and Hill streets, Tamworth, originally set apart for the purpose of a site for the Mechanics' Institute ... ..	83 0 0	
Allowance for quarters at Montefiores for Mr. Commissioner Daniels ... ..	50 0 0	
Compensation to John Thos. Collins for cancellation of certain land sold to him at sale held in Sydney, 28th April, 1857 ... ..	90 12 0	
Rewards for the discovery of new Gold Fields ...	2,000 0 0	
For improving the Public Reserve, St. Leonard's, North Shore ... ..	50 0 0	
For improving the Public Reserve at Manly Beach	100 0 0	
Compensation to James Twaddle, being the amount awarded by arbitration for damage sustained by the trespass of gold miners through his runs in the District of Wellington, and the loss of cattle thereby ... ..	4,600 0 0	
For the purchase of Land for a Cemetery at or near Waverley ... ..	300 0 0	
For inspection in special cases of Conditional Purchases, Forest Reserves, &c. ... ..	1,000 0 0	
Compensation to James Ireland for loss of water frontage to Woolloomooloo Bay, as provided for in the Woolloomooloo Bay Land Reclamation Act of 1862 ... .. £600 0 0		
Appraisement Fees ... .. 78 3 0		
	678 3 0	
Compensation to Betsy Purchase for loss of water frontage to Woolloomooloo Bay, as provided for in the Woolloomooloo Bay Land Reclamation Act of 1862 ... .. £1,470 0 0		
Appraisement Fees ... .. 96 11 0		
	1,566 11 0	
		11,498 6 0
MINING DEPARTMENT.		
Expense of bringing Mining Bill into operation, including salaries and contingencies ... ..	.....	3,000 0 0
No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.		
HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.		
To complete two iron Punts for Dredge "Fitz Roy" ... ..	2,251 18 6	
To complete two iron Punts for Dredge "Vulcan" ...	2,667 6 6	
Tug for Dredge "Fitz Roy," further sum ... ..	225 0 0	
Towards clearing obstructions from Richmond River, at Woodburn ... ..	600 0 0	
Towards clearing obstructions from Richmond River, near Casino, further sum ... ..	300 0 0	
Incidental Expenses to Wharfs and Bridges and other Public Works, further sum ... ..	500 0 0	
Tathra Wharf, further sum ... ..	300 0 0	
Boat-shed, Newcastle ... ..	200 0 0	
Steam Dredge "Hercules," Contingent Expenses, further sum ... ..	500 0 0	
Towards deepening Bars at Myall Lakes ... ..	500 0 0	
Construction of Sea-wall at Coogee Bay ... ..	4,000 0 0	
		12,044 5 0
Carried forward ... ..	... .. £	57,455 1 3



## ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

7

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward .....		57,455 1 3
<b>No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS</b>		
<i>—continued.</i>		
Brought forward .....		
<b>PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS.</b>		
Repairs to Mint Buildings .....	3,000 0 0	
Furniture, Internal Fittings, and other Works, New General Post Office .....	4,000 0 0	
Stabling and Cottage for Grooms, New General Post Office, further sum .....	600 0 0	
Court and Watch-house at Crookwell .....	1,000 0 0	
Water Supply for Asylum for Imbeciles, New- castle .....	1,500 0 0	
Repairs, &c., to the Naval Depôt .....	1,500 0 0	
Repairs to Buildings, &c., Abattoirs, Glebe Island .....	1,000 0 0	
Alterations and Additions to the Legislative Assembly Chamber .....	4,000 0 0	
		16,600 0 0
<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES.</b>		
Black Camp Bridge, further sum .....	117 0 0	
Pammamaroo Bridge, further sum .....	300 0 0	
Walker's River Bridge, further sum .....	400 0 0	
Broadwater Bridge, Moree, further sum .....	300 0 0	
Paika Creek Bridge, further sum .....	200 0 0	
Wentworth Embankment, further sum .....	300 0 0	
Punt at Brewarrina, further sum .....	150 0 0	
Half cost of Lighting Belmore Bridge .....	30 0 0	
Mudgee Road—Excess of Tolls, 1873, over estimate .....	226 13 4	
Bridge, Emigrant Creek, Ballina Road .....	1,200 0 0	
Bridge, Inverell .....	800 0 0	
Bridge, Payne's Crossing, Wollombi .....	1,200 0 0	
Bridge, Sweatman's Creek, Wollombi .....	230 0 0	
Bridge, Marengo .....	250 0 0	
Bridge, Billabong, Goonambil .....	550 0 0	
Bridges on road Lachlan to Darling at Tallywalka, and near Booligal .....	4,500 0 0	
Road to Seal Rocks Light-house .....	1,100 0 0	
Approach to Belmore Bridge (Flood damages) .....	400 0 0	
Replacing old Bridge at Adelong (do.) .....	600 0 0	
*Road, Goulburn to Braidwood .....	4,000 0 0	
*Towards improving the road from Sofala to Wattle Flat .....	1,000 0 0	
		17,853 13 4
<b>No. VIII.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL.</b>		
<b>POST OFFICE.</b>		
Increase of Salary to Shipping Clerk, from £132 to £150 per annum .....	18 0 0	
Additional Mail Guard on Western Line, from 1st January .....	150 0 0	
Gratuities for Ship mails, Foreign and Coastwise, further sum .....	400 0 0	
To meet the payment to Victoria of the postages on letters, packets, and newspapers, conveyed <i>via</i> Galle—Amount to be recouped by postages collected here on outward Mail matter, and by amounts allowed by London on corres- pondence forwarded to this Colony .....	1,500 0 0	
		2,068 0 0
Carried forward .....	£	93,976 14 7

\* In anticipation of, and to be refunded from, Ordinary and Toll Votes for 1875-6-7 &amp; 8.

## ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward ... ..				93,976	14	7
No. VIII.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL— <i>continued.</i>						
ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.						
Station Master, Boggabri, from 1 January ...	104	0	0			
Operator, Tenterfield (for night duty), from 1 January ... ..	150	0	0			
Junior Operator (extra), Tenterfield, from 1 January ... ..	104	0	0			
Operator, Sydney, for Coast Lines, at £150, from 1 March ... ..	125	0	0			
Junior Operator, West Maitland, from 1 January ...	104	0	0			
Messenger, Newcastle, from 1 January ... ..	26	0	0			
Junior Operator, Wagga Wagga, from 1 January ...	150	0	0			
Ten (10) Messengers (extra) at £52, from 1 January ... ..	520	0	0			
Station Master, Bingera, at £150, from 1 July ...	75	0	0			
Station Master, Warialda, at £150, from 1 July ...	75	0	0			
Station Master, Coonamble, at £150, from 1 July ...	75	0	0			
Station Master, Coonabarabran, at £150, from 1 July ... ..	75	0	0			
Station Master, Parkes, at £150, from 1 July ...	75	0	0			
Station Master, Dungog, at £150, from 1 June ...	87	10	0			
Junior Operator, Rylstone, at £104, from 1 July ...	52	0	0			
Junior Operator, Candelo, at £104, from 1 March ...	86	13	4			
Junior Operator, M'Leay Heads, at £104, from 1 July ... ..	52	0	0			
Messenger, Grafton, from 1 January ... ..	52	0	0			
Messenger, Hay, from 1 January ... ..	52	0	0			
Messenger, Forbes, from 1 January ... ..	26	0	0			
Line Repairer for Bourke Line, at £150, from 1 April ... ..	112	10	0			
Junior Operator, Rocky Mouth, at £104—increase from £52 to £104, from 1 January ... ..	52	0	0			
Junior Operator, Clarence River Heads—increase of salary from £52 to £104, from 1 January ...	52	0	0			
Junior Operator, Ulmarra—increase of salary from £52 to £104, from 1 January ... ..	52	0	0			
Operators (13), Sydney—increase of salary from £150 to £200, from 1 January ... ..	650	0	0			
Station Master, Bourke—increase of salary from £200 to £250, from 1 January ... ..	50	0	0			
Telegraph Instructor, at £250, from 1 April ...	187	10	0			
				3,222	3	4
No. II.—EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.						
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.						
Expenses of Official Visits to the Interior ... ..				500	0	0
TOTAL AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874... ..				£	97,698	17 11

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
18th March, 1874.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

9

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>RE-VOTES.</b>		
Appropriations and Balances of Appropriations of 1873 and previous Years, which lapsed under the 17th clause of the Audit Act, to be re-voted, viz. :—		
No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.		
Appropriation of 1871.		
MINOR ROADS.		
Cassilis to Coonabarabran ... ..	.....	215 13 1.
Appropriations of 1872.		
ROADS AND BRIDGES.		
Sinking Wells, Lachlan and Darling ... ..	983 13 10	
Road, Cassilis to Coonabarabran ... ..	512 18 0	
		1,496 11 10.
Appropriations of 1873.		
HARBOUR AND RIVER NAVIGATION.		
Contribution towards the construction of Public Baths at Lavender Bay, on condition of an equal amount being subscribed by the inhabitants, or Municipalities, of North Shore ...	200 0 0	
PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS.		
Police Buildings, Newcastle ... ..	1,200 0 0	
Police Buildings, Tumut ... ..	600 0 0	
Stabling and Cottage for Grooms, New General Post Office ... ..	1,200 0 0	
Erection of Court House, Hill End ... ..	900 0 0	
Erection of Police Buildings at Albury ... ..	1,000 0 0	
ROADS AND BRIDGES.		
Road—Manilla, <i>via</i> Barraba to Bingera ... ..	636 16 0	
Armidale to Inverell ... ..	133 5 6	
Grattai, Windeyer, and Upper Pyramul... ..	140 0 0	
Sally's Flat to Grattai and Tabrabucca ... ..	49 0 0	
Bombala to Eden ... ..	5,597 2 5	
Kempsey to Armidale and Grafton ... ..	3,000 0 0	
Approaches, Howlong Punt ... ..	2,000 0 0	
Bridge, Mann River ... ..	1,763 16 0	
„ Dungowan Creek ... ..	800 0 0	
„ Brungah Creek, near Hay ... ..	700 0 0	
„ Yarrowford River ... ..	1,800 0 0	
„ Beardie Creek ... ..	500 0 0	
„ Black Camp Creek ... ..	200 0 0	
		22,419 19 11
Total ... ..	£ .....	24,132 4 10

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
18th March, 1874.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE  
OF THE  
EXPENDITURE OF THE GOVERNMENT  
OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES,  
ON ACCOUNT OF  
PUBLIC WORKS,  
FOR THE YEAR 1874,  
PROPOSED TO BE  
PROVIDED FOR BY LOAN.

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ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
19 MARCH, 1874, A.M.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1874.

[3d.]



## ADDITIONAL LOAN ESTIMATE, 1874.

To be raised by Loan.	Amount required for 1874:	
	£	
<b>RAILWAYS.</b>		
To connect the Great Northern Railway with the new Wharfage accommodation at Bullock Island .....	50,000	
For purchase of Twelve Passenger Locomotive Engines, for the Extensions beyond Murrurundi, Goulburn, and Bathurst ...	50,000	
		100,000
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.</b>		
Reclamation of Blackwattle Swamp, further sum .....	16,200	
Extension of Newcastle Wharf, further sum .....	5,000	
To complete the Dock at Cockatoo Island .....	15,000	
		36,200
<b>COLONIAL ARCHITECT.</b>		
Light-house at Seal Rocks, further sum .....	4,000	
New Lunatic Asylum .....	75,000	
Water Supply for Abattoirs, Glebe Island, further sum ...	2,000	
		81,000
<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES.</b>		
Nimboy Bridge, further sum .....	3,800	
Urara Bridge, further sum .....	1,000	
Windsor Bridge, further sum .....	2,000	
		6,800
<b>ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.</b>		
To connect the New Light-house, Seal Rocks, by Electric Telegraph .....	3,000	
Telegraphic Line from Bingera to Warialda on the guarantee principle ...	2,400	
		5,400
<b>TOTAL</b> .....	£ .....	<b>229,400</b>

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
18th March, 1874.*

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.





1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

---

FURTHER ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

(MESSAGE No. 36.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 2 April, 1874.*

---

HERCULES ROBINSON,  
*Governor.*

*Message No. 36.*

In accordance with the provisions contained in the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends to the consideration of the Legislative Assembly the accompanying further Additional Estimates of the Expenditure of this Government for the year 1874.

*Government House,  
Sydney, 26th March, 1874.*

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# FURTHER ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE

OF THE

## EXPENDITURE

OF THE

## GOVERNMENT

OF

## NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR

# 1874.

---

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
2 APRIL, 1874.

---



SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1874.

[3d.]



## FURTHER ADDITIONAL ESTIMATE FOR 1874.

SERVICES.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>No. III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY.</b>		
<b>CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.</b>		
In aid of the Hospital at Hill End, on the usual conditions... ..	.....	200 0 0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>		
To complete the erection of Captain Cook's Statue ... ..	2,000 0 0	
Steam Launch for the use of the Lunatic Asylums	500 0 0	
		2,500 0 0
<b>No. IV.—MINISTER OF JUSTICE AND PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.</b>		
<b>GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.</b>		
Young School of Arts—purchase of Site ... ..	.....	250 0 0
<b>No. V.—COLONIAL TREASURER.</b>		
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>		
Beacon on the Bar, at the Entrance to Port Macquarie ... ..	.....	250 0 0
<b>No. VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.</b>		
<b>PUBLIC WORKS.</b>		
Lowering and under-pinning the wall of the Victoria Barracks, to enable a new road, called Green's Road, to be formed ... ..	900 0 0	
Towards the erection of a Dwarf-wall and Iron railing, Hyde Park ... ..	1,000 0 0.	
		1,900 0 0
Total ... ..	£	5,100 0 0

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
26th March, 1874.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY,  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

---

VOTE OF CREDIT.

(MESSAGE No. 22.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 28 January, 1874.*

---

HERCULES ROBINSON,  
*Governor.*

*Message No. 22.*

In accordance with the provisions contained in the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends, for the consideration of the Legislative Assembly, that provision be made for defraying out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of New South Wales the expenses of the various Departments and Services of the Colony for the month of January, 1874, at the rates which have been sanctioned for the year 1873; together with provision for an advance to the Colonial Treasurer, to enable him to make payments of an unforeseen nature for which the usual monthly rate is not sufficient.

*Government House,*

*Sydney, 28th January, 1874.*

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1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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## VOTE OF CREDIT.

(MESSAGE No. 29.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 25 February, 1874.*

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HERCULES ROBINSON,  
*Governor.*

*Message No. 29.*

In pursuance of the provisions contained in the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends, for the consideration of the Legislative Assembly, that provision be made for defraying, out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of New South Wales, the expenses of the various Departments and Services of the Colony, for the month of February, 1874, at the rates which have been sanctioned for the year 1873.

*Government House,*

*Sydney, 25th February, 1874.*

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Finance, 1873.

ESTIMATES

OF THE

WAYS AND MEANS

OF THE

GOVERNMENT

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR THE YEAR

1874.

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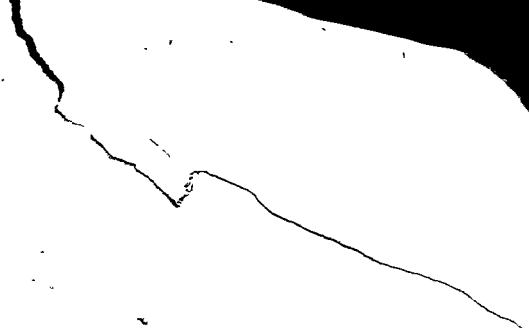
ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED, 16 OCTOBER, 1873.

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SYDNEY THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873.



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No. 1.

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ACCOUNT

OF THE

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

OF THE

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR THE YEAR

1871.

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## Consolidated

## ACCOUNT OF THE REVENUE AND

Dr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	To AMOUNT of APPROPRIATIONS for the year 1871, viz. :—		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	„ AMOUNT appropriated for GENERAL SERVICES, as per APPROPRIATION ACT, 35 Vic. No. 3 ... ..	1,540,675 16 4	
2	„ AMOUNT of APPROPRIATIONS under CONSTITUTIONAL and COLONIAL ACTS, as per Estimates-in-Chief for 1871, pages 1 and 5 ... ..	53,677 11 10	
3	„ AMOUNT appropriated under the Act 34 Vic. No. 10, to meet the difference between the Salaries paid for January, 1871, and the reduced amounts provided on the Estimates-in-Chief for 1871 ... ..	3,188 12 11	
4	„ AMOUNT of SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS, as per Estimates-in-Chief for 1871, page 1 ... ..	610,660 0 0	2,208,202 1 1
5	„ ADDITIONAL SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS :— Revenue and Receipts returned—further sum ... .. Drawbacks and Refund of Duties do. ... .. Preliminary Expenses of Municipal Institutions ... .. Expenses under the Scab in Sheep Act of 1866 ... .. Expenses under the Cattle Disease Prevention Act... .. Expenses under the Registration of Brands Act ... .. Expenses under the Customs Act 34 Vic. No. 21 ... .. Expenses under the Electoral Act of 1858 ... .. Erection of School of Industry, 34 Vic. No. 5 ... ..	8,054 2 3 1,155 10 10 483 18 3 226 18 4 410 0 8 352 8 8 29 11 4 1 17 1 7,000 0 0	17,714 7 5
6	„ AMOUNT OF SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATIONS AS PER APPROPRIATION ACT, 36 Vic. No. 3 ... ..		20,546 9 2
7	„ AMOUNT OF FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATIONS AS PER APPROPRIATION ACT 36 Vic. No. 6... ..		3,428 13 3
8	„ FIFTH INSTALMENT of Short-dated Debentures, issued under the Act 29 Vict., No. 4, paid off 31st December, 1871 ... ..		100,000 0 0
			2,349,891 10 11
9	Less AMOUNT OF APPROPRIATIONS AND BALANCES OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR SERVICES OF 1871, written off under the provisions of the Audit Act of 1870 ... ..		121,862 9 4
			2,228,029 1 7
10	„ AMOUNT OF FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE FOR 1871, page 2 ... ..		409 4 9
	TOTAL ... ..	£	2,228,438 6 4

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant







No. 2.

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ACCOUNT

OF THE

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

OF THE

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR THE YEAR

1872.

---

## Consolidated

## ACCOUNT OF REVENUE AND

Dr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
1	To BALANCE, being ESTIMATED DEFICIENCY on the Account for the Year 1871, brought forward	£ s. d.	£ s. d. 9,747 3 4
2	„ AMOUNT Appropriated for General Services, 1872, as per Appropriation Act, 36 Vic., No. 3	1,669,075 12 11	
3	„ AMOUNT of APPROPRIATIONS under Constitutional and Colonial Acts, as per Estimates-in-Chief for 1872, pages 1 and 5	52,943 5 9	
4	„ AMOUNT of Special Appropriations, as per Estimates-in-Chief for 1872, page 1	636,460 0 0	
		2,358,478 18 8	
5	„ AMOUNT OF SUPPLEMENTARY APPROPRIATIONS for Services of 1872, as per Appropriation Act, 36 Vic. No. 6	35,947 12 4	
6	„ ADDITIONAL SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS— Interest on Debentures Revenue and Receipts returned, further sum Drawbacks and Refund of Duties, do. Charges on Collections, do. Preliminary Expenses of Municipal Institutions Expenses under the Scab in Sheep Act of 1866 Expenses under the Cattle Disease Prevention Act Expenses under the Registration of Brands Act Compensation to New South Wales Infantry on disembodiment (36 Vic. No. 5)	4,509 1 4 8,697 11 4 3,247 15 11 145 15 0 480 13 1 108 6 5 1,454 15 11 162 1 6 4,198 10 0	
7	„ SIXTH and LAST INSTALMENT of Short-dated Debentures, issued under the Act 29 Vict. No. 4, due 31st December, 1872	46,700 0 0	
8	„ FIRST INSTALMENT of Loan raised under 31 Vic. No. 11, due 31st December, 1872	20,000 0 0	
		2,484,131 1 6	
9	Less—Amount of Appropriations for General Services of 1872, written off under the provisions of the Audit Act of 1870, as per Statement attached, marked B, pages 25–36 and £161,735 19 7 Amount of Vote taken to enable the Treasurer to make Advances to Public Officers, and others, &c., during 1872, which will not ultimately form a charge on the Consolidated Revenue Fund 30,000 0 0	191,735 19 7	
10	„ TREASURY BILLS issued under the Act 34 Vic. No. 18, paid off 9th May, 1872		2,292,395 1 11 343,200 0 0
11	„ AMOUNT OF FURTHER SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE for 1872, page 5		24,560 1 8
12	„ ESTIMATED Surplus for the year 1872		2,669,902 6 11 124,322 0 8
	TOTAL	£	2,794,224 7 7

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

2.

## Revenue Fund.

EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1872.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£    s.    d.	£    s.    d.
1	<p>By ACTUAL REVENUE and RECEIPTS for the Year 1872, as shown by the Public Accounts laid on the Table of the Legislative Assembly on the 17th September, 1873, and as per Abstract attached, marked A, page 21</p> <p style="text-align: right;">* £12,439 18 3</p> <p style="text-align: center;">and</p> <p>Amount received in 1872, on account of Murray River Customs, 1871, transferred to that year's Account</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">2,812,011 10 8</p> <p style="text-align: right;">5,347 4 10</p> <hr style="width: 100px; margin-left: auto; margin-right: 0;"/> <p style="text-align: right;">17,787 3 1</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">2,794,224 7 7</p> <hr style="width: 100%; margin-top: 20px;"/> <p style="text-align: right;">£ 2,794,224 7 7</p>
	TOTAL		

\* Exclusive of a repayment of £7,000 advanced to the Trust Fund in 1872, for the purchase of Railway Stores—that amount being also excluded from the actual Revenue and Receipts for that year, as above shown.

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant,

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



No. 3.

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ACCOUNT

OF THE

ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

OF THE

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND OF NEW SOUTH WALES,

FOR THE YEAR

1873.

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## Consolidated

## ACCOUNT OF ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED REVENUE

Dr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	To CHARGES ON THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND, as shown on page 3 of the Estimates-in-Chief for 1874 :—		
	General Services . . . . .	1,952,035 6 2	
	Provided by Constitutional and Colonial Acts . . . . .	51,852 4 9	
	Special Appropriations . . . . .	709,230 0 0	2,713,117 10 11
2	” ADDITIONAL SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS :—		
	Revenue and Receipts returned, further sum . . . . .	14,000 0 0	
	Charges on Collections, further sum . . . . .	1,000 0 0	
	Endowment of Affiliated Colleges (St. Andrew's College), further sum . . . . .	389 15 8	
	Pensions payable under the provisions of the Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873, from 1st May until 31st December, 1873 (probable amount required) . . . . .	9,500 0 0	
	Expenses under the Scab in Sheep Act of 1866 . . . . .	100 0 0	
	Expenses under the Registration of Brands Act . . . . .	550 0 0	
	Preliminary Expenses of Municipalities . . . . .	100 0 0	25,639 15 8
			2,738,757 6 7
3	Less—Amount of Appropriations for General Services of 1873, estimated as not likely to be required . . . . .	100,000 0 0	
	and		
	Amount of Vote taken to enable the Treasurer to make Advances to Public Officers, and others, &c., during 1873, which will not ultimately form a charge on the Consolidated Revenue Fund . . . . .	30,000 0 0	130,000 0 0
			2,608,757 6 7
4	” AMOUNT OF SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATE for Services of 1873, page 12 . . . . .		109,419 0 4
	Total estimated Expenditure, 1873 . . . . .		2,718,176 6 11
5	” ESTIMATED Surplus, 31st December, 1873 . . . . .		655,280 13 9
	TOTAL . . . . .	£	3,373,457 0 8

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



3.

## Revenue Fund.

AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1873.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	By ESTIMATED SURPLUS on the Account for the Year 1872, brought forward		124,322 0 8
2	„ ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED REVENUE AND RECEIPTS for the Year 1873, as per Statement attached, marked A, page 21, viz. :—  Actual Revenue collected from 1st January to 30th September  Estimated for the remainder of the year	2,312,743 0 0  936,392 0 0	3,249,135 0 0
	TOTAL	£	3,373,457 0 8

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



No. 4.

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ACCOUNT

OF THE

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND OF NEW SOUTH WALES,

SHOWING THE PROPOSED EXPENDITURE IN RELATION TO THE ESTIMATED INCOME

FOR THE YEAR

1874.

---

## Consolidated

## ACCOUNT OF ESTIMATED REVENUE

Dr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	To CHARGES ON THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND, as per Estimates-in-Chief for 1874 :—						
	General Services .....	2,175,807	6	8			
	Provided by Constitutional and Colonial Acts .....	53,031	9	0			
	Special Appropriations... ..	762,548	0	0	2,991,386	15	8
2	„ One-tenth part of the estimated required amount authorized to be raised under the provisions of Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873, for the purpose of paying the Arrears of Pensions and Gratuities, and for the refunding of the deductions authorized by that Act .....				10,000	0	0
3	„ TREASURY BILLS issued under the Act 35 Vic. No. 5, to meet the Deficiency on account of 1870 and previous years' Services, which mature on the 1st July, 1874 .....				334,600	0	0
					3,335,986	15	8
4	„ ESTIMATED Surplus, 31st December, 1874 .....				508,632	5	7
	TOTAL .....				£ 3,844,619	1	3

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

4.

Revenue Fund.

AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1874.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	By ESTIMATED SURPLUS on the Account for the Year 1873, brought forward ... ..	.....	655,280 13 9
2	„ ESTIMATED REVENUE for the Year 1874, as per Statement attached, marked A, page 21 ... ..	.....	3,168,935 0 0
3	„ CASH BALANCE at the Credit of the Account for 1870 and previous years, available towards the redemption of the Treasury Bills issued under the Treasury Bills Deficiency Act of 1871, 35 Vic. No. 5, being amount raised in excess of actual requirements ... ..	.....	20,403 7 6
	TOTAL ... ..	£	3,844,619 1 3

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



## A.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT showing the REVENUE AND RECEIPTS of 1872, the ACTUAL and ESTIMATED REVENUE AND RECEIPTS for 1873, and the ESTIMATED REVENUE for the Year 1874.

HEAD OF RECEIPT.	REVENUE OF 1872.	ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR 1873.	ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1874.
	£	£	£
Customs... ..	974,857	1,084,812	947,800
Duty on Refined Sugar and Molasses	15,020	23,158	21,000
Duty on Spirits distilled in the Colony	8,829	11,382	20,000
Gold Revenue	35,196	28,776	32,000
Mint Receipts	17,789	11,372	15,000
Stamps	94,298	88,118	90,000
Pilotage Rates, Harbour Dues and Fees	20,797	21,328	20,000
Tonnage Dues	7,522	2,337	.....
Land Revenue	840,452	1,120,754	1,132,300
Rents, exclusive of Land	35,062	29,008	33,240
Contributions under the Sheep Disease Prevention Act of 1866	9,012	10,332	9,600
Fees under Registration of Brands Act	891	978	800
Railway Receipts	421,888	474,819	500,000
Postage	96,477	104,786	102,000
Commission on Money Orders	3,609	3,887	3,800
Electric Telegraph Receipts	48,866	52,307	60,000
Licenses...	79,613	84,036	79,900
Fees of Office	25,309	26,219	26,130
Fines and Forfeitures	5,751	6,432	6,015
Interest on City Debentures	10,000	10,000	10,000
Miscellaneous	60,774	54,294	59,350
TOTALS	£ 2,812,012	3,249,135	3,168,935

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## REVENUE DETAILED.

	REVENUE OF 1872.	ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR 1873.			ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1874.
		Actual to 30 Sept.	Estimate to 31 Dec. .	Total.	
	£	£	£	£	£
<b>CUSTOMS.</b>					
Spirits	368,680	302,633	70,440	373,073	400,000
Wine	31,403	27,716	9,594	37,310	40,000
Ale and Beer	38,177	39,863	6,480	46,343	50,000
Tobacco and Cigars	74,369	62,000	9,405	71,405	114,000
Tea	55,105	38,524	15,456	53,980	55,000
Sugar and Molasses	46,790	50,115	12,646	62,761	60,000
Coffee and Chicory	8,153	6,840	1,956	8,796	10,000
Opium	7,018	5,031	1,160	6,191	6,000
Malt	1,707	1,759	117	1,876	2,000
Hops	2,392	2,927	946	3,873	5,000
Rice	7,133	5,720	1,838	7,558	7,500
Dried Fruits	21,132	18,426	6,000	24,426	24,000
<i>Ad valorem</i>	148,276	162,589	28,800	191,389	.....
Specific Duties	97,142	93,835	18,233	112,068	115,000
Bonded Warehouses, 20 Vic. No. 21	4,528	3,666	586	4,252	4,000
Rent of Goods in Queen's Warehouses	142	249	27	276	300
	912,147	821,893	183,684	1,005,577	892,800
Murray River Customs	62,710	50,384	28,851	79,235	55,000
<b>Total Customs</b>	£ 974,857	872,277	212,535	1,084,812	947,800
<b>DUTY ON REFINED SUGAR AND MOLASSES</b>	15,020	18,758	4,400	23,158	21,000
<b>DUTY ON SPIRITS DISTILLED IN THE COLONY</b>	8,829	8,955	2,427	11,382	20,000
<b>GOLD REVENUE.</b>					
Duty on Gold	27,585	16,962	5,201	22,163	25,000
Fees for Escort and Conveyance of Gold	7,611	4,928	1,685	6,613	7,000
	35,196	21,890	6,886	28,776	32,000
<b>MINT RECEIPTS</b>	17,789	8,180	3,192	11,372	15,000
<b>STAMPS</b>	94,298	72,175	15,943	88,118	90,000
<b>PILOTAGE AND HARBOUR AND LIGHT RATES, 35 VIC. No. 7</b>	20,797	18,780	2,548	21,328	20,000
<b>TONNAGE DUES.</b>					
Newcastle	7,152	2,195	.....	2,195	.....
Wollongong	271	104	.....	104	.....
Kiama	99	38	.....	38	.....
	7,522	2,337	.....	2,337	.....
<b>LAND REVENUE.</b>					
Land Sales	366,114	495,730	246,584	742,314	743,000
Balances of Conditional Purchases	24,692	32,388	4,762	37,150	30,000
Interest on Land Conditionally Purchased	45,676	52,335	2,979	55,314	60,000
Rent and Assessment on Pastoral Runs, &c.	205,251	25,736	181,974	207,710	211,000
Fees on Transfer of Runs	1,286	925	344	1,269	1,300
Quit Rents	562	52	150	202	500
Licenses to cut Timber on, and remove Material from, Crown Lands	3,015	2,820	620	3,440	4,000
Mineral Leases	138,820	28,271	2,881	31,152	30,000
Leases of Auriferous Lands	34,058	13,612	3,919	17,531	28,000
Miners' Rights	13,114	9,863	762	10,625	16,000
Business Licenses	1,443	1,179	181	1,360	1,500
Fees on Preparation and Enrolment of Title Deeds	4,481	4,052	1,523	5,575	5,000
Miscellaneous	1,940	6,212	900	7,112	2,000
	840,452	673,175	447,579	1,120,754	1,132,300
<b>Carried forward</b>	£ 2,014,760	1,696,527	695,510	2,392,037	2,278,100



REVENUE DETAILED—*continued.*

	REVENUE OF 1872.	ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR 1873.			ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1874.
		Actual to 30 Sept.	Estimate to 31 Dec.	Total.	
	£	£	£	£	£
Brought forward ...	2,014,760	1,696,527	695,510	2,392,037	2,278,100
<b>RENTS, EXCLUSIVE OF LAND.</b>					
Tolls and Ferries ...	27,157	18,095	4,088	22,133	25,000
Wharfs ...	5,430	2,886	1,483	4,369	5,500
Government Buildings and Premises ...	253	17	150	167	250
Glebe Island Bridge...	824	769	249	1,018	1,000
Glebe Island Abattoir ...	1,398	976	345	1,321	1,490
	35,062	22,743	6,265	29,008	33,240
<b>CONTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE SHEEP DISEASE PREVENTION ACT OF 1866...</b>					
	9,012	10,065	267	10,332	9,600
<b>FEES UNDER REGISTRATION OF BRANDS ACT...</b>					
	891	771	207	978	800
<b>RAILWAY RECEIPTS</b>					
	421,888	328,835	145,984	474,819	500,000
<b>POSTAGE</b>					
	96,477	78,230	26,556	104,786	102,000
<b>COMMISSION ON MONEY ORDERS</b>					
	3,609	2,904	983	3,887	3,800
<b>ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH RECEIPTS</b>					
	48,866	38,110	14,197	52,307	60,000
<b>LICENSES.</b>					
Wholesale Spirit Dealers ...	4,660	3,540	960	4,500	5,000
Auctioneers ...	1,870	623	1,164	1,787	1,900
Retail Fermented and Spirituous Liquors...	68,108	69,492	2,676	72,168	68,000
Billiard and Bagatelle Licenses to Publicans	2,645	2,950	290	3,240	2,700
Distillers and Rectifiers ...	82	76	49	125	100
Hawkers and Pedlers ...	1,061	859	88	947	1,000
Pawnbrokers ...	452	370	150	520	450
Colonial Wine, Cider, and Perry ...	445	378	80	458	450
All other Licenses ...	290	234	57	291	300
	79,613	78,522	5,514	84,036	79,900
<b>FEES OF OFFICE.</b>					
Certificates of Naturalization ...	213	153	50	203	250
Registrar General ...	5,804	4,646	1,085	5,731	6,280
Prothonotary of Supreme Court ...	1,729	2,012	173	2,185	2,000
Master in Equity ...	610	306	137	443	550
Curator of Intestate Estates ...	936	363	257	620	1,300
Insolvent Court ...	1,674	1,097	425	1,522	1,600
Sheriff ...	453	391	185	576	800
District Courts ...	3,759	3,164	890	4,054	3,500
Courts of Petty Sessions ...	3,142	2,349	1,228	3,577	3,000
Water Police Court and Shipping Masters	2,452	2,278	673	2,951	3,000
Steam Navigation Board ...	83				
Marine Board ...	1,664	1,101	241	1,342	1,000
Under Gold-Fields Act ...	41	111	12	123	50
Slaughtering Fees, Glebe Island Abattoir...	1,520	1,245	458	1,703	1,800
Other Fees ...	1,229	269	920	1,189	1,000
	25,309	19,485	6,734	26,219	26,130
Carried forward ...	£ 2,735,487	2,276,192	902,217	3,178,409	3,093,570

REVENUE DETAILED—*continued.*

	REVENUE OF 1872.	ACTUAL AND ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR 1873.			ESTIMATED REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1874.
		Actual to 30 Sept.	Estimate to 31 Dec.	Total.	
	£	£	£	£	£
Brought forward	2,735,487	2,276,192	902,217	3,178,409	3,093,570
<b>FINES AND FORFEITURES.</b>					
Sheriff	104	212	30	242	200
Courts of Petty Sessions	4,114	3,459	1,153	4,612	4,200
Water Police Court	803	677	200	877	840
For the Unauthorized Occupation of Crown Lands	255	223	42	265	300
Crown's Share of Seizures, &c.	256	64	98	162	250
Confiscated and Unclaimed Property	193	129	49	178	200
Other Fines	26	86	10	96	25
	5,751	4,850	1,582	6,432	6,015
<b>INTEREST ON CITY DEBENTURES</b>					
	10,000	5,000	5,000	10,000	10,000
<b>MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS.</b>					
Sale of Government Property	1,540	1,512	392	1,904	1,500
Support of Patients in Lunatic Asylums	842	633	260	893	900
Collections by Government Printer	3,846	3,018	1,098	4,116	4,250
Store Rent of Gunpowder	744	788	245	1,033	1,500
Work performed by prisoners in Gaol	2,136	1,890	492	2,382	2,600
Fees on presenting Private Bills to the Parliament, and on Letters of Registra- tion	1,300	1,060	225	1,285	1,000
Interest on Bank Deposits	5,211	5,516	5,565	11,081	10,000
Docking Vessels, Fitz Roy Dry Dock	709	1,632	182	1,814	1,600
Assessment on Sugar Refinery	1,000	750	250	1,000	1,000
Other Receipts	43,446	9,902	18,884	28,786	35,000
	60,774	26,701	27,593	54,294	59,350
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>£ 2,812,012</b>	<b>2,312,743</b>	<b>936,392</b>	<b>3,249,135</b>	<b>3,168,935</b>

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## B.

STATEMENT showing the APPROPRIATIONS in DETAIL for the Service of the Year 1872; the EXPENDITURE therefrom to the 30th September, 1873; and the BALANCES remaining unexpended on the 30th September, 1873, written off, or retained for future Expenditure.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.			Balance.					
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.		
	Schedule A	22,900	0	0	22,714	12	9	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	Schedule B	8,532	5	9	8,342	7	0	185	7	3			
	Schedule C	21,511	0	0	20,734	17	8	189	18	9			
1	Schedule B (Supplement)	1,784	6	8	1,784	6	8	776	2	4			
2	His Excellency the Governor...	1,523	0	0	745	10	2						
3	The Executive Council	699	0	0	697	13	6						
4	The Legislative Council	5,448	0	0	5,180	6	6						
5	The Legislative Assembly	7,926	0	0	6,883	10	7	1,042	9	5			
6	The Legislative Council and Assembly	1,328	0	0	1,213	2	10	114	17	2			
7	The Parliamentary Library	1,397	0	0	1,348	5	6						48 14 6
8	Colonial Secretary	4,141	0	0	4,023	10	8	117	9	4			
9	Permanent Military Force	20,033	18	4	19,992	12	2						41 6 2
10	Volunteers	11,994	15	11	11,285	1	4	709	14	7			
11	Naval Brigade	4,018	0	0	3,995	8	0	22	12	0			
12	Police	126,126	0	0	124,745	2	5	762	12	3	618	5	4
13	Petty Sessions	36,441	2	6	35,674	1	6	668	1	0	99	0	0
	Gaols--												
14	Sydney	1,478	0	0	1,477	9	9	0	10	3			
15	Parramatta	746	0	0	746	0	0						
16	Bathurst	393	0	0	393	0	0						
17	Maitland	405	0	0	404	19	9	0	0	3			
18	Goulburn	393	0	0	393	0	0						
19	Berrima	647	0	0	641	9	5	5	10	7			
20	Albury	157	0	0	157	0	0						
21	Braidwood	157	0	0	157	0	0						
22	Mudgee	157	0	0	157	0	0						
23	Wollongong	157	0	0	145	6	8	11	13	4			
24	Armidale	157	0	0	157	0	0						
25	Wagga Wagga	157	0	0	157	0	0						
26	Yass	167	0	0	167	0	0						
27	Deniliquin	157	0	0	157	0	0						
28	Port Macquarie	483	0	0	478	8	4	4	11	8			
29	Cooma	217	0	0				217	0	0			
30	Police Gaols—Country Districts	400	0	0	400	0	0						
31	Gaols generally	49,670	0	0	42,417	15	10	7,052	4	2	200	0	0
	Lunatic Asylums, being—												
32	Board of Visitors	350	0	0	350	0	0						
33	Hospital for the Insane, Gladesville	15,161	0	0	13,326	4	4	1,834	15	8			
34	Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta	15,907	0	0	13,610	1	7	2,296	18	5			
35	Lunatic Reception House, Darlinghurst	869	0	0	861	0	11	7	19	1			
36	Asylum for Imbeciles and Institution for Idiots, Newcastle	4,783	0	0	3,713	1	10	1,064	18	2	5	0	0
37	Lunatic Patients	2,150	0	0	2,087	18	6	62	1	6			
38	Medical Board	44	0	0	44	0	0						
39	Medical Adviser, Vaccination, Medical Officers, &c.	7,622	0	0	6,771	7	5	780	0	0	70	12	7
40	Auditor General	5,000	0	0	4,849	11	9	150	8	3			
41	Registrar General	13,724	0	0	12,886	7	3	837	12	9			
42	Agent-General for the Colony	1,500	0	0	1,500	0	0						
43	Observatory	1,636	0	0	1,609	4	5	26	15	7			
44	Museum	475	0	0	475	0	0						
45	Public Instruction under Act 30 Victoria, No. 22	110,000	0	0	110,000	0	0						
46	Free Public Library	2,604	0	0	2,604	0	0						
47	To supplement the present Annual Endowment of £1,000 to the Australian Museum In aid of Educational Institutions, in the proportion of £1 to every £3 raised by private contributions, viz. :—	200	0	0	200	0	0						
48	Albury School of Arts	50	0	0	10	16	8	39	3	4			
49	Araluen Mechanics' Institute	50	0	0				50	0	0			
	Carried forward	£ 514,026	9	2	492,865	13	8	20,077	16	11	1,082	18	7

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.			Balance.						
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.			
	Brought forward	514,026	9	2	492,865	13	8	20,077	16	11	1,082	18	7	
	In aid of Educational Institutions—continued.													
50	Armidale School of Arts	50	0	0							50	0	0	
51	Ballina School of Arts	25	0	0				25	0	0				
52	Balmain School of Arts	50	0	0							50	0	0	
53	Balmain Working Men's Institute	25	0	0	24	18	1	0	1	11				
54	Bathurst School of Arts	50	0	0	50	0	0							
55	Bega School of Arts	50	0	0	23	12	6	26	7	6				
56	Bellambi and Bulli School of Arts	25	0	0				25	0	0				
57	Berrima School of Arts	25	0	0	25	0	0							
58	Braidwood Literary Institute	50	0	0	50	0	0							
59	Branxton Mechanics' Institute	25	0	0				25	0	0				
60	Bourke Mechanics' Institute	50	0	0	13	15	8	36	4	4				
61	Bowling Alley Point School of Arts	25	0	0				25	0	0				
62	Camden School of Arts	25	0	0	12	19	6	12	0	6				
63	Casino School of Arts	50	0	0				50	0	0				
64	Corowa School of Arts	100	0	0	100	0	0							
65	Dubbo Mechanics' Institute	50	0	0	38	15	2	11	4	10				
66	East Maitland School of Arts	50	0	0	11	15	8	38	4	4				
67	Frederickton School of Arts	25	0	0				25	0	0				
68	Forbes School of Arts	50	0	0	14	10	10	35	9	2				
69	Glen Innes School of Arts	50	0	0				50	0	0				
70	Goulburn School of Arts	50	0	0	49	17	0	0	3	0				
71	Grafton School of Arts	50	0	0	27	10	0	22	10	0				
72	Grenfell School of Arts	100	0	0	14	5	0	85	15	0				
73	Gundagai Literary Institute	50	0	0	3	3	10	46	16	2				
74	Guntawang School of Arts	100	0	0	17	18	11	82	1	1				
75	Hinton School of Arts	50	0	0	21	14	4	28	5	8				
76	Inverell School of Arts	50	0	0				50	0	0				
77	Kiama School of Arts	25	0	0				25	0	0				
78	Lambton Mechanics' and Miners' Institute	25	0	0	15	0	6	9	19	6				
79	Milton School of Arts	10	0	0	10	0	0							
80	Monaro School of Arts	25	0	0				25	0	0				
81	Morpeth School of Arts	50	0	0	9	17	8	40	2	4				
82	Mudgee School of Arts	50	0	0	50	0	0							
83	Murrurundi Mechanics' Institute and School of Arts	13	0	0	13	0	0							
84	Musclebrook School of Arts	50	0	0	17	0	10	32	19	2				
85	Narrabri Mechanics' Institute	17	0	0	13	15	2	3	4	10				
86	Newcastle School of Arts	50	0	0	40	5	10	9	14	2				
87	Orange Mechanics' Institute	50	0	0	15	3	4	34	16	8				
88	Parramatta School of Arts	100	0	0				100	0	0				
89	Paterson School of Arts	25	0	0	13	6	0	11	14	0				
90	Petersham Working Men's Institute	25	0	0	20	1	2	4	18	10				
91	Queanbeyan Literary Institute	75	0	0	5	10	0	69	10	0				
92	Raymond Terrace School of Arts	50	0	0	1	5	4	48	14	8				
93	Richmond School of Arts	50	0	0	3	5	0	46	15	0				
94	Ryde School of Arts	50	0	0				50	0	0				
95	St. Leonards School of Arts	50	0	0	10	1	2	39	18	10				
96	Scone School of Arts	50	0	0	50	0	0							
97	Shoalhaven School of Arts	50	0	0				50	0	0				
98	Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts	100	0	0	100	0	0							
99	Singleton Mechanics' Institute	75	0	0	69	15	8	5	4	4				
100	Stroud School of Arts	25	0	0	10	9	7	14	10	5				
101	Tamworth Mechanics' Institute	25	0	0	11	15	6	13	4	6				
102	Ulladulla School of Arts	25	0	0				25	0	0				
103	Umarra School of Arts	25	0	0				25	0	0				
104	Wallsend School of Arts	50	0	0	8	15	11	41	4	1				
105	Wagga Wagga Mechanics' Institute	25	0	0	25	0	0							
106	Waratah School of Arts	13	0	0	12	18	0	0	2	0				
107	West Maitland School of Arts	50	0	0	50	0	0							
108	Windsor School of Arts	50	0	0	7	7	6	42	12	6				
109	Wollongong School of Arts	50	0	0	5	1	8	44	18	4				
110	Yass Mechanics' Institute	50	0	0	39	5	4	10	14	8				
111	Young School of Arts	50	0	0	43	19	11	6	0	1				
	Carried forward	£ 516,829	9	2	494,037	11	8	21,608	19	4	1,182	18	7	

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.			Balance.					
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	Brought forward ...	516,829	9	2	494,037	11	3	21,608	19	4	1,182	18	7
	In aid of the erection of Buildings for Educational Institutions, on same condition :—												
112	Milton School of Arts ...	100	0	0	21	14	8	78	5	4			
113	Musclebrook School of Arts ...	150	0	0				150	0	0			
114	Saint Mary's School of Arts ...	100	0	0				100	0	0			
115	Tamworth School of Arts ...	100	0	0				100	0	0			
116	Tenterfield School of Arts ...	100	0	0	29	18	8	70	1	4			
117	Ulladulla School of Arts ...	35	0	0	33	3	11	1	16	1			
	Orange Mechanics' Institute ...	300	0	0	200	0	0	100	0	0			
	Industrial Schools :—												
118	Nautical School Ship "Vernon" ...	3,563	0	0	3,447	19	2	115	0	10			
119	Biloela Industrial School for Girls, Parramatta River ...	2,679	0	0	2,616	12	0	62	8	0			
120	Biloela Reformatory for Girls, Parramatta River ...	382	0	0	255	9	8	126	10	4			
121	Inspector of Public Charities ...	575	0	0	489	15	8	85	4	4			
122	Protestant Orphan School ...	3,197	0	0	2,832	14	0	363	0	0	1	6	0
123	Roman Catholic Orphan School ...	3,966	0	0	3,359	10	8	605	9	4	1	0	0
124	Asylums for Infirm and Destitute ...	12,954	0	0	12,752	1	8	201	18	4			
125	For support of Paupers in Colonial Hospitals ...	5,000	0	0	4,996	12	6	3	7	6			
126	Salaries of Lady Superintendent and five Nursing Sisters ...	482	0	0							482	0	0
127	In aid of the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions ...	4,000	0	0	1,965	8	6	2,034	11	6			
128	For the support of Women and Children in the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney ...	4,208	0	0	3,092	10	0	1,115	10	0			
129	In aid of the Funds of the Benevolent Society, Sydney, on condition of an equal amount being raised by voluntary contributions ...	500	0	0	500	0	0						
130	In aid of the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick, on condition of £2,000 being raised by private contributions ...	4,000	0	0	4,000	0	0						
131	For the support of Infants removed from the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney, to the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick ...	5,000	0	0	4,183	8	0	816	12	0			
132	In aid of the Deaf and Dumb Institution, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions ...	450	0	0	450	0	0						
133	Temperance Alliance, in consideration of aid given to destitute persons, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions ...	200	0	0	200	0	0						
	In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, on condition that an equal amount be raised by private contributions, and also of the Government, through Police Magistrates or other approved officers, having the right of admission of patients, viz. :—												
134	Albury Hospital and Benevolent Society ...	500	0	0	500	0	0						
135	Bega Hospital and Benevolent Society ...	50	0	0				50	0	0			
136	Gundagai Benevolent Society ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
137	Maitland (West) Benevolent Society ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
138	Narrabri Benevolent Asylum and Hospital ...	100	0	0	98	19	9	1	0	3			
139	Parramatta Benevolent Society ...	175	0	0	56	5	1	118	14	11			
140	Singleton and Patrick's Plains Benevolent Society ...	250	0	0	250	0	0						
141	Tamworth Benevolent Society ...	75	0	0	75	0	0						
	In aid of the undermentioned Hospitals, on same conditions, viz. :—												
142	Adelong ...	75	0	0				75	0	0			
143	Araluen ...	100	0	0	90	1	10	9	18	2			
144	Armidale and New England ...	150	0	0	150	0	0						
	Carried forward ...	£ 570,545	9	2	540,884	17	0	27,993	7	7	1,667	4	7

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.			Balance.					
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.		
	Brought forward ...	570,545	9	2	540,884	17	0	27,993	7	7	1,667	4	7
	In aid of Hospitals— <i>continued.</i>												
145	Bathurst ...	350	0	0	350	0	0						
146	Braidwood ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
147	Bourke ...	413	0	0	413	0	0						
148	Carcoar ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
149	Cooma ...	300	0	0	116	1	11	183	18	1			
150	Deniliquin ...	400	0	0	400	0	0						
151	Dubbo ...	125	0	0	125	0	0						
152	Forbes ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
153	Goulburn ...	300	0	0	300	0	0						
154	Grafton ...	150	0	0	150	0	0						
155	Grenfell ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
156	Gulgong ...	500	0	0	500	0	0						
157	Gundagai ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
158	Hay ...	250	0	0	250	0	0						
159	Hill End ...	150	0	0	150	0	0						
160	Kiandra ...	100	0	0				100	0	0			
161	Maitland ...	300	0	0	300	0	0						
162	Menindie ...	250	0	0				250	0	0			
163	Mudgee ...	150	0	0	150	0	0						
164	Murrurundi ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
165	Muswellbrook ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
166	Newcastle ...	333	0	0	268	11	9	64	8	3			
167	Orange ...	125	0	0	118	3	2	6	16	10			
168	Parramatta ...	250	0	0	158	6	1	91	13	11			
169	Port Macquarie ...	100	0	0				100	0	0			
170	Port Stephens ...	100	0	0	28	2	6	71	17	6			
171	Queanbeyan ...	100	0	0	71	6	9	28	13	3			
172	Sofala ...	100	0	0	99	1	8	0	18	4			
173	Tenterfield ...	100	0	0	51	14	6	48	5	6			
174	Wagga Wagga ...	300	0	0	300	0	0						
175	Wellington ...	50	0	0	50	0	0						
176	Windsor ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
177	Wollongong ...	100	0	0	81	8	11	18	11	1			
178	Yass ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
179	Young ...	200	0	0	194	17	8	5	2	4			
180	In aid of outfit for Maitland Hospital ...	300	0	0	300	0	0						
181	In aid of erection of Hospital at Scone ...	200	0	0	200	0	0						
182	In aid of the Scone Hospital, on condition of £1 for every £2 being raised by private contributions ...	100	0	0	100	0	0						
183	In aid of the erection of Gulgong Hospital, on same condition ...	363	0	0	136	9	3				226	10	9
184	In aid of the erection of Hill End Hospital, on same condition ...	450	0	0	450	0	0						
185	In aid of the erection of Hospital at Gulgong, on condition that £400 is raised by private contributions ...	200	0	0							200	0	0
	In aid of Orange Hospital, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contribution, further sums ...	200	0	0	200	0	0						
	Miscellaneous Services:—												
186	Municipal Council, Sydney, in aid of City Funds ...	10,000	0	0	10,000	0	0						
187	Almanacs for Country Benches of Magistrates ...	47	0	0	39	7	11	7	12	1			
188	For defraying Expenses of the Returning Officers of the several Electoral Districts ...	6,000	0	0	6,000	0	0						
189	Expense of copying and printing the Electoral Lists ...	600	0	0	494	4	7	105	15	5			
190	Expenses of compiling and printing Electoral Lists and Electoral Rolls ...	1,000	0	0	560	0	0	440	0	0			
191	Newspapers and Almanacs ...	30	0	0	25	15	10	4	4	2			
192	Burial of destitute persons, in cases where Inquests are not held ...	300	0	0	219	2	0	50	18	0	30	0	0
	Carried forward...	£ 596,831	9	2	565,135	11	6	29,572	2	4	2,123	15	4

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.		Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.		Balance.							
						Written off.		Retained.					
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.			
	Brought forward	596,831	9	2	565,135	11	6	29,572	2	4	2,123	15	4
	Miscellaneous Services— <i>continued.</i>												
193	Maintenance of deserted children, paupers taken charge of for protection, expenses of transmission, &c.	200	0	0	105	7	10	64	12	2	30	0	0
	Fees for examining Lunatics	200	0	0	198	19	6	1	0	6			
194	Rewards for apprehension of offenders	500	0	0	400	0	0	90	0	0	10	0	0
195	Rent of furnished House for the Commodore commanding the Naval Squadron on this Station	500	0	0	500	0	0						
197	Towards the publication of the Sixth Volume of Bentham's Work on the Flora of Australia	50	0	0							50	0	0
198	Further sum to cover the expense incurred for exhibits at the London Exhibition of 1871	250	0	0	250	0	0						
199	Moiety of the expenses of Special Audit, Borough of Newcastle	374	0	0	373	16	0	0	4	0			
200	Gratuity and compensation for loss of office to James Green, late Gaoler at Bathurst	150	0	0	150	0	0						
201	Expenses of the Expedition for the recovery of missing persons wrecked in the "Maria," whilst on a voyage to New Guinea	936	15	6	936	15	6						
202	To cover the expenses of fencing to protect trees which it is intended to plant round the margin of the waters of Cockatoo Island	50	0	0	50	0	0						
	Attorney-General's Department	6,093	0	0	6,028	12	11	64	7	1			
203	Supreme and Circuit Courts	13,692	10	2	11,163	19	6	2,478	10	8	50	0	0
204	Sheriff	7,995	10	6	7,787	16	5	207	14	1			
205	Insolvent Court	1,283	0	0	1,282	19	11	0	0	1			
206	District Courts	9,401	0	0	8,584	6	10	786	13	2	30	0	0
207	Quarter Sessions	12,626	0	0	11,918	10	11	707	9	1			
208	Coroners' Inquests	2,599	0	0	2,565	15	5				33	4	7
209	Miscellaneous Services:—												
210	Mrs. Mary Fogg—Money taken under confiscation of her husband's property, but forming part of her separate estate, according to Report of a Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly	1,445	0	0	1,445	0	0						
	Balance of Law Expenses due to Messrs. Oliverson, Peachy, Denby, and Peachy, solicitors, London, in cases of appeal to the Privy Council, viz:—												
211	The Queen v. Murphy	157	5	0									
212	The Queen v. Macpherson	316	15	2									
		474	0	2									
	Less unexpended balance of remittance in the case Campbell v. the Queen	162	4	9									
		311	15	5	311	15	5						
	Pental Island question—Advance on account of Costs in Appeal to Privy Council	300	0	0	300	0	0						
	Advance on Appeal to Privy Council in the case of the Oriental Bank Corporation against the Government	200	0	0	200	0	0						
	Council's Fees in <i>re</i> Watson <i>ats</i> Colwell	19	13	0	19	13	0						
	Council's Fees in two suits with reference to merchandise (Customs cases)	30	0	0	28	15	9	1	4	3			
	Carried forward	£ 656,098	13	9	619,737	16	5	33,973	17	5	2,326	19	11

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.			Balance.						
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Written off.			Retained.			
	Brought forward	656,038	13	9	619,737	16	5	33,973	17	5	2,326	19	11	
213	Treasury	9,426	0	0	9,242	1	5	183	18	7				
214	Stamp Duties	1,834	0	0	1,729	18	1	104	1	11				
215	Customs	30,211	0	0	28,732	19	9	1,478	0	3				
216	Colonial Distilleries and Refineries	2,773	0	0	2,698	18	11	74	1	1				
217	Gold Receivers...	275	0	0	260	8	0	14	12	0				
218	Gold and Escort	5,569	5	0	5,205	7	4	363	17	8				
219	Printing, Bookbinding, Stamps, and Railway Tickets	21,217	0	0	20,565	17	3	651	2	9				
220	Stores and Stationery	52,004	11	6	51,838	9	3	81	1	10	85	0	5	
221	Colonial Military Store and Gunpowder Magazines	2,726	0	0	2,725	11	7	0	8	5				
222	Health and Emigration Officers	786	0	0	764	10	0	21	10	0				
223	Quarantine	1,094	18	5	1,094	18	0				0	0	5	
224	Shipping Masters	1,505	0	0	1,461	13	3	43	6	9				
225	Glebe Island Abattoir...	996	0	0	993	18	0	2	2	0				
226	Superintendent of Pilots, Light-houses, and Harbours, for three months, at £601	150	0	0										
227	Marine Board	2,848	17	11	2,921	9	2	77	8	9				
228	Steam Navigation and Pilot Boards	249	0	0	249	0	0							
229	Harbour Masters	1,692	0	0	1,692	0	0							
230	Colonial Light-houses	3,159	0	0	3,014	7	4	144	12	8				
231	Sea and River Pilots	7,560	0	0	7,142	3	6	417	16	6				
232	Boatmen	7,504	0	0	7,103	19	7	400	0	5				
233	Telegraph Stations	657	0	0	656	14	5	0	5	7				
234	Australian Coast Light-houses	1,000	0	0	1,000	0	0							
235	Contingencies	1,054	0	0	1,045	12	4	8	7	8				
236	Life-boats	400	0	0	288	0	0	112	0	0				
237	Postage of Public Departments.	6,500	0	0	6,494	5	6				5	14	6	
238	Advertising for the Public Service	4,000	0	0	2,983	4	1	1,000	0	0	16	15	11	
239	For the transmission of Telegraphic Messages	6,500	0	0	6,497	19	0	2	1	0				
240	Duty Stamps for the Public Service	800	0	0	758	16	0	41	4	0				
241	One-half per cent. Commission on Payments in England by the Government Financial Agents on (say) £700,000	3,500	0	0	3,120	17	0	379	3	0				
242	Exchange on Remittances within and beyond the Colony	7,500	0	0	7,231	10	4	268	9	8				
243	To provide for a Queen's Plate to be run for annually on Randwick Racecourse, under the auspices of the Australian Jockey Club ( <i>Resolution of Assembly</i> )	200	0	0	200	0	0							
244	To meet the Expense of carrying on the Inner Waters and Coast Surveys	1,500	0	0	1,499	9	1	0	10	11				
245	To meet the expenses of Lithographing plans in connection with such Surveys	190	0	0	190	0	0							
246	Allowance for Postage and Stationery to Clerks of Petty Sessions, Land Agents, and Registrars of District Courts	1,900	0	0	1,458	8	4	421	11	8	20	0	0	
247	Provisions to be left on Booby Island for the relief of shipwrecked persons	30	0	0				30	0	0				
248	Provisions to be left at Somerset for the relief of shipwrecked persons	30	0	0				30	0	0				
249	Gratuity to the Widow of the late Pilot Jenkins, being at the average rate of one month's pay for every year of his service	466	0	0	466	0	0							
250	Balance due to the Imperial Government for the purchase of Warlike Stores	90	0	0	89	12	6	0	7	6				
251	For the purchase of Ball Cartridges for Henry Rifles, and for ten Hydrosopes, &c.	1,048	0	0	535	5	10				512	14	2	
252	For purchase of Shrapnell Shells and Shot for the Breech-loading 40-pr. Armstrong Guns	1,400	0	0	1,400	0	0							
253	To meet unforeseen Expenses, to be hereafter accounted for	3,000	0	0	2,267	11	0	700	0	0	32	9	0	
	Carried forward	£ 851,384	6	7	807,358	12	3	41,026	0	0	2,999	14	4	



## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.		Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.		Balance.			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
	Brought forward	851,384	6 7	807,358	12 3	41,026	0 0	2,999	14 4
255	New Silver Coin For the relief and conveyance from Foreign Ports, of distressed Seamen belonging to the Colony	10,300	0 0	1,237	12 3	9,062	7 9		
256	Department of Lands	10,710	0 0	10,702	8 0		7 12 0		
257	Survey of Lands	92,772	0 0	81,166	16 5	11,605	3 7		
258	Rent of Offices	380	0 0	380	0 0				
259	Commission to Land Agents and others	4,300	0 0	4,300	0 0				
260	Occupation of Lands	9,568	0 0	9,120	13 1	447	6 11		
261	Gold Fields	4,600	0 0	3,900	12 4	656	17 8	42	10 0
262	Prevention of Scab in Sheep	9,768	0 0	9,440	2 7	322	17 5	5	0 0
263	Inspection of Cattle	302	0 0	274	0 0	28	0 0		
264	Imported Stock	500	0 0	424	3 0	74	6 0	1	11 0
265	Coal Fields	1,350	0 0	1,183	16 3	166	3 9		
266	Botanic Gardens	3,815	0 0	3,772	6 2	1	15 6	40	18 4
267	Government Domains and Hyde Park	2,811	0 0	2,810	15 5	0	4 7		
268	Alignment Posts for Towns	300	0 0	123	3 0	176	17 0		
269	To meet Expenses of fencing Public Roads where proclaimed through enclosed lands	4,000	0 0	1,401	8 0	2,398	12 0	200	0 0
270	For the erection of Public Pounds	200	0 0	70	0 0	130	0 0		
271	For preservation of the Caves at Fish River	50	0 0	50	0 0				
272	For preservation of the Wombeian Caves	32	0 0	32	0 0				
273	For fencing Public Cemeteries	1,000	0 0	216	5 0	783	15 0		
274	Parramatta Park	100	0 0	100	0 0				
275	Fees to Commissioners of the Court of Claims, for hearing and reporting on Claims to Grants of Land in terms of the Act 5 Wm. IV No. 21	125	0 0	25	0 0	100	0 0		
276	Appraised Compensation to John T. Saunders, for loss of auction selection made to him at Musclebrook, on 18th November, 1868; also, for loss of improvements erected thereon	25	0 0	24	13 8	0	6 4		
277	Half cost of Widening Enmore Road, on condition of the remaining half, viz., £300, being paid by the Borough Councils of Newtown and Marrickville	300	0 0	300	0 0				
278	Compensation to Mr. Tait for loss of land taken for widening the road from Randwick to Coogee	115	0 0	115	0 0				
279	Compensation to John Bain in respect of severance of his land by Main Southern Road	17	0 0	17	0 0				
280	Compensation to Peter Starkie for land conditionally purchased by him, subsequently sold by auction to R. M'G. M'Laurin	50	0 0	50	0 0				
281	Refund of fees to the Trustees of the Necropolis, Haslem's Creek, paid into the Treasury by the Secretary of the Necropolis in error	549	0 0	548	1 8	0	18 4		
282	To meet costs of legal expenses incurred in cases of ejection of legal occupants from Crown Lands, sold or about to be sold	150	0 0	98	11 7			51	8 5
283	Compensation to Mr. Hannan for land sold to him, which was the property of Mr. Barber	632	0 0	632	0 0				
	Carried forward	£1,010,255	6 7	939,902	17 2	67,011	7 4	3,341	2 1

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.		Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.		Balance.			
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Written off.		Retained.	
	Brought forward	1010	255 6 7	939	902 17 2	67	011 7 4	3	341 2 1
284	Half cost of Survey of the Boundary-line between New South Wales and South Australia	1,526	0 0	1,103	3 9	422	16 3		
	Half cost of Survey of the Boundary-line between New South Wales and Victoria, further sum	525	18 11	525	18 11				
285	Refund to Messrs. Wentworth and Richardson, of rent and assessment paid in error on certain Runs, the tenures of which have been cancelled	842	0 0	841	16 5	0	3 7		
286	Refund to Trustees of Hawkesbury Benevolent Society—rent paid on Mooki West run for the years 1870 and 1871	100	0 0	100	0 0				
287	Compensation to Messrs. Buckland and Northwood, for their frontage to Woolloomooloo Bay, resumed by the Crown in the reclamation of the mud flats in that Bay (including taxed costs)	5,448	0 0	5,447	2 4	0	17 8		
288	Compensation to M. J. Peden, for loss of four acres of land, taken for Railway purposes	150	0 0	150	0 0				
289	Road from the Bogan to the Lachlan, water tanks, &c.	1,000	0 0			1,000	0 0		
290	Compensation to J. G. Renateau for the cancellation of his purchase of certain land at Tambaroora	90	0 0	89	19 4	0	0 8		
291	Amount of appraisal of Runs due to A. M. Fletcher for the year 1868, £125s., and 1870; £4 15s.	17	0 0						17 0 0
292	Thomas Slater—Claim for compensation for costs incurred by him on the cancellation of two selections at Gundagai, on 26th June last	15	0 0	15	0 0				
293	Reward to John Thomas Saunders and Joseph Deitz, for the discovery of Gulgong Gold Fields	300	0 0	300	0 0				
294	Clerk in the office of the Land Agent, Albury	100	0 0	26	15 7	73	4 5		
295	Expenses of the Board (including Secretary's fees) appointed to revise the Gold Fields Regulations	285	0 0	280	0 0	5	0 0		
296	To meet Services for Appraisal for 1871	325	0 0	188	19 0	136	1 0		
297	Additional Clerical Assistance in connection with Mineral Leases and for the service of the Department generally	300	0 0	300	0 0				
298	Department of Public Works	4,020	0 0	4,001	13 7	18	6 5		
	Railways:—								
299	General Establishment	3,325	13 4	2,878	17 0	446	16 4		
300	Works in Progress	8,105	0 0	7,232	13 5	872	6 7		
301	Existing Lines—Working Expenses	199,934	17 11	199,725	13 1				209 4 10
302	Miscellaneous	2,100	0 0	103	11 10	1,996	8 2		
	Harbours and River Navigation:—								
303	Engineer's Department	2,876	0 0	2,861	8 6	9	12 6		4 19 0
304	Fitz Roy Dock	1,117	0 0	1,111	3 4	5	16 8		
305	Steam Dredge "Hunter"	3,745	0 0	3,695	10 9				49 9 3
306	Steam Dredge "Hercules"	7,317	2 6	4,063	6 8	3,000	0 0		253 15 10
307	Steam Dredge "Pluto"	2,471	16 6	2,448	9 9				23 6 9
308	Steam Dredge "Vulcan"	6,518	5 9	4,025	3 0	2,493	2 9		
309	Steam Dredge "Samson"	5,130	5 4	5,083	6 3				46 19 1
310	Steam Dredge "Fitz Roy"	5,576	10 9	2,686	4 0	2,500	0 0		390 6 9
311	Small Dredges for Coast Lakes and Lagoons	1,850	0 0	1,671	8 4				178 11 8
312	To defray Expenses during the occasional employment of the "Thetis" on special services unconnected with dredging	500	0 0	479	0 0	21	0 0		
	Carried forward	£127	5866 17 7	119	1339 2 0	80	013 0 4	4	514 15 3

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.			Balance.					
								Written off.			Retained.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	Brought forward	1275	866	17 7	1191	339	2 0	80,013	0	4	4,514	15	3
313	Public Works	11,533	0	0	8,077	7	3	256	13	2	3,198	19	7
314	Colonial Architect	5,876	0	0	5,512	1	4	363	18	8			
315	Public Works and Buildings:— For ordinary repairs, alterations, and additions to Public Buildings generally	14,000	0	0	13,976	9	11				23	10	1
316	For providing Furniture and Fittings for Public Offices generally	3,000	0	0	2,958	0	4				41	19	8
317	For repairs to Military and Volunteer Buildings	1,500	0	0	1,111	7	0	337	19	3	50	13	9
318	For lighting Lamps, sweeping Chimneys, &c., Victoria Barracks	200	0	0	115	1	9	84	18	3			
319	For lighting Government Lamps in Streets of Sydney and Domain	700	0	0	640	0	0	60	0	0			
320	To provide Building and other Materials for completion or repair of Gaols and other Public Buildings by the labour of prisoners in Gaol	6,500	0	0	3,083	0	2	3,400	0	0	16	19	10
321	Additions, Sydney Gaol	2,000	0	0	1,504	19	0	495	1	0			
322	Police Buildings	3,000	0	0	2,009	7	2				990	12	10
323	Gaols, Court Houses, and Lock-ups	12,000	0	0	6,825	0	6				5,174	19	6
324	Supply of Coffins for Paupers	150	0	0	63	11	1	86	8	11			
325	Furniture for and repair of Telegraph Stations	1,000	0	0	464	17	6	384	12	4	150	10	2
326	Additions, Alterations, and Repairs, Protestant Orphan School, Parramatta	500	0	0	14	19	7	485	0	5			
327	Additions and Materials to the New Gaol at Maitland	1,000	0	0	274	17	5	725	2	7			
328	Repairs to Workshops and Officers' Quarters, Cockatoo Island	50	0	0	16	4	0	33	16	0			
329	Repairs to Roman Catholic Orphan School	500	0	0	321	3	2	178	16	10			
330	Preparing Ground and Planting at Public Buildings	150	0	0	118	10	0	31	10	0			
331	Additions and Alterations to Benevolent Asylum, Liverpool	5,000	0	0	1,876	4	8				3,123	15	4
332	Additions and Alterations to Benevolent Asylum, Parramatta	2,000	0	0	26	6	0	1,973	14	0			
333	Additions to Hospital for Insane, Gladesville	5,000	0	0	1,948	11	8	3,051	8	4			
334	Additions to Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta	6,000	0	0	276	17	4	5,723	2	8			
335	Erection of Quarters for Custom House Officer at Ballina	500	0	0				500	0	0			
336	For Furniture, Internal Fittings, and other Works at New General Post Office	6,000	0	0				6,000	0	0			
337	Erection of a Court House at Hill End	900	0	0				900	0	0			
338	Erection of a Court House and Telegraph Station at Ten-mile Creek	500	0	0				500	0	0			
339	Alterations and Repairs to Parliamentary Buildings	4,535	0	0	4,512	4	2				22	15	10
340	Erection of a Portico at Government House	1,845	0	0	1,500	0	0				345	0	0
341	Additions to the Gaol at Mudgee	1,000	0	0	700	0	0				300	0	0
342	Erection of Police Buildings at Albury	1,000	0	0				1,000	0	0			
343	Erection of Police Buildings at Orange	750	0	0				750	0	0			
344	Erection of Police Buildings at Grafton	750	0	0				750	0	0			
345	Erection of Police Buildings at Hay	750	0	0				750	0	0			
346	Erection of a Telegraph and Post Office at Hill End	2,200	0	0	676	6	8				1,523	13	4
	Earth Closets for the Hospital for Insane, Gladesville	21	4	9	21	4	9						
	Entrance, Botanic Gardens, further sum	57	14	0							57	14	0
	Roads and Bridges:—												
347	General Establishment	2,551	0	0	2,548	16	4	2	3	8			
348	Superintendence	5,511	0	0	5,511	0	0						
	Carried forward	£1386	896	16 4	1258	023	10 9	108,837	6	5	19,535	19	2

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.	Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.	Balance.	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward ...	1386396 16 4	1258023 10 9	108,837 6 5	19535 19 2
	Construction and Maintenance :—				
349	Main Northern Road ...	13,497 0 0	9,965 3 9	3,531 16 3	.....
350	Main Southern Road ...	19,025 0 0	13,731 16 9	5,293 3 3	.....
351	Main Western Road ...	13,097 0 0	12,644 9 1	452 10 11	.....
	Other Roads and Bridges :—				
352	Main Road, Grafton to Glen Innes, 100 miles, at £50 ...	5,000 0 0	3,027 10 0	1,972 10 0	.....
353	Road, Armidale to Grafton ...	1,000 0 0	.....	1,000 0 0	.....
354	Road, Merriwa to Scone ...	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
355	Main Road, Wallerawang to Mudgee, 75 miles, at £50 ...	3,750 0 0	3,750 0 0	.....	.....
356	Main Road, Goulburn to Queanbeyan, <i>via</i> Tarago and Bungendore, 60 miles, at £50 per mile ...	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	.....	.....
	Do. Tolls ...	926 0 0	517 12 9	408 7 3	.....
357	Main Road, Tarago to Braidwood, 36 miles, at £50 per mile ...	1,800 0 0	1,540 5 9	259 14 3	.....
358	Do. Tolls ...	30 0 0	.....	30 0 0	.....
359	Main Road, Bathurst to Cowra, 62 miles, at £50 per mile ...	3,100 0 0	3,100 0 0	.....	.....
360	Do. Tolls ...	1,100 0 0	249 15 5	850 4 7	.....
361	Road, Tambaroora to Hill End ...	6,000 0 0	5,509 10 0	490 10 0	.....
362	Towards completing the Metalling of the Road from Campbelltown to Narellan ...	500 0 0	162 1 7	337 18 5	.....
363	Minor Roads, as per Schedule ...	44,321 0 0	28,152 19 1	16,168 0 11	.....
364	Bridges on Road from Dubbo to Warren ...	1,750 0 0	4 6 8	1,745 13 4	.....
	Other Roads and Bridges :—				
365	Contingent Works on Minor Roads not in Schedule, on Punts and Approaches, and on Approaches to Railway Stations, &c. ...	4,000 0 0	3,998 6 7	1 13 5	.....
366	Repair of and painting Bridges ...	3,000 0 0	2,648 6 3	351 13 9	.....
367	Constructing and repairing Toll-bars ...	1,000 0 0	730 18 5	269 1 7	.....
368	Estimated amount of Tolls to be collected at Grafton Punt, to be expended in maintenance and repair of same and Approaches ...	900 0 0	899 16 2	0 3 10	.....
369	Bridge at Goonoo Goonoo ...	200 0 0	.....	200 0 0	.....
370	Bridge at Wallabadah ...	800 0 0	4 6 8	795 13 4	.....
371	Bridge at Haslem's Creek, near Parramatta ...	700 0 0	0 17 6	699 2 6	.....
372	Bridge at Winburndale Creek Road, Bathurst to Peel ...	500 0 0	.....	500 0 0	.....
373	Bridge at Talbragar River, Cobborah ...	500 0 0	3 0 0	497 0 0	.....
374	Bridge at Back Creek, Cowra to Forbes ...	300 0 0	.....	300 0 0	.....
375	Bridge at Kangaroo Creek, between Cowra and Forbes ...	350 0 0	.....	350 0 0	.....
376	Bridge at Billabong Creek, at Walbundry ...	650 0 0	.....	650 0 0	.....
377	Bridge at Inveralochy ...	1,200 0 0	4 6 8	1,195 13 4	.....
378	Bridge at Urana ...	800 0 0	86 10 0	713 10 0	.....
379	Bridge at Ten-mile Creek and Wagga ...	650 0 0	.....	650 0 0	.....
380	Bridge at Canonbar ...	1,000 0 0	4 6 8	995 13 4	.....
381	Bridge over the Bogan ...	800 0 0	4 6 8	795 13 4	.....
382	Tighe's Bridge near Newcastle ...	400 0 0	1 17 6	398 2 6	.....
383	Bridge over Cockfighter's Creek ...	500 0 0	489 11 9	10 8 3	.....
	Carried forward ...	£ 1523042 16 4	1352755 12 5	150,751 4 9	19535 19 2

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.			Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.			Balance.					
								Written off.			Retained.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	Brought forward	1523042	16	4	1352755	12	5	150,751	4	9	19535	19	2
384	Additional Approaches to Wellington Bridge	336	0	0	335	8	2	0	11	10			
385	Bridge over Alumny Creek, near Grafton	600	0	0	118	15	0	481	5	0			
386	Punt at Paterson River	300	0	0	103	3	4	196	16	8			
387	Punt at Breewarrina	400	0	0	20	5	0	379	15	0			
388	Repairs to the Punt at Tinonee	60	0	0				60	0	0			
389	Repayment of Fines on Contracts, 1869 and 1870, remitted in consequence of heavy Floods	1,022	5	7	999	13	6				22	12	1
390	Rent of the Toll-bar on the Mudbank and Bunnerong Road, from 19th December, 1871, to 18th December, 1872, to be refunded to the Trustees, to enable them to keep the Road in repair	370	0	0	370	0	0						
	Unexpended balance of Road Votes in 1871 required to be re-voted under the Audit Act	5,819	10	7	2,484	2	9				3,335	7	10
	Approaches to Balranald Punt	1,000	0	0							1,000	0	0
	Tank and Wells on Road Lachlan to Darling	1,000	0	0	11	0	0				989	0	0
	Rent of the Windsor Ferry, from 14th December, 1871, to 13th December, 1872, to be refunded in equal proportions to the Windsor, Wilberforce, and Freeman's Reach Road Trusts, to enable them to keep the approaches and roads leading to the Ferry in order	230	0	0	230	0	0						
	Roads under Trustees :—												
391	Clerk	300	0	0	163	3	4	136	16	8			
392	Roads under Trustees, as per Schedule Minor Roads	34,728	0	0	33,813	5	3	914	14	9			
393	Completion of the Minamurra Bridge and approaches	410	0	0	410	0	0						
394	Unclassified Roads	6,000	0	0	5,692	17	7				307	2	5
395	Costs of obtaining Reports and other Contingent Expenses	400	0	0	400	0	0						
	Miscellaneous :—												
396	Attending to the lighting and extinguishing of the Gas, &c., in the Parliamentary Buildings	70	0	0	70	0	0						
	Lighting lamps on Newcastle Wharf	120	0	0	120	0	0						
	To amount standing to Debit of Telegraph Department in Railway Books	171	5	2	171	5	2						
	Legal Expenses in cases of ejection from Crown Lands	51	8	5	51	8	5						
397	Post Office (including conveyance of Mails)	110,001	4	11	106,685	0	9	3,134	16	6	181	7	8
398	Money Order Department	3,647	0	0	3,293	1	7	353	18	5			
399	Electric Telegraphs	37,887	0	0	33,579	17	7	4,307	2	5			
	Carried forward	£1727966	11	0	1541877	19	10	160,717	2	0	25,371	9	2

## STATEMENT—continued.

No. of Item in Appropriation Act.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	Amount appropriated.	Amount expended to 30th September, 1873.	Balance.	
				Written off.	Retained.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward ...	1727966 11 0	1541877 19 10	160,717 2 0	25,371 9 2
	<b>Special Appropriations.</b>				
	Interest on Debentures ...	520,309 1 4	520,309 1 4	.....	.....
	Interest on Treasury Bills ...	17,160 0 0	16,945 0 0	215 0 0	.....
	Drawbacks and Refund of Duties ...	38,247 15 11	38,247 15 11	.....	.....
	Revenue and Receipts returned ...	23,697 11 4	23,697 11 4	.....	.....
	Charges on Collections ...	3,145 15 0	3,145 15 0	.....	.....
	Endowment of the University of Sydney ...	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	.....	.....
	Endowment of the Australian Museum ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
	Endowment of the Sydney Grammar School ...	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0	.....	.....
	Endowment of the Affiliated Colleges ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
	Endowments, under the Municipalities Act...	20,000 0 0	19,724 16 11	275 3 1	.....
	Preliminary Expenses of Municipal Institutions...	480 13 1	480 13 1	.....	.....
	Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
	Judges under the District Courts Act ...	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0	.....	.....
	Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint ...	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	.....	.....
	Compensation to the Members of the Infantry Force for loss of service: 36 Victoria No. 5	4,198 10 0	3,669 15 6	528 14 6	.....
	Expenses under the Scab in Sheep Act of 1866	108 6 5	108 6 5	.....	.....
	Expenses under the Cattle Disease Prevention Act ...	1,454 15 11	1,454 15 11	.....	.....
	Expenses under the Registration of Brands Act ...	162 1 6	162 1 6	.....	.....
	Sixth and Last Instalment of Short-dated Debentures issued under the Act 29 Victoria No. 4, due 31st December, 1872	46,700 0 0	46,100 0 0	.....	600 0 0
	First Instalment of Loan raised under 31 Victoria No. 11, due 31st December, 1872	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	.....	.....
		2454131 1 6*	2266423 12 9	161,735 19 7	25,971 9 2
	Advance to Treasurer, to enable him to make Advances to Public Officers, and on account of other Governments, and to pay Expenses of an unforeseen nature, which will afterwards be submitted for Parliamentary Appropriation. The whole amount to be adjusted not later than the 31st December, 1873 ...	30,000 0 0	Not yet	adjusted in full.	
	<b>TOTAL</b> ...	£2,484,131 1 6			

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
7th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

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LOANS' ACCOUNT.

ACCOUNT CURRENT

SHOWING THE POSITION OF THE

OLD LOANS' ACCOUNT

ON

30<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER, 1873.

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## ACCOUNT CURRENT SHOWING THE POSITION OF THE

Dr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.		
		£	s.	d.
1	To AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES on this Account outstanding on the 30th September, 1873, being Appropriations under the following Acts of Parliament for Public Works and other Services, authorized to be provided for by Loans, remaining unexpended on that date, as per Statement of details attached, marked ... .. C			
	Public Works—19 Victoria, No. 38	45,476	14	7
	Public Works—19 „ No. 40	1,103	9	5
	Public Works—20 „ No. 34	72	10	8
	To pay off Debentures—23 Victoria, No. 5	370	0	0
	Public Works—23 Victoria, No. 10	8,029	10	1
	Public Works—24 „ No. 24	500	0	0
	Public Works—25 „ No. 19	41,232	9	2
	Public Works—26 „ No. 14	44,480	0	11
	Public Works—27 „ No. 14	39,143	4	8
	Public Works, &c.—29 Victoria, No. 9	50,335	2	2
	Public Works—29 Victoria, No. 23	9,713	18	8
	Public Works—30 „ No. 23	8,450	16	5
	Public Works—31 „ No. 11	663	9	11
	Public Works—31 „ No. 27	10,793	14	3
	Public Works—32 „ No. 13	20,988	19	0
	Public Works—34 „ No. 2...	54,163	18	7
	TOTAL	£ 335,517	18	6

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



## Account.

OLD LOANS' ACCOUNT, ON 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.		
		£	s.	d.
1	BY CASH BALANCE at the credit of the Old Loans' Account, on 30th September, 1873	335,023	4	2
2	„ ADVANCES to the Commissioner for Railways, not charged to Appropriations, remaining unadjusted on 30th September, 1873	494	14	4
	TOTAL	£ 335,517	18	6

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



## C.

## OLD LOANS' ACCOUNT.

STATEMENT of APPROPRIATIONS AND BALANCES OF APPROPRIATIONS for Services authorized to be provided for by Loans, outstanding on 30th September, 1873.

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
19 VICTORIA, No. 38.		
St. Paul's College ... ..	5,205 0 0	
St. Andrew's College ... ..	20,000 0 0	
St. John's College ... ..	271 14 7	
Wesleyan College ... ..	20,000 0 0	
		45,476 14 7
19 VICTORIA, No. 40.		
Improving the Navigation of the River Hunter, &c. ..	0 15 7	
Railways—		
Completion of Line from Sydney to Liverpool, &c. ...	0 10 0	
Surveys for Extensions ... ..	1,102 3 10	
		1,103 9 5
20 VICTORIA, No. 34.		
Railway Works .. ..	.....	72 10 8
23 VICTORIA, No. 5.		
To pay off Debentures due in 1860 ... ..	.....	370 0 0
23 VICTORIA, No. 10.		
Railways—		
Darling Harbour Branch ... ..	665 10 7	
Bridge, Bank-street, East Maitland ... ..	2,475 15 1	
Pier, Dowling-street ... ..	744 16 7	
Alphabetical Telegraph Instruments ... ..	137 14 3	
Electric Telegraph, from West Maitland to Boundary of Queensland, <i>via</i> Singleton, Scone, Murrurundi, Tamworth, Bendemeer, and Armidale ..	4,005 13 7	
		8,029 10 1
24 VICTORIA, No. 24.		
Electric Telegraph from Goulburn to Braidwood ..	.....	500 0 0
25 VICTORIA, No. 19.		
Railways—		
Picton to Goulburn ... ..	0 12 0	
Carriage Shed, &c., Northern Line ... ..	2,367 19 11	
Additions to Stations ... ..	1 12 6	
Free Public Library ... ..	15,784 19 6	
District Court, Sydney ... ..	10,000 0 0	
Gaols and Penal Establishments ... ..	7,135 3 6	
Juvenile Reformatories ... ..	5,942 1 9	
		41,232 9 2
26 VICTORIA, No. 14.		
Railways—		
Newcastle to Wallsend Junction ... ..	1,315 11 6	
Telegraph Wire, Campbelltown to Picton ... ..	160 3 4	
Wharf, Newcastle ... ..	1 17 4	
Northern Breakwater, Newcastle ... ..	0 17 6	
Breakwater, Clarence River ... ..	27,338 7 0	
Wharf and Shoots, Morpeth ... ..	5,708 13 0	
Public Works Offices ... ..	9,904 11 3	
		44,480 0 11
Carried forward ... ..	£ .....	141,264 14 10

LOANS' ACCOUNT—*continued.*

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward	.....			141,264	14	10
27 VICTORIA, No. 14.						
Railways—						
Northern Line	2,340	9	3			
Work-shops, Northern Line	49	6	9			
Siding, Haslem's Creek	178	14	6			
Coal Sidings, Newcastle	2,933	6	3			
Gate Houses, Western Line	68	9	7			
Land for Morpeth Extension	6	1	8			
Electric Telegraphs—						
Erection of Stations on Southern, Western, Northern, and Mudgee Lines	1,326	6	11			
Station Houses at Grafton, Wagga Wagga, and Hay	1,250	0	0			
Wharfs and Coal Basin, Newcastle	30,990	9	9			
				39,143	4	8
29 VICTORIA, No. 9.						
Railways—						
Additional Land at Newtown for Sidings	29	2	4			
To meet outstanding Claims for Land on the Penrith, Picton, and Singleton Extensions	4,683	2	7			
Erection of Railway Station at Douglas Park	9	5	9			
Extension of Great Northern Line to Terminus at Morpeth	4	17	1			
Public Works and Buildings—						
Penitentiary	25,000	0	0			
Lunatic Asylum	18,878	2	10			
Immigration—						
For the purpose of assisting Immigration to this Colony	1,730	11	7			
				50,335	2	2
29 VICTORIA, No. 23.						
Railways—						
Extension of Great Northern Line	3,882	19	1			
Enlarging Railway Bridges at East Maitland	1,491	2	10			
Roads, &c.—						
Singleton Bridge	3,339	16	9			
Extension of Riley-street to Palmer-street	1,000	0	0			
				9,713	18	8
30 VICTORIA, No. 23.						
Railways—						
Engine Shed, Windsor and Richmond Line	2,450	16	5			
Road and Railway Bridge over the Murray at Echuca	6,000	0	0			
				8,450	16	5
31 VICTORIA, No. 11.						
Railways—						
Extension to Bathurst	}			663	9	11
Extension to Goulburn	}					
Carried forward	£	.....		249,571	6	8

LOANS' ACCOUNT—*continued.*

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward ... ..				249,571	6	8
31 VICTORIA, No. 27.						
Railways—						
Telegraph from Picton to Goulburn, along the Line of Railway	0	18	0			
Telegraph from Penrith to Bathurst, along the Line of Railway	207	19	2			
Roads and Bridges—						
Iron Bridge over the Lower Murrumbidgee	1	1	3			
Bridge over the Nimboi, between Grafton and New England	2	12	2			
Public Works and Buildings—						
Additions, &c., Abattoirs, Glebe Island	442	8	0			
Electric Telegraphs—						
Tamworth to Fort Bourke	9,261	13	4			
Re-insulating Line, Sydney to Albury	873	11	6			
Stations—Balranald, Moulamein, and Wellington	3	10	10			
				10,793	14	3
32 VICTORIA, No. 13.						
Railways—						
Compensation for Land taken at Honeysuckle Point	147	12	10			
Harbours and River Navigation—						
Improving the Navigation of the rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling	6	1	3			
Reclamation of Land at Blackwattle Bay	7,618	18	1			
Light-house Tower, Wollongong	3	13	6			
Roads and Bridges—						
Bridge over the Urara, on the Road from Grafton to Glen Innes	768	6	7			
Public Works and Buildings—						
Public Offices, Newcastle	5,020	0	0			
Electric Telegraphs—						
Kiama to Jervis Bay	288	10	0			
Additions to Port Stephens Line	450	0	0			
Maitland to Manning River	2,000	0	0			
Bathurst to Carcoar and Cowra	1,251	15	11			
Port Stephens to Nelson's Bay	64	19	0			
Extension to Walcha	1,575	0	0			
Grafton to Clarence River Heads	348	12	5			
Further Extensions under the Guarantee System	1,445	9	5			
				20,988	19	0
34 VICTORIA, No. 2.						
Railways—						
Completion of the Relaying of the Line from Sydney to Parramatta	4,605	3	6			
Completion of New Goods Shed, Sydney, and Roads and Sidings in connection with the same	2,481	10	2			
New Machine Shop, Receiving Shed, Erecting Shops and Store at Newcastle, including Roads	6,663	18	4			
Additional Machinery, do.	1,443	12	10			
New Station, Workshops for Carriage and Wagons' Department, Carriage Shed, Roofing Steam-houses, Furnaces and Machinery, Redfern, including Roads	6,408	19	0			
Excavating Station-yard, Redfern—Additional	5,000	0	0			
Carried forward ... ..	£	26,603	3 10			
Carried forward ... ..	£			281,353	19	11

LOANS' ACCOUNT—*continued.*

SERVICE.	AMOUNT.		TOTAL.	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Brought forward ... ..	.....		281,353	19 11
34 VICTORIA, No. 2— <i>continued.</i>				
Brought forward ... ..	26,603	3 10		
Railways— <i>continued.</i>				
New Passenger Station and Platforms, Newcastle, including Road Approaches ... ..	6,000	0 0		
Further for construction of Rolling Stock ... ..	9	0 4		
Extension to Morpeth ... ..	19	2 4		
Land for Windsor and Richmond Line ... ..	659	6 1		
Public Works and Buildings—				
For completion of Dry Dock and Works attached thereto	1,647	6 2		
Harbours and River Navigation—				
Wharf, Bullock Island ... ..	4,550	15 2		
New Steam Dredge, Newcastle Harbour ... ..	11,739	4 9		
To complete Kiama Harbour Works ... ..	0	9 2		
Coal Staiths, Newcastle ... ..	1	3 1		
Electric Telegraphs—				
To connect Barrenjuey with Sydney ... ..	233	7 8		
Iron Telegraph Posts ... ..	2,011	0 0		
Miscellaneous—				
Amounts awarded for Land taken for New General Post Office ... ..	690	0 0		
			54,163	18 7
TOTAL ... ..			£ 335,517	18 6

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

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**LOAN FUND**

(35 VIC. No. 5).

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**ACCOUNT**

SHOWING THE POSITION OF THE

**LOAN FUND (35 VIC. No. 5)**

ON

**30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.**

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## Loan Fund

## ACCOUNT SHOWING THE POSITION OF THE LOAN

Dr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES on this Account outstanding on 30th September, 1873, being Appropriations for Public Works provided for by the Loan Act of 1871 (35 Vic. No. 5), remaining unexpended on that date, viz. :—						
Railways—						
Construction of Railway Sheds	1	10	7			
Completion of Lines already sanctioned	2,124	12	5			
Rolling Stock manufactured in the Colony	4,428	9	8			
Dredge for Manning, Macleay, and Clarence Rivers	0	17	0			
Southern Breakwater, Newcastle	20	11	5			
Coal Staiths, Newcastle	0	18	5			
Light-house, Wollongong	44	11	6			
Light-house, Ulladulla	0	0	10			
Blasting and removing Rock in front of Newcastle Wharf	142	9	9			
Completion of New General Post Office	91	17	4			
Low-level Bridge over the Hawkesbury at Windsor	2,421	3	0			
Telegraph Line from Eden to Gabo Island	165	2	6			
Telegraph Line from Kiama to Jervis Bay	500	0	0			
Construction of Fortifications and other Works of Defence	154	10	11			
						10,096 15 4
TOTAL	£					10,096 15 4

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



(35 Victoria No. 5).

FUND (35 VIC. No. 5), ON 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

Cr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
BY CASH BALANCE at the credit of this Fund in the Bank of New South Wales, on the 30th September, 1873 .....	.....	10,096 15 4
TOTAL .....	£ .....	10,096 15 4

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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LOAN FUND

(36 VIC. No. 2).

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ACCOUNT

SHOWING THE POSITION OF THE

LOAN FUND (36 VIC. N<sup>o</sup>. 2)

ON

30<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER, 1873.

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## Loan Fund

## ACCOUNT SHOWING THE POSITION OF THE LOAN

Dr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£   s.   d.	£   s.   d.
To AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES on this Account outstanding on 30th September, 1873, being Appropriations for Public Works provided for by the Loan Act of 1872 (36 Vic. No. 2), remaining unexpended on that date, viz. :—		
Railways :—		
For Rolling Stock manufactured in the Colony .....	6,221   9   8	
Station Buildings, West Maitland .....	1,220   6   11	
For the purchase of Railway Stores and Materials which cannot properly be charged to the Appropriations of Parliament until actually issued for use—the Vote to be recouped as issues take place .....	0   2   0	
		7,441   18   7
Harbours and Rivers Navigation :—		
Removing obstructions and improving the navigation of the rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling, further sum .....	0   8   4	
Additional Siding—Purchase of Land required for Approach, &c., Coal Staiths, Newcastle .....	760   8   9	
Dredge, Tug, and Punts, for Clarence River .....	17,848   8   4	
Improving the Navigation of the Edward River, further sum .....	1,832   15   7	
Completion of Dredge, Tug, and Punts, for Newcastle, further sum .....	18,000   0   0	
		38,442   1   0
Public Works and Buildings :—		
Completion of new General Post Office .....		4,750   0   0
Roads and Bridges :—		
Completion of the Bridge over the Hawkesbury at Windsor, and Approaches thereto .....	1,800   0   0	
Bridge at Warri, Shoalhaven .....	4,928   15   2	
Bridge at Casino .....	4,913   13   9	
Approaches and Addition to height of Hay Bridge .....	31   3   4	
Approaches and Addition to height of Nimboy Bridge .....	35   14   4	
		11,709   6   7
Electric Telegraphs :—		
Telegraph Line to the Manning River, Tinonee, on the guarantee principle .....	3,000   0   0	
Erection of Line and Telegraph Station, Gulgong .....	512   17   0	
Iron Poles, Singleton to Murrurundi .....	3,932   14   0	
Extra Wire, West Maitland to Armidale .....	3,600   0   0	
Railway Line, Singleton to Murrurundi .....	46   3   8	
Line, Parramatta Junction to Campbelltown .....	1   2   0	
Second Wire—Sydney to Newcastle .....	23   1   6	
Second Wire—Armidale to Tenterfield .....	53   2   8	
Second Wire—Bathurst to Hill End .....	89   14   0	
Extension of Telegraph Lines generally .....	3,945   12   3	
		15,204   7   1
Repayment of Loans :—		
Public Works Debentures issued under 16 Vic., No. 39, due 21st October, 1873 .....		2,500   0   0
TOTAL .....	£	80,047   13   3

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

(36 Victoria No. 2).

FUND (36 VIC. No. 2), ON 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

Cr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
By CASH BALANCE at the credit of this Fund in the Bank of New South Wales, on the 30th September, 1873	.....	80,047 13 3
/		
TOTAL	£	80,047 13 3

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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FUNDED STOCK FUND

(36 VIC. No. 21).

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ACCOUNT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE

FROM THE PASSING OF THE ACT ON THE 25<sup>TH</sup> APRIL  
TO THE 30<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER, 1873.

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# The Funded Stock Act of 1873

AMOUNT of RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE under the FUNDED  
the 30th

Dr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£   s.   d.	£   s.   d.
To PAYMENTS made on account of the following Services since the passing of the Act on the 25th April to the 30th September, 1873, viz. :—		
HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.		
Improving the navigation of the Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling .....	8,502 10 6	
Enlarging, deepening, and completing Kiama Harbour .....	4,878 16 5	
Darling Harbour Wharf .....	10,320 4 1	
Increased Wharf Accommodation at Sydney .....	190 9 3	23,892 0 3
ROADS AND BRIDGES.		
Approaches and additions to height of Hay Bridge .....		2,941 4 9
ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.		
Casino to Richmond River Heads .....	145 12 0	
Second Wire, Tenterfield to Queensland .....	653 6 10	
To carry a Line from Carcoar, <i>via</i> Cowra, to Young .....	93 16 0	
Additional Wire, Sydney to Bathurst .....	82 10 0	
To place Balmain, North Shore, Newtown, Paddington, Redfern, William-street, Darlinghurst, and Glebe in Telegraphic communication with Head office .....	161 6 6	
Wahgunyah to C6rowa .....	20 7 3	
Removal of Line from Great Northern Road .....	441 9 4	
Ninety-four Miles of extra Wire on the Southern and Western Railways .....	52 3 1	
Second Wire to Newcastle .....	496 4 6	
Additional Wire on Southern, Western, and Northern Lines Bendemeer through Bundarra .....	1,021 7 7	
	161 6 6	3,329 9 7
FORTIFICATIONS.		
Harbour Defences .....		34,561 0 2
REPAYMENT OF LOANS.		
Second Instalment of the Loan of £300,000 under 29 Vic. No. 5, falling due 31st December, 1873 .....		100,000 0 0
		164,723 14 9
To CASH BALANCE in the Bank of New South Wales, Sydney, at the credit of this Fund on the 30th September, 1873 .....		34,872 4 3
TOTAL .....	£	199,595 19 0

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



(36 Victoria No. 21).

STOCK ACT OF 1873, from the passing of the Act on the 25th April to September, 1873.

Cr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
BY PROCEEDS of Funded Stock to the amount of £205,154 18s. 10d. sold up to the 30th September, 1873	.....	*199,595 19 0
TOTAL	£	199,595 19 0

\* Exclusive of instalments yet to be paid to the amount of £1,401 5s.

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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THE RAILWAY LOAN ACT OF 1873.

(36 VIC. No. 17.)

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ACCOUNT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE

FROM THE PASSING OF THE ACT 36 VIC. No. 17, ON 24<sup>TH</sup> APRIL, 1873,  
TO THE 30<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER, 1873.

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# Railway Loan Act of 1873

ACCOUNT of RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE under the "RAILWAY

Dr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To PAYMENTS made on account of the following Services since the passing of the Act on the 24th April last to the 30th September, 1873, viz. :—		
RAILWAYS.		
Towards the construction of a Line from Goulburn to Wagga Wagga ... ..	142 19 1	
For the construction of a Line from Bathurst to Orange ...	186 16 0	
		329 15 1
To CASH BALANCE in the Bank of New South Wales, Sydney, at the Credit of this Account on the 30th September, 1873	.....	99,670 4 11
TOTAL ... ..		100,000 0 0

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

## (36 Victoria, No. 17).

LOAN ACT of 1873," to the 30th September, 1873.

Cr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
BY AMOUNT transferred from the Consolidated Revenue Fund to meet claims as they arise, pending the negotiation of the Loan authorized by this Act .....	£   s.   d. .....	£   s.   d. 100,000   0   0
TOTAL .....	£ .....	100,000   0   0

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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THE SUPERANNUATION ACT REPEAL ACT FUND OF 1873

(36 VIC. No. 29).

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ACCOUNT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE,

FROM THE PASSING OF THE ACT 36 VIC. No. 29,  
ON 1ST MAY, 1873, TO THE 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

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# The Superannuation Act Repeal

ACCOUNT of RECEIPTS and EXPENDITURE under the "SUPER-

Dr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£   s.   d.	£   s.   d.
To AMOUNT OF PAYMENTS made from the passing of the "Superannuation Act Repeal Act of 1873," on the 1st May last to the 30th September, 1873, under the following sections of that Act, viz. :—		
Under the Fourth Section—		
Arrears of Pensions... ..	18,088 16 7	
Under the Fifth Section—		
Gratuities to the relatives of deceased Officers ... ..	8,332 14 4	
Under the Ninth Section—		
Refunds of Deductions from Salaries ... ..	63,123 7 2	
		89,544 18 1
To BALANCE at the credit of this Fund on 30th September, 1873 ... ..	.....	455 1 11
TOTAL .....	£	90,000 0 0

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



# Act of 1873 (36 Vic. No. 29).

ANNUATION ACT REPEAL ACT OF 1873" to the 30th September, 1873.

Cr.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
By AMOUNT transferred from the Consolidated Revenue Fund to meet payments authorized under the Fourth, Fifth, and Ninth Sections of this Act..	.....	90,000 0 0
TOTAL ... .. £		90,000 0 0

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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STATEMENT  
OF THE  
PARTICULARS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE COLONY  
OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES,  
ON  
30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

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## STATEMENT OF THE PARTICULARS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF

SERVICES.	AUTHORITY.	AMOUNT AUTHORIZED TO BE RAISED.		AMOUNT OF DEBENTURES AND TREASURY BILLS SOLD.	AMOUNT RAISED.		AMOUNT OVER-RAISED.		AMOUNT NOT YET RAISED.	
DEBENTURES.		£	s. d.	£	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Loan to the Sydney Railway Company ..	16 Vic., No. 39	216,571	0 0	217,500	223,936	3 4	7,365	3 4	.....	.....
Sydney Sewerage.. .. .	17 Vic., No. 34	200,000	0 0	209,030	201,149	11 9				
Sydney Water Supply .. .. .	17 Vic., No. 35	200,000	0 0	208,400	201,264	13 5				
Public Works .. .. .	18 Vic., No. 35	178,750	0 0	144,000	136,890	13 2				
Railways .. .. .	18 Vic., No. 40	624,733	18 8	666,800	630,105	11 7				
Public Works .. .. .	19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40.	445,323	0 0	410,500	393,427	5 8				
To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures	20 Vic., No. 1	73,776	0 0	73,700	70,300	16 2				
Railways .. .. .	20 Vic., No. 1	200,000	0 0	203,000	199,927	10 0				
To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures	20 Vic., No. 16	130,400	0 0	132,300	130,311	0 0				
Public Works .. .. .	20 Vic., No. 33	107,717	18 11	112,000	107,787	15 0				
Railways .. .. .	20 Vic., No. 34	300,000	0 0	299,000	300,895	12 6				
To pay off Debentures .. .. .	22 Vic., Nos. 5 & 26.	145,000	0 0	145,700	145,007	0 0				
Railways and Public Works .. .. .	22 Vic., No. 22	758,500	0 0	760,700	756,890	15 0				
Public Works .. .. .	22 Vic., No. 26	11,600	0 0	5,000	4,962	10 0				
To pay off Debentures .. .. .	23 Vic., No. 5	365,600	0 0	365,600	361,612	10 0				
Public Works and to pay off Debentures	23 Vic., No. 10	348,223	0 0	348,200	341,084	15 0				
Railways and Public Works .. .. .	24 Vic., No. 24	113,535	0 0	113,900	112,209	11 6				
Voluntary and Assisted Immigration..	24 Vic., No. 26	55,000	0 0	55,500	54,945	16 0				
Railways and Public Works .. .. .	25 Vic., No. 19	1,782,370	14 6	1,782,300	1,696,828	5 0				
Railways and Public Works .. .. .	26 Vic., No. 14	161,832	0 0	162,000	136,728	17 10				
Public Works .. .. .	27 Vic., No. 14	670,025	12 7	670,000	565,483	14 2				
To cover Deficit of 1864 and previous years ..	29 Vic., No. 4	550,000	0 0	550,000	495,344	10 0				
To pay off Debentures .. .. .	29 Vic., No. 5	300,000	0 0	300,000	270,252	5 0				
Public Works and Immigration .. .. .	29 Vic., No. 9	219,450	0 0	219,400	193,474	0 0				
Public Works .. .. .	29 Vic., No. 23	758,000	0 0	758,000	718,844	10 0				
Public Works .. .. .	30 Vic., No. 23	65,850	0 0	65,500	61,902	0 0				
Railways .. .. .	31 Vic., No. 11	1,000,000	0 0	1,000,000	981,655	7 0				
Public Works .. .. .	31 Vic., No. 27	177,407	0 0	177,400	178,055	0 0				
Public Works .. .. .	32 Vic., No. 13	197,885	0 0	197,800	196,625	9 10				
Public Works and other purposes .. .. .	34 Vic., No. 2	407,151	13 7	407,100	403,321	7 6				
To make good the loss sustained in the negotiation of the Debentures of previous Loans.	Under various Acts.	.....	.....	450,000	439,787	7 11	.....	.....	.....	.....
Public Works and other purposes .. .. .	35 Vic., No. 5	374,980	0 0	374,900	375,424	19 6	1444	19 6	.....	.....
Public Works and other purposes .. .. .	36 Vic., No. 2	406,863	7 3	406,800	422,696	18 0	115,833	10 9	.....	.....
Railways .. .. .	36 Vic., No. 17	1,991,500	0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,901,500	0 0
TREASURY BILLS.		13,448,045	5 6	11,992,330	11,509,204	1 10	23,643	13 7	1,901,500	0 0
To cover Deficit of 1870 and previous years ..	35 Vic., No. 4	334,600	0 0	334,600	348,105	3 0	13,505	3 0	.....	.....
FUNDED STOCK.		509,780	0 0	205,155	199,595	19 0	.....	.....	310,184	1 0
Public Works and other purposes .. .. .	36 Vic., No. 21	509,780	0 0	205,155	199,595	19 0	.....	.....	310,184	1 0
TOTALS .. .. .	.....	£14,292,425	5 6	12,532,085	12,056,905	3 10	37,148	16 7	2,211,684	1 0

The issue of Debentures under various Loan Acts, in 1870, to the extent of £450,000, has adjusted the amounts short and over raised under these Acts, excepting in the case of the Debentures issued under 29 Vic., No. 4, to cover the Deficit of 1864 and previous years, which were on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund

\* Net proceeds.

† Transferred to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

‡ Instalments still to be paid to the amount of £1,401 5s.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

THE COLONY OF NEW SOUTH WALES, ON 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

PARTICULARS OF THE SEVERAL ISSUES OF DEBENTURES AND TREASURY BILLS.

AMOUNT OF EACH ISSUE SOLD.	PAID OFF.	OUTSTANDING	DUE DATES.	RATE OF INTEREST.	ANNUAL INTEREST ON TOTAL LOAN OUTSTANDING FOR EACH SERVICE.	SYNOPSIS OF DUE DATES OF OUTSTANDING DEBENTURES AND TREASURY BILLS.			
						Authority under which issued.	Year when due.	Amount.	TOTAL.
£	£	£			£ s. d.			£	£
17,500	17,500			2½d. & ¾d. per diem	7,449 3 8	16 Vic., No. 39	1873		2,500
50,000	47,500	2,500	1873....	5 per cent. per annum.		16 Vic., No. 39	1874	{ 150,000 100,000 334,600 }	584,600
150,000		150,000	1874....		29 Vic., Nos. 4 & 5.				
25,900		25,900	1 July, 1876	35 Vic., No. 4					
97,500	97,500				2,831 10 0	29 Vic., Nos. 4 & 5.	1875		50,000
6,730		6,730	Interminable			6,435 0 0	17 Vic., No. 34	1876	{ 25,900 36,700 70,200 133,300 46,200 150,000 70,500 203,000 }
24,000		24,000	1 July, 1888		17 Vic., No. 35				
54,900	51,900				18 Vic., No. 35				
29,000	29,000				18 Vic., No. 40				
50,700	50,700				19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40				
33,700		36,700	1 July, 1876		5,510 0 0	19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40	1876	{ 150,000 70,500 203,000 }	500,000
31,000		31,000	Interminable			20 Vic., No. 1			
61,000		61,000	1 July, 1888		6,800 0 0	20 Vic., No. 1	1888	{ 24,000 61,000 136,800 3,200 10,000 175,000 90,000 }	500,000
21,000	21,000					17 Vic., No. 34			
12,800	12,800				20,525 0 0	17 Vic., No. 35	1888	{ 2,000 34,000 145,000 400,000 312,000 }	893,000
70,200		70,200	1 Jan., 1876			20 Vic., No. 33			
40,000		40,000	1 July, 1893		3,685 0 0	20 Vic., No. 34	1889	{ 2,000 34,000 145,000 400,000 312,000 }	893,000
291,800	291,800					22 Vic., No. 22			
139,000	139,000				10,150 0 0	22 Vic., No. 22	1890	{ 5,000 365,600 348,200 }	718,800
100,000	100,000					22 Vic., No. 26			
133,300		133,300	1 Jan., 1876		6,615 0 0	23 Vic., No. 5	1890	{ 5,000 365,600 348,200 }	718,800
2,700		2,700	Permanent			19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40			
46,200		46,200	1876		600 0 0	22 Vic., Nos. 5 & 26	1891	{ 6,700 700 25,000 23,700 113,900 55,500 }	225,500
150,000		150,000	Jan., 1876			22 Vic., No. 22			
70,800		70,800	Interminable		14,950 0 0	22 Vic., No. 22	1891	{ 25,000 23,700 113,900 55,500 }	225,500
136,800		136,800	1 July, 1888			24 Vic., No. 26			
6,700		6,700	1 July, 1891		7,285 0 0	25 Vic., No. 19	1892	1,782,300	
70,500		70,500	1 Jan., 1876			25 Vic., No. 19			
3,200		3,200	1 July, 1888		38,035 0 0	18 Vic., No. 35	1893	40,000	
203,000		203,000	1 July, 1876..			26 Vic., No. 14			
132,300		132,300	Interminable..		250 0 0	26 Vic., No. 14	1895	{ 162,000 670,000 }	832,000
100,000	100,000					27 Vic., No. 14			
10,000		10,000	1 July, 1888		18,280 0 0	29 Vic., No. 9	1896	{ 219,400 758,000 }	977,400
2,000		2,000	1 Jan., 1889			29 Vic., No. 23			
175,000		175,000	1 July, 1888		89,115 0 0	30 Vic., No. 23	1897	65,800	
90,000		90,000	1 July, 1888			31 Vic., No. 11			
34,000		34,000	1 Jan., 1889		7,500 0 0	31 Vic., No. 11	Annual drawings of £20,000, commenced 1872.	959,500	
145,000		145,000	1 Jan., 1889			31 Vic., No. 27			
700		700	1 July, 1891		10,970 0 0	31 Vic., No. 27	1898	177,400	
400,000		400,000	1 Jan., 1889			32 Vic., No. 13			
312,000		312,000	1 July, 1889		37,900 0 0	34 Vic., No. 2	1900	{ 407,100 450,000 }	857,100
25,000		25,000	1 Jan., 1891			Under various Acts..			
23,700		23,700	1 July, 1891		3,290 0 0	35 Vic., No. 5	1901	374,900	
5,000		5,000	1 July, 1890..			36 Vic., No. 2			
365,600		365,600	1 Jan., 1890..		47,975 0 0	17 Vic., No. 34	Interminable or payable at the option of the Government in 1882 or afterwards.	240,830	
348,200		348,200	1 July, 1890..			17 Vic., No. 35			
113,900		113,900	1 July, 1891..		8,870 0 0	19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40	1902	406,800	
55,500		55,500	1 July, 1891..			18 Vic., No. 40			
1,782,300		1,782,300	1 Jan., 1892..		8,990 0 0	36 Vic., No. 21	Interminable.. (Funded Stock.)	205,155	
162,000		162,000	1 Jan., 1895..			20 Vic., No. 16			
670,000		670,000	1 Jan., 1895..		20,355 0 0	17 Vic., No. 34	Interminable or payable at the option of the Government in 1882 or afterwards.	240,830	
550,000	700,000	150,000	Various dates			17 Vic., No. 35			
300,000					33,500 0 0	30 Vic., No. 23	1897	65,800	
219,400		219,400	1 Jan., 1896			31 Vic., No. 11			
758,000		758,000	1 July, 1896..		7,500 0 0	31 Vic., No. 11	Annual drawings of £20,000, commenced 1872.	959,500	
65,800		65,800	1 Jan., 1897..			31 Vic., No. 27			
1,000,000	40,500	959,500	Various years		10,970 0 0	31 Vic., No. 27	1898	177,400	
177,400		177,400	1 July, 1898..			32 Vic., No. 13			
197,800		197,800	1 Jan., 1899..		37,900 0 0	34 Vic., No. 2	1900	{ 407,100 450,000 }	857,100
407,100		407,100	1 July, 1900..			Under various Acts..			
450,000		450,000	1 July, 1900..		3,290 0 0	35 Vic., No. 5	1901	374,900	
						36 Vic., No. 2			
374,900		374,900	1 July, 1901..		47,975 0 0	17 Vic., No. 34	Interminable or payable at the option of the Government in 1882 or afterwards.	240,830	
406,800		406,800	1 July, 1902			17 Vic., No. 35			
			1 July, 1903..	4 per cent.	*76,060 0 0	19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40	1902	406,800	
						20 Vic., No. 16			
11,992,330	1,702,200	10,290,130			590,390 13 8	18 Vic., No. 40	Permanent		2,700
334,600		334,600	1 July, 1874..	5 per cent.	†12,547 10 0	36 Vic., No. 21	Interminable.. (Funded Stock.)		205,155
205,155		205,155	Interminable..	4 per cent.	*20,391 4 0				
12,532,085	1,702,200	10,829,885			623,329 7 8				10,829,885

\* Interest on the whole authorized Loan.

† Interest for nine months only.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

NOTE.—Remittances to England have been made to the extent of £120,500, to pay off Debentures falling due at the end of the year. This amount is therefore excluded from the Debt outstanding at 30th September, 1873.

## Public Debt.

STATEMENT showing the DUE DATES, &c., of OUTSTANDING DEBENTURES, TREASURY BILLS, and FUNDED STOCK, on the 30th September, 1873.

YEAR.	DEBENTURES.	TREASURY BILLS.	FUNDED STOCK.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£	£	£	£	
1873 (Loans' Account) ...	2,500	.....	.....	2,500	
1874 (Do.) ...	250,000	.....	.....	250,000	
1874 (Con. Rev. Fund) ...	.....	*334,600	.....	334,600	} On account of the deficiency of 1870 and previous years.
1875 (Loans' Account) ...	50,000	.....	.....	50,000	
1876 (Do.) ...	735,800	.....	.....	735,800	
1888 (Do.) ...	500,000	.....	.....	500,000	
1889 (Do.) ...	893,000	.....	.....	893,000	
1890 (Do.) ...	718,800	.....	.....	718,800	
1891 (Do.) ...	225,500	.....	.....	225,500	
1892 (Do.) ...	1,782,300	.....	.....	1,782,300	
1893 (Do.) ...	40,000	.....	.....	40,000	
1895 (Do.) ...	832,000	.....	.....	832,000	
1896 (Do.) ...	977,400	.....	.....	977,400	
1897 (Do.) ...	65,800	.....	.....	65,800	
1898 (Do.) ...	177,400	.....	.....	177,400	
1899 (Do.) ...	197,800	.....	.....	197,800	
1900 (Do.) ...	857,100	.....	.....	857,100	
1901 (Do.) ...	374,900	.....	.....	374,900	
1902 (Do.) ...	406,800	.....	.....	406,800	
Annual drawings of £20,000 commenced 31st December, 1872 (Loans' Account) ...	959,500	.....	.....	959,500	
Interminable, or 1882, at option of the Government (Loans' Account) ...	240,830	.....	.....	240,830	
Funded Stock—Interminable (Loans' Account) ...	.....	.....	205,155	205,155	
Permanent (Loans' Account) ...	2,700	.....	.....	2,700	
Total Amount outstanding, 30th September, 1873 ...	10,290,130	334,600	205,155	10,829,885	

\* Due 1st July, 1874.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

STATEMENT of BALANCES on the PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, as shown by the Books of the Treasury and the Bank of New South Wales, on the 30th September, 1873.

82—K

Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer—1873.

69

649

TREASURY BALANCES.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	DISTRIBUTION OF THE BALANCES.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
PUBLIC ACCOUNT.								PUBLIC ACCOUNT.							
CONSOLIDATED REVENUE—							Bank of New South Wales—								
Revenue Proper .....				714,175	12	1*	London Account .....	486,861	18	4					
LOANS' ACCOUNT (OLD) .....				335,023	4	2	Public Account, Sydney .....	£721,227	18	10					
TRUST FUND—							<i>Less</i> Unpresented Cheques .....	3,518	10	5					
Clergy and School Estates Revenue Fund .....	112,360	2	6							717,709	8	5			
Superannuation Fund, 27 Vict. No. 11 .....	451	17	11										1,204,571	6	9
Police Reward Fund .....	13,608	11	8												
Police Superannuation Fund .....	10,826	8	1												
Poundage .....	10,853	15	0												
Imperial Postage .....	7,193	11	9												
Shipping Master (Seamen's Wages) .....	1,585	8	10												
Revenue Suspense Fund .....	17,911	1	9												
Trust Moneys, 20 Vict. No. 11 .....	38,845	1	10												
Immigration Remittances .....	5,011	15	8												
Commissioners' Fund—Real Property Act .....	329	5	0												
Assurance Fund—Real Property Act .....	10,166	4	9												
Government Savings' Bank Account, 34 Vict. No. 15 .....	158,705	12	6												
Railway Store Account .....	5,201	0	3												
British and Australian Telegram Account .....	1,065	13	11												
Necropolis Account .....	12	19	0												
Over-issues Account .....	5,585	16	11												
Treasurer's Advance Account .....	4,645	15	2												
Imperial Pension Fund Account .....	3,008	1	10												
Imperial Pension Fund Commission Account .....	81	9	6												
Gold Fields Survey Fee Account .....	4,550	0	0												
Sundry Deposits .....	2,202	7	8												
				414,202	1	6									
LOAN FUNDS.				1,463,400	17	9									
THE LOAN FUND—35 Vict. No. 5 .....	10,096	15	4												
THE LOAN FUND—36 Vict. No. 2 .....	80,047	13	3												
THE LOAN FUND RAILWAY LOAN ACT—36 Vic. No. 17 .....	99,670	4	11												
THE LOAN FUND FUNDED STOCK ACT OF 1873—36 Vic. No. 21 .....	34,872	4	3												
THE SUPERANNUATION REPEAL FUND—36 Vic. No. 29 .....	455	1	11												
				225,141	19	8									
TOTAL .....				£1,688,542	17	5	TOTAL .....				£1,688,542	17	5		

\* In addition to this balance, there is a sum of £100,000 to be recovered from the Railway Loan Fund (36 Vic. No. 17) and £90,000 from the Superannuation Repeal Fund (36 Vic. No. 29), being amounts advanced from the Consolidated Revenue Fund pending the sale of Debentures.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.





1873.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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# PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

FOR THE

YEAR 1872,

ACCOMPANIED BY THE

SECOND ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL.

(UNDER THE ACT 33 VIC. No. 18.)

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ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
17 *September*, 1873.

---

SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873.



1873.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

(FOR THE YEAR 1872, ACCOMPANIED BY THE REPORT OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL, UNDER THE ACT 33 VICT. NO. 18)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 17 September, 1873.*

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THE AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE SPEAKER OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
17 September, 1873.

SIR,

In conformity with the provisions of the 38th clause of the Audit Act, 33 Victoria, No. 18, I do myself the honor to transmit to you, for presentation to the Legislative Assembly, Abstracts of the Public Accounts for the year 1872, prepared by the Honorable the Treasurer, accompanied by the Report required from me by clause 36 of the same Act.

I have, &c.,  
C. ROLLESTON,  
Auditor General.

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ABSTRACTS  
OF THE  
PUBLIC ACCOUNTS  
OF THE  
COLONY OF NEW SOUTH WALES,  
FOR THE YEAR  
1872.

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PUBLIC ACCOUNT.

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STATEMENT

OF

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR 1872,

ON ACCOUNT OF THE

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND, THE LOANS' ACCOUNT,  
THE LOAN FUND (35 VIC. No. 5), THE LOAN FUND (36 VIC. No. 2),  
AND THE TRUST FUND;

SHOWING ALSO THE

BALANCES ON 31ST DECEMBER, 1871, AND 31ST DECEMBER,  
1872, ON EACH RESPECTIVELY.

---

STATEMENT showing the BALANCES on the CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND, the (36 Victoria No. 2), and the TRUST FUND ACCOUNTS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF during the Year 1872; and the BALANCES thereon at the

Reference to Statements of Detail.		HEAD OF ACCOUNT.	Balances on 31 December, 1871.	
No.	Page.		Debit Balances.	Credit Balances.
			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
		<b>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</b>		
1	18.	Consolidated Revenue Fund (Proper) ... ..	366,684 1 11	.....
2	42	Loans' Account ... ..	.....	485,886 1 9
		TOTAL, CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND ... ..	£ 366,684 1 11	485,886 1 9
		<b>Special Loan Funds.</b>		
3	47	The Loan Fund (35 Vic. No. 5) ... ..	.....	196,629 0 4
4	52	The Loan Fund (36 Vict. No. 2) ... ..	.....	.....
		<b>Trust Fund.</b>		
5	56	Clergy and School Estates Fund ... ..	.....	52,572 14 0
6	60	Civil Service Superannuation Fund (27 Vic. No. 11) ... ..	.....	1,639 13 2
7	66	Police Reward Fund ... ..	.....	11,125 6 10
8	70	Police Superannuation Fund ... ..	.....	14,816 13 2
9	74	Trust Moneys' Account (20 Vic. No. 11) ... ..	.....	51,038 7 5
10	75	Special Deposits Account ... ..	.....	82,146 17 6
		TOTAL, TRUST FUND ... ..	£ .....	213,339 12 1
		GRAND TOTAL ... ..	£ 366,684 1 11	895,854 14 2
		<i>Deduct</i> Debit Balance on the Consolidated Revenue Fund, as above shown ... ..	.....	366,684 1 11
		Net aggregate Credit Balance on 31st December, 1871...£		529,170 12 3

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.







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No. 1.

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STATEMENT

OF

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

IN THE YEAR

1872,

ON ACCOUNT OF THE

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.

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No. 1.

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND ACCOUNT CURRENT, FOR THE YEAR 1872.

Dr.

Cr.

RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.
	£      s.      d.		£      s.      d.
To Receipts in the Year 1872, as per Statement marked A, viz. :—		By Balance at the debit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, 31st December, 1871....	366,684    1    11
Revenue and Receipts proper .....	£2,812,011    10    8		
<i>Less</i> Repayments to the credit of Votes, the expenditure on account of which has been reduced to a like extent in the accompanying Statement of Disbursements, marked B....	10,140    11    10	By Payments in the Year 1872, as per Statement marked B, viz. :—	
	2,801,870    18    10	For Services of the Year 1866 .....	386    1    9
Proceeds of Treasury Bills .....	348,105    3    0	For Services of the Year 1867 .....	12,017    10    0
Advances, repaid .....	45,093    16    3	For Services of the Year 1868 .....	9,142    17    4
	3,195,069    18    1	For Services of the Year 1869 .....	2,262    8    1
		For Services of the Year 1870 .....	12,051    12    5
		For Services of the Year 1871 .....	189,483    6    11
		For Services of the Year 1872 .....	1,826,047    2    3
		Other Payments .....	2,051,390    18    9
			644,657    3    10
			2,696,048    2    7
		By Balance at the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, 31st December, 1872....	132,337    13    7
TOTAL .....	£ 3,195,069    18    1	TOTAL .....	£ 3,195,069    18    1

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer

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STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND RECEIPTS IN THE YEAR 1872, ON  
ACCOUNT OF THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.

HEAD OF REVENUE OR RECEIPT.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
<b>REVENUE PROPER.</b>						
<b>CUSTOMS:—</b>						
Spirits ... ..	368,680	4	10			
Wine ... ..	31,403	8	2			
Ale and Beer ... ..	38,177	3	3			
Tobacco and Cigars ... ..	74,369	4	6			
Tea ... ..	55,105	10	0			
Sugar and Molasses ... ..	46,790	4	10			
Coffee and Chicory ... ..	8,152	18	6			
Opium ... ..	7,017	16	8			
Malt ... ..	1,706	12	8			
Hops ... ..	2,391	11	5			
Rice ... ..	7,133	3	6			
Dried Fruits ... ..	21,131	19	0			
Ad Valorem Duties ... ..	148,275	13	0			
New Specific Duties ... ..	97,142	4	1			
Bonded Warehouses, 20 Vict. No. 21 ... ..	4,527	10	11			
Rent of Goods in Queen's Warehouses ... ..	141	18	1			
Murray River ... ..	62,710	5	6			
				974,857	8	11
DUTY ON REFINED SUGAR AND MOLASSES ... ..				15,019	17	3
DUTY ON SPIRITS DISTILLED IN THE COLONY ... ..				8,828	13	11
<b>GOLD:—</b>						
Duty on Gold:—						
Collected at the Custom House ... ..	7,056	16	1			
Collected at the Mint ... ..	20,528	6	6			
	27,585	2	7			
Fees for Escort and Conveyance of Gold, &c. ... ..	7,610	12	5			
				35,195	15	0
MINT RECEIPTS ... ..				17,789	4	7
<b>LAND REVENUE:—</b>						
Land Sales:—						
Conditional Purchases ... ..	187,396	11	6			
Selections ... ..	89,588	9	1			
Auction Sales ... ..	89,129	2	5			
	366,114	3	0			
Balances of Conditional Purchases ... ..	24,692	8	1			
Interest on Land Sales to Conditional Purchasers ... ..	45,676	3	5			
Rent of Land, 1st Class Settled Districts ... ..	27,108	0	6			
Rent of Runs, 2nd Class Settled and Unsettled Districts ... ..	176,602	18	5			
Assessment on Runs, 2nd Class Settled and Unsettled Districts ... ..	1,540	0	0			
Fees on Transfer of Runs ... ..	1,286	0	0			
Quit Rents ... ..	561	14	2			
Licenses to cut Timber, &c., on Crown Lands ... ..	3,014	19	5			
Mineral Leases ... ..	138,820	10	9			
Leases of Auriferous Lands ... ..	34,058	0	0			
Miners' Rights ... ..	13,114	0	0			
Business Licenses ... ..	1,442	10	0			
Fees on Preparation and Enrolment of Title-deeds ... ..	4,480	10	0			
Miscellaneous ... ..	1,940	8	0			
				840,452	5	9
CONTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE SHEEP DISEASE PREVENTION ACT OF 1866 ... ..				9,011	13	6
FEES UNDER REGISTRATION OF BRANDS ACT ... ..				890	16	6
POSTAGE ... ..				96,477	3	4
COMMISSION ON MONEY ORDERS ... ..				3,609	5	0
Carried forward ... ..				2,002,132	3	9

## STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND RECEIPTS—continued.

HEAD OF REVENUE OR RECEIPT.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward...		2,002,132 3 9
<b>LICENSES :—</b>		
To Wholesale Spirit Dealers	4,660 0 0	
To Auctioneers	1,869 17 11	
To Retail Fermented and Spirituous Liquors	68,107 9 6	
Billiard and Bagatelle Licenses to Publicans	2,645 0 0	
To Distillers and Rectifiers	82 6 0	
To Hawkers and Pedlars	1,061 6 11	
To Pawnbrokers	451 15 10	
To Retail Colonial Wine, Cider, and Perry	445 0 0	
All other Licenses	290 7 0	79,613 3 2
<b>FEES OF OFFICE :—</b>		
On Certificates of Naturalization	212 16 4	
Registrar General	5,803 16 8	
Prothonotary of Supreme Court	1,729 3 0	
Master in Equity	610 2 4	
Curator of Intestate Estates	936 0 3	
Insolvent Courts.	1,673 18 3	
Sheriff	453 0 10	
District Courts	3,758 13 0	
Courts of Petty Sessions	3,142 8 6	
Water Police Court and Shipping Masters	2,452 5 3	
Steam Navigation Board	83 0 0	
Marine Board	1,663 10 0	
Under Gold Fields Act (25 Vict. No. 4)	41 9 6	
Slaughtering Fees, Glebe Island Abattoirs	1,519 14 7	
Fees under the Cattle Export Act	1 13 0	
Other Fees	1,226 17 0	25,308 8 6
<b>FINES AND FORFEITURES :—</b>		
Sheriff	104 14 4	
Courts of Petty Sessions	4,113 15 5	
Water Police Court	802 14 3	
For the Unauthorized Occupation of Crown Lands	254 15 5	
Crown's share of Seizures by the Departments of Customs and Distilleries	256 2 4	
Confiscated and Unclaimed Property	192 18 0	
Other Fines	25 19 3	5,750 19 0
<b>RENTS—EXCLUSIVE OF LAND :—</b>		
Tolls and Ferries	27,157 9 3	
Wharfs	5,429 12 1	
Government Buildings and Premises	253 10 0	
Glebe Island Bridge	824 0 0	
Glebe Island Abattoir	1,397 18 4	35,062 9 8
<b>STAMPS</b>		94,298 8 6
<b>RAILWAYS :—</b>		
Railway Tolls	418,106 6 8	
Miscellaneous Receipts :—		
Sale of Property	3,011 0 0	
Advertising in Carriages	480 0 0	
Hire of Machinery	49 7 6	
Hire of Rails	62 8 9	
Water supplied to the Benevolent Asylum, Liverpool	85 2 0	
Demurrage for detention of Waggon	30 5 0	
Other Items	63 14 0	3,781 17 3
<b>ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH RECEIPTS</b>		421,888 3 11
<b>PILOTAGE :—</b>		
Port Jackson	5,596 14 0	
Out-ports	6,660 2 4	12,256 16 4
Carried forward		£ 2,725,176 14 11

## STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND RECEIPTS—continued.

HEAD OF REVENUE OR RECEIPT.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward ... ..		2,725,176 14 11
HARBOUR DUES ... ..		1,671 16 0
FEES ON CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY TO MASTERS OF VESSELS..		60 0 0
HARBOUR AND LIGHT RATES ... ..		6,807 17 0
TONNAGE DUES:—		
Newcastle ... ..	7,151 12 0	
Wollongong ... ..	271 9 0	
Kiama ... ..	98 12 6	
INTEREST ON CITY DEBENTURES ... ..		7,521 13 6
		10,000 0 0
MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS:—		
Sale of Government Property ... ..	1,540 3 8	
For the support of Patients in the Lunatic Asylums ... ..	842 7 0	
Collections by the Government Printer ... ..	3,846 9 10	
Store Rent of Gunpowder ... ..	743 16 3	
For work performed by Prisoners in Gaol ... ..	2,136 7 8	
For docking Vessels, Fitz Roy Dock ... ..	708 18 2	
Fees on presenting Private Bills to Parliament, and on Letters of Registration ... ..	1,300 0 0	
Interest on Bank Deposits ... ..	5,210 13 0	
Assessment on Sugar Refinery ... ..	1,000 0 0	
Contribution towards the support of Children in the Industrial Schools of the Colony ... ..	34 0 4	
Hire of Punts ... ..	51 0 0	
Unclaimed Suitors' Moneys, District Court (34 Vic. No. 3) ... ..	23 18 7	
For the non-fulfilment of Bonds ... ..	473 6 4	
Amount raised in excess of that authorized by the Loan Act, 36 Vic. No. 2, in consequence of the Debentures issued there- under having sold at a premium ... ..	15,833 10 9	
Unclaimed Balances of Insolvent Estates ... ..	295 16 11	
Unclaimed Balances of Intestate Estates ... ..	796 2 10	
Amount of unclaimed Sums at the credit of the Revenue Suspense Account for the year 1870 ... ..	868 7 10	
Amount received from P. N. Russell and Co., being interest on Advances made in London ... ..	58 13 2	
Balance of the Surplus Revenue derived from the Bishopthorpe Estates for the year 1869 ... ..	1,080 8 9	
Balance of the Surplus Revenue derived from the Bishopthorpe Estates for the years 1870 and 1871 ... ..	564 1 3	
Estreated Bail ... ..	53 16 6	
Accrued Interest on Debentures ... ..	335 15 7	
Accrued Interest on Treasury Bills... ..	81 2 6	
Repayment (in part) of the unexpended Balances of the Annual Grants to the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint ... ..	10,379 17 5	
Repayment to Credit of Votes ... ..	12,439 18 3	
Other Miscellaneous Receipts ... ..	74 16 8	
		60,773 9 3
TOTAL, REVENUE AND RECEIPTS PROPER ... ..	£	2,812,011 10 8
Less Repayments to the credit of Votes, the Expenditure on account of which has been reduced to a like extent in the accompanying Statement of Disburse- ments marked B ... ..		10,140 11 10
Carried forward ... ..	£	2,801,870 18 10

STATEMENT OF REVENUE AND RECEIPTS—*continued.*

HEAD OF REVENUE OR RECEIPT.	TOTAL.
	£    s.   d.
Brought forward	2,801,870 18 10
<b>RECEIPTS IN AID OF THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND:—</b>	
Proceeds of Treasury Bills issued under 35 Vic. No. 4, to the amount of £334,600, to cover the deficiency of 1870 and previous Years	348,105 3 0
<b>ADVANCES BEPAID:—</b>	
Advance to the Trust Fund Account, for purchase of Railway Stores, repaid	7,000 0 0
Advances to Public Officers and others, from the Treasurer's Advance Account of 1871, recovered	30,000 0 0
Advances to Public Officers and others, from the Treasurer's Advance Account of 1872, recovered (in part)	8,093 16 3
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>£ 3,195,069 18 1</b>

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.*

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

**B.**

**CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.**

ABSTRACT OF DISBURSEMENTS IN THE YEAR 1872, AS DETAILED IN THE ANNEXED STATEMENT.

GENERAL HEAD OF SERVICE.	SERVICES OF THE YEARS							TOTAL.
	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1870.	1871.	1872.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
I.—SCHEDULES TO IMPERIAL ACT 18 & 19 VICTORIÆ, CAP. 54.....		17 10 0	11 16 6		146 10 1	4,586 11 5	45,760 9 1	50,522 17 1
SUPPLEMENTS TO SCHEDULES A AND B .....						477 11 8	5,479 1 3	5,956 12 11
II.—EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE .....					266 1 4	420 7 0	15,509 15 8	16,196 4 0
III.—COLONIAL SECRETARY .....		12,000 0 0		44 0 10	1,166 15 0	32,686 7 3	469,193 10 0	515,090 13 1
IV.—ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE .....			12 5 6		186 13 6	2,229 8 1	49,199 8 8	51,627 15 9
V.—TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE .....			9,011 5 7	1 11 6	2,733 1 0	42,024 17 3	188,989 17 3	242,760 12 7
VI.—SECRETARY FOR LANDS .....	371 11 9		26 8 0	210 12 3	1,317 19 8	18,049 8 6	121,787 6 11	141,763 7 1
VII.—SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS .....	14 10 0		81 1 9	2,006 3 6	2,861 18 2	55,850 3 1	389,317 0 5	450,130 16 11
VIII.—THE POSTMASTER GENERAL .....					3,174 1 7	24,151 10 10	114,980 12 0	142,306 4 5
IX.—UNCLASSIFIED EXPENDITURE .....					198 12 1	9,007 1 10	425,830 1 0	435,035 14 11
TOTAL, CHARGES AGAINST APPROPRIATIONS.....	386 1 9	12,017 10 0	9,142 17 4	2,262 8 1	12,051 12 5	189,483 6 11	1,826,047 2 3	2,051,390 18 9
OTHER PAYMENTS OUT OF THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.....								644,657 3 10
GRAND TOTAL .....							£*	2,696,048 2 7

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\* The expenditure shown in this Statement is less than that shown in the Statement published in the Government Gazette, by repayments of unexpended balances in the hands of Public Officers to the extent of £10,140 11s. 10d.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

**STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, IN THE YEAR 1872, OUT OF THE  
CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.**

HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.						
	Salaries.	Contingencies.								
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1866.</b>										
<b>No. VI.—Secretary for Lands.</b>	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.				
SINKING WELLS ON THE ROUTE FROM THE DARLING TO THE LACHLAN AND TO THE WARREGO .....				371	11	9				
TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR LANDS..... £				371	11	9				
<b>No. VII.—Secretary for Public Works.</b>										
HARBOURS AND RIVER NAVIGATION— Wharf, Ulladulla, 1864-6-7 .....				14	10	0				
Total for the Year 1866 .....				386	1	9				
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1867.</b>										
<b>No. I.—Schedules to Imperial Act 8 &amp; 9 Victoria, cap. 54.</b>										
SCHEDULE C— Roman Catholic Church .....				17	10	0				
<b>No. III.—Colonial Secretary.</b>										
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION .....				12,000	0	0				
Total for the Year 1867..... £				12,017	10	0				
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1868.</b>										
<b>No. I.—Schedules to Imperial Act 8 &amp; 9 Victoria, cap. 54.</b>										
SCHEDULE C— Roman Catholic Church .....				11	16	6				
<b>No. IV.—Administration of Justice.</b>										
DISTRICT COURT .....		12	5	6		12	5	6		
<b>No. V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.</b>										
STORES AND STATIONERY—Sneider Rifles and Ammunition .....				9,011	5	7				
<b>No. VI.—Secretary for Lands.</b>										
SURVEY OF LANDS .....		26	8	0		26	8	0		
<b>No. VII.—Secretary for Public Works.</b>										
HARBOURS AND RIVER NAVIGATION— Incidental Expenses to Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works, 1867-8 .....				76	19	9				
PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS— Employment of Prisoners in Gaols .....				4	2	0				
TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS .....				81	1	9				
Total for the Year 1868..... £		38	13	6	9,104	3	10	9,142	17	4
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1869.</b>										
<b>No. III.—Colonial Secretary.</b>										
GAOLS— Gaols, Country Districts .....		1	2	6		1	2	6		
COLONIAL AGENT .....		19	15	0		19	15	0		
GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS— Erection of Grafton School of Arts .....				23	3	4				
TOTAL, COLONIAL SECRETARY..... £		20	17	6	23	3	4	44	0	10
Carried forward .....		20	17	6	23	3	4	44	0	10



## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1869—continued.</b>				
Brought forward.....		20 17 6	23 3 4	44 0 10
<b>No. V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.</b>				
MISCELLANEOUS—				
Advertising for the Public Service generally .....			1 11 6	1 11 6
<b>No. VI.—Secretary for Lands.</b>				
SURVEY OF LANDS .....		97 0 2		97 0 2
ROADS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES—				
Opening the Road from the Macleay River to the Bellinger River, and for construction of Punt, Boat, and Bridge in connection with that line .....			113 12 1	113 12 1
TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR LANDS.....£		97 0 2	113 12 1	210 12 3
<b>No. VII.—Secretary for Public Works.</b>				
HARBOURS AND RIVER NAVIGATION—				
Preliminary Harbour Surveys .....			10 2 0	10 2 0
OTHER ROADS AND BRIDGES—				
Bridge, Bredbo River.....			908 0 0	} 1,996 1 6
Bridge, Menindee Creek, Darling .....			201 6 0	
Bridge, Minna Murra Creek.....			750 0 0	
Two Bridges over Forest Creek, on Road from Wagga Wagga to Deniliquin .....			136 15 6	
TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.....£			2,006 3 6	2,006 3 6
Total for the Year 1869 .....		117 17 8	2,144 10 5	2,262 8 1
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1870.</b>				
<b>No. I.—Schedules to Imperial Act 8 and 9 Victoria, cap. 54.</b>				
SCHEDULE A .....			21 10 1	21 10 1
SCHEDULE C—				
Church of England—				
Diocese of Sydney .....			125 0 0	125 0 0
TOTAL, SCHEDULES A AND C .....			146 10 1	146 10 1
<b>No. II.—Executive and Legislative.</b>				
THE PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY .....		266 1 4		266 1 4
<b>No. III.—Colonial Secretary.</b>				
POLICE—				
Contingencies generally .....		29 3 9		29 3 9
PETTY SESSIONS .....		61 10 5		61 10 5
GAOLS—				
Acting Gaolers .....	13 16 6			13 16 6
REGISTRAR GENERAL .....		29 14 0		29 14 0
FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY .....		41 9 0		41 9 0
GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS—				
In aid of the Stroud School of Arts, in proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions.....			7 19 0	} 76 16 3
In aid of the erection of Building for the Milton Mechanics' Institute, an equal amount having been raised by private contributions .....			68 17 3	
Carried forward .....	13 16 6	161 17 2	76 16 3	252 9 11
Carried forward .....		266 1 4	146 10 1	412 11 5

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.		
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1870—continued.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward.....		266 1 4	146 10 1	412 11 5
<b>No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.</b>				
Brought forward.....	13 16 6	161 17 2	76 16 3	252 9 11
<b>INDUSTRIAL AND REFORMATORY SCHOOLS—</b>				
Industrial School for Girls at Newcastle .....		42 10 7		42 10 7
<b>CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES—</b>				
In aid of the erection of Hospital at Hay, an equal amount having been raised by private contributions .....			500 0 0	500 0 0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>				
Cost of printing and publishing a Work, at the Government Printing Office, on the Industrial Progress of New South Wales .....			30 0 0	} 371 14 6
Expenses of the Returning Officers of Electoral Districts.....			1 2 8	
Towards the relief of cases of actual destitution, and also for the repair of damages to Roads and Bridges, caused by the recent Floods .....			55 11 10	
Expenses in connection with the Census of the population of the Colony, taken in 1871.....			7 0 0	
Purchase of Site for Lock-up at Redfern.....			278 0 0	
<b>TOTAL, COLONIAL SECRETARY.....£</b>	<b>13 16 6</b>	<b>204 7 9</b>	<b>948 10 9</b>	<b>1,166 15 0</b>
<b>No. IV.—Administration of Justice.</b>				
<b>DISTRICT COURTS—</b>				
Western Districts .....	30 0 0			30 0 0
<b>CORONERS' INQUESTS .....</b>		3 0 0		3 0 0
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>				
Towards defraying the expenses of a Law Reform Commission, with a view to amending and consolidating the Statute Law of New South Wales .....			153 13 6	153 13 6
<b>TOTAL, ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.....£</b>	<b>30 0 0</b>	<b>3 0 0</b>	<b>153 13 6</b>	<b>186 13 6</b>
<b>No. V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.</b>				
<b>STORES AND STATIONERY—</b>				
Conveyance of Stores .....			33 3 6	33 3 6
<b>HARBOURS, LIGHT-HOUSES, AND PILOT DEPARTMENT.</b>				
Coast Light-houses .....			1,571 12 11	1,571 12 11
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>				
Postage of the various Public Departments .....			706 16 9	} 1,128 4 7
Advertising for the Public Service generally .....			1 13 0	
Allowance for Postage and Stationery to Clerks of Petty Sessions, Land Agents, and Registrars of District Courts .....			0 18 3	
Storm Signals, Sydney and Outports .....			11 19 3	
Interest on Public Account overdrawn at the Bank of New South Wales, London.....			362 13 7	
Cost of Photographing Public Buildings, &c.....			43 0 9	
Payments out of the Vote for Unforeseen Expenses :— Conveyance of Papers .....			1 3 0	
<b>TOTAL, TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE, £</b>			<b>2,733 1 0</b>	<b>2,733 1 0</b>
<b>No. VI.—Secretary for Lands.</b>				
<b>SURVEY OF LANDS .....</b>		279 16 5		279 16 5
<b>COMMISSION TO LAND AGENTS, APPRAISERS, AND OTHERS .....</b>			28 15 6	28 15 6
<b>BOTANIC GARDENS .....</b>		22 8 0		22 8 0
Carried forward .....	£	302 4 5	28 15 6	330 19 11
Carried forward .....	£	43 16 6	473 9 1	3,981 15 4
				4,499 0 11

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1870—continued.</b>				
Brought forward .....	43 16 6	473 9 1	3,981 15 4	4,499 0 11
<b>No. VI.—Secretary for Lands.—continued.</b>				
Brought forward .....		302 4 5	28 15 6	330 19 11
<b>ROADS, STREETS, AND BRIDGES—</b>				
Subordinate Roads:—				
Sydney or Metropolitan .....			147 1 1	} 932 4 9
Northern .....			2 8 11	
Southern .....			155 7 8	
Western .....			393 4 7	
Balance of Vote .....			24 4 6	
Minor Bridges and Roads not classified .....			57 2 0	
Fencing Public Roads where proclaimed through enclosed lands .....			1 18 0	
Construction of Punt and Approaches at Wingham, Manning River .....			146 11 0	
Road from Kempsey to Darkwater .....			4 7 0	
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>				
Preservation of the Caves at Fish River .....			4 0 0	} 54 15 0
Fencing Public Cemeteries .....			20 0 0	
Towards defraying the Expenses of a Commission to inquire into the working of the existing Gold Fields Act and Regulations, and also of examining and reporting upon the best means of procuring a permanent supply of Water upon the Gold Fields of the Colony .....			30 15 0	
<b>TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR LANDS.....£</b>		302 4 5	1,015 15 3	1,317 19 8
<b>No. VII.—Secretary for Public Works.</b>				
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVER NAVIGATION—</b>				
Steam Dredge "Samson" .....		5 2 8		5 2 8
<b>COLONIAL ARCHITECT .....</b>		6 18 0		6 18 0
<b>PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS—</b>				
Ordinary Repairs, Alterations, and Additions to Public Buildings generally .....			1 17 6	} 2,037 16 0
Gaols, Court Houses, and Lock-ups .....			901 0 0	
Additions, Alterations, and Repairs, Lunatic Asylum, Tarban .....			930 4 2	
Repairs to Workshops and Officers' Quarters, Cockatoo Island .....			7 13 10	
Repairs and Additions, Quarantine Station .....			197 0 6	
<b>OTHER ROADS AND BRIDGES—</b>				
Road, Clarence River to Great Northern Road .....			10 0 0	} 803 14 2
Minor Roads:—				
Northern Districts .....			0 3 4	
Western Districts .....			14 14 9	
Re-erection of the Rankin Bridge over the Macquarie River .....			749 16 1	
Completion of the Bunnerong Road, Randwick .....			29 0 0	
<b>FITZ ROY DOCK .....</b>		8 7 4		8 7 4
<b>TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.....£</b>		20 8 0	2,841 10 2	2,861 18 2
<b>No. VIII.—Postmaster General.</b>				
<b>POST OFFICE .....</b>	3 0 0			3 0 0
<b>CONVEYANCE OF MAILS .....</b>			52 5 0	52 5 0
<b>STEAM POSTAL COMMUNICATION WITH GREAT BRITAIN <i>via</i> SUEZ .....</b>			2,996 8 1	2,996 8 1
<b>ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS .....</b>		122 8 6		122 8 6
<b>TOTAL, POSTMASTER GENERAL.....£</b>	3 0 0	122 8 6	3,048 13 1	3,174 1 7
<b>No. IX.—Unclassified Expenditure.</b>				
<b>INTEREST ON DEBENTURES .....</b>			198 12 1	198 12 1
<b>Total for the Year 1870.....£</b>	46 16 6	918 10 0	11,086 5 11	12,051 12 5

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1871.</b>				
	<b>Part I.—Schedules to Imperial Act 8 and 9 Victoria, cap. 54.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	SCHEDULE A.....			500 0 0	500 0 0
	SCHEDULE B—				
	Pensions to retired Judges .....			875 0 0	} 1,966 13 11
	Pensions to retired Political Officers .....			533 6 8	
	Pensions to Superannuated Officers and others .....			558 7 3	
	SCHEDULE C—				
	Church of England—				
	Diocese of Sydney .....	£1,256 11 5			
	Diocese of Newcastle.....	245 16 8			
	Diocese of Goulburn .....	100 0 0			
	Roman Catholic Church .....			1,602 8 1	} 2,119 17 6
				517 9 5	
	TOTAL, SCHEDULES A, B, AND C.....£			4,586 11 5	4,586 11 5
	<b>SUPPLEMENT TO SCHEDULE B.</b>				
1	SCHEDULE B—				
	Pensions to Superannuated Officers and others .....			477 11 8	477 11 8
	TOTAL, SUPPLEMENT TO SCHEDULE B.....£			477 11 8	477 11 8
	<b>Part II.—Executive and Legislative.</b>				
2	HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR .....	0 19 11	47 12 1		48 12 0
3	THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL .....	0 8 4			0 8 4
4	THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL .....		11 10 6		11 10 6
5	THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.....		45 19 3		45 19 3
6	THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AND ASSEMBLY .....		6 2 10		6 2 10
7	THE PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY.....		307 14 1		307 14 1
	TOTAL, EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.....£	1 8 3	418 18 9		420 7 0
	<b>Part III.—Colonial Secretary.</b>				
8	COLONIAL SECRETARY .....	22 19 4	8 15 0		31 14 4
9	PERMANENT MILITARY FORCE .....			2,890 0 11	2,890 0 11
10	VOLUNTEERS .....		2,287 13 10		2,287 13 10
11	NAVAL BRIGADE .....		52 18 6		52 18 6
12	POLICE—				
	Contingencies generally.....		6,064 8 8		6,064 8 8
13	GAOLS—				
	Gaol, Sydney .....	3 13 1			3 13 1
16	Maitland .....	0 19 11			0 19 11
21	Mudgee .....	0 18 3			0 18 3
22	Wollongong .....	0 9 2			0 9 2
23	Armidale .....	0 9 2			0 9 2
26	Deniliquin .....	0 9 2			0 9 2
28	Police Gaols, Country Districts .....	32 10 0			32 10 0
	Gaols generally—				
	Warders, Overseers, Foremen, and others .....	271 6 3			
	Books for Prison Libraries .....			19 15 6	} 3,447 16 3
	Conveyance of Prisoners .....			159 10 7	
	Materials, &c., for employment of Prisoners in Gaol.....			345 13 6	
	Unforeseen Expenses .....			36 1 8	
29	Provisions, Medical Comforts, Medicines, and Surgical Instruments, Fuel, Light, and Water, Incidental Expenses, Removal of Night-soil, and Allowance in lieu of Quarters, for all Gaols, and Lock-ups proclaimed Gaols .....			2,615 8 9	
	Carried forward .....	£ 333 14 4	8,413 16 0	6,066 10 11	14,814 1 3
	Carried forward .....	£ 1 8 3	418 18 9	5,064 3 1	5,484 10 1

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1871—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	1 8 3	418 18 9	5,064 3 1	5,484 10 1
	<b>No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	333 14 4	8,413 16 0	6,066 10 11	14,814 1 3
	<b>LUNATIC ASYLUMS—</b>				
	Board of Visitors .....			87 10 0	87 10 0
30	Hospital for the Insane, Gladesville .....		779 4 5		779 4 5
31	Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta .....		897 4 5		897 4 5
32	Lunatic Receiving House, Darlinghurst .....	31 16 8	50 15 9		82 12 5
33	Lunatic Patients.....			142 19 10	142 19 10
34	Asylums for Imbeciles, Newcastle (Expenditure charged to the Vote for Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta) .....	93 4 10	573 11 1		666 15 11
35	<b>MEDICAL BOARD—CLERK</b> .....	11 0 0			11 0 0
36	<b>MEDICAL ADVISER, VACCINATION, MEDICAL OFFICERS, &amp;c.</b> .....			1,191 9 5	1,191 9 5
37	<b>AUDITOR GENERAL</b> .....	66 5 5	4 4 0		70 9 5
38	<b>REGISTRAR GENERAL</b> .....	280 18 11	852 18 2		1,133 17 1
39	<b>AGENT GENERAL FOR THE COLONY</b> .....	920 5 5	25 0 0		945 5 5
40	<b>OBSERVATORY</b> .....	38 0 0	88 5 1		126 5 1
41	<b>MUSEUM—CURATOR</b> .....	158 6 8			158 6 8
43	<b>FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY</b> .....		839 15 10		839 15 10
	<b>GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS—</b>				
	In aid of the following Educational Institutions, in the proportion of £1 to every £3 raised by private contributions, viz. :—				
45	Albury School of Arts .....			11 5 8	
49	Balmain School of Arts.....			11 17 4	
50	Balmain Working Men's Institute .....			17 19 10	
51	Bathurst School of Arts .....			50 0 0	
52	Bega School of Arts .....			22 0 8	
57	Bourke Mechanics' Institute.....			10 15 0	
59	Camden School of Arts.....			17 14 9	
62	East Maitland School of Arts .....			17 6 4	
64	Forbes School of Arts .....			13 10 10	
66	Goulburn School of Arts .....			40 17 6	
67	Grafton School of Arts .....			19 4 10	
68	Grenfell School of Arts.....			9 10 0	
71	Inverell School of Arts .....			6 3 4	
73	Lambton Mechanics' and Miners' Institute .....			14 1 9	
76	Mudgee School of Arts .....			14 19 2	
77	Murrurundi Mechanics' Institute and School of Arts .....			3 13 0	
78	Muswellbrook School of Arts .....			15 17 0	
79	Narrabri Mechanics' Institute .....			9 5 0	
80	Newcastle School of Arts .....			30 15 0	
81	Orange Mechanics' Institute.....			13 7 3	913 1 11
83	Paterson School of Arts .....			7 3 9	
85	Queanbeyan Literary Institute.....			6 10 0	
87	Richmond School of Arts .....			3 8 4	
89	St. Leonards School of Arts.....			10 0 0	
93	Singleton Mechanics' Institute.....			67 5 10	
94	Stroud School of Arts .....			6 9 4	
96	Ulladulla School of Arts .....			25 0 0	
99	Wallsend School of Arts .....			15 16 11	
100	Waratah School of Arts .....			10 0 0	
101	West Maitland School of Arts .....			50 0 0	
102	Windsor School of Arts .....			5 10 0	
103	Wollongong School of Arts .....			8 2 0	
104	Yass Mechanics' Institute.....			28 12 6	
105	Young School of Arts.....			18 9 5	
	In aid of the erection of Buildings for Educational Institutions, on same condition :—				
106	Botany Mechanics' Institute .....			100 0 0	
108	Murrurundi Mechanics' Institute and School of Arts .....			17 9 2	
109	Newcastle School of Arts .....			183 0 5	
	<b>INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—</b>				
111	Nautical School Ship "Vernon" .....		282 7 2		282 7 2
112	Biloela Industrial School for Girls, Parramatta River .....		498 19 9		498 19 9
113	Biloela Reformatory for Girls, Parramatta River .....		18 13 10		18 13 10
	Carried forward .....	£ 1,933 12 3	13,324 15 6	8,401 12 1	23,659 19 10
	Carried forward .....	£ 1 8 3	418 18 9	5,064 3 1	5,484 10 1

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1871—continued.</b>					
	Brought forward.....	1 8 3	418 18 9	5,064 3 1	5,484 10 1
<b>No. III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.</b>					
	Brought forward.....	1,933 12 3	13,324 15 6	8,401 12 1	23,659 19 10
<b>CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS—</b>					
114	Inspector of Public Charities, &c. ....	1 11 8			1 11 8
115	Protestant Orphan School.....		199 9 11		199 9 11
116	Roman Catholic Orphan School .....	90 10 0	264 19 2		355 9 2
117	Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute.....		1,069 17 1		1,069 17 1
<b>CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES—</b>					
118	For the support of Paupers in Colonial Hospitals .....			243 3 8	
119	Salaries of Lady Superintendent and five Nursing Sisters..			482 0 0	
121	For the support of Women and Children in the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney .....			737 0 0	
122	Benevolent Society, Sydney, an equal amount having been raised by private contributions.....			113 5 2	
123	In aid of the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick, £2,000 having been raised by private contributions, as required .....			333 6 8	
124	For the support of Infants removed from the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney, to the Asylum for Destitute Children, Randwick .....			367 15 2	
126	Temperance Alliance, in consideration of aid given to destitute persons, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions .....			200 0 0	
	In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, in the proportion of £1 to every £2 raised by private contributions, viz. :—				
127.	Albury Hospital and Benevolent Society .....			85 5 5	
130	West Maitland Benevolent Society .....			100 0 0	
131	Narrabri Benevolent Asylum and Hospital .....			100 0 0	
132	Parramatta Benevolent Society .....			9 15 8	
134	Singleton and Patrick's Plains Benevolent Society .....			171 1 2	
135	Tamworth Benevolent Society .....			75 0 0	
137	The Hospital, Araluen .....			45 9 9	5,132 0 8
138	Armidale and New England .....			86 8 0	
139	Bathurst .....			269 12 9	
140	Braidwood .....			5 3 9	
142	Carcoar .....			100 0 0	
144	Deniliquin .....			135 19 6	
145	Dubbo .....			94 6 6	
146	Forbes .....			100 0 0	
147	Goulburn.....			43 19 0	
149	Grenfell .....			52 12 6	
151	Hay .....			75 5 4	
153	Maitland .....			300 0 0	
156	Murrumbidgee .....			63 11 3	
157	Musclebrook .....			65 13 3	
158	Newcastle .....			100 0 0	
160	Parramatta .....			85 1 10	
162	Port Stephens .....			13 4 3	
163	Queanbeyan.....			40 6 4	
164	Sofala .....			26 7 6	
165	Tenterfield .....			26 2 9	
166	Wagga Wagga .....			150 0 0	
167	Wellington .....			33 13 0	
169	Wollongong.....			45 15 5	
170	Yass .....			67 2 1	
171	Young .....			88 13 0	
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>					
175	Expense of Copying and Printing the Electoral Lists .....			34 19 0	
176	Newspapers and Almanacs .....			8 11 0	
177	Burial of Destitute Persons in cases where Inquests have not been held .....			37 16 9	
178	Maintenance of Deserted Children, Paupers taken charge of for protection, expenses of transmission, &c.....			15 8 6	
179	Fees for examining Lunatics.....			149 12 6	2,267 18 11
181	Rent of furnished House for the Commodore commanding the Naval Squadron on this Station .....			77 5 8	
182	Expense of taking the Census of the Population of the Colony .....			1,644 5 6	
	In aid of the Expedition to observe the Total Eclipse of the Sun .....			300 0 0	
	<b>TOTAL, COLONIAL SECRETARY.....£</b>	<b>2,025 13 11</b>	<b>14,859 1 8</b>	<b>15,801 11 8</b>	<b>32,686 7 3</b>
	Carried forward.....£	-2,027 2 2	15,278 0 5	20,865 14 9	38,170 17 4

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1871—continued.</b>		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward.....	2,027 2 2	15,278 0 5	20,865 14 9	38,170 17 4
<b>No. IV.—Administration of Justice.</b>					
190	SUPREME AND CIRCUIT COURTS .....		2 10 6		2 10 6
193	DISTRICT COURTS—				
	Metropolitan and Coast District .....	11 10 8			} 770 15 10
	Southern District .....	208 5 10			
	South-western District .....	197 10 0			
	Western District.....	92 18 4			
	Northern District .....	148 4 2			
	Contingencies generally .....		112 6 10		
194	QUARTER SESSIONS .....	1 5 8			1 5 8
195	PETTY SESSIONS .....	100 7 10	1,044 5 6		1,144 13 4
196	CORONERS' INQUESTS .....	1 17 10	308 4 11		310 2 9
	TOTAL, ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.....£	762 0 4	1,467 7 9		2,229 8 1
<b>No. V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.</b>					
200	TREASURY .....	27 2 0	244 6 6		271 8 6
201	STAMP DUTIES .....		57 2 1		57 2 1
202	CUSTOMS.....	218 1 10	779 2 5		997 4 3
203	COLONIAL DISTILLERIES AND REFINERIES .....	1 15 1	0 13 0		2 8 1
204	GOLD RECEIVERS .....			137 5 2	137 5 2
205	GOLD AND ESCORT .....			1,467 7 0	1,467 7 0
206	PRINTING, BOOKBINDING, STAMPS, AND RAILWAY TICKETS...	7 3 5	32 4 8		39 8 1
207	STORES AND STATIONERY—				
	Departmental Expenses.....	2 3 2			} 3,505 18 11
	Conveyance of Stores .....			166 8 0	
	Packing and other Expenses.....			2 3 6	
	Stores and Stationery for the Public Service generally.....			3,008 4 2	
	Fuel and Light for Departments within the District of Sydney .....			327 0 1	
208	COLONIAL MILITARY STORE AND GUNPOWDER MAGAZINES—				
	Goat Island Magazine .....	0 12 8	25 10 9		26 3 5
209	Spectacle Island Magazine .....	0 17 5	23 5 6		24 2 11
210	HEALTH AND EMIGRATION OFFICERS .....	53 17 9	4 17 6		58 15 3
211	QUARANTINE .....	0 9 9	2 4 3		2 14 0
212	SHIPPING MASTERS .....	16 0 3	1 11 0		17 11 3
213	GLEBE ISLAND ABATTOIR .....		28 18 3		28 18 3
<b>HARBOURS, LIGHT-HOUSES, AND PILOT DEPARTMENT—</b>					
214	Superintendent .....	2 0 1			} 1,822 2 9
215	Steam Navigation and Pilot Boards.....	82 10 2			
216	Harbour Masters .....	5 12 8			
217	Colonial Light-houses .....	4 2 3			
218	Sea and River Pilots .....	9 3 11			
219	Boatmen .....	0 9 9			
220	Telegraph Stations .....	19 2 8			
221	Australian Coast Light-houses .....			1,381 12 5	
222	Contingencies generally .....		317 8 10		
223	LIFE-BOATS .....			54 0 0	54 0 0
	Carried forward.....£	451 4 10	1,517 4 9	6,544 0 4	8,512 9 11
	Carried forward.....£	2,789 2 6	16,745 8 2	20,865 14 9	40,400 5 5

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.		TOTAL PAYMENTS.	
		Salaries.	Contingencies.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1871—continued.</b>						
	Brought forward.....	2,789 2 6	16,745 8 2	20,865 14 9		40,400 5 5	
	<b>No. V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.</b>						
	Brought forward.....	451 4 10	1,517 4 9	6,544 0 4		8,512 9 11	
	<b>MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES—</b>						
224	Postage of the various Public Departments .....			1,886 2 4			
225	Advertising for the Public Service generally .....			472 11 3			
226	For the transmission of Public Telegraphic Messages .....			39 6 4			
227	Duty Stamps for the Public Service generally .....			228 11 4			
228	Commission on Payments in England by the Government Financial Agents (one-half per cent.) .....			1,262 17 1			
229	Exchange on remittances within and beyond the Colony .....			2,364 17 6			
231	Expense of carrying on the Inner Waters and Coast Surveys .....			107 13 0			
232	Allowance for Postage and Stationery to Clerks of Petty Sessions, Land Agents, and Registrars of District Courts .....			666 16 9		17,807 18 8	
	Interest on Advances by the London Branch of the Bank of New South Wales, pending the realization of Debentures .....			898 16 11			
242	Warlike Stores .....			9,082 15 10			
236	Buoys and Beacons for the Clarence River .....			549 11 4			
237	Position Lights at the Tweed River, and at Nelson's Bay, Port Stephens .....			297 19 0			
	Payments out of the Vote for unforeseen expenses:—						
	Cost of Photographing Public Buildings .....			21 4 6			
	Postage and other charges in England connected with the Government Agencies .....			133 19 11			
	Provisions, &c., supplied to shipwrecked crew of the barque "Catherine" .....			25 8 9			
235	Rescuing shipwrecked crew of the "Delhi" .....			25 2 0		704 8 8	
	Provisions supplied to shipwrecked crew of the ketch "Tim Whiffler" .....			2 4 0			
	Travelling expenses of the Honorable the Attorney General, the Honorable the Treasurer, and the Honorable the Postmaster General, as Delegates to the Melbourne Conference, 1871 .....			496 9 6			
244	ADVANCE TO TREASURER—Amount transferred to Trust Fund Account, to enable the Treasurer to make advances to Public Officers and others, and on account of other Governments; the whole amount to be adjusted not later than 31st December, 1872 .....			15,000 0 0		15,000 0 0	
	<b>TOTAL, TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE</b>	<b>451 4 10</b>	<b>1,517 4 9</b>	<b>40,056 7 8</b>		<b>42,024 17 3</b>	
	<b>No. VI.—Secretary for Lands.</b>						
245	DEPARTMENT OF LANDS .....	356 4 5	26 16 6			383 0 11	
246	SURVEY OF LANDS .....	491 13 7	9,627 5 7			10,118 19 2	
247	RENT OF ADDITIONAL OFFICES FOR LAND DEPARTMENTS .....			45 0 0			
	COMMISSION TO LAND AGENTS, APPRAISERS, AND OTHERS .....			3,410 2 4		3,455 2 4	
248	OCCUPATION OF LANDS .....		193 17 6			193 17 6	
249	GOLD FIELDS .....	152 8 4	213 15 0			366 3 4	
250	PREVENTION OF SCAB IN SHEEP .....	1,059 9 0	67 6 5			1,126 15 5	
251	INSPECTION OF CATTLE .....	22 8 4	0 8 4			22 16 8	
252	COAL FIELDS .....	70 0 0	76 9 6			146 9 6	
253	BOTANIC GARDENS .....		213 3 5			213 3 5	
254	GOVERNMENT DOMAINS AND HYDE PARK .....		270 11 0			270 11 0	
	<b>MINOR ROADS—</b>						
256	Expense of Fencing Public Roads proclaimed through enclosed lands .....			310 11 6		310 11 6	
	Carried forward .....	£ 2,152 3 8	10,689 13 3	3,765 13 10		16,607 10 9	
	Carried forward .....	£ 3,240 7 4	18,262 12 11	60,922 2 5		82,425 2 8	



## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1871—continued.</b>					
	Brought forward.....	3,240 7 4	18,262 12 11	60,922 2 5	82,425 2 8
<b>No. VI.—Secretary for Lands—continued.</b>					
	Brought forward.....	2,152 3 8	10,689 13 3	3,765 13 10	16,607 10 9
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>					
258	Preservation of the Caves, Fish River.....			10 0 0	}
259	Preservation of the Wombecian Caves.....			6 5 0	
260	Fencing Public Cemeteries.....			160 0 0	
.....	Forming and Metalling the Footpaths and Carriage-drive, and cost of Tiling a certain portion of the Footpath, from the Principal Entrance Gate to Government House.....			233 2 9	
264	Completion of the Boundary-line between Victoria and New South Wales.....			1,000 0 0	1,441 17 9
266	Compensation to Mr. Rayner for loss sustained by him through the issue to Henry Hall of an erroneous Deed of Grant of Land, on which Deed Mr. Rayner had advanced money to Henry Hall.....			27 10 0	}
267	Interest, at 5 per cent. per annum on above, from 5th September, 1868, to 30th June, 1870.....			2 10 0	
269	Additional provision for Salaried Surveying Staff—Equipment Allowance.....			2 10 0	
	<b>TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR LANDS</b> ..... £	2,152 3 8	10,689 13 3	5,207 11 7	18,049 8 6
<b>No. VII.—Secretary for Public Works.</b>					
273	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.....		176 5 0		176 5 0
<b>RAILWAYS—</b>					
274	General Establishment.....	5 18 10			}
275	Works in Progress.....	18 6 8	1 8 3		
276	Existing Lines—Working Expenses.....			12,293 12 10	
	<b>HARBOURS AND RIVER NAVIGATION—</b>				}
279	Engineer's Department.....		18 0 2		
280	Steam Dredge "Hunter".....		17 11 3		
281	Steam Dredge "Hercules".....		95 4 6		
282	Steam Dredge "Pluto".....	126 4 3	31 15 6		
283	Steam Dredge "Vulcan".....		325 12 0		
284	Steam Dredge "Samson".....	3 17 10	391 2 5		
285	Steam Dredge "Fitz Roy".....		416 0 7		
<b>PUBLIC WORKS—</b>					
286	Bell Buoy, Big Ben Rock.....			271 0 0	}
287	Removing Obstructions, Richmond River.....			200 0 0	
288	Replanking—where required—Glebe Island Bridge, Circular Quay, Newcastle Wharf, and repairing Dunmore Bridge and West Maitland River Embankment.....			2,659 12 9	}
289	Buoys and Beacon for the Hunter River.....			174 0 4	
290	Lighting Lamps, Newcastle Wharf.....			30 0 0	
293	Landing Silt from Dredge, and forming ground.....			424 7 10	
294	Incidental Repairs to Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works.....			369 1 3	
296	COLONIAL ARCHITECT.....		140 19 2		140 19 2
<b>PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS—</b>					
297	Ordinary Repairs, Alterations, and Additions to Public Buildings generally.....			3,334 19 0	}
298	Furniture and Fittings for Public Offices generally.....			660 15 5	
299	Repairs to Military and Volunteer Buildings.....			556 3 9	
300	Lighting Lamps, &c., Victoria Barracks.....			11 7 7	
301	Lighting Government Lamps in Streets of Sydney and Domain.....			160 0 0	
302	Buildings and other materials for completion or repair of Gaols and other Public Buildings, by the labour of Prisoners in Gaol.....			610 2 3	
303	Additions, Sydney Gaol.....			576 5 8	
304	Police Buildings.....			304 14 0	
305	Gaols, Court Houses, and Lock-ups.....			4,251 7 8	
306	Coffins for Paupers.....			20 7 8	
307	Furniture for, and repair of, Telegraph Stations.....			28 19 0	
309	Additions and Materials to the New Gaol at Maitland.....			197 7 11	
311	Repairs to Roman Catholic Orphan School.....			870 16 7	
312	Preparing ground and planting at Public Buildings.....			3 6 0	
313	Cottages, Spectacle Island.....			683 18 0	
.....	Repairs and Alterations to Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta.....			376 10 8	
.....	Repairs and Alterations to Asylum for Imbeciles and Idiots, Newcastle.....			746 10 1	
	Carried forward.....	154 7 7	1,613 18 10	29,815 6 3	31,583 12 8
	Carried forward.....	5,392 11 0	28,952 6 2	66,129 14 0	100,474 11 2

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1871—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	5,392 11 0	28,952 6 2	66,129 14 0	100,474 11 2
	<b>No. VIII.—Secretary for Public Works—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	154 7 7	1,613 18 10	29,815 6 3	31,583 12 8
314	ROADS AND BRIDGES— General Establishment .....		17 11 4		17 11 4
316	CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE— Main Northern Road.....			52 19 3	52 19 3
	OTHER ROADS AND BRIDGES—				
319	Road, Clarence River to Great Northern Road.....			2,164 4 2	
321	Tolls.....			5 3 0	
	Minor Roads:—				
322	Northern Districts.....			4,514 19 4	
323	Western Districts.....			2,108 11 5	
324	Southern Districts.....			3,463 8 11	
325	Contingent Works on Minor Roads, Punts, and Approaches.....			45 9 5	
326	Repair of and Painting Bridges.....			12 7 8	
	Constructing and Repairing Toll-bars.....			2 17 0	
	Tolls collected at the Grafton Punt, to be expended in Maintenance and Repair of the Punt and Approaches.....			105 10 3	
328	Approaches to Punt at Balranald.....			6 8 8	
329	Bridge, Mooki River.....			356 16 0	
330	Flood Repairs, Wentworth.....			320 13 6	
331	Repairs to Road through Town of Young.....			444 3 4	
332	Bridges over Castle's and Fisher's Creeks, near Burrowa.....			190 11 3	
	Rent of the Toll-bar on the Mudbank and Bunnerong Road, refunded to the Trustees.....			294 0 0	
	Rent of the Windsor Ferry, refunded to the Trustees.....			191 13 4	23,326 6 6
	Main Southern Road Tolls.....			351 11 6	
	Main Northern Road Tolls.....			656 0 3	
335	Further Improvement of Roads, Araluen to Moruya, and in vicinity of Araluen generally, to employ flooded-out Labourers.....			15 7 11	
336	Bridge at Narawalla, on Road Ulladulla to Shoalhaven.....			4 6 8	
337	Bridge over Cockfighter's Creek.....			952 8 9	
338	Tanks on "Death Track," Willandra to Darling.....			1,942 10 2	
327	Main Street and Telegraph Office, Murrurundi.....			6 7 3	
239	Minor Roads.....			34 12 0	
	Roads under Trustees:—				
	Northern.....			1,411 0 1	
340	Western.....			1,520 13 0	
	Southern.....			1,497 10 0	
341	Unclassified Roads.....			48 15 0	
342	Improvement of the Colo and Wheeny Creek Road.....			408 6 8	
343	Construction of Bridge, Eastern Creek.....			250 0 0	
348	FITZ ROY DOCK.....		125 3 10		125 3 10
	ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS—				
346	Repairs of Line, Penrith to Bathurst.....			109 9 6	
347	Main Street and Telegraph Office, Murrurundi.....			600 0 0	709 9 6
	MISCELLANEOUS—				
349	Attending to the lighting and extinguishing of the Gas, &c., in the Parliamentary Buildings.....			35 0 0	35 0 0
	TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.....	154 7 7	1,756 14 0	53,939 1 6	55,850 3 1
	<b>No. VIII.—Postmaster General.</b>				
350	POST OFFICE.....	2,368 2 8	378 12 9		2,746 15 5
	CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.....			16,350 16 3	16,350 16 3
352	STREAM POSTAL COMMUNICATION WITH GREAT BRITAIN <i>via</i> SAN FRANCISCO.....			2,307 13 10	2,307 13 10
351	MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.....		364 3 4		364 3 4
353	GOVERNMENT SAVINGS' BANK.....	1 17 11			1 17 11
354	ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.....	165 8 7	2,214 15 6		2,380 4 1
	TOTAL, POSTMASTER GENERAL.....	2,535 9 2	2,957 11 7	18,658 10 1	24,151 10 10
	<b>No. IX.—Unclassified Expenditure.</b>				
	INTEREST ON DEBENTURES.....			4,813 15 2	4,813 15 2
	ENDOWMENT OF THE AFFILIATED COLLEGES, 18 VIC., No. 37.....			83 6 8	83 6 8
	SYDNEY FEMALE SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY, 34 VICT. No. 35.....			3,900 0 0	3,900 0 0
	PAYMENTS UNDER THE CATTLE DISEASE PREVENTION ACT.....			210 0 0	210 0 0
	TOTAL, UNCLASSIFIED EXPENDITURE.....			9,007 1 10	9,007 1 10
	TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1871.....	8,082 7 9	33,666 11 9	147,734 7 5	189,483 6 11

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872.</b>					
<b>No. F.—Schedules to Imperial Act 8 and 9 Victoria, cap. 54.</b>					
	SCHEDULE A.....			18,873 11 6	18,873 11 6
	SCHEDULE B—				
	Pensions to retired Judges .....			2,100 0 0	} 7,633 11 4
	Pensions to retired Political Officers .....			3,437 15 6	
	Pensions to Superannuated Officers and others .....			2,095 15 10	
	SCHEDULE C—				
	Church of England .....			10,459 3 11	} 19,253 6 3
	Roman Catholic Church .....			5,487 10 0	
	Presbyterian Church .....			1,822 11 3	
	Wesleyan Methodist Church .....			1,484 1 1	
	TOTAL, SCHEDULES A, B, AND C.....£			45,760 9 1	45,760 9 1
<b>SUPPLEMENTS TO SCHEDULES A AND B.</b>					
	SCHEDULE A—				
	Chief Justice .....			600 0 0	} 3,841 1 3
	Puisne Judges.....			3,000 0 0	
	Colonial Treasurer .....			241 1 3	
1	SCHEDULE B—				
	Pensions to Superannuated Officers and others .....			1,638 0 0	1,638 0 0
	TOTAL, SUPPLEMENTS TO SCHEDULES A AND B.....£			5,479 1 3	5,479 1 3
<b>No. H.—Executive and Legislative.</b>					
2	HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR .....	538 5 0	196 5 8		734 10 8
3	THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL .....	688 19 10	8 13 6		697 13 4
4	THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL .....	5,138 0 0	35 0 0		5,173 0 0
5	THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY .....	5,682 14 1	1,125 5 3		6,807 19 4
6	THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AND ASSEMBLY .....	1,170 10 4	32 5 0		1,202 15 4
7	THE PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY.....	677 0 0	216 17 0		893 17 0
	TOTAL, EXECUTIVE AND LEGISLATIVE.....£	13,895 9 3	1,614 6 5		15,509 15 8
<b>No. III.—Colonial Secretary.</b>					
8	COLONIAL SECRETARY .....	3,833 0 2	177 18 10		4,010 19 0
9	PERMANENT MILITARY FORCE .....	15,042 15 8	3,356 8 4		18,399 4 0
	COMPENSATION TO THE MEMBERS OF THE INFANTRY FORCE FOR LOSS OF SERVICE .....			3,661 10 6	3,661 10 6
10	VOLUNTEERS .....	3,328 3 6	4,476 2 10		7,804 6 4
11	NAVAL BRIGADE .....	3,665 10 0	214 12 0		3,880 2 0
	POLICE—				
12	Inspector General .....	2,170 13 2			} 119,177 0 3
	Constabulary .....	93,157 9 4			
	Contingencies generally.....		23,848 17 9		
13	PETTY SESSIONS .....	31,687 4 1	2,676 10 2		34,363 14 3
	GAOLS—				
14	Gaoi, Sydney .....	1,477 9 9			1,477 9 9
15	Parramatta .....	746 0 0			746 0 0
16	Bathurst .....	393 0 0			393 0 0
17	Maitland .....	404 19 9			404 19 9
	Carried forward.....£	155,906 5 5	34,750 9 11	3,661 10 6	194,318 5 10
	Carried forward.....£	13,895 9 3	1,614 6 5	51,239 10 4	66,749 6 0

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward .....	13,895 9 3	1,614 6 5	51,239 10 4	66,749 6 0
	<b>No. XXX.—Colonial Secretary—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward .....	155,906 5 5	34,750 9 11	3,661 10 6	194,318 5 10
	<b>GAOLS—continued—</b>				
	Gaol, Goulburn .....	393 0 0	.....	.....	393 0 0
18	Berrima .....	641 9 5	.....	.....	641 9 5
19	Albury .....	157 0 0	.....	.....	157 0 0
20	Braidwood .....	157 0 0	.....	.....	157 0 0
21	Mudgee .....	157 0 0	.....	.....	157 0 0
22	Wollongong .....	145 6 8	.....	.....	145 6 8
23	Armidale .....	156 10 10	.....	.....	156 10 10
24	Wagga Wagga .....	157 0 0	.....	.....	157 0 0
25	Yass .....	167 0 0	.....	.....	167 0 0
26	Deniliquin .....	157 0 0	.....	.....	157 0 0
27	Port Macquarie .....	442 15 0	.....	.....	442 15 0
28	Police Gaols, Country Districts .....	327 10 0	.....	.....	327 10 0
30	Gaols generally—				
	Warders, Overseers, Foremen, and others .....	23,379 16 8	.....	.....	.....
	Books for Prison Libraries .....	.....	.....	120 0 0	.....
	Conveyance of Prisoners .....	.....	.....	778 13 7	.....
	Gratuities to Prisoners on their discharge from Gaol .....	.....	.....	833 6 8	.....
	Materials, &c., for employment of Prisoners in Gaol .....	.....	.....	1,494 13 2	.....
31	Photographing in Prisons .....	.....	.....	25 0 0	.....
	Unforeseen Expenses .....	.....	.....	136 13 9	39,478 8 6
	Provisions, Medical Comforts, Medicines, and Surgical Instruments, Fuel, Light, and Water, Incidental Expenses, Removal of Night-soil, and Allowance in lieu of Quarters, for all Gaols, and Lock-ups proclaimed Gaols .....	.....	.....	12,710 4 8	.....
	<b>LUNATIC ASYLUMS—</b>				
32	Board of Visitors .....	.....	.....	262 10 0	262 10 0
33	Hospital for the Insane, Gladesville .....	5,252 18 3	6,923 12 9	.....	12,176 11 0
34	Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta .....	5,164 12 6	7,384 10 1	.....	12,549 2 7
35	Lunatic Reception House, Darlinghurst .....	424 0 0	365 12 9	.....	789 12 9
36	Asylum for Imbeciles and Institution for Idiots, Newcastle .....	1,043 11 7	1,978 12 7	.....	3,022 4 2
37	Lunatic Patients .....	.....	.....	1,906 6 8	1,906 6 8
38	<b>MEDICAL BOARD—CLERK</b> .....	33 0 0	.....	.....	33 0 0
39	<b>MEDICAL ADVISER, VACCINATION, MEDICAL OFFICERS, &amp;c.</b> .....	.....	.....	5,491 2 11	5,491 2 11
40	<b>AUDITOR GENERAL</b> .....	4,001 9 3	421 6 2	.....	4,422 15 5
41	<b>REGISTRAR GENERAL</b> .....	8,404 6 8	2,908 11 1	.....	11,312 17 9
42	<b>AGENT GENERAL FOR THE COLONY</b> .....	750 0 0	450 0 0	.....	1,200 0 0
43	<b>OBSERVATORY</b> .....	1,125 0 0	366 10 11	.....	1,491 19 11
44	<b>MUSEUM—CURATOR</b> .....	475 0 0	.....	.....	475 0 0
45	<b>PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, UNDER 30 VIC. NO. 22</b> .....	.....	.....	110,000 0 0	110,000 0 0
46	<b>FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY</b> .....	1,054 0 0	1,384 18 8	.....	2,438 18 8
	<b>GRANTS IN AID OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS—</b>				
47	Australian Museum—Supplement to the present Annual Endowment of £1,000 .....	.....	.....	200 0 0	.....
	In aid of the following Educational Institutions, in the proportion of £1 to every £3 raised by private contributions, viz:—				
57	Berrima School of Arts .....	.....	.....	25 0 0	.....
58	Braidwood Literary Institute .....	.....	.....	50 0 0	.....
79	Milton School of Arts .....	.....	.....	10 0 0	.....
82	Mudgee School of Arts .....	.....	.....	50 0 0	.....
98	Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts .....	.....	.....	100 0 0	.....
105	Wagga Wagga Mechanics' Institute .....	.....	.....	25 0 0	.....
106	Warratah School of Arts .....	.....	.....	12 18 0	472 18 0
	<b>INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS—</b>				
118	Nautical School Ship "Vernon" .....	1,475 19 10	1,706 10 5	.....	3,182 10 3
119	Biloela Industrial School for Girls, Parramatta River .....	759 5 0	1,665 7 10	.....	2,424 12 10
120	Biloela Reformatory for Girls, Parramatta River .....	182 0 0	62 16 6	.....	244 16 6
	Carried forward .....	£ 212,489 17 1	60,369 8 8	137,892 19 11	410,752 5 8
	Carried forward .....	£ 13,895 9 3	1,614 6 5	51,239 10 4	66,749 6 0

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.				
		Salaries.	Contingencies.						
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>		£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
	Brought forward.....	13,895	9 3	1,614	6 5	51,239	10 4	66,749	6 0
<b>No. XXX.—Colonial Secretary—continued.</b>									
	Brought forward.....	212,489	17 1	60,369	8 8	137,892	19 11	410,752	5 8
<b>CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS—</b>									
121	Inspector of Public Charities, &c.....	475	0 0	12	1 9			487	1 9
122	Protestant Orphan School.....	988	3 1	1,357	4 9			2,345	7 10
123	Roman Catholic Orphan School.....	973	0 4	1,975	15 4			2,948	15 8
124	Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute.....	1,824	15 1	9,690	1 10			11,514	16 11
<b>CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES—</b>									
125	For the support of Paupers in Colonial Hospitals.....					4,446	13 6		
127	In aid of the Sydney Infirmary and Dispensary, an equal amount having been raised by private contributions.....					1,965	8 6		
128	For the support of Women and Children in the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney.....					2,422	10 0		
129	Benevolent Society, Sydney, an equal amount having been raised by private contributions.....					500	0 0		
130	In aid of the Asylum for Destitute Children at Randwick, £2,000 having been raised by private contributions, as required.....					3,666	13 4		
131	For the support of Infants removed from the Benevolent Asylum, Sydney, to the Asylum for Destitute Children, Randwick.....					3,812	18 8		
132	In aid of the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Institution, an equal amount having been raised by private contributions.....					450	0 0		
133	Temperance Alliance, in consideration of aid to destitute persons, an equal amount having been raised by private contributions.....					200	0 0		
	In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, an equal amount having been raised by private contributions, viz. :—							20,582	7 6
134	Albury Hospital and Benevolent Society.....					364	0 4		
144	The Hospital, Armidale and New England.....					150	0 0		
	Bathurst.....					159	8 0		
146	Braidwood.....					100	0 0		
148	Carcoar.....					100	0 0		
150	Deniliquin.....					240	5 8		
153	Goulburn.....					129	9 6		
154	Grafton.....					150	0 0		
155	Grenfell.....					100	0 0		
156	Gulgong.....					500	0 0		
158	Hay.....					250	0 0		
163	Mudgee.....					150	0 0		
167	Orange.....					125	0 0		
176	Windsor.....					100	0 0		
180	In aid of outfit for Maitland Hospital.....					300	0 0		
181	In aid of the erection of Hospital at Scone.....					200	0 0		
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>									
136	Municipal Council, Sydney—in aid of the City Funds.....					10,000	0 0		
187	Almanacs for Country Benches of Magistrates.....					39	7 11		
188	Expenses of the Returning Officers of Electoral Districts.....					6,688	7 2		
190	Expense of Copying and Printing the Electoral Lists.....					1,034	18 3		
191	Newspapers and Almanacs.....					9	2 0		
192	Burial of destitute persons in cases where Inquests have not been held.....					184	4 0		
193	Maintenance of Deserted Children, Paupers taken charge of for protection, expenses of transmission, &c.....					72	16 6		
194	Fees for examining Lunatics.....					167	9 6		
195	Rewards for apprehension of Offenders.....					400	0 0		
196	Rent of furnished House for the Commodore commanding the Naval Squadron on this Station.....					416	13 4		
198	Further sum to cover the expense incurred for Exhibits at the London Exhibition of 1871.....					250	0 0		
199	Moiety of the Expenses of Special Audit, Borough of Newcastle.....					373	16 0		
200	Gratuity and compensation for loss of office to James Green, late Gaoler at Bathurst.....					150	0 0		
201	Expense of the Expedition for the recovery of missing persons wrecked in the "Maria," whilst on a voyage to New Guinea.....					776	0 0		
	<b>TOTAL, COLONIAL SECRETARY.....</b>	<b>216,750</b>	<b>15 7</b>	<b>73,404</b>	<b>12 4</b>	<b>179,088</b>	<b>2 1</b>	<b>469,193</b>	<b>10 0</b>
	Carried forward.....	230,646	4 10	75,018	18 9	230,277	12 5	535,942	16 0

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward.....	230,646 4 10	75,018 18 9	230,277 12 5	535,942 16 0
	<b>No. IV.—Administration of Justice.</b>				
203	ATTORNEY GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT .....	4,302 13 8	1,695 19 4	.....	5,998 13 0
204	SUPREME AND CIRCUIT COURTS .....	5,346 9 5	5,395 7 1	.....	10,741 16 6
205	SHERIFF .....	4,721 11 4	2,970 13 11	.....	7,692 5 3
206	INSOLVENT COURT .....	1,282 19 11	.....	.....	1,282 19 11
207	DISTRICT COURTS—				
	Metropolitan and Coast District .....	3,054 13 2	.....	.....	} 7,897 0 8
	Southern District .....	883 2 1	.....	.....	
	South-western District .....	566 14 6	.....	.....	
	Western District .....	524 14 8	.....	.....	
	Northern District .....	667 6 11	.....	.....	
	Contingencies generally .....	.....	2,200 9 4	.....	
208	QUARTER SESSIONS .....	3,726 0 0	8,200 2 5	.....	11,926 2 5
209	CORONERS' INQUESTS .....	574 0 0	1,641 10 11	.....	2,215 10 11
210	MISCELLANEOUS—				
	Mrs. Mary Fogg—Money taken under confiscation of her husband's property, but forming part of her separate estate, according to Report of a Select Committee of the Legislative Assembly .....	.....	.....	1,445 0 0	1,445 0 0
	TOTAL, ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE .....	£ 25,650 5 8	£ 22,104 3 0	1,445 0 0	49,199 8 8
	<b>No. V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.</b>				
213	TREASURY .....	8,287 4 8	777 7 2	.....	9,064 11 10
214	STAMP DUTIES .....	1,484 0 0	198 4 7	.....	1,682 4 7
215	CUSTOMS .....	22,101 7 4	5,803 0 0	.....	27,904 7 4
216	COLONIAL DISTILLERIES AND REFINERIES .....	2,576 10 0	115 4 7	.....	2,691 14 7
217	GOLD RECEIVERS .....	.....	.....	130 16 8	130 16 8
218	GOLD AND ESCORT .....	.....	.....	3,198 13 9	3,198 13 9
219	PRINTING, BOOKBINDING, STAMPS, AND RAILWAY TICKETS.....	20,089 9 8	350 13 3	.....	20,440 2 11
220	STORES AND STATIONERY—				
	Departmental Expenses.....	909 17 2	.....	.....	} 44,951 1 0
	Conveyance of Stores .....	.....	.....	570 13 3	
	Packing and other Expenses.....	.....	.....	13 15 0	
	Stores and Stationery for the Public Service generally.....	.....	.....	41,949 6 6	
	Fuel and Light for Departments within the District of Sydney.....	.....	.....	1,507 9 1	
221	COLONIAL MILITARY STORE AND GUNPOWDER MAGAZINES.....	842 15 7	1,639 14 9	.....	2,482 10 4
222	HEALTH AND EMIGRATION OFFICERS .....	641 0 5	39 0 0	.....	680 0 5
223	QUARANTINE .....	292 0 0	197 15 9	.....	489 15 9
224	SHIPPING MASTERS .....	1,436 10 0	3 14 0	.....	1,440 4 0
225	GLEBE ISLAND ABATTOIR .....	652 13 4	202 9 7	.....	855 2 11
	Carried forward .....	£ 59,313 8 2	9,327 3 8	47,370 14 3	116,011 6 1
	Carried forward .....	£ 256,296 10 6	97,123 1 9	231,722 12 5	585,142 4 8

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	256,296 10 6	97,123 1 9	231,722 12 5	585,142 4 8
	<b>No. 5.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	59,313 8 2	9,327 3 8	47,370 14 3	116,011 6 1
	<b>HARBOURS, LIGHT-HOUSES, AND PILOT DEPARTMENT—</b>				
	Superintendent of Pilots, Light-houses, and Harbours .....	150 0 0	.....	.....	} 21,942 14 8
226	Marine Board .....	1,939 3 3	.....	.....	
227	Steam Navigation and Pilot Boards.....	249 0 0	.....	.....	
228	Harbour Masters .....	1,672 3 4	.....	.....	
229	Colonial Light-houses .....	2,919 7 4	.....	.....	
230	Sea and River Pilots .....	6,655 12 2	.....	.....	
231	Boatmen .....	6,836 14 7	.....	.....	
232	Telegraph Stations.....	639 7 9	.....	.....	
233	Contingencies generally.....	.....	881 6 3	.....	
235					
236	LIFE-BOATS .....	.....	.....	242 0 0	242 0 0
	<b>MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES—</b>				
237	Postage of the various Public Departments .....	.....	.....	5,620 0 5	} 21,752 10 1
238	Advertising for the Public Service generally .....	.....	.....	2,137 11 5	
239	For the transmission of Public Telegraphic Messages .....	.....	.....	5,000 0 0	
240	Duty Stamps for the Public Service generally .....	.....	.....	499 11 0	
241	Commission on Payments in England by the Government Financial Agents (one-half per cent) .....	.....	.....	1,856 1 7	
242	Exchange on Remittances within and beyond the Colony.....	.....	.....	2,496 12 6	
243	Cost of the Queen's Plate, which was run for at Randwick .....	.....	.....	200 0 0	
244	Expense of carrying on the Inner Waters and Coast Surveys .....	.....	.....	1,292 1 9	
246	Allowance for Postage and Stationery to Clerks of Petty Sessions, Land Agents, and Registrars of District Courts .....	.....	.....	695 18 0	
249	Gratuity to the widow of the late Pilot Jenkins, being at the average rate of one month's pay for each year of his service .....	.....	.....	466 0 0	
250	Balance due to the Imperial Government for Warlike Stores .....	.....	.....	89 12 6	
252	Shrapnell Shells and Shot for the Breech-loading Armstrong Guns.....	.....	.....	1,399 0 11	
	Payments out of the Vote for Unforeseen Expenses:—				
	Postage and other charges in England connected with the Government Agencies .....	.....	.....	404 3 6	} 1,689 18 3
	Extra clerical assistance, Treasury Department.....	.....	.....	201 0 10	
	Advance to the Paymaster, Treasury, for Petty Cash Expenses, to be hereafter adjusted .....	.....	.....	200 0 0	
	Expenses of Judge under Special Commission at Circuit Court, Bathurst .....	.....	.....	157 10 0	
	Travelling Expenses of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, in the Northern and Western Districts of the Colony.....	.....	.....	109 9 10	
	Storage for Dynamite Powder .....	.....	.....	25 0 0	
	Expenses in connection with a visit of His Excellency the Governor and Suite, to the Hunter River District .....	.....	.....	102 14 6	
	Wages of Watchmen in charge of the Powder at Newcastle .....	.....	.....	70 10 0	
253	Travelling Expenses of a clerk to Inverell, to inspect the accounts of the Clerk of Petty Sessions at that place .....	.....	.....	65 0 0	
	Wages to servants employed at Government House .....	.....	.....	61 6 4	
	Counsel's Fee in the case of R. Burton v. the Postmaster, Balranald .....	.....	.....	50 0 0	
	Travelling Expenses of the Collector of Customs in connection with the Border Duties .....	.....	.....	50 0 0	
	Preliminary Expenses of the Marine Board .....	.....	.....	38 4 3	
	Commission on valuation of Furniture at the residence of the Commodore .....	.....	.....	34 10 0	
	Discharging Guns, Carriages, &c., from "Hawkesbury" .....	.....	.....	30 0 0	
	Travelling Expenses of the Government Printer to Melbourne, on Public Business.....	.....	.....	25 0 0	
	Conveyance from Levuka to Sydney, of various persons charged with kidnapping natives of the South Sea Islands .....	.....	.....	24 3 0	
	Extra Pay and Allowance to Gunners Myers and M'Combe.....	.....	.....	21 6 0	
	Cost of "Visitors' Guides, and Resources of New South Wales" .....	.....	.....	20 0 0	
	Carried forward.....	£ 80,374 16 7	10,208 9 11	71,055 2 7	161,638 9 1
	Carried forward.....	£ 256,296 10 6	97,123 1 9	231,722 12 5	585,142 4 8

## STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &amp;c.—continued.

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward.....	256,296 10 6	97,123 1 9	231,722 12 5	585,142 4 8
	<b>No. V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	80,374 16 7	10,208 9 11	71,055 2 7	161,638 9 1
	Payments out of the Vote for Unforeseen Expenses:— <i>contd.</i>				
	Allowances for overtime services to the Clerks of the Treasury, engaged in the preparation of the Statements required by the Audit Act, &c. ....			184 17 6	
253	Gratuities for extra services in connection with the Treasury Department .....			30 0 0	340 5 2
	Passages of shipwrecked seamen of schooner "Fanny Campbell" .....			13 13 0	
	Miscellaneous items .....			111 14 8	
254	TREASURER'S ADVANCE ACCOUNT—Amount advanced to Public Officers and others, and on account of other Governments, the whole amount to be adjusted not later than 31st December, 1873 .....			26,511 3 0	26,511 3 0
255	NEW SILVER COIN .....			500 0 0	500 0 0
	<b>TOTAL, TREASURER AND SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE</b> £	<b>80,374 16 7</b>	<b>10,208 9 11</b>	<b>98,406 10 9</b>	<b>188,989 17 3</b>
	<b>No. VI.—Secretary for Lands.</b>				
256	DEPARTMENT OF LANDS .....	9,886 3 0	342 10 10		10,228 13 10
257	SURVEY OF LANDS .....	32,310 5 5	36,373 0 10		68,683 6 3
258	RENT OF ADDITIONAL OFFICES FOR LAND DEPARTMENTS .....			380 0 0	
259	COMMISSION TO LAND AGENTS, APPRAISERS, AND OTHERS .....			2,844 5 7	3,224 5 7
260	OCCUPATION OF LANDS .....	7,844 8 4	1,169 16 0		9,014 4 4
261	GOLD FIELDS .....	2,270 3 8	1,026 15 6		3,296 19 2
262	PREVENTION OF SCAB IN SHEEP .....	7,848 13 0	554 0 11		8,402 13 11
263	INSPECTION OF CATTLE .....	248 13 4	4 11 8		253 5 0
264	IMPORTED STOCK .....	50 0 0	208 1 1		258 1 1
265	COAL FIELDS .....	762 8 4	261 0 0		1,023 8 4
266	BOTANIC GARDENS .....	777 0 0	2,546 4 5		3,323 4 5
267	GOVERNMENT DOMAINS AND HYDE PARK .....	244 0 0	2,246 13 3		2,490 13 3
	<b>MINOR ROADS—</b>				
268	Alignment Posts for Towns .....			78 0 0	
269	Expense of Fencing Public Roads where proclaimed through enclosed Lands.....			823 19 7	901 19 7
	<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>				
270	For the erection of Public Pounds .....			70 0 0	
271	Preservation of the Caves, Fish River .....			40 0 0	
272	Preservation of the Wombeian Caves .....			18 15 0	
273	Fencing Public Cemeteries .....			54 5 0	
274	Parramatta Park .....			100 0 0	
275	Court of Claims—Fees to the Commissioners .....			25 0 0	
276	Appraised compensation to John Thomas Saunders for loss of auction selection made by him at Musclebrook, on 18th November, 1868, and improvements thereon. ....			24 13 8	
277	Half-cost of widening Enmore Road .....			300 0 0	
279	Compensation to John Bain in respect of severance of his land by Main Southern Road .....			17 0 0	
281	Refund of Fees to the Trustees of the Necropolis, Haslem's Creek, paid into Treasury by the Secretary of the Necropolis in error .....			548 1 8	
282	Costs of legal expenses incurred in cases of ejection of illegal occupants from Crown Lands .....			150 0 0	9,371 17 10
283	Compensation to Mr. Hannan for land sold to him, which was the property of Mr. Barber .....			632 0 0	
284	Half-cost of the survey of the boundary-line between New South Wales and South Australia .....			1,103 3 9	
285	Refund to Messrs. Wentworth and Richardson, of rent and assessment paid in error on certain runs, the tenures of which have been cancelled.....			841 16 5	
287	Compensation to Messrs. Buckland and Northwood for their frontage to Woolloomooloo Bay, resumed by the Crown in the reclamation of the mud flats in that bay .....			5,447 2 4	
	Carried forward .....	£ 62,241 15 1	44,732 14 6	13,498 3 0	120,472 12 7
	Carried forward .....	£ 336,671 7 1	107,331 11 8	330,129 3 2	774,132 1 11



STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	336,671 7 1	107,331 11 8	330,129 3 2	774,132 1 11
	<b>No. VII.—Secretary for Lands—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward .....	£ 62,241 15 1	44,732 14 6	13,498 3 0	120,472 12 7
	<b>MISCELLANEOUS—continued.</b>				
	Compensation to Mr. M. J. Peden for loss of land taken for Railway purposes .....			150 0 0	} 1,314 14 4
288	Compensation to J. G. Renateau for the cancellation of his purchase of certain land at Tambaroora .....			89 19 4	
290	Thomas Slater—Claim for compensation for costs incurred by him on the cancellation of two selections at Gundagai .....			15 0 0	
292	Reward to John Thomas Saunders and Joseph Deitz for the discovery of the Gulgong Gold Fields .....			300 0 0	
293	Expenses of the Board (including Secretary's Fees) appointed to revise the Gold Fields Regulations .....			280 0 0	
295	Services for appraisements for 1871 .....			179 15 0	
296	Additional clerical assistance in connection with Mineral Leases, and for the service of the Department generally .....			300 0 0	
297	TOTAL SECRETARY FOR LANDS .....	£ 62,241 15 1	44,732 14 6	14,812 17 4	121,787 6 11
	<b>No. VIII.—Secretary for Public Works.</b>				
298	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS .....	3,307 7 1	519 11 6		3,826 18 7
	<b>RAILWAYS—</b>				
299	General Establishment .....	2,300 9 8	92 13 2		} 194,911 6 3
300	Works in Progress .....	5,765 16 7	1,443 5 6		
301	Existing Lines—Working Expenses .....			185,030 7 7	
302	Miscellaneous .....			278 13 9	
	<b>HARBOURS AND RIVER NAVIGATION—</b>				
303	Engineer's Department .....	2,731 0 0	127 5 9		} 22,640 16 3
304	Fitz Roy Dock .....	515 16 7	492 17 1		
305	Steam Dredge "Hunter" .....	1,685 0 0	1,424 10 2		
306	Steam Dredge "Hercules" .....	1,061 0 0	1,789 12 6		
307	Steam Dredge "Pluto" .....	978 6 6	1,400 0 0		
308	Steam Dredge "Vulcan" .....	1,545 2 2	1,439 12 4		
309	Steam Dredge "Samson" .....	2,537 0 0	1,840 16 2		
310	Steam Dredge "Fitz Roy" .....	982 14 1	1,149 1 1		
311	Small Dredges for Coast, Lakes, and Lagoons .....			792 1 10	
312	Expenses during the occasional employment of the "Thetis" on special services unconnected with dredging .....			149 0 0	
313	<b>PUBLIC WORKS—</b>				
	Preliminary Harbour Surveys .....			258 8 4	} 3,927 14 11
	Landing Silt from Dredge and forming Ground .....			1,001 12 8	
	Incidental Expenses to Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works .....			1,352 1 2	
	Repairs to Glebe Island Road .....			67 17 0	
	Clearing Richmond River, at Casino .....			300 0 0	
	Wharf at Gladstone, Macleay River .....			7 4 0	
	Completion of Repairs to Newcastle Wharf .....			173 5 3	
	Concreting face of Wollongong Pier .....			570 1 8	
	Cottage for Lighthouse-keeper, Ulladulla .....			94 0 0	
	Fencing Sand Hills, Newcastle .....			103 4 10	
314	COLONIAL ARCHITECT .....	4,869 12 2	427 10 3		5,297 2 5
	<b>PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS—</b>				
315	Ordinary Repairs, Alterations, and Additions to Public Buildings generally .....			11,253 6 4	} 22,666 11 7
316	Furniture and Fittings for Public Offices generally .....			2,342 9 0	
317	Repairs to Military and Volunteer Buildings .....			711 6 11	
318	Lighting Lamps, &c., Victoria Barracks .....			93 6 2	
319	Lighting Government Lamps in Streets of Sydney and Domain .....			480 0 0	
320	Building and other materials for completion or repair of Gaols and other Public Buildings, by the labour of Prisoners in Gaol .....			2,104 4 2	
321	Additions, Sydney Gaol .....			1,231 9 8	
322	Police Buildings .....			702 4 0	
323	Gaols, Court Houses, and Lock-ups .....			3,490 11 8	
324	Coffins for Paupers .....			41 4 7	
325	Furniture for, and repair of, Telegraph Stations .....			216 9 1	
	Carried forward .....	£ 28,279 4 10	12,146 15 6	212,844 9 8	253,270 10 0
	Carried forward .....	£ 398,913 2 2	152,064 6 2	344,942 0 6	895,919 8 10

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>					
	Brought forward.....	398,913 2 2	152,064 6 2	344,942 0 6	895,919 8 10
<b>No. VII.—Secretary for Public Works—continued.</b>					
	Brought forward.....	28,279 4 10	12,146 15 6	212,844 9 8	253,270 10 0
<b>PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS—continued.</b>					
326	Additions, Alterations, &c., Protestant Orphan School.....			12 16 3	} 4,731 12 3
327	Additions and Materials to the New Gaol at Maitland.....			198 15 0	
329	Repairs to Roman Catholic Orphan School.....			75 11 6	
330	Preparing ground and planting at Public Buildings.....			111 18 0	
331	Additions and alterations to Benevolent Asylum, Liverpool.....			50 8 0	
332	Additions and alterations to Benevolent Asylum, Parramatta.....			26 6 0	
333	Additions to Hospital for Insane, Gladesville.....			1,838 8 1	
334	Additions to Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta.....			188 14 10	
339	Alterations and Repairs to Parliamentary Buildings.....			2,228 14 7	
<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES—</b>					
347	General Establishment.....	1,997 11 9	531 17 4		2,529 9 1
348	Superintendence.....	3,661 0 0	1,800 0 0		5,461 0 0
<b>CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE—</b>					
349	Main Northern Road.....			9,475 18 2	} 32,859 11 6
350	Main Southern Road.....			12,364 16 4	
351	Main Western Road.....			11,018 17 0	
<b>OTHER ROADS AND BRIDGES—</b>					
352	Main Road, Grafton to Glen Innes.....			2,508 2 0	} 90,429 17 7
354	Road, Merriwa to Scone.....			500 0 0	
355	Main Road, Wallerawang to Mudgee.....			3,750 0 0	
356	Main Road, Goulburn to Queanbeyan, <i>via</i> Tarago and Bungendore.....			3,000 0 0	
	Do. Tolls.....			421 7 0	
357	Main Road, Tarago to Braidwood.....			1,390 8 9	
359	Main Road, Bathurst to Cowra.....			2,890 15 3	
361	Road, Tambaroora to Hill End.....			3,986 2 3	
362	Towards completing the metalling of the road from Campbelltown to Narellan.....			25 17 8	
363	Minor Roads:—				
	Northern Districts.....			9,842 8 4	
	Western Districts.....			3,003 9 3	
	Southern Districts.....			11,461 4 10	
364	Bridges on Road from Dubbo to Warren.....			4 6 8	
365	Contingent Works on Minor Roads not in Schedule, on Punts and Approaches, and on Approaches to Railway Stations, &c.....			3,223 14 1	
366	Repair of, and painting bridges.....			2,357 13 1	
367	Constructing and repairing toll-bars.....			582 6 11	
368	Tolls collected at the Grafton Punt, to be expended in maintenance and repair of the punt and approaches.....			894 2 0	
370	Bridge at Wallabadah.....			4 6 8	
374	Bridge at Talbragar River, Cobborah.....			3 0 0	
377	Bridge at Inverloch.....			4 6 8	
378	Bridge at Urana.....			40 10 0	
380	Bridge at Canonbar.....			4 6 8	
383	Bridge over Cockfighter's Creek.....			489 11 9	
384	Additional Approaches to Wellington Bridge.....			335 8 2	
385	Bridge over Alumny Creek, near Grafton.....			18 15 0	
387	Punt at Breewarrina.....			20 5 0	
389	Repayment of Fines on Contracts, 1869 and 1870, remitted in consequence of the heavy floods.....			722 13 7	
390	Rent of the Toll-bar on the Mudbank and Bunnerong Road, from 19th December, 1871, to 18th June, 1872, refunded to the Trustees.....			123 0 0	
<b>Roads under Trustees:—</b>					
391	Clerk.....			160 3 1	
392	Roads under Trustees:—				
	Metropolitan.....			1,614 0 0	
	Northern.....			12,484 7 2	
	Western.....			8,694 0 0	
	Southern.....			10,471 14 10	
393	Completion of the Minnamurra Bridge and approaches.....			410 0 0	
394	Unclassified Roads.....			4,594 10 4	
395	Cost of obtaining Reports, and other contingent expenses.....			393 0 7	
<b>MISCELLANEOUS—</b>					
349	Attending to the lighting and-extinguishing of the Gas, &c., in the Parliamentary Buildings.....			35 0 0	35 0 0
<b>TOTAL, SECRETARY FOR PUBLIC WORKS.....</b>		<b>£ 33,937 16 7</b>	<b>14,478 12 10</b>	<b>340,900 11 0</b>	<b>389,317 0 5</b>
Carried forward.....		432,850 18 9	166,542 19 0	685,842 11 6	1,285,236 9 3

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....	432,850 18 9	166,542 19 0	685,842 11 6	1,285,236 9 3
	<b>No. VIII.—Postmaster General.</b>				
	POST OFFICE.....	29,672 6 1	2,756 10 3	.....	32,428 16 4
397	CONVEYANCE OF MAILS .....	.....	.....	49,909 17 11	49,909 17 11
	MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.....	1,812 6 8	1,054 9 1	.....	2,866 15 9
398	ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS .....	18,758 16 4	11,016 5 8	.....	29,775 2 0
399	TOTAL, POSTMASTER GENERAL .....	£ 50,243 9 1	14,827 5 0	49,909 17 11	114,980 12 0
	<b>No. IX.—Unclassified Expenditure.</b>				
	INTEREST ON DEBENTURES .....	.....	.....	291,561 17 6	291,561 17 6
	INTEREST ON TREASURY BILLS .....	.....	.....	16,945 0 0	16,945 0 0
	DRAWBACKS AND REFUND OF DUTIES.....	.....	.....	38,247 17 7	38,247 17 7
	SYDNEY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL MINT, 28 VIC. No. 3 .....	.....	.....	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0
	ENDOWMENT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY, 14 VIC. No. 31 .....	.....	.....	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0
	ENDOWMENT OF THE AUSTRALIAN MUSEUM, 17 VIC. No. 2 .....	.....	.....	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
	ENDOWMENT OF THE SYDNEY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, 18 VIC. ... ..	.....	.....	1,500 0 0	1,500 0 0
	ENDOWMENT OF THE AFFILIATED COLLEGES, 18 VIC. No. 37 .....	.....	.....	916 13 4	916 13 4
	ENDOWMENT OF MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS, 22 VIC. No. 13 .....	.....	.....	19,517 1 9	19,517 1 9
	PRELIMINARY EXPENSES OF MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS .....	.....	.....	480 13 1	480 13 1
	INSOLVENCY COMMISSIONER'S ACT OF 1861, 24 VIC. No. 20 .....	.....	.....	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
	JUDGES UNDER THE DISTRICT COURTS' ACT, 22 VIC. No. 18 .....	.....	.....	6,000 0 0	6,000 0 0
	PAYMENTS UNDER THE SCAB IN SHEEP ACT OF 1866 .....	.....	.....	108 6 5	108 6 5
	PAYMENTS UNDER THE CATTLE DISEASE PREVENTION ACT .....	.....	.....	1,454 15 11	1,454 15 11
	PAYMENTS UNDER THE REGISTRATION OF BRANDS ACT .....	.....	.....	162 1 6	162 1 6
	REVENUE AND RECEIPTS RETURNED—				
	Deposits on Conditional Land Purchases .....	.....	.....	9,386 4 2	23,789 18 11
	Deposits on Tenders for Runs .....	.....	.....	240 0 0	
	Rent and Assessment of Runs .....	.....	.....	2,374 16 0	
	Leases of Crown Lands .....	.....	.....	516 19 10	
	Amount paid in excess for the purchase of Land .....	.....	.....	1,196 15 7	
	Amounts improperly credited to the Consolidated Revenue, repaid to other Accounts .....	.....	.....	6,254 10 6	
	Amount of Postage and Duty Stamps received in payment of Revenue .....	.....	.....	2,336 19 7	
	Proceeds of Intestate Estates .....	.....	.....	420 18 1	
	Deposits on Letters of Registration and Private Bills .....	.....	.....	109 19 2	
	Fines and Forfeitures .....	.....	.....	155 1 9	
	Amount overpaid for Stamp Duties .....	.....	.....	7 14 3	
	Duty overpaid on Pilotage, Harbor, Dues, &c. ....	.....	.....	85 1 8	
	Amount repaid on account of the Colonial Architect's Department .....	.....	.....	19 0 10	
	Leases of Auriferous Lands .....	.....	.....	233 0 0	
	Deposits in lieu of Bail .....	.....	.....	40 0 0	
	Amount paid for cancelled Telegrams.....	.....	.....	110 2 0	
	Export Wharfage Duty.....	.....	.....	184 1 11	
	Other Miscellaneous Receipts .....	.....	.....	118 13 7	
	Carried forward .....	.....	.....	422,684 6 0	422,684 6 0
	Carried forward .....	483,094 7 10	181,370 4 0	735,752 9 5	1,400,217 1 3

STATEMENT OF DISBURSEMENTS, &c.—*continued.*

No. of Appropriation.	HEAD OF SERVICE:	ESTABLISHMENTS.		OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL PAYMENTS.
		Salaries.	Contingencies.		
	<b>SERVICES OF THE YEAR 1872—continued.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Brought forward.....	483,094 7 10	181,370 4 0	735,752 9 5	1,400,217 1 3
	<b>No. II.—Unclassified Expenditure—continued.</b>				
	Brought forward.....			422,684 6 0	422,684 6 0
	<b>CHARGES ON COLLECTIONS—</b>				
	Commission—				
	On the Sale of Tolls.....			57 5 9	3,145 15 0
	On the Collection of Intestate Estates.....			485 0 9	
	On the Collection of Murray River Customs by the Government of South Australia, including Exchange on Remittances.....			647 4 4	
	Miscellaneous—				
	Value of Gold Coins taken from the general circulation of the Colony, for transmission to England.....			700 0 0	
	Expenses of Letters of Registration, applied for or granted under the Act of Council 16 Vic. No. 24.....			745 10 0	
	Commission on Bank Drafts and Money Orders, purchased for remittance to the Treasury.....			470 5 1	
	Expenses in connection with the Revenue Branch of the Treasury.....			21 5 0	
	Commission on collection of Miners' Rights.....			10 4 9	
	Advertising and other Miscellaneous Items.....			8 19 4	
	<b>TOTAL, UNCLASSIFIED EXPENDITURE.....£</b>			425,830 1 0	425,830 1 0
	<b>TOTAL FOR THE YEAR 1872.....£</b>	483,094 7 10	181,370 4 0	1,161,582 10 5	1,826,047 2 3
	<b>Other Payments.</b>				
	Treasury Bills due 9th May, 1872, paid off.....			343,200 0 0	343,200 0 0
	Balance of Short-dated Debentures, due on various dates, 1867 to 1870, paid off.....			3,100 0 0	3,100 0 0
	Amount remitted to London to pay off Debentures due 31st December, 1872.....			66,700 0 0	66,700 0 0
	Amount remitted to London to pay Interest on Debentures, due there 1st January, 1873.....			231,657 3 10	231,657 3 10
	<b>TOTAL, OTHER PAYMENTS IN 1872.....£</b>			644,657 3 10	644,657 3 10
	<b>Grand Total.....£</b>	491,223 12 1	216,111 16 11	1,988,712 13 7	*2,696,048 2 7

\* The Expenditure shown in this Statement is less than that shown in the Statement published in the Government Gazette, by repayments of unexpended balances in the hands of Public Officers, to the extent of £10,140 11s. 10d.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

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No. 2.

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LOANS' ACCOUNT.

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STATEMENT

OF

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

IN THE YEAR 1872,

ON ACCOUNT OF PUBLIC WORKS PROVIDED FOR BY LOANS SECURED  
ON THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.

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Dr. STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, in the year 1872, on account of PUBLIC

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS:	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To. Value of Railway Stores issued and in Stock transferred to Vote taken for the purpose, under the Act 36 Victoria, No. 2 ... ..	105,698 10 3	
,, Advances to the Commissioner for Railways, repaid ... ..	308 15 3	106,007 5 6
,, Repayments to the credit of the following Accounts, viz. :—		
Railways—Completion of Lines, 31 Vict., No. 11... ..	23 3 9	
Payments in 1870 in anticipation of Votes—		
Reconstruction of Yass Bridge ... ..	710 10 6	
Rebuilding of Jugiong Bridge... ..	370 1 3	
Electric Telegraph—Eden to Gabo Island ... ..	91 6 6	
		1,195 2 0
Carried forward ... ..	£	107,202 7 6

2.

## ACCOUNT.

WORKS provided for by LOANS secured on the CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.

Cr.

PARTICULARS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
19 VICTORIA, No. 38. St. John's College .....	.....	108 18 3
19 VICTORIA, No. 40. Railways:— Surveys, Experiments, and preparations for the Extension of Railways .....	3,754 4 0	
Completion of Line, Sydney to Liverpool .....	690 8 3	4,444 12 3
23 VICTORIA, No. 10. Electric Telegraphs—West Maitland to Boundary of Queensland .....	.....	4,116 7 5
25 VICTORIA, No. 19. Gaols and Penal Establishment .....	3,007 2 0	
Juvenile Reformatories .....	262 18 8	3,270 0 8
26 VICTORIA, No. 14. Extension of Wharf accommodation, Newcastle .....	73 19 4	
Construction of Northern Breakwater, Newcastle .....	0 12 3	74 11 7
27 VICTORIA, No. 14. Railways—Engines, Waggons, &c., Northern Line .....	.....	1,752 10 3
29 VICTORIA, No. 9. Railways:— Claims for Land on the Penrith, Picton, and Singleton Exten- sions .....	516 16 3	
Extension of Great Northern Line to Morpeth .....	2 4 0	
Assisted Immigration .....	7,436 14 11	
Lunatic Asylum .....	216 19 3	8,172 14 5
29 VICTORIA, No. 23. Railways—Towards the extension of the Great Northern Line... ..	50,350 6 10	
Fortifications—Heavy guns ordered from England .....	5,876 10 7	56,226 17 5
30 VICTORIA, No. 23. Railways—Engine-shed, Windsor and Richmond Line .....	.....	475 7 1
31 VICTORIA, No. 27. Roads and Bridges:— Iron Bridge over the Lower Murrumbidgee .....	4,627 17 0	
Bridge over the Nimboi, between Grafton and New England .....	3,705 1 2	
Electric Telegraphs:— Tamworth to Fort Bourke .....	6,753 13 8	
Stations—Balranald, Moulamein, and Wellington... ..	10 3 0	15,096 14 10
Carried forward .....	£ .....	93,738 14 2

Dr.

## STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS

Ledger Folio.	PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.	TOTAL.
	Brought forward ... .. £	107,202 7 6
	BALANCE at the credit of the Loan's Account on 31st December, 1871 ... ..	485,886 1 9
	TOTAL ... .. £	593,088 9 3

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



on Account of PUBLIC WORKS provided for by LOANS—*continued.*

Cr.

PARTICULARS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward...	£ .....	93,738 14 2
<b>32 VICTORIA, No. 13.</b>		
Harbours and River Navigation:—		
Breakwater, Newcastle .....	29 15 6	
Steam Cranes, Wharf, &c., Darling Harbour .....	13,663 10 7	
Reclamation of Land at Blackwattle Bay .....	1,995 9 10	
Public Works and Buildings—		
Public Offices, Newcastle .....	600 0 0	
Roads and Bridges:—		
Bridge over the Urara, on Road from Grafton to Glen Innes .....	4,366 2 2	
Electric Telegraphs:—		
Further Extensions under the Guarantee system .....	1,414 17 6	
		22,069 15 7
<b>34 VICTORIA, No. 2.</b>		
Railways:—		
Relaying the Line from Sydney to Parramatta .....	2,163 18 1	
New Machine-shop, Running Shed, erecting Shops and Store at Newcastle, including Roads connected therewith .....	3,440 7 3	
New Station, Workshops for Carriage and Waggon Department, Carriage Shed, roofing Steam-hammers, Furnaces, and Machinery, Redfern, including Roads connected therewith .....	8,692 12 8	
Additional Machinery .....	1,230 1 2	
Rolling Stock manufactured in the Colony .....	164 3 0	
Land for Windsor and Richmond Line .....	1 0 0	
Extension to Morpeth .....	64 13 8	
Public Works and Buildings:—		
New General Post Office .....	4,821 16 10	
Harbours and River Navigation:—		
Improving the navigation of the Rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling .....	4,515 13 3	
Wharf, Bullock Island .....	209 16 8	
Additional Screw Moorings and Buoys for Newcastle Harbour .....	3 1 7	
Kiama Harbour Works .....	5,169 2 7	
Coal Staiths, Newcastle .....	39 7 10	
New Steam Dredge, Newcastle .....	952 1 8	
Dredge for improving navigation of Rivers and Creeks flowing into Coast Lakes and Lagoons .....	2,471 10 0	
Clearing, surveying, and improving the navigation of the Edward River .....	2,000 0 0	
		35,939 6 3
<b>MISCELLANEOUS.</b>		
Receipts refunded .....	590 2 11	
Payment to Loan Fund 36 Vic. No. 2, being amount over-raised under certain Loan Acts .....	54,370 12 9	
		54,960 15 8
TOTAL, PAYMENTS .....	£ .....	206,708 11 8
CASH BALANCE at the credit of the Loans' Account, on 31st December, 1872 .....		386,379 17 7
TOTAL .....	£ .....	593,088 9 3

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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No. 3.

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THE LOAN FUND.

(35 VICTORIA, No. 5.)

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STATEMENT

OF

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

IN THE YEAR 1872,

ON ACCOUNT OF PUBLIC WORKS PROVIDED FOR BY LOAN ACT,  
35 VICTORIA, No. 5.

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Dr. STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS, in the year 1872, on

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
CASH BALANCE ON 31 DECEMBER, 1871 ... ..	.....	196,629 0 4
/		
TOTAL ... ..	£	196,629 0 4

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
 21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
 Accountant.

3.

## FUND.

No. 5.)

Account of PUBLIC WORKS provided for by the LOAN ACT, 35 Victoria, No. 5.

Cr.

No. of Appropriation.	PARTICULARS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	<b>RAILWAYS—</b>						
356	Completion of Lines already sanctioned ... ..	100,602	17	8			
357	Construction of Rolling Stock manufactured in the Colony...	24,433	2	10			
					125,036	0	6
	<b>HARBOURS AND RIVER NAVIGATION—</b>						
359	Removing Obstructions and Improving the Navigation of the Rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling ... ..	4,992	9	0			
360	Southern Breakwater, Newcastle ... ..	1,012	5	1			
362	Light-house, Wollongong ... ..	6	7	7			
363	Light-house, Ulladulla ... ..	32	2	5			
364	Blasting and removing Rock in front of Newcastle Wharf...	450	9	5			
					6,493	13	6
	<b>PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS—</b>						
365	Completion of New General Post Office ... ..				6,117	1	2
	<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES—</b>						
366	Low-level Bridge over the Hawkesbury, at Windsor ... ..	1,813	2	6			
368	Rebuilding Jugiong Bridge ... ..	3,007	17	3			
					4,820	19	9
371	Construction of Fortifications and other Works of Defence ... ..				18,588	14	1
	Transfer to the Loan Account (Consolidated Revenue Fund) page 42 of payments made therefrom in 1870 in anticipation of votes, viz:—						
	Restoring and raising Yass Bridge ... ..	710	10	6			
	Rebuilding Jugiong Bridge ... ..	370	1	3			
	Electric Telegraph Line from Eden to Gabo Island ... ..	91	6	6			
					1,171	18	3
	<b>TOTAL PAYMENTS</b> ... ..				£ 162,228	7	3
	Cash Balance at the Credit of the Loan Fund (35 Victoria, No. 5), on 31st December, 1872 ... ..				34,400	13	1
	<b>TOTAL</b> ... ..				£ 196,629	0	4

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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No. 4.

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THE LOAN FUND.

(36 VICTORIA, No. 2.)

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STATEMENT

OF

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

IN THE YEAR 1872,

ON ACCOUNT OF PUBLIC WORKS PROVIDED FOR BY LOAN ACT,  
36 VICTORIA, No. 2.

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Dr.

## STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS in the year 1872, on

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.		AMOUNT.		TOTAL.	
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.
To proceeds of Debentures issued under the Act 36 Victoria, No: 2, for Public Works and other purposes, to the amount of £406,800, bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, viz. :—					
	£ s. d.	£	s. d.		
500 @	104 0 0	520	0 0		
70,000 "	104 1 0	72,835	0 0		
1,000 "	104 0 0	1,040	0 0		
1,000 "	104 0 0	1,040	0 0		
5,900 "	104 10 0	6,165	10 0		
2,000 "	104 0 0	2,080	0 0		
11,900 "	104 2 6	12,390	17 6		
7,000 "	103 11 1	7,248	15 10		
20,000 "	104 1 1	20,810	16 8		
1,200 "	105 1 3	1,260	15 0		
7,500 "	104 10 0	7,837	10 0		
500 "	104 0 0	520	0 0		
7,000 "	103 11 9	7,251	2 6		
10,000 "	104 0 0	10,400	0 0		
600 "	104 0 0	624	0 0		
2,500 "	106 0 0	2,650	0 0		
100,000 "	103 18 1	103,904	3 4		
50,000 "	103 12 7	51,814	11 8		
106,800 "	103 15 7	110,836	3 0		
100 "	103 15 0	103	15 0		
100 "	103 17 6	103	17 6		
1,200 "	105 0 0	1,260	0 0		
	<u>406,800</u>	422,696	18 0		
,, Amount transferred from the Old Loans Account to this Fund, in conformity with the first clause of the Act 36 Victoria, No. 2, being the amount over-raised under certain Loan Acts enumerated in the Schedule to the said Act ... ..					
		54,370	12 9		
,, Accrued Interest on Debentures issued under this Act ... ..					
		335	15 7		
				477,403	6 4
TOTAL ... ..				£	477,403 6 4

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



## FUND.

No. 2.)

account of PUBLIC WORKS, provided for by the LOAN ACT, 36 Victoria, No. 2.)

Cr.

No. of Appropriation.	PARTICULARS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
	<b>Railways—</b>						
400	For Rolling Stock manufactured in the Colony ... ..	23,666	8	5			
401	Station-master's House, Newtown ... ..	257	0	0			
403	For the purchase of Railway Stores and materials which cannot properly be charged to the appropriations of Parliament until actually issued for use ... ..	74,999	18	0			
					98,923	6	5
	<b>Harbours and Rivers Navigation—</b>						
404	Removing obstructions and improving the Navigation of the rivers Murray, Murrumbidgee, and Darling ... ..	2,706	8	1			
405	Additional Siding—Purchase of Land required for Approach, &c., Coal Staiths, Newcastle... ..	1,443	15	6			
407	Dredge, Tug, and Punts for Clarence River ... ..	38	5	0			
408	Improving the navigation of the Edward River ... ..	167	4	5			
					4,355	13	0
	<b>Roads and Bridges—</b>						
411	Completion of the Bridge over the Hawkesbury, at Windsor, and approaches thereto ... ..	200	0	0			
412	Bridge at Warri, Shoalhaven ... ..	56	8	10			
413	Bridge at Casino ... ..	72	12	0			
414	Approaches and additions to height of Hay Bridge ... ..	1,649	8	8			
416	To metal where required on Mudgee Road, in anticipation of annual Votes of £50 per mile ... ..	4,877	15	0			
					6,856	4	6
	<b>Electric Telegraphs—</b>						
418	Erection of Line and Telegraph Station, Gulgong ... ..	299	13	0			
419	Iron Poles, Singleton to Murrurundi ... ..	20	14	0			
422	Line—Parramatta Junction to Campbelltown ... ..	438	18	0			
423	Second Wire—Sydney to Newcastle ... ..	759	18	3			
424	Second Wire—Armidale to Tenterfield ... ..	1,771	1	11			
425	Second Wire—Bathurst to Hill End ... ..	574	16	0			
					3,865	1	2
	<b>Repayment of Loans—</b>						
	Amount remitted to London to pay off—						
427	First instalment of the Loan of £300,000, under 29 Victoria, No. 5, falling due 31 December, 1872 ... ..	50,000	0	0			
428	Debentures issued under 20 Victoria, No. 33, due 1st January, 1873 ... ..	99,500	0	0			
429	Debentures issued under 16 Victoria, No. 39, due 28 February, 1873 ... ..	20,000	0	0			
					169,500	0	0
	Amount raised by the sale of Debentures in excess of that authorized by the Act 36 Victoria, No 2, in consequence of the Debentures having sold at premium, transferred to the Consolidated Revenue Fund ... ..	15,833	10	9			
	Accrued Interest on Debentures issued under this Act transferred to the Consolidated Revenue Fund ... ..	335	15	7			
					16,169	6	4
	<b>TOTAL PAYMENTS</b> ... ..				299,669	11	5
	<b>CASH BALANCE</b> at the credit of the Loan Fund (36 Victoria, No. 2), on the 31st December, 1872.. ... ..				177,733	14	11
	<b>TOTAL</b> ... ..			£	477,403	6	4

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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No. 5.

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CLERGY AND SCHOOL ESTATES REVENUE FUND.

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ACCOUNT

OF

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

IN THE YEAR

1872.

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## CLERGY AND SCHOOL

## ACCOUNT OF RECEIPTS AND

Dr.

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.			TOTAL.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
BALANCE, 31st DECEMBER, 1871—						
Cash in the Treasury	36,772	14	0			
Debentures in Treasury Chest	15,800	0	0			
				52,572	14	0
Collections by the Agent for Clergy and School Lands, viz. :—						
For Rents of Leases, &c....	3,246	16	0			
For Sales of Land	56,811	18	4			
For Interest on Investment in Government Debentures	1,580	0	0			
	61,638	14	4			
Amount received from the Bishopthorpe Estate, on account of Payments made temporarily from the Church of England's proportion of the Clergy and School Lands' Revenue	300	0	0			
				61,938	14	4
TOTAL				£	114,511	8 4

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIBKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

4.

## ESTATES REVENUE FUND.

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE YEAR 1872.

Cr.

PARTICULARS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
EXPENSE OF MANAGEMENT.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Salary of Agent, from 1st January to 31st December, 1872, transferred to the Consolidated Revenue Fund...	.....	100 0 0
ISSUES FOR CHURCH PURPOSES.		
<i>Church of England.</i>		
Balance of Proportion of Surplus Revenue for 1870 and 1871 ...	1,894 12 10	
On account of Surplus Revenue for 1872 ...	350 0 0	
	2,244 12 10	
<i>Roman Catholic Church.</i>		
Proportion of Surplus Revenue for 1871 ...	1,022 14 10	
<i>Presbyterian Church.</i>		
Proportion of Surplus Revenue for 1871 ...	407 18 9	
<i>Wesleyan Methodist Church.</i>		
Proportion of Surplus Revenue for 1871 ...	224 17 4	
	3,900 3 9	
ISSUE FOR SCHOOL PURPOSES.		
Public Instruction ...	.....	1,601 10 11
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Expenses in connection with the Survey of Church and School Lands...	1,589 14 3	
Commission and other Expenses in connection with the Sale of Church and School Lands ...	337 13 6	
Fencing Roads ...	26 2 0	
Repair of Road—Smithfield to the Dog-trap Road ...	21 18 0	
Revenue refunded ...	180 14 0	
	2,156 1 9	
TOTAL PAYMENTS ...	... £	7,757 16 5
BALANCE, 31ST DECEMBER, 1872—		
Cash in the Treasury ...	*90,953 11 11	
Debentures in Treasury Chest ...	15,800 0 0	
	106,753 11 11	
TOTAL ...	... £	114,511 8 4

* The balance of Cash in the Treasury, above shown.....	£90,953 11 11
Was liable for outstanding Charges to the amount of.....	£2,258 17 8
Also, for proceeds of Land Sales to 31st December, 1872, reserved for investment in Government Securities .....	84,196 12 3
	86,455 9 11
Leaving a net Balance of.....	4,498 2 0
Applicable to Church purposes .....	3,212 18 7
Applicable to School purposes .....	1,285 3 5
	4,498 2 0

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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**No. 6.**

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NEW SOUTH WALES.

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**SUPERANNUATION FUND.**

(27 VICTORIA, No. 11.)

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**STATEMENT**

OF

**RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS**

IN THE YEAR

**1872.**

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No.  
**SUPERANNU-**  
 (27 VICTORIA,  
**STATEMENT** of RECEIPTS and

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.
To BALANCE, 31ST DECEMBER, 1871...	1,639 13 2
„ DEDUCTIONS from the SALARIES of PUBLIC OFFICERS, at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum, paid into the Treasury in 1872	10,159 18 1
Carried forward	£ 11,799 11 3



# 5. PENSION FUND.

No. 11.)

DISBURSEMENTS in the Year 1872.

PARTICULARS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	ANNUAL RATE OF PENSION.	PERIOD FOR WHICH DRAWN.		AMOUNT DRAWN ON ACCOUNT.	TOTAL.
		From	To		
By PENSIONS PAID:—	£ s. d.			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Stephen Greenhill, late Chief Clerk in the Pay Branch of the Treasury	600 0 0			275 13 2	
John Crook, late Harbour Master, Sydney	433 6 8			178 15 6	
M. D. Ferguson, late Accountant in the Government Printing Office	266 0 0			109 16 10	
R. A. Hunt, late Superintendent of the Money Order Office	576 0 0			237 18 8	
J. G. Lennon, late Chief Clerk in the Revenue Branch of the Treasury	344 0 0			215 6 0	
Nicholas Nelson, late Clerk in the General Post Office	297 10 0			185 11 8	
E. C. Brewer, late Sheriff's Bailiff, Sydney	121 6 8			50 5 8	
Robert Brindley, late Draftsman in the Survey Department	310 0 0			25 11 8	
J. R. Humbley, late Clerk in the Audit Office	236 10 0			97 12 2	
Samuel Morgan, late Clerk in the Survey Department	138 13 4			56 17 7	
W. H. Christie, late Postmaster General	785 6 8			322 18 6	
George Brett, late Tide-waiter, Customs	103 16 8			43 0 7	
W. C. Still, late Landing Surveyor, Customs	536 0 0			217 1 8	
John Wells, late Under Secretary for Finance and Trade	714 13 4			295 5 2	
William Vallack, late Chief Clerk, Colonial Secretary's Department	624 0 0			256 19 1	
Thomas Jones, late Sheriff's Bailiff, Bathurst	144 0 0			59 9 2	
William Thompson, late Official Postmaster, Bathurst	138 0 0			61 15 6	
T. K. Abbott, late Secretary, General Post Office	420 9 4			174 3 1	
E. H. Statham, late Storekeeper, Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta	115 17 4			48 0 6	
John Brown, late Sheriff's Bailiff, Parramatta	178 13 4			74 1 4	
Lewis Gordon, late District Surveyor, Bega	313 6 8			113 13 7	
John Chippindall, late Gaoler, Bathurst	168 0 0			69 13 2	
John Wallace, late Gaoler, Maitland Gaol	133 0 0			55 3 1	
E. Rogers, late Clerk of the Peace, Cumberland	576 0 0			237 6 11	
F. Campbell, late Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Tarban Creek	407 6 8			167 19 9	
W. R. Davidson, late Surveyor General	960 0 0			426 13 10	
J. E. Turner, late Landing-waiter, Customs	126 10 0			4 2 3	
S. Cole, late Commissioner of Crown Lands, Darling District	417 0 0			240 1 11	
S. Elyard, late Clerk, Colonial Secretary's Office	384 0 0			158 15 3	
T. McMahon, late Shipping Officer, General Post Office	127 3 4			3 17 11	
J. Prout, late Sheriff's Bailiff, Sydney	55 4 0			22 17 11	
A. T. Ross, late Coast-waiter, Customs, Broken Bay	123 6 8			36 13 7	
C. Tompson, late Clerk of the Legislative Assembly	688 0 0			282 11 10	
W. H. Palmer, late Police Magistrate, Bathurst	300 0 0			123 9 11	
C. E. Newcombe, late Police Magistrate, Queanbeyan	432 0 0			178 4 6	
E. D. Day, late Police Magistrate, Maitland	480 0 0			176 17 3	
W. Warburton, late Tide-waiter, Customs	80 10 0			36 0 10	
W. King, late Landing-waiter, Customs	149 10 0			61 19 7	
C. T. Weaver, late Police Magistrate, Armidale	333 6 8			49 11 2	
M. Fitzpatrick, late Under Secretary for Lands	533 6 8			207 15 10	
J. Wickham, late Postmistress, Parramatta	168 0 0			65 0 4	
G. Denshire, late Postmaster, Tamworth	120 0 0			21 1 4	
J. Kelleher, late Foreman of Works, Fitz Roy Dock	82 0 0			31 9 3	
E. Beckham, late Commissioner of Crown Lands	466 13 4			183 16 11	
C. T. Williams, late Locker, Customs, Sydney	120 0 0			45 18 2	
G. K. Mann, late Engineer-in-Chief, Fitz Roy Dock	536 13 4			211 16 10	
T. Cronin, late Master, Steam Dredge "Hercules"	250 0 0			99 0 0	
C. H. Horsley, late Locker, Customs, Sydney	112 10 0			42 18 8	
F. Underwood, late Clerk, Lands Department	373 6 8			147 14 2	
A. Williams, late Accountant, Survey Department	226 13 4			87 6 10	
H. Fitzgerald, late Foreman of Works, Fitz Roy Dock	82 0 0			31 4 7	
S. B. Warburton, late Chief Clerk, Lands Department	483 6 8			213 12 8	
T. J. Jaques, late Registrar General	653 6 8			238 13 2	
W. A. Cahill, late Foreman of Works, Fitz Roy Dry Dock	...			7 17 7	
Carried forward				£ 7,067 4 1	

The exact date from and to which the Pensions have been paid cannot be given, as the payments were made periodically, in accordance with a *pro rata* distribution of the funds in hand at the time.

STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.	TOTAL.
<p style="text-align: right;">Brought forward ... ..</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">£ s. d. 11,799 11 3</p>
<p style="text-align: right;">TOTAL ... ..</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">£ 11,799 11 3</p>

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.*

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

12—continued.

PARTICULARS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	ANNUAL RATE OF PENSION.			PERIOD FOR WHICH DRAWN.		AMOUNT DRAWN ON ACCOUNT.	-TOTAL.				
	£	s.	d.	From	To		£	s.	d.		
Brought forward ... ..	...	...	...			7,067	4	1			
David Smith, late Clerk of Petty Sessions, Gundagai ... ..	175	0	0			62	5	2			
Charles Moore, late C.P.S., Casino ... ..	93	6	8			46	2	2			
R. O'Connor, late Clerk of Parliaments ... ..	700	0	0			224	7	9			
W. Thomas, late Clerk, Lands Department ... ..	226	13	4			67	4	7			
J. L. R. Pierce, late Clerk, General Post Office... ..	112	10	0			15	18	3			
J. R. Chambers, late Clerk, Lands Department... ..	188	14	0			51	9	3			
Henry Lane, late Under Secretary for Finance and Trade ... ..	463	14	8			59	2	0			
W. C. Mayne, late Auditor General ... ..	504	0	0			161	10	2			
											7,755 3 5
BY GRATUITIES, GRANTED UNDER CLAUSE 7, TO THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS, WHO HAVE RETIRED, FROM BODILY OR MENTAL INCAPACITY:—											
W. G. Burgis, late Schoolmaster, Gaol, Bathurst ... ..					(in part)	14	0	2			
Hugh Jones, late Engineer Mechanic, Fitz Roy Dock ... ..					do.	30	8	4			
F. S. Peppercorne, late Surveyor ... ..					do.	178	0	11			
J. W. Jenkins, late Clerk, Customs Department ... ..					do.	61	9	5			
A. J. Kingsmill, late Commissioner of Crown Lands ... ..					do.	42	2	3			
											326 1 1
BY GRATUITIES GRANTED UNDER CLAUSE 10, TO THE RELATIVES OF THE UNDERMENTIONED DECEASED OFFICERS, VIZ.:—											
Alfred Brooks, late Superintendent, Hornby Light-house ... ..					(in part)	48	0	9			
Archibald Campbell, late Registrar, Insolvent Court ... ..					do.	67	12	9			
D. A. Cahill, late Foreman of Works, Fitz Roy Dock ... ..					do.	78	13	3			
Alexander Livingstone, late Inspector of Customs and Revenue Accounts, Audit Office do.					do.	78	17	11			
C. Baly, late Draughtsman, Survey Department ... ..					do.	7	4	5			
John Ross, late Pilot, Moruya ... ..					do.	31	15	8			
G. R. Smalley, late Government Astronomer ... ..					do.	22	7	5			
T. M'Mahon, late Shipping Officer, General Post Office ... ..					do.	36	18	8			
J. T. Chidgey, late Station Master, Electric Telegraph Department, Port Macquarie do.					do.	8	10	5			
Edward Berthon, late Chief Clerk, Harbours and Rivers Navigation Department do.					do.	83	11	2			
Joseph Cox, late Police Magistrate, Forbes ... ..					do.	40	8	6			
G. Armitage, late Chief Clerk, Lands Department ... ..					do.	332	15	9			
A. H. M'Arthur, late Clerk, General Post Office ... ..					do.	61	17	8			
Arthur Wickham, late Clerk, Public Works Department ... ..					do.	36	18	4			
E. Wardley, late Medical Superintendent, Parramatta Lunatic Asylum ... ..					do.	46	3	7			
J. G. Mullen, late Draughtsman, Survey Department ... ..					do.	13	10	7			
G. R. Faris, late Clerk, General Post Office ... ..					do.	0	14	0			
James Snape, late Commissioner for Crown Lands ... ..					do.	156	7	6			
D. C. Dalgleish, late Engineer Surveyor ... ..					do.	58	14	11			
Augustus Carter, late Registrar, District Court, Maitland ... ..					do.	106	11	2			
F. M. Callaghan, late Judge's Associate ... ..					do.	21	3	5			
John Sharkey, late Foreman of Works, Colonial Architect's Department... ..					do.	29	6	3			
William Hobbs, late Gaoler, Wollongong ... ..					do.	17	0	6			
William Finch, late Clerk of Petty Sessions, Molong... ..					do.	11	16	6			
Samuel Hunt, late Clerk, Colonial Secretary's Office ... ..					do.	6	18	8			
											1,453 19 9
BY REPAYMENT of amount advanced from the Consolidated Revenue Fund ... ..											
											789 10 4
TOTAL PAYMENTS ... ..											
						£	10,324	14	7		
„ BALANCE ON 31ST DECEMBER, 1872 ... ..											
						£	1,474	16	8		
TOTAL ... ..											
						£	11,799	11	3		

With the exception of the first two, the whole of the Pensions granted under this Act, as above shown, have been reduced by 4 per cent., in accordance with the sixth clause thereof.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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No. 7.

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POLICE REWARD FUND.

(16 VICTORIA, No. 33, AND 25 VICTORIA, No. 16.)

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STATEMENT

OF

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

IN THE YEAR

1872.

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## POLICE RE-

(16 VICTORIA, No. 38,

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND

Dr.

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
To BALANCE ON 31ST DECEMBER, 1871:—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Public Works Debentures (24 Vic., No. 24) .....	1,700 0 0	
Cash in the Treasury .....	9,425 6 10	11,125 6 10
To AMOUNT OF FINES, &c., RECEIVED IN 1872 .....	2,394 13 10	
To INTEREST ON DEBENTURES BELONGING TO THIS FUND .....	85 0 0	2,479 13 10
TOTAL.....£		13,605 0 8

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

6.

## WARD FUND.

AND 25 VICTORIA, (No. 16.)

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE YEAR 1872.

Cr.

NAMES.	PERIOD FOR WHICH DRAWN.		AMOUNT DRAWN.	TOTAL.	
	From	To			
BY PENSIONS PAID:—					
Margaret Wood, widow of Chief Constable Wood, of the Maitland Police .....	1 Oct., 1871 ...	30 Sept., 1872	£ s. d. 61 5 0	£ s. d. 447 13 4	
Ann Kendall, widow of Chief Constable Kendall, of the Penrith Police .....	"	"	39 4 0		
Elizabeth Murphy, widow of Chief Constable Murphy, of the Port Macquarie Police .....	"	"	49 0 0		
Louisa Codrington, widow of Trooper Codrington, of the Western Gold Escort .....	"	"	17 18 8		
Ann Waltham, widow of Constable Waltham, of the Casino Police .....	"	"	25 9 8		
Julia Ledgerwood, widow of Constable Ledgerwood, of the Newcastle Police .....	"	"	39 4 0		
Eliza Watson, widow of Constable Watson, of the Maitland Police .....	"	"	19 12 0		
Ann Foy, widow of Constable Foy, of the Tabulam Police .....	"	"	29 8 0		
Mary A. J. Herbert, widow of Senior-Constable Herbert, of the Bathurst District Police ..	"	"	39 4 0		
Jane Day, widow of Senior-Constable John Ward, of the Bathurst District Police .....	"	"	29 8 0		
Mary Maginnity, widow of the late Sergeant Maginnity .....	"	"	98 0 0		
BY GRATUITIES PAID TO WIDOWS AND RELATIVES OF DECEASED CONSTABLES:—					
F. Nelson, eldest son of late Constable Nelson .....			30 0 0		782 3 9
Ellen A. Hickey, widow of the late Constable Hickey .....			50 5 0		
S. Leonard, widow of the late Constable Leonard .....			115 0 0		
F. Condick, widow of the late Constable Condick .....			232 10 0		
E. Sutherland, widow of the late Constable Sutherland .....			141 8 9		
E. Newell, widow of the late Constable Newell .....			172 0 0		
Mary Price, widow of the late Constable Price .....			41 0 0		
BY MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS:—					
Refund of Fines .....			5 0 0	24 7 11	
Amounts improperly credited to this Fund, transferred to the Consolidated Revenue Fund, &c. ....			4 7 11		
Rewards for apprehension of prisoners .....			15 0 0		
TOTAL PAYMENTS .....				1,254 5 0	
BY BALANCE, 31ST DECEMBER, 1872:—					
Public Works Debentures (24 Vic., No. 24) .....			1,700 0 0	12,350 15 8	
Cash in Treasury .....			10,650 15 8		
TOTAL .....			£	13,605 0 8	

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.





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No. 8.

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POLICE SUPERANNUATION FUND.

(16 VICTORIA, No. 33, AND 25 VICTORIA, No. 16.)

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STATEMENT

OF

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

IN THE YEAR

1872.

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# ANNUATION FUND.

AND 25 VICTORIA, No. 16.)

DISBURSEMENTS IN THE YEAR 1872.

Cr.

NAMES.	PERIOD FOR WHICH DRAWN.		AMOUNT DRAWN.	TOTAL.
	From	To		
BY PENSIONS PAID—				
Sergeant-Major Edward Giles .....	1 Oct., 1871	30 Sept., 1872	137 10 0	
Inspector T. J. Powell .....	"	"	40 7 0	
Inspector Patrick Connor .....	"	"	92 13 2	
Sub-Inspector Thomas Hogg .....	"	"	196 0 0	
Chief Constable Thomas M'Gee .....	"	"	44 2 0	
Chief Constable James Sheppard .....	"	"	88 3 7	
Chief Constable Robert M'Jannett .....	"	"	120 17 2	
Chief Constable George Drury .....	"	"	88 4 0	
Chief Constable Samuel Holt .....	"	"	98 0 0	
Chief Constable Thomas Hildebrand .....	"	"	120 10 8	
Chief Constable S. H. Horne .....	"	"	113 13 6	
Chief Constable James Skelton .....	"	"	68 12 0	
Senior Sergeant Abraham Kershaw .....	"	"	113 11 7	
Senior Sergeant James Gibson .....	"	"	85 3 8	
Senior Sergeant John Buckley .....	"	"	85 2 8	
Sergeant Michael Cassidy .....	"	"	80 14 0	
Sergeant Francis Rooney .....	"	"	73 4 9	
Sergeant John Sherman .....	"	"	123 9 8	
Sergeant James St. Clair .....	"	"	107 12 2	
Sergeant John Stafford .....	"	"	98 12 10	
Senior Constable James Kerr .....	"	"	59 15 6	
Constable Edward Bruce .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable John Marsh .....	"	"	35 17 4	
Constable John Harris .....	"	"	56 0 10	
Constable John Sheaves .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Charles Lucas .....	"	"	64 5 4	
Constable James Egan .....	"	"	49 6 4	
Constable Michael Murphy .....	"	"	55 6 0	
Constable Michael Reilly .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Timothy Gearns .....	"	"	67 5 1	
Constable James M'Hale .....	"	"	59 15 6	
Constable William Kershaw .....	"	"	98 12 10	
Constable Thomas Hancock .....	"	"	58 5 7	
Constable Bartholomew Bannister .....	"	"	139 13 0	
Constable John Cannon .....	"	"	64 5 4	
Constable John Lee .....	"	"	95 1 4	
Constable Samuel Sneyd .....	"	"	139 13 0	
Constable Frederick Williams .....	"	"	132 6 11	
Constable Thomas Kelly .....	"	"	59 15 5	
Constable Charles Lane .....	"	"	59 15 6	
Constable Edward Kedwell .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Peter Conley .....	"	"	59 15 6	
Constable John Davis .....	"	"	50 0 0	
Constable John Micklegun .....	"	"	95 12 11	
Constable Roger Kennedy .....	"	"	59 15 6	
Constable John Thomas .....	"	"	73 4 9	
Constable George Taylor .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Henry Fox .....	"	"	71 14 10	
Constable Octavius Smith .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable James Farrant .....	"	"	53 16 1	
Constable Norman M'Beath .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable W. S. Dangar .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Richard Gorman .....	"	"	80 14 2	
Constable Adam Ballantine .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Martin Doyle .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Edward Everson .....	"	"	53 16 0	
Carried forward...£			4,407 15 0	

Dr.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS and

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.	TOTAL.
Brought forward.....	£   s.   d. 18,302 11 7
TOTAL.....	£ 18,302 11 7

The Treasury, New South Wales  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

## DISBURSEMENTS in the Year 1872.

Cr.

NAMES.	PERIOD FOR WHICH DRAWN.		AMOUNT DRAWN.	TOTAL.
	From	To		
			£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward.....			4,407 15 0	
<b>By PENSIONS PAID—continued.</b>				
Constable Henry Turner.....	1 Oct., 1871	30 Sept., 1872	53 16 0	
Constable W. Phillips.....	"	"	71 14 10	
Constable Oliver Rea.....	"	4 Sept., 1872	54 12 8	
Constable Jeremiah Frewin.....	"	30 Sept., 1872	35 17 4	
Constable Thomas Briggs.....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable James Roberts.....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Michael Reilly.....	"	"	68 14 8	
Constable Thomas Moss.....	"	"	53 16 0	
Trooper James Perry.....	"	30 June, 1872	64 5 4	
Trooper Robert Hancock.....	"	30 Sept., 1872	92 2 4	
Trooper E. H. Cowell.....	"	"	85 3 8	
Constable P. Cain.....	"	"	53 16 0	
Senior Sergeant William Green.....	"	"	85 3 8	
Senior Constable George Lamont.....	"	"	59 15 6	
Constable Christopher Carnes.....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable James Smith.....	"	"	53 16 0	
Constable Thos. Naughton.....	"	"	47 4 5	
Sergeant L. Dwyer.....	1 April, 1872	"	23 2 3	
Constable J. Callaghan.....	"	"	15 16 8	
Constable M. Price.....	1 July, 1872	"	3 18 7	
				5,491 18 11
<b>By AMOUNTS PAID AS GRATUITIES on leaving the Police Force:—</b>				
Constable W. Sheehan.....			12 0 0	
Constable J. Hannaford.....			5 5 0	
Constable P. Quigley.....			4 10 0	
Constable Michael Usher.....			72 3 0	
Constable Charles Sykes.....			123 18 0	
Constable Robert Arthur.....			51 18 0	
Constable R. Wilmott.....			33 18 0	
Constable F. W. Almond.....			37 18 0	
Senior Constable J. M'Evoy.....			139 13 0	
<b>By MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS:—</b>				
Medical Fees.....			33 12 0	
				514 15 0
<b>Total Payments.....</b>				<b>6,006 13 11</b>
<b>By BALANCE, 31st December, 1872:—</b>				
<b>Debentures:—</b>				
Railway.....			5,500 0 0	
Water Supply.....			3,000 0 0	
Public Works (24 Vic. No. 24).....			14,500 0 0	
			23,000 0 0	
<b>Less Cash Overdraft.....</b>			<b>10,704 2 4</b>	
				12,295 17 8
			<b>TOTAL..... £</b>	<b>18,302 11 7</b>

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

No. 9.

TRUST MONEYS' DEPOSIT ACCOUNT.

STATEMENT of TRUST MONEYS deposited in the TREASURY, and of the RE-ISSUES therefrom, in the Year 1872.

OFFICER DEPOSITING.	RECEIPTS.			RE-ISSUES IN THE YEAR 1872.	BALANCES ON THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1872.	
	Balances on the 31st December, 1871.	Receipts in the Year 1872.	Total.			
Master in Equity ... ..	£ 7,916 5 0	£ 4,671 19 7	£ 12,588 4 7	£ 6,004 1 10	£ 6,584 2 9	
Curator of Intestate Estates ... ..	23,306 14 0	13,101 18 7	36,408 12 7	13,453 0 9	22,955 11 10	
Prothonotary ... ..	1,318 14 8	.....	1,318 14 8	5 0 0	1,313 14 8	
Official Assignees in Insolvency ... ..	J. P. Mackenzie ... ..	3,484 10 2	12,684 7 1	16,118 17 3	13,348 7 3	2,770 10 0
	F. T. Humphery ... ..	6,247 18 9	11,763 13 7	18,011 12 4	14,308 1 4	3,703 11 0
	R. H. Sempill ... ..	8,632 16 8	3,108 18 6	11,741 15 2	3,818 11 5	7,923 3 9
Trade Assignees ... ..	R. H. Sempill and L. S. Spyer ... ..	26 14 0	.....	26 14 0	.....	26 14 0
	R. H. Sempill and A. H. J. Baass ... ..	101 9 1	.....	101 9 1	.....	101 9 1
	R. H. Sempill and E. Vickery ... ..	53 5 1	.....	53 5 1	.....	53 5 1
	TOTALS ... ..	£ 51,038 7 5	45,330 17 4	96,369 4 9	50,937 2 7	45,432 2 2

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The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

ACCOUNT of SPECIAL DEPOSITS and of the RE-ISSUES therefrom, in the Year 1872.

ACCOUNTS.	RECEIPTS.			RE-ISSUES IN THE YEAR 1872.	BALANCES ON THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1872.
	Balances on 31st December, 1871.	Receipts in the Year 1872.	Total.		
Imperial Postage ... ..	£ 7,455 3 10	£ 1,378 6 11	£ 8,833 10 9	£ 1,487 11 10	£ 7,345 18 11
Seamen's Wages... ..	1,277 13 9	389 9 5	1,667 3 2	222 4 4	1,444 18 10
Poundage ... ..	9,693 13 3	2,189 4 2	11,882 17 5	1,770 7 2	10,112 10 3
Revenue Suspense Fund ... ..	12,484 11 9	93,172 8 7	105,657 0 4	90,707 17 5	14,949 2 11
Immigration Remittances ... ..	4,257 5 8	.....	4,257 5 8	9 0 0	4,248 5 8
Assurance Fund—Real Property Act ... ..	7,671 1 5	1,450 1 6	9,121 2 11	11 9 3	9,109 13 8
Commissioners' Fund—Real Property Act ... ..	297 15 0	274 0 0	571 15 0	286 0 0	285 15 0
Government Savings' Bank Account (34 Vict. No. 15) ... ..	13,710 15 7	88,434 16 11	102,145 12 6	26,287 16 3	75,857 16 3
Money Orders Account ... ..	1,500 0 0	30,500 0 0	32,000 0 0	30,500 0 0	1,500 0 0
Railway Store Account ... ..	10,602 7 8	39,603 18 5	50,206 6 1	40,451 6 2	9,754 19 11
Bishopthorpe Estates Fund ... ..	381 4 2	2,494 10 0	2,875 14 2	2,219 10 0	656 4 2
Fees under the Necropolis Act of 1867 ... ..	12 19 0	.....	12 19 0	.....	12 19 0
Imperial Pension Fund Account ... ..	.....	8,000 0 0	8,000 0 0	7,991 18 2	8 1 10
Over-issues ... ..	2,438 18 10	3,124 5 8	5,563 4 6	3,930 4 4	1,633 0 2
Imperial Pension Fund Commission Account ... ..	.....	106 7 5	106 7 5	75 0 0	31 7 5
Treasurer's Advance Account ... ..	3,565 3 2	49,761 16 9	53,326 19 11	53,326 19 11	.....
British-Australian Telegraph Account ... ..	.....	2,667 2 6	2,667 2 6	1,423 2 3	1,244 0 3
Sundry Deposits ... ..	6,798 4 5	3,857 19 5	10,656 3 10	5,391 12 9	5,264 11 1
TOTALS ... ..	£ 82,146 17 6	327,404 7 8	409,551 5 2	266,091 19 10	143,459 5 4

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

APPENDIX TO THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND STATEMENTS.

SCAB IN SHEEP FUND.

(30 VICTORIA No. 16.)

Dr.

STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS in the Year 1872.

Cr.

PARTICULARS OF RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	PARTICULARS OF DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.	AMOUNT.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To Balance 31st December, 1871	2,659 6 11	By Charges not provided for by Vote from the Consolidated Revenue Fund, viz. :—		
To Amount of Collections during the year 1872	9,011 13 6	Cost of Printing	8 1 9	
		Incidental Expenses	48 7 6	
		For work performed at Quarantine Yards	6 13 8	
				63 2 11
		By Payments from the Consolidated Revenue Fund, under Votes of Parliament, viz. :—		
		Salaries and Contingencies of 1871, further sum	1,126 15 5	
		Do. 1872, do.	8,447 17 5	9,574 12 10
				9,637 15 9
		By Balance, 31st December, 1872		2,033 4 8
TOTAL	£ 11,671 0 5	TOTAL		£ 11,671 0 5

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The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



# NEWCASTLE TONNAGE DUTY.

(19 VICTORIA Nos. 25 & 40, & 20 VICTORIA No. 12.)

STATEMENT of RECEIPTS for Tonnage Dues, and of DISBURSEMENTS on account of Improving the Navigation of the River Hunter and Ports of Newcastle and Morpeth, under the Acts 19 Victoria No. 40, and 20 Victoria No. 12, to the 31st December, 1872.

RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.	DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
To amount of Collections for Tonnage Dues at the Port of Newcastle, viz. :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	By Expenditure on account of Improving the Navigation of the River Hunter and Ports of Newcastle and Morpeth, viz. :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
In the year 1858 ... ..	1,446 1 0		In the year 1856 ... ..	5,141 4 1	
In the year 1859 ... ..	2,198 14 6		In the year 1857 ... ..	7,780 12 7	
In the year 1860 ... ..	2,891 18 6		In the year 1858 ... ..	18,002 2 9	
In the year 1861 ... ..	2,654 7 6		In the year 1859 ... ..	4,622 6 11	
In the year 1862 ... ..	3,296 9 6		In the year 1860 ... ..	632 16 6	
In the year 1863 ... ..	3,539 2 0		In the year 1861 ... ..	359 11 0	
In the year 1864 ... ..	4,686 6 9		In the year 1862 ... ..	858 7 3	
In the year 1865 ... ..	3,936 17 0		In the year 1863 ... ..	45 10 5	
In the year 1866 ... ..	5,176 5 6		In the year 1864 ... ..	136 1 10	
In the year 1867 ... ..	5,420 6 6		In the year 1865 ... ..	31 17 9	
In the year 1868 ... ..	5,556 2 6		In the year 1866 ... ..	130 6 11	
In the year 1869 ... ..	7,196 11 6		In the year 1867 ... ..	1,345 18 11	
In the year 1870 ... ..	6,457 4 6		In the year 1868 ... ..	594 10 4	
In the year 1871 ... ..	5,647 1 6		In the year 1869 ... ..	106 10 11	
In the year 1872 ... ..	7,151 12 0		In the year 1870 ... ..	211 13 9	
		67,255 0 9	By Interest on the above Expenditure to 31st December, 1872, calculated from the dates of the several payments, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, viz. :—		39,999 11 11
			Interest on £5,141 4s. 1d. ... ..	3,665 7 7	
			Interest on £7,780 12s. 7d. ... ..	5,239 17 2	
			Interest on £18,002 2s. 9d. ... ..	11,229 0 9	
			Interest on £4,622 6s. 11d. ... ..	2,718 14 7	
			Interest on £632 16s. 6d. ... ..	329 6 4	
			Interest on £359 11s. 0d. ... ..	168 14 7	
			Interest on £858 7s. 3d. ... ..	360 15 4	
			Interest on £45 10s. 5d. ... ..	16 16 10	
			Interest on £136 1s. 10d. ... ..	42 8 4	
			Interest on £31 17s. 9d. ... ..	8 13 0	
			Interest on £130 6s. 11d. ... ..	30 9 8	
			Interest on £1,345 18s. 11d. ... ..	230 2 6	
			Interest on £594 10s. 4d. ... ..	104 15 10	
			Interest on £106 10s. 11d. ... ..	18 13 2	
			Interest on £211 13s. 9d. ... ..	30 7 10	
					24,194 3 6
			By Balance, 31st December, 1872 ... ..		£ 64,193 15 5
					3,061 5 4
TOTAL ... ..		£ 67,255 0 9			£ 67,255 0 9

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The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## WOLLONGONG TONNAGE DUTY.

(23 VICTORIA No. 10; 25 VICTORIA No. 5; 27 VICTORIA No. 1; & 29 VICTORIA No. 23.)

STATEMENT of RECEIPTS for Tonnage Dues, and of DISBURSEMENTS on account of Improving the Harbour of Wollongong, under the Acts 23 Victoria No. 10, 25 Victoria No. 5, 27 Victoria No. 1, and 29 Victoria No. 23, to 31st December, 1872.

RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.	DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
To Amount of Collections for Tonnage Dues at the Harbour of Wollongong, viz. :— 1st July to 31st December, 1864... .. In the year 1865 ... .. In the year 1866 ... .. In the year 1867 ... .. In the year 1868 ... .. In the year 1869 ... .. In the year 1870 ... .. In the year 1871 ... .. In the year 1872 ... ..	£ s. d. 73 12 0 153 14 0 168 2 0 173 3 0 192 0 0 215 2 0 196 1 6 225 12 0 271 9 0	£ s. d. 1,668 15 6	By Expenditure on account of Improving the Harbour of Wollongong, viz. :— In the year 1860 ... .. In the year 1861 ... .. In the year 1862 ... .. In the year 1863 ... .. In the year 1864 ... .. In the year 1865 ... .. In the year 1866 ... .. In the year 1867 ... .. In the year 1868 ... .. In the year 1869 ... ..  By Interest on the above Expenditure to 31st December, 1872, calculated from the dates of the several Payments, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, viz. :— Interest on £141 10s. 3d. ... .. Interest on £6,842 7s. 10d. ... .. Interest on £8,172 19s. 2d. ... .. Interest on £4,775 8s. 0d. ... .. Interest on £6,533 6s. 0d. ... .. Interest on £5,265 12s. 10d. ... .. Interest on £2,158 9s. 4d. ... .. Interest on £7,681 17s. 6d. ... .. Interest on £954 6s. 0d. ... .. Interest on £2 10s. 5d. ... ..	£ s. d. 141 10 3 6,842 7 10 8,172 19 2 4,775 8 0 6,533 6 0 5,265 12 10 2,158 9 4 7,681 17 6 954 6 0 2 10 5  71 14 11 3,140 11 5 3,392 5 6 1,787 8 11 2,068 16 7 1,519 18 9 461 4 4 1,300 0 0 156 18 8 0 9 9	£ s. d. 42,528 7 4  13,899 8 10
To Balance due to the Consolidated Revenue Fund, on 31st December, 1872, for amount advanced to carry on the Works, and to pay Interest thereon ... ..	£ s. d. 54,759 0 8	£ s. d. 56,427 16 2	TOTAL ... ..	£ s. d. 56,427 16 2	TOTAL ... ..

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The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

# KIAMA TONNAGE DUTY.

(23 VICTORIA No. 10, 25 VICTORIA No. 6, 27 VICTORIA No. 2, 29 VICTORIA No. 9, AND 34 VICTORIA No. 2.)

STATEMENT of RECEIPTS for Tonnage Dues, and of DISBURSEMENTS on account of Improving the Harbour of Kiama, under the Acts 23 Victoria No. 10; 25 Victoria No. 6; 27 Victoria No. 2; 29 Victoria No. 9; and 34 Victoria No. 2; to the 31st December, 1872.

RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.	DISBURSEMENTS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
To Amount of Collections for Tonnage Dues at the Harbour of Kiama, viz. :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	By Expenditure on account of Improving the Navigation of the Harbour of Kiama, viz. :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1st July to 31st December, 1864...	32 3 0		In the year 1860 ... ..	87 19 8	
In the year 1865 ... ..	81 19 6		In the year 1861 ... ..	3,704 6 6	
In the year 1866 ... ..	61 8 6		In the year 1862 ... ..	11,595 13 4	
In the year 1867 ... ..	88 0 6		In the year 1863 ... ..	9,374 2 9	
In the year 1868 ... ..	93 16 0		In the year 1864 ... ..	3,393 9 7	
In the year 1869 ... ..	100 7 6		In the year 1865 ... ..	2,270 15 1	
In the year 1870 ... ..	68 11 0		In the year 1866 ... ..	975 18 0	
In the year 1871 ... ..	92 12 0		In the year 1867 ... ..	95 5 1	
In the year 1872 ... ..	98 12 6		In the year 1868 ... ..	2,248 10 1	
		717 10 6	In the year 1869 ... ..	1,903 2 5	
			In the year 1870 ... ..	591 4 7	
			In the year 1871 ... ..	3,360 11 1	
			In the year 1872 ... ..	5,169 2 7	
			By Interest on the above Expenditure to 31st December, 1872, calculated from the dates of the several Payments, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, viz. :—		44,770 0 9
			Interest on £87 19s. 8d. ... ..	44 4 9	
			Interest on £3,704 6s. 6d. ... ..	1,682 3 11	
			Interest on £11,595 13s. 4d. ... ..	4,865 15 8	
			Interest on £9,374 2s. 9d. ... ..	3,486 11 11	
			Interest on £3,393 9s. 7d. ... ..	1,086 15 3	
			Interest on £2,270 15s. 1d. ... ..	620 9 10	
			Interest on £975 18s. 0d. ... ..	228 14 11	
			Interest on £95 5s. 1d. ... ..	16 11 6	
			Interest on £2,248 10s. 1d. ... ..	373 18 7	
			Interest on £1,903 2s. 5d. ... ..	345 13 0	
			Interest on £591 4s. 7d. ... ..	63 11 6	
			Interest on £3,360 11s. 1d. ... ..	237 7 2	
			Interest on £5,169 2s. 7d. ... ..	119 7 5	
To Balance due to the Consolidated Revenue Fund, on 31st December, 1872, for amount advanced to carry on the Works, and to pay Interest thereon		57,223 15 8			13,171 5 5
TOTAL...	£	57,941 6 2	TOTAL	£	57,941 6 2

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.*

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.



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STATEMENT  
OF THE  
PARTICULARS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF THE COLONY  
OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES,  
ON  
31st DECEMBER, 1872.

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## STATEMENT OF THE PARTICULARS OF THE PUBLIC DEBT OF

SERVICES.	AUTHORITY.	AMOUNT AUTHORIZED TO BE RAISED.	AMOUNT OF DEBENTURES AND TREASURY BILLS SOLD.	AMOUNT RAISED.	AMOUNT OVER-RAISED.	AMOUNT NOT YET RAISED.
		£ s. d.	£	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>DEBENTURES.</b>						
Loan to the Sydney Railway Company	16 Vic., No. 39	216,571 0 0	217,500	223,936 3 4	7,365 3 4	.....
Sydney Sewerage	17 Vic., No. 34	200,000 0 0	209,030	201,149 11 9		
Sydney Water Supply	17 Vic., No. 35	200,000 0 0	208,400	201,264 13 5		
Public Works	18 Vic., No. 35	178,750 0 0	144,000	136,890 13 2		
Railways	18 Vic., No. 40	624,733 18 8	666,800	630,105 11 7		
Public Works	19 Vic., Nos. 38 & 40.	445,323 0 0	410,500	393,427 5 8		
To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures	20 Vic., No. 1	73,776 0 0	73,700	70,300 16 2		
Railways	20 Vic., No. 1	200,000 0 0	203,000	199,997 10 0		
To pay off Land and Immigration Debentures	20 Vic., No. 16	130,400 0 0	132,300	130,311 0 0		
Public Works	20 Vic., No. 33	107,717 18 11	112,000	107,787 15 0		
Railways	20 Vic., No. 34	300,000 0 0	299,000	300,895 12 6		
To pay off Debentures	22 Vic., Nos. 5 & 26.	145,000 0 0	145,700	145,007 0 0		
Railways and Public Works	22 Vic., No. 22	758,500 0 0	760,700	756,890 15 0		
Public Works	22 Vic., No. 26	11,600 0 0	5,000	4,962 10 0		
To pay off Debentures	23 Vic., No. 5	365,600 0 0	365,600	361,612 10 0		
Public Works and to pay off Debentures	23 Vic., No. 10	348,223 0 0	348,200	341,084 15 0		
Railways and Public Works	24 Vic., No. 24	113,535 0 0	113,900	112,209 11 6		
Voluntary and Assisted Immigration	24 Vic., No. 26	55,000 0 0	55,500	54,945 16 0		
Railways and Public Works	25 Vic., No. 19	1,782,370 14 6	1,782,300	1,696,828 5 0		
Railways and Public Works	26 Vic., No. 14	161,832 0 0	162,000	136,728 17 10		
Public Works	27 Vic., No. 14	670,025 12 7	670,000	565,483 14 2		
To cover Deficit of 1864 and previous years	29 Vic., No. 4	550,000 0 0	550,000	495,344 10 0		
To pay off Debentures	29 Vic., No. 5	300,000 0 0	300,000	270,252 5 0		
Public Works and Immigration	29 Vic., No. 9	219,450 0 0	219,400	193,474 0 0		
Public Works	29 Vic., No. 23	758,000 0 0	758,000	718,844 10 0		
Public Works	30 Vic., No. 23	65,850 0 0	65,800	61,902 0 0		
Railways	31 Vic., No. 11	1,000,000 0 0	1,000,000	981,655 7 0		
Public Works	31 Vic., No. 27	177,407 0 0	177,400	173,055 0 0		
Public Works	32 Vic., No. 13	197,885 0 0	197,800	196,625 9 10		
Public Works and other purposes	34 Vic., No. 2	407,151 13 7	407,100	403,321 7 6		
To make good the loss sustained in the negotiation of the Debentures of previous Loans.	Under various Acts.	.....	450,000	*439,787 7 11		
Public Works and other purposes	35 Vic., No. 5	374,980 0 0	374,900	375,424 19 6	†444 19 6	
Public Works and other purposes	36 Vic., No. 2	406,863 7 3	406,800	422,696 18 0	†15,833 10 9	
		11,546,545 5 6	11,992,330	11,509,204 1 10	23,643 13 7	
<b>TREASURY BILLS.</b>						
To cover Deficit of 1870 and previous years	35 Vic., No. 4	334,600 0 0	334,600	348,105 3 0	13,505 3 0	
<b>TOTALS</b>		£11,881,145 5 6	12,326,930	11,857,309 4 10	37,148 16 7	

The issue of Debentures under various Loan Acts, in 1870, to the extent of £450,000, has adjusted the amounts short and over raised under these Acts, excepting in the case of the Debentures issued under 29 Vic., No. 4, to cover the Deficit of 1864 and previous years, which were on account of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

\* Net proceeds.

† Transferred to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



## Public Debt.

STATEMENT showing the DUE DATES of OUTSTANDING DEBENTURES and TREASURY BILLS on the 31st December, 1872.

YEAR.	DEBENTURES.	TREASURY BILLS.	TOTAL.	REMARKS.
	£	£	£	
1873 (Loans' Account) ...	130,500	.....	130,500	
1874 (Do.) ...	250,000	.....	250,000	
1874 (Con. Rev. Fund) ...	.....	* 334,600	334,600	On account of the Deficiency of 1870 and previous years.
1875 (Loans' Account) ...	50,000	.....	50,000	
1876 (Do.) ...	735,800	.....	735,800	
1888 (Do.) ...	500,000	.....	500,000	
1889 (Do.) ...	893,000	.....	893,000	
1890 (Do.) ...	718,800	.....	718,800	
1891 (Do.) ...	225,500	.....	225,500	
1892 (Do.) ...	1,782,300	.....	1,782,300	
1893 (Do.) ...	40,000	.....	40,000	
1895 (Do.) ...	832,000	.....	832,000	
1896 (Do.) ...	977,400	.....	977,400	
1897 (Do.) ...	65,800	.....	65,800	
1898 (Do.) ...	177,400	.....	177,400	
1899 (Do.) ...	197,800	.....	197,800	
1900 (Do.) ...	857,100	.....	857,100	
1901 (Do.) ...	374,900	.....	374,900	
1902 (Do.) ...	406,800	.....	406,800	
Annual drawings of £20,000, commencing 31st December, 1872 (Loans' Account) ...	980,000	.....	980,000	
Interminable, or 1882, at option of the Government (Loans' Account) ...	240,830	.....	240,830	
Permanent (Loans' Account)	2,700	.....	2,700	
Total Amount outstanding, 31st December, 1872 ...	10,438,630	334,600	10,773,230	

\* Due 1st July, 1874.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



SCHEDULE of REPAYMENTS, in the YEAR 1872, to the CREDIT of VOTES,  
on Account of ISSUES of 1871 and previous Years.

PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>REPAYMENTS IN 1872, ON ACCOUNT OF—</b>		
<b>Services of the Year 1868.</b>		
Subordinate Roads—Northern...	276 8 1	
Minor Bridges and Roads not classified	0 8 8	
Electric Telegraph—Contingencies	1 15 9	
		278 12 6
<b>Services of the Year 1869.</b>		
Subordinate Roads—Northern...	490 0 0	
Subordinate Roads—Southern...	29 18 0	
Minor Bridges and Roads not classified	93 10 6	
		613 8 6
<b>Services of the Year 1870.</b>		
Schedule B—Superannuated Officers	26 0 2	
Prevention of Scab in Sheep—Salaries	0 14 4	
		26 14 6
<b>Services of the Year 1871.</b>		
Legislative Council—Salaries	2 0 0	
Police, Constabulary—Salaries	628 14 10	
Free Public Library—Salaries	2 6 8	
Nautical School Ship, "Vernon"—Salaries	21 19 5	
Law Officers—Contingencies	51 14 7	
Sheriff—Contingencies	14 7 8	
Insolvent Court—Salaries	12 3 4	
Occupation of Lands—Salaries	1 16 8	
Railways, General Establishment—Contingencies	45 8 9	
Gaol, Goulburn—Salaries	0 16 8	
Hospital for Insane, Gladesville—Salaries	21 17 9	
Lunatic Asylum, Parramatta—Salaries	12 8 3	
Public Instruction	0 3 3	
Industrial School for Girls	2 0 4	
Protestant Orphan School—Salaries	3 3 6	
Endowments under Municipalities Act	2 5 9	
Quarter Sessions—Contingencies	302 2 8	
Unforeseen Expenses	235 0 4	
Erection of Public Pounds	2 8 6	
Steam Dredge "Hercules"—Salaries	8 6 9	
Steam Dredge "Fitzroy"—Salaries	8 9 0	
Colonial Architect—Salaries	0 5 7	
Fitzroy Dock—Salaries	0 0 1	
Completion of West Maitland Bridge	0 0 7	
Main Southern Road	0 10 0	
		1,380 10 11
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>£ 2,299 6 5</b>

*The Treasury, New South Wales,  
21st March, 1873.*

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.



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SECOND ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

AUDITOR GENERAL.

(UNDER THE ACT 33 VIC. No. 18.)

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SECOND ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
**AUDITOR GENERAL.**  
(UNDER THE ACT 33 VIC. No. 18.)

TREASURER'S STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE  
OF THE CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND AND OTHER MONEYS,  
FOR THE YEAR 1872.

WHEN the year commenced, no provision had been made by Parliament for the Service of 1872. A temporary Supply Act (35 Vic. No. 10, for £128,300) for the month of January was assented to on the 29th of that month.

Parliament was prorogued on the 1st, and the Legislative Assembly was dissolved by Proclamation on the 3rd of February.

The new Parliament was opened on the 30th April, and on the 11th of May a Temporary Supply Act (35 Vic. No. 11—£641,500), making provision for the Service of the months of February, March, April, May, and June, on the basis of the Appropriation for 1871, was assented to. In the meantime, an arrangement had been made with the Bank of New South Wales, for the payment of the salaries of the Civil Servants pending Parliamentary provision, the Bank taking from each officer and employé an assignment of all right, title, and interest in his salary or wages when voted. This arrangement subsequently met with the formal condemnation of the Legislative Assembly, as in derogation of the Constitution, interfering with the power of the House in granting Supply, and impairing its just control over the Public Expenditure.

2. The Annual Appropriation Act (31 Vic. No. 3) was assented to on the 13th of August; and it is now my duty, in the light of the Supply granted by that Act, to review the Statements herewith submitted, which, except as herein noticed, I certify to be correct.

CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.

An Analysis of the Treasurer's Balance Sheet shows—

A Credit Balance on 31st December,			
1871, on "Loans" Account of	£485,886	1	9
And a Debit Balance on "Revenue"			
proper of	366,684	1	11
			11

Leaving a Credit Cash Balance, at 1st  
January, 1872, of ... .. £119,201 19 10  
72—M

"Receipts"

“Receipts” during 1872—			
On “Loans” Account	...	107,202	7 6
On “Revenue” proper Account	...	3,195,069	18 1
		<u>          </u>	<u>3,302,272 5 7</u>
“Payments” during 1872—			
On “Loans” Account	...	206,708	11 8
On “Revenue” proper Account	...	2,696,048	2 7
		<u>          </u>	<u>2,902,756 14 3</u>
Credit Cash Balance on 31st December, 1872	...		<u>£518,717 11 2</u>

3. Following the plan adopted in my first Annual Report, that is, of charging the entire Appropriations for the year as Liabilities—the actual state of the “*Consolidated Revenue Fund Proper*” for 1872 was as under stated, viz. :—

Dr.			
“LIABILITIES”—Appropriations by Parliament and			
Permanent Statutes	...	...	£2,362,482 18 6
Cr.			
“ASSETS”—Revenue and Receipts of 1872 to 31st			
December	...	...	<u>2,794,274 7 5</u>
Net Credit Financial Balance	...	...	431,791 8 11
As, however, there remained at 31st December a Balance			
of undischarged Liabilities to the extent of	...	...	<u>322,089 1 4</u>
There should have been a Cash Balance at 31st			
December, on 1872 Account, to cover the Surplus			
and to meet remaining Liabilities, of	...	...	753,880 10 3
The actual Cash Balance, however, at that date was	...	...	<u>132,693 17 9</u>
Showing that there had been employed for purposes			
mostly foreign to the year, Cash to the extent of	...	...	<u>621,186 12 6</u>
Thus accounted for :—			
Remittance to cover Interest payable in London on			
1st January, 1873	...	...	231,657 3 10
Advance to Treasurer (out of Vote of £30,000)	...	...	18,417 6 9
Advanced to liquidate the Indebtedness of 1870 and			
previous years	...	...	<u>371,112 1 11</u>
			<u>£621,186 12 6</u>

The foregoing Statement shows that the Revenue and Receipts exceeded the Liabilities proper to the year by £431,791 8s. 11d., which, together with an improved Balance on the Account for 1871 of £79,373 13s. 4d., has converted the Overdraft of £366,563 7s. 5d. at the end of 1871 (as shown in my last Report, page 90) into a Cash Balance of £132,693 17s. 9d. at the end of 1872.

4. The improved condition of the Account of 1871, to which I have just referred, is due to the Supplementary Appropriations for the service of that year, being within the surplus shown in my last Report, and to the Limitation of Expenditure by the operation of the 17th clause of the Audit Act.

The

The figures are—

Cr.	By Net Credit Financial Balance, 31st December, 1871...	£33,751	19	5
	„ Liabilities lapsed under Clause 17 of Audit Act ...	69,301	7	4
	„ Repayments of Over-issues ...	1,380	10	11
	„ Receipt from Bishopthorpe Estate ...	300	0	0
		<u>£104,733</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>8</u>

Dr.	To additional Appropriations in 1872 (1871 Account)...	£25,360	4	4
	Net Credit Financial Balance on 1871 Account at 31st December, 1872 ...	<u>£79,373</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>4</u>

There is thus upon the accounts of 1871 and 1872, after providing for all actual Appropriations to 31st December last, a total Surplus of £511,165 2s. 3d.

5. The trifling extent to which the Surplus above shown is likely to be encroached upon by Supplementary Appropriations, and the all but certainty that very considerable additions will accrue to it by lapsed Appropriations under the 17th clause of the Audit Act, would allow of the application of this large credit balance to the relief of the Account of 1870.

The condition of that Account at the close of 1872 was as follows, viz. :—

Dr.	To Net Balance Deficiency at 31st December, 1871 ...	£846,555	18	3
	„ Additional Appropriations in 1872 ...	22,470	18	8
	„ Appropriations restored ...	50	16	7
	„ *Treasury Bills, due 1874, 35 Vic. No. 4 ...	334,600	0	0
		<u>£1,203,677</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>6</u>

Cr.	By proceeds Treasury Bills issued in 1872 ...	348,105	3	0
	„ Repayments of Over-issues ...	918	15	6
	„ Liabilities lapsed ...	47,517	10	11
		<u>£396,541</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>5</u>

	Net Debit Financial Balance (1870 Account) at 31st December, 1872 ...	<u>£807,136</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>
--	--	-----------------	----------	----------

Thus accounted for, viz. :—

	Treasury Bills, due 1874 ...	334,600	0	0
	Reserved Balance (under Clause 17 of Audit Act) ...	8,882	1	11
	Advanced out of Consolidated Revenue Fund of 1871... 92,542 0 3			
	Consolidated Revenue Fund of 1872 371,112 1 11			
		<u>463,654</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>
		<u>£807,136</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>

6.

\* These Bills realized a profit of £13,505 3s.

6. The effect of the application suggested in the foregoing paragraph will be gathered from the following statement:—

Net Debit Balance on 1870 Account at 31 December, 1872	£807,136	4	1
Net Credit Balance, 1871 and 1872 Accounts...	511,165	2	3

Leaving a Net Debit Financial Balance of	£295,971	1	10
--	----------	---	----

The Net Credit Balance on 1871 and 1872 Accounts being	511,165	2	3
--	---------	---	---

And the debt by 1870 to those years being only	463,654	2	2
--	---------	---	---

It follows that after writing off the cash advanced to 1870, there is a surplus of	47,511	0	1
--	--------	---	---

Which if added to the above Net Debit Balance, will represent the amount required to close the "Deficiency Account" of former years	343,482	1	11
---	---------	---	----

viz.—

Treasury Bills due 1874	334,600	0	0
Undischarged Balance of Appropriations, 1870 Account	8,882	1	11
	£343,482	1	11

To sum up in a few plain words the foregoing figures, I may state that the Net Balance Deficiency at the close of the year 1871, as shown at page 91 of my last year's Report, namely, £846,555 18s. 3d., has by operations upon the 1870 Account alone been reduced to £807,136 4s. 1d., and, by the improvement of the Revenue of 1871 and 1872, been further reduced to £343,482 1s. 11d., towards the liquidation of which the Treasurer had in hand £47,511 0s. 1d., leaving a Net Deficiency of £295,971 1s. 10d. on the 31st December, 1872.

#### CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND (LOANS).

7. The state of this Account at the close of the year was as follows, viz.:—

Dr.	"LIABILITIES"—Balance of Appropriations under Loan Acts remaining unexpended	£595,437	1	7
-----	--	----------	---	---

Cr.	Payments in 1872	206,118	8	9
	Payments in suspense (1871) for "Lunatic Asylum" now charged to Appropriation under 29 Vic. No. 9	586	2	4
		£206,704	11	1

Balance of undischarged Liabilities at 31st December, 1872	£388,732	10	6
The Cash Balance however was only	386,379	17	7
Difference	£2,352	12	11

Consisting of the following sums applied (prior to 1st January, 1871) to temporary payments not yet adjusted, viz.:—

For the purchase of Stores	£2,174	19	8
For Railway Service	200	17	0
	£2,375	16	8

Less—Sum recovered on account of Railway Services, 31 Vic. No. 11, not available for re-issue	23	3	9
	£2,352	12	11

"THE



"THE LOAN FUND" (35 VIC. No. 5).

8. The Separate Fund established under this Act exhibits the particulars understated, viz. :—

Dr.	"LIABILITIES"—1st January, 1872 ... ..	£196,629 0 4
Cr.	Payments in 1872 ... ..	162,228 7 3
		<hr/>
	Balance undischarged ... ..	£34,400 13 1
		<hr/> <hr/>

Which agrees with the Cash Balance as per Treasury Statement, page 49.

THE LOAN FUND (36 VIC. No. 2).

9. This is a new Account established under the above quoted Act of last Session, intituled "*An Act to enable the Government to raise a Loan and apply a certain unexpended Balance for Public Works and other purposes.*"

The operations under this Act were as follows, viz. :—

Dr.	"LIABILITIES"—Amount appropriated to various Public Works... ..	£461,234 0 0
Cr.	"ASSETS"—Proceeds of Loan realized in the Colony... ..	£406,863 7 3
	Transfer of Net Credit Balance on Loans' Branch of Consolidated Revenue Fund Account ... ..	54,370 12 9
		<hr/>
		£461,234 0 0
	The Liabilities discharged during the year having amounted to ... ..	283,500 5 1
		<hr/>
	There should have remained at the 31st December 1872, a Cash Balance of ... ..	£177,733 14 11
		<hr/> <hr/>

Which agrees with the Treasury Statement, page 53.

The Loan was negotiated at an average premium of £3 18s. 1d., the profit realized amounting to £15,833 10s. 9d. This with accrued interest, £335 15s. 7d., appears as a receipt to the Consolidated Revenue Fund Account, and is therefore excluded from the above statement.

Had the acceptance of Tenders for this Loan been limited to the amount required, there would have been a saving over the thirty years' currency of the Debentures to the extent of £23,700.

"TRUST FUND."

10. The operations of this Fund may be thus summarized :—

Dr.	"LIABILITIES"—Balances at Credit on 31st December, 1871 ... ..	£213,218 17 7
	Deposits during 1872 ... ..	448,000 6 9
		<hr/>
		£661,219 4 4
		<hr/> <hr/>

Cr.

Cr.

"ASSETS"—Cash and Securities in hand on 1st January		
1872	... ..	£213,218 17 7
Receipts as above	... ..	448,000 6 9
		£661,219 4 4
The Liabilities discharged having amounted to	....	339,808 19 1
		£321,410 5 3

This balance differs from the Treasurer's Statement by a sum of £356 4s. 2d., in consequence of the Receipts from the Bishopthorpe Estate not being carried—as it is thought they should be—to the Consolidated Revenue Fund, where, in the foregoing statement, both Receipts and Payments will be found accounted for.

11. A difference of opinion having arisen between the Treasury and Audit Departments as to the propriety of re-issuing moneys refunded to the Revenue, a case was submitted by me for the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, which, together with the opinion of the Honorable the Attorney General supporting my view of the case, will be found in the Appendix. The question was whether, having already certified for the full amount of the Parliamentary appropriation for a particular service, I could legally sign a warrant for the issue of money in excess of that appropriation. The Treasury view was that, inasmuch as certain sums had been returned to the Revenue out of the issues already made, it was right to the extent of the refund to issue the money a second time. My objection to this was that, having exhausted the vote, I was not justified in signing a warrant in excess, and that the money refunded having been carried to the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, could not legally be re-issued except under a fresh vote of Parliament.

12. A further question was raised upon a warrant submitted for my counter-signature in connection with the vote for the "Marine Board," which differed from the terms of the Temporary Supply Act, granting supply at the rates of the previous year. A case was submitted for the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, which, together with the opinion of the Honorable the Solicitor-General, will, in conformity with the directions contained in the 37th clause of the Audit Act, be found in the Appendix. The view taken by me is sustained by this opinion, namely, that the issues under Temporary Supply Acts are to be regarded as advances to be adjusted by the amounts voted as specified in the Annual Appropriation Act, and that where there has been an over-issue under the Temporary Supply Act, Parliament must be applied to to made good the difference.

13. On the 6th of September, 1872, there was transferred from the "Public Account" in Sydney, a sum of £11,683 9s. 3d., to cover an overdraft shown in the London Account with the Bank of New South Wales, being the amount of certain disbursements made by that Bank on account of the Government, under instructions from the Treasury,—the accounts having been nominally paid to the Bank in Sydney at various times under warrant, and debited to Votes of Parliament. As the transfer effected a correspondence between the Treasury Cash Sheets and the Bank Cash Sheets, and converted the nominal entries into real payments, the Governor's warrant for the issue of the money was thought to be unnecessary.

On

On the same day a sum of £50,000 was transferred for the purchase of Silver Coin to replace the defaced coin current in the Colony. After a conference between the Treasury officers and myself, it was determined that, being in the nature of an exchange, the Governor's warrant might be dispensed with.

14. Following these precedents, there was again, on the 30th of December, a transfer made without warrant of a sum of £20,000 from the "Public Account," in Sydney, for the purpose of covering payments to be made by the Bank of New South Wales in London. This transfer did not come under my observation until the following month, when the transfer of the large sum of £500,000 appeared in the Bank Sheet of the 27th January, 1873. Having received no intimation of the intention to take so large a sum from the "Public Account," I waited for the corresponding day's Cash Sheet from the Treasury, and, on the 5th February, addressed a letter to the Honorable the Treasurer, asking for an explanation of the circumstances, and subsequently submitted a case for the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, the question being "whether, in view of the terms employed in the 55th clause of "the Constitution Act, and reiterated in the Audit Act, the money could legally be "transferred from the 'Public Account' in the Colony to the Account of the Govern- "ment with the Bank of New South Wales in London, *without the Governor's Warrant.*"

The correspondence, with the Honorable the Attorney General's opinion, will be found in the Appendix. I shall therefore content myself with inviting the atten- See Appendix A tion of Parliament thereto, merely adding that the question as to the identity of the "Public Account" in London with the "Public Account" in Sydney has been definitely settled by the Regulations since promulgated by the Governor and Executive Council, a copy of which is appended to the papers on the subject.

Seeing that the determination of this question affects the transfers similarly made in 1872 (before noticed), I have deemed it right to introduce the subject to the notice of Parliament in the present Report.

I may add that, prior to the issue of the Regulations just referred to, the transactions in London could not without very great inconvenience have been made subject to the provisions of the Audit Act. Those transactions, however, both in Receipts and Payments, were nominally passed through the Treasurer's Accounts, but not through the "Public Account" in the Bank of New South Wales in Sydney; but being substantially correct, could not reasonably be objected to. Moreover, upon a representation of the difficulty to the General Manager of the Bank, insuperable objections were urged by him to the admission of the London transactions into the Sydney Account.

15. In pursuance of the directions contained in the 36th clause of the Audit Act, it is my duty to report that proceedings were taken, in the course of the past year, against Mr. George Layton, late Accountant of the Treasury, for a certain alleged defalcation, by which a loss of £395 was suffered by the Clergy and School Estates Fund. It was alleged against him that he had appropriated to his own use the proceeds of certain coupons for interest on debentures held in trust for that Fund and entrusted to him for collection. The defalcation was not detected until after Mr. Layton had left the Treasury. A criminal prosecution was entered against him, which resulted in a verdict of acquittal. The fund is deficient in that sum, being one half-year's interest due 1st January, 1870.

16. Statements of the Special Accounts created under Acts of Parliament, and not separately shown in the Treasurer's Statements, will be found in the

pendix B1, 2, 3. Appendix, namely,—

Public Abattoirs Fund (14 Vict. No. 36).

Cattle Diseases Fund (30 Vict. No. 11 and 35 Vict. No. 6).

Registration of Brands Fund (30 Vict. No. 12).

Votes being annually taken for carrying on these Services, the Treasury treats them as ordinary Services, and embodies the receipts and expenditure with the general Statements.

17. The accounts of the Government Savings Bank for the past year have, in accordance with the directions contained in the Act, been audited by this Department, and certified by me to be correct. For some time the Controller was in the habit of making refunds to depositors out of the receipts, but upon its being shown to him that this practice was contrary to the provisions of the 5th clause of the Act, arrangements were made for working the business of the Bank under advance from the Treasury.

18. Statements of Transfers made by authority of the Governor and Executive Council, under the 18th clause of the Audit Act, with copies of Minutes of the Governor in Council have been submitted by me to Parliament from time to time as they came under notice.

pendix C, D, E. 19. Appended to this Report will be found Statements of Details explanatory of the position of the Revenue and Expenditure for 1872; of the variations in the Cash and Financial Balances between the commencement and close of the year; and of Disallowances of Payments under clause 28 corresponding with similar statements appended to my Report of last year.

Audit Office,

8th September, 1873.

C. ROLLESTON.

## APPENDIX A.

CASES FOR THE OPINION OF THE HONORABLE THE LAW OFFICERS OF THE CROWN.

## No. 1.—Re-issues of Balances of Votes Refunded.

3 Vict. No. 18.

A vote of Parliament for "Electric Telegraph" services is taken, and warrants *for the full amount of the vote* have been issued under section 11 of the Audit Act.

A portion of the money obtained under these warrants is refunded to the Consolidated Revenue Fund, and again demanded for re-issue, for the same service, under the same vote.

*Query*—Are the moneys so refunded available for re-issue for the same service, and on account of the vote already fully issued? or, in other words, having signed warrants for *the full amount* of the Parliamentary Appropriation for the Service, am I justified in certifying that the sums so asked for as re-issues are legally available?

C. ROLLESTON,

Audit Office, Sydney, 1 July, 1872.

A. G.

The Under Secretary to the Crown Law Department to The Auditor General.

72/1404/1467.

Attorney General's Department,  
Sydney, 20 July, 1872.33 Vict. No. 18,  
sections 11, 12,  
and 17.  
18th July, 1872.

Sir,

Referring to your letter of the 1st instant, submitting case for opinion, respecting the re-issue of votes refunded, I am directed to forward to you the enclosed copy of Mr. Attorney General Butler's opinion upon the subject.

I should perhaps inform you, that the Under Secretary for Finance and Trade has been furnished with a copy of the same opinion, in reference to certain papers submitted by that officer, under B.C. of 11th instant.

I have, &c.,  
W. E. PLUNKETT,  
Under Secretary.

[Enclosure.]

72/1467.

## Opinion of Attorney General respecting re-issue of Balances of Votes refunded.

In the case submitted by the Auditor General, the question is not raised by him of re-issuing balances under a new account, with a heading descriptive of the transaction; but, by Mr. Thomson's statement, this idea appears to have been under consideration. In my opinion, this expedient cannot be resorted to, as the re-issue would be no better or no worse, as a matter of law, by altering the form of it as a matter of account.

The main question at issue, as to whether the Auditor General should sign a warrant for the re-issue of moneys refunded to the Consolidated Revenue Fund, and again demanded for re-issue for the same service under the same vote, has, in my opinion, been erroneously considered as depending exclusively upon the 11th and 12th sections of the Audit Act. These sections contemplate the ordinary issue of moneys required for the Public Service (not considering now any other purpose). The moneys required are to be issued upon a calculation of what is *likely* to be required for a month from the time of such calculation; in other words, they are to be issued *in advance*. Now, it would be an absurd construction to say that the Auditor General should issue warrants in advance to an amount *in excess* of the sum total appropriated for the particular service or purpose for which the moneys are required. It is plain, therefore, that the 11th section, and the 12th, which is in pursuance of it, do not provide for or touch the case now in controversy.

This case must be dealt with under the 17th section. Under this section, all moneys not expended within the year, or the first three months of the following year, lapse, unless they are under a contract or engagement entered into before the expiration of the year. If the moneys applied for in this case were under no such contract, of course they have lapsed, and there is an end of the question. If they were under such a contract or engagement, then this section means that they should have been withheld and not refunded, and that the public account should be dealt with accordingly. It was the duty of the persons concerned for the Public Service to which the money had been appropriated to have looked after their accounts in this particular, and the Audit Act does not in the 17th section or in any other section provide for the case of such persons *not doing their duty*. There is no provision for the re-issue of refunded money under the circumstances of this case, and in my opinion, the Auditor General has no legal power to sign a warrant for such a purpose. The money not having been withheld for the purpose of a contract or engagement, cannot be obtained from the Consolidated Revenue Fund until it is re-voted by Parliament.

E. BUTLER,  
Attorney General,  
18 July, 1872.

No. 2.—Question as to the effect of Annual Appropriation Act on Temporary Supply Acts in certain cases.

A QUESTION has arisen whether the *Annual Appropriation Act* limits the payment under the *Temporary Supply Acts* to the amounts and services specified in the former.

Thus, the *Temporary Supply Acts* 35 Vic. Nos. 10 and 11 (*subject to any reduction that may hereafter be made in the expenditure of the year*) allow payments (and warrants, of course) for

Superintendent of Pilots, Light-houses, and Harbours, to the amount of	£300	10	0
Steam Navigation and Pilot Boards, to the amount of	493	10	0
	£794	0	0

While the Annual Appropriation Act authorizes only for			
Superintendent of Pilots, Light-houses, and Harbours	£150	0	0
Steam Navigation and Pilot Boards	249	0	0
	£399	0	0

Warrants have been issued under the *Temporary Supply Acts*, to the amount of the larger sums; but the Auditor General, considering that the issues under those Acts are to be governed by the *Annual Appropriation Act*, and regarding the former as merely authorizing advances subject to future adjustment on the passing of the *Annual Appropriation Act*; declines to allow the issues under the *Temporary Supply Acts*, for the reasons stated, to be passed as final.

The opinion of the Honorable the Law Officers is respectfully requested.

C. ROLLESTON,  
A. G.

The Crown Solicitor to The Auditor General.

(No. 72/830a.)

Crown Solicitor's Office,  
Sydney, 29 November, 1872.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 28th instant, and the accompanying case for the opinion of the Crown Law Officers, as to the effect of the *Annual Appropriation Act* on *Temporary Supply Acts*, in certain cases; and to state that I have submitted such case to Mr. Solicitor General Innes, who has been pleased to write an opinion in the matter, of which the following is a copy:—

“The *Annual Appropriation Act* in my opinion governs the *Temporary Supply Acts*. The latter grant an advance, but only subject to reduction by the *Annual Acts*, and therefore the Auditor General is right in refusing to allow the issues under the *Temporary Supply Acts* to be passed as final payments. *If the actual payments made under the Temporary Supply Acts exceed the amounts granted by the Annual Appropriation Act*, I am inclined to think, at all events in cases of payments to persons *other than Government servants*, the difference must be submitted to Parliament under a *Supplementary Estimate*.”

I have, &c.,  
JOHN WILLIAMS,  
Crown Solicitor.

No. 3.—Transfer of Money from the “Public Account” in the Colony to London without the Governor’s Warrant.

(1.)

THE AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
5 February, 1873.

SIR,

Observing in the Treasurer’s Cash Sheet for the 27th ultimo an increase of the balance stated to be at the credit of the London Account, by the sum of £500,000, and a corresponding diminution in the Balance of the Public Account, as reported by the Bank of New South Wales in their Bank Sheet of the same date, may I request that you will favour me with an explanation.

I have, &c.,  
C. ROLLESTON.

(2.)

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE TO THE AUDITOR GENERAL.

P.O. 240.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
10 February, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 5th instant, requesting that you may be favoured with an explanation in reference to the sum of £500,000, which the Cash Sheet of the 27th ultimo shows to be transferred from the credit of the Treasurer’s “Public Account” here, to the credit of the Government, in the Bank of New South Wales, London.

In

In reply, I am directed to hand you, for your information, the following documents, namely:—

1. Minute under the hand of the Colonial Treasurer (T.M. No. 9), bearing date the 21st ultimo; setting forth the reasons which have induced the Government to take this step, and containing the needful authority for the transfer.
2. Copy of my letter to the General Manager of the Bank of New South Wales, dated 23rd ultimo, directing the transfer of £500,000 in terms of said Minute.
3. Letter from the General Manager of the Bank of New South Wales, of date 24th ultimo, notifying that said transfer would be made, in terms of said letter of 23rd ultimo.

Nos. 1 and 3 being original documents, I am to ask that you will be good enough to return them when perused, and certified copies can be sent to you to supply their place.

I have, &c.,  
G. EAGAR.

(1.)

Minute of the Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to The Auditor General.

(T.M. No. 9.)

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
Sydney, 21 January, 1873.

*Subject*:—Transmission of £500,000 to the Government Account in the Bank of New South Wales, London. THERE being on the 20th instant a balance in cash of £730,912 12s. 8d. at the credit of the Public Account in the Bank of New South Wales, on which, under the existing agreement, no interest is payable on any sum beyond £100,000, while by the same agreement interest is payable by the Bank on any balance at our credit in London at a rate of one per cent. below the Bank of England rate, I have proposed, and the Cabinet has agreed to transmit by the out-going mail to the Bank of New South Wales, London, a sum sufficient to cover the interest on the Public Debt for the current year, say, five hundred thousand pounds, by Bank draft or specie as may be most desirable.

Let the needful arrangements be made with the Bank for the remittance.—GEO. A. LLOYD, 21/1/73.

Arranged with Mr. Shepherd Smith, for a transfer, as at 60 days' sight, of the sum within named from the credit of the "Public Account" here, to the credit of the Account of the "Government of New South Wales," in the Bank of New South Wales, London.—G.E., 23/1/73.

Approved, G.A.L., 23/1/73.

(2.)

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to The General Manager, Bank of New South Wales.

(S. 22.)

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
23 January, 1873.

Sir,

I am directed by the Colonial Treasurer to request that you will have the goodness to cause a transfer to be made, by the present out-going mail for England, of the sum of five hundred thousand pounds (£500,000), from the credit of the "Treasurer's Public Account" in your Bank here, to the credit of the Account of the "Government of New South Wales," in your London Branch, such transfer to be at sixty days' sight, as on former occasions.

When this transfer matures, and the money becomes available, it will of course come within the operation of the fifth clause of the existing agreement between your Bank and the Government, which provides that the interest payable to the Government, in respect of any cash balance in the hands of your London Branch, shall be one per cent. below the Bank of England rate for the time being. But, as this agreement will terminate, by effluxion of time, on the 30th June next, Mr. Lloyd will be glad to have your assurance in writing (as already verbally arranged) that such provision in respect of this particular transaction shall be extended to the first day of January, 1874.

I will thank you to state the rate of exchange at which this operation will be effected.

I have, &c.,  
G. EAGAR.

(3.)

The Manager, Bank of New South Wales, to The Colonial Treasurer.

Bank of New South Wales,  
Sydney, 24 January, 1873.

Sir,

I have the honour to acknowledge your letter of 23rd instant, requesting that the sum of five hundred thousand pounds (£500,000) may be transferred by the out-going mail, from the credit of the Treasurer's Public Account here, to the credit of the Account of the Government of New South Wales in our London Branch, and to inform you that in compliance with such request, and in exact accordance with its terms, such transfer shall be made.

When the transfer matures and the money becomes available, it will come within the operation of the clause of the agreement to which you refer, at the interest rate stated, and the provisions of the agreement are hereby extended as regards this transaction to the 1st January, 1874.

The rate of exchange to be paid by the Government on this transfer will be fifteen shillings per cent.

I have, &c.,  
SHEPHERD SMITH,  
General Manager.

(3.)

(3.)

THE AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
13 February, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th instant, P.O. 240, respecting the transmission of £500,000 to the Government Account in the Bank of New South Wales, London, and to return herewith, as requested, the original documents marked Nos. 1 and 3, certified copies of which I would be obliged to you to transmit to me at your early convenience, as suggested.

2. As I entertain serious doubts whether the transfer of the money from the "Public Account" in Sydney for the purpose indicated should not have been effected under the Governor's Warrant, as prescribed by the 55th section of the Constitution Act and by the 11th section of the Audit Act of 1870,— I would beg that the question, as separately stated herewith, may be submitted for the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, together with any remarks the Honorable the Treasurer may wish to add.

I have, &c.,  
C. ROLLESTON

(4.)

CASE FOR THE OPINION OF THE HONORABLE THE LAW OFFICERS OF THE CROWN.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
13 February, 1873.

The Constitution Act, section 55, enacts that "No part of Her Majesty's Revenue in the said Colony &c. shall be issued or made issuable except in pursuance of Warrants under the hand of the Governor of the Colony," &c.

The Audit Act of 1870, sections 11 and 13, prescribes a similar course, with the addition of the counter-signature of the Auditor General.

The opinion of the Law Officers is requested as to whether money can be legally transferred from the "Public Account" in the Colony to the Account of the Government of New South Wales in London, for the payment of the Interest on the Public Debt, *without the Governor's Warrant*.

C. ROLLESTON, A.G.

(5.)

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE TO THE AUDITOR GENERAL.

P.O. 278.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
14 February, 1873.

SIR,

I am directed by the Colonial Treasurer to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 13th instant, respecting the transfer of £500,000 from the "Public Account," Sydney, to the "Public Account," London, in which you desire (as you say you entertain serious doubts as to the legality of the transaction) that the case prepared by you, and transmitted with your letter, may be submitted for the opinion of the Crown Law Officers, together with any remarks the Treasurer may wish to make.

Before referring this question to the Law Officers of the Crown, as suggested, Mr. Lloyd desires me to request that you will have the goodness to explain why you did not seek the opinion of these officers in the three previous analogous cases, which occurred in the year 1872, without exception being taken by you. The cases were as follows, viz. :—

1st. 4th September, 1872.

£11,683 9s. 3d. transferred from the "Public Account," Sydney, to the "Public Account," London, for the purpose of covering payments made by the London Branch of the Bank of New South Wales, on account of the Government.

2nd. 5th September, 1872.

£50,000 transferred for the purchase of Silver Coin.

3rd. 28th December, 1872.

£20,000 transferred for the purpose of covering payments to be made by that Branch.

No objection has been raised by you to any of these transfers on the ground that they were inconsistent with either the Constitution Act or the Audit Act of 1870, or indeed on any other ground whatever. On the contrary, it was distinctly understood, at the time, that you acknowledged the London Account as part and parcel of the "Public Account," which it unquestionably is. The principle having been thus established, it was never anticipated that any question would in future arise, when it was found expedient to follow a similar course.

I am also desired by the Colonial Treasurer to state that the case you have prepared for the Crown Law Officers is not strictly correct, inasmuch as, in the arrangement with the Bank of New South Wales here, as embodied in my letter of the 23rd ultimo to the General Manager (a copy of which was furnished to you), there is neither reference made to, nor instructions given, as you appear to assume, for "the payment of Interest on the Public Debt." The transfer of the £500,000 was a financial arrangement involving no present issue of public moneys, but in virtue of which the Colony would receive interest on a large portion of the funds then at the credit of the Government in Sydney, but quite unproductive.

I am further to point out that you are in error in assuming that the transfer of £500,000 is either issued or made issuable within the meaning of the 11th and 13th sections of the Audit Act of 1870. Although the Colonial Treasurer, in his minute of the 21st January last, states that he had proposed, and that the Cabinet had agreed, to transmit by the out-going mail of that month a sum "sufficient to cover the Interest on the Public Debt for the current year," as it matured, it will be seen from the context that the primary and immediate object was to deposit the money in London at interest under existing agreement, leaving it there to fructify, until the period for its issue had arrived. In making this transfer, the balance on the Public Account is no way diminished, and therefore no Warrant could necessarily be either required or granted.

There



There is another point to which I am directed to draw your attention, as it has a material bearing on the question as to whether the Account of the Government in London is or is not a part of the "Public Account" created by the Audit Act, and that is, that all payments made through the London Branch of the Bank of New South Wales during the last two years have been passed by you notwithstanding these payments were made, as you are fully aware, before the Warrants required by the 11th section of the Audit Act were obtained.

In view of these transactions of previous years, the Treasurer is at a loss to understand the objection now raised by you to one which, in his opinion, pertains exclusively to his position as Finance Minister, and one that in no way affects the issue of public money within the meaning of either of the Acts to which you refer.

I have, &c.,  
G. EAGAR.

(6.)

THE AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
17 February, 1873.

SIR,

In acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 14th instant, P.O. 270, on the subject of the transfer of £500,000 from the "Public Account" in Sydney to the London Account, I would in the first place beg to repudiate the idea that I wish in the smallest degree to encroach upon the province of the Honorable the Treasurer. I have no such desire. I know my own position too well, and I entertain too high a respect for the office and functions of the Minister for Finance to dream of over-stepping the line laid down for my guidance in the Audit Act, whilst at the same time I claim for myself the most perfect independence as to the course I may deem it right to pursue in the discharge of the duties imposed upon me by that Act.

I do not feel satisfied that the decision in the former cases to which you refer is positively and unchallengeably right, and when the question again presents itself as to the transfer of so large a sum as half a million of money, I feel that I am entitled, indeed bound, to seek to have my doubts set at rest.

The simple question is,—and I fail to see that the objects of the transfer or the destination of the money in any way affects it,—whether the Governor's Warrant is or is not necessary for the transfer of any sum of money from the "Public Account" in the Colony to the account of the Government of New South Wales in London. Are they legally one and the same? If so, all is well, if not, the sooner we know it the better.

For my own protection, and in no unfriendly or captious spirit, as the tone of your letter would seem (and, permit me to add, very unfairly) to assume, I wish to have the question authoritatively determined.

I have, &c.,  
C. ROLLESTON.

(7.)

THE AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
18 March, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to my letter of the 17th ultimo, respecting the transfer of £500,000 from the Public Account in Sydney to the London Account, I would be obliged if you will inform me whether any opinion has yet been given by the Law Officers on the question submitted to them.

I have, &c.,  
C. ROLLESTON.

(8.)

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE TO THE AUDITOR GENERAL.

(P.O. 633.)

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
28 March, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 18th instant, and, in reply, have to inform you that the opinion of the Honorable the Attorney General, on the case submitted to him respecting the transfer of £500,000 from the "Public Account," in Sydney, to the London Account, has been received by this department.

I am directed by the Colonial Treasurer to hand you, enclosed, the Opinion referred to, together with the papers in the case, as submitted to Mr. Butler by the Treasury, which comprehend Mr. Lloyd's minute of 22nd February last, and enclosures therein, numbered one to eight inclusive.

I am to ask, that these documents, together with the Opinion (of which no copy has been taken) may be returned at your convenience.

I have, &c.,  
G. EAGAR.

The

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
Sydney, 22 February, 1873.

Minute Paper.

*Subject*:—Transmission of £500,000 from the Public Account, in Sydney, to the Government Account with the Bank of New South Wales, London.

In the case prepared by the Auditor General for the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown, and transmitted in his letter to the Under Secretary for Finance and Trade of the 13th instant, the question raised was—"Whether money can be legally transferred from the Public Account in the Colony to the Account of the Government of New South Wales in London, for the payment of the Interest on the Public Debt, without the Governor's Warrant."

The Under Secretary, in replying to the Auditor General's letter, on the 14th, pointed out that the primary and immediate object of remitting £500,000 to London was to deposit the money at interest under the existing agreement with the Bank, leaving it there to fructify until the period for its issue had arrived; and that in making this transfer the Balance on the Public Account was in no way diminished, and that therefore no Warrant could necessarily be either required or granted.

The Under Secretary further, at the desire of the Colonial Treasurer, requested the Auditor General to explain why he did not seek the opinion of the Law Officers of the Crown in the three previous analogous cases which occurred in the year 1872.

In his reply of 17th instant, the Auditor General has, to a certain extent, changed the nature of the question to be submitted to the Law Officers. He (in the third paragraph of that letter) now asks whether the Public Account in the Bank of New South Wales here, and the Account of the Government in the Bank of New South Wales, London, are legally one and the same. "If so, all is well, and if not, the sooner we know it the better."

In submitting this question to the Law Officers of the Crown, the Treasurer desires to point out that before the Audit Act came into operation, the London Branch of the Bank of New South Wales (then, as now, the Government Bank) received and paid away moneys on instructions given by the Treasurer, in much the same way as was done by the Head Office in Sydney. On the said Act coming into operation, the Bank of New South Wales was appointed by the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, the Bank in which the Public Account was to be kept.

A Branch of that Bank, whether in London or the Colony, it is contended, is as much the Bank of New South Wales as the Head Office in Sydney. If this be admitted, and in point of fact it has been so admitted in practice by the Auditor General during the two years the Audit Act has been in operation, it must follow that a transfer of funds from the Head Office to the London Branch, or *vice versa*, is not a transaction involving the issue of money within the meaning of the 11th clause of the Audit Act, and therefore does not require the Warrant of the Governor to legalize it.

The remittance was only a financial operation of the Colonial Treasurer, agreed to by the Cabinet, by which advantage was taken of the existing agreement with the Bank of New South Wales, to obtain interest in London on that sum until the time had arrived for its issue for Services provided by Parliament.

Although during the two past years (with the knowledge and concurrence of the Auditor General) it has not been the practice, in dealing with the London portion of the Public Account, to obtain the Governor's Warrant prior to payments made, or directed to be made, in England, there can be no objection in future, before the payment of these Services becomes due, to prepare the usual Warrant and submit it for the certificate of the Auditor General, and afterwards, for the signature of the Governor.

With the case prepared by the Auditor General, are also submitted the following documents bearing upon the question therein referred to:—

1. Colonial Treasurer's minute of 21st January, 1873.
2. Copy of Under Secretary's letter of the 23rd January to the General Manager of the Bank of New South Wales.
3. Letter from the General Manager to the Under Secretary of 24th January.
4. Letter from the Auditor General to the Under Secretary of 5th February.
5. Copy of the Under Secretary's letter of 10th February to the Auditor General.
6. Auditor General's letter of 13th February to the Under Secretary, enclosing case for the Crown Law Officers.
7. Copy of the Under Secretary's letter of 14th February to the Auditor General.
8. Auditor General's letter of 17th February to the Under Secretary.
9. *Government Gazette* of 28th December, 1870, notifying Bank of New South Wales as the Government Bank.

G. A. L.,  
22/2/73.

OPINION of Attorney General respecting transmission of money from the Public Account, in Sydney, to the Government Account with the Bank of New South Wales, London.

73/286.

THE case submitted to me discloses another omission in the Audit Act, namely—the omission to provide for warrants for the payment of interest in England.

The 11th section provides for the issue of warrants for the payment of moneys calculated as likely to become due for "a period not exceeding one month next after such calculation." But as the warrant will be *two* months in course of transmission, I do not see how the section can be applied to the case of payment authorized by it "during a period not exceeding *one* month next after such calculation."

I have had occasion several times to point out omitted cases under the Audit Act. I point out this case now with the view of providing for it when the Audit Act comes for amendment.

The action which has taken place in this matter of the £500,000 is not subject to the Auditor General's objections under the 11th or 13th sections of the Act. It is not such a proceeding as requires a warrant under the 11th section of the Act, for it is not a "payment," nor a sum "due and payable" or appropriated in diminution of the Consolidated Revenue, on account of expenditure, but merely an alteration of a deposit account for the purpose of obtaining interest. But whether it is liable to his objection under the 55th section of the Constitution Act depends entirely upon a question of fact.

If

If the account in London be, as the Treasurer states, the same account as that in Sydney, then the money has not been "issued" or "made payable" within the meaning of that section, by being held in deposit at interest in London to the credit of the Sydney account. But as the section says—"no part of Her Majesty's revenue *in the said Colony* shall be issued, &c." I feel it difficult to comprehend how, as a matter of fact, the said sum of £500,000 can be transmitted to London and be at the same time part of Her Majesty's revenue *in the said Colony*." But still, this is a question of book-keeping, which is a question of fact, and not a question of law.

The difficulty of treating the account in London as being the same account as that in Sydney, is increased by some of the sections of the Audit Act, such for example as require "public accountants" to make daily, or weekly, or monthly payments into the Public Account, which payments can hardly be applicable to what is being done, in the way of keeping accounts, daily, weekly, or monthly, in London. Still, it may be possible, by arrangement with the Bank, to have the Sydney and the London account made one for all purposes, though I should then suppose there would be no need of transmitting money to London to obtain interest.

I can only say that if the separate transactions in Sydney and London be not one Public Account, then, under the 55th section of the Constitution Act, the money should not be transferred to London without the warrant of the Governor, and that under the Audit Act those transactions must so constitute one and the same Public Account as that they should appear in the "Daily Bank Sheet" of the Bank, and in the "Daily Cash Book" of the Treasurer, and in the Quarterly Statement of Receipts and Payments, pursuant to the 19th, 20th, and 21st sections.

E. BUTLER,  
Attorney General.

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade, B.C., 6 March, 1873.—W.E.P.

(9.)

THE AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
5 April, 1873.

SIR,

I do myself the honour to return herewith the Opinion of the Honorable the Attorney General and other papers on the subject of the transfer of £500,000 from the Public Account in Sydney to the London Account, which were forwarded to me with your letter of 28th ultimo, P.O. 633.

I gather from this opinion that, whilst under the 11th and 13th sections of the Audit Act the transfer is not subject to my objections, yet that under the 55th section of the Constitution Act there are grave difficulties in connection with the transfer or issue of money from the Public Account in the Colony without the Governor's warrant. I feel therefore fully justified in having raised the question, and would respectfully suggest for the consideration of the Colonial Treasurer that some arrangements of a more definite nature than exist at present should be made to regulate operations on the London Account, and bring them more directly within the reach of the provisions of the Audit Act.

I have, &c.,  
C. ROLLESTON.

(10.)

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE TO THE AUDITOR GENERAL.

(P.O. 1231.)

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
26 June, 1873.

SIR,

I do myself the honour, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to hand you, enclosed herewith, a Certified Copy of Minute of the Governor and Executive Council, No. 73/27, of the 9th instant, approving of regulations, two in number,—framed under the authority of the 41st section of the Audit Act of 1870—and submitted to the Council in Treasury Minute No. 46, of the 5th instant, in reference to the keeping of any portion of the "Public Account," or any other Special Fund created by Parliament, by any Bank or Banks in London.

It is intended to transmit a copy of these Regulations to the Bank of New South Wales, London, by the first out-going English mail *via* Suez, with an instruction that they are to be acted upon in the preparation of future statements, commencing from the first day of the month following the date of their receipt in London.

I also enclose the original Executive Minute, No. 73/27, and Regulations thereunder, and request you will have the goodness to cause them to be noted and returned.

I have, &c.,  
G. BAGAR.

Minute Paper for the Executive Council.

Regulations for keeping the "Public Account," by a Bank or Banks in London.

(No. 46.)

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
5 June, 1873.

THE Colonial Treasurer submits for the approval of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, the annexed Regulations, framed under the authority of the 41st section of the Audit Act of 1870, which he considers it desirable should be adopted in reference to the keeping of any portion of the "Public Account," or any other Special Fund created by Parliament, by any Bank or Banks in London.

GEO. A LLOYD.

The

The Executive Council approve of the Regulations herewith submitted, framed under the 41st section of the "Audit Act of 1870," and advise accordingly.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

Minute 73/27, 9 June, 1873.—Confirmed, 16 June, 1873.  
Approved.—H.R., 9/6/73.

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Laid before the Executive Council on 9 June, 1873.—ALEX. C. BUDGE, Clerk of the Council.

Regulations for keeping the "Public Account," or any Special Fund created by Parliament, by Branch Banks in London.

1. The London Branches of any Bank or Banks authorized to keep the "Public Account" within the Colony, shall be deemed to be Banks within the meaning of the Audit Act of 1870, for the keeping of any portion of the "Public Account," or of any other Special Fund created by Parliament since the passing of the said Act.

2. The managers or other persons in charge of the branch Banks so keeping any portion of the "Public Account" or of any other special fund in London, shall, through their respective head offices in Sydney, furnish to the Colonial Treasurer and to the Auditor General, within seven days after the arrival of each monthly mail from England, a monthly statement of the debit and credit sides of the "Public Account" or any other special account that may be kept by the said branch Banks for the Government; and such monthly statements shall in respect of the said branch Banks, constitute, so far as they are respectively concerned, the "Bank Sheets" which are required to be furnished by the 19th section of the said Audit Act of 1870, and shall be supported by the necessary vouchers.

## APPENDIX B.

## No. 1.—CATTLE DISEASES FUND ACCOUNT.

30 Victoria, No. 11; 35 Victoria, No. 6.

STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS during the Year 1872.

Dr.

Cr.

Particulars of Receipts.	Amount.	Particulars of Disbursements.	Amount.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
To Balance, 31st December, 1871 ...	2,013 9 5	By Salaries and Contingencies paid during the year 1872 ...	1,922 17 0
		„ Balance, 31st December, 1872...	90 12 5
	£ 2,013 9 5		£ 2,013 9 5

## No. 2.—REGISTRATION OF BRANDS ACCOUNT.

30 Victoria, No. 12.

STATEMENT of RECEIPTS and DISBURSEMENTS for the Year 1872.

Dr.

Cr.

Particulars of Receipts.	Amount.	Particulars of Disbursements.	Amount.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
To Balance, 31st December, 1871 ...	5,015 3 11	By Salaries and Contingencies paid under section 22 of the Act, 30 Vict. No. 12, during the year 1872 ...	1,880 12 5
„ Amount of Collections during the year 1872 ...	890 16 6	„ Balance, 31st December, 1872..	4,025 8 0
	£ 5,906 0 5		£ 5,906 0 5

## No. 3.—PUBLIC ABATTOIRS FUND.

14 Vict. No. 36.

STATEMENT showing all Fees and sums of Money received under the provisions of the Act 14 Victoria No. 36, during the year 1872, and of the Salaries and all other Expenses consequent upon carrying that Act into force during the same period, so far as can be ascertained from the Accounts in the Audit Office.

Particulars of Receipts.	Amount.	Particulars of Disbursements.	Amount.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
RECEIPTS during the year 1872:—		Balance, 31st December, 1871 ...	23,262 5 0
Slaughtering Fees ...	1,519 14 7	Interest on £55,866 11s. Od., raised and expended under Loan Acts, for the construction of the Abattoirs, Glebe Island Bridge, Punts, and Lodging Houses, for the year 1872, at 5 per cent. ...	2,793 6 6
Rent of Glebe Island Abattoirs ...	1,397 18 4	Repair of Glebe Island Road ...	67 17 0
Rent of Glebe Island Bridge...	824 0 0	Repair of Glebe Island Bridge ...	472 1 9
		Charges on Collections ...	25 7 5
	£ 3,741 12 11	Salaries and Contingencies ...	884 1 2
Balance—31st December, 1872	23,763 5 11		
	£ 27,504 18 10		£ 27,504 18 10

NOTE.—The Receipts during the year 1872 were ... .. £3,741 12 11 and the Payments during the same period were, for—

Interest ... ..	£2,793 6 6
Road Repairs ... ..	67 17 0
Bridge Repairs ... ..	472 1 9
Collection of Tolls ... ..	25 7 5
Establishment ... ..	884 1 2
	<u>4,242 13 10</u>

Dr. Balance on the Year ... .. £ 501 0 11

APPENDIX C.

## APPENDIX C.

## Specification of the Liabilities of the Consolidated Revenue Fund for 1872 (Proper).

	£	s.	d.
ANNUAL APPROPRIATION ACT, 36 Vic. No. 3 ... ..	1,669,075	12	11
INFANTRY DISEMBOODIMENT COMPENSATION ACT, 36 Vic. No. 5 ...	4,198	10	0
<b>FIXED STATUTORY CHARGES—</b>			
Schedules A, B, & C, and other Colonial Acts ... ..	53,943	5	9
Endowment of Educational Institutions ... ..	8,500	0	0
Judicial Salaries ... ..	7,000	0	0
Mint Annuity ... ..	15,000	0	0
First Instalment of Loan, under the Act 31 Vic. No. 11 ...	20,000	0	0
	<hr/>		104,443 5 9
<b>UNFIXED STATUTORY CHARGES (ACTUAL AMOUNT PAID IN 1871-2)—</b>			
Interest on the Public Debt ... ..	* 520,291	11	4
Do. Treasury Bills ... ..	16,945	0	0
Drawbacks and Refund of Duties ... ..	38,247	17	7
Other Refunds ... ..	17,642	13	11
Endowment, &c., of Municipalities ... ..	19,997	14	10
Charges on Collections ... ..	3,145	15	0
Payments under the Electoral Act of 1858 in excess of ordinary vote ... ..	688	7	2
<b>LIABILITY TO EXPEND—</b>			
Contributions under Scab in Sheep Act, 30 Vic. No. 16 ...	9,011	13	6
Do. Registration of Brands Act, 30 Vic. No. 12 ... ..	890	16	6
	<hr/>		626,861 9 10
			<hr/>
			2,404,578 18 6
<b>REDUCE BY—</b>			
Advance to Treasurer as being only a Loan to be accounted for... ..	30,000	0	0
<b>Surplus Votes—</b>			
Registration of Brands (Registrar General) ... ..	1,828	0	0
Prevention of Scab in Sheep ... ..	9,768	0	0
Imported Stock ... ..	500	0	0
	<hr/>		42,096 0 0
			<hr/>
<b>Total Net Liabilities</b> ... ..	2,362,482	18	6
			<hr/> <hr/>
			Proportion

\* Inclusive of £10,871 10s. paid on the Sydney Sewerage and Water Supply Loans, 17 Victoria, Nos. 34 & 35, and debited to the Municipal Council of Sydney.

Proportion of foregoing Liabilities Discharged in 1871-2.

	£	s.	d.
<b>PAYMENTS FOR THE SERVICE OF 1872, as per the Treasurer's Annual Abstracts, p. 40</b> ... ..	1,826,047	2	3
<b>DEDUCT—</b>			
<i>Transfers to Account of 1870—</i>			
Registrar General (p. 32)—Registration of Brands in excess of Receipts for the year 1872' ... ..	622	2	7
Payments under the Registration of Brands Act, 30 Vict. No. 12 (p. 39) ... ..	162	1	6
Payments under the Cattle Disease Prevention Act of 1866, 30 Vict. No. 11 (pp. 30, 36, & 39) ... ..	1,712	17	0
<i>Transfer to Account of 1871—</i>			
Observatory Contingencies ... ..	2	9	10
<i>Receipts refunded—</i>			
Amount of improper Credits during the year deducted from Statement of Receipts ... ..	6,147	5	0
<i>Temporary Payment—</i>			
Advance to Treasurer... ..	26,511	3	0
	35,157 18 11		
	1,790,889 3 4		
<b>ADD—</b>			
Repayment to Account of 1871—Advance therefrom in 1871 for Interest on Debentures due in London 1st January, 1872 ... ..	228,729	13	10
Other Payments—Remittances to pay first Instalment of Loan, 31 Vict. No. 11 ... ..	20,000	0	0
Schedule C—26 Vict. No. 19—Payments transferred from Trust Fund ... ..	775	0	0
	249,504 13 10		
	£ 2,040,393 17 2		
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES from previous Statement</b> ... ..	2,362,482 18 6		
<b>Balance of Undischarged Liabilities at 31st December, 1872 (for 1872 Services)</b> ... ..	£322,089 1 4		

Specification of the Assets of the Consolidated Revenue Fund for 1872 (Proper).

	£	s.	d.
<b>TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS PROPER, as per Treasurer's Annual Abstracts, p. 17</b> ... ..	2,812,011	10	8
<b>ADD—</b>			
Schedule C,—26 Vict. No. 19.			
Revenue (in part) of the Bishopthorpe Estate for 1872, towards the guaranteed stipend of the Bishop of Sydney ... ..	850	0	0
	2,812,861 10 8		
<b>DEDUCT—</b>			
ITEMS properly belonging to the Account of 1870, viz. :—			
Repayment to Credit of Votes of 1870 and previous Years ... ..	£ 918	15	6
Do. Do. of the year 1871... ..	1,380	10	11
REPAYMENTS TO CREDIT OF VOTES deducted from Expenditure... ..	10,140	11	10
OVER CREDITS deducted from Revenue Refunded... ..	6,147	5	0
	18,587 3 3		
<b>Net Revenue (1872) available for meeting Liabilities of the Year...</b> ... ..	£2,794,274 7 5		

Analysis of the Difference between the Financial Balance of 1872 and the Cash Balance at the close of the Year.

The DIFFERENCE SHORT shown on the Cash Account as regards the Receipts and Payments for 1872, at 31st December, 1872, is	£	s.	-d.
	621,186	12	6
And is accounted for by the following Issues, viz.:—			
RECOVERABLE ITEMS—			
Remittance to London to pay Interest there on 1st January, 1873—recoverable from Revenue of 1873	£231,657	3	10
Advance to Treasurer—Recoverable out of Votes of Parliament, or by Cash	18,417	6	9
			<u>250,074 10 7</u>
IRRECOVERABLE ITEMS—			
Advance to liquidate the indebtedness of 1870 and previous years	371,112	1	11
			<u>£621,186 12 6</u>



APPENDIX D—(SUMMARY A).

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.—CASH BALANCES.

STATEMENT showing the VARIATIONS in the CASH BALANCES of the PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF NEW SOUTH WALES, at the commencement and at the close of the Year 1872.

FUND.	Balances on 1 January, 1872.		Receipts in the Year 1872.	Total.	Payments in the Year 1872.	Balances on 31 December, 1872.	
	Debit Balances.	Credit Balances.				Credit Balances.	Debit Balances.
<b>CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.</b>							
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1870 {	380,724 1 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1871 {	.....	264,890 7 11	349,023 18 6	349,023 18 6	431,953 19 2	.....	463,654 2 2
1872 {	250,729 13 10	.....	1,680 10 11	266,570 18 10	174,028 18 7	92,542 0 3	.....
1873 {	.....	.....	2,794,274 7 5	2,794,274 7 5	250,729 13 10	753,880 10 3	.....
Ditto (Loans' Account) ...	.....	485,886 1 9	107,202 7 6	593,088 9 3	1,789,664 3 4	.....	250,074 10 7
	.....	.....	.....	.....	250,074 10 7	.....	.....
	.....	.....	.....	.....	206,708 11 8	386,379 17 7	.....
<b>TOTAL, CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND</b> £	<b>631,453 15 4</b>	<b>750,776 9 8</b>	<b>3,252,181 4 4</b>	<b>4,002,957 14 0</b>	<b>3,103,159 17 2</b>	<b>1,232,802 8 1</b>	<b>713,728 12 9</b>
<b>SPECIAL LOAN FUNDS.</b>							
The Loan Fund (35 Vic. No. 5) ...	.....	196,629 0 4	.....	196,629 0 4	162,228 7 3	34,400 13 1	.....
The Loan Fund (36 Vic. No. 2) ...	.....	.....	461,234 0 0	461,234 0 0	283,500 5 1	177,733 14 11	.....
<b>TOTAL, LOAN FUNDS</b> £	.....	<b>196,629 0 4</b>	<b>461,234 0 0</b>	<b>657,863 0 4</b>	<b>445,728 12 4</b>	<b>212,134 8 0</b>	.....
<b>TRUST FUND.</b>							
Clergy and School Estates Fund ...	.....	52,872 14 0	61,638 14 4	114,511 8 4	7,457 16 5	107,053 11 11	.....
Civil Service Superannuation Fund (27 Vic. No. 11)	.....	1,600 2 10	10,159 18 1	11,760 0 11	10,285 4 3	1,474 16 8	.....
Police Reward Fund ...	.....	11,125 6 10	2,475 5 11	13,600 12 9	1,249 17 1	12,350 15 8	.....
Police Superannuation Fund ...	.....	14,816 13 2	3,485 18 5	18,302 11 7	6,006 13 11	12,295 17 8	.....
Trust Moneys Account (20 Vic. No. 11) ...	.....	51,038 7 5	45,330 17 4	96,369 4 9	50,937 2 7	45,432 2 2	.....
Special Deposit Accounts ...	.....	81,765 13 4	324,909 12 8	406,675 6 0	263,872 4 10	142,803 1 2	.....
<b>TOTAL, TRUST FUND</b> £	.....	<b>213,218 17 7</b>	<b>448,000 6 9</b>	<b>661,219 4 4</b>	<b>339,808 19 1</b>	<b>321,410 5 3</b>	.....
<b>TOTALS</b> ... .. £	<b>631,453 15 4</b>	<b>1,160,624 7 7</b>	<b>4,161,415 11 1</b>	<b>5,322,039 18 8</b>	<b>3,888,697 8 7</b>	<b>1,766,347 1 4</b>	<b>713,728 12 9</b>
<i>Deduct</i> Debit Balances on the Consolidated Revenue Fund, as above shown ...	.....	631,453 15 4	.....	.....	.....	713,728 12 9	.....
<b>Net Cash Balance on 1st January, 1872...</b> ... .. £	.....	<b>529,170 12 3</b>	<b>Net Cash Balance on 31st December, 1872...</b> ... .. £		.....	<b>1,052,618 8 7</b>	.....

APPENDIX D—(SUMMARY B).

PUBLIC ACCOUNTS—FINANCIAL BALANCES.

STATEMENT showing the VARIATIONS in the BALANCES of LIABILITIES of the PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF NEW SOUTH WALES, at the commencement and at the close of the Year 1872.

FUND.	Liabilities on 1 January, 1872.			Liabilities incurred in the year 1872.			Total.			Liabilities discharged in the year 1872.			Balances of Liabilities on 31 December, 1872.			Credits.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	Cash Balances, 31 December, 1872.	Issues to be adjusted.	
<b>CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND.</b>																		
Consolidated Revenue Fund (Proper), 1870—																		
Deficiency Loan ... ..	591,800	0	0	334,600	0	0	926,400	0	0	591,800	0	0	334,600	0	0			
Ordinary Liabilities ... ..	254,755	18	3	22,521	15	3	277,277	13	6	268,395	11	7	8,882	1	11			
Consolidated Revenue Fund (Proper), 1871—																		
Ordinary Liabilities ... ..	231,138	8	6	25,360	4	4	256,498	12	10	243,330	5	11	13,168	6	11	132,693	17	9
Surplus Revenue ... ..	33,751	19	5	45,621	13	11	79,373	13	4	79,373	13	4	.....					
Consolidated Revenue Fund (Proper), 1872—																		
Ordinary Liabilities ... ..	228,729	13	10	2,133,753	4	8	2,362,482	18	6	2,040,393	17	2	322,089	1	4	250,074	10	7
Surplus Revenue ... ..	.....			431,791	8	11	431,791	8	11	384,280	8	10	47,511	0	1			
Consolidated Revenue Fund (Proper), 1873																		
Consolidated Revenue Fund (Loans)—																		
Ordinary Liabilities ... ..	541,066	8	10	.....			541,066	8	10	152,333	18	4	388,732	10	6	386,379	17	7
Surplus Receipts ... ..	54,370	12	9	.....			54,370	12	9	54,370	12	9	.....	2,352	12			
<b>TOTAL, CONSOLIDATED REVENUE FUND</b> £	<b>1,935,613</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2,993,648</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4,929,261</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,814,278</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1,114,933</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>9</b>			
<b>SPECIAL LOAN FUNDS.</b>																		
The Loan Fund (35 Vic. No. 5), 1871	196,629	0	4	.....			196,629	0	4	162,228	7	3	34,400	13	1	34,400	13	1
The Loan Fund (36 Vic. No. 2), 1872	.....			461,234	0	0	461,234	0	0	283,500	5	1	177,733	14	11	177,733	14	11
<b>TRUST FUND.</b>																		
Clergy and School Estates Fund	52,872	14	0	61,638	14	4	114,511	8	4	7,457	16	5	107,053	11	11	321,410	5	3
Civil Service Superannuation Fund (27 Vic. No. 11)	1,600	2	10	10,159	18	1	11,760	0	11	10,285	4	3	1,474	16	8			
Police Reward Fund	11,125	6	10	2,475	5	11	13,600	12	9	1,249	17	1	12,350	15	8			
Police Superannuation Fund	14,816	13	2	3,485	18	5	18,302	11	7	6,006	13	11	12,295	17	8			
Trust Moneys Account (20 Vic. No. 11)	51,038	7	5	45,330	17	4	96,369	4	9	50,937	2	7	45,432	2	2			
Special Deposit Accounts	81,765	13	4	324,909	12	8	406,675	6	0	263,872	4	10	142,803	1	2			
<b>TOTAL, TRUST FUND</b> £	<b>213,218</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>448,000</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>661,219</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>339,808</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>321,410</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>			
<b>TOTALS</b> £	<b>2,116,731</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3,902,882</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>6,248,343</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4,599,815</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>1,648,527</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1,052,618</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>7</b>
				<i>Deduct Cash and Issues to be adjusted ...</i>									£	1,305,045	12	1		
				<i>Net Balance, 31 December, 1872</i>									£	343,482	1	11		

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## APPENDIX E.

SCHEDULE of PAYMENTS made during the year 1872, in anticipation of the WARRANTS prescribed by the 11th Section of the Audit Act, and disallowed in the TREASURER'S ACCOUNTS, including a Payment in anticipation of the authority prescribed by the 18th Section of the Audit Act.

References to Vouchers.	Fund and Service.	Amount.	Total.
	<b>January.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
712 and 771	Coast and Inner Waters Surveys, 1871 ... ..	2 6 1	
38	Trial Surveys, 19 Vic. No. 40... ..	16 10 1	
	(Without the authority prescribed by the 18th section of the Audit Act.)		
504	Salaries of Steam Dredge "Pluto," for December (in part), charged to Vote for Incidental Expenses of Wharfs, Bridges, and other Public Works... ..	100 7 10	
	<i>Trust Fund.</i>		
133-141 146-163 175-178 180-188 197-200	} Superannuation Allowances under 27 Vic. No. 11 ... ..	570 10 11	
28, 35, 52-54, 113, 195, 196		Payments from Over-Issues Account ... ..	276 0 6
313, 314	Payments out of the Treasurer's Advance Account...	2,490 0 7	3,455 16 0
	<b>February.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
1657	Unclassified Roads, 1872 ... ..	.....	30 0 0
	<b>March.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
3162	Exchange on Remittances ... ..	1,436 9 9	
	Duty Stamps ... ..	229 17 0	
3314	Steam Dredge "Vulcan," 1871 ... ..	12 0 0	
	<i>Trust Fund.</i>		
708	Mr. Faviell's Advance Account ... ..	2 0 10	1,680 7 7
	<b>April.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
3318	Endowment of the Sydney University ... ..	1,250 0 0	
	" " Museum ... ..	250 0 0	
	" " Grammar School ... ..	375 0 0	
3838-3840, 3850	} Fitz Roy Dock, 1871 ... ..	14 7 9	1,889 7 9
	<b>May.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
5262	Light-houses, 1872 ... ..	.....	37 12 0
	<b>June.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
6444	Roads under Trustees, 1871 ... ..	0 8 10	
6904, &c.	Stores and Stationery, 1872 ... ..	565 9 11	
7016	Electric Telegraph, 1870 ... ..	0 7 11	

References to Vouchers.	Fund and Service.	Amount.	Total.
	<b>July.</b>	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Nil.		
	<b>August.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
9207-9209, 9280	} Light-houses, 1872 ... ..	.....	84 8 6
	<b>September.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
11081, &c. 12032	Parliamentary Library, 1871 ... ..	64 10 11	
	Light-houses, 1872 ... ..	68 15 2	
	<i>Trust Fund.</i>		
2086	Sundry Deposits ... ..	5 10 5	188 16 6
	<b>October.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
14163	Endowments under the Municipalities Act ... ..	.....	145 14 2
	<b>November.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
14805 and 14806	Gaol, Parramatta, 1872 ... ..	.....	1 0 0
	<b>December.</b>		
	<i>Consolidated Revenue Fund.</i>		
17061	Supplement to Schedule A ... ..	.....	241 1 3

1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

PUBLIC ACCOUNT.

(REGULATIONS FOR KEEPING, BY A BANK OR BANKS, IN LONDON.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 17 September, 1873.*

MINUTE PAPER FOR THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

No. 46.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
5 June, 1873.

THE Colonial Treasurer submits for the approval of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council the annexed Regulations, framed under the authority of the 41st section of the Audit Act of 1870, which he considers it desirable should be adopted in reference to the keeping of any portion of the "Public Account," or any other Special Fund created by Parliament, by any Bank or Banks in London.

GEO. A. LLOYD.

Approved. H.R., 9/6/73.

THE Executive Council approve of the Regulations herewith submitted, framed under the 41st section of the "Audit Act of 1870," and advise accordingly.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

Min. 73/27, 9 June, 1873.

Confirmed, 16 June, 1873.

REGULATIONS for keeping the "Public Account," or any Special Fund created by Parliament, by Branch Banks in London.

1. The London Branches of any Bank or Banks authorized to keep the "Public Account" within the Colony, shall be deemed to be Banks within the meaning of the Audit Act of 1870, for the keeping of any portion of the "Public Account," or of any other Special Fund, created by Parliament, since the passing of the said Act.

2. The Managers or other persons in charge of the Branch Banks so keeping any portion of the "Public Account" or of any other special fund in London, shall, through their respective head offices in Sydney, furnish to the Colonial Treasurer and to the Auditor General, within seven days after the arrival of each monthly mail from England, a monthly statement of the debit and credit sides of the "Public Account," or any other special account that may be kept by the said Branch Banks for the Government; and such monthly statements shall, in respect of the said Branch Banks, constitute, so far as they are respectively concerned, the "Bank Sheets" which are required to be furnished by the nineteenth section of the said Audit Act of 1870, and shall be supported by the necessary vouchers.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## STATEMENTS

RESPECTING THE

## P U B L I C D E B T

OF

NEW SOUTH WALES,

TO

30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

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ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
16 OCTOBER, 1873.

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SYDNEY : THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873.





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LOANS' ACCOUNT.

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GENERAL ACCOUNT

OF

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE,

TO THE

30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

(EXCLUSIVE OF REVENUE DEFICIENCY LOANS.)

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## Loans'

## GENERAL ACCOUNT OF RECEIPTS

Dr.

EXCLUSIVE OF

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.	TOTAL.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1	To AMOUNT of Payments, made to the 30th September, 1873, on account of Railways, Telegraphs, Public Works, and other Services, as per Statement attached, marked ... .. A A	9,585,809 9 2	
2	„ DEBENTURES paid off, being renewals... ..	1,082,730 0 0	
3	„ CHARGES on the Sale of Debentures ... ..	68,103 0 1	
4	„ AMOUNT over-raised under the Acts 35 Vic. No. 5, and 36 Vic. No. 2, transferred to the Consolidated Revenue Fund ... ..	16,278 10 3	
5	„ ADVANCES to the Commissioner for Railways, to be hereafter adjusted ... ..	494 14 4	10,753,415 13 10
6	„ CASH BALANCE in the Bank of New South Wales, on the 30th September, 1873, to the credit of the following Accounts, viz. :—		
	Old Loans' Account (Part of the Public Account) ... ..	335,023 4 2	
	The Loan Fund, 35 Vic. No. 5 ... ..	10,096 15 4	
	The Loan Fund, 36 Vic. No. 2 ... ..	80,047 13 3	
	The Loan Fund, Funded Stock Act of 1873 ... ..	34,872 4 3	460,039 17 0
	TOTAL ... ..	£11,213,455 10 10	

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

## Account.

AND EXPENDITURE TO THE 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1873.

REVENUE DEFICIENCY LOANS.

Cr.

No.	PARTICULARS.	AMOUNT.		TOTAL.	
		£	s. d.	£	s. d.
1	By Proceeds of Debentures issued to 30th September, 1873, to the amount of £11,992,330, as per Public Debt Statement attached to the Ways and Means Papers of 16th October, 1873...	11,509,204	1 10		
2	<i>Less</i> Proceeds of the Deficiency Loan Debentures (included therein), issued under the Act 29 Vic. No. 4, to the amount of £550,000	495,344	10 0	11,013,859	11 10
3	„ Proceeds of “New South Wales Four per Cents” sold under the authority of the Funded Stock Act of 1873 (36 Vic. No. 21), to the amount of £205,155...	.....		199,595	19 0
	TOTAL			£11,213,455	10 10

JAMES THOMSON,  
Consulting Accountant.GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

**SERVICES PROVIDED FOR BY LOANS.**

- ABSTRACT of EXPENDITURE for PUBLIC WORKS and other SERVICES provided for by LOANS, from the commencement of the Loans Account to the 30th September, 1873.

Head of Service.	Amount.		Total.	
	£	s. d.	£	s. d.
Railways .....	6,719,262	8 3		
Telegraphs .....	270,774	19 0		
			6,990,037	7 3
Immigration .....	518,769	14 7		
Sewerage and Water Supply, Sydney .....	400,000	0 0		
Compensation to Municipal Council of Sydney, for Land resumed under the Water Supply Act, 17 Vict. No. 35 .....	43,261	14 6		
Public Works, Queensland, when it formed part of New South Wales .....	49,855	8 6		
			1,011,886	17 7
Harbours and Rivers Navigation :—				
Improving the navigation of the river Hunter, and Improvements to the Port of Newcastle .....	195,409	15 9		
Improving the navigation of the rivers Darling, Murray, and Murrumbidgee .....	76,909	16 1		
Harbour Works, Wollongong .....	44,878	9 5		
Harbour Works, Kiama .....	50,176	14 0		
Improving the navigation of other Harbours and Rivers, including the erection of Wharfs, &c. ....	78,030	1 7		
Steam Dredges and Punts, Sydney .....	28,499	16 3		
Improvements, Circular Quay .....	6,474	3 4		
Steam Cranes, Wharf, &c., Darling Harbour .....	45,320	4 1		
Dam at North Rocks, Parramatta .....	5,000	0 0		
Dam at Hunt's Creek, Parramatta .....	8,000	0 0		
Fitz Roy Dry Dock .....	20,868	13 10		
Wharf, &c., Woolloomooloo Bay .....	28,164	16 10		
Reclaiming Land at head of Darling Harbour and Blackwattle Swamp .....	12,381	1 11		
Blackwattle Bridge and Causeway .....	10,000	0 0		
			610,113	13 1
Carried forward .....			£ 8,612,037	17 11

ABSTRACT—*continued.*

Head of Service.	Amount.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Brought forward ... ..	.....	8,612,037 17 11
Public Works and Buildings:—		
Harbour Defences ... ..	183,793 10 8	
University of Sydney... ..	55,000 0 0	
Affiliated Colleges ... ..	34,523 5 5	
Grammar School ... ..	25,000 0 0	
Australian Museum,—Enlargement... ..	26,954 11 0	
Parliamentary Buildings ... ..	15,000 0 0	
Juvenile Reformatories ... ..	14,057 18 3	
New General Post Office ... ..	99,571 2 8	
New Printing Office ... ..	6,000 0 0	
Receiving Houses at Redfern and the Necropolis ... ..	12,548 13 7	
Free Public Library ... ..	9,215 0 6	
Observatory ... ..	7,000 0 0	
Asylum for Destitute Children ... ..	5,000 0 0	
Additions to the Sydney Infirmary ... ..	5,000 0 0	
Public Works and Improvements generally in Sydney and Suburbs ... ..	27,329 12 10	
Lunatic Asylum ... ..	6,121 17 2	
Light-houses ... ..	44,052 7 2	
Glebe Island Abattoir, Bridge, &c. ... ..	55,866 11 0	
Gaols and Penal Establishments ... ..	12,864 16 6	
Court and Watch Houses ... ..	9,827 15 0	
Police Barracks, Sydney and Country Districts ... ..	10,000 0 0	
		664,727 1 9
Roads and Bridges:—		
Bridges throughout the Colony ... ..	287,044 9 6	
Metalling the Mudgee Road... ..	22,000 0 0	
		309,044 9 6
TOTAL ... ..	£	9,585,809 9 2

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD,  
Treasurer.

## PUBLIC DEBT.

STATEMENT showing the total amount of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES issued to the 30th September, 1873; the renewals included therein; the amounts paid off finally from the Consolidated Revenue Fund; and the Debt outstanding on the 30th September, 1873.

Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1873.

Particulars.	Revenue Deficiency Debt.			Debt incurred for Public Works, &c.			Grand Total.
	Debentures.	Treasury Bills.	Total.	Debentures.	Funded Stock.	Total.	
Government Securities issued to 30th September, 1873	£ 550,000	£ *733,100	£ 1,283,100	£ 11,442,330	£ 205,155	£ 11,647,485	£ 12,930,585
Less Renewals included therein	.....	.....	.....	†1,083,100	.....	1,083,100	1,083,100
	550,000	733,100	1,283,100	10,359,230	205,155	10,564,385	11,847,485
Deduct amounts paid off finally from the Consolidated Revenue Fund	550,000	398,500	984,500	69,100	.....	69,100	1,017,600
Debt outstanding on the 30th September, 1873 £	.....	334,600	334,600	10,290,130	205,155	10,495,285	10,829,885

\* Exclusive of annual renewals.

† £370 of this sum remains unclaimed.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
16th October, 1873.

1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## TRUST FUNDS.

(INVESTMENT OF, IN COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

## SCHEDULE.

NO.	PAGE.
1. Despatches—No. 23 of 22 February, 1873, from His Excellency the Governor to the Earl of Kimberley, with two Enclosures—Letter from Chairman of Conference, and Address of Conference on investment of Trust Funds .....	1
2. No. 27, of 31 May, 1873, from the Earl of Kimberley to His Excellency the Governor .....	3

## No. 1.

HIS EXCELLENCY SIR HERCULES ROBINSON TO THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 23.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 22 February, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to forward a copy of a letter which I have received from Mr. Parkes, the Chairman of the Intercolonial Conference lately held in Sydney, transmitting four Addresses to your Lordship, adopted by the representatives of the several Australasian Colonies, on the following subjects:—

- (1.) Intercolonial Commercial Reciprocity.
- (2.) Duty on Australian Wines imported into the United Kingdom.
- (3.) Telegraphic Communication between Great Britain, India, and Australasia.
- (4.) Investment of Trust Funds in Colonial Government Securities.

2. Mr. Parkes encloses also a certified copy of a resolution adopted by the Conference on the subject of the future support of the settlement at Somerset, in Queensland, which, through an oversight, was not signed by the delegates.

I have, &c.,  
HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.,  
Secretary of State for the Colonies.

[Enclosures in No. 1.]

The Honorable Henry Parkes to His Excellency the Governor.

Sydney, February 20, 1873.

Sir,

As Chairman of the Intercolonial Conference lately held in Sydney, I have been desired to place in your Excellency's hands, for transmission to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the several Addresses of the Conference particularized in schedule annexed.

2. Your Excellency will observe that each of these documents is signed by all the assembled delegates.

3. Besides the papers thus signed, I enclose another, embodying the decision of the Conference on the contribution of the Colonies towards the future support of the settlement at Somerset, which, through an oversight, was not signed by all the delegates, but to the adoption of which I have certified as Chairman.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

HIS EXCELLENCY  
SIR H. G. ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.,  
&c., &c., &c.,  
Governor.

## SCHEDULE.

(1.)	*	*	*	*	*	*
(2.)	*	*	*	*	*	*
(3.)	*	*	*	*	*	*
(4.)	Address on the Investment of Trust Funds.					

(4)

To the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies,—

“The Representatives of the Australasian Colonies, assembled in Conference, desire urgently to impress upon the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies the very great and unnecessary disadvantages to which as it appears to them, the Colonies are subjected, through Trustees in the United Kingdom not being at liberty to invest Trust Funds in Colonial Government Securities.

“When Trustees act under instruments which do not expressly exclude or include certain Securities, their discretion as to investment is still limited by certain Acts of Parliament. They may invest in Securities guaranteed by Parliament, in Securities authorized by General Order of the Court of Chancery, in Parliamentary Stocks, in Public Funds or Government Securities. They are also allowed to invest in Indian unguaranteed Stocks; and lately they have been permitted to invest in Railway Securities.

“It is submitted by the Conference, that Legislative provision should be made, in virtue of which Trustees would be at liberty to invest in Colonial Government Securities. There can be no reason why the Securities of the Colonies should not be placed upon as favourable a footing as the unguaranteed Securities of India.

“There are numerous cases of persons who reside in the Colonies, beneficially interested in Trust Funds in the United Kingdom who desire that such funds should be invested within the Colony in which they reside. The Trust Deeds do not prohibit such a course, yet the Trustees, in the absence of the suggested Legislative provision, find themselves unable to comply with the wishes of those on behalf of whom they act.

“The enormous accumulations of Trust Moneys would make the measure now suggested one of great convenience to a large number of Her Majesty’s subjects residing in the United Kingdom.

“The Conference earnestly urges the Secretary of State to take the steps necessary to give effect to this representation.”

Signed at Sydney, the 14th day of February, 1873.

HENRY PARKES, Colonial Secretary,	}	New South Wales.
SAUL SAMUEL, Vice-President of the Executive Council,		
JULIUS VOGEL, Colonial Treasurer and Postmaster General,	}	New Zealand.
WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS, Commissioner of Customs,		
A. H. PALMER, Colonial Secretary,	}	Queensland.
J. MALBON THOMPSON, Secretary for Public Lands,		
HENRY AYERS, Chief Secretary,	}	South Australia.
JOHN H. BARROW, Treasurer,		
FREDK. M. INNES, Colonial Treasurer,	}	Tasmania.
J. M. WILSON, M.L.C.,		
JAS. G. FRANCIS, Chief Secretary,	}	Victoria.
EDWARD LANGTON, Treasurer,		
FRED. P. BARLEE, Colonial Secretary,	}	Western Australia.



## No. 2.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO GOVERNOR SIR H. ROBINSON.

(No. 27.)

Downing-street,  
31 May, 1873.

SIR,

I have to acknowledge your Despatch, No. 23, of the 22nd February, forwarding a letter from the Chairman of the Intercolonial Conference, held at Sydney, enclosing, with other resolutions adopted by the representatives of the Australasian Colonies, a resolution-urging that Legislative provision may be made in virtue of which Trustees in the United Kingdom may be at liberty to invest in Colonial Government securities. Her Majesty's Government have given careful consideration to this resolution, and I have now to communicate to you the conclusion at which they have arrived.

The extension given by modern statutes to the general powers of Trustees under English Trusts as to the investment of trust moneys has, in the judgment of many of those who are most conversant with the subject, been carried to the extreme limits of what is consistent with sound principle. The principle that English trust moneys under an English trust ought to be re-invested (unless the instrument creating the trust expressly gives larger powers) in securities either capable of being enforced and realized by the jurisdiction of the Courts of the United Kingdom over persons or property within that jurisdiction, or guaranteed by the public faith of the British nation, has been departed from in only one instance, viz., in the case of the authority given to invest in the public securities of the Government of India. It is to be observed with respect to this apparent exception, that the Government of India is carried on under the provisions of an Imperial Statute, and under the control of a Department of State established in this country, and directly responsible to the Imperial Parliament; and that in these respects, though the public debt and engagements of the Indian Government are secured on the revenues of India only, there is a close analogy between Indian Government securities and those of the Government of Great Britain.

The suggested extension of the powers of investment of English Trustees to Colonial securities is one which (without casting any doubt upon the public faith or credit of any British Colony) would, in the opinion of Her Majesty's Government, involve a much larger and more questionable departure from the principle to which I have referred, and they cannot recommend that the Imperial Parliament should be asked to pass any measure for that purpose.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.GOVERNOR SIR H. ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.,  
&c., &c., &c.



1873.

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NEW SOUTH WALES.

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**FUNDED STOCK.**

(REGULATION.)

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Presented to Parliament, pursuant to Act 36 Vict. No. 21, sec. 11.

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The Treasury, New South Wales,  
11 August, 1873.

His Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to make the following Regulation, under the authority of the Funded Stock Act of 1873.

GEO. A. LLOYD.

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REGULATION UNDER AUTHORITY OF THE FUNDED STOCK ACT OF 1873.

*Where Interest may be payable.*

The Interest to be paid under the provisions of the Funded Stock Act of 1873, may be payable at any place within the Colony where the Government Banking Agents for the time being have a Branch Bank, and at Melbourne by the Branch Bank there of the said Government Banking Agents.

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1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

TREASURY BALANCES.

(MINUTES OF GOVERNOR AND EXECUTIVE COUNCIL, AUTHORIZING APPLICATION OF, FROM ONE HEAD OF SERVICE TO SUPPLEMENT VOTES FOR ANOTHER SERVICE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 11 September, 1873.*

THE AUDITOR GENERAL TO THE SPEAKER OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Audit Office, Sydney,  
10 September, 1873.

SIR,

Under the directions contained in the 18th section of the "Audit Act of 1870," I do myself the honor to submit to you, for presentation to the Legislative Assembly, copies of minutes of the Governor and Executive Council, authorizing the application of balances from one head of service to supplement votes for another service, as detailed below.

I have, &c.,  
C. ROLLESTON,  
Auditor General.

MINUTE of the Executive Council, authorizing the transfer of the sum of £467 16s. 8d. from the vote for Railway Working Expenses to the vote for Railways, General Establishment, for 1872.

MINUTE authorizing the sum of £97 1s. 8d., expended in excess of the vote for 1872; for the dredge "Hunter" to be charged to the unexpended balance on the vote for the dredge "Vulcan" for the same year.

MINUTE authorizing the sum of £38 6s. 4d., expenses in excess of the vote for the dredge "Pluto," 1872, to be charged against the savings on the vote for the dredge "Fitz Roy" for the same year.

MINUTE authorizing all properly vouched outstanding claims against the vote for "Fees for Examining Lunatics," 1872, to be charged to the unexpended balance of the vote for Provisions, &c., under the head of Gaols generally.

MINUTE OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Department of Public Works,  
Sydney, 16 April, 1873.

THE Secretary for Public Works requests the authority of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, to the transfer of the sum of £467 16s. 8d., paid for Salaries in 1872 from the vote for Railway Working Expenses to the vote for Railways, General Establishment, for that year.

This authority, which is rendered necessary under the 18th section of the Audit Act, will admit of the vote for Railway Working Expenses, 1872, bearing certain claims made against it for subsequent services.

JOHN SUTHERLAND.

The Executive Council approves of the transfer of the amount herein specified, from the vote for Railway Working Expenses to the vote for Railways, General Establishment, for 1872.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

Min. 73/16, 17/4/73. Confirmed, 21/4/73. Approved.—H.R., 24/4/73.

## MINUTE OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Department of Public Works,  
Sydney, 5 June, 1873.

THE vote for the dredge "Hunter" for the year 1872 having been exhausted, the Secretary for Public Works submits, for the approval of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, that the within accounts, amounting to £97 1s. 8d., be charged to the unexpended balance of £113 19s., now to the credit of the dredge "Vulcan" for the same year, in accordance with the 18th clause of the Audit Act.

JOHN SUTHERLAND.

The Executive Council advise that authority be granted, as provided by the 18th clause of the Audit Act, to charge the sum of £97 1s. 8d., expended in excess of the vote for 1872, for the dredge "Hunter," to the unexpended balance on the vote for the dredge "Vulcan," for the same year.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

Approved.—H.R., 9/6/73. Min. 73/27, 9/6/73. Confirmed, 16/6/73.

## MINUTE OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Department of Public Works,  
Sydney, 5 June, 1873.

THE vote for the dredge "Pluto" for 1872 having been exhausted, the Secretary for Public Works submits, for the approval of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, that the within accounts, amounting to £38 6s. 4d., be charged to the unexpended balance of £527 7s. 3d., now to the credit of vote for the dredge "Fitz Roy," for the same year, in accordance with the 18th clause of the Audit Act.

JOHN SUTHERLAND.

The Executive Council advise that authority be granted in terms of the 18th clause of the Audit Act, to charge the sum of £38 6s. 4d., expenses in excess of the vote for the dredge "Pluto," 1872, against the savings on the vote for the dredge "Fitz Roy," for the same year.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

Approved.—H.R., 9/6/73. Min. 73/27, 9/6/73. Confirmed, 16/6/73.

THE Executive Council advise that authority be granted to charge all properly vouched outstanding claims against the vote for "Fees for Examining Lunatics," 1872, to the unexpended balance of the vote for Provisions, &c., under the head of Gaols generally.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

Min. 73/24, 26/5/73. Confirmed, 2/6/73.

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

LOAN ACTS.

(EXPENDITURE UNDER, 18 VICT. No. 35, AND 35 VICT. No. 5.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 10 February, 1874.*

STATEMENT showing the Expenditure under Loan Acts, 18 Victoria No. 35, and 35 Victoria No. 5.

	£	s.	d.
Amount authorized to be raised under 18 Victoria No. 35, for WORKS OF DEFENCE at MIDDLE HARBOUR and the SOUTH HEAD ... ..	30,000	0	0
Amount authorized to be raised under 35 Victoria No. 5, for CONSTRUCTION OF FORTIFICATIONS, and other WORKS OF DEFENCE ... ..	30,000	0	0
TOTAL ... ..	£ 60,000	0	0
EXPENDITURE.			
Expended on Land Works, under the direction of the Colonial Architect ... ..	£37,023	5	2
Other Expenditure, as follows:—			
In London—			
Fuses, insulated copper-wire, gunpowder, magnetic machine, &c. ... ..	£4,125	19	3
In the Colony—			
Wire-rope, fencing-wire, timber for boom, &c. ... ..	5,329	1	5
Military roads ... ..	* 5,078	16	6
Wages to military and other labourers ... ..	1,987	18	9
Purchase of land ... ..	1,901	10	0
Conveyance of guns, stores, &c. ... ..	1,874	1	0
Torpedo cases ... ..	560	5	0
Miscellaneous Expenses—			
Expense of Reviews, including cost of refreshments for His Excellency the Governor, Members of Parliament, &c. ... ..	566	17	0
Hire of steamers and coaches ... ..	159	0	0
Visits of inspection ... ..	98	10	11
Advance to President of Defence Commission to pay petty expenses ... ..	100	0	0
Salary and Forage Allowance for Secretary of Defence Commission ... ..	168	5	8
Recovering guns sunk in Harbour ... ..	28	0	0
Funeral expenses ... ..	10	6	0
Cleaning beds, &c. ... ..	52	18	4
	22,041	9	10
		59,064	15 0
BALANCE, 19TH JULY, 1872... ..	£	935	5 0

\* In addition to the above expenditure for Military Roads, the sum of £2,535 3s. 10d. was further expended, out of funds raised under Loan Act, 27 Victoria No. 14.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
12th August, 1872.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.





NEW SOUTH WALES.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

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SESSION 1873-4.

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EXPLANATORY ABSTRACTS

Nos. I, II, and III,

OF THE

AMOUNTS RESPECTIVELY ESTIMATED, VOTED,

AND

EMBODIED IN THE APPROPRIATION ACT

(37<sup>o</sup> VICTORIÆ, No. XII),

AND

L O A N A C T

(38<sup>o</sup> VICTORIÆ, No. II),

FOR THE SERVICE OF THE YEAR 1874, AND FOR 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS;

WITH

NOTES EXPLANATORY.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1874.

# NEW SOUTH WALES.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

### No. I.

(SERVICES OF 1874.)

EXPLANATORY ABSTRACT of the Expenditure of the Colonial Government, for the undermentioned Services, for the Year 1874, as respectively Estimated, Voted, and Embodied in the Appropriation Act, 37<sup>o</sup> Victoriae, No. 12.

Page.	No. of Head.	HEAD OF SERVICE.	AMOUNTS ESTIMATED.					AMOUNTS VOTED.					Notes Explanatory of Alterations.	
			ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.	ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.		
			Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.			Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.				
7	I.	Supplement to Schedule B ... ..	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	Page.
	II.	Executive and Legislative:—				1,684 6 8	1,684 6 8				1,684 6 8	1,684 6 8		
10		His Excellency the Governor ... ..	1,141 0 0	999 0 0	2,140 0 0		2,140 0 0	1,141 0 0	499 0 0	1,640 0 0		1,640 0 0	4	
10		Executive Council ... ..	818 0 0	10 0 0	828 0 0		828 0 0	718 0 0	10 0 0	728 0 0		728 0 0	4	
10		Legislative Council ... ..	6,010 0 0	310 0 0	6,320 0 0		6,320 0 0	5,710 0 0	310 0 0	6,020 0 0		6,020 0 0	4	
11		Legislative Assembly ... ..	6,625 0 0	2,213 0 0	8,838 0 0		8,838 0 0	6,625 0 0	2,213 0 0	8,838 0 0		8,838 0 0		
11		Legislative Council and Assembly ... ..	1,315 0 0	145 0 0	1,460 0 0		1,460 0 0	1,315 0 0	145 0 0	1,460 0 0		1,460 0 0		
11		Parliamentary Library ... ..	710 0 0	720 0 0	1,430 0 0		1,430 0 0	710 0 0	720 0 0	1,430 0 0		1,430 0 0		
	III.	Colonial Secretary:—	16,619 0 0	4,397 0 0	21,016 0 0		21,016 0 0	16,219 0 0	3,897 0 0	20,116 0 0		20,116 0 0		
14		Colonial Secretary ... ..	4,331 0 0	350 0 0	4,681 0 0		4,681 0 0	4,331 0 0	350 0 0	4,681 0 0		4,681 0 0		
15		Permanent Military Force ... ..	7,200 0 0	3,158 5 3	10,358 5 3		10,358 5 3	7,200 0 0	3,158 5 3	10,358 5 3		10,358 5 3	4	
16		Volunteers ... ..	5,102 0 0	14,311 0 0	19,413 0 0		19,413 0 0	5,102 0 0	14,311 0 0	19,413 0 0		19,413 0 0	4	
18		Naval Brigade ... ..	3,834 0 0	1,242 0 0	5,076 0 0		5,076 0 0	3,834 0 0	1,242 0 0	5,076 0 0		5,076 0 0		
18		Police ... ..	112,829 0 0	31,450 0 0	144,279 0 0		144,279 0 0	112,829 0 0	31,450 0 0	144,279 0 0		144,279 0 0		
*20		Petty Sessions ... ..	35,064 0 0	4,580 0 0	39,644 0 0		39,644 0 0	35,064 0 0	4,580 0 0	39,644 0 0		39,644 0 0		
30		Prisons ... ..	36,224 0 0	24,090 0 0	60,314 0 0		60,314 0 0	36,224 0 0	24,090 0 0	60,314 0 0		60,314 0 0		
35		Lunatic Asylums ... ..	14,967 0 0	35,520 0 0	50,487 0 0		50,487 0 0	14,967 0 0	35,520 0 0	50,487 0 0		50,487 0 0		
37		Medical Board ... ..	44 0 0		44 0 0		44 0 0	44 0 0		44 0 0		44 0 0		
38		Medical Adviser, Vaccination, Medical Officers, &c. ... ..	2,480 0 0	5,265 0 0	7,745 0 0		7,745 0 0	2,480 0 0	5,265 0 0	7,745 0 0		7,745 0 0		
39		Auditor General ... ..	4,815 0 0	1,210 0 0	6,025 0 0		6,025 0 0	4,815 0 0	1,210 0 0	6,025 0 0		6,025 0 0	4	
40		Registrar General ... ..	8,445 0 0	4,450 0 0	12,895 0 0		12,895 0 0	8,445 0 0	4,450 0 0	12,895 0 0		12,895 0 0	4	
41		Agent General for the Colony ... ..	2,050 0 0	200 0 0	2,250 0 0		2,250 0 0	2,050 0 0	200 0 0	2,250 0 0		2,250 0 0		
41		Observatory ... ..	1,420 0 0	820 0 0	2,240 0 0		2,240 0 0	1,420 0 0	820 0 0	2,240 0 0		2,240 0 0		
41		Museum ... ..	500 0 0	500 0 0	1,000 0 0		1,000 0 0	500 0 0	500 0 0	1,000 0 0		1,000 0 0		
41		Public Instruction under Act 30 Victoria No. 22 ... ..				120,000 0 0	120,000 0 0			120,000 0 0		120,000 0 0		
41		Free Public Library ... ..	1,108 0 0	1,650 0 0	2,758 0 0		2,758 0 0	1,108 0 0	1,650 0 0	2,758 0 0		2,758 0 0		
*42		Grants in aid of Public Institutions ... ..				7,259 0 0	7,259 0 0			7,259 0 0		7,259 0 0		
43		Industrial Schools ... ..	2,557 0 0	3,711 0 0	6,268 0 0		6,268 0 0	2,557 0 0	3,711 0 0	6,268 0 0		6,268 0 0		
44		Reformatory for Girls, Biloela, Parramatta River ... ..	185 0 0	200 0 0	385 0 0		385 0 0	185 0 0	200 0 0	385 0 0		385 0 0		
45		Charitable Institutions—Inspector of Public Charities ... ..	500 0 0	100 0 0	600 0 0		600 0 0	500 0 0	100 0 0	600 0 0		600 0 0		
46		Asylums for the Infirm and Destitute ... ..	2,190 0 0	11,500 0 0	13,690 0 0		13,690 0 0	2,190 0 0	11,500 0 0	13,690 0 0		13,690 0 0		
47		Charitable Allowances ... ..				40,403 0 0	40,403 0 0			38,953 0 0		38,953 0 0	5	
48		Miscellaneous Services ... ..				19,150 0 0	19,150 0 0			18,650 0 0		18,650 0 0	5	
	IV.	Administration of Justice:—	245,845 0 0	144,307 5 3	390,152 5 3	186,812 0 0	576,964 5 3	245,845 0 0	144,307 5 3	390,152 5 3	184,862 0 0	575,014 5 3		
*50		Attorney General ... ..	4,943 0 0	1,800 0 0	6,743 0 0		6,743 0 0	4,943 0 0	1,800 0 0	6,743 0 0		6,743 0 0		
50		Supreme and Circuit Courts ... ..	5,690 0 0	8,165 0 0	13,855 0 0		13,855 0 0	5,690 0 0	8,165 0 0	13,855 0 0		13,855 0 0		
51		Sheriff ... ..	4,495 0 0	3,475 0 0	7,970 0 0		7,970 0 0	4,495 0 0	3,475 0 0	7,970 0 0		7,970 0 0		
51		Insolvent Court ... ..	1,344 0 0		1,344 0 0		1,344 0 0	1,344 0 0		1,344 0 0		1,344 0 0		
*52		District Courts ... ..	6,938 0 0	2,900 0 0	9,838 0 0		9,838 0 0	6,938 0 0	2,900 0 0	9,838 0 0		9,838 0 0		
54		Quarter Sessions ... ..	4,054 0 0	9,500 0 0	13,554 0 0		13,554 0 0	4,054 0 0	9,500 0 0	13,554 0 0		13,554 0 0		
55		Coroners' Inquests ... ..	600 0 0	2,025 0 0	2,625 0 0		2,625 0 0	600 0 0	2,025 0 0	2,625 0 0		2,625 0 0		
*55		Miscellaneous Services ... ..	500 0 0	1,500 0 0	2,000 0 0		2,000 0 0	500 0 0	1,500 0 0	2,000 0 0		2,000 0 0		
	IV.	Minister of Justice and Public Instruction:—	28,564 0 0	29,365 0 0	57,929 0 0		57,929 0 0	28,564 0 0	29,365 0 0	57,929 0 0		57,929 0 0		
*		Department of Justice and Public Instruction ... ..	1,702 0 0		1,702 0 0		1,702 0 0	1,702 0 0		1,702 0 0		1,702 0 0		
*		Petty Sessions ... ..	125 0 0		125 0 0		125 0 0	125 0 0		125 0 0		125 0 0		
†		District Courts ... ..	385 0 0		385 0 0		385 0 0	385 0 0		385 0 0		385 0 0		
†		Grants in Aid of Public Institutions ... ..				2,126 0 0	2,126 0 0			2,126 0 0		2,126 0 0		
†		Miscellaneous Services ... ..				12,900 0 0	12,900 0 0			12,900 0 0		12,900 0 0		

58	Treasury .....	10,770 0 0	1,350 0 0	12,120 0 0	2,220 0 0	1,650 0 0	350 0 0	2,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	
59	Stamp Duties .....	1,650 0 0	350 0 0	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	1,650 0 0	350 0 0	2,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	
59	Customs .....	27,264 0 0	8,410 0 0	35,674 0 0	35,674 0 0	27,264 0 0	8,410 0 0	35,674 0 0	35,674 0 0	35,674 0 0	
62	Colonial Distilleries and Refineries .....	3,990 0 0	1,125 0 0	5,115 0 0	5,115 0 0	3,990 0 0	1,125 0 0	5,115 0 0	5,115 0 0	5,115 0 0	
62	Gold Receivers .....	315 0 0	.....	315 0 0	315 0 0	315 0 0	.....	315 0 0	315 0 0	315 0 0	
62	Gold and Escort .....	.....	.....	.....	5,550 0 0	5,550 0 0	.....	5,550 0 0	5,550 0 0	5,550 0 0	
63	Printing, Bookbinding, Stamps, and Railway Tickets .....	23,608 0 0	350 0 0	23,958 0 0	23,958 0 0	23,608 0 0	350 0 0	23,958 0 0	23,958 0 0	23,958 0 0	
64	Stores and Stationery .....	1,189 0 0	74,400 0 0	75,589 0 0	75,589 0 0	1,189 0 0	74,400 0 0	75,589 0 0	75,589 0 0	75,589 0 0	
64	Ordnance and Barrack Department .....	1,040 0 0	12,442 0 0	13,482 0 0	13,482 0 0	1,040 0 0	12,442 0 0	13,482 0 0	13,482 0 0	13,482 0 0	
64	Health and Emigration Officers .....	825 0 0	800 0 0	905 0 0	905 0 0	825 0 0	800 0 0	905 0 0	905 0 0	905 0 0	
65	Quarantine .....	300 0 0	500 0 0	800 0 0	800 0 0	300 0 0	500 0 0	800 0 0	800 0 0	800 0 0	
65	Shipping Masters .....	1,955 0 0	170 0 0	2,125 0 0	2,125 0 0	1,955 0 0	170 0 0	2,125 0 0	2,125 0 0	2,125 0 0	
65	Glebe Island Abattoir .....	750 0 0	1,320 0 0	2,070 0 0	2,070 0 0	750 0 0	1,320 0 0	2,070 0 0	2,070 0 0	2,070 0 0	
65	Marine Board of New South Wales .....	26,095 10 0	3,704 0 0	29,799 10 0	29,799 10 0	26,095 10 0	3,704 0 0	29,799 10 0	29,799 10 0	29,799 10 0	
68	Life-boats .....	.....	.....	.....	400 0 0	400 0 0	.....	400 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	
69	Miscellaneous Services .....	.....	.....	.....	75,960 0 0	75,960 0 0	.....	75,960 0 0	75,960 0 0	75,960 0 0	
69	Advance to Treasurer .....	.....	.....	.....	60,000 0 0	60,000 0 0	.....	60,000 0 0	60,000 0 0	60,000 0 0	
<b>VI. Secretary for Lands:—</b>		99,751 10 0	104,201 0 0	203,952 10 0	141,910 0 0	345,862 10 0	99,751 10 0	104,201 0 0	203,952 10 0	81,910 0 0	285,862 10 0
72	Department of Lands .....	12,009 0 0	1,200 0 0	13,209 0 0	13,209 0 0	12,009 0 0	1,200 0 0	13,209 0 0	13,209 0 0	13,209 0 0	13,209 0 0
72	Mining Department .....	2,800 0 0	3,000 0 0	5,800 0 0	5,800 0 0	2,800 0 0	3,000 0 0	5,800 0 0	5,800 0 0	5,800 0 0	5,800 0 0
72	Survey of Lands .....	44,957 7 0	84,310 0 0	129,267 7 0	129,267 7 0	44,957 7 0	84,310 0 0	129,267 7 0	129,267 7 0	129,267 7 0	129,267 7 0
74	Triangulation of the Colony .....	2,079 0 0	3,034 0 0	5,113 0 0	5,113 0 0	2,079 0 0	3,034 0 0	5,113 0 0	5,113 0 0	5,113 0 0	5,113 0 0
74	Commission to Land Agents, Appraisers, and others .....	150 0 0	.....	150 0 0	8,000 0 0	8,150 0 0	150 0 0	8,000 0 0	8,000 0 0	8,000 0 0	8,150 0 0
75	Occupation of Lands .....	8,988 0 0	3,600 0 0	12,588 0 0	12,588 0 0	8,988 0 0	3,600 0 0	12,588 0 0	12,588 0 0	12,588 0 0	12,588 0 0
75	Gold Fields .....	3,400 0 0	3,748 0 0	7,148 0 0	7,148 0 0	3,400 0 0	3,748 0 0	7,148 0 0	7,148 0 0	7,148 0 0	7,148 0 0
76	Prevention of Scab in Sheep .....	9,428 0 0	1,050 0 0	10,478 0 0	10,478 0 0	9,428 0 0	1,050 0 0	10,478 0 0	10,478 0 0	10,478 0 0	10,478 0 0
76	Imported Stock .....	50 0 0	170 0 0	220 0 0	220 0 0	50 0 0	170 0 0	220 0 0	220 0 0	220 0 0	220 0 0
76	Coal Fields .....	900 0 0	510 0 0	1,410 0 0	1,410 0 0	900 0 0	510 0 0	1,410 0 0	1,410 0 0	1,410 0 0	1,410 0 0
77	Botanic Gardens .....	838 0 0	3,152 12 0	3,990 12 0	3,990 12 0	838 0 0	3,152 12 0	3,990 12 0	3,990 12 0	3,990 12 0	3,990 12 0
77	Government Domains and Hyde Park .....	250 0 0	2,989 16 0	3,239 16 0	3,239 16 0	250 0 0	2,989 16 0	3,239 16 0	3,239 16 0	3,239 16 0	3,239 16 0
77	Oyster-beds .....	200 0 0	150 0 0	350 0 0	350 0 0	200 0 0	150 0 0	350 0 0	350 0 0	350 0 0	350 0 0
77	Minor Roads .....	.....	.....	.....	2,250 0 0	2,250 0 0	.....	2,250 0 0	2,250 0 0	2,250 0 0	2,250 0 0
78	Miscellaneous Services .....	.....	.....	.....	20,830 6 0	20,830 6 0	.....	13,730 6 0	13,730 6 0	13,730 6 0	13,730 6 0
<b>VII. Secretary for Public Works:—</b>		86,049 7 0	106,914 8 0	192,963 15 0	31,080 6 0	224,044 1 0	86,049 7 0	106,914 8 0	192,963 15 0	23,980 6 0	216,944 1 0
80	Department of Public Works .....	3,604 0 0	950 0 0	4,554 0 0	4,554 0 0	3,604 0 0	950 0 0	4,554 0 0	4,554 0 0	4,554 0 0	4,554 0 0
81	Harbours and Rivers Navigation:—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
83	Establishments .....	17,830 0 0	35,963 5 0	53,793 5 0	53,793 5 0	17,830 0 0	35,963 5 0	53,793 5 0	53,793 5 0	53,793 5 0	53,793 5 0
84	Public Works .....	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0	3,246 0 0
84	Colonial Architect .....	7,279 0 0	800 0 0	8,079 0 0	8,079 0 0	7,279 0 0	800 0 0	8,079 0 0	8,079 0 0	8,079 0 0	8,079 0 0
85	Public Works and Buildings .....	.....	.....	.....	164,750 0 0	164,750 0 0	.....	150,750 0 0	150,750 0 0	150,750 0 0	150,750 0 0
87	Roads and Bridges:—	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
87	General Establishment .....	3,259 0 0	550 0 0	3,809 0 0	3,809 0 0	3,259 0 0	550 0 0	3,809 0 0	3,809 0 0	3,809 0 0	3,809 0 0
87	Superintendence .....	9,579 0 0	4,015 0 0	13,594 0 0	13,594 0 0	9,579 0 0	4,015 0 0	13,594 0 0	13,594 0 0	13,594 0 0	13,594 0 0
87	Construction and Maintenance .....	.....	.....	.....	277,930 13 4	277,930 13 4	.....	277,930 13 4	277,930 13 4	277,930 13 4	277,930 13 4
88	Miscellaneous Services .....	.....	.....	.....	1,870 0 0	1,870 0 0	.....	1,870 0 0	1,870 0 0	1,870 0 0	1,870 0 0
<b>VII. Railways:—</b>		44,797 0 0	42,278 5 0	87,075 5 0	483,530 13 4	570,605 18 4	44,797 0 0	42,278 5 0	87,075 5 0	465,530 13 4	552,605 18 4
90	General Establishment .....	5,325 0 0	200 0 0	5,525 0 0	5,525 0 0	5,075 0 0	200 0 0	5,275 0 0	5,275 0 0	5,275 0 0	5,275 0 0
90	Existing Lines—Working Expenses .....	18,422 0 0	216,700 0 0	235,122 0 0	235,122 0 0	18,422 0 0	216,700 0 0	235,122 0 0	235,122 0 0	235,122 0 0	235,122 0 0
91	Miscellaneous .....	.....	.....	.....	12,100 0 0	12,100 0 0	.....	12,100 0 0	12,100 0 0	12,100 0 0	12,100 0 0
91	Works in Progress—Establishment .....	3,525 0 0	3,874 0 0	7,399 0 0	7,399 0 0	3,525 0 0	3,874 0 0	7,399 0 0	7,399 0 0	7,399 0 0	7,399 0 0
<b>VIII. The Postmaster General:—</b>		27,272 0 0	220,774 0 0	248,046 0 0	12,100 0 0	260,146 0 0	27,022 0 0	220,774 0 0	247,796 0 0	12,100 0 0	259,896 0 0
94	Post Office .....	41,219 0 0	5,343 0 0	46,562 0 0	98,800 0 0	145,362 0 0	41,219 0 0	5,343 0 0	46,562 0 0	98,800 0 0	145,362 0 0
95	Money Order Department .....	2,470 0 0	2,725 0 0	5,195 0 0	5,195 0 0	2,470 0 0	2,725 0 0	5,195 0 0	5,195 0 0	5,195 0 0	5,195 0 0
96	Electric Telegraphs .....	36,344 3 4	16,225 0 0	52,569 3 4	52,569 3 4	36,344 3 4	16,225 0 0	52,569 3 4	52,569 3 4	52,569 3 4	52,569 3 4
<b>RE-VOTES:—</b> Appropriations, &c., of 1873 and previous years, which lapsed under the 17th clause of the Audit Act of 1870, re-voted .....		80,033 3 4	24,293 0 0	104,326 3 4	98,800 0 0	203,126 3 4	80,033 3 4	24,293 0 0	104,326 3 4	98,800 0 0	203,126 3 4
		.....	.....	.....	24,132 4 10	24,132 4 10	.....	.....	.....	24,132 4 10	24,132 4 10
Total Estimated .....		631,143 0 4	676,529 18 3	1,307,672 18 7	995,075 10 10	2,302,748 9 5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total voted and embodied in the Appropriation Act .....		.....	.....	.....	.....	630,493 0 4	676,029 18 3	1,306,522 18 7	908,025 10 10	2,214,548 9 5	.....
Excess of Estimated over Authorized Expenditure, as shown by the Notes Explanatory hereto appended .....		.....	.....	.....	.....	650 0 0	500 0 0	1,150 0 0	87,050 0 0	88,200 0 0	.....
<b>GROSS TOTALS</b> .....		631,143 0 4	676,529 18 3	1,307,672 18 7	995,075 10 10	2,302,748 9 5	631,143 0 4	676,529 18 3	1,307,672 18 7	995,075 10 10	2,302,748 9 5

\* See Additional Estimate for 1874.

† See Additional Estimate, and Further Additional Estimate, for 1874.

Legislative Assembly Office,  
Sydney, 25 June, 1874.

F. W. WEBB,  
Clerk Assistant.

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NOTES EXPLANATORY of the Alterations made in the Original Estimates for 1874, in their progress through Committee of Supply.

	ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		
<b>II.—Executive and Legislative.</b>					
<b>HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.</b>					
Amount of Estimate.....	£ s. d. 1,141 0 0	£ s. d. 499 0 0	£ s. d. 1,640 0 0	£ s. d. .....	£ s. d. .....
<b>INCREASED.</b> By <i>Message</i> No. 35.—For Expenses of His Excellency the Governor's Official Visits to the Interior .....	.....	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
.....	1,141 0 0	999 0 0	2,140 0 0	.....	.....
<b>REDUCED.</b> By <i>Negative</i> .—Item £500, for Expenses of His Excellency the Governor's Official Visits to the Interior .....	.....	500 0 0	500 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	1,141 0 0	499 0 0	1,640 0 0	.....	.....
<b>EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	818 0 0	10 0 0	828 0 0	.....	.....
<b>REDUCED.</b> By <i>Negative</i> .—From item £600, Salary of Clerk of Executive Council, £100 .....	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	718 0 0	10 0 0	728 0 0	.....	.....
<b>LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	6,010 0 0	310 0 0	6,320 0 0	.....	.....
<b>REDUCED,</b> By <i>Negative</i> .—From item £800, Salary of Clerk of the Parliaments, £100; from item £600, Salary of Clerk Assistant, £100; from item £350, Salary of Second Clerk, £50; and from item £250, Salary of Copying Clerk, £50 .....	300 0 0	.....	300 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	5,710 0 0	310 0 0	6,020 0 0	.....	.....
<b>III.—Colonial Secretary.</b>					
<b>PERMANENT MILITARY FORCE.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	7,200 0 0	2,957 0 0	10,157 0 0	.....	.....
<b>INCREASED.</b> By <i>Message</i> No. 35.—For Boots for the Force, £79 4s.; and Meat and Grocery Rations, further sum, £122 1s. 3d.....	.....	201 5 3	201 5 3	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	7,200 0 0	3,158 5 3	10,358 5 3	.....	.....
<b>VOLUNTEERS.</b>					
Amount of Estimate.....	4,852 0 0	13,122 0 0	17,974 0 0	.....	.....
<b>INCREASED.</b> By <i>Message</i> No. 35.—For Salary to Captain Strong, in charge of the Public School Cadet Corps, from 1st January, £250; Allowance for forage for a horse, from 1st January, £64; Contingent Expenses in connection with the Public School Cadet Corps, £25; and for the purchase of 12 Match Rifles and Ammunition, £1,100 .....	250 0 0	1,189 0 0	1,439 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	5,102 0 0	14,311 0 0	19,413 0 0	.....	.....
<b>AUDITOR GENERAL.</b>					
Amount of Estimate.....	4,815 0 0	1,010 0 0	5,825 0 0	.....	.....
<b>INCREASED.</b> By <i>Message</i> No. 35.—For extra Clerical Assistance, further sum .....	.....	200 0 0	200 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	4,815 0 0	1,210 0 0	6,025 0 0	.....	.....
<b>REGISTRAR GENERAL.</b>					
Amount of Estimate.....	8,295 0 0	4,450 0 0	12,745 0 0	.....	.....
<b>INCREASED.</b> By <i>Message</i> No. 35.—For Additional Clerk, Lands Title Branch .....	150 0 0	.....	150 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	8,445 0 0	4,450 0 0	12,895 0 0	.....	.....

## NOTES EXPLANATORY, &amp;c.—continued.

III.—Colonial Secretary—continued.	ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		
CHARITABLE ALLOWANCES.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Amount of Estimate.....	.....	.....	.....	37,003 0 0	37,003 0 0
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—In aid of the undermentioned Charitable Institutions, on condition that equal amounts be raised by private contributions, and also of the Government, through Police Magistrates or other approved Officers, having the right of admission of Patients, viz.:—Forbes District Hospital, further sum, £200; Murrurundi Hospital, further sum, £200; Wellington Hospital, further sum, £50; in aid of the erection of Hospital at Inverell, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions, £500; in aid of the erection of Hospital at Bourke, on same conditions, £500; in aid of the erection of Hospital at Glen Innes, on same conditions, £500; and in aid of a Lying-in and Fever Hospital at West Maitland, on same conditions, £1,250 .....	.....	.....	.....	3,200 0 0	3,200 0 0
By Message No. 36.—In aid of the Hospital at Hill End, on the usual conditions .....	.....	.....	.....	200 0 0	200 0 0
REDUCED.					
By Negative.—Item £200, for Temperance Alliance, in consideration of aid given to destitute persons, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions; item £1,250, in aid of the erection of a Lying-in and Fever Hospital, Albury, on condition of an equal amount being raised by private contributions .....	.....	.....	.....	40,403 0 0	40,403 0 0
Amount Voted .....	.....	.....	.....	38,953 0 0	38,953 0 0
MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.					
Amount of Estimate.....	.....	.....	.....	14,300 0 0	14,300 0 0
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For the services of Hydraulic Engineer in connection with the proposed Metropolitan Water Supply and Sewerage Board, £2,000; and for relief to Sufferers by Floods, £350 .....	.....	.....	.....	2,350 0 0	2,350 0 0
By Message No. 36.—To complete the erection of Captain Cook's Statue, £2,000; and Steam Launch for the use of the Lunatic Asylums, £500 .....	.....	.....	.....	2,500 0 0	2,500 0 0
REDUCED.					
By Withdrawal.—Item £500 for Steam Launch for the use of the Lunatic Asylums .....	.....	.....	.....	19,150 0 0	19,150 0 0
.....	.....	.....	.....	500 0 0	500 0 0
Amount Voted .....	.....	.....	.....	18,650 0 0	18,650 0 0
V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade.					
CUSTOMS.					
Amount of Estimate.....	27,264 0 0	8,360 0 0	35,624 0 0	.....	.....
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For Allowance in lieu of Quarters to Customs' Officer, Grafton .....	.....	50 0 0	50 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	27,264 0 0	8,410 0 0	35,674 0 0	.....	.....
ORDNANCE AND BARRACK DEPARTMENT.					
Amount of Estimate.....	1,040 0 0	12,417 0 0	13,457 0 0	.....	.....
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For New Boat for Goat Island Powder Magazine .....	.....	25 0 0	25 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	1,040 0 0	12,442 0 0	13,482 0 0	.....	.....
GLEBE ISLAND ABATTOIR.					
Amount of Estimate.....	750 0 0	320 0 0	1,070 0 0	.....	.....
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For Deodorizing the Blood, Offal, and Sewerage .....	.....	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	750 0 0	1,320 0 0	2,070 0 0	.....	.....

## NOTES EXPLANATORY, &amp;c.—continued.

	ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		
<b>V.—Treasurer and Secretary for Finance and Trade—continued.</b>					
<b>MARINE BOARD OF NEW SOUTH WALES.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	£ s. d. 25,449 0 0	£ s. d. 3,704 0 0	£ s. d. 29,153 0 0	£ s. d. .....	£ s. d. .....
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For Assistant Engineer Surveyor, at £250, from 1 April, £187 10s.; Increase to the salary of a Junior Pilot at Newcastle, on his being promoted to the rank of Senior Pilot, £75; and for Increase in the pay of the Boatmen at Sydney and Newcastle, 32 men at £12 each, £384 .....	646 10 0	.....	646 10 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	26,095 10 0	3,704 0 0	29,799 10 0	.....	.....
<b>MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	.....	.....	.....	75,610 0 0	75,610 0 0
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For compensation to the owners of the schooner "Isabella," for loss sustained by breaking up their voyage to rescue the crew of the "Robert Towns" .....	.....	.....	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0
By Message No. 36.—For Beacon on the Bar, at the Entrance to Port Macquarie .....	.....	.....	.....	250 0 0	250 0 0
Amount Voted .....	.....	.....	.....	75,960 0 0	75,960 0 0
<b>ADVANCE TO TREASURER.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	.....	.....	.....	60,000 0 0	60,000 0 0
REDUCED.					
By Withdrawal.—Item £60,000, to enable the Treasurer to make Advances to Public Officers and on account of other Governments, and to pay Expenses of an unforeseen nature, which will afterwards be submitted for Parliamentary Appropriation; the whole amount to be adjusted not later than the 31st December, 1875 .....	.....	.....	.....	60,000 0 0	60,000 0 0
Amount Voted .....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
<b>VI.—Secretary for Lands.</b>					
<b>MINING DEPARTMENT.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	2,800 0 0	.....	2,800 0 0	.....	.....
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For expense of bringing Mining Bill into operation, including salaries and contingencies .....	.....	3,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	2,800 0 0	3,000 0 0	5,800 0 0	.....	.....
<b>SURVEY OF LANDS.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	41,502 0 0	83,730 0 0	125,232 0 0	.....	.....
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For Geological Surveyor, £1,155, viz.:—Salary, £400, Equipment Allowance, £230, Contingent Expenses, £150, Wages and Provisions, 5 men, £375; for Salaries of 2 Draftsmen for preparing County references, at £150 each, £300; Preparation of descriptions for Deeds of Crown Grants, £200; Bonus to or temporary increase of the salaries of 21 Staff Surveyors (for the year 1874 only), at £100 each, £2,100; and for salaries of 5 Clerks temporarily employed on Gold and Mineral Lease work, for four months, £280 7s. ....	3,455 7 0	580 0 0	4,035 7 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	44,957 7 0	84,310 0 0	129,267 7 0	.....	.....
<b>BOTANIC GARDENS.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	838 0 0	2,828 0 0	3,666 0 0	.....	.....
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For additional wages to Gardeners and Labourers, £324 12s., viz.:—12 men at 1s. per diem extra, £187 4s.; 12 men at 8d. per diem extra, £129 12s.; and 1 man at 6d. per diem extra, £7 16s. ....	.....	324 12 0	324 12 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	838 0 0	3,152 12 0	3,990 12 0	.....	.....

## NOTES EXPLANATORY, &amp;c.—continued.

	ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		
<b>VI.—Secretary for Lands—continued.</b>					
<b>GOVERNMENT DOMAINS AND HYDE PARK.</b>					
Amount of Estimate.....	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For additional wages to Labourers, £202 16s., viz.:—9 men at 1s. per diem extra, £140 8s.; 6 men at 8d. per diem extra, £62 8s.....	250 0 0	2,787 0 0	3,037 0 0	.....	.....
.....		202 16 0	202 16 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	250 0 0	2,989 16 0	3,239 16 0	.....	.....
<b>MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES.</b>					
Amount of Estimate.....	.....	.....	.....	9,332 0 0	9,332 0 0
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—For fencing, planting, and improving that part of the Sydney Common used for the Butts, £500; for rent of Lands Office at the Tweed River, for the years 1866 to 1874 inclusive, at the rate of £20 per annum, £180; Reward to Cornelius O'Brien for the discovery of the Emu Creek and the Tyagong Gold Fields, £300; Proceeds of sale of land at the intersection of Peel and Hill Streets, Tamworth, originally set apart for the purpose of a site for the Mechanics' Institute, £83; Allowance for quarters at Montefiores for Mr. Commissioner Daniels, £50; Compensation to John Thos. Collins for cancellation of certain land sold to him at sale held in Sydney, 28th April, 1857, £90 12s.; Rewards for the discovery of new Gold Fields, £2,000; for improving the Public Reserve, St. Leonards, North Shore, £50; for improving the Public Reserve at Manly Beach, £100; Compensation to James Twaddell, being the amount awarded by arbitration for damage sustained by the trespass of gold miners through his runs in the District of Wellington, and the loss of cattle thereby, £4,600; for the purchase of Land for a Cemetery at or near Waverley, £300; for inspection in special cases of Conditional Purchases, Forest Reserves, &c., £1,000; Compensation to James Ireland for loss of water frontage to Woolloomooloo Bay, as provided for in the Woolloomooloo Bay Land Reclamation Act of 1862, £600, appraisement fees, £78 3s.—£678 3s.; and for compensation to Betsy Purchase for loss of water frontage to Woolloomooloo Bay, as provided for in the Woolloomooloo Bay Land Reclamation Act of 1862, £1,470, appraisement fees, £96 11s.—£1,566 11s. ....	.....	.....	.....	11,498 6 0	11,498 6 0
REDUCED.					
By Withdrawal.—Item £2,500 for the purchase of 50 acres of land at Iron Barks Hill as a site for a General Cemetery (from the Australian Agricultural Company), at the rate of £50 per acre; and item £4,600, for compensation to James Twaddell, being the amount awarded by arbitration for damage sustained by the trespass of gold miners through his runs in the District of Wellington, and the loss of cattle thereby .....	.....	.....	.....	20,830 6 0	20,830 6 0
.....				7,100 0 0	7,100 0 0
Amount Voted .....	.....	.....	.....	13,730 6 0	13,730 6 0
<b>VII.—Secretary for Public Works.</b>					
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.</b>					
<i>Establishments.</i>					
Amount of Estimate.....	17,830 0 0	30,319 0 0	48,149 0 0	.....	.....
INCREASED.					
By Message No. 35.—To complete two iron Punts for Dredge "Fitz Roy," £2,251 18s. 6d.; to complete two iron Punts for Dredge "Vulcan," £2,667 6s. 6d.; Tug for Dredge "Fitz Roy," further sum, £225; and for Steam Dredge "Hercules," Contingent Expenses, further sum, £500 .....	.....	5,644 5 0	5,644 5 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	17,830 0 0	35,963 5 0	53,793 5 0	.....	.....

## NOTES EXPLANATORY, &amp;c.—continued.

VII.—Secretary for Public Works—contd.	ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		
<b>HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION.</b>					
<i>Public Works.</i>					
Amount of Estimate.....	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
INCREASED.	3,246 0 0	.....	3,246 0 0	31,680 0 0	34,926 0 0
By Message No. 35.—Towards clearing obstructions from Richmond River at Woodburn, £600; towards clearing obstructions from Richmond River, near Casino, further sum, £300; incidental Expenses to Wharfs and Bridges and other Public Works, further sum, £500; Tathra Wharf, further sum, £300; Boat-shed, Newcastle, £200; towards deepening Bars at Myall Lakes, £500; and for Construction of Sea-wall at Coogee Bay, £4,000 .....	.....	.....	.....	6,400 0 0	6,400 0 0
By Message No. 36.—For lowering and underpinning the Wall of the Victoria Barracks, to enable a new Road, called Green's Road, to be formed.....	.....	.....	.....	900 0 0	900 0 0
REDUCED.	3,246 0 0	.....	3,246 0 0	38,980 0 0	42,226 0 0
By Withdrawal.—Item £4,000, for construction of Sea-wall at Coogee Bay.....	.....	.....	.....	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0
Amount Voted .....	3,246 0 0	.....	3,246 0 0	34,980 0 0	38,226 0 0
<b>PUBLIC WORKS AND BUILDINGS.</b>					
Amount of Estimate .....	.....	.....	.....	147,150 0 0	147,150 0 0
INCREASED.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
By Message No. 35.—For Repairs to Mint Buildings, £3,000; Furniture, Internal Fittings, and other Works, New General Post Office, £4,000; Stabling and Cottage for Grooms, New General Post Office, further sum, £600; Court and Watch house at Crookwell, £1,000; Water Supply for Asylum for Imbeciles, Newcastle, £1,500; Repairs, &c., to the Naval Depot, £1,500; Repairs to Buildings, &c., Abattoirs, Glebe Island, £1,000; and for Alterations and Additions to the Legislative Assembly Chamber, £4,000 .....	.....	.....	.....	16,600 0 0	16,600 0 0
By Message No. 36.—Towards the erection of a Dwarf-wall and Iron-railing, Hyde Park .....	.....	.....	.....	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
REDUCED.	.....	.....	.....	164,750 0 0	164,750 0 0
By Withdrawal.—Item £12,000 for addition to Custom House, to accommodate the Marine Board; item £1,000, for extension of shed accommodation at Military Stores, Circular Quay; and item £1,000 towards the erection of a Dwarf-wall and Iron-railing, Hyde Park .....	.....	.....	.....	14,000 0 0	14,000 0 0
Amount Voted .....	.....	.....	.....	150,750 0 0	150,750 0 0
<b>ROADS AND BRIDGES.</b>					
<i>Construction and Maintenance.</i>					
Amount of Estimate.....	.....	.....	.....	260,077 0 0	260,077 0 0
INCREASED.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
By Message No. 35.—For Black Camp Bridge, further sum, £117; Pammamaroo Bridge, further sum, £300; Walker's River Bridge, further sum, £400; Broadwater Bridge, Moree, further sum, £300; Paika Creek Bridge, further sum, £200; Wentworth Embankment, further sum, £300; Punt at Brewarrina, further sum, £150; Half cost of Lighting Belmore Bridge, £30; Mudgee Road—Excess of Tolls, 1873, over Estimate, £226 13s. 4d.; Bridge, Emigrant Creek, Ballina Road, £1,200; Bridge, Inverell, £300; Bridge, Payne's Crossing, Wollombi, £1,200; Bridge, Sweatman's Creek, Wollombi, £230; Bridge, Marengo, £250; Bridge, Billabong, Goonambil, £550; Bridges on road Lachlan to Darling at Tallywalka, and near Booligal, £4,500; Road to Seal Rocks Light-house, £1,100; Approach to Belmore Bridge (flood damages), £400; Replacing old Bridge at Adelong (flood damages), £600; Road, Goulburn to Braidwood, £4,000; and towards improving the Road from Sofala to Wattle Flat, £1,000 .....	.....	.....	.....	17,853 13 4	17,853 13 4
Amount Voted .....	.....	.....	.....	277,930 13 4	277,930 13 4



## NOTES EXPLANATORY, &amp;c.—continued.

VII.—Railways. RAILWAYS. General Establishment.	ESTABLISHMENTS.			OTHER SERVICES.	TOTAL.
	Salaries.	Contingencies.	Total.		
REDUCED. Amount of Estimate.....	£ s. d. 5,325 0 0	£ s. d. 200 0 0	£ s. d. 5,525 0 0	£ s. d. .....	£ s. d. .....
By <i>Negative</i> .—Item £200, Salary of Consulting Engineer; from item of £600, Salary of Secretary, £50.....	250 0 0	.....	250 0 0	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	5,075 0 0	200 0 0	5,275 0 0	.....	.....
VIII.—The Postmaster General. POST OFFICE.					
Amount of Estimate.....	41,051 0 0	5,343 0 0	46,394 0 0	96,900 0 0	143,294 0 0
INCREASED. By <i>Message</i> No. 35.—For increase of Salary to Shipping Clerk, from £132 to £150 per annum, £18; Additional Mail Guard on Western Line, from 1st January, £150; Gratuities for Ship Mails, Foreign and Coastwise, further sum, £400; and to meet the payment to Victoria of the Postages on Letters, Packets, and Newspapers, conveyed <i>via</i> Galle—Amount to be recouped by Postages collected here on outward Mail matter, and by amounts allowed by London on correspondence forwarded to this Colony, £1,500.....	168 0 0	.....	168 0 0	1,900 0 0	2,068 0 0
Amount Voted .....	41,219 0 0	5,343 0 0	46,562 0 0	98,800 0 0	145,362 0 0
ELECTRIC TELEGRAPHS.					
Amount of Estimate.....	33,122 0 0	16,225 0 0	49,347 0 0	.....	.....
INCREASED. By <i>Message</i> No. 35.—For Station Master, Boggabri, from 1 January, £104; Operator, Tenterfield (for night duty), from 1 January, £150; Junior Operator (extra), Tenterfield, from 1 January, £104; Operator, Sydney, for Coast Lines, at £150, from 1 March, £125; Junior Operator, West Maitland, from 1 January, £104; Messenger, Newcastle, from 1 January, £26; Junior Operator, Wagga Wagga, from 1 January, £150; Ten (10) Messengers (extra) at £52, from 1 January, £520; Station Master, Bingera, at £150, from 1 July, £75; Station Master, Warialda, at £150, from 1 July, £75; Station Master, Coonamble, at £150, from 1 July, £75; Station Master, Coonabarabran, at £150, from 1 July, £75; Station Master, Parkes, at £150, from 1 July, £75; Station Master, Dungog, at £150, from 1 June, £87 10s.; Junior Operator, Rylstone, at £104, from 1 July, £52; Junior Operator, Candelo, at £104, from 1 March, £86 13s. 4d.; Junior Operator, M'Leay Heads, at £104, from 1 July, £52; Messenger, Grafton, from 1 January, £52; Messenger, Hay, from 1 January, £52; Messenger, Forbes, from 1 January, £26; Line Repairer for Bourke Line, at £150, from 1 April, £12 10s.; Junior Operator, Rocky Mouth, at £104—increase from £52 to £104, from 1 January, £52; Junior Operator, Clarence River Heads—increase of salary from £52 to £104, from 1 January, £52; Junior Operator, Ulmarra—increase of salary from £52 to £104, from 1 January, £52; Operators (13), Sydney—increase of salary from £150 to £200, from 1 January, £650; Station Master, Bourke—increase of salary from £200 to £250, from 1 January, £50; and for Telegraph Instructor, at £250, from 1 April, £187 10s. ....	3,222 3 4	.....	3,222 3 4	.....	.....
Amount Voted .....	36,344 3 4	16,225 0 0	52,569 3 4	.....	.....

Legislative Assembly Office,  
Sydney, 25 June, 1874.F. W. WEBB,  
Clerk Assistant.

## No. II.

(SERVICES OF 1873 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.)

*EXPLANATORY ABSTRACT of the Amounts respectively Estimated, Voted, and Embodied in the Appropriation Act, 37<sup>o</sup> Victoria, No. 12, for the Supplementary Service of the Year 1873 and previous Years.*

	£	s.	d.
Amount of Estimates .....	190,136	4	0
Amount Voted and Embodied in the Appropriation Act .....	189,392	19	6
Excess of Estimated over Authorized Expenditure .....	743	4	6
<i>NOTES Explanatory of Alterations made in the Supplementary Estimates, in their progress through Committee of Supply:—</i>			
Gross Amount of Supplementary Estimates for 1873 and previous years, submitted with Messages Nos. 4 and 35.....	190,136	4	0
<b>REDUCED.</b>			
*By <i>Negative</i> .—"COLONIAL SECRETARY—Miscellaneous."—Item £316 19s. 8d. for Refund of deductions from the Salary of the Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department, under the Superannuation Act of 1864, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.....	316	19	8
* By <i>Negative</i> .—"COLONIAL SECRETARY—Miscellaneous."—Item £211 11s. 6d. for Refund of deductions from the Salary of the Chief Clerk, Colonial Secretary's Department, under the Superannuation Act of 1864, with interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum .....	211	11	6
By <i>Negative</i> .—"RAILWAYS."—Item £214 13s. 4d., Amount of salary deducted from Engineer-in-Chief for Railways, 1 February, 1871, to 31 December, 1872.....	214	13	4
	743	4	6
	£ 189,392	19	6

\* Items £316 19s. 8d. and £211 11s. 6d. negatived in Committee of the Whole on consideration of the Appropriation Bill.

Legislative Assembly Offices,  
Sydney, 25 June, 1874.

F. W. WEBB,  
Clerk Assistant.

## No. III.

(BY LOAN—1874.)

*EXPLANATORY ABSTRACT of the Amounts respectively Estimated, Voted, and Embodied in the Loan Act, 38<sup>o</sup> Victoria, No. 2, for the Service of the Year 1874.*

	£	s.	d.
Amount of Estimates .....	936,200	0	0
Amount Voted and Embodied in the Loan Act .....	806,200	0	0
Excess of Estimated over Authorized Expenditure .....	130,000	0	0
<i>NOTES Explanatory of Alterations made in the Loan Estimates, in their progress through Committee of Supply:—</i>			
Gross Amount of Loan Estimates for 1874, submitted with Messages Nos. 4 and 35.....	936,200	0	0
<b>REDUCED.</b>			
By <i>Withdrawal</i> .—"RAILWAYS."—Item £100,000, towards Railway from Clarence River to the Tableland of New England .....	100,000	0	0
By <i>Withdrawal</i> .—"HARBOURS AND RIVERS NAVIGATION."—Item £20,000 towards construction of First Class Dry Dock at Cockatoo Island .....	20,000	0	0
By <i>Withdrawal</i> .—"COLONIAL ARCHITECT."—Item £10,000 towards Free Public Library, Art Gallery, and Technological Museum, in connection with the Australian Museum .....	10,000	0	0
	130,000	0	0
	£ 806,200	0	0

Legislative Assembly Offices,  
Sydney, 25 June, 1874.

F. W. WEBB,  
Clerk Assistant.

1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANKS.

(STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS, FROM 1ST JANUARY TO 31ST DECEMBER, 1873.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 26 March, 1874.*

ACCOUNT of all Deposits received and paid from 1st January to 31st December, 1873, together with a Statement of the total amount due to all Depositors at the close of the year 1873.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	
Balance brought forward .....	80,943	7	7	By Re-payments to Depositors during 1873	64,724	13	0	
To Cash received from Depositors during the year 1873.....	184,817	19	2	Balance—				
„ Interest allowed for the year 1873, and added to principal money of said Depositors .....	5,033	3	8	Warrants issued but not cashed on 31st December, 1873 .....	355	1	5	
				Balance as per S. B. Ledgers .....	205,714	16	0	
				Actual Balance .....	206,069	17	5	
	£	270,794	10	5	£	270,794	10	5

## EXPLANATION.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Balance at close of 1873, due to all Depositors, including Interest ..							206,069	17	5
Balance at credit of Trust Account, in Treasury books .....				195,224	5	3			
Cash in hands of the Controller .....	4,813	12	4						
Less amount paid by Country Agents.....	1,488	11	0						
				3,325	1	4			
Interest added to Depositors' Principal Money, from 1st September, 1871, to 31st December, 1873 .....	6,718	15	3						
Departmental Expenses from 1st January, 1872, to 31st December, 1873 .....	1,150	9	6						
Premium on Investments (Treasury Bills, 35 Vict., No. 4).....	1,670	17	10						
	9,540	2	7						
Less Interest on Investments to 31st October, 1873, credited to Trust Account .....	2,019	11	9						
				7,520	10	10			
							£206,069	17	5

F. W. HILL, Controller.

Savings Bank Department,  
Sydney, 10th March, 1874.SAUL SAMUEL,  
Postmaster General.

I certify that the foregoing Account has been examined and found to correspond with the Books and Accounts of the Government Savings Bank.

C. ROLLESTON,  
Auditor General.

## STATEMENT of Liabilities and Assets, to 31st December, 1873.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Balance due to Depositors to 31st December, 1873, including Interest .....	206,069	17	5	Invested in four per cent. Funded Stock...	30,000	0	0
				Interest computed to 31st December, 1873. (3 months).....	300	0	0
				Invested in Treasury Bills. (35 Vict. No. 4) .....	70,000	0	0
				Interest to 31st December, 1873. (3 months) .....	875	0	0
				Cash Balance at credit of Trust Account, on 31st December, 1873 .....	95,224	5	3
				Cash in hands of Controller. 4,813 12 4			
				Less Amount paid by Country Agents .....	1,488	11	0
					3,325	1	4
				Deficiency of Assets.....	6,345	10	10
	£	206,069	17 5		£	206,069	17 5

## PROFIT AND LOSS.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To Interest to Depositors, from 1st September, 1871, to 31st December, 1873 ...	6,718	15	3	By Interest computed on Investments to 31st December, 1873.....	3,194	11	9
„ Departmental Expenses .....	1,150	9	6	Balance .....	6,345	10	10
„ Premium paid on Investment.....	1,670	17	10				
	£	9,540	2 7		£	9,540	2 7

Balance brought down ..... £6,345 10s. 10d.

F. W. HILL, Controller.

SAUL SAMUEL,  
Postmaster General.

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## POST OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS.

(STATISTIS RESPECTING.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 11 May, 1874.*

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RETURN to an *Order* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 10 October, 1873, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ A Return showing,—

“ (1.) The number of Post Office Savings' Banks in the Colony.

“ (2.) The number of Depositors, and the total amount deposited in each Bank on the 30th September, 1873.

“ (3.) The salary and other remuneration of each and every official employed, and any other expenses that are incurred in connection with the said Banks.”

(*Mr. W. C. Browne.*)

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## POST OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS.

1. Number of Post Office Savings' Banks in the Colony, 77.

2 and 3. Return showing the number of Depositors and the total amount deposited in each Bank on the 30th September, 1873; and the Salary and other remuneration of each and every Official employed, and any other expenses that are incurred in connection with the said Banks.

	Number of Depositors.	Amount Deposited.		Salary and other remuneration of Officials employed.	
		£	s. d.		
Sydney .....	1,408	114,661	6 7	Controller, £100 per annum, and £600 per annum as Superintendent, Money Order Office; Cashier, £67 per annum, and £350 per annum as Chief Clerk, Money Order Office; Examiner, £62 per annum, and £250 per annum as Clerk, Money Order Office; Teller, £60 per annum, and £250 per annum as Clerk, Money Order Office; Ledger-keeper, £54 per annum, and £200 per annum as Clerk, Money Order Office; Ledgerkeepers, two (2) at £100 per annum each.	
Aberdeen .....	13	947	2 5	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid.....	
Adelong.....	42	490	19 3		
Albury .....	45	1,058	18 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 5 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Araruen .....	12	771	10 0		
Armidale .....	28	1,703	15 4	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives no commission upon Postage Stamps or Money Orders .....	
Ballina .....	...	.....	.....		
Balmain.....	52	1,169	16 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Bathurst .....	123	7,701	13 11		
Bega .....	46	700	0 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Berrima.....	36	1,775	15 2		
Bombala .....	10	558	2 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Braidwood .....	64	3,372	16 6		
Burwood .....	9	127	18 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Camden.....	62	3,581	14 1		
Campbelltown .....	36	1,528	13 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Camperdown .....	...	0	15 0		
Carcoar .....	23	1,296	17 2	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Cassilis .....	35	1,608	15 2		
Cooma .....	45	1,176	16 7	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Cowra .....	9	326	4 4		
Deniliquin.....	22	795	7 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Dubbo .....	10	413	15 6		
East Maitland .....	9	415	2 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Fernmount .....	24	153	2 6		
Forbes .....	50	2,779	15 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Gladstone .....	...	.....	.....		
Glebe.....	8	185	18 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Goulburn .....	94	7,642	17 0		
Grafton .....	27	909	13 4	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Grenfell.....	86	4,778	12 0		
Gulgong .....	51	2,652	8 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Gundagai .....	14	132	2 0		
Kiama .....	43	1,485	17 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Liverpool .....	27	1,151	10 0		
Molong .....	23	867	9 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Morpeth .....	51	2,032	0 11		
Mudgee.....	51	2,415	5 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Murrurundi .....	55	4,269	1 6		
Muswellbrook .....	37	1,686	17 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Narrabri .....	16	257	5 8		
Nattai .....	57	539	18 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	
Newcastle .....	153	7,320	10 2		
Newtown .....	328	4,380	19 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 5 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid .....	

	Number of Depositors.	Amount Deposited.		Salary and other remuneration of Officials employed.	
		£	s. d.	Per annum.	
Orange .....	76	2,731	9 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil	
Paddington .....	85	343	1 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 5 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... 120	
Parramatta-street .....	49	1,633	7 6		
Parramatta .....	34	1,825	16 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Asst. 120 25	
Penrith .....	27	1,024	19 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent, and receives no commission upon Postage Stamps or Money Orders ..... 200	
Port Macquarie .....	67	2,298	9 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil 12	
Pymont .....	13	410	0 0		
Queanbeyan .....	12	220	9 4	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent. Assistant Postmaster receives 10 per cent. upon sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Asst. Nil 60	
Raymond Terrace .....	58	1,371	8 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster a commission of 10 per cent. upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... 60 16 60 30 75 25	
Redfern .....	34	2,168	18 0		
Richmond .....	1	30	0 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 5 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... 120	
Rylstone .....	11	602	10 6		
Scone .....	11	602	10 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil 24 20 Nil 30 75 20 45 175	
Singleton .....	192	4,521	14 0		
South Head Road .....	162	2,237	16 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 5 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... 120	
Tamworth .....	35	1,565	10 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil 20 30 75 20 45 175	
Terrara .....	45	1,935	4 8		
Ulladulla .....	14	385	10 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... 100 15 24 25 10 20	
Wagga Wagga .....	47	801	4 6		
Waratah .....	18	811	16 10	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent, and receives no commission upon Postage Stamps or Money Orders ..... Asst. 200 52	
Waterloo .....	38	311	7 0		
Wee Waa .....	20	178	3 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil	
Wellington .....	21	1,021	10 10		
West Maitland .....	40	3,712	9 8	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 5 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... 120	
William-street .....	80	985	6 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... 100 15 24 25 10 20	
Windsor .....	35	4,873	15 8	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil	
Wingham .....	6	227	2 10		
Wollombi .....	10	240	2 6	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil	
Wollongong .....	74	4,584	8 0		
Woollahra .....	87	1,310	17 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil	
Woonona .....	45	2,538	16 6		
Yass .....	39	1,301	14 0	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent, and receives no commission upon Postage Stamps or Money Orders ..... Asst. 200 52	
Young .....	50	1,394	7 10	No remuneration paid to Postmaster as Savings' Bank Agent; receives as Postmaster 10 per cent. commission upon the sale of Postage Stamps, and 3d. upon every Money Order issued and paid ..... Nil	

Paid for Printing and Bookbinding to 30th September, 1873 ..... £ s. d. 51 9 6

F. W. HILL.  
S. H. LAMBTON.





1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

GOVERNMENT BANK DEPOSITS.

(AGREEMENTS WITH THE BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES FOR THE DEPOSIT AND MANAGEMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT MONEYS  
IN THE COLONY AND IN ENGLAND.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 14 January, 1874.*

*[Laid upon the Table of the Legislative Assembly, in answer to Mr. Lord's Question of 19th December, 1873.]*

No. 1.

MINUTE PAPER FOR THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

(No. 45.)

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
31 May, 1873.

Agreements with the Bank of New South Wales for the conduct of the London and Local Banking business of the Government.

In view of the termination, on the 30th proximo, of the subsisting contracts with the Bank of New South Wales for the conduct of the Banking business of the Government in this Colony and in England, the Colonial Treasurer submits, for the consideration of His Excellency the Governor and the Executive Council, the enclosed drafts of proposed Agreements with the Bank referred to, for the conduct of the London and local business of the Government, for a further term of three years, ending 30th June, 1876.

As these draft Agreements have been forwarded to the Bank in Treasury letter of 20th May (copy enclosed), as embodying the terms which the Government would be prepared to accept, and as the Bank has signified their acceptance of them by a letter of like date (enclosed), the Treasurer requests the approval of His Excellency in Council of the Agreements referred to.

GEO. A. LLOYD.

No. 2.

MINUTE OF THE EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

The Executive Council advise that the Agreements herewith submitted, entered into between the Bank of New South Wales and the Government for the conduct of the London and local Banking business of the Government, be approved for a period of three years, ending 30th June, 1876.

ALEX. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

Min. 73/25—2/6/73. Confirmed—9/6/73. Approved.—H.R., 2/6/73.

No. 3.

THE GENERAL MANAGER, BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE COLONIAL TREASURER.

Bank of New South Wales,  
Sydney, 1 April, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to our late conversations on the subject, I have now the honor to intimate to you, formally, that we are prepared to again renew the Agreements existing between the Government and this institution for the conduct of the Banking and financial business of the Government in this country and in England.

I have, &c.,  
SHEPHERD SMITH,  
General Manager.

## No. 4.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE TO THE GENERAL MANAGER, BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
20 May, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to your letter of the 1st April, I do myself the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to hand you, enclosed herewith, draft Agreements for the conduct of the London and local Banking business of the Government, which embody the terms which the Government are prepared to accept.

I have, &c.,  
G. EAGAR.

## [Enclosures in No. 4.]

DRAFT of the proposed Agreement with the Bank of New South Wales.

*Local Account.*

1. The general Banking business of the Government of New South Wales, in the Colony, to be conducted by the Bank of New South Wales.
2. The Government may occasionally overdraw the "Public Account" to the extent of £150,000, subject to an interest charge at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, provided that no interest shall be charged upon such overdraft, nor upon any overdraft on the Mint Bullion Account, if at the same time there be an equal sum at the credit of the other Government accounts in the Bank.
3. The Bank shall allow an interest rate of 3 per cent. per annum upon the credit daily balance of the Government account, taken as a whole, up to £150,000.
4. When the balance at the credit of the Government account, taken as a whole, shall at any time exceed £200,000, it shall be open to the Government to make a special arrangement with the Bank, respecting interest on any sum in excess of the said £200,000, or, failing to make such special arrangement, the Government will have the right to dispose of their funds in excess of such £200,000 in any way more beneficial to the Public Revenue.
5. This Agreement to commence on the 1st day of July, 1873, and to remain in force up to the 30th day of June, 1876, inclusive.

Laid before the Executive Council on 2nd June, 1873.

ALEXR. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

DRAFT of the proposed Agreement with the Bank of New South Wales.

*London Account.*

1. The general Banking business of the Government of New South Wales, in England, to be conducted by the Bank of New South Wales.
2. Funds to be placed in London, by the Government, in one of the three undermentioned ways:—
  1. By remitting sovereigns, through the Bank, at current rates of freight and insurance and cost of packages.
  2. By remitting the bills of the Bank at the exchange of the day.
  3. By placing in the hands of the Bank Government debentures for sale, the Bank agreeing to advance in London, as the Government account may require, to the extent of 90 per cent. on the market value of such debentures.
3. The Bank not to be required to advance at any one time on the deposit of debentures a larger sum than £350,000.
4. The interest payable to the Government, in respect of any cash balance in the hands of the Bank, shall be 1 per cent. below the Bank of England rate for the time being on the daily balance; and the interest payable by the Government for cash advanced by the Bank shall be 1 per cent. above the Bank of England rate, and on such advance shall never be less than 5 per cent.
5. A commission of  $\frac{3}{4}$  per cent. shall be charged on the half-yearly payments of interest on the Public Debt, and  $\frac{1}{4}$  per cent. on the payment of the principal sum of debentures that have expired.
6. The Government exclude from the operation of this Agreement the negotiation and sale of debentures or other securities, having for their special object the consolidation of the Public Debt; and may also exclude the negotiation and sale of debentures under the "Railway Loan Act of 1873," if the said loan be introduced in connection with such consolidation; but if the Bank be required to negotiate and sell the debentures under the said Railway Loan Act, then upon such sale, and upon the sale of all other debentures which may be placed in the hands of the Bank, the charge for commission shall be  $\frac{1}{4}$  per cent., exclusive of brokerage.
7. Upon application by the Government to transfer funds from the credit of the Government account in London to the credit of the like account here, the money shall, on the day of such application, be made available to the Government in Sydney, the Bank being paid upon the operation exchange at the rate for sixty days bills on London, ruling at the time of the application; but if the Bank desire a notice of the transfer, then the application, if for £100,000, shall be made available at the expiry of fourteen days from the date thereof; if for £200,000, at the expiry of one month from the date thereof; and for any sum over £200,000, at the expiry of two months from the date of the application for such transfer.
8. This Agreement to commence on the first day of July, 1873, and to remain in force up to the thirtieth day of June, 1876, inclusive.

Laid before the Executive Council on 2nd June, 1873.

ALEXR. C. BUDGE,  
Clerk of the Council.

## No. 5.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY, BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Bank of New South Wales,  
Sydney, 20 May, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge your letter of the 20th instant (S 242), and to accept the renewal of the contracts with the Government, as per the Agreements therein enclosed.

I have, &c.,  
C. M. PALMER,  
Assistant Secretary.

## No. 6.

THE GENERAL MANAGER, BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL TREASURER.

Bank of New South Wales,  
Sydney, 27 May, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to our late conversations on the subject of the balances now and for some time likely to be at the credit of the Government, over and above the amount of £200,000, specially arranged for under the "Local Account" Agreement, and to our verbal negotiations for the allowance by the Bank of interest upon such portion thereof as you have estimated will probably remain unabsorbed by the ordinary requirements of the Government, for a period of twelve months from 1st July next,—I am directed to inform you that the Bank will be prepared to allow interest on the credit balances, as a whole, beyond the £200,000 above stated, up to the further sum of £350,000, on the following terms:—

1. Interest shall be allowed by the Bank on the daily net credit balance of the accounts, as a whole, beyond the £200,000 already provided for, up to a further sum of £350,000, at the rate of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. per annum.
2. The interest shall commence on and from the 10th July next, and continue to the 30th June, 1874, unless the funds, or any portion of them, are previously absorbed.
3. The Government may reduce this sum of £350,000, as their engagements require, but any reduction shall be considered a reduction of £50,000, and so on in like proportions.
4. Should the Government require to reduce this sum by £50,000, fourteen days notice shall be given, if the Bank desire it, and whenever £100,000, one month's notice; and from the date of such notices interest shall cease on such sums.
5. During the currency of this special arrangement for interest, and for one month thereafter, the Government shall not avail of its right under clause 4 of the "Local Account" Agreement to dispose of its other ordinary funds through other channels,—funds to be raised through the Contemplated Funded Stock Loan, or other Special Loans, to be independent of this Agreement.

I have, &c.,  
SHEPHERD SMITH,  
General Manager.

## No. 7.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE to THE GENERAL MANAGER, BANK OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
2 June, 1873.

SIR,

I am directed by the Colonial Treasurer to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 27th ultimo, on the subject of the balances now and for some time likely to be at the credit of the Government in your Bank, over and above the amount of £200,000, specially arranged for under the "Local Account" Agreement, and having reference to certain verbal negotiations for the allowance by the Bank of interest upon such portion thereof as Mr. Lloyd has estimated will probably remain unabsorbed by the ordinary requirements of the Government, for a period of twelve months from 1st July next,—I am to inform you that the Colonial Treasurer accepts your proposal to allow interest on the credit balances, as a whole, beyond the £200,000 above stated, up to the further sum of £350,000, on the following terms, viz.:—

1. Interest shall be allowed by the Bank on the daily net credit balance of the accounts, as a whole, beyond the £200,000 already provided for, up to a further sum of £350,000, at the rate of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. per annum.
2. The interest shall commence on and from the 10th July next, and continue to 30th June, 1874, unless the funds, or any portion of them, are previously absorbed.
3. The Government may reduce this sum of £350,000, as their engagements may require, but any reduction shall be considered a reduction of £50,000, and so on in like proportions.
4. Should the Government require to reduce this sum by £50,000, fourteen days notice shall be given if the Bank desire it, and whenever £100,000 one month's notice; and from the date of such notices interest shall cease on such sums.
5. During the currency of this special arrangement for interest, and for one month thereafter, the Government shall not avail of its right under clause 4 of the "Local Account" Agreement to dispose of its other ordinary funds through other channels,—funds to be raised through the Contemplated Funded Stock Loan, or other Special Loans, to be independent of this Agreement.

I have, &c.,  
G. EAGAR.



LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

BANK LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 9 September, 1873.

GENERAL ABSTRACT of the Sworn Returns, rendered pursuant to the Act of Council 4th Victoria No. 13, of the Average ASSETS and LIABILITIES, and of the CAPITAL and PROFITS, of the undermentioned BANKS of the Colony of New South Wales, for the Quarter ended 31st March, 1873.

BANKS.	LIABILITIES.					ASSETS.							CAPITAL AND PROFITS.			
	Notes in Circulation.	Bills in Circulation.	Balances due to other Banks.	Deposits.	Total Liabilities.	Coin.	Bullion.	Landed Property.	Notes & Bills of other Banks.	Balances due from other Banks.	Notes and Bills discounted, and all other Debts due to the Banks.	Total Assets.	Capital paid up.	Rate per Annum of last Dividend.	Amount of Dividend.	Amount of Reserved Profits at the time of declaring such Dividend.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	per cent.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
New South Wales .....	323,490 5 4	3,940 17 6	78,791 16 4	3,510,457 9 5	3,916,680 8 7	945,741 9 1	29,184 17 3	52,839 1 9	8,873 2 3	1,790,243 13 8	*2,451,596 8 6	5,278,478 12 6	1,000,000 0 0	15 3/4 cent.	75,000 0 0	333,333 6 8
Commercial .....	273,121 3 10	3,112 7 1	30,381 15 10	2,470,470 14 11	2,777,086 1 8	489,082 17 2	3,314 2 9	47,800 0 0	13,727 5 9	274,164 6 6	†2,561,999 18 1	3,390,088 10 3	400,000 0 0	20 3/4 cent.	40,000 0 0	177,554 3 6
Australasia.....	36,167 1 7	7,868 6 9	.....	451,017 5 4	495,052 13 8	102,529 17 8	.....	40,930 0 0	459 7 8	.....	359,972 7 0	503,891 12 4	1,200,000 0 0	8 3/4 cent.	48,000 0 0	319,038 16 6
Union of Australia .....	14,917 10 0	5,382 9 8	.....	361,203 11 9	381,503 11 5	121,476 13 10	285 4 7	16,000 0 0	702 13 4	.....	346,983 17 9	486,448 9 6	1,250,000 0 0	13 3/4 cent.	81,250 0 0	485,779 19 5
Australian Joint Stock..	176,380 18 5	6,791 13 2	12,751 1 3	1,316,307 14 7	1,512,181 7 5	260,595 17 9	20,183 4 7	50,858 1 1	9,418 17 0	322,835 4 6	†1,373,132 15 7	2,037,024 0 6	484,656 0 0	8 3/4 cent. & Bonus of 1s. per share.	22,415 6 10	25,264 15 3
London Chartered of Australia .....	6,401 9 3	365 19 10	129 10 2	226,652 14 4	233,549 13 7	46,394 6 2	.....	20,000 0 0	541 7 8	1,265 19 2	245,036 17 1	313,238 10 1	1,000,000 0 0	8 3/4 cent.	40,000 0 0	166,846 2 7
English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered .....	22,236 17 8	1,438 3 6	379 18 9	272,251 9 1	296,306 9 0	51,668 9 0	.....	22,307 0 4	335 15 4	414 16 10	368,494 9 4	443,220 10 10	600,000 0 0	7 3/4 cent.	21,000 0 0	32,500 0 0
Oriental Chartered.....	56,465 0 0	3,008 19 2	76,944 1 6	682,430 2 2	818,848 2 10	133,801 14 3	15,477 1 11	26,176 13 3	1,793 0 0	159,726 9 10	687,453 11 2	1,024,428 10 5	1,500,000 0 0	12 3/4 cent.	90,000 0 0	444,000 0 0
City .....	24,430 9 3	.....	30,563 11 3	441,571 8 1	496,555 8 7	92,319 14 8	1,687 15 7	23,552 18 0	115 12 5	42,566 7 1	616,879 13 0	777,122 0 9	240,000 0 0	7 1/2 cent.	9,000 0 0	31,413 1 9
TOTALS.....	£ 933,560 15 4	31,908 16 8	229,931 15 1	9,732,362 9 8	10,927,763 16 9	2,243,610 19 7	70,132 6 8	300,463 14 5	35,967 1 5	2,591,216 17 7	9,011,549 1 6	14,252,940 1 2	7,674,656 0 0	.....	426,665 6 10	2,015,730 16 8

\* Including £62,612 17s. 9d., Government Securities.

† Including £369,600, average amount of Government Securities held.

‡ Including £50,000, Government Securities.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
Sydney, 14th May, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD, Treasurer



LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

BANK LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 9 September, 1873.

GENERAL ABSTRACT of the Sworn Returns, rendered pursuant to the Act of Council 4th Victoria No. 13, of the Average ASSETS and LIABILITIES, and of the CAPITAL and PROFITS, of the undermentioned BANKS of the Colony of New South Wales, for the Quarter ended 30th June, 1873.

BANKS.	LIABILITIES.					ASSETS.							CAPITAL AND PROFITS.			
	Notes in Circulation.	Bills in Circulation.	Balances due to other Banks.	Deposits.	Total Liabilities.	Coin.	Bullion.	Landed Property.	Notes & Bills of other Banks.	Balances due from other Banks.	Notes and Bills discounted, and all other Debts due to the Banks.	Total Assets.	Capital paid up.	Rate per Annum of last Dividend.	Amount of Dividend.	Amount of Reserved Profits at the time of declaring Dividend.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	per cent.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
New South Wales .....	337,501 4 7	4,586 13 7	88,018 5 6	3,810,985 11 1	4,231,091 14 9	928,751 19 7	33,996 16 6	53,103 2 3	7,829 15 3	2,028,560 1 3	*2,564,390 18 7	5,616,632 13 5	1,000,000 0 0	15 per cent.	75,000 0 0	333,833 6 8
Commercial .....	275,259 12 3	3,141 19 8	36,347 1 0	2,517,559 3 0	2,832,307 15 11	408,702 16 4	2,867 17 11	47,800 0 0	14,754 12 10	281,329 15 3	†2,688,735 17 6	3,444,190 19 10	400,000 0 0	20 per cent.	40,000 0 0	177,554 3 6
Australasia.....	40,373 18 5	6,442 2 7	.....	463,340 8 10	510,156 9 10	103,530 11 5	.....	40,930 0 0	430 10 9	.....	438,232 17 4	583,123 19 6	1,200,000 0 0	10 per cent.	60,000 0 0	330,908 10 7
Union of Australia .....	15,741 7 0	5,622 8 0	.....	310,241 5 11	331,605 0 11	91,755 15 3	277 1 2	16,000 0 0	1,172 19 2	.....	308,152 16 8	417,358 12 3	1,250,000 0 0	13 per cent.	81,250 0 0	485,779 19 5
Australian Joint Stock..	179,349 7 0	4,794 12 10	10,976 12 1	1,301,419 7 6	1,496,539 19 5	224,178 0 9	22,256 1 6	51,815 0 9	8,475 15 5	282,816 14 2	†1,445,191 5 8	2,034,732 18, 3	484,656 0 0	8 per cent. & Bonus of 1s. per share.	22,415 6 10	25,264 15 3
London Chartered of Australia .....	6,623 9 3	520 4 9	178 19 3	226,620 10 6	233,943 3 9	58,180 12 1	.....	20,000 0 0	830 6 2	1,451 7 5	217,796 7 4	298,258 13 0	1,000,000 0 0	8 per cent.	40,000 0 0	168,808 2 3
English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered .....	23,536 3 10	2,595 14 11	4,876 19 1	255,990 15 3	286,999 13 1	61,399 0 2	.....	21,974 14 5	322 9 2	376 19 9	333,393 1 0	417,466 4 6	600,000 0 0	7 per cent.	21,000 0 0	32,500 0 0
Oriental Chartered .....	57,216 0 0	4,343 13 1	89,963 3 10	643,405 19 7	794,948 16 6	213,708 10 10	14,051 14 0	26,180 8 2	2,195 0 0	36,582 3 11	705,586 16 2	998,304 13 1	1,500,000 0 0	12 per cent.	90,000 0 0	500,000 0 0
City .....	25,406 1 7	.....	2,542 8 2	463,111 7 2	491,059 16 11	85,708 11 5	1,793 12 8	23,500 0 0	162 3 1	53,340 16 4	610,948 12 1	775,448 15 7	240,000 0 0	7½ per cent.	9,000 0 0	31,413 12 9
TOTALS..... £	951,007 3 11	32,047 9 5	232,923 8 11	9,992,674 8 10	11,208,652 11 1	2,175,910 17 10	75,243 3 9	301,303 5 7	36,173 11 10	2,684,457 18 1	9,312,428 12 4	14,585,517 9 5	7,674,656 0 0	.....	438,665 6 10	2,085,562 10 5

\* Including Government Securities £62,918 9s. 7d.

† Including £340,438 9s. 2d., average amount of Government Securities held.

‡ Including Government Securities £50,000.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
Sydney, 8th August, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD, Treasurer.





1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES:

BANK LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.

Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 4 December, 1873.

The Treasury, New South Wales;  
13th November, 1873.

THE following "General Abstract" is published in substitution of that contained in the Government Gazette of the 7th instant.

GEO. A. LLOYD.

GENERAL ABSTRACT of the Sworn Returns, rendered pursuant to the Act of Council 4th Victoria No. 13, of the Average ASSETS and LIABILITIES, and of the CAPITAL and PROFITS, of the undermentioned BANKS of the Colony of New South Wales, for the Quarter ended 30th September, 1873.

BANKS.	LIABILITIES.					ASSETS.							CAPITAL AND PROFITS.			
	Notes in Circulation.	Bills in Circulation.	Balances due to other Banks.	Deposits.	Total Liabilities.	Coin.	Bullion.	Landed Property.	Notes & Bills of other Banks.	Balances due from other Banks.	Notes and Bills discounted, and all other Debts due to the Banks.	Total Assets.	Capital paid up.	Rate per Annum of last Dividend.	Amount of Dividend.	Amount of Reserved Profits at the time of declaring such Dividend.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	per cent.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
New South Wales	335,236 9 2	4,585 16 5	105,783 3 8	3,932,519 3 4	4,378,124 12 7	599,872 0 11	31,456 9 2	53,050 15 1	6,899 18 9	2,361,361 3 10	2,696,677 9 1	5,749,317 16 10	1,000,000 0 0	15 per cent.	75,000 0 0	333,333 6 8
Commercial	265,952 15 4	2,117 7 1	26,263 5 5	2,486,803 14 0	2,781,137 1 10	381,997 1 10	2,947 14 11	53,300 19 8	13,516 10 10	229,725 3 0	2,730,477 2 6	3,411,964 12 9	400,000 0 0	20 per cent.	40,000 0 0	191,241 7 6
Australasia	40,274 15 4	6,518 17 6	.....	428,115 9 7	474,909 2 5	118,287 2 3	.....	40,930 0 0	428 19 11	.....	459,180 11 7	618,826 13 9	1,200,000 0 0	10 per cent.	60,000 0 0	330,908 10 7
Union of Australia	16,133 10 0	6,331 7 8	.....	300,826 9 8	323,291 7 4	81,587 6 11	1,587 9 1	16,000 0 0	731 10 0	.....	314,080 13 5	443,986 19 5	1,250,000 0 0	13 per cent.	81,250 0 0	488,550 12 8
Australian Joint Stock	173,080 18 5	5,237 9 1	7,698 19 9	1,258,781 2 10	1,439,793 10 1	248,174 10 6	31,408 12 0	51,227 13 10	9,073 12 4	244,934 7 10	1,385,334 17 11	1,970,153 14 5	484,656 0 0	8 per cent. and Bonus of 1s. per share.	22,415 6 10	33,060 8 4
London Chartered of Australia	7,201 6 2	1,052 2 7	.....	204,220 13 0	212,474 1 9	42,765 12 6	.....	20,000 0 0	888 18 5	1,390 14 3	225,495 14 2	290,540 19 4	1,000,000 0 0	8 per cent.	40,000 0 0	168,808 2 3
English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered	24,362 11 6	2,969 7 3	2,632 16 3	270,107 12 4	300,062 7 4	58,179 0 10	.....	21,965 5 2	656 16 11	1,767 14 3	327,031 2 9	409,599 19 11	600,000 0 0	7 per cent.	21,000 0 0	36,000 0 0
Oriental Chartered	55,044 0 0	4,052 14 10	107,733 12 4	615,655 5 10	782,485 13 0	161,370 18 3	15,312 9 0	26,183 10 2	2,975 0 0	130,234 10 4	654,203 19 10	990,289 7 7	1,500,000 0 0	12 per cent.	90,000 0 0	500,000 0 0
City	27,501 10 9	.....	11,951 0 10	529,928 1 6	569,380 13 1	116,132 3 10	5,105 11 6	23,076 18 6	157 16 11	44,800 18 5	666,272 15 5	855,546 4 7	240,000 0 0	3 per cent.	9,600 0 0	36,170 16 7
TOTALS	£ 944,787 16 8	32,855 2 5	262,057 18 3	10,021,957 12 1	11,261,658 9 5	1,808,374 17 10	87,818 5 8	305,735 2 5	35,329 4 1	3,014,214 11 11	9,488,754 6 8	14,740,226 8 7	7,674,656 0 0	.....	439,265 6 10	2,118,073 4 7

\* Including £87,036 12s. 11d., Government Securities.

† Including £228,217 10s. 2d., average amount of Government Securities held.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
Sydney, 13th November, 1873.

FRANCIS KIRKPATRICK,  
Accountant.

GEO. A. LLOYD, Treasurer.



1873.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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REPORT FROM THE SELECT COMMITTEE

ON THE

MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY BILL;

TOGETHER WITH THE

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE

AND

MINUTES OF EVIDENCE.

---

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
8 *October*, 1873.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873.

1873.

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**EXTRACTS FROM THE VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE  
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.**

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VOTES No. 14. WEDNESDAY, 1 OCTOBER, 1873.

9. **MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY BILL** (*“Formal” Motion*) :—Mr. Stephen Brown moved, pursuant to Notice:—
- (1.) That the Bill to incorporate the Shareholders of a certain Banking Company called “The Mercantile Bank of Sydney,” and for other purposes therein mentioned, be referred to a Select Committee for consideration and report.
- (2.) That such Committee consist of Mr. Garrett, Mr. Driver, Mr. Grahame, Mr. Tunks, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Thomas Brown, Mr. Moses, and the Mover.
- Question put and passed.
- 

VOTES No. 18. WEDNESDAY, 8 OCTOBER, 1873.

3. **MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY BILL** :—Mr. Stephen Brown, as Chairman, brought up the Report from, and laid upon the Table the Minutes of Proceedings of, and of Evidence taken before the Select Committee for whose consideration and report this Bill was referred on 1st October, 1873.
- Ordered to be printed.

\* \* \* \* \*

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1873.

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**MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY BILL.**

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**REPORT.**

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THE SELECT COMMITTEE of the Legislative Assembly, for whose consideration and report was referred, on 1st October, 1873,—“*A Bill to incorporate the Shareholders of a certain Banking Company called the ‘Mercantile Bank of Sydney,’ and for other purposes therein mentioned,*”—beg to report to your Honorable House:—

That they have examined the witness\* named in the margin (whose evidence will be found appended hereto), and that the Preamble having been satisfactorily proved by the evidence of this gentleman, your Committee proceeded to consider the several Clauses of the Bill, in which it was deemed necessary to make an amendment.

And your Committee now beg to lay before your Honorable House the Bill with an amendment.

S. C. BROWN,  
Chairman.

No. 2 Committee Room,  
Sydney, 8th October, 1873.

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE.

---

WEDNESDAY, 8 OCTOBER, 1873.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Mr. Stephen Brown, | Mr. Garrett,  
Mr. Thomas Brown.

Mr. Stephen Brown called to the Chair.  
Entry in Votes and Proceedings, appointing the Committee, *read* by the Clerk.  
Printed copies of the Bill *referred* and the original Petition to introduce the same, before the Committee.

G. P. Slade, Esq. (*Solicitor for the Bill*), called in and examined.  
Witness produced original Deed of Settlement of the Company and *handed in* two copies of the same.

Witness withdrew.

Preamble considered.

Question,—“That this Preamble stand part of the Bill”—put and passed.

Clauses 1 to 11 inclusive severally *read* and *agreed to*.

Clause 12 *read*, amended\* (on motion of Mr. Fitzpatrick), and *agreed to*.

Remaining Clauses *read* and *agreed to*.

Chairman to report Bill with an amendment.

\* See Schedule of Amendment.

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SCHEDULE OF AMENDMENT.

Page 5, clause 12, line 12. *After* “commenced” *insert* “Provided that no such extension or increase of the capital of the said Corporation shall be made or take place without the previous sanction and approbation in writing of the Governor for the time-being of the said Colony from time to time and for that purpose first had and obtained.”

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WITNESS.

G. P. Slade, Esq. .... PAGE.  
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1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

MINUTES OF EVIDENCE

TAKEN BEFORE

THE SELECT COMMITTEE

ON THE

MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY BILL.

WEDNESDAY, 8 OCTOBER, 1873.

Present:—

MR. S. C. BROWN, | MR. THOS. BROWN,  
MR. GARRETT.

S. C. BROWN, ESQ., IN THE CHAIR.

George Penkivil Slade, Esq., called in and examined:—

1. *Chairman.*] You are solicitor for the Mercantile Bank of Sydney? I am.
2. Do you produce the deed of settlement of the Bank, bearing date 1st July, 1873? I do. (*Deed produced.*)
3. Have you a copy? The last proof was examined to day, and I will undertake within twenty-four hours to deposit a copy.
4. What is the capital of the Bank? £120,000.
5. Is it all paid up? It is fully paid up. I am perfectly correct in saying it is fully paid up, but in order to prevent any possible misunderstanding on the subject I may explain that there is an arrangement between the new shareholders and the old shareholders, by which, in consideration of the transfer of the whole capital to the new Company, the latter are to be repaid by instalments extending over a period of four years. It is a matter which is quite immaterial to the public.
6. So far as the public are concerned there are assets to the amount of £120,000 available for the purposes of the Bank? Yes; and it has been so certified by the auditors.
7. *Mr. Garrett.*] Messrs. Campbell and Hay have advanced the amount, and the coming in shareholders have to repay them? Yes, quite so.
8. *Chairman.*] It is the desire of the shareholders to have the Bank incorporated? It is.
9. *Mr. Garrett.*] I see that clause 9 gives the Company power to issue notes;—to what amount is that—to the amount of their capital? By clause 10 they may issue notes to the extent of their paid-up capital, plus the coin or bullion they may have in the Colony. By clause 15 the total amount of the general liabilities of the Corporation is limited to three times the amount of the actual paid-up stock of the Corporation. I may as well state that clause 9 is founded on the provision in the City Bank Act, and there is a precedent for it in the Act of Incorporation of every other Colonial Bank in the Colony: We are asking for nothing that every other Bank has not got.
10. Do you desire to give any other evidence? Perhaps I might shortly state that I have prepared this Bill on the basis of the existing Legislation for all other Colonial Banks, the foundation of it being the most recent Act passed for the City Bank. The variations are solely of a verbal character, and such as are necessitated by the nature of our Constitution. Either in the Commercial Bank Act, or the Bank of New South Wales Act, or the City Bank Act, all the clauses in this Bill are to be found, with one exception, and that is that inasmuch as we have been carrying on business for four or five years we have of course, in the interim, obtained certain securities and certain properties, and therefore I ask for what a new Bank does not want,—a vesting clause for the property now held by the trustees of the Company. I may also state that the number of shareholders is seventy-eight; the deed is executed by seventy-eight shareholders.
11. *Mr. Garrett.*] Are they all the subscribing shareholders? All but three, who hold an inconsiderable interest, and have been prevented by circumstances from executing the deed.

G. P. Slade,  
Esq.

8 Oct., 1873.





1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

---

REPORT FROM THE SELECT COMMITTEE

ON THE

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK  
ACT CONTINUATION BILL;

TOGETHER WITH THE

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE,

AND

MINUTES OF EVIDENCE.

---

ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
5 December, 1873.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873.

1873.

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EXTRACTS FROM THE VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE  
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

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VOTES, No. 45. TUESDAY, 25 NOVEMBER, 1873.

5. AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK ACT CONTINUATION BILL (*"Formal" Motion*):—Mr. Burns moved, pursuant to Notice,—
- (1.) That the Australian Joint Stock Bank Act Continuation Bill be referred to a Select Committee for inquiry and report.
- (2.) That such Committee consist of Mr. G. A. Lloyd, Mr. Grahame, Mr. Moses, Mr. Oakes, Mr. Hay, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Macintosh, Mr. Lee, Mr. Combes, and the Mover.
- Question put and passed.
- 

VOTES, No. 52. FRIDAY, 5 DECEMBER, 1873.

2. AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK ACT CONTINUATION BILL:—Mr. Burns, as Chairman, brought up the Report from, and laid upon the Table the Minutes of Proceedings of, and of Evidence taken before, the Select Committee for whose consideration and report this Bill was referred on 25th November, 1873.
- Ordered to be printed.

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1873.

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**AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK ACT CONTINUATION BILL.**


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**REPORT.**


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THE SELECT COMMITTEE of the Legislative Assembly, for whose consideration and Report was referred, on 25th November, 1873,—“*The Australian Joint Stock Bank Act Continuation Bill*,”—beg to report to your Honorable House:—

That they have examined the witness\* named in the margin (whose evidence will be found appended hereto), and that the Preamble having been satisfactorily proved to your Committee, they proceeded to consider the clause of the Bill, in which it was not deemed necessary to make any amendment.

\*Giblin, Vincent  
W., Esq.

Your Committee now beg to lay before your Honorable House the Bill without amendment.

J. F. BURNS,  
Chairman.

No. 3 Committee Room,  
Sydney, 3rd December, 1873.

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PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE.

---

WEDNESDAY, 3 DECEMBER, 1873.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Mr. Burns,  
Mr. Macintosh,

Mr. Grahame,  
Mr. Hay.

Mr. Burns called to the Chair.

Entry in Votes and Proceedings, appointing the Committee, *read* by the Clerk.

Printed copies of the Bill *referred*, and original Petition to introduce the same, before the Committee.

Present:—W. F. M'Carthy, Esq. (*Solicitor for the Bill*).

Vincent W. Giblin, Esq. (*General Manager of the Australian Joint Stock Bank*.)

Vincent W. Giblin, Esq., examined.

Room cleared.

Preamble considered.

Question—"That this Preamble stand part of the Bill"—put and passed.

Bill *read and agreed to*.

Chairman to report Bill without amendment.

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WITNESS.

PAGE.

Giblin, Vincent W., Esq. ....

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1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

MINUTES OF EVIDENCE

TAKEN BEFORE

THE SELECT COMMITTEE

ON THE

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK ACT  
CONTINUATION BILL.

WEDNESDAY, 3 DECEMBER, 1873.

Present:—

MR. BURNS,

MR. GRAHAME,

MR. MACINTOSH.

JOHN F. BURNS, Esq., CALLED TO THE CHAIR.

Mr. M'Carthy, of M'Carthy & Robertson, appeared as Solicitor for the Bill.

Mr. Vincent Wanostrocht Giblin called in and examined:—

1. *Chairman.*] You are General Manager of the Australian Joint Stock Bank? I am.
2. Do you recollect when this Bank was first incorporated? The Act of Incorporation was assented to on the 3rd September, 1853.
3. That was the Act under which it was incorporated? It was.
4. Since then the Bank has had an amended Act? It has.
5. When was that passed? It was assented to on the 2nd October, 1855.
6. The Bank being now incorporated, this Bill is intended solely to renew the present Act of Incorporation for another term of twenty-one years? It does not propose to renew the Act altogether, but merely to give us the privilege of issuing Bank notes for another term of twenty-one years. We do not ask a renewal of our Act.
7. Is all your capital paid up? It is.
8. And since its first establishment it has always been a dividend-paying Company? It has.
9. How many branches have you? We have thirty-eight branches in New South Wales and Queensland, and an office in London.
10. What was the amount of dividend last paid by your Company? We paid a dividend of 8 per cent. with a bonus of 1s. per share, being equivalent to a dividend of 9½ per cent. per annum.
11. This Bill gives you no more power than you now possess by your Act of Incorporation? None.
12. It merely renews the powers conferred by the Act? Yes, but only in so far as the issue of notes is concerned.
13. It extends the term of issuing your notes for a further period of twenty-one years? That is all.

Mr.  
V. W. Giblin.  
3 Dec., 1873.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

CUSTOMS.

(SEIZURE OF GOODS AT WAGGA WAGGA AND ALBURY.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 11 September, 1873.*

RETURN to an *Order* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 18th February, 1873,—

“ That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ (1.) Copies of all Letters, Telegrams, Messages, or other communications between the Officers of Customs at Albury and Wagga Wagga, between these Officers and the Chief Collector, Sydney, and between the Chief Collector and the Colonial Treasurer; also, all other correspondence and documents relating to, or bearing upon, the seizure by the Officer of Customs at Wagga Wagga, on the 21st of January, of the luggage of Messrs. Wilson and Lewis, passengers by coach from Albury.

“ (2.) Copies of all Letters, Telegrams, Messages, or other communications between any of the above-named parties, and of all other documents or correspondence relating to, bearing upon, or explanatory of, the seizure, on the 6th instant, by the Customs Officer at Wagga Wagga, of a buggy and harness, the property of Mr. G. P. Wilson, of Big Springs Station.”

*(Mr. Macleay.)*

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# CUSTOMS.

No. 1.

THE SUB-COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, ALBURY, to THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY.

Custom House, Albury,  
28 January, 1873.

Sir,

In reference to Messrs. Wilson and Lewis's illegal importation of goods, reported to you in my telegram of the 22nd instant, I have now the honor very respectfully to transmit copies of the telegrams which I sent to Mr. Green, his replies, as also the letters just received from him, as the most satisfactory mode of fully informing you how the matter now stands—that you may kindly direct the most judicious course for me, under the circumstances, to adopt.

As Mr. Lewis's goods are in the possession of Mr. Green, I send seizure note, and request your sanction to it.

Respecting Mr. Wilson,—as Mr. Green did not effect a seizure of all the goods, for surely those on the list given does not represent what the £2 for excess luggage has been paid for (*vide* enclosed coach way-bill), and in the face of Mr. Green's strong opinion that there is more wanted,—please say what is best to be done—will he be prosecuted? If so, will it be under the 3rd sec. 27 Vic. No. 15, the 9th sec. 9 Vic. No. 15, or what? and if the buggy transaction in April will be made a distinct prosecution.

My informants of the buggy affair—who have rendered me much valuable assistance during the year—are Mr. and Mrs. Whitehand; and as Mr. Whitehand, who has been a long resident in Wagga Wagga, is a Custom House and general agent, and says that the disclosing of his name would be the ruin of his business, I do not wish making it known. Please therefore to say if Mr. Green's evidence will be conclusive.

Mr. Wilson evidently is adopting a defiant tone, hence I would much wish to take such certain action as will not alone teach him and others that the law is not to be evaded with impunity, and will therefore thank you to fully instruct me in the steps to be taken.

I have, &c.,

JOHN SWYNY,

Sub-Collector of Customs.

[Enclosures.]

Telegram from The Sub-Collector of Customs, Albury, to The Officer of Customs, Wagga Wagga.

Albury, 20 January, 1873.

PLEASE watch arrival of Albury coach,—examine luggage of Messrs. Lewis and Wilson, passengers from Victoria, who passed through without reporting; and if other than old personal effects, detain them, and telegraph to me.

Reply from The Officer of Customs, Wagga Wagga, to The Sub-Collector of Customs, Albury.

Wagga Wagga, 21 January, 1873.

I HAVE seized Lewis's on arrival of coach, at 4 o'clock,—started off to Sandy Creek,—made a seizure there,—particulars to-morrow.

Telegram from The Officer of Customs, Wagga Wagga, to The Sub-Collector of Customs, Albury.

Wagga Wagga, 22 January, 1873.

I HAVE detained from Lewis a tea-service, clothing, toys, and seeds; value, £20;—from Wilson, a quantity of clothing, box containing silver; value, about £15.

Telegram from The Sub-Collector of Customs, Albury, to The Officer of Customs, Wagga Wagga.

Albury, 22 January, 1873.

KEEP all Wilson and Lewis's luggage until you hear again.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

Port of Albury.

AN ACCOUNT of Seizures made at or brought into this Port, on the 21st day of January, 1873.

Date of Seizure, and when taken charge of by Collector.	By whom seized.	Where, from whom, and why seized.	Description of Goods.	Whether claimed or not.
1873. 21 January .....	John Green, Officer of Customs, Wagga Wagga.	At Wagga Wagga, 21st January, 1873, from Mr. Lewis, for being smuggled from Victoria into New South Wales.	1 lady's dress, 2 pieces ladies' night-gowns, 1 piece blue ribbon, 2 silk-velvet mantles, 1 small package toys, 12 lbs. French beans. 1 box containing following:— 1 teapot, 1 coffee-pot, 1 milk-pot, 1 sugar pot, and 1 leather trunk,	

Informer,—J. Swyny.

Landing-waiter.

No. 2.



3.  
No. 2.

TELEGRAM from G. P. WILSON, Esq., to THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY.

Wagga Wagga, 6 February, 1873.

COLLECTOR here seized my buggy to-day, which crossed the Murray eleven months ago—was passed by the Collector at Albury; and also my personal luggage. I am detained. Will you release my buggy? Reply at once.

Mr. Swyny, for further information.—W.A.D.

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No. 3.

TELEGRAM from THE SUB-COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, ALBURY, to THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY.

Albury, 7 February, 1873.

WILSON'S buggy seized for being smuggled from Melbourne through here in March last, and he boasted he would not allow its being washed, so as to deceive us. The goods for being also smuggled through here 21st January by Melbourne coach. Both distinct offences. *Vide* letters sent you.

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No. 4.

TELEGRAM from THE SUB-COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, ALBURY, to THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY.

Albury, 10 February, 1873.

FURTHER evidence *in re* Wilson's buggy under seizure just posted you.

Not yet received.—W.A.D.

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No. 5.

THE SUB-COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, ALBURY, to THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY.

Custom House, Albury,  
10 February, 1873:

SIR,

Having on the 5th instant posted to Mr. Green a letter to seize Mr. Wilson's buggy, yet later in the day, when I received your telegram not to prosecute for it, I at once telegraphed to him, "*not to take action on the letter until he heard again*"; and although this telegram was in his hands long before the arrival of the letter, you will notice how it was unheeded by him. However, as matters now stand, I am indeed as well pleased, for a more perfect case of smuggling could not be made out, and a more easy seizure could not at any other time be made.

Mr. Green's reference to coming to Albury arose from my asking him how he could arrange in case of a trial here; but as the idea of the prosecution has been abandoned, the necessity does not exist.

I have, &c.,  
JOHN SWYNY,  
Sub-Collector of Customs.

I have instructed Mr. Green not to mind going again to Mr. Wilson's station.

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From this correspondence it appears certain that Mr. Wilson intentionally smuggled this buggy; that amid various contradictory statements he has admitted the fact; and that consequently, his declaration that it was reported and passed free at the Custom House is false. It appears also that Mr. Copeland, the Chairman of his "Indignation Meeting," himself smuggled a buggy on the 25th March last, authority to seize which is now asked.—W.A.D., 13/2/73.

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No. 6.

THE SUB-COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, ALBURY, to THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY.

Custom House, Albury,  
10 February, 1873.

SIR,

Perceiving by the public Press that general indignation and sympathy is sought to be aroused in the case of Wilson's buggy, now under seizure, on the *ex parte* statements of Mr. Wilson, I feel it only right, on sending the enclosed seizure note for confirmation, to give a brief but plain history of the affair.

About the end of March, Mr. Wilson, who had then purchased this buggy in Melbourne, arrived with it here *en route* for Wagga Wagga, and put up for the night at Whitehand's Hotel. Next morning, as George the servant was washing it, Mr. Wilson, who had brought out a few friends to see it, said—"I had not that done since I left Melbourne; I would not allow it being washed or cleaned, so as to avoid the vigilance of your Customs' officials there below," meaning us. This information, by two respectable persons, was the first I ever knew of the buggy; and knowing that Mr. Wilson had not paid duty on it, or even reported it here, I at once took action.

In

In the face of this plain account, you will, upon contrasting it with the many and conflicting versions given by Mr. Wilson, both to Mr. Green and at the public meeting, perceive how he has been equivocating, and that all he says is only special pleading.

Having shown how premeditatedly he arranged and carried out his plan for smuggling it from Victoria in New South Wales, and how made a boast of it, and now that, as under the guise of a public meeting at Wagga Wagga, a few of his friends (I am told, by no means representing the influential residents) endeavour is now, on only his *ex parte* statements, to make the public believe a grave injustice is done him, and thus throwing odium upon us and difficulties in our way,—I respectfully hope, as a proper punishment to him, and as a warning to others, our action will be upheld, and the seizure confirmed.

I have, &c.,  
**JOHN SWYNY,**  
 Sub-Collector of Customs.

P.S.—Since the foregoing was written, having read the Wagga Wagga Indignation Meeting for a friend, he said—"The Chairman (Mr. Copeland) was only actuated by a fellow feeling; that he (Mr. Copeland) brought from Melbourne a buggy on 25th March, belonging to deceased Rev. Mr. Mackay, and which he had just purchased; and although passing through here, he neither paid duty on it or even reported it, although in the Custom House with me on other business." This having been corroborated by another since, kindly telegraph shall I seize it?

[Enclosure.]

NEW SOUTH WALES.

Port of Albury.

AN ACCOUNT of Seizures made at or brought into this Port on the 25th day of January, 1873.

Date of Seizure, and when taken charge of by Collector.	By whom seized.	Where, from whom, and why seized.	Description of goods.	Whether claimed or not.
1873. 25 January, by John Green, Officer of Customs, Wagga Wagga.	John Green, Officer of Customs, Wagga Wagga.	At Wagga Wagga, from Mr. George P. Wilson, for having been smuggled from Victoria into New South Wales.	1 case containing— Silver knife, fork, spoon and cup. 1 trunk containing— 1 man's coat, 1 man's pair trowsers, 1 man's vest, a quantity of stamped work for ladies' dresses, 2 blue cloth padded riding dresses, 1 pair alpaca dresses, 1 silk panier.	Claimed.

Informer,—John Swyny.

Landing-waiter.

No. 7.

MR. JOHN GREEN to MR. SUB-COLLECTOR SWYNY.

Wagga Wagga,  
 Thursday evening,  
 6 February, 1873.

DEAR SIR,

I just drop a line to you to say that your letter got here just in time, for in about three hours after I had Mr. Wilson's buggy and harness; he happened to be in town, and I had quite a rough job to hold it; he tried to wrest it from me, but I stuck to it, and landed it safely in bond. I told him I was coming once more for the other luggage to his station; he declared I should not have a thing. I could not write you before, as I have been unloading Arnold all the day. I cannot go to the station for a day or two, as I have about nine waggons laden with goods from Echuca to-morrow and the next day, and I feel a little startled at Wilson's conduct—he seems to be a very violent man. If you think I had better not go out to the station, just send me a telegram to that effect as soon as you get this; if I go I must take two police officers with me. You ask if I have any one to take charge of my bond; I answer, I have no one here who can do my duty, and if I have to come to Albury, some arrangement must be made to supply my place while I am away. Please tell me how I had better go to Wilson's station, as I have neither horse nor a buggy fit to carry any luggage if I got it. I mentioned to you that it is 21 miles distance from Wagga.

7th February.—Since I commenced this I found that there was no mail until to-morrow, and have been so pushed all day with work I have had no time to think, and after getting home read your last letter and am afraid I misunderstood your telegram, and perhaps I ought not to have seized the buggy; if I have done so, I am exceedingly sorry, but I took it in this way,—that I was not to take any action until I received your letter. Wilson has told about six different versions: first he told me that he brought a new buggy across the Border at Albury, and never paid a farthing; he again told me, at his own house, the same thing, describing the patent buggy; yesterday he swore the buggy never was at Melbourne; now the maker's name is on the front of every axle, Melbourne Carriage Company, 53-55, Elizabeth-street North. He said again that he brought it across and paid the duty to you at Albury; next he said it was an old buggy he brought over; then again, that the buggy was driven about Melbourne for a long time before he got it. After all it is quite a new buggy, and cost about £86 in Melbourne—a real beauty. It would be very

easy

easy to ascertain from the coach manufactory when it was bought. As regards the other articles, the account was correct I sent you of both lots. Both Wilson and Lewis are in town, and very anxious to know the result. Tell me what to do if I have done wrong in seizing the buggy, as I quite misunderstood the telegram, until I got your letter to-day. Remember me very kindly to Mrs. S: and family, and believe me to remain,—

Yours very faithfully,  
JOHN GREEN.

If I should have to come to Albury, let me know a day or two beforehand. I must try and get the people to take out anything they may want beforehand. I shall be very glad to see you.—J.G.

No. 8.

W. WILLANS, Esq., to THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY.

Wagga Wagga, 8 February, 1873.

SIR,

Mr. George Paterson Wilson has requested me to reply to a telegram he received from your department in reference to the seizure of his property by the Customs officers at Wagga Wagga.

Your telegram states "that the officers allege that Mr. Wilson's buggy was smuggled across in the first instance, and that he (Mr. Wilson) had recently brought merchandise from Victoria of some considerable value, on which, he (Mr. Wilson) had paid no duty, and that he would have to show that these statements are incorrect."

In order to show how incorrect such allegations are, I have the honor to transmit to you herewith a statutory declaration, declaring to the facts, made by Mr. Wilson on this day, which it is to be hoped will sufficiently well explain away Mr. Wilson's smuggling intentions; Mr. Wilson's character and standing in the district is a sufficient guarantee that no such intention as that of defrauding Her Majesty's Customs ever existed in his mind, and the publicity given to the matter has evoked the sympathy of the district in his favour.

Hoping you will direct the property to be restored,—

I have, &c.,  
WM. WILLANS.

Mr. Swyny, for report,—W.A.D., 11/2/73.

[Enclosure.]

*Declaration by George Paterson Wilson, Esq.*

IN THE COLONY OF NEW SOUTH WALES, }  
WAGGA WAGGA, TO WIT. }

I, George Paterson Wilson, of Big Springs Cattle Run or Station, near Wagga Wagga, licensed grazier, do solemnly and sincerely declare—

1. That on Sunday the nineteenth day of January last I was a passenger by the mail coach carrying Her Majesty's mails from Melbourne to Sydney, *via* Albury; I was accompanied by my wife, child, and servant.

2. On arriving at the river Murray at Albury, the mail coach in which I was in passed the Border without any hindrance or search of any Customs' officer of this Colony or of Victoria; on that occasion the only luggage I had was passenger's luggage, consisting of my own, my wife's, and my said servant's wearing apparel; it is true there was amongst the said luggage a morocco leather case containing an infant's knife and fork, spoon and mug of silver, given to my said child by his uncle in Melbourne, with the usual presentation form engraved thereon, and not carried as merchandise or for the purposes of a sale or barter.

3. After so crossing over the river Murray I arrived in Albury, where I remained up to 12 o'clock of Monday, the 20th January last, and my said luggage was in a conspicuous place, and no Custom House Officer ever required to see or to inspect it.

4. On Tuesday, the 21st January last, I arrived at Sandy Creek Station (Mr. Pearson's), about fifteen miles from Wagga Wagga, on the Albury Road. I left the coach there, as did also my wife, child, and servant; the said luggage was also left at Sandy Creek.

5. On the same day Mr. Green, the Customs' officer at Wagga Wagga, arrived at Sandy Creek, accompanied by a policeman, and said he wanted to examine my luggage, which he did, taking away everything which he considered ought to be seized as having a new look, including the said infant's spoon, fork, knife, and mug, and he still retains possession of them.

6. On Thursday, the sixth day of February instant, I had occasion to drive into Wagga Wagga on business, in my two-horse buggy. I left the buggy and a set of double harness at M'Alister's Commercial Hotel while I went on my said business. At about 2 o'clock of the same day I saw Mr. Green and a policeman dragging the buggy and harness up the public street. I immediately went up to him and asked him on whose authority he took the buggy and harness; he replied on the authority of the Chief Collector of Customs, Sydney.

7. The said buggy has been in my possession, at Big Springs, in New South<sup>s</sup> Wales, for the last eleven months, constantly driving it in and out of Wagga Wagga. It was, I believe, of Victorian manufacture, and used by me in Melbourne some time before I brought it to Big Springs Station.

8. On the occasion of my passing the Murray in that buggy, now about eleven or twelve months since, I stopped and inquired of the Customs' officer in charge if I had any duty to pay; he saw the buggy, and that it had been used, and he allowed me to pass without duty.

9. As to the harness so seized by the said Green, it is the manufacture of Messrs. Coffey & Cassan, and of Mr. Denis Bergin, all of Wagga Wagga, saddlers and harness-makers, and is in my use for many months.

And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled, "*An Act for the more effectual abolition of Oaths and Affirmations taken and made in various Departments of the Government of New South Wales to substitute Declarations in lieu thereof and for the suppression of voluntary and extra-judicial Oaths and Affidavits.*"

GEORGE PATERSON WILSON.

Taken and declared at Wagga Wagga, before me,  
this eighth day of February, 1873,—

GEORGE MARR, J.P.

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No. 9.

THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY, to W. WILLANS, Esq.

Custom House, Sydney,  
11 February, 1873.

SIR,

I do myself the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 8th instant, covering Mr. Wilson's declaration respecting his buggy, &c.

I have sent the letter to the Sub-Collector at Albury for his report. It may, however, save some time if I state two things mentioned by the officer, which, without absolutely contradicting Mr. Wilson's declaration, seem to me to neutralize its effect.

The first is that a sum of £2 is charged on the coach way-bill for extra luggage, which could hardly have been the case if only the few dutiable things mentioned by Mr. Wilson and his used apparel were in the coach.

The second is that Mr. Wilson repeatedly boasted that he had brought a new buggy across the Border without payment of duty, and that he would not allow it to be cleaned, that it might appear to be an old one.

When I receive the Sub-Collector's report on Mr. Wilson's declaration, I will write to you again on the subject.

I have, &c.,

W. A. DUNCAN,

Collector of Customs.

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No. 10.

*Copy of Notice given by Mr. Willans, Solicitor at Wagga Wagga, to John Green, Customs Officer.*

SIR,

Take notice that I hereby claim as my property seized by you on the following day, the goods and chattels following:—Seized 6th February, 1873, at Wagga Wagga, one double-seated buggy, one set of double harness.

Dated this 10th day of February, 1873.

To Mr. John Green,  
Customs Officer.

Recd. 15/2/73, 11.5 a.m.

GEORGE PATERSON WILSON,  
Big Springs Station, Wagga Wagga.

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*Copy of Notice given by Mr. Willans, Solicitor at Wagga Wagga, to J. Green, Customs Officer.*

SIR,

Take notice that I hereby claim as my property, seized by you on the following days, the following goods:—On 21st January last, at Sandy Creek Run, two riding jackets, one coat, vest and trousers, one dress (lady's); two ladies' aprons; morocco leather case with baby's knife, spoon, fork, and mug of silver, with inscription.

Dated this 10th day of February, 1873.

To Mr. John Green,  
Customs Officer, Wagga Wagga.

GEORGE PATERSON WILSON,  
Big Springs Station, Wagga Wagga.

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These are notices of appeal to the Court, under section 110 of the Act 9 Vict. No. 15. I should be inclined to let him prosecute this appeal, which will bring out the real merits of the case.—W.A.D., 15/2/73.

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No. 11.

THE SUB-COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, ALBURY, to THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, SYDNEY.

Custom House, Albury,  
15 February, 1873.

Sir,

In reference to Mr. Willans' letter and Mr. Wilson's declaration (on the subject of Mr. Wilson's goods and buggy, now under seizure), sent to me for report, I have the honor respectfully to state—

That, as regards the goods smuggled by coach into this Colony on the 19th January, its only for me to reiterate what I have already reported, viz.,—that upon finding that Mr. Wilson had to pay 40s. for his excess luggage from Melbourne, I telegraphed to Mr. Green, and his finding £50 worth of dutiable goods besides his wearing apparel (*vide* letter A enclosed) incontestably proves his guilt, and with this, it must be borne in mind that Mr. Green had not seen near the whole of what Mr. Wilson had brought across the frontier, for although Mr. Lewis's goods shows a far longer list he had only to pay 13s., while Mr. Wilson's excess luggage amounted to 40s. (Coach way-bill annexed, marked B.)

Respecting the buggy,—you will please notice in Mr. Green's letter, 6th February, in your hands, that Mr. Wilson told him several versions of the buggy history: at one time that he bought it at Melbourne, drove it up here, and never paid a farthing duty on it. Again, he denied this and swore the buggy never was at Melbourne; at another time he asserted that he brought it from Melbourne, and paid the duty on it to me; and again, that it had been used by him for some time in Melbourne. You will also perceive, in paragraph 7 of his declaration, that he repeats the latter statement, and notice that in paragraph 8 of declaration he says, "I stopped and inquired of the Customs Officer at Albury, who saw the buggy and permitted to pass on without payment of duty."

The accompanying letter (marked C), which plainly and truthfully gives the history of the buggy importation, shows how very little of the foregoing is credible, and confirms the impression that Mr. Wilson's many and conflicting statements have only been made to suit his purpose for the moment. Paragraph 7, when contrasted with the statement in letter C, that Mr. Wilson was only about three weeks absent altogether, while more than a week of which must have been spent in travelling to and from Melbourne, thus leaving him only at most eight or ten days there, shows how very ingeniously that paragraph has been made so as to deceive; and of paragraph 8, I must also state it similarly intended, for most decidedly Mr. Wilson never reported the buggy to me, and having inquired of the other officers here, they are allequally positive; hence his allegations are not alone false but without foundation, and the subterfuge of construing the passing of the toll-man and paying the toll into disposing of his Customs' liability, is only an ingenuity I am certain you will see through.

On the whole, when you take into account Mr. Wilson's well premeditated plan to defraud, and his subsequent many and gross fabrications, you will, I am certain, concur he richly deserves punishment.

I hope all the secrecy possible will be given to the name of the writer of marked C letter.

I have, &amp;c.,

JOHN SWYNY,

Sub-Collector of Customs.

These papers are now complete, and whatever Mr. Macleay may say to the contrary, it is as clear a case of smuggling as ever was perpetrated.—W.A.D., 18/2/73.

[Enclosures.]

(A.)

Customs Officer, Wagga Wagga, to The Sub-Collector of Customs, Albury.

Wagga Wagga,  
24 January, 1873.

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that Mr. Wilson did not come on to Wagga Wagga; I was watching from 11 p.m. to 4 a.m. When the coach came in I took possession of Lewis's luggage, but did not know how to act in the other case. Well, I went to the sergeant of police, and asked him if I could have a man, or officer rather. He said, well, he supposed I could, but he did not know hardly how to act in these matters. I asked him if he had any conveyance to send out. He replied he had nothing. I went home. By and by an officer came, riding a lame horse, which he said would not carry him; he then took the horse back, and I, having a buggy of my own, but no horse, had to go knocking up people at that early hour in the morning to try and borrow a horse. At last I succeeded, and after waiting some time the officer came back. We then set off for Sandy Creek Station, where we found Mr. Wilson, with our poor horse knocked up. Now I was not certain whether I could examine his trunks legally or not, but did examine them all six, and took out what seemed to me to be dutiable articles, taking particular notice of the rest. I knew I had no way of getting them to Wagga, as one of the buggy wheels was tumbling to pieces, and forsooth had to take the policeman back with me, he having no horse. On Wednesday I received a telegram from you, and one from the Collector of Customs, to seize the goods belonging to Wilson and Lewis. Next morning (yesterday) I went with another borrowed horse to Wilson's station (20 miles), and told him that I had received a telegram from the Collector of Customs to seize all his goods, and, as he knew I had seen them, that he had better give them up; but he refused to do so, considering the matter all *rot* from beginning to end. Here, again, I was disappointed by the police. I sent a note to the sergeant, telling him I was started to Wilson's station, and requesting him to send an officer to overtake me on horseback. I got to the station in about five hours—all the time expecting the officer to overtake me, waited there two hours, and after a positive refusal by Mr. Wilson to give anything up, I returned home, and, when a few miles homeward, I met the officer coming with an old horse, knocked up. Well, I thought I would report the matter to you just as it stands at present. I am certain I can prove that he retains dutiable goods in his possession now, and I think ought to be proceeded against by law.

He

He makes his boast of having brought goods across the Border frequently—once a new buggy, not twelve months ago, and of course lays all the blame to you; so you will see what a predicament a single-handed officer is put into in a place like this. I have got all the articles I mentioned to you. Tell me if there is anything else I can do. I have not the least doubt but the property Wilson had was altogether worth £50—best clothing that had been worn; and if he had come on to Wagga would be now safe in the bond.

I have, &c.,

JOHN GREEN,  
Customs Officer,  
Wagga Wagga.

(B.)

TELEGRAPH WAY BILL.

Saturday, 5<sup>th</sup> 25.

Longwood to Albury, Chiltern, 18 Jany., 1873.

Passengers.	From.	Destination.	Amount.
Mr. Lewis .....	Longwood .....	Albury .....	£ s. d.
Wilson .....	" .....	" (3) .....	2 16 0
" .....	" .....	Excess .....	8 8 0
Lewis .....	" .....	Excess .....	2 0 0
Kerr .....	" .....	Chiltern .....	0 12 6
Rose .....	" .....	" .....	0 7 6
Blackie .....	" .....	Albury .....	0 2 6
Adams .....	" .....	" (2) .....	0 2 6
Dight .....	" .....	" .....	0 2 6

(C.)

Mr. W. Whitehand to The Sub-Collector of Customs, Albury.

Albury, 15 February, 1873.

Dear Mr. Swyny,

Hitherto, having a great dislike to mix up in Mr. Wilson's affairs, as matters now have taken such a course, I cannot refrain replying to your note, but hope if possible my name will not be used.

I have distinct recollection of Mr. G. O. Wilson, of Big Springs Station, near Wagga Wagga, going to Melbourne in an old buggy; he left Albury on Sunday, the 18th of February, 1872. About (3) three weeks afterwards he, Mr. Wilson, returned with Mrs. Wilson and baby, in a new buggy, which he told me he had purchased in Melbourne (it was dusk in the evening when he came in); next morning he took me and my wife to see his purchase; my servant, George Ray, was washing the buggy at the time. Mr. Wilson said—"This is the first time I have allowed it to be washed since I left Melbourne, for fear the Customs Officers should see I had a new buggy, and I would have to pay duty on it," meaning to you; I said to him—"Who did you see?" He said—"The man at the bridge, and he only charged me the toll."

The buggy was fixed with a patent slide, and was quite new when he left Melbourne; he might have driven it a few times in Melbourne, but that was all; I am quite certain that it never paid N.S.W. duty.

I am, &c.,

WM. WHITEHAND.

No. 12.

TREASURER'S DECISION.

In the matter of the seizure of Mr. Wilson's buggy and goods, and the goods of Mr. Lewis.

HAVING the whole of the papers now before me, and given the cases full consideration, I now decide,—

1. That Mr. Wilson's buggy be restored to him.
2. That his goods be given up on payment of duty.
3. That Mr. Lewis's goods be given up on payment of duty.

Telegraph this decision immediately.—G.A.L., 18/2/73.

The Collector of Customs.

The Collector of Customs. G.E., B.C., 18/2/73.

Telegrams forwarded to the Customs' Locker at Wagga Wagga, and the Sub-Collector of Customs at Albury, on the 18th February, 1873.

1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

CUSTOMS.

(DISMISSAL OF WILLIAM JAMES STEERE AND JOHN QUINN, BOATMEN, BROKEN BAY.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 23 September, 1873.*

RETURN to an *Order* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 8 April, 1873, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“ Copies of all Correspondence, Minutes, and other Papers in the possession  
“ of the Government, having reference to the dismissal or removal of  
“ William James Steere and John Quinn from their situations as boatmen  
“ of Her Majesty’s Customs, Broken Bay.”

(*Mr. Tunks.*)

SCHEDULE.

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## CUSTOMS.

No. 1.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PILOTS, &C., AND THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF DISTILLERIES.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
Sydney, 18 November, 1871.

GENTLEMEN,

I am directed by the Colonial Treasurer to hand you the accompanying packet of papers, containing a correspondence (in part) between the Collector of Customs and the coast-waiter at Broken Bay.

The papers are not complete, but it would appear from perusal that two of the Customs' boat's crew at Broken Bay, having been charged with some misconduct, were suspended by the coast-waiter, and sent to Sydney, in order that inquiry might be made by the Collector. The person who brought the charges (one of the same crew) was also ordered to Sydney to attend the inquiry, but he refused to do so, and resigned his seat in the boat. The coast-waiter at once appointed a man in his place.

The papers do not show that any formal inquiry was made in Sydney. The two boatmen remained suspended, the appointment made by the coast-waiter was cancelled, and the complainant (who had resigned) was reinstated by the Collector.

As it is represented that the present position of affairs at the station is worse than unsatisfactory—the Customs' officers authority restricted—the discipline of his crew deranged—in short, a faction organized between light-keepers and boatmen against the coast-waiter—the Treasurer has decided to institute a full inquiry, not only into the occurrences above briefly adverted to, but especially into the conduct, management, and working of the two branches at the station—"Lights" as well as "Customs."

Mr. Lord confidently appoints you for the purpose, and he requests that you will at once proceed to carry out the objects of the appointment.

A copy of this letter is forwarded to the Collector of Customs, who will supply any papers, and furnish any information, on the subjects of your inquiry.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY LANE.

[Enclosures.]

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
29 August, 1871.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to forward for your information, the station report for week ending Sunday, August the 27th instant.

In consequence of Quinn's resignation, I deemed it best, sir, not to send the men to Sydney until you gave me fresh instructions. I may observe that I do not believe the man Connolly has any wish to injure me. All feeling has prevailed for a long time between the men in question and the light-keeper; but it is only fair to state that the feeling was mutual.

I have no reason to think that they desire to injure the light-keeper in his position in the Government Service; they were simply on bad terms, and there has been always a lot of talk and scandal going on, such as you may imagine under the circumstances.

Quinn had not a shadow of evidence in support of the charges—nothing but his own assertion. I am inclined to think he was in some way influenced, and did not understand, till I pointed it out to him, the very serious nature of the charges he made.

I have no fault to find with Quinn up to the time of his instituting these charges; but I consider I am bound to inform you that Quinn resigned, fearing dismissal at your hands, having made all this fuss, and charged the other men with such a serious offence, feeling fully he could advance nothing in way of proof.

I regret extremely that you should be troubled with these details, but fear I might incur your reproof, did I fail to place the matter before you as plainly as laid in my power.

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

	Name.	Lading.	Desn.	Tons.	Remarks.
1871.					
Monday, 21 Aug.	Mary Jane .....	Ballast .....	Ketch ...	20	Sydney to Hawkesbury.
" "	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c. ....	P. S. ....	32	Brisbane Water to Sydney.
Tuesday, 22 Aug.	Marion .....	Ballast .....	Cutter ...	14	Sydney to Hawkesbury.
" "	Magnet .....	" .....	Ketch ...	19	Sydney to Brisbane Water.
" "	Hibernia .....	Sundries .....	" .....	26	" .....
" "	Day Dawn .....	Loading .....	" .....	20	Brisbane Water.
" "	William and Betsey ...	Wood .....	" .....	35	Broken Bay to Sydney.
Wednesday, 23 Aug.	Thomas .....	Timber, &c. ....	" .....	21	Hawkesbury to Sydney.
" "	Brothers .....	Ballast .....	Cutter ...	14	Sydney to Broken Bay.
" "	Enma and Magaret ...	" .....	" .....	14	" .....
Thursday, 24 Aug.	Phantom .....	Wood .....	Ketch ...	12	Broken Bay to Sydney.
" "	Marion .....	" .....	Cutter ...	14	" .....
" "	Mary Ann .....	" .....	" .....	14	" .....
Friday, 25 Aug.	Elk .....	Ballast .....	Ketch ...	18	Sydney to Hawkesbury.
" "	Friend in Need .....	" .....	" .....	13	Sydney to Brisbane Water.
Saturday, 26 Aug.	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c. ....	P. S. ....	32	" .....
" "	Brothers .....	Ballast .....	Cutter ...	14	Sydney to Broken Bay.
" "	William and Betsey ...	" .....	Ketch ...	35	" .....
Sunday, 27 Aug.	Flying Cloud .....	" .....	Cutter ...	14	" .....
" "	Phantom .....	Wood .....	Ketch ...	12	Broken Bay to Sydney.
" "	Maid of Australia .....	Produce .....	" .....	25	Hawkesbury to Sydney.
" "	Marion .....	Wood .....	Cutter ...	14	Broken Bay to Sydney.
			Total...	432	

A.



A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H. M. Customs Station,  
Broken Bay, 3 September, 1871.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to forward, for your information, the station report for week ending this day, Sunday, September the 3rd instant.

I have the honor to inform you that I have great difficulty in carrying on the work with only two men at my disposal. I have avoided all expense, and only employed one extra man for a day since the two boatmen were suspended. Should, however, we have bad weather, I shall have to avail myself of the permission given by you to obtain what help may be needed.

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

		Name.	Lading.	Desn.	Tons.	Remarks.
1871.						
Monday,	28 Aug.	Mary Ann.....	Wood .....	Cutter ...	14	Broken Bay to Sydney.
"	"	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c.....	P. S. ....	32	Brisbane Water to Sydney.
"	"	William and Betsey...	Wood .....	Ketch ....	35	Broken Bay to Sydney.
Tuesday,	29 Aug.	Mary Davis .....	Logs .....	" .....	27	Brisbane Water to Sydney.
"	"	Peahen .....	Timber .....	" .....	19	" .....
"	"	Day Dawn .....	Shells.....	" .....	21	" .....
"	"	Brothers .....	" .....	Cutter ...	12	" .....
"	"	Emma and Margaret	Wood.....	" .....	14	" .....
"	"	Mary Ann.....	Ballast .....	" .....	14	Sydney to Broken Bay.
"	"	Australia .....	" .....	Schooner	134	Sydney to Richmond River.
Wednesday,	30 Aug.	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c.....	P. S. ....	32	Sydney to Brisbane Water.
"	"	Mary Ann.....	Wood .....	Cutter ...	14	Broken Bay to Sydney.
Thursday,	31 Aug.	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c.....	P. S. ....	32	Brisbane Water to Sydney.
"	"	Magnet .....	Wood .....	Ketch ...	19	" .....
Friday,	1 Sept.	Phantom .....	Ballast .....	" .....	12	Sydney to Hawkesbury.
"	"	Brothers .....	" .....	Cutter ...	14	Sydney to Broken Bay.
Saturday,	2 Sept.	Mary Ann.....	" .....	" .....	14	" .....
"	"	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c.....	P. S. ....	32	Sydney to Brisbane Water.
"	"	Terrigal Jack .....	Ballast .....	Ketch ...	27	" .....
"	"	Maid of Australia ...	" .....	" .....	25	Sydney to Hawkesbury.
"	"	Emma and Margaret	" .....	Cutter ...	14	" .....
Sunday,	3 Sept.	Maria.....	Coals .....	Brig .....	220	Newcastle to Sydney.
"	"	Undaunted .....	Timber .....	Schooner	55	Manning River to Sydney.
					Total..	832

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
12 September, 1871.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to inform you that since Quinn has taken Collins' place the latter has been applying to me for work. I told him I had none for him, Quinn being reappointed, and that his services were no longer required.

I am threatened with legal proceedings for his money; and he declines to leave the station unless he has superior orders to mine for his removal.

Mr. Collins, senr., called upon me yesterday, and stated that his son should remain here until you discharged him. He told me plainly that he would not recognize me as having any power whatever to send him away.

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

Mr. Black must do the best he can with Collins. I had no hand whatever in his appointment.—W. A. D.

Mr. Black,—Be so good as to read Collector's minute, and return this paper to me so that it may be filed.—W.N.L., 14th.  
Read and returned to Chief Clerk, 18/9/71, A.T.B.

W. J. Steere to The Collector of Customs.

Sir,

I have the honor to write to you to show how I have been treated as boatman at Broken Bay, humbly begging that you will cause my case to be investigated.

On April the 5th Mr. Black came to me and asked me for a key; I asked him what key he meant; he said "the key belonging to that old place of yours." I refused to give Mr. Black the key at first; as soon as I did, Mr. Black told me to do no more work—he would suspend me; I asked him why he suspended me; he said for disobeying his orders by not giving him the key; I told Mr. Black the key was at the light-keeper's place; he said "I will only give you till dinner-time to get it" (it was about half-past 12 o'clock in the day); I sent my wife to her father's house for the key, and handed it over to Mr. Black; I thought it was better to comply with his unjust demand than run a risk of losing my place. The place in dispute is situated over a mile from the station; it was built by myself, at my own expense, and I have been living on the ground more than twelve years.

On Monday, August 21st, 5 p.m., having just arrived from Mangrove with the Archbishop and three other clergymen, and I was clearing the things from the jetty, I picked up what I took to be an empty gin bottle and threw it overboard; some one said there was something in it, and it belonged to Connolly; I said "Never mind, I will get it again"; John Connolly came to me and assaulted me, by laying hold of me by the shoulders and threatened to throw me overboard; one of the men took him away, and told him to be quiet; he assaulted me the second time, while I was putting the plug in the dingy, by coming behind me and laying hold of me by the neck and shook me, and threatened me; I picked up the bottle; I saw there was about two glasses of liquor in it; Connolly is continually annoying me while on duty.

I have, &c.,  
W. J. STEERE,  
Government Boatman,  
Broken Bay.

## No. 2.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE TO THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
18 November, 1871.

SIR,

I have the honor to enclose copy of letter addressed to the Superintendent of Pilots and the Chief Inspector of Distilleries; authorizing them to inquire into the disputes which have occurred between the Coast Waiter at Broken Bay and his crew; and also into the working of the Branch Departments of the "Customs" and "Lights" at that place.

You will have the goodness to afford these gentlemen any information and assistance they may require in the course of their inquiry.

I have, &amp;c.,

HENRY LANE.

## No. 3.

THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Custom House,  
Sydney, 20 November, 1871.

SIR,

Eight enclosures.

With reference to your letter of the 18th instant, enclosing copy of a letter to the Superintendent of Pilots and the Chief Inspector of Distilleries, with respect to the quarrels at Broken Bay, I have the honor to forward a letter which I received this morning from two of the boatmen, from which it appears that matters there are proceeding from bad to worse. I give no opinion respecting this new case, except that it is utterly disgraceful to the Public Service.

I also enclose some letters from Mr. Black on the same subject, which were accidentally omitted from the former packet, and which have since been discovered by the chief clerk.

I perceive that the Colonial Treasurer, in the letter to the gentlemen referred to, has, no doubt from the imperfect information before him, fallen into some mistakes respecting my proceedings therein referred to.

It is stated that the men "were suspended by the coast-waiter, and sent to Sydney, in order that inquiry might be made by the Collector." The latter is not the fact. I ordered an inquiry, but Mr. Black chose to make it up with two of the men, and accept the resignation of the third, without my intervention, and before any inquiry was possible. He also immediately filled up the vacant place, which he had no authority from me to do, and expected me blindly to support him in all these vagaries.

I, however, made no objection to the reinstatement of the two men against whom he had made so serious a charge, but I allowed the other to withdraw his resignation, as there appeared to be nothing proved against him.

The letter goes on to say, "the two boatmen remained suspended—the appointment made by the coast-waiter was cancelled." The two boatmen were never under suspension by me, and I never sanctioned the appointment referred to. I disapproved of both acts, although I should have held an inquiry and dealt with their case, if Mr. Black had enabled me to do so.

It will be seen by Mr. Black's letter of the 24th August, herewith, that he asked for authority to "employ temporary assistance, should such be required." My letter of the 5th September shows that the men did not remain suspended with my knowledge.

Mr. Black never had authority to make any permanent appointment, although had he not, from the first, displayed such an utter want of judgment and discretion in his dealings with his men, I should have, practically, never interfered between him and them. But I refused, and must always refuse, to be a blind instrument in his or any other officer's hands.

I have thought it necessary to correct the mistakes referred to, as they seem to convey the impression that I have done, or omitted to do, something contrary to my duty. If I had felt that I had the power to do what one in my position ought to be able to do, affairs at Broken Bay would have been quieted long since.

I have, &amp;c.,

W. A. DUNCAN,  
Collector of Customs.

[Enclosures.]

W. J. Steere and J. Quinn to The Collector of Customs.

Broken Bay,  
18 November, 1871.

I have the honor to write to you to inform you how we have been treated as boatmen while coming from Brisbane Water. Michael Madden and John Connolly with stretchers in their hands and using threatening language; both these men and the officer in a state of drunkenness. John Quinn being forced in the bottom of the boat by these two men; as soon as he got a chance he jumped overboard. As soon as Quinn was out of the boat, Madden commenced on me, W. J. Steere; Madden at the time having a stretcher in his hand and holding it over my head as if about to strike, and threatening at the same time, so I followed Quinn's example and jumped overboard, and waded on shore. We borrowed a boat and pulled to the station, and arrived at twenty minutes to 10 p.m., having pulled six miles. We humbly begging your protection, for we are in danger of our lives.

Your humble servants,

WILLIAM JAMES STEERE,

his

JOHN × QUINN.

mark.

P.S.—There was three gentlemen in the boat at the time who saw the whole of the affair; one of the gentlemen's names is Mr. Palser, a Magistrate of New South Wales, and he said he would report it to the Treasurer as soon as he arrived in Sydney on Monday. One of these gentlemen got out of the boat and carried the other two on shore on his back, thinking it unsafe to go any farther in the boat, leaving the officer Mr. Black, Michael Madden, and John Connolly, quarrelling among themselves in the boat.

The attached letter, received by us since our return from Broken Bay, is forwarded to Mr. Black for comment and explanation.

FRANCIS HIXSON,  
HENRY LUMSDAINE.

The Coastwaiter, Broken Bay, Sydney, 23 Nov., 1871.—Urgent

A.

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
24 August, 1871.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to inform you that whilst investigating a complaint made by one of the boatmen, W. Steere, against John Connolly, a fellow boatman, the within charges were made to me by John Quinn, a witness in the case. I considered them to be of so serious a nature that I immediately obtained his signature to them, and *suspended the two men so charged.*

I declined to hear any evidence, and make no comments upon the case, as I consider it of great importance, and only to be dealt with by yourself.

I beg to mention that I am left with only two hands, and request that you will be pleased to authorize my employing *temporary assistance*, should such be required.

I have directed my messenger to attend at the office, in case you should desire to communicate with me without delay. Hoping you will approve of the course I have adopted,—

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

*Memo. in reference to parts of this letter which I see underlined.*

1. My action in suspending the men, if hasty, was borne out by the fact of Mr. Duncan considering the case of sufficient importance to warrant ordering every man to Sydney for examination. I have never been reproved for such action, and do not see how I could have acted otherwise under the circumstances.

2. "Temporary assistance" has no reference to my appointment of Collins. Collins was nominated by me at an after period (see letter No. 6), to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Quinn.—A.T.B., 25/11/71.

A. T. Black, Esq., to Michael Madden.

H.M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
August 24, 1871.

You are hereby suspended until the pleasure of the Collector is known.

ALBERT T. BLACK,  
Coast-waiter.

A. T. Black, Esq., to John Connolly.

H.M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
August 24, 1871.

You are hereby suspended until the pleasure of the Collector is known.

ALBERT T. BLACK,  
Coastwaiter.

H.M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
August 24, 1871.

MEMORANDUM of charges made by John Quinn, boatman, against boatmen John Connolly and Michael Madden, namely, that the said John Connolly was conspiring to oust me from my appointment as Coast-waiter at Broken Bay, and that if I did not mind, before long he would accomplish it; also, that the above-named boatmen, John Connolly and Michael Madden, were conspiring together to get the keeper in charge of Stewart's Lights dismissed, holding out inducements to him, the said John Quinn, to aid and assist them in the same.

ALBERT T. BLACK.

The above has been read over by me to John Quinn, boatman, and his mark is attached in proof of the same.

Witness—

ARTHUR WILLIS.

his  
JOHN × QUINN.  
mark

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H.M. Customs, Broken Bay,  
August 26, 1871.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to inform you that, shortly after having forwarded my telegram of to-day, Quinn resigned his situation as boatman at this station.

The two men, Connolly and Madden, having been placed under suspension, I shall feel much obliged by your informing me at your earliest convenience whether such suspension should, under the circumstances, be now removed.

In the meantime I have appointed in Quinn's position J. Collins, an old resident of this place, a most suitable person in every respect for the same, which I trust will meet with your approval. With your permission, should it be deemed necessary, I will place you fully in possession of the facts of this case when next in Sydney, and beg to express my regret that Quinn's conduct should have compelled me to give you so much trouble in this matter.

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
4 September, 1871.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to acknowledge receipt of Quinn's statement, with your minute attached directing Quinn to recall his resignation and resume his place in the boat.

I at once informed him that your orders should be obeyed, but told him that he had obtained such reappointment from you by fraudulent representations, I holding direct proofs in my own hands of the positive falsity of his story to you.

I asked Quinn what he had told you about the matter. He said he had only seen you for a short time on the Tuesday, and that his friends had arranged the matter with you; he had not seen you further on the subject, and that the Government had placed him back.

Quinn resigned because he said "he feared dismissal" for having brought charges which he could not prove.

He sided with Connolly and Madden in the dispute about Steere, and said, on the Wednesday when I was holding the investigation, that he had no fault to find with either, that Connolly had eased his work here, that Steere had, by his own sulky disposition, made the other men dislike him.

Quinn

Quinn had nothing to do with the dispute between Connolly and Steere, except to give evidence, which evidence was only a *fac simile* of Connolly's own previous admission of the fact of the assault.

On Quinn's resignation I appointed Collins to the vacancy. Will you be so kind as to inform me what steps I shall take with Collins, Quinn being permitted to recall his resignation and resume his place in the boat?

The two boatmen, Connolly and Madden, have informed me they desire to go to Sydney to see you on business connected with their suspension. I trust I have not done wrong in granting their request, as I have no power to deal with their case.

As I before stated, up to the time of Quinn's making these statements I had no fault to find with him as regards his work. But his conduct since proves him, in my estimation, a dangerous man, and one that I fear that will produce future trouble on the station, should you deem fit to continue him here. I have no confidence whatever in him.

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

The Collector of Customs to A. T. Black, Esq.

Custom House, Sydney,  
5 September, 1871.

Sir,

*I did not know that the two boatmen were still under suspension. I understood from your letter that on Quinn's resignation you had restored them, and although I did not quite approve of this rapidity of action before I had time to inquire into the matter, I did not think it necessary to disturb it. I had an opportunity of questioning Quinn, and I satisfied myself that he had some grounds for his accusation, but that the whole matter was of very trifling importance; and I had the less difficulty in allowing him to withdraw his resignation that it was represented to me from several quarters that you had placed a near relative of one of the accused boatmen in his seat, thereby, as it were, giving paramount weight to one of the parties in the quarrel.*

I have this morning seen Connolly and Madden, and have cautioned them to avoid these quarrels, as they must, if persisted in, lead to the engagement of an entirely fresh crew.

I am unable to follow your rapid changes of opinion with respect to these men, and especially with respect to Quinn.

I have no high opinion of any of them, but I will protect all so long as they perform their work satisfactorily and avoid quarrels—certainly not longer.

I have, &c.,  
W. A. DUNCAN,  
Collector of Customs.

*Memo. in reference to portion of this letter which I see underlined.*

I BEG leave to refer to second paragraph of my letter No. 6, in answer to the above; also to a weekly report of later date, which does not appear amongst the correspondence.—A.T.B., 25/11/71.

#### No. 4.

#### MINUTE OF UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

THE Superintendent of Pilots, and Chief Inspector of Distilleries.—In reference to former papers on the subject of disputes between the Coast-waiter, Broken Bay, and the Boatmen.—H.L., 21/11/71., B.C.

[Enclosures.]

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Treasurer.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
6 November, 1871.

Sir,

In obedience to your orders, I have the honor to forward what correspondence I hold connected with the resignation and re-appointment of John Quinn, Customs boatman, Broken Bay.

One or two other documents of which I did not retain copies, can be obtained at the Custom House.

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

The Collector of Customs to A. T. Black, Esq.

Custom House, Sydney,  
25 August, 1871.

Sir,

I think it will be necessary for Quinn and the other two boatmen to come to Sydney for examination.

Of course, if it is necessary to have temporary assistance in the boat, it must be obtained, subject to the ultimate issue of the case.

I am, &c.,  
W. A. DUNCAN.

Telegram from A. T. Black, Esq., to W. A. Duncan, Esq.

Barranjoey, 26 August, 1871.

QUINN demands that the fourth boatman shall proceed to Sydney as a witness. This will leave the station without any hands. Am I authorized to send him up?

Telegram from Collector of Customs, Sydney, to Coast Waiter, Broken Bay.

Sydney, 28 August, 1871.

WHATEVER evidence is necessary must be allowed.

Telegram

Telegram from John Quinn to A. T. Black, Esq.

Sydney, 2 September, 1871.

REINSTATED.—Down Monday if possible. Reply at once

Memo, 2/9/71.—No reply was returned by me to this telegram. On the 4th, two days afterwards, he made his appearance.

John Quinn to The Collector of Customs.

Sydney, 1 August, 1871.

Sir,

I beg leave to address you on the subject of my late resignation as boatman in the Government Service at Pitt Water, under Mr. Black. Some short time ago, I was present, when one of the boatmen named Connolly endeavoured to put another boatman named Steere into the water during a quarrel; naturally I felt angry, and rebuked Connolly (who, now as you are aware, is suspended from his seat in the boat, together with Madden). He then commenced to use certain threatening expressions towards me, and also stated in the presence of others that "he would see what he could do for me," thereby causing me a great deal of bodily fear. I was induced—not considering myself safe, and to avoid quarrels, and also that my character would be kept from stain—to tender my resignation as Government boatman, on the twenty-sixth day of August last, since which time I have not acted in the Service.

As I find now that I have committed a great error in so tendering my resignation, and as I regret exceedingly having done so, I now (if not too late) beg leave to withdraw my resignation.

I have been informed that Mr. J. Collins, who is a relation of Connolly's, has been appointed to a place in the boat.

I may also state that I have been twenty years in this Colony, during nearly ten years of which time I have been in the Government Service, and for the last five years have been employed, and have always given satisfaction in the Government boats of this Colony. I have a family, consisting of myself, my wife, and five children, entirely dependent on my support.

If therefore my resignation could be withdrawn and my reinstatement in the Service could be procured for me, it would be the means of obtaining a livelihood for myself and my family. At the present time we are entirely without means of support. Trusting that you will take my case under your kind consideration,—

I have, &c.,  
JOHN QUINN,  
p. J. L.

No relation—  
connection by  
marriage, nephew  
to Connolly's wife  
On the contrary, has  
a very bad character  
Refer to Supt Pilots,  
also to his previous  
affairs Under what  
circumstances did  
he leave Botany in  
May last?—A T B

He feared facing out an investigation arising from charges made by him against two fellow-boatmen, and resigned to get clear of the affair.—A.T.B.

A. Black, Esq., Broken Bay.—Under all the circumstances, I think it right to permit the bearer to recall his resignation and resume his place in the boat.—W.A.D.

This man's statement is false throughout. He resigned for the simple reason—he felt convinced that the investigation would result in his dismissal. These were his own words to me. This case had nothing whatever to do with the quarrel between Steere and Connolly. The charges made by him against Connolly and Madden were malicious, prompted, I believe, by others with a view to get the men dismissed.

No. 5.

THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS TO THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

Custom House, Sydney,  
24 November, 1871.

SIR,

I do myself the honor to forward, for the information of the Honorable the Colonial Treasurer, <sup>Eight enclosures.</sup> a number of additional papers relative to the quarrels at Broken Bay.

One of the men, Steere, has left without leave, because he says his life is in danger from Connolly and Madden, who are sustained by Mr. Black.

He accuses Mr. Black and Connolly of being quite drunk on Saturday, during the disgraceful exhibition formerly referred to, and asserts that Mr. Black is unable or unwilling to protect him from the violence of his fellow-boatmen.

Mr. Black's report of this transaction (herewith) is clearly incomplete. I do not know what recommendation has been made by the late Board, or to what extent their inquiries reached, but unless something very definite has been recommended which may put an end to the unseemly conflict, I presume it will be my duty to send for all the parties, and make a full inquiry into the matter.

I purpose therefore, unless Mr. Lord prefer some other course, to send Steere at once back to his station (he having left without leave), and to send at the same time a letter to Mr. Black, requesting him to come to Sydney with his men and their witnesses, so that a full inquiry may be held.

I have, &c.,  
W. A. DUNCAN,  
Collector of Customs.

The whole matter is under investigation, I do not therefore think it advisable that a fresh inquiry should be opened by the Collector. Let the papers in this new case be forwarded to Messrs. Hixson & Lumsdaine, for an immediate further inquiry. Steere must not be allowed to return to the station for the present.—G.W.L., 24/11/71.

Collector of Customs to note and return, 24/11/71. Urgent, H.L.

[Enclosures.]

[Enclosures.]

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H.M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
19 November, 1871.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to forward for your information the station report for week ending this day, Sunday, November the 19th instant.

I beg to inform you that yesterday evening, returning from Brisbane Water, a disturbance took place between some of my crew. I gave an order to the men forward, which not being responded to, was repeated by Madden, on the supposition that my order had not been heard. Quinn, one of the men forward to whom the order was addressed, took offence, and, in a way to arouse and provoke Madden, said he was drunk. This being repeated several times, Madden lost his temper and was going to assault Quinn, but was prevented by me. He also used some threat towards Steere, accusing him of combining with Quinn to injure him. The two men, Quinn and Steere, by this time had got out to push her off, the boat having grounded, and they afterwards went ashore without any reference to me. So, fearing that under the influence of temper some further disturbance might result, I left them behind and pulled straight on home with Madden and Connolly, the other two boatmen. Quinn and Steere shortly afterwards arrived at the station in a small boat they had borrowed. This morning I strongly reprimanded Madden for taking the law into his own hands, although no complaint has been made by either of the men in question against him. I can't wonder much at Madden being unable to control his temper under the provocation he received, he being quite sober and able to do his duty when thus accused of being drunk.

I have, &amp;c.,

ALBERT T. BLACK.

	Name.	Lading.	Desn.	Tons.	Remarks.
1871.—November.					
Monday ... 13	Mary Jane .....	Oysters and wood .....	Ketch .....	23	Hawkesbury to Sydney.
" "	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c. ....	P. S. ....	32	Brisbane Water "
" "	Fire King .....	General cargo .....	" .....	271	Sydney to Manning River.
Tuesday ..... 14	" .....	" .....	" .....	"	General station work.
Wednesday . 15	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c. ....	" .....	32	Sydney to Brisbane Water.
" "	Henrietta .....	Timber .....	Schooner ...	29	Brisbane Water to Sydney.
Thursday ... 16	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c. ....	P. S. ....	32	" "
" "	Day Dawn .....	Sundries .....	Ketch.....	27	Sydney to Brisbane Water.
" "	Hibernia.....	" .....	" .....	23	" "
" "	Shamrock .....	" .....	" .....	27	" "
" "	Brothers .....	" .....	" .....	19	" "
" "	Friend in need .....	Ballast .....	" .....	13	" "
" "	All Serene .....	" .....	" .....	13	" "
" "	Emma and Margaret.....	" .....	Cutter .....	14	" "
" "	William and Betsey .....	" .....	Ketch.....	35	" Broken Bay.
" "	Brothers .....	" .....	Cutter .....	14	" "
" "	Mary Ann .....	Sundries .....	" .....	14	" "
" "	Traveller.....	Ballast .....	" .....	14	" "
" "	Flying Cloud.....	" .....	" .....	14	" "
" "	Pomona .....	Sundries .....	Ketch.....	34	" Hawkesbury.
" "	Elizabeth .....	Ballast .....	" .....	27	" "
" "	Spray .....	" .....	" .....	19	" "
" "	Thomas .....	" .....	" .....	22	" "
" "	Phantom .....	" .....	" .....	12	" "
" "	Maid of Erin.....	Sundries .....	Cutter .....	8	" "
" "	Brothers .....	Ballast .....	" .....	12	" "
" "	Enchantress .....	" .....	" .....	14	" "
Friday ..... 17	" .....	" .....	" .....	"	General station work.
Saturday ... 18	Shamrock .....	Timber .....	Ketch.....	27	Brisbane Water to Sydney.
" "	Hibernia.....	" .....	" .....	27	" "
" "	All Serene .....	" .....	" .....	13	" "
" "	Alchymist .....	Passengers, &c. ....	P. S. ....	32	Sydney to Brisbane Water.
Sunday ..... 19	" .....	" .....	" .....	"	Sunday.
			Total...	893	

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H.M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
21 November, 1871.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to inform you that Captain Hixson and H. Lumsdaine, Esq., arrived here from Sydney yesterday morning, with a letter of instructions from the Hon. the Colonial Treasurer, to hold an inquiry into matters of recent complaint at this station. They held their inquiry to-day, and purpose returning to Sydney to-morrow.

I have, &amp;c.,

ALBERT T. BLACK.

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
22 November, 1871.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward the enclosed letter from one of the boatmen, W. J. Steere.

It was given in the first instance to the Members of the Commission this morning, just previous to their departure for Sydney, and was read by them; Steere was then informed that his proper course was to hand the letter to his superior officer, who would forward it, commented on, if necessary, to you.

I now beg to offer a few remarks upon the subjects contained in his letter.

Good deal of truth is contained in the first statement—granted, the officer to be the peaceable man.

As regards J. Collins, I acquainted you, sir, with the fact of his being on the station, both personally and by letter.

Connolly distinctly denies ever having annoyed either Steere or his wife.

With respect to the charge of tyranny preferred against myself, I refer with confidence, sir, to your own opinion as expressed on a former occasion in the case of Thos. Clark, late boatman, who, although at the time opposed to me, freely acknowledged that I was always kind and just to him. I can conscientiously say that I never showed any partiality, or took advantage of my position to ill-use any man, since I first took charge of the station.

In my last weekly report I referred to what happened on Saturday.

No one knows better than Steere that I am utterly powerless to dismiss him, nor have I ever assumed the right to do so.

All this man's spare time appears to be devoted in getting up charges, and writing against me whenever a favourable opportunity presents itself.

I have, &amp;c.,

ALBERT T. BLACK.

W.

W. J. Steere to The Collector of Customs.

I HAVE the honor to write to you to inform you about the goings on down here; the place is becoming almost unbearable for any peaceable man. There is a man knocking about the station named Jeremiah Collins; he has been here ever since Quinn came back to the station, he is always about the boat-shed, he comes and goes as regular as the rest of the men, and he lives at Connelly's place, and both Collins and Connelly is continually throwing slurs and rhyming with my wife's name in it. Eyes and ears is not much use, for it is not much use in speaking about what you hears or see without you have got a lot of witnesses, and the place is getting worse and worse every day; they go on in this way to try my temper after Saturday, November 18th's affair. I do not know what I shall have to put up with—thank goodness, there was some one besides the boat's crew in the boat at the time, not like other things where there has been only one pair of eyes to see, and one pair of ears to hear; it would take very little for Mr. Black to suspend me, and it almost amounts to a crime for me to complain, but Madden and Connelly cannot do wrong, for they are working the same as if nothing had happened on Saturday; if it had been me that went on in this way, I would have got the sack—it is enough to set a just man mad, the goings on down here.

Your humble servant,

W. J. STEERE,  
Government Boatman.

Broken Bay, Nov. 20th, 1871.

A. T. Black, Esq., to The Collector of Customs.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
23 November, 1871.

Sir,

I have the honor to inform you that this morning, soon after daylight, W. J. Steere, boatman, requested leave to start at once for Sydney. I declined, it being a standing rule on the station that the boatmen should always give the officer some little notice of their wish for leave of absence (unless of course urgent case), to enable him the officer to make arrangements that the absence of one of the crew would not interfere with the duty. I informed Steere that I should be happy to comply with his request in the usual way, and that he might leave, giving me some little notice of his intention.

After this, notwithstanding the fact of its having been pointed out to him by Captain Hixson and Mr. Lumsdaine, no later than yesterday, that what communications he had to make should go through his superior, he coolly told me as a reason why I might break through the rule in this case was, that he wished to go to head quarters on matters connected with the station.

I simply replied that I would take any statement he wished, or forward any communication he might make to head quarters without delay.

To this he made no rely.

A. T. BLACK.

P.S.—9 a.m.—Sir, I have just been informed that Steere, the boatman in question, has absconded from the station without any notice whatever to me, and in defiance of my orders.—A.T.B.

Telegram from Coast-waiter, Barrenjuey, to The Collector of Customs.

23 November, 1873.

Sir,

W. J. Steere, bowman, has left the station, in direct defiance of my orders.

Mr. H. P. Palsler, to The Collector of Customs.

24 November, 1871.

Sir,

In reference to the disgraceful affair of last Saturday afternoon, I am quite willing to give all the particulars, at any time you may appoint; but it would take too much time to write them. Suffice it now to state, that out of the four men and the officer, only two of them were sober.

Yours truly,

H. P. PALSER.

The way W. J. Steere's case was tried by Mr. Black at Broken Bay.

ON Wednesday, August 23rd, I spoke to Mr. Black about the way John Connolly served me on Monday, August 21st, and I asked for liberty to go to Sydney. Mr. Black gave me permission, and when I was turning to go away Mr. Black called me back, and asked me if I was going to Sydney about this affair of Connolly's. I said I was going to see the Collector about it, and see if I could not get a stop put to some of his goings on. Mr. Black said, "I suppose you would have told the Collector that I refused to see into your case." I told Mr. Black that I had explained everything to him about the way Connolly assaulted me, and I thought that was all that was required. Mr. Black said that he had suspended Connolly two or three times and looked over it. Mr. Black asked who was on the wharf at the time, and who I had to prove what I stated. I told Mr. Black who was there at the time Connolly assaulted me. The only man that was here on the station was John Quinn. The other two men that were in the boat that day live about four miles away at John Collins's place; their names are Jeremiah Collins and Daniel Waleing. Mr. Black told us to come in the house. There were present Mr. Black, Mr. Willis, John Connolly, John Quinn, Michael Madden, and myself.

Mr. Black told Mr. Willis to take down my statement. I charged Connolly with assaulting me. John Quinn stated what he knew of the affair. John Connolly made a statement. He acknowledged that he assaulted me twice, and said he could bring proof that I knew there was grog in the bottle. After a great many questions being asked by Mr. Black and Mr. Willis, Mr. Black told me it was a case for a Police Court. Mr. Black asked if I wanted the case to go on. I told him I did. Connolly was told to get his witnesses. (What witnesses was there required, when Connolly acknowledged the assault?) We all left Mr. Black's house that night. On Thursday, August 24, Mr. Black said he wanted me. I went up to the house, and I saw Mr. Black, Mr. Willis, and John Quinn, John Connolly, Jeremiah Collins, Daniel Waleing, and Michael Madden. Mr. Black told me that Collins's and Waleing's depositions had been taken down; the depositions were not taken down in my presence, nor were they read in my presence. After about one hour's talk over the case, John Quinn said something about Madden and Connolly. Mr. Black suspended them before my case was finished, on another charge. Mr. Black asked what I intended doing. I saw how things were going on, so I said I would let it drop.

At the time Connolly was suspended he used to cut firewood for Mr. Black's house, and Madden used to milk the cows and look after them,—the same as they always did. It is not much use lodging a complaint against these two men.

## No. 6.

### REPORT OF BOARD.

Sydney, 4 December, 1871.

Sir,

We do ourselves the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 18th ultimo, directing us to inquire into certain matters of recent complaint at the Customs Station, Broken Bay, and beg to report for the information of the Honorable the Treasurer as follows:—

We proceeded to Broken Bay on Monday the 20th, and on the following day held the inquiry.

In conducting it we confined ourselves to an investigation of the charges preferred up to the date of your letter of instructions, but allowed every opportunity for an explanation of all surrounding circumstances.

We desire to state at once that we did not find the position of affairs of so disturbed and disorganized a character as we had been led to apprehend.

It became evident, however, that much angry feeling prevailed, and that circumstances, trifling in themselves, were so apt to be viewed in the light of serious provocations as to endanger the continuance of harmony and discipline on the station.

It did not appear that the ill feeling referred to interfered with the working of the light-house department. We therefore deemed it sufficient to admonish the light-keepers and caution them as to their future conduct. It may, perhaps, be as well to state here that the light-keepers are father and son, and that the boatman Steere is married to the principal light-keeper's daughter.

As regards the occurrences at the Customs Station, we found the facts, in substance, correctly stated in your letter, with one exception, and that not of an important nature.

The accusation by boatman Quinn, made during an investigation by the coast waiter against boatman Connolly, of a design to oust Mr. Black from his position, and against boatmen Madden and Connolly of conspiring to get the light-keepers dismissed, having originated the inquiry, received our first consideration. We gave Quinn full opportunity to substantiate his charges. He failed to do so, nor, as far as we can judge, had he the slightest grounds for making them.

Considering this circumstance, and the relative positions, and the characters and antecedents of the parties appearing in this matter, we are of opinion that Quinn should be dismissed.

Up to this stage of the inquiry we hoped that the removal of Quinn would tend to quiet matters on the station; and we summoned Steere in reference to a letter which he had forwarded, without the knowledge of the coast waiter, to the Collector of Customs, intending to admonish him as to the irregularity of his act. It transpired, however, that Steere had sent a subsequent communication in the same unauthorized manner, and on our return to Sydney we heard that he had left the station, in defiance of Mr. Black's orders. Having thus placed himself in the position of a deserter, and beyond our power to protect him, we presume his dismissal must follow.

In the proceedings thus far investigated we failed to see anything in the conduct of Mr. Black or the men Connolly and Madden to justify serious censure. Mr. Black has, possibly, been impetuous in action and has shown a want of discretion, but we are not altogether surprised at this when we consider the complications which beset him.

Coming now to the charge of drunkenness preferred by Steere and Quinn against Mr. Black, Connolly, and Madden, the papers in reference to which only reached us since our return from the station, we find the evidence conflicting; but as Mr. Black has not in his explanation given what we consider a full denial of that charge, we assume that a scene caused by the absence of perfect sobriety, and reflecting disgrace on the Public Service, was witnessed by the passengers in the Customs boat under his charge, on her trip from Gosford, on Saturday the 18th November.

Mr. Black has the character of being an efficient officer, and we understand that he is ordinarily of very temperate habits, and Connolly and Madden appear respectable in their position, and have both been many years in the Government Service.

Our recommendation, therefore, in reference to this last charge is that Mr. Black be reprimanded, and the boatmen Connolly and Madden, who threatened to assault their fellow-boatmen, be also reprimanded and warned that a repetition of similar conduct will lead to their dismissal.

A copy of the minutes and all papers relating to the inquiry accompany this report.

We have, &c.,

FRANCIS HIXSON,  
Superintendent of Pilots,  
HENRY LUMSDAINE,  
Chief Inspector of Distilleries, &c.

I forward all the papers in this case, for the consideration of the Colonial Secretary.—G.W.L., 11/12/71.

The documents forwarded in Mr. Black's letter of the 6th December, two days after the date of this letter, appear to show that he is not deserving of reprimand.—JOHN R., 6 February, 1872:

The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade.—B.C., 6 February, 1872, H. H.

Having referred all the papers and documents in Mr. Black's case for the consideration of the Colonial Secretary, and my colleague having intimated in writing his opinion that Mr. Black is not deserving of a reprimand (in which I concur), that portion of the Board's recommendation will not be carried out, and Mr. Black is exonerated from blame in the matter. The boatmen Quinn and Steere, for the reasons stated in the report, will be at once dismissed from the Public Service.—G.W.L., 8/2/72.

[Enclosures.]

Minutes of Inquiry held at the Customs Station, Broken Bay, by Messrs. Hixson and Lumsdaine, on the 21st November, 1871.

Letter of instructions read to Mr. Black, the Coast Waiter, who stated that there was a discrepancy in the manner in which the details of the letter were framed, but that it was a correct statement in the main. Mr. Black, however, stated that he had not made any complaint in reference to the position of affairs being worse than unsatisfactory, or that his authority was restricted.

Quinn, the boatman, was called in, Mr. Black being present, and was asked what reason he had to urge for making the charges against Connolly and Madden, on the 24th August last. Quinn



Quinn answered,—“ Connolly threatened me. Whether he wanted to break my neck or take away my billet I could not say; and when this affair about Steere came on, I reported what Madden and Connolly said to me. When they called me on Sunday morning, Madden came to my place; my wife was at the time cutting off a bit of my hair. The door was closed. He took me up on the s.-e. side of Barranjuay. When I got there, Connolly was there. Connolly said—‘ Do you see that?’ I replied—‘ What is it?’ He said—‘ That is the Mullhalls.’ I said—‘ What of that?’ He says—‘ Do you know what they are doing?’ I said, ‘ I do not.’ He said, ‘ They are going to catch fish and send it to Sydney and sell it.’ The boat was out at the time, and there were two people in her. He said, ‘ Wouldn’t it be a good thing for us if we had the lights; we would have a pound a man more each month?’ With that, I left. When I came down, I said to my wife, ‘ Do you know what them men wanted me for?’ With that, I told her all about it.

“ I consider Connolly takes too much upon himself in ordering me about, and that it does not require two officers on the station. When I made the charges, I wanted Mr. Black to take them down, but he said he did not want to hear the details. He said it was too important for him to take down; the Collector must hear that. I said to Mr. Black, ‘ If you don’t look out he will get your billet.’”

Michael Madden called in. Quinn’s statement read. Madden denied the entire statement. Quinn declined to question Madden.

Connolly called in. Statement read to Connolly. Connolly said it wasn’t true. Connolly acknowledged to Quinn that he was on the hill on the Sunday that Mr. Black went to Sydney on horseback, and that he was looking across the boat-harbour with a spy-glass. That he wasn’t looking at vessels, but that there was a barque and ship in sight.

Connolly then said—“ Quinn’s statement is false; I have no recollection of what he says occurred; we have often talked about the Mullhalls and the lights, from certain remarks of vessels entering the port. We have been questioned by vessels coming into the bay that never saw the lights until after they made Barrenjuay; and we have heard rumours about the neighbourhood about the lights being out at certain times. That accounts for us talking about the Mullhalls; and that is the only explanation I can offer in the matter. We have often talked about the lights amongst ourselves.”

Connolly examined by Mr. Lumsdaine:—

The conversation referred to by Quinn never did take place.

Connolly examined by Quinn:—

I don’t recollect being on my knees; I don’t recollect being in the position you describe at all; I don’t recollect saying that was Bill; I did not say, the boat will go and pick them up by-and-by at Boat Harbour; I deny saying anything about the fish being taken to Sydney.

Quinn declined to put any more questions; and then stated, that he had never heard any complaints about the lights.

Connolly said—“ Until lately, almost all the vessels that came into the bay complained about the lights. Some people now in Pitt Water say they have seen the lights out two or three hours before midnight.”

Quinn stated that he could prove that the Mullhalls’ boat was out on the occasion he referred to, and he said he told his wife all about the affair.

Connolly, Madden, and Quinn were ordered to withdraw.

Steere, the remaining boatman, was called in, in reference to a letter which he had forwarded direct to the Collector of Customs some months ago, and which, up to the time of the inquiry, the Coast Waiter knew nothing about. The routine of the Government service was explained to Steere, and he was cautioned against a repetition of such a proceeding, unless the Coast Waiter refused to be the channel of communication between him and the Collector. Steere then said that he did not know there was any harm in doing what he had done; and he further stated that he had sent a fresh letter on Saturday.

Mr. Black and Steere withdrew.

Messrs. Mullhalls, the lightkeepers, were sent for, and the statements in reference to the complaints about the lights were read to them. They were cautioned about their duties; and they stated that some men would say anything; and they would like to see them put on their oaths when they made complaints that were false. They further stated that the lights had never gone out.

The light-keepers withdrew.

On the following morning, Steere was sent for in the presence of Mr. Black, and said that he sent the letter he last referred to in a boat, by Pat Mullhall; and that he wrote it himself; and that he wrote it in consequence of Madden standing up and threatening him with a stretcher, and that he had to jump overboard to prevent any further injury. Steere here became excited, and brought a third letter, addressed to the Collector. He was told, if he wished to forward it, it must be sent through the proper channel.

In answer to Mr. Lumsdaine, Mr. Black said, he apprehended future disturbance at the station, unless a change was made in his crew; and that, although he was under the impression that the light-keepers were antagonistic to him, he had no proof to bring forward in support of his opinion.

F. HIXSON,

Supt. Pilots.

HENRY LUMSDAINE, C.I.D., &c.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
23 November, 1871.

To Captain F. Hixson and H. Lumsdaine, Esq., Members of the Commission instructed by the Hon. the Colonial Treasurer to inquire into matters of recent complaint at this station.

Gentlemen,

I have the honor to inform you that this morning, soon after daylight, W. J. Steere, boatman, requested leave to start at once for Sydney. I declined, it being a standing rule on the station that the boatmen should always give the officers some little notice of their wish for leave of absence (unless, of course, urgent case) to enable him, the officer, to make arrangements that the absence of one of the crew would not interfere with the duty.

I informed Steere that I should be happy to comply with his request in the usual way, and that he might leave, giving me some little notice of his intention.

After this, notwithstanding the fact of its having been pointed out to him by you gentlemen no later than yesterday, that what communications he had to make should go through his superior, he coolly told me, as a reason why I might break through the rule in this case was, that he wished to go to head quarters on matters connected with the station.

I simply replied that I would take any statement he wished, or forward any communication he might make to head quarters without delay. To this he made no reply.

I have, &c.,

ALBERT T. BLACK.

P.S.—9 a.m.—Gentlemen, I have just been informed that Steere, the boatman in question, has absconded from the station without any notice whatever to me, and in defiance of my orders.—A. T. BLACK.

H. M. Customs, Broken Bay,  
25 November, 1871.

To Captain F. Hixson and H. Lumsdaine, Esq.

Gentlemen,

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of the enclosed papers, and beg to offer, as instructed, my report upon the joint complaint of boatmen Steere and Quinn.

I presume it to be unnecessary to deal with the other papers (excepting to make some memos. which are pinned to the papers to which they refer), they having been already under your notice and fully investigated.

I did all under the circumstances that I considered necessary, reprimanding Madden, and giving my superior a report. Not one word, or complaint, having reference to the affair, has ever been made by either Steere or Quinn, to me, although Steere, at daylight on the ensuing morning (Sunday), when making his usual report, was then questioned by me as to how he got home the previous night. Weekly report, dated 19/11/71.

Why

Why did not these men complain to me personally? No, that would not suit. An exaggerated report must go behind my back to endeavour to create a first impression.

Were it not for the fact of believing that I am accused of intoxication, with a view to damage my testimony, I would treat the charge with silent contempt; but feeling strongly, from my intimate acquaintanceship of the state of feeling existing between the boatmen, I am more than ever bound to speak.

Not only can the members of my own household be brought forward, but I can obtain, if required, from a number of Gosford people, a declaration as to whether myself or crew were in the condition alleged at the time of leaving the Gosford Wharf.

On leaving there we called at Mr. Thomas Scott's, direct on way home (he can also be referred to), and the quarrel occurred shortly afterwards. Again, instead of being six, it is nearer eight miles from where the disturbance took place to the station. I had the large station boat, with only two hands (alleged to be drunk). She requires four men to manage her; there was the Brisbane Water Bar to go over, requiring care even in daylight, yet I was back to the station, boat hoisted up and secured by 9:30 p.m.

The reason Davis and party left the boat was, that the disturbance took place close to Davis's house, to whose place I was giving the party a passage at the request of Mr. Davis, who, if I mistake not, had his boots off, they having been previously removed when we were landing at Mr. Scott's. Nothing is more natural than that they would wish to avoid the unpleasantness attendant upon being in any degree mixed up in such matters. After Davis had landed them, and Steere and Quinn left the boat, I asked him would he return on board; he said to the effect it was not worth while, they being so close to their destination.

I then started home, and the tale that I quarrelled with my men I declare to be an infamous falsehood. I never associate in any manner with my boatmen, and to say that I quarrel or would bandy words with them is perfect nonsense.

For many reasons impossible to explain upon paper, but which in a great measure I laid before you both while here, these men are bitterly at variance.

I predicted this sort of thing long ago. (See letter No. 7, last paragraph.)

Two months ago I foresaw these troubles. I then spoke to Mr. Duncan, on the subject of an exchange in Steere's case. J. Collins, jun., the man whose appointment has been made a matter of appeal to the Treasurer, has been innocently the cause of fanning these sparks into flame. It was patent to Quinn, Steere, and the Mulhall party, all strongly antagonistic to Counolly and Madden, what he was here for, and it was also known that his father had expressed himself determined not to rest satisfied until the authorities had distinctly declared his son had no claim.

I need hardly attempt to point out the feeling of animosity this man Steere has displayed towards me. I beg to remind you of the fact of the papers he produced, and doubt not he had more in stock. All these documents prepared months ago, only waiting opportunity to be made use of.

I cannot help being accused, and when it is evident that all preparations are already made for backing up the accusation, the case indeed looks black. I respectfully submit that the final act of this man Steere, in absconding from the station, in defiance of my orders, and in the face of the cautions given him only the day before by yourselves, renders it clearly apparent how far he believes he can with impunity defy his superiors.

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

### No. 7.

A. T. BLACK, ESQ., to CAPTAIN F. HIXSON AND H. LUMSDAINE, ESQ.

H.M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
6 December, 1871.

GENTLEMEN,

I find on reference to copy of my report, made at your order, in answer to a charge of intoxication, preferred against me by two of my crew, that although I furnished you with full particulars of all that transpired on the day in question, I yet inadvertently omitted prefacing them with a point blank unqualified denial of the charge.

I now do this, and respectfully request that you will allow my communication to be duly considered.

My previous report was hurriedly written on the same day that I received the complaint from you; and in my feeling of annoyance and irritation at being so unjustly charged; I did not at the moment see the necessity, which has since presented itself to me, of making the above plain statement previous to going into particulars.

I have, &c.,  
ALBERT T. BLACK.

This letter has been received since the transmission of our report, and is now forwarded to be placed with the other papers.

FRANCIS HIXSON.  
HY. LUMSDAINE.  
13/12/71.

The Under Secretary for Finance, &c.

Wm. Dwyer, Esq., to A. T. Black, Esq.

Gosford, 25 November, 1871.

Dear Mr. Black,—

Having heard with surprise and deep regret, that some of your subordinates have reported to head quarters that you were intoxicated on Saturday last, the 18th instant, I beg to offer you my sincere sympathy under the painful circumstances. I can only attribute such conduct on the part of your men to an evil disposition; as having been in your company during your stay at Gosford, and seen you off in your boat, I can assert that in my judgment there was no ground whatever for such a charge up to the moment of your departure, and that I heard you give orders in the performance of your duty just before starting, in the same manner as when you boarded the steamer in the morning. I bear this testimony most willingly as far as I was an eye-witness of your actions, and am extremely sorry that our first meeting should have been an occasion of unpleasantness to you.

Believe me, &c.,  
WM. DWYER.

T. Scott, Esq., to A. T. Black, Esq.

Point Clare, Brisbane Water,  
2 December, 1871.

My dear Sir,

I am in receipt of your note of yesterday's date, wherein you state that some party had made a report to the authorities that you were intoxicated on the evening of Saturday, 18th November, when I called at your place, and requesting me to state whether such was the fact.

In reply, I am happy to state that the accusation referred to has been preferred without the slightest foundation. Had you then been under the slightest influence of liquor, such an event would have been evident to my observation.

I am, &c.,  
THOMAS SCOTT.

13

A. T. Black, Esq., to Captain Hixson.

H.M. Customs, Broken Bay,  
2 December, 1871.

Sir,

I have had the honor to forward you by last post a letter from Mr. W. Dwyer, Examiner of Public Schools, much to the same effect as the enclosed, which is from Mr. Thomas Scott, the gentleman widely known for his writings upon the sugar industry. As already mentioned, Mr. Dwyer parted with me at Gosford on my starting for home. Mr. Scott had a long conversation with me *after this*, and the disturbance took place between the men not more than half an hour afterwards.

I trust that these communications from gentlemen of standing, one of whom is an utter stranger to me, will serve to thoroughly exonerate me from the charge of intoxication.

I respectfully submit that, if required, a number of the Gosford people are ready to give similar testimony. This charge may be readily made, but the injury done to my character is not so easily wiped away.

I have, &amp;c.,

ALBERT T. BLACK.

Mr. Rock Davis to Captain Hixson.

Brisbane Water,  
4 December, 1871.

Sir,

In reply to your letter of the 28th instant, I beg to inform you that Mr. Black was not drunk at the time mentioned, and was quite capable of attending to his duty. With respect to the men, if the men accused were bad, I consider the other two were far worse.

I remain, &amp;c.,

ROCK DAVIS.

Mr. Thomas Scott to A. T. Black, Esq.

4 December, 1871.

My dear Sir,

In reference to the vindictive and false report of your being intoxicated while here on Saturday, the 18th November, many respectable parties in whose company you were on that day will sign a paper declaratory of this infamous charge against you. If this be acceptable to you, lose no time in dropping me a line, and I will communicate to the "parties" referred to, who will at once send to you the paper signed by them declaratory of your perfect sobriety on the date named.

Ever faithfully yours,

THOMAS SCOTT.

No. 8.

A. T. BLACK, Esq., to THE TREASURER.

H. M. Customs Station, Broken Bay,  
16 December, 1871.

SIR,

I have the honor most respectfully to request that notwithstanding the Commissioners have completed their report, you will in justice to me before coming to a decision, allow me to give the following information, received only to-day, which although bearing most strongly on the subject will not otherwise come officially under your notice.

In the letter of complaint, written by two of my crew (without my knowledge) to my superior, the Collector of Customs, one of the most serious charges is that an aggravated assault was committed upon the men complaining, by another boatman.

I now beg to inform you that this boatman was served with a summons and attended the Court on Friday (yesterday) to answer the charge. The Bench without calling a witness at once dismissed the case, and I am informed commented in severe terms upon the action of the plaintiff Steere, and expressed to the defendant their regret that he should have been subjected to so much expense and annoyance, when by the plaintiff's own showing, no assault had ever been committed.

I beg also to state that inquiries made into the conduct of boatman Quinn while stationed at Botany would elicit such information as to show him utterly unworthy of any consideration.

I have, &amp;c.,

ALBERT THOS. BLACK.

No. 9.

STATUTORY DECLARATION.

I, *William Walmsley*, farmer, Brisbane Water, make the following declaration:—I know Mr. Black, Coastwaiter at Broken Bay. I recollect being in company with him on Saturday the eighteenth day of November last, at the Cricketer's Arms, Gosford. I left the Cricketer's Arms with Mr. Black, about 4 o'clock or half-past 4 in the afternoon. At that time Mr. Black was sober.

Declared this nineteenth day of December, A.D., 1871, }  
in the presence of HOVENDEN HELY, J.P. }

WILLIAM WALMSLEY.

The Honorable the Colonial Secretary, with reference to previous papers in this case.—G. W. L., 3/1/72.  
The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department.—B. C., 4/1/72, J. T., for U. S.

No. 10.

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No. 10.

A. T. BLACK, Esq., to THE TREASURER.

H. M. Customs Station,  
Broken Bay, 30 January, 1872.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that John Quinn, Government boatman at this station, applied to me to know whether, in a letter signed by W. J. Steere, and also having Quinn's "mark" attached, (without being witnessed), I was charged with being drunk on the 18th of November last, 1871. I informed him yes.

At his express request I then took the following statement, as nearly as possible in his own words. Quinn says he wished to come forward before, but that not being able to read or write, and distrusting those about him, he had no way of doing it. He broached the subject to me some time ago, but I declined to enter upon it then, informing him the matter was under inquiry.

I have, &c.,  
A. T. BLACK.

[Enclosure.]

THE following statement has been read over to John Quinn, in presence of the undermentioned persons, whose names are signed in proof thereof, and also as witnesses to the signature of John Quinn to his statement.

ALBERT THOS. BLACK.  
PATRICK HYNES.  
JOHN COLLINS.*Statement made by John Quinn.*

I cannot read or write. I was ill when the letter was written; my head was bad; my wife and family were in Sydney; only Steere and some belonging to him were there; I took no notice what they were about; I thought the letter was only against another boatman with whom I had some words; I put my hand to the pen to satisfy Steere, though Steere had no cause of complaint, only me; Steere did it all; I had no wish to send any letter; I never knew the officer was charged with being drunk; it is not true; I never heard his name mentioned; I have been kept in the dark ever since, until I asked Mr. Black if the reports which I have heard were true that it was in the letter that the officer was drunk; I wish to clear myself from this; I had never an angry word with Mr. Black, and always met good treatment from him; I told Steere the letter should be shown to Mr. Black; he said "no fear"; I deny my mark to that letter; it is not true.

JOHN × QUINN.  
his  
mark

No. 11.

THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE to A. T. BLACK, Esq.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
Sydney, 10 February, 1872.

SIR,

I have the honor, by direction of the Colonial Treasurer, to inform you that the Board appointed to inquire into certain matters of recent complaint at the Customs Station, Broken Bay, have now reported thereon, and have recommended the dismissal of the boatmen Quinn and Steere, and also that you should be subjected to a reprimand for your conduct in the matter.

In view of the latter recommendation, the Colonial Treasurer referred the papers in the case to the consideration of the Colonial Secretary, who was pleased to make the following minute thereon, under date the 6th instant—

"The documents forwarded in Mr. Black's letter of the 6th December, two days after the date of this letter, appear to show that he is not deserving of reprimand"—

and I have now to convey to you the decision of the Colonial Treasurer in your case, which is expressed in the following terms—

"Having referred all the papers and documents in Mr. Black's case for the consideration of the Colonial Secretary, and my colleague having intimated in writing his opinion that Mr. Black is not deserving of a reprimand (in which I concur), that portion of the Board's recommendation will not be carried out, and Mr. Black is exonerated from blame in the matter. The boatmen Quinn and Steere, for the reasons stated in the report, will be at once dismissed from the Public Service."

I have also to inform you that the Collector of Customs is instructed to notify to Quinn and Steere their dismissal from the Public Service, and to place the persons named in the margin in the vacant situations.

Jeremiah Collins  
and  
George Morris.I have, &c.,  
G. EAGAR.

No. 12.

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## No. 12.

W. J. STEERE to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

157 Lower George-street,  
6 June, 1872.

SIR,

I have the honor very respectfully to make the following representation, with the hope that you will be pleased to take it into your consideration.

On the 9th of February last I was dismissed from the Public Service as a boatman in Her Majesty's Customs, Broken Bay, under the following circumstances:—

On Saturday the 18th November, 1871, I was on duty in the Custom House boat coming from Gosford to the station at Pitt Water. In the boat at the time there were three gentlemen—Messrs. H. P. Palser, J. P. Jeanneret, and R. Davis. The officer was Mr. Black, and the crew consisted of Madden, Connolly, Quinn, and myself. The officer, Madden, and Connolly, were all drunk. Quinn and myself were sober. On our way a quarrel took place between Madden and Quinn, and the gentlemen becoming alarmed, threw all the stretchers they could get at overboard, and one of them (Mr. Davis) assisted me to get the boat into shallow water. Quinn was violently assaulted and thrown down by the others, Madden holding a stretcher over his head and threatening to strike him with it. As soon as Quinn got clear of his assailants he jumped out of the boat and waded on shore, the boat being then aground; immediately upon which Madden turned upon and made a rush at me, threatening me with the stretcher, which he still held. Not considering my life safe, I then jumped out of the boat and waded ashore also. The gentlemen also left the boat, and when on shore (hearing them still fighting and quarrelling amongst themselves), we went to Mr. Davis's residence, who kindly lent Quinn and myself a boat, in which we arrived at the station about half-past 9 p.m. on Saturday night the 18th November last.

On the same night I wrote a letter to the Collector of Customs reporting the affair as it occurred, to which up to the Thursday morning following I received no reply. On the same day I asked Mr. Black's permission to go to Sydney for the purpose of having the affair investigated. He abused me and refused my request, upon which, being unable (without committing myself) to stand his treatment longer, I thought it best to proceed to Sydney to report the affair.

On arrival I waited on Mr. Duncan, the Collector of Customs, who told me he would give me a letter to Mr. Black to have the parties brought to Sydney to have an investigation. Subsequently, however, he informed me the papers had been sent to the Honorable the Treasurer (Mr. Lord), who said I was not to go down again, and that he would not have the case gone into until he had received Captain Hixson's Report.

I took out a summons for assault against Madden at the Water Police Court, but did not obtain a conviction on account of my witnesses not appearing. Madden then brought an action against me in the District Court, claiming £30 damages. On the trial, which took place on the 19th February last, Mr. Palser gave evidence in my favour (Mr. Jeanneret being also present but not called), stating that I was perfectly justified in summoning Madden as I did, and that the officer in charge of the boat was stupidly drunk, Madden mad drunk, and Connolly helpless and unable to pull his oar. Upon this evidence His Honor Mr. Justice Dowling found a verdict in my favour.

I beg leave, therefore, again most respectfully to request that you will be pleased to make inquiry into this matter, I having been deprived of my situation and means of maintenance (as I believe and declare) from no fault of my own.

I have, &amp;c.,

WILLIAM JAMES STEERE.

The person applying was a boatman. The papers relating to the matter at the Treasury. May be referred to the Colonial Treasurer.

Colonial Treasurer.—H.P., 22/6/72.

A full inquiry was made by Board appointed for the purpose into the matters alluded to by Steere, and under their report, dated 4 December, 1871, Steere and another boatman were dismissed from the Service. The case being thus disposed of, cannot be re-opened.—W.R.P., 2/7/72.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department.—G.E., B.C., 2/7/72.

## No. 13.

JOHN QUINN to THE UNDER SECRETARY FOR FINANCE AND TRADE.

26, Little Essex-street,  
September.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit to you the following circumstances, and hope that you will use your influence on my behalf, in having an investigation in the matter, so that justice may be done, as I have been now for seven months out of employment, and it is of no little importance to me, who have a family of six children to support. I do not ask to be put back until I am cleared by an investigation. The particulars are as follows:—

On the 9th October, 1866, I was appointed, through your kindness, to be appointed a boatman at the Customs Station, Botany; and in May, 1871, I effected an exchange with P. Clarke, a boatman at Broken Bay, under Mr. Black. From the time I went there it was nothing but one series of disputes; in fact, I could not stand it any longer, so I resigned (that was in August, 1871). I came to Sydney, and was advised to withdraw my resignation; I saw Mr. Duncan, and he acceded to my request, and sent me back to the station.

Some time after this, when at Brisbane Water, two of the men attacked me, having been shoved down in the boat, and I did not know what time they would take my life. Mr. Palser of George-street, and Mr. Jeanneret of the Parramatta Steam Co., and likewise Mr. Black, were present when this took place; in fact, Mr. Palser, Jeanneret, and myself, had to jump out of the boat, it being at this time some distance from the shore, and rather than go back in our boat, we borrowed a dingy (my mate and I), and made for the station—a distance of seven miles—having to cross the bar in this, a leaky dingy, in pitch dark, and when we arrived we were thoroughly exhausted. This will give you an idea of how matters stood.

In

In January, 1872, Mr. Black informed me that my services would not be required, without giving me any grounds on what I was discharged for.

Perhaps you will have the kindness to lay this and the accompanying petition before the Honorable the Treasurer, as I am very anxious to know the decision, and hope that you will forgive me for troubling you so much.

I have, &c.,

his  
JOHN × QUINN.  
mark

Witness—JAMES AVERY.

[*Annexure.*]

PETITION.

To the Honorable William Richman Piddington, Colonial Treasurer of the Colony of New South Wales,—

The humble Petition of John Quinn, of Sydney, formerly of Broken Bay, boatman,—

Showeth :—

That your Petitioner previously and up to Christmas of the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, had been in the employment of the Government of New South Wales as boatman, during a period of six years, and that during such period had borne a character for efficiency, sobriety, and good conduct.

That, on November the eighteenth, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, your Petitioner being then in the employ of the said Government as boatman at the aforesaid Customs Station, Broken Bay, was assaulted whilst in the discharge of his duties, by a fellow-boatman, in the presence of Mr. Black, the officer in charge of the Customs Station at Broken Bay, as also in the presence of two gentlemen, Messrs. Palsler and Jennerett of Sydney, who were all at the time of the assault sitting in the Government boat.

That your Petitioner, in consequence of the threats and violence used by the fellow-boatman referred to on the said occasion towards him, and believing his life to be in danger, immediately jumped from the boat into the water, and was unable from the same causes to re-enter the boat on the occasion mentioned.

That your Petitioner returned to his duties on the following day, the nineteenth of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and there continued until a communication was made to him by Mr. Black aforesaid, to the effect that his services were no longer required.

That your Petitioner was under the impression that the late Colonial Treasurer would cause an investigation into the circumstance to be made, but such investigation, as far as your Petitioner is aware, never took place.

That your Petitioner feels aggrieved that he should have been so summarily dismissed from the Government Service under the circumstance above stated, without any reason being alleged for, or any allowance made to your Petitioner, to cause for any such dismissal.

That your Petitioner, since the communication made to him as aforesaid by Mr. Black, has been unable to obtain permanent employment, and that having a wife and six children entirely dependent on him for support, places the case with the utmost confidence in your hands, and hopes it may meet with your favourable consideration.

Your Petitioner, therefore, humbly prays that you will be pleased to take the circumstance of his case into your most favourable consideration, and afford him such relief in the premises as to you may seem meet.

And your Petitioner will ever pray.

Dated this            day of July, A.D. 1872. •

his  
JOHN × QUINN.  
mark

Witness—JAMES AVERY.

1873.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## CUSTOMS.

(DUTIES PAID IN ANTICIPATION OF A CHANGE IN THE TARIFF.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 4 November, 1873.*

		<i>From 1st to 10th November, 1854.</i>			£	s.	d.
On Brandy	...	...	...	...	8,743	1	0
On Gin	...	...	...	...	5,948	2	10
On Rum	...	...	...	...	6,405	3	7
					<u>£21,096</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>5</u>

		<i>During month of June, 1855.</i>			£	s.	d.
On Brandy	...	...	...	...	11,943	2	11
On Rum	...	...	...	...	14,030	2	2
					<u>£25,973</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>

		1863.			£	s.	d.
December 2nd—On Rum	...	...	...	...	£2,509	17	0

		1865.			£	s.	d.
May 23rd—On Tea	...	...	...	...	4,055	1	3
„ 26th—	„	...	...	...	1,732	10	0
„ 27th—	„	...	...	...	5,682	5	9
					<u>£11,469</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>0</u>

W. A. DUNCAN.

		1868.			£	s.	d.
		ON TEA.					
7th January.—	Mr. John Mills	...	...	...	40	9	3
	Messrs. Fanning, Griffiths, & Co.	...	...	...	108	1	0
	Mr. G. Whiteford	...	...	...	12	16	3
	Messrs. Daniell, King, & Co.	...	...	...	1,598	1	9
	„ Parbury Bros.	...	...	...	6,302	3	0
8th	„ Gilchrist, Watt, & Co.	...	...	...	1,363	5	3
	„ Fanning, Griffiths, & Co.	...	...	...	378	13	6
	„ Brown & Co.	...	...	...	5	8	9
					<u>£9,808</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>9</u>

		ON RAW SUGAR.			£	s.	d.
7th January.—	Colonial Sugar Refining Company	...	...	...	2,100	0	0
8th	„ Mr. R. T. Ford	...	...	...	*1,700	0	0
	Mr. James Powell	...	...	...	1,630	0	0
	Messrs. J. Frazer & Co.	...	...	...	225	0	0
					<u>£5,655</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

Custom House, Sydney,  
31 October, 1873.

W. A. DUNCAN.

1871.

\* This amount was erroneously placed to account of Tea in the books.

1871.

DETAILED Statement showing the names of persons who paid Duties on the undermentioned Articles, from 19th January to 15th February, inclusive.

CIGARS.							£	s.	d.
E. T. Penfold	...	...	...	...	...	...	224	10	6
Thos. Saywell	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	7	6
A. W. Sutton	...	...	...	...	...	...	619	19	4
J. H. Myers	...	...	...	...	...	...	148	18	6
M'Donald, Smith, & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	526	18	3
C. Bent	...	...	...	...	...	...	301	10	0
Brown & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	966	14	3
S. Hoffnung & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	107	17	8
Church & Hills	...	...	...	...	...	...	146	7	3
A. Goodwin	...	...	...	...	...	...	133	2	6
Daniel, King, & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	999	3	9
							£4,334	9	6
TEA.							£	s.	d.
Lorimer, Marwood, & Rome	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,356	5	6
Brown & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	270	0	0
Parbury, Lamb, & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,460	14	9
John Frazer & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,867	5	1
Towns & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,444	12	0
M'Donald, Smith, & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	175	14	0
Smith Brothers	...	...	...	...	...	...	134	5	3
E. Chapman & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	205	0	0
D. King & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,693	5	6
							£9,607	2	1
WINE.							£	s.	d.
Cooper, Nathan, & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	180	15	0
Frazer & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	814	14	8
Parbury Bros.	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,139	4	0
Stewart & Garrick	...	...	...	...	...	...	525	5	10
Brown & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,076	12	0
Tucker & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	519	9	0
D. Cohen & Co.	...	...	...	...	...	...	328	15	0
							£5,584	15	6

W. A. DUNCAN.



1873.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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## THE TARIFF.

(PETITION OF TIMBER MERCHANTS AND OTHERS, RELATIVE TO.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 30 October, 1873.*

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Sydney, 29th October, 1873.

To the Honorable the Members of the Legislative Assembly, in Parliament assembled.

The Petition of the undersigned,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

That if the Duty at present being collected on *Doors, Sashes*, and manufactured Galvanized Iron, be removed, without also that on Timber and plain Galvanized Sheet Iron, the Manufacturers of New South Wales will be placed at a great disadvantage; and your Petitioners, therefore, humbly pray that your Honorable House will either remove the Duty on the raw material or retain that on manufactured goods.

And your Petitioners, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

[*Here follow 12 Signatures.*]

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1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

CUSTOMS.

(NAMES OF PERSONS WHO PAID DUTY ON TOBACCO FROM 29 AUGUST TO 17 OCTOBER, 1873.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 23 October, 1873.*

THE names of all persons who paid Customs Duty for Tobacco from the 29th day of August last to the 17th day of October instant, inclusive, distinguishing manufactured from unmanufactured Tobacco, and showing the weight in pounds withdrawn, and the amounts in money paid by each person or firm operating.

Names.	Manufactured Tobacco.		Unmanufactured Tobacco.	
	Weight.	Amount Paid.	Weight.	Amount Paid.
	lbs.	£ s. d.	lbs.	£ s. d.
Barnard & Hinton .....	4,317	431 14 0	.....	.....
Boyd & Lindon .....	211	21 2 0	.....	.....
C. Bent .....	4,092 <sup>6</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	409 4 10	.....	.....
J. Barlow .....	901	90 2 0	.....	.....
H. S. Bird & Co. ....	20 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	2 1 0	.....	.....
G. E. Austin .....	.....	.....	12	0 12 0
Cameron, Dunn, & Co. ....	.....	.....	84,391	4,219 11 0
Church & Hill .....	2,698	269 16 0	.....	.....
D. Cooper & Co. ....	401	40 2 0	.....	.....
D. Cohen & Co. ....	4,461	446 2 0	.....	.....
J. J. Curran .....	238	23 16 0	.....	.....
Dalton Bros. ....	5,396	539 12 0	.....	.....
Dangar, Gedye, & Co. ....	913	91 6 0	.....	.....
Dixson & Sons .....	.....	.....	102,825	5,141 5 0
Egger & Bartlett .....	505	50 10 0	.....	.....
J. Frazer & Co. ....	9,097	909 14 0	.....	.....
A. Fairfax & Co. ....	1,093	109 6 0	.....	.....
Harrison & Attwood .....	374	37 8 0	.....	.....
J. Jacobs & Co. ....	3,463 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	346 7 0	.....	.....
Learmonth, Dickinson, & Co. ....	254	25 8 0	.....	.....
J. R. Love .....	256	25 12 0	.....	.....
S. De Lissa .....	2,230	223 0 0	.....	.....
J. H. Myers .....	2,946 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	294 12 6	.....	.....
On Chong & Co. ....	434 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	43 9 0	.....	.....
J. Noake .....	558 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	55 17 0	.....	.....
Nelson Bros. ....	826	82 12 0	.....	.....
S. Naylor .....	1 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	0 3 0	.....	.....
E. T. Penfold .....	2,153	215 6 0	42,695	2,134 15 0
Parbury, Lamb, & Co. ....	4,661	466 2 0	172,283	8,614 3 0
W. Russell .....	60	6 0 0	.....	.....
Sippel Bros. ....	1,215	121 10 0	.....	.....
J. Smith .....	127	12 14 0	.....	.....
J. Saywell .....	490	49 0 0	58,971	2,948 11 0
A. W. Sutton .....	5,499	549 18 0	.....	.....
Sun Kee .....	270 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	27 0 6	.....	.....
Sun Kum Tie .....	614	61 8 0	.....	.....
T. J. Stuchbury & Co. ....	215	21 10 0	.....	.....
Tin War & Co. ....	623 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	62 6 6	.....	.....
S. Tibbett .....	1 <sup>8</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	0 1 0	.....	.....
J. W. Thomas .....	377	37 14 0	.....	.....
R. Towns & Co. ....	561	56 2 0	.....	.....
Wright, Reading, & Co. ....	257	25 14 0	.....	.....

Custom House, Sydney,  
23rd October, 1873.

W. A. DUNCAN,  
Collector of Customs.



1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

---

REPORT FROM THE SELECT COMMITTEE

ON THE

PAYMENT OF DUTY ON TOBACCO;

TOGETHER WITH THE

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE,

MINUTES OF EVIDENCE,

AND

APPENDIX.

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ORDERED BY THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY TO BE PRINTED,  
12 *December*, 1873.

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SYDNEY : THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

1873.

1873.

EXTRACTS FROM THE VOTES AND PROCEEDINGS OF THE  
LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

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VOTES, No. 33. TUESDAY, 4 NOVEMBER, 1873.

9. PAYMENT OF DUTY ON TOBACCO:—Mr. John Robertson moved, pursuant to *amended* Notice,—
- (1.) That a Select Committee be appointed, with power to send for persons and papers, to inquire into and report upon the circumstances connected with the recent large payments of Duty on Tobacco, and the publications in the *Government Gazette* of Customs Returns with reference to Tobacco.
- (2.) That such Committee consist of Mr. G. A. Lloyd, Mr. Macleay, Mr. Booth, Mr. Nelson, Sir James Martin, Mr. Lucas, Mr. Oakes, Mr. Garrett, and the Mover.
- Debate ensued.
- And Mr. Oakes requiring that the Committee be appointed by Ballot,—
- Question,—That a Select Committee be appointed, with power to send for persons and papers, to inquire into and report upon the circumstances connected with the recent large payments of Duty on Tobacco, and the publications in the *Government Gazette* of Customs Returns with reference to Tobacco,—put and passed.
- Whereupon the House proceeded to the Ballot, and Mr. Speaker declared the following to be the Committee duly appointed:—Mr. John Robertson, Mr. G. A. Lloyd, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Booth, Mr. Garrett, Sir James Martin, Mr. Oakes, Mr. Lucas, and Mr. Macleay.
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VOTES, No. 38. WEDNESDAY, 12 NOVEMBER, 1873.

3. PAYMENT OF DUTY ON TOBACCO:—Mr. John Robertson (*with the concurrence of the House*) moved, without Notice, That all Papers laid before Parliament, together with all recorded Questions put to Ministers, and Answers thereto, having reference to the late increase of Duty on Tobacco, be referred to the Select Committee now sitting on that subject.
- Question put and passed.
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VOTES, No. 56. FRIDAY, 12 DECEMBER, 1873.

2. PAYMENT OF DUTY ON TOBACCO:—Mr. John Robertson, as Chairman, brought up the Report from, and laid upon the Table the Minutes of Proceedings of, and of Evidence taken before the Select Committee for whose consideration and Report this subject was referred on 4th November, 1873, together with Appendix.
- Ordered to be printed.
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1873.

## PAYMENT OF DUTY ON TOBACCO.

## REPORT.

THE SELECT COMMITTEE of the Legislative Assembly, appointed on the 4th November, 1873, with power to send for persons and papers, to inquire into and report upon the circumstances connected with the recent large payment of Duty on Tobacco, and the publications in the "Government Gazette" of Customs Returns with reference to Tobacco, to whom were referred, on the 12th November, all Papers laid before Parliament, together with all recorded Questions put to Ministers and Answers thereto, having reference to the late increase of Duty on Tobacco, have agreed to the following Report:—

With reference to the first branch of the subject referred to your Committee for consideration and report—"the circumstances connected with the recent large payments of Duty on Tobacco"—your Committee find the facts as developed by the evidence to be as follow:—

1. That the Treasurer first submitted to the Cabinet a proposal to increase <sup>13 and 14.</sup> the Import Duty on Tobacco on Friday, the 10th October last.
2. That this proposal was further considered, and finally agreed to by the <sup>7.</sup> Cabinet, on Monday, the 13th October, up to which date the Treasurer in his evidence said "No human being knew anything at all about it <sup>14.</sup> except myself, the Cabinet, and Mr. Thomson in the Treasury;" and he afterwards added "that he consulted nobody, neither his 'Officers,' <sup>40.</sup> nor his 'Colleagues,' nor the Collector of Customs before the 10th."
3. That the Treasurer first submitted the proposal to your Honorable House <sup>Parliamentary Proceedings.</sup> on the afternoon of Thursday, the 16th of October.
4. That for some days before the 15th October the Collector of Customs <sup>Appendix B 5.</sup> had observed that the Importers of Tobacco had shewn signs of uneasiness and a desire to clear their stocks out of Bond but does not appear to have reported that circumstance to the Treasurer until that day.
5. That on the morning of Wednesday, the 15th October, the Warehouseman, <sup>477-8-9-80</sup> Mr. Fancourt, called upon the Collector of Customs and said "That <sup>1-2-3-4-5,</sup> he thought there was something up," "that the importers of Tobacco <sup>531-2-3-4-5-</sup> were preparing their entries, and that a number of them were being <sup>6-7.</sup> put through," and that at about that time a Clerk in the Department spoke to the Collector about it. Upon Mr. Fancourt's communication, <sup>213.</sup> the Collector immediately, and in time to have prevented the Tobacco <sup>66, 316.</sup> from being taken out of Bond, had the Minister been so disposed, <sup>519-20-1-2-3.</sup> wrote a note to the Treasurer, in which he said that "holders of Tobacco appear to have got some inkling of an increase of Duty, as <sup>Appendix B 5.</sup> entries are pouring in rapidly," but there is no evidence before the Committee to show at what hour of the day on the 15th October the note referred to reached the Treasurer's hands.

37, 405-6-7-8.

67, 467-8-9-70.

14, 178, 244, 299.

413 and note, and 418.

Appendix B 1.

6. That the Treasurer wrote a reply to this note, which was not preserved by the Collector, but which that officer states was to the effect "that these gentlemen would probably find themselves deceived."
7. That it is proved that the Collector was not aware of the Treasurer's intention to propose an increased Duty on Tobacco, which would appear to be the reason why he did not distinctly advise or suggest to the Treasurer to close the Custom House, as has been previously done on similar occasions.
8. That on the 15th and 16th of October £902 14s. was paid into the Customs as Duty on Manufactured Tobacco, and £12,885 3s. for Unmanufactured (total, £13,787 17s.), an equal amount to which, or thereabouts, would have been saved to the Revenue (assuming that the Treasurer's proposal had been sanctioned by your Honorable House) had the Custom House been closed on the 15th, when the Collector informed the Treasurer of the rush to pass entries for Tobacco. This not having been done, there remained but two courses open to the Government for adoption, either to allow the persons who had thus cleared their Tobacco from Bond to profit largely, to the great prejudice of other traders and loss to the Revenue, or to abandon the projected increase of Duty. The result was that after several nights debate in your Honorable House the latter course was adopted.

2. With regard to the second branch of the subject referred to your Committee, we find that the present mode of publishing the weekly Customs Returns does not convey the information they were intended to convey, but absolutely misleads those who may refer to them for information as to the quantity of Tobacco in Bond. Mr. Duncan says, in answer to question 256—"As far as the return is concerned, I think I have already said it is a delusion. It is not, and it cannot possibly be, a correct return." Your Committee recommend that the form of the Return should be revised, and that a column or columns should be added thereto, exhibiting the estimated quantity of untared Tobacco in Bond.

3. Your Committee feel warranted in calling attention to the effect on the Revenue of the Differential Duty on imported Unmanufactured Tobacco, and to the circumstances under which the manufacture of imported Tobacco in Bond is carried on in Sydney, as shewn by the Evidence and Appendices.

JOHN ROBERTSON,  
Chairman.

No. 3 Committee Room,  
Sydney, 11th December, 1873.



## PROCEEDINGS OF THE COMMITTEE.

TUESDAY, 11 NOVEMBER, 1873.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Mr. John Robertson,		Mr. Nelson,
Mr. Garrett,		Mr. Lucas.

Mr. Robertson called to the Chair.

Entry from Votes and Proceedings, appointing the Committee, *read* by the Clerk.

Committee deliberated.

*Ordered*,—That the Hon. G. A. Lloyd be requested, and W. A. Duncan, Esq., be summoned, to give evidence next meeting.[Adjourned to Friday next, at *half-past Ten* o'clock.]

FRIDAY, 14 NOVEMBER, 1873.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Mr. John Robertson in the Chair.

Mr. Garrett,		Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Booth,		Mr. Nelson.

Mr. Macleay.

Entry from Votes and Proceedings, referring Papers, &c., to the Committee, *read* by the Clerk.Copies of Papers, &c., *referred*, before the Committee.The Honorable G. A. Lloyd (*Colonial Treasurer*), a Member of the Committee, examined in his place.W. A. Duncan, Esq. (*Collector of Customs*), called in and examined.

Witness requested to furnish certain Returns in reference to the subject under consideration.

Witness withdrew.

Committee deliberated.

*Ordered*,—That W. A. Duncan, Esq., the Hon. G. Eagar, and Mr. Thomas Fancourt, be summoned to give evidence next meeting.[Adjourned to Wednesday next, at *Two* o'clock.]

WEDNESDAY, 19 NOVEMBER, 1873.

In the absence of a quorum, the meeting called for this day lapsed.

THURSDAY, 20 NOVEMBER, 1873.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Mr. John Robertson in the Chair.

Mr. Nelson,		Mr. Garrett,
Mr. G. A. Lloyd.		

The Honorable G. Eagar (*Under Secretary for Finance and Trade*) called in and examined.Witness *handed in* the following documents in reference to Duty on Tobacco:—

- (1.) A certified copy of a Petition, addressed to the Legislative Assembly in 1861, from merchants of Sydney, with Treasurer's and Collector's minutes thereon. (*See Appendix A 1*);
- (2.) A certified copy of a letter addressed to the Colonial Treasurer (Mr. Weekes) in 1861, by Messrs. Hugh Dickson, Edw. M'Enroe, and Archibald Thompson. (*See Appendix A 2*);
- (3.) A certified copy of a Bill introduced into the Assembly in 1861. (*See Appendix A 3*);—

which were ordered to be appended.

Witness withdrew.

W. A. Duncan, Esq. (*Collector of Customs*), called in and further examined.Witness *handed in* the following documents in reference to Duty on Tobacco:—

- (1.) Return showing names of persons who paid duty on tobacco from 29 August to 17 October, 1873. (*See Appendix B 1*);
- (2.) Copy of Regulations for Messrs. Cameron, Dun, & Co.'s Tobacco Bonding and Manufacturing Warehouse. (*See Appendix B 2*);
- (3.) Statistics in reference to manufactured and unmanufactured tobacco in the Colony, and of leaf tobacco recently from Victoria. (*See Appendix B 3*);
- (4.) Custom House certificates, showing that a distinction is made between stemmed and unstemmed tobacco. (*See Appendix B 4*);
- (5.) Letter from Collector of Customs to Colonial Treasurer (*Mr. G. A. Lloyd*), informing him of the unusual rush on tobacco. (*See Appendix B 5*);—

which were ordered to be appended.

Witness withdrew.

Mr.

Mr. Thomas Fancourt called in and examined.  
 Witness withdrew.  
 Committee deliberated.  
 Reassembling of the Committee to be arranged by the Chairman.  
 [Adjourned.]

WEDNESDAY, 10 DECEMBER, 1873.

MEMBERS PRESENT :—

Mr. John Robertson in the Chair.

Mr. Macleay,		Mr. G. A. Lloyd,
Mr. Garrett,		Mr. Booth.

Chairman submitted Draft Report, which was read 1<sup>o</sup>, as follows :—

“With reference to the first branch of the subject referred to your Committee for consideration and report—“the circumstances connected with the recent large payments of Duty on Tobacco”—your Committee find the facts as developed by the evidence to be as follow :—

- 13 and 14. “1. That the Treasurer first submitted to the Cabinet a proposal to increase the Import Duty on Tobacco on Friday, the 10th October last.
7. “2. That this proposal was further considered, and finally agreed to by the Cabinet, on Monday, the 13th October, up to which date the Treasurer in his evidence said ‘No human being knew anything at all about it except myself, the Cabinet, and Mr. Thomson in the Treasury;’ and he afterwards added ‘that he consulted nobody, neither his ‘Officers,’ nor his ‘Colleagues,’ nor the Collector of Customs before the 10th.”
14. “3. That the Treasurer first submitted the proposal to your Honorable House on the afternoon of Thursday, the 16th of October.
40. “4. That for some days before the 15th October the Importers of Tobacco had shown signs of uneasiness and a desire to clear their stocks out of Bond.
- Parliamentary Proceedings. “5. That on the morning of Wednesday, the 15th October, the Warehouseman, Mr. Fancourt, called upon the Collector of Customs and said ‘That he thought there was something up,’ ‘that the importers of Tobacco were preparing their entries, and that a number of them were being put through,’ and that at about that time a Clerk in the Department spoke to the Collector about it. Upon Mr. Fancourt’s communication, the Collector immediately, and in time to have prevented the Tobacco from being taken out of Bond, had the Minister been so disposed, wrote a note to the Treasurer, in which he said that ‘holders of Tobacco appear to have got some inkling of an increase of Duty, as entries are pouring in rapidly.’
- Appendix B 5. “6. That the Treasurer wrote a reply to this note which was not preserved by the Collector, but which that officer states was to the effect ‘that these gentlemen [the payers of Duty on Tobacco] would probably find themselves deceived.’ It is not shown whether or not the Treasurer consulted his Colleagues before making this communication to the Collector.
- 477-8-9-20. “7. That it is proved that the Collector was not aware of the Treasurer’s intention to propose an increased Duty on Tobacco, which would appear to be the reason why he did not distinctly advise or suggest to the Treasurer to close the Custom House, as has been previously done on several similar occasions.
- 1-2-3-4-5. “8. That on the 15th and 16th of October £902 14s. was paid into the Customs as Duty on Manufactured Tobacco, and £12,885 3s. for Unmanufactured (total, £13,787 17s.), an equal amount to which, or thereabouts, would have been saved to the Revenue (assuming that the Treasurer’s proposal had been sanctioned by your Honorable House) had the Custom House been closed on the 15th, when the Collector informed the Treasurer of the rush to pass entries for Tobacco. This not having been done, there remained but two courses open to the Government for adoption, either to allow the persons who had thus cleared their Tobacco from Bond to profit largely, to the great prejudice of other traders and loss to the Revenue, or to abandon the projected increase of Duty. The result was that after several nights debate in your Honorable House the latter course was adopted.
- 531-2-3-4-5-6-7. “2. With regard to the second branch of the subject referred to your Committee, we find that the present mode of publishing the weekly Customs Returns does not convey the information they were intended to convey, but absolutely misleads those who may refer to them for information as to the quantity of Tobacco in Bond. Mr. Duncan says, in answer to question 256—“As far as the return is concerned, I think I have already said it is a delusion. It is not, and it cannot possibly be, a correct return.” Your Committee recommend that the form of the Return should be revised, and that a column or columns should be added thereto, exhibiting the estimated quantity of untared Tobacco in Bond.

“3. Your Committee feel warranted in calling attention to the effect on the Revenue of the Differential Duty on imported Unmanufactured Tobacco, and to the circumstances under which the manufacture of imported Tobacco in Bond is carried on in Sydney, as shewn by the Evidence and Appendices.”

Mr. Garrett moved,—That Draft Report be read 2<sup>o</sup>, paragraph by paragraph.

Mr. G. A. Lloyd requested the Committee to postpone the 2<sup>o</sup> reading until to-morrow, as he had only received a copy of the Draft Report this morning, and had not had sufficient time to fully consider it. Committee deliberated, and decided to adjourn to to-morrow at Two o’clock.

THURSDAY,

THURSDAY, 11 DECEMBER, 1873.

MEMBERS PRESENT:—

Mr. John Robertson in the Chair.

Mr. G. A. Lloyd,		Mr. Garrett,
Mr. Macleay,		Mr. Booth,
		Mr. Nelson.

Committee deliberated.

Draft Report read 2° paragraph by paragraph.

Paragraph 1, preamble read and agreed to.

Sub-paragraphs 1 to 3, inclusive, read and agreed to.

Sub-paragraph 4 read and amended, on motion of Mr. G. A. Lloyd, by the insertion of the words, after the second word "the" "Collector of Customs had observed that the," and by the insertion of the words at the end of the sub-paragraph, "but does not appear to have reported that circumstance to the Treasurer until that day."

Sub-paragraph as amended, agreed to.

Sub-paragraph 5 read.

Amendment proposed (*Mr. G. A. Lloyd*) to omit the following words after the words "immediately" "and in time to have prevented the Tobacco from being taken out of Bond had the Minister been so disposed."

Question—"That the words proposed to be omitted be so omitted"—put.  
Committed divided.

Aye, 1.		Noes, 4.
Mr. G. A. Lloyd.		Mr. Garrett, Mr. Macleay, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Booth.

So it was resolved in the negative.

Sub-paragraph further considered and amended, on motion of Mr. G. A. Lloyd, by the insertion of the following words at the end of the sub-paragraph, "but there is no evidence before the Committee to show at what hour of the day on the 15th October the note referred to reached the Treasurer's hands."

Question—"That sub-paragraph as amended stand sub-paragraph 5 of the Report"—put.  
Committee divided.

Ayes, 4.		No, 1.
Mr. Macleay, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Booth, Mr. Nelson.		Mr. G. A. Lloyd.

So it was resolved in the affirmative.

Sub-paragraph 6 read and amended, on motion of Mr. G. A. Lloyd, by the omission of the words "[the payers of Duty on Tobacco]", and by the omission of all the words after the word "deceived" to the end of the sub-paragraph.

Question—"That sub-paragraph as amended stand sub-paragraph 6 of the Report"—put.  
Committee divided.

Ayes, 4.		No, 1.
Mr. Macleay, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Booth.		Mr. G. A. Lloyd.

So it was resolved in the affirmative.

Sub-paragraph 7 read.

Amendment proposed (*Mr. G. A. Lloyd*) to omit all the words after the word "House" to the end of the sub-paragraph.

Question—"That the words proposed to be omitted be so omitted"—put.  
Committee divided.

Aye, 1.		Noes, 4.
Mr. G. A. Lloyd.		Mr. Garrett, Mr. Macleay, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Booth.

So it was resolved in the negative.

Sub-paragraph further considered, and amended, on motion of Mr. Garrett, by the omission of the word "several."

Question—"That the sub-paragraph as amended stand sub-paragraph 7 of the Report"—put.  
Committee divided.

Ayes, 4.		No, 1.
Mr. Garrett, Mr. Macleay, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Booth.		Mr. G. A. Lloyd.

So it was resolved in the affirmative.

Sub-paragraph 8 read.

Amendment proposed (*Mr. G. A. Lloyd*) to omit all the words after and inclusive of "an" to end of sub-paragraph.

Question—

Question—That the words proposed to be omitted be so omitted—put.  
Committee divided.

Ayes, 2.

Mr. G. A. Lloyd,  
Mr. Nelson.

Noes, 3.

Mr. Garrett,  
Mr. Macleay,  
Mr. Booth.

So it was resolved in the negative.

Sub-paragraph as read, agreed to.

Paragraph 2 read.

Amendment proposed (*Mr. G. A. Lloyd*), to omit all the words after the word "revised" to the end of the paragraph, with the view to the insertion of the following words, "and that it should show accurately the quantity of Tobacco manufactured and unmanufactured received into and delivered from Bond during each week, and the Stock in Bond at the end of each week."

Question—That the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the paragraph—put.  
Committee divided.

Ayes, 4.

Mr. Macleay,  
Mr. Garrett,  
Mr. Nelson,  
Mr. Booth.

No, 1.

Mr. G. A. Lloyd.

So it was resolved in the affirmative.

Paragraph as read, agreed to.

Paragraph 3 read.

Amendment proposed (*Mr. G. A. Lloyd*), to omit the paragraph.

Question—That this paragraph be omitted—put.  
Committee divided.

Ayes, 2.

Mr. Macleay,  
Mr. G. A. Lloyd.

Noes, 3.

Mr. Garrett,  
Mr. Nelson,  
Mr. Booth.

And so it was resolved in the negative.

Paragraph as read, agreed to.

Motion made (*Mr. Garrett*) and Question—That the Report as amended be the Report of the Committee—put.

Committee divided.

Ayes, 4.

Mr. Macleay,  
Mr. Garrett,  
Mr. Nelson,  
Mr. Booth.

No. 1.

Mr. G. A. Lloyd.

So it was resolved in the affirmative.

Chairman to report to the House.

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1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## MINUTES OF EVIDENCE

TAKEN BEFORE

THE SELECT COMMITTEE

ON THE

## PAYMENT OF DUTY ON TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, 14 NOVEMBER, 1873.

Present:—

MR. BOOTH,  
MR. GARRETT,  
MR. NELSON,THE HON. G. A. LLOYD,  
MR. MACLEAY,  
MR. J. ROBERTSON.

JOHN ROBERTSON, Esq., IN THE CHAIR.

The Honorable G. A. Lloyd, Esq., M.L.A., was examined in his place:—

1. *Chairman.*] We have asked if you will be good enough to give evidence;—is it your intention to do so? Yes.
2. Will you look at the resolution before you under which this Committee was appointed? Yes.
3. You are of course aware that it is the fact that a large quantity of unmanufactured tobacco was withdrawn from the Customs within a fortnight before the 17th of last month? Yes.
4. Have you made inquiries with a view to ascertain how it came about that such large quantities of tobacco were withdrawn? No, I have not.
5. Have you formed any opinion of your own as to what was the reason of these large quantities of tobacco being withdrawn from the Customs within the time specified? Not the slightest.
6. It was immediately antecedent to the change of duty upon that class of tobacco;—was it not? Yes.
7. Were there many persons, so far as you know, who were aware that it was the intention of the Government to alter the duty? Not that I am aware of. No person could have known anything about it until Monday, the 13th of October, because nothing was decided until that day.
8. Monday, the 13th of October? Yes.
9. And the tobacco was withdrawn principally previous to that;—was it not? No; I think not. You have got the dates in the papers before the Committee on which it was withdrawn. I did not bring my papers with me, but I presume all the information is here.
10. It could not have been known until the 13th? It could not have been known until the 13th, because nothing was decided until the 13th.
11. Were no inquiries made which might have induced any of the officials to arrive at the conclusion that it was the intention of the Government to alter the duty on tobacco? Not by me.
12. I mean inquiries by you. I am aware that a Minister has to make inquiries antecedent to his action, and it may possibly be that in this case inquiries were made which might have had the effect of setting men's minds at work speculating on the intentions of the Government? No, I do not think that any inquiry was made at all. Of course I had the weekly returns about tobacco, which gave me all the information which I could get from anybody. I could refer to them.
13. You mean that no one but the Members of the Government were aware of the intention of the Government to alter the duty on tobacco? No one. I consulted nobody in any way. I framed the Tariff myself, and I submitted it to the Cabinet on the Friday.
14. *Mr. Garrett.*] Was that the 13th? No, it was approved on the Monday. It was slightly altered. No human being knew anything at all about it except myself and the Cabinet, and Mr. Thomson in the Treasury, whom I employed to copy the calculations I made. I made half-a-dozen Tariffs before I framed the one which was finally submitted. I must have had some one to copy the figures for me as I could not

The  
Hon. G. A.  
Lloyd, Esq.,  
M.L.A.

14 Nov., 1873.

The  
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M.L.A.

14 Nov., 1873.

do it myself. Mr. Thomson being one of the most reliable men,—a gentleman upon whom every Cabinet has been able to depend,—I employed him personally to copy my calculations. I would not even allow Mr. Thomson to let any clerk copy a portion of it. I required him to do it all himself. I never consulted anybody out of doors; not even my colleagues.

15. *Chairman.*] Did the whole of the Members of the Cabinet know on the 13th? On the 13th the Tariff was approved by the Cabinet.

16. Are you aware of the reason of the differential duty between manufactured and unmanufactured tobacco; why it was adopted? I beg pardon.

17. Why was the difference in the duty between manufactured and unmanufactured tobacco established? In the first instance do you mean?

18. Yes? Years ago?

19. Yes? No, I really do not know. I have not inquired.

20. Are you aware that there is a great difference between the unmanufactured tobacco which arrives here as compared with that which used to be imported; that there is a great difference in the actual quantity; that there is great waste in the leaf tobacco? I have heard you say so, and I dare say you are correct.

21. Is there no distinction now taken in the Customs of these two kinds of tobacco? Not that I am aware of.

22. Are you aware when it was that the kind of unmanufactured tobacco which is now imported first began to arrive here;—you have been a merchant here for a long time; unprepared leaf tobacco used to come here, but I think it is only of late years that this half prepared tobacco has come to be imported? My attention was not drawn to the subject until I heard you remark upon it in the speech which you made in the House; and if I had known of it it would not have made any difference.

23. You have been accustomed to peruse this weekly return of spirits and tobacco? Yes, for many years.

24. Will you be good enough to read the heading of it? It is a "Return of spirits and tobacco in New South Wales for the week ending 17th October, 1873, showing the receipts, issues, and stock."

25. What is the object of publishing that return? The object of publishing this return is, I presume, to let the public see what is the quantity of these dutiable articles in bond.

26. Does that return show the quantity of dutiable articles in bond? I think it does as far as the merchants expect the information. The merchants know perfectly well that this return cannot possibly show anything that arrived the day before.

27. Is it not a fact that it does not show tobacco that arrived two months before? Nearly every man in business knows, as I stated in the House, that it takes a considerable time to get tobacco weighed and tared, and into the Custom House books. If you had had as much trouble as I have had in matters of this kind you would know the time it takes. I have known a merchant who wanted to sell his goods put to great delay because he could not get his returns sent into the Custom House. He has had to go day after day after the officers who have been too busily engaged about other things to attend to him, in order to induce them to get their returns in. Mr. Duncan will no doubt be in a position to give you all information on this subject. I have no doubt, at all events, that the Customs' officers in the Bonded Stores attend to the most pressing duty first. A duty that does not press they let wait in favour of business which is more urgent. If one man has a quantity of tobacco in bond, with regard to which he is in no hurry, and if another man has a quantity of spirits in bond, about which he is in a hurry, the officer will attend first to the man who is in a hurry about the spirits, and he will let the tobacco wait. I give you that simply as the result of my own experience as a merchant in the City. I have sometimes been a week before I could get my returns.

28. Is it not a fact that spirits are always gauged when they are taken into bond? Of course it is.

29. Why could not tobacco be tared in the same way? I really cannot say. Mr. Duncan will, do doubt, be able to tell you. I see he is to be examined as a witness here to-day.

30. Having that return, of which we have been speaking, you mean that, although it purports to give an account of all the tobacco in bond in New South Wales on that date, it really does not do so? No, it certainly does not.

31. And there might be 100 tons of tobacco in bond and it might not be mentioned there? There might.

32. *Mr. Nelson.*] Are you not aware that during the week ending the 10th of October, the returns did not show, by a very large amount indeed, the quantity of tobacco that was actually in bond? No; it did not.

33. You are aware of that? Yes.

34. Are you aware that in order to make good the quantity of tobacco upon which duty was paid, the ledger-keeper had to borrow 70,000 lbs. of unmanufactured tobacco to make good the quantity upon which duty had been paid? No; this is the first I ever heard of it.

35. Are you aware that this large quantity of tobacco, of which the returns were given in this *Gazette* for the week ending 17th of October, arrived here some months previously in different ships? Yes.

36. Are you also aware that these returns had not been sent in by the landing-waiters, that the red-books had not been sent in, and that the returns had not been made up? I am not aware of that, excepting by the return sent up to me of the date on which it went into stock; I have not been informed of the details.

37. *Chairman.*] Is there anything which you would like to add to your evidence? No; I think not.

38. *Mr. Booth.*] Messrs. Cameron and Dunn, or other manufacturers who have a bond, are allowed to take tobacco out of bond by paying duty on leaf tobacco for manufacturing purposes? Yes.

39. After they have manufactured it, and paid the duty on the leaf tobacco, are they allowed drawback if they ship it to (say) New Zealand or any foreign port? No; certainly not.

40. *Mr. Nelson.*] Was not this large amount of duty paid after the Cabinet had approved of your Tariff? Really I cannot speak from memory. The Tariff was approved, as I stated, on the 13th of October. I submitted it to the Cabinet on the Friday. The Cabinet took some time to consider it, and on Monday the 13th the Cabinet approved of it. I consulted nobody—neither my officers nor my colleagues, nor the Collector of Customs.

41. *Mr. Garrett.*] You submitted it on Thursday to the House? On the following Thursday I submitted it to the House.

42. *Mr. Nelson.*] You submitted it to the Cabinet on Friday? Yes.

43. Then it became known to the Cabinet on that day? It then became known to my colleagues what I proposed to do, and on Monday, the 13th, they approved of it.

## ON THE PAYMENT OF DUTY ON TOBACCO.

44. Are you not aware that this large quantity of duty was paid on the 14th and 15th of October? The returns are somewhere which will show the dates. Returns have been laid on the table showing the exact dates.

45. If it was on the 14th and 15th, it was after the Cabinet had approved of your Tariff? Yes.

46. *Mr. Booth.*] Are Messrs. Cameron, Dunn, and Co. allowed to manufacture leaf tobacco in bond? Yes.

47. And that they can send out without any drawback? Yes, they can send it in bond.

48. I want to know this—Whether you allow them to send out the same quantity of manufactured tobacco as will account for the amount of leaf tobacco they take into bond? Will you be kind enough to put your question again?

49. They take into bond and manufacture (say) twenty tierces of leaf tobacco, weighing so much? Yes.

50. And when they ship that tobacco to New Zealand or anywhere else, the number of tierces and the weight of what they ship is in proportion to the quantity of the leaf tobacco they had previously taken into bond? All the tobacco which they manufacture in bond is manufactured under the supervision of our own officers. I do not think that they have begun to manufacture yet, but they have permission to do so. Mr. Duncan has made regulations, which I have signed; and, as far as I remember, the manufacture is to go on under the supervision of our own officers. They keep an account of all that goes into bond and of all that is taken out of bond; and the officers account for all that is manufactured in bond.

51. *Mr. Garrett.*] If Messrs. Cameron and Dunn take out 1,000 lbs. weight of leaf tobacco in bond, and manufacture it without having paid the duty, and then export it? They cannot take it out of bond and manufacture it without paying the duty; they can only export it duty paid or in bond.

52. They do not get the drawback? They do not get drawback on tobacco manufactured there.

53. If they manufactured it in bond they would? There is no duty and no drawback. They manufacture it in bond, and they export it in bond.

54. They have never paid any duty? They have never paid any duty because there is nothing to pay.

55. *Chairman.*] Of course they do not manufacture tobacco in bond which is intended to be consumed in the Colony? No.

56. They would have to pay 2s. a lb. duty? Yes.

57. They manufacture for the Colony duty paid? Yes; they are not allowed to manufacture in bond at the same time that they are manufacturing duty paid. When they are manufacturing duty paid all the bond must be closed, and when they manufacture in bond the manufacture of duty paid ceases. They cannot manufacture the two classes at the same time.

W. A. Duncan, Esq., Collector of Customs, was called in and examined:—

58. *Chairman.*] Would you be good enough to cast your eye over the resolution appointing this Committee; you will see from that what the object of the Committee is? Yes.

59. During the week ending the 17th October there was a large amount of tobacco withdrawn from bond we understand? There was.

60. Do you remember on what day it was that the tobacco was withdrawn? It was not all taken out on one day.

61. On what dates were the large proportion of it taken out? I could not state the dates exactly, but there was a return laid upon the Table of the Assembly which will show that.

62. There was a large quantity of tobacco withdrawn about that time? Yes, there was.

63. Has it occurred to you—have you ever given any consideration as to what was the reason why so extraordinary an amount of tobacco was taken out at that time? My first impression, when they began to take it out in quantities, was, that they had got some hint as to what the Tariff was to be, and I think I wrote to Mr. Lloyd to that effect; but on further consideration I have come to a totally different conclusion. I think any sharp business man who had considered the probabilities of the case would have taken out his tobacco, and my only surprise on that consideration is that the manufactured tobacco was not taken out at the same time.

64. You say you wrote to Mr. Lloyd on the subject? I wrote to Mr. Lloyd to say that there was a rush on tobacco.

65. When was that? I think that that was the first day on which they took it out in large quantities.

66. Was not that at a time when it might be stopped? The warehouse-keeper told me that there was a great number of entries for tobacco, and said that he thought there must be something up. I immediately wrote to the Treasurer to the effect that I thought some person must have got an inkling of the Tariff, in consequence of that being done; but, on further consideration, I think that I was mistaken in that opinion. If I had been a tobaccoist I would have done the same thing.

67. About this note that you wrote to the Colonial Treasurer;—did you suggest that it might be wise to suspend the issue of tobacco? I left that to him.

68. That has been done in similar cases before I think? It has been done once or twice before.

69. On the first day of this rush—this extraordinary rush—you called the Treasurer's attention to it? I called the Treasurer's attention to it.

70. You think that this extraordinary withdrawal of tobacco from bond might have arisen from keen business men supposing that it was likely that the duty on tobacco would be increased? That is my present impression, and I am strengthened in that idea by the fact that they evidently did not know what the Tariff was, or they would have taken out the manufactured tobacco as well. If they had had the secret of the Government they would have taken out one as well as the other.

71. Might not some parties who only had unmanufactured tobacco in bond have the secret, while those who had manufactured tobacco in bond might not have had the secret? That is quite possible.

72. If it is a fact that these gentlemen who did withdraw large quantities of tobacco from bond had large quantities of unmanufactured tobacco in bond, and if they had no manufactured tobacco in bond ———? I think they had manufactured tobacco in bond.

73. Much? I think they had some; I could not say now much.

74. Why do you think that a business man might have expected that the duty on tobacco would be increased?

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increased? I think he would reason in this way: The Government will lose a large revenue by the abolition of the *ad valorem* duties, and also from the repeal of some of the specific duties—and I think Mr. Lloyd had previously announced that the Government would repeal some specific duties as well. A business man would have reasoned, that the Government must have some other revenue for that which they thus gave up, and he would have asked, how are they to get it? There are only two articles on which it would be possible to do it, and those are tea and tobacco; and if they knew anything of the history of this Parliament they would have known that some Members of the present Ministry were pledged against the increase of the duty on tea, and they would thus have been shut up to the conclusion that tobacco was the article which would in all probability be selected as that upon which the Government would seek to obtain additional revenue.

75. But would not clever business men see the utter impossibility of increasing the duty on tobacco in view of the duty upon the same article in Victoria and Queensland? I do not think it is impossible at all.

76. How much would it cost to bring tobacco from Victoria to Sydney? If things were to remain as they are now it could not be done; but surely the Government has power to protect its own revenue, and if it chose to impose a higher rate of duty it could collect it.

77. By putting on Border Customs Houses again? We have Border Customs now. We could make an arrangement with Victoria to collect the additional duty, or we could abolish the treaty altogether.

78. Do you think that clever business men would expect this Government, which came into office on the Border Customs question, to take a course which would necessitate the abandonment of the Border treaty? I do not think that it would necessitate the abandonment of the Border treaty. I only supposed that even if it were to necessitate that, we could resort to the collection of the duties. But the treaty itself provides a means for regulating a matter of this kind.

79. With Queensland we have no treaty? I do not believe that it would have had any effect in regard to Queensland.

80. Why?—would tobacco not come into this Colony from Queensland? We have officers on the Queensland Border who would collect the duties as they do now.

81. You think that we could collect the duty there as we do now? I have no doubt of it. I never found any difficulty in collecting the duty on the Murray Border; in fact it was the least unpleasant of my duties, notwithstanding that there was a great noise made about it.

82. Do you remember when the difference of duty was first put on leaf tobacco and manufactured tobacco—I think you were then Collector of Customs? I think I was then at Moreton Bay.

83. *Mr. Garrett.*] In 1863? No; I now recollect—I was here.\*

84. *Chairman.*] Are you aware that when these duties were imposed the unmanufactured tobacco which used to be imported into this Colony was what was called leaf tobacco,—tobacco with the stalks in it? There was hardly any leaf tobacco arriving here before the differential duty was established.

85. I mean that the unmanufactured tobacco which came into the Colony was leaf tobacco—tobacco with the stalks in it? Yes.

86. And do you not remember that that was the reason why the difference was made? It was made in consequence of applications from the manufacturers here.

87. In consequence of the great waste. Could we get the application sent in from the manufacturers on that occasion? I do not know whether it is in my office or the Treasury. It must be in one place or the other.

88. I should like to get that paper;—are you aware when this partially manufactured tobacco, which you now call unmanufactured tobacco, first came here,—I mean the tobacco without the stalks in it? I remember the change in the Tariff, but I do not think that there was anything said about the stalks in the correspondence.

89. I was then in the Upper House and had charge of the Bill. Mr. Thomson took exception to the course that we were then pursuing, on the ground that it was protection, and he was told by me that it was not intended for protection, but that the difference in the duty was simply to make allowance for the stalks, for the waste that there was in making up the leaf tobacco? I have no recollection of that; but it is quite probable.

90. Do you remember when leaf tobacco first ceased to come here with the stalks in it? I do not remember that the stalks ever came officially under my notice. Of course I have heard conversations about them, but the subject never came under my notice officially.

91. But surely it must make a great difference in the weight and actual quantity of tobacco coming into consumption in New South Wales—whether there were stalks in this unmanufactured tobacco, and whether there were not? To the best of my recollection it never was made a feature in the discussion of the subject at the Custom House.

92. But all through has it never come under your observation that there has been a complete change come over the importation of unmanufactured tobacco so called? No doubt; that is known as a matter of fact.

93. And in fact what is called unmanufactured tobacco is partially manufactured tobacco? It is prepared so far; to a certain extent it is.

94. Is it the kind of tobacco that was intended to be let in at a lower rate of duty under this exemption? I have no recollection of any discussion on that particular point at the time. I do not think it was discussed between the manufacturers and the Government.

95. When was it that that correspondence took place? I think it must have been about the year 1863.

96. You can easily find it? I think I can easily find it. I may state that I always thought that the difference of a shilling in the duty was somewhat too much.

97. Too much if the tobacco were tobacco with the stalks in it? It is giving the manufacturer a very large margin.

98. If it had the stalks in it? The stalks no doubt make a very considerable difference.

99. I want to call your attention to the fact that the tobacco now imported without the stalks is not the tobacco intended to be let in at first? The stalks would not be lost, because they make snuff of the stalks.

\* NOTE (on revision):—The Act was passed in 1861.



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100. But the stalks are not so valuable? I do not know their comparative value.
101. Is there any tobacco now imported with the stalks in it? I could not say positively.\*
102. Would not that be a very proper thing for the Customs Department to have an eye to—whether in fact this unmanufactured tobacco that is now coming here is not really manufactured? We could not make any difference in the duty. It is not a subject likely to be brought under my notice officially.
103. If the law were altered in favour of this leaf tobacco on account of the stalks in it, and if the tobacco which subsequently came here was tobacco with the stalks out of it, surely it would be the business of some one to inform the Minister? Then it would be our duty to do it; but at present it is not.
104. But if it is a fact that the ls. was remitted in favour of leaf tobacco on account of the stalks being in it, and if immediately afterwards, or soon afterwards, this partially manufactured tobacco came here in place of the unmanufactured tobacco with the stalks in it, surely it would be the duty of the Customs Department to call the attention of the Treasurer to the change? The mere taking out of the stalks could not make manufactured tobacco of it. †
105. It may be so; but if the Colonial Treasurer and the Government, who induced Parliament to make this concession in favour of unmanufactured tobacco, on the ground that the tobacco had the stalks in, surely when the tobacco came pouring in here without the stalks in it, it would be the duty of the Customs Department to call the attention of the Government to that? If that were the case, and if it had been brought under my notice that a change had taken place in the mode of importing, I should have at once so reported; but I have no recollection whatever of the stalks forming a ground upon which the change was made. But without a change in the law, even if attention were called to it, we could not charge it as manufactured tobacco.
106. All that we can expect you to do is to inform the Ministry of this different kind of tobacco that was coming in? In point of fact it never has been officially brought under my notice that the tobacco was coming in without the stalks. I have heard the thing stated in conversation, but I did not and do not think it an evasion of the law.
107. And your officers have not called your attention to that? If they observed it they would no doubt do so—if they thought the law was evaded.
108. Whose duty would it be to observe a thing like that? It would be the duty of the landing surveyors. No report has been brought under my notice. I have heard it said that they have taken advantage of the differential duty to introduce tobacco without the stalks, but they had a right to do so.
109. You have said that when you heard that tobacco was being taken out of bond so quickly, during certain days of the week ending the 17th of October, it struck you that some one had got an inkling of what the Tariff would be? That was my first impression.
110. And that was the reason why you addressed the Minister I presume? Just so.
111. Had there been much taken out at that time? They were preparing their entries. The warehouseman intimated to me that a number of entries were being put through for tobacco. The expression he used was, "I think there must be something up." I did not say to him what I thought about the matter; but I immediately wrote to the Treasurer.
112. Would you be good enough to look at this return, and perhaps you would read the heading of it? It is "A return of spirits and tobacco in New South Wales for the week ending 17th October, 1873, showing the receipts, issues and stock."
113. Will you be good enough to tell us what the object of publishing that return is once a week? I can hardly say. I suppose it is intended to show the public what goods are in bond and what are not.
114. Does it show what tobacco is in bond? In one sense it does, and in another it does not. It never shows what goods are in the port exactly and never can.
115. But does it in this matter of tobacco approach in any way to the fact? In many instances it does not even approach to it.
116. Take that particular return, or the return for the week before, and in what respect was the return wrong? The warehouse-keeper found that entries were being passed for tobacco which he had not in stock. The tobacco was not entered in the stock-book in consequence of the tares not having been taken. He adopted a course of which I highly disapproved. He borrowed into his stock-book tobacco which was landed and not tared, in order to make it square with his return. I think it was a mistake. It was a harmless one, but the course pursued in that particular should not have been followed, and I found fault with him.
117. Did it facilitate the work of allowing the tobacco to be taken out? We could not refuse to let the tobacco out. I put obstacles in the way of taring the tobacco at this time as far as I could do it without observation, but I could not do it beyond a certain point, or if I did I should have excited observation in the very direction I wanted to conceal.
118. During that week how much tobacco was there in bond untared, or unplaced in stock, and therefore not appearing in that return? There was a very large quantity.
119. How much? I could not state the quantity.
120. About how much? It would be impossible for me to state from memory.
121. Would it not be quite easy to have a column in that return, showing how many tierces, or whatever packages there might be of tobacco in bond, but untared? That would be very easy.
122. Would not that information be most valuable if there is any use in this return at all? These returns are always made in accordance with directions from the Treasury. We do what is required of us—nothing more and nothing less.
123. Is not that return calculated to mislead people as to what tobacco there is in the Colony? I scarcely think so; for the merchants know even better than I what goods have arrived in port.
124. But there are other people besides merchants? It would be likely to lead other people into error if it were of any consequence to them.
125. What difficulty would there be in the way of having a column showing how many tierces of tobacco were in bond untared? No difficulty whatever. We could not give the weights, but we might give the number of the packages.
126. Would not that be a more correct statement to give under that heading which you have read? I think it would.

127.

\* NOTE (on revision) :—There is a good deal.

† NOTE (on revision) :—I find by the certificates that accompany leaf tobacco that everywhere else leaf tobacco is termed unmanufactured, whether stemmed or unstemmed.

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127. Is not that return calculated to entirely mislead? I do not think it misleads the merchants, because they are perfectly aware of the facts. In nine cases out of ten the delay which takes place in the taring results from the neglect of the merchants to send labour for doing it. The importer is required to send labour for doing it. I have known instances where officers have gone to the bond many times for the purpose of taring tobacco, and then have not been able to do it. But sometimes, I admit, it is the fault of the department itself, and arises from the fact that the officers are not able to find time to do it; but in most cases the delay is owing to the failure of the importers to furnish the necessary labour.
128. In this particular case has it not been apparent to you that this return did mislead Members of Parliament—that they have made many inquiries, and were not able to ascertain the facts? In this particular case it may have done so, but this is a case which does not occur often.
129. Have you not observed that there has been very strong language between Ministers and Members of Parliament on this subject,—one asserting that the tobacco was not in the Colony, another that it was, and the Minister not being able to explain? I have certainly observed that, but very small matters indeed often give rise to strong language.
130. But might this not have been avoided had the Minister been informed on this subject? I imagine he was.
131. But the House was not informed? I have furnished no end of returns.
132. We have laboured for weeks back, and we only find that according to these returns the tobacco was not in the Colony? I do not think that there is a single thing in connection with this matter which has not been furnished in one shape or other.
133. According to the returns, tobacco was taken out of bond which never appeared to have gone into bond? I am certain that I explained it to the Treasurer; and I also explained it as I thought satisfactorily to several Members of Parliament whom I met accidentally.
134. Why should not this tobacco be tared when it was taken into bond? The reasons are various. Sometimes it happens that the landing-waiter is very busy,—has other more important things to do. If the tobacco is not wanted out, it may be left for an indefinite period. But other things cannot be left. Drawbacks on exports require immediate attention. Another cause is the failure of the importers to find the necessary labour.
135. You gauge the strength of spirits before it goes into bond? Yes.
136. To me it seems that that is a much more difficult task? It can be done in a very short time comparatively.
137. Not shorter than the tobacco could be tared surely? Yes, very much shorter.
138. How is this tobacco tared what has got to be done? You must strip a certain portion of it and weigh it in order to get the tare.
139. One cask perhaps out of a shipment? If the casks are not all of the same gross weights you must strip them all.
140. As a rule what is the course pursued? My instructions are—if the packages are all of a similar size and gross weight—that a sufficient number shall be stripped to give a fair average of the whole, leaving the rest unstripped. There is always an objection to opening more goods than is absolutely necessary. I am always satisfied with a fair average tare if I can get at it.
141. That being so, surely it would not take very long? It would not take very long.
142. Some of this tobacco was three months in this condition, it being asserted substantially that it was not in the Colony? That was a very unusual case. The two earliest lots untared were very unusual, and I made some inquiry about it. The landing-waiter told me that he had made numerous appointments with the importers to have the tobacco tared, and in all cases they failed to furnish the labour.
143. Have you any idea what quantity of tobacco there is in the Colony now? I could give it approximately, but it would be impossible to state the quantity from memory. I can furnish information of it.
144. Would you be good enough to give us your opinion as to the quantity of foreign tobacco in bond and out of bond? I can furnish a return of it.
145. Where is most of this tobacco? There is hardly any leaf tobacco in the Colony at the present time in bond.
146. Where is it stored—that which is out of bond? I suppose at the tobacco manufactories. It was in Parbury's bond originally—the bulk of it.
147. But I am asking where do you suppose it is now, having been taken out of bond? At the different manufactories. Some at Cameron's, some at Dixon's, and other places.
148. How much do you suppose there is at Cameron's and other establishments? There is a large quantity.
149. Will you be good enough to give us a statement showing your idea of the supply, not only of manufactured but also of unmanufactured tobacco, and how long it will last the Colony? Yes.
150. Is it a fact, that for some time anterior to the days of which we have been speaking in that week, that a great deal of tobacco was imported here from Victoria? There was some imported from Victoria.
151. How much was there imported? I cannot state.
152. Will you be good enough to ascertain that for us too? Yes.
153. Did any come in overland? Not overland.
154. Was there any large parcel on the way coming overland and stopped? There were two large parcels on the way; one of them came across the Border, and the other was stopped.
155. By whom was it stopped? I believe by the officers of the Victorian Government; but I cannot say positively.
156. On what ground can the Victorian Government stop it? On the ground that they were entitled to a shilling more duty than had been paid in Melbourne.
157. Can you tell me to whom that was consigned? It was consigned, I believe, to a fictitious name; I believe it belonged to the Dixons.
158. It was consigned to a fictitious person? It was consigned to the name of a person whom nobody knew anything about there.
159. Who got the parcel? It was put into a free store in Moama.
160. Will you give it up to the person to whom it is consigned? It is out of our hands.
161. *Mr. Garrett.*] It paid the duty in Melbourne? Yes.
162. *Chairman.*] Whose store is it in? Some private free store.

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163. Would you be good enough to ascertain the quantity? Yes. 15 tons crossed, 10 tons more stopped on the railway.
164. *Mr. Garrett.*] I should like some explanation of this borrowing by the warehouseman. You stated in your evidence that the parties passed entries for more than there was in stock? Yes.
165. And that the warehouseman borrowed some to make up the quantity he wanted to clear by the entries. Where did he get that from? From the quantity he knew to be in bond, but not tared. His object was so to balance the account that he might not appear to be giving out more tobacco than he had in stock. It was quite a mistaken idea of his; but I am quite sure that he did it from no improper motive.
166. But you disapproved of it? I disapproved of it very strongly.
167. What quantity did he borrow? I could not say; and in fact I did not inquire.
168. You stated that you put obstacles in the way of these entries being passed? As much as I could without doing anything that would be taken notice of.
169. How long a time before the 17th of October did you begin to pursue that policy? That I could not say absolutely; some few days at all events.
170. What reason had you for adopting that policy? I suspected that there might be, as there always is on such occasions, a rush on that article.
171. What reason had you for singling out that article to protect it by these obstacles? The reason was that in the scheme which I suggested to the Treasurer an increase of the duty on tobacco was one of the items. I did not know whether he would adopt it or not, but I thought it probable that he might do so.
172. When did you suggest that scheme? Some considerable time before the Tariff came before the House.
173. From the time that you suggested that scheme until the change was proposed, had you any communication with the Treasurer on the subject? Yes; I have communication, more or less, with the Treasurer every day.
174. But on that subject? Yes; I had some communication with the Treasurer and also with the Governor.
175. Also with the Governor;—was that verbally? Partly verbal and partly in writing.
176. Are the writings official documents? I scarcely think they are.
177. You were guided by the fact that you had communicated your ideas about this increase of the duty upon tobacco to the Treasurer and that was the reason why you interposed obstacles as far as you could possibly do so? That was my reason.
178. You had no definite assurance from the Treasurer that he intended to propose an increase of the duty on tobacco? No; I never asked him any questions, and he never gave me any definite information on the subject. I guessed pretty well what the Tariff must be under the circumstances; but I did not know what he might do with regard to any particular item.
179. And you yourself, I presume, never communicated to anyone but the Treasurer and the Governor your recommendations of increase in the Tariff? No, most certainly not.
180. Do you think it likely at all from any correspondence in your office that the fact of your having made these suggestions could have obtained publicity? I think it is utterly impossible. In order to test that when this matter began to be discussed in Parliament I called in the chief clerk—the officer with whom I have the most constant communication on all subjects of that kind; I asked him if he had any suspicion whatever as to what was about to be done, and he said that he had not the slightest impression of what was to be done.
181. This was after? After the discussion in Parliament. I was rather nervous lest anything done in the office might have given rise to suspicion. I was pretty certain that nothing of the kind could have taken place, but in order to test the thing, I called the chief clerk in and put the question to him. He did not know anything about it; he had not the slightest suspicion.
182. Do you think that there is anything at all in the recorded correspondence on this subject that would give an inkling to the chief clerk, or any one else in your office, as to the nature of your communications on this subject? I think not. I addressed my communications directly to Mr. Lloyd, and not through the Under Secretary, and I marked them private.
183. Did you ever receive any written answer to these communications? I do not think I did, except private notes.
184. No official letters? I am almost certain that there is not a single letter or figure in the office that would indicate in the slightest degree what was being done.
185. You regarded the correspondence as private, and took such care as would prevent it from being known? Yes. I am so constituted by nature that I could not say or do anything otherwise.
186. You are not in the habit of leaving your correspondence so that if persons were disposed they could obtain a knowledge of it? If any person were to find his way to my desk he might get something; but I am sure nothing of that kind was done.
187. Was there anything in that correspondence that would convey the intention of the Treasurer to propose this increase? So far as I recollect, I do not think the Treasurer ever stated what he would do. All that he required was information about matters which it was my duty to give him. I made a suggestion of what I believed was practicable. A person in my position must know what is practicable and what is not in any matter of that kind.
188. And this is one of the suggestions you made? It is one of the suggestions I made. I did not make it in the first instance. The first increase which I proposed was an increase of the duty on tea; but I afterwards recollected that some Members of the Government were pledged against that; and I then suggested in a separate note the increase of the duty on tobacco instead.
189. Has it been the custom of former Treasurers to take the Collector into his confidence in any contemplated change of the Tariff? Yes; in every case in my time, excepting when Mr. Lord was Treasurer. I was not consulted with respect to his Tariff.
190. You consider that you were consulted in this case? In every case that has occurred in my time, excepting that when Mr. Lord was Treasurer, I was consulted.
191. I suppose we can obtain from the Customs a return showing who were the parties who applied, the dates on which they applied for the clearance of these large quantities of tobacco? I think there is a return that will show that.
192. Could you tell us from memory on what date Messrs. Cameron, Dunn, and Co. cleared out that item of 84,900 lbs. weight? I think on different dates.

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193. That is what we want—a return showing the date upon which each entry was made, and by whom made, extending over the period covered by this return of the 23rd of October. With regard to the obstacles which you stated you put in the way of these clearances, were they of such a nature that persons under your authority in your department would guess what you were aiming at? I do not think so. If that were possible my object would have been frustrated.

194. What were the nature of the obstacles that you did put in the way? If an officer said that he was going to tare such and such tobacco, I might tell him to do something else. They were obstacles of that kind.

195. With regard to the condition of this raw tobacco that comes in now;—you see this petition was presented to Parliament before that Bill creating a differential duty was passed,—the petition of tobacco manufacturers in 1861, praying for the creation of a differential duty? Yes.

196. You see that they speak of unmanufactured tobacco as the raw material? Yes.

197. Do you think that what is now imported as unmanufactured tobacco properly and legally comes under the term raw material? I think so decidedly.

198. Looking at the matter from a Customs point of view? Yes, looking at it from a Customs point of view I am quite certain of it. The rule of law with regard to all duties is that everything is decided in favour of the merchant that is not absolutely established by law. I am quite sure that, legally speaking, it is unmanufactured tobacco.

199. Do you think that the importers get a much greater profit from the tobacco as it is now introduced with the stalks stripped from the leaf than when they brought it here with the stalks in it? I dare say they do, although they make snuff from the stalks. But the demand for snuff has of late years fallen away.

200. Have you formed any opinion, or have you the means of forming any opinion, as to the difference in the weight which can be put into a bale under the new method of importing it? I could not say with any precision what the difference might be.

201. Is there much snuff made in the Colony now? I do not think there is much. The consumption of snuff appears to have fallen away of late years.

202. Have you had any occasion to overhaul any of these importations of unmanufactured tobacco, any occasion to open the bales? No, not personally.

203. Have you any knowledge of the cost of the manufacture here? I can hardly say that I have any knowledge on that point. I have talked with people about it, but I could not give any opinion on the subject.

204. How many of the local manufacturers have power to manufacture in bond? There is only one at present.

205. Have more than one applied for that power? No.\*

206. How long has that power existed in this one case? I could not venture to state the date when it began.

207. Only for a year or two, I suppose? I do not think that it has existed for one year quite.

208. Have you framed regulations for carrying out the manufacture in bond? Yes.

209. Have you a copy of those regulations? I could send the Committee a copy of them.

210. Perhaps, then, you will be good enough to favour the Committee with a copy? Yes.

211. With regard to the clearing of these goods at the Customs;—whom does the importer apply to first of all? He applies to the warehouse-keeper first to fix what he has in bond. Then he makes out an entry, and passes it in the long-room; and then a warrant is sent in to the locker, who delivers.

212. Do they come to you? They never come to me unless any dispute arises.

213. The first person who would become aware of this rush on tobacco would be the warehouse-keeper? I think it most likely. I know it was he who first spoke to me about it. I find on inquiry that one of the clerks spoke to me about it about the same time.

214. Do you remember the date on which he spoke to you about it? I could not say.

215. *Mr. Booth.*] This tobacco, which you say the warehouseman had borrowed, had it been long in bond? Strictly speaking it was not in bond. We do not consider it is in bond until it is taken into stock. The tobacco was in port, and was warehoused in bond, but it was not taken into stock; it was not in his book.

216. Is it not possible to take the tare as marked on the tierces—to get a rough idea? It is quite possible, but it would be a very dangerous practice.

217. I do not mean for the purposes of duty but for stock? For every lb. that is put into stock in bond the Auditor General holds me responsible.

218. The landing-waiter takes so many tierces without weight? It is the landing-waiter who does the whole thing.

219. But he does not take any tare? Nobody else is allowed to do it. The packages may be sent into bond for convenience—it is not a practice that I like—they may be sent in without being either weighed or tared; and then subsequently the landing-waiter is dispatched to the bond to do the work. It is never done by the locker of the bond.

220. It is not entered in the records of your office until such time as it is weighed? It cannot be entered into the stock-book until it is weighed.

221. There is no book only the landing-book that so many tierces have come out of the ship and gone into store? Not until it is entered into our stock.

222. If the landing-waiter were to lose his book? If the landing-waiter were to lose his book, we should still have the goods. It would not matter.

223. I presume the return of stock in bond is made for the guidance of merchants? I fancy so. That would no doubt be the intention from which it originated.

224. It is usual in all great cities to have a return of this kind? I think so. It is one of those statistical returns that people think a great deal of, but of which I think very little or nothing, for I am sure they are all wrong.

225. Do you think that they can be kept right? The statistics published in the Statistical Register, which costs the Government thousands of pounds, are not reliable, and they never can be accurate.

226.

\* NOTE (on revision):—An application was made about ten years ago, but upon conditions which could not be complied with.

226. *Mr. Garrett.*] Are you speaking now with regard to the Customs? I am speaking now of returns of any kind. You cannot get the truth in these things. It is impossible to get it. In no public office in the world—I do not say in New South Wales or Australia, but in no public office in the world—is greater care taken than in the warehouse department of the Customs at Sydney, to ensure accuracy. I believe that although the Customs in Victoria cost enormously more a year than in this Colony—and, for instance, the work which I do for £900 a year costs Victoria £3,700—I am quite sure that our Customs work is infinitely more accurate than theirs. As to that I can speak from positive knowledge. I believe our warehouse books are extremely accurate.
227. *Mr. Booth.*] There might be double or treble the quantity of tobacco, tea, or sugar, or any other dutiable article in bond than appears in the stock-book? There is no doubt that the return is wholly unreliable as to what may be the actual quantity in bond. In no case can it ever be accurate. There is not a day in the year but we have importations more or less in port, and the goods are not in the stock-book. The return is useful, because it shows ultimately all that comes into the port, but it does not show the exact quantity on any particular day.
228. You mean not in the store itself? The return cannot possibly show what is in port at any particular time. The goods may be in bond and not tared or weighed, or they may be in the ship. The entries may be passed, and it may be a month before they are landed.
229. It would be possible to keep an account of all that went into the store? It would be as possible also to keep an account of all that were in the ship. It cannot make the slightest difference as to whether they are in bond or in the ship.
230. Messrs. Cameron and Company have permission to manufacture in bond? Yes.
231. Suppose Messrs. Cameron and Company think fit to send 10 tons of tobacco out of their bond to New Zealand or anywhere else, do you take it weight for weight? Certainly not.
232. There is a regulation as to that? We weigh everything out and everything in.
233. *Chairman.*] It would weigh more when it goes out? The liquid substances they add to the leaf in the process of manufacture give additional weight.
234. How much would that be? I do not think that it would be very much, but it would be something.
235. Are they allowed to use anything in this bond, such as free goods—Colonial leaf? ———
236. They would not be allowed to manufacture in bond from Colonial leaf? There is no duty on it.
237. But they could put Colonial tobacco—free goods—into this bonded store? No; they would not be allowed to mix Colonial leaf or any free goods in bond. Half the year they manufacture in bond, and the other half out of bond. They are not allowed to mix up the two transactions in any way whatever. I took particular care to make sure on that point.
238. *Mr. Nelson.*] Have Messrs. Cameron, Dunn, and Company manufactured any tobacco in bond yet? Yes, a good deal.
239. Is it not a fact that duty is frequently paid on dutiable goods before any return is made to the Customs at all, before they are taken into stock? Duty may be paid before they are out of the ship. It is done constantly. It is done every day.
240. I mean upon tobacco. Is it not a fact that duty is paid on tobacco and spirits before any return is given? No, it cannot be.
241. Not before the return? Certainly not.
242. Not before they are taken into stock? Certainly not. I think you are confounding two things. It very often happens that before the landing-waiter's book is sent in to the warehouse-keeper we send for it, in order to enable some person to pass an entry who wishes to do so before the book finally comes in. The book is returned to the landing officer again for completion. That is a thing that happens constantly.
243. I want to know whether duty is paid upon goods before those goods are taken into stock? Yes; and in the way that I have mentioned the duty may be paid before the goods are taken into stock, in order to accommodate people who wish to have their goods. We send for the book to find out the quantities of the particular goods allowed to be entered. We take the quantity from the book and then return it to the officer; but the book does not come in until perhaps a week or more after that. When the book cannot be spared, we receive a memorandum or certificate of the quantities from the landing-waiter.
244. Were you aware that the Cabinet had approved of your suggestion as to this increase of duty upon tobacco on the 13th of October? I did not know for certain what they would introduce until the Treasurer laid the matter before the Legislative Assembly.
245. You were not aware then on the 13th that they had approved of your suggestion? I had no intimation whatever from the Treasurer as to what he was going to say until he had brought forward his scheme.
246. You stated that you addressed a letter to the Treasurer, calling his attention to the fact that a large amount of duty was being paid on unmanufactured tobacco? Or rather that they were preparing to do so. Some had been passed before any notice was taken.
247. Could you give us the date of that letter? I have no copy of it. It was only a private note, written in a very great hurry.
248. How long was it before the Treasurer made his Statement? I could not say. I think that it was on the first day that I noticed the rush.
249. The Treasurer made his Statement on Thursday, the 16th;—how long was it before that? I cannot say anything further than that to the best of my recollection it was on the first day of the rush.
250. The first day of the rush must have been between the 13th and the 16th? I believe that some had been taken out before my attention was called to the matter at all. It was about the time that the thing appeared to be noticeable, as being unusual or beyond the average, that my attention was drawn to it.
251. Have you seen the entry of the 70,000 lbs. of tobacco that was borrowed in order to permit the duty to be paid on this large quantity? I have not seen it; I have had a conversation or two with the warehouse-keeper about it, that is all.
252. Are you aware that that entry is not made in the usual way; that it is interlined or written in between two other entries—the entry being 70,000 lbs. borrowed? I suppose that the officer would look upon that merely as a private memorandum for his own guidance when the thing was taken into stock. I have such perfect confidence in the warehouse-keeper that I should not think of looking at his books, unless I wanted something very particularly.
253. I presume that this tobacco would not be borrowed unless the warehouse-keeper was perfectly satisfied that the tobacco was actually in bond at the time? Certainly not. I did not know anything of it at the time; I only knew of it after the discussion which took place in the Assembly.

- W. A. Duncan, Esq.  
14 Nov., 1873.
254. Do you not consider that the system of bookkeeping is bad? I do not consider that the system of bookkeeping is bad. It is the result of the wisdom of all Custom House officers in the British Empire for ages.
255. Is it not possible to get a correct statement at the end of every week? We do not consider this return a part of our work as Custom House officers at all. It is merely prepared at the request of the Government for statistical purposes; but the bookkeeping itself in the Custom House is about as perfect as it is possible to make it.
256. I merely mean as to showing the stock actually in hand? As far as this return is concerned I think I have already said it is a delusion. It is not, and it cannot possibly be, a correct return.
257. Not on any one day of the year? Not on any one day of the year.
258. *Mr. Garrett.*] And that will be so as long as it is made up in that form? As long as it is made up in that form, and the observation applies not only to tobacco but to other things as well.
259. *Chairman.*] Not to spirits? Yes, in some cases to spirits, but not generally to spirits.
260. *Mr. G. A. Lloyd.*] Has there ever been a case in which the Government have proposed to Parliament any alteration in the Tariff, and in which their proposals have not been anticipated? I do not think that there ever has been a case in which it has not been done, more or less.\*
261. Was it very largely anticipated in 1854? It was.
262. To the extent of £21,096 7s. 5d.? Yes.
263. Was it anticipated in 1855? It was.
264. Anticipated to the amount of £25,973 5s. 10d.? It was.
265. Was it anticipated in 1863 to the amount of £2,509 17s.? It was.
266. Was it anticipated in 1865 to the amount of £11,469 17s.? Yes, in the first Tariff of 1865.
267. Was it anticipated in 1868 to the amount of £9,808 18s. 9d. on tea? Yes.
268. And on sugar to the extent of £5,655? Yes.
269. Was it anticipated in 1871 to the extent of £4,334 9s. 6d. on cigars? Yes.
270. And £9,607 2s. 1d. on tea? Yes.
271. And £5,584 15s. 6d. on wine? Yes; that is correct.
272. Were the people who anticipated these Tariffs always right? No; they were very often wrong I think.
273. Were they right in this case of tobacco? I do not think so.
274. Have they gained anything? They have lost something rather than gained. In some former cases they did gain very considerably.
275. I believe they did gain in 1854—they gained very largely on spirits? They did.
276. I think you have stated that you have known the issue of bonded goods to be stopped;—do you mean by that that you have known the issue of bonded goods to be stopped while the Treasurer was considering what he would do? Yes; I think on one occasion the Custom House was shut for a day.
277. For a day? Yes.
278. Only for a day? Only for a day.
279. Was that the day before the Tariff was introduced? The Tariff would be introduced on the evening of that day.
280. Do you remember any instance in which the Custom House has been shut for a longer period than that? I think not; in fact I am sure that it has never been shut for more than a day.
281. Would you think it right for the Government to have stopped the issue of tobacco, or of any goods in bond, before they introduced their Tariff? It would be very dangerous.
282. You have never known of such a step as that being taken? Never, excepting for one day. I only recollect for certain that that was done once, but I believe there are two instances.
283. Will you be kind enough to ascertain the occasions on which the Government have put a stop to the issue of bonded goods before the Treasurer's Financial Statement was made, and for how long a time before that Statement was made? Yes.
284. There are returns before the Committee showing that the tobacco taken out of bond has been principally unmanufactured tobacco? —
285. Of course you are aware that the Government proposed to put an additional duty on manufactured tobacco, as well as on unmanufactured? Yes.
286. Can you give any reason why they did not take manufactured tobacco out of bond, as well as unmanufactured? It is impossible to give any reason except this:—That they evidently did not know what was to be done. Those who took out the unmanufactured tobacco, did so, I presume, because they thought that that article would have higher taxation affixed to it, and the others, I suppose, had not the same shrewdness.
287. Is it not a fact that the largest amount of duty paid on unmanufactured tobacco was paid by Messrs. Lamb, Parbury, & Co.? Yes.
288. Is it not a fact also, that Messrs. Lamb, Parbury, & Co., are the largest importers of manufactured tobacco? Yes.
289. If they had known what the Government was going to do, do you therefore consider it probable that they would have taken out their manufactured as well as their unmanufactured tobacco? I think it is quite certain they would.
290. I think you have stated in your evidence that you consider that the differential duty between manufactured and unmanufactured tobacco is too great? I am not so strongly of opinion on that point now as I was when the duty was changed.
291. Are you aware what the duty is in England? It is more in England—slightly more.
292. The duty in England, I believe, is on unmanufactured tobacco, 3s., and on manufactured, 4s. 6d.? I think so. There is a fraction of some pence. The difference is something over a shilling.
293. You have said that you suggested a Tariff to me some weeks before? I sent you some rough materials. In reply to a note I wrote you, if I remember rightly, that in view of the abolition of the *ad valorem* duties if it were necessary to obtain other revenue how it might best be done. I wrote something to that effect—to make suggestions.
294. Some time before? Yes.
295. Were the suggestions you made adopted? I think so, substantially.

296.

\* NOTE (on revision):—There does not appear to have been any rush in November, 1865.

296. You said that you suggested an increased duty on tea? Yes; but I sent you a note when you were in the country. I recollected that Mr. Parkes was in some manner pledged against the increase of the duty upon tea, and I therefore wrote to you a second suggestion on the subject—that of tobacco.
297. You have stated that I had been in communication with you about the proposed increase of the duty on tobacco sometime before it was proposed? Yes; I could not help knowing what was practicable.
298. All that you knew was what you assumed as the thing most likely to be done? Just so.
299. But you had no information from any papers that came to you, or from anything that was said to you, as to what the Government intended to do? I had no certain information—none whatever.
300. You stated that the Ministry was informed of the tobacco not being in bond. I presume you mean that they were informed after I sent down to you for the returns of information asked for by honorable Members;—that they were informed when you gave me those returns? Yes.
301. But I had no information previous to that? Not previous to that.
302. The information I had from the Customs was information to enable me to reply to questions put to me in the House? Yes; and in fact my own information before that was very indefinite. Unless these things are brought before me officially I know no more than anybody else in town.
303. You have stated that the warehouse-keeper suggested to you when he saw the first entries coming in that he thought there was something up? Yes, when the entries became large.
304. Is it not a fact that all the Custom House agents, or most of them, are gathered together in one room? It is.
305. And therefore, if any merchant is passing an entry there for a larger quantity of any description of bonded goods than usual, that fact is very likely to become known to all the Custom House agents? Nothing of the kind can be done without it being known to the whole of the Custom House staff in five minutes.
306. Then, assuming that any merchant in town was passing entries for a larger quantity of bonded goods than usual, and assuming that that became known to the rest of the Custom House agents, would it be likely that the Custom House agents would under those circumstances infer that something was up? It is quite certain that they would; and I know that in one instance a Custom House agent advised one of his constituents to take out his manufactured tobacco and he would not do it.
307. Therefore it is quite possible that several of these people who have acted in this matter have merely followed the example of others? I have always found in these cases that when one sets the example the rest follow like a flock of sheep.
308. *Chairman.*] You have told us that you had some consultation with the Governor about this Tariff;—would you be good enough to tell us how that happened? I do not know that it is desirable that his name should be mentioned.
309. But it has been mentioned;—is it usual for you to see the Governor on questions of this kind? Quite usual.
310. Have you done it before? Very often. All the Governors have sent for me from time to time on matters connected with the Custom House.
311. The Tariff and the Custom House? Yes; constantly.
312. I should like to know the nature of those conversations you had with the Governor on this subject. I cannot see what the Governor has to do with it? Is he not a Member of the State? At all events, you must see that it is my duty to wait upon the Governor whenever he sends for me.
313. I should like to know what your conversation was with the Governor upon this subject? The Governor wanted statistics in the first place, which I furnished. He sent for me on several occasions to ask me for information on different matters connected with the subject.
314. Will you be good enough to tell the Committee the name of the officer who told you that there was something up on this tobacco being taken out of bond? Thomas Fancourt.
315. Do you remember what time of the day it was when he spoke to you? I cannot say positively, but it must have been about the middle of the day.
316. And you wrote to the Treasurer immediately? I wrote immediately.
317. You said a little while ago that tobacco in these bonded warehouses that is not in stock is not strictly in bond;—could any one move it away from there? No.
318. Then is it not in bond? The transaction is not complete.
319. It must be in bond if it is in the bonded warehouse and the man cannot take it away? It is in the bond; but it is not in stock because we cannot tell the weight. We must gauge or get the weight of whatever we take into stock, and I am bound to produce the quantity unless we can show that it has lost in weight or strength.
320. But this tobacco was in the warehouse? The bulk of it I think was.
321. Where else could it be? The date of the entry and the date of the landing may be in two different months. Goods may be landed in one month and not delivered until the middle or end of the next month.
322. But the moment it is landed it is put into the warehouse? Yes.
323. Then is it not in bond? Yes; the owner cannot take it away. We do not consider the transaction complete until the goods are entered in stock, but the distinction no doubt is merely technical.
324. I think you have said that Messrs. Cameron and Company are allowed to manufacture tobacco in bond? Messrs. Cameron and Co. are.
325. No one else? No one else has applied for the authority—at least for years past.
326. This arrangement is new to the Customs? Here, in this Colony, it is.
327. Do you consider it safe? I do.
328. You have said that Mr. Cameron—I must necessarily mention his name, as he is the only person who manufactures in bond;—you have said that Mr. Cameron could not manufacture his Colonial leaf with his imported leaf in bond if he desired to do so? It is quite impossible.
329. Why not? We would never allow him. We never allow any other goods to be mixed up with bonded goods. I have refused hundreds of times to allow a person to put a parcel of free goods in the bond, although he only desired to do so for security. I have refused simply on the ground that it is desirable to keep the two classes of goods entirely distinct.
330. Is there any law to prevent it? There is a Customs regulation.
331. And whether you have power or not you act upon the power that you assume? I am very strict on that point, and I believe that I have the power.

W. A.  
Duncan, Esq.

14 Nov., 1873.

332. I do not understand what this borrowing means. I admit my obtuseness of intellect; but I do not understand what is the meaning of this borrowing. Will you be good enough to make it clear? I do not know how much he borrowed.

333. Whom did he borrow it from? From the stock that was in bond, but not tared. If the week previously he had begun with 68,000 lbs. as the quantity then in bond, and if some one came to enter 150,000 lbs. he would be delivering more than he had in stock.

334. Just so—that is what I ventured to say in the House he had done? Suppose that in the previous return he had given 60,000 lbs. as the quantity, and before he had taken more into stock somebody wanted to enter out for consumption on manufacture 150,000 lbs.; well, the next return would show that he had delivered tobacco which, according to the last return, he had not got. In order to prevent this apparent discrepancy he takes from the landing-waiter's incompleting book (say) 100,000 lbs., to make the thing tally. It was a mistake in judgment on his part, but nothing more than that; he ought not to have done it.

335. Borrowing from the same owner? The owner has nothing to do with it. The return does not give the names of the owners, but merely the quantity belonging to all owners then in bond. His object in this borrowing was to take from the tobacco actually landed, but not tared, the quantity to make up for that which he was obliged to deliver.

336. What we understand then is this: That he borrowed from that which was not tared, and therefore not considered to have passed into stock? Just so.

337. The borrowing was not borrowing from other people in any way, but borrowing from one state of the account to the other state? Borrowing from the incomplete state of the account to the complete state of the account.

338. Then there was not very much in that? No; but it should not have been done in that way.

339. *Mr. Booth.*] Without passing it all into tare he could have tared enough and taken it into stock? He could have done so, but it would have been a very bad practice. If you enter a portion of the goods into the book, the book may be thrown aside and the other portion be left out altogether. We make it a rule to complete the transaction at once, as far as we can, but it is not always possible.

340. *Chairman.*] We have been told that Messrs. Lamb and Parbury had a great deal of manufactured tobacco in bond, and that they did not take it out; and therefore it is supposed that they could not have been aware of any contemplated change in the Tariff. That is what you have said; but might it not happen that the unmanufactured tobacco that Messrs. Lamb and Parbury took out did not belong to them, and that they were only the agents for it;—might it not happen that the gentleman who was the real owner of it desired them to take it out? I believe that was the case.

341. Then there really is nothing in the fact that Messrs. Lamb & Parbury did not take their manufactured tobacco out. Suppose that anyone had given Mr. Cameron a hint, it does not follow that Messrs. Lamb & Parbury should have the hint as well? They are so mixed up in business that I think one could not know anything of that sort without the other knowing it.

342. It is not likely, I suppose, that Messrs. Cameron & Co. had any manufactured tobacco there? They had a very large quantity, I believe, in stock, which they also might have taken out of bond if they had chosen.

343. Manufactured tobacco? Yes.

344. Manufactured tobacco? Yes; and there was nothing to have hindered them from taking out of bond all that they had manufactured for exportation, and bringing that into consumption in the Colony.

345. You have spoken of the difference of duty in England;—is the unmanufactured tobacco imported into England of the same class as that which is imported into this Colony? I think so. I believe it is illegal in England to import the leaf with the stalk.\*

346. Then, what can be the object of making this differential duty, seeing that there is absolutely more unmanufactured tobacco comes in in this way—not less? I suppose that they consider that a fair difference between the manufactured and unmanufactured article. I was under the impression that 1s. was too much, but I believe I was wrong.

347. What is the reason of the difference at all if there are no stalks in the tobacco? The principle here and in England is to afford every facility to manufacturers and importers alike.

348. In what way would they be considered to be giving fair play to the importer of manufactured tobacco if there is as much tobacco in the unmanufactured article when it goes into consumption? There is the difference in the cost of labour—in the cost of manufacturing it.

349. That would have to be incurred in the other country? The manufacture takes place here. The difference between the 1s. and the 2s. duty is intended to represent the difference in the cost of labour and manufacture.

350. But the other has been manufactured in the country from which it comes; surely it must be in the nature of protection instead of a differential duty on account of the waste? I do not think that there is any protection unless the margin be too great.

351. How can it be other than protection—the same process of manufacture requires to be performed at the port of shipment? It is a different article. One is a raw product and the other is a manufactured article.

352. Suppose a man has £20,000 worth of tobacco; he manufactures half of it in America and sends it out here; he sends the other half here unmanufactured and he makes it up in the Colony, why should he pay more duty on the one than on the other—I cannot see, excepting on the principle of protection? I do not think it is a matter of protection at all; it is merely a question as to what the differential duty should be. If the difference is not more than it should be, there is no protection. If the margin which represents the cost of labour in manufacturing in this Colony is too large, the difference should not be so great.

353. Why should the labour of another country pay duty? Because the tobacco which is manufactured is imported into this Colony. Labour is a part of the cost of everything.

354. You have gone through this return of Customs duties paid in anticipation of a change in the Tariff laid on the table and ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed on the 4th November, 1873. Would you be good enough to say whether there has, since Responsible Government, ever been a case where

\* NOTE (on revision):—It is illegal to import the stalk by itself, but leaf tobacco is imported into England with or without the stalk, and is admitted as unmanufactured tobacco in either state.



where people who withdrew extraordinary quantities of goods in anticipation of a change in the Tariff, made accurate judgment in respect to those changes as in this case; have they not in all the cases which you have read been wrong? I think they have not been wrong in every case.

355. Take the case of 1863;—were they right in that payment of £2,500 on rum? I forget what the Tariff in 1863 was; I think it was from 7s. to 10s. on rum.

356. Were they right on that occasion? I think they were.

357. Will you make a memorandum of it so as to ascertain; and also find out whether that payment was an extraordinary amount—I mean right according to the proposals made by the Treasurer, and not in view of the action subsequently taken by the Parliament? Yes.

358. Now look at the figures for 1865;—will you be good enough to say whether the duty was put on tea for example? It was attempted.

359. In 1863? No; in the Session of 1865–6. It was then proposed to double the duty on tea, but the measure was not carried, and the Government went out of office in consequence.

360. Will you be good enough to let us know how much they were right on that occasion? They were all wrong because the proposed duty on tea was not carried.

361. But I mean right, having regard to the Treasurer's Statement, and not to the subsequent action of the Parliament—right as to the Treasurer's Budget. I want to see how many times they have been right, and to what extent? Yes.

362. And in fact on all the other occasions? Yes.

363. *Mr. G. A. Lloyd.*] These are the most important amounts—for 1854 and 1855? ———

364. *Chairman.*] I do not want to know anything about what was done before Responsible Government. I do not care two-pence for what was done before Responsible Government. I do not hold our Parliament responsible for that. I want to know, according to the statements made by the Treasurers since the introduction of Responsible Government, how many times, and to what extent, there has been the semblance of information given or acquired, and how many times it turned out right? I am not quite certain that I have got all these Tariffs, because some of them did not pass.

365. Just so; if they did not pass, these people must have been wrong—some of them? Just as the tobacco manufacturers are now.

366. Surely you can find out what the Treasurer's statements were? I am not sure that I have got them; I can try.

367. I mean the Treasurer's proposals; and my object is this: I want to find out if ever there was a case, such as this, where people anticipated the intentions of the Treasurer as they did on this occasion, and anticipated them correctly? There certainly was such a case in 1854.

368. That Mr. Lloyd may ask you about—I make no inquiry about what happened before Responsible Government;—many strange things happened then. I would like the return on this matter to make it clear that it refers to cases that have occurred since the introduction of Responsible Government? In what year was Responsible Government inaugurated?

369. In 1856? In 1856.

370. *Mr. Booth.*] In reference to this manufacture of tobacco in bond—and I make no allusions to any particular gentleman—of course you approve of the practice? I see no objection to it.

371. Does the Custom House officer sleep on the premises? No. He has got the keys in his pocket.

372. If the business is all carried on under one roof, and there are doors leading from one part of the premises to another, would it not be possible to make casks and brand them like those that are imported and go into bond;—and would it not be possible for them, during the absence of the Customs' officer, to roll 150 casks of Colonial tobacco into this bonded store, and to roll out the same quantity of Foreign, and then ship it as Colonial tobacco? I do not see it. There is nothing that is not absolutely within the bounds of possibility in matters of that kind.

373. But do you think it is probable? Certainly it is not. There is nothing, so far as possibility goes, to prevent any person from taking goods out of or into any other bonded store in Sydney in the same way.

374. But here you have a free store adjoining? I have taken very great pains to prevent anything of the kind being done in this case, and I have not the slightest anticipation that anything of the kind will be attempted.

375. *Mr. Nelson.*] Are you not aware that this extraordinary amount of duty which was paid on unmanufactured tobacco, was paid between the 13th and the 16th of October? I have made a return of it.

376. The Treasurer has stated that the Cabinet decided to approve of his proposed increase of the duty on tobacco on the 13th? Yes.

377. Well then, it was between the 13th and the 16th, according to the returns, that this duty was paid? It may be so.

378. Are you aware that this large quantity of tobacco was not actually taken into stock from the red-books until the 17th of October? I believe it was not.

379. That was after the duty had been paid? Yes.

380. Will you explain to the Committee what the red-book is? It is simply a book in which the landing-waiter enters the tobacco, or whatever it may be, to take the gross weight and the tare. When he has done that he hands it to the warehouse-keeper, who enters it in his stock-book.

381. This had not been taken into stock at the time the duty was paid upon it? No; it had not been tared in time for this.

382. Are you not aware that for many years past there has been a large decrease in the importation of manufactured tobacco? There has been.

383. And consequently a considerable loss to the revenue? That is quite correct.

384. Is it the fact that the importation of unmanufactured tobacco has very much increased—say to the extent of 200 per cent.—within the last few years? Yes.

385. This also must have operated to the great injury of the revenue? There is no doubt of it.

386. Is it a fact, that if this differential duty continues we must lose a still larger amount of revenue from tobacco? I could not say for certain; but I believe it very probable.

387. Do you think that there will be no manufactured tobacco imported at all if this differential duty continues? If the manufacturers make it here so that the people can smoke it, I suppose it will be so.

388. Are you not aware that this differential duty, taking into consideration the value of the imported tobacco—or rather, I should ask, are you aware of the value of imported tobacco? I do not trouble myself about the value of it; I look to the duty.

389.

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389. The value of manufactured tobacco is 1s. 3d. or 1s. 4d. a lb. Taking into consideration the value of manufactured tobacco, the cost of manufacturing it having been paid in America, do you think that this differential duty of 1s. in the lb. is more a protection than in the nature of assistance to the manufacturer here? The question as to whether it is protection or not depends entirely upon the cost of manufacture. If the cost of manufacture is greater than the differential duty —

390. You misunderstand me? What I understand you to ask is, whether this system of imposing a differential duty upon tobacco is not protection; and I say it depends entirely upon the margin you leave between the two articles, and the cost of manufacture.

391. You still do not understand me. The value of the manufactured tobacco imported in bond is 1s. 3d. or 1s. 4d. a lb. I imagine that the leaf could be imported into this Colony, and manufactured in this Colony, so that it would cost the manufacturer very little more—a penny or two-pence more? I should imagine that the price of labour here is more than double what it is in Virginia.

392. But do you not think that the greater part of the differential duty goes into the pocket of the manufacturer? I do not think that the greater part of it does. He has to pay for his labour; but I believe that he does make a profit.

393. And makes a very considerable profit? Yes; a very considerable profit. I myself was of opinion that when the differential duty was adopted, 1s. in the lb. was too much. I think I suggested 6d. and 9d.; but I was overruled. However I found, on inquiry, that in almost every country where there is a differential duty the difference is quite as great.

394. *Mr. G. A. Lloyd.*] When you are sending in those returns asked for by Mr. Robertson would you be good enough to add a return for the years 1854 and 1855? Yes.

395. And while you are looking up to see in how many instances they were right, having regard to the Treasurer's proposals, will you go a little further, and see how far they were right as far as the action of the House was concerned. Let us have the two cases? I will do so as far as I can.

THURSDAY, 20 NOVEMBER, 1873.

Present:—

MR. GARRETT,

MR. G. A. LLOYD,

MR. NELSON.

JOHN ROBERTSON, ESQ., IN THE CHAIR.

The Hon. Geoffrey Eagar, Esq., called in and examined:—

The Hon.  
G. Eagar, Esq.  
20 Nov., 1873.

396. *Chairman.*] Some years ago, I think about the year 1861, the Government of that day received a memorial or letter or application of some kind from certain tobacco manufacturers of Sydney, setting forth that the then mode of collecting duties on imported tobacco was unfair to the Colonial manufacturer, inasmuch as the manufacturer here had a very large proportion of waste in the leaf he manufactured owing to the stalks on which he had to pay not coming into his manufacture; and that on that account it was not fair to levy the same rate of duty upon unmanufactured as upon manufactured tobacco. Upon that document a measure was brought in by the then Treasurer and passed into law. The Committee would be very glad to get that letter or memorial, or whatever it is, if it can be obtained; and there is reason to believe that it is in the Treasury? I have made a search amongst the records of the department, and have found the documents you require; they are of two kinds,—the one being the petition you refer to, and the other a letter setting forth certain facts. With regard to the first I have only a copy in the records of the office. Being a petition to the Legislative Assembly in November, 1861, I should imagine that the original would be found in the records of the Parliament. I produce, however, an examined copy of the petition (*Appendix A 1*) as one of the papers required by the Committee. It asks, in the first instance, for a differential duty between manufactured and unmanufactured tobacco. The duty at that time was a uniform duty of 2s. per lb. upon both kinds, and the object of the petitioners is that the duty may be reduced on the unmanufactured import so as to leave it at 1s. per lb., whilst on manufactured tobacco it would still remain at 2s. per lb. Attached to this is the second document I have alluded to, being a letter (*Appendix A 2*), of the 11th December, 1861, and signed by Hugh Dixon, Edward M'Encroe, and Archibald Thompson, pointing out the reasons advanced for the change asked for—being, that if the duty on unmanufactured tobacco were reduced to 1s. per lb., there would be only a profit of 2d. per lb. left to the manufacturer, since waste and other expenses operated against the Colonial manufacture to the extent of 10d. per lb. I may state here that, being records of our office, I have brought the originals with me, but have had certified copies of them made, which I now hand in for the use of the Committee. On this petition was based the Bill brought into Parliament and subsequently passed as the 25 Vic. No. 10. The petition was referred, in the first instance, to the Collector of Customs, who was requested to frame a Bill to carry out the object required by the petitioners. I produce the original draft Bill (*Appendix A 3*) as introduced, from which it will be seen that some trifling amendments were made in it. Then, whilst this measure was being discussed by the Legislature, there came this letter of Dixon and others, pointing out that there was 10d. per lb. waste and other expenses upon manufacturing tobacco.

397. Do you happen to have any acquaintance with the difference in quality or condition of what is called leaf tobacco in the letter you have last alluded to, and the unmanufactured tobacco, as it is called, that is now introduced into the Colony? I have not the slightest acquaintance with the subject. Not being a smoker the qualities of tobacco interest me very little.

398. Are you aware whether there is actually the amount of waste in leaf that is mentioned by the manufacturers in their letter? I am not.

William

William Augustine Duncan, Esq., called in and further examined:—

399. *Chairman.*] On the last occasion of your giving evidence before this Committee, it was understood, I believe, that you were to bring certain papers and returns which the Committee desired to have, and which you required some time to prepare;—have you them now? I have.

400. All of them? All, except the correspondence about the tobacco in 1861. A portion of that has been mislaid in some way. It is the earlier portion of the correspondence that is missing; and from my recollection of it, it does not contain anything material. I have seen the documents which have been presented to the Committee by the last witness, and I am in a position to say that they are all right, with the exception of the earlier part, which has been lost. I now produce a Return (*Appendix B 1*), showing the names of the persons who have paid duty on tobacco from August to October; showing the amount paid, the date when paid, and the name of the person paying. This is in elucidation of a previous return which did not show the names of the parties paying the duty, and the dates, though, in other respects, it is identical with this. I next hand in (*Appendix B 2*) a copy of the regulations for the guidance of the locker at Messrs. Cameron & Dunn's tobacco bond.

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401. I see that in these regulations you mention Crown locks, and that the locker is directed by you to inspect these locks every time he returns after having left them secured? Yes. He has to lock them carefully when he leaves at night, and inspect them when he returns in the morning, to see that they have not been tampered with.

402. Will you be good enough to say whether there are any means of communication between the bond in which the tobacco is kept that has not paid duty, and the free warehouse where the tobacco that has paid duty is manufactured? No, none whatever.

403. Are there no doors between connecting the one with the other? No.

404. Are the doors that lead into the bonded store all open from the outside only? No; but I may say this, that there is no communication between the bond and the free warehouse, the key of which is not in the possession of the locker.

405. But are there any doors locked or unlocked leading into the bonded store? There are a number of doors leading into the bonded store from the street and the back yard.

406. But what I want to know is, whether there are any leading from the bonded into the free store? Only one of them. There is only one door communicating between the two stores.

407. Is there any provision made by which what you call the Crown lock shall be fixed on the bonded side of this door of communication? Yes.

408. And on all the other outward passages from the store is the Crown lock equally on the inside of the door, on the bond side? On all, with the exception of the main entrance from the street.

409. So that the door which communicates between the free and the bond store cannot be in any way opened, except by some person who is in the bonded store? The lock is fixed on the bonded side, and can only be opened on that side; and so it is with all the other doors in the bond, with the exception of the door leading into the street. The locker from the inside fastens all the doors in the bond, with the exception of the one by which he goes out, and this he fastens of course on the outside.

410. So that any suggestion as to the possibility of tampering with the locks between the store has no force? None whatever. Mr. Cameron would find himself in gaol the next morning if he did such a thing as to open the door; and the penalties are so heavy that a gentleman in Mr. Cameron's position would never risk anything of the kind.

411. Passing from this matter, there is one thing I think we omitted to ask you. You said in your former examination that you wrote the Colonial Treasurer a letter calling his attention to the fact that it was the intention of certain persons, or that certain persons were making preparations to withdraw considerable quantities of tobacco from bond. You said you had written Mr. Lloyd such a letter, but I do not think you told us whether you had received any note from him in reply? I think I did; but they were both private notes, both mine and his.

412. What was the effect of his reply? Speaking from memory I think that the purport of his note was that these gentlemen would probably find themselves deceived.

413. Have you got that answer? No. As I said it was a private note, and I presume I destroyed it. I mostly destroy these private notes or memos which pass between myself and the Treasurer; they do not form parts of the records of the office; but may be taken more in the light of a conversation between the Treasurer and myself, the notes passing between us to save me the time of going up to the Treasury.

414. And in that way they pass between you without being recorded, just as a conversation would do? Exactly so. I now lay before the Committee a return (*Appendix B 3*), showing the amount of tobacco in the Colony, and the time that would be required for it to be consumed, taking as the basis of my calculation the amount consumed during the three months prior to this rush setting in. I find from this that it would take sixteen weeks to consume the tobacco now in bond, and the tobacco recently taken out of bond,—taking, as I said, the consumption of the previous three months as the basis of my calculation. I was asked too what quantity of this tobacco had come from Victoria. I understand that some honorable Members are under the impression that a large quantity of the tobacco which was taken out of bond had been recently received from Melbourne. I find that there have recently been received from Victoria (between April and July of this year) 78,035 lbs. of unmanufactured tobacco, but none has been received from that Colony later than the 1st July this year.

415. What are the quantities of manufactured and leaf tobacco in your first return? The quantity of manufactured in the Colony was 400,050 lbs. and of leaf 389,370 lbs. These amounts include all that has been taken out of bond between August and October, as well as what is in bond.

416. And how much of the 389,370 lbs. is out of bond? The bulk of it is out of bond.

417. Do you suppose that there was ever in the history of the Colony so large a proportion of leaf tobacco out of bond? No. I do not think there was ever so much leaf tobacco in the Colony as at the present time.

418. *Mr. Garrett.*] Will you state the exact quantities in and out of bond? Of the leaf tobacco there are 333,158 lbs. out of bond, and 56,212 lbs. in bond; of manufactured there are 108,185 out of bond, and 291,165 in bond. There does not appear to have been any very extraordinary rush upon manufactured tobacco. All the attention seems to have been given to the unmanufactured. I could not state exactly on my previous examination how much tobacco had been brought over the Border, but I can now state that

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that there were two parcels, one of 15 tons, which actually came over into the Colony, and one of 10 tons, which was on the way, but was stopped *in transitu*.

419. *Chairman.*] Did you find out to whom this tobacco belonged? It was understood that it belonged to Dixon & Sons. I was then asked on what days the Custom House had been shut on previous occasions of the alteration of the Tariff, and I find that it was shut on the 12th September,\* 1855, that being the day on which the Treasurer's deliverance was made. Then I find that it was shut again on the 29th November, 1865.

420. And was that the date upon which the Treasurer's deliverance was made? Yes. It was similar to the first occasion. The Custom House was closed during the day as the Treasurer's Statement was made at night. I was then asked to state upon what occasions speculators had gained by a change in the Tariff, and upon what occasions they had not. In 1855 —

421. My question was confined to the years since Responsible Government? But Mr. Lloyd asked me about the years which preceded it.

422. You can give your answer to Mr. Lloyd afterwards; at present I would prefer that you would confine yourself to the information asked for by me? Beginning then with Responsible Government—in 1863 the duty on rum was raised from 7s. to 10s. per gallon. On that occasion only a small quantity was taken out, and the parties gained by the speculation. The amount of duty paid was £2,509.

423. And what did they gain? 3s. per gallon on the quantity represented by £2,509. In 1865, two changes were proposed in the Tariff, only the first of which passed, and the other was omitted in my former return. By the first of these schemes there was an extra duty of 20 per cent. granted for a limited time upon all imported articles. The rush upon that occasion however was upon tea, the speculators expecting to see the duty on that article doubled; the duty on tea however was not touched, and the speculators did not gain what they anticipated, though they made a gain by accident, through the 20 per cent. duty that was imposed.

424. How long did that last? I am unable to say from memory.† It was only passed for a limited term; there was a deficit in the revenue, and this increase was granted temporarily, in order to make it up. The next change was in the second Session of 1865–66. On the 29th November, 1865, the Custom House was closed, and upon that occasion the Treasurer proposed to double the duty on tea. On the day or two previous to the proposal, duty was paid on tea to the extent of £14,264 15s.; but the measure fell through and the Government went out of office,—the speculators of course making nothing by their venture. In 1868, £9,808 were paid on tea; but in that case again the speculators failed, as there was no change made in the duty.

425. No change was proposed? No.

426. Was there a change proposed in 1865? There were two Tariffs proposed in 1865;—the first was the extra duty of 20 per cent. on all imports, and the other a duty of 6d. per lb. on tea, instead of 3d.

427. And that was not passed? No; and the Government went out of office. In 1868, duty was paid on tea to the extent of £9,808, in anticipation of the Tariff of that year, but no increase on that article was proposed. In the same Tariff of 1868, £5,665 were paid on raw sugar; but that speculation failed for the same reason as the failure on the tea.

428. Did the Ministry propose an increase of duty on sugar? No. Then we come to the Tariff of 1871. On that occasion £4,334 were paid on cigars, and the duty on cigars was raised from 3s. to 5s. per lb., so that in this matter the speculators gained the extra 2s. per lb. In the same Tariff, £9,607 were paid on tea; but there was no gain on the transaction as no change of duty was proposed. On the same Tariff there were paid on wine £5,584, and the duty was raised to 4s. for still wines, and to 6s. for sparkling wines. The duty previously had been 3s. all round, consequently the speculators gained the difference between 3s. and 4s. on still wines, and between 3s. and 6s. on sparkling wines. Coming back now to the answer to Mr. Lloyd's part of the question,—in the Tariff of November, 1854, a change was proposed in the duty on brandy, which was increased from 6s. to 9s. per gallon; and just preceding the proposal, duty to the amount of £21,096 was paid into the Custom House on imported spirits. That was what was known as the great spirit case. On gin the duty was increased from 6s. to 9s., and on rum from 4s. to 6s. per gall.,—the gain to the speculators in this case being the third of the £21,096, or £7,032. In the Tariff of 1855 there was a rise in the duty on brandy from 9s. to 10s., and on rum from 6s. to 7s. £25,973 were paid for duty on spirits taken out of bond on that occasion, the gain to the speculators being 1s. per gallon in each case. Something was said at my last examination about stemmed and unstemmed leaf tobacco. The practice in England was referred to, and I stated that it was illegal to import stemmed tobacco. I find on looking into the matter that I was mistaken. It is illegal to import the stalks of the tobacco without the leaf. The leaf, however, is imported either with or without the stem, and it is still considered as unmanufactured tobacco. When leaf tobacco comes out to this Colony from England we get a certificate from the Custom House, stating the quantity, and whether it is stemmed or unstemmed; but in all cases it is called unmanufactured. I produce some of these certificates (*Appendix B 4*), showing that a distinction is made between the stemmed and unstemmed.

429. Having refreshed your memory and made inquiries into the matter, can you now tell us whether or not there is a difference of duty in England between the stemmed and unstemmed leaf? There is no difference. The duty on both descriptions is 3s. 1¼d. per lb.

430. What I desired to show from the questions I put to you, or rather from your answers, that the warrant for the Government and the Parliament to make this concession to the tobacco manufacturers of the Colony was to be found in the fact that the tobacco came to the Colony with the stems in, and that these manufacturers were losers thereby to the extent of 25 per cent.? There is nothing of the kind in their petition.

431. Perhaps not; but there is in their letter, and that contained their reasons for petitioning; and yet now we find that this distinction between stemmed and unstemmed tobacco is made in England? It is; but still they call both kinds unmanufactured tobacco, and the duty is the same.

432. But we do not make that distinction here? No; we do not charge any extra duty upon the stemmed tobacco, and there is consequently no necessity for drawing the distinction.

433. This difference however is made in the importation? No; it all comes as unmanufactured.

434. Do not these records you have produced show that a difference is made? As far as that goes, we certainly get these certificates with the shipments. Still that is simply the English practice and cannot affect us.

435.

\* NOTE (*on revision*):—I find on further inquiry that the Custom House was shut on the 12th and 13th.

† NOTE (*on revision*):—It came into operation on the 25th May, 1865, and expired on the 31st December, 1867.

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433. Does it not stand to reason that any man with the slightest claim to common sense would have every bit of tobacco he imports stemmed before it was sent to him? That is certainly not consistent with the facts, for we have now in bond quite as much unstemmed as stemmed leaf.

434. Do Cameron & Dunn import any unstemmed? Yes, I believe they do.

435. I cannot understand how they could be so foolish as to import and pay duty upon stems, when they could save the money? They may have reasons of their own, but I am unable to state them.

436. Have you any means of ascertaining from your own books what is stemmed and what is unstemmed? Yes, we have the means, but it is not looked into very closely, as there is no difference in the duty of the two kinds.

437. Is it the practice of your department to give the Minister occasional reports or information respecting the matters shown by these records? No, it has not been the practice.

438. It might so happen that the stemmed would so far supersede the unstemmed tobacco in the market that it would be necessary to bring the matter under the notice of the Minister? That question has never yet been raised; it never occurred to me as a matter that required immediate legislation.

439. But with all this enormous amount of tobacco taken out of bond would it not have been worthy of consideration how far the stemmed exceeded the unstemmed? As I said, the question was never raised, and I was not willing to raise a question which would have no practical effect. People think that I raise too many questions as it is, but this one never occurred to me.

440. Then what we learn from you now is, that there still is coming into the Colony some quantity of leaf tobacco, properly so called, with the stalks in, or unstemmed tobacco? There is.

441. And that in face of the fact that they could bring it in without the stalks at the same duty? Yes. There is no doubt whatever but that bringing it in without the stalks would give the importer a great advantage over the man who imports it unstemmed.

442. Do you know what proportion the stems bear to the whole weight of leaf? No. I can give no idea of the proportion, but it is manifest that the stemmed tobacco must yield a larger profit.

443. When you say it gives a larger profit, is it not the fact that a larger quantity of tobacco for smoking comes into the Colony without the fair proportion of duty it ought to pay, since the State does not get the larger amount of revenue which it ought proportionately to receive? Of course in the case of the unstemmed tobacco the Government would get more revenue in proportion to the weight of stalks, whilst in the same proportion the importer would get less tobacco.

444. Can you give us any idea of the quantity of unstemmed as compared with stemmed tobacco that is imported into the Colony? I did not go through the books for that purpose, but I am sure you will find that the proportion of unstemmed is very large. With regard to this minute of mine, on the document handed in by Mr. Eagar, I would ask the permission of the Committee to amend what is a self-evident mistake in it, as it is pure nonsense as it stands now.

445. *Mr. Garrett.*] Then we are to understand from the alteration you have just made in your minute, that you were in favour of, and recommended a differential duty on unmanufactured tobacco of one-third less than that on manufactured? Yes; in point of fact I recommended, in the first instance, less than that, but seeing that Mr. Weekes, who was then Treasurer, was very strongly in favour of meeting the views of the petitioners in a fair way, and having referred to the English practice, I made the proposal which you see embodied in that minute.

446. And you have seen no reason to alter your mind since then;—you still think that one-third is sufficient? Yes, I think it is quite sufficient.

447. *Mr. Nelson.*] You mean, I suppose, that one-third of the present duty is sufficient. I presume you do not mean that if the duty on manufactured tobacco were raised to 6s., that the duty on unmanufactured should be raised to 4s. only? What I mean is that 1s. per lb. would be quite sufficient to allow to the manufacturer whatever the duty may be. If the duty on manufactured tobacco is 3s. then the duty on the leaf should be 2s. I would not, however, preserve the same proportions when the duty on manufactured tobacco was raised. The difference of duty should only be just the difference in the price of labour in converting the unmanufactured into manufactured tobacco; for instance, if the duty on manufactured tobacco were raised to 6s. per lb., it would be absurd to admit the leaf at 4s., as that would be giving our manufacturers too large a margin, and making them a present of 1s. per lb. at the expense of the revenue. There should be an inquiry made to ascertain what is a fair margin for the manufacturer to cover his cost of labour and other expenses, and I think that 1s. per lb. will be found to be amply sufficient.

448. Do you not think that, in consequence of the large quantity of tobacco now being manufactured in the Colony, there must necessarily follow a large falling off in the revenue? That must follow.

449. And that that is a consequence of this differential duty? Yes. It must be from that cause, as there certainly is no falling off in the consumption.

450. That shows then that the differential duty is too much? It may be so. I thought all along that it was somewhat too much, but in deference to Mr. Weekes I consented to give up my own views and to recommend what appears in my minute. I have already stated that even a greater difference exists in England and some Colonies.

451. *Mr. G. A. Lloyd.*] You say that the Custom House was closed in September, 1855, and again in November, 1865, on the days on which the Treasurer made his Financial Statement? Yes.

452. You have not been able to ascertain if it has been closed at any time on any days previous to the Financial Statement being made? I think I may venture to say that it never was.

453. You wrote me a note, informing that there was a large demand from persons desirous of taking leaf tobacco out of bond? I did.

454. Can you remember the date of your note? From memory I cannot.

455. Will you look at this. (*Document handed to witness.*) Do you remember the date now? This is my note. It is dated the 15th October, and I have no doubt that was the day.

456. On that day you wrote to me stating that persons were taking unmanufactured tobacco largely out of bond? I did.

457. Did you recommend me in that note to close the Custom House? I did not.

458. You say that in 1865, duty to the amount of £14,264 was paid on tea, when the proposal was made by the Treasurer to double the duty on tea? Yes.

459. Can you remember how long it was before the Financial Statement was made that this amount of duty was paid? It was paid upon three different days—not three consecutive days, but upon three days within a week or so of the proposal of the Government being made.

- W. A. Duncan, Esq.  
20 Nov., 1873.
460. And that large amount was paid in anticipation of an alteration in the duty, and a week before the day when the Treasurer proposed it, but did not carry it? Yes.
461. So that the parties who paid this large amount of duty got no gain over the matter? None.
462. You state that you found in the certificates from the English Custom House a distinction made between stemmed and unstemmed tobacco? I did.
463. Is there any difference in the duty in England? There is no difference in England, and there is no difference here.
464. Here it is all called unmanufactured tobacco, and all pay the same duty? Yes.
465. In so far as the present arrangements are concerned, there can be no object in keeping a separate account of stemmed and unstemmed tobacco? At present there is not, and there would not be, unless there was a second duty as between stemmed and unstemmed tobacco.
466. And as there is no second duty there can be no object? No.
467. Suppose, in taking the weight of stemmed tobacco, the approximate weight of the stems were taken into account, and duty charged on them? I would not recommend that practice, but if a higher duty were imposed, the importers would have to pay it.
468. Or if we charged a higher rate of duty on the stemmed than on the unstemmed? That would come to the same thing, and would be more eligible.
469. We are now receiving the same duty on stemmed as on unstemmed tobacco; so that if the leaf comes into the Colony unstemmed, we get more duty from it than we do if it is stemmed? Yes. In proportion to the weight of the stems and the quantity of manufactured tobacco each would produce.
470. *Chairman.*] Having refreshed your memory by a reference to the note of Mr. Lloyd, you will perhaps, in the first instance, read us that note? I will. (*Letter read. Appendix A 5.*)
471. Had you an answer to that note? I had; but as I have said, I generally tear up private notes of this description.
472. After seeing your note to Mr. Lloyd, can you not remember his answer? No, but its substance was what I have stated.
473. However, no objection was taken to the course pursued by these persons? No. The Treasurer expressed his surprise at the fact, but made no order.
474. And I think you said that the Treasurer wrote that these parties might find themselves deceived? Yes; as far as I can remember there was something to that effect.

Mr. Thomas Fancourt called in and examined:—

- Mr. T. Fancourt.  
20 Nov., 1873.
475. *Chairman.*] You are in the Customs Department? I am.
476. In what capacity? As warehouse-keeper.
477. At one of the Government bonds? Yes.
478. Where? At the Custom House.
479. You have been some time in the department? Yes. I have been in the Customs twenty-six years.
480. On a recent occasion, just prior to the last intended alteration of the Tariff with respect to tobacco, we are told that you made some communication to the Collector of Customs? Yes, I did.
481. What did you do? I found that duty was being largely paid on tobacco, and I went and informed the Collector.
482. When was this? About the 15th or 16th October last.
483. Was that before the Treasurer's statement was made? Yes.
484. Can you say how long before? About a couple of days before.
485. Was it before large quantities of tobacco were taken out of bond? Yes. The day before the very large quantity was taken out I found that parties were making a stir, and that there were great inquiries about leaf tobacco, so I at once informed the Collector.
486. With what object did you communicate with him? Because I thought that he, being the head of the department, should be informed that there was likely to be a change in the Tariff.
487. Then you informed him supposing that there was likely to be a change in the Tariff? I did.
488. And with a view that the intentions of the Government in making that change might not be frustrated prior to their being carried out? Exactly.
489. You have been a long time in your present office? Yes. I have been nearly fifteen years warehouse-keeper.
490. Have you found that before this last occasion rushes have been made to take certain goods out of bond, in anticipation of a supposed change? Yes, I have always found it so.
491. And on these occasions have you communicated to the Collector that such rushes have been made? Yes, always.
492. Have the warehouses been closed against the public on these occasions? Yes; on one occasion the warehouse was closed for a day or a day and a half. That was at the time when Mr. Samuel was Treasurer.
493. And in this instance it was your opinion that this extraordinary pressure on the department to take tobacco out of bond ought to be communicated to the Collector, in order that the intention of the Government might not be frustrated? Yes, I considered it to be my duty to do so.
494. Were there not some rather peculiar arrangements being made, by which certain changes from one part of the bond to the other were carried out more rapidly than usual—borrowing from tobacco that was not cleared to make up the necessary quantity for delivery of tobacco that was cleared? No. The only thing was that there was a quantity of tobacco in the landing-waiters' books, and that these books were not in so that that tobacco could not be taken into stock—other goods being in the same books incomplete. It had, however, been entered into my ledger, though it had not been taken into general stock.
495. Is it the fact that just at this time there were large quantities of tobacco which was changed rapidly, more rapidly than usual, from tobacco that was not in stock to tobacco that was in stock? No. I had it in my book for a week at least before I got in the landing-waiters' books finally complete.
496. But we have been told something about large quantities of tobacco being brought very quickly from one state in your warehouse to another. Can you explain this? I do not understand what you mean.
497. Is it the fact that you had to borrow 70,000 lbs. of tobacco from one part of your bond to make up the deliveries requisite from another part? All the tobacco in bond was deliverable, the only thing being that not having all the red-books in, it was not all taken into stock—other goods being in the same books incomplete.
- 498.

Mr. T.  
Fancourt.

20 Nov., 1873.

498. Were there not certain overtures or arrangements made for carrying into your regular bonded stock large quantities of tobacco which were not in a position to be so taken? No. As I told you, I had it all entered in my ledger, but it had not been taken into the general stock account because the red-books were not in.

499. Were there extraordinary efforts made to enable the tobacco to be in such a position that it could be taken out of bond? No, there was nothing of the kind. I had it in my ledger, and when once it is there it can be taken out of bond at any time. The only thing was that it had not been taken into stock.

500. What do you mean by that? I mean this, that the red-books of the landing-waiters contain a good many entries for different kind of goods. From these books I take the entries as the examinations are made into my ledger; but I cannot get the books themselves until all the entries in them have been completed. Then I cannot take the goods into stock until I get these red-books from the landing-waiters, and therefore I have to wait before I can take any one entry into stock until the whole entries are completed.

501. Were not efforts made to enable you to deliver out of bond these large quantities of tobacco? No. No one would induce me to do anything wrong.

502. I am quite sure of that, and that is not what I mean. What I desired to know was whether efforts had not been made to place this tobacco in a position to be delivered out of bond? No. It was in a position to pay duty, as it was in my ledger. When it is entered there the importer can come at any moment and pay duty and demand delivery.

503. Then this tobacco was properly entered? Yes; it was in the landing-waiters' books and in my book, and could have been taken out of bond at any time.

504. Then can you tell us why it did not appear in the weekly returns? Because, as I said before, the red-books were not in, and it had not been taken into stock.

505. How came it then that you had it in your book? Because when one entry is complete, I copy it from the landing-waiter's book into my ledger, but then his book may contain twenty different entries, and until they are all complete I cannot take them into general stock, as the landing-waiters require their books to complete the other entries in them, and without the books I cannot take the entries into general stock.

506. There must be a taking from somewhere into your general stock;—where do you take it from? From the landing-waiters' books.

507. Was there not then an extraordinary taking from the landing-waiters' books into stock just at that time? No, I had had some of this very tobacco in my books four weeks before it was taken out.

508. Was it for any particular reason—any departmental reason—that this tobacco did not appear in the weekly returns? No, it was simply because it had not been taken into stock. Until the red-books come in I cannot take the entries into stock. A reference to my book will show the thing very clearly. Here is an instance of the contents of a landing-waiter's red-book. There is an entry of twelve cases of drapery, and of twelve or fifteen other things, all in different bonds, and amongst the rest of 17 tierces of tobacco. The entry for that was passed on the 15th September, and it was taken into my ledger on that day, but then there were the other entries in the book to be completed, and I could not take the tobacco into stock until I had the book completed, and this was not till the following month.

509. Then why did not this tobacco appear in the return published on the 10th? Because the book did not come in till afterwards. It appears however in the stock return of the 17th October.

510. That and a great deal more appear to have come into stock between those two dates—the 10th and the 17th October? Yes, several ships' books came in about that time.

511. And how did all this happen to come into stock in this week? Because I happened to have the red-books in at that time.

512. How did you contrive to get them in just at this time? I wrote to the different officers requesting them to have their books sent in at once.

513. Then there were extraordinary efforts made to bring this tobacco into stock, in order that it might be taken out of bond before the Minister's Statement was made? No. The reason I wrote to the officers was, that I found there was such a rush for tobacco that I did not wish that the quantity on which duty was paid should appear to be in excess of what I had in stock.

514. When did you do this? On the 15th or 16th October I wrote to the landing-surveyors to get the books in.

515. In order that there should be tobacco in store on which duty might be paid in anticipation of the supposed change in the Tariff? No; but in order that the quantity on which duty was paid should not appear to be in excess of stock.

516. What I understand you to say is this:—That some large quantity of tobacco—some hundreds of tons—was brought within the week ending 17th October, or rather within the first few days of that week, into a position in which duty could be paid on it after having been lying for many months in a position in which duty could not have been paid on it? Not at all; the duty could have been paid months before if the parties had chosen. As soon as the entry goes into my ledger, duty may be paid on it.

517. But you did make an effort in order to get this into stock? Yes, I did what I have said. When I found what was coming, and I did not wish the deliveries to appear to be in excess of what was on hand.

518. So that you made an effort to facilitate these deliveries? No, I did not. I could not have done so, because being in my ledger the tobacco was open to have duty paid on it; but it was not in my general stock-book, and I wished it to appear there in order to cover deliveries, and that I should not seem to deliver more tobacco than I had.

519. It seems that some day or other, finding that there was a great disposition to take tobacco out of bond, and fearing that duty would be paid upon more tobacco than would be got, you made an effort which you had not done before, to get in the returns from the different officers so as to enable you to get tobacco enough to satisfy the duty paid? No; I had the tobacco entered in my ledger. The only thing was that it did not appear in the general stock-book.

520. Then what was the effort you made? To get the landing-waiters' books, so that the tobacco might appear in stock. The deliveries were so large that had I not done so it would have appeared that I had delivered more tobacco than I had in stock, and that would have been an absurdity.

521. So you made this effort to get this tobacco into stock, so as to meet the deliveries when they came to be published? Yes, I was obliged to do so.

Mr. T.  
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522. I assume that you did your duty, but the fact was that by that effort some hundreds of tons of tobacco, which had previously been in the position of being out of stock, were brought into the position of being in stock? I will not say hundreds of tons, but there was a great deal brought in of course.
523. But though you were moved on to make this effort, you thought it your duty at the same time to inform the Collector of what was going on? I did, of course.
524. Did you inform him in time so that the Government if it had so chosen could have caused the warehouse doors to be locked against the public? Yes, they might have done so.
525. It was in time for them to have done that? Yes.
526. What I want to know is this: Whether from the time of your giving information to the Collector to the time of this tobacco being brought into stock, the Collector would have been able to have informed the Government, and the Government, if they were so advised, would have been able to have locked the warehouse doors? Yes, it was in time.
527. You are sure of that? Yes, I am certain of it.
528. *Mr. Nelson.*] Were there certificates produced for all these large quantities of tobacco? There were entries corresponding with those in my books.
529. All the certificates were produced to you? No, I have nothing to do with the certificates, only with the entries.
530. And these entries showed that the tobacco must have been in bond at the time? Certainly.
531. You say you informed the Collector when you saw that this large amount of duty was being paid? I informed him when I saw that the stir was being made about the tobacco, and that inquiries were being made as to where this tobacco and that tobacco was bonded.
532. How did you come to a knowledge of these inquiries—through the certificates? No. I have nothing to do with the certificates. They are only between the bonded storekeeper and the importer, and have nothing to do with us.
533. In what way then did you come to know what was going on? Simply by seeing the stir that was being made and that parties were going about making inquiries about tobacco.
534. Then I suppose it struck you that there was likely to be a change in the Tariff? Yes, we all look for a rush when any change in the Tariff is expected.
535. And you think it was on the 15th or 16th October that you gave this information to the Collector? Yes, about that time.
536. At all events, before the Financial Statement was made? Yes, one or two days before.
537. And in time to have prevented the tobacco from being taken out of bond had the Minister been so disposed? Yes.
538. *Mr. G. A. Lloyd.*] You have been many years in the Customs Department? Yes; twenty-six years.
539. Have you seen these rushes occur before? Yes, several times.
540. And when you saw them taking place you informed the Collector before? Yes; to the best of my belief I have.
541. I suppose you would not inform him until you saw entries being passed for very large quantities of some particular article? No; not till I saw some great stir making in a particular article to pay more duty than was usual.
542. Then it is from some guess as to what the Government are going to do that this is done? Yes, we always see that the run is upon some particular article, which they fancy is going to be changed.
543. If any particular merchant happens to pay any large amount of duty, larger we will say than usual, upon tobacco or spirits, does that soon become known to others? Yes, it becomes known at once. There are always fifteen or twenty people in my room, and they see the entries as they come in.
544. In this way the Custom Agents are very sure to know it? Yes.
545. And they naturally tell their principals of what is doing? Yes, of course they do. I recollect when the tea racket was on, it was astonishing how soon it got wind. We had them coming in with their entries almost as soon as the first one was disposed of.
546. Have you any idea of how these merchants manage to find these things out? No, I have not.
547. Do you think they guess it? They do it on speculation I suppose.
548. Do you think they know for certain what is to be done? No, I do not think that any one knows for certain. One influential merchant will make a guess of what is likely to be done; then the others, seeing what he has done, follow him. I know that I had not the remotest idea of the change.
549. You have said that this tobacco might have been cleared long ago had the importers so desired—that it was in a position to have duty paid on it? Yes, every package was in my books; but it was not taken into stock for want of the other books.
550. Then what object had you in being particularly anxious to have these red-books in on this occasion, seeing that the tobacco could have been cleared without them. If the parties were able to take their tobacco out of bond by its being in your ledger, and that there was no difficulty in the way of its delivery, what particular object could you have in desiring to have these red-books sent in? Because as there was such a rush the delivery would have been in excess of the stock if the quantity represented in these books had not been taken in.
551. The stock account is the account of the whole stock that is held in bond and not the account of any particular merchant's tobacco? Precisely.
552. And if you had taken to the debit of that stock all the deliveries you made out of you ledgers, without also putting to the credit of that stock the quantity that was actually held as shown by your books, you would have appeared, when the return was published, to have delivered more tobacco than you possessed? Undoubtedly I should.
553. Then your anxiety to get these books from the landing-waiters was solely for the purpose of making your return correct? That was all.



## PAYMENT OF DUTY ON TOBACCO.

## APPENDIX.

[*Handed in by The Hon. G. Eagar, Esq., 20 November, 1873.*]

## A 1.

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The Petition of the undersigned Tobacco Manufacturers, residents of Sydney,—  
Humbly sheweth:—

That your Petitioners are and have been injuriously affected by the operation of that portion of the present Tariff which refers to the duty on tobacco, and which differs essentially from the principles by which the British revenues are regulated, and also from what was formerly the usage in this and the adjoining Colonies, viz., that as the law now stands there is no difference in the duty between the article imported in a state of finished manufacture and the raw material.

That in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland the duty on the raw material is, and has been, all along, only one-third of that levied on the manufactured article, while in the adjoining Colony of Victoria the present proposition is, that the duty on the raw material shall be one-half of that on the manufactured article.

Your Petitioners therefore pray that as this part of the Tariff of this Colony was hastily passed in one night, by which your Petitioners were prevented memorializing your Honorable House on this subject, your Honorable House will take these premises into consideration, and grant to your Petitioners such relief as shall appear to your Honorable House just and equitable; and your Petitioners will ever pray.

EDW. M'ENCROE.  
HUGH DIXSON.  
ARCHD. THOMSON.  
EDWARD DALY.  
ANDREW KENNY.  
MICHAEL KEANE.  
WATKINS & LEIGH.  
J. FINNIMORE.  
DENIS M'ENCROE.  
J. H. MYERS.

Collector of Customs, for his views on this subject.—E.C.W., 2 Nov., /61. B.C., 2.—J.W.

The fact is, as the Petitioners state, the duty in England on unmanufactured tobacco is only two-thirds of the duty on the article manufactured, *i.e.* 3s. and 9s. respectively. This difference however appears too great, and of a protective nature. Under our Tariff no unmanufactured tobacco is imported, as it allows nothing to the manufacturers. This is scarcely just or politic. The manufacturer should perhaps have one-half the duty, as in some of the other Colonies, but I fear this is not a convenient time for *reducing* the revenue from tobacco. The alteration if made now could, I imagine, be made only by increasing the duty on manufactured tobacco to 3s., and making the leaves pay 2s.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb.—W.A.D., 4th.

Submitted, 4.

Collector.—Outline of a Bill to reduce duty on leaf or unmanufactured tobacco to 1s.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb., to take effect from 1st October next.—E.C.W., 13 Nov., /61.

Collector of Customs, B.C., 13.—J.W. Draft herewith.—W.A.D., 14. Put by.

## A 2.

To the Honorable the Colonial Treasurer,—

Sydney, 11 December, 1861.

Honorable Sir,

In reference to the Tobacco Duties question, now under consideration in the Assembly, we beg respectfully to submit for your guidance the following:—

1st. The waste about 25  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent., 6d.

2nd. Difference between American slave labour and Colonial free labour, in the following, viz.:—Opening and stripping, twisting, cooperage, packing, storing, about 4d.

This leaves a margin of only 2d.  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. to go against the following additional costs:—

1st. Extra freight, &c., of leaf, which is more bulky.

2nd. More subject to water damage, being comparatively loose, whereas the manufactured tobacco will scarcely admit water, even if plunged in it.

We are, &c.,

HUGH DIXSON.  
EDW. M'ENCROE.  
ARCHD. THOMSON.

Submitted, 12. Seen.—E.C.W., 18 Dec., /61. Put by.

## A 3.

Anno, 25 Victoriae, 1861.

A BILL to alter the Duties of Customs payable on Tobacco.

WHEREAS it is expedient to alter the duties imposed by the "Customs Duties Act of 1855," on imported tobacco: Be it therefore enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the consent of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

1. That portion of the schedule annexed to the "Customs Duties Act of 1855" which imposes an uniform duty of 2s. the pound on tobacco and snuff, is hereby repealed.

2. There shall be payable on tobacco, cigars, and snuff, imported into New South Wales, the several duties of Customs mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed.

3. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of October, 1862, and may be called the "Customs Duties Amendment Act of 1861."

## SCHEDULE.

Tobacco, unmanufactured, the pound .....	1s.
Tobacco, manufactured, the pound .....	2s.
Cigars and snuff, the pound .....	3s.

## B 1.

[Handed in by W. A. Duncan, Esq., 20 November, 1873.]

RETURN showing the Names of persons who paid Duty on Tobacco, from 29 August to 17 October, 1873.

Date.	Names.	Manufactured Tobacco.		Unmanufactured Tobacco.	
		Weight.	Amount paid.	Weight.	Amount paid.
1873.		lbs.	£ s. d.	lbs.	£ s. d.
2 September..	Barnard & Hinton .....	503	50 6 0	.....	.....
5 " .....	" .....	259	25 18 0	.....	.....
9 " .....	" .....	237	23 14 0	.....	.....
18 " .....	" .....	252	25 4 0	.....	.....
22 " .....	" .....	234	23 8 0	.....	.....
24 " .....	" .....	222	22 4 0	.....	.....
25 " .....	" .....	400	40 0 0	.....	.....
29 " .....	" .....	243	24 6 0	.....	.....
30 " .....	" .....	245	24 10 0	.....	.....
4 October .....	" .....	485	48 10 0	.....	.....
9 " .....	" .....	242	24 4 0	.....	.....
13 " .....	" .....	493	49 6 0	.....	.....
16 " .....	" .....	502	50 4 0	.....	.....
9 September..	Boyd & Lindon .....	211	21 2 0	.....	.....
29 August .....	C. Bent .....	178	17 16 0	.....	.....
1 September..	" .....	152½	15 5 0	.....	.....
2 " .....	" .....	481	48 2 0	.....	.....
4 " .....	" .....	240	24 0 0	.....	.....
8 " .....	" .....	291½	2 19 4	.....	.....
9 " .....	" .....	237	23 14 0	.....	.....
16 " .....	" .....	373	37 6 0	.....	.....
19 " .....	" .....	236	23 12 0	.....	.....
19 " .....	" .....	485	48 10 0	.....	.....
29 " .....	" .....	315½	31 10 6	.....	.....
2 October .....	" .....	354	35 8 0	.....	.....
7 " .....	" .....	617	61 14 0	.....	.....
10 " .....	" .....	394	39 8 0	.....	.....
1 September..	J. Barlow .....	260	26 0 0	.....	.....
3 October .....	" .....	412	41 4 0	.....	.....
15 " .....	" .....	229	22 18 0	.....	.....
8 September..	H. S. Bird.....	20½	2 1 0	.....	.....
13 October .....	G. E. Austin .....	.....	.....	12	0 12 0
1 September..	Cameron, Dunn, & Co. ....	.....	.....	727	36 7 0
3 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	7,971	398 11 0
6 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	10,688	534 8 0
8 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	828	41 8 0
11 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	4,467	223 7 0
12 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	903	45 3 0
15 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	5,650	282 10 0
24 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	2,596	129 16 0
27 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	16,895	844 15 0
3 October .....	" .....	.....	.....	5,973	298 13 0
9 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	11,138	556 18 0
10 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	2,242	112 2 0
11 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	10,909	545 9 0
15 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	3,404	170 4 0
29 August .....	Church & Hills.....	249	24 18 0	.....	.....
12 September..	" .....	245	24 10 0	.....	.....
24 " .....	" .....	498	49 16 0	.....	.....
2 October .....	" .....	257	25 14 0	.....	.....
3 " .....	" .....	256	25 12 0	.....	.....
4 " .....	" .....	265	26 10 0	.....	.....
11 " .....	" .....	506	50 12 0	.....	.....
15 " .....	" .....	422	42 4 0	.....	.....
8 " .....	" .....	401	40 2 0	.....	.....
29 August .....	D. Cooper & Co. ....	1,387	138 14 0	.....	.....
9 September..	D. Cohen & Co. ....	1,035	103 10 0	.....	.....
9 " .....	" .....	812	81 4 0	.....	.....
15 October .....	" .....	1,227	122 14 0	.....	.....
14 " .....	J. J. Curran .....	238	23 16 0	.....	.....
1 " .....	Dalton Brothers .....	1,646	164 12 0	.....	.....
16 " .....	" .....	3,750	375 0 0	.....	.....
15 " .....	Dangar, Gedye, & Co. ....	653	65 6 0	.....	.....
16 " .....	" .....	260	26 0 0	.....	.....
29 August .....	Dixson & Sons .....	.....	.....	698	34 18 0
1 September..	" .....	.....	.....	1,235	61 15 0
3 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	2,733	139 3 0
4 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	116	5 16 0
5 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	1,506	75 6 0
12 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	759	37 19 0
17 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	2,712	135 12 0
18 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	1,194	59 14 0
19 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	653	32 13 0
24 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	2,661	133 1 0
26 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	715	35 15 0
1 October .....	" .....	.....	.....	2,639	131 19 0
3 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	2,817	140 17 0
15 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	66,049	3,302 9 0
16 " .....	" .....	.....	.....	16,288	814 8 0
12 September..	Egger & Bartlett .....	63	6 6 0	.....	.....
3 October .....	" .....	164	16 8 0	.....	.....
16 " .....	" .....	278	27 16 0	.....	.....

## B 1—continued.

Date.	Names.	Manufactured Tobacco.		Unmanufactured Tobacco.	
		Weight.	Amount paid.	Weight.	Amount paid.
1873.		lbs.	£ s. d.	lbs.	£ s. d.
2 September..	J. Frazer & Co.	823	82 6 0	.....	.....
10 "	"	1,084	108 8 0	.....	.....
23 "	"	2,556	255 12 0	.....	.....
24 "	"	579	57 18 0	.....	.....
1 October	"	1,539	153 18 0	.....	.....
8 "	"	2,516	251 12 0	.....	.....
8 September..	A. Fairfax & Co.	531	53 2 0	.....	.....
29 "	"	285	28 10 0	.....	.....
30 "	"	277	27 14 0	.....	.....
22 "	Harrison & Attwood	374	37 8 0	.....	.....
4 "	J. Jacobs & Co.	670	67 0 0	.....	.....
9 "	"	266	26 12 0	.....	.....
10 "	"	252	25 4 0	.....	.....
11 "	"	371½	37 3 0	.....	.....
16 "	"	224	22 8 0	.....	.....
19 "	"	207	20 14 0	.....	.....
24 "	"	265	26 10 0	.....	.....
26 "	"	462	46 4 0	.....	.....
7 October	"	267	26 14 0	.....	.....
8 "	"	251	25 2 0	.....	.....
14 "	"	228	22 16 0	.....	.....
8 September..	Learmonth, Dickinson, & Co.	128	12 16 0	.....	.....
16 October	"	126	12 12 0	.....	.....
9 "	J. R. Love	256	25 12 0	.....	.....
8 September..	S. De Lissa	214	21 8 0	.....	.....
10 "	"	256	25 12 0	.....	.....
15 "	"	259	25 18 0	.....	.....
16 "	"	225	22 10 0	.....	.....
18 "	"	217	21 14 0	.....	.....
30 "	"	126	12 12 0	.....	.....
3 October	"	420	42 0 0	.....	.....
4 "	"	257	25 14 0	.....	.....
6 "	"	256	25 12 0	.....	.....
6 September..	J. H. Myers	534	53 8 0	.....	.....
10 "	"	199½	19 19 6	.....	.....
12 "	"	595	59 10 0	.....	.....
16 "	"	85½	8 11 0	.....	.....
25 "	"	536	53 12 0	.....	.....
30 "	"	200	20 0 0	.....	.....
3 October	"	257	25 14 0	.....	.....
3 "	"	173	17 6 0	.....	.....
9 "	"	366	36 12 0	.....	.....
9 September..	J. Noake	385	38 10 0	.....	.....
10 October	"	173½	17 7 0	.....	.....
11 September..	Nelson Brothers	826	82 12 0	.....	.....
20 "	S. Naylor	1½	0 3 0	.....	.....
15 "	On Chong & Co.	163	16 6 0	.....	.....
17 "	"	90½	9 1 0	.....	.....
10 October	"	181	18 2 0	.....	.....
29 August	E. T. Penfold	.....	.....	2,151	107 11 0
1 September..	"	.....	.....	1,348	67 8 0
2 "	"	.....	.....	1,387	69 7 0
3 "	"	.....	.....	1,921	96 1 0
4 "	"	.....	.....	1,458	72 18 0
8 "	"	.....	.....	1,283	64 3 0
10 "	"	.....	.....	2,907	145 7 0
12 "	"	.....	.....	1,997	99 17 0
15 "	"	261	26 2 0	1,305	65 5 0
19 "	"	.....	.....	2,071	103 11 0
23 "	"	.....	.....	3,305	165 5 0
26 "	"	.....	.....	2,310	115 10 0
29 "	"	671	67 2 0	1,316	65 16 0
4 October	"	.....	.....	2,268	113 8 0
7 "	"	.....	.....	2,251	112 11 0
9 "	"	756	75 12 0	.....	.....
11 "	"	.....	.....	4,223	211 3 0
13 "	"	.....	.....	3,637	181 17 0
14 "	"	465	46 10 0	48	2 8 0
15 "	"	.....	.....	5,509	275 9 0
29 August	Parbury, Lamb, & Co.	897	89 14 0	.....	.....
30 "	"	250	25 0 0	.....	.....
1 September..	"	405	40 10 0	.....	.....
2 "	"	.....	.....	368	18 8 0
10 "	"	477	47 14 0	.....	.....
12 "	"	262	26 4 0	.....	.....
17 "	"	531	53 2 0	.....	.....
18 "	"	.....	.....	9,188	459 8 0
22 "	"	252	25 4 0	.....	.....
3 October	"	262	26 4 0	.....	.....
13 "	"	.....	.....	5,153	257 13 0
14 "	"	.....	.....	30,599	1,529 19 0
15 "	"	.....	.....	111,508	5,575 8 0
16 "	"	1,325	132 10 0	15,467	773 7 0
8 September..	W. Russell	60	6 0 0	.....	.....
29 August	Sippel Brothers	107½	10 15 0	.....	.....
9 September..	"	237	23 14 0	.....	.....

## B 1—continued.

Date.	Names.	Manufactured Tobacco.		Unmanufactured Tobacco.	
		Weight.	Amount paid.	Weight.	Amount paid.
		lbs.	£ s. d.	lbs.	£ s. d.
1873.					
10 October	Sippel Brothers	615½	61 11 0		
15 "	"	255	25 10 0		
15 September	J. Smith	127	12 14 0		
29 August	T. Saywell			2,982	149 2 0
9 September	"			3,097	154 17 0
11 "	"	237	23 14 0		
17 "	"			2,917	145 17 0
19 "	"			587	29 7 0
26 "	"	253	25 6 0	2,089	104 9 0
29 "	"			2,157	107 17 0
7 October	"			1,974	98 14 0
13 "	"			3,690	184 10 0
15 "	"			38,764	1,938 4 0
16 "	"			714	35 14 0
1 September	A. W. Sutton	126	12 12 0		
3 "	"	377	37 14 0		
5 "	"	166	16 12 0		
9 "	"	401	40 2 0		
11 "	"	761	76 2 0		
12 "	"	223½	22 7 0		
15 "	"	152	15 4 0		
16 "	"	380	38 0 0		
23 "	"	230	23 0 0		
26 "	"	278	27 16 0		
3 October	"	691½	69 3 0		
7 "	"	502	50 4 0		
8 "	"	368	36 16 0		
14 "	"	843	84 6 0		
29 August	Sun Kee	90¼	9 0 6		
4 October	"	90	9 0 0		
8 "	"	90	9 0 0		
5 September	Sum Kum Tie	614	61 8 0		
24 "	T. J. Stuchbury & Co.	215	21 10 0		
1 "	Tin War & Co.	271	27 2 0		
8 October	"	352¼	35 4 6		
3 September	S. Tibbett	½	0 1 0		
16 "	J. W. Thomas	377	37 14 0		
16 "	R. Towns & Co.	561	56 2 0		
5 "	Wright, Reading, & Co.	257	25 14 0		
	Total		6,281 2 4		23,058 17 0

Custom House, Sydney,  
17th November, 1873.

W. A. DUNCAN,  
Collector of Customs.

## B 2.

## REGULATIONS for Messrs. Cameron, Dunn, &amp; Co.'s Tobacco Bonding and Manufacturing Warehouse.

- The warehouse measuring greatly over the space which gives the maximum duty of £300 per annum, the duty is fixed at that rate, and is payable quarterly in advance. The first quarter will be payable on or before the 1st day of April, 1873.
- The manufactory will be opened at 6 a.m. and closed at 6 p.m., Saturdays excepted, when the warehouse will be closed at 1 p.m.
- The keys of all the padlocks which secure the openings into the bonding portion of the building, which include the manufactory and the tobacco store, are to be at all times in the possession of the Locker, who will be held strictly responsible for such openings being duly fastened before leaving at night. He will try all the locks every evening and on his arrival every morning; and he will see also that the windows are at all times properly secured. He will report immediately to the Collector any accident or irregularity that may occur at the manufactory.
- The two back doors and the doors leading to the tobacco store are only to be opened when necessary, and are to be immediately closed when such necessary work is completed. The Locker's office will be in sight of the principal entrance, which may be kept open during working hours.
- All leaf tobacco intended to be manufactured under bond will be entered under the usual import bond entry, and all manufactured tobacco will be entered either for home consumption or exportation in the usual way. The Locker will see that no tobacco is received or delivered without the proper Customs' documents.
- The Locker will take an account of all tobacco received into the tobacco store (which is separated from the manufactory), whether such tobacco be in leaf or manufactured, and of all tobacco delivered from the store, whether in leaf for the manufactory or manufactured tobacco for exportation or home consumption; and he will make due entry of the same under proper headings, in books which will be furnished to him for that purpose.
- The Locker will be present at all times when the workmen are leaving the manufactory; he will see that all leave the manufactory at the proper time, and he will occasionally search them when he has any reason to suppose that they carry away tobacco on their persons.
- The Locker must on no account be absent from the manufactory at any time while it is open or working under bond. For any failure in this respect no excuse will be received, but immediate dismissal will be the result. In case of temporary illness the Locker will be relieved, but it must be clearly understood that continued ill health is an absolute disqualification from holding this office.
- The Locker must not, under the same penalty, drink to excess, or receive any unauthorized fee, perquisite, gratuity, or reward, under any pretext whatever. As it is an office of great responsibility no person can be allowed to hold it against whom there is any well-grounded suspicion, though this may be short of absolute proof.
- As the Company do not purpose to work under bond during the whole year it will be the duty of the Locker before removing the Crown's locks to see that the manufactory is duly cleared of all tobacco received under bond, whether manufactured or not (which must be secured in the sweat-house or in the tobacco store), after which the Company may carry on their manufactory from duty-paid leaf without any control from the Customs' Department, except as regards the tobacco in the store and sweat-house.
- When the Company cease to manufacture in bond the Locker will deposit the Crown's locks and keys with the Warehouse-keeper, and report himself to the Collector for other employment till he be again required at the manufactory.

Custom House, Sydney,  
28th February, 1873.

W. A. DUNCAN,  
Collector of Customs.

B 3.

APPENDIX.

B 3.  
STATISTICS IN REFERENCE TO TOBACCO.  
*Leaf Tobacco.*

Total in bond.			Recently taken out.			
Pkgs.	14 November, 1873.		Pkgs.	lbs.		* Ex.
87	lbs. 35,540 Stock.	17 October, 1873 .....	324	313,691	H.C.	} 1 week.
17	20,672 "Belted Will."	7 November " .....	22	15,806	"	
		14 " " .....	3	1,402	"	
		14 " " .....	3	2,259	Sent to Newcastle.	
104	56,212					
9	No books in yet.		352	333,158		
<i>Manufactured Tobacco.</i>						
1,901	261,333 Stock, 14/11/73.	17 October, 1873 .....	40	11,674	H.C.	
52	13,729 "Belted Will."	17 " " .....	294	38,223	Ex.	
88	10,709 "Strathnaver."	24 " " .....	13	2,642	H.C.	
2	333 "Rangatira."	24 " " .....	62	15,537	Ex.	
10	1,494 do.	31 " " .....	27	6,621	H.C.	
20	1,792 "Geffrard."	31 " " .....	47	7,261	Ex.	
10	2,475 "Alexandra."	7 November " .....	30	8,091	H.C.	
		7 " " .....	55	8,243	Ex.	
		14 " " .....	46	9,502	H.C.	
		14 " " .....	15	391	Ex.	
2,083	291,865 lbs.		629	108,185	lbs.	

\* The above under ordinary circumstances would have taken sixteen (16) weeks to consume.

*Leaf Tobacco recently from Victoria.*

"Dandenong" .....	132 bales = 18,037 lbs.	26 April, 1873.	Went direct to Cameron's factory.
"You Yangs" .....	109 " = 30,328 "	8 May, "	
"You Yangs" .....	27 trces. = 23,248 "	1 July "	
"City of Adelaide"...	8 " = 6,422 "	20 May, "	
276 pkgs. = 78,035 lbs.			

B 4.

Bill of Entry Office, Custom House,  
Glasgow, 14th November, 1872.

L  
887 In Argyle Bond.  
THIS is to certify, that upon an examination of the official documents kept at this port, it appears that there were shipped on board the "Glencora," Captain for Sydney, sailed the undermentioned goods, viz. :—Eleven hhd. and two tierces stemmed unmanufactured tobacco, containing 10 per cent. or more of moisture, by J. C. Alston, acting for S. Irvin & Co.

L	887	72/7475	2.	8	11	2	10
			3.	10	9	2	22
			4.	12	10	2	11
			5.	13	11	1	12
			6.	16	12	0	0
			7.	17	10	3	22
			8.	18	12	1	6
			9.	19	11	0	10
			10.	20	12	1	20
			11.	21	10	1	2
			12.	40	12	0	2

11 hhd. .... 124 1 5 or 13,921 lbs. net.

13.	49	6	2	22
14.	50	7	1	15

2 tierces ... 14 0 9 or 1,577 lbs. net.

15,498 lbs. total net.



JA. McDERMOTT,  
Principal Clerk.

I HEREBY certify that the following is a true copy from the books or documents of the Custom House in the Port of London :—  
Bill of Entry Office, Custom House, London.

Rail to Liverpool.

Ship "Ethiopian," from London,

master, for Sydney. Entered 19th August, 1872.

Mark.	No.	
	C 843	In Argyle.
	13½ 136	Shipped on board the above-named vessel the undermentioned goods, viz. :—Three tierces and one box unstemmed unmanufactured tobacco, weighing—
	1 box	cwt. qrs. lbs.
		1/31 1 tierce..... 9 1 11
		2 1 " ..... 8 2 19
		6 1 " ..... 7 0 27
		25 1 1, or 2,829 lbs. net.
		Samples included.

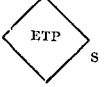
Examined.—H.P.

Entered by W. S. DANCATER.

A. HARPER, Controller,  
Bill of Entry Office, 31st August, 1872.

Bill of Entry Office, Custom House, London.

I HEREBY certify that the following is a true copy from the books or documents of the Custom House in the Port of London:—  
Ship "Ethiopian," from London, master, for Sydney. Entered 15th August, 1872.

Mark.	No.	In Argyle.
	C 843	Shipped on board the above-named vessel the undermentioned goods, viz. :—Ten hhds. and one box samples unmanufactured tobacco, weighing twelve thousand four hundred and forty pounds net—12,440 lbs. net, viz. :—Three hhds. stemmed and seven hhds. unstemmed. One box samples included in the above weight.
		cwt. qrs. lbs.
SRN. 1.	567	12 1 0
PYN. 2.	470	9 1 6
3.	484	14 3 0
	3	36 1 6, or 4,066 lbs. stemmed.
WU. 4.	184	10 3 9
SAU. 5.	27	11 3 21
LAU. 6.	246	10 1 27
LGU. 9.	147	10 2 20
7.	124	11 0 22
10.	160	8 3 1
8.	130	10 3 14
	7	74 3 2, or 8,374 lbs. unstemmed.
	1 box	

Examined, 22nd Aug., 1872.—J. JOHNSTON.

Entered by Mr. W. S. DANCASTER.

A. HARPER, Controller,

Bill of Entry Office, 23rd August, 1872.

B 5.

The Collector of Customs to The Colonial Treasurer.

15 October, 1873.

My dear Sir,

The holders of tobacco appear to have got some inkling of an increase of duty, as entries are pouring in rapidly. Some days since I saw they were uneasy on the subject, and as we had a large quantity of leaf tobacco to tare, I delayed the taring as long as I decently could, but of course I cannot refuse duty when tendered, and I see we shall have a very large sum to-day on that article.

Yours very truly,  
W. A. DUNCAN.

1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## CUSTOMS.

(CONVENTIONS WITH VICTORIA AND SOUTH AUSTRALIA RELATIVE TO MURRAY RIVER.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

CONVENTION made and entered into between the Honorable HENRY PARKES Colonial Secretary and the Honorable SAUL SAMUEL Vice-President of the Executive Council for and on behalf of the Colony of New South Wales of the one part and the Honorable JAMES GOODALL FRANCIS Chief Secretary and the Honorable EDWARD LANGTON Treasurer for and on behalf of the Colony of Victoria of the other part.

FOR the purpose of enabling each of the Colonies of Victoria and New South Wales to receive the duties of Customs to which it is entitled on goods imported from the other across or by way of the river Murray between New South Wales and Victoria without the actual collection of such duties by Customs officers on the occasion of each importation it is agreed as follows:—

1. That for a period of three years from the first day of June next inclusive goods of all kinds including live stock shall be imported from Victoria into New South Wales and from New South Wales into Victoria across or by way of the river Murray without any payment of Customs duties or charges of any kind upon any such importation with the exception in respect to live stock provided for in the ninth clause of this Convention.

2. That during such period there shall be paid to New South Wales by Victoria by equal quarterly payments the yearly sum of Fifty-four thousand five hundred pounds (£54,500) such sum being the estimated annual balance which in each year would be payable to New South Wales in respect of Customs duties upon goods passing through any of the Custom Houses on the river Murray after giving credit to Victoria for the duties payable upon goods imported into that Colony from New South Wales.

3. That the duties on goods which on the first day of June next shall have been imported into New South Wales by the river Murray and shall then be in any of the New South Wales bonded warehouses on that river except such as shall have been imported from South Australia and the duties on all goods which may hereafter during the continuance of this Agreement be placed in the present or any future bonded warehouse in New South Wales on the said river except such as may be imported from South Australia shall be collected by New South Wales and paid over to Victoria without charge.

4. That should the Legislature of New South Wales during the period of three years set forth in the first clause of this Agreement reduce or repeal the Customs or Excise duties at present imposed by law the yearly sum to be paid to New South Wales shall in a corresponding manner be adjusted and reduced such adjustment to be determined by the amount of duties collected during the twelve months from the first day of February 1872 until the 1st day of February 1873 on the dutiable article or articles affected by such alteration of the law.

5. That should the said Legislature during the same period of three years increase the Customs or Excise duties at present imposed by law or impose new duties upon articles now admitted free the sum to be paid to New South Wales shall be adjusted and increased by the proportional amount received or receivable on the articles crossing the river Murray so subjected to Customs duties during the next succeeding six months after the Act imposing such duties comes into operation.

6. That nevertheless it shall be optional for New South Wales or Victoria on the Legislature of either Colony passing any measure altering the Customs or Excise duties at present in force in such Colony to retire from this Agreement on giving thirty days' notice of its intention so to retire.

7. That for the purposes of this Agreement all bonded warehouses shall be on the river Murray or boundary as aforesaid and not on the tributaries of that river.

8. That the Government of Victoria shall afford all customary facilities for the transport under bond of goods destined for consumption in New South Wales to the river Murray.

9. After the end of the Session of the Parliament of Victoria which shall be held next after the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three no charge of any kind on live stock crossing the boundary between New South Wales and Victoria for inspection or otherwise shall be imposed by either Colony unless such imposition shall be considered necessary by the Legislature of either Colony

Colony after the said date for the prevention of disease in which case the charge shall not be for the purposes of revenue but only and exclusively to meet the cost of such inspection Provided that either Colony on dissenting from such legislation may retire from this Agreement on giving thirty days' notice.

10. That should it be found during the period of this Agreement that tobacco the produce or manufacture of either New South Wales or Victoria is being introduced into the other Colony to the detriment of its Revenue the Colonial Treasurer of New South Wales or the Commissioner of Trade and Customs of Victoria as the case may be is hereby empowered to prohibit the introduction of any such tobacco into the Colony so objecting on account of detriment to its Revenue except in bond or on payment of the duty due on tobacco of similar kind then chargeable on tobacco imported from elsewhere after three months' notice in writing shall have been given by the said Colonial Treasurer of New South Wales to the Commissioner of Customs of Victoria or the said Commissioner of Customs to the Treasurer of New South Wales as the case may be if the Parliament of the Colony to which notice is so given be at any such time sitting otherwise at the expiration of six calendar months from the date of such notice.

11. That nothing herein shall be held to prevent New South Wales making such arrangements not inconsistent with this Agreement with South Australia as it think fit in reference to Customs duties on goods imported into New South Wales from South Australia by way of the river Murray or establishing and maintaining such Custom Houses and bonded warehouses and making such regulations as it may think fit for the collection of Customs duties on goods imported from or through South Australia by way of the river Murray but any goods imported into Victoria by the said river from South Australia or across the said river from South Australia *via* New South Wales shall be altogether exempt from the provisions of this Agreement and shall be chargeable with duty according to the Victorian tariff then in force and the New South Wales officers of Customs shall co-operate with the Victorian Customs officers and take all proper steps to prevent the provisions of this Agreement being in any such way infringed.

Done at Sydney the twentieth day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three,---

(Signed) HENRY PARKES.  
(L.S.)

(Signed) SAUL SAMUEL.  
(L.S.)

Done at Melbourne the twenty-third day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three,—

(Signed) JAS. G. FRANCIS.  
(L.S.)

(Signed) EDWARD LANGTON.  
(L.S.)

CONVENTION made and entered into between the Honorable HENRY PARKES Colonial Secretary and the Honorable GEORGE ALFRED LLOYD Colonial Treasurer for and on behalf of the Colony of New South Wales of the one part and the Honorable SIR HENRY AYERS Chief Secretary and the Honorable JOHN HENRY BARROW Treasurer for and on behalf of the Province of South Australia of the other part.

FOR the purpose of enabling each of the Colonies of South Australia and New South Wales to receive the duties of Customs to which it is entitled on goods imported from the other by way of the river Murray between New South Wales and Victoria without the actual collection of such duties by Customs officers on the occasion of each importation it is agreed as follows:—

1. That for a period of three years from the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three inclusive goods of all kinds including live stock shall be imported from South Australia into New South Wales and from New South Wales into South Australia by way of the river Murray without any payment of Customs duties or charges of any kind upon any such importation.

2. That during such period there shall be paid to New South Wales by South Australia by equal quarterly payments the yearly sum of thirteen thousand five hundred pounds (£13,500) such sum being the estimated annual amount which in each year would be payable to New South Wales in respect of Customs duties upon goods passing through any of the Custom Houses on the river Murray aforesaid.

3. That the duties on goods which on the first day of June next shall have been imported into New South Wales from South Australia by the river Murray and shall then be in any of the New South Wales bonded warehouses on that river and the duties on all goods which may hereafter during the continuance of this Agreement be placed in the present or any future bonded warehouse in New South Wales on the said river from South Australia shall be collected by New South Wales and paid over to South Australia without charge.

4. That should the Legislature of New South Wales during the period of three years set forth in the first clause of this Agreement reduce or repeal the Customs or Excise duties at present imposed by law the yearly sum to be paid to New South Wales shall in a corresponding manner be adjusted and reduced such adjustment to be determined by the amount of duties collected during the twelve months from the first day of February 1872 until the first day of February 1873 on the dutiable article or articles affected by such alteration of the law.

5. That should the said Legislature during the same period of three years increase the Customs or Excise duties at present imposed by law or impose new duties upon articles now admitted free the sum to be paid to New South Wales shall be adjusted and increased by the proportional amount received or receivable on the articles crossing the river Murray aforesaid so subjected to Customs duties during the next succeeding six months after the Act imposing such duties comes into operation.



6. That nevertheless it shall be optional for New South Wales or South Australia on the Legislature of either Colony passing any measure altering the Customs or Excise duties at present in force in such Colony to retire from this Agreement on giving thirty days' notice of its intention so to retire.

7. That for the purposes of this Agreement all bonded warehouses shall be on the river Murray aforesaid and not on the tributaries of that river.

8. That the Government of South Australia shall afford all customary facilities for the transport under bond of goods destined for consumption in New South Wales to the New South Wales boundary of the river Murray.

9. That nothing herein shall be held to prevent New South Wales making such arrangements not inconsistent with this Agreement with Victoria as it may think fit in reference to Customs duties on goods imported into New South Wales from Victoria by way of the river Murray or establishing and maintaining such Custom Houses and bonded warehouses and making such regulations as it may think fit for the collection of Customs duties on goods imported from or through Victoria by way of the river Murray but any goods imported into South Australia by the said river from Victoria or across the said river from Victoria *via* New South Wales shall be altogether exempt from the provisions of this Agreement and shall be chargeable with duty according to the South Australian tariff then in force and the New South Wales officers of Customs shall co-operate with the South Australian Customs officers and take all proper steps to prevent the provisions of this Agreement being in any such way infringed.

Done at Sydney the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three,—

(Signed) HENRY PARKES. (L.S.)  
(Signed) GEO. A. LLOYD. (L.S.)

Done at Adelaide the sixth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three,—

(Signed) HENRY AYERS. (L.S.)  
(Signed) J. H. BARROW. (L.S.)

CONVENTION made and entered into between The Honorable HENRY PARKES Colonial Secretary and The Honorable GEORGE ALFRED LLOYD Colonial Treasurer for and on behalf of the Colony of New South Wales of the one part and The Honorable SIR HENRY AYERS Knight Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George Chief Secretary and The Honorable JOHN HENRY BARROW Treasurer of the Province of South Australia for and on behalf of the said Province of South Australia of the other part.

WHEREAS a certain Convention done at Sydney the twenty-seventh day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three and at Adelaide on the sixth day of June last past was made between the said parties hereto for the purpose of enabling each of the Colonies of South Australia and New South Wales to receive the duties of Customs to which it was entitled on goods imported from the other by way of the river Murray between New South Wales and Victoria without the actual collection of such duties by Customs officers on the occasion of each importation And whereas such Convention is to be in force for a period of three years from the sixteenth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three And whereas in addition to the clauses conditions and agreements contained in the said Convention it is expedient to enter into the agreement hereinafter contained :

It is therefore agreed as follows—That should it be found during the period of three years mentioned in the above-recited Convention that tobacco the produce or manufacture of either New South Wales or South Australia is being introduced into the other Colony to the detriment of its revenue the Colonial Treasurer of New South Wales or the Treasurer of South Australia as the case may be is hereby empowered to prohibit the introduction of any such tobacco into the Colony so objecting on account of detriment to its revenue except in bond or on payment of the duty on tobacco of similar kind then chargeable on tobacco imported from elsewhere after three months' notice in writing shall have been given by the said Colonial Treasurer of New South Wales to the Treasurer of South Australia or by the said Treasurer of South Australia to the Colonial Treasurer of New South Wales as the case may be if the Parliament of the Colony to which notice shall be so given be at any such time sitting otherwise at the expiration of six calendar months from the date of such notice.

Done at Sydney the seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three,—

(Signed) HENRY PARKES. (L.S.)  
(Signed) GEO. A. LLOYD. (L.S.)

Done at Adelaide the twenty-fifth day of June one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three,—

(Signed) HENRY AYERS. (L.S.)  
(Signed) JOHN H. BARROW. (L.S.)



1873.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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## BORDER DUTIES CONVENTION.

(CORRESPONDENCE, &c., RESPECTING SUSPENSION OF.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 17 December, 1873.*

---

RETURN to an *Order*, made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 9 December, 1873, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of all Correspondence, Telegrams, and other documents, with  
“reference to the suspension of the Convention as to Border Duties  
“between this Colony and Victoria.”

(*Mr. Garrett.*)

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## BORDER DUTIES CONVENTION.

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### No. 1.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COMMISSIONER FOR TRADE AND CUSTOMS, VICTORIA, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

Melbourne, 25 November, 1873.

I HAVE seen telegrams that have been addressed to some of the largest tobacco merchants here (copy at foot), the object of which is so clearly to evade our legitimate revenue that I mean to prevent it by all means in my power. Can I ask your assistance as to the best course to give effect to my intentions?

“Will you go in for Cameron’s ‘Raven,’ duty paid at factory? We can offer you special advantages for taking monthly supply. It can cross the border. Quality equals imported; same marks and brands. Reply. R. F. STUBBS & Co.”

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### No. 2.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COMMISSIONER FOR TRADE AND CUSTOMS, VICTORIA, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

Melbourne, 25 November, 1873.

SINCE my last telegram I find that Messrs. Cameron are operating through Messrs. Frazer & Co., of your place. This is but a screen across the track, which I must stop.

---

### No. 3.

MINUTE BY THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Colonial Treasurer.—H.P., 25/11/73.

Perhaps Mr. Lloyd will see me on this matter.—H.P.

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### No. 4.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Sydney, 25 November, 1873.

HAVE received message from Commissioner of Trade and Customs informing me that he has seen telegrams addressed to large tobacco merchants in Melbourne, offering to supply quantities of Cameron’s “Raven” tobacco across the border. He does not, however, mention any transactions. I have heard nothing here, but will make inquiries and inform you of result.

---

### No. 5.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COMMISSIONER OF TRADE AND CUSTOMS, VICTORIA, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

Melbourne, 27 November, 1873.

I SEND copy of telegram received yesterday, in corroboration of statement in my telegram of 25th. “M’Culloch will carry right through seventeen pounds ton. In terms of Treaty, Francis can’t stop at border. Try and do business, as it is a good thing.”

---

### No. 6.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary’s Office,  
Sydney, 28 November, 1873.

SIR,

Having reference to telegraphic messages from the Honorable the Commissioner of Trade and Customs of your Government, reporting that information had reached him of intended large importations of Cameron’s “Raven” brand tobacco across the river Murray into Victoria, I have the honor to inform you that my colleague, the Colonial Treasurer, has made careful inquiries here to ascertain what has taken place, or is likely to be done in the matter.

2. It appears that a mercantile firm of this city, Messrs. Frazer & Co., have contracted with Messrs. Cameron & Dunn to be supplied with ten tons of their tobacco per month for a stated period. There is reason to believe, however, that very little of this tobacco has ever been intended for export across the border, and I am assured that the inquiries which have been made in Melbourne by the agents of the firm

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firm referred to, were made lightly and without any serious design of largely entering into this kind of trade. It is explained that a few tierces might have been sent merely as an experiment, but little further was thought of. The tobacco cannot be removed from the manufactory in Sydney until the duty of 2s. per lb. has been paid upon it, which, added to the cost of manufacture and of transit, would leave a very slight difference between its price in Melbourne and the price of tobacco imported by sea.

3. It does not appear that Messrs. Cameron & Dunn have sent or thought of sending any tobacco on their own account, nor have I heard of any project of the kind in other directions.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 7.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Victoria.

Chief Secretary's Office,  
Melbourne, 28 November, 1873.

(No. 5,287.)

SIR,

I have the honor to enclose a letter from the Honorable the Commissioner of Customs, Victoria, to the Honorable the Treasurer of New South Wales, giving notice, in terms of the 10th clause of the Intercolonial Border Duties Convention, that after the expiration of three (3) months this Government will put in force the powers reserved to it under the Convention, and thenceforward prohibit the importation of tobacco into Victoria from New South Wales, except on payment of the usual duty imposed by our tariff on the introduction of that article. 27th Nov., 1873.

I have to express my regret that it has been so soon found necessary to take this step; but the information received by the Government is of such a nature as to show conclusively that if further delay were permitted to occur in the exercise of the power reserved to it, the consequences to the Revenue of this Colony would be very serious.

I have, &c.,  
J. G. FRANCIS.

[Enclosure.]

The Commissioner of Trade and Customs, Victoria, to The Treasurer, New South Wales.

Victoria.

Department of Trade and Customs,  
Melbourne, 26 November, 1873.

(D. 13/975.)

Sir,

Intelligence reached this department, so far back as July last, that tobacco was being introduced into Victoria across the river Murray, from New South Wales.

The Government were, however, indisposed to take any steps in the matter, as provided for in the 10th clause of the Convention of May, 1873, from two reasons—firstly, being anxious not so soon to interrupt the operation of the Treaty, and secondly, from a desire to be in possession of information as to the fiscal alterations which the New South Wales Government had intimated that they intended to introduce; and then, if an alteration in the Convention were necessitated, such might be done more systematically and conveniently, instead of making minor changes by degrees.

I have, however, now the honor to state, that further information of a most reliable description has been communicated to me, that arrangements have been made to introduce largely into this Country, across the Murray border, tobacco "manufactured" in Sydney, to the great prejudice of the Revenues of Victoria; and under these circumstances it has been determined, after due deliberation by the Government, not to hesitate any longer to adopt the course authorized by the 10th clause of the Convention; and I have accordingly the honor to give you notice, pursuant to that clause, that at the expiration of three months from this date, it is my intention to prohibit the importation of tobacco, both manufactured and unmanufactured, into Victoria, by or across the river Murray, unless in bond, or upon payment of the duty then chargeable upon tobacco of similar description imported from elsewhere.

I have, &c.,  
EDWARD COHEN,  
Commissioner of Trade and Customs.

## No. 8.

Submitted, 2 Dec., 1873.

My letter herewith, acknowledging Mr. Cohen's notice, and giving a similar notice on our side. G.A.L., 2/12/73. The Colonial Secretary.

The Under Secretary, Colonial Secretary's Department.—G.E., B.C., 2/12/73.

## No. 9.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Sydney, 4 December, 1873.

WITH reference to my letter of twenty-eighth ultimo, on the question of exportation of tobacco across the Murray into Victoria, I regret to say that, either from misstatement of the case by the Treasury, or from a misapprehension in this office of the case as stated, my remarks as to amount of duty and cost in Sydney were incorrect.

Explanatory letter by post.

No. 10.

## No. 10.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 6 December, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23th ultimo, with its enclosure from the Commissioner of Customs, Victoria, to the Colonial Treasurer of New South Wales, giving notice, in terms of the 10th section of the Intercolonial Border Duties Convention, that after three months your Government will put in force the powers reserved to it under the Convention, and thenceforward prohibit the importation of tobacco into Victoria from New South Wales, except on payment of the usual duty imposed by your tariff on the introduction of that article.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 11.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 6 December, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to enclose herewith a letter from the Colonial Treasurer of this Colony to the Commissioner of Trade and Customs, Victoria, giving notice, in terms of the 10th clause of the Intercolonial Border Duties Convention, that after the expiration of six (6) months this Government will prohibit the importation of tobacco, both manufactured and unmanufactured, into New South Wales, by or across the river Murray, unless in bond, or upon payment of the duty then chargeable upon tobacco of a similar description imported from elsewhere.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

2 Dec., 1873.

[Enclosure.]

The Colonial Treasurer, New South Wales, to The Commissioner of Trade and Customs, Victoria.

The Treasury, New South Wales,  
Sydney, 2 December, 1873.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 26th ultimo, in which you give me the notice required by the 10th clause of the Convention between our respective Colonies, of your intention at the expiration of three months from the above-mentioned date to prohibit the importation of tobacco, both manufactured and unmanufactured, into Victoria, by or across the river Murray,—unless in bond, or upon payment of the duty then chargeable upon tobacco of a similar description imported from elsewhere.

I have now, in terms of the said Convention, and under the 10th clause, to give you a like notice of my intention, at the expiration of six months from this date, to prohibit the importation of tobacco, both manufactured and unmanufactured, into New South Wales, by or across the river Murray,—unless in bond, or upon payment of the duty then chargeable upon tobacco of a similar description imported from elsewhere.

I have, &c.,  
GEO. A. LLOYD.

## No. 12.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Victoria.

(No. 5,347.)

Chief Secretary's Office,  
Melbourne, 3 December, 1873.

SIR,

With reference to your letter of the 28th ultimo, stating that you have no reason to believe that any extensive importations of tobacco into Victoria were contemplated, I have the honor to forward the enclosed letter from the Commissioner of Trade and Customs, from which you will perceive that the action of this Government was not taken without due inquiry beforehand.

I have, &c.,  
J. G. FRANCIS.

[Enclosures.]

The Commissioner of Trade and Customs, Victoria, to The Chief Secretary, Victoria.

C. 73-454.

Department of Trade and Customs,  
Melbourne, 3 December, 1873.

Sir,

Having perused the letter which you have referred to me, addressed by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary of New South Wales to you, on the 23th November, I have the honor to bring under your notice the advisability of making Mr. Parkes acquainted more fully with the particulars which came to the knowledge of this Government, with regard to the attempted importation of tobacco manufactured in Sydney across the border into this Country, with the desire also to show that the inquiries which preceded action on our part were not, as is alleged, "lightly made and without any serious design of largely entering in this tobacco trade," but were based upon the ordinary communications of a fully authorized broker, and addressed to Messrs. Berghoff & Touzel, Heinecke & Co., and Kronheimer & Co., who are recognized as being by far the largest tobacco merchants in this city, and are firms by whom it may be stated that considerably more than one-half of the whole tobacco business in Victoria is conducted.

Admitting

Admitting it to be correct, as to be inferred from Mr. Parkes' statement, that this tobacco if manufactured in bond before being released therefrom is liable to duty at 2s. per lb. to the Revenue of New South Wales, I think it is quite clear, that even such tobacco imported into Victoria across the border would be to the evasion of the legitimate Revenue properly accruing to Victoria, and in avoidance of the estimated amount which formed the basis of the Border Treaty. And, as the usual Revenue from tobacco amounts to £130,000 per annum, it is manifest the temptation offered to the parties referred to was not of that light description apparently believed by Mr. Parkes, but of such large proportion as not only to justify but to render imperative the course subsequently taken by this Government.

It is further known to the Government, that the firm first in question, viz., Messrs. Cameron & Dunn, during the commercial excitement preceding the recent alterations in the New South Wales tariff, availed themselves of the opportunity to release from bond upwards of 160,000 lbs. of "leaf" tobacco, for the purpose of manufacturing *out of bond* a local article consisting in part of the imported leaf, doubtless supplemented in a greater or less degree by tobacco grown in New South Wales, subject to no duty whatever; this article so mixed being largely increased in weight during the process of its manufacture by the usual admixture of other compounds, and necessarily thereby prejudicing the Customs Revenue to a proportionately increased extent. It is not fairly, therefore, a subject for argument that the result would be but a very slight difference (as stated by Mr. Parkes) between its price in Melbourne and the price of tobacco imported by sea, liable to the 2s. duty before passing from the custody of the Customs Department in New South Wales.

With regard to the last paragraph of Mr. Parkes' letter, it is practically immaterial to this Government whether the operations complained of were made direct by Messrs. Cameron, Dunn, & Co., or through the agency, as is shown, of Messrs. Fraser & Co., or Messrs. R. F. Stubbs & Co.: the injury to our Revenue and trade is the same in either case, and was of such an extent and nature as to have demanded the promptest action. Copies of telegrams enclosed.

It is not my desire by these remarks to reflect upon the opinions expressed by the Honorable the Colonial Secretary of New South Wales, because I assume that they were based upon information communicated to him, and without full consideration of the points in the argument to which I have above adverted; but it cannot, I think, be denied that while there is no need to apprehend serious damage to the trade and Revenue of Victoria from the traffic in an article wherein both Colonies and Revenues are in the same position, yet it is clear to my apprehension that—if I have made good either of the points I have desired to accomplish—the importation into Victoria for consumption here of tobacco in large quantities, paying duty to the Government of New South Wales but not to this Colony, is in violation of the understanding and calculations on which the Border Treaty was based. An article produced in New South Wales, without payment of any corresponding excise or other duty in that Colony, is certain to be, in a still larger proportion, detrimental to our Revenue if brought across our Border without the payment of any duty whatever, especially when the article so produced is affirmed to be equal to the very best brand of tobacco imported from America, and in the ordinary course subjected to the usual 2s. per lb. duty to our Revenue.

I have, &c.,  
EDWARD COHEN,  
Commissioner of Trade and Customs.

Telegram from The Commissioner of Trade and Customs, Victoria, to The Colonial Secretary, New South Wales.

Melbourne, 25 November, 1873.

I HAVE seen telegrams that have been addressed to some of the largest tobacco merchants here (copy at foot\*), the object of which is so clearly to evade our legitimate Revenue that I mean to prevent it by all means in my power. Can I ask your assistance as to the best course to give effect to my intention?

EDWARD COHEN,  
Commissioner of Trade and Customs.

\* Vide next page.

Telegram from R. F. Stubbs & Co. to Heinecke & Co.

November, Sydney, 1873.

WILL you go in for Cameron's "Raven," duty paid at factory? We can offer you special advantages for taking monthly supply. It can cross the border. Equals imported; same marks and brand. Reply.

R. F. STUBBS & CO.

Telegram from R. F. Stubbs & Co. to Kronheimer & Co.

Sydney, 21 November, 1873.

WILL supply 12,000 pounds weight monthly for twelve months, and bind themselves not to supply any other, duty paid "Raven," to your Colony, quality guaranteed, equal to their "Raven" imported—strikes, war contingencies excepted—delivered at factory here; bills or cash each month's parcel. If this suits will name price. Open till Monday noon, as others' want it. Can't deliver except Sydney.

R. F. STUBBS & CO.

Telegram from R. F. Stubbs & Co. to Berghoff & Touzel.

Sydney, 1873.

M'CUCCLOCH will carry right through seventeen pounds ton. In terms of Treaty, Francis can't stop at border. Try and do business, as it is a good thing.

R. F. STUBBS & CO.

### No. 13.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
13 December, 1873.

SIR,

With reference to the error in my letter of the 28th ultimo, it is now scarcely worth correction, as before my letter reached you the notice to exclude tobacco from the operation of the Border Convention had been given on the part of your Government, and no useful purpose can be served by explanation.

I may mention, however, that so far as I can learn, no tobacco in quantity has crossed the border, although if there existed in Sydney any strong disposition and design to export that article overland, it might still during the whole period of your three months' notice be conveyed into Victoria. On further inquiry, I find that the lowest selling price of Cameron's "Raven" brand, duty paid, is 3s. 3d. per lb. at the manufactory in Sydney, which against the price of the same brand from Virginia, duty paid in Melbourne, is more unfavourable to the overland trade than I at first supposed.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

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No. 14.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY to J. WATSON, Esq., M.P.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 16 December, 1873.

MY DEAR SIR,

Can you inform me as to the facts whether any quantity of Cameron's tobacco, "Raven" brand, has been exported, or is in course of exportation, across the river Murray into Victoria?

Very truly yours,  
HENRY PARKES.

No. 15.

J. WATSON, Esq., M.P., to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Sydney, 16 December, 1873.

MY DEAR SIR,

I am in receipt of your note of this date with reference to the exportation of tobacco across the border into Victoria, and asking me "whether any quantity of Cameron's tobacco ('Raven' brand) has been exported, or is in course of exportation, across the river Murray into Victoria."

This matter has recently formed the subject of newspaper correspondence and some criticism in the sister Colony, and before I give a reply to your question, I may be allowed to state some facts why I should arrive at the reply I am about to give. The facts are these:—Early in September last, Messrs. Parbury, Lamb & Co. made overtures to my firm (John Frazer & Co.) for the purchase of all the tobacco manufactured by Messrs. Cameron, Dunn & Co. at their factory here, from imported leaf, and bearing their "Raven" brand. This purchase was concluded, and an agreement entered into, on the 11th September last, by which Messrs. Cameron, Dunn & Co. undertook to supply to my firm *all* the tobacco manufactured by them at their factory here, and bearing the "Raven" brand, for a period of twelve months, and to be delivered in parcels of about ten tons per month, and Messrs. Cameron, Dunn, & Co. undertook *not* to supply any firm, other than John Frazer & Co., during the period named with any of such tobacco.

Some time after this agreement we placed some of this tobacco in the hands of our brokers, Messrs. R. F. Stubbs & Co., for sale, and who, we understand, communicated with some Melbourne houses, and offered to supply them with the tobacco purchased from Messrs. Cameron, Dunn & Co. at 3s. 3d. per lb. at the factory *here*, but *not* delivered in *Melbourne*. These negotiations fell through, and no tobacco was sold by Messrs. R. F. Stubbs & Co., on account of John Frazer & Co., to Melbourne merchants or elsewhere.

These are the facts out of which so much has been made as to call for the cancellation of the Border Treaty so far as tobacco is concerned. Replying to your question, I am in a position to state that John Frazer & Co. have not sent, up to the present time, a single package of Cameron's tobacco, manufactured at their factory here, and bearing the "Raven" or any other brand, nor have they sold a package to any firm in Sydney, or elsewhere, for exportation across the border into Victoria, and I do not believe a package of the tobacco named has gone across the border.

With reference to your question as to future exportation across the border, I am unable at present to give you an answer. I shall have pleasure in giving you any further information which may be in my power.

I am, &c.,  
JAMES WATSON.

Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1873.

[6d.]



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

**BORDER CUSTOMS CONVENTION.**

(RETIREMENT OF VICTORIA FROM.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 28 January, 1874.*

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Victoria.

Chief Secretary's Office,  
Melbourne, 30 December, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that it is the intention of this Government to retire, on 31st January, 1874, from the Border Customs Convention, in consequence of the Legislature of New South Wales having passed a measure, viz., the Act No. 5, altering the Customs duties in force at the time when the Convention between New South Wales and Victoria was entered into.

I have, &c.,  
J. G. FRANCIS.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 3 January, 1874.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, this day, of your letter of 30th December, informing me that it is the intention of the Government of Victoria to retire from the Border Customs Convention, in pursuance of the provisions contained in the 6th clause of that instrument.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Victoria.

Chief Secretary's Office,  
Melbourne, 1 January, 1874.

SIR,

With reference to my letter, dated 30th ultimo, I have the honor to give you notice, as required by the 6th section of the Border Customs Duties Convention, that the Colony of Victoria will retire from the Agreement contained in such Convention after thirty days from this date, that is to say, on the 31st January instant.

I have, &c.,  
J. G. FRANCIS.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 21 January, 1874.

SIR,

On the 3rd instant, I had the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of December 30th, informing me of your intention to retire from the Border Duties Convention of May, 1873. Your letter of the 1st instant, giving, on the part of the Government of Victoria, the notice of retirement required by the 6th section, did not therefore appear to call for immediate reply.

2. I hope I may be permitted, however, to invite your attention to the successive steps of your Government in relation to the Convention still in operation between the two Colonies. In May last, when the fiscal policy of this Government, especially with respect to the 5 per cent. Ad Valorem Duties was generally known, you became parties to the Convention, after much deliberation and negotiations, which had extended over many months. At your instance, a clause was inserted in the instrument of agreement, giving your Government the power to exempt tobacco, the produce of New South Wales, from the

operation of the Convention, if its exemption should be considered necessary for the protection of the Victorian Revenue. No objection was raised to the provision you proposed, and it was only modified to the extent of giving to this Colony the same power as was given to Victoria. The Convention contained other provisions to enable the two Colonies to re-adjust the sum agreed to be paid by Victoria in lieu of the actual collection of the duties, in the event of New South Wales altering its Customs Laws, and to give the option to either Colony to retire in such event on giving thirty days' notice.

3. In November last, six months after the Agreement was made, your Government gave the three months' notice provided for by the 10th section, to exclude tobacco, the produce of this Colony, from the operation of the Convention. By the provisions of the clause referred to, three months' notice only is required, if the Parliament of the Colony to which notice be given is in session, but the notice must be six months if the Parliament is not sitting. The notice to this Government was given the day after the prorogation of the Victorian Parliament, and while the Parliament of this Colony remained in session; so that, although you were entitled to act upon a notice of three months, the Government of New South Wales were under the necessity of giving a notice of six months to attain the same end. The three months' notice given by you under the 10th section does not however expire until the end of next month, but in the meantime you give notice under the 6th section to abrogate the Convention without preliminary explanation of any kind.

4. The Financial Statement of this Government was made on the 16th October, explaining in detail the proposed changes affecting the Customs Duties, and the Act 37 Victoria No. 5 had passed through both Houses of Parliament by the 26th November, when the Government of Victoria gave notice to modify the Convention by excluding Colonial-produced tobacco from its operation. The fact of that notice would appear to be evidence that there was no intention then of retiring from the Convention on account of this measure. No new reason is adduced now for the abrogation of the Convention; and the reason derived from the passing of the Customs Duties Amendment Act might have been met by the 4th and 5th sections of the Convention, which were framed expressly to provide for any such change in the fiscal laws of this Colony.

5. No step has been taken by this Government to terminate or modify, or in any respect to disturb the Convention to which the two Colonies deliberately set their hands in May last year; and fickleness of policy and instability of purpose cannot be justly attributed to New South Wales in her efforts to settle, on an amicable and equitable basis, the Border difficulties of the two Colonies.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

1873-4.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

**BORDER CUSTOMS CONVENTION.**

(RETIREMENT OF VICTORIA FROM—FURTHER CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING.)

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Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

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JOHN FRAZER &amp; Co. to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Barrack and York Streets, Wynyard-square,  
Sydney, 21 January, 1874.

SIR,

We have the honor to bring the following facts under your notice :—

Early this month we sent a parcel of tobacco to Melbourne by way of Albury, and we last evening received a telegram from our agents intimating that the Custom House officers of the Victorian Government had seized the tobacco when it was crossing the Murray, and is now detained by them. This action on the part of the Victorian Government is, we need hardly point out, a violation of the treaty recently entered into with the N. S. Wales Government; and, as some correspondence has already taken place on this matter, we think it our duty to advise you of the above, and to express a hope that you will take such action as will prevent a repetition of this annoyance, pending existing arrangements.

We have, &amp;c.,

JOHN FRAZER &amp; CO.

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TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Sydney, 21 January, 1874.

It is reported to this Government that the Customs' officers of Victoria have seized a quantity of tobacco exported from this Colony across the Murray, at Albury, under the provisions of the Border Duties Convention. We feel assured that this act of illegality has been committed without the knowledge of your Government.

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TELEGRAM from THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Melbourne, 22 January, 1874.

I AM instructed that no tobacco had, as you informed me yesterday, been seized or stopped after crossing the Border, therefore your correspondent must have been moved by his own apprehensions; but I am advised by the Commissioner of Customs that a large quantity—over ten tons—of manufactured tobacco has been detained this morning at Wodonga, pending proof of legality of importation and of duty having been paid, where, and by whom, inasmuch as you informed this Government there was no quantity of such article coming this route and that very little was ever intended to cross the Border.

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THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Chief Secretary's Office,  
Melbourne, 30 January, 1874.

SIR,

I have had the honor of receiving your letter of the 21st January, commenting upon the notice which this Government has, in the interests of Victoria, found it necessary to give of its intention to retire from the Convention of May last; and in replying to it, it will be advisable to place prominently before you some particulars which are within your knowledge, but which you have refrained from mentioning, and also, to give further reasons for retiring from the Convention.

It is needless for me to particularize the correspondence which took place prior to the Conference in Sydney, in February last, as it must be so clearly evident that this Government was always anxious to aid New South Wales in arriving at a satisfactory solution of the Border difficulty; in proof of which, it must be remembered that the first step after the conclusion of the Conference was without any delay taken by this Government in submitting a proposition for the consideration of your Government, based on the understanding arrived at during the Conference; and I would merely call attention, therefore, to my letter of 21st February, 1873, enclosing the proposition referred to.

No reply was received to this letter, except a telegram, dated 5th March, stating your intention of sending an agreement, duly executed, by next steamer. Apparently, however, there was no anxious desire on your part for promptly bringing the matter to a conclusion, as your proposed Agreement was not received until more than a month had elapsed, viz., on 9th April. This, even, was incomplete (not being satisfactory to yourself), and this Government was not in possession of your full proposition until the receipt, on the 16th April, of your letter of the 9th.

The ambiguous mode in which you, by a substitution of words for those used in the first clause of the 1867 Treaty, attempted to force this Government to forego the fees chargeable for inspection of stock, without calling attention thereto, especially required remonstrance; and, in my letter of 30th April, I entered fully into the views of this Government, and sought to obtain your consent to place the Agreement on a footing more equitable to this Colony; with what result the correspondence shows, as you persistently adhered to an apparently preconcerted plan of presenting an Agreement of which the terms were to be previously and arbitrarily fixed by your Parliament alone; an unprecedented course to pursue in negotiations of this nature between two Administrations, and plainly showing that if the Agreement could not be made in exact conformity with the Schedule of your Bill, it was within your intention and power to shelter yourself behind the previously expressed decision of your Parliament, instead of first endeavouring to reconcile, by frankly expressed arguments, any differences which might naturally be expected to arise in discussing the question as between the two Governments, without any absolute surrender of the right of either, or departing from a firm but conciliatory spirit in the conduct of the negotiations. Before, however, it was possible for me to reply to your proposals, you continued the attempt to force this Government into an arrangement which, on the face of it, demanded terms beyond our power of assent, and, for the reasons given above, could not be agreed to. You repeatedly stated, with, as it were, a threatening attitude, that the Bill to give effect to this one-sided Agreement would shortly become the law of New South Wales, and actually enclosed in your letter of 3rd May two (2) copies of the *Border Duties Act 1873*, which was accompanied on the same day by an Agreement in terms thereof, and already executed by Mr. Samuel and yourself, before this Government had had any opportunity of considering the question, or of receiving a reply to my explanatory letter of 30th April.

Nevertheless, on the 9th May I again invited your consideration of alterations which were deemed by me as only fair to this Colony, in order to protect her own revenues, and which in no way affected the question of any claim by New South Wales in respect to the duties on goods consumed in Riverina, to which your communication of 20th May is the reply, enclosing a second Agreement, also formally completed by Mr. Samuel and yourself.

At this time it was well known in both Colonies that Mr. Samuel, your colleague in the representation of New South Wales, was on the point of leaving for England, *via* New Zealand and California, and that, unless the Convention as thus signed by you both was submitted to by Mr. Langton and myself, as the representatives of Victoria, at once, it would be impossible to obtain the execution of another one by Mr. Samuel. There was therefore no time afforded to this Government for further remonstrance.

I am forced to confess that I suspected at the time that you were desirous of placing this Government in the position either of accepting the Agreement as it stood or of refusing it altogether, and being exposed to the imputation that the requirements of Victoria, though in my opinion reasonable in themselves, formed the only obstacle to any Treaty being entered into, and thus the responsibility of failure would be made to rest with this Colony. It might have accorded with your views and wishes that such should be the case, but the desire of this Government was for the opposite course.

This Government, then, after deliberation, and having already shown in what respects the Treaty might have been made more equitable to this Country, and trusting that your Colony would at all times co-operate in fairly carrying out the Agreement, or, at all events, would not support attempts to evade its spirit (with some reluctance) consented to its execution by Mr. Langton and myself.

Subsequent events would almost support a view which I would otherwise refrain from recording: that your persistency in refusing to listen to the representations of this Government was not to prevent, as desired by us, persons having the opportunity of sending goods into Victoria in a way having no connection with the object of the Treaty, designed and intended for the benefit of the settlers in Riverina and on your Border, whose trade was made the basis of the terms under which the sum agreed upon was arrived at. And I may add, if it were the case—which it is not—that this Government consented to the Treaty “knowing well the fiscal policy of your Government,” any allusion to such a circumstance, if correct, comes with bad grace from the founder of that fiscal policy, and who, well knowing it at the time, refused such verbal alterations in the Treaty as were suggested by me simply to protect the revenue of Victoria from evasion, and without any possible harm to your Colony, in the event of any great alteration in your tariff being carried through your Parliament; for if these suggestions had been adopted, any abrogation of the Treaty at the present time would have in all probability been avoided.

This Government was not officially or reliably aware of the fiscal alterations contemplated by you, though many general statements had appeared in the public prints of changes being proposed, nor until your Treasurer made his Financial Statement in October. It may be perfectly consistent with the truth that your Government has made no motion directly to disturb the Treaty. It has had no occasion to do so, as in the light of subsequent proceedings no modifications by you were necessary, and as Victoria has fairly acted up to the spirit as well as the letter of the Agreement.

With regard to this Government availing itself of the powers given under the 10th clause of the Convention with respect to the tobacco, subsequent events have not only shown that the notice prohibiting its importation across the Border, “duty free,” might with justice have been given at a much earlier date, as we had ample grounds for more than suspicion, so far back as July, as set forth in the letters giving the notice; but that statements of others (sent by you from time to time) were apparently conceived in the desire of throwing this Government off its guard, upon which, however, though supported by your assurances, it would appear that no reliance should have been placed. It is to be regretted that the arguments in your letter

Letter, 21 April.  
Telegram,  
26 April.

Sic in original.

Argus, 20 May.

26 November,  
1873, Letter of 23  
November, 1873.

letter of 28th December were framed on statements at variance with facts (as subsequently admitted by you), and that other allegations that there "were no attempts nor intentions to send tobacco across the Border from Sydney" were made at the very time when, as suggested by us, it might have been, if it were not, within the knowledge of your Government that plans were being consummated for sending large quantities of this article to Victoria, which have since arrived.

All these circumstances fully vindicate what has been done by this Colony. But further, I am utterly at a loss to account for your permitting yourself to have been misled, as you certainly have been, by the consignors of the parcels of tobacco now mainly in question. I would call special attention to a letter signed "James Watson," dated 16th December, 1873 (published at page 6 of the printed papers, and said to be written by James Watson, Esquire, M.P., in reply to a note written by you on the same date), which only reached me with your letter of 21st January, and would ask you if this is the same gentleman who has signed a declaration submitted to this Government regarding this tobacco, in which he states that he is a member of the firm of John Frazer and Company, and declares that *within the last five weeks* he has forwarded the tobacco mentioned in the statement—amounting to about (20) twenty tons—to Victoria. If he is the same person, I would further ask you if you really believed what he stated in his letter of 16th December, and especially in the last paragraph, when at that particular date he must already have arranged for the transmission of some of these tons of tobacco to this side, as some of it actually left Sydney on the 17th December, the day after his letter was written; or again, if he has given you any official or private information of his consignments above referred to, which he in his letter undertakes to do.

Copy annexed,  
22 January.

With regard to the notice retiring from the treaty, my letter of the 30th December stated the true reasons, which were there set forth as being in consequence of the alterations in your tariff. After your amended tariff became law in November, inquiries were put in course by me as to the probable effect, so far as Victoria is concerned, of the removal of your *ad valorem* duties. The results of those inquiries, exhibiting as they did the risk of almost indefinite loss to our revenue, and the representations of influential members of our mercantile community corroborating these results, induced me to give the notice as to retiring from the Treaty, which notice, I may mention here, was not fixed by us at thirty (30) days, but was expressly so specified and adhered to by you.

As regards your remarks that "no new reason is adduced now for the abrogation of the Convention, and the reason derived from the passing of the Customs Duties Amendment Act might have been met by the 4th and 5th sections of the Convention, which were framed expressly to provide for any such change in the Fiscal Laws of this Colony," I may state that an adjustment under the 4th and 5th sections of the Convention might have been practicable had all things been equal between the two Colonies, but in the absence of those safeguards to our revenue, in which I had sought your concurrence in my letter of 30th April, viz., to add to clause 8,—“unless such a course is found to be prejudicial to the revenue of Victoria in respect to goods on which rates of duty are higher in Victoria than in New South Wales,” and that the following words should be added to clause 10, “and no goods other than the growth and produce of New South Wales shall be exempt from paying, on entrance into Victoria, across the river Murray, the difference between the tariff of Victoria and that of New South Wales,” and which I again urged upon you, in my letter of 9th May, to concede, and I would quote my postscript—“I need scarcely add that, should you further reduce your *ad valorem* duties, the risk to our revenue would be proportionately further increased; and as the clause is to protect *our* revenue, and not in any way likely to prejudice *yours*, I trust you may see your way to enable us to meet fraudulent attempts at evasion.” In the absence of these safeguards, I repeat, any settlement would have been unequal in its operation, and, so far as Victoria is concerned, would have been only injurious.

In conclusion, I would add, that what I have written shows that the course taken by this Government was rendered imperative, and no impartial mind will attribute to it any fickleness of policy or instability of purpose; and with much regret, I deem it my duty to remark that, had your Government evinced the same conciliatory spirit and sincere desire to assist a neighbouring Colony fairly to guard its own revenue, and had it framed and carried through an Agreement with the same singleness of purpose as was felt and shown by this Government, the Treaty might still have been in existence, and the settlers on both sides of the Murray would be still experiencing the benefit of an intercourse unrestricted by Custom House interference, which is so desirable, and was always in all sincerity contended for by this Government.

I have, &c.,  
J. G. FRANCIS.

#### DECLARATION.

In the \_\_\_\_\_, Sydney.

I, James Watson, of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, a member of the firm of John Frazer & Co., carrying on business as merchants at Sydney, in the said Colony, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the tobacco referred to in the annexed paper writing marked "A," being the tobacco named in the declaration this day made by Mr. William Junius Young, as Manager for Messrs. Cameron, Dunn, & Co., was forwarded by the said John Frazer & Co., within the last five weeks or thereabouts, through William M'Cullough & Co. and Barber & Co., carriers and forwarding agents, for transmission by them to Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, by way of Albury; and I have been informed and believe that said tobacco, or a portion thereof, has arrived at Albury, and has there been detained by the Custom House officers of the Government of the Colony of Victoria.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act made and passed in the ninth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "*An Act for the more effectual abolition of Oaths and Affirmations taken and made in various Departments of the Government of New South Wales and to substitute Declarations in lieu thereof and for the more entire suppression of voluntary and extra-judicial Oaths and Affidavits.*"

JAMES WATSON.

Taken and declared at Sydney, in the said Colony, this twenty-second day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four,—

HENRY PRINCE, J.P.

This

This is the paper writing referred to in the annexed declaration of Mr. James Watson, and marked with the letter A :—

A.

Schedule of tobacco, mark W.C. and Bro. in oval, or A.C. and Co. in oval. Nos. 3, 4, 6, 8-17, 19-23, 27 :—Nineteen half-tierces twist tobacco. Nos. 21-33, 36, 37, 39 :—Sixteen quarter-tierces twist tobacco. Nos. 1-3, 6-10, 12, 18, 21, 22, 26, 28-30, 32, 35-67 :—Fifty cases (each three boxes) twist tobacco. Nos. 31-63 :—Thirty-three boxes twist tobacco. Nos. 28-31 :—Four half-tierces twist tobacco. Nos. 42-48 :—Seven quarter-tierces twist tobacco. Nos. 19, 24, 34 :—Three cases (each three boxes) twist tobacco. Nos. 9, 10, 24, 26, 28 :—Five boxes twist tobacco. Nos. 41, 42 :—Two half-boxes twist tobacco. Nos. 64-73 :—Ten boxes twist tobacco.

JAMES WATSON.

Signed before me,—

HENRY PRINCE, J.P.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE HON. SIR HENRY AYERS, K.C.M.G., SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Sydney, 5 February, 1874.

You and Mr. Barrow were present during the discussion of the proposal on the part of Victoria to insert a clause in the Border Duties Convention to exclude tobacco from its operation, after notice given by either of the contracting Colonies. Do you recollect whether this Colony hesitated to meet the wishes of Victoria in this respect, although we at the same time expressed a belief that provisions of this character would render the Convention more liable to subsequent causes of disturbance? Please reply.

TELEGRAM FROM SIR HENRY AYERS, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Adelaide, 6 February, 1874.

I CERTAINLY do not recollect any hesitation on the part of New South Wales to meet the wishes of Victoria in the respect you mention: my general recollection of the whole discussion is, that both you and Mr. Samuel were desirous of effecting the arrangement in a fair and liberal spirit towards Victoria.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Sydney, 10 February, 1874.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of January 30, on the subject of the retirement of your Government from the Border Duties Convention of May last year. This letter was received here on the morning of the 6th instant, but I now find that on the previous day it was published by you in the *Argus* newspaper, which circumstance seems to justify the assumption that, although your communication is addressed to me, it was written much more for the public of Melbourne than for this Government. It is not a practice, within my knowledge, to give publicity to official letters before sufficient time has elapsed for them to reach their destination.

2. The tone and character of your communication preclude me from entering upon any lengthened reply to your curious inferences from imperfectly-stated facts, and your naive imputations of dishonorable conduct on the part of this Government. It is not less true of Governments than of individuals that vituperation will not supply the place of argument, and that men are never more self-deceived than when they seek to vindicate their own proceedings by aspersing the motives of others. Your present letter affords an example of the "conciliatory spirit," and the "singleness of purpose" for which you so emphatically claim credit in the fruitless negotiations of the last twenty months. It may be useful, however, to examine, in some instances, your record of the course of transactions between the two Colonies.

3. The "first step" taken by you, "after the conclusion of the Conference," in February, 1873, namely, the preparation of a form of Agreement for the consideration of this Government, is referred to by you now as a proof that you were "always anxious to aid New South Wales in arriving at a satisfactory solution of the Border difficulty." The reference appears to me very unfortunate. On the 12th February Mr. Barrow moved and Mr. Langton seconded the following resolution in the Conference,—“That it is desirable to terminate, as soon as possible, the present system of the collection of Customs' Duties on the river Murray, and to substitute the payment of lump sums in lieu of duties, the amounts to be arranged by the Colonies concerned on an equitable basis.” This resolution was passed unanimously, and on the 15th, the day after the last sitting of the Conference, the three "Colonies concerned"—Victoria, South Australia, and New South Wales—agreed to the conditions on which they were mutually willing to carry it out. Sir Henry Ayers and Mr. Barrow, representing South Australia, were as much parties to the understanding of the 15th of February as were you and Mr. Langton on behalf of Victoria, or Mr. Samuel and myself on behalf of New South Wales. All were present and took part in discussing the terms proposed. The only real obstacle to agreement on that occasion was the difficulty of meeting the demands of Victoria. A few days ago I put myself in communication with Sir Henry Ayers, with the view of ascertaining whether his recollection was charged with any unwillingness on the part of this Colony to consult the interests specially represented by you and Mr. Langton; and on the 6th instant I received a reply from that gentleman in the following words :—“My general recollection of the whole discussion is that both you and Mr. Samuel were desirous of effecting the arrangement in a fair and liberal spirit towards Victoria.” The understanding then arrived at may be correctly stated thus: (1) That there should be separate Conventions with Victoria and South Australia; (2) That there should be a provision empowering any one of the Colonies to exclude tobacco from the operation of the Agreement, if its exclusion should be considered necessary; (3) That the provisions of the Agreement of 1867 should apply to goods from South Australia. Having been parties to this understanding,

understanding, you and Mr. Langton left Sydney on the evening of the same day for Melbourne, and on the 21st of February you sent from Melbourne your draft Agreement containing several new provisions, all in favour of Victoria, which had never been mentioned in the discussions of the 15th, and which the representatives of this Colony had neither assented to nor been asked to consider. On the 24th of February you addressed another letter to me still further modifying your draft Agreement. One of the new claims put forth by you was that Victoria was "entitled to the duties on all goods now in, or which shall go into consumption in Riverina from any of the New South Wales bonding warehouses on the river Murray or any of its tributaries."

4. This was the "first step" taken by you so promptly "after the conclusion of the Conference," which is to be accepted as a proof of your anxiety at all times to aid New South Wales in her Border troubles. On receipt of these communications, I telegraphed to you (on the 5th of March) that your conditions exceeded those in which I had concurred before you left Sydney. It appeared to me that you were again shifting your ground, as you had continually been shifting throughout the previous nine months. It was then considered desirable to wait until the end of March, in order that the Government might be enabled to compare the amount received for Customs Duties on the Murray during the first two months of the second year of collection before introducing the subject to Parliament. On the 5th of April I transmitted to you a copy of the Border Duties Bill, containing form of Agreement in schedule, with a statement of my reasons for this short delay. My letter conveyed the views of the Government of New South Wales in the following terms:—"This Government is prepared to ask Parliament for authority to make an Agreement for suspending the collection of the Customs Duties on the Murray on the conditions to which you gave your assent when leaving Sydney on the 15th February. The proposed form will be found in Schedule to Bill. You will perceive that the form of Agreement now submitted differs in some respects from the draft transmitted to me by your letter of the 21st February, but that it fully embodies the arrangement assented to by the Delegates of Victoria, South Australia, and this Colony, in Sydney. It is considered objectionable to extend the bonding system under the proposed Agreement into the territory of New South Wales beyond the river Murray, and provision is made to confine the bonded warehouses to that river. It appears to this Government that any system of fees upon live stock, whether charged as inspection fees or in any other name, would be inconsistent with the main object of the proposed Agreement, which is to secure, as far as is practicable, the free and uninterrupted passage across the boundary for the residents of both Colonies."

5. But you say that the Government of Victoria "was not officially aware of the fiscal alterations contemplated by the Government of this Colony until the Treasurer made his Financial Statement in October." So far from this being a correct statement, you were officially informed by me, at the very time when you were first invited to consider the draft Convention, that such alterations were in contemplation. This is easily proved by the following extract from my letter of the 5th of April:—"It is very probable that the Customs' Laws of this Colony will be materially altered before the end of the present year; and in view of this probability, it has been considered most advisable to make distinct provision for adjusting the sum agreed upon in lieu of the collection of the duties, to any alteration of the law that may be effected. Under the 4th clause of the proposed Agreement, this may be at any time done with accuracy and without difficulty." I do not know how the intentions of the Government could have been more distinctly or more frankly communicated to you than in the language I have quoted.

6. As to your having been placed in a position which did not allow you sufficient time to consider and modify the terms of the Convention you entered into, by the projected departure of the Postmaster-General from the Colonies,—I cannot conceive it possible that you did not know that any other Member of this Government could just as effectively have signed in the place of Mr. Samuel. The existing Convention with South Australia was in fact signed, at a later date, by the Colonial Treasurer (Mr. Lloyd) and myself. And if it is not foreign to the subject under notice, to remark that the Convention with the neighbouring Colony of South Australia, agreed to primarily at the same time and embodying the same conditions as the Convention just abrogated by Victoria, still remains undisturbed without remonstrance or complaint from any quarter.

7. Your gratuitous observations on the manner in which this Government thought proper to conduct itself in the negotiations of last year, and your views of the course which, in your judgment, ought to have been pursued, are scarcely more profitable, ten or eleven months after the event, than are your strange after-thought complaints of "attempts to force your Government into an arrangement" which, with your sense of the "attempts to force" you fresh upon your mind, you nevertheless were instrumental in leading your Government deliberately and solemnly to accept without material modification. Nor is there more validity in your complaints that the Government of New South Wales have failed to assist you in protecting your revenue in the case of the late exportation of tobacco across the Murray into Victoria. It was not within the power of this Government to assist you, except by obtaining information as to the nature and extent of the transactions complained of, and those transactions were of a class which you admittedly had in contemplation before you signed the Convention, and against which you made such provision as you thought fit, and at the time considered sufficient, by the 10th clause inserted expressly to meet your wishes in that instrument. That the exportation across the Murray could not be prevented under the Convention until the 10th clause came into force is proved by the result of your own proceedings in the matter; for, having first caused your Customs officers to take possession of the tobacco in question, you have now had to direct its restoration to its owners according to law. On receipt of your messages in November, representing your apprehension that large quantities of tobacco, manufactured in this Colony, were about to be forwarded across the Border, I lost no time in consulting with the Colonial Treasurer, and such inquiries as were practicable were immediately made in your interest. These inquiries satisfied me that no considerable quantity of tobacco—in fact, so far as I could judge, no quantity in excess of the ordinary course of trade—had at that time been sent across the Border, and I have not since become acquainted with any circumstance that should modify the view I then formed. On the 28th of November I informed you in good faith of the result, my letter being hurriedly written to be in time for the steamer of that day. In the hurry of the moment, having other matters of business to attend to, a mistake was committed in misunderstanding an explanation from the Treasurer, and giving the higher duty of 2s. instead of 1s. as paid upon Cameron's Raven brand tobacco; but as soon as it was discovered, I promptly informed you of my error, and I cannot forbear expressing my feeling that it is unhandsome on your part, after my explanation, to endeavour to reflect discredit upon me from a circumstance which could not be prejudicial to your case.

8. Your inquiry of me respecting Mr. James Watson has little pertinence to the matter under consideration. I know Mr. Watson as a member of a mercantile firm of high standing in this Colony ; but he is not likely to make me acquainted with, and I have no concern in knowing, his business transactions. Having learned that Messrs. John Frazer & Company were the only firm on behalf of whom inquiries had been made with the view of exporting the Raven brand tobacco across the Murray, I applied to Mr. Watson for information on the subject, and his reply was received by me and transmitted to you as a fair statement of the facts at that time. It is not surprising to me that this wealthy firm (who are understood to be, like many others, opposed to the policy of this Government as embodied in the late Convention) should, in consequence of your proceedings in November, determine to assert their right to export tobacco across the Murray ; but I must be at liberty to doubt your ability to prove that, as far back as July, you had " ample grounds" for believing that any trade of this kind would be carried on to the serious detriment of your revenue. In any case, you are not justified in charging this Government with " supporting attempts to evade the spirit" of the late Convention. I may add, that you did not wait for " assistance" or information from me, but that on the 26th of November, before your telegrams of the previous day could well be in my hands, your Commissioner of Trade and Customs gave the notice required by the 10th clause to exclude tobacco, so that anything that I might have done could have had no effect. A little later, in like sudden manner, and without intimation of any kind, you gave your notice to withdraw from the Convention.

9. The Government of New South Wales admits that it is its duty, as it is its desire, to cultivate the friendliest relations with the sister Colonies. But such relations are only possible, in the intercourse of these Colonies, by the mutual recognition of each other's separate standing and independence, and by reciprocated feelings of courtesy and goodwill.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.



1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## INTERCOLONIAL COMMERCIAL RECIPROCITY.

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

## SCHEDULE.

NO.		PAGE.
1.	Despatch—No. 11, of the 22nd February, 1873, from His Excellency the Governor to the Earl of Kimberley.....	1
2.	Despatch—No. 19, of the 22nd February, 1873, from His Excellency the Governor to the Earl of Kimberley.....	2
3.	Despatch—No. 23, of the 22nd February, 1873, from His Excellency the Governor to the Earl of Kimberley, with one Enclosure—Letter from Chairman of Conference, enclosing Address of Conference on Intercolonial Commercial Reciprocity.....	2
4.	Despatch—No. 26, of 24th February, 1873, from His Excellency the Governor to the Earl of Kimberley.....	3
5.	Despatch—Circular of 13th June, 1873, from the Earl of Kimberley to His Excellency the Governor.....	6

## No. 1.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 11.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 22 February, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to inform you that on the 11th instant I transmitted to your Lordship the following telegraphic message:—

“I have been requested by the Intercolonial Delegates now sitting here to forward to your Lordship, by telegraph, the following expression of the views and wishes of the Conference on the subject of Intercolonial Commercial Reciprocity.

“The Representatives of the Colonies of New South Wales, New Zealand, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, and Western Australia, assembled in Conference in Sydney, have carefully considered the correspondence which has taken place between the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies and the several Governments, upon the subject of Intercolonial Commercial Reciprocity. The Conference having given respectful attention to the arguments used by the Secretary of State, still consider it their duty to urge upon the Imperial Government the removal of the restrictions which preclude two or more Colonies of the Australasian Group from entering into arrangements for the admission of articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of any part of Australia or New Zealand, upon terms to which they may mutually agree.

“The Conference express their earnest hope that Her Majesty’s Government will introduce, at as early a date as possible, the necessary measure of legislation to give effect to the wishes of the Conference.

“Agreed to unanimously.

“HENRY PARKES,  
“Chairman.”

I have, &c.,  
HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.,  
Secretary of State for the Colonies.

## No. 2.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 19.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 22 February, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to report that, on the 19th instant, I received a telegraphic despatch from your Lordship, dated the 17th instant, of which the following is a copy:—

“Your telegram of the fourteenth—Intercolonial Tariffs—will receive early consideration of Her Majesty’s Government.”

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,

&amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.,

Secretary of State for the Colonies.

## No. 3.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 23.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 22 February, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to forward copy of a letter which I have received from Mr. Parkes, the Chairman of the Intercolonial Conference, lately held in Sydney, transmitting four Addresses to your Lordship, adopted by the Representatives of the several Australasian Colonies, on the following subjects:—

- (1.) Intercolonial Commercial Reciprocity.
- (2.) Duty on Australian Wines imported into the United Kingdom.
- (3.) Telegraphic Communication between Great Britain, India, and Australasia.
- (4.) Investment of Trust Funds in Colonial Government Securities.

2. Mr. Parkes encloses also a certified copy of a Resolution adopted by the Conference on the subject of the future support of the settlement at Somerset in Queensland, which, through an oversight, was not signed by the Delegates.

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,

&amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.,

Secretary of State for the Colonies.

[Enclosure.]

The Honorable Henry Parkes to His Excellency the Governor.

Sydney, 20 February, 1873.

Sir,

As Chairman of the Intercolonial Conference lately held in Sydney, I have been desired to place in your Excellency’s hands, for transmission to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the several Addresses of the Conference particularized in Schedule annexed.

2. Your Excellency will observe that each of these documents is signed by all the assembled Delegates.

3. Besides the papers thus signed, I enclose another, embodying the decision of the Conference on the contributions of the Colonies towards the future support of the settlement at Somerset, which, through an oversight, was not signed by all the Delegates, but to the adoption of which I have certified as Chairman.

I have, &amp;c.,

HENRY PARKES.

HIS EXCELLENCY,

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.,

&amp;c., &amp;c., &amp;c.,

Governor.

## SCHEDULE.

- |      |  |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| (1.) | Address on Intercolonial Commercial Reciprocity. |   |   |   |   |   |   |
| (2.) | *  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| (3.) | *  | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| (4.) | *  | * | * | * | * | * | * |

(1.)

To the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies,—

“The Representatives of the Colonies of New South Wales, New Zealand, Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria, and Western Australia, assembled in Conference in Sydney, have carefully considered the correspondence which has taken place between the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies and their several Governments, upon the subject of Intercolonial Commercial Reciprocity. The Conference having given respectful attention to the arguments used by the Secretary of State, still consider

consider it their duty to urge upon the Imperial Government the removal of the restrictions which preclude two or more Colonies of the Australasian group from entering into arrangements for the admission of articles, the growth, produce, or manufacture of any part of Australia or New Zealand, upon terms to which they may mutually agree.

"The Conference express their earnest hope that Her Majesty's Government will introduce, at as early a date as possible, the necessary measure of legislation to give effect to the wishes of the Conference."

Signed at Sydney, the 14th day of February, 1873,—

HENRY PARKES, Colonial Secretary,	}	New South Wales.
SAUL SAMUEL, Vice-President of the Executive Council,		
JULIUS VOGEL, Colonial Treasurer and Postmaster General,	}	New Zealand.
WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS, Commissioner of Customs,		
A. H. PALMER, Colonial Secretary,	}	Queensland.
J. MALBON THOMPSON, Secretary for Public Lands,		
HENRY AYERS, Chief Secretary,	}	South Australia.
JOHN H. BARROW, Treasurer,		
FREDK. M. INNES, Colonial Treasurer,	}	Tasmania.
J. M. WILSON, M.L.C.		
JAS. G. FRANCIS, Chief Secretary,	}	Victoria.
EDWARD LANGTON, Treasurer,		
FRED. P. BARLEE, Colonial Secretary,	}	Western Australia.

#### No. 4.

GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES ROBINSON TO THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 26.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 24 February, 1873.

MY LORD,

In another despatch by this mail I have transmitted to your Lordship an address from the Conference lately assembled in Sydney, on the subject of Intercolonial Commercial Reciprocity. It appears to me, from a perusal of the correspondence which has taken place on this subject, that the conditions under which alone a Customs Union between two or more of these Colonies would be possible, and the difficulties in the way of concluding reciprocity agreements, have not generally been realized, and I venture therefore to submit to your Lordship the following observations on the subject.

2. Throughout the latter part of the correspondence which has been published with reference to proposals for Inter-colonial Tariff arrangements, one of the arguments most relied on by the advocates for reciprocal agreements is that the Home Government, while refusing to sanction such conventions, offer to allow precisely analogous results to be produced by means of a Customs Union. A Customs Union, it is asserted, would enable colonial products and manufactures to be interchanged between the Colonies forming such Union duty free, whilst protective duties might be levied upon similar articles imported into the Union from other Countries. Why, it is asked, should it be deemed legitimate to effect this object by means of a Customs Union, when a plan for carrying it out partially, by means of a reciprocity agreement, is held to be open to grave objections? Your Lordship, in replying to this argument, points out the difference in principle between the formation of a Customs Union and the conclusion of reciprocity agreements—at the same time admitting that if the Colonies forming a Customs Union were to adopt a protective tariff, the same result would practically be produced as by a reciprocity convention, although the rule against the imposition of differential duties would not in terms be infringed.

3. But it appears to me that there is an important point which has apparently been overlooked throughout the whole of the correspondence, and it is this—that a Customs Union with a protective tariff between two or more of the Australian Colonies would be simply impracticable. I believe it can be shown that a Customs Union such as has been proposed, with a distribution of the collections in proportion to population, would only be possible amongst such of the Colonies as adopted the broad free-trade principle of levying duties not on trade but on consumption—that is, equally on all products taxed, whatever be their origin. It would, I apprehend, be indispensable to the formation of such a Customs Union, that the Colonies forming it should agree that articles of local production should, as far as possible, be placed

Parl. Paper,  
10th June, 1872.

10th April, 1872.

placed on the free list, and that if for revenue purposes import duties were imposed on any such article, the duty on foreign goods should be accompanied by excises on the same goods when produced at home.

4. In support of this view, I may point out that all articles capable of being taxed in any Customs Union must come under one or other of the three following heads:—

- (1.) Articles wholly imported from without.
- (2.) Articles wholly produced in the Union.
- (3.) Articles partly produced and partly imported.

5. As regards the first, no duty levied on articles which are not produced in the Union would be protective; and, I may add, in passing, that according to commonly received principles, the Customs Revenue should as far as practicable be levied by specific duties on as few articles of general consumption as possible coming within this class.

6. As regards the articles in the second class, they would of course be placed on the free list. For example, in a Customs Union between New South Wales and Tasmania, the latter would no longer be able to retain her import duty of 1s. a ton on coals, as it would in effect be inoperative. And in like manner, in a Customs Union between Victoria and South Australia and Tasmania, Victoria would have to surrender her import duty of 1s. per 100 lbs. on wheat and 2s. per 100 lbs. on flour, and Tasmania her duty of 10d. and 1s. on the same articles, for a similar reason.

7. It is only as regards the articles coming under the third head that the question of a protective tariff could arise; and, as I have before observed, I think it would be found practically impossible in a Customs Union to levy import duties on foreign goods if similar goods when produced at home were allowed to be duty free.

8. Take for example the item of sugar, which is produced at present by Queensland to an extent almost equal to her own consumption, and by New South Wales to a considerable extent, which is yearly increasing. There is no excise on sugar in either Colony, and the home-grown article is at present protected in each by an import duty of 5s. per cwt. Sugar is not produced in Victoria, South Australia, or Tasmania, and the import duty on the article in these Colonies is respectively 2s. 9d., 3s., and 6s. per cwt. If a Customs Union were formed between any of the sugar-growing and non-sugar-growing Colonies, and a uniform import duty imposed without an excise upon the home-grown article, the result would be not only that Queensland and New South Wales sugar would be protected in Victoria, South Australia, or Tasmania, as the case might be, but that the revenue collected on the foreign sugar imported, being divided according to population, would be shared by the sugar-growing Colonies out of all proportion to the rate in which they had contributed towards it.

9. The same argument applies equally to the New South Wales wine, tobacco, and oil, all of which are produced in large and increasing quantities, and are protected at present in this Colony by import duties without excises. Suppose a Customs Union between New South Wales and Tasmania, which does not produce wine, tobacco, or oil, and that import duties on these articles were imposed without excises, they would then be protected in Tasmania as in New South Wales against the foreign wine, tobacco, and oil; and the Tasmanians would not only sacrifice a portion of their general revenue to such of the New South Wales producers as might export to Tasmania, but the duties collected in the Union on the foreign imports of this description would be distributed between New South Wales and Tasmania in proportion to population, which would be manifestly unjust to Tasmania.

10. It will perhaps be urged that the loss to one Colony on the unequal distribution of a protective import duty on articles produced by another part of the Union might be compensated for by a corresponding gain on a similar duty on articles of its own production. But practically, I believe that any such adjustment would be found to be almost impossible. None of the Colonies could afford to remit any portion of their Customs receipts from spirits, wine, tobacco, and sugar, and in the event of any Customs Union being formed, it has been proposed that the import duties on these articles of foreign growth or manufacture should be accompanied by excises on these articles when produced at home. But these are the chief articles which New South Wales could eventually exchange with another Colony, and if her most important products contributed by means of excise duties to the general fund, she would naturally object to the main products of other Colonies being protected in her markets against the foreign importer, thus entailing upon her a double loss—a sacrifice of a part of the revenue, and an unequal distribution of the remainder.

11. Take, as an additional illustration of this difficulty of adjusting losses and gains, the case of Victoria and Tasmania. In the event of a Customs Union between those Colonies, Tasmania would obtain an extended market for her timber, grain, hops, ale, beer, and preserves. But Victoria has not at present any equivalent produce to export into Tasmania in exchange; and amongst the articles of Tasmanian produce named, Victoria imports largely from the United Kingdom hops, ale, and beer, there being an import duty on hops of 3d. per lb., and on ale and beer of 9d. per gallon. It is unlikely that Victoria would consent to place these articles upon the free list; and if a Customs Union with Tasmania were formed, and there was no excise on these articles, Tasmania would obtain protection in the Melbourne market for her hops, ale, and beer, and would, in addition, receive a share in proportion to her population of the duties collected by the Union on the imports of this description from the United Kingdom, to which she had not contributed. The Victorians, on their side, would sacrifice a portion of their revenue to the Tasmanian producers, without effecting any reduction in the price of the article to the consumers, and would hand over to Tasmania a share of the revenue raised on the foreign article imported, to which in fairness she was not entitled—Victoria herself having, as has been observed, no article of local production to export to Tasmania for which she could claim similar advantages in return.

12. I believe that these and similar difficulties would present insuperable obstacles to the formation of a Customs Union between two or more of these Colonies, except on the principle of levying import duties only on such articles of general consumption as do not come into competition with articles produced in the Union; or if this rule were necessarily infringed, then levying excises also on such articles of local production as were included in the Customs Tariff. In other words, that under the circumstances of the Australian Colonies, with their great variety of products, a protective tariff would be impossible in a Customs Union in which the duties collected would have to be distributed amongst separate and distinct exchequers

exchequers in proportion to population. And if this view be correct, it follows that the argument which I have been endeavouring to refute, namely, that the same practical result would be produced by a Customs Union as by a reciprocity agreement, is disposed of.

13. The object sought to be obtained by reciprocity conventions is really to extend the area of protection for local producers. All the Australian tariffs at present are protective, articles of local production being nearly all taxed when imported from abroad, whilst, with the exception of spirits there is no excise on home produce. What is wanted is, that the products of each Colony should be protected not only at home but in the neighbouring Colonies; for example, that Tasmanian timber, grain, hops, ale, beer, and preserves should be protected against the foreign importer, not only in Tasmania but throughout the continental Colonies; Tasmania offering in return similar advantages to the produce of the continental Colonies. But this is inter-colonial protection, and not inter-colonial free trade. The effect of such an arrangement between any two Colonies entering into it would be to sacrifice the interests of the consumers, that is, of the great bulk of the people, in both Colonies, for the benefit of a handful of producers in each. The real rate of wages would be decreased, by diminishing the purchasing power of labour, and the earnings of the masses would be taxed to swell the returns of capital.

14. If these Colonies really desired free trade, they have the power in their own hands to secure to a much greater extent than at present the free interchange of colonial products, by simply extending as far as possible their free lists, so as to admit free of duty all articles of Australasian produce, except such as may be indispensable for the purpose of realizing a revenue, such as spirits, wine, tobacco, and perhaps sugar, and one or two other large items of general consumption. This would be consistent with the principles of free trade, and would not involve any infringement of the rule against differential duties.

15. But this would not meet the views of those who advocate reciprocal tariff agreements. Tasmanian ale, beer, and hops can now compete in New South Wales and Victoria on the same terms as the same articles imported from the United Kingdom. To place these articles on the free lists would leave the Tasmanian and British produce on the same footing. What is desired is, that the Tasmanian article should be admitted into New South Wales and Victoria duty free, whilst the English article is taxed. And accordingly, the delegates from all the Colonies, recently assembled in Sydney, have united in an application to the Home Government to remove from them the restriction against the imposition of differential duties which is embodied either in their Constitution Acts or in the Royal Instructions to their Governors.

16. Mistaken, however, as I believe such a policy to be, I feel sure that if the restriction objected to were removed it would lead to no general result, as when reciprocity agreements came to be framed it would be found that the subject is surrounded with practical difficulties which have so far been in a great measure overlooked.

17. Tasmania has, from the first, been the great advocate for such a policy, and, when her position as regards the continental Colonies is considered, her anxiety on the subject is intelligible. The great staple exports of New South Wales and Victoria—such as wool, tallow, hides, preserved meats, gold, copper, and tin—have to find a market in Europe. The other articles produced by New South Wales—such as wine, spirits, tobacco, sugar, oil, and beer—are all at present produced in quantities far below local requirements, and it must be years before the Colony could export any of these products to any extent; and if she could do so, spirits, tobacco, and probably other items would be excluded from the operation of a reciprocity agreement. If, therefore, a convention of the kind were concluded to-morrow between New South Wales and Tasmania, the latter would send her timber, hops, malt, ale, beer, preserved fruits, jams, butter, and cheese into New South Wales, without duty; whilst New South Wales would have at present no article of local growth or produce to export as duty free into Tasmania in return. New South Wales would therefore simply be surrendering so much of her revenue to the Tasmanian producers, whilst New South Wales producers would not be in a position to claim from Tasmania any corresponding concession.

18. Victoria, as pointed out by Mr. Francis, at page 40 of the Parliamentary Paper before referred to, is in precisely a similar position as regards Tasmania and South Australia. Under an agreement, such as has been proposed, for the reciprocal admission of all articles grown or produced in those Colonies (with the exception of spirits and tobacco) duty free, Victoria would have to admit flour, wheat, oats, and wine from South Australia, and timber, grain, hops, ale, beer, and preserves from Tasmania, while, as Mr. Francis points out, "Victoria has no equivalent produce or manufacture to export as duty free into these Colonies in exchange, inasmuch as the produce or manufactures of Victoria are not yet equal to her own requirements, and consist mainly of goods which are made up wholly or in part from imported materials, and hence would probably be liable to duty intercolonially, as not strictly Victorian produce."

19. Even supposing that New South Wales or Victoria could find products to exchange with Tasmania, the inequality in the size of the respective markets would, it appears to me, present another and a serious difficulty. The Tasmanian products would be protected in markets comprising populations of half a million and three quarters of a million souls, whilst protection would be offered in return to New South Wales and Victorian products in a market with a population of under 100,000 persons. The loss of revenue to New South Wales or Victoria would be out of all proportion to the gain which the producers of those Colonies could derive from protection in such a comparatively limited market as that of Tasmania.

20. The conclusions, therefore, to which I am led, upon a consideration of the whole question in all its bearings, are,—1st, that a Customs Union between two or more of these Colonies, with a protective tariff, will be found to be impracticable; and secondly, that even if Her Majesty's Government remove the present restriction against differential duties, but little result will follow, as it will be found practically impossible to frame reciprocity agreements for the purpose of securing intercolonial protection for local products in any manner which would operate with fairness to both parties to the contract.

I have, &c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

## No. 5.

THE EARL OF KIMBERLY to SIR HERCULES ROBINSON.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,  
13 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to transmit to you six copies of an Act intituled the "Australian Colonies Duties Act, 1873."

2. The telegram sent on February 11th, by desire of the Representatives of the Colonies, assembled in Conference in Sydney, expressed their earnest hope that Her Majesty's Government would introduce, at as early date as possible, the necessary measure for giving effect to the wish of the Conference, namely, that those restrictions should be removed which precluded two or more Colonies of the Australian group from entering into arrangements for the admission of articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of any part of Australia or New Zealand, upon terms to which they might mutually agree.

3. Her Majesty's Government, upon the receipt of this telegram, determined, after full consideration, to propose to Parliament a Bill giving effect to this strongly and repeatedly expressed wish of the Australasian Colonies; and Parliament having passed the Bill, there would be no advantage in continuing the discussion of the questions raised in the correspondence which has taken place on this subject, and in which the general views of Her Majesty's Government have been already fully explained.

4. It will be perceived that the Act gives full power to each of the Australian Colonies to make laws imposing or remitting duties, for the purpose of giving effect to an agreement, in respect of any article *imported* into it from any other Colony to which the Act applies. It has been thought expedient that, subject to the proviso against differential duties, the powers given to the Colonial Legislatures should be extended to articles not the growth, produce and manufacture of Australia or New Zealand, in order to remove all doubts as to such arrangements as have already been made as to Border duties between Victoria and New South Wales, and also to enable a Customs Union to be established between any two or more of the Colonies to which the Act applies.

5. You will be at liberty, in consequence of the passing of the "Australian Colonies Duties Act, 1873," to assent to any Bill imposing such differential duties as fall within its provisions, notwithstanding anything contained in the Royal Instructions, which will hereafter be modified in accordance with the new enactment.

I have, &c,  
KIMBERLEY.GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.,  
&c., &c., &c.

[Enclosure.]

36 *Vict., Ch.* 22—An Act to amend the Law with respect to Custom Duties in the Australian Colonies.  
[26th May, 1873.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Law with respect to Customs Duties in the Australian Colonies:

Be it enacted by the Queen's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as the "Australian Colonies Duties Act, 1873."

2. In this Act the term "Australian Colonies" shall mean the Colonies of New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Queensland, Western Australia, and Tasmania:

The term "country" shall mean any country or place except Australian Colonies, and the Colony of New Zealand.

3. The Legislature of any one of the Australian Colonies shall, for the purpose of carrying into effect any agreement between any two or more of the said Colonies, or between any one or more of the said Colonies and New Zealand, have full power from time to time to make laws with respect to the remission or imposition of duties upon the importation into such Colony of any article the produce or manufacture of or imported from any other of the said Colonies, or the produce or manufacture of or imported from New Zealand.

Provided always, that for the purpose aforesaid no new duty shall be imposed upon, and no existing duty shall be remitted as to, the importation into any of the Australian Colonies of any article, the produce or manufacture of any particular Country, which shall not be equally imposed upon, or remitted as to, the importation into such Colony of the like article the produce or manufacture of any other Country: Provided further, that no duties shall be levied upon articles imported into any of the Australian Colonies for the supply of Her Majesty's land or sea forces, nor shall any duty be levied or remitted contrary to or at variance with any Treaty or Treaties for the time being subsisting between Her Majesty and any Foreign Power.

Short title.  
Interpretation  
clausePower to  
Colonial Legis-  
latures to  
regulate duties.

1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

**BORDER DUTIES.**

(PETITION OF BOROUGH COUNCIL OF ALBURY—RELATIVE TO.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 2 April, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Members of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled.

The Petition of the Council of the Borough of Albury,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH :—

That your Petitioners deeply regret that the treaty made between the Government of New South Wales and Victoria, in February, 1873, has been determined, and that the inhabitants of the large and important districts along this side of the Murray are again harassed by the imposition of the Border Duties.

That your Petitioners are of opinion that it would not be detrimental to the revenue of either Colony if Colonial produce was allowed to go across the Border free, and this alone would be a great boon to the community of these districts.

That your Petitioners beg to represent to your Honorable House that a numerous population of farmers is settling in these districts, brought hither by the liberal Land laws of this Colony, and it is a very great hardship to them to be shut out of the only market they have in which to dispose of their produce.

That the continuance of the Border Duties will be destructive of the progress and prosperity of this fine district, and must ultimately injuriously affect the best interests of the Colony at large.

Your Petitioners therefore humbly pray that your Honorable House will take the hardship and inconvenience under which the inhabitants of the Border Districts are now suffering under your careful consideration, and grant such relief as to your Honorable House may seem most expedient.

And your Petitioners will ever pray, &c.

Signed on behalf of the Borough Council,

KENNETH M'LENNAN, Mayor.

(L.S.)

SAMUEL MUDGE, Council Clerk.

Albury, 27th March, 1874.





1873.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## SYDNEY BRANCH ROYAL MINT.

(DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES to GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES ROBINSON.

(No. 13.)

Downing-street,  
10 March, 1873.

SIR,

I transmit to you, for your information, a copy of a report received through the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, from the Deputy Master of the Mint, with its enclosures, relating to the various returns of bullion, coin, &c., from the Sydney Mint, for the year ended 30th June, 1872.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

[Enclosures.]

Mr. Fremantle to The Secretary to the Treasury.

Royal Mint, 3 March, 1873.

Sir,

I have the honor to acquaint you, for the information of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, that the following returns have been duly transmitted to this department by the Deputy Master of the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, in conformity with the Order in Council of the 19th May, 1853.

Twelve monthly returns, showing—

- (1.) The amount of bullion received at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, from July, 1871, to June, 1872, and,
- (2.) The amount of coin issued to the public during the same period, viz. :—

	Sovereigns. ozs.	Half-sovereigns. ozs.
1871.		
In July ... ..	32,873.28	Nil
August ... ..	49,822.58	"
September ... ..	56,244.81	"
October ... ..	79,874.22	"
November ... ..	68,569.86	"
December ... ..	81,412.82	"
1872.		
January ... ..	54,959.14	"
February ... ..	48,538.84	"
March ... ..	8,731.90	32,874.70
April ... ..	69,341.15	Nil
May... ..	30,561.47	"
June ... ..	27,735.23	"

Amount charged for coining, 3d. per ounce standard.

Four returns of waste in coining gold for the quarters ending the 30th September and 31st December, 1871, and 31st March and 30th June, 1872.

I have also to request you to submit to their Lordships the report enclosed, being the thirty-eighth, on the weight and fineness of the gold coins produced at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, during the twelve months from July, 1871, to June, 1872, inclusive—such report being based on the assay of pyx pieces, transmitted by the Deputy Master for examination, in accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council, before referred to.

A copy of the report has been forwarded, as usual, to the Deputy Master at Sydney.

I have, &c.,  
C. W. FREMANTLE.

THIRTY-EIGHTH

THIRTY-EIGHTH REPORT, addressed to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, on the Weight and Fineness of Gold Coins struck at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, and transmitted by the Deputy Master for examination, in accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 19th August, 1853.

Pieces taken without preference by the Colonial Secretary, at the deliveries of the Sydney Mint.

Quarter ending—	Denomination.	No. of Pieces.	Total Weight.	Average Weight of a Piece.	Average proportion of Gold in 1,000 parts.
30 September, 1871 .....	Sovereigns.....	113	ozs. 29·020	ozs. 0·25681	916·736
31 December, " .....	" .....	184	47·253	0·25681	916·733
31 March, 1872 .....	" .....	89	22·851	0·25675	916·669
" " .....	Half-sovereigns...	53	6·804	0·12837	916·673
30 June, " .....	Sovereigns.....	104	26·709	0·25681	916·681

The standard weight of the sovereign is 0·25682 oz., and of the half-sovereign 0·12841 oz.

The standard fineness (in 1,000) is 916·666.

Royal Mint, 3 March, 1873.

C. W. FREMANTLE,  
Deputy Master and Comptroller.

1873-4.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## SYDNEY BRANCH ROYAL MINT.

(DESPATCHES RESPECTING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.

(No. 62.)

Downing-street,  
7 October, 1873.

SIR,

I have received from the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, with a request that it may be communicated to you, the enclosed copy of a Report from the Deputy Master of the Mint, dated the 27th ultimo, with its enclosure, relating to the Gold Coins struck at the Sydney Branch Mint, and sent to this Country for assay, between January and November, 1872.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

[Enclosure.]

Captain Freemantle to The Secretary to the Treasury.

Royal Mint,  
27 September, 1873.

SIR,

In conformity with the instructions from the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, conveyed to the Master of the Mint in Sir Charles Trevelyan's letter of the 9th November, 1855, I have now to submit an account of the weight and fineness, as ascertained here, of gold coins struck at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint and sent home by the Governor of New South Wales.

These coins were conveyed from Australia in closed packets, bearing the seal of the Colonial Treasurer, and were received by me under cover of letters from the Treasury of the 30th March, 1872, and later dates.

I have, &c.,  
CHARLES FREEMANTLE.

[Sub-enclosure.]

[Sub-enclosure.]

REPORT of the Assay of Gold Coins of the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, taken from the Colonial circulation, from January to November, 1872, by order of the Governor of New South Wales.

Date on the packet in which the Coins were enclosed.	Number of Pieces.		Weight.		Proportion of Gold in 1,000 parts.		Date of Treasury Letter.
	Sovereigns.	Half-sovereigns.	Sovereigns.	Half-sovereigns.	Sovereigns.	Half-sovereigns.	
<b>1872.</b>			Grains.	Grains.			<b>1872.</b>
22 January .....	2	2	123·40	61·38	916·8	916·7	30 March.
19 February .....	2	2	18	61	9	6	26 April.
25 March .....	2	2	·35	52	7·0	7·0	28 May.
11 April .....	2	2	·21	53	3	1	28 „
15 May .....	2	2	·04	80	1	6·9	23 July.
10 June .....	2	2	122·95	57	1	8	21 August.
10 July .....	2	2	123·26	74	1	7·0	9 November.
3 August .....	2	2	15	82	6·9	1	9 „
3 September .....	2	2	37	54	8	6·7	6 February.
7 October .....	2	2	31	57	9	7	6 „
30 October .....	2	2	38	61	7	4	6 „
30 November .....	2	2	122·90	74	3	5	6 „
			123·04	49	8	6	
			09	72	6	5	
			01	54	6	7	
			00	47	5	7	
			35	62	9	8	
			21	60	4	9	
			16	64	4	6	
			31	63	6	7	
			15	65	6	7	
			122·97	64	8	8	
			123·20	77	4	6	
			25	46	5	7	

The average weight of the sovereign is 123·176 grains, and of the half-sovereign 61·611 grains; the standard weight of the sovereign being 123·274 grains, and of the half-sovereign 61·682 grains.

The average fineness of the coins is 916·746—the standard fineness being 916·667.

Royal Mint, 27 September, 1873.

C. W. FREEMANTLE,  
Deputy Master and Comptroller.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES to THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

(No. 77.)

Downing-street,  
20 December, 1873.

SIR,

I am directed by the Secretary of State for the Colonies to transmit to you, for your information, the documents specified in the annexed Schedule.

I have, &c.,  
ROBERT G. W. HERBERT.

No.	Date.	Description of document.
	16 Dec., 1873	Copy of a letter from the Treasury, with its enclosures, on the subject of the returns received from the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, and the weight and fineness of the gold coins produced there during the twelve months from July, 1872, to June, 1873, inclusive.

• Mr. Law to The Under Secretary, Colonial Office.

Treasury Chambers,  
16 December, 1873.

Sir,

I am desired by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to transmit to you the accompanying copy of a letter which their Lordships have received from the Deputy Master of the Mint, referring to the returns received by him from the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, in conformity with the Order in Council of the 19th May, 1853, and forwarding a report, copy of which is also enclosed herewith, on the weight and fineness of the gold coins produced at the Sydney Mint during the twelve months from July, 1872, to June, 1873, inclusive.

I am to request that you will move the Secretary of State to cause the same to be communicated to the Governor of New South Wales.

I am, &c.,  
WILLIAM LAW.

[Enclosure.]

[Enclosure.]

Mr. Freemantle to The Secretary to the Treasury.

Royal Mint,  
5 December, 1873.

Sir,

I have the honor to acquaint you, for the information of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, that the following returns have been duly transmitted to this department by the Deputy Master of the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, in conformity with the Order in Council of the 19th of May, 1853.

## I. Twelve monthly returns, showing,—

- (1.) The amount of bullion received at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, from July, 1872, to June, 1873; and,—
- (2.) The amount of coin issued to the public during the same period, viz. :—

	Sovereigns. ozs.	Half-sovereigns. ozs.
In July, 1872...	29,020·08	Nil.
In August, „ ...	42,630·98	„
In September, „ ...	32,614·97	„
In October, „ ...	14,125·31	12,841·72
In November, „ ...	58,297·53	Nil.
In December, „ ...	49,564·58	„
In January, 1873...	38,009·13	„
In February, „ ...	16,949·44	„
In March, „ ...	38,009·36	„
In April, „ ...	34,156·95	„
In May, „ ...	26,708·81	„
In June, „ ...	32,101·93	„

Amount charged for coining, 3d. per ounce standard.

## II. Four returns of waste in coining gold, for the quarters ending 30th September and 31st December, 1872, and 31st March and 30th June, 1873.

I have also to request you to submit to their Lordships the report enclosed, being the thirty-ninth, on the weight and fineness of the gold coins produced at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, during the twelve months from July, 1872, to June, 1873, inclusive, such reports being based on the assay of pyx pieces transmitted by the Deputy Master for examination, in accordance with the provision of Her Majesty's Order in Council before referred to.

A copy of the report will be forwarded, as usual, to the Deputy Master at Sydney.

I have, &amp;c.,

C. W. FREEMANTLE.

[Sub-Enclosure.]

THIRTY-NINTH Report, addressed to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, on the Weight and Fineness of Gold Coins struck at the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint, and transmitted by the Deputy Master for examination, in accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 19th of August, 1853.

PIECES taken without preference by the Colonial Secretary, at the deliveries of the Sydney Mint.

Quarter ending--	Denomination of Coin.	No. of Pieces.	Total Weight.	Average weight of a Piece.	Average proportion of Gold in 1,000 parts.
30 September, 1872.....	Sovereigns.....	86	ozs. 22·082	ozs. 0·25676	916·614
31 December, „ .....	do .....	98	25·162	0·25676	916·774
31 „ „ .....	Half-sovereigns .....	20	2·566	0·12830	916·850
31 March, 1873 .....	Sovereigns.....	77	19·775	0·25681	916·860
30 June, „ .....	do .....	77	19·775	0·28681	916·774

The standard of the sovereign is 0·25682, and of the half-sovereign 0·12841.  
The standard fineness (in 1,000 parts) is 916·666.

C. W. FREEMANTLE,  
Deputy Master and Comptroller.

Royal Mint, 5 December, 1873.



1873-4.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## MELBOURNE BRANCH MINT.

(APPLICATION FOR PERMISSION TO COIN SILVER AT—CIRCULAR DESPATCH RESPECTING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT OF  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

(Circular.)

Downing-street,  
15 December, 1873.

SIR,

I transmit to you a copy of a letter from the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, on the subject of a Memorial from the Banking Institutions at Melbourne, which was received through the Governor of Victoria, praying that the Branch Mint at Melbourne might be empowered to coin silver. 8 Dec., 1873.

I request that you will lay their Lordships' letter before your Advisers, for their consideration.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

[Enclosure.]

Mr. Lingen to The Under Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Treasury Chambers,  
8 December, 1873.

Sir,

The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have had before them the letter dated 4th June last, in which the Secretary of State asks them to again take into consideration the application of the bankers of Melbourne, praying that the Branch of the Royal Mint at Melbourne may be empowered to coin silver. Lord Kimberley points out that the Government of Victoria strongly supports that request, and adds his hope that this Board will accede to it.

The question is beset with difficulties, and my Lords had trusted that the explanation offered by the Deputy Master of the Mint would remove the apprehension of the bankers that it might not be possible to comply promptly with their requirements.

My Lords, however, understand the Colonial Government to suggest that the privilege of coining silver on its own account should be conceded. The wishes of the Government are entitled to the most respectful attention, and in again giving their careful consideration to the subject, my Lords will at once declare that they have no desire to insist on the Colony continuing to depend upon the Royal Mint in London for all supplies of silver coin which it may from time to time require; but they would be unable to consent to any arrangement whereby silver coin that would circulate in the United Kingdom, and would, when worn, have to be withdrawn at its expense, should be issued from any but the Royal Mint. If, then, the privilege of coining silver were granted to the Colony, it would be necessary that the coin so issued should be distinct in character from the silver coinage of the United Kingdom. Other arrangements would have to be made, to which further allusion need not be made at the present stage; but my Lords may remark that it would be necessary to make known such arrangements to the other Colonies.

My Lords, however, while stating their readiness to meet, as far as possible, the views of the Colonial Government, are most anxious that the difficulties of the case should not be passed over, and they would call the attention of the Secretary of State to the following considerations:—

Gold is the single standard of value in the United Kingdom, and in certain Colonies using the same system of coinage, and it follows that silver is only required for the purposes of a subsidiary and token coin. The nominal exceeds the intrinsic value of a token coin; there is in consequence a profit on the issue of token coinage, and mischief must ensue if due precaution be not taken to counteract the temptation arising thence to over-issue. This object is attained in the United Kingdom by restriction on the amount for which the silver is legal tender—by the reservation in the hands of the Government of the power of issue, and by the requirement that persons obtaining silver coin from the Mint must pay for it at the rate of one pound sterling for every twenty shillings, a price considerably in excess of the intrinsic value of the coin.

Further, in practice, the Royal Mint supplies silver coin not to all comers, but only to certain recognized bodies or authorities who are in a position to ascertain the real wants of the public. Thus, silver is issued in the United Kingdom only through the Bank of England, the Bank of Ireland, and certain appointed Scotch Banks, while the Colonial demands are received only through the Colonial Government.

As, therefore, the Imperial Government, to which alone profit accrues, does not issue on its own initiative, and the price paid by the public effectually prevents any demand except for the legitimate requirements of a subordinate circulation, an effective check is obtained.

This check can be maintained under present arrangements without difficulty, since the Imperial Government alone is responsible for the management of the silver coinage. On the one hand it issues the coin, and on the other it withdraws it when worn, paying for it the full nominal value which it has borne in circulation.

My Lords describe thus minutely the peculiarities of a token coinage, because it is essential that they should be recognized and understood by those who deal with the subject. Above all, it must be borne in mind that the privilege of issuing implies the duty of withdrawing tokens at their full nominal value, and the question now under discussion is on this point especially complicated.

As far as gold coin is concerned, it is of no consequence whether it be issued from the Mint in the United Kingdom or from a branch Mint in a Colony, for it possesses its full nominal value, and the holder, not the State, abides the loss arising out of wear and tear. In the case of silver coinage, however, the State is responsible for wear and tear, and bears the loss consequent on withdrawal.

Further, my Lords trust that the Secretary of State will not overlook the temptation to over-issue tokens, if they can be circulated outside the limits of the issuing State. An example of this concurrent circulation may be found in the large numbers of French bronze coin passing from hand to hand in England; and instances are not wanting in Europe in which, notwithstanding the efforts made by the Governments interested, tokens of one Country are freely accepted in other Countries where they are not legally current. It will be evident that the introduction of tokens, the produce of foreign Mints, without limit into a State, deprives that State of effective control over its token currency, and may be the occasion of pecuniary loss, and of conflicts of opinion between the parties interested.

Prudence dictates that such conflicts should be foreseen and guarded against, before a line of policy likely to engender them is adopted, rather than they should be fought out as they arise, in circumstances probably not favourable to conciliation.

It appears to my Lords that the attention of the Colonial Government should be drawn to these facts, and that it should be invited to consider the following points, which must be decided before a Colony could be permitted to undertake its own coinage, viz. :—

1. The terms upon which, and the limitations under which, the Branch of the Royal Mint at Melbourne should coin silver.
2. The principle upon which silver coin of the Royal Mint in London, circulating in Victoria, and silver coin of the Branch of the Royal Mint in Melbourne circulating in the United Kingdom, is to be withdrawn.
3. The principle upon which silver coin, the produce of either Mint, circulating in other Colonies, is to be withdrawn.

The Secretary of State will perceive at once, that if one Branch Mint be permitted to coin silver, a like privilege will inevitably be sought by, and must be conceded to other Branch Mints, and it will therefore be necessary to decide,—

4. The principle upon which silver coin, the produce of other Branch Mints, is to circulate and be withdrawn (say coin of the Sydney Mint current in Victoria).
5. The conditions under which silver token coins are tender in the Colony. If these do not correspond with the conditions enforced in the United Kingdom, the law must be amended, in other words, it must be definitely laid down that silver is only legal tender to the amount of forty shillings.

It is obvious that any proposal for allowing a Colony to coin tokens cannot be entertained until agreement on these points has been arrived at by all the Colonies interested.

In submitting these considerations to the Secretary of State, my Lords must call his special attention to a difficulty which will arise in adjusting the incidence of the cost of withdrawal.

When a coin has been a long time in circulation the distinctive "Mint mark" stamped upon it becomes obliterated, and no means would exist of identifying the issues of the several Mints. This difficulty might be, to a great extent, removed by the adoption of a different design for each Mint, but it will be remembered that that arrangement was not favourably received in the case of the gold coinage.

My Lords have now stated the difficulties which occur to them in devising a scheme permitting several communities to issue on their own account the same token coinage. But in stating these difficulties they wish it to be understood that they have only one object in view, namely, to meet the requirements of British communities, in the most simple, practical, and economical method for all concerned. They are, above all, anxious to prevent the possibility of questions arising hereafter which may lead to disagreement between the Imperial Government and the Colonies, or between the Colonies themselves.

They would wish it to be carefully considered by those interested in this question whether, when different communities use the same token coinage, it is not better for all parties concerned that one of them should act as agent for the rest.

It is clear that if the coin is to have general circulation the Imperial Government is alone qualified to undertake that duty of agent, and to be responsible for the issue and withdrawal of the coin; but it would be quite feasible, my Lords believe, to make arrangements for the coinage of silver tokens on account of the Imperial Government at the Branch Mints; and my Lords would desire to be informed whether, in the opinion of the Secretary of State, the object sought by the Colonial Government might not thus be practically attained in a manner agreeable to the sense and wishes of that Government.

My Lords need not remark that, in making these suggestions, they put aside all question of the profit which at present accrues to them. The amount of silver issued to the Colonies has hitherto been comparatively small, and the profit has not been, therefore, of large amount; but whatever the amount, my Lords would not allow it to stand in the way of an arrangement beneficial to the Empire.

These remarks will apply to the representation made by the Government of New Zealand, inasmuch as they apply to all token coinage; and with regard to paragraph one of the Agent-General's letter to the Colonial Office of 4th June, the Secretary of State will be glad to learn that the Mint in this Country is ready to supply any amount of bronze coinage which may be necessary for circulation in the Colony, and for which Dr. Featherstone may be authorized to apply.

I am, &c.,  
R. R. W. LINGEN.



1873-4.

—  
**LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.**  
**NEW SOUTH WALES.**

—  
**WILLIAM WATKINS.**  
(PAPERS RESPECTING CASE OF.)

—  
*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 25 June, 1874.*  
—

MEMO. OF INSPECTOR OF PRISONS TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

THE papers relating to the complaint of prisoner William Watkins against the Visiting Surgeon of Darlinghurst Gaol are herewith returned.

In pursuance of the authority of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, I proceeded forthwith, accompanied by the Medical Adviser to the Government, with whom I thought it further desirable to associate Dr. Alleyne, to meet the Visiting Surgeon on the case.

The Medical Adviser and Dr. Alleyne, after a careful examination of the prisoner, were of opinion that the case had been properly understood by Dr. Aaron, and that his proposed method of treatment was the proper method.

The prisoner is awaiting early trial, and as the case would require some time for treatment when once entered upon, the Surgeon rightly postponed a commencement until it should be known whether by being convicted the man would be long enough in prison to admit of treatment.

But it appeared to us that, from an impatience of temperament and irritability of manner on the part of the Surgeon, the prisoner was not made to understand this, and was sent away with the idea that because he was not under sentence he would not be treated; and thus, smarting under a sense of wrong, and further aggravated by what was described to us as the "cross" manner of the Surgeon's speech, he made his complaint, in which, as is not unusual with such persons, he exaggerated the facts and circumstances.

Patience and command of temper in dealing with prisoners, however trying the circumstances may be at times, is essential to the satisfactory discharge of his duties by a Prison Surgeon; and, as I have informed the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, I have repeatedly impressed upon Mr. Aaron the necessity for exercising these qualities, as I have again done upon the present occasion. I am disposed to think that the expression of some such opinion by the Colonial Secretary would have a good effect.

B.C., 17 March, /74,

HAROLD MACLEAN.

—  
THE INSPECTOR OF PRISONS TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

*Urgent.*

20 March, 1874.

SIR,

In accordance with the desire of the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, I have the honor to forward herewith the report of the medical gentlemen who examined William Watkins in Darlinghurst Gaol.

I have, &c.,

HAROLD MACLEAN,  
Inspector of Prisons.

## REPORT OF DRS. ALLEYNE AND BEDFORD.

20 March, 1874.

WE certify that on the 16th instant we examined William Watkins, a prisoner confined in Darlinghurst Gaol.

The man had hydrocele of the left side; it had existed for four years, and he said had been more painful and larger after a cold bath recently taken; he likewise complained of dribbling of urine.

There was no pain at the time of our examination of the hydrocele, and as the man was to be tried in a few days, the surgeon did not perform the radical cure for the hydrocele, as it would cause inflammation of the sac, and require the man to be in bed at the time appointed for his trial.

The mere tapping was not necessary more than at any time during his illness, as there was no suffering from distension urgently requiring relief, and the tapping without injection might have been followed by inflammation.

It was, therefore, a correct proceeding to defer the operation till after his trial.

The state of the urethra was examined by a catheter; it was quite natural, and the man's linen did not show that he had been the subject of dribbling of urine, though all was examined that had been used for a week—which was quite contrary to his statements.

H. G. ALLEYNE,  
Health Officer.  
E. S. P. BEDFORD, F.R.C.S.,  
Medical Adviser.

1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

**GAOLER AT PORT MACQUARIE.**

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING CHARGES MADE BY MR. SHONE AGAINST.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 14 April, 1874.*

MR. SHONE has requested me to lay these papers before the Inspector of Prisons.

W.G.B., 21/5/73.

THE GAOLER, PORT MACQUARIE, to MR. T. SHONE.

MEMO.—I have received your application from the Sheriff, with the Visiting Surgeon's report of December 2. The Sheriff wishes you to be informed that no change of office can be given, but if you desire a change, leave of absence will be given if you can make arrangements to leave a person in your place to do the duty of the office and school. If you can comply with these conditions I will be most happy to recommend such leave, hoping you will be able to come to your duties on Monday, as the whole of your business is standing still.

December 15, 1871.

JOSEPH GATES,  
Gaoler.

Sunday morning,—Mr. Shone will please come to the Gaol after dinner; say 2 p.m.—J.G.

Fill in general return, and see if the monthly account is right for August; send it up so that it can be sent by steamer. Mr. Litchfield wants his account.—J.G.

Memo.—If Mr. Shone is under the impression that to-day is a Government holiday he is wrong, as it is not one. If you at any time should require a day you can have it, but not to take it yourself.—J.G., November 9.

Memo.—I desired you on yesterday to make ration returns for the man received, to be on for this day; the female to be taken off for Monday. Come up after dinner to make returns for Monday, so as to take the female now discharged from rations. I had to get the man's rations last night for this day.—JOSEPH GATES, Gaoler, H. M. Gaol, Port Macquarie.—Sunday morning.

Mr. Shone,—Enter this letter in the despatch book—the report against Warder M. Doran. Charge the stamp—the letter was not entered yesterday.—J.G.

Mr. Shone,—Enter this letter in book.

THE SHERIFF to THE GAOLER, PORT MACQUARIE.

14 October, 1871.

SIR,

I have to request that you will inform Mr. Shone that his application for a change of employment, which should have reached me through yourself, has been submitted to the Government for consideration.

I have, &amp;c.,

W. GORE BEVERLEY,  
(For the Sheriff).

MR. T. SHONE to THE INSPECTOR OF PRISONS.

Sydney, 19 June, 1873.

SIR,

In accordance with your desire, I do myself the honor to lay before you in writing a subject mentioned to you by myself, shortly after my arrival from Port Macquarie, and connected with Mr. Gates, the gaoler of that place, to the effect that I had been informed by Mr. George Litchfield, a storekeeper and a former contractor to the gaol, that Mr. Gates was in the habit of receiving a per-centage upon the prisoners' money laid out at certain seasons for indulgences, &c., and upon expressing my surprise I was further informed that it had been always a usual thing.

533—A

This

See memo.  
attached.

This information is borne out by Mr. Ewan (of the late firm of Messrs. Row, Ewan, & Co.), who, upon my asking him if it were really the case that Mr. Gates got a per-centage upon the prisoners' money expended upon their account for indulgences, replied, "Oh yes; I always allowed him 5 per cent., and that upon £15 a quarter comes to something."

I respectfully beg to add that as the expenditure of the prisoners' money was kept solely by Mr. Gates, I was ignorant of the same.

I have, &c.,  
THOMAS SHONE.

MEMO.—Met Mr. Ewan in George-street on the morning of the 13th. Asked him if it was true that Mr. Gates, the gaoler, was in the habit of getting a per-centage upon the prisoners' money when laid out for indulgences, as Mr. Litchfield had so informed me. "Oh, yes," Mr. Ewan replied, "I always allowed him 5 per cent., and that upon £15 a quarter comes to something"; and he further stated, "the excuse Mr. Gates made to him was that he did not get the money for some time afterwards" (or he was out of the money for some time.)

This memorandum was made by me a few minutes after my meeting Mr. Ewan. He said further, "Don't bring my name up with such a fellow."

The within letter of Mr. Shone contains an allegation of a very serious character as affecting Mr. Gates, the Gaoler at Port Macquarie.

It seems to be one the truth of which can very easily be ascertained, and I therefore refer the letter to the Visiting Justice with that object.

I would suggest as the first step, to inquire of Mr. Litchfield, and if he confirms Mr. Shone's representations as to what he is alleged to have stated, to call upon him for particulars or specific cases; then to acquaint Mr. Gates of the allegations made by himself and Mr. Ewan.

If Mr. Gates admits the charge it will be for him to offer such explanation as he may see fit.

Should he deny it he should have every opportunity, and if it can be arranged, by the attendance of Mr. Litchfield and any other persons who may have knowledge on the subject at a formal inquiry, of meeting and disproving the statements.

If neither Mr. Litchfield nor others at Port Macquarie are prepared to support Mr. Shone's charge, still Mr. Gates should see the accompanying papers and be called upon for his report thereon.

It was further stated to me that in the monthly accounts for extras there is always 12lbs. of soap drawn, which the copies of the accounts will show; and that it is known to the chief warden and others that this is used for Mr. Gates' private family washing. This could be inquired into at the same time.

HAROLD MACLEAN.

Visiting Justice, Gaol, Port Macquarie, B.C., 20 June, 1873. To be returned with the papers in the case.

Mr. Shone has tendered his resignation, but I have declined to submit it for acceptance, pending the result of the charges he has made; so there is occasion for the matter being quickly dealt with.—H.M.

MR. T. SHONE to THE INSPECTOR OF PRISONS.

7, Albert-street, Darlinghurst,  
26 June, 1873.

SIR,

I most respectfully beg to send you an extract from a letter just received from Mr. Litchfield, of Port Macquarie, connected with the unpleasant information I have already made to you:—"I remember stating to you that I made an allowance on prisoners' account of 5 per cent., but it was a voluntary act on my part, and not a demand made by Mr. Gates; and also one which could not affect the prisoners in any way, having supplied them with goods at cash prices."

Actuated by a sense of duty, I laid this unpleasant matter before you shortly after my arrival in Sydney, believing that in the event of its becoming known to you after my resignation, I should be considered blamable for withholding it from you.

I have, &c.,  
THOMAS SHONE.

P.S.—I should have received Mr. Litchfield's letter sooner but for the detention of the mail, owing to bad weather.

Referred to the Visiting Justice of Port Macquarie Gaol in connection with the papers upon the subject, already sent to him for inquiry.—H.M., B.C., 27 June, 1873.

TELEGRAM FROM THE VISITING JUSTICE, PORT MACQUARIE, to THE SHERIFF.

PAPERS of inquiry upon Shone's charges, Gaoler, posted to-day. My severe illness prevented sooner despatch.

Seen.—H.M., 8 July, 1873.

THE VISITING JUSTICE to THE SHERIFF.

Port Macquarie, 7 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to return herewith the papers forwarded to me for inquiry into the charges preferred by Mr. Shone against Mr. Gates, gaoler; together with the statements made before me by Messrs. Litchfield, Ewan, Gates, and Paton. When I read Mr. Shone's complaint to Mr. Gates, he (Mr. Gates) did not for a moment deny having received a discount of 5 per cent. from the storekeepers, and

so far from having treated the matter as private, Mr. Gates has always entered on each bill the amount of discount allowed. The gaoler and chief warden utterly deny the misappropriation of the soap, and, from all I can gather, the quantity supplied monthly (12lbs.) is scarcely sufficient for gaol purposes.

Since my appointment as Visiting Justice I have observed that the gaoler and chief warden practise the greatest economy in the use of Government supplies, and I have every confidence in the honesty and integrity of both as Government officials.

I have, &c.,  
J. P. ORMISTON, V.J.

STATEMENT made by Mr. George Litchfield in relation to charges made by Mr. Shone against Mr. Gates, Gaoler at Port Macquarie.

*George Litchfield*, states: I am a storekeeper, carrying on business in Houton-street, Port Macquarie; Mr. Gates, the gaoler, has been in the habit of making purchases on behalf of prisoners at my shop; I always sold for the lowest cash price; Mr. Gates, on behalf of the prisoners, has frequently obtained a reduction from my cash prices by offering less than I asked; since my first dealing with Mr. Gates in no instance has he, by any means, induced me to increase my prices; he has always expended the money to the best advantage, and stated for what purpose, and the prisoner's name for whom he purchased the goods; I always allowed him (Mr. Gates) 5 per cent. on the money expended; this was a voluntary act on my part, and no demand by Mr. Gates; I make this allowance to several of my customers; it is a rule in my business for cash transactions; Mr. Gates always bought to the best advantage, and the prisoners were the gainers by his purchases; the money expended by Mr. Gates averaged from £2 to £7 a quarter—not more; whilst I was contractor for the gaol supplies Mr. Gates was most particular with me as to the quality of articles supplied by me; in fact I considered him too particular in many instances.

G. LITCHFIELD.

Taken and made at Port Macquarie, }  
this 7th day of July, 1873,— }  
J. P. ORMISTON, J.P. & V.J.

*Mr. Litchfield, questioned by Mr. Gates*:—At your request I made out an account in the name of the prisoner you purchased for, with the prices paid opposite each article; prisoners when discharged from the gaol have called to change some of the clothing which were misfits, and I always found that the price the prisoner told me you had charged him was the same I sold at to you.

G. LITCHFIELD.

Taken and made at Port Macquarie, this }  
7th day of July, 1873, before,— }  
J. P. ORMISTON, V.J. & J.P.

*William Grey Ewan* states:—I was lately in business in this town as a storekeeper, carrying on business in the name of Row, Ewan, & Co.; I have heard and read the statement made by Mr. George Litchfield respecting the charges made by Mr. Shone against Mr. Gates; I fully corroborate all Mr. Litchfield says in regard to our transactions in business with Mr. Gates, in the expenditure of the prisoners' money; Mr. Gates always purchased to the best advantage; the 5 per cent was a usual allowance.

W. G. EWAN.

Taken and made at Port Macquarie, }  
this 7th day of July, 1873,— }  
J. P. ORMISTON, V.J. & J.P.

*John Paton* states:—I am chief warden at the gaol at Port Macquarie; the 12 lbs. of soap monthly supplied as extras by the contractor is delivered direct to me, and distributed as fairly as possible by me to the several wards and kitchen; I give it out every Saturday morning from the store; the soap is used for the gaol purposes, such as scouring the tables, forms, and prisoners when first admitted, and their clothing and bedding; some of the soap is sent to the female ward and Mr. Gates' kitchen; I am sure the soap is not used for Mr. Gates' family use; it is impossible; the quantity given out by me is hardly sufficient for the gaol purposes, notwithstanding all my economy; if Mr. Shone has stated to the Sheriff that I knew the soap to be given out by me is, or used, for Mr. Gates' family, that statement is false; I am aware Mr. Gates expends money on account of the prisoners; whenever he has done so the articles purchased are received by me at the gaol from the storekeepers, and a bill always accompanies the goods, made out in the prisoner's name, with the amount of cost of each article; the bill is always handed by me to the prisoner with the articles; on the articles of clothing there is always a ticket with the shopkeeper's price on it, and when prisoners are discharged this ticket and price are pointed out to them; I have seen Mr. Gates often bargaining with the shopkeepers for a reduction of prices on behalf of the prisoners, and have known him to obtain a reduction of several shillings in some articles.

JOHN PATON,  
Chief Warden.

Taken and made at Port Macquarie, }  
this 7th day of July, 1873,— }  
J. P. ORMISTON, V.J. & J.P.

THE GAOLER, PORT MACQUARIE, to THE INSPECTOR OF PRISONS.

H. M. Gaol, Port Macquarie,  
7 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to report, for your information, upon the statements made by Mr. Shone, late clerk of this gaol, to you, and would most respectfully say it must be satisfactory to you, being so far apart from your supervision, that after six years of Mr. Shone's close and designing observance of my doings he has nothing to say against me that can in any way be considered dishonorable; if he could no doubt he would, and all this ill feeling for merely making him attend to his duties. It is quite true when I pay any of the prisoners' private accounts a discount of 1s. in the £1 is given, which is usual in cash transactions. I do not see why the prisoners should not have the advantage of this in place of leaving it to the storekeepers. I cannot call to mind one instance when the prisoner on his discharge is not allowed by me the same consideration allowed by the storekeeper when it is found he has bought over the amount of a £, but not under a £, up to the present time, and till prohibited, I cannot see anything dishonorable in this. If the Inspector of Prisons would be so good as to ask Mr. Shone he may be able to say this is the case.

There are 12lbs. of soap every month drawn as extra for the cleanliness of the gaol. The chief warder receives this soap and puts it in his store, a portion of which is distributed every Saturday to the wardsmen of the six gaol yards; also the hospital and prison kitchen, for scouring tables, forms, and boards of the dormitories, and frequently washing dirty bedding and blankets; the clothing of dirty men often received from the district Benches under the Vagrant Act. From the extra soap there is some left at my kitchen for washing and cleaning the gaol house and for the female dormitory; also given to the two servant men in my kitchen, as they have to wash their clothing more frequently than the prisoners in the yards, from the nature of their work.

The Inspector of Prisons must see that from the 12lbs. of soap drawn monthly, and distributed in the way stated, no portion could be applied or left for my family washing of about fourteen persons. I can, with truth, say that not one particle, directly or indirectly, of this 12lbs. of soap is ever applied for my family washing.

Mr. Shone could not have been aware how this 12lbs. of soap was used in the gaol; he knew by the monthly returns that it was had, and must have come to the conclusion it was sent to my house. On an average I find I do not pay more than from £4 to £5 per quarter for things allowed to prisoners as indulgences.

A true copy of a note sent to me by W. G. Ewan, Esq., about a conversation Mr. Shone had with him while in Sydney:—

"Mr. Gates informs me that in a conversation I had with Mr. Shone at Sydney, with regard to discounts on prisoners' accounts I gave him, that Mr. Shone told the Sheriff that I said—'*not to bring my name up with such a fellow as Mr. Gates.*' This is utterly false and unfounded. I have never expressed myself in such a way, as I always, with other respectable persons of the town, look on Mr. Gates as a highly respectable upright man, and his family as such; in fact, I could not have said so, from the fact of one of his sons being in my employment for the last three years. If I had this opinion of Mr. Gates I should not have kept him, as he was in a situation of great trust.—WILLIAM G. EWAN."

I have felt so deeply grieved at the untruthful expression Mr. Shone made use of to lower me in the estimation of the Inspector of Prisons, made me take the liberty of sending a copy of Mr. Ewan's note, and if required every magistrate and gentleman in the district would give me the same.

I am, &c.

JOSEPH GATES,  
Gaoler.

TELEGRAM FROM THE INSPECTOR OF PRISONS to THE VISITING JUSTICE.

12 July, 1873.

DID the discount allowed by storekeepers go to benefit of prisoners, or personally to Mr. Gates? This is the gist of the matter implied by Mr. Gates, that prisoners got the benefit, but not clearly shown in papers.

HAROLD MACLEAN, I.P.

TELEGRAM FROM THE VISITING JUSTICE to THE SHERIFF.

14 July, 1873.

MR. GATES says that he has never derived any personal benefit from the discount allowed by the storekeepers. It was always used for prisoners' benefit.

J. P. ORMISTON, V.J.

TELEGRAM FROM THE INSPECTOR OF PRISONS to THE VISITING JUSTICE.

17 July, 1873.

CAN Mr. Gates' statement be verified by an examination of prisoners' cash and expenditure? If so, desirable to be done.

W. GORE BEVERLEY,  
*pro* I.P.

TELEGRAM FROM THE VISITING JUSTICE to THE SHERIFF.

19 July, 1873.

I HAVE examined gaoler's books, and they show a full expenditure of discount for benefit of prisoners. I will send extract with explanation by first post.

J. P. ORMISTON, V.J.

THE

Referring to prisoners' money expended by gaoler at the stores.—J.P.O.

This refers to Mr. Shone's note attached to letters.

## THE VISITING JUSTICE TO THE INSPECTOR OF PRISONS.

Port Macquarie,  
23 July, 1873.

SIR,

Upon receipt of your telegram of the 17th instant, I made an examination of the accounts of the prisoners' cash and expenditure, and caused Mr. Gates to furnish me with extracts in detail from the gaol books. These extracts I now forward for your information. No. 1 shows the cash received and expended on behalf of prisoners now in gaol; the balance in hand has the discount allowed up to date included. I called upon Mr. Gates to produce the balance (£18 2s. 11d.), which he did in Bank notes, gold, and silver.

Extract No. 2 shows the cash expended and discount allowed and handed over to prisoners who have been discharged from the gaol since March 31, 1871.

Extract No. 3 is an account of discount received in each individual case where the allowance did not reach 1s.; and these sums were expended by the gaoler in assisting destitute prisoners on leaving the gaol.

No. 4 gives the names and amounts.

I also attach an explanatory memo. by Mr. Gates, in reference to No. 3, and a corroborative statement by the chief warden.

The books I have examined appear to be correctly kept.

J. P. ORMISTON, V.J.

## [Enclosures.]

## No. 1.

AMOUNT of moneys received by me as Gaoler at Port Macquarie Gaol, on behalf of prisoners under my charge, and showing the amount expended by me on their behalf, and the amount still in my hands to each prisoner's credit.

Name of Prisoner.	Full amount received.	Amount expended.	Amount now in hand, including discount allowed by the Storekeepers.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
James Kelly .....	3 16 9	1 15 10	2 2 8
John Armstrong.....	1 10 0	0 0 6	1 9 6
Arthur Clerk .....	0 1 0	.....	0 1 0
Joseph Burford .....	7 0 8	5 17 8	1 8 10
John Farrell .....	1 4 8	1 4 8	0 1 2
George Williams .....	10 0 0	4 17 8	5 7 2
John Oldershaw .....	2 2 6	2 1 2	0 3 4
Joseph Worton .....	3 0 0	3 0 0	0 3 0
Patrick Quinn .....	2 2 4	1 19 8	0 4 8
Joseph Cook .....	10 7 10½	3 10 0½	7 1 4
Henry Thompson .....	0 5 0	0 4 9	0 0 3
	£ 41 10 9½	24 11 11½	18 2 11

Discount has only been given by storekeepers to prisoners' account since 31 March, 1871. (See note attached.)

JOSEPH GATES, Gaoler.

Mr. J. Row to the Gaoler, Port Macquarie Gaol.

Port Macquarie,  
18 July, 1873.

Dear Sir,

I find, on looking through our ledger, that you were allowed discount on prisoners' account from 31 March, 1871. Previous to that date I see that the amount was always paid by you in full.

I am, &c.,  
JOHN ROW.

Mr. Gates states that he had no transactions with Mr. Litchfield prior to 31 May.—J.P.O., V.J.

## No. 2.

NAMES of Prisoners who have been discharged from Port Macquarie Gaol since 31 March, 1871, showing the moneys expended by the Gaoler on their account, and the discount allowed by the Storekeepers, which was handed to them on their discharge; their receipt in book.

Names.	Amount expended.	Discount paid to Prisoners.	Remarks.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Henry Collins.....	1 5 6	0 1 3	This account is for all sums exceeding 20s. expended on behalf of prisoners.	
Jerry Sullivan .....	2 19 0	0 2 6		
John Thomas .....	3 1 1	0 3 0		
John Wright .....	1 10 0	0 1 6		
Charles Hammond .....	1 3 9	0 1 2		
William Ross .....	6 1 10	0 6 0		
Robert Robinson .....	2 0 6	0 2 0		
William Brotherton .....	3 12 6	0 3 6		
Alice Kelly.....	1 0 2	0 1 0		
Patrick Bourke .....	1 6 8	0 1 4		
Thomas Brennan .....	2 1 9½	0 2 0		
Adolphus Burnet .....	8 1 4	0 8 0		
Charles Hammond .....	1 10 9	0 1 6		
	£ 35 14 10	1 14 9		

JOSEPH GATES, Gaoler.

No.

## No. 3.

ACCOUNT of money expended on behalf of Prisoners, since 31 March, 1871, when the sum for each prisoner did not reach 20s., and the discount allowed by the storekeepers was computed on the whole amount.

	£	s.	d.
John Waldren .....	0	5	0
Luke Doolan .....	0	3	10
William Brotherton .....	0	10	0
William Burdett .....	0	19	8½
Edward Alston .....	0	15	0
Charles Herring .....	0	10	0
John Morton .....	0	4	11
Thomas Moore .....	0	19	8
William Bruce .....	0	8	4½
Robert Morris .....	0	9	4½
Richard Porter .....	0	6	2
Henry Bauber .....	0	16	8
Jesse Plummer .....	0	11	5
Thomas Moore .....	0	11	6
Charles Hammond .....	0	10	0
James Rogers .....	0	13	10
	£8	15	5½

JOSEPH GATES,  
Gaoler.

## No. 4.

AMOUNTS given to Prisoners discharged, who come in under the Vagrant Act, from the Benches, and who had no means when leaving the Gaol, being utterly penniless and destitute.

Date.	Names.	Amount.
1871.		£ s. d.
1 April .....	John Holbrook .....	0 2 0
7 July .....	Michael Dyne .....	0 1 6
9 Nov. ....	Patrick Ryan .....	0 2 0
29 Nov. ....	Bernard Donnelly .....	0 1 6
1872.		
25 March .....	John Sharkey .....	0 2 0
24 June .....	John Sharkey .....	0 1 6
3 Aug. ....	Nicholas Black .....	0 2 0
23 Sept. ....	John Sharkey .....	0 2 0
5 Oct. ....	Nicholas Black .....	0 1 6
1873.		
11 Jan. ....	John Torphy .....	0 2 0
15 July .....	William Wilkins .....	0 1 0
		0 19 0
Discount received by me on a/c under 20/- as per statement annexed .....		0 8 9
Being money in excess given out of my private purse in charity .....		0 10 3

JOSEPH GATES,  
Gaoler.

THE GAOLER, PORT MACQUARIE, TO THE VISITING JUSTICE.

H.M. Gaol, Port Macquarie,  
18 July, 1873.

## MEMO.

The discount allowed under sums of 20s. was not handed over to prisoners whose accounts were under that amount. In some cases discount would only amount to three or four pence, sometimes less. These small amounts were entered and kept in a book at the gaol to form a fund to assist prisoners of Bench sentences, who would have no means when leaving the gaol to take them out of the town, or buy a meal, but be thrown on the inhabitants' charity.

By my adopting this rule, no injustice was occasioned to any prisoner, but a great benefit conferred upon a few old helpless men in utter want.

JOSEPH GATES,  
Gaoler.

THE CHIEF WARDER, PORT MACQUARIE GAOL, TO THE VISITING JUSTICE.

H.M. Gaol, Port Macquarie,  
23 July, 1873.

SIR,

At your request I beg to state that I have been present when prisoners who had no money or gratuity to receive have been discharged, and I have heard them ask Mr. Gates for assistance, and have seen Mr. Gates give them a small amount of silver for the purpose of providing them with food for a day or two.

JOHN PATON,  
Chief Warder.

THE



## THE INSPECTOR OF PRISONS to THE VISITING JUSTICE.

Prisons' Department,  
Sydney, 4 August, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of proceedings at the recent inquiry held by you into statements made by Mr. Shone respecting the gaoler, and to inform you that I concur with you in opinion that Mr. Gates has succeeded in satisfactorily refuting the allegations of Mr. Shone, whose retention in the service, had he not resigned, would under the circumstances have become a question.

At the same time I disapprove strongly, upon principle, of even the small sums obtained as discount, as under heading 3, having been appropriated otherwise than in return to the accounts of the prisoners originally owning them, however laudable the intention may have been.

Be good enough to communicate this letter to Mr. Gates.

I have, &c.,  
HAROLD MACLEAN,  
Inspector of Prisons.

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Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1874.

[6d.]



1873.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## POLICE.

(DISTRIBUTION OF FORCE ON 31ST OCTOBER, 1873.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 3 December, 1873.*

RETURN showing the Distribution of the Police Force on the 31st October, 1873.

DISTRICT.	STATION.	MOUNTED.							FOOT.			
		Super-intendents.	Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Senior Constables.	Constables.	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Senior Constables.	Constables.
Metropolitan...	No. 1 Head Station	..	1	*1	..	..	..	..	1	4	3	35
	Female Watch-house	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..
	Pymont	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Glebe Island	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Mint	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	4
	No. 2 Head Station	..	..	*1	..	..	..	..	1	5	4	27
	Newtown	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3
	Redfern	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
	Waterloo	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Cook's River	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Concord	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
	Petersham	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Camperdown	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
	Ashfield	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Bark Huts	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Glebe	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3
	Canterbury	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	No. 3 Head Station	..	..	..	*1	..	..	..	..	1	3	26
	Watson's Bay	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Waverley	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1
	Paddington	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
	Botany Bay	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Coogee	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Rushcutter's Bay	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
	Woollahra	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
	No. 4 Head Station..	..	..	..	*1	..	..	..	..	1	4	18
Balmain	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	
North Shore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	
Lane Cove	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Manly Beach	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	
Water Police	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	3	10	
Northern ....	Armidale	..	1	..	..	..	..	3	..	1	1	..
	Bendemeer	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Rocky River	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Uralla	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Walcha	..	..	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	..	..
	Tenterfield	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2
	Bookookoorara	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Fairfield	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Inverell	..	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Middle Creek	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Ashford	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Bundarra	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Glen Innes	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1
	Tent Hill	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Grafton	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	2
	South Grafton	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Maclean	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Lawrence	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Solferino	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Dalmorton	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
Casino	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Ballina	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	
Lismore	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Tweed	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	

\* Acting Sub-Inspectors.

DISTRICT.	STATION.	MOUNTED.							FOOT.			
		Super-intendents.	Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Senior Constables.	Constables.	Senior Sergeants.	Sergeants.	Senior Constables.	Constables.
Southern	Braidwood	1	..	..	1	..	..	3	1	..	1	1
	Ballalaba	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Mongarlow	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Major's Creek	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Araluen	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Redbank	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
	Nelligen	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Queanbeyan	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2
	Bungendore	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Gundaroo	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Moruya	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Nerrigundah	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Cooma	..	1	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	2
	Nimmitybelle	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Seymour	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Kiandra	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Bombala	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	1
	Michelago	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Eden	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Panbula	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
Merimbula	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Bega	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1	
Eastern	Depôt	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..
	Parramatta	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	5
	Ryde	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	3
	Windsor	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Richmond	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..
	Rouse Hill	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Wilberforce	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	St. Albans	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Penrith	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	St. Mary's	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Emu Plains	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Liverpool	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
	Campbelltown	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
	Appin	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Camden	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	1
	Picton	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Berrima	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	2
	Sutton Forest	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Mittagong	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Wollongong	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	2
Dapto	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Woonona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Kiama	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Shellharbour	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Nowra	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Terrara	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Broughton Creek	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Ulladulla	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Western	Bathurst	1	..	..	1	1	1	4	1	..	1	7
	Kelso	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Diamond Swamp	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Oberon	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Hartley	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
	Rockley	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Blayney	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Orange	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	3
	Molong	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..
	Wyagden	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	O'Connell Plains	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Trunkey Creek	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
	Rydal	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Carcoar	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Bourke	..	..	1	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
	Gongolgan	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Brewarrina	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Mudgee	..	..	1	1	1	..	4	..	..	..	4
	Keen's Swamp	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Rylstone	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Windeyer	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
	Talbragar	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Mundooran	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
	Coonabarabran	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Gulgong	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	3
	Home Rule	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2
	Forbes	..	..	1	..	..	1	2	..	1	..	2
	Currajong	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	2
	Toogong	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Eugowra	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Condobolin	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	
Grenfell	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	2	
Cowra	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	
Dubbo	..	..	1*	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	2	
Wellington	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	
Obley	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	
Dandaloo	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	
Warren	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	

\* Acting Sub-Inspector.

DISTRICT.	STATION.	MOUNTED.							FOOT.			
		Super-intendents.	Inspec-tors.	Sub-Inspec-tors.	Senior Ser-geants.	Ser-geants.	Senior Con-stables.	Con-stables.	Senior Ser-geants.	Ser-geants.	Senior Con-stables.	Con-stables.
Western— <i>continued.</i>	Canonbar .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Terribile .....	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Coonamble .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	1
	Tambaroora .....	..	..	1	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1
	Hill End .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3
	Hargraves .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Sofala .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1
	Stony Creek .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
North-eastern	East Maitland .....	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	3
	Largs .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Mount Vincent .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Coorumbung .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	West Maitland .....	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	2	8
	Lochinvar .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Branxton .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Cessnock .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Morpeth .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	2
	Hinton .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Paterson .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
	Gresford .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Raymond Terrace ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Clarence Town .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Dungog .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Stroud .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Bulah Delah .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Newcastle .....	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	18
	Hamilton .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Waratah .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Lambton .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Wallsend .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
	Gosford .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
	Wollombi .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Broke .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Singleton .....	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	2
	Jerry's Plains .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	1
	Muswellbrook .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	..	..	..	1
	Denman .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..
	Merriwa .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
	Cassilis .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
Scone .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	
Taree .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Wingham .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Cundletown .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	
Tinonee .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Port Macquarie .....	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	
Kempsey .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1	
Bellinger .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	
North-western	Tamworth .....	1	..	..	..	..	1	5	1	..	1	1
	Murrurundi .....	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2
	Gunnedah .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Boggabri .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Narrabri .....	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Wee Waa .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Walgett .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Goodooga .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Moree .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Warialda .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
	Bingera .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
	Barraba .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Wallabadah .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Nundle .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
South-eastern	Goulburn .....	1	..	..	..	1	..	2	2	..	..	6
	Marulan .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Bungonia .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Tarago .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Crookwell .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Collector .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Taralga .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Binda .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
	Tuena .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Yass .....	..	..	1	..	..	..	3	..	..	1	1
	Gunning .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	1
	Burrowa .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Binalong .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
	Dryburgh .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Young .....	..	..	1	..	..	..	2	..	..	1	3
	Marengo .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Wombat .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
Cootamundry .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Murrumburrah .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
Morangarell .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
South-western	Deniliquin .....	..	1	..	1	..	..	3	..	..	..	4
	Moama .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Tocumwal .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Jerilderie .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Hay .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	2

DISTRICT.	STATION.	MOUNTED.							FOOT.			
		Super-intendents.	Inspec-tors.	Sub-Inspec-tors.	Senior Ser-geants.	Ser-geants.	Senior Con-stables.	Con-stables.	Senior Ser-geants.	Ser-geants.	Senior Con-stables.	Con-stables.
South-western <i>continued.</i>	Booligal .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Moulamein .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Balranald .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Euston .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2
	Wentworth .....	..	..	1*	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	2
	Menindie .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Pooncarria .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Wilcannia .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
Mount Gipps .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	
Hillston .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	
Murray .....	Albury .....	..	1	..	..	..	1	2	..	1	1	3
	Walbundrie .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Ten-mile Creek .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Kyamba .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Corowa .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	1	..
	Howlong .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Mulwala .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Tumberumba .....	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Ournie .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Gundagai .....	..	..	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	1	3
	Tumut .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Adelong .....	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1
	Shepherdstown .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
	Reedy Flat .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Wagga Wagga .....	..	..	1	..	1	..	3	..	..	..	4
	Jugiong .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	..	..
Urana .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Narandera .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
Tareutta .....	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	
DEPÔT.												
Constables in course of instruction, } under orders for transfer, sick, &c. }		..	..	..	2	1	..	..	1	..	1	11
Gold Escort .....		..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Orderlies to His Excellency the } Governor..... }		..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..
TOTAL .....		5	5	19	16	28	96	231	19	21	42	342

\* Acting Sub-Inspector.

Police Department,  
Inspector General's Office,  
Sydney, 24th November, 1873.

JNO. McLERIE,  
Inspector-General of Police.

1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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**POLICE.**

(CASE OF ROBERT DOWAN.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 4 May, 1874.*

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RETURN to an *Order* made by the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, dated 22 April, 1874, That there be laid upon the Table of this House,—

“Copies of all Correspondence, Memoranda, Reports, Medical Certificates,  
“and other Documents and Papers of any kind with or received by or in  
“the possession of the Police authorities, including Sub-Inspector Thorpe  
“and Constable Shannon, relative in any way to the discharge from the  
“Police Force of one Robert Dowan.”

(*Mr. Jacob.*)

## POLICE.

THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE, TO THE PRINCIPAL UNDER SECRETARY.

Police Department,  
Inspector General's Office,  
Sydney, 27 April, 1874.

SIR,

With reference to your letter of yesterday's date, No. 82, I have the honor to forward herewith copies of the correspondence called for by the Legislative Assembly, respecting ex-Constable Dowan.

I have, &c.,

JNO. McCLERIE,  
Inspector General of Police.

[Enclosures.]

Senior-constable Shannon to The Superintendent of Police, East Maitland.

MEMO.—Constable Dowan has been making himself so disagreeable for the last three months, and is so dissatisfied with his position as Lockup-keeper, his speedy removal from here would benefit the Force.

Dungog, 1 August, 1873.

P. SHANNON,  
Senior-constable.

Constable Dowan to Superintendent Morisset.

Police Station,  
Dungog, 1 September, 1873.

CONSTABLE Robert Dowan (1089) begs respectfully to request his Superintendent will be good enough to grant his transfer from this Station. And, as he is anxious to have an opportunity of forwarding himself in the Force, he trusts his Superintendent will not place him in charge of a lockup.

ROBERT DOWAN,  
Constable.

Superintendent Morisset to Sub-Inspector Thorpe.

I WILL send Constable Dowan to Newcastle, and I wish Mr. Thorpe to let me know if he has a man at Newcastle I could send to Cassilis, as I am thinking of removing Constable Phelan from Cassilis to Dungog.

5/9/73.

E. V. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

Sub-Inspector Thorpe to Superintendent Morisset.

CONSTABLE Colquhoun is the only man that could be conveniently spared, or if Mr. Morisset did not think him suitable, Constable Kinane could replace any other chosen from another district. Colquhoun is desirous of transfer where he could have his wife, who still resides in Sydney.

7/9/73.

C. THORPE,  
Sub-Inspector.

Senior-constable Shannon to Superintendent Morisset.

Dungog Police Station,  
15 September, 1873.

IN forwarding the attached application of Constable Dowan's for the consideration of his Superintendent, Senior-constable Shannon begs to state, as in his previous memo. attached to Constable Dowan's application for a transfer from this station, that, as Constable Dowan has been making himself so disagreeable here lately, and is so dissatisfied with his position as lockup-keeper, his removal from this station would be of great benefit to the Force.

To show his Superintendent how far Constable Dowan went in making himself disagreeable, he applied to the Bench of Magistrates to order Senior-constable Shannon to remove his books and papers belonging to the station out of the Court room, and said if they did not he would tender his wife's resignation from the end of this month as Court House keeper, and afterwards boasted to persons in town of what he had done, as Mrs. Dowan has been much troubled about the way he is conducting himself lately, and on account of his large young family, and he promising to apply for a transfer, the senior-constable thought it as well to let him go quietly.

Senior-constable Shannon further begs to draw his Superintendent's attention to the attached copy of a letter written by Senior-constable O'Sullivan to Constable Dowan. Senior-constable Shannon thinks it unjust for Senior-constable O'Sullivan to try to cause disunion between men on another station, or that he should mention Mrs. Shannon's name in connection with such matters.

Constable



Constable Dowan received another letter on the 13th instant, addressed in Senior-constable O'Sullivan's hand-writing, which Senior-constable Shannon believes has caused Constable Dowan to make this application.

P. SHANNON,  
Senior-constable.

Constable Dowan to Superintendent Morisset.

Police Station,  
Dungog, 15 September, 1873.

CONSTABLE Robert Dowan, 1089, respectfully begs to request his Superintendent will be good enough to allow him to withdraw his application for a transfer from Dungog. As for the last few years he has been laid up on several occasions with a bad knee and ankle, he is now troubled in the same way, and has been for the last few days, although he is performing his duty. Mounted duty never disagrees with him—whereas if he was sent to a station where he'd have to perform all foot duty he finds he could not stand it long.

Constable Dowan further begs to request his Superintendent will not give him a long shift, if he should disapprove of his application for a withdrawal of his former application, as he has a large young family, and one of them always delicate, for which reason his transfer was granted from Sydney about eight years ago.

ROBERT DOWAN,  
Constable.

CONSTABLE Dowan's application, Senior-constable Shannon's statement, and copy of Senior-constable O'Sullivan's letter to Constable Dowan, are forwarded for the consideration of his Superintendent.

P. SHANNON,  
Senior-constable.

Copy of a letter written by Senior-constable O'Sullivan to Constable Dowan.

Monday evening,  
1/9/73,  
East Maitland.

My dear Dowan,

Forgive me for all passed. I can assure you I had not *the slightest* in any way against you why I did not write. However, dropping that topic, always consider me a friend if required. I understand things are not going well there of late, and that you have applied for a transfer. I assure you I long expected something like this. I heard from other sources things were not working well, and I always took your part, and said the persons who disagreed with you were in fault, and I have fought your cause here. Shannon was here when I was at the Patterson temporary. I found he tried to leave some impression on the minds of persons here that you were not acting right towards him, and that he should get rid of you. However, let this be as it may, *keep it strictly private, as also keep this*. Some person has sent the Superintendent an anonymous letter, which reached here to-day, complaining of Shannon in reference to the manner he allowed a public-house to be conducted at Brookfield. I don't know the full particulars besides that part. Thorpe is ordered up to investigate and report; then is your time to state your grievance. You may confide in me, anything I can say or do here. You had a right to apply sooner—you would get charge of Cooranbong Station or the Paterson, but now these are filled up. They were good stations. However, this may cause other shifts and for your good. I know of nothing yet on the board elsewhere; even Branxton has been recently filled up, and a good place. I don't think there is a man in Maitland would be anxious to go to D—g unless forced.

H. O'Meagher has no influence with the Superintendent—he is too much of a *tooper*.

Has Mrs. Shannon anything to say in this matter? Frize is the person who could take all these things out of winding. Now keep this note (or at least the contents) as private as possible, and write as soon as you can and let me know how things stand, and if I can I'll assist you. You had better destroy this note when you read it.

In haste, yours truly,  
D. O'SULIVAN.

Superintendent Morisset to Senior-sergeant Thomson.

Police Department,  
Maitland Station,  
25 September, 1873.

MEMO.—Senior-sergeant Thomson will explain how Senior-constable O'Sullivan became aware that I had received an anonymous letter concerning Senior-constable Shannon.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

Senior-sergeant Thomson to Superintendent Morisset.

Police Department,  
East Maitland Station,  
25 September, 1873.

SENIOR-SERGEANT Thomson reports, in reply to the Superintendent's memo. of this day, that meeting Senior-constable O'Sullivan shortly after the receipt of the letter reflecting upon the management of the public-house at Brookfield, &c., a locality known to the senior-constable, the senior-sergeant made some inquiry regarding the publican there, and regrets that he casually dropped the remark that his place appeared to be ill conducted, as an anonymous letter had been received complaining of drunkenness carried on there, which Mr. Thorpe would inquire into on his next visit.

R. W. THOMSON,  
Senior-sergeant.  
Senior.

Senior-constable O'Sullivan to Superintendent Morisset.

East Maitland Police Station,  
25 September, 1873.

SENIOR-CONSTABLE O'Sullivan respectfully reports, for the information of his Superintendent, that since stationed with Constable Dowan in Raymond Terrace, he has occasionally corresponded with him as a friend—which Senior-constable Shannon knows. Senior-constable O'Sullivan had no intention to cause a disunion between them, as the fact of their being on bad terms was well known for some time previous, which Senior-constable Shannon made no secret of when in Maitland. Neither has Senior-constable O'Sullivan's letter any tendency to cause any disagreement. As regards the words "take his part," means in Senior-constable O'Sullivan's letter, is when Senior-constable Shannon and Constable Dowan's names are talked of in connection with their disagreeing, by members of the police, Senior-constable O'Sullivan saying Dowan was not in fault.

While making these admissions, Senior-constable O'Sullivan is not satisfied that the copy shown is a true copy of his letter, till he sees the original, and he further wishes to know how did Senior-constable Shannon become possessed of this letter.

D. O'SULLIVAN,  
Senior-constable.

Superintendent Morisset to The Inspector-General of Police.

Police Department,  
Maitland Station,  
25 September, 1873.

THE attached correspondence is forwarded for the perusal of the Inspector General of Police.

Constable Dowan's application of the 1st instant will show that the question of transfer first emanated from himself, and other correspondence proves that it is very desirable, and I think should be carried out without delay.

I am not aware how Senior-constable Shannon became possessed of the letter written by Senior-constable O'Sullivan to Constable Dowan, but it is in my opinion a most improper letter for any member of the Force to write, but particularly improper as coming from a Senior-constable to a subordinate, and against that subordinate's immediate superior.

When I visited Cassilis lately, I instructed Constable Phelan—who also applied for a transfer—to hold himself in readiness to proceed to Dungog, and I think it would be for the benefit of the Service to send Constable Dowan to Newcastle, where he will be strictly looked after.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

The transfer of Constable Dowan to a station where he will have a strict officer to look after him will doubtless be a wise step. I should not wish Constable Colquhoun moved at present.

I concur with Mr. Morisset in considering Senior-constable O'Sullivan's letter to Constable Dowan a most improper one. It would have been bad enough from one constable to another, but doubly so from a Senior-constable to a subordinate, and reflecting upon his superior.

The reference also to the letter in the Superintendent's office is a very serious offence.

To mark my sense of his misconduct, I direct his reduction to the pay of 6s. 6d. per diem, for three months, his restoration then to depend upon Mr. Morisset's recommendation.

He can retain his stripes in the meantime.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I.G.P.  
27/9/73.

Senior-constable Shannon to Superintendent Morisset.

Dungog Police Station,  
12 October, 1873.

SENIOR-constable Shannon begs to report to his Superintendent that this morning when Constable Dowan was delivering up blankets and other articles belonging to the lock-up, Senior-constable Shannon told Constable Dowan to count the blankets, as they were all lying in a heap together. Constable Dowan refused doing so, saying—"If you want to count them, they are all there for you." The Senior-constable said he wanted him to count them. He again refused. Soon after, Constable Dowan told the Senior-constable that he was going to Bendolba on private business, that he merely wanted to let the senior-constable know he was going. The senior-constable told him he could not go without permission from his Superintendent. Constable Dowan made answer, and said—"I will go. I am telling you I will go"; repeating "I will go, and I am telling you I will go," several times. Constable Phelan was present at the time Constable Dowan conducted himself as above stated.

P. SHANNON,  
Senior-constable.

CONSTABLE Phelan, No. 1502, begs to state, in reference to Senior-constable Shannon's report against Constable Dowan for disobedience of orders, is quite correct.

PATRICK PHELAN,  
Constable.

Constable

Constable Dowan to Superintendent Morisset.

Police Station, Dungog,  
12 October, 1873.

WITH reference to the foregoing report against Constable Dowan, the constable begs to state that on Constable Phelan's arrival in Dungog, Constable Dowan having private business to transact, asked the senior-constable if he was exempt from duty now, as Phelan had arrived. The senior-constable said, "Yes." At the same time Constable Dowan gave Phelan the key of the lock-up. Senior-constable Shannon objected to this, and got Phelan to return the key. This morning Constable Dowan arranged the blankets and rugs referred to, and asked Senior-constable Shannon and Constable Phelan to come and take possession of them. The senior-constable, on entering the lockup, kept complaining of the filthy state the lockup was left in; he afterwards said—"Count them out"—referring to the blankets. Constable Dowan, knowing that the senior-constable could see the number of blankets, said—"They are there; if you are not satisfied, count them." The senior-constable insisted on Constable Dowan taking them one by one, and Constable Dowan did so. Constable Dowan having important business to transact four miles from Dungog, as he is leaving the district, told the senior-constable he was going there; whereupon the senior-constable replied—"You must not leave." Constable Dowan asked him if he wanted him for duty, whereupon the senior-constable said—"Yes." Constable Dowan said that he would be put to the necessity of applying for leave to return from Maitland if he did not go to Bendolba before leaving, and did say—"I will go; if I do wrong, report me"; but Constable Dowan, not wishing to disobey an order, did not go, as he intended applying to his Superintendent on arriving in Maitland, to return to transact this business. Constable Dowan has been compelled to send his family away before Constable Phelan's arrival in Dungog, through the insolence of Senior-constable Shannon's wife towards Constable Dowan.

Senior-constable Shannon has given a Government saddle to a man named Lysaght, several months ago—a saddle Constable Dowan has ridden on as a Government saddle for about two years after arriving in Dungog. On this day Lysaght has complained to Constable Dowan of the saddle being taken away by the senior-constable, after he had paid ten shillings for its repairs, looking on it as a gift from Senior-constable Shannon. Senior-constable Shannon has also lent a Government cross-cut saw to a man named Byron; but on Constable Dowan speaking of this and other matters of a similar nature, Senior-constable Shannon got it returned.

ROBERT DOWAN,  
Constable.

Senior-constable Shannon to Superintendent Morisset.

Dungog Police Station,  
12 October, 1873.

WITH reference to Constable Dowan's explanation to Senior-constable Shannon's report, the senior-constable did tell Constable Dowan about the filthy state he left the lock-up in, and Constable Dowan made answer and said "He did not care, as Constable Phelan was satisfied with it," and as to Constable Dowan's conduct while delivering up the blankets, and what he said about going to Bendolba, Constable Phelan can testify to the truth of Senior-constable Shannon's report. Constable Dowan having to send his family away before Constable Phelan's arrival, through Senior-constable Shannon's wife's insolence to him, is false.

Senior-constable Shannon did lend the remains of an old saddle to Lysaght, which was ridden on by the black tracker the senior-constable had here about six years ago, as he said he would do some repairs to it. If Lysaght was led to believe it was given to him as a gift, it must be Constable Dowan who led him to believe so.

In lending the cross-cut saw to Byron, it was when he (Byron) was getting shingles and battens for the kitchen put up by Senior-constable Shannon and Constable Dowan in the lock-up yard. The saw was returned in better order than when it was lent.

To show his Superintendent its through a malicious motive that Constable Dowan is bringing these matters forward, it is to Byron's that Constable Dowan wanted to go on private business with his wife and family, who went there this morning to remain until he would get accommodation for them in Newcastle.

P. SHANNON, Senior-constable.

THESE further charges are forwarded, for the information of the Inspector General of Police. I believe that Constable Dowan's conduct was very insolent and insubordinate, and Senior-constable Shannon admits having most improperly lent Government property to a civilian. He has been informed of his reduction, and directed to proceed in a week's time to the Dépôt. Constable Dowan has been sent to Newcastle.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

13/10/73.

The Inspector-General of Police to Superintendent Morisset.

CONSTABLE SHANNON no doubt merited the punishment inflicted upon him, but I by no means acquit Constable Dowan of blame, and am satisfied he has not been actuated by proper motives in bringing the charges he has against Shannon, but from pure vindictiveness.

Superintendent Morisset should punish him for his insubordination.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I. G. P.  
15/10/73.

Superintendent Morisset to Sub-Inspector Thorpe.

Police Department,  
Maitland Station,  
17 October, 1873.

MEMO.—Sub-Inspector Thorpe will read the Inspector General's minute to Constable Dowan, and inform him that, for his gross insubordination, which he himself admits, I will inflict a penalty on him of 20s.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.  
Sub-

Sub-Inspector Thorpe to Superintendent Morisset.

THE Inspector General's minute has been read to Constable Dowan, and informed of the punishment inflicted by the Superintendent.

His reply was that he would resign.

C. THORPE,  
Sub-Inspector.  
18/10/73.

FORWARDED for the Inspector General's information. Should Constable Dowan carry out his threat, I do not think his resignation could be looked upon as a loss to the Force, or as a public calamity.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.  
20/10/73.

The Inspector General of Police to Superintendent Morisset.

FINE confirmed. If Constable Dowan, resign he may be allowed his discharge at once.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I.G.P.  
22/10/73.

Superintendent Morisset to Sub-Inspector Thorpe.

FOR Sub-Inspector Thorpe's information. Constable Dowan to be informed.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.  
23/10/73.

Sub-Inspector Thorpe to Superintendent Morisset.

MEMO.—The Inspector General's minute read to Constable Dowan, who now states that he did not intend what he said when he threatened to resign.

C. THORPE,  
Sub-Inspector,  
Newcastle, 28/10/73.

Constable Dowan to Superintendent Morisset.

Police Station,  
Newcastle, 22 November, 1873.

CONSTABLE Robert Dowan, 1089, begs most respectfully to request his Superintendent will be good enough to grant his transfer to a station where the duty is more divided than in Newcastle, as he has been troubled with a weak leg for the past few years, and after performing his eight hours' duty he seldom can sleep with pain after going to rest. He has been under Dr. M'Kinlay's care in Dungog several times whilst stationed there, for the same ailment, and is now unable to perform his duty except by torturing himself. Attached is a certificate from Dr. Bowker.

ROBERT DOWAN,  
Constable.

Sub-Inspector Thorpe to Superintendent Morisset.

Police Station, Newcastle,  
22 November, 1873.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to forward the attached application from Constable Dowan, together with medical certificates from Drs. M'Kinlay and Bowker.

Constable Dowan appears unable to perform the patrol duty required at this station.

I have, &c.,  
C. THORPE,  
Sub-Inspector.

I CERTIFY that Constable Robert Dowan has several times during the last five or six years been under my treatment for chronic arthritis, and is very liable to a recurrence of the complaint on over-exertion—particularly where walking is necessary, as the knee is particularly affected.

Given under my hand, at Dungog, the 18th day of November, 1873.

E. M. M'KINLAY,  
Govt. Medical Officer for the District of Dungog.

Newcastle,  
22 November, 1873.

I HAVE examined Constable Robert Dowan, who complains of being unable to perform his duty by reason of pains and weakness in the right leg—knee, thigh, and ankle. He has a certificate from Mr. M'Kinlay certifying that he is subject to attacks of arthritis, which would be a cause of incapacity, and which may perfectly well be the case without leaving any mark or sign (during the intervals of the attacks) sufficient to enable me to attest his incapacity. As far as I can make out, I find no sign or mark proving adequate cause of lameness; but there are sometimes causes of lameness—as some forms of rheumatism, neuralgia, &c., &c.—which cause lameness, without showing any signs by which a medical man could affirm that lameness existed.

R. R. S. BOWKER, M.D.,  
F.R.C.S., Engl.

FORWARDED

FORWARDED for the information of the Inspector General of Police.

When Constable Dowan first applied for a transfer from Dungog, where he was lockup-keeper, he stated his reasons were that he wished to lead a more active life, and to be allowed opportunities to distinguish himself. I have no other station I could put him on.

24/11/73.

E. V. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

The Inspector General of Police to Superintendent Morisset.

CONSTABLE Dowan having applied for transfer to a more stirring station, and having been moved, after evincing a very improper and vindictive spirit against his superior officer, he now finds the duty—similar to that performed by other men for years—too hard for him.

He must be informed that if he is not equal to the work required of him he must seek other employment.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I.G.P.

Superintendent Morisset to Sub-inspector Thorpe.

Police Department,  
Maitland Station,  
28 November, 1873.

MEMO.—The Inspector-General's memo., No. 73/335, dated 26/11/73 (herewith), to be read to Constable Dowan, and the papers to be returned to me.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

Sub-Inspector Thorpe to Superintendent Morisset.

THE Inspector General's memo. read to Constable Dowan, and papers returned as directed.

29/11/73.

C. THORPE,  
Sub-Inspector.

Sub-Inspector Thorpe to Superintendent Morisset.

Police Station,  
Newcastle, 24 February, 1874.

Sir,

I do myself the honor to report for your information that Constable Robert Dowan, No. 1,089, appears to be unable to perform the patrol duties required on this station, owing to weakness in knee. He arrived here on the 15th day of October last, since which time he has been absent from duty on Dr's certificate,—

From 21st November to 24th inclusive.  
,, 12th January to 15th inclusive.  
,, 10th February to 13th inclusive.  
,, 23rd February, and still unable to resume.

I have, &c.,  
C. THORPE,  
Sub-Inspector.

Superintendent Morisset to The Inspector General of Police.

Police Department, Maitland Station,  
26 February, 1874.

MEMO.—Forwarded for the information of the Inspector General of Police.

This constable was stationed at Dungog as lockup-keeper, where the work was light, but he was most insubordinate, and it was found necessary to remove him.

He is no acquisition to the Force; and, as he is incapable of performing active police duty, I think he should be obliged to seek other employment.

Perhaps it would be as well to send him to Sydney for medical examination.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

The Inspector General of Police to Superintendent Morisset.

27 February, 1874.

To be sent to the Dépôt, for medical examination.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I.G.P.

Superintendent Morisset to Sub-Inspector Thorpe.

SUB-INSPECTOR Thorpe will send Constable Dowan to Sydney with the next prisoner escort, and enclose these papers to the I.G.P., and direct Dowan to deliver them.

28/2/74.

E. MORISSET,  
Superintendent.

CONSTABLE

CONSTABLE Downan informed and ordered to Sydney as directed.

3/3/74.

C. THORPE,  
Sub-Inspector.

To be seen by the Police Surgeon, whose report is requested.

4 March, /74.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I.G.P.

I have examined Constable Downan, and found him suffering from chronic rheumatism of the knee and leg. I should recommend that he be either transferred to some interior station, as the air of Newcastle is not suitable to his complaint, or, as I have doubts as to whether he will ever become really effective, to send him before the Medical Board.

5 March, 1874.

M. EGAN,  
Police Surgeon.

MEDICAL Board, for examination.—J. McL., I.G.P.

Certificate of the Police Medical Board in the case of Ordinary Constable Robert Downan, of the New South Wales Police.

WE hereby certify that we have this day examined Robert Downan, a constable of the New South Wales Police, aged thirty-five years, and find that there is no anatomical alteration of the parts complained of, and that we see no reason for believing that he is physically incapable of performing the duties of his office.

Sydney, 7 March, 1874.

H. G. ALLEYNE, } Members of the  
H. N. MACLAURIN, M.D., } Board.

THIS opinion should be made known to Constable Downan, who should be also informed that if he does not feel himself equal to the performance of ordinary duties in the Metropolitan District he had better seek other employment.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I.G.P.  
14/3/74.

I HAVE re-examined Constable Downan, and can find no alteration in his state, and I rather think he will never turn out an efficient officer.

March 23rd.

M. EGAN,  
Police Surgeon.

AFTER perusing the opinion of the Police Medical Board, will Dr. Egan say if he can certify that Constable Downan is unfit to perform his duties from a rheumatic affection of the knee joint, as from the certificate of the Board I can only look upon Downan as a malingerer.

24 March, /74.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I.G.P.

I CANNOT say that Constable Downan is suffering from rheumatism to such an extent as to render him unfit for the performance of his duty.

March 26th.

M. E.,  
P.S.

As Constable Downan has now reported himself again as fit for duty, he can resume it in the Metropolitan District; but having in view the certificates of the Medical Board and Police Surgeon, he must be informed that should he again report himself unequal to the performance of his duties, without showing a more satisfactory reason, he will be discharged.

27 March, 1874.

JNO. McLERIE,  
I.G.P.

Constable Downan to Sub-Inspector Ryeland.

Police Dépôt,  
1 April, 1874.

CONSTABLE Robert Downan, 1089, most respectfully begs leave to apply to the Inspector General of Police for an easy country station.

The constable would not ask for this indulgence only he is suffering from a bad leg. He has been stationed in Newcastle, and ordered down to Sydney for medical examination. He is now temporarily attached to the Dépôt, and doing night duty at No. 2 Station. He finds his leg is still bad, and is unable to perform the duties in Sydney. He most earnestly and respectfully requests that the Inspector General will take his case into his kind and merciful consideration and grant him his request.

The constable has a wife and five young children at present in Newcastle, under heavy expense, and he does not like to remove them till he knows where the Inspector General is pleased to remove him. When

Constable

Constable Dwan applied to leave Dungog, he did so finding through having charge of a lock-up kept him from first-class pay. He never applied for more active duty, although at that time his leg was far better than it is at present.

ROBERT DOWAN,  
Constable.

FORWARDED to the Inspector General of Police.

J. RYELAND,  
Sub-Inspector.  
2/4/74.

THIS constable has been examined by the Police Medical Board, who report that they can discover no ailment to justify them in recommending his being invalided. If, therefore, he cannot or will not perform ordinary police duty he must be discharged, as there are no *easy* duties to which I can appoint men who feign illness.

J. McL.,  
I. G. P.

Sub-Inspector Ryeland to The Inspector General of Police.

READ to Constable Dwan at 9 30 p.m., the 7th instant, who again reported himself sick at 3 a.m., 8th instant.

JAS. RYELAND,  
Sub-Inspector.  
8/4/74.

UNLESS the Police Surgeon, on examination of this constable, is in a position to certify that he is labouring under some specific disease that renders him unfit for duty, he must be discharged as a malingerer.

JNO. McCLERIE,  
I. G. P.

8th April, 1874.

I HAVE re-examined this constable, and can find no fresh evidence of disease which would prevent him from performing a moderate amount of work.

M. EGAN,  
Police Surgeon.

April 10th.

ON this medical report I have no other alternative than to direct Constable Dwan's discharge from the Police Force as a malingerer.

JNO. McCLERIE,  
I.G.P.  
11/4/74.

READ to Dwan at 7 p.m., 11/4/74.





1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## MINNIE GORDON.

(EXPLANATION OF POLICE RESPECTING ALLEGED ILL TREATMENT OF.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 25 June, 1874.*

INSPECTOR READ TO THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE.

Inspector's Office,  
Sydney, 18 June, 1874.

SIR,

With reference to the notice of question in the Legislative Assembly by Mr. O'Connor, respecting the woman Minnie Gordon, who recently died in Darlinghurst Gaol, I have the honor to report for your information that no complaint was made to me on Sunday, the 7th instant, but on Monday, the 8th instant, a licensed publican named James Madden called at my office and stated that he saw Constable Terry, while escorting a female to the Watch-house on some charge, violently knock her down opposite the Wesleyan Church in York-street. I requested him to submit the particulars of his complaint to writing and send it to me; he at first demurred, but subsequently stated he would do so. His written complaint, however, never reached me. Mr. Madden called at the Central Police Station on Sunday, the 7th instant, and complained to the Sergeant on duty of the same matter, in consequence of which Mr. Sub-Inspector Waters called upon the constable for a verbal explanation. He stated that he apprehended the woman Gordon on a charge of drunkenness, and that she refused to walk unless he permitted her to do so without his assistance; the constable let go his hold of her, and shortly afterwards noticed that she was in the act of falling; he extended his hand hastily to prevent her, if possible, but failed to do so, and she fell heavily on her face. She was sentenced to three days imprisonment. No *post mortem* was held.

I forward herewith the constable's explanation; also, a medical certificate of the cause of death, which I directed Mr. Waters to obtain from Dr. Aaron immediately after hearing of the unfortunate woman's decease.

I have, &c.,  
GEORGE READ,  
Inspector.

[Enclosure 1.]

No. 1 Station, 18 June, 1874.

With reference to deceased woman, Minnie Gordon, Constable William Terry begs to report, in answer to Mr. Madden's complaint against him (Terry) for ill using the deceased on the way to the lock-up on Sunday, the 7th instant: The constable arrested a woman in Clarence-street, on the north side of King-street, about 12½ p.m., on a charge of drunkenness; the constable took hold of her by the arm; she at once threw herself down and refused to come with him, adding that unless he would allow her to walk by herself she would not go, which he did; he brought her along King-street into York-street; she was very drunk at the time and walked with some difficulty. When about midway between King and Market streets, in York-street, she asked the constable to allow her to go back for a hat which she left in a house in Clarence-street. The constable told her she could not do so, but that the hat would be sent for. She then said (using a sanguinary expression), "I'll not go without it," and turned sharply round with the intention of going back, when she slipped and fell. The constable saw her falling; he put out his hand quickly and tried to take hold of her by the shoulder, but missed, and she fell on her face before he could prevent it. The constable then lifted her up on her feet, and she walked the remainder of the way to the lock-up without further resistance on the way. Mr. Madden came up and, to his surprise, accused him of knocking the woman down. The constable at once told Mr. Madden that he did not do so, and is at a loss to know how Mr. Madden could have thought so, unless it was from the fact of the constable reaching his hand quickly out to prevent the woman from falling, which might have led Mr. Madden to suppose that the constable pushed her down. The constable gave this explanation to Sub-Inspector Waters that same afternoon.

The constable did not notice whether the woman had the bruise over the eye or not when he arrested her, as she was in a very filthy state; she was besmeared with mud all over, and appeared as if she had been lying down in the mud.

WILLIAM TERRY.

[Enclosure 2.]

Sydney, 16 June, 1874.

I HEREBY certify that the death of the woman named Minnie Gordon, in Darlinghurst Gaol, on Sunday last, was entirely the result of natural causes, viz., bilious diarrhoea from intemperance and exposure.

ISAAC AARON,  
Visiting Surgeon, Darlinghurst Gaol.



1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## TOWNS POLICE ACT.

(TOWNS UNDER OPERATION OF THE)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 1 April, 1874.*

## I.

RETURN showing the Towns to which the Towns Police Act (2nd Victoria, No. 2) has been extended and is in operation.

Name of Town.	Dates of Proclamations		Dates of <i>Government Gazettes</i> containing Proclamations.
	Extending the Act.	Defining limits of Town.	
Adelong .....	14 Oct., 1863	13 July, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 16 July, 1869.
Albury .....	26 May, 1851	4 Feb., 1871	27 May, 1851, and 10 February, 1871.
Arthurstown .....	5 Aug., 1872	5 Aug., 1872	6 August, 1872.
Braidwood .....	27 Sept., 1852	.....	1 October, 1852.
Boorowa .....	17 July, 1861	7 Sept., 1869	19 July, 1861, and 10 September, 1869.
Ballina .....	14 Oct., 1863	23 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Balranald .....	14 Oct., 1863	12 Feb., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 15 February, 1870.
Bega .....	14 Oct., 1863	30 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 2 July, 1869.
Bendemeer .....	14 Oct., 1863	30 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 2 July, 1869.
Berrima .....	14 Oct., 1863	9 July, 1870	16 October, 1863, and 12 July, 1870.
Binalong .....	14 Oct., 1863	28 May, 1870	16 October, 1863, and 31 May, 1870.
Bombala .....	14 Oct., 1863	24 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Bourke .....	18 July, 1864	18 July, 1864	19 July, 1864.
Balmain .....	30 Aug., 1850	26 July, 1861, & 14 June, 1865	26 July, 1861, and 16 June, 1865.
Blaney .....	4 Feb., 1870	4 Feb., 1870	8 February, 1870.
Bungendore .....	24 Oct., 1872	24 Oct., 1872	25 October, 1872.
Bundarra .....	28 Sept., 1868	28 Sept., 1868	29 September, 1868.
Carcoar and West Carcoar .....	1 Sept., 1854	12 Sept., 1870	12 September, 1854, and 13 September, 1870.
Cooma .....	14 Mar., 1855	19 Aug., 1871	16 March, 1855, and 22 August, 1871.
Clarence Town .....	24 Dec., 1855	13 July, 1869	28 December, 1855, and 16 July, 1869.
Coonamble .....	20 Oct., 1865	20 Oct., 1865	24 October, 1865.
Cook .....	23 June, 1869	23 June, 1869	29 June, 1869.
Camden .....	14 Oct., 1863	7 Sept., 1869	16 October, 1863, and 10 September, 1869.
Camperdown .....	14 Oct., 1863	5 Sept., 1868	16 October, 1863, and 8 September, 1868.
Casino .....	14 Oct., 1863	23 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Cassilis .....	14 Oct., 1863	23 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Coonabrabran .....	14 Oct., 1863	24 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Cowra .....	14 Dec., 1863	24 June, 1869	18 December, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Darlington .....	27 Mar., 1867	27 Mar., 1867	2 April, 1867.
Dungog .....	19 Oct., 1853	24 June, 1869	25 October, 1853, and 29 June, 1869.
Deniliquin .....	23 Feb., 1857	19 April, 1864	24 February, 1857, and 22 April, 1864.
Dubbo .....	29 May, 1861	13 July, 1869	31 May, 1861, and 16 July, 1869.
Eden .....	30 Aug., 1860	30 June, 1869	31 August, 1860, and 2 July, 1869.
Forbes .....	14 April, 1862	19 Aug., 1869	15 April, 1862, and 20 August, 1869.
Goulburn .....	2 Mar., 1848, & 8 Mar., 1850	8 Mar., 1850, & 12 Feb., 1870	8 March, 1850, and 15 February, 1870.
Gunning .....	11 Dec., 1855	25 April, 1873	14 December, 1855, and 25 April, 1873.
Grafton, N and S. ....	4 June, 1858	18 Aug., 1868	4 June, 1858, and 21 August, 1868.
Glebe .....	5 May, 1862	5 May, 1862	9 May, 1862.
Glen Innes .....	22 May, 1865	22 May, 1865	30 May, 1865.
Gundagai, North .....	18 Nov., 1861	19 April, 1864	22 November, 1861, and 22 April, 1864.
Grenfell .....	11 May, 1868	11 May, 1868	12 May, 1868.
Gundagai, South .....	19 April, 1864	19 April, 1864	22 April, 1864.
Gosford, West .....	14 Oct., 1863	8 Oct., 1869	16 October, 1863, and 12 October, 1869.
Gosford, East .....	8 Oct., 1869	8 Oct., 1869	12 October, 1869.

## I.—continued.

Name of Town.	Dates of Proclamations		Dates of Government Gazettes containing Proclamations.
	Extending the Act.	Defining limits of Town.	
Gunnedah .....	30 Mar., 1870	30 Mar., 1870	1 April, 1870.
Gulgong .....	27 Jan., 1872	27 Jan., 1872	30 January, 1872.
Kiandongton .....	24 June, 1850	29 Aug., 1870	25 June, 1850, and 2 September, 1870.
Hartley .....	14 Oct., 1863	24 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Hill End .....	3 Aug., 1871	3 Aug., 1871	4 August, 1871.
Hay .....	27 Feb., 1860	12 Feb., 1870	28 February, 1860, and 15 February, 1870.
Inverell .....	10 Sept., 1866	10 Sept., 1866	14 September, 1866.
Jerilderie .....	26 Nov., 1870	26 Nov., 1870	29 November, 1870.
Kempsey, West .....	14 Oct., 1863	28 Feb., 1868, & 6 Sept., 1870	16 October, 1863, 3 March, 1868, and 9 September, 1870.
Kiama .....	14 Oct., 1863	26 June, 1868	16 October, 1863, and 3 July, 1868.
Kiandra .....	14 Oct., 1863	24 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Kelso .....	18 July, 1839	18 July, 1839	7 August, 1839.
Liverpool .....	20 Mar., 1848	29 July, 1850	24 March, 1848, and 30 July, 1850.
Lismore .....	14 Oct., 1863	17 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 18 January, 1870.
Lambton .....	29 July, 1873	29 July, 1873	1 August, 1873.
Murrurundi .....	24 June, 1850	29 Aug., 1870	25 June, 1850, and 2nd September, 1870.
Musclebrook, N. & S. ....	27 Sept., 1852, 14 Dec., 1852	20 May, 1870	1 October, 1852, 14 December, 1852, and 23 May, 1870.
Montefiores .....	23 Dec., 1853	20 April, 1870	27 December, 1853, and 22 April, 1870.
Mudgee .....	20 Jan., 1854	21 June, 1869	24 January, 1854, and 25 June, 1869.
Marrickville .....	20 Aug., 1866	20 Aug., 1866	21 August, 1866.
Menindee .....	11 May, 1868	11 May, 1868	12 May, 1868.
Merriwa .....	14 Oct., 1863	17 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 18 January, 1870.
Moama .....	14 Oct., 1863	8 Oct., 1869	16 October, 1863, and 12 October, 1869.
Molong .....	14 Oct., 1863	8 Oct., 1869	16 October, 1863, and 12 October, 1869.
Moruya .....	14 Oct., 1863	17 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 18 January, 1870.
Moulamein .....	14 Oct., 1863	12 Aug., 1869	16 October, 1863, and 13 August, 1869.
Morpeth .....	2 June, 1853	1 Mar., 1860, & 14 June, 1865	2 March, 1860, and 16 June, 1865.
Macquarie .....	21 Nov., 1839	4 Feb., 1870	23 November, 1839, and 8 February, 1870.
Narrabri .....	8 Nov., 1866	8 Nov., 1866	9 November, 1866.
Nerrigundah .....	14 Oct., 1863	22 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 25 January, 1870.
Newtown .....	14 Oct., 1863	8 Aug., 1865	16 October, 1863, and 15 August, 1865.
Nimmitabel .....	14 Oct., 1863	17 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 18 January, 1870.
Newcastle .....	5 Sept., 1846	8 Mar., 1850, & 13 Dec., 1858	8 September, 1846, 8 March, 1850, and 14 December, 1858.
Nundle .....	11 Dec., 1861	17 Jan., 1870	13 December, 1861, and 18 January, 1870.
Orange .....	29 May, 1854	21 June, 1869	6 June, 1854, and 25 June, 1869.
Panbula .....	13 Aug., 1861	17 Jan., 1870	13 August, 1861, and 18 January, 1870.
Petersham .....	8 Aug., 1865	8 Aug., 1865	15 August, 1865.
Paddington .....	19 June, 1862, & 14 Oct., 1863	19 June, 1862	20 June, 1862, and 16 October, 1863.
Penrith .....	14 Oct., 1863	25 Feb., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 1 March, 1870.
Pictou .....	14 Oct., 1863	12 Feb., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 15 February, 1870.
Peterborough .....	(See Shellharbour.)		
Queanbeyan .....	11 July, 1854	17 Jan., 1870	14 July, 1854, and 18 January, 1870.
Raymond Terrace .....	14 Oct., 1863	26 June, 1868	16 October, 1863, and 3 July, 1868.
Richmond .....	14 Oct., 1863	4 Feb., 1870 & 12 Mar., 1870	16 October, 1863, 8 February, 1870, and 18 March, 1870.
Rylstone .....	14 Oct., 1863	24 June, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 29 June, 1869.
Rockley .....	4 Dec., 1863	17 Jan., 1870	8 December, 1863, and 18 January, 1870.
Randwick and Coogee .....	22 Oct., 1860	22 Oct., 1860	23 October, 1860.
Singleton .....	22 July, 1850	29 June, 1868	23 July, 1850, and 3 July, 1868
Scone and St. Aubins .....	15 Oct., 1850	17 Jan., 1870	18 October, 1850, and 18 January, 1870.
St. Aubins .....	25 June, 1860	25 June, 1860	26 June, 1860.
Stroud .....	29 Dec., 1856	19 Aug., 1869	30 December, 1856, and 20 August, 1869.
St. Albans .....	25 Sept., 1857	17 Jan., 1870	25 September, 1857, and 18 January, 1870.
St. Leonards .....	30 Mar., 1860	30 Mar., 1860	3 April, 1860.
Sofala .....	16 Mar., 1858	24 June, 1869	16 March, 1858, and 29 June, 1869.
Shellharbour .....	10 Aug., 1869	10 Aug., 1869	10 August, 1869.
St. Leonards, East .....	14 Aug., 1869	14 Aug., 1869	17 August, 1869.
St. Mary's .....	29 Sept., 1870	29 Sept., 1870	30 September, 1870.
St. Peter's .....	22 April, 1871	22 April, 1871	25 April, 1871.
Tamworth N. & S. ....	29 Dec., 1852	24 June, 1869	31 December, 1852, and 29 June, 1869.
Tambaroora .....	2 Oct., 1861	22 Jan., 1870	4 October, 1861, and 25 January, 1870.
Tenterfield .....	14 Oct., 1863	22 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 25 January, 1870.
Tumberumba .....	14 Oct., 1863	24 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 28 January, 1870.
Ulladulla .....	14 Oct., 1863	24 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 28 January, 1870.
Uralla .....	14 Oct., 1863	13 July, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 16 July, 1869.
Wellington .....	23 Dec., 1853	20 April, 1870	27 December, 1853, and 22 April, 1870.
Wollombi .....	14 Feb., 1854	12 Feb., 1870	17 February, 1854, and 15 February, 1870.
Wilcannia .....	11 May, 1868	11 May, 1868	12 May, 1868.
Wagga Wagga .....	14 Oct., 1863	8 Sept., 1864	16 October, 1863, and 9 September, 1864.
Walgett .....	14 Oct., 1863	13 July, 1869	16 October, 1863, and 16 July, 1869.
Warialda .....	14 Oct., 1863	22 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 25 January, 1870.
Wollongong .....	5 Nov., 1846	9 July, 1856	6 November, 1846, and 11 July, 1856.
Wentworth .....	24 April, 1861	22 Jan., 1870	26 April, 1861, and 25 January, 1870.
Wee Waa .....	14 Oct., 1863	24 Jan., 1870	16 October, 1863, and 28 January, 1870.
Wahgunyah .....	18 May, 1865	18 May, 1865	30 May, 1865.
Wallabadah .....	7 Sept., 1869	7 Sept., 1869	10 September, 1869.
Wickham .....	6 Nov., 1872	6 Nov., 1872	8 November, 1872.
Young .....	4 June, 1862	19 Aug., 1869	6 June, 1862, and 20 August, 1869.
Yass .....	20 June, 1840	24 June, 1869	24 June, 1840, and 29 June, 1869.
Yass and O'Connell Town .....	10 Aug., 1869	10 Aug., 1869	10 August, 1869.

N.B.—By the terms of the Act itself its provisions are in operation in Parramatta, Windsor, Maitland, and Bathurst.

## 3

## II.

RETURN showing the Towns to which the Towns Police Act (2 Victoria, No. 2) has been extended, but cannot be enforced, as their boundaries have not been defined by Proclamation.

Name of Town.	Date of Proclamation.	Date of Government Gazette containing Proclamation.
Armidale .....	16 November, 1852.....	19 November, 1852.
Appin .....	6 September, 1858.....	7 September, 1858.
Bungonia .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Campbelltown .....	28 July, 1840.....	5 August, 1840.
Marulan .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Paterson .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Redfern .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Tarcutta .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Tumut .....	24 September, 1855.....	28 September, 1855.
Woollahra .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Waverley .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Waterloo .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.

## III.

RETURN of Towns to which the Dog Act (6 William IV No. 4) has been extended.

Name of Town.	Date of Notice extending the Act.	Date of Government Gazette containing the Notice.
Albury .....	13 September, 1853.....	16 September, 1853.
Armidale .....	8 January, 1852.....	9 January, 1852.
Appin .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Adelong .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Arthurstown (Trunkey Creek) .....	1 July, 1872.....	2 July, 1872.
Boorowa .....	18 July, 1861.....	19 July, 1861.
Braidwood .....	10 July, 1857.....	10 July, 1857.
Binalong .....	28 January, 1852.....	30 January, 1852.
Bungonia .....	12 February, 1845.....	14 February, 1845.
Bendemeer .....	26 March, 1866.....	27 March, 1866.
Berrima .....	19 May, 1842.....	20 May, 1842.
Bega .....	5 February, 1862.....	7 February, 1862.
Balmain .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Bombala .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Balranald .....	8 July, 1870.....	8 July, 1870.
Bourke .....	22 September, 1870.....	23 September, 1870.
Camperdown (O'Connell Town) .....	27 April, 1857.....	28 April, 1857.
Cooma .....	5 January, 1854.....	10 January, 1854.
Carcoar, W. and E. .....	19 November, 1857.....	20 November, 1857.
Camden .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Clarence Town .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Coonamble .....	21 July, 1869.....	23 July, 1869.
Coonabarabran .....	19 September, 1871.....	19 September, 1871.
Deniliquin, N. and S. .....	5 October, 1857.....	6 October, 1857.
Dubbo .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Dalkeith .....	24 June, 1870.....	28 June, 1870.
Eden .....	5 February, 1862.....	7 February, 1862.
Euston .....	11 April, 1870.....	12 April, 1870.
Forbes .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Frederickton .....	20 July, 1871.....	21 July, 1871.
Gundagai .....	19 July, 1849.....	20 July, 1849.
Gunning .....	20 November, 1856.....	21 November, 1856.
Glen Innes .....	17 July, 1865.....	18 July, 1865.
Gosford, East and West .....	21 March, 1867.....	22 March, 1867.
Goulburn .....	21 May, 1838.....	30 May, 1838.
Glebe .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Grafton .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Grenfell .....	11 May, 1871.....	12 May, 1871.
Hay .....	28 February, 1860.....	28 February, 1860.
Hartley .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Hill End .....	11 September, 1871.....	12 September, 1871.
Haydonton .....	29 September, 1873.....	30 September, 1873.
Jerilderie .....	28 December, 1870.....	30 December, 1870.
Kelso .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Kiama .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Kiandra .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Kempsey, West and East .....	20 July, 1871.....	21 July, 1871.
Morpeth .....	4 July, 1850.....	5 July, 1850.
Mudgee .....	11 February, 1858.....	12 February, 1858.
Molong, West .....	21 January, 1856.....	22 January, 1856.
Musclebrook .....	24 August, 1843.....	25 August, 1843.
Macquarie .....	21 October, 1837.....	22 November, 1837.
Moama .....	18 June, 1866.....	19 June, 1866.
Marulan .....	16 February, 1848.....	18 February, 1848.
Moruya .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Merriwa .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Moulamein .....	8 July, 1870.....	8 July, 1870.
Murrurundi .....	18 September, 1873.....	19 September, 1873.
Narrabri .....	21 October, 1867.....	22 October, 1867.

## III.—continued.

Name of Town.	Date of Notice extending the Act.	Date of Government Gazette containing the Notice.
Nerrigundah .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Newtown .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Nimmitabel .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Nundle .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Orange .....	12 March, 1862.....	14 March, 1862.
Panbula.....	5 February, 1862.....	7 February, 1862.
Paddington .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Picton .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Penrith .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Paterson .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Queenbeyan .....	20 April, 1846.....	24 April, 1846.
Richmond .....	30 January, 1846.....	3 February, 1846.
Raymond Terrace.....	25 January, 1847.....	29 January, 1847.
Roxburgh .....	18 January, 1838.....	24 January, 1838.
Randwick and Coogee .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Redfern .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Scone and St. Aubins .....	26 May, 1849.....	29 May, 1849.
Singleton .....	26 July, 1843.....	1 August, 1843.
St. Leonards .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
St. Albans .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Sofala.....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Stroud .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
St. Mary's .....	21 September, 1871.....	26 September, 1871.
Tarcutta .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Tumberumba.....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Tambaroora .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Tenterfield.....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Tumut .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Tamworth .....	31 December, 1852.....	31 December, 1852.
Ulladulla .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Wentworth .....	25 April, 1861.....	26 April, 1861.
Wellington and Montefiores .....	2 July, 1851.....	4 July, 1851.
Wollongong .....	2 September, 1848.....	8 September, 1848.
Waterloo .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Wagga Wagga .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Waverley .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Wilcannia .....	24 July, 1869.....	27 July, 1869.
Wollombi .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
Woolahra .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.
West Maitland.....	5 December, 1870.....	9 December, 1870.
Yass .....	1 March, 1845.....	4 March, 1845.
Young .....	14 October, 1863.....	16 October, 1863.

1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

STEAM POSTAL SERVICE *via* SUEZ.

(DESPATCH IN REPLY TO ADDRESS RESPECTING "OCEAN MAIL SERVICES.")

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES to GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES G. R. ROBINSON.

(No. 31.)

Downing-street,

13 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have to acknowledge your despatches, Nos. 28 and 31 of the 24th February, forwarding Addresses to the Queen from the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in which they deprecate the removal of the terminus of the Suez Postal Service from Sydney. I have laid these Addresses before the Queen, who has been pleased to receive them very graciously.

The decision of Her Majesty's Government on the question of the Postal Service is communicated to you in another despatch by this mail.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.





1873.  

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.  

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STEAM POSTAL SERVICE *via* SUEZ.(TIME-TABLE FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING DECEMBER, 1873.)  

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 16 September, 1873.*  

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THE SECRETARY, GENERAL POST OFFICE, LONDON, to THE POSTMASTER GENERAL, SYDNEY.

General Post Office,  
London, 1 July, 1873.

SIR,

I am directed by the Postmaster General to transmit to you, for your information, the enclosed copies of the Time-table of the India, China, Australia, and Japan Mail Packet Services for the half-year ending December, 1873.

I am, &c.,  
WM. J. PAGE.



# TIME-TABLE OF THE INDIA, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND JAPAN MAIL PACKET SERVICES,

## For the Half-year ending December, 1873.

APPROVED BY HER MAJESTY'S POSTMASTER-GENERAL ON THE 14TH DAY OF JUNE, 1873.

NOTE 1.—The interval left between the arrival of a Packet on one side of the Isthmus of Suez and the departure of the corresponding Packet from the other side represents the maximum time allowed for the stay in Egypt; this time is to be lessened as much as practicable, and it is not to be exceeded in the event of a Packet arriving before the Table Time on either side.

### OUTWARD ROUTE.

Southampton to Alexandria, 2,951 Miles @ 10 Knots.				Brindisi to Alexandria, 825 Miles @ 11 Knots.			Suez to Bombay, 2,972 Miles @ 9½ Knots.			Suez to Calcutta, 4,757 Miles @ 9½ Knots.				Ceylon to Sydney, 5,230 Miles in 564 Hours.				Bombay to Hong Kong, 3,942 Miles @ 9½ Knots.				Hong Kong to Shanghai, 870 Miles @ 9½ Knots.		Hong Kong to Yokohama, 1,620 Miles @ 9½ Knots.																	
No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at															
253	19 June	24 June	309	27 June	30 June	365	4 July	10 July	421	4 July	10 July	463	11 July	27 July	491	6 Aug	10 Aug	519	6 Aug	13 Aug	253	19 June	24 June	309	27 June	30 June	365	4 July	10 July	421	4 July	10 July	463	11 July	27 July	491	6 Aug	10 Aug	519	6 Aug	13 Aug

### HOMeward ROUTE.

Yokohama to Hong Kong, 1,620 Miles @ 9½ Knots.				Shanghai to Hong Kong, 870 Miles @ 9½ Knots.		Hong Kong to Bombay, 3,942 Miles @ 9½ Knots.				Sydney to Ceylon, 5,230 Miles in 516 Hours.				Calcutta (Sandheads) to Suez, 4,650 Miles @ 9½ Knots.				Bombay to Suez, 2,972 Miles @ 9½ Knots.			Alexandria to Brindisi, 825 Miles @ 11 Knots.			Alexandria to Southampton, 2,951 Miles @ 10 Knots.																	
No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at	No. of Voyages	Leaves	Arrives at									
253	19 June	24 June	309	27 June	30 June	365	4 July	10 July	421	4 July	10 July	463	11 July	27 July	491	6 Aug	10 Aug	519	6 Aug	13 Aug	253	19 June	24 June	309	27 June	30 June	365	4 July	10 July	421	4 July	10 July	463	11 July	27 July	491	6 Aug	10 Aug	519	6 Aug	13 Aug

#### MONSOON ALLOWANCES—OUTWARD.

\* On these trips the Packets are allowed Four days extra for the Passage from Point de Galle to Japan, and Point de Galle to Shanghai, and this allowance is taken in the Table.

NOTE 3.—The maximum detention of the Homeward Calcutta Packet at Point de Galle, in the event of the Packet from China or from Australia being late, is fixed at forty-eight hours, counting from the Contract hour of departure.

† The departure from Bombay during S.W. Monsoon will be 5:30 p.m.  
‡ The stoppage of twenty hours at Aden is understood to be the maximum time. The Company's Agent is, however, to use every effort to reduce the stay of the Packet to the shortest time actually necessary for Coaling.

#### MONSOON ALLOWANCES—HOMeward.

\* On these trips Four days extra are allowed for the Bombay and Suez Packets, but only Three are taken in the Table. Eight days extra are allowed for the Japan and China and Calcutta and Suez Packets, but as Five days only are taken in the Table the arrivals at Brindisi and Southampton may be Three days later than the date set down.

1873.

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NEW SOUTH WALES.

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P A P E R S

RELATING TO

OCEAN MAIL COMMUNICATION.

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Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

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SYDNEY: THOMAS RICHARDS, GOVERNMENT PRINTER.

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1873.



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# MAIL SERVICE *via* SAN FRANCISCO.

(NOTICE CALLING FOR TENDERS.)

No. 1.

General Post Office,  
Sydney, 8 August, 1872.

## MAIL CONVEYANCE BETWEEN SYDNEY AND SAN FRANCISCO.

TENDERS will be received at this Office, and at the Office of the Agent-General for the Colony in London, up to noon on Wednesday, the 20th November next, for the Conveyance of Mails between Sydney and San Francisco, once in every four weeks.

Forms of Tender and Conditions of Agreement are hereunto annexed, copies of which and all other information can be obtained on application at this Office, and at the Office of the Agent-General in London.

GEO. A. LLOYD.

### TENDER FOR CONVEYING HER MAJESTY'S MAILS BETWEEN SYDNEY AND SAN FRANCISCO.\*

Sir,

We hereby offer to convey Her Majesty's Mails by steam-vessels between Sydney (New South Wales) and San Francisco, and on the conditions hereto annexed marked A, once each way in each month of four weeks, for the sum of \_\_\_\_\_ per annum.

We propose as our sureties, in the penalty of £10,000, Mr. \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ and Mr. \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ and we refer you to \_\_\_\_\_ as persons of whom inquiry can be made as to the responsibility of such sureties.

We agree to commence the Service on the \_\_\_\_\_ †, and in the event of such Service not being commenced on such day, or on the first day thereafter which the Postmaster-General may fix as the day of sailing, we agree to pay to Her Majesty the sum of one hundred pounds for every day from that time until the said Service shall be begun by us, but so that the whole amount of penalties for such failure shall not exceed £10,000.

And we agree to execute a contract for the performance of the said Service according to the said Conditions marked A.

We are, Sir,  
Your obedient servants,

(Signature)

(Address)

\* All tenders must be addressed to the Agent-General for the Colony of New South Wales, London; or to the Secretary, Post Office, Sydney, with the words "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails between Sydney and San Francisco," in the left-hand corner of the envelope. Other things equal, a preference will be given to a tender made upon this printed form and in exact accordance therewith. Even, however, when this form is used, the parties tendering may, in a separate letter, to be forwarded with the tender, suggest for consideration, any alteration in the conditions, or otherwise. The Postmaster General does not engage, irrespective of other considerations, to accept the lowest tender, or even to accept any tender.

† It is desirable that the Service should commence in July, 1873, but as the tenders received in London will have to be sent to Sydney for acceptance, the parties tendering are at liberty to name a later day for the commencement, should they be unable to begin the Service at the time named.

### CONDITIONS.

*Referred to as marked A.*

1. Every vessel employed in this Service must call on the voyage, in both directions, at Honolulu and at Fiji, or any other Island on the direct line from Sydney to Honolulu—such other Island to be specified in the Tender. Other things equal, a preference will however be given to Tenders in which the route of Fiji is specified.

2. The Postmaster General of New South Wales to have the power of altering the route in respect to ports of call, should it at any time appear expedient to make such alterations, the contractors in such cases receiving extra remuneration for every additional mile run, such remuneration to be calculated at the same rate per mile as they will be entitled to receive for the Service between Sydney and San Francisco *via* Fiji and Honolulu, and extension of time according to the extra mileage to be run.

3.



3. The Mails must be conveyed from Sydney to San Francisco and from San Francisco to Sydney, in seven hundred and twenty hours, inclusive of stoppages, the duration of which will be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales.

4. Under the term "*Her Majesty's Mails*," are comprehended all boxes, bags, or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed papers, and all other articles transmissible by the post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed, or to that in which they may have originated; also all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office Service, which shall be sent by or to or from the Post Office.

5. A penalty of three hundred pounds to be incurred on each occasion when the contractors fail in providing a vessel, in accordance with their contract, ready to put to sea at the appointed time, and a further penalty of one hundred pounds for every day's failure in providing such a vessel after such appointed time; the contractors also to be subject to a penalty of fifty pounds for every complete period of twenty-four hours consumed on any voyage, from whatever cause arising, beyond the number of hours allowed for the voyage. The payment by the contractors of any penalties shall in no way prejudice the right of the Postmaster General of New South Wales to treat the failure to provide a proper vessel at the appointed time, or to perform a voyage at or within the appointed period, as a breach of the contract.

6. A premium of fifty pounds to be given for every complete period of twenty-four hours by which the time occupied in any voyage from San Francisco to Sydney may be less than that allowed under the contract.

7. The contractors to supply, during the continuance of the contract, and to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a sufficient number of steam-vessels, of adequate power, and in all respects suited for the performance of the Service within the time stipulated in the tender; such vessels to be built of iron, propelled by screws, and of not less than 1,500 tons register, classed A1 at Lloyd's, with spar decks, having large capacity for passengers and cargo, with ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes; to have steaming and sailing power of the latest and most approved principle. A preference will be given to vessels having spacious saloon accommodation amidships. The vessels to be subject, in the first instance, to the approval of the Agent-General for the Colony of New South Wales in England, or of the officers of the Marine Board of New South Wales.

8. The vessels to be always supplied with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, proper nautical instruments, and whatsoever else may be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for the Service to be performed. The vessels to be manned by legally qualified and competent officers, and a sufficient crew of engineers, able seamen, and other men.

9. The vessels to be subject at all times to survey by officers in the employment of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales, and any defect discovered on such survey to be immediately made good by the contractors; failing which, the vessel to be considered unfit for use, and the contractors to become liable to the penalties named in the 5th condition. The survey to extend not only to the vessels themselves, but also to the officers, engineers, crew, machinery, and everything which the contractors are bound to provide.

10. The days and hours of departure and arrival at each port to be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales, and to be subject to alteration, from time to time, by him, on a notice to the contractors of three months. The Postmaster General of New South Wales also to have power, by an order to the Commander, to delay the departure of any vessel, from any port, for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, and to delegate this power to any person to whom he may think fit to entrust it.

11. The contractors to provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a separate and convenient place of deposit for the mails on board each vessel.

12. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales require it, a room for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails to be also provided to the satisfaction of such Postmaster General, on board each vessel. The actual cost of erecting this sorting-room, and of providing the necessary furniture, lamps, &c., to be defrayed by such Postmaster General; but the furniture and lamps to be cleansed and kept in repair, and oil for the lamps to be supplied, at the cost of the contractors. The services of the crew to be given in the conveyance of the mails between the mail-room and the sorting-room.

13. Proper accommodation and mess to be provided, if required, for an officer of the Post Office in charge of the mails. Such officer to be victualled and otherwise treated as a chief-cabin passenger; and whilst the packet stays at any port to or from which the mails are conveyed, to be allowed to remain on board.

14. At each port where the mails are to be delivered or received, the officer having charge of them shall, whenever he may deem it necessary, be conveyed to and from the shore, with or without the mails (as he may desire), in a suitable boat, of not less than four oars, to be furnished with effectual covering for the mails, and to be properly manned and equipped.

15. The contractors, and all commanding and other officers of the vessels which may be employed in the performance of the contract, and all agents, seamen, and servants of the contractors, shall, at all times during the continuance of the contract, punctually attend to the orders of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or of any of his officers or agents, as to the mode, time, and place of embarking and disembarking mails.

16. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales at any time deem it expedient to place the mails, or any part thereof, in the care of the commander of any vessel, such commander shall take charge of them, and be responsible for their due receipt and delivery. The commander shall also make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal, returns, and other information, and perform such other services, as the Postmaster General of New South Wales or his officers may from time to time require.

17. Except such letters as are not required by law to pass through the Post Office, the contractors not to receive, or permit to be received, for conveyance on board any of the vessels employed under the contract, any letters other than those contained in *Her Majesty's mails*. No mails must be conveyed on behalf of any Colony or Foreign Country without permission of the Postmaster General of New South Wales; and the whole postage of every mail shall, under all circumstances, be at his disposal.

18. Every vessel which may have started, or which should have started before the termination of the contract, must complete its voyage in like manner as if the contract remained in force.

19. Every sum of money forfeited by the contractors to be considered as stipulated or ascertained or liquidated damages, and to be payable whether any damage shall or shall not have been sustained by reason of the breach for which the penalty may be levied. The amount to be deducted by the Postmaster General out of any moneys then payable or which may thereafter become payable to the contractors; or, at his discretion, the payment thereof may be enforced with full costs of suit.

20. The contract to continue in force for three years and thereafter until the expiration of a twenty-four calendar months' notice, to be given in writing at any time by either party.

21. The contract will not be binding until it has lain upon the Table of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for fourteen days without disapproval; unless, previous to the lapse of that period, it has been approved of by a resolution of that Assembly.

22. Subject to deductions for penalties or otherwise, payments to be made quarterly at the General Post Office, Sydney, out of moneys to be provided by Parliament.

23. All notices which the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or any of his officers or agents, are authorized to give, either to be delivered to the commander of any vessel of the contractors, or to any officer or agent of the contractors in charge of any of such vessels, or to be left at the office or last-known place of business of the contractors.

24. The contractors not to assign, underlet, or dispose of the contract, or any part thereof, without the consent, in writing, of the Postmaster General.

25. In case of the breach of the 24th condition, or in case of a great or habitual breach of the contract of any other kind, the Postmaster General to have power, and that without previous notice, to terminate the contract; such termination not to give the contractors any claim to compensation.

26. For the due fulfilment of the contract, the contractors to enter into a bond, with two responsible sureties, to be named in their tenders, in the penalty of £10,000. Such penalty to be considered and recoverable as liquidated damages.

27. Should any dispute arise respecting the interpretation of any part of the contract to be framed on the basis of these conditions, the same to be settled by arbitration in the usual manner, and a submission to arbitration may be made a rule of Court.

## No. 2.

ABSTRACT OF TENDERS received for the conveyance of Mails between Sydney and San Francisco, in pursuance of the notice of the 8th August, 1872.

### *H. H. Hall.*

Passage between Sydney and San Francisco to be performed in 720 hours. Tenderer names Kandavau, one of the Fiji Group, as his port of call.

Subsidy per annum ... ..	£48,000
Amount of security ... ..	£10,000

### *H. H. Hall.*

Passage between Sydney and San Francisco to be performed in 720 hours. Tenderer names Kandavau, one of the Fiji Group, as his port of call; he also stipulates for liberty to contract with the Governments of the Hawaiian Islands and the United States, for the conveyance of their mails.

Subsidy per annum ... ..	£41,000
Amount of security ... ..	£10,000

### *Australasian Steam Navigation Company.*

Passage between Sydney and San Francisco to be performed in 720 hours. Tenderers proposed to commence the Service within three months after signing contract, with vessels from their present fleet, at a reduction of 25 per cent.: provided that an allowance of 48 hours be added to the time stated in Tender.

Subsidy per annum ... ..	£70,000
Amount of security ... ..	£10,000

### *Glassford, Robertson, & Co.*

Passage between Sydney and San Francisco to be performed in 720 hours, exclusive of stoppages.

Subsidy per voyage ... ..	£4,000
Amount of security ... ..	£10,000

Perhaps £4,000 per trip each way is intended, and not £4,000 per voyage, as stated in tender.

### *A. E. Burnside.*

(Received too late.)

Passage between Sydney and San Francisco to be performed in 720 hours. Is willing to contract for a twelve instead of a ten knot Service, in consideration of being allowed, in addition to his tender, the cost of the extra coal consumed, and the value of the additional wear and tear of machinery, to be determined by experts. Tenderer presumes that there will be no objection to contractor making his own arrangements with New Caledonia, Hawaii, or any other island that may be called at, for the conveyance of their mails.

A six instead of a three years' Service is stipulated for.

Subsidy per annum ... ..	£52,000
Amount of security ... ..	£10,000

These tenders were not accepted.



## NEW POSTAL SERVICE *via* SUEZ.

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING.)

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### No. 3.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE AGENT-GENERAL, LONDON.

Sydney, 17 February, 1873.

THE Conference closed at noon, on Friday, the 14th. It was decided, by nine to four, that the terminus of the Galle Service be at Melbourne. The question was subsequently re-opened, when the first decision was confirmed by seven to five. Western Australia and South Australia voted avowedly because Victoria had privately threatened to withdraw from the contract unless Melbourne was made the terminus. There is reason to believe that New Zealand voted with Victoria on an understanding that Victoria would assist her in obtaining an Imperial subsidy to Webb's Line of American steamers. It is admitted by several members of the majority that the question was not decided on its merits. The Representatives of New South Wales have lodged a lengthy protest against the decision. This Parliament will be immediately asked to adopt a remonstrance to the Secretary of State, and it is not probable that New South Wales will contribute to the Service if this decision be confirmed. Urge upon Lord Kimberley delay until the arrival of full particulars by the mail early in April. The P. and O. Company will doubtless continue Service for six months or other period if the Secretary of State makes that request.

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### No. 4.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 22 February, 1873.

SIR,

I and my colleagues are desirous that your Excellency should transmit the enclosed telegram, on the matter of the Galle Mail Service, to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

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[Enclosure.]

MINISTERS in this Colony desire to communicate to the Secretary of State, that Addresses to Her Majesty, unanimously adopted by both Houses of Parliament, against Melbourne being the terminus of the Suez Mail Service, go to England by the mail of to-day. These Addresses represent the views of the whole population. Ministers send their own views in minute transmitted by His Excellency the Governor, and they rely with confidence on no decision being given by Her Majesty's Government until the arrival of the mail in April with full reports of the proceedings of the late Conference and of Parliament.

HENRY PARKES.

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### No. 5.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE AGENT-GENERAL, LONDON.

Sydney, 22 February, 1873.

ADDRESSES to Queen adopted unanimously by both Houses of Parliament against terminus at Melbourne will be transmitted by mail. If decision of Conference confirmed, this Colony will decline to contribute.

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No. 6.

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## No. 6.

TELEGRAM FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

London, 28 April, 1873.

THE Colonies not being unanimous as to terms for future monthly Service, offer by Her Majesty's Government of terms to be agreed to in combination has not been accepted; sufficient time is not left before termination of contract for further consideration of permanent plan, but P. & O. Company have offered to continue present Service temporarily for two years at present rates, or for three years at reduction of £12,000 a year, steamers calling in both cases at Glenelg. We request concurrence of Colony in extension of contract for either two or three years, as Her Majesty's Government may decide, but with intimation of Colonies preferences. Reply by telegraph.

## No. 7.

MINUTE TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

YOUR Excellency will oblige by transmitting the following as the decision of this Government on the proposal for extension of Suez Mail Contract, as submitted by telegram from the Secretary of State dated 28th instant.

HENRY PARKES,  
30/4/73.

[Enclosure.]

MINUTE OF CABINET.

Present.

Colonial Secretary,  
Vice-President of the Executive Council,  
Colonial Treasurer,Secretary for Lands,  
Secretary for Public Works,  
Solicitor General.

THE Cabinet, having had under consideration the telegraphic message from the Secretary of State, dated 28th instant, on the Suez Mail Contract, agree to the extension of Contract for two or three years, the terminus to be at Sydney as hitherto. Extension for three years with reduction of £12,000 preferred.

HENRY PARKES.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 30/4/73.

## No. 8.

TELEGRAM FROM THE CHIEF SECRETARY, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Adelaide, 30 April, 1873.

HAVE you any objection to acquaint me with your proposed reply to Lord Kimberley's telegram respecting proposed extension of mail contract with P. & O. Company, or do you think each Government should reply separately?

## No. 9.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY, SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Sydney, 1 May, 1873.

WE have replied to Secretary of State's circular telegraphic despatch of 28th ultimo, expressing our concurrence in extension of contract—the terminus to be at Sydney as hitherto, and steamers to call at Glenelg. We have intimated our preference for extension to three (3) years, at reduction of £12,000 a year.

## No. 10.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Brisbane, 9 May, 1873.

*Re* POSTAL SERVICE.—Lord Normanby has telegraphed Lord Kimberley. Queensland concurs in extension of contract; prefers two (2) years. Owing to an accident at Gympie, Lord Normanby only returned to Brisbane yesterday.

## No. 11.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE AGENT-GENERAL, LONDON.

Sydney, 10 May, 1873.

*Re* SUEZ TERMINUS QUESTION.—This Government anxious to avoid appearance of hostility to Victoria, which in fact does not exist; but equally anxious to meet views of Imperial Government in this matter.

No. 12.

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## No. 12.

TELEGRAM FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

London, 16 May, 1873.

OUR proposal for temporary prolongation of present Mail Service, not being unanimously accepted, is withdrawn. We have determined to carry Mails to and from Galle, Singapore, San Francisco, and this Country, free of charge. If Service is established by any one or more Colonies from Galle, we will pay to each Colony contributing to such Service postage received on outward mail letters conveyed by such route to the Colony so contributing, less transit charges and inland British postage, providing steamer touch each way at port in Western Australia. Similar payment will be made in case of establishment of Service from Singapore or from San Francisco. Arrangements to continue for five years.

## No. 13.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE AGENT-GENERAL, LONDON.

Sydney, 27 May, 1873.

OBTAIN copy of Kimberley's telegram, sixteenth. Then ascertain subsidy P. & O. Company would require for Sydney and Galle Service for five years, calling at Glenelg and Sound both ways.

## No. 14.

TELEGRAM FROM THE AGENT-GENERAL, LONDON, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

London, 6 June, 1873.

COMPANY had made monthly contract with Melbourne before your telegram reached me. Am negotiating for bi-monthly contract to Sydney on similar terms as Victoria. Will you instruct me to complete negotiating, stating details? Reply immediately.

## No. 15.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE AGENT-GENERAL, LONDON.

Sydney, 6 June, 1873.

IF contract actually concluded with Victoria, cease negotiation with Company.

## No. 16.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Brisbane, 27 May, 1873.

OUR action with respect to Suez route will depend a great deal on what you do. Please inform me. I have just heard from Daintree, first steamer *via* Torres Straits will be in November, at latest, or, if contractors can arrange, in September.

## No. 17.

TELEGRAM FROM THE CHIEF SECRETARY, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Adelaide, 2 June, 1873.

IN reply to your telegram respecting Mail Service, we presume the Victorian Government are making arrangements for a contract in terms of the Resolutions passed at Conference, to which we have already agreed.

## No. 18.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND.

Sydney, 3 June, 1873.

IF Victoria makes contract, we are disposed to withdraw entirely from Galle Service, and give all our weight, firstly to San Francisco, secondly to Torres Straits Service. In this case what will Queensland do? Reply immediately.

No. 19.

## No. 19.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Brisbane, 6 June, 1873.

VICTORIA informs us that she has made provisional contract with P. & O., and offers us the option of joining in Branch Service on terms mentioned at Conference. We reply that, without New South Wales joining, such an arrangement would be out of the question for us. With respect to your proposition in telegram of 3rd instant, to withdraw entirely from the Galle Service, and give all your weight to a Service *via* San Francisco and a Service *via* Torres Straits, we shall be willing, subject to consent of Parliament, to join you, on condition that the subsidy from each Colony to each Service shall be in proportion to population or number of letters sent. Remember you would have the terminus of both lines.

## No. 20.

MINUTE TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
6 June, 1873.

At a meeting of the Cabinet, held this day, it was determined to request your Excellency to transmit to the Right Honorable the Secretary of State the enclosed telegram, which has been submitted to, and approved of by the Government of Queensland.

HENRY PARKES.

## No. 21.

TELEGRAM FROM HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE COLONIES.

Sydney, 6 June, 1873.

MINISTERS consider that the last decision of Imperial Government leaves the Mail Service *via* Galle practically in the hands of Victoria and South Australia. In this turn of events, New South Wales and Queensland must depend on Services now only partially organized.

To afford the necessary time for this purpose, Ministers hope the Imperial Government will arrange for continuing present Service temporarily for twelve or even six months, which would only delay commencement of new contract for a short time, and cause no real inconvenience to any Colony. Merchants of Sydney, in public meeting, have passed resolution to same effect. Ministers do not see how contracting Colony can reasonably object to such temporary arrangement. The Government of Queensland concurs in this request.

## No. 22.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 7 June, 1873.

SIR,

I am in receipt of your telegrams informing me of your reply to the Government of Victoria, respecting the new contract made by that Colony with the Peninsular and Oriental Company, for the conveyance of mails between Galle and Melbourne, and also of your concurrence in our request to the Secretary of State for the temporary continuance of present contract.

2. I now do myself the honor to transmit copy of the telegram sent, through His Excellency the Governor, to Lord Kimberley.

3. With reference to the telegram received from Mr. Francis (which I presume was a circular to all the Colonies), this Government cannot admit that the decision of the late Conference, in respect to the first proposal made by the Lords of the Treasury, has any binding effect whatever after the Imperial Government declined to carry out that decision. It is not open to the Government of Victoria, in its new contract, to claim any support or advantage from the proceedings of the Conference in relation to a matter altogether different. The determination finally arrived at by the Imperial Government was not even thought of at the Conference.

4. This Government will inform the Government of Victoria by next mail that the Colony of New South Wales cannot join in the new contract. A contract has already been entered into for a forty-five days' service, *via* San Francisco, and instructions have been sent to England by the Electric Telegraph to proceed with the building of steamers expressly for this Service. At the same time, we are disposed to join heartily with Queensland in developing the Torres Straits route, and throw all the correspondence and traffic of this Colony into the two lines.

5. I trust I shall receive your assurance that there is nothing to interfere with the cordial agreement and union of the two Colonies at the present juncture in promoting efficient and economical Postal Services for themselves.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

NOTE.—Telegram printed with Minute to His Excellency the Governor of 6th June, 1873.

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## No. 23.

TELEGRAM from THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.  
Melbourne, 4 June, 1873.

THIS Government has made provisional agreement with Peninsular and Oriental Company for carriage of mails between Galle and Melbourne, calling at King George's Sound, and at Glenelg if desired, for seven (7) years, at ninety thousand (90,000) pounds per annum. We are anxious that all the other Colonies should share in the advantage of this contract, and are prepared to carry out the arrangement as to Branch Services and distribution of cost entered into at the Conference. I shall be glad of a reply at your earliest convenience.

## No. 24.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 10 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have to thank you for your telegram of the 4th instant, informing this Government that the Government of Victoria "has made a provisional agreement with the Peninsular and Oriental Company for carriage of mails between Galle and Melbourne, calling at King George's Sound and at Glenelg if desired, for seven (7) years, at ninety thousand pounds (£90,000) per annum," and expressing your anxiety to carry out the arrangement of the late Conference as to Branch Services and distribution of cost, in order that all the other Colonies may share in the advantages of the new contract.

2. Your communication has been considered by this Government, and I am now desired by His Excellency Sir Hercules Robinson to inform you of the determination arrived at.

3. I am sure I need not remind you that the consideration of the Galle Postal Service at the late Conference, and the decision in respect to it which that body by a majority arrived at, were entirely confined to the specific proposal of the Lords of the Treasury as communicated in their letter of 14 August, 1872; and that as the Imperial Government withdrew that proposal by declining to accept the decision of the Colonies thereon, the proceedings of the Conference in relation to it cannot be held to have any binding effect in any agreement or contract arising out of a subsequent proposal.

4. It may, however, be fairly inferred that you allude to the arrangement entered into at the Conference as merely affording you a ready mode of shortly stating the terms on which your Government is prepared to admit the other Colonies to share in the advantages of the Melbourne contract, in which sense your reference is understood and treated by this Government.

5. I thus understand that by your message you offer to convey the mails of New South Wales by a Branch Service between Sydney and Melbourne, on receiving towards the general subsidy a contribution from this Colony in proportion to its correspondence.

6. In conveying to you my acknowledgment of your courtesy in expressing your anxiety to extend to this Colony the advantages of the new Service, it is my duty at the same time, on the part of this Government, to decline your offer.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 25.

TELEGRAM from THE SECRETARY OF STATE to HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

London, 13 June, 1873.

HER Majesty's Government cannot extend duration of present Service. No delay will arise in transmitting New South Wales and Queensland correspondence *via* Galle—Victorian Government having contracted for Service between Galle and Melbourne, and would arrange for conveyance of mails to other Colonies.

## No. 26.

CABINET MINUTE.

Present:—

The Colonial Secretary,  
The Colonial Treasurer,

The Secretary for Lands,  
The Secretary for Public Works,

The Solicitor General.

HAVING had under their consideration the telegram of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State of June 13th, declining to comply with the request contained in the message of the Governments of this Colony and Queensland, that the existing Mail Service *via* Galle might be temporarily continued, to enable them to make such arrangements as they considered necessary and expedient for the conveyance of their mails, your Excellency's Advisers desire that the enclosed telegram be transmitted, with the concurrence of the Queensland Government, to Lord Kimberley.

HENRY PARKES.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
16/6/73.

Copy of proposed telegram was transmitted to Colonial Secretary of Queensland, from whom I received the following reply this morning:—"We concur in your reply."

H.P., 17/6/73.

[Enclosure.]

TELEGRAM.

"MINISTERS desire to inform Secretary of State that the Governments of New South Wales and Queensland cannot be parties to the Mail Contract made by Government of Victoria."





## MAIL SERVICE *via* SAN FRANCISCO.

(AGREEMENTS, BONDS, &c., RELATING TO.)

### No. 27.

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT made this thirteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, between Haydon Hezekiah Hall, of the City of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, Consul of the United States of America in the said Colony (hereinafter called or styled "the Contractor") of the one part, and the Honorable Saul Samuel, the Postmaster General of the said Colony, as such Postmaster General, for and on behalf of the Government of the said Colony of the other part.

WHEREAS the Government of the said Colony are desirous of establishing a Postal Service between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the said Colony by way of San Francisco, in the State of California, and that the Mails on the said Postal Service shall be carried from the Port of San Francisco to the Port of Sydney, and from the Port of Sydney to the Port of San Francisco by steam-ships leaving the said Ports respectively every fourth week during the continuance of the time hereinafter mentioned; and whereas the Government of the said Colony is desirous of negotiating with other Governments and the Governments of other Colonies for a subsidy or contribution towards the annual payment that will have to be paid by the Government of New South Wales for the said Postal Service, and it has therefore been agreed between "the Contractor" and the said Saul Samuel as such Postmaster General that "the Contractor" shall enter into these presents for the performance of the Postal Service between the Port of Sydney and the Port of San Francisco as hereinafter mentioned and provided for: Now these presents witness that the Contractor and the Honorable Saul Samuel as such Postmaster General acting on behalf of the Government of the said Colony under the authority given to or vested in him by the "Postage Act, 1867," hereby agree as follows, that is to say:

"The Contractor" agrees, upon receiving notice from the said Postmaster General as hereinafter mentioned, to carry Her Majesty's Mails from the Port of Sydney to the Port of San Francisco, and from the Port of San Francisco to the Port of Sydney, making the voyage between the said two ports by direct line by way of Honolulu and Kandavau, Fiji, for the period of six years, commencing and calculated from the expiration of twelve calendar months after notice requiring the Contractor to proceed with this Contract shall be given by the said Postmaster General as hereinafter provided, by steam-vessels starting from each of the said ports every fourth week, and making the voyage from port to port in seven hundred and twenty hours inclusive of all stoppages, for the sum of forty-eight thousand pounds per annum; or, if the said Postmaster General shall require it, from port to port between the said ports in six hundred hours for the sum of sixty-eight thousand pounds per annum, the Postmaster General to give to "the Contractor" notice of the time within which the said voyages are required to be performed within five months of the date of these presents; and if notice is given that he is required to perform the said Service for either of the before-mentioned sums, the said Postal Service shall be performed for the said Postmaster General, exclusively, without "the Contractor" having the right to enter into any agreement with any other Government, or the Government of any other Colony, or with any other person or persons, for the performance of any Postal Service by the steam-vessels employed in such Service, and the said Postmaster General having full liberty to negotiate, arrange, and agree with the Imperial Government, and with the Government of any other Colony or Country, for subsidies or contributions to the sum to be paid annually for the said Postal Service, and "the Contractor" being bound to carry all Mails forwarded by or on behalf of the Governments paying such contributions or subsidies to the said Postmaster General, as a portion of the Mail to be carried and conveyed by him for the said Postmaster General under this Agreement and without extra charge.

If the said Postmaster General shall not give "the Contractor" notice that he requires the said Postal Service to be done for one or other of the said annual payments of forty-eight thousand pounds or sixty-eight thousand pounds, he shall within the said period of five months give "the Contractor" notice that he requires the said Service to be performed for an annual payment of thirty thousand pounds, and the Contractor shall have the option, for the period of three calendar months after the receipt of such notice by him, of accepting or rejecting such last-mentioned notice, and of performing the said Postal Service for that sum. And in the event of his accepting such last-mentioned annual payment, he

he shall not be bound or obliged to carry under this Contract any mails for any Colony other than the said Colony of New South Wales; but he shall be at liberty to contract with the Government of any other Colony or Country for the conveyance of their mails by the steam-vessels employed in the Postal Service mentioned herein, but shall not be at liberty in any way to alter the details or mode of performing the said Service.

If the said Postmaster General shall give "the Contractor" notice that he requires the mails to be carried for an annual payment of forty-eight thousand pounds or sixty-eight thousand pounds, it shall be lawful for the Postmaster General to agree with the Government of New Zealand for the conveyance of Her Majesty's mails to and from Kandavau to Auckland, Wellington, Christchurch, and Dunedin in New Zealand, and from Auckland, Wellington, Christchurch, and Dunedin to Kandavau, in steam-vessels of from eight hundred to one thousand tons burthen, of a class similar to the steam-ship "City of Adelaide," so that the said mails may be received or delivered in the same way and in due time from and at Kandavau on board the steam-vessels running from the Port of Sydney to the Port of San Francisco, and from the Port of San Francisco to the Port of Sydney. And "the Contractor," if he shall be required so to do by the said Postmaster General at the same time as he shall receive the forty-eight thousand pounds or sixty-eight thousand pounds notice under this Contract, shall and will provide fit and proper vessels to perform the said last-mentioned Postal Service and shall perform same under the terms and conditions of this Agreement for the further sum of twelve thousand pounds per annum, which sum shall be paid to him by the said Postmaster General in addition to the said annual payment of forty-eight thousand pounds or sixty-eight thousand pounds, whichever of those sums shall be payable under the notice given by the said Postmaster General to "the Contractor."

Upon the said Postmaster General giving "the Contractor" notice that he requires the said Postal Service to be performed for either of the said annual payments of forty-eight thousand pounds or sixty-eight thousand pounds as hereinbefore provided, or upon the Postmaster General giving to "the Contractor" notice that he requires the said Service to be done for an annual payment of thirty thousand pounds, and upon "the Contractor" accepting as aforesaid such last-mentioned notice and agreeing to perform the said Service for the said sum of thirty thousand pounds, "the Contractor" agrees to perform the said Service upon the terms and conditions following, that is to say:—

And these presents further witness that "the Contractor" for himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, covenants and agrees with the said Saul Samuel as such Postmaster General that "the Contractor" shall and will perform the said Postal Service upon the terms and conditions hereinafter contained, that is to say:—

First—"The Contractor" agrees to commence the Service as soon as possible at a period not exceeding twelve months after receiving due notice from the said Postmaster General of the said Colony of New South Wales, such notice to be given within five months from the date hereof, as hereinbefore provided; and in the event of the said Service not being commenced on such day or the first day thereafter which the said Postmaster General may fix as the day of sailing, the said Contractor agrees to pay to the said Postmaster General the sum of one hundred pounds for every day from that time until the Service shall be commenced by the said Contractor, but so as the whole amount of penalties for said failure shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand pounds.

Second—Every vessel employed in this Service is to call on the voyages in both directions at Honolulu and Kandavau, Fiji, or any other island on the direct line from Sydney to Honolulu.

Third—The said mails shall be conveyed from Sydney to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to Sydney, every four weeks by the way of Honolulu and Kandavau, calling at both places, in seven hundred and twenty hours if the sum of forty-eight thousand pounds per annum is to be paid for the conveyance thereof, or in six hundred hours if the sum of sixty-eight thousand pounds per annum is to be paid for the conveyance thereof, or in seven hundred and twenty hours if the said Postal Service is to be carried for the sum of thirty thousand pounds per annum, inclusive of all stoppages.

Fourth—The term "Mails" in these presents shall be held to comprehend and include all boxes bags or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed papers, and all other articles transmissible by the post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed or to that in which they may have originated; also, all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office Service, which shall be sent by or to or from the Post Office.

Fifth—A penalty of three hundred pounds shall be incurred on each occasion when "the Contractor" shall fail in providing a vessel in accordance with his Contract ready to put to sea at the appointed time, and a further penalty of one hundred pounds for every day's failure in providing such a vessel after such appointed time. "The Contractor" also to be subject to a penalty of fifty pounds for every complete period of twenty-four hours consumed on any voyage, from whatever cause arising, beyond the number of hours allowed for the voyage. The payment by "the Contractor" of any penalties shall in no way prejudice the right of the Postmaster General of New South Wales to treat the failure to provide a proper vessel at the appointed time, or to perform a voyage at or within the appointed period, as a breach of this Contract.

Sixth—A premium of fifty pounds will be given for every complete period of twenty-four hours by which the time occupied in any voyage from San Francisco to Sydney or from Sydney to San Francisco may be less than that allowed by the Contract.

Seventh—"The Contractor" to supply, during the continuance of this Contract, and to the satisfaction of the said Postmaster General, a sufficient number of steam vessels of adequate power and in all respects suited for the performance of the Service within the time stipulated in these presents, such vessels to be built of iron, propelled by screw, and of not less than one thousand five hundred tons register, A1 at Lloyd's, with spar decks, having large capacity for passengers and cargo, with ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes; to have steaming and sailing power of the latest and most approved principles.

Eighth—The vessels to be always supplied with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, proper nautical instruments, and whatsoever else may be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for the service to be performed. The vessels to be manned by legally qualified and competent officers and a sufficient crew of engineers, able seamen and other men.

Ninth—The vessels to be subject at all times to survey by officers in the employment of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales, and any defect discovered on such survey to be immediately made good by “the Contractor,”—failing which the vessel to be considered unfit for use, and “the Contractor” to become liable to the penalties named in the first condition. The survey to extend not only to the vessels themselves, but also to the officers, engineers, crew, machinery, and everything which “the Contractor” is bound to provide.

Tenth—The days and hours of departure and arrival at each port to be fixed by the said Postmaster General, and to be subject to alteration from time to time by him on a notice to “the Contractor” of three months. The said Postmaster General also to have power by an order to the commander to delay the departure of any vessel from any port for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, and to delegate this power to any person to whom he may think fit to entrust it.

Eleventh—“The Contractor” to provide to the satisfaction of the said Postmaster General a separate and convenient place of deposit for the mails on board each vessel.

Twelfth—Should the said Postmaster General require it, a room for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails to be also provided to the satisfaction of the said Postmaster General on board each vessel. The actual cost of erecting this sorting room, and of providing the necessary furniture, lamps, &c., to be defrayed by the said Postmaster General, but the furniture and lamps to be cleansed and kept in repair and oil for the lamps to be supplied at the cost of the Contractor. The services of the crew to be given in the conveyance of the mails between the mail room and sorting room.

Thirteenth—Proper accommodation and mess to be provided, if required, for an officer of the Post Office in charge of the mails; such officer to be victualled and otherwise treated as a chief cabin passenger, and whilst the packet stays at any port to or from which the mails are conveyed to be allowed to remain on board.

Fourteenth—At each port where the mails are to be delivered or received, “the Contractor” shall convey the same and the officer having charge of them, to and from the shore as may be necessary, in a suitable boat furnished with suitable cover for the mails and to be properly manned and equipped.

Fifteenth—“The Contractor” and all commanding and other officers of the vessels which may be employed in the performance of this Contract, and all agents, seamen, and servants of “the Contractor,” shall at all times during the continuance of this Contract punctually attend to the orders of the said Postmaster General or of any of his officers or agents, as to the mode, time, and place of embarking and disembarking mails.

Sixteenth—Should the said Postmaster General at any time deem it expedient to place the mails or any part thereof in the care of the commander of any vessel, such commander shall take charge of them and be responsible for their due receipt and delivery. The commander shall also make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal returns and other information, and perform such other services as the said Postmaster General or his officers may from time to time require.

Seventeenth—If this Contract shall be performed under either the forty-eight thousand pounds or sixty-eight thousand pounds notice, then, except such letters as are not required by law to pass through the Post Office, “the Contractor” shall not receive or permit to be received for conveyance on board any of the vessels employed under this Contract any letter other than those contained in mails carried for the said Postmaster General under this Contract, and no mails shall be conveyed on behalf of any Colony or Country without permission of the said Postmaster General, and the whole postage of every mail shall under all circumstances be at his disposal.

Eighteenth—Every vessel which may have started or which should have started before the termination of the Contract must complete its voyage in like manner as if the Contract remained in force, but “the Contractor” shall be entitled to be paid for overtime at the contract rate.

Nineteenth—Every sum of money forfeited by “the Contractor” to be considered as stipulated or ascertained or liquidated damages, and to be payable whether any damage shall or shall not have been sustained by reason of the breach for which the penalty may be imposed; the amount to be deducted by the said Postmaster General out of any moneys then payable or which may thereafter become payable to “the Contractor,” or at his discretion the payment thereof may be enforced by action at law with full costs of suit.

Twentieth—This Contract to continue in force for six years from the time of the commencement thereof as hereinbefore provided; and the same shall be continued thereafter until the expiration of a twenty-four calendar months notice to be given in writing at any time by either party.

Twenty-first—“The Contractor” to have the privilege of a free port at Sydney, and the use once every four weeks from two to three days of the Fitzroy Dry Dock, if not leased or otherwise occupied, and also of the workshops there, on paying all expenses for the same.

Twenty-second—Subject to deductions for penalties or otherwise, payments to be made monthly at the General Post Office, Sydney, by equal monthly payments.

Twenty-third—All notices which the said Postmaster General or any of his officers or agents are authorized to give either to be delivered to the commander of any vessel of the said Contractor, or to any officer or agent of the said Contractor in charge of any of such vessels, or to be left at the office or last known place of business of the said Contractor.

Twenty-fourth—“The Contractor” not to assign this Contract or any part thereof without the consent in writing of the said Postmaster General, save only and except that part of the said Contract which relates to the conveyance of mails from Kandavau to New Zealand, and from New Zealand to Kandavau.

Twenty-fifth.—In case of the breach of the last foregoing condition, the Postmaster General shall have power at once and without notice to terminate this Contract as for breach of Contract.

Twenty-sixth.—For the due fulfilment of this Contract “the Contractor” is to enter into a bond to Her Majesty, with two responsible sureties, in the penalty of ten thousand pounds for the due performance of this Contract, and for the payment of all, every, or any fines, forfeitures, sum or sums of money which may become payable by the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall to the said Postmaster General hereunder.

Twenty-seventh.—Should any disputes arise respecting the interpretation of any part of this Contract, the same to be settled by arbitration in the usual manner.

In

In witness whereof the said parties have hereto set their hands and seals the day and year first before written, the said Saul Samuel signing and sealing these presents as such Postmaster General as aforesaid with the intention of binding the Government of the said Colony and not as extending to create any personal liability on the part of the said Saul Samuel hereunder.

H. H. HALL. (L.S.)  
SAUL SAMUEL. (L.S.)  
Postmaster General.

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the said parties,  
in the presence of,—

T. K. BOWDEN,  
Solicitor for Contractors.

JOHN WILLIAMS,  
Solicitor, Sydney.

[*Endorsement.*]

THE within written are the Articles of Agreement recited or referred to in a certain bond bearing even date herewith, whereby we have become bound to Her Majesty in the penal sum of ten thousand pounds, for the due performance of the Service within agreed to be performed, and for the payment of all or any penalties, &c., payable under the said Articles of Agreement.

H. H. HALL.  
WM. CAMERON.  
JOS. B. DUNN.

Witness—T. K. BOWDEN.  
JOHN WILLIAMS.

No. 28.

BOND.

KNOW all men by these presents, that we, Haydon Hezekiah Hall, of the City of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, Consul of the United States of America, in the said Colony, William Cameron, of Sydney, in the Colony aforesaid, tobacco manufacturer, and Joseph Bragg Dunn, of Sydney, in the Colony aforesaid, tobacco manufacturer, are held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, in the sum of ten thousand pounds sterling, to be paid to our said Lady the Queen, Her Heirs or Successors, to which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves and each and every of us jointly and severally for and in the whole, our and each of our heirs, executors, and administrators, and every of them firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals, dated the thirteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

WHEREAS, by certain Articles of Agreement, bearing even date herewith, and made between the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, of the one part, and the Honorable Saul Samuel, the Postmaster General of the said Colony, of the other part,—the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall hath contracted and agreed with the said Saul Samuel, as such Postmaster General, for the performance of certain Postal Service in and about the carrying of Her Majesty's Mails from the Port of Sydney, in the said Colony, to the Port of San Francisco, in the State of California, and from the said Port of San Francisco to the Port of Sydney aforesaid, by steam-vessels, starting from the said ports respectively every fourth week, as in the said Articles of Agreement is mentioned; and also for the performance, by the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, if required by the said Postmaster General, a Postal Service from Kandavou, Fiji, to certain ports in New Zealand, and from the said ports in New Zealand to Kandavou, as in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned: And whereas previously to and at the time of entering into the said Articles of Agreement, it was agreed that the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, with two sufficient sureties, should enter into a bond or obligation to Her Majesty the Queen in the penal sum of ten thousand pounds, conditioned for the due performance of the Contract contained in the said Articles of Agreement, and for securing the payment to the said Postmaster General of all fines, forfeitures, penalties, sum and sums of money, which under the said Articles of Agreement shall or may at any time and from time to time hereafter become payable to the said Postmaster General for or by reason of any breach or breaches of any one or more of the covenants, conditions, clauses, stipulations, and agreements which, on the part of the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, are to be performed, observed, and kept: Now the condition of this obligation is such, that if the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall do and shall well and truly perform the said Postal Service in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned, according to the true intent and meaning of the said Articles of Agreement, and also do and shall well and truly observe, perform, fulfil, and keep all and every the covenants, contracts, agreements, and stipulations which, by or on the part and behalf of the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, his executors or administrators, are or ought to be observed, performed, fulfilled, and kept, in such manner in all respects as in the said Articles of Agreement are mentioned or required: And if the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, his executors or administrators, do and shall well and truly pay to the said Postmaster General all fines, forfeitures, penalties, damages, liquidated or ascertained damages, sum and sums of money, which shall or may from time to time and at any time hereafter become payable from or by the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall to the said Postmaster General, under or by virtue of the said Articles of Agreement,

Agreement, when and as such fines, forfeitures, damages, liquidated or ascertained damages, sum and sums of money, shall respectively become and be payable, without any deduction or abatement on any account whatsoever: Then this obligation to become void, otherwise to be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, William Cameron, and Joseph Bragg Dunn, the words "and from the said port of San Francisco to the port of Sydney aforesaid" having been previously written between the third and fourth lines from the foot of the first page hereof, in the presence of—

H. H. HALL. (L.S.)  
WM. CAMERON. (L.S.)  
JOS. B. DUNN. (L.S.)

JOHN WILLIAMS,  
Solr., Sydney.  
T. K. BOWDEN,  
Solicitor for Contractors.

### No. 29.

#### AGREEMENT.

WE, the undersigned, Henry Parkes, on behalf of the Government of New South Wales, and William Cameron, on behalf of himself and co-surety, being of opinion that it is desirable to reconsider certain provisions of the Contract made between H. H. Hall, Esquire, and the said Government, dated 13th May, 1873, for carrying Ocean Mails, agree that all negotiations between us for the purpose of effecting certain modifications in said Contract, shall be held of themselves not to alter or vary in law or in equity the provisions of said Contract, which shall only be altered or varied by a similar instrument, as may be mutually agreed upon, executed in similar manner under seal. We further agree, that any such negotiation shall not be held to affect in anywise the liability of the said William Cameron and Joseph Bragg Dunn, as specified in bond dated 13th May, 1873.

Signed at Sydney, the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

HENRY PARKES.  
WM. CAMERON.

Witness—

HENRY HALLORAN.

### No. 30.

#### BOND.

KNOW all men by these presents, that I, William Cameron, of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, tobacco manufacturer, am held and firmly bound unto our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, in the sum of ten thousand pounds sterling, to be paid to our said Lady the Queen, Her Heirs or Successors, to which payment, well and truly to be made, I bind myself, my heirs, executors, and administrators, and each and every of them, firmly by these presents. Sealed with my seal, dated the thirtieth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

WHEREAS by certain Articles of Agreement bearing date the thirteenth day of May last past, and made between Haydon Hezekiah Hall of the one part, and the Honorable Saul Samuel the Postmaster General of the said Colony as such Postmaster General for and on behalf of the Government of the said Colony of the other part, the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall contracted and agreed with the said Saul Samuel as such Postmaster General as aforesaid, for certain Postal Service to be done and performed by him the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall in carrying out a Postal Service between the said Colony of New South Wales and San Francisco, in the State of California; the mails in the said Postal Service to be carried from the Port of San Francisco to the Port of Sydney by steam-ships leaving the said ports respectively every fourth week, the said Postal Service being performed by the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall upon the terms and conditions and in manner in the said Articles of Agreement now in recital mentioned: And whereas by a certain bond or obligation in writing, under the hands and seals of them, the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, William Cameron, and Joseph Bragg Dunn, the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall as principal, and the said William Cameron and Joseph Bragg Dunn as sureties, became bound to our Sovereign Lady Queen Victoria, in the penal sum of ten thousand pounds, with a condition thereunder written for making void the same if the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall should do and perform the Service in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned and carry out and fulfil all and every the conditions and stipulations in the said recited Articles of Agreement contained as in the said Bond is particularly mentioned: And whereas the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, Joseph Bragg Dunn, and the said Saul Samuel are now in London, and the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall hath with the knowledge and consent of the said William Cameron and Joseph Bragg Dunn proposed to the said Saul Samuel as such Postmaster General as aforesaid, that the said Contract and Agreement in the said Articles of Agreement contained shall be altered or modified so as to provide for the concurrence of the Government of New Zealand in the said Postal Service (the said Government of New Zealand being represented in London by Russell) in the manner mentioned in a certain telegram received by the Honorable Henry Parkes, the Colonial Secretary of the said Colony, from the Honorable Saul Samuel, which said telegram is dated at London the twenty-seventh day of August instant, and a copy of which said telegram is hereto annexed and marked with the letter A, and that a new Contract or Agreement shall be entered into between the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall and the said Saul Samuel as such Postmaster General as aforesaid, on behalf of the Colony of New South Wales, and the said Russell, on behalf of the Government of New Zealand, on the basis of the Contract in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned, and of the said telegram with such variation as to details as the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall with the consent, in writing, of the said Joseph Bragg Dunn, Saul Samuel, and Russell may agree to: And whereas the said William Cameron is, and he believes that the said Joseph Bragg Dunn also is desirous that the Government of New Zealand shall be allowed to join in the said

said Postal Service: And whereas, in the absence of the said Saul Samuel, he, as such Postmaster General, is represented by the Honorable Henry Parkes as the Minister in charge of the Postal Department of the said Colony, who is also desirous that the said new Agreement shall be entered into, but is not willing to release the said William Cameron and Joseph Bragg Dunn from their liability as sureties under the before-mentioned bond for ten thousand pounds until the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall and all other necessary parties shall have signed such new Agreement nor until the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, and the said William Cameron and Joseph Bragg Dunn as his sureties shall have entered into a new Bond in ten thousand pounds for the due performance of such Contract: And whereas the said William Cameron has given to the said Joseph Bragg Dunn full power and authority on his behalf to consent to the terms of such new Contract and as his attorney to sign seal and deliver such new bond as is hereinafter mentioned for the performance of such new Contract: Now the condition of this obligation is such that if no new Contract shall be entered into as hereinbefore mentioned in substitution for the said first Contract of the 13th day of May last, and if the said first Contract shall be carried out and performed according to the term and effect, true intent and meaning thereof, in the same manner as if no such negotiations for altering the same or for a new Contract had ever been entertained by the said New South Wales Government or its Representatives, or if in case of any breach or breaches of the said first Contract the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall as principal, or the said William Cameron or Joseph Bragg Dunn as sureties for the performance of the said first Contract shall pay to Her Majesty the Queen, Her Heirs and Successors, all damages, penalties and fines which shall or may be recoverable under the said first-mentioned bond, or which could or might have been so recoverable by reason of any breach or breaches of the said first Contract, if no negotiations for such alteration or for such new Contract as aforesaid had ever been entered into, or if in the event of a new Contract being made and entered into with the consent and approval of the said Joseph Bragg Dunn, testified as aforesaid between the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, Saul Samuel as such Postmaster General as aforesaid, and the said Russell on behalf of the Government of New Zealand on the basis of the said Articles of Agreement, and the said telegram with such modification as to details as may be agreed upon by and between them, the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, Saul Samuel, and Russell, and approved by the said Joseph Bragg Dunn as aforesaid: And if the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall as such Contractor, and the said Joseph Bragg Dunn for himself and also as the attorney of and in the name of the said William Cameron, as sureties for the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, shall execute and deliver a new Bond to our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, for the due performance of the said new Contract, and which new Bond shall be in lieu and instead of the said first bond for ten thousand pounds hereinbefore firstly mentioned, and if the said William Cameron shall ratify the said new Bond so to be signed, sealed, and delivered for him by the said Joseph Bragg Dunn, as such his attorney as aforesaid, then the abovementioned Bond or obligation shall become void, or otherwise it shall remain in full force and virtue.

WM. CAMERON.  
[Seal.]

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the said William  
Cameron, in the presence of—

JNO. BEYNON JACKSON,  
Crown Solicitor's Office, Sydney.

A.

TELEGRAM FROM THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, SYDNEY.

Dated London, 27th August, 1873. Received 28th August, 1873.

ARRANGED with Russell, subject approval of both Governments, New Zealand paying half entire subsidy. Steamers all to be two thousand five hundred (2,500) tons gross, or two thousand (2,000) register. Through steamer to leave Kandavau alternate trip for Sydney and New Zealand. Same arrangement returning, transshipping into steamers same tonnage and speed. This will cause no more delay at Kandavau than Branch Service. Time, twenty-five (25) days. Contractors agree to eighty thousand (80,000) pounds. Penalty up to thirty (30) days one hundred and fifty (150) pounds, then fifty (50). Contractors to receive all subsidies they can get, except Colonies and England. This will give us fast service with large steamers for forty thousand (40,000), exclusive of English postage and half Colonial subsidies. This proposal not to prejudice present Contract if you disapprove. I strongly urge you promptly to confirm arrangement. Union with New Zealand desirable. They join us temporary Service, on terms to be arranged, if you agree to this. Consider American subsidies doubtful; if obtained, encouragement for more efficient Service. Hall has steamers under offer for temporary Service. Russell and self confidence in Contractors' ability to carry out Agreement. If you approve, telegraph concurrence to Vogel to save time. Russell communicating. Reply quickly.

This is the copy telegram referred to in the annexed Bond of William Cameron, and marked A.

WM. CAMERON.

No. 31.

POWER OF ATTORNEY.

TO ALL to whom these presents shall come, I, William Cameron, of the City of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, tobacco manufacturer, send Greeting,—Whereas I, the said William Cameron, and my partner, Joseph Bragg Dunn, are sureties for the due performance, by Haydon Hezekiah Hall, of a certain Agreement, dated the thirteenth day of May last, made between the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, of the one part, and the Honorable Saul Samuel, Postmaster General, for and on behalf of the Government of New South Wales, of the other part, for certain Postal Service to be done and performed by the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, in carrying out a Postal Service between the said Colony of New South Wales and San Francisco, in the State of California: And whereas the parties to the said Agreement are negotiating for certain alterations therein, having special reference to the admission of the Government of

of New Zealand to the said Postal Service: And whereas it is proposed to substitute a new Agreement for the said Agreement of the thirteenth day of May last, to which new Agreement the Government of New Zealand are intended to be made additional parties: And whereas it is proposed that the due performance of this new Agreement shall be secured by a new Bond for ten thousand pounds from the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, as principal, and from me, and the said Joseph Bragg Dunn, as sureties, in favour of our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith: And whereas I am desirous of appointing the said Joseph Bragg Dunn to be my Attorney, for the purposes hereinafter mentioned: Now know ye, that I do hereby nominate and appoint the said Joseph Bragg Dunn to be my true and lawful Attorney, for me and in my name to consider, and if he shall think fit to agree to and approve of such new Agreement. And also for me, and in my name, in conjunction with himself and the said Haydon Hezekiah Hall, to sign, seal, and deliver a new Bond in the penal sum of ten thousand pounds to our Sovereign Lady the Queen for the due performance of the said new Agreement. The said Bond to guarantee the performance of the said new contract in the like manner as the said first Bond for which it is to be substituted guarantees the performance of the said present Contract. And I declare that these presents shall remain in force until notice of my death, or of the revocation hereof by me, shall have been received by my said Attorney.

In witness whereof, I the said William Cameron have hereunto set my hand and seal, the thirtieth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

(L.S.) WM. CAMERON.

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the said William }  
Cameron, in the presence of—

JNO. BEYNON JACKSON,  
Crown Solicitor's Office, Sydney.

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No. 32.

WM. CAMERON, Esq., to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

Virginia Factory, Sydney, N.S.W.,  
30 August, 1873.

[Duty Stamp.]

SIR,

I hereby agree that your consenting to such necessary modifications and changes in the Postal Contract dated 13 May, 1873, between the Honorable Postmaster General of New South Wales and H. H. Hall (for the due performance of which Joseph B. Dunn and myself have given Bond in the sum of £10,000) as may include the Government of New Zealand, shall not invalidate or in any way affect my liability under said Contract until H. H. Hall and Joseph B. Dunn have signed a new Agreement; then the same amount of Bond shall extend over such new Contract.

I am, &c.,  
WM. CAMERON.

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## MAIL SERVICE *via* SAN FRANCISCO.

(CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE AUSTRALASIAN COLONIES RESPECTING.)

### No. 33.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,  
QUEENSLAND.

Sydney, 3 June, 1873.

IF Victoria makes contract, we are disposed to withdraw entirely from Galle Service, and give all our weight, firstly to San Francisco, secondly to Torres Straits Service. In this case what will Queensland do? Reply immediately.

### No. 34.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH  
WALES.

Brisbane, 6 June, 1873.

VICTORIA informs us that she has made provisional contract with P. & O., and offers us the option of joining in Branch Service on terms mentioned at Conference. We reply that, without New South Wales joining, such an arrangement would be out of the question for us. With respect to your proposition, in telegram of 3rd instant, to withdraw entirely from the Galle Service, and give all your weight to a Service *via* San Francisco and a Service *via* Torres Straits, we shall be willing, subject to consent of Parliament, to join you, on condition that the subsidy from each Colony to each Service shall be in proportion to population or number of letters sent. Remember you would have the terminus of both lines.

### No. 35.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 7 June, 1873.

SIR,

I am in receipt of your telegrams informing me of your reply to the Government of Victoria, respecting the new contract made by that Colony with the Peninsular and Oriental Company, for the conveyance of mails between Galle and Melbourne, and also of your concurrence in our request to the Secretary of State for the temporary continuance of present contract.

2. I now do myself the honor to transmit copy of the telegram sent, through His Excellency the Governor, to Lord Kimberley.

3. With reference to the telegram received from Mr. Francis (which I presume was a circular to all the Colonies) this Government cannot admit that the decision of the late Conference, in respect to the first proposal made by the Lords of the Treasury, has any binding effect whatever after the Imperial Government declined to carry out that decision. It is not open to the Government of Victoria in its new contract to claim any support or advantage from the proceedings of the Conference in relation to a matter altogether different. The determination finally arrived at by the Imperial Government was not even thought of at the Conference.

4. This Government will inform the Government of Victoria by next mail that the Colony of New South Wales cannot join in the new contract. A contract has already been entered into for a forty-five days' service, *via* San Francisco, and instructions have been sent to England by the Electric Telegraph to proceed with the building of steamers expressly for this Service. At the same time we are disposed to join heartily with Queensland in developing the Torres Straits route, and throw all the correspondence and traffic of this Colony into the two lines.

5. I trust I shall receive your assurance that there is nothing to interfere with the cordial agreement and union of the two Colonies at the present juncture in promoting efficient and economical Postal Services for themselves.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

[Enclosure.]

[Enclosure.]

Telegram from His Excellency the Governor to The Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Sydney, 6 June, 1873.

MINISTERS consider that the last decision of Imperial Government leaves the Mail Service *via* Galle practically in the hands of Victoria and South Australia. In this turn of events New South Wales and Queensland must depend on Services now only partially organized.

To afford the necessary time for this purpose, Ministers hope the Imperial Government will arrange for continuing present Service temporarily for twelve or even six months, which would only delay commencement of new contract for a short time and cause no real inconvenience to any Colony. Merchants of Sydney, in public meeting, have passed resolution to same effect. Ministers do not see how contracting Colony can reasonably object to such temporary arrangement. The Government of Queensland concurs in this request.

## No. 36.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

YOUR letter of 7th received, and, so far as it goes, satisfactory. You may depend on our cordial co-operation, but as we shall have to bring the whole subject before Parliament early next week, we shall be glad to hear from you on what terms you agree to join us. Are either of the terms mentioned in my telegram of sixth (6th) June accepted; if so, which?

## No. 37.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND.

Sydney, 11 June, 1873.

SUBJECT to sanction of Parliament (which we do not doubt), this Government consents to your proposal in telegram of 6th—that Queensland and New South Wales give their exclusive support to Ocean Mail Services *via* San Francisco and *via* Torres Straits; the subsidy of Queensland to San Francisco Service and subsidy of New South Wales to Torres Straits Service to be in proportion to number of letters. Is this satisfactory?

## No. 38.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Brisbane, 12 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your telegram of the 11th instant, which is quite satisfactory. I have placed the enclosed notice of motion on the business-paper of the Assembly, and that, with the other resolutions agreed to at the Conference, will most probably come on for discussion next week.

I am, &c.,  
A. H. PALMER.

[Enclosure.]

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—NOTICE OF MOTION:—

1. MR. PALMER to move, That this House will, at its next sitting, resolve itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the propriety of giving authority to the Government of this Colony to enter into an arrangement with the Government of New South Wales for a Mail Service *via* California, on the following terms, viz. :—
  - (1.) That New South Wales join this Colony in the contract for the Torres Straits Service.
  - (2.) The subsidy of Queensland to the Californian Service, and subsidy of New South Wales to Torres Straits Service, to be in proportion to the number of letters sent from each Colony by those lines.

## No. 39.

EXTRACT OF TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Brisbane, 17 June, 1873.

*Re* California Service.—Do you propose steamer to call at Pilot Station, Moreton Bay, with, and for, our mails—delay would be very short. If not, how do you propose our mail to be received or sent? Reply at once, as question comes on to-day.

No. 40.

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No. 40.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,  
QUEENSLAND.

Sydney, 17 June, 1873.

CANNOT without consultation give reply to your inquiry. There are several matters relating to both Services on which mutual explanations will be required. In meantime we are prepared to act with desire to meet you on all points. Are willing to send Minister to Brisbane if desirable.

No. 41.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,  
QUEENSLAND.

Sydney, 18 June, 1873.

WE cannot impair directness of line for any consideration; but the question cannot be conveniently discussed by telegram. Quite willing to send Minister to Brisbane.

No. 42.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH  
WALES.

Brisbane, 19 June, 1873.

MOTION as to Queensland joining New South Wales in Californian Service came on last night; was strongly opposed, and postponed until Tuesday. Unless the mail steamer calls at Pilot Station, Moreton Bay, with mails on outward and homeward passage, there is not any probability of the motion being agreed to; matters of detail will also have to be arranged.

No. 43.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,  
QUEENSLAND.

Sydney, 19 June, 1873.

YOUR telegram *re* Postal Service received. Letter by to-morrow's mail. Will you inform me what time you calculate for delivery of English mails *via* Torres Straits, say in Sydney *via* Southampton, and *via* Brindisi respectively?

No. 44.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 20 June, 1873.

SIR,

With reference to your telegrams requiring the ships of the Trans-Pacific Mail Service to call off Cape Moreton to receive and deliver the Queensland mails, I am now desired by His Excellency Sir Hercules Robinson to inform you that this Government, after the most mature consideration of the subject, has decided not to consent to any arrangement which would interfere with the shortness of the passage between Sydney and San Francisco.

2. In any agreement between this Colony and Queensland for the promotion of the two lines by way of San Francisco and by way of Torres Straits, the heaviest share of contribution would obviously fall upon New South Wales. This Government was prepared to enter fully into the development of the Torres Straits route, without expecting any very large support from Queensland in establishing communication across the Pacific, and I informed you to this effect in my letter of the 7th instant. But as you desire to have all the details definitely explained before you finally give your adherence to the San Francisco Service, it appears to me that I ought also to be definitely informed of the advantages which New South Wales would receive from the service *via* Torres Straits. If the ships of that line are to call at all the more important of the northern settlements of Queensland, it must be admitted that in proportion to the delays so caused the value of the Service will be impaired to this Colony. I shall therefore be glad to be informed what number of days are calculated for the mail delivery between Sydney and London, both ways *via* Southampton and *via* Brindisi respectively; at the present time when questions of this kind are put to me, I am not in a position to give any accurate answer.

3. With regard to the Pacific Service, it is very probable that this Government will close the provisional contract (which gives the Colony the choice of two Services) for the higher subsidy of £68,000, which is for a mail delivery between Sydney and Liverpool in forty days, namely twenty-five days between Australia and California, six days across the Continent of America, and nine days across the Atlantic. In this case the Queensland mails would be delivered to and from Brisbane in forty-two or forty-three days, which would be much quicker than they can be delivered by any other route.

4.

4. This Government is desirous, with the approval of Parliament, of joining Queensland in establishing the Torres Straits Service, and it will be glad to receive your co-operation in the Pacific Service. But it has already deliberately declined the assistance of New Zealand on the condition that the steamers of the main line should call at a New Zealand port, and it cannot consent to their calling off Cape Moreton, or to any departure from the direct route, on any consideration whatever.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 45.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Brisbane, 21 June, 1873.

DELIVERY of mails in Sydney by Torres Straits route *via* Southampton, sixty-two days fourteen hours; *via* Brindisi, fifty-four days fourteen hours—two days detention between Sydney and Singapore included.

## No. 46.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Queensland.  
Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Brisbane, 4 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 20th June last, in reference to the proposal made by this Government for the ships employed in the Trans-Pacific Mail Service to call off Moreton Bay to receive and deliver the Queensland mails, in which you state that, after the most mature consideration of the subject, your Government had decided not to consent to any arrangement which would interfere with the shortness of the passage between Sydney and San Francisco, and that therefore the steamers could not be allowed to call off Cape Moreton, or any departure sanctioned from the direct route, on any consideration whatever.

This decision arrived at by your Government puts an end to all further negotiations on the subject, as it would be useless to expect our co-operation in the Californian Mail Service on such conditions.

As it appears, however, that Victoria has provided herself with a Service *via* Suez, and New South Wales a Trans-Pacific Service, this Government has come to the conclusion that the time has arrived for Queensland to establish for herself a Service that holds out the greatest advantages, without relying upon the assistance of the other Colonies, and our Agent General has already been instructed to complete arrangements and to accept a contract for a Mail Service by the Torres Straits route, with Brisbane as its terminus.

This Government will, however, be glad to enter, at any time, into reciprocal arrangements for the transmission of letters with the respective Governments of New South Wales and Victoria.

I have, &c.,  
A. H. PALMER.

## No. 47.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 16 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 4th instant, which did not, however, reach this office until the 14th. I had previously learned, by way of London, in telegram from Sir Charles Cowper, the decision of the Queensland Government in reference to the Mail Services *via* Torres Straits and California. I also, some days before I received your letter, had read in the *Brisbane Courier* of the 3rd instant, your speech to the Legislative Assembly of Queensland announcing your decision.

2. I conclude, from your present communication, that you release the Government of this Colony from all promises of support to the Torres Straits Service, and from all obligations in relation to it.

3. Your expressed desire to enter into reciprocal arrangements with this Government for the transmission of letters, by the respective Mail Services of the two Colonies, is accepted in the same friendly spirit in which it is conveyed. On this subject I will do myself the honor to address you fully at an early date.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

No. 48.

## No. 48.

MAIL SERVICE *via* CALIFORNIA.

## MINUTE PAPER.

If New South Wales were to become responsible for a Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, *via* Fiji and Honolulu, once in every four weeks, at a cost of £68,000 a year—the time occupied between Sydney and London to be forty days—the following are the estimated amounts that would probably be received from various sources in diminution of the subsidy.

In the first place, there will be our own *outward* postages on European correspondence, estimated at £8,900 a year.

The Imperial Government has promised to deliver mails at, and convey them from, San Francisco, and to give to the Colony the Imperial outward postages (less the British inland rate and transit charges), which would probably amount to £6,715 a year, making the New South Wales postages both ways equal to £15,615 a year.

If New South Wales were to offer the use of this Service to the neighbouring Colonies, on condition that postages equal in amount to the ordinary New South Wales ship postage rates upon all correspondence despatched from the Colonies, and the postages promised by Great Britain on correspondence despatched thence, were paid to her, the following is an estimate of the probable amount she would receive from these sources in diminution of the subsidy, namely,—

Colony.	Outward Postage.	Inward Postage.	Total
	£	£	£
Victoria.....	7,333	5,533	12,866
Queensland .....	4,000	3,035	7,035
Tasmania .....	400	280	680
South Australia .....	741	524	1,265
	General Total..... £		21,846

In framing these estimates, it has been assumed that the Service will be so arranged as to alternate as nearly as possible with the present Service *via* Galle. Such an arrangement would offer inducements to the public of the Colonies named to use the line, which they certainly would do even if discouraged by their respective Governments, seeing that they would be offered the use of a Mail Service which, whilst nearly alternating with the other line, would convey their letters in less time than is now occupied *via* Galle, either by the Brindisi or the Southampton route, at a cost of 3d. per  $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. less than by the first-named route, and at an equal cost to that of the second one.

When these facts are borne in mind, it will probably not be considered that the anticipated receipts by New South Wales from the neighbouring Colonies, for postages on European correspondence, are over-estimated.

And we should, in addition to the foregoing, receive a considerable sum for postages on correspondence *despatched* both by ourselves and by the neighbouring Colonies to Fiji, Honolulu, America, and New Caledonia. There is but little data on which to base a calculation of the value of these, but it is very certain that when the Service is thoroughly developed, and commercial relations established thereby, the correspondence will be large. The following is an estimate, or rather a guess, of the probable value of these postages (say) for the first year:—

Colony.	Postages to				Total.
	Fiji.	Honolulu.	America.	New Caledonia.	
	£	£	£	£	£
New South Wales .....	325	50	746	62	1,183
Victoria .....	600	90	1,400	40	2,130
Queensland .....	100	12	205	16	333
Tasmania .....	10	.....	20	10	40
South Australia .....	20	.....	60	10	90
	General Total.....£				3,776

It will be seen from the foregoing remarks, that the estimated amounts that New South Wales would receive in diminution of her subsidy from all sources, may be summarized as follows:—

On her own correspondence with Europe—both ways .....	£15,615
On correspondence between the neighbouring Colonies and Europe—both ways .....	21,846
On correspondence <i>from</i> this and the neighbouring Colonies for Fiji, Honolulu, America, and New Caledonia .....	3,776
<b>Total .....</b>	<b>£41,237</b>

No account has been taken of New Zealand correspondence, though, if the line is successful, there is little doubt that New Zealand will use it to some extent on the terms proposed; nor has account been taken of the *outward* postages from Fiji and America, but in all probability arrangements could be made with the Governments of Fiji, Honolulu, United States, Canada, and other places, that if they did not give a subsidy they would come in on the terms offered to the Colonies, and give us the postages on their own *outward* correspondence, less territorial transit rates.

In making these estimates it has of course been assumed that there will be no second Service established across the Pacific, which would interfere with the anticipated postages receipts of New South Wales from other Colonies.

If, for instance, a Service were to be established by New Zealand, and Victoria were to join in that Service, the receipts estimated in this paper would doubtless be reduced by the amounts set down as probably receivable from Victoria, South Australia, and Tasmania.

S.H.L., 16/7/73.

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MEMORANDUM.

Mr. Lambton's estimated revenue from postages	...	...	...	...	£41,237
Subsidy from Honolulu	...	...	...	...	5,000
"    "    Fiji	...	...	...	...	3,000
"    or postages from United States	...	...	...	...	6,000
Postages from New Zealand	...	...	...	...	6,000
					<u>£61,237</u>

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Cabinet decide—

1st. To give notice to Contractors to close contract for service of forty (40) days at £68,000.

2nd—To inform Governments of Victoria, New Zealand, South Australia, Queensland, and Tasmania, that this Government will carry their letters *via* San Francisco, on condition of receiving the postages both ways without any subsidy.

H.P., 16/7/73.

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No. 49.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND.

Sydney, 16 July, 1873.

THIS Government, without asking any subsidy to San Francisco Mail Service, is prepared to carry all Queensland letters for 6d. under half-ounce postages. Delivery between Liverpool and Brisbane in forty-two to forty-three days. Letters by post.

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No. 50.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 18 July, 1873.

SIR,

Referring to my letter of the 16th, in acknowledgment of yours of the 4th, on the subject of the Ocean Mail Services, I have now the honor to inform you of the final decision to which this Government has been forced by the action of the neighbouring Colonies, in opposition to its own views of what would have been the wiser and better policy for all.

2. As you are aware, the Representatives of New South Wales at the late Conference proposed that all the Colonies should unite in organizing efficient Services for the three mail routes now identified with the names of Galle, San Francisco, and Torres Straits. I stated, on behalf of my colleague and myself, when invited at the commencement of the proceedings to express the views of this Government, that nothing short of the three Services would meet the wants of all the Colonies, and that our Colony was prepared to cordially join in their establishment. To whatever causes the existing disagreements may be attributable, this Government cannot admit that it is in any degree answerable for them. At the Conference

ference and throughout the course of subsequent transactions, it has scrupulously abstained from seeking advantages for New South Wales from any one of the projected Services which would impair the efficiency of that Service to the other Colonies. On the contrary, the other Colonies have contended for advantages, in some cases more imaginary than real, which could not be conceded without seriously injuring the mail delivery to New South Wales. At the Conference, the representatives of this Colony unhesitatingly consented to the Galle steamers calling at Glenelg, and, if practicable, at Cockburn Sound, to meet the convenience of the South-western Colonies. In reference to the same Service, this Colony never raised an objection, nor expressed a feeling of jealousy, that Melbourne as compared with Sydney possessed the great advantage of being the first port of arrival and the last of departure, and was also the port of connection for the Branch Services to Tasmania and New Zealand. In organizing the San Francisco Service, the Government was desirous that New Zealand should participate on equitable terms in its advantages, and receive her mails from Fiji by boats of equal speed with those bringing the mails to Sydney. Again, in respect to Queensland, no objection was ever raised here to the Torres Straits steamers calling at your northern ports, although every detention for such purpose would necessarily render the Service, for correspondence with India, China, and Europe, less valuable to New South Wales. No consideration of the kind was suffered to interfere with our readiness to assist in opening that route. And this Government expressed itself prepared to incur the responsibility of the shortest and costliest Service to San Francisco, by which the Queensland mails would be securely delivered by steamers at the wharf in Brisbane in less time than the time you were quite willing to accept, so far as I have been informed, provided the mails were received and delivered by pilot boats in the open sea off Cape Moreton.

3. While this is a fair statement of the main facts in relation to the course pursued by this Colony in the postal negotiations of the last several months, it is unfortunately the case that, so far from the interests of New South Wales being considered by the neighbouring Colonies, the demands made in every instance have been calculated to entail injury upon her without any compensating benefit to others. Thus, Melbourne being already, so far as the bulk of the mail matter is concerned, the first port of arrival and the last of departure of the Galle steamers, and possessing also the Branch Services, must now be made the head quarters of the Main Service—not to improve its efficiency either to Victoria or to the other Colonies, but, as is openly avowed, to enable Victoria to assert her position as the premier Colony. This Colony has had no quarrel with Victoria, and has never sought or considered itself under any necessity to obtain an advantage to her injury in the Galle Service. It has simply maintained that the terminus ought to be at Sydney, because the port of Sydney, by its geographical position, its supplies of coal, its extensive docking and engineering establishments, is pointed out as the terminus, and because experience has shown that no inconvenience has arisen to the other Colonies by Sydney being the terminus. It has resisted the change of terminus, not in any spirit of aggression, but in self-defence, because the question, whatever amount of prestige or substantial advantage may be supposed to attach to it, was not one of selection, but one of taking away to give to another. In the case of New Zealand, the Government of that Colony requires, as an absolute condition of her co-operation in the San Francisco Service, that the boats of the main line shall call at a New Zealand port, although any such arrangement would extend by two to three days the time between San Francisco and Sydney, while the New Zealand mails might be as securely and as speedily carried by a steamer from Fiji. And now I regret to learn that, on behalf of Queensland, you decline to act with this Colony, because its Government cannot consent to lengthen the San Francisco Service by two days, to enable the boats to call off Cape Moreton; notwithstanding that it is proposed here to close the contract for forty days between Sydney and Liverpool, which would enable the Queensland mails from England to be delivered at Brisbane in shorter time than by the forty-five days' service, even if the boats were to call at the Moreton Island Pilot Station as you desire.

4. With this state of things as the result of past negotiations, the public honor not less than the public interest requires that New South Wales should rely solely upon her own resources for her mail communication with Europe and America. Victoria has now obtained her coveted object, and this Government has no desire to make further allusion to the course she has thought well to adopt in connection with the Galle Service. Nor does it appear probable that any good would follow from re-opening negotiations in other directions. Henceforth this Colony must direct all its efforts to organizing in the most effective manner the mail communication between Sydney and San Francisco; and perhaps it is not unfortunate, after all, that it is relieved from any direct burden in connection with other Services. Under the Contract entered into for the Pacific Service, the Government, as you have been informed, has the choice, within a limited period, between a speed of 720 hours and a speed of 600 hours for the passage in both directions; and it has been determined to close at once for the higher speed. Although the ships for the Service had to be built after the contract was made, the designs and instructions for them had previously been in the hands of the builders for several months, and there is no reason to doubt that the contractors will be prepared to commence the line from both ends within twelve months after receiving notice of the decision of this Government. In the meantime, the necessary steps have been taken to secure an interim Service, should it be found to be desirable, after the expiration of the present Suez Contract.

5. The Government of New South Wales is anxious that no feeling should grow up between these Australian Colonies inconsistent with the community of interests which ought to bind them together; and it has decided to throw open the Pacific Mail Service to all the Colonies alike, without reference to the misunderstandings which have taken place, and without requiring a shilling in the shape of subsidy from any of them. If the speed contracted for be secured, of which no doubt is entertained, the mails between Liverpool and Brisbane and between Liverpool and Melbourne will be delivered in forty-two to forty-three days, and the only payment asked from the non-contracting Colonies will be the postages on the mail matter carried. Taking the English correspondence of Brisbane, for example—the charge to the public of Queensland will be, for letters under half an ounce, 6d. in forty-three days, *via* San Francisco; against 9d. in fifty-two days, *via* Brindisi; and 6d. in sixty days, *via* Southampton.

6. This Government invites your consideration to the offer it now submits, in response to your expressed desire for reciprocal arrangements for the transmission of letters by the respective Services of the two Colonies.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.



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## No. 51.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, QUEENSLAND, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Brisbane, 19 July, 1873.

YOUR telegram received. *Re* Postage *via* Californian route. We accept the proffered courtesy with thanks, and shall be happy to reciprocate on the Torres Straits route.

## No. 52.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY, SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

Sydney, 18 July, 1873.

THIS Government has decided to carry letters for all the Australian Colonies *via* San Francisco, for the postages without any subsidy. Contract speed, twelve knots. Estimated time between Liverpool and Adelaide, forty-five days.

## No. 53.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY, TASMANIA.

Sydney, 18 July, 1873.

THIS Government has decided to carry letters for all the Australian Colonies, *via* San Francisco, for the postages without any subsidy. Contract speed, twelve knots. Estimated time between Liverpool and Hobart Town, forty-five days.

## No. 54.

TELEGRAM FROM THE CHIEF SECRETARY, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Adelaide, 21 July, 1873.

YOUR telegram of 18th received. This Government recognizes the liberality of your offer.

## No. 55.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 18 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that this Government has concluded a contract for six years for a line of steam mail packets between Sydney and San Francisco, to perform the passage in both directions in six hundred (600) hours. The designs and instructions for the ships of this line were placed in the hands of eminent builders in Scotland several months ago, and the contractors report that they are now in the course of construction. Arrangements have been made for an interim Service from the end of this year until the opening of the new line, should such Service be found to be necessary.

2. The new Pacific Service being entirely in the hands of New South Wales, the Government has decided to throw it open to all the other Colonies, without asking any subsidy towards its support, carrying their letters for the postages only, at the rate of 6d. for each letter under half an ounce. The estimated time between Melbourne and Liverpool will be forty-three days.

3. I shall be glad to be informed of the arrangements which the Government of Victoria proposes for the transmission of letters by the Mail Service *via* Galle.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 56.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW ZEALAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 23 July, 1873.

SIR,

In reference to the contract made by New South Wales for a line of steam mail packets between Sydney and San Francisco (particulars of which have been communicated to you), I have the honor to inform you that this Government has now decided to withdraw from the position of seeking the co-operation of the other Colonies, and to throw the Service open for the conveyance of letters to and from Australia and New Zealand for the postages only.

2. As you are aware this Government had secured to it the choice between a mail delivery calculated at forty-five days, and one at forty days, to and from Liverpool; and the contract has been closed for the service of 12 knots per hour, or 600 hours, between Sydney and San Francisco.

3. I notice some observations addressed by Mr. Vogel to Mr. Samuel, which appear to convey the impression, on the part of your Government, that the contract may possibly not be carried out. I beg to assure you that this Government has no reason to entertain the slightest doubt of the integrity and ample means of the contractors, who represent large firms in Sydney, Melbourne, London, Liverpool, and in New Zealand. The new boats of the line, built expressly for this Service, will commence running from Sydney and San Francisco about the middle of next year, but this Government is prepared to start an interim Service (though not of equal speed) in January next, should such temporary Service be found to be required, after the expiration of the present Suez contract.

4. The Government of New South Wales is prepared to convey the letters of New Zealand for the postages on the mail matter carried, without asking any direct contribution towards the subsidy of £68,000. The only arrangement necessary, on the part of New Zealand, to secure the full advantages of this Service, will be the employment of a fast steamer between Kandavau and a New Zealand port; and any proposal for that object, which will be satisfactory to you, will be entertained by this Government, with a cordial desire to consult the interests of your Colony.

I have, &c.  
HENRY PARKES.

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No. 57.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.  
Melbourne, 29 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, dated 18th instant, intimating that your Government had concluded a contract for a Mail Service with Europe *via* San Francisco, and expressing your willingness to allow Victorian letters to be forwarded by it without subsidy from this Colony; and in reply, to inform you that it has been referred for the consideration of the Minister in charge of the Post Office Department.

I have, &c.,  
J. G. FRANCIS.

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No. 58.

THE COLONIAL TREASURER, TASMANIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.  
Colonial Treasury,  
Hobart Town, 29 July, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 19th instant, addressed to the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, notifying, for the information of this Government, that your Government "has decided to carry letters for all the Australian Colonies *via* San Francisco for the postages, without charging any subsidy; contract speed, 12 knots. Estimated time between Liverpool and Hobart Town, forty-five days."

On behalf of this Government I beg to thank you for the concession made, which will be duly notified, in order that the public may derive the fullest advantage to be gained by this means of communication.

I have, &c.,  
FRED. M. INNES.

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No. 59.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.  
Melbourne, 4 August, 1873.

SIR,

With reference to your letter of the 18th ultimo, stating that the Government of New South Wales will be prepared to convey the correspondence of the other Colonies by its new Pacific Service, when established, without requiring any subsidy, but the postages only, and requesting to be informed of the arrangements this Government proposes for the transmission of letters by the Mail Service by Galle, I have the honor, in the first place, to convey to you the thanks of this Government for your offer of the Californian Service on the terms mentioned, but, in regard to your inquiry, to state that no definite reply can be given to it until the correspondence now in progress has been concluded between Victoria and other Colonies as to the terms on which the latter shall contribute towards the Service *via* Suez.

2. In the event of an arrangement arising out of a proposition which has been made by the Honorable Mr. Vogel for the interchange of Mail Services between New Zealand and Victoria being carried into effect, its obligations will of course be respected; and as a definite answer from Mr. Vogel is daily expected, a final reply to your letter must be postponed; but as soon as possible, and a specific answer is received, a reply to your inquiry as to the postal charges for the use of the Suez Service by the Colony of New South Wales will be transmitted to you.

I have, &c.,  
J. G. FRANCIS.

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No. 60.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.  
Chief Secretary's Office,  
Adelaide, 5 August, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor, by desire of His Excellency Governor Musgrave, to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 19th ult., advising the dispatch, on the 18th idem, of a telegram notifying the decision of your Government to carry letters for all the Australian Colonies, *via* San Francisco, for the postages without any subsidy.

In reply, I can only reiterate the statement of my predecessor, conveyed to you by telegram on the 19th July, that this Government fully recognize the liberality of your offer.

I have, &c.,  
ARTHUR BLYTH.

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No. 61.

## No. 61.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 30 August, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23rd instant, communicating the terms on which the Government of Victoria proposes to convey the letters of the other Colonies by the mail steamers between Melbourne and Galle, after the expiration of the existing contract with the Peninsular and Oriental Company.

I have to thank you for the obliging manner in which this information has been afforded.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

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No. 62.

TELEGRAM from THE HONORABLE JULIUS VOGEL to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Wellington, 6 August, 1873.

I acknowledge with thanks the offer contained in your letter of July 23rd, and the courteous and considerate language in which it is framed. Mr. Russell is at Home, specially charged with attention to New Zealand interests. In this matter the offer has been submitted for his recommendation and report. Until hear from him, not able to give you view of New Zealand Government on it.

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## MAIL SERVICE *via* SAN FRANCISCO.

(CORRESPONDENCE WITH FOREIGN STATES RESPECTING.)

### No. 63.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE MINISTER FOR FINANCE, HONOLULU, SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 16 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor, by direction of His Excellency Sir Hercules Robinson, to inform you that this Government has concluded a contract for a Steam Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, in connection with the Mail Services between San Francisco and England. The steam-ships will be built at Glasgow, about 1,500 tons register, with compound engines and the latest improvements for speed and comfort.

It is intended that this line shall connect with Kandavau, in the Fijis, and with Honolulu. The Government of New South Wales has the option of a Service between this port and San Francisco of 720 hours for £48,000 per annum, or a Service of 600 hours for £68,000.

It is understood here that your Government is prepared to pay a subsidy in support of an efficient Mail Service between Australia and California. The Service now being organized will be performed by ships of first class in all the qualities required to give satisfaction, and the contractors are under a bond of £10,000 to commence running within twelve months after notice by this Government of its acceptance of the longer or shorter Service. Pending the building of the new ships, it is probable that a temporary Service will be maintained, to commence in January next. I should be glad to learn from you the amount of subsidy which the Government of the Hawaiian Islands will grant to the Service.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES,  
Colonial Secretary.

### No. 64.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE HONORABLE THE MINISTER FOR FINANCE,  
HONOLULU, SANDWICH ISLANDS.

Sydney, 27 June, 1873.

GOVERNMENT of this Colony has made contract for Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco in twenty-five days. Letter to you by last mail, inviting co-operation and subsidy.

### No. 65.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE SECRETARY OF STATE, WASHINGTON, UNITED STATES.

Sydney, 27 June, 1873.

GOVERNMENT of this Colony desires to inform you that it has entered into contract for Mail Service across Pacific, which will make the postal delivery between New York and Sydney thirty-two days. A Member of the Government will visit Washington on the subject.



## MAIL SERVICE *via* SAN FRANCISCO.

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING NEW ZEALAND JOINING IN.)

### No. 66.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW ZEALAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 24 May, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you that this Government is authorized by Parliament to take the necessary steps to establish an efficient line of steam mail packets between Sydney and San Francisco, in connection with the Mail Services now existing between the last-named port and Great Britain. A sum of (£30,000) thirty thousand pounds per annum has been sanctioned for this purpose, which it is considered is more than will be found to be necessary as the yearly subsidy from this Colony, if that co-operation be obtained which may be reasonably expected from the other Governments interested in the establishment of this Service.

2. A provisional contract has been entered into for the Service, which we have every reason to believe will secure its performance by ships of adequate capacity and of the first class in build and steam power. The vessels will be built, under the personal inspection of the contractors, expressly for this line of steam navigation.

3. The Government of New South Wales is anxious to secure the co-operation of the New Zealand Government in the establishment of this Mail Service, if such co-operation can be obtained without diminishing the value of the Service to this Colony. It appears to me and my colleagues, that the Service may be made equally valuable to New Zealand and New South Wales, if we can deal, as I entertain a sanguine hope we shall be able to deal, in a liberal and an equitable spirit with the various considerations involved in the question.

4. In order that the whole subject may be fairly discussed with the Government of New Zealand, the Hon. Saul Samuel, the Postmaster General of this Colony (who is commissioned to proceed to London and Washington in connection with the projected Service) will visit New Zealand, and leaves to-day by the steam-ship "Hero." I sincerely hope his negotiations with your Government will be successful in securing the united action of the two Colonies in a matter of so much importance to both. The main considerations with this Colony are, that the highest speed which is practicable be obtained, and that the passage of the Pacific be not protracted by any unnecessary call or deviation from the direct route; and we are anxious that these considerations should be fully extended to New Zealand.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

### No. 67.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW ZEALAND, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Wellington, 6 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the number and date as per margin, upon the subject of the establishment of a line of steam mail packets between Sydney and San Francisco. No. 203, May 2.

The Honorable Mr. Samuel, who has been received by this Government with much pleasure, will doubtless have submitted to the Government of New South Wales the correspondence which has taken place upon this question; and you will thus be placed in possession of the views of the Government of New Zealand as to the proposed Postal Service.

I have, &c.,  
WILLIAM H. REYNOLDS.

### No. 68.

THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Melbourne, 12 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to inform you, with reference to the Commission authorizing me to proceed to New Zealand, London, and Washington, in connection with the establishment of a Mail Service between Sydney and Great Britain *via* San Francisco, that I arrived at Auckland on the 30th ultimo, at which place I received a telegram from the Honorable Mr. Vogel expressing his regret that he was too unwell to meet me at that city, and stating that he had under the circumstances sent the Government steamer "Luna" to convey me to Wellington. I accordingly proceeded in that steamer, and arrived on the 3rd June. On the same day (3rd June) I had an interview with Mr. Vogel, and discussed at some length the subject of an arrangement between the Colonies for the establishment of a Pacific Mail Service.

I explained the nature of the provisional Contract which has been made by the New South Wales Government, and proposed that the two Colonies should jointly undertake the Service between Sydney and

and San Francisco, *via* Kandavau, Fiji, and Honolulu, including a separate connecting line between Kandavau, Auckland, Wellington, Christchurch, and Dunedin (New Zealand), on the following terms, viz. :—

New South Wales to contribute	... ..	£35,000
New Zealand	... ..	25,000
Total amount of subsidy required for ten-knot Service, as provided in the provisional Contract		£60,000

In the event of subsidies being obtained from other Governments, the amount to be equally divided between New South Wales and New Zealand.

After a long conversation, Mr. Vogel desired that the consideration of the matter might be deferred until the following day, in order that he might consult with his colleagues. In this I concurred, and in the meantime determined to submit my proposal in writing, which I did in the form of a letter, dated the 3rd June, copy of which I enclose for your information.

On the next day (4th June), by appointment, I met Mr. Vogel and several members of the Cabinet, and the subject was then again fully discussed, with, I regret to say, no satisfactory result, Mr. Vogel intimating that no Service would be acceptable to the New Zealand Government unless it provided for the main line of steamers calling at one or more of the New Zealand ports.

I urged the unreasonableness of requiring the whole of the Australian mails and passengers to make a detour of three days' duration, when a Service in every way sufficient for New Zealand, performed by steam-vessels of from 800 to 1,000 tons, could be secured at a small cost by a separate line of steamers between Kandavau and New Zealand ports, which vessels would perform the Mail Service of the whole of the New Zealand coast, and thus practically make New Zealand one terminus of the Pacific Service. During the interview, Mr. Vogel expressed some doubt as to the ability of the contractor to carry out what he had undertaken; and, in order to remove any difficulties on this point, I deemed it expedient to write the letter dated the 4th June, a copy of which is annexed. I may however here mention, that Mr. Vogel stated that he was satisfied as to the sufficiency of the contractor's sureties,—remarking that if the New South Wales Government would consent to cancel the present contract and make another on the terms which his Government desired, he was willing that the present contractor should have the preference in such new contract.

As I was anxious to catch the English mail steamer "Bangalore" at Melbourne, and as I felt that I could not further advance matters by remaining any longer at Wellington, I left the Cabinet sitting, receiving a promise that the decision arrived at would be communicated to me by letter addressed to Melbourne.

I left Wellington per "Tararua" on the 4th instant, and on the arrival of the steamer at Hokitika on the 6th I received a telegram from Mr. Vogel stating that the promised reply had been forwarded to Melbourne.

The omitted paragraph refers to a correspondence published in newspapers.

I have nothing further to add to this communication, except that I shall proceed to England by the "Bangalore" on the 18th instant, where I trust I shall be able successfully to carry out the object of my mission.

I have, &c.,  
SAUL SAMUEL.

[Enclosures.]

No. 1.

The Honorable Saul Samuel to The Honorable Julius Vogel, &c., Wellington.

Wellington, New Zealand,

3 June, 1873.

Sir,

Referring to the despatch of the Colonial Secretary of New South Wales, addressed to you on the 24th May last, intimating that I had been deputed to negotiate with your Government with a view to the establishment of a Postal Service between Great Britain and Australia, *via* San Francisco,—and referring also to the personal interview on the subject I had with you this day,—I beg to inform you that the New South Wales Government have entered into a provisional Contract, for a period of six years, for a Service, once in every four weeks, between Sydney and San Francisco, *via* Kandavau (Fiji) and Honolulu, with the option of a separate connecting line between Dunedin, Christchurch, Wellington, Auckland, and Kandavau (Fiji). The Service, including the connecting line, to be performed by steam-vessels of adequate capacity, and of first-class build and steam power. The Contractor is to perform the Service at the rate of ten knots an hour, and to receive an annual subsidy of forty-eight thousand pounds (£48,000) for the main line between Sydney and San Francisco, and twelve thousand pounds (£12,000) for the line between Dunedin and Kandavau (Fiji).

In the event of a greater rate of speed than ten knots being desired, provision is made in the Contract for the performance of a twelve-knot Service for an annual subsidy of eighty thousand pounds (£80,000), including the subsidy for the connecting line.

From inquiries that have been made, the New South Wales Government have every reason to be satisfied as to the ability of the Contractor successfully to carry out the contract.

Having explained the nature of the Provisional Contract, I have now to invite the assistance and co-operation of your Government in carrying it out; and I therefore propose—

1. That New Zealand shall agree to pay, as its contribution to the subsidy for the ten-knot service, the sum of twenty-five thousand pounds (£25,000)—New South Wales undertaking the payment of the balance of thirty-five thousand pounds (£35,000).
2. In the event of subsidies being obtained from Great Britain, the United States, Honolulu, Fiji, or other places, New South Wales and New Zealand to equally divide the amount of such subsidies in diminution of the amounts respectively contributed by each.

3.

3. Should the New Zealand Government desire to adopt a Service affording the increased speed of twelve knots an hour provided for in the Contract, I shall be prepared to recommend to the Government of New South Wales that any subsidies which may be received by the two Colonies shall be applied to attain that object.
4. If the Imperial Government should determine to aid the Service by giving to the Colonies the amount of the outward postage on correspondence dispatched from Great Britain, instead of contributing a fixed amount, I am willing, on behalf of the Government of New South Wales, that the two Colonies shall respectively receive such postage as would then belong to each, in proportion to its correspondence.
5. New South Wales and New Zealand jointly to determine the terms upon which the other Australian Colonies shall participate in the advantages of this Service—New South Wales, with the concurrence of New Zealand, undertaking to negotiate with those Colonies, and to conduct the necessary accounts in connection therewith.
6. As regards the Contract itself, New Zealand to possess equally with New South Wales all discretionary powers, rights, and privileges.
7. Should the New Zealand Government prefer to do so, they can make a separate Contract for, and take the entire control of the line between Kandavau (Fiji) and Dunedin, in which case New Zealand would contribute to the Main Service to San Francisco the sum of thirteen thousand pounds (£13,000) only, leaving New South Wales to pay the remainder of the subsidy for the Main Service, viz., thirty-five thousand pounds (£35,000).

I have already submitted to you a copy of the Provisional Contract, and I shall be glad to furnish you with any further information you may desire.

In conclusion, I trust that the proposals I now offer for your consideration will be acceptable to your Government, and will meet with your cordial support.

I have, &c.,  
SAUL SAMUEL.

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No. 2.

The Honorable Saul Samuel to The Honorable Julius Vogel, C.M.G.

Wellington, New Zealand,

4 June, 1873.

Sir,

Referring to my letter to you of yesterday, on the subject of the establishment of a Mail Service *via* San Francisco, I desire to state that, in consequence of some doubt having been expressed by you as to the ability of the Contractor to carry out the Service, I am willing to act in concert with your representative in England; and that should the contractor fail to satisfy us of his ability to perform the conditions of the contract, I undertake to adopt measures to cancel the same, and to arrange with your representative for another contract with other parties, based on the same terms and conditions.

I would also again point out to you the advantageous character of this Service to your Colony, giving it a speedy and efficient Mail Service with the United Kingdom, at a cost, in the first instance, of twenty-five thousand pounds (£25,000), which sum it may be reasonably expected will be reduced by subsidies from Great Britain and other places to at least one-half that sum, or to (say) twelve thousand five hundred pounds (£12,500).

I have, &c.,  
SAUL SAMUEL.

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No. 69.

THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Melbourne, 17 June, 1873.

SIR,

With reference to previous correspondence as to the establishment of a Mail Service by way of San Francisco, I enclose for your information Mr. Vogel's communication on the subject, dated the 4th instant, together with a copy of my letter of this day's date acknowledging receipt thereof.

I have, &c.,  
SAUL SAMUEL.

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[Enclosures.]

The Postmaster General, New Zealand, to The Honorable Saul Samuel.

General Post Office,  
Wellington, 4 June, 1873.

Sir,

I have brought under the notice of the Cabinet the proposals in reference to a Californian Service which you made to me verbally yesterday, together with the copy of the Contract and Bond which you left with me. After these were well considered, your two letters were received and were also taken into consideration.

I have to express the regret which is felt by the Cabinet that your Government should have entered into a Contract for such a Service without first consulting the Government of New Zealand, with the view of devising terms which might have led to hearty co-operation. The resolution which was passed on the subject of the Service by the late Intercolonial Conference expressly contemplated the two Governments jointly arranging a Contract. In correspondence on the subject, your Government have expressed a desire, supposing the Webb-Holladay Contract should be terminated, to act in concurrence with New Zealand. To a deputation from the Sydney Chamber of Commerce, and subsequently in the Legislature, Members of your Government gave assurances of a like desire. Yet your Government have, without reference to the Government of this Colony, entered into a Contract of so hurried a nature that all those provisions which would tend to give security to New Zealand—supposing the Colony to join with you in the Contract—are omitted. I have stated to my colleagues your assurance that you would compel the Contractor to assent to such provisions, should an agreement with New Zealand be come to; but the fact remains that the Contract does not; at present, include the provisions which would be obviously necessary to justify this Colony to contribute to the Service.

There



There is no adequate provision for the nature of the vessel to do the Branch Service between Kandavau and New Zealand, for the speed to be adopted, and the penalties for delays, nor for the detention of the main steamer if the branch steamer fail to arrive at Kandavau in time, nor for the passage of a mail agent. In brief, you propose that New Zealand should pay five-twelfths of the cost of a Service in the Contract for which its interests are wholly neglected. Supposing you are able to remedy these defects, you would be able to insist on another Contract, and it then would be better to consider its terms in Great Britain, where there would be some opportunity of ascertaining whether or not it is likely to be carried into effect.

The Contract is made with a gentleman who does not own ships, and his sureties are gentlemen carrying on quite another business than that contemplated in the undertaking. The amount of security, £10,000, would be small, supposing it were even given by a firm or company possessing steam-ships, and able themselves to carry out the Contract.

But when it is taken into consideration in connection with the fact that the Contractor and his sureties do not own or possess the vessels required, and that their cost will be very large, it is evident not only that the security affords no assurance that the Service will be carried out, but that those gentlemen accept the concession as a speculation either to be carried out at a profit, or to be relinquished at their pleasure on the forfeiture of the penalty.

The Government recognize that your monetary proposals are not iniquitable, but they disapprove of the arrangements for connecting New Zealand with the Service. The time occupied between London and Auckland would be some days longer than was the case with the Service lately discontinued. Again, you propose that a small steamer shall run between Kandavau (Fiji) and New Zealand, instead of the main boats coming to this Colony. The inconveniences inseparable from transshipment at a port like Kandavau need not be dwelt upon—they are obvious, and they must be great. Then, as even the proposed main boats are of but moderate size, considering the quantity of coal they would have to carry, it is to be feared that New Zealand passengers would find themselves compelled to submit to very inferior accommodation, supposing that they ran the risk of a voyage to San Francisco *via* Kandavau—a port which, at present, if I am not mistaken, can scarcely be said to be inhabited. If any arrangement were made for Kandavau as the port of transshipment, this Government would require that a portion of every main steamer should be set apart for New Zealand passengers and freight.

You will gather from the reasons stated that the Government do not approve of the Contract in its present form. It would answer no purpose to propose modifications of it here, seeing that as yet it is a mere concession from which one party may retire and the other easily relinquish.

But I gather from your second letter that, on your arrival in England, you may be prepared to remodel the Contract. In that case, Mr. Russell (who is specially charged with carrying out the views of the Government on the Californian Service) will confer with you, and should he not have effected other arrangements, he will be able, I have no doubt, to propose to you terms for a joint Service to be undertaken by both Colonies on conditions satisfactory and fair to both.

I have pleasure in thanking you, on behalf of my colleagues and myself, for the consideration shown by your visit to New Zealand, and for the friendly spirit in which you have submitted your proposals.

I have, &c.,  
JULIUS VOGEL.

The Honorable Saul Samuel to The Honorable Julius Vogel, C.M.G.

Melbourne, 17 June, 1873.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, dated the 4th instant, on the subject of my proposals to your Government for the establishment of a Mail Service between Great Britain and Australasia, *via* San Francisco.

2. I have nothing to add to the communication I addressed to you on the 12th instant, in anticipation of the receipt of your letter.

I have, &c.,  
SAUL SAMUEL.

## No. 70.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW ZEALAND.

Colonial Secretary's Office,

Sydney, 23 July, 1873.

SIR,

In reference to the contract made by New South Wales for a line of steam mail packets between Sydney and San Francisco (particulars of which have been communicated to you), I have the honor to inform you that this Government has now decided to withdraw from the position of seeking the co-operation of the other Colonies, and to throw the Service open for the conveyance of letters to and from Australia and New Zealand for the postages only.

2. As you are aware, this Government had secured to it the choice between a mail delivery calculated at forty-five days and one at forty days to and from Liverpool; and the contract has been closed for the service of 12 knots per hour, or 600 hours, between Sydney and San Francisco.

3. I notice some observations addressed by Mr. Vogel to Mr. Samuel, which appear to convey the impression, on the part of your Government, that the contract may possibly not be carried out. I beg to assure you that this Government has no reason to entertain the slightest doubt of the integrity and ample means of the contractors, who represent large firms in Sydney, Melbourne, London, Liverpool, and in New Zealand. The new boats of the line, built expressly for this Service, will commence running from Sydney and San Francisco about the middle of next year, but this Government is prepared to start an interim Service (though not of equal speed) in January next, should such temporary Service be found to be required, after the expiration of the present Suez contract.

4. The Government of New South Wales is prepared to convey the letters of New Zealand for the postages on the mail matter carried, without asking any direct contribution towards the subsidy of £68,000. The only arrangement necessary, on the part of New Zealand, to secure the full advantages of this Service, will be the employment of a fast steamer between Kandavau and a New Zealand port; and any proposal for that object, which will be satisfactory to you, will be entertained by this Government, with a cordial desire to consult the interests of your Colony.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 71.

TELEGRAM FROM THE HON. JULIUS VOGEL TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Wellington, 6 August, 1873.

I ACKNOWLEDGE, with thanks, offer contained in your letter of July 23rd, and the courteous and considerate language in which it is framed. Mr. Russell is at Home specially charged with attention to New Zealand interests in this matter. The offer has been submitted for his recommendation and report. Until hear from him, not able to give you view of New Zealand Government on it.

No. 72.

## No. 72.

[Extract from New Zealand Parliamentary Papers.]  
TELEGRAM from MR. RUSSELL to THE HON. J. VOGEL.

London, 23 August, 1873.

HAVE arranged satisfactory terms with Samuel, but until assent of Contractors obtained cannot send particulars.

TELEGRAM from THE HON. J. VOGEL to MR. RUSSELL.

Wellington, 4 September, 1873.

RECEIVED your telegram of August 23rd. Congratulate you. Wire particulars without delay to enable us to obtain authority of Parliament.

TELEGRAM from MR. RUSSELL to THE HON. J. VOGEL.

London, 27 August, 1873.

HAVE agreed with Samuel, subject to ratification of New South Wales Government and New Zealand Parliament, as follows:—Twelve-knot Service for six years by New South Wales and New Zealand conjointly, to be commenced within twelve months. Boats of 2,500 tons gross, or equal to 2,000 tons register, all of same size and power, for Service *via* Kandavau, thirteen round trips. Terminus and departure alternately. Sydney and Dunedin *via* Coast Service. Transshipments alternately for Sydney and New Zealand at Kandavau. Contractors to have all subsidies except from British Government and Colonies. New South Wales and New Zealand pay £40,000 each. Cost thus,—New Zealand £28,000, subject to further reduction by half any contributions from other Colonies. I am satisfied with Contractors. If you agree to foregoing, Samuel and self will arrange temporary ten-knot Service, first steamer from Colony in December. This is best arrangement I can make, and strongly recommend its adoption. Parkes will telegraph you his reply.

## No. 73.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL, LONDON.

Sydney, 28 August, 1873.

POSTAL policy of this Colony, to carry letters for all the Colonies for postages only. Victoria has followed our example and declared the same policy for Suez Mail. This is now settled. In this state of things, desirable to know what Hall is doing as to temporary Service. Better none than inferior, which would discredit permanent Service. Are new ships being built? Parliament meets in twelve days.

## No. 74.

TELEGRAM from THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

London, 27 August, 1873.

(Received 28th.)

ARRANGED with Russell, subject approval of both Governments, New Zealand paying half entire subsidy. Steamers all to be two thousand five hundred (2,500) tons gross, or two thousand (2,000) register. Through steamer to leave Kandavau alternate trip for Sydney and New Zealand. Same arrangement returning, transshipping into steamers same tonnage and speed. This will cause no more delay at Kandavau than Branch Service time, twenty-five (25) days. Contractors agree to eighty thousand (80,000) pounds penalty up to thirty (30) days—one hundred and fifty (150) pounds—then fifty (50). Contractors to receive all subsidies they can get, except Colonies and England; this will give us fast Service with large steamers for forty thousand (40,000), exclusive of English postage and half Colonial subsidies—this proposal not to prejudice present Contract if you disapprove. I strongly urge you promptly to confirm arrangement. Union with New Zealand desirable; they join as temporary Service on terms to be arranged, if you agree to this. Consider American subsidies doubtful; if obtained, encouragement for more efficient Service. Hall has steamers under offer for temporary Service—Russell and self confidence in contractors' ability to carry out agreement. If you approve, telegraph concurrence to Vogel to save time. Russell communicating. Reply quickly.

## No. 75.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE HON. SAUL SAMUEL, LONDON.

Sydney, 30 August, 1873.

YOURS containing agreement with Russell, received. Have written fully to Vogel, generally approving. Shall be glad to act with New Zealand. This Government prepared to confirm agreement substantially, but doubt expediency of contractors having power to negotiate for foreign subsidies. Would prefer to increase subsidy, and keep entire control in our hands. Leave matter to you. In this turn of events temporary Service necessary to New Zealand, and best for us, but must be efficient—thirty days certain.

## No. 76.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE HONORABLE JULIUS VOGEL.  
Sydney, 30 August, 1873.

LETTER to your Government this day on London Agreement: I have telegraphed to London our concurrence.

## No. 77.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW ZEALAND.  
Sydney, 30 August, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to enclose copy of a telegram received from the Honorable Saul Samuel, representing this Government in London, which communicates the substance of an Agreement made between him and Mr. Russell, acting on behalf of New Zealand, for a joint Mail Service between these Colonies and San Francisco—to take the place of the Service already contracted for by New South Wales.

2. By this Agreement, the ships are to be of 2,000 tons register, and the subsidy to the contractors £80,000 annually, the payment of which is to be equally divided between this Colony and New Zealand. The contractors are to be at liberty, in addition to the subsidy above named, to obtain subsidies from any non-contracting Countries other than Great Britain and the Australasian Colonies. The ships of the main line are, on alternate voyages, to run through to and from the port of Sydney and to and from a port in New Zealand; and on the voyages alternating with these, the mails, passengers, and cargo for New South Wales and New Zealand are to be transhipped at Kandavau into ships of equal tonnage and speed with those of the main line. The contract time between Sydney and San Francisco is to be six hundred (600) hours, with penalties of one hundred and fifty pounds (£150) a day for overdue time up to seven hundred and twenty (720) hours, and penalties of fifty pounds (£50) over the thirty days. The contract time between New Zealand and the American terminus will of course be of corresponding guaranteed speed.

3. I assume that this proposed extension of the contract entered into by this Government for the Pacific Service proceeds from your Representative in London, and is in accordance with instructions from Wellington; and that it would, if agreed to, meet the claims and wants of New Zealand. I have never concealed from myself the advantages that would be gained by cordial co-operation between New Zealand and New South Wales; and this Government is now prepared to confirm the Agreement arrived at in London by the Representatives of the two Colonies, and I shall at once inform Mr. Samuel to that effect.

4. Both Mr. Russell and Mr. Samuel have the fullest facilities for judging of the *bona fides* of the contractors and of all the English circumstances affecting the new Service; and I am glad to learn from my telegram that they have confidence in the contract being carried out. My message also informs me that New Zealand will join this Colony in the temporary Service which it may be necessary to support during the interval from the termination of the present Galle Contract until the commencement of the permanent Pacific Service.

5. Of course, the policy announced by this Colony, of carrying the letters of the non-contracting Colonies for the postages only, cannot now be departed from, nor do I apprehend that the Government of New Zealand would desire that a policy fraught with so many obvious benefits should be modified. Probably the simplest and most satisfactory arrangement will be, for each of the two contracting Colonies to retain its own outward and inward postages, and to divide the postages from other sources equally between them in further reduction of the joint subsidy.

6. The question arises, however, whether this liberal policy should be extended beyond the British communities connected in mail communications by the new Service, and possibly the United States of America. The Fijis and the Hawaiian Islands will receive advantages from the Service largely in excess of any support they can give to it by the extent of their mail matter; and I incline to this view, that specific subsidies should be paid by each of those Governments. It appears to me also, that the contracting Colonies have a strong case for substantial aid from the United States; but that if the American postages were given on the same principle as the British postages, that form of assistance would, while harmonizing with the postal policy of these Colonies, be a valuable and increasing support. In dealing with these considerations, it is doubtful whether it would be expedient to empower the contractors to negotiate for foreign subsidies either in the Pacific Settlements or in America; or, in other words, whether it would not be wiser to increase the Australian and New Zealand subsidy if necessary, and to keep the entire control of all negotiations in our own hands. This, however, is not of sufficient importance, in my judgment, to interfere with confirmation of the London Agreement, if that Agreement as it stands receives your approval.

7. I am quite prepared to go beyond the Agreement in one respect, and to give a gratuity for efficiency, of the same amount as the highest penalties for failure, namely, one hundred and fifty pounds (£150) for each day which the ships of the Service perform the passages under Contract time.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

## No. 78.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, TO THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL, LONDON.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 6 September, 1873.

SIR,

Having reference to my former letters on your mission to England and America, I now have the honor to acknowledge the due receipt of your telegraphic message of August 27th, informing me of the principal conditions of an Agreement made between Mr. Russell on behalf of New Zealand and yourself on behalf of New South Wales, by which the two Colonies join on equal terms in the Pacific Mail Service.

2. I have already informed you by telegram that this Government confirms what you have done, and I lost no time in so informing the New Zealand Government. Copies of the telegram received from you, of mine to you in reply, of my letter to the Colonial Secretary of New Zealand on the subject, and of my telegram to the Honorable Julius Vogel in connection therewith, are enclosed.

3. I also enclose copy of a letter to the Colonial Secretary of Queensland, dated July 18th, which explains the policy for the conveyance of ocean mails finally adopted by this Government. You will see by this communication that the question of Colonial Subsidies is closed for ever, and that in respect to the Mail Service for which New South Wales is primarily responsible no reduction of the cost of contract can be looked for from the Colonies except in the shape of postages. Whether New Zealand join as now proposed, or New South Wales continue to stand alone, this unqualified freedom of postal communication must be maintained. The Government of Victoria has followed the example of New South Wales, and has thrown open the Galle Service on similar terms.

4. In respect to the United States of America, I think the authorities at Washington will not hesitate to give the same aid as is given by Great Britain. But I hold strongly to the view that both the Fiji and Hawaiian Governments ought to give specific subsidies, as their mail matter will be inconsiderable.

5. It will be necessary for you to travel over the entire route from New York to San Francisco, in order to secure such arrangements at all points as will prevent miscarriages and delays. Especially, we require the best arrangements made for the safe and expeditious transit of light cargo, such as booksellers' packets; and the sooner trustworthy information can be afforded on this subject the better.

6. I enclose copies of provisional Time-table and Letter Bill for the Interim Service.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

[Enclosures.]

INTERIM Time-table in connection with Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, alternating with Suez Service as regards departure from Sydney: leaving London five days before Mail *via* Southampton, and thirteen days before, or fifteen days after, Mail *via* Brindisi.

Homeward Route.				Outward Route.			
Leave Sydney.	Arrive San Francisco.	Arrive New York.	Arrive Liverpool.	Leave Liverpool.	Leave New York.	Leave San Francisco.	Arrive Sydney.
Tuesday, 1873. 16 December	Thursday, 1874. 15 January.	Tuesday, 1874. 20 January.	Monday, 1874. 2 February.	Saturday, 1874. 10 January.	Friday, 1874. 23 January.	Wednesday, 1874. 28 January.	Friday, 1874. 27 February.
1874. 13 January. 10 February. 10 March. 7 April. 5 May. 2 June.	12 February, 12 March. 9 April. 7 May. 4 June. 2 July.	17 February. 17 March. 14 April. 12 May. 9 June. 7 July.	2 March. 30 March. 27 April. 25 May. 22 June. 20 July.	7 February. 7 March. 4 April. 2 May. 30 May. 27 June.	20 February. 20 March. 17 April. 15 May. 12 June. 10 July.	25 February. 25 March. 22 April. 20 May. 17 June. 15 July.	27 March. 24 April. 22 May. 19 June. 17 July. 14 August.

Stoppage of steamer at San Francisco .....	13 days.
Interval for reply in New South Wales .....	11 "
" " England .....	5 "

Under this Table the first steamer will leave Sydney on the 16th December, 1873, and the first steamer will leave San Francisco on the 28th January, 1874.

LETTER BILL for the Mail Service between the Australasian Colonies and San Francisco *via* Sydney.

General Post Office,  
day of 187

Account of Correspondence for sent forward to *via* Sydney.

Number of Letters.	Class of Correspondence to Credit of Sydney.	Statement of Despatching Office.	Statement of Receiving Office.
	Ordinary letters, not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ an oz., at 6d. each .....	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	Ditto, above $\frac{1}{2}$ an oz., but not exceeding 1 oz., at 1s. each .....		
	Ditto, above 1 oz., but not exceeding $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz., at 1s. 6d. each .....		
	Various, at 6d. the $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ....		
	Registered, at 6d. the $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ....		
	Ditto, fees at 4d. each .....		
	Packets, not exceeding 1 oz., 1d. each .....		
	Ditto, above 1 oz., but not exceeding 2 ozs., 2d. each .....		
	Ditto, above 2 ozs., but not exceeding 3 ozs., 3d. each .....		
	Various, at 4d. the $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. ....		
	Newspapers, at 1d. each .....		
		£	

Despatching Officer.

Received at this day of 187

Receiving Officer.

## No. 79.

RESOLUTION adopted by House of Representatives, New Zealand, September 16th, 1873.

That this House approves of the arrangement entered into by Mr. Russell with Mr. Samuel, for a Steam Mail Service *via* San Francisco, on the understanding that such arrangement is as follows:—

The Colonies of New South Wales and New Zealand jointly to contract for a twelve-knot Service between San Francisco and Sydney, and San Francisco and Port Chalmers, for six years, to be commenced within twelve months. Thirteen round trips to be performed each year. The boats to be of 2,500 tons gross burthen, or equal to 2,000 tons register. The route to be, to and from Sydney and San Francisco, *via* Kandavau, and to and from Port Chalmers and San Francisco, *via* Lyttleton, Wellington, Auckland, and Kandavau, calling off Napier each way. The boats from Sydney and from Port Chalmers alternately to proceed through to San Francisco; and the boats from San Francisco alternately to proceed through to Port Chalmers and to Sydney. Transhipments to be made at Kandavau. The Contractors to have all subsidies, except those from the British Government and from British Colonies. New South Wales and New Zealand each to pay £40,000 per annum; each to receive one-half the contributions of other Colonies; and each to receive its own share of Imperial postages.

## No. 80.

TELEGRAM from THE HON. JULIUS VOGEL to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Wellington, 20 September, 1873.

Received, 29th, *via* Melbourne.

APPROVE arrangement made by Mr. Samuel and Mr. Russell. Have telegraphed Russell to that effect. Will write officially in few days. You don't quite realize arrangements made by Samuel when you say in your letter "to and from a port in New Zealand." Arrangement is to call at various ports here, as under Webb Contract. This will not however in slightest degree affect you, since it will make no difference whether steamer to New Zealand remains in one port or visits several. In point of distance to be steamed, it will be about equal to New South Wales and to New Zealand.

## No. 81.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES, to THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL, LONDON.

Sydney, 29 September, 1873.

NEW ZEALAND confirms Agreement. In new Contract be particular as to penalties and securities. Very anxious for definite advice of boats leaving for Interim Service. First mail ought to close here for California, December 16th. Reply.

1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## OCEAN MAIL COMMUNICATION.

(FURTHER PAPERS.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

No. 29A.

TELEGRAM FROM THE COLONIAL SECRETARY TO THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL, LONDON.

Sydney, 2 August, 1873.

CLOSELY examine Contract, and give notice in name of Government for 600 hours at £68,000. This having been done, Cameron requires concession, which has been agreed to. In consultation with Peachey, Lloyd, and Company, the Government London solicitors, submit to Hall supplementary Contract as follows:—Penalties for every twenty-four hours overdue time, £153 17s. The power to cancel original Contract not to operate by reason of any failure in 600 hours, but to remain in full operation in respect to any failure extending beyond 720 hours,—the object being that each day's failure shall diminish by corresponding proportion the extra sum of twenty thousand.

NOTE.—This should have appeared in its place at page 19 of the Ocean Mail papers, laid before Parliament on 3rd October, 1873.

No. 60A.

THE CHIEF SECRETARY, VICTORIA, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Circular.

Chief Secretary's Office,  
Melbourne, 23 August, 1873.

SIR,

I have the honor to renew the correspondence in reference to the suspended negotiations relating to the Mail Contracts, and to express my regret for the long interval which has taken place before this Government was able to state definitely the course which it is proposed to suggest for the conveyance of the mails between this and Galle, under the contract which this Colony has entered into with the Peninsular and Oriental Company. The main cause of delay has arisen from the necessarily tedious course of post between Victoria and New Zealand in connection with preliminary correspondence.

But I am now in a position to make a proposal as to the terms upon which the mails of the other Australasian Colonies can be conveyed between Melbourne and Galle, and *vice versa*; and I trust that the evidence they afford of the desire of this Colony to remove every cause of difference, and to maintain friendly relations with her neighbours, may be appreciated in the same cordial spirit in which the offer is made; and I can scarcely have any doubt of misconception on this point, as the proposed conditions, while leaving the obligations of the Contract on this Colony, relieve every other of any share in the responsibility incurred, and reduce for them the expenditure on the Suez route to the equivalent of the actual postages received, less the reduction made for inland British postage, &c., and the cost of the Branch Services respectively from Melbourne. I beg to enclose you a memorandum which has been furnished to me for this purpose by my colleague the Minister of the Post Office Department, and which sufficiently explains our offer; and therefrom you will perceive it is left for each Colony to adjust with the Imperial authorities for the refund of the larger portion of the amount which they received for outward postage, thus avoiding any necessity for intervening agency; and I should be obliged for any suggestions as to the means you would prefer should be taken, in order to ascertain the equivalent of the letter rates at sixpence the half-ounce or fraction of half-ounce as charged by all post offices respectively for a single letter, so that the basis of postage receipts may govern commensurate payments to this Colony; and, as it is understood that the mails passing by this route will be forwarded as received and be interfered with as little as possible, provided the correspondence is accounted for according to the usual practice, and as shown by the stamps on the correspondence.

I have, &c.,  
J. G. FRANCIS.

NOTE.—This letter should have appeared in its place at page 32 of the Ocean Mail papers, laid before Parliament on 3rd October, 1873.

MEMORANDUM

## MEMORANDUM FOR THE HONORABLE THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

AFTER having considered the communications which have passed between this Government and the Governments of the other Australian Colonies on the subject of the conveyance of Mails under the contract entered into by Victoria with the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, I have the honor to suggest that the following may be communicated to the respective Governments concerned, as the terms upon which their mails will be conveyed after the expiration of the existing contract.

From Melbourne to Point de Galle and from Point de Galle to Melbourne, at the following rates, viz. :—

	s.	d.
Letters—For every $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or fraction of $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ... ..	0	6
Packets—Not exceeding 1 oz. ... ..	0	1
„ Exceeding 1 oz. and not exceeding 2 ozs. ... ..	0	2
„ For every additional 2 ozs. or fraction of 2 ozs. after the first 2 ozs. ... ..	0	2
Newspapers—Each ... ..	0	1

The Colonies to provide at their own cost for their Branch Services, and to receive from and pay to the Imperial Government all postages collected in England and charges for transit beyond Point de Galle.

In order to determine in the simplest manner the amount to be paid by each Colony, and to avoid the labour and delay which would be involved in taking an account of the postage actually collected on the letters by each mail, I beg to suggest that a fixed rate per letter, irrespective of weight, be ascertained and agreed upon by the respective Postal Departments as the equivalent of the letter rates named above.

With each Mail forwarded to Melbourne for transmission to Galle, a Way-bill should be furnished, showing the number of letters, packets, and newspapers it contains, upon which the amount payable to this Colony could be calculated; and a similar method could be used in regard to the Mails from Europe.

Accounts to be furnished by this Colony, and settlements made every three months.

In regard to the cost of the stoppage at Glenelg, estimated by the Company at £10,000 per annum, I think it would be equitable that the Colony of South Australia should contribute £5,000 per annum in addition to the rates of postage already referred to.

EDWARD LANGTON,  
Minister of Post and Telegraph Departments.

20 August, 1873.

1873-4.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## POSTAL CONVENTION.

(BETWEEN UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND GOVERNMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

## POSTAL CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE COLONIAL GOVERNMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

THE undersigned, being thereunto duly authorized by their respective Governments, have agreed upon the following Articles establishing and regulating the exchange of correspondence between the United States of America and the Colony of New South Wales:

## ARTICLE 1.

There shall be an exchange of correspondence between the United States of America and New South Wales by means of the direct line of Colonial mail-packets plying between San Francisco and said Colony, as well as by such other means of direct mail-steamship transportation between the United States and New South Wales as shall hereafter be established, with the approval of the respective post departments of the two countries, comprising letters, newspapers, printed matter of every kind, and patterns and samples of merchandise, originating in either country, and addressed to and deliverable in the other country, as well as correspondence in closed mails originating in New South Wales and destined for foreign countries by way of the United States.

## ARTICLE 2.

The Post Office of San Francisco shall be the United States office of exchange, and Sydney the office of exchange of the Colony of New South Wales, for all mails transmitted under this arrangement.

## ARTICLE 3.

No accounts shall be kept between the Post Departments of the two countries upon the international correspondence, written or printed, exchanged between them, but each country shall retain to its own use the postages which it collects.

The single rate of international letter-postage shall be twelve cents in the United States, and sixpence in New South Wales, on each letter weighing half an ounce or less, and an additional rate of twelve cents (sixpence) for each single weight of half an ounce or fraction thereof, which shall, in all cases, be prepaid at least one single rate, by means of postage stamps, at the office of the mailing in either country. Letters unpaid, or prepaid less than one full rate of postage shall not be forwarded, but insufficiently paid letters on which a single rate or more has been prepaid shall be forwarded, charged with the deficient postage, to be collected and retained by the Post Department of the country of destination. Letters fully prepaid, received in either country from the other, shall be delivered free of all charge whatsoever.

The United States Post Office shall levy and collect to its own use, on newspapers addressed to or received from New South Wales, a postage charge of two cents; and on all other articles of printed matter, patterns and samples of merchandise addressed to or received from New South Wales, a postage charge of four cents per each weight of four ounces or fraction of four ounces.

The Post Office of New South Wales shall levy and collect to its own use, on newspapers and other articles of printed matter, patterns and samples of merchandise addressed to or received from the United States, the regular rates of domestic postage chargeable thereon by the laws and regulations of the Colony of New South Wales.

Newspapers, and all other kinds of printed matter and patterns and samples of merchandise, are to be subject to the laws and regulations of each country respectively, in regard to their liability to be rated with letter-postage when containing written matter, or for any other cause specified in said laws and regulations, as well as in regard to their liability to customs duty under the revenue laws.

## ARTICLE 4.

The United States office engages to grant the transit through the United States, as well as the conveyance by United States mail packets, of the correspondence in closed mails which the New South Wales Post Office may desire to transmit *via* the United States to British Columbia, the British North American Provinces, the West Indies, Mexico, Central and South America, and at the following rates of United States transit-postage, viz.:

For the United States territorial transit of closed mails from New South Wales for Mexico, British Columbia, Canada, or other British North American Provinces, when transmitted entirely by land routes, six cents per ounce for letter mails and sixteen cents per pound for all kinds of printed matter.

For the United States territorial and sea transit of closed mails from New South Wales for British Columbia or other British North American Provinces, Mexico, Central and South America, or the West India Islands, when transmitted from the United States by sea, twenty-five cents per ounce for letter mails and twenty cents per pound for all kinds of printed matter.



The New South Wales Post Office shall render an account to the United States Post Office, upon letter-bills to accompany each mail, of the weight of the letters, and also of the printed and other matter contained in such closed mails forwarded to the United States for transmission to either of the above-named countries and colonies; and the accounts arising between the two offices on this class of correspondence shall be stated, adjusted, and settled quarterly, and the amounts of the United States transit charges found due on such closed mails shall be promptly paid over by the New South Wales Post Office to the United States Post Office, in such manner as the Postmaster General of the United States shall prescribe.

## ARTICLE 5.

Prepaid letters from foreign countries received in and forwarded from the United States to New South Wales, shall be delivered in said colony free of all charges whatsoever, and letters received in New South Wales from the United States, addressed to other Colonies of Australia, will be forwarded to destination, subject to the same conditions as are applicable to correspondence originating in New South Wales and addressed to those countries.

## ARTICLE 6.

In the event of any of the Australian Colonies not agreeing with New South Wales and New Zealand to contribute to the maintenance of any line of mail packets plying between New South Wales and New Zealand and the United States of America, and subsidized by New South Wales and New Zealand, the New South Wales Post Office may require the United States Post Office not to forward by such subsidized packets any mails, letters, newspapers, or other articles addressed to such colony, and the New South Wales Post Office may refuse to transmit to their destination all mails, letters, newspapers, or other printed matter addressed to such colony, and received in New South Wales from the United States by such subsidized packets, and may refuse to forward to their destination by such subsidized packets all mails, letters, newspapers, or other printed matter received in New South Wales from such colony and addressed to the United States of America, or elsewhere.

## ARTICLE 7.

The two Post Departments may by mutual agreement provide for the transmission of registered articles in the mails exchanged between the two countries.

The register fee for each article shall be ten cents in the United States and fourpence in New South Wales.

## ARTICLE 8.

The two Post Departments shall settle by agreement between them, all measures of detail and arrangement required to carry this Convention into execution, and may modify the same in like manner from time to time, as the exigencies of the service may require.

## ARTICLE 9.

Every fully prepaid letter dispatched from one country to the other shall be plainly stamped with the words "Paid all," in *red ink*, on the right-hand upper corner of the address, in addition to the date stamp of the office at which it was posted; and on insufficiently paid letters the amount of the deficient postage shall be inscribed in *black ink*.

## ARTICLE 10.

Dead letters, which cannot be delivered from whatever cause, shall be mutually returned without charge monthly, or as frequently as the regulations of the respective offices will permit.

## ARTICLE 11.

This Convention shall come into operation on the first day of February, 1874, and shall be terminable at any time, on a notice by either office of six months.

Done in duplicate and signed in Washington the fifteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

[SEAL.]

JNO. A. J. CRESWELL,  
Postmaster General of the United States.

[SEAL.]

SAUL SAMUEL,  
Postmaster General of New South Wales.

I hereby approve the foregoing Convention, and in testimony thereof I have caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

[SEAL.]

U. S. GRANT.

By the President:

HAMILTON FISH,  
Secretary of State.

Washington, January 15, 1874.

1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## POSTAL CONVENTION.

(BETWEEN THE COLONIAL GOVERNMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES AND THE HAWAIIAN KINGDOM.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 7 May, 1874.*

## POSTAL CONVENTION BETWEEN THE COLONIAL GOVERNMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES AND THE HAWAIIAN KINGDOM.

THE undersigned, being thereunto duly authorized by their respective Governments, have agreed upon the following Articles, establishing and regulating the exchange of correspondence between the Colony of New South Wales and the Hawaiian Kingdom.

## ARTICLE 1.

There shall be an exchange of correspondence between New South Wales and the Hawaiian Kingdom, by means of the direct line of Colonial Mail Packets plying between San Francisco and Sydney, as well as by such other means of direct mail steamship transportation as shall hereafter be established, with the approval of the respective Post Departments of the two Countries, comprising letters, newspapers, printed matter of every kind, and patterns and samples of merchandise originating in either Country, and addressed to and deliverable in the other Country, as well as correspondence in closed mails originating in either Country, and destined for Foreign Countries, by way of New South Wales or the Hawaiian Islands, as the case may be.

## ARTICLE 2.

The Post Office of Sydney shall be the New South Wales Office of Exchange, and Honolulu the Hawaiian Office of Exchange, for all mails transmitted under this arrangement.

## ARTICLE 3.

No accounts shall be kept between the Post Departments of the two Countries, upon the international correspondence, written or printed, or upon patterns and samples of merchandise exchanged between them; but each Country shall retain to its own use the postages which it collects.

The single rate of international letter postage shall be sixpence in New South Wales and twelve and a half cents in the Hawaiian Kingdom, on each letter weighing half an ounce or less, and an additional rate of sixpence (twelve and a half cents) for each single weight of half an ounce or fraction thereof, which shall, in all cases, be prepaid at least one single rate, by means of postage stamps, at the office of mailing in either Country. Letters unpaid, or prepaid less than one full rate of postage, shall not be forwarded; but insufficiently paid letters on which a single rate or more has been prepaid shall be forwarded charged with the deficient postage and with a fine equal to a single rate (sixpence), to be collected and retained by the Post Department of the Country of destination. Letters fully prepaid, received in either Country from the other, shall be delivered free of all charge whatsoever.

The Hawaiian Post Office shall levy and collect to its own use, on newspapers addressed to New South Wales, a postage charge of two cents, and on all articles of printed matter, patterns, and samples of merchandise addressed to New South Wales, a postage charge of four cents per each weight of four ounces or fraction of four ounces.

The Post Office of New South Wales shall levy and collect, to its own use, on newspapers and other articles of printed matter, patterns and samples of merchandise addressed to the Hawaiian Kingdom, the regular rates of domestic postage, chargeable thereon by the Laws and Regulations of the Colony of New South Wales.

Newspapers and all other kinds of printed matter, and patterns and samples of merchandise, are to be subject to the Laws and Regulations of each Country respectively, in regard to their liability to be rated with letter postage when containing written matter, or for any other cause specified in said Laws and Regulations, as well as in regard to their liability to Customs duty under the Revenue Laws.

## ARTICLE 4.

Letters, newspapers, and other articles of printed matter, and patterns and samples of merchandise received in New South Wales from the Hawaiian Post Office, addressed to other Colonies of Australia, will be forwarded to destination, subject to the same rates of postage as are chargeable upon correspondence addressed to the Colony of New South Wales itself, and correspondence for such other Colonies of Australia will be transmitted from New South Wales to such other Australian Colonies under arrangement between the Governments of such other Australian Colonies and the Government of New South Wales.

## ARTICLE 5.

The two Post Departments may, by mutual agreement, provide for the transmission of registered articles in the mails exchanged between the two Countries.

The register fee for each article shall be four-pence in New South Wales and fifteen cents in the Hawaiian Kingdom.

## ARTICLE 6.

The two Post Departments shall settle, by agreement between them, all measures of detail and arrangement required to carry this Convention into execution, and may modify the same in like manner, from time to time, as the exigencies of the Service may require.

## ARTICLE 7.

Every fully prepaid letter dispatched from one Country to the other shall be plainly stamped with the words "Paid all" in *red ink*, on the right hand upper corner of the address, in addition to the date stamp of the office at which it was posted; and, on insufficiently paid letters the amount of the deficient postage and fine shall be inscribed in *black ink*.

## ARTICLE 8.

Dead letters which cannot be delivered, from whatever cause, shall be mutually returned without charge, monthly, or as frequently as the Regulations of the respective Offices will permit.

## ARTICLE 9.

This Convention shall come into operation on the 1st day of July, 1874, and shall be terminable at any time on a notice by either Office of six months.

Done in duplicate, and signed at Honolulu, the 10th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

[L.S.]

HERMANN A. WIDEMANN,

His Hawaiian Majesty's Minister of the Interior and Special Commissioner.

Done in duplicate, and signed at Sydney, the 30th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

[L.S.]

SAUL SAMUEL,

Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales.

1873.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

TEMPORARY MAIL SERVICE, *via* SAN FRANCISCO.  
(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 16 October, 1873.*

No. 1.

H. H. HALL, Esq., to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

U. S. Consulate,  
Sydney, 14 June, 1873.

SIR,

I will undertake to perform a temporary Mail Service, every four weeks, between Sydney and San Francisco, in 792 hours, including stoppages at Kandavau and Honolulu, by vessels similar to the "City of Melbourne" and "City of Adelaide," for the sum of four thousand pounds (£4,000) per month. The Service to be commenced not later than January, 1874, from Sydney and San Francisco, and to continue for six months, or longer, at the option of the Postmaster General, provided I am notified of the acceptance of this tender, either at Galle or on my arrival at Liverpool.

I undertake to carry all mails and mail matter put on board by your Government and no other, and guarantee their safe carriage to and from San Francisco.

I have, &c.,  
H. H. HALL,  
U. S. Consul.

No. 2.

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY to H. H. HALL, Esq.

Colonial Secretary's Office,  
Sydney, 14 June, 1873.

SIR,

Having reference to the representations made to you in your conference with myself and colleagues this morning, I now agree, on the part of this Government, in the event of the existing Mail Contract with the Peninsular and Oriental Company not being temporarily continued for six or twelve months after the 31st December next, to pay to you £4,000 per month, for a temporary Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, to be performed by steam-ships sufficiently powerful to secure the delivery of mails in both directions between Sydney and Liverpool within forty-eight days, subject to the usual penalties for overtime, and the usual gratuities for time saved—£50 a day, in each case. This temporary Service shall commence by a ship leaving Sydney with the outward mails from New South Wales and Queensland in January next, and a ship leaving San Francisco with the English and American mails for New South Wales and Queensland in the same month, and shall continue so long as this Government may require it, and no longer; you to have sixty days' notice of its discontinuance.

I have, &c.,  
HENRY PARKES.

*Memorandum by H. H. Hall, Esq., upon the foregoing letter.*

ON receiving the instruction of the Government of New South Wales to that effect, by telegram, either at Ceylon or Liverpool, within sixty days from this date, I hereby agree to carry out a Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, according to the conditions, and for the monthly subsidy of £4,000, as set forth in the foregoing letter.

Sydney, 14 June, 1873.

Witness to signature of H. H. Hall,—CRITCHETT WALKER.

H. H. HALL.

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## No. 3.

THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.

Melbourne, 17 June, 1873.

SIR,

I have to inform you that, in compliance with the request contained in your telegram of yesterday, I have given, on behalf of the Government of New South Wales, the necessary notice to Mr. H. H. Hall to carry out the temporary Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, as per agreement signed on the 14th instant; and have obtained from him an acknowledgment of the receipt thereof, which I enclose herein.

I have, &c.,  
SAUL SAMUEL.

[Enclosures.]

The Honorable Saul Samuel to H. H. Hall, Esq.

Melbourne, 17 June, 1873.

Sir,

I have the honor, on behalf of the Government of New South Wales, to give you notice that you are required to carry out the temporary Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, as per agreement signed on the 14th instant.

I have, &c.,  
SAUL SAMUEL.

H. H. Hall, Esq., to The Honorable Saul Samuel.

Melbourne, 17 June, 1873.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication, dated to-day, stating that, on behalf of the Government of New South Wales, you give me notice to carry out the temporary Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, as per agreement signed on the 14th instant.

In reply, I have only to state that I accept such notice.

I have, &c.,  
H. H. HALL,  
U. S. C.

## No. 4.

TELEGRAM from THE COLONIAL SECRETARY to THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL, LONDON.

Sydney, 11 August, 1873.

IMPORTANT to know whether Hall can take up interim Mail Service. "Yes" or "No." Steamer must be here to start with mails on 16th December, and return with mails, leaving San Francisco 28th January. No boat need proceed direct to San Francisco. First mail *via* San Francisco must leave London 10th January. Inform Cowper and General Post Office. If any difficulty with Hall, Australasian Steam Navigation Company will provide Service.

## No. 5.

TELEGRAM from THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY,

London, 14 August, 1873.

COWPER and self had interview with Lord Kimberley; most favourably received. Shall only get postages and free transit San Francisco. Promised every official assistance—and letters to Washington. Have met Russell; do not despair of arranging with New Zealand. Will report about Hall in a few days.

## No. 6.

TELEGRAM from THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL, LONDON, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY.

London, 7 September, 1873.

ARRANGEMENTS progressing for improved temporary Service, commencing as required. Satisfied contractors well backed by large steam-ship proprietors.

1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## MAIL SERVICE BETWEEN SAN FRANCISCO AND THE COLONIES.

(TEMPORARY CONTRACT, AND BOND.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 28 January, 1874.*

## TEMPORARY CONTRACT.

ARTICLES of Agreement made and entered into this twenty-seventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, between the Honorable Saul Samuel, the Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales, as such Postmaster General, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of the said Colony of the first part; the Honorable Julius Vogel, the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand, as such Postmaster General, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of the same Colony, of the second part; Hayden Hezekiah Hall, of Sydney, New South Wales, Agent there for the United States of America, and Paul Siemen Forbes, of 8, Bishopsgate-street Within, in the City of London, ship-owner, hereinafter designated "the Contractors" of the third part. Whereas by Articles of Agreement bearing even date herewith, and made between the parties hereto, the Contractors have entered into a Contract with the Postmasters General for the conveyance of mails from the twenty-seventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, for a period of six years to be computed from that day, between San Francisco and Sydney and New Zealand, hereinafter referred to as "the Permanent Contract," and the parties hereto are desirous of making provisions for the conveyance of mails over the said route until the Permanent Contract shall come into operation: Now, these presents witness that they the Contractors do for themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, and each of them doth for himself, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns (so far as the covenants and agreements hereinafter contained are to be observed and performed by the Contractors), hereby covenant with the Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales and his successors, and with the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand and his successors, and also as a separate covenant with each of the Postmasters General and his successors; and the Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales and the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand do, and each of them doth, for and on behalf of himself respectively as such Postmaster General, and his successors respectively, and the Government of the Colony for which he is now respectively the Postmaster General (but so far only as the covenants and agreements hereinafter contained are to be observed or performed by or are applicable to the Government of the said Colonies respectively), hereby covenant with the Contractors, their executors and administrators, in manner following, that is to say:—

1. In the construction of these presents the following words and expressions shall mean and include (unless such meaning shall be inconsistent with the context) as follows:— "Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales" means the Postmaster General for the time being of that Colony; "Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand" means the Postmaster General for the time being of that Colony; "Postmasters General" means the Postmaster General for the time being of the Colony of New South Wales and the Postmaster General for the time being of the Colony of New Zealand; "Contractors" includes the heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns of the Contractors, and of each of them; "mails" includes all boxes, bags, or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed papers, patterns, and all other articles transmissible by post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed or to that in which they may have originated, also all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office Service; "mail" means the aggregate of mails transmitted at one time by any of the vessels for the time being employed in the Mail Service under this Contract; and "hours" means hours calculated according to Greenwich time.

2. The Contractors shall, on and from the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and until the permanent Contract shall come into operation, convey all Her Majesty's mails which, and all other mails, of whatever country or place, which the Postmasters General or either of them shall at any time and from time to time require the Contractors to convey between Sydney and San Francisco and between San Francisco and Sydney, and between New Zealand and San Francisco and between San Francisco and New Zealand, and from and to all and every or any of those ports to and from the ports of Honolulu in the Sandwich Islands and Kandavau in the Fiji Islands, and according to the routes, within the respective times, and in manner hereinafter provided; and so long as the whole or any part of

the services hereby agreed to be performed ought to be performed in pursuance of this Contract, shall and will provide and keep seaworthy and in complete repair and readiness for such purpose a sufficient number of and not less than four good, substantial and efficient screw steam-vessels of the first class, and fully equal to class 100 A 1, Lloyd's Register, and of not less gross registered tonnage than two thousand tons each, constructed of iron, and propelled by first-rate engines of adequate power for a minimum continuous speed of ten nautical miles per hour. Three of the first vessels to be put upon the line shall be the screw steam-ships "M'Gregor," "Tartar," and "Mongol," one of which shall be ready to leave the port of Sydney with mails at latest on the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and a suitable vessel shall be ready to leave Port Chalmers with mails on the sixteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, to meet the same at Kandavau; another of the above-named vessels shall be ready to leave the Port of San Francisco with mails on or about the twenty-seventh day of January next. Due notice shall be given to the Postmasters General of any vessel or vessels proposed to be put upon the line; and no vessel shall be employed in the service hereby contracted to be performed until approved by the Postmasters General or an officer or officers to be appointed by them jointly or severally for the purpose.

Vessels to be furnished with machinery, tackle, &c.

3. The steam-vessels to be employed under this Contract shall be of the capacity aforesaid, and shall be always furnished with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps, and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, nautical instruments, and whatsoever else may be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for travelling at a minimum continuous speed of ten nautical miles per hour, and for the service hereby agreed to be performed, and also manned and provided with competent and legally qualified officers, and with a sufficient number of efficient engineers, and a sufficient crew of able seamen, and other men, and with a competent surgeon, to be in all respects as to vessels, engines, equipments, and capacity, subject in the first instance and from time to time, and at all times afterwards, to the approval of the Postmasters General, or of such other person or persons as they shall jointly or severally at any time or times, or from time to time, authorize to inspect and examine the same; and no vessel shall be employed or used for the purposes of this Contract until approved as aforesaid.

Power to inspect vessels, officers, and crew, and suspend use of vessels not satisfactory.

4. The Postmasters General, or either of them, shall have full power, whenever and as often as they or he may deem it requisite, by any of their or his qualified officers or agents, to inspect the officers, engineers, and crew of all or any of the vessels employed or to be employed in the performance of this contract, and to survey all or any of such vessels, and the hulls thereof, and the engines, machinery, furniture, tackle, apparel, stores, and equipments of every such vessel; and any defect or deficiency that may be discovered on any such survey shall be forthwith repaired or supplied by the Contractors, and for the purposes aforesaid the said vessels shall (if necessary) be opened in their hulls whenever the said officers or agents may so require; and if any such vessel or any part thereof, or any engines, machinery, furniture, tackle, apparel, boats, stores, or equipments, shall on any such survey be declared by any such officers or agents unseaworthy, or not adapted to the service hereby agreed to be performed, or any such officers, engineers, or crew shall be so declared ineligible, every vessel which shall be disapproved of or in which such deficiency or defect shall appear, shall be deemed insufficient for any service hereby agreed to be performed, and shall not be again employed in the conveyance of mails until such defect or deficiency has been repaired or supplied to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General or officer requiring the same; and any of such officers, engineers, or crew declared ineligible shall not be employed in the said service.

Mail routes and times of departure of vessels.

5. The route by which the mails shall be conveyed as aforesaid shall be by way of Honolulu and Kandavau aforesaid, and *vice versa*, at each of which ports the said vessels shall call on each journey for the receipt and delivery of mails, allowing a sufficient time at each place for the purpose, but the said vessels shall not call at any other intermediate place without the consent in writing of the Postmasters General. The mails shall be conveyed thirteen times in each year between San Francisco and the said Colonies, and at the same rate between the said Colonies and San Francisco, and the vessel employed to convey the same shall leave the respective ports of departure on the days and at the times to be from time to time appointed for the purpose by the Postmasters General. The vessels conveying the mails from San Francisco shall proceed alternately to New South Wales and to New Zealand, and the mails for New Zealand or New South Wales, as the case may require, shall be transhipped at the said port of Kandavau into and be conveyed by another of the said vessels to the Colony. The vessels conveying the mails to San Francisco shall proceed thither alternately from New South Wales and from New Zealand, and the mails from New Zealand or New South Wales, as the case may require, shall be conveyed by the Contractors in another of the said vessels to the said port of Kandavau, and be there transhipped into and conveyed by the vessel going to San Francisco. The New South Wales mails shall be delivered at and despatched from the port of Sydney, and the New Zealand mails shall be delivered at and despatched from the ports of Port Chalmers, Lyttleton, Wellington, and Auckland respectively, and in passing Hawkes' Bay the mail-vessel shall (weather permitting) call off Napier to deliver and receive mails to and from that place; the said last-mentioned mails to be delivered to and received from a steam-launch to be provided by the Postmaster General of New Zealand; and the Contractors shall convey with the mails from or to San Francisco, any local mails between the said ports of New Zealand respectively as may be required by the Postmaster General of New Zealand to be so conveyed.

Receipt and delivery of mails.

6. The Contractors at their own expense shall deliver and take the mails to and from the shore at convenient places, to be appointed by the Postmasters General respectively in the respective ports (except Napier), where the mails are to be delivered or received; also shall convey the same, and the officers having charge of them, to and from the shore as may be necessary, in suitable boats furnished with suitable coverings for the mails and properly equipped and manned; also, shall tranship from one vessel into the other the mails which under this Contract are to be transhipped at Kandavau; and shall from time to time convey the officers or agents of the Postmasters General respectively to and from the shore at any of the said ports, as often as may be necessary in the execution of their duties respectively, in the event of a suitable boat not being conveniently obtainable from the shore for the purpose.

Power to delay departure of vessels.

7. If either of the said Postmasters General or their respective officers or agents shall at any time deem it requisite for the public service that any vessel should be detained beyond the appointed time of departure, it shall be lawful for either of the Postmasters General or such officers or agents to order such delay not exceeding forty-eight hours at San Francisco, and not exceeding twenty-four hours at Sydney,

or

or twenty-four hours at any other port, by letter addressed to and delivered to the commander of the vessel or the person acting as such, or left for him at the office of the Contractors in the port or on board the vessel three hours at least before the hour appointed for departure. If when the through mail vessel going to San Francisco shall be ready to leave the port of Kandavau, the branch mail vessel shall not have arrived from Sydney or New Zealand, as the case may be, the through-going mail vessel shall wait at Kandavau for the arrival of the other vessel, but not exceeding seventy-two hours from the time of arrival there of the through-going vessel; and in order to insure the due carrying of the mails from San Francisco, the Contractors without any such notice shall delay any vessel (if necessary) seven days to await the arrival of the English mails from New York for Australia or New Zealand. The Postmaster General of New Zealand shall be at liberty from time to time to vary the times of departure of the mails at and from the ports in New Zealand, but not so as to vary the times of departure from the port of Auckland for Kandavau more than twenty-four hours without the consent of the Postmaster General of New South Wales.

8. If from any cause whatsoever, at any time or times hereafter, one of the vessels aforesaid shall not be at the ports of departure of San Francisco, Sydney, and Port Chalmers, respectively, ready to put to sea in due time to perform the services hereby contracted to be performed, the Contractors shall pay as and by way of liquidated damages to the Postmasters General (for the use of the Governments of the said Colonies, or for the Government of whichever of the said Colonies may be affected by such default (as the case may be), in respect of every mail that shall be delayed by reason of any such default as aforesaid, the sum of three hundred pounds, and the further sum of one hundred pounds for every day which shall elapse between the time at which the mail shall be appointed to leave the port of departure and the time at which the vessel conveying the same shall leave the port: Provided always that the Postmasters General shall have power to remit or reduce any of the sums payable as in this clause mentioned, if they shall be satisfied that any such default as aforesaid was attributable to causes over which the Contractors had no control.

9. The mails, whether carried in through-going vessels or transhipped as aforesaid, shall be safely conveyed from San Francisco to Sydney and from Sydney to San Francisco within seven hundred and eight hours, and from San Francisco to Auckland and from Auckland to San Francisco within six hundred and forty-five hours, and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers and from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within seven hundred and eighty-five hours; the times aforesaid to be calculated from the times appointed for the departure of the mail respectively, unless any vessel shall be delayed in consequence of the mail not being ready for embarkation in due time either at San Francisco or at Sydney or in New Zealand, in which case the time shall be calculated from the time of the mail being ready for delivery at the port where the delay shall take place. The Contractors admit and agree that in the times above named sufficient times have been allowed for coaling and stoppages at Honolulu and Kandavau and the ports of New Zealand respectively. The Contractors shall not be relieved or discharged of their liability or responsibility under this Contract by reason of any branch mail vessel not reaching Kandavau in time to forward its mail by the through-going vessel; and in the case of the loss of any of the mails by wreck of any mail vessel or otherwise, the Contractors shall, with all possible despatch, at their own cost do all such acts and take all such measures as may be reasonably done and taken to recover the mails so lost; and the Contractors shall be liable for all damage or injury to any of the mails, from whatever cause the same may arise or happen, except fire, the act of God, or the Queen's enemies.

10. For the conveyance of each mail from San Francisco to Sydney, and *vice versa*, the Postmaster General of New South Wales will pay to the Contractors at Sydney as follows, *videlicet*:—If the mail shall be conveyed within seven hundred and eight hours as aforesaid, the sum of one thousand one hundred and fifty-three pounds sixteen shillings and eleven pence, but if the mail shall be conveyed within a less period of time, then in lieu thereof, one of the increased sums of money as mentioned in Schedule A hereunder written, according to the time within which the mail shall be conveyed; and if the time occupied in conveying the mail shall exceed the said period of seven hundred and eight hours, then the sum firstly above mentioned to be paid shall be reduced in the proportion of two pounds for every hour in excess of seven hundred and eight hours occupied in conveying the mail. The times aforesaid to be computed as mentioned in clause 9 of these presents.

11. For the conveyance of each mail from San Francisco to New Zealand, and *vice versa*, the Postmaster General of New Zealand will pay to the Contractors at Wellington as follows, *videlicet*:—If the mail from San Francisco to New Zealand shall be conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within six hundred and forty-five hours and shall also be conveyed from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within seven hundred and eighty-five hours, or from New Zealand to San Francisco shall be conveyed from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within seven hundred and eighty-five hours as aforesaid, as the case may be, then the sum of one thousand one hundred and fifty-three pounds sixteen shillings and eleven pence; but if the mail shall be so conveyed within a less period of time, then in lieu thereof one of the increased sums of money, as mentioned in Schedule B hereunder written, according to the time within which the mail shall be so conveyed: And if the time occupied in so conveying the mail shall exceed the said period of seven hundred and eighty-five hours, then the sum firstly above in this clause mentioned to be paid shall be reduced in the proportion of two pounds for every hour in excess of seven hundred and eighty-five hours occupied in so conveying the mail. The time aforesaid to be computed as mentioned in clause No. 9 of these presents.

12. For each and every mail which the Contractors shall deliver at Sydney twenty-four hours before the expiration of the time last mentioned in Schedule A hereunder written, they shall be paid by the Postmaster General of New South Wales the sum of twenty-five pounds; and for each and every mail which the Contractors shall deliver at Auckland twenty-four hours before the expiration of the time last mentioned in Schedule B, hereunder written, for delivery at Auckland, they shall be paid by the Postmaster General of New Zealand the sum of twenty-five pounds.

13. The sums payable to the Contractors under the three last preceding clauses shall be in full satisfaction for all services rendered under this Contract, including the receipt, conveyance, and delivery by the Contractors of the mails to and from Honolulu and Kandavau respectively, and shall be payable at the respective Treasuries, in the places appointed for payment, to an agent to be appointed by the Contractors at each of those places to receive the same, respectively, immediately after the due delivery of each mail or the advice of such delivery shall be received.



As to subsidies for conveyance of other mails.

14. The Colonies of New South Wales and New Zealand, or either of them, shall be entitled to retain to their or its own use, respectively, any subsidy allowed to them or either of them by the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and to retain and divide between them equally any subsidy or payment which may be agreed to be paid by any other Australasian Colony or Dependency, for the conveyance of mails over the aforesaid routes, after deducting any payments made, or expenses, if any, incurred by the Postmasters General or either of them, for the conveying mails to or from any or either of the ports or places hereinbefore appointed for the receipt or delivery of mails; but the Contractors shall be entitled to the benefit of, and to receive any subsidies or payments which the Contractors may be able to induce any Colony or Dependency or Government, other than the Governments of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of any Australasian Colony, to agree to pay for the conveyance of mails over the aforesaid routes, after deducting any payments made, or expenses, if any, incurred by the Postmasters General, or either of them, for the conveying mails to and from any or either of the ports or places aforesaid.

Vessels to be fitted with places for deposit of mails.

15. The Contractors shall provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmasters General, on board all steam-vessels employed under this Contract, proper, safe, and convenient places of deposit for the mails, with locks, keys, and secure fastenings.

Accommodation to be provided for sorting mails.

16. The Contractors shall also provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmasters General, all necessary and suitable accommodation, including lights, for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails on board the several vessels employed under this Contract, and, on being required to do so by the Postmasters General, or either of them, shall at their own cost erect or set apart in each of the said vessels a separate and convenient room for such purposes; and all such furniture, lamps, fittings, and other conveniences, shall be from time to time cleansed and kept in repair, and the oil for the lamps supplied by the servants of and at the cost of the Contractors. The master or commander of each of the said vessels shall also, if required, provide assistance for conveying the mails between the mail room and the sorting room without charge.

Mails may be entrusted to commander.

17. If the Postmasters General, or either of them, shall think fit to entrust the charge and custody of the mail, or his respective mail, to the master or commander of any vessel to be employed under this Contract, and in all cases where the officer or other person appointed to have charge of the mail shall be absent, to the knowledge of the master or commander of such vessel, such master or commander shall, without any charge, take due care of, and the Contractors shall be responsible for the receipt, safe custody, and delivery of the said mail at the several appointed places on the shore in the respective ports, as part of the services hereby contracted to be rendered. The master or commander shall also make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal, returns, and other information, and perform such other services as the Postmasters General, or either of them, or their or either of their officers, shall from time to time reasonably require.

Officers of Post Office to be attended to.

18. The Contractors, and all commanding and other officers in charge of the vessels employed under this Contract, shall at all times punctually attend to the orders and directions of the Postmasters General, or either of them, their or either of their officers or agents, as to the mode, time, and place of landing, delivering, and receiving the mails, subject to the special provisions herein contained, and so far as such orders and directions are reasonable and consistent with the safety of the vessels.

Contractors to have no claim for postage, &c.

19. The Contractors shall have no claim to any postage, nor to any sum on account thereof, for mails carried in any vessel employed in the service under this Contract, or on account of any services rendered, except as herein specially provided to be paid.

Accommodation to be provided for Post Office officials.

20. The Contractors shall provide suitable first-class accommodation for a mail officer or agent and one assistant, for each of the Postmasters General on board each of the vessels employed under this Contract, who shall be at liberty to use such accommodation as may be required for the performance of their duties; and such officers or agents and assistants shall be victualled by the Contractors as chief cabin passengers, without charge either for their passages or victualling; and whilst the vessel stays at any port, excepting the ports of Sydney and San Francisco, to or from which the mails are conveyed, such officers agents, and assistants shall be allowed to remain on board and shall be victualled as aforesaid.

Post Office officials to be treated as agents of Postmasters General.

21. Every such mail officer or agent and assistant shall be recognized and treated by the Contractors, their officers and agents, as the agent of the Postmaster General respectively, or Postmasters General by whom he may have been appointed, as the case may be, and as having full authority in all cases to require a due and strict performance of this Contract: Provided that no such agent, officer, or assistant, shall have power to control or interfere with any master, commander, or officer, in the performance of his duty; and every such agent, officer, and assistant, shall be subject to all general orders issued by the master or commander for the good order, health, and comfort of the passengers and crew, and the safety of the vessel.

Vessels not to pay dues.

22. During the continuance of this Contract, and so long as the same shall be faithfully carried out by the Contractors, no charge for pilotage, tonnage, lighthouse or harbour dues, shall be made in New South Wales, for any of the steam-vessels employed in carrying out this Contract; and the Contractors shall be at liberty to use, once in every four weeks, for five days at a time, the Fitz Roy Dry Dock at Sydney, if not leased or otherwise occupied, and also the workshops there, on payment only of the expenses of and attending such use; and no charge for pilotage, tonnage, lighthouse or harbour dues, shall be made at any port in New Zealand, in respect of any of the steam-vessels employed in carrying out this Contract.

Contract not to be assigned.

23. This Contract, or any part thereof, shall not be assigned or underlet or disposed of by the Contractors, without the joint consent, in writing, of the Postmasters General first obtained for such purpose.

If Contract assigned or Contract not being *bonâ fide* performed, Postmasters General may put an end to it.

24. In case this Contract, or any part thereof, shall be assigned, underlet, or otherwise disposed of by the Contractors, otherwise than with such consent as last aforesaid, or in case of any great or habitual non-performance or non-observance of this Contract, or of any of the covenants, matters, or things herein contained, and on the part of the Contractors, their officers, agents, or servants, or any of them, to be observed and performed, and whether there be or be not any penalty or sum of money payable by the Contractors for any such non-observance or non-performance, it shall be lawful for the Postmasters General, if they shall be of opinion that the Contractors are not *bonâ fide* carrying out the provisions herein contained, and they shall jointly so think fit (and notwithstanding there may or may not have been any former non-observance or non-performance of this Contract), by writing under their hands, to determine this Contract without any previous notice to the Contractors or their agents; and the Contractors shall

not

not be entitled to any compensation in respect of such determination. And such determination shall not deprive the Postmasters General, or either of them, of any rights or remedies to which they or he would otherwise be entitled by reason of any non-observance or non-performance of any of the provisions herein contained: Provided always that if within, but not after, twenty-eight days after any notice of the determination of this Contract shall have been given to either of the Contractors, or left for them as herein-after mentioned, the Contractors shall give notice in writing to the Postmasters General that they require that the question whether there was such a great or habitual non-observance or non-performance of this Contract on the part of the Contractors as to justify the Postmasters General in determining the same, shall be referred to arbitration, then such question shall be determined by arbitration in the manner herein-after provided with regard to differences arising between the Postmasters General and the Contractors. In case the arbitrator or arbitrators, or the umpire, shall at any time or times decide that the Postmasters General were not justified in determining the Contract, the Postmasters General shall have and be entitled from time to time to exercise the power hereinbefore given to them to determine the Contract, as fully and effectually as if they had not on any previous occasion or occasions attempted to exercise such power.

25. The Postmasters General may, if they think fit, except from any such determination any voyage or voyages, and if any vessel or vessels should have started before the determination of this Contract, or before the masters or commanders thereof could have received the news of such determination, or should after the determination start with a mail on any voyage or voyages so excepted as aforesaid, the voyage or voyages shall be continued and performed, and the mails be delivered and received as if this Contract had remained in force with regard to any such vessels; and with respect to such vessels, this Contract shall be considered as having terminated only when such vessels shall have reached their port or place of destination and the mails carried by them shall have been delivered.

26. All notices or directions which are hereby authorized to be given to the Contractors, their officers, servants, or agents, may be delivered to the master or commander of any of the said vessels, or other officer or agent of the Contractors in the charge or management of any vessel employed in the performance of this Contract on board such vessel, or left for the Contractors on board such vessel, or at either of the offices or houses of business at Sydney or Auckland of the Contractors or their agents; and any notices or directions so given or left shall be binding on the Contractors: Provided always that any notice of the determination of this Contract shall be given to one of the Contractors, or left for them at their last known office or place of business in San Francisco, Sydney, or Auckland, if any, as the Postmasters General may think fit.

27. It shall be lawful for the Postmasters General, or either of them, by writing under their respective hands, at any time, and from time to time, to delegate all or any of the powers, whether joint or several, vested in them or him, respectively, by virtue of this Contract, to such person or persons as they or he may think fit.

28. If the Contractors shall fail to commence the performance of the services hereby contracted to be by them performed according to the provisions hereof, or having commenced the same shall refuse or wilfully neglect to carry on the same according to the true intent and meaning of these presents, they shall forfeit and pay to the said Postmasters General the sum of twenty-five thousand pounds, to be equally divided between the Postmasters General as and by way of liquidated damages and not by way of penalty.

29. All and every the sums of money hereby stipulated to be paid by the Contractors shall be considered as liquidated or ascertained damages, whether any damage or loss shall have or shall not have been sustained, and may be set off by the Postmasters General, or either of them, against any moneys payable to the Contractors under or by virtue of these presents, or may be enforced by both or either of the Postmasters General as a debt due, with full costs of suit, at their or his discretion: Provided always that the payment by the Contractors of any sums of money for any neglect or default in the observance or performance of the covenants or agreements herein contained shall not in any manner prejudice the rights of the Postmasters General, or either of them, to treat such defaults as a non-observance or non-performance of this Contract on the part of the Contractors.

30. The Contractors, with two sureties to be approved by the Postmasters General, shall jointly and severally enter into a Bond in the penal sum of £25,000, conditioned for the due and faithful performance of the covenants and agreements on the part of the Contractors herein contained, according to a draft already agreed upon.

31. If any dispute, question, difference, or controversy shall arise between the Postmasters General or their respective Governments and the Contractors touching these presents, or any clause or thing herein contained, or the construction thereof, or any matter in any way connected with these presents or the operation hereof, or the rights, duties, or liabilities of the said Governments respectively, or of the Contractors in connection with the premises, then and in every or any such case the matter in difference shall be referred to arbitration in manner hereinafter mentioned, and the award of the arbitrator or the arbitrators, or the umpire appointed as hereinafter mentioned, as the case may be, shall be binding and conclusive in every respect.

32. Unless the Postmasters General and the Contractors shall concur in the appointment of a single arbitrator, each party, on the request of the other party, shall nominate and appoint an arbitrator, to whom such dispute, question, difference, or controversy shall be referred; and every appointment of an arbitrator shall be made on the part of the Postmasters General, under their hands, and on the part of the Contractors, under their hands, or under the hand of either of them, or under the hand of the accredited agent of the Contractors (if any) at Sydney or Auckland; and such appointment shall be made in duplicate, and be delivered one part to the other party and the other part to the arbitrator on the part of the party by whom the same shall be made; and after any such appointment shall have been made, neither party shall have power to revoke the same without the consent of the other, nor shall the death of either party operate as a revocation; and if for the space of fourteen days after any such dispute shall have arisen, and after a request in writing, in which shall be stated the matters required to be referred to arbitration, shall have been served upon the Postmasters General respectively, or given to either of the Contractors, or left for them at their last known office or place of business in San Francisco, Sydney, or Auckland (if any), as the case may be, by the one party or the other party, to appoint an arbitrator, such last-mentioned party fail to appoint an arbitrator, then upon such failure the party making the request, and having appointed an arbitrator, may appoint such arbitrator to act on behalf of both parties, and such arbitrator may proceed to hear and determine the matters which shall be in dispute, and in such case the award or determination of such single arbitrator shall be final.

33. If before the matters so referred shall be determined any arbitrator appointed by either party die or become incapable, the party by whom such arbitrator was appointed, his successors in office, executors or administrators, may nominate and appoint, in writing, some other person to act in his place; and if for the space of fourteen days after notice in writing from the other party for that purpose he fail to do so, the remaining or other arbitrator may proceed *ex parte*; and every arbitrator so to be substituted as aforesaid shall have the same powers and authorities as were vested in the former arbitrator at the time of such his death or disability as aforesaid.

34. Where more than one arbitrator shall have been appointed, such arbitrators shall, before they enter upon the matters referred to them, nominate and appoint, by writing under their hands, an umpire, to decide on any such matters on which they shall differ or which shall be referred to him; and if such umpire shall die or become incapable to act, they shall forthwith after such death or incapacity appoint another umpire in his place, and the decision of every such umpire on the matters so referred to him shall be final.

35. If in either of the cases aforesaid the said arbitrators shall refuse, or shall, for fourteen days after the request of either party to such arbitration, neglect to appoint an umpire, the Governor for the time being of the Colony of New South Wales shall, on the application of either party to such arbitration, appoint an umpire, and the decision of such umpire on the matters on which the arbitrators shall differ, or which shall be referred to him, shall be final.

36. If, when a single arbitrator shall have been appointed, or shall be proceeding *ex parte* under any of the provisions herein contained, such arbitrator shall die or become incapable to act before he shall have made his award, the matters referred to him shall be determined by arbitration in the same manner as if no such arbitrator had been appointed.

37. If, where more than one arbitrator shall have been appointed, either of the arbitrators refuse, or for fourteen days neglect to act, the other arbitrator may proceed *ex parte*, and the decision of such other arbitrator shall be as effectual as if he had been the single arbitrator appointed by both parties.

38. If, where more than one arbitrator shall have been appointed, and where neither of them shall refuse or neglect to act as aforesaid, such arbitrators shall fail to make their award within three calendar months after the day on which the last of such arbitrators shall have been appointed, or within such extended time (if any) as shall have been appointed for that purpose by both such arbitrators under their hands, the matters referred to them shall be determined by the umpire to be appointed as aforesaid, and the umpire shall make his award within three calendar months after the time when his duties shall commence, or within such extended time (if any) as shall have been appointed for that purpose by the umpire, under his hand.

39. The said arbitrator or arbitrators, or their umpire, may call for the production of any documents in the possession or power of either party, which they or he may think necessary for determining the question in dispute, and may examine the parties or their witnesses on oath, and administer the oaths necessary for that purpose.

40. The costs of every such arbitration, and of the award, shall be in the discretion of the arbitrator, arbitrators, or umpire, who may direct to and by whom and in what manner the same or any part thereof shall be paid.

41. The arbitration shall take place and be conducted at Sydney aforesaid; and the arbitrator or arbitrators, or the umpire, as the case may be, shall deliver his or their award, in writing, to the Postmaster General, and the Postmasters General shall retain the same, and shall forthwith on demand, at their own expense, furnish a copy thereof to the Contractors, and shall at all times on demand produce the said award, and allow the same to be inspected or examined by the Contractors, or any person appointed by them for that purpose.

42. This submission to arbitration may be made a rule of any of the Superior Courts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of the said Colonies, on the application of either the Postmasters General or the Contractors.

In witness whereof, the said parties to these presents have hereunto set their hands and seals, the day and year first above written.

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SCHEDULE A ABOVE REFERRED TO.

SCALE of Payment to be made by the Postmaster General of New South Wales for each Mail conveyed from San Francisco to Sydney, and *vice versa*.

If conveyed within seven hundred and eight hours, one thousand one hundred and fifty-three pounds sixteen shillings and eleven pence.

If conveyed within six hundred and seventy-eight hours, one thousand two hundred and ninety-eight pounds one shilling and six pence.

If conveyed within six hundred and forty-eight hours, one thousand four hundred and forty-two pounds six shillings and one penny.

If conveyed within six hundred and twenty-two hours, one thousand five hundred and eighty-six pounds ten shillings and eight pence.

If conveyed within six hundred hours, one thousand seven hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings and four pence.

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SCHEDULE B ABOVE REFERRED TO.

SCALE of Payment to be made by the Postmaster General of New Zealand for each Mail conveyed from San Francisco to New Zealand, and *vice versa*.

If conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within six hundred and forty-five hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within seven hundred and eighty-five hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within seven hundred and eighty-five hours, as the case may be, one thousand one hundred and fifty-three pounds sixteen shillings and eleven pence.

If

If conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within six hundred and seventeen hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within seven hundred and fifty-two hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within seven hundred and fifty-two hours, as the case may be, one thousand two hundred and ninety-eight pounds one shilling and six pence.

If conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within five hundred and ninety-one hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within seven hundred and twenty-two hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within seven hundred and twenty-two hours, as the case may be, one thousand four hundred and forty-two pounds six shillings and one penny.

If conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within five hundred and sixty-eight hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within six hundred and ninety-five hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within six hundred and ninety-five hours, as the case may be, one thousand five hundred and eighty-six pounds ten shillings and eight pence.

If conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within five hundred and forty-six hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within six hundred and seventy-one hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within six hundred and seventy-one hours, as the case may be, one thousand seven hundred and thirty pounds fifteen shillings and four pence.

SAUL SAMUEL, as Postmaster General of New South Wales. (L.S.)

JULIUS VOGEL, as Postmaster General of New Zealand, by (L.S.)  
his Attorney,—T. RUSSELL.

H. H. HALL. (L.S.)

PAUL S. FORBES. (L.S.)

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the above-named Hon. Saul Samuel, Hayden Hezekiah Hall, and Paul Siemen Forbes, in the presence of,—

JNO. MACKRELL,  
Solr., 21, Cannon-street, London.

JOHN WIDDECOMBE,  
92, Gresham House, London.

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the above-named Hon. Julius Vogel, by his Attorney, Thomas Russell, in the presence of,—

JNO. MACKRELL.

#### BOND.

Know all men by these presents, that we, Hayden Hezekiah Hall, of the city of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, Agent there for the United States of America, Paul Siemen Forbes, of No. 8, Bishopsgate-street Within, in the city of London, shipowner, Edward Münster de Bussche, of Ryde, in the Isle of Wight, in the county of Southampton, shipowner, and Edward Cunningham, of No. 8, Bishopsgate-street Within, aforesaid, merchant and shipowner, are jointly and severally held and firmly bound to the Honorable Saul Samuel, the Postmaster General of the said Colony of New South Wales, as such Postmaster General, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of such Colony, and to the Honorable Julius Vogel, the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand, as such Postmaster General, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of such Colony, in the sum of £25,000 of lawful money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to be paid to the said Saul Samuel and Julius Vogel and their successors, in their respective offices of Postmaster General of the said Colony of New South Wales and Postmaster General of the said Colony of New Zealand; for which payment to be well and truly made we and each of us bind ourselves and himself, our and his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, and every of them, firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals. Dated this 27th day of November, 1873.

WHEREAS by certain Articles of Agreement made and entered into on the 27th day of November, A.D. 1873, between the said Saul Samuel, as Postmaster General of and acting for and on behalf of the Government of the said Colony of New South Wales of the first part, the said Julius Vogel, as Postmaster General of and acting for and on behalf of the Government of the said Colony of New Zealand, of the second part, and the above-bounden Hayden Hezekiah Hall and Paul Siemen Forbes, who in the said Articles of Agreement are designated "the Contractors," of the third part; after reciting that, by Articles of Agreement bearing even date therewith, and made between the parties to the said Articles of Agreement now in recital, the Contractors had entered into a Contract with the Postmaster General for the conveyance of mails from the 27th day of November, 1874, for a period of six years to be computed from that day, between San Francisco and Sydney, and New Zealand, in the said first-mentioned Articles of Agreement now in recital referred to as "the permanent Contract," and that the parties to the said first-mentioned Articles of Agreement now in recital were desirous of making provision for the conveyance of mails over the said route until the permanent Contract should come into operation: It is witnessed that they, the Contractors, did for themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, and each of them did for himself, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns (so far as the covenants and agreements thereinafter contained were to be observed and performed by the Contractors), covenant with the Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales and his successors, and with the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand and his successors, and also as a separate covenant with each of the Postmasters General and his successors, amongst other things (Article 2), that the Contractors should, on and from the 20th day of December, 1873, and until the permanent Contract should come into operation, convey all Her Majesty's mails which, and all other mails as in the Contract now in recital defined, which the Postmasters General or either of them should at any time or from time to time require the Contractors to convey between Sydney and San Francisco and between San Francisco and Sydney, and between New Zealand and San Francisco and between San Francisco and New Zealand, and from  
and

and to all and every or any of those ports, and to and from the ports of Honolulu in the Sandwich Islands and Kandavau in the Fiji Islands, and according to the routes, within the respective times, and in manner thereafter provided, and so long as the whole or any part of the services thereby granted to be performed ought to be performed in pursuance of that Contract, and should and would provide and keep seaworthy, and in complete repair and readiness for such purpose, a sufficient number of and not less than four good substantial and efficient screw steam-vessels of the first class and fully equal to Class 100 A1, Lloyd's register, and of not less gross registered tonnage than 2,000 tons each, constructed of iron, and propelled by first-rate engines of adequate power for a minimum continuous speed of 10 nautical miles per hour; that three of the first vessels to be put upon the line should be the screw steam-ships "M'Gregor," "Tartar," and "Mongol," one of which should be ready to leave the port of Sydney with mails at latest on the 20th day of December, 1873, and a suitable vessel should be ready to leave Port Chalmers with mails on the 16th day of December, 1873, to meet the same at Kandavau, and another of the above-named vessels should be ready to leave the port of San Francisco with mails on or about the 27th day of January next; that due notice should be given to the Postmasters General of any vessel or vessels proposed to be put upon the line, and no vessel should be employed in the service thereby contracted to be performed until approved by the Postmasters General, or an officer or officers to be appointed by them jointly or severally for that purpose; (Article 3) that the steam-vessels to be employed under the now-reciting Contract should be of the capacity aforesaid, and should be always furnished with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps, and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, nautical instruments, and whatsoever else might be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering constantly efficient for travelling at a minimum continuous speed of 10 nautical miles per hour, and for the service thereby agreed to be performed, and also manned and provided with competent and legally qualified officers, and with a sufficient number of efficient engineers and a sufficient crew of able seamen and other men, and with a competent surgeon, to be in all respects, as to vessels, engines, equipments, and capacity, subject in the first instance, and from time to time, and at all times afterwards, to the approval of the Postmasters General, or of such other person or persons as they should jointly or severally, or at any time or times authorize to inspect and examine the same, and no vessel should be employed or used for the purposes of the now-reciting Contract until approved as aforesaid; (Article 4) that the Postmasters General, or either of them, should have full power, whenever and as often as they or he might deem it requisite, by any of their or his qualified officers or agents, to inspect the officers, engineers, and crew of all or any of the vessels employed or to be employed in the performance of the now-reciting Contract, and to survey all or any of such vessels and the hulls thereof, and the engines, machinery, furniture, tackle, apparel, stores, and equipments of every such vessel, and any defect or deficiency that might be discovered on any such survey should be forthwith repaired or supplied by the Contractors; and, for the purposes aforesaid, the said vessels should, if necessary, be opened in their hulls whenever the said officers or agents might so require, and if any such vessel, or any part thereof, or any engines, machinery, furniture, tackle, apparel, boats, stores, or equipments, should on any such survey be declared by any such officers or agents unseaworthy, or not adapted to the service thereby agreed to be performed, or any such officers, engineers, or crew should be so declared ineligible, every vessel which should be disapproved of, or in which such deficiency or defect should appear, should be deemed insufficient for any service thereby agreed to be performed and should not be again employed in the conveyance of mails until such defect or deficiency should have been repaired or supplied to the satisfaction of the Marine Board or officer requiring the same, and any of such officers, engineers, or crew declared ineligible should not be employed in the said service; and in the now-reciting Contract it was further covenanted and agreed; (Article 28) that if the Contractors should fail to commence the performance of the services thereby contracted to be by them performed according to the provisions thereof, or having commenced the same should refuse or wilfully neglect to carry on the same according to the true intent and meaning of the now-reciting presents, they should forfeit and pay to the said Postmasters General the sum of £25,000, to be equally divided between the Postmasters General, as and by way of liquidated damages and not by way of penalty; (29) that all and every the sums of money thereby stipulated to be paid by the Contractors should be considered as liquidated or ascertained damages, whether any damage or loss should have or should not have been sustained, and might be set off by the Postmasters General, or either of them, against any moneys payable to the Contractors under or by virtue of the now-reciting presents, or might be enforced by both or either of the Postmasters General as a debt due with full costs of suit at their or his discretion: Provided always that the payment by the Contractors of any sums of money for any neglect or default in the observance or performance of the covenants or agreements therein contained should not in any manner prejudice the rights of the Postmasters General or either of them to treat such defaults as a non-observance or non-performance of the now-reciting Contract on the part of the Contractors; (30) that the Contractors, with 2 sureties, to be approved by the Postmasters General, should jointly and severally enter into a Bond in the penal sum of £25,000, conditioned for the due and faithful performance of the covenants and agreements on the part of the Contractors therein contained, according to a draft then already agreed upon, meaning the draft of these presents:

Now, the condition of the above-written Bond or obligation is such that if in case the said Hayden Hezekiah Hall and Paul Siemen Forbes, while the whole or any part of the services by the said recited Articles of Agreement agreed to be performed ought to be performed, shall not provide, or in case having provided, they shall not keep seaworthy and in complete repair and readiness for the purpose of conveying, on and from the 20th day of December, 1873, and until the said permanent Contract shall come into operation, all Her Majesty's mails which, and all other mails which the Postmaster General for the time being of the Colony of New South Wales and the Postmaster General for the time being of the Colony of New Zealand, or either of them, shall at any time, or from time to time, require the Contractors to convey between Sydney and San Francisco and between San Francisco and Sydney, and between New Zealand and San Francisco and between San Francisco and New Zealand, and from and to all and every or any of those ports to and from the said ports of Honolulu and Kandavau, a sufficient number of and not less than four good substantial and efficient screw steam-vessels of the first class and fully equal to class 100 A1, Lloyd's register, and of not less gross registered tonnage than 2,000 tons each, constructed of iron, and propelled by first-rate engines of adequate power for a minimum continuous speed of 10 nautical miles per hour, or in case one of the said screw steam-ships shall not be ready to leave the port

port of Sydney with mails, at latest, on the 20th day of December, 1873, or in case a suitable steamship shall not be ready to leave Port Chalmers with mails on the 16th day of December, 1873, to meet the same at Kandavau, or in case another of the said screw steamships shall not be ready to leave the port of San Francisco with mails on or about the 27th day of January next, or in case any vessel shall be employed in the said service which shall not have been approved by the Postmasters General or an officer or officers appointed by them for the purpose, or in case any vessel which on any such survey as in the said recited Articles of Agreement mentioned shall have been disapproved of, or in which such deficiency or defect as in the said recited Articles mentioned shall have appeared, shall be employed in the conveyance of mails before such defect or deficiency has been repaired or supplied to the satisfaction of the Postmasters General or officer requiring the same, the said Hayden Hezekiah Hall, Paul Siemen Forbes, Edward Münster de Bussche, and Edward Cunningham, or some or one of them, or the executors or administrators of some or one of them, do and shall in any or either of the said cases pay unto the Postmasters General for the time-being of the said Colonies the sum of £25,000, as and for liquidated damages: Then the above-written Bond or obligation shall be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

H. H. HALL. (L.S.)  
 PAUL S. FORBES. (L.S.)  
 E. M. DE BUSSCHE. (L.S.)  
 EDWARD CUNNINGHAM. (L.S.)

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the above-named Hayden Hezekiah Hall, Paul Siemen Forbes, Edward Münster de Bussche, and Edward Cunningham, in the presence of,—

JNO. MACKRELL,  
 Solr., 21, Cannon-street, London.  
 JOHN WIDDECOMBE,  
 92, Gresham House, London.

Examined and compared by us this day with the original, of which we attest this to be a true copy, this twenty-eighth day of November, 1873,—

JOHN CORBEN,  
 JAS. LANE,  
 Clerks to Messrs. Peachey and Lloyd, of No. 8, Frederick's-place,  
 Old Jewry, in the City of London, Solicitors.



1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## MAIL SERVICE BETWEEN SAN FRANCISCO AND THE COLONIES.

(PERMANENT CONTRACT, AND BOND.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 28 January, 1874.*

## PERMANENT CONTRACT.

ARTICLES of Agreement made and entered into this twenty-seventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, between the Honorable Saul Samuel, the Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales, as such Postmaster General, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of the said Colony, of the first part; the Honorable Julius Vogel, the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand, as such Postmaster General, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of the same Colony, of the second part; Hayden Hezekiah Hall, of Sydney, New South Wales, Agent there for the United States of America; and Paul Siemen Forbes, of 8, Bishopsgate-street Within, in the City of London, ship-owner, hereinafter designated "The Contractors," of the third part;—witness that they, the Contractors, do, for themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, and each of them doth for himself, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns (so far as the covenants and agreements hereinafter contained are to be observed and performed by the Contractors), hereby covenant with the Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales and his successors, and with the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand and his successors, and also as a separate covenant with each of the Postmasters General and his successors; and the Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales and the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand do and each of them doth, for and on behalf of himself respectively as such Postmaster General and his successors respectively, and the Government of the Colony for which he is now respectively the Postmaster General (but so far only as the covenants and agreements hereinafter contained are to be observed or performed by or are applicable to the Government of the said Colonies respectively), hereby covenant with the Contractors, their executors and administrators, in manner following, that is to say:—

1. In the construction of these presents, the following words and expressions shall mean and include (unless such meaning shall be inconsistent with the context) as follows:—"Postmaster General of the Colony of New South Wales" means the Postmaster General for the time being of that Colony; "Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand" means the Postmaster General for the time being of that Colony; "Postmasters General" means the Postmaster General for the time being of the Colony of New South Wales and the Postmaster General for the time being of the Colony of New Zealand; "Contractors" includes the heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns of the Contractors, and of each of them; "mails" includes all boxes, bags, or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed papers, patterns, and all other articles transmissible by post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed or to that in which they may have originated; also, all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office Service; "mail" means the aggregate of mails transmitted at one time by any of the vessels for the time being employed in the Mail Service under this Contract; and "hours" means hours calculated according to Greenwich time.

2. The Contractors shall from time to time, and at all times during the period of six years to be computed from the twenty-seventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, convey all Her Majesty's mails which, and all other mails, of whatever country or place, which the Postmasters General, or either of them, shall at any time and from time to time require the Contractors to convey between Sydney and San Francisco, and between San Francisco and Sydney, and between New Zealand and San Francisco, and between San Francisco and New Zealand, and from and to all and every or any of those ports, to and from the ports of Honolulu in the Sandwich Islands and Kandavau in the Fiji Islands, and according to the routes, within the respective times, and in manner hereinafter provided; and, so long as the whole or any part of the services hereby agreed to be performed ought to be performed in pursuance



of this Contract, shall and will provide and keep seaworthy, and in complete repair and readiness for such purpose, a sufficient number of, and not less than four, good substantial and efficient screw steam-vessels of the first class, and fully equal to class 100 A1, Lloyd's Register, and of not less gross registered tonnage than two thousand five hundred tons each, constructed of iron, and propelled by first-rate engines of adequate power, for a minimum continuous speed of twelve nautical miles per hour; all such vessels and engines being built expressly for the purposes of this Contract, and according to plans, sections, and specifications, to be previously approved by or on behalf of the Postmasters General, the vessels having spar decks and large capacity for passengers and cargo, and ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes.

Vessels to be furnished with machinery, tackle, &c.

3. The steam-vessels to be employed under this Contract shall be of the capacity aforesaid, and shall be always furnished with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps, and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, nautical instruments, and whatsoever else may be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for travelling at a minimum continuous speed of twelve nautical miles per hour, and for the service hereby agreed to be performed, and also manned and provided with competent and legally qualified officers, and with a sufficient number of efficient engineers, and a sufficient crew of able seamen and other men, and with a competent surgeon; to be in all respects, as to vessels, engines, equipments, and capacity, subject, in the first instance, and from time to time, and at all times afterwards, to the approval of the Postmasters General, or of such other person or persons as they shall jointly or severally at any time or times, or from time to time, authorize to inspect and examine the same; and no vessel shall be employed or used for the purposes of this Contract until approved as aforesaid.

Power to inspect vessels, officers, and crew, and suspend use of vessels not satisfactory.

4. The Postmasters General, or either of them, shall have full power, whenever and as often as they or he may deem it requisite, by any of their or his qualified officers or agents, to inspect the officers, engineers, and crew of all or any of the vessels employed or to be employed in the performance of this Contract, and to survey all or any of such vessels, and the hulls thereof, and the engines, machinery, furniture, tackle, apparel, stores, and equipments of every such vessel; and any defect or deficiency that may be discovered on any such survey shall be forthwith repaired or supplied by the Contractors; and for the purposes aforesaid, the said vessels shall (if necessary) be opened in their hulls whenever the said officers or agents may so require. And if any such vessel, or any part thereof, or any engines, machinery, furniture, tackle, apparel, boats, stores, or equipments, shall on any such survey be declared by any such officers or agents unseaworthy or not adapted to the service hereby agreed to be performed, or any such officers, engineers, or crew shall be so declared ineligible, every vessel which shall be disapproved of or in which such deficiency or defect shall appear shall be deemed insufficient for any service hereby agreed to be performed, and shall not be again employed in the conveyance of mails until such defect or deficiency has been repaired or supplied to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General or officer requiring the same; and any of such officers, engineers, or crew declared ineligible shall not be employed in the said service.

Mail routes and times of departure of vessels.

5. The route by which the mails shall be conveyed as aforesaid shall be by way of Honolulu and Kandavau aforesaid, and *vice versa*, at each of which ports the said vessels shall call on each journey, for the receipt and delivery of mails, allowing a sufficient time at each place for the purpose, but the said vessels shall not call at any other intermediate place without the consent in writing of the Postmasters General. The mails shall be conveyed thirteen times in each year between San Francisco and the said Colonies, and at the same rate between the said Colonies and San Francisco, and the vessel employed to convey the same shall leave the respective ports of departure on the days and at the times to be from time to time appointed for the purpose by the Postmasters General. The vessels conveying the mails from San Francisco shall proceed alternately to New South Wales and to New Zealand, and the mails for New Zealand or New South Wales, as the case may require, shall be transhipped at the said port of Kandavau into and be conveyed by another of the said vessels to the Colony. The vessels conveying the mails to San Francisco shall proceed thither alternately from New South Wales and from New Zealand, and the mails from New Zealand or New South Wales, as the case may require, shall be conveyed by the Contractors in another of the said vessels to the said port of Kandavau, and be there transhipped into and conveyed by the vessel going to San Francisco. The New South Wales mails shall be delivered at and despatched from the port of Sydney, and the New Zealand mails shall be delivered at and despatched from the ports of Port Chalmers, Lyttleton, Wellington, and Auckland, respectively, and in passing Hawke's Bay the mail vessel shall (weather permitting) call off Napier to deliver and receive mails to and from that place; the said last-mentioned mails to be delivered to and received from a steam launch to be provided by the Postmaster General of New Zealand; and the Contractors shall convey with the mails from or to San Francisco any local mails between the said ports of New Zealand respectively as may be required by the Postmaster General of New Zealand to be so conveyed.

Receipt and delivery of mails.

6. The Contractors, at their own expense, shall deliver and take the mails to and from the shore at convenient places, to be from time to time appointed by the Postmasters General respectively in the respective ports (except Napier), where the mails are to be delivered or received; also, shall convey the same, and the officers having charge of them, to and from the shore, as may be necessary, in suitable boats furnished with suitable coverings for the mails, and properly equipped and manned; also, shall tranship from one vessel into the other the mails which, under this Contract, are to be transhipped at Kandavau, and shall from time to time convey the officers or agents of the Postmasters General respectively to and from the shore at any of the said ports as often as may be necessary in the execution of their duties respectively, in the event of a suitable boat not being conveniently obtainable from the shore for the purpose.

Power to delay departure of vessels.

7. If either of the said Postmasters General, or their respective officers or agents, shall at any time deem it requisite for the public service that any vessel should be detained beyond the appointed time of departure, it shall be lawful for either of the Postmasters General, or such officers or agents, to order such delay, not exceeding forty-eight hours at San Francisco, and not exceeding twenty-four hours at Sydney, or twenty-four hours at any other port, by letter addressed to and delivered to the commander of the vessel, or the person acting as such, or left for him at the office of the Contractors in the port, or on board the vessel, three hours at least before the hour appointed for departure. If when the through mail vessel going to San Francisco shall be ready to leave the port of Kandavau, the branch mail vessel shall

shall not have arrived from Sydney or New Zealand, as the case may be, the through-going mail vessel shall wait at Kandavau for the arrival of the other vessel, but not exceeding seventy-two hours from the time of arrival there of the through-going vessel; and in order to insure the due carrying of the mails from San Francisco, the Contractors, without any such notice, shall delay any vessel (if necessary) seven days, to await the arrival of the English mails from New York for Australia or New Zealand. The Postmaster General of New Zealand shall be at liberty from time to time to vary the times of departure of the mails at and from the ports in New Zealand, but not so as to vary the times of departure from the Port of Auckland for Kandavau more than twenty-four hours, without the consent of the Postmaster General of New South Wales.

8. If from any cause whatsoever, at any time or times hereafter, one of the vessels aforesaid shall not be at the ports of departure of San Francisco, Sydney, and Port Chalmers respectively, ready to put to sea in due time to perform the services hereby contracted to be performed, the Contractors shall pay as and by way of liquidated damages to the Postmasters General (for the use of the Governments of the said Colonies, or for the Government of whichever of the said Colonies may be affected by such default, as the case may be), in respect of every mail that shall be delayed by reason of any such default as aforesaid, the sum of three hundred pounds, and the further sum of one hundred pounds for every day which shall elapse between the time at which the mail shall be appointed to leave the port of departure and the time at which the vessel conveying the same shall leave the port: Provided always that the Postmasters General shall have power to remit or reduce any of the sums payable, as in this clause mentioned, if they shall be satisfied that any such default as aforesaid was attributable to causes over which the Contractors had no control.

9. The mails, whether carried in through-going vessels or transhipped as aforesaid, shall be safely conveyed from San Francisco to Sydney, and from Sydney to San Francisco, within six hundred hours, and from San Francisco to Auckland, and from Auckland to San Francisco, within five hundred and forty-six hours, and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers, and from Port Chalmers to San Francisco, within six hundred and seventy-one hours, the times aforesaid to be calculated from the times appointed for the departure of the mail respectively, unless any vessel shall be delayed in consequence of the mail not being ready for embarkation in due time, either at San Francisco or at Sydney, or in New Zealand, in which case the time shall be calculated from the time of the mail being ready for delivery at the port where the delay shall take place. The Contractors admit and agree that in the times above named sufficient times have been allowed for coaling and stoppages at Honolulu and Kandavau and the ports of New Zealand respectively. The Contractors shall not be relieved or discharged of their liability or responsibility under this Contract by reason of any branch mail vessel not reaching Kandavau in time to forward its mail by the through-going vessel. And in case of the loss of any of the mails by wreck of any mail vessel, or otherwise, the Contractors shall, with all possible despatch, at their own cost, do all such acts and take all such measures as may be reasonably done and taken to recover the mails so lost; and the Contractors shall be liable for all damage or injury to any of the mails from whatever cause the same may arise or happen, except fire, the act of God, or the Queen's enemies.

10. For the conveyance of each mail from San Francisco to Sydney, and *vice versa*, the Postmaster General of New South Wales will pay to the Contractors at Sydney as follows, *videlicet*:—If the mail shall be conveyed within six hundred hours as aforesaid, the sum of one thousand five hundred and thirty-eight pounds nine shillings and twopence; but if the mail shall not be so conveyed, then, in lieu thereof, one of the lesser sums of money, as mentioned in Schedule A, hereunder written, according to the time within which the mail shall be conveyed. And if the time occupied in conveying the mail shall exceed seven hundred and eight hours, then the sum lastly mentioned in the said Schedule to be paid shall be reduced in the proportion of two pounds for every hour in excess of seven hundred and eight hours occupied in conveying the mail. The times aforesaid to be computed as mentioned in clause No. 9 of these presents.

11. For the conveyance of each mail from San Francisco to New Zealand, and *vice versa*, the Postmaster General of New Zealand will pay to the Contractors at Wellington as follows, *videlicet*:—If the mail from San Francisco to New Zealand shall be conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within five hundred and forty-six hours, and shall also be conveyed from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within six hundred and seventy-one hours, or from New Zealand to San Francisco, shall be conveyed from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within six hundred and seventy-one hours as aforesaid, as the case may be, then the sum of one thousand five hundred and thirty-eight pounds nine shillings and two pence; but if the mail shall not be so conveyed, then, in lieu thereof, one of the lesser sums of money, as mentioned in Schedule B, hereunder written, according to the time within which the mail shall be so conveyed. And if the time occupied in so conveying the mail shall exceed seven hundred and eighty-five hours, then the sum lastly mentioned in the said Schedule B to be paid, shall be reduced in the proportion of two pounds for every hour in excess of seven hundred and eighty-five hours occupied in so conveying the mail. The times aforesaid to be computed as mentioned in clause No. 9 of these presents.

12. For each and every mail which the Contractors shall deliver at Sydney twenty-four hours before the expiration of the time appointed in clause No. 9, they shall be paid by the Postmaster General of New South Wales the sum of twenty-five pounds; and for each and every mail which the Contractors shall deliver at Auckland twenty-four hours before the expiration of the time appointed in clause No. 9, they shall be paid by the Postmaster General of New Zealand the sum of twenty-five pounds.

13. The sums payable to the Contractors under the three last preceding clauses shall be in full satisfaction for all services rendered under this Contract, including the receipt, conveyance, and delivery, by the Contractors, of the mails to and from Honolulu and Kandavau respectively, and shall be payable at the respective Treasuries in the places appointed for payment, to an agent to be appointed by the Contractors at each of those places to receive the same respectively, immediately after the due delivery of each mail or the advice of such delivery shall be received: Provided always that the provisions hereinbefore contained for payment for the conveyance of mails otherwise than within the times stipulated for in clause No. 9 of these presents shall not be deemed or construed to relieve the Contractors from liability for default in the due performance of the stipulations contained in the same clause, or to disentitle the Postmasters General to determine this Contract under clause No. 24 of these presents, on account of any such default, it being hereby expressly agreed that the performance of the service hereby contracted to be performed within the times mentioned in clause No. 9 of these presents shall be deemed and held to be the essence of this Contract.

As to subsidies for conveyance of other mails.

14. The Colonies of New South Wales and New Zealand, or either of them, shall be entitled to retain to their or its own use respectively any subsidy allowed to them, or either of them, by the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and to retain and divide between them equally any subsidy or payment which may be agreed to be paid by any other Australasian Colony or Dependency for the conveyance of mails over the aforesaid routes, after deducting any payments made, or expenses, if any, incurred by the Postmasters General, or either of them, for the conveying mails to or from any or either of the ports or places hereinafter appointed for the receipt or delivery of mails; but the Contractors shall be entitled to the benefit of, and to receive any subsidies or payments which the Contractors may be able to induce any Colony or Dependency, or Government other than the Governments of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of any Australasian Colony, to agree to pay for the conveyance of mails over the aforesaid routes, after deducting any payments made, or expenses, if any, incurred by the Postmasters General, or either of them, for the conveying mails to and from any or either of the ports or places aforesaid.

Vessels to be fitted with places for deposit of mails.

15. The Contractors shall provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmasters General, on board all steam-vessels employed under this Contract, proper, safe, and convenient places of deposit for the mails, with locks, keys, and secure fastenings.

Accommodation to be provided for sorting mails.

16. The Contractors shall also provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmasters General, all necessary and suitable accommodation, including lights, for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails on board the several vessels employed under this Contract; and, on being required to do so by the Postmasters General or either of them, shall, at their own cost, erect or set apart in each of the said vessels a separate and convenient room for such purposes; and all such furniture, lamps, fittings, and other conveniences, shall be from time to time cleansed and kept in repair, and the oil for the lamps supplied by the servants of and at the cost of the Contractors. The master or commander of each of the said vessels shall also, if required, provide assistance for conveying the mails between the mail-room and the sorting-room without charge.

Mails may be entrusted to commander.

17. If the Postmasters General, or either of them, shall think fit to entrust the charge and custody of the mail or his respective mail to the master or commander of any vessel to be employed under this Contract, and in all cases where the officer or other person appointed to have charge of the mail shall be absent to the knowledge of the master or commander of such vessel, such master or commander shall, without any charge, take due care of, and the Contractors shall be responsible for the receipt, safe custody, and delivery of the said mail at the several appointed places on the shore in the respective ports, as part of the services hereby contracted to be rendered. The master or commander shall also make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal, returns, and other information, and perform such other services as the Postmasters General, or either of them, or their or either of their officers, shall from time to time reasonably require.

Orders of officers of Post Office to be attended to.

18. The Contractors and all commanding and other officers in charge of the vessels employed under this Contract, shall at all times punctually attend to the orders and directions of the Postmasters General or either of them, their or either of their officers or agents, as to the mode, time, and place of landing, delivering, and receiving the mails, subject to the special provisions herein contained, and so far as such orders and directions are reasonable and consistent with the safety of the vessels.

Contractors to have no claim for postage, &c.

19. The Contractors shall have no claim to any postage nor to any sum on account thereof for mails carried in any vessel employed in the service under this Contract, or on account of any services rendered, except as herein specially provided to be paid.

Accommodation to be provided for Post Office officials.

20. The Contractors shall provide suitable first-class accommodation for a mail officer or agent and one assistant for each of the Postmasters General on board each of the vessels employed under this Contract, who shall be at liberty to use such accommodation as may be required for the performance of their duties; and such officers or agents and assistants shall be victualled by the Contractors as chief cabin passengers, without charge either for their passages or victualling, and whilst the vessel stays at any port, excepting the ports of Sydney and San Francisco, to or from which the mails are conveyed, such officers, agents, and assistants shall be allowed to remain on board and shall be victualled as aforesaid.

Post Office officials to be treated as agents of Postmasters General.

21. Every such mail officer or agent and assistant shall be recognized and treated by the Contractors, their officers and agents, as the agent of the Postmaster General respectively or Postmasters General by whom he may have been appointed, as the case may be, and as having full authority in all cases to require a due and strict performance of this Contract: Provided that no such agent, officer, or assistant shall have power to control or interfere with any master, commander, or officer, in the performance of his duty; and every such agent, officer, and assistant shall be subject to all general orders issued by the master or commander for the good order, health and comfort of the passengers and crew and the safety of the vessel.

Vessels not to pay dues.

22. During the continuance of this Contract, and so long as the same shall be faithfully carried out by the Contractors, no charge for pilotage, tonnage, lighthouse or harbour dues, shall be made in New South Wales for any of the steam-vessels employed in carrying out this Contract; and the Contractors shall be at liberty to use once in every four weeks, for five days at a time, the Fitz Roy Dry Dock at Sydney, if not leased or otherwise occupied, and also the workshops there, on payment only of the expenses of and attending such use; and no charge for pilotage, tonnage, lighthouse or harbour dues, shall be made at any port in New Zealand in respect of any of the steam-vessels employed in carrying out this Contract.

Contract not to be assigned.

23. This Contract or any part thereof shall not be assigned or underlet or disposed of by the Contractors, without the joint consent, in writing, of the Postmasters General first obtained for such purpose.

If Contract assigned, or Contract not being *bona fide* performed, Postmasters General may put an end to it.

24. In case this Contract or any part thereof shall be assigned, underlet, or otherwise disposed of by the Contractors, otherwise than with such consent as last aforesaid, or in case of any great or habitual non-performance or non-observance of this Contract, or of any of the covenants, matters, or things herein contained, and on the part of the Contractors, their officers, agents, or servants, or any of them, to be observed and performed, and whether there be or be not any penalty or sum of money payable by the Contractors for any such non-observance or non-performance, it shall be lawful for the Postmasters General, if they shall be of opinion that the Contractors are not *bona fide* carrying out the provisions herein contained, and they shall jointly so think fit (and notwithstanding there may or may not have been any former non-observance or non-performance of this Contract), by writing under their hands, to determine this Contract without any previous notice to the Contractors or their agents; and the Contractors shall

shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of such determination; and such determination shall not deprive the Postmasters General or either of them of any rights or remedies to which they or he would otherwise be entitled by reason of any non-observance or non-performance of any of the provisions herein contained: Provided always that if within, but not after, twenty-eight days after any notice of the determination of this Contract shall have been given to either of the Contractors, or left for them as hereinafter mentioned, the Contractors shall give notice in writing to the Postmasters General that they require that the question whether there was such a great or habitual non-observance or non-performance of this Contract on the part of the Contractors as to justify the Postmasters General in determining the same, shall be referred to arbitration, then such question shall be determined by arbitration in the manner herein-after provided with regard to differences arising between the Postmasters General and the Contractors. In case the arbitrator or arbitrators or the umpire shall at any time or times decide that the Postmasters General were not justified in determining the Contract, the Postmasters General shall have and be entitled from time to time to exercise the power hereinbefore given to them to determine the Contract as fully and effectually as if they had not on any previous occasion or occasions attempted to exercise such power.

25. The Postmasters General may, if they think fit, except from any such determination any voyage or voyages, and if any vessel or vessels should have started before the determination of this Contract or before the masters or commanders thereof could have received the news of such determination, or should after the determination start with a mail on any voyage or voyages so excepted as aforesaid, the voyage or voyages shall be continued and performed, and the mails be delivered and received as if this Contract had remained in force with regard to any such vessels; and with respect to such vessels, this Contract shall be considered as having terminated only when such vessels shall have reached their port or place of destination and the mails carried by them shall have been delivered.

Vessels en route to complete voyage.

26. All notices or directions which are hereby authorized to be given to the Contractors, their officers, servants, or agents, may be delivered to the master or commander of any of the said vessels, or other officer or agent of the Contractors in the charge or management of any vessel employed in the performance of this Contract, on board such vessel, or left for the Contractors on board such vessel or at either of the offices or houses of business at Sydney or Auckland, of the Contractors or their agents, and any notices or directions so given or left shall be binding on the Contractors: Provided always that any notice of the determination of this Contract shall be given to one of the Contractors or left for them at their last known office or place of business in San Francisco, Sydney, or Auckland, if any, as the Postmasters General may think fit.

Notices how to be given.

27. It shall be lawful for the Postmasters General, or either of them, by writing under their respective hands, at any time and from time to time to delegate all or any of the powers, whether joint or several, vested in them or him respectively by virtue of this Contract to such person or persons as they or he may think fit.

Power may be delegated.

28. If the Contractors shall fail to commence the performance of the services hereby contracted to be by them performed according to the provisions hereof or having commenced the same shall refuse or wilfully neglect to carry on the same according to the true intent and meaning of these presents, they shall forfeit and pay to the said Postmasters General the sum of twenty-five thousand pounds, to be equally divided between the Postmasters General as and by way of liquidated damages and not by way of penalty.

Damages for default.

29. All and every the sums of money hereby stipulated to be paid by the Contractors shall be considered as liquidated or ascertained damages, whether any damage or loss shall have or shall not have been sustained, and may be set off by the Postmasters General or either of them, against any moneys payable to the Contractors under or by virtue of these presents, or may be enforced by both or either of the Postmasters General as a debt due with full costs of suit at their or his discretion: Provided always that the payment by the Contractors of any sums of money for any neglect or default in the observance or performance of the covenants or agreements herein contained shall not in any manner prejudice the rights of the Postmasters General or either of them to treat such defaults as a non-observance or non-performance of this Contract on the part of the Contractors.

Sums payable by the Contractors to be a debt.

30. The Contractors with two sureties to be approved by the Postmasters General, shall jointly and severally enter into a Bond in the penal sum of £25,000, conditioned for the due and faithful performance of the covenants and agreements on the part of the Contractors herein contained according to a draft already agreed upon.

Contractors to enter into Bond.

31. If any dispute, question, difference, or controversy, shall arise between the Postmasters General or their respective Governments and the Contractors, touching these presents, or any clause or thing herein contained, or the construction thereof, or any matter in any way connected with these presents, or the operation hereof, or the rights, duties, or liabilities of the said Governments respectively, or of the Contractors in connection with the premises, then, and in every or any such case, the matter in difference shall be referred to arbitration in manner hereinafter mentioned, and the award of the arbitrator or the arbitrators or the umpire appointed as hereinafter mentioned, as the case may be, shall be binding and conclusive in every respect.

Arbitration clause.

32. Unless the Postmasters General and the Contractors shall concur in the appointment of a single arbitrator, each party, on the request of the other party, shall nominate and appoint an arbitrator, to whom such dispute, question, difference, or controversy shall be referred; and every appointment of an arbitrator shall be made on the part of the Postmasters General under their hands, and on the part of the Contractors under their hands, or under the hand of either of them, or under the hand of the accredited agent of the Contractors, if any, at Sydney or Auckland; and such appointment shall be made in duplicate, and be delivered one part to the other party and the other part to the arbitrator on the part of the party by whom the same shall be made; and after any such appointment shall have been made, neither party shall have power to revoke the same without the consent of the other, nor shall the death of either party operate as a revocation; and if for the space of fourteen days after any such dispute shall have arisen, and after a request in writing in which shall be stated the matters required to be referred to arbitration, shall have been served upon the Postmasters General respectively, or given to either of the Contractors, or left for them at their last known office or place of business in San Francisco, Sydney, or Auckland (if any), as the case may be, by the one party on the other party to appoint an arbitrator, such last-mentioned party fail to appoint an arbitrator, then upon such failure the party making the request and having appointed an arbitrator may appoint such arbitrator to act on behalf of both parties, and such arbitrator may proceed to hear and determine the matters which shall be in dispute, and in such case the award or determination of such single arbitrator shall be final.

33. If before the matters so referred shall be determined any arbitrator appointed by either party die or become incapable, the party by whom such arbitrator was appointed, his successors in office, executors or administrators, may nominate and appoint in writing some other person to act in his place; and if for the space of fourteen days after notice in writing from the other party for that purpose he fail to do so, the remaining or other arbitrator may proceed *ex parte*, and every arbitrator so to be substituted as aforesaid shall have the same powers and authorities as were vested in the former arbitrator at the time of such his death or disability as aforesaid.

34. Where more than one arbitrator shall have been appointed, such arbitrators shall, before they enter upon the matters referred to them, nominate and appoint, by writing under their hands, an umpire to decide on any such matters on which they shall differ or which shall be referred to him; and if such umpire shall die or become incapable to act, they shall forthwith after such death or incapacity appoint another umpire in his place, and the decision of every such umpire on the matters so referred to him shall be final.

35. If in either of the cases aforesaid, the said arbitrators shall refuse, or shall for fourteen days after the request of either party to such arbitration, neglect to appoint an umpire, the Governor for the time-being of the Colony of New South Wales shall, on the application of either party to such arbitration, appoint an umpire, and the decision of such umpire on the matters on which the arbitrators shall differ or which shall be referred to him shall be final.

36. If when a single arbitrator shall have been appointed, or shall be proceeding *ex parte* under any of the provisions herein contained, such arbitrator shall die or become incapable to act before he shall have made his award, the matters referred to him shall be determined by arbitration in the same manner as if no such arbitrator had been appointed.

37. If where more than one arbitrator shall have been appointed, either of the arbitrators refuse or for fourteen days neglect to act, the other arbitrator may proceed *ex parte*, and the decision of such other arbitrator shall be as effectual as if he had been the single arbitrator appointed by both parties.

38. If where more than one arbitrator shall have been appointed, and where neither of them shall refuse or neglect to act as aforesaid, such arbitrators shall fail to make their award within three calendar months after the day on which the last of such arbitrators shall have been appointed, or within such extended time (if any) as shall have been appointed for that purpose by both such arbitrators under their hands, the matters referred to them shall be determined by the umpire to be appointed as aforesaid; and the umpire shall make his award within three calendar months after the time when his duties shall commence, or within such extended time (if any) as shall have been appointed for that purpose by the umpire under his hand.

39. The said arbitrator or arbitrators or their umpire may call for the production of any documents in the possession or power of either party which they or he may think necessary for determining the question in dispute, and may examine the parties or their witnesses on oath, and administer the oaths necessary for that purpose.

40. The costs of every such arbitration and of the award shall be in the discretion of the arbitrator, arbitrators, or umpire, who may direct to and by whom and in what manner the same, or any part thereof, shall be paid.

41. The arbitration shall take place and be conducted at Sydney aforesaid, and the arbitrator or arbitrators, or the umpire, as the case may be, shall deliver his or their award in writing to the Postmasters General, and the Postmasters General shall retain the same, and shall forthwith on demand, at their own expense, furnish a copy thereof to the Contractors, and shall at all times on demand produce the said award, and allow the same to be inspected or examined by the Contractors, or any person appointed by them for that purpose.

42. This submission to arbitration may be made a rule of any of the Superior Courts of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or of the said Colonies, on the application of either the Postmasters General or the Contractors.

In witness whereof, the said parties to these presents have hereunto set their hands and seals, the day and year first above written.

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SCHEDULE A ABOVE REFERRED TO.

SCALE of Payment to be made by the Postmaster General of New South Wales for each Mail conveyed from San Francisco to Sydney, and *vice versa*.

If conveyed within six hundred hours, one thousand five hundred and thirty-eight pounds nine shillings and two pence.

If not so conveyed, but conveyed within six hundred and twenty-two hours, one thousand four hundred and forty-two pounds six shillings.

If not so conveyed, but conveyed within six hundred and forty-eight hours, one thousand three hundred and forty-six pounds three shillings.

If not so conveyed, but conveyed within six hundred and seventy-eight hours, one thousand two hundred and fifty pounds.

If not so conveyed, but conveyed within seven hundred and eight hours, one thousand one hundred and fifty-three pounds sixteen shillings and eleven pence.

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SCHEDULE B ABOVE REFERRED TO.

SCALE of Payment to be made by the Postmaster General of New Zealand for each Mail conveyed from San Francisco to New Zealand, and *vice versa*.

If conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within five hundred and forty-six hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within six hundred and seventy-one hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within six hundred and seventy-one hours, as the case may be, one thousand five hundred and thirty-eight pounds nine shillings and two pence.

If

If not so conveyed, but conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within five hundred and sixty-eight hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within six hundred and ninety-five hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within six hundred and ninety-five hours, as the case may be, one thousand four hundred and forty-two pounds six shillings.

If not so conveyed, but conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within five hundred and ninety-one hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within seven hundred and twenty-two hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within seven hundred and twenty-two hours, as the case may be, one thousand three hundred and forty-six pounds three shillings.

If not so conveyed, but conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within six hundred and seventeen hours and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within seven hundred and fifty-two hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within seven hundred and fifty-two hours, as the case may be, one thousand two hundred and fifty pounds.

If not so conveyed, but conveyed from San Francisco to Auckland within six hundred and forty-five hours, and from San Francisco to Port Chalmers within seven hundred and eighty-five hours, or from Port Chalmers to San Francisco within seven hundred and eighty-five hours, as the case may be, one thousand one hundred and fifty-three pounds sixteen shillings and eleven pence.

SAUL SAMUEL, (L.S.)  
(as Postmaster General of New South Wales).

JULIUS VOGEL, (L.S.)  
(as Postmaster General of New Zealand, by his  
Attorney, T. RUSSELL).

H. H. HALL. (L.S.)

PAUL S. FORBES. (L.S.)

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the above-named Hon. Saul Samuel, Hayden Hezekiah Hall, and Paul Siemen Forbes, in the presence of,—

JNO. MACKRELL,  
Solr., 21, Cannon-street, London.

JOHN WIDDECOMBE,  
92, Gresham House, London.

Signed, sealed, and delivered, by the above-named Hon. Julius Vogel, by his Attorney, Thomas Russell, in the presence of,—

JNO. MACKRELL.

#### BOND.

Know all men by these presents that we, Hayden Hezekiah Hall, of the city of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales, Agent there for the United States of America, Paul Siemen Forbes, of No. 8, Bishopsgate-street Within, in the City of London, shipowner, Edward Münster de Bussche, of Ryde, in the Isle of Wight, in the county of Southampton, shipowner, and Edward Cunningham, of No. 8, Bishopsgate-street Within, aforesaid, merchant and shipowner, are jointly and severally held and firmly bound to the Honorable Saul Samuel, the Postmaster General of the said Colony of New South Wales, as such Postmaster General, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of such Colony, and to the Honorable Julius Vogel, the Postmaster General of the Colony of New Zealand, as such Postmaster General, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of such Colony, in the sum of £25,000 of lawful money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to be paid to the said Saul Samuel and Julius Vogel, and their successors in their respective offices of Postmaster General of the said Colony of New South Wales and Postmaster General of the said Colony of New Zealand, for which payment to be well and truly made, we, and each of us, bind ourselves and himself, our and his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, and every of them, firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals. Dated this 27th day of November, 1873.

WHEREAS by certain Articles of Agreement made and entered into on the 27th day of November, 1873, between the said Saul Samuel, as Postmaster General of, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of the said Colony of New South Wales, of the first part; the said Julius Vogel, as Postmaster General of, and acting for and on behalf of the Government of the said Colony of New Zealand, of the second part; and the above-bounden Hayden Hezekiah Hall and Paul Siemen Forbes, who in the said Articles of Agreement are designated "the Contractors," of the third part: it is witnessed that they, the Contractors, did for themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, and each of them did for himself, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns (so far as the covenants and agreements hereinafter contained were to be observed and performed by the Contractors), covenant with the Postmaster General of the said Colony of New South Wales and his successors, and with the Postmaster General of the said Colony of New Zealand and his successors, and also as a separate covenant with each of the Postmasters General and his successors (amongst other things, Article 2), that the Contractors should from time to time, and at all times during the period of six years to be computed from the 27th day of November, 1874, convey all her Majesty's mails which, and all other mails, as in the Contract now in recital defined, which the Postmasters General, or either of them, should at any time and from time to time require the Contractors to convey between Sydney and San Francisco, and between San Francisco and Sydney, and between New Zealand and San Francisco, and between San Francisco and New Zealand, and from and to all and every or any of those ports, to and from the ports of Honolulu in the Sandwich Islands and Kandavau in the Fiji Islands, and according to the routes, within the respective times, and in manner hereinafter provided; and, so long as the whole or any part of the services thereby agreed to be performed ought to be performed in pursuance of the now reciting Contract, should and would provide and keep seaworthy, and in complete repair and readiness for such purpose, a sufficient number of, and not less than four good, substantial, and efficient screw steam-vessels  
of

of the first class, and fully equal to Class 100, A 1, Lloyd's Register, and of not less gross registered tonnage than 2,500 tons each, constructed of iron, and propelled by first-rate engines, of adequate power for a minimum continuous speed of 12 nautical miles per hour, all such vessels and engines being built expressly for the purposes of the now reciting Contract, and according to plans, sections, and specifications to be previously approved by or on behalf of the Postmasters General, the vessels having spar-decks, and large capacity for passengers and cargo, and ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes; (Article 3) that the steam-vessels to be employed under the now-reciting Contract should be of the capacity aforesaid, and should be always furnished with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, nautical instruments, and whatsoever else might be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for travelling at a minimum continuous speed of 12 nautical miles per hour, and for the service thereby agreed to be performed, and also manned and provided with competent and legally qualified officers, and with a sufficient number of efficient engineers, and a sufficient crew of able seamen and other men, and with a competent surgeon, to be in all respects, as to vessels, engines, equipments, and capacity, subject, in the first instance, and from time to time, and at all times afterwards, to the approval of the Postmasters General, or of such other person or persons as they should jointly or severally at any time or times or from time to time authorize to inspect and examine the same, and no vessel should be employed or used for the purposes of the now-reciting Contract until approved as aforesaid; (Article 4) that the Postmasters General, or either of them, should have full power whenever and as often as they or he might deem it requisite by any of their or his qualified officers or agents to inspect the officers, engineers, and crew of all or any of the vessels employed or to be employed in the performance of the now-reciting Contract, and to survey all or any of such vessels and the hulls thereof, and the engines, machinery, furniture, tackle, apparel, stores, and equipments of every such vessel, and any defect or deficiency that might be discovered on any such survey should be forthwith repaired or supplied by the Contractors, and for the purposes aforesaid the said vessels should (if necessary) be opened in their hulls whenever the said officers or agents might so require: And if any such vessel or any part thereof, or any engines, machinery, furniture, tackle, apparel, boats, stores, or equipments, should on any such survey be declared by any such officers or agents unseaworthy, or not adapted to the service thereby agreed to be performed, or any such officers, engineers, or crew should be so declared ineligible, every vessel which should be disapproved of or in which such deficiency or defect should appear should be deemed insufficient for any service thereby agreed to be performed, and should not be again employed in the conveyance of mails until such defect or deficiency had been repaired or supplied to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General or officer requiring the same, and any of such officers, engineers, or crew declared ineligible should not be employed in the said service; and it was in the now reciting Contract further covenanted and agreed (amongst other things, Article 28) that if the Contractors should fail to commence the performance of the services thereby contracted to be by them performed according to the provisions thereof, or having commenced the same should refuse or wilfully neglect to carry on the same according to the true intent and meaning of the now reciting presents, they should forfeit and pay to the said Postmasters General the sum of £25,000, to be equally divided between them the Postmasters General, as and by way of liquidated damages, and not by way of penalty; (Article 29) that all and every the sums of money thereby stipulated to be paid by the Contractors should be considered as liquidated or ascertained damages, whether any damage or loss should have or should not have been sustained, and might be set off by the Postmasters General, or either of them, against any moneys payable to the Contractors under or by virtue of the now reciting presents, or might be enforced by both or either of the Postmasters General as a debt due with full costs of suit at their or his discretion: Provided always that the payment by the Contractors of any sums of money for any neglect or default in the observance or performance of the covenants or agreements therein contained should not in any manner prejudice the rights of the Postmasters General, or either of them, to treat such defaults as a non-observance or non-performance of the now-reciting Contract on the part of the Contractors; (Article 30) that the Contractors with two sureties to be approved by the Postmasters General, should jointly and severally enter into a bond in the penal sum of £25,000 conditioned for the due and faithful performance of the covenants and agreements on the part of the Contractors therein contained, according to a draft then already agreed upon, meaning the draft of these presents: Now, the condition of the above-written Bond or obligation is such, that if in case the said Hayden Hezekiah Hall and Paul Siemen Forbes, while the whole or any part of the services by the said Articles of Agreement agreed to be performed ought to be performed in pursuance of the said Contract, shall not provide, or in case having provided, they shall not keep seaworthy and in complete repair and readiness for the purpose of conveying, from time to time, and at all times during the period of six years to be computed from the 27th day of November, 1874, all Her Majesty's mails which, and all other mails which the Postmaster General for the time being of the Colony of New South Wales, and the Postmaster General for the time being of the Colony of New Zealand, or either of them, shall at any time, or from time to time, require the Contractors to convey between Sydney and San Francisco, and between San Francisco and Sydney, and between New Zealand and San Francisco and between San Francisco and New Zealand, and from and to all and every or any of those ports, to and from the said ports of Honolulu and Kandavau, a sufficient number of, and not less than four good, substantial and efficient screw steam-vessels of the first class, and fully equal to 100 A1, Lloyd's Register, and of not less gross registered tonnage than 2,500 tons each, constructed of iron, and propelled by first-rate engines of adequate power for a minimum continuous speed of 12 nautical miles per hour, or in case any of the vessels and engines employed in the said service shall not have been built expressly for the purposes of the said Contract, and according to plans, sections, and specifications previously approved by or on behalf of the said Postmasters General, or in case any of such vessels shall not have spar decks and large capacity for passengers and cargo, and ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes, or in case any vessel shall be employed or used for the purposes of the said Contract which shall not have been approved as aforesaid, or in case any vessel which on any such survey as in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned shall have been disapproved of, or in which such deficiency or defect as in the said Articles mentioned shall have appeared shall be employed in the conveyance of mails before such defect or deficiency has been repaired or supplied to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General or officer requiring the same, the said Hayden Hezekiah Hall, Paul Siemen Forbes, Edward Münster de Bussche, and Edward Cunningham, or some or one of them, or the executors or administrators

administrators of some or one of them, do and shall in any or either of the said cases pay unto the Post-masters General for the time being of the said Colonies the sum of £25,000 as and for liquidated damages, then the above written Bond or obligation shall be void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

H. H. HALL. (L.S.)  
 PAUL S. FORBES. (L.S.)  
 E. M. DE BUSSCHE. (L.S.)  
 EDWARD CUNNINGHAM. (L.S.)

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the above-named Hayden Hezekiah Hall, Paul Siemen Forbes, Edward Münster de Bussche, and Edward Cunningham, in the presence of,—

JOHN MACKRELL,  
 Solr., 21 Cannon-street, London.  
 JOHN WIDDECOMBE,  
 92, Gresham House, London.

Examined and compared by us this day with the original, of which we attest this to be a true copy, this twenty-eighth day of November, 1873.

JNO. CORBEN,  
 JAS. LANE,

Clerks to Messrs. Peachey and Lloyd, of 8, Frederick's Place,  
 Old Jewry, in the City of London, Solicitors.





1873.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

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MAIL SERVICE *via* SAN FRANCISCO.

(MESSAGE No. 2.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 9 October, 1873.*

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HERCULES ROBINSON,  
*Governor.*

*Message No. 2.*

With reference to the 54th clause of the Constitution Act, the Governor recommends, for the consideration of the Legislative Assembly, the expediency of making provision to meet the necessary expenses of establishing and maintaining regular Mail Communication between Sydney and San Francisco.

*Government House,*  
*Sydney, 9 October, 1873.*

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1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

MAIL SERVICE *via* SAN FRANCISCO.

(TELEGRAM FROM POSTMASTER GENERAL, RELATIVE TO PERFORMANCE OF.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

TELEGRAM FROM THE HONORABLE SAUL SAMUEL TO THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, SYDNEY.

London, 11 October, 1873.

(Received, 13th October, 1873.)

HAVE had great difficulty. Russell and self only just got preliminary agreements signed for both Services. Permanent Service stands as advised telegram twenty-seventh August, except that fresh and good men are now associated with Hall, who give sureties for twenty-five thousand. Temporary Service to be performed by steamers over two thousand tons gross—best and fastest steamers to be got have been employed—to be paid for as follows:—at rate sixty thousand per annum for ten knots—penalty, two pounds for every hour's delay; and for eleven knots, seventy-five thousand, and further premium for increased speed if obliged. Service will probably be eleven knots. Have had to pay extra proportionate rate for speed, owing to difficulty procuring suitable vessels for such short term of contract, loss of time sending them out and bringing them back. Steamers secured—"Macgregor," now near Hong Kong, will be in Sydney fifth December, to leave Sydney twentieth December. "Tartar," now on voyage to China, will be in Sydney for second boat. "Mongal" (?) new steamer ready for sea in five weeks. Fourth boat not yet named. Temporary Service to continue only about nine months, when permanent Service will commence. Instructions have been given to Solicitors to prepare Contract. Have had most anxious task. Be assured Russell and self will insist on proper provision for efficient Service. Could not telegraph before, as we have been unable until now to get satisfactory arrangement concluded with Contractors.



1873.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

MAIL SERVICE *via* SAN FRANCISCO.  
(TENDERS FOR.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

No. 1.

MR. H. H. HALL to THE SECRETARY, POST OFFICE, SYDNEY.

TENDER for conveying Her Majesty's Mails between Sydney and San Francisco.

19 November, 1872.

SIR,

I hereby offer to convey Her Majesty's Mails, by steam-vessels, between Sydney (New South Wales) and San Francisco, and on the conditions hereto annexed, marked A, once each way in each month of four weeks, for the sum of forty-eight thousand pounds (£48,000) per annum, as per letter herewith.

I propose as my sureties, in the penalty of £10,000, Mr. Alexander Laurence, of London, or Messrs. Laurence Clark & Co., of London; and I refer you to Alexander Campbell, Esq., of the Mercantile Bank, and Thomas Littlejohn, Esq., of Messrs. Scott, Henderson, & Co., both of Sydney, as persons of whom inquiry can be made as to the responsibility of such sureties.

I agree to commence the Service on the 30th September, 1873, if contract is signed this month; and in the event of such Service not being commenced on such day, or on the first day thereafter which the Postmaster General may fix as the day of sailing, I agree to pay to Her Majesty the sum of one hundred pounds for every day from that time until the said Service shall be begun by me, but so that the whole amount of penalties for such failure shall not exceed £10,000.

And I agree to execute a contract for the performance of the said Service according to the said conditions marked A.

I am, &amp;c.,

H. H. HALL,  
Grafton Wharf, Sydney.

## CONDITIONS,

*Referred to as marked A.*

1. Every vessel employed in this Service must call on the voyage, in both directions, at Honolulu and at Fiji, or any other island on the direct line from Sydney to Honolulu—such other island to be specified in the tender. Other things equal, a preference will however be given to tenders in which the route of Fiji is specified.

2. The Postmaster General of New South Wales to have the power of altering the route in respect to ports of call, should it at any time appear expedient to make such alterations, the contractors in such case receiving extra remuneration for every additional mile run, such remuneration to be calculated at the same rate per mile as they will be entitled to receive for the Service between Sydney and San Francisco *viâ* Fiji and Honolulu, and extension of time according to the extra mileage to be run.

3. The mails must be conveyed from Sydney to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to Sydney, in seven hundred and twenty hours, inclusive of stoppages, the duration of which will be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales.

4. Under the term "*Her Majesty's Mails*," are comprehended all boxes, bags, or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed papers, and all other articles transmissible by the post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed or to that in which they may have originated; also, all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office Service, which shall be sent by or to or from the Post Office.

5. A penalty of three hundred pounds to be incurred on each occasion when the contractors fail in providing a vessel, in accordance with their contract, ready to put to sea at the appointed time, and a further penalty of one hundred pounds for every day's failure in providing such a vessel after such appointed time; the contractors also to be subject to a penalty of fifty pounds for every complete period of twenty-four hours consumed on any voyage, from whatever cause arising, beyond the number of hours allowed for the voyage. The payment by the contractors of any penalties shall in no way prejudice the right of the Postmaster General of New South Wales to treat the failure to provide a proper vessel at the appointed time, or to perform a voyage at or within the appointed period, as a breach of the contract.

6. A premium of fifty pounds to be given for every complete period of twenty-four hours by which the time occupied in any voyage from San Francisco to Sydney may be less than that allowed under the contract.

7. The contractors to supply, during the continuance of the contract, and to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a sufficient number of steam-vessels, of adequate power, and in all respects suited for the performance of the Service within the time stipulated in the tender; such vessels to be built of iron, propelled by screws, and of not less than 1,500 tons register, classed A1 at Lloyd's, with spar decks, having large capacity for passengers and cargo, with ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes; to have steaming and sailing power of the latest and most approved principle. A preference will be given to vessels having spacious saloon accommodation amidships. The vessels to be subject, in the first instance, to the approval of the Agent-General for the Colony of New South Wales in England, or of the officers of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales.

8. The vessels to be always supplied with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, proper nautical instruments, and whatsoever else may be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for the Service to be performed. The vessels to be manned by legally qualified and competent officers, and a sufficient crew of engineers, able seamen, and other men.

9. The vessels to be subject at all times to survey by officers in the employment of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales, and any defect discovered on such survey to be immediately made good by the contractors; failing which, the vessel to be considered unfit for use, and the contractors to become liable to the penalties named in the 5th condition. The survey to extend not only to the vessels themselves, but also to the officers, engineers, crew, machinery, and everything which the contractors are bound to provide.

10. The days and hours of departure and arrival at each port to be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales, and to be subject to alteration, from time to time, by him, on a notice to the contractors of three months. The Postmaster General of New South Wales also to have power, by an order to the commander, to delay the departure of any vessel, from any port, for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, and to delegate this power to any person to whom he may think fit to entrust it.

11. The contractors to provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a separate and convenient place of deposit for the mails on board each vessel.

12. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales require it, a room for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails to be also provided, to the satisfaction of such Postmaster General, on board each vessel. The actual cost of erecting this sorting-room, and of providing the necessary furniture, lamps, &c., to be defrayed by such Postmaster General; but the furniture and lamps to be cleansed and kept in repair, and oil for the lamps to be supplied, at the cost of the contractors. The services of the crew to be given in the conveyance of the mails between the mail-room and the sorting-room.

13. Proper accommodation and mess to be provided, if required, for an officer of the Post Office in charge of the mails. Such officer to be victualled and otherwise treated as a chief-cabin passenger; and whilst the packet stays at any port to or from which the mails are conveyed, to be allowed to remain on board.

14. At each port where the mails are to be delivered or received, the officer having charge of them shall, whenever he may deem it necessary, be conveyed to and from the shore, with or without the mails (as he may desire), in a suitable boat, of not less than four oars, to be furnished with effectual covering for the mails, and to be properly manned and equipped.

15. The contractors, and all commanding and other officers of the vessels which may be employed in the performance of the contract, and all agents, seamen, and servants of the contractors, shall, at all times during the continuance of the contract, punctually attend to the orders of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or of any of his officers or agents, as to the mode, time, and place of embarking and disembarking mails.

16. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales at any time deem it expedient to place the mails, or any part thereof, in the care of the commander of any vessel, such commander shall take charge of them, and be responsible for their due receipt and delivery. The commander shall also make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal, returns, and other information, and perform such other services, as the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or his officers, may from time to time require.

17. Except such letters as are not required by law to pass through the Post Office, the contractors not to receive, or permit to be received, for conveyance on board any of the vessels employed under the contract, any letters other than those contained in Her Majesty's mails. No mails must be conveyed on behalf of any Colony or Foreign Country without permission of the Postmaster General of New South Wales; and the whole postage of every mail shall, under all circumstances, be at his disposal.

18. Every vessel which may have started, or which should have started before the termination of the contract, must complete its voyage in like manner as if the contract remained in force.

19. Every sum of money forfeited by the contractors to be considered as stipulated or ascertained or liquidated damages, and to be payable whether any damage shall or shall not have been sustained by reason of the breach for which the penalty may be levied. The amount to be deducted by the Postmaster General out of any moneys then payable or which may thereafter become payable to the contractors; or, at his discretion, the payment thereof may be enforced with full costs of suit.

20. The contract to continue in force for three years and thereafter until the expiration of a twenty-four calendar months' notice, to be given in writing at any time by either party.

21. The contract will not be binding until it has lain upon the Table of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for fourteen days without disapproval; unless, previous to the lapse of that period, it has been approved of by a resolution of that Assembly.

22. Subject to deductions for penalties or otherwise, payments to be made quarterly at the General Post Office, Sydney, out of moneys to be provided by Parliament.

23. All notices which the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or any of his officers or agents, are authorized to give, either to be delivered to the commander of any vessel of the contractors, or to any officer or agent of the contractors in charge of any of such vessels, or to be left at the office or last-known place of business of the contractors.

24. The contractors not to assign, underlet, or dispose of the contract, or any part thereof, without the consent, in writing, of the Postmaster General.

25. In case of the breach of the 24th condition, or in case of a great or habitual breach of the contract of any other kind, the Postmaster General to have power, and that without previous notice, to terminate the contract; such termination not to give the contractors any claim to compensation.

26. For the due fulfilment of the contract, the contractors to enter into a bond, with two responsible sureties, to be named in their tenders, in the penalty of £10,000. Such penalty to be considered and recoverable as liquidated damages.

27. Should any dispute arise respecting the interpretation of any part of the contract to be framed on the basis of these conditions, the same to be settled by arbitration in the usual manner, and a submission to arbitration may be made a rule of Court.

H. H. Hall, Esq., to the Secretary, Post Office, Sydney.

United States Consulate,  
Sydney, 19 November, 1872.

Sir,

Referring to my tender No. 1, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's Mails between Sydney and San Francisco,—

1st. I name Kandavu, one of the Fiji Group, as my port of call.

2nd. My vessels will have spar decks, and spacious saloon accommodation amidships, as shown by the plans herewith, marked A and B. All the other clauses of the conditions, marked A, will be complied with.

3rd. I undertake to use my influence in Honolulu, and at Washington, to obtain subsidies for this Service.

I have, &c.,  
H. H. HALL,  
U.S. Consul.

No. 2.

MR. H. H. HALL TO THE SECRETARY, POST OFFICE, SYDNEY.

TENDER for conveying Her Majesty's Mails between Sydney and San Francisco.

Sydney, 19 September, 1872.

SIR,

I hereby offer to convey Her Majesty's Mails, by steam-vessels, between Sydney (New South Wales) and San Francisco, and on the conditions hereto annexed, marked A, once each way in each month of four weeks, for the sum of £41,000 (forty-one thousand pounds) per annum, as per letter herewith.

I propose as my sureties, in the penalty of £10,000, Mr. Alexander Laurence, of London, or Laurence, Clark, & Co., of London; and I refer you to Alexander Campbell, Esq., of the Mercantile Bank, and Thomas Littlejohn, Esq., of Messrs. Scott, Henderson, & Co., both of Sydney, as persons of whom inquiry can be made as to the responsibility of such sureties.



I agree to commence the Service on the 30th September, 1873, if contract is signed this month, and in the event of such Service not being commenced on such day, or on the first day thereafter which the Postmaster General may fix as the day of sailing, I agree to pay to Her Majesty the sum of one hundred pounds for every day from that time until the said Service shall be begun by me, but so that the whole amount of penalties for such failure shall not exceed £10,000.

And I agree to execute a contract for the performance of the said Service according to the said conditions marked A.

I am, &c.,

H. H. HALL,

Grafton Wharf, Sydney.

### CONDITIONS.

*Referred to as marked A.*

1. Every vessel employed in this Service must call on the voyage, in both directions, at Honolulu and at Fiji, or any other island on the direct line from Sydney to Honolulu—such other island to be specified in the tender. Other things equal, a preference will, however, be given to tenders in which the route of Fiji is specified.

2. The Postmaster General of New South Wales to have the power of altering the route in respect to ports of call, should it at any time appear expedient to make such alterations, the contractors in such cases receiving extra remuneration for every additional mile run, such remuneration to be calculated at the same rate per mile as they will be entitled to receive for the Service between Sydney and San Francisco *via* Fiji and Honolulu, and extension of time according to the extra mileage to be run.

3. The mails must be conveyed from Sydney to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to Sydney, in seven hundred and twenty hours, inclusive of stoppages, the duration of which will be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales.

4. Under the term "*Her Majesty's Mails*," are comprehended all boxes, bags, or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed papers, and all other articles transmissible by the post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed, or to that in which they may have originated; also all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office Service, which shall be sent by or to or from the Post Office.

5. A penalty of three hundred pounds to be incurred on each occasion when the contractors fail in providing a vessel, in accordance with their contract, ready to put to sea at the appointed time, and a further penalty of one hundred pounds for every day's failure in providing such a vessel after such appointed time; the contractors also to be subject to a penalty of fifty pounds for every complete period of twenty-four hours consumed on any voyage, from whatever cause arising, beyond the number of hours allowed for the voyage. The payment by the contractors of any penalties shall in no way prejudice the right of the Postmaster General of New South Wales to treat the failure to provide a proper vessel at the appointed time, or to perform a voyage at or within the appointed period, as a breach of the contract.

6. A premium of fifty pounds to be given for every complete period of twenty-four hours by which the time occupied in any voyage from San Francisco to Sydney may be less than that allowed under the contract.

7. The contractors to supply, during the continuance of the contract, and to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a sufficient number of steam-vessels, of adequate power, and in all respects suited for the performance of the Service within the time stipulated in the tender; such vessels to be built of iron, propelled by screws, and of not less than 1,500 tons register, classed A1 at Lloyd's, with spar decks, having large capacity for passengers and cargo, with ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes; to have steaming and sailing power of the latest and most approved principle. A preference will be given to vessels having spacious saloon accommodation amidships. The vessels to be subject, in the first instance, to the approval of the Agent-General for the Colony of New South Wales in England, or of the officers of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales.

8. The vessels to be always supplied with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, proper nautical instruments, and whatsoever else may be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for the service to be performed. The vessels to be manned by legally qualified and competent officers, and a sufficient crew of engineers, able seamen, and other men.

9. The vessels to be subject at all times to survey by officers in the employment of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales, and any defect discovered on such survey to be immediately made good by the contractors; failing which, the vessel to be considered unfit for use, and the contractors to become liable to the penalties named in the 5th condition. The survey to extend not only to the vessels themselves, but also to the officers, engineers, crew, machinery, and everything which the contractors are bound to provide.

10. The days and hours of departure and arrival at each port to be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales, and to be subject to alteration, from time to time, by him, on a notice to the contractors of three months. The Postmaster General of New South Wales also to have power, by an order to the commander, to delay the departure of any vessel from any port for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, and to delegate this power to any person to whom he may think fit to entrust it.

11. The contractors to provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a separate and convenient place of deposit for the mails on board each vessel.

12. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales require it, a room for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails to be also provided to the satisfaction of such Postmaster General on board each vessel. The actual cost of erecting this sorting-room, and of providing the necessary furniture, lamps,

lamps, &c., to be defrayed by such Postmaster General; but the furniture and lamps to be cleansed and kept in repair, and oil for the lamps to be supplied, at the cost of the contractors. The services of the crew to be given in the conveyance of the mails between the mail-room and the sorting-room.

13. Proper accommodation and mess to be provided, if required, for an officer of the Post Office in charge of the mails. Such officer to be victualled and otherwise treated as a chief cabin passenger; and whilst the packet stays at port to or from which the mails are conveyed, to be allowed to remain on board.

14. At each port where the mails are to be delivered or received, the officer having charge of them shall, whenever he may deem it necessary, be conveyed to and from the shore, with or without the mails (as he may desire), in a suitable boat, of not less than four oars, to be furnished with effectual covering for the mails, and to be properly manned and equipped.

15. The contractors, and all commanding and other officers of the vessels which may be employed in the performance of the contract, and all agents, seamen, and servants of the contractors, shall, at all times during the continuance of the contract, punctually attend to the orders of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or of any of his officers or agents, as to the mode, time, and place of embarking and disembarking mails.

16. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales at any time deem it expedient to place the mails, or any part thereof, in the care of the commander of any vessel, such commander shall take charge of them, and be responsible for their due receipt and delivery. The commander shall also make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal, returns, and other information, and perform such other services as the Postmaster General of New South Wales or his officers may from time to time require.

17. Except such letters as are not required by law to pass through the Post Office, the contractors not to receive, or permit to be received, for conveyance on board any of the vessels employed under the contract, any letters other than those contained in Her Majesty's mails. No mails must be conveyed on behalf of any Colony or Foreign Country without permission of the Postmaster General of New South Wales; and the whole postage of every mail shall, under all circumstances, be at his disposal.

18. Every vessel which may have started, or which should have started before the termination of the contract, must complete its voyage in like manner as if the contract remained in force.

19. Every sum of money forfeited by the contractors to be considered as stipulated or ascertained or liquidated damages, and to be payable whether any damage shall or shall not have been sustained by reason of the breach for which the penalty may be levied. The amount to be deducted by the Postmaster General out of any moneys then payable or which may thereafter become payable to the contractors; or, at his discretion, the payment thereof may be enforced with full costs of suit.

20. The contract to continue in force for three years and thereafter until the expiration of a twenty-four calendar months' notice, to be given in writing at any time by either party.

21. The contract will not be binding until it has lain upon the Table of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for fourteen days without disapproval; unless, previous to the lapse of that period, it has been approved of by a resolution of that Assembly.

22. Subject to deductions for penalties or otherwise, payments to be made quarterly at the General Post Office, Sydney, out of moneys to be provided by Parliament.

23. All notices which the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or any of his officers or agents, are authorized to give, either to be delivered to the commander of any vessel of the contractors, or to any officer or agent of the contractors in charge of any of such vessels, or to be left at the office or last-known place of business of the contractors.

24. The contractors not to assign, underlet, or dispose of the contract, or any part thereof, without the consent, in writing, of the Postmaster General.

25. In case of the breach of the 24th condition, or in case of a great or habitual breach of the contract of any other kind, the Postmaster General to have power, and that without previous notice, to terminate the contract; such termination not to give the contractors any claim to compensation.

26. For the due fulfilment of the contract, the contractors to enter into a bond, with two responsible sureties, to be named in their tenders, in the penalty of £10,000. Such penalty to be considered and recoverable as liquidated damages.

27. Should any dispute arise respecting the interpretation of any part of the contract to be framed on the basis of these conditions, the same to be settled by arbitration in the usual manner, and a submission to arbitration may be made a rule of Court.

H. H. Hall, Esq., to The Secretary, Post Office, Sydney.

U.S. Consulate,  
Sydney, 19 November, 1872.

Sir,

Referring to my tender, No. 2, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's mails between Sydney and San Francisco:—

1st. I name Kandavau, one of the Fiji Group, as my port of call.

2nd. My vessels will have spar decks and spacious saloon accommodation amidships, as shown by the plans herewith, marked A and B. All the other clauses of the conditions marked A will be complied with, with the following exceptions, that I am at liberty to contract with the Governments of the Hawaiian Islands and the United States for the conveyance of their mails. I have been informed from good authority that in consideration of my past services in the inauguration of this Service, I can depend on receiving from £7,000 to £8,000 per annum.

I have &c.,  
H. H. HALL,  
U.S. Consul.

## No. 3.

THE MANAGER OF THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY TO THE POSTMASTER GENERAL,  
OR SECRETARY, POST OFFICE, SYDNEY.

TENDER for conveying Her Majesty's Mails between Sydney and San Francisco.

Australasian Steam Navigation Company,  
Sydney, 20 November, 1872.

SIR,

We hereby offer to convey Her Majesty's Mails by steam vessels between Sydney (New South Wales) and San Francisco, and on the conditions hereto annexed marked A, once each way in each month of four weeks, for the sum of £70,000 per annum.

We propose as our sureties, in the penalty of £10,000, Mr. Thomas Walker, of Uralla, Concord, and Mr. James Milson, junior, of Elamang, North Shore, and we refer you to the Directors of the Bank of New South Wales as persons of whom inquiry can be made as to the responsibility of such sureties.

We agree to commence the Service from Sydney within twenty months from acceptance of tender, and from San Francisco in twenty-one months from such acceptance; and in the event of such Service not being commenced on such day, or on the first day thereafter which the Postmaster General may fix as the day of sailing, we agree to pay to Her Majesty the sum of one hundred pounds for every day from that time until the said Service shall be begun by us, but so that the whole amount of penalties for such failure shall not exceed £10,000.

And we agree to execute a contract for the performance of the said Service according to the said Conditions marked A.

For and on behalf of the Australasian Steam Navigation Company,—

We are, Sir,

Your obedient servants,

FRED. H. TROUTON,

Manager.

Offices—Sussex-street.

CONDITIONS.

A.

1. Every vessel employed in this Service must call on the voyage, in both directions, at Honolulu and at Fiji.

2. The Postmaster General of New South Wales to have the power of altering the route in respect to ports of call, should it any time appear expedient to make such alterations, the contractors in such case receiving extra remuneration for every additional mile run, such remuneration to be calculated at the same rate per mile as they will be entitled to receive for the Service between Sydney and San Francisco *via* Fiji and Honolulu, and extension of time according to the extra mileage to be run. Contractors to be compensated for any loss they may sustain in consequence of such alteration.

3. The mails must be conveyed from Sydney to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to Sydney, in seven hundred and twenty hours, inclusive of stoppages.

4. Under the term "*Her Majesty's Mails*," are comprehended all boxes, bags, or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed papers, and all other articles transmissible by the post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed, or to that in which they may have originated; also all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office service, which shall be sent by or to or from the Post Office.

5. A penalty of three hundred pounds to be incurred on each occasion when the contractors fail in providing a vessel, in accordance with their contract, ready to put to sea at the appointed time, and a further penalty of one hundred pounds for every day's failure in providing such a vessel after such appointed time; the contractors also to be subject to a penalty of fifty pounds for every complete period of twenty-four hours consumed on any voyage: Provided that no penalties shall be inflicted if such delay shall arise from circumstances beyond the control of the contractors. The payment by the contractors of any penalties shall in no way prejudice the right of the Postmaster General of New South Wales to treat the failure to provide a proper vessel at the appointed time, or to perform a voyage at or within the appointed period, as a breach of the contract.

6. A premium of fifty pounds to be given for every complete period of twenty-four hours by which the time occupied in any voyage from San Francisco to Sydney may be less than that allowed under the contract.

7. The contractors to supply, during the continuance of the contract, and to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, three steam-vessels, of adequate power, and in all respects suited for the performance of the Service within the time stipulated in the tender, such vessels to be built of iron, propelled by screws, and of not less than 1,500 tons register, classed A1 at Lloyd's, with spar decks, having large capacity for passengers and cargo, with ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes; to have steaming and sailing power of the latest and most approved principle. The vessels to be subject, in the first instance, to the approval of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales. One or more of the contractors' vessels, known as "*Wonga Wonga*," "*City of Adelaide*," and "*City of Melbourne*," to be used in case of any casualty occurring to either of the three vessels first referred to.

8. The vessels to be always supplied with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, proper nautical instruments, and whatsoever else may be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for the Service to be performed. The vessels to be manned by legally-qualified and competent officers, and a sufficient crew of engineers, able seamen, and other men.

9. The vessels to be subject at all times to survey by officers in the employment of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales, and any defect discovered on such survey to be immediately made good by the contractors; failing which, the vessel to be considered unfit for use, and the contractors to become liable to the penalties named in the 5th clause or condition herein. The survey to extend not only to the vessels themselves, but also to the officers, engineers, crew, machinery, and everything which the contractors are bound to provide.

10. The days and hours of departure and arrival at Sydney and San Francisco to be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales, and to be subject to alteration, from time to time, by him, on a notice to the contractors of three months. The Postmaster General of New South Wales also to have power, by an order to the commander, to delay the departure of any vessel from either of the above ports, for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, and to delegate this power to any person to whom he may think fit to entrust it.

11. The contractors to provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a separate and convenient place of deposit for the mails on board each vessel.

12. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales require it, a room for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails to be also provided to the satisfaction of such Postmaster General, on board each vessel. The actual cost of erecting this sorting-room, and of providing the necessary furniture, lamps, &c., to be defrayed by such Postmaster General; but the furniture and lamps to be cleansed and kept in repair, and oil for the lamps to be supplied, at the cost of the contractors. The services of the crew to be given in the conveyance of the mails between the mail-room and the sorting-room.

13. Proper accommodation and mess to be provided, if required, for an officer of the Post Office in charge of the mails. Such officer to be victualled and otherwise treated as a chief cabin passenger; and whilst the packet stays at any port to or from which the mails are conveyed, to be allowed to remain on board.

14. At each port where the mails are to be delivered or received, the officer having charge of them shall, whenever he may deem it necessary, be conveyed to and from the shore, with or without mails (as he may desire), in a suitable boat, of not less than four oars, to be furnished with effectual covering for the mails, and to be properly manned and equipped.

15. The contractors and all commanding and other officers of the vessels which may be employed in the performance of the contract, and all agents, seamen, and servants of the contractors, shall, at all times during the continuance of the contract, punctually attend to the orders of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or of any of his officers or agents, as to the mode, time, and place of embarking and disembarking mails.

16. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales at any time deem it expedient to place the mails, or any part thereof, in the care of the commander of any vessel, such commander shall take charge of them, and be responsible for their due receipt and delivery. The commander shall also make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal, returns, and other information, and perform such other services, as the Postmaster General of New South Wales or his officers may from time to time require.

17. Except such letters as are not required by law to pass through the Post Office, the contractors not to receive, or permit to be received, for conveyance on board any of the vessels employed under the contract, any letters other than those contained in Her Majesty's mails. No mails must be conveyed on behalf of any Colony or Foreign Country without permission of the Postmaster General of New South Wales; and the whole postage of every mail shall, under all circumstances, be at his disposal.

18. Every vessel which may have started, or which should have started before the termination of the contract, must complete its voyage in like manner as if the contract remained in force.

19. Every sum of money forfeited by the contractors may be deducted by the Postmaster General out of any moneys then payable or which may thereafter become payable to the contractors; or, at his discretion, the payment thereof may be enforced with full costs of suit.

20. The contract to continue in force for three years and thereafter until the expiration of a twenty-four calendar months' notice, to be given in writing at any time by either party.

21. The contract will not be binding until it has lain upon the Table of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for fourteen days without disapproval; unless, previous to the lapse of that period, it has been approved of by a Resolution of that Assembly.

22. Subject to deductions for penalties or otherwise, payments to be made monthly at the General Post Office, Sydney.

23. All notices which the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or any of his officers or agents, are authorized to give, either to be delivered to the commander of any vessel of the contractors, or to any officer or agent of the contractors in charge of any of such vessels; or to be left at the office or last-known place of business of the contractors.

24. The contractors not to assign, underlet, or dispose of the contract, or any part thereof, without the consent, in writing, of the Postmaster General.

25. In case of the breach of the 24th condition, or in case of a great or habitual breach of the contract of any other kind, the Postmaster General to have power, and that without previous notice, to terminate the contract; such termination not to give the contractors any claim to compensation.

26. For the due fulfilment of the contract, the contractors to enter into a bond, with two responsible sureties, to be named in their tenders, in the penalty of £10,000.

27. Should any dispute arise respecting the interpretation of any part of the contract to be framed on the basis of these conditions, the same to be settled by arbitration in the usual manner, and a submission to arbitration may be made a rule of Court.

The Manager of the Australasian Steam Navigation Company to The Postmaster General or Secretary,  
Post Office, Sydney.

Australasian Steam Navigation Company,  
Sydney, 20 November, 1872.

Sir,

Referring to our tender of this day's date for the carrying out of a Mail Service between Sydney and San Francisco, to commence twenty (20) months after acceptance of tender, with vessels of the description therein named, we have now the honor to submit for your consideration a proposal to commence the Service within three (3) months after signing contract, with vessels from our present fleet, which under circumstances of great disadvantage for many months performed with regularity a similar Service to that now required.

In

In the event of this proposal being satisfactory to you, and in consideration of an allowance of forty-eight (48) hours being added to the time stated in tender for performing the Service, we agree to allow a reduction at the rate of twenty-five per cent. (25%) per annum, on the amount named in such tender, during the time these vessels shall be used, and we further agree to replace them with the superior vessels as speedily as practicable, which may possibly be within nine (9) months.

For and on behalf of the Australasian Steam Navigation Company,—

We have, &c.,  
FRED. H. TROUTON,  
Manager.

No. 4.

THE AGENT-GENERAL FOR THE COLONIES, LONDON, to THE COLONIAL SECRETARY, NEW SOUTH WALES.  
London, 3, Westminster Chambers, S.W.,  
31 October, 1872.

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter (No. 72-279), dated 10th August last, covering copy of a letter from the Postmaster General, with form of tender and conditions of contract for the projected Pacific Mail Service.

I do myself the honor to forward by the outgoing Mail-steamer, per book-packet, twelve forms of the tender for conveying Her Majesty's Mails between Sydney and San Francisco.

I also forward by the present opportunity, tender received from Messrs. Glassford, Robertson, & Co., 4, Great Saint Helens, dated 21st October, 1872, for conveyance of mails between Sydney and San Francisco, being the only tender we have received to the present.

I have, &c.,  
For CHARLES COWPER,  
D. LARNACH.

Glassford, Robertson, & Co., to the Agent-General of New South Wales, London.

TENDER for conveying Her Majesty's Mails between Sydney and San Francisco.

4, Great St. Helen's, London,  
21 October, 1872.

SIR,

We hereby offer to convey Her Majesty's Mails by steamships between Sydney (New South Wales) and San Francisco, and on the conditions hereto annexed, marked A, once each way in each month of four weeks, for the sum of four thousand pounds sterling per voyage.

We propose to deposit ten thousand pounds in consols or cash, at our option, as caution money for due fulfilment of contract.

We agree to commence the Service as soon as it is possible to build four new steamships of improved design, suitable for this station, of 2,000 tons gross at least, and of the necessary speed for the satisfactory performance of this Mail Service; and within fifteen months from notification of our offer being accepted we will be ready at the port of Glasgow with our new vessels, with Board of Trade certificates of survey, and ready for your official approval and despatch to Sydney, to take up the Mail Service between that port and San Francisco.

We are, &c.,  
GLASSFORD, ROBERTSON, & CO.

CONDITIONS.

*Referred to as marked A:—*

1. Every vessel employed in this Service must call on the voyage, in both directions, at Honolulu and at Fiji, on the direct line from Sydney to San Francisco.

2. The Postmaster General of New South Wales to have the power of altering the route in respect of ports of call, should it at any time appear expedient to make such alterations, the Contractors in such case receiving extra remuneration for every additional mile run, such remuneration to be calculated at the same rate per mile as they will be entitled to receive for the Service between Sydney and San Francisco *via* Fiji and Honolulu, and extension of time according to the extra mileage to be run.

3. The mails must be conveyed from Sydney to San Francisco and from San Francisco to Sydney in seven hundred and twenty hours, exclusive of stoppages the duration of which will be fixed by the Postmaster of New South Wales.

4. Under the term "Her Majesty's Mails" are comprehended all boxes, bags, or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed matter, and all other articles transmissible by the post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed, or to that in which they may have originated; also, all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office service, which shall be sent by or to or from the Post Office.

5. A penalty of fifty pounds to be incurred on each occasion when the contractors fail in providing a vessel, in accordance with their contract, ready to put to sea at the appointed time, and a further penalty of ten pounds for every day's failure in providing such a vessel after such appointed; the contractors also to be subject to a penalty of ten pounds for every complete period of twenty-four hours consumed on any voyage beyond the number of hours allowed for the voyage, but in event of detention, as shewn by ship's log-book from ice, fire, wreck, saving life from wreck, tempests, short of fuel, or any other unforeseen accident or event, then due allowance will be made in remission or reduction of any or all of the penalties named in this fifth clause.

6. The contractors to supply, during the continuance of the contract, and to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a sufficient number of steam-vessels, of adequate power, and in all respects suited for the performance of the Service within the time stipulated in the tender, such vessels to be built of iron, propelled by screw, and of not less than 2,000 tons register, classed A1 at Lloyd's, with spar decks, having large capacity for passengers and cargo, with ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes; to have steaming and sailing power of the latest and most approved principle. The vessels to be subject to the approval of the Agent-General for the Colony, or any other official the Government may appoint in England, or of the officers of the Board of Trade, in London, whose certificates of survey shall be deemed the passing and accepting of the said vessels for the Service.

7. The vessels to be always supplied with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, &c., as required by the Board of Trade, London, and the vessels to be manned by legally qualified and competent officers and a sufficient crew of engineers, seamen, &c.

8. The vessels to be subject at all times to floating inspection by officers of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales, and to annual survey, if required, and any defect discovered, to be immediately made good by Contractors, failing which, to become liable to penalties named in fifth clause for delay; but reasonable time must be allowed for men and materials being procured to make good defects referred to.

9. The days and hours of departure and arrival at each port to be fixed at each port by the Postmaster General with concurrence of commander of vessel, and to be subject to alteration on a notice to the Contractors of three clear months. The Postmaster General of New South Wales to order the commander to delay the departure of any vessel from any port for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, and to delegate this power to any Postal Agent he may deem proper in writing, due allowance for lost time being made.

10. The Contractors to provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster of New South Wales, a separate and convenient place of deposit for the mails on board each vessel; and if required, a room for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails, to be also provided by Contractor to the satisfaction of such Postmaster General, on board vessel. The services of the crew to be given in the conveyance of the mails between the mail-room and the sorting-room, and in discharging or receiving mails on board from alongside.

11. A state-room, berth, and mess to be provided, if required, for an officer of the Post Office in charge of the mails. Such officer to be victualled (excepting liquors) and otherwise treated as a chief cabin passenger; and whilst the packet stays at any port to or from which the mails are conveyed, excepting Sydney and San Francisco, to be allowed to remain on board.

12. At each port where the mails are to be delivered or received, the officer having charge of them shall, whenever he may deem it necessary, be conveyed to and from the shore, with or without mails (as he may desire), in a suitable boat, of not less than four oars, to be furnished with effectual covering for the mails, and to be properly manned and equipped.

13. The Contractors and all commanding and other officers of the vessels which may be employed in the performance of the Contract, and agents, seamen, and servants of the Contractors, shall, at all times during this contract, attend punctually to the orders of the Postmaster General, or any of his agents or officers as to the mode, time, and place of embarking and disembarking mails, but to avoid errors, all such orders must be made in writing, and delivered to the commander, or in his absence, to the chief officer on board.

14. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales at any time deem it expedient to place the mails, or any part thereof, in the care of the commander of any vessel, such commander shall take charge of them, and convey them safely, sea risks excepted, and deliver same at the port of destination to the authorized Post Office agent, whose receipt shall be a clearance to commander, who shall also, when required, make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal, returns, and other information, and perform such other services connected with the safe delivery as the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or his officers, may, from time to time, require, always bearing in mind that such requisitions are not to be made to cause neglect to care of his ship and of his passengers.

14a. All harbour, light, pilotage, wharf, custom, and other dues leviable at Sydney on ships, to be remitted in favour of the mail steamers, and dues or duties leviable, or may become leviable on coal, and the vessels bringing same or other stores to Sydney for supplying the mail steamers, to be also remitted. The Government to provide a suitable coal depôt or station in the harbour of Sydney, having necessary sheds, jetty, and steam-crane for loading and discharging lighters, and storing coals free of expense for use of mail steamers, and Government to afford every assistance in laying down necessary moorings in the harbour.

15. Except such letters as are not required by law to pass through the Post Office, the contractors not to receive, or permit to be received, for conveyance on board any of the vessels employed under the contract, any letters other than those contained in Her Majesty's mails. No mails can be conveyed on behalf of any Colony or Foreign Country without permission of Postmaster General aforesaid.

16. Every vessel which may have started, or which should have started before the termination of the contract, must complete its voyage in like manner as if the contract remained in force; and any sum of money forfeited as penalties incurred by the contractors to be deducted by the Postmaster General out of any money then payable or which may thereafter become payable to the contractors.

17. The contract to continue in force for fifteen years and thereafter until the expiration of a twenty-four calendar months' notice, to be given in writing, at any time, by either wishing to terminate the contract.

18. The contract will not be binding until it has lain upon the Table of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for fourteen days without disapproval; unless, previous to the lapse of that period, it has been approved of by a Resolution of that Assembly.

19. Subject to deductions for penalties, payments to be made quarterly at the General Post Office, Sydney, out of money to be provided by Parliament, which funds it will be the duty of the Postmaster General to see voted by anticipation, so that no delay in quarterly payments to contractor shall arise.

19a. All notices which the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or any of his Officers or Agents, are authorized to give, are to be delivered to the commander of any vessel of the contractor for forwarding to London, or such may be left with Messrs. Caird, Paterson, and Co., of Sydney, at their office there, who will forward same to London to the contractors, who alone are responsible to act on notices.

20. The contractors are not to assign, underlet, or dispose of the contract, or any part thereof, without the consent, in writing of the Postmaster General; but permission will be granted to form a company who subscribed capital shall be adequate for the maintenance of the Mail Service, by the contractor proving such to the Agent General of New South Wales, Westminster, London, without requiring to wait confirmation from Sydney, so as to save time.

21. In case of the breach or great and habitual breach of the contract generally, the Postmaster to have power to terminate the contract; but the alleged reason for such termination shall not deprive contractor of redress before a Court of Arbitration herein provided, nor from any compensation, if any allowed by such arbiters.

22. For the due fulfilment of the contract the contractors shall deposit in cash, or 3 per cent. consols, ten thousand pounds, at option of contractors, this to be placed in the custody of the Agent General of the Colony of New South Wales, or any other custodier in London whom Postmaster General may appoint, he being responsible for same,—it being further declared that on the expiration of six months' mail service, such cash or consols shall be returned to the contractors or their assigns.

23. Should any dispute arise respecting the interpretation of any part of the contract to be framed at the expense of the Government, on the basis of these conditions, the same to be settled by arbitration in the usual manner; and a submission to arbitration may be made a rule of Court, such arbitrations to be made in the city of London, and not elsewhere, except under the written consent of the contractors.

NOTE.—The foregoing conditions are those upon which a mutually satisfactory Service between Sydney and San Francisco can be conducted, though we do not lay these before the Government as inflexible as a whole, but would be ready to discuss any suggestions or modifications with the view of their adoption for the further efficiency of the proposed Service. But great care is, however, necessary to guard against contractor agreeing to arbitrary conditions which might be capriciously put in force to the ruin of the enterprise, for which great allowances must be made, being deprived of the advantages of returning to an English or Scotch port where repairs can so much more easily be effected.

G. R. & Co.

### No. 5.

GENERAL BURNSIDE, NEW YORK, TO THE SECRETARY, GENERAL POST OFFICE, NEW SOUTH WALES.

61, Liberty-street,

New York, 21 December, 1872.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith a tender for the conveyance of Mails between San Francisco and Sydney. You will observe that I have adhered strictly to the form of tender supplied in London by the Agent General of your Government. I, however, avail myself of the invitation to make suggestions, in a separate letter.

First, as to the speed of the proposed Service, I estimate that, after deducting 48 hours for coaling purposes, an average of ten (10) knots per hour will accomplish each voyage within the time named in the conditions attached to the tender. It is a question, to my mind, whether in these days this is a speed with which your Government ought to be satisfied. At first sight it may appear as if this were a matter with which the contractors have nothing to do. I submit, however, that upon examination it will be found that the question is one in which your Government and the contractors will possess an equal interest. In order that the proposed line should be thoroughly successful, it ought to be made sufficiently effective to defy opposition. Starting with an average speed so much less than that now usually attained by first class steam mail lines you make competition possible, and therefore practically invite it. Thus the route *viâ* the Pacific ought to compete successfully, in point of time, with that by way of the Red sea; this it will not do at the rate of speed you have named.

Again, in view of the great improvement constantly going on in the building of fast steamships, it is desirable that the line should be started with vessels that are abreast with the accomplishments of to-day. Whilst 14 knots per hour are being regularly averaged on the boisterous Atlantic, it can hardly be said that 10 knots on the mild Pacific is a performance with which to be satisfied. I am therefore willing to contract for a (12) twelve knot service, asking as a consideration for the same beyond my tender only the actual cost of the extra coal consumed, and the value of the additional wear and tear of machinery, to be determined by experts.

The conditions provides only for the delivery of your mails at San Francisco. I feel assured if responsibility is to end at that point you will experience in the practical working of the Service innumerable delays and disappointments. My business connections here enable me to offer you guarantees which I cannot but think must be of the highest consequence to you. I will undertake the responsibility, without further charge than that named in my tender of the transit of your mails between Queenstown, Ireland, and San Francisco, within the average time made by rail and by the fastest Atlantic steam line.

Clause 17 of the printed conditions provides that no mail is to be carried without the consent of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, and that all postage is to be at his disposal. I take it that this condition was framed to apply only to all Australasian Colonies, and was not intended to prevent the contractors from making their own arrangements with New Caledonia, Hawaii, or any other islands that may be called at.

The conditions provide that the contract shall only be binding for three years. I decline that condition. I think the period is obviously too short a limit for an undertaking of this magnitude. No important steam mail service of which I have any knowledge has ever been undertaken for so brief a period, and I therefore take advantage of the kind permission granted in the circular, of suggesting a period of six (6) years, instead of three (3), and base my proposal upon that time.

I shall be ready to start the service from your end of the line within six (6) months of receiving telegraphic intimation of the acceptance of my tender. Whether my tender be accepted or not, I should feel obliged for a telegram as to the result, addressed, for sake of brevity, to "General Burnside, New York."

I do not know what sources of information you may possess as to Americans and American affairs, but I venture to think that your Government will not find it difficult to satisfy itself of my abundant ability to carry out the proposed Service.

Very respectfully yours,  
A. E. BURNSIDE.

General

General Burnside to Secretary, Post Office, Sydney.

Tender for conveying Her Majesty's Mails between Sydney and San Francisco.\*

59 & 61, Liberty-street, New York,  
21 December, 1872.

Sir,

I hereby offer to convey Her Majesty's Mails, by steamvessels, between Sydney (New South Wales) and San Francisco, and on the conditions hereto annexed marked A, once each way in each month of four weeks, for the sum of forty thousand pounds per annum.

I propose as my sureties, in the penalty of £10,000, Mr. Thomas A. Scott, of Philadelphia, Penn., and Mr. Robert B. Potter, of New York City, and I refer you to any New York merchant or banker as persons of whom inquiry can be made as to the responsibility of such sureties.

I agree to commence the Service six months after the receipt of telegraphic notice of the acceptance of our tender, and in the event of such Service not being commenced on such day, or on the first day thereafter which the Postmaster General may fix as the day of sailing, I agree to pay to Her Majesty the sum of one hundred pounds for every day from that time until the said Service shall be begun by me, but so that the whole amount of penalties for such failure shall not exceed £10,000.

And I agree to execute a contract for the performance of the said Service, according to the said Conditions marked A.

I am, Sir, &c.,

A. E. BURNSIDE,

61, Liberty-street, New York City.

Her Britannic Majesty's Consulate-General, New York.

I, EDWARD MORTIMER ARCHBOLD, Esq., Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Her Britannic Majesty's Consul-General for the States of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Delaware, do hereby certify that Chas. H. Hatch, Esq., whose true signature and seal are respectively subscribed and affixed to the certificate hereunto annexed, was, on the day of the date thereof, a Notary Public in and for the State of New York, duly commissioned and sworn, to whose official acts faith and credit are due.

In witness whereof, I do hereunto set my hand and seal of office, at the City of New York, this twenty-third day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

By the Consul-General,

(L.S.)

PURPOINT EDWARDS,

Vice-Consul.

United States of America, City, and State of New York.

ON this 23rd day of December, 1872, before me personally came Daniel R. Larned, to me well known, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is familiar with the signature and handwriting of General A. E. Burnside, and knows that the signature to the annexed instrument was made by said A. E. Burnside.

(L.S.)

CHAS. H. HATCH,

Notary Public,

New York County.

#### CONDITIONS.

*Referred to as marked A.*

1. Every vessel employed in this Service must call on the voyage, in both directions, at Honolulu and at Fiji, or any other island on the direct line from Sydney to Honolulu—such other island to be specified in the tender. Other things equal, a preference will however be given to tenders in which the route of Fiji is specified.

2. The Postmaster General of New South Wales to have the power of altering the route in respect to ports of call, should it at any time appear expedient to make such alterations, the contractors in such cases receiving extra remuneration for every additional mile run, such remuneration to be calculated at the same rate per mile as they will be entitled to receive for the Service between Sydney and San Francisco *via* Fiji and Honolulu, and extension of time according to the extra mileage to be run.

3. The mails must be conveyed from Sydney to San Francisco, and from San Francisco to Sydney, in seven hundred and twenty hours, inclusive of stoppages, the duration of which will be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales.

4. Under the term "*Her Majesty's Mails*," are comprehended all boxes, bags, or packets of letters, newspapers, books, or printed papers, and all other articles transmissible by the post, without regard either to the place to which they may be addressed or to that in which they may have originated; also, all empty bags, empty boxes, and other stores and articles used or to be used in carrying on the Post Office Service, which shall be sent by or to or from the Post Office.

5.

\* All tenders must be addressed to the Agent-General for the Colony of New South Wales, London; or to the Secretary, Post Office, Sydney, with the words "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails between Sydney and San Francisco," in the left-hand corner of the envelope. Other things equal, a preference will be given to a tender made upon this printed form and in exact accordance therewith. Even, however, when this form is used, the parties tendering may, *in a separate letter*, to be forwarded with the tender, suggest for consideration, any alteration in the conditions, or otherwise. The Postmaster General does not engage, irrespective of other considerations, to accept the lowest tender, or even to accept any tender.

† It is desirable that the Service should commence in July, 1873, but as the tenders received in London will have to be sent to Sydney for acceptance, the parties tendering are at liberty to name a later day for the commencement, should they be unable to begin the Service at the time named.



5. A penalty of three hundred pounds to be incurred on each occasion when the contractors fail in providing a vessel, in accordance with their contract, ready to put to sea at the appointed time, and a further penalty of one hundred pounds for every day's failure in providing such a vessel after such appointed time; the contractors also to be subject to a penalty of fifty pounds for every complete period of twenty-four hours consumed on any voyage, from whatever cause arising, beyond the number of hours allowed for the voyage. The payment by the contractors of any penalties shall in no way prejudice the right of the Postmaster General of New South Wales to treat the failure to provide a proper vessel at the appointed time, or to perform a voyage at or within the appointed period, as a breach of the contract.

6. A premium of fifty pounds to be given for every complete period of twenty-four hours by which the time occupied in any voyage from San Francisco to Sydney may be less than that allowed under the contract.

7. The contractors to supply, during the continuance of the contract, and to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a sufficient number of steamvessels, of adequate power, and in all respects suited for the performance of the Service within the time stipulated in the tender; such vessels to be built of iron, propelled by screws, and of not less than 1,500 tons register, classed A1 at Lloyd's, with spar decks, having large capacity for passengers and cargo, with ample ventilation for passing through tropical latitudes; to have steaming and sailing power of the latest and most approved principle. A preference will be given to vessels having spacious saloon accommodation amidships. The vessels to be subject, in the first instance, to the approval of the Agent-General for the Colony of New South Wales in England, or of the officers of the Marine Board of New South Wales.

8. The vessels to be always supplied with all necessary and proper machinery, engines, apparel, furniture, stores, tackle, boats, fuel, lamps, oil, tallow, provisions, anchors, cables, fire-pumps and other proper means for extinguishing fire, lightning-conductors, charts, chronometers, proper nautical instruments, and whatsoever else may be necessary for equipping the said vessels and rendering them constantly efficient for the Service to be performed. The vessels to be manned by legally qualified and competent officers, and a sufficient crew of engineers, able seamen, and other men.

9. The vessels to be subject at all times to survey by officers in the employment of the Marine Board of the Colony of New South Wales, and any defect discovered on such survey to be immediately made good by the contractors; failing which the vessel to be considered unfit for use, and the contractors to become liable to the penalties named in the 5th condition. The survey to extend not only to the vessels themselves, but also to the officers, engineers, crew, machinery, and everything which the contractors are bound to provide.

10. The days and hours of departure and arrival at each port to be fixed by the Postmaster General of New South Wales, and to be subject to alteration, from time to time, by him, on a notice to the contractors of three months. The Postmaster General of New South Wales also to have power, by an order to the commander, to delay the departure of any vessel from any port, for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, and to delegate this power to any person to whom he may think fit to entrust it.

11. The contractors to provide, to the satisfaction of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, a separate and convenient place of deposit for the mails on board each vessel.

12. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales require it, a room for the purpose of sorting and making up the mails to be also provided to the satisfaction of such Postmaster General, on board each vessel. The actual cost of erecting this sorting-room, and of providing the necessary furniture, lamps, &c., to be defrayed by such Postmaster General; but the furniture and lamps to be cleansed and kept in repair, and oil for the lamps to be supplied, at the cost of the contractors. The services of the crew to be given in the conveyance of the mails between the mail-room and the sorting-room.

13. Proper accommodation and mess to be provided, if required, for an officer of the Post Office in charge of the mails. Such officer to be victualled and otherwise treated as a chief cabin passenger; and whilst the packet stays at any port to or from which the mails are conveyed, to be allowed to remain on board.

14. At each port where the mails are to be delivered or received, the officer having charge of them shall, whenever he may deem it necessary, be conveyed to and from the shore, with or without the mails (as he may desire), in a suitable boat, of not less than four oars, to be furnished with effectual covering for the mails, and to be properly manned and equipped.

15. The contractors, and all commanding and other officers of the vessels which may be employed in the performance of the contract, and all agents, seamen, and servants of the contractors, shall, at all times during the continuance of the contract, punctually attend to the orders of the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or of any of his officers or agents, as to the mode, time, and place of embarking and disembarking mails.

16. Should the Postmaster General of New South Wales at any time deem it expedient to place the mails, or any part thereof, in the care of the commander of any vessel, such commander shall take charge of them, and be responsible for their due receipt and delivery. The commander shall also make the usual Post Office declaration, and furnish such journal, returns, and other information, and perform such other services, as the Postmaster General of New South Wales or his officers may from time to time require.

17. Except such letters as are not required by law to pass through the Post Office, the contractors not to receive, or permit to be received, for conveyance on board any of the vessels employed under the contract, any letters other than those contained in Her Majesty's mails. No mails must be conveyed on behalf of any Colony or Foreign Country without permission of the Postmaster General of New South Wales; and the whole postage of every mail shall, under all circumstances, be at his disposal.

18. Every vessel which may have started, or which should have started before the termination of the contract, must complete its voyage in like manner as if the contract remained in force.

19. Every sum of money forfeited by the contractors to be considered as stipulated or ascertained or liquidated damages, and to be payable whether any damage shall or shall not have been sustained by reason of the breach for which the penalty may be levied. The amount to be deducted by the Postmaster General out of any moneys then payable or which may thereafter become payable to the contractors; or, at his discretion, the payment thereof may be enforced with full costs of suit.

20. The contract to continue in force for three years and thereafter until the expiration of a twenty-four calendar months' notice, to be given in writing at any time by either party.

21. The contract will not be binding until it has lain upon the Table of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales for fourteen days without disapproval; unless, previous to the lapse of that period, it has been approved of by a resolution of that Assembly.

22. Subject to deductions for penalties or otherwise, payments to be made quarterly at the General Post Office, Sydney, out of moneys to be provided by Parliament.

23. All notices which the Postmaster General of New South Wales, or any of his officers or agents, are authorized to give, either to be delivered to the commander of any vessel of the contractors, or to any officer or agent of the contractors in charge of any of such vessels, or to be left at the office or last-known place of business of the contractors.

24. The contractors not to assign, underlet, or dispose of the contract, or any part thereof, without the consent, in writing, of the Postmaster General.

25. In case of the breach of the 24th condition, or in case of a great or habitual breach of the contract of any other kind, the Postmaster General to have power, and that without previous notice, to terminate the contract; such termination not to give the contractors any claim to compensation.

26. For the due fulfilment of the contract, the contractors to enter into a bond, with two responsible sureties, to be named in their tenders, in the penalty of £10,000. Such penalty to be considered and recoverable as liquidated damages.

27. Should any dispute arise respecting the interpretation of any part of the Contract to be framed on the basis of these conditions, the same to be settled by arbitration in the usual manner, and a submission to arbitration may be made a rule of Court.

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TELEGRAM FROM THE POSTMASTER GENERAL TO GENERAL BURNSIDE.

Sydney, 16 May, 1873.

YOUR tender arrived too late, and therefore could not be entertained. Government have just made a provisional contract—delay in replying unavoidable.

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Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1873.

[1s.]

116—C



1873-4.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

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## STEAM POSTAL SERVICE.

(TIME-TABLE FOR THE COMBINED AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND MAIL SERVICE, FOR THE YEAR 1874.)

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*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 27 May, 1874.*

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THE SECRETARY, GENERAL POST OFFICE, LONDON, to THE POSTMASTER GENERAL, SYDNEY.

General Post Office,  
London, 6 February, 1874.

SIR,

I beg leave to forward to you, for use in your office, under a separate cover, by the present mail, twenty-four copies of the Time-table showing the combined Australian and New Zealand Mail Packet Service for the current year.

I am, &c.,

WM. J. PAGE.

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COMBINED AUSTRALIAN AND NEW ZEALAND TIME-TABLES FOR 1874.

OUTWARD.

Leave London.					Point de Galle and Melbourne.					Queensland* (via Torres Straits).			New South Wales and New Zealand.					
Via Southampton and Point de Galle.	Via Brindisi and Point de Galle.	Via Southampton and Singapore.	Via Brindisi and Singapore.	Via San Francisco.	Arrive at Point de Galle.	Leave Point de Galle.	Arrive at			Arrive at Singapore.	Leave Singapore.	Arrive at Brisbane.	Leave San Francisco, †	Arrive at				
							King George's Sound.	Adelaide (off Glenelg)	Melbourne (Hobson's Bay).					Honolulu.	Kandavau.	Auckland.	Port Chalmers.	Sydney.
Thursday.	Friday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Tuesday.	9 P.M. Sunday.	9 P.M. Monday.	5 P.M. Tuesday.	8 A.M. Monday.	9 P.M. Wednesday.	7 A.M. Wednesday.			Saturday.	About Monday.	About Saturday.	Friday.	Thursday.	Monday.
January 15	Jan. 23	January 1	Jan. 9	Jan. 13	Feb. 15	Feb. 16	March 3	March 9	March 11	Feb. 11		March 2	Jan. 31	February 9	February 21	February 27	March 5	March 2
		January 29	Feb. 6	Feb. 10	March 15	March 16	March 31	April 6	April 8	Tuesday, March 10		Mar. 30	Feb. 28	March 9	March 21	March 27	April 2	March 30
February 12	Feb. 20	February 26	March 6	Mar. 10	April 12	April 13	April 28	May 4	May 6	April 7		April 27	March 28	April 6	April 18	April 24	April 30	April 27
March 12	March 20	March 26	April 3	April 7	May 10	May 11	May 26	June 1	June 3	May 5		May 25	April 25	May 4	May 16	May 22	May 28	May 25
April 9	April 17	April 23	May 1	May 5	June 7	June 8	June 23	June 29	July 1	June 2		June 23	May 23	June 1	June 13	June 19	June 25	June 22
May 7	May 15	May 21	May 29	June 2	July 5	July 6	July 21	July 27	July 29	June 30		July 20	June 20	June 29	July 11	July 17	July 23	July 20
June 4	June 12	June 18	June 26	June 30	August 2	August 3	August 18	August 24	August 26	July 28		August 17	July 18	July 27	August 8	August 14	August 20	August 17
July 2	July 10	July 16	July 24	July 28	August 30	August 31	Sept. 15	Sept. 21	Sept. 23	August 25		Sept. 14	August 15	August 24	September 5	Sept. 11	September 17	September 14
July 30	August 7	August 13	August 21	August 25	Sept.	Sept. 28	October 13	October 19	October 21	Sept. 22		October 12	Sept. 12	Sept. 21	October 3	October 9	October 15	October 12
August 27	Sept. 4	September 10	Sept. 18	Sept. 22	October 25	October 26	Nov. 10	Nov. 16	Nov. 18	October 20		Nov. 9	October 10	October 19	October 31	November 6	November 12	November 9
September 24	Oct. 2	October 8	October 16	October 20	Nov. 22	Nov. 23	Dec. 8	Dec. 14	Dec. 16	Wednesday, Nov. 18		Dec. 8	Nov. 7	Nov. 16	Nov. 28	December 4	December 10	December 7
October 22	Oct. 30	Nov. 5	Nov. 13	Nov. 17	Dec. 20	Dec. 21	1875. Jan. 5	1875. Jan. 11	1875. Jan. 13	Dec. 16		1875. Jan. 5	Dec. 5	December 14	December 26	1875. January 1	1875. January 7	1875. January 4
November 19	Nov. 27	Dec. 3	Dec. 11	Dec. 15	1875. Jan. 17	1875. Jan. 18	Feb. 2	Feb. 8	Feb. 10	1875. Jan. 13		Feb. 2	1875. Jan. 2	1875. January 11	1875. January 23	January 29	February 4	February 1
December 17	Dec. 25	Dec. 31	1875. Jan. 8							Feb. 10		March 2						

\* Calling off Batavia, Sourabaya, Somerset, Cardwell, Bowen, and Gladstone, for Rockhampton.

NOTE.—Letters, &c., addressed to New South Wales or New Zealand can be forwarded via Point de Galle and Melbourne, or via Torres Straits, if specially superscribed.

Letters, &c., addressed to Victoria may be forwarded via San Francisco and Sydney, if superscribed to that effect.

Letters, &c., addressed to Queensland may be forwarded via Point de Galle and Melbourne, or via San Francisco and Sydney, if so directed.

## HOMEWARD.

Melbourne and Point de Galle.					Queensland (via Torres Straits).*			New South Wales and New Zealand.						Due in London.		
Leave Melbourne (Hobson's Bay).	Arrive at			Leave Point de Galle.	Leave Brisbane.	Arrive at Singapore.	Leave Singapore.	Leave			Arrive at			Via Brindisi.	Via Southampton.	Via San Francisco.
	Adelaide (off Glenelg).	King George's Sound.	Point de Galle.					Sydney.	Port Chalmers.	Auckland.	Kandavau.	Honolulu.	San Francisco.			
Thursday. 2 P.M.	Saturday. 3 P.M.	Thursday. 2 P.M.	Friday. 7 A.M.	Saturday. 3 A.M.	Tuesday. —		Thursday, 4 P.M.	Saturday.	Tuesday.	Monday.	About Saturday.	About Thursday.	Monday.	Monday. 2 A.M.	Monday. 1 P.M.	Friday.
January 1	January 3	January 8	January 23	January 24	January 6		January 29	January 17	January 13	January 19	January 24	February 5	February 16	February 16 March 2	February 23 March 9	March 6
January 29	January 31	February 5	February 20	February 21	February 3		February 26	February 14	February 10	February 16	February 21	March 5	March 16	March 16 March 30	March 23 April 6	April 3
February 26	February 28	March 5	March 20	March 21	March 3		March 26	March 14	March 10	March 16	March 21	April 2	April 13	April 13 April 27	April 20 May 4	May 1
March 26	March 28	April 2	April 17	April 18	March 31		April 23	April 11	April 7	April 13	April 18	April 30	May 11	May 11 May 25	May 18 June 1	May 29
Tuesday. April 21	Thursday. April 23	Tuesday. April 28	Wednesday. May 13	Thursday. May 14	April 24		Sunday. May 17	May 9	May 5	May 11	May 16	May 28	June 8	June 8 June 22	July 13 July 27	June 26
May 19	May 21	May 26	June 10	June 11	May 22		June 14	June 6	June 2	June 8	June 13	June 25	July 6	July 6 July 20	July 13 July 27	July 24
June 16	June 18	June 23	July 8	July 9	June 19		July 12	July 4	June 30	July 6	July 11	July 23	August 3	August 3 August 17	August 10 August 24	August 21
July 14	July 16	July 21	August 5	August 6	July 17		August 9	August 1	July 28	August 3	August 8	August 20	August 31	August 31 September 14	September 7 September 21	September 18
August 11	August 13	August 18	September 2	September 3	August 14		September 6	August 29	August 25	August 31	September 5	September 17	September 28	September 28 October 12	October 5 October 19	October 16
September 8	September 10	September 15	September 30	October 1	Sept. 11		October 4	September 26	September 22	September 28	October 3	October 15	October 26	October 26 November 9	November 2 November 16	November 13
Thursday. October 8	Saturday. October 10	Thursday. October 15	Friday. October 30	Saturday. October 31	October 13		Thursday. November 5	October 24	October 20	October 26	October 31	November 13	November 23	November 23 December 7	December 14 December 28	December 11
November 5	November 7	November 12	November 27	November 28	Nov. 10		December 3	November 21	November 17	November 23	November 28	December 10	December 21	December 21 1875. January 4	January 11 1875. January 25	1875. January 8
December 3	December 5	December 10	December 25	December 26	December 8		December 31	December 19	December 15	December 21	December 26	1875. January 7	1875. January 18	January 18 February 1	January 25 February 8	February 5
December 31	1875. January 2	1875. January 7	1875. January 22	1875. January 23										February 15	February 22	

\* Calling off Gladstone for Rockhampton, Bowen, Cardwell, Somerset, Sourabaya, and Batavia.

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Sydney: Thomas Richards, Government Printer.—1874

[3d.]

1873.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

# POSTAL COMMUNICATION BETWEEN ENGLAND AND AUSTRALASIAN COLONIES.

(CORRESPONDENCE RESPECTING PROCEEDINGS OF INTERCOLONIAL CONFERENCE ON THE SUBJECT OF.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

## SCHEDULE.

NO.	PAGE.
Despatches from His Excellency the Governor to the Earl of Kimberley :—	
1. No. 14, of 22nd February, 1873 .....	1
2. No. 28, of 24th February, 1873, with one enclosure—Address from Speaker and Members of Legislative Assembly, respecting removal of terminus .....	2
3. No. 31, of 24th February, 1873, with one enclosure—Letter from President of Legislative Council, covering an Address from Members of that body, respecting removal of terminus .....	2
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11. From the Earl of Kimberley to His Excellency the Governor. Circular A of 13th June, 1873, with its enclosures...	5

### No. 1.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON TO THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 14.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 22 February, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to inform you that on the 14th instant I transmitted to your Lordship the following telegraphic message :—

“The Conference has just closed. It has been decided by a majority that Melbourne shall be the terminus of the Galle Postal Service. The Delegates of Queensland and New South Wales dissented, and the latter lodged a strong and lengthy protest against the decision. The change of terminus will seriously inconvenience New South Wales, whilst it will not effect any saving of expense, or add to the postal convenience of the Southern Colonies. The decision, when known, will give rise to much dissatisfaction here, and I would advise that no step be taken in the matter at Home until Her Majesty’s Government are placed fully in possession of all that has occurred in Conference, a report of which I will transmit by the next outgoing mail. In a day or two I shall doubtless be asked by the Conference to address your Lordship by telegraph on the subject of the Suez Postal contract.

“Sydney, Feb. 14, 1873, 1:30 p.m.”

I have, &c.,  
HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.



## No. 2.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON TO THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 28.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 24 February, 1873.

MY LORD,

The Speaker of the Legislative Assembly and a Deputation of Members appointed by the House, have just waited on me to present the accompanying Address to Her Majesty, praying that the decision of the majority of the Intercolonial Delegates lately assembled in Sydney, as to the removal of the terminus of the Suez Postal Service from Sydney to Melbourne, may not be confirmed by Her Majesty's Government.

I informed the Deputation that I would not fail to transmit the Address to your Lordship by the mail which closes to-day.

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

[Enclosure.]

"To Her Most Gracious Majesty, VICTORIA, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland  
"Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

"MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MAJESTY,—

"We, your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful subjects, the Members of the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled, are desirous of conveying to your Most Gracious Majesty the sense of satisfaction with which we received the proposals of the Lords Commissioners of your Majesty's Treasury for the conveyance of your Majesty's mails between the United Kingdom and the Australian Colonies *via* Point de Galle, after the expiration of the existing mail contract.

"The offer of your Majesty's Government to convey the mails between England and Galle in both directions, until the 31st December, 1880, free of all charges to the Colonies, and to contribute a sum not exceeding one-half of the expense of a four-weekly Service between Point de Galle and Australia and New Zealand, leaving the contract for the latter Service to be made by the Colonies in combination, is regarded by us as a wise and liberal provision for the postal necessities of this part of the Empire; and your Majesty's loyal subjects in this Colony whom we represent are generally anxious to participate in its advantages.

"The port of Sydney has from the first establishment of the Suez Mail Service been the terminus of the line; and no injury is inflicted upon any other Colony by the voyage terminating at this port. The mail ships can perform the voyage to Sydney with greater advantages to the Mail Service and at a lower expenditure than by stopping at Melbourne, as their supplies of coal must be obtained from New South Wales; and the shipbuilding and engineering works of Sydney are the most extensive and complete in this part of the world.

"We deeply regret to learn that, notwithstanding these circumstances, it has been decided by a majority of the Delegates representing the several Colonies at the Conference lately held in Sydney, that the terminus of the new Service shall be at Melbourne. We cannot view this decision as one arrived at on the merits of the question before the Conference. It has not been shown that the mails in the case of any other Colony would be more speedily or safely delivered by the proposed change, while the interests of New South Wales in the Mail Service would be seriously injured.

"We approach your Most Gracious Majesty with the expression of our entire confidence in the wisdom and justice that guide your Majesty's counsels, and an earnest hope that a decision which would prevent the people of New South Wales from participating in the Suez Mail Service will not be confirmed by your Majesty's Imperial Government."

W. M. ARNOLD,  
Speaker.

Legislative Assembly Chamber,  
Sydney, 21st February, 1873.

## No. 3.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON TO THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

No. 31.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 24 February, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to forward a communication which I have received just as the mail is on the point of closing, from the President of the Legislative Council, covering an Address to the Queen unanimously adopted by the Members of that body, praying that the proposal to remove the terminus of the Suez Postal Service from Sydney to Melbourne may not be adopted by Her Majesty's Government.

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

[Enclosures.]

[Enclosures.]

" To His Excellency SIR HERCULES GEORGE ROBERT ROBINSON, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of New South Wales and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

" MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,—

" We, Her Majesty's most loyal and dutiful subjects, the Members of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled, respectfully request that your Excellency will be pleased to transmit the accompanying Address to the Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, for presentation to Her Majesty.

" Legislative Council Chamber,  
" Sydney, 24th February, 1873.

" T. A. MURRAY,  
" President."

" To Her Most Gracious Majesty VICTORIA, Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c., &c.

" MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MAJESTY,—

" We, your Majesty's most loyal and dutiful subjects, the Members of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, in Parliament assembled, are desirous of conveying to your Most Gracious Majesty the sense of satisfaction with which we received the proposals of the Lords Commissioners of your Majesty's Treasury, for the conveyance of your Majesty's mails between the United Kingdom and the Australian Colonies *via* Point de Galle, after the expiration of the existing mail contract.

" The offer of your Majesty's Government to convey the mails between England and Galle in both directions, until the 31st December, 1880, free of all charge to the Colonies, and to contribute a sum not exceeding one-half of the expense of a four-weekly Service between Point de Galle and Australia and New Zealand, is regarded by us as a wise and liberal provision for the postal necessities of this part of the Empire; and your Majesty's loyal subjects in this Colony whom we represent are generally anxious to participate in its advantages.

" The port of Sydney may be regarded as the natural terminus of the line, and has been accepted as such from the first establishment of the Suez Mail Service; and no injury is inflicted upon any other Colony by the voyage terminating at this port. The mail ships can perform the voyage to Sydney with greater advantages to the Mail Service and at a lower expenditure than by stopping at Melbourne; as their supplies of coal must be obtained from New South Wales, and the ship-building and engineering works of Sydney are the most extensive and complete in this part of the world. Hence, we believe that the Service could be performed at considerably less cost to the Colonies if the present arrangement were continued.

" We deeply regret to learn that, notwithstanding these circumstances, it has been decided by a majority of the Delegates representing the several Colonies, at the Conference lately held in Sydney, that the terminus of the new Service shall be at Melbourne. We cannot view this decision as one arrived at on the merits of the question before the Conference. It has not been shown that the mails in the case of any other Colony would be more speedily or safely delivered by the proposed change, while the interests of New South Wales in the Mail Service would be seriously injured.

" We approach your Most Gracious Majesty with the expression of our entire confidence in the wisdom and justice that guide your Majesty's counsels, and an earnest hope that a decision which would prevent the people of New South Wales from participating in the Mail Service as contemplated will not be adopted by your Majesty's Imperial Government.

" Legislative Council Chamber,  
" Sydney, 24th February, 1873.

" T. A. MURRAY,  
" President."

## No. 4.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON TO THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 33.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 23 March, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to inform you that on the 25th ultimo I transmitted to your Lordship the following telegraphic message:—

The Cabinet have requested me to transmit the following message to your Lordship:—" Ministers in this Colony desire to communicate to the Secretary of State that Addresses to Her Majesty unanimously adopted by both Houses of Parliament against Melbourne being the terminus of the Suez Mail Service, go to England by the mail of to-day. These Addresses represent the views of the whole population. Ministers send their own views in minute transmitted by His Excellency the Governor, and they rely with confidence on no decision being given by Her Majesty's Government until the arrival of the mail in April, with full reports of the proceedings of the late Conference and of Parliament.

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

## No. 5.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 56.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 2 May, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to report that, on the 29th ultimo, I received a telegraphic despatch from your Lordship, dated the 28th ultimo, of which the following is a copy:—

“28 April.—The Colonies not being unanimous as to terms for future Monthly Service, offer by Her Majesty’s Government of terms to be agreed to in combination has not been accepted. Sufficient time is not left before termination of contract for further consideration of permanent plan, but P. and O. Company have offered to continue present service temporarily for two years at present rates, or for three years at reduction of £12,000 a year. Steamers calling in both cases at Glenelg. We request concurrence of Colony in extension of contract for either two or three years, as Her Majesty’s Government may decide, but with intimation of Colony’s preference. Reply by telegraph.”

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

## No. 6.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 57.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 2 May, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to inform you that on the 30th ultimo I transmitted to your Lordship the following telegraphic message:—

“This Government agrees to extension of contract for two or three years, the terminus to be at Sydney as hitherto. Extension for three years, with reduction of £12,000 preferred.”

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

## No. 7.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 78.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 26 May, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to report that on the 24th instant I received a telegram from the Acting-Governor of South Australia, of which the following is a copy:—

“Have received from Lord Kimberley telegram as follows:—May 16: Our proposal for temporary prolongations of present Mail Service not being unanimously accepted, is withdrawn. We have determined to carry mail to and from Galle, Singapore, and San Francisco, and this Country, free of charge. If Service is established by any one or more Colonies from Galle, we will pay to each Colony contributing to such Service, postage received on outward mail letters conveyed by such route to the Colony so contributing, less transit charges and inland British postage, providing steamer touch each way at port in Western Australia. Similar payment will be made in case of establishment of Service from Singapore, or from San Francisco; arrangement to continue for five years.”

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

## No. 8.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 82.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 14 June, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to inform you that on the 6th instant I forwarded to your Lordship the following telegraphic message:—

“6th June.—Ministers consider that the last decision of Imperial Government leaves the Mail Service *via* Galle practically in the hands of Victoria and South Australia. In this turn of events, New South Wales and Queensland must depend on Services now only partially organized. To afford the necessary time for this purpose, Ministers hope the Imperial Government will arrange for continuing present Service temporarily for twelve or even six months, which would only delay commencement of new contract for a short time and cause no real inconvenience to any Colony. Merchants of Sydney in public meeting have passed resolution to same effect. Ministers do not see how contracting Colony can reasonably object to such temporary arrangement. The Government of Queensland concurs in this request.”

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE  
THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

No. 9.

## No. 9.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 85.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 16 June, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to report that on the 15th instant I received a telegraphic despatch from your Lordship, dated the 13th instant, of which the following is a copy:—

“13th June.—Her Majesty’s Government cannot extend duration of present Service—no delay will arise in transmitting New South Wales and Queensland correspondence *via* Galle—Victorian Government having contracted for Service between Galle and Melbourne, and would arrange for conveyance of mails to other Colonies.”

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

## No. 10.

SIR HERCULES ROBINSON to THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY.

(No. 86.)

Government House,  
Sydney, 19 June, 1873.

MY LORD,

I have the honor to inform you that on the 6th instant I forwarded to your Lordship the following telegraphic message:—

“17 June.—Ministers request me to inform your Lordship that the Governments of New South Wales and Queensland cannot be parties to Mail Contract made by Government of Victoria.”

I have, &amp;c.,

HERCULES ROBINSON.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE

THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY,  
&c., &c., &c.

## No. 11.

THE EARL OF KIMBERLEY to SIR HERCULES ROBINSON.

(Circular A.)

Downing-street,  
13 June, 1873.

SIR,

Her Majesty’s Government have had under their consideration the proceedings of the Conference held at Sydney in January last, with reference to postal communication between England and the Australasian Colonies.

2. When it became apparent from the telegrams conveying the Resolutions adopted by the majority of the Conference that there was a serious difference upon the question of the terminus of the line between Galle and Australia, Her Majesty’s Government postponed their decision on the whole subject until the arrival by mail of full statements of the arguments relied upon by either side.

3. Upon examination of these arguments, it became clear that the question at issue was one in which Her Majesty’s Government must decline to take any part, and I shall express no opinion upon the reasons adduced in favour of the adoption of either terminus. In order to make clear the position of Her Majesty’s Government in this matter, it is necessary to recur to the letter from the Treasury of 10th August last, copy of which was transmitted in my despatch of 4th September last. It was the object of the proposal contained in that letter to relieve Her Majesty’s Government from all liability to be involved in the controversies between the different Colonies on the subject of the mail routes; and in order, therefore, that the Imperial Government should not be a party to any future contract for the Service between Galle and Australia, it was suggested that the Colonies should themselves *in combination* provide such Service. On the separate question of a second monthly Service a different condition was deemed admissible, and the Treasury offered to consider the question of an Imperial contribution to such second Service, if the Colonies should arrange for it *conjointly or by a substantial majority*.

4. As the Colonies in Conference failed to agree upon a plan by which they should provide in combination for a Service between Galle and Australia, and the difference which had arisen was one which Her Majesty’s Government could not undertake to settle, while the time for making fresh arrangements in lieu of the Service which is to terminate in December next was becoming short, I telegraphed to you, on the 28th April, as follows:—

“The Colonies not being unanimous as to terms for the future Monthly Service, the offer by Her Majesty’s Government of terms to be agreed to in combination has not been accepted. Sufficient time is not left before determination of contract for further consideration of permanent plan; but P. and O. Company have offered to continue present Service temporarily for two years at present rates, or for three years at reduction of £12,000 a year, steamers calling in both cases at Glenelg. We request concurrence of Colony in extension of contract for either two or three years, as Her Majesty’s Government may decide, but with intimation of Colony’s preference. Reply by telegraph.”

5. To this, New South Wales, South Australia, and Western Australia, replied that they agreed, and preferred the extension of the contract for three years; Queensland preferred the extension of the contract for two years, and Victoria declined to entertain the proposal.

A. Treasury.  
16 May, 1873.  
B. Treasury to P.O.  
14 May, 1873.  
C. P.O. to Treasury.  
15 May, 1873.  
D. Treasury to C.O.  
10 June, 1873.  
E. Treasury to P.O.  
2 June, 1873.  
F. P.O. to Treasury.  
5 June, 1873.

6. On learning that there was again an absence of unanimity on the question of the temporary extension of the existing contract, Her Majesty's Government came to the determination that it would be expedient to adopt the arrangement which I explained to you in my telegram of 16th May, and the details of which are fully given in the correspondence, copy of which is enclosed herewith, and I trust that it will be felt that this arrangement is liberal and fair to all parties. I am informed that the Colony of Victoria has already concluded a contract for a Service from Galle to Melbourne, and that Queensland has also contracted for a line from Singapore to Brisbane. In the event of a Service from San Francisco to Australia or New Zealand being established, its maintenance will be greatly assisted through the assumption by Her Majesty's Government of the whole cost of the transit of postal matter between this Country and San Francisco.

GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.,  
&c., &c., &c.

I have, &c.,  
KIMBERLEY.

A.

Mr. Lingen to The Under-Secretary, Colonial Office.

Treasury Chambers,  
16 May, 1873.

Sir,

With reference to your letter of the 13th instant, I am directed by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to transmit to you, to be laid before Lord Kimberley, the enclosed copy of correspondence with the Postmaster-General as to the proposal which my Lords have decided to make for the conveyance of the Australian mails, and of the substance of which the Secretary of State is already aware.

As the proposal has met with the general concurrence of the Postmaster-General, my Lords further desire me to request that you will move Lord Kimberley to give directions that the following telegram may be at once communicated to the Governments of the various Colonies concerned:—

“Our proposal for temporary prolongation of present Mail Service not being unanimously accepted is withdrawn.

“We have determined to carry mails to and from Galle, Singapore, and San Francisco and this Country free of charge. If Service is established by any one or more Colonies from Galle we will pay to each Colony contributing to such Service, postage received on outward mail matter conveyed by such route to the Colony so contributing, less transit charges and inland British postage, provided steamers touch each way at a port in Western Australia. Similar payment will be made in case of establishment of Service from Singapore or from San Francisco. Arrangement to continue for five years.”

The Under-Secretary of State,  
Colonial Office.

I am, &c.,  
R. R. W. LINGEN.

B.

Mr. Stronge to the Postmaster-General.

Treasury Chambers,  
14 May, 1873.

Sir,

With reference to the previous correspondence on the subject of the Australian Mail Service, I am directed by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to inform you that the proposal made by Her Majesty's Government to the Australian Colonies that the present Contract should be temporarily renewed not having been unanimously accepted by them, is withdrawn.

I am further to acquaint you that my Lords now propose to carry the mails to Galle, Singapore, and San Francisco free of charge.

If a Service is established by any one or more of the Australian Colonies from Galle, they will be prepared to pay to each Colony contributing to such Service, the postage received on outward mail matter conveyed by such route to the Colony so contributing, less transit charges and Inland British Postage, provided that steamers touch each way at a port in Western Australia.

My Lords will also be prepared to make a similar payment in case of the establishment of a Service from Singapore or San Francisco, and to continue such arrangements for five years.

Their Lordships request that you will favour them with your observations on these proposals at your earliest convenience.

The Postmaster-General.

I am, &c.,  
CHARLES W. STRONGE,  
*pro Sec.*

C.

Mr. Monsell to The Lords of the Treasury.

General Post Office,  
15 May, 1873.

My Lords,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordships' letter of yesterday's date on the subject of the Australian Mail Service, in which you state that it is proposed to carry those mails to Point de Galle, Singapore, and San Francisco, free of charge, and that to each of the Colonies which undertakes to contribute towards the cost of a Service from Galle you will be prepared to make over the postage received on the outward correspondence for the Colony so contributing, less transit charges and the British inland rate of postage, that on the understanding that the packets shall touch each way at a port in Western Australia.

It

It is further stated that a similar payment will be made in case of the establishment of a Service from Singapore, or from San Francisco.

The arrangement to continue in force for five years.

Under the proposed system, each Colony will receive five-pence on each half-ounce letter conveyed from, and six-pence on each half-ounce letter conveyed to England, *via* Galle or *via* Singapore, whether by the Southampton or the Brindisi route.

But in the case of letters sent *via* San Francisco, the Colony will have to pay out of these sums, the United States territorial transit charge for the conveyance from New York to San Francisco of a letter from this Country, and the United States territorial and sea transit rates on a letter sent to this Country.

As regards newspapers, printed papers, and patterns sent to the Australian Colonies, this office will retain that portion only which represents the British inland rate, and any charge for transit, and will account to the Colonies for the rest of the postage collected, and the Colonies will account to this office for the transit postage collected on homeward newspapers, printed papers and patterns sent *via* Brindisi—for the United States land transit on all newspapers, printed papers and patterns, sent to the Colonies *via* San Francisco, and for the United States land and sea transit of all newspapers, printed papers, and patterns sent from the Colonies *via* San Francisco.

Should these proposals lead to regular and efficient Services being established and maintained, so that English merchants trading with Australia will have no ground for complaint, it appears to me that the scheme will perhaps afford the easiest, if not the only way out of the extreme difficulties with which the whole question is beset.

Looked at financially, the effect of the scheme will be somewhat beneficial to the Imperial Revenue as compared with the existing arrangement.

I have, &c.,

W. MONSELL.

The Lords Commissioners of the Treasury.

D.

The Secretary to the Treasury to The Under Secretary, Colonial Office.

Treasury Chambers,

10 June, 1873.

Sir,

Referring to previous correspondence on the subject of the Australian Mail Service, I am directed by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to transmit to you, for the information of the Earl of Kimberley, a copy of a letter addressed by their Lordships' direction to the Postmaster General, with a copy of Mr. Monsell's reply, from which His Lordship will learn what is the operation and financial effect of the arrangement finally determined upon, as communicated to the Colonies in his Lordship's telegram of the 16th May.

I am, &c.,

CHAS. W. STRONGE.

The Under Secretary of State, Colonial Office.

E.

The Secretary to the Treasury to The Postmaster General.

Treasury Chambers,

2 June, 1873.

Sir,

With reference to your letter of the 15th ultimo, I am commanded by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury to transmit to you a copy of a telegram which the Earl of Kimberley has, at their Lordships' request, sent to the Governors of the Australasian Colonies on the subject of the Mail Service between those Colonies and this Country.

You will perceive that under the terms of this telegram, the proposal communicated to you in my letter of the 14th May has been somewhat extended, and the offer made by their Lordships is, that the mails from this Country to Australia and New Zealand shall be carried free of charge (other than foreign charge for land transit, where the Brindisi route is used) not only to Galle and Singapore, but also to San Francisco; and that the homeward mails shall in like manner be brought to this Country from each of those places without charge, beyond that for land transit by the Brindisi route on all outward correspondence therefore, the Imperial Post Office should account to the Colonial Post Offices for all the postage collected, except that portion which represents the British Inland rate, and (in the case of the Brindisi route) the amount paid for foreign land transit; and on the homeward correspondence the Colonial Post Offices should retain all the postage collected, except that portion which represents the charge for land transit *via* Brindisi.

Under this plan, the Colonies will not be required to account for the United States sea rate on letters or newspapers, printed papers or patterns, sent to this Country *via* San Francisco.

I am requested that my Lords may be furnished with a memorandum showing the financial effect of these arrangements.

I am, &c.,

CHAS. W. STRONGE,  
*pro Sec.*

The Postmaster General.

F.

The Secretary to the Postmaster General to the Treasury.

General Post Office,  
5 June, 1873.

Sir,

In accordance with the request made in the concluding paragraph of your letter of the 2nd instant, I am directed by the Postmaster General to transmit to you a memorandum showing the financial effect of the proposals which your Lordships have decided to make for the conveyance of the Australian mails, on the assumption that the mails sent *via* San Francisco shall be conveyed between the United Kingdom and that port, free of any charge to the Colonies, whether for land or sea transit.

I am, &c.,

The Secretary to the Treasury.

JOHN TILLEY.

Australian Mails.—Amended Memorandum, year 1872.

Imperial contribution to the Service between Galle and Sydney ...	£64,500	
<i>Less</i> —Colonial contribution to the Service between England and Galle ... ..	29,000	
	<hr/>	
Net Imperial contribution ... ..	35,500	
Outward postage on correspondence <i>via</i> Galle ... ..	42,700	
Net Imperial revenue on correspondence <i>via</i> Galle ... ..		£7,200
Outward postage on correspondence <i>via</i> San Francisco ... ..	11,000	
<i>Deduct</i> —Payments to the United States for land transit outwards, and land and sea transit homewards ... ..	£5,080	
<i>Less</i> —Amount recovered from the Colonies ... ..	2,320	
	<hr/>	
Net Imperial revenue on correspondence <i>via</i> San Francisco ... ..	2,760	8,240
		<hr/>
	Total	<u>£15,440</u>

*New Scheme.*

Inland postage on all outward mail matter ... ..	£15,500
<i>Less</i> —Payment to United States for land transit outwards and land and sea postage homewards (as in 1872) ... ..	5,080
	<hr/>
Net Imperial postage ... ..	<u>£10,420</u>

General Post Office, 10 June, 1873.

1873-4.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## PORT OF NGALOA, ISLAND OF KANDAVU, FIJI.

(LETTER FROM COMMODORE, RESPECTING.)

Presented to both Houses of Parliament, by Command.

COMMODORE GOODENOUGH to GOVERNOR SIR HERCULES ROBINSON, K.C.M.G.

Her Majesty's Ship "Pearl,"

At Levuka, Fiji, 10 December, 1873.

SIR,

I have taken an opportunity of visiting the Port of Ngaloa in the Island of Kandavu, and have the honor to enclose to your Excellency, for the information of the Government of New South Wales, a tracing of corrections to the Admiralty plan which it may be convenient to publish.

2. It is so important to the Government of New South Wales to secure a good port of call for their mail steamers, that I feel sure that your Excellency will not think it an undue interference on my part if I express an opinion on the Harbour of Ngaloa, and on any preferable route or depôt which might be chosen here.

3. It will be seen from the enclosed tracing that the sea reef of Kandavu extends much further to seaward than is marked in the Admiralty plan. There will be, moreover, great difficulty and expense in placing the leading lights for the entrance sufficiently far apart to enable a ship to enter with certainty at night. Until those lights are so placed, it is impossible to enter the port at night.

4. The alternative which presents itself is to make Levuka the port of call, and to pass through the group and by the Nanuku passage, as was formerly done; and I have no hesitation whatever in saying that this is the proper course to pursue.

5. Coming from the Samoan Group, I myself entered the Nanuku passage (where there is now no light) under sail only, at 10 p.m.; and on the following night entered the Port of Levuka, also under sail, at the same hour, without difficulty and without employing any person who had ever been in the Fiji Group before.

6. If any money be spent upon lights, it is far better that it should be laid out on placing a first-class light in the Nanuku passage, rather than make an effort to light Ngaloa. If such a light be established at Ngaloa, it will be  $4\frac{1}{2}$  miles from the extremity of the sea reef.

I have, &amp;c.,

J. G. GOODENOUGH,  
Captain and Commodore 2nd Class,  
Commanding Australian Station.

[Tracing.]





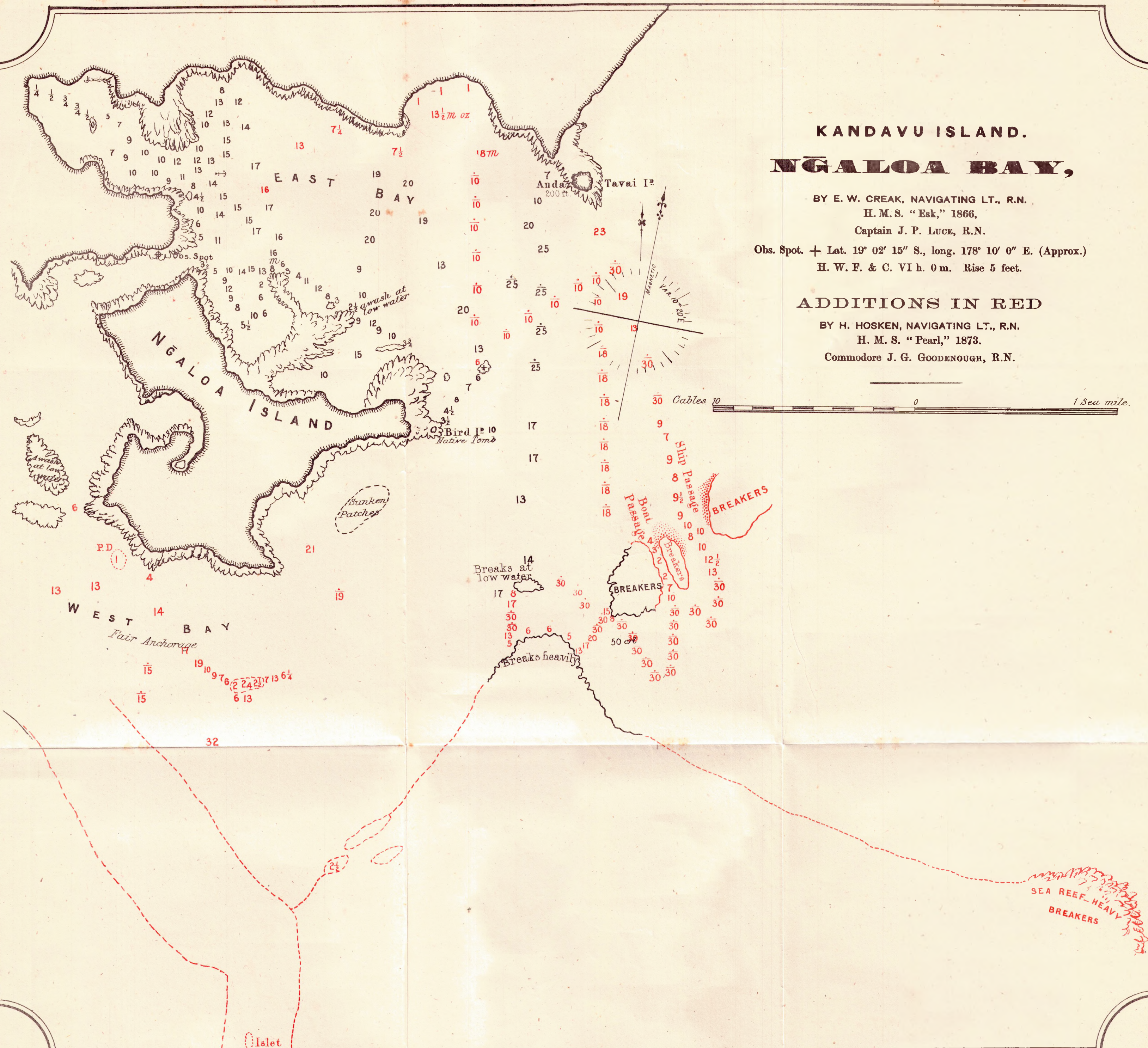
# KANDAVU ISLAND. NGALOA BAY,

BY E. W. CREAK, NAVIGATING LT., R.N.  
H. M. S. "Esk," 1866,  
Captain J. P. LUCE, R.N.

Obs. Spot. + Lat. 19° 02' 15" S., long. 178° 10' 0" E. (Approx.)  
H. W. F. & C. VI h. 0 m. Rise 5 feet.

## ADDITIONS IN RED

BY H. HOSKEN, NAVIGATING LT., R.N.  
H. M. S. "Pearl," 1873.  
Commodore J. G. GOODENOUGH, R.N.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NEW SOUTH WALES.

## DOCKING MAIL STEAMERS.

(PETITION OF THOMAS S. MORT, RESPECTING.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 13 February, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Members of the Legislative Assembly, in Parliament assembled.

The Petition of Thomas Sutcliffe Mort, of Greenoakes, Sydney,—

HUMBLY SHOWETH:—

1. That shortly after the discovery of gold in New South Wales, numerous steamships of large size were attracted to Port Jackson from England and elsewhere, the continuance of which vessels in trading hereto was imperilled, owing to the absence of all dock accommodation.

2. That the attention of your Petitioner was especially called to this fact by the cost, among other things, to which the steamship "Cræsus" was subjected for a trifling repair—over £3,000 having to be expended in performing that which would have been effected in a dry dock at a twentieth part of the cost—much to the grievance of her owners and to the detriment of the Port.

3. That mainly in view of the great advantages which would accrue to the Colony by offering proper dock accommodation in the Port, your Petitioner was induced to construct at Balmain, with all possible despatch, and at very great cost, the dock now known as "Mort's Dry Dock."

4. That at the time of your Petitioner's commencing to build the said dock he was well assured by the then Acting Colonial Secretary, the Honorable C. D. Riddell, that the dock then in slow course of construction at Cockatoo by the convicts would never be allowed to interfere with a private dock, its accommodation being intended only for Men-of-war visiting these waters; and this view was confirmed in the mind of your Petitioner from its being within his knowledge that the British Government had subscribed a large sum of money in aid of its formation as a naval arsenal.

5. That the building of your Petitioner's dock led to a permanent continuance of steam communication with England; and up to the termination of the mail contract with the P. & O. Co., on the 31st December last, the said dock (especially built to meet the requirements of the Postal steamers) was resorted to by all the mail-boats for cleaning and repairs, and without which source of revenue your Petitioner's enterprise would have been all but a total loss.

6. That notwithstanding the foregoing facts, your Petitioner now learns with dismay that a contract has been entered into by the Government for the establishment of a Mail Service by California, in which is embodied a clause permitting the free use of the Government dock to all steamers employed under such contract.

7. That such action, on the part of the Government, your Petitioner humbly submits, is not only ruinous to him, but subversive of the best interests of the State, as being a direct interference with private enterprise, which latter is a matter so carefully guarded in England as, amongst other things, to make the Government docks only available to the public upon the petition of the private dock-owners.

8. Your Petitioner therefore humbly prays the interference of your Honorable House, when the contract shall be presented for your acceptance, to prevent the use of the Government Dock for purposes other than those for which it was intended, so that the present interests of your Petitioner may be protected, as well as the interests of the country, in the future, by the preservation of the rights of private enterprise.

And your Petitioner, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

THOS. S. MORT.



1873-4.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.  
NEW SOUTH WALES.

## WESTERN MAIL TIME-TABLE.

(PETITION RESPECTING—INHABITANTS OF ORANGE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 5 March, 1874.*

To the Honorable the Legislative Assembly of New South Wales.

The humble Petition of the undersigned residents of the Town and District of Orange,—

RESPECTFULLY SHOWETH:—

That your Petitioners are placed in a position of considerable inconvenience and sustain serious damage in their commercial transactions through the recent change made by the Post Office Department in the *Mail time-table*.

That whereas as the railway advanced nearer to this town your Petitioners hoped to reap the advantage by the earlier receipt of correspondence from the metropolis, and also to secure greater facility for replying to such letters by return of post, through the retrograde policy which has been adopted they are placed literally in a worse position than they have been for a number of years past. That from its position the inhabitants of the town of Orange suffer to a greater extent than any other western town. The time for the arrival of the mail has been changed from half-past 10 a.m. to five minutes to 12 a.m., thus depriving your Petitioners of one hour and a half of the time previously allowed to them for the receipt of and reply to letters on the same day, no change having been made in the hour for the departure of the mail. Other western towns are not affected in the same way. In Bathurst as the mail arrives during the night and letters are not delivered until 9 a.m. the same inconvenience is not felt, whilst with regard to towns farther west the mails from Orange, though arriving at that town later, are dispatched with less delay than hitherto; thus with regard to them nearly the same time as formerly is kept.

That in consequence of the plan adopted to forward the mails by goods train, considerable delay in transit occurs, and therefore the contract time for the arrival of the mail in this town is rarely kept; and as the winter advances still greater delay will be experienced, as each delay thus caused must be deducted from the limited time supposed to be sufficient for your Petitioners to reply to letters received—they are thus virtually precluded from doing so, to their great damage and inconvenience; in reality they are thrown back in their communications with Sydney twenty-four hours, and in the event of the receipt of an important communication by mail on a Friday, as there is no mail on Saturday three days must elapse before they can return an answer. In proof of the statement as to the irregularity in the time of arrival, your Petitioners would submit the following table:—

Contract Time.	Date.	Arrival.	Late.
11-55 a.m. ....	February 3rd .....	11-50 a.m. ....	
" " .....	" 4th .....	12-5 p.m. ....	10 min.
" " .....	" 5th .....	12-25 p.m. ....	30 min.
" " .....	" 6th .....	12- p.m. ....	5 min.
" " .....	" 7th .....	12-15 p.m. ....	20 min.
" " .....	" 8th .....	12-20 p.m. ....	25 min.
" " .....	" 10th .....	12-14 p.m. ....	19 min.
" " .....	" 11th .....	12- 5 p.m. ....	10 min.
" " .....	" 12th .....	12- 7 p.m. ....	12 min.
" " .....	" 13th .....	12-40 p.m. ....	45 min.
" " .....	" 14th .....	12-15 p.m. ....	20 min.
" " .....	" 15th .....	2-20 p.m. ....	2 hrs. 25 min.
" " .....	" 17th .....	1- p.m. ....	1 hr. 5 min.
" " .....	" 18th .....	12-20 p.m. ....	25 min.
" " .....	" 19th .....	12-30 p.m. ....	35 min.
" " .....	" 20th .....	11-55 a.m. ....	
" " .....	" 21st .....	12- p.m. ....	5 min.
" " .....	" 22nd .....	12-5 p.m. ....	10 min.

*That* for a number of years past the hour fixed for the departure of the mail train from Sydney was 5 p.m.; this has now been changed to 6 p.m. Your Petitioners would respectfully point out that whilst the additional hour can be of no material advantage to the residents of Sydney, to them it is a matter of considerable importance, as by securing an additional hour by the earlier arrival of the mail greater opportunity would be afforded of replying to letters by return.

*That* the arrangement by which the mails are forwarded by luggage train is retrograde and not in accordance with the spirit of the times or the increasing necessities of the country districts, the greatest care always being observed in other countries to ensure the speediest mode of conveyance for letters. Your Petitioners would also point out that it is the course adopted which alone places them under the disadvantages they complain of, as the reduced speed of the luggage train causes it to arrive at the terminus two hours later than originally fixed for the arrival of the mail train, and thus the hour of arrival at Orange is proportionately later, whilst that of departure has not been changed.

*Your Petitioners* would therefore pray that your Honorable House will take the above premises into your consideration and afford them such relief as to you may seem meet.

And, as in duty bound, your Petitioners will ever pray, &c.

[*Here follow 220 Signatures.*]

1873-4.

## LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

## NEW SOUTH WALES.

## NEW GENERAL POST OFFICE.

(CONTRACTS ENTERED INTO FOR ERECTION OF THE.)

*Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 16 June, 1874.*

## CONTRACTS—NEW GENERAL POST OFFICE.

Name of Contractor.	Work.	Date of acceptance of Tender.	Time for completion.	Date of completion.	Remarks.
A. Loveridge .....	Foundations .....	9 Feb., 1866 ...	6 months ...	13 May, 1867 ...	The causes of the contract time being exceeded were the delay in construction of the tank stream by the Corporation, and the great difficulty experienced through the nature of the ground near the tank stream; some obstruction and delay were also caused by the contractor not being able to get possession of the purchased ground.
John Young .....	Superstructure .....	17 Dec., 1867 ...	2 years .....	8 July, 1872 ...	
P. N. Russell & Co.	Smith and Founders' ...	28 Nov., 1867 ...	2 years .....	1 July, 1872 ...	Messrs. Russell & Co. were unable to complete the iron-work until the masonry in Young's contract, preceding, was in a state to receive it.
A. Tornaghi .....	Turret and other clocks.	14 June, 1871 ...	3 years .....	Not yet completed.	The contract time for constructing the clocks has not yet expired.
John Young .....	Mason and Paviers' .....	24 Oct., 1872 ...	6 months ...		
P. N. Russell & Co. (2nd Contract).	Smith and Founders' ...	2 Dec., 1872 ...	9 months ...		
Smith & Bennett ...	Carpenters and Joiners'	4 Oct., 1872 ...	12 months ...	Not yet completed.	The completion of these works is dependent on that of the iron-work; but delay has been occasioned from the necessity for additions and alterations. The plasterers' work is finished.
Do. ...	Painters and Glaziers'	4 Oct., 1872 ...	12 months ...		
U. W. Carpenter ...	Plasterers' .....	4 Oct., 1872 ...	6 months ...	4 Sept., 1873	The cause alleged by these for the delay is the difficulty of getting workmen; there have also been alterations and additions which have rendered extra time necessary. The contracts cannot be entirely finished until the principal portion of Russell's iron-work is completed.
James Gilchrist ...	Plumbers and Gas-fitters'	25 Oct., 1872 ...	6 months ...	Not completed.	
R. Skinner & Son ...	Furniture and fittings..	15 Dec., 1873 ...	3 months ...		
Smith & Bennett ...	Do. ....	15 Dec., 1873 ...	3 months ...		
Charles Artlett .....	Do. ....	15 Dec., 1873 ...	3 months ...		
A. W. Norton .....	Do. ....	15 Dec., 1873 ...	3 months ...	No time was fixed for completing these works; they are in a satisfactory state of advance, but cannot be entirely finished until the final completion of the building.	
W. Jones & Son ...	Do. ....	15 Dec., 1873 ...	3 months ...		
James Gilchrist .....	Brass fittings, &c.....	15 Dec., 1873 ...	No time named.		
P. N. Russell & Co.	Terminal Telegraph Post.	5 Dec., 1873 ...			
W. P. Welch .....	Blinds, &c.....	22 Oct., 1873 ...	No time named.		
R. Dunlop .....	Hoists .....	14 Feb., 1874 ...			

Colonial Architect's Office,  
Sydney, 11th June, 1874.JAMES BARNET,  
Colonial Architect.

Handwritten scribble or signature at the bottom left corner.